Quebec Gazette.

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THE
Quebec Gazette.
Established 1764.

PUBLISHED by Messrs. MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Printers, Foot of Mountain Hill, Lower Town, in the City of Quebec.

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Quebec, Oct. 5, 1863.

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HAIR RESTORER
AND
ZYLOBALSAMUM?

CONVINCING TESTIMONY FROM DISTINGUISHED CLERGYMEN.

REV. C. A. BUCKBEE, *Ass't Treasurer American Bible Union, N. Y. City,* writes: "I very cheerfully add my testimony to that of numerous friends, to the great value of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum."

REV. J. WEST, Brooklyn, L. I.: "I will testify to their value in the *most liberal sense.* They have restored my hair where it was bald, and, where gray, to its original color."

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Quebec, Sept. 7, 1866. 12m

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November 6, 1867. 12m

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November 8, 1867.

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Quebec, Oct. 28, 1867. 12m

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March 20, 1868.

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FOR CONSUMPTION,

it is the only reliable remedy known. It has in thousands of instances restored patients that seemed past hope of recovery; and, in tens of thousands, has arrested the disease in its primary stages, and restored the patient to robust health.

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October 18, 1867. 6m

The Tribune for 1868.
PROSPECTUS.

THE year 1868 will long be remembered for its settlement of the boundary question between Aristocracy of Color and Impartial Human Liberty. The War of the Rebellion being closed, we have now to decide whether the fundamental idea which impelled and justified the Rebellion shall dominate over our whole country, moulding her Institutions and shaping her destiny. If it be true that God has not created all men, but only all White men, in His own image, and made them equal in political and civil rights, then it is a world-wide calamity that Grant did not surrender to Lee at Appomattox; and "The Lost Cause," trodden into mire under the hoofs of Sheridan's rough-riding cavalry, not only should but will be regained in Constitutional Conventions and at the ballot-boxes. If the Black race, because they are Black, should be excluded from the jury-box and repelled from the ballot-box, then Stonewall Jackson ought to head the roll of American martyrs, emblazoned high above the names of Warren and Mercer and Pulaski; of Ellsworth, Lyon, Baker, Reynolds, Wadsworth, Kearney, Sedgwick, and McPherson.

It is difficult to argue with a blind, besotted prejudice, grounded in ignorance and fortified by self-conceit. Devoid of reason, it is hardly amenable to reason. But millions who would listen unmoved to appeals based on Justice and Humanity can be stirred by facts which affect their own interest and safety. The naked truth that every Southern State reconstructed on the White basis is to-day a Rebel State—shaped and ruled by men who execrated Lincoln's reluctant and tardy resistance to the Rebellion as a causeless and criminal aggression, and profoundly rejoiced over Bull Run as their victory—will prove invincible, if we can but bring it home to the apprehension of every loyal voter. There is do paramount question of good faith or gratitude to the Blacks. Their votes are as necessary to the preponderance of White loyalty as to to their own protection and security. Reconstruct the South on the White basis, and every one of the fifteen States which held slaves in 1860 will be intensely, overwhelmingly Copperhead thenceforth and evermore. Allow to-day the plea that the Blacks are ignorant and degraded, and those whom you thereby clothe with power will take good care that the plea shall be as valid and well-grounded a century hence as it now is. Public Education and Civil Rights for the Freedmen can only be achieved and maintained through the ballot. "We "are for Negro Suffrage—the way they suffered in New "Orleans," was the inscription on a banner borne in a late Conservative or Democratic procession in Baltimore; and the spirit which dictated that avowal is still rampant in the South. But for what is stigmatised as Military Despotism, it would daily avenge by outrage and infliction what it deems negro treachery to the Southern cause.

THE TRIBUNE has declined to be lured or turned aside from the Main Question. It has persistently refused to swell the clamor for vengeance on the defeated Rebels, whether by execution or by confiscation; and one of its strong reasons for this course is a conviction that no drop of Rebel blood could be coolly, deliberately shed without essentially clouding the prospect of securing the Rights of Suffrage to the Blacks. Defying the madness of passion and the blindness of short-sighted misconception, it has demanded Reconstruction on the basis of Universal Amnesty with Impartial Suffrage, in perfect consciousness of the fact that it thereby alienated thousands who had been its zealous supporters and life-long patrons. The hour of its complete vindication cannot be far distant.

As for the man who is to be the chosen standard-bearer of the Republican host in the impending contest, while we avow our deliberate preference of Chief Justice Chase as the ablest and most eminent of our living statesmen, THE TRIBUNE will render a hearty, cheerful, determined support to General Grant, or Senator Wade, or Speaker Colfax should he be nominated and supported on a platform which affirms and upholds the equal political as well as civil rights of all citizens of the Republic. We do not contemplate as possible the support by Republicans of any candidate who does not stand on this platform. And we do not apprehend that the candidates who, in our approaching struggle, shall represent genuine Democracy in opposition to the meanest phase of Aristocracy can be beaten if proper means be systematically taken, as they must and will be, to enlighten and arouse the American people.

We will thank such friends as believe that THE TRIBUNE will prove an efficient and cheap way to influence the undecided, to aid us in extending its circulation. Though ours is eminently a political journal, but a small portion of its space is devoted to politics, while an outlay of more than $ 00,000 per annum is incurred in collecting and transmitting news from all parts of the world. We have regular correspondents at nearly all the capitals of Europe, with a director at London, who is authorized to dispatch special correspondents to all points where important events may at any time be transpiring or imminent. The progress of the war in Crete, which is the precusor of a still greater war, has been watched by one of those special correspondents, while another telegraphs from Constantinople each novel phase of the critical diplomatic situation. Every step of Garibaldi's recent heroic though unfortunate enterprise, from its inception to its close, was noted by our correspondents, who are also his most trusted advisers; while an esteemed member of our editorial staff has just accompanied the Embassador of Juarez to Mexico to scan the Mexican problem closely under auspices more favorable to the Republican chief than those which have colored the advices of our regular correspondents at Vera Cruz and the Capital. Another correspondent accompanied the first National expedition to Alaska, Walrussia, or whatever our splinter of the North Pole may be called, and is now reporting on the aspects and capabilities of that chilly region Bayard Taylor is writing us in his own vein from Central Europe; while able correspondents report to us from Colorado, Idaho, Montana, &c., more copious than we can find room to publish. Our Reviews of Books and Literary Department are in charge of one of the ripest American scholars; while Agriculture, under a competent editor, claims a leading place in our Semi-Weekly and Weekly issues. In short, we have for years spent a large proportion of the income of our business in efforts to render THE TRIBUNE a better and better newspaper; and, if we have not succeeded, the fault is not explained by a lack of means or of efforts, whether on our part or on that of a generous and discerning public.

THE TRIBUNE is sent by mail daily (Sundays excepted) for $10, Semi-Weekly for $4, and Weekly for $2 per annum, payable inflexibly in advance. To clubs for the Semi-Weekly we send two copies one year for $7; five copies, or over, for each copy, $3. On receipt of $30 for ten copies we will send an extra copy for six months. On receipt of $45 for fifteen copies we will send an extra copy one year; for $100 we will send thirty-four copies and THE DAILY TRIBUNE. We send the Weekly to Clubs of five for $9; ten copies or over, addressed to names of subscribers, each, $1 70; twenty copies, addressed to names of subscribers, $34; ten copies, to one address, $16; twenty copies, to one address, $30. An extra copy will be sent for each club of ten.

A large and fine steel engraved portrait of the Editor is sent free of charge to any one who, in sending $10 for a Daily, $4 for a Semi-Weekly, or $2 for a Weekly, shall indicate a desire to receive it. One will likewise be sent to any person who forwards a club of ten or more Semi-Weeklles or twenty or more Weeklies, at our club rates, and asks for the portrait at the time of remitting. Address THE TRIBUNE, No 154, Nassau street, New York.

January 6, 1868.

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Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will nor tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

March, 4, 1867 2m

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COUGHS AND COLDS.

Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should be at once had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in the first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected, soon attacks the Lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in Medicine, at 25 cents a box.

WHY ARE BRISTOL'S SUGAR-COATED PILLS A POPULAR MEDICINE?—Because they relieve the bowels, tone the stomach, regulate the liver, and promote the general vigor of the system, without causing pain. Because their action is not followed by increased constipation, and the necessity for larger doses. Because they are a safe cathartic for the weakest, as well as active enough to relax the constipated passages in the strongest. Because they create an appetite and revive the mental energies. Because they never produce tenesmus, but act like a healing balm on the irritated membrane of the stomach and intestines. Because no mineral ingredient pollutes the pure vegetable, antibilious, and aperient subsiance of which they are composed. Because they act in harmony with nature, and without violence. Because no human being who ever used them has been disappointed in the effects. And finally, because they are a family medicine, for which there is no substitute. They are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood, Bristol's Sarsaparilla should be used in connection with the Pills. 412

A PERPETUAL DELIGHT.—"Flowers have their time to fade," says a favorite poet; but in Murray and Lanman's Florida Water their sweetness is made perpetual. The odor of other toilet-waters becomes faint and insipid after a brief exposure to the air. It is not so with this exquisite floral preparation. Its perfume is fixed and permanent. Hang a handkerchief that has been moistened with it in the breeze for days, and the aroma will be as delicate and refreshing at the end of the time as if the fluid had just fallen upon its threads. This is not the case with any foreign extract, nor with any other American perfume.

☞ Purchasers are requested to see that the words "Florida Water, Murray and Lanman, No 69 Water-street, New York," are stamped in the glass on each bottle. Without this none is genuine. 522

DANGEROUS SUPPURATION.—Extensive abscesses are dangerous; but many of the methods of cure are more dangerous than the malady. They must not be suppressed by external applications. Bristol's Sarsaparilla, the most harmless of all depuratives, yet the most irresistible, soon purges from the blood the poison which generates the disease. It is the same with carbuncle, which is an exaggerated and virulent species of boil, and generally denotes a weakened constitution. Bristol's Sarsaparilla, the great vegetable tonic and detergent, is the one thing needed in carbuncular as in all other ulcerous disorders. Bristol's Vegetable Pills, used at the same time in moderate doses, will tend to allay feverish symptoms, and will carry off through the bowels the morbific matter set free by the Sarsaparilla, thus facilitating a d hastening a complete cure. 509

☞ Is health worth having? If it is, protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally, which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises—which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Waters have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25 cts. per box. 3

None can read Mr. Gladstone's speeches, especially such speeches as he delivered a short time since before the citizens of Glasgow, without feeling impressed with the eminently practical character which distinguishes the higher order of British statesmanship; but every one knows and appreciate the great benefits derived by the use of "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafer." They have been before the public upwards of twenty years, and it is now admitted by all that they are the best preparation ever offered for alleviating and curing coughs, colds, irratation or soreness of the throat, and all Bronchial affections. All medicine dealers keep them—price 25 cents per box. o19

Civil Code of Quebec.

THE CIVIL CODE of LOWER CANADA; together with a Synopsis of the Changes in the Law; Reference to the Reports of the Commissioners; the Authorities as reported by the Commissioners; A Concordance with the Code Napoleon and the Code de Commerce; Special References for Notaries, Clergymen, Physicians, Merchants, Real Estate Owners, and Persons out of Lower Canada; and a complete Analytical Index. By THOMAS McCORD, Advocate, Secretary to the Codification Commission. Price, half bound, $1.00.

For sale by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Jany., 1868.

The Ferns of Canada.

JUST PUBLISHED,

HANDBOOK of the FERNS of CANADA; being a Plain and Practical *GUIDE* to AMATEURS, in the Study and Cultivation of the Native Species. By JOHN PAXTON. Price 30 cents.

For sale by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Jany., 1868.

1868. 1868.
Quebec Sheet Almanac,
For 1868,

PRINTED in Colours, and containing, in addition to the Almanac, a list of members of the Privy Council of Canada; Customs, Trinity House, Consulates; Officers of the Corporation; Quebec Exchange; Board of Trade; List of Fire Alarm Signal Boxes; Post Office Department; Money Order Rates, and Canadian Stamp Duties; Courts of Justice; Seasons, Moon's Phases, Eclipses, Planets; Fêtes d'Obligation, Moveable Festivals, &c., &c.; also, a Table of the RISING and SETTING of the SUN and MOON, for the whole year, Herschell's WEATHER TABLE, with a VIEW of the TIMBER COVES of QUEBEC.

For sale by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Jany., 1868.

1868. 1868
Canadian Almanac.

MIDDLETON & DAWSON have received the CANADIAN ALMANAC AND REPOSITORY OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE for 1868, containing a large amount of general information. For sale at SHAW'S BUILDINGS, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Jany., 1868.

1868. 1868.
Stark's Pocket Almanac

STARKE'S POCKET ALMANAC AND GENERAL REGISTER FOR 1868. This Book is considerably enlarged, and its table of contents more varied than usual; and in this edition, greater attention than usual has been given to that portion of it which relates to QUEBEC. It also contains an excellent VIEW of the city of Montreal.

For sale by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Jany., 1868.

1868. 1868.
Regist'r of Rural Affairs

JUST received, the ANNUAL REGISTER OF RURAL AFFAIRS for 1868, Illustrated with one hundred and sixty engravings.

For sale by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Jany., 1868.

1868. 1868.
Year Book & Almanac
OF CANADA,

FOR 1868, being an Annual Statistical Abstract for the Dominion, and a Record of Legislation, and of Public Men in British North America. 12½ cents. With map 25 cents.

For sale by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Jany., 1868.

1868. 1868.
Diaries! Diaries!

MIDDLETON & DAWSON have received a large assortment of DIARIES for 1868, in every size and form, for the Pocket or the Counting House.

For sale at SHAW'S BUILDINGS, Foot of Mountain Hill

Quebec, Jany., 1868.

Pocket Books and Port Monaies.

AN ASSORTMENT of POCKET BOOKS and PORT MONAIES, new and improved styles, just received by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Jany., 1868.

RHEUMATISM CURED!

☞ Read the following letter received by Mr. H. R. GRAY, Druggist, St. Lawrence Main Street, Montreal:—

118 DOMINIQUE STREET, MONTREAL, *July* 18, 1863.

MR. HENRY R. GRAY:

Sir,—I have suffered severely from Rheumatism for a length of time, and have been under the treatment of different medical men without any benefit. Having heard of BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, I determined to try it. After using six bottles I experienced great relief; and after using six bottles more I found myself perfectly cured. The Rheumatism from which I suffered principally affected m back.

I am yours, respectfully,

MRS. P. LAFRANCE.

WONDERFUL!

DEVINS & BOLTON, Druggists, next the Court-house, Montreal, have received the following letter from Mrs. M. J. Nolin Heroux, confirmed by her husband, and E. Roy, merchant of St. Phillips, Laprairie, of a wonderful cure by BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA:—

Sir,—The present is to certify that I, M. J. Nolin, 40 years of age, wife of M Heroux, N. P., have suffered for a year with violent palpitation of the heart, sudden chills, extreme heat and cold in various parts of the body, attended with great pain, particularly in the arms; my pulse was very variable—very slow or quick; frequently a tendency to faint, with a sense of suffocation; sleep troubled; irritable, and very low spirits. I tried several medical men without deriving any benefit, and they all concluded by giving me up. In July last I saw in the papers BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, "*Blood is Life.*" I purchased five bottles at your store, which afforded me relief from the first dose. A substance resembling very fine white sand came from my legs in quantity, after which I recovered my nearly lost faculties, and was free from pains, palpitations, and chills, and perfectly cured of my affliction in ten weeks. I am convinced of the superiority of this remedy over all others, and I feel it my duty to recommend it to all troubled with similar afflictions.

(Signed) M. J. NOLIN HEROUX, EMELIEN ROY, *Merchant,* MR. HEROUX, *Notary Public.*

LAPRAIRIE, *Sept. 20th,* 1862.

A
CITIZEN OF QUEBEC
CURED OF
FIFTEEN
RUNNING SORES.

The following letter was received by one of the most respectable Druggists in Quebec, Canada:—

W. E. BRUNET, Esq., Druggist, Pont St. Roch (or Craig) Street, Quebec.

DEAR SIR,—

This is to certify that I have been thoroughly and entirely cured of FIFTEEN SORES which I had on my right arm, by the use of **Bristol's Sarsaparilla**. These sores had been on my arm for over four years, and during that time had been continually discharging, which weakened me so much that I was unable to leave my bed for four months. Having heard of **Bristol's Sarsaparilla**, I made up my mind to try it. I used six bottles, and with the best results; for I am now as strong and as able a workman as I was before having the sores.

OLIVE GARNEAU.

Sworn to before me, this 10th day of February, 1863.

ED. ROUSSEAU, M.D., And Justice of the Peace, Quebec.

A GREAT TRIUMPH.

☞ Read the following letter from one of our most respectable citizens:—

Messrs. Devins & Bolton, Druggists, Notre-Dame St., Montreal:—

Gentlemen,—Having suffered severely for four years from palpitation of the heart and frequent attacks of fever and ague, with loss of appetite and great pain after eating, attended with weakness and gradual wasting away of body, I was induced to try BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, and found from the first bottle considerable relief, and before I had finished the sixth, found my maladies completely removed, my appetite good, and my body vigorous and strong. I feel it my duty gratefully to acknowledge my cure, and to remark I had previously been under the first physicians in Toronto, Chicago, Cleveland, and Toledo, without receiving any permanent or even satisfactory relief.

Yours, gratefully,

ALFRED TUCK, *Soap and Candle Maker, Craig Street, Montreal.*

May 10, 1863.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY.

American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.
New Books—Middleton & Dawson.
Owen Murphy, Auctioneer.
Proclamation—$2,500 Reward—P. J. Chauveau.
Sacred Concert in the Wesleyan Church.
Insolvent Act of 1864—William Walker.
Insolvent Act of 1864—Wm. Walker.
Factory Filled Salt—M. G. Mountain.
Coarse Salt— do.
Syrup— do.
Sugars— do.
Sardines— do.
Casey's Soap— do.
Ball Blue— do.
Madras Indigo— do.
Sperm Candles— do.
Lobsters for sale—M. G. Mountain.
Post Office Notice—Closing of Mails—J. Sewell.
New Dry Goods Store—P. LeRossignol.

The Quebec Gazette.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 15, 1868.

THE RESPONSIBLE PARTIES—WHO ARE THEY?

In the last issue of the *Gazette* we charged the main responsibility of such crimes as the assassination of Mr. McGee upon the men of higher position and education who, by their exaggerated harangues, embitter and inflame the minds of the inferior orders, and so prepare them for the direst and darkest deeds. In continuing our remarks, we observe, that it is a point of law, that *qui facit* per *alium facit* per *se*; and it is hardly an answer that the instigators did not contemplate the extreme measures their too apt disciples pursued, for if the crimes came of the mental condition induced by the teachings, the conclusion is irresistible, that the teachers are morally accountable, and will eventually be so held should the justice of man be unable to reach them. Where is the difference, we would ask, between putting the leaven of discontent, hatred, revenge, and rebellion in the heads of men wholly incapable of detecting the poison, wholly inadequate to determine where constitutional resistance ends and crime begins, and putting a torch in the hands of an idiot and then letting him loose in a powder magazine? or, to change the illustration, of arming a raging madman with deadly weapons and then sending him thus equipped to meet some defenceless individual? We see no other difference than that the demented tools would be undiscriminating in their assaults, whereas the poor sophisticated dupes have enough of understanding to choose their victims from among the most effective men in the ranks to which they deem themselves opposed. But the teachers to whom we are alluding, even if never conceiving it possible that their declamations should induce a murderous disposition in their hearers, or in any of them, ought to bear in mind that there are natures peculiarly inflammable and fanatical, whom it is positively dangerous to excite. In every nation the uneducated and intellectually undisciplined are moulded and governed by the few trained and ambitious men who assume the right to direct. It often happens though, that the rank and file disappoint and thwart the objects of the leaders by over zeal, aversion to restraint, premature action, and sometimes total disregard of plans, schemes and directions. Thus it was in the troubles of 1837 in this country. The leaders of the popular movement had aroused the people with the view of making grand moral demonstrations, not as we believe of hatching a rebellion, but they found they had conjured a spirit which would not be quieted; and scores of other instances might be adduced to exhibit the grave responsibility they encounter, who make use of their social position, opportunities and talents, to unduly excite the masses against the ruling powers generally, but more especially against individuals among them. Now, we say it without fear of contradiction, that the late Honorable Thomas D'Arcy McGee, while Minister of the Crown, was most foully misrepresented, misinterpreted, vilified, contemned, and falsely accused by men who ought to have known, and who probably did know, that by these means they were exposing him to the savage and unreasoning vengeance of their followers. Incapable of resisting the wisdom of his words, or of answering his self-vindications, they resorted to the dirtiest and shabbiest means of resentment, and succeeded to some extent in misleading their countrymen. Their success, however, was but partial and local, for the great Irish heart of the Dominion still adhered to him, and the last election for Montreal West shewed that the machinations of his enemies, if alienating a few old supporters, had raised him a host of new friends. This result was terribly galling to the malcontents, and, as every body knows, the most frantic efforts were afterwards made to degrade and discredit him; but the objurgations and curses, like domestic birds which come home to roost, recoiled with stunning force upon their heads, and all they gained was obloquy and distrust. They sowed the wind and they reaped the whirlwind, and now, as we believe, they stand terror-stricken before the stupendous crime some wretch, who, there is much reason to fear, was worked up into a sympathetic phrenzy, has committed. God forbid we should charge upon any living man, or set of men not proved guilty, the intention of compassing this fearful, this diabolical outrage, but we need not apologize for saying what every body believes to be the fact, viz., that to the persistent activity of Mr. McGee in opposing, and exposing Fenianism, may be attributed his carefully planned, (as it appears) and deliberately executed murder. Let those then who by their speeches and denunciations, fired the passions of the assassin reflect upon their work, and decide for themselves, how far in the sight of the Eternal they are compromised. We trust this shocking tragedy will teach persons of this class to measure the probable effects of their words in future, and that the death of the proto-martyr of the Dominion in the cause of peace and fraternal fellowship, will have an enduring effect especially upon the minds and hearts of his own compatriots. If this is the consequence, then, as he did not live in vain, neither will he have died in vain. Most devoutly do we hope and pray that it may be so.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN AND BENJAMIN DISRAELI.

Mr. Goldwin Smith has written a letter to the Manchester *Examiner* on "The Premiership of Mr. Disraeli." It contains one passage which will interest American readers: "A triumph of self-raised merit is, of all things, the most honorable and the most salutary to a nation. Once in my life I have felt the sensation of loyalty. It was when I stood in the presence of Abraham Lincoln. But the illustrious working-man of Illinois has risen to the height on which he stood by treading uprightly the steep path of honour. Mr. Disraeli has risen by a far different road. His triumph is a triumph over public morality and over the self-respect of the nation. He supplanted his rival and attained his present position, not by advocating any great principle, not by defending any great cause, not by carrying any good measure, not by doing any service to the public, but by an intrigue, dexterous, if mere falsehood can merit the name of dexterity, but as vile as any that sullies the annals of political faction. For nearly 40 years Mr. Disraeli has been in Parliament. During the whole of that time his name has never been connected with any generous sentiment, much less with anything practically conducive to the public good. Romilly and Mackintosh rose to eminence by reforming the criminal law; Huskisson and Horner by improving our fiscal system; Brougham by promoting Parliamentary reform, law reform, popular education; Cobden and Bright by carrying free trade; Peel by vast administrative services and by beneficent legislation in many departments; Gladstone by services of the same kind, and by raising through his fiscal and industrial legislation the condition and the hopes of the labouring class. Disraeli has risen by personal invective, by conspiracy, by using the arsenic which kills noble reputations."

THE GREAT UNIVERSITY BOAT-RACE.

The annual Spring race between the Oxford and Cambridge University crews took place recently, over the usual course on the river Thames. The crews of both were in fine condition, and there was considerable anticipation that the Cambridge crew might again wrest the honors of a triumph from the Oxfords. The race was closely contested throughout, but by a strenuous effort on the last mile, the Oxfords gradually forged ahead of their competitors, and passed the goal three lengths ahead, amid the most uproarious cheers of the thousands who lined the banks and crowded the decks of the innumerable river craft in attendance. The royal steam yacht of the Prince of Wales was present, containing the Prince and Princess, together with many other distinguished personages. The distance pulled was four miles, which was accomplished by the victorious Oxfords in twenty minutes.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

In the British House of Lords, on the 27th ult., the Lord Chancellor, in reply to Lord Westbury, and with reference to the present stage of the Alabama dispute said: The exact point at which they stood was this. Mr. Seward's last communication contained a proposal in somewhat general terms of a commission to inquire into all the claims. His noble friend had requested Mr. Seward to describe more accurately what would be aimed at by that commission, and he was now awaiting Mr. Seward's explanation. (Hear, hear.)

LOCAL ITEMS.

ARRIVED HOME.

The steamship *Nova Scotian*, Captain Aird, from Portland, on the 4th instant, arrived at Liverpool this morning.

CITY TREASURER.

Mr. Dorion, Corporation Accountant, has been appointed Treasurer of the City of Quebec, in the place of Mr. Gauthier.

FROM FATHER POINT TO-DAY.

FATHER POINT, April 14th.—Weather dull, cloudy and cool; light S W wind: river clear; steamer Margaretha Stevenson outwards at 6.30 a.m.

EMIGRATION FOR CANADA.

A very large emigration to Canada is anticipated this season, via the St. Lawrence. Large numbers of Norwegians have taken passage on sailing vessels for Quebec, and an unusually large emigration from Germany is expected.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

We are extremely sorry to learn that our highly esteemed fellow-citizen, C. N. Montizambert, Esq., met with a very serious accident yesterday afternoon, by falling across a stove and severely injuring his face and head. At a late hour last night he was progressing favorably, although still acutely suffering.

THE REWARDS.

The following is a list of the rewards which have been offered, so far, for the discovery and apprehension of the murderer of the Honorable Thomas D'Arcy McGee:—

Imperial Government	$10,000
Dominion of Canada	5,000
City of Montreal	5,000
City and County of Ottawa	4,000
Province of Ontario	2,500
Province of Quebec	2,500
Total	$29,000

DEATH OF SENATOR WEIR.

The Hon. Benjamin Weir, Senator from Nova Scotia, died at the Russell House, Ottawa, yesterday morning, from congestion of the lungs. He returned on Monday night from Chicago, where he and other Senators had gone during the Easter holidays. He went to bed at ten o'clock on the night of his return apparently in his usual health; he gave an alarm at five o'clock next morning, but medical aid was of no avil. The body will be removed *via* Portland to Halifax for interment, leaving Ottawa to-morrow.

EXPRESSION OF SYMPATHY.

The following motion, proposed by Alderman Hossack, and seconded by Councillor Hamel, was unanimously adopted by the City Council of Quebec, at the sitting held yesterday evening:—

"That this Council has heard with feelings of the most profound sorrow of the death of the Hon. Thomas D'Arcy McGee, while attending to his legislative duties at Ottawa, and whose life was brought to an untimely end by the hands of an assassin; that in the death of the Hon. Mr. McGee the country has to deplore the loss of an eminent statesman, an accomplished scholar, an eloquent orator and a true Canadian patriot; and, also, that this Council would desire to convey to his bereaved family their deep and heartfelt sympathy with them in their heavy affliction.

NEW ENGLAND SOCIETY.

At a meeting of the New England Society, held on Saturday afternoon last, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

Resolved,—That the members of the New England Society have learned with profound regret and horror of the assassination of the Hon. T. D. McGee; and while they deplore the loss which the Dominion has sustained in the death of a statesman and a man of letters, desire to express their detestation of that spirit which attempts through cowardly crime to accomplish political ends.

Resolved,—That the members of this Society attend the funeral of Mr. McGee in a body, with suitable badges of mourning, and that a copy of these resolutions be transmitted, with the expression of our deepest sympathy, to the family of the deceased.

THE WASHINGTON GOVERNMENT AND THE ASSASSINATION OF THE HON. MR. McGEE.

The following despatch has been received by the United States Consul in Montreal.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, April 8, 1868,

Maj.-General Wm. W. Averill,
U. S. Consul General, B.N.A.P.,
Montreal.

SIR,—Your telegram, dated the 7th of April, announcing the assassination of the Honorable Thomas D'Arcy McGee, M.P., has been received.

The intelligence of this horrible tragedy is the occasion of deep regret here, and it is earnestly hoped that the perpetrators of that shocking and heinous crime will be brought speedily to justice.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
F. W. SEWARD,
Assistant Secretary.

Washington, April 8, 1868.

RITUALISM IN NEW YORK.

The following interesting picture of the progress which Ritualism has made in New York, is from the Tribune of Saturday. It describes the proceedings at St. Alban's Protestant Episcopal Church on Good Friday:—

A large congregation was present at St. Alban's yesterday. The chancel railings were draped in black, as were also the pulpit and lectern. The altar was covered with sable, and running around the upper edge of it was a silver fringe. In front on this dark ground was a representation of the crown of thorns, having in the centre three nails typical of those with which our Redeemer was fastened to the wood of the cross. The chandeliers were entirely enveloped in black cloth. Over the large chancel window back of the altar was a covering of sable, and on this a large cross made of purple stuff extending its entire length and breadth. The morning service was commenced at 6 o'clock, the Rev. Fathers Morrill and Noyes officiating. The former had on a black chasuble fringed with silver. The prayers appropriate for the day were said, and the "Reproaches" intoned. In this church, however, as in the Catholic, no instrumental music is used on Good Friday, and the vocalization is confined mostly to doleful chants and lamentations in harmony with the religious character of the day. After the Gospel had been read, the Rev. Mr. Morrill preached an impressive sermon on the Passion, taking as his text, "He is despised and rejected of men; a man of sorrows and acquainted with grief." The discourse was an excellent portrayal of Our Saviour's Passion and death; and closed with an earnest appeal to the congregation to profit by the boundless love manifested by the Redeemer in obtaining salvation for mankind at no less a cost than the offering up of His own life. At 12½ o'clock a service entitled the "Three Hours' Agony" was celebrated here (for the first time in any Episcopal church in America.) This is very similar to a service bearing the same title that is usually celebrated in Catholic countries on Good Friday. The Rev. Fathers Morrill and Noyes, preceded by acolytes and choristers, entered the chancel from the vestry in procession. The clergymen were vested in surplice and "stole" the latter being of sable colour, and like those worn by the Catholic ecclesiastics, had a cross of silver lace on either end. Each of the clergymen wore on his head the *bereta*, or small black cap usually worn by Catholic priests.

The Rev. Father Morrill ascended the pulpit, and after making the sign of the cross, as did also each of the worshippers, he commenced the service. This is founded on the last seven words or sayings pronounced by our Saviour on the cross. On each of these a short sermon and exhortation is given, and a hymn suitable to the subject sung by the choristers. The officiating clergyman, as well as the congregation, being on bended knees, and all facing the altar, the following prayer is recited: "O, Saviour of the world, who by thy cross and blood hath redeemed us, save us and help us, we beseech Thee, O Lord." The "Our Father" is then recited by all in unison, and a prayer appropriate to the word or saying respecting which the short sermon was pronounced is offered up, after which a few minutes are spent in silent meditation, all being still in a posture of adoration, and the next "word" is read. These seven words are: 1. "Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do." 2. "This day shalt thou be with me in Paradise." 3. "Woman, behold thy son." 4. "My God, my God, why hast Thou forsaken me?" 5. "I thirst." 6. "It is finished." 7. "Father, into Thy hands I commend my spirit." It was noticeable that whenever the Virgin Mary was alluded to by the officiating clergyman she was always spoken of as the "Blessed Virgin," or as the "Holy Mother of God." Whenever the name of our Saviour was pronounced, all reverently inclined their heads, and, on passing before the front of the altar, either by clergymen, choristers, or laymen, the same mark of reverence was shown. At 8 o'clock last evening, there was Vesper service. On Easter Sunday, the first (plain song) service will be at 9¾ o'clock a. m. At 10½ a. m., the grand ceremonies of the day will commence. The Introit is to be Gregorian. The music of the High Masswill be: *Kyrie* from Mozart's 12th: *Gloria* and *Credo* by Moesbech: *Sanctus Benedictus* and *Agnes Dei* from Mozart's 12th. The *Gloria* of the 12th Mass is to be sung at the offertory.

THE BOOK MARKET OF THE WORLD.

Leipsic is not only the greatest book market in Germany, but of the world. With about ninety thousand inhabitants, it has more than two hundred publishers and booksellers. The firm of F. A. Brockhaus & Co. is perhaps the largest and most extensive publishing house on the continent. It occupies almost an entire block of buildings, and the number of employés is five hundred and seventy. The book merchants there have their own exchange—the Buchhandler Borse—a large handsome building, where they meet weekly, sometimes daily, to take counsel with regard to the advancement of the book trade, and where the principle book merchants of Europe meet annually to adjust their accounts. Sales and exchange of books amount to from six to eight millions of dollars annually.

A CRICKET MATCH IN ROME.

A letter from Rome states that a cricket match was lately played in the Villa Borghese between eleven of the Papal Zouaves and eleven English visitors; the Papal eleven, however, being entirely composed of Englishmen and Irishmen. The match, on account of the badness of the weather, was not played out, and for the same reason the Holy Father, who had intended to grace the event by his presence, was absent. A cricket match at Rome, played, by English and Irish guards of the Pope, under the Holy Father's own eyes, presents, indeed, a new order of things.

FUNERAL
OF THE
LATE HON. THOMAS D'ARCY M'GEE.

IMPOSING DEMONSTRATION.

UPWARDS *of* 20,000 PERSONS PRESENT.

[*From the Montreal Witness.*]

The funeral of the Hon. Thos. D'Arcy McGee took place to-day, April 13th, and will be long remembered. The sky was without a cloud, and the weather was all that could be desired, to give effect to the procession, and convenience to the spectators, the number of whom was immense.

The streets along which the procession had to pass were, as the day advanced, put more or less into mourning; particularly Bleury street, near Lagauchetiere, Beaver Hall, Radegonde street, and to a still greater extent Great St. James' street, and a portion of Notre Dame street, east of the French square. These latter were almost covered with mourning flags and festoons of black, giving the scene a striking and funereal aspect. The Seminary, the Ontario Bank, the Cosmopolitan, and some other buildings in the Place D'armes were in mourning, also the lamps were covered up with black. The Jesuits' College and other public and private buildings wore marks of mourning.

At a late hour last night, the metallic casket containing the remains of Mr. McGee, was placed in a magnificent coffin of hardwood, covered with black silk velvet, richly silver-mounted. This latter coffin was then placed within one of walnut, also with a silver inscription. It was not, however, till this morning, that the last look at the deceased was taken by his family and friends.

ORDER OF THE FUNERAL PROCESSION.

A. PERRY, CHIEF MARSHAL.
The City Police.
The Fire Brigade.
The Officers of the Corporation.
The Members of the Corporation.
The City Treasurer.
The City Clerk.
The Recorder of Montreal.
The Mayor.
The Committee of Management.
Corporation of Ottawa.
T. W. L. PENTON, MARSHAL.
The Mayor.
Members of the House of Assembly.
Legislative Councillors.
Members of the Local Governments.
Members of the House of Commons.
Senators.
Foreign Consuls.
Officers of Militia in Uniform.
Militia Commandant and Staff.
Adjutant-General and Staff.
MAJOR BELLE, MARSHAL.
Officers of the Army.
Major-General Russell and Staff.
Mounted Orderlies.
Officers of the Courts of Law.
Magistrates.
Judges.
Members of the Privy Council.
Representative of the Lt.-Governor of Ontario.
Representative of the Lt.-Governor of Quebec.
A. SHANNON, MARSHAL.
Representative of the Governor-General.
Sir Charles Wyndham, K.C.B., and Staff.
Horticultural Society.

THE BODY.

Chief Mourners.
Supporters of the Chief Mourners.
Funeral Carriages.
Clergy.
Bar.
Notaries.
JOSEPH CLORAN, MARSHALL.
Medical Profession.
Universities.
Professors University of McGill College.
Students of Law.
Students of Medicine.
Students in Arts (McGill.)
St. Jean Baptiste Society.
St. Patrick's Society.
Irish Protestant Benevolent Society.
St. Patrick's Benevolent Society.
W. S. MACFARLANE, MARSHAL.
St. Patrick's Temperance Society.
St. George's Society.
English Workingmen's Benefit Society.
St. Andrew's Society.
St. Andrew's Society of Ottawa.
Caledonian Society.
Thistle Society.
Other National Societies.
German Society.
New England Society.
M. HUTCHISON MARSHAL.
Literary Societies.
Literary Club.
Board of Arts and Manufactures.
Benevolent Societies, not being National Societies.
St. Ann's Catholic Young Men's Society.]
Catholic Young Men's Society.
Temperance Societies.
Howard Division, No. I, Sons of Temperance.
St. Ann's Temperance Society.
P. CHRISTIE, MARSHAL.
Montreal Temperance Society.
Workingmen's Society, not being National Societies.
Montreal Typographical Union.
Montreal Workingmen's Benefit Society.
United Protestant Workingmen's Benefit Society.
Canada Sugar Refinery Benefit Society.
Citizens.
Government Police.
HY. HOGAN AND DORAN, MARSHALS.

To go backwards in point of time: as early as seven o'clock, parties of volunteers, also mounted orderlies, might be seen on the move, and as the time advanced, the signs of preparation thickened, and soon after eight o'clock the different societies and public bodies that meant to take part in the procession were marching from their different rooms and head-quarters, to take up their position in the procession, in the neighborhood of the residence of the deceased. The general public, too, were now astir. From every quarter of the city, a continuous stream flowed to St. Catherine street, the sidewalks of which gradually became filled for a considerable distance to the east of Drummond street, and also beyond; very many seeming to be especially anxious to gain a sight of the craped doorway through which the coffin would soon be brought; followed by the sorrowing relatives. Almost every window, too, along the line of the procession was now being occupied; walls and railings were occupied, and the housetops and nearly every place where a view of the funeral *cortege* could be obtained was made use of for that purpose. While the spectators had been thus assembling, the military, both regular and volunteer, had taken up their position, keeping the roadway of the streets clear, with a double line of men, stretching from Mr. McGee's residence to St. Patrick's Church. The volunteers kept the route from the house to Christ Church Cathedral; and thence to St. Patrick's Church was kept by the regulars. A number of the hussars were also on duty; and Lieut-Colonel Stevenson's Field Battery was stationed on the Victoria Square.

At nine o'clock, the bell of the English Cathedral began to toll at measured intervals, and soon afterwards the minute-guns of the volunteer field battery began to boom. At about half-past nine o'clock, the procession had been fully formed, its head being far advanced towards the Cathedral, and its rear formed down in Mountain street. The funeral-car stood before the door, and the coffin was brought out and placed upon it, the spectators uncovering; the relatives of the deceased took their places in the funeral carriages, and soon, to the sound of the "Dead March in Saul," the sad procession moved onwards, six deep, with slow and measured tread. As it approached, each band, in turn, took up the same solemn strain, and amidst marks of almost universal respect, it was not difficult to perceive here and there a streaming eye, and to hear words of regret and sorrow sincerely, if not loudly expressed. In this manner the procession proceeded along St. Catherine, down Bleury, and along Lagauchetierre streets, to St. Patrick's Church, where it arrived at about half-past ten o'clock, the bell of the church having previously been tolling quickly. The route was more or less crowded all the way, but in the neighborhood of the church it grew much denser. The church-yard, too, was nearly filled, except the space that was necessary to allow the body and the procession to enter the church. While the dead march was being played by the band of the 78th Highlanders, the coffin was taken from the funeral car, and carried on a bier towards the church, accompanied by the chief mourners. The family and relatives of the deceased left the funeral carriages and followed, after which that portion of the procession which had preceded the hearse, facing about, likewise followed, and entered the church, up the aisle of which the coffin was carried and placed in the neighborhood of the altar.

The clergy and choristers, in surplices, passed in procession down the church,—having the cross and the sacred vessels, and each carrying a lighted taper. The candles about the bier were lighted after they passed. The organ played till the procession reached the door, where the choristers broke into a psalm, and, with lighted tapers, again marched up the church, the coffin being borne after them. They were closely followed by the head of the procession, and the family, the mourners, members of Government, military staff, &c., took the places prepared for them. While the procession was entering the church, the choir alternated with the choristers about the altar in the performance of sacred music. Grand mass was then performed, the large number of splendid voices present giving it peculiar solemnity.

THE SERMON.

The Rev. Father O'Farrell then mounted the pulpit, and, in a fine, full voice, and rich Celtic accent, that must be dear to his parishioners, gave out his text from I. Macc. 9:6, "How is the mighty man fallen that saved Israel!"

Such was the cry of grief of Israel as they mourned for Judas Maccabæus many days, and ought we not, he asked, to give way to a similar burst of grief when we look upon the receptacle of the relics of mortality,—all that is left of one who, by his ability and intelligence, contributed so much to the safety of his country. He died not on the field of battle, but none the less truly fighting, and with no less brave a heart for his country. When the illustrious French soldier who earned the name of the First Grenadier of France, La Tour D'Auvergne, passed away, his name continued to be called when the muster-roll of his regiment was read, and it was customary for the oldest man in that body to step forward and say, "Died on the field of honor." Such shall be the sentiment so long as the name of D'Arcy McGee shall be remembered. The speaker felt in addressing this magnificent assembly of the rulers and statesmen of our country that his words would be but a weak echo of the sorrow in every heart. The scholar, rich by attainments from varied reading; the patriottism to his own and his adopted country; the statesmanship which grasped the interests and wants of the entire empire; the christian humility with which he devoted his talents to the noblest purposes; and, especially in his later days, manifested the most touching confidence in the merits of his crucified Master,—others would yet describe, if more eloquently, yet not more lovingly.

No one was ignorant of the talents of the deceased. His mind was stored with the varied wisdom of the past,—not the dry bones of history; for he studied the causes and the consequences of each great movement with a mind that could weigh the importance of events. When he gave his attention to the cultivation of the muses, what a well-spring of poetic fancies bubbled up from his heart, and what a limpid stream of eloquence flowed in that voice, which enchanted the hearer like the rising and swelling of an Æolian harp! The skilful performer that played on our very heart-strings, and drew from them most delicious feeling, has been stricken down by a most dastardly blow, and leaves behind an aching void, filled with longing for what can delight us no more. Those present knew better than the speaker with what versatility he could suddenly turn from the abstrusest problems of social science to the lightest fancies of a poetic mind.

But these were not his greatest qualities. If he were not a patriot as well as a scholar, he (the speaker) would not be there to praise him to-day. Love of country, a holy feeling which is found in the breast of the most untutored, making a man love his country before the proudest land in the world,—it was this feeling which made David say, "If I forget thee, oh Jerusalem, let my right hand forget her cunning, let my tongue cleave to my jaws," which made our Saviour lament in touching tones over the sins of Jerusalem, and which made men recommend an alien to him, by saying, he "loveth our nation." Had this feeling been wanting in Thos. D'Arcy McGee, he would now be there unwept, unhonored, and unsung. But there never was a greater calumny uttered than that which called him a recreant to Ireland. There was not a pulse of his heart, not a production of his intellect, which was not in sympathy with Ireland. He had never known a man who thought more constantly, more sympathizingly of Ireland, than did Thos. D'Arcy McGee. His pen and voice were constantly devoted to her service. He had, in his boyhood, thrown himself into a movement for her sake, which he (the speaker) considered foolish; but when he changed his mind with regard to the manner of serving her, did he lose his love for Ireland? Look at his poems, at his prose writings, his life of D. McGinn, his History of Ireland, &c. Did he ever, for a moment, swerve from this cherished theme? The power of calumny had been great for a time. There was not a strong word uttered in his unfortunately too frequent moments of social freedom, which had not been repeated against him by wicked mouths, until it was burned into the hearts of his over-credulous countrymen. Advantage had been taken of the outspoken manner in which he reprobated the vile plots against the native home of the Irish people, and this the native country of their children. If this were a crime, he (the speaker) shared in that crime, and now denounced the whole wicked movement. The man or woman who would do otherwise would be as abhorrent to his soul as the assassin himself.

Here the applause among the audience, especially the Irish, was for a moment uncontrolled, and had to be reproved by the speaker.

He could not do better than quote Mr. McGee's recent speech before the St. Patrick's Society of Ottawa, in which he had defended himself against the charge of being a cold-hearted or a false-hearted Irishman, because he could not stand by and see his country invaded by lawless men, while his solemn oath of office required his doing his best to stay their violence. Besides his love of Ireland, another love had sprung up in his heart, almost as strong and enduring,—love of Canada,—when, with views wider and plans more far-reaching, he rose from the patriot of one country into the statesman who included the whole Empire in his thoughts. Others will yet tell how he had striven to bind all the children of the soil more closely together; and, when need was felt, how he strove earnestly to bind the divisions of the land together,—his last speech having been in the defence of the Union by which these provinces would yet become a great and prosperous nation; securing to him the title which he loved best,—that of "Peace-Maker." Torn from us while yet young,—to-day being his forty-third birth-day, we shall never know what he might have soared to, under the influence of new views and new determinations, entered into during his recent illness. He might yet have been our foremost statesman, and left a name to stand beside the greatest in Europe. But we turn from the vanity of worldly greatness,—for what shall it profit a man if he gain the whole world, and lose his own soul? He has gone before a tribunal where all these things will be little esteemed. The question would there be, Whether he was an humble Christian, devoting his talents to the service of God. As far as human knowledge goes, in his latter days he has earnestly sought to rest his faith in the mysteries of religion, and to prepare himself for death. His faith was not a mere speculative belief, but a heart-felt confidence, and he was, in spite of his frailties, a humble observer of the calls of his church. "Heroic benevolence" has been the subject of a lecture delivered at the speaker's request, and few had exemplified the virtue better. His pious preparation in this church for the recent Easter communion, his inviolable adherence to his resolution of abstinence from excess, had been marked with pleasure. He had stood but a short month since in those aisles by the side of a departed friend, and what his heart said then might now be repeated of himself:—

> "His faith was as the tested gold,
> His hope assured not overbold,
> His charities past count untold.
> Miserere, Domine.
>
> Well may they grieve who laid him there,
> Where shall they find his equal, where?
> Nought can avail him now but prayer.
> Miserere, Domine.

By his blood would be watered the young tree of our national greatness; may we, after serving God on earth, attain to glory at last.

While Mass was being performed, and the above eloquent and touching sermon delivered, a portion of the procession awaited in the street the conclusion of these services; and perhaps a better moment than the present could not be selected, in which to describe the sad centre of interest and object to which the eyes of every spectator were turned during the melancholy march—namely,

THE FUNERAL CAR.

This was drawn by six splendid grey horses: with plumes on their heads, and covered with housings of black cloth, trimmed with white satin, the housing bearing the crest of the deceased, namely an ostrich with a horse-shoe in its mouth. Each horse was led, and the car itself was a lofty and sable structure, crowned with a canopy and cross, and had been built upon one of Sheddon's Grand Trunk waggons. The upper half of the diameter of the wheels was hidden with a curtain of black velvet, trimmed with silver, the velvet covering also the body of the car. On this vallance or curtain was the coat of arms of the deceased, being a shield with bar, and three leopards' heads, black on a silver ground, and the motto, "Fac et espere." On each side of the coat of arms was his crest, and beyond these again was an Irish harp, in silver, wreathed with shamrock, and still further to the right and left, a Greek cross, also in silver, and over them the motto, "Consumetus in Brevi Explevit Tempora Multa." On the body of the car were two plinths or steps, covered with black velvet, the lower one ornamented with trefoil or shamrock, executed in silver, while on the upper one were inscribed the supplication "Miserere Domine," and between those words, "April 7th," the date of Mr. McGee's death. On these, as on the pedestal, rested the coffin, in which reposed the remains of the lamented and illustrious dead, and above it rose the canopy, covered with black cloth, and, supported on eight carved pillars, connected at the top with arches, and crowned with ten black and superb ostrich plumes, the apex of the canopy being terminated with a large gilt Irish cross, from the top of which to the ground was about seventeen feet. The cross was covered with thin gauze-crape, and a wreath of laurel was round its foot. Laurel wreaths were also placed on the car. And here may be mentioned that the Horticultural Society walked immediately in front of the car, bearing flowers destined to be strewn upon the grave.

In the meantime also, the troops moved downwards, and formed in double line from St. Patrick's Church to the French Parish Church, where a *Libera* was to be sung. The funeral cortege having left St. Patrick's reformed in the same order as before, and proceeded to the French Parish Church, passing by Beaver Hall Hill, Victoria square, Great St. James street, and the Place d'Armes.

During all this time, and until the period when the procession left the city, minute guns were being fired, and the "Dead March" was played in succession. On entering Great St. James street, the sight was most impressive. Every window was filled, as well as the sidewalks, and the pictorial effect was doubtless there at its height, as the funeral-car slowly passed along. A few flags were carried in the procession, but they were furled and wrapped around in crape. A large portion of the procession also wore crape, and none appeared without a badge of some kind or other. On the arrival of the cortege at

THE PARISH CHURCH

of Notre Dame at 1:30, that edifice was already crowded—except in the reserved seats—from ground floor to uppermost gallery, and even in the aisles and passages, with a various and eagerly expectant multitude of spectators. The church was draped in mourning—altar and pulpit and pillar—out of respect to the illustrious deceased. In the middle of the centre aisle was a *catafalque*, whereon the coffin was placed, and around which the funeral tapers had been for some time lighted. The organ then burst forth in a splendid swell, and the choristers advanced from the chancel into the body of the church with their tapers lighted, and surrounded the *catafalque*.

The music then ceased for a time, and His Lordship the Bishop delivered an address, in which he alluded very touchingly to the melancholy occasion on which they were gathered together, denouncing Mr. McGee's murder in the strongest terms, and dwelling with praise on his career as a statesman, of the appreciation of which he considered the demonstration of to-day as being an eloquent evidence.

At the conclusion of the discourse, the solemn service was continued, the choristers, each with a lighted taper in his hand, responding to the mournfully mystic rising and falling of the organ.

Whilst the *Libera* was being sung, the 78th kept the neighborhood of the church doors and also Notre Dame street. The other troops were moved so as again to form a double line for the procession, the whole of which, however, had not been able to enter and find room in the Parish Church. At half-past two, the body was borne from the church, and replaced on the funeral car. That part of the procession which had found an entrance, issued from the building, and the line of march was once more taken up, proceeding by St. Lambert's Hill to Craig street, and thence by Beaver Hall Hill, Union Avenue and Sherbrooke street, to the Roman Catholic Cemetery.

AT THE CEMETERY.

The procession made its way, though with considerable falling off in point of numbers to the Roman Catholic cemetery, where a good many people from Cote des Neiges and other parts awaited it. Several of the pupils of the Cote des Neiges school, accompanied by their teachers, were present on one of the heights of the cemetery, with a pretty little banner to which mourning emblems were attached.

The roads were rather slushy; but the marshals succeeded in bringing the *cortége* in good order to the McGee vault, at the entrance of which the closing services were read by the Reverend Father Dowd and his assistant. A good many waited for some time after the body had been deposited in its final resting place, in hope that a funeral oration would be delivered. They were disappointed, however; but to those who have heard the words that flowed from Mr. McGee's lips, no funeral oration would be likely to do his memory justice.

FEDERAL PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 14th, 1868.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at half-past seven.

The following telegram was received by the Speaker:—

OTTAWA, APRIL 14th, 1868.

By telegraph from Charlottetown, P.E.I., to the Hon. J. Cockburn, Speaker of the House of Commons:—

The House of Assembly, Charlottetown, P. E.I., April 13th, 1868:—On motion of the Hon. the Colonial Secretary, seconded by the Hon. Mr. Haviland, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—"The assassination of the Hon. T. D. McGee, of the Dominion of Canada, having been reported by telegraph: therefore, resolved,—"That this House regard with horror and detestation the atrocious and blood-thirsty act, deeply sympathise with the bereaved widow and orphans, and sincerely regret that the Dominion Government should have lost such an able and patriotic statesman." Resolved,—"That the Speaker do communicate the resolutions of this House to the Speaker of the Dominion House of Commons, and also to Mrs. McGee."

(Signed,) G. WIGHTMAN, Speaker.

MONCK.

"The Governor-General, deeply impressed with the severe loss the country has sustained in consequence of the murder of the Hon. Thos. D'Arcy McGee, and being desirous of marking his sense of the public and private virtues of Mr. McGee, and of affording relief and assistance to his afflicted family, recommends to the House of Commons to enable His Excellency to make such provision for the widow and family of the Hon Thomas D'Arcy McGee as the liberality of Parliament may deem proper.

"Government House, Ottawa, 14th day of April, 1868."

Mr. ROSE moved the appointment of a Special Committee on the banking and monetary systems throughout the Dominion. He explained the difference between bank charters in the severel Provinces, some of those in the Maratime Provinces extending to 1890. He said the Committee would be left to act perfectly untrammelled, and were expected to obtained the fullest information possible upon which legislation could be founded before the expiry of bank charters in Canada, in 1870.

Mr. HOLTON and other members made a few remarks, and the motion was carried.

The House then went into Committee of Supply, and passed several items of the Estimates.

THE SENATE.

The Senate met and adjourned until Thursday, out of respect to the memory of the late Senator Weir.—(Chronicle.)

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

THE AMERICAN LEGATION IN PARIS, BESIEGED BY FRENCHMEN FOR NATURALIZATION PAPERS.

THE LATEST NEWS FROM ABYSSINIA.

THE CAPTIVES ALL WELL.

TROOPS REPORTED IN GOOD HEALTH.

THIRTY THOUSAND VOLUNTEERS REVIEWED AT PORTSMOUTH.

Paris, April 13.—La Liberté has another editorial intended to allay the general discontent inspired by the warlike preparations. The writer says the American Legation is besieged by Frenchmen for naturalization papers, not knowing five years' residence in the United States is required.

London, April 13.—Official despatches from Gen Sir R. Napier, in command of the Abyssinian expedition, have been received by the government. They show that in spite of the bad roads, the British forces are steadily advancing towards Magdala, and meanwhile there is every evidence of the intention on the part of the King of Abyssinia to offer a serious resistance.

Gen. Napier, in his latest despatch, dated near Lake Ashange, March 17, says our advance will reach Lake Ashange, to-morrow. The rear, with the artillery, is three days' march behind. The country is mountainous and very difficult for the artillery and trains.

King Theodorus is near Magdala, where he intends to make a stand.

Letters from the captives say they are well.

The health of the troops is good. The force under Gen. Napier, now advancing on Magdala, numbers 36,000 men.

A grand review of the volunteers was held at Portsmouth to-day; over 30,000 men were in the ranks.

The Newmarket races commenced to-day, and will continue throughout the present week. The Braven Stakes were won by "Florence." The Free Handicap was won by "Silenus." The Sweepstake of 50 sovereigns was taken by "Turpin."

Paris, April 13.—The Paris races began at Longchamp this afternoon. The Quiche prize was won by "Pompier," owned by the Marquis de LaGrange. M. Fould's "Petit Caporal" was the winner of the Lutee prize.

THE VERY LATEST.

BY TELEGRAPH TO-DAY.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

DEATH OF MARQUIS OF SALISBURY.

PRINCE AND PRINCESS OF WALES GONE TO IRELAND.

GREAT PREPARATIONS IN DUBLIN FOR THEIR RECEPTION.

APPREHENSIONS OF ANOTHER WAR.

London, April 14, Ev'g.—Political news unimportant.

The steamer City of Boston, from New York, arrived at Queenstown.

London, April 14.—Viscount Cranbourn, Marquis of Salisbury, Secretary of State for India, under Lord Derby, is dead. His eldest surviving son is the Rt. Hon. Vis. Cranbourn, who succeeds to the titles and estate of the late Marquis. The London papers of this morning publish elaborate obituary notices of the deceased Peer, and they all express regret at the loss which the House of Commons will sustain in the transfer of Lord Cranbourn to the House of Peers in consequence of his father's death.

After a parting interview with the Queen this morning, the Prince and Princess of Wales, accompanied by their respective suites, left London on their visit to Ireland. They took a special train for Holyhead, where they will embark on the fleet which is to convey them across the Irish sea. It is expected they will land in Dublin at noon to-morrow.

Dublin, April 15.—The great preparations which have been made here to give all possible eclat to the visit of the Prince of Wales are about completed. The Castle has been changed into a Royal Palace for his accommodation. St. Patrick's Cathedral has been most lavishly decorated for the coming ceremonies attending the inestiture of His Royal Highness as a Knight of St. Patrick.

The quays and public buildings are lavishly ornamented, and flags, streamers, mottoes, and other decorations and beautiful triumphal arches have been erected in the principal streets, through which the Royal visitors will pass. The people of the surrounding country are pouring into the city.

Paris, April 14.—The Journal des Debats in an editorial article to-day, scouts the apprehensions which have been raised of an approaching war, and particularly denies that there is any reason to apprehend trouble with Germany. In proof of this, the Journal says: France has already refused to enter a close alliance with England and Austria, unless Prussia is included.

Copenhagen, April 24.—It is said that the Emperor of Russia has declined to interpose his good offices as mediator between Denmark and Prussia, for the settlement of the controversy concerning the Schleswig Provinces.

Lisbon, April 14.—The South American steamer with Rio Janeiro dates to the 24th has arrived.

She brings no war news from Brazil. This leads to the impression that the recent movements of the Allies in Rio Parana, have not resulted so favorably as the Brazillians expected.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

CLEARED.
April 14.

S S Margaretha Stevensen, Hamond. Moisie, John Laird.
Schr Clara, LeBlanc, Labrador, master.

PASSENGERS SAILED.

Per steamship Peruvian, Ballantine, for Liverpool, from Portland, April 11—Capt and Mrs Heancker and servant, Mr Heckmann, Robt McCann, Lieut Hawkes, Miss J Goodfield, Mr E Lister, Mrs C B Martin, Mr Colson, 60th Rifles, Jas Gibbe, George Dexter, Mr and Mrs W Leban and child, and 53 others in the steerage.

TIDE TABLE.

HIGH WATER AT QUEBEC—CIVIL TIME—1868.

April.	Morning.	Evening.
Monday..... 13	10 32	10 53
Tuesday..... 14	11 15	11 40
Wednesday..... 15	0 4	0 36
Thursday..... 16	1 12	1 52
Friday..... 17	2 32	3 10
Saturday..... 18	3 41	4 13
Sunday..... 19	4 20	4 57

The stream of tide runs up 45 minutes after high water.

MOON'S PHASES.

Third Quarter, Tuesday, 14th, 5h. 47m. p.m.

To find the time of high water at the following places, subtract the time opposite to each from that shewn on he table :—

	H. M.		H. M.
Madam Island.....	1 00	Kamouraska.....	2 40
Pillars.....	1 40	Brandy Pots.....	3 40
South Traverse E.....	2 14	Green Island.....	4 12

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send FREE to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 42 Cedar Street, New York. m10—12m

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a receipt for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, 823 Broadway, New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try his prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, No. 165 South Second Street, Williamsburgh, New York.

OLEUM-KALAMOS.—Alexander Fraser, Esq., General Insurance Agent, Quebec, writes as follows, respecting the efficacy of McLean & Co's *Oleum Kalamos* :—Messrs. McLean & Co:—Your *Oleum Kalamos* has cured me of a very severe sprain in my wrist—an obstinate attack of Rheumatism in my arm, and an aggravated and very distressing cough. I have much pleasure in recommending to the public the use of your valuable preparation for similar complaints.—A FRASER.—Quebec, 29th January, 1867.—Sold every where.—Messrs. Têtu & Garneau, wholesale agents for Quebec.

☞ Mrs. S. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, or World's Hair Dressing, are unequalled, for restoring, invigorating, beautifying and dressing the hair, rendering it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position; arresting the fall and imparting a healthy and natural color to the Hair. They never fail to restore grey Hair to its original youthful color. They act directly upon the roots of the Hair, giving them the natural nourishment required. The Zylobalsamum or Hair Dressing cleanses the hair, and imparts to it a most delightful fragrance, and is suited to both old and young. The restorer reproduces. The Hair Dressing cultivates and beautifies. If your hair is thin, try it; if scurfy, try it; if harsh, try it; if lustreless, try it; if none of these, try it; for all who use it will preserve their hair through life. For sale by all druggists.

OLEUM-KALAMOS.—George Thompson, Esq., Grocer, Upper Town, Quebec, writes as follows: —Messrs McLean & Co:—Your Oleum Kalamos has wrought a miracle upon the person of an acquaintance of mine, (Wm. Jackson, of Toronto,) whom I met last summer at the salt water. This gentleman was a cripple from the effects of rheumatism. No man could have been more deformed—In fact his limbs were so contorted, from the effects of the disease, that the physicians cauterized one of his legs from the ankle upwards and blistered the limb thus cauterized, but without any beneficial results. I advised him to try one bottle of your Oleum Kalamos, which he did, and was relieved. He tried a second and a third, and when last I met him, he was well, and on his way to Toronto with four bottles of the Oleum Kalamos in his pocket, as a provision against a future attack. It is quite a favorite remedy in my own family, for colds, coughs, sore throat, and rheumatism.—GEORGE THOMPSON.—Quebec, 24th Oct., 1867. Sold every where.

THE "FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE" OF THE NURSERY.

The following is an extract from a letter written by the Reverend C. Z. WEIZER to the *German Protestant Messenger* newspaper, at Chambersburg, Penn. :—

"A BENEFACTRESS.—Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are so sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking, and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life. We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the Infant Race." 25 cents a bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," having the *fac-simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT,

If allowed to progress, results in serious Pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable. Brown's Bronchial Troches reach *directly* the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH, they are beneficial. OBTAIN only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which have *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—E. H. Chapin, D.D., N. Y. Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, New York. N. P. Willis, New York. Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate. Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston. Prof. Edward North, Clinton, New York. Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence. Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box. ap3 2m

DIED.

On Monday, the 13th April, John Meeteau, aged 41 years.
On the 14th instant, at Charlesbourg, Catherine Devlin, aged 54 years, wife of Fergus O'Farrell, a native of the County Longford, Ireland.

INDIGO.

5 CHESTS INDIGO, (best Madras.)
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, April 10, 1868.

Owen Murphy,

AUCTIONEER.

Office Telegraph Building,

ST. PETER STREET.

SALES of FURNITURE, and all descriptions of Property, conducted on favorable terms. Returns and settlements made without delay.
Quebec, April 15, 1868.

American Invoices—Discounts.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, April 10, 1868.

AUTHORISED DISCOUNT on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
Quebec, April 15, 1868.

New Books.

MIDDLETON & DAWSON

Have Just Received:

Annual of Scientific Discovery, or Year-Book of Facts in Science, for 1868.
Legends and Lyrics, a book of verses, by Adelaide Anne Procter, with introduction by Charles Dickens.
The Ritual Reason Why, edited by Charles Walker.
The Massacre of St. Bartholomew, and History of the Religious Wars of Charles IX., by Henry White.
A Smaller History of England, by Wm. Smith, LL.D., with engravings on wood.
Electricity, by Robert M. Ferguson.
Paris in 1867, by Henry Morford.
Lays of the Scottish Cavaliers, and other Poems, by W. E. Aytoun. New edition.
Stories of the Gorilla Country, narrated for young people, by Paul Du Chaillu.

For sale by
MIDDLETON & DAWSON,
Foot of Mountain Hill.
Quebec, April 15, 1868.

GRAND CONCERT

OF

SACRED MUSIC,

Vocal and Instrumental,

IN THE

WESLEYAN CHURCH,

ON

FRIDAY EVENING,

APRIL 17th, 1868.

The programme embraces selections from Handel, Haydn, Mozart, &c., &c.

The Instrumental part of t pr ogramme will be performed by the Band of the 30th Regt., (kindly granted for the occasion) under the able direction of Mr. Standhaft.

A strong staff of amateurs have promised to assist in the Choruses.

Miss Smith will preside at the organ.

TICKETS 25 cents each, may be had of Mr. Morgan, Music Dealer, Mr. Stanley, Stationer, Messrs. Middleton & Dawson, and at the door on the night of the Concert.

The Concert to commence at eight o'clock.
Quebec, April 13, 1868.

N. F. BELLEAU.

[L.S.]

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or may in anywise concern—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEDEON OUIMET, *Attorney General.*

WHEREAS, on the morning of this present Seventh day of APRIL, instant, the

Honorable Thomas D'Arcy McGee,

Late of the City of Montreal, in our Province of Quebec, and a Member of the House of Commons of Canada, was found dead in one of the streets of the city of Ottawa, in Our Province of Ontario, from the effects of a bullet wound in the head; AND WHEREAS, it is supposed that the said Thomas D'Arcy McGee has been

FOULLY MURDERED;

NOW KNOW YE, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars

Will be paid to any person or persons not being the actual perpetrator or perpetrators, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the supposed crime.

In Testimony whereof, we have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Our said Province of Quebec to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved the Honorable Sir NARCISSE FORTUNAT BELLEAU, Knight, Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Quebec, at Our Government House, in Our City of QUEBEC, in Our said Province, this SEVENTH day of APRIL, in the year of Our Lord, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-Eight, and in the thirty-first year of Our Reign.

By Command,
PIERRE J. O. CHAUVEAU,
Secretary.
April 11, 1868.

SYRUP.

PUNCHEONS CIENFUEGOS SYRUP.
Barrels do do.
Puncheons Demarara do.
Do Choice Barbadoes do.
(In bond or duty paid.)
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, April 10, 1868.

Insolvent Act of 1864.

CANADA:
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
District of Quebec.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

In the Matter of
WILBROD D. BONHOMME,
An Insolvent. 12

ON the FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT, the undersigned will apply to the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.
Quebec, eighteenth March, 1868.
WILBROD D. BONHOMME,
Insolvent,
Per ANDREWS, CARON & ANDREWS,
His Attorneys, *ad litem.*
March 20, 1868. 2m

Insolvent Act of 1864.

CANADA:
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
District of Quebec.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

In the Matter of
JAMES WATT,
An Insolvent. 12

ON the FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT, the undersigned will apply to the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.
Quebec, eighteenth March, 1868.
JAMES WATT,
Insolvent,
Per ANDREWS, CARON & ANDREWS,
His Attorneys, *ad litem.*
March 20, 1868. 2m

Insolvent Act of 1864.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
District of Quebec.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

In the matter of
LOUIS DAMASE VEZINA, of Quebec, Joiner and Undertaker,—
An Insolvent. 9

THE undersigned has filed in the Office of this Court a Deed of Composition and Discharge, executed by his creditors; and on MONDAY, the FIRST day of JUNE next, he will apply to the said Court for a confirmation thereof.
LOUIS D. VEZINA,
By his Attorney, *ad litem,*
CYR. T. SUZOR.
Quebec, 12th March, 1868. 2m27

Insolvent Act of 1864.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
District of Quebec.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT. 18

In the Matter of
JOSEPH DECOTEAU,
Insolvent.

ON the FIRST DAY OF JUNE next, the undersigned will apply to this Court for a discharge under this Act.
JOSEPH DECOTEAU,
By his Attorney, *ad litem,*
R. C. PENTLAND.
Quebec, 3rd March, 1868. 2m6

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the Matter of
JOSEPH L'HEUREUX, 3
An Insolvent.

THE CREDITORS of the INSOLVENT are notified to MEET at the Office of the undersigned, No. 17, St. Peter Street, Lower Town, Quebec, on TUESDAY, the 28th day of APRIL, instant, at TWO o'clock, P.M., for the public examination of the Insolvent, and the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally.
WILLIAM WALKER,
Official Assignee.
Quebec, 10th April, 1868. 2w

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the Matter of
LÉON LEMIEUX, 3
An Insolvent.

THE CREDITORS of the INSOLVENT are notified to MEET at the Office of the undersigned, No. 17 St. PETER STREET, Lower Town, Quebec, on MONDAY, the 27th day of APRIL, instant, at TWO o'clock, P.M., for the public examination of the Insolvent, and the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally.
WILLIAM WALKER,
Official Assignee.
Quebec, 10th April, 1868. 2w

SPRING STYLES OF HATS.

1868.

ALL the leading STYLES in Gentlemen's SILK AND FELT HATS, Boys' and Children's FELT HATS, in various Colours and Shapes, just received by latest steamers, via Portland.
RENFREW & MARCOU,
20, Buade Street,
(late Henderson's.)
Quebec, March 30, 1868.

FACTORY FILLED SALT.

150 BAGS Ashton Factory Filled SALT.
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, April 10, 1868.

LOBSTERS.

CASES Portland LOBSTERS, each 2 dozen.
Do Miramichi do, each 4 dozen.
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, April 10, 1868.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

QUEBEC, 30th March, 1868.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a DIVIDEND of FOUR PER CENT., upon the Capital Stock of this institution, will be payable at this Bank, on and after the 1st of MAY next. The Transfer-Book will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of April next.
F. VEZINA,
Cashier.
April 1st, 1868.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

QUEBEC, 30th March, 1868.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING, for 1868, of the Shareholders of LA BANQUE NATIONALE, will be held at the office of the Bank on MONDAY the 4th of MAY next, at 3 o'clock, P.M.

At this meeting the Directors will submit a full statement of the affairs of the Bank, and the shareholders will proceed to the election of Directors for the ensuing year.
F. VEZINA,
Cashier.
April 1st, 1868.

Special Notice.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform their Town and Country customers, that they have constantly on hand a choice assortment of Staple and Fancy GROCERIES, Steam Confectionary and Fancy Biscuits; also, Hossack's Pulmonary Troches, McGregor's Worm Lozenges, and McLean & Co's celebrated *OLEUM KALAMOS*, which latter remedy is taking the lead of all other prescriptions, for the CURE of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, and Urinary diseases.

☞ See foreign and local certificates, which accompany each bottle.

JAS. HOSSACK & CO.,
22 Notre Dame Street,
Lower Town, Quebec.
Quebec, Dec. 13, 1867. 6m

Special Notice.

THE undersigned would most respectfully announce to his customers, and the public generally, that he has constantly on hand a very large and choice supply of Liquors, and very superior Groceries, together with a Winter's stock of that invaluable Family Medicine—the *OLEUM KALAMOS*, which, for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Colds, Coughs, and Sore Throat, has received such unparalleled testimonials from the highest sources of this city.

ALEXANDER FRASER,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
Foot of Palace Hill, Quebec.
Quebec, Dec. 13, 1867. 6m

CHEAP

Cotton and Linen GOODS!

WE have received by last Mail Steamers via Portland, a full supply of the best makes in :—

White Long Cloths and Shirtings,
Cotton Sheetings and Counterpanes,
Linen Sheetings and Pillow Linens,
Table Damasks and Napkins,
Irish Linens and Hollands,
Cambric Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.,
Choice New Brilliants and other Prints.

All of which we are happy to inform our Customers, we can sell at prices nearly as low as these goods were sold for in the very cheapest times.

—ALSO.—

A few cases of FANCY GOODS,
Choice Colors in Velveteens,
Black Velveteens,
Danish Laces, &c., &c., &c.

GLOVER & FRY.
Quebec, Jany. 13, 1868.

Ontario Tweeds.

FROM the depression of trade, we have just bought from the manufacturers, at a sacrifice :

150 *PIECES*

SUPERIOR TWEEDS!

Choice Colors, and Medium Substance, suitable for general wear.

Price, 4s. 9d. for Goods worth 6s. 3d.

☞ We confidently call the attention of the public to this cheap lot.

GLOVER & FRY.
Quebec, Jan. 20, 1868.

Remnants.

WE offer at our Semi-Annual Sale, Three Thousand Remnants, during the last six months, at an exceedingly low price.

Remnants of Silks, White Shirtings, White Long Cloths, Cotton Sheetings, Prints, Irish Linens, Linen Sheetings, Table Damasks, Huckabacks, Flannels, Dress Materials, Tweeds, Woollen Cloths, &c., &c.

GLOVER & FRY.
Quebec, Feb. 3, 1868.

To be Let,

THE HOUSE at present occupied by D. LAURIE, Esquire, at Mount Pleasant, St. Foy Road, a short distance beyond the Toll Bar.

Apply to
32 McPHERSON & STRANG,
Notaries.
Quebec, Feb. 3, 1868. 3m

To Let,

A FURNISHED ROOM, with attendance, in a central part of the Upper Town.
Apply at
No. 10, ST. HELEN STREET.
Quebec, Nov. 27, 1867. u

BLACKING.

CASES No. 1 Tin Blacking,
Do. No. 2 do.
Do. No. 3 do.
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, March 20, 1868.

SUGAR!

HHDS. Choice Porto Rico SUGAR.
Do Antigua do.
(In bond or duty paid,)
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, April 10, 1868.

SOAP.

BOXES CASEY'S (Medley) SOAP, feather brand.
Do Steele's Soap.
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, April 10, 1868.

BALL BLUE.

10 CASES BALL BLUE, each 112.
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, April 10, 1868.

POST OFFICE,

QUEBEC, 1st April, 1868.

DEPARTURE OF MAILS FROM QUEBEC.

MAILS.	CLOSE.
United Kingdom, Bremen Line, via New York every Monday...	5 30 p.m.
Do Inman Line, do, do, Thursday	5.30 p.m.
Do Canadian Line, via Portland, do Friday (1)	5.00 p.m.
Do Cunard Line, via New York, do Saturday.....	5.30 p.m.
Bermuda, per Inman Steamer from New York to Halifax, N. S. on Thursday, 16th April.....	5.30 p.m.
G.T.R., (West,) Way Offices, Montreal, Ontario and U.S., daily,(2)	5.40 p.m.
Megantic, Leeds, St. Giles and St. Sylvester, daily.....	5.40 p.m.
St. John, N.B., and P. E. Island, daily.....	5.40 p.m.
Halifax & Newfoundland every Thursday, via G. T. Steamer from Portland.....	5.40 p.m.
Do do Friday, via Portland to St. John, N. B., by Steamer.....	5.40 p.m.
New Brunswick, via Edmonston and Woodstock overland Route, Tues., Thurs. and Saturdays...	8.00 a.m.
Gaspé, Bay of Chaleurs, Dalhousie, Campbellton, &c., Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays....	8.00 a.m.
South Shore (East,) to Riv. du Loup, and East by land to Rimouski, Metis, &c., daily, (3)..	8.00 a.m.
St. Henri, to St. Claire and Frampton West, inclusive, daily.....	8.00 a.m.
Do to St. George la Beauce, inclusive, daily.....	11.00 a.m.
Beaumont, St. Michel, Bienville, Indian Cove and Lauzon, daily.	3.00 p.m.
South Shore (West), St. Nicholas, to Becancour, inclusive, Mondays, Wednesdays & Fridays..	8.00 a.m.
North Shore (East), Beauport, to Murray Bay and Chicoutimi, inclusive, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.....	8.00 a.m.
North Shore (West), St. Foy, to Three Rivers, inclusive, daily..	4.00 p.m.
Island of Orleans, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.....	2.30 p.m.
Spencer Cove, Levis and St. Sauveur, twice daily.....	8.00 a.m. 2.30 p.m.
South Quebec, twice daily....	8.00 a.m. 5.40 p.m.

Postage on Letters for the United Kingdom, via Bremen, Inman and Cunard Lines, 15c. per ½ oz.
Do do Canadian Line, 12½c. per ½ oz.
Letters for Bremen and Inman Lines, must be pre-paid and specially addressed.
(1) Supplementary Bag will be closed at 6.15 p.m.
(2) do do 6 15 p.m.
(3) do do 8.45 a.m.
Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the closing of each Mail.
No Mails despatched on Sunday.
Street Letter Boxes visited twice daily,—8 a.m. and 5 p.m.

JOHN SEWELL, P.M.
Quebec, April 8, 1868.

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NOTICE TO MARINERS.

RIVER ST. LAWRENCE, CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a 9-pounder Gun has been placed near the Light-House on POINT DES MONTS, and will be fired every hour during Fogs and Snow-Storms, from 1st April to 15th December.

By order of the Board,
E. B. LINDSAY,
Cl. T. Ho. Q.
TRINITY HOUSE, QUEBEC,
31st January, 1868. 4m

Insolvent Act of 1864.

CANADA:
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
District of Quebec. 13

SUPERIOR COURT.

In the matter of
RÉNÉ CHARLES ETIENNE SIMARD,
Insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on the FIRST day of JUNE next, at TEN of the clock in the forenoon, or as soon as counsel can be heard, the undersigned will apply to the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.
Quebec, 14th March, 1868.
RÉNÉ CHARLES ETIENNE SIMARD.
By PLAMONDON & MORISSET,
Atty., *ad litem.*
March 18th, 1868. 2m

A Practical Guide

TO THE

GOLD FIELDS OF N. SCOTIA.

A PRACTICAL GUIDE for Tourists, Miners, and Investers, and all persons interested in the development of the GOLD FIELDS of Nova Scotia, by A. Heatherington. Price, $1.00.

For sale by
MIDDLETON & DAWSON,
Foot of Mountain Hill.
Quebec, March 31, 1868.

Bottles! Bottles!

100 CRATES WINE BOTTLES,
12 do. Hock do.
20 do. Claret do.
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, Feby. 19, 1868.

Abyssinia.

MIDDLETON & DAWSON have just received :

ABYSSINIA AND ITS PEOPLE; with a new Map, and eight Coloured Illustrations. Edited by John Camden Hotten, Fellow of the Ethnological Society, &c., &c., &c.

—ALSO,—

A further supply of
Barnes' EVIDENCES of CHRISTIANITY of the 19th Century.
For sale by
MIDDLETON & DAWSON,
Foot of Mountain Hill.
Quebec, Jan. 29, 1868. 2w

Day & Martin's Blacking.

BARRELS Quarts D. & M. Blacking,
Do. Pints do. do.
Do. Half-pints do. do.
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, March 20, 1868.

SALT.

500 BAGS COARSE SALT.
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, April 10, 1868.

SPRING GOODS!

FIRST ARRIVALS!!

NEW CHOICE FANCY SILKS,
New French Satins,—Black and Colored,
New Black Gros Grains, Poult de Soies, &c.,
New Straw Bonnets,
New Straw Hats,
Newest Style Trimmed Bonnets,
New Ribbons,
New Flowers and Feathers,
New Laces, Linen Collars, Cuffs, &c.,
New Mantles,
New Mantle Cloths and Water-Proof Tweeds,
New Costume Suits,
New Parasols and Umbrellas,
New Goods.

And a Great Variety of Novelties, in every Department.

GLOVER & FRY.
Quebec, March 23, 1868.

GENTLEMEN'S

Clothing Department.

Newest Styles in Spring Over-Coats,
Tweed Spring Suits,
Black and other Office Coats.
A very Choice Supply of New Spring Trowserings, Coatings, and Vestings.
Special Orders taken and executed promptly by a first-class Cutter.

All the Novelties in Shirts, Collars, Neck-Ties, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., &c.

Quebec, March 23, 1868.

PATENT

FRENCH WINDOW SHADES.

ASSORTED SIZES AND COLORS!

SELF-ACTING!

Combining Elegance, Cheapness and Durability.
GLOVER & FRY,
Carpet Store.
Quebec, March 23, 1868.

NEW

DRY GOODS STORE,

IN THAT SPLENDID BUILDING,

NO. 10,

St. John Street, (without.)

P. LeRossignol

INFORMS respectfully his numerous Customers and the Public in general, that he has removed to his old stand, No. 10, St. John Street, (without,) and will open on SATURDAY NEXT, the 11th instant, with a New Stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, of English, French, German and American manufacture, consisting of Cloth Tweeds, Cassimeres, Dress Goods, Cobourgs, Delaines, Prints, Cottons, Shirtings, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Hats, Bonnets, Feathers, Trimmings, &c., and a great variety of other goods, too numerous to mention.

His Stock having been bought, the most part lately since the fall in the prices of goods from 25 to 50 per cent., he will sell them CHEAP accordingly.

Quebec, April 8, 1868.

Union Bank

OF

LOWER CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given to the HOLDERS of SHARES of the Bank, not fully paid up, that the undernoted CALLS thereon have been made, and will be payable at the OFFICES of the Bank HERE and at MONTREAL :

Sixth instalment of 10 per cent on 1st Feb. next.
Seventh " " 15th March "
Eighth " " 1st May "
Ninth " " 15th June "
Tenth " " 1st August "

By order of the Board,
W. DUNN,
Cashier.
Quebec, Jan. 3, 1868.

Port & Sherry Wines.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber, Agent for Messrs. Offley, Cramp & Co., Oporto; and Messrs. Cramp, Suter & Co., Cadiz,—is now prepared to receive orders from the Trade, for early direct Spring shipment.

M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, Jany. 6, 1868.

Bedsteads!

BUY GLOVER & FRY'S Iron and Brass BEDSTEADS, for Health, Comfort, and durability. Vermin cannot live in these Bedsteads. They are convenient for the Sea-side.

GLOVER & FRY.
Quebec, June 12, 1867. 3

QUEBEC

Gas Co.'s Stock, WANTED.

JAS. MACNIDER & CO.,
Brokers.
Quebec, Jany. 27, 1868. u

Coal Oil.

NOW receiving and for sale :
60 Barrels Parson's No. 1, Pennsylvania.
60 do. do. No. 1, Maple Leaf.
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, Jany. 6, 1868.

ENGLISH CHEESE.

5 CASES North Wilts Truckle CHEESE.
10 Baskets Cheddar do.
10 do. Queen's Ams do.
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, Feby. 14, 1868.

PAINTS.

TINS No. 1 WHITE LEAD,
Do. Common White Paint,
Do. Black Paint.
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, March 18, 1868.

CANDLES.

BOXES BELGIAN SPERM CANDLES.
Do Parafine do.
Do Finest Sperm, do.
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, April 10, 1868.

Montreal Ocean Steamship

1867. WINTER 1868.

PASSENGERS BOOKED TO LONDONDERRY, OR LIVERPOOL

Return Tickets granted at Reduced Rates.

THIS COMPANY'S LINE is composed of the following First Class steamships :—

ABYSSINIAN,	3000 tons,	Building.
EUROPEAN,	3000 tons,	Building.
AUSTRIAN,	2700 tons,	Capt. Anon.
NESTORIAN,	2700 tons,	" Dutton.
PERUVIAN,	2600 tons,	" Ballantine.
MORAVIAN,	2650 tons,	" Wylie.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 tons,	" Brown.
NOVA SCOTIAN,	2300 tons,	" Aird.
BELGIAN,	2200 tons,	" Graham.
NORTH AMERICAN,	1784 tons,	" Smith.
DAMASCUS,	1300 tons,	" Watts.

Carrying the Canadian and United States Mails.

Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers from and to Londonderry.

Dates of sailing :—

FROM PORTLAND.

BELGIAN,	Saturday, March 14, 1868.	
AUSTRIAN,	"	" 21, "
HIBERNIAN,	"	" 28, "
NOVA SCOTIAN,	"	April 4, "
PERUVIAN,	"	" 11, "
NESTORIAN,	"	" 18, "
BELGIAN,	"	" 25, "
AUSTRIAN,	"	May 2, "

And every succeeding Saturday

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC.

To Londonderry or Liverpool.

Cabin—$76.50 and $86.50, according to accommodation.
Steerage—$31.
Berths not secured until paid for.
☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
For further particulars apply to
ALLANS, RAE & CO.,
Agents,
21 St. Peter Street.
Quebec, March 16, 1868.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steamships.

BETWEEN N. York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor.

Cuba,	leaves Saturday,	April 18
Russia,	" Wednesday,	" 22
Scotia,	"	" 29
Java,	"	May 6
China,	"	" 13
Australasian,	"	" 20

CHIEF CABIN PASSAGE.....$130 00
SECOND CABIN " 80 00

To Paris:

CHIEF CABIN PASSAGE.....$145 00
PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these Ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed thereto.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD,
4 Bowling Green,
New York.
Or to
I. G. BAITS,
103 State street Boston.
April 15, 1868.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

CANADA.
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
DISTRICT OF QUEBEC.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT

In the Matter of 24
EDOUARD ROBITAILLE,
Of Quebec, Merchant,
An Insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on the FIRST day of MAY next, at TEN o'clock in the Forenoon, or so soon as counsel can be heard, the said EDOUARD ROBITAILLE will apply to the said Court for a DISCHARGE, in virtue of the said Act.
Quebec, 15th February, 1868.
EDOUARD ROBITAILLE.
F. H. LANGEVIN,
Attorney, *ad litem*, for ED. ROBITAILLE.
Feb. 21, 1868. 2m

Insolvent Act of 1864.

CANADA:
Province of Quebec,
District of Quebec. 8

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

In the matter of
MICHEL DROLET, of Quebec, Merchant,
An Insolvent.

THE undersigned has filed in the office of this Court, a consent by his creditors to his discharge; and on THURSDAY, the FOURTH day of JUNE next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, or so soon as counsel can be heard, he will apply to the said Court for a confirmation thereof.
Quebec, March 30th, 1868.
MICHEL DROLET,
Per MACKAY & RAE,
Attorneys *ad litem* of the said Michel Drolet.
March 30, 1868. 2m

Insolvent Act of 1864.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
District of Quebec. 18

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

In the Matter of
SIGMENT HENRY SIMON,
Insolvent.

ON the FIRST day of JUNE next, the undersigned will apply to the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.
SIGMENT HENRY SIMON,
By his Attorney, *ad litem.*
R. C. PENTLAND.
Quebec, 3rd March, 1868. 2m6

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA

THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY FOR

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS DISEASES.

From Emery Edes, a well-known merchant of Oxford, Maine.

"I have sold large quantities of your SARSAPARILLA, but never yet one bottle which failed of the desired effect and full satisfaction to those who took it. As fast as our people try it, they agree there has been no medicine like it before in our community."

Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ulcers, Sores, and all Diseases of the Skin.

From Rev. Robt. Stratton, Bristol, England.

"I only do my duty to you and the public, when I add my testimony to that you publish of the medicinal virtues of your SARSAPARILLA. My daughter, aged ten, had an afflicting humor in her ears, eyes, and hair for years, which we were unable to cure until we tried your SARSAPARILLA. She has been well for some months."

From Mrs. Jane E. Rice, a well-known and much-esteemed lady of Dennisville, Cape May Co., N. J.

"My daughter has suffered for a year past with a scrofulous eruption, which was very troublesome. Nothing afforded any relief until we tried your SARSAPARILLA, which soon completely cured her."

From Charles P. Gage, Esq., of the widely-known firm of Gage, Murray & Co., manufacturers of enamelled papers in Nashua, N. H.

"I had for several years a very troublesome humor in my face, which grew constantly worse until it disfigured my features and became an intolerable affliction. I tried almost every thing a man could of both advice and medicine, but without any relief whatever, until I took your SARSAPARILLA. It immediately made my face worse, as you told me it might for a time; but in a few weeks the new skin began to form under the blotches, and continued until my face is as smooth as anybody's, and I am without any symptoms of the disease that I know of. I enjoy perfect health, and without a doubt owe it to your SARSAPARILLA."

Erysipelas — General Debility — Purify the Blood.

From Dr. Robt. Sawin, Houston St., N. Y.

DR. AYER: I seldom fail to remove *Eruptions* and *Scrofulous Sores* by the persevering use of your SARSAPARILLA, and I have just now cured an attack of *Malignant Erysipelas* with it. No alterative we possess equals the SARSAPARILLA you have supplied to the profession as well as to the people."

From J. E. Johnston, Esq., Wakeman, Ohio.

"For twelve years I had the yellow Erysipelas on my right arm, during which time I tried all the celebrated physicians I could reach, and took hundreds of dollars' worth of medicines. The ulcers were so bad that the cords became visible, and the doctors decided that my arm must be amputated. I began taking your SARSAPARILLA. Took two bottles, and some of your PILLS. Together they have cured me. I am now as well and sound as anybody. Being in a public place, my case is known to everybody in this community, and excites the wonder of all."

From Hon. Henry Monro, M. P. P., of Newcastle, C. W., a leading member of the Canadian Parliament.

"I have used your SARSAPARILLA in my family, for general *debility*, and for *purifying the blood*, with very beneficial results, and feel confidence in commending it to the afflicted."

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes.

From Harvey Sickler, Esq., the able editor of the Tunckhannock Democrat, Pennsylvania.

"Our only child, about three years of age, was attacked by pimples on his forehead. They rapidly spread until they formed a loathsome and virulent sore, which covered his face, and actually blinded his eyes for some days. A skilful physician applied nitrate of silver and other remedies, without any apparent effect. For fifteen days we guarded his hands, lest with them he should tear open the festering and corrupt wound which covered his whole face. Having tried every thing else we had any hope from, we began giving your SARSAPARILLA, and applying the iodide of potash lotion, as you direct. The sore began to heal when we had given the first bottle, and was well when we had finished the second. The child's eyelashes, which had come out, grew again, and he is now as healthy and fair as any other. The whole neighborhood predicted that the child must die."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

From Dr. Hiram Sloat, of St. Louis, Missouri.

"I find your SARSAPARILLA a more effectual remedy for the secondary symptoms of *Syphilis*, and for syphilitic disease than any other we possess. The profession are indebted to you for some of the best medicines we have."

From A. J. French, M. D., an eminent physician of Lawrence, Mass., who is a prominent member of the Legislature of Massachusetts.

"DR. AYER — My dear Sir: I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent remedy for *Syphilis*, both of the *primary* and *secondary* type, and effectual in some cases that were too obstinate to yield to other remedies. I do not know what we can employ with more certainty of success, where a powerful alterative is required."

Mr. Chas. S. Van Liew, of New Brunswick, N. J., had dreadful ulcers on his legs, caused by the abuse of mercury, or *mercurial disease*, which grew more and more aggravated for years, in spite of every remedy or treatment that could be applied, until the persevering use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA relieved him. Few cases can be found more inveterate and distressing than this, and it took several dozen bottles to cure him.

Leucorrhœa, Whites, Female Weakness, are generally produced by internal *Scrofulous Ulceration*, and are very often cured by the alterative effect of this SARSAPARILLA. Some cases require, however, in aid of the SARSAPARILLA, the skilful application of local remedies.

From the well-known and widely-celebrated Dr. Jacob Morrill, of Cincinnati.

"I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent alterative in diseases of females. Many cases of irregularity, Leucorrhœa, Internal Ulceration, and local debility, arising from the scrofulous diathesis, have yielded to it, and there are few that do not, when its effect is properly aided by local treatment."

A lady, unwilling to allow the publication of her name, writes:

"My daughter and myself have been cured of a very debilitating Leucorrhœa of long standing, by two bottles of your SARSAPARILLA."

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Neuralgia, when caused by *Scrofula* in the system, are rapidly cured by this EXT. SARSAPARILLA.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS

possess so many advantages over the other purgatives in the market, and their superior virtues are so universally known, that we need not do more than to assure the public their quality is maintained equal to the best it ever has been, and that they may be depended on to do all that they have ever done.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, M. D., & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by

PLEURISY.

Another of the respectable citizens of Quebec, Canada, has voluntarily addressed the following to W. E. Brunet, Esq., Druggist, &c., Pont St. Roch Street Quebec:

It affords me great pleasure to inform you that I have been completely cured of a very severe Pleurisy, which I had neglected, and by the use of only three bottles of the **Bristol's Sarsaparilla**, which I bought at your establishment in Vatier Street.

I am, dear sir, very truly yours,
J. B. ALEXIS DORVAL,
Inspector of Timber

HOME EVIDENCE.

Mr. R. DUGAL, Chemist and Druggist, Crown Street, Quebec:

Sir,—I send you the following certificate attesting the efficacy of BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA:

RESULT OF A SLOW FEVER.—I certify that on the 19th March, 1860, my son, nine years old, was obliged to keep his bed from the above sickness. I employed the best doctors, who took him under their charge for two years, without affording relief. Last spring I commenced to give BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, and from the moment he began taking the remedy a rapid improvement took place, and at present he can walk with facility. I therefore advise all persons suffering with similar maladies to try BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.

JEAN LACHANCE.

ST. ROCH DE QUEBEC,
8th Aug., 1866.

Reputation Established!

Mrs. S. A. Allen is truly a public benefactress, and her wonderful success is unprecedented. Her fame and her discoveries have gone abroad, and to-day she is in her line the largest manufacturess in the world.

Everybody Interested.

Youth and old age are alike benefited by the use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Hair Dressing. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, causing luxuriant growth and beauty. Your hair, if changed to grey or white by sickness or other causes, will soon be restored to its natural color and beauty. Dandruff eradicated forever. The Hair falling stopped. The most delicate head-dress or bonnet can be worn without fear of soiling. The most delightful fragrance to the hair is imparted. If you wish to restore your hair, as in youth, and retain it through life, without delay purchase a bottle of each of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing.

Sold by Druggists throughout the World.
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None are genuine unless the signature of R. and L. Perry and Co. is affixed to each wrapper, and blown on the bottle; and each bottle is protected by a patent capsule bearing the proprietor's name and address in full.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE

PERRY'S CORDIAL BALM OF SYRIACUM restores the impaired powers of life when exhausted by the follies of youth, maturity, or old age. It is a certain cure in all cases of extreme nervous debility produced by early imprudence, and various other causes, spermatorrhœa, exhaustion, incapacity for society, study, or business, indigestion, shortness of breath, dimness of sight, giddiness, cholic, bowel and bilious liver complaints, constipation and relaxation, dysentry, asthma, jaundice, fever, lumbago, gout, rheumatism, coughs, colds, sore, weak and ulcerated throats, nervousness, hysteria, pains in the limbs, interrupted circulation, tic-doloreau, restlessness at night, all chronic diseases and and all female complaints. This invaluable medicine is the most wonderful triumph of art over nature, and is adapted for both sexes. It has the effect of restoring and increasing the natural vigour of those who are suffering from prostration and langour produced by sojourning in the colonies or in hot climates. Thousands have been restored to health and vigour by its use, as sworn to on oath before the Right Honorable Matthew Wood, Lord Mayor of London, and the following Aldermen:—

Sir John Eamer, George Scholey, Esq., John Atkins, Esq., and others.

Price 11s. per bottle, or four quantities in one for 33s., which saves 11s.; and in £5 bottles effecting a saving of £1 12s.

Perry's Concentrated Detersive Essence. A remedy for any of the forms of Secondary Symptoms, and for purifying the system from contamination. It is recommended for all those diseases for which mercury, &c., are not only employed in vain, but too often to the utter ruin of health. Its action is purely detersive, and its beneficial influence on the system is undeniable. Price 11s. and 33s. per bottle, also a saving of 11s.

Perry's Patent Concentrated Essence of Copaiba and Cubeb Sugar-coated Globules.

An agreeable preparation of the very essence of the Balsam of Copaiba and Cubebs, perfectly tasteless, still retaining at the same time all its curative powers.

In all cases of Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, &c., a single trial will prove the efficacy of this invaluable remedy; as it at once acts upon the kidneys, bladder, and the urino-genital organs, restoring them to their healthy state. Price 11s. and 33s. per box.

HEALTH DEPENDS UPON PURE BLOOD.—Perry's Purifying Specific Pills, an infallible cure for all diseases of the skin, such as scurvy, scrofula, ulcers, boils, blotches, pimples on the face and body &c. Price 11s. and 33s. per box.

On Nervous Relaxation and Exhaustion. New edition, enlarged to 199 pages, illustrated by 100 anatomical colored Engravings, on steel, just published, price 2s. 6d.

THE SILENT FRIEND.—A medical work on the nature, treatment and cure of nervous and physical debility; exhaustion, spermatorrhœa, and all urino-genital diseases of the nervous system, and other diseases incidental to both sexes, producing a degeneracy of mental and physical strength, terminating in total debility and incapacity; shewing why these diseases so often appear incurable, when in reality they can be effectually removed by the most simple means.

Also, to be had from all agents in all parts of the world, Extracts from the Silent Friend, price 6d., which contains directions for the guidance of patients.

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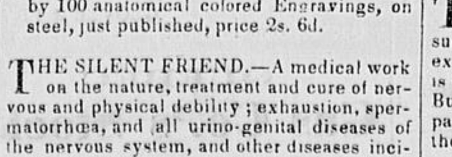
Messrs. R. & L. PERRY & Co. are only to be consulted at their residence, No. 19 Berners street, Oxford street, London, as they never, under any circumstances, travel either at home or abroad; and they hereby caution the public against any person using their name: and, as a further precaution against fraud, the public is notified that none of their medicines are genuine unless the subjoined fac-simile of their signature is attached to every wrapper.



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HEALTH, HAPPINESS and LONG LIFE are within the reach of all, by the use of Doctor BUCHAN'S VEGETABLE DOMESTIC MEDICINES, prepared from the prescription of the late Dr. Buchan, Fellow the Royal College of Physicians, &c., &c. Cures are daily made, and their efficacy proved in thousands of cases, attested before the Aldermen at Guildhall, the Right Honble. Lord Mayor of London, and sitting Magistrates of Marlborough Street, Westminster, Worship Street, Bow Street, &c. Used by the most celebrated Clergymen, Medical men and others.

DR. BUCHAN'S SUGAR-COATED SARSAPARILLA PILLS.

It is a well-known fact that Sarsaparilla is the greatest purifier of the blood in the world. Keep your Blood pure!—your Bowels regular!!—and defy the doctor!!! These Pills strike at the root of each disease, and are for the cure of every ailment incident to Man, Woman, and Child—such as Eruptions on the Skin, Indigestion, Bilious, Liver and Stomach complaints, general Weakness, Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Pains in the Limbs, Headaches, Sore Throats, and every complaint caused by irregularities of the bowles, obstructed perspiration, and deteriorated and unhealthy blood. These Pills work their way to the very roots of each disease, cleansing in their passage, especially where mercury has been taken, and removing every unhealthy accumulation till the blood is purified, the whole system renovated, and all the functions acting according to nature; the duties of life become a pleasure, where before they had been sad and weary burdens. Do not hesitate! do not delay! a clean stomach must make a clean body. A clean body will contain pure blood; when the stomach, body and blood are pure, from regulating and cleansing the bowels, health is certain. Begin at the beginning, waste no time; strike at the root of your ailment. Again, I say, look to your stomach. One trial of these Pills will force conviction.

Sold in bottles, at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s.

DOCTOR BUCHAN'S INVIGORATING ESSENCE,

For Nervous relaxation and general weakness, at once restores and invigorates, with magical rapidity, the most debilitated constitution, thereby ensuring permanent health, increased strength and energy, and a redoubled development of the muscular system. Failure is impossible, for success is as certain as that daylight follows darkness. The only infallible remedy for acquired, local and general debility, nervous prostration, depression of spirits, diminution of vital energy, emaciation, and for all female complaints. This medicine not only restores health and strength at once, but increases the natural vigour of man in youth, maturity, and old age. The properties of this invaluable re-invigorating Essence act directly on the nervous and muscular system, enriching, increasing, and purifying each particular vital fluid; its action is never-failing, and in perfect accordance with the laws of nature. As the falling rain vivifies the parched vegetation, so will the power of this all-potent agent restore the lost strength and energy of all who suffer from exhaustive derangment, which so few of the medical profession attempt to treat. Price, 4s. 6d. and 11s.; or four quantities in one, 35s.

DR. BUCHAN'S VEGETABLE SKIN OINTMENT

Is the only one yet discovered that cures the most inveterate sores. Its effects are wonderful, giving instant relief to the sufferer. Many thousands have used it, and declare it to be the best in the world. It is the only NATURAL REMEDY for all kinds of sores and skin eruptions. It never closes up the surface of a wound while full of matter, but will first bring all to the surface, and finally heal without breaking out again. The Pills and the Ointment in the following:—Piles, Boils, Bruises, Excoriations, Blotches on the Face, Ulcers, Ring-worms, Sore Heads, Eyes and lips, Baldness, Chapped Hands, Chafed and Blistered Feet, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Scalds, Cuts, Biles, Freckles, Stings, Scrofula, King's Evil, Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Fistulas, Gout, Swelled Glands, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Whitlow, Sore Nipples, Sore Throats, Scurvy, Sore Heads, Rash, Tumours, Old and deep-seated Ulcers, Wounds, Worms, Itch, &c. 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d. per pot. Agents for Quebec.

JOHN MUSSON & CO., Druggists,
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October 17, 1864. 12m

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From Fresh-Culled Flowers.

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FLORIDA WATER.

THIS exquisite perfume is prepared direct from BLOOMING TROPICAL FLOWERS, of surpassing fragrance. Its aroma is almost inexhaustible; while its influence on the SKIN is most refreshing, imparting a DELIGHTFUL BUOYANCY to the overtaxed body and mind, particularly when mixed with the water of the Bath. For

FAINTING TURNS, NERVOUSNESS,
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it is a sure and speedy relief. With the very *elite* of fashion it has for 25 years maintained its ascendancy over all other perfumes, throughout the West Indies, Cuba, Mexico, and Central and South America, and we confidently recommend it as an article which, for soft delicacy of flavor, richness of bouquet, and permanency, has no equal. It will also remove from the skin

ROUGHNESS, BLOTCHES,
SUN BURN, FRECKLES,
AND PIMPLES.

It is as delicious as the OTTO OF ROSES, and lends freshness and beautiful transparency to the complexion. Diluted with water it makes the best dentifrice, imparting a pearly whiteness to the teeth; it also removes all smarting or pain after shaving.

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Beware of counterfeits. Look for the name of MURRAY & LANMAN on the bottle, wrapper and ornamental label. Prepared only by

LANMAN & KEMP,
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69, 71 & 73 Water Street, New York.

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June 27, 1866. 12m

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444, WEST STRAND, W.C.

NEW PROSPECTUS, 1868.

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The right to select a valuable Work of Art from one of the Public Exhibitions;
Statuettes in Porcelain,
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Silver medals of Sir R. Westmacott, R.A., and other Works, all produced exclusively for the Society.

An Artist's proof of the plate may be had for Five Guineas, with Five Chances in the distribution; or a Letter Proof on India, with two Chances, for Two Guineas.

The Art-Union of London was established to promote the knowledge and love of the Arts, and their general advancement in the British Empire, by a wide diffusion of the works of native artists; and to elevate Art and encourage its professors, by creating an increased demand for their works, and an improved taste on the part of the public. It is under the direction of a Council of the Members, whose services are honorary, and four of whom retire from office every year.

Every Member for each Guinea subscribed, is entitled to—

I. One chance in the distribution of prizes at the annual meeting on the last Tuesday in April.

II. An impression of one or more plates produced exclusively for the Society; admission for himself and friends to the General Meeting and to the exhibition of prizes; and the annual report with list of Members, and almanack.

Numbers are not put on the subscription-receipts, because, as there must always be necessarily many receipts left in the various Agents' hands undisposed of, it would be very difficult to ensure the the proper numbers, *and no others*, were put into the drawing. The names are numbered in regular order a few days before the General Meeting, and any member may learn his number by stating the letters on the corner of his receipt.

EXTRA CHANCES.—Any Member having paid his subscription for the current year, and wishing to have one or more extra chances in the next distribution of prizes—but without another print—may have one such extra chance for every half-guinea subscribed for that purpose, for which a separate printed Receipt will be given.

WORKS OF ART IF LIEU OF PRINTS.—A bust, statuette, or other work, may be had instead of the print, by additional payment. Payments in different years may be combined with a view to obtain one of these works; provided always, that at the time of the first and every subsequent payment it be expressly stated at the office that such payment is made for that purpose.

PAYMENT IN ADVANCE.—A subscription for ten years in advance, entitles to a porcelain bust, or a tazza in iron, or one of the medals executed for the Society in Silver; in addition to the annual advantages attached to the Subscription.

TEN GUINEA PRIZE.—Any Member who has subscribed Ten Guineas in successive years, ending with the current year, without gaining a prize of any kind in that period, shall be entitled to one of the porcelain busts as a special prize. An accidental omission of payment for one or more years may be made up at any time by adding to the current year's Subscription.

Members have the option of taking, instead of the print of the year, any of the following, viz.:—

THE SURRENDER OF CALAIS;
OR
A WATER PARTY;
OR
A LABOUR OF LOVE,

With any one of the following EXTRA WORKS, viz.:

Woodcuts from Milton's L'Allegro;*
" " Byron's Childe Harold;*
Illustrations in outline from Pilgrim's Progress;
Illustrations in outline from Events in English History;
Illustrations in outline or The Seven Ages of Man;
A ruled bas-relief of The Entry into Jerusalem;
Or a ruled bas-relief of Christ led to Crucifixion;

Or two of the following prints, or one with one EXTRA WORK, viz.: The Villa of Lucullus; The Burial of Harold; The Clemency of Cœur-de-Lion; The Piper; or, Come Along; &c., &c., &c.

Or one volume of woodcuts and one set illustrations in outline.

Subscriptions to the *LONDON ART-UNION* will be received, by the undersigned, Honorary Secretaries for Quebec. As the list will be closed on the 1st of March, all parties who wish to subscribe will please send in their subscriptions before that date.

☞ No name will be entered before payment.

MIDDLETON & DAWSON,
Foot of Mountain Hill,
Quebec.

Quebec, 1867.

ESTABLISHED 1832.

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA.

IN LARGE BOTTLES.

The Celebrated PREPARATION for

PURIFYING THE BLOOD!

AND

HUMORS.

ESPECIALLY recommended for use during spring and summer, when the greasy secretions of the fall and winter months render the system liable to fevers and other dangerous diseases.

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.

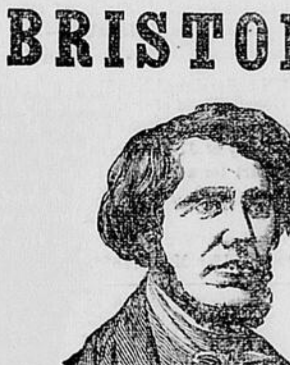
It is also a safe and reliable remedy for all Eruptive and Skin Diseases; for every phase of Scrofula, whether immediate or hereditary; for Old Sores, Boils, Ulcers, Tumors, and Abcesses, and for ever stage of Secret Disease, even in its worst forms. It is also a sure and reliable remedy for Salt Rheum, Ring Worm, Tetter, Scald Head, Scurvy, White Swellings, Nervous and General Debility of the System, and all Affections of the Liver, Fever and Ague, Billous Fevers, Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague and Jaundice. It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of Genuine Honduras Sarsaparilla, and is the best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood.

The afflicted may rest assured that there is not the least particle of Mineral, Mercurial, or any other poisonous substance in this medicine. It is perfectly harmless, and may be administered in all kinds of weather, rainy or dry, to persons in the very weakest stages of sickness, to the most helpless infants, without doing the least injury.

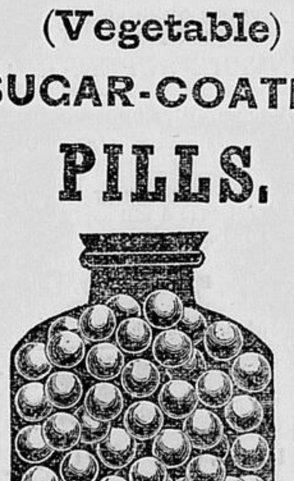
Full directions how to take this most valuable medicine will be found on the label of each bottle. Bristol's Sarsaparilla is for sale in the establishments of W. E Brunet, Druggist; John E. Burke, druggist; E. Giroux, druggist; R. Dugal, druggist; J. B. Martel, druggist; and John Musson & Co., druggists. Also by all respectable Druggists and dealers in Medicines.

June 27, 1866. 12m

BRISTOL'S



(Vegetable) SUGAR-COATED PILLS.



PURELY VEGETABLE.

THE need of a safe and perfectly reliable purgative medicine has long been felt by the public; and it is a source of great satisfaction to us that we can, with confidence, recommend our BRISTOL'S SUGAR-COATED PILLS as combining all the essentials of a safe, thorough, and agreeable Family Cathartic. They are prepared from the very finest quality of medicinal roots, herbs, and plants; the active principles or parts that contain the medicinal value being chemically separated from the inert and useless fibrous portions that contain no virtue whatever. Among those medicinal agents we may name PODOPHYLLIN, which has been proved to possess a most wonderful power over the LIVER, and all the bilious secretions. This, in combination with LEPTANDRIN, and other highly valuable vegetable extracts and drugs, constitutes a purgative Pill that is greatly superiorto any medicine of the kind heretofore offered to the public. Bristol's Vegetable Sugar-Coated Pills will be found a safe and speedy remedy in all such cases as Piles, Headache, Jaundice, Bad Breath, Foul Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint, Habitual Costiveness, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Heartburn or Flatulency, Dropsy of Limbs or Body, Female Irregularities, and all other diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, and Kidneys.

In diseases which have their origin in the blood, Bristol's Sarsaparilla, that best of blood purifiers, should be used with the Pills; the two medicines being prepared expressly to act in harmony together. When this is done faithfully, we have no hesitation in saying that great relief, and in most cases a cure, can be guaranteed when the patient is not already beyond human help.

For general directions and table of doses, see the wrapper around each phial.

For sale in the Establishments of Messrs. W. E. Brunet, druggist, J. E. Burke, druggist; Ed. Giroux, druggist; J. B. Martel, druggist; and John Musson & Co., druggists. Also, by all respectable Druggists.

March 18, 1867. 12jun26

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD, and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested, and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who over-tax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. To the soldier exposed to sudden changes in the weather they will give prompt relief in Coughs and Colds, and can be carried in the pocket to be taken as occasion requires. Sold at 22 cents a box. jn18

The New French Remedy.

By Royal Letters Patent, under the special sanction of Her Majesty's Government and the Chiefs of the Faculté de France.

THERAPION:—or CURE OF CURES. This successful and highly popular medicament, as employed in the continental hospitals by Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed. Devoid of all *taste, odour* and *appearance* of medicine, it can be left or carried anywhere, and taken from time to time without exciting suspicion. Each package contains full instructions for every case.

THERAPION, No. 1, in three days only—removes gonorrhœa, gleet, and all discharges; effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief, where other well-tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION, No. 2, for syphilis, disease of the bones, sore throat, threatened destruction of the nose and palate; impurity of blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth; and ruin of health. Under this medicine every vestige of disease rapidly dissappears; and the skin assumes the pleasing softness of infancy.

THERAPION, No. 3, for relaxation, spermatorrhœa, and all the distressing consequences arising from early abuse, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated. To those who are prevented entering the marriage state by the consequences of early error, it will render essential aid by subduing all disqualifications, and restoring the lost tone to the system. Therapion may be procured at 11s., and 33s. per package, through all medicine vendors, or in £5 packages for foreign shipment, direct from London only, by which £1 12s. are saved: and £10 packages for the more inveterate cases, by which a still greater saving is effected. In ordering the above, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires.

Her Majesty's Hon. Commissioners have graciously permitted the government stamp bearing the word "Therapion" in white letters, to be attached to each package; thus insuring the public against fraudulent imitations, and securing to the proprietor the sole right of supply throughout her dominions; and any infringement of which they will prosecute with the utmost severity.

AGENTS FOR ENGLAND,—Thomas & Co., 7, Upper St. Martin's-lane; Barclay & Co., Farringdon-street; Edwards & Co. and Newbery & Sons, St. Paul's church-yard; and obtainable through all medicine vendors in the known world, or in case of difficulty, by enclosing a draft or order for £5 or £10, according to the nature of the case, payable in London to Messrs. Thomas & Co., as above, a large package will be sent by return mail, carefully secured from observation or accident.

THE CAUSE AND CURE OF PREMATURE DECLINE, Sold by all the Agents for Dr. De Roos' Medicine, or sent post free, secure from observation, direct from the Author, for 2s. 6d.

THE MEDICAL ADVISER, on the modern treatment of mental and physical incapacity, syphilis, stricture, &c.; with unfailing rules and prescriptions for the speedy cure, by very simple means, of all the more common diseases and supposed incurable maladies of the sexual system. By Dr. W. DE ROOS, M.D., &c., of the Ecole de Médecine, Paris.

REVIEWS AND NOTICES.

"The MEDICAL ADVISER, by WALTER DE ROOS, M.D., for the class of diseases upon which it treats, is undoubtedly the best and most soundly practical book which has come under our notice. The author is a man of most enlarged experience."—North of England Telegraph, June 29th, 1861.

"To those who contemplate marriage, its perusal is especially recommended."—Bap. Mag. "The knowledge it imparts must come some time, and happy they who do not possess it too late."—Politician. "Cure is certain in every curable case, and few indeed are they which are not so."—Med. Review. "It is calculated to effect a complete revolution in the treatment of these complaints."—Med. Gaz. "Simple and inexpensive, every sufferer may cure himself speedily, privately, and at the least possible cost."—Scalpel.

From long practical observation of the treatment pursued in the most famous institutions of this country and the continent, for those diseases referred to in the above work, the Proprietor has had somewhat unusual facilities for acquiring that uniform success which has hitherto characterized his practice, in which the distressing consequences resulting from the injurious employment of mercury, capivi, sarsaparilla, and similar dangerous medicines, are entirely obviated. Lasting benefit in these cases can only be reasonably expected at the hands of those who devote their chief attention to such diseases; and to such only can confidence be safely extended. Dr. De R. refers with pride to the numbers he has been instrumental in restoring to health and happiness; whilst to all who need such aid he offers every assurance of speedy restoration.

FOREIGN RESIDENTS can be successfully treated by correspondence, on sending the detail of their case; with a Bank note or Bill on a London house for £5 or £10, in order that a package of medicines to meet the exigencies of the case, may be sent out by next mail, thus avoiding the protracted suffering and unnecessary loss of valuable time, which must otherwise occur.

DR. DE ROOS' GUTTÆ VITÆ or LIFE DROPS; protected by Royal Letters Patent of England; Seals of the Faculté de France; Royal College of Prussia, &c.; have in numberless instances proved their superiority over every other advertised remedy for Spermatorrhœa; langour; lassitude; depression of spirits; irritability; anger; excitement, needless fear; distaste and incapacity for society, study or business; indigestion, pains in the side, palpitation of the heart; giddiness, noise in the head; impotency, impediments to marriage, &c. This medicine strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles and nerves, thus speedily removes nervous complaints, renovates the impaired powers of life, and invigorates the most shattered constitution. For skin eruptions, sore throat, pains in the bones, and all those diseases in which mercury, sarsaparilla, &c. are too often employed in vain, to the serious detriment of health, its surprising efficacy has only to be tested to be appreciated.

As these complaints if neglected become "chronic" or incurable, sufferers will do well before they waste valuable time in seeking aid from instruments, and other absurdities professing to supersede medicines; to make fair trial of a remedy, which, concocted on unerring scientific principles, cannot fail; and may be carried about the person, or left upon the toilet table, without exciting a suspicion of its nature. Price 11s., and four times the quantity at 33s. per bottle. The £5 packages, containing twelve 11s. quantities, by which a saving of £1 12s. is effected, will be sent from 25 Bedford Place, only, on receipt of the amount per draft on a London house or otherwise.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, DISEASE of the KIDNEYS, BLADDER, &c. DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS are a most safe and speedy remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally, which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in an agonizing death. They agree with the most delicate stomach, and in three days effect a cure when capivi, cubebs, &c., have utterly failed. 2s. 9d., 4s. 6., 11s. and 33s. per box. The superiority of these celebrated medicines over everything of the kind is universally acknowledged, and the extraordinary demand for them without precedent.

Many there are, who from natural diffidence or fear of discovery, would silently bear their afflictions rather than apply for aid to those from whom they may reasonably expect relief. With the above remedies the sufferer may, without the knowledge of a second person, cure himself speedily, privately, and at the least possible expense.

Sold wholesale by Barclay & Son, 95, Farringdon-street, London; Agent for Quebec, John Musson & Co., of whom also may be had "THE MEDICAL ADVISER," or should difficulty arise in procuring any of the above, enclose the amount by draft or otherwise, to 25, Bedford Place, Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C., and they will be sent securely packed per return.

CAUTION.—Sufferers should guard against the recommendation of useless imitations by dishonest vendors, who thereby obtain a larger profit. The genuine have the words "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," printed in white letters on the Government Stamp, by order of Her Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, to imitate which is felony.

THE MOST WONDERFUL PILLS IN THE WORLD, ARE DR. DE ROOS' PILULÆ VITÆ or LIFE PILLS. All sufferers from general nervousness, debility, low spirits, sleeplessness, harrassing dreams, unnecessary fears, mental irritability, failure of the mental and bodily powers, weakness of the nerves, noises in the head, giddiness, indigestion, rheumatism, pains in the back, and other symptoms of chronic disease, will hail with joy the discovery of Dr. De Roos' Life Pills that speedily and almost magically remove pain and disease of whatsoever nature, restore cheerfulness of spirit and vigour to the mind, and strengthen all the organs on which health and life depend. They do not contain a particle of mercury, but are purely vegetable. They act mildly on the bowels, without pain or griping, impart strength to the stomach, promote a healthy action of the liver, thus preventing, or when present curing the jaundice and dropsy, clearing the skin, removing sallowness and pimples, purifying the blood, and marvellously invigorating the whole system. Females of all ages will find them invaluable, and should never be without them. For elderly people or when an occasional aperient is required, nothing can be better adapted. Owing to the great and increasing demand for these pills, and in order to protect the public from fraudulent imitations, Her Majesty's Commissioners have graciously permitted the proprietor to have his name, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed upon the government stamp affixed to each box. Sold by all medicine vendors in the world, price: 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s. and 33s. per box.

"As a Family Pill they are invaluable."—Dundee Times. "Persons of full habit should never be without them."—Surrey Telegraph. "For Females they are almost a necessity."—Ladies' Journal. "To Mothers—for children of all ages they are the simplest and best medicine that can be given."—Vide Dr. Smith's Report.

Quebec, July 16, 1866.

REMARKABLE TESTIMONY!

Messrs. PICAULT & SON, Chemists and Druggists, No. 42 Notre-Dame Street, Montreal, have received the following testimony:

MONTREAL, C. E., *July* 31, 1868.

Messrs. Doctors Picault & Son,

Sirs,—This is to certify that for five years I was troubled with general debility, unable to perform any household duties, and suffering violently from palpitation of the heart. I was constantly under the influence of a chilly fever, and experiencing awful pain in my whole body. I tried every thing—sought medical advice—but all to no avail. Twelve months ago I was induced to try BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, and before I had taken two bottles, experienced a decided improvement; but my means not allowing me to continue its use, I was becoming worse again, when you kindly gave me a few bottles. It was the needed remedy, and its effect on my system was wonderful. I am now another woman; I feel well, eat well, and sleep well, and do all my work without the least fatigue. I cannot too strongly recommend this invaluable medicine to the suffering, and I have not the least doubt they will derive from it the same benefit as I have.

(Signed) ANGILE DANIEL,
Wife of CELESTIN COURTOIS,
95 *Visitation Street.*

I certify the above is the truth.
CELESTIN COURTOIS.

Sworn before me this thirty-first day of July, 1868.
J. BOULANGET,
Justice of the Peace.

IT IS ASTONISHING!

Still another grateful letter sent to Messrs. DEVINS & BOLTON, Druggists, next the Court-house, Montreal:—

Dear Sirs,—For years I have suffered severely from liver complaint, constant pain in the side, no appetite, intense drowsiness, and a sense of suffocation, compelling me at times to remain in bed for three or four days. For two years I was constantly taking medicine, under the advice of two of our best city physicians, without getting any relief. By their orders I spent the whole of last summer in the country, but without benefit. Last March I was advised by a friend, who knew its virtues, to try **Bristol's Sarsaparilla**, but I had lost confidence in every thing, and was fearful of getting worse. At last I did try it; its effect was most beneficial: my appetite returned; the heavy drowsiness left me; and my digestion became vigorous and healthy. I used in all twelve bottles, and am now as strong and well as any man could desire.

You are at liberty to make my case known to the public.

Yours, very truly,
J. H. KENNEDY,
Grocer and Dealer in Wines and Spirits,
No. 160 St. Mary Street, Montreal.

BE IT KNOWN

What is said by one who has tried

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.

Messrs. DEVINS & BOLTON, Druggists, Montreal:

GENTLEMEN,—It is with the most grateful feelings that I give you the particulars of the cure effected upon me by the use of the **Bristol's Sarsaparilla** bought from you. A severe and painful rheumatism had troubled me for years, rendering my right arm almost useless, and, extending across my chest and down my back, made me unable to walk, and comparatively helpless, besides much pain in the side, from what my family doctor called liver disease. Mr. KENNEDY, my neighbor, on whom the **Bristol's Sarsaparilla** produced almost a miraculous cure, advised me to try a bottle or two. I did so, taking, at the same time, as directed by you, a couple of **Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills** occasionally.

I am now entirely recovered, free from pain of every kind, and feel as if I had taken a new lease of life. I can with confidence recommend the **Sarsaparilla** and the **Pills** to any one suffering with the same troubles.

MRS. CROSBY,
Dry Goods Store, St. Mary's St., Montreal.

READ THIS!

Still another of our well-known and highly respectable neighbors has come forward, under a sense of duty, and made the following statement:—

ST. CONSTANT, DIST. OF LAPRAIRIE,
May 25*th*, 1868.

Messrs. Devins & Bolton, Druggists, next the Court-house, Montreal:

Dear Sirs,—When I began using BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, I had been for nine months suffering with rheumatism, and had completely lost the use of my legs, being unable to walk during four months out of the nine. The first bottle of BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA gave me great relief, and before I had finished seven bottles I was entirely free from pain, and able to walk as well as I ever could. You will confer a favor on many by making these facts public, which I shall be glad to confirm.

Very respectfully, yours,
THOMAS QUELLIAN.