

The Montreal Herald

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SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 11 1890—TWELVE PAGES

TH CENTS. 68 A YEAR

THE NEWS.

Lady Rosebery, nee Rothschild, is seriously ill.

Up to now no representations have been made for a reprieve for Birchall.

U. S. schooner Davy Crockett was yesterday released on giving bonds for \$2500.

The body of Thos. Doddridge was found in the Louise Basin, Quebec, yesterday.

Jewish residents of the C. Rimeas have nearly all received orders to leave the country.

The King of Holland is thought to be past recovery. Kidney disease is the trouble.

The Australian strikers have asked \$100,000 from the English unions to assist them in their fight.

O'Brien and Dillon have escaped from their shadows at Tipperary and are now on their way to America.

Five persons were killed and forty injured by an explosion in the Pyrotechnic school at Bourges yesterday.

The London Star soundly rates the dock strikers as arrogant, unreasonable and unfit for organization.

The demands of the engineers of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway for increased pay were granted yesterday.

Mr. Gladstone calls the McKinley tariff a deplorable error, fraught with severe and cruel consequences to innocent persons.

The Quebec Court of Queen's Bench opened at Quebec yesterday. There are several cases of public importance on the docket.

Licenses under the *modus vivendi* have considerably increased this year. The revenue is \$14,500 against \$9,500 in 1889.

Hon. S. F. Miller, senior associate of the U. S. Supreme Court, was stricken with paralysis yesterday. His condition is very critical.

The German Socialists' Congress will meet at Hatt on Sunday. Its sittings are looked forward to with mingled curiosity and fear.

Dr. O'Connor, bishop-elect for London, Ont., was on Thursday evening the recipient of a crozier, mitre, pastoral cross and ring presented in honor of his appointment.

The defence on the Lamontagne trial was closed yesterday and after brief speeches by counsel on each side the case was left in the hands of the judge, who will charge the jury this morning.

At Wallaceburg on Friday morning James Cronk's grocery, James Smith, tinner; D. McRae, barber; Dr. W. W. Hay, surgeon, and Dobie Bros., dry goods, were completely burned out.

THEIR BAIL FORFEITED.

O'Brien and Dillon Escape From Their Shadows.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

LONDON, 10.—The flight of Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien is the great sensation of the hour. The Star indulges in some severe sarcasm aimed at Chief Secretary Balfour, whom it twits with not being able even to shadow prisoners effectively. The \$10,000 bail which the absentees have forfeited will be paid by the league. The Conservatives declare that this money comes from America, and is being applied to another purpose than the one its contributors designed. It is now believed that the illness of Mr. O'Mahony, one of the accused, was feigned in order to secure an adjournment of the case and give time for the ripening of the plot for the escape of Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien. Secretary Balfour is deeply aggrieved over the affair and has ordered an investigation in order to fix the blame for the escape upon some of the "Shadows." It is taken for granted that there is a traitor in the camp, for it seems impossible for the fugitives to have gotten away without collusion on the part of some detective. The system of espionage was too thorough to admit of any explanation. So closely were the spies instructed to follow the accused that the constables detailed to keep an eye upon Mr. O'Brien were known to have watched the window of the bedroom occupied by Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien refusing to go away when requested by Mr. O'Brien. To have the escape so vigilantly guarded is regarded as miraculous, except on the theory that from one motive or another the escape was connived at. The flight of the two principal objects of the Government's prosecution is regarded by the leading nationalists as a severe blow to Mr. Balfour's plans, which undoubtedly aimed at keeping them away from America at all hazards, until after Parliament was convened. Mr. Harrington is quoted as saying that Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien will be worth a great deal more in America to the Irish cause now as fugitives from British injustice than they would have been as simple commissioners in behalf of the Irish people.

The Star says that Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien went to Havre via Waterford Wednesday and sailed from Havre for New York.

An Unavailing Search.

The Government has caused all outgoing steamers to be searched but no trace of O'Brien and Dillon has been found and the authorities are convinced that the fugitives are already on the ocean. It is possible that they are aboard a yacht waiting to join a steamer outside of Queenstown.

The Post says just as the battle was set array the generals of the Home Rule side fled ignominiously from the field.

The Daily News Tipperary despatch says that though shadowed as men were never shadowed before Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon have escaped and joined a liner by the aid of a friendly craft and are now well on the way to New York.

The Chronicle says the inference is that for some reason the Government did not wish to detain Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon, otherwise they would not have escaped.

CRYING FOR VENGEANCE.

THE MURDER OF THE POOR SCHOOL GIRLS AT CUMBERLAND.

An Important Clue Believed to be Found—Righteous Wrath—The Mother's Uncontrollable Anguish—The Scene of the Tragedy—Almost a Confession From the Prisoner—A Test Not Allowed By Law. SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

CUMBERLAND, Ont., Oct. 10.—The investigation developed important results this morning. Detective Grier started out with the prisoner's boots to the scene of the tragedy. At a spot about 20 feet from where the bodies had been lying he found in the soft mud and wet withered leaves a foot mark that exactly fitted prisoner's boot. The sole of the boot was sound and the boot mark in the mud was of identically similar shape and size. The detective then followed the outside path on which the children had been found, with a view of discovering further traces. The prisoner declines to say anything about these discoveries.

It appears that Chas. Wilson, Green's Creek, brother-in-law of McCougle, created a scene at the arrest yesterday, claiming, "If that was my child he should never enter that house alive, I would kill him if I had to hang for it." The magistrate threatened to arrest him, but he cried "Arrest me if you will but I will speak my mind."

The children are laid out side by side, the coffins are lined with white, the children are dressed in white muslin, each with her right hand across her breast. The mother has not eaten since the murder but sits and cries incessantly. She was taken to a neighbor's yesterday, but it only made her worse. She is in a delicate condition.

A knotted handkerchief belonging to the little girl was found near the spot. It was evidently used to keep her from screaming. There was also found a spoke of a buggy wheel.

Mr. Windsor told a reporter this morning that yesterday he went into the prisoner's room and looking reproachfully at Larocque exclaimed suddenly and emotionally, "For Heaven's sake, Heaven, what possessed you to do it?"

Prisoner replied: "I don't know what possessed me."

Many believe he will confess before the week is out. Some of the jurymen wanted to take prisoner before the children and to the scene of the murder, with a view of making him show signs of his guilt, if guilty, but Crown Attorney Maxwell would not allow it, as it was contrary to law.

FROM THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.

Court of Queen's Bench—Diphtheria in a School—Found Drowned. SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

QUEBEC, Oct. 10.—The fall term of the Court of Queen's Bench, criminal jurisdiction, opened this morning, the Hon. Judge Bosse presiding. There was a large attendance of members of the bar and general public. Great interest is being manifested in the proceedings, owing to the number of important cases on the docket.

This afternoon the grand jury presented true bills against Martin and thirty others accused of kidnapping Senator Peletier at St. Anne's during the last Provincial election, and against Shallow for murder. Mr. Fitzpatrick appeared for Shallow who is still at large. He said the prisoner would appear on Tuesday and be ready for trial.

The Queen v. R. H. McGreevy, and O. E. Murphy, true bill for conspiracy. Mr. Irvine asked if the defendants were present. Mr. Chas. Casgrain appeared for Mr. McGreevy and said he would be ready on Monday to go on with the case. Mr. M. A. Hearn appeared for O. E. Murphy and would be ready on Monday.

Mr. Amyot, Crown Prosecutor, wished to know if this was a public or a private prosecution? Hon. Mr. Irvine has no objection to have the Crown's assistance. Mr. Duggan said the indictment was made out in the name of the Crown. Judge Bosse, Well, you will all agree to whether it is a private or public case on Monday next. The court then adjourned.

There is great interest manifested in the case against McGreevy and Murphy, which is based on their action to force payment of a note for \$300,000 for which Michael Connolly declares he had no value, and which he says was signed by him in fun.

The Protestant commissioners' school on Artillery-street was closed to-day because of a case of supposed diphtheria in the family of the master Mr. McQuarrie, who resides in the school-house.

The body of Thomas Doddridge was found in the Louise Basin, near the gas house, at noon to-day. It is presumed he was on his way home when he slipped in. Deceased was in the sewing machine trade. At one time he kept a large dry goods store on Grant-street, and did a large country trade.

All the New Mantles are on view now at S. Carsley's.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—The Socialists of Germany are busy making final preparations for the Congress which meets at Halle on Sunday. There will be a contest for supremacy between the Babel or moderate faction, and the Wille, or radical group. The former is expected to triumph. The Congress is awaited with great interest, not only by the friends of Socialism, but by those who begin to have reason to fear its political influence.

A DISASTROUS EXPERIMENT.

Five Persons Killed and Forty Injured. SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

PARIS, Oct. 10.—Five persons were killed and forty injured by an explosion in the pyrotechnic school at Bourges to-day. The bodies of the five victims were blown to atoms. The disaster was caused by the carelessness of a workman who was filling a shell with melinite.

THE FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Discuss Street Widening and Bonuses to Civic Officials.

At the regular weekly meeting of the Finance Committee yesterday afternoon the report of the Road Committee for \$2411, the cost of laying an asphalt sidewalk in front of Mr. Morgan's new building on St. Catherine-street was concurred in as was also another from the same committee in favor of paying Mr. L. Chartrand \$550 in settlement of his claim in connection with the construction of a sewer on Parthenais-street.

The Police Committee's demand for \$2,000 for repairs to stations and the Health Committee's for \$100.83 the cost of laying water pipes to the Hochelaga bath were also concurred in.

The Health Committee applied for \$255.59 to pay the cost of removing a pool of stagnant water from a field near De-ery-street. The land belonged to Mr. Aylin, of Quebec, and as he had neglected to comply with the department's instructions the committee had undertaken to have the work done themselves.

Some discussion followed over an account from Mr. Borguin for services rendered as assistant recorder. It was finally decided to pay the same.

The report of the City Surveyor on the proposed widening of St. James-street west and St. Antoine-street was next considered. The figures supplied were: for St. James-street \$236,017, the city's share being \$57,000, and for St. Antoine \$440,000, the city's share being \$88,000.

It was decided to refer the report to a sub-committee of Alds. Clendinning and the Finance Committee to verify the figures and decide upon what share the city will pay.

The question of granting bonuses to the wives or relatives of deceased civic officials then occupied the attention of the committee, and after some discussion a decision until next meeting, although the general opinion was that bonuses should be done away with at once.

The committee then sat with closed doors.

THE WATER RATES QUESTION.

Mr. Helbronner Under Examination by Ald. Stephens.

A meeting of the Water Rates Committee was held yesterday evening, Ald. Rolland presiding. There were present Ald. Stephens, Thompson, Conroy, Gauthier, Martineau and Clendinning, and Mr. Beland, M.P., and Mr. Helbronner, president and secretary of the Central Trades and Labor Council respectively.

The petition which had been sent to the City Council last year by the Trades and Labor Council with regard to the water taxation was read, and in order to expedite business it was agreed that Ald. Stephens, who had prepared a synopsis of the petition, should question Mr. Helbronner, in law court style, upon each section of the abridgement of the petition, and that both question and answer should be recorded by the secretary of the committee; for, as remarked by Ald. Stephens and Ald. Martineau the Trades and Labor Council were in this matter as plaintiffs, and the committee the defendants.

Mr. Helbronner having been, on the motion of Ald. Thompson, metaphorically put upon the witness stand, Ald. Stephens proceeded to question him upon the various sections or points in the petition.

Ald. Stephens, reading from the synopsis—"You say here that the assessment on which the water tax is based is irregularly made and increases the water tax; what do you mean by that?"

Mr. Helbronner gave some instances in point. He showed that in one case the rental in 1832 was \$24 and in 1887 \$60, the water tax being \$5 in 1882 and \$7.25 in 1887, while the valuation of the property had remained the same.

Ald. Stephens—"You say that the water tax in some wards is equivalent to a tax of five per cent. on the value of the property. How can you prove that?"

Mr. Helbronner referred to the Mattheu case cited in his petition of 1887.

Ald. Stephens—"Is that the only case you can bring forward?"

Mr. Helbronner replied that there were others which would be found in the petition. He could not cite them from memory.

Ald. Stephens—"The rental value, you say, is increased in order to augment the amount of water tax collected, while the valuation of the property remains the same. Do the assessors falsify the rentals in your opinion?"

Mr. Helbronner stated that he had no charge to make against the assessors. It was with the system of assessment that he found fault. In his letter to the Mayor, on July 18, 1890, he showed that there was a house in Lussignan-street where the rental had been increased 25 per cent., though the real estate tax had not so increased.

Ald. Thompson interjected the remark that it was very strange that, though new houses were being erected in large numbers, the tax collected in water closets had largely decreased during the last three years.

Ald. Stephens went over a number of other sections. When he came to the statement that the scale of rates in the by-law was most unfair, he said that he agreed with the assertion. He would like to know, however, what remedy Mr. Helbronner would suggest.

Mr. Helbronner was not prepared to indicate a remedy. He had not expected to be examined in that manner. He complained that the rents and taxes had considerably increased during the last twenty-five years, and he did not see why the tenants should be made to pay for water used for public purposes.

Ald. Stephens—"Have not wages increased also?"

Mr. Helbronner did not think that because wages increased the corporation should increase the taxation. Asked whether he would suggest a better and more equitable method of levying the water rate than that now in use, he said he had his own opinions, but he did not wish to formulate them.

Ald. Stephens—"Suppose the water tax were levied upon the value of the land and not upon the improvements above it, would that principle of Georgism suit you?"

Mr. Helbronner said he desired to be prudent. He would have to study the effects of the change before he could reply.

After some further examination and cross-examination the committee adjourned.

Smoke Noisy Boys 1890 cigars

IRONWORKS DESTROYED.

PILLW AND HERSEY'S BIG ROLLING MILLS BURNED.

A Spark From a Furnace Fires the Rolling Mills and the Flames Spread With Lightning Rapidity—Eighteen Streams Play on the Fire and Save the Mill Works.

Point St. Charles was lighted last night by a blaze which threatened to a large number of residents of that portion of the city.

The immense buildings occupied by the Pillow and Hersey Company are this morning a complete wreck. The night men went to work as usual last evening and all went well until about 12:30, when suddenly a spark sprang from the forge and alighted among a quantity of cotton waste saturated with oil. This happened in the northern portion of the foundry known as the rolling mills, and in almost less time than it takes to write the story the flames spread until the men had to rush for their very lives.

When once a fire roll call was made and as several did not answer to their names the excitement knew no bounds. Men attempted to rush back into the flames in the hope of saving their comrades, but fortunately they were prevented in time as the missing men had made their way through great danger to a place of safety.

In the meantime an attempt was made to sound an alarm from the company's private telephone, but this would not work and so much valuable time was lost. Box 62 was finally rung and within a few minutes No. 9 men were on the scene. The company's water power, capable of throwing five streams, was quickly in use but so fast did the flames spread that it was impossible to do anything but save the surrounding property, including the extensive nail factory.

When the firemen arrived it was at once seen that a serious undertaking was before them. So rapidly did the flames spread that the immense crowd which gathered became greatly excited and the work of the police was very difficult, though why they should be uncourteous to the press is hard to say. At 12:40 a second alarm was rung and within ten minutes less than fifteen city streams were playing upon the burning mass of that this with the fire private stream prevented any chance of the fire spreading, though the burning embers fell in many parts of the suburb.

Shortly after the men got well to work on the front of the building on Condo-street a large spot fell from the rafters and in its fall struck fireman O'Rourke upon the head, inflicting an ugly cut. He was taken to his house in a very weak condition. Just about the same moment the guy wires of an iron chimney at the back of the building were cut and as the heavy mass fell it carried with it a man named John Forsythe who was working upon it.

Fortunately he got off with a sprained leg, though how serious it may be is not yet known.

The men on the salvage wagon from No. 2 were late in getting to the fire on account of a break down on Wellington-street. The back axle broke, and though some of the men were thrown to the ground none of them were seriously hurt.

Their services were, however, required but little. The building with its four extensive trains of rollers was in ashes within an hour and though a few covers were spread in the nail works the loss to machinery will be very heavy.

The burned building covered an area of about 150 by 100 feet, and though but one story in height made one of the largest blazes which has been witnessed in this city for a long time. On St. Patrick and Richardson-streets, the 125 men thrown out of employment gathered among the spectators and told of their narrow escape as the flames madly took hold of the oily roof and wall of the building and before it became possible to recognize the calamity which had befallen them the place was in ruins.

The danger in going into the burning building in order to reach the fire was very great and more than once Chief Benoit or deron was in jeopardy. At 2:30 nothing remained but a block of smouldering embers and red hot iron while standing majestically in its midst was the smoke stack of the furnaces. Nothing but the hardest work saved the nail factory and while one corner of it took fire the energy of the firemen prevented it spreading.

It is very difficult to give a proper approximation of the loss, though it cannot be far short of \$35,000, but it is understood that everything is covered by insurance in American companies.

THE LAMONTAGNE TRIAL.

Close of the Defence—Speeches from Prosecutor and Defence—The Case To-Day.

SHERBROOKE, Oct. 10.—The main witness for the defence this morning was Grimard, a brother-in-law of Remi Lamontagne, and who is the same man who accompanied the prisoner to Mr. A. G. Woodard's, the coroner's house when he gave himself up, and who afterwards claimed the reward given by the Quebec Government.

This witness swore that on the evening when Brisson had his alleged interview with "The voice in the barn," the prisoner and himself were in the woods together up to about 11 o'clock.

The defence having closed, Mr. Panneton addressed the jury on behalf of the accused and was followed by Mr. Lemieux, the Crown prosecutor, who replied in a brief speech. The court then adjourned until to-morrow morning, when the judge will charge the jury. It is anticipated that the verdict will be announced by noon, but this is, of course, mere surmise.

Change of Time.

On and after Sunday, Oct. 12, the Central Vermont New York express (now leaving at 5:35 p.m.) will leave Montreal at 4:20 p.m. daily. There will be no change in the time of other trains.

More New Dress Goods! More new dress goods! Call early and select from the new dress goods now in stock at S. Carsley's.

ALLEGED SMUGGLING.

A Car Porter Arrested on a Charge of Aiding an Escaped Man to Evade the Custom Regulations.

Rumors were heard around Bonaventure Depot last night to the effect that extensive smuggling operations had been discovered by the American Customs officers, and that the author had been arrested. The story was to the effect that a colored Wagner car porter named Bell had been surprised in the act of smuggling a quantity of clothing into St. Albans, Vt., and was placed under arrest and held at Burlington to answer to the charge.

After numerous enquiries around town the reporter succeeded in getting some details of the case, which are as follows: Some time ago the manager of a hotel at St. Albans, Vt., came to Montreal and ordered eight uniforms for certain employees of the hotel. A tailor on McGill-street received the order for the goods and in due time they were delivered to the manager of the hotel, who at once proceeded, it is alleged, to devise some means of getting the goods to St. Albans without paying the duty on them. He approached the car porter on the subject, who, it is said, did not want to undertake the job at first, agreed to get some of his fellow-car porters to take care of the case, so he took the whole of the goods himself.

By some means the intentions of the St. Albans hotelman leaked out, through, it is said, a dissatisfied employee. It came to the ears of the customs authorities there with the result that a special officer was dispatched to Montreal to watch the case. As a consequence the whole transaction from the beginning became known to the customs officers, and when the eight suits of clothes were secretly placed on board the Central Vermont train on Tuesday afternoon last, the special officer, from St. Albans boarded the same train and once it was across the boundary line, Porter was placed under arrest and lodged in jail at Burlington and the goods confiscated. Bell's trial will come off next week at Rutland.

A reporter called on Mr. F. H. Langdon, agent of the Wagner Palace Car Co., in this city, last night. He stated that Bell had been arrested for smuggling, but he was not in possession of the full facts of the case. It was understood that Bell had been dismissed from the service of the Wagner Co., but Mr. Langdon could not verify that, as the accused was not under his jurisdiction, being sent out from the New York office. Bell has been in the service for some time and has run on both the New York and Boston routes. Mr. Langdon informed the reporter that he goes to Burlington on business to-day and that while there he will see the prisoner.

Considerable petty smuggling has been going on lately and while the officers have no proof that Bell was the principal actor in the work, yet they believe that he has been carrying on his work for some time.

TRACKED HIS MAN.

Detective Carpenter's Chase After a Well-Known Character Accused of a Serious Offense.

Vital Soucy, alias John Soule, alias Larin, alias John Soucy, etc., etc., through the efforts of Detective Carpenter has found himself in a nice box. Soucy has already served two terms in the penitentiary of St. Vincent de Paul and one in the U. S. prison at Sing Sing.

In the months of August and September last a gang of horse thieves operating in the county of Chateaugay stole twenty-five of the best horses in the province, and Soucy was one of the thieves. Small stocks of raw sugar, restricted sales. Brazilian coffee moves in a narrow way both speculatively and for actual lots.

Business failures reported in Bradstreet's number 183 in the United States this week against 192 last week and 243 this week last year. Canada had 30 this week against 26 last week. The total number of failures in the United States January 1 to date is 7,803, against 8,737 in a like portion of 1889.

Particulars of a Sad Loss. SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Particulars of the loss of the Turkish frigate *Ezrout* on the coast of Japan were received by steamer *Belgica*. The steamer drifted on the rocks in a gale and her boilers exploded. There were 650 officers and men aboard. Six officers and fifty men reached shore, many of them maimed by being dashed on the rocks. Admiral Osman Pasha in swimming ashore was struck by a spar and drowned.

AUSTRALIAN ANNEXATIONISTS.

Lord Salisbury Fears Trouble With His Powerful Neighbors.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Lord Salisbury is said to be much annoyed by the news that colonists from Australia are creating trouble for the French in the New Hebrides Islands. The movement in Australia for the annexation of these Islands and the German portion of New Guinea to the British colonies has assumed a formidable aspect, and may bring about serious international complications, unless desisted from. The Australians demand a United Australasia and claim that the French and Germans are trespassers in that quarter of the world.

Fair Weather Probable.

TORONTO, Oct. 8-11 p.m.—High pressure and generally fair cool weather are prevalent in the Northwest. A depression from the West has passed across the lakes, and is now over Eastern Quebec. It has caused local rains in Ontario and is now causing a general rainfall in Quebec.

Maximum temperatures—Edmonton 52, Qu'Appelle 40, Winnipeg 42, Port Arthur 54. Minimum and minimum temperatures—Toronto 32-41, Kingston 46-58, Montreal 36-51, Quebec 36-46, Halifax 32-54.

Probabilities.

Lakes—Fair to-day with stationary or a little higher temperature; winds shifting to eastward, some rain to-night or to-morrow.

St. Lawrence and Gulf—Moderate winds, fair weather; not much change in temperature.

Maritime—Showery, followed by fair weather, stationary or a little higher temperature.

DIED.

MURRAY, At 306 Peel-street, on Oct. 10, of congestion of the lungs, Robert Weizlar Murray, aged 26 days.

Steamship Arrivals.

Oct. 10	Reported at	From
Borderer	Hallifax	London
Carroll	Montreal	Mediterranean
Dracena	Montreal	Medan
Fremona	Montreal	Newcastle
Schladia	New York	Hamburg
Santa	Montreal	Bremen

CORPORATION CONTRACTS.

Ordinary Wear and Tear.

Editor Herald:—At the meeting of the Road Committee, on Wednesday, Ald. Prefontaine insisted that the words wear and tear were in every contract. Ald. Brunet, M. P., said that every paving contract signed by Acting-Mayor Stephens had this clause in it. I have taken the trouble to examine the following contracts:—

Aug. 20, 1889, Warren-Scharf Co., five years guarantee, asphalt, St. James-street and Place d'Armes. There is no such clause in the contract.

Sept. 3, 1888, Warren-Scharf Co., Notre Dame and St. James. No such clause in contract.

Oct. 17, 1888, St. Gabriel St. Lambert, St. Francois Xavier, St. John, St. Peter, and Dorel. No such clause in contract.

Aug. 2, 1890, Sicilian Asphalt Co., St. Therese and Mountain-streets. This contract, signed by Acting-Mayor Stephens, does not contain the clause "Ordinary wear and tear excepted."

But in the specification there has been pasted over the old guarantee clause a printed slip, in which (in printers' type) the words "ordinary wear or tear" occur. I do not know when this slip was pasted into the specification. I certainly did not see it when I signed it. If I had, I would have objected then as now. The alteration, however, will not avail, because the guarantee clause in the contract to which it is attached does not contain the clause.

Aug. 2—Warren-Scharf, asphalt Notre Dame and St. Vincent-streets. There is no wear or tear clause in the contract.

Aug. 11—Sicilian Asphalt Company, Dorchester-street. No wear and tear clause, but the same slip has been pasted over the guarantee clause in the specification. This is the contract which I refused to sign, and which Acting-Mayor Hueten signed. The clause in the specification will be inoperative, because the contract clause of guarantee is all right.

I have not been able to find in any of the above contracts the words "wear and tear excepted" in the guarantee clause of the contract.

The specifications of 1888 do not contain the clause. It appears for the first time in the specifications of 1889 and 1890. If the words had been added in the contracts instead of the specifications, the guarantee clause would have been of no manner of use. Ald. Prefontaine says that there was really no use inserting them inasmuch as the common law provides for ordinary wear and tear.

The guarantee clause of the contracts reads as follows:—
The contractor will warrant that the pavement as laid shall cost the city nothing for repairs during the term of not less than ten years, and shall be in such condition that no repairs will be needed at the end of said time.

This clause was so drawn to take away the effect of the common law provision as to ordinary wear and tear. Mayor Grenier, therefore, deserves the thanks of the citizens for the plucky manner in which he has defended the public interests in this matter. He told the Road Committee some honest truth. It is to be hoped that the taxpayers will be aroused to the necessity of a change in the present methods of conducting the business of the Road Committee.

The contract prices paid for asphalt paving point a moral to the tale.

Warren-Scharf—St. James and Place d'Armes, Notre Dame, St. Gabriel, St. Lambert, St. Francois Xavier, St. John, St. Peter and Dorel. Five years' guarantee, per square yard, \$3.97.

Sicilian Asphalt Company—St. Therese and Mountain-streets, ten years' guarantee, \$3. St. Therese-street, \$3.97; Mountain-street, \$3.99.

Warren-Scharf (1890) Notre Dame-street, ten years' guarantee, \$3.43.

Sicilian asphalt (1890) Dorchester-street, ten years' guarantee, \$3.97.

Our worthy Mayor remarked in committee that "the clause might be useless, but it showed that some members of the Road Committee were acting too much in the interest of the contractors." It is quite clear that where both contractors for asphalt stood ready to guarantee that they would return the pavement to the city at the end of ten years in such condition that no repairs would be needed at the time, that the quality furnished by both companies is the same. Yet, in the case of Dorchester-street, we pay \$3.97 as against \$3.43, the lowest tender, and the city loses \$54 on about 15,000 yards, or the modest sum of \$9,720, and there is nothing on record to show that any member of the Road Committee tried to save this amount to the city.

G. W. STEPHENS.

An Aymer-Street Complaint.

Editor Herald: I would beg leave, as a resident on Aymer-street, to ask when the precious boon of a sidewalk is to be granted to the unfortunate who have the misfortune of living on the west side of the street. The spring before last, when the foundations for the new building of H. Morgan & Co. were being excavated, a crossing was laid, but last spring it was removed and ever since we are obliged to walk in the deep mud.

In no other city would such a thing be tolerated, and it is no reason because a building is being erected we should suffer such inconvenience.

It is time now, too, that they have almost completed that a sidewalk be laid. Apologising for the space I remain yours truly,

A SUFFERER.

ART ASSOCIATION OF MONTREAL.

PHILIP'S SQUARE

ART CLASSES—1890-91

These classes will commence on Friday, October 17th, under the direction of Mr. W. Brunet, R.C.A. Two scholarships for composition. Class-rooms open daily for study and instruction. Students graduate and the privilege of associate members. Any further information can be obtained from the Secretary.

The classes for instruction in water color drawing under the direction of Mr. J. M. Barnsley, will continue until the end of October.

Galleries open daily from 9 a.m. till dusk. General admission, 25 cents.

Richelieu! Richelieu!

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Endorsed by the leading physicians of the country. For sale at the Clubs, Restaurants and principal Grocers, etc.

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J. A. HART, Druggist,
789 Notre Dame street

REVERE HOUSE.

BOSTON.

Near Boston and Maine, Eastern Fitchburg and Lowell Depots, centres of business and places of amusement.

Handsome furnished, Homelike and Comfortable. Kept on the

EUROPEAN PLAN.

Rooms all large and comfortable; elegant suites, with baths attached; ample public parlors; gentlemen's cafe and billiard room and first class in every respect.

Rooms from \$1 a day up.

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ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
135 to 139 St. James Street,
MONTREAL.

HENRY HOGAN, Proprietor

The best known Hotel in the Dominion

GIBB & COMPANY

Are Receiving Novelties in

TAILORING AND HABERDASHERY

ALSO

Pattern Suits from Poole.

INVITE INSPECTION

FURNITURE AND BEDDING

Large Assortment, Low Prices

RENAUD.

KING & PATTERSON,

652 Craig Street.

Factory—62 College

PATENTS

Patents and Re-issues secured Trade-Marks registered, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully prosecuted.

Upon receipt of model or sketch of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability free of charge.

With my office directly across from the Patent Office, and being in personal attendance there, it is apparent that I have superior facilities for making prompt preliminary searches, for the more vigorous and successful prosecution of applications for patent, and for attending to all business entrusted to my care, in the shortest possible time.

FEES MODERATE, and exclusive attention given to second business. Information, advice and special references sent on request.

J. R. LITTELL,

Solicitor and Attorney in Patent Causes.

Washington, D. C.

(Mention this paper.)

THE REASON WHY

—WE USE—

Reed's Rosin Cement Roofing,

IT IS THE BEST,

beyond question, in the market.

GEO. W. REED

THE BEST

AND

Cheapest Stationery

OF ALL KINDS WILL BE FOUND

—AT—

J. Theo. Robinson's

New Stationery Store

CORNER OF

Notre Dame and St. Peter

EVERYTHING NEW

NO OLD STOCKS

Prices away below what

you have been

paying.

J. RIEHLE,

Land Surveyor,

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44 Founding street,

MONTREAL

ASBESTOS

Boiler

and Pipe Covering

Oils, Waste, Fire Hose and

Steam Packing

ENGINEERS' SUPPLIES.

RAILWAYS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Trains Leave, Commencing October

12th, 1890, Windsor-street Station, for

Ottawa—7.30 a.m.; 11.45 a.m.; 4.25 p.m.

Portland, Boston—9.40 a.m.; 8.15 p.m.

Brooklyn and Toronto—9.20 a.m.; 1.35 p.m.

Detroit, Chicago, etc.—1.45 p.m.

St. Mary, Pa., Minneapolis—11.45 a.m.

St. Anne, Vaudreuil, etc.—9.20 a.m.; 1.35 p.m.

St. John, Sherbrooke, etc.—9.40 a.m.; 1.45 p.m.

Winchester—9.20 a.m.; 1.45 p.m.

Newport—9.40 a.m.; 1.35 p.m.; 8.15 p.m.

Railfax, N. S., St. John, N. B., etc.—7.45 p.m.

From Dalhousie-street Station for

Quebec—8.25 a.m.; 8.30 p.m. [Sundays

only] and 10.00 p.m.

Three Rivers—8.25 a.m.; 8.30 p.m. [Sun. only]

Joliette, St. Felix, St. Gabriel, etc., 5.15 p.m.

Ottawa, 8.50 a.m.; 4.40 p.m.; 8.40 p.m.

Winnipeg and Vancouver, 8.40 p.m.

St. Jerome, St. Lin, St. Eustache, 5.30 p.m.

St. Rose and St. Therese, 5.00 p.m.

5.20 p.m. Sat. 5.20 p.m. instead of 5.00 p.m.

Except Saturdays. Run daily, Sundays

included. Other trains week days only

unless shown. Par and sleeping

No connection leaving Montreal Saturdays.

After 11th October trains leaving Windsor-

street Station, Montreal, for Vaudreuil, etc.,

intermediate stations, at 12.30 p.m. and 5.15

p.m. week days, and 1.30 p.m. and 11.20 p.m.

Saturdays, will be discontinued. Trains from

Vaudreuil arriving at Windsor Station at

8.50 a.m. and 2.25 p.m. week days, and 6.05

p.m. and 11.05 p.m. Saturdays, will also be

discontinued.

The train leaving Windsor Station at 5.15

p.m. for Winchester and intermediate

stations will be discontinued after same

date, as well as the train leaving Winchester

at 6.30 a.m. and arriving at Montreal at 9.45

a.m.

The train which has been leaving Dalhousie-

square Station at 4.30 p.m. for St. Therese and

intermediate stations will be discontinued

after 11th inst., also the train which has been

leaving at 2 p.m. on Saturdays for Three

Rivers and intermediate stations.

MONTREAL TICKET OFFICES—236 St.

James-street Windsor Hotel, Dalhousie-

square, and Windsor-street Station.

Central Vermont Railroad

BONAVENTURE STATION

8.30 A.M.—Fast train, arriving St. Albans

10.50 a.m., Burlington 12.10 p.m.,

Montpelier 12.50 p.m., White River Junction

2.45 p.m., Boston via Lowell 7.30 p.m., and

New York via Springfield 10 p.m.

Wagner New Buffet Parlor Cars to Boston

8.30 P.M.—New York Express, DAILY

SUNDAY INCLUDED, arriving St.

Albans 6.50 p.m. (Sper); Burlington 8.15

p.m., Rutland 1.40 p.m., Troy 1.45 a.m., Al-

bany 2.20 a.m., New York 7.00 a.m. Daily.

Sunday excepted, arriving Worcester 6.45

a.m.; Boston 9.45 a.m., via Rutland, Bellows

Falls and Fitchburg.

Wagner's new Vestibule Palace Sleeping

Cars, Montreal New York Express, DAILY

SUNDAY INCLUDED, arriving St.

Albans 10.45 p.m., White River Junction 8.15

a.m., Manchester 6.25 a.m., Nashua 7.00 a.m.

Boston via Lowell 7.30 p.m., and Sunday

excepted, for Boston via Fitchburg, arriving

Oke Springs and New Haven, 11.40 a.m.

9.35 a.m., New York via Northampton, Holy

oke Springs and New Haven, 11.40 a.m.

Wagner New Vestibule Buffet Sleeping

Cars to Boston and Springfield.

This train makes close connection at

Nashua and Winchester for Worcester

Providence and all points on the New York

and New England Railroads.

For Tickets, Time-tables and all informa-

tion, apply at Windsor and Balmoral Hotel

Grand Trunk Offices, or at the Company's

office, 136 St. James-street.

A. C. STONEGRAVE,

Canadian Passenger Agent.

J. W. HOBART, S. W. CUMMINGS,

General Manager. General Pass. Agent.

Oct. 12, 1890.

Canada Atlantic

RAILWAY

MONTREAL AND OTTAWA

Trains Leave Bonaventure Depot at

9.00 A.M. arriving at Ottawa at 12.30 p.m.

6.00 P.M. arriving at Ottawa at 9.45 p.m.

Morning train stops at Alexandria only,

except to leave off passengers coming from

points on Grand Trunk Railway, on C.A. Ry.

Evening train stops at all stations on the

C.A. Ry.

Train Leave Ottawa

8.00 A.M. arriving in Montreal at 11.55

a.m.

5.00 P.M. arriving in Montreal at 8.30

p.m.

Morning train stops at all stations on C.A. Ry.

Evening train stops only at Casselman

and Alexandria on C.A. Ry.

Boston trains leaving Ottawa at 2 p.m. and

arriving at Ottawa at 11.35 a.m. will do local

service both ways.

MONTREAL AND VALLEYFIELD.

Trains Leave Canadian Pacific Windsor

street Depot at

9.20 A.M. arriving at Valleyfield at 11.20

a.m.

5.15 P.M. arriving at Valleyfield at 7.35

p.m.

Trains Leave Valleyfield

7.40 A.M. arriving in Montreal at 9.45

a.m.

6.00 P.M. arriving in Montreal at 7.55

p.m.

Above Time-tables in effect Monday, June

30th, 1890.

Company's Office, 136 St. James St.

Tickets and seats in Parlor Cars can also be

secured at Windsor and Balmoral Hotel,

Ticket office Bonaventure Depot, and 136 St.

James-street.

J. W. DAWSEY, C. J. SMITH,

General Agent, Genl. Pass. Agent, Ottawa.

E. J. CHAMBERLIN,

General Manager, Ottawa.

June 30

JOSEPH CHILLOTT'S

STEEL PENS

GOLD MEDAL PARIS, 1873.

MADAME JOULIN

French midwife, holding diplomas from

Paris and Poitiers, France, licensed for the

Province of Quebec, begs to inform her

patrons and the general public that she

has just opened a first-class private Maternity

Hospital at her residence, No. 308 St.

Antoine-street, Terrebonne, 100 paces; also

private rooms. This house commands a

picturesque view and splendid atmosphere

from its position; close proximity to the city.

Ladies not able to receive at home the necessary

care, night nurse, etc., can have same at a

moderate figure by calling on

MADAME JOULIN,

308 St. Antoine-street.

Bell telephone No. 8078.

PUBLIC NOTICE

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that application will be made

at the next session of the Legislature of the

Province of Quebec to incorporate a Congrega-

tion des Pretres du Tres-Saint-Sacrement,

established in the City of Montreal.

PREVOST & BASTIEN,

RAILWAYS.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.</

The Montreal Herald.

PUBLISHED DAILY BY
The HERALD COMPANY Limited

40, 6 BEAVER HALL HILL.

HON. P. MITCHELL - - - - - Preside
WILL H. WYATT - - - - - Secretary-Treasurer
and business Manager.
MOLYNEUX ST. JOHN - - - - - EditorBusiness Correspondence should be ad-
dressed to THE HERALD COMPANY
Limited. All other Correspondence to be ad-
dressed "The Editor," Mr. M. St. John.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT 11

TO-DAY'S DOINGS.

Academy of Music—"Faust up to Date"
8 p.m.
Theatre Royal—"The Paymaster" 2 and 3
p.m.
Queen's Hall—Lavigne's Orchestra, 8 p.m.
Dominion Rink—"The Kermesse" 2 and 3
p.m.

STRIKE OUT THE WORDS.

In a letter published in to-day's issue of The Herald Alderman Stephens draws attention to the fact that in a number of recent contracts for paving the streets the guarantee for their being in perfect order at the end of five years or ten years, as the case may be, is not cancelled by the presence of the words "wear and tear excepted," but that in some contracts the words have been inserted by being printed on slips of paper and pasted over the guarantee clause in the specifications. Alderman Prefontaine says it does not matter whether they are in or not because at common law it would be held that they were understood. The contract, however, was specially intended to get over this effect of the common law and the Mayor was quite right in refusing to sign documents which had been prepared to defeat the object of the contract.

ROUGH ON THE HEN.

The compulsory emigration to England of Canadian eggs, and the practically compulsory emigration of Canadian youths to the United States, is hard upon this country. The product of the Canadian hen is admitted to be an egg as is an egg. There is a freshness about the Canadian egg when newly laid, which repels the great nuisance of summer; that is to say there are no flies on the Canadian egg. Its record, like its shell, is unbroken when offered for sale. Its reputation is such that babies cry for it, mothers ask for it, poets write about it—we distinctly remember having seen something about it in Mr. Davin's paper—and Yankees buy it. It has, in fact, taken the cake before becoming a portion of another cake, and its excellence has always been accepted as an excuse for the unnecessary amount of self-congratulation with which its producer heralds its appearance. Now we are told that it is doomed to a secondary or tertiary position, that German, Belgian and other foreign eggs that never even heard a cackle in English, are to be held superior to it in the London markets. Unlike Madeira, it is not improved by a sea voyage; no one sends an egg round the Cape in the hope that it will be more mellowed by the time it returns. The voyage may add to its flavor and impart a bouquet to it when opened, but the merits which the Canadian hen claims for her infant industry must be impaired by long voyages. In short its reputation is to suffer by its unthinking recipient across the water, and there is not a hen in Canada who, if her preference were expressed, would not rather retain her correspondents in the States than seek new consignees in Europe.

STEADILY PROGRESSING.

Some advice has been given to Winnipeg by one or more eastern journals warning that city against creating another "boom," and the advice is not very well received. It is intimated in reply that Winnipeg can attend to its own affairs without assistance from other cities. It might occur to people in Eastern Canada that although the "boom" did a good deal of injury to a good many people and though everyone professes to hope that there will not be another boom, yet the strong probability is that every property-holder in Winnipeg would hail the pilot fish of another boom with very moderately disguised delight. No doubt excellent resolutions would be formed on the subject of selling out and keeping out, and it is quite possible that those who gained any experience in 1882-83 would not be again victims to their own greed or the sanguine expectations of other people. No doubt such wild speculation as was seen in 1882 would greatly injure the steady progress of Winnipeg, and the press of that city would do well to discourage it, but if boomsters arrive they will find plenty of material to work upon, and a hundred gleeful property holders waiting to receive them. But there is no immediate danger or hope—whichever you will—of a boom in Winnipeg. The present rise in the price of real estate in Winnipeg, Portage la Prairie, &c., is due to healthy natural causes. Winnipeg is the gateway to the finest grain country in the world, and is practically the chief distributing point for the great western territories of Canada besides being so for Manitoba. Some attempted rivalry of Winnipeg was at one time thought of, but other towns now appear to recognize the fact that as Winnipeg prospers they will prosper, that the more business Winnipeg can attract and the greater prosperity it can attain, so much the greater will their share be. There can be no such thing as a condition of gloom and difficulty in Winnipeg with cheering prosperity in other parts of Manitoba. The shrewd men now see that Winnipeg is the heart of the business of that great country and

that it is for the advantage of the whole body that the heart should be kept in good order. Of course the prairie capital and the old towns in its neighborhood are increasing in size, wealth and importance. It would be a miracle if it were not so. They paid the penalty of their booming intoxication—paid it in full—and are now in nearly all cases solvent in every sense of the word, and once more fairly started without encumbrances on the path of commercial progress. By and by when the customs barriers are thrown down and the world allowed into the Northwest to trade, speculate, investigate and invest free from the restrictive annoyances to which they are now subjected, Winnipeg, and not Winnipeg alone, but the whole of that Western country, will boom, not in unhealthy inflation, but by steady leaps and bounds without any reaction such as was before experienced.

A JOURNALISTIC JANUS.

The Ministerial organ of this city says that the Dominion Government "even went the length of making an unlimited offer of reciprocity during the abortive fishery negotiations at Washington." If so, the Government was guilty of all those things of which it accuses the Liberals when they propose a similar arrangement, to wit; discrimination against the mother country, a desire to ruin the manufacturers of Canada, an attempt to bring about annexation and so forth. In the same article The Gazette says the Liberals would "sacrifice the cities whose benefit from the protective policy of the present Government is most direct and visible." If the Government went the length of proposing unrestricted reciprocity they too must have desired to sacrifice the cities whose benefit, etc., etc. The truth, to which The Gazette seems to have an unconquerable aversion, is that the Government is not in favor of unrestricted reciprocity. Sir John in his speech at Halifax was careful to reassure the monopolists on this point and the President of the Council informed Parliament last session that the Government was opposed to reciprocity even in natural products. What the Government thought of Sir Chas. Tupper's proposal was shown by their at once sending him back to England to amuse himself with the harmless farce of pretending to negotiate a treaty with Spain while they put a more controllable person in the Finance Minister's office. In one breath The Gazette says the Government is in favor of unrestricted reciprocity and in the next it echoes the cry that the Liberals are dangerous and disloyal because they are in favor of reciprocity. The journal's struggling to run with the hare and hunt with the hounds is even less honest than its patrons.

A BOLD SCHEME.

All sorts of schemes are already being devised by American importers to get ahead of the McKinley tariff bill, the boldest one hailing from Chicago. John H. Leslie & Co., of that city, had in bond at the Custom House several hundred cases of currants and other fruits whereon the duty under the old tariff was two cents per pound. The provisions of the McKinley bill exempted this class of goods. Further provisions, made in the interest of New York Importers, provided that consignees of goods in bond prior to Aug. 1 of this year might have until Feb. 1, 1891, to remove them and pay tariff on the old schedule. This was intended to cover goods upon which the tariff had been raised. Last Saturday John H. Leslie & Co., notified Collector of Customs Clark that they would (Oct. 6) remove their dried fruits, which would then be free of tariff. Mr. Clark inquired by wire of the Treasury Department what course to pursue. He was advised that the goods could not be released without the payment of two cents per pound duty, the rate under the old tariff. The customs authorities at Washington suggested that the Chicago firm take out a few cases only, pay the duty under protest and make a test case of the affair. The importers, however, think they see an easier and more profitable solution of the problem. They propose to place an export entry on the Customs House books, take the goods out of bond and ship them to Canada, thus securing the remission of the duty on the ground that they are re-export. Then they will be imported from Canada and enter free under the McKinley tariff. The expenses of shipment will be a few hundred dollars, while the amount of duties to be evaded will be several thousands. It is intimated that the Treasury Department will endeavor to collect the duty when the goods are re-imported, holding the shipment to be a bold attempt at evading the tariff duties which cannot be justified on grounds of either law or equity. The scheme is an interesting as well as a bold one and if it succeeds there will be more of it.

THE MORMONS.

At a general conference of the Mormons held at Salt Lake on Monday last, an official declaration by President Wilford Woodruff was read forbidding marriages not in accordance with the laws of the land. The conference, representing about 10,000 people and including the apostles, bishops, elders and other officials of the Mormon Church, by a unanimous vote, accepted it and ratified it as binding and authoritative. There was also added to the articles of faith of the Mormon Church the declaration: "We believe in being subject to kings, presidents, rulers, and magistrates, in obeying, honoring, and sustaining the law." This looks like a complete abandonment of polygamy as a tenet of the Mormon faith, but a good many American papers

view this new move of the Mormons with suspicion. They regard it as a dodge intended to lead to a relaxation of the judicial vigilance which has been maintained towards the Mormons for some years, and to pave the way for the admission of Utah as a State. If this were done and the Mormons succeeded in securing control of the new commonwealth, they might legalize plural marriages and give polygamy a firmer hold than ever in the country. As a territory Utah is under federal laws; as a state she would be under laws enacted by the new commonwealth, including the laws of marriage and divorce. There is some force in this view, and therefore it is not matter of surprise that prominent American newspapers should strenuously oppose the admission of Utah as a State, because it would be admitting a "polygamous commonwealth." The Chicago Tribune suggests that in order to prove his sincerity President Woodruff should have a "special revelation" repealing the one given to Smith at Nauvoo establishing polygamy, so as to make the Mormon religion harmonize with law. When that is done it will be time enough to think of admitting Utah as a State.

The Toronto Empire is about to present each schoolhouse in Ontario with a Canadian flag 12 feet long. The Toronto Mail is the newspaper that first especially interested itself about improvements in the Ontario schools, but probably feels that it cannot dispense with its own Bunting at present.

THE GAZETTE: The other day it [The Herald] wanted Mr. Mercer to establish barrooms at convenient distances along the West End thoroughfares of Montreal.

Take it back. We never said anything of the kind. This is on a par with the statement that Mr. Laurier had declared reciprocity to be a failure. A bad habit once acquired cannot, it seems, be controlled in its exercise by political exigencies. It breaks out at all times.

Iron in India. Chicago Tribune. India is now looming up with the promise of a considerable iron production in the near future. The Raniganj district of Bengal and the Wardha Valley both have iron ore, coal, limestone for flux, and fire clay for the furnaces in such close proximity as to offer profitable working, and in Southern India the iron obtained is of remarkable excellence, possessing some of the best qualities of the Swedish metal. A large quantity of it was used in the construction of the Menai bridge and of the Britannia tubular bridge.

Failure and Disgrace. St. Paul Pioneer Press. The description given of the present condition of the census office at Washington tallies with all that we know of the conduct of the bureau from beginning to end. The census work is a lamentable failure, and little short of a national disgrace.

A Mother's Grief. "You know, Fanny, I picked out old Squaratoes as a safe husband for my daughter, and invited him to dinner almost daily for a month. Knowing that he was something of a gourmand, I engaged an expensive cook—a real cordon blue—and at the end of 30 days do you know what happened?"
"No."
"Why, he married the cook."—Judge.



No. 6 Battery.
M.G.A.

The Monthly Meeting of the Battery will be held in the Armory on Monday, 13th inst., at 8 p.m. Every man is requested to attend.
THOS. CRATHERN, Capt.

\$4,600
STANLEY STREET

Solid Brick House near St. Catherine-street, very convenient to schools, churches, street cars, amusements, etc. Call for permit to view.

F. McMANN
178 St. James-street.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal, No. 1067, Superior Court, Thomas F. Foley, Plaintiff, vs. Jean Baptiste Binette, Jr., Defendant. On the 25th day of October, 1890, at seven of the clock in the forenoon, at the No. 48 St. Lawrence Main-street in the City of Montreal, will be sold by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of one piano, etc. I. MIREAULT, B.C. Montreal, 10th October.

BALLS, PARTIES
Lodges, Assemblies, Meetings,
ENTERTAINMENTS,
Our fine Hall.

The St. James Assembly Rooms
Is now being fitted up. Ready on the 15th inst. Central location. Will be rented at moderate rates. Well lighted and all conveniences.

354 and 356 St. James-st.
OVER
CITY CLOTHING STORE.

Real Estate
RECORD
FOR OCTOBER

Is now ready. It contains all real estate transfers recorded in September, a list of properties for sale and other interesting matter.

CALL OR SEND FOR A COPY

J. Craddock Simpson & Co.,
181 St. James-street.

NOTICE from Francis Xavier Bertrand that on the 23rd day of October, 1890, he will petition the Provincial Treasurer to authorize Edmund Beauchamp to transfer his shop license to the said petitioner.
Montreal, Oct. 10, 1890.

Carsley's Advertisement

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11th.

THERE never was a woman yet who ever bought vegetables from a hawkier without asking "are they good?" And there never was a hawkier but said they were the very best.—*Tu Bili.*

Send or come once for a piece or two of Gray Cotton now during S. Carsley's cheap sale of them.

Attend S. Carsley's cheap "Gray Cotton Sale."

Don't neglect to lay in a stock of Gray Cottons now whilst S. Carsley is selling them so very cheap.

FUR DEPARTMENT.

FURS! FURS! FURS! FURS! FURS!

Our Weather Prophet predicted last week A COLD WAVE.

It has arrived, and to judge by the crush in the Fur Department, it would seem this cold wave would continue.

WHITE LAMB BOAS
12c, 20c, 22c, 25c, 30c, 40c, and 55c.
CREAM LAMB BOAS
20c, 27c, 34c, 40c, \$1.35, and \$1.55.
GREY LAMB BOAS
25c, 26c, 40c, 50c, \$1.47, and \$1.70.
PALE BLUE LAMB BOAS
From 27c.
SALMON LAMB BOAS
From 27c.
SOMETHING NEW.
WENOUSKI BEAR BOAS
\$2.25, \$3.25, \$3.80, \$5.25, \$5.75, \$6.85.
MUFFS TO MATCH.
S. CARSLY.

THE COMING RAGE.

CYPRUS GREY FOX BOAS
\$2.85, \$3.85, and \$5.15.

WITH MUFFS TO MATCH.

"FOR YOUR LITTLE GIRL."

A DECIDED NOVELTY FOR GIFE.

WHITE LAMB BOA AND MUFF

BOA AND MUFF

COMPLETE
For 65c.

S. CARSLY

1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777

NOTRE DAME STREET

MONTREAL

The Viger Cream Cheese

FIRST OF THE SEASON.

Now in stock and supplies regularly twice a week of the celebrated

Viger Cream Cheese

Also by express via New York:

Camembert Cheese,
Gorgonzola Cheese,
Brie Cheese,
Neuchâtel Cheese,
Fresh Roquefort Cheese,
Finest Gruyère (Swiss) Cheese,
Edam Cheese (Dutch Balls),
&c., &c., &c.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

ARMOUR STAR HAMS

AND

Armour Star Bacon

Our Trade Mark White Sugar Cured Hams.

Our Trade Mark Boneless Breakfast Bacon.

Laurie's Best Hams and

Laurie's Best Bacon.

Fresh supplies of one and all just in.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

COLDMAN'S

NEW YORK SAUSAGES.

Fresh Frankfurt Sausages, Kosher,

Fresh Ring Sausages, Kosher,

Fresh Salmi Sausages, Kosher,

Fresh Bologna Sausages, Kosher,

—Also—

Choice Smoked Breasts of Beef and

Extra Large Choice Smoked Tongues.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

Landing To-Day

Ex Steamship Ripon City

DeKuyper's Holland Gin in red cases,

DeKuyper's Holland Gin in green cases,

And DeKuyper's Holland Gin in wood.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

NOW IN STOCK

Ex Allan Line Steamers from London.

320 packages, Crosse & Blackwell's Extra

Refined Table Salt in glass bottles and paper

packets, Lea & Perrin's Worcester Sauce in

half-pints, pints and quarts, Pickards in

oil, Gooseberry Jam, Jamson Jam, Curry

Powder in bottles, Dried Sage, King of Oude

Sauce, China Soy, Walnut Catsup (pints and

LOUIS ROEDERER.

GRAND VIN SEC CHAMPAGNE
Rich Dry Wine.

BRUT, the Perfection of Dry Champagne.

Alx. Andrea Kraay & Co.
CLARETS AND SAUTERNES,
Finest Imported.

GUINNESS'S STOUT.
Bull Dog Brand.

BASS'S ALE.
Foster's Bottling.

SCOTCH WHISKY
Cookburn's Very Old Highland.

Stewart's Glenlivet.
Glen Lion Highland Whisky.

Boutillier G. Briand & Co.
FINE OLD BRANDIES.

J. & R. McLEA
Sole Agents for the Dominion.

R. J. Tooke

FRIDAY, Oct. 10, 1890.

EXAGGERATION defeats it-

self; but in truth and honor

the best word that can be said

ought to be said in favor of

goods that, from general know-

ledge and conviction, can be con-

scientiously recommended.

Description is right, and decent

eulogy is right, as long as there is

a foundation of fact to fall back

upon.

During the week we have intro-

duced our FALL TIES, FALL

GLOVES, FALL UNDERWEAR,

and FALL SOCKS, to the notice

of our patrons and the general

public.

We have spoken of their QUAL-

ITY. As these articles are vital

to the Sunday toilet, and as gen-

tleman are accustomed to look to

us to cater for them in this con-

nection, SATURDAY is, in a pec-

uliar sense, a TEST DAY. De-

scription is an aid to purchase.

The goods themselves are more elo-

quent of merit than letterpress

can make them. That is our con-

viction.

We don't think that ever quite

so perfect a taste was expressed in

fall neckwear; or that underwear

ever received as close attention in

the manufacture; or that Dent's

and Fowne's Fall Gloves were ever

quite so attractive in the matter of

shade, finish, quality and price;

or that our entire round of special

departments, including Umbrellas,

genuine Mackintoshes, correct

styles in Canes and Walking

Sticks, Perfumes, Handkerchiefs,

etc., were ever in completer or

more tasteful equipment for fall

trade

Perhaps we are mistaken. Will

YOU frankly tell us?

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Supported by his Excellent Company in a

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"Jean Baptiste Cadeaux," an old French

Canadian Farmer.

FOOTBALL GAMES TO-DAY

THE MCGILL AND THE BRITANNIA-MONTREAL MATCH.

The Hunt Club Meeting—Montreal Bicycle Club Road Race This Afternoon—Games at Washington—Golf Club Match—To-day's Sporting Events—General Sporting.

The Game on the McGill Grounds This Afternoon.

Owing to the fact that two matches will be played on the McGill College grounds this afternoon, there should be a good crowd in attendance. At 1.45 p. m., the McGill first and McGill second will play, and immediately afterwards the McGill third team and Montreal third will hustle for victory.

Britannia vs. Montreal.

The Britannia and Montreal teams meet this afternoon on the M.A.A.A. grounds, and as this is the first championship match of the season, we have no doubt it will be patronized by a large audience, and good football may be expected.

LACROSSE.

The Montreal Club Tour and the Names of the Players.

The Montreal Lacrosse Club players who leave on Oct. 17 for a tour of the United States will be as follows: Wilkinson, Sheppard, Cheyne, Cameron, Patterson, Spriggins, McNaughton, Waldron, Baird, Geraghty, King, Cleghorn; also W. S. Weldon, K. Brown and F. C. A. McIndoe. A program of this trip has already been published in The Herald.

AQUATICS.

St. Lawrence Yacht Club.

A special meeting of the St. Lawrence Yacht Club has been called for Wednesday evening next, in the M.A.A.A. Gymnasium where it is probable some interesting business will be transacted. The trophies won during the season will be presented and reports will be received from the committees on the sailing regulations and the site for a summer club house.

Horses Killed at Latonia.

The gelding Pell Mell fell and broke his leg while exercising on the Latonia race-course, at Covington, Ky., yesterday. He was shot. While Clara C. was exercising on Tuesday she fell to the ground breaking her back.

A Sportsman-like Act.

In reference to the protest lodged by Mr. B. J. Coghlin, against Quaker and McKenzie, the former being the winner of the open handicap steeplechase in the Hunt Club meet at Blue Bonnets on Saturday last, Oct. 4, the following resolution, adopted by the club at a meeting held recently and already referred to in these columns:

Resolved, That B. J. Coghlin's protest against Quaker and McKenzie's entries in the open handicap be maintained, but that as Quaker's owner had been requested to make his entry after the entries had been closed, in order to fill up the race, he (Mr. Coghlin) be paid a sum equal to first money.

On this fact being communicated to Mr. Coghlin he immediately refused the amount of the award (\$200) and this was accepted by the racing committee consequently the report which appeared in a contemporary on Tuesday to the effect that the both sums had been paid by the racing committee was incorrect and misleading. Mr. B. J. Coghlin, after having his protest maintained and generously handing back the money, is to be complimented on the sportsmanlike conduct displayed by him throughout and in adhering to the true principles that should prevail in carrying out race meetings. The injustice of receiving entries long after the time of closing according to program, for race meetings, will be apparent to any person, and it is, moreover, contrary to the national rules under which the Montreal Hunt Club races are supposed to be governed.

ATHLETICS.

A Great List of Entries for To-day's Championship Games.

Some great sport is promised at the Columbia Athletic Club grounds in Washington, D. C., to-day, when all the celebrated athletes of America will compete in the national championships of the Amateur Athletic Union. Every prominent athlete in the country will be represented, and if the weather is clear it is likely that some new records will be made.

Priddy May Meet Morton.

Pittsburg is likely to be treated to an uncommon running feat. The contestants will possibly be Peter Priddy of Charters and James Morton of the Salford, Eng., Harriers. Steps have been taken to bring about a meeting between the two great runners. Priddy, through a representative, states that he was willing to run Morton from one to ten miles for \$500 to \$1000 a side. Morton's friends say that the man is in line and that as soon as the Englishman could be freed from the engagement he has with the Harriers, which would be early next month, he would meet Priddy in Pittsburg.

A Well Known Sprinter dead.

The news comes from California of the death of Archie McComb, the well-known professional sprinter. He was a very successful runner, being exceptionally fast at 50 and 75 yards. He accompanied Ed Skinner of Kingston, Ont., to Australia two years ago, and the twin made a pot of money by Skinner capturing the Sir Joseph Banks handicap, run in May, 1889. It is said they divided \$30,000 on this event. McComb and Skinner were on their way to the antipodes for another haul, when the fatal illness, pneumonia, overtook the former.

THE WHEEL.

Anthony's Quarter Mile Record is Acknowledged.

The National Racing Board of the League of American Wheelmen, after having thoroughly considered all the objections made to the acceptance of the quarter-mile record of 32-35 seconds, made by Edward C. Anthony, of the Manhattan Athletic Club, at the Hart-

ford meeting, on Sept. 1, find that the proofs submitted are sufficient to warrant the acceptance of the record.

An Open Challenge.

Nasmith, of the Toronto Bicycle Club, challenges any amateur bicycle rider in Canada to ride a race on the Kingston road, Toronto, any distance from 30 to 70 miles for the road championship of Canada and a gold medal, the race to take place during the present month.

Montreal Club Road Race.

The road race of the Montreal Bicycle Club will be run this afternoon, should the weather prove favorable. The race will be to Valois, the limit man to start from the club house at 3 p. m.

THE HUNT.

Program of the Hunt Club for Next Week.

The following fixtures have been arranged by the Hunt Club:

To-day—Dorval.

Wednesday, Oct. 15—Elmswood.

Thursday, Oct. 16—Pointe aux Trembles.

Saturday, Oct. 18—Lachine.

To-day's Sporting Events.

Britannia-Montreal Rugby football match, 3 p. m.

McGill first vs McGill second fifteen, McGill grounds, 1.45 p. m.

McGill third vs Montreal third, McGill grounds, 4 p. m.

Montreal Bicycle Club road race, 3 p. m.

Montreal vs Quebec golf match.

Orient vs Maple lacrosse match, 3 p. m.

Hunt Club run at Dorval.

Dominion Quilt Club matches.

General Sporting Gossip.

The Montreal and Quebec clubs will play this afternoon on Fletcher's field.

The third team of the Orient and Maples play this afternoon on the Maple grounds.

The Hunt Club go out to Dorval this morning where they will have a run.

Jack Fitzpatrick is still desirous of meeting Dick Guthrie in a finish fight.

There will probably be several records broken at the games in Washington this afternoon.

Good football is promised this afternoon in the Britannia, Montreal match.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c

Smoke Noisy Boys 1890 Cigars.

People make a sad mistake often with serious results when they neglect a constipated condition of the bowels. Knowing the Burdock Blood Bitters is an effective cure at any stage of constipation does not warrant us in neglecting to use it at the right time. Use it now.

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Our Annual Picnic.

Will occur in June this year. In preparing your lunch we suggest you use Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder (sold by all grocers) in making the biscuits, etc. It is the most healthy and perfect.

Mtd by E. W. GILBERT, Toronto, Ont.

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Money in Boston.

[Boston Advertiser, Oct. 7.]

The Comptroller of the Currency has issued a call for a statement of the condition of the national banks of the country at the close of business, Oct. 2, and as a result there is an easier feeling in the money market, as far as loans are concerned. The banks, being relieved of the pressure to keep the strongest reserve possible, will be more inclined to put out their money either at the Clearing House or on the street. A good deal of money changed hands this morning in consequence of the concentration of the stock yards' money, one bank gaining \$300,000 at the Clearing House. The effect of this, however, was beneficial rather than otherwise, as the money was very freely offered to borrowers. As a result of the Comptroller's call and the shifting of funds the rates between banks were easier. There were no loans to-day at 7 per cent, money being easy at 6 per cent, and two loans, one of \$100,000 and the other of \$75,000, were made at 5 per cent. As a result of the easier condition at the Clearing House the rates for call money at the banks are somewhat easier. Six and 7 per cent are still quoted, the former being now perhaps the ordinary rate, but considerable bank money has been loaned to strong borrowers at 5 per cent, one loan amounting to \$150,000. The demand for call money, however, is not large, except in cases where funds can be obtained very cheap. There is still an excellent demand for time money. The banks report that they are not taking a very large amount of outside paper, but that they are supplying their customers with considerable money. The note brokers, however, report that they are selling a little more paper to city banks, and some of them look for quite brisk sales in this quarter for a while. Outside paper is not making very freely, rates being still too high in the opinion of most borrowers. Time paper is quoted at 5 1/2 to 7 1/2 per cent, but loans at 5 1/2 per cent are mostly to well known corporations or very strong collateral. Some of the country savings banks are getting more money, but year loans are still rather difficult to negotiate at 5 per cent. One loan is just reported at that rate. At the Clearing House to-day the rate between banks was 5 to 6 per cent. New York funds sold at a discount of 17 to 20 cents on \$1,000. The gross exchanges were \$19,083,703, against \$16,368,391 same day last year. The balances were \$2,915,057.

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No. 1302—L. J. B. MARTIN DIT LADOUCEUR,

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and ninety-eight (24-198) these said lots</

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP

SENORITA CARLINE OTERO
VS. CARMENITA.

Helene Dauvray's Return to the Stage—Mrs. McKee Rankin's Suit—No Suit Against Tony Pastor—Unkind Cut for Sol Smith—Russell—Mrs. Langtry in Paris—Theatrical Notes.

Probably the most notable event in connection with the profession during the past week is the appearance of Senorita Carline Otero, the celebrated Spanish dancer. For upwards of a year Carmenita has wriggled, squeezed, winked, smiled and kicked herself into the affections of New York young and old alike. Society received her as the fall of the season, and every attention that could reasonably be given a footlight favorite has been bestowed upon her, so that it is hardly to be wondered at that her pretty little nose is, now, figuratively speaking, out of joint. King Alfonso once spoke of Otero as the loveliest woman in his kingdom. Now, Spain is the land of lovely women, but it is likely his majesty exaggerated, yet if one can judge from the dozens of wonderfully flattering criticisms in the American papers on Tuesday last, Otero is not only charming but is an artist and Carmenita is like the men who fell out of the balloon—not in it.

Helene Dauvray's return to the stage is an event worthy of note. It was attended by circumstanced of the most auspicious kind. She was seen in Sydney Resenfeld's comedy, "The Whirlwind," of which I have already spoken.

Mr. H. R. Jacobs was in town recently paying a visit to one of the many theatres in which he has an interest. Just fancy one man looking after 19 theatres. Of course he has a partner in many cases, as in Montreal. Here he has an indefatigable worker in Mr. J. B. Sparrow. During a talk with Mr. Jacobs he said that the season in New York has opened very auspiciously, and that managers are making money where they have a good attraction. He is greatly interested in Corinne, who is now playing in comic opera—quite a change for her, yet this is not the greatest change we shall notice when she comes here. She has been seen upon the stage since childhood as a blonde, but alas! the wig is discarded, and she is now a real live brunette and her hair is her own.

In opposition to Mrs. McKee-Rankin's suit against her husband, the latter's lawyer states that Rankin is not worth \$60,000, as stated by the petitioner, but, on the contrary, is \$4,000 in debt. It is also denied that Rankin ever deserted his wife. This, of course, happened some time ago and as "The Canuck" has been doing a very big business lately it is only fair to suppose that Mr. Rankin's financial condition is not so bad as his counsel tries to make believe. By the way, "The Canuck" will be seen here next week, and everything so far indicates a very successful run.

Now that the cool weather is coming the local dramatic and singing societies should at once get to work. As yet but little is heard from any of them, particularly the leading vocal institutions. There has been, however, a new one recently started which bids fair to become very successful. It was organized a few weeks ago by Mr. S. S. Bain and is at present known as the Caledonian Choir. Now if there is one man in the city who can train a choir of voices to success that man is Mr. Bain. He is strict, very strict, with his pupils but in the end they thank him for it. I understand that the name of the choir has not actually been decided upon; how would "The Scottish Choral Society" suit?

"One Error" was cracked up so highly that much was expected of it. It has been seen and the verdict is that it was certainly an error.

Edward Sothern's engagement at the Lyceum Theatre is the best that he has ever played at that popular house. "The Master of Wood Barrow" is a success.

A despatch has been going the rounds of the American and Canadian press which stated that Tony Pastor had been mulcted in the sum of \$4,500 damages in a suit brought in the United States court for infringement on a metallic corset. The judgment is like the object attained by the corset—an illusion. Messrs. Howe and Mummel, attorneys, in a later despatch declare that suit has not even been entered against Tony. If he loses that much money he'll hardly be able to pay that \$450 a week he talks about.

Florence St. John's husband resented her success, being a nonentity, and made trouble for her and her operatic managers. Violet Cameron's husband was also useless, if his actions are to be taken as a guide, and he also made trouble for his wife. They all do, these good-for-nothing husbands of our beautiful and accomplished singing actresses. Pauline Hall's useless spouse pursued the same tactics and "Alice Oates" husbands would have made a better farce than many of the buffets in which she appeared. Now Clinton Edgerly has succeeded in his suit against Rose Coghlan for separation. Miss Coghlan, however, has commenced to hit back and declares that every word her husband has uttered in relation to her is false except the date of their marriage. Rather than rest under the imputations cast upon her she says she will throw up her engagements and seek redress against the Edgerlys.

Sol Smith Russell, according to a Washington correspondent, "had a fairly good audience to laugh at his pathetic acting in 'A poor relation.'" This is by far the most unkind cut of all.

Mrs. Langtry is in Paris having her portrait painted by Jan Van Boers. One would have thought that a more sparkling and champagne artist would have been required for such a task.

The American Musician of last week contains a portrait which any one would recognize as that of A. A. Clappe, who came from England to take charge of the Governor General's Foot Guards Band at Ottawa. Leaving there he took charge of the 20th Battalion Band at Saratoga. Here he became acquainted with a minister's daughter and soon left the town with her, leaving his wife and children behind him. For some time afterwards he worked in a music store in New York, but his musical ability soon brought him to the front again and he is now band instructor at West Point. There is an

effort being made to get all the military bands to use the same music, which will be arranged by Mr. Clappe. By this means all the bands can be massed and so form an immense combination when occasion requires it.

The present "Faust up to Date" Company has undoubtedly done a large business during the week and the people are evidently pleased. There was some talk about the company travelling upon the success which attended its predecessor. This was all very well as far as Monday night was concerned but since then the press and public have judged it in such a manner that very large audiences have resulted. Miss Hilda Thomas' sickness marred the pleasure of the first three nights but the young understudy who played Faust certainly did it very well. It has been widely remarked that Miss Thomas bears a striking likeness to Miss Margaret Mather. Dressed in street costume the resemblance is remarkable.

Mr. and Mrs. Kendall have arrived in New York but as yet their movements have been very quiet.

There are, at least, two American women who have followed the advice of the oldest critics and managers and adopted the stage by winning a place on the lower rung of the ladder first. Whenever women like Mrs. Langtry or Mrs. Potter jump from society into the position of a star the old-timers wag their heads and insist that everything is wrong, and in nine cases out of ten they are correct. Mrs. Berian-Gibbs and Mrs. Pemberton-Hicks have both started in modestly and they are both winning a fair measure of success upon the stage. One is a well-known society woman of Baltimore, the other was for a long while the social leader of society in New Orleans, but why they should have insisted on lugging upon the stage the names of their families and husbands in compound form has not yet been explained. While these and other ladies are making a success there are many who have gained a certain notoriety and have immediately rushed to the stage where they seem as much in place as a mud turtle would at an elephant's congress.

Mrs. Neil Warner and her dramatic class are hard at work upon the plays, "Leda Astray," "Saratoga" and "Time and the Hour," all of which it is understood will be produced when the Queen's Hall scenery is finished. Mrs. Warner will herself play a leading part in "Leda Astray."

Rice's "Pearl of Pekin" company disbanded last week at Philadelphia, attachments having been made on the receipts at the Park Theatre, to pay salaries, and the baggage of the company having been seized by the proprietor of the hotel at which they were stopping.

A very large audience greeted the initial performance of "Blue Jeans" in New York on Monday last. In one of the scenes a real saw mill in full operation is introduced. The placing of the body of the proprietor by one of his employees upon the carriage in front of a rapidly revolving buzzaw and the daring rescue of the victim by his wife is spoken as one of the most thrilling climaxes ever placed upon the contemporaneous stage.

Apocryphal successes one of the paying pieces the season in James H. Mackie's "Grimes' Cellar Door." At the outset, Mr. Mackie found it difficult booking, but since managers have seen the piece, and heard of the large audiences it has attracted, this difficulty has disappeared. Mr. Mackie, so well known as "Grimesy, Me Boy" in the "Bunch of Keys" has made so much with the people he has in it of "Grimes' Cellar Door," that of late the S.R.O. card has had to be displayed. No small part of the success alluded to is owing to Mr. Wm. H. Birrell, of London, Ont., formerly in the wholesale drygoods trade there. It is probably another of those "gold mines" and Messrs. Mackie and Birrell have struck it.

PAUL PRY.

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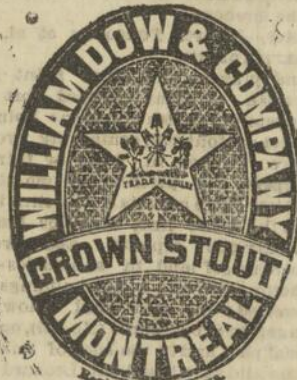
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Vice-Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was literally untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to.—Times, July 18, 1884.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE IS THE BEST AND MOST CERTAIN REMEDY IN COLIC, CHOLERA, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, &c.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE—The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was Chlorodyne—See Lancet, December 31, 1882.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is prescribed by scores of orthodox practitioners. Of course it would not be thus singularly popular did it not "supply a want and fill a place."—Medical Times, January 12, 1883.

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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE—Caution—None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 38 Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. Sold in bottles at 1s 1d, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 11s.

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Bavarian	796	Capt. John Bentley.
British	2,643	Capt. V. Weng.
Brazilian	4,100	Wt. 5,764.
Canada & Arizona ..	420	Capt. E. Carver.
Canadian	2,906	Capt. Dunlop.
Carthaginian	4,214	Capt. A. Macneil.
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Perth	2828	Capt. J. J. McLaughlin
Phoenicia	2425	Capt. John Kerr
Polysian	3888	Lieut. B. Barrett, R.N.
Prussia	3888	Capt. W. J. McLaughlin
Prussian	3630	Capt. J. Ambury.
Rossian	3500	Capt. D. McKillop.
Russian	3500	Capt. W. J. McLaughlin
Sarmatian	3847	Capt. John Brown.
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Summer Arrangements.

1890.

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— ARE INTENDED TO BE DESPATCHED —

From Liverpool.	Steamships.	From Montreal.	From Quebec.
11 Sept	Polynesian.....	1 Oct.	2 Oct.
15 "	Parisian.....	8 "	9 "
25 "	Corean.....	15 "	16 "
2 Oct	Circassian.....	22 "	23 "
8 "	Sardinian.....	29 "	30 "
16 "	Polynesian.....	5 Nov.	6 Nov.
23 "	Parisian.....	12 "	13 "
30 "	Corean.....	19 "	20 "

* N. B. — The Corean will not have accommodation for any class of passengers on voyages from Montreal and Quebec to Liverpool.

Mail Steamers are despatched from Montreal at daylight Wednesdays, and from Quebec at 9 a.m., Thursdays. Passengers who wish to come to Montreal, or to do so before

Between 5 p.m. and 11 p.m., Tuesdays.
The *De la Reine* and *Sardinian*, are fitted
throughout with the electric light.

**Rates of Passage from Montreal
to Quebec.**

By S.S. *Parisian* :—\$50, \$60, \$80, according to
accommodation. Return: \$100, \$110, and \$150
By other steamers: \$35, \$50, \$80, according
to accommodation. Return: \$70, \$100 and
\$150.
Intermediate, \$30; return, \$60. Steerage
\$20; Return, \$40.
The Intermediate and Steerage rates are
the same by all steamers, no extra charge
being required for passage by *Parisian*.

THE STEAMERS OF THE

Glasgow, Quebec & Montreal Service

ARE INTENDED TO SAIL AS FOLLOWS:—

From Glasgow.	Steamships.	From Mont- real to Glas- gow or about
13 Sept	Pomeranian	30 Sept
20 "	Norwegian	7 Oct
27 "	Sarmatian	14 "
4 Oct	Siberian	21 "
11 "	Buenos Ayrcas	28 "
18 "	Pomeranian	4 Nov
25 "	Norwegian	11 "
1 Nov	Sarmatian	18 "

These Steamers do not carry Passengers a
voyage to Europe.

THE STEAMERS OF THE

London, Quebec and Montreal L

ARE INTENDED TO BE DESPATCHED AS FOLLOWS:—		
From London.	Steamships.	From Montre- ux to London on or about
9 Sept	Brazilian.....	30 Sept
18 "	Assyrian.....	9 Oct
9 Oct	Grecian.....	30 "
20 "	Brazilian.....	10 Nov
30 "	Assyrian.....	20 "

These Steamers do not carry passengers
voyage to Europe.

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John's, Halifax and Balti-**
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From Liverpool to Baltimore via St. John's and Halifax.	Ships.	From Baltimore via St. John's N.F. to Liverpool.
2 Sept	1 Carthaginian.....	20 Sept
18	1 Nova Scotian.....	13 Oct
30	1 Caspian	27
14 Oct	1 Carthaginian	10 N

The Carthaginian will carry only C passengers between Halifax and St. John's N.B.

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IN AND AROUND THE CITY.

St. Henri will shortly be supplied with gas from the City Gas Company.

A social meeting took place in Zion Congregational Church last night, which was a very enjoyable affair.

Madame Gosselin has reported to the police that yesterday morning her pocket book which contained \$7 was stolen from her pocket.

The wood piling on Craig-street east was completed by Messrs. Bastin and Valaquette on Thursday. They had until Nov. 1 to do the work.

Gentlemen requiring a nice suit of clothes, of good fit and in latest style should try M. J. Alder, 47 Beaver Hall Hill. New goods just opened.

The town of St. Rose is moving in the direction of a new market and town hall building. The Mayor M. Camille Leclerc, has the matter in hand.

Mr. Choquette left for Three Rivers to proceed with the examination of Mr. Lessard, M.P.P. for Maskinonge, in the contestation of the latter's election.

The visiting governors to the Montreal General Hospital for the week commencing Monday, Oct. 13, 1890, are Messrs. Alex. Buntin and G. B. Burland.

At the demand of Clement Lafleur, Benoni Beaudin, a shoemaker, of St. Henri, has assigned. A meeting of creditors has been fixed for Oct. 16.

The Canadian Pacific Railway are having three more palace sleeping cars constructed at the works of Barney & Smith, Dayton, Ohio. They will cost in the vicinity of thirty thousand dollars.

The Rev. Dr. Shaw will conduct divine service at the Protestant Hospital for the Insane at Verdun on Sunday, Oct. 12 at 3 o'clock p.m. Neighbors and other friends of patients are cordially invited.

A commercial traveller named P. E. Bruneau has brought suit against the city for \$350 damages for injuries resulting from a fall on a slippery sidewalk opposite 48 St. Maurice-street in January last.

Mrs. Neil Warner gave a reception last night in the Queen's Hall assembly rooms. A most pleasant evening was spent. Songs, recitations and dances were the features of the evening's entertainment.

The mails for St. Jerome, St. Therese, St. Eustache, St. Anne des Plaines and other points were delayed yesterday by being put into the Winnipeg mail train by mistake. A green mail driver was the cause of the error.

A meeting of the directors of the Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada was held yesterday. The manager was authorized to take over the entire Canadian business of the Glasgow and London Insurance Company.

The Central Vermont and Delaware and Hudson trains for this city from New York, due here yesterday morning, were three hours late, owing to an accident or the New York Central, caused by thin cylinder head blowing out of an engine.

Since the Dominion Line steamship Vancouver has been in port, fourteen staterooms have been added to her already superior accommodations. Considerable painting and gliding has also been done to the cabins and staterooms.

The schooner Mary Star of the Sea, Capt. Bouthellier, arrived in port yesterday, bringing the first cargo of oysters by water this fall. She hailed from Chatham, N.B., and has a cargo of St. Cimon oysters which are selling at \$2.60 per barrel.

The local trains of the C.P.R. for Vandrevill and Winchester, leaving the Windsor Depot at 5.15 and 6.15 p.m. will be discontinued after to-day. The residents of Cote St. Antoine are circulating a petition asking the C.P.R. to continue the 6.15 train as before.

A solemn mass will be sung on Monday next in the Cathedral on the occasion of the feast of the patron saint of His Grace the Archbishop. The theological faculties, as well as those of law, medicine and arts of Laval University, will be present.

The Club Letellier has elected the following officers for the coming season: Mr. G. A. Dumont, president; Mr. N. Brouillette, vice-president; Mr. A. Chapot, secretary; Mr. L. O. Dupont, assistant secretary; Mr. J. B. Dupont, treasurer; and Mr. Charles Jeannotte, librarian.

Mr. Graham, of Toronto, father of the young man who, with Ford, is committed to the Queen's Bench on a charge of obtaining money under false pretences for the Disabled Firemen's Defence Fund, was in town yesterday to go bail for his son. He says the latter has been misled by bad company.

A petition has been filed in court by the city asking for the refund of a deposit made with the Provincial Government of \$1,200 for the expropriation of property on St. Catherine-street, thought to belong to Gilbert Prevost, but which was really the property of the city.

Alice Ansell who is under the care of the Salvation Army left last evening for Quebec to testify against the Cavalry School men charged with assaulting her. Since the assault she has been employed as a servant in the Protestant Asylum for the Insane, and will probably return there after the trial.

Major Prevost of the 65th, A.D.G. to the Governor-General, was presented last evening by the members of his corps with a handsome testimonial in honor of his approaching marriage with the Fraser of Riviere du Loup. The occasion was a pleasant one and complimentary speeches were made on both sides.

The examinations for exhibitions and scholarships in the Faculty of Applied Science of McGill University has resulted as follows: British Association Exhibition for \$50 was divided between Messrs. Holman and Macphail; Scott exhibition for the third year was awarded to Mr. McGregor; British Association Exhibition for fourth year awarded to E. A. Stone, Berlin Free Tuition Scholarship to O. Whiteside.

Chief Justice Sir A. A. Dorion yesterday rendered judgment refusing the petition of Mr. McFarlane, for leave to appeal to the Supreme Court from the recent decision of the Court of Appeals in the case of McFarlane vs. Fatt. This, it will be remembered, was an action arising out of the insolvency of B. J. Newell & Co., in which the Court of Appeals declared that Mr. McFarlane was a partner in the firm and not a creditor.

The Calvin Presbyterian Church, which has been undergoing considerable repairs, will be reopened to-morrow. Rev. Principal MacVicar will preach in the morning, Rev. Professor Scrimger in the afternoon, and Rev. G. B. Howie in the evening. The Rev. Dr. Howie is totally blind, and though now a minister of the Presbyterian Church in Canada came originally from Lebanon Palestine. He is the first subject of the Sultan to obtain Canadian citizenship by naturalization.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

THE FRESHMEN.

The McGill Y. M. C. A. Welcome the New Students.

The freshmen of McGill will entertain very kindly recollections of the William Molson Hall, until, probably, the examinations at Christmas will better acquaint them with the honors that (in the older students' eyes) surround that dreadful place. The reception tendered them last evening was certainly a very successful one.

The committee in charge fully realizing the deep feelings with which the initiated student regards the Molson Hall, where so many a poor fellow has met his "plunk," had made every attempt to disguise the true nature of the place. The many beautiful flowers, the bright and pretty music, and the untiring efforts of those in charge to keep everybody on the move and talk, made it quite possible for even the poor med. to forget for a time that he was immensely enjoying himself in the very place with which he associated the greater part of his tribulations and trials.

Never was there a larger attendance of students both new and old. Several of the professors were present, but, of course, that would mean nothing if there were no ladies. So they had ladies, and lots of them, and the real jolly, talkative kind at that, so that the affair just had to be a success.

After everyone had arrived and introductions had been made, Mr. Craik, the president of the college Y.M.C.A., gave the address of welcome. In the course of his remarks he traced briefly the history of the McGill Association, and showed the right it had to claim attention from our citizens. Sir William Dawson followed, and recounted, in a synoptical way, the progress and adversities which have attended the march of religion during a lifetime. Then the guests got hungry and went down stairs till they lost their appetites, after which they again indulged in promenade and conversation till about 11 o'clock, when a well-satisfied assemblage left the hall that it might be reconverted again to its wonted sombreness.

Father Mathew Centenary.

The arrangements for the centennial of the great Father Mathew by the Irish Catholic Temperance Convention are now completed. The program is as follows: The members of the societies in connection with the convention, St. Patrick's, St. Ann's and St. Gabriel's I. A. and B. Societies will receive communion in their respective churches at 6 a.m. to-morrow and at 9 a.m. they will meet at the hall of the St. Ann's I. A. and B. Society, corner Young and Ottawa-streets, and proceed to St. Ann's Church where a Pontifical Mass will be celebrated. The celebrant will be His Lordship Mr. Lorrain, Vicar Apostolic of Pontiac, and the sermon will be preached by the Rev. J. A. McCallen, of St. Patrick's. The officers of the St. Ann's I. A. B. Society will act as honorary ushers in the church while the delegates of the convention and the officers will occupy seats of honor near the altar rails.

On Monday evening there will be a grand social celebration in the Queen's Hall. Rev. J. A. Allen will preside and addresses will be delivered by Dr. Hingston, Mr. J. J. Curran, M. P., and others. The musical part of the celebration will be under the direction of Prof. A. P. McGuire and the program which is said to be an excellent one is sure to be appreciated by those who attend.

The Huron Missions.

To-morrow evening at 7.30 o'clock the Rev. Father T. F. Labourene of Penetanguishene, Ont., will deliver an English sermon in the Jesuit church at Penetanguishene, which is now being erected as a national monument in memory of the Huron missions and in honor of the martyrs Brebeuf, Lallemand and their companions. In 1654 these French missionaries obtained permission from the Hurons to accompany them to their villages near Georgian Bay. In 1649 a band of Iroquois crossed over into the Huron country and massacred the missionaries among the slain being Brebeuf and Lallemand, who were put to death with excruciating tortures. The new church will occupy a commanding position overlooking the bay and in the heart of the birthplace of the Huron mission.

A Canadian in the States.

The Elmira, N. Y., Gazette has a complimentary notice of Dr. Benj. J. Titus, who has just settled in Bath, New York State. It says he was born in Prince Edward, Ont. He received his preliminary education in the Hillier township school and in the county high school at Picton. He read medicine with Dr. Pettinell, of Picton, and graduated in March, 1880, from the Detroit Medical College. Before entering the medical college he graduated from the Belleville Commercial College and as this is one of the leading institutes of the kind in Canada, it gives him a fine training for the business part of the work, something which is lacking in the educated physician. Dr. Titus was married in 1886 to Miss Foster, also of Canada. He has already made a wide circle of acquaintances, who will recognize him as a competent physician, ecogn.

Choir Sunday at St. James the Apostle.

The Litany services which have become so popular at the Church of St. James the Apostle will be resumed on Sunday next at 4.15 p.m., and as that day is Choir Sunday the music will be more than usually interesting.

Hay Export to England.

A shipment of 100 tons of hay to England has been made as an experiment in view of the increased duty on hay shipped to the States. There should be a good market in Great Britain for hay, and as the Canadian product is second to none in the world, it is expected that a large trade can be built up.

Using Black Bricks.

Sanitary Inspector Radford made the discovery yesterday that a man on Centre-street was using old sewer bricks for constructing a house, using them for the inside work and merely putting a row of new bricks on the outside. As they would be very unhealthy for the persons occupying the house, Mr. Radford will take the necessary steps to stop the further use of the objectionable bricks.

The Province of Quebec Lottery.

The firm of I. Harris & Son, cigar manufacturers, Montreal, have drawn a \$250 prize at the Province of Quebec Lottery drawing of Oct. 8.

Smoke Noisy Boys 1890 Cigars.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

Smoke Noisy Boys 1890 Cigars.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

Smoke Noisy Boys 1890 Cigars.

POLICE PICKINGS.

Nuns Appear in Court as Witnesses in the Case of a Smoke Nuisance.

In the Recorder's Court yesterday there were twenty-seven unfornates to answer the roll call, and among them were eighteen charged with imbibing too much and who had to pay the usual fine. Samuel Murray, for being drunk and refusing to pay his carter, was greeted with a penalty of three months' hard labor and \$5 fine, or in default of payment an extra three months.

Anne Costello, a female whose countenance is not unknown to the "finest," was next arraigned. "Mary Anne," said His Honor, "what a girl you are."

"No, sir, I'm a woman, and if I did loiter on Common-street last evening I was only waiting to see my lad." She was sentenced to three months in the female jail with a little penalty of \$10 attached or in default another three months.

Clement Goyette was hauled into headquarters Thursday night, on the charge of being drunk and using blasphemous language. "In fact," said the officer who made the arrest, "he is the most-foul mouthed individual I have ever met." Twenty dollars or three months was the penalty imposed by His Honor.

An unusual sight in the Recorder's Court was witnessed yesterday afternoon when four nuns appeared as witnesses and plaintiffs in the case of Henri Gauthier, defendant. Alderman Jeannotte and Mr. C. A. Geoffroy, Q.C., were present as counsel for the defendant, and Mr. Gustave Lamothe for the plaintiffs.

The nuns complained of the lime kiln belonging to the defendants, which was at the corner of St. Catherine and Fullum-streets, opposite their convent, protesting that it is a nuisance, and requesting an injunction to compel its discontinuance at once. The case was continued until this afternoon when the court will render a decision.

The Royal Insurance Company, whose headquarters are at the corner of Notre-Dame and Place d'Armes-square, was fined \$5 for allowing a water closet cock to be propped up causing a waste of water to the extent of 300 gallons per hour.

After allowing a water cock to be out of repair and causing a waste of water Moses Vinberg of 224 Bleury-street was fined \$5.

In the Police Court.

Yesterday was a dull one for the clerks of this court, there being only one small case of larceny to demand their attention outside of the Grant case, which is in enquete and which was continued until this morning.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

Smoke Noisy Boys 1890 Cigars.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. R. H. Pope, M. P. of Cookshire, is registered at the Windsor.

Mr. F. H. Gibson, of Manchester, Eng., is registered at the Windsor.

The Misses Carmichael and Miss McGregor, of New Glasgow, N.S., are guests at the Windsor.

Mr. Thos. Cantley, of the Nova Scotia Steel and Wire Co., New Glasgow, N.S., is stopping at the Windsor.

The following are registered at the Ritz Hotel: M. Jos. Joseph Yezina of Vercheres; A. C. Champagne, of Ottawa, and N. M. Lecavelier, of Rousselle Point.

At the Hotel Richelieu are Messrs A. Cuthbert, J. Quill and J. R. Reines, of Toronto; Joseph Roy, of Boston, and Mr. Thos. Hodgins and wife, of Carleton Place.

Mr. E. F. Malcourenee was yesterday afternoon appointed by the Governors of the Fraser Institute to the position of librarian, vacant by the resignation of Mr. R. W. Boodie.

Among the latest arrivals at the St. Lawrence Hall are: Messrs Henry Macfarlane, of Toronto; Frank Ross, Robert Mitchell, and W. K. Connolly, of Quebec; William Dickinson, of Syracuse, N. Y.; C. A. Scott, of Lake St. John; T. E. Moore, U.S. Consul, and E. R. T. Roy, Secretary to Sir Hector Langevin.

Mr. J. J. Franklin, who was superintendent of the Montreal Street Railway system about 10 years ago, but who has since that time held the same position in the Toronto Street Railway Company, has been appointed to the position of General Manager of the Continental Tramway Company's system in Paris at a salary of \$6500 per annum. He leaves Canada for his new work in December.

Smoke Noisy Boys 1890 Cigars.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

The Firemen's Competition.

In the heavy down-pour of rain yesterday afternoon the first section of the Montreal Fire Brigade competed for the white trumpet on the Champ de Mars, and a large number of persons witnessed the contest. The competition was between Nos. 2, 7, 9, 12 and 13 stations. The program which they were obliged to carry out was as follows:

Run 100 feet to hydrant.
Attach to cut-off.
Lay 300 feet of hose.
Strike paper dish.
Shut off water.

Replace the third length from hydrant by a length from the reel.
Take off branch and add another length at branch end, branch not to be less than 340 feet horizontal distance from hydrant.

Re-attack branch.
Strike the dish a second time.
Stop water.
Stand fast.

The first to start out was No. 2, but they were unfortunate in a coupling hose and consequently were out of the contest. Nos. 7 and 9 also failed to make a connection and then No. 12 managed to do what was required in the time of 1 min 48 sec. No. 13 followed, but their time was only 2 min 8 1/2 sec. Five more stations will compete to-day, viz: Nos. 3, 5, 6, 10 and 14 and the remainder on Monday afternoon. The best time made last year was 1 min 21 1/2 sec, by No. 4 station.

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NATIONAL MONUMENT.

Hon. Messrs. Mercier and Chapleau Express their Opinions Thereon.

The Kermesse in the Dominion Park in aid of the Monument National was very largely attended last night despite the inclement weather, and the ladies who have devoted their time to this project probably never had a more successful evening since the opening of the fair. Many were attracted to the Kermesse on this occasion by the announcement that the Hon. Premier Mercier and Hon. J. A. Chapleau would deliver addresses and they were not disappointed. Hon. Judge Loranger introduced the two speakers who on stepping upon the stage were loudly cheered and applauded. Mr. Loranger stated that on particular occasion there was no question of party as it was a National question and he was most happy to introduce Mr. Mercier and Mr. Chapleau.

The Hon. Mr. Chapleau was the first to speak and on coming forward was received with cheers. His speech was short but to the point. He referred to the patriotism of the French-Canadian people and the project they had in view at present. He was loud in his praise of the works performed by Mr. L. O. David, the originator of this scheme, and wished him and his supporters success. He also extended his praise to the ladies for their energetic labors in behalf of the national monument and hoped that they would continue to gather in large contributions for the great work.

Mr. Mercier then came forward and was received with prolonged applause and cheers. His address also was very brief but eloquent. He called upon the French-Canadian people to support the movement now going on. He was greatly in favor of the project and hoped that everything would progress favorably towards the erection of the monument. His idea was that it should be built in the eastern part of the city, which was most thickly populated by French Canadians, and also that a large hall should be constructed for the use of French Societies. Mr. David's work he said was a most laudable one, and in years hence the rising generation would look with pride to the structure. He could only praise the ladies for their endeavors in the present movement and wished them every success in the enterprise. Mr. Mercier concluded by calling the people to do all in their power to render assistance and show their patriotic spirit in the matter. A vocal entertainment was then given, amongst these taking part being Mrs. Bergeron, wife of Mr. Bergeron, M.P.

The Kermesse will close to-night and the receipts at present show that it has been most successful.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY.

Something About Mr. McKee Rankin in "The Canuck."

Theatre patrons of the Academy are promised a treat in store for them next Monday evening, when Mr. McKee Rankin, supported by his own company, is to be seen in the new comedy drama called "The Canuck." During his long career on the stage Mr. Rankin has given many characterizations, but in his impersonation of the old Canadian he is said to excel anything he has previously done. There are other parts in the play which are worthy of mention. The company is said to be composed of capable artists who are very satisfactory in their several roles. Seats are now on sale at Nordheimer's.

Fast up to Date.

The last performances of this popular burlesque will be given to-day at 2 and 8 p.m. As the company do not leave until Sunday evening a full performance is promised for to-night.

True Irish Hearts.

In speaking of this popular drama The Pittsburg Times says: "True Irish Hearts" is a beautiful story, clean-cut and picturesque mounted. It is a typical Irish play, somewhat stronger than the usual representative, and creditably acted throughout. A genuine Irish bagpipe player is an interesting feature of the production.

Mlle Dorleans at the Windsor.

It is to be regretted that so small an audience gathered at the Ladies' Ordinar of the Windsor, to listen to the entertainment which the genius of Mlle Suzanne Dorleans enables her to provide for her patrons.

Her rendering of the French and English selections of her program was of the highest order and stamps her as of the best vaudeville artists of the day. Especially was this so in her rendition of the "Little Rebel" by Georges Feydeau. It is a piece which calls into play a variety of talent, and the execution of it proved that Mlle Dorleans has recognized that *ars est celare artem*. The French selections were also appropriate, but it is suggested that it would be better for the artist if they were given in the East End. The Windsor is too far west for the majority of our French Canadian citizens who can best value the fineness of her performances. The entertainment was thoroughly enjoyable and thoroughly justified the title bestowed upon her by The New York Sun—The female Coquelin.

Sailors' Concert.

The band of the Royal Templars of Temperance was present last evening to the sailors concert and played several selections very acceptably. A piccolo and bones duet was well rendered by Messrs Smith and Hanley who also responded to a hearty encore. Mr. Cowan recited very humorously "The annual dinner of the Fifty Pound Club," and Mr. Davie sang "The Maid of the Mill." The sailors were well represented by Walker Taylor, Thos. Galvin and Thos. Davey, from the R.M.S. Vancouver; Wm. O'Brien and Lawrence Dunn, from the S.S. Lake Huron; Wm. Hallare, S.S. Dracoona, and Stanley Cuthbertson, S.S. Fremont. Mr. Bell announced that the Queen's Hall had been secured for the annual closing concert on Monday evening, Nov. 3, and that efforts were being made to have the concert equal to, if not better, than any given by the Sailors' Institute.

Hallowe'en Concert.

The Caledonia Society's Hallowe'en concert this year is very likely to be addressed by the Hon. G. W. Ross, Minister of Education for the Province of Ontario. He is one of the foremost of our public speakers and can say much of interest to the people of Montreal upon any subject. He can say it well, too. Having been in public life for years his reminiscences must be of the most interesting nature, aside altogether from political life. The committee who have the concert in hand are rapidly perfecting their arrangements and have drawn from New York and Boston celebrities in song an verse, as well as from our own nearer home.

THE PROVINCIAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

Discuss the Questions of Quarantine Regulations and Cemetery Vaults.

A meeting of the Provincial Board of Health was held on Oct. 9, there being present: Dr. Lachapelle, chairman; Drs. Lemieux, Garneau, Paquet, Craik, Fiset and Mr. Gray. After reading the minutes of the preceding meeting, the secretary read the commission of Dr. Fiset and also the commissions re-appointing Dr. Lachapelle and Mr. Gray.

The president then laid before the board the question of amending the public health act of 1888 with the object of better protecting the Province against epidemics and contagious diseases and of obliging local authorities to fulfill their duties. The proposed bill was read clause by clause and exhaustively discussed and the suggestions offered by Mr. Geoffroy, etc., on points of law adopted. Hon. Dr. Paquet, Dr. Fiset and the president were charged with the duty of laying the bill before the Government and of superintending its passage through the Legislature.

Dr. Fiset introduced the much discussed question of quarantine regulations at Rimouski and the fact that representations on this subject as well as a report on the requirements of Grosse Isle, such as the new wharf, etc., had been already made to the Federal Government, which has entire control of quarantine, was explained fully by the president.

Mr. Craik moved that it is desirable that the Board should be represented at the next meeting of the American Public Health Association to be held shortly at Charleston.

An enormous number of defective private vaults in cemeteries in all parts of the province were reported, and it was clearly demonstrated that the necessity for legislation on this subject was very urgent.

After issuing a number of orders to municipalities the Board adjourned. Arrangements for that effect were left with the president.

The Levis drainage defects were reported by the inspector of the board, Dr. Beaudry, and it was decided to wait until after the next session of Parliament, when the Board hopes to have power to deal with the question summarily.

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THE HARAS NATIONAL.

Premier Mercier Inspects the Stock of Horses Exhibited by Hon. Mr. Beaubien.

The Hon. Premier Mercier paid a visit yesterday afternoon to the residence of the Hon. L. Beaubien, President of the Haras National, for the purpose of inspecting the valuable stock of horses and cattle there. The Prime Minister was accompanied by Messrs. Desjardins, M.P. G. A. Nantel, M.P.P., J. E. Robidoux, Attorney-General; Ald. Villeneuve, M.P.P. and J. A. Mercier. The rain which poured down incessantly interfered in no way with the pleasure of the trip.

The Premier evinced great interest in the stallions which were paraded before him, especially the two noble Percherons, Joly and Boom, and the Marquis and Holophrone, the latter of which is a three-quarter Arab, and all of which have taken a number of prizes. When Mr. Beaubien had explained to him the pedigree and qualities of these animals the Premier remarked with a smile:

"France is effecting a pacific reconquest of Canada by means of her horses."

The alto cutler and elevator was also an object of marked attention on the part of Mr. Mercier. It was in full working order, cutting and elevating large cornstalks at the rate of a ton every three minutes.

At the close of the inspection an adjournment was made to Mr. Beaubien's residence, where, after refreshments had been partaken of, Mr. Beaubien entered into a brief exposition of the value and importance of the work which the Haras National was doing. He complained about the prejudices which existed throughout the Dominion against the Percheron breed of horses. He respected these prejudices, but he asked that those who entertained them should institute a fair inquiry into the respective merits of the Percheron horses, and compare them with those of the Clydes and Shires. In the United States the superior qualities of the Percheron breed were fully recognized, as was proved by the fact that between four and five thousand of these horses were imported in that country annually. All he demanded was justice and fair play, and he hoped that these would be accorded to the Haras National.

Mr. Mercier said a few words in response. He had given his friends and himself great pleasure to visit the Haras National. When they saw the quality and the quantity of the horses imported into Canada by Mr. Beaubien, and who were associated with him they could not fail to be convinced that through their efforts the ancient race of Canadian horses would be restored to the superior position it had once occupied. Mr. Beaubien and his associates, he said, were engaged in an important work. They had not succeeded as they deserved; but this was not their fault. It was due to the prejudice to which allusion had been made, and which exists not only among the English-speaking people, but also, he regretted to say, amongst the French-speaking. Mr. Beaubien had asked for justice. He might rely upon it that he would receive more than that; he would receive protection. The day was not far distant when the valuable qualities of the Percheron breed would be so thoroughly recognized by an intelligent people that all prejudice would completely disappear. He wished prosperity to the Haras National.

The party then returned to Montreal.

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SUBSCRIBE FOR THE HERALD.

A DEAD MAN'S MILLIONS

Therefore, they asked themselves for what purpose he paid such frequent visits to the mother and daughter. They thought that he was courting the pretty linen-worker, but as they never went out together and as there was nothing singular in their manner towards each other, no positive conclusion could be reached. And, for want of material to feed on, wicked and malicious gossip died as soon as it was born.

THE TWO WIDOWS.

Three days after Anastasia Fourrel reached Paris and her Cousin, Rabiot's house, the tenant who occupied the apartment, adjoining Madame Lureau's was ordered to vacate. The janitress was simply told by Rabiot that the person was undesirable as a tenant and must give up the room.

The janitress was further instructed to let them again to the first respectable applicant.

The janitress at once put out the sign "apartments to let," as directed by the landlord.

Early the next morning a tall, bony woman, apparently about 35 years of age, applied to the janitress. She wore a mourning garment with a long cape well fastened to her hat, likewise of crape. She had a mild and timid air and kept her eyes almost constantly fixed upon the ground.

She said that she was the widow of a captain of the army, recently deceased, and she had come from the country in order that she might be near her son for several months pending a settlement of her husband's estate.

"What is the rent of the rooms which you have vacant?" asked the widow.

"Three hundred francs."

"That is just the sum that I can afford to pay," she said.

The widow looked at the rooms, said that they exactly suited her and paid the first month's rent in advance.

The widow, who gave the name of Fournier, but who was none other than Anastasia Fourrel, Rabiot's cousin, took possession the next day and for three weeks earnestly cultivated the acquaintance of her neighbors occupying the next apartments, Madame Lureau and her beautiful daughter.

She pretended to have taken the greatest fancy to Eugénie, and did numerous little acts of courtesy and kindness which completely won the mother's heart and confidence.

The counterfeited widow was not long in drawing from the simple-minded widow an account of Lucien Morel and of his weekly visits.

The second Sunday after Mme. Fournier's arrival Lucien Morel came to make his usual visit at Madame Lureau's. It was his only holiday, his really happy day.

To see Eugénie, contemplate her, admire her, become intoxicated by her smile, by her beauty, and by the sweet light of her countenance, was ineffable joy and supreme happiness.

"I did not expect you this morning, Lucien; you told us last Sunday that you were engaged for to-day," said Mme. Lureau.

"Yes, I am to accompany M. and Madame Georges Ramel to Villeneuve, where they are to celebrate the return of an old friend after several weeks' absence. I should very much prefer not to attend his reunion, but I cannot avoid it."

"If you do not do all that you can to be agreeable to your benefactors, Monsieur Lucien, you would be ungrateful."

"I shall never forget what I owe them," said Lucien. "But I do not see Eugénie. Will she be out to-day?"

"She probably will not return before noon; she has gone to mass with our neighbor, Madame Fournier."

The expression of the young man's face changed.

"I shall not see her then to-day," said he sadly. "I must be at the Lyons station at half-past 11."

"I will tell her that you came."

"That is by no means the same thing for me," thought Lucien.

After a moment's silence the widow resumed.

"Have you had any news yet of your brother or sister?"

"No, Madame Lureau; I am still in ignorance of their whereabouts. It is true that I have made no serious search for them yet. The time will come."

"Is M. Ramel well satisfied with you?"

"I think so."

"Your work advances?"

"I work at my picture with enthusiasm. As soon as it is finished I shall bring another, for now I desire to have two pictures in the next salon. Ah! it is a great undertaking * * * but ah! Madame Lureau, if I succeed * * *

"Well."

"It will be a fine day for me."

"Is M. Ramel still in the city that you know us and come to see us often?"

"Yes, Madame Lureau."

"Do you not consider your conduct towards those whom you call your benefactors somewhat mysterious?"

The young man became as red as a peony. "Confess," said the widow, "that you do not show much confidence in them."

"But, Madame—"

my eyes and put my maternal anxiety to sleep. Monsieur Lucien, the best thing for you to do, in your own interest and that of my daughter, would be to renounce your dream from this time forth."

"You may ask anything of me, Madame Lureau, except that," cried the young man. The widow sighed. "May God protect my child!" she murmured.

Lucien threw a glance at the clock. He had only just time enough to get to the station. He went away with a heavy heart.

When Eugénie came back, a little before noon, her mother told her that she had had a visit from the young man.

"Will he come back in the afternoon?" asked the young girl.

"No, he is going with George Ramel to Villeneuve."

The young girl's brow darkened.

"If I had known," said she, "I would not have gone to mass."

A severe look from her mother made her blush; she lowered her eyes. She did not dare to question the widow further concerning Lucien. She set the table and served breakfast. They ate in silence. Madame Lureau was absorbed in her thoughts, Eugénie was sad.

That evening the mother and daughter went to bed with their neighbor, the latter had taken breakfast with Joseph Rabiot, to whom she always had many things to report.

She came back at half-past two, took off her shawl and hat, and went at once to find Madame Lureau. The young girl was at work, although it was a day of rest. She felt the need of trying to divert herself, and then work with the needle does not interfere with reflection or with dreams.

"Do not disturb yourself, my dear," said the neighbor to Eugénie, who was preparing to lay aside her work.

The pretended widow took a moment with Madame Lureau, and then, under the pretext that she wanted to show her something, she offered her the support of her arm and led her to her own rooms.

Having seated her comfortably in one of her softest arm chairs, she sat down in front of her and said:

"I desired to talk to you about certain things that Mlle. Eugénie must not hear."

The widow looked at her questioner with a surprise that was mingled with some anxiety.

"do not hide from me the fact," resumed the neighbor, "that I am somewhat embarrassed, for the matter of which I am about to speak is a very delicate one. But my affection for you, and the interest that I feel in your dear child, makes it my duty not to be silent. Do you authorize me to speak frankly to you, with an open heart?"

"Yes, my friend, I begin by telling you that you are a very imprudent mother."

Madame Lureau gave a sudden start.

"Explain yourself," said she.

"Perhaps I should have said you only lack foresight."

"The word is of small consequence."

"You receive a young man frequently at your rooms?"

"Yes."

"In what character do you receive him?"

"In the character of a friend."

"Very well; but are you quite sure that he comes to see you as a friend?"

"What else do you suppose, Madame?"

"I suppose nothing, but listen to me: This morning your daughter spoke to me of this young man with an enthusiasm which frightened me. It seemed to me that Mlle. Eugénie was something like the hero of a novel. Young girls are easily dazzled and too often disposed to launch out into dreams and delusions. I repeat, your daughter spoke to me of this young man with an emotion, with a warmth which makes a small impression on me, and I thought I ought to call your attention to a danger which perhaps does not exist, but which seems to me a possibility."

Madame Lureau let a sigh escape her. She was touched to the heart, for the same thing that was being said to her herself thought.

"How old is this young man?" asked the neighbor.

"Twenty years."

"However precocious young people may be in the matter of friendship," resumed the pretended widow in a slightly ironical tone, "I may be permitted to doubt the sincerity of that of this young man. Have you known him long?"

"Ten months."

"Then I doubt no longer, there is something besides friendship in this. Can one believe in the friendship of a boy of 20 years * * * Ah! if he had known you from his childhood I would not say a word; but for two months only * * *

Evidently, Mademoiselle Eugénie is the attraction which draws the young man here."

"Possibly," stammered Madame Lureau, visibly embarrassed.

"For what purpose? What does he want?"

"His behavior is perfect; he says little to my daughter, and never an unbecoming word."

"In your presence it would be audacity to do so, and, besides, you would not suffer it."

"Certainly not."

"My dear Madame Lureau, this young man must love your daughter."

"I do not say that he does not," answered the widow, more and more ill at ease.

"And Eugénie, although very young yet, may at any moment let her heart answer. There would be the danger of which I spoke just now, for, admitting that M. Lucien's intentions are not bad, one cannot have too much confidence in a young boy of that age. Fortunately there is nothing to prove that this young man has not introduced himself into your household under the mask of a friend to play a villainous role."

Madame Lureau trembled.

"What does this Monsieur Lucien do? What is his position? Have you made any inquiries about him?"

"He is an artist. I know only what he has told me about himself."

"Too much credulity."

"I think him incapable of lying."

"Very well. Does he live with his parents?"

"He has neither father nor mother."

"Has he a fortune?"

"No, he is poor."

"Another bad recommendation, for one does not associate with a young girl with a view to marriage unless he can give his wife at least the prime necessities of life."

"He works, and hopes to get means."

"Hope is a fine thing, which rests too often on nothing but illusions."

"True."

"Is he already earning something?"

"Nothing yet."

"Nothing? But how does he live?"

"He has powerful friends, among others the Count de Soleure."

"The Count de Soleure!" exclaimed the pretended widow.

"Do you know him?"

"Not personally, but I have often heard of him; he is a generous man, who does much good."

"Well, the Count de Soleure is the friend of M. Lucien, whose teacher is M. Georges Ramel, the Count de Soleure's son-in-law. M. Lucien is not only the pupil, but also the friend of M. Georges Ramel, and he boards and lives at the Count de Soleure's house."

"Did the young man tell you that?"

"Yes."

"Is it true?"

"I am almost sure that he has not deceived me."

"You call him Lucien; he must have another name."

"Undoubtedly; his family name is Morel."

At the name of Morel, Joseph Rabiot's accomplice gave a sudden start, and the surprise rendered her speechless for a

moment.

"Ah," said she at last, "his name is Morel. Was he born in Paris?"

"No, but he came here at a very early age with his father. His mother had been dead two or three years. He was born in a village. He told me the name of it, but I did not remember it; at any rate, it was a village near Auxonne."

The pretended widow started more violently still. "Having lost his father since, he now has no family?"

"He was not an only child, he has a brother and a sister, both a little older than himself."

He certainly Denise's brother, thought the neighbor. Then aloud: "His brother and sister are also in Paris, without doubt?"

"I do not think so. At any rate, if they are in Paris, M. Lucien does not know it. The three children were separated at a very early age, and since he has been in Paris, M. Lucien has seen neither his brother or sister; much more, he has never heard anything of them, and does not know what has become of them."

"It is very strange," said Mme. Fournier. "But we have wandered very far from the subject of our conversation. I come back to it. I am, I tell you, my dear Madame Lureau, to keep your eyes wide open and be on your guard. What you have just told me of M. Lucien Morel's high connections does not reassure me; on the contrary. You cannot look upon this young man as Eugénie's future husband."

The poor mother lowered her head, and said: "Remember that he is only 20 and dependent upon people of high position who protect him. Does the Count de Soleure know of his acquaintance with you?"

"No; M. Lucien thought it best to say nothing to any one about the visits that he is paying to us."

"You see, he is concealing. That bodes nothing good, and you have a perfect right to suspect his intentions. Once more I ask what does this young man want. Ah, dear friend, see the danger against which I put you on your guard. When I think of the misfortune that may befall your dear child, I shudder."

"I know my daughter, never."

"Yes, you have right to rely on her prudence and the affection and respect that she feels for you; but a young girl is so weak. In your presence M. Lucien behaves well, is respectful to your daughter and circum-spect in his speech; but Eugénie is always under your eye; she goes out, she may have meetings * * *

"Neither she nor he would dare."

"Ah! my friend, too much confidence makes you blind."

"My dear friend, I am frightened!" cried the widow, in a troubled voice; "can you have discovered anything?"

"No, no, nothing; reassure yourself; but all things are possible, and I should simply ask M. Lucien Morel to discontinue his visits."

"Yes, but it is difficult * * *

"Why?"

"You know that my daughter and I are heavily in debt?"

"You have not spoken to me of that."

"We owe a thousand francs."

"That's a great deal for you."

"Yes, a great deal too much; well, it was M. Lucien who lent me this money."

"He? Ah! my poor friend, now I understand your embarrassment. You are, indeed, in a delicate position respecting this young man. But how poor as he is, could he loan you this money?"

"He sold a picture."

"One of his own?"

"For a thousand francs?"

"So he told me."

"This is scarcely credible."

"Do you think that he did not tell me the truth?"

"It is my opinion. Nevertheless, I do not wish to judge this young man hastily. Some things that you have told me are in his favor, some against him. He behaves very properly, well and good. But the mysterious attitude fills me with serious fears. Remember, dear friend, that it is solely your daughter that is at stake in all this, and that this dear child must be put beyond the reach of certain attempts. In short, you do not know M. Lucien Morel; therefore I think it absolutely necessary that you should make enquiries about the young man without delay."

"Willingly, but to whom shall I apply?"

"You know no one. Well, if you like, I will undertake the matter."

"I wish you would."

"Then I will see my attorneys to-morrow. They will make enquiries and you shall soon know whether you can place confidence in M. Lucien Morel."

CHAPTER II.

THE PLOT.

Joseph Rabiot was in a state of consternation.

Mademoiselle Anastasia Fourrel, who, at the Rue Beaunoir, called herself Madame Fournier, the widow of a captain who died at Tunis, had just given him a long account of the conversation which she had had the night before with the widow Lureau.

Rabiot's face was very red and his eyes as phosphorescent as a tiger's at night.

He had just breakfasted heartily, as was his custom, and his digestion being suddenly stopped, he thought for a moment that he was threatened with an apoplectic stroke. He quickly resorted to a flask of vinegar salts; he moistened his brow and temples, took deep breaths of the acid fumes, and thus succeeded in driving away the blood which had rushed to his head.

"It is over," said he, returning to Anastasia.

"Are you subject to attacks of dizziness, cousin?"

"Why, no; this is the first time such a thing ever happened to me. What you just told me produced an effect."

"No; now that I begin to reflect. Not in the first moment of surprise I felt frightened. There is a fatality in this matter; not only in this young man, who stands in the way of our plans, the brother of Denise, but he is the pupil of the painter, Georges Ramel, and the protégé of the Count de Soleure. M. Georges's execution. These are blows which we could not expect from chance. But what is there to say? Nothing."

"If there is anything to say, cousin, there is something to do."

"Certainly. This young man must be absolutely driven away, and as soon as possible."

"We shall succeed in it, I think."

"Yes, for you have prepared things well. You have been very adroit, very shrewd, cousin; receive my congratulations; you are playing your role admirably; keep on. With such an auxiliary as you success is certain."

"You had an especially happy thought," continued Rabiot, "when you made the suggestion to Madame Lureau, who hastened to accept it, that you furnish her with information concerning Lucien Morel."

"I saw the opportunity that that would give us of burning the young man out."

"And you saw so clearly, cousin, that, after you have given your information to the widow Lureau concerning her daughter's lover, she will be in the greatest hurry to give him his formal dismissal—that is, to throw him out of doors."

"But the thousand francs?"

"Ah! yes, I had forgotten those. Well, we will arrange that. You told this very evening inform the widow Lureau, not regarding Lucien Morel, but regarding the honor of his family; nevertheless, despite my haste to end matters with the lover, you will wait three days; you must appear to have had time to get the promised information."

"I have it there, in this drawer of my desk: three long columns—a note journal, the reading of which will interest the widow Lureau and her daughter enormously. And

with I know something else still, which I will tell you; this also is very interesting. The widow's principles being what they are, she will not hesitate a second. Once rid of Lucien Morel, we shall be complete masters of the situation, and can proceed as rapidly as possible towards the final result."

Within three months Miss Eugénie Lureau must be Mrs. Joseph Rabiot. Then, whatever happens, we shall have nothing to lose.

"Cousin, do you see nothing to fear from this young man and his wealthy friends?"

"No, cousin, I defy the Count de Soleure and all the aristocracy of the country ever to discover what the widow Lureau, who is ignorant of her mother's name, is the child of Claire Guérin and that Claire Guérin was called Beau-Soupir, and lived on a farm at Naudval. The dead are very dead; they do not return. However, the widow Lureau, the Count de Soleure, he will never hear Claire Guérin's voice issuing from her grave."

"By the way, cousin, I hired last night the house at Ville d'Avray, which we went to see together the other day."

"I am delighted, cousin, for that small place suits me perfectly."

"That is why I decided upon it, in spite of the fact that I thought the price a little too high."

"Did you hire it in your name?"

"Faith, I took good care not to commit that gross blunder. I hired it in the name of Madame the widow Fournier. I negotiated with a furniture dealer, who has contracted to furnish the house throughout, including the upholstery and the kitchen utensils. To you I have left the purchase of the necessary linen. This day week the house will be ready for you. I have done well, I think; you will have three sleeping-rooms, a suitable dining-room, a very nice parlor. A brave captain's widow needs as much as that."

Mademoiselle Anastasia began to laugh, showing her long spoiled teeth.

"Finally, dear cousin, on the day of your establishment at Ville d'Avray, you shall have a servant selected by me."

"You think of everything, cousin," said Anastasia as she rose to take leave.

The next morning Madame Fournier came to find the widow Lureau, whispered a few words in her ear, and then took her away to her room.

"Well," asked Eugénie's mother, who was getting anxious, "what have you to say to me?"

"Very serious things. I wanted to talk with you last night, but I was very late when I came home; I ran about all the afternoon; I am busy in getting things ready at a summer cottage I have rented at Ville d'Avray, and I have seen my notary and my two attorneys; I have asked these gentlemen to be kind enough to make enquiries regarding M. Lucien Morel."

"Well!" said the widow, in an oppressed voice.

"The young man is really, as he told you, a pupil of Georges Ramel. The Count de Soleure, a philanthropist, took him into his house a few years ago in consequence of a most dramatic event; you shall judge for yourself directly."

"Naturally the young man, raised from poverty and ignorance, was grateful to his benefactor, and he has everything to gain by his behaving well, his conduct has been exemplary."

Madame Lureau gave a sigh of relief.

"Unfortunately, my dear friend," continued the neighbor, "the information brought to me concerning Lucien Morel's family is not the most encouraging. It is enough to make one's hair stand on end."

"His father, a weaver in the village of Viranotte, was lazy and a drunkard; his mother was a worthy woman enough; her husband treated her to all sort of brutalities and let her want for everything, so that she was in poverty and distress. To escape the drunkard's bad treatment, Lucien's brother and sister had to leave that part of the country and find some way of earning their living, though very young. Thus, the three orphans were separated, and, as you know, have never seen each other since."

"Too young as yet and too weak to go away alone, Lucien stayed with his father, as well as a little girl who had been abandoned by her parents, and whom the weaver's wife had nursed. This little unfortunate was a heavy burden on the weaver, who, instead of working, passed his time in drinking. The little creature was the drunkard's drudge."

"One day she suddenly disappeared, and all search for her proved fruitless. Public rumor accused Morel of having killed the child to get rid of her. A warrant was issued and he was arrested. Then the weaver suddenly became insane. So that, instead of being tried, he was sent to a mad house."

Eugénie's mother was overwhelmed.

"Horrible, horrible!" she murmured.

"This is only the beginning," said the neighbor. "I have not been able to learn anything of M. Lucien's elder brother. Where is he? No one knows. What is he doing? No one knows that either. But I have succeeded in ascertaining something about the sister, whose name is Denise. This girl is now in prison at Blois and will soon appear for trial."

"Great God! is it possible?" exclaimed Madame Lureau. "But what has the unfortunate girl done?"

"She is accused of robbery and murder."

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A noted Canadian athlete writes:—"I have used Harvard Bronchial Syrup. It is the most satisfactory cough medicine I ever tried and I know that through its use I have recovered from a very bad cold."

Yours truly,
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A. J. Lawrence, Esq.,

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Dear Sir,—Your remedy "Harvard Bronchial Syrup" is recommended to me, a chronic sufferer from a catarrhal form of the bronchial trouble, by the distinguished General Straubenzle, of Kingston, Ont. Please send me C. O. D. a package of the Harvard.

Very Respectfully,
FRANCIS S. REW,
Rochester, N. Y.

2ND LETTER.

Enclosed find one dollar in payment for two bottles of your syrup for bronchitis,

etc. After taking one half of it the catarrh was dried up and I had neither irritation nor cough.

Yours respectfully,
FRANCIS S. REW,
Rochester, N. Y.

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Yours truly,
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General District Agent of the
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A. J. LAWRENCE, Esq.,
Dear Sir,—Please forward by express two dozen of Harvard Bronchial Syrup. We have sold what you sent and the demand is increasing.

Very truly yours,
L. V. MORIN.

A LOCAL DEALER.

We find that your Bronchial Syrup is taking the lead and sales are increasing rapidly.

Yours very truly,
J. SHEDRICK & SON,
Magog, Que.

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Dear Sir,—I am happy to add one more to your long list of testimonials in favor of your Harvard Bronchial Syrup. Have used it myself with the grandest results and am acquainted with numerous persons suffering from bronchial troubles who have derived a complete cure, therefore I can honestly recommend it to all who are troubled with such affections.

Yours truly,
J. C. MCENROE,
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GAVE GREAT SATISFACTION.

Dear Sir,—"Harvard Bronchial Syrup" has been used in my family with very great success, and I have pleasure in recommending it to those who suffer from coughs as one of the best and most efficacious remedies.

REV. THOMAS HARRIS.

A. J. LAWRENCE,

**SOLE PROPRIETOR AND MANUFACTURER FOR CANADA
MONTREAL, QUE.**

NEW YORK GOSSIP.

AGNES HUNTINGTON'S GREAT SUCCESS.

New York Emphaseses London—Plonquette's Opera Well Sung—Miss Alice Shaw's Work in Europe—Musical Notes—Descriptive of A. C. Munroe—Autumn Fashions

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE HERALD.
THURSDAY, Oct. 9, 1890.

It was the second night that I went to the Broadway Theatre to see "Paul Jones."

All day long it poured in torrents, and excepting those who had tickets I found that the house might not be as full as Mr. Marcus Mayer would desire.

Never was misgiving more at fault. Before the leader's baton had made its first stroke the auditorium was filled. When the drop-curtain went up every box, every stall was occupied, and the company assembled included illustrious men, leaders of fashionable society (the queens of our land), and representatives of the wealth of our big city, all anxious to behold Miss Agnes Huntington. A handsome, more graceful, a finer formed young woman—all in male attire—has not been seen on the boards of any play house. The male attire as the songstress wears it has not a suspicion of vulgarity; in fact a full white cambric blouse and trousers well covered with top-boots are idealized as adopted by the artist. Her stage presence is elegant and entirely self-possessed; her manner is easy, elastic, sportive, cheery, in keeping with her role. She goes right to the hearts of her countrymen, and now no one wonders that Miss Huntington met with such a tremendous London success. Her voice has great compass and in these lower notes is that of a rich contralto. The upper notes are round and sweet, though at times weak. Plonquette's music in "Paul Jones" is quite inferior to that of his other works and through this music we are now listening to Miss Huntington. But her stately personality, her fine histrionic ability, her directness and dramatic force, combined with her voice, are splendid accessories that combine to make Agnes Huntington the success of the new season.

As I have spoken hitherto of the librett I shall not now dwell upon its points, suffice to say it really tells a story, having for its pivot the hero of romance and history. The company surrounding Paul Jones is in general clever. The chorus is well drilled and the singing graceful and in keeping. The costumes are varied and beautiful. The stage mountings are very handsome in every detail. Once seeing Paul Jones with Miss Huntington as the hero will never, never suffice.

Mrs. Alice Shaw,
(So the gossips declare) the famous and beautiful whistler, who has been in England for the past sixteen months, whistled at a series of concerts at Covent Garden during September, with great

success. Mrs. Shaw has been studying hard during her residence in Europe for the past two or three years, and has much improved musically. She now whistles with an orchestra, with great artistic effect. On Nov. 5, Mrs. Shaw goes to St. Petersburg, under engagement with Julius Zet, Patti's manager. She is to whistle with an orchestra, and the tour will embrace Hungary, Austria, Germany and Roumania, closing in Paris in six or eight months from the start.

Mrs. Shaw is now living at 151 Shanestreet, Belgravia, near Cadogan Square. In this neighborhood are the London houses of Mrs. Marshall O. Roberts, the Bradley-Martins, Mrs. Jaffrey and Mrs. Ronalds. The last named has taken great interest in Mrs. Shaw.

As Mrs. Shaw's first journey out of her native land was her Canadian trip, when you will all remember she assisted at the annual Scottish concert about three years ago, the above bit of good news I am sure will be welcomed.

Musical Notes.

Mme. Alma Alhaiza, the famous bravura singer, who has been delighting South American audiences, will make her debut in New York at Chickering Hall, Oct. 17, and Saturday matinee Oct. 18. With her will appear Don Aurelio Cernelos, a distinguished Spanish pianist and composer, whose brilliant style has been highly appreciated in France, Spain, Portugal and Havana.

Miss Maud Powell, the violin virtuoso, commences her fourth season under the management of Mr. L. M. Richen, Oct. 6. She is studying a new concerto, dedicated to her by a well-known Italian composer.

Mr. A. C. Munroe, secretary of the Worcester Musical Festival, in the summer number of "Light" is truthfully photographed both by camera and pen. He has a refined and expressive face, clear cut features, earnest eyes and a broad intellectual brow over which his iron grey hair is smoothly brushed. Among his distinguishing characteristics are quickness of perception and decision in action, united to executive ability of the highest rank.

As secretary of the Festival Association the great burden of correspondence, planning and routine work has fallen upon him, and hard as the work has been, he has never slighted it in any respect. He attends rehearsals as regularly as any member and sings nightly with the chorus. He is 58 years old, but looks about forty. He is resident agent for Central Massachusetts for 15 fire insurance companies, the largest company in the world, the Liverpool and London and Globe, heading the list.

"Ascotney Street."

a neighborhood story, is the latest novel by Mrs. A. D. T. Whitney, published by Messrs. Houghton, Mifflin and Company, of Boston and New York. The work is delightfully done. The moral to be learned is that truth makes the homely concerns of life beautiful; that form without foundation is the veriest kind of mockery, and that making believe to be real is the hardest kind of mean work. The romance of this new novel centres around a young and pretty woman who, through shortness of cash or collateral, earned her living by doing dress making at different customers' houses. The incident of this young woman's life was losing her bonnet. She was in a railway crash. A man telegraphed for a new one. This knight was

an utter stranger. The dress-maker behaved so nicely, she was very pretty and young (mind you,) her truthful character shone in her face the befriender was in search of truth embodied in a handsome woman.

And here he found it. Of course the young woman, whose name was Jane, plied diligently at her needle for two years to come, and in that time we learned of the ways and shams of Ascotney-street. We smiled as we find the pen of the author a looking-glass in which many a home-trust reflection is seen. Mrs. Whitney's powers of description are masterly. She must love a sail on the summer sea for she throws a love throb into many of her efficient sentences. Note in the following her color touches—a description of the bay at sundown:

"Gold and flame-color and pale green in the sky; green and gold repeated in the sea; a far-off amethyst line against the horizon bend; the lovely hues palpitating, floating, changing, like jewels massed and molten, flowing one into another; shores radiant with answering tints, breathing and shining in rich leafage, mirrored in still margins and clear depths; the creeping inlets all on fire with beauty, whether the earth or of the heaven, it were hard to tell, a splendor flung back and forth in echoes of shine and sheen; sleeping, tender shadows waiting their turn to veil all in yet more exquisite softness, upon which quiet stars will look down with benison,—this is a hint of what lay before their eyes and reached into their spirits, as the sea reaches up into the glowing land."

F. W. Christern has just imported by Barrow (L.). La raison et la Foi. Solutions des deux grands problèmes qui ont pour but de concilier la raison avec la raison et la raison avec la foi.

Autumn Fashions.

With the crispness of an October morning, especially after a couple of rainy days, the shopper goes forth like a woman refreshed, to win and to admire, to contemplate and then to make his fall purchases sometimes a triple more costly than her purse would allow. But for this little sin of commission, she is to be excused because the merchants have knowingly tempted her into extravagance through their splendid exhibit of elegant goods.

The Ottoman-Sicilian combination, with velvet, is popular both for day and evening wear. One of the novelties in evening wraps is a combination of plush, heliotrope and green, trimmed with natural feathers, and richly wrought with Turkish embroidery. Among the most beautiful of the silks are

The Black-Browns.

with their bright Pompadour figuring, Muscovite stripes, feathered tracings, with much of the Persian and Turkish in the idea of their combinations. The oddest silks are those with irregular parallel dashes, giving a granite effect. These are very desirable in combination with silk Henriettes and fine dress goods, as well as with plain silks. In plain colored silks for street wear, dinner and reception gowns, are Beugaine de soie, regence de soie and Oriental armure. The drap de noeta is the newest in crepe de chine, soft as China silk.

A very pronounced luncheon gown is of cloth, the skirt straw-colored, elaborated with applique work and a flower design wrought in chenille. The waist and draperies are of turquoise blue cloth,

with "raw" edges draped high on the left side to expose the petticoat. The sleeves and yoke are also of straw-colored cloth. All the effects are straight and all tendencies toward fulness are at the back. One of the handsomest gowns on exhibition is of heliotrope cloth, with gold braid trimming, a Louis Quinze coat with figure velvet sleeves, skirt close in front, slightly draped behind.

A striking garment is a Pingat opera cloak. It is made of French-gray camel's hair, embroidered in gold tinsel, heliotrope and black, and it is lined throughout with quilted canary-colored satin. There is a long vest to the cloak of Ottoman silk, with a girdle of flat gold braid. The collar is a neat work of gold braid filled in with black ostrich feathers. Another Pingat garment is a short black plush wrap, embroidered in Persian colors; it has a high Medici collar, which terminates in a vest and it is trimmed with a combination of chenille and crochet.

A Worth dinner dress is greatly admired by all who see it. The skirt is of black velvet, with a V back and front, the ornamentation finishing in a tight-fitting corsage of fine jet, from which at the back a fringe depends thirty inches long it its longest part.

A Carriage Dress

of satin in stone-gray, of a brocade design representing winter in snowflakes powdering leafless trees. The skirt is made with small paniers, and plaits up the back, and is bordered at the front with small, curling gray ostrich tips. The waist is pointed, with plaiting in front and back, and has a double bias box-plaiting around the bottom, and the full sleeves are of brown velvet overlaid with check work of passementerie of gray silk and gold tinsel, and finished with deep cuffs and epaulettes of rich passementerie of arabesque design. An Elizabethan ruff, filled in with ostrich tips, finishes the neck. Another of silk in pearl-gray, brocade with pink ribbons, has a plaited skirt, round or pointed waist, with full Marie Antoinette vest of crepe de chine framed in iridescent bullion passementerie, and cuffs of the crepe and passementerie. Still another is a rich, dark-brown plush flecked with red and green, the skirt overlaid half its depth with applications of floriated design of cloth in aubergine color embroidered with silver, the Louis XVI coat having a silver-embroidered cloth vest. Another carriage dress has a skirt of polonaise effect, of pearl-gray cloth, scalloped at the top, and confined by buttons to a waist of velvet in a rich shade of moss-green, the waist having a surplised front, filled in with a double chemisette, and the skirt slashed to show panels of the velvet.

Autumn Millinery.

A large brown velvet hat, slightly turned at one side, the edge being in gilt cord, brim well covered with ostrich tips, back trimming of ribbon and aigrettes; next a medium-sized hat of felt braided in imitation of straw, with a soft crown of velvet and a back trimming of swallows; a soft velvet turban of yellow velvet embroidered in black passing into a turban, having a Persian lamb brim, finish being in quills and knotting ribbon. A dainty evening bonnet in three bands of turquoise blue velvet, overlaid with passementerie in jet and gold, the third band supporting a jet dragon fly, is trimmed with a bunch of blue ostrich tips mounted with a wisp of aigrette posed at the back, and string of very

narrow gold ribbon. A toque with open crown shows a pheasant's head at the front, and a tuft of white ostrich tips for trimming.

The Navy Turban

is the newest idea in turbans. It is a cross between the navy cap and the Tam o' Shanter, but more nearly resembling the former. The band, which rests upon the hair, is not more than an inch in width, and is plain and smooth, usually of velvet, in color contrasting with the crown. The latter is rather full and overhangs the band a little. The turban is perfectly round. Plaid surah is employed for the crowns of these turban with no brim, or one setting so close to the crown as to be scarcely noticeable, is here again. There are few faces past very early girlhood that may safely brave the effect of its hard, bold contour. But the round turban with a full cloth or velvet crown and a straight side brim turned up against the crown, but separate from it, is becoming to young women generally, and especially appropriate with the tailor-made gown and jacket. The brim may be of fur, fur-cloth, or feathers.

Capotes

are rather crowding out the toques. The capotes are made in all materials and in all materials and in one or two variations of design. They are better calculated for a dress bonnet than for several seasons. Evening or theatre capotes are so pretty that the toques will have this winter a formidable competitor.

Something new in evening bonnets is the crown open at the sides and front, showing the hair through jet or gold and jewelled fillet; the top crown is a tiny piece of rich velvet, or something equally handsome, fastened down in graceful curves with little ornamental pins. The cap bonnets are likely to attract some attention by their rather new forms and by devices of trimming. One shape is perfectly round, fitting the head like a jockey cap. The cap bonnet with a round hole in the top has the bonnet material shirred in a ruffle around the opening, which is very small.

The shape which appeared in fancy straw late last summer, having a very low, square crown, with the broad brim caught up behind, spreading out at the sides, and bent into a print-like point in front, is the leading idea in broad-brimmed felts just now. The summer hat is made of velvet drawn tightly and smoothly over crown and brim.

BETSEY BANCER.

SHEERBROOKE NOTES.

Mr. Graves, travelling passenger agent of the Grand Trunk, was in town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Parker, of Toronto, are home on a visit.

Mr. Lalond, of the C. P. R., was in town to-day.

Wm. Angus, of Montreal, registered at the Magog to-day.

Mr. J. A. Mathewson, jr., of Montreal, registered at the Grand Central to-day.

Excitement is growing intense over the Lamontagne murder case.

Mr. G. Aylmer Brooke, of Richmond, has registered at the Magog to-day.

The residence of Mr. Robert Price was burned to the ground last night at 8 p.m. The 53rd battalion will be inspected Saturday afternoon and hold a ball in the evening in the Rink Opera House.

Col. W. A. Morehouse left for Cornwall this week.

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