

EIGHTY-FIFTH YEAR. NO. 132.

MONTREAL, SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1892.

PRICE T

BANKERS OBJECT.

The City's Proposal to Tax Bank Stock Rejected.

A Deputation of Influential Bankers Wait on the City Council to Protest Against It—Capital Will Be Driven From the City By It—The City's Power to Fix This Tax Questioned.

The bankers of the city are bitterly averse to the proposal of the city to levy a tax of one percent on all bank stock shares owned by residents of the city.

In consequence a deputation of bankers waited on the City Council at its session yesterday afternoon to protest. It comprised Mr. Wolferton Thomas, general manager of Molson's Bank; A. M. Crombie, manager Canadian Bank of Commerce; Charles Chaput, director of La Banque d'Hochelega; A. L. DeMartigny, managing director Jacques Cartier Bank; H. Joseph, J. S. Bousquet, cashier La Banque du Peuple; Henri Barbeau, manager Montreal City and District Savings Bank; Alfred Bennet, manager La Banque Nationale; L. E. Morin, president Chamber of Commerce; F. X. St. Charles, president Hochelega Bank; M. J. A. Prendergast, manager Banque d'Hochelega; W. Weir, Banque Ville Marie.

Mr. Hagne was the first spokesman and said that the bankers considered the proposed impost was unjust and most impolitic. The council appliances had not the power to put a tax on this class of property. Even if it had it would have a detrimental influence on the prosperity of the country. He understood that it was proposed to tax capital and not income, and in this there was no equity. Bankers were already heavily taxed, and contributed largely to the revenue of the city, some of the banks paying as much as \$1200 a year in taxes.

Mr. Morin, president of the Chambre de Commerce, asked the council to pause before imposing any additional tax on those already heavily burdened.

Mr. F. Wolferton Thomas said that the banks were already large contributors, they pay a tax on their buildings and also a heavy impost as a business tax and he thought the council should not do regard to this fact. He referred to the small council meeting at which this amendment was passed and said he was sure were several aldermen who would have opposed it had they been present. He pointed out that if the council attempted to impose a tax on bank stock, it would have the effect of driving capital out of the city and the council would probably be the first to regret it. Toronto was running Montreal very close and for the sake of getting capital there, the council should encourage manufacturers, was abolishing some taxes while Montreal was taking a backward step in the way of advancement. He said banking was the one thing that contributed more than anything else to the welfare of a city like Montreal, by giving credit to enterprising manufacturers and merchants. The imposition of a tax like this was a most delicate thing to deal with, and he trusted the Council would give it due consideration. Influencers should be given to manufacturers to come to Montreal, bankers gave the greatest encouragement to them. If the tax was imposed it might have the effect of driving some of the banks out of the city. They might move over to St. Lambert, and there be exempt from similar taxes. In the States, and if such steps were taken here the council would have cause to regret it.

Mr. DeMartigny stated his conviction that the imposition of such a tax would have a very injurious effect and prevent the flow of a large amount of capital into the city.

Mr. Bousquet, Banque du Peuple, followed in the same strain.

Wm. H. Joseph expressed a hope that the recommendation of the bankers would be taken into consideration and that the representatives of a large number of people who already contributed materially in other ways to the taxes of the city. He said the proposed tax of one per cent was double that of any tax similarly imposed in the United States. He did not object to see banks taxed for all they could bear, but there should be a limit. Everyone who wanted to share taxes fairly, and he would put upon his neighbor, but taxation should be fairly distributed and everyone should bear his legitimate share.

Mr. Weir, Ville Marie bank, said this was money that would be dealt with. He would rather bear a direct personal tax in any way than have it put upon bank stock or other shares. Everyone should bear a share in the cost of paving and widening the streets and beautifying the city. He thought, however, that the impost now proposed would be injurious to the city.

Mr. Prendergast, of the Hochelega bank, took rather a view of the question different to that of the previous speakers. He said that the Provincial Treasurer was the person to deal with the matter, and no doubt he would deal with it. The Government might put on a tax of this kind, but whether the Federal or Provincial Government dealt with it the city would not get any benefit.

Ald. Rolland concurred in the views of Mr. Prendergast, and said that if the Provincial Government put on the tax they would keep the money, as they wanted it more than the city of Montreal did. This, he thought, was very likely to be done, and he could not see why a deputation should have come before council at all.

The Mayor thanked the deputation for their attendance, and said he had no doubt the ideas they had expressed would be productive of some good effect.

The ordinary business of the Council was then proceeded with.

The Mayor read a letter from the Catholic Order of Foresters, asking that the City Council chamber be given to them as a reception room. He asked the chairman of the City Hall if he had any objection to this.

Ald. Thompson said he had been communicated with, but found that the Council chamber was too small, and he recommended that the Drill Hall be secured for the purpose.

AN AWKWARD FIX

Bad Management by the Provincial Ministers.

How the Government Performed the Feast of Swallowing Itself on Mr. Pelletier's Election Bill—Yesterday's Sitting of the Legislature—Mr. Hall on the Agricultural Education of the Farmers.

It was finally agreed to allow the bill to stand as it is.

Several reports from the Road Committee were read, and the consideration of most of them deferred.

The report recommending an increase of salary for Mr. St. George, City surveyor, caused a lively debate.

Ald. Prefontaine proposed to refer it to the Finance Committee.

The Finance Committee met yesterday afternoon at 2:30 for the transaction of some special business previous to the meeting of council. Ald. Rolland presided.

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PREPARING FOR THE FRAY.

British Members Getting Ready for the Coming General Elections.

London, June 3.—The last session of the present Parliament virtually closed to-day. The desire of a section of the Cabinet, strongly supported by Mr. Chamberlain and the Unionist party, to pass the Irish Local Government bill, so that they would be able to go before the coming general elections, Irish pledges redeemed, has failed to prevail against electoral exigencies. It is doubtful if there is life enough left in Parliament to dispose of the small remaining business, the members all hurrying to their constituencies to prepare for the fray.

The Radicals had decided to propose the passing of the estimates, which will be voted in the desultory fashion in which bills are usually voted at the end of the session. The Queen will curtail her stay at Balmoral, and will return to Windsor on June 22 in order to receive the necessity of the Ministers travelling to Scotland to tender their resignations. The formalities of the dissolution of Parliament are certain to occur before June 25th, and the electoral contest is already commenced. Mr. Chamberlain has decided to resign, and will not return during the present Parliament. The bulk of the Irish members have left Westminster for Ireland. Election agents are busy arranging meetings throughout the Kingdom.

The date of the opening of Mr. Gladstone's Midlothian campaign is not yet fixed. His idea of addressing small meetings from village to village has been abandoned, and instead he will address three great meetings, one at Edinburgh, another at West Calder and the third at Dalkeith. Mr. Gladstone is in capital health, but a great speech now-a-days leaves him almost prostrate. In his letter to the Trades' Council appointing June 16 for an interview, Mr. Gladstone for the first time complains of deafness, and his few innumerable words, it seems, are few in number, and he is said to be failing; for recently he had to ask Mr. Morley to read a document for him in Parliament. Mr. Gladstone's face about the eight hours question, bidding Mr. Schmoedorst to call the labor vote, and his unwilling whole the progressive programme of the London county council receive scathing treatment in the columns of the Conservative papers, which regard this as a few instances of his characteristic opportunism.

The Liberal election funds, already swollen by large contributions from wealthy Liberals desirous of political promotion, have received an unexpected accession in the labor interest. The contribution comes indirectly from Mr. Andrew Carnegie, the American iron manufacturer, who thus puts this practical test to the principle that wealth should be used for the benefit of the people. A difficulty, however, has arisen as to which of the genuine labor candidates are entitled to benefits.

The McCarthys are now completing their election program. The whole of the 53 sitting members of the House of Commons, all of the Parliaments seat will be contested by McCarthys. The amount of the American donations to the election fund will largely determine the fate of the Parliaments. General Collins has promoted the English people to Dublin and Mr. T. P. O'Connor to endeavor to promote a reconciliation between the two Irish factions, but it is not likely that he will succeed.

MINISTERS AT WASHINGTON. Discrimination Against American Vessels in Our Canals the Cause of the Trip. WASHINGTON, June 3.—The Cabinet meeting, to-day, was attended by all the members except Secretary Tracy, Secretary Blaine came in company with Secretary Elkins, but remained only a few minutes, returning to the State department and resuming a conference with the Canadian commissioners which was interrupted by his departure for the Cabinet meeting. The subject in regard to alleged discrimination against American vessels in Canadian canals. There were present the British Minister, George E. Foster, Canadian Minister of Finance, and Mackenzie Bowell, Minister of Militia. This Government was represented by Secretary Blaine and Gen. J. W. Foster.

THE OUTPUT OF FLOUR. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 3.—The Northwestern Miller says: The flour output last week was among the largest ever made, aggregating 198,700 barrels against 149,230 barrels the previous week, and 230,290 barrels for the corresponding time in 1891 and 92,770 barrels in 1890. The direct exports last week were 54,980 barrels against 77,350 barrels the preceding week. Mills numbering 112 with a weekly capacity of 298,450 barrels for the week ended May 29, 1892, output 393,325 barrels the week before.

THE GRANITE MEN TAKE ACTION. BOSTON, June 3.—The Executive committee of the Granite manufacturers of New England, sent out a statement to-day, announcing that as a result of the fruitless conference yesterday, the Executive committee had passed unanimously the following resolution: Resolved, no settlement having been reached with all men unions we hereby open our yards to all men with whom we can make individual contracts, and that we pledge ourselves to stand by and protect any and all employees who are now at work or may go to work in the future for these associations.

NOTES ABOUT ROYALTY. LONDON, June 3.—The Queen, during her sojourn at Balmoral, has given daily sittings to Princess Louise for a bust for the World's Fair, Chicago.

THE GERMAN EMPEROR HAS DEFINITELY accepted an invitation to pay a private visit to Quebec on Sunday, August 15, at the invitation of the Hon. Wm. J. Mackenzie Bowell, Minister of Finance, and the Hon. J. M. O'Leary, Minister of Militia.

MR. EISSNER'S GREAT IDEA. HE WILL ADVERTISE HIS BUSINESS ON THE SKY. Mr. Eissner, proprietor of the Vienna cafe, has invented a balloon which can be used for advertising purposes. He is a skilled electrician, and in his moments of leisure has studied the science with great success. It was his perspicacity that the Hoffman House, New York, owes to-day its splendid electrical plant.

THIS PRESENT INVENTION IS ONE WHICH will speedily become a favorite. The inventor has succeeded in solving the great problem of how to illuminate a balloon. This he does by running a wire up through the strands of the retaining cable into the gas reservoir. This will illuminate the whole interior and bring out in strong relief any lettering which may be painted on the silken envelope. This means that the silken envelope will become a first-class method of advertising. Mr. Eissner proposes to utilize it for the Vienna cafe, and has purchased and fitted out a large balloon precisely for this purpose. It will be floated from the roof of the cafe, and will be attached to a car, in which the gentlemen and ladies can take an aerial voyage with all the pleasure and none of the risk of the ordinary aeronaut.

Mr. Eissner has patented his happy invention in Canada, the United States and other countries.

MADE IN MINISTERS.

Probationers Received into the Conference.

Yesterday's Doings Among the Methodists at Pembroke—The Report of the Nominating Committee Delivered—Rev. Drs. Rose and Ryckman Present Foreable Addresses—Report of the Methodist Book Room.

PEMBROKE, Ont., June 3.—This morning's session opened at 9 o'clock, Rev. W. H. Graham presiding. Rev. R. Whiting offered prayer. Dr. Williams, ex-President, sits on the platform with the President. His familiarity with the rules and usages of conference makes his presence invaluable. The nominating committee presented its report as follows:

Pastoral Address—Dr. Williams, Dr. Griffith, A. Lee Homes, M.A. Sabbath Observance, Ministers—John Scanlon, F. W. Myers, S. Teeson, W. Pearson, A. Henderson, James Simpson, W. Craig, Laymen—George Biglow, S. Ransom, G. H. Weston, S. R. Kelly, E. Elliott, B. B. Boyle, W. W. Dalglish, W. W. State of the Work—Ministers H. F. Bland, Dr. Rose, J. Davies, W. Timberlake, J. E. Lidstone, W. S. Jamieson, M. A. G. H. Reynolds, Laymen—W. H. Lambley, W. H. Rosevear, George Corbe, T. William Anglin, S. E. Mitchell, J. M. Deacon, R. Nicholson.

Memorials—ministers: Dr. Hunter, Thomas Harris, Hugh Cairns, E. W. Crane, W. Kane, W. Barnett, James Watson, Laymen—W. Russell, E. Chown, G. P. Graham, J. Delaney, W. W. Stumbles, John Torrance, James Moorehouse, Church property—ministers: William Hall, M.A.; S. J. Hughes, M.A.; W. S. Emsley, F. C. Reynolds, T. McAmmond, A. M. DeLong, J. A. Dowler, A. G. Robertson, J. M. Hagan, W. H. Henderson, W. Pimlott, S. Huntington, Laymen: Judge Deacon, Asa Gordon, Thomas Cook, G. W. Armstrong, James Cairns, H. McElroy, H. Tuttle, J. A. Flag, John Raine, H. W. Lockwood, Dr. Lavell, O. Davidson, C. Constantine, ministers, Geo. Meiklejohn, Geo. Rogge, John Holmes, W. W. Ryan, W. Service, W. Blair, B. A. T. C. Brown, laymen—R. W. Dafee, R. Scott, W. Beebe, W. Anglin, A. Comba, Geo. Graham, Asa Gordon.

Temperance ministers—F. Chisholm, G. S. White, A. H. Viner, R. E. Olive, W. B. Topping, J. D. Ellis, B. E. Olive, W. B. Sparling, M. A., John Fowkes, Joseph Folk, James Lawson, laymen—A. S. Shaver, J. H. Carlson, Jos. Hughes, S. E. Snowden, J. M. O'Leary, J. Nesbitt, A. C. Lytle, Johnston Elliott, Humphry, Arrison, B. Fleming, On Deacons—ministers: W. Jackson, H. F. Bland, Dr. Ryckman, C. R. Flinders, J. E. Maveley, Hugh Cairns, D. Griffith and A. McCann. Laymen—Judge Deacon, W. H. Rosevear, W. Anglin, E. Chown, S. W. Armstrong, Dr. McElroy, J. M. O'Leary and G. W. Armstrong.

The committee appointed will report at later stage to the conference. The pastoral address was read by Rev. Dr. Rose, of Montreal. This address is ordered to be read in every congregation throughout the conference. It referred to some of the special features of church work and needs of the times. The need of thorough Biblical instruction was urged and systematic beneficence was recommended. A warning note was uttered against the secularization of the Sabbath. The work of young people's societies was thankfully mentioned. The address was appreciatively and unanimously adopted.

The report of the Book Room, Toronto, was presented. The general book steward, Dr. Briggs, could not be present. Rev. W. J. Mason read it. The report showed that 100,000 books had been printed during the year, besides tracts and pamphlets. There has been an increase in the circulation of the periodicals that is very satisfactory. The sum of \$6,500 has been granted by the Book committee to the superannuation fund for this year from the profits of the business.

The Montreal Book Room (branch) has had a progressive year. Dr. Williams and others congratulated Mr. Coates on his management. The report was briefly discussed. For several years an effort has been made to reduce the price of the book, but a short conversation ensued. The prevailing sentiment was that a paper of such excellence as the Guardian was cheap at \$2.00. It gives religious news not contained elsewhere and deserves a place in every Methodist home. J. Macdonald O'Leary advocated increased enterprise in religious journalism.

Rev. C. O. Johnson, of Napanee, was introduced as a member of the Conference, also Revs. G. D. Bayne and H. W. Knowles, of the Presbyterian church, both of whom made a few happy remarks. The case of Valleyfield was brought up by Rev. John Armstrong, who, last year, took charge of this unpromising field. By a vigorous effort \$3000 were subscribed.

The sum of \$7,000 more will be needed to put the church on a good footing. He appealed to the conference to help him. The question of memorials was considered. Several on deacons were referred to the committee.

At a special ministerial session, three more cases were recommended for special attention on Sunday, Harry Walker, H. W. Brunett, T. C. Cassidy.

About 220 ministers and laymen were in attendance this morning.

AFTERNOON SESSION. Conference met at 2 o'clock. The following laymen were reported as members of the missionary committee: W. H. Rosevear, Dr. Lavell, Jas. Bissell, W. R. Allison, J. R. Lavell, B.C.L., S. E. Mitchell, Wm. Martin, J. M. Poston, J. M. O'Leary, W. H. Lambley, W. L. Thurlifill, J. England, E. S. Prope.

AT THE

An Unusually Great Parliament.

Some Comments on the Non-Revision of the Electoral Lists This Year—The Secretary of State Announces that the Franchise Law will be Simplified next Session—Mr. McCarthy's Gerrymander Amendment.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD. OTTAWA, June 3.—Both parties having agreed to an armistice in the fight over the gerrymander, the proceedings in the House were very dull to-day, but good progress was made with business. Only a handful of members was left in the House, the majority having left for home to spend Sunday.

After routine the bills respecting the Midland Railway Company of Canada, for the relief of Hattie Adely Harrison, for the relief of James S. Wright, and to amend the patent act were introduced and read a first time.

The Secretary of State moved the second reading of his bill respecting the voters list of 1891 which proposes to legalize the lists received after the close of the year and which suspends the revision for the current year.

Hon. Mr. Laurier suggested that the Government should abolish the act altogether. It was, he said, a severe condemnation upon the measure that the Government dare not enforce the measure for which they were responsible. Nothing could better show the weak and mischievous character of the bill than that the Government was forced to suspend the revision year after year. He would not press the matter this session, but he would next session the Government would repeal the bill altogether.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE replied that it was the intention of the Government to introduce legislation next session to simplify the working of the act and to reduce the expenditure in connection with it.

Hon. Mr. Mills announced that when the House went into committee he would move an amendment, accepting the city of London from the operation of the clause suspending the revision. The presence of the disputed names on the list there called for rectification.

Sir Richard Cartwright told the Secretary of State that he understood that the first clause would affect certain contested elections now in the courts, which were attacked upon the ground that the usual formalities had not been complied with.

Mr. Patterson said he would inquire into the matter, and the bill was read a second time.

The bill to amend the Dominion Lands act was read a second time, and the House went into committee on it.

The discussion served chiefly to again illustrate Mr. Dewdney's incapacity, for the Minister of Justice and Mr. Daly had to defend and explain the measure. Considerable progress was made with the bill.

THE LIBEL LAW. The House then went into committee upon the criminal code, and made excellent progress, over 150 clauses being passed before the adjournment at 11 o'clock.

Upon the clause defining libel, which it may be stated en passant, which is favorable to the press than the present law, Mr. Davin objected to the declaration that a libel might be expressed "by insinuation or irony." He held that the definition was too severe. Irony was one of the chief elements of a libel, and if the definition was adopted such papers as Grip, which served a very useful purpose, would be liable to prosecution.

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McCALL

Life Visits

... of our identification with your interests, beyond conformity to your laws, were needed, this useful and beautiful structure furnishes it beyond cavil or dispute.

On the opening of the convention of the Canadian agents of the New York Life Insurance Company took place in the offices of the company's headquarters, under the chairmanship of Mr. David Burke, on Monday morning, 30th ult.

GENTLEMEN—For all the purposes of this convention we have annexed ourselves to the Dominion of Canada, thus anticipating the great annexation which we hear of occasionally during tariff discussions, and which is referred to by its advocates as the ultimate product of the same causes that brought about the federation of 1867.

The sturdiness, thrift and manner of living of your people all commend themselves to our favorable consideration, and not elsewhere on this or any other continent are the conditions for the prosecution of our business attended with less trouble or exactness than the supervising authorities. The law and its administration have been helpful to all well managed institutions, and your deposit and other requirements have not been more exacting than those governing the operations of the Dominion companies in the States.

Given the conditions mentioned, where is there a better territory for your labors, or one that presents greater opportunity for honest effort and upright methods in your calling? Let us look for moment at the returns of the Canadian business for 1891. Twelve companies of the Dominion received in premiums during the year, \$4,374,543, fifteen British companies received \$1,031,815, and fourteen American companies received \$3,298,207, making a grand total of \$8,507,555.

But let us glance still further at the very instructive figures from the official reports. The policies in force December 31, 1891, numbered 170,703, insuring \$261,645,627, being a gain of 9,102 in number and \$13,321,060 in amount, compared with the figures of the previous year.

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With this cursory review of your Dominion affairs, join me in looking over the general field of our operations. What has the future in store for us? How are we to estimate its results? By the past? Let us look at what has been accomplished. The 20 life companies reporting to the New York State Insurance department on December 31, 1891, made the following showing:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes Surplus over all liabilities, Income for the year, Payments to policy-holders in 1891, Total disbursements, Policies in force, Insuring.

We are apt, when on the road to success, to have our thoughts on the paths that others have trod. It may not be ours to command the energy that carried them up the hill, or the intuition that avoided the deceptive descents.

The strife and competition for business that have prevailed during the past five years, while they have added enormously to the wealth and power of the corporations, are not without their warning. The blindness of force is followed by the weakness of fear. The reaction is worse than the action.

We stand ready to do our share in restoring the business to a legitimate basis. Nor will we shelter ourselves behind the delinquencies of others. We are not, nor will we be, a competitor except in those opportunities and methods that bring honor and respect.

Our strife, then, will be for the confidence and good will of those who are interested in life insurance for other than speculative purposes. We will seek by liberal treatment in the terms and in the construction of policy contracts to win our way in the esteem of our members.

On Tuesday Mr. Burke entertained Mr. McCall at a lunch at St. James' Club, at which a number of leading professional and business men of Montreal met Mr. McCall.

The wrapper (the outside leaf) does not altogether indicate by its color, the strength of a cigar, as is generally supposed to be the case. On the contrary cigars with light colored wrappers may be very strong unless proper care is taken by the manufacturer in handling the leaf to have the interior or "bunch" properly represented by the outside leaf, which should be the "mirror of the cigar."

advanced for the miserable and disgraceful system that robs a whole class of men of their just dues. It is the precursor of more evils in the management of the business than all else besides.

The ridiculous efforts for "supremacy, indicating an absence of intelligence and integrity, find in misrepresentations and in relating their most efficient allies. In establishing rules for our guidance let the avoidance of both these evils be the fundamental principle.

I would rather have the company referred to as prudent and honorable, than to have it designated as a marvel of enterprise and growth. We have an agency corps that has been tried in war and that has shown no disloyalty.

Let us then proceed to the tasks that have been assigned us, with a feeling of earnestness and devotion. In behalf of the executive officers and the board of trustees I pledge that your efforts will be sustained at the home office, by affording you every opportunity to transact an honorable and conservative business.

Much enthusiasm was manifested by the Agents on hearing the several reports testifying to the progress of the New York Life. It was shown that the company's Canadian business on December 31, 1891, amounted to seventeen million, (\$17,900,000) and that the annual premium income on policies in 1891 reached nearly seven hundred thousand (\$700,000) dollars.

In the evening Mr. David Burke, the general manager, entertained President McCall and the agents of the company and a number of friends at a banquet at the Windsor Hotel, which was a most enjoyable time, with speeches and songs, etc., that made the time fly by quickly.

The following gentlemen were present to the right of Mr. Burke: President McCall, Messrs. George Thornton, Richard White, M. S. Foley, Dr. F. W. Campbell, and some of the principal agents.

On Tuesday Mr. Burke entertained Mr. McCall at a lunch at St. James' Club, at which a number of leading professional and business men of Montreal met Mr. McCall.

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Trenton Courier.

At intervals during the past year the proprietor of the Courier has been publishing newspaper reports of miraculous cures occurring in various parts of Canada and the United States. Perhaps among the most notable of these were the cases of Mr. John Marshall, of Hamilton, Ont., Mr. C. B. Northrop, of Detroit, Mich., and Mr. Chas. A. Quant, of Galway, N. Y.

Mr. Marshall's case was more prominently featured in the Courier than any of the others. The fact that after being pronounced incurable by a number of eminent physicians he was paid the \$1,000 disability claim allowed by the Royal Templars of Temperance, and some months afterwards was announced his almost miraculous restoration to health, was a matter of no small interest to the people of Trenton.

Let us then proceed to the tasks that have been assigned us, with a feeling of earnestness and devotion. In behalf of the executive officers and the board of trustees I pledge that your efforts will be sustained at the home office, by affording you every opportunity to transact an honorable and conservative business.

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blood and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In the case of men they effect radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, over-work or excesses of whatever nature.

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SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 4

HOW THE COAL OIL TARIFF BENEFITS.

Next to actual food and shelter, light is one of the most imperious needs to dwellers in Northern countries. Were all industry compelled to cease with the close of day, it would be felt as a terrible hardship, and independently of its effect upon the earnings of our bread winners, would entirely deprive them of all chance of amusement or recreation, which by reason of the demand upon their time by day, can only be enjoyed by artificial light. Our cities are now mostly lit by electricity or gas, and so are the homes of the wealthier class. The poorer classes of cities, and the whole of the agricultural population are, however, dependent on coal oil for illumination, and any artificial interference, tending to increase the price of that necessary, is directly felt, in pocket or comfort, from one end of Canada to the other.

What is the action of our very paternal Government in relation to an article of such general consumption? Its general tendency is to increase the earning powers and comfort of the people, and one would imagine that it would be welcomed as a friend and its import encouraged in every way. By some perversion, however, the exact opposite is the case. Even whiskey is not treated in a much more hostile manner. A great part of our supply comes from the United States, but under pretence of protection to the few Canadian refiners a tax, or duty, which, with a percentage for inspection and a tax on the casks, amounts to nearly 125 per cent., is imposed.

The original wholesale cost at American oil centres is 7c per gallon. The duty imposed is 7 1/2c per gallon, which with 1c for inspection and a cent rate on the barrel, brings up the total protective duty to 9 1/2c per gallon. Now importers, wholesalers, jobbers and retailers all base their profits on the original cost of the article, and as the original cost of coal oil is more than doubled by the duty, it is evident that the cumulative profits on the payment of that duty are very heavy by the time the article reaches the hands of the consumer. It is calculated that if the duty were removed and allowing the exporter a profit of 20 per cent on the cost of 7c, and the various hands between importer and retailer 40 per cent, the retail cost per gallon would be 11.8c. This is the glorious result of protection to the people at large. An article of prime necessity nearly trebled in price.

But surely, the protectionist will exclaim, there is some national benefit from the duty. Its action has been to stimulate our trade, to employ our labor, to build up our country and so provide that coveted home market for our farmers. Such is the theory of protection, but in practice there is a back action about the article, which does not seem to have been sufficiently studied by its promoters, and the real results are in direct contradiction to the anticipations. The Canadian people consume annually about fifteen million gallons of oil, of which ten millions are home production and five millions imported. The duty, by preventing the competition of American oil, naturally raises the cost of the home product, not perhaps to the extent of the duty, for native oil is so much inferior that as is seen from the figures, about one-third of the consumers are willing to pay a higher price to obtain the foreign article. It is calculated, however, that the result of the duty is to raise the price on the whole consumption about 10c per gallon making a direct tax on the people equal to \$1,500,000 per annum.

That is the cost; now, what are the results? The trade is a declining one. Fewer hands were employed in 1891 than in 1881. The industrial census tells us that there are in Quebec nine oil refineries employing 70 hands, and in Ontario 20 refineries employing 270, a total of 29 refineries and 347 hands—not much to show for an expenditure of \$1,500,000. If the 347 hands were all heads of families they would not make any appreciable difference to the home market. It is evident that in numbers, at least, we do not get a fair return for the cost; but perhaps the hands are getting some almost fabulous rate of payment. Here again is a disappointment. Nearly all protected industries are disappointments in that way. Wages are not regulated by protective duties or bonuses, but by the usual rate of the neighborhood, which is regulated by the amount of competition—in fact, the old law of supply and demand. But if the tax affords employment to so few, and at ordinary rate of wages, why do we patiently bear it?

Let us see what could be done with the amount, \$1,500,000, to put it to better use. In the first place we must be very careful of the vested interest of employees and employers. If we pensioned off all the 347 hands at the rate of \$300 per annum each, so long as they remain in the Dominion, leaving them free to do what they like with their time, there are very few of them who would not think they had made a most advantageous bargain. That would amount to \$104,100 per annum. By the last census the value of tools, machinery, etc., in the works was Quebec \$1,849, Ontario \$616,510, a total of \$618,359; which borrowed at 5 per cent would cost, say, \$26,000 per annum. Then allowing that the protection which enables the proprietors of the refineries to obtain an extra price for their wares is a vested interest, worth \$20,000 each, for 29 refineries that would amount to \$580,000, or borrowing the amount at 5 per cent it would entail an annual charge of \$29,000. Thus all parties to the contract might be satisfied by a charge of \$150,100 per annum and the country, and the consumers of coal oil would save \$1,349,900 every year by the bargain.

This would not be the only saving. The people would probably be amazed to see that, freed from the protective curse, the native refineries would increase in number, instead of diminish, and by improving their methods would actually enter into such active competition with the American producers that they would supply the whole of the Canadian consumption. Meanwhile the lowering in cost would enable the people to enjoy the comforts of adequately lighted homes, and the demand would be doubled. Every household in the Dominion who is not in a position to employ gas or electricity, would be directly advantaged, in pocket by the saving of cost, or in comfort by the freer use of a necessary. If the entire removal of the duty is, for other reasons, not desirable, we think there is at all events a good case made out for a large reduction. If protection is granted to increase the population or increase wages of workmen, the tax on coal oil has done neither. If it is to benefit the general population, it has not benefited but injured them. If it is imposed to make capitalists into millionaires we contend that it is unfair to the nation and should not be tolerated one moment longer.

If THE CITY COUNCIL have the power to levy a tax upon shares and stocks, which we very much doubt; or if such a measure is politic, on which point our doubts are much stronger, there is still another point should bid them pause. Joint stock companies are as liable to vicissitudes of business as any other traders. Sometimes the shareholders are compelled to pass dividends, but the city proposes to force them to pay one per cent., whether they earn it or not. When we consider the incomes earned by share investments, the imposition of such a tax appears monstrous. On a fairly prosperous concern, paying five per cent, the shareholders income would be reduced to four per cent.—an income tax of twenty per cent. The shares of foreign holders could not be levied on, and those belonging to citizens would either change hands, or the citizens themselves would soon change residences. Imagine Gladstone proposing an income tax of four shillings in the pound. Wouldn't the G. O. M. come off his pedestal quickly?

THE JUNE WEDDINGS.
There Will Be Many Happy Couples This Month—The Summer Marriage Season.
Dr. Vidal, son of Major Vidal, is soon to be married to Miss Miss Mabel MacCrae, eldest daughter of George MacCrae, Q.C. Dr. Vidal was a graduate of Bishop's College, and has made his name in the great silver mining State, Montana. His father, Major Vidal, was lately married to Miss Bebe Taschereau. So the bride and her step-mother-in-law will be very companionable.

Mr. Robinson, of Milwaukee, is to be married on the twenty-third of June to Miss Maggie Taylor, the third daughter of Mr. T. W. Taylor, who has lately returned with his family from England, where they spent the winter. Miss Taylor and her sister were guests of their uncle, Mr. Peter Redpath, at Chisholm, where they had the pleasure of occupying the room used by the lovely, but unfortunate, Empress Eugenie.

Mr. Joseph A. Prevost is to be married to Amy, eldest daughter of the late William Simpson, Esq., of Riverview, Cote St. Antoine. The ceremony will take place at the Church of St. Mathias on the 23d of June, at 5 o'clock. The bride's father was for many years the well-known and popular manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce in this city.

Mr. Charley Barnard is to be married on the 8th of June to Miss Marie Lamothe. Mr. Harry Penfold, eldest son of J. Penfold, Esq., local manager of the Bank of British North America, is to be married early in August to Miss May Hobb, of Cote St. Antoine.

Dr. Morphy's wedding is to take place on the 10th of June. The bride, Miss Mason, lives at Lachine and is the daughter of the well-known Mr. Magor, of the Lake of the Woods Milling Company.

Another wedding to take place this month is that of Miss Annie White, a daughter of the late Hon. Thomas White, to the Rev. Mr. Green; Church of England clergyman, a Regina, N. W. T.

Judge and Mrs. Hall have gone to Europe for the summer. The Misses Hall have returned to their home at Sherbrooke.

Mr. D. Macmaster, Mrs. Macmaster and Miss Phillipa and two maids have gone to England for three months. Miss Phillipa is beginning her travels at a youthful age.

The Hon. Sir Donald A. Smith leaves town about the fifteenth instant to attend the meeting of the Hudson Bay company in London. Sir Donald's continued activity and energy are a source of envy and wonder to his confidants.

Mr. Fred Judah, Mrs. Judah and Miss Judah leave for England on June 24. Mrs. Tisdale's health has been very bad for some time. It is to be hoped that this trip will do her good.

Mr. Sise and family leave for a three months' trip to England this month.

Mr. Geo. Olds and family left this week for England.

Mrs. R. Mackay and family leave next week for Cacouna to spend the summer.

Mrs. William Wainwright and family go out next week to their farm at Coaticook for the summer.

Mr. W. Kerry has taken a house at St. Anne's.

Mrs. Baumgarten and children are going to St. Andrew's.

Mrs. and the Misses Wheeler are also going to St. Andrew's.

The family of J. R. Porter are in their old quarters at Lachine.

Mr. and Mrs. David Seath leave on the 25th inst. for England. They are going home with the Wimbledon team.

Mrs. John J. Arnton leaves town on Monday for Abbotsford.

The Misses Abbott are in town; they have lately returned from the sunny South.

Miss Church, daughter of Judge Church, had a very enjoyable impromptu dance a few evenings ago. Amongst those present were Mr. and Mrs. Lacoste, the Misses Simpson, the Messrs. de Bellefeuille, Macdonald and Miss Louise Macdonald, Miss Roy, Miss Church of Ottawa, the Messrs. Fry.

The 65th had a very charming dance on Saturday evening. Amongst the guests were Madame and Miss Boyer, Mrs. Larocque, and Madame Benoit.

Mr. H. MacTavish Watt and family are at Vaudeville for the summer. There are quite a number of Montrealers at this charming resort. The company is very select, as the houses are mostly owned by the occupiers, and in the deeds of sale it is expressly stipulated that there shall be no shops or hotels built, and the residents are not allowed even to keep boarders.

Pointe Claire is already quite crowded. They expect to be very gay this summer what with bonnet hops every Wednesday and Saturday, and a regular dance once a fortnight. The boat club is rejoicing in a lovely new war canoe of varnished wood 35 feet long. They are also rejoicing very much over the winning stroke out. Mr. Clark, the eldest son of G. O. M. Clark, lately moved here to the Union bank.

Amongst the cottagers are the families of Mr. Richard White, of the Gazette; Mr. John J. Murphy, Mr. Achibald, Mr. Macdougall and Mr. Kinghorn. There are several bachelor establishments; one is a party of very young men, with Mr. Mc as their pater familias. He must have his hands full. Amongst his flock are the Messrs. Tovey and Grindley. Then there are the twelve apostles, who have lost two of their original number. Query: why "apostles" in the days of our youth a great job at the cinema was the answer to the conundrum asked by the clown, "Why is my pony called September?" After fruitless guessing by the manager the answer was given, "Because he was born in January." I suppose the same kind of reasoning amongst young men accounts for their choice of names for themselves and their horses. "Saint Urs" is a favorite.

The Misses Warner have accepted an engagement with Messrs. Hoyt and Thomas for the autumn.

We have been highly favored this week in having Mr. and Mrs. George Henschel with us. Their concert was perfect, the most exquisite singing and lovely accompaniments were on the bill of fare. Why was the attendance so poor and why, oh why, is a Montreal audience so cold and unsympathetic? Once only on each concert was there any real enthusiasm shown for Mr. Henschel, and once (in the last concert) for Mrs. Henschel, who had to respond to an encore. How much more satisfactory it would be to throw open a part of the house at fifty cents so that it could be filled, satisfactorily to the artists singing, and to the people wishing to hear them.

The Redistribution Bill Criticized. St. John's News (Con.): There are certainly inequalities in the bill which ought to be amended. Not to go further away from home than our own district, we object strongly to the amalgamation of St. Johns and Iverville, and to the separation of LaSalle from the county. The Richelieu river forms a natural boundary between the two counties, and, if St. Johns had to be strengthened, this could have been accomplished more logically and conveniently by the addition of Napierville than by the union with Iverville. Besides this, as Mr. Beatty pointed out in his speech, it will destroy the Conservative party in this county and render futile any attempt in the future for the party to carry this constituency. We don't think the friends in St. Johns have been courteously treated in the matter, but as we are so accustomed to be ignored at Ottawa by those who have served most loyally, we may as well only swallow this additional slight with the same complacency as has characterized us in the past.

Magistrate's Court. EDITOR HERALD: As you were so kind as to publish my letter ament the Magistrate's court, of this city, which it is proposed to abolish by the authorities at Quebec, I purpose, with your permission, to add to what I have already written one or two facts, and then let the public judge of the efficiency or inefficiency of this court. I am quite sure that the Bar and the public will endorse the statement that the court has done good service when we take into consideration the thousands of cases under \$50 which have been summarily disposed of by the two careful and painstaking gentlemen, Messrs. Champagne and Barry, who have so faithfully presided over the court since its organization. There is one thing that can be said of those gentlemen: they have always been at their post, and have always been ready and willing to aid the Bar in furthering the public business, and all of the subordinate officials have done their duty, and that well. If the Court has been a failure how does it come, let me ask Messrs. Ange & Co., that the Court has been so well patronized and appreciated by all members of the profession and of all shades of politics; and permit me to say right here, if such a Court had not been brought into existence we would be in the position that we were once when the Circuit Court was from 900 to 1,000 cases behind. Mr. Ange speaks in Parliament of errors that have occurred, errors and grievous mistakes have happened in not only the Circuit Court, but in the Superior Court, through the errors of having persons employed in the two last-mentioned Courts fresh from the dry goods and grocery stores, instead of appointing men who should be trained and brought up to the profession of the law, and if such a system were adopted, to wit, the employing of professional men alone in the different Courts of the Province less clerks would be required, more efficient work would be done, less mistakes made, and money saved to our Province. As it is now the clerks and officials in our Courts, or many of them, are appointments made on the recommendation of some politician. Our Courts should not be "a city of refuge," as is too much the case now.

W. S. WALKER, Advocate, Montreal, June 3.

Life in Montreal Forty Years Ago. EDITOR HERALD: I was very much interested in reading an "Orange" delegate's experience in Montreal forty years ago. I was born in Montreal fifty-six years ago, and can therefore well remember when the Indians were so plentiful around the Champ de Mars, how they flourished their tomahawks and how dangerous it was to pass in that locality. Bears were plentiful on St. Denis street, and what is now Vigee square was a magnificent lake, where canoe regattas were frequently indulged in by the "Mic Macs." The wonder is we were not all captured and made "Mic-Macs" of.

IRROQUIOS. Montreal, June 3, 1892.

A Startling Suggestion. Toronto Globe: The time has come for the Liberals to consider seriously whether it is worth their while to discharge the functions of an Opposition any longer. Would it not be just as well when their protest against the crowning iniquity (the present bill) has been overborne, to leave the House and remain out of it for the next three nights if necessary, that the people may sup their fill of rascality and the rascals get to the end of their rope?

THE HERCULES BRACE
WARRANTED TWO YEARS
D.S.C. MONTREAL
This old lunatic said "Now I trust that the chain of this dogo wont bust." But when it gave way. He said "Bless me, good-day. I dont want to leave, but I must."

CORRESPONDENCE.

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ATHLETE
--AND--
DERBY
CIGARETTES
Are sold on their merits.
Everybody knows they are the best.
Everybody smokes them
They have no rivals

Parquet Borders
MADE BY
TEES & CO.,
THE DESK MAKERS,
ARE ELEGANT AND DURABLE.
TEES & CO., 300 St. James.

HOW DOES \$7.00 STRIKE YOU FOR ONE OF
REED'S
RELIABLE
REFRIGERATORS?
OTHER STYLES AND PRICES TO SUIT.
ROOFING & ASPHALTING
George W. Reed, 783 & 785 CRAIG ST. Montreal.

WAVERY HOUSE,
W. BOGIE, Proprietor.
736, 740, 742 Lagauchetiere Street and Victoria Square,
MONTREAL
This is one of the most centrally situated Hotels in the City. The accommodation for Commercial and other travellers is unsurpassed; free Sample Room and other facilities being placed at the disposal of the tourist.

AMUSEMENTS
QUEEN'S THEATRE.
THIS WEEK—SATURDAY MATINEE,
MILLER-CALHOUN OPERA CO.
--IN--
SAID PASHA!
(NEXT WEEK, JUNE 6th.)
--POSITIVELY LAST WEEK--
Grand Repertory of Comic Opera Success
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday
"AMORITA" Friday, Saturday, Sunday
"BOCCACCIO"
"BOHEMIAN GIRL"
Thursday (AMORITA) Testimonial benefit to Temple Emanuel, Saturday evening closing performance. Grand Testimonial benefit to the attacks of the Queen's Theatre.
SPARROW & JACOBS'
THEATRE ROYAL
Every Afternoon and Evening Week Commencing Monday, May 30th.
THE POLITE FARCE.
BEWITCHED.
Excellent company. Magnificent stage settings. Gorgeous costumes. Pure and wholesome fun. An evening of unalloyed pleasure.
Prices of admission 10, 20 and 30 cents. Reserved seats 10 cents extra. Plan at theatre from 9 a.m. till 10 p.m. Coming--ALONE IN A GREAT CITY.
SPARROW & JACOBS'
THEATRE ROYAL
Every Afternoon and Evening--Week Commencing Monday, June 6th.
THE GREAT SPECTACULAR DRAMA
Alone in a Great City
Excellent Company, Beautiful Scenery, Stage Beauties, Etc., Etc.
Price of Admission 10, 20, and 30 cents. Reserved seats 10 cents extra. Plan at the theatre from 9 a.m. till 10 p.m. Coming--A GREAT ATTRACTION.
SOHMER PARK. (ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN.)
Wonderful performance of
COLONEL BOONE'S CELEBRATED LIONS.
TWO JAPANESE TROUPE.
Afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock.
Evening from 8 to 10.30 o'clock.
Admission Sohmer Park, 10 cents.
Zoological Garden, including Lion's performance, 10 cents extra.
EDWARD LLOYD'S
FAREWELL CONCERT
ST. JAMES METHODIST CHURCH,
Thursday, June the 9th.
ALL SEATS RESERVED, 75c and \$1.00
at Nordheimer's
ART ASSOCIATION OF MONTREAL
PHILLIPS SQUARE
Galleries open Daily 9 a.m., to 6 p.m.
--TEMPEST COLLECTION--
NOW ON EXHIBITION.
Admission Free. 25 cents. Free!
LEPINE PARK--GRAND
TROTTERING RACES!
JUNE 7th, 8th and 9th.
\$3000-in Prizes--\$3000
62 ENTRIES MADE ALREADY.
RED MEN VS. WHITE
--AT THE--
CYCLORAMA
THE GREAT INDIAN BATTLE OF
THE LITTLE BIG HORN
--AND--
DEFEAT OF CUSTER.
A moving and wonderful scene of forest and field, mountain and valley, hill and dale, peaceful flowing rivers and the horrors of war, Indian encampments, Indian trophies, flying cavalry and lighting men.
Admission 25 cents.
Schools and institutions special rates. Lectures in constant attendance. The Cyclorama open daily from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m.; Sunday, 1 p.m. to 10 p.m.
181 ST. CATHARINE ST., (Cor. St. Urbain).
The street cars converge here from all parts of the city.
REFRIGERATORS • REFRIGERATORS •
--CANADIAN MADE--
Equal in make and price to American Importation. Wholesale and Retail.
GEO. W. REED
--SLATE, METAL AND GLASS ROOFING--
783 and 785 Craig Street.
PRESENTATION
ADDRESSES
HANDSOMELY ILLUMINATED
EDWIN COX & CO.,
114 St. Francois Xavier St.
Mention the Herald.
To Ocean Steamship Companies,
Shippers, Etc.
NOTICE.
The Grand Trunk Railway Company has, by arrangement with the Montreal Harbor Commissioners, constructed a branch railway from the company's yards at Point St. Charles to the wharves at Windmill Point, Montreal. The largest size vessels can come alongside these wharves, and access by railway may be had to them any time during the day or night, as the requirements of traffic may prescribe. The attention of ocean steamship companies, as well as of the commercial community, is called to the valuable and important increase of accommodation thus provided for the shipping interests of this city.
L. J. SEARGEANT,
Gen. Manager.
SMOKE
HERO
CIGARS
FOR SALE,
THE STEAM YACHT
"DREAM."
Size 60 ft. x 10 ft. Draws 3 ft. 6 in.
Is in A. 1. order. Outfit perfect.
Will be sold cheap to a prompt buyer.
Further particulars apply to
CHARLES HOLLAND,

SPORTING EVENTS.

The Bel Air Jockey Club Ready for the June Week.

The Montreal-Capital Lacrosse Match—Rules for the Sir Donald A. Smith Challenge Cup—La Fleche Wins the Oak Stakes—Le Trappeur's New Club Rooms—Quitting Handicap—Baseball—Sporting Fixtures for To-day.

The executive committee of the Bel-Air Jockey Club are busy making preparations for the coming summer meeting, which is to eventuate on the 29th and 30th of June, 1st and 2d of July.

The track at Bel-Air has very much improved, and it can be safely said it is at present the best all round course in Canada, being quite fast and safe as well.

The weights for the Bel-Air handicap of a mile and a quarter to be run on Dominion day, are to be published on Monday next, the 6th inst., and the list contains 20 horses.

The handicappers should be able to arrive at a fair estimate as to the quality and form, taking as a guide the performances shown at the late Woodbine meeting in Toronto.

The race programme, as has been published, comprises 4 days' racing of 20 races, including a steeplechase each day.

The purses are liberal, and also the conditions of the different events framed in such a manner as should induce a very large list of entries.

Russell Beats Madstone.

New York, June 3.—The result of today's racing is as follows:—

First race—Welter-weight handicap sweepstakes of \$20 each, for three-year-olds and upwards, with \$1,000 added; \$200 to second and \$100 to third; six furlongs.

1. Great Guns, 118 lbs. 2. Brown Beauty, 110 lbs. 3. Tom Hayes, 120 lbs. Time, 1:21 1/2.

Second race—A sweepstakes of \$20 each, with \$1,000 added, for three-year-olds and upwards; \$200 to second and \$100 to third; one mile.

1. Two Bits, 103 lbs. 2. Fidelity, 100 lbs.; 3. Lord Motley, 95 lbs. Time, 1:40.

Third race—Debutante stakes, for fillies two years old, at \$50 each, with \$1,250 added, of which \$250 to second and \$150 to third; five furlongs; 1. Mendicant, 115 lbs.; 2. Prussella, 115 lbs.; 3. Propriety. Time, 1:39.

Fourth race—A sweepstakes of \$25 each, with \$1,500 added, of which \$300 to second and \$200 to third; 3-year-olds to carry 95 pounds, 4-year-olds and upwards, 111 pounds; one mile and a furlong; 1. Russell, 112 lbs.; 2. Madstone, 112 lbs.; 3. Kildar, 107 lbs. Time, 1:57 1/2.

Fifth race—The Fort Schuyler stakes, for all ages, at \$50 each, with \$1,250 added; \$250 to second and \$100 to third; one mile.

1. Barquet, 118 lbs.; 2. Westchester, 114 lbs.; 3. Mary St., 100 lbs. Time, 1:41.

Sixth race—A sweepstakes of \$20 each, for 2-year-olds, with \$1,000 added; \$200 to second and \$100 to third; selling allowances. 1. Hammie, 105 lbs.; 2. Tar and Tartar, 113 lbs.; 3. Lawless, 108 lbs.

THE OAK STAKES.

LONDON, June 3.—The race for the Oak stakes was run at Epsom to-day. It was won by La Fleche, with "The Smeu" second and Lady Hermit third.

LACROSSE.

The Montreal and Capitals will Open the Season To-day.

The five club league's series of games will be opened to-day on the Metropolitan grounds, Ottawa, with the first scheduled match, between the Montreal and Capital teams.

The Montreal team will be greatly strengthened from that which defeated the Toronto, in their exhibition match. And Montreal have strong hopes of coming home winners.

A special train will leave the Bonaventure station at 11:30 sharp this morning. The fair is \$2 and tickets will be good to return on Monday. The teams have already been published, and with a good day a splendid game will be the result.

The Ottawa's Hard Luck.

(Yesterday's Ottawa Citizen.)

It would seem as if the Capitals were destined to lose to-morrow's match. They have met with another reverse of ill-luck.

On Wednesday, G. Carson, their dashing home-fielder, was struck on the knee. Yesterday his leg was sore, he could hardly walk, and the chances are that he will also be unable to play to-morrow. But the Capitals mean to fight hard for victory and, notwithstanding their losses, expect to win. And such, it may be said, is not improbable. The team is likely to be a better and stronger one than most people think it.

Notes.

Ball, the chief defence player on the Valleyfield team, has retired from playing. Valleyfield plays Huntington on June 18th.

The Shamrock junior lacrosse team play at Huntington to-morrow.

The Ottawa Intermediate team will ask the Gengarians to play there on June 11th.

Cornwall Standard: The Gengarians have resolved to again challenge the Capitals for the Intermediate championship. They feel sore at their hard luck on Saturday last, and will endeavor to prevent a repetition of it. They feel that they have the better team of the two.

SAILING.

Rules to Govern the Sir Donald A. Smith Challenge Cup.

The St. Lawrence Yacht Club committee have drawn up the rules to govern the cup which was donated by Sir Donald A. Smith.

It shall be a perpetual challenge cup to be sailed for annually on Dominion day, under club rules. It will be held by the winner till the first of June following and its return a commemorative medal shall be given. Yachts above 24 feet sailing length, as defined by rule, will be allowed to compete, the race to take place over the official Club course. Disputes shall be decided by the sailing committee of the club.

The following are the cups offered for the series races, with the class that can compete:

Commodore Cup, for A class. Vice-Commodore Cup for 29 class. Rear-Commodore Cup for 21 and 24 class. Molsen Cup, for 18 class.

It has been recommended that the club give in addition a cup for skiff classes, and cups for second place. In the "A" and "29" classes no race shall count for second prize unless three yachts have started, for the others unless four or more start.

BILLIARDS.

Hewson's New Billiard Parlors Opened.

Hewson's new billiard parlors were opened for the first time last night. The street is situated at 82 St. Lawrence Main street and is a large and most thoroughly equipped place of amusement. There are six billiard tables, both billiard and pool, and as the proprietor intends to run the place on strictly temperance principles, will no doubt attract the better class of players. The attendance last night was one of the largest ever seen at a Montreal billiard match, when two local amateurs played a 200 point game. The older player, however, had to give way to his more skilled, but younger opponent, who won after a close contest by 15 points.

A brilliant tournament will be arranged to be played at this place in a short time.

LAWN TENNIS.

An At Home at St. Johns.

The members of the St. Johns Lawn Tennis Club issued invitations to an "At Home" on Tuesday afternoon last. Among those who accepted this kind invitation, were Mr. and Mrs. Gosses, Mrs. and Miss Bisset, Mrs. Gould, Miss Williams, Mrs. Futvoye, Mrs. Wilkinson, Rev. Mr. Lewis, Mrs. and Miss Lewis, Mr. G. Marchand and Mr. L. S. Pariseau. The club is in a flourishing condition, having more members than any previous year.

The officers for this year are Mr. J. B. Stewart, president; Mr. E. H. Howard, vice-president; Mr. N. T. Truell, secretary, treasurer; committee composed of the same names with Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. A. J. Wright and Miss Clark added.

ATHLETICS.

Le Trappeur Snowshoe Club's New Home.

The continued growth of Le Trappeur snowshoe club necessitated their removal from their club rooms on St. Elizabeth street to more commodious ones on St. Lawrence street. The new rooms are four in number. The billiard room has three new tables and has all the latest improvements. The directors' quarters are fitted up more for convenience than for any outlay as to style.

The members' room is the finest furnished room in the building. The furniture is oak of antique pattern. There is also a piano and other musical instruments. The walls are adorned with pictures of the present and past officials, snowshoe scenes, etc.

The dining room is divided into three compartments, so as to accommodate parties if necessary. The tenent's quarters are on the top flat. Altogether Le Trappeur are very cosy in their new home, and from the manner in which they received a HERALD representative, they must be a very hospitable lot of fellows.

BASEBALL.

Several Favorites Beaten Yesterday.

NATIONAL LEAGUE. R. H. E.

At Boston—0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—2 4 7

Boston.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—3 8 3

St. Louis.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—3 8 3

Batteries—Staylor and Kelly; Getz and Buckley. Umpire—Patterson and Kelly.

At Brooklyn—1 0 2 1 1 3 0 3 0—11 13 6

Brooklyn.....2 0 0 1 2 2 2 8 1

Batteries—Jones and Dowse; Hart, Fontz and Kinslow. Umpire—Lynch.

At Philadelphia—0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—7 2

Chicago.....0 0 1 0 1 0 2 0 0 x—4 8 2

Phila.....2 0 0 1 0 2 0 0 x—8 8 1

Batteries—Jones and Dowse; Hart, Fontz and Kinslow. Umpire—Lynch.

At New York—0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—2 3 2

New York.....0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 x—5 7 3

Pittsburgh.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 3 2

Batteries—Russie and Murphy; Baldwin and Mack. Umpire—Sheridan.

At Baltimore—0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—5 7 3

Baltimore.....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1—2 9 5

At Washington—0 0 0 0 0 1 3 0—4 7 5

Washington.....0 0 0 0 2 5 0 0 x—9 9 2

Batteries—Rettger, Young and Zimmer; Killen and Milligan. Umpire, Emslie.

GENERAL SPORTING.

Billy Frazier, ex-minister, says that he and Jack McAuliffe have been matched to fight for a purse of \$5,000 at the Manhattan Athletic club in New York, June 22.

The American bicyclist, A. A. Zimmerman, of the New York Athletic club, was among the contestants in the races run yesterday at the grounds of the London County Cycling and Athletic club at Herne Hill, Dulwich. Zimmerman won the half-mile handicap event after a great contest, making the distance in the fast time of 1:11 4/5.

Sporting Features For To-day.

Capitals vs. Montreal lacrosse match at Ottawa.

Gordons vs. Beavers lacrosse match at Gordon grounds.

Emery vs. Montreal (2nd) lacrosse match at M. A. A. grounds.

Shamrock (2nd) vs. White Star lacrosse match at the White Star grounds.

Crescents (2nd) vs. St. Paul lacrosse match at Cote St. Paul grounds.

Cote St. Antoine vs. Mechanics, Jr. lacrosse match at Cote St. Antoine.

St. Gabriel vs. Montreal lacrosse match at M. A. A. grounds.

Gordon's (2d) vs. Lilacs lacrosse match at Gordon grounds.

Jr. Shamrocks vs. Huntington lacrosse match at Huntington.

Emery vs. Hawthornes baseball match at Gordon grounds.

Clippers vs. Farnhams baseball match at Farnham.

Hochelaga vs. Military College cricket match at St. John, Que.

Cricket match on McGill College grounds.

Handicap quoiting on Montreal quiting grounds.

M. B. C. run to St. Laurent sports at Longueuil.

A Compliment for the Cycloram.

Colonel Dudley, of the United States army, writing of the cyclorama of Custer's "Battle of the Little Big Horn River, says: "I desire to place on record my appreciation of this exhibition both as a work of art and also for the truthfulness with which the artists have reproduced the country in which this 'historical tragedy,' unparalleled in the history of cavalry actions, occurred. Having been in command at Fort Custer, Montana, located only some nine miles distant from the battle ground, for the last five years, I can positively state that the topography of the country as shown on the canvass, is perfect, the Indian villages are also a most correct representation of hundreds of similar villages I have seen during many years of service in the Indian country. The action and attitude of the cavalry horses and riders especially is wonderfully true to life, and to catch so accurately the truly treacherous nature of the Indians in battle, depicting so cleverly their hideous expressions and infernal passions, requires more than an ordinary pencil. The collection of Indian trophies is also a great attraction in itself, as all the articles show that they are real Indian productions and not manufactured for this occasion. These articles are becoming scarce, and in time will be greatly valued.

The best of all ways To lengthen our days Is to use the Pellets, Sir!

For nine-tenths of the diseases of the body begin with constipation or the clogging up of the sluice-ways, through which the impurities of the blood escape, so that they are re-absorbed into the system. The Pellets purify the blood, cleanse the bowels, and restore a natural, healthy digestion. Unequalled in dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, piles, or any of the resulting diseases.

Secure your seats to-day at Nordheimer's for Lloyd's Sacred Concert, St. James Methodist Church, Thursday, June 9. All seats reserved, 75c. and \$1.00.

FOR TEACHERS AND SCHOLARS.

Bell Pianos and Organs.

Willis & Co., 1824 Notre Dame street, Montreal. Immense shipments coming for the holidays in natural woods of rare quality and beauty.

These celebrated instruments are making American imported pianos and organs a thing of the past.

M'KENNA AGAIN.

The Shamrock Player Leads the Competition.

O'Meara Second, Adams a Close Third and Patterson Fourth—The Shamrocks the Leading Club, With Montreal Second—Details of the Vote—McKenna's Creditable Lacrosse Record.

This is the standing in the lacrosse competition up to six o'clock last night:

THE CLUBS.

Shamrocks.....433

Montreal.....183

Cornwall.....152

Capitals.....67

Torontos.....45

Crescents.....30

THE PLAYERS.

W. J. McKenna (Shamrock).....159

J. O'Meara (Shamrock).....156

J. Patterson (Montreal).....146

C. Neville (Shamrock).....141

T. Brophy (Crescents).....139

A. J. Garvin (Toronto).....138

T. Carlin (Montreal).....132

McConachy (Ottawa).....127

Kelly (Shamrocks).....122

V. Spriggins (Montreal).....121

V. Wallace (Crescents).....117

Cansey (Shamrocks).....112

L. Fraser (Crescents).....111

H. Carson (Capitals).....111

Dwyer (Shamrocks).....111

W. McKenna, of the Shamrocks, who leads in the competition, is deservedly popular with the lacrosse-loving public. He is admitted by all to be one of the finest players in the big league, and is equally at home at either end of the field. He began as a defence player, but last year moved down into home field, where he did most effective work. This year he is back on defence. In the two matches so far played he has been successively point and goal. He is one of the fairest of players; is never guilty of any of the sharp tricks that sometimes disgrace the lacrosse field. He plays clean lacrosse and he plays to win—two facts which account for the ballots which come into the HERALD in dozens every day.

THE BALLOT.

I vote for.....

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Japan on the Empress of India and are bound for England.

The following are staying at the Rive-deux: E. C. Wirtels, Sorel; T. C. Wriggle, Springfield; J. O. Labbe, Quebec; J. A. Campbell, Dalhousie Mills; Jos. Gauthier, Laurentides; Dr. Tremblay, Les Ebolements; J. Elie, Saguenay, Les Ebolements; T. E. Forest and wife, Waterbury.

The latest arrivals at the Richelieu are: F. N. Chagnon, Champlain, N. Y.; Rev. Jos. Leveque, Sherbrooke; J. L. M. Levesque, Ottawa; Rev. P. Gervais, St. Michel; A. H. Boisseau, St. Hyacinthe; Rev. G. Belonger, Demerore, N. Y.; Rev. S. Menard, St. Edward; E. Blanchard, Malone; Rev. Father Beaudin, Beauharnois; Bishop T. W. Campbell, of the Reformed Episcopal Church, and Rev. Mr. Hubby, rector of St. John's (R. E.) Church, Sussex, N. B. have arrived, and are guests of Rev. W. D. Stevens, and will officiate in St. Bartholomew's on Monday. The bishop will confirm a class of candidates at the evening service and preach morning and evening.

Detective McMahon was given a tangible evidence of his great popularity with all classes when on Thursday night he was presented by ninety of his friends with a handsome silver tea service. The occasion was Mr. McMahon's approaching marriage with Miss Louisa Burgess, and both the officer and his intended bride have the best wishes for their future happiness of a host of friends.

The following are registered at the St. Lawrence Hall: Mr. H. D. Dakin, J. M. Wall, New York; Henry C. Rush, Wallace, N.S.; Mrs. S. Kimball, Miss Nettie Kimball, Rockland, Me.; Mrs. W. H. Merrill and daughter, New Orleans; Mrs. Beidler, Chicago; Mrs. and Miss Russell and child, Quebec; Jno. McDonald, Ottawa; C. S. Landan, Toronto; F. W. Ager, Bangor, Me.; and F. X. Jones, Philadelphia.

IN HIS CANADIAN HOME.

Return of Lord and Lady Mount-Stephen—Some of His Views.

Yesterday morning Lord and Lady Mount-Stephen returned to this city. They came out on the Teutonic to New York, and look as if they enjoyed the trip very much. Lord Mount-Stephen was seen at his residence, Drummond street, and to a HERALD reporter said it was his intention to return to London on July 15.

"I suppose Your Lordship took considerable interest in British politics," queried the reporter.

"Yes; but not much in practical legislation. I was in the House of Lords a good deal of my time, but very little business was transacted. It is all done at the end of the session."

"Do you think Lord Salisbury's free trade speech will hurt him in the coming elections?"

"No, I do not," answered His Lordship. "The English workmen are in favor of protection. His declaration was really a view of forcing reciprocity, than really the introduction of a protective policy."

"What about home rule?"

"My views on that question are pretty well known. I am still of the opinion that a repeal of the Union is as far off as ever. Just as soon as it is advisable to do so, the present administration will give Ireland a local Parliament."

"Do you take any stock in the Imperial Federation question?"

"It is beyond my comprehension, and does not trouble me." Touching on Canadian Pacific affairs, Lord Mount-Stephen said the immigration to the Northwest was on the increase; but the stories circulated in the old country about the Indians had been the means of keeping great numbers of people from settling in Manitoba and the Northwest.

"How does the C. P. R. stand in England?" was the final question put by the reporter.

"Very well. It is highly thought of, so much so that nearly \$20,000,000 British money has been invested in the road. Just before I left London we floated a ten million dollar loan at 101."

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by the mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Two-cent bottles. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other.

The Cream of the Havana Crop "LA CAJENA"

"LA FLORA."

Packed in 25s, 50s and 100s

GREEN ROOM TALK

Some Reasons Why Professionals Will Stay Away.

Paul Pry's interesting Budget of Theatrical News—A Letter on the Modern Skit Dance—From One Who Evidently Knows Something—The Story of Miss Swain's Montreal Debut—On Stagehand.

The 1891-92 season is about closing and I judge that managers generally are not sorry. It has certainly been unprofitable, and it is not to be wondered at the companies are fighting shy of Montreal. Just look at what they have to stand:

Big railway jumps; Montreal being far out of the regular routes.

A duty on lithograph and printing work which is sufficient to send the a franc man home as soon as he visits the customs.

A reputation all over the country for poor houses.

Until recently only one theatre in each class, so that there was no competition.

And finally, when there was competition in all the houses the people wouldn't go.

And sixthly a howl for summer opera which is not patronized.

Wonder what people want? Here they have a company playing at the Queen's to such small houses that it is doubtful if any of its members will ever come back. Quite true, it is not that that would be desired, but in summer time, and again it is Montreal where we shall soon be unentitled to expect to see a good performance if we keep on losing money for every manager that puts his foot inside the city.

"Said Pasha" is a pretty performance, and it is a standing disgrace to the public that better than we expect to see a good performance if we keep on losing money for every manager that puts his foot inside the city.

Seavey, the scenic artist, is a believer in going direct to nature to obtain material such as rocks, trees and rivers for his stage pictures. He is cruising on the Delaware in his Indian canoe, the Hiawatha, in company with Wm. G. Fitch, the distinguished water color painter. They float down the river during the day, stop at attractive points to pursue their art labors, and camp at night in some sequestered nook.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS. Willie—You probably refer to the Miss Poir, Hollins, or the Hollins, Edwards, Farrington and Hanley. They were the leading ladies.

Pittsburg—Harry Davis is the proprietor of the 5th Avenue Museum.

Donald D.—Imro for a magician.

T. S. S.—The Lyceum only led on the last count.

John—Melbourne MacDowell and E. A. MacDowell are brothers.

DEAR PAUL PRY—I address myself to you as a recognized arbiter elegantiarum in matters dramatic. I have a theory in relation to the dramatic description of stage dancing and should like to obtain your judgment on it. My idea is that the old style of what may be generically called step-dances, has of late given way too much to the dreamy, languorous, amorous swaying of the nautch-girl or bayader.

The more energetic and vigorous style of dancing as a means to work off their superfluous animal spirits and also of displaying their agility and gracefulness. When competent performers take the floor, the steps in harmony with the tune and rhythm of the music, and accompanied by appropriate dramatic action are exceedingly pleasing to the eye. That they act forcibly on the mind is evident by the instinctive desire of the spectators to mark the time themselves as is testified here and there by foot taps, nodding of heads, swaying of fans or programs, or other diverse ways of showing that the pleasure conveyed by the eyes and ears to the interior understanding is completely reciprocated.

Graceful dancing on the part of a man is as much appreciated as that by a woman, as the pleasure is not wholly a sensuous one, heightened by accidental exposures of "the human form divine."

The dreamy, voluptuous swaying, the reaching heavenward with the feet and the accompanying exposure of the figure are distinctly of eastern origin. Their prototypes originated in polygamous nations where the appeals to the sensuousness of man are natural to the low condition of the female, and too often of the male intellect. Our natural dances were most often used as incentives to martial ardor and ambition. They gave an impetus to feeling, to energy, strength and vigor. The American Indians are not the only ones whose dances were connected with the fierce joys of battle. The same instinct prevailed in our Teutonic and Celtic ancestors. The Eastern dances on the other hand, are watched by spectators reclining on soft cushions. Their intentions are lulling and reposeful, though amorous. In the theatre they appeal only to one-half of the audience, and in many instances, instead of being pleasing, they are offensive.

In the last fortnight we have had instances of both. One of the latter, the new Mr. Pry, took the matter over, and tell me truly if there was not more pleasure felt by yourself, and displayed by the audience at the "Sailors' horripole," so beautifully stepped by the Miss Warners than at the skit dance by the same highly accomplished young ladies.

ONE OF THE FRONT ROW. With pleasure Mr. One-of-the-Front-Row. I will think it over, and give you my opinion next week.

One of the novelties of "The White Squadron," the new drama which Manager Pearson promises to produce with marvelous scenic brilliancy and realistic effects at the Fourteenth Street Theatre, will be a team of six liamas from South America. These animals will form part of a silver train. The production of this piece will cost \$15,000, it is said.

Miss Drew Donaldson, who made so much of a success in "The Tyrolean" and "Narbon" at the Casino last season, sailed for Europe on the City of Paris on June 1. She will study under Marchesi, the well known teacher, for some weeks, and will also attend the Vienna musical festival. Miss Donaldson will return to the Casino Company in the early fall.

Fred J. Long and Lewis Neumann, well known theatrical men, have closed a three-year lease for the New Grand Opera house at Aubrey Park. They propose to put the house in first class condition and give a series of one and two night stands during the coming season. One of the proposed improvements for the summer is a cooling apparatus.

I was sorry to notice that for the first time in many years the Royal was without that performance on Thursday afternoon, and that when the company was in town. E. D. Tannehill is an old-time professional, and due to "bewitched" to cheap prices and such a company. So Smith Russell need not make people laugh with this farce, but he could not have done so had his support not been first-rate.

One of the most remarkable incidents of resolution in connection with an appearance before an audience, came under my notice this week. I attended the opening of the

Lyceum on Monday, and was shown into a box, from which I could see behind as well as before the scenes.

Miss Amy Swain appeared for the first time in Montreal, and it is but fair to say since she appeared on any professional stage. The moment she advanced to the footlights I saw that she was nervous, and after her song she removed some superfluous clothing, and appeared as a skit dancer. Her every gesture as she kicked her way to an encore, told me of a faintness that was rapidly overcoming her. At last from sheer exhaustion she bowed her way from the stage, and dropped like a log into the arms of the motherly wardrobe lady. In her faintness she heard the whistles and clapping of hands for her return; she staggered to the wings, bowed, and the musical director arose and handed over the lights a beautiful basket of flowers. She advanced towards the footlights, and leaning over them grasped the audience and walked boldly back to the stage. No sooner was she in the sight of the audience than she swooned and was carried to her room. It was a remarkable exhibition of will power and is worthy of mention. Miss Swain, of whom I have just written, is not Miss Swain. She is Miss Pearl Andrews, the daughter of the celebrated comedian W. C. Andrews, of New York City, and I notice that the New York Herald devotes a two-thirds of a column "write up" to the young lady's debut in that city on May 10th last.

A good deal of interest was felt in certain circles this week over the first professional appearance of little "Jack" Warner. Miss "Jack" will make quite as good a dancer as her clever sisters as soon as she gets over that strange fear which is always noticeable in the young debutante. There is no doubt that a successful stage career is before the little dancer.

James L. Ford, who occasionally writes the dramatic column for the Sport, Music and Drama, makes a curious blunder this week. He commences by attacking Jerome's "Stageland" on the ground that it had robbed the conventional stage of many admirers. Next he proceeds to write six columns of matter on the Irish drama, in which he not only ridicules it, but has brought to his assistance a sketchist, who has audaciously, but with a certain amount of success, that his cartoons assist in making the whole production foolish and ill-advised. I really think "Stageland" did more harm to the modern stage than any production which I can recall at the present moment.

When I look upon scenes over which half the audience is weeping, I remember Jerome's description of them and smile audibly.

The plans for the musical demonstrations at Vienna have a distinctively historical bearing, and do not include merely a series of theatrical performances. The program is an ancient music is duly illustrated, and our venerable predecessors, the Egyptians, Assyrians, Persians, Hebrews, Greeks and Romans, are called upon to show what they knew of musical art. Specimens of medicine as developed by the Greeks, the Romans, the Minnesingers, the Meistersingers and the Church are given. Early efforts in opera and madrigals are illustrated, and the historical department is brought down to Bach and Handel. Among the composers of the eighteenth century unexpected prominence is given to Frederick the Great. In fact, the amateur who "does" the Vienna exhibition faithfully will come back laden with interesting, if not specially useful musical lore.

The management of the Regatta festival, to be held in Bayreuth next July, gives notice that every seat for the entire series of representations has been sold, which means that the committee has already received \$28,000 in hard cash, of which \$4,000 was sent from England and about \$3,000 from America. A large number of the tickets are in the hands of speculators, who paid 20 marks each for them, and hope to resell at 60 or more.

Mme. Modjeska played against John L. Sullivan for the world's title. The odds were \$1,200 to \$100 in favor of John L.

PAUL PRY. John Coy's Remains Interred. The funeral of John Coy took place on Thursday at 9 a.m. The remains were taken from the General Hospital, thence to Cote des Neiges cemetery, where they were interred with honors by the Holmes Electric Company. The deceased was soon to have been married, and the intended bride is prostrate with grief.

A Burglar and His Revolver. A burglar paid a visit to the summer residence of Mr. Clarke, Vaudeville, on Wednesday evening last. He entered the bedroom in which Mr. and Mrs. Clarke were sleeping, and on Mr. Clarke advancing the burglar drew a revolver and fired. Mr. Clarke dodged and escaped unhurt. As soon as he fired the burglar fled.

Another Old Plan Unearthed. Yesterday morning an old plan of property about Bonsecours Market was unearthed. It bears date Oct. 1816, with the signature of J. R. Poirer, Registrar, and shows a street already opened beside Bonsecours Church from St. Paul to the wharf. On the spot now occupied by the fish market and eastern entrance to the Bonsecours Market, then stood the house, gardens and stable of Mr. John Molson.

A French Graduate Complains. A writ of mandamus has been taken out by Dr. D. Paolides, a graduate from France who has been in Montreal for some time, against the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the Province of Quebec, to compel them to grant him a license. His contention is that the law entitles him to get his license on production of his medical diploma from France and payment of the fees. The applicant consents to undergo the examination.

Connolly-Morgan Syndicate Not Pleased. There is no sign of the Montreal and Sorel railroad running this year. It seems now that M. and N. K. Connolly and E. A. D. Morgan have not got control. The story, as it appears, is that some time ago these gentlemen, along with Messrs. Frank and John J. Morgan, bought the stock of the \$100,000 stock on about 701 shares of the stock, the rest of the amount to be paid within nine months. These 701 shares do not in any way control the running of the railroad. There are 1,500 shares altogether, and the principal part of these are held by a syndicate of Montreal gentlemen; the remainder being distributed throughout St. Lambert, Sorel, and the surrounding community. The Connolly-Morgan syndicate received a set back on Thursday by the throwing out of the bill to incorporate the St. Lawrence River railroad.

The Canadian Pacific Railway will issue cheap excursion tickets, Montreal to Ottawa and return, Saturday, June 4, at rate of \$2.00, good to return by all trains up to and including Monday, June 6. Trains leave Montreal, Dalhousie square Station, 8:50 a.m., 4:40 p.m., 8:40 p.m. From Windsor street Station, 11:45 a.m., 4:15 p.m. Returning leave Ottawa 4:30 a.m., 7 a.m., 11:40 a.m., 4:40 p.m. daily. Sunday trains leave Ottawa 11:40 a.m., arriving Montreal 3:40 p.m. Montreal Ticket Offices, 266 St. James street, and at stations.

THEIR QUARTERS.

Where the Congregational Delegates will Stay.

The Local Congregationalists Who Will Entertain Visitors—The Montreal Delegates—The Chairman's Annual Address to be Given on Wednesday Night, in Emmanuel Church.

The Congregational Reception Committee has billeted the delegates at the Congregational Union as follows:—

Rev. Robt. Aylwood, London, Ont., with C.ushing, 57 McGill College avenue. Deacon Abbott, Lennoxville, Que., with E. G. Brooks, 1257 Dorchester street. Rev. J. B. Black, Barrie, Ont., with Mrs. Tuff, 2 Lorne Crescent. Rev. C. E. Bolton, Paris, Ont., with G. R. Dewar, 39 Anderson street. Dr. Wm. B. B. Sherbrooke, Sherbrooke, Que., with Dr. Barbour, 60 McTavish street. Rev. John Burton, Toronto, Ont., with Mrs. Stevenson, 186 Peel street. Mr. R. Blythe, Belwood, Ont., with Rev. J. McKillop, 940 Dorchester street. Mr. W. F. Clark, Guelph, Ont., with Dr. Wm. B. B. Sherbrooke, Sherbrooke, Que., with Dr. Barbour, 60 McTavish street. Rev. John Burton, Toronto, Ont., with Mrs. Stevenson, 186 Peel street. Mr. R. Blythe, Belwood, Ont., with Rev. J. McKillop, 940 Dorchester street. Mr. W. F. Clark, Guelph, Ont., with Dr. Wm. B. B. Sherbrooke, Sherbrooke, Que., with Dr. Barbour, 60 McTavish street. Rev. John Burton, Toronto, Ont., with Mrs. Stevenson, 186 Peel street. Mr. R. Blythe, Belwood, Ont., with Rev. J. McKillop, 940 Dorchester street. Mr. W. F. Clark, Guelph, Ont., with Dr. Wm. B. B. Sherbrooke, Sherbrooke, Que., with Dr. Barbour, 60 McTavish street.

At the sailors' concert last night the citizens' portion of the entertainment was furnished by the Misses Vibert and friends. The piano pieces, songs and quartets were excellently rendered and greatly enjoyed. Miss Redmayne gave two whistling solos which, of course, were enjoyed by the sailors. Mr. Grant, in his songs, brought in several good local hits; his version of "Who Killed Cock Robin" being specially good. It was a treat to hear the sailors sing the chorus.

ALONE IN A GREAT CITY. "Alone in a Great City" which is to be presented at the Royal next week, is said to be a powerful drama of real life. The plot of the play illustrates a lawyer's office, a fashionable gambling saloon, a tragedy, a winter view in a "little church around the corner," etc. It is claimed that the play is so written as to appeal to all and every sentiment of emotion or mirth.

"Athlete." No other brand of ten cent cigarettes placed before the public in this or any other country ever attained the same success and popularity as this brand. It is virtually swept the country. To-day it is recognized as the brand of ten cent cigarettes, millions sold annually and sales increasing daily. Remarkably sweet and mellow, manufactured by D. Ritchie and company, Montreal, whose output is about two thirds the consumption of this Dominion.

Examining the Broken Fly-wheel. The enquiry into the cause of the death of the young man, J. J. Stewart, the victim of the recent accident in Messrs. J. & C. Hodgson's pipe works, was resumed before Coroner Jones, at St. Henri last night. The Coroner took with him Mr. Mitchell, an old and experienced engineer, who in company with the engineer of the works made a thorough examination of the machinery destroyed by the accident. Subsequently Mr. Mitchell, stated before the jury that he was unable to give his opinion as to how the accident occurred until he had the assistance of a consultation with another practical engineer. Owing to this the inquest was again postponed until Monday evening.

Col. Stevenson Expresses An Opinion. "Will the brigade turn out for the Catholic Order of Foresters, Colonel?" was the question put to Colonel Stevenson, last night, by a Herald reporter. "No, it will not," was this prompt reply. "As the brigade will not turn out for the Orangemen it will not do for the Catholic Foresters. It is not for religious purposes. Had the Mayor said the word and assured me of protection I would never have countermanded the order. We do not require what a man's particular belief is. Among the Orangemen members of parliament, mayors of cities, aldermen and a number of representative men generally, and they wished to witness the grandly turnout not as Orangemen, but as citizens of the Dominion. Citizens generally come home to roost, however."

BREVITIES. "Corban" is the subject of the evening discourse at St. Gabriel church to-morrow. The visiting governors to the Montreal General hospital for next week are Messrs. R. Wilson Smith and Robert Reford. Rev. C. O. Johnson, a well-known Ontario divine, will continue the anniversary service at St. James Methodist church to-morrow.

Information has been given to the police regarding the disappearance of a boy aged 11 years, living at 31 Colborne street. His name is A. Sheehy. A large variety of fine and inexpensive articles, specially suitable for wedding or birthday presents, at J. B. Williamson's, 1741 Notre Dame street. The Royal Commission on the liquor traffic held their session yesterday in Sir Joseph Hickson's office, the session lasted all day and a great deal of correspondence was read and discussed. The Market Committee met yesterday afternoon, the only business being to pass the report in favor of granting licenses for private butchers-stalls in accordance with the report of the sub-committee. Gentlemen wishing to have their clothes cleaned or repaired before going to the country, can have them done at Mr. J. Adler's, 47 Beaver Hall Hill. Telephone 4861. Parcels called for and delivered. A French paper gives space to a rumor that Hon. Mr. Chapleau has received the appointment of Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec, and will enter upon the duties of this office at the close of the present session at the Local Legislature. Regis Labelle, accused of manslaughter, will be up for trial on Monday. The defence will ask that the accused be acquitted without a trial, on the grounds that he has already been discharged by a coroner's jury. The trial will likely take several days. The annual inspection of the Sixth Fusiliers takes place to-day. They have been working hard for some time, and everything points to a most successful exhibition. After the inspection the battalion will be entertained to dinner at the St. Lawrence Hall, by the officers. The case of Quirk vs. the New Rockland Slate Company came up for trial yesterday before the Hon. Mr. Justice Gauthier, and was decided in favor of the slate company. The court held that the plaintiffs are not obliged to wait for their fees until the case was decided, and allowed plaintiff \$353.50. The St. Lawrence Court, 263, C. O. F., met last night and appointed Brother M. O'Rourke marshal for the C. O. F. celebration Monday night, in place of Brother Loye, appointed marshal-in-chief of the English-speaking courts of the city. They were also asked to meet on the Champ de Mars at 7.45 in order to assist in the reception of the delegates. The most lovely little piano for seaside or country house, Sabbath school, boat club, or yacht, on view at N. Y. Piano Co., 228 St. James street.

Lovers of music should not miss hearing Edward Lloyd sing "Then Shall the Righteous," from Mendelssohn's Elijah in St. James Methodist Church, Thursday June 9. All seats reserved. Prices 75c. and \$1.00, at Nordheimer's.

A YEAR'S FINANCE.

Annual Report of the City Treasurer.

The City's Receipts Were \$8,797,003 and the Disbursements Amounted to \$8,454,900—\$600,000 Obligation on Jan. 1st, '91—The Expropriations—Sources of Income, etc.

The annual report of the City Treasurer, together with the comptroller and auditor's report, are just published for 1891. Mr. Robt's summary is as follows:

I beg to submit the account current of the cash transactions for the year.

The receipts, including the balance on hand at its commencement, amounted to \$8,797,003.13; and the disbursements to \$8,454,900.17, leaving a balance at its close of \$342,102.96.

The following is a brief analysis of the receipts and expenditure:

REVENUE OF THE YEAR.....\$2,440,077
Permanently added.....1,000,183
Advances on account.....2,044,628
Temporary loans on this side.....2,300,000
Floating account receipts.....942,229
Total.....\$8,797,003

DISBURSEMENTS.
Administration of the year.....\$2,303,254
Street improvements.....131,800
Redemption of mortgages.....682,573
Permanent paving, crossings and sidewalks.....706,401
Street improvements.....110,334
Pipe laying (extension waterworks).....307,531
Public works.....144,207
New fire stations and market buildings.....46,275
Total.....\$4,855,175

Advances maturing in England.....\$2,000,000
Temporary loans (on exp. acct.).....500,000
Exp. in progress, which city's share will be.....825,000
Exp. in progress, which city's share will be.....1,700,000
Road and water dept. loan expenditure 1892 (pay bal. loan fund).....975,000
Total.....\$6,000,000

The general and ordinary expenditure of the city will amount to two and a half millions more, and as the bulk of the revenue does not come in till the latter part of the year, it is necessary to anticipate it also, by temporary borrowings which will call for another \$1,000,000, showing that we shall have to raise about \$7,000,000 in all, during the course of the year. This amount will ultimately be paid back by sales of stock, collections of special assessments, and revenue receipts.

In addition to the foregoing, however, there is the special engagement in connection with the harbor improvement scheme, amounting to another million dollars, but as the progress of this work will probably not call for much money this year, I do not make special provision for it at present. It will, moreover, be noticed that the figures for 1892 are \$975,000 for the loan work of both the road and water departments for 1892; that being the total balance of loan proceeds remaining available for appropriation by the council. (Supporting the whole of the stock now on the market.) It is in view of this position of affairs that I felt it to be my duty to urge the deferring of any street improvement projects, other than those provided for in the above estimates, until our financial engagements were reduced to smaller compass.

The expropriations provided for in these are the following: Street improvements, &c.—Notre-Dame street East, Bleury street, Denonville Ramp, Beaudry street, Inspector street, Cathedral street, Viger square, Milton street, St. Catherine street (to Parth.) St. James (Cathedral to limits), Duquette street, La Belle street, Nelleda street, Pantaleon street, Lagache street (Cathedral to Wind), Ontario street subway, St. Catherine street bridge, St. Lawrence to River or Tunnel scheme.

Street improvements cannot stop, nor can any one desire that they should, but in order to their accomplishment, without hampering other operations, some amendment to the existing system seems to be imperative. We have only two legitimate sources of income—"Current Revenue" for the general and ordinary expenses of the city, and "Proceeds of Stock" (issued under the 15 per cent. borrowing powers) for permanent work.

Funds for the proprietors' shares of "Street Improvements," which the city has to advance prior to collecting it from the benefited parties, we have to trust to getting from the banks as required. This was a comparatively small affair in past years and neither interfered much with the general business nor entailed any serious loss of interest; but in view of an expenditure of two or three millions in one year it becomes an important consideration and entails a heavy charge for interest upon the revenue of the city.

In view of this I would again respectfully point out that one of two things seems to be necessary; either that all re-assessments for expropriation disbursements should bear interest from the date of such payments, or, that the beneficiaries should contribute their respective quotas prior to the payment of the expropriation, as is done in the case of what is known as the "Quinquennial Expropriations."

The same remarks apply to the construction of small sewers, as well as to all other expenditure on proprietors account in which the city has first to advance the money. Interest in the annual appropriation of the Recorder's court to distract for arrears of this tax for 1891—entailing all the horror of selling out the unfortunate debtors or stopping their supply of water. The hardship and distress occasioned by this are extreme and in fact the debtors alone, and no system of relief seems practicable which will not entail as much injustice to some as benefit to others.

While advocating its exclusion in the general taxation, however, I am far from claiming that proprietors should be exempted from the public rate of vacancy. Inasmuch as the city now levies the water tax on bona-fide tenants, an allowance equal to the amount representing the water rate should be made in cases of vacancy.

DEBT OF THE CITY. The total funded debt of the city on December 31, 1891, including stock in London still unsold (though advanced upon) was

THE VIENNA.

Windsor and Donegans Streets.

This restaurant is the largest and finest in the city, having nine private and several large public dining, smoking and reading rooms. Private entrance for ladies. Table d'hote from 6 to 8 p.m. at 40c. Choicest wines, imported beer and cigars. For dinner or supper parties this place cannot be excelled. Open till midnight. Cus. Essner, proprietor formerly with Delmonico, N.Y.

This popular summer resort will have a grand opening to-day. A magnificent orchestra has been secured for the occasion. Excursion trains will be run between the city and Vaudeville at half fare, and it is to be hoped that the crowds that go out will prove a good augury for the season's business.

Several fine upright and square pianos for rent or sale, at reasonable prices. Apply to N. Y. Piano Co.

A Grand Open Entertainment at the Hotel de Lothbiniere.

The official opening of that popular resort, the De Lothbiniere house, Vaudeville, takes place to-day. The Grand Trunk and the C. P. R. offer special inducements in both rates and service, and under the new management of the hotel the patrons may expect that everything that is possible will be done to make it both attractive and comfortable.

Harsh purgative remedies are fast giving way to the gentle action and mild effects of Carter's Little Liver Pills. If you try them, they will certainly please you.

Thursday evening Victoria council 43, R. of C., elected its officers for the ensuing term, as follows: Bro. Sim, S. C.; Sister Edwards, V. C.; Bro. Stofan, financial secretary; Bro. Lloyd, recording secretary; Bro. Higgins, corresponding secretary; Sister Waddell, guard; Bro. Douglas, sentinel; Bro. Grey, herald; Sister Reed, deputy herald; Sister Linton, treasurer; J. Reed, organist; Bro. Toriso, P. C. The above council is doing good work, and new members are being brought in at every meeting.

"El Padre" SIZE. REINA VICTORIA. Packed 100 in a box; two bundles, 50 cigars in each, with ribbons marked "Reina Victoria."

Each cigar has around it a narrow purple band, with our name thereon as a protection (from fraud) to the consumer. This particular size of this brand we recommend to smokers who like a RICH, FULL FLAVORED CIGAR.

S. DAVIS & SONS, MONTREAL. HORSES, CARRIAGES, ETC.

FOR SALE—Bay mare, rising 6 years, strong and healthy and very reliable, can be driven by a lady and will stand good temper and steady runner; also good in saddle; also pheasant, nearly new, and a very reasonable price. Apply to James Houston, 121 St. James street, or to the advertiser. The lot can be bought at a bargain.

FOR SALE—A new Tommy sulky; best in Canada. Wm. Walker, 121 St. James street.

FOR SALE—A beautiful black mare, 15 hands, 5 years next month; flowing tail and mane; and feed-water heater with steam pump; also good roadster for all day, suitable for a party who wants to sit behind something fancy. Apply private address, 1559 Notre Dame street.

FOR SALE—Chestnut colt, sound, young, good in harness saddle. Apply Maguire's 6 Drummond street.

WANTED TO PURCHASE. WANTED TO PURCHASE 3,500 feet of steel rail, new or second hand; weight 15 to 20 lbs. per yard. R. Simpson, Albion hotel, Montreal.

WANTED TO PURCHASE Good Second hand new tubular boiler 60 inches diameter, 10 feet long, complete with front and fittings and feed-water heater with steam pump. Also smoke-stack about 36 in diameter, 55 feet long. Also planer and masher in good order, with 100 feet of inch shafting. R. Simpson, Albion hotel, Montreal.

SITUATIONS WANTED. Advertisements under this head not exceeding three lines will be inserted one week in the "Daily Herald" for 50 cents; additional lines 10 cents each.

SITUATIONS WANTED.—By the best class of male and female help. No cost to employer, at Place d'Armes square.

AN ACCOUNTANT of long experience wants auditing work or set of books to keep after regular office hours. References on request. References first-class. Address "Account," care of the Herald.

FARM MANAGER or foreman (practical) for thoroughly experienced, industrious and hard-working married couple, with 3 or 4 children. Very excellent cook and butler. First-class references. Address "K," care of Mrs. Riva, 21 St. Antoine street.

NOTICE.—That the Most Spectacular may be satisfied, and the public good will be promoted. The management of the Business Exchange have for years past expected of their employees, substantial security by Cash or Bonds, and that their operation will be strictly honorable, just and above board with the Public, and keep their Books, Orders and Credentials always open for Public inspection. See list upon positions published daily at Place d'Armes square.

HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head not exceeding three lines will be inserted one week in the "Daily Herald" for 50 cents; additional lines 10 cents each.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—WRITER WANTED. A bright, imaginative man to write a series of articles for a daily paper. Apply with samples of work to "A," care of the Herald.

PARTNER WANTED.—For a branch business out of the city, suitable for lady or gentleman, light profitable, and pleasant business. Particulars on application. Telephone 9215.

DON'T CALL AT ST. JACQUES AND ARCADE. Don't expect that they will guarantee you a situation or even promise one. They will employ their best efforts and the services of 6 able canvassers to secure you what you want, but they will not guarantee you. Situations at ways opened.

FREEMAN.—We furnish to employers, free of cost, all classes of well-recommended men and women for hire. We do this to facilitate our efforts in behalf of the unemployed. Employers may call and look over the records and employ on their own relations, or telephone 9215 and reliable help will be sent to you at once.

FARMERS wanted for the West. Now is the time to go. See the list of employments at 210 St. Catherine street.

NEW IS TIME, AND 5 PLACE. We visit the English steamers, the river and lake steamers and the arrival of all trains. We have best offers to what you want, and we can help you. Male help furnished free. Telephone 9215.

DRESSMAN WANTED.—Must be well up in his business. James Murray & Co., 23 Front street West, Toronto.

The largest business houses in Montreal, and the largest in the Province, are now members and subscribers to the Business Exchange 5 Place d'Armes square. Telephone 9215.

WANTED.—Travelling Paint and Oil Salesman. Manager for American Book and Shoe house in city. Travelling Publishing Agents, Canada, U.S. and Foreign. Office Manager, Real Estate Solicitor, at Headquarters, 5 Place d'Armes square.

WANTED.—Express driver, 3 coachmen, yardman, grocery clerk, Office assistant, waiters, carriers, families in 25 families, railroad laborers. Ship daily. Suitable parties introduced at once. 5 Place d'Armes square.

WANTED.—Lady office manager, cashier for 10 laundresses, 10 pantry girls, vegetable girls and pastry cooks, pantry and kitchen help. Free tickets to 5 Place d'Armes square, on the coast, mountain and river. Ladies Exchange, 5 Place d'Armes square. Open evenings.

EMPLOYED.—Because the most practical way by the Business Exchange to select and induce, reliable male and female help in any business, is to advertise in the Business Exchange. Past records of members is made no publicity is given. Employers are protected and applicants are introduced at once. 5 Place d'Armes square.

WANTED.—Office Matron, \$3. Junior sales help, Ladies, Housekeeper, Shop and store help, and all other services. \$1.00. 100 girls for leading summer resorts. Railroad expenses paid. Ladies Exchange, 5 Place d'Armes square.

WANTED.—Cashiers and Managers for branch cash houses, to be established in Hamilton and London; good salary and interesting engagements, at the Ladies Exchange, 5 Place d'Armes square.

500 laborers wanted at once. Fare part of the way advanced. Stop every day from 10 Place d'Armes square.

1000 MEN WANTED FOR RAILROAD. Season's work. Stop every day. No office fee charged in advance for this class of help at No. 10 Place d'Armes square.

500 MEN WANTED. Stop every day but Sunday. After season's contracts are finished, we send over men to the woods, constantly keeping them employed at 41 Chaboussay square. Open evenings.

200 CHAMBERMAIDS, WAITRESSES, cooks, pantry girls, Vegetable Cakes, point and scrub women, are ready for summer engagements, at the Ladies Exchange, 5 Place d'Armes square. Telephone 9215.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head not exceeding three lines will be inserted one week in the "Daily Herald" for 50 cents; additional lines 10 cents each.