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A. GRENIER

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LIBERAL CONVENTION HELD
AT LORETTEVILLE YESTERDAY
ENDED IN VIOLENT FIST-FIGHTConflict Broke Out On College Verandah—Two Combatants
Carried In Unconscious—Frank Byrne and Armand
Lavergne Proposed—No Official Decision—Mr. La-
vergne Declares He Is Chosen—Mr. Byrne Says He Will
Run TooThe political campaign in Quebec
County developed into a real battle
yesterday afternoon when a con-
vention called at Loretteville and
a meeting started afterwards were
broken up in disorder.It had been announced that the
meeting was the Liberal Convention,
but this was denied by "Le
Soleil" the official organ of the
Liberal party. At all events the
convention was called by electors
who are opposed to the candidature
of H. E. Lavigne.A large crowd had assembled in
the Montcalm Hall where the first
meeting was held. Mayor Verret,
of Loretteville, was called upon to
preside over the convention, but he
refused saying that he could only
preside over the meeting that
would be held afterwards. Charles
Parent of Beaufort, then agreed to
preside assisted by Ephraim Bedard.
The gathering was a noisy one and
the supporters of Armand Lavergne
the Nationalist Leader, and Frank
Byrne of Charlebourg, voiced their
sentiments, each group cheering for
its own man.Finally Frank Byrne, Mayor of
Charlebourg, was proposed as can-
didate by Charles Parent, of Beau-
port, Arthur Bedard and Barthelme
Bedard of Charlebourg and William
Roy of Giffard.Immediately afterwards Armand
Lavergne was proposed as candi-
date by Charles Parent of Beau-
port and P. E. Deigne of Beaufort.
After these proposals there was
another outbreak which lasted for
some time and eventually Frank
Byrne managed to get the attention
of the meeting and affirmed that
he would abide by the choice of
the convention in the interests of
the farmers and the workmen.Ephraim Bedard, the assistant
chairman of the convention, then
asked those who were not electors
of the county to leave the hall so
that the vote might be taken. Nearly
everybody left the hall, including
Mr. Lavergne and his friends.
Mr. Byrne made the following
statement: "On Tuesday last I met
Mr. Lavergne and told him that I
would help him if he ran. Mr.
Lavergne replied that he had no in-
tention of entering the field and
that if the convention selected me
he would help me."Mr. Lavergne was then called
in to verify what Mr. Byrne had just
said. Mr. Lavergne said: "Mr.
Byrne told the truth, but he did not
tell the whole truth. We met yester-
day and it was decided that who-
ever was nominated one would help
the other."Joseph Turcotte, former Liberal
member for the County of Quebec,
asked Mr. Lavergne if he would ac-
cept a candidature offered by a
Liberal convention.Mr. Lavergne said that he had no
objections to being chosen by a Li-
beral convention and that would not
prevent him from being independent.
He said that he did not need to
earn \$4,000 at the manner to de-
fend the interests of the County of
Quebec. He added that if Mr.
Byrne were chosen by the convention
he would support him and he
asked Mr. Byrne to reciprocate.The electors were then asked to
line up on either side of the wall,those who favored Mr. Byrne as
candidate, on one side, and those
who favored Mr. Lavergne on the
other. When this was done Char-
les Parent, who presided over the
meeting said that it was impossible
for him to decide.This brought the convention to a
close and at the request of Mr. La-
vergne the crowd went to the Col-
lege yard. A large percentage of
the gathering was composed of peo-
ple from this city and district. This
meeting was presided over by Mayor
Verret, of Loretteville. On taking
the chair Mayor Verret said that he
had learned that Mr. Lavergne had
been selected as candidate and he
introduced him as first speaker.There was a spirited outbreak at
this juncture. "He shall not
speak," a dense section of the crowd
shouted, and a battle royal broke
out on the College verandah. The
fight which was of the real rough
and tumble variety lasted for nearly
a quarter of an hour and two of
the combatants were carried into
the College unconscious, while the
crowd, numbering between two and
three thousand people looked on
from the College yard greatly
amused by the conflict.When a semblance of order was
restored, Mr. Lavergne stated that
there was no doubt that he was se-
lected by the majority of the con-
vention. He affirmed that he
would remain independent of all
parties. He pledged himself to
work in the interests of the County
of Quebec in the House of Commons
and to demand the repeal of the
Conscription Act. Referring to the
Farmers party he expressed the hope
to see it come into power. He
closed by announcing that he would
hold a meeting at Beaufort next
Sunday.Mr. Byrne stated after the meet-
ing that if Mr. Lavergne runs in
Quebec County he will run also.
The following statement was given
out last night by Charles Parent
who presided over the convention,
Beaufort, October 23, 1921.I, the undersigned, Charles Parent
declare as follows:—
I acted as Chairman of the Li-
beral Convention held at Loretteville
on the 23rd of October instant, and
as such I witnessed the tumult
caused by partisans of Mr. Armand
Lavergne and strangers in Quebec
County. I was obliged to close the
meeting before it was possible to
take a vote and declare one of the
candidates selected.After the meeting was closed Mr.
Armand Lavergne of himself de-
clared that he had been chosen by
the Liberal convention after having
accepted to be proposed as a Li-
beral candidate.(Signed) CHARLES PARENT,
Chairman.SIX DEAD FROM
TRAIN ACCIDENTGolden, B.C., Oct. 23.—With the
death in the hospital here of En-
gineer Peterson, of Revelstoke and
the discovery of the body of an
other trespasser amid the wreck-
age, the list of fatalities resulting
from the tunnel wreck at Palliser,
near here, last week, has risen to
six.WIRTH EXPLAINS
CABINET'S ACTFeels Germany Didn't Get A
Square Deal On Upper Si-
lesian QuestionBerlin, Oct. 23.—In his letter in-
forming President Ebert of the re-
signations of the Cabinet, Chancellor
Wirth said the ministry had as-
sumed responsibility for carrying
out the ultimatum of the Allies at
a grave moment and that for five
months it has continued political af-
fairs, animated by a desire to re-
gulate the situation between the
German empire and the Allies and
to restore Europe by a fulfilment
of the treaty obligations.The Cabinet, the letter said had
met the heavy demands upon the
German people, particularly as re-
gards the payment of the 1,000,-
000,000 gold marks on Oct. 31, and
had received Allied acknowledg-
ment of the fulfilment of its obli-
gations in the matter of disarm-
ament, which was affected in the
face of great difficulties."It might have been expected,"
said the letter, "that in view of
German efforts and an earnest de-
sire to fulfill the treaty obli-
gations, that the occupation of the
Ruhr would have ceased, and that
regarding Upper Silesia, a solution
would have been found in harmony
with the sense of justice of the
German people of Upper Silesia and
future peaceful relations between
the European nations.""Instead there has been a decree
by which not only extensive tracts
of Upper Silesia, but also flourish-
ing German towns and the greater
portion of the internal wealth and
four-fifths of the factories, will be
torn from the German homeland.""Moreover a great part of the
population which falls to Poland is
of German origin and German-
speaking and despite the right of
self-determination and the un-
equivocal result of the plebiscite
will be subjected to foreign domi-
nation.""Never can the German people
forget this loss which has been in-
flicted and which the defenceless
must accept. Although the Cab-
inet still is convinced that only sin-
cere efforts to fulfill all parts of
the agreement can render possible
the political and economic restoration
of Europe, it is convinced that the
limits of German capacity and the
possibility of fulfillment have been
materially reduced by the Silesian
decree and that a new situation has
arisen for Germany.""In view of these facts the cabi-
net has decided to relinquish office."The German Cabinet, headed by
Dr. Joseph Wirth, as Chancellor,
was formed May 10, of the present
year, succeeding the cabinet of
Chancellor Konstantin Fehrenbach,
which had resigned on May 4. The
Fehrenbach ministry resigned as
Germany was facing an ultimatum
from the Allies over non-fulfilment
of reparations terms. Dr. Wirth's
Cabinet was organized to meet this
crisis, accepted the Allied ultima-
tum terms and under his Chancel-
lorship the actual payment of re-
parations was begun.

BOY SHOT BY ANOTHER

Musquidoboh Harbor, N.S., Oct.
23.—Percy Williams, 14, son of En-
nis Williams, Ostrea Lake, was shot
by Roland Williams, 15, his cousin,
who thought his movements in the
bushes indicated the presence of a
partridge.

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WHY GAUTHIER
LEFT LIBERALS
OVER YEAR AGOBecause Of Grit Endeavors
To Form Alliance With
Farmers Party

WILL BE CANDIDATE

To Run As Liberal-Protection-
ist In St. Hyacinthe-Rou-
ville Division

(By Canadian Press.)

St. Hyacinthe, Oct. 23.—Address-
ing a largely attended open air
meeting here this afternoon, L. J.
Gauthier, M.P., in the recently dis-
solved Parliament, for St. Hyacinthe
broke a silence of almost a year
and gave the reasons why he left
the Liberal party in the last ses-
sion of Parliament.His main reasons were, he said,
because of the Liberal planks in
their 1919 convention; and because
of Liberal endeavors to form an al-
liance with the Farmers party.The reason why he did not join
the Meighen Government was, he
said, because financial interests and
other influences in Toronto had
been strong enough to prevent Pre-
mier Meighen from giving him the
portfolio of Railways and Canals,
which he felt would have meant
full justice for the Province of Que-
bec. He stated that he had been
offered the Department of Marine,
that of Militia, the Secretaryship
of State, but had been refused the Rail-
way Department.He affirmed his belief that the
Province of Quebec should form an
alliance with Ontario, but not with
the Farmers party in that Province,
and explained his belief to mean
that Quebec should form an al-
liance after the election with the
Government members elected in
Ontario.As to the railway problem,
Mr. Gauthier gave it as his
view that neither the Flavelle nor
the Shaughnessy plan should be
adopted. The Department of Trade
and Commerce should in his opin-
ion aid the situation as regards the
railways and the National Merchant
Marine by securing foreign markets
for Canadian products and if there
are any presents of railways to be
made, he urged that the Federal
Government should give the rail-
ways to the various provinces.Following the meeting, Mr. Gauthier
announced that he would be a
candidate in St. Hyacinthe-Rouville
division at the forthcoming Federal
elections, running as a Liberal-Pro-
tectionist. He denied that he was
a traitor or that he had been sold.
He had preached the Liberal doc-
trine for 25 years and had not be-
come a Tory. It was the Liberals who
had changed, not he. Going into the
history of the alliance with the
Meighen Government, Mr. Gauthier
said that in September 1920, he had
made a Liberal leader of the Pro-
vince of Quebec in this city and had
been told by him that the Liberal
party was making an alliance with
the Farmer party. He had told
this leader that under no circum-
stances would he consent to such an
alliance. Another reason for his
refusal to ally himself with the
Farmers party was that the census
showed 62 per cent. of the people
of the West were of non-British
stock, and in Alberta 68 per cent.
were American. Further, the
Farmers' movement under Wood,
who refused to be naturalized, was
a danger to the country.Finally he concluded that he
did not want to have anything to do
with the Farmers' movement, be-
cause it was a class movement and
because it led to annexation with
the United States.In face of these circumstances,
he had consented to negotiate with
the Meighen Government, but had
done nothing underhand, as he
claimed some Liberal chiefs are
now trying to do.Mr. Gauthier made a sweeping
attack in his address upon what he
declared as "the voice at Toronto."
He said that after Premier Meighen
had spoken at London, announcing
dissolution of Parliament, the coun-
try had waited for the date and
had been told it was due to delay in
getting ministerial representation
settled.But said he, the truth was that
Toronto was in a state of rebellion,
because of the name of the party
being "National Liberal and Con-
servative." Toronto, he said, want-
ed only policies of passion, intoler-
ance and prejudice. Further, Mr.
Gauthier claimed that the tariff
was not revised last session be-
cause Toronto did not want the tariff
changed.In 1911, said Mr. Gauthier, the
voice of Toronto had spoken for
Ontario and Laurier had been swept
out of power. In 1917 the voice
of Toronto spoke in a cyclone for
Ontario and all the English provin-
ces had been swept away and the
Province of Quebec left isolated.
To-day however, the situation was
changed and the voice of Toronto
was no longer the voice of Ontario.

S. A. DOES NOT LOOK

FOR INVITATION.

Pretoria, Union of South Africa,
Oct. 23.—In the opinion of Jan
Christian Smuts, the South African
Premier, South Africa has no direct
interest in the Pacific and did not
look for an invitation from the
United States to attend the Wash-
ington conference.FORMER EMPEROR CHARLES IS
MAKING SECOND ATTEMPT TO
REGAIN HUNGARIAN THRONEBrisk And Possibly Sanguinary Fighting Close To Budapest
Reported—Various Rumors Current Throughout Coun-
try—Opposition To Return Of Former Ruler Fairly
General—Communication Cut OffVienna, Oct. 23.—The exact situa-
tion in Hungary is now beyond the
knowledge of the Austrian foreign
office, which today lost communica-
tion with Budapest. There have
been all kinds of rumors, including
one reporting the entry of Charles,
the former King, into Budapest, and
the defection of some of the Govern-
ment forces to Charles' banner, as
well as the repulse of the monarch-
ist forces and other conflicting in-
formation. But it is known beyond
a doubt that there has been brisk,
and possibly sanguinary, fighting
close to Budapest.A telephone message from Prague
said that Charles had succeeded in
reaching Budapest, while the Vien-
na Free Presse announces that the
Italian legation has received news
from Budapest that some of the
troops in that capital have declared
in favor of Charles.Early reports agreed that the
Karlists had been checked at Buda-
pest, which is about seventeen miles
from Budapest, one of the des-
patches saying that the train that
preceded Charles had reached that
place, but was forced to back out
hurriedly upon a show of resistance
by the Government troops. Oeden-
burg, Steinmager and Stahlheim-
er's troops it is declared, are
hastening to reinforce the ex-King,
and the fact that the bloodshed has
begun is believed by those who know
the Hungarian character to fore-
shadow a final grapple between the
reactionary and the Republican forces
that probably will extend beyond
the borders.Though possibly checked, the mon-
archists are evidently concentrat-
ing for further attacks, for latest,
though meagre, advices, say that the
battle between the monarchists and
Government troops continues and
also that the behaviour of the Gov-
ernment forces is irreproachable.Government circles hope to be
able to hold out until the arrival
of reinforcements from the provinces,
which are expected to-morrow af-
ternoon.Insurgent bands from Burgen-
land are reported to be marching to
the support of Charles.An Oedenburg despatch to the
Tagblatt gives the report of the re-
signation of the Bethlen Cabinet,
but this is without confirmation.

Sharp Fighting In Progress

Military forces supporting former
Emperor Charles of Austria-Hun-
gary in his second attempt to
regain the throne in Hungary, have
reached Budaors, four miles from
the Hungarian capital where sharp
fighting was in progress this after-
noon.Admiral Horthy, regent of Hun-
gary, is reported to be personally
leading the troops against Charles.
The forces of Charles aggregated
several battalions. They arrived at
Budaors early this morning. The
sound of the guns was audible in
Budapest.

Arrives In Budapest

Charles, former King of Hungary,
entered Budapest this afternoon,
according to a report telephoned
here from Prague. This is not con-
firmed from other sources.All wires between Vienna and
Hungary have been cut.Budapest, Oct. 23.—The Hungar-
ian Government, while Charles and
his army were yet some miles from
the capital, was standing firmly
against his restoration to the throne.
Government troops soon after word
was received of the former King's
intentions to invest or invade Buda-
pest, established a line of defence
around the town of Bickewich, fifty
miles from Budapest, which is held
by regiments recruited from the
Hapsburg-hating peasants of cer-
tain districts.These troops were under strin-
gent orders to prevent the passage
of Charles' train, and as a precau-
tion, the rails were torn up.Charles apparently gained some
ground, as the troops at Komorn,
who, according to previous report,
had turned back his train, are now
said to have sworn allegiance to
him.Former Empress Zita is believed
to be with him, but is suffering from
a cold which she acquired during
her airplane trip.The Cabinet, after notifying the
Allies of its decision to oppose the
restoration of Charles, remained in
continuous session, devising means
of action. The Ministers represent-
ing the agricultural element asked
for the arrest of the former King.Archduke Frederick, who was
here for two days with his mother,
is said to have had ambitious plans
for himself, and is greatly embar-
rassed by the sudden and unwell-
come return of his relative.The Bethlen cabinet claims to be
master of the situation and there is
apparent calm in Budapest.Martial law has been proclaimed
throughout Hungary, and Admiral
Horthy, the Regent, has issued a
manifesto to the country to keep or-
der. He calls upon the people to
"restrain the Royalists and plotters
who are plunging Hungary into in-
evitable and final catastrophe. The
Cabinet Council has resolved to fight
the "conspirators" and lines have
now been sharply drawn betweenFUR EXHIBITION WEEK
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The Weather.

Toronto, Oct. 23.—Pressure is re-
latively low over the South Pacific
States and in British Columbia, and
highest over Ontario. The weather
has been fair today throughout the
Dominion, and comparatively cool.

Temperatures:

	Min.	Max.
Prince Rupert	42	46
Victoria	40	52
Vancouver	34	52
Kamloops	22	43
Calgary	32	42
Edmonton	26	42
Battleford	30	50
Prince Albert	24	48
Medicine Hat	28	52
Saskatoon	24	45
Winnipeg	32	50
Port Arthur	34	48
White River	24	46
Parry Sound	30	48
London	37	58
Toronto	36	58
Kingston	36	54
Ottawa	34	50
Montreal	36	46
Quebec	34	44
Halifax	42	52

Forecast:

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—
Moderate East and Southeast winds,
fair; not much change in tempera-
ture.Ottawa Valley, Upper and Lower
St. Lawrence—Light to moderate
winds, fair; not much change in
temperature.Gulf and North Shore—Moderate
to fresh Westerly winds; fair and
cool.Maritime—Moderate to fresh
Northwest to West winds; fine, not
much change in temperature.Lake Superior—Light to moder-
ate winds, mostly Easterly, fair;
not much change in temperature.

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Continued



Nervous Breakdown

The extreme depression and discouragement which comes over one at times is the most alarming symptom of nervous exhaustion.

This letter is a message of hope to all who find themselves in this unfortunate condition.

Mrs. Geo. T. Tingley, Albert, N.B., writes:—

"For years I was in a very nervous, run-down condition, was much depressed in spirits and suffered a great deal at times. The least noise would irritate me and at times I felt as though I certainly would go crazy. I consulted different doctors to no effect.

"A friend advised the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and I can truly testify today to the great benefits received. There was a marked change before I had finished the second box and when I had used a dozen boxes my nerves were thoroughly restored and I was entirely relieved of those terrible feelings I used to have. I shall ever be ready to testify to the benefits of this wonderful medicine, feeling sure that it will give to others the quick and permanent relief it has given me."

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Oct. 1, 3, 5, 10, 17, 24, 31, 37

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WINTER APPLES, superior quality: \$3.00 per barrel, F.O.B. N.S.

Freight \$1.00 per barrel.

AMERICAN CORN: \$9.50 per gross ton of 2240 pounds, F.O.B. Mines. Freight \$6.00 Quebec or Levis.

AMERICAN CORN: \$15.00 per 100 pounds, F.O.B. Quebec or Levis.

WESTERN OATS: \$15.00 per 100 pounds, F.O.B. Quebec or Levis.

WESTERN BARLEY: \$15.00 per 100 pounds, F.O.B. Quebec or Levis.

COARSE BAKING FLOUR: \$3.50 per bag, F.O.B. Quebec or Levis.

MACKINAW, 54 inches wide, 32 ounces: \$2.00 per yard, per piece of about 40 yards.

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Sept. 26, Mon. th. 21, 22

MEXICAN DAILY GIVES WARNING

Must Not Expect To Escape Demands Of The United States

"El Excelsior," the principal morning newspaper of the City of Mexico, in an editorial sternly warns the Mexican government that it can not escape the demands of the United States government with regard to the security of land titles and property rights. The editorial follows:

The announced trip to Mexico of Mr. Lamont, a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan, which is one of the most powerful in the United States, has again given ground for rumors in regard to the recognition of our Government—that of the White House, and the fact is that should we arrive at an understanding with the New York Bankers with reference to our pecuniary obligations, a very important step toward the solution of the diplomatic problem, which is very closely connected with our economic problem, would have been taken.

Through the absolute secrecy kept by our authorities and the oil men who recently visited us, we can conjecture some agreement closely related with Mr. Lamont's purposes, and that everything is combined to prepare the reestablishment of our relations with the neighbor country. If it should be as we expect it to be, the vicious circle in which the present Mexican situation revolves, would be broken. This vicious circle encloses the following formula:—"The Washington government does not recognize our government because it does not pay its debts; but the Government of Mexico cannot meet its obligations without moral support which recognition from the White House would give it." That is to say: the economic problems depends upon the diplomatic problem and vice versa. Even though there are many secondary factors which, having influence upon our situation making it complex and full of difficulties, such situation can be generally shown as above stated.

Nevertheless, in view of the fact that both problems are so closely related to each other, the wisest thing to do would be to solve both at the same time and this is probably what is being done by the Foreign Offices of both countries and the bankers and oil men, who naturally wish to relieve the economic troubles in our country in order that the Government may be in a better position to guarantee capital and reduce the imposts at present established.

Should we judge by appearances,

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears

Signature of

Wm. H. Ritchie

Mr. Lamont's trip may be complement of the plans made with the oil companies and possibly the reestablishment of diplomatic relations may depend upon the arrangements made with Morgan's partner, because, even supposing aversion on the part of Mr. Hughes towards recognizing the present Mexican regime, the great Yankee interests would in the end bear weight in favor of their necessities, which at length, are also ours.

This is probably within an optimistic hypothesis; but would be converted into an absurdity unless we make every effort possible to cooperate.

The bankers will not lend their money to the bolsheviks nor to those known as careless in the handling of funds, because neither of them offer guarantees for punctual payment of their obligations. This everyday fact is ignored in Mexico by some of our politicians, who show pitiful ignorance.

For example, no good results are obtained if, on one hand, Secretary de la Huerta is endeavoring to reduce the public expenses in an effort to reestablish order in our Public Treasury and, on the other hand, our Representatives with astounding impudence, appropriate for their feasts six hundred thousand dollars, and this precisely at the most critical time for the National Treasury. This crisis affects all the Government employees whose salaries have been considerably reduced, and the school teachers who, although being the foremost of the revolution, now live in misery and weaken from hunger. It is also useless for the Secretary of Finance to be giving our creditors firm promises for payment and all kinds of guarantees to foreign capital in regard to private property if at the same time the Agrarian-bolshevik commissions continue tramping on the land owners without giving the least consideration to legally acquire titles and without even having respect for the most elementary principles of justice.

It is an absurdity to expect that recognition will be given to bolshevik authorities by those who have recently severely punished the agitators in West Virginia. A show of utter ignorance in regard to what the Government and the people of the United States really are is an absurdity on the part of those who expect that attempts made in Mexico against private property, against public order, against industry and against capital, will have an effect on the labor groups in the United States, and that such groups will finally go to the extreme of imposing upon the White House a more favorable policy towards our corrupt maximalism. It is crazy to imagine that the New York bankers will put a loan of millions of dollars in our hands as long as our House of Representatives, without the least necessity to justify their action, appropriate enormous amounts for the exclusive benefit of the so-called representatives of the people, and in this way waste the few cents we still have.

Are we looking for recognition of our Government? This is in order, but we cannot expect this to come if we continue acting in the most appropriate way to drive off our hopes which will gradually disappear. The economic problem, so closely related to the diplomatic problem as we have already mentioned, could be solved through a loan; but it would be childish to believe that the bankers would give any attention to our requests for money or credit, if at the same time we are bragging about being bolsheviks, zapattistas or agrarians which is all the same, and we declare ourselves sworn enemies of capital.

We can obtain recognition, we must obtain it because we need it, and it would not do to fall in this important affair simply because we take pleasure in praising the division of lands, or because we exhibit our complete administrative disorganization through the efforts of a Chamber of Deputies to regale themselves with six hundred thousand dollars after having proven an incompetency without a precedent in the history of America.

In this way we are marching straight toward failure.

KING OF SAFE BLOWERS

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Charles Reiser, known here as "King of Safe Blowers" and wealthy, committed suicide in his bed at the Elexian Brothers' Hospital, where he was recovering from an attack made on him by underworld avengers.

Reiser took his life, the police declare, because the attending physicians told him he would be paralyzed when he left the institution. The gun used was smuggled in by his wife, who was accompanied to his bedside by a detective sergeant. Reiser is said to have owned half

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

May Pass The Critical Period

Safely And Comfortably By

Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's

Vegetable Compound

Regina, Sask.—I was going through

course of life and suffered for two years

with headaches, nervousness, sleepless nights and general

weakness. Some days I felt tired and

do my work. I gave Lydia E. Pinkham's

Vegetable Compound a trial and

and good results. I also find it a

very helpful Spring

and useful for

consumption from

which I suffer much. I have recommended

Vegetable Compound

to my friends.

—Mrs. MARIA W. LINDSAY, 810 Robinson St., Regina, Sask.

If you have suffering from any of the

series of afflictions: hot flashes, headaches,

backaches, dizziness, drowsiness, nervousness,

irregularities, constipation, variable appetite,

weakness, and dizziness, the

little of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable

Compound and begin taking the medicine

at once. We know it will help you as it

did Mrs. Lindsay.

FUTURE PAPERS TO BE SMALLER

Size Will Resolve Itself Into Commercial And Financial Problem

Honolulu, Oct. 23.—Herbert L. Bridgman, business manager of the Brooklyn Standard Union, told the Press Congress of the World recently he believed the newspaper of tomorrow would be smaller than those of the present. On that point he asked:

"Why, in blind competition to print everything which everybody wants, print so much that nobody wants?" Mr. Bridgman asked. He expressed the opinion that the size of the newspaper would resolve itself largely into a commercial and mechanical problem, saying: "If the space can be sold for more than it costs it will be. Otherwise curtailment will follow, depending upon price of newspaper, labor and other materials of production."

"The retail selling price will doubtless follow the same laws but both size and price are the body, not the soul of the newspaper of tomorrow."

"Whatever may happen, it is my belief that if they were smaller they would be better, through this thing must not be pressed to the vanishing point. But how many features, supplements, insets, juniors and other appendages could we discard with resignation and advantage."

"The New York Mercury reported the miraculous retreat of the American army after the battle of Long Island which saved the Revolution, in three lines, the London Times covered the battle of Waterloo in two stanzas. We print first page telegraphic columns of the beastly orgy of beastly men and women in a San Francisco hotel."

Mr. Bridgman said he would not admit that the newspapers have lost their power nor outlived their influence even though the era of personal journalism of which Greeley, Bennett and Raymond were the "signal lights."

Considering other phases of the newspaper of to-morrow, he said: "Nothing is more certain than that if the rapid and amateur circulation statement law, enacted in spite and ignorance, were repealed every self-respecting publisher would rejoice, not so much on his own account, but because a gratuitous insult on the whole profession had been withdrawn and a standing premium on falsehood and official incompetence abated."

"If the Government really cared to vindicate its own good name and faith and would check postage payments with sworn statements of circulation, the utter absurdity of the whole disgraceful situation would be demonstrated."

"Newspapers have firmly established their standards and code of honor and no more effective testimony of the fallacy and feebleness of the Government in business can be found than the difference in value between a postal affidavit and A. B. C. certificate, a badge of honor which every newspaper is proud to wear."

Mr. Bridgman declared that in advertising the future was bright, speaking not of quantity but of quality. "The newspapers of their own accord and by common consent, long before haggard legislators swoke to the situation, cleaned house and cleaned it thoroughly, and if the business office can secure response and co-operation from the editorial rooms the job is finally and effectively completed, he confirmed."

"As to the advertising rates, those of the newspapers of to-morrow will be higher than those of today and they ought to be. Not only will the service be more valuable in respect to quantity but its quality and prestige will be sensibly advanced."

"Rates," Mr. Bridgman affirmed, "will be maintained. Here there is no middle ground. Integrity of rates, all things to all men, is to a newspaper as credit to the banker, virtue to a woman and the newspaper which trifles with it is doomed."

Discovering prophetic power, he said that he foresaw in the newspaper of to-morrow "a reduction of capital and labor by which quality and understanding will take the place of indifference, disgust, thinly veiled antagonism, in which, freed from the taxes, handicaps and straightjackets of organization, competent wage earners may do the work which they are able and willing to and receive pay profitable to them and their employers, when ambition to earn and save shall be recognized and rewarded and production and prosperity increased."

"That the newspaper of to-morrow will be the great educator of the people of the whole world seems inevitable and yet we may go too far in organization and impersonalism. The newspaper of the future will thrive and prosper just as it serves the people, is faithful to them and its own convictions of duty. The absolute, continues certainly that this is so, that not only prosperity but life depends on it is the hostage which the newspaper of the present hands on to that of the future."

TOOK HIS OWN LIFE

Moncton N.B., Oct. 23.—That Alex. Koezky, the Austrian found hanging with a rope around his neck in a refrigerator car on the C. N. R. yard at Moncton on the 19th. inst., came to his death by his own hand while temporarily insane, was the verdict rendered by the coroner's jury this afternoon.

STORE OPENS DAILY AT 9 O'CLOCK AND CLOSSES AT 6 O'CLOCK P.M.

A FINE CHOICE OF STYLISH EVENING DRESSES

Dresses in canton crepe, in pearl grey, with double skirt, trimmed with navy blue fringe, and piping, navy blue belt and cuffs, price\$58.00



Dresses in duchess silk in navy blue trimmed with pale grey floss and grey belt, short sleeves, price\$33.50

Dresses in canton crepe in navy blue, trimmed with pretty motifs and tassels in grey silk fringe, wide belt lined in grey, short sleeves, price.....\$48.50

Dresses in canton crepe in pale pink or peach, trimmed with fringe on the bottom of the waist, which is embroidered with broken beads in white, long sleeves, price\$31.50

Dresse in canton crepe in pink, trimmed with brown beads, and motifs in floss, short sleeves, belt with tassels, price\$29.75

Dresses in duchess silk in navy blue and brown, bottom of waist and skirt is finished in large scallops, trimmed with three narrow pleated frills, the very latest style, price\$25.50

Dresses in duchess silk, in Copenhagen blue, with double skirt, opened on the sides and in front, trimmed with rolled tucks and gathered at the waist with a ruching, price\$34.98

Dresses in pale grey canton crepe, trimmed with fringe and motifs, three quarter sleeves, round neck, price\$49.50

Dresses in charmeuse silk, in navy blue, waist is made in Russian effect, skirt is trimmed with bunches of grapes in red and gold thread, short sleeves, round collar, price\$35.00

Dresses in navy blue canton crepe, waist is made in middie style, trimmed with red and black fringe on the sides, short sleeves, round collar, price\$54.50

Men's Gloves

Grey suede gloves with black silk braid on the back, long or short fingers, sizes 7 to 10 for men, at \$1.75 up to\$3.00

In dark grey suede, lined with silk, long or short fingers, sizes 7 to 10 for men, price\$2.25

In imported grey suede for men, sizes 7 to 10\$5.00

Tan kid gloves, single, long or short fingers, sizes 7 to 10, priced at \$1.75 and\$2.50

A real buck glove, in natural colors, sizes 7 to 10 for men, price\$5.50

Stamped Goods

Ladies' stamped night dresses in nainsook at\$1.95

Ladies' stamped lawn tea aprons, at 39¢

Stamped pillow cases, at 49¢, 65¢ 89¢

Cushion tops with back, at 39¢ and up.

Stamped centers, 18c, 39c and up.

Centers, 36 inches wide, at \$1.00 and up.

Stamped lawn and pique dresses for children at \$1.25 and up.

Stamped duck towels, at 50¢, 75¢ and up.

Crochet books of all kinds at 10¢ and up.

Two Exceptional Values in Costume Materials



A line of all wool botany tricotine, in all colors, including black, 54 inches wide, regular a yard \$6.00 for\$2.79

Sedan cloth, in good heavy weight, colors, red, violet, green and garnet, 54 inches wide, regular a yard \$6.50 for\$3.50

Two Materials Which Are The Latest For Evening Dresses

Duvelyn in all silk, in all colors, 38 inches wide, a yard.....\$7.50

Baronet satin, in all colors, 38 inches wide, a yard\$5.50



PICTURES At Reduced Prices

Pictures in 3 inch gilt frame, with fancy corners and centers, assorted colored subjects, sizes 22x26 inches, valued at \$3.75 for\$2.99

Oval shaped pictures in 1 1/2 inch black walnut frame, assorted colored subjects, size 19x23 inches, valued at \$3.25 for\$2.49

THE PAQUET COMPANY LIMITED.

Retail Division - 157-173 St. Joseph Street.

See The Large PUMPKIN

In our grocery department. This pumpkin was grown on the farm of M. F. Rocheford, St. Foye.

5 PRIZES

To all persons who will make a purchase of tea or coffee, or any other articles sold in this center, we will give the right to guess in the contest, which is to say how many seeds will be found in this large pumpkin. 5 PRIZES ARE TO BE WON NEXT SATURDAY. BE SURE TO COME AND TRY YOUR LUCK.

MACKENZIE-KING IS IN NO DANGER FROM EXPLOSIVES

Premier Meighen Answers
Series Of Questions Re
Shells At Levis

KING'S CONSTITUTIONAL

Not One Dollar Spent For Munitions Since End Of War

(Can. Press Staff Correspondent)
St. Thomas, Ont., Oct. 23.—Speaking to a large gathering of West Elgin voters in the Star Theatre tonight, Premier Meighen answered a series of questions put to him by Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, Liberal leader, relative to a shipment of high explosive shells which Mr. King saw unloading at Levis, Que. The Premier's answer was positive to a degree. There hasn't been one dollar spent for munitions since the end of the war," he told his audience. "Let me hasten to assure Mr. King that he is not in the least danger from these explosives. They are for use in the active militia, and, as far as I know he is not in it. The Premier's explanation of the fact that a shipment of shells was coming from the Canadian Government Merchant Marine vessel Canadian Mariner when Mr. King passed through Levis was that the explosives were allotted to Canada by the British War Office. During the progress of the war, the War Office had taken charge of the distribution of arms and when the armistice came and demobilization was decided on, equipment and ammunition in the possession of the Canadian troops had been turned in to army ordnance depots. Requirements of the Canadian active militia were met by the War Office on demand from the Militia Department of Ottawa and the shipment referred to by Mr. King had been sent in response to these demands. "Mr. King got off for a little constitutional at Levis," remarked Mr. Meighen, "and he found conditions so terrible in regard to these explosives that he deemed it his duty to pen me a public letter which I have not yet received. He was apparently more anxious to get the letter to the newspapers than to get it to me. I'm not the head of the Militia Department. It is well managed by Hon. Hugh Guthrie. One might have thought that Mr. King would have recovered sufficiently from the shock he received at Levis by the time he reached Ottawa to make his inquiries at the Militia Department. But no, he had to ask me. The reason that he wished to ask me was that he wanted to spread rumors all over this country that the Government was spending the people's money on high explosive shells. The Premier then read a lengthy telegram from Gen. MacBrien, chief of the general staff of the Canadian militia, in explanation of the shipment of shells. It was as follows: "Referring to the press article regarding shipments of ammunition from England to Canada, there has been no ammunition nor any war equipment of any sort purchased by Canada since the termination of the war. When war broke out, all available guns and ammunition in Canada were shipped to England as soon as possible, and handed over to the War Office, for which Canada received credit. When the armistice came and demobilization of the Canadian forces overseas was decided on, an agreement was entered into with the War Office under which practically all the equipment and ammunition in possession of the Canadian troops was turned into army ordnance depots. The Canadian Government obtained credit for same. Demands were submitted to the War Office for requirements of the active militia and the shipment referred to by Mr. King constituted part of these demands. These demands were based upon the number of rounds of ammunition required for each gun returned to Canada, in accordance with the standard scale. "About July 1920, a financial settlement was made with the War Office whereby the Canadian Government was given credit for the balance of equipment which was needed and for which no demands were submitted. In order that some of the equipment and ammunition which is subject to deterioration should not be out of date, a shipment was arranged so as to correspond as nearly as possible, to the time it was required. This explains why some of the ammunition is arriving now. Clearly, therefore, no present expenditure is involved in this arrangement. "Regarding demobilization appropriation, it may be said that the charges which have been going through on this vote represent no fresh commitments, but payment of war accounts delayed in adjustment."

LAD WAS STRUCK BY AUTOMOBILE

A lad playing on the deck of the steamship Duval, moored at the foot of McGill street Saturday afternoon, was struck by a motor car and killed. The boy was unhurt except for a slight bruise to one of his hands. He ran home without giving his name.

MEIGHEN REPLIES TO LIBERAL CHIEF

Letter Addressed By Mackenzie-King Has Not Yet Reached Premier

(By Canadian Press)
Stratford, Ont., Oct. 23.—The following letter in answer to Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King's published Saturday morning, was given out yesterday by Premier Meighen:

Dear Mr. King:—
I see by the morning press that you have written me a letter dated Ottawa, Oct. 21, making a long series of inquiries as to munitions supplies which you discovered at Levis. This letter has not yet reached me, it's publication being evidently deemed more important to you than its communication to myself. "You ask for an immediate and explicit reply" to the various questions set out. This you shall have. The matter concerns the Department of Militia and Defence and I am disposed to think you could have obtained the information by inquiry of that department. However, I have no objection to making the inquiries myself and as soon as the facts are in my possession I will give them to you without delay and will hope that in future you will be equally explicit in making replies to questions I have put to you. Please accept my assurance that no time shall be lost in removing from the public mind the wholly erroneous impression which your letter is designed to convey.

Yours faithfully,
(Signed) "Arthur Meighen."
No Comment From King
Ottawa, Oct. 23.—(Can. Press)—The reply of Hon. Hugh Guthrie to Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King's questions to the Prime Minister drew no comment from the Liberal leader this morning. "I would prefer," said Mr. King, "before making any comment upon the interview given by the Minister of Militia to await a definite and explicit reply from the Prime Minister to the questions addressed to him by me."

FRENCH DELEGATE IN ATTENDANCE

Will Be Present At Convention Of Veterinary College, In Montreal

(Special to the Chronicle)
Montreal, Oct. 23.—Professor Sendrail, of the Veterinary School of Toulouse, has been delegated by the French Society of Practical Veterinary Science, acting upon recommendation of the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, to perform surgical work at the Veterinary Convention to be held at the Veterinary College, November, 9th and 10th next.

The officers of the Convention are all elated over the crowning of their efforts towards securing such an eminent authority to hold the time-honored work at the Veterinary Convention and with the completion of their list of lecturers at the meeting of the Committee tomorrow evening, they have sanguine hopes of eclipsing any previous success of similar Conventions here. The name of Mr. Sendrail, a veterinarian of considerable fame, his title of professor at Toulouse, France, not to mention his well-known ability as a surgeon, coupled with the official character of his visit, will no doubt add materially to the lustre of the Convention, the practical value whereof has already been recognized by a substantial grant from Hon. J. E. Caron, Minister of Agriculture. Those members of the Veterinary Association of the Province of Quebec who should not receive their letter of invitation this week are earnestly requested to inform the Secretary-Treasurer, Dr. J. H. Villeneuve, V.S., 264 Cr. St., East, Montreal, who will attend to the matter promptly.

As already published, Dr. Albert Dauth, V.S., is the President of the Convention and it is due to his untiring efforts that the French Government has seen fit to delegate a representative of the French science to the local Government.

WEEK-END FATALITIES IN THE METROPOLIS

Man Struck On Head By Piece Of Pipe—Oiler Was Drowned

(By Canadian Press.)
Montreal, Oct. 23.—Fatalities in and around Montreal over the week-end included the following: Struck on the head by a falling piece of pipe, Felix Bolvin, 35, of 2201 Cartier street, suffered a fractured skull at the Dominion Works of the Canadian Car and Foundry Co., Ltd., at Ville St. Pierre on Saturday. He died the same day at the Western Hospital.

Jumping from the deck of the steamship Duval, moored at the foot of McGill street Saturday afternoon, John Neville, 35, an oiler on board the ship, miscalculated the distance and fell into the river. His body was recovered about an hour later.

IRISH QUESTION UP AGAIN TODAY

Conference Will Resume This Afternoon—Acute Crisis Has Been Reached

(Canadian Press Cable)
London, Oct. 23.—With Prime Minister Lloyd George week-ending at his country home at Cleeve, the Irish delegation in London, gone to Dublin, no important developments in the Irish situation are expected until the Conference is resumed Monday afternoon. That an acute crisis has been reached was admitted by both sides today, but the general opinion tonight was that the resentment expressed by the British representatives toward Mr. De Valera's message to the Pope would be smoothed over and that the negotiations would proceed.

It was stated to-night that although considerable progress was made in the preliminary discussions regarding the truce, the army, navy and finance, the recognized stumbling block—Ulster—has hardly been touched. It was understood that the reference resumes on Monday. Mr. Lloyd George will immediately bring up again the subject of Mr. De Valera's message and open up the question of the position of the Sinn Fein regarding allegiance to the Crown. Such a move, if taken, would be pointed out on the British side, put the Sinn Fein delegates in the extremely difficult position of either repudiating Mr. De Valera, which of course is not expected—or of finding a formula for defining definitely Sinn Fein's attitude toward the British Crown, which it is recognized will be equally difficult.

Nevertheless hope was expressed today of finding a way out of the dilemma, and this hope appeared even stronger to-night. The Sinn Fein delegates say it is "sixty to forty" that the Conference will be concluded.

There was a large gathering in Trafalgar Square this afternoon, to celebrate the anniversary of the death of Terence MacSwiney, Lord Mayor of Cork. MacSwiney died in Brixton Prison while on a hunger strike. None of the Irish delegates to the peace conference attended but William Roth, Member of Parliament for Cork, was among the speakers. A frequent reference was made by speakers to the telegram of Eamon de Valera to Pope Benedict, which was endorsed by the gathering. Branches of the Irish Self-Determination League organized processions which carrying banners and headed by bands, marched from various districts in the city of Trafalgar Square. Notwithstanding the rain that fell, it is estimated that nearly 20,000 persons took part in the demonstration.

PEOPLE OBLIGED TO EVACUATE

Gas And Other Shells Exploded During Fire Near Paris Yesterday

Paris, Oct. 23.—Soldiers tonight hurriedly compelled the evacuation of the population in the vicinity of the fort at Aubervilliers, two miles outside Paris, when fire broke out and caused the explosion of gas and other shells. The fort is one of the chain of forty forts surrounding Paris. It is situated to the north-west of the city. Shortly after the fire broke out, the flames reached a portion of the ammunition stores, and when the shells began to explode fire apparatus from Paris was sent to the scene and troops were called out to compel the people in the danger zone to evacuate.

MR. THOMAS MOISAN LAID TO REST

The funeral of Mr. Thomas Moisan was held on Saturday morning from his late residence St. Louis St. to St. Patrick's Church and Cemetery. A large and representative train of mourners followed the remains, while the chief mourner was Mr. Rene Dagenais, of Montreal, nephew of the deceased. A solemn requiem service was chanted at St. Patrick's Church by Rev. Father O'Sullivan, C.S.B., assisted by Rev. Fathers O'Hara and McCormick, C.S.B., as deacon and subdeacon respectively. Following the service the internment took place in St. Patrick's Cemetery where the prayers at the grave-side were recited by Rev. Father O'Hara.

CLEARER CASE OF ARSON EVER HEARD OF

St. Catharines, Ont., Oct. 23.—"The clearest case of arson I ever heard of" declared Fire Marshal Heaton in summing up the evidence taken in his investigation on the fire in the store of Frank Accesa, at Thorold last evening. The fire, which would advise the crown attorney to proceed with criminal action. The contents of the store and ice-cream parlor had been insured for \$11,000. Evidence was given that inflammable materials had been placed in several sections of the establishment and the fire started in several spots.

CONSTABLE WAS BETTER SHOT

Montreal Policeman Killed Burglar After Being Wounded Himself Yesterday

(By Canadian Press.)
Montreal, Oct. 23.—Struck by a bullet from the revolver of Constable Lavallee, Napoleon Cecil, 35, of 340 St. Jean street was instantly killed at 1.30 this morning as he was running away from the officer, firing a shot at the latter and wounding him in the neck. The affair was the sequel to an attempt to rob the fur store of Albert Racicot, 550 St. Denis street, and after the shooting, furs to the value of \$3,500 were abandoned in the lane at the rear entrance of the store where they were later recovered.

One man who was with Cecil made his escape and to-night detectives stated that two arrests in connection with the case have been made but no official statement concerning the prisoners was issued.

Constable Lavallee after the shooting was taken to the Montreal General Hospital where the bullet was removed and his condition was reported as not serious. He stated he had seen two men with bundles in a lane at the rear of the Racicot store. He had ordered them to stop and without answering him, the men had run away. The constable pursued them. Suddenly one of the fugitives turned around and fired, and the officer fell. He fired several shots after the men and saw one of them fall. Other constables attracted by the shooting, came up and found the man dead. He was found to have been shot in the back on the left side.

GRENADE THROWN AMONG POLICE

Protests Against U.S. Embassies And Consulates Failed To Materialize

Marseilles, Oct. 23.—A grenade which failed to explode was thrown among the police here today, while efforts were being made to organize a procession to march on the United States Consulate to protest against the conviction for murder of Sacco and Vanzetti. The grenade was thrown immediately after a Sacco-Vanzetti protest meeting. The police prevented the procession and arrested seventeen persons during the disorders.

Every Precaution Taken

Paris, Oct. 23.—Ten thousand soldiers and policemen guarded the United States embassy and neighborhood today to prevent a threatened demonstration by French Communists in protest against the conviction for murder in a Massachusetts court of Sacco and Vanzetti, but no Communists appeared there. Long before the hour set for the concentration of the Communists at Porte Maillot, three thousand troops were on the scene, while other manned machine guns on top of the city walls commanding a view of the entire square. A few Communists emerged from the subway station at Porte Maillot, but they were hustled outside the city walls before they could organize and start a procession to the embassy.

London, Oct. 23.—A Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration outside the United States embassy here today failed to materialize. There was a small Communist gathering in Whitechapel, however, at which speeches were delivered by Sylvia Pankhurst and other persons who protested against the conviction of the Italians. Rains damped the enthusiasm of the demonstrators and the proposed march to the embassy was abandoned.

EX-SERGEANT GOT TWO YEAR SENTENCE

First Conviction In Connection With Exchange Frauds In Ottawa Saturday

(By Canadian Press)
Ottawa, Oct. 24.—William G. Dooney, ex-sergeant of the Department of Militia, recently extradited from England, was yesterday given a sentence of two years in the penitentiary, after a jury conviction on four counts, the charge being to obtain cheques and money from the Department by false pretences and with intent to defraud. The alleged offence was in connection with the exchange of soldiers' pay and allowance at par value. In his summing up, Mr. Justice Orde said that the suggestion had been made that the accused had been singled out for prosecution because he warned the jury they had no right to suppose the Government would not follow up the case of every person who was believed to be guilty.

TO-DAY'S MEETINGS.

Cathedral of the Holy Trinity, Junior Auxiliary, 4 p.m.
St. Matthew's Church, Women's Auxiliary, 2.30 p.m.
Trinity Church, Junior C.G.I.T., 4 p.m. Girls' Branch, W.A., 8 p.m.

RAILROAD MEN NOT IN ACCORD

Prospective U.S. Strike Will Only Embrace One Quarter Of Union Employees

Chicago, Oct. 23.—The prospective rail strike scheduled for Oct. 30 was limited approximately to one-fourth of the country's railway employees when officials of the brotherhood of railway and steamship clerks, freight handlers, express and station employees, representing 150,000 men, voted tonight not to authorize a walkout by their members for the time being. This action increased the number of major rail unions which have voted not to strike now to nine, and the number of railroad employees bound by such action to about three-fourths of the country's total of approximately 2,000,000. The question of quitting work will be taken up again after the Labor Board renders a decision on the rules and working conditions questions now before it.

Tonight's action by the clerks left the signal men and the telegraphers the only organization in the eleven "standard" rail unions which may join the conductors, firemen and engineers, trainmen and switchmen, in the strike they have called.

The telegraphers tentatively have aligned themselves with the "big five," but officials of this union said tonight that the decision might be changed before the strike date arrives. The signalmen have not yet voted.

While the official statement announcing the clerks' action said that everything had been harmonious in the meeting, individual officials declared the decision had been made only after vigorous debate. It was argued by those officials that the clerks are more closely related in their work to the members of the big four brotherhoods than are any of the other union men and that consequently many of them thought they would support the big four in the strike call.

The turning point in the debate came when it was said the officials announced that they, like the leaders of the other "standard" unions had not been able to persuade the brotherhoods and the switchmen to agree to support them throughout the proposed strike. When it was announced that the brotherhoods would return to work when their personal grievances had been settled, regardless of the action of other striking unions, the sentiment swung to the no-strike plan. It was said by those present at the meeting.

The statement announcing the clerks' action was almost the same word for word as the one yesterday from the Federated shop crafts, announcing that their men would not be authorized to strike. It pointed out that the present "is not the time to strike."

PRIME MINISTER IN WEST ELGIN

Political Issues Discussed By Premier Meighen And Other Notables

(Can. Press Staff Correspondent.)
St. Thomas, Ont., Oct. 22.—West Elgin supporters of the National Liberal and Conservative Party turned out in numbers this evening to hear Premier Meighen, Sir Henry Drayton and Sir George Foster discuss political issues. In addition to Sir George Foster and Sir Henry Drayton Senator W. H. Sharpe and H. G. McKillop, candidate of the party in West Elgin were seated on the platform at the evening meeting.

Mr. McKillop made a brief address expressing his adherence to the fiscal policy of the Prime Minister and his determination to win the election by honest and straightforward methods.

Premier Meighen emphasized his opinion that conditions in Canada were better than in any country that participated in the war. In point of national debt alone, the United States was in better condition than Canada, but tried by the test of commerce and employment, this country was in better condition than the United States, he averred. Discussing the tariff, the Premier said an item had been published in a newspaper recently to the effect that he had once favored the free entry of farm implements into Canada. "That statement is an intentional, deliberate perversion of the truth," he declared. He had moved for a reduction in the duty on agricultural implements many years ago, but he had never advocated that they be allowed in free of duty. He went on to advance a number of arguments in support of his contention that Canada must continue to have a protective policy.

HARMLESS MEANS OF REDUCING FAT

Many fat people fear ordinary means for reducing their weight. Here is an extraordinary method. Eucalypti because while perfectly harmless no dieting or exercise are necessary. Marmola Prescription Tablets are made exactly in accordance with the famous Marmola Prescription. You reduce steadily and easily, with no ill effects. Procure them from your druggist at one dollar for a case or send price direct to the Marmola Company, 4612 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

CONSERVATIVES RALLYING WELL

Hon. L. G. Belley Addressed Large Meeting At Matane—Conventions This Week

(Special to the Chronicle)
Matane, Oct. 23.—Hon. L. G. Belley, Postmaster General, addressed a Conservative meeting at Matane this afternoon which was attended by some twelve hundred electors. The hall was crowded to capacity and nearly four hundred people were unable to gain admission. A special train had left Mount Joli at noon bringing the electors from St. Octave, Price, Metis, Sandy Bay and Riviere Blanche.

In the course of his speech Mr. Belley touched upon such issues as, conscription, the tariff and the railways and asked the electors to choose a candidate. The meeting unanimously decided to carry on the fight and to call a convention for the first week in November. Notice will be sent to all parts of the county to call the delegates together.

The Conservative forces are rallying on all sides and the campaign started at Matane as in other districts in a most auspicious manner. Tomorrow at four o'clock the convention will be held at Rimouski and will be followed by a large meeting. Gaspé will hold its convention on Thursday, the 27th, Temiscouata on Tuesday the 25th, Charlevoix on the 1st of November. The selection of candidates will be completed for the first week in November.

MR. T. ADAMAKIS WAS ENTERTAINED

On The Occasion Of His Approaching Departure To Visit Greece

The approaching departure of Mr. Adamakis, one of Quebec's leading Greek merchants, for a lengthy visit to his native country, was marked yesterday by a gathering of his compatriots at the home of Mr. George Trakas where a farewell dinner was given in honor of Mr. Adamakis. Mr. Adamakis who has now been in business in this city for twenty-five years has not paid a visit to Greece in that period and needless to say his fellow countrymen have many messages for him to carry back to the homeland.

Among those attending the dinner were Mr. Adamakis and his family, Mr. and Mrs. P. Demetre, Mr. and Mrs. D. Childs, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Pergantios, Mr. and Mrs. G. Pappas, Mr. and Mrs. George Andros, Mr. S. Alaisas, Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Arniotis, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Venetis, Mrs. Nicholas Tcharos and many others.

CRERAR THROUGH WITH FIRST PART

Progressive Leader Closed Initial Stage Of Ontario In Dufferin Yesterday

(Can. Press Staff Correspondent.)
Shelburne, Ont., Oct. 22.—Closing the first part of his Ontario campaign, Hon. T. A. Crerar, leader of the National Progressives, addressed a large meeting of Dufferin electors here this afternoon. Dufferin gives every promise of keen fighting. So far there are only two candidates in the field, John Best, who was Conservative member for the division in the last Parliament, and R. J. Woods, the Progressive. Mr. Woods said that Farmers were prepared to stand by the law of supply and demand and grow potatoes for fifty cents a bag if necessary to give food to the people. J. E. Arnold, a Progressive from the Province of Quebec, said Quebec was not as strongly Liberal as it had been represented to be. There were sixteen Progressive candidates in Quebec Province. J. A. Robb, chief Liberal whip would be opposed in Chateauguay-Huntington by a Progressive. He thought that Quebec should return from ten to fifteen Progressives.

Hon. T. A. Crerar dealt with attacks on Progressives. "I have been charged with being a millionaire," Mr. Crerar said. "I don't know what that has to do with National issues, but I passed almost directly from two years batching on the prairies to the position I now hold and all I have been able to save is a few thousand dollars from my salary. The annexationist bogey has also been raised in dim and misty outline, although Canada had no more loyal citizens than those behind the Progressive movement," he continued.

BON PASTEUR WILL RECEIVE VISIT

From Their Excellencies This Morning--Attended St. Matthew's Church Yesterday

The following had the honor of dining with Their Excellencies the Governor General and Lady Byng of Vimy, on Saturday: Sir George Garneau, Mr. Charles Lanctot K.C.; Lieut.-Colonel the Count and Countess de Bury, Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. R. M. Beckett, Mr. and Mrs. W. Bancroft, Miss Chadwick, Mrs. A. C. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Fortier.

The following were unable to accept Their Excellencies' invitation: The Ven. Archbishop and Mrs. Balfour, Mr. and Mrs. E. Lapointe, Hon. J. L. and Mrs. Perron, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Carroll, Lady Garneau, Mr. and Mrs. J. Barnard, Lieut.-Colonel and Mrs. C. A. Chauveau, Mr. and Mrs. John Hamilton. Her Excellency Lady Byng of Vimy addressed the Women's Canadian Club at the Chateau Frontenac on Saturday afternoon. Their Excellencies the Governor General and Lady Byng attended Divine Service at St. Matthew's Church, St. John street yesterday morning.

This morning Their Excellencies will visit the Bon Pasteur Convent at half past ten this morning.

\$71,000 RAISED FOR ST. BRIDGET'S

It was officially announced on Saturday that the drive conducted here recently in the interests of St. Bridget's Home had resulted in bringing in the splendid sum of \$71,000. Needless to say that the Fathers of St. Patrick's, as well as the sisters in charge of the Home and the inmates of the institution are heartily grateful to the citizens at large for the generous manner in which they subscribed to this deserving institution.

ARTHUR BALFOUR COMING?

Reservations have been made on the C. P. S. Ltd. Steamer Empress of France for her next sailing from Liverpool for 25 members of the railway delegation to the Washington Peace Conference. The names of the party have not as yet been mentioned, but it is expected that the Rt. Hon. Mr. Balfour will be one of them.

BRIDGE KEEPER DIED SUDDENLY

Mr. Robert Siebourn, aged 60 years, one of the keepers of the railway bridge over the St. Charles River, died suddenly while on duty early Saturday morning. Coroner Jolicoeur held an inquest on Saturday when it was found that death had been due to angina pectoris.

\$2.00 DAY SATURDAY & MONDAY October 22nd. & 24th,

Another occasion to make true bargains. See our window display to-night and make your choice Any articles for \$2.00.

CYR. DUQUET

Watches & Diamonds
3 St. John Street QUEBEC

Oct. 22x2

Everything in FISH

Shrimp, Scallops, Frogs Legs, Weak Fish, Blue Fish, Oysters, Live Lobsters, Butter Fish, Cherry Stone and Little Neck Clams. ENGLISH SOLE, ENGLISH TURBOT.

SPECIAL FOR THIS WEEK

Live Haddock 10c
Gaspé Salmon 30c
Halibut 30c
Smelts 15c

GULF FISH CO.
MONTREAL MARKET
Phone 5476
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The Quebec Chronicle

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QUEBEC, OCTOBER 24, 1921

THE LIBERAL WAY

On Friday morning last the following self-explanatory advertisement appeared on the back page of L'Evenement: "Big Popular Meeting at Loretteville, Sunday 23rd Oct. at 2:30 P.M., for the Liberal Convention."

"Ladies and Gentlemen,
"On Sunday 23rd Oct. there will be held in the county town of Quebec County a big popular meeting at which you will be called to pronounce upon the choice of a candidate at the election of the 6th December next."

"Electors of Quebec County,
"If you believe that you have the right to a vote in the choice of the one who is to represent you in the House of Commons in the next Parliament, come in crowds to this popular meeting called to give you the opportunity that has not so far been accorded of expressing your opinion upon this choice."

"Every Elector is Cordially Invited.
Quebec County, 20th Oct., 1921."

Following this, there appeared on the back page of Le Soleil the same afternoon the following equally self-explanatory statement:

"Quebec County: Correction
"We place our friends on guard against any meeting that may be convened by circulars or other means under the name of Liberal Convention. It will be only a scarcely hidden manoeuvre on the part of persons desirous of creating discord in the Liberal ranks."

"The Liberal candidate in Quebec County is Mr. H. E. Lavigne. According to custom in this district, he is entitled to the candidature as former Member for the Division. He has been asked, moreover, to stand again for nomination by petitions signed by thousands of electors of Quebec County and his candidature has been ratified by the leaders of our Party."

"We ask the Liberals of Quebec County to stand united and to prevent the breeders of discord from creating divisions from which our opponents will hasten to reap the advantage."

The outcome of these rival manifestoes was a turbulent convention at Loretteville yesterday afternoon which the Chairman was obliged to adjourn before a vote could be taken to nominate a Liberal candidate, and for this the Liberal machine has only itself to thank. Le Soleil is careful to claim no more than that the practice of giving the nomination automatically to the sitting Member is "customary in this district," although even a statement so deliberately guarded is questionable. If the electors of Quebec County have actually been in the habit of foregoing their right of choice in this manner it is high time that it was terminated and we congratulate them upon their manliness in doing so.

It matters little to the Chronicle whom the Liberal Party selects as its standard-bearer in this or that County but we may at least comment upon an undemocratic and arbitrary procedure. If Mr. Lavigne has been asked to run again by thousands of electors, as alleged, there would appear to be no reason whatever why he should shirk facing an open convention, which he is obviously doing. Truly the Liberals are liberal rather in the theory than practice: either they select a candidate beforehand and pack a convention to nominate him as was done not long ago in Temiscouata, or they deliberately disregard the rights of their supporters as is being done in Quebec County.

Despite all the shallow taunts that are flung at them as autocrats and reactionaries, these are not the methods adopted by Conservatives, whose candidates are nominated by the free voices of open conventions wherever there are asked or can be called. The Minister for this District, Hon. L. G. Bely, has laid it down as a rigid principle that he will be nominated by such a convention in this way before he will consent to be the candidate of any County, and the same principle is being acted upon by the Conservative everywhere.

If Mr. Lavigne, as a sitting Member, is entitled to be a candidate without consulting the wishes of his constituents, then one who is not only a sitting Member but a Cabinet Minister would have an even greater right to claim the same privilege, but that is not the case. On Saturday morning last the Toronto Mail & Empire published a report as follows:

"After a spirited contest, in which a few personalities were exchanged, and which showed that the battling spirit is still rampant in the Conservative party, Hon. Edmund Bristol won the Centre Toronto nomination at Odellfellow's Hall last night, and thereby sent E. W. J. Owens down to defeat by a vote of 192 to 103. Following his defeat, Mr. Owens called upon the delegates to make it an unanimous standing vote for Hon. Mr. Bristol, which they did, and he likewise called upon all the Conservative workers to go out and demonstrate that they are fighting for the Government party."

Mark well that Hon. Mr. Bristol had to fight for his nomination but that although "personalities were exchanged," the defeated candidate was the first to rally to his support and that the ranks of the Party remain united as before. The Liberal method is the surest one of creating discord that could be chosen and its results are already to be seen. The Conservative method is honest and courageous. Need more be said than that "by their fruits ye shall know them?"

THE DANGERS OF PROPHECY

The Ottawa Journal takes comfort in the present railroad difficulties of Canada from a recollection of Edward Blake's famous Aurora speech of October 3, 1874; at which time the first proposal to build the Canadian Pacific Railway, as an integral part of the agreement under which British Columbia entered Confederation, was before the people of the Dominion. Mr. Blake was opposed to the undertaking and was most outspoken and positive in his attitude. He shared Mr. Mackenzie's judgment that, instead of building a transcontinental railway, the water stretches of the West should be linked up by such land lines as might be necessary. In keeping with that policy a lock was built in the Kaministiquia River at Fort Francis, and for many years it stood as a demonstration of what was then regarded as a satisfactory way of meeting the transportation needs of the great West.

Mr. Blake did not hesitate to give it as his judgment that the building of the Canadian Pacific would "plunge this country into ruin." So convinced was he of the supreme folly of trying to construct a railway across the continent that he said:—"If under all the circumstances the Columbians were to say:—'You must go on and finish this railway according to the terms or take the alternative of releasing us from the Confederation,' I would take the alternative."

He argued that time and distance would always fight against the western farmer, and that a railway would not help him in this all but hopeless struggle.

"You can carry by water" he said, "for one-fifth the cost by rail, and you may be able to carry at a profit if you can get water communication when it would not pay you to grow wheat to be shipped by rail." And then he added:—"I am confident that a bushel of wheat will never go to England over an all-rail route from the Saskatchewan to the seaboard, because it would pay to send it."

His view of British Columbia is expressed in the following extract:—"Until the surveys are thoroughly completed, and until we have found the least impracticable route through that inhospitable country, that 'sea of mountains,' it is folly to talk of commencing the work of construction. Speaking conjecturally, I am of the opinion that the British Columbia section of the railway, even if it turns out to be practicable as an engineering work, will involve an enormous expenditure, approximating to \$30,000,000, and after its completion will involve an enormous annual charge on the revenues of the country for its running expenses; and I doubt much if that section can be kept open after it is built."

"I think the chief advantage the British Columbians will derive from the enterprise will consist in the circulation of money, and the profits of mercantile operations attendant on the construction, and that Canada will be a frightful loser by the affair."

"Mr. Blake's speech in 1874 makes strange reading in our day," comments the Ottawa Journal, "when we have become familiar with the accomplishment of what was half a century ago regarded as impossible. It is, however, both a reminiscence and a wholesome lesson; for some of those who are seeking to shape public policy today are his lineal descendants in thought and outlook. . . . Mr. Blake's speech was closely-reasoned and eloquent, as were all his speeches; but he was not a prophet. Neither was he dull nor myopic, as he might seem at this late date. Indeed, his will always be remembered as one of the brightest and most profound minds we have had in our public life. Yet he was wrong, and he lived to know it."

The inference from this line of thought obviously is that history will eventually repeat itself in the case of the C.N.R. to the justification of the exponents of public ownership and the confusion of its critics. It may be so and we trust that it will be so. The C.P.R. not only did not have such a competitor as the Canadian Pacific Railway of today to contend against, but had the field to itself. If the C.N.R. is able to make good under modern conditions and with state control it will be a feat even more remarkable than that accomplished by the Canadian Pacific pioneers.

Some Things the Public Would Like to Know:

Pertinent Questions on Matters of General Public Interest are Invited.

Why not instal a billiard table at the Quebec Jail for the benefit of the prisoners and "keep the boys at home?"

How "Elsie" likes a "Blue Nose"?

A Verse Or Two

(By Modern Poets)

ONCE IN A WHILE

Once in a while the sun shines out,
And the arching skies are a perfect blue;
Once in a while, 'mid clouds of doubt
Hope's brightest stars come peeping through,
Our paths lead down by the meadows fair,
Where the sweetest blossoms nod and smile,
And we lay aside our cross of care
Once in a while.

Once in a while within our own
We clasp the hand of a steadfast friend;
Once in a while we hear a tone
Of love with the heart's own voice to blend;
And the dearest of all our dreams come true;
And on life's way is a golden mile,
Each thirsting flower is kissed with dew,
Once in a while.

Once in a while in the desert sand
We find a spot of the fairest green;
Once in a while from where we stand
The hills of Paradise are seen;
And a perfect joy in our hearts we hold,
A joy that the world cannot defile;
We trade earth's dross of purest gold
Once in a while.

ANONYMOUS.

Press Comment

DISMISSING THE DECALOGUE
(Stratford Herald)

A writer in the Dearborn Independent (Henry Ford's Weekly) dealing with the question of the Panama Canal tolls, upholds the right of the U. S. to free U. S. shipping from the rates. "It is," he says, "difficult to see in all these declarations where the U. S. is bound to deny itself certain privileges for the benefit of the world." Yet the writer himself quotes this provision in the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty between the United States and Great Britain:

"The canal shall be free and open to the vessels of commerce and of war of all nations observing these rules on terms of entire equality, so that there shall be no discrimination against any such nation, or its citizens or subjects, in respect of the conditions or charges of traffic, or otherwise. Such conditions and charges of traffic shall be just and equitable."

We may now expect some one to quote the Eighth commandment hastening, however, to add: "It is difficult, however, to see why anybody should deny himself the privilege of annexing for himself any property that is not nailed down."

The article purports to be written by a Mr. Pinci, but we suspect this a misprint. The author is no doubt Mr. Pinci, the gentleman who ran the get-rich-quick bank in Boston.

THE MODERN GIRL

(Chicago Post)

Been vacationing among some of today's story books, and believe that I have discovered a few of the complexities of the modern girl, as note the following excerpts:

Her beauty broke on him like some rare flower.
Her breath is a cloud.
Her eyes were as a dove that sickened.
Her face collapsed as if it were a pricked balloon.
Her hair dropped on her pallid cheeks, like seaweed on a clam.
Her lips like twilight water.
Her skin was as the bark of birches.
Her two white hands like swans on a frozen lake.
Her voice cut like a knife.
Her gown, a shimmy of—(beg pardon) a shimmering of filmy nothingness.



THESE SPECIAL BARGAINS WILL RUN ALL WEEK

BESIDES THESE SPECIAL OFFERS WHICH YOU WILL NOTE BELOW, WE SHALL GIVE 20

PERCENT REDUCTION ON ALL OUR FURNITURE

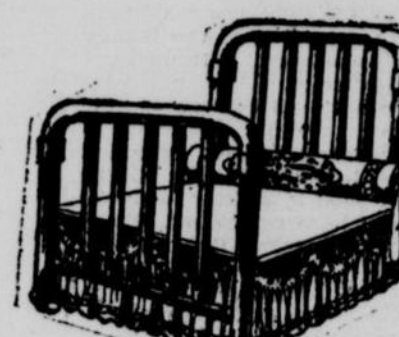
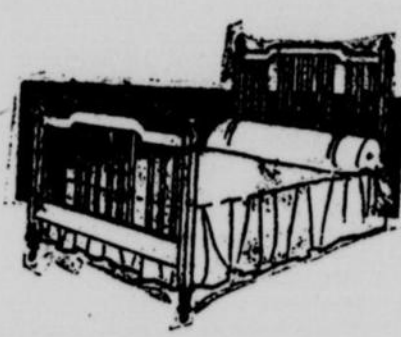
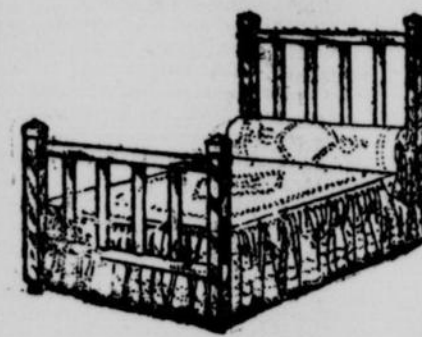
Our stores were a real hive of activity all last week. It will be likewise for the period during which we continue to offer these immense values to the public. They cannot be duplicated elsewhere.

30c. Per Yard For Oilcloth

We still have a considerable quantity to offer at 30 cents per yard. You will assuredly admit that this is an exceptional bargain.

We advise you to not delay your purchases if you desire to profit by THESE BARGAINS.

At this ridiculous price the line cannot last long.



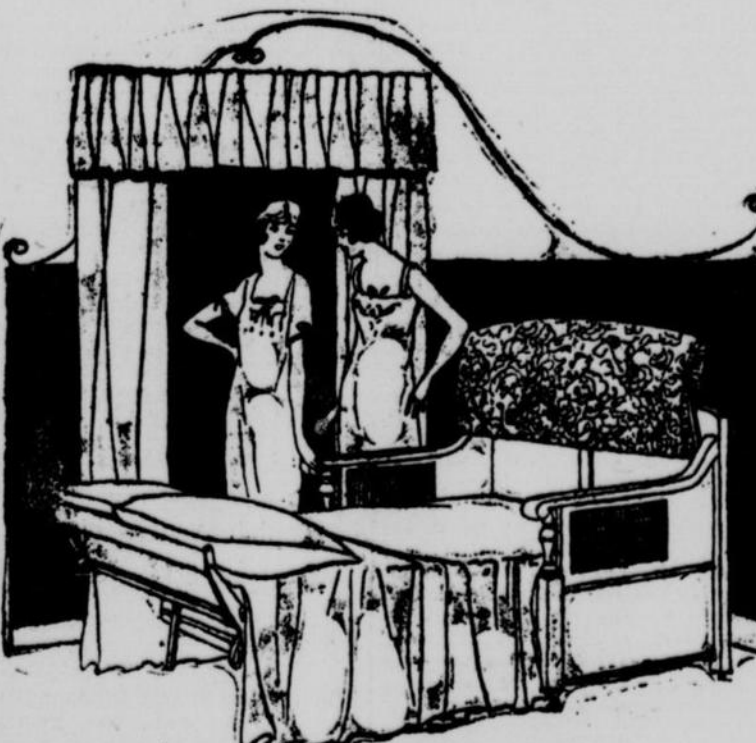
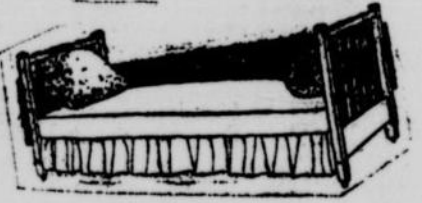
Beds At Reduced Prices

This is the surplus production of one of the largest factories in the country and includes models of beds for all tastes. They come in brass and in steel. There is an immense choice in both.

WE SELL THEM AT THE MANUFACTURER'S PRICE LESS

20% REDUCTION

Do not ignore this exceptional offer, for you will have reason to regret it.



You Should Come This Week And Choose Your DIVANETTE

The Divanette is a piece of furniture which no home can easily dispense with, particularly when there is an opportunity to buy the best values obtainable at such a bargain.

Our assortment is superb. We have them to suit all tastes and all means.

SELECT ONE THIS WEEK.

We shall deliver it when you wish.

Eng. Julien & Co
QUÉBEC

1226-1232 ST. VALIER STREET, ST. MALO.

Branch: Corner of St. Valier and St. Joseph Streets, St. Sauveur.

PRESENTATION TO

MR. W. G. O'CONNOR

On the occasion of his approaching marriage, which will take place on Tuesday morning, to Miss Marguerite Corbin, Mr. William Gerald (Jerry) O'Connor was entertained on Saturday night at the headquarters of the Quebec Chauffeur's Club, 87 Lachapelle Street. An address was presented to the future Benedict by Mr. W. G. Egan, President of the Club. In which the good wishes of the members were extended to Mr. O'Connor who was also presented with a valuable dinner set. Mr. O'Connor acknowledged the gift and good wishes of his friends in a neat speech. The marriage will take place on Tuesday morning at the St. Coeur de Marie Church.

SUPER-QUALITY SERGES

"King's Own" Serge Available In Semi-ready Suits

The finer grades of English serges—woven from the Botany wool yarns—are now \$50 and \$55—suits which sold at \$75 and \$80 a year ago. It is on staple cloths that the real decline in prices can best be judged.

The Semi-ready Shops have a big advantage in the selling of fine serges, for their woollens are woven by the English branch of the Semi-ready Company and are sold direct from maker to wearer. "King's Own" serge suits are now available at \$45 and \$50—Nos. 9502 and 9503. Since these cloths were made wool has advanced 15 per cent.

George Morissette, on St. John Street and Jules Gauvin, on St. Joseph Street, both have Semi-ready tailored clothes.

FASHIONABLE
STORE

T. D. Dubuc

Formerly
Donohue's
Store

Extraordinary Values In Winter Coats

Latest models in Coats made of Bolivia, Duvetine and fine Velours Cloths, with Fur collars of Beaver and Opossum. These Coats are neatly trimmed with stitchings and embroidery, silk lined and in very newest shades. Prices \$30.00 to \$125.00

Winter Coats of Silvertone, Reversible Cloth, Tweed Mixtures, Camel's Hair and Velours Cloths, without Fur trimmings, in smart styles and colorings, from \$20.00 to \$50.00

NEW GLOVES—New Gauntlet Gloves, in Kid, Suede and Chamoisette, in grey, beaver, tan, brown, mole.

FALL HOSIERY—Wide ribbed Wool Hose in Heather and Lovat mixtures and a selection of solid shades.

T. D. DUBUC

188 and 198 St. John Street

HUNTERS' SUPPLIES

Rifles
Of Winchester, Savage and Mannlicher's make.

Revolvers and Pistols
In Smith and Wesson, Iver-Johnson, Bayard, Savage and Colts.

Cartridges and Loaded Shells
In black and smokeless powder. Tents, Blankets, Folding Beds and stoves, sleeping bags, dunnage bags, canoes, hunting boots, etc. etc.

General and Heavy Hardware at the

Chinic HARDWARE COMPANY.
St. Peter Street, Lower Town
Branch Fabrique St., Upper Town

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

Minard's Liniment is famous as a Liniment for the Relief of Pain. It never fails to work and gives relief for Cuts, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Coughs, Colds, Rheumatism and countless other painful ailments. It contains no injurious drugs and is perfectly harmless for old and young.

For sale at all dealers

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO.
Ltd.
YARMOUTH, N.S.

Latest Fiction

RILLA OF INGLESDALE by L. M. Montgomery. A heart warming romance with daughter of Anne of Green Gables as heroine.

HER FATHER'S DAUGHTER by Gene Stratton Porter. A romance of Sunny California.

HELEN OF THE OLD HOUSE by Harold Bell Wright.

THE WILLING HORSE by Ian Hay.

P. J. EVOY
BOOKSELLER
Phone 772. 141 St. John St.

Public Notice

Quebec, July the 15th, 1921
The public is kindly requested to bear in mind that it is strictly forbidden to bathe in any of lakes, rivers, or streams which supply the water to the Aqueduct of the City of Quebec.

It is also prohibited to pollute these water in any way—Whoever is taken in the very act shall be prosecuted according to law. (Art. 623 Charter City of Quebec.)
By Order.

M. GOSSELIN, M.D.
Asst. Medical Officer
July 15/21

Island Park Ferry

ST. MICHEL and BERTHIER
SS. FRONTENAC.

On and after 6th October, until further notice, weather and circumstances permitting without guarantee, will leave:

Quebec	Island
6.25 a.m.	8.15 a.m.
From Island Friday and Saturday	7.00 a.m.
11.30 a.m.	1.00 p.m.
3.30 p.m.	4.45 p.m.
From Island Saturday 12.15 p.m.	
From Island Saturday 4.30 p.m.	
	Sunday
1.00 p.m.	1.30 p.m.
2.15 p.m.	3.30 p.m.

SS CHAMPION.

From Quebec: 2.00 p.m. Tuesday for Berthier. 2.00 p.m. Tuesday and Thursday. 2.00 p.m. Saturday for St. Jean.

From Berthier: 8.00 a.m. Wednesday only. St. Jean, Mon. and Wed., 8.30 a.m.

St. Michel 8.30 a.m. St. Laurent 9.30 a.m.

St. Jean, 6.30 a.m., Friday. St. Michel 7.15 a.m. St. Laurent 8.30 a.m.

SS. CHAMPION Sunday.

From Quebec. From St. Jean. 8.45 A.M. 4.30 P.M. May 1st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Superior Court of Quebec, No. 3959
Lydia Samson, of the City of Levis, wife of Joseph Honore Dumont, trader, of the City of Levis, duly authorized to enter on justice, plaintiff, vs. The said Joseph Honore Dumont, defendant. An action for separation of property has been instituted in this case on the 29th day of September, 1921. Quebec, September 30th, 1921. Bernier & de Billy, Attorneys for the Plaintiff. Oct 1st

For
Style, Fit
AND WORKMANSHIP
ORDER YOUR CLOTHING
from

S. J. Burke,
MERCHANT TAILOR
Phone 781 11 197 St. John St.

BIRTH
ATKINSON—On Thursday, October 20th, 1921, at the Montreal Maternity Hospital, to the wife of W. Stuart Atkinson, of Etchemin, P.Q., a son.

DIED.
GERVAIS—On October 21st, 1921, Elsie Gervais, aged 60 years and 5 months, wife of Eugene Gervais, Master Painter. Funeral on Monday at 9 o'clock, leaving her late residence 299 1-2 de la Reine street at 8.45 for St. Roch's Church and thence to St. Charles Cemetery.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.
WYSE—Patricia Evelyn Wyse, only daughter of E. Allan and Evelyn Wyse.
Died at St. John, N.B. Oct. 21, 1921, of Spinal Meningitis. Aged 6 years 9 months.
Montreal papers please copy.

Snow Shoe Club
On Tuesday, 25th instant, at 2-45 p.m. His Excellency, the Governor General will unveil the MEMORIAL TABLET at the Club House.
All members are requested to be present.
D. TAYLOR,
Hon. Secy.

AUDITORIUM—This Week
GRAND OPERA
LARGEST TRAVELING OPERA ORGANIZATION IN AMERICA
To-night "LA TOSCA" with Anna Fittu.
Tues., LA BOHEME.
Wed., (Mat.) LUCIA, (with Josephine Lucchesi).
Wed. Eve. CARMEN, (with Mme. Ferebini).
Thurs. II TROVATORE.
Fri. MME. BUTTERFLY.
Sat., (Mat.) THAIS; Eve. FAUST.
Seats on Sale at Theatre.
Eve's and Sat. Mat. \$1 to \$3.
Wed. Mat. 50c. to \$2.
DIRECTION: J. A. GAUVIN.

CANADIAN
TODAY
"NO WOMAN KNOWS"
Also
FRANK MAYO
In
"GO STRAIGHT"
Continuous 1 to 11

South Shore Service
Steamer Brumath will make a trip for all Ports of Gaspé Coast as far as Cape Cove around the beginning of November. Exact date of sailing will be announced.
For further information apply to:
LA CIE GASPE COTIER
Phone Office 5519
Wharf 5520.

HELLO!!
ALL OUR 10 IN.
GENNETT & COLUMBIA
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All Our
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PANTRY SALE
WAS SUCCESSFUL
The ladies of Trinity Church held a most successful pantry sale on Saturday. Despite the fact that the weather was very disagreeable there were a large number of the public present, and everything offered for sale was sold, which was very gratifying to the organizers.

PUBLIC FAVORS SNOW-REMOVAL

Kiwanis Club Drive Enthusiastically Received—People Fully Realize Benefits

The campaign started by the Kiwanis Club for snow removal by the Corporation in all the streets throughout the City is meeting with favor on the part of the public.

Teams have been appointed by the Club are calling upon the proprietors in the various wards. Up to the present there thousand signatures have been obtained and represent about 95 per cent of the people approached. If the same success continue they expect to reach their goal by the end of the present week.

The club members are pleased to note that the people are alive to the fact that with a systematic plan for the removal of snow the sidewalks will be safer for pedestrians and the streets will be clear of snow earlier in the spring.

One big business man on St. Joseph Street in signing the list last week said that while he had the horses and vehicles required to remove his own snow and has been attending to it for years, he was in favor of the municipalization of the system as he felt that it would mean additional safety in the streets for all traffic.

The Kiwanis Club make it plain that the movement is being conducted for the benefit of every citizen of Quebec.

TONIGHT
QUEBEC HEARS
GRAND OPERA

"Tosca" Opens Classical Week At The Auditorium—Anna Fittu Makes First Bow To Quebec Audience

Quebec's big classical week of grand opera opens this evening at the Auditorium with the first appearance of the San Carlo Opera Company this year in La Tosca. Few operatic works deserve so much attention as this masterpiece and with the cast of artists that will interpret the play this evening, a masterful execution is assured.

The leading role will be played by Anna Fittu of the Metropolitan Opera Company and she will be supported by a powerful cast including Gastone Tomassini, the new star of the San Carlo Company and a great favourite in Quebec. Joseph Royer, the comedian baritone will appear in the role of Baron Scarpia.

Tomorrow evening, the Company will present a Bohème with an entirely new cast including Mademoiselle Bianca Saroya. The repertoire for the balance of the week will be as follows:
Wednesday matinee, Lucia, with Josephine Lucchesi; Wednesday evening, Carmen, with Mme. Ferebini; Thursday, II Trovatore; Friday, Mde. Butterfly; Saturday matinee, Thais, and Saturday evening Faust.

THE OFFICIAL LIST OF QUEBEC LICENSES.
The Chronicle has been requested by Mr. de St. Victor, Chief of Revenue Officers, to state that the list of licenses published in an evening newspaper on Saturday is incorrect, and that an official list of licensees will be given out on Tuesday noon.

A meeting of the whole Board of Liquor Commissioners will be held Tuesday morning and licenses will be granted at that meeting.

PRISONER'S FREEDOM WAS SHORT LIVED

On Saturday morning, shortly after eight o'clock, one of the inmates of the Quebec Gaol, who was engaged in working just outside the prison, made a dash for liberty, and succeeded in getting away. His freedom, however, was short, as he was recaptured about six o'clock on Saturday afternoon, out at Sillery.

SAD BEREAVEMENT OF

MR. AND MRS. E. A. WYSE
The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. E. Allan Wyse will sincerely regret their sad bereavement which occurred at St. John, N.B., through the death of their only daughter, Patricia Evelyn, aged 6 years and 9 months, who passed away from spinal meningitis on Friday last.



You're constipated! Take "Cascarets" tonight to thoroughly clean your bowels of the constipation poison which is keeping you dizzy, headache, half-sick and upset. No other cathartic or physic is so pleasant, so fully, and Cascarets cost only ten cents a box.

MR. C. W. WALCOT LAID TO REST

Impressive Obsequies For Former Quebec Resident Were Held Here On Saturday

A number of Quebec's leading English-speaking citizens gathered at the Palais Station last Saturday afternoon in expression of their respect for a gentleman who, until within the past few years, had been a resident of this city, and whose death at Toronto after a brief illness on the previous Monday, had occasioned deep regret to an intimate circle of personal friends. On the arrival of the C.P.R. train from Montreal at 2 o'clock the body of the late Mr. Charles William Walcott of the Holy Trinity and was met at the main entrance by the Lord Bishop of Quebec, the Very Reverend the Dean of Quebec, the Venerable Archdeacon Balfour and the Reverend A. Gillies Wilken.

The church members were Messrs. Arnold and Harold Walcott, Messrs. H. B. Shaw, brother-in-law of Mr. Walcott. The lesson was read by the Lord Bishop, the prayers being said by Archdeacon Balfour who is an uncle of the deceased gentleman by marriage. The hymns chosen for the service were "Abide With Me" and "On the Resurrection Morn'g". From the Cathedral, the body was taken to Mount Hermon Cemetery for burial.

Mr. Walcott came of a very old family in Shropshire, Eng. and was the son of the late Mr. Agar Walcott of the Civil Service, Ottawa; was also a grandson of the late Dr. Adamson, some time Chaplain of the House of Commons, Quebec. He spent the greater part of his life in Quebec where, although of a retiring and modest disposition he was widely esteemed and moved to Toronto within the past three years to take the position of Manager of the Savings departments of the Union Bank of Canada, which he held at the time of his death.

The deceased gentleman married the eldest daughter of the late Mr. P. A. Shaw of this city, whose only brother is Mr. H. B. Shaw, General Manager of the Union Bank of Canada, Winnipeg, Man. In addition to the widow, Mr. Walcott is survived by two sons Mr. Arnold Walcott, Union Bank of Canada, Winnipeg, Man. and Mr. Harold Walcott, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Edmonton, Alta.; by three daughters and three sisters, Mrs. Kennedy, Montreal and Mrs. Arnaud and Miss Walcott, both resident in England.

REV. A. G. WILKEN WAS HONORED

By Cathedral Bell-Ringers Association On Occasion Of His Departure

An interesting event took place on Saturday evening in the Cathedral Hall, when the members of the Cathedral Bell-Ringers Association tendered the Rev. A. Gillies Wilken, Assistant Priest, who has been appointed Rector of Kenogami, a reception accompanied with a presentation, on the occasion of his approaching departure. In addition to the members of the Association there were also present, Mrs. Wilken and a number of young ladies, members of the church.

Mr. Glasgow, Superintendent of the Bell-Ringers, opened the proceedings by explaining that they were assembled to bid a formal farewell to the Rev. Mr. Wilken, who, had, since he was connected with the Cathedral, always taken a deep interest in the Association. They regretted his departure from amongst them and wished him every success in his new sphere of ministerial labor. In bidding goodbye to Mr. Wilken they could not do so without showing him some tangible mark of their esteem, which he would kindly ask the Very Reverend the Dean to present to their departing Assistant Priest on behalf of the Bell Ringers Association.

Dean Shreve in the course of a short speech said that while he was sorry to see Mr. Wilken leave the Cathedral, yet he believed that he voiced the feelings of all present, when he mentioned that they were pleased at Mr. Wilken's promotion. Indeed they could not hope to keep a priest of Mr. Wilken's ability in a secondary position. He had proved a valuable friend to the boys of the Parish, and he was pleased to see that the Bell Ringers Association appreciated the services Mr. Wilken had rendered in the name of the members he asked Mr. Wilken to accept their gift as a token of their esteem and good-will, accompanied by their best wishes for his future success. The Dean then presented Mr. Wilken with a case containing a Thermo bottle and cups.

The Rev. Mr. Wilken, who was greatly touched by this demonstration in his honor, expressed his regret at severing his connection with such an excellent Association and hoped that it would continue to render such good service to the Cathedral as it was doing at present, and concluded by extending his thanks for their kindness in remembering him in this manner on the occasion of his departure from their midst.

Following the presentation a short musical programme was rendered to which instrumental solos were contributed by Miss Cochrane, Mr. R. Jewell and Mr. E. Amy, and vocal solos by Miss Edith Merrifield and the Rev. Mr. Wilken, which were greatly enjoyed by the members who were the refreshments which followed. Games were then played for some time, when the party broke up, after having spent most enjoyable evening.

LADY BYNG AND BATTLEFIELDS

Her Excellency Addressed Women's Canadian Club On Saturday Afternoon

The first meeting of the season of the Women's Canadian Club took place at the Chateau Frontenac on Saturday afternoon, at which Her Excellency Lady Byng, consort of Canada's Governor-General, was the chief speaker.

The meeting itself was a very successful one, there being quite a large gathering present, and much enthusiasm being manifested on numerous occasions, especially during the course of Her Excellency's address.

The elite of Quebec were present in large numbers, Lady Fitzpatrick, Mde. L. A. Taschereau, General Tremblay, l'Abbe Casgrain, Rev. Canon Scott, Rev. Gilles Wilken, Col. Clark and many others being present.

The new President of the Club, Mrs. McLinmont, introduced Lady Byng to the audience, and the latter gave a most vivid description of her visit to the battlefields, giving her impressions in such a way as to bring the various scenes very clearly before the minds of her listeners, several of whom had been overseas, and who stated at the conclusion of the address that they had been deeply impressed with the speech.

On Lady Byng concluding her address, Miss Fitzpatrick moved, in English, seconded in French by Madame Dr. Grondin, that a hearty vote of thanks be tendered Her Excellency for her most instructive lecture. A standing vote of thanks was passed, and Lady Byng presented with a bouquet of cypripediums.

The room where the meeting took place was tastefully decorated with leaves and flowers.

ORGANIZING CAMPAIGN FOR CITY AND DISTRICT

On Saturday evening last a very successful meeting was held of supporters of the present Government in this City and District, about one hundred and fifty representative men answering the call to lay the foundations of a campaign organization.

Mr. Eusebe Belleau was chosen to preside over the meeting which was addressed by Hon. L. G. Bely, Postmaster General. The Minister explained the procedure that was being followed in the various Counties of the District and outlined the progress that had been made expressing confidence that there would be a Government candidate in the field in practically every constituency under his direction within the next fortnight or ten days.

Committees were then organized for Quebec East and Quebec South to call conventions and select candidates, no action being taken for the moment in regard to Quebec County or Quebec West. The two Committees named will meet at early dates and it is expected that conventions will follow in short order at which standard-bearers will be nominated in opposition to Major C. G. Power and Mr. Ernest Lapointe.

Constable P. N. Henry—Served three years and 356 days in the 16th Canadian Battalion. Was wounded three times in France in 1914 and 1915. Was promoted to the rank of sergeant. Decorations: General Service and Victory Medals.

Constable H. Juneau—Enlisted in 1915, served in France and in England in 1917. Discharged in Canada on January 24th, 1919.

Constable Joseph Morand—Enlisted in the 16th Regiment and was given the rank of Sergeant. Later transferred to the 22nd Battalion and served in France. Was wounded and gassed at Vimy. Was invalided home and served on the Ottawa Police Force for one year, later entering the Quebec Police Force of which he has been a member for two years.

Constable Edouard Goulet—Served in the North West expedition in 1885. Served later for five years in the 9th Voltigeurs, Quebec, commanded by Lt. Col. Chabot.

Constable R. H. Charters—Enlisted as sapper in the 2nd Quebec Regiment C.E.F. on June 6th, 1918. Served in Canada and England. Was discharged on December 21st, 1918.

Constable Nicholas Smith—Enlisted in the 5th Artillery Depot, R.C.A., C.E.F. on August 26th, 1918. Served in Canada and was discharged on January 7th, 1919.

Constable A. J. Lord—Enlisted in the 2nd Regiment Quebec Depot in 1918. Was discharged on July 29th, 1919 by Lt. Col. P. A. Pluze.

Constable George Fournier—Enlisted on August 9th, 1914 in the 122nd Battalion, commanded by Major Thiboutot. Was transferred to the 9th Voltigeurs, Quebec, for 15 months. Transferred to the 16th Battalion, under the command of Capt. Lavole. Discharged on December 25th, 1918.

Constable Alfred Julien—Enlisted in 1914 in the Composite Battalion, Military District No. 5 and served until August 1916. Was transferred to the Canadian Military Police and was promoted to the rank of Corporal.

Constable J. J. Gagnon—Served for 18 months and 15 days in Canada. Also served in England in the 10th. Reserves under the command of Lt. Col. J. A. Demartigny.

Constable J. Ouellet—Served for four months with the Corps of Engineers of Canada.

Constable Eugene Boivin—Served for 49 months—Three years in the 6th Regiment of Levis, and one year in the 1st Depot Battalion, 2nd Regiment, Quebec, commanded by Lt. Col. J. A. Beaubien.

Constable E. Allard—Served for 28 months in Canada in the C.P.A.-S.C.

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listed in the Quebec Forestry Battalion on April 27th, 1917 and was discharged on November 26th, 1918.

Constable Joseph Joly—Served in the Composite Battalion, Military District No. 5 and later transferred to the Canadian Military Police.

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Constable J. B. Pradette—Served in the 9th Voltigeurs during four months in 1914.

Constable G. H. Parry—Served in the 5th Battalion C.G.R. in Canada. Transferred to the Canadian Military Police in 1918. Was discharged in January 14th, 1920.

POLICE HAVE FINE MILITARY RECORDS

Many Members Of The Quebec Police Dept Served During Great War

As military training and discipline are considered among the essential qualifications of good police officers it may be interesting to note that a considerable percentage of the young members of the Quebec Police Department have fine military records, not a few of them having served overseas in the South African War and the Great War, while others served in Canada.

A perusal of the records of the Police Department recently showed that some of the men distinguished themselves in action and one in particular, Sergt. E. Langlois, was awarded the D.C.M. in the Great War as well as other decorations.

The list of men on the force with military service records is as follows—

Sergt. R. Canty—Served from 1899 to 1901 in the South African War with the First Royal Canadian Regiment, commanded by Col. Otter. Decorations: Medal and 4 bars. In 1911 he served in the King George Coronation, commanded by Brig-Gen. Fages. In 1913 he was transferred to the 8th Royal Rifles commanded by Col. W. Ray. Decorations: Long Service Medal.

Sergt. E. Langlois, enlisted in 1914—Promoted Lance Corporal at Bermuda in 1915. Promoted to the rank of Corporal in England in 1915. Promoted to the rank of Sergeant on the battlefield in March 1916. Was wounded on the 2nd of June 1916 in the bombardment of Hooge. Was recommended for decoration for bravery on June 26th, 1916 and was awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal. Was wounded a second time in January 1917 at Vimy Ridge. On his return to Canada he was promoted to the rank of Regimental Sergeant Major in the 5th Garrison Battalion of Quebec, Discharged in December 1918.

Since then he has been a member of the 87th Regiment, commanded by Lt. Col. J. R. Rinfret.

Constable Jacques Rioux—Served 14 months in Canada, 2 months in England and 5 months in France and Belgium. Decorations: Allies' Medal and Long Service Medal. On his return from overseas he served for one year in the 9th Voltigeurs, Quebec.

Constable Louis Brindamour—Enlisted in 1914 in the Composite Battalion of Military District No. 5 with the rank of Corporal under the command of Lt. Col. Chabot. On the 17th of December 1917, was transferred to the Canadian Expeditionary Force and served in England and in France with the 22nd Battalion. Was discharged on May 19th, 1919.

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NOT SELECTED BY ANY CONVENTION

Mr. G. Gravel Says J. B. Bourassa Represents Only Himself In Levis

In declining to meet Mr. J. Boutin Bourassa, former Liberal member for Levis in a public meeting yesterday, Mr. Gedeon Gravel, the regularly selected Conservative candidate wrote the following letter to Mr. Bourassa a copy of which he sent to Mayor I. E. Demers:—

Levis, Oct. 22nd, 1921
St. Romuald, P.Q.

Sir,—

I acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 20th instant inviting me to debate with you at Levis and at Lauson on Sunday, October 25th.

I would have been pleased to accept the invitation of the candidate of the Liberal Party or any other candidate chosen by the convention of his Party, but you are neither one nor the other and at the present time you represent but yourself.

You have always been opposed to the electors freely choosing their candidate. Twice, without success, you went against their choice by opposing the candidate regularly selected by the Liberal convention, and now that you are a member you want to continue as such without permitting the electors to say if your services are longer required.

I do not wish to be a party to a manoeuvre on your part being chosen by the electors and to make you candidate of a party of which you are not the legally chosen representative.

When the convention has been held and you have been really chosen as the Liberal candidate in the County of Levis, rest assured that it is with pleasure that I will meet you.

Yours truly,
Gedeon Gravel.

ST. PATRICK'S MISSION OVER

Solemn Benediction Of Blessed Sacrament Marked Close Last Evening

The religious Mission which was opened three weeks ago in St. Patrick's Parish by the Reverend Fathers of the Redemptionist Order, came to a close last night in St. Patrick's Church with a solemn Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament and blessing bestowed on the members of the congregation, sent by His Holiness the Pope. The Rev. Fathers who preached the Mission sermons during the three weeks, the first week for the youth of the parish, the second for the female members, and the third week which came to a close last night for the male members of the congregation, were Rev. Fathers Coughlin, McCann and O'Brien, C.S.S.R., all eloquent pulpit orators and zealous missionary workers in connection with the Redemptionist Order.

Besides special mass services at which sermons were preached every morning during the period of the Mission, evening services were held which every morning and night attracted, without exception, every member of the congregation who could possibly attend. The services were both instructive as well as ably rendered by the gifted Redemptionist Fathers and deeply impressed the members of the congregation, who all went to confession and received Holy Communion.

The closing scene at St. Patrick's Church, McMahon street last night was most impressive and portrayed the deep impression made by the Missioners on the members of the congregation.

OUCH! MY BACK! RUB LUMBAGO PAIN AWAY

Rub Backache Away With Small Trial Bottle Of Old "St. Jacobs Oil"

When your back is sore and lame or lumbago, sciatica or rheumatism has you stiffened up, don't suffer! Get a small trial bottle of old, honest "St. Jacobs Oil" at any drug store. Rub it on your back and you will find it working like magic. It is the only remedy for backache, lumbago, sciatica, rheumatism, neuralgia, etc. It is the only remedy for all the aches and pains of the back. It is the only remedy for all the aches and pains of the back. It is the only remedy for all the aches and pains of the back.

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ST. PATRICK'S WON CITY BASEBALL CHAMPIONSHIP

ST. PATRICK'S DEFEATED BELL TELEPHONE THREE TO TWO IN GAME FOR BALL CHAMPIONSHIP

Tom Kelly Hit A Two Bagger In The Tenth Inning That Decided Baseball Title In Favor Of Irishmen—Game Was Best Of The Season

Four or five years ago, Tom Kelly, the tall St. Patrick's rightfielder, muffed a line drive that cost his team the championship—but yesterday, the same Tom Kelly delivered the blow in the tenth inning that gave St. Patrick's the pennant and permanent possession of the City League Cup. Despite the cold wintry weather, the baseball exhibited was easily the best of the season. St. Patrick's winning three to two in an extra inning after "Pete" Pouliot of the Bell Telephone had held them scoreless until the ninth, his teammates clinging to a one-run lead established on errors by St. Patrick's in the first inning. Victor Loignon, the ex-C.E. pitcher with his side-partner Tremblay worked in the points for the Irish and Victor turned in a great game. Apart from the first inning his support was perfect and "Bob" Pitcher in left-field, Herbie Kelly in centre, and Marcel Savard at short contributed a few circus catches.

Slow work by Worth in playing Herbie Kelly's fast relay from centre-field in the first inning allowed the Bell Telephone to score the run which loomed as big as a house as the teams were turned back scoreless until the last half of the ninth when St. Pat's went in to take one last desperate chance. Freddie Martineau's muffed of a difficult high twister back of first base gave Desourdy his base and Tom Kelly walked. Acquin fled to Gailloux, and Worth's single tied the score. Fast fielding by Carrier caught Tom Kelly at third, Racine making a difficult play on the runner. St. Pat's kicked at Umpire Leden's ruling, claiming Kelly had not been touched. Savard's wicked drive was stopped by Racine who lost the ball at his feet but recovered it in time to catch the runner on an eyelash decision at first. This time it was Umpire Drouin who brought a kick from the Saints and Savard was very nearly being chased to the bench. The teams went into the tenth inning with the score one all and the shivering crowd forgot the cold in the excitement of the moment. It looked as if the luck was against the Irishmen as the blinding rays of the setting October sun flashed into first baseman Desourdy's eyes as he was taking a perfect throw from George Acquin and the ball went to right field as Desourdy put his hands over his face to protect himself, and Cantin crossed the plate with the run that put the Telephone out again in the lead. But the Saints were still fighting. "Bob" Pitcher who had struck out regularly all afternoon started the inning, though Manager Walsh had a mind to pinch in "Bert" Rieger or Paul Morin, however, was a good one this time. The lanky Bob realizing that his batting eye was not amongst those present decided to try something else and he out-guessed Pouliot for a pass to first. Though the going was heavy and both catchers had cut down the runners easily during the day, Pitcher proved himself a good mud-horse by stealing second on the fast-throwing Dion. Tremblay fanned. Loignon hit a hot one at Racine who threw wild to first and Pitcher romped home with the tying run. The St. Pat's fans were frantic at this stage and their enthusiasm knew no bounds as Herbie Kelly walked on four wide ones. The Bell supporters cheered, however, as Desourdy was called out on strikes, but Tom Kelly came up jauntily swinging

his long bat and the Irish backers implored him to do something. The Bell outfield moved towards right as Tom prepared to swing and Pouliot fooled him with a fast one out-side. The next pitch was a ball. Then a fast out-drop caught the inside corner for the second strike and the Telephone crowd were jubilant. Pouliot then shut over a fast one and Tom made no mistake this time, the ball soaring far into left centre for three bases and the game was over. To pick an individual star on the St. Patrick's line-up is almost an impossibility, as every man played a whole of a game and saved his team on one occasion or another. Loignon in the box turned in an excellent game, striking out nine batsmen and being instrumental in scoring Pitcher with the tying run. Victor had his big chance of figuring on a championship club for the first time in his career and took advantage of it. Tremblay, his battery mate, also had a good day and had his throwing arm working well, cutting off a number of runners at second. Desourdy, Worth, Savard and Acquin fielded splendidly. Savard making a nice throw to first in the tenth, catching Racine and retiring the side as Pouliot was crossing the plate.

The outfielders, Pitcher, Herbie Kelly and Tom Kelly pulled off some sensational saves and their catches had a lot to do with the victory. Pitcher, after fanning at every trip to the plate, finally worked Pouliot for a pass in the tenth, which resulted in him making the tour for the tying run. Tom Kelly, however, proved the "hero" of the tenth inning, the tall right-fielder after having two strikes called on him set his teeth and caught one of Pouliot's twisters on the nose, sending it into deep centre-field, and sending Loignon home with the winning counter. The Bell Telephone boys also put up a grand exhibition, but when there is a winner there has also to be a loser, and though they happen to be the victims in this case they deserve every congratulation as they played hard. The score:

	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Blouin, ss.	5	0	0	0	0	0
Gailloux, cf.	4	1	1	3	0	0
E. Racine, 3b.	4	0	0	1	4	0
F. Martineau, 2b.	4	0	1	2	3	0
Dion, c.	4	0	2	3	0	0
Carrier, 1b.	4	0	3	1	0	0
Drolet, rf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
St. Pierre, lf.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Cantin, 1b.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Pouliot, p.	4	0	0	1	5	0
Totals	37	2	8	29	15	0

	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
H. Kelly, cf.	5	0	0	1	0	0
Desourdy, 1b.	5	1	0	8	0	2
T. Kelly, rf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Acquin, 3b.	4	0	1	1	3	1
Worth, 2b.	3	0	2	3	2	0
Carrier, 1b.	4	0	0	1	3	0
Savard, ss.	3	1	0	2	0	0
Tremblay, c.	3	0	1	0	1	0
Loignon, p.	4	1	0	1	2	0
Totals	33	3	5	30	16	2

Score by Innings—R. H. E.
Bell Tel. 1000000001—2 8 3
St. Patrick's 0000000012—3 5 6
Summary—Two-base hits: Tom Kelly, 1; Worth, 1; Stolen bases: Dion, 1; Carrier, 1; Worth, 1; Cantin, 1; Pouliot to Martineau to Cantin, 1; Struck out: By Pouliot, 10; by Loignon, 9. Base on balls: Off Pouliot, 4.

NOTED SCRAPPERS TO COME HERE?

Proposed To Bring On Mike McTigue, Bartley Madden And Frank Moran

The possibility of seeing boxers like Mike McTigue, middleweight champion of Canada, Bartley Madden, one of the cleverest men of his weight who ever donned a mitt to do battle in the squared circle, Frank Moran, the Pittsburgh dentist, who scored a knockout over Joe Beckett, the English heavyweight champion, recently, and others will be brought about in the very near future, if plans under way at present are carried through.

A tentative bill for November 1st next has been arranged, which will bring together Frank Moran and Bartley Madden in the main bout, with Mike McTigue and Roddy McDonald, the man who put Spike Sullivan to sleep in seven rounds in Montreal last Friday, in the semi-final, as well as two other bouts. Just where the scraps will take place is not yet known, but there is every possibility that they will be held in the Drill Hall, and if they prove to be a success, it is proposed to hold scraps every two weeks, with men of the same calibre as those mentioned above figuring in the mill.

Sporting Notes.

By winning the championship of the City and District Baseball League, St. Patrick's now become permanent holders of the Boswell and Richelieu Cups, having won the trophies three times. St. Pat's first had their names engraved on the Cup in 1915, when Stuart Walker, then the star second baseman, successfully pitched the club to the pennant. Steve Newton played behind the bat and managed the team in 1917, when it won the title for the second time, and this year Bill Walsh managed and "Pop" Acquin captained the team that has now won both Cups outright.

"Books" Power wasn't around the St. Patrick's bench yesterday. Wonder if that had anything to do with the victory?

Tom Kelly was there with the old wallop yesterday when it was most needed. With two out, two strikes called on him, and the St. Pat's supporters shouting themselves hoarse imploring him to send the old pill over the fence, the tall right-fielder caught the ball fair, sending it far out to centre-field and sending Loignon home with the winning run and the championship.

Two offers, made on condition that the franchise is placed on the market for sale, have already been made for the franchise of the Canadian Hockey Club, which, with the death of George Kennedy, passes to the Kendall estate. One offer is on behalf of Leo Dandurand and Joe Cattarachi, well-known racing men, and the other is from Frank H. Dunn, who is well-known locally. The latter has already made known his desire of purchasing the club outright to President Calder of the N. H. L. The franchise was valued at \$10,000 by the late George Kennedy.

The origin of Freemasonry, or even of its name, cannot be traced with certainty.

Hot 5; off Loignon, 2. Hit by pitcher: Tremblay. Left on bases: Bell Telephone, 6; St. Patrick's, 7. Umpires: Joe Leden and H. P. Drouin. Time of game: Two hours.

LOCAL OUTFIT LOST AT RUGBY

Bishop's College Defeated Quebec By Score Of Sixteen To Nothing Saturday

Playing a fast game on a greasy field the University of Bishop's College, Lennoxville, defeated Quebec Swimming and Athletic Club in an exhibition rugby match on Saturday afternoon at the Exhibition Grounds by a score of 16 to 0. The score, however, does not represent the play, as the local players were on several occasions only a couple of yards from the coveted line and try, or touchdown, which would have netted them five points, but they could not buck through enough being held at any time they were really dangerous.

The visitors had the edge in weight over the Quebec players, whose forward line could not hold the speedy Lennoxville players in the division was called upon to do a whole amount of work to prevent the college players from running through. When Lennoxville bucked the line, they tore holes through the Quebecers, who, however, despite the fact that it was only their second game, put up a magnificent struggle.

Jack Price and E. Wiggs at half back, were the two bright particular stars of the local outfit, and the former, up to the time that he got a kick under the chin in the third quarter when he tackled Sheppard, played a whole of a game, breaking up many dangerous attacks.

In the first quarter the visitors obtained six points, one from a kick to the deadline, and the other five on a touchdown by Walsh. Anderson failed to convert. In the second quarter they were held scoreless, but in the third fifteen they obtained another try, when Walsh grabbed a loose ball after price had tackled Sheppard. The latter hurried as price tackled him low, and Sheppard's boot caught the local player under the chin, knocking him out for a couple of minutes. Before the referee's whistle blew, however, Walsh had grabbed the ball, which was lying loose, and planted it behind the line for another five points, making the score 11-0, as Anderson failed to convert for a second time.

In the final quarter, the visitors obtained a third touchdown, Sheppard going through after Bishop's had worked the ball near the Quebec line on a series of bucks. Anderson did not convert, and try as they would, the local team could not avoid the whitewash, the whistle blowing with the score standing Bishop's College 16; Quebec 0.

The teams—

	Bishop's College	Flying Wing
R. Matthews	G. Savage	
Jack Price	Half Back	
E. Wiggs	Half Back	
C. Bignell	Quarter	
Cream	Snapback	
Fitzgerald	L. Middle	
J. Delany	R. Middle	
Sewell	Inside	
L. Devine	Inside	
McDonald	Substitute	
Sewell	Williams, Driver, O'Donnell, McArthur.	

ENGLAND AND IRELAND ENGAGED IN DRAW GAME

Thirty Thousand People Saw International Soccer Match At Belfast Yesterday

(Canadian Press Cable)

Belfast, Oct. 23.—The international soccer football match on Saturday between England and Ireland resulted in a tie game, one to one. The weather was cold and stormy and the ground soft, making the ball difficult to control. For some time after the opening of play, neither set of forwards managed to make much headway against the stubborn defence of their opponents' half backs but the play later became very brilliant.

Gillespie, for Ireland, scored the first goal, followed by Kirton, for England. The second half was keenly contested and neither team succeeded in tallying.

There were 30,000 spectators present.

LAFRAMBOISE WON INDOOR TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP

Montreal, Oct. 23.—Championship honors in the singles of the Eastern Canada indoor Tennis tournament were won by E. H. Laframboise, the local tennis star, Saturday, who defeated W. Crocker, of Boston, former McGill University player, in the final, 7-5, 3-6, 6-0, 6-3.

J. W. Brown and R. T. Gaunt won the honors in the doubles final defeating A. S. Cassels and A. H. Grier, three sets out of five, 6-4, 4-6, 10-8, 7-5.

MCGILL RUGBYISTS SCORED EASY WIN OVER QUEENS

Montreal, Oct. 23.—The Quebec College Rugby championship bubble was exploded at the McGill Stadium Saturday when McGill University smothered the Presbyterians under a score of 25 to 1. Queens was outclassed on the line and the McGill attack tore great gaps in their defence.

BLUENOSE WON SCHOONER RACE

Canadian Challenger Had Better Of Elsie At Every Point Of Sailing

Halifax, N.S., Oct. 23.—Romping around the forty-mile course in record time, the Canadian challenger Bluenose, Captain Angus Waters yesterday defeated the American defender Elsie, captain Marty Welch, in the first race of a series to decide the ownership of the international Fishermen's trophy, emblematic of the Blue ribbon of the north Atlantic fishing fleets. Bluenose, the biggest vessel, carrying approximately two thousand square feet more sail, had the better of Elsie on every point of sailing. Captain Marty Welch, of the American defender, outmanoeuvred his rival at the start and got the better of him in a luffing match, fifteen minutes later, but was unable to maintain his advantage and dropped steadily astern after leaving the first mark, at which he was second boat.

While the Bluenose demonstrated that she had an edge on her American rival on the reaches, it was not until the windward work on the fourth leg commenced that the Canadian demonstrated her absolute superiority in the prevailing wind of the day, which hovered around twenty-five knots.

Early in the windward work, Welch, attempting to set his bailoon, carried away his foretopmast and while this did not apparently interfere with the Americans speed by the wind, it undoubtedly held him up on the close reach home to the finish line.

Official times follow: Crossed the starting line—Elsie 9:00.19 a.m. Bluenose, 9:00.49 a.m. First mark, inner automatic buoy—Bluenose 9:32.58; Elsie, 9:34.20. Second mark, Southeast automatic buoy—Bluenose 10:10.29; Elsie, 10:11.02.

Third mark, shut-in-island bell buoy—Bluenose 10:52.18; Elsie, 10:54.17.

Fourth mark, inner automatic buoy—Bluenose, 1:02.20; Elsie, 1:12.10.

Finish line—Bluenose 1:33.05; Elsie, 1:45.35.

SECOND DEFEAT FOR PRINCETON

Yale And Harvard Won Their Games, But Tigers Were Whitewashed

New York, Oct. 23.—The big three, Harvard, Yale and Princeton, engaged in bitter gridiron struggles yesterday, and for the second time this season, the last mentioned came to grief. Princeton presented a weak defence and a poor offensive against University of Chicago and lost 9 to 0. It was the first time in Eastern football history that an opposing team from the West had triumphed over the big three.

Some seventy thousand spectators at the Yale Bowl saw the Bulldog turn back the Army 14 to 7. The first three quarters of this game were all Yale, but in the final period, with French in the backfield for the Army, Yale was compelled to fight to hold its lead.

Harvard found a mighty foe in Penn State and stood off defeat by a hair, the game ending 21 to 21. The Stadium at Cambridge was filled for the occasion and the crowd saw a gruelling battle. Penn State's plunging, tricky eleven gave the Crimson a fright and was working for victory when the final whistle sounded.

Pittsburg surprised Syracuse by its dashing offensive and won 35 to 0, and Cornell ran true to the top against Colgate, winning 31 to 7.

AUSTRALIANS BEAT WAKEFIELD TRINITY

(Canadian Press Cable)

London, Oct. 23.—The result of the Rugby game between Wakefield Trinity and the Australian team played Saturday was 29 to 3 in favor of the Australians.

In the Lancashire senior cup (Rugby), first round results were: Broughton Rangers 5; Wigan 0. Leigh 3; Wigan Highfield 2. Rochdale Hornets 0; Oldham 2. St. Helens 0; Swinton 0. Widnes 6; Salford 0.

Northern League (Rugby) results:—

Batley 5; Leeds 2.	Bramley 10; Drewsbury 2.
Keighley 12; Featherstone 5.	Halifax 7; Hull Kingston 0.
Hull 8; Huddersfield 0.	Hunslet 5; York 3.
Warrington 11; St. Helens 0.	

MONTREAL BEAT OTTAWA AT ENGLISH RUGBY

Montreal, Oct. 23.—Players representing the Montreal English Rugby Club defeated the Ottawa English Rugby Club here Saturday in the annual match by 9 to 3. Neither side had scored at half time. Ottawa scored a try at the beginning of the second half, but were worn down towards the end.

TORONTO UNIVERSITY TOOK FIRST GAME OF SERIES

Toronto, Oct. 23.—The University of Toronto British Rugby team defeated the McGill fifteen Saturday afternoon by a score of two tries, six points to nothing. In the first home and home series between the two Universities.

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ROAD RACE WAS A DEAD HEAT

Dumas And Turcotte Finished Four Mile Run Side By Side

To finish a four and a half mile road race a dead heat is certainly a rare occurrence, but this was the case yesterday when Alexandre Turcotte and Ernest Dumas finished their grind in front of the City Hall side by side with not a hair, as the judges remarked, separating them. The time was twenty-seven minutes and ten seconds, which was against the strong wind which was against the runners the greater part of the way and the slippery condition of the pavement, was very good. The runners started off at 2:30 o'clock sharp from in front of No. 1 Fire Station on Fabrique street at a hundred yard clip. At the rate the contestants were going it appeared as if they had set their minds on tiring one another out, but according as one would set the pace another was by his side in a jiffy with the result that both runners clung side by side during the whole route. Coming around the Basilica corner both runners put on a spurt but did as they would neither could take the lead, finishing in front of No. 1 Fire Station side by side, the judges calling the race a dead heat.

The race was the result of a challenge issued by Dumas, who is champion of Lewis, to Turcotte, which the latter accepted.

Next Sunday Dumas and Turcotte have decided to stage another race in an attempt to see who is the faster, though this time the event will take place in Lewis.

M.A.A.A. EASY FOR OTTAWA

Ottawa, Oct. 23.—Ottawa Senators defeated the Montreal A.A.A. Rugby team here yesterday afternoon by the wide margin of 28 to 7. The game was the Senators' first since the "Vinged Wheelers" weak defence was meat for the locals who just smashed through at will.

ARGOS TRIMMED TIGERS IN ROUGH RUGBY GAME

Hamilton, Ont., Oct. 23.—In a match that was not only closely contested from the start, but was one of the roughest matches of the Rugby season thus far, the Argonauts of Toronto yesterday defeated the Tigers of this city by a score of 19 to 13. The Tigers led in the early stages of the game and it was only towards the end of the final quarter that the Torontonians pulled to the small lead which won them the game.

A small riot in which players and spectators mixed was staged at one point and the police had to be called in to clear the field.

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Englishmen Climb Mount Temple



Amongst those who arrived recently at Quebec on the "Empress of France" were Sir John Simon renowned as the most distinguished lawyer in England, Lady Simon, their son Gilbert Simon, and R. J. Stopford, a relative. Sir John came to Canada for a rest and a tour of the country. He was here before, several years ago and then liked Canada so much that he thought he should return here with his family. The famous lawyer and party spent a few days at the Chateau Frontenac, Quebec, motored to Montreal where they spent a few days at the Place Vigor Hotel.

The party have been spending a holiday in the Canadian Pacific Rockies, visiting all the delightful spots, and were charmed with the mountains.

Sir John's son, Gilbert, who has just won a scholarship at Balliol with a friend J. C. Langton, from Magdalen, accompanied by Mr. Huggill, set out with guides to climb Mount Temple, 11,826 feet high, at

(1) Returning from Wapta Camp. On the extreme left is Gilbert Simon and next to him is his father.

(2) On the Peak of Mount Temple.

(3) Gaining Top of Mt. Temple. Banff, and the accompanying photographs are interesting souvenirs of this memorable climb.



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RECORDS AND THE ELECTIONS

Conservatives Have Been In
Power Eight Times, And
Liberals Five Times

Ottawa, Oct. 23.—(By Can. Press)—Since Confederation the Conservatives have held the reins of government eight times, including the Unionist Government elected in 1917. During the same period the Liberals have been elected to office at five general elections. The forthcoming election is the fourteenth since Confederation.

The following summary of the general elections from 1867 up to 1917 will be of interest.

1867—Conservatives:—Ontario, 46; Quebec, 45; Nova Scotia 3; New Brunswick 1; total 101.

Liberals:—Ontario 36; Quebec 20; Nova Scotia 16; New Brunswick 8; total 80.

1872—Conservatives:—Ontario 38; Quebec 38; Nova Scotia 11; New Brunswick 5; Manitoba 3; British Columbia 6; total 101.

Liberals:—Ontario 50; Quebec 27; Nova Scotia 10; New Brunswick 6; Manitoba 1; British Columbia 0; total 97.

1874—Liberals:—Ontario 64; Quebec 33; Nova Scotia 17; New Brunswick 11; Manitoba 2; Prince Edward Island 6; British Columbia 0; total 133.

Conservatives:—Ontario 24; Quebec 32; Nova Scotia 4; New Brunswick 5; Manitoba 2; British Columbia 5; Prince Edward Island 0; total 73.

1878—Conservatives:—Ontario 59; Quebec 45; Nova Scotia 14; New Brunswick 5; Manitoba 3; British Columbia 6; Prince Edward Island 0; total 137.

Liberals:—Ontario 29; Quebec 20; Nova Scotia 7; New Brunswick 11; Manitoba 1; British Columbia 0; Prince Edward Island 1; total 69.

1882—Conservatives:—Ontario 54; Quebec 48; Nova Scotia 15; New Brunswick 10; Manitoba 2; British Columbia 6; Prince Edward Island 4; total 139.

Liberals:—Ontario 37; Quebec 17; Nova Scotia 6; New Brunswick 6; Manitoba 3; British Columbia 0; Prince Edward Island 0; total 71.

1887—Conservatives:—Ontario 52; Quebec 33; Nova Scotia 13; New Brunswick 10; Manitoba 4; British Columbia 6; Prince Edward Island 0; North West Territories 4; total 122.

Liberals:—Ontario 40; Quebec 32; Nova Scotia 8; New Brunswick 6; Manitoba 1; British Columbia 0; Prince Edward Island 0; North West Territories 0; total 87.

1891—Conservatives:—Ontario 45; Quebec 30; Nova Scotia 16; New Brunswick 13; Manitoba 4; British Columbia 6; Prince Edward Island 2; North West Territories 4; total 120.

Liberals:—Ontario 40; Quebec 32; Nova Scotia 10; New Brunswick 6; Manitoba 1; British Columbia 0; Prince Edward Island 0; North West Territories 0; total 89.

1896—Liberals:—Ontario 43; Quebec 49; Nova Scotia 10; New Brunswick 5; Manitoba 2; British Columbia 4; Prince Edward Island 3; North West Territories 2; total 117.

Conservatives:—Ontario 44; Quebec 16; Nova Scotia 10; New Brunswick 9; Manitoba 4; British Columbia 2; Prince Edward Island 3; North West Territories 1; total 89.

Independents:—Ontario 5; Manitoba 1; Northwest Territories 1; total 7.

1900—Liberals:—Ontario 35; Quebec 46; Nova Scotia 15; New Brunswick 9; Manitoba 2; British Columbia 3; Prince Edward Island 3; North West Territories 4; Yukon 1; total 128.

Conservatives:—Ontario 54; Quebec 7; Nova Scotia 5; New Brunswick 5; Manitoba 3; British Columbia 2; Prince Edward Island 2; North West Territories 0; total 78.

Note:—Vacancy, dual representation and independents, 8.

1904—Liberals:—Ontario 38; Quebec 54; Nova Scotia 18; New Brunswick 7; Manitoba 7; British Columbia 7; Prince Edward Island 1; North West Territories 7; Yukon 0; total 135.

Conservatives:—Ontario 48; Quebec 11; Nova Scotia 0; New Brunswick 6; Manitoba 3; British Columbia 6; Prince Edward Island 3; North West Territories 3; Yukon 1; total 75.

1908—Liberals:—Ontario 36; Quebec 53; New Brunswick 11; Nova Scotia 12; Prince Edward Island 2; Manitoba 2; British Columbia 2; Saskatchewan 9; Alberta 4; Yukon 1; total 133.

Conservatives:—Ontario 48; Quebec 11; New Brunswick 2; Nova Scotia 6; Prince Edward Island 1; Manitoba 8; British Columbia 5; Saskatchewan 1; Alberta 3; total 85.

Independents:—Ontario 2; Quebec 1; total 3.

1911—Conservatives:—Ontario 72; Quebec 27; Nova Scotia 9; New Brunswick 5; Prince Edward Island 2; Manitoba 8; Saskatchewan 1; Alberta 1; British Columbia 7; Yukon 1; total 133.

Liberals:—Ontario 13; Quebec 37; Nova Scotia 9; New Brunswick 8; Prince Edward Island 2; Manitoba 2; Saskatchewan 9; Alberta 6; total 86.

Independent:—Ontario 1; Quebec 1.

1917—(Government Unionist):—Ontario 74; Quebec 3; Nova Scotia 12; New Brunswick 7; Prince Edward Island 2; Manitoba 14; Saskatchewan 16; Alberta 11; British Columbia 13; Yukon 1; total 153.

Opposition (Laurier Liberals):—Ontario 8; Quebec 62; Nova Scotia 4; New Brunswick 4; Prince Edward Island 2; Manitoba 1; Saskatchewan 0; Alberta 1; British Columbia 0; Yukon 0; total 82.

Be careful in chasing bandits, so long as the policeman thinks he has to shoot something.

1891—Conservatives:—Ontario 45; Quebec 30; Nova Scotia 16; New Brunswick 13; Manitoba 4; British Columbia 6; Prince Edward Island 2; North West Territories 4; total 120.

Liberals:—Ontario 40; Quebec 32; Nova Scotia 10; New Brunswick 6; Manitoba 1; British Columbia 0; Prince Edward Island 0; North West Territories 0; total 89.

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Conservatives:—Ontario 54; Quebec 7; Nova Scotia 5; New Brunswick 5; Manitoba 3; British Columbia 2; Prince Edward Island 2; North West Territories 0; total 78.

Note:—Vacancy, dual representation and independents, 8.

West Territories 0; total 92.

1896—Liberals:—Ontario 43; Quebec 49; Nova Scotia 10; New Brunswick 5; Manitoba 2; British Columbia 4; Prince Edward Island 3; North West Territories 2; total 117.

Conservatives:—Ontario 44; Quebec 16; Nova Scotia 10; New Brunswick 9; Manitoba 4; British Columbia 2; Prince Edward Island 3; North West Territories 1; total 89.

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Conservatives:—Ontario 54; Quebec 7; Nova Scotia 5; New Brunswick 5; Manitoba 3; British Columbia 2; Prince Edward Island 2; North West Territories 0; total 78.

Note:—Vacancy, dual representation and independents, 8.

1904—Liberals:—Ontario 38; Quebec 54; Nova Scotia 18; New Brunswick 7; Manitoba 7; British Columbia 7; Prince Edward Island 1; North West Territories 7; Yukon 0; total 135.

Conservatives:—Ontario 48; Quebec 11; Nova Scotia 0; New Brunswick 6; Manitoba 3; British Columbia 6; Prince Edward Island 3; North West Territories 3; Yukon 1; total 75.

1908—Liberals:—Ontario 36; Quebec 53; New Brunswick 11; Nova Scotia 12; Prince Edward Island 2; Manitoba 2; British Columbia 2; Saskatchewan 9; Alberta 4; Yukon 1; total 133.

Conservatives:—Ontario 48; Quebec 11; New Brunswick 2; Nova Scotia 6; Prince Edward Island 1; Manitoba 8; British Columbia 5; Saskatchewan 1; Alberta 3; total 85.

Independents:—Ontario 2; Quebec 1; total 3.

1911—Conservatives:—Ontario 72; Quebec 27; Nova Scotia 9; New Brunswick 5; Prince Edward Island 2; Manitoba 8; Saskatchewan 1; Alberta 1; British Columbia 7; Yukon 1; total 133.

Liberals:—Ontario 13; Quebec 37; Nova Scotia 9; New Brunswick 8; Prince Edward Island 2; Manitoba 2; Saskatchewan 9; Alberta 6; total 86.

Independent:—Ontario 1; Quebec 1.

1917—(Government Unionist):—Ontario 74; Quebec 3; Nova Scotia 12; New Brunswick 7; Prince Edward Island 2; Manitoba 14; Saskatchewan 16; Alberta 11; British Columbia 13; Yukon 1; total 153.

Opposition (Laurier Liberals):—Ontario 8; Quebec 62; Nova Scotia 4; New Brunswick 4; Prince Edward Island 2; Manitoba 1; Saskatchewan 0; Alberta 1; British Columbia 0; Yukon 0; total 82.

Be careful in chasing bandits, so long as the policeman thinks he has to shoot something.

1891—Conservatives:—Ontario 45; Quebec 30; Nova Scotia 16; New Brunswick 13; Manitoba 4; British Columbia 6; Prince Edward Island 2; North West Territories 4; total 120.

Liberals:—Ontario 40; Quebec 32; Nova Scotia 10; New Brunswick 6; Manitoba 1; British Columbia 0; Prince Edward Island 0; North West Territories 0; total 89.

1896—Liberals:—Ontario 43; Quebec 49; Nova Scotia 10; New Brunswick 5; Manitoba 2; British Columbia 4; Prince Edward Island 3; North West Territories 2; total 117.

Conservatives:—Ontario 44; Quebec 16; Nova Scotia 10; New Brunswick 9; Manitoba 4; British Columbia 2; Prince Edward Island 3; North West Territories 1; total 89.

Independents:—Ontario 5; Manitoba 1; Northwest Territories 1; total 7.

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Conservatives:—Ontario 54; Quebec 7; Nova Scotia 5; New Brunswick 5; Manitoba 3; British Columbia 2; Prince Edward Island 2; North West Territories 0; total 78.

Note:—Vacancy, dual representation and independents, 8.

1904—Liberals:—Ontario 38; Quebec 54; Nova Scotia 18; New Brunswick 7; Manitoba 7; British Columbia 7; Prince Edward Island 1; North West Territories 7; Yukon 0; total 135.

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Conservatives:—Ontario 48; Quebec 11; New Brunswick 2; Nova Scotia 6; Prince Edward Island 1; Manitoba 8; British Columbia 5; Saskatchewan 1; Alberta 3; total 85.

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1891—Conservatives:—Ontario 45; Quebec 30; Nova Scotia 16; New Brunswick 13; Manitoba 4; British Columbia 6; Prince Edward Island 2; North West Territories 4; total 120.

Liberals:—Ontario 40; Quebec 32; Nova Scotia 10; New Brunswick 6; Manitoba 1; British Columbia 0; Prince Edward Island 0; North West Territories 0; total 89.

1896—Liberals:—Ontario 43; Quebec 49; Nova Scotia 10; New Brunswick 5; Manitoba 2; British Columbia 4; Prince Edward Island 3; North West Territories 2; total 117.

Conservatives:—Ontario 44; Quebec 16; Nova Scotia 10; New Brunswick 9; Manitoba 4; British Columbia 2; Prince Edward Island 3; North West Territories 1; total 89.

Independents:—Ontario 5; Manitoba 1; Northwest Territories 1; total 7.

1900—Liberals:—Ontario 35; Quebec 46; Nova Scotia 15; New Brunswick 9; Manitoba 2; British Columbia 3; Prince Edward Island 3; North West Territories 4; Yukon 1; total 128.

Conservatives:—Ontario 54; Quebec 7; Nova Scotia 5; New Brunswick 5; Manitoba 3; British Columbia 2; Prince Edward Island 2; North West Territories 0; total 78.

Note:—Vacancy, dual representation and independents, 8.

WARNS AGAINST CANCER QUACKS

Next To Cancer Itself Quack
Is Greatest Obstacle In
Way Of Science

New York, Oct. 23.—If a man has a cancer and it is not removed at an early stage of its growth, nothing is more certain than that the man will die. The chances of a cancer disappearing without treatment are estimated at a great deal less than one case in a hundred thousand by Dr. Carter Francis Wood, director of the Institute of Cancer Research at Columbia University, and one of the leaders in the war against cancer. He has prepared an article upon the cancer quack which will be widely distributed as part of the scientific propaganda to be circulated in Cancer Week, which will be held all over the United States beginning on October 30. In this article Dr. Wood says that next to the cancer itself the cancer quack is the greatest obstacle in the way of those who are studying the disease and trying to cure it. No quack can ever cure a cancer, he says. At times he may alleviate the symptoms, but this makes it only the more certain that the patient will die.

Prompt Treatment Needed.

There is no disease perhaps, in which early diagnosis and prompt treatment are so important as cancer. If the discovery is made in the early stages of the disease the cures by operation vary from 25 percent to 90 percent, depending upon the location and nature of the growth. Therefore, if a person has cancer it is obvious that every day he wastes having it treated by a quack is a day lost. Dr. Wood is emphatic in denouncing those who advise medicine as a cure for cancer. There is no medicine, he says, which is any good. The only recognized means of eradicating the cancer are by the knife, radium or the X-ray. The great popular interest aroused by the X-ray and radium treatments have given the unscrupulous quacks an opportunity to prey upon the unsuspecting by giving treatments with insufficient quantities of radium and a badly administered X-ray.

Dangerous Quacks.

Not only do these treatments fail to effect a cure. They make recovery even more improbable, for too small doses of these remedies cause the tumor to grow faster. Similarly the mechanical manipulative therapists also do great harm by attempting to rub tumors away. Instead, they rub the tumor all over the patient, prevent any possibility of successful operation and ultimately hasten the patient's death. The most dangerous of the several groups of quacks are those according to Dr. Wood, who bear high honors in the medical profession and yet treat cancer by

methods which everyone should know are of no avail. He says that no one minds if the banker prefers to have his rheumatic joints massaged by a chiropractor or an osteopath, because the banker does not die of his rheumatism and may get well with or without treatment, but if that banker has a cancer in his body, unless that cancer is removed by proper methods, he will die with almost the same degree of certainty that the sun will rise tomorrow morning.

Herb Stews.

Dr. Wood has seen thousands of letters written by less harmful quacks who believe they have a certain remedy for cancer. Nearly all of them want to sell out to him. One man asks for a million dollars and he promises to demonstrate his cure. Kansas, he says, is practically afflicted with cancer quacks. Most of them treat the disease with some stew of herbs which has been tested for several generations. Dr. Wood's belief is that, while some of the testimonials in behalf of these concoctions are honest, the patients who testify never had cancer at all, but some other disorder which in all probability would gradually have disappeared had there been no quack remedy applied. He also warns against the use of caustics. They have been in vogue more or less since the days of the Pharaohs, but whatever powers they have, are more strongly vested in the modern X-ray and in radium.

Milk and Birdshot.

One cure was recommended to him by a well educated electrical engineer. The ingredients were a pint of milk and a pound of bird-

THE SHELL THAT HIT HARDEST! ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIX MILLION (126,000,000) GALLONS OF SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT

Were used every year by the Allied Forces during the war. The Allied Aviation Services have used "Shell" throughout the world for years!

WHY? Because it was known and had been proved to be positively dependable—ALWAYS. It is easy to understand why for some years Shell has not been available in Canada, as in order to meet the ever-increasing demand—the whole of the vast Shell organization worked day and night for the Allies. Shell is distinctly the highest grade of motor spirit—reliable to the last drop under all conditions, summer and winter.

THE SHELL COMPANY OF CANADA LIMITED

Distributing Agents

E. N. GAGNIER

67 Dalhousie Street.

Quebec

shot. These were to be boiled together until thoroughly done, though how one was to know when they were done is not explained. Then the shot was to be strained off and the milk drunk. One woman in France wrote to say that she had a cure that had never failed. It had cured hundreds of people according to her, and she offered to come to the United States and make Dr. Wood a free gift of it. All he had to do was to send her 20,000 francs for travelling expenses. One curious thing about cancer is that while it is probably the most dangerous of diseases, and the most mysterious, more amateurs undertake to treat it. Men who would not have the impudence to suggest a remedy for a cold will yet put their faith in some witches' broth guaranteed to cure a disease which except by the methods mentioned, is incurable.

There was a young woman named Kane.

Who read baseball stories in vain.

Said she: "These poor birds

Can spill crazy words,

But just what they mean isn't plain."

Nyal

CREOPHOS

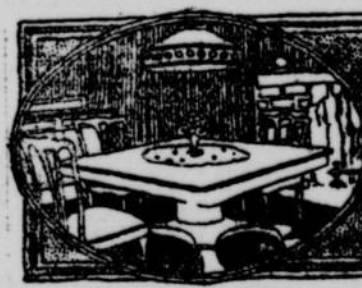
TONIC AND BUILDER

RELIEVES BRONCHITIS

COLDS AND PERSISTENT COUGHS

SOLD ONLY AT
Nyal

Drug Stores
FOR EACH COMMON ILL—A NYAL REMEDY
ONCE A TRIAL—ALWAYS NYAL



LUMBER

THE RIGHT PLACE TO GET THE RIGHT KIND OF LUMBER
AT THE RIGHT TIME

O. CHALIFOUR, INC.

TELEPHONE 2360

Corner of Laflèche and Prince Edward Streets, Quebec.

LUMBER, TIMBER, LATH, SHINGLES,
MOULDINGS, TURNINGS, SASHES and DOORS

Beaver-Board and Roofing Papers

INSTALL OUR NEW SERVICE—

Gas and Electricity

IN YOUR NEW HOME.

We supply both and have unequalled facilities
for supplying power, from six independent
power plants.

The Benefits of Taking Our Dual Service

ARE
ONLY ONE
AND UNEXCELLED SERVICE.

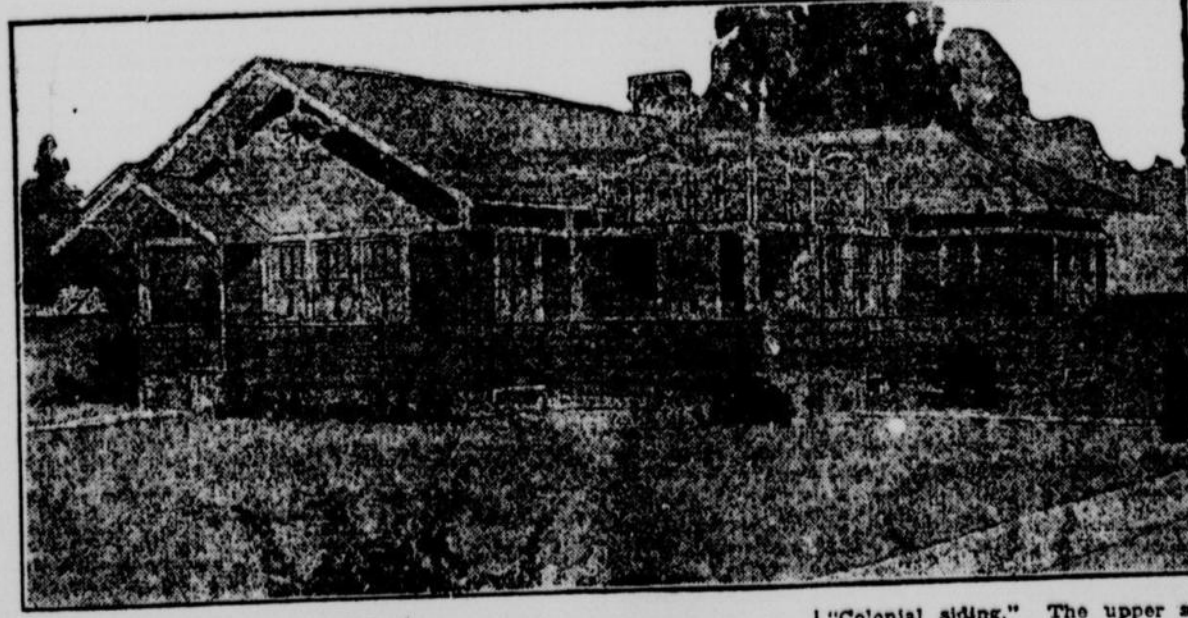
Visit our Showrooms, Quebec Railway Bldg., Cor.
St. Joseph and Crown Sts., or have our agent
call upon you.

**QUEBEC RAILWAY, LIGHT,
HEAT & POWER CO., LTD.**
Phone 4750

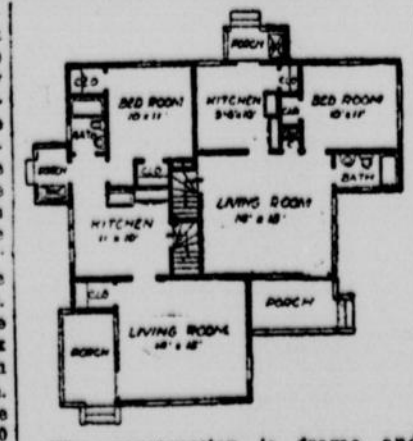
Night Telephone 2063, Electrical Department
Night Telephone 2312, Gas Department.

A TWO FAMILY BUNGALOW

DESIGNED BY CHAS. S. SEDGWICK, ARCHITECT



HERE is a plan for a two family bungalow, each apartment has about five hundred square feet and the space is nearly equally divided. There is one central chimney with one separate flue for each apartment. This will accommodate a heater in each separate basement and flue for kitchen. The design is arranged for a corner, with one entrance approached from one street and the other from the other street, in this manner keeping the two apartments entirely separate. Each has a porch entrance of same size and living rooms each 14 ft. x 15 ft., also separate stairs to each basement which is full and complete. The bath rooms are on opposite sides. The estimated cost is \$4,500 to \$5,500 exclusive of heating and plumbing.



The construction is frame and covered with wide drop siding, or

"Colonial siding." The upper sections and gables are stuccoed and the foundation is of concrete with full basements fully equipped for laundries, heating, fuel, etc. There are two good sized bed rooms, one for each and well fitted kitchens with pantry cupboards and small rear porches with space for refrigerators. There are also good closets for each. The roof is covered with creosoted shingles stained to suit and the wide siding stained a Mission brown with all cornices, casing, etc., painted white. The floors in two living and bed rooms and the casings are designed to be of oak, the kitchens to be finished with linoleum on the floors and the woodwork of pine and enamelled white. The main entrance steps are of cement concrete or may be of hard brick.

Let Us Look After Your
PAINTING, PAPERING and GLAZING
La Cie GAUTHIER & FRERE

292 St. Joseph Street

PHONE 6600

J. H. GIGNAC Ltd

MANUFACTURERS, GENERAL CONTRACTORS,
LUMBER MERCHANTS & CONTRACTORS' SUPPLIES

Construction Lumber of all kinds, Carving, Moulding,
Turning and Cutting Doors, Window Frames, Furniture for
Schools, Churches, Banks and Offices, etc., etc.

We specialize in HARDWOOD FLOORING.

General Office, 142 Church St.

ST. ROCH, QUEBEC.

Phone 5502

Office: 102 FRASER ST.
Workshop: 181 CREMAZIE. PHONE 753

DAVID W.



CANADA.) In the Record-
Province of Quebec) er's Court of the
District of Quebec) City of Quebec.
No. 1316, of 1921.
The City of Quebec.

Plaintiff.

John St-Laurent, heretofore of
our City of Quebec, in the district
of Quebec, Chauffeur.

Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear
within one month from the last
publication of this notice.
Quebec, October 24th, 1921.

THEO. DUBE,

Clerk of the Recorder's Court,
of the City of Quebec.



CANADA.) In the Record-
Province of Quebec) er's Court of the
District of Quebec) City of Quebec.
No. 1482, of 1921.
The City of Quebec.

Plaintiff.

Amable Verret, heretofore of our
City of Quebec, in the district of
Quebec, Tanner.

Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear
within one month from the last
publication of this notice.
Quebec, October 24th, 1921.

THEO. DUBE,

Clerk of the Recorder's Court,
of the City of Quebec.

CHALLENGER HAS HAD FINAL TRIP

Steel Steamer Built In Local
Shipyard Accepted By The
C.G.M.M.

The C.G.M.M. 8,300-ton steamer
Canadian Challenger built last winter
and spring at the Davie Ship-
building Co. plant, Lauzon, and
launched in July last when she was
towed to Three Rivers to have her
machinery installed by the Tide-
water Shipbuilding plant was on Sat-
urday last taken over as satisfac-
torily completed by her owners.

The Canadian Challenger, the only
steamer ever built in the eastern
shipyards as an oil burner, was towed
from Three Rivers one week ago
to have the furnishing done on the
upholstering work in her cabins, and
this work being completed on Friday
night last, Mr. Welcher, on behalf of
the Government Marine Department
and officials of the C.G.M.M. came
to Quebec for a complete success in
every respect. The Challenger, with
the officials on board, was six hours
under steam and after proceeding
down the river and her engines put
to the severest test, returned to port
and was immediately accepted by
the C.G.M.M. management, and the
same night at eight o'clock steamed
up the river to Montreal to take on
board a cargo for overseas.

The construction of the 8,300-ton
Canadian Challenger by the Davie
Shipbuilding Co. reflects on this
Quebec shipbuilding plant, and experts
who have inspected the big steel ves-
sel from stem to stern including her
oil tanks fitted in at Levis, say she
is one of the very best of the Cana-
dian Government Merchant Marine
fleet.

Built twenty-five years ago, a grain
barge from the upper Canadian
lakes was to be seen at the Davie
Shipbuilding Co. plant, Lauzon, on
Saturday, where she has been
brought for repairs. This barge
happened to be alongside the Cana-
dian Challenger as the latter was
getting ready for her trial trip, and
though a vessel of a carrying ca-
pacity for 65,000 bushels of grain,
looked like a midship alongside the
big steel steamer.

SETTLERS LANDED FROM MINNESOTA ON SATURDAY.

The 397 third-class passengers
who arrived on Friday night by the
C.P.S. Ltd. steamer Minnedosa, were
landed at the Louise Docks at seven
o'clock Saturday morning for immi-
gration inspection and at 10 o'clock
were entrained and forwarded to
their Western destinations by a C.
P.R. special train. These new ar-
rivals were all British and included
women, children and elderly men
going to relatives who had previously
arrived and settled in the Cana-
dian West, as well as some fifty
young men of the farming class.

SHIPPING NOTES.

The C.P.S. Ltd. steamer Empress
of France, which sailed from Que-
bec on Tuesday last, is due to arrive
at Liverpool today.

The C.P.S. Ltd. steamer Empress
of Britain, from Liverpool, is due to
arrive at Quebec tomorrow after-
noon.

The C.P.S. Ltd. steamer Tunisian
is scheduled to sail from Glasgow
this afternoon for Quebec.

The Anchor-Donaldson Line SS.
Saturnia sailed from Glasgow for
Quebec on Thursday last at 11 a.m.

The C.P.S. Ltd. steamer Minne-
dosa left going up at 8:20 a.m. Sat-
urday.

The steamer Lord Londonderry
passed up at 9:40 a.m. Saturday.

The steamer Manchester Brigade
left going up at 12:10 p.m. Saturday.

The C.G.M.M. steamer Canadian
Challenger left going up at 8:15 p.m.
Saturday.

The White Star steamer Canada
passed down at 8:45 p.m. Saturday.

The steamer Yrd passed up at 3:05
a.m. yesterday.

The C.G.M.M. steamer Canadian
Sower passed up at 6:20 a.m. yester-
day.

The Government coal barge No. 6
arrived up at 9:05 a.m. yesterday.

The C.G.M.M. steamer Canadian
Trooper passed up at 9:10 a.m. yester-
day.

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS

Compiled for The Chronicle by F. S.
Sawyer, General Steamship Agent, 12 Du
Roi street, Quebec.

Subject to Change.

18 Emp. France	Quebec	Liverpool
19 La Touraine	N.Y.	Havre
20 Albatross	N.Y.	St. John's
21 Leopoldina	N.Y.	Havre
22 Cedric	N.Y.	Liverpool
23 Columbia	N.Y.	St. John's
24 Koonland	N.Y.	Havre
25 Battie	N.Y.	Liverpool
26 Lafayette	N.Y.	St. John's
27 Caronia	N.Y.	Liverpool
28 Cameron	N.Y.	St. John's
29 Aquitania	N.Y.	Glasgow
30 Minnedosa	Montreal	Liverpool
31 Metagama	N.Y.	St. John's
32 Lapland	N.Y.	Liverpool
33 Veolia	N.Y.	Liverpool
34 Le Lorraine	N.Y.	Havre
35 Saxonia	N.Y.	Plymouth & Ham.

NOVEMBER

1 Emp. France	Quebec	Liverpool
2 Paris	N.Y.	Havre
3 Albatross	N.Y.	St. John's
4 Montreal	Montreal	Liverpool
5 Saturnia	Montreal	Glasgow
6 Columbia	N.Y.	St. John's
7 Caronia	N.Y.	Liverpool
8 Tunstun	Montreal	Glasgow
9 Rochambeau	N.Y.	Havre
10 Metagama	Montreal	Liverpool
11 Lafayette	N.Y.	St. John's
12 Algeria	N.Y.	Liverpool
13 Scythian	Montreal	Havre
14 Scandinavia	Montreal	St. John's
15 Aquitania	N.Y.	Glasgow
16 Emp. France	Quebec	Liverpool
17 Paris	N.Y.	Havre
18 Albatross	N.Y.	St. John's
19 Montreal	Montreal	Liverpool
20 Saturnia	Montreal	Glasgow
21 Columbia	N.Y.	St. John's
22 Caronia	N.Y.	Liverpool
23 Tunstun	Montreal	Glasgow
24 Rochambeau	N.Y.	Havre
25 Metagama	Montreal	Liverpool
26 Lafayette	N.Y.	St. John's
27 Algeria	N.Y.	Liverpool
28 Scythian	Montreal	Havre
29 Scandinavia	Montreal	St. John's

Note: Steamers sailing from Montreal will
call at Quebec for passengers.



Is Your Wife A Slave?

Is your wife manacled to drudgery-sentenced to hard house-
work labor; is she submitted to the arduous duties of house-
work like woman still living in the dark age of servility.

In pioneer days both men and women faced their duties with Spartanlike perseverance be-
cause there was no other alternative, but in those days both men and women were constitutional-
ly fortified to endure the hardships and heavy work.

Progress and invention has recognized the demand for labor-saving devices and con-
veniences because men of today are attuned to efficiency and time-saving and women are
nurtured for ease, comfort, for happiness, for efficiency in the conduct of homework.

"Legare" Electric Washers

Washing is the hardest task that the woman has
to face. This toilsome duty comes around
every week, means additional injury to her again.

One of the best means of alleviating this
drudgery is to immediately secure a
"LEGARE" Electric Washer. Does not
your wife deserve this consideration
on your part? And, besides, you will
be the first to benefit by the economy
realized.

With the "LEGARE" Washer, the
laundry work may be done in less
than one hour; the machine will attend
to the laundering and the wringing of all
materials no matter how fine or how heavy.
Come and ask for a demonstration.



\$135. Payable (\$8) eight dollars per
month 10% discount for cash.
Ten Washings For Seven Cents

Do you know how much it costs to operate a "LEGARE" Electric Washing Machine? Ten
hours for SEVEN cents—not even one cent per hour, and as the laundering for an ordinary
family is generally done in an hour, you can readily see the immense advantage of this
wonderful machine.

A SMALL DEPOSIT WILL SEND ONE TO YOUR HOME.

P.T. LEGARÉ
CO. LIMITED

273 -- ST. PAUL STREET -- 273

239 -- ST. JOSEPH STREET -- 239



THE SECRECY OF THE BALLOT

Has Always Been Considered
Safeguard Of Franchise In
Canada

Ottawa, Oct. 23.—The Secrecy of
the ballot has always been considered
one of the safeguards of the
franchise in Canada. Throughout
constitutional history a fight has
been waged to secure the secret bal-
lot, and once that was gained, to
guard it inviolate. No matter what
proceedings may arise from elec-
tions, no man or woman is required,
or permitted, to divulge the
name of the candidate for whom he
or she voted in the election under
review.

Provisions for guarding the electors'
right to the secret ballot, con-
tained in the Dominion Elections
Act, the laws governing all federal
elections, are of interest as there
are many persons throughout Cana-
da, both men and women, who
will this year vote for their first
time in a Federal election.

Clause 60 of the Act requires
every candidate, officer, clerk, agent
or other person in attendance at
a polling station or at the count-
ing of the votes, to maintain and
aid in maintaining the secrecy of
the voting; and no candidate, of-
ficer, clerk, agent or other person
shall:

(a) before the poll is closed,
communicate to any person any in-
formation as to whether any per-
son on the list of voters has or has
not applied for a ballot paper or
voted at that polling station; or
(b) at the polling station interfere
with or attempt to interfere

with a voter when marking his
ballot paper, or otherwise, attempt
to obtain information as to the
candidate for whom any voter is
about to vote or has voted; or

(c) at the counting of the votes
attempt to ascertain the number on
the back of any ballot paper; or

(d) at any time communicate,
(except to a court or judge lawfully
requiring him to do so) any infor-
mation as to the number on the
back of the ballot paper given to
any voter at a polling station; or

(e) at any time or place, direct-
ly or indirectly, induce or endeavor
to induce any voter to show his
ballot paper after he has marked
it, so as to make known to any per-
son the name of the candidate for
or against whom he has so marked
his vote; or

(f) at any time communicate to
any person any information ob-
tained at a polling station as to
the candidate for whom any voter
at such polling station is about to
vote or has voted; or

(g) at any time communicate to
obtain information or attempt to
obtain information as to the candi-
date for whom any vote is given in any
particular ballot paper.

Clause 2 of the section states
that "any person who contravenes
or fails to observe any provision
of this section is guilty of an illegal
practice and of an offence against
this Act, punishable on summary
conviction as in this Act provided."

It is also against the law for any
voter, unless unable to read or in-
capable by blindness or other phys-
ical cause from voting in the man-
ner prescribed in the Act to show
his ballot paper, when marked, to
any person so as to allow the name
of the candidate for whom he has
voted to be known, "and any per-
son who violates the provisions of
this section shall be guilty of an il-
legal practice" the Act states.

A person unable to vote without
assistance is not debarred from vot-
ing, but he is required to make out
in the prescribed form of his in-
capacity and the deputy returning
officer may then assist the voter by
marking his ballot in the man-
ner directed by such voter, in the pre-
sence of the sworn agents of the
candidates or of the sworn electors
representing the candidates in the
polling station, and of no other per-
son, and place such ballot in the
ballot box. The deputy returning
officer is required by law to indicate
in the poll book where such votes
have been marked by him.

In the case of a voter applying for
a ballot, when the deputy returning
officer does not understand the
language spoken by the applicant
he is required to swear an interpre-
ter, "who shall be the means of
communication between him and
the voter with reference to all mat-
ters required to enable such vote
to be voted, and in case no interpreter
is found, such voter is not to be al-
lowed to vote."

Voters are required to vote with-
out undue delay, and as soon as
they have voted the law requires
them to leave the polling station.
Provision is made that in each
polling station there must be sepa-
rate rooms, or parts of the room cur-
tained off, into which the voter may
retire for the purpose of marking
his ballot, and these must be fit-
ted out with a table and a pencil.

A section of the Act governing
court procedures under the Act pro-
vides that "no person may be re-
quired to state for whom he voted"
in any proceedings which may
arise.

Penalties are provided in the act
for persons guilty of illegal or cor-
rupt practices at elections. Section
86 of the Act provides that:—"Any
person who during an election
commits a corrupt practice or be-
comes disqualified from voting and
incompetent to vote at such elec-
tion. He shall also in addition to
any other punishment for such of-
fence by this or any other Act pre-
scribed, forfeit to any person who
in any competent court shall there-
fore sue—

(a) for every corrupt practice
committed the sum of two hundred
dollars and costs; and,

(b) for every illegal practice
committed the sum of one hundred
dollars and costs."

Kids' Komical Komments.

You've got to hand it to the kids
for their ability to say the right
thing at the wrong time or vice
versa—with ludicrous results. With-
out realization or intent on being
funny, the rising generation rises to
the occasion with clever remarks, as
it were. The majority of youngsters
are quick thinkers and answers to
questions flash to their mental
section as rapidly as the magician
brings forth the rabbit from the
brown derby—upon the utterance of
the mystic words "presto! change!"
Newspaper and magazine editors are
partial to comic remarks of the little
folk and give liberal space to this
kind of humor. "Topics of the Day"
Films show many fine examples of
Kids' Komical Komments on the
movie screen at your local theatre.
Just to prove our case in behalf of
the youthful jesters we present the
following:

PILES
Do not suffer
with itching,
bleeding, or
troublesome
No surgical
treatment
required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you
in one and a half hours. Get a box
at all dealers, or 25¢ per box, direct from
Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this
paper and enclose 5¢ stamp for postage.

LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC

Savings Bank, Quebec.

Its special object is to receive and secure
the deposits of sums however small they
may be to help creating provident habits.

Mon, wed, fri, sat, etc.



BOTH NEW YORK AND MONTREAL WERE ACTIVE

CUNARD

REGULAR SERVICES
MONTREAL-GLASGOW.
Nov. 5, 1921, to Glasgow, Scotland.
Nov. 19, 1921, to Glasgow, Scotland.
Nov. 26, 1921, to Glasgow, Scotland.
Nov. 3, 1922, to Glasgow, Scotland.

REGULAR SERVICES
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Foreign Exchange

By L. G. Beaubien & Co.

London: pound	U.S.	Canada.
Sterling	\$3.9275	\$4.34
Paris: franc	0.0726	0.0802
Brussels: franc	0.0718	0.0790
Geneva: franc	0.1835	0.2030
Madrid: peseta	1.1325	1.2520
Berlin: mark	0.0017	0.0016
Vienna: schilling	0.0017	0.0016
Amsterdam: florin	0.3385	0.3685
Rome: lira	0.0394	0.0415
Athens: drachma	0.0448	0.0485

By E. L. Hardy & Co.

England: pound sterling	U.S.	Canada.
Ireland: pound sterling	4.3275	4.3275
France: franc	0.0803	0.0803
Belgium: franc	0.0793	0.0793
Switzerland: franc	0.2036	0.2036
Italy: lira	0.0437	0.0437
Norway: kronen	0.1429	0.1429
Sweden: kronen	0.2351	0.2351
Denmark: kronen	0.2113	0.2113
Holland: guilder	0.3750	0.3750
Finland: finmark	0.1030	0.1030
Hong-Kong: dollar	0.4475	0.4475
Spain: pesetas	0.0499	0.0499
Greece: drachma	0.0072	0.0072
Germany: marks	0.0122	0.0122
Czechoslovakia	0.0045	0.0045
Jugo-Slavia	0.0088	0.0088
Roumania: lei	0.0012	0.0012
German-Austria	0.0021	0.0021
U.S. Dollars	93.4	93.4

Gov't. Bond Yields

Compiled by L. G. Beaubien & Co.

Bonds	Yield	Price
1922 5 1/2%	93.30	6.60%
1927 5 1/2%	97.25	6.65%
1937 5 1/2%	98.50	6.61%
1937 5 1/2%	98.05	6.55%
1937 5 1/2%	97.50	6.57%

Little Roger was alone in the house when the telephone rang. He took down the receiver. "Hello!" said a voice. "Is this Mrs. Blank's residence?" "No," replied Roger. "It is Mrs. Blank's little boy."

Long Term 6's

We Own and Offer

\$20,000

Province Ontario 6's

Sept. 15, 1943, at 98.80

To Yield 6.10%

\$30,000

Montreal Protestant

Schools 6's

Jan. 1, 1940, at 99 1/2

To Yield 6.05%

\$40,000

City Toronto 6's

June 1, 1940, at 97.50

To Yield 6.23%

Greenshields & Co.

INVESTMENT BANKERS

Montreal: 17 St. John Street

Toronto: 14 King Street East

Ottawa: Central Chambers

NOTICE is hereby given that a

DIVIDEND of THREE PER CENT

(being at the rate of twelve per cent

per annum) upon the paid-up capital

stock of this bank has been declared

for the current quarter, and a BONUS

of TWO PER CENT for the year ending

November 30, 1921, and that the same

will be payable at the bank and its

branches on and after Thursday, the

1st day of December next, to share-

holders of record at the close of

business on the 15th day of November.

By order of the Board.

C. E. NEILL,

General Manager.

Montreal, Que., October 14, 1921.

Closing Letters

By Local Brokers

(By Brunau & Co.)

New York, Oct. 22.—The activity of the last hour yesterday continued in this morning and the first hour of the morning market was very active. The market was dominated by the strike, or likelihood of a strike, and it is generally hoped that Washington will keep its hands off. It is the courage to do so and let the railroads handle the situation. The market shows no fear over the strike threat and is acting as usual constituting the correct and true barometer of conditions reflected in public opinion.

Sales 390,600.

(By Breen, Gourdeau & Co.)

New York, Oct. 22.—The buying movement in stocks that was so pronounced in yesterday's session was resumed at the opening of the market today. The general character and interest shown were unchanged, in which the oil group was the leader. The up-turn in values was confined chiefly to the various industrial, and besides the oil stocks the equipments and specialties continued to reflect noteworthy demand while the railroads were more or less irregular. The market of that class of issues displaying a slightly heavy tone. The strong tone to the remainder of the list was maintained virtually throughout the two hours of business, although profit-taking at intervals tended to give the market a slightly irregular appearance. Trading in the final hour, especially toward the close, quieted down materially, but no impairment of the market's satisfactory undertone was noted.

Sales, stocks 390,600; bonds 5,775,000.

(By L. G. Beaubien & Co.)

New York, Oct. 22.—The drive against the shorts continued through first hour this morning and many of the active stocks worked up to new high levels. The Mexican Oils, certain of the equipments, shipping and motor stocks were prominent in the further price improvement. Haskell, Pullman, Houston, Oil, General Asphalt, Baldwin, St. Debaker and American Woolen sold up from one to three points, Mexican Petroleum was strong for a time but was one of the first to commence to slide back, a movement which developed in the second hour when the short covering demand abated and the buying from other sources petered out. The strength in Houston oil was attributed to reports of the bringing in of the largest well in its history on Friday. The railroad stocks turned heavy with the industrial despite the news that the shipmen and other A. F. of L. unions had decided not to strike with the big five brotherhoods.

The final tone was quite irregular and soft.

New York Funds 8 15-16 to 9 1-8.

The Toronto

Produce Market

Toronto, Oct. 22.—Manitoba wheat

No. 1 Northern, \$1.21; No. 2, \$1.19;

No. 3, \$1.14 1-2; No. 4, wheat, not

quoted.

Manitoba Oats, No. 2, Canadian

Western, 44 1-2; No. 3, 44 1-2; extra

No. 1, 44 1-2; No. 1 feed, not

quoted; No. 2 feed 40 1-2.

Manitoba Barley, No. 2 Canadian

Western, 65c, nominal. All the

above on track, Bay ports.

American Corn, No. 2 yellow, 57

1-2; Bay ports track, prompt ship-

ment.

Ontario oats, No. 2 white, 38c to

40c; according to freightage out.

Ontario wheat, carlots, f.o.b. ship-

ping points according to freightage:

No. 2 winter \$1.05 to \$1.10; No. 3

winter \$1.02 to \$1.07; No. 1 com-

mercial \$1.03 to \$1.08; No. 2 spring

98c to \$1.05; No. 3 spring nominal;

No. 2 goose nominal.

Barley, No. 3 extra test 47 pounds

or better, 67c to 69c.

Buckwheat, No. 1 nominal, 60c to

65c.

Rye, No. 2, 80c.

ACTIVE BUT PROFESSIONAL

TRADING INVOLVING MUCH

SHORT COVERING IN N. Y.

Rails Were Perceptibly Influenced By Further Efforts To

Avert Strike—Six Issues Scored Gains Of From Two To

Five Points—Steels Were Uncertain

(By Canadian Press.)

New York, Oct. 22.—Trading in stocks Saturday was active but professional, involving much short covering. Rails were not perceptibly influenced by further efforts of the administration to avert a strike, that phase of the situation evidently being neutralized by the cut in western freight rates.

Steels also moved in an uncertain manner, the cut in rails by the United States Steel Corporation being accepted as another indication of the keen competition now prevailing in that industry, coupled with the relatively high costs of production.

Oils and equipments guided the general list to higher levels. Mexican Petroleum, Houston, Haskell and Barker, Pullman and Harvester making extreme gains of two to five points. In the case of Mexican Petroleum, however, a sharp

reversal occurred before the close

some other advances also under-

going sharp impairment.

Dealings in bonds were light at

narrow price changes, a majority

of the Liberty issues easing. Rails

of the speculative variety also showed

with transportation shares, and

foreign issues were featureless.

Total sales par value, aggregated

\$7,150,000.

Noteworthy items in the clearing

house statement included a decline

of \$6,000,000 of actual loans and

discounts, a contraction of \$38,

600,000 in reserves of members in

the Federal Reserve Bank and a

decrease of about \$41,000,000 in

cash holdings, causing a deficit in

excess reserves of \$2,535,000.

Weekly surveys of general busi-

ness conditions were highly encour-

aging, western advices for example

reporting distribution in merchand-

ising lines as far in excess of the

corresponding period last year.

(By L. G. BEAUBIEN & CO.)

Sales.

Stocks.

Open High Low Close

1609 Allis Chalmers 44 1/2 44 1/2 44 1/2 44 1/2

609 Ann Can Co. 26 1/2 26 1/2 26 1/2 26 1/2

1309 Ann Car & Pdy. 129 129 129 129

2309 Ann Int'l Corp. 32 1/2 32 1/2 32 1/2 32 1/2

3109 Ann Leumotive 30 1/2 30 1/2 30 1/2 30 1/2

3109 American Sugar 31 1/2 31 1/2 31 1/2 31 1/2

1509 Ann Sumatra Tobacco 34 1/2 34 1/2 34 1/2 34 1/2

6309 Ann Woolen 74 1/2 74 1/2 74 1/2 74 1/2

709 Atchafalaya 35 1/2 35 1/2 35 1/2 35 1/2

6009 Atlantic Gulf 27 1/2 27 1/2 27 1/2 27 1/2

EVEREADY FLASHLIGHTS

ARE A NECESSITY

Indispensable during these dark evenings.
Styles for all purposes kept in stock.

Ask to see the new
300 FOOT RANGE EVEREADY.
Illustrated booklet sent on request.
MECHANICS SUPPLY CO., Limited
Phone 651
80-90 St. Paul St. - Quebec, P.Q.



HOTELS

St. Lawrence Hall

MONTREAL
Magnificent new entrance on
ST. JAMES STREET
200 Rooms (many with Baths
attached)
European plan from \$1.50
to \$2.50 per day.
American plan from \$3.50
to \$4.50 per day.
A. J. HIGGINS, Limited.
C.F.B. License No. 10-5512

CENTRAL CAFE

365 St. Paul St.
Opposite Union Station
Every accommodation to
the travelling public.
WE SERVE
Daily Three-Course Meal
50c.
Special Sunday Dinner
\$1.00
Oct 1st Mon. to Sat. 12 m.

DINE

at the
American Cafe
Telephone 7880-16 Lacroix St.
(Opposite Union Station)
Appetizing meals served at all
hours of day or night at
popular prices.
Aug. 62x1m.

DINE AT THE Manhattan CAFE

120 ST. JOHN STREET.
(Near Bell Telephone)
Best Service and Best Meals
at Popular Prices.

Regular 50c Dinner, from
11.30 to 8 P.M. is unsurpassed,
anywhere.

J. ALLEYN

SAIL TENT and
AWNING MAKER
236 ST. PAUL STREET
Telephone 78 - Quebec

Public Notice

Re: Estate and Succession of the
late Ernest Myrand, in his lifetime
of the City of Quebec.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given
that the undersigned has accepted
under the benefit of inventory the
Estate and Succession of the late
Ernest Myrand, in his lifetime
of the City of Quebec, in his lifetime
of the City of Quebec, in his lifetime
of the City of Quebec.

(Signed) LOUIS E. MYRAND,
Beneficiary heir.

Quebec, 11th. October, 1921.

All persons having any claims
against this estate are hereby re-
quested to file them duly attested
and any person indebted unto the
same, are requested to pay on or
before the first day of November
next (1921) into the hands of the
undersigned.

C. DELAGRAVE, Notary Public,
for the Beneficiary heir. Oct. 15x15.

J. Arthur LaRue Eugene Trudel
C.A., L.L.A., C.A., L.L.A.
J. WILFRIED BOULET, C.A.
LaRue & Trudel,
CHARTERED
ACCOUNTANTS

LaRue, Trudel &
Picher,
Liquidators of Insolvent Estates
Administrators, Appraisers
Trustees.

Compromises between Debtors
and Creditors.
126 ST. PETER STREET.
Dominion Building Quebec.
Phones 4520-4521.

Post Cards

Views of Quebec and Vicinity
Large Assortment at

One Cent Each

Comic Post Cards.
Sentimental Post Cards.
Greeting Post Cards.
Books of Views, etc.

SOUVENIRS

Quebec Souvenirs in Wood Leather,
etc.

See Our Souvenir Jewellery

T. H. O'NEILL
247 St. John St.

In The Heart of Things



46 St. John St. Phone 7915
The most centrally situated, all
modern conveniences. First class
cuisine and service. All goods direct
from our farm.

We bake our own bread
and French pastry, and serve purest milk
and cream, bottled at our own farm.
A select resort for Lady Tourists.
Only a few minutes to Auto
Garage.
Open from 5 a.m. to 1 p.m.

ASK FOR
**COTE'S CLEAR
HAVANA CIGARS**

Honesty Brings Me Strength.
Quality Brings Me Custom.



JOS. COTE
Ltee

Importer and Wholesale
Grocer

188 ST. PAUL STREET,
QUEBEC.

6 Branches in the City
for Smokers' Requisites

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE

Quebec, October 13th, 1921.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Public Notice is hereby given that
taxes for the year 1921-22 have to
be paid before November 1st to
avoid interest charges. The interest
at the rate of 6 per cent will be
charged from November 1st.

Pay now and remit by cheques
if possible.
(Signed) P. N. VERGE,
City Treasurer.

Oct. 14x10.

HETHINGTON'S BAKERY.

Every variety of high-
grade Bakery Goods,
delivered to all parts
of the City, daily 1-11

Tel. 6536 864 ST. JOHN ST.

From a girl's point of view to be
able to wear small shoes is a
great feat.

"The Old Nest" Another Wonderful Picture at Empire Theatre Today

When "The Old Nest" comes to the Empire Theatre tonight when
the people of Quebec will have a chance to see a picture that has
been hailed by critics and reviewers as the most satisfying all-Canadian
picture that has yet been produced. The theme, that of a mother who
sees her six children leave her, one by one, is the poignantness of feeling
that these leave-takings arouse in real life have been caught on the
screen.

Rupert Hughes is the author of this unusual tale of mother love.
He has sought to present a cross-section of a universal theme as ap-
plied to a Canadian family. All the joys and sorrows connected
with raising a family have been dramatized. Each of the children
grow to manhood or womanhood with his own individual interests,
then leaves the old nest to follow the call of his desires. Only their
mother is left to her loneliness and her memories. But, as in every
American family, the young remember the old nest and return to it.

The picture was produced by Goldwyn and was directed by Reginald
Barker. Mary Alden plays the old mother, and her performance
has been said to be a masterpiece of screen acting.

The writer had the privilege of seeing a screening of "The Old
Nest" and considers it one of the greatest and most human ever
seen here.

"The Affairs of Anatol" at Victoria-- Record Crowds See All-Star Picture

Cecil B. De Mille, perhaps the foremost motion picture producer
in the country, if not the world, displayed his genius at its best in his
latest Paramount picture, "The Affairs of Anatol," which was presented
with splendid effect at the Victoria theatre last night. From every
standpoint—investiture, its all star cast, sumptuousness of settings,
brilliance of directorial execution, richness of costumes, quality of story
and general artistry, this picture marks a distinct epoch in screen
production of the decade.

The story, written by Jeanie Macpherson, and suggested by the
famous play by Arthur Schnitzler, deals with an impressionable young
man of wealth who finds time to interest himself in the affairs of
others and who learns by practical experience that it pays best to at-
tend to one's own affairs and let others do the same.

The cast is superb and includes such stars as Wallace Reid, Gloria
Swanson, Elliott Dexter, Bebe Daniels, Monte Blue, Wanda Hawley,
Theodore Roberts, Agnes Ayres and Theodore Kosloff. Their portra-
ys are artistic and add vastly to the value of the production. The
photography by Alvin Wyckoff and Karl Struss is beautiful. Take it
all in all this is perhaps the best picture thus far made by Cecil B. De
Mille and that is saying a great deal.

The first afternoon show starts at 1-45 and the second at 3-40. In
the evening the first performance will be at 7-15, the second following
at 9-15. The patrons of this popular theatre are requested to attend
the afternoon performance if possible, so as to avoid the evening
crowd.

Ralph Connor's Story, "God's Crucible," is the High Class Offering at the Classic Today

Ralph Connor the Red-blooded Canadian Preacher Writer is
the author of "God's Crucible" to be produced at the Classic today
and for 3 days. This author alone is enough to vouch for the un-
usual entertaining qualities of the picture but the production of the
play has set a new standard in screen plays. It is a picture every
one will enjoy, especially every Canadian.

The Prizma Color, Tonics of the Day, Classic Weekly News and
a comedy will make up a bumper bill.
Elma Copeman's Orchestra has a choice programme for tonight.

Social and Personal

Mr. Ernest Lapointe, K.C., is
leaving to-day for Ottawa.

Mrs. W. A. Fellows of Montreal,
is in town visiting her parents.

Mr. H. M. Macpherson, of Tor-
onto, is a guest at the Chateau.

Mr. D. E. Ernest Wright of Tor-
onto, is staying at the Chateau.

Miss Charlotte M. Storey of Tor-
onto, is registered at the Chateau.

Mr. Wm. Mountain, of Toronto,
is in town, staying at the Chateau.

Mrs. H. Purvis is in town from
Brookville, staying at the Chateau.

Mgr. Pascal, Vicar-General of
Dijlonth, Africa, is visiting in
town.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Raene of Mon-
treal, are in town guests at the
Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Kenneth of
New York, are spending a few days
in town.

Miss Marie L. Bernier of Matane
is in town visiting her brother, Mr.
J. Bernier.

Mr. Frank T. Rawley, of Mon-
treal, is in the city, registered at
the Chateau.

Mr. Paul F. Lanctot, of Mon-
treal, is among the guests registered at
the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. McIntosh are in
town from Toronto, registered at
the Chateau.

Miss Tudor Montizambert of Ot-
tawa, is in town visiting her sister
Mrs. R. M. Beckett.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Vallee have
returned to town from a fortnight's
trip to the United States.

Mr. R. G. Graham arrived in
town yesterday from Ottawa and
is staying at the Chateau.

Lady Caron and Miss Alice Caron
have returned to Ottawa, where
they will spend the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Patterson of
Boston, motored to town yesterday
and are guests at the Chateau.

Mr. J. L. Lortie has returned from
Montreal, where he was the guest
of his brother, Mr. Lorenzo Lortie.

His Worship Mayor Samson, will
return to town this morning from
Montreal, where he spent the week-
end.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. McKean ar-
rived in town yesterday from Troy
N.Y., and are guests at the Cha-
teau.

Mrs. R. M. Beckett will give a
luncheon this week at her residence
St. Louis Road, in honor of Miss
Walpole.

Mrs. I. C. Sears has returned
home from Montreal and Ontario,
where she was visiting relatives
and friends.

Dr. and Mrs. N. A. Dussault, Dr.
and Mrs. A. Langlois and Miss
Charlotte Langlois spent the week-
end in Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Pym E. Hatch and
Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Pendleton are
in town from Dark Harbor, Me.,
staying at the Chateau.

The engagement is announced of
Miss Emma M. Proux, daughter of
Mr. P. A. Proux, of Roberval, to
Mr. Richard Turgeon, son of Mr. N.
T. Turgeon, of this city.

Dr. C. R. F. Hubbard has left
town to attend the Clinical Con-
gress of the American College of
Surgeons which is being held at
Philadelphia during the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. E. Boivin, of
this city announce the engagement

of their daughter, Marie-Paule, to
Mr. Alexandre Huot, son of Mr. and
Mrs. Victor Huot of Notre Dame de
Levis.

Mrs. J. E. W. Levesque, St. Cy-
rille street, has left for Sherbrooke
where she will spend some time
visiting her mother, Mrs. Leblanc,
following which she will proceed on
a visit to Boston.

Lady Patricia Ramsay is back in
Paris after a series of visits to her
father the Duke of Connaught, and
other relatives and friends in Eng-
land. Lady Patricia, it is said, has
a great liking for the French Capital,
where her husband is attached to
the British Embassy.

The marriage of Miss Constance
Palardy, daughter of Dr. and Mrs.
Hector Palardy, Elm avenue, Mon-
treal, to Capt. Georges Garneau,
formerly of the 22nd Battalion, son
of Mr. Henri Garneau, of Quebec,
took place at eight o'clock Satur-
day morning in the private chapel
of the Church of the Immaculate
Conception, Montreal. Rev. Father
Cotter, S.J., performed the cere-
mony, at which only members of
family and a few intimate friends
were present. The bride who was
given away by her father wore a
navy blue duvetyn suit trimmed
with grey lamb fur, a small black
panne velvet hat and corsage of
pink and white roses. She was
unattended. Mr. Ayme Lafontaine
acted as witness for the ceremony.
Immediately after the ceremony
Mr. and Mrs. Garneau left for the
Winchester Hunt Club in the
Laurentians where they will spend
their honeymoon, and on their re-
turn will reside on Park avenue,
Montreal.

The Indian Lands.

Hon. A. R. Angers arrived in
town Friday night and left
again by boat in the evening. The
Hon. gentleman has been retained
by the Provincial government to
appear on behalf of the Province
before the Privy Council in the
matter of the arbitration between
the Dominion and the Provinces of
Ontario and Quebec. The question
at issue in this dispute is in con-
nection with the Indian Lands, in
which the Supreme Court gave
judgment some time since. Hon.
Mr. Hall, who is the Attorney of
Record in the case, leaves for Lon-
don via New York at the beginning
of next week. The Premier's se-
lection of the Hon. Mr. Angers
meets with general approval; none
better could have been made.

**BOY COMMITTED
SUICIDE IN POND**

Grew Despondent Because Of
Teasing When New Baby
Came

Norwalk, Conn. Oct. 23—Jesse D.
Whitehead, nine, committed suicide
this morning because of jeal-
ousy over the arrival of a baby boy
in his home. Jesse was found in
the Bishop Mill Pond in front of his
home ten minutes after he jumped
in, but his life could not be saved.
Jesse's father died three years
ago and the lad's heart almost broke
from grief. His widowed mother be-
came Mrs. John W. Lewis and two
months ago there arrived a baby.
Relatives teased the child until he
ran away. Brought back against his
will, he ran away again, only to be
found a second time. He has been
despondent and said he would
rather be dead than as he was.

"Experts" who were hired to build
U.S. ships at \$12 a day can be had
to break them up at \$2.

Doctor who recommends eating
radium to prolong life cares nothing
about the cost of living.

HE SAYS IT WILL HELP ANYBODY

Montreal Automobile Man Is
Enthusiastic Over Restora-
tion To Health—Praises
Tanlac

"Tanlac has overcome a case of
stomach trouble that made life mis-
erable for me for two years," said
Alexandre Belisle, of 339 Maisson-
neuve St., Montreal. Mr. Belisle is
in the automobile varnishing and re-
pairing business and is located in
the Motordrome Building.

"Before I got Tanlac I had stom-
ach trouble so bad that I was afraid
to eat, for after every meal my suf-
fering was almost unbearable. I had
such severe pains in the pit of my
stomach they almost drew me dou-
ble at times, and my back hurt me
terribly too. I bloated like a racing
motor and it certainly made me
miserable. I felt tired and wornout
all the time, and my work was
such an effort for me every day that
it seemed like quitting time would
never come.

"Tanlac is the only thing I ever
found to do me any good, but it
helped me from the very day I
started taking it, and my condition
improved so rapidly that it has only
taken six bottles to make me a per-
fectly well man. I have a splendid
appetite now, the indigestion and
stomach trouble are entirely gone,
and I never have an ache or pain.
I have gained so much weight and
strength that I feel like a new man
and a good hard day's work doesn't
tire me out at all. I feel fine all the
time, and I don't hesitate to recom-
mend Tanlac, for I believe it will
help whoever tries it."

Tanlac is sold by all good drug-
gists everywhere.

Chronicle Files 100 Years Ago

South America.

New York, Oct. 5.—The Floridian
of the 8th September, states that a
letter has been received at that
place from Havana, containing the
important intelligence, that des-
patches were received from the
Island from Madrid announcing
the conclusion of the treaty be-
tween the Cortes and South Amer-
ica, recognizing the independence
of the Americans in their separate
government. This was the extent
of the information, and the source
it came from is stated to have been
most respectable.

Retrenchment.

London.—We are informed on
good authority, that the intention
of making an indiscriminate reduction
of 20 per cent. on the salaries of
public servants has been abandon-
ed, and that instead thereof a re-
duction will be made at the rate of
10 per cent on all salaries under
£1,000 per annum and of 15 per
cent. on £1,000 and upwards.

Chronicle Files 25 Years Ago

Early Winter.

According to hunters and shanty
men we are likely to have a very
early and severe winter. Some
say that it will be upon us in less
than a month. A person who re-
cently arrived from Chicago ex-
pressed astonishment at the mild-
ness of the temperature we are
having, and says that before he left
the vicinity of Chicago there were
four inches of snow on the ground.

Presentation.

A delegation composed of Messrs.
P. J. Jobin, John Scott, D. J. Mar-
sden and P. Lepine of the Trades
and Labor Council have presented
Mayor Parent with a handsome
picture of the Labor Congress held
here some time ago. Mr. Jobin
was the spokesman of the occasion,
and thanked His Worship for all he
had done for the working classes.

The Indian Lands.

Hon. A. R. Angers arrived in
town Friday night and left
again by boat in the evening. The
Hon. gentleman has been retained
by the Provincial government to
appear on behalf of the Province
before the Privy Council in the
matter of the arbitration between
the Dominion and the Provinces of
Ontario and Quebec. The question
at issue in this dispute is in con-
nection with the Indian Lands, in
which the Supreme Court gave
judgment some time since. Hon.
Mr. Hall, who is the Attorney of
Record in the case, leaves for Lon-
don via New York at the beginning
of next week. The Premier's se-
lection of the Hon. Mr. Angers
meets with general approval; none
better could have been made.

BOY COMMITTED SUICIDE IN POND

Grew Despondent Because Of
Teasing When New Baby
Came

Norwalk, Conn. Oct. 23—Jesse D.
Whitehead, nine, committed suicide
this morning because of jeal-
ousy over the arrival of a baby boy
in his home. Jesse was found in
the Bishop Mill Pond in front of his
home ten minutes after he jumped
in, but his life could not be saved.
Jesse's father died three years
ago and the lad's heart almost broke
from grief. His widowed mother be-
came Mrs. John W. Lewis and two
months ago there arrived a baby.
Relatives teased the child until he
ran away. Brought back against his
will, he ran away again, only to be
found a second time. He has been
despondent and said he would
rather be dead than as he was.

Why does the Man Hurry?

Look close and you'll see that he has just read this
very Ad.—and he knows a real buy when he sees it.

If you want to get in on the liveliest sale we've ever
held you'll be here as soon as possible. Reason? Sure!

Here they are—

300 PAIRS MEN'S BOOTS have to be
sold in three days, these come in Havana
Brown, Cherry, Tan and Black Calf, in sev-
eral different styles, with medium, narrow
and wide toes. Fall and Winter weights.

5.95

You can get your size in almost any one of these
lots, but we strongly advise you to call early. Men's
shoes in this quality and price will not remain long on
our shelves.

The Surpass Shoe Co. Limited

10 ST. JOHN ST.

Successors to The Walk-Over Boot Shop

Oct. 22x2

Children's Winter Coats Ladies' Trimmed Hats

We have now on sale a large variety of Children's Winter Coats
and Ladies' Velvet Hats, in the newest styles and shapes.

CHILDREN'S WINTER COATS in the latest styles, at \$9.75, \$9.95,
\$9.95 \$10.50

LADIES' VELVET HATS in all the newest shapes, at \$4.50, \$5.50,
\$5.75, \$6.25, \$6.75, \$7.25, \$8.25 \$8.75

SPECIAL

NAVY WOOL SERGE—Good quality Navy Wool Serges on sale
at very low prices:

Worth \$3.15, now.....\$2.10 Worth \$3.25, now.....\$2.17

Worth \$3.50, now.....\$2.33 Worth \$3.95, now.....\$2.60

SIMONS & CO.

20 FABRIQUE STREET
Telephone 338 - - - Opposite City Hall

We Have Just Received

THE FINEST LINES OF LADIES' EVENING
SLIPPERS WE HAVE EVER SHOWN

in
BLACK SATIN, BEADED STRAPS.
WHITE SATIN. BROWN SATIN.

PINK SATIN. BEIGE SATIN.
BLACK KID and PATENT LEATHER
also

GREY SUEDE, BROWN SUEDE, FAWN SUEDE.
A full assortment of Footwear for Fall

MEN'S, WOMEN'S and CHILDREN'S.

Wm. Jacques & Sons
42 1/2 FABRIQUE STREET - - - Tel. 427

Comfortables---Comfortables

One of the most important importations of the real
English Down Quilts (Comfortables) that was ever
offered in Quebec, at

P. J. Cote
OPPOSITE PALACE HILL - - - ST. JOHN ST.

BLANKETS---BLANKETS

7 bales of pure English Wool Blankets just received,
at the new reduced prices.

RUGS---RUGS

For another week we will continue to give 20 Percent
on all our Rugs.

Classified Advt.