Fourteen Pages

DAILY WITNESS

Fair Weather.

L. XLII., No. 121. MONTREAL, THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1901. PRICE ONE CENT.

STEEN CONTROVERSY

Position of the Cathedral ngregation Explained.

PORTANT MEMORIAL FOR-ED TO THE VENERABLE RCHDEACON NORTON.

The following memorial, signed by past and present members of the congregation of Christ Church Cathedral has been addressed to the Venerable Archdeacon Norton:

Montreal, May 20, 1901.

Ven. Archdeacon Norton, D.D., Rector, Christ Church Cathedral, Montreal:

Venerable and Dear Sir,—Having attended the different meetings held to consider the question of securing the services of the Rev. Professor Steen as assistant minister or special preacher, we have naturally read, with great interest, the reasons given by His Grace in his letter to you of May 4, 'for the advice' he had given you in that regard.

We observe that two reasons are assigned, one being in effect consideration for your opposition to his appointment which would 'involve a grave wrong' to you as head of the parish, and fear therefore, on that account, of unpleasantness, friction, and possibly open dissension, and the other reason being based on information received in regard to Mr. Steen's teaching at the Diocesan College as professor of apologetics. This information was conveyed by way of 'statements' alleged to be notes of lectures delivered by him and which His Grace considers so objectionable, blameworthy, indefensible and dangerous, that he could not admit the possibility of their dissemination in this diocese 'through acceptance of a nomination of the writer to the position of assistant minister of the Cathedral.'

The first reason assigned appears to rest on two grounds, namely (1) that Professor Steen's pulpit utterances were not acceptable or satisfactory to you, and (2) that you did not 'desire in reality the continuance of Mr. Steen's engagement,' and 'would not freely have submitted his name' to His Grace as assistant minister.

It appears to us and to many others of the congregation that some explanation should be given by you on these points. With regard to the first, you will no doubt remember that you informed the vestry on different occasions, and also the women who attended the meeting of the Auxiliary Society held on April 9, and also those who attended the general meeting of women called by you and held on April 10, that you had never made any complaint to His Grace with regard to Professor Steen's preaching. The special committee, in their report to the vestry, read in your presence on April 22, stated that the Rev. Professor Steen had preached for about four years in the Cathedral as special preacher, and that you had said that during all that time you had made no complaint to the Bishop regarding any views expressed in the professor's sermons. You made no objection to this statement, and at a subsequent meeting you stated that you had no fault to find with the report.

Under these circumstances, do you not think it should be explained to the congregation why the Archbishop gives your dissatisfaction with Prof. Steen's preaching as a reason for advice he gave?

As to the second point, it may be true that at first it was in deference to the wishes of the congregation that you expressed yourself as willing to appoint Professor Steen, but you will no doubt remember that you subsequently gave the committee to understand that you were not only willing, but desired that Professor Steen's services should be retained, and this is what they stated in their report. You may also remember that you informed the vestry, on more than one ocasion, that you were doing your best to get His Grace to consent to Mr. Steen's remaining either as assistant minister or special preacher. You laid before the vestry and also before the women's meetings, three plans which you called schemes Nos. 1, 2 and 3, one of which you hoped to carry out, these being:

(1). That Mr. Steen should continue as professor in the college, and as special preacher in the Cathedral. This you considered the most desirable, as being the least expensive to the Cathedral. (2) That Professor Steen should be engaged as assistant, and (3) that he should remain as special preacher under what you called the Kittson plan.

You gave lengthy explanations of the efforts you were making to carry out one or the other of them. We understood that the principal obstacle in the way of your carrying out the first plan was a letter which Professor Steen had written to the college authorities, and that after interviewing the latter you were obliged to abandon that plan. The carrying out of the second or third was prevented by the bishop's atitude.

We are informed that at the Women's Auxiliary meeting you stated in effect that the third plan would be a happy release from all our difficulties, and you felt, with your whole heart, might eventually be the greatest possible blessing and comfort to all, and again at the women's general meeting you were asked if you really wished Professor Steen to remain, and you replied that you felt sure that it would prove the greatest blessing and benefit to yourself and the congregation for him to do so. You will also recall that you read to that meeting, as well as to the vestry, a resolution drafted by you, conveying the thanks of the vestry to the Archbishop for his kindness in allowing Professor Steen to remain, and which you proposed should be passed and presented to His Grace upon his elevation to the archbishopric if he should then, as an act of grace, acceded to our wishes with regard to Professor Steen.

Your position, then, was, therefore, that (1) you were willing as a member of the board of the college and as rector of the Cathedral to have Professor Steen reinstated as professor at the college, and had put forward your best efforts to that end; (2) you were willing and anxious to have him continue his services at the Cathedral, and believed it would be a blessing and benefit to all concerned if this were done.

Now, His Grace's advice was given to you verbally about a week before Good Friday, and in writing on April 6, at which date he evidently considered you were opposed to Professor Steen's appointment, and could not possibly work harmoniously with him, and that such appointment would be a grave wrong to you and against the true interests of the Cathedral. If you communicated to His Grace, as we understood you had done, the views of the congregation, as expressed by the vestry, by the women's meetings and by their petitions, he must have become convinced that it is practically the unanimous opinion of the congregation that the best interests of the Cathedral would be conserved by Professor Steen remaining with it. Not a dissenting voice has been heard on this point at any meeting.

Now what seems strange to us is that in view of all you have said, of which the above is only a short summary, you have not succeeded in disabusing His Grace's mind of the idea that you oppose Professor Steen's appointment and in eliminating that as a reason for his advice. You can readily understand that the congregation find it hard to reconcile the views you have stated with regard to Professor Steen's appointment and the efforts you have stated you were making to that end, with the attitude His Grace takes in still putting forward even at this date a reason based on your objection to Professor Steen's appointment and the injury the Cathedral may thereby suffer, for we cannot believe that if His Grace now considered that objection withdrawn or unfounded he would still allow it to prevail, although he may have had reason to believe it well founded at the time he gave his advice.

We would therefore ask you to kindly explain why the first reason given by His Grace has not been overcome.

As we are not theologians or capable of appreciating the work of a teacher of apologetics, we do not propose to discuss His Grace's second reason at any length. Apart, however, from the merits of the teaching, this reason seems to involve a question of some interest to the church in this diocese, as well as one affecting Prof. Steen as a clergyman.

His Grace does not say who furnished him with the 'statements' which purport to represent Prof. Steen's teaching, or told him they were notes of lectures delivered. We can only surmise, therefore, that it was someone connected with the inquiry at the college. Prof. Steen asserts, and it is the general impression, that they were taken from a student's note book. If so, His Grace is mistaken in speaking of Prof. Steen as the 'writer' of them. All information regarding the reasons that led to Prof. Steen's resignation at the college was refused by the college at the time it occurred, and in the synod all inquiry on that point was withdrawn, for the reason (publicly announced, and not then denied), that the synod had no jurisdiction in the matter. Prof. Steen resigned in January last, and from that time to the end of April, when the term closed, continued lecturing as usual, and performed his full duties as a professor without any restrictions, and also continued as special preacher in the Cathedral.

His consent that His Grace's reasons for the advice given to you should be published, brings out the fact that this college difficulty over apologetic teaching is to be used to defeat the wishes of a large and influential congregation, and to deprive him of a means of earning a livelihood in this diocese, where he has a great many friends, who respect him and have absolute confidence in his orthodoxy. He does not teach to the satisfaction of the college board, and they evidently have it in their power to furnish these co-called notes of his lectures to demonstrate that he is unsound. Although they may be mere imperfect extracts from a student's note book, and, as a matter of fact, repudiated by Prof. Steen as a statement of his teaching, and although His Grace has not heard him in his own defence, it is assumed that they are correct, and that his teaching is indefensible and dangerous.

The Cathedral congregation do not think that the report of the College Board should control the appointment of a clergyman to their church or constitute a ground for refusing their reasonable demand. This mixing up of the college trouble with Mr. Steen's appointment to the Cathedral appears ot have contributed very materially to the breaking up and scattering of what was a few weeks ago a large, united and prosperous congregation. Some who have been for almost a lifetime worshipping in that church and given liberally of their time and substance to forward its interests, have been forced to leave it, with their families, as a protest against a course which appears to them absolutely unnecessary, not to say arbitrary.

As to Prof. Steen's views being dangerous and indefensible, etc., we think that remains to be proved. He will, we hope, find means to have the matter thoroughly ventilated, as we are sure he desires to do. It should not remain where it is, and no one who has any sense of justice or fair play would deside that it should do so.

We are glad to think that, from the statements you have made as to the benefits that would result from Prof. Steen's remaining with us, and from the efforts you have made to have him reinstated as professor in the college, he is not, in your opinion, at any rate, a teacher of indefensible and dangerous views. We are, yours,

(Signed) James Cooper, Percy R. Gault, Wm. Markland Molson, David Denne, M. Henry Gault, Thos. Gilmour, W. T. Kerry, Chas. E. Spragge, Hy. F. Armstrong, H. F. Adams, George Creak, W. R. Adams, W. A. Gundlack, Harold Hampson, J. C. Badgley, W. McF. Notman, C. A. Meincke, W. Herbert Evans, R. Wilson-Smith, Newall Fisk, C. W. Lindsay, Sampel Tarrante, W. J. Learmont, W. J. Turpin, John L. Gilmour.

A CANADIAN MINT

Mr. E. S. Clouston, General Manager of the Bank of Montreal, Discusses its Establishment.

SHOWS HOW IT MAY DISTURB AND INJURE OUR PRESENT SYSTEM OF BANKING.

'The earth hath bubbles, as the water hath,' and this is one of them, quoted Mr. Clouston, in the course of his presidential address at the annual meeting of the Canadian Bankers' Association, when he was dealing with the proposal to establish a branch of the Royal Mint in Canada. 'Our currency system is unique,' he continued. 'It has stood the test of time, the temptations of prosperity; stable, safe, elastic and convenient, it adapts itself most admirably to the commercial requirements of our people, to the ebb and flow of trade, not only in recurring cycles of contraction and expansion, but in the changes of each passing year. Founded at its inception upon sound financial and banking principles, it has been strengthened from time to time by the introduction of safeguards suggested by practical experience, until it has become about as perfect a system as the wit of man can devise. It is better than a gold currency, because with equal safety and stability, there is conjoined greater convenience.' Mr. Clouston also quoted a distinguished American statesman, who said, 'He who tampers with the currency robs labor of its bread.'

In an interesting conversation with the distinguished banker this morning, this weighty address was referred to by a 'Witness' representative, and also the fact that, in spite of it, political pressure had bended government to its will.

'I am more than ever convinced,' said Mr. Clouston, 'that the establishment of this mint will be a grave mistake. In the first place, our present system has worked admirably, and it is always a blunder to tinker with what already has been well done. Then the alleged benefits that a mint will confer are conceived in error. It is pretended that trade will follow the gold as it is supposed to follow the flag, but as the banks even now are prepared to pay the miner as much for his bullion as he can realize for it by shipping the metal to an American mint, or by converting it into coin in this country, it is difficult to see how a mint will even benefit general trade. If bankers could conceive that such a result would follow, they would naturally be the first to support it.'

'Is it not a fact, Mr. Clouston, 'that most of the gold now goes to Seattle, and that that city has been largely built up because of the trade that has been brought to it by the miners, and do you think, that if a mint were established, say, at Vancouver, that that city would benefit in a corresponding measure?'

'I think it would make little, if any, difference. If the government were to subsidize a line of steamers from our western port, instead of spending the money on a mint, the results would be more beneficial, in my opinion. After suffering months of privations, it is natural that the miners will choose the boats that offer them the most conveniences and luxuries, and these are all American. Then you must remember that a large proportion of the miners are of United States nationality and would inevitably return to an American port.'

'It was stated in the House that the coinage of silver in our own mint would possibly result in the much to be desired withdrawal of American silver from circulation in Canada?'

'It can certainly have no such result. So long as railways and merchants continue to take it, which they will do all the while it circulates freely, American money will be always with us. The banks naturally refuse to take it, otherwise, it would more quickly disappear. In the United States a commission is charged on our notes and silver, which effectually kills their general circulation.'

'It was stated recently, in a contemporary, that a more general circulation of gold coin would lessen the risks of monetary panics; is that your opinion?'

'The conclusion is absurd. Since the inauguration of our system of note circulation, we have had no panics, while other countries, notably Australia, with its gold medium of currency, have been almost overthrown commercially in times of stress. And here comes in one of the several grave dangers that I fear. In the past, when there has been a run on a weak bank, or even upon one that was really solvent, because of rumors, true or false, the notes of the banks have been accepted by depositors without question. It was known that they were the best security, and even carried six percent interest until the period of redemption in the case of a bank suspending. If the question of gold, however, is to confuse the issue, a "run" may easily be complicated by depositors insisting upon being paid in that medium.'

'Supposing a future run upon a solvent bank, would the insistence upon payment in gold be disastrous?'

'Not necessarily so, of course, but under the law as to reserves it might possibly happen. Take a comparatively small bank, to which a deposit of three hundred thousand dollars would be a large amount. The law prescribes that all banks must hold forty percent of their cash reserves in Dominion notes, under a penalty of five hundred dollars for each and every violation of this provision. It is easily to be seen that a bank with moderate reserves might either have to refuse gold offered on deposit or break the law. Stronger banks might take it and ship it out of the country, at a first loss to themselves, but which would inevitably in the end have to be borne by the community. In either case they might not be provided for the extremity of an immediate call in gold.'

'In that case, what is the future, so far as the character of the reserves of the banks is concerned?'

'It is difficult to make a forecast, but it may become imperative to hold all our reserves in gold or so that they may be easily exchangeable into that metal, and in that event, the government would lose some half a million a year in interest, reckoning only three percent on the government notes we now have to hold in reserve.'

'Do you consider that the establishment of a mint threatens a silver question in this country?'

'I do, most emphatically. It is very easy now for the authorities to make up their minds to go slowly, but it is more easy to make that which is forced upon you, when you have the machinery, especially when political persuasion is used. Apart from details, however,' concluded Mr. Clouston, 'the grave conclusion in this matter is, that we have now a banking system which is the admiration of the world, tried and proven at all points, and the ministers are about to introduce an element of uncertainty.'

BRESCI A SUICIDE

ASSASSIN OF KING HUMBERT STRANGLED TO DEATH.

Rome, May 23.—Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert, has committed suicide. Bresci recently had been suffering from extreme excitement, declared to be



THE LATE GAETANO BRESCI.

from remorse. On Tuesday night he made a rope from his blankets and strangled himself.

On the wall of Bresci's cell the word 'Vengeance' was scratched with his bloody thumb nail.

Bresci's violence last week culminated in his attacking a jailer, in consequence of which he was placed in a strait jacket. Later the prisoner feigned docility, in order to secure an opportunity to commit suicide, which he accomplished by hanging himself with an improvised rope attached to the ceiling. In the earlier days of his imprisonment Bresci resented orders to keep silent, and threatened to kill himself.

CANADIANS ALL

THE SUGGESTIONS OF A FRENCH NEWSPAPER.

Referring to a despatch sent from Montreal to the Ottawa 'Free Press,' in which it is stated that the number of pupils in the English schools here who learn French is on the increase, the 'Patrie' says: 'We hope that this good movement will go on increasing every day in our province. What a good fortune for the country, what a rich harvest of harmony and peace, if that example was followed by the other provinces in Canada. We are convinced that every effort on the part of our Anglo-Saxon compatriots to learn French would tend to set aside a number of stupid prejudices and to destroy hostile feelings towards us. Moreover, a knowledge of our language, of our literature, of our history, would widen the horizon, and would enlighten and elevate the mind of those who sometimes, without any motive, or any provocation on our part, bear malice to a loyal and peaceful nationality. The day when that happens will witness the final burial of the race cry and the cordial union of Canadians of every origin in one same thought of national pride and grandeur.'

NEW YORK JUBILEE CELEBRATION.

New York, May 23.—Plans are under discussion for a jubilee exhibition in this city in 1905, to commemorate the physical consolidation of the boroughs of the metropolis by the completion of the Rapid Transit Railway. It is further planned to give to New York a permanent exhibition structure, with accommodations sufficiently extensive to house the greatest conventions. A corporation will be formed for the purpose of bringing the project to its fruition, and among others who are considering the advisability are Messrs. August Belmont, Senator Chauncey M. Depew, A. J. Cassatt, Thomas F. Ryan, H. H. Vreeland, C. Oliver Iselin, John B. McDonald, Nathan Strauss and Alfred G. Vanderbilt.

IOWA PRESBYTERIANS.

DesMoines, Iowa, May 23.—The first session of the forty-third General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church of North America was held last night in this city. Over two hundred delegates are here, and more are expected from all parts of the country. The convention will last a week. A new moderator, to succeed the Rev. J. P. Sankey, will be chosen to-day.

WILL MEET IN ST. JOHN NEXT YEAR.

London, Ont., May 23.—The National Council of Women concluded its annual meetings here yesterday afternoon and decided to meet next year in St. John, N.B.

To-morrow, being Victoria Day, there will be no issue of the 'Daily Witness.'

PARLIAMENT PROROGUED

Session Came to an End This Afternoon.

THE SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

Ottawa, May 23.—The first session of the Ninth Parliament was prorogued at three o'clock this afternoon by His Excellency the Governor-General. The ceremony was attended by a good representation of members and Senators and attracted a good attendance of the fair sex. The closing function is never as brilliant as that which inaugurates the proceedings of a session. The following, which the government did not outlay,

Hon. Gentlemen of the Senate:
Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

In relieving you from further attendance in parliament, I desire to thank you for the assiduity and zeal with which you have considered the many important subjects that have been brought before you. It has been pleasing to note that the act making the twenty-fourth day of May a legal holiday has met with such general approval, evincing, as it does, a desire to pay a worthy tribute to the memory of a sovereign who was so endeared to her subjects.

The establishment of a branch of the Royal Mint in Canada marks a new departure in our monetary system, and is gratifying to the pride of the people, evidencing, as it does, the increasing wealth and prosperity of the Dominion.

I am glad to observe the interest shown in so many cities and towns throughout Canada in the approaching visit of the Duke and Duchess of York. It affords an assurance that they will receive a hearty welcome.

The subsidy granted for the establishment of a line of steamers between Canada and France, will, I am confident, aid materially in developing and increasing a trade with France that will prove advantageous to both countries.

The act providing for a further allowance to the Province of Prince Edward Island removes from controversy a long pending claim against the Dominion, and has been accepted in full satisfaction for all damages arising out of the alleged non-fulfilment of the terms of union in respect to intercommunication between the Island and the mainland during the winter season.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

I thank you for the liberal supplies you have granted towards the development of our resources. This action is amply justified owing to the expanding revenue of the last two years.

Hon. Gentlemen of the Senate:
Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

I congratulate you upon the adoption of many important measures in addition to those named, and I do not doubt that but they will contribute to the general advancement and prosperity of the Dominion.

Among the spectators of the closing exercises of parliament to-day was Mr Siegfried, former Minister of Commerce of France, who is here to negotiate with the Canadian Government with regard to improved relations between France and Canada.

STICKINE-TESLIN CLAIM

MATTER WILL GO BEFORE THE EXCHEQUER COURT.

Ottawa, May 23.—In the House this morning the Prime Minister brought down the papers connected with the claim of Messrs. Mackenzie & Mann to recoup them for their outlay on the Stickine-Teslin Railway. The claim in the first place had amounted to $510,000, but had now been cut down by two hundred thousand through the contractors saving a portion of their material. Sir Wilfrid explained that there would be some further reductions made. Moreover, included in the claim was a profit of fifteen percent on the contractors' outlay, which the givernment did not think could be allowed on grounds of equity. The government had therefore thought it well to have the whole claim submitted to a judicial audit.

Dr. Sproule remarked that the papers had already announced that the claim was to be submitted to the Exchequer Court.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier replied that when he spoke of a judicial audit he meant the claim would be sent to the Exchequer Court. The papers will be printed for the use of members.

The supply bill was then read a third time and sent to the Senate.

The Prime Minister announced the withdrawal of the government bill respecting North-West representation.

WISER THAN HE WAS.

Mr. McLaren (Huntingdon) moved the adjournment of the House to give his impressions as a new member of what he had heard during the sessions now closed. Before coming to Ottawa he had always thought members spoke to win others over to their view. But after being in his seat all through the session he had heard members speak one, two and three hours without there being a soul listening other than the 'Hansard' reporters. This was one reason that soon tired new members of the proceedings of the House. During the session fifty-five members of the Opposition and fifty-nine on the government side had spoken. The Opposition members had averaged ten speeches each, and the government supporters four. One Opposition member had spoken ninety-four times in a single sitting. On the Opposition side one member had made forty-five speeches of over five minutes through the session while the best record on the Liberal side, outside of the ministers, was twelve speeches. The independent members had fully held their own in debate.

Mr. Jabel Robinson thought members should try to say something whenever they addressed the House.

THE JOINT HIGH COMMISSION.

Mr. Borden put a question to the Prime Minister to learn the possibilities of the Joint High Commission between Britain and the United States being resumed. It was most desirable that a final determination should be made in regard to the Alaskan boundary. The Prime Minister replied that he had private information leading him to believe that the Joint High Commission would resume at an early date. Mr. Borden had asked if the Alaskan boundary question was to be eliminated. Far from it. The Alaskan boundary dispute would be in the very forefront of the negotiations. It would be, too, no more than justice to ourselves and to Newfoundland, which had an interest in the commission, that the negotiations should be resumed as in the event of failure to reach a settlement we would have to consider the question of revising our relations with our sister colony. That was an additional reason why the commission should meet again promptly. When it broke up a year ago last winter it had been found impossible to come to any understanding. There was but one thing to be done under the circumstances between two civilized nations like Britain and the United States united by ties of blood and common interest. If it was not possible to arrange a fair compromise the issue should be determined by arbitration.

SWARTS CAPTURED.

BOER COMMANDANT TAKEN NEAR VOLKSRUST.

Durban, May 23.—Col. Bullock's column, when coming from Volksrust, was subjected to severe sniping and rear guard actions. The Johannesburg Rifles took part. They acted capitally. The Boers were driven into the hills, and later eleven of them were cleverly captured, including Commandant Swarts.

The Boers are said to be deploring the loss of large quantities of stock and numerous waggons.

The seriousness of the looting by Zulus is denied. Natives in the Vaal River Colony who were harboring Boer stock were attacked by them, and a thousand head of cattle were captured.

CAPE COLONY INVADERS.

Capetown, May 23.—The Boers have wrecked a house near Graaff Reinet. It is believed that Commandants Scheepers and Fouchee are in the vicinity of Sterkstroom. Their combined commandoes number nearly a thousand men, including a number of rebels.

DE WETT IN NATAL.

SITUATED IN THE DIFFICULT COUNTRY NEAR BOTHA'S PASS.

Pretoria, May 21.—Army officers claim to have information that General De Wett is not in Cape Colony. They say that, with 4,000 armed Boers and three field guns, he is in the difficult country near Botha's pass. This place is situated between Orange Colony and Natal, and not far from Majuba Hill. In this country the Boers have scored their greatest success. De Wett is said to have plenty of food and forage.

PRETORIUS DEAD.

Johannesburg, May 23.—Marthinus Wessels Pretorius, the first president of the Dutch African Republic, the title of which was changed in 1858 to that of the South African Republic, died on May 19 at Potchefstroom, Vaal River Colony, after two days' illness.

BRITISH REFUGEES.

Durban, May 23.—The last of the British refugees from the Transvaal have left Lorenzo Marquez. Many of the Portuguese refugees will be forced to leave owing to the fact that the local aid is inadequate to relieve their distress. It is probable that the Portuguese Government will have to assist in getting these refugees away from Lorenzo Marquez.

LORD ROBERTS WELL.

YESTERDAY'S RUMOR REGARDING HIS CONDITION DENIED.

London, May 23.—It was stated yesterday that there was no truth in the story that the condition of Lord Roberts's health is causing concern to his friends, and that his work at the War Office is far behind.

BISHOP MILLS'S SALARY.

Kingston, May 23.—The committee of the Synod of Ontario, having charge of the Episcopal stipend fund, have arranged with His Grace the Bishop of Ontario by which the stipend is fixed at $3,000 per annum and See house. The salary is among the smallest paid to bishops, but His Grace is anxious that all the Church funds shall be strengthened and made sufficient for all needs, and he is willing to aid the cause by accepting a minimum stipend.

FAIR AND COOLER.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, May 23, 11 a.m.—The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures :—Victoria, 60—44 ; Kamloops, 72—42; Calgary, 54—42 ; Qu'Appelle, 78—46; Winnipeg, 72—52 ; Port Arthur, 56—46 ; Parry Sound, 68—46 ; Toronto, 63—48 ; Ottawa, 86—58 ; Montreal, 80—62 : Quebec, 82—62 ; Halifax, 58—48. Westerly winds and fine. Friday, northerly winds and fair and cooler.

1640 and 1642 Notre Dame st., Montreal, May 23, 1901.—Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon

Temperature.	Max.	Min.
To-day	75	55
To-day, 29.61 ; yesterday, 29.93.		
Yesterday	73	48

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extension to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

MARRIED.

GREEN — MACINTOSH—On May 21, 1901, at 31 D'Arcy street, Toronto, by the Rev. James Murray, pastor of Erskine Church, the Rev. S. J. Green, of Trout Lake, B.C., to Juliet Isabel, youngest daughter of Mr. A. MacIntosh, Minden. 23

LOUGH — RITCHIE — At the Fairmount Avenue Methodist Church, Montreal Annex, on Wednesday, May 22, 1901, by the Rev. T. G. Williams, D.D., the Rev. Daniel A. Lough, pastor of Fairmount Avenue Church, to Helen Bertha, daughter of Mr. John Ritchie, of Outremont, Que. 23

DIED.

ROCKINGHAM — At Fort Bragg, California, on May 13, 1901, in her 33rd year, Harriette E., wife of Joseph H. Rockingham, and sister of W. J. Messenger, of Valleyfield. 23

CLARKSON — On May 21, 1901, at her residence, Township of Foley, Parry Sound, Ont., Mary Clarkson, aged 80 years, widow of the late Joseph Clarkson, of Liverpool, England. 22

COMMON.—On May 24, 1901, at 55 Fort street, Roberta Borland, youngest daughter of R. B. Common, aged 11 months and 18 days.
Funeral private. 22

FITZGERALD — At Quebec, on May 21, 1901, Thomas Fitzgerald, timber-tower, a native of the County Kilkenny, Ireland, aged 74 years. 23

FRIEDLANDER.—On May 18, 1901, William Balfour, son of H. Friedlander, agey 7 years and 10 months. 22

GADD.—On May 2, 1901, at Port Limon, Costa Rica, C.A., U. S. Consular Agent R. H. Gadd, in the 51st year of his age.
American and English papers please copy. 22

HEATHER.—Suddenly, at Radstock, Co. Jollette, Que., on May 18, 1901, John Heather, aged 67 years. 22

McCANN—At Quebec, on May 21, 1901, Ann Ramsay, beloved wife of John McCann. 23

OGILVY—At 'Sunnybrae,' Lachine, Que., on May 22, 1901, Annie Hamilton Ogilvy, in the seventieth year of her age.
Funeral private. 23

ROY — At Belleville, Ont., on May 23, 1901, Jane Matthews, in her 84th year, widow of the late Robert Maitland Roy, and mother of Mrs. E. P. Hannaford, of this city. 23

RYAN.—At No. 4362 St. Catherine street, Westmount, on Tuesday, May 21, 1901, Louisa Aspinall, beloved wife of Thomas Ryan, engineer, of Govt. Buildings, Montreal, Dept. of Public Works.
Funeral will take place on Thursday, 23rd inst., at 2.30 p.m., from the above address. Friends will please accept this intimation. 22

Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 3.

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends. Marked copies of the 'Witness' containing such notice will be sent free to any address in Canada Montreal excepted.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Full line of sizes and weights kept constantly in stock. 18 kar. Gold, $3.50 to $12; 14 kar., $2.50 to $10; 10 kar., $1.50 to $8.
Old Gold taken in exchange. Jewellery repaired and made over. Watches cleaned and repaired. Warranted for one year, $1. Main Spring and Cleaning, $1.50
D. BEATTY,
137 ST. PETER ST., Opp. "Witness" Office.

THE SCOT IN LONDON.

Any one who interests himself in the daily life of London, and who acquaints himself as to the condition of those who are out of the running, either from youth, old age or sickness, says a London publication, must have been struck with the absence of Scottish people from the workhouses, police courts and prisons. It is quite a rare thing to find one either on the pauper or criminal list, and yet there are many Scottish people resident in London who, without doubt, find the difficulties of living as great as those of any other nationality, and have the same temptations to contend with as other people. How is it, then, that they are little or no burden on the metropolitan ratepayer? The answer may perhaps be found in the forethought, prudence, self-denying habits, and natural staidness and pertinacity which are their characteristics, and also in the fact of the almost parental care with which the influential Scotch residents in London hedge about the young and aged and sick of their poorer country-people with kindness and consideration. The manner in which they care for their young may be seen by paying a visit to the Caledonian School and Asylum in the north of London; and the way in which they deal with the aged and those incapable of work may be understood by attending one of the monthly gatherings in the Scottish Corporation Hall in Crane Court, Fleet street. Very few outside the Scottish circle know anything of these institutions and the work of active benevolence which goes on in connection with them.—'Scottish American Journal,' March 20.

Public Notice. == To-morrow being Victoria Day, The Big Store will be closed.

THE S. CARSLEY CO Limited

Notre Dame Street. Montreal's Greatest Store. St. James Street.

MAY 23rd, 1901.

Men's and Boys'
SUMMER CLOTHING.

The Big Store's chief of this department has made arrangements for doing an immense business in Summer Clothing this year, and has purchased an assortment of Clothing in most acceptable styles and weight for summer wear.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Boys' good quality fancy Print Sailor Blouses, very neat and made full size.
Special price - - 44c

Boys' good washing Navy Blue Print Sailor Blouses, large sailor collar, trimmed with braid.
Special price - - 75c

Boys' extra quality Fawn Duck Pale Blue and Navy Hair Stripes, 'Russian style,' very neat and elegant.
$1.50

Boys' fancy Striped Duck Sailor Suits, white shield, very serviceable.
75c

Boys' extra quality Crash Linen Sailor Blouse Suits, trimmed white braid.
Special - - $1.05

MEN'S CLOTHING.

Men's good quality White Duck Pants, finished with deep hem.
Special - - - 88c

Men's and Young Men's Irish Crash Linen Pants, finished for suspenders or belts, deep hem.
Very Special - $1.20

Men's and Young Men's fine quality Striped Linen Suits, Coats, Pants and Vests, neatly finished and seasonable.
$3.40

Men's and Young Men's All Wool Striped Flannel Outing Suits, silk sewn, made and finished up-to-date.
Special price - $7.75

OUR BOYS' SPORTING TIT-BITS.

The Big Store's prices for Bicycle Sundries and Sporting Goods, not only attract trade; they command it. The goods quoted for to-morrow's selling cannot fail to attract thousands of lovers of Athletic and Bicycle Sports.

FISHING TACKLE.

300 good Bamboo Fishing Rods, with line, sinker, hook and winder, all complete.
Special.....10c

270 Mottled Bamboo, three piece rods, with brass ferrules and reel attachments.
Special.....50c

275 Gut Leaders 5c
1,000 Complete Fish Lines.. 3c
500 Trout Flies 2½
500 Fishing Lines 5½c
1,000 Lead Sinkers 1c
1,000 Fish Hooks ..... 1c doz.
300 Trolling Spoons 12½c
150 Brass Reels 20c

BASEBALL SUPPLIES.

600 Hardwood Baseball Bats.
Special.....4c

300 Spalding's Hard Ash Baseball Bats, nicely varnished.
Special.....21c

1,000 Leather Baseball Mitts, canvas backs.
Special.....10c

500 Baseballs 4c
250 Infielder Gloves 26c
200 Basemen's Mitts 56c
300 Steel Wire Masks $1.25
500 Scoring Tablets 43c
550 Shoe Plates 25c
500 Lacrosses 10c
500 Lacrosse Balls 8c
250 Babies' Hammocks 30c

CROQUET SETS SPECIAL.

100 Croquet Sets. Worth $1.25. Special Saturday.....73c

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You know SEATH'S? You don't! Well, then, you don't know Montreal's most progressive Trouser makers. Don't fail to find out what they are giving in their $4.00 Made-to-Measure Trousers.

ROBERT SEATH & SONS,
Trouser Makers, 1817 NOTRE DAME STREET.

The Daily Witness.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 23.

YESTERDAY IN THE HOUSE.

Last Item of Government Business Disposed of Last Night

HOUSE NOW READY FOR PRORO-GATION—BORDEN RESOLU-TION DEFEATED—MR. BOURASSA AGAIN.

Ottawa, May 23.—Before the House rose at one o'clock this morning the last item of the supply bill was passed, and when adjournment was reached it was with the understanding that prorogation was to take place this afternoon.

MR. BORDEN.

When the House resumed in the afternoon the Finance Minister replied to the criticism which Mr. Borden had passed upon the scale of this government's expenditures. He quite agreed with the necessity for care in connection with the expenditure. He had dwelt on that fact himself in his budget speech, but his idea was not to stand still. Let there be progress, but progress on a sound basis. The expenditure was growing, but so was the revenue.

Mr. Fielding pointed with pride to our flourishing export trade. For the ten months up to the end of April last year the exports of domestic produce were $127,461,000. This year the return was $144,520,000. So, if there had been a slight decrease in imports, there had been none in the other branch of our foreign trade.

COST PER CAPITA.

Mr. Borden had totalled up the estimates for the current fiscal year, and for the year beginning on July 1, and had told the people that parliament was called on to vote $67,320,000. But that was hardly putting the case before the public in a fair light. The votes were not all for the one year. They ran over two separate years, and besides, many of them were re-votes. The country should remember that there was a vast difference between estimates and expenditure. The sums asked were not always spent. The resolution offered by Mr. Borden treated of an expenditure last year of $9.80 per capita as being exceptionally high. Mr. Fielding admitted that it was higher than the outlay for several years past, but in 1884 the total expenditure of the Conservative Government had been $12.90 per capita; in 1885, $10.83, and in 1886 $13.47. True, the Conservatives had had to meet exceptional expenditures, but so had the government of to-day. It had to meet many obligations of the late government, to pay for the opening up of the Yukon, and the sending of large contingents to South Africa.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Mr. Borden had complained of an annual increase of the public debt under this government of $1,700,000 since taking office in 1897. But there was nothing exceptional in this. The average addition to the debt by the Conservatives in their eighteen years of office had been six and a half millions. If the Opposition objected to estimates it was open to them to move to strike them out. But in how many instances had this been done? Only once, and then but an item of $16,000.

While the Conservatives raised their voices in condemnation of the public outlay, they were continually asking the government to spend more. Mr. Smith, of Wentworth, who would support Mr. Borden's amendment, would yet like to see the ministry bring in a recommendation for a bounty on beet root sugar. The member for Pictou (Mr. Bell) would join in condemning the present expenditure, yet he had urged not long ago the purchase of property in the capital for the erection of new public buildings, which had resulted in running up enormously the price of real estate in the centre of the city. The members for Toronto lifted up their hands in horror at the present scale of expenditure, yet they wanted more money spent on their harbor. Mr. Monk would support his leader's amendment, yet he was one of a deputation which waited on the government the other day seeking improvements of a million dollars to the St. Lawrence.

Mr. Monk—We favor judicious expenditures

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VISIT OUR MANTLE = DEPT. SATURDAY.
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Display of New Productions in
CARPETS and RUGS
Is commanding the fullest attention of careful buyers in New Premises.
THOMAS LIGGET, EMPIRE BUILDING, 2474, 2476 ST. CATHERINE STREET.

OPPOSITION SUPPORTERS.

Mr. W. F. Maclean was a Conservative, and would vote with his chief, yet he had a grievance that this government had not paid out hundreds of millions more for the purchase of the railway systems of the country.

The ex-Minister of Railway, Mr. Haggart, thought the government was in error in not committing the country to the construction of the Ottawa & Georgian Bay ship canal at a cost of seventy-five millions. Finally Mr. Monk, who supported the amendment for lower expenditure, criticised the Prime Minister for not handing out public funds for an expedition to discover the North Pole.

THE INTERCOLONIAL.

Mr. Barker (Hamilton), before the House passed into committee of supply, made a speech in condemnation of the Minister of Railways' method of keeping the Intercolonial Railway accounts and charged that a host of items were being improperly charged up to capital account which should have been included in the estimate for ordinary account. By so doing the government, he claimed, was able to make a more favorable statement before the country, leaving out of account altogether the capital outlay. That, he said, was the government dodge to show its large surpluses.

Mr. Rufus Pope attacked the minister for mismanagement of the Intercolonial Railway. Referring to the tenders for the construction of the government elevator at St. John, Mr. Pope made the statement that parties were told they must submit cut estimates and the government would make it up to them some other way.

Mr. Blair indignantly denied this allegation, and said there was nothing in it so far as he was concerned.

Mr. Pope accepted this statement and went on to say that in the Windsor Hotel, in Montreal, there was an office known as Blair's toll-gate, where men were taken in and prepared for interviews with the Minister of Railways and Canals. If they didn't give in they were treated to a few doses of Abbey's Salts. If the list of shareholders in the Abbey's Salts Company was searched he would be very much surprised if one would not find there the names of some who had profited by business with the government.

MR. BOURASSA AGAIN.

A division was then taken on Mr. Bordent's amendment condemning the government for its scale of expenditure. The vote stood 100 nays to 51 yeas.

Before going into supply the House listened to a speech by Mr. Henri Bourassa in denunciation of the permission given the Imperial authority to recruit in Canada for the South African Constabulary. England, he said, was taking the pick of our young men and using them for imperial purposes with the intention of eventually converting them into settlers in South Africa. He also complained that His Excellency the Governor-General had improperly withheld certain correspondence relative to the South African Constabulary for which he had moved in the House.

The Speaker called on him to withdraw his reflection on His Excellency, which the member for Labelle promptly did.

Sir Richard Cartwright said if the honorable member had any complaint to frame he could give it expression in a vote of censure on His Excellency's advisers. Mr. Bourassa should remember that this was a part of the British Empire and that the sovereign had the right to call on his subjects anywhere to serve him. (Hear, hear.) For his part he felt gratified that the Imperial authorities had shown their confidence in Canadians by calling so many of them into the field, in the service of the Empire. Mr. Bourassa was much mistaken if he supposed the gentlemen from Canada who had accepted commissions in the constabulary were not serving this country well in South Africa. It was a pleasant thought to him that of all the officers who had received Imperial recognition in the recent distribution of honors one of the most distinguished was a French-Canadian, a son of Mr. Justice Girouard, of the Supreme Court Bench.

Mr. Borden referred in happy terms to the services of Mr. Girouard. It seemed to his mind a strange thing if Canada was to deny her bravest and best to Great Britain. The Imperial Government had lent us some of its best officers in this country and he could not see any harm in Canadians accepting commissions in the British army when they were offered them. The motion to go into committee of supply then carried.

EASTERN EXTENSION AWARD.

In the evening the Premier explained the vote the government asked of $671,000 for the Eastern Extension award in Nova Scotia. It was opposed by Mr. Haggart and others on the Opposition side, who held that the federal authorities had made a final settlement with the provinces on all these scores years ago.

After the Nova Scotia award came the vote of $280,692 in statement of the Eastern Extension claim of New Brunswick. This was objected to on the same grounds, but passed.

The bill respecting the Montreal and Southern Counties Railway, after being amended to restrict the company to the use of electricity as motive power, was given its third reading.

The Qu'Appelle Railway bill, introduced this week, also went through the final stages.

IN THE SENATE.

Yesterday the Senate rushed business and kept pace with the Commons. The mint bill was discussed at length and passed. The Quebec Terminal Railway bill was taken in special session of the Railway Committee at six o'clock for an explanation by Mr. Fitzpatrick, and was passed in the evening.

The following bills were read a third time: The Kamloops & Atlin Railway bill; Great Northern Railway; Inland Revenue act amendment; Railway act amendment; judges of provincial courts; penitentiary inspectorship; customs tariff, 1896, amendment; respecting Senate and House of Commons; respecting lead bounty, and the Railway Subsidy bill. Parliament will prorogue to-morrow.

SAY IT IS HAUNTED.

BLOOD-CURDLING TALES ABOUT AN EMPTY HOUSE AT MELBOURNE.

Richmond, Que., May 23.—Although in this enlightened age one does not hear much about spooks or goblins, there exists in Melbourne, directly on the river bank, opposite the G. T. R. station, one of the loneliest and most isolated vacant houses in this section, which, it is alleged, is haunted. There are, it is said, unearthly and gruesome noises and weird lights variegated with many colors, which have been noticed by a large number of persons lately, chiefly at the G. T. R. station, at which place the lights were first discovered. The manifestations, if such, are certainly of the most uncanny character, having been visible for the past month, causing no end of excitement in both Richmond and Melbourne, although when the building is visited in the day nothing is to be seen or found which gives any reasonable explanation. Several parties have been organized, and one which went over a few nights ago does not desire any further experience. The party, which consisted of some six men, went over with the intention of ferreting out the mystery. When within a few feet of the house weird lights began to dance up and down in the windows, and they were greeted with the most blood-curdling and hair-raising shrieks that they ever heard, resulting in an involuntary discharge of firearms and a hasty etreat to the boat. Several other investigations have followed, but have proven fruitless. The only plausible explanation is that the house is used as a rendezvous of some lawless gang, which has been recently organized, although no depredations have occurred lately. Meantime the most superstitious have condemned the house as being haunted, and an investigation of the entire premises is likely to follow.

CHINESE INDEMNITY

POWERS STILL DISCUSSING THE MANNER OF PAYMENT.

Pekin, May 22.—The foreign ministers' meeting to-day was very unsatisfactory. No power was willing to accede to the Americans' idea of a reduction of the Chinese indemnity to forty million pounds, though Great Britain recognized the advisability of some reduction. There will be another meeting to-morrow.

Li Hung Chang has declared himself in favor of the reformation of imperial and native customs under the direction of Sir Robert Hart, imperial commissioner of maritime customs, in such a way that the revenue from these sources will be increased 10,000,000 taels annually. This money, with 4,000,000 taels of the 10,000,000 taels now collected from the salt tax, will be devoted to the payment of the indemnity demanded by the ministers.

The officers of Tungchau, yesterday handed over 10,000 taels to the American Board of Foreign Missions, in part payment of the indemnity for the destruction of the college and mission property at that place.

The Rev. Dr. Richards says that, owing to the fact that the Germans are about to send an expedition into Shansi, it is impossible to collect indemnity in that province at present. The French have withdrawn from the Shansi expedition, and the British have refused to take any part in it. It is probable, therefore, that the Germans will be compelled to go alone. In spite of constant and threatening difficulties, Count von Waldersee, single-handed, continues to maintain the prestige of foreigners in this part of China.

VIEWS OF GERMANY.

Vienna, May 22.—Count Goluchowski, the Imperial Minister of Foreign Affairs, in a speech to the Foreign Affairs Committee of the delegations today, took a somewhat gloomy view of the international outlook. In regard to China, he seemed to hold opinions opposed to those of Lord Lansdowne, the British Foreign Minister, saying it was in the highest degree desirable that the payment of the indemnity be made in one sum, and that a suitable guarantee ought to be immediately sought for the necessary large loan, and, in regard to Europe, in view of the conditions in the Balkans, it was impossible to say how long quiet would be maintained. Even the fortunate agreement between Austro-Hungary and Russia in regard to the Balkans could not prove a panaces against all surprises. There were certain disagreeable symptoms, notably the Bulgarian agitation in connection with Macedonia. He enjoined increased vigilance to guard against a situation which could not be accepted.

WITHDRAWAL OF TROOPS

AMERICANS LEFT PEKIN YESTERDAY.

Pekin, May 22.—The last of the American troops here, with the exception of the legation guard, left Pekin at seven o'clock this morning. In spite of the early hour and the long distance they had to march, all the bands of the British troops escorted the Ninth United States Infantry from the Temple of Agriculture to the depot, where a Japanese band awaited the troops. All the British generals and their staffs and all the officers off duty were present. The scene was one of great enthusiasm.

As the later train left, a great crowd was present to wish General Chaffee farewell. Count von Waldersee, General Yamaguchi, General Gaselee, and all the other generals and members of the legations were among those present. The Seventh Rajputs (British Indian troops) acted as a guard of honor.

FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED.

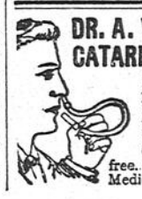
Schenectady, N. Y., May 22.—John Cumming, aged 57, died at the Alms House to-day. There are suspicious circumstances and an investigation is being made. Cumming was found in a barn near Scotia yesterday with an ugly wound on the left side of his face. His right hip was also badly bruised.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

C. P. R.—On Victoria Day, May 24th, the Canadian Pacific train for Point Fortune and intermediate stations will leave Windsor street at 1.30 p.m., instead of 5.15 p.m.

Victoria Day Traffic to St. Agathe.—Parlor Car Service will be as under: Leave Place Viger 5.30 p.m. Thursday, May 23; leave St. Agathe 4.05 p.m. Friday, May 24; leave Place Viger 1.25 p.m. Saturday, May 25.

Knowlton and Sherbrooke.—Saturday-Monday Service.—Leave Windsor street 1.40 p.m. Saturdays for Sutton Junction, Knowlton, Sherbrooke and intermediate stations. Returning, leave Sherbrooke 6 a.m., Mondays, arriving Montreal 9.40 a.m.



DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE ... 25c.
is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanantly cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

CARPETS CLEANED OR DYED

WHEN ON YOUR HOLIDAYS.

We are prepared to arrange to CLEAN or DYE CARPETS to match your Decorations during summer months. Will call and give estimates. A postcard or Telephone 2178 Main, will fetch us.

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Garden Tools and Sets,

Ready Mixed Paints, Roofing Paints, Glue, Etc.

D. DRYSDALE,

Fine Tools and Hardware,

645 CRAIG ST.

Prompt service and satisfaction assured the customer

TOLSTOY AND WOMEN

Mr. Andrew D. White, United States ambassador to Germany, contributed a very interesting article to 'McClure's Magazine' for April. The article is entitled 'Walks and Talks with Tolstoy,' and in the course of it the author recounts a conversation he had with Tolstoy on the subject of women generally. Said Tolstoy: 'Women ought to have all other rights except political; they are unfit to discharge political duties; indeed, one of the great difficulties of the world at present lies in their possession of far more consideration and control than they ought to have. Go into the streets and bazaars, and you will see the vast majority of shops devoted to their necessities. In France everything centres in women, and women have complete control of life, as contemporary French literature shows. Woman is not man's equal in the highest qualities; she is not so self-sacrificing as man. Men will at times sacrifice their families for an idea; women will not.'

Mr. White says: 'On my demurring to this latter statement, he asked me if I ever knew a woman who loved other people's children as much as her own. I gladly answered in the negative, but cited Florence Nightingale, Sister Dora and others, expressing my surprise at his assertion that women are incapable of making as complete sacrifice for any good cause as men. I pointed to the persecutions in the early church, when women showed themselves even superior to men in suffering torture, degradation, and death in behalf of the new religion, and added similar instances from the history of witchcraft. To this he answered that in spite of all such history, women will not make the sacrifices of their own interests for a good cause which does not strikingly appeal to their feelings, while men will do so; that he had known but two or three really self-sacrificing women in his life, and these were unmarried. On my saying that observation had led me to a very different conclusion, his indictment took another form. He insisted that woman hangs upon the past; that public opinion progresses, but that women are prone to act on the opinion of yesterday or of last year. I expressed a belief that if we educate women in the highest sense, in the universities, they will develop more and more intellectually, and so become a controlling element in the formation of a better race; that as strong men generally have had strong mothers, the better education of women physically, intellectually, and morally is the true way of bettering the race in general. To this idea he demurred, and said that education would not change women; that women are illogical by nature. At this I cited an example showing that woman can be exceedingly logical and close in argument; but he still adhered to his opinion. Happening to mention the name of George Eliot, he expressed a liking for her.'

SOCIALIST MEMBERS EXPELLED.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 22.—The Lithuanian National Alliance of America, in session in this city, to-day ousted the twelve socialistic members from the convention. The debate was a prolonged and bitter one. The president of the convention, the Rev. A. Millmos, of Chicago, was severely criticised by the socialists.

OBITUARY.

Keene, Ont., May 22.—Captain James Metcalfe, formerly a well known lake mariner, and for years a prominent resident of this district, is dead, aged 81. Captain Metcalfe commanded the first sailing vessel which plied the waters of the Trent Valley basin.

St. John, N.B., May 22.—Mr. J. H. Harding, agent of the Marine and Fisheries Department here for twenty-four years, up to 1894, when he was superannuated, died to-day, aged 83. He was of Loyalist stock and an enterprising business man in his early days, and was noted as a lumberman, shipbuilder and gold miner in Nova Scotia in the early days. He was one of the most active members of the Baptist Church in the Maritime Provinces.

Woodstock, Ont., May 20—Mr. J. C. Cain, a prominent citizen and business man, who for the past 21 years has carried on a job printing business here, died this afternoon. He was well known to the trade, having moved here from Meaford in 1871, where for many years he ran a book, stationery and printing business combined. He was sixty-five years of age.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Carsley Restaurant.—Try a meal at The S. Carsley Co., Ltd., Restaurant. Gentlemen and ladies dine here with as much pleasure as in their own homes. The food is the best obtainable. The service is prompt, and everything about the place is scrupulously clean.

Umbrellas.—It will not require to rain or even be cloudy to-morrow to make us busy in this section at The S. Carsley Co., Limited. The large assortment, together with the prices, are such that no lady or gentleman should neglect.

PHILADELPHIA ASSEMBLY

Effort to be Made to Raise a Million Dollars for Missions

CHINESE MISSIONARIES DEFENDED.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 22.—The commissioners of the Presbyterian Assembly found much business waiting them to-day, and the rapidity with which the various matters were disposed of evidenced the Assembly's intention to have for consideration as little unfinished business as possible after the settlement of the creed revision question.

The Rev. Dr. W. H. Roberts, state clerk, reported the vote of the various Presbyteries upon overtures referred to them by the Assembly of 1900. Among these overtures was one defining the ministerial membership in Presbyteries, which was rejected. By a vote of 198 to 11 congregations were given permission to elect their pastors as pastors emeritus when they are prevented by age from performing their duties. By a vote of 187 to 18 the Presbyteries decided that candidates for the ministry shall not be licensed to preach until one year after graduation.

The Rev. Dr. James Moffatt, president of Washington and Jefferson Colleges, presented the report of the committee on foreign missions, which recommended: 'That pastors and sessions adopt some systematic plan whereby every church member may be induced to make at least an annual contribution; that the effort inaugurated to secure a martyr's memorial fund, the annual interest of which shall be employed in supporting the successors of the noble men and women who laid down their lives in Paotingfu, be most earnestly commended to the various organizations and to individuals contributing to our foreign missions; that we rejoice to learn that the civil authorities, and particularly the President of the United States, have made earnest efforts to secure in reconstructed China that kind of religious liberty we enjoy in our own land; that we urge the raising of not less than $1,000,000 for the ordinary work of the board.'

The following minute was incorporated in the report: 'We record our profound sorrow upon the intelligence which has reached us during the sessions of the assembly of the death of the Rev. Maltbie D. Babcock, a member of this board, and express to his bereaved family and church our sympathy and our prayers for the sustaining power of the Holy Spirit.'

CHINESE MISSIONARIES.

The Rev. Robert E. Speer, of New York, secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions, in addressing the Assembly on the committee's report, denounced the critics who placed the blame for the Boxer uprising on the shoulders of the missionaries. In this connection he said: 'Since the troubles in China the church has been the subject of malignant and venomous criticism. It is true that some of this criticism is the result of ignorance, and we could afford to pass it by unnoticed were it not for the fact that even here, in the highest court of the church, it has had its effect. Our missionaries have been characterized as perniciously boorish and ignorant of existing conditions in China to the extent of being responsible for the Boxer uprising. I have the written statement of the brother-in-law of Minister Wu that had the missionaries been let alone no trouble would have broken out in the Chinese Empire. He also defends the missionaries as China's only friends. I challenge you to find in any of the newspapers charges, true or false, against the missionaries of our church. They have borne themselves through all these troubles without reproach.'

QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY

IMPORTANT CHANGES FORE-SHADOWED—THE SHORE WILL.

Kingston, Ont., May 22.—It has been decided to have a course of lectures at Queen's University, next session, upon the theory of music, by Mr. N. R. Carmichael, M.A., and also a short course of popular lectures on music by capable persons from Toronto, Montreal and Kingston. The University council is also proposing larger and more attractive scholarships, to bring honor men to Queen's. The feeling is now quite generally expressed that the County of Frontenac will grant a sum of money with which to erect a fine convocation hall.

Queen's University authorities claim that the public should understand Principal Grant's attitude in connection with the late Rev. Mr. Shore's will of which he was appointed an executor. This statement is made:

What Principal Grant did was simply not to act as executor of a will signed by Mr. Shore when dying unless the provisions of a will made by him while in health were incorporated with it. Further, he would not accept an offer of $3,000 to Queen's, made through Mrs. Shore's lawyers, as no offer was made to pay the other charities mentioned in what he regarded as Mr. Shore's real will. One of these charities was $500, which Mr. Shore notified Queen's missionary association he was bequeathing to them, and a report of his notification appeared recently in the 'University Journal.' It was always understood that Mrs. Shore should have the life interest of the whole estate, that is, the interest on the legacies, and the full disposal of the very considerable residue.

LABOR RIOTS IN RUSSIA.

London, May 22.—A despatch from St. Petersburg, dated May 21, says: 'The strikers at the Obuchoff Iron Works at Alexandrovsky, in this vicinity, had a collision with the authorities yesterday. Some 3,500 rioters stoned the police, injuring twelve of them. The police were reinforced by soldiers who fired three volleys, killing two men and wounding seven. A hundred and twenty persons were arrested.

LOSS DROVE HIM INSANE.

Norwalk, Conn., May 22.—Captain C. Fred. Betts, sixty-two years old, who was reported missing from his boarding house in New York, and who appeared later at the home of his sisters in Norwalk, died early to-day of paralysis of the brain. Captain Betts had recently lost about $40,000 through speculation, it is said, and he arrived in Norwalk ill and despondent.

THE BERNIER EXPEDITION.

CHANCE FOR THE CAPTAIN TO MEET THE GOVERNMENT'S REQUIREMENTS.

Ottawa, May 22.—Captain J. Bernier has received an offer of $40,000 from Mr. F. C. Stein, of New York, to tour Canada with his new scenic and sensational production, written especially round the incidents connected with the captain's life and trip to the pole, entitled 'To the North Pole,' now booking throughout Canada, conditional on his appearing at least one hundred and fifty times. Captain Bernier is considering the offer, which, with funds already subscribed and collected, would enable him to meet the government's requirements, and entitle him to the grant asked for.

TROUBLE AT LE ROI MINE.

Rossland, B.C. May 22,—At the Le Roi mine yesterday between a hundred and twenty and a hundred and thirty men were laid off. Enquiry of the management as to the cause elicited the information that the men had been dismissed as a result of trouble at the smelter at Northport, which had compelled the smelter to close down, throwing the three hundred men employed there out. The foreman, it appears, had earned the ill will of some of the employees, and as a consequence, it is alleged, threats were made that he would be run down the railway track and might be thrown into the Columbia river. The only work now in progress is that of roasting ore in the yards.

THE SUPREME COURT.

Ottawa, May 22.—In the Supreme Court to-day the arguments were continued in the appeal of Cadieux vs. Beauchemin, respecting infringement of the copyright of the supplement to the Canadian edition of Larousse's dictionary. After hearing counsel for the appellants and without calling upon counsel for the respondents the appeal was dismissed with costs.

The court then adjourned until Wednesday next, May 29, for the hearing of the remaining two cases on the Quebec list, and it was announced that the Ontario list would be taken up on Monday, June 3.

ST. ELMO PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Cornwall, May 23.—The Presbyterian church of St. Elmo has been thoroughly renovated this spring. The church has been painted and two class rooms have been added for the convenience of the Sabbath school. The edifice now presents as neat an appearance as any in this district. The Rev. James Hastie, of Knox Church, Cornwall, will conduct anniversary services at St. Elmo on Sunday, May 26, and the Rev. A. B. Mackay, D.D., of Crescent Street Church, Montreal, will deliver his noted lecture, 'The First Invention,' on Tuesday evening, May 28. The special collections on Sunday, as well as the proceeds of the lecture, are in aid of the building fund.

LICENSED AT KINGSTON.

Kingston, Ont., May 23.—On Tuesday night the Kingston Presbytery licensed four young men. Mr. Byrnes, B.A., B.D., goes to the mission field of Poltimore, Ottawa Presbytery; Mr. Brebner, from Knox College, Toronto, as supply for St. Andrew's Church, Belleville; Mr. Thorn, Presbyterian College, Montreal, to be ordained and inducted on June 4 to St. Andrew's Church, Tyendinaga; Mr. Guy, B.A., B.D., to the mission of Bath, ordained at Hay Bay on June 6.

A GUIDE DROWNED.

Quebec, May 23.—A sad drowning accident occurred a couple of days since on the Lakes of the Laurentides Fishing Club, on the Lake St. John Railway line. Joseph Gagne, of Lorette, one of the guides, accompanying Messrs. Joseph Winfield, of Quebec, and Charles Tolhurst, of Troy, N.Y., losing his life through the capsizing of the canoe in which he was with Mr. Tolhurst. The latter, who was a good swimmer, did his best to save the unfortunate man, but he disappeared before he could reach him.

FAITH CURIST GOES TO PRISON.

New York, May 22.—J. Luther Pierson, the faith curist and member of the Christian Catholic Church of Chicago, who was convicted by a jury at White Plains yesterday for failing to provide medical attendance for his sixteen-months-old daughter, who died from catarrhal pneumonia, through lack of proper care, was to-day sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars. Pierson refused to pay the fine and was led away to prison.

ABBOTSFORD NOTES.

Two interesting occurrences took place last week at Abbotsford, Que., the one being the annual school-closing and the other the holding of a most successful social in the Parish Hall in aid of the funds of the Tennis Club and prospective croquet ground.

The closing exercises of the school were largely attended by the pupils and their friends. Among the prizes presented was a special one for the study of agriculture, a subject recently added to the curriculum. The social also attracted a large number of visitors.

Preparations are being made for the erection of a spacious and comfortable log cabin on one of the highest peaks of Yamaska Mountain at an elevation of over a thousand feet, to test the benefit to be derived from so considerable a height. The locality selected is surrounded by the health-giving pine and hemlock, interspersed with maple. The views of the surrounding country are simply magnificent and wide in extent.

THE BOARD OF TRADE

WEEKLY MEETING OF THE COUNCIL.

The usual weekly meeting of the Council of the Board of Trade was held yesterday afternoon, and was chiefly occupied with routine business. The following letter from a Montreal hardware firm, with regard to inadequate shipping facilities between Montreal and Sydney, C.B., was ordered to be published for the information of the shipping interest:

'We should like to call your attention to the present inadequate shipping facilities between Montreal and Sydney, C.B. Practically speaking Dobell's line are the only direct freight carriers running from Montreal to Sydney.

'There is a large amount of business being done down there, and the lack of steamboat service between the two ports is very seriously felt, and it simply means that the business is going away to St. John and Halifax.

'In a letter received from our representative down there this morning (May 10), he states that there is great dissatisfaction in Sydney over the shipping business, and asks if Montreal cannot be done whereby Montreal will retain the trade already established.

'We would be pleased if this matter could be brought up in some way.'

THE LAPLAINE ENQUETE

A PROBABLE POSTPONEMENT OF THE TRIAL.

The enquete in the case of Joseph Ernest Laplaine, charged with the murder of Mrs. Lefebvre, at 3168 Notre Dame street, Ste. Cunegonde, on Thursday last, May 16, was continued yesterday afternoon, in the Police Court, before Mr. Lafontaine.

Evidence was given by Dr. Wyatt Johnston and Dr. Dugas as to the cause of death and some other witnesses were examined, but no new facts were elicited. At the close of the session, Mr. Decarie, for the defence, stated that he would make a motion to have the trial of his client postponed until the September term of the King's Bench, as he was not ready to go on with the case in June. Mr. J. P. Cooke, Crown prosecutor, stated that, on the part of the Crown there was no desire to unduly hasten matters, and that he had no objection to the postponement.

The prisoner looked, as he usually does, very dejected, and, apparently, took no interest whatever in the proceedings.

A NEW PASTOR

BETHLEHEM CHURCH CALLS THE REV. MELVILLE A. SHAVER.

At a meeting of the congregation of Bethlehem Congregational Church, Westmount, last evening, it was decided, on the recommendation of the committee appointed for the purpose, to extend a call to the Rev. Melville A. Shaver, of Cobourg, Ont., to replace the Rev. R. Hopkin.

The Rev. Mr. Shaver was formerly a Methodist preacher in the Brandon district. He joined the Congregational Church, and became pastor at Cobourg, where he has worked with great success for two or three years, gathering a large congregation, and getting the reputation of being an earnest and eloquent preacher. He has been very successful in work among boys, and has formed a large Boys' Brigade at Cobourg. He is about twenty-five years old, and unmarried.

THE DEFEATED BY-LAW

THE SUBJECT BRIEFLY DISCUSSED IN THE CITY COUNCIL YESTERDAY.

The City Council had but a very short meeting yesterday afternoon, adjourning after receiving the official report of the fire loan by-law, out of respect to Ald. Brunet, who has lost his only son.

Alderman Lavallee made a short speech on the defeat of the fire loan. He held that the vote of the proprietors justified the course of those aldermen who had opposed the other loans when they were before the council. The fire loan was the only one of the large number brought forward likely to pass. By opposing the loans the minority had shown themselves in touch with public sentiment, and had saved the city useless expense.

This remark was received with marks of dissent, and Ald. Lamarche rose to support his colleague. He could understand the members of the majority feeling aggrieved, he said, for the vote was a defeat for their policy. Those who had opposed the loans were entitled to congratulations rather than jeers. The money for the fire department was needed, but the only way to get it was through the legislature, and he suggested that the council resign in a body and appeal to the people on an active financial policy.

Ald. Chaussé challenged Ald. Lamarche to make a motion that the council resign, promising to support him if he did. There was no use to crow over the administration party over the defeat of the by-law. They had acted in accordance with the provisions of the charter, and had they refused so to act more fault would have been found with them.

THE FLOWER MISSION.

The annual meeting of the Flower Mission was held yesterday afternoon at the Natural History Museum, Mrs. S. Greenshields in the chair. The report of last summer's work showed that 5,382 bunches of flowers were distributed at the General and Royal Victoria hospitals, and when possible to the Homeopathic hospital also. The gifts of flowers, however, showed a falling off of a thousand bunches, showing a decline in interest in the mission. Flowers were also given at Christmas and Easter. Mrs. S. Greenshields was re-elected president, and Miss Girdwood secretary-treasurer. The season's work will begin on June 1; flowers may be sent to the Natural History Museum or put in the baskets at the railway stations on Saturday mornings.

COLONIAL HOUSE, Phillips Square

(WILL BE CLOSED TO-MORROW.)

China Department.

SPECIAL



ENGLISH CHINA TEA SETS (Gilt Edge) Latest Shapes and Designs. Regular value, $7.00,

For $5.50, Less 5 p.c. for Cash.

ENGLISH CHINA TEA SETS, Crown Derby Decorations. Regular value, $10.50,

For $7.50, Less 5 p.c. for Cash.

The above are exceptionally good values, and will only be offered at these prices for a limited time.

CHEAP LINES OF CROCKERY

For Use at Country and Seaside.

A large assortment of Chamber Sets, Tea Sets, Breakfast Sets, Dinner Sets, and Odd Pieces,

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

(WILL BE CLOSED TO-MORROW.)

HENRY MORGAN & CO.

MONTREAL.

COUNCIL OF ARTS AND MANUFACTURES.

As already announced the exhibition of the work done by the pupils following the classes established in Montreal, Quebec, Levis, Three Rivers, Sherbrooke, Sorel and St. Hyacinthe under the control of the Council of Arts and Manufactures, will be opened on Thursday evening, May 30, by a distribution of prizes to the most successful pupils of the Montreal school. The admission to the opening of the exhibition will be free and people taking an interest in the work pursued by this institution will have an opportunity of seeing what is being done and may examine the various exhibits from 1 o'clock to 9.30 from May 30 to June 8. The drawings and other pieces of work shown are from the freehand, architectural and mechanical drawing classes, decorative painting, lithography, modelling, carpentry, boot and shoe making, plumbing, dress cutting and sewing classes. In a few days the programme of the distribution of prizes will be published.

MR. ROSEVEAR'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Mr. W. H. Rosevear, general car accountant of the Grand Trunk Railway system, was struck by a shunting freight train in the yards at Point St. Charles yesterday afternoon. He was thrown clear of the wheels, and so escaped death, but he received several cuts on the head and face, and a severe shock. He was taken to the Railway Y. M. C. A., and thence to his home in St. Lambert.

A SACRED CONCERT.

The basement of the new St. Jean Baptiste Church, Rachel street, will be opened this evening, and a sacred concert will be given by a choir of 150 voices and a full orchestra, under the leadership of Mr. J. A. Boucher. Prof. Contant is the organist. The programme will include the works of several famous composers, and the concert is expected to be one of the musical events of the season.

DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE.

At a meeting of the Daughters of the British Empire, held on Tuesday, in the Evangelistic Hall, St. Catherine street, Mrs. R. Hemsley, president, being in the chair, Mrs. E. H. Thurston, the secretary, reported that the society had received its certificate of incorporation. Arrangements for extending the patriotic work of the society in the various provinces of the Dominion, and abroad, were discussed. The work of re-organizing the society, which has been going on quietly for the past month or two, is now finished, and its flourishing condition is shown by the large attendances at the regular meetings. Mrs. R. Hemsley is re-elected president for 1901; Mrs. E. H. Thurston, secretary; and Mrs. G. D. Mackay, treasurer. The address of the secretary, to whom all communications and applications should be addressed, is 81 St. Famille street.

ST. CECILIA CLUB.

The St. Cecilia Club, which is composed of senior pupils in music of Mrs. H. O. Wilson and Miss Elizabeth Davidson, held its annual 'at home' in the Y.M.C.A. parlors yesterday afternoon. They meet once a month to study the works and life of some great composer, and yesterday was their last meeting for the season. A most interesting programme was performed, and the following prizes presented by the Rev. Mr. Troop: Harmony, Miss Elva Garratt; theory, Miss Ruby Lindsay, Miss Bertha Leishman, Miss Marjorie Heney and Miss Esther Kerry.

DRINK CLOSES FACTORY.

A despatch from Indianapolis, Indiana, a few days ago, said:—The Standard Tack and Brad Company has been forced to shut down on account of the drunkenness of its employees, and the manager, Mr. Latty, said that the works would not resume until he is assured that better conditions will prevail. He said that his workmen are all experts, and their places cannot be supplied, except by bringing men from the East, or from Canada, but he would have to resort to this at once, unless his employees gave evidences of reform. The works, he said, have been closed twenty times since the first of the year, because the employees were drunk and could not work.

CHAMBRE DE COMMERCE.

At the weekly meeting of the Chambre de Commerce a resolution was passed in favor of the entrance of the Terminal Railway into the city. It was also decided to give a gold medal as a prize for the pupils of the Council of Arts and Manufactures. The examination will be held in the Monument National on May 30. The following members were present: Messrs. D. Masson, M. G. Bolvin, C. H. Catelli, A. V. Roy, J. X. Perrault, J. D. Couture, S. Lachance, L. E. Morin, sr., L. J. A. Surveyer, Jos. Fortier, J. B. A. Lanctot, Jos. Contant, Jos. Haynes, secretary.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

The treasurer of the Western Hospital acknowledges the receipt of the following subscriptions from April 1 to May 16: The Thos. Davidson Mfg. Co. and employees, $50; Messrs. James Cochrane, M.P.P., Jas. Wilson, Henry Birks & Sons, each, $25; William Smith, Dr. Perrigo, O. L. Clarke, Silverman, Boulter & Co., each $20; Marlatt, Armstrong & Co., $12; John Murphy & Co., Alex. Scott, Hon. J. O'Brien, Dr. Gurd, H. J. Chapman, Dr. A. Lapthorn Smith, Dr. Herbert Tatley, Dr. Robert Wilson, Dr. W. Grant Steward, Dr. Geo. Fisk, Dr. F. R. England, Dr. G. T. Ross, D. W. Ross, Dr Rollo Campbell, Dr. F. W. Campbell, J. C. King, the Wilson Co., R. Wilson-Smith, A. D. Neilson, P. E. Neilson, Sandreuter & Waters, Thomas May & Co., James Crathern; F. W. Evans, McClarey Mfg. Co., Dr. H. L. Reddy, Sir Wm. Hingston, the Can. Sugar Refinery Co., J. Hagar, each $10; Trudel & Graham, J. S. Prinie & Co., J. A. Nicolle, J. A. Mathewson, jr., Smith, Markey & Montgomery, J. L. Smith & Son, R. H. Bryson, McCaskill, Dougall & Co., the J. C. McLaren Belting Co., F. J. Hart, W. T. Benson & Co., Carter, Galbraith & Co., Jas. Robertson & Co., Lyman, Knox & Co., N. W. Trenholme, T. B. Macaulay, W. C. Workman, Leeming, Miles & Co., S. H. Ewing, F. Lawrence, W. Jacobs, each $5; W. H. Cunningham, W. D. McLaren, D. R. McLaren, each $3; Edward Schultz, Hudon & Orsali, W. T. Haldimand, W. & F. P. Currie Co., J. R. Weir, J. C. Brunet & Co., Strang & Strang, F. Angus, T. L. Patton, A. F. Dunlop, W. H. Stewart, Kearney Bros., each $2.

The following, to qualify for life governors, one hundred dollars each—Dr. F. J. Hackett, Messrs. J. C. Ray, Clarence F. Smith, John T. McNamee, T. A. Trenholme, Harry Trenholme, Wilfrid Trenholme.

Weekly Calendar.

WINDSOR HALL--POPULAR COURSE.
TUESDAY EVENING, 28th.
J. WILLIAMS MACY,
New York's favorite Humorist and Buffo Basso. Evening of Humor, Pathos, Song and Story.
Popular Prices, 25c and 50c. Seats on sale at Shaw's.

THURSDAY, MAY 23.

REV. J. C. MARTIN,
From the Central Turkey Mission of the A.B.C.F.M., will conduct the Evening Service at the Young Women's Christian Association, 896 Dorcheester street,
THURSDAY EV'G, May 23rd, from 7 to 7.30.
All young women cordially invited.

Art Association,
PHILLIPS SQUARE.
THE ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF DRAWINGS
by the Students in the Art Classes is now on view in the New Gallery, May 20th to 25th.
Admission Free.
Galleries open 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

FRIDAY, MAY 24.

Victoria Day,
MAY 24, 1901.
GRAND OPENING OF P. A. A. A. RECREATION GROUNDS,
..... QUEEN'S PARK .....
LACROSSE MATCH: P.A.A.A. vs. M.A.A.A.
BICYCLE RACES:
1-3 mile, 1 mile and 2 mile handicap.
All open to Amateurs.
Races under C. W. A. sanction and rules.
Game called at 2.30 p.m. sharp.
Admission, - - - 25c.
W. O. DAVIS, Sec'y and Treas. of Committee.
Care P.A.A.A., Point St. Charles.

EXCURSION on THE 24th MAY.
VICTORIA DAY.
Steamer CHATEAUGUAY will leave Canal Basin, foot of McGill street, at 1.30 p.m., for a trip on Lake St. Louis and around Chateauguay Islands, back to Montreal through the Rapids, arrives at Montreal about 6.30 p.m.
ROUND TRIP .. ..50 CENTS.

SUNDAY, MAY 25.

Olivet Church
(BAPTIST),
Corner Mountain and Osborne Streets.
The Pastor
Rev. J. L. GILMOUR, B.A.,
will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
SUNDAY, MAY 26, 1901.
STRANGERS CORDIALLY WELCOMED.

TUESDAY, MAY 28.

GERMAN LUTHERAN CHURCH.
All members of this congregation are invited to attend a special meeting on TUESDAY, MAY 28th, in the basement of the church, for the discussion of important matters. By order of the wardens.
WM. BERGHOLDT, Secretary.

MEN ORDERED OUT.

STRIKE INAUGURATED ON THE SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

Norfolk, Va., May 23.—Conferences between the Seaboard Air Line Railway officials and the committees representing the International Association of Machinists have been fruitless. The last of these was held yesterday at the office of the vice-president and general manager, Mr. Barr. He declined to recognize any members of the committee except such as were employees of the road. He refused each and every demand of the working men. After leaving Mr. Barr's office, S. D. Nedrey, organizer of the American Federation of Labor, who has been managing the local strike situation, telegraphed to all points on the Seaboard Air Line where machinists are employed, ordering the men to strike.

ARABI PASHA PARDONED

FAMOUS EGYPTIAN REBEL TO REGAIN HIS FREEDOM.

Cairo, May 22.—Arabi Pasha, the famous Egyptian rebel, who was banished to Ceylon in 1882, has been pardoned.

THE SPANISH ELECTIONS.

Madrid, May 23.—Official results of the elections are still incomplete. Up to the present time, however, returns indicate the election of the following: Liberals, 24; Conservatives, 81; Tetuanists, 12; Republicans, 16; Gamazists, 13; Romerists, 14; other groups, 22.

REACHED A COMPROMISE.

Paterson, N. J., May 22.—The strike of the ribbon mill employees of A. & M. Levy was settled to-day by a compromise. A thousand workmen who have been out on strike will return to work immediately. The strike lasted fourteen weeks.

THE NEW 'POINT' STATION.

The Grand Trunk Railway authorities are making preparations to commence the erection of the new 'Point' station at once. A large proportion of the ground on the west side of the main line tracks is being filled in and some of the small switchmen's and other shanties have been either demolished or removed to other parts of the yard.

F.M. 3 L.Q. 11 — MAY — N.M. 18 F.Q. 24

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
Daily Witness, $3.00; Weekly Witness, $1.00, with reductions to clubs; Northern Messenger, thirty cents; 10 copies to one address and over, twenty cents per copy, postpaid in each case, to United States, Newfoundland and Canada, excepting Montreal.
For Great Britain add $1.04 per annum for postage on Weekly Witness; 52c on Northern Messenger; $3.60 on Daily Witness.
The last edition of the Daily Witness is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4.00 per annum.

ADVERTISING RATES.
DAILY WITNESS—Five lines and upwards, 10c per line agate measurement.
WEEKLY WITNESS—Five lines and upwards, 20c per line agate measurement.
YEARLY CONTRACTS ON FAVORABLE TERMS.
NOTE—The publishers of the WITNESS will not be responsible for any omission to print, or error in legal or other advertisement beyond the amount actually paid for such advertisement.
All business communications should be addressed 'John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal,' all letters to the Editor should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.'

The Daily Witness.
THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1901.

It was a sham battle which was fought yesterday in parliament over the increased public expenditures. The great flow of revenue into the national treasury, although it cannot fill that receptacle, which is so open to promoters and schemers of all sorts, seemed to encourage extravagance on the part of the Opposition as well as the government, and Opposition leaders were found advocating all sorts of wild schemes of expenditure which the government opposed or declined to do more than consider at present. And the Opposition members combined with the government in the raid upon the treasury for their common benefit. Following hard upon this raid the Opposition's barren general resolutions against the government's extravagance appear perfunctory, if not insincere, and will excite derision where they are viewed with anything but indifference.

THE KING'S LIFE.

Following so closely upon the death of the Queen the danger in which the King's life was placed by the accident to 'Shamrock II.' yesterday will probably raise undue apprehensions, followed by a demand that the sovereign shall not risk his life unnecessarily. The King's reign has so far proved satisfactory to his subjects all over the world. His bearing and conduct during the illness and after the death of the Queen raised him in the esteem of the people and his reign, so far as can be judged from his public acts, has been up to this time worthy of the son and successor of Victoria the Good and Great. But while it is natural that the people, rendered apprehensive by their recent sorrow, should be solicitous for the safety of the King, it would be most unreasonable on their part to ask or even desire that he should shut himself in from all those exercises and games and pleasures of life which are inseparably attended in some degree by danger to limb and life. The office of king, even in the twentieth century, is one involving extra danger, as the frequent attempts at assassination prove. The daily comings and goings of princes are obviously attended by greater danger through mere accident than those of their subjects owing to the very trappings of state, from which they are never wholly free. It would be unreasonable to expect sovereigns to undergo all the dangers arising from their work and office and at the same time refrain from indulging in recreating diversions in order to avoid their attending dangers.

THE PLAINS OF ABRAHAM NATIONAL PARK.

The decision of the government, which has been sanctioned by parliament, to purchase the Plains of Abraham, will, in view of the explanations of the Premier, have the approval of the people. Canadians, of both British and French origin, are one in sentiment in regard to the heroes of the battle which closed the struggle between the two races on this continent. They were chivalrous foes and were worthy of the high esteem in which they are held, and it would be hard to say whether the death of the one in the hour of his defeat was more pathetic than that of the other in the hour of his victory. Their names are linked together by Canadians and held in common reverence by both French and English speaking Canadians. They decided the destiny of Canada in their final contest, and the field of their last struggle has become a place of pilgrimage, as the birthplace of Canada. There can be no doubt about the desire of Canadians that the ground thus rendered sacred to their history should become a national possession, and be preserved for all time from being covered and hidden by buildings. The objection was raised that the field now called Plains of Abraham was not in reality the battleground, and this perhaps is true, the decisive action having taken place between this field and the walls of the old city somewhat to the east, which has been built up. But the field now called and shown as the Plains of Abraham must have been occupied and fought over by French and British forces during the struggle, and it has for long been associated in the minds of the people of Canada with the battle and the national heroes. It is, therefore, really historical ground. Its commanding situation makes it a better epitome of the memento of the battlefield than any other equal space could have been, and nobler as a monument. The other objection to the purchase could never have been in itself insuperable. It was that the price asked was an exorbitant one, and that the purchase was suspected to involve some kind of a corrupt deal. The government has had no dealings with any but the present owners of the land, the Ursuline nuns, and has no relations with any possible deal. And the price asked by the nuns turns out to be a very low one, instead of a high one. The property is much more extensive than it was supposed to be, there being over seventy-one English acres, or over eighty-four French arpents. At $80,000 therefore, the price is a little over three cents a foot, instead of ten cents a foot, which was mistakenly said to be the price demanded by the nuns. Engineers and architects whom the government consulted valued the property at five cents per foot, that is $130,000 for the whole. Business men placed its value as high as $250,000 to $300,000. It seems to be a fact, therefore, that the price to be paid, $80,000, is a low one. The nuns stipulate that it shall be kept as a park, which, stipulation is a positive advantage to the purchaser, that being the object in view in purchasing it.

FREE SCHOLARSHIPS.

In Great Britain all other topics of public interest seem to be overshadowed by the gift of Mr. Carnegie to the Scottish universities. For the moment the public mind appears to be stunned by the magnitude of the endowment, and it will probably take some time to recover sufficiently from the emotional disturbance to see with clearness the real significance of the issues involved. Already, therefore, a considerable divergence of opinion has found expression. The truth is, as the leading newspaper in Scotland puts it, the gift is disconcerting by reason of its very munificence. But while it is, of course, impossible to forecast all the effects which such an endowment may produce in the educational and social life of Scotland, we believe the judgment of experienced educationists will in the end be favorable to Mr. Carnegie's plan of beneficence. Probably one of the earliest doubts on the subject will refer to the possible effect of an exemption from academical fees on the character of the Scottish student. It is well known that some of the sturdiest moral forces in the character of Scottish students, though not of Scottish students alone, have been developed by the very struggle to obtain the means of higher education. Now, it may just be feared, on first thought at least, whether this happy effect may not be defeated if a higher education is given for nothing. This fear, however, must give way before reflection. For, in the first place, it must not be forgotten that class fees form but a minor part of the total expense of a university education, and that therefore the struggle to meet that expense will remain sufficiently exacting for persons of limited means. Then, in the second place, it must be borne in mind that the exemption from fees is not intended to be, in any sense, an eleemosynary gift. A gift of that kind, that is to say, financial assistance given to a student merely because he is poor, tends almost inevitably to injure the character of the recipient. But the significance of an exemption from fees is totally altered when it becomes a reward fairly won by a student's labor without the remotest reference to his social or financial standing. Now, even the imperfect information which the cable has furnished with regard to Mr. Carnegie's scheme shows that he intends to guard carefully against any construction of it as a mere charity to the poor. The truth is, that it will form simply a vast system of scholarships, and it is well to remember, for it is too often forgotten, that a scholarship, as the name implies, is a prize gained in recognition of scholarly attainments that have been tested by examination or some other efficient method of inquiry. A student claiming exemption from fees under Mr. Carnegie's endowment, will require to prove his fitness for the benefit by passing an entrance examination; and if he succeeds, he can accept his reward in the same honorable spirit which is recognized at present in winning any of the scholarships or other prizes of academic life. With regard to the effect of Mr. Carnegie's liberality upon the universities themselves, the problem is obviously more complicated. But it seems not unreasonable to expect that the universities will find themselves less hampered in their endeavors to raise their standard. A more exacting examination at entrance may now be enforced without fear or consequences. If it excludes students who are imperfectly prepared, it will not impair the work of the universities by a corresponding diminution of their revenues. But it may fairly be questioned whether the numbers excluded by a higher standard for entrance will not be more than counterbalanced by the increase in the number of competent students who may be enabled to enter by removing the barrier of the fees. The importance of this factor in calculating the difficulties of a higher education has been strikingly illustrated in the experience of our own university within the past two or three years. The ratio of revenue to expenditure obliged the governors to make a very considerable addition to the fees in the faculty of arts, and the effect upon the number of students, especially coming from outside of the city, was at once very marked. It would not be easy, in fact, for a man of wealth and liberality to find a more effective method of benefiting the university at present than by providing the governors with a fund which would enable them, if not to abolish fees in the faculty of arts altogether, at least to restore them to their former moderate scale.

WHEN QUEEN VICTORIA BEGAN TO REIGN.

The swiftly revolving year has brought to us once more the anniversary of the birth of that woman who during almost sixty-four years reigned over the British people. During that long period the day was observed by millions of people composed of about every race and living in about every clime under the sun. Probably never in history was there another national holiday observed for so long a period, over so wide an expanse of territory and by so many people. The Queen has gone, but her memory will remain as long as the British race lasts, prescrved in the brightest pages of our history. Many monuments will be erected to her memory, but none will be more appropriate, none will appeal more directly to the people than that created by the continued observance of the twenty-fourth of May as a public holiday. There are but few persons living whose memory reaches back to a time anterior to 'Queen's birthday,' an observance which, by the way, arose out of the advocacy of the 'Witness,' which has long and persistently declared that in Canada at least the Victorian holiday would have to be perpetual. To the empire since it was an empire this has been the great imperial festival, and to have dropped it from our calendar of public holidays would have been like cancelling anew each year a sacred impression deeply wrought into our lives. In Canada it comes at a most favored season for the people. It is the first general day of outing when, after a long winter, established spring invites us all into the open air and the green fields.

Since the first observance of the 'Queen's birthday' great changes have come over British possessions in North America. From a scattered fringe of colonists along the eastern and lake and river frontier we have become a united people, with national aspirations, owning a territory that stretches across the continent, and increasing in numbers sufficient to possess the land. A glance backward brings into sharp contrast Canada's present position with that which she occupied sixty-four years ago. Not more than one-fourth as many subjects in North America hailed the accession of Queen Victoria as mourned her death. The population of what is now the Dominion of Canada, together with that of Newfoundland, was given in 1830 as a little less than one million. In 1824 New Brunswick had a population of 75,000; Nova Scotia, 140,000. In 1831 Upper Canada had 236,700 and Lower Canada 550,000. The aggregate population in 1837 of the British provinces on the mainland did not exceed 1,400,000. In the prairie land of the west a few settlers were cultivating the soil along the banks of the Red river. At the most they numbered but a few thousand, for in 1849 these settlements contained only 5,300 souls. Colonization on the Pacific coast had not yet been seriously undertaken; practically the only inhabitants of those regions were Indians, hunters and fur-traders. The cities in British America were then few, and they were little more than overgrown towns, with small buildings and narrow, unpaved and unlighted streets, without waterworks and practically without fire protection. The present national capital was but a straggling lumber depot, and in the far west a Hudson's Bay Company trading-post was the nearest approach to an urban settlement.

Only seven years before the opening of the Victorian era Stephenson had demonstrated the practicability of the steam locomotive, and one short line of railway had been constructed in Canada. It extended from Laprairie to St. Johns, and was completed in 1836. It was seventeen years later when a railway was opened in Upper Canada, the first being the Northern, from Toronto to Bradford. Work upon the first wharf at Montreal was commenced in 1831, but it was several years before our harbor contained any suitable shipping facilities. The ship channel below the city was still in its natural state, and it was not until the tenth year of Queen Victoria's reign that the work of deepening Lake St. Peter was commenced. A barge canal had been constructed to Lachine, but it was a mere ditch in comparison with that waterway at the present. There was no St. Lawrence canal system, and ten years of the reign had passed before these canals were open for navigation. Our customs tariff was made in Great Britain and the home government also administered our postal system. Canada consisted of only two provinces, and the other North American colonies were under separate governments. Each was independent of the other, and local jealousies and local interests tended to isolation and stagnation. Elective legislatures had been conceded the people, but responsible government had not been set up. The two Canadian provinces were in a turmoil and many predicted that the country would soon pass from under the British flag. Almost three-quarters of a century separates the present from the time when Queen Victoria began to reign. Expansion, improvement and national growth are seen on every hand. Our population has increased more than four fold, and our organized territory has been enlarged in even greater proportion. The older provinces of the east became a confederation to which have been admitted the younger communities of the west, which, in 1837, was an unexplored wilderness, partially known only to travellers and hunters. Railway construction has been pushed in all directions, and our waterways are the admiration and envy of our neighbors. The flag that flew over British North America on the first 'Queen's Birthday' is now the flag of a united Canadian people, who, from being colonists, have grown into citizens, not only of their own Dominion, but of the empire built up and consolidated since the day when Queen Victoria began to reign.

THE BOUNTY ON LEAD SMELTING.

The silver-lead miners of British Columbia, on their recent visit to Ottawa during the present session, presented a very strong case in favor of government aid to their industry. Smelting and refining is an industry which requires the investment of a vast amount of capital for some time before any return can be expected. There are no refineries in Canada, and the Canadian mines were dependent upon the United States refineries for a market for their ores. A combination of the United States smelters and refiners, under the name of the American Smelting and Refining Company, placed the control of all the products of the United States and Mexican mines in the hands of one concern, which seems to have concluded that the markets, both home and foreign, which they could supply profitably was not more than equal to the consumption of the products of their mines. Consequently they advanced rates for refining Canadian ores to a prohibitive figure, and thus closed out Canadian ores altogether. Canadian miners have been trying to ship their ores to Europe. But they see that without a Canadian smelting industry silver-lead mining in Canada cannot prove profitable or develop in the face of the antagonism of the American trust. Hence their petition to the Ottawa government for assistance to establish a Canadian smelter. The lead miners were frank in their representations of the lead situation, pointing out that the world market was not in a promising position. However, as the 'Witness' pointed out at the time of their visit, the claim of the lead miners for assistance in smelting was as good as that of the iron manufacturers, who had been treated so liberally. The government has evidently taken this view and has offered a bounty of five dollars a ton for every ton of lead refined in Canada in 1902, four dollars a ton in 1903, three dollars a ton in 1904, two dollars a ton in 1905, and one dollar a ton in 1906, but the bounty so paid in any one year is not to exceed one hundred thousand dollars. The conditions make it possible to aid smelting to the full extent of $500,000 during the next five years. It may be hoped that this will be sufficient to attract English capital. The bounty system is certainly a protective one, and is an encouragement to one industry at the expense of the other industries of the country. But it is perhaps the least objectionable protectionist method, especially when a definite period and amount is set to the protection afforded. The country knows what it gets and what it pays. And in new countries, where capital is perhaps not over-abundant, and is timid under menaces from strong foreign combinations, the assistance of the government is perhaps excusable.

A SWINDLING SCHEME.

AGENTS WANTED TO DEAL IN UNSALABLE BOOKS.

On May 10 a despatch from St. Johnsbury, Vt., reporting extensive swindling operations alleged to be carried on by a publishing company of Philadelphia, appeared in the 'Witness.' The plan was to engage a man to manage an office, with the promise of a salary of a hundred and twenty-five dollars per month, with a commission, and all expenses paid in addition. Part of the contract consisted in the 'agent' making a deposit of eight hundred dollars security for stock which was to be placed in his care. Unsalable books were then shipped to the agent, who never heard of the company again.

A 'Witness' correspondent, writing from a town in Quebec about this scheme says:

'You would be doing a good piece of work for your country if you would mention it again and double lead it, and call attention to it in your editorials. I know of two persons who answered the 'ad' in a Montreal paper of a publishing firm in Philadelphia, which was after managers for a branch house, which they were about to open in Canada. They wanted a deposit of twelve hundred dollars so they would have some interest in the business, etc. Sufficient correspondence in each case was carried on to cause those who had answered the 'ads.' to believe that they were dealing with sharpers, and it might not be too late to warn some others against the deal. I beg to sign myself. A. M. G. R.'

No doubt some of these advertisements are bona fide, but many of them are attempts on the part of unscrupulous persons to secure deposits. Those replying to such advertisements cannot be too careful in sending money to persons whose reputation is not well established. The press is sometimes an innocent means of furthering the base designs of the unscrupulous.

WORLD WIDE.

SATURDAY, MAY 25, 1901.

CONTENTS OF TWENTY-FIRST NUMBER.

ALL THE WORLD OVER.
The Imperial Spirit—'The Times,' London.
Queen Victoria and New Guinea—Birmingham 'Post.'
A Gap in English Education—'The Speaker,' London.
The 'Community of Interest'—'The Nation,' New York.
'Life Let us Cherish'—'Daily Tribune,' New York.
Agriculture at Home and Abroad—'The Standard,' London.
A Chinese Comedy of Errors—The Hong Kong 'Weekly Press and China Inland Report.'
Tea Shops of Bombay—Birmingham 'Post.'
The Peculiar People—'Daily News,' London.
The Art of Becoming Invisible—'Public Opinion.'
Christianity in India.
Queen's Jubilee Nurses—'Daily News,' London.
England in the Early Years of Queen Victoria's Reign—By W. H. Stacpoole, LL.D., in the 'Favorite Magazine.'
Personal Reminiscences of Queen Victoria.
Victoria Intime—'The Westminster Budget.'
Queen Victoria's Nervousness—'The Budget,' London.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE ARTS.
My Portraits—By J. J. Benjamin Constant, in 'Harper's Monthly.'
Flower Culture at Home—
For a Salon in New York — New York 'Times.'
The Whispering Wonders of the Capitol—'The Sentinel,' Washington.
'Rag-Time'—New York 'Sun.'
Unobservant Men—Baltimore 'News.'

CONCERNING THINGS LITERARY.
Queen Victoria's First Birthday and Early Training—Condensed from 'Personal Life of Queen Victoria,' by Sarah A. Tooley.
The Awakening — From Tennyson's 'In Memoriam.'
The Awakening—'The Republican,' Springfield.
The Young Year and the Old—Poem, by Kate Masterson, in 'Life.'
Sursum Corda!—Poem, by H. C. Minchin, in 'The Pilot,' London.
Some Good Stories—New York 'Observer.'
Dr. Tanner.
In Defence of Skipping—By Anthony Deane in 'The Pilot,' London.
The Literary Man as Hero-Worshipper—'The Academy,' London.

HINTS ON THE PROGRESS OF KNOWLEDGE.
Illustrations of Wealth—'The Speaker,' London.
Malaria and its Prevention—By R. Fielding-Ould, in 'Nature.'
The Costliest Substance Known—Birmingham 'Post.'
The Mediterranean Race—'The Scotsman,' Edinburgh.

For sale at all newsdealers, Two Cents a copy.
Prepaid Annual Subscription.
$1.00, delivered in Montreal and suburbs.
.75, mailed throughout Canada and U.S.
$1.00, mailed to foreign countries.
JOHN DOUGALL & SON,
Publishers, Montreal.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROYAL
Baking Powder

Makes the bread more healthful.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

NOT TERRIFIED

WILL EXPOSE THE LOTTERY SYSTEM.

It will be remembered that last week, after the hearing of evidence had been commenced in the case of the 'Société des Ecoles Gratuites pour les Enfants Pauvres vs. F. D. Shallow, proprietor of the 'Moniteur du Commerce,' the proceedings were suddenly discontinued, the plaintiff consenting to pay all costs. The action was for $10,000 damages, because the 'Moniteur' had referred to the lotteries in general, and the plaintiff in particular, as injurious and condemnable.

The 'Moniteur' now refers to the matter in the following terms:

'To this action, which was a mere 'bluff,' it was pleaded that all the facts mentioned in the article complained of were substantially true, that the defendant was in a position to make a complete proof thereof, and that what was published was in the public interest. The society in question was on the whole but a myth, an imposture, a kind of vampire daily living on the fruit of the toils of the laboring classes, unfortunately too much given to gambling. It was also pleaded that the drawing of lots was irregular and offered no guarantee of honesty. We were under the impression that the parties interested would desist from their action and would not dare face public opinion once more. We were mistaken, and a few days ago the case was inscribed in court. After a few hours of enquete, the manager, and in fact, the proprietor of that concern, Mr. A. Millette, after undergoing a very compromising examination on the part of Messrs. Lamothe & Wilson, thought proper to withdraw his action. In the face of the irresistible proof which threatened to accumulate, he gave up the game of 'bluff.' But we have not given it up. Having gained one point put us in humor, and next week we will tell our readers what took place in that lottery.'

ASSAULTED A STREET CAR CONDUCTOR.

A man named William Shepherd was this morning fined $20 and costs or three months in jail by Mr. Recorder Senecal, of Maisonneuve, for assaulting a conductor on the Montreal Street Railway, on Friday last, May 17. The evidence showed that the accused had asked to be set down at a certain street-crossing but asked too late for the car to be stopped at the precise spot at which he wished to descend, and he was carried some thirty yards further on. When he got off the car he picked up a stone and flung it at the conductor hitting him over the right eye and causing a severe wound.

TO MAKE INQUIRY.

Mr. Robert Watchorn, a special commissioner of the United States Government, is at present in the city for the purpose of making inquiry into the methods of Italian immigration. It seems that large numbers of Italians find their way into the United States through Canada, and the United States Government is desirous of restricting this class of immigration, which, it is said, is conducted irregularly. It is certain that an unusually large number of Italians have come out to Canada this season, but so far work has readily been found for them, owing to the number of enterprises which are being carried out in all parts of the country.

[For the 'Witness.'

'GOD SAVE THE KING.'

(Written for Victoria Day.)

Air—'National Anthem.'

On great Victoria day,
The Twenty-fourth of May,
Ye patriots ring
The Anthem of the Free,
Far, far from sea to sea,
And let the chorus be
'God Save the King.'

May God Almighty deign
To bless King Edward's reign,
Ye people, sing
As with a nation's voice
The anthem of your choice,
And let us all rejoice,
'God Save the King.'

At home, abroad, afar,
Wher'er his subjects are,
The loyal bring
Allegiance, hearty, true,
And long may we renew
Each year the honor due,
'God Save the King.'

A. McKILLOP.

Maxville, Ont., May 18, 1901

THE BOER WAR.

OPERATIONS IN THE VAAL RIVER COLONY.

(British Mail Advices.)

Pienaar's River, May 6.—I write this despatch, cabled a 'Times' correspondent, from the armored train 'Ubique.' I have just returned after witnessing an attempt to cut off some Boers fleeing from General Plumer's operations on the Olifants river. As you have probably heard from your correspondent with General Plumer, Erasmus's commando, with stock, crossed the railway south of Hamans Kraal Siding. Major Vialls pursued vigorously, but was unable to effect their complete capture, and returned here yesterday. Several parties of Boers have tried to cross the railway, but have been headed off by the four armored trains which patrol the line night and day between Hamans Kraal and Pienaar's station.

The net result of the combined movement in the bush veldt is that 1,500 armed belligerents have surrendered or been captured, as the case may be, and that the Pietersburg base has been wrested from the federals.

From the results of the month's operations it appears that the Boers are less able to support a campaign in the bush veldt than we are. It is imperative, owing to the nature of the close country, to employ such known tracks, roads, and drifts as exist; consequently, when once the enemy are discovered by our columns pursuit is much more effective in harassing them than upon the high veldt, where the Boer columns are able to disperse at will. The working of armored trains has now been brought to perfection, and forms a most interesting military study. They are invaluable for the present kind of warfare, when an enemy without ordnance confines himself to attacks on the railway communications.

The break up of the Boer camp at Hartebeestfontein considerably restricts Delarey's field of operations. During the Boer occupation he worked a mill and lived fairly comfortably, having telegraphic communication with Wolmaranstad, Schweizer Renneke, and a point a few miles outside Lichtenburg. Delarey himself is probably going to Wolmaranstad, which the Boers declare their present capital. Up to a few days since Delarey's force was the only organized force left. Apparently it has now split into small sections, in accordance with the example set by the rest of the commandos. Delarey lately, answering a Boer doctor who asked the probable date of the end of the war with a view to communicating the date of his arrival home to his relatives, stated that it would last from six to eight months.

This town possesses a large refugee camp and many Dutch inhabitants, chiefly female, who are now beginning to acquiesce in the present state of things, thanks chiefly to the tactful conduct of the British officers governing the town.

Standerton, May 10.—General Knox, who is operating to the south-east of Heidelburg, has been in daily touch with the enemy for some days past, and has captured several thousand cattle and sheep.

Colonel Rimington has captured 25 waggons and a great quantity of stock to the west of Standerton. The enemy do not seem anxious to fight.

Colonel Bullock, continuing his march northwards, came up with the Boers a few days ago. They at once opened fire at long range with a 'pom-pom' and another gun. We lost one man killed and one wounded. We picked up one dead and one wounded Boer.

Johannesburg, May 10.—On the morning of the 8th inst, a force of Boers cut out 40 cattle close to Potchefstroom. Some men of the South African Constabulary and a few men of the Town Guard, 25 in all, started in pursuit, but going too far were surrounded by the Boers. Our troops divided into two parties, one taking cover in a kraal. They fought splendidly the whole day, killing five of the enemy, including Commandant De Brein. A relief detachment was sent out from the town, but before it arrived the party had extricated itself with the loss of two men killed and one officer wounded. All but 14 rounds of ammunition had been expended. Altogether the affair was a most creditable performance. Among the Town Guard were several burghers who had previously been in arms against us. They fought on this occasion with great gallantry.

ORANGE RIVER COLONY.

Maseru, May 11.—I have travelled from Bloemfontein to this place, a distance of 90 miles. The road is kept open by pickets, and along it there is a heavy traffic in grain from Basutoland. The Boers, from different points, snipe at the pickets. Five scouts were fired upon on Friday, and one of them was badly wounded. A Boer boy, 11 years of age, was ordered to shoot the wounded scout with a revolver as he lay on the ground, but the boy refused, saying that it would be a sin to do so. The Boers are apparently going west. A Free State artillerist, whose uniform was in tatters, was recently captured. The man declared that he was glad that he had been taken prisoner.

ILLNESS OF HENRY IBSEN.

SUFFERING FROM PARTIAL PARALYSIS OF THE LARYNX.

Christiania, May 22.—The affection from which Henrik Ibsen, the Norwegian dramatist and poet, has recently been suffering is now diagnosed as partial paralysis of the larynx. His voice is practically gone, he walks with difficulty, and speaks only a few words consecutively. His general health is now improving, but he requires complete rest.

STOCK DESTROYED.

A fire which caused considerable damage broke out at about two o'clock this morning in the candy and general store of Mr. T. Laramee, at 11 Duluth avenue. Although the outbreak lasted but five minutes, teh stock was almost destroyed by fire, smoke and water. The fire was extinguished by the men of Nos. 14 and 16 stations.

AN INFORMAL RECITAL.

Among the visitors to the music warerooms of Willis & Co., yesterday afternoon and evening, were Mons. Joseph Saucier and Mrs. Creed, both well-known in musical circles of the city. Prof. Saucier sang 'The Palms' and Mrs. Creed sang 'The Holy City,' both of which were much appreciated by the other visitors. There was no pre-arranged programme of music, but an informal piano recital went on from three to five o'clock in the afternoon and from 7.30 to 9.30 in the evening. There will be a similar recital, with some vocal music, during the same hours to-day.

MR. FITZHUGH'S NEW POSITION.

The San Francisco 'Call' says it has been definitely settled that Mr. E. H. Fitzhugh, formerly vice-president and general manager of the Central Vermont Railway, will be appointed assistant to Mr. Charles M. Hays, president of the Southern Pacific Railway. The paper says Mr. Hays has mapped out a great deal of hard work, and is figuring on the able assistance of Mr. Fitzhugh. It is understood that in addition to improving the system, active steps will be taken at once by the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific officials, combined, to freeze out the Northern Pacific, the Canadian Pacific, and the Great Northern Railway from the Oriental trade.

THE FRESH AIR FUND.

While the weather so far has been pleasantly cool, in the very nature of things, the warm days and nights must soon be here. Arrangements are being made by many Montreal families to spend the heated months in the mountains, or at the seaside. Soon those houses in the pleasantest parts of the city, where spacious grounds, with ample green lawns and noble spreading trees might make one forget he was in a city, will be closed. It is those parts of the city where the green lawns do not thrive and are rarely seen, where shade trees are unknown; where crowded tenements and grimy back-yards are the monotonous surroundings that people live among all the year round, that will not be deserted. Those who most need rest and change cannot have it. Those who are compelled to live in houses poorly ventilated and defective in sewerage, however clean they may keep their rooms, are too frequently obliged to exist in a foul atmosphere, and even a day in the country comes to them as a very blessing from heaven. The swarms of children playing in the dusty, ill-kept streets, or panting on the doorsteps, long for a breath of pure, unpolluted air, a glimpse of the green trees. Disease comes upon them and finds little forms emaciated and worn, ready victims for the destroyer. For the sake of the children of the crowded districts, and the tired mothers of the working people, the Fresh Air Fund was started a few years ago, and each summer some of the children who need change and fresh air are taken to the country for a few weeks. How far this work shall be carried, the number that can be cared for, depends entirely upon the amount of the public subscriptions towards this object. Each year an appeal is made for funds, and friends who have in the past subscribed will place those who devote their summer to carrying on this work in a position to make their arrangements for the 'summer campaign.' It will be remembered that, in addition to the mothers and children cared for at the summer home, there have been frequent excursions given. The statistics will give some idea of what has been done in the past. Up to 1895, 9,599 had been entertained at the home, and 31,121 had been given excursions. Since that the figures have been as follows:

	At Home.	Excursion
1896	(Closed.)	9,748
1897	1,201	4,347
1898	1,240	4,160
1899	1,224	2,840
1900	1,165	2,836

Those who are enjoying rest and recreation at their summer homes will spend all the pleasanter vacation for the knowledge that they have helped some less favored family to have a much needed outing.

A MUSICAL DEMONSTRATION.

A successful demonstration of the Darlington music method was given in Victoria Hall, Westmount, on Saturday last. The little pupils showed a surprising knowledge of notation and reading at sight, as well as a familiarity with the cleffs, the lives, and some of the works of the great composers, etc. Intervals were easily recognized, as were also tones sounded on the piano, while all measures played were named, and the time marked by little ones of not more than six years old.

A number of duets were played by pupils of this season's classes, while piano solos were excellently rendered by some of the children in last year's class, two of whom, Miss Edith Watson, and Master Herbert Knowles, have already successfully passed their elementary examination at the Dominion College of Music. Miss Connolly, the teacher of the class, is to be congratulated on her success.

SHIPPING NEWS.

The Thomson line SS. Kildona returns to Quebec to-day to undergo temporary repairs to her keel, which is seriously damaged. This was caused by her striking submerged wreckage about 12½ miles east of Matane and about 21 miles west of Cape Chatte, and while about two miles off the shore. When the news was received on 'Change of the Board of Trade, yesterday, shippers freely expressed themselves on the inactivity of the government in not having the vicinity of Matane examined as there had been more than one accident at this place since the opening of navigation.

MORE HORSES FOR THE CAPE.

The next boat to carry a consignment of horses to South Africa is the Thomson line SS. Iona, which will sail from here about June 1.

SS. LAKE CHAMPLAIN SAILS.

The Elder-Dempster & Co.'s SS. Lake Champlain, Captain Stewart, sailed from Queenstown, for Halifax and Montreal, at 1 p.m., on Wednesday, May 22, with 44 saloon, 72 second cabin, and 770 steerage passengers. She has also 128 Imperial troops for Halifax. The Lake Champlain sails again from Montreal on June 7.

R. & O. FERRY SERVICE.

The R. & O. Company will have all its ferry boats in active service to-morrow. St. Helen's Island will be thrown open to the public, and the company's steamer Hosanna will start her season's work to Longueuil on schedule time.

SS. LAKE ONTARIO SAILS TO-MORROW.

The Elder-Dempster (Beaver line) SS. Lake Ontario leaves port to-morrow morning for Liverpool. The following is a list of her different cabin passengers:—Mrs. J. Sterling, Miss Brodie, Master Sterling, Montreal; Mr. Geo. Gillies, Mr. John McDonald, Mr. Jas. Gillies, Mrs. Gillies, Miss Ida Gillies, Mrs. D. McDougall, Carleton Place, Ont.; Miss C. Watson, Kingston, Ont.; Miss Dorothy Robertson, Mrs. F. J. Wevill, Miss Alice Wevill, Master Geo. Wevill, Montreal; Mr. Frank Yeigh, Mrs. Yeigh, Mrs. Wilkie, Miss Hall, Miss Thompson, Miss Harcourt, Mr. H. L. Thompson, Toronto; Prof. Wenley, Mrs. Wenley, the Masters Wenley, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Jas. Watt, Toronto, Ont.; Mr. R. Brook, Vancouver, B.C.; Mr. H. Devlin, Aylmer, Ont.; Mr. B. G. Wilkinson, Mr. F. A. G. Wilkinson, Lennoxville; Mr. B. Ward, Mrs. Ward, Toronto; Mr. Isaac Collins, Mrs. Collins, Brockville, Ont.; Mr. C. A. Caswell, Mrs. Caswell and child, Chicago, Ill.; Mr. James Allen, Montreal; Mr. Alf. Roberts, England; Mr. J. W. Streeter, Mrs. Streeter, St. John, N.B.; Mr. Geo. D. W. Green, Mrs. Green, Toronto; Mrs. Freudberg, Master Freudberg, Rotterdam; Mr. A. E. Murray, Mrs. Murray, Toronto; Mr. John Elliott, Liverpool; Mr. A. Guenlock, Mrs. W. M. Boultbee, Miss M. Toole, Toronto; Miss A. M. Rouse, Ottawa; Mrs. Dickson, Chicago; Miss M. Waterston, Kinross; Sergt. Maj. Long, Mrs. Long, Halifax; Rev. Mr. B. J. S. Kerby, Penn, Bucks; Mr. F. W. Richardson, Toronto; Mr. A. W. Steytler, Mrs Steytler and infant, Montreal; Mrs. James, children and infant, Ottawa; Mrs. A. W. Handrill, Mr. Chas. Lester, Master M. Lester, Master Wm. Lester, Mrs. Durrasq and two children, Mrs. Varnault, Miss Varnault, Montreal; Miss Crowl, Miss Jessie McNiven, Miss Morrison, Chicago; Mrs. Codling, Sherbrooke; Mrs. S. T. Buckley and infant, Montreal; Mrs. Soren Larsen and child, Halifax; Mrs. C. Neroutsos, Miss Winsom Neroutsos, Minneapolis; Miss Henchen, Miss Thompson, Chicago; Miss Adrienne Guyon, Montreal; Mr. P. Lloyd, Chicago; Mr. John Sherman, Oakville; Mr. D. Edwards, Oakville, Ont.; Mr. Albert Dixon, Chicago, Ill.; Mr. McNicoll, Mr Oscar Skelton, Toronto, Ont.; Mr. Jas. Dean, Montreal; Mr. Ramsay, Toronto, Ont.; Mr. A. Ashby, Chicago, Ill.; Mr. R. Wansbrough, Orangeville, Ont.; Mr. H. Ferns, Orangeville, Ont.; E. L. Berry, Winnipeg, Man.; Mr. Jas. White, Fort William, Ont.; Mrs. Jones, two children and infant, Ottawa, Ont.

NOTES.

The Head line SS. Dunmore Head, Captain Burns, sailed from Belfast yesterday afternoon for Montreal.

The SS. Huntcliff arrived last evening and berthed at Hochelaga. Messrs. McLean, Kennedy & Co. are the agents.

The SS. Aggi, which received injuries while on her way to the port, leaves to-day for Quebec to undergo necessary repairs.

The Head line SS. Ramore Head, Captain David Smith, from Montreal and Quebec, arrived at Belfast this morning.

The Holme line SS. Rydal Holme, arrived up last evening with a cargo of rails and berthed at Hochelaga. She is consigned to McLean, Kennedy & Co.

PORT OF MONTREAL.

Arrived—May 22.

SS. Cape Breton, Reid, Sydney, May 17. Kingman & Co., coal.

SS. Devona, Murray, Middlesboro, May 9, R. Reford & Co., general.

SS. Orcadian, Imrie, London, May 11, H. & A. Allan, general.

SS. Rydal Holme, Gorley, Maryport, McLean, Kennedy & Co., rails.

SS. Huntcliff, Howell, Liverpool, McLean, Kennedy & Co., general.

Cleared—May 22.

SS. Cape Breton, Reid, Sydney, Kingman & Co., light.

SS. Kildona, Roberts, London, via Quebec, light.

SS. Albanian, Ridley, Antwerp, F. Leyland & Co., general.

SS. Aggi, Hattleberg, Quebec, R. Reford & Co., general.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills
Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

SEE FAC-SIMILE WRAPPER BELOW.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE

Auction Sales.

Marcotte Bros

EXHIBITION GROUNDS.

Big Auction Sale

On THURSDAY, 30th May inst.,

at TEN o'clock a.m. and TWO o'clock p.m.

150 Building Lots,

IN THE BEST PARTS OF THE GROUNDS.

☞ Streets are partly graded.

Sewers and water pipes are under construction. Several proprietors have already built fine private residences. Electric cars run along these grounds. Churches and schools are near. The situation of these lots at the very entrance to Mount Royal Park makes them the most pleasant site on the Island of Montreal for building purposes.

For plans and information apply at our office, St. James street, or on the grounds, from the 25th to the 30th, day of sale.

A COLD LUNCH will be given at twelve o'clock. noon, sharp.

MARCOTTE FRERES,
Auctioneers.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ELECTRIC FIXTURES AND SHADES.

Largest Stock! Newest Designs! Best Finish!

IMPORTED GOODS.
UNSURPASSED VALUES.

A Full Stock of

LAMPS, BATTERIES,
LAUNDRY IRONS,
FAN MOTORS, and
GENERAL ELECTRICAL APPARATUS.

JOHN FORMAN,

708 and 710 CRAIG STREET.

THE GREAT WEST END DEPARTMENTAL STORE,
O. LEMIRE & CO., 1163 ST. JAMES ST., COR. FULFORD.

Friday Being a Holiday
OUR BARGAIN DAY WILL BE ON SATURDAY.

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—Ladies' White Muslin Blouses, trimmed with lace, value $1.50
For 87c

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—Boys' Galatea and Pique Blouses, all colors, value 75c
For 59c

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—Boys' and Girls' Straw Sailor Hats, value 95c
For 35c

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—50 doz. of Gent's Colored Shirts, real value 75c to 90c
For 50c

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—Good Tin Boilers, large size, real value 95c
For 39c

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—Three Pieces of Good Oilcloth, real value 35c
For 21c

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—Good Linen Window Blinds, all colors, spring rollers, value 40c
For 25c

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—Five Cases of Good Toilet Soap, real value 15c a box, 3 cakes in a box
For 5c a box

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—Fifty Pieces of Good Fast Color Prints, value 8c
For 5c

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—Three Pieces of Black Brocaded Dress Goods, real value, 75c
For 59c

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—Five Thousand Yards of Good Valenciennes Lace, all widths, value 15c to 25c
For 6c yard

O. LEMIRE & CO.,
1163 ST. JAMES STREET,
CORNER FULFORD.
Where all Cars Transfer.
Cash only. One Price Only.
OUR STORE CLOSES EVERY THURSDAY AT 6 O'CLOCK.

Whole Wheat Flour
For Brown Bread,
BRODIE & HARVIE,
10 Bleury Street.
The original makers of this article.

OUR . . .
"PEARL"
COPYING BOOK.
Is the best value in the market.
500 or 1,000 Pages, White Paper, 9 x 11, Full Bound Canvas, Titled.
$1.00 and $1.50 Each.
Special quotations for quantities.

MORTON, PHILLIPS & CO.,
Montreal.

MARRIAGE LICENSES,
INSOLVENT ESTATES.
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT,
107 St. James Street and
5 Selkirk Ave., Guy St.

R. A. DUNTON, B.C.L.,
NOTARY, &c.
Funds for Investment,
MARRIAGE LICENSES.
TEMPLE BUILDING, 185 St. James St.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF
The ROYAL ELECTRIC COMPANY,
The MONTREAL GAS COMPANY,
The MONTREAL LIGHT, HEAT & POWER COMPANY.

On and after the 27th instant the Transfer Books of the above three Companies will be in Room 13, Montreal Street Railway Building, and the executive office of THE MONTREAL LIGHT, HEAT & POWER COMPANY will be in the office of The Montreal Gas Company, New York Life Building.

THE MONTREAL LIGHT, HEAT & POWER COMPANY.
H. H. HENSHAW, Secretary-Treasurer.
Montreal, May 23rd, 1901.

MARRIAGE LICENSES
ISSUED.
MONEY TO LEND.
CUSHING & BARRON,
NOTARIES & COMMISSIONERS,
110 St. James street.

The Grand Old Staple
COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER.
Is NOT "Cheap" Goods, but "Good Goods" cheap.
Forty years on the market with continuous large sales, proves its high merit.

LINE ETCHINGS,
6c per square inch. Minimum for any single Etching, 50c; drawing extra, if required. Special rates for large quantities.
'WITNESS' PRINTING HOUSE,
Corner Craig and Bleury streets.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ceylon and India Tea,

GREEN OR BLACK.

A Strong Quartet of Virtues:

PURITY, CLEANLINESS,
ECONOMY, WHOLESOMENESS

For information regarding the Green Teas apply to CHAPUT, FILS & CIE.

"SALADA" Ceylon Teas are sold in Sealed Lead Packets only. Black, Mixed, Uncolored Ceylon Green. Free Samples sent.
Address "SALADA," Montreal.

THE SAXE FIRM WINS.

CITY MUST PAY FOR THOSE POLICE PANTS.

Judge Archibald rendered judgment, this morning, in the case of M. Saxe & Sons vs. the city. This will be remembered as a claim for $1,440.50, the price of summer pants made by the plaintiffs for officers and men of the police force, and which the Police Committee returned, after delivery, on the ground that they were of inferior quality and workmanship.

At the beginning of the year 1899, the plaintiffs tendered for and secured the contract for the making of both summer and winter pants for the police force. A first delivery of seven pairs of summer pants for officers and twenty-five pairs for the men was duly accepted, but a second instalment of forty pairs for officers and two hundred and ninety-four pairs for the men, was refused and returned, after the report of a sub-committee which declared that the cloth and trimmings were of inferior quality, and the work not satisfactory. The Messrs. Saxe then took out the present action claiming the price of the pants and declaring that they held them at the disposal of the city, which had returned them notwithstanding their protest.

The city pleaded, among other things, that the delivery was not made within the delays mentioned in the contract, and that the pants were not in conformity with the pattern furnished the tenderers. The Court set aside the plea concerning the time of delivery, the city having acquiesced in a delay. As to the plea that the sample pair was to be the standard, the Court held that, on the contrary, the specifications were to guide the contractor. This was the more apparent from the fact that, in one instance at least, the pattern pair differed from what the specifications called for. The specifications mentioned drill for making the pockets, and the pockets of the model pair were made of an entirely different material. The city could not, therefore, base its plea on the sample pair. On the other hand, the sub-committee which reported on the inferior quality of the pants, did so without referring to the specifications, and there was not one word of proof that the material and work were not according to the specifications. On the other hand, the plaintiffs furnished overwhelming proof that the articles were at least equal to what the specifications called for, both as regards the material and the work. Moreover, the city accepted and paid for, without any difficulty whatever, the winter pants made by the plaintiffs with material of the same kind. Under all those circumstances, judgment must go in favor of plaintiffs for the full amount of their claim, with costs.

MAISONNEUVE.

THE WATER & POWER CO. DECLINES THE COUNCIL'S INVITATION TO INSPECT THE PLUGS.

An adjourned meeting of the Maisonneuve council was held last night, Mayor Bleau presiding. Councillors Trudel, Lachapelle, Reed, Fortin and Poitras were present.

The secretary read the report of the fire committee, stating that an enquiry had been made into the burning of Brunel's Hotel, from which it appeared that the firemen reached the fire five minutes after the alarm had sounded. The hydrant nearest the hotel was found to be out of order; but the firemen got water from the other hydrants and went to work immediately and the fire was extinguished soon after. The persons who unfortunately lost their lives in the hotel were suffocated and in all probability their death took place before the arrival of the firemen. The report declares that no blame can attach to the brigade.

Mr. Geo. A. Slater having notified the council that the shoe factory is in operation and requested payment of the first instalment of the bonus, it was resolved that the council should go in a body to inspect the factory next Saturday.

The application of Mr. S. St. Michel for the annual grant of $25 to the Notre Dame Hospital was granted.

The report of the general committee stating that the pay-list of the Kingsbury Footwear Co. had been verified and all the employees found at work the secretary was authorized to pay the bonus.

Councillor Fortin asked what progress had been made with the collection of arrears of taxes. He referred particularly to licenses.

The secretary, Mr. Ecrement, replied that owners of dogs and proprietors of shops, such as butchers, who were indebted for licenses, had been notified that according to a resolution passed by the council they would be summoned to appear before the Recorder in default of payment within three days. As costs would be incurred he had asked for further instructions. He was prepared to take proceedings as soon as the Chief of Police had sent in his report if the council so desired. Of course some of these persons who were indebted for arrears of taxes had left the municipality.

Councillor Trudel said some of these debtors were in arrears two or three years for licenses; these were the parties who should be prosecuted. The secretary should know who they are as he had the roll in his possession and they ought to be made to pay up without delay.

The Water & Power Company sent a reply to the complaint about the condition of the hydrants, and the request to have them inspected every month. The company declines to accede to this request and declares it will not hold itself responsible for damages caused by hydrants, either by leakage or otherwise. The company had repaired the hydrants, and if any of them were in bad condition it was because they had not been used with proper care. The letter was referred to the general committee and council adjourned.

TENDER WAS SUFFICIENT.

Judge Langelier rendered judgment this morning in the case of Duncan H. McLennan vs. Thomas Forde. The plaintiff claimed $2,645.70 as the price of maple flooring furnished defendant for the new 'Star' building. Both parties agreed as to the quantity of wood furnished, but the difficulty was as to whether the measurement should be on the rough wood delivered to the mill, or on the wood as prepared and ready for use. The court held that the last mentioned interpretation was the one to be accepted, and consequently defendant's tender of $1,810 was declared sufficient, and the action was dismissed for the balance.

EMPLOYER NOT RESPONSIBLE.

Judge Doherty this morning dismissed the action in the case of Charles Seeley vs. Peter Ferns. The plaintiff claimed $1,999 damages on account of injuries received while working as hatchman loading a ship in the service of defendant, but the court held that the accident was in no way due to the fault or negligence of said defendant or his employees.

FATE OF THE SS. CROFT.'

BOTTLE PICKED UP SAYS SHE WAS SINKING IN MID-ATLANTIC.

London, May 23.—A bottle which was picked up at Granton to-day contained a message saying that the steamer 'Croft, with all hands, was sinking in mid-Atlantic.

The British steamer 'Croft,' (2,700 tons, of the Arrow line, Captain Land, laden with grain and general merchandise), sailed from New York on Jan. 25, 1899, for Leith and Dundee, with a crew of twenty-five men, and was never again heard of.

THE CUP RACES.

SIR THOMAS LIPTON ASKS FOR A POSTPONEMENT.

Southampton, May 23.— Sir Thomas Lipton has asked that the cup races be postponed until the first week in October.

IN GREAT DEMAND.

Mr. Marquette, provincial immigration agent, states that the demand for farm laborers in the Eastern Townships is larger than he ever remembers it. This demand he is meeting as fast as he can with the right kind of immigrants from the Old Country—people who had been carefully selected by the Self-Help Society, and who have had a good record. All such are placed at once. Indeed, situations are found for them before they come out. Many of this class have done very well, not a few coming to own prosperous farms.

DUKE OF YORK'S HUSSARS.

The Duke of York's Hussars have been busy for some time getting ready for the visit of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York, but are much disappointed over a delay in receiving uniforms, which are badly needed.

CITY ITEMS.

Judge Taschereau, this morning, rendered judgment in favor of plaintiff for $10,674.43, in the case of the Western Loan and Trust Company, Limited, on a note.

The sixth and last entertainment of the Windsor Hall popular course will take place next Tuesday evening, when Mr. J. Williams Macy, the great American humorist, will be the attraction.

The Federation of the Daughters of the Empire have taken and decorated boxes at the Empire Day entertainment at the Arena to-night. Box D will be occupied by the officers.

A small half-tone picture of Queen Victoria, with a memorial poem, will be given, through the courtesy of the Dominion Printing Company, to every one attending the Empire Day concert at the Arena this evening.

An inquest will be held this afternoon on the body of James Loney, the little boy who was run over by a street car yesterday at the corner of Ontario and Desery streets. The inquest starts at four o'clock at 117 Ontario street.

EMPIRE DAY.

Appropriate Exercises in the City Schools.

AN ADDRESS BY THE REV. DR. BARCLAY.

The celebration of Empire Day was begun this morning with patriotic exercises by the scholars in the city schools. These took the form of music, choruses and patriotic addresses, which seemed to be as heartily enjoyed by the scholars as by their friends who were present.

Promptly at 11.30 the pupils of the High School formed ranks and marched into the lecture room for the Empire Day exercises. The thousand or more of boys and girls, with their teachers, made a very beautiful sight, and the programme that had been arranged was very appropriate and well executed.

The Rev. E. I. Rexford, principal, presided, assisted by Prof. Couture at the piano and Prof. Walker as conductor of the singing. The programme consisted of choruses by the pupils, recitations by E. R. Macdonald and Frank Edgar, the cantata 'An hour in fairy land' by the High School girls' choir, an essay on 'Roberts, an inspiration,' by Miss Rosebud Michaels, and an address by the Rev. Dr. Barclay. A splendid portrait of Lord Roberts was displayed on an easel beside the essayist while the paper, which was a very interesting biographical sketch of the great general, was being read.

The Rev. Dr. Barclay's address was, as usual, an excellent one. He felt pleased and honored to have the privilege of attending the exercises. Empire Day commemorated the life of one who was connected with events dear in the memory of the past. The thoughts uppermost in his mind to-day were of Queen Victoria, the Dominion of Canada and the British Empire. The late Queen's lofty character and example were commended to the pupils in beautiful language. We should be proud of the Dominion, its origin, organization, federation, resources, industries and the pioneers in all callings of life who had made its early history. Nor were those who had built up its commerce, constructed its systems of steam and electric communication and in other ways brought our country into world-wide prominence and honor, to be forgotten. We could say with justifiable pride, 'I am a Canadian citizen; I am a British subject.' Should we, he asked, sell this our glorious birthright for what some called independence, which might be precariously held and ignominiously lost; or for annexation or any other paltry consideration. No, never! We respected the son and the daughter but we loved the mother. We were members, nay, part owners of an empire of unbounded wealth and unexampled greatness whose institutions were the noblest and constitution the freest this world ever knew. 'This,' said the doctor in closing, 'is your inheritance; glory in it. Do not live, however, in memories of the past. It is yours to keep and pass on, unsullied to future generations. There are to-day foes in our land which it is yours to oppose and vanquish. If you can do but little, do that and do it well. We look to your conduct and character for the future weal or woe of our land. Let your country never have cause to be ashamed of you.'

The doctor expressed profound thanks for the escape of our King from serious accident yesterday, and sat down amid prolonged cheers by the pupils.

The exercises closed with a standing vote of thanks to the doctor, proposed by Principal Rexford, and the singing of 'God save the King.'

TO-MORROW'S HOLIDAY.

Doubts were expressed around the Court House this morning as to whether to-morrow could be observed as a legal holiday in the civil courts of this province, even by the Governor-General sanctioning the special statute, this afternoon, on the ground that the administration of justice rests with the local government. Those doubts were soon dispelled, however, by the announcement that the Lieutenant-Governor had himself a proclamation ready to be signed immediately upon receipt of the news of the Governor-General's sanction and proclamation.

THE RECORDER SPEAKS.

On taking his seat on the bench this morning Mr. Recorder Weir made the following remarks: 'I'm pleased to observe and to announce that to-morrow having been declared a public holiday by parliament, this court will not hold its customary sessions. This holiday is always a delight, coming as it does at so appropriate a season. To-morrow there will be a double commemoration. The memory of Victoria the Great and Good will be cherished in all time, but to-morrow we celebrate also the birthday of King Edward VII., for whose providential escape yesterday from sudden death or injury we cannot too fervently congratulate. His first inquiry after the accident, 'Is anybody hurt?' proves him to be of the truly kingly type, showing personal bravery and solicitude for others also. We say more fervently than ever to-day: "God Save the King."'

AT OTHER PLACES.

St. John, N.B., May 23.—All the schools in St. John and throughout New Brunswick observed Empire Day with interesting exercises attended by trustees and many leading citizens. The children contributed interesting patriotic programmes dealing largely with the life of the late Queen. Many addresses were given on Empire topics. At some schools there were flag raisings.

Ottawa, May 23.—Empire Day is being celebrated by the school children in their own particular class rooms with recitations, singing, etc. The reason for not holding a combined celebration this year is on account of a review of the school children which takes place on Friday, May 31.

Toronto, May 23.—The celebration of Empire Day, originally set for to-day has been postponed until May 31.

Winnipeg, May 23.—The celebration of Empire Day by the public schools began last evening, when 1,800 children entertained their friends at the Auditorium with fancy drills by the girls, calisthenics by the boys, and patriotic songs by the combined schools. The building was very handsomely decorated. The walls, bearing banners, were inscribed with words expressing the patriotic sentiment of the schools.

London, Ont., May 23.—Empire Day was observed in London in a befitting manner by the school children of the various schools. The afternoon was declared a holiday, and many of the schools formed processions and marched to Victoria Park, where patriotic addresses were delivered.

Vancouver, B.C., May 23.—Empire Day is being royally celebrated here by all the schools. This morning special instructions were given on the empire's growth and future. This afternoon mass meetings are being held, at which addresses bearing upon empire topics are to be delivered by prominent citizens.

BANDMASTER RESIGNS.

FOUND THE DUTIES AT PRESENT TOO EXACTING.

Considerable surprise has been caused in police circles by the resignation of Constable Henri Cordenier, instructor and leader of the police band. Under the instructions of the chairman, Mr. Cordenier has for some time been obliged to conduct four evening rehearsals of the police band each week, and has besides had to perform ordinary constable's duty during the day at No. 8 station. Heretofore he was detailed for special and less exacting police duties. Mr. Cordenier complained to the police committee that the duty was so exacting that his health was suffering, and that he had had to call in the services of Dr. Bouchard. As this resulted in no improvement, he sent in his resignation to Lieut.-Colonel Hughes, who is still superintendent of police.

The resignation comes in awkwardly just now, while the police band, which has been under Mr. Cordenier's charge for eight years, is rehearsing in preparation for the approaching royal visit.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE MR. J. W. R. BRUNET.

The funeral of the late Mr. J. W. R. Brunet took place this morning at 8.15 o'clock, from his residence, No. 598 Delorimier avenue. The attendance was immensely large and testified to the great popularity of deceased. There were no pall-bearers, and the chief mourners were deceased's father, Ald. Brunet; his son,



THE LATE MR. J. W. R. BRUNET.

Paul Brunet; his uncle, Geo. Brunet; his brothers-in-law, Messrs. H: Lionnais, M. Thivierge, R. Thivierge; his cousins, J. Bousquet, R. Brunet, and others relatives.

Nearly all the members of the City Council and a large number of civic officials were present in the cortege. The members of the Club Canadien, of which Mr. Brunet was a past-president, attended in a body, and the rest of the long procession was composed of the numerous friends which deceased had made in his business and social relations. The service was held in the Church of the Immaculate Conception, the Rev. Father Adam, S.J., officiating, with the Rev. Father L. Lalonde, S.J., as deacon, and the Rev. Father Besson, of Montfort, as sub-deacon. A large number of priests were present, and the church was heavily draped in mourning. After the service, the remains were taken to the Cote des Neiges cemetery for interment.

STOLE DENTAL GOODS.

Some time between Saturday afternoon and Monday morning thieves entered the residence of Dr. J. H. Fortin, 648 St. Denis street, and stole about $140 worth of goods, consisting of platinum, rubber, gold, twenty sets of false teeth, which were taken from the office, and a quantity of wire, which was kept in the cellar. The doctor is fond of fishing and shooting and the thieves found some hunting bags which they made use of to carry their booty away in. The doctor's loss will be covered by insurance, which he carried in the Dominion Burglary Guarantee Company.

KILLED BY A CART.

THOMAS DELACOURT CRUSHED AGAINST WALL OF BUILDING.

Thomas Delacourt, an employee of the Foreign Cheese Importing Company, 12 St. Peter street, died at the General Hospital yesterday from injuries received while at work on Monday. A truck was being unloaded in rear of the company's office, and Delacourt jumped down behind it, when it backed up, crushing him against the wall of the building, and inflicting internal injuries which necessitated his removal to the hospital, where an operation was performed, but was unsuccessful.

An inquest was held this morning on the death of Joseph Delacourt, who died yestreday from being crushed against a wall by a cart on Normand street. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

LOCAL STOCKS

There was a weak and scattered market this morning, and trading was insignificant outside of Dominion Cotton and Montreal Power. The former opened 1½ point higher than yesterday's close, but fell off fractionally. There are some who look for great things in this and other cotton stocks. It may be noted that a single sale of Montreal Cotton went at 132, or two points higher than yesterday. Power was also stronger.

MORNING BOARD.

C.P.R.—5 at 103½.
M.S.R.—125 at 285¼.
Twin City—275 at 76¼, 25 at 76½.
Tor. Railway—25 at 109½.
Republic—500 at 14, 250 at 14.
New M.S.R.—25 at 284, 50 at 283½.
Montreal Power — 8 at 96, 25 at 96¼, 14 at 96½, 170 at 96, 25 at 95⅞, 425 at 96, 50 at 96⅛, 10 at 96.
Richelieu—25 at 115¼.
Royal Electric—1 at 240.
Dom. Steel pref.—25 at 85½.
Mont. Cotton—25 at 132.
Dom. Cotton—75 at 76, 50 at 76¼, 150 at 76½, 25 at 76¼, 125 at 76, 7 at 75½, 130 at 76, 25 at 75½, 25 at 75½.
Dom. Coal com.—25 at 35.
Laurentide Pulp Bonds—$5,000 at 105.
Merchant Cotton—25 at 120.
Quebec Bank—20 at 117, 14 at 116.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

C.P.R.—100 at 103, 75 at 102½, 25 at 102⅛.
Mont. Power—50 at 97, 155 at 98, 125 at 98, 25 at 98, 25 at 98, 350 at 98, 50 at 98.
M.S.R.—100 at 285, 50 at 285.
New M.S.R.—25 at 283.
Twin City—125 at 76½, 150 at 76¼, 50 at 76¼.
Dom. Cotton—25 at 75, 10 at 75½.
Richelieu—10 at 116½, 50 at 115½, 25 at 115½, 50 at 115½.
Dom. Coal com.—50 at 34½.
Dom. Steel pref.—125 at 85½.
Dom. Steel Bonds—2,000 at 88.
Can. Col. Cotton—25 at 67.

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler, Stock Brokers
1734 Notre Dame Street.

AFTERNOON BOARD

Stocks	Sellers per $100	Buyers per $100	Stocks	Sellers per $100	Buyers per $100
Can. Pacific	102⅝	102	Com. Cable	183¾	182½
Duluth Com.	11	....	Richelieu	117	115½
Do. Pfd	20	....			
STREET RAILWAYS.					
Montreal St.°	285¼	284¾	Toronto St	110	109
" New	284½	283	Twin Cy Tr.	76½	76¼
Mon'l St. Rts.	....	....	" pfd.	....	140
Halifax Elec.	92	89	St. John Ry.	....	117
Ottawa Elec.	....	....			
MISCELLANEOUS.					
Mutl. Teleg.	171	167	Bell Tel	175	170
Mont'l Gas	245	....	Hlfx H & L.	....	....
Mont'l. Power	98	97¾	Dom. Coal.	....	....
do new stock	....	....	" pfd	....	....
Windsor Htl.	....	....	Peo. H & L.	....	....
COTTONS.					
Mont'l Cot.	136	131	Dominon	76	75
Can. Col. Cot	70	66	Merchants.	120	....
Mont'cy Cot. Co.	....	....			
MINES.					
War Eagle	25	....	Payne Min.	30	25
Repub Con.	15	11	Mont. Lond.	....	....
Virtue Mg. Co	15	9½	North Star	....	60
Laurentide Pulp Co	....	....			
Dom Steel Com	35	32			
pfd.	85½	84¼			
BANKS					
Montreal	Xd.	254	E Townships	....	....
Ontario	123	123	Quebec°	118¾	....
Molsons	200	198	Union°	103½	....
Toronto	250	....	Commerce	....	....
Jcq. Cartier	....	....	Dominion	....	....
Merchants	....	156	National	....	....
Mrch of Hlfx	180	175	Hochelaga	....	....
Nova Scotia	235	232	Brit. N. Am.	....	....
Imperial	....	....	Ottawa	....	....
BONDS.					
Dom Cotton	....	....	Com. Cable	105	100
Hlfx. Ht. & Lt.	....	....	" Rgd	....	100
Hlfx. Tram.	104	100	Col. Cotton	99	98
Land Grant	....	....	Bell Tel	....	....
N. W. Land pfd	....	....	Dom. Coal	....	....
" com	....	....	" pfd.	....	....
Halifax Ry.	....	....	R. & O. N. Co.	....	....
W. L'n Trust	....	....	L. & Mor. Co.	....	....
Fgtn Coke & Cl	....	....	In'l. Coal Co.	....	....
D'mnd Gl's Co.	....	....	pfd.	....	....
P. H. & L.	65	....	Cable Coup.	....	....
M'cy. Cotton	....	....	Laurentide P.	....	....
Dom Iron & S.	....	....			

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, May 23, Wall Street—Opening prices of stocks showed continued strength for most of these which were strong in yesterday's market. Others showed fractional declines. Changes did not reach a point in many cases, and dealings were small except in Erie, in which first sales were of 8,000 shares at 41½ to 41¾ compared with 41⅜ last night. The stock market opened irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST
(Furnished by J. R. Meeker.)
Opening and Closing Prices—10 a.m. and 3 p.m

Atchison	78	75¾
Atchison pfrd	98⅜	97
Can. Pacific	103	102
Can. Southern	66½	66½
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	196	196
Clev. C.C. & St. Louis	80¼	80¼
Baltimore and Ohio	....	....
Baltimore & Ohio pref	....	....
Com. Cable	....	....
Great Northern pfd	....	....
B. O	104	102½
B.O. pr	93⅞	93¼
Del. & Hud	165	163½
Del. Lack & West	....	....
Erie	41¾	39⅞
Ill. Central	139¼	139¼
Louis & Nash	102⅛	101⅛
Lake Shore	....	....
Manhattan Consolidated	114	113¾
Missouri Pacific	104	104½
North American	....	....
Nor. Pacific	171	205
Nor. Pacific pfd	97½	97½
Southern Pacific	47½	47
New Jersey Central	....	....
Nor. West	....	....
N.Y. Central	151⅞	149
Omaha, Common	....	....
Pacific Mail	....	....
Reading, Philadelphia	413¼	41⅝
Richmond, Terminal	....	....
United States Leather	78	77½
Rock Island Chico & Pacific	15½	152¾
St. Paul, Chico & Minn	....	....
St. Paul, Min & Man	161⅞	160
Texas Pacific	47	45½
Third Avenue	....	....
Union Pacific	102⅛	100½
Federal Steel	....	....
" pfd	....	....
American Steel & Wire	....	....
Wabash Com	....	....
Wabash pfd	42	40
Western Union Tel	....	....
Sugar	148	146
Lead	22⅛	19
Gas, Chicago	115¼	113¾
Gen. Electric	223¾	222
B. R.T	76½	75¾
Tol. Ann Arbor & Nor. Mich	....	....
Rubber, M.R.	21	20½
Rubber pfd	....	....
Met. Traction	166¾	167½
Tenn. Coal and I.	56½	56⅝
Am. Copper	....	....
Southern Railway	....	....
Consolidated Gas	....	....
Louisville, K.Y.	....	....
N. Y. Gas	....	....
Chicago, Ill & P.	....	....
U.S. Steel, Com.	....	....
U. S. Steel pfd.	....	....

Reported for the Witness by G. N. Marler Banker and Broker, 1721 Notre Dame st.

	Buyers.	Sellers.	Counter.
New York Funds	1-32 prem	3-64 prem	⅛ to ¼ prem
Sterling, 60 days	9 1-16	9⅛	9¼ to 9⅜
Sterling, Demand	9 13-16	9⅞	10 to 10⅛
Sterling Cable	10⅛	10 3-16	10¼
Paris Cheques	5.15		

TORONTO MINING EXCHANGE.

Toronto, May 23.—Morning sales:
War Eagle—500 at 20⅞.
White Bear—4,000 at 1½.
Cariboo McKinney—2,000 at 39.
Centre Star—1,000 at 48½.
North Star—300 at 61½.
Exchange adjourned until Monday.

BANK STATEMENT.

London, May 23.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve, increased	£227,000
Circulation, decreased	95,000
Bullion, increased	131,000
Other securities, decreased	5,250,000
Other deposits, decreased	8,319,000
Public deposits, increased	3,899,000
Notes reserve, increased	124,000
Gov't securities, increased	406,000

The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liability is 48.31 percent. Last week it was 43.69 percent. Rate of discount unchanged at 4 percent.

CHICAGO MARKETS

Range of prices on Chicago Board of Trade, May 23, 1901:

	Opening.	High.	Low.	23rd Closing	22nd Closing
Wheat—					
May	74¼	74⅝	73¾	73⅞	74
July	73⅜	74	72⅞	73⅛	73⅞
Corn—					
May	47½	47½	43	43¼	46
July	44⅜	44½	44	44⅛	44⅜
Oats—					
May	30	30⅛	29	29½	30
July	28⅞	28⅞	28½	28¾	28⅞
Pork—					
May	....	....	....	14.67	14.65
July	14.82	14.82	14.72	14.72	14.77
Lard					
May	8.22	8.22	8.15	8.15	8.17
July	8.20	8.20	8.12	8.12	8.17
Short Ribs—					
May	8.32	8.40	8.27	8.27	8.32
July	8.00	8.02	7.97	7.97	7.95

MECKLENBURG STRELITZ BANK.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING STORMY AND SENSATIONAL.

Berlin, May 23.—The meeting at Neu-Strelitz yesterday of the stockholders of the Mecklenburg—Strelitz Mortgage Bank was stormy and sensational. The bank is a creation of the Pomeranian Mortgage Bank, whose directors were arrested on Saturday. Yesterday's meeting showed a similar state of affairs as in the case of the Prussian Octien Bank and Deutsche Grundschuld Bank, circumventing the law against lending upon unimproved property by making heavy loans to sub-companies speculating in real estate. The meeting showed that most of the loans secured were secret mortgages, the Pomeranian Bank holding the first mortgages. The bank loaned 21,000,000 marks in 1899 on land in the Berlin suburbs of Pankow, which the Immobilien Verkhrs Bank, a real estate speculative creation of the Pomeranian Bank bought in 1898 for three million marks. An attempt was made yesterday to oust the directors, but it failed. The shares and obligations of the above banks have fallen heavily. The other mortgage banks are not affected.

FUNERAL OF MR. MARTIN H. WATTS.

The funeral of Mr. Martin H. Watts, secretary of the Montreal Street Railway Co., took place this afternoon at 2.30 o'clock from St. Martin's Church. The funeral service was conducted by the Rev. G. Osborne Troop, rector of the church. The chief mourner was Mr. Robert Fullerton, step-son of the deceased. The casket, which was placed within the altar rails, was completely covered with a number of very beautiful floral tributes. In the course of the service the Rev. Mr. Troop made touching reference to the premature death of the deceased. At the conclusion of the service the funeral procession was formed and proceeded to Mount Royal Cemetery, where the interment took place.

A large number of friends and acquaintances of the deceased were in attendance, including the Hon. L. J. Forget, president of the Montreal Street Railway Company; Messrs. Jas, Ross, vice-president; F. L. Wanklyn, general manager; W. G. Ross, comptroller; Matthew Kennedy, superintendent; J. B. Ingersoll, rolling stock superintendent; J. S. Vindon, construction superintendent; H. G. Taylor, mechanical superintendent; C. S. Campbell, K.C., solicitor to the company; Dr. Marsolais, the company's physician; L. Landers, cashier; Patrick Dube, J. C. Carter, George K. Lanigan, J. Kitto, H. Mallison, Percival St. George, M. Cochenthaler, J. Strubbe and many others. There were also present some one hundred and fifty motormen and conductors in uniform.

DIED.

McQUAIG — At Dr. Gardner's Hospital, Montreal, on Saturday, May 18, 1901, Margaret Helen McQuat, beloved wife of Thomas McCuaig, of Winchester Springs, Ont., in her 36th year, after prolonged suffering, borne with Christian patience and fortitude. The deceased was a daughter of James McQuat, of Inkerman, Ont., and a sister of J. W. McQuat, of Lachute, Que. 22

Financial.

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113 St. Francois Xavier St.
W. H. WEIR. P. H. WEIR.
Members Montreal Stock Exchange.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Single-Breasted SACK SUITS

Having Double Breasted Vests.

The Best Material and Best Fitting Suit in the Trade, for . . **$10**

We have them in great variety.

WM. CURRIE, Clothier,

1967 Notre Dame St.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

(Sunday Arrangements Omitted.)

In effect MAY 1st, 1901.

N.Y. Central trains leave Windsor Station

For Malone, Utica, Albany and New York, 8.25 a.m. daily except Sunday, 7.00 p.m. daily.

For Valleyfield and intermediate points 9.25 a.m. except Sat. and Sunday. 1.35 p.m. **Saturday only.** 5.10 p.m. daily except Sunday.

Arrive as follows:

From New York, Albany, Utica and Malone, 9.45 a.m. daily, 9.20 p.m. daily except Sunday.

From Valleyfield and intermediate points, 8.25 a. m. except Sunday. 4.25 p.m. Saturday only. 3.40 .m. except Saturday and Sunday.

C. P. R. trains leave Windsor Street Station as follows:

In effect MAY 25th, 1901.

For Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo, 8.55 a.m., 9.30 p.m. daily.

For St. Johns, Farnham, etc., 9.00 a.m., 1.40 p.m. Sat., 4.30 p.m., 7.45 p.m. daily, (8.05 p.m. daily except Saturday).

For Boston, Manchester, etc., 9.00 a.m., 7.45 p.m. daily.

For Sherbrooke, 8.00 a.m., 1.40 p.m. Sat., 4.30 p.m. Sherbrooke, St. John, N.B., and Halifax, N.S., 8.05 p.m., Saturdays excepted.

For Newport, etc., 9.00 a.m., 4.30 p.m., and 7.45 p.m. daily.

For Pt. Fortune and intermediate stations, 5.15 p.m., (except Saturdays and Sundays) Saturdays, 1.30 p.m.

For Chicago, Detroit, Hamilton, Toronto, Smith's Falls, and Peterboro, 8.55 a.m., 9.30 p.m. daily.

For Sault Ste. Marie, St. Paul, Minneapolis, etc., 10 p.m. daily.

For Ottawa, 9.30 a.m., 9.55 a.m., 4.10 p.m., 6.15, *10 p.m. daily.

For Winnipeg, Vancouver, Victoria, 9.30 a.m.

Trains arrive at Windsor Street Station as follows:

From St. Johns, Farnham, etc., 8.20 a.m. daily 8.35 a.m. (except Monday), 9.40 a.m. Mondays, 11.55 a.m. and 9.15 p.m.

From Boston, 8.20 a.m. daily, and 9.15 p.m.

From Sherbrooke, 8.35 a.m. except Monday, 9.40 a.m. Mondays, and 11.55 a.m., 9.15 p.m.

From Halifax, N.S., St. John, N.B., Lake Megantic and Sherbrooke, 8.35 a.m., (daily except Monday.)

From Toronto and West, 7.50 a.m. daily, and 7.00 p.m.

From St. Paul, Sault Ste. Marie and Ottawa, 4.00 a.m. daily.

From Vancouver 6.10 p.m.

From Ottawa, 8 a.m. daily, 11.20 a.m., 6.10 p.m. 6.40 p.m.

Leave Place Viger Station

For Quebec, 8.20 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 11 p.m. daily.

For Joliette and St. Gabriel, 8.20 a.m., 5.10 p.m.

For Ottawa, 8.30 a.m., 5.40 p.m.

For St. Eustache, 4.30 p.m.

For St. Jerome, 9 a.m. (1.45 p.m. Sat. only), 5.30 p.m. and 6.15 p.m. except Saturdays and Sundays.

For St. Agathe, 9 a.m., 1.25 p.m. Saturday only 5.30 p.m.

For St. Rose, St. Therese and intermediate stations, 8.30 a.m., 9 a.m., 4.30 p.m., 5.30, (6.15 p.m. except Saturday and Sunday). 1.45 p.m. Sat.

Arrive at Place Viger Station:

From Quebec, Three Rivers, 6.30 a.m., 2.10 p.m. and 6.30 p. m. daily. Ottawa and Lachute, 12.53 p. m., 10.00 p.m. St. Jerome, 8.35 a.m., 9.50 a.m., 7.05 p.m., St. Lin and St. Eustache, 8.35 a.m., Joliette, St. Felix de Valois and St. Gabriel, 8.50 a.m. and 6.20 p.m.

WM. F. EGG,
City Pass. Agent, 129 St. Jamesstreet.
Telephone, Main, 3732.
Telephone, Main 3733.

G. T. R. trains leave Bonaventure as follows:

7.00 a.m.—Hemmingford, Huntingdon, Ft. Covington and Massena Springs.
7.40 a.m.—Toronto, Valleyfield, Ottawa and Hawkesbury.
8.00 a.m.—Quebec, Sherbrooke, Portland, and Yamaska.
8.40 a.m.—New York via D. & H.
8.55 a.m.—Chambly, Marieville, Granby, Waterloo.
9.00 a.m.—Toronto, Detroit, Chicago, Buffalo.
9.01 a.m.—New York and Boston, via C.V.R.
9.15 a.m.—Ottawa, Valleyfield, and O.A. & P.S. Ry.
1.45 p.m.—St. Johns, St. Albans.
4.00 p.m.—Sherbrooke, Island Pond, and Arthabaska.
4.10 p.m.—Hemmingford, Huntingdon and Ft. Covington.
4.10 p.m.—Ottawa, Valleyfield.
4.45 p.m.—St. Johns, Rouses Point, Waterloo.
5.00 p.m.—Chambly, Marieville, Granby, Waterloo.
5.15 p.m.—Brockville.
5.00 p.m.—St. Hyacinthe, Sorel.
5.15 p.m.—Ottawa.
6.50 p.m.—New York and Boston, via C.V.R.
7.00 p.m.—New York, via D. & H.
7.15 p.m.—Chambly and St. Cesaire.
8.00 p.m.—Toronto.
8.30 p.m.—Quebec, Sherbrooke and Portland.
9.00 p.m.—Boston and New York, via C.V.R.
10.00 p.m.—Toronto, Detroit and Chicago.

Trains Arrive Bonaventure Station

7.00 a.m.—Portland and Quebec.
7.15 a.m.—New York, via D. & H.
7.25a.m.—New York, Troy, Boston and C. V. R. points.
7.30a.m.—Chicago, Detroit and Toronto.
7.40 a.m.—New York and Boston, via C.V.R.
8.50a.m.—Sorel, St. Hyacinthe.
8.50 a.m.—Fort Covington.
9.05 a.m.—Rouse Point.
9.50 a.m.—Brockville.
11.20 a.m.—Ottawa and Valleyfield.
11.30 a.m.—Island Pond, Sherbrooke.
2.40 p.m.—St. Johns.
4.00 p.m.—Massena Springs.
6.00 p.m.—Chicago, Detroit, Toronto.
6.45 p.m.—Toronto.
6.40 p.m.—Ottawa and Valleyfield.
6.50 p.m.—Quebec, Portland, Yamaska.
8.20 p.m.—Boston, via C.V.R.
8.45 p.m.—New York via D. & H.
10.10 p.m.—Ottawa.
10.15 p.m.—New York and Boston, via C.V.R.

Suburban Train Service.

For Lachine—5.00, 6.25, 7.40, 9.30 a.m., 12.10, 1.30, (ex. Sat.) 2.15 (Sat. only), 4.15, 5.15, 5.45, 7.35 8.00, 9.00, 11.25 p.m. For Lachine wharf, 6.35, 8.00 a.m., 12.10, noon, 1.35 (Sat. only), 5.00, 6.20 p.m.

For Ste. Annes and Vaudreuil—6.25, 7.40, 9.30 a.m., 1.30, 2.15 Sat. only), 4.10, 4.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 8.00, 9.00, 10.30, 11.25 p.m.

For Dorval—5.00, 6.25, 7.30, 7.40, 9.30 a.m., 12.10 noon, 1.30, 2.15 (Sat. only), 4.15, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 7.35, 9.00, 11.25 p.m.

For Longueuil—8.00 a.m., 5.00, 6.30 p.m.

For Cote St. Paul—7.00, 6.25, 8.40 a.m., 12.15 5.15, 6.25 p.m.

For St. Lambert—5.45, 7.00, 8.00, 8.40, 8.55, 9.00, 10.00, 1.25, 4.00, 4.45, 5.00, 5.30, 6.30, 6.50, 7.00, 7.15, 8.00, 9.00, 11.15 p.m.

City Ticket Offices, 137 St. James st., (W. H. Clancey, Agent), and Bonaventure station.

Intercolonial Trains leave Bonaventure Depot as follows:

For St. Hyacinthe, Quebec, Campbellton, Moncton, St. John, Truro, Sydney and Halifax, noon daily, except Saturday.

For St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Quebec and intermediate stations, 7.40 a.m. daily, except Sunday.

For St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Quebec, Cacouna, Little Metis and Campbellton, 11.30 p.m. daily, except Sunday.

For St. Lambert, Boucherville, St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Nicolet and intermediate stations, 4.30 p.m. daily except Sunday.

Trains Arrive Bonaventure Depot as follows:

From Halifax, Sydney, Truro, Moncton, St. John, Campbellton, Quebec, Drummondville, St. Hyacinthe, 5.30 p.m. daily, except Monday.

From Quebec, Levis, Drummondville, St. Hyacinthe and intermediate stations, 10 p.m. daily except Sunday.

From St. John, Moncton, Campbellton, Quebec, Drummondville and St. Hyacinthe, 10.30 p.m, daily, except Sunday.

From Nicolet, Drummondville, St. Hyacinthe, Belœil, St. Lamberts and intermediate stations at 10.55 a.m. daily except Sunday.

J. W. BRYSON,
City Pass. Agent, 143 St. James st.
Telephone, Main 615.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUMMER HATS



Men's, Youths' and Boys'

DERBYS, SOFT HATS, STRAW HATS, GOLF and OUTING CAPS.

Prices 75c to $3.00.

NELSON'S 2288 St. Catherine Street, —AND— 1864 Notre Dame Street.

COMMERCIAL

Montreal Wholesale Markets.

WITNESS OFFICE,
May 23, 1901.

There is a good firm tone in the grain market, but trade is dull as holders will not part at present prices. In other lines the influence of the approaching holiday is having the effect of making the market quiet though prices are steady to firm. A slight increase in the demand for potash has stimulated prices. As high as $4.50 has been paid and the market is steady.

GRAIN — No. 1 Ontario spring wheat, afloat May, 76½c; peas, 75½c afloat; No. 1 oats, 36¼c; No. 2 do., at 35½c; buckwheat, 62½c; rye, 58½c, and No. 2 barley, 53c.

FLOUR—Manitoba patents, $4.30; strong bakers, $3.90 to $4; straight rollers, $3.30 to $3.50; in bags at $1.67½; Ontario patents, $3.75 to $4.

FEED—Manitoba bran at $17; shorts at $19; Ontario bran in bulk, $17.50; shorts in bulk at $17.50 to $18.

ROLLED OATS—We quote millers' prices to jobbers, $3.50 to $3.60 per barrel, and $1.70 to $1.72½ in bags.

HAY—No. 1, $11 to $11.50; No. 2, $10 to $10.50; clover, $8 to $8.50 per ton in car lots on track.

BEANS—We quote at $1.50 for primes.

PROVISIONS—Dressed hogs, $8.50 to $9.50 according to weight and size of order; bacon, 14c to 15c; hams, 12½c to 14c; heavy Canadian short cut mess pork at $20 per barrel; pure Canadian lard, 11½c to 12½c per lb.; compound refined, 7¼c to 8c per lb.

EGGS—Fair sized lots of No. 1 at 11½c to 12c; No. 2, 10c to 10½c.

BUTTER—Choice creamery at 18c to 19c; fresh dairy, 15½c to 16c; held creamery at 12½c; dairy, 11c.

CHEESE—8¼c to 8¼c for Quebec, and 8¼c to 8½c for western.

MAPLE PRODUCTS—New syrup, 6½c per lb., in wood; 70c to 75c per tin; sugar, 9c to 10c per lb.

POTATOES—Prices are easier at 38c to 40c in bags.

ASHES—Firsts, $4.20 to $4.50.

LIVE STOCK MARKET—May 23.

There were about 200 head of butchers' cattle, 1,000 calves and 500 sheep and lambs offered for sale at the East End abattoir to-day. The butchers were out strong, but trade in cattle was very slow owing to the unusually high prices at which they were held, small-sized prime beeves were held at from 5¼c to 5½c per lb., but 5¼c was about the highest bid. Pretty good cattle sold at from 4c to 5c per lb., and the common stock at from 3c to 4c do. Bulls sold at from 3¼c to 4½c per lb.; milkmen's strippers sold at from 3¾c to 4½c do. Calves sold at from $2 to $10 each. Mr. J. B. Gregoire bought 10 good calves at $7 each. Shippers paid 4c per lb. for good large sheep and the butchers paid from 4c to 4½c per lb. for yearlings. Spring lambs sold at from $2.50 to $4 each. Fat hogs sold at from 7c to 7¼c per lb. for good lots, weighed off the cars. Mixed lots of hogs sold at about 6¾c per lb. There has been a very active demand and unusually high prices paid for good milch cows lately. A milkman paid $57 each for four good cows, and another milkman paid $45 each for nine moderately good milkers, nd a number of other cows were sold at from $40 to $50 each.

FRUIT SALES.

The SS. 'Escalonia's' cargo of fruit, consisting of 10,000 boxes of oranges and 9,000 boxes of lemons, was sold at the Montreal Fruit Exchange Auction Company's rooms yesterday. The attendance of buyers was small, there being very few visitors present; in consequence, the bidding was not as spirited as at the previous sales, and only a small portion of the offerings will go to the United States. The feature of the sale was the weakness in the market for lemons, and all grades sold lower than at the previous sales, with the exception of extremely fancy, for which the market was as strong as at any previous date this season. The prices realized for fancy lemons show a decline of 25c per box, and choice, 30c. Messina lemons sold at $1.45 to $3.65 per box, and Sorrentos, 80c to $2.15. Messina oranges, Rounds, sold at 75c to $1 per box; Ovals, $1 to $1.25; Catania oranges, Ovals, sold at $1 to $1.40; Rounds, 65c to $1.10; Sorrento oranges sold at $1 to $1.70 per box, and at 65c to $1.20 per half-box

ADVERTISEMENTS.

CANCER GERMS COMPLETELY DESTROYED.

The New Treatment Kills the Cancer and Cures the Disease.

For every disease germ there ought to be a specific antidote. That is the principle on which scientists are working at the present day. For the germ of Malaria, the antidote is Quinine. For the germ of Diphtheria, there is the anti-diphtheritic serum. For the germs that cause Smallpox, Typhoid Fever, Scarlet Fever and the like, there has not yet been found a specific antidote.

For the germ causing Cancer, an efficient antidotal treatment has been in vogue for some time, and numbers of people who have availed themselves of it, have been cured without the necessity of a painful and dangerous operation.

So thoroughgoing is this treatment, that it destroys the Cancer germ completely, removes the Cancer, root and branch, and not a vestige remains to again come back and cause trouble.

STOTT & JURY, Bowmanville, Ont., send full particulars of this treatment to anyone on receipt of 2 stamps. All correspondence strictly confidential.

CHEESE BOARDS.

Stirling, Ont., May 22.—At the cheese board to-day 800 boxes of white were boarded. Sales:—Alexander, 200 boxes at 8 7-16; Bird, 345 at 8½; Watkins, 100 at 8 7-16c; balance unsold. Board adjourned for one week.

Picton, Ont., May 22.—At our cheese board to-day 16 factories boarded 985 boxes, 155 colored and 362 white; highest bid, 8¾c; all sold.

Peterborough, Ont., May 22—At the first cheese sale held here to-day about 1,900 colored cheese were offered for sale, being first half of May make; the highest bid was 8¼c; at that price, in round figures, Fitzgerald bought 800 boxes; Bailey, 700; Kerr, 600; one factory getting 1 1-6c more to complete the quantity the buyer wanted. Th board then adjourned for two weeks. Buyers present: Whitton, Fitzgerald, Kerr, Wrighton, Rollins, Bailey, Squires and Moore.

Richmond, Que., May 23.—The Richmond Dairyman's Board of Trade will meet in their salesroom at the Court House on Tuesday, May 28, at 1 p.m., for the purpose of selling butter and cheese. It is expected that a large number of factories will board their butter and cheese, and buyers are requested to attend.

RECEIPTS BY RAIL AND CANAL.

	C.P.R.	G.T.R.	Canal.
Wheat, bush	—	63,000	38,750
Corn, bush	—	26,800	49,059
Peas, bush	4,500	—	—
Oats, bush	3,000	2,200	74,024
Barley, bush	3,000	2,500	—
Flour, brls	300	150	—
Eggs, cases	487	846	174
Butter, pkgs	1,087	1,243	—
Cheese, bxs	2,667	1,312	1,338

MANITOBA CROPS.

CROP LOOKS WELL, AND PROMISES 40 MILLION BUSHELS FOR EXPORT.

Winnipeg, Man., May 22.—As the crops look now it would appear that we will have a forty million bushel crop for export, said Mr. Charles C. Castle, the Government Warehouse Commissioner, this morning, to a reporter, referring to the bright prospects for a heavy crop in the district that comes under his inspection. A yield of forty million bushels would be exceptionally heavy, even for the fruitful soil of Manitoba, but Mr. Castle, who has been through the province, and has reliable information, believes that the growing time for grain has arrived, and that all the big harvests of previous years will be eclipsed. There is an exceptionally large area under seed, and, judging by the present growth, the yield will be enormous. It is anticipated that at least 12,000 men will have to be brought in to assist with the harvest, if everything pans out according to promise.

EUROPEAN GRAIN MARKETS.

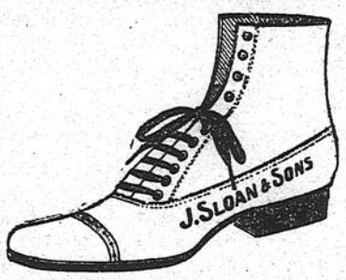
London, May 23.—On passage, wheat rather firmer; maize quieter and hardly any demand; country wheat markets steady.

Liverpool, May 23—Spot wheat firm; and maize quiet; futures, wheat quiet; July, 5s 11⅝d; Sept., 5s 10⅝d; maize dull; July, 3s 11⅝d; Sept., 3s 11¼d.

Paris, May 23.—Wheat, May, 20.10; July and Aug., 20.75; flour quiet; May, 25.45; July and Aug., 25.95; country market is firm.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

London, May 23.—The stock exchange committee for general purposes decided today to suspend the buying in of Northern Pacific shares until June 10.



Summer Footwear....

Men's Kid and Box Calf Lace Boots, Goodyear Welt, from $3.00

Men's Kid Low Shoe, Goodyear Welt - - - - - $3.00

Ladies' Kid Button and Lace Boots, Goodyear Welt . $3.00 up.

Ladies' Kid Button and Lace Boots, machine sewn . $1.25 up.

Ladies' Kid Button Strap and Lace Shoe. . . . . 75c up.

Boys' and Girls' School Boots, from . . . . . $1.00 up.

Little Gent's Boots, sizes 7 to 10 1-2, from 90c up. Child's Boots, in large variety.

TELEPHONE ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION....



J. Sloan & Sons,

Corner St. Antione and Mountain Sts.

Bell Tel. Up 2417

WANT ADS.

—FOR THE—

WITNESS

May be left with

WM. DRYSDALE & CO.,
Booksellers and Stationers,
2478 St. Catherine street,

OR WITH

R. TURNER, Grocer,
Point St. Charles, 60 Wellington Street,
West of Subway.

Classified Advertisements.

CASH TARIFF.

Situation Vacant.
Situation Wanted.
Pupils Wanted.
Rooms To Let.
Articles Found.
Secondhand Articles Wanted or For Sale.

20 WORDS FOR 10 CENTS.

½c for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

Property For Sale or To Let.
Other Articles For Sale.

25 WORDS FOR 25 CENTS

1 cent for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

Personals
Agents Wanted.

25 WORDS FOR 50 CENTS

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

Postage Stamps will be Accepted.

The above rates are CASH with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five agate lines space.

Rooms and Board.

CAN ACCOMMODATE A FEW SUMMER boarders at a pleasant farm house. For particulars address Mrs. GEO. KEEP, South Granby, Que. 22

BOARDERS WANTED, IN QUIET COUNTRY home, near to river, and within easy access to train. LOVE DALE COTTAGE, Allan's Corners, P.Q. 20

LIVERPOOL CABLES.

Liverpool, May 23.—Wheat, No. 1 Cal., 6s 1½d; red winter, 5s 11½d; No. 1 Northern, 6s 0½d; corn, new, 4s 1d; old, nominal; peas, 5s 8d; pork, 60s 6d; bacon, l.c., light, 42s 9d; l.c., heavy, 41s; s.c., heavy, 40s 6d; lard, 41s 3d; tallow, American, 25s; Australian, 26s 3d; cheese, white, 47s; colored, 46s.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

Laurentian Water for medicinal purposes has no equal. You get it for five cents per gallon. Imported waters for same quantity would cost you one dollar. Call Main 443 for further information.

Bargains.

FOR SALE, SEVERAL MORRIS Upright Pianos, used in our studios for the past eight months, fully warranted in every respect; special prices to immediate cash or instalment purchasers. A rare chance to secure one of these celebrated pianos cheap. Old pianos and organs of any make accepted in part payment. LEACH'S Piano Rooms, 2440 St. Catherine street (between Stanley and Drummond). Open every evening until 9.30. 21

LADY'S CLEVELAND BICYCLE For Sale, in first class condition, $22. Address, CLEVELAND, 'Witness' Office. 23

FOR SALE — GAS STOVES TO RENT, $6 per year; after three yearly payments, stove becomes your property; 14,000 in use in Montreal; connected (ready for use), free. MONTREAL GAS CO.

FOR SALE, GAS STOVE—MONTREAL Gas Co. Stove, double, as good as new, $10. DRAPEAU & CHAMPAGNE, 1546 St. Catherine street. 18

FOR SALE, LADIES' BICYCLE, ONLY been used four times, fitted with Dunlop tires, acetylene lamp, and foot pump and Christy saddle; will sell cheap. Apply, 163 St. Timothee street. 18

FOR SALE, COMPLETE TENNIS SET, net, four rackets, and six balls; never been used; Ayer's make. On view 228 St. James street. 17

FOR SALE, GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXtures, all solid brass and elegantly polished; 3-light Gasolier, $3.50; 3-light Electrolier, $2.75; 2-light Gasolier, $2.75; Brackets, 30c up; beautiful Hall Light, $2.00. Open evenings till 10. CREED & CO., 813 Dorchester street, near University. 18

FOR SALE, Cash or Credit, Parlor Sets, Bedroom Suites, Dining Sets, Carpets, Oilcloth, Curtains, Stoves, etc. PRINCE CO., 33 St. Lawrence street.

KINDLING FOR THE MILLION, Kindling, $2; Cut Maple, $2.50; Tamarac Blocks, $1.75; Mill Blocks, $1.50; cut any length; delivered anywhere in the city: J. C. MACDIARMID, Richmond square. Bell Telephone Up 2553.

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, PARTNER WITH CAPITAL, to join practical man in established business connected with special lines in building and to introduce valuable patent in connection with same. Principals only dealt with. Apply P.O. Box 799. 22

To Let.

SUMMER COTTAGE, POINTE CLAIRE, modern cottage, furnished, hot and cold water, bath and w.c.; easy access to lake and R.R. station; rent, $175. Apply to O. F. LILLY, Cedar avenue. 23

TO LET, THAT FIRST CLASS SELF-contained house, No. 324 Grosvenor ave., Westmount, heated by hot water furnace; modern in every respect. Key at No. 334 Grosvenor avenue. 23

TO LET, NEWLY PAINTED AND Tinted lower tenement; six rooms, b. and w.c., 107 Fulford street; cars pass door; rent, $8.00. Apply 5 Brunswick street. 23

TO LET, NEW HOUSE, NO. 59 OTTAWA street, eight rooms, bath and w.c.; reduced rent. Apply to J. McCRORY, 73 Ottawa street. 23

TO LET, LARGE SUBURBAN RESIdence, with good outbuildings, on St. Catherine road, adjoining Outremont; convenient to M. P. and I. electric cars; seventeen rooms; water and other conveniences; perfect order; three acres of land; variety fruit; beautiful summer residence; also warm winter house; rent very low to a good tenant. Apply to L. D. PERHAM, Registry and Shipping Office, Custom House. 18

TO LET, SELF-CONTAINED HOUSE, No. 778 Dorchester street, complete order, freshly tinted, modern conveniences, 8 rooms and bathroom, furnace, etc.; rent moderate. Apply to L. D. PERHAM, Registry and Shipping Office, Custom House. 18

TO LET, AT HUDSON, NICELY SITUATed, furnished house. Address E. A. HODGSON, Hudson, Que. 22

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET, at Hudson, 'Pierpointe,' seven bedrooms; also one smaller cottage, close to river and depot. Apply J. H. McNAUGHTEN, Hudson, Que. 17

TO LET, 83 AND 91 SHUTER STREET, desirable dwellings in best locality; convenient to business centre; rent moderate. Apply to Est. JAS. D. GIBB, 148 St. James street. 17

STORES AND OFFICES, HEATED BY Steam, in the New Building, St. Peter street, between Merchants' Bank and 'Witness' Office. Apply to 'Witness' Office. 6

TO LET — HOUSE, FURNISHED OR UNfurnished, hot water heating and all modern conveniences. H. A. CLEGHORN, Thornton Villa, or 2474 St. Catherine street.

Property.

FOR SALE, LARGE BRICK FAMILY RESidence in Melbourne, P.Q., conveniently located and cheap. Box 115 Richmond, P.Q. 22

FOR SALE, OR TO LET, CUT STONE front houses, Nos. 18, 20, 22 St. Matthew street, extension kitchen, and modern in every respect Apply to WM. RUTHERFORD, 20 St. Matthew street, or 85 Atwater avenue. 16

FOR SALE, TUPPER STREET, STONE front solid brick House, 9 rooms; modern improvements; good order; only $1,250 cash required. A snap. P.O. Box 195. 16

Wanted.

WANTED, CARE OF HOUSE FOR THE summer by mother and daughter; good references. Address M.D., 10, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, TO PURCHASE, GOOD MANdolin and Guitar; state price. Address, A., 60, 'Witness' Office. 21

WANTED TO EXCHANGE A GOOD COTtage Upright Piano for an Organ. Apply S.F., 50, 'Witness' Office. 11

WANTED, TO PURCHASE, LADIES' and Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing, Furs, Carpets, Household Furniture of all descriptions, Pictures, Paintings, Musical Instruments, Firearms, Bicycles; best prices paid. Address, M. FRANK, 493 Craig street. Post-Office Box 423, formerly of 539 Craig street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Issued by J. H. CARSON,
Room 223 Temple Building
PHONE MAIN 4373.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED, ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, for a large financial institution; must be a competent and experienced man; state experience, age, references and salary expected. Address BOOKKEEPER, Box 2407, city. 23

WANTED, AT ONCE, EXPERIENCED Dressmakers; also apprentices; steady employment. HENRY MORGAN & CO., Phillips square. 23

WANTED, A MIDDLE-AGED MAN TO attend a fruit stand. Apply at the corner of St. Francois Xavier and Notre Dame streets. 23

WANTED, A YOUNG GIRL AS NURSERY Governess, willing to go to the country for the summer months; references required. Apply 214 Peel street. 22

WANTED, A COOK. 130 Mackay street.

WANTED, WARD MAID, FOR ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL. Apply to Housekeeper. 22

WANTED, YOUNG GIRL FOR ONE month for general housework. No. 3 Cote St. Antoine road, Westmount. 22

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT, NO. 3 Cote St. Antoine road, Westmount. 22

LACHUTE ACADEMY—WANTED, AN Assistant Teacher to the principal; salary, $400.00; also a Teacher for Grade II., Elementary; salary, $250.00. Applicants to state experience, knowledge of French, and enclose testimonials. Applications will be received until noon of Tuesday, June 4th, 1901. JAMES W. RAITT, Sec.-Treasurer, Lachute, P.Q.

WANTED, A RELIABLE YOUNG MAN as coachman and groom, with good city references. McEACHRAN, BAKER & McEACHRAN, 6 Union avenue. 21

WANTED, THREE OR FOUR Carpenters. Apply, L. W. LAPHAM, 1248 Berri st. 21

WANTED, SALESMAN FOR A STATIONery store; must have experience. Address, SALESMAN 11, 'Witness' Office. 21

WANTED, COMPETENT GENERAL SERvant, with reference, for small family. 9 Park ave., city. 20

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT FOR family of three, no washing. Apply 2768 St. Catherine street. 20

WANTED, A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS Housemaid, with references. Apply at 340 Peel street. 18

WANTED, AT ONCE, GOOD, Plain Cook; must have city references; only two in family. 1209 Dorchester street. 16

WANTED, A BOY TO ASSIST IN AN OFfice and collect accounts. Apply P.O. Box, 136, city. 7

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, plain cooking, no washing; references required. 19 Brunswick street.

AGENTS WANTED, TO PUSH 'WORLD Wide' on special trial rate offer. Nothing nicer to canvass for. Generous commissions. It is just what intelligent people are looking for. Write for terms, samples, etc., JOHN DOUGALL & SON, Publishers, Montreal.

WANTED,

First-class Ornamenters and Varnishers. C. P. R. Car Shops, Hochelaga.

ORGANIZER WANTED.

ROYAL TEMPLARS OF TEMPERANCE.

The Quebec Grand Council is prepared to put a good Organizer in the field, and will pay an adequate salary to one who can secure results. Apply to

J. H. SPICER,
Box 1064, Montreal.

Employment Wanted.

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE Person, situation as cook or general servant; city or country. Address C., 16, 'Witness' Office. 23

WANTED, WORK BY THE DAY. 595 Dorchester street. 22

A SITUATION WANTED BY AN ELDERly woman in a private family, as cook, where a housemaid is kept; country preferred; can furnish good reference. Address E.H., 4, 'Witness' Office. 21

A GENTLEMAN ACCOUNTANT, HAVING evenings disengaged, wants office work. Books posted at reasonable rates. Address BOOKKEEPER, 'Witness' Office. 21

SITUATION WANTED BY A TEA AND coffee canvasser, 8 years' experience; would prefer a firm giving prizes; would take any other line of goods! references given. Address T. SALESMAN, 'Witness' Office. 20

WANTED, BY YOUNG MAN OF TWENTY position as bookkeeper or invoice clerk; good references. Address B.I., 15, 'Witness' Office. 18

WANTED, SITUATION BY A First-class Engineer, capable of running electric motors, etc. A man with 12 years' experience as chief engineer in one of the largest establishments in Glasgow. Address ENGINEER, 'Witness' Office. 10

Rooms to Let.

TO LET, FURNISHED ROOMS, SINGLE and double. Apply 2099 St. Catherine street, near Bleury. 20

Board and Rooms Wanted.

SUMMER BOARD WANTED FOR A Lady and her little girl (4 years old), for the summer months, in the vicinity of Shawbridge. Address SUMMER BOARD, 'Witness' Office, stating terms, etc. 20

Personal.

ADVERTISERS ARE REMINDED THAT it is contrary to the provisions of the postal laws to deliver letters addressed to initials only; an advertiser desiring to conceal his or her identity may economically do so by having replies directed to a box at this office; ten cents added to the price of the advertisement covers expenses in connection therewith, including the forwarding of letters.

Pupils Wanted.

WANTED — PERSONS WISHING TO learn telegraphy, shorthand, typewriting, French, bookkeeping, etc., to know that Coltman's Metropolitan Business College, 2265 St. Catherine street, will be open all summer as heretofore. Send for new illustrated prospectus, free. 18

Dressmaking, &c.

DRESSES AND COATS, TAILOR-MADE, by first-class English Dressmaker, $2 to $2.50; stout figures a specialty. MRS. WALSHE, 540 Sanguinet street, near Roy street. 20

The Boys' Page.

Puzzles.

THE BALANCED PENCIL.

Given a lead pencil, and a penknife, with which you sharpen the pencil to the finest possible point.

Required, to balance the pencil in an upright, or nearly upright, position on the tip of the forefinger.

THE MARKET-WOMAN AND HER EGGS.

The following is a well-known problem:

A market-woman, selling eggs, sold to her first customer the half of her stock and half an egg over. To the second customer she sold one-half of the remainder and half an egg over. To a third customer she sold half her yet remaining stock and half an egg over, when she found that she had none left.

How many eggs had she originally?

SQUARE WORD.

An instrument—a musical instrument—to leak—a vegetable.

CHARADE.

My first is on the floor;
My last is on your head;
My whole you'll surely find
Reposing in its bed.

ENIGMA.

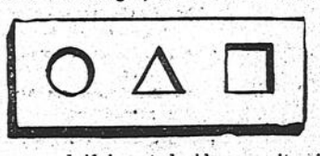
I partake alike in your joy and sorrow, and your home would not be home without me.

Answers to Last Week's Puzzles

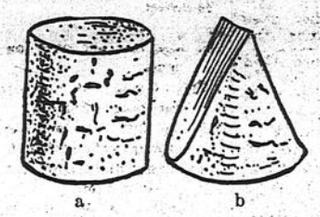
ONE PEG TO FIT THREE HOLES.

A brass plate, as in the figure, has three openings, one circular, one square, and one triangular. The experimenter is handed a knife, and a cork which just passes through the circular hole. He is required so to cut the work that it shall exactly fill any one of the three openings. For lack of the brass plate a piece of stiff cardboard may be cut so as to answer the same purpose.

Solution: It will be observed that one side of the 'square' is just equal in length to the diameter of the 'circle.' Cut the cork to this length, as 'a' in the second



figure; and if inserted sideways, it will then just fit the square hole. To adapt it to fit the triangular space also, draw a straight line across one end of it through the centre, and from such line cut an equal section in a sloping direction down to each side of the circular base. The



a b

cork will then assume the shape of 'b' in the same figure, and will fit either one of the three holes.

THE GRACES AND THE MUSES.

The three Graces, each bearing a like number of roses, one day met the nine Muses. Each Grace gave to each Muse the eighteenth part of her store, when it was found that each Muse had twelve roses less than each of the three Graces.

What number of roses had each Grace originally?

Solution: The number each Grace had originally was 36, for—

She gave to each Muse one-eighteenth of her store; that is, to the nine Muses nine-eighteenths, which equals one-half, leaving one-half still in her own possession; and each Muse receiving one-eighteenth from each Grace, had in all three-eighteenths, which equals one-sixth.

But the one-half left to each Grace exceeded the one-sixth held by each Muse by 12, and if one-half minus one-sixth (equals one-third) be 12, the whole number must have been 36.

TWENTY-FIVE CITIES.

1. Veracity. 2. Mendacity. 3. Audacity. 4. Felicity. 5. Reciprocity. 6. Electricity. 7. Pugnacity. 8. Voracity. 9. Ferocity. 10. Sagacity. 11. Rapacity. 12. Velocity. 13. Eccentricity. 14. Precocity. 15. Domesticity. 16. Perspicacity. 17. Loquacity. 18. Tenacity. 19. Atrocity. 20. Scarcity. 21. Duplicity. 22. Authenticity. 23. Simplicity. 24. Rusticity. 25. Paucity.

RIDDLE.

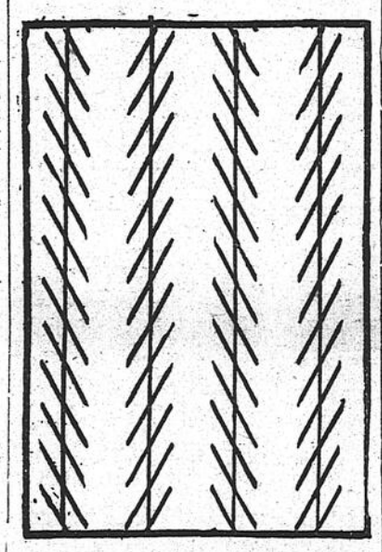
(Sent by Lulu Reichling.)

I paint without color, I fly without wings,
I people the air with most fanciful things;
I hear sweetest music where no sound is heard,
And eloquence moves me, nor utters a word.
The past and the present together I bring,
The distant and near gather under my wing;
Far swifter than lightning's my wonderful flight,
Through the sunshine of day, through the darkness of night;
And those who would find me must find me indeed,
As they narrowly scan, and this poesy read.

The answer to this riddle is still unknown. Who will supply it?

ANOTHER OPTICAL ILLUSION.

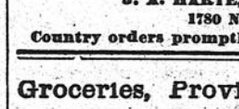
You may say that you are sure of a thing because you 'saw it,' but here is a little diagram, worked out by a scientist at Washington, which will convince you that your eyes can be easily deceived. 'First impressions are the more correct' is another old adage which is



knocked on the head by this illustration.

You would at the first glance suppose that the long lines in this picture—the ones that run up and down—were not exactly parallel. Yet they are precisely the same distance apart at all points, just as parallel as tracks on a railway. The deception is accomplished by the short crisscross lines. In order to see that the long lines are parallel, hold the diagram up endwise to the eye.—New York 'Herald.'

ADVERTISEMENTS.



Little Faith

Many women have little faith in advertisements. Consider PEARLINE. Could it have been advertised so extensively for twenty years if our claims for it were not true? We say it's better, easier, quicker than soap. Saves work and clothes. Try PEARLINE on the faith of the millions who use it. You owe it to yourself to try it. 632

CADBURY'S
COCOA,
ABSOLUTELY PURE, THEREFORE BEST.
NO CHEMICALS USED.
Wholesale Agents for Canada,
Frank Magor & Co., 16 St. John St., Montreal.

Cancer, Cancer.

Dr. Percy's Anti-Cancer

Is very highly recommended for the Relief and Cure of Cancer, Tumors, Scrofula and Diseases of the Skin. Sufferers are invited to give it a trial. For sale by

J. A. HARTE, Druggist,
1780 Notre Dame St,
Country orders promptly filled.

Groceries, Provisions, &c.

LAKESIDE DELIVERY.

Our waggons will commence running along the Lake Shore as far as St. Ann's On SATURDAY, 18TH.
All orders must be left on Friday.

WALTER PAUL,
Family Grocer.

Cement, Drain Pipes, &c.

DRAIN PIPES,
PORTLAND CEMENTS,
AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
134 McGill Street.

ILLUSTRATIONS FOR BOOKS
CATALOGUES, ETC.
Supplied from drawings or photographs by competent artists, and etched on zinc at moderate rates, by
JOHN DOUGALL & SON
Corner Craig and Bleury streets.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

transfers has been ordered to be deposited in court for a period of one week, that it may be examined by the defendant. The court has accepted the plaintiff's declaration that he has not a second transfer, and the third transfer being verbal, it cannot be produced.

Summer Resorts.

$4 FOR BOARD AND BOATS, AT LAKE Louisa Hotel; also, Rooms To Let. Address, I. NEWTON, Louisa, Que.

LAURENTIAN COTTAGE,
CHRISTIEVILLE, P. Que.,
Will be open for guests June 1st. Pleasantly situated in the Laurentian Hills. Daily train to and from city. Address **ALLEN HAMMOND.**

OLD ORCHARD SANITARIUM,
OLD ORCHARD, MAINE.
Every convenience, delightful surroundings, climate, treatment, and fine table, make this the ideal place for invalids and convalescents. Write for information.

BRIGHAM, QUE.—Board for the summer months. Comfortable rooms. Quiet neighborhood. Terms reasonable. References Mr. L. T. STEWART, Superintendent Dominion Express Co. or Mr. PERCY MARLING, Canada Life Assurance Co., Montreal. Apply to WM. BLACKWOOD, Brigham, Que.

PENSIONNAT FRANCAIS.
A few English boys desirous of spending their vacation in the country, in a French family for the purpose of learning French, will find accommodation with private tuition, by applying to
Rev. J. ROY, Sabrevois, Q.

WOODLAND'S HOUSE,
Leggatt's Point, Metis, P. Q.,
Will be open for guests June 1st. Beautifully situated, with its shady pine trees, comprising the grounds of an ancient homestead; good board. For further particulars apply ANDREW N. BLUE.

MYRTLE HOUSE, Digby, N.S.
Best Tourist Hotel in Digby. Golf and good Bathing within five minutes' walk. Write for Booklet.
AUBREY BROWN, Manager.

THE OWEN, Campobello, N. B.
On high point on Sea Shore; no hay fever; excellent sailing and deep sea fishing; fine, shady roads for carriages and bicyclers; Golf links, beginning 100 feet from hotel. Terms reasonable. Open early and late in season. I. J. ALEXANDER.

CLAWBONNY,
IN THE ADIRONDACKS,
Near Ausable Chasm. Sanitary Plumbing, Bath, Spring Water, Pine Grove, Livery. Booklet at 'Witness' Office, or E. A. JORDAN, Keeseville, Essex Co., N.Y.

THE WAUMBEK
and COTTAGES, JEFFERSON, N.H., In the White Mountains,
Will open JUNE 15, for the Summer Season
Bookings now being made. For full information, with plans, booklets, etc., address
DAVID B. PLUMER, Manager,
A. J. MURPHY, Ass't Manager.
At Laurel House, Lakewood, N.J., until June 1st.

IDLE HOURS, Leeds Centre, Me.
Modern house in country with bathroom and beautiful spring water, situated about 100 rods from a large lake. Will accommodate about 16 boarders. For particulars, apply T. H. BOOTHBY, Proprietor.

White Mountains
The Kearsarge,
NORTH CONWAY N. H.
Accommodations for 200 guests. Scenery unexcelled. EXCELLENT GOLF LINKS. Private Baths. TABLE, FIRST CLASS. Pure spring water. Perfect drainage. Electric Lights and Bells. Telegraph and Long Distance Teephone in the house, and the most liberal rates of any hotel of its class in the mountains. Illustrated booklet and rates upon application.
J. L. GIBSON, Manager.

The Battles House
On LAKE MEMPHREMAGOG.
First-class Bill of Fare. Fine large, airy rooms. Fine Boating, Bathing and Fishing. For terms, etc., apply to
J. E. TAYLOR, Prop.,
Magog, P. Q

GROVE COTTAGE,
In the Adirondacks. Wadham's Mills, N.Y.
Fine Boating, Fishing, Drives and Walks. Reasonable rates. Send for Booklet.
J. F. WHITNEY, Prop'r.

Hatfield House,
MASSENA SPRINGS, N. Y.
Terminus of Grand Trunk. Will open June 15th. Reduced rates for month; $8 to $12 per week. House, first class; waters, specific remedy for wide range of diseases. 16

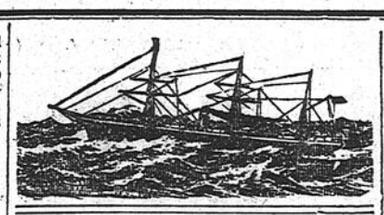
Pemaquid, Maine
THE EDGEMERE and BAY VIEW HOUSE,
Near Portland. One of the most beautiful spots on the rocky coast of Maine, to spend a summer vacation. Send for descriptive booklets. W. G. TIBBETTS. 15

THE
Randolph House,
KENNEBUNKPORT, Maine.
This home-like House will open June 15th to Summer Guests. Special rates to families. Address ELIZ. DRISCOLL, Box 248. 15

Atlantic City, N. J.

THE NEW RUDOLF,
Ocean Front,
ATLANTIC CITY, NEW JERSEY'S
Famous Health and Pleasure Resort. Largest on the coast. Most approved. Hot and Cold Sea-water baths in house, free to guests. Special spring rates. Orchestra and dancing. CHAS. R. MYERS, Owner and Proprietor.

THE CHALFONTE.
ON THE BEACH,
AT NORTH CAROLINA AVENUE.
Modern and comfortable in every detail. Established for many years as a popular high class hostelrie. Booklet. LEEDS & HAINES CO.



REFORD AGENCIES.
DONALDSON LINE.

GLASGOW SERVICE.
From MONTREAL.

SS. TRITONIA	May 22
SS. LAKONIA (cold storage)	May 29
SS. MARINA (cold storage)	June 5
SS. AMARYNTHIA	June 12
SS. KASTALIA (cold storage)	June 19
SS. TRITONIA	June 26

Agents—Glasgow: Donaldson Bros.

THOMSON LINE.
Weekly London Service.
From PORTLAND.

*SS. BRECKFIELD	May 28
SS. ARRAYO	June 5
SS. STRATHNEVIS	June 15
SS. CUMERIA	June 22
SS. NORDFARER	June 29
SS. BRECKFIELD	July 6

*Chartered.

From MONTREAL.

SS. KILDONA (cold storage)	May 24
SS. DEVONA (cold storage)	May 31
SS. CERVONA (cold storage)	June 14
SS. HURONA (cold storage)	June 21
SS. FREMONA	June 28

FOR LEITH.

*SS. LEANDER	June 4
SS. JACONA	June 22
SS. BELLONA	June 29

*Chartered.

FOR ABERDEEN.

SS. ESCALONA	May 24
*SS. GLITRA	June 13
SS. ESCALONA	July 5

Agents—Cairns, Young & Noble, Newcastle-on-Tyne; A. Low, Sons & Co., 7 Fenchurch avenue, London, E. C.; W. Thomson & Co., Leith; W. Thomson & Sons, Dundee, Scotland.

COLD STORAGE
Fitted in special steamers of both lines.

LORD LINE.
To Cardiff.

SS. LORD IVEAGH	May 26
SS. LORD CHARLEMONT	June 12
SS. LARNE	June 20

Agents—Guthrie, Heywood & Co., Cardiff.
Thomas Dixon & Son, Belfast.

Through Bills of Lading granted by any of the above lines to or from any point in Canada or Western States.

For further particulars apply to Henderson Bros. Chicago, Ill.; J. D. Riddell, Stratford, Ont.; Schofield & Co. (Limited) St. John, N. B., or
THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited,
23 and 25 St. Sacrament Street, MONTREAL.



THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION COMPANY.

VICTORIA DAY.
To Ottawa and Return, - $2.50.
To Way Ports & " Single Fare.
Tickets good to go 23rd and return 27th May.
$1.00. EXCURSION TO CARILLON, $1.00.
Palace Str. "SOVEREIGN."
Take 8 a.m. train for Lachine to connect with steamer.

HOME BY THE RAPIDS.

AFTERNOON TRIPS.

Steamer DUCHESS OF YORK, through LAKE ST. LOUIS, and DOWN the RAPIDS, home at 6.30 p.m.

Steamer will leave foot of Nazareth st., Canal Basin, at 1.30 p.m. Round trip, 50 cents. Tickets on boat.

ST. ANNE'S by train, returning by Str. SOVEREIGN. Round trip, 80 cents.

SHOOT THE RAPIDS—Take 5 p.m. train for Lachine. Return fare, 50 cents.

Ticket Office—St. James street, Nos. 128, 137, 143, 178. Windsor Hotel and Grand Trunk Station. Head Office, 165 Common street. Tel. Main 1020.

RICHELIEU & ONTARIO NAV. CO. Quebec Line.
Boats running daily.
SAGUENAY LINE
Leaves Quebec Tuesday and Saturday, at 8 a.m.

VICTORIA DAY EXCURSION
Single Fare for Round Trip going 23rd and returning up to 27th inclusive.

Low Rates West for May.
Toronto, $6.50, return $11.50; Hamilton, $7.00, return $12.00. Meals and berth included.
Boats Monday and Friday at 7 p.m.
The Company's Hotels, MANOIR RICHELIEU, at Murray Bay, and HOTEL TADOUSAC, at Tadousac, will open early in June.
JOS. F. DOLAN, Agent,
128 St. James St.

The Ottawa River Navigation Co.
MARKET BOAT LINES
To Carillon and Intermediate Ports take the **Str. DUCHESS OF YORK, Wednesdays and Saturdays** at 6 a.m., Canal Basin, foot of Nazareth Street.
For Papineauville, Browns, Montebello, Hawkesbury, etc., take
Str. PRINCESS, Tuesdays and Fridays, at 5.30 p.m. Freight and Passengers carried at lowest rates.
Notice.—Strs. SOVEREIGN and EMPRESS forming the Daily Line Mail Steamers between **Montreal and Ottawa,** will commence running **Tuesday, the 21st May,** regularly for the season. Passengers will take the 8 a.m. train from Grand Trunk Station for Lachine to connect with steamer.
Head Office and Freight Stores, 165 Common Street. Telephone Main 1029.
R. W. SHEPHERD, Managing Director.

OLD NEWSPAPERS
suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the 'Witness' Office, in 16-lb. packages at $1 per 100 lbs.



DOMINION LINE
MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

From Portland.

*Ottoman	May 25
Dominion	June 1
Cambroman	" 8
*Roman	" 15
*[illegible]an	" 22

*These steamers do not carry passengers.

From Boston, via Queenstown.

Commonwealth	June 5
New England	" 19
Commonwealth	July 3
New England	" 17
Commonwealth	" 31

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Cabin, and upwards. Second Cabin, $35 and $37.50, according to steamer. Third Class, $25 and $23, according to steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Cabin, $[illegible] and upward. Second Cabin, $[illegible]0 and upward. Third Class, $28 to all principal points.

For further information, apply to any agents of the Company, or to
DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
17 St. Sacrament St. General Agents, Montreal.

MANCHESTER LINERS,
LIMITED.
The only direct and regular steamship line between CANADA and MANCHESTER.
It is proposed to despatch the steamers of this line on or about the undermentioned dates:

Steamer.	From Montreal.
MANCHESTER CORPORATION	May 23
*MANCHESTER CITY	May 1
*MANCHESTER TRADER	June

*Fitted with cold storage.
Accommodation for a limited number of passengers.

FURNESS LINE
Between Montreal and Antwerp.
SAILING ARRANGEMENTS:

Steamer.	From Montreal.
SYLVIANA	May 25
BOLIVIANA	June 5
CEBRIANA	June 15

(And fortnightly thereafter).

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.
To Hamburg.

Steamer.	From Montreal.
WESTPHALIA	May 23
TEUTONIA	June 11
AKABA	June 18
FRISIA	June 28

Through bills of lading granted by any of the above lines to or from any point in
CANADA OR WESTERN STATES.
For rates of Freight and particulars, apply to any Railway Agent, or to
FURNESS, WITHY & CO., Limited, Agents, 44 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal, P.Q.

ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.
ROYAL MAIL STEAMER LINES.
BEAVER LINE.
Regular Weekly Service between
MONTREAL and LIVERPOOL.

From Liverpool	From Montreal.
Tues., May 7	Lake Ontario Fri., May 24
" 14	*Wassau " 31
" 21	Lake Champlain " June 7
" 28	Lake Megantic " " 14
June 4	*Lake Superior " " 21
" 11	Lake Simcoe " " 28
" 18	Lake Ontario " July 5
" 25	Lake Champlain " " 12

*Lake Superior and Wassau carry second cabin and steerage passengers only.

First Cabin—Single, $52.50, and upwards. Round trip, $100.00 and upwards.

Second Cabin—Single, $35.00 and upwards. Round trip, $68.88 and upwards.

According to steamer, location and number of persons in room.

STEERAGE RATES—To Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Glasgow, Belfast, and Queenstown, $24.50 and $25.50.

MONTREAL to BRISTOL.
Sailings from Montreal every Friday.
MONTREAL to LONDON.
Sailings from Montreal every Saturday.
Apply to any agent of the line, or to
ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.,
6 St. Sacrament St.,
MONTREAL.

FOR THE WINTER GO TO BERMUDA
From New York, 48 hours by Elegant Steamships weekly. Frost unknown. Malaria impossible.

FOR WINTER TOURS GO TO WEST INDIES
30 days' trip, fifteen days in the tropics. Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices. For further particulars, apply to **A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO.,** Agents for Quebec S.S. Co., 39 Broadway, New York, or J. G. BROCK & CO., 211 Commissioners st., Montreal. ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.

STEAMSHIP TRAVEL.

RESERVATIONS and TICKETS
All Lines from
Montreal, Boston and New York
FIRST CABIN RATES
LOWER THAN EVER.
Full particulars on application to
W. H. HENRY, General Steamship Agent
Tel. Main 2646. 116 St. Peter St. Mechanics Inst. Bld'g.

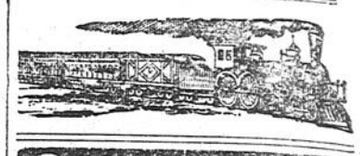
STEAMSHIP TRAVEL.

To the MEDITERRANEAN, BERMUDA, JAMAICA, NASSAU, CUBA, WEST INDIES, MEXICO.
Pamphlets and full particulars on application.
W. H. HENRY, Steamship Ticket Agent,
Tel. Main 2646. 116 St. Peter St. Mechanics Inst. Bldg.

Bakers and Confectioners.

R. S. AULD,
Cor. Atwater Ave. and St. Antoine St.
Whole Wheat Bread, Fancy Bread, Choice Confectionery and Candies, Boston Brown Bread and Baked Beans on Saturday.
WINNER OF THE SILVER CUP, THE HIGHEST PRIZE FOR CANADA, given by Colonial Bread Show, Sept. 8 to 15, London Eng. Tel. Mt. 13.

GIVE BULLER BREAD
A Fair Trial.
D. HARRISON, 1 Dunlop Place,
TEL. MOUNT 386. Westmount.



CANADIAN PACIFIC
VICTORIA DAY.
ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AT
SINGLE FIRST-CLASS FARE
Going May 23rd and 24th, returning until May 27th, 1901,
Between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East; TO and FROM Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and Detroit, Mich., and TO, but not FROM Suspension Bridge, N.Y., Niagara Falls, N.Y., Black Rock, N.Y., and Buffalo, N.Y.

Victoria Day Traffic to St. Agathe.
PARLOR CAR SERVICE will be as under:
Lv. Place Viger.....5.30 p.m. Thurs., May 23
Lv. St. Agathe.....4.05 p.m. Fri., May 24
Lv. Place Viger.....1.25 p.m. Sat., May 25
On May 24th train for Pointe Fortune and intermediate stations will leave Windsor Street at 1.30 p.m., instead of 5.15 p.m.

KNOWLTON AND SHERBROOKE.
Saturday-Monday Service.
Leave Windsor St. 1.40 p.m. Saturdays for Sutton Junc., Knowlton, Sherbrooke and intermediate stations. Returning leave Sherbrooke 6 a.m. Mondays, arriving Montreal 9.40 a.m.

FROM MONTREAL $6.00
TICKETS
Good going May 31st only, by train leaving Windsor St. Station 9.30 p.m., arriving Buffalo 10.55 a.m.
Good to return until June 3rd, 1901.
SLEEPERS
First Class and Tourist Sleepers, through to Buffalo via Niagara Falls.
EXCURSION, MAY 31-01, TO BUFFALO AND RETURN.
ASK
any Can. Pac. Agent for a descriptive pocket folder giving rates, time limits, etc., and full information, and secure Sleeping Car accommodation early
CITY TICKET and TELEGRAPH OFFICE, 129 ST. JAMES ST. (next Post Office).

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
SPECIAL EXCURSION
—TO—
PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION
BUFFALO
MONTREAL TO BUFFALO & Return $6.00
Tickets good going by Special Train only, leaving Montreal at 12.05 a.m. May 31st, arriving Buffalo same afternoon at 1.30.
Tickets valid to return by all regular trains leaving Buffalo on or before June 3rd, 1901.

VICTORIA DAY, MAY 24, 1901.
Return tickets will be issued at first-class **SINGLE FARE** between all stations in Canada, also to Detroit and Port Huron, Mich., Niagara Falls and Buffalo, N.Y., Massena Springs; Rouse's Point, N.Y. and Island Pond, Vt.
Tickets good going May 23 and 24.
Return limit May 27, 1901.
Picturesque Pan-American Route to Buffalo.
CITY TICKET OFFICES,
137 St. James st. & Bonaventure Station.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

On and after MARCH 10, 1901, trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:—
THE MARITIME EXPRESS will leave daily, except on Saturday, at 12.00 noon, for Halifax, N.S., Sydney, St. John, N.B., and other points in the Maritime Provinces.
THE MARITIME EXPRESS, from points as above, will arrive daily, except on Monday, at 5.30 p.m.
THE LOCAL EXPRESS will leave daily, except on Sunday, at 7.40 a.m., due to arrive at Levis at 1.05 p.m.
THE LOCAL EXPRESS will leave Levis daily, except Sunday, at 4.20 p.m., due to arrive at Montreal at 10.00 p.m.
ACCOMMODATION FOR LEVIS leaves daily except on Sunday, at 11.30 p.m. due to arrive at Levis at 7.20 a.m., and connecting with accommodation for Campbellton, N.B.
ACCOMMODATION leaves Levis at 11.40 a.m., daily, except on Sunday, due to arrive in Montreal at 10.30 p.m.
ACCOMMODATION FOR NICOLET leaves daily, except Sunday, at 4.20 p.m. Accommodation from Nicolet arrives in Montreal daily, except Sunday, at 10.55 a.m.
Vestibule trains with luxurious Sleeping and Dining Cars and First-class Coaches on the Maritime Express.
Through Sleeping Cars between Montreal and Halifax.
D. POTTINGER,
General Manager.
Moncton, N.B., March 5, 1901.
H. A. PRICE, Assistant General Passenger Agent, 143 St. James street, Montreal.
JAMES HARDWELL, Assistant General Freight Agent.
130 St. James, cor. of St. Francois Xavier
City Ticket Agent, 143 St. James street, Montreal.

Stationery, &c.

TIMMIS, NOBLE & CO.
Wholesale Stationers,
Business will be continued under the supervision of the provisional Curator. All orders promptly attended to.
759 CRAIG STREET.

Music and Art.

THE MONTREAL CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.
Founded 1893 by C. E. SEIFERT, The Director, **938 and 940 Dorchester Street,** near Mountain. **Branches**—Voice, Piano, Violin, Organ, the Theory of Music, etc., etc. Send for Prospectus.
Elocution Department now open. Pupils may enter at any time.

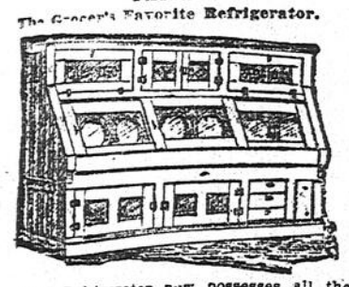
ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Circular-Air Refrigerator

"AUBIN"

PATENT

The Grocer's Favorite Refrigerator.



This Refrigerator now possesses all the improvements that render it indispensable to grocers. It has taken the first prize and diplomas at the Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto Exhibitions.

13 DIFFERENT MODELS.

Write for Catalogue and Price-List.

L. P. FABIEN, Proprietor,
3167 to 3171 NOTRE DAME STREET.
MONTREAL.

THE BOILER INSPECTION
AND
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF CANADA.

OFFICE REMOVED TO
Room No. 19,
IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
Adjoining Bank of Montreal,

N. R. MUDGE,
Agent.

G. & J. E. GRIMSON
—ARTISTS IN—
ART STAINED GLASS, also
BENTGLASS.
409 and 411 St. James St.
Repairs attended to at once.
Phone M 1925.

KNEIPP-LINEN MESH UNDERWEAR
Approved of and recommended by many Eminent Physicians. The manufacturers of this Underwear have the sole right of using the name KNEIPP.
J. V. CALCUTT,
Cor. Phillips Square and Cathcart St.

NEW
TAILOR CUTTING MACHINE.

M. DELORY — Inventor-Manufacturer —of Blois (Loir & Cher) France, begs to inform Tailors, Cutters, and the trade generally that he offers for sale (price 300 francs) in all the countries of America, a New Machine, invented by him (patented and registered in all countries). It is the most perfect Machine for Cutting Clothes of any style whatever, simply by a movement of its levers, cutting all sizes required with great exactness and adapting itself to all shapes. It has achieved a great success in Europe.

Address as above,
JEAN LOUIS DELORY,
Blois (Loir & Cher) France.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have accepted under benefit of inventory the residue of the Estate of the late John B. Young, in his lifetime of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, viz.:
EDNA MAY YOUNG, GERTRUDE FLORENCE YOUNG, ANNIE BINMORE YOUNG, EDITH MILDRED YOUNG, MARGARET LAVINA SURGEON.

CHATEAUGUAY and
NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

BRIDGE TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, will be received until June 1901.

1st. For the construction of the Stone Piers and Abutments for a Bridge over the River des Prairies (Ottawa River), on the line of the Chateauguay and Northern Railway, and also for the grading of approaches thereto, and endorsed 'Bridge Tenders.'

2nd. For the Steel Superstructure of said Bridge and endorsed 'Tender for Superstructure.'

Plans and Specifications and Forms of Tender may be seen, and all necessary information obtained at the offices of the Company, Room 110 Temple Building, Montreal.

Tenders will not be entertained unless made on the forms supplied by the Company.

The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

J. P. MULLARKEY,
Managing Director.

Professional.

PATENTS TRADE MARKS DESIGNS,
FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO.,
Canada Life Building, Montreal,
Also Toronto, Ottawa and Washington

SETH P. LEET, K.C.,
MECHANICS' INSTITUTE BUILDING,
204 St. James street. Tel. Main 616

SMITH, MARKEY & MONTGOMERY,
ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &c.,
TEMPLE BUILDING,
185 ST. JAMES STREET.
ROBT. C. SMITH, Q.C. FRED. H. MARKEY.
GEO. H. A. MONTGOMERY.

PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS.
OWEN N. EVANS,
TEMPLE BUILDING. MONTREAL

ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

DEPARTMENT OF LANDS, FORESTS, AND FISHERIES.

WOODS AND FORESTS.

Quebec, 23rd February, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that, conformably to sections 1334, 1335 and 1336 of the consolidated statutes of the province of Quebec, the timber limits hereinafter mentioned, at their estimated area, more or less, and in their present state, will be offered for sale at public auction, in the Department of Lands, Forests and Fisheries, in this city, on TUESDAY, the 4th day of JUNE next, at ELEVEN o'clock A.M.

UPPER OTTAWA.

BLOCK A.

Range 3.

		Area square miles.
1 ½ N.	No. 10	25
1a½ S.	No. 10	25
2b	No. 9	50

Range 4.

2 ½ N.	No. 1	25
3 ½ S.	No. 1	25
4 ½ N.	No. 2	25
5 ½ S.	No. 2	25
6 ½ N.	No. 3	25
7 ½ S.	No. 3	25
8 ½ N.	No. 4	25
9 ½ S.	No. 4	25
10 ½ N.	No. 5	25
11 ½ S.	No. 5	25
12 ½ N.	No. 6	25
13 ½ S.	No. 6	25
14 ½ N.	No. 7	25
15 ½ S.	No. 7	25
16 ½ N.	No. 9	25
17 ½ S.	No. 9	25

Range 5.

18 ½ N.	No. 2	25
19 ½ N.	No. 3	25
20 ½ S.	No. 3	25
21 ½ N.	No. 4	25
22 ½ S.	No. 4	25
23 ½ N.	No. 5	25
24 ½ S.	No. 5	25
25 ½ N.	No. 6	25
26 ½ S.	No. 6	25
27 ½ N.	No. 7	25
28 ½ S.	No. 7	25
29 ½ N.	No. 8	25
30 ½ S.	No. 8	25

Range 6.

31 ½ N.	No. 1	25
32 ½ S.	No. 1	25
33 ½ N.	No. 2	25
34 ½ S.	No. 2	25
35 ½ N.	No. 3	25
36 ½ S.	No. 3	25
37 ½ N.	No. 4	25
38 ½ S.	No. 4	25
39 ½ N.	No. 5	25
40 ½ S.	No. 5	25
41 ½ N.	No. 6	25
42 ½ S.	No. 6	25
43 ½ N.	No. 8	25
44 ½ S.	No. 8	25
45	No. 400, Lake Temiscaming	12¾
46	No. 428 Lake Temiscaming	25

SAINT MAURICE.

		Area Square miles
47	Manouan A South	50
48	Rear Manouan A South	40
49	Rear Vermillion 7 North	40
50	Rear Vermillion B North	45
51	Rear Saint Maurice C	25
52	Rear Saint Maurice D	42
53	Rear Saint Maurice E	50
54	Rear Flamand 1 North	26
55	Rear Flamand 2 North	50
56	Rear Manouan 2 South	44
57	Manouan 3 North	35
58	Rear Manouan 3 North	30
59	Rear Manouan 4 North	30
60	Manouan 4 North	50
61	Manouan 8 South	50
62	Manouan 9 South	35
63	Rear Manouan C North	50
64	Rear Manouan D North	50
65	Bostonnais Island	10
66	Bostonnais 3 North	41
67	River Windigo No. 2 East	50
69	" " No 4 East	50
70	" " No. 5 East	62½
71	" " No. 1 West	42
72	" " No. 2 West	54
73	" " No.3 West	55
74	" " No. 4 West	57
75	" " N.E. Branch No. 1.	47½
76	" " N.E. Branch No 2.	40
77	River Trenche, No. 4 West	50
78	" " No. 5 West	62
79	" " No. 6 West	50
80	" " No. 4 East	50
81	" " No. 5 East	59
82	" " No. 6 East	50
83	River Croche No. 5 West	46
84	Grande Pierriche No 2	50
85	" " A	37½
86	" " B	41
87	Petite Pierriche No. 3	50
88	Rear Windigo No. 3 East	50

GASPE CENTRE.

89	Rear Dartmouth North	35
90	Block 12 and residue of 10, 11, 14, 15	22
91	Residue of blocks 15 and 17	10
92	Blocks 13, 23 and 24	10½
93	Block 21	8
94	Block 22	8
95	Blocks 25 and 26	10¾
96	Block 27	8
97	Block 28	8
98	Block 29	8
99	Block 30	8⅞
100	Blocks 35 and 36	10½
101	Block 33	8
102	Blocks 37, 47 and 48	11 1-5
103	Residue of Block 41	5
104	Residue of Blocks 59, 60, 61, 62	16
105	Residue of Blocks 56, 57, 58	16
106	Township York, No. 1	10
107	Township York No. 2	36
107a	Sydenham North No. 1	7

BONAVENTURE WEST.

108	River Escumenac North No. 3	12
109	Lake Patapedia	33
110	River Nouvelle, No. 1	50
111	River Nouvelle, No. 2	50
112	River Nouvelle, No. 4	16
113	River Nouvelle, No. 6	15
114	Grande Cascapedia, No. 1	14½
115	Grande Cascapedia, No. 2	21
116	Grande Cascapedia, No. 3	21
117	Grande Cascapedia, No. 4	18
118	Grande Cascapedia, No. 7	18

		Area Square miles.
119	Turner's brook	32
120	Joshua brook	27
121	Little Cascapedia, No. 1	15
122	Little Cascapedia, No. 2	28
123	Clarke's brook, No. 2	4
124	Flatlands brook, No. 2	3⅜
125	Township Ristigouche	2 7-10
126	River André, West branch, No. 2	3⅜
128	River Assemetquagan	4
129	Stuart brook, No. 1	2⅞
130	Stuart brook, No. 2	10½
131	River Skimenac, West branch	5½
132	River Skimenac, South branch	9¼
133	Township Angers, No. 2	8
134	Mann brook East	7
135	Township Carleton, No. 5	3¾
136	Township Matapedia, No. 1	17½
137	Jonathan brook	13

LAKE SAINT JOHN EAST.

138	Township Boileau	19½
139	Township Harvey, No. 1	4½

GASPE WEST.

140	Township Christie East	23¼

MONTMAGNY.

141	Township Bellechasse	8

RIMOUSKI WEST.

142	Township Neigette, No. 2	7 1-3
143	Rear Mistigougèche	35
144	Township Macpès, No. 5	4¼
145	Township Macpès, No. 6	8⅞
146	Township Bédard, No. 1	36
147	Township Chénier, No. 1	41
148	Township Chénier, No. 2	43
149	River Jean Levesque B	17½
150	Township Fleuriault	1⅝

GRANDVILLE.

151	Township Viger	⅝
152	Township Bungay	39 1-3

SAINT CHARLES.

153	River à Mars, No. 3	20
154	Mivcr du Moulin, No. 4	12
155	River aux Castors Noirs	39
156	River Batiscan, East branch	50
157	River à Moise	58
158	River à Moise and Croche, No. 1.	49
159	River à Moise and Croche, No. 2.	25
160	River Sainte Anne, No. 1	8
161	River Sainte Anne, No. 2	32
162	River Sainte Anne, No. 3	35
163	River Sainte Anne, No. 4	40½
163	River Sainte Anne, No. 5	39
165	River Sainte Anne, No. 6	39
166	River Jacques Cartier, N. W. Branch, No. 1	38
167	River Jacques Cartier, N. W. Branch, No. 2	37
168	River Jacques Cartier, No. 2 West.	42
169	River Jacques Cartier, No. 2 East	38
170	River Jacques Cartier, No. 3	30
171	River Jacques Cartier, N. E. Branch, No. 1, West	42
172	River Jacques Cartier, N. E. Branch, No. 1, East	31
173	River Jacques Cartier, N. E. Branch, No. 2, East	50
174	River Sautariski	49
175	River Sautariski, and à l'épaule, No. 1	52½
176	River Sautariski and à l'épaule, No. 2	31

SAGUENAY.

		Area Square miles.
177	Township Arnault	30
178	Rivers à la Chasse et aux Anglais	34
179	St. Laurent West	30
180	Rivers Mistassini and Sheldrake, No. 1	32¾
181	River St. Nicolas West	25½
182	River St. John No. 7	12
183	River St. John No. 8	12
184	River St. John, East Branch No. 1	22
185	River St. John, East Branch No. 2.	18
186	River St. John, East Branch, No. 3	20
187	Part of Saguenay No. 3 West	27
188	River au Saumon No. 1	34
189	River Manicouagan No. 3	24
190	River Manicouagan No. 4	27
191	River Manicouagan No. 6	58
192	Saguenay, West No. 1 A	10
193	River Mingan, No. 1 West	25
194	" No. 2 West	25
195	" No. 3 West	25
196	" No. 4 West	25
197	" No. 1 East	25
198	" No. 2 East	40
199	" No. 3 East	25
200	" No. 4 East	25
201	" A	48
202	River Romaine, No. 1 West	25
203	" No. 2 West	25
204	" No. 3 West	25
205	" No. 4 West	25
206	" No. 1 East	25
207	" No. 2 East	25
208	" No. 3 East	25
209	" No. 4 East	25
210	" 1st Branch A	31
211	" " B	31½
212	" " C	45
213	" " D	25
214	" 2nd Branch A	39
215	" " B	37
216	" " C	56
217	River Magpie, No. 3	32
218	" No. 4	32
219	" No. 5	32
220	" No. 6	32
221	" No. 7	32
222	" No. 8	32
223	River au Tonnerre	24
224	Pointe à la Chasse, Baie des Sept Iles	4½
225	Escoumains No. 5 East	34
226	Sault au Mouton, No. 3	26
227	" No. 2 East	29
228	" No. 1 West	24
229	Township Iberville No. 3.	37
230	River Malbaie, No. 8	40
231	" 9	58
232	" 10	60
233	" 11	57
234	" 12	54
235	" 13	49
236	" 14	28
237	" 15	45
238	" 16	32
239	River Rapide, No. 1	18
240	" 2	40
241	" 3	30
242	River Moisie, No. 1	34
243	" 2	26
244	" 3	30
245	" 4	24
246	" 5	20
247	" 6	29
248	" 7	26
249	" 8	26
250	" 9	33
251	" 10	16
252	River à la Truite, No. 1	27
253	" 2	17
254	" 3	25

		Area Square miles.
255	River à la Truite, No. 4	20
256	River à la Truite, No. 5	20
257	River à la Truite, No. 6	20
258	River à la Truite, No. 7	21
259	River à la Truite, No. 8	27
260	River à la Truite, No. 9	20
261	River St. Charles, No. 1	25
262	River au Loup Marin, No. 1	6
263	River au Loup Marin, No. 2	30
264	River au Loup Marin, No. 3	17
265	River Pigou, No. 3	34
266	River Pigou, No. 4	41

LAKE SAINT JOHN NORTH-WEST.

267	Range 1, north of Lake St. John, No. 2	31
268	Range 1, north of Lake St. John, No. 3	29
269	Range 2, north of Lake St. John, No. 3	18
270	Range 2, north of Lake St. John, No. 4	25
271	Range 3, north of Lake St. John, No. 4	28
272	River Mistassibi, No. 4	15½
273	Little river Peribonca	29

LAKE SAINT JOHN WEST.

274	Township Dalmas	60
275	River au Saumon, No. 1	46
276	River au Saumon, No. 2	49
277	River au Saumon, No. 3	41½
278	River Alex A	7
279	River Alex B.	5¼
280	River Little Peribonka	5½

LAKE SAINT JOHN CENTRE.

281	River Ouiatchouan No. 141	13½
282	River Ouiatchouan, No. 142	25
283	River Metabetchouan, No. 162.	24
284	River Metabetchouan, No. 163	30
285	River Metabetchouan, No. 164	31
286	River Metabetchouan, No. 165.	24
287	River Metabetchouan, No. 166	34¾
288	River Metabetchouan, No. 167	15

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

No limit will be adjudged at less than the minimum price fixed by the department.

The limits will be adjudged to the highest bidder, on payment of the purchase price, in cash or by cheque accepted by a duly incorporated bank. Failing payment, they will be immediately re-offered for sale.

The annual ground rent of three dollars per mile, with fire tax, is also payable immediately.

Those timber limits, when adjudged, will be subject to the provisions of all timber regulations now in force, or which may be enacted hereafter.

Plans of limits offered for sale are opened for inspection in the Department of Lands, Forests and Fisheries, in this city, and at the office of the Crown lands and timber agents in the different agencies in which said limits are situated, up to the day of sale.

N.B.—No account for publication of this notice will be recognized, if such publication has not been expressly authorized by the department.

S. N. PARENT,
Commissioner of Lands, Forests and Fisheries.

A SESSION OF THE COURT OF KING'S BENCH (Crown Side), holding criminal jurisdiction in and for the DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, will be held in the COURT HOUSE, in the CITY OF MONTREAL, on SATURDAY, the FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon.

In consequence, I give PUBLIC NOTICE to all who intend to proceed against any prisoners now in the Common Jail of the said District, and all others, that they must be present then and there; and I also give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners and Peace Officers, in and for the said District, that they must be present, then and there, with their Records, Rolls, Indictmets and other Documents, in order to do those things which belong to them in their respective capacities.

J. B. THIBAUDEAU,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Montreal, 14th May, 1901. 15

INCOMPARABLE

For the Grippe and its consequence such as Bronchitis and Pneumonia.

"Morin's Wine Creso-Phates"

Is used with success in all cases of Grippe and Inflammation of the Lungs. Don't forget this.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN DRUGS.

ONLY 25c A BOTTLE.

The QUEEN'S HAIR HELPER is a preparation that restores hair to its natural color and beauty, arrests falling out, removes dandruff and cures baldness. It is not a dye. It stimulates and invigorates the roots, producing a rapid growth, full of life and health. The clear part makes a superior dressing, equal to any 50c or $1 preparation. For sale by all Druggists, or at

A. D. MANN'S,
Corner Mountain and St. Antoine streets.

COLLYER & BROCK
Electrical Engineers and Contractors
52 STREET RAILWAY CHAMBERS
Also WIRING & FITTING for PRIVATE HOUSES, Etc.

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

WELL ENOUGH AND TIDY NEW.

Tidy New had eyes so blue
That all the flowers kissed her.
And said, Sit down, dear Tidy New;
O come and be our sister.

Well Enough was coarse and rough;
She was Tidy's cousin;
But Tidy New of Well Enough
Was worth six hundred dozen.

Well Enough went down the street
On the mud side shady,
Across the street her cousin neat
Walked, a little lady.

Not a spot on Tidy's dress,
Coat and hat so jaunty,
Sunlight on each streaming tress,
Going to see Aunty.

All the birds up in the trees
Flit three branches nearer,
Down to Tidy, just to please,
Feet now coming nearer.

Well Enough and Tidy New
In the summer weather
Walking 'neath the skies so blue,
To their aunt's together.

Both will come back ere the night
Along the road all shady,
One, I know, a perfect fright,
And one a perfect lady.
—James Riley, in 'Waif.'

THE POPPY PATH.

Miss Colby was very fond of her garden with its gravel walks. While she felt kindly toward children, she did not always like to have them enter her garden, certainly not unless she herself were there.

'There comes Sadie Plmer across her father's potato field!' she said one day, as she stood in her door. 'There never was such a child for flowers, and I can't help liking her; but I'd best be out working when she gets here.'

So Miss Colby put on her garden hat, and was very busy tying up her sweet peas.

The pale purple asters were in full bloom, and Sadie bent over to smell them.

'Don's break them,' said Miss Colby. 'They are for seed. You see I've tied purple yarn to them.'

'Oh, what a nice way!' said Sadie. 'What are those things with the red yarn tied on them?'

'Poppies,' replied Miss Colby. 'The leaves fell off long ago, and the seeds are about ripe. I'll gather them now.'

So she carefully pulled off all the heads that had red yarn tied under them.

'There are ever so many more left,' said Sadie, touching the dry heads and making the little seeds rattle inside.

'You may have those if you want them,' said Miss Colby. 'I will give you a paper bag.'

Sadie gathered all the brown heads that were left, and the seeds rattled out of them into the bag when she shook it.

'I shall have hundreds and hundreds of red poppies next summer in my yard!' she exclaimed, joyously dancing off down the path. 'I'm going to tell mamma, and I thank you, Miss Colby!'

So out of the yard she went, and began to cross the potato field, shaking the bag to make the seeds rattle, never dreaming that there was a little slit of a hole down in one corner.

Suddenly she saw some potato bugs, and darted off on one side, making a wide circuit, for she had a horror of potato bugs. Then she came to a rock, and jumped over it; and then she ran straight home.

'Seems to me there are not many seeds,' said her mother, when she looked into the bag. 'The heads are all empty. Oh, Sadie, here's a hole! Your seeds have all run out!'

Sadie almost cried, but she set her lips tight and bore it. If Miss Colby had known, she would have given her more seeds; but Sadie did not like to tell her.

When the potatoes were dug, Mr. Plmer evened off the ground and sowed it to grass. He was going to have a mowing lot next summer, he said. But what do you suppose happened? It turned out to be the prettiest mowing lot you ever saw. As the grass grew, something else grew with it; but nobody noticed till a little before haying time, when all of a sudden poppies began to bloom. They bloomed along in a line from Mr. Plmer's fence to the foot of a big rock, where they rioted in a big clump. Then they ran off in a wide half circle, and then proceeded straight to Miss Colby's back gate.

'That is Sadie's poppy path!' said Mrs. Plmer.

'They shan't be mowed down!' said Mr. Plmer.

And all the rest of the summer, whenever Sadie could think of an errand to take her to Miss Colby's, she walked by the poppy path, and was so happy that I think you may say you never saw such a happy little girl.—Mary L. B. Branch, in the 'Youth's Companion.'

BIBLE GLEANINGS.

THURSDAY, MAY 23.

THE WORD AND THE SPIRIT.

I. God's word in relation to obedience. Thy word have I laid up in my heart. Why? That I may not sin. (Ps. cxix., 11.) God's will is law. His word, His will, His law are one thing. If God is our God, our desire, our delight, will be the doing of His will. (Ps. cxliii., 10; xl., 8.) God's words are to be written in fleshy tables of the heart. (Deut. vi., 6; Cor. iii., 3.), and there God promises to write them. (Jer. xxxi., 33.) II. The Word and the Spirit. The Bible contains the words which the Holy Spirit teaches. (I. Cor. ii., 13.) As we read we should ask, what does the Spirit teach me here? We need the Spirit in us as well as in the word. God says in Ezek. xxxvi., 27: 'I will put My Spirit within you and cause you to walk in my statutes, and ye shall keep My judgments and do them.' The indwelling Spirit will make plain the mind of God. III. The Results. 1. Hatred of sin. 'I hate every false way, because I esteem all Thy precepts to be right. (Ps. cxix., 128.) 2. They shall know righteousness. (Isa. li., 7.) 3. God will be their God. (Jer. xxxi., 33.) 4. None of his steps shall slide. (Ps. xxxvii., 31.) 5. They shall know God's truth and power. (I. Cor. ii., 4, 5.)

A little girl, gathering strawberries upon a high bank, with one hand carefully holds her father's, and with the other gathers the fruit. But, seeing a great cluster of rosy berries, and being very impatient to reach them, she looses the hand that she may get the fruit, and instantly falls from the top to the bottom of the bank. Is it not so with you, child of God? You go forth in the morning with your Father's hand in yours, but in the middle of the day you see such a rush of work that you think you must allow no other thought to intervene; so you let go that hand, and of course fall right down and lose the peace. Whatever we are doing, and wherever we are going, we must always keep hold of the hand of God There is no other secret of rest, there is no other source of quietness, than his perpetual nearness. We could not have his presence without having the rest; and I am sure we cannot have the rest without his presence. So let us live and remain in the presence of God. 'Every morning compose your soul for a tranquil day, and all through it often recall your resolution, and bring yourself back to it. If something discomposes you, do not be upset or troubled, but on discovering it, humble yourself gently before God, and try to bring your mind into a quiet attitude. Do this as often as you fall. Above all, do not be discouraged. God will uphold you with his hand; and if he should let you stumble, it will only be to show you that without him you would fall altogether, and to teach you to hold his hand the tighter. And with this advice agrees the experience of a man of business of the present day: 'It needs a great deal of grace to live for God in business, but I found God could enable me, by committing myself to him in the morning at home, and even afterwards, when the rush was too great, shutting myself up in my office, and falling on my knees.' So a young shopwoman lately said: 'Such teaching was new to me; but, since I have learned it, when a customer comes in I lift up my heart, and ask Jesus to help me to serve him as to please God and my master. And when there is no time for formal prayer, I just call upon Jesus, and that is enough. He comes and calms me.' Go on working, not dreaming—praying without ceasing, and in everything giving thanks; and then 'thou shalt not be afraid because of evil things.'—'Evangelical Churchman.'

Reproof, to be beneficial, must touch the heart. It is sometimes given so that it reaches only the pride, and thus raises an antagonism that defeats itself.—The Rev. W. S. Cassmore.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

THE ANIMALS' FAIR.

'Twas long ago, they say, in the Land of Far-Away,
The beasties clubbed together and they held a big bazaar;
Not an animal was slighted, every single one invited,
And they all appeared delighted as they came from near and far.

The Bear brushed his hair and dressed himself with care,
With the Lynx and two Minks he started to the fair;
The Tapir cut a caper as he read his morning paper,
And learned about the great bazaar and all the wonders there.

The chattering Chinchilla trotted in with the Gorilla,
Much elated, so they stated, by the prospect of the fun;
While the Yak, dressed in black, came riding in a hack,
And the Buffalo would scuffle, oh—because he couldn't run.

The Donkey told the Monkey that he had forgot his trunk key,
So an Ox took the box, and put it in the way
Of a passing Hippopotamus, who angrily said, 'What a muss!'
As he trod upon the baggage, and observed the disarray.

A graceful little Antelope bought a delicious cantaloup,
And at a table with a Sable, sat primly down to eat;
While a frisky young Hyena coyly gave a philopena
To an Ibex who made shy becks at her from across the street.

A bison was a-pricin' a tea-chest of young hyson,
So cheap, said the sheep, that it nearly weep;
The lazy Armadillo bought a satin sofa-pillow,
Then found a cozy dozy place, and laid him down to sleep.

An inhuman old Ichneumon sang a serenade by Schumann,
The Giraffe gave a laugh and began to cheer and chaff;
A laughing Jaguar said, 'My, what a wag you are!'
And the Camel got his Camera and took a photograph.

The Baboon and the Loon and the rollicking Raccoon
Fed an Otter with a blotter, though it wasn't good to eat;
The Bunny thought was funny all his money went for honey,
But a Rabbit has a habit of liking what is sweet.

The Ape left her cape out on the fire-escape,
The Jerboa lost her boa, which caused her much distress;
But the fair was well attended and the money well expended,
And financially and socially it was a great success.

—Carolyn Wells, in 'The Youth's Companion.'

Children Cry for
CASTORIA.
Children Cry for
CASTORIA.
Children Cry for
CASTORIA.

The Announcement.—A cross old bachelor suggests that births should be announced under the heading of 'new music.'—'Tit-Bits.'

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, M.D. wrapper.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

RICE'S STUDIO,
2261 ST. CATHERINE STREET.
Beautiful Portraits. Latest and most Artistic Finishes. New Mountings.
Telephone Up. 2479.

NEW PICTURES,
FOR THE SPRING TRADE.
NEW MOULDINGS and FRAMES Cheaper than ever.
G. W. WILLSON & SON,
Manufacturers of Mouldings and Frames,
688 Craig St., Next door to the 'Witness' Office.

THE LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING COMPANY, Limited
Mills at Keewatin and Portage La Prairie, Manitoba.
CAPACITY, 3,500 BARRELS DAILY.
Eastern Office,
Rooms 207 to 210 Merchants' Bank Bldg.

MY LADY'S TOILET

Is incomplete without the daily use of DR. WHITE'S ELECTRIC COMB. No more hair falling out, dandruff or headache. The comb is unbreakable, always clean and ready for use, and is sold on a guarantee. Price 40c. Send post card for particulars. Dr. White's Electric Comb Agency, 13 St. John St.

THE MONTREAL LIGHT, HEAT & POWER COMPANY

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $17,000,000

BANKERS—BANK OF MONTREAL

President, - - - - - - H. S. HOLT
First Vice-President, - - - - - JAMES ROSS
Second Vice-President, - - - - RODOLPHE FORGET
Secretary-Treasurer, - - - - - H. H. HENSHAW

DIRECTORS:

H. MONTAGU ALLAN, Director Montreal Gas Company, Director Merchants Bank of Canada.
HON. L. J. FORGET, Senator, President Montreal Street Railway Company, President Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company.
RODOLPHE FORGET, President Royal Electric Company, Director Montreal & St. Lawrence Light and Power Company.
LT.-COL. F. C. HENSHAW, Director Royal Electric Company, Director Montreal Street Railway Company.
H. S. HOLT, President Montreal Gas Company, Director Canadian General Electric Company.
HON. ROBERT MACKAY, Director Montreal Gas Company, Director Bell Telephone Company.
C. E. L. PORTEOUS, President Montreal & St. Lawrence Light & Power Company, Director Toronto Railway Company.
HON. H. B. RAINVILLE, Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, Director of the Royal Electric Company.
JAMES ROSS, Managing Director Montreal Street Railway Company, Director Bank of Montreal

To the Shareholders of

THE ROYAL ELECTRIC COMPANY and THE MONTREAL GAS COMPANY.

GENTLEMEN:—

The Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company has been incorporated by large Shareholders in the The Royal Electric Company, The Montreal Gas Company, and The Montreal & St. Lawrence Light and Power Company (formerly The Chambly Manufacturing Company).

The object of incorporation is to carry on the business of producing and supplying light, heat and power in Montreal and its vicinity.

The Company has obtained from the Legislature powers which place it in as good a position to carry on this business as any of the Companies formerly incorporated by the Legislature.

The position of the light and power business at Montreal has been greatly changed within a very short time by the large development of water power in the immediate vicinity.

It is considered that the new situation can best be met by a Company which controls the largest producer of power and the largest vendors of light and power, namely, The Montreal & St. Lawrence Light and Power Company, The Royal Electric Company, and The Montreal Gas Company, and which will be in the position both of a producer and seller of light, heat and power, and will enjoy a more extended field for its operation than the subsidiary Companies have had in the past.

There can be effected, by working the Companies in harmony, a considerable reduction of expenditure.

It is believed by the Directors of this Company that the advantages to be derived from a more centralized management,—the advantage of operating with greater powers in a more extended field, and the unification of interests which otherwise might be antagonistic, will result in larger net earnings applicable to dividends.

The Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company has completed an arrangement with Messrs. L. J. Forget & Co., under which it will acquire the majority of the shares of the capital stock in the three Companies above mentioned.

It is desired that all the Shareholders of the three Companies should have the opportunity of exchanging their stock for stock in this Company, and Messrs. L. J. Forget & Co. are issuing herewith an offer to the Shareholders of those Companies to effect such an exchange.

The financial year of the Company will commence on the first day of May in each year, and it is the intention to make its dividends payable quarterly, commencing on the 15th August next.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

H. H. HENSHAW,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, April 25th, 1901.

Offices of MESSRS. L. J. FORGET & COMPANY.

Montreal, April 25th, 1901.

To the Shareholders of The Royal Electric Company and The Montreal Gas Company.

GENTLEMEN:—

We hereby offer to exchange with you the stock which you now hold in the Montreal Gas Company or The Royal Electric Company for stock in the Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company, at the rate of stock of the par value of $250.00 of The Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company, in exchange for stock of the par value of $100.00 in The Montreal Gas Company or The Royal Electric Company. Fractional parts of shares of the stock of The Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company will not be delivered, but will be adjusted between us.

This offer will remain open for thirty days from this date, that time being fixed so as to enable shareholders, residing abroad to receive and consider the offer.

It is subject to be withdrawn by us at any time by two days' notice in a Montreal daily paper.

Shareholders who accept this proposition are asked to sign the annexed letter of acceptance and to forward the same with their stock certificates, if any, to The Royal Trust Company, Montreal, with whom arrangements have been made to receive the stock and to exchange it for stock in the new Company upon the terms above mentioned, and whose charges will be paid by us.

We have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servants,

L. J. FORGET & Co.

To the ROYAL TRUST COMPANY, MONTREAL.

GENTLEMEN:—

I hereby accept an offer which has been made to me by Messrs. L. J. Forget & Co. to exchange the stock which I now hold in The Royal Electric Company, or the Montreal Gas Company, for stock in the Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company, at the rate of stock of the par value of $250.00 of the Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company in exchange for stock of the par value of $100.00 in the Royal Electric Company or The Montreal Gas Company.

I hold .. .. ..

CITY FINANCES

How the Municipal Cash Account Stood at the End of Year.

THE CITY TREASURER EXPLAINS THE INCREASE IN COLLECTIONS—SUGGESTED CHANGE.

The printed annual reports of the city treasurer and city comptroller for the year 1900 were issued yesterday. Many of the statements have already appeared in the 'Witness.' In his introductory report, Mr. Robb, the city treasurer, gives the actual position of the cash account as follows :—

Dr.	
Amount due Bank of Montreal for advances to 31st December	$828,000
Balance due to Revenue accounts as shown above..	312,000
Balances due to Loan and Floating Debt accounts generally	397,000
	1,537,000

Cr.		
Cash on hand 31st December .. ..$	46,000	
Cash on hand in hands of Eng. Bankers	2,800	
Street Improvement Bonds, reissuable, as explained hereafter, say	800,000	
Debt redeemed in 1900, forming part of the bank advances, and reimbursable to the Treasury ex the proceeds of the $1,500,000 issuable this year..	390,000	
Disbursements for permanent work of 1900 returnable through the $300,000 special loan issuable this year	298,200	
		1,537,000

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

The Revenue proper of the year was .. ..$	3,157,614
The Expenditure for Administration	3,095,821
Balance carried forward to credit of this account	61,793

Mr. Robb says on the subject of collections, in his report: 'The collections of assessments (and arrears) were $110,000 in excess of those of 1899 whilst there was a falling off of $12,000 in those of the water. The former arising from an abnormal realization of arrears through settlements of disputed valuations, which had been in abeyance, and the latter partly from the introduction of the instalment plan of payments and partly from the continually increasing difficulty in collecting these rates; a difficulty which has arisen, to some extent, from the persistent cry that our water rates are high as compared with other cities, thus creating an impression in the minds of the smaller householders that they are being compelled to pay an excessive price for water.

'Those who raise this cry appeal to comparisons with other cities, where the rates happen to be lower, forgetting, or wilfully ignoring, the fact that the interest cost of the water system in these places is borne by the real estate and that the rates levied for water are simply to cover the cost of administration; the aggregate of the two being in favor of Montreal. But even under our system when it is borne in mind that from fifty to sixty cents a month covers the water rate in the average workingmen's dwelling it cannot be regarded as oppressive. Nor should it be forgotten that the quantity is unlimited and that for this small amount the poorest family can use as much as the richest who, as the rates are based on rental, may pay ten or twenty times as much for the same supply.

'Special licenses on second-hand stores, pedlers, laundries, etc., continue to be a fruitful source of trouble and I would again respectfully suggest their modification by making them issuable at pro rata rates for the unexpired term of any one year (say three-quarters after Aug. 1, a half after Nov. 1 and a quarter after Feb. 1). As the law stands a party taking out a license after six or eight months of the year has expired is required pay the full amount.'

NO CEREMONIAL PARADES.

Lieut.-Col. Roy, D. O. C., has issued a brigade order embodying the following general orders received from Ottawa:—'District officers commanding and commanding officers of units are reminded that, by the King's command, all the military forces of the empire are still in deep mourning for Her late Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, and that such mourning does not expire until July 24. In these circumstances ceremonial displays, such as salutes, feu-de-joie, trooping the colors, reviews and other military exercises, except such as are for tactical instruction or for rifle practice, would be an act of serious disrespect to the memory of our late beloved sovereign.'

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANEMIA

is little red in the blood.

The red in the blood is the oxygen-carrier. Better to breath with half of one lung than not have enough red in the blood.

The blood is full of digested food; but it can't build muscle and nerve and bone without oxygen.

Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil puts red in the blood: the oxygen-carrier. It is like building a railroad into a famine-stricken country.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Canada.

NOT THE COMPANY'S FAULT.

Mr. Justice Langelier rendered judgment yesterday in a case of Mrs. Thos. Cole vs. The Montreal Street Railway Company. The plaintiff claimed $1,600 damages for having broken her wrist by falling on the pavement when alighting from a car at the corner of Bleury and Dorchester streets. She alleged that the car started before she had completely alighted and that the accident was due to this cause. The Court held that the bulk of the evidence went to show that plaintiff, who walked with crutches, had completely left the car when it started, and consquently the action was dismissed.

A STARVING SAILOR.

Constable Shea found a German sailor lying on the wharf at Windmill Point on Tuesday afternoon, apparently very ill. The constable did not know any German, but sent the man to the Notre Dame Hospital, where it was found that he was almost dead from hunger. He is recovering rapidly, but has not made any explanations—at least not in French or English.

LONGUEUIL.

TERMS OF THE ELECTRIC LIGHTING CONTRACT.

At the last meeting of the Longueuil Council, Mayor Perrault presiding, an offer to light the town with acetylene gas was received from the Eclipse Acetylene Gas Co., and referred to the light and fire committee.

On motion of Councillor Galaise, seconded by Councillor Millette, for the second reading of the by-law to confirm the proposed contract with the Royal Electric Co. to furnish electric light to private houses in Longueuil, it was moved in amendment by Councillor Gariepy, seconded by Councillor Denicourt, that the by-law be read a second time at the first council meeting in June.

The mover of the amendment explained that his object was to give ample time to study the conditions of the proposed contract.

The amendment having been put to the vote, was lost, and the main motion being carried, the by-law received a second reading.

The terms of the contract are substantially as follows:—

The Royal Electric Co. will install its plant immediately, so as to turn the current over the wires and supply private houses with light on Sept. 1. The tariff provides that the light will be supplied at a cost approximating one-half cent per light per hour. The contract will run for twenty years. The company will enjoy exclusive rights under the contract, and as soon as the corporation is prepared to incur the cost of lighting the streets by electricity, the company is to furnish the light at the same price as it charges the city of Montreal, making the same reductions that may be made to the city.

LECTURING IN ONTARIO.

Mr. W. W. Smith, of Sutton Junction, Quebec, has been addressing a number of meetings in Ottawa under the auspices of the united temperance societies of the city. His lecture on the plot by which the liquor men sought to take his life when employed as agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Sutton, has been heard with great interest. The local press speaks of his addresses in the following words: 'In thrilling language the eloquent speaker arraigned the liquor traffic as a curse and called on those present to redouble their efforts to suppress it.' His address before the Epworth League of Dominion Methodist Church was most interesting, the subject being 'Bible warnings.' Mr. Smith has also lectured in the Methodist Church, Aylmer, very acceptably. He purposes visiting Pembroke, and the other important towns of this district, and then goes on to Toronto to fill important engagements.

CHINAMAN'S TEST CASE.

The case of Ham Hang vs. the city came up for hearing before Mr. Justice Fontaine in the Superior Court yesterday. This is a test case in connection with the numerous arrests of Chinese laundrymen for non-payment of taxes. The plaintiff alleges that he was erroneously arrested, and convicted for another party, and he claims damages in consequence. If the action succeeds it will be followed by several others of a similar kind.

ORDERED TO OPEN THE ROAD.

Judge Doherty rendered judgment yesterday in a case of Thomas Davidson vs. J. B. Meloche. The dispute between the parties was about a piece of land situated in the parish of Lachine and which the plaintiff claimed to be a public road. The court declared the piece of land referred to to be a public road, and ordered the defendant to take down the fence and gate across said road.

LAST OF THE LOTTERY CASES.

Mr. Justice Loranger rendered judgment yesterday in the case of the Société des Ecoles Gratuites, and of the Promotive of Arts Association vs. the city. Those were the last two of the actions taken by the different lotteries to contest the city by-law imposing a tax upon them. In accordance with the previous ruling of the Court of Review both actions were dismissed with costs.

GOLTMAN'S BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Goltman's Business College prospectus for 1901-2 has just been issued. It contains a portrait of the late Sir Isaac Pitman, the great shorthand master, and also gives information as to the work of the teachers and pupils of the college, with pictures illustrative of the methods of teaching.

RESTAURANT BROKEN INTO.

The premises of Paul Lalonde, restaurant keeper, 25-27 Centre street, were entered by burglars at some time between midnight and 3 a.m. yesterday. They took along with them four dozen bottles of beer and two dozen bottles of brandy. The robbery was reported to the police, who are looking for the thieves.

SEIZURE BEFORE JUDGMENT.

The Gold Medal Furniture Manufacturing Co., limited, has taken out a seizure before judgment against B. Rosenburg, alias R. Sobboff, for $222.25, in the hands of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

The claim is for goods sold and delivered, and the plaintiff alleges that the defendant has left the province and is secreting his property.

JURY TRIAL POSTPONED.

A jury trial, which had been fixed for yesterday in a case of S. Poplinger vs. the Grand Trunk Railway Company, has been continued to June 5.

PRESIDENT'S DEVOTION TO HIS WIFE.

A CASE OF DOMESTIC HERO WORSHIP—HIS POWERFUL INFLUENCE A VALUE IN TIDING OVER CRISES IN HER ILLNESS.

Washington, May 17.—The life of almost constant anxiety which President McKinley has led for more than a quarter of a century would have broken down a man of less robust physique and inferior self-command. Through the whole of it he has laid his political plans, carried them into execution, kept in touch with the changes of public sentiment, administered various high offices involving in their duties a vast mass of detail, taken part in numberless public functions, eaten heartily, slept well, defied bodily fatigue, and maintained an equipoise of temper and a cheerful calmness of demeanor which have aroused the wonder of all with whom he has come in close contact.

His invalid wife has been his companion in everything, and her care and comfort his first thought. No words could overdraw the picture of his devotion, and his bitterest foes have qualified their criticisms with the admission that, once across the sacred threshold of his home, he was secure from attack on any score whatever. Nor has this tenderness failed of appreciation. In his wife's eyes he has always been not only the best husband in the world, but the greatest man; and it was touching to witness her complete absorption in his movements, words, looks, whenever she was present at any ceremony in which he figured, or her childlike wonder that all mankind did not share her estimate of his grandeur of intellect and character.

The knowledge of her domestic hero-worship lends a peculiar grace to the memory of one feature of their life at Columbus when he was Governor of Ohio. They made their home at the Neil House, opposite the Capitol, and Mr. McKinley chose their suite of rooms with special reference to his wife's desire to be able to look out and watch him as he came and went. Every morning when he left her side to go to the Executive chamber, he would walk from the hotel door to the nearest crossing, and there halt, turn and look up at the window in which she sat. Then the Governor of Ohio would lift his hat with a courtly air to the most loyal of his constituents, who would acknowledge the honor with a delighted smile. The little comedy, daily enacted through the legislative seasons of four successive years, used to be a fruitful subject of comment, some captious and some jocose, among that part of the general public who witnessed it. But to the subtler understanding it conveyed a fine meaning all its own.

The President has always exerted over his wife's will a power akin to hypnotism. It is no secret that, during recent years, her infirmity has caused her to be more like a petted child than a mature woman. In every practicable way her husband has humored her wishes; but there have been times when it has been necessary for him to decide questions more promptly than she would or could, and then, with unwavering firmness, he has announced his purpose and held to it. This has always been done with such gentleness of voice and manner that she has been soon ready to yield her preference to his. Never, when it could be avoided, has he crossed her wishes in any way, even though concession might involve the utmost inconvenience to himself; nor in these circumstances has he ever displayed the slightest sign of impatience. Notable among these instances was her resolve, against the judgment of all nearest to her, to risk attending the inaugural ceremonies on March 4, and the ball in the evening, at both of which her participation caused delays and other disarrangements of the programme. The latest case in point was the trip to the west, which she insisted upon taking in spite of warnings that her health might not prove equal to the strain.

In his sparing use of his power, indeed, may lie the secret of its effectiveness on those rare occasions when it has been important that the President should command. It has long been his belief that to the exertion of his will his wife owed her rally from two or three sinking turns which carried her to the very door of death. When she has appeared to be past human aid, he has stayed at her side, refusing to give her up, and by his constant urging stimulated her to make a fresh effort in her own behalf, and thus brought her back to a normal state. Her physicians have freely admitted that, in certain crises, his sheer personal force has accomplished what their art could not.

STORY IS DENIED.

NO FAMINE IN THE MAGDALEN ISLANDS.

Halifax, N.S., May 22.—Captain Thos. O'Neill, who arrived in the city yesterday from the Magdalen Islands via Pictou, emphatically contradicts the story of starvation at the islands as reported by the captain of a schooner recently at Gloucester, Mass., from the islands. Captain O'Neill took the schooner 'Formosa' from here to the Magdalen Islands with a cargo of provisions for Delaney Brothers and he reached there about three weeks ago. He says flour could be purchased there as cheaply as in Halifax. He heard no complaints of lack of food. He visited Amherst, House Harbor and Grind Stone and found plenty of food at all these places. Fully thirty thousand dollars had been left there this spring for herring, which fish had been plentiful and the catch large. During the winter provisions of certain kinds had been a little short, but there had been no real cases of destitution, as depicted by the Gloucester skipper. Lobsters were plentiful and the catch large. Farming had just commenced when Captain O'Neill left the islands.

KILLED BY AN ANGRY BULL.

Peterborough, May 22.—William Hope, aged seventy-nine years, who lives about half a mile from Villiers, was trampled and gored by a ferocious bull yesterday morning and died within a few hours. Mr. Hope was approaching the animal when it turned on him and knocked him down. Mr. Hope was born at the homestead near Villiers in 1822 and was one of the most familiar figures throughout the county.

NEW FRENCH TORPEDO BOAT.

Bordeaux, May 22.—The torpedo boat 'Tramontane,' was launched here yesterday, all ready for sea. She is 45 metres long. She carries two twenty-seven millimetre guns and has two torpedo tubes. Her engines are expected to develop 4,400 horse power, which will give her a speed of thirty knots per hour.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Pill
Of the Past.

In this country, for irregularities of the digestive tract, the use of pills was most common, until Abbey's Effervescent Salt introduced the more pleasant and effective saline form of medicine. The experience of the vast majority who have used both styles ot remedy has been that the salines may be taken more regularly and without the reactionary effect of pills and tablets. This is confirmed by the medical profession.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt is a perfect saline, containing all the beneficial features of natural mineral waters without their objectionable ingredients.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt is a gentle laxative and antacid that quickly rectifies all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT. 25c and 60c a bottle.

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Brings Health to the System in a Pleasant Natural Way.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Large LIQUID and POWDER . . . 75c
25c
At the Stores or by Mail, postpaid, for the Price.

A Dentist's Opinion: "As an antiseptic and hygienic mouthwash, and for the care and preservation of the teeth and gums, I cordially recommend Sozodont. I consider it the ideal dentifrice for children's use." [Name of writer upon application.]
HALL & RUCKEL, NEW YORK.

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See our pure White Agate Lined Refrigerators insulated with Air-cell Asbestos Board.
We carry a full line of samples at our Up-town Store, 2230 St. Catherine Street.
GEO. R. PROWSE, 224 St. James St.

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"ISLAND CITY" White Lead for DECORATORS.
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A guarantee is worth only what is behind it to give it value. THE SPARHAM FIREPROOF ROOFING COMPANY, capital $60,000, gives written guarantee with the roof, and that is substantial.
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BUSINESS MEN.
Get your invoices printed at the 'Witness' Printing House

SPORTS

Montreal Baseball Team Shuts Out the Syracuse Nine.

P.A.A.A. TO OPEN QUEEN'S PARK TO-MORROW—HOCHELAGA LACROSSE CLUB OFFICIALS—TRUSTEES APPOINTED FOR MINTO CUP.

This is hardly the time of year for dog days, but Montreal is going to have a few just the same. Beginning next Wednesday and continuing for several days, dogs from this city and elsewhere will be exhibited at the Victoria rink.

The entry list is exceptionally large this year and the interest is accordingly increased. The Montreal Collie Club is going to make numerous exhibits and it is stated on the best of authority that some agreeable surprises are in store for Montrealers when they attend the show.

During the past year some of the finest dogs in Great Britain have been purchased by Canadians, and among them several will be found in Montreal. The judging will commence at 10 o'clock on the morning of the opening day. Of course visitors must not mind a little noise, as this is a thing which is bound to 'a-cur' at a bench show, and a few 'pointers' given before hand will not come amiss. The following gentlemen have consented to act as stewards to assist the judges, Messrs. Lacey and Lindsay:—Messrs. D. Crawford, Arthur F. Gault, A. H. Hersey, J. A. Laurin, D. W. Ogilvie and Lorne Ogilvie. Donations and special prizes are still being received and the class to which they will be apportioned will be announced later.

QUOITING

MONTREAL QUOITING CLUB.

A special match among the members will be played on their grounds, St. James street, to-morrow afternoon, commencing at two o'clock. All members intending to take part in the match must be on the grounds before that hour.

BASE BALL

MONTREAL BALL TEAM SHUTS OUT THE SYRACUSE NINE.

In a fast, well-contested and exciting game played yesterday afternoon the Montreal team administered a coat of whitewash to the Syracuse nine. The game played by the Royals made glad the hearts of the fans. It was a game without an error, and one which demonstrated in no uncertain manner the prowess and playing abilities of the locals. The homesters simply outclassed the Stars at every point. Their batting, fielding and base-running was of National league character. They played with snap from the very start, and accepted chances that seemed impossible to control. To say that the spectators were pleased at the remarkable work of the Royals is putting it mildly. They were simly delighted, and when the game proceeded from innings to innings, and the visitors failed in their endeavor to avert a shut out, the fans' enthusiasm knew no bounds. At times the Syracuse men put up snappy ball, but it seemed to be their day off, or at least they failed to connect at the proper time. Flaherty pitched only a moderate game, for after the fourth innings the Royals batted him with ease. Dan McFarlane, on the other hand, was a puzzle. He twirled a magnificent ball throughout the contest, just such pitching that must ultimately bring success to the team. In fact, McFarlane's work was a veritable surprise. In nearly every innings he would change his delivery. Now a high curve, then a slow low drop, then again a straight ball over the plate, the next an inner or outer curve. The visitors could not understand him. They were compelled to admit defeat when they were confident of victory. Another feature of the game from a local standpoint was the brilliant base work of the Royals. Why, they simply flew around the diamond. A single base hit generally meant a two-bagger, while the players continually kept stealing bases throughout the whole contest. In the field their play was marvellous. The boys themselves hardly realized their remarkable work.

In the fourth innings Odwell lead off with a two-base hit. Shearon sent a grounder to right and 'Od' reached third. Delahanty sent a warm one to Flaherty, which he failed to stop, and 'Del.' tried hard to reach first but Demontreville secured the flying sphere and nipped the runner. During this performance Odwell crossed the home plate and every one was glad. In the fifth innings Captain Dooley hit out a nice liner for a base, but Johnston unfortunately forced Dooley at second.

Quinlan got first on ball, McFarlane hit out a long fly to Bannon, but the erstwhile Montrealer seemed to be in sympathy with his old love, as the return ball was considerably short of doing any damage. Johnston took chances and reached third. Quinlan made a safe hit and limped around to second, while Johnston reached home. In an endeavor to catch Quinlan at third Smith made a muff and when Larry accepted the opportunity afforded of reaching the home plate he was fouled in his attempt.

Again in the sixth the Royals had a batting streak. Sheehan started out by getting to first on a single. Odwell sent out a hit to Smith, Shearon attempted to sacrifice but Flaherty secured the ball in time to cut off Sheehan at second. To even matters a little Odwell stole third and then immediately afterwards worked in a nice double in company with Shearon.. Delahanty was struck out, but Wilson made a pretty one base hit. In their attempt to run Wilson down between the bases Shearon unexpectedly stole home. For the remaining two innings the Royals failed to score, although they put up several close calls. The best Syracuse could do was to land a man or two on third, and they seemed relieved when the game was over.

Umpire Hunt, who has been ill, reported yesterday for duty, and umpired satisfactorily. There was no kicking of any consequence. The score:—

Montreal.

	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E.
Sheehan, 3b	4	0	1	0	3	0
Odwell, c.f.	4	2	3	1	0	0
Shearon, r.f.	4	1	2	4	0	0
Delahanty, l.f.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Wilson, c.	4	0	1	2	1	0
Dooley, 1b	4	0	2	14	0	0
Johnson, 2b	3	1	0	1	4	0
Quinlan, s.s.	2	0	0	4	3	0
McFarlan, p.	3	0	1	0	5	0
Total	32	4	10	27	16	0

Syracuse.

	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E.
Bannon, r.f.	4	0	2	4	0	0
White, l.f.	2	0	0	2	0	0
Demontreville, s.s.	3	0	1	3	2	0
Cooley, 1b.	4	0	0	4	2	0
Smith, 3b.	4	0	1	2	2	0
Lynch, c.f.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Curley, 2b	4	0	0	0	2	0
Roach, c.	3	0	2	5	1	1
Flaherty, p.	3	0	0	1	4	0
Total	31	0	7	24	11	1

By innings—
Syracuse .. .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Montreal .. .. 0 0 0 1 1 2 0 0 x—4

Summary.

Stolen bases, Odwell, 3; Shearon, 2; Quinlan, Roach. Sacrifice hit, White. Two-base hit, Odwell. First base on balls, off McFarlan, 1; Flaherty, 1. Struck out, by McFarlan, 2; by Flaherty, 3. Hit by pitcher, White. Left on bases, Montreal, 4; Syracuse, 7. Time, 1.40. Umpire, Hunt. Attendance, 600.

RAIN AT BUFFALO.

Buffalo, N.Y., May 23.—Buffalo-Hartford game postponed; rain.

NO GAME AT ROCHESTER.

Rochester, May 23.—Rochester-Worcester game postponed; rain.

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Per-cent.
Rochester	16	7	.696
Providence	12	7	.637
Toronto	12	9	.571
Syracuse	9	10	.474
Worcester	8	10	.444
Montreal	8	12	.400
Hartford	7	11	.389
Buffalo	8	14	.364

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	R.	H.	E.
At Philadelphia—			
Chicago .. .. .. .0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	8	3	
Philadelphia . . . .0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 x—3	7	2	
Batteries—Waddell and Dexter; Donahue and McFarland.			
At Brooklyn—			
St. Louis .. ..1 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0—4	8	3	
Brooklyn .. ..4 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 x—5	10	4	
Batteries—Murphy and Nichols; Donovan and Farrell.			
Second game—			
St. Louis .. ..1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0—4	12	3	
Brooklyn .. .. ..1 1 2 0 1 0 0 0 x—5	13	1	
Batteries—Jones and Ryan; Kilson and Farrell. 2			
At New York—			
Pittsburg .. ..0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1	8	1	
New York .. .. ..0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 x—2	6	3	
Batteries—Wiltse and Zimmer; Phyle and Warner.			
At Boston—			
Boston .. ..2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—3	10	3	
Cincinnati .. .. ..0 0 0 0 0 0 1 3 0—4	7	3	
Batteries—Willis and Kittridge; Hahn and Porz.			

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Per-cent.
Cincinnati	15	8	.652
New York	12	7	.632
Philadelphia	14	11	.560
Pittsburg	12	11	.522
Brooklyn	11	12	.478
Boston	9	11	.450
St. Louis	10	15	.400
Chicago	10	18	.357

PROVIDENCE HERE TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

The Providence baseball team is due here to-day, and three well-contested games may be expected. While the champions are not as strong as last season, they are a pretty good team. Cassidy, Connor, Walters, Macauley, Stafford, Friend, Dunkle, Braun and Corridon, of last year's team, are still in the club, and the new men are Eddie Henry, last year with Montreal; Wagner, formerly with Toronto; Crisham, last year in the American League, but formerly with Providence, and Flournoy, the man who is attempting to fill Harry Davis's shoes, and not making an altogether bad job of it.

Souders will pitch to-day's game for Montreal, and Braun will probably officiate for Providence. To-morrow morning's game will be called at 11 o'clock. Felix will pitch for Montreal, and Dunkle will likely do the twirling for Providence. In the afternoon game it will likely be McFarland and Friend.

MONTREAL AMATEUR BASEBALL LEAGUE.

The Montreal Amateur Baseball League held a meeting in the Y.M.C.A. Building, for the purpose of adopting a constitution and the election of officers. The result of the elections were as follows:—President, Mr. A. Lippiat, P.A.A.A.; vice-president, Mr. George W. Parks, Westmount; secretary treasurer, Mr. W. C. A. Pang, Overland A.A.A., 152 St. George street, city.

An executive committee of five was also elected. The schedule will be drawn up at a meeting to be held on Wednesday, May 29, at the Y.M.C.A. Building.

LACROSSE

POINT TEAM FOR TO-MORROW.

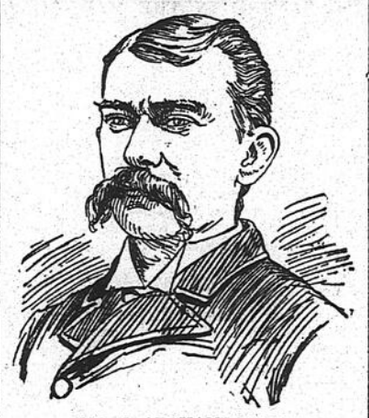
The Point St. Charles Lacrosse Club executive has decided upon the following players to represent the club in the match with the Montreal senior team, to-morrow afternoon at Queen's Park:—Goal, Modler; point, Jackson; cover point, McIlwaine; defence field, Roach, Parker, Buckley; centre, Taylor; home field, Lawlor, Gamble, Sarney; outside home, Kerwin; inside home, Hess.

MONTREAL TEAM TO MEET POINTS.

The following members of the Montreal Lacrosse Club will compose the team to meet the Point St. Charles aggregation tomorrow afternoon:—Messrs. Pierce, Taylor Moore, Cameron, Davidson, Deddo, A. Christmas, McCarthy, Lunan, Bowie and Poppin. Mr. A. Donoghue will captain the team.

HOCHELAGA CLUB PREPARING FOR THE SEASON.

The annual meeting of the Hochelaga lacrosse club, which took place last week, was the most enthusiastic ever held by that organization. The members were present in full force, ready to endorse the executive in any action they might see fit to take with regard to entering a team in the junior league. Before this order of business was taken up, the election of officers was proceeded with, the following being elected for the ensuing year:



MR. J. ARCHAMBAULT,
President Hochelaga Lacrosse Club.

President, Mr. J. Archambault.
Vice-President—Mr. W. S. Parker.
Manager—Mr. Wm. Smith.
Treasurer—Mr. G. Bouquet.
Secretary—Mr. Nap. Archambault.
Captain—Mr. J. O'Neill.

The election over, the meeting discussed the advisability of entering a team in the junior lacrosse league. It was unanimously agreed to do so, and at the annual meeting of the league, held at the M. A.A.A. last Friday night the application of the Hochelaga club was favorably received. The executive is elated over the fact that the club is now a member of the league, and the boys are determined to put a team in the field this summer that will be a credit to the club, and an honor to the district.

The team, although in no league last year, had a most successful and satisfactory season. They played a number of exhibition games during the summer, and out of seven matches played they won five, lost one and played a draw, a record that compares favorably with any junior team in Montreal.

The Hochelaga boys are all young players. They are full of enthusiasm for the game, and it will not be surprising if they land the championship at the end of the season. The club have leased the Lepine Park grounds in Maisonneuve for practice and game purposes.

THE MINTO CUP TRUSTEES.

Ottawa, May 23.—His Excellency the Governor-General, who is giving a challenge cup to be competed for by the Canadian lacrosse clubs, and has appointed Mr. E. S. Clouston, of Montreal, and Mr. P. D. Ross, of Ottawa as trustees. His Excellency has also asked Sir Henri Joly to act as trustee, representing British Columbia. The rules governing competition for the cup are now being prepared by the trustees, and will be submitted to His Excellency at an early date. President Clancy, of the Quebec Rugby Union, has called the annual meeting of that body for Saturday, June 8, in Montreal. It is likely that the reinstatement of the Montreal Football Club will be up for discussion.

THE SHAMROCK TEAM FOR TO-MORROW.

The Shamrocks had their final practice last night, and the executive picked the following to play against the Nationals on Victoria Day:—P. Quinn, P. Leddy, J. Howard, M. Hayes, R. Finlayson, H. Smith, J. Currie, E. Robinson, H. Hoobin, J. Brennan, P. Brennan, A. Dade and W. Hendry.

YOUNG SHAMROCKS FOR QUEBEC.

The Young Shamrocks will leave by boat this evening for Quebec, where they play an exhibition match with the Ancient Capitals. At the meeting held last night, E. Quinn was elected captain for the coming season.

TO PLAY IN SHERBROOKE.

The Monfreal Lacrosse Club will send a junior team to Sherbrooke to-morrow morning for an exhibition match. The train will leave the Grand Trunk station at 8 o'clock.

CORNWALL CLUB DECIDES ON LIST OF REFEREES AND PLAYERS.

Cornwall, Ont., May 23.—The Cornwall Lacrosse Club has forwarded to the president of the N.A.L.U. the following for the official board of referees: Wm. Molluck, H. Adams, J. Broderick, G. O. Crites, W. Leacy, H. McDonnell. The club of seventeen players from among which the first team will be selected is as follows:—A. Tobin, W. C. Burns, J. J. Kerwin, W. Broderick, J C Broderick, D. C. Cameron, A. A. Allan, A. McMillan, John White, James Riley, M. E. Broderick, Fred, Degan, R. P. Madden, W. Eastwood, C. A. Hess, W. A. Black and J. Carr. The Cornwalls have not been able to practice much this week, owing to bad weather, but will turn out on every possible occasion next week. They hope to give Montreal a hard game on June 1.

Cornwall is preparing for the big international military celebration on May 24, under the auspices of the Cornwall Lacrosse Club.

THE CORNWALL TEAM PREPARING TO MEET MONTREAL.

Cornwall, May 23.—One week from Saturday, the Cornwall lacrosse team will play their first match of the season, when on the M.A.A.A. field they will line up against the Montreal team. The boys have been practicing as steadily as the weather will permit, and while they are not yet in the pink, their condition is very satisfactory. The snap, and the good heart, the boys are putting into their work this season, augurs well for their success. Every player feels a deep personal interest in this year's campaign, and each and everyone seems to be determined that matches will be lost through no fault of his. They realize that the Montreals will be a hard nut to crack, and will keep pegging away all next week so as to be in as good condition as possible.

ATHLETICS

ENGLISH STUDENTS WILL BRING OVER A STRONG TEAM.

London, May 23.—Of the best blood and brawn of Cambridge and Oxford will be the team which the English universities will send to New York to compete with the athletes of Yale and Harvard on Sept. 21. Athletic experts who have been closely watching the preparations abroad believe the Americans will have a stirring task to take victory from their rivals.

Two men from each of the countries will compete in each of the nine events on Sept. 21. It has not been determined what system of scoring will be used. In the initial series, held in London on July 22, 1899, the English team won by five firsts to four, wins alone counting.

In the distance running events the visitors will probably be at their best, while it must be conceded that with the men at present available the Americans should make a clean sweep of the field competition. This condition of affairs leaves the 'hundred' hurdles and 'quarter' doubtful, provided Dixon Boardman, Yale's runner, is unable to compete.

The first string of the Britishers in the hundred yards, A. E. Hinds, of Cambridge, has shown himself a 'flyer.' He is reported to have broken all British records at the distance at Fenners track. He is a fine starter and leaves his mark well, soon getting into his running.

L. J. Cornish, Lincoln College, Oxford, winner of the 'quarter' and broad jump at the Fenners track games, will be the mainstay of his team in these events. He waited on his field in the 'four forty,' and came away when ready, the time being 52 4-5s.

In the high hurdle G. R. Garnier, of Oxford, is reputed to be a shade better than sixteen seconds. He won at the dual sports in seventeen seconds against a heavy wind.

J. R. Cleave, Oxford, beat two minutes for the half-mile easily under the most adverse conditions. He has a fine, easy style, good judgment, and is a splendid runner. He waits on his opponents and uses his great turn of speed to the best advantage.

F. G. Cockshott, Cambridge, the 'miler,' is said to be capable of 'four-twenty.' His most recent victory was an easy mile in 4 minutes 26 4-5 seconds.

H. M. Workman, Cambridge, will be remembered as the 'Light Blue' whose great distance running ability clinched the former match for the Englishmen. He is named for the two miles.

In the field events, E. E. May, Oxford, for the hammer, and G. Howard Smith, Cambridge,, high jump, are the nominations. Their performances in these events fall considerably below the mark set by the American collegians. L. J. Cornish is the mainstay in the long jump, with twenty-two feet as his best probable leap.

CRICKET

THREE MATCHES FOR VICTORIA DAY.

The Montreal cricketers will be very busy to-morrow, no less than three matches being on the card, as will be seen from the following:

MONTREAL VS. OTTAWA.

This match will be played on the Montreal A.A.A. grounds, Westmount, on Victoria Day, beginning at 11 o'clock sharp. The Montreal team will consist of F. Arblaster, A. Hodgson, W. R. Gilbert, J. J. Boyes, Davis, H. F. Sare, E. S. Jaques, P. E. Henderson, — White, E. G. Rykert (captain), and Fleet (pro.). This will be the first of the league matches.

MONTREAL VS. WESTMOUNT.

To be played on the Westmount Park on May 24, beginning at 11.

MONTREAL VS. VALLEYFIELD.

To be played on the Motnreal A.A.A. grounds, May 25, beginning at 11.

AQUATICS

ROWING AT LACHINE.

The lists for the annual spring trial fours have been posted in the club house of the Lachine Rowing Club, and already a large number of the active members of the club have put their names down. The crews will be picked about June 1.

GOLF

THE METROPOLITAN CLUB.

The executive of the Metropolitan Golf Club have decided to extend the playing privileges of their links to ladies during forenoons, it being stipulated that ladies will not use these privileges in the afternoons, or on such days as may be fixed for special contests.

WESTMOUNT GOLF CLUB MATCHES.

The members of the Westmount Golf Club will be busily engaged for some time, judging from the arrangements that have been made by the committee for matches and competitions. On Victoria Day a match will take place on the Dixie links between 12 members of each club, and a game has been arranged for the members remaining in town, Bachelors and Benedicts. During the past week Mr. Smith, the professional from Dixie, upon the invitation of the committee of the Westmount Club, visited the links and laid out a new nine-hole course, which promises when completed to be a decided improvement on the present course. Work was immediately commenced, and it is hoped to have a competition over the new links on June 1, when several prizes will be played for.

SKATING

VICTORIA SKATING CLUB DIRECTORS MEET.

A special meeting of the directors and shareholders of the Victoria Skating Club was held last night, for the purpose of deciding what steps should be taken to ensure the future prosperity of the rink. After much deliberation it was decided to adjourn until more definite information as to the condition of the present building, and the feasibility of repairing it could be obtained. The meeting was largely attended, and from the expression of those present, there is no doubt that the present shareholders are determined to keep the old Victoria Rink, with all its happy associations, open to the public, and as popular as ever. There is also no doubt whatever that the before the doors are again opened, there will be a radical, if not total, change in the building.

The president, Mr. A. Haig Sims; vice-president, Mr. Herbert Molson; secretary-treasurer, Mr. F. Percy Smith; the directors, Messrs. C. F. Sise, jr., J. H. Dunlop, Herbert Molson and H. A. Budden, and twenty-five shareholders, representing, nearly the entire stock of the club, were present.

The president, in his opening remarks, repudiated the statement in an evening paper, that there was a likelihood of closing the rink and selling the property, as being unauthorized by any one connected with the club. The shareholders were unanimous in their decision to continue the rink as a club and public institution.

YACHTING

NEW ENGLISH YACHT LAUNCHED.

Glasgow, May 23.—The 'Nevada,' a 65-foot rater, designed by Charles F. Herreshoff, a nephew of the famous American yacht builder, for Mr. M. Ingalls, was launched yesterday on the Clyde. The new yacht has been the subject of much curious examination on the part of designers and yachtsmen, who consider her an unusual example of the fin keel class of boat.

The 'Nevada' is the first boat in the class built under the new British rating rule. William Hogarth is to be her sailing master. She is an out-and-out racing machine with shallow body, flat floor, and light displacement. The water line has been kept down, the overhangs are long and sharp, and they lie close to the water when she is on an even keel, and any heel gives her much more length to sail on.

FOOTBALL

P.A.A.A. ASSOCIATION CLUB.

The Points journey to Vankleek Hill on Friday. The following team will play against the Vankleek Hill Football Club:—Goal, G. Brighton; full backs, Jock Smith, F. Calder; half backs, H. F. Kennerley, W. E. Palmer, W. J. Jennings; right wing, J. Anderson, J. Strike; centre, E. W. Relf; left wing, L. Jehu, W. McQueston, captain.

C. Fox and M. Durcan accompany the team.

The train leaves Windsor street station at 9.55 a.m. All players to be there at 9.40. Uniforms will be furnished by the club.

WHEELING

MONTREAL BICYCLE CLUB RACES.

Members of the Montreal Bicycle Club, who wish to take part in bicycle racing this season, will do well to report to the trainer, Mr. Bennett, at the grounds, as it is the intention of the club to commence the weekly handicaps as soon as possible.

As heretofore, a silver spoon will be given for each event, and it is hoped that the racing men will turn out at once, so that the officers of the club may be in a position at an early date to enter their men for open races.

MISCELLANEOUS

OPENING OF QUEEN'S PARK TO-MORROW.

The Point St. Charles Amateur Athletic Association will open Queen's Park to the public to-morrow afternoon. The Montreal and Point lacrosse teams will meet to-morrow upon the occasion of the opening. Both teams have been putting in a lot of practice, and are in very good shape. The grounds are easy of access, the cars of the M.S.R. running right alongside. If the weather proves favorable, it is expected a big crowd will turn out to see the game. The P.A.A.A., since taking over the grounds, have had them properly rolled and levelled where necessary, so that they are now in first class shape.. Although not admitted to the senior league, the Points are not without hope, and are determined to put a winning team in for the intermediate championship, and thus strengthen their application for admission into the senior ranks next year. Nearly all of last year's team are out again, and these have been strengthened by other good players.

To add to the interest of the afternoon's sport, there will be several bicycle races between the games. These races are held under the C.W.A. sanction. In the evening, the members of the association will entertain their friends at the Park clubhouse.

EXPORTATION OF TROUT PROHIBITED

The following order-in-council speaks for itself, and will be welcome to all lovers of good fishing:—

Whereas it is deemed desirable to prevent the excessive and illegal fishing of speckled trout which is being carried on in some parts of the Dominion to supply foreign fish markets—

Therefore, the Governor-General-in-Council, in virtue of the provisions of section 16 of the Fisheries Act, chapter 95, Revised Statutes of Canada, is pleased to make and doth hereby make the following fishery regulations:—

Export of Certain Kinds of Trout Prohibited.

No one shall receive, ship, transport or have in possession for the purpose of shipping or transporting out of the Dominion of Canada, any speckled trout, river trout or sea trout, taken or caught in the province of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island; provided—

(a) Any person may so ship such trout caught by him for sport, to the extent of 25 lbs. in weight, if the shipment is accompanied by a certificate to that effect from either the local fishery officer in whose district the fish were caught, or from the local station agent adjacent to the locality in which they were caught, or is accompanied by a copy of the official license or permit issued to the person making the shipment.

(b) No single package of such trout shall exceed 25 lbs. in weight, nor shall any person be permitted to ship more than one package during the season.

JOHN McGEE,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN EDITOR'S ADVICE.

Article in a Quebec Paper that Everybody should Read—Recommends Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets to Dyspeptic Sufferers.

Dyspepsia is the common evil of the times. Indigestion and Stomach troubles are the afflictions of every class.

Brain workers who, from lack of exercise and nervous strain, are peculiarly liable to Dyspepsia, cannot do better than take Editor Caron's advice.

He advises Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets have made a reputation on three continents as an absolute safe and certain cure for Dyspepsia in all its forms.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets will quickly and permanently cure Indigestion, Heartburn, Waterbrash, Acidity, Nervousness, Anaemia, or poorness of the blood, and every other indication that the stomach is not doing its work and properly assimilating the food.

Alphonse Caron, is the editor of the 'Echo,' of Montmagny, Que. Recently he felt so impressed with the value of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets that he published the article in his paper from which the following is taken:

'To Dyspeptics—Do you know Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are the best things for Dyspepsia to be had on the market? I the undersigned do, for I have tested the matter for myself.

Every person suffering from any form of Dyspepsia may rely on Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets. As a former sufferer from that terrible malady myself, I am only too glad to show others the way out of their troubles as publicly as lies in my power.

'I was cured by Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets. They alone, of all the remedies I used, were of any benefit. I am sure others suffering with Dyspepsia would try Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets they will be as satisfied with them as I am.—Alphonse Caron.'

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are a compound of pepsin, diastase and other perfect digestants mixed in sugar.

They are pleasant to take, easy to carry, and positively sure in their effect.

And they are but fifty cents a box all over the world.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wherever you ride—
Whenever you ride—
Whatever you ride—

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Dunlop Tires

They make all roads like a cinder path

Dunlop Detachable Tires—for Bicycles and Vehicles
Dunlop Solid Rubber Tires—for Carriages and Waggons.

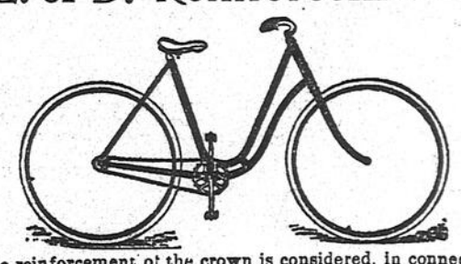


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When the reinforcement of the crown is considered, in connection with the four-point bearings in the head, it will be seen that E & D construction is perfection. **Write for Catalogue.**

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ADVERTISEMENTS.

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SETWELL TROUSER STRETCHERS

75c per pair complete, packed in neat small box.

Also the New Trouser Hangers, at 15c only. Suit and Trouser Hanger Combined, 35c. Set of 4, with Rod, at $1.35.

And the Heavy Copper Wire Trouser Re-shapers and Stretchers at 25c pair.

Come in and See Them.

For sale at headquarters for Men's Outfittings in Montreal.

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A LADY'S DRESS,

If placed with us, and cleaned or dyed, one will be surprised how much extra wear will be gotten out of it. Fabrics of all kinds have skilled attention in these works.

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TRITICUMINA BREAD

For people troubled with Indigestion. This is made from Malted Wheat.

TRITICUMINA INFANTS' FOOD,

For the Baby. Many fine children in this city have been brought up on it.

JAMES M. AIRD.

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CHATEAUGUAY and NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

BRIDGE TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS. addressed to the undersigned, will be received until June 6th, 1901.

1st. For the construction of the Stone Piers and Abutments for a Bridge over the River des Prairies (Ottawa River), on the line of the Chateauguay and Northern Railway, and also for the grading of approaches thereto, and endorsed 'Bridge Tenders.'

2nd. For the Steel Superstructure of said Bridge and endorsed 'Tender for Superstructure.'

Plans and Specifications and Forms of Tender may be seen, and all necessary information obtained at the offices of the Company, Room 110 Temple Building, Montreal.

Tenders will not be entertained unless made on the forms supplied by the Company.

The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

J. P. MULLARKEY,
Managing Director.

BEDDING PLANTS.

Now is the time to have your WINDOW BOXES, HANGING BASKETS, RUSTIC STANDS, GARDENS, &c., filled.

We have a Larger and Better Stock to select from than ever,

Having added two new Greenhouses to our establishment last fall.

JOHN EDDY & SONS,

WESTMOUNT GREENHOUSES,

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ADVERTISEMENTS.



OUR RETIRING SALE

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Furniture and Carpets

is helping many thrifty housekeepers to make their homes bright and attractive at little cost.

Our sale prices reveal the most glorious saving tidings know in the records of furniture retailing.

Just come and SEE.
for all who SEE, BUY.

EASY TERMS if necessary so to help to liquidate the stock quickly.

In order to allow us to deliver and replace the furniture that will be sold, the store will only be open at 10 O'CLOCK A. M., till 10 O'CLOCK P. M.

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MALLEABLE IRON CASTINGS.

WE ARE MAKING REFINED MALLEABLE IRON CASTINGS FROM "HOT AIR FURNACE" PROCESS, STRONG, DURABLE AND TO PATTERN, RAILING AND STAIR, ASTINGS, CHILLS, SASH WEIGHTS AND SPECIAL WORK AT SHORT NOTICE.

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THE MONTREAL MALLEABLE IRON WORKS,

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Telephone Main 1624. P. O. Box 122

FUN WAS EXPENSIVE

MOB TARRED AND FEATHERED THREE CITIZENS AND WILL PAY ELEVEN THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Bellefontaine, Ohio, May 23.—A jury yesterday awarded $11,000 in damages for injuries received at the hands of a mob. David Rickman and Ed. Jackson, colored, and Mrs. Nell Jackson, white, were tarred and feathered and driven out of town by indignant citizens of West Liberty. The trio brought suits for damages against Logan County. Jackson was awarded $1,000 damages, Rickman, $3,000, and Mrs. Jackson, $7,000.

'DR.' STANLEY ARRESTED.

New York, May 22.—'Doctor' Kirke Stanley, arrested in connection with the death of Father Phillips, was arraigned before Coroner Bausch to-day and his examination was set for May 31. The bail was reduced to $5,000. Stanley was taken back to the Tombs in default of bail. When Coroner Bausch reached his office to-day he found it had been broken into, the desk in which he kept his papers had been pried open, and there was evidence that the papers had been ransacked. The coroner believes this was done by persons wishing to learn the real name of the woman known as Mrs. Stanley, who testified before the coroner yesterday.

CANADIAN FRUIT AT BUFFALO.

Toronto, May 23.—Mr. L. Wolverton, M.A., Secretary of the Ontario Fruit Growers' Association, has just returned from the Pan-American Exhibition, and reports very satisfactory progress in the fruit exhibit. The installation arches and tables were all made and set up by Ontario workmen, under the direction of Mr. W. H. Bunting, Superintendent of Horticulture, and are considered by many the finest in the Horticultural Building. The work was completed only on Saturday evening at six o'clock, and yet, with the aid of Messrs. Collins and Thompson, Mr. Bunting had a magnificent display of apples from cold storage and of domestic fruits in glass, which, we have no doubt, will receive a diploma from the Board of Judges.

Persons desiring to have fruit exhibits made in their own names should write to Mr. Bunting, St. Catharines, for instructions.

INLAND REVENUE OFFICE CHANGES.

Ottawa, May 23.—Mr. W. G. Gerald is to be appointed Deputy Minister of Inland Revenue. The commissionership and the assistant commissionership are to be abolished and the position of deputy created instead. Mr. Miall, who is commissioner, will be superannuated, and Mr. Gerald promoted to the position of deputy. Mr. William Himsworth, the charge. There are other important changes in the outside service engaging the attention of the department.

KILLED BY A BICYCLIST.

Stratford, Ont., May 23.—A fatal bicycle accident occurred here on Tuesday by which George Russell McLean, aged nine years, son of Thomas McLean, Grand Trunk car inspector, lost his life. Ben Sillifant, aged twenty-four, with two cousins, was practicing bicycle riding preparing for races on the coming holiday. They came unawares on young McLean, who was crossing the street. He was struck on the head and died yesterday. Sillifant was thrown from his wheel, dislocating his shoulder and breaking his little finger.

YELLOW LABOR NOT WANTED.

Capetown, May 23.—The prime minister informed a deputation yesterday that he was entirely opposed to the Rhodesian idea of inviting yellow labor here.

DISTRICT MEETING

METHODIST MINISTERS DISCUSS OVERLAPPING WORK.

The sessions of the Montreal Methodist District meeting were resumed yesterday, in Mountain Street Church, the Rev. Dr. Williams, chairman of the district, presiding. Much of the time was taken up in the allotment of the sustentation fund, consideration of missionary reports and other routine business During the session the Rev. Principal Maggs, D.D., of the Wesleyan Theological College, was formally invited to sit as a corresponding member.

A question of considerable interest was introduced to the meeting by the Rev. Dr. Jackson. It was the vexed question of overlapping circuits belonging, it might be said, to different denominations. In this province there were numerous small stations or circuits occupied by both Methodist and Presbyterian ministers, in which one would be sufficient. A board consisting of Methodist and Presbyterian ministers, had been appointed to readjust such circuits.

The meeting rejoiced on account of the fraternal feeling which existed between the two denominations, and Dr. Jackson thought they should be prepared to meet in a broad-minded spirit and bring about the arrangements most desirable. The doctor moved a resolution to the effect that efforts looking to readjustment through mutual concessions were most desirable and propositions on a fair and equitable basis would be gladly considered.

On seconding the motion the Rev. Dr. Shaw stated that while the plan had met with the hearty approval of all the ministers of both denominations, the lay members and adherents of churches concerned refused to leave their old church for a new one.

Dr. Jackson said he considered the overlapping in some cases was positively criminal.

Dr. Williams could not say that much positive good had been done by the Board, or that any ministers had been withdrawn on either side, as a direct result of the Board's action. He agreed with the Rev. Dr. Scrimger, who was a member of the Board, representing the Presbyterian Church, that much negative good had been done and much harm had been prevented that would have been done but for the influence of the members of the Board. In conclusion he asked whether it was wiser for the Methodist Church to hold on to stations in this province and pay out missionary money to support the cause in small places where only four or five members belonged to the church who could be as well served by the Presbyterian Church, which might be quite strong in that particular locality, or to withdraw and send their men and money to the large, new and promising districts of the North-West, the coming home of millions of Canadians. At the same time, insisted the Rev. G. G. Huxtable, the Presbyterians should be willing to withdraw where they were weak and Methodism was strong. The meeting adjourned for luncheon before taking a vote on the motion.

THE SESSION TERMINATES.

After luncheon the delegates reassembled for the closing session. The resolution before the meeting at adjournment was resumed and passed.

The statistical report showed a membership in the Montreal district of 4,156, an increase of 314 over last year.

The following appointments of representatives to conference were made: Delegate to the stationing committee, the Rev. M. Taylor; representatives on the Sunday-school board, the Rev. A. Radley and Mr. J. H. Stanton; to the Epworth League, the Rev. C. E. Bland and Mr. W. S. Lingley; sustentation fund, the Rev. G. G. Huxtable and Mr. James Knox.

The committee on the best methods of conducting Mountain Street, Point St. Charles and West End churches for the purpose of reaching the non-church-going population of their districts was reappointed, the members being the Rev. Dr. Jackson (convener), the pastors of Mountain Street, West End and Centenary churches, and the following laymen: Messrs. Carter, Moulton, Morton and Dickson.

It was decided to leave the choice of the place of meeting for next year to the Montreal preachers' meeting. It will be one of the Montreal churches.

HUNTINGDON METHODISTS.

The annual meeting of the Huntingdon district meeting was held in the Methodist Church, Valleyfield, on May 15 and 16. Sessions were presided over by the Rev. Charles S. Deeprose, chairman of the district. The ministerial session occupied the first day. All the ministers were present. The Rev. H. E. Warren, M.A., B.D., was chosen secretary. After the examination of ministerial qualification, a profitable discussion took place upon ministerial efficiency in pastoral visitation. Emphasis was laid upon the religious training of the children. The Rev. F. W. A. Meyer, M.A., Ph.D., spoke upon church finances, advocating systematic and proportionate giving. The Rev. Samuel Teeson, who has been laboring at Chambly Canton as a superannuated minister, was recommended to be continued in the same relation.

A reception was tendered the visitors in the evening in the Sunday-school room of the church by the Epworth League, consisting of addresses by the Rev. Messrs. Meyer, Read and Deeprose, music by Miss Barker, of Montreal, the Rev. D. Mick, of Odelltown, and local talent. Refreshments were served.

The general session next day was attended by the lay delegates. The reports of the year's work on all the circuits was exceptionally good, in many respects an advance upon the previous year.

Over $2,200 has been contributed to the century fund. A committee was appointed on circuit boundaries. The following appointments were made: Representative on the stationing committee, the Rev. William Wells; Sabbath-school committee, the Rev. D. Mick, S.T.L., and Mr. W. W. Dalgleish; Epworth League committee, the Rev. H. E. Warren, M.A., B.D., and Mr. W. J. Messenger; missionary committee, Col. A. McLaren, and Mr. W. W. Dalgleish, alternate; sustentation fund, the Rev. F. W. A. Meyer, M.A., Ph.D., and Mr. W. W. Dalgleish.

Eleven laymen were elected as members of the annual Conference.

At the afternoon session the Rev. J. M. Tredrea spoke upon the 'Weak points of Methodism,' which provoked a lively discussion, taken part in by the laymen.

The session closed with a hearty vote of thanks to the people of Valleyfield for their hospitality.

Overworked Wage-earners.

What hosts of pale, weak and debilitated men and women are sapping the vitality from their bodies by plodding long hours in poorly ventilated shops and factories. The blood gets thin and vitiated, digestion is bad, the nerves become shattered and exhausted, there are headaches, backaches and weariness that is not overcome by the night's rest. Despondent and despairing of having strength and vigor restored, life becomes a burden to the wage-earner who cannot afford the rest he so much needs.

The system demands unusual assistance. It requires just such aid as is best afforded by the regular use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, the great tissue builder and nerve restorative. Thousands of weak and exhausted men and women have gone to work with new strength and a current of fresh new life flowing through their veins after using this treatment. Their minds act more clearly, their nerves are more reposeful, their digestion is better and their work more easily accomplished.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

50 cents a box, 6 boxes for $2.50; at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. Agents wanted for Dr. Chase's Last and Complete Receipt Book.

McGILL UNIVERSITY.

The calendar of McGill University for the session 1901-2 is out. It contains over 400 pages of useful information about the university, and is illustrated by a large number of beautiful half-tone pictures of the various buildings and their interiors. Its contents are much the same as in previous years, with the exception that the new curriculum now extends over the whole course, the class of '01 being the last to graduate under the old system. The first year exhibitions will amount this year to $1,482, divided as follows: Men only, four of $125, one of $115, one of $100, and one of $90; women only, one of $90, one of $200, and three of $100; men or women, one of $87. It is the aim of the board of governors to make all exhibitions and scholarships open equally to men and women, but as several of the exhibitions are, by the terms of their donation, restricted to women, it has been deemed wise to restrict a corresponding number to men. Three of the women's exhibitions are conditional on residence in the Royal Victoria College, in order to encourage the use of the residential advantages offered there. The cost of board and residence at the Royal Victoria College is from $290 to $440, with a reduction of $50 for those who leave at the end of April.

ST. MARY'S COLLEGE CONVENTION.

The eighteenth annual convention of the former students of St. Mary's College opened last evening, when the feast of the Rev. Father Turgeon, rector, was also celebrated. The proceedings consisted of an address of welcome by the present pupils to their elders, and also an address to the Rev. Father Turgeon, after which a drama was rendered. This afternoon, there will be a competition in athletic sports between the present and former pupils, a parade of the college cadets, and a meeting of the convention for the election of officers. The proceedings will close with a banquet at six p.m.

GOING TO QUEBEC.

The choir of St. James's Cathedral will go to Quebec on June 3 to repeat Felicien David's famous symphony, 'Christopher Columbus,' which they sang here with so much success a few weeks ago. The Montreal singers will be assisted on this occasion by the choir of the Church of St. Sauveur, the total number of voices being thus raised to two hundred and fifty, with an orchestra of sixty instruments. The concert will take place in the Drill Hall.

THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.

Quebec, May 23.—The inland revenue authorities have made a seizure of contraband liquor in the hands of a man named Fortin at River à Pierre.

Louis Fontaine, D. L. S., who was shot near Edmonton, N. W. T., while on a survey party, is a son-in-law of Mr. A. Carrier, wholesale merchant, of Levis. His family have received news that he is not seriously injured, and that the shooting was altogether accidental.

Mr. Henry T. Dyer, a grandson of the late Commodore Vanderbilt, has taken a cottage at Murray Bay for the summer, and his sister has bought a cottage there.

Since its last general meeting the Board of Trade has increased its membership by 70.

The late principal of the Jacques Cartier Normal School, Abbé Verreau, has bequeathed his fine library to Laval University, Quebec.

The general manager of the Great Northern Railway, Mr. J. G. Scott, stated yesterday that the promoters of that line intended within the next few months to spend fully $1,000,000 in improving it in every way.

CITY ITEMS.

The Canadian Society of Civil Engineers will meet at its rooms to-night to hear a paper by Mr. Cecil B. Smith on the discharge of sewage from the Toronto sewers in 1900.

Ceola Valentio and Pietro Mauro were injured by a fall of rocks and earth at Mount Lyons, where they were working in the mines. They were brought to the city by train, and taken to the General Hospital.

The shareholders of the Standard Shirt Company held their annual meeting yesterday. The usual dividend of eight percent was paid, and it was decided to increase the capital stock from $200,000 to $1,000,000.

The St. Jean Baptiste Society has appointed the following committee to arrange amusements for their fete day, June 24: Messrs. P. L. Perron, G. Hebert, L. Turgeon, F. Laberge, M. Campeau, A. Comte and C. Guimond.

At the monthly meeting of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge, held on Monday last, Mr. John Hope, of 1226 Dorchester street, was unanimously elected a life governor of the House and of the Homes at Longue Pointe.

The weekly concert at the Catholic Sailors' Club last night was much enjoyed by all present. Those who contributed were Miss Mabel Kitts, Miss Jennie Riley, Messrs. Jackson, Donnelly, Kennedy, Doyle, Lloyd, Kelley, Swinney, G. H. Sall, Greenwood, James McLean. During the evening Messrs. Fisher brothers sparred four rounds.

The third party of self-help immigrants is coming by the Dominion Steamship Company's 'Dominion,' to Portland, Me. These settlers, which comprise forty-three persons, are farm laborers, and positions have been found for them by Mr. E. Marquette, the provincial immigration agent, who will go to Portland to meet them.

A waggon loaded with ginger ale, soda water, cider, etc., belonging to Messrs. Charles Gurd & Co., was struck by a Grand Trunk freight train at the St. Etienne street crossing on Tuesday morning, and the contents were scattered over the street and railway tracks. The waggon was struck fairly in the middle, and demolished. The horse was slightly injured, but Daniel Coughlin, the driver, escaped unhurt. The damage will be about a hundred dollars.

AUTOCAR AND OVERCROWDING.

Mr. Balfour has an ingenious plan of his own for dealing with overcrowding in London. Trams, railways, 'tubes,' he says, by no means exhaust the catalogue of possible improvements in transit, and he is inclined to think that in a few years the motor-car will, for short distances, outbid them all in public favor. He would therefore like to see the idea carefully thought out by competent authorities for having a system of radiating thoroughfares, confined to rapid traffic, that is of fifteen miles an hour or over, with a suitable surface for 'motor' traffic. The public authority which carried out such a scheme might, if it chose, run public autocars, or it might be left to private enterprise. At present we act as the owners of a railway would act if they allowed luggage trains, express trains, and horse-drawn trams to run upon one pair of rails. 'No doubt the cost would be great, but it would be incomparably less than by any of the means of locomotion suggested by Mr. Charles Booth.' Every village in which there were enough residents who had to be in London at a fixed hour every day could have a motor of its own. The fact that there is no absolutely satisfactory 'motor' at present is a difficulty that Mr. Balfour thinks will speedily be overcome. How he would get over the difficulty of these radiating thoroughfares crossing the present roads with the present traffic is a detail Mr. Balfour does not go into.—'Christian World.'

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HIS MAJESTY KING EDWARD VII.

ACCIDENT TO 'SHAMROCK.'

Steel Boom Crashed Down Only a Few Feet From the King.

HIS MAJESTY WILL SAIL AGAIN—SIR THOMAS UNDISMAYED.

London, May 22.—The most dramatic incident in the history of the America's cup occurred to-day when a sudden squall on the Solent completely wrecked the new challenger, and endangered the life of King Edward and several distinguished persons, including Sir Thomas Lipton, who were on board.

While the yachts were manoeuvring for the start a squall came without the slightest warning and the bowsprit of the challenger was carried away short. From the suddenness with which all the spars and canvas were ripped out of the challenger, it looked as though everything had been blown out of her with one gust. The wind was fresh at the time of the accident and was blowing occasionally in stronger gusts, but there was nothing in the weight of it to threaten disaster. It is probable that the whole gear would have stood the strain well enough had it not been for a weakness in the eye of the plate by which the bobstay was secured to the stem. This eye was the first thing to break, and when it gave way the unstayed bowsprit was unable to stand the pull of the jib, and broke off short by the stem head. As it went, the topmast stay was released and the spar doubled up under the pull of the big club topsail. The jar of these breakages and the slackening of the stays weakened the mainmast. After tottering for a fraction of a second it crumpled up, breaking first just above the jaws of the gaff, and then within three or four feet of the deck. The bobstay part, which was the first cause of all the damage, had given trouble before and was suspected of weakness.

THE KING'S ESCAPE.

At the time of the accident the boat was at an angle of 45 degrees. The King was standing at the companion hatch on the point of going below. Lady Londonderry and Mrs. Jameson were on deck, close to the companion hatch. The escape of all three was little short of miraculous. The heavy steel boom of the challenger was just swinging aboard when the catastrophe occurred. Had the break come a few seconds later the boom would have been in right over the deck and it is impossible to estimate what damage might have been done. As it was, all the gear fell clear of the yacht, the end of the boom being just clear of her port quarter. When the main mast went over it was still held by shreds of metal, but it hung plumb down and grounded in the mud.

The King displayed the greatest presence of mind throughout. His first words, when the crashing and rasping of falling shrouds and spars ceased, and his voice could be heard, were:

'Is anyone hurt?'

The 'Shamrock I.,' which came about at once on seeing the disaster to the challenger, got nipped in the squall, and had her gaff and topmast carried away.

King Edward dined aboard the 'Erin' in Southampton waters and arrived at Southampton pier in the 'Erin's' launch, shortly after ten o'clock this evening. He was accompanied to the train by Sir Thomas Lipton. He received a cordial reception from the assembled crowd. The Mayor of Southampton and his wife were introduced to His Majesty when he landed. The King was in admirable spirits and none the worse for his adventure. Accompanied by the Marchioness of Londonderry and Sir Stanley Clarke, King Edward left Southampton at 10.15 p.m., and arrived in London at midnight. The King drove to Marlborough House, where he was cheered by a small crowd awaiting his arrival. Numerous telegrams were awaiting him from the Emperor William, the crowned heads of Europe, and others congratulating him upon his escape.

STORY OF THE ACCIDENT.

Sir Thomas Lipton gave the following interview to a representative of the Associated Press:

'We had just begun to make for the starting line when a fierce breeze sprung up. King Edward, Lady Londonderry, Mrs. Jameson, Mr. Watson Mr. Jameson and myself were on deck, hanging on as best we might, for the challenger was almost at an angle of 45 degrees. The King started to go below; just as he did so everything collapsed. A heavy block fell between the two ladies and a wire rope struck me on the head and momentarily stunned me.

'A sudden squall, an unexpected strain, and everything had given way. The King was half in and half out of the companion hatchway. What happened, how all the falling spars and sweeping sails did not kill or sweep some one overboard, is more than I know.

'When I came to, I saw the King clambering over the wreckage trying to discover the extent of the damage and asking: "Is anyone hurt?"'

THE KING UNDISMAYED.

The representative of the Associated Press further learned that Sir Thomas Lipton's first utterance on coming to, was this ardent adjuration to Mr. Watson:

'Telegraph for more spars. We have got to sail on Aug. 12, and this boat has got to do it.'

When the distinguished participants in the mishap had been safely transferred to the 'Erin,' the King's first remark was: 'When shall we sail again, Lipton?' and before His Majesty started for London, his last words to Sir Thomas were: 'When you next sail I am going with you.'

WATSON HEARTBROKEN.

Mr. Watson and Mr. Jameson, especially the former, are very downcast, and absolutely refuse to say anything. Mr. Watson, indeed, is so chagrined that he could scarcely talk to even his most intimate friends, and until after dinner on board the 'Erin,' Sir Thomas believed it would be impossible to contest for the cup this year. But, thanks to his indomitable perseverance, backed up by the King's optimistic and enthusiastic support, it was decided to go ahead, provided the New York Yacht Club would grant an extension.

The question whether the New York Yacht Club should be asked to permit the substitution of the 'Shamrock' for the 'Shamrock II.' was quickly relegated, because Sir Thomas and Mr. Jameson, in spite of everything that has happened, maintained that the new boat was well worth the trouble she has caused. It may be stated with no little authority that the challenger's true merits have not been displayed with too much vigor and that there is more in her, according to the views of those most interested, than meets the eye.

A POSTPONEMENT LIKELY.

Sir Thomas calculates that a delay of three weeks or a month in the date of the contest in American waters will enable him to come to the scratch. He says that he is greatly handicapped by the fact that he has no duplicate masts for the 'Shamrock II.,' but, by an unlimited expenditure of money and energy he believes the defects can be remedied in time to provide for an international race this year.

'I was,' he said, 'terribly cast down when I saw what a terrible wreck the beautiful boat was, but now I think things can be remedied. I have cabled Mr. Ledyard personally to-day, and to-morrow I expect to cable the New York Club officially. By then I shall know more than I do now.'

Heartfelt expressions of gratitude that the King escaped are heard on all sides. Many people say he was foolish to go aboard the challenger, but, as Sir Thomas says, 'If I did not think everything was perfectly safe, you may be sure I would never have invited His Majesty.'

STATEMENT BY SIR THOMAS.

The following written statement was given out by Sir Thomas Lipton tonight:

'My deepest regret is that to-day's accident prevents me from toeing the mark at the appointed hour and compels me to ask the New York Yacht Club to grant me an extension of time.

'If they will be good enough to do that I shall race, even if I have to build a boat between now and the date agreed upon. I still believe the 'Shamrock II.' a boat worthy to be the challenger, and that when this unfortunate chapter of accidents comes to an end, she will stand a good chance of lifting the cup. I have not a single complaint to make against my boat.

'For the many telegrams of sympathy received from America to-day, I am deeply grateful. No one is more thankful than I am that the catastrophe ended without fatality, and I may, perhaps, say that throughout the trying moments His Majesty was as brave as a lion. His first thought was to inquire if anyone was injured.

'THOMAS LIPTON.'

NEW YORK SYMPATHETIC

FEELING GENERAL THAT SIR THOMAS SHOULD HAVE ALL HE ASKS FOR.

New York, May 22.—Sir Thomas J. Lipton cabled the New York Yacht Club tonight that he was afraid that he would have to ask for a few weeks' grace owing to the accident to the 'Shamrock II.' today. Mr. J. V. S. Oddie, secretary of the club, who made the cablegram of Sir Thomas Lipton public, said that as a member of the club he deeply regretted the accident to the 'Shamrock II.,' and was sorry for Sir Thomas Lipton, who was a true sportsman and gentleman.

There were a large number of members of the New York Yacht Club at the club house to-night, and the conversation turned on the accident to the new 'Shamrock.' The consensus of opinion was that Sir Thomas should be given anything he asked for in the way of time. One of the topics discussed was the action of the cup committee, which met this afternoon. From a member of the club it was learned to-night that all the matters pertaining to the races, including the Lawson controversy, had been adjusted and an agreement reached. A statement containing the result reached will be made public on Saturday evening.

It was learned that the objections of Mr. Lawson have been overcome, and that the 'Independence' will participate in the trial races on June 15 to 17 at Newport, and arrangements made for Mr. Lawson's boat to participate in the other races.

BRITISH SUPREMACY

A Glance at Egypt Under British Rule.

FASHODA SETTLED FRENCH INFLUENCE AND INTRIGUE, SAYS MR. CARTER-WILSON, A MEMBER OF THE EGYPTIAN MINISTRY.

'Before Fashoda, ten percent of the Egyptians learned English; after Fashoda ninety percent began to acquire the use of English. Fashoda meant that we were going to stay. Fashoda was final.'

This remark was made yesterday at the Windsor Hotel by Mr. Carter-Wilson, a gentleman who has been fourteen years in Egypt, and who occupies a position analogous to that of a British resident in India—being a member of the Egyptian ministry in an advisory capacity—in fact, one of Lord Cromer's right hand men in the administration of the country.

Mr. Carter-Wilson has been doing a little travelling lately, but he left Egypt in capital condition. Everything is calm and even. The people are prosperous. There is no rebellion to crush. There are no French intrigues to disquiet. There may be French rivalry, but it is not openly expressed. Fashoda settled so many things! For one thing, it taught Egypt, it taught France, that the British were in the country to stay. Before Fashoda the Egyptians thought it desirable to learn French, neglecting English. After Fashoda English at once became the popular language. It is English in all the schools to-day. And the people are appreciative of British rule.

When Lady Cromer died letters of condolence poured in upon Lord Cromer from all parts of the world, letters written by rich and poor, while the funeral cortége, which Mr. Carter-Wilson witnessed, was one of the largest and most imposing he had ever seen. The people flocked to the funeral from all parts of the country. Upon the death of Her Majesty the Queen it took four secretaries ten days replying to the addresses, letters and telegrams which were sent to Lord Cromer as representing the British government.

The position of Lord Cromer is unique. He is really the Khedive of Egypt. The reigning Khedive, whatever restiveness he may at one time have displayed under British rule, is now behaving admirably, and seconds the efforts of Lord Cromer, who is regarded by the people as a tower of strength. The change in the whole condition, moral and material, of the people during the past fifteen years, has been wonderful. When the people have a grievance they know it will be redressed. They are not afraid of being overtaxed any longer. They know that British rule stands for righteousness.

There is Cairo, as gay as Paris; Cairo, where Mr. Carter-Wilson met Mr. C. R. Hosmer the other day; Cairo, the Mecca of the tourist; Cairo, the ancient and modern; the city which has its dark and narrow streets and its mumblings of the Koran, and Cairo, which is a replica of Paris.

As to native beliefs, of course the British Government never interferes with them. All systems are tolerated; to all the government is impartial. It administers justice; it preserves order; it provides immense irrigation works; it gives the people water; it is paternal enough to see that no official shall grind the humblest of the Egyptians; after that, it allows the people to hold what religious beliefs they please.

Again, under British guidance the Egyptian soldier is a new creature. Sergeant What-'is-name has been at work and has made a man out of the mud. The Egyptian soldier, only yesterday, was a coward—a half-hearted, timid, creature, who bolted when he saw the enemy.

'He is as fine a soldier as you would wish to see to-day,' said Mr. Carter-Wilson; 'of course, under British direction.'

Mr. Carter-Wilson does not think the Egyptians are fit for self-government. They have been down-trodden for ages. They have been made docile by an iron tyranny—the tyranny of the Turkish official class, who used to fill the high offices in Egypt, and who, accustomed to despotic rule in Turkey, brought all their bad qualities with them, crushing the people down, burdening them with taxes, and wearing the spirit out of them. And if the British withdrew and the Egyptians were left to themselves, the same thing would occur again; the people would not be able to resist the tyranny of the officials; there would be poverty and misery once more; there would, above all, be hopeless subjection. Mr. Carter-Wilson thinks the present conditions are about as good as could be devised. You have a country which is prosperous, a contented people; justice for all, and a general direction which, while only lightly felt, makes for equitable relations.



SIR THOMAS LIPTON.

COLONIAL NAVAL RESERVE

SUCCESSFUL CLOSE OF THE FIRST SEASON'S EXPERIMENT IN NEWFOUNDLAND—PLANS FOR THE FUTURE.

St. John's, Nfld., May 10.—The experiment of inaugurating a British naval reserve among the younger Newfoundland fishermen has been successfully launched, and great things are looked for as an outcome of the project. In November last fifty-seven stalwart fishermen, from eighteen to twenty-two years old, were chosen to form the initial contingent, and they embarked on Nov. 10 in the cruiser 'Charybdis' for a six months' voyage in the West Indies. They returned yesterday, having completed their term of service, and the satisfaction which they express at their treatment makes it certain that hundreds will follow them next year.

The naval reserve was extended to this colony because the seafaring pursuits of so many of its people made them such admirable material for the purpose. The scheme comprehends a five-year term of service—six months' drill on a warship the first year, and a month's duty, either on shipboard or in a battery, each season afterwards. Another five-year term can then be taken, with increased pay, allowance, and guarantee of pension, and it is, of course, understood that from the very start each man is allowed his food, clothing, bedding and a daily stipend of 26 cents.

The outcome of this experiment is that a reserve on a large scale will be established in this colony. The cruiser 'Calypso' is already being fitted out at Portsmouth for service as a naval drill-ship in our waters, and she will have accommodation for 300 volunteers. The three ships now engaged in fishery protection work around our coast every summer will each take a contingent south next fall, and the drill-ship will be the rendezvous for those who have taken their sea-course and for supplementary forces. It is proposed to take into the service orphan boys with no relatives willing to care for them. In a maritime colony such boys are very numerous, unfortunately, as their breadwinners are snatched away, and the caring for them is not over welcome to friends. The boys thus have a hard upbringing, and their admission into the navy would solve the problem of existence for many. The drill-ship will be stationed here all the year round, sailing south in winter with the reservists, and cruising around our shores in summer with the boys and regulars.

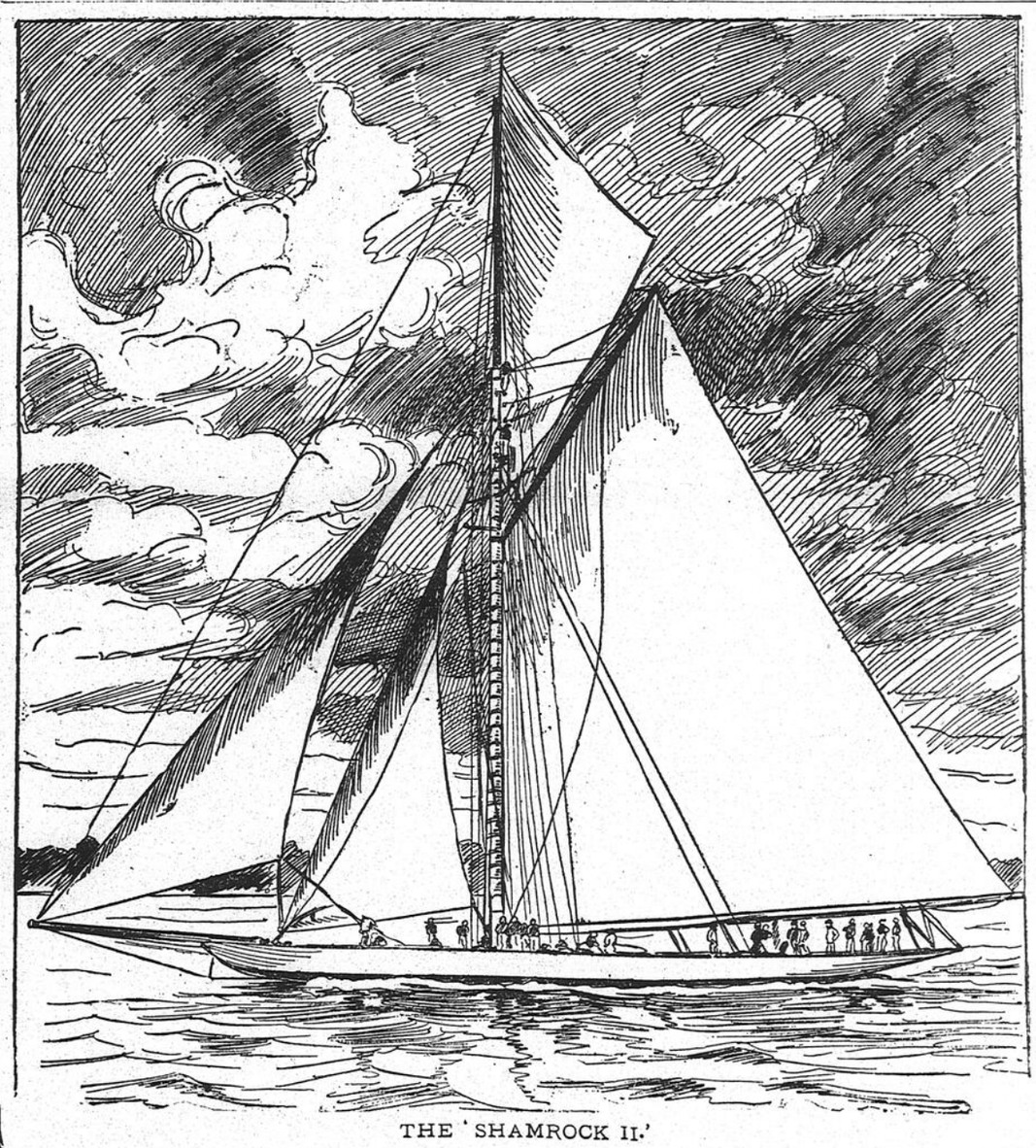
The great advantage of the reserve movement, from the point of view of the colonial fisherman, is that during the winter months he has nothing to do. Therefore, such an opportunity as the reserve affords, of seeing the world on a warship, with good times, good pay and good comrades, is a welcome one, and its acceptance by hundreds is now assured. Within ten years, if present prospects continue, the empire should have 2,500 trained bluejackets available in this island.

BABY SCALDED TO DEATH.

Peterborough, May 22.—The little two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. David Fowler died yesterday morning as the result of injuries received through falling into a pan of scalding water which his mother had placed upon the floor and left unguarded for an instant.

LIBERAL MEETING CALLED.

Toronto, May 22.—An executive meeting of the Ontario Liberal Association has been called for Tuesday, May 28, in this city.



THE 'SHAMROCK II.'

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