

OUR LONDON LETTER.

Aspects of the English Christmas.

Lord Tennyson—The Objectors to His Poem—A Shopkeeper's Story—The Sunset Year—A Singular Fate of a Great Inventor—Lotta in London.

Christmas is usually a scenic glory with its made up of crisp frost, drifting snow, dashes of sunlight, red berries, snowdrops and plum-pudding. The very fog, which in London prevails at this season, lends a haze of mystery to turkeys and fat joints that line the streets—especially as the gaslights give a golden hue to the haze like that which connoisseurs delight in on an Old Master. This year we had nothing save the golden haze. The crisp frost came not, nor the sunshine. Instead we had drizzle, mud, summer heat and fog. Indeed, we had to obtain a dispensation from Sir Wilfrid Lawson to burn a little brandy on the dish to enable us to see the plum-pudding. The sympathy awakened for the indigent and "outcast" class led to more poor people having a good Christmas dinner than probably in any previous year. The New Year promises to be more considerate of their welfare than has been customary. They are going to, as the farm hands to the line of electors, so that a greater number of the people can come forward and say what is the matter with them. At last we have a poet made a peer because of his poetry. All sorts of comments have been made derisive of Mr. Tennyson accepting a peerage. So far as they proceed from persons opposed to the credit or existence of the House of Peers, these objections are relevant. But the general impression of the public, in clubs, and in the streets, in favor of the illustrious poet receiving the highest honor the State can confer. The one common sentiment is that if the peerage can confer...

deserves it. If the Laureate can confer distinction on the peerage, the peerage needs it. The abolition of the peerage is not a question before the country. The improvement of the House of Lords; is and it can only be improved by adding men of mark, of genius and strong sentiments of progress to it. In this respect the addition of Mr. Tennyson to it is a gain, and a great one. We have had a poet who will have more influence than that of a great general. His will be as potent a voice as that of the Duke of Wellington was in his day. The Standard, one of our Conservative papers, asks what would be the advantage in the eye of fame to say, "Lord Milton" or "Lord Shakespeare." One of the questions is, what would have been the effect on public opinion, if the crown in their day had made this intelligent and generous recognition of the personal eminence of the great blind singer of the Commonwealth, or the incomparable dramatist of the Age of Gold. This is the question in its political aspect. There was no Gladstone in those days to propose it, and no Queen Victoria to assent to it. Mr. Tennyson believes that he consults the interests of his order by accepting the titular honor, which commands very generally the acclamation of the Crown and the people. Honor will bestow itself still a real thing in England.

Mr. Bright mentioned, the other day, a plan of "equitable licensing," which had been sent to him by Mr. M. Q. Holyoake. Mr. Bright, with his usual good nature and shrewdness, says, "the plan is ingenious, but has obvious defects." One of the defects, obviously, is that it introduces a new principle in modern measures—that of giving a minority power to enforce their wishes. Sir W. Lawson's local option rests upon the decision of the majority in any given area—that of the devisor of "equitable licensing" would enable one-fourth of the inhabitants of any town to suppress, or call upon the licensing powers to suppress, one-fourth of the existing public houses. This principle, avowed in an act of Parliament, would change everything. The plan is stated with vigor and skill by the devisor, and even its principle cannot be said to be a greater innovation upon the rights of majorities than that which the law allows to the Duke of Westminster, the Duke of Argyll, or to Arthur Trevelyan (the brother of the late president of the United Kingdom Alliance), who suppressed, not one-fourth, but every public house and inn upon his Midlothian estates—not by the will of one-fourth of the helpless residents, but by his own single, despotic will, against which no appeal of argument, nor reason, nor humanity could be lodged. The Duke of Westminster does not go this far, as other dukes and gentlemen do. Publicans would fare better under the "one-fourth principle" than they do now.

THE GROCERS AND GENERAL SHOPKEEPERS are as bad as the Luddites. They went about breaking up machinery, and the tradesmen go about trying to break up co-operative stores. A magistrate refused to commit a clerk who had defrauded a co-operative society; and now we have jurymen who refuse to find guilty a fraudulent officer of the Army and Navy stores. In some towns co-operators are numerous enough to sit upon juries. What would be said if they refused to convict a thief who had robbed a shopkeeper? Yet this is the example that the shopkeepers of London are setting their supposed adversaries.

Mr. Parrell, although he has got £38,000 given him, which has been accumulated under British aid and protection, tells us he will give us again a Tory Parliament. This is the case with the tradesmen's policy, namely, to destroy all who do not follow their methods of business or politics. Suppose Liberals should, in the Parnell spirit, enable the Tories to rule Ireland in their methods, where would the Land Leaguers be then? Since our Conservatives have condemned all Liberal leniency, the probability is they who condemn forbearance would not practice it, and would disregard what Lord Randolph Churchill describes in his classical language that "yells." However this may be shopkeepers thus show that justice to others which they do not show to themselves. Those cannot complain of robbery who encourage it. There should be fair fighting behind the counter as well as in the prize ring. It is hitting below the belt to encourage the thief in your opponent's shop.

The auroral, meteorological, or atmospheric scenes in the skies have given occasion for NATURAL WONDER AND FOOLISH PROPHESIES. It matters little what the prediction is, so long as it is preceded by the scientific splendors of sunsets and sunsets such as Europe has witnessed of late. This will be called the sunset year, for the year is sinking in unusual brilliance. The disagreeable people who will never let us enjoy even a sunset for a day, foretell that they forebode great frosts and so forth. They said nothing about the great wind storm which we have at present. The frost has not come, and neither has the storm depended on sunsets. At present we rather long for a dash of frost. Frost or no frost, we give glad eyes to the wonderful sunsets and sunrises vouchsafed to us.

THE REAL INVENTOR OF THE ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.

Mr. J. J. Fahie, a great contributor to the Electrician, has generously published the scientific life of Edward Davy, an English surgeon, who invented electric telegraphy before Cooke and Wheatstone. There is no doubt of it. Mr. Fahie proves this in Cooke's "Wheatstone" says Davy blundered painfully into a fact [of moment] well known to Davy, of which he had "a clear perception." Davy's first profitable feat was to invent a "diamond cement," in 1835, when he lived in London, which brought him in a small income, which enabled him to spend money in inventing telegraph machinery. He was like Priestley, a discoverer of chemistry. He had a telegraph at work in Regent's Park. He said messages could be sent four hundred miles—which was as little believed as George Stephenson's saying, that steam carriages could convey miles a hour. Davy predicted that the Post Office would one day adopt the telegraph. It is singular that another named Davy should be a greater discoverer than Sir Humphrey Davy. No inventor who has been ignored like Edward Davy, ever so completely perfected his telegraph machinery. He says Davy, within three years, his machines existed at Ottery St. Mary, where Lord Coleridge has a seat, and were sold as old metal. The family gardener said, "it was such a pity, as there was such mechanism about them as would fit up a hundred electric telegraph companies." Davy went to Australia. He thought that his inventions, which were shown in Exeter Hall by an attendant, who did not understand them, and could not get them to act when wanted—could be negotiated by a power of attorney in his absence. And so he lost a great deal of money. He was like Edward Davy, this inventor, still lives, inexhaustible in enterprise but neglected, in Australia. Mr. Easton, holding an official position there, is related to him, and Dr. Henry Davy of Exeter is a nephew of his. His invention was wrought out at 490 Strand, London, in 1837. He was the inventor of the telegraph, who deserted his own invention, has more miraculous and instructive points than that of Sir Humphrey Davy of the safety lamp.

DRIZZLE AND MIZZLE have kept the young around the mistletoe, outdoor diversion being impossible. London theatres were well crowded on Boxing night, there being no other retreat from the damp and weariness into gas light and merriment. Indeed, it was too uncomfortable for collectors of Christmas boxes to go out for them. We had no great novelty in pantomimes. That is the only art that seems not to progress. We have Lotta among us, and if her inexhaustible variety does not amuse us our case is very bad. We have had her interviewed by the Pall Mall Gazette, and done all we could to make the electrical little lady believe she is at home.

G. J. HOLYOAKE.

A CENTURY OF PAINTERS OF THE VENETIAN SCHOOL.

In Hon. Justice Mackay's lecture on this interesting subject before the Art Association on Saturday evening, His Honor took for his illustrations the hundred years immediately preceding the death of Titoretto in 1694, beginning with Giovanni Bellini, and including Giorgione, Palma Vecchio, Titian, Paul Veronese and Tintoretto. The lecturer gave a brief sketch of each of these famous painters. Giovanni Bellini lived during twenty-two years of the sixteenth century, and was reckoned a great master of his day. He was a famous school, and the founder of the Venetian School. His subjects were usually sacred. Giorgione was a pupil of Bellini, and excelled in oil coloring. One of his best works was "The Chaldean Sages." Palma Vecchio was a friend of Titian, and had the same soft, rich coloring and beauty of female forms. His works are well mistaken for those of Titian. The latter was born in 1477 and lived to the age of 99. He was also a pupil of Bellini. He worked chiefly at easel painting, and is universally recognized as the greatest portrait painter of the world as ever produced. Some of his great works, enumerated by the lecturer, were "Christ and the Tribute Money," "The Assumption of the Virgin," the celebrated portraits of Charles V. and Pope Clement VII., "Sacred and Profane Love," "Danae and the Golden Shower," and others. Titian's art is a golden dream of joy untroubled by business movements of the world, a well tempered harmony in which no thrilling note suggests the possibility of discord. Paul Veronese is particularly noted for his banquet scenes, most of them painted for the refectories of convents. One of these, "The Marriage of Cana," now in the Louvre, is said to be the largest easel picture in the world. Tintoretto was for a time a pupil of Titian, who turned him away, for jealousy, it is said. His greatest work is the "Paradise" in the Ducal palace, which is 74 feet long and 30 feet high, and contains 400 figures. Raskin calls it the thoughtful picture in the world. Tintoretto died in Venice about ten years after Veronese. The influence of these Venetian painters, said the lecturer, has extended far and wide, and the seed sown by them has borne fruit, not only in Venice, but all over the world. Their works remain and have inspired generations of great painters. He concluded by saying that the world had settled into the belief that we owe an immense debt to the artists of the sixteenth century, and that the greatest achievements in oil painting were in that century. The glory of Venice, it is said, has departed. Yes, a large amount of glory has departed from her, but the glory that she acquired from her century of painters, of whom I have spoken, has not departed, and never will depart from her. It is gratifying to find gentlemen like Justice Mackay, on whose time, such large demands are made by their official duties, surrendering a portion of their time and not a little mental labor to the gratification of those whose tastes lead them in the direction of art and art studies.

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FURNESS LINE. BOSTON, Mass., and LONDON, Eng. Comprising the following first-class Full-powered Iron Steamships, Classed 100 A 1. Sailing Regularly from Boston and London: NEWCASTLE CITY, 3,000 Tons. BOSTON CITY, 3,000 " YORK CITY, 3,000 " WETHERBY, 3,000 " BIRCH, 3,000 " DURHAM CITY, 4,000 " LINCOLN CITY, 4,000 " LONDON CITY, 4,000 " In addition to our regular trade between the two ports above mentioned, we have to call the special attention of the general public to our facilities for handling goods on Through Bills of Lading to and from all the principal Baltic, Continental, Mediterranean and Oriental Ports, connecting at London with direct steamers. CANADA TRAFFIC.—Merchandise forwarded via Boston, in Bond, and from all points in Canada, which will have our special care. Bills of Lading via this Line can be obtained from any of the Railroad Agents in the Dominion. For other particulars, apply to J. B. BRIGHAM & CO., Agents, Boston, Mass. Or to ADAMSON & RONALDSON, 60 St. James Street, Montreal, 6

WHITE STAR LINE. Calling at Cork harbor, Ireland. CARRYING BRITISH AND AMERICAN MAILS. PROVED WITH EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT. NOTICE.—The steamers of this Line take Lieutenant MAURY'S Lane routes at all seasons of the year. Sailing between NEW YORK and LIVERPOOL, via Queenstown, are appointed to leave as follows: BRITANNIC, Saturday, Jan. 5, at 10.00 a.m. REPUBLIC, Thursday, Jan. 10, at 2.30 p.m. CELTIC, Thursday, Jan. 17, at 8.30 a.m. ADRIATIC, Saturday, Jan. 25, at 2.30 p.m. RAIPIC, Thursday, Jan. 31, at 7.00 a.m. "Extra steamer not calling at Queenstown, CABIN RATES. New York to Liverpool and Queenstown, \$50, \$30 and \$100. Excursion Tickets, good for one year, \$144 and \$150. Special Limited Excursion Tickets available from Liverpool, after November 6, 1883, until April 1, 1884. Tickets to London, \$7, and to Paris, \$25. Infants between one and twelve years, half price. Infants free. Servants, \$50. THESE STEAMERS DO NOT CARRY CATTLE SEAS OR BOWLING GREEN. STEERAGE RATES. From Montreal to Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown, Belfast, London, Edinburgh, Cardiff, Belfast, or Galway, \$28.50, including Halfway Fare to New York. Proportion \$22.50. Passengers booked via Liverpool, to all parts of Europe, at moderate rates. For further information and passage apply to R. J. COBURN, Agent, 17 Broadway, New York, or to B. J. COGHLIN, SOLE AGENT, 413 St. Paul Street, Montreal, 101

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CITY COUNCIL.

The Monthly Meeting.

More Gas.

The Mayor Ordered to Sign the Contract.

Providing for the Hochelaga Aldermen.

Council was called to order by His Worship the Mayor at half past three o'clock yesterday, when there were present Aldermen Grenier, Fairbairn, Donovan, Tansey, Wilson J. C., Rainville, Beausoleil, Hood, Brown, Hagar, Holland, Dubuc, Stevenson, Robert, Wilson T., Roy, Stroud, Gauthier, Prefontaine, Rolland, Mount, Farrell, and Laurent.

The following opinion of the City Attorney was then read:— His Worship the Mayor and the Aldermen of the City of Montreal.

Having examined the draft of contract between the City and the New City Gas Co., as prepared by the City Engineer, I beg respectfully to suggest that in order to avoid any objection to the proceedings more complete a resolution be adopted by the Council expressing its approval of the terms of the contract submitted herewith, and authorizing His Worship the Mayor to affix his signature thereto. I have the honor to remain, gentlemen, your most obedient servant.

ROBERT ROY. Ald. Beausoleil moved, seconded by Ald. Rainville, that the contract with the Montreal Gas Company as passed by the City Council be signed by the Mayor.

Ald. Stevenson raised a point of order, urging that as the motion did not appear on the proceedings of the day, it could not be taken up.

Ald. Grenier did not approve of the point of order raised, holding as he did that the Mayor was bound to sign the contract, in view of its having been passed by a majority of Council, without any further order.

Ald. J. C. Wilson said it was the duty of the Mayor to sign the contract.

The Mayor said the resolution of the Council approving of the contract, did not authorize him to sign.

Ald. McShane accused Ald. J. C. Wilson of having skirted the vote on the gas question, and called him the laughing stock of Montreal.

Ald. Wilson objected to such remarks as being out of order. The contract would never be confirmed by the courts.

Ald. Grenier said the contract was exactly the same as that which had been passed by the Council, and the Mayor had no excuse for refusing to sign. He objected to the contract as much as any one, but he felt bound to abide by the voice of the majority.

Ald. Holland said the Council could not bind its successors; he objected to the contract on principle.

Ald. Stevenson said the question was wholly one of order, and it lay in the hands of the Mayor, by rule of Council, whether the motion should be put or not. The parties who were trying to push this matter through should at least have some regard for decency.

Ald. Donovan—Mr. Mayor, is that motion in order? The Mayor—Very likely it is in order! I don't like to declare it out of order! (Applause.)

Ald. Stevenson—Do you then sanction the contract, Mr. Mayor? The motion was carried by a vote of 16 to 8, as follows:—

Yeas—Gauthier, Rolland, Prefontaine, Roy, Mount, Beausoleil, Rainville, Dubuc, Tansey, Hagar, Wilson T., Robert, Wilson J. C., Hood, Laurent, Grenier.

Nays—McShane, Stroud, Stevenson, Brown, Fairbairn, Holland, Donovan, Jeannotte.

Several PETITIONS were then presented.

From a large number of citizens in the east end requesting that the number of saloons in the parish of the Sacred Heart be limited.

Ald. Roy moved the appointment of a special committee to consider the above petition, as by the new License Law the Council was empowered to pass a by-law limiting the number of saloons in the city. The motion was adopted.

The special License Committee named as follows:—Ald. Gauthier, Jeannotte, Beauchamp, Holland, Donovan, Fairbairn and Roy.

A petition was read from the electors of Hochelaga Ward requesting a reconsideration of the appointment of a guardian for the station of that ward, and suggesting the name of Mr. Pelletier for the position. Referred to the Fire Committee.

The petition from Messrs. Hilaire and J. Bernier about the opening of Iberville street was referred to the Road Committee.

Ald. J. C. Wilson called the attention of the Council to a petition from G. B. Burland, W. Kotnam, Thos. Robertson & Co., Warden King and numerous other electors of St. Lawrence Ward requesting that the resignation of Ald. Mooney be not accepted. He moved that the petition be laid on the table and taken up with the letter of resignation. After some discussion this was agreed to.

The following REPORTS were then read:— From the Fire Committee granting boiler and wood-yard licenses; adopted.

From the Road Committee recommending a remuneration of \$600 to Mr. A. Brittain for services pro tem. as Deputy City Surveyor; referred to Finance Committee.

From the Police Committee recommending the increase of Mr. L. Forget's salary; referred to Finance Committee.

PRIVILEGED MOTIONS. Ald. Stevenson moved, seconded by Ald. McShane, that a special committee be appointed to consider the causes of the recent flood with a view to the prevention of such inundations in the future, the committee to consist of three Aldermen, a member of the Board of Trade and of the Corn Exchange.

The motion was unanimously agreed to and the mover and seconder and the Chairman of the Road Committee named to constitute the committee.

Ald. Fairbairn moved that the Police Committee be instructed to take into consideration the general non-observance, during the winter season, of the by-laws relating to fast driving and to the cleaning of sidewalks; carried.

report of the Finance Committee thereupon, seconded by Ald. Brown, the question of salary to be considered later by the Finance Committee.

Ald. Holland and Jeannotte objected to the salaries being raised above the present figures, viz., \$1,200. The motion was finally carried.

The seventeenth order for the renewal of the contracts for amusements, etc., on St. Helen's Island was then taken up on motion of Ald. T. Wilson, and the report of the Parks and Feries Committee to that effect was adopted.

Ald. Laurent moved the adoption of the report of the Road Committee to erase from the homologated plan of St. Mary's Ward the lines laid down for the widening and opening of Thibault street, carried.

The fourteenth order of the day was then taken up on motion of Ald. Tansey, seconded by Ald. Beausoleil, who proposed the appointment of Ald. Holland, Grenier, Dubuc, J. C. Wilson, Prevost, Stevenson, Roy, the mover and seconder, as a special committee to consider the propriety of dividing St. Antoine Ward into two separate Wards. Carried.

Ald. McShane moved the adjournment of Council, which was carried by a majority of 12 to 10, and the Council accordingly adjourned.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

MONTREAL, Jan. 14.

Court of Queen's Bench—Appeal Side.

JUDGMENTS. Present—Hon. A. A. DORIOS, Chief-Justice; Messrs. MOXK, CROSS and BABY.

In Prevost, appellant, and La Compagnie de Five Lile, respondent, and Sir Alexander Campbell, intervening party, the petition for the appointment of a sequestrator, presented in Chambers, is put upon the roll of petitions for hearing to-morrow.

In Mullen et al., appellants, and Hoe et al., respondents, the judgment of the Superior Court is confirmed.

Messrs. Doherty & Co. for appellants. Mr. Davidson for respondent.

In Parker, appellant, and Brush, respondent, the judgment of the Court below is confirmed.

Messrs. Pagnuelo & Co. for appellant. Messrs. Church & Co. for respondent.

In Stewart, appellant, and Charbonneau, respondent, the judgment is reformed in part with costs. In the court of first instance, each party paying his costs in appeal.

Messrs. Curran & Co. for appellant. Messrs. Doherty & Co. for respondent.

Present—Sir A. A. DORIOS, Chief Justice, and Justices MOXK, CROSS, TESSIER and BABY.

In Gagné et al., appellants, and the community of Sisters of Charity of Ottawa, respondents, judgment of the court below confirmed.

Messrs. Lafamme & Co. for appellants. Messrs. Prefontaine & Co. for respondents.

In the Montreal and Portland and Boston Railroad Company, appellant, and the Banque Hochelaga, respondent, the judgment of the Court below is confirmed. Judges Moxk and Tessier dissenting.

A motion was thereupon made by the Railway for permission to appeal to the Privy Council and was ordered to stand until to-morrow.

Mr. Lonergan for appellant. Messrs. Beigne & Co. for respondent.

In Gagne et al., appellant, and Gnselinger et al., respondent, the judgment of the Court below dismissing appellants' opposition to the writ of habeas corpus is confirmed.

Mr. Stuenen for appellant. Messrs. Abbott & Co. for respondent.

In the Corporation of Sherbrooke, appellant, and Paton, respondent, the judgment of the Court below was confirmed.

Messrs. Ives & Co. for appellant. Messrs. Hall & Co. for respondent.

In Chevall, appellant, and Charon, respondent, the judgment was confirmed.

Messrs. Mercier & Co. for appellant. Messrs. Tellier & Co. for respondent.

In the South Eastern Railway Company, appellant, and Trudeau, respondent, the judgment of the Court below is confirmed.

Messrs. O'Halloran & Co. for appellant. Messrs. Prefontaine & Co. for respondent.

The Mutual Fire Assurance Company of Joliette, appellant, and Dupuis, respondent. Judgment confirmed.

Messrs. MacLaren & Co. for appellant. Messrs. Gosselin & Co. for respondent.

In Charlebois, appellant, and Brunet, respondent, the judgment was confirmed.

Messrs. Pagnuelo & Co. for appellant. Messrs. Lafamme & Co. for respondent.

Schedule A. In the said Schedule we read of the fundamental principle of our law.

“Earthenware and stoneware, brown or colored, and Rockingham ware, 25 p. c. ad valorem.”

“Earthenware, white granite or ironstone ware, and ‘C’ or cream-colored ware, 30 p. c. ad valorem.”

Now it appears from the evidence that all the goods imported by the plaintiff referred to in these cases, and respecting which he claims the sums above mentioned, as the difference between 30 p. c. and 20 p. c. exacted by the defendant are composed of white ware, granite ware and cream-colored c. ware and that the body of the said ware is white. It appears that the importations were made in the form of glazing and the outside of these wares are only put on to make them impenetrable to water, or to give them an agreeable appearance to the eye, or for other purposes, but the nature of the ware is not changed.

The different denominations under which these wares of different colors are respectively known are more to facilitate commerce, and the finishing might as well be applied to brown or other colored wares and to white or cream colored ware. White ware and cream colored ware are distinct from brown and colored ware and their fabrication is of a more recent date, and it is to these white or cream colored wares that the provisions of the tariff mentioned in the second place apply. It is therefore clear that the defendant had a right to charge 30 p. c. ad valorem as he did, and consequently the plaintiff's actions are unfounded, and are dismissed with costs.

Messrs. Bethune & Co. for plaintiff. Messrs. Church & Co. for defendant.

Parker vs. F. B. McNamee et al. Judgment for plaintiff for \$2,217.80, with interest and costs.

Mr. L. N. Benjamin for plaintiff. Messrs. McMaster & Co. for defendants.

The Vancouver and Coal Mining and Land Company vs. F. B. McNamee et al. This was an action for the recovery of \$1,284.55 judgment for plaintiff.

Mr. Benjamin for plaintiff. Messrs. McMaster & Co. for defendants. The answer in law is dismissed.

Messrs. Barnard & Co. for plaintiff. Mr. R. Roy Q. C. for defendant.

THIRD DIVISION. Present—The Hon. Justice RAINVILLE. JUDGMENTS.

F. E. Gilman vs. The Royal Canadian Insurance Co.—The plaintiff, shareholder in the capital stock of the company, defendant, for a large amount, seeks by his action that the directors of the first defendant, 2,843 shares be declared illegal, null and void, and that it be prohibited from selling the said shares as advertised. He alleges that the capital stock was originally \$6,000,000, which was subsequently reduced to \$2,000,000 upon which 65 p. c. has been paid or called; that the forfeiture of the shares was made in an illegal manner and that the offering of them for sale is equally illegal; that the directors of the company-defendant agreed to have a sale, the result of which would be ruinous to the company; that the sale is decided upon in order to furnish the said directors with the means of retaining the control and direction of affairs; that the defendant and its directors did not announce the conditions of sale and kept them secret, refusing to communicate these to the plaintiff, with a view of selling them en bloc, or in a single lot, with a view of bringing the highest bidders away, and that what the conditions really were respecting the sale of the shares was not known.

After the return of the action the plaintiff, seeing that if he allowed the defendant to sell these shares, his action would become of no avail, and obtain no object, applied by petition for an order to enjoin on the defendant not to sell the shares in question pending the action.

This petition is based upon the same grounds as the action; these grounds may be classed under the following heads: 1. The illegality of the forfeiture of the shares. 2. The illegality of the projected sale, inasmuch as it is not stated how these shares will be sold, that is with the amount paid up on each, or as all paid up, or only free from the calls made. 3. That this sale will be ruinous to the company. 4. That the defendant, with a view of enabling the present board of management to retain control of its affairs.

The defendant contested this petition, first by a provisional answer, based upon the fact that the petitioner had not furnished the security required by the act respecting injunctions. At the hearing I rejected this ground, and I need not now allude to it.

By another contestation the defendant alleges his right to declare the shares referred to forfeited, and the fact of the legality of the projected sale, and that the defendant's resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors declaring them forfeited. It alleges in addition that by a resolution of the Board, adopted on the 20th November, 1883, it was resolved that the said shares should be sold at auction in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of the Act of Incorporation of the Company, that it was not the intention of the directors, as falsely alleged in the plaintiff's petition, to sell the said shares en bloc, but according to law, that is to say, the shares of each shareholder. That according to the present market value these shares would realize \$42,000.

The first question which presented itself was to know whether, as a judge in Chambers, I had power and authority to grant the present petition.

I do not think there can be any doubt on this point. There is no act, or any act, which is in any way under our law. There is no wrong without a remedy, and where there is a grievance there is a means of abating it.

The Superior Court has civil jurisdiction in the first instance, with full power and authority to grant injunctions, and in the Cours de Prevoite de Justice Royale de l'Intendant, or before the Superior Council under the Government of the Province prior to 1769 respecting rights, recourse and action, civil nature.”

C. S. L. c. 10, s. 6, and s. 18, sec. 6. As thus appears, the power of the Superior Court are unlimited in civil matters, and it has jurisdiction over all claims which may arise between Her Majesty's subjects.

I am not then one of those who consider that the act respecting injunctions has introduced into our jurisprudence a new provision in matter of rights. It has perhaps created a new mode of exercising a right, but it has not certainly created a right. I look upon this statute as one of procedure.

That the petitioner asks by his petition to be granted a summary judgment, is purely a matter of procedure, and the parties remain until judgment on the merits of the same advantages, that is to say in the same situation as they were on the day of the application. This is the application

of the fundamental principle of our law. Pigeau, page 116. “The authority of justice,” says he, “being only interposed in order to render to the parties what belongs to him, the parties must, until the defendant is adjudicated upon, remain in the condition in which they were at the time it was begun.”

What would be the object of the plaintiff's action if, while it is pending, he has no power to suspend the sale of the shares in question?

Once the sale takes place his action is deprived of its object and its aim. Now, does he show in his demand a sufficiently plausible right to justify the Court in granting what he asks for, for if his demand is not granted, he will be in the position of obstructing certain rights, the tribunal, in its discretion, would not be justified in interfering; but if the plaintiff shows an apparent right, a serious pretension, it becomes the duty of the Court to grant him an opportunity of submitting his demand to the tribunal, and to refuse the petitioner the order applied for by him would be virtually to put an end to his action.

And I find one of the grounds set up by the plaintiff sufficiently well founded to justify me in granting the order asked for: I refer to the second one, illegality of projected sale. In reality the law fully gives a right to the company to sell the forfeited shares (sec. 3 of the charter), but how must this sale be made? What will be sold? The first corner, initiated in law would naturally answer, they should sell the shares in the state in which they were when they were forfeited. That would be the natural inference which any one would draw from the provisions of the law, which is in the following terms:—“In any stockholder who stockholders shall refuse or neglect to pay . . . such stock holder or stockholders shall forfeit such shares or shares as aforesaid together with the amount previously paid thereon, and such forfeited share or shares may be sold at public auction after such notice as they may direct.” The amounts paid on the forfeited shares are not the same on each share. It was, it seems to me, the duty of the Board of Directors of the Company, defendant, to indicate in their notice of sale what they were going to sell, that is to say the amount of the shares to be sold, and the word to indicate and describe the thing sold. At the enquete, it was established that it was the intention and the decision of the Board of Directors to sell these shares free of the calls already made, that is to say, paid up to the extent of 65 p. c., irrespective of the amount of the calls made on the greater number there was 30 p. c. paid on these shares, and there were some on which there was less.

Has the company the right to make a sale on such a basis on the resolution of its board of directors? I greatly doubt it, and in any case the question is worthy of being submitted to a superior tribunal, for the decision would be a precedent, and this is a determining ground why I should order the suspension of this sale.

Let us see what in reality would be the result of this sale on the financial position of the company and upon the value of the shares of the present stockholders; there is a difference of opinion upon the amount the sale of these shares would bring; according to the plaintiff it would not bring more than 10 p. c., or \$28,400, and according to the defendant it would bring 50 p. c., or \$42,000. According to the admission of the Secretary of the Company the shares are now worth on the market 55 p. c., or \$20 a share. But he admits, at the same time, that the real value of the stock is much greater than that of the market value, and that the shares are not worth their real value the purchasers will share with the present shareholders in a capital, the value of each share in which will exceed what was paid for those shares; in other words, these purchasers will become partners, without paying the equivalent in money, which is the condition of the partnership.

If any one wants to verify the result he has only to make a calculation. Suppose that the real value of each share is to-day \$25; there are 17,000 shares, the total capital stock would then be worth \$425,000. Now, what would be the result if these shares were sold at 50 p. c., or \$20 a share? The total value of the shares would be \$340,000. And if we adopt the opinion of the defendant that these shares would bring \$40,000, we come to have a capital worth \$465,000, or for the 20,000 shares of which the company would then be composed, \$23.25 per share. Each share would thus have received a value of \$23.25, and the operation, equal to a total loss to the present shareholders of over \$30,000. And if we adopt the opinion of those who think that these forfeited shares would not bring more than 10 per cent., or \$3,000, the loss would be clearly much greater. The petition is therefore well founded, and the defendant's security to the extent of \$1,000 within three days.

Messrs. Beigne & Co., Trenholme & Co. and Church & Co. for the plaintiff. Messrs. Bethune & Co. for the company. Mr. Geoffroy and Mr. L. N. Benjamin for the directors. Mr. Kerr, Q. C., for the shareholders.

The Exchange Bank of Canada vs. N. J. B. Martel et al. Judgment against N. J. B. Martel, on a promissory note, for \$15,18, with interest and costs.

Messrs. Greenhields & Co. for plaintiff. D. A. Ansell vs. Lesser et al. Judgment on a promissory note for \$463, with interest and costs.

Messrs. Dunlop & Co. for plaintiff. The Hon. M. H. Cochrane et al. vs. Peter McKenzie. Judgment for goods sold, for \$109 and costs.

I do not think there can be any doubt on this point. There is no act, or any act, which is in any way under our law. There is no wrong without a remedy, and where there is a grievance there is a means of abating it.

The Superior Court has civil jurisdiction in the first instance, with full power and authority to grant injunctions, and in the Cours de Prevoite de Justice Royale de l'Intendant, or before the Superior Council under the Government of the Province prior to 1769 respecting rights, recourse and action, civil nature.”

C. S. L. c. 10, s. 6, and s. 18, sec. 6. As thus appears, the power of the Superior Court are unlimited in civil matters, and it has jurisdiction over all claims which may arise between Her Majesty's subjects.

I am not then one of those who consider that the act respecting injunctions has introduced into our jurisprudence a new provision in matter of rights. It has perhaps created a new mode of exercising a right, but it has not certainly created a right. I look upon this statute as one of procedure.

That the petitioner asks by his petition to be granted a summary judgment, is purely a matter of procedure, and the parties remain until judgment on the merits of the same advantages, that is to say in the same situation as they were on the day of the application. This is the application

M. J. F. Quinn vs. E. Mahan alias E. Blanchard, and S. E. Coulson et al., garnishee.—The plaintiff moved for permission to amend his writ and declaration. Mr. S. E. Coulson for defendant.

Messrs. Davidson & Co. for plaintiff. Messrs. Lafamme & Co. for defendant.

La Banque du Peuple vs. A. A. Chabault et al. Plaintiff and defendant, and Louis Archambault et al. intervening.

The intervening party moved that the plaintiff be ordered to file a title deed of proprietorship to the immovable property in question. En delibere.

Mr. Archambault for defendant and opponent. Messrs. Robidoux & Co. for intervening party.

B. B. Morgan et al. vs. William Jack, and Samuel Irvine intervening party.—The intervening party, Irvine, moved that the proceeds of the sale in this cause be deposited in Court and that the defendant's creditors be called in by advertisement. En delibere.

Mr. L. N. Benjamin for intervening party. G. H. Brown vs. R. C. Vidler et al.—The defendants moved that plaintiff be ordered to file a detailed account. The motion was granted for costs only, the account being produced in reply to the motion.

Mr. Downey for plaintiff. Messrs. Wotherspoon & Co. for defendants.

E. E. Stewart vs. J. James et al.—The defendants moved to file a plea of puis darren continuance, but the motion was rejected.

Messrs. Robertson & Co. for plaintiff. Messrs. Archibald & Co. for defendants.

Dame M. M. McGrath vs. Hugh Graham, jr., et al., et al. In this case the plaintiff demurred to the plea filed by the defendants, and the parties were heard thereon. En delibere.

Mr. Kavanagh for plaintiff. Messrs. Robertson & Co. for defendants.

Dame Arabella Delmage vs. Daniel Harvey et al., defendants.—The defendants are the liquidators of the St. Bridget's Building Society, and a writ of injunction was issued to compel them to place the petitioner's name on the balance sheet. The defendant was the holder of a book, but the shares held by her had been forfeited, as she alleged illegally. The respondents declared their readiness to do so, and thereupon the writ was discharged. En delibere.

Messrs. Doutre & Co. for petitioner. Messrs. Ange & Co. for respondents.

Notes. Joseph A. Craig has instituted two actions for the recovery of insurance, one against the Western Assurance Co. for \$1,508.30, and another against the Scottish and North Western Assurance Co. for \$2,978.76. Messrs. Delormier & Co. are his attorneys.

Mr. Louis A. Desmarais is suing the Windsor Hotel for \$1,046 damages. Messrs. St. Pierre & Co. for plaintiff.

THE BOOT AND SHOE INDUSTRY.

Lecture by Mr. E. F. Ames in Association with the Young Men's Christian Association. Hall last evening.

Mr. E. F. Ames, of the firm of Ames, Holden & Co., leading boot and shoe manufacturers of this city, lectured last evening under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association on the subject of “The Boot and Shoe Industry.”

There was a very good attendance, the Hall being well filled. Mr. James Whitlam, of Messrs. James Whitlam & Sons, occupied the chair, and appropriately introduced the lecturer.

From the earliest days, said the lecturer, some kind of leather covering had been made for the feet, the oldest form being the sandal, or sole attached with thongs. The ancient Egyptians made sandals of tanned leather and also of strips of papyrus.

In Japan the common people wore sandals of straw to the present day and hempen sandals were used in South America. The ancient Greeks and Romans usually went barefoot, although the soldiers sometimes had sandals of brass or iron as well as of leather. Hebrew sandals were made of leather, linen and wood, and those of the ladies were highly ornamental. Scriptural and eastern customs regarding the shoe were referred to, and the changes of style and form in different periods were briefly noticed, the strangest of all shoes being, said the lecturer, those worn by Chinese ladies of rank, which were not more than three or four inches long and made of silk. The present simple form of shoe came into use early in the 17th century, and with slight changes in the shape and toe and height of heel had remained essentially the same. In 1635 one Philip Kirtland, a shoemaker, came over from England and settled in Lynn, Mass., and the business of shoemaking became a leading industry of that place almost from the date of its settlement.

In 1750 a Welshman named John Adam Dwyer attained much fame by the manufacture of ladies' shoes, so much so that it was stated in an English paper that “shoes for women were made in Lynn which for strength and beauty far exceeded any that were imported from London.” In 1788 his export of shoes exceeded one hundred thousand pairs, and in 1795 it had increased to three hundred thousand pairs; at the present time there were one hundred firms doing an annual business of from \$25,000 to \$250,000; quite a number, \$500,000; several that approached and a few that over-lapped a million. The number of pairs manufactured yearly in Lynn is about sixteen millions, valued at twenty million dollars, considerably more than the product of the whole Dominion of Canada.

The shoe trade had become the leading business of New England, the product of the State of Massachusetts being over a hundred million dollars annually.

Machinery began to come into use about 1820, the year in which wooden pegs were invented by Joseph Walker, of Hopkinton, Mass.; these came rapidly into use for the common grades of shoes in this country, but have never been common in England.

IN MONTREAL the first wholesale manufacturer of boots and shoes was Wm. Galt, a tanner, who introduced the shoe business in 1823, but there was no manufacturing worthy of notice previous to 1840, about which time several commenced in a small way to make “sole shoes,” as they were called, but the process was crude and simple, the leather being cut from patterns and given out to “biters,” or persons who stitched the tops together. The sewing was now done by machinery at a much lower cost to the manufacturer and at a far greater profit to the workmen. The cutting of the uppers, however, remained essentially the same. For nearly ten years after no change was made in the manufacture; some of the principal men engaged in the business between 1840 and 1850 were Robert Cooke, Thomas Hawkins, Thomas White, Alexander Ronald, Curley & O'Connor, Edward Thompson, James Haldane, G. A. Rolland, A. Lapierre, Pierre Larue, W. Dufferin, J. & T. Bell, John Sloan, Hugh Thompson & Son, Henry Jackson, W. Smyth, and towards the end of that period, Brown & Childs. To the last named firm was due the credit of introducing the system into Canada of employing men not necessarily practical

shoemakers; this, with the division of labor and greater economy in working up the stock began in 1849. This departure was opposed by the shoemakers in mass meetings and in other more forcible ways, but it finally triumphed. The same firm introduced the manufacture of India rubber shoes, and formed a company therefor, which afterwards merged into the Canadian Rubber Company, and Mr. Childs was the first to conceive the idea of the cloth and rubber overshoe now so extensively worn.

From 1850 to 1854 was a period of depression, owing to riots, extensive fires and cholera, but 1855 opened with brighter prospects, and the production of boots and shoes increased rapidly. The opening of the Grand Trunk Railway to Toronto in 1856 greatly stimulated trade, with the west, and for several years the shoe trade experienced great prosperity. At the close of 1860 there were twelve considerable firms in the city whose united annual productions were about two millions of dollars in value, an increase of more than a million in a decade. About this time steam power began to be employed, and was followed by a reorganization of the modes of manufacturing.

From this time onward great advances were made in the facilities for manufacturing, in no single trade was there a more perfect division of labor, or adaptation of machinery. They were indebted to the fertile brain of New England for most of the practical inventions, but Canada had always kept pace with her neighbor in the adoption of improvements; several useful machines had also been invented in Canada. The Confederation of the Provinces in 1867 imparted a fresh impulse to the trade. In the fall of 1868 a well organized strike for higher wages took place in Montreal; it lasted six weeks and caused a loss to the workman of over \$100,000. The only other interruption of the kind was that of the “Lesters' Union” a year ago, which caused them a direct loss of some \$18,000 and was also abandoned. In 1870 there were twenty-five firms making shoes in the city, whose united annual productions exceeded in value four million dollars. The number of establishments in the city and suburbs in 1871 was 117, employing 5,000 persons with an annual wages roll of \$1,141,579, and a product valued at \$5,673,415. Ten years later there were 200 establishments, 5,590 employees, \$1,460,395 paid in wages, and product valued at \$6,889,525, figures which showed the boot and shoe trade to be the largest manufacturing industry in the city. The annual product of

was upwards of \$17,000,000 with 18,949 persons employed. The city of Quebec having an output of 2 to 2½ millions, Toronto and Montreal and London, 13 million each, Halifax and St. John half a million each. This then was the largest manufacturing interest of the whole Dominion except those of flour and lumber.

CARNIVAL NOTES.

The Out-door Sports Committee held a meeting yesterday morning in the Carnival office, and decided on giving the contract for the rink to be erected on the McGill College Grounds to Mr. B. C. Seery for \$200.

The Curling Committee also met and resolved to give fourteen gold medals for competition at the Borepeli. The matches will be played in the Flour Sheds, a point easy of access from the hotels and all points of the city.

A meeting of the Lodging Committee was also held, but nothing but routine business was transacted. In connection with this subject, lodging the thousands who may be expected to be present, it would be well for those lodging-house keepers who have suitable rooms to rent, and who have not sent in their names, to do so at once, and thus avoid confusion at the last moment.

The following taken from a Boston paper shows that a Carnival boom has set in, in the Hub.

"The windows of the Central Vermont Railroad at 260 Washington street, Boston, presents scenes incident to the annual winter Carnival at Montreal which are proving very attractive to all who approach them. One of the windows has in it a life-size figure of a member of the Toboggan and Snow Shoe Club of Montreal, also of a little boy on a sled; in the other are photographs of the carnival of 1883, at Victoria Park, curling match on the St. Lawrence, Lord Dufferin and wife, ice palace.

The sports this winter commence on the 4th of the coming month and continue until the 9th, making six days of carnival sports, during which time the Central Vermont will offer special rates.

The Lowell Morning Mail speaks of the approaching Carnival in the following flattering terms:

"Last season the experiment of a 'winter carnival' at Montreal was a grand success, and the announcement that it is to be repeated this winter gives pleasure to many who enjoyed the first one and to others whose anticipations have been excited by reading the glowing accounts of the brilliant affair, and it is probable that the attendance of strangers next month will be largely in excess of that of last year.

The city of Montreal possesses advantages of situation that are unequalled on the continent for the diversions suited to such an occasion. It is always an interesting place to visit, but must be doubly so when in gala array and given up to enjoyment. The Carnival is to begin on Monday, Feb. 4, and continue until the following Saturday, with different features each day. Already we hear of many Lowell people who intend to be present, and as the time approaches numerous others will doubtless be moved to join the army of sightseers which will take this opportunity to visit the beautiful City of the North.

Mr. Ernest Wiman writes that the one thousand programmes sent him are totally insufficient, and asks for a second supply, enclosing his cheque for the same. The programmes were at once forwarded, and the cheque—as it was thought rather too much that Mr. Wiman, who had done so much for the Carnival, should be called upon to pay for these programmes.

A meeting of the Printing and Publishing Committee will be held at 10.30 a.m. to-day at the Carnival Office, to consider the advisability of issuing a second edition of the illustrated programme, as the first supply is about disposed of.

At the meeting of the Trotting Committee held yesterday, it was announced that all the money required for the purses had been subscribed, and that upwards of seventy-five horses had already been entered, including a number of American racers.

Meeting of the Executive Committee. A meeting of the Executive Committee was held in the Windsor Hotel last evening, Mr. G. R. Prowse in the chair.

Mr. Angus Grant, Chairman of the Showshoeing Committee, reported that all their arrangements were completed, and that in addition to their programme, they proposed to erect a showshoe arch in St. James street, one somewhat similar to that erected by the Montreal Snowshoe Club on the arrival of the Marquis of Lorne and H. R. H. Princess Louise. It is proposed to have the arch mounted by the members of the different snowshoe clubs upon the afternoon of the arrival of His Excellency the Governor-General.

Col. Stevenson reported, on behalf of the curlers, that the four sheds were now being put in order for the use of the curlers, and that his committee would expend about \$1,800 in their preparations. He, therefore, strongly urged that the appropriation of \$1,000 granted his committee be increased.

The Lansdowne Tobogganing Club propose introducing a novel feature on the occasion of the visit of their distinguished patron, Lord Lansdowne. The tobogganers will descend the slide in fancy dress costumes; the slide is expected to be starting, to say the least.

The Lodging Committee appreciate their responsibilities, and their Chairman, Mr. Salter, is busily engaged in providing shelter for the immense influx of visitors expected during Carnival week. The register at his office, 178 St. James street, already shows the addresses of lodgings for 1,150 persons. Mr. Melvin, of the New York House, will be ready to quarter 470 excursionists in his own and in leased premises. Messrs. Fairman and Armstrong are fitting up large rooms on St. James street, near the Post Office, where 200 more will be comfortably cared for.

V. R. C. SERGEANTS' MESS. Dinner to the Officers and Staff. A very enjoyable evening was spent last night at the Armory by the sergeants of the Victoria Rifles of Canada, who had as their guests at dinner the senior officers and staff of the corps. A sergeants' mess has lately been instituted, and their quarters were inspected by their guests on the 12th inst.

Shortly after eight o'clock Sergeant-Major Sims took the chair, having on his right Lieut.-Col. Whitehead, and on either side the officers and staff. The dinner was in Joyce's usual style and passed off to the satisfaction of everybody. Full justice having been done to the many savory dishes.

The Chairman gave "The Queen," which was drunk right royally and the National Anthem sung with all the vim that "The Vics" put into their singing. He then proposed:

OUR GUESTS. Col. Whitehead in response congratulated the sergeants on the success of their enterprise, and spoke of them as the backbone of the regiment. He was happy to announce that Majors Crawford and Davidson had joined him in offering a company competition prize [applause] which would be trusted result very beneficially for the regiment.

Capt. F. C. Henshaw also replying to the toast thanked the sergeants for their courteous and considerate invitation. Referring to the prize mentioned he would inform them that No. 3 Company intended to take it [applause] and would have to get it, but if another company should be the winner, it would be the first to extend a hand of congratulation to the commanding officer of that company. [Applause.]

Major Burrows, Captain Radiger, Quartermaster Stewart and Assistant-Surgeon McLaren followed briefly in response to the toast and the remainder of the evening was spent in a continual flow of song and anecdote, among those who took part being Messrs. H. Doucet, Chris. Barnes, the versatile Bob Ross, the old reliable Johnny Bowden and several others.

Mr. Ross proposed the health of the Chairman, which was drunk with much enthusiasm.

The next morning, after briefly replying, gave "The next meeting," and the pleasant gathering came to an end with All Lang Syne and God Save the Queen.

POPULAR PASTIMES. Snowshoeing. EMERALD CLUB STEEPCHEASE—THE FASTEST TIME THIS YEAR.

The annual club steeplechase of the Emerald Snowshoe Club was held last evening and was a great success, the winner making the fastest time this year.

There were eight starters, who went off promptly from McGill College Gates at 8 o'clock, with the following result:

- 1. Mr. Larkin 19 00
2. Mr. Kennedy 20 30
3. J. F. McDermick 20 35
4. W. Clancy 21 30

At Luncheon about 130 members and friends gathered, among the latter being Mrs. Thos. Egan, Mr. Henry Thomas, the Hon. President Mr. William Wilson, Messrs. Henry Thomas, T. J. Potter, H. J. Cloran, M. Fearn, J. P. Griffin, B. McNally, J. D. Wright, P. Doran, Prudhomme (Le Canadien), Daly, and several members of Le Trappeur.

The first business was the presentation of prizes. Mr. Wm. Wilson, the Hon. President, presented Mr. Larkin, the hero of the evening, with the first prize, a gold and silver medal; Mrs. Triney the second prize, a silver medal; Mr. Kennedy; Mrs. Thomas, the third, a gold pin; and Mr. H. J. Cloran, the fourth, a silver pen-cil case.

After supper speeches were made by Messrs. Wm. Wilson, T. J. Potter, H. J. Cloran, ex-President Larkin and President J. F. McDermick. Songs were given by Messrs. Prudhomme (Le Canadien), Montreuil and Terroux (Le Trappeur), J. D. Puroel, J. Isaacson, and Prof. J. Wilson. The pleasant evening was brought to a close by the whole company singing the "Amazon March."

Our friends of the Emerald are to be congratulated on the Club's success in keeping the lead.

Tobogganing. THE LANSDOWNE CLUB. A special meeting of the above Club was held last evening in the Carnival office when the following gentlemen were elected an Executive Committee—Messrs. Sims, Radiger, Boyer, Dunlop, Burland and Ives, with the President, two vice-presidents and secretary ex-officio. It was resolved that a member of the committee be in charge of the slide every evening. It was announced that upwards of \$500 had been received from members, and that a large number of names awaited approval of the Committee.

Skating. RACE AT PRINCE OF WALES RINK. The one-hour race which took place at this popular rink last evening was well patronized by spectators. There were 20 entries for the race which was well contested until the finish. A. Dowd taking first place and P. Moss coming in a good second about a yard behind the first man. Both men made 12 miles and nine laps. The prizes were as follows, viz., 1st, silver medal and silver cup. The regular weekly masquerade will be held on Thursday night.

Hockey. The championship match between the McGill and Victoria clubs at the Victoria last evening, was won by the former team by one goal.

A new departure in a University. HITCHCOCK, JR., of Amherst has been appointed by the trustees of Cornell University professor of physical culture and hygiene. The new large gymnasium will be placed under his direction. It is probable that compulsory gymnastics will be required in the lower classes. It is stated that the engagement of Prof. Pete McClelland, of New York city, appointed to the chair a year ago, has been broken because with a week after the appointment he accepted a challenge to a prize fight for the light weight championship of America, a proceeding not tolerated by the trustees of the University.

Billiards. VIGNAUX VS. SCHAEFFER. PARIS, Jan. 14.—The billiard contest of 3,600 points between Maurice Vignaux and Jao b Schaeffer began here this evening. At the close of play Vignaux had scored 600, and Schaeffer 581.

Sporting Sundries. The annual show of the Ontario Poultry Association opens in Toronto on Thursday. About \$2,000 in prizes is offered, and entries are coming in from different parts of the Dominion.

It has been arranged to give a winter trotting meeting at Woodbine Park, Toronto, on Thursday and Friday, the 24th and 25th inst., at seven o'clock each day.

A wrestling match between Edwin Bibby, champion of the United States, and Matsada Sorakiche, the Japanese champion, for \$500 a side came off last evening at Irving Hall, New York. Betting was 100 to 40 in Bibby's favor. Two falls were won by Bibby, who was declared the winner.

IMPORTANT. When you visit or leave New York City via Express, Pullman, or Carriage Hire and stop at Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot, 40 elegant rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to \$1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best food. Cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live there for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any first-class hotel in the city.

ANNIVERSARY WEEK.—Mr. Kuhring, Assistant Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., is making an effort to gather as large and efficient a choir as possible for the anniversary meetings next week, the success of which depend so much upon the quality of the singing. All who can sing are invited to assist, and to be present at a special meeting for rehearsal this evening, to be held in the noon prayer meeting room, Association building.

RELIEF from Sick Headache, Drowsiness, Nausea, Dizziness, Pain in the Side, etc., guaranteed to those using Carter's Little Liver Pills. These complaints are nearly always cured by a trial of our celebrated pills. Restore these organs to their proper functions and the trouble ceases. Carter's Little Liver Pills will do this every time. One pill is a dose. For a trial, in a pill 25 cents.

Auction Sales. BY PARENT BROS. Real Estate Auctioneers and Agents. SEASON 1884.

Twenty years experience acquired by constant dealing in Real Estate exclusively, enable us to do better for our clients, and would be sellers of property, than any one else. If hard work, knowledge of business and constant application to do the very best for dealers will ensure success, we certainly will accomplish our task to the satisfaction of proprietors who will encourage us. We have already succeeded in securing some of the most important sales of the season. We cordially invite all persons interested in Real Estate to call at our Rooms, the finest and most extensive in the Dominion of Canada.

PARENT BROS. Real Estate Auctioneers and Agents, 237 ST. JAMES STREET, January 11, 1m 10

Miscellaneous. CHEAP TOBOGGAN CUSHIONS. Our Cushions, of the original pattern introduced by us, are admitted to be the BEST MADE, at the LOWEST PRICE. Large Stock of all sizes to fit any toboggan. JAMES BAYLIS & SON, 459 and 461 Notre Dame Street, January 8

FOR SALE, PUNCHES BARBADOS MOLASSES Do PORTO RICO do Do JAMAICA RUM

Barrels STIMOTLY PALE STEAM REFINED SEAL OIL (Grieve's and Stephen Brands) Barrels PALE STRAW AND BROWN SEAL OIL Barrels PORPOISE OIL (Quality very superior)

Barrels NEWFOUNDLAND COD OIL Barrels GASPE COD OIL Barrels GREEN CODFISH (Inspected Nos. 1 and 2) Barrels LABRADOR SALMON, Nos. 1, 2 and 3. Barrels LABRADOR HERRING Kegs LOCH FLYNE do (Malcolm Brand) Quintals PRIME TABLE CODFISH, soft and hard cured.

JOHN BAIRD & CO. 191 COMMISSIONER STREET, November 29

THE REAL ESTATE SEASON OF 1884. \$80,000 of Central Business and Tenement Property.

Trade Notice. Druggists, Fancy Goods Dealers, &c. We offer a large assortment of ODOR CASES, BRUSH and COMB CASES, CHOICE PERFUMER, Fancy Boxes, FANCY TOILET BOTTLES, in all the newest styles—Cut, Tinted, Cameo, &c.—from the leading British and Foreign manufacturers.

Also, a very large and beautiful assortment of British and German MECHANICAL XMAS CARDS and SACKETS. All High in Quality! All Low in Price! LYMAN, SONS & CO. 354 ST. PAUL STREET, December 1

YES! YOU CAN GET SOME OF THE FINEST FINISHED PHOTOS IN TOWN AT MR. PARKS' STUDIO GO AND TRY. 195 1/2 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL June 14

GIRB & CO. Having received their Fall and Winter Goods Tailoring and Haberdashery, Also, PATTERN SUITS FROM POOLE, INVITE INSPECTION. September 19

Steel Rails AND FISH PLATES A Quantity in Store ready for Delivery. LOCOMOTIVES, To Lease or Sell. FROGS, Crossings, and Switches SEMAPHORES, And Steel Wire Rope TRACK BOLTS With Atwood Patent Lock Nuts TRACKLAYERS' TOOLS, &c., &c. Apply or address JOHN TAYLOR & BROTHER 16 ST. JOHN STREET, Merchants and Contractors in Railway Equipment and Engineering Supplies. December 11, 295

TO CONSUMERS. English Oak-Tanned Leather BELTING! MANUFACTURED FROM THE PURE OAK-TANNED LEATHER. CASSILS, STIMSON & CO. March 31 77

Auction Sales. BY PARENT BROS. Real Estate Agents AND AUCTIONEERS, 237 St. James St.

We have received instructions to offer at public sale, on SATURDAY, the 19th January instant, At 10.30 A.M., AT OUR SALESROOMS, TWO VERY DESIRABLE RESIDENCES

Situated in the West End:— 1730—St. Catherine Street—1730 Corner of St. Mark Street. Fine four-story Residence, stone and marble trimmings. Replete with all the modern improvements that Architectural Art can produce. Sub-basement of waterproof Concrete. Slab stationary washbats, Gurney's best range with all hot water attachments, excellent combination furnace; walls all oil painted, crystal gasaliers costing \$500 in New York city, baths and all appointments.

Residence is 30 feet by 44; lot 30x150 to lane. Complete Coach-house and Stables, built of stone and marble casings to match the house. This property cost \$18,000, but must be sold, here, \$800 and taxes. Permits to view on demand. Terms very easy. Possession for occupancy 1st May next.

656—Palace Street—656 Two doors west of Beaver Hall Hill. Most substantial dressed stone front residence, five stories, perfect in every respect; modern improvements throughout, Coach House and Stables. This property is only five minutes walk from the busiest business of the city. Fine shade trees in front. Any one wishing a home in the heart of the city and in a first-class neighborhood, will seldom find an opportunity to purchase. Terms to suit intending buyers.

It is important to keep in mind the date of the sale. Saturday, 19th January, At 10.30 A.M. 237 ST. JAMES STREET, PARENT BROS., Estate Agents. GEO. W. PARENT, Auctioneer, January 10 9

AUCTION SALE, PARENT BROS., Auctioneers, FIRST IMPORTANT SALE OF The Real Estate Season of 1884.

\$80,000 of Central Business and Tenement Property. We have received peremptory orders to sell the real estate properties belonging to the Metropolitan Building Society, to close their Real Estate account:

135 St. James Street West to 141, 123 Inspector Street to 159, 60 St. Antoine Street to 66. THREE FIRST-CLASS FRONTAGES. 108 feet on St. James Street, 105 feet on St. Antoine Street, 320 feet on Inspector Street. SUPERFICIAL AREA, 33,000 FEET.

Every inch of this property is available for Wholesale Stores, Warehouses, Express and Commission Offices, &c. Situated half way between McGill and Bonaventure Depots, on the only great artery of traffic in the city. This property will be worth in 10 years, at least ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. The attention of Capitalists is specially called to this investment. Plans on view at our office. Actual year's rent \$4,064. Buildings cost about \$30,000.

ST. CATHERINE STREET. 52 Duvernay Street to 64, 61 Bessville Street to 77. Excellent block of Tenements and Store, fronting on three streets; all in thorough repair. Brick and stone foundations, brick outbuildings and stable, large granary of 60,000 bushels capacity. A stone's throw from Pacific Railway Shops, Glass, Glue, Tobacco, and Rubber Factories, Street Cars pass the doors, very best Convent and Schools within two blocks. Actual rentals, \$1,214 per year. The best paying property in the East End, at your own price.

St. Lawrence Street, Nos. 669 and 671. A short distance above Roy Street. Very substantially built Store, three stories, brick and stone foundations, with large lot of 42 feet fronting on St. Lawrence Street, immediately in rear of above Store. For a good investment on small capital this property offers great inducements. Rental \$216.00.

491 St. Dominique Street to 495. Well built Brick Tenement House of three tenements, stone foundations, bricked. Everything in thorough order. Rental \$198 per year. Excellent little property.

304 Ontario Street to 312. Three Stores and three Tenements near the Cornices, Silk Mills, Bricked and Stone foundations, two stories excellent sheds. Lot 70 feet by 100 feet deep to lane; actual rental \$378 per year to good paying tenants; a tip top investment.

351 Mathieu Lane to 357. Just off 304 Ontario Street. Four bricked Tenements, foundations, New Drains Lot 42 1/2 feet by 65 feet deep. Rented for 120 dollars per year; small but paying investment.

185 Plessis Street to 191. Excellent Two Stories and Mansard Roof Tenement House, Bricked and stone foundations, excellent Slaughter House and Stone Ice House, good stables, outbuilding &c., well rented, excellent chance for a Butcher or Carter to get a cheap and well paying property.

227 Manufacturer Street to 233. Near Napoleon Road. Lot 80x80 with four good Bricked Tenements rented for \$16.00 per month, and another unfinished Building of four tenements, ready for brick-paving. The whole plastering done; good outbuildings. This will pay thirty per cent on investment.

REMEMBER DAY OF SALE Thursday, January 24th, At 10.30 A.M. At our Rooms, 237 ST. JAMES STREET PARENT BROS., Agents. G. W. PARENT, Auctioneer, January 9 8

W. J. POTTER, Designer and Engraver on Wood. 242 ST. JAMES STREET, (Room 9). The only Engraver in Canada using the Celebrated Baker's Seven Combination Engraving Machine, producing Engraving hitherto, unequalled in Canada. Specimens on application. January 4 4

Auction Sales. BY PARENT BROS. Real Estate Agents AND AUCTIONEERS, 237 St. James St.

IMPORTANT UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION. On WEDNESDAY, the 16th January Instant! At TEN O'CLOCK, at the Office of the Jacques Cartier Building Society, No. 383 ST. JAMES STREET, \$138,000 of Mortgages, Judgments and Claims. \$15,000 of City and Country Properties.

We have received instructions from the Liquidators of the Jacques Cartier Building Society, to sell to the highest bidder, WITHOUT ANY RESERVE WHATSOEVER, all their Mortgages, Judgments, &c., and the following described properties:

No. 146 CADIEUX STREET—A substantial semi-detached solid Brick Cottage, containing 10 rooms, bath, closets, gas, &c., with lot 96 feet frontage, running through to Hypolite Street, where it has the same frontage, and where a good frame house is also erected. This property is actually rented for \$305 and taxes. To parties wishing a nice house and garden, comprising about 15,000 feet of land, this offers a rare chance.

10, 12, 14 BRUCHESI STREET, near the business centre of St. Joseph Street. Two good Wooden Houses, rented for \$225 per annum. Lot 9x45. Very desirable for small investment.

92 and 94 ST. FELIX STREET, near St. Antoine Street—Two excellent Wooden Houses, containing five tenements, rented to A. L. paying tenants at \$270 per year. Lot 45 feet frontage by 85 feet deep. Do not miss this chance to secure a 15 per cent income.

VILLAGE OF WATERLOO, P.Q.—A first-class Tannery with all appointments, outbuildings, &c., ready to go into operation. Plot of Land contains about 23 arpents of land. Corportion value \$2,875. Orders peremptory to sell for what it will bring. Excellent chance to get in this kind of business.

For full particulars, apply at the Company's Office, 383 St. James Street, where all papers can be examined and minutest details can be obtained. Sale at 10 o'clock Wednesday, 16th Inst. 7 GEO. W. PARENT, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE BY Private Contract. Barrack Street, corner of St. Francois street, fronting the Canadian Pacific Depot. Most desirable lot for a Hotel or Restaurant. Lot 70x85. No waste of land, will be sold exceedingly cheap and on easy terms to a party wishing to build. We call the attention of Capitalists to this investment.

SHERBROOKE ST., West of St. Urbain, corner lot 41x113. RICHMOND SQUARE, Corner lot; 50 x120, covered with fine fruit trees; very desirable for dwellings. DORCHESTER ST., West of Fort; lot 54 feet by 125, irregular shape. Price \$1400. Terms to suit.

ST. FAMILLE ST. Fine lot, 25x135, to lane. None but stone front houses allowed to be built on this street. Price 50 cents per foot. HYPOLITE ST., near Roy. Lot 42x70, to 16ft. lane; only 30 cents per foot. ST. DOMINIQUE ST., just West of Roy 42x75, to lane. Stables built upon these lots. Price \$800.

ST. JOSEPH ST., just west of Canning, Lot 25x90 to 18 ft. lane. Two masonry walls, exceedingly cheap. \$1,050. ST. CONSTANT ST., corner of Charlotte St., and fronting on St. Louis St. of 70 feet. The best lot in the City for light, only 114 feet from street to street, and 125 feet front on St. Constant St. Terms to suit at 6 per cent interest.

ST. CONSTANT ST., corner of Charlotte St., most desirable lot for Manufacturing. Has a frontage of about 235 feet on Charlotte St., by 80 feet front on St. Constant. Easy terms to party intending to build.

BONAVENTURE ST., corner of Windsor, exceedingly desirable lot, 63 feet front on Bonaventure St. by 70 feet deep, fronting Windsor, with an 18 ft. lane in rear, giving light on three sides, and masonry wall on the other. The entrance of new G. T. R. Depot will be right across from this. Hotel men would do well to bear this corner in mind, as we will sell this cheap, and easy terms of payment.

BONAVENTURE ST., East of Windsor street, building lot of 64 feet frontage by 145 feet deep. This should prove an excellent lot for a large warehouse or manufacturing establishment. Only 80 cents per foot.

ST. CATHERINE ST., west of Beary St., south front building lot, 31 feet by 90 feet. This lot will be sold cheaper than any lot of 23 feet front on St. Catherine. We consider this quite a bargain.

PAPINEAU ROAD, very large lot, 268 feet frontage by 167 feet deep. Will be sold exceedingly cheap, or exchanged for improved property, and difference paid in cash.

\$14,000.—ST. JOSEPH ST., two most desirable stone and front stores, on a corner will be sold on long terms of payment, at six per cent interest.

\$13,000.—ST. LAWRENCE MAIN ST., the thoroughfare par excellence for the retail trade. Two most substantial stone and iron front stores, with lots running through to St. Dominique St. The very best terms of payment at six per cent.

\$11,000.—ST. CATHERINE ST., excellent corner of 80 feet front by 80 feet deep, with buildings, and now rented for \$1,200 per annum and taxes for the next five years to a first-class secured tenant. Terms \$5,000 cash, balance at 6 per cent.

\$10,000.—ST. LAWRENCE MAIN STREET, 80 feet frontage, running through to St. Dominique Street, with eight good solid brick houses, stone foundations; well rented to good paying tenants. This property cost, a few years ago the sum of \$17,000. Owner must have money and hence the sacrifice. Terms: \$4,000 cash, and balance \$6,000 in 3 years at 6 per cent.

N.B.—If your property is for sale, either by private or public sale, do not forget to give us a call, and we are sure we will give you satisfaction. PARENT BROS., Agents and Auctioneers, 237 St. James Street.

Auction Sales. BY THOS. J. POTTER. THE SPLENDID NEW PRIVATE RESIDENCE, North-East Corner Sherbrooke and Drummond Streets.

One of the handsomest modern dwellings in Montreal, will be sold at auction, at my room, on Wednesday Morn'g, 23rd Jan. By order of MRS. CRAIG.

Full particulars will be published. House can be seen by permit from my office. THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer. The valuable furniture will also be sold at auction shortly after the sale of the house. 12

Miscellaneous. PIPER SEC. H. P. Piper & Co. Pilsener Beer. Pilsener Beer. Pilsener Beer.



PIPER SEC CHAMPAGNE! A Very Dry Fine Wine. November 8 267

St. John Exhibition. The Mount Royal Milling and M'fg. Co. OF MONTREAL Have been AWARDED First Prize and a Bronze Medal FOR Rice and Rice Products.

October 18 249 DOW'S BREWERY CHABOLLEZ SQUARE. Superior Pale and Brown Malt; India Pale and other Ales, Extra Double and Single Stout, in Wood and Bottle.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED. In following bottles only, are authorized to use our labels viz.: Thos. J. Howard, 446 Dorchester street, Jos. Virtue, 19 Aylmer street, Thos. Ferguson, 162 St. Elizabeth st. Wm. Bishop, 556 Ontario st. Thos. Kinella, 105 Colborne street. ORDERS RECEIVED BY TELEPHONE.

WILLIAM DOW & CO. Brewers and Maltsters. JNO. H. R. MOLSON & BROS. ALE AND PORTER BREWERS, 286 St. Mary street MONTREAL. Have always on hand the various kinds of ALE AND PORTER IN WOOD AND BOTTLE. Families Regularly Supplied. ORDERS RECEIVED BY TELEPHONE. May 2 24

THE INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY AND STEAM NAVIGATION GUIDE. Published Semi-Monthly, containing the TIME-TABLES AND MAPS of all CANADIAN and the principal AMERICAN RAILWAYS and STEAM NAVIGATION LINES. For sale by News Dealers and Bookseller and by News Agents on Trains and Steamers. PRICE, - - - 20 CENTS. Annual Subscription, \$2.00 payable in Advance. CANADA RAILWAY NEWS CO. (Limited) Publishers and Proprietors, 190 and 192 St. James Street West

DAWES & CO., BREWERS AND MALTSTERS, INDIA PALE and XX MILD ALE, EXTRA and XXX STOUT PORTER. (In Wood and Bottle.) Families supplied. SAND PORTER, Quarts and Pints. OFFICE: 179 ST. JAMES STREET WEST, MONTREAL. Orders received by Telephone. August 14 193

BOTTLES! BOTTLES! FOR SALE to Close Consignment. A few lots of Clarets, Wines, Ale, Porter and Cider Bottles, at BLAIKLOCK BROS., No. 17 COMMON STREET. November 23 280

Auction Sales. BY SHAW & GOWDEY. IMPORTANT SPECIAL SALE OF ENGLISH PLATE GLASS MIRRORS and BEAUTIFUL CABINETS, by auction, at our rooms, St. James St., on Thursday Next, the 17th instant, in the Morning at Ten o'clock.

A consignment from England of 55 Plate Glass Mirrors and a number of Elegant Cabinets with English Plate Glass. These goods are a new and special line, different from anything ever offered here, and will be on view all day Wednesday, 13 SHAW & GOWDEY, Auctioneers.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all the FORFEITED SHARES in the Capital Stock of the said Company will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, in the Sale Rooms of Messrs. SHAW & GOWDEY, Auctioneers, No. 23, James St., in the City of Montreal, on the 20th Day of DECEMBER NEXT, 1883, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon.

By order of the Directors. ARTHUR GAGNON, Secretary. Montreal, 20th November, 1883. 278 P.S.—The number of Shares to be sold is 2,849, of the Reduced Capital, of \$100 each. Particulars will be given at the time of sale.—A. G.

POSTPONEMENT OF SALE. The above sale of forfeited Shares of the Capital Stock of the Royal Canadian Insurance Company is POSTPONED until the 11th Day of January Next, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock forenoon.

By order of the Directors. ARTHUR GAGNON, Secretary. Montreal, Dec. 18, 1883. 117 302

FURTHER POSTPONEMENT OF SALE. The above advertised sale is further postponed until the 18th January, 1884, At the Hour of Eleven O'clock in the Forenoon.

By order of the Directors. ARTHUR GAGNON, Secretary. Montreal, January 8, 1884. 18 J 9

AUCTION SALE OF Bankrupt Stock of Stationery, &c., &c. IN THE MATTER OF BENNET & CO. INSOLVENT.

We are instructed by the undersigned Trustee, to sell by public auction, at the Store, No. 455 St. Paul street, commencing Wednesday, 23rd January, At TEN O'clock in the forenoon, The whole of the Stock of Staple Goods, consisting of—Stationery, Wrapping, Printing and Writing Papers, Twines, Envelopes, Blank Books, Fancy Goods, Fishing Tackle, &c., &c. This sale will comprise none but the best Staple Goods, and will afford an excellent opportunity to the trade. Terms, cash. Catalogues may be had on application to the undersigned. SAMUEL C. FATT, Trustee. Montreal, January 12th, 1884. SHAW & GOWDEY, Auctioneers.

REAL ESTATE BY AUCTION. The Sub

FOR THE MONTREAL HERALD.

THE FISHERMAN'S WIFE. "Ah! whether it be thou or son...

Dark, dread, and drear, the fallen night; Not on a star's brilliant light...

Within, a slender, youthful form, Pale as the phantom of the storm...

Yet louder still, the winds roar; Yet fiercer still, the hurricane...

Oh, woe! Thy keel, dappled, stung, Dashed on the rocks of danger...

Who can such agony portray? The heart's long hungry longing...

What picture loomed before her eye? The first-born of the storm...

Too much! Too much! her sad heart feels; Too much! Too much! her brain reels...

Long time her mind unstrung by grief Seemed all a blank; a virgin life...

"Oh, my sweet babe! What can we more? Week, weary, worn, with trembling sore...

Oh, sacred grief! Oh, woe! No pain thy pang can half disclose...

Pure waters cleanse the cleaving earth from ore; The fumes refine the dross from seeming gold...

Oh, woe! Thy keel, dappled, stung, Dashed on the rocks of danger...

Who can such agony portray? The heart's long hungry longing...

What picture loomed before her eye? The first-born of the storm...

Too much! Too much! her sad heart feels; Too much! Too much! her brain reels...

Long time her mind unstrung by grief Seemed all a blank; a virgin life...

Long time her mind unstrung by grief Seemed all a blank; a virgin life...

and there was a fair attendance of members. The Treasurer, Mr. Warden King, reported having received \$179 during the past month...

FROM GALT TO THE PACIFIC.—We always take special interest in noticing all items concerning inter-provincial trade...

A FINE CHANCE.—Gentlemen who have not yet procured overcoats may possibly be fitted from a few very fine samples...

AMUSEMENTS. Academy of Music. Haverly's Minstrels.

LOCAL NEWS. The English Book Bazar, sterling silver mounted on each at \$1. Hyman, 206 Notre Dame Street.

MONTEAL GENERAL HOSPITAL.—Number of patients treated for week ending 13th inst. Outdoor relieved, 573; indoor average daily, 136.

CARNIVAL every day in the week, and goods taken in with each at \$1. Hyman, 206 Notre Dame Street.

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CARNIVAL every day in the week, and goods taken in with each at \$1. Hyman, 206 Notre Dame Street.

New Advertisements. MEN'S BUCKSKIN DRIVING GLOVES AND MITTS REDUCED.

MEN'S BUCKSKIN GLOVES, sold at \$1.50, REDUCED to \$1.00. MEN'S BUCKSKIN GLOVES, sold at \$1.75, REDUCED to \$1.40.

MEN'S BUCKSKIN DRIVING MITTS, sold at \$2.50, REDUCED to \$1.75. MEN'S BUCKSKIN DRIVING MITTS, sold at \$2.75, REDUCED to \$2.25.

PARIS KID GLOVE STORE, 262 St. James St., NEAR MCGILL. January 9.

Banque d'Hochelega ANNUAL MEETING. Tuesday, the 15th day of Jan'y. next, at THREE o'clock P.M.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the ATLANTIC AND NORTH-WEST RAILWAY COMPANY...

DR. RICHARDSON'S TEMPERANCE LESSON BOOK IN THE PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SCHOOLS.

BEATTY, CHADWICK, BLACKSTOCK & GALT, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, &c.

H. JOSEPH & CO., Real Estate and General Financial Agents, No. 10 St. Jacques Street, MONTREAL.

EDWARD EVANS, ACCOUNTANT, 215 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

Professional Cards. BUSTED & WHITE, Advocates, Barristers and Solicitors.

DUNN & BENNIE, Accountants, Auditors, Commercial and Financial Agents, NOTRE DAME ST. EAST.

STUART & FAIR, NOTARIES, Issuers of Marriage Licenses, Commissioners for Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba.

JOHN FAIR, Accountant, Commissioner for taking Affidavits of Ontario, 115 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET.

THOMAS DARLING, Accountant and Auditor, 242 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

JOHN FULTON, Accountant and Auditor, 242 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

ARTHUR H. PLIMSOLL, Auditor and Accountant, HAMILTON CHAMBERS, ST. JOHN STREET, MONTREAL.

WALKER & BOWIE, ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &c., Commissioners for all the Provinces.

RIDDELL & STEVENSON, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS, 22 ST. JOHN STREET, MONTREAL.

MACLENNAN & LIDDELL, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, &c., CORNWALL, Ont.

For Sale or to Let. REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENCY, Established 1863.

TO CAPITALISTS. Money Properly Secured on Mortgage. Notwithstanding the large amount of money invested in mortgages...

PROPERTY FOR SALE. GOTHIC VILLA.—That greatly admired Gothic Villa, situated on Dorchester Avenue...

THAT EXCELLENT DOUBLE CUT-STONE RESIDENCE, situated on St. Denis Street, a little above Sherbrooke Street...

THE MOST SPACIOUSLY BUILT DETACHED VILLA belonging to J. D. Adams, Esq., 284 Upper University Street...

CENTRAL RESIDENCE, No. 569 LaGauchette Street, close to Bierry Street, sold for the purpose of the late Dr. Scott...

THE 1st UNION AVENUE.—I am instructed to sell the property situated at the corner of the 1st Union Avenue and St. Denis Street...

SUBURBAN VILLA, LONG POINT ROAD. This very attractive Villa is situated a short distance from the city...

THE 1st UNION AVENUE.—I am instructed to sell the property situated at the corner of the 1st Union Avenue and St. Denis Street...

THE 1st UNION AVENUE.—I am instructed to sell the property situated at the corner of the 1st Union Avenue and St. Denis Street...

It can be stated as a matter of fact that many of the houses were bespoken six months previous to the expiration of last year's leases...

BEAVER HALL SQUARE.—The Cutstone Front Residence, No. 8 Beaver Hall Square, is a beautiful residence...

THE TWO PRETTY CUTSTONE HOUSES, Nos. 25 and 27 St. James Street, containing about twelve apartments...

THE HANDSOME STONE COTTAGE, No. 49 St. James Street, is a beautiful residence, carefully built by one of our leading architects...

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DOMINION DESPATCHES

FROM THE CAPITAL

Members Arriving—Dominion Rifle and Artillery Association—Supreme Court Notes—The Year's Death Rate

OTTAWA, Jan. 14.—Members continue to arrive to attend their sessional duties by every train. Mr. A. W. Ross, M. P., arrived from Winnipeg this morning.

The annual report of the Dominion Rifle Association has been printed and distributed to members. The financial statement shows a balance to credit of the Association of \$40. The receipts of the year were \$14,567, and the expenditure \$14,826. The council feels some anxiety as to the future financial standing of the Association, and trusts that the Government may be induced to restore the grant to the original sum, \$10,000.

The Dominion Artillery Association will this year meet on the 7th of February in the Railway Committee Room of the House of Commons, the day following the meeting of the Dominion Rifle Association. This change has been made in the interests of those who are members of both associations, as well as to allow those coming from a distance an opportunity of attending the Winter Carnival in Montreal.

The following is the list of appeals standing for argument after delivery of judgments in the Supreme Court to-morrow—Adamson vs Adamson; White et al. vs Nelles; The Queen vs. Nevine; St. John et al. vs. Rykert; Sinnott et al. vs. Scoble, et al.; Canada Southern Railway Co. vs. Phelps; Peck et al. vs. Powell; O'Donoghue vs. Stammers; Grand Trunk Railway Co. vs. Rosenberger et al.

According to the annual report of the Health officer for the city the total number of deaths from all causes during the past year was 781, which, according to the actual population of our city, gives a mortality rate of something less than 28 per thousand. The principal causes were as follows:—Consumption, 72; pneumonia, 37; heart disease, 22; cerebrosis, 20; dropsy, 21; paralysis, 10; cancer, 18; accidental, 10; infant diseases, 270; general debility, 46; still-born, 23; premature, 21; scarlatina, 19; diphtheria, 17; typhoid fever, 9. The number of deaths in each month was as follows:—January, 56; February, 52; March, 50; April, 73; May, 54; June, 54; July, 112; August, 80; September, 55; October, 46; November, 51; December, 46—total, 781. The nationalities were as follows:—French, 332; Irish, 257; English, 123; Scotch, 54.

QUEBEC

The Political Crisis—The Hall Estate—Municipal Elections—Personal Paragraphs—Richmond Councillors

QUEBEC, Jan. 14.—There is nothing new in the political crisis. Hon. Mr. Ross is still at work, and it is said the new Government will be announced to-morrow. It is, it seems, to be an exclusively Conservative one. The Castors held a caucus here yesterday and suggested some names for portfolios, but whether Mr. Ross will accept them or not, remains to be seen.

Mr. A. Thompson, president of the Union Bank, has retired from the management of the Hall estate, and Mr. Price, cashier of the Merchants' Bank, will, it is said, take his place. Mr. Thompson, it seems, only took management of the estate until a settlement of affairs between the bank and the estate.

Elections in the various adjoining municipalities took place to-day. There have been several changes in some of the parishes, and on the whole more interest than usual seems to have been taken in these elections.

Messrs. Louis Teller, President of the Civil Service Commission, and Methot, M. P., are in town.

Senator Carvell, of Prince Edward Island, and Mrs. Cary, arrived here to-night en route for Ottawa.

Several members of Parliament and others will leave for Ottawa to-morrow.

Hon. Dr. Ross to-night said that he had nothing to report respecting his progress in forming a new Government.

RICHMOND, Que., Jan. 14.—Joseph Beaudet, C. A. Baugs and L. Deceulle were elected Councillors for the town of Richmond, Que.

ONTARIO

East Northumberland Election—A Railway Bonus Case—Libel Suit Concluded—The Railway School—Relief for the Humber Sufferers—Mr. Hawkins Appeals—Providence and Catastrophes—Municipal Elections at Mattawa

TORONTO, Jan. 14.—Argument in the East Northumberland election case took place to-day before the Court of Appeals. It will be remembered that when the case was tried the rota judges differed in their views. At the opening of the Court to-day judgment was given on the motion of the petitioner to admit further evidence to the effect that the only point now before the Court was the question of railway passes, and that a motion to admit further evidence would be but an interlocutory proceeding to be disposed of by the judges who tried the case, Justice Osler dissented. Argument then proceeded on the question of the respondent Ferris granting railway passes, and judgment was reserved. Petitioner's counsel intimated that he would renew his motion to admit further evidence before the rota judges.

A motion was made at Osogode Hall to-day on behalf of Clark, petitioner, in St. Catharines, to continue the injunction granted restraining the city from handing over \$80,000 debentures to the St. Catharines & Niagara Central Railway to aid in the construction of the road on the ground that the road was not being constructed per agreement, and also violates the provisions of the by-law granting the bonus. After partial argument it was adjourned to the 23rd, the injunction to be continued meanwhile.

The libel suit of the Citizens Insurance Co. vs. Campbell of the Insurance Budget was completed at the assize court to-day. The jury after two hours' deliberation brought in a verdict for the plaintiff of one dollar. Plaintiff's counsel then moved for costs on the ground that a verdict for the plaintiffs always carries costs, when, as in that suit, a plea of justification had been set up. Judgment was reserved on the point till to-morrow.

An infant about four months old was left at the door of Lady Parker's residence, Simcoe street. It will be taken to the Infant's Home to-morrow, meantime the police are hunting for the unnatural mother.

Between 30 and 40 candidates for the new cavalry school presented themselves to-day for enlistment, but only four were accepted.

The Relief Committee regarding the Humber railway catastrophe met to-day, and payment per week were decided upon to bereaved families, aggregating

\$226.50. Judge Boyd has agreed to forego his fees in connection with the letters of administration, and Gordon Brown, registrar of the Surrogate Court will charge only nominal fees. The fund now amounts to \$6,800.

Mr. Hawkins intends to appeal to the Supreme Court against the decision of Judge Galt in the Bothwell, Dominion, election case in electing Mills as member.

BRANTFORD, Jan. 14.—Last evening the Rev. Dr. Cochrane, of the Zion Presbyterian Church, preached by special request a sermon on "Providential agency in calamities," with reference to the late railway accident near Toronto on the 2nd of January, taking for his text Luke xiii., 4th and 5th.

MATTAWA, Jan. 14.—A municipal organization has been established here, and the first Council was elected to-day. J. A. Fink, C. J. Smith, Wm. Murphy and A. M. Earle were elected. Reeve Wm. Hogarth was elected by acclamation last Monday.

Representation in the Local Legislature is wanted next.

THE MARITIME PROVINCES

Customs Seizure in Cape Breton—Fatal Accident to Mr. J. P. C. Burpee—Personal

HALIFAX, N.S., Jan. 14.—Customs officer Kerr made a seizure of some \$2,000 worth of liquors in Cape Breton on Friday. A squad of Customs officials left the city this morning to take charge of the prize.

ST. JOHN, N.B., Jan. 14.—The news of a fatal accident to Mr. John P. C. Burpee on the Boston and Albany Railroad at Boston this morning, created a profound impression here. Mr. Burpee left here on Tuesday last for New York and was returning home when the accident occurred. Deceased was brother of the Hon. Isaac Burpee and was associated with him in business for many years. He retired from business seven years ago with an ample fortune. He was about forty-five years old and leaves a wife and four children.

Mr. Weldon, M.P., will leave for Ottawa in a few days. Senator Dever left to-night for the Capital. Senator Lewis and Senator Boyd will not start until the beginning of next month.

Geo. Fenely, Queen's Printer, was elected Mayor of Fredericton to-day, defeating Ald. Wilson by 218 majority.

TEMPERANCE LEGISLATION

The Dominion Alliance

OTTAWA, Jan. 14.—The annual meeting of the Dominion Alliance takes place here on the 31st inst. The following questions will be discussed:—The state of temperance legislation in the country and what policy should be adopted for the coming year; the history of legislation; clashing of license laws; the Scott Act and why it has not been more generally adopted in Ontario and Quebec; the extension of the operations of the Alliance and as to whether it is advisable to strike for prohibition or submitting the Scott Act to all possible counties throughout the Dominion.

The New License Districts

In conformity with "The Liquor License Act 1853," a proclamation has been issued establishing license districts as follows:—

ONTARIO.

The following territorial counties are now established by the statutes of the Province of Ontario:—Brant, including the city of Brantford, Bruce, Carleton, not including the city of Ottawa, Dufferin, Dundas, Durham, Elgin, Essex, Frontenac, not including the city of Kingston, Grey, Halimand, Halton, Hastings, including the city of Belleville, Huron, Kent, Lambton, Lanark, Leeds and Grenville, Lennox and Addington, Lincoln, including the city of St. Catharines, Middlesex, not including the city of London; and also the cities of Hamilton, Kingston, London, Oxford, Peel, Perth, Peterboro, Prescott, Prince Edward, Renfrew, Russell, Simcoe, Stormont, Victoria, Waterloo, Welland, Wellington, Wentworth, not including the city of Hamilton, York, not including the city of Toronto, and the electoral district of Algoma for representation in the Parliament of Canada, Ottawa, Toronto.

QUEBEC

The following are the electoral districts for the Parliament of Canada:—Argenteuil, Bagot, Beauce, Beauharnois, Bellechasse, Bonaventure, Berthier, Brome, Chamblay, Champlain, Charlevoix, Chateauguy, Chibougamau and Saguenay, Compton, Dorchester, Drummond and Arthabaska, Gaspé, Huntingdon, Hochelaga, Iberville, Jacques Cartier, Joliette, Kamouraska, Laprairie, L'Assomption, Laval, Levis, L'Islet, Lotbiniere, Montcalm, Maskinonge, Megantic, Missisquoi, Montmagny, Montmorency, Napierville, Nicolet, Ottawa, not including the city of Hull, Pontiac, Port Neuf, Quebec, Richelieu, Richmond, not including Wolfe, Rivoult, Rouville, St. Hyacinthe, St. Johns, St. Maurice, Shefford, Sherbrooke, Soulanges, Stanstead, Temiscouata, Terrebonne, Two Mountains, Veillon, Vercheres, Yamaska, Wolfe, not including Richmond, and also the cities of Hull, Montreal, Quebec and Three Rivers.

NOVA SCOTIA

The counties of Annapolis, Antigonish, Cape Breton, Colchester, Cumberland, Digby, Guysborough, Halifax, not including the city of Halifax, Hants, Inverness, Kings, Lunenburg, Pictou, Queen's, Richmond, Shelburn, Victoria, Yarmouth and the city of Halifax.

NEW BRUNSWICK

The counties of Albert, Carleton, Charlotte, Gloucester, Kent, King's, Madawaska, Northumberland, Queen's, Restigouche, St. John, not including the city of St. John, Sunbury, Victoria, Westmoreland, York and the city of St. John.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

The counties of King's, Prince and Queen's.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

The electoral districts (for the Parliament of Canada) of Cariboo, New Westminster, Vancouver, Victoria and Yale.

MANITOBA

The electoral districts (for the Parliament of Canada) of Lisgar, Marquette, Provencher, Selkirk and the city of Winnipeg.

FIRE REPORT

Nineteen Horses Burnt to Death

ST. JOHN, N.B., Jan. 14.—A fire broke out at 10 o'clock in Michael Blackhall's livery stable on Charlotte street. The building was soon enveloped in smoke and it was impossible to save the horses which were in the second flat, and nineteen perished in the flames. Some were owned by private citizens and were worth between \$250 and \$400. Many of Blackhall's coaches, carriages, etc., were destroyed and his loss will be very heavy as he had no insurance. The stable building was owned by Thos. Furlong, who is insured to a small amount. It is impossible now to give the total loss. The fire is under control.

OFFICIAL NOTES

The New Senators Gazetted

OTTAWA, Jan. 14.—The Canada Gazette was issued this morning. The following appointments to the Senate have been gazetted:—Dr. D. McMillan, of Alexandria, Glengarry; Jas. Turner, of Hamilton; Geo. C. McKinsey, County of Halton; James G. Ross, of the city of Quebec, and to appoint him for the electoral division of Les Laurentides therein, viz the late Honorable D. E. Price, deceased; Alexander Lacoste, of the city of Montreal, one of Her Majesty's Counsel, and to appoint him for the electoral division of DeLorimier therein, viz the late Hon. J. O. Bureau, deceased.

Extradition Commissioner

Geo. E. Rioux, of Sherbrooke, Que., district magistrate, to be a commissioner to act judicially in extradition matters under the provisions of the Act 40th Vict., chap. 25, within the Province of Quebec.

R. M. C. Examinations

The annual examination to be held in the present year for candidates desiring to be admitted as cadets to the Royal Military College, Kingston, will commence at the district staff office at the headquarters of the several military districts in which candidates reside on Tuesday the 17th day of June. The medical examinations to be held the day previous.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND RIOTS

Some Important Evidence—The Crown Case Extended

ST. JOHN'S, N.F., Jan. 14.—Thomas Parsons, the most important witness for the Crown, was examined to-day. His testimony was most startling. Sworn to, he said: "I live westward of Pipetack road. I remember distinctly that on the 26th about eleven o'clock, I saw about ninety men at the head of Parmenter Lane with coats off, armed with pickets and yelling, saying they would have Orange blood, and exclaiming 'Come on, Come on, We are Ready for You'."

They marched up and down, about a quarter of a mile carrying a flag. About 11.30, my daughter told me that the Orange Society was coming up behind our house. I ran out with my gun to fire a salute, a thing customary with me on that day. The Society not having reached quite up, I laid my gun against the door post, whereupon a crowd numbering about thirty ran down upon me. Bradbury and Lynch were among them. When they closed on me I said 'Are you going to murder a poor afflicted man?' My wife then ran out and got between them and me. Two men got behind her and pushed her up as a target close to me until they could safely glare the gun from my hand. It was a double barrelled gun loaded in both barrels. I immediately received a blow from a picket that

Fell Me to the Ground

Some said, "don't kill him," others said, "kill him." In the struggle of taking my gun it went off, and the load was discharged through the parlor window. My flag of red and white color was torn down. I lay on the ground twenty minutes and afterwards saw the Society abreast of my house. One hundred feet off I saw policemen Doyle and Winslow. Eastward I saw a poor fellow, and saw Doyle raise his hand both to the mob and the Society, saying, "keep back." The River Head party then stepped back a few yards and fired six or seven shots at the society. I saw Jaynes and French fall. I did not see Doyle use any weapon. I did not actually see the guns, but saw the smoke and heard the reports. I saw Jaynes and French dying, and Sheppard, Cleary, Ash and Nicholas fall wounded. I have always fired a gun when the Orange procession passed my house. The gun on this occasion had been loaded for a month previous, to shoot some dogs which killed my sheep. That is all I remember of the affray.

Six Prisoners of the Orange Party

were brought and remanded for a week, the judge explaining that new testimony against the River Head party having been disclosed, the examinations on behalf of the prosecution would require a few days longer.

DELMONICO DISCOVERED

Frozen to Death in New Jersey

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 14.—Mr. Delmonico's body was found in the Orange Mountain woods, near Gen. McClellan's summer home, at 10 o'clock this morning by two boys, who were hunting rabbits. There were no marks of violence. He died from exposure. Nothing was missing from the body. The identification is complete. The wanderer was evidently frozen to death on Saturday night.

Later—Delmonico's body was found in a deep gully alongside the Northfield road, Orange Mountain, N. J., near Davis Collamore's place. He probably walked off the road into the gully during the storm and darkness. Franklin Halm and Edward Bier discovered and notified the police, who recognized it from the published description and brought to Browers morgue, which was instantly surrounded by a great crowd. He had apparently been dead several days when found and was partly covered with sand and flowing water. His watch had stopped at seventeen minutes to six. The face was slightly bloated, but otherwise unchanged. It is thought that after leaving the elevated train he went at once to the Pennsylvania Railroad ferry, where he crossed the river from New York. After wandering about in the neighborhood where gloves, pieces of letters and memoranda were found. He walked back to Broad street and boarded one of the horse cars running between Newark and Orange. It is probable that he did not know in what direction he was going and when the car arrived at the terminus of the road he walked in a dazed condition along Northfield road and wandered off into the woods. The night was intensely cold, the temperature descending nearly to zero. Benumbed by cold he probably lay down to sleep and was frozen to death.

As soon as the finding of Delmonico's body was announced John Hoey and J. McMarra went thither in a special train, identified the remains and brought them to New York.

HIS SISTER'S AVENGER

Trying James Nutt for the Murder of Danes

PITTSBURG, Jan. 14.—The trial of Jas. Nutt for killing Danes was commenced this morning. The court room was packed with people. The prisoner was composed. He pleaded not guilty and demanded a trial by God and his country. The jury was selected at 5 p.m. Counsel for the defence are sanguine that Nutt will be acquitted. The judge threatened to commit the presenter of the next bouquet to the prisoner in the court room.

One of the jurors ascertained that he was in the war with the late Capt. Nutt, and was on a court-martial with him. A young lady from Uniontown, an intimate friend of the Nutt family, attending the trial said to-night she hoped Jim Nutt would be convicted and sent to penitentiary, as she feared that if acquitted Danes' friends would kill him.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NOTES

The Reading Railway's Report

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 14.—The annual report of the Reading Railway shows that there is a surplus of \$2,137,000, which will allow of seven per cent. on preferred and six per cent. on common stock, with a balance of \$67,500, applicable to the payment of interest on deferred bonds. It recommends the creation of a collateral trust loan of \$12,000,000 at five per cent. to pay off the floating debt, the income mortgage bonds, and to purchase fifty thousand shares of Jersey Central stock. The report was adopted, and its recommendations endorsed by the stockholders. The meeting adjourned to the 28th, when the question of a dividend will be decided. Mr. Gowen declined to be a candidate for re-election to the presidency.

Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia

The stockholders of the Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia this afternoon elected G. C. Patton, of Gardent, president. The net earnings of the road for the year ending September 30th were \$1,315,000.

The New York Railway Commission

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 14.—The report of the railroad commission says that there are upwards of 6,500 miles railroad in New York State, and the commission has had every road most thoroughly inspected in the interest of the public. The report shows that nearly 1,000 people were killed or severely injured in the operating of the railroads during eight months of last year.

A Savannah Cotton Failure

SAVANNAH, Ga., Jan. 14.—Nisbet & Co., cotton merchants, have failed. Liabilities exceed one hundred thousand. The decline in cotton is the cause of the failure.

American Postal Statistics

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—A statement based on the return of 140 post offices, which usually return half the postal revenues, shows a falling off in receipts for the last three months of 1883 of \$153,000 compared with the same period in the preceding year. So small a per cent. reduction indicates that the department will be in receipt of revenue sufficient to meet the expenses of the present fiscal year.

New York Stocks Close Weak

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Railroads quiet; stocks closed weak. The Post says the great point of interest not only in the bond market, but in the stock market, was in connection with the pressure to sell West Shore first mortgage bonds. The developments of last week have created an impression that there may be a reorganization of the West Shore Company and its financial scheme. Another element of depression was a report that the General Manager of the Union Pacific refused to acknowledge the truth of the reported formation of a pool with the Denver & Burlington & Quincy on Utah business. The complications of the Lackawanna with the trunk lines were also less favorably viewed. The fact that the trunk line committee to-day did not carry out the threats of cutting the Lackawanna off from all connections west of Buffalo, but extended the time to Wednesday, is regarded as evidence that the pool managers felt conscious of the weakness of their position.

A Peaceful Prospect

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—It was announced to-day at Commissioner Fink's office that negotiations with western roads which have been fighting the trunk lines would probably result in the restoration of harmonious relations.

The West Shore Troubles

Judge Donahue to-day granted an attachment against the West Shore and Buffalo Railroad Co. in a suit brought against it by the Besselaer Iron and Steel Co. upon a claim of \$35,000 for furnishing steel rails.

The N. Y. and New England

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 14.—The Receiver of the New York and New England Railway has sent a petition to the Connecticut Legislature asking an abatement of \$400,000 taxes.

The Oil Market Excited

TRUSTVILLE, Jan. 14.—The market declined to-day to \$1.09, creating almost a panic, while the trade seemed to turn in and sell, and an immense block of oil changed hands in a few moments. The cause is attributed to the McKinney well on the Williamson track, which is alleged to be producing 900 barrels daily.

Punishing the Lackawanna

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Commissioner Fink announced to-day that although the Delaware and Lackawanna might have given through bills to shippers to-day freight will not be received by western roads except at local rates. The order only applied to freight shipped from New York to-day and hereafter. He denied that the joint executive committee ordered any compromise.

THE NIHILIST REVIVAL

Fraternizing with Fenians—The Czar to be Killed

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 14.—Special precautions have been taken for the safety of the Czar during his sojourn in this city. Tickets of admission to State ceremonies will be rigidly scrutinized before the holders will be admitted. It is reported that the chief of the Nihilist resists has recently been the companion of a number of Irishmen in London has vanished from that city after having received a letter from St. Petersburg stating that the Czar and Czarevitch must be killed.

Jablonsky Badly Wanted

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 14.—It is stated that Col. Sudeikin, who was murdered by Nihilists, defrayed the expenses of the journey abroad of Jablonsky's wife, and it is believed that Jablonsky has left the country. A letter informed the Nihilist executive that the killing of Sudeikin was imperatively necessary. A reward of 3,000 roubles has been offered for the arrest of Jablonsky.

IRISH AFFAIRS

Assassins in Council

BROOKLYN, Jan. 14.—The Fenians of Brooklyn to-night passed a resolution declaring the perfidy of James McDermott has been established, and that he merits the fate which befell Carey.

DOINGS IN CONGRESS

Edmunds Elected Senate President

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Anthony declined the election as president of the country on account of ill health. Edmunds was then re-elected and the oath administered. Hill began his speech on his speech on his postal telegraph bill, at the conclusion of which the Senate went into executive session, and at four p.m. adjourned.

The Comte de Paris in Trouble

PARIS, Jan. 14.—There were many more arrests that at first stated in connection with the demonstration at the departure of the Comte de Paris for Madrid. The charge against prisoners is likely to eventuate in a serious indictment. It will be perilous for the Comte to return unless he has support from high quarters in France.

FRANCE AND CHINA

Namdiab Attacked

HONG KONG, Jan. 14.—Pirates attacked Namdiab on all sides on the nights of the 1st and 2nd. A large number were killed and wounded and many houses burned. On the 4th inst. Batang was attacked. The enemy was compelled to retire with many killed and wounded. Tuau, formerly King of Annam, is reorganizing the insurgents. It is reported the Chinese army is ascending from Kwangai to occupy Bac-Ninh.

Ferry Wants Tseng Recalled

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The Marquis Tseng, Chinese Ambassador, arrived at Calais from Folkestone last night and proceeded to Paris. The Tseng asserts that Premier Ferry, French Minister of Foreign Affairs, has decided to request that the Marquis Tseng be superseded.

He Wants His Passports

PARIS, Jan. 15.—It is thought that the Marquis Tseng is coming to Paris to demand his passports.

Moving Towards Bac-Ninh

HONG KONG, Jan. 14.—The French advance force has already left Haid-Zueng for the purpose of joining the main body of French troops from Hanoi on their crossing the Red River. The attack on Bac-Ninh is expected to take place on Thursday.

HAI-PHONG, Jan. 14.—There are indications of a speedy advance on Bac-Ninh. The French hold a strong strategic position for the attack. The Chinese troops at Bac-Ninh number 10,000 and are splendidly armed.

A Bad Outlook

VIENNA, Jan. 14.—It is reported that the members of the Imperial family of China have offered a portion of their private fortunes to assist in a war against France.

THE CELTIC SAFE

She Arrives at Queenstown—All Well

QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 14.—The SS. Celtic has arrived in tow of the SS. Britannic. All on board the Celtic are in good health. The Celtic suffered no damage other than the breaking of a shaft. The Celtic has proceeded in tow of the Britannic to Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 14.—The Britannic have in sight of the Celtic on Saturday at 6 o'clock in the morning. Her appearance was heartily cheered by the passengers on the Celtic, from which vessel a boat was sent off to the Britannic with the chief steward to procure a supply of whiskey and brandy which had run short. This boat was headed to the Celtic a light line with which a hawser was drawn on board and the Britannic, at 8 o'clock, began towing the long missing steamer to port.

Incidents of the Voyage

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The Celtic landed two saloon and 27 steerage passengers at Queenstown. One of the steerage passengers named Malone said: "All went well until Sunday evening, the day after leaving New York. I was playing euchre with some friends, and suddenly felt a slight shock, but it was not enough to cause us to cease playing. It soon transpired that the steamer's main shaft was broken near the engine room. The steamer was then about thirty hours from New York. No panic occurred, although some passengers were greatly excited. We were tossed about for several days, going in a southerly direction, although efforts were made to turn the ship's head to New York. Finally, a fair wind blowing, it was decided to pursue our course toward England. In the first nine hours afterward the ship made 88 miles. The weather continued fine until Christmas Day. On that day the steerage passengers received unusually good fare. The doctor attended divine services for Protestants, and a lady for Catholics. A concert was given on Christmas night. Every night we had some amusement. Nothing noteworthy occurred until we spoke the Argosy. A great clamor arose when it became known that four passengers could be taken aboard the Argosy. The lucky fellows were envied. As much as \$40 was offered for the privilege of a berth, but the offer was refused. During the last two weeks we got salted provisions but no vegetables. Liquor was not obtainable for four days before we met the Britannic."

Mr. H. S. Hamilton, a saloon passenger, said: "I was in the smoking-room when the shaft broke. The shock was pretty severe. The weather was fine at the time, but during the night the wind blew hard, and a heavy sea broke over the saloon deck. The Celtic made as much as one hundred and sixty miles in one day under canvas."

R. B. Kirchoffer, another saloon passenger, said: "The gentleman who offered forty pounds for the privilege of a berth on the Argosy was an American sculptor who had a pressing engagement in Rome in connection with the execution of the statue of President Garfield."

WEATHER REPORT

MONTREAL, Jan. 14

Temperature in the shade by Standard thermometer, observed by Hearn, Harrison & Co., opticians and mathematical instrument makers, 242 and 244 Notre Dame street:—8 a.m., 17°; 1 p.m., 18°; 6 p.m., 12°; max., 19°; min., 6°; mean, 12.5°. By Standard Barometer:—3 a.m., 29.78; 1 p.m., 29.93; 6 p.m., 30.10.

Meteorological Office

TORONTO, Ont., Jan. 15, 1 a.m.

An area of low pressure, which developed last night in the extreme South-West, is now situated over the South Atlantic States and the high area has separated into two portions; one of these continues to cover the North-West territories and the other is situated over the lower Lake region and the Ottawa valley. The weather has become decidedly colder in the Lake region and along the Ottawa and St. Lawrence valleys. To-night in the former district the temperature ranges in the northern portion from 5 to 17 degrees below zero, and in the latter district from 7 to 27 degrees below zero. In Manitoba the temperature is from 23 to 31 degrees below zero.

Probabilities

Lakes—North easterly to northerly winds, cloudy to fair, very cold weather, with snow in the southern portion. St. Lawrence Upper—North to north-east winds