Montreal Herald.

AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

VOLUME LIII. MONTREAL, TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 12, 1861. NUMBER 61.

POST OFFICE,

MONTREAL, February 21, 1860.

Arrivals and Departures of Mails at Montreal.

MAILS.	CLOSE.	DUE.
Quebec, Danville, &c., *per Railroad*	3.00 p m	8.00 a m
Sorel, Three Rivers and *North Shore* Mail	2.00 p m	8.00 a m
Canada West, Ottawa, and Upper Ottawa	6.00 a m 3.45 p m	12.30 p m 9.00 p m
Laprairie, Lacolle, &c	1.30 p m	10.30 a m
St. Johns, C.E.	6.00 a m 1.30 p m	10.30 a m 9.15 p m
United States, *except Portland*	1.30 p m 7.15 a m	10.30 a m 8.00 a m
St. Hyacinthe and Melbourne	3.00 p m	1.00 p m 8.00 a m
Portland and Island Pond	7.15 a m	1.00 p m
Chateauguay and Beauharnois	6.00 a m	6.00 p m
Lachine	6.00 a m 2.00 p m	9.15 a m 6.15 p m
St. Remi, Hemmingford & Plattsburg	2.00 p m	11.30 a m
Chambly, St. Cesaire, &c	3.00 p m	1.00 p m
Longueuil and Contrecœur	1.30 p m	10.00 a m
St. Laurent, St. Eustache, St. Benoit	7.30 a m	7.00 a m
Grenville and Carillon	6.00 a m	7.00 a m
Ste. Therese, Ste. Rose, St. Jerome	7.30 a m	7.00 a m
Terrebonne, New Glasgow	6.30 a m	5.00 p m
St. John, N B., Halifax & P.E. Island	3.00 p m	1.00 p m

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the closing of each Mail.

NOTE.—All the above Mails are daily [Sundays excepted]. except that for St. John's, N.B., Halifax and P. E. Island, which arrives and closes every Wednesday

PRINCE OF WALES AND SUITE STEREOSCOPIC, BY NOTMAN, PRICE, 50 CENTS. *MOUNTED FOR FRAMING OR ALBUM,* 25 CENTS.

THE above were specially approved of and under the immediate Patronage of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen, Princess Alice, &c., &c.

NOTMAN, Photographer to Her Majesty,

9 & 11 BLEURY STREET, MONTREAL.

NOTMAN'S STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF Canada, Niagara Falls, Victoria Bridge, &c., 25 CENTS EACH.

"Amongst the best, if not *the* best, both as Photographs and Pictures, that we have ever examined."—*London Photographic News*, Oct. 12, 1860.

"A large boon to art."—*London Art Journal*, Nov., 1860.

December 15. 298

JOHN PALMER, *NO. 125 NOTRE DAME STREET,* Hair-Dresser, Wig-Maker and Perfumer.

PALMER'S NEW and IMPROVED HAIR DYE for Sale, and privately applied at No. 125 Notre Dame Street. Wigs, Toupees, Braids, and all kinds of Hair Work on hand, or made to order, at reasonable prices.

January 30. 26

"ERROY & CO.'S" CELEBRATED CHAMPAGNES Constantly on hand and for Sale by R. THOMAS, Dealer in fine Teas, Coffees & choice Groceries, Bonaventure Building.

February 7. 33

$5000 TO LEND ON REAL ESTATE, (CITY PROPERTY.) I. E. MALHIOT, Broker, 50 St. François Xavier Street.

February 20. 44

DRY GOODS. No. 283 Saint Paul Street,

THE Subscriber has now RECEIVED the greater portion of his Autumn & Winter Stock OF Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Small Wares, And invites the inspection of City and Country buyers.

R. ADAMS.

Sept. 15. 221

Important National Work PUBLISHED BY D. APPLETON & CO., 346 & 348 BROADWAY NEW-YORK.

Which is sent to Subscribers in any part of the country (upon receipt of retail price) by mail or express, prepaid:

Appleton's New American Cyclopædia, A popular Dictionary of General Knowledge. Edited by George Ripley and Charles A. Dana, aided by a numerous select corps of writers in all branches of Science, Art and Literature. This work is being published in about 15 large octavo volumes, each containing 750 two-column pages. Vols. I. to VIII. are now ready, each containing near 2,500 original articles. And additional volume will be published once in about three months.

The work is issued in bound volumes. Price in cloth, $3; Sheep, $3.50; half Morocco, $4; half Russia, $4.50; full Morocco Antique, $5.50; full Russia, $5.50 each.

In this comprehensive work, for every object, person and thing, natural, political and social, likely to be inquired after, there is, in its alphabetical place, a representative article giving information. There are many heads of a conversational character, never before admitted into works of the same class, but all of them interesting and important.

The results of the researches of four thousand years into the arcana of knowledge are sifted, arranged and condensed. Nothing in Nature, in Science, in Art, or in Commerce, but is placed in the latest light. The reader is thoroughly posted in Geography, Biography and History.

The vast amount of new and original matter which it contains, and the care with which all scientific subject of a progressive character are brought down to the present time, render the work indispensable to those who would keep their stock of general information up to the demands of modern society.

A single dollar a month put aside while the work is appearing, is sufficient to purchase the whole.

The work has been endorsed by nearly all the great lights of our contemporary Literature, such as Prof. Silliman, Washington Irving, Thomas H. Benton, Prescott, Chapin, Barnard, Holmes, Professor Henry, Archbishops Hughes and Potter, etc., and the Press has been unanimous in its favour.

WM. BEST, 53 St. Francois Xavier Street, Agent.

March 26. mwf 73

FRESH GARDEN AND FIELD SEEDS.—The Subscriber has now received his supplies of SEEDS for the coming season. The assortment is most extensive and complete in every branch. Catalogues may be had on application at the Agricultural Warehouse, St Ann's Hall, St. Ann's Market, Montreal.

WM. EVANS.

February 2. 3m 29

SPLENDID NEW FLOWER SEEDS.—A complete assortment, comprising nearly Four Hundred Varieties, just received. Catalogues may be had on application at the Agricultural Warehouse, St. Ann's Hall, St. Ann's Market, Montreal.

WM. EVANS.

February 2. 3m 29

SPLENDID NEW FRENCH FLOWER ROOTS—A complete assortment just received. Descriptive Catalogues to be had on application at the St. Ann's Hall, St. Ann's Market, Montreal.

WM. EVANS.

February 2. 3m ws 29

FOR SALE, 1,000 CWT. TABLE CODFISH 200 bbls. Green do 100 bbls. Labrador Herrings 50 do Salmon By M. A. BUCK & CO., Corner McGill and William Streets.

Feb 20. 44

GREEN CODFISH.

118 BRLS. of the above for sale, vey low, to close an account sales, by W. L. MURISON, 18 Lemoine Street.

February 14. 39

HOPS! HOPS!

THE undersigned have received a few Bales of CHOICE NEW HOPS. —Also,— Some of 1859 growth. McCULLOCH BROS., 8 Common Street.

January 19. 17

Wants.

WANTED,—By a BOOK-KEEPER, having a few spare Hours in the Evening, employment,—say Writing up Books, &c. Apply at this Office.

November 22. 279

WANTED,—A LAD to WAIT on TABLE, and make himself useful. None but with unexceptionable credentials need apply. Apply at this Office.

November 8. 267

WANTED,—A FRENCH PROTESTANT NURSE. Respectable certifiates will be required. Apply at this Office.

Oct. 16. 247

WANTED a Young man having a knowledge of Hardware, to travel in Canada West. Address with reference X. Y. Z., Post Office.

August

Houses, &c., TO LET, OR FOR SALE.

DWELLING HOUSES.

TO LET, The comfortable and pleasantly situated DWELLING-HOUSE, No. 243 St. Lawrence Street, containing 13 Apartments, with Garden, Stables, &c. Possession on 1st May, or sooner if required.

W. L. DOUTNEY.

March 1. 52

TO LET, TWO NEW HOUSES, corner of Guy and St. Catherine Streets—a pleasant location—containing Drawing Room, Dining Room, Pantry, five Bedrooms, Bath Room, W. C., Kitchen, Cellar, &c. The Houses stand 35 feet from the street line, have large Yards and good Outbuildings in rear, with Water and Gas. Rent low. Apply to J. MULLINS, 210 St. Joseph Street.

March 1. 52

TO LET, A Splendid BRICK COTTAGE, in St. Andre Street, No. 24. Apply to LOUIS DURAND, Pork Trader, Bonsecours Market.

March 1. 52

FOR SALE, The TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, No. 2 Brunswick Street. The Lot is 55 feet front, by 88 feet deep, and now occupied by James Hutton, Esq. Terms easy. Apply to C. TUGGEY.

March 1. 52

FOR SALE, A most desirable DETACHED FAMILY RESIDENCE, recently erected, on the McGill College property. The House is substantially built, newly Papered and Painted, and in first-rate order throughout; has excellent Stable and Outbuildings, and a never-failing Well of Water. For terms and further particulars, apply to LAWFORD & NELSON, ARCHITECTS, Corner Place d'Armes and Notre Dame Street.

March 7. du 57

TO LET, That CUT STONE HOUSE, 3 Stories high, No. 7 Little St. James Street, adjoining Dr. Bowker's, and now occupied by Messrs. McKay & Austin, Advocates. Rent moderate. Apply to EDW. THOMPSON, No. 146 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

March 8. 58

TO LET, The RESIDENCE of Judge Smith, at the Mountain. The Lot contains three arpents, is well stocked with Fruit Trees, and in a high state of cultivation. The House will be let for a term of years if required. Possession given immediately. Apply to the Proprietor.

January 21. 18

HOUSES TO LET. No. 4 Cornwall Terrace, St. Denis Street. No. 66 St. Denis Street. No. 22 Durham Place, St. Lewis Street. No. 12 St. Lewis Street. Also, Four pleasantly-situated Cottages at Lachine. Apply to LOUIS BOYER, No. 85 Commissioners' Street.

February 25. 2m 48

TO LET, A Fine STONE HOUSE in the Village of the Tanneries des Rolland, large enough to accommodate two families. Alterations would be made to suit Tenant. Also, THREE DWELLINGS in a WOODEN HOUSE. The whole will be rented very cheap. Apply to J. O. GUILMETTE, Merchant, Nos. 198 & 172 St. Paul Street.

February 26. 1m 49

TRAFALGAR COTTAGE FOR SALE.

The Subscriber has been instructed by Mr. Furniss, who is desirous of going to Europe, to Sell the above named Property, situate on the Cote des Neiges Road. It is so well known—being one of the finest sites on the Mountain of Montreal—that a description of it is unnecessary. The House may be seen, and the Property viewed, after the 1st March. Terms of payment will be highly advantageous. For particulars, apply to C. TUGGEY.

Feb. 18. 1m 42

TO LET, The Large Three-Story STONE HOUSE, 130 Craig Street, at present occupied by James Sculthorp, Esq. Apply to WILSON & COUILLARD, St. Paul Street.

Feb. 7. 33

TO LET, The TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE in Poplar Place, Mountain Street, with Water and Gas. Rent low. Possession on 1st May next. Apply to C. TUGGEY.

February 5. 31

TO LET, That Cut Stone HOUSE, No. 8 Notre Dame Street, with good Brick Outhouses, at present occupied by H. Driscoll, Esq., Q.C. Apply to COURT & MACINTOSH.

February 28. trs 51

TO LET, In Dorchester Street (East), near St. Denis Street, TWO BRICK HOUSES, now in course of completion, and will be ready for occupation in April next, each containing Drawing Room, Dining Room, Pantry, Six Bed Rooms, Bath Room, W. C., Kitchen, Cellar, &c. The Houses stand 20 feet from the street line, and will have good Yards and Outbuildings in rear. Rent moderate. Apply to the Proprietor, MR. JOHN JOHNSTON, Corner of Dorchester and Amherst Streets; Or to Messrs. LAWFORD & NELSON, Architects, Place d'Armes.

January 24. 21

TO LET, That first-class DWELLING HOUSE, No. 3 Benny's Buildings, now occupied by H. Mathieson, Esq. WALTER BENNY.

January 28 24

HOUSES TO LET.

FOUR HOUSES on Molson's Terrace, pleasantly situated, and facing St. Helen's Island, each with Coach House and Stable for three horses. —Also,— A large BRICK HOUSE and Premises, known as Sir John Johnson's House. A large CUT STONE HOUSE, No. 363 St. Mary Street, near the Longueuil Ferry. —And,— The STORES, known as the Car Factory, on Murray, Kemp and Smith Streets, Griffintown. Rent low. Possession given immediately. Apply at No. 1 MOLSON TERRACE.

January 31. 27

TO LET, From the 1st of May next, The Block of Buildings on Sherbrooke Street, known as the PRINCE OF WALES TERRACE, comprising nine separate Dwellings. These Houses are all first class, finished in a very superior manner, and contain Hot, Cold and Shower Baths, &c., and will be warmed by Gold's Heating Apparatus. No expense has been spared to render these premises desirable in every respect. The Yards are spacious and the Outbuildings large and commodious. The beauty of the situation is well known and requires no comment. For terms, &c., apply to HENRY JACKSON, On the Premises; Or at the Office of MESSRS. BOYER & HAWLEY, Commissioners' Street.

January 30. 26

Houses, &c., TO LET, OR FOR SALE.

TO LET, A ONE-STORY WOODEN HOUSE and ORCHARD, corner of Dorchester and Guy Streets. Rent £40 and assessments. —Also,— A ONE-STORY WOODEN HOUSE and GARDEN, corner of Guy and St. Antoine Streets, in this City. Rent £45 and assessments. Apply to M. P. GUY, No. 72 St. Francois Xavier Street.

Feb. 18. mwf 42

TO LET, That First-Class THREE STORY CUT STONE HOUSE, No. — St Antoine Street, at present occupied by Mr. McKenzie, of the Grand Trunk.—This House has Cold and Hot Water in the third Story, with Baths, Gas Fixtures, Chandeliers &c., complete; the whole in perfect order. There is a Garden in the rear. Possession on the 1st May next. —Also,— FOUR BRICK HOUSES in Perthius Street. New and in good order. AMABLE PREVOST.

February 20. mwf 44

TO LET, The Residence, No. 1 VICTORIA TERRACE, Sherbrooke Street, at present occupied by Mrs. Cormack. Apply at No. 2, or to JOSEPH N. HALL & CO., Corner of St. Gabriel and St. Paul Streets.

February 7. 33

TO LET, A commodious HOUSE in St. Jean Baptiste Street, close to Notre Dame Street, suitable for a Boarding House or two moderate sized families. Apply to LAMPLOUGH & CAMPBELL, Apothecaries Hall.

February 20. wf 44

HOTELS TO LET.

THE DONEGANA HOTEL.

TO BE LET FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

This HOTEL was fitted out last season in the handsomest style of modern Furniture, for the purchase of which suitable arrangements would be made with a lessee. For particulars, apply to MR. FURNISS.

January 30. 26

TO LET, THE PREMISES forming the corner of St. Henry and St. Joseph Streets, known as the NATIONAL HOTEL, consisting of a large Three Story Stone House, containing a large Dining Room, 50x20, several Sitting Rooms, and about 40 Bed Rooms, well suited for a first-class Hotel, being one of the best and most convenient stands in the city. Apply to C. TUGGEY.

March 6. 56

TO LET, The ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL, Jacques Cartier Square, near the Court House and Steamboat Wharves, containing one hundred rooms, large Basement, Reading Rooms, Bar Room, spacious Parlors, Baths, Hot Air Furnaces, &c. There is a Balcony on the Square, from which the view is most agreeable. The lower part of the Hotel may be converted into Shops. Possession on 1st May next. Conditions liberal. Apply on the Premises to E. ROY, Advocate, Or to ROUER ROY, Advocate, No. 18 St. Therese Street.

February 12. 37

STORES TO LET.

STORE TO LET, Presently occupied by Messrs. James Douglas & Co. Apply to the undersigned, next door. JAS. WALKER & CO., 264 St. Paul Street.

February 28. 51

TO LET, The STORE and PREMISES, in St. Eloi Street, occupied by G. D. Stuart, Esq. Possession on the 1st May next. Apply to WM. LUNN.

February 11. 36

STORES TO LET, TWO first-class STONE STORES in the Subscribers' Block, Grey Nun Street. IRA GOULD & SONS.

February 5. 31

TO LET, That first-class STORE, No. 17 Saint Peter Street. Immediate possession if required. Apply to NELSON & BUTTERS.

February 5. 31

STORE TO LET, *From 1st May next, (possession immediately, if desired),* The Three-Story CUT STONE STORE, 85 x 50 feet, corner of Common and Prince Streets, fronting the Canal Basin. Apply to I. BUCHANAN, HARRIS & CO.

January 31. 27

WAREHOUSE TO LET, (From the First of May next), That Commodious THREE-STORY STONE WAREHOUSE, No. 20 Grey Nun Street, belonging to the Estate of the late Wm. Lyman. Apply to JOHN CARTER.

February 8. 34

STORE TO LET. The Store and Premises, 309 St. Paul Street, adjoining the Subscribers', now occupied by Messrs. Kortosk & Bros. The contemplated improvements will make it a first class Store, and the drawing of trade to this section of the city renders it a desirable location for a General Wholesale Business. Apply to GREENE & SONS.

February 12. 1lstM'y-37

TO LET, Those Large STORES and PREMISES in St. Gabriel Street, now occupied by Messrs. Anderson, Evans & Evans, and formerly by the firm of Forsyth, Richardson & Co. Possession 1st May next. For particulars, apply to H. O. ANDREWS, 47 St. Gabriel Street.

February 12. 37

TO LET, The Premises on St. Joseph Street, opposite the Hotel Dieu, at present occupied by Andrew Hayes, Esq., and the Premises adjoining. Apply to WM. DARLING & CO., St. Paul Street.

Feb. 15. 1m 40

TO LET, The STORE, Corner of Common and Queen Streets, lately occupied by Mr. M. K. Dickinson. Apply to MESSRS. OGILVY & CO., Little St. Joseph Street.

February 2. 29

TO LET, Those PREMISES occupied by George Van Buskirk, 35 Great St. James Street, so long and favorably known as a Dentist establishment. These Premises would make very superior Offices. Possession given 1st May next. Apply to WM. MUIR, At Muir, Ewan & Co's., 75 McGill Street.

February 1. mwf 28

TO LET, FIRST CLASS DRY GOODS WAREHOUSE, in Lemoine Street, now occupied by Wm. Hobbs, Jr., with skylight improvements. Possession 1st March if required. —ALSO,— STORE 16, St. Peter Street, occupied by Mitchell & Gear. JESSE JOSEPH.

January 16. mwf 14

Houses, &c., TO LET, OR FOR SALE.

SHOPS TO LET.

TO LET, The SHOP at the Corner of Wellington and Dalhousie Streets, now in the possession of Mrs. McHale. —Also,— The SHOP in Wellington Street, adjoining the above now in the possession of Mr. Sheehy. Enquire of EDWARD GOFF PENNY.

January 31. 27

TO LET, The SHOP and BACK STORE, No. 154 Notre Dame Street, [opposite Herbert's Music Store], at present occupied by Mr. D. McIntyre, Grocer. Apply to JOSEPH N. HALL & CO., Corner St. Gabriel and St. Paul Streets.

February 7. 33

TO LET, A Three Story CUT STONE HOUSE with SHOP, No. 12 Bonaventure Street, in good order. Rent low.—Possession on 1st May next. Apply to C. TUGGEY.

February 13. 38

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO LET, Those EXTENSIVE PREMISES forming the Corner of St. Paul and Commissioners' Streets (by Saint Dizier Lane), now occupied by Messrs. Lamothe & McGregor. *Alterations will be made to suit a good tenant.* —Also,— The SHOP and DWELLING No. 249 St. Paul Street, a few doors from St. Francois Xavier Street, occupied by Messrs. Bourgouin & Boucher. —And,— The SHOP and DWELLING No. 318 St. Paul Street, a few doors from McGill Street. Apply to O. BERTHELET; or, Alf. LaRocque.

March 2. 53

TO LET, That THREE-STORY FIRST CLASS RESIDENCE in Sherbrooke Street, now occupied by Henry Lyman, Esq. And in DAVID'S BLOCK— The VAULTS occupied by Hayward & Co. The well-known FRUIT STORE. A NEW SHOP in course of construction, 30 x 17. —AND,— The STORAGE now occupied by Messrs. Wm. MacDonald. —Also,— A BRICK STABLE in Fortification Lane, opposite Patterson's. M. E. DAVID, 43 Little St. James Street.

January 18. mwf 42

TO LET, From the First May next, The commodious SHOP and DWELLING, corner of Notre Dame and St. Gabriel Streets, now occupied as a Shoe Store by Mr. Thibaudeau; and an OFFICE, consisting of Two Rooms, in the rear of said building, entrance by St. Gabriel Street. —ALSO,— The Three-Story CUT STONE HOUSE No. 1 Windsor Place, with every convenience. Water Closet, Bath, Hot and Cold Water, &c., &c. Now occupied by the proprietor. ARCH. FERGUSON.

January 16. 14

TO RENT, For a term of years to a suitable Tenant, the GROUND STORY, FLOOR and BASEMENT, if required, for a Shop or for public Offices, No. 83 Great St. James Street. The plans for Shop front and all other information can be obtained by making early application to H. MUNRO.

February 26. 49

SHOPS AND OFFICES TO LET.

TWO new handsomely finished SHOPS TO LET, in Mr. Toupin's new building, Place d'Armes. —Also,— A few choice OFFICES, with Fire-Proof Safes. Possession 1st May next. Apply to H. M. PERRAULT, Architect, No. 53 St. Francois Xavier Street.

February 5. 31

TO LET, Possession 1st May next, The SECOND FLAT of that STONE HOUSE in Great St. James Street, situated between Messrs. Prowse & McFarlane's and the Mechanics' Institute. It contains seven fine Rooms, well adapted for Offices. Possession of five of these Apartments given at once, if required. Apply to R. CAMPBELL & CO., 31 and 32 St. Francois Xavier Street.

January 25. 22

TO LET, In the Union Buildings, ONE DOUBLE OFFICE, with Fireproof Safes, at present occupied by Messrs. Taylor Bros. Possession on first May next. Apply to C. TUGGEY.

Febuary 15. 40

OFFICES TO LET.

TWO DOUBLE OFFICES [Exchange Court], with SAFES—TO LET. JOHN JAMES BROWNE, Architect.

February 4. 30

TO LET, The UPPER PART of the Four-Story Cut-Stone HOUSE, No. 109 Notre Dame Street, adjoining the Court House. PETER DEVINS, 103 Hubert Street.

February 26. 49

TO LET, GROUND FLOOR (and Basement if required), 90 x 30, in the first-class Store No. 14 Lemoine Street. JESSE JOSEPH.

February 23. 46

SALE BY LICITATION.

THE attention of CAPITALISTS and others is directed to the SALE by LICITATION of the following FARM, belonging to the Heirs of the late Captain JOHN CLARK, which will take place on the 19th of March next.

The FARM contains 184 acres, and is beautifully situated, in the Parish of Long Pointe, only 2½ miles from the City of Montreal.

There are six acres fronting on the River St. Lawrence, containing the House and a Garden well stocked with Fruit Trees, which will be sold separate. This would form a delightful Country Residence.

The terms, which are easy, can be ascertained on application to THOMAS CLARK, 51 Notre Dame Street, or on the Premises.

February 11. 36

THOMAS DAVIDSON GENERAL HARDWARE MERCHANT Cathedral Block, Notre Dame Street.

JUST RECEIVING, ex Steamers and Ships now in port, a good assortment of HOUSE-KEEPING ARTICLES.

Toilet Sets, Dish Covers, Hot Water Plates, Hot Water Dishes, Enamelled Pots, Pans, Plates, Dishes, Grid-Irons, &c., Champagne Cutters, Pinking Punchers and Pinking Irons, &c., &c.

Also, Direct from Germany, Brass Window Cornices and Curtain Bands, Painted Wove Wire for Screens, &c. Lamps and Best Coal Oil.

N.B.—T. D. respectfully announces that in order to meet the demands of his customers he has fitted up, in the upper part of his store, a Tinsmith's Shop, and has engaged first-rate Workmen. Tin Ware articles made up to order. Stoves fitted up and all the work of a Tin Shop regularly carried on.

September 24 228

For Sale,

12 VOLS. of *CHAMBERS' JOURNAL* (bound in half-calf), from 1st January, 1844, to December, 1855. Also, the MONTHLY NUMBERS—unbound—from January, 1855, to the present time. The whole to be sold for $40, cash. Apply to J.G.R., Box 329, Quebec

February 26. 49

CONCERTS AND BALLS.

KEMP & CO., 212 Notre Dame Street, second door East of the French Church, HAVE A FINE ASSORTMENT OF White Kid Gloves, White Silk Ties, White Muslin Ties, Silk Half Hose, Dress Shirts, Shirt Collars, &c.

February 5. 31

RINGLAND & EWART Have Just Received, Ex "NORTH BRITON," A Choice Lot of Shirtings, from 6½ to 10½d Cotton and Linen Sheetings Table Linens, Quilts, &c., Which they are selling at LOW PRICES for CASH.

CANADA SHIRT STORE. 272 Notre Dame Street.

February 13. 38

New Music.

CHOICE PIANO COMPOSITIONS: Die Ball-Königen—Salonstuck—Franz Abt. Chant du Pecher, par Jules Schulhoff. Capriccio—H. A. Wollenhaupt. Grande Sonate Brillante, par Fesca. Ein Herz und Ein Sinn—Tonbluthe—F. Spindler. Romanze fur Piano, von Fritz Spindler. For sale at A. & S. NORDHEIMER'S, 59 Great St. James Street

January 15. 13

EXTRACT FROM THE "LONDON GAZETTE" OF THE 18TH JANUARY, 1861.

"NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the "Partnership which existed between "the Undersigned, carrying on business in "London, under the firm of GILLESPIES, "MOFFATT & CO., and in Montreal, under "the firm of GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO., "expired by efflux of time on 31st December "last, when ALEXANDER GILLESPIE and JOHN "OGILVY MOFFATT retired from such business; "from and after which date the said business is "continued under the same firms, as well in "London as in Montreal, by the remaining "partners, together with ALEXANDER THOMAS "PATERSON and JAMES ALEXANDER GILLESPIE. "Dated this 14th day of January, 1861.

"GEORGE MOFFATT, "By his Attorney, ALEX. GILLESPIE; "ALEX. GILLESPIE; "JAS. B. GREENSHIELDS, "By his Attorney, ALEX. GILLESPIE; "ROBT. GILLESPIE, JR., "JOHN O. MOFFATT, "GEORGE MOFFATT, JR., "By their Attorney, ALEX. GILLESPIE."

Feb. 14. 3m 38

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS. BY PRIVATE SALE AT THE STORE OF J. T. PEACOCK, 138 NOTRE DAME STREET.

GREAT CLEARING-OUT SALE, at COST PRICE, from now until the 1st of May, the entire Stock of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Diamond Rings, Jewellery, Plated Ware, Fancy Goods, Papier-Mache Ware, &c.

An early call is respectfully requested, as this is a rare opportunity for parties wishing to supply themselves with first-class Goods.

January 8. 7

CARPETING AND FLOOR OIL CLOTHS

A LARGE IMPORTATION OF NEW DESIGNS Just received by the last two Steamers AT THE *CARPET WAREHOUSE,* 74 GREAT ST. JAMES STREET, Forming an assortment unsurpassed in the Province. An inspection respectfully invited. JAMES BAYLIS, IMPORTER.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. MONTREAL—74 Great St. James Street. TORONTO—2 Commercial Buildings, Yonge St.

November 16. 274

GENTLEMEN'S Warm Hawick Underclothing, IN Drawers, Jackets and Sox, KNITTED JACKETS, *SCARFS.* JOHN AITKEN SON & CO. LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S Warm Woollen Underclothing, OF ALL SORTS. —Also,— BABY LINENS, LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING, LADIES' DRESSING GOWNS, STAYS, CAPS, CRINOLINE. 211 & 213 Notre Dame Street

SAVAGE & LYMAN Have just received per Steamer "Bohemian," A CASE OF Fancy French Goods, Consisting of: Fans, Opera Glasses, Steel Brooches and Ear-rings, Leather Bags, Silver Portemonais, Gold and Jet Brooches and Necklaces, Stereoscopes and Views. &c. &c. &c. CATHEDRAL BLOCK, Notre Dame Centre.

December 24. 305

GRATIS! GRATIS!!

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, INFLUENZA, ASTHMA, COUGHS, CURED FREE OF CHARGE.

A PERSON having been cured of consumption, by the use of a remedy administered by an Indian, and who has tried it with success in the above dread diseases, will most willingly, if called upon by sufferers, indicate the means of cure, free of charge. All letters will be responded to if addressed [post-paid] to No. 110 German Street, Montreal, where any consultation or information may also be had by applying personally.

Feb. 20. 3m 43

MISSING.

TWO CASKS DRY WHITE LEAD, marked— L E & CO T 68.73

Said to be landed from "John Bull, en route for Toronto. Information will be thankfully received by the undersigned Consignees. LYMANS, CLARE & CO., 226 St. Paul Street.

February 1. mwf 28

CASH ADVANCES.

THE undersigned are prepared to make liberal CASH ADVANCES to Canadian shippers on Consignments of FLOUR, GRAIN and other Produce to their friends in Liverpool, London and Glasgow. PAGE, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors Merchants' Line Packet Ships, 114 State Street, Boston. For all information, apply to F. W. HENSHAW, AGENT, No. 7 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.

January 23. 20

235 Notre Dame Street FOR SALE.

JUST IMPORTED, 300 GERMAN SINGING CANARIES, $3 each. Amongst them a those with the Bell, Skylark and Nightingale Notes. Also, Long Breed Canaries, Bullfinches, Goldfinches, Linnets, Blackbirds, Thrushes and Mocking Birds. With a good assortment of Fancy Cages Hemp, Canary and Rape Seeds. Just arrived, a large assortment of Tailors Sheers, Women's and Barbers' Scissors, of the best quality.

January 25. 3m mwf 25

PRINTING.

BUSINESS CARDS, BILL HEADS, CIRCULARS, FUNERAL LETTERS, FANCY SHOW BILLS, POSTERS, DRUGGISTS' LABELS, VISITING CARDS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, BANK FORMS, RAILWAY FORMS, LEGAL FORMS, INSURANCE FORMS, BILLS OF LADING, PRICES CURRENT, RECEIPTS, WAY BILLS, CATALOGUES, And every other kind of JOB PRINTING, Executed at the "HERALD" JOB PRINTING OFFICE

NOTICE.

CENSUS OFFICE FOR THE CITY OF MONTREAL, No 2 Commercial Chambers, ST. SACRAMENT STREET.

OFFICE HOURS—10 TO 12 M. & 1 TO 3 P.M.

ANY INFORMATION required will be given by the Commissioners. Reports as to the progress of the City in any respect, especially as regards Manufactures, will be thankfully received.

J. A. PERKINS, JR., Secretary.

January 10. 9

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber, intending to confine himself strictly to A CASH BUSINESS during the WINTER SEASON, begs to say that he will give such inducements to persons requiring anything in his line of BUSINESS so that none may go away without purchasing. WINTER CLOTH, CASSIMERES & TWEEDS suitable for the season. —ALSO,— A complete assortment of UNDERCLOTHING, COLLARS, TIES, SCARFS, BRACES, GLOVES MITTS, COMBS, BRUSHES, &c., &c.

A. G. LINDSAY, Tailor and Clothier, Opposite St. Lawrence Hall.

December 21. 303

WE, the undersigned, have entered into CO-PARTNERSHIP as MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS, under the name and style of "BURNS, COWAN & CO."

JOHN BURNS, R. L. COWAN.

WITH reference to the above, the Subscribers intimate that the MONTREAL BRANCH of their WORKS, corner of William and Thomas Streets, Griffintown, will be in active operation early in January.

BURNS, COWAN & CO.

CANADA CHEMICAL WORKS. Office, 27 Lemoine Street, Montreal, Dec. 27, 1860. 309

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP between the Subscribers is THIS DAY DISSOLVED by mutual consent. The Business in future will be conducted by JOSEPH ANDREW GRAHAM on his own account, who assumes all the engagements of the late Firm, and to whom all Debts are to be paid.

J. A. GRAHAM. R. T. MUIR.

Montreal, Feb. 12, 1861. du trs-39

The Canada Presbyterian Church

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF CANADA, and the UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF CANADA, having resolved to unite as one Church under the designation of "THE CANADA PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH," mutually purpose applying to the Legislature for an Act of Parliament to enable congregations in connection with them to hold their property after the Union, in the same manner as it is now held in connection with the separate Churches.

By authority of the Synods, W. TAYLOR, D.D., U. P. Church of Canada. ALEX. F. KEMP, Presbyterian Church of Canada.

November 29. t 285

ARE YOU LOSING YOUR APPETITE? ARE YOU TROUBLED WITH DYSPEPSIA? ARE YOU SUFFERING FROM URINARY COMPLAINTS? HAVE YOU TO KEEP LATE HOURS? IS YOUR SYSTEM IRREGULAR? IS YOUR EMPLOYMENT SEDENTERY?

BE advised and drink PLANTAGENET in the morning, and as a beverage daily, if possible, and your friends will soon mark the improved change in your appearance.

Those who use much Wine, Spirits, or Beer, will find great relief from the injurious effects of such, by a free use of PLANTAGENET WATER. It produces wonderful relief to the body, and improves the feelings. This is one of the advantages it has over other Water.

M. D.

SEND YOUR ORDERS

To the Place d'Armes, the only Depot now in the City for the Sale of the celebrated PLANTAGENET WATER. It will be delivered free of charge in any part of the City. The undersigned is the only authorised Agent. Address W. G. SLACK, Place d'Armes.

November 24. 281

Metalic Burial Casket.

WE are now manufacturing a very superior PATENT METALIC COFFIN, for which we received a Medal and Diploma at the late Exhibition. We give the opinions of some of our oldest and most respected citizens:—

"I consider the casket or coffin manufactured by Seale & Tees the best iron coffin now in use. The finish and shape is a great improvement on the old-fashioned metal coffin.

"JOSEPH WRAY. "JOHN HILTON."

"Having manufactured Air-Tight Coffins for many years, we consider Messrs. Seale & Tees' new metalic casket the most perfect. It is much stronger, and as neat as any imported, and has an advantage of being either soldered or cemented perfectly tight.

"PROWSE & MCFARLANE."

All orders sent by Mail, express or telegraph promptly attended to.

SEALE & TEES, Undertakers, No. 60 Great St. James Street

☞Residence on the Premises.

Dec. 19. 201

JUST RECEIVED, AT THE CRYSTAL BLOCK, OUR USUAL LARGE ASSORTMENT OF LORETTE MOCCASINS. Snow-Shoes Toboggans, &c., Which will be sold at *unusually low Prices.*

JOHN HENDERSON & CO., Notre Dame Street.

December 20. 302

SAMUEL HOLMES, TIN SHEET IRON AND ZINC WORKER 125 ST. PAUL STREET.

HOT AIR FURNACES BUILT on the most secure and best Ventilating principal yet ascertained.

Plumbing, Gas Fitting, &c., by the most competent Workmen, to which he would invite the attention of parties wanting anything in the above line.

All orders punctually attended to. S. HOLMES.

November 3. 263

EDUCATIONAL AND SCIENTIFIC TOYS.

A. HOFFNUNG

BEGS respectfully to intimate that the great success which attended his introduction last year of EDUCATIONAL & SCIENTIFIC TOYS has induced him to considerably increase the variety this Season, and he now begs to call attention to one of the most complete and interesting selections of New Year's Gifts for Children of an advanced age to be found in the City, viz.:

THE ZONES OF THE EARTH,—being Ten Colored Maps, each with a descriptive Book describing the remarkable productions of every part of the World.

THE USEFUL PLANTS,—similarly treated to the above.

MINERAL and GEOLOGICAL CABINETS,—with specimens and descriptive Book.

THE STUDY OF CHONCHOLOGY,—similarly treated to the above.

THE HISTORY and USES of the MAGNET,—with specimens and ...

THE STROBASCOPE, or MAGIC DISC,—a wonderful Toy, exhibiting the retentive nature of the Human Eye.

GALILEO'S WHEEL,—illustrating the Revolution of the Earth.

THE MANUFACTURE of the PIN and NEEDLE,—with progressive specimens and descriptions.

THE MANUFACTURE OF PAPER,—similarly treated to the above.

A large assortment of CONJURING TRICKS in Sets.—The Magic Coffee Pot, the Magic Can, the Magic Cask, And a very large assortment of Puzzles, Games, Dissections in Maps and Historial Subjects.

December 10 293

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S DRESSING CASES ARE THE MOST APPROPRIATE AND ACCEPTABLE NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

A. HOFFNUNG having received a SILVER MEDAL at the recent Industrial Exhibition for the best display of Fine Dressing Cases, would respectfully call attention to his present extensive assortment, which cannot be rivalled for elegance, taste and cheapness.

Dressing Cases completely furnished from $5 to $200. Dressing Cases of every description, in Wood or Leather, completely fitted with Electro Plated or Solid Silver Fittings, made to order on the shortest notice.

A. HOFFNUNG, 170 Notre Dame Street.

December 10. 293

USEFUL AND ORNAMENTAL.

NEXT to a good Fire, nothing is more essential than a GOOD LIGHT to make home cheerful. The expenditure of a FEW SHILLINGS at Hibbard's Lamp Store, FOR A GOOD COAL OIL LAMP will secure this luxury, besides saving the purchaser from extravagant Gas bills and a poisoned atmosphere.

Deodorised Coal Oil.

This article gives perfect satisfaction.

LAMP & OIL DEPOT, 161 St. Paul Street.

December 24. 305

Hops! Hops!

A SUPPLY of FRESH HOPS, Pressed. A general supply of TILDEN'S SUGAR-COATED PILLS and FLUID EXTRACTS. —Also,— HUNNEWELL'S TOLU ANODYNE. HUNNEWELL'S COUGH REMEDY. CEPHALIC PILLS. Just received and for sale by J. GARDNER, *Dispensing Chemist,* 295 (West End) Notre Dame Street.

COD LIVER OIL, imported direct from Newfoundland; in quart, pint and half pint bottles

LANGTON'S COD LIVER OIL, in pints and half-pints
CLARK'S COD LIVER OIL
BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, for Sore Throat, Hoarseness, &c
BLANCHARD'S PILLS and SYRUP of IODIDE of IRON
WINCHESTER'S PREPARATION of LIME and SODA
CUSHMAN'S SYRUP of the SUPHERPHOSPHATE of IRON
CUSHMAN'S CHEMICAL FOOD
CUSHMAN'S WINE of QUINIUM
WISTAR'S BALSAM of WILD CHERRY
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL
SHAKER'S SYRUP of SARSAPARILLA
BOGLE'S HAIR DYE, Black and Brown
BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, do do
BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID
MOFFAT'S PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTERS
PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
ENGLISH BARLEY SUGAR, in 1 lb tins
ENGLISH JUJUBES

For Sale by JOHN GARDNER, *Dispensing Chemist,* 295 (West End) Notre Dame Street.

Feb. 22. 46

Fresh Seeds! Fresh Seeds! 1861.

THE Subscriber have just received their usual supply of Garden and Field Seeds, which they offer to Gardeners, Farmers and Country Dealers on the best terms.

LAMPLOUGH & CAMPBELL, Apothecaries' Hall, Cathedral Block.

Fresh Seeds! Fresh Seeds! 1861.

1000 LBS LARGE RED MANGOLD WURTZEL
500 lbs Yellow Globe Mangold Wurtzel
2000 do Large Red American Onion
500 do Long Green Cucumber
500 do Early Frame do
200 do Early Horn Carrot
200 do Blood Red do
200 do Long Orange do
500 do Altringham do
400 do White Belgian do

With a like stock of other varieties.

LAMPLOUGH & CAMPBELL, Cathedral Block.

Feb. 22. 46

GOOD ENVELOPES, only Ninety Cents a Thousand; FINE LARGE LETTER ENVELOPES, Stamped and Gummed, only 90 cts. a Thousand—a Box of 500 for 45 cents; GOOD NOTE PAPER, Large Size, Ruled, 90 cents a ream; LETTER PAPER, Ruled, only $1 a ream.

J. A. GRAHAM, 19 Great St. James Street.

BEAUTIFUL STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, only Ninety Cents a Dozen; Interesting Groups, &c., $1,25 a Dozen; Coloured Illuminated Views at equally Low Prices. STEREOSCOPES from 50 cents upwards.

J. A. GRAHAM, 19 Great St. James Street.

February 14. 39

BY APPOINTMENT.

Important to Smokers.

G. LEVEY has just received TWO LARGE CASES (ex S.S. "North Briton") of the celebrated BRIAR ROOT PIPES, superior in style and finish to any ever imported

—Also,— 10,000 ZARZUELA CIGARS, the same as supplied to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales.

N.B.—Cheapest House in the trade for Briar Root, Meerschaum and Clay Pipes, and every description of Tobacconist's Fancy Goods.

G. LEVEY, 149 Notre Dame Steet, Montreal, Tobacconist to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.

February 12. 37

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, at the next Session of the Provincial Parliament, application will be made for the passing of an Act to Incorporate THE MONTREAL SKATING CLUB.

Montreal, January 30, 1861. 2m ts 29

CRYSTAL BLOCK CARPET & FURNISHING WAREHOUSE.

H. BENJAMIN & CO.

BEG to inform the Public that they have received their Patterns of NEWEST DESIGNS IN CARPETS For the Spring Trade.

To those requiring Carpets, they would call special attention to their NEWEST DESIGNS IN Brussels, Tapestry, Velvet, and Milton, Such as have never been before imported to this country, and CHEAP FOR CASH.

February 26. 49

Per S. S. "ANGLO-SAXON."

JUST RECEIVED— BILLIARD BALLS.

2 Inch	$11
2⅛ Inch	15
2¼ Inch	18
2⅜ Inch	22
2½ Inch	25

BAGATELLE BALLS.

1⅛ Inch	$ 5.50
1¼ Inch	7.00
1⅜ Inch	9.00
1½ Inch	11.00
1⅝ Inch	13.00

The above are of superior and WELL SEASONED Ivory.

—Also,— A FEW 7 AND 8 FEET MAHOGANY BAGATELLE BOARDS.

R. SHARPLEY, CRYSTAL BLOCK, Notre Dame Street.

February 23. 47

Hair Nets, Embroideries, &c. &c.

JUST RECEIVED, ex *NORTH AMERICAN,* BLACK CHENILLE NETS, Best quality and closely netted.

New Embroideries in Collars SLEEVES, &C.

—Also,— Black Maltese Laces, ALL WIDTHS, Now so fashionable for Trimmings, &c.

The above will be sold at a large reduction from the usual prices At J. PARKIN'S, 168 Notre Dame Street.

February 21. 45

New Song.

JUST PUBLISHED by the Subscriber— "ISALINE'S SONG," Composed by Edward MacDonnell, Esq. PRICE, 1s. 3D. Mailed to any address on receipt of the marked price.

HENRY PRINCE, 145 Notre Dame Street.

March 1. 52

New Books.

B. DAWSON & SON have just received—Fast Day Sermons, or the Pulpit on the State of the Country, $1.25; Bible Views of Slavery, a Fast Day Sermon, by Rev M J Raphael, M A, 25c; The Great Redemption, or Redemption Draweth Nigh, by Rev John Cumming, second series, $1; The American Almanac for 1861, $1; One of Them, by Chas Lever, 50c; Athletic Sports and Recreations for Boys, 38c; Hood's Own, second series, $3.15; The Headship of Christ, by Hugh Miller, $2.25; The Life of the Earl of Dundonald, 75c; The Coal Fields of Great Britain, by Edward Hull, $2; Lectures on the Apocalypse, by Rev L D Maurice, M A, $3.15; The Limits of Exact Science as Applied to History, by Rev Chas Kingsly, M A, 60c; Thoughts on Preaching, by Daniel Moore, M A, $2.25; Twenty Years in the Church, by the Rev Jas Rycroft, B A, of Trinity College, Oxford, 75c; The Brave Old English Confessors, $2.25; Catharine Blum, by Alexandre Dumas, 25c; The Young Husband, by Mrs Grey, 50c; Tales from Blackwood, vol 12, 45c; Elsie Venner, a Romance of Destiny, by Oliver Wendell Holmes, 2 vols, $1.75; The Children's Bible Picture Book, 75c; Tennyson's Poetical Works, $1; Motley's United Netherlands, 2 vols, $4, &c, &c.

For Sale at No. 23 Great St. James Street.

March 5. 55

1861. FRESH SEEDS. 1861.

LYMANS, CLARE & CO. have just received, per Canadian Steamers via Portland, and from the United States, their usual extensive supplies of English, French and American GARDEN, GRASS, FIELD and FLOWER SEEDS, which they offer to Country Merchants, Farmers and Gardeners, upon liberal terms. The Seeds are all the growth of 1860, imported from the first houses in Europe and America, and are warranted true to their names. Amongst them are the following:

5000 lbs Red American Onion
200 do Yellow do do
100 do White do do
3000 do Swedish Turnip
1000 do Yellow Aberdeen do
1000 do White Globe do
600 do Long Orange Carrot
600 do White Belgian do
100 do Altringham do
200 do Early Horn do
500 do Long Red Mangold Wurtzel
200 do Yellow Globe do
200 do Red do do
500 do Blood Beet
200 do Turnip do
50 do Sugar do
200 do Early York Cabbage
200 do Drumhead do
150 do Flat Dutch do
50 do St. Denis do
25 do Red Pickling do
200 do Early Cucumber
150 do Long Green do
25 do Assorted Paris Cauliflower
75 bush do Garden Peas
15 do do Radish
100 do Indian Corn, various kinds

—Also,—

Long Red Dutch Clover
Do Rawdon do
Do Vermont do
White Dutch do
Western do
Timothy, Red Top Grass, English Lawn Grass
Hemp, Canary and Rape Seeds, &c., &c.

January 17. 15

JUST RECEIVED, ex Fall Ships, from Oporto, Cadiz and London— PORT WINE, In Pipes, Hhds, Qr-casks and Octaves. SHERRIES, In Butts, Hogsheads Qr-casks and Octaves. —Also,— In Stock, some CHOICE OLD MADEIRA, in qr-casks or cases, and a variety of other WINES.

For Sale by FREDERICK KINGSTON, WINE MERCHANT, No. 15 Lemoine Street.

October 18. 249

Business Notices.

Bogle's Celebrated Hyperion Fluid

For the growth, restoration and beautifying of the Hair. Under the immediate patronage of HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, H. R. H. the PRINCE CONSORT, H. R. H. the PRINCE OF WALES, and used in the ROYAL NURSERY by command.

If any fact more convinsive than another were necessary to prove the great benefit derived from the use of BOGLE'S CELEBRATED HYPERION FLUID, now hailed throughout the world as the *great American Hair Tonic*, it would be that of its rapid sale—quadrupled every year—and the immense number of certificates from all parts of the world, extolling its manifold virtues when everything else had failed. There is no malady which affects the Hair but this can cure. Is your Hair thin, coarse, wiry, turning bald or grey, Bogle's Hyperion Fluid will restore it to its pristine beauty and luxuriance. It is the only article to cure Scurf and Dandruff, and is highly esteemed for headaches and colds in the head. On children's heads it lays the foundation of a good head of hair, and at the lady's toilet it is indispensable. Price, 25, 50 and 75 cents per bottle.

Proprietor, WM. BOGLE, 202 Washington Street, Boston, U.S. To be had in England of Morgan Brothers, 24 Bow Lane, Cannon Street, London; R. Hoverden, 5 Great Marlborough Street, ditto, and of every Druggist and Perfumer throughout the world. DC 227

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES. BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. *The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all Diseases of the Chest and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c., &c.*

THESE WAFERS give the most instantaneous and perfect relief, and when persevered with according to directions, never fail to effect a rapid and lasting cure. Thousands have been restored to perfect health who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and all constitutions they are equally a blessing and a cure—none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed, or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed. Every one afflicted should give them an impartial trial.

To VOCALISTS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS, these Wafers are peculiarly valuable; they will in one day remove the most severe occasional hoarseness; and their regular use for a few days will, at all times, increase the power and flexibility of the voice, greatly improving its tone, compass and clearness, for which purpose they are regularly used by many professional vocalists.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, Rochester, N. Y. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. M. Henry & Sons; Lymans, Savage & Co.; Carter, Kerry & Co.; Lamplough & Campbell; S. J. Lyman & Co.; Medical Hall; and all Medicine Dealers. NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for Canada.

April 5 WD 178 82

W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye.

THIS splendid Hair Dye has no equal—instantaneous in effect—Beautiful Black or Natural Brown—no staining the skin or injuring the Hair—remedies the absurd and ill effect of Bad Dyes, and invigorates the Hair for life. None are genuine unless signed "W. A. Batchelor." Sold everywhere.

CHARLES BATCHELOR, Proprietor, 81 Barclay Street, New York.

93 1y DW

MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced nurse and female physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, Mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column. WD 76

BOGLE'S ELECTRIC HAIR DYE—The greatest wonder of the age—Patronised by the *elite* of fashion at the Courts of St. James and the Tuilleries, and to be found at the toilet of beauty and fashion throughout the world.

This wonderful compound has now been before the public for several years, and, wherever introduced, the sales have been beyond all precedent. Specimens have been sent to a number of Exhibitions, and, wherever it has come into competition with other preparations for Dyeing its immense superiority has been acknowledged in every instance by awards of Silver Medals and Diplomas. It is a liquid easy of application, and turns Hair to a beautiful Brown or Black, without staining the skin. In short, the inventor asserts, and every person who h carefully used it will join in the statement, that this is the best Hair Dye in the world. It is now universally preferred in London and Paris. Price, 50 cents, $1, and $1.50.

Proprietor, WM. BOGLE, 202 Washington Street, Boston, U.S. To be had in Great Britain and France of his agents and by Druggists and Perfumers everywhere. DC 227

TIME the true Test.—EXPERIENCE the best Guide.

AN OLD STANDARD REMEDY For Coughs, Colds and Consumption, and all Pulmonary Complaints, use the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, which has maintained its high reputation for nearly *forty years*, and is recommended by many of the most *eminent physicians and gentlemen* in the country, among whom are Rev. Josiah Litch, Phila; Rev. Dr. Lyman Beecher, New York; the late Prof. Leonard Woods, Andover Theological Seminary; L. P. Thompson, former Secretary of State, Vt.; Drs. Merrill, Perry, Abell, Parker, Berry, and many others; by the Press, and by the largest and oldest dealers in drugs and medicines in the United States and Canada

Price—Small size, 50 cents; large size, $1

Be careful to get the genuine, which is prepared *only* by REED, CUTLER & CO., Boston, and sold by dealers generally.

For sale by Lymans, Savage & Co.

November 28. 6mD284

IMPORTANT MEDICAL TESTIMONY.

The following, from Dr. D. Y. Williams, is one of the many thousands of letters received from eminent medical men, testifying to the efficacy of Holloway's Pills for Liver Complaints and Bilious Disorders:—

Professor Holloway: Dear Sir,—I wish to get some of your medicines. I am a physician, and have an extensive practice. I have tried your Pills, and found them the best Pills I have ever used. They seem to act upon the HEPATIC DUCTS of the Liver mildly, but promptly, and more surely than CALOMEL or PODOPHYLLUM, and without debilitating or depleting the system.

Hoping to hear from you soon, with a list of prices,

I remain, your's, &c., DANIEL Y. WILLIAMS, M D., Allisonville, Prince Edward Co., C.W.

June 8 137

A RELIABLE COUGH MEDICINE.

N. H. Downs' Elixir is the oldest Cough Medicine that has any considerable sale in New England or Canada. It is warranted for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, and all diseases of the Chest and Lungs.

Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists in Canada.

See advertisement in another part of the paper.

Try it and you will always use it.

J. M. Henry and Sons, Waterbury Vermont and No. 30 St. Henry Street, Montreal general agents.

N H. DOWNS.

February 22 DCS-ly-46

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY! *Relief in Ten Minutes!* BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

ARE unfailing in the cure of COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT, HOARSENESS, DIFFICULT BREATHING, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, AND DISEASES OF THE LUNGS. They have no taste of medicine, and any child will take them. Thousands have been restored to health that had before despaired. Testimony given in hundreds of cases. A single dose relieves in TEN MINUTES.

Ask for Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—the original and only genuine is stamped "Bryan." Spurious kinds are offered for sale. Twenty-five cents a box. Sold by dealers generally.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, Rochester, N. Y. For Sale by J. M. Henry & Sons; Lymans, Savage & Co.; Carter, Kerry & Co.; Lamplough & Campbell; S. J. Lyman & Co.; Medical Hall; and all Medicine Dealers. NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., General Agents for the Canadas.

April 4. 1y DW mwf18

ARRIVAL OF NEW CARPETINGS AT THE Montreal Carpet Warehouse, 31 & 33 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET

Among patterns exclusively restricted to ourselves, will be found Some very fine Persian Styles, in VELVET, TAPESTRY and BRUSSELS, from the looms of the best Manufacturers.

Also, beautiful designs into which the ELEGANT MAGENTA COLOURING has been very effectively introduced.

An early examination is respectfully solicited.

R. CAMPBELL & CO., 31 & 33 St François Xavier Street.

March 5. 55

Apothecaries to H. R. H. The Prince of Wales.

MEDICAL HALL, OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

THE GOLDEN OIL, prepared at the Medical Hall, is the most nourishing and strengthening Hair Oil in use.

THE TOILET VINEGAR, prepared at the Medical Hall, will be found a most refreshing and delicious Perfume.

THE CHERRY BALSAM, prepared only at the Medical Hall, still maintains its high reputation as a cure for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, &c, &c.

HUNNEWELL'S COUGH REMEDY, Tolu Anodyne; Burnett's Cocoaine; Wood's Hair Restorative; Beetham's Capillary Fluid for the Hair; Rigges' Extract of ... &c, &c.

KENNETH CAMPBELL & CO., Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.

February 28. 51

EVANS & EVANS, LATE OF ANDERSON EVANS & EVANS.

THE Subscribers have ENTERED into CO-PARTNERSHIP, and will carry on Business as WHOLESALE HARDWARE MERCHANTS Under the Firm of EVANS & EVANS.

In the Stores, Nos. 25 and 27 St. Gabriel Street, one door south of the Old Stand.

THOMAS A. EVANS, SAMUEL R. EVANS,

Montreal, Feb. 28, 1861.

ANIMO NOVITATE TENEBO. THE MONTREAL HERALD

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 12, 1861.

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS THIS DAY.

General Meeting of Montreal Skating Club this morning at the Office, 1 Exchange Court, at half-past Ten o'clock

Special General Meeting of the Montreal Curling Club this forenoon, at the Secretary's Office, 12 St Sacrament Street, at Eleven o'clock

Emergent Meeting of Lodge of Antiquity, R C, F & A M, this evening, at the Masonic Hall, Place d'Armes, at half-past Seven o'clock

Free Lectures (under the auspices of the Board of Arts and Manufactures) at the Mechanics' Hall, this evening, at Eight o'clock

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY JOHN J. ARNTON.

Sweet Molasses and Codfish, at his stores, at half-past Ten o'clock

BY LAMOTHE & McGREGOR.

Sale of Stock of Groceries, at store of Jos LeBlanc, opposite St Ann's Market, at Ten o'clock

BY HENRY J. SHAW.

Books, at 183 Notre Dame Street, at Seven o'clock

BY BENNING & BARSALOU.

Ship Chandlery, &c, at Mullins' store, Commissioners' Street, at Ten o'clock

BY BROWN & CO.

Jewellery, Fancy Goods, &c, at their Stores, at Seven o'clock P.M.

THE TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY.

State of the Thermometer (in the shade) at the door of Mr. Macpherson, watchmaker and jeweller, corner of St. Francois Xavier and Notre Dame Streets :—

March 11—9 A. M. 22 above zero
2 P. M. 26 above zero.
5 P. M. 22 above zero.

MORE RAILWAY DISCLOSURES.—The report of the Committee of Investigation of the Great Western Railway Company, [illegible] elsewhere, would have been published yesterday [illegible] accident to one of our forms, at the moment of going to press. This threw that report and some other matter into "pie," and obliged us to make up the paper with matter of perhaps less interest, which would otherwise have lain over. The report of the Investigating Committee, is unfortunately but another of the many exposures which have taught the public to consider every railway Company, till it has gone through a certain stage of purgation, to be only another name for a swindle. The process is so simple and has been so often repeated that it ought now to be as well understood as the *dodges* of what are called in the States, the "confidence men," or the operations known by the name of the machinery employed in them—to wit, the Patent Safes. The first thing, of course, in a Railway is the collection of a large amount of money in the way of capital. The expenditure of this sum goes on in a great variety of ways, many of which are out of the line of ordinary business men. For a time all is enveloped in a veil of decent mystery. The Directors dine, and wine and travel; their friends get places, or contracts; and the road is all the while gradually brought to a state of completion; that completion is to be effected for a certain sum, as the most eminent, the most honest, and the most competent contractors have bound themselves that it shall be. Of course until the running begins, and money is earned, there can be no profit, so that there is all this time no very accurate balancing of accounts; and in the meantime the promises of the prospectus, whether of 11 per cent. of profit, or of some larger or smaller sum, are taken to represent, and in very pleasant figures, what the road is eventually to do for its proprietors. At length the important anniversary arrives when these promises are to be shown to have been well founded, or to be proved to be erroneous or impostures. Mr. President is radiant with smiles. The Directors walk about the room congratulating their friends on what they are about to hear, though coyly refusing any definite information until the official document shall state the facts in an authentic form. Only during the preliminary half-hour numerous guesses about the probable increase in the value of stock and money, friendly hints to hold on to the valuable investment, pass from the members of the Board to the non-official stockholders at the meeting. At length the report is read. The preliminary expressions of modest self-gratulation are not much heeded; everybody is anxious to hear the important figures which show what the net revenue of the road has been during this year of trial. At length they are announced, and when the running expenses, deducted from the gross receipts, are shown to leave a balance of twelve or fourteen per cent, a torrent of applause sets in, which is hardly checked by the next statement, that, notwithstanding this excessive good fortune, which there is every reason to believe will continue till doomsday at least, yet, to guard against all possibilities of human mutability, only a very moderate dividend will be declared. The pleasurable feeling derived from the sense, on the one hand, of large profits, and, on the other, of prudent management, thus excited, the audience is now in a mood to hear with pleasure that farther opportunities exist for investment in the same profitable direction. Another turn of the report brings under notice the fact, though such large results have already accrued from the road, yet, that the full harvest cannot be gathered without certain farther outlay, which, as the capital has been wholly expended, it is proposed to raise by bonds; and these bonds are to be first offered to the stockholders. Accordingly, bonds are issued this year; and the next; and perhaps the year after; the dividend meantime gently subsiding, but the promises for the next year being inflated at least to the same extent. About this time it begins to be discovered that an extension and two or three "side lines" are required in order successfully to compete with rivals. These are undertaken, with more capital subscribed or borrowed; but always expended by the same Board of Directors. At length the dividends stop at the very moment when, by all rule, they ought to be doubled; interest on bonds, perhaps, also falls into default, and answers to inquiries as to any probable resumption of either one or the other is made to depend upon the unknown period when it may be found possible to sink the floating debt, which persists always in floating. At about this stage begin angry speeches, at those 'erewhile most agreeable anniversary meetings; and then there is talk of committees of inquiry, which at last result in inquiry being made. But committees seem by this time hardly necessary. A flood of light breaks in perforce, and information is volunteered in the most candid way, from sources whence no ray had previously appeared. Auditors find out for the first time that the accounts have been wrong for ten years, and establish that the figures which have their names at the bottom, and which show a most pleasing profit, ought really to indicate a result, when properly collocated, in which profit is the last thing thought about. Then every one, with the most charming frankness, tells all he knows, and shows that he has witnessed, if not partaken in, and often has partaken in, a system of carrying on the Company's business, which is remarkably advantageous for everybody who has had the expenditure of the money, and very much the other way for those who have had the providing of it. The mysteries of the construction account are at last revealed; and we find that it is the gulph into which have been thrown all those odd scraps, each of a few thousands, which, if by any left-handed proceeding they had found their way to the current charges, would have stopped, the dividend, and the premiums, and the Directors' salaries; and the jobs; and the branch lines and the extensions; and would therewith have ruined the prospects of several interesting families. Like all railway discoveries, the Great Western report has come too late.—We suppose this want of timeliness is a fatality in such productions. Either that report or the last report of the Grand Trunk auditors, would, if the nature of things had permitted their publication a few years ago, have saved a great deal of disappointment. As it is, we can only refer unfortunate sufferers, who may think somebody bound to have made known the true facts a little earlier, to the philosophical reflections of the Turk, who, when he finds himself unable to escape from overwhelming circumstances—and railway circumstances are as overwhelming as they are difficult to be avoided—consoles himself by the reflection that it is his *kismet* or fate. It is the fate of Railway speculators—barring Directors—to be done; and until auditors and other watchdogs learn to bark while the thieves are getting into the house, and before they have run off with the booty, we see little prospect of that fate being changed for a better. We can only pray that the fatality may be strictly confined to the particular department of joint stock operations where it is at present rife. It would astonish, in a very unpleasant manner, the nerves of our holders of Bank Stock, if they were some day to read a supplementary report of the auditors, say of the Montreal or, city Banks, proving conclusively that the published accounts, which said auditors had signed, brought the balance of profit and loss on to the wrong side of the sheet, or a report of an investigating Committee showing that the Directors had been dividing the capital among themselves.

RUMOURS OF CHANGES IN THE MINISTRY.—We learn from the Toronto *Globe* that a Western Ministerial paper gives publicity to the following rumours :—

That the Hon. Sir Allan N. MacNab will be appointed Governor of the Barbadoes, *vice* the Hon. Francis Hincks to be promoted to the Governorship of Jamaica.

That the Hon. P. M. Vankoughnet will accept the office of Chancellor, *vice* the Hon. William Hume Blake, resigned. That the Hon. Alexander Campbell, Legislative Councillor for the Cataraqui Divison will fill Mr. Vankoughnet's place in the Government.

That there is a probability of the Hon. John Ross going out of the Government, and that the Hon. Mr. Sherwood has signified his intention of retiring from public life at the close of the approaching session of Parliament.

With the exception of Mr. Campbell's succeeding Mr. Vankoughnet, our Toronto contemporary thinks the changes mentioned are at least very probably contemplated by Messrs. Cartier and Mr. Macdonald. Of Mr. Campbell it says :—"We think him too shrewd a man to ruin his political reputation by any direct contact with the expiring coalition." The *Globe* on Friday morning urges upon its friends throughout the country the wisdom of making immediate preparations for a general election. It is barely possible, it says, that the dissolution of Parliament may not take place before the statutory limit next fall; but it is much more probable that it will occur within a few weeks hence. The Opposition were caught napping in 1854 and in 1857; we are much better prepared now—but there are still some constituencies in which candidates have to be selected, and not an hour should be lost in preparing for the coming fight.

In the *Leader* of the same morning is the following paragraph :—

Somebody started a foolish rumor, in the streets last night, that the ministry had resined. Perhaps the inventors of the story had no better means of amusing themselves; and it may have been considered a clever thing to get up a sensation hoax. We hardly need say that our own private intelligence from Quebec, which comes down to a late hour yesterday, is wholly inconsistent with the rumor in question.

NOVA SCOTIA.—It appears from a despatch of Lord Mulgrave to the Duke of Newcastle, that a general election may not improbably take place in Nova Scotia, after the present session of the Legislature. In the meantime, a new electoral law which will change the limits of the electoral divisions is likely to be passed; and it is understood that it will be of a nature to strengthen the ruling (liberal) party.

STEAMBOAT ARRANGEMENTS FOR 1861.—The Kingston *Whig* says :—Steamboat people have had several meetings in Kingston of late days, and although their arrangements are not fully completed, enough has transpired to say, that, during the season of 1861 a reversion to the old Through Line from Hamilton to Montreal will take place, and the original five boats, the Passport, Kingston, Banshee, New Era and Champion will form the Daily Line. During spring and fall, the steamer Magnet will take her place in this Line, and in July, August and part of September, she will repeat her Saguenay business of last summer, leaving the five other vessels to do her duty.

THE CASE OF SMITH AND WATSON.—This case of which the particulars were given yesterday, has been compromised by the parties. By an agreement before a Notary it was stipulated that the husband should be allowed to take the boy lately living with his mother, and that he should in return give up the effects which he carried off from the wife's residence. The husband was then discharged from custody. We may add that sub-Chief Bissonette stated in his evidence, that the woman had admitted that she was married to Watson, though she subsequently denied it before the Magistrate.

THE OIL EXCITEMENT.—The Hamilton *Spectator* has been informed by a gentleman just returned from the west, that the oil excitement in the township of Enniskillen, C. W., has risen almost to a fever. Claims are being staked off, wells sunk, and locations scrambled for by speculators from all quarters of the country. There is a great and constantly increasing demand for coal oil, and should Enniskillen prove to be half as productive as the people in the neighborhood anticipate, it will be a most lucky thing for the property owners there, and an advantage to the country at large.

NEW REFORM JOURNAL.—We have received the first number of the London, C. W., *News and Western Reformer*, published on Friday last and to be continued on each succeeding Friday. In its mechanical features—paper, typography and general arrangement—it is creditable to its publishers. Its politics may be judged of by the following declaration of its conductors :—

In conducting this journal we need scarcely say that it will be no practice of ours to denounce the government this week, and have sweet words for it the next; to give it a stab in some vital organ now, and immediately thereafter run with a salve for the wound. To be plain, we have no faith in the ministers—look for no favors in their gift—ask not even a smile from their lips—we simply wish them to die officially, and let the country they misgovern, escape. Till that occurrence, the best interests of the entire Province are endangered; and hence our anxiety for its approach.

Entirely coinciding with our new contemporary, that by no possibility can a worse government ascend to power than the present Cartier-Macdonald coalition, who even according to their professed friends and supporters, attained office by an act which outraged the moral sense of the whole country, we wish the *News and Western Reformer* every success in its laudable endeavours to drive them from power.

CITY MORTALITY.—The interments in the Protestant Cemetery during the past week were six in number, and in the Roman Catholic Cemetery, twenty-five. The males were ten in number. The causes of death were the following :—Consumption, 7; small pox, 5; apoplexy, 2; inflammation of the lungs, 1; infantile debility, 8; scarlatina, 1; teething, 2; paralysis, 1; fever, 2; childbirth, 2. Total 31.

THE ANGLICAN CATHEDRAL.—We are informed that the Rev. J. H. Thompson, M. A., Professor of Divinity at Bishop's College, Lennoxville, is to succeed to the Archdeaconship, now vacant by the resignation of Mr. Gilson, consequent on his return to England, owing to ill-health in his family. Should our information prove correct, we have no doubt but that the Rev. gentleman named will fill the office with honor to himself, and soon win the esteem and admiration of those among whom he will labor. Many, however, will long cherish the memory of the retiring Archdeacon's arduous and enthusiastic ministry with feelings of deep regret at its termination.

FREE LECTURES OF THE BOARD OF ARTS, &C.—Mr. Chamberlin lectures this evening before the Board of Arts and Manufacturers. We understand that a portion of his lecture will be devoted to the consideration of the sanitary condition of the city, with more especial reference to the homes of the working classes.

The Race for the General's Cup will come off on Wednesday afternoon, at half-past two o'clock, (weather permitting).

We are authorized to state that the sale of Ship Chandlery, at Mullins' store, Commissioners' Street, will positively take place this morning, at ten o'clock, Benning & Barsalou auctioneers. See advertisement.

FIRST MEETING OF CITY COUNCIL.—The first of the Regular Quarterly Meetings, and the first meeting of the present civic year, was held last night. The galleries were densely crowded. When His Worship the Mayor entered, he was greeted with loud applause from the inmates of the galleries.

The City Clerk read a protest which he had received Mr. Greaves, stating that he would contest Mr. Goyette's election, as Councillor for the St. Mary's Ward, on the ground that he, Mr. Goyette, was not a householder within the city limits.

The City Clerk proceeded to read the return of the Revisors, which on the motion of Alderman Leclaire, seconded by Councillor Lyman, was received and adopted unanimously.

The oaths of allegiance and property qualification were administered to the Mayor, who then took his seat amid loud applause.

The newly-elected members, Messrs. Stevenson, G. B. Muir, Rolland, McGrath, McNevin, David, Goyette, Beaudry, and Bowie, were then sworn in, and took their seats, amid applause from the galleries.

His Worship then proceeded to deliver his Inaugural address as follows :—

Elected by my fellow-citizens for the fourth time, to occupy the Civic chair of this populous and growing city, I cannot omit the first opportunity afforded me of expressing my deep sense of gratitude for this renewed mark of their confidence, and of assuring them of my earnest desire to manifest that feeling by unwearied and disinterested devotion to the interests of the entire community.

I need not say to the gentlemen who surround me, most of whom have partaken of the labors of city government, how arduous are the duties, and how much need there is for the united exertions of those to whom the trust is assigned. At the time of my first elevation to office, as you are probably aware, the financial position of the city had become so embarrassed as to awaken earnest thought amongst the inhabitants in what manner the pressure which a heavy debt necessarily entailed, could be borne without taxing too severely the energy of the people, or weighing down the less wealthy classes.

The first step to be taken, however, was obvious; to infuse a spirit of economy into the general management, and to guard as much as possible against further augmentation of a debt already sufficiently heavy.

To bring the City Finances into a thoroughly healthful state, more than this was, however, needed, and my great aim has been throughout, in conjunction with the City Council, to devise such a scheme of taxation as, whilst it would be adequate to defray the ordinary cost of civic expenditure, and to pay the interest of the city debt, with a moderate annual Sinking Fund towards its gradual liquidation, would be equitable in its operation, and not unduly burthensome on any class of the citizens. The difficulty of framing a measure of the comprehensive character needed, and still more of passing it through Parliament amidst the conflict of varying interest, has been found so great as to frustrate my intention, and the city revenue has in consequence been confined, during my occupation of the chair to the limited taxation, under the Act, on real property, with the taxes on the various trades and callings, forming together an aggregate utterly inadequate to meet the necessary city expenditure. Owing to this cause, notwithstanding the greatest frugality, the city debt has augmented from year to year. At this moment, that debt rather exceeds one million of pounds currency, or four millions of dollars; the interest alone on this sum amounting to upwards of £65,000, whilst the entire revenue of the City, including that derived from the Water Works, cannot be estimated at over £97,000. The annual City expenditure may be assumed at about £125,000. There is thus an annual deficit unprovided for, of £30,000. For this it devolves on you to make the requisite provision. I shall only add the assurance that my humble but earnest assistance is at your command in the prosecution of the arduous undertaking.

The detailed statement of the City accounts for the past year is not yet fully completed, in consequence of the multiplicity of the City affairs, and the embarrassment of its finances, which have of late fully occupied the time of the Treasurer; they will, however, be laid before you at an early date.

In the present condition of our City finances, it would manifestly be out of place to recommend any public improvements involving a heavy outlay; and I shall therefore only repeat the recommendation I made last year in assuming this chair, that the expenditure should be limited to purposes of absolute and immediate necessity, and be regulated with the strictest parsimony. The experience of the past few years, during which I have had the honour of presiding on this Council, clearly demonstrates how much may be done with very moderate means, both in the shape of City improvements, and the preservation of public tranquility, through vigilant watchfulness over the disbursements of the City funds, and over the performance of civic duties by those in the employment of the Corporation. It affords me gratification to believe that the City of Montreal occupies, so far as its civic government is concerned, an honorable position amongst the cities on this continent.

He concluded amid applause.

Councillor Tuggey was appointed Acting Mayor for the next quarter.

It was then moved by Alderman Gorrie, seconded by Councillor Contant, that Councillors Grenier, Lyman, Bellemare, and Beaudry, be elected Aldermen. Carried on division; 22 for and 2 against.

The newly-elected Aldermen were then sworn in.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

It was then moved by Alderman Leclaire, seconded by Alderman Bulmer, that the Standing Committees be composed of the following :

FINANCE.

Alderman Leclaire, Chairman; Alderman Bulmer, Alderman Gorrie, Alderman Bellemare, Councillor Lyman, Councillor Rodden, Councillor Beaudry.

ROAD.

Alderman Bulmer, Chairman; Alderman McCambridge, Councillor Homier, Councillor Contant, Councillor Tuggey, Councillor Penn, Councillor Goyette.

POLICE.

Councillor Contant, Chairman; Leclaire, McNevin, Rolland, Homier, Muir and McGrath.

FIRE.

Alderman Lyman, Chairman; McCambridge, Duhamel, Rolland, Muir, McNevin, David.

WATER.

Alderman Gorrie, Chairman; Thompson, Grenier, Rodden, McCready, Brousseau and Beaudry.

MARKET.

Councillor Homier, Chairman; Contant, Grenier, Penn, Rodden, McCready and Rolland.

LIGHT.

Councillor Grenier, Chairman, McCambridge Thompson, Brousseau, Tuggey, Goyette, Stevenson.

CITY HALL.

Councillor Penn, Chairman; Duhamel, Cusson, J. B. Rolland, Stevenson, McGrath and Bowie.

LICENSE.

Councillor Beaudry, Chairman; Cusson, Brousseau, Muir, McGrath, McNevin, David.

HEALTH.

Councillor Bellemare, Chairman; Lyman, Duhamel, McCready, J. B. Rolland, Stevenson and Gorrie.

Councillor McGrath objected to being placed on the Police Committee, owing to his former connection with the Police Force.

After a long discussion, it was moved in amendment by Councillor Cusson, seconded by Councillor Stevenson, that the consideration of the motion be deferred till Tuesday evening.

This question having been debated at considerable length, the vote was taken, and it was lost; 7 for and 15 against. The main motion was then carried; 17 for and 5 against.

Councillor Rodden then moved in relation to the Tail-Race for a survey. The matter was ruled out of order by His Worship, as it involved the granting of money.

The Council then adjourned.

ANNUAL RACES OF THE HIGH SCHOOL SNOW-SHOE CLUB.—These races came off on the University Grounds, Sherbrooke Street, on Friday afternoon, commencing at two o'clock. The track which is a little less than half a mile was in very good order, and the arrangements for the races were made with the greatest carefulness. For the first race, half-a-mile, open to all under 13, for a pair of snow-shoes, nine started. Owing to the number who accompanied the runners the view was impeded, until near the post where J. Watson came out winner, T. Watson 2, and W. McDonnough 3 Time 3 min. 20 sec. On account of foul running this was declared no race

The Hurdle Race, 100 yards, over 4 hurdles 2 feet 9 inches high for a belt, came next. Five started, J. Foster, E. A. Whitehead, W. Marler, G. MacDougall, and G. Baynes. Foster cut out the work at an amazing pace, but Whitehead defeated him on the final rush and won by a few inches, time 21 seconds. There were several falls, but the runners charged the hurdles with the spirit of veteran snowshoers.

For the One Mile Race, for a silver medal, Messrs. W. Cowan, H. Stevenson, W. Bell, G. MacDougall, Foster, Marler, W. Carter and Baynes started. Stevenson and Foster were on the lead until near the gate when Cowan brushed up and took the lead and maintained it to the end of the race. Within a few yards of the goal he fell, but was up in an instant and reached the post first, H. Stevenson second, the others nowhere, time 7 min. 13 sec.

Messrs. McCord, Carter, MacDougall, Court, Marler, Whitehead, Foster, MacNab, Stevenson, Bell and Williams started for the 100 yards dash. After a beautiful race E. A. Whithead won the medal, James Foster second, time 19 seconds.

For the Silver Cup, two miles, eight ran. A Stuart, E. A. Whitehead, G. Lanigan, Foster, MacNab, Stevenson, Bell and Tabb. A beautiful start was made, Foster leading, MacNab second, Lanigan third. Near the end of the first turn Stuart took the lead followed by Whitehead, the others nowhere. A. Stuart finally won, with Whitehead some distance behind, time 7 min. 21 sec., 7 min. 19 sec.—total 14 min. 40 sec.

The Boy's Race was run for again and won by T. Watson, Ostell 2, time 3 min. 29 sec. Mr. Baptist then presented the winners with their tokens of victory, and after cheering the competitors, the crowd dispersed, satisfied with the exhibition of the proficiency of the scholars in physical as well as in mental exercises.

To-morrow, (Wednesday) at Two o'clock the extensive Sale commences of Cutlery, Crockery, Silver Plated-Ware, (particulars of which may be found in our advertising columns). Catalogues of this Sale may be obtained of W. E. Eastty & Co., at their Sale Rooms. House-keepers are invited to inspect this large stock of Goods, which comprises over 1400 lots, during this day, (Tuesday), or to-morrow morning. Place of Sale—2nd door West of the Bank of British North America, Great St. James Street.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

KIERZKOWSKI *vs.* FRASER.

In this case the parties have been heard on the Judgment dismissing the declaration of the appellant.

All the Judges of this Court are, I believe, agreed in regarding the declaration of the appellant as being vague and redundant in the extreme.

They all are of opinion that the greatest part of the allegations in the declarations are worse than useless; and that it would be an abuse in the administration of justice, if the appellant were to proceed to the adduction of evidence as to all those allegations. Indeed if this case, in its present state, were to be tried, without the intervention of a jury, it would be impossible to say how long it might occupy the attention of the Court; and if it were to be tried by a jury, the jurors might be kept in the box, not for a number of days merely, but perhaps for a number of weeks—and by far the greater part of the time thus occupied would be utterly lost—refer to some of the objectionable parts of declaration.

In this view of the declaration, I believe we all agreed, or at least very nearly so; but some of the learned Judges think that although the declaration is such as I have represented it to be, yet that it ought not to be dismissed, because the plaintiff may, by an articulation de faits, restrict the proof within reasonable limits.

It is quite true that the plaintiff may, if he think fit, file such an articulation de faits, and if he do so, the cost of proving any allegations not covered by the articulation de faits would fall upon him.

But the Court has no power to compel the plaintiff to file such an articulation de faits, and the rights of one of the parties ought not to be made to depend upon the mere will or caprice of the other.

It has also been suggested that the plaintiff may hereafter amend his declaration, and therefore that it ought not to be now dismissed.

But the observations which I have made with respect to the possibility of the plaintiff filing a reasonable articulation de faits, apply equally to the possibility of his hereafter amending his declaration; and the plaintiff ought not now to be allowed to remain with a bad declaration before the Court, because, at some future time, it may please him to amend it, or to modify it by an articulation de faits.

It has also been contended that although the declaration be certainly bad, that a defense en droit is not the proper mode of attacking it. The declaration in the present case is so strangely irregular, that it is not very easy to say in what respect it is most objectionable, or in what way it could have been impugned most effectually and securely.

For my own part, I think the exception à la forme might have been maintained; but without stopping to inquire whether a defence en droit was a plea available to the defendant, it appears to me sufficient that the attention of the Court should have been called in any way to the declaration, to have caused the presiding Judge, as the protector of Jurors and witnesses, and from a due regard to the time of the Court, which belongs to the public, to reject that pleading.

The power of the Judges in this respect cannot be made to depend upon the will or the pleasure of the parties. For instance, if it had pleased the defendant, instead of demurring to the declaration, to file a plea as diffuse and redundant as the declaration itself, can it be contended that the Judges would be powerless to protect Jurors and witnesses, and the Court itself, from the confusion and loss of time necessarily incident in an investigation based on such pleadings.

Again, I ask, with all due deference for the opinions of the learned Judge from whom I have the misfortune to differ on the present occasion, is it consistent with the respect due to the judicial office, or is it in any way reasonable to say to the Judges of the Superior Court —We admit that the declaration which you have rejected is irregular and bad; we declare this by our judgment, and we propose to make the plaintiff feel that his declaration is bad by condemning him to pay his own costs; but, notwithstanding this, we revise your judgment, rejecting the declaration, which we all admit to be irregular and bad; and instead of compelling the plaintiff to file a good declaration, as you proposed, we, by our judgment, will in effect compel you to proceed to an enquette, as to every charge, whether good or bad, contained in the declaration, which we ourselves have condemned.

In the Judgment so to be rendered I cannot concur. On the contrary, I am inclined to think that the defendant had a right to the judgment complained of; and, at any rate, I feel convinced, for the reasons already explained, that even in the interest of the public the declaration ought to have been struck from the files of the Court.

BONACINA V. MACINTOSH.—I think the appellant entitled to succeed upon the first Mayen de contestation.

The authorities establish beyond doubt, that a party claiming a life rent, must prove the existence of the person in whose person the life rent has been created.

The article 1983 of the Code Civile "Le " proprietaire d'une rente viagère n'en peut " demander les arierages qu'en justifiant de son " existence, ou de celle de la personne sur la " tête de laquelle elle a été constituée," is merely a repetition of the opinion of Pothier—Const. de rentes, No. 257, and that opinion is fully borne out, not only by the reason of the thing, but by all the old authorities on the subject.

Being then, as I am, of opinion that the appellant is entitled to succeed on the first ground taken by me, I do not deem it necessary to express any opinion upon the other questions argued.

CORPORATION OF ST. JERUSALEM V. QUINN.—I wish it to be understood that I do not express any opinion excepting as to the question mentioned by the learned President of the Court. As to that question I agree with the learned judges in thinking that the appellants, being a local Corporation, were bound to show, that the work in question was a work of a local nature, within their jurisdiction, which they altogether failed to do—and I therefore think the judgment of the Court below ought to be confirmed.

ALEXANDER QUINTIN *dit* DUBOIS, Appellant, and JOHN BOSTON, Respondent.—I concur with the learned Chief Justice in thinking that the judgment of the Court below ought to be confirmed.

Where the Sheriff seizes goods and chattels, he is entitled to a privilege on the property seized, for the fees and disbursements incident to the enforcing of the Queen's writ, unless it be made to appear that such writ issued illegally or improperly. In the present case after the writ of saisie revendication had been duly executed, after a considerable portion of the goods seized had been sold, and after the greater part of the proceeds of the sale had been paid away in obedience to an order of the Court—the parties made a settlement which does not impugn or question in any way the legality of the sale of the goods already mentioned.

On the contrary, the settlement appears to me to be in effect a tacit admission of the legality of that sale; and if the sale was legal, then the Sheriff was entitled to deduct from the proceeds of the sale all his fees and disbursements as well of the seizure, which was a preliminary step to the sale, as of the sale itself. In a word, I regard the deed of compromise as being virtually an acquiescence on the part of the present Appellant in the previous proceedings on the part of the Respondent as Sheriff, who, therefore, has a privilege on the proceeds of the sale of the effects seized or the amount of his fees and disbursements

As to the amount of those fees and disbursements, I think the certificates or statement of the public officer is to be presumed correct, at least until it be specially impugned.

I do not lose sight of the stipulation in the deed of compromise, that the Plaintiff in the former case, Desjardins, was to pay his own costs; but that stipulation cannot be understood as extending to fees and disbursements liquidated by a sale previously made, and which sale was, as already mentioned, in effect confirmed by the *acte d'arrangement*.

Considering, as we must do, the sale so made as valid, the balance really in the hands of the Sheriff, was the difference between the gross proceeds of the sale, and the amount he had paid away in obedience to the order of the Court, together with his own fees and disbursements.

Those fees and disbursements were in effect liquidated by the monies which came into the Sheriff's hands upon the occasion of the sale; and therefore cannot be deemed to have been contemplated as part of the costs undertaken to be paid by the Plaintiff in the former case.

For these reasons I am of opinion that in the judgment complained of, there is no error.

[To be Continued.]

Great Western Railway of Canada.

Report of Committee of Investigation.

The committee of investigation appointed by the shareholders on the 4th of April, 1860, have just issued their report. It is of considerable length, and will. no doubt, tend very much to puzzle many of the shareholders. It appears that three of the partners of the firm of Messrs. Coleman, Turquand, Youngs, and Co., accountants, were selected to investigate the company's affairs. They went to Canada in May, and returned to London in October, with voluminous statements, each statement being accompanied by a vast mass of evidence. The committee also employed Mr. Alfred Giles to report upon the state of the company's property. The committee enter into a history of the various lines belonging to the company. With regard to the Hamilton and Toronto Railway they state :—

" On the 1st of December, 1852, a prospectus was issued in London, Mr. Samuel Laing, M. P., Mr. John Masterman, jun, and Mr. Peter Buchanan being named therein as trustees. The prospectus stated that a contract had been entered into between the above-named gentlemen and a responsible English contractor, Mr. George Wythes, of Reigate, to construct the line, and make it complete for a sum not exceeding £328,000., so that, according to the terms of the prospectus, no further outlay could in any event be required. The contract was duly signed between the above-named persons, as ' provisional directors and trustees for all who might become shareholders in England,' and Mr. Wythes, and bears date the 30th November, 1852, the day before the date of the prospectus. Upon the faith of the statements in this propectus the bonds and shares were taken up by the public, and upon the faith of the same statements the shareholders of the Great Western Company were shortly afterwards (on the 10th of May, 1853) induced, at a general meeting, Mr. Samuel Laing. M.P., in the chair, to vote a resolution that the Hamilton and Toronto Railway, when finished' should be leased by the Great Western Company, on certain terms. The lease was not executed, and, without the knowledge or consent of the Great Western shareholders, an agreement, partaking more of the nature of an amalgation of the two companies, was in some way effected. The legality of the transaction was very doubtful, but the Great Western directors adopted it, and took upon themselves the settlement with Mr. Wythes, the contractor, in November 1855, to which the committee invite particular attention. It was not until April, 1856, that the amalgation of the two companies was ratified at a meeting of shareholders in Canada. In the course of the investigation it has come to the knowledge of the committee, and upon reference to his evidence it will be seen, that Mr. Samuel Laing himself admits the extraordinary fact that before the signing of the contract, and the issuing of the prospectus, he, Mr. Laing, had entered into a partnership agreement with Mr. Wythes, by virtue of which he and Wythes were to share the profit or loss upon the contract between them, so that in truth and in fact the contract to make the railway was 'an agreement made and entered into between Samuel Laing, M.P., and others, as trustees for all who might become shareholders, of the one part, and the said Samuel Laing, M.P., and another, railway contractors, of the other part.' Mr. Laing says he afterwards relinquished all share in the contract, and never took any profit from Mr. Wythes. It may have been so; it may have been that Mr. Laing had other objects in view when he placed himself in a position from which any man with right intentions would have instinctively recoiled. The capital had been got from the public, and Mr. Laing states it was, at the time, part of his business to induce the public to subscribe capital for various companies, and to receive a commission for his trouble. It will therefore be necessary that the proper legal machinery should be set in motion to ascertain clearly all the facts connected with the raising of this money, and the commission paid for the transaction. It will also be desirable that the real nature of the partnership admitted to have existed between Mr. Laing and Mr. Wythes should be further inquired into. Mr. Laing alleges that it was all open and aboveboard, and known to all his colleagues in the management of both companies. The committee do not find such to have been the fact, although it was certainly the subject of rumour, and known, perhaps, to some of the directors. Mr. Robert Gill, the present chairman, is prominently referred to in the evidence; but as that gentleman has declined to submit himself to examination, the committee are unable to report how far he was cognizant of Mr. Laing's proceedings, and what part he took in the settlement of what can only properly be termed the joint claims of Messrs. Laing and Wythes under the contract. The consideration of those claims by the London directors of the Great Western Company commenced in the early part of 1855; and on the 4th of February of that year a Board meeting was held—Mr. Samuel Laing, M.P., in the chair – at which Mr. Wythes, accompanied by his solicitor, who was also solicitor to the Hamilton and Toronto Railway Company, attended. The minutes show that much deliberation took place on the subject, and contain a recommendation to the Canadian directors of the Great Western Company, " that unless the difference at issue could be forthwith settled in Canada, the requisite authority should be transmitted to the London Board for that purpose." The Canadian Board assented, at the same time insisting that " the chief matters in dispute should not be given up," and this resolve was reiterated from time to time by several persons connected with the Canadian Board. In March, 1855, Mr. Lang, having disqualified, ceased to be a director, but no notice was given to the shareholders of this unusual proceeding. On the 9th of November of the same year what was called a final settlement with Mr. Wythes took place, but such settlement does not appear to have been final. Mr. Beattie succeeded Mr. Lang, and the Great Western Board, then consisting of Mr. J. B. Smith, M. P., Mr. R. Gill, Mr. P. Buchanan, and Mr. A. Beattie, took the Hamilton and Toronto contract off Mr. Wythes's hands in an incomplete state; and although incomplete, in spite of the protests of the Canadian management, they settled with Mr. Wythes, by paying him upwards of 20,000*l.* to which the committee think he was not entitled; and, so far as they can learn, no account or written statement of Mr. Wythes claims was ever submitted to the directors in any shape whatever; and during the progress of the settlement Mr. Laing, although no longer a director, nor even a shareholder, accompanied Mr. Wythes to the Board meetings, and, as the committee are informed, advocated his claims. The Great Western directors subsequently expended upwards of 70,000*l.* in finishing the work, making a total cost to the shareholders of 90,672*l.* 5s. over and above the contract price of 328,000*l.* for which M. Wythes had undertaken to finish and complete the line. The committee trust that so soon as the shareholders shall have selected proper persons to take the control of the company's affairs, it will be one of the first duties of the new management to have the whole matter connected with the Hamilton and Toronto Railway thoroughly sifted, and all parties implicated in the deception practised, first on those who subscribed the capital, and subsequently on the Great Western shareholders, brought to account."

With reference to the loan of £150,000 to the Detroit and Milwaukie Company the Committee state that,—

" On the 22d of the same month Mr. Walker, Mr. Laing, Mr. Morice, and Mr. Johnston had an interview with the Great Western directors for the purpose of urging the necessity of a loan of £150,000 to the Detroit and Milwaukie Company. And at the general meeting of the Great Western shareholders on the 8th of October following it was moved by Mr. Gill, the chairman, seconded by Mr. Brydges, and unanimously resolved :—

" 'That the directors be authorised to advance to the Detroit and Milwaukie Railway Company such an amount, not exceeding £150,000, as may be necessary to insure the completion of the railway across Michigan in connection with the Great Western Railway of Canada, such advance being made as a temporary loan on sufficient security, the expenditure of the same being subject to the control of the Great Western Railway.'

Now it would appear that three days before the meeting of shareholders Mr. Brydges received a letter from Mr. Trowbridge, the secretary of the Detroit and Milwaukie Company, and which letter he says he laid before the Great Western directors, containing a report upon the state of the company's affairs at that time wholly at variance with all previous statements furnished to the Great Western directors, and with the representations of the chairman at the meeting of shareholders. Mr. Trowbridge's statement showed that the debts of the company amounted to £293,000., and that the amount require to complete the line was £264,000., making the total requirements amount to £557,000. The following week (on the 15th of October, 1857), at an interview with Messrs. Sibley and Walker, who represented the Detroit and Milwaukie Company, the directors of the Great Western Company expressed their surprise to those gentlemen upon finding that liabilities and requirements existed of which they were not previously aware, and that arrangements had been entered into with Mr. Wythes hitherto unknown to them, and they required that before they made any payment out of the loan, Mr. Reynolds should investigate the accounts on their behalf. The directors being hard pressed by Mr. Brydges to advance £20,000 to pay the interest on the bonds due in November following, and thus save the credit of the Detroit and Milwaukie Company, consented, but they at the same time decided to make no further advances out of the loan until Mr. Reynolds should have made his report. In this resolve they appear to have stood firm for a time, the secretary's letter to Mr. Reynolds from week to week reiterating such determination, and on the 18th of December following the secretary wrote to Mr. Brydges, strongly urging him 'to maintain this position with unrelaxing severity, having to deal with a company helplessly insolvent, who had not acted frankly or candidly, but had misled the Great Western directors; who had trusted implicitly to the contract with Wythes, and strictly forbidding Mr. Brydges to enter into any engagements that funds would be forthcoming for creditors, or for works, or for anything else.' This letter appears to have alarmed Messrs. Brydges and Reynolds, who, in their joint letter to the directors of the 28th of December, 1857, say, that Mr. Baker's letter had put them in a most painfully awkward position; for that immediately upon Mr. Brydges' return to Canada they had set to work, and acting upon their own judgment and what they deemed their powers, had made arrangements with creditors and contractors for the outlay of the loan, and had, in fact, personally assumed liabilities which would ruin them, if the arrangements they had made were not confirmed by the directors; and on the same day Mr. Brydges also wrote a letter to Mr. Gill, the chairman, urging his views, and intimating there were a few matters Mr. Gill and his colleagues ought to know, 'hardly worthy of being officially alluded to,' hoping the directors would like the arrangements for the outlay of the loan, and stating that the Detroit and Milwaukie directors had authorized payment of agency expenses in London to the extent of £2,000 to be paid out of the loan, and of £400 to the office, as suggested by Mr. Govan, and intimating his expectation that Mr. Gill would be shortly able to obtain for the Detroit and Milwaukie Company another loan of £100,000 from the Great Western Shareholders. This letter appears to have had the desired effect, for on the 26th of January, 1858, the directors met and resolved that the arrangement made by Messrs. Brydges and Mr. Reynolds was the best that could be made, was quite satisfactory to the Board and fulfilled the requirements, of the resolution of shareholders, and that the same be confirmed, and Messrs. Brydges and Reynolds thanked for their exertions and abilities. The day following the directors met again, and re-solved that the outlay of the loan having been satisfactorily arranged, Mr. Brydges letter to the chairman be taken into consideration, and that the sum of £2,400 voted by the Detroit and Milwaukie Directors out of the loan to their company, be appropriated in remuneration to the members of the London Board and the staff at the office for past services in conducting the financial business of the Detroit and Milwaukie Company and the various negociations relating to it; and Mr. Gill received £710, Mr. Govan, Mr. Cullen and Admiral Laws, £430 each, the Secretary £250, and the Registrar £150. With the exception of the interest on the bonds, these douceurs would appear to have been the first payments made by the Great Western directors out of the loan. It further appears that 100 shares, fully paid up, were transferred by the Detroit and Milwaukie directors into the names of each of the six Great Western directors. (Four London and two Canadian.) It would also appear that the necessary stimulus had been applied by the Detroit and Milwaukie directors to the exertions of Mr. Brydges in obtaining the loan, for on the 24th of December (four days before the date of his effective letter to Mr. Gill,) they voted that gentleman £4,000 for his past service: such sum was paid out of the loan, and therefore formed a portion of 'the satisfactory arrangements made by Messrs. Brydges and Reynolds for the outlay of the loan.' In January, 1858, the Detroit and Milwaukie Board was reconstructed in Canada, Mr. Brydges being made President, Mr. Reynolds, vice-president, and the six Great Western directors (four London and two Canadian) being made directors. The remuneration of the London directors was fixed at £1,000, per annum, and that of Messrs. Brydges and Reynolds at $5,000 per annum between them. The London directors charged the loan account with two sums of £500, each, one in July and the other in December, 1858, for two half-yearly payments to themselves. The loans having been exhausted, they were unable to pay themselves in 1859, and Mr. Brydges says they asked him to remit their pay, and found fault with him for not having done so. In October, 1858, 12 months after the date of the first loan, the Great Western directors obtained from their shareholders a second loan (£100,000, in amount for the Detroit and Milwaukie Company, a concern which their own Secretary had long before described as 'helplessly insolvent,' and this time it would appear the Great Western directors not only suppressed the knowledge they possessed of the real state of affairs, but they ventured to tell their shareholders 'they were happy in being able to state that all difficulties had been surmounted by the energy and exertions of the executive in Canada.' In November, 1859, the Great Western directors made a sixth and last attempt to raise money for the Detroit and Milwaukie Company. This time £250,000 was required, and was proposed to be raised by an issue of preference shares, and the Great Western shareholders were recommended to abandon their position as third mortgagees in respect of their loans, and to accept an equal amount in preference shares to be placed on the same footing as the additional £250,000. The attempt would have succeeded, but for the determined resistence of some shareholders, through whose efforts the committee of investigation was appointed. There have been some transactions in Canada of a very unsatisfactory description, between Messrs. Brydges and Reynolds and the Commercial Bank of Canada, respecting a large debt due to the bank by the Detroit and Milwaukie Company; and whether or no the Great Western shareholders will suffer further by the unauthorized acts of these gentlemen, in respect of such transactions, the committee are not yet in a position to determine. It is a matter which will require serious consideration. The committee also call attention to an advance of £7,900 made by Messrs. Brydges and Reynolds to the Port Huron and Milwaukie Railway Company; the money was paid out of the funds of the Great Western Company, and the London secretary, in a letter to Messrs. Brydges and Reynolds, calls the advance 'unauthorized and unwarrantable.' The money was paid in September, 1858, and the Great Western directors have, since that time, presented the half-yearly accounts to the shareholders in a shape so as to conceal the transaction altogether."

The total cost of the main line has been £2,637,776, exceeding the estimates by about £1,000,000. The Sarnia branch had cost £467,-636. The published accounts showed a net profit from the opening of the line to the 31st of July, 1860, of £650,662, after deducting working expenses, interest on bonds, &c., and renewal of rails, sleepers, &c., £82,847, and compensation for accidents £82,093. The accountants enter into a detail of sums, amounting to £321,-071, improperly treated as revenue in the different half-yearly accounts up to July 31, 1860. They also state that, in addition to the amount expended in renewals, £138,490 should have been provided under that head out of revenue. Nearly the whole of the £321,071 affect only past dividends. They state that Mr. Brydges was appointed managing director on the 16th of February, 1853, under an agreement that his salary should be £1,200 per anum for two years, and thereafter £1,500 per annum, and that he should, in addition, receive a commission at the rate of £250 for every 1 per cent. over and above 8 per cent. per annum of dividend which the company earned or paid. Mr. Brydges has received £843 15s in respect of such commission. In January, 1857, the dividend declared was at the rate of 9 per cent per annum, being the only dividend declared over 8 per cent. But it appears Mr. Brydges has treated the sums reserved for the sinking fund in 1855 and 1856 as if they had been divided among the shareholders, and calculated his commission accordingly. In April, 1857, Mr. Brydges' salary was raised to £2,000 per annum, at which it now remains. In the future working of the company there are several matters which will require to be thoroughly examined and revised; among these are the expenses of management in Canada, the system of allowing nine officers of the company to sign and issue free passes, also the wear and tear system of carrying heavy goods at unremunerative freights. An efficient check should be organized with regard to the purchase of materials and stores for the use of the company; and, if possible, the conductors of the trains should be relieved from the responsibility of issuing tickets during the journey, and afterwards collecting them at the termination of each passenger's journey, the company having no check whatever upon the proceedings of the conductors. In the appendix will be found a statement showing the expenses of the London office, including the very objectionable item of £1,612 for directors travelling expenses, in addition to their fees. The committee, in bringing their remarks to a conclusion, state they have no hesitation in declaring their belief that, from the commencement of the undertaking to the present moment, the property of the company has been intrusted to persons wholly unworthy of confidence, and they recommend the shareholders to take the earliest opportunity of displacing the present directors, and of selecting others, not only to superintend current affairs, but also to bring to a strict account all who may be found to have improperly possessed themselves of any part of the funds or property of the company; and, further, to take the best advice as to the nature of the proceedings to be adopted against those who have been implicated in any of the nefarious doings by which the shareholders have been so grossly deceived, and have suffered so severely. The committee had intended to have prepared a statement in detail of all the sums of money which have been either misappropriated or wasted; but time will not permit. It would be a long catalogue, and would probably amount to £1,000,000, sterling. The following members of the committee signed the report :—H. H. Cannan (chairman), Allan Gilmore, Robert Kaye, P. Margetson, D. Price and R. Sutherland.

UNITED STATES.

(*From the New York papers of Saturday.*)

Intelligence was received in Washington last night to the effect that, after a full and careful canvass in the Virginia Convention, it was found that the secessionists in that body were in a minority, notwithstanding the fact that they have received accessions since the delivery of President Lincoln's inaugural. The secession ordinance will consequently be voted down in the Convention.

The Unionists have carried North Carolina on the question of holding a Convention. The State has gone against a Convention, by a thousand majority—small, but sufficient. Of the delegates elected to be members of the Convention, in case it should have been ordered by the people, two-thirds are for the Union.

The Southern Congress has passed an Army bill which has been for some time under discussion, and it is expected that the Confederacy will soon have 50,000 men in the field. As that number of troops in active service will cost at least fifty millions of dollars per annum, the Confederacy will find the question of revenue an exceedingly serious one.

In the United States Senate yesterday Mr. Foster of Connecticut introduced a resolution for the expulsion of the notorious Wigfall, on the ground that he had on the floor of the Senate declared himself a foreigner, owing no allegiance to the United States. As Wigfall was absent at the time, the motion was not pressed to a vote. The dignity of the Senate, and of the whole Government has been too long insulted by such fellows as Wigfall, who affect to regard the authority of the United States as a farce, and to treat it with contempt. It is time that they were made to understand that there is such a crime as treason, and such things as laws to punish it.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the *N. Y. Tribune.*

Washington, March, 8. 1861.

ANDERSON'S PROMOTION.

Maj. Anderson's promotion to the rank of Brigadier-General, for the Twiggs vacancy, has not been determined, because Secretary Cameron's absence necessarily precludes any such action at this time. There is the best feeling toward him by the new Administration, and by all who estimate his faithful services.

FEELING ABOUT THE TREASON OF TWIGGS.

Letters received to-day from a prominent army officer at San Antonia, state that the conduct of Twiggs had excited great indignation, and while a large majority of the troops were in favor of the South as they understood the causes of difference, they were opposed to the disruption of the Union, or the disbandment of the forces. It is now certain that in addition to his crime of treason, Twiggs basely deceived all the important officers around him.

CONFIRMATION OF THE MINISTER TO PRUSSIA.

Mr. Judd was confirmed as Minister to Berlin, and Mr Kreisman as Secretary of Legation, to day, without any show of opposition whatever.

PROPOSITIONS IN THE VIRGINIA CONVENTION.

Leading men in the Virginia Convention who are opposed to violent measures propose to adopt the following general declaration: First, against coercion, and in favor of union with the South in the event of collision; second the indorsement of the propositions of the Peace conference and its reference to the people; and third, a convention of the Border States with a view to ultmate and independent action.

GENERAL SWEEP IN THE PUBLIC OFFICES EXPECTED.

All respectable Democrats here are perfectly willing to see a general sweep in the public offices, and admit that most of the incumbents are wholly unfit.

THE PRESIDENT AND JEFF. DAVIS'S COMMISSIONERS.

No arrangement has yet been made for a conference between the President and the Commissioners sent by Jefferson Davis. As Mr. Lincoln has no authority to open a negotiation, they must be disappointed in any movement for that purpose.

SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY SHORT.

The experiment of the Southern Confederacy cannot long be maintained for the want of money to carry it on. If the recent loans here had not been promptly taken, the general Government would have been seriously embarrassed in conducting its operations. As the other concern has neither capital nor credit, and is not recognized abroad, its difficulties must be still more perplexing.

GOV. CHASE'S RULE FOR SUBORDINATES.

Gov Chase intends to insist that the law requiring subordinates in his Department to be examined before their appointment, shall be strictly enforced, and no applicant will be admitted to office without entire qualification.—This rule would purge the public service of drones and incompetents.

MR. LINCOLN'S FIRST RECEPTION.

Mr. Lincoln's first reception to-night was the largest attendance ever seen at the White House in the evening, and reminded one of the throng on the 1st of January. The rush was so great that hundreds could not find admittance, and numbers had to escape through the windows on the front and rear porticoes. It was an ovation of which the President might be proud, considering all the circumstances which preceded his coming here.

To The Associated Press.

Washington, March 8, 1861.

The President has accepted the resignation of Adjutant-Gen. Cooper and Assistant Adjutant-Gen Withers. Cooper is a connection of Senator Mason, and his resignation is attributed more to family than political influence. Withers is a Tennesseean.

A report is prevalent that Quartermaster-Gen. Johnston of Virginia is about to resign; but he said this morning the occasion for such a course has not yet arrived.

The resignation of Adjutant-Gen. Cooper has occasioned general regret. He was appointed from and is a native of New-York.

The Southerners are making overtures to some of the best officers in the service.

It is known that certain officers of the army, located here, have been tendered lucrative appointments under the Government of the Confederate States.

The Senate, in Executive Session to-day, confirmed Norman B. Judd as Minister to Berlin; Herman Kreisman, also of Illinois, as Secretary of the Legation, and John A. Kasson of Iowa as First Assistant Postmaster-General. The President did not send in any nominations today.

Messrs. Forsyth and Crawford have as yet made no official communication to the Administration, owing to the sickness of Secretary Seward, and an informal intimation that a little more time would be agreeable. The Commissioners have been actively occupied, since their arrival, in consultation and unofficial intercourse, having reference to the object of their mission.

The subject of the collection of the revenue and the reënforcement of Fort Sumter has not yet engaged the attention of the Cabinet.

Great efforts are being made to affect a peaceful solution of the question of the forts and revenues.

Ex-Secretary Floyd has published a statement vindicatory of the acceptances in favor of Russell, Majors & Co., and of their legality. Instead of being six million of them outstanding, he shows there were only six hundred thousand, and declares that the contractors have secured these by assignments of property ample for their protection, and that if the Government will permit the earnings of the trains for 1861 to be applied to the acceptances, they will be liquidated in that way without recourse to the assignments. It would seem also, that the Government owes the contractors upward of $500,000, which is equivalent to the cash value of the Indian Trust bonds, of the abstraction of which, Mr. Floyd repudiates all previous knowledge. He denounces the conduct and proceedings of the Select Committee with great severity and says their sole object was political persecution and defamation.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Lorenzo Thomas, second in rank in the Adjutant-General's office, has been promoted to be Adjutant-General, vice Cooper, resigned.

Among the prominent candidates for Consul to London is Colonel Schouler of Massachuchusetts.

POLICE COURT—YESTERDAY.

ASSAULT.

Yesterday in the Police Court the chief business was the hearing of an action for assault, brought by Richard Derivire against John Davy. The action was dismissed with costs.

RECORDER'S COURT—YESTERDAY.

FIGHTING.

Two men, named George Gidney and Leon Parent were charged with fighting in Vitre street. They were fined 15s each.

Two female vagrants, named Adelaide Riché and Philoméne Leveilée, were charged with fighting in a house of ill-fame in German street. They were fined, one 15s, and the other 5s.

WIFE BEATING.

Peter Gray was charged with being drunk and beating his wife. He was fined 15s.

One George Barbeau was fined 60s for assaulting the Police.

Moise Gregoire and Magloire Montcalm were fined 10s on the charge of being drunk in an unlicensed tavern.

Jean Bte. Leblanc was fined 30s on conviction of keeping his tavern open on Sunday.

Notice.

A N EMERGENT MEETING of LODGE of ANTIQUITY, C.R., F. & A.M., will be held at the MASONIC HALL, Place d'Armes, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, 12th March, at Half-past SEVEN o'clock.

BY ORDER OF THE W. M.

March 12. c 61

Montreal Curling Club.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of MEMBERS will be held at the OFFICE of the SECRETARY, 12 St. Sacrament Street, THIS (Tuesday) FORENOON, at ELEVEN o'clock.

BY ORDER.

March 12. c 61

AURORA SNOW-SHOE CLUB.

A SPECIAL MEETING of this CLUB will be held on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 13th instant, at Half-past SEVEN o'clock, at "DOLLY'S."

JNO. KNOX, Secretary.

March 12. 61

Montreal Skating Club.

A GENERAL MEETING of the CLUB will be held at the OFFICE, 1 EXCHANGE COURT, THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, the 12th instant, at Half-past TEN o'clock, on business of importance.

HENRY McKAY, Secretary.

March 12. c 61

Trade and Commerce.

DAILY REPORT OF THE MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

MONTREAL, March 11, 1861.

Flour.—Double Extra, $6.50 @ 7.00; Extra, $5.90 @ 6.15; Fancy, $5.50 @ 5.60; No. 1, $5.30 @ 5.35; No 2, $5 00 @ 5.10; Fine, $4 05@$4.20.

Bag Flour.—Spring Wheat, $2.70 @ $2.77½; Scotch, $2.80@$2.85.

Wheat —Upper Canada and Western Spring, $1.12@$1.15

Pease—75@77½c, per 66 lbs.

Pork.—Barrels Mess, $18.25@19.00; Prime Mess, $12.50@$13 25; Prime $10.50@$11.25. In hog, $5,50@$6,25 per 100 lbs

Butter—Uninspected, 12c @ 15c.

Ashes.—Pots, $5.75@5.85; Pearls, $6 10@ 6.20.

Oatmeal, $4.10@4.25 per 200 lbs

Flour still continues dull and little doing, the only demand being for consumption and at reduced prices. Bag Flour quiet.

Wheat steady, and little doing.

Peas quiet.

Pork in good request.

Butter dull.

Ashes still keep firm.

Oatmeal quiet.

DAVID E. MACLEAN & CO., Commission Merchants, Shippers & Brokers.

MATTHEWS & MACLEAN'S DAILY PRICES OF UPPER CANADIAN PRODUCE.

OLD CORN EXCHANGE, TORONTO. March 8, 1861

Receipts on our street market limited to a few waggon loads. The chief quantity was Fall Wheat, and prices are unchanged.

Flour dull and drooping, and the unsettled state of the market precludes sales.

Prime Fall Wheat—$1,14@1.18.
Common to Fair—$1.10@1,14.
Spring Wheat—87c@98c.
Barley—46@50c.
Oats—25@27c.
Peas—48@53c.

Flour—
Extra Superior............$5.75@6 00
Extra........................$5.35@5.60
Fancy.......................$5 00@5.25
No. 1........................$4.65@4.70

IMPORTS.

Manifest of the S. S. UNITED STATES, Meicklereid, Master, Glasgow to Portland. G. & D. Shaw, Agents.

P S Ross&bros 1523 bars iron 180 bdls, Murdoch bros 9 sacks seed, Jas Potter 1 barrel seed, Frothingham & Workman 3885 bars iron 803 bdls, Lymans, Clare&co 94 bags seed, Hingston, McBain&co 93 bls 8 bxs 5 pkgs, Ross, Nield&co 1 bx, Wilson&Couillard 393 bars iron 343 bdls, Ross&Templeton 8 pkgs, J G Bowes&co 2 bxs 1 bale, Order 6 sack seeds, J&G Moore 4 cases, Ross, Nield&co 2 bxs, Foster&Galbraith 10 cs, Ross, Nield & co 3 bales 1 box, John Rankin 4 cs, A H Forbes 85 boiler tubes 1 cask ironines, Ferrier&co 799 bars iron 1468 bdls, A Hope&co 8 bls 1 box, Glover&Fry 2 bxs, Adw McFarlane &co 9 bxs 8 bales, McNee&Waddell 7 bxs 4 bls, Benning&Barsalou 8 bales, Foulds&Hodgson 1 bale 1 box, Crathern&Caverhill 12 bles, McNee &Waddell 20 bxs 13 bales, I Buchanan Harris& co 52 bales 34 cases, A Hope&co 19 bales 4 cse 494 bars iron 305 bdls, McNee&Waddell 6 bls 5 boxes, Hingston, McBain & co 12 cases, Shaw, Turnbull&Co 9 bxs 1 bale, Crathern&Caverhill 2 casks, John Rankin 1 box, Order 212 cases, McMann & Waddell 2 bales 1 box, J Baylis 11 bales, Robt Muir 30 boxes, Benny, McPherson &co 3 casks, John Dougalll 3 cases, W Darling &co 2 casks, A Laurie&co 4 cases, J G Bowes &co 5 bxes 8 bales, Jos McKay&Bros 43 boxes 61 bales, John Rankin 9 cases, Crathern& Caverhill 630 bars 139 bdls iron, Gregston&Bros 1 box, A McGibbon 5 bxs, P S Ross & [illegible] 10 bxs, John McDonald & co 64 pkgs, Foulds & Hodgson 16 pkgs, Stevenson, Sutherland & co 43 bxs 31 bles 2 cks, Chas Shaver 14 pkgs, W Stephens&co 24 bxs 30 bdles, Geo Ritchie & co 16 pkgs, Cunningham, Barclay & Lindsay 22 pkgs, John McGilvray 1 csk, Jas Donelly 25 bxs 70 bles, Dickson, Logan&co 17 pkgs 1 cse, LeBlanc, Hardy&Paré 15 bxs 2 bles, Foulds& Hodgson 51 boxes 19 bales, W F Gates&co 12 bxs 18 bales, Nicholls & Hall 18 pkgs, W & J Smith 59 cases 18 bales, Order 6 bles, Order 4 bles, Tyre, Colquhoun&co 6 cases 3 bales, John Rankin 3 bxs 1 bale, Tyre, Colquhoun & co 60 cases 30 bales, McNee & Waddell 7 cases, W&R Muir 50 bls 47 cases, Hingston, McBain & co 4 bxs, Ross, Nield&co 2 bxs, Peter Bain 1 bx 1 ble, McNee&Waddell 1 cs, T Hall 1 bx 1 bl, Thomas, Thibaudeau & co 34 pkgs, Matthew Moodie 2 bales 3 cs, Gilmour&Thompson 95 pckgs, Jas Baylis 8 bales, McCall, Shehyn & co 41 pkgs, Whitby 2 chests, Stirling, McCall&co 50 pkgs, A Robertson&co 16 cs 9 bales, Wm Ferguson &co 27 pkgs, Greigster Bros 1 bx 1 bale, Bryce, McMurrich & co 160 pkgs, Stevenson, Sutherland&co 1 case, McKeand Bros & co 24 pckgs, Craick&Gillespie 6 pkgs, Laurie, Callum&co 4 bxs 1 bale, J G McKenzie & co 134 pckgs, Stewart&McIntyre 28 pkgs, Tetu& Garneau 31 pkgs, Kerr, Brown & co 30 pkgs, Andw Chisholm&co 2 bxs, Kerr, McKenzie & co 11 pkgs, Geo James 1 bx, Gordon&McKay 36 pkgs, J G McKenzie&co 1 bx, Stevenson, Sutherland&co 1 bx, Ross, Nield&co 3 bxs, 26 bags, Wyman & AikLan 11 bxs, Andw Reid 1 csk, Thos Renton 500 boiler tubes, Hathaway & Small 135 boiler tubes, Thos Paddock 4 bdls lead tubes, 1 bdl brass, Rhynas&Starr 50 hhds, John R Brewer 7 pkgs, Edw Currie 8 crates 8 cks.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the description and quantity of Grain and other substances used in Distillation and Brewing, with the Spirits and Malt Liquors produced therefrom, in the Province of Canada, for the years ending 1859 and 1860.

FOR DISTILLATION.

CANADA WEST.

Number of Distilleries in 1859		93
Do do	1860	71
Malt, bush, 1859		36473
	1860	38256
Wheat, bush, 1859		22030
	1860	21022
Barley, bush, 1859		10952
	1860	2170
Rye, bush, 1859		140934
	1860	137724
Indian Corn, bush, 1859		392433
	1860	390042
Pease, bush, 1859		1880
	1860	4816
Buckwheat, bush, 1859		1317
	1860	1162
Mill Feed, bush, 1859		63188
	1860	88404
Oats, bush, 1859		22261
	1860	23616
Potatoes, bush, 1859		25
	1860	819
Molasses or other substances, bushels,	1859	1714
	1860	....
Total quantity of Grain, 1859		691493
	1860	708031
Proof Spirits Distilled, galls, 1859		2170484
	1860	2183291

CANADA EAST.

Number of Distilleries in 1859		5
Do do	1860	5
Malt, bush, 1859		78178
	1860	70091
Wheat, bush, 1859		201
	1860	....
Barley, bush, 1859		36695
	1860	39942
Rye, bush, 1859		13352
	1860	41903
Indian Corn, bush, 1859		119413
	1860	19753
Pease, bush, 1859		....
	1860	....
Buckwheat, bush, 1859		215
	1860	1650
Mill Feed, bush, 1859		269
	1860	218
Oats, bush, 1859		269084
	1860	393128
Potatoes, bush, 1859		....
	1860	572
Molasses or other substances, bushels,	1859	36052
	1860	20794
Total quantity of Grain, 1859		517416
	1860	567257
Proof Spirits Distilled, 1859		1069386
	1860	1144528

FOR BREWING.

CANADA WEST.

Number of Breweries in 1859		128
Do do	1860	122
Total quantity of Malt, bush, 1859		209144
	1860	234174
Malt Liquor, gallons, 1859		2138745
	1860	2440790

CANADA EAST.

Number of Breweries in 1859		22
	1860	21
Total quantity of Malt, bush, 1859		117690
	1860	152450
Malt Liquor, galls, 1859		1349526
	1860	1809144

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC RECEIPTS

For the week ending March 2, 1861.

No. of Local Passengers		7837½	$12482 20
Do Foreign do		1307	2763 46
Do do Immigrants		....	....
Mails, Express &c		....	2728 09
		Tons.	
Local Freight and Live Stock		8657½	38488 96
Timber and Lumber, feet	683020	1051¾	2035 49
Fire Wood, cords	1179¼	1654¼	1524 65
Foreign Freight and Live Stock		1554¾	3287 06
		Miles.	
Total		970	$63,309 81
Week ending 3rd March, 1860		970	56,458 58
Increase			$6,851 23
Total Traffic from 1st July, 1860, to date			$2,256,953 82
Do. corresponding period previous year.			1,834,288 66

J. HARDMAN, Auditor.

WANTED,—A Young Man, for a RETAIL DRY GOODS STORE, in a thriving Town in Canada West.

A. ROBERTSON & CO., 263 St. Paul Street.

March 12. r 61

By Telegraph.

Reported for the MONTREAL HERALD.

BY MONTREAL LINE.

Office · St. Sacrament Street.

Washington, March 11.

The Herald's Washington correspondent states that political circles were feverishly excited on Sunday by the report that the evacuation of Forts Sumter and Pickens had been determined on in the Cabinet Council on Saturday night. It is now certain that the stock of provisions is almost exhausted. Several Republican Senators have repeatedly declared that such policy was decided upon, while the leading Southern Democrats call it a master-stroke of policy.

The Times' correspondent says :—I heard distinguished concessionists confess to night that if Mr. Lincoln does withdraw the troops from Fort Sumter, secession is dead, and every leader in the movement ruined.

George G. Togg, late Secretary, of the National Republican Central Committee, has been tendered the position of Commissioner of Patents.

Ben. McCulloch and his followers are organizing for a descent upon the Northern provinces of New Mexico, with the expectation of uniting them to Texas by conquest, and setting up an independent Government detached from the Cotton Confederacy. This scheme has been planned for some time.

New York, March 11.

The City of Manchester arrived this morning. News anticipated.

Advices from Montgomery announce that the Constitution of the new Confederacy has been ordered to be engrossed. It is extremely conservative.

Five millions of loan have been taken at par, and no doubt the remainder will be taken at the same figure.

NEW YORK MARKETS—March 11.

Flour dull and a shade lower; sales 7,000 bbls, at $5@$5,10; Superfine $5,15@$5,20

Canadian Flour dull and drooping, at $5,10 @$6,25.

Rye Flour steady at $3,30@$4,10.

Wheat less active and a shade easier; sales 3600 bush; $1,16@$1,17 for Spring.

Rye quiet at 65½@69c.

Corn dull for old, and a shade better for new; sales 3500 bush; 60 @ 67c for old mixed Western, in store and delivered; 58½ @ 61c for new do. at Depot.

Oats dull.

Pork quiet and unchanged; sales 100 bbls; $17,12 for Mess; $12 50 for Prime.

Lard dull; sales 9½@10¼.

Money in good supply, at 5 per cent. on call and 6@7c on 1st class paper.

Stocks active and higher. Chic. & R I, 58¾; New Jersey C, 115; Cleve & Toledo, 34¾; C C &C, 94¾; Ill. C scrip, 81¼; Hudson, 45¾; Harlem, 15¾; Mich. S, 15¾; Mich. S. guaranteed, 36; Pacific, 85¼; Erie, 33¼; Reading, 43¼; N Y C 79.

Perfect digestion, strong nerves, sound lungs, healthy liver, refreshing sleep, and functional regularity are speedily restored, without Medicine, purging or Expense, to the most disordered or enfeebled by DU BARRY'S DELICIOUS HEALTH-RESTORING REVALENTA ARABICA FOOD, which removes indigestion, (dyspepsia), habitual constipation, hæmorrhoids, liver complaint, flatulency, diarrhœa, dysentery nervousness, biliousness, scarlatina and other fevers, sore throats, Catarrhs, colds, influenza, whooping cough, dyptheria, measles, chicken and small pocks, noises in the head and ears, rheumatism, gout, impurities, eruptions, hysteria, neuralgia, irritability, sleeplessness, acidity, palpitation, heart-burn, headache, debility, dropsy, despondency, cramps, spasms, nausea and sickness, sinking, fits, coughs, asthma, bronchitis, consumption, scrofula, tightness of the chest, pains at the pit of the stomach and between the shoulders, &c., atrophy or wasting away of the body in old and young.

Avoid Pills and Medicines; they invariably aggravate and perpetuate diseases; their annoyance, disappointment and expense may be saved, and all Doctor's and Apothecary's Bills avoided by using Du Barry's Food, which, at a few pence per day, saves 50 times its cost in physic, oil and all other remedies.

Certificate No. 36,418. We find it the safest remedy. Andrew Ure, M. D. F. R. S.; Dr. Harvey; Dr. Wurzer, Dr. Shorland, Dr. Campell.

We extract a few out of many thousand cures. Cure No. 1771. Lord Stuart deDecies of many years' dyspepsia. Cure No. 49,832 Mrs. Maria Joly, of Lynn, Norfolk, of fifty years' indescribable agony from dyspepsia, nervousness, asthma, cough, constipation, flatulency, spasms, sickness and vomiting. Cure No. 47,121. Miss Elizabeth Jacobs, of extreme nervousness, indigestion, gatherings, low spirits and nervous fancies. Cure 54,816. The Rev. James T. Campbell, Fakenham, Norfolk, of indigestion and torpidity of the liver. Cure No. 46,270 James Roberts, Esq., of Frimley, Surrey, of 30 years diseased lungs, spitting of blood, liver derangement and partial deafness.

Packed in tins with full instructions. Borry Du Barry & Co., 77 Regent Street; also, Furtnam Mason & Co., London, and through all Grocers and Chemists. DW trs 332

WHOOPING COUGH.—The chief cause of all ruptures in children may be traced to this distressing complaint, and this result may be checked by using *Hunnewell's Universal Cough Remedy.* Being free of components which restrain a free use of the remedy to check the spasms, and allow the cough to have its run in a quiet way, is enough to say of one preparation. At a small outlay, all we claim for it will be proved, and full particulars found in the pamphlets to be had of all agents, or the proprietor. See advertisement in another column. 1m DSW trs 54

☞ COUGHS. The sudden changes of our climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic Affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges, let the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually warded off. Public Speakers and Singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. 6m 304

THE WEATHER.

RESULTS OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS AT MONTREAL, BY A. HALL, M. D.

Long. 73° 36' *W.; Lat.* 45° .30' *N.;* 57 *feet above tide water, for week ending March* 9, 1861

March.	Barometer corrected & reduced to Fah. 32°. (Daily means of)	Temperature of the air.	Dew Point.	Relative Humidity.	Amount of Clouds.	Maximum read at 9 P.M. (Thermometer)	Minimum read at 7 A.M.	Rain in 24 hours, read at 10 A.M.	Snow in 24 hours, read at 10 A.M.
	inch's	°	°	° 100	°—10	°	°	inc	Inc
3	29.351	41 7	38.3	.89	10 0	50 3	35 2	0.41	....
4	29.498	37 4	28.4	.70	0.3	44.8	34.0	0.03	....
5	29.822	21 6	13.2	.70	6.3	37.0	17.4	....	In'p
6	29 665	20 9	13.6	.74	7 3	32.8	15.5	....	In'p
7	30.339	1 9	—7.7	.6	0 0	20.5	—6 5	....	1.50
8	30 120	22 7	15.0	.75	3.3	32 0	1.3	....	....
9	29.475	35 9	33.5	.92	10.0	42 9	30 0	0.59	....

Rain fell to the depth of 1.03 inch. Appreciable Snow fell to the depth of 1 50 inch. This melted yielded a Rain equivalent of 0.13 inch. Conjoined Rain and melted Snow =1.16 inch.

BIRTH,

In this city on Sunday, the 10th instant, the wife of Mr. I. B McNamee, of a son.

DIED,

At River St. Pierre, on Sunday morning, the 10th inst., Archibald Ogilvie, Esq., aged 77 years. He was a native of Stirling, Scotland, and for the last 59 years a resident of the Island of Montreal.

☞ Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend the Funeral, to-morrow, [Wednesday, the 13th instant] at One o'clock, from his late residence, River St. Pierre without further notice, as no Cards will be issued in the city.

At L'Orignal, on Tuesday, the 5th instant, Mr. John O'Brian, aged 78. The deceased was one of the earliest settlers on the Ottawa.

BOARD OF ARTS & MANUFACTURES.

FREE LECTURES

AT THE

MECHANICS' HALL.

THE NEXT LECTURE of the COURSE will be delivered on

Tuesday Evening next, 12th inst.,

AT EIGHT o'CLOCK, by

B. CHAMBERLIN, B. C. L.,

ON

LIVING AND LEARNING—TWO NEEDS OF THE WORKING MAN.

March 11. 60

WANTED,—A SMART BOY, for an Office. Apply at the Herald Office.

March 12. u 61

WANTED,—In a Small Family, a good PLAIN COOK, who can Bake and undertake Dairy work and Washing. Unexceptionable references required. Apply at No. 15 Lemoine Street.

March 12. m 61

WANTED,—TWO well-qualified SALESMEN for the Dry Goods Business. Also, a Young Man, as APPRENTICE to the Dry Goods Trade.

Apply to P. MULDOON, 246 Notre Dame Street.

March 12. m 61

WANTED,—For a Private Family, a WET NURSE. Good references will be required. For particulars, apply to Room No. 140 St. Lawrence Hall.

March 12. u 61