



THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1815.

[N<sup>o</sup>. 2626.]

JEUDI LE JUN 1, 1815.



GORDON DRUMMOND.

GEORGE THE THIRD, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith; To our much beloved and faithful the Legislative Councils of our Province of Lower Canada, and to our faithful and well beloved the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses of our said Province, to an Assembly at our City of Québec, on the Sixteenth day of June next, to have been convened and held, called and elected, and to every of you, Greeting. Whereas for divers urgent and arduous Affairs, as the State and Defence of our said Province concerning our Assembly at the Bay and Place aforesaid, to be present, We did Command, to treat, content and conclude upon those things, which in our Assembly, should then and there be proposed and deliberated upon, and for certain Causes and Considerations, as to this especially moving, we have thought fit, to prorogue our said Assembly, so that you nor any of you, on the said Sixteenth day of June next, at our said City, to appear, are to be held or constrained, for We do will thereunto, that you, and each of you, be as to us in this matter, as if you were not present: Commanding, and by the Tenor of these Letters, firmly enjoining you, and every of you, and all others in this behalf interested, that on the First day of August next, at our said City of Québec, personally you be and appear, to treat, do, act, and conclude upon those things, which in our said Assembly, by the Commission Council of our said Province, by the favor of God, may be ordained.—In Testimony whereof, these our Letters We have caused to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said Province to be thereunto affixed: Witness our Trusty and well beloved His Excellency SIR GORDON DRUMMOND, Knight, Commander of the most Honourable and Military Order of the Bath, Administrator in Chief, in and over our said Province of Lower Canada, &c. &c. &c. at the Castle of Saint Lewis, in the City of Québec, in the said Province, the Twenty ninth day of May, in the Year of Our Lord, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifteen, and in the Fifty-fifth year of our Reign.

BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Montreal aforesaid, at the suit of Pierre Hébert Junior, of the Parish of Chateauguay, in the said District of Montreal, against the Land and tenements of Pierre Guerin dit Dussault, of the same place Yeoman, to me directed: I have seized and taken in execution as belonging to the said PIERRE GUERIN dit DUSSAULT, a land situated and being in the Parish of Saint Joachim, in the Seigniorie of Chateauguay in the said District, containing two arpents in front, by about thirty five arpents, more or less, in depth, bounded in the front by the road of the Côte Saint Regis, in the rear by the lands commonly called, Les terres Au cordan, or de la ligne Seignioriale, on one side to the South West, by Jacques Luchance, and on the other side by the said Pierre Hébert Junior. Now I do hereby give notice, that the said land will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder, at the Church door of the Parish of Saint JOACHIM aforesaid, on MONDAY the SECOND day of OCTOBER next, at TEN of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Sheriff. All and every person or persons having claims on the above described land, by mortgage, or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice thereof to the said Sheriff, at his Office in the City of Montreal, according to law; and further that no opposition *afin d'annuler* or *afin de distraire* the whole or any part of the said land, or *afin de charge* or *servitude* on the same, will be received by the said Sheriff during the fifteen days previous to the sale thereof. Sheriff's Office, 27th May, 1815.

BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Montreal aforesaid, at the suit of Alexis Berthelot of the Parish of Sainte Genevieve, in the said District, Merchant, against the lands and tenements of Jean Baptiste Bénéche dit Lavioirre, late of the same place, now of the City of Montreal, in the said District, Carpenter, to me directed: I have seized and taken in execution as belonging to the said JEAN BAPTISTE BENECHÉ dit LAVICTOIRE, a lot of ground or emplacement situated and being in the borough or Village of Sainte Genevieve, in the Parish of Sainte Genevieve, aforesaid, containing ninety feet in front, by one hundred and twenty feet in depth, bounded in the front by the Street de Clément, in the rear by Eugénie Mason, on one side by Louis Roussel, and on the other side by the river de Prairie. Now I do hereby give notice, that the said lot of ground or emplacement, will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder, at the Church door of the Parish of Sainte Genevieve aforesaid, on MONDAY the SECOND day of OCTOBER next, at NINE of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Sheriff. All and every person or persons having claims on the above described lot of ground or emplacement, by mortgage or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice thereof to the said Sheriff, at his Office in the City of Montreal according to law; and further that no opposition *afin d'annuler* or *afin de distraire* the whole, or any part of the said lot of ground or emplacement, or *afin de charge* or *servitude* on the same, will be received by the said Sheriff, during the fifteen days previous to the sale thereof. Sheriff's Office, 27th May, 1815.

BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Montreal aforesaid, at the suit of Jean Baptiste Dumouchelle, of the Parish of Saint Benoît, in the said District, Merchant, against the lands and tenements of Guillaume D'Aout, of the same place Yeoman, to me directed: I have seized and taken in execution as belonging to the said GUILLAUME D'AOUT, a land situated and being in the Parish of Saint Benoît aforesaid, containing three arpents in front, by thirty arpents in depth, bounded in the front by the lands of Saint Vincent, in the rear by the River de Prairie, on one side by Jean Lوران dit Latulippe, and on the other side by Jean Baptiste Moissiau dit Desormeau, with a house and barn thereon erected. Now I do hereby give notice, that the said land and premises, will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder, at the Church door of the Parish of Saint BENOÎT aforesaid, on TUESDAY the THIRD day of OCTOBER next, at TEN of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Sheriff. All and every person or persons having claims on the above described land and premises, by mortgage or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice thereof to the said Sheriff, at his Office in the City of Montreal, according to law; and further that no opposition *afin d'annuler* or *afin de distraire* the whole, or any part of the said land and premises, or *afin de charge* or *servitude* on the same, will be received by the said Sheriff, during the fifteen days previous to the sale thereof. Sheriff's Office, 27th May, 1815.

BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Montreal aforesaid, at the suit of Alexis Berthelot of the Parish of Sainte Genevieve, in the said District, Merchant, against the lands and tenements of Louis Lorrain, of the same place Joiner, and Carpenter, to me directed: I have seized and taken in execution as belonging to the said LOUIS LORRAIN, a lot of ground situated and being in the borough or Village of Sainte Genevieve, in the Parish of Sainte Genevieve aforesaid, containing three arpents and a half in superficies, or thereabouts, without warranty, of any precise measure, bounded in the front, by the King's high road, and on both sides by Joseph Bouter, with a small stone building thereon erected. Now I do hereby give notice, that the said piece of ground and premises will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder at the Church door of the Parish of Sainte Genevieve aforesaid, on MONDAY the SECOND day of OCTOBER next, at ELEVEN of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Sheriff. All and every person or persons having claims on the above described piece of ground and premises, by mortgage or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice thereof to the said Sheriff, at his Office in the City of Montreal, according to law; and further that no opposition *afin d'annuler* or *afin de distraire* the whole, or any part of the said land and premises, or *afin de charge* or *servitude* on the same, will be received by the said Sheriff, during the fifteen days previous to the sale thereof. Sheriff's Office, 27th May, 1815.

BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Montreal aforesaid, at the suit of Alexis Berthelot of the Parish of Sainte Genevieve, in the said District, Merchant, against the lands and tenements of Pierre Blanc, of the same place Yeoman, to me directed: I have seized and taken in execution as belonging to the said PIERRE BLANC, a land situated and being in the Parish of Sainte Genevieve aforesaid, containing two arpents and a quarter of an arpent in front, by twenty four arpents in depth, bounded in the front by the River de Prairie, in the rear by the lands of the Côte Saint Regis, and on both sides by François Bûnet, with a house and barn thereon erected. Now I do hereby give notice, that the said land and premises will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder, at the Church door of the Parish of Sainte Genevieve aforesaid, on MONDAY the SECOND day of OCTOBER next, at TEN of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Sheriff. All and every person or persons having claims on the above described land and premises, by mortgage or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice thereof to the said Sheriff, at his Office in the City of Montreal, according to law; and further that no opposition *afin d'annuler* or *afin de distraire* the whole, or any part of the said land and premises, or *afin de charge* or *servitude* on the same, will be received by the said Sheriff, during the fifteen days previous to the sale thereof. Sheriff's Office, 27th May, 1815.

BY virtue of a Writ of *Fieri Facias*, issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, for the said District, at the suit of Marie Deland, of the Township of Simpson, in the district of Three Rivers, widow of Alexander Menut, against the lands and tenements of Antoine Parent, formerly residing in the Suburbs of Saint Rock, in the city of Québec, in the county and district of Québec, but now residing in the Seigniorie of St. Giles, in the parish of St. Nicolas, in the county of Dorchester, in the district of Québec, Farmer and Mason, to me directed: I have seized and taken in execution, as belonging to the said ANTOINE PARENT, 1. Two arpents of land in front by twenty-five arpents in depth, situate on the south west side of the River St. Giles, in the parish of St. Nicolas, in the county of Dorchester, in the said district of Québec, bounded on one side by Augustin Dubois, and on the other side by the widow Druais Flament, with a small wooden house and stable thereon erected. 2. Four arpents of land in front by twenty-five arpents in depth, bounded on one side by Augustin Dubois, and on the other side to ungranted lands, situate on the north west side of the said river St. Giles, with a wooden barn thereon erected. Now I do hereby give notice, that the said lands and premises will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder, at the Church door of the parish of St. Nicolas, aforesaid, on MONDAY the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of AUGUST next, at TEN of the clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

JA. SHEPHERD, Sheriff. All and every person or persons having claims on the above described lands and premises, by mortgage, or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice thereof to the said Sheriff, at his Office, in the City of Québec, according to Law; and further that no opposition *afin d'annuler* or *afin de distraire* the whole or any part of the said lands and premises, or *afin de charge* or *servitude* on the same, will be received by the said Sheriff, during the fifteen days previous to the sale thereof. Québec, 27th April, 1815.

TRINITY HOUSE, QUEBEC. THURSDAY, 25th May, 1815. NOTICE is hereby given, to Pilots for and below the Harbour of Québec, that AIGUINE LAPOINTE, Apprentice to Chrysostome Dumais, Pilot, will be examined in the Trinity Hall, Québec, on FRIDAY the Second day of June next, according to Law. By Order, Wm. LINDSAY, Regr. by H. Q.

WANTED. Spars, white and Pine Timber, Oak Timber, Staves, Handspikes, Oars and Plank of every description—Apply to Abraham Gibson, at New Liverpool, or to HAZELLIONS & DAVIES, 15, Fausquier Street, Québec, 24th May, 1815.

TO be Sold by Public Auction, on Monday the Eighteenth day of September next, at the Magistrate's room in the Court House, the whole of the ground remaining at the disposal of the Commissioners, for removing the old walls and fortifications which surround the City of Montreal, consisting of a lot fronting the continuation of Saint Jacques Street, about eighty feet broad, and extending to Fortification Lane in the rear, bounding on one side the continuation of Saint Francis Xavier Street, also the broken lots bounding on the said lane and adjoining the above said lot, being in the rear of some of the Houses which front the Faubourg near the British Church, and a lot fronting the south side of Craig Street, as likewise two lots of fifty feet front each, situate to the north-east of the King's lot near the Champ de Mars, provided the same be not required for the public service, and further any other ground which may anywhere remain after the lots already disposed of are finally measured off.—Further particulars will be known by applying to the Subscriber, at his Office in Saint Gabriel Street. By order of the Commissioners, H. GRIFFIN, Sec & Treas.

WANTED, 20,000 More or Less, in small Staves, or occasionally, as the building of V. Vharf and Stores, &c. on a Water Lot, situate under Cape Diamond, in Québec, may require. The said Lot is about 256 feet in front, and runs in to deep water. Staves of 500 more or less, will be borrowed on terms to be agreed upon, or the said Water Lot will be given for a Term of years, on a Building Lease, with the certainty of a handsome remuneration, to the Lender. Or the said Lot will remain to be sold, together or in parcels.—Also 3,000 Acres of Land and upwards, in the Township of Brandon, Montreal District, also several building lots in the town of Three Rivers, and other valuable Lands. For particulars apply to Messrs. IRVING, MAGNAUDOT & Co. in Québec, and to JOHN ANTOINIS, the owner, in Three Rivers, Three Rivers, 25th March, 1815.

CABLES AND ANCHORS. FIVE CABLES best London Rope 9 a 15 inches, 1 Anchor about 21 cwt. 1 do. do. 8 cwt. 3 qrs and a few coils of 2 and 2 in Rope. Apply to JONES, WHITE & MELVIN, Québec, 19th Oct. 1814.

FOR SALE AT THE SUBSCRIBER'S STORES. Molasses in Hhds, Muscovado Sugar in barrels, Coffee in bags and tierces, Copper in bulk, Cognac Brandy in pipes, Melazze Red Wine in pipes, An Anchor 24 cwt. 5 qrs. 27 lb. A Ditto 13 0 29, 1200 Do. Iron Staples, Chapman & Co's best New Castle Cordage, assorted, 15 Laid Gun-bro' do. 3 M. Feet merchantable White Oak Timber, 4 M. Ditto do. Red Pine do. Québec, 23d March, 1815. JOHN MURE & Co.

ADVERTISEMENTS. THE Subscriber duly appointed Curator to the vacant Estate and Succession of FRANCIS KEMPT, Esq. late Capt. R. N. and principal Agent of Transports at this Port, Requests all persons indebted to the said Estate to make immediate payment, and all those having claims thereon to send in the same for adjustment; and he desires that persons in possession of effects belonging to the Estate, be requested that the same may be communicated to him. Québec, 11th March 1815. W. B. COLTMAN.

IT being understood that a number of decked vessels of the burthen of 15 tons or upwards, are employed upon the river, which are not registered according to Law; the principal Officers of the Customs have to request that Masters and all others, proprietors of vessels of that description, will immediately comply with the requisitions of the Statute. Forfeiture is the penalty for neglect, and the Officers of the Customs are not authorized to grant any indulgence. Custom House Québec, 27th March, 1815.

HATS. WILLIAM GETTESS respectfully informs his friends and the public in general that he has manufactured an Elegant Assortment of Hats, among which are Ladies' beaver Bonnets made in the latest fashions and trimmed with plumes. Gentlemen's five beaver Hats, with a general assortment of plated and wool Hats suitable for town or country, which he offers for sale at very low prices at his House, No. 5, Chantier Street, facing the Bateau Quay, outside of Palace Gate Québec, 30th March, 1815. N. B. W. G. will alter and dye Ladies' Hats and cover Gentlemen's Hats with oiled silk at reasonable prices for Cash only.—Cash given for Beaver, Muskrat and Racoon.

ORDER OF THE ADMINISTRATOR IN CHIEF IN COUNCIL. Province of LOWER CANADA. To Whom At His Majesty's Executive Council of and for the said Province of Lower Canada, held at the Castle of St. Lewis in the City of Québec, in the said Province, on Monday the Twenty-ninth day of May in the Fifty-fifth year of His Majesty's Reign, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifteen. PRESENT, His Excellency the ADMINISTRATOR IN CHIEF, In Council.

WHEREAS by an Act made and passed in the last Session of the last Provincial Parliament of Lower Canada, intitled "An Act for making temporary Provision for the Regulation of Trade between this Province and the United States of America by Land or by Inland Navigation," It is amongst other things enacted, That for and during the continuance of the said Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person administering the Government of this Province for the time being, with the advice and consent of His Majesty's Executive Council, by order or orders to be from time to time issued and published, to suspend the operation of the whole or of any part or parts of any Ordinance or Ordinances, or of any Act or Acts of the Legislature of this Province relative to Trade and Intercourse by Land or Inland Navigation, and to give directions and make regulations with respect to Importations, Exportations, Duties or otherwise, for carrying on the Trade by Land or Inland Navigation between the People and Territories of the United States of America, any Law, Statute, or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

I. His Excellency the Administrator in Chief by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council doth hereby order, That the Town of St. John, situate upon the west side of the River Richelieu or Sorel in the District of Montreal, in the said Province, and the Port established or to be established at Coteau du Lac on the River St. Lawrence, or at such other place or places as shall hereafter be notified in the Québec Gazette by order of His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, shall be and are hereby declared to be the sole Ports of Entry and Clearance for all Goods and Commodities to be imported from the said United States of America into this Province, by Land or Inland Navigation, and that it shall not be lawful elsewhere to make entry of any vessel, boat, raft or carriage, or of any cargo or load, or of any goods or commodities imported into this Province from the said United States; and that the Officers of Customs of and for the said Ports of St. John and at the Coteau du Lac or such other Port as shall hereafter be established on the River St. Lawrence, shall attend every day, Sundays excepted, in the Custom House of the said Ports for the discharge of the duties of their respective offices, between the hours of Eight and Twelve of the Clock in the Forenoon and Three and Six of the Clock in the Afternoon, from the First day of May to the First of October, and from Ten to Three from the First day of October to the last day of April.

II. And His Excellency the Administrator in Chief by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order, that all vessels, boats, rafts and carriages, of what kind or nature soever, containing goods or commodities passing by or through the said Ports of St. John or Coteau du Lac or such other Port as shall hereafter be established on the St. Lawrence, shall be reported at the Custom Houses of the said Ports respectively, and be subject to visitation and search by the Officers or Officers of the Customs established at the said Ports respectively, and that upon the arrival of any vessel, boat, raft or carriage from any port or place in the said United States, at the said Port of St. John or Coteau du Lac or such other Port as shall hereafter be established on the St. Lawrence, the Master or other person having the charge or command of such vessel, boat, raft or carriage shall forthwith repair to the Custom House at such Port, and shall there report to the Chief Officer of the Customs at such Ports respectively the arrival of the said vessel or boat, raft or carriage, and the burthen, cargo, or load of such vessel, boat, raft or carriage, whether in packages or stowed loose, and the particular marks, and numbers of each package and the place or places, person or persons to or for which or whom they are respectively consigned or intended. And the said Master or person having the charge or command of any such vessel, boat, raft or carriage shall further declare, that no part of the cargo or load of such vessel, boat, raft or carriage since the departure of such vessel, boat, raft or carriage from the Port or place in the said United States from which the said vessel, boat, raft or carriage shall have sailed or departed, has been landed or unloaded or otherwise removed except as he shall then specify, together with the cause, time, place, and manner, which said reports and declaration respectively shall be made in writing, signed by the party making the same, and shall be attested by his oath or affirmation if one of the people called Quakers, which the said Chief Officer of the Customs is hereby authorized to administer. And if the said Master or person having the charge or command of any such vessel, boat, raft or carriage shall neglect or omit to make the said reports and declaration or to attest the same on oath, or affirmation as aforesaid, as the case may require, he shall for every such offence forfeit and pay a sum not less than five pounds, nor more than two hundred and fifty pounds.

III. And His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order, that the owner or owners, consignee or consignees of goods or commodities, on board of any vessel, boat, raft or carriage, or in case of his, her, or their absence or sickness, his, her or their known Factor or Agent, in his, her, or their names, within Twenty-four hours after the Master or person having the charge or command of such vessel, boat, raft, or carriage, shall have made report of the arrival of such vessel, boat, raft or carriage, shall make entry thereof with the Chief Officer of the Customs at the said Port of St. John or Coteau du Lac, or such other Port as shall hereafter be established, on the St. Lawrence respectively, and shall specify in such entry the particular marks, number, and contents of each package or parcel whereof the said vessel, boat, raft, or carriage, shall consist, or if in bulk, the quantity and quality, all which shall be done upon the oath or affirmation as aforesaid, of the person by whom such entry shall be made.—Provided always, that when the particulars of any such goods or commodities shall be unknown, in lieu of the entry herein before directed to be made, an entry thereof shall be made and received according to the circumstances of the case, the party making the same, declaring upon oath or affirmation as aforesaid, all that he or she knows or believes concerning the quantity and particulars of the said goods or commodities, and that he or she has no other knowledge or information concerning the same, which said entries, as well the first mentioned as the last mentioned, shall be made in writing, and shall be subscribed by the party making the same.

IV. And His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order, that in all cases where any Duties, or shall be by Law imposed, and payable on any goods or commodities imported from the said United States, so entered at the said Port of St. John or Coteau du Lac, or such other Port as shall hereafter be established, on the River St. Lawrence, the Chief Officer of the Customs at the said Ports of St. John or Coteau du Lac, or such other Port as shall hereafter be established, shall make an estimate of the amount of such Duties, and the amount of the said Duties according to the said estimate, having been first paid or secured to be paid pursuant to the provisions hereinafter contained, the said Chief Officer of the Customs shall give a Certificate thereof, and grant a permit to land or unload the said goods or commodities, whereof such entry shall have been so made, and then and not otherwise, it shall be lawful to land or unload the said goods or to proceed therewith. V. And for encouraging and protecting the commerce of the fair Trader against all molestation, His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, doth hereby order, that the said Chief Officer of the Customs, shall be and are hereby authorized, to give directions and make regulations with respect to Importations, Exportations, Duties or otherwise, for carrying on the Trade by Land or Inland Navigation between the People and Territories of the United States of America, any Law, Statute, or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

[EXTRACT FROM A PRIVATE LETTER.]

"IN THE COURT OF SESSIONS, FEB. 3, 1815.
St. John's, N.S.
The Grand Jurors having presented to the Court, that the hydrophobia now existing amongst the dogs of this town, and is become truly dangerous to the inhabitants.
It is ordered, that all dogs whatsoever, found at large in or about the town of St. John's, be forthwith destroyed, except such dogs as are employed in trade, being securely muzzled.
That in order the more effectually to promote the destroying such dogs, a reward of five shillings, for each dog so destroyed, shall be paid, upon its being produced in the Court-house-yard.
By Order of the Sessions,
LIONEL CHAUNCEY, Clerk of the Peace."
A proclamation to the same effect will be issued from the Supreme Court to-morrow, and there is similar presentment from the District Grand Jury. It is certainly alarming, and if the fact is so, it is the first instance of canine madness known in this country; or, I believe, in any of the British North American colonies.
HALIFAX, April 29.
KING v. A. H. HOLLAND.
This was a trial for publishing a libel against John Osborne; and as TRUTH could not be received as evidence, the Defendant by advice of his Counsel, pleaded Guilty, and on Monday last was sentenced to pay a fine of ten pounds and be imprisoned twenty days.—(Recorder.)
FREDERICTON, May 2.
It is with real pain we record the event of the loss of that handsome pile of building, the Officers Barracks of this place; which were consumed by FIRE!
Among the greatest private sufferers were Mr. O'Donnell, the Surgeon, Lieut. Kenah, and Ensign Hatheway.

MONTEAL, May 27.
We have received New-York papers of the 19th and Boston papers of the 22d inst.—they give an account of the sailing of the New-York Fleet for the Mediterranean, but contain nothing later from Europe, than before received.
The U. S. frigate Constitution, Capt. Stewart arrived at Sandy Hook on Sunday afternoon from a cruise of about five months. After capturing the Cyane and Levant, she put into St. Louis de Maranhim in the Brazils, where Captain S. landed his prisoners, and first heard the report of peace; and it was not until about two weeks ago, when Captain S. sent a boat into Porto Rico, that he heard of its ratification.
DIED.—On Monday last, the 22d inst. of a most violent and distressing illness, which she bore with true christian fortitude and resignation, Mrs. FRANCES ROLPH, wife of Lieut. Col. HAMILTON, Inspecting Field Officer of Militia, and daughter of Judge Ralph Long Point U. C.—Aged 23 years.
On Tuesday last, the Garrison of Chamby were assembled for the melancholy purpose of carrying into effect the sentence of a General Court Martial held at St. Johns, on the 3d inst. upon private James Taylor, of the 19th Dragoons, James Winslow, John Myall, and Francis Sancharim, private in the 35th Regiment, and Corporal R. Gurry, of the 3d batt. 27th Regiment of Foot, for desertion; the four former to be shot to death, and the latter to receive one thousand lashes. We are informed that no execution of the kind has hitherto occurred in this part of His Majesty's dominions, where four unhappy men have appeared more penitent, or alive to their awful situation, or interesting to the multitudes that were collected to witness their untimely end.
When the procession arrived upon the ground, it moved forward in the same order inside the line; and here if possible, the sight was most affecting; each prisoner with tears and entreaties conjuring his comrades, to take example by them, never to violate the laws of their King and Country. After reading their charges, the sentence of the Court Martial being read by Brigade Major, the four unhappy men kneeling upon their coffins, continued for a few minutes in prayer with the Clergy, who on leaving them, shook hands, and in a moment all were launched into eternity. An immense number of spectators were assembled, particularly of women, and never perhaps has any execution been conducted with so much solemnity and decorum. After the usual form of marching the troops alongside the bodies, the Major General Sir F. BRISBANE, severally addressed each regiment in the most energetic manner, stating the positive determination of the Commander in Chief, to bring every deserter for the future to the like end, and there can be little doubt that this example will have its desired effect.
Lake Erie overflowing.—From some unknown cause the water in this Lake has been raising for about three years. During which time, it has risen nearly three feet and according to its natural motion, will continue rise during the summer. The Niagara River, rising in proportion to this increased supply of water from the western world, by the rapidity of its current, is rendered more difficult to pass. We have not heard the opinion of any gentlemen of science on the subject, qualified to investigate the cause, or give any probable conjecture as to the source from whence it may spring. May it not arise from the improvement of the lands lying on the margin of Lake Erie, admitting a more free passage of the water in its tributary streams?—Buffalo Gaz.

THE QUEBEC GAZETTE.
There will be a LEVEE at the Castle of St. Lewis on Monday the 5th June, at two o'clock; and a Ball in the Evening, in celebration of his Majesty's Birth day.
ROBERT R. LORING, Secretary.
PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 1st June, 1815.
His Excellency Lieut. General Sir GORDON DRUMMOND, has been pleased to make the following appointment:
CHARLES HDE. GAUVREAU, Notary Public for this Province.
JACQUES MENARD, Master Celler of Staves.
QUEBEC:
THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1815.
The March Mail arrived at the Post Office on Friday last via Halifax.
We have received our regular files of London papers to the 28th March, but their contents have long since been anticipated by the American papers and the arrivals from Britain.
The Canada, Robinson, sailed from London on the 19th of April. We understand she brought a paper of the 14th, but we have not been able to procure it. The passengers state that at the time of their sailing, no accounts of hostilities had been received, but it was daily expected that the Allies would enter France.

A communication signed A Subscriber, containing extracts from the Montreal Herald, was inserted in this paper of the 10th Novr. last; and, at other times, one or two communications signed A. S. also appeared in the Gazette. One paragraph of the extracts above mentioned, appeared afterwards to have been wilfully falsified; and under this circumstance, the Editor called upon the writer to justify his extract, on pain of being considered "an impostor the worst enemy of the cause he affects to espouse." In a late Herald, the Editor of that paper, first misrepresents the expressions of this paper, and then applies them to Mr. Sherwood, of Montreal, who he insinuates was the writer of these communications and extracts. In justice to Mr. Sherwood, the Editor of the Gazette, thinks it his duty to say, that he never suspected that Gentleman of being the author or having written either the one or the other; and that on the contrary the Editor has reason to think that Mr. S. had no concern in them.—1st June, 1815.

PORT OF QUEBEC.
ARRIVED.
May 27.—Ship Brutus, Frost, from Portsmouth, sailed 1st April, to govt.—Passengers, Doctor Clark, of the army, Messrs. Nichols, Latta, Black, Barnes, Clark, Malson, M. Leau, Durne, Falconer, Smart, Forsyth, Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson, and three children, Mr. and Mrs. Knight, Messieurs Christie, and Ronnie.
—Ship Carolina, Duncan, 41 days from Aberdeen, to A. Moir, general agent.

FROM LONDON PAPERS.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 27.
We understand it is settled, that previous to the Duke of Cornwall's marriage, a message is to be brought down to the House announcing to Parliament the intended event, and desiring to make an additional establishment for his Royal Highness.
BUONAPARTE has rejected all the proposals made to him to give up the Isle of Elba, and retire to Scotland. The proposals were then submitted to Congress, with a view of compelling him to accede to them, but the Russian Minister is said to have declared that the Allies must abide by the convention made with BUONAPARTE on the 11th of April unless he himself chose to abandon it.
MARCH 27.—We have received Vienna Court Gazettes and Austrian Observers to the 11th inclusive. They contain no news of political importance. The Empress of RUSSIA left Vienna on the 9th, on her way to Munich and Carlsruhe. She was accompanied by the Empress of AUSTRIA to Kaminitzbach. The Emperor of RUSSIA escorted them to Burgendorf. The Empress of AUSTRIA returned on the 10th.
Lord EXMOUTH (late Sir E. PELLER) is appointed to re-assume the naval command in the Mediterranean, and will proceed thither with all convenient speed as soon as an adequate force can be got in readiness.
CADIZ.—CADIZ had been dispatched to Germany to invite the Archduchess MARIA LOUISA to Paris. CADIZINQUET quitted the capital on Tuesday evening.
BRIGHTON, March 22.—"We arrived at Newhaven early this morning from the opposite coast, more dead than a live, and under circumstances, that where you proceed, could not fail to excite both your laughter and commiseration. Picture to yourself five persons whose looks resemble Gorgon's head—whose dress is little better than Octavian's, and whose purses are as empty as a poet's. We went to France for pleasure—we have found fatigue! We went to France for cheapness—we found extortion! We went to France for rarities—and this is the only thing that we have been gratified in—for we found Buonaparte! You know by this time that he has again entered Paris—again resumed that power which enabled him to so much to trouble the world, and I very much fear that he will be stronger than ever. The only persons in France who appear in trouble about this event is the poor English. The roads are covered with them—their desperate haste—their melancholy faces—and the bad French—all serve to excite the sympathy of the people of France as they pass through their country. I can assure you that they are not sparing of their insolence and ridicule, nor do they forget to charge you for what you take. I stopped at a small inn for a few minutes, about 25 miles from Dieppe; at the door there were crowds of persons amusing themselves with remarks upon the approach to Paris, and probably entry in a few hours—all was vehemence and confusion and unbounded joy expressed: "Notre Empereur," "Napoléon," "Napoléon le Grand," appeared to electrify them and fill their hearts with joy. Except a burlesque and then of this nature, all is quiet in France, and the people view a change of Dynasty with indifference which exceeds belief without vulgar denunciation. Louis is too good for France. She must have iron ruler, and give her rapine and military glory, she will not heed the lash however severe. I have had enough of a tour in France, and shall henceforward be content to let happy little Albion be the boundary of my peregrinations."
VIENNA, Feb. 15.—"The Austrian army is going to be put on the Peace Establishment, it will be composed of about 300,000 men, of which 42,000 will be cavalry; 180,000 men, will be gradually disbanded. Prussia has formed the plan to retain, under arms, 240,000 men."
By the incorporation of East Friesland, Hanover obtains an appropriation to Holland which must be considered as highly important, not only in respect to commerce, but also in respect to the future federal Constitution of Germany. The basis of these concessions to Hanover was settled during the abode of the foreign Sovereigns in London; for even then, in order to satisfy a claim of about 60,000,000 of dollars, which England and Hanover had on Prussia on several accounts, Prussia engaged to cede to Hanover, Hildesheim, and some other Enclaves surrounded by Hanover, or bordering on it, to the amount of 300,000 souls.

FEB 17.—Our rate of exchange was yesterday at 265.
The project of restoring the Kingdom of Italy, and changing at the same time its limits, is now very well received, in spite of the opposition which it first experienced.
It is now said, that the Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla, which were intended for the Archduchess Maria Louisa and her son, will be given back by her in consideration of proper indemnities. The new kingdom of Italy will therefore be enlarged by these duchies... Milan and Venice will become the capitals. It is also said, that the independent Republic of the Seven Islands in the Ionian Sea will be reunited to this new kingdom, as points of appui, and favourable places of communication for the commerce of the Levant.
LEGNOR, Feb. 10.—This morning the Countess de O and Princess de R., and a number of soldiers and officers of the old guard, who had followed Napoleon in his retreat, landed near Porto Ferrajo. They are about to return to France. The Sovereign of the Isle of Elba had formed a plan for building a fine palace, and the ground had been already marked out for that purpose; but this project is as much at stand as his palace for the King of Rome at Paris. He has only some Poles and Germans now for his guard. His prohibition against the admission of strangers into his island is rigorously put in force; nobody can land there without a passport signed by himself. The reason of this precaution is said to be, to guard himself against the imputations inserted by travellers in public Journals respecting conversations they pretend to have had with him.

VERONA, Feb. 12.—Our roads are infested with banditti, who disperse themselves over the country, and seize the couriers and the Austrian convoys of provisions.
LONDON, MARCH 6.—An article from Leghorn states the BUONAPARTE's guards have deserted him. The probability is that he has no money to maintain them.
From Spain we learn, that the expedition had not left Cadiz on the 10th ult. Political reasons are assigned as the cause of this delay. In some of the letters from Madrid, it is stated, that the British Government had demanded payment of considerable sums advanced to the Spanish nation during the war; and that aware of the impossibility of this demand being complied with, Ministers had resolved on seizing on some part of the Spanish possessions in South America, as security till the debt was liquidated. The mission of Mr. CANNING to Lisbon had, coupled with the circumstance of a British Officer being at the head of the Portuguese army, excited much conjecture and some alarm at the Court of Madrid.
A private letter from Vienna says, that the Archduchess MARIA LOUISA renounces, on the part of herself and her son, the Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla, which are to be given to the Queen of ETYRIA, and that the Archduchess will receive an indemnity elsewhere.

The Sardinian Government has resolved that of all the great roads which had been made by BUONAPARTE for multiplying and facilitating the communication between Italy and France, only that of Mount Cenis shall be preserved in its actual state. The roads of Fenestrelles, Mount Genevieve, and Corniche are to be restored as much as possible to their ancient state, and will in consequence serve no longer for military roads.
MARCH 7.—A Return has been made to the House of Commons of the average Price of Wheat, Flour, and the Quarter Loaf, for ten years, from 1804 to 1813 inclusive, which is as follows: viz average price of Wheat 88s. 8d.—of Flour 81s. 5d.—of the Quarter Loaf 13s. 4d. During the ten years, the Quarter Loaf was cheapest in 1804, being then 9s. 4d. and dearest in 1812, being then 13s. 4d. on the average of ten years. The French Papers state, that in consequence of a late fall in the price of bread, the loaf weighing 1lb. of the best quality now sells at 11 sous; that of the second quality is 10 sous, and that of the third seven. In 1813, the first was sold at 18 sous. The present price is equal to about 6d. the quarter for the first; something less than 5d. for the second; and a fraction over 3d. for the third.

MARCH 18.—There are expectations of a political explosion in Spain, arising from that in France.
BRUSSELS, March 23.—The Dutchess Dowager of Orleans, so respectable for her virtues and for her misfortunes, has just arrived in this city, as well as the Countess of Latour du Pin the wife of the former Prefect of this department, and Countess Maizon, wife of the General of that name, who distinguished himself last year by his military operations in Flanders, and who now follows with equal firmness and loyalty the fortunes of Louis XVIII.

HERMAN W. RYLAND.

frator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, both further order, that when any person or persons shall have occasion to remove by land or water from the said Port of St. John's Coteau du Lac, or such other Port as shall hereafter be established, on the River St. Lawrence, to any other Port or place within this Province, any dutiable goods or Commodities, which are imported into the said Port of St. John's Coteau du Lac, or such other Port as shall hereafter be established, on the River St. Lawrence, from the United States of America, on which the duties by Law imposed, shall have been paid or secured to be paid, the Chief Officer of the Customs, upon a request in writing for that purpose made and signed by such person or persons, and to such Chief Officer delivered, specifying the particular goods or Commodities to be removed, and the number of Packages in which the same are contained, with their marks and numbers, shall, and he is hereby required to give a Protection in writing, signed by him the said Chief Officer, specifying the particular goods or Commodities to be removed, the number of packages, containing such goods or Commodities so to be removed, with their marks and numbers, and certifying that such goods or Commodities have been duly entered at the Port of St. John's Coteau du Lac, or such other Port as shall hereafter be established, on the River St. Lawrence, respectively, and that the Duties thereon have been paid or secured to be paid, and such Chief Officer, giving such protection, shall limit therein the time within which such goods or Commodities shall be removed from the said Port of St. John's Coteau du Lac, or such other Port as shall hereafter be established, on the River St. Lawrence, respectively, and also the time within which the said Protection shall be in force.

XI. And His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order, that any Goods or Commodities imported or brought in or upon any Vessel, Boat, Raft or Carriage from any Port or Place in the said United States shall not be unladen, or delivered from such Vessel, Boat, Raft or Carriage at the said Ports of St. John's Coteau du Lac, or such other Port as shall hereafter be established, on the River St. Lawrence, but in open day, that is to say between the rising and setting of the Sun, except by special licence for that purpose from the Chief Officer of the Customs at the said Port of St. John's Coteau du Lac, or such other Port as shall hereafter be established, on the River St. Lawrence; and if any Goods or Commodities shall be unladen or delivered contrary to the Directions aforesaid, or either of them the Master or Person having the Command or Charge of such Vessel, Boat, Raft or Carriage, and every other Person who shall knowingly be concerned or aiding therein, or in removing or secreting the said goods or Commodities, shall forfeit and pay a sum not less than five pounds, nor exceeding fifty pounds for each offence, and all such goods or Commodities so unladen or delivered, shall become forfeited and may be seized by any Officer of the Customs, and when the value according to the highest market price of the same shall amount to twenty pounds, the vessel, Boat, Raft or Carriage with the tackle, apparel, furniture, harness and horse or horses, thereunto belonging, shall also become forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Customs.

XII. And His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order, that no dutiable goods or Commodities imported or brought into this Province in or upon any vessel, boat, raft or carriage from any port or place in the United States of America requiring to be weighed, gauged, sealed or merced in order to ascertain the duties thereon, shall be removed from any wharf or place upon which the same may be landed, gauged or merced, before the same shall have been weighed, gauged or merced by or under the direction of the proper Officer of the Customs appointed for that purpose, which he is hereby directed and required to perform with all convenient speed, and if any such goods or Commodities shall be removed from such wharf or place before the same shall have been so weighed, gauged, sealed or merced, the same shall be forfeited and may be seized by any Officer of the Customs.

XIII. And His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order, that before the unloading of any goods or Commodities imported or brought into this Province from the said United States, on which any rates or duties are by law imposed, the said rates and duties shall be paid or secured to be paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors in like manner as the same are now raised, levied, collected and recovered under and by virtue of any Act of the British Legislature or of the Legislature of this Province respectively.

XIV. And His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order, that it shall be lawful for the Chief Officer of the Customs at the said Port of St. John and Coteau du Lac or such other Port as shall hereafter be established on the River St. Lawrence, after entry made of any goods or Commodities, on suspicion of fraud, to open and examine in the presence of two or more respectable persons, any package or packages thereof, and if upon examination they shall be found to agree with the entries, such Chief Officer shall cause the same to be repacked and delivered to the owner or claimant forthwith, and the expenses of such examination shall be paid by the said Chief Officer of the Customs; but if any of the packages so examined shall be found to differ in their contents from the entry, then the goods or Commodities contained in such package or packages shall be forfeited.

XV. And His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order, that all goods or Commodities which shall be imported or brought by land or inland navigation into this Province from the said United States, and which shall not be entered according to the directions of this order at the said Port of St. John or Coteau du Lac or such other Port as shall hereafter be established on the River St. Lawrence, shall be forfeited, together with the vessel, boat, raft or carriage, in or upon which the same shall be found or shall have been imported, and the tackle, apparel and furniture, cattle, horse or horses and harness thereunto respectively belonging; and the Chief Officer of the Customs at the said Port of St. John or Coteau du Lac or such other Port as shall hereafter be established on the River St. Lawrence, and all other Custom House Officers or other persons by them for that purpose especially appointed, shall have full power and authority to enter into or upon any vessel, boat, raft or carriage in which he or they shall have reason to suspect any goods or Commodities not entered as aforesaid to be concealed, and therein to search for, seize and secure any such goods or Commodities, and if he or they shall have cause to suspect that any such goods or Commodities are concealed in any particular dwelling house, store, building or other place, they or either of them shall upon application upon oath to any Justice of the Peace be entitled to a warrant to enter, taking with them a Peace Officer, such house, store or other place (in the day time only) and there to search for such goods or Commodities, and if any shall be found, to seize and secure the same for trial; and if any person or persons shall conceal, or shall buy any goods or Commodities knowing them to be liable to seizure by this order, such person or persons on conviction thereof shall forfeit and pay double the value of the goods or Commodities so concealed or purchased.

XVI. And His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order, that all goods or Commodities whereof the exportation is not and shall not be by law entirely prohibited, may freely be the purposes of commerce be carried and exported free and exempt from all duties whatsoever from and out of this Province into the United States as well by His Majesty's subjects as by the citizens of the said United States.

XVII. And His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order, that it shall be the duty of all Officers of His Majesty's Customs whatsoever, to seize and secure any vessel, boat, raft or carriage, goods or Commodities which shall be liable to seizure by virtue of this order, as well without as within their respective districts within this Province; and all goods or Commodities which shall be seized by virtue of this order, shall remain in the custody of the seizing officer until such proceedings shall be had as by law are required, to ascertain whether the same have been forfeited or not, and all penalties and forfeitures created by this order shall be recovered and levied in any of His Majesty's Courts having jurisdiction in this Province, in the same manner and form, and upon the same evidence and by the same rules and regulations as any penalties or forfeitures incurred for any offences against the Laws relating to the Customs and Trade of His Majesty's Colonies in America, may now be recovered or declared forfeited in such Courts respectively; and in all cases of penalties or forfeitures incurred by virtue of this order, after deducting the charges of prosecution from the gross produce thereof, the remainder shall be paid and divided as follows, that is to say; one third to His Majesty, one third to the Governor of this Province or Person

administering the Government thereof, and one third to the seizing Officer suing for the same.
XVIII. And His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order, that all vessels, boats, rafts or carriages which shall be seized in pursuance of this order, or of any Act or Acts of the Parliament of Great Britain, or of the Provincial Parliament of Lower Canada, and which shall be consigned in any of His Majesty's Courts of Law in this Province, shall be sold by public auction to the best bidder, by the Chief Officer of the Customs at the Custom House to which the seizing officer belongs, or at such place in the district in which such vessels, boats, rafts or carriages shall be condemned, as such Chief Officer shall think proper to appoint.

XIV. And His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order, that if any Officer of the Customs or other person executing or aiding and assisting in the seizure of any vessel, boat, raft, carriage, horse, cattle, goods, or Commodities shall be sued or prosecuted for any thing done in virtue of the powers given by this order, or by virtue of a warrant granted by any Justice pursuant to law, such officer or other person may plead the general issue, and give this order and the special matter in evidence, and if in such suit the Plaintiff be non-suited, or judgment pass against him, the defendant shall recover double costs; and in case any information shall be commenced and brought to trial on account of the seizure of any vessel, boat, raft, carriage, horse, cattle, goods or Commodities as forfeited by this order, wherein a judgment shall be given for the claimant, and it shall appear to the Court before whom the same shall be tried, that there was a probable cause for seizing the same, and in such case the Defendant shall not be entitled to any costs whatsoever; nor shall the persons who seized be liable to any action or prosecution on account of such seizure; and in case any action or prosecution shall be commenced and brought to trial, against any person whatsoever on account of the seizing any such vessel, boat, raft carriage or Commodities where no information shall be commenced or brought to trial to condemn the same, and a judgment shall be given upon such action or prosecution against the Defendant or Defendants, if the Court before whom such action or prosecution may be brought, shall certify in like manner as aforesaid, that there was a probable cause for such seizure, then the Plaintiff, besides his vessel, boat, raft, carriage, goods or Commodities so seized, or the value thereof, shall not be entitled to above two pence damages, nor to any costs of suit, nor shall the Defendant in such action or prosecution be fined above one shilling.

XV. And His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order, that the Chief Officer of the Customs at the said Port of St. John and Coteau du Lac or such other Port as shall hereafter be established on the River St. Lawrence, shall cause to be affixed, and constantly kept in some public and conspicuous place in his Office, a fair table of the Fees to be taken by the said Officer of the Customs at the said Office, which Fees shall be as follows, viz:—

Table with 2 columns: Description of service and Fee amount.
For every Report of the Arrival of and Permit to unload any Vessel, Boat or Bateau under five tons burthen - 2s 6d
For do. of any Vessel, Boat or Bateau of five tons or upwards, and not exceeding fifty tons burthen - 5s 0d
For do. of any Vessel exceeding fifty tons burthen - 20s
For do. of any Waggon, Cart, Sleigh, or other Carriage - 1s
For every Entry of Goods imported by water communication - 2s 6d
For do. of do. subject to duty by any Cart Sleigh, or other Carriage - 1s
For every Certificate of Goods having paid duty, and protection for the same - 2s 6d
For every Bond for payment of Duties - 2s 6d
For every Entry of a H-R - 5s
If not exceeding 20 Cels, and in that proportion for larger.

XVI. His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order and direct, that from henceforth it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of the Customs of the said Ports of St. John and Coteau du Lac or such other Port as shall hereafter be established on the River St. Lawrence, and upon any vessel, boat, bateau, waggon, cart, sleigh or other carriage, departing from the said Port of St. John or Coteau du Lac or such other Port as shall hereafter be established on the River Saint Lawrence towards the United States of America, subject by the present order to be reported at the said Custom Houses respectively, to ask, demand and receive of and from the master, owner or driver of such vessel, boat, bateau, waggon, cart, sleigh or other carriage respectively the several and respective fees hereinafter particularly set forth, viz:—

Table with 2 columns: Description of service and Fee amount.
For every Report of the Departure of any Vessel, Boat or Bateau under five tons burthen towards the United States of America - 1s 3d
For every Report of any Vessel, Boat or Bateau of five tons or upwards, and not exceeding fifty tons burthen - 2s 6d
For do. of any Vessel exceeding fifty tons burthen - 10s 0d
For do. of any Waggon, Cart, Sleigh or other carriage - 4d
For every Entry of Goods exported by water communication - 1s 3d

And if any Officer of the Customs of the said Port of St. John or of the Port of Coteau du Lac or such other Port as shall hereafter be established on the River St. Lawrence, shall demand or receive any greater or other fee, compensation or reward for any such Report respectively, he or they shall forfeit and pay the sum of fifty pounds for each offence, recoverable in any of His Majesty's Courts of King's Bench in this Province by and to the use of the party aggrieved. And it is further ordered by His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, that the Act 53d Geo. III. Cap. 11, as amended and continued by the Act of the Provincial Parliament 55 Geo. III. Cap. II. be suspended as to goods imported from the United States of America by land or inland navigation.

And His Excellency the Administrator in Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the said Executive Council, doth further order and direct, that duties shall be paid and collected on all goods and Commodities imported from the United States, agreeably to the following:—

TARIF.
Masts, Yards, Bowsprits, Spars, Planks, Boards, Knees, Fittocks, or any kind of Ship Timber; also Hoops, Staves, Stingles, Clapboards, Trees, Wood and Lumber of every kind, Seeds, Wheat, Rye, Oats, Barley and other Grains—Butter, Cheese, Honey, Horses, Neat Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Poultry and other live Stock and live Provisions and fresh Fish, also Pot and Pearl Ashes, Furs and Skins, and Pig Iron and Tallow to be imported free of duty.
Castings of Iron, to pay - £32 1/2 per ct. ad. valorem
Rolled or slit Iron do. - 1d per lb.
Spikes, Nails, Brads and Sprigs - 2d per lb.
Wax Candles - 7d per lb.
Spermaceti and Mould or dip - }
Tallow, do. or part Tallow and part Wax - } 2d per lb.
Hats and Hat Bows and Caps of Felt or other materials - £32 1/2 per ct. ad. valorem.
Paper of every kind - £27 1/2 per ct.
Plying Clays - 2s - 6d pr. pack
Boots or Bootes - 7s - 6d pr. pair
Saddles and Bridles - £30 per ct. ad. valorem.
Manufactured Tobacco - 7d per lb.
Sugars of American manufacture - 20s. per M.
Suuff - 1s - 0d per lb.
Leather including all Hides and Skins, tanned or otherwise dressed - £32 1/2 per ct. ad. val.
Shoes and Gloves of all kinds - £32 1/2 do.
All Gold, Silver and Plated Ware, Jewellery and Paste work - £32 1/2 do.
Spirits of American manufacture - 3s per gallon.
And that all other articles of the growth, produce or manufacture of the United States of America shall over and above such duties as may now be chargeable by law (save and except the 2 1/2 per cent duty imposed by the 53d Geo. III. Cap. 11.) pay a further duty of 410 per cent ad valorem.

And to prevent frauds in the valuation of articles to an ad valorem duty, the value thereof shall be declared on oath by the person entering the same and the Officer of the Customs receiving such entry shall have the right of taking all such goods if they consider the same to be undervalued on paying to the owner or owners thereof the amount at which he or they shall have valued such goods on the entry thereof, with an advance of 410 per cent on the said amount.



**GORDON DRUMMOND**

**GEORGE TROIS**, par la Grâce de Dieu, Roi du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi... A nos très aimés et fidèles Conseillers Législatifs de notre Province du Bas-Canada, et à nos fidèles et bien aimés Chevaliers, Clergonaux et Bourgeois de notre dite Province élus et convoqués aux fins d'être présents à l'Assemblée qui avertit avoir lieu et être tenu dans notre Cité de Québec, le seizième jour de Juin prochain, et à chacun de vous Sa Lueur... Va que pour certaines affaires urgentes et difficiles nous concernant ainsi que nous l'avez fait de votre dite Province, nous avons ordonné que notre Assemblée ait lieu au jour et place susdite, afin de délibérer sur et décider sur toutes les affaires et choses qui nous seraient présentées et sur lesquelles il aurait été délibéré, et pour de certaines causes et considérations qui nous obligent spécialement nous-mêmes à nous réunir à nos dits Assemblée en sorte que nous n'aurions pu le faire de par nous-mêmes dans notre dite Cité de Québec ledit seizième jour de Juin prochain, car nous voulions que vous et chacun de vous soyez quant à nous entièrement déchargés de cet égard, ordonnant et enjoignant formellement par la présente de vous et à chacun de vous et à tous autres y intéressés que vous soyez et paroissons dans notre dite Cité de Québec, le Premier jour d'août prochain, pour traiter, agir et conclure sur telles choses qui par la faveur de Dieu, dans notre dite Assemblée, par le Commun Conseil de notre dite Province, pourront être ordonnées... En foi de quoi nous avons fait émaner les présentes Lettres Patentes, et à celles fait apposer le Grand Sceau de notre dite Province: Témoins notre fidèle et bien aimé Sir GORDON DRUMMOND, Chevalier, Commandeur de l'Ordre Militaire du Bain, Administrateur en Chef, dans et sur notre dite Province du Bas-Canada, &c. &c. &c. Au Château Saint Louis, dans la Cité de Québec, dans la dite Province, le Vingt-neuvième jour de Mai, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur Mil huit cent quinze, et dans la Cinquante-cinquième année de notre Règne. G. D.

**HERMAN W. RYLAND, G. C.** en Chancellerie. Traduit par Ordre de Son Excellence. P. A. D. GASPÉ, S. & T. F.

**MONTREAL, EN vertu d'un ORDRE D'EXECUTION**, Savoir: Émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour les Causes Civiles, dans et pour le District de Montréal sudit, à la poursuite de **Georges Clark, Pelletier**, de la Cité de Montréal, dans le dit District, contre les Terres et Possessions de **James Marshall, Jardinier**, du même lieu, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en Exécution, comme appartenant audit **JAMES MARSHALL**, une terre sise et située dans le Faubourg St. Laurent de la Cité de Montréal, ledit morceau de terre comprenant dix-huit arpents, plus ou moins, s'il s'y trouve, sur cent vingt pieds de profondeur, borné en front par la Rue Saint Jean Baptiste, par derrière par Luc Dubreuil, d'un côté par la Rue Saint-Constant, et de l'autre côté par le dit James Marshall, ladite terre et partie dudit morceau de terre à prendre sur le côté qui est la propriété dudit James Marshall, avec une Maison de pierre et autres Bâti-mens dessus construits. Or je donne avis par la présente que la dite terre exacte moitié dudit morceau de terre, et les Prémises, à prendre comme susdit, seront vendues et adjugées au plus haut enchérisseur à mon Bureau dans la Cité de Montréal sudite, LUNDI, le DIXIEME jour d'OCTOBRE, à UNE Heure de l'après-midi, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

**FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Shérif.** Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur ladite exacte moitié du dit morceau de terre et Prémises à prendre comme susdit, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, soit par le présent avertissement d'en donner avis audit Shérif, à son Bureau dans la Cité de Montréal, suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie de la dite exacte moitié dudit morceau de terre à prendre comme susdit, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur icelles, ne sera reçue par ledit Shérif durant les quinze jours qui en précéderont la vente. Bureau du Shérif, le 27 Mai, 1815.

**MONTREAL, EN vertu d'un ORDRE D'EXECUTION**, Savoir: Émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour les Causes Civiles, dans et pour le District de Montréal sudit, à la poursuite de **Alexis Berthelot, Marchand**, de la Paroisse de Sainte Geneviève, dans ledit District, contre les Terres et Possessions de **François Quellet, Cultivateur**, du même lieu, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en Exécution, comme appartenant audit **FRANCOIS QUELLET**, une Terre sise et située dans la Paroisse de Saint-Benoît sudite, contenant trois arpents de front, sur trente arpents en profondeur, borné en front par le chemin de Roux, par derrière par les Messieurs du Séminaire de Montréal, d'un côté par Amable Lavergne, père, et de l'autre côté par Joachim Girouard, avec une maison et autres Bâti-mens dessus construits. Or je donne avis par la présente que lesdites terre et Prémises seront vendues et adjugées au plus haut enchérisseur à la porte de l'Eglise de la Paroisse de SAINT-BENOIT sudite, MARDI, le TROISIEME jour d'OCTOBRE prochain, à ONZE heures du matin, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

**FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Shérif.** Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur la Terre et Prémises ci-dessus désignées, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, soit par le présent avertissement d'en donner avis audit Shérif, à son Bureau dans la Cité de Montréal, suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie des dites Terre et Prémises, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur icelles, ne sera reçue par le dit Shérif durant les quinze jours qui en précéderont la vente. Bureau du Shérif, le 27 Mai, 1815.

**MONTREAL, EN vertu d'un ORDRE D'EXECUTION**, Savoir: Émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour les Causes Civiles, dans et pour le District de Montréal sudit, à la poursuite de **Pierre Hébert, Junior, Cultivateur**, de la Paroisse de Chateaugay, dans ledit District, contre les Terres et Possessions de **Pierre Guérin dit Dusault, Cultivateur**, du même lieu, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en Exécution comme appartenant audit **PIERRE GUERIN dit DUSSAULT**, une Terre sise et située dans la Paroisse de Saint-Joachim, dans la Seigneurie de Chateaugay, dans ledit District, contenant deux arpents de front sur environ trente cinq arpents plus ou moins en profondeur, bornée en front par le chemin de la Côte Saint-Régis, par derrière par les terres communales, appelée les Terres du Cordon ou de la ligne Seigneuriale, d'un côté au Sud-Ouest par Jacques Lachance, et de l'autre côté par ledit Pierre Hébert, junior. Or je donne avis par la présente que ladite Terre sera vendue et adjugée au plus haut enchérisseur à la Porte de l'Eglise de la Paroisse de SAINT-JOACHIM sudite, LUNDI, le DEUXIEME jour d'OCTOBRE prochain, à DIX heures du matin auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

**FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Shérif.** Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur la Terre ci-dessus désignée, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, soit par le présent avertissement d'en donner avis audit Shérif, à son Bureau dans la Cité de Montréal, suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition, afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie de ladite Terre, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur icelles, ne sera reçue par ledit Shérif durant les quinze jours qui en précéderont la vente. Bureau du Shérif, le 27 Mai, 1815.

**LES affaires conduites jusqu'ici par Henry Black, seront continuées par les Soussignés, sous le nom de M. et J. BLACK.** **HENRY BLACK, JAMES BLACK.** **QUI ONT A VENDRE** Du Vin d'Espagne en Pipes, Sucre blanc en Boîtes, Savon en Caisses, Drap gris militaire, Toile à voile, Ombre, et Ruste, Aussi quelques Caisnes de Contellerie et Taillanderie assorties. Québec, le 24 Mai, 1815.

**MONTREAL, EN vertu d'un ORDRE D'EXECUTION**, Savoir: Émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour les Causes Civiles, dans et pour le District de Montréal sudit, à la poursuite de **Alexis Berthelot, Marchand**, de la Paroisse de Sainte Geneviève, dans ledit District, contre les Terres et Possessions de **Jean Baptiste Bénéche dit Lavictoire, Charpentier**, ci-devant du même lieu, maintenant de la Cité de Montréal, dans le dit District, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en Exécution, comme appartenant audit **JEAN BAPTISTE BENECHÉ dit LAVICTOIRE**, un Lot de terre ou Emplacement en situés dans le Bourg ou Village de Sainte Geneviève, dans la Paroisse de Sainte Geneviève sudite, contenant quatre-vingt dix pieds de front, sur cent vingt pieds de profondeur, borné en front par la Rue du Cimetière, par derrière par Eustache Mason, d'un côté par Louis Rossel, et de l'autre côté par la Rivière des Traisies. Or je donne avis par la présente que le dit Lot de terre ou Emplacement sera vendu et adjugé au plus haut enchérisseur à la Porte de l'Eglise de la Paroisse de SAINTE GENEVIEVE sudite, LUNDI, le DEUXIEME jour d'OCTOBRE prochain, à NEUF Heures du matin, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

**FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Shérif.** Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur le Lot de terre ou Emplacement ci-dessus désigné, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, soit par le présent avertissement d'en donner avis audit Shérif, à son Bureau dans la Cité de Montréal, suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie du dit Lot de terre ou Emplacement, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur icelui, ne sera reçue par ledit Shérif durant les quinze jours qui en précéderont la vente. Bureau du Shérif, le 27 Mai, 1815.

**MONTREAL, EN vertu d'un ORDRE D'EXECUTION**, Savoir: Émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour les Causes Civiles, dans et pour le District de Montréal sudit, à la poursuite de **Jean Baptiste Dumouchelle, Marchand**, de la Paroisse de Saint-Benoît, dans le dit District, contre les Terres et Possessions de **Guillaume d'Artois, Cultivateur**, du même lieu, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en Exécution, comme appartenant audit **GUILAUME D'ARTOIS**, une Terre sise et située dans la Paroisse de Saint-Benoît sudite, contenant trois arpents de front sur trente arpents en profondeur, borné en front par les Terres de Saint-Vincent, par derrière par la Rivière des Prairies, d'un côté par Jean Juran dit La-Tulippe, et de l'autre côté par Jean Baptiste Mousseau dit Desormeau, avec une Maison et une Grange dessus construits. Or je donne avis par la présente que lesdites Terre et Prémises seront vendues et adjugées au plus haut enchérisseur à la Porte de l'Eglise de la Paroisse de SAINT-BENOIT sudite, MARDI, le TROISIEME jour d'OCTOBRE prochain, à DIX Heures du matin, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

**FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Shérif.** Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur la Terre et Prémises ci-dessus désignées, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, soit par le présent avertissement d'en donner avis audit Shérif, à son Bureau dans la Cité de Montréal, suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie des dites Terre et Prémises, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur icelles, ne sera reçue par ledit Shérif durant les quinze jours qui en précéderont la vente. Bureau du Shérif, le 27 Mai, 1815.

**MONTREAL, EN vertu d'un ORDRE D'EXECUTION**, Savoir: Émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour les Causes Civiles, dans et pour le District de Montréal sudit, à la poursuite de **Alexis Berthelot, Marchand**, de la Paroisse de Sainte Geneviève, dans le dit District, contre les Terres et Possessions de **Pierre Blanc, Cultivateur**, du même lieu, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en Exécution, comme appartenant audit **PIERRE BLANC**, une terre sise et située dans la Paroisse de Sainte Geneviève sudite, contenant deux arpents et un quart de front, sur vingt-quatre arpents en profondeur, bornée en front par la Rivière des Prairies, par derrière par les Terres de la Côte Saint-Charles, et de deux côtés par François Brunet, avec une Maison et une Grange dessus construits. Or je donne avis par la présente que les dites Terre et Prémises seront vendues et adjugées au plus haut enchérisseur, à la Porte de l'Eglise de la Paroisse de SAINTE GENEVIEVE sudite, LUNDI, le DEUXIEME jour d'OCTOBRE prochain, à DIX Heures du matin, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

**FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Shérif.** Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur les Terre et Prémises ci-dessus désignées, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, soit par le présent avertissement d'en donner avis audit Shérif, à son Bureau dans la Cité de Montréal, suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie des dites Terre et Prémises, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur icelles, ne sera reçue par le dit Shérif durant les quinze jours qui en précéderont la vente. Bureau du Shérif, le 27 Mai, 1815.

**MONTREAL, EN vertu d'un ORDRE D'EXECUTION**, Savoir: Émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour les Causes Civiles, dans et pour le District de Montréal sudit, à la poursuite de **Alexis Berthelot, Marchand**, de la Paroisse de Sainte Geneviève, dans ledit District, contre les Terres et Possessions de **Louis Lorin, Manuancier** et **Charpentier**, du même lieu, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en Exécution, comme appartenant audit **LOUIS LORIN**, un Lot de Terre sise et situé dans le Bourg ou Village de Sainte Geneviève, dans la Paroisse de Sainte Geneviève sudite, contenant trois arpents et demi en superficie ou environ, sans garantie d'aucune mesure précise, borné en front par le Chemin du Roi, et de deux côtés par Joseph Brunet, avec un petit Bâti-mens en pierre dessus construit. Or je donne avis par la présente que les dites Terre et Prémises seront vendues et adjugées au plus haut enchérisseur, à la Porte de l'Eglise de la Paroisse de SAINTE GENEVIEVE sudite, LUNDI, le DEUXIEME jour d'OCTOBRE prochain, à ONZE heures du matin, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

**FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Shérif.** Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur les Morceau de terre et Prémises ci-dessus désignés, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, soit par le présent avertissement d'en donner avis audit Shérif, à son Bureau dans la Cité de Montréal, suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie desdites Morceau de terre et Prémises, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur icelles, ne sera reçue par le dit Shérif durant les quinze jours qui en précéderont la vente. Bureau du Shérif, le 27 Mai, 1815.

**AVERTISSEMENT.** Les Soussignés viennent de recevoir par l'An de Londres *L'Albion* de Liverpool, et le *Mary du Clyde*, un assortiment choisi d'Epiceries, Thés, &c. comprenant les articles suivants: Sucre double et simple raffiné, Thés Finos, Gunpowder, Souchong et vert, Raisins secs et de Corinthe, Amandes, Fèves, Noix, Citrons, Fromage en Pomme de Pin, de Dolphin, double Berkeley, double Gloucester et Cheshire, Orge, Pous fendus, Farine d'Avoine, Harings de Lochine. Porter et Brown Stout de Londres au quart ou à la douzaine. Un assortiment choisi de Saucés et Marinades fraîches, Olives, Câpres, Moutarde de Cayenne, Epices, Sel en paniers, Huile d'Olive, Vinaigre, Savon, Chandelie, Empos, Pierres bleues, Indigo, Alerte, Aile et Porter de Glasgow en barriques, Papier à écrire et à enveloppe, Jambons et Boeuf fumé, Blancs de Beauf marqués en Jarses, Langues de Barrils, Pipes, Café, Chocolat et Riz. Ils ont aussi de l'Esprit de la Jamaïque, Rum des Îles sous le Vent, Genièvre de Hollande, Eau de vie de France, Vins de Madère, de Port, de Ténériffe, de Sherry, de Bordeaux, et d'Espagne, Shrub, Peppermint, Noyau, Fleur fine et Quarts, Beurre en Barrils, &c. &c. &c. **WILLIAM TORRANCE & Co.** Québec, le 24 Mai, 1815. **MAISON DE LA TRINITE, QUEBEC, JUDI, le 25 Mai, 1815.** **AVIS** est par le présent donné aux Pilotes pour et à desous du Havre de Québec, qu'*ALFONSE LAPORTE*, Apprenti de *Charybde Dumont*, Français, sera examiné dans la Salle de la Trinité, à Québec, Vendredi, le Deuxième jour de Juin prochain, suivant la Loi. Sur Ordre, **Wm. LINDSAY, Gref. M. T. Q.** **A VENDRE.** 25 Voies de Charbon de Grilles, 5000 Planches de Kamouraska d'un pouce, sans nœuds, 7000 Do. Do. Do. Marchandes, Do. de la Baie St. Paul, Cédra, 400 Pains de Ramas d'Epinette et Essence d'Epinette comme à l'ordinaire, pour argent comptant seulement. Québec, le 15 Février, 1815. **THOS. WILSON.**

**MONTREAL, EN vertu d'un ORDRE D'EXECUTION**, Savoir: Émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour les Causes Civiles, dans et pour le District de Montréal sudit, à la poursuite de **Harri Logan et George Watt** de Montréal, négociants et associés, fusions commencent sous le nom de Logan et Watt, contre les terres et possessions d'Elizabeth, dite Betty Boldray, d'Argentueil dans le dit District, veuve de défunt Dudley Stone, et John Chever de Saint-Eustache, Marchand, tuteur d'enfants mineurs de défunt Dudley Stone, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en Exécution, comme étant les terres et possessions de ladite **ELIZABETH dite BETTY BOLDRAY et JOHN CHESSER** en son dite qualité. Une étendue de terre sise et située dans la Seigneurie d'Argentueil sudite, du côté de la Rivière du Ouest et au côté Nord de la Rivière du Nord, commençant à la rive Nord de ladite Rivière du Ouest, à un poteau planté sur la ligne de division entre ladite Seigneurie d'Argentueil et le Township de Chatham, cinquante neuf mailles du bord de la rivière, marqué sur le côté Ouest C pour Chatham, et au côté Est DS pour Dudley Stone, delà le long des différents tours et déours des dites rivières du Ouest et du Nord, jusqu'à une ligne courbe Nord sur une courbe magnétique jusqu'à un poteau marqué IH pour John Hutchins et au côté Ouest DS pour Dudley Stone, delà le long de ladite ligne, soixante dix-huit chaînes soixante mailles, jusqu'à une ligne portant Sud soixante six degrés Ouest, de là sur ladite ligne cinquante six chaînes jusqu'à ce qu'elle soit interrompue par la ligne de division entre ledit Township de Chatham et ladite Seigneurie d'Argentueil, et delà jusqu'au point du départ, contenant suivant le mesurage cinq cents cinquante deux acres, et quinze perches de terre ou environ en superficie, ayant environ cent acres d'iceux en culture, avec une Maison, une grange, un hangar à grain et deux établis dessus construits. Une étendue ou pièce de terre sise et située dans la Seigneurie d'Argentueil sudite, sur le côté Ouest de ladite rivière du Nord, près de la grande chute, de figure irrégulière, bornée d'un côté par la ligne de division entre ladite Seigneurie d'Argentueil et ledit Township de Chatham, et de deux côtés par lesdites rivières du Nord et du Ouest, et la cour du moulin sur la grande chute, contenant environ cent six acres de terre en superficie, sans garantie de mesure précise. Une étendue ou pièce de terre sise et située dans la Seigneurie d'Argentueil sudite, sur le côté Sud de ladite rivière du Nord, bornée en front par la terre de Joel Bixley, derrière par la terre de Ward Stone, d'un côté par la terre de Benjamin Burch et de l'autre côté par la terre de Benjamin Green, contenant environ soixante acres plus ou moins en superficie. Or je donne avis par la présente que lesdites terres et possessions sont vendues et adjugées au plus haut enchérisseur à la porte de l'Eglise de la paroisse de Saint-Benoît, dans le dit District, MARDI, le VINGT-SIXIEME jour de SEPTEMBRE prochain, à DIX heures du matin, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

**FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Shérif.** Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur les terres et possessions ci-dessus désignées, soit par hypothèque, ou autre droit ou servitude, soit par le présent avertissement d'en donner avis audit Shérif, à son Bureau dans la Cité de Montréal, suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie des dites terres et possessions, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur icelles, ne sera reçue par ledit Shérif durant les quinze jours qui en précéderont la vente. Bureau du Shérif, le 18 Mai, 1815.

**MONTREAL, EN vertu d'un ORDRE D'EXECUTION**, Savoir: Émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour les Causes Civiles, dans et pour le District de Montréal sudit, à la poursuite de **David Curtis, Ecuier**, de Stanstead, dans le dit District, contre les Terres et Possessions de **William Wheeler, Junior**, de Barnston dans le dit District, Cultivateur, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en Exécution, comme appartenant audit **WILLIAM WHEELER, Junior**, une étendue ou pièce de terre sise et située dans le Township de Barnston sudit, étant la moitié Sud du dit Numéro six, dans le premier rang de lots dans le dit Township de Barnston, contenant cent acres plus ou moins en superficie. Or je donne avis par la présente que la dite étendue ou pièce de terre sera vendue et adjugée au plus haut enchérisseur à mon Bureau dans la Cité de Montréal, LUNDI, le VINGT-HUITIEME jour de SEPTEMBRE prochain, à DIX Heures du matin, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

**FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Shérif.** Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur l'étendue ou pièce de terre ci-dessus désignée, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, soit par le présent avertissement d'en donner avis audit Shérif, à son Bureau sudit, suivant la Loi, et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie de la dite étendue ou pièce de terre, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur icelle, ne sera reçue par le dit Shérif durant les quinze jours qui en précéderont la vente. Bureau du Shérif, le 18 Mai, 1815.

**MONTREAL, EN vertu d'un ORDRE D'EXECUTION**, Savoir: Émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour les Causes Civiles, dans et pour le District de Montréal sudit, à la poursuite de **Stanley Baggis**, de la Paroisse de Montréal, dans ledit District, contre les Terres et Possessions de **Leslie Henderson**, du même lieu, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en Exécution, comme appartenant audit **ALEXANDER LOGIE**, Maître Magon de la Cité de Montréal, dans ledit District, entre les mains de **Leslie Henderson**, du même lieu, veuve dudit Alexander Logie, en sa qualité de tutrice de l'Enfant Mineur issu de son mariage avec ledit Alexander Logie, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en Exécution comme appartenant audit **Biens et Succession dudit Alexander Logie**, entre les Mains de ladite **Leslie Henderson** en sa qualité susdite, un Lot de terre sise et situé dans le Faubourg Saint-Jovis de Montréal sudit, contenant quarante pieds de front, sur quatre vingt pieds de profondeur, borné en front par une Rue communément appelée et connue sous le nom de Rue des Glacis, par derrière par la Grande Rue dudit Faubourg, communément appelée et connue sous le nom de Rue Saint-Louis, d'un côté par Pierre Groux, Senr. et de l'autre côté par George Skakel, avec une Maison de Pierre à deux Étages, une petite Maison de pièces sur pièces, et autres Bâti-mens dessus construits. Or je donne avis par la présente que lesdites Lot de Terre et Prémises seront vendues et adjugées au plus haut enchérisseur, à mon Bureau, dans la Cité de MONTREAL, le VINGT-SEPTIEME jour de SEPTEMBRE prochain, à ONZE heures du matin, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

**FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Shérif.** Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur le lot de terre et Prémises ci-dessus désignés, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, soit par le présent avertissement d'en donner avis audit Shérif, à son Bureau sudit, suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie desdites lot de Terre et Prémises, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur icelles, ne sera reçue par ledit Shérif, durant les quinze jours qui en précéderont la vente. Bureau du Shérif, le 18 Mai, 1815.

**CHAPEAUX.** **WILLIAM GETTESS**, informe respectueusement ses amis et le public en général qu'il a manufacturé un assortiment élégant de Chapeaux, parmi lesquels il a des Chapeaux de Castor pour les Dames, faits dans le dernier goût et garnis de plumets. Chapeaux de Castor fins pour les Messieurs, et un assortiment général de Chapeaux de Laine pour la Ville et la Campagne, qu'il offre à vendre à bon marché à sa Maison No. 5 Rue du Chanier vis-à-vis la Garde des Bouteaux, en dehors de la Porte du Palais. Québec, 30e Mars, 1815. N. B. W. G. changera de forme et teindra les Chapeaux de Dames, et couvrira les Chapeaux de Messieurs avec de la Soie Huilée, à des prix raisonnables pour argent comptant seulement. Il donne de l'Argent comptant pour du Castor, du Rat-musqué et du Chat Sauvage.

**ON** a besoin de £10,000, plus ou moins, en petites Sommes de tems à autre, suivant que pourra le requérir la Construction du Quai des Magasins, &c. sur un Lot de Grève, situé sur le Cap aux Diamants, à Québec. Le dit Lot est de 256 pieds de front et va jusqu'à l'eau le plus bas. On empruntera des Sommes de £500, plus ou moins, à des conditions dont on conviendra, ou bien ledit Lot de Grève sera loué pour un nombre d'années, à condition de bâtir avec l'assurance d'une récompense générale au Prêteur. On ledit Lot sera à vendre tout entier ou par morceaux. Avez 30,000 Acres de terre et plus dans le Township de Brandon, dans le District de Montréal, ainsi plusieurs Emplacements dans la Ville des Trois-Rivières, et autres Terres de prix. Pour les particularités s'adresser à Messrs. LAVERGNE, MACHARD et Co. à Québec, ou à JOHN ANKROBUS, propriétaire, aux Trois-Rivières. Trois-Rivières, le 25 Mars, 1815.

**MONTREAL, EN vertu d'un ORDRE D'EXECUTION**, Savoir: Émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour les Causes Civiles, dans et pour le District de Montréal sudit, à la poursuite de **Thomas Peck, Marchand**, de Montréal, dans le dit District, contre les Terres et Possessions de **Barthélemy Quintin dit Dubois, Marchand**, de la Paroisse de Saint-Joachim, dans le dit District, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en Exécution, comme appartenant audit **BARTHELEMY QUINTIN dit DUBOIS**, se Fief et Seigneurie de Quintin, avoir: cette l'icelle communément appelée et connue sous le nom d'icelle Carrillon, avec ses dépendances comprenant les Bâti-mens sur le côté Est de ladite l'icelle, communément appelés et connus sous le nom de Bâti-mens au-Foin, l'icelle Carrée, et les petites l'icelles joignant dans la Grande Rivière ou Rivière des Outaouais, faisant ci-devant partie de la Seigneurie d'Argentueil, et des Droues de Louis et Veuttes, Cens et Rentres et tous et chacun des autres Droits quelconques utiles et honorifiques appartenant audit Fief et Seigneurie, avec les Domaines du dit Fief et Seigneurie, et toutes les Terres non concédées, ainsi que tout ce qui s'étend, avec tous les Droits, Membres et Dépendances appartenant; ledit Fief et Seigneurie dépendant et relevant de la Seigneurie d'Argentueil, et chargé de payer annuellement d'une Rente annuelle d'un Sou pour toutes Rentes et Droits Seigneuriaux quelconques, sauf et excepté le Droit de Relief à chaque mutation, ladite Rente d'un Sou payable au Seigneur de ladite Seigneurie d'Argentueil, ou à son Agent, annuellement et tous les ans au Onzième jour de Novembre. Or je donne avis par la présente que le dit Fief et Seigneurie de Quintin et ses dépendances seront vendus et adjugés au plus haut enchérisseur, à mon Bureau, dans la Cité de MONTREAL, MARDI, le VINGT-SIXIEME jour de SEPTEMBRE prochain, à ONZE heures du matin, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

**FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Shérif.** Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur le Fief et Seigneurie de Quintin ci-dessus décrit et ses dépendances, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, soit par le présent avertissement d'en donner avis audit Shérif, à son Bureau sudit, suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie dudit Fief et Seigneurie de Quintin ou ses dépendances, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur icelles, ne sera reçue par ledit Shérif, durant les quinze jours qui en précéderont la vente. Bureau du Shérif, le 18 Mai, 1815.

**DISTRICT DE QUÉBEC, EN vertu d'un WRIT DE HABEAS CORPUS.** Émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté pour ledit District, à la poursuite de **Marie D'Amboise**, du Township de Simpson, dans le District des Trois-Rivières, veuve d'Alexandre Meunier, contre les terres et possessions d'Antoine Parant, ci-devant résidant dans le Faubourg St. Roch, dans la Cité de Québec, dans le Comté de District de Québec, et maintenant résidant dans la Seigneurie de St. Gilles, dans la Paroisse de St. Nicolas, dans le Comté de Dorchester, dans le District de Québec, Cultivateur et Magon, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en Exécution comme appartenant audit **ANTOINE PARANT**, deux arpents de Terre de front sur vingt cinq arpents de profondeur, situé au côté Sud-Ouest de la Rivière St. Gilles, dans la Paroisse de St. Nicolas, dans le Comté de Dorchester, dans ledit District de Québec, borné d'un côté par Augustin Dubois, et de l'autre côté par la veuve Drier, dit Flanquet, avec une petite maison en bois et établie dessus construite. Quatre arpents de terre de front sur vingt cinq arpents de profondeur, borné d'un côté par Augustin Dubois, et de l'autre côté par la terre non concédée, située au côté Nord-Est de la Rivière St. Gilles, avec une Grange dessus construite. Or je donne avis par la présente que lesdites Terres et Prémises seront vendues et adjugées au plus haut enchérisseur à la Porte de l'Eglise de la Paroisse de St. Nicolas sudit, LUNDI, le VINGT-HUITIEME jour d'AOÛT prochain, à DIX Heures du matin, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

**JAS. SH-PHERD, Shérif.** Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur les Terres et Prémises ci-dessus désignées, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, soit par le présent avertissement d'en donner avis audit Shérif, à son Bureau, dans la Cité de Québec, suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie desdites Terres et Prémises ou afin de charge ou servitude sur icelle, ne sera reçue par le dit Shérif, durant les quinze jours qui en précéderont la vente. Québec 27 Avril 1815.

**Il a été trouvé un Cheval noyé à Saint-Michel avec un Harnois.** **JOSEPH CHAMBERTANT.** Québec, le 23 Mai, 1815.

**Le Soussigné a à vendre au magasin de Thos. C. Olive, pour l'Argent comptant seulement, à un prix très modéré, les articles suivants:** Draps superfins, moyens, et gros, Casimires Dn. Do. Flanelles de toutes descriptions, Fishings, Couvertures, Bas, Gingham, Indiennes, Taillanderies assorties de City en Quarts de 4 toises chaque, Verres communs, Finance et une variété d'autres articles. Québec, le 16 Janvier, 1815. **FREK. OLIVA.**

**MAISON DE PENSION** de MAD. E. MOORE, Rue du Cul-de-Sac, No. 5, Neuf ou Dix Messieurs y peuvent être logés et pensionnés d'une manière commode et à des termes raisonnables. Mad. Moore fait ses remerciements des faveurs qu'elle a déjà eues, et elle espère les mériter, par une attention constante, l'approbation de tous ceux qui pourront à l'avenir demeurer chez elle. Québec, le 16 Février, 1815.

**A VENDRE** aux Magasins des Soussignés, Vin de Port de la première qualité en Pipes, Melasse en Barriques, Cassiole en Quarts, Café en Sacs et Tierces, Cuivre en Barre, Eau de vie de Cognac en Pipes, Vin rouge de Melasse en Pipes, un acre de 24 quarts 3 quarts 22 1/2, un ditro 13 quarts 23 lbs. 1200 douzaines de crampes, 100 douzaines de Champagne de Cuvée de N. Casle, 100 douzaines de cardage de Gainsbor, 3 Mille pieds de chéne blanc marchand, 4 Mille pied de pin rouge marchand. Québec, 28e Mars, 1810. **JOHN MURE, & Co.**

**MENAGEZ VOS GUENILLES.** Le Soussigné donnera 4 Sous de la LIVRE de toutes Guenilles nettes de Coton et de Laine, et autres Quarante par Cent de Commission aux Marchands ou autres qui voudront recueillir cet article pour lui, il payera le Transport au Moulin de Papier de Jacques Cartier, pourvu que la distance ne soit pas de plus de Dix lieues. Jacques Cartier, le 29 Mars 1815. **ADAM RENNIE.**

**A VENDRE PAR LE SOUSSIGNÉ:** 13 do de souffre en baton, 50 do de vert, 1 do de fleur de souffre, 10 do do Congo, 2 do de vitriol blanc, 100 tonnes de rum des Îles, 1 do de ver-de-gris de France, 30 do d'esprit de la Jamaïque, 1 do d'Aloué au Cap, 11 quarts de café, 4 balles de cotonnille, 50 do de cassonade, 1 caisse de mouches cantharidiques, 5 balles de drap assorti, 4 boîtes de racine goustiane, 1 do de drap à pelisse, 5 quarts de clous et pointes, 1 do de casimire, 5 do de chapeaux, 10 do de papier peint, 2 caisses de couteaux assortis de Weldon, 10 do de papier à lettre, 1 do de rasoir, 1 do do de goût, 1 do de rasoirs, 1 do de nappes de coton, 1 do de poutures et couplets, 2 do de coton à chemise, 1 do de vis, 6 valises d'indienne, 1 do de limes à scie, 1 caisse de chausses pour les hommes, 1 do de fourchettes à dents, 6 pièces de soie d'Irlande, 1 caisse de basin, 30 quarts de raisin, 1 do de drap à la mode, 10 do de goudron, 1 valise de Souliers pour les hommes, 50 do de caproser, 10 do d'alum.

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