The Montreal Daily Star

VOL. XVI. NO. 269 — MONTREAL FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14 1884 — PRICE ONE CENT

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Montana Indians are in a starving condition.

It is reported in Quebec that A and B Batteries will shortly change quarters.

A colonial department will be created in the German Ministry for Foreign Affairs.

In the House of Lords yesterday afternoon the Franchise Bill passed its first reading.

John Croft and James Hyman were fined $100 each in New York for selling oleomargarine for butter.

Sir John Macdonald has changed his plans with respect to his return, and will start on the 29th November.

The schooner "La Victoire" has capsized near River du Loup, and it is feared all on board have perished.

The report that Minister Astor resigned is emphatically denied at the State Department, at Washington.

The number of immigrants settling in the Dominion from the 1st of January to the 1st of November was 97,630.

Allen, Vice-President of the Young Ireland Society, has been committed for trial on a charge of treason-felony.

Mr. R. J. Boutellier, of Halifax, has been appointed superintendent of Sable Island, *vice* McDonald, superannuated.

The decrease in the arrivals from sea at Quebec up to date, compared with last year, is 173 vessels and 162,264 tons.

Emperor William has divided the Schiller prize for the best German drama between Paul Heyse and Ernest Wildenbruch.

The Pontiac Pacific Junction railway is nearly completed to Quio, and trains are expected to be running to that place shortly.

The Department of Marine, Ottawa, is to prosecute several upper lake steamers for infraction of the law regulating their loading and equipment.

At a consistory at Rome, on the 13th, the Pope precognized the new incumbents of the bishoprics of Philadelphia, Helena, Mont, Vancouver, Manchester and Covington.

A freight train on the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio railway was wrecked near Ashland, O., on the 13th. Two trainmen were killed and a fireman seriously injured.

As a train for Graymont was drawing into Beaverbrook station, Col., the two rear cars were thrown from the track down an embankment and several passengers painfully injured.

United Ireland editorially says it is probable that a general fiscal revolt will recommend itself as the simplest and most effectual way of compelling the Government to yield to the Irish demands.

Dr. Coleman, who was appointed by the Government to investigate the reported disease among hogs in the county of Ontario, has come to the conclusion that the matter is so trivial that there is no need of alarm.

A young messenger has been captured in the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, stealing letters containing money addressed to some of the other officials. The pittering has been going on for some time.

After the Democratic celebration at Cape Vincent, New York, on the 12th, R. Rattray, Thos. Horne, R. Watts and W. Hamilton embarked for Wolfe Island in a skiff. A heavy sea was running and the wind blowing a gale, and it is believed all are drowned.

The Governor of Montana says Canadian officials and the Dominion press, aided by Chicago stockyardmen, who fear a diversion of business, maligned and outrageously attacked the health of Wyoming and Montana cattle. He says cattle are now, and always have been free of contagious disease.

Six arrests were made at Monteau les Mines, France, on the 13th, in connection with a recent attempt to blow up the house of the mine foreman. A dynamite cartridge exploded on the 12th in the house of the mining engineer at Bessegs, causing considerable damage to property. No one was hurt.

Rev. Robt. Standring and his wife were discovered dead, Thursday morning, in their house on a ranch near Pine Grove, Col. The circumstances indicate a murder for money. Standring was one of Colorado's pioneers, and was quite wealthy. He belonged to the anti polygamy branch of the Mormon Church.

Supplementary elections in Germany resulted as follows: Dresden, Herr Rought has been elected. Eberfeld, Barmen, Hartwig (Anti-Semetic) was elected by 13,750 votes. Madgeburg, Heine (Socialist) received 14,442 votes and was elected. Munich, First District, Sedlmayer (Liberal) was elected, receiving 9,22 votes. Nuremburg, Grillenberger, (Socialist) received 15,000 votes and was elected.

The Department of Public Works, Ottawa, have awarded the following contracts: For the new post offices at Galt and Orangeville, Ont., to Wm. Pigot, of Hamilton; for the public works at Lion's Head, County of Bruce, to Messrs. Porter & Reid; for the new post office at Elgin, Ont., to Mr. D. Forbes; for a breakwater at Amherst Bay, Ont., and an extension of the ballast wharves at Hopewell Cape, to Messrs. Wallace & Steers; for the construction of two warehouses at Digby Pier, to the Messrs. Clark, of St. John, and for heating apparatus in connection with the Sherbrooke post office, to Messrs. Garth & Co., Montreal.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

Army and Navy Appropriations—The Defence of the Outposts.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—In the House of Commons to-night the Marquis of Hartington moved the question upon the appropriations for the army and naval expenses incurred in sending a force to Bechuana, and said the Government did not intend to diminish the available forces for the protection of Natal and Zululand. The expedition will start from Cape Town in about six weeks.

A Blue book just published shows that the Government has sanctioned the expenditure of £461,000 for the speedy manufacture of the latest patterns of breach-loading ordnance and £417,000 for works and armaments of defence at Aden, Ceylon, Singapore, Hong Kong, Simon's bay, Sierra Leone, St. Helena Mauritius, Jamaica and St. Lucia. The principal expenditure is at Aden and St. Lucia. The colonies contribute £233,000 towards the works and £30,000 towards the armament.

THE SCOTT ACT.

Full Returns of the Vote in Norfolk County.

SIMCOE, Nov. 12.—Following are the full returns of the majority in each township polled for the Scott Act in Norfolk county yesterday:

	For.	Against.
Charlotteville	63	..
Houghton	63	..
Middleton	..	8
Port Dover	18	..
Simcoe	..	45
Town end	465	..
Walsingham	224	..
Waterford	114	..
Windham	147	..
Woodhouse	107	..
	1,231	53
	53	
Majority for the act	1,178	

THE PLENARY COUNCIL.

Requiem Mass For Deceased Prelates.

BALTIMORE, Nov 13. There was no legislative session of the plenary council to-day. Services were held at the cathedral, where a requiem mass for deceased prelates was solemnized. The requiem was conducted by Archbishop Alemany, after which Archbishop Corrigan pronounced the eulogium. He enumerated the list of deceased bishops, 42 in number, and spoke of the duty of the faithful in praying for them out of a spirit of fraternal charity and as a tribute of love and gratitude for those who had borne the burden. Miss Emily Harper tendered the delegates a reception this evening.

Any Small Boy, with a Stick,

can kill a tiger—if the tiger happens to be found when only a little cub. So consumption, that deadliest and most feared of diseases, in this country, can assuredly be conquered and destroyed if Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" be employed early

THE SOUDAN CAMPAIGN.

General Wolseley's Powers—News From Gordon—Rumors Concerning the Mahdi.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—In the House of Commons to-day the Marquis of Hartington moved an appropriation of a million pounds for the Nile expedition. He explained that the object was the relief of General Gordon, but said that General Wolseley was not precluded from establishing a government over Khartoum and the surrounding district. The appropriation was passed by a vote of 75 to 17.

This evening Lord Hartington read a telegram from General Gordon, dated August 29th, as follows: Khartoum provisioned for five months; shall send Stewart and French and English consuls to relieve Dongola after destroying Berber.

A despatch from the Mudir of Dongola states that one of the Mahdi's lieutenants is marching against Dongola with 12,000 men, and another with 9,000 is advancing against the Kababbish tribe.

CAIRO, Nov. 14.—Accounts of the rebel advance on Dongola furnished by the Mudir are supposed to be exaggerations. A rumor is current that the Mahdi is encamped at Wady El Shamba, northwest of Khartoum, the best position in the event of a British advance.

DONGOLA, Nov. 13.—A Kababbish merchant who arrived here in seventeen days from the camp of the Mahdi says he has lost all his munitions of war, and a severe famine has caused serious mortality among the rebels. The rebels captured a messenger sent by General Gordon to Dongola. General Gordon has pursued the rebels to Abuhazadir, capturing a quantity of stores.

A deserter from the Mahdi has arrived at Cairo, and reports munition and provisions scarce. He says that at Berber the governor is very much disliked by the inhabitants, who are only awaiting the arrival of the British to tender their submission.

SUPREME COURT.

Nova Scotia Cases—A Scott Act Decision.

OTTAWA, Nov. 13.—The case of the Attorney-General of Nova Scotia vs. Oxford was again proceeded with in the Supreme Court this morning, the argument being concluded and judgment reserved. Next on the list came the case of the Merchants Bank of Halifax vs. Gillespie, an appeal from the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia, which ordered the winding up of the affairs of the Steel Company of Canada, under the Canadian Winding Up Act of 1882, the Steel Company being a company incorporated by Imperial legislation. The appellants contended that the Act of 1882 was not applicable to an English company doing business in Canada. The case was not concluded at 4 o'clock, when the Court adjourned.

This afternoon the answer of the Supreme Court to the questions submitted by the Governor-General-in-Council respecting the Scott Act has been sent to Ottawa by the Secretary of State. An evening paper says the decision of the judges, although not yet made public, is that as there was no proof of misrepresentation or fraud being brought to bear on those who signed the petition referred to, they could not be allowed to withdraw their names after the document was placed in the hands of the Secretary of State.

THE SS. "SCOTLAND."

A Case of Smallpox — Mutiny Among Cattlemen.

QUEBEC, Nov. 13. The SS. "Scotland," Capt. Lockhurst, from London, just arrived, had quite an eventful passage. She left London at the end of last month, with a general cargo for Quebec and Montreal and five passengers. Among those on board were eighteen cattle men. After the ship had been a few days at sea one of these men was taken down with smallpox, but of a modified form. The captain promptly had him isolated, and one of his companions was told off to wait upon him. Fortunately the disease did not spread, and the man and his companion have been landed at the quarantine station, Grosse Isle, where they were thoroughly fumigated and the man's clothing burnt. On arrival here the vessel was promptly boarded by Dr. Rowand, port physician, who, after inspection and ordering another fumigation of the ship, allowed her to proceed to Montreal. No one, however, was permitted to land here. Some days ago the cattle men became mutinous and broke into the mess and storerooms, appropriated the liquors and created a high racket generally. Their insubordination was of short duration, however, as six of the ringleaders were promptly placed in irons, and they will now have to face Montreal justice for their mutinous proceedings on the high sea.

THE STAR ROUTES.

A Preliminary Report From the Assistant District Attorney.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—George Douglass, assistant attorney of the department of justice, who was retained to take charge of the management of the Star Route cases, to-day submitted a preliminary report in which he says letters were addressed to the different district attorneys, carefully explaining the character of the cases, and requiring prompt advices as to the probability of successfully prosecuting the cases in their respective districts. As their replies were received the cases were promptly taken up and the Post Office Department called on for the documents and data that each case required. These were then prepared and transmitted to the district-attorney with instructions for the prompt commencement of proceedings. Mr. Douglass says he has complied with the instructions of the attorney-general to use the utmost diligence in the case consistent with that care which its importance demands. Fifteen suits have been finally agreed on by the department, and instructions have been issued by the district-attorney to bring suit, which has already been done in two cases. One case has been referred to the court of claims, and about fifteen cases are still under consideration.

EXPLOSION OF GIANT POWDER.

One Thousand Tons Blown up—Houses, Barns and Fences Demolished.

TOLEDO, Nov. 13.—An explosion took place to-day at Delaware Creek, near this city, in the giant powder factory of J. & C. E. Rummel, consisting of a packing house, magazine and stock house. The workingmen in the packing house were thawing out a tub containing 25 pounds of nitro-glycerine, the tub caught fire and the men threw it outside and gave the alarm. Right afterwards the tub exploded, the concussion acting off 1,000 tons of giant powder. The stock building was thrown down, imprisoning the men working in it, and caught fire, but all escaped, with no more hurt than bruises, except R. Gault, who was badly injured. Houses, barns and fences near by were demolished and the telegraph poles throw down. The explosion caused a panic in two of the city school houses in that section of the city, and in the stampede many children were badly bruised. The loss on the powder works is $10,000. The explosion was felt at Detroit, 60 miles distant, and at Cleveland.

A COLLEGE'S TROUBLES.

Rev. Prof. Wilson of King's, Dismissed for Unbecoming Language.

HALIFAX, Nov. 13.—The governors of King's college, Windsor, have resolved to dismiss one of the staff of the institution, Rev. Prof. Wilson, for his action in having published in a city paper recently a letter containing disparaging statements relative to the *Visitor* (the organ of the Church of England, the governors and the president of the college, "expressed in language unbecoming his position." It was felt that such conduct could but be subversive of discipline in the college, and Prof. Wilson has been informed that his services will not be required after a certain early date.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH.

Young Men's Association.

Yesterday evening the annual meeting of the St. George's Church Young Men's Association was held in the school house, Stanley street. The President, Very Rev. Dean Carmichael, occupied the chair, and the attendance was large. The Treasurer's statement showed a balance on hand of $36.87. The election of officers brought the following result: President, the Very Rev. Dean of Montreal; 1st Vice-President—(There being no assistant minister at St. George's at present that office is vacant; it will be filled by the clergyman who may be appointed to that position); 2nd Vice-President, Mr. F. Hamilton; Secretary, Mr. W. W. L. Chipman; Treasurer Mr. J. H. Prescott. Committee, Messrs. White, Short, Kyte, Tomkins, Cole, sen., Wallace Hutchins, Edwards and Dartnell.

THE CHOLERA.

The Death Rate in France—New York Authorities Warned—A Case in South America.

PARIS, Nov. 13.—From midnight to noon the deaths from cholera in Paris were thirty-three, nineteen of which occurred in the hospitals. A revised report for yesterday gives a total of eighty-one deaths, all but twenty of which occurred in the hospitals; eighty-four fresh cases were received into the hospitals yesterday.

TOULON, Nov. 13.—There have been 58 deaths from cholera since midnight, including 28 in the hospitals. Two deaths are reported at Oran.

TOULON, Nov. 13.—One case of cholera and one death occurred to-day. Owing to the popular indignation the municipal authorities are having the streets and gutters cleaned.

A WARNING CIRCULAR.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 13.—The Governor to-day transmitted to the State Board of Health a long communication from the National Board of Health on the subject of cholera. Upon its receipt Dr. Carrol, the executive officer of the State Board, issued the following: Officers of local boards of health are apprised that the rapid advance of cholera in Europe threatens an invasion of this country which may occur at any moment; and officers are notified that the State Board of Health expects a strict performance of the duties imposed upon them by law. Among those duties are the determination of the period of quarantine of vessels, vehicles and persons arriving from any infected locality, the regulation of intercourse with infected places, the suppression and removal of nuisances, the examination of places within which conditions dangerous to public health are known or believed to exist, to report promptly to the state board of health facts relating to any epidemic disease, and to require such isolation and quarantining of persons, vessels and sources of infection as are necessary, and to use all possible means to avert the introduction and prevent the spread of epidemics. These duties are not discretionary with local boards of health; the law demands them, and any evasion or neglect will not be tolerated in the face of the danger which menaces the community. Experience shows that cholera poison does not extend where no filth favors its multiplication. The only way to check its march is to remove all sources of pollution of the soil, air or water. In excremental contamination especially lies the greatest risks, and all such conditions must be at once removed.

BUENOS AYRES, Nov. 13.—Another case of cholera has appeared here, causing great alarm.

SPORTING.

Athletics.

Mr. C. A. J. Queckberner, the noted athlete, has been awarded a medal by the American Government for saving life. He has rescued 63 persons from drowning since 1876.

Wrestling.

Duncan C. Ross has issued a challenge for $500 to $1,000 to all comers for a wrestling or general athletic contest. He offers to go to Australia and meet Donald Dinnie if the latter will raise $5,000. He has deposited $250 forfeit with the Mayor of Cleveland.

The Oar.

SHELLS FOR HANLAN.

The first of the two racing shells ordered at Boston by Wm. Hanlan is being boxed for shipment. It will be shipped next Thursday. Hanlan is in hope of getting the boat in season for his race with Clifford on the 2nd of January.

Pittsburg sporting men are willing to bet $1,000 to $5,000 that Teemer can give any man in the world one length start in a five mile single scull race.

The Shoe.

TRAMP OF THE WOLSELEY CLUB.

Thirty-five members of the Wolseley Snowshoe Club met at the McGill College Gates last night at eight o'clock and tramped out to Braeside, Côte des Neiges. On resuming their destination, a general inspection of the Club House followed. Mr. J. W. Norton occupied the chair, and after routine business had been transacted the remainder of the evening was spent in social amusement. Mr. Myers presided at the piano in his usual masterly style. The next tramp will take place on Thursday evening, 20th of November.

LES CANADIENS.

The first tramp of the season of Le Canadien Snowshoe Club was held last evening. About forty or fifty members turned out, headed by their new President, Mr. S. Beaudin, and tramped to Lumkin's, where supper was served. Mr. A. Beauvais, the ex-President, was present. The members returned to the city shortly after eleven o'clock.

The Turf.

CLYDESDALES FOR CANADA.

Mr. George Bruce, Aberdeen, has just despatched per the "Manitoban" on her last trip, five well-bred colts, all of stud-book entry, to Messrs. Geary Brothers, Bilbro Farm, Ontario. From Sir George Macpherson-Grant, Ballindalloch, they got a dark brown by Lord Derby; from Mr. Rennie, Wester Fintray, a bay colt by Grand Turk (1148), dam Jyp (1672); from Mr. Morrison, Hattonslap, a brown, bred by Mr. George Strachan, Canterlands, after Stratheven (1539) out of Jyp (1495); from Mr. Valentine Affleck, Dalvey, Forres, a bay Honor Bright (1689), out of Peg (1816); and from Mr. Emslie, Lumphanan, a colt bred from prize stock, belonging to Mr. Anderson, Drumlossie. The price in each case was large.

AMERICAN RACING FIXTURES.

The American Jockey Club will begin its Spring meeting on Tuesday, May 26th, and continue every other Tuesday until June 9th. The inaugural meet at Sheepshead Bay will begin on Thursday, June 11th, or Saturday, the 13th, and continue until Tuesday or Wednesday, June 30th or July 1st, which will include three Saturdays, the same as for the meeting last June. The Monmouth Park Association will have Saturday, July 4, to begin its meeting, and Saratoga, as usual, can wheel into line on or about Saturday, July 18th, the Monmouth Park meeting ending either on Saturday, Aug. 22nd, or on Tuesday, the 25th, and the Saratoga Association on Thursday, the 27th, leaving the field clear for the Coney Island Jockey Club to begin its Summer meeting on the same Saturday (Aug. 29th) as it did last August. The National Jockey Club will begin its meeting at Ivy City, on Tuesday, May 12th, and continue on the 13th, 14th, and 15th. The week following the Maryland Jockey Club will throw its crimson, black and old gold banner to the breeze at Pimlico. The races at Brighton Beach will begin on Saturday, May 23rd, or Monday, May 25th.

"Maud S" will make no further attempts to beat her record this season.

J. I. Case's whole stable of trotters, including "Jay-Eye-See," "Phallas," "Bulldozer," "Bill F.," "Onward," and "Latham," have arrived at Lexington, Kentucky, where, in charge of W. H. Crawford, they will be wintered.

BRIGHTON BEACH RACES.

First race, three-quarters of a mile.—"Islette" won, "Shook" 2nd, "Milier" 3rd; time 1.18½. Mutuals, $72.95.

Second race, heats of five furlongs—First heat, "Glendower" won, "Balta" 2nd, "Centennial" 3rd. "King Far" won second heat, "Charley Rempland" 2nd, "Glendower" 3rd; time 1.05. Third heat, "King Far" won; time 1.06.

Third race, mile—"Greenland" won, "Eros" 2nd, "Centennial" 3rd; time 1.45. Mutuals, $55.80.

Fourth race, seven furlongs—"Glengarvin" won, "Pericles 2nd, "Lavis" 3rd; time 1.32.

Sporting Notes.

The Connecticut Bicycle Club, of Hartford, are soon to present to Sanders Sellers an elegant badge for lowering the world's bicycle record, at Charter Oak Park, September 9th, to 2.39. Sellers has returned to England, but the emblem is to be forwarded.

The New Brunswick Association's annual dog show will be held at St. John, New Brunswick, January 27, 28, 29 and 30, 1885. The New Brunswick Association is a member of the American Kennel Club, and their show will be the first held under the rules of the American Kennel Club. Mr. James Mortimer, of New York, will judge. The previous shows of the Association have been very successful.

QUEBEC DAIRY ASSOCIATION.

The Annual Convention at St. Hyacinthe—Farmers' Clubs Discussed—Addresses and Reports.

There was a large attendance at the meeting of the Quebec Dairy Association at St. Hyacinthe on Wednesday evening, the Hon. Boucher de la Bruère, president, occupying the chair. Mr. E. A. Barnard read the report relative to the prizes offered by the association. "Le Major," a thirteen year old cow belonging to the Rev. *Cure* Guerin, of Maskinonge, was the only one to receive a prize, she securing a purse of $50, having yielded 10 lbs 14 oz of butter during the week.

The Rev. Mr. Montminy, of St. Agapit, then read a paper on farmers' clubs, claiming that these organizations, if established, would create an *esprit de corps* among the farmers, which would be the means of making them appreciate the advantages to be derived from a proper conducting of their outings. He also advocated the appointment by the Government of lecturers for these gatherings and stated that the clubs would be in no way antagonistic to existing agricultural societies.

After discussion, it was resolved: "That the association after having heard the discussion concerning agricultural clubs, and having learned of the satisfactory results of these institutions, desires to publicly express its opinion that these clubs are the most efficacious means of improving our agriculture, and that our Governments ought to encourage their establishment by every possible means, and to guarantee their maintenance by furnishing them with lecturers."

The condition of the factories having been pronounced satisfactory, Mr. Simeon Lesage, of Quebec, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, was called upon to address the assemblage. Regarding the manufacture of butter and cheese, Mr. Lesage was of opinion that the making of butter was preferable for the farmer, although everything should be done to maintain the high standard which Canadian cheese has now reached in the market. The speaker referred to the interest manifested in the Association by the Premier, Hon. Dr. J. J. Ross, Minister of Agriculture, and assured his hearers that the Government would do all in its power to further its interests.

Mr. Macpherson, the great cheese manufacturer of Western Ontario, was then introduced to the meeting, and spoke for some minutes. He referred to the fact that a great part of his business was carried on in the county of Huntingdon where there are now some 35 cheese factories doing a prosperous business. The dairy industry, therefore, being of such importance, it should be their aim to go on improving the quality of their productions. A convention, of which Mr. Macpherson is president, is to be held in Huntingdon during the coming Winter, to which he gave the members a cordial invitation.

The association then adjourned until 11 o'clock yesterday morning, when the election of officers was proceeded with, the following being the result:

President, Hon. Boucher de la Bruère, St. Hyacinthe, unanimously re-elected; Vice-President, Mr. E. A. Barnard, of Quebec, unanimously re-elected; Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. J. de L. Taché, St. Hyacinthe; unanimously re-elected; Directors, Archibaska, Mr. F. Prefontaine; Bedford, Mr. H. Perrier; Beauce, Mr. H. J. J. Duchesnay; Chicoutimi and Saguenay, Mr. Paul Couture; Beauharnois, Mr. J. H. Ruddick; Joliette, Mr. M. Riopel; Iberville, Mr. A. Chacon; Kamouraska, Mr. Louis Lavoie; Montreal, Mr. J. Skaife; Montmagny, Mr. A. Bernatchez; Quebec, Rev. Mr. Montminy; Richelieu, Mr. Louis Lemire; Terrebonne, Dr. Gaudette; Three Rivers, Rev. *Cure* Guerin; St. Hyacinthe, Mr. Timothee Brodeur; St. Francois, Mr. W. H. Lynch. Honorary Directors, Mr. Caron, Three Rivers; Rev. Mr. Charet and Mr. Casavant, St. Hyacinthe.

It was decided to allow the competition opened last year to Canadian cows to remain open this year, and to allow the Jersey-Canadian class to compete, on condition that each shall yield a minimum of 12 lbs. of butter a week. Mr. Barnard offered a Jersey-Canadian bull calf as second prize for the competition opened to the Canadian breed. A herd book will be opened to competitors in the above competitions which will be closed on the first week, and the *Livre d'Or* of the Canadian breed will contain the names of cows yielding at least 10 lbs. of butter a week.

The auditors, Messrs. Barnard and Prefontaine, then presented their report, which showed that Mr. Taché's accounts had been correctly kept, and that there remained a balance of $871.

After recess, Mr. Barnard addressed the convention on the past, present and future of the dairy industry in this province. Among other things he proposed the holding of a general convention at Quebec during the session, which he had no doubt would accomplish much good.

This idea having met with approval, it was resolved to hold a convention on the first Wednesday after the beginning of the session.

The secretary, Mr. Taché, then read a valuable report from Mr. M. Archambault, of the Model Dairy School, St. Hyacinthe. The report referred principally to the difference between the old process and the one now followed, which was very lucidly explained. The report was a very interesting one.

The secretary read the report of the committee, consisting of Messrs. W. H. Lynch, Louis Lemire and Gabriel Caron, appointed to examine the utensils on exhibit. The committee highly recommended the curd milk and milk cooler shown by Mr. McPherson, of Lancaster.

After some other minor business the convention came to an end. At a meeting of the directors afterwards, matters regarding the administration were discussed.

Monthly Social.

Yesterday evening the usual monthly social for receiving the members who have joined during the month, was held at the Y.M.C.A., when twenty-eight new members were received. Afterwards a general meeting was held, Mr. George Hague occupying the chair. Rev. A. B. Mackay gave an address on "Choice," saying that to make a choice was necessary, and everything depended on whether the choice was good or bad.

After some musical selections, Mr. D. A. Budge, the general secretary, gave an account of the meetings of the International Committee, and of the work carried on under its direction, saying that there are 400 men employed in the work on this continent, and about four million dollars' worth of property belongs to it.

Guerre a Mort.

In reply to an article in *La Minerve* urging the union of the Conservative party, *L'Etendard* says: "No union for us; war to the death with Mr. Chapleau and his friends until they are expelled from the Conservative party."

PERSONAL.

Sir Alex. T. Galt left the city yesterday for Ottawa.

Among the visitors at the St. Lawrence Hall are Mr. W. T. Benson, Cardinal; Mr. Frank Cuthbert, St. Stephen's, N.B.; and Mr. C. S. Ellis, Toronto.

It is rumored in Victoria, B. C., that Sir Matthew Begbie will resign the chief justiceship at an early date. Hon. A. N. Richards is mentioned as likely to be his successor.

Sir John Lister Kaye, Bart., is said to have purchased six thousand acres of land about ten miles south-east of Regina, near the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway. It is intended to place the farm under extensive wheat cultivation.

Among the visitors at the Windsor Hotel are the Hon. Theodore Robitaille, Quebec; Mr. J. P. Wiser, Prescott; Mr. C. V. Rasson, Detroit; Mr. J. J. Langley, Liverpool; Rev. E. E. and Miss Paget, London, Eng.; and J. Lockhart Cassells, Glasgow, Scotland.

Amongst the passengers of the "Parisian," which leaves Quebec to-morrow, is Mr. Frederic Gerbie, author of an interesting work on Canada, who goes home to Paris for the purpose of inducing French immigration to Canada. Before leaving Montreal he was tendered a complimentary banquet by the Vice-Consul of France and several other well known citizens.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Weekly Market Review.

STAR OFFICE, November 14, 1884.

But little that is new can be said of the monetary situation in New York. The stock market continues irregular, and financial matters generally are, to say the least, uncertain. The serious railroad war of rates, almost lost sight of during the election excitement, still continues, and west of Chicago a brisk fight is going on. Tickets from the latter city to Omaha and Kansas City are now down to $1, and have been selling at that price for weeks. On last Tuesday Central Pacific stock dropped to 32½, and although it has since gained strength (being quoted yesterday at 34¾), it is rumored that some "big insiders" have not the confidence that Mr. Gould is said to have in the future of the road. In the New York, Chicago and foreign breadstuffs markets the same state of uncertainty prevails, and buyers hesitate to operate. In our own city business is quiet, and the stock market feverish and weak. One thing, however, is to be noticed, and from which much encouragement should be drawn, and that is the fact that in all lines buyers seem to be exercising much judgment and caution, and the results of such care and economy must in the long run be beneficial. The dry goods trade and the boot and shoe houses look forward to a good Spring business, which we hope they may realize beyond their expectations. Current prices given below:—

GROCERIES.—Business has been steady with a good country trade, but few local transactions, except in fruit.

FRUITS.—Valencia raisins 2,000 boxes, off brands, sold at 7½c, 1,000 bs. and 1 standard brand are held firm at 8½c. Fine brands of Malaga raisins are selling fast. London layers, $3.25; Layers, $2.50; Loose Muscatels, $2.70; Imperial Cabinet, $3.75.

COFFEES.—No transactions and nothing new to report.

TEAS are moving in a retail way, but no transactions of any account in this market.

SUGARS.—There is little new to report. Granulated is held at 6⅝c, and Yellows are unchanged. Raws are scarce.

SPICES.—Nothing doing except for retail orders.

DRY GOODS.—The Fall trade is pretty well over. A small business is being done in a retail way and frosty weather is now looked for to help matters generally.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Quiet at present but the trade report the outlook encouraging and expect a good Spring business. We quote prices which are liable to vary according to the quality of stock used by the various wholesale houses: Men's stoga, waxed uppers, $2.25 to 2.50; split boots, $1.50 to 2; men's buff Balmorals, $1.50 to 1.90; women's pebble button, $1 to 1.40; women's goat button, $1.50 to 2; women's French kid button from $2.25 to 3.25; Misses' pebble button, 80c. to $1.25, Misses' goat, button, $1.25 to 1.60; Misses' French kid button, $2 to 2.50. Prices as a rule remained unchanged and will not alter until the Spring lists are made out.

CANADIAN WOOLLENS AND KNITTED GOODS.—During the past week there has been some demand for some of the above lines, but not much stir is expected until cold weather sets in. Quite a demand has been experienced of late for white and gray blankets, and some good round lots of these goods have been placed.

WOOL.—A few small lots moving during the week at prices within range of quotations, which remained unchanged as follows: A, super, 27 to 28 cents; B, super, 22 to 23 cents; unassorted 22 to 23 cents and black 21 to 22 cents.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—Trade continues quiet and prices still rule low. No change of importance to note excepting that iodide of potash has declined in price owing to a combination among the iodine manufacturers in the Old Country. With the above exception, prices continue the same. Linseed oil has advanced to 84c for raw and 87c for boiled. Other prices as follows: Carbolic acid, 60c to 65c; tartaric acid, 56 to 58c; alum, $1.75 to 2; borax, 12 to 13c; camphor, 32 to 35c; morphine sulph., $2 to 2.20; opium, $4.50 to 4.75; iodine, $1.30 to 1.40; cream tartar, 36 to 38c; Oil Lemon, $1.80 to 2; potass iodide, $3.50 to 4.00; quinine, $1.15 to 1.30; cod liver oil, brls., $1.40 to 1.50; castor oil, 9¼ to 10c.

LEADS, PAINTS, ETC.—No changes and prices remain at former quotations. White lead in oil in 100 lb kegs, brings $6 to 6.25; No. 1 do $5.25 to $5.50; No. 2, $5 to $5.50; No. 3, $4.75 to 5; white lead, dry, 6c to 6½; red 5 cents; boiled linseed oil, 58 to 60 cents; raw do. 54 to 55 cts.; window glass is scarce and in good demand at $2.2 10 and 3 up to size 20x30. Trade quiet, payments fair.

FISH—The looked for cold weather to help this trade not having arrived, business remains quiet and prices continue unchanged. We quote: Green codfish No. 1 large $5.25 to 5.50 per bbl; No. 1 $5 to 5.25 per bbl.; No 2 do. $4 per bbl; North Shore salmon, which he had no doubt would accomplish much good.

This idea having met with approval, it was resolved to hold a convention on the first Wednesday after the beginning of the session.

The secretary, Mr. Taché, then read a valuable report from Mr. M. Archambault, of the Model Dairy School, St. Hyacinthe. The report referred principally to the difference between the old process and the one now followed, which was very lucidly explained. The report was a very interesting one.

The secretary read the report of the committee, consisting of Messrs. W. H. Lynch, Louis Lemire and Gabriel Caron, appointed to examine the utensils on exhibit. The committee highly recommended the curd milk and milk cooler shown by Mr. McPherson, of Lancaster.

After some other minor business the convention came to an end. At a meeting of the directors afterwards, matters regarding the administration were discussed.

Monthly Social.

Yesterday evening the usual monthly social for receiving the members who have joined during the month, was held at the Y.M.C.A., when twenty-eight new members were received. Afterwards a general meeting was held, Mr. George Hague occupying the chair. Rev. A. B. Mackay gave an address on "Choice," saying that to make a choice was necessary, and everything depended on whether the choice was good or bad.

After some musical selections, Mr. D. A. Budge, the general secretary, gave an account of the meetings of the International Committee, and of the work carried on under its direction, saying that there are 400 men employed in the work on this continent, and about four million dollars' worth of property belongs to it.

Guerre a Mort.

In reply to an article in *La Minerve* urging the union of the Conservative party, *L'Etendard* says: "No union for us; war to the death with Mr. Chapleau and his friends until they are expelled from the Conservative party."

PERSONAL.

Sir Alex. T. Galt left the city yesterday for Ottawa.

Among the visitors at the St. Lawrence Hall are Mr. W. T. Benson, Cardinal; Mr. Frank Cuthbert, St. Stephen's, N.B.; and Mr. C. S. Ellis, Toronto.

It is rumored in Victoria, B. C., that Sir Matthew Begbie will resign the chief justiceship at an early date. Hon. A. N. Richards is mentioned as likely to be his successor.

Sir John Lister Kaye, Bart., is said to have purchased six thousand acres of land about ten miles south-east of Regina, near the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway. It is intended to place the farm under extensive wheat cultivation.

Among the visitors at the Windsor Hotel are the Hon. Theodore Robitaille, Quebec; Mr. J. P. Wiser, Prescott; Mr. C. V. Rasson, Detroit; Mr. J. J. Langley, Liverpool; Rev. E. E. and Miss Paget, London, Eng.; and J. Lockhart Cassells, Glasgow, Scotland.

Amongst the passengers of the "Parisian," which leaves Quebec to-morrow, is Mr. Frederic Gerbie, author of an interesting work on Canada, who goes home to Paris for the purpose of inducing French immigration to Canada. Before leaving Montreal he was tendered a complimentary banquet by the Vice-Consul of France and several other well known citizens.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

The Court opened yesterday morning at 10.30 o'clock, Mr. Justice Monk presiding. The case of Ellen Doyle, a young woman of 20 years of age, accused of having stolen a purse containing $12.60 on the 5th of November last from Josephine Robidoux, with whom she was staying at the house of Mrs. Colberg, 67 Jurors street, was the first called. On the night in question the two women occupied the same room and in the morning the money was gone. Mr. Getaings defended the prisoner who was found guilty.

James Godfrey was then called to the bar, charged with the larceny of a tweed great coat from Charles Gauthier, on the night of Nov. 11th, at a saloon on the corner of St. Catherine and St. Dominique streets. A verdict of "guilty" was brought in by the jury.

AFTER RECESS.

On the re-opening of the Court in the afternoon Leon Charlebois was placed in the dock, charged with stealing $15.25 from Albert St. Denis, on the 9th of November. He was found guilty.

Mr. Athanase Brenchaud asked that the case of the Queen against McDonell for conspiracy be brought on immediately, but the Court did not consider the grounds sufficient.

The jury was then sworn in to consider a second indictment against Vitaline Paquin for stealing, but as a verdict of "not guilty" had been returned on the first indictment, there was no case against her on the second.

Mr. Goboen-by asked that the prisoner be therefore discharged, which request was granted.

William Lasalle was brought up on a charge of assault and battery on Mr. Gauthier, but as the Crown had already obtained a conviction against him for blackmailing Gauthier, by accusing him of committing unnatural crimes, the second charge was withdrawn and the prisoner acquitted.

Peter Donnelly was found guilty of stealing a horse from a milkman of Ste. Cunegonde. He then asked and was allowed to withdraw his plea of "not guilty" to the charge of stealing the carriage and harness, and substitute one of "guilty."

John H. Craig, a confidence man, was charged with obtaining money under false pretences. He had been found guilty of a similar charge a few days ago, and the Crown, not being in a position to make the necessary proof in the present case, asked for an acquittal, which the jury returned immediately. The Court then adjourned.

Yagn's Hydromoter.

Such is the name of a newly patented motor of Russian invention. It derives its power from the natural flow of the water of rivers, and has this advantage over all other hydromoters, that of furnishing great power with comparatively small cost. Its construction is extremely simple. It consists of an endless rope, on which are placed at convenient intervals a number of cloth funnels or umbrellas, the circumference of each being tied to the rope by six smaller ones. This endless rope, placed in the current of a river, and caused at the proper velocity to pass around a drum, and at its lower end around a sheave; the drum carries a shaft or other transmitter of power. The sheave, which fits in a frame, is held a few feet below the surface of the water by means of a float or buoy, and at the lower curve of the river forming open the umbrellas, whose concave side faces it, the rope revolves around the drum and sheave, and as each umbrella reaches the sheave, the current acting on its convex side, causes it to close, and thus prevents it from offering any obstacle to the stream. The drum is generally placed between two barges. To the frame which holds the sheave is attached a short rope, also fitted with umbrellas, similar to those of the endless rope; this arrangement tends to stretch the endless rope. An inclined plane is also fastened to the end of the short rope, and is placed in a vertical position by means of a weight at its bottom and a float on the top. The current acting on the inclined plane forces it to place itself in the direction of the stream; and by being so placed, it carries along the sheave and the end of the endless rope,

The Daily Star.

GRAHAM & Co., Proprietors,
138 St. James street

THE DAILY STAR is sent to any part of the United States or Canada, postage free, at $3 a year, $1.60 for six months, and 80c for three months.

We believe the circulation of THE STAR exceeds the combined issue of all the other English Newspapers published in the city of Montreal.

Correspondent and Agent for French and Belgian advertising in THE STAR—Mons. A. Lorette, Rue Ste Anne 31 bis, Paris, France.

CIRCULATION OF THE STAR FOR 1882 and 1884

Week end'g Nov. 10 '83		Week end'g Nov. 8 '84	
Monday	20,503	Monday	22,899
Tuesday	20,618	Tuesday	22,377
Wednesday	20,482	Wednesday	22,888
Thursday	*Holiday	Thursday	*Holiday
Friday	20,458	Friday	22,810
Saturday	22,138	Saturday	24,521
Total	104,199	Total	115,495

PRESENT DAILY AVERAGE

23,099.

*Thanksgiving.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1884.

WHEN bread riots are impending in Paris is a curious time for the French Government to propose an increased duty on cereals.

IN what capacity does Mr. Louis Perrault sit on the Finance Investigation Committee? It is all very well for him to pull the strings, but why does he not keep out of sight while making his puppets dance?

THE Protestant Ministers who met yesterday to pass resolutions protesting against the attacks on Mr. Chiniquy and the French Protestant churches deserve credit for defending the right of free speech, but we do not see why the Catholic clergy could not have taken part in the proceedings. In the matter Mr. Chiniquy's assailants do not represent Catholicism any more than Mr. Chiniquy represents Protestantism. The Catholic and Protestant clergy of Montreal seem terribly afraid of cooperating with each other.

THE Carnival Committee has postponed consideration of the proposition made by the curlers to hold a bonspiel in connection with the coming Carnival. We do not think the Committee justified in spending much of the limited funds at its disposal on sports which cannot be enjoyed by the general public. Curling is keenly enjoyed by a very few, and is understood by a very few more. The Committee should spend its money on spectacular displays and such amusements as can be easily participated in by our visitors.

THE Association of Members of the Royal College of Surgeons has asked Mr. Gladstone to provide in the Government's Redistribution Scheme for two representatives of the registered medical practitioners of Great Britain and Ireland. They number 30,000, and claim that many of them are at present practically disfranchised. That they would form an exceptionally intelligent constituency there is no question, but had the universities not obtained representation, it is a question whether the medical men would ever have asked for it. Now the question is where is class representation to stop.

THE closeness of the vote in the great State of New York is considered by many to be phenomenal; but the records show that there have been other contests in which much narrower majorities were recorded. In 1850 Washington Hunt was elected Governor of New York State by 262 majority. In 1852 Seymour defeated Hunt by a larger majority and in 1854 he was again defeated by Myron H. Clark by 309 on the official count. In 1840 the great State of Massachusetts elected Marcus Morton as governor over Edward Everett by a majority of but two votes.

WE note with pleasure the election of "Mark Twain" as member of the Montreal Snowshoe Club. Take him out, boys, and when he descends from the "bounce" of initiation, get him to describe that sudden aerial flight: induce him on to a bobsleid, and let him flash it down Cote des Neiges Hill with your best pilot in charge! He will make as good time as any of you, if you only keep the track clear!

Welcome, Mark, to Montreal when snow flies and the air tingles with the kindly electricity of a Canadian Winter! We owe you many happy hours, let us make you happy for a little while in a new way, with blanket-coat, and tuque and snowshoes broad in the beam!

"UNITED IRELAND" proposes to compel the Government to yield to the demands of the Nationalists by "a general fiscal revolt." We presume this means a general refusal to pay taxes, a scheme which promises nothing but distress and discord for Ireland. The Government could not be very seriously embarrassed financially, because such of the Irish people as would adopt the scheme do not pay a very large proportion of the direct taxes, and with the best will possible it is hard to escape the payment of customs and excise duties. If the people of Ireland, and of Great Britain as well, would get up a fiscal revolt by refusing to drink spirituous liquors, the duties upon which form so large a proportion of the national revenue, it would not be a bad thing.

THE coroner's jury which investigated the circumstances in connection with the death of Mary Lynn, who was killed by the gas explosion on Fort street, has brought in a verdict attributing the fatality to the negligence of Brennan, an employé of the Montreal Gas Company, who placed the gas meter in the house the day before the explosion. It is a pity the jury did not attempt to find out whether or not Brennan was a properly qualified gas fitter, and if so where he learnt his trade. It is well known that incompetent and technically uneducated persons are frequently employed in such works. That the Montreal Gas Company is financially responsible for the damage done to property through the negligence of their employé we have little doubt, but we want to know who is morally responsible for the death of Mary Lynn. If Brennan is a properly educated gas fitter his responsibility is so much the greater; if he is not, his employers are fearfully responsible for employing an untrained and inexperienced man in such a dangerous business.

YOUR thorough-going partisan hates an independent thinker and voter even more than he does a man who is a slave to the opposite party. Some of the Republican papers which seem to take their defeat very much to heart are not nearly so bitter against Cleveland as they are against St. John, though it must be admitted that Cleveland had rather more to do with beating Blaine than St. John had. The Chicago *Tribune* pays the following graceful tribute to Mr. St. John's share in the victory over Mr. Blaine:

And this is the God-and-home scoundrel who lured away 24,000 sentimental, simple-minded Republican cranks of New York from Blaine in order to elect the rum and rebellion candidate, Cleveland! He would make a pretty figure hereafter "lecturing on temperance." Satan lecturing on religion should be his travelling companion.

There is evidently no sickly sentiment about the *Tribune* and not much logic either; for the paragraph leaves absolutely nothing to be said about Butler, a candidate who was nominated for no other purpose than to lure away Democratic votes from Cleveland. To be logical the *Tribune* should suggest Ben Butler as St. John's travelling companion, but then, if St. John has any self-respect he would prefer the devil.

TECHNICAL EDUCATION IN THE UNITED STATES.

Last year Mr. William Mather, of Manchester, a gentleman engaged in one of the largest engineering businesses in Great Britain, paid an extended visit to America, as royal commissioner to examine the methods of technical education pursued on this continent. His report, a pamphlet of some 80 pages, is before us. It gives a graphic and incisive account of the typical schools and colleges of America, wherein pupils are trained to manual dexterity, and taught the practical arts of the engineer, machinist, chemist and designer. Incidentally, Mr. Mather describes the public school systems of the United States and Canada, and adverts to the social status of the working classes, as influenced by republican government, the vast resources of a new country, and the stimulus to invention of liberal patent laws.

Mr. Mather commends, among the technical schools he visited, the Free School in Worcester, Mass., as the best. It provides theoretical and practical instruction in mechanical engineering to some 250 students. Its workshops engage a number of skilled workmen, and these workmen, aided by the students, turn out machinery for sale. The only qualification needed for admission to this admirable school is evidence of mechanical taste and ability. Within recent years many colleges similar to that at Worcester have been founded throughout America, yet Mr. Mather while endorsing the practical spirit which directs them, seems clearly of opinion that they are too few, and that some of them should cultivate the manual side of their training more than the theoretical. The old traditions of literary culture appear to persist in the minds of the munificent men who give their millions freely for educational endowment. Thus a tendency in the youth of America already clearly baneful, is fostered, the tendency to avoid hard work and get a livelihood in any other possible way. Mr. Mather says: "Native born Americans hate drudgery, and all the mechanical arts, when pursued without some knowledge of science to employ and interest the mind while the hands are active, are more or less drudgery." "The American boy with his inborn ambition and natural ingenuity, would cease to regard manual labor as drudgery if his hand and mind together were industrially trained through the school period." "He would then be led into industrial employments by choice, as the readiest means to climb to a higher position in life." These are weighty words, particularly in the plain presence of a severe mercantile competition, which year by year is bringing producer and consumer into more direct relations, and constantly reducing the number of those engaged in wholesale and retail trade. The training of the eye and hand to skill and accuracy must soon force itself upon our educators, as of vast importance in developing intelligence, and fitting our youth to be productive members of the commonwealth.

In mentioning his visit to Montreal, Mr. Mather states that the department of applied science in McGill University requires only a further expenditure of an inconsiderable amount to be made an excellent technical school.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

We have party government; it is devoutly to be hoped that we shall not have it forever; but we have it now; and all are agreed that to render it in any way consistent with the public good, there must be an effective opposition. An effective opposition at present there is not.—*Goldwin Smith in the Week.*

As a feature of a government which does not profess to be based on the will of the people, a hereditary or life-nominated upper chamber may be in place, but in any community where the people are supposed to govern themselves, it is an anomaly in theory and a stumbling block and obstacle in practice.—*Toronto News.*

The independents hold the key of the political situation. They have found the fulcrum from which Archimedes said he could move the world. They have given it a revolution. On that fulcrum they will continue to stand. It becomes henceforth a fixed point in our national history. They will not go back to the old parties, but the old parties will come to them.—*Springfield Republican.*

We must do something; set to work, for we are on a regular down grade to poverty and commercial inactivity. The generation that is passing away has allowed itself to be shorn of a traffic that should have been ours. We have been politicians; let us be business men. Instead of quarrelling over Langevin or Langelier, over Caron or Laurier, let us see what we can do to get out of the mud.—*L'Evenement (Conservative).*

In spite of many errors in the party which we might call accidental, seeing that they were not the outcome of a system of fraud and rapine, but that they grew out of the working of constitutional institutions, the Conservative party was an honest party, proud of a glorious past, and accustomed to follow chiefs who guided it for the benefit of the country, and not for the personal benefit of associates in shady speculations.—*L'Etendard (Castor).*

Nova Scotia was dragged into confederation to help the Upper Provinces out of their difficulties. She has suffered enough already. This latest proposition to help another colony out of a scrape will be about the last straw. The burdens of the present union bear hardly enough on our shoulders. Any addition to them, such as the annexation of Jamaica would surely bring, would about break the camel's back.—*Halifax Chronicle (Lib.).*

The Conservative party has just triumphed in a pitched battle against the Liberal party. The two armies engaged in a hand to hand fight, and we came out victorious. All the Conservative journals applaud and cry victory. Alone *Le Canadien* throws, out a discordant note, and talks of a lesson, of a protest served on the Government by the electors of Beauce. In this way it prepares copy for *La Patrie* and *L'Electeur*.—*Le Journal des Trois-Rivieres.*

When the swell of enthusiasm which carries everything before it at the polls has spent itself, will come the daily struggle to enforce the Scott Act against multitudes whose tastes and habits are not to be changed in a day by the vote of a majority any more than by the fiat of a paternal despot. Experience seems to tell us plainly what the result will be. Coercion will fail in the only places where it is required; that is to say, where there is a prevailing taste for drink.—*Goldwin Smith in the Week.*

For many years San Francisco has been regarded as the hotbed of hoodlums. They are seemingly germinated here as the sand breeds fleas. But, however prodigal we may be in this element of our social life, we have as yet been unable to carry it to that perfection it has attained in the great cities of the East. In New York, Boston and Philadelphia it has reached a state of development to which it is a stranger here. Our hoodlums are idle and vicious in an alarming degree, but they never go to the extremes to which the eastern loafer attains.—*San Francisco Examiner.*

CORPORATION CASH.

The Guardians of the Civic Finances in Council—The Investigation.

A meeting of the Finance Committee was held yesterday, when there were present His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Grenier (in the chair), Mooney, Farrell, Laurent and Genereux.

The first matter brought forward was the offer of L'Union des Abattoirs to deposit $75,000 in bonds as security for the proper carrying out of their contract.

This gave rise to a lengthy discussion. The chairman held with the Mayor that the Union not being properly incorporated has not the legal right to bargain with the Corporation or any one else.

Ald. Laurent pointed out that there would be a discount on bonds, but thought that if the amount of the discount was made up in cash the offer might be accepted. He moved, however, that the report be laid on the table, and this was carried, notwithstanding the warning of Ald. Mooney, Chairman of the Health Committee, who urged that an agreement should be arrived at as there is great danger of the cholera reaching Montreal next year.

The report of the Road Committee, asking a grant to purchase 40,000 feet of deals and $1,000 worth of crossing flagstones was adopted, although the chairman expressed his disapproval of the measure in view of the fact that the Road Committee has already overdrawn its next year's appropriation to the extent of $18,000.

In connection with the discussion on this question, the chairman mentioned that Mr. Chas. Alexander had asked that the city should do something to provide work for the poor this Winter. He consequently suggested that the Road Committee should allow deserving poor to break any stones required over and above the supply from the gaol.

Ald. Laurent replied that he would bring a report before his committee to purchase a quantity of rough stone to furnish work for the poor.

A report was read from the Health Committee, asking for an appropriation to retain permanently the services of the three temporary sanitary policemen, and on motion of Ald. Laurent it was decided to retain these men three weeks longer.

The meeting then adjourned.

At the meeting of the Finance Investigation Committee last night there were present the Mayor, Ald. Mooney, Gray, Jeannotte, Roy, Farrell and Laurent.

Ald. Jeannotte wished the auditors, Messrs. McDonald and Gagnon, to examine the books from the time of Messrs. Black and Robb's appointment, according to an intricate set of instructions. The matter was laid on the table.

In reply to Ald. Jeannotte, Mr. Robb said he had furnished all the necessary statements.

Ald. Jeannotte then proceeded to put innumerable questions about the printing, especially outside the Perrault contract. After getting bewildered himself and being prompted by Mr. Perrault, Ald. Jeannotte produced a paper bag full of questions written on slips of paper, like a lottery, but after attempting in vain to fathom their meaning, he became confused, and it was only when Mr. Perrault moved to his elbow and prompted him that he succeeded in fluding out what he really did want to ask.

After this little game had concluded, Ald. Farrell protested against the time of the committee being wasted in such an absurd manner, when Ald. Jeannotte could have obtained all the information he wanted by asking Messrs. Black and Robb during the day.

The meeting then adjourned until Saturday evening, when the *enquete* will close.

The Winter Carnival.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Montreal Winter Carnival was held in the Windsor Hotel last evening, Mr. G. R. Prowse occupied the chair. It was announced that the plans for the proposed Ice Palace will be submitted at the next meeting. They show the structure to be elliptical in shape, with buttresses supporting the main tower, which will be 100 feet high. The palace is expected to be even more attractive than last year's, as it will be diversified with minarets and bastions.

Messrs. Grant and Torrance suggested that the addresses of the secretaries of all the snowshoe and tobogganing clubs in the city be obtained by the secretary with a view to their being invited to participate in the Carnival. All information of this kind may be left with Mr. Searle at the Carnival office, 178 St. James street, which will be opened on Monday.

A vote of thanks was tendered the Woodward Telegraph Company who have kindly placed rooms at the committee's service.

Messrs. Stephenson, Torrance and Henshaw were constituted a committee to confer with the commanding officers of the different volunteer regiments in the district with a view to having them participate in the coming festival.

The committee was then asked by Messrs. A. C. Hutchison, George Kay and J. Williamson whether a curling bonspiel will be undertaken during Carnival week. The matter will be decided at the next weekly meeting.

Veterinary Medical Association.

Last night the Montreal Veterinary Medical Association held its annual meeting under the presidency of Mr. Chas. McEachran, V.S., vice-president.

The candidates proposed at the last meeting were balloted for and duly elected, and Mr. Wilcocks, Guelph, Ont., was proposed for membership.

Mr. Colin S. Garland described an obstetrical case which he had treated.

Mr. Walter P. Mayo read an essay on "Horseshoeing," describing its history and claiming the necessity for a protection for a horse's hoof.

After a good deal of discussion, Mr. Arakawa, of Japan, described the method adopted in his own land, saying that the steps used were the same, but in many districts no shoe at all was used.

The meeting then adjourned. The paper at the next meeting will be by Mr. E. W. Hoare, on "Observations on the Examination of Horses as to Soundness;" Mr. Magor will also contribute a case.

Women's Christian Temperance Union.

Mrs. Pearson, of Nottingham, England, Vice-President of the British Women's Temperance Association, is not going to be idle during her approaching visit to Montreal, and will address no less than seven meetings arranged by the Women's Christian Temperance Union. On Sunday next, at 4.15 p.m., she will deliver an address in the hall of the Young Men's Christian Association, and at 7 p.m. another in the American Presbyterian Church. On Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of next week, at eight o'clock each evening, she will address meetings in Erskine, Emmanuel and Dominion Square Methodist Churches, and St. George's school respectively, and on Friday she will address a ladies' meeting in the Olivet Baptist Church at 3 p.m. Collections will be taken up on each occasion.

Y. M. C. A. Lecture Course.

The lecture committee of the Young Men's Christian Association have made arrangements with Mr. W. H. Howard, B. Ap. Sc., to deliver a course of lectures this Winter on industrial chemistry. Already a number of young men have promised to take the course, and it is expected that many more will take advantage of the opportunity. Mr. Howard has been a teacher for several years, and last year, when, owing to Principal Dawson's absence, Dr. Harrington was obliged to take some of the Principal's lectures and it became necessary to engage an assistant instructor in chemistry, the services of Mr. Howard were secured. His success was then very marked, and will no doubt be equally great with his new pupils.

Sabbath School Institute.

Last night a Sabbath School Institute was opened at Point St. Charles, Mr. B. L. Olds, president, occupying the chair.

After a service of praise conducted by Rev. W. R. Cruikshank, Mr. Olds delivered an address on the objects of the Institute.

Rev. J. McEwen, Secretary of the Sabbath School Association of Canada, conducted an Institute exercise, and spoke of the qualifications of a Sunday School teacher; after which Rev. Jas. Barclay gave an address on the Great Teacher's method of teaching.

After a discussion on the subjects spoken of, the meeting closed with the Benediction.

St. Andrew's Society Ball.

At the meeting of the General Committee in connection with the St. Andrew's Society ball, held in Queen's Hall, it was decided to hold the ball there, and a new dancing floor will be laid in the concert room for the purpose, the assembly room being reserved for supper. The tickets have been placed at $5 for gentlemen and $3 for ladies, and the date of the ball is Monday, 1st December.

The St. Vincent de Paul Society of Kingston, through the Rev. Father Twohy, have tendered to Mr. J. J. Curran, M.P., hearty thanks on behalf of the poor of that city for the lecture which he delivered there about a week ago for their benefit.

THE GAS EXPLOSION.

Continuation of the Coroner's Inquest on the Death of Mary Lynn—A Verdict of Gross Negligence on the Part of the Gas Company.

The Coroner's jury, after the adjournment yesterday afternoon, met again at the General Hospital at 5.30 p.m., chiefly to receive the testimony of experts as to the safe condition of the pipe.

At the morning session, Thomas Brennan, gas fitter to the Gas Company, had stated that on 21st October last he put in a gas stove in Mr. Hutchins' house on Fort street, and, in fixing the pipes, had observed that the gas escaped through a hole in the joint, which he had plugged up with cement, and then thought to be safe. The expert testimony was required on this point.

Mr. Edward Whitehead was the first witness examined at the evening session, and testified that two or three days before the explosion he had been at Mr. Hutchins' house when Brennan was connecting the pipe with the main outside the proper metre, and placing a smaller metre to feed a gas stove. At this time one of Mr. Hutchins' servants, who was discharged the day before the explosion, had informed him that Brennan had used a carpet to put out the flames from an escape of gas from the pipe feeding the stove. When Brennan was asked about this he stated there was no reason for alarm; he knew his business and had cemented the break. He had never said to him that the pipe was defective. No one, he was pretty sure, had entered the room where the meter was from the day the pipe was put in till the explosion took place. He could swear positively that Brennan never warned him that the pipe was defective, but rather that the break was of no consequence, and that he had made the matter all right.

Mr. Richard Warminton, tinsmith and plumber, was next examined. Being shewn the defective elbow he said that it was an old one and must have received hard usage. The dents and hole in it appeared to have been made in attempting to unscrew it. The dent might have been made by a pair of plumber's tongs, and the hole and dent seemed to have been made by the same instrument. Where the hole was the pipe had been thin. A plumber might fill up a hole like that with cement or red lead and bind this with cloth, and this would make it safe for a night, or it might even be in this condition without accident for a long time. However, he would only consider such work as temporary, and a man leaving this as a permanent job would be guilty of a great want of judgment. If one of his men had thus left a job without informing the proprietor or himself of the fact the pipe was left in the would have been guilty of gross carelessness and he certainly would not have kept him in his employment.

Mr. John H. Garth, plumber and gasfitter, entirely corroborated the evidence of Mr. Warminton, after which the jury returned the following verdict: That the said Mary Lynn came to her death from injuries received upon her body, and that said injuries were caused by an explosion of gas in the house occupied by Joseph Ross Hutchins, No. 60 Fort street, in the city of Montreal, on the 25th day of October last, 1884, and that the jurors aforesaid declare that the said explosion of gas was caused by the gross negligence of Thomas Brennan, an employee of the Montreal Gas Company, while he was in the employ of and working for the said Company.

The jury expressed their admiration of Mrs. Hutchins' conduct by causing the following to be incorporated in the verdict:

"The undersigned jurors, at the inquest held on the body of Mary Lynn, on the 13th day of November, hereby express their admiration for the self-possession and bravery shown by Mrs. Joseph R. Hutchins in rescuing Mary Joyce, the deceased's companion, from the fire caused by the gas explosion in her residence on 25th October last, and they believe that had she not so promptly rescued the said Mary Joyce, she might have been suffocated."

The deceased girl's friends reside in Quebec, whither the body was taken last night for burial.

THE CHINIQUY TROUBLES.

Animated Discussion Between "La Minerve" and "La Patrie"—Yesterday's Meeting of Ministers.

La Minerve complains that *La Patrie* has accused it of encouraging the rabble that attacks Mr. Chiniquy, quoting a paragraph of *Le Manoir* in proof. The paragraph in question speaks of Chiniquy's desire to proselytize and, therefore, to speak to Catholics. "As the old renegade," it continues, "is an object of horror to the people, he is badly received. It is a hobby with him to upset the city twice a year. He affronts his audience for the purpose of attracting attention to himself." *La Minerve* says that it has nothing to retract from the passage quoted, as it expresses its own opinion and that of the majority of the citizens.

"Thus," continues *La Patrie*, "although the authorities are obliged to incur considerable expense in maintaining peace in the city, the Conservative organ encourages the disturbers and provokes fresh troubles."

"This," *La Minerve* says, "is an odious calumny. The paper artfully misrepresents our idea. We have blamed, condemned and denounced the people who attack Chiniquy, instead of encouraging them. All our fault lies in the fact that we have sometimes complained, on the representation of numerous citizens, that a large part of the city is left without protection in order to protect this bragger and charlatan. *La Patrie* may take Mr. Chiniquy under its protection as much as it pleases, it will only be reproducing the police and the two English regiments which have taken the initiative. There are three million Protestants in Canada," said Chiniquy, 'and I am not afraid of the Catholic minority.'

The following is the full text of the resolutions referred to in yesterday's edition passed at a meeting of Protestant Clergymen held yesterday morning.

Moved by Rev. John Potts, D.D., seconded by Rev. A. B. Mackay:

Resolved—"That in the opinion of this meeting, composed of the Ministers of the various Protestant Churches in the city of Montreal, full liberty of worship and liberty of speech are rights which belong to all creeds and nationalities in the land, and should be freely accorded without hindrance or question;

That the recent acts of the mob in this city, whereby several of the French Protestant Churches have been repeatedly attacked and damaged, are a wanton and unwarrantable interference with these right, such as merits the severest condemnation;

That while gratefully recognizing the service rendered by the police in restraining the violence of the mob, and in seeking to prevent further damage to property and life, this meeting respectfully urges the authorities to take the most vigorous measures to prevent any continuation of these unlawful acts, and pledges to them its hearty encouragement and support in so doing."

The above resolution was carried unanimously, the meeting being composed of thirty-four ministers connected with the Church of England, the Presbyterian, Methodist, Baptist, Congregational and Reformed Episcopal Churches. It was ordered that copies be sent to the daily papers of the city, English and French, to the *Mail* and *Globe* of Toronto, to His Honor the Lieut.-Governor of the Province of Quebec, His Worship the Mayor of the City of Montreal, the Chief of Police, and the Chairman of the Police Committee of Montreal, and to all the Protestant Ministers of the City, with the request that it be read in the Churches.

A Building Society Case.

Evidence was taken yesterday in the Practice Court, before Mr. Justice Loranger, in connection with a writ of *mandamus* taken by Patrick Higgins against the liquidators of the St. Ann's Mutual Building Society to compel them to recognize him as a member of the Society. Dividends, amounting to 100 cents in the dollar, have been paid to a certain number of members, but the liquidators refuse to recognize Higgins and several others on the ground that their shares have become forfeited on account of non-fulfilment of the Society's rules. The case is regarded in the light of a test case, the total amount involved being in the vicinity of $5,000, the parties interested being, like the plaintiff, composed chiefly of the humbler class, who made many sacrifices to keep up their payments, but were obliged to discontinue them on account of the depression a few years ago, when they were thrown out out of employment. The case was taken *en délibéré*. Mr. Jos. Doutre, Q.C., acted as counsel for plaintiff and Mr. C. J. Doherty for defendants.

The Montreal Shakespeare Club on the Late Mr. T. D. King.

At the last meeting of the Montreal Shakespeare Club a resolution of condolence was passed, expressing sympathy with Mrs. King on the death of her husband, Mr. T. D. King, who was one of the first members of the Club. It was also resolved that the members of the Club attend the funeral.

THE PRESIDENTIAL CONTEST.

No Material Change in the Democratic Plurality—Republicans Interviewed—A Procession Fired Into.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Midnight.—The Associated Press issues the following: A summary of the vote in New York state by counties, as far as ascertained by the official count, gives Cleveland a plurality of 1,254 votes. In the case of six counties, however, were the canvass adjourned owing to some technicality, and where the pluralities may be changed, unofficial figures are given. There is no material change in the majority since yesterday. Blaine has gained one vote in Columbia and two in St. Lawrence county, and lost two in Schuyler, making a net gain of one vote. Cleveland has gained six votes in Kings and lost ten in Oneida, making a net loss of four votes. This reduces Cleveland's plurality by five votes, making it now 1,254. Only three counties have not yet furnished official results, Franklin, Greene and New York.

REPUBLICANS INTERVIEWED.

Mr. Draper, chairman of the Republican Executive State Committee, in an interview to-day, said if the official count showed Cleveland to be elected, the committee would submit at once. There was no truth in the rumor that the committee would not accept the official declaration and attempt to throw the matter into Congress. Treasurer Weeks, of the Republican committee, would start on Saturday's address, and concede Cleveland's election if officially declared. It might be necessary to appeal to the Supreme Court to have clerical errors in the board of canvassers corrected. The committee would acquiesce in the final adjudication of the State board of canvassers.

SHOOTING INTO A PROCESSION.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The Democrats of this city and vicinity celebrated the election of Cleveland and Hendricks to-night by a torchlight procession. It is estimated that 6,000 were in line, 500 being mounted. While the procession was passing the negro quarters a colored man standing on the sidewalk shot into the column, the bullet striking a torchbearer named Sullivan in the temple. A manager of the procession is charged on the colored men who surrounded the man who did the shooting, and in the confusion he escaped, but was afterwards captured by the police. Sullivan will die.

THE "TRIBUNE" GIVES CLEVELAND A PLURALITY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The *Tribune* says the Democrats claimed a plurality of 58,957 in New York and Kings Counties, which has not yet been reduced by the official count more than 33. The *Tribune* makes Blaine's apparent plurality outside of New York and King's 57,734. According to its figures Cleveland's plurality in the whole state is 872. Other papers apparently ignore the changes that have been made in New York county, and still give Cleveland over 1,200 plurality in the whole state.

NOTES.

Sixty-three counties in Michigan report a net Blaine plurality of 4,007. The remaining counties will change this slightly.

The National Committee of both parties in New York are closing up, and workmen are busily taking away the flags and other decorations.

Considerable amusement was caused in the east side of New York the other evening by one man wheeling another down the street, accompanied by a brass band, and a miscellaneous collection of human beings. It was the payment of a bet, the winning Cleveland man getting a free ride from the unfortunate supporter of Blaine.

ENGLAND WARNED.

An Indian Fakir Says the Egyptians Secretly Favor the Rebels.

CAIRO, Nov. 14.—An Indian fakir, who has been travelling through Persia and Palestine, has just traversed the Soudan. He warns the English to beware of the professed friendship of the Egyptians, who secretly favor the rebels. He says the troops of the Mudir of Dongola are even now corresponding with the Mahdi. The Mudir wants to utilize the Mahdi's power and found a new Mahommedan state in the Soudan and expel the English. Should the Mahdi advance on Dongola, the Dongolese and Kabbabeesh tribes will certainly join the rebels.

AMERICAN NOTES.

Telegraphic Ticks From all Parts of the Union.

Isaac Henderson, formerly publisher of the New York *Evening Post*, is dead.

John Booker, commission merchant, Richmond, Va., has failed; he was rated at $75,000.

Annie Vanreed has been sentenced to three years for throwing vitriol on her lover, Henry Myers, at Philadelphia.

Rev. Chas. Cartwright, of Boston, has been given 24 hours to leave Pittsburg. It is alleged he is a common swindler.

Twenty-eight students of the Technical Institute at Worcester, Mass., have been suspended for placing a horse in the chapel.

Three hundred men and girls employed in the Newark, N.J., silk mill have been notified that their wages will be reduced on Monday.

It is understood the railroad presidents at New York yesterday agreed to restore freight rates on east bound traffic from Chicago.

The state congregational Sunday school convention at Boston yesterday resolved to abandon the Old Testament in Sunday school and retain the New Testament.

Mr. Blaine yesterday morning attended the wedding, at St. Mark's church, Augusta, Me., of Major Phipps, U. S. army, and Annie Lally, granddaughter of Ex-U.S. Senator Evans.

The Secretary of the Interior, at Washington, has requested the Attorney General to bring suit against the Prairie cattle company, of Scotland, which has illegally fenced in 33,500 acres of public domain in the United States.

Representatives of wealthy land owners in California have arrived at St. Louis *en route* to the South, where they will engage colored laborers to go to California and take the places of Chinamen; 10,000 are wanted this Winter.

Arthur D. January, Deputy State Treasurer, son of the State Treasurer, has been arrested at Sacramento for appropriating $39,500 deposited for safe keeping with the state treasury by various counties. The money was lost at gambling. The prisoner has confessed.

A stranger supposed to be a representative of Mr. Morosini, of New York, yesterday offered $10,000 if Mrs. Schelling was kept off the stage, and $50,000 if Schelling would leave his wife. Schelling said no amount of money would induce him to desert his wife or prevent them from earning an honest living.

CABLE JOTTINGS.

Latest Items of Interest from The Old World.

The Paris *Tribunal* has condemned Patti to pay the costs in the recent divorce suit.

Lord Dufferin sailed on Wednesday for India to assume his official duties as Viceroy.

At the supplementary elections in Germany yesterday, Virchon and Mundel, of Berlin; Richter, of Hamburg, and Hasselnelver, of Bergin, were re-elected to the Reichstag.

Prince Bismarck will be assisted at the Congo Conference by Count von Hatzfeldt, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs; Dr. Moritz Busch, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, and Baron von Kusserow, also of the Foreign office. King Humbert has designated Count Nigra, the Italian Ambassador to England, and Senor Montegazza, as assistants to Count de Launay, Italian Ambassador to Germany, who will represent Italy at the sessions of the Congo Conference at Berlin.

ANTI-SEMITIC EXCITEMENT.

BERLIN, Nov. 14.—The election of Herr Hoecker, the rabid anti-semitic, to the Reichstag, has caused some excitement here. Hoecker's adherents indulged in a disorderly demonstration last night, and it was thought advisable to concentrate a large police force in the vicinity of Bismarck's residence.

CITY ITEMS.

—A musical and literary entertainment was given by the Young People's Mission Circle in the Olivet Baptist Church last evening.

—The special committee of the Commercial Travellers' Association met at the Windsor Hotel last night to arrange for the annual dinner.

—The portraits of Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Stevenson, painted by Mr. Charles Gale, and presented to Mr. Stevenson by the industrial exhibitors at the recent Exhibition, are at present on view in the window of the store of Mr. A. B. Stewart, 743 Craig street.

Special Notice.

YOUNG CANADA.—Like young America, young Canadians should be smartly and well clothed. This can be done to perfection from my suits made up from imported patterns and equal in every respect to customs work at considerably less cost. L. Robinson, fashionable tailor, 31 Beaver Hall. 269*

NOTICE.

THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY OF CANADA.

Having been advised that parties are offering to Sell or Lease Telephonic Instruments which are infringements of Patents owned and controlled by said Bell Telephone Company of Canada:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE PUBLIC that each and every individual purchasing, leasing, or using such Infringing instruments, will immediately be sued by the

BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY OF CANADA

for damages, and penalties in accordance with the provisions of the Patent Act of Canada.

THE BELL TELEPHONE CO. OF CANADA,
By
C. F. SISE,
Vice-President.
Montreal, Nov. 13th, 1884. 268 2

DIET DISPENSARY.

The appeal last year of the Diet Dispensary having met with a generous response, the Committee is confident that a few words regarding its endeavors, necessities and successes will not be out of place at this time, and will gain the sympathy and help which it deserves.

The name of our little institution seems a sufficient index to the nature of its mission, but in the event of its not being explicit enough, we will again explain the object of this work.

It is to supply the needs of the invalid poor, who, from destitution, incapacity or any other cause, are unable to procure the nourishing food necessary. To the poor everything is given free, on presentation of an order signed by a clergyman, physician, city missionary or other authorized person. We have also half price applications from those who are unwilling to accept our aid gratuitously, and yet are unable to pay the cost price of the articles ordered.

We beg in particular to call the attention of charitable and aid societies to our half-price tickets for distribution among the poor of their churches and districts.

On referring to our yearly reports, since the institution of the charity, we find that the applications almost double every year. Thus, last year we filled 2,500 orders, as against 1,474 of the previous year; of these 1,405 were free, 925 cost price, 230 half price. We made and dispensed 1 770½ pts. beef tea, 304 pts. chicken broth, 496 pts. wine-jelly, 249 pts. calf's foot jelly, besides small quantities of gruel, veal broth, blanc mange. During the Summer we made arrangements for supplying milk, as, in some cases, preferable to beef tea, etc. To meet such an increased demand our outlay has of course been much larger than formerly, and when we look forward to the campaign of this Winter against our old enemies, disease and destitution, we feel the need of increased funds to combat successfully against them.

We are convinced that the public only need their attention drawn to this fact want, and the cause, entirely on voluntary contributions and unsectarian, will meet with a liberal support from all Protestant denominations.

Contributions will be gratefully received by the Treasurer, Miss Gould, 949 Dorchester street.

Signed on behalf of Committee,
ISABEL MACPHERSON,
265eod6 Secretary.

SAMUEL MAY & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES,
With May's Latest Improved Combination Cushions.
Also Direct Importers, Dealers and Manufacturers of
AMaterials Pertaining to the Business
1610—NOTRE DAME ST.—1610
Montreal.
81 to 89 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.
50 Portage Avenue, Winnipeg.
258 f2 w

MERCHANTS, CLERGYMEN, STUDENTS and all persons requiring a healthy, active brain, should use

"OUR NATIONAL FOODS,"

as they contain all the nitrogen, phosphates, gluten and other elements necessary to supply the wastes of both body and mind, the first act of digestion is done in them.

FISH & IRELAND,
Manufacturers and Patentees.
LACHUTE MILLS.
268 6

TENDERS FOR WOOD.

Tenders will be received up to the 20th instant, for 75 cords mixed hard wood, to be delivered in the city during the coming winter in quantities as this Society may require.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

R. K. THOMAS, Secretary,
Irish Protestant Benevolent Society.

Physicians specially recommend PIERRE LAMOUROUX'S SYRUP and PASTE for the treatment of Diseases of the Chest.

To avoid counterfeits the Public should see that each package bears the Signature and Address of the Discoverer.

PIERRE LAMOUROUX, Druggist,
45 Vauvilliers Street, PARIS, France.

LE PAGE'S LIQUID GLUE
IS USED BY THE
LARGEST MANUFACTURERS
(Mason & Hamlin Organ and Piano Co., Pullman Palace Car Co., &c.)
FOR ALL KINDS OF FINE WORK IN
Wood, Paper, Leather, Pasteboard, Canvas
PIANOS, ORGANS, R.R. CARS, &C.
UNEQUALLED
For Library, Parlor or Office
CLASS, CHINA, &c., &c.
AWARDED
GOLD MEDAL
at the World's Exhibition, London, 1883.
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE
RUSSIA CEMENT CO., Gloucester, Mass.
SAMPLE TIN CAN SENT BY MAIL, 25 CTS.

CENTS FOR SALE
—AT—
STAR OFFICE

CRYSTAL VARNISH
—FOR—
Leaves, &c.,
—AT—
THE MEDICAL HALL, 22 ST. JAMES STREET.
261*13

Thomas J. Potter's Sales.

HOCHELAGA WARD.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE OF 10 HOUSES
—ON—
MOREAU STREET
—Without Reserve.—

By order of AUG. ROBERT, Esq., who is leaving for Europe.

Rare chance to buy one or more houses either for occupation, investment or speculation. Capitalists, Merchants, Mechanics, Clerks and others will find this the best opportunity yet offered. Only $300 cash down, balance on easy terms, or parties can pay all cash if they choose. Deeds to be passed 1st of December.

The sale comprises the handsome and attractive semi-detached cottages, 353, 355, 361, 363, 369, 371, 377, 379 Moreau street, each with a lot of ground 48 x 100, leaving space enough either

BIRTHS.

OAKLEY—In this city, Nov. 13, the wife of Jas. Omar Oakley, of a son.

QUINLAN—At Belleville, on the 12th inst., the wife of L. Quinlan, of a daughter.

GURD—On the 12th inst., at 1592 St. Catherine street, the wife of D. Fraser Gurd, M.D., of a son. 268 2

THOMAS—In this city, on the 11th, the wife of David Thomas, of a daughter. 268 2

MARRIAGES.

PEACE-MACLAREN—At Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 11, by Rev. Mr. Norton, William Peace to Agnes Maclaren.

BACHANT-McMAHON — At St. Patrick's Church, on the 9th Nov., by the Rev. Father Dowd, H. W. Bachant to Minnie McMahon, daughter of James McMahon, all of this city. 267 3

DEATHS.

WILLS—On Wednesday, 12th Nov., 1884, Eva, infant daughter of James Wills, 7 months and 7 days. Funeral will take place on Friday, 14th inst., at 2.30 p.m., from her father's residence, 460 St. Lawrence street. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to atten l. 268 2

ROSS—At 430 St. Dominique street, on the 14th inst., of bronchitis, Edmund Kail, aged 1 year, infant son of James Ross. Funeral Saturday at 2 p.m.

WRIGHT—Nov. 13, at 60 Upper St. Urbain Street, St. Jean Baptiste Village, Frederic Arthur Bakewell, eldest son of William Wright, aged 7 years, 1 month, and 6 days. Funeral direct from his father's residence, on Saturday, at 3 p.m., to Mount Royal Cemetery.

MORRIS—On Friday morning, after a long illness, William Lang Morris, in the 57th year of his age, only son of the late Alexander Morris, of Brockville, and son-in-law of John A. Converse, of this city. Funeral will take place on Saturday, Nov. 15, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, 1127 Dorchester street, to Christ Church Cathedral, thence to Mount Royal Cemetery. 269 2

KIEFERDORF—At New York, Sunday, Nov. 9, Walter, aged 3 years, 5 months, only and beloved child of Fred. and Cecilia Kieferdorf.

MONTGOMERY — At 13 Bourgeois street, Point St. Charles, on 13th Nov., Edward Sloan, youngest son of Henry Montgomery, aged 8 years. Funeral to-morrow at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

DEVENISH—At Wexford, Ont., Nov. 11, Timothy Devenish, 71 yrs.

THOMPSON—At Toronto, Nov. 11, Mr. Wm. Thompson, 73 yrs.

BUTLER—At Belleville, Ont., Nov. 11, James Butler, 63 yrs.

The Weather.

1 p.m.—Thermometer at Hearn & Harrison's during last 24 hours.

6 p.m.	9 a.m.	1 p.m.	Max.	Min.	Mean.
39.5	30.5	38	39.5	26.5	32.75

Barometer—6 p.m., 29.86; 8 a.m., 30.09; 2 p.m., 30.02

1 a. m.—Probabilities next 24 hours:—Moderate winds; fine weather; not much change in temperature.

Appointments this Evening.

Academy of Music—"The Private Secretary."

Royal Theatre Museum—"Monte Cristo."

Montreal Theatre Museum—"A Celebrated Case."

Nordheimer's Hall—Lecture by Prof. Fowler.

A Very Economical Young Man.

Stern pa—"I don't like that young man and I wish he would not call so often." Dutiful daughter—"Why, pa, I thought he would be just the kind of a man you would prefer." "And why so, pray?" "You know you are such a stickler for domestic economy, and I never saw anyone so careful about wasting things as he is." "Well, that is a good point. Perhaps I have done him injustice. In what way is his love of economy specially marked?" "Why, when we are in the parlor in the evenings he always turns down the light to save the gas."—*Philadelphia Call.*

If Mr. Sydney George Bennett will call on Mr. C. Doucet, Accountant, Peace Office, Court House, Montreal, he will hear of something to his advantage. 267 3

MR. CLEVELAND has been **ELECTED**. It is to be hoped that his **ELECTION** will have as purifying and cleansing an influence on the country at large as the **SELECTION** of **DARLING'S DIPLOMA SOAP** would have in any household. For easy washing it has no equal. Manufactured by

DARLING & BRADY,
MONTREAL. 264†

MONTREAL AMATEUR ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

HARE AND HOUNDS.

SATURDAY, November 15th.

Hares start from Club House at 3.30 p.m.

T. L. PATON,
269 1 Hon.-Sec.

OUR
SEA OTTER CAPS
are the finest to be found in the city.

OUR PERSIAN LAMB CAPS
are of four qualities, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, and are sold at prices lower than at any other house in the city.

Our NATURAL OTTER CAPS, with Sealskin Top and Peak, or without peak, and square or round top, are of the finest quality. We have them at all prices, to satisfy everybody.

I. A. BEAUVAIS,
269x1 2024 & 2028 Notre Dame St.

To Artists—Professional and Amateur.

The advertiser's are desirous of communicating with some person capable of getting up a series of humorous sketches in connection with the Montreal Winter Sports. All work will be paid for. Address GRAHAM & CO., Publishers STAR. 261tf

COVERTON'S FRAGRANT CARBOLIC TOOTH WASH Cleanses and preserves the Teeth, Hardens the Gums, Purifies the Breath. Price 25 cents. Prepared only by C. J. Coverton & Co. 239

WIGHT'S
CORN and WART CURE,
Certain and Sure,
50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
—L. WIGHT,
Druggist,
35 St. Joseph Street, corner Richmond

SECOND-HAND
Machinery for Sale.
(Cont. Gourlay Co. make.)

1 No. 2 SHAPER,
1 20-inch PANEL PLANER,
Improved CARRIAGE CUT-OFF SAW,
also 1 UPRIGHT BORING MACHINE
1 VENEER PRESS,
1 SAND-PAPERING MACHINE.

These Machines are all in good order and will be sold Cheap for Cash.

MACHINERY SUPPLY ASSOCIATION
Cor. of Craig and Bleury Streets,
MONTREAL. 226†

USE THE ALBERT CO'Y'S
CARBOLIC ACID
TOILET SOAP
AS A DISINFECTANT.
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

CENTS FOR SALE.
Apply at
STAR OFFICE.

MANTLE DAYS!

To-morrow, Saturday, Nov. 15, and all next week, we make a special show of new Winter Dolmans, Ulsters and Mantles; also, Fur-Lined Circulars and Dolmans, all just imported for mid-winter wear.

S. CARSLEY.

MEN'S GLOVES!

Full assortment of Men's Gloves of all description.

Complete Stock of lined and unlined Gloves and Mitts.

For best value in Men's Gloves of ALL KINDS, Go to S. CARSLEY.

Men's Kid Gloves, in all colors.
Men's Calf Gloves, for Fall wear.
Men's Dogskin Gloves, heavy make, only 70c.

AT S. CARSLEY'S.

Men's Napa Gloves, with Buttons and Clasps.
Men's Cape Gloves, in all Colors.
Men's Buck Gloves, strong and heavy.

AT S. CARSLEY'S.

Men's Lined Kid Gloves and Mitts.
Men's Lined Calf Gloves and Mitts.
Men's Lined Buck Gloves and Mitts.
In all sizes, qualities and prices.

AT S. CARSLEY'S.

Men's Ringwood Gloves, all sizes.
Men's Ringwood Gloves, fleeced.
Men's Ringwood Gloves, all prices.
Men's Knitted Wool Gloves, from 25c.
Men's Knitted Wool Gloves, new patterns.
Men's Knitted Wool Gloves, in best qualities.

AT S. CARSLEY'S.

A NEW AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
MEN'S TIES,
in all colors, shapes and patterns, at ordinary low prices.

Men's Dark Windsor Ties, from 13c.
Men's Made-up Ties, latest styles.
Men's Tom Thumb Ties, in all colors.

AT S. CARSLEY'S.

Men's Cashmere Mufflers,
Men's Silk Mufflers,
in all sizes, all qualities, newst patterns and best value.

AT S. CARSLEY'S.

For Silk Handkerchiefs go to
S. CARSLEY.

LADIES' HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Ladies' Merino Vests.
Ladies' Elastic Merino Vests.
Ladies' Gauze Wool Vests.
Ladies' Half-Gauze Wool Vests.
Ladies' Cashmere Vests.
Ladies' Crépe de Santé Vests.
Ladies' Silk Vests.
Ladies' Chamois Vests.
Ladies' Lambs' Wool Vests.

LADIES' HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Ladies' Merino Drawers.
Ladies' Elastic Merino Drawers.
Ladies' Gauze Wool Drawers.
Ladies' Half-Gauze Wool Drawers.
Ladies' Cashmere Drawers.
Ladies' Crépe de Santé Drawers.
Ladies' Silk Drawers.
Ladies' Lambs' Wool Drawers.

LADIES' HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Ladies' Merino Suits.
Ladies' Elastic Merino Suits.
Ladies' Gauze Wool Suits.
Ladies' Half-Gauze Wool Suits.
Ladies' Cashmere Suits.
Ladies' Crépe de Santé Suits.
Ladies' Silk Suits.
Ladies' Lambs' Wool Suits.

LADIES' HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Children's Vests in most of the above makes.
Children's Drawers in most of the above makes.
Children's Suits in most of the above makes.
Scarlet Goods for Ladies in most of the above makes.

S. CARSLEY.

S. CARSLEY'S stock of Fur and Feather Trimmings, is now so complete as to defy competition both in price and quality.

S. CARSLEY has now a select stock of
Chenille Fringes,
Chenille Ruchings,
Chenille Mantle Ornaments,
Chenille Dress Ornaments,
Chenille Passementeries,
Silk Passementeries,
Silk and Bead Passementeries.

S. CARSLEY'S stock of Colored Chenille Fringes is superb.
Brown Chenille Fringes.
Electric Chenille Fringes.
Bronze Chenille Fringes.
Marble Chenille Fringes.
Olive Chenille Fringes.
Cardinal Chenille Fringes.

S. CARSLEY.

1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777
NOTRE DAME STREET,
MONTREAL 269

JOHN MURPHY & Co.'s
ADVERTISEMENT.

GLOVE DEPARTMENT!

The demand for our CELEBRATED KID GLOVES keeps increasing rapidly.

OUR CHEVREAU GLOVES
Are made to our *special order*, and we guarantee every pair to give satisfaction to the wearer. We keep the
CHEVREAU GLOVES
in all sizes and colors, from 2 to 20 button lengths. We keep the
CHEVREAU GLOVES
in Mousquetaire, all sizes and colors, from 4 to 10 button lengths.

All kinds of Kid Gloves to be had at our Establishment; prices from 25c per pair up.
Everlasting wear.

The Napa Tan Buck Gloves, with embroidered backs, we keep in Ladies' and Gentlemen's sizes. These Gloves never wear out. Try a pair.

Undressed Kid Gloves, all styles and sizes.
Ladies' Knitted Gloves, all sizes.
Ladies' Cloth Gloves, all sizes.
Ladies' Lined Cashmere Gloves, all sizes.
Ladies' Knitted Mitts, all sizes.
Ladies' Lined Kid Mitts, all sizes.

Our store for all kinds of Winter Gloves and Mitts.
Gentlemen's Kid Gloves.
Gentlemen's Driving Gloves.
Gentlemen's Buck Gloves.
Gentlemen's Knitted Gloves.
Gentlemen's Cloth Gloves.
Gentlemen's Winter Gloves and Mitts, every size and make, all at lowest cash prices.

A large lot of Gentlemen's Scarfs, bought at half-price, and to be sold equally cheap.

JOHN MURPHY & Co.
1781, 1783 NOTRE DAME ST.,
105, 107, 109, 111 ST. PETER ST.
Terms cash and only one price. 269†

Ewing & Cunningham
MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF
MOULDINGS,
Frames, Mirrors, Mirror Plates,
PHOTOGRAPHIC STOCK
—AND—
Fancy Goods,
Having a large assortment of these lines, invite the inspection of the trade.
Their assortment of
CHRISTMAS CARDS
is still complete.
EWING & CUNNINGHAM,
14 DeBRESOLES STREET.
263tf

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our instantaneous groups are considered by all to be marvels of art.

Prices to suit the most economical.

No necessity now to take the children to inferior studios because of the price.

Nothing can surpass the beauty and delicacy of finish, artistic posing and effective lighting for which medals have been awarded us at all the great art centres.

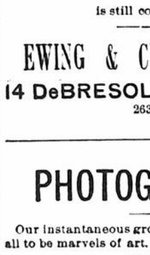
The excellence and artistic character of our work has given us a world wide reputation, and we receive orders from all parts.

Now is the time to order Xmas work, especially colored miniatures and large work as time is required to finish such.

Large portraits for framing at popular prices.

WM. NOTMAN & SON,
260 x tf **17 Bleury Street, Montreal.**

DICK'S
UNIVERSAL MEDICINES
—FOR—
HORSES and CATTLE



DICK'S BLOOD PURIFIER is no sham made up to sell only, but is prepared from the best material. One package of Dick's Blood Purifier we confidently believe contains more real medicinal strength and virtue than ten times its weight of any other Powder in the market. It tones up the system, imparts new life and vigor, and is adapted for the cure of worms, loss of appetite, roughness of the hair or coat, clogged water, weak bowels, all coughs and colds, inflammation of the lungs and bowels, recent founders, swelling of the glands of the throat, horse distemper, hide bound, botts scurvy, loss of wind, horse distemper, black tongue, &c., and also will hasten the heaves, and in recent cases effect a cure. In fact, there is no case of disease among Horses and Cattle where Dick's Blood Purifier is not called for, and by its timely administration will save the lives of many valuable animals.

DICK'S BLISTER, for Spavins, Ringbones, Curbs, Swellings, &c.
DICK'S OINTMENT, for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Saddle Galls, Sores, Fresh Wounds, Scratches, &c.
and
DICK'S LINIMENT, for Swellings, Scalds, Contusions, Frost Bites, Cracked Heels, Chapped Hands' &c., use above all for Rheumatism.

PRICE LIST.

DICK'S BLOOD PURIFIER,	50c
DICK'S BLISTER,	50c
DICK'S OINTMENT,	25c
DICK'S LINIMENT,	25c

Try DICK'S MEDICINES and be convinced of their merit. For sale by Druggists and Dealers. Ask for them and take no other.

DICK & CO.,
MONTREAL.
P. O. Box 482.

COVERTON'S FRAGRANT CARBOLIC TOOTH WASH heals all diseases of the gums, disinfects the mouth, purifies the breath. Price 25c. Prepared only by C. J. COVERTON & CO., corner of Bleury and Dorchester Streets. 239†

FUR AND FUR LINED GARMENTS!

SEAL ULSTERS
SEAL DOLMANS
Trimmed & Plain.

—SEAL SACQUES—
In all lengths.

—SILK DOLMANS—
Silk and Fur Lined and Fur Trimmed.

SILK AND CASHMERE
—CIRCULARS—
Lined with Ermine, Siberian Squirrel, Musquash, Mink, Genet, &c.

PERSIAN LAMB
—ASTRACAN BEAVER
And other SACQUES in all sizes.

COLARETTES, CAPES AND MUFFS,
In all description of Furs.

—All at Moderate Prices—

JOHN HENDERSON & Co.,
1677, NOTRE DAME ST., 1677

WEST END BRANCH:
1407, St. Catherine St., 1407
269 1†

SPECIAL SALE TO-MORROW!
—AT—
BOISSEAU BROS.

SPECIAL SALE of Boys' and Youths' Underwear of every description.
SPECIAL SALE of Men's Canadian Underwear, from 25c.
SPECIAL SALE of Men's All-wool Underwear, from 70c.
SPECIAL SALE of Men's Scotch Wool Underwear from $1.
SPECIAL SALE of Men's Union and Flannel Shirts from $1.10.
SPECIAL SALE of Men's White Undressed Shirts, 60c, worth $1.
SPECIAL SALE of Men's White Undressed Shirts, 85c, worth $1.50.
SPECIAL SALE of Men's White Dress Shirts, 50c, 75c, $1.
SPECIAL SALE of Men's Wool Socks, 20c, worth 35c.
SPECIAL SALE of Men's Linen Collars at 5c each.
SPECIAL SALE of Men's Fancy Silk Scarfs from 15c.
SPECIAL SALE of Youths' and Boys' Wool Gloves, reduced prices.
SPECIAL SALE of Gents' Wool and Kid Mitts in great variety.
SPECIAL SALE of Gents' Wool and Kid Gloves, lined and unlined.
LADIES' Cloth, Wool and Kid Gloves, at special price.
LADIES' lined and unlined Gloves, at special prices.
LADIES' Scotch Wool Underwear, $1.00, worth $1.40.
LADIES' Fine Wool Underwear $1.15, worth $1.50.
LADIES' Wool Hose, at 25c, worth 38c.
LADIES' Wool Hose, at 48c, worth 60c.
LADIES' Merino Hose, 25c, worth 40c.
LADIES' Merino Hose, 35c, worth 60c.

Children's Wool and Merino Hose, all reduced for the special sale to-morrow, at

BOISSEAU BROTHERS,
DRY GOODS IMPORTERS.
235 AND 237
—St. Lawrence Street.—
269 1†

J. B. RICHER'S
BUTTER MART!
St. Antoine Market Branch
(In centre of Market).
WILL BE OPENED TO-MORROW,
With a Selected Stock of
CREAMERY AND DAIRY BUTTER
AND
PROVISIONS.
269 2

W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.
160 GREY NUN STREET.
IMPORTERS OF
SCOTCH GLAZED DRAIN PIPES.
Chimney Tops,
Vent Linings,
Flue Covers,
Fire Bricks,
Fire Clay,
Portland Cement,
Roman Cement,
Canada Cement,
Water Lime,
Whiting,
Plaster of Paris,
Borax,
China Clay,
&c. &c.
Manufacturers of
BESSEMER STEEL
SOFA, CHAIR AND BED SPRINGS.
A large stock always on hand.

CASTOR-FLUID! (REGISTERED)—A delightfully refreshing preparation for the hair. Should be used daily. Keeps the scalp healthy, prevents dandruff, promotes the growth. A perfect hair dressing for the family. 25 cents per bottle.
HENRY R. GRAY,
Chemist, Sole Manufactory,
144 St. Lawrence Main St.

DR. DAVIS' PENNYROYAL AND STEEL Pills, for females, quickly correct all irregularities. Sold by all Chemists or the agent, W. NEILL, 1369 St. Catherine Street. 50c per box. 4x

Third Edition.

THE HARBOR COMMISSIONERS.

Monthly Meeting—Falling Off in Ocean Tonnage.

The regular monthly meeting of the Montreal Board of Harbor Commissioners was held yesterday afternoon, when there were present: Messrs. Andrew Robertson (chairman), J. B. Rolland, Edward Murphy, Chas. H. Gould, Hugh McLennan and His Worship the Mayor.

The Chairman, in opening the meeting, said the Harbor Master's report to the end of October showed that there had been a loss in ocean tonnage of about three and two-thirds per cent. as compared with last year, yet for the month of October the increase in tonnage is about eleven per cent., the ocean tonnage having been for October, 1883, 87,384, and for October, 1884, 96,933, or an increase of 9,549 tons. The revenue showed a decrease on inward freight of $4,000 or 24 per cent., but an increase of $2,000 is shown on outward freight or 25 per cent., and the tonnage dues show an increase of $1,000 or about 15 per cent., the net decrease being $1,000 or about 3 per cent. for the month.

The engineer's report showed that as the season was advancing the dredges are being moved from exposed positions to more sheltered ones, and the work seemed to be progressing favorably. Two accidents were reported, one to the "Lake Huron," the pilot of which was honorably acquitted, and the other to the "Lake Champlain," the pilot of which was suspended for eight months.

STATEMENT OF REVENUE.
(*Condensed.*)

	From 1883	Customs. 1884.
October	$35,145	$33,815
Revenue previously reported	183,349	164,283
	$218,494	$198,098
Net decrease to 1st November		$20,396

PORT OF MONTREAL.

Number and tonnage of sea-going vessels that arrived in port from the opening of navigation up to 1st November the following years:

Year.	Number.	Tonnage.
1881	538	501,352
1882	610	516,031
1883	630	633,652
1884	587	612,105

Depth of water in ship channel on 1st November the following years:

	Ft.	In.
1881	21	1
1882	25	9
1883	25	11
1884	26	1

THOMAS HOWARD,
Harbor Master.

MELANCHOLY SUICIDE.

A Young Girl Poisons Herself—Constitutional Melancholy the Cause.

A sad case of suicide occurred yesterday at Point St. Charles. A young girl aged 18, named Laura Stevenson, residing with her brother-in-law, Mr. Jonah Howell, at 71 St. Etienne street, had been suffering for some years from fits of melancholy which she appears to have inherited from her mother, who was similarly afflicted. For some weeks past the girl would scarcely eat anything, sitting in her room moodily and being very morose to those about her, especially to a younger sister, who at times waited on her. Yesterday morning about 4 o'clock Mr. Howell was awakened by her calling to him from her bedroom and on going in found that she had been vomiting violently. She held in her hand a small box labelled "Rough on Rats," a well known deadly poison, and holding it up to him exclaimed, "Yes, I have taken a dose, and done the work at last." Mr. Howell and the family at once administered such antidotes as were found prescribed in a family medicine book, and the young woman was so far recovered an hour or so after that he proceeded to his business in the Montreal Rolling Mills. About noon, however, word was sent him that she was worse again, and he at once went for Dr. Wood, who promptly arrived, together with Dr. Hutchinson, but the unfortunate girl was breathing her last, and in a minute or so was dead. An inquest was held this morning by Coroner Jones at the house of Mr. Howell, when the above facts were elicited. The jury returned the following verdict: "That the said Laura Stevenson came to her death from poison, administered by her own hand while suffering from melancholia; and the jurors hereby express their regret that medical aid was not called in promptly."

The young girl was a native of Troy, N.Y., and had been about a year in Montreal, her mother and father both being dead.

An Interesting Suit.

The approaching suit of Mr. L. A. Sénécal against the Toronto *Mail* promises to be most interesting, as leading bankers, brokers and journalists have been subpœnaed as witnesses, and a history of Mr. Sénécal's financial undertakings here and in Europe may be looked for. Amongst the bankers summoned are Mr. Buchanan, of the Bank of Montreal, and Mr. Desjardins, of the Jacques Cartier Bank. The jury will be chosen from the following list, which was struck a few days ago: Geo. Robinson, Henry Wiseman, G. H. Mooney, Edward Heuson, C. H. Chandler, D. G. Ladlaw, Fred. R. Cole, James Carruthers, W. B. Craig, Thos. A. Evans, G. B. Garlick, C. J. Reynolds, Phileas Bordunas, Stanislas Bousquet, G. H. Labbe, Eusebe Brien, Joseph Desormier, Theophile Gariepy, Pierre Mallette, Clovis Bellefeuille, Dosithe Legault, F. Paré, Geo. Breard and S. Narbonne.

A Trip to the Rockies.

Mr. Charles Drinkwater, secretary of the Canadian Pacific Railway, is expected to return from his trip to the North-West tomorrow morning. At Winnipeg he accompanied a party consisting of Hon. John Carling, Hon. J. H. Pope, Alonzo Wright, M.P., Gen.-Sup. Egan and Land Commissioner, McTavish, that went as far as the Columbia river, beyond the summit of the Rockies, inspecting the various places of interest. On the return trip they made the run from Regina to Winnipeg, a distance of three hundred and fifty-six miles, in twelve hours.

Shipping Notes.

The Allan SS. "Norwegian," from London passed Birr Rocks at 11 a. m., on Thursday.

SS. "Noordland," from Antwerp, and "Moravia," from Hamburg, have arrived at New York.

The Allan SS. "Manitoban," from Montreal and Quebec, arrived at Glasgow on Wednesday and landed her entire live stock shipment of 264 oxen and 1 horse without mortality.

Removing the Obstruction.

One of the Harbor Commissioners' largest dredges, No. 13, is at present at work in St. Mary's current near the Longueuil ferry cutting off a small lump of clay and boulder which has long been a pest to ship captains and pilots. The obstruction, though small in itself, was sufficient to compel vessels to go out of their way to avoid it, and at any time they were liable to drift upon it and ground. The water at the spot will be deepened from its present depth, 21 feet, to 25 feet.

The Canada Atlantic Ferry.

Two fine boilers made by John McDougall & Co., for the new ferry boat of the Canada Atlantic Railway, lately launched, have been delivered at Coteau by the Kingston & Montreal Forwarding Company.

CITY ITEMS.

—Two ocean vessels, the SS. "Lake Nepigon" and the barque "Bussorah," sailed this afternoon, leaving only five in port.

—The Conservative members of the mimic parliament will hold a caucus in the Long Room of the Mechanics' Institute to-morrow evening.

—The weekly tramp of the Crescent Snowshoe Club will take place this evening. The start will take place from the club room, Ontario street, at eight o'clock.

—The officials and employés at the Bonaventure Depot have just been served with neatly fitting Winter overcoats. All the conductors along the line have also been supplied with new uniforms. The order was filled by Messrs. Leblanc & Paradis, Notre Dame street.

—Mr. F. B. Matthews being examined, yesterday afternoon, in connection with the case of Sutherland *vs.* the *Herald*, stated that the liabilities of the *Herald* amounted to about $53,000. He placed the value of the book debts at $20,000. The good will and copyright had previously been purchased at $60,000, and he did not see why it should not be of considerable value to-day.

THE WINTER CARNIVAL.

Action Taken by the Licensed Victuallers—Meeting to be Held in the City Hall—An American Railway Official Making Arrangements for Low Fares.

A special meeting of the Licensed Victuallers' Association was held last evening in *La Patrie* Hall, the President, Mr. Henry Hogan, in the chair. There was a large attendance of members present.

The President explained that the object of the meeting was to consider what steps were to be taken by the association in connection with the approaching Winter Carnival. Mr. A. J. Corriveau, the promoter of the East End Committee, said it afforded him much pleasure to see such a large number of members present, testifying to the great interest they all took in matters pertaining to the benefit of the city and citizens generally. There should not be any sectional spirit, but both English and French should devote their utmost energies to show our American friends what Canadians can accomplish. The Carnival was now an institution of the Metropolis of the Dominion, and both sections of the population had resolved to work hand in hand in order to make it the grandest *fête* on the continent. It was then announced that a meeting of the citizens of the east end would be held at the City Hall this afternoon at four o'clock, when a detailed statement of the proposed course of action would be presented. Mr. Larin, the Vice-President, hoped that as many as possible would attend. The meeting then adjourned.

At the Carnival meeting this afternoon at 4 p.m. in the City Hall the various committees will be formed.

Mr. D. M. Kendricks, General Passenger Agent of the Delaware & Hudson Railway, has arrived from Albany and is stopping at the Windsor Hotel. The principal object of his visit is to make arrangements for the transportation and accommodation of passengers during the Winter Carnival. In several interviews with members of the committee, Mr. Kendricks has assured them that the Delaware & Hudson will afford every facility and inducement to attract a large attendance of visitors from the State of New York. Mr. Kendricks personally anticipates that the influx of American sightseers during Carnival week will be very large.

THE GAS EXPLOSION.

Charge of Manslaughter—Rebuilding the House—The Company's Extraordinary Generosity—Prejudice Against Gas Stoves.

Following the inquest held yesterday on the body of the unfortunate girl, Mary Lynn, who died from injuries received in the gas explosion at the house of her employer, Mr. Joseph Hutchins, the coroner has granted a warrant for the arrest of Thomas Brennan, the gasfitter in the employ of the company. Mr. Davidson, Crown prosecutor, states that a bill will be brought before the Grand Jury to-day on a charge of "Manslaughter."

The work of repairing the damaged house is meantime being carried on under the directions of Messrs. Hopkins, architects, and it has been found necessary to pull down the front and back walls of the house about half way, and also part of what was left of the gable wall. The question of liability will necessarily arise, Mr. Hutchins claiming $700 from the Gas Company while they offer him $400 for compensation. The mother of the deceased girl has been sent for by the Gas Company to try and arrange matters with them.

An amusing instance of the generosity of the Gas Company has come to light. It appears that when Mrs. Hutchins heard of the death of her former servant, she and her mother, Mrs. Marier, called upon Mr. Joseph, president of the company, and represented that as the family of the deceased were only in poor circumstances, probably the company would be willing to do something towards furnishing funeral expenses. Mr. Joseph at once generously responded by pulling out a dollar bill. The ladies protested at the smallness of the sum for the gift of a wealthy corporation, and the president was so influenced that he produced a two dollar bill, and after some further consultation and pressure, the worthy president finally handed over a five dollar bill, making in all the munificent sum of eight dollars? After this extraordinary outlay, on which no return can be reasonably expected, it will not be surprising if the Company should find it necessary to raise the rates of gas during the ensuing Winter.

The report that the explosion arose from a gas stove has caused a considerable prejudice against these articles, and some cooks are so afraid of their spontaneous explosion that they naturally refuse to make use of them.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Roswell Fisher leaves to-night for a visit to Europe.

The Toronto *Globe* states officially that the recently published alarmist reports about the health of the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie are untrue.

Lieut. H. B. McKay, formerly of this city, and a graduate of the Royal Military College, Kingston, according to a cablegram received by his brother, was to sail to-day from England for Bechuana, South Africa, where the Boers have been giving trouble of late. The British Government are sending out troops to suppress the disturbances, and the Royal Engineers, to which branch of the service Mr. McKay is attached, have responded to the call of duty and gone to fight for their country.

TRANSATLANTIC TRAVELLERS.

Cabin Passengers Per Allan SS. "Parisian," for Liverpool.

Cabin passengers per Allan Royal Mail Steamship "Parisian," Captain James Wylie, from Quebec to Liverpool, 15th Nov., 1884: Mr. H. G. B. Alexander, Mrs. Alexander and infant, Miss Alexander, Mr. M. W. Anderson, Mr. W. M. Beaufort, Mr. Cafferata, Rev. Canon Carver, D.D., Mrs. Carver, Miss Carver, Mr. A. W. Carver, Mr. Ernest A. Carver, Mr. J. Lockhart Cassels, Miss Clarke, Mr. Cocks, Mrs. Isabella M. Douglass, Miss Dufresne, Mr. R. C. Fisher, Mr. Fred. Gerbie, Mr. Caldon F. Gilder, Miss Gordon, Dr. C. Monro Grier, Mr. John Henry Hodges, Mr. Huggett, Mrs. Huggett, Miss Huggett, Mr. Huggett, jr., Miss E. King, Mr. John J. Langley, Mr. T. Lister, Mr. Jos. Livernois, Mr. John Maclean, Hon. Arthur Napier, Mr. Nicholson, Mr. Wm. Poston, Mrs. Edward Poston, Miss Poston, Dr. C. W. Purdy, Mrs. Colin Sewell, Mr. Jas. Slessor, Miss Rose, Miss Stevenson, Mr. Robert Von de Sahl, Mr. J. Sugden, Mr. John Taylor, Mr. Alfred Thibaudeau, Miss M. L. Wright, Mr. H. O. Wilson, Mrs. Wroe, Master J. Wroe, Master H. Wroe Mrs. Yarker.

THE CHOLERA IN PARIS.

A Correspondent's Opinion of the Wretched Condition of the Poor—Dwellers in Filth and Misery.

A Paris despatch, dated yesterday, says: A correspondent who went on an exploring tour this morning in the narrow streets and alleys that run out of the main thoroughfares between the Faubourg du Temple and the Faubourg St. Antoine, where the cholera has been severest, says: "While giving the authorities all the credit their good intentions deserve, I am bound to say that the uncleanness of these populous quarters makes them a very hotbed of disease. A person can hardly realize the condition of the rookeries in which thousands of men, women and children live, work, eat and sleep with totally inadequate supplies of air, water and light, and an utter disregard of the elements of cleanliness. A journeyman cabinetmaker, when asked whether the absolute stench of the court in which he dwelt was not worse than usual, replied that he did not discover anything unusual, and all he complained of was the insufficiency of water, which he had to fetch himself from a fountain in the Faubourg St. Antoine, about 300 yards from the entrance of the alley. The house in which this man resides is four stories high and gives shelter to ten families or some fifty persons, including women and children. The rooms are small and badly ventilated, and the inhabitants work and sleep in the same room. The staircase is dark and the sanitary arrangement of the place is simply shocking. The leaden hue of the men's faces and the attenuated frames of the children tell their own tale. "Having been assured that a man living in the Rue Montreuil had been attacked to-day by cholera I went to the house indicated. When I arrived there I found the house extremely dirty and impregnated with bad odors. On reaching the second floor I found several men and women standing on the small landing between two open doors. From the consternation written on their faces I saw at once that I had been correctly informed. Indeed they were too alarmed to answer my questions, and merely pointed to the room where the man had lived. I stepped in and found some police officials disinfecting the unwholesome abode. I will say nothing more than that it smelled horribly. The police officials stated that the man had been removed to the Hospital St. Antoine."

AN INSANE ASYLUM SCANDAL.

A Man Claiming to be Sane Confined for Six Years in a Lunatic Asylum.

LONDON, Eng., Nov. 14.—An American, named Bruce, who was formerly a Baptist clergyman in New York city, and previously a schoolmaster in Illinois, has been for the past six years confined in the Brookwood Lunatic Asylum. On several occasions he has protested in various ways against his detention there, and at times his conduct and appearance have been such as to justify the suspicion that he might be sane. Once he succeeded in sending a telegram to the Queen, complaining of the injustice of his confinement and demanding his release, and for this he was locked up and deprived of many of the privileges of the institution for several months. Bruce recently read a speech of Minister Lowell, delivered at Birmingham, and at once determined that Mr. Lowell was the only man who could secure his release. Owing to Bruce's exemplary conduct during the past year, and as he displayed traces of sanity rather than insanity, the asylum officials allowed him to dress in such clothing as he pleased and permitted him to grow his hair and beard, both of which were quite gray. Bruce, with his long curly locks hanging about his shoulders, became a conspicuous figure about the asylum as he performed the duties as assistant warder. He was allowed to visit the town, pay bills, make purchases, etc. On Monday last he paid his accustomed visit to the town, but instead of returning escaped to the woods, where he hid himself in the bushes until night, when he walked to the Crystal Palace, in the vicinity of which he sought out a Baptist Minister, who was reputed to be very charitable, and telling him the story of his confinement, asked him for food and shelter. The Minister took him in and after keeping him over night went with him to the American legation, where he introduced Bruce to Minister Lowell. Mr. Lowell promised to demand an enquiry into the case, but told Bruce that as he might subject himself to prosecution for stealing the clothes he was wearing, he had better return to the asylum and await the result, adding that Bruce's return would furnish additional proof of his sanity. Bruce returned and surrendered himself to the asylum authorities, but has since heard nothing that would indicate that Mr. Lowell has asked for an investigation in his behalf. Bruce complains bitterly that Mr. Lowell decoyed him back to the asylum, and was not sincere in his promises to aid in obtaining his release. His memory is excellent, and he details his interview with Mr. Lowell and the incidents of his escape with minute exactness. A great deal of interest is manifested in the case, and many believe that Bruce has been unjustly confined. On the Friday previous to his escape Bruce appealed to the visiting justices to release him, but, finding them obdurate, he then resolved to avail himself of the first opportunity to escape.

CABLE JOTTINGS.

Latest Items of Interest from the Old World.

The Mackay-Bennett cables have not yet been repaired. The laying of the Havre section, which was to have been commenced shortly, has been definitely postponed until next year.

Baron von Kusserow, at present connected with the German Foreign Office in a subordinate capacity, will become the head of the newly created Colonial Department of that office.

The German steamer "Etna," Captain Muller, which left Hamburg, October 28, for New York, has put in at Queenstown with her main shaft and machinery damaged.

The Patti divorce case, a decision in which was rendered at Paris on the 12th, has excited much remark. Mme. Patti first presented a petition for divorce from her husband, the Marquis de Caux. The Marquis thereupon presented a cross petition. The Tribunal took cognizance only of the husband's petition, and pronounced a divorce for his benefit. It refused absolutely to entertain Mme. Patti's petition, inasmuch as the scandal which caused the separation between husband and wife was still maintained by the latter.

In Eastern Poland the Greek Uniats, a sect in the Eastern Church, are being terribly persecuted as schismatics. Missionary priests from Galicia have to hide in the forests, suffering fearful privations in order to give the members of their faith the sacraments denied by law. The Cossacks hunt these unfortunate priests with horses and dogs, and when captured they are sent off, without trial, to Siberia.

Sir Moses Montefiore continues in a very precarious condition at his residence in Ramsgate. He is not now suffering from any indefinable disease, but there appears to be a general breaking up of the system, through inability to take sufficient nourishment. It is not expected that he can possibly see another birthday.

When Monsignor Lord Petre took his seat in the House of Peers the other night, he wore the Roman collar and clerical garb generally under his robes. Lord Petre is thirty-seven years of age, but looks old, owing to his ascetic cast of countenance. The new creations of the peerage add one to the list of Catholic peers, making their number thirty-two. It is a singular fact that, excepting the Irish, there is only one Catholic member in the House of Commons.

DEATH OF DEAN O'REILLY.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

HAM

Last Edition.

MONEY AT FOUR PER CENT.

How Mr. Hender of Montreal Offered Money on Loan, but Failed to Carry Out His Promise.

For some months past, George Hender, one of the syndicate which has been conducting the Crystal Palace Opera House in this city, has been advertising in newspapers in Western Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, offering sums of from $5000 to $40,000 on loan on mortgages at 4 per cent., the advertisements stating that further particulars might be had by applying to Mr. McKinnon, advocate, Montreal. These tempting offers did not long remain unanswered, and applications for loans came in almost by the bushel from all parts of the country. In reply to these the applicants were referred by Mr. McKinnon to Mr. Hender, who told them to send sums varying from $10 to $20 to pay the expenses of a valuator to visit the property and decide whether it was worth the loan. In most cases the sum of $15 per day was named as necessary to pay the expenses of the valuator. In addition, the sum of $15 additional was required to be paid for a lawyer to examine into the validity of the deeds. These calls for money caused suspicions to be aroused that the affair was not *bona fide*, and that, in fact, Hender was playing a deep game, pocketing the money and never completing any loans. A short time ago, Mr. Hibbard Ashley, of Belleville, made an application for a loan of $40,000 and forwarded different sums amounting in all to nearly $500 to cover the necessary expenses, but shortly afterwards becoming suspicious, he came in to Montreal and engaged Messrs. Greenshields, McCorkill & Guerin, barristers, to look into the matter. Mr. McKinnon, who is a member of the Bar of this district, was immediately sent for, and he straightway confessed that he had been taken in and had been made a party to a huge swindle. Hender, the principal actor in the drama, was next sent for. When he arrived and was asked to explain, he stated that if the papers were satisfactory he was willing to carry out the loan. The papers, he said, were in the hands of Mr. McKinnon, whom he was unable to find. He further stated that he had entrusted the case to his counsel, Mr. Duhamel. He then left the office, and subsequently Mr. McKinnon was sent for. When that gentleman arrived he handed over the papers, and once more Hender was summoned to make his appearance. To him it was stated that the documents having now been delivered up, there was no reason whatever why the matter should not be concluded. Again, Hender referred the gentlemen to Mr. Duhamel and left the office. He was followed by Mr. Duhamel's office, where, after some conversation, the learned counsel refused to have anything further to do with the matter. At this turn of the affair, and after having been threatened with criminal proceedings, Hender began to weaken and to-day handed over $126, which included the expenses of Mr. Ashley to Montreal and the money reimbursed, together with all the legal expenses.

WHAT MR. M'KINNON SAYS.

A STAR representative called upon Mr. McKinnon to-day and learned the following particulars regarding the fraud in which he says he has been unwittingly implicated: He related that last Summer shortly before he left on his holidays, Hender called upon him and stated that he represented a number of English capitalists, who being able to get only 3 per cent. for their investments in England, were desirous of negotiating loans in Canada, where a better rate could be procured. He asked permission to use Mr. McKinnon's name in the advertisements which he proposed inserting in a number of Canadian newspapers, stating that Mr. McKinnon would be recommended by having all the legal documents, mortgages, etc., in connection with the transactions to examine, which would yield him a considerable revenue were the scheme a success. Under these conditions Mr. McKinnon agreed to the proposal and shortly afterwards left on his vacation, knowing no more about the matter. When he came back, however, he became suspicious and began to think that all was not right, and was soon convinced that the whole thing was a gigantic fraud. He purposes instituting criminal proceedings against Hender and intends to publish warnings in a large number of papers in Canada, cautioning those wishing to loan money to be aware of Hender and his nefarious machinations.

Messrs. Abbott, Tait & Abbotts, Bougall and Faskin, of Belleville, and Curoud and Meldrum and a number of legal firms in the Lower Provinces have similar claims, made under similar circumstances to those stated above, and will take action against Hender for the amounts.

A RURAL MYSTERY.

Sudden Death of a Bord-a-Plouffe Butcher—An Inquest Wanted.

Some residents of Bord-a-Plouffe were in the city to-day to interview some of the authorities to ascertain whether it would not be possible to have the body of one Napoleon Beaudry of that place, who was buried yesterday, exhumed and an inquest held, as the cause of his death had not been ascertained. It appears that he had been found unconscious on Monday and died without giving any explanation of what ailed him. He died before medical assistance could be procured, and his friends do not appear to have thought that it was of sufficient import nce to summon a doctor after death to decide the cause, and they had the body buried without any certificate of death. To the enquiries of neighbors they stated that they thought deceased died from the effects of poisoning. He had been attending to a sick horse before he died, and having used some of some description of an external application, they presumed that he must have accidentally poisoned himself. Beaudry was a butcher, and said to have been fairly well off.

The Laval Students.

Last evening, Mr. S. Pagnuelo, Q.C., had an interview with Mr. W. H. Kerr, Q.C., the Dean of the McGill Law Faculty, for the purpose of allowing the expelled students of Laval to be temporarily admitted to McGill. The ultimate intention of the students is either to have an independent university in Montreal, or as soon as Victoria has obtained a charter to open a law faculty, to join that university. The question of asking the Jesuits to permit them the use of their charter has also been raised. It will be remembered that several years ago Professor Bibaud held a law school under special charter granted to the Jesuits' College, and although no law course has been given since Mr. Bibaud's death, the charter always holds good.

Funeral of Dr. A. B. Craig.

This morning the funeral service of the late Dr. A. B. Craig was held at St. James' church, St. Denis street. A large number of students were in attendance and the Victoria School of Medicine students sang the service. Amongst others present were Messrs. Bourgeau, Boyce, Marquis, Gendron, Morel, Pominville, Guillet and Ledoux. After the service was over, the *cortege* descended St. Denis street to the wharf and the body was put on board the steamer "Terrebonne," and the remains conveyed to Contrecoeur for interment.

A vote of condolence was passed yesterday afternoon by the Medico-Chirurgical students to the family of the deceased physician.

A Grand Liberal Rally.

A meeting of the Young Men's Reform Club has been called for Saturday evening at the Windsor Hotel to make arrangements for the reception of Sir Richard Cartwright and Hon. Wilfrid Laurier on their approaching visit to the city at the invitation of the Club. No pains will be spared to lend *éclat* to the occasion, and it is proposed to make the event a grand rally of the leading Liberals of Montreal and vicinity. Negotiations are in progress with a view to securing the Queen's Hall for the meeting, which will take place on the evening of the twenty-fifth.

The Green Cloth.

A billiard match, two hundred points up, was played last night between Mr. John Donohue, of the Ottawa Hotel Billiard Rooms, and Mr. Spurk B. Watson, of St. Albans, Vt., the occasion being the opening of a billiard and sample parlor by Messrs. Frank Alexander & Co. at No. 39 St. Lawrence street. The attendance was so large that many were unable to gain admittance. The contest, which was very exciting, was won by Mr. Donohue, by a score of two hundred to one hundred and sixty-one. At the conclusion of the match Mr. Alexe gave a complimentary oyster supper.

The Montreal Hunt.

The Montreal Hunt will meet to-morrow at Blue Bonnets at 11 o'clock. The meets next week are as follows: Tuesday, 18th, Bougie's Corners, 11 a.m.; Thursday, 20th, St. Antoine Tollgate, 11 a. m.; Saturday, 22nd, Outremont 11 a. m.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

Robidoux vs. Morrissette—Davis vs. Buntin.

The first case before the Court of Queen's Bench this morning was that of the Queen *vs.* J. F. Morrissette, for libel. Mr. Robidoux, Q.C., M.P.P., appeared for the private prosecution, and Mr. Pagnuelo, Q.C., for the defendant. Before the empanelling of the jury Mr. Pagnuelo made a motion to the effect of setting the indictment aside on several grounds, stating that the indictment disclosed no legal offence; that it was insufficient; that it did not allege Mr. Robidoux was a Catholic; that the plaintiff gave the article a meaning which it did not have; that there was no legal offence in calling anybody a Freemason, the society being legal; that the article was not an attack upon Robidoux personally, but a general attack upon a certain portion of the Liberal party, and lastly, that if the defendant were forced to answer and to prove the facts of the alleged libel, as it is expressed in the indictment, he would have to call the whole party to answer.

Mr. Robidoux replied personally, and in the course of an eloquent and impassioned speech attacked the defendants and the whole *Castor* party as a pack of cowards, who, after calling him a Freemason to injure him during his election, came into court, cowed before the honorable tribunal, and alleged it was no insult, no libel to call a French Canadian and a Catholic a Freemason. Mr. Robidoux then quoted the case of Lareau *vs. La Minerve*, in which the Judge held that Mr. Lareau was entitled to damages for being so called, and the Queen's Bench decision in the same case in favor of the plaintiff.

Mr. Pagnuelo briefly replied and the judge asked for authorities on the subject and took the motion *en délibéré*.

THE BUNTIN CASE.

The case of Mr. Alexander Buntin, for undue preference, then came up before the Court. Messrs. Lacoste, Q.C., and Greenshields, with Mr. Kerr, Q.C., as counsel, appeared for Mr. Davis, the private prosecutor, and Messrs. Curran and Geoffrion, Q.C.s, with Mr. Bethune, Q.C., defended Mr. Buntin.

Messrs. Curran and Geoffrion attempted to have the indictment set aside by the Court, arguing lengthily upon the meaning of chapter 61 of the Banking Act, upon which the accusation is based. The Court however did not maintain the argument of defendant's attorneys, and ordered the case to go on.

Over three-quarters of an hour was spent in empanelling the jury, each one of them being challenged for cause by the defence and asked whether he was or was not a creditor of the Exchange Bank. At last the following mixed jury was formed: Messrs. Henry Russell, Ambroise Comtois, Michel Hurtubise, John M. Robie, John Patton, Paul Rose, Charles Marchand, Daniel Nicholson, Henry J. Harvey, Toussaint Dubuc, Augustin Aubertin and John Sullivan. For the swearing in of the first juryman (Mr. Henry Russell) Messrs. Athanase Branchaud and Wilfrid Prevost were appointed "triers" and declared him competent to act as a juror; for the second juryman (Mr. Daniel Nicholson) Messrs. Branchaud and Henry Russell, the first juror, acted as "triers" and declared him also competent; the two jurors first sworn in acted as "triers" for the other ten.

Mr. Greenshields first addressed the jury in English and briefly exposed the facts of the case to them.

Hon. Mr. Lacoste followed and addressed the jury in French on behalf of the private prosecution.

The first witness called was Mr. Archibald Campbell, accountant, of this city. Being sworn, the witness stated that he was one of the liquidators of the Exchange Bank. He produced the minute-books of the bank, and read the clause ordering the suspension of payment. He stated the bank was insolvent on the 15th of September, 1883.

Here Mr. Curran, for the defence, said the insolvency of the bank could not be proved by the witness. After some discussion, the case was continued.

The witness stated that on the 15th of September the liabilities of the Bank amounted to about $3,000,000. Mr. Buntin was then a creditor for $13,796.36. On the 22nd November, 1883, a meeting of directors was held, at which Mr Buntin was present, when Mr. Greenshields was appointed the liquidators' legal representative.

Mr. Greenshields then asked witness the names of the directors of the Bank elected on the 9th July, 1883. The witness referred to the books, and the only report made there consists of clippings from THE STAR and the *Gazette* with names of signatures to certify their validity. Immediately after this annual meeting, which is uncertified, the meeting of directors took place, and the report of it is made over the signature of Mr. E. K. Greene, the Vice-President. Mr. Davis was yet a creditor of the Bank to the amount of $17,757.14. He paid Mr. Buntin was paid $8,000 on the 19th September, 1883, on account of his $13,796.36. The money was paid $3,000 in gold coin and the balance by a cheque upon the Quebec Bank, signed by Mr. Thomas Craig, president of the Exchange Bank, to the order of Mr. R. A. Rodgers or order, and endorsed by Mr. A. Rodgers to the order of Alexander Buntin, who also endorsed it.

The Court was then adjourned till 2 p. m.

THE CHOLERA SCARE.

An American Proposition for Co-Operation with Canada to Prevent the Spread of the Disease.

The members of the Health Committee were assembling at the time of going to press for their usual monthly meeting. Among the business before the meeting is the discussion of the monthly report of Dr. Larocque, the Medical Health Officer. This is mainly taken up with the question of the spread of the cholera. In this connection Dr. Larocque mentions having received from the American Sanitary Association a report of the recent convention of the Boards of Health of the United States, held at the Capitol on the 13th, 14th and 15th inst. Along with the report a request was received that the City Council would exert its influence to have carried out a suggestion made at the meeting for an agreement to prevent the spread of the disease in America. The proposition was that as Canada and the United States must be united in any efforts to fight the cholera, the Canadian, American and British Governments should be united in their efforts. To this end it was decided to ask these bodies to have an agreement come to whereby all American and British consuls at places where the cholera is raging should be instructed to board all vessels leaving for North America and satisfy themselves that no infectious persons take passage. In case of any such passengers the health officer of any vessel it was further suggested that the consuls should be authorized to notify by cable the authorities of the port to which such vessel may be bound. It was also decided to ask these Governments to co-operate to secure a careful sanitary supervision of steamships of the large lines and their passengers.

In his report the doctor urges the committee to ascertain whether the Government has taken cognizance of this application and also to take steps in view of a probable visit of the cholera to Montreal. He urged that a house to house inspection should be immediately undertaken and a thorough surface cleansing made. He pointed out that the adjoining municipalities are in a fit state to propagate any infectious disease, especially cholera, and urged that some means be devised to remedy this.

AN EXODUS.

Large Numbers of Ship Laborers Leaving Montreal for the Winter.

Owing to the approach of the close of navigation there has been a general exodus within the past few weeks of stevedores and ship laborers from the various Canadian ports to the United States. The principal points from which they hail are Montreal and Quebec. From the latter city it is estimated that upwards of three hundred laborers have taken their departure for the Winter. The American Customs officials here state that they have been exceedingly busy of late, on account of the increase of passenger traffic, owing to the exodus of hands from Montreal. It is estimated that so far this month several hundreds who have been employed along the docks this season have crossed to Uncle Sam's Dominions. From figures preserved it is shown that the majority have proceeded as far South as Savannah, Ga., New Orleans, La., and Charleston, S.C., although a considerable number have gone to Northern ports. It is customary for this migration to occur annually, most of the laborers returning to Montreal in the Spring.

Surgical Operation.

A Caughnawaga Indian named Angus Jacobs some time ago broke his leg and, consequent on the fracture, decay of the bone *necrosis* set in. To-day the man was brought to the Notre Dame Hospital where the somewhat difficult operation of opening the leg and cutting out the diseased portion of bone was performed by Dr. David, the House Surgeon. Dr. Leprohon and several other city surgeons were present.

WHOLESALE MURDERS.

Fourteen Persons Butchered in San Salvador.

SAN SALVADOR, Nov. 14.—A mob of 200 men attacked the houses of Jesus Paredes, Thos. Padilla and Capt. Panche in Nahuezlas County and murdered them, with the wives and children of the two first mentioned. Subsequently they murdered a police captain and several others. The victims number fourteen. A dispute regarding the proprietorship of land was the cause.

FROM OTTAWA.

Cheap Farm Produce—The Scott Act.

(SPECIAL TO THE STAR.)

OTTAWA, Nov. 14.—Farm produce is selling here cheaper than has been known for years. The Scott Act agitation is having a depressing effect on barley.

Three hundred of those who signed the petition for the submission of the Scott Act in Carleton have signed a counter petition, which was forwarded to the Ontario Government to-day. The probable effect of this will be to postpone polling for a year or more. The contest between the parties is very bitter in the county.

UNITED STATES OF COLOMBIA.

Peace Restored Between Two States—Horrible Atrocities Committed.

PANAMA, Nov. 14.—Peace has been restored in Cundinamarca and Santander through the intervention of the Federal government. The town of Guadaus, captured by the rebels, who subsequently laid down their arms, was the scene of many atrocities. A picket of 25 men, who had defended the schoolhouse, were slaughtered after surrendering. The body of the commander was exposed to terrible indignities. A number of houses were sacked and burned. Numerous assassinations of a fearful and cowardly character were perpetrated. The Conservative or church party are promoting revolutions in the hope that they will lead to the restoration of their properties, seized by the Republic.

THE PATTI DIVORCE CASE.

(SPECIAL TO THE STAR.)

PARIS, Nov. 14.—According to the terms of the divorce recently granted in the Patti DeCaux case, Mme. Patti, has the right to remarry. The Marquis DeCaux claims upon Mme. Patti's property depend upon the terms of the marriage contract. These have not been made known. The recent judgment merely changes the decree of separation into a decree of divorce for the benefit of the husband.

EXTENSIVE CONFLAGRATION.

(SPECIAL TO THE STAR.)

LONDON, Nov. 14.—Sheppeard's extensive lumber and timber yard at Hammersmith was burned to-day. A pile of lumber, one hundred feet high, caught fire at midnight and is still burning. A barge laden with lumber was burned. Twenty engines are at work trying to prevent the spread of the conflagration.

AUSTRIA'S PENAL SETTLEMENTS.

(SPECIAL TO THE STAR.)

VIENNA, Nov. 14.—It is reported that the Government has decided to establish penal settlements on the coast of Africa.

NO DISSOLUTION THIS YEAR.

(SPECIAL TO THE STAR.)

LONDON, Nov. 14.—The *News* says there will be no dissolution of Parliament this year.

THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS.

(SPECIAL TO THE STAR.)

CAIRO, Nov. 14.—The Cameron Highlanders will start up the Nile on Sunday.

CABLE

TORPEDOES FOR CHINA.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—The Government has sent 200 tons of torpedoes to protect the coaling stations in China.

FRENCH OCCUPANTS OF TAMSUI.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—A despatch just received from Shanghai announces that the French forces have occupied Tamsui, in Formosa.

Tamsui is a treaty port of China, on the northwest of the Island of Formosa. It was opened to trade in September, 1863.

THE SEABURY ANNIVERSARY.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—The Archbishop of Canterbury preached a sermon at a special service in St. Paul's Cathedral this morning in commemoration of the one hundredth anniversary of the consecration of Bishop Seabury, the first Anglican Bishop in the United States.

THE NEW POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—Right Hon. George J. Shaw Lefevre has been appointed Postmaster-General.

[Mr. Shaw Lefevre was First Commissioner of Works and was formerly Secretary to the Admiralty, but now enters the Cabinet for the first time. He represents Reading in the House of Commons, is 49 years of age and is a barrister by profession.]

THE PANAMA CANAL.

PANAMA, Nov. 14.—Launches, tugs, dredges, excavating material and men continue to arrive in quantities and numbers for the Panama Canal. The work continues with activity. New contracts are daily being given out, and during the coming season 50,000 men will be employed. An enormous freight business has sprung up with Jamaica since the work on the canal commenced. Jules Dingler, chief engineer, has returned from France with new engineers. Many changes have followed his arrival.

THE CHOLERA IN PARIS.

PARIS, Nov. 14.—Five cases of cholera occurred yesterday among the employés of the newspaper *Monitear Universal*. A printer died almost immediately.

PARIS, Nov. 14.—The continued cold weather is exercising a favorable effect on the rate of mortality, which does not exceed one in 36,000. The ravages of the epidemic are trivial compared with those of typhoid fever.

The epidemic shows little if any effect upon the pleasure-seeking proclivities of the people. The theatre and other places of amusement are well filled every night. The disease has made large ravages among the staffs of the garrison, but the officials publish no returns and refuse all information.

Dr. MacGivan writes to *Galignani's Messenger* that the exodus of English and American people from Paris is altogether unjustifiable. Many persons have fled for refuge to more dangerous places. He advises that only wealthy constituted and nervous timid people should leave the city. Strong healthy people are perfectly safe in Paris if they avoid excesses and banish all fear of the disease.

BARCELONA, Nov. 14.—Several cases of cholera have appeared here, two fatal. Nine cases, two of which were fatal, occurred in the Province of Valencia.

AMERICAN.

A WEEK'S FAILURES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—There were 211 failures in the United States the past week.

BUTLER HUNG IN EFFIGY.

WESTBURYPORT, Mass., Nov. 14. — Butler was hung in effigy on Brown Square last night.

Holloway's Corn Cure destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who then would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach?

"Can your wife drive?" one Somerville man asked of another. "Drive what?" "Drvie a horse, of course." "Drive a horse! Why, man, she can not drive a nail."

N. McRae, Wyebridge, writes: "I have sold large quantities of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil: it is used for colds, sore throat, croup, etc., and in fact for any affection of the throat. It works like magic. It is a sure cure for burns, wounds and bruises."

Special Notice.

Removable collars and cuffs for overcoats, made from the primest furs, fit better than sewed on as heretofore, and look handsome L. Robinson, 31 Beaver Hall. 269t

WEBER HALL—The neatest and pleasantest room in the city for lectures, concerts, or social gathering, well lighted and heated, supplied with organ and Grand Weber piano; terms reasonable. Apply to N.Y. Piano Co., 228 St. James street. 269-2

THE WINTRY BLAST.—Protection from cold is one of nature's first laws. Moral—Get an overcoat made from Robinson's especially fine materials. 269 2aw

TO LET—Two large upper flats, 40x100, in N.Y. Piano Co.s building, St. James street. Apply on the premises, 228 St. James street. 269-2

A REMINDER.—The large discounts announced are still in full force, and are being taken advantage of daily at L. Robinson's. 269 2aw

THE TABLES TURNED.

The Melvin Smith Case—Mrs. Smith Sues Her Husband For Separation.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. J.N. Greenshields, counsel for Mrs. Melvin Smith, presented a petition to a judge of the Superior Court in chambers asking permission, as required by the law of this province, for his client to be allowed to sue her husband for separation from bed and board. The petition was granted and this morning The writ was issued. The declaration, which is very lengthy, contains the most dreadful charges against Mr. Smith and has been prepared from facts obtained by a well known detective of this city. The declaration of the plaintiff alleges that she was married at St. Albans, Vt., 1st July, 1875, and has since lived in Montreal. By a marriage contract passed about the 22nd June of the same year she and her husband had no community of goods, and the wife renounced all rights of dower for herself and her children, in consideration of the husband granting an annuity of $1,500 per annum in case of her surviving him and remaining unmarried. That they have lived together in Montreal until about the first of September last, and that four children have been born of the marriage, aged 8, 7, 5 and 3 years respectively. That the defendant has been unfaithful to his marriage vows and has, since its marriage, frequented with the company of dissolute women and frequented brothels in the city and elsewhere. That since his marriage he has been addicted to the excessive use of intoxicating liquor, particularly for the last two years, during which at times he has been in a state of intoxication, and has been in the habit of coming home helplessly under the influence of liquor, having to be carried in from the street by plaintiff and the servants, and has then grievously insulted and ill-treated plaintiff. That defendant enjoys an income of at least $12,000 per annum, and has always kept up a large establishment, with coach-house, etc. That defendant connived with his coachmen to have women of immoral character introduced into the coach-house, where he met them for improper purposes. That defendant committed adultery with his servants, and had children by them. That defendant has been long known publicly as a dissolute and immoral man, and reports of his conduct have been constantly carried to plaintiff to the outrage of her feelings. That defendant is known as a *roué* and libertine, whose object is to seduce young girls. That defendant frequented houses of ill fame constantly. That defendant's visits to these houses have been the subject of common talk and have brought disgrace and public contempt to plaintiff, and her feelings and sensibilities have been grossly insulted and outraged by such conduct of defendant. That defendant and another person kept a room on Notre Dame street for immoral purposes, and this was well known to the police and private detectives. That defendant received letters and visits from immoral women at his house and that occasionally plaintiff was brought into contact with them. That defendant has spent his evenings from home, neglecting the duties of a husband and father of a family. That he has frequently used violence to plaintiff, in the presence of the servants and her friends. That plaintiff has been a true and faithful wife and has fulfilled the duties of a mother, instructing her children in the principles of religion, although defendant has frequently forbidden their attendance at Divine worship. That defendant's income is derived from real estate, valuable securities, etc. That defendant is entitled by law to the moral character, from having control of the four children, and that they should be entrusted to plaintiff. That plaintiff is entitled to an allowance of at least $5,000 for the maintenance of herself and her children. That defendant has instituted an action against plaintiff for separation as to bed and board, upon the ground of adultery. All of the allegations in support of which plaintiff entirely denies, stating that this is part of a system of persecution to cause her to make void the marriage contract. That plaintiff has been authorized by a judgment of Mr. Justice Loranger to institute the present suit and pending the suit to reside with the family of Mr. G. P. Slater. That in consequence of the allegations plaintiff sues for separation from defendant, claiming the custody of the children and the allowance named for their support.

FINANCIAL.

At the morning session of the Stock Exchange the most marked signs of strength, with an upward tendency. Business was more lively than usual of late and the sales were as follows: 1 Montreal 189, 75 do 189¼, 31 do 189⅝, 25 do 189½-div 194, 50 do 194¼, 25 do 194⅜, 25 Merchants 110¾, 25 Peoples 43, 9 Molsons 108, 30 do 107½, 1 Toronto 174, 25 Montreal Tel. Co. 110¼, 50 Richelieu 56¾, 25 do 56¾, 150 Gas 174½, 100 do 174¾, 50 City Passenger Railway 113.

At the afternoon session of the Stock Exchange values increased in strength and the market was still stronger than at the morning meeting. The following are the sales:—165 montreal Ex dividend 185; 100 do, 184¾, sellers 70 days flat; 6 Merchants, 111; 15 Toronto, 169½; 25 Ontario Ex dividend, 105; 50 Commerce, 116; 50 Commerce Ex dividend, 113; 25 Richelieu, 57; 200 Gas, 175; Dundas Cotton Co., 20.

Sterling Exchange is dull. Sixty day drafts 8⅜ to ¼ between banks and 8¾ to ⅞ over the counter. Demand drafts 8⅞ to 9 1-16 between banks and 9⅛ to ¼ over the counter. Cables 9¼ to ⅜. New York funds 1-10 to 3-16 between banks and ¼ over the counter. Posted rates in New York have advanced ½c, and are quoted to-day at $4 81 and 4 85. Actual rates are $4 80 and $4 84. Cables $4 84¼.

COMMERCIAL.

LOCAL.

At the Corn Exchange this morning the market was quiet and steady with unchanged prices. The sales reported were as follows: 400 barrels Spring extra flour at $3 70, 200 choice at $3 75, 100 fine at $3 25, and 100 strong bakers' at $4 05. Local receipts were as follows: By Canadian Pacific Railway: 6,500 bushels peas, 1,700 bushels oats, 1,500 bushels barley, 1,490 barrels flour, 250 barrels oatmeal, 85 kegs butter, 1,736 boxes cheese, 165 barrels pork, 289 rolls leather, 4 packages tobacco, and 8 barrels ashes. By Grand Trunk Railway: 199 bushels wheat, 1,956 bushels peas, 2,343 barrels flour, 255 barrels oatmeal, 77 kegs butter, 1,000 boxes cheese, and 10 dressed hogs. By canal: 3,077 barrels flour, 20 kegs butter, and 722 boxes cheese. The Winter rate on grain now going into warehouse is 2c per bushel, and ends May 15th.

AMERICAN.

The Chicago quotations this morning show the grain market to be a little stronger. The opening figures were as follows: Wheat 73¼ December, 74⅛ January, 75¼ February. Corn 44¾ November, 39⅛ year, 37 January. In provisions, Pork $11 42½ November, and $11 50 February. Lard $6.87½ January.

Chicago wheat has gained in strength today while corn has declined somewhat. At three p.m. quotations were as follows: Wheat 74¾ December, 75 January, 75¼ February. Corn 44¼ November, 38¾ year and 36¾ January. Pork $11 35 year, $11 42½ January, $11 55 February. Oats 28⅛ November, 28¼ December, and 26¼ year. Lard $6 97½ November, $6 92½ January, and $7 02½ February. Wheat receipts 155,000, shipments 61,-000. Corn receipts 86,000, shipments 128,000. Oats, receipts 98,000, shipments 58,000.

FOREIGN.

Beerbohm's report for to-day was as follows: Carcoes off coast wheat, inactive. Corn nothing offering. Cargoes on passage, wheat, weaker. Corn, quiet. Mark Lane wheat quiet. Corn firm. English and French country markets, quiet. Liverpool wheat spot steadier. Corn firm. Paris wheat and flour, steady. Liverpool mixed maize, 5s 5d, pease, 5s 10d

Wholesale Produce Market.

No change to note. BUTTER meets with a fair sale at 24 to 26c for Creamery, 21 to 22c for Townships, 18 to 21c for Morrisburg and Brockville and 10 to 18c for Western. CHEESE of September and October makes is in demand at 11 to 11¾c. Earlier makes sell slowly at 10c. EGGS, 20 to 22c for strictly fresh. PORK selling fairly in small lots at $18 to 19 for Western Mess and 22 to 23 for short cut clear. DRESSED HOGS, 5 to 7c. HAMS, 14 to 15c. LARD —Western, 10¾ to 10¾c; Canadian, 10 to 10¼c. VENISON 10c per pound for hind quarters and saddles, and 7 to 8c for carcasses. PARTRIDGES 40 to 50c per pair.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported by Macdougall Bros., Stock Brokers, St. Francois Xavier street, November 14.

	Op'g	Cl'g		Op'g	Cl'g
W., P. Tel....	60¾	61¼	Reading....	....	22
Lake Shore..	67⅛	68⅜	Kansas & T..	15¼	16¼
Pacific Mail...	51	51⅛	Chesa. & O..	....	....
Erie....	13¼	13⅝	Can. South..	30½	30⅝
Do 2nd....	50⅜	51¼	St. Paul & O.	28	20
Do Pref....	27½	27½	Do Pref....	....	89
Ohio & Miss.	87	16⅝	D. R....	9⅝	9⅝
North-West..	85½	87¼	N. Y....	....	....
Do Pref....	123	123¾	Do Pref....	42½	43⅝
St. Paul....	74⅞	75⅛	Ont. & West.	....	11¾
Do Pref....	....	....	Ohio & Cent.	....	2¼
Mich. Cen....	....	....	Erie & W....	....	....
Jersey Cen..	41¾	41⅞	Mob. & Ohio.	....	....
N. Y. Central	88	89½	Lou. & Nash.	24¾	25⅜
Del. L. & W.	104⅞	105½	C.C.C. & I....	....	35
Del. & Hud..	87	86¼	Texas Pac....	9¾	11
Rock Island..	....	111½	Cen. Pac....	34½	35¾
Ill. Central..	....	119	Mo. Pac....	92⅞	93¾
C. B. & Q....	....	120⅜	St. P. & M....	82	83
C. C. & I. C....	....	....	Pullman Car	109½	110
Wabash....	....	....	Or. Trans....	12¾	13¾
Do Pref....	....	....	West S. Bds.	40⅝	40¾
Union Pac....	52	53	Can. Pac....	....	44
H. T....	....	....	Exchange....	....	44
Man. Ely....	....	....	Money....	....	....

The Cattle Market.

From the 6th to the 9th instant 65 cars of live stock were received at the Point St. Charles Stock Yards. Of these 21 contained cattle, for export, 29 contained a mixed freight of cattle, sheep and hogs for local distribution, 9 contained hogs, about 1,080 in the aggregate, and 6 contained sheep, about 720 all told. Both hogs and sheep were for city trade, also.

From the 9th to the 13th, inclusive, 69 cars were received, of which 20 cars contained export cattle, 16 contained sheep and 2 contained hogs for local trade; the balance were mixed cars for city distribution. The first shipment of hogs for this year, to Great Britain, was exported on Wednesday per SS. "Concordia" to Glasgow and consisted of 75 animals only. The market, on the other side is dull and prices in the city range about as follows; Dressed hogs, 5¾ to 7c. Cattle, 3 to 4c per pound live weight. Lambs $2.25 to 3.50 each as to quality.

Toronto Produce Market.

Market very dull. Flour no demand. Wheat nothing doing and easy. Oats scarce and firm; sold at 31½c. Barley quiet, buyers holding off; extra No. 3 sold once at 58c. Peas unchanged. Hogs not offered; worth $6 to $6.12.

Wheat, Fall, No. 2, 75c; No. 3, 73c; Spring No. 1, 77c; No. 2, 75c; Barley, No. 1, 69 to 70c; No. 2, 65 to 66c; No. 3 Extra, 56c; No. 3, 54c. Peas No. 2, 59c. Oats, No. 1, 31c to 32c. Flour, Superior, $3 55 to 3 60; Extra, $3 45 to 3 50.

LIVERPOOL—LATEST PRICES CURRENT, Nov. 14.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Flour, ewt....	10	0	Barley....	5	6 — 0 0
Red W. Wheat	6	4 — 6 4	Peas....	5	11 — 0 0
Red Winter..	6	6 — 6 7	Pork....	75	0 — 00 0
No. 2 Cal....	6	5 — 6 7	Lard....	38	0 — 00 0
No. 1....	6	8 — 6 10	Bacon....	48	0 — 49 0
Corn, new....	5	6 — 0 0	Tallow....	35	0 — 0 0
Corn, old....	0	0 — 0 0	Cheese....	56	0 — 00 0

New York and Chicago Prices Current.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Specially reported for THE STAR by MacIver & Barclay, 120 St. Francois Xavier street. Nov. 14

GRAIN IN NEW YORK.

	Month	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing. 3.00 p.m.
WHEAT	Dec....	$ 81⅞	$ 82⅜	$ 81¾	$ 82⅜
	Jan....	84¼	84⅜	84	84⅜
	May....	92¼	92⅝	91⅞	92⅜
CORN	Dec....	50	50¼	50	50¼
	Jan....	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜	47½
	May....	48	48	47	48
OATS	Dec....	32¼	32⅜	32¼	32⅜
	Jan....	....	....	....	....
	May....	34	34	34	34

GRAIN IN CHICAGO.

	Month	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing. 3.00 p.m.
WHEAT	Dec....	$ 73¾	73⅞	73¼	74¼
	Jan....	74⅞	75⅛	74¼	75⅛
	May....	81½	82¼	81⅜	82
CORN	Dec....	39⅜	39⅝	38⅝	38⅝
	Jan....	37	37	36½	36½
	May....	38¼	38⅝	38¼	38½
OATS	Dec....	26⅜	26⅜	26¼	26¼
	Jan....	26⅜	26⅜	26¼	26⅜
	May....	29	29	28⅞	28⅞

PROVISIONS IN CHICAGO.

	Month	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing. 3 p.m.
PORK	Dec....	....	....	....	....
	Jan....	$11.62	$11.87½	$11.37½	$11.50
	May....	....	....	....	....
LARD	Dec....	6.82½	6.87½	6.82½	6.87½
	Jan....	6.87½	6.92½	6.82½	6.90
	May....	....	....	....	....

Cash prices: Wheat, 72½; corn, 4.¾; oats 26½; pork, $12.50; lard, $7.12.

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

TORONTO, November 14.

STOCKS	Asked.	Bid.
Montreal....	189½	188¼
x.d....	184¾	184¼
Ontario....	108	107
Molsons....	....	....
Toronto....	173	171
x.d....	169	168
Merchants....	110¾	109¾
x.d....	107	106
Commerce....	116	115¾
x.d....	112¾	112¼
Imperial....	128	....
Federal....	47	46¾
Dominion....	185	184
Standard....	111½	....
Hamilton....	117½	....
Dominion Teleph Co	80	75
N. W. Land Co....	39	38
Can. Pac. Ry. bonds....	....	....

FOREIGN EXCHANGE—Reported for THE STAR, by Jackson & Drummond, Brokers, 57 St. François Xav. st. 3 p.m.

	Betw'n Bks.	Counter.	In New York. Posted.	Actual.
N.Y. fds	1-10@3-16	¼	4.81	4.80
Sterg60's	8¾@9 1-16	8