Last Edition

THE WEATHER FORECAST.

Fair and Mild.

The Montreal Daily Star.

CIRCULATION OF STAR

Last Week's Daily.....330,568
Last Week's Weekly.....121,893
Total last week.....452,461

VOL. XXXIV. No. 276 MONTREAL, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1902. PRICE ONE CENT.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER AT HOT SPRINGS, VA.

The Premier and Lady Laurier Entertained at a Social Function.

CURE COMMENCES TO-DAY

Sir Wilfrid Has Placed Himself Unreservedly in the Hands of An Experienced Doctor.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

HOT SPRINGS, Va., November 21.—Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier, and Sir William Mulock were given an informal reception and tea yesterday by Mrs. S. Barton French at "Barton Lodge." It was also in the nature of a farewell tea, for Mrs. French leaves to-day to be present at the opening night of the opera. For the occasion, the house, which is built on the colonial style, was handsomely decorated with chrysanthemums and American Beauty roses. Mrs. French was assisted in receiving by her mother, Mrs. Walker Fearn, who was a celebrated beauty of New Orleans in her younger days, and is still very handsome.

Among those present to meet the guests of honour were Mr. and Mrs. Louis L. Lorillard, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Saint Gaudens, Mrs. Robert de Forest, Miss Frances Howland, Mrs. Everard Strong, Miss Strong, Mr. Trevor L. Park, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald de Koven, of New York; Mrs. Henry May, of Washington; Mrs. Jos. E. Welland, wife of the Lieutenant-Governor of Virginia; Dr. Joseph L. Nichols, of Cincinnati, and many others.

The Premier will begin the baths and "cure" here to-day. The bath house is quite complete in its appointments, and has a splendid corps of trained Swedish attendants. The house is three stories in height and connected with the hotel by a covered bridge that is heated, so that he may go directly to his room and rest after the bath, as directed, without going out in the open air.

All patrons must take the cure only under a doctor's prescription, and the Premier has put himself under the care of Dr. Henry S. Pole, who has made a study of the waters here for thirty-five years.

THE POPE SAYS HIS WORK IS NOT FINISHED.

ROME, November 21.—At a reception of 500 Piedmontese pilgrims to-day, the Pope jocularly referred to the unfounded rumours yesterday of his indisposition, adding:

"My time has not yet come. We have many things to accomplish before death."

EXPECT A DICTATORSHIP.

Action of Servian King Causes Speculation in Vienna.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

VIENNA, November 21.—The resignation of the Servian Cabinet and King Alexander's mandate to General Marovics to form a new Ministry are generally taken here to foreshadow a military dictatorship in Servia. The King's next move, according to general expectations, will be the indefinite adjournment or dissolution of Parliament. He will then attempt to govern as an absolute monarch, supported only by his army.

This startling outlook finds published verification in the Wiener Allegemeine Zeitung, which says that the foregoing action is probable on account of King Alexander's determination to check the designs of the anti-dynastic Radicals. The resignation of the Cabinet occurred on Tuesday, in consequence of a vote in the Skupshtina, which was construed as indicating a lack of confidence in the Government. General Marovics received the King's command to-day to form a Ministry. The Skupshtina wanted M. Pasics, a former Radical, as Premier, but as he is a well-known enemy of the Obrenovics dynasty, the King naturally did not select him. The nomination of General Marovics was in direct opposition to the wishes of the Skupshtina.

MRS. MOLINEUX WON'T TALK.

Declines to Discuss Reasons Why She Seeks Divorce.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., November 21.—Mrs. Blanche C. Molineux absolutely refused to say a word to-day in reference to the report outlining her reasons for leaving her husband.

The same refusal was made by her attorneys, under whose advice she is acting. They absolutely declined to discuss the story.

Mrs. Molineux remained quietly in her room, denying herself to all callers. She will not disclose her plans or intentions in advance. The hotel proprietors also persist in their intention not to discuss the case. It is predicted that nothing will be known until the expiration of the six months necessary to establish a residence.

MOLINEUX'S FRIENDS ANGRY.

NEW YORK, November 21. There was a chorus of protests by friends of Roland B. Molineux yesterday when they read the revelations about Mrs. Molineux's reasons for going to South Dakota to seek a divorce. All interested were anxious to deny that Mrs. Molineux's grievances antedated her husband's acquittal last week.

H.M.S. PHEATON ORDERED HOME

She Has Developed a Number of Defects.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

VICTORIA, B. C., November 21. It is learned from naval sources that the reason for ordering home H. M. S. Phaeton is that she has developed a number of defects. In 1897 when the Phaeton was sent to the Pacific it was intended she should return to England to pay off after one commission, and £35,000 was provided in the estimates for her repair. The report on her at the termination of her first commission was so satisfactory that the Admiralty decided to recommission her for a further term and the crew was brought out here to recommission at a cost of £8,800. The flagship Grafton will be recommissioned on the expiration of the present term of service, in which case the cost of her relief crew will be £17,000.

A party of surveyors has left MacLeod, Alberta, to run a trial line for a proposed new railway from MacLeod to connect with the Great Northern system in Montana.

VIRGINIA GOBEILLE NOT RESPONSIBLE

Such is Verdict in Respect to Death of J. B. Van Allen.

PATIENT WAS NOT STARVED

Autopsy Made and the Doctors Give Their Evidence Before Coroner.

"That we, the undersigned jurors, after having heard the evidence, declare that James Byron Van Allen died at Montreal, on Wednesday, November the 19th, 1902, of peritonitis and that Miss Gobeille, the keeper of the sanitarium at 1742 St. Hubert street, is in no way responsible for his death as he was not a fasting patient. We recommend, however, that a law should be enacted by the Government, placing all private hospitals and sanitariums under medical supervision."

The above verdict was rendered at the inquest held to-day at the morgue on the body of James Byron Van Allen, who died in Miss Virginia Gobeille's sanitarium on Wednesday evening. Coroner McMahon presided.

The following jury was sworn in: George O'Neil, Joseph E. Daoust, Richard R. Grithn, J. B. Mack, Joseph Arthur Pichette, A. St. Mars, Louis N. Hudd, Saul Garmaise, Joseph Gibeau, Gaspard Dufresne, C. Lessard, Joseph L. Carpenter and Ferdinand Lachapelle.

Miss Virginia Gobeille was represented by Mr. S. G. Archibald, of the law firm of Foster & Company.

Dr. C. A. Dugas, who made the autopsy in conjunction with Dr. D. D. MacTaggart, stated that death was due to peritonitis.

Dr. D. D. MacTaggart was put on the stand and sworn. He said that all the organs of the body were more or less diseased, and that there was nothing to show that Van Allen had been starved to death. The cause of death, he said, was peritonitis. A cancer had been found in the stomach.

THE CROSS EXAMINATION.

On being cross-questioned by the Coroner, he said that the cancer in the stomach might have gone on for a considerable time without causing death.

One of the jurors asked the doctor to explain the meaning of the word "peritonitis," in a general way.

He said it was inflammation of the peritoneum, a membrane which covers the internal surface of the abdomen.

Mrs. G. Bryan, of 580 Wellington street, Point St Charles, was the next witness called. She said the last time she saw her brother alive was at 12 o'clock on the day of his death. He was very weak, but did not complain of feeling seriously ill. She swore that she fully believed that the arrest of Miss Virginia Gobeille had a serious effect on her brother. The deceased first went to the sanitarium during the month of August.

Mrs. Louis Gobeille, the aged mother of Miss Virginia Gobeille, was sworn. She said she resided at L'Ange Gardien, Que. The Coroner asked her if she could speak English. She said she would give her evidence in the French language. She said she had been staying with her daughter since Tuesday last, and that she did not know whether the dead man had been given nourishment or not.

Miss Bertha Arendt, Miss Gobeille's partner, declared that the deceased had been given food regularly, and that he was not a fasting patient. On the morning of his death, when she and Miss Gobeille were leaving the house to go to the Court, she noticed that the patient got very nervous and excited. She then believed the case to be very serious. She said the patient was up on the day he died, and walked about the house.

Coroner McMahon, in summing up the evidence, declared there was a great difference between his death and the two previous ones which occurred at the sanitarium. In this case sufficient disease was found to cause death, but in the former case there were no diseases found sufficient to explain the deaths and that the men were really starved to death.

The jury only took three minutes to decide, when they brought in the verdict quoted above.

The Coroner issued the burial certificate, and the body will be taken to Morriaburg, Ont., for interment.

LATEST MILITIA ORDERS.

One Issued To-day in Reference to the King's Medal.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

OTTAWA, November 21.—To-day's Militia orders contain the following paragraph respecting the King's South African war medal:

"With reference to the order respecting the grant of the King's South Africa war medal the following army order relative to the Queen's South Africa war medal is published for the information of all concerned:

The Queen's South Africa medal "Cape Colony," "Orange Free State" and Transvaal clasps.

1. The clasps, "Cape Colony," "Orange Free State" and "Transvaal," instituted by Paragraphs 16, 17 and 18 of army order 94, of 1901, which were closed by army order 180 of 1901, will be reopened up to 31st May, 1903, inclusive, under the same conditions as in the paragraphs quoted. This latter date will, therefore, be substituted for the 15th July, 1901.

2. Supplementary Rolls should now be submitted in accordance with instructions including the names of all individuals entitled to any of the above clasps, whose claims thereto have already been submitted and of all who, whilst ineligible for the King's medal granted by army order 232 of 1902 are entitled to either of the clasps, "South Africa 1901," or "South Africa 1902," there is granted.

3. Special forms have been printed for preferring these claims and will be supplied to all concerned. Leave on absence, with permission to travel abroad is granted to Major E. Laliberte, 1st Field Battery, from the 26th instant to the 25th proximo.

Lieut.-Col. J. Carson, 5th "Royal Scots," having reported his return to his headquarters on the 17th instant, the leave of absence granted him is cancelled from that date.

Promises to Make Restitution.

HAMILTON, Ont., November 21.—Geo. H. Fox, collector for the Magee-Walton Ice and Coal Co., who went away two years ago with $124, of employer's money, has returned and surrendered. The police magistrate let him go on a promise to make restitution.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cresoline tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists. 372 eod tf

ALDERMEN CONSULT WITH HOSPITALS

Conference Between Medical Experts and Civic Committee To-day.

PROBLEM NEARER SOLUTION

Various Institutions in City Will Likely Take Over Contagious Diseases Patients.

The civic hospital question, which has been dragging along for the past three years, was advanced a stage to-day. Representatives from the Royal Victoria Hospital, the Notre Dame, the General and the Western Hospitals met a committee of aldermen in the Mayor's parlours at the City Hall and agreed to submit terms upon which they would receive and treat patients suffering from diphtheria and scarlet fever. If the offers are found satisfactory the city may not build a civic hospital; if not satisfactory, those who favour such hospital will ask that one be built without further delay.

THE PROPOSITION MADE.

At the opening of the meeting the Mayor called attention to the fact that the representatives of the hospitals had been invited to attend the meeting in order to see whether it would be wiser for the city to pay for the treatment of patients, at private hospitals, or to erect a civic hospital which the aldermen would control.

Mr. Crathern, representing the General Hospital, said that the matter was one which would have to be brought up before the boards of the various hospitals. After this was done the hospitals would be in a position to give the city an intelligent idea as to what charges would be asked, etc.

Ald. L. A. Lapointe—"We might desire the hospitals to build separate wings for the treatment of such patients. This would have to be taken into consideration."

Mr. Crathern said this was a side of the question which the hospital authorities would also have to look into.

Ald. Lapointe—"For my part, I am sure that private hospitals would take splendid care of the city's patients, and that we should get more satisfaction than by building a civic hospital."

Prof. Adami, representing the Royal Victoria Hospital, pointed out that if the authorities deemed it necessary to erect special wings for patients, suffering from diphtheria and scarlet fever, the city would have to guarantee the hospitals that they would not suffer by possible actions from citizens who would not care to have such wings near their residences. For his part he saw no reason why the boards of the various hospitals could not agree to take patients, if an agreement could be reached with the city on the monetary aspect of the case.

SERIES OF QUESTIONS SUBMITTED.

Ald. Ames—"It seems to me that a series of questions should be put to the gentlemen representing the hospitals, so they will know just about what the city would like in regard to this matter."

It was the opinion of Ald. Ekers that the representatives of the hospitals should not be coached with regard to the subject; they should be allowed to submit propositions saying just what they would charge to isolate and treat patients the city might send. After a little sparring between Ald. Ames and Ald. Ekers, over the list, it was allowed. It was as follows:

1. Have you land in connection with presently existing hospitals upon which might be erected suitable wings or pavilions for patients suffering from scarlet fever, diphtheria and measles?
2. Upon what terms would you undertake to erect and equip such wings or pavilions?
3. How many patients would you undertake to provide for?
4. Would your plans be subject to the approval of Council?
5. How soon would you be ready to receive patients?
6. What rate would you charge the city for the care of its patients, and what would be included in this service?
7. For how many years would you expect an engagement?
8. Would you permit the premises to be inspected at all times by the Medical Health Officer of the city, and would you accept his suggestions?
9. Would you undertake to employ as nurses only persons of experience in caring for the sick?
10. Who would pay for the ambulance service and the cost of burial?
11. Would you expect to take in private paying patients, and, if so, what would your tariff be for the same?
12. Would you be willing to keep suitable registers containing information and receive and dismiss patients as the Medical Health Officer might order?

Ald. L. A. Lapointe did not think the above list explicit enough and also submitted the following, which the committee sanctioned:

"That the authorities of the Hotel Dieu, Royal Victoria, Notre Dame, General and Western Hospitals, be requested to consider under what conditions they would care for cases of scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles and similar diseases sent to their institutions by the city, with the understanding that they should provide the necessary accommodation, and to communicate with this committee at the earliest possible moment."

WOULD LIKE STATED AMOUNT.

Mr. Hebert, representing the Notre Dame Hospital, said he thought the city should offer the hospitals a certain yearly amount for a "minimum" number of patients. Any patients over the specified number could be charged for at so much per head. If the hospitals were not sure of a certain amount each year from the city, they might loose money.

He pointed out that some years ago the Notre Dame Hospital and other hospitals got $6,500 a year for a minimum number of patients. This basis might be worked upon for a new agreement with the city.

Dr. F. W. Campbell, of the Western Hospital, said he was opposed to any treating of patients according to their religious beliefs; Protestants and Catholics should be willing to go to any hospital without any question being raised as to what was the faith of those who operated the hospital.

The committee informed Dr. Campbell that at the present time this part of the question was not being discussed.

After a little more discussion the meeting adjourned; it being understood that the hospital representatives should submit, as soon as possible, offers to the city in regard to the care of patients.

Special Notice.

We have a department specially for Jewellery Repairing, in it work is done promptly, neatly, and at a moderate cost. R. Hemsley, the Jeweller, Montreal.

PACIFIC CABLE OPEN IN DECEMBER

A Flat Rate of 58 Cents Per Word Will Be Inaugurated.

COST MATERIALLY LESSENED

A Record of 110 Letters Per Minute Pleases Builders and Owners.

It is announced that messages from all parts of Canada to all parts of Australia will be taken at the flat rate of fifty-eight cents per word, and that press matter will be forwarded via the great Pacific cable at the rate of twenty cents per word. The present cable rate between Canada and Australia is 90 cents per word.

At the office of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's Telegraph, the Canadian connection of the Pacific cable, it was stated to-day that the contractors had yet the cable in hand, but that it was expected to be open for business early in December.

The tests of the cable have been eminently satisfactory, in fact have exceeded the expectation of both the contractors and the cable people themselves.

Messages have been sent over this 3,450 miles of cable between Canada and Australia, at the rate of 110 letters per minute, which is far in excess of what either the projectors or the contractors hoped for.

These tests have been of great interest to all who pay special attention to cable construction, by reason of the fact that the present cable is far and away longer than any now existing in the world, and just what the results would be in sending messages over this immense distance was up to this time a matter of theory rather than effect.

The two engineers who have represented the Pacific Cable Board in the construction of the line, have been located at Bamfield, the Canadian terminus of the cable, and to-morrow they will leave Vancouver for England, via the Canadian Pacific.

HOTEL PROJECT FOR MONTREAL

Waring Contracting Company Has the Scheme in Hand.

"For some time past the Waring Contracting Company, of London, Eng., has been approached with a view of establishing one of its chain of hotels throughout the world in Montreal. It has finally been decided to undertake such a project if conditions were found favourable. Mr. S. Waring, the head of the firm, had intended coming to Canada himself, but owing to the visit of the Emperor of Germany to England, was detained at home. As a member of the Finance Committee of the company, I was asked to make a report of the possibilities for such an undertaking and will certainly favour it."

Such was the statement made to a Star representative at the Windsor to-day by Mr. Henry J. Joseph, of London, Eng., of the Asbestos and Asbestic Company, Ltd., and member of the Finance Committee of the Waring Contracting Company. During the past quarter of century the Waring Company, of which Mr. Samuel Waring is the head, has been identified with all the largest building contracts in Great Britain. Among the most prominent hotels that have been financed and erected lately by the firm are the Carlton Hotel, London, and the Regina at Nice. The erection of a $2,000,000 hotel at Johannesburg has just been started by them in conjunction with the firm of Benato Brothers. That the establishment of an hotel by such a firm in Canada would be attended with good results can be attended with little doubt, owing to the success the firm has already had with its various hotels in all parts of the world.

"There cannot any longer be any doubt," Mr. Joseph went on to say, "that if a suitable site could be secured, such a building would be erected. For some time past we have been negotiating with a private estate for the purchase of a large block of land not far from Dominion square. While not at liberty at the present time to mention any name, I would not hesitate to say that if the site in question is procured, it will be by far the best that can be had in the city.

"One of the things that is causing widespread interest in England is the success achieved by Americans. Everybody is trying to find out how they do it. While in Cleveland recently, I met Mr. Alfred Moseley and his party of representatives of the various labour organizations studying American methods with a view of solving the problem. I found them visiting the various factories and seeing how things were run. They did not confer with the higher officials of the company. Unless they do so they will not find the real secret of the success. The managers of the great firms are all down at the offices surrounded by their clerks at half-past seven o'clock in the morning. They are great workers and they work with great diligence.

"Englishmen have not quite realized that they must abandon their habits of going out hunting and getting down late to their offices if they are to remain on the same footing as their competitors.

Burned About the Face.

L. Bernier, in the employ of the Montreal Light, Heat and Power Co., was seriously burned about the face by getting entangled in some electric wires while at work in the establishment of the Union Cold Storage Co. yesterday.

Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills
Must Bear Signature of
Brent Good
SEE FAC SIMILE WRAPPER BELOW.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Genuine must bear Signature
Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE



CLUB SHOE CO.

Retiring From Business.



ALL GOODS MUST BE SOLD AT BIG REDUCTIONS.

Men's $5.00 Laced, - Now $3.50
Ladies' $3.50 Button, Now $2.25

BARGAIN TABLES.—Baby and Misses' Goods at Cost. Boys' Goods at Half Price. This is a Genuine Sale of High-class Shoes.

2244 ST. CATHERINE STREET, OPPOSITE VICTORIA.

R. J. Tooke

For the best fiting and cheapest - -

SHIRTS!!

Waltham Watches.

"From North to South, from East to West."

"The Perfected American Watch," an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company, Waltham, Mass.



E. N. CUSSON & CO. Montreal VICTORIA CROSS. UNION MADE.

Selling on its Merit Alone. 197zlf

At the Hannan Store

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY

Gloves, Hosiery and Underwear

DENT'S GLOVES

Heavy Dogskin, hand sewn	$1.00
Deerskin, 2 button, hand sewn	1.00
Kangaroo, hand sewn	1.25
Antelope, hand sewn	1.50
Cheverets, silk lined	1.50
Gray Reindeer, silk lined	1.75
1,000 Samples, 7 to 7½	.50

SCOTCH HAND KNIT HALF HOSE

Scotch ribbed, hand knitted, very special, 3 pairs	$1.00
Black Cashmere, double heels and toes, 3 pairs for	1.00
Real Angora, fine and soft, 45c each, 3 pairs for	1.25
500 pairs Samples, all grades, very special, 3 pairs for	1.00

UNDERWEAR

Cartwright & Warner's Best Qualities

Natural Wool, unshrinkable, 3 grades, 50c, 75c and	1.00
Medium weights, natural wool, $1.00, $1.25 and	1.50
Heavy weights, natural wool, D.B., unshrinkable, $1.25, $1.50 and	2.00

THE HANNAN STORE, 213 and 215 St. James St.

"OVERCOATS"

"Cold Weather"

Is bound to come. Be ready for it by Buying an "Overcoat."

Campbell's Clothing Corner,

267 ST. JAMES STREET. 276zl



OIL PAINTINGS

By well-known Old World Artists. A large selection of high-class works. Exhibition now on.

To be seen at W. SCOTT & SONS, 1739 Notre Dame street, MONTREAL.

268scod tf

THE DR. DEIMEL UNDERWEAR

The ideal Underwear for old and young, for every season and every climate. It gives health and comfort to all.

Our Booklet, mailed free, will tell you all about it.

All genuine Dr. Deimel Garments bear this trade mark.

THE DEIMEL LINEN-MESH CO. 2202 St. Catherine Street.

276z1

NEW CHIEF JUSTICE HAS BEEN SWORN IN

Ceremony Took Place in Capital at Noon Hour To-day.

ADMINISTERING THE OATH

After Ceremony Had Been Concluded Short Meeting of Council Was Held.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

OTTAWA, November 21.—The Council Chamber was the scene of an unusual gathering at noon to-day, when Sir Henri Elzeur Taschereau was sworn in as Chief Justice of Canada. The first to arrive at the Chamber were Sir Louis Davies and Mr. Justice Sedgewick, who were quickly followed by Hon. R. W. Scott and Sir Richard Cartwright, Acting Premier. After a little Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick and Hon. Sidney Fisher arrived, and almost immediately followed by Sir Henri Elzear Taschereau and Hon. Mr. Justice Girouard.

At this time Hon. R. W. Scott left the room to advise His Excellency that all were in waiting, and as the noontide gun boomed forth the hour, Lord Minto, attended by Captain Hughes, left his office and proceeded to the Council Chamber, where Hon. David Mills, Hon. James Sutherland and Hon. Raymond Prefontaine joined them.

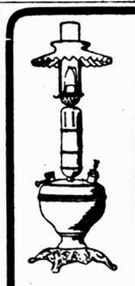
Mr. Sheriff Sweetland and Mr. Cameron, Registrar of the Supreme Court, were also in attendance. All being placed Mr. J. J. McGee, Clerk of the Privy Council, handed Sir Henri the Gospels and read the oath.

"I swear to and will faithfully discharge the duties of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada, to which office I have been appointed."

Sir Henri then took the oath and the ceremony was ended. The Privy Councillors and visitors who were not members of the Cabinet having withdrawn, a short meeting of the Council was held.

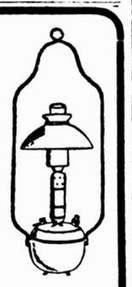
Jap Naval Engineers Arrive.

SEATTLE, Wash., November 21.—Chief Constructing Engineer Stada, of the Japanese navy, accompanied by M. Matsuka and C. Higuchi, chief of the naval construction bureau of Japan, has arrived here and will proceed to-day to Pittsburg, where they will place orders for armour plate. The visitors will spend some time in the eastern navy yards studying American methods.



THE Diamondgas LAMP

is beginning to show itself in business establishments now, and why not? Any light that will do the work of Electric or Gas at one-eighth the cost should attract the notice of the best business people. With Diamondgas there is no need of piping or wiring, no dependence on gas tanks or powerhouse that may blow up or burn down and leave you in darkness. We guarantee it absolutely safe and free from objection on the part of insurance underwriters. It has no objectionable features.



THE GLORIA GAS LIGHT CO.,
2127 St. Catherine Street.
Agents.

The Diamond Light and Heating Co., 750 Craig Street, Patentees and Manufacturers.

BALDWIN NOT TO GIVE UP.

Representative Says Arctic Leader Virtually Partner of Ziegler.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

NEW YORK, November 21. — Evelyn Briggs Baldwin, the head of the Baldwin-Ziegler Arctic expedition, is jealously guarding his interests as involved in the controversy over his late expedition. At the office of William B. Fox and Co., with whom Mr. Baldwin is at present connected, Mr. Fox, speaking of the matter, said yesterday:

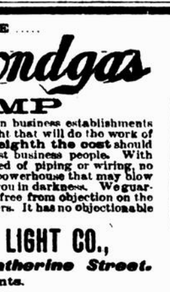
"Mr. Baldwin is not going to give up his rights or interests in the exploration party. He had contracts with Mr. Ziegler and is virtually a partner. All the talk now going on has not considered Baldwin's side at all. He will soon give out a statement that will change the complexion of the affair. It has not been deemed advisable by Mr. Baldwin to talk up till now.

"Mr. Baldwin was quoted as saying that his work is just begun, and that the expedition was not a failure. He had spent ten years in the work and three in the expedition, and was not going to stop now. Lack of coal and destruction of his sledges had forced the return. Jealousies and quarrels had arisen, as in other expeditions, and on the return they had been proclaimed abroad. He had established food depots in different places through Franz Josef Land, and a station on the east coast of Greenland."

TRADE MARK D SUSPENDERS GUARANTEED

DIAMONDS

We imported most of our Diamonds before the increase and are selling them for less than wholesalers now ask. We have built up our business by selling our goods at the right prices.



Genuine Diamond SOLITAIRE RINGS. $15 to $250

Genuine Diamond Three and Five Stone Rings. $27 to $225

GEM RINGS.

Ladies' Solid Gold Real Gem Rings, $2.50 to $15.00
Misses' Solid Gold Real Gem Rings $1.75 to $5.00
Children's Solid Gold Real Gem Rings, 75c to $250.00.

D. BEATTY,
137 ST. PETER, Opposite Witness Office 276z1

GERMANY HAS TREMENDOUS DEFICIT.

BERLIN, November 21.—In the Reichstag to-day, the secretary of the treasury, Baron von Thielmann, announced that the Imperial budget showed a deficit of $37,500,000.

CALCUTTA.—Sir John Woodburn, Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal since 1898, died on Thursday.

In Presenting

Our Specialties for the coming week, we must remind our many customers that no matter how low priced our offerings, all of our Garments are cut from the latest improved and tested patterns, assuring purchasers perfect fits. Even in our lowest lines proper trimmings are used, so that when a cheap garment is bought, it will be found as satisfactory as any one could expect.

We still have a complete assortment of Raglanette Coats on hand, which we offer in first-class Imported Coating at $10. Youths' sizes at $8, Boys' at $7, and Children's at $5.

We have about 200 Child's and Boys' Ulsters and Blanket Coats, any one of which is worth $5—while they last $3.

We have 150 Boys' Reefers made of Nap Cloths and Beavers at $2—not half their value.

300 Men's Melton and Beaver Overcoats at $6, former price $10. Reduced because a little out of date, but still desirable because made of good materials and more suitable for many than the longer coats now in style.

A new line of very heavy Tweed Trousers at $3, in specially large sizes. The only store in the city carrying an assortment of goods for extraordinary large men.

The Mammoth Clothing House,
1888 and 1890 Notre Dame St.
MARK WORKMAN, Proprietor. 276z1

Charming Summer Home FOR SALE.

A charming summer home on the best point of Lake St. Louis, lot has a frontage of 107 feet on the lake shore by about 300 feet deep, main road about 300 yards in rear; house contains drawing room, dining room, library, kitchen, pantry and storeroom on the ground floor, and six bedrooms above, hot and cold water pipes, bath and w.c.; walls and ceilings finished in natural wood. All houses in the vicinity are occupied by summer resident proprietors. Good boat house for etc., and a stable lot north of the main road included in purchase price. Excellent train service. Now is the time to buy for occupation next spring. Price only $7500, of which $3000 can remain on mortgage at 5 per cent. If desired. Apply to the J. Cradock Simpson Real Estate and Agency Company, second floor, Merchants Bank Buildings. 276 z-1 1

FEDERATED TRADES AND LABOUR COUNCIL

Amendments to the City Charter Are Discussed by Members

OPPOSE ARBITRATION BILL

Mr. Mulock's Proposed Legislation Does Not Meet With Approval of Workmen.

At last night's meeting of the Federated Trades and Labour Council, the amendments to the city charter were discussed. Delegate Rodier, chairman of the special committee appointed to watch the amendments in the interests of the working classes, reported having attended the meeting of the Charter Committee. They were told to submit their requests in writing and that the committee would consider them in the near future. The following presented credentials and were admitted as delegates: L. Clement and D. Debiere, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners; Messrs. Sharkofski and Weinstein, Rubber Clothing Workers; Messrs. Baker and Wilcox, Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners.

A resolution was unanimously passed recommending all trade unions in the province of Quebec to immediately affiliate with the Trades and Labour Congress of Canada, as labour legislation is to be introduced at the next session of the Dominion Parliament, which will be of considerable interest to the workingmen of Canada, and more especially the railway employes, who are now rapidly organizing to fight the bill known as the Compulsory Arbitration Bill for the Settlement of Railway Labour Disputes, which is to be introduced by the Hon. Mr. Mulock, Minister of Labour. The railway men's representatives claim that the enactment of this law would rob the railway employes of their constitutional rights, destroy their organizations and place them in the hands of the railway companies, at the same time depriving them of citizenship.

On motion of Delegate Rodier, a special committee was appointed for the purpose of raising a large sum of money to be used for legislative and other purposes.

A resolution was passed on motion of Delegate Latreille, that the City Council be requested to see that only union labour is employed on the building of the new cave hospital.

A resolution was introduced having for its object the holding of a banquet on a large scale. The president, Mr. Joseph Amey, spoke strongly against banquets, and urged the delegates to vote the resolution down. The motion was finally withdrawn. The report of the Building Trades section was adopted as read. The Organization Committee reported great progress during the month.

ADIRONDACK DEATH LIST.

Many Hunters Killed This Season in Spite of Increased Warnings.

UTICA, November 21. — The season for deer hunting in the Adirondack Mountains, which has just closed, had the usual number of shooting accidents in spite of the increasing warnings to hunters to be more careful. It is not possible to give a complete record of them, as many are never reported in the world outside the wilderness.

In some instances it has been found that the man who fired the shot that killed or wounded somebody was under the influence of liquor at the time. Just to what extent intoxication figures in the shooting accidents of the Adirondacks in the course of a season is hard to determine.

Of all the accidents, the killing of Major Smylie by Judge Storrs while night hunting on Grasse Pond, near Blue Mountain Lake, early in September, attracted most attention because of the prominence of the men. Another notable case this season was the killing by accident of a woman. Mrs. William Bruce, of Blue Ridge, was accidentally shot by a woman friend in the town of North Hudson, on October 17, and died as a result. There are many women hunters in the region annually, but this is the first accident of a serious nature in which two women have figured.

John Beecher, jr., was accidentally killed by his own gun. He slipped from a log upon which he was standing and the gun was discharged as he fell.

B. J. Stackhouse, walking behind Benjamin Burkett, while hunting rabbits near Newport, slipped and fell. As his gun struck the ground it was discharged. The shot entered Burkett's thigh, inflicting a wound from which he died the same evening.

One Sunday, at the foot of Mount Kilbourn, near North Walpole, a bullet fired from the gun of an unknown person wounded E. C. Young and killed Fred. MacKalune, of Plattsburg.

Fred Nearing, while hunting in the woods, attempted to get to the top of a stump, but fell, and his gun was discharged. He was wounded mortally.

Near Ogdensburg, Leonard Place lost his eyesight through the accidental explosion of his gun.

Joseph O'Kassuck, aged 18, was killed when he attempted to draw his brother's gun through a hedge.

John Seitz, aged 17, while hunting rabbits with William Welch at Van Wie's Point, received the charge from both barrels of the gun in his body and fell back dead.

William Wall, while shooting in the woods three miles from Ogdensburg, lost his right arm, which was blown off at the shoulder by the accidental discharge of his gun.

George, the twelve-year-old son of L. N. Catlin, was accidentally shot while taking a gun from a skiff. The whole charge entered his side, killing him instantly.

William Wilber, of Newark, while hunting muskrats, accidentally discharged his gun. The charge entered his neck and killed him instantly.

Elton Shaver set out from Watertown one morning to hunt woodchucks. The first time he fired the barrel burst near the breech and tore his left hand off at the wrist.

Peter Stock, a farmer, was shot and mortally wounded near Garoga, Fulton county. Although he called out after the first shot, the hunter fired again and Stock was struck by two bullets.

William Abrams shot and killed his brother, Fred. Abrams, in mistake for a deer, while hunting near Pseco Lake in Hamilton county. Both were sons of Floyd Abrams, an experienced Adirondack guide. Besides these cases there have been a larger number of accidental shootings in which the results were less serious.

SAW BUCK AND BEAR FIGHT.

The Former Won Although the Lighter in Weight.

BANGOR, Me., November 21.—Old hunters have claimed that while at certain times and under certain conditions a bull moose is an ugly customer to meet, he is not to be compared as a fighter with the buck deer. People unaccustomed to the ways of wild animals have generally regarded this as a fable, or at least as an exaggeration, but Thomas Leach, of Dayton, Ohio, one of a party of Ohio sportsmen who have just concluded a hunting trip at St. Croix Lake, is now ready to make affidavit to the truth of what the veterans say. He has seen a buck deer whip a bear, and afterward come back to the battleground to gloat over his victory.

One day last week Mr. Leach was travelling over an old logging road, when his attention was attracted by a savage growling in the brush near at hand. He left the road and proceeded to investigate, and had gone only a few rods when he came upon a buck deer and a medium sized bear engaged in deadly combat. It was a fierce battle, the bear using his teeth and claws and the buck his horns and sharp hoofs. The bear was plainly getting the worst of it, and in a few minutes he turned and fled for his life.

In making his escape the bear ran directly past Mr. Leach, and was an easy mark, but the deer got away. Mr. Leach dressed the bear and hung the carcass in a tree, returning then to camp. Next morning, when he went back for the bear, there were fresh deer tracks around the tree, and he sat down on a log and waited. In the course of an hour the same warlike buck that had vanquished the bear appeared, and began pawing the ground around the tree where his late enemy was hanging. Mr. Leach gave the buck time to gloat a little over his victory, and then dropped him with one shot from his rifle. The buck dressed 198 pounds and the bear 235 pounds.

The Dominion Coal Company's contract with the New England Gas and Coke Company, of Everett, Mass., expires to-day, and no more coal will be shipped from Sydney to the works at Everett.

FOOTBALL

THE BIG FOOTBALL BATTLE SATURDAY

Yale Will Play Glass and Think Him Eligible.

HARVARD HAS NEW TRICKS

Thirty Thousand People Expected at the Match and Miss Alice Roosevelt May be a Guest.

NEW HAVEN, November 21.—Eleventh-hour rumours that Glass would be withdrawn followed closely on the story that he had been protested by Harvard. Yale football officials authorized a denial of these rumours. They say:

"We are absolutely satisfied that Glass is eligible in every particular and we shall play him in the game on Saturday."

Preparations are being made to entertain the biggest football crowd that has ever come to this city next Saturday. When the referee's whistle blows 30,000 persons will be looking on at the contending elevens of Yale and Harvard. That many applications have been received from graduates and students of the two universities.

Rumours that President Roosevelt would see the game were not confirmed by the Yale management, who say they have received no notification. It is stated, however, that Miss Alice Roosevelt will quite likely be a guest. Twenty-three special trains will be run to the game from New York and Boston. New Haven hackmen are charging enormous prices for carriages to the game, and the city authorities have given them protection in this by refusing licenses to outside hackmen.

Betting on the game is quiet. Some Harvard money has reached here, to be placed at odds of 3 to 5 or 8 to 10. The improved condition of the Yale team led ex-Capt. Charley Gould yesterday to predict a victory of 18 to 0 against the Crimson.

HURT "MIDDY" AIKEN MAY RECOVER NOW.

Injured Player An Hour and a Half Under the Knife for Delicate Operation.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., November 21.—As a result of the accident to Midshipman Hugh K. Aiken in the game with Bucknell last Saturday the annual games between Annapolis and West Point may be abolished altogether. It was thought at first that Aiken would die and in that event this year's game between the Middies and the Soldiers would have been abandoned. There is every hope now, however, that Aiken will recover.

A delicate surgical operation was performed yesterday afternoon on Aiken as the only chance of saving his life. The operating physician was Dr. William W. Keen, of Philadelphia.

A clot of blood weighing four ounces which had been caused by the rupture of a blood vessel was removed, and Dr. Keen stated after the operation unless it had been performed the patient would have died within thirty-six hours. Aiken has now recovered consciousness, and his mind is clearer than at any time since the accident.

A triangular section of the bone of the skull was cut with a chisel. This section began on the top of the head and extended about three inches toward the right, the base being about an inch long, and not separated from the skull. This piece was forced up and scraped, removing the clot. The operation lasted an hour and a half, and a drain was fixed and the wound closed.

The patient is still suffering from the effects of the anaesthetic, but it is believed he is on the mend and that his life will be saved. Dr. J. M. T. Finney, of Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, and Surgeons Wieber, Pickerell and Johns, of the Naval Academy, were present at the operation. Dr. Gayle Aiken, father of the injured midshipman, was also in the building.

The accident to young Aiken has occasioned considerable sentiment against the continuance of the annual contests, and some have expressed an opinion that the game should be stopped entirely at the Naval Academy.

OTTAWA LAUGHS AT CANADIAN UNION'S FOOTBALL SENSATION.

McMurrich Wrote He Was Perfectly Satisfied With Arrangements.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

OTTAWA, November 21.—There was a good deal of amusement caused in football circles in Ottawa yesterday, when a telegram from Toronto announced that Mr. J. D. McMurrich, of Toronto, secretary of the Canadian Football Union, was so incensed with a fancied injury in Ottawa that he would execute both the Rough Riders and the Ottawa College teams. Personally, Ottawa football people do not know much about Mr. McMurrich and his grievances, and they care less. The Canadian Union in this village has been principally looked on as composed of an officious lot of Toronto "has beens." Ottawa, with very little representation in the Union, has been winning the premier honours, and they perhaps were not quite willing that Toronto men should come down and run the game. The statement is made that Mr. McMurrich did not have to pay to see the football match, and even if he did there was no reason why he should be the general high Muck-a-Muck in the business. As a matter of fact there is no reason for the reports that are being spread by certain people. Mr. Hal McGiverin, when seen, told your reporter that there was nothing in the sensation at all, although all the football men were talking of it. The Rough Riders were in receipt of a letter from Mr. McMurrich, in which he said that the championship of Canada would be awarded to the Rough Riders, and also that the financial arrangements were satisfactory to the Union. As to Mr. McMurrich paying admission to the grounds is concerned, said Mr. McGiverin, "I don't think he did, and he certainly would not have done so if he had taken means to provide himself with the proper document." There is considerable talk here on a kick coming from a city as big as Toronto, who cannot get a championship of any kind. President Slattery, of the College team, was out of town, but others of the team spoken to thought it quite a joke for one man in Toronto to knock out a city that holds three championships.

HARVARD HAS NEW TRICKS FOR YALE.

Even Coaches are Barred While Practice is Going on.

CAMBRIDGE, November 21.—There were no new developments in the Glass case at Cambridge as near as could be learned from the officials. The matter is ended as far as the Crimson is concerned.

Prof. Hollis, chairman of the Harvard Athletic Committee, declared in an interview that he knew nothing about the Glass affair except what he had seen in the papers, and that Harvard had taken no steps to investigate the matter.

As the day for the big game approaches excitement grows more intense at Cambridge. Hundreds of bets were placed, most of them at odds of 5 to 4 on Yale.

The report that Harvard has been playing "possum" for several weeks has found credence generally in Cambridge, and there is little question but Harvard is to have some trick plays to spring on the Elis that even some of the coaches know nothing about. Yesterday not a few coaches were asked to remain outside of the big fence while the team had fifteen minutes of signal practice. Never has there been such precaution taken as yesterday, when even coaches were not allowed to see the plays. Sugden was played at centre, and there is little question but that he is to be the final choice for the place.

The final line-up of the eleven as it will meet Yale is:

Mills, left end; Shea, left tackle; Barnard, left guard; Sugden, centre; A. Marshall, right guard; Knowlton, right tackle; Bowditch, right end; C. Marshall, quarter-back; Kernan, left half; Putnam, right half; Grayden, full-back.

War on Speculators.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., November 21.—Last night Yale students made an attack on every ticket speculator who could be found in the city and relieved them of all the tickets in their possession. The speculators were given the regulation price—$2—for every ticket taken. In several instances, when the ticket dealers remonstrated, they were roughly handled.

At midnight it was learned that the speculators, after a consultation, decided to approach the police authorities with complaints, alleging that the students should be guilty of highway robbery. Several of the men are badly bruised as a result of their encounter with the college men.

It developed later last evening that all the speculators did not receive immediate reimbursement for the tickets taken from them. Instead they were given a slip of paper on which was marked the number of tickets taken away. The men were told to apply to the football management for their money. The management, it is said, have made an announcement that they will redeem all such receipts given by the students who participated in the attack upon the speculators.

Fog Stops Playing.

TORONTO, November 21.—Football met a new enemy yesterday. The final game at the Varsity grounds for the Mulock Cup was started, but had to be called off because the fog was so thick that it was frequently impossible to see the ball. Such an interruption never occurred here before.

Queen's Athletic Committee has appointed G. B. McLennan and M. E. Branscombe, of the senior Rugby team, to go to Toronto and witness the Varsity-Argonaut match, under the Burnside rules, on Saturday. Varsity pays half their expenses.

CURLING.

LORD DUNDONALD ELECTED MEMBER MONTREAL CLUB.

Semi-Annual Meeting Was Very Well Attended.

At the semi-annual meeting of the Montreal Curling Club, the following skips were elected: W. J. Fenwick, A. Hodgson, R. W. Macdougall, S. A. McMurtry, Lieut.-Col. Miller, C. P. Sclater, F. N. Southam, H. E. Suckling, R. W. Tyre, D. Williamson, Rev. J. Williamson, G. P. Walker.

As there are some unfinished matches from last season, it was decided that the finish of these matches should be decided by January first. After this date the whole arrangement of matches will be left in the hands of the rink committee.

After the regular business of the meeting there was as usual a most enjoyable musical programme. Mr. A. R. Oughtred sang "Rule Britannia," and this was followed by selections from Messrs. D. McGill, F. N. Southam, Owen N. Evans, Norman Binmore and others. Mr. Coates acted as accompanist, and added much to the evening's entertainment.

Mr. D. Williamson proposed, seconded by Mr. R. W. Tyre, that Lord Dundonald be asked to accept an honorary membership. The resolution was unanimously carried.

HOCKEY.

THE WINNIPEG VICTORIAS SPEAK OF MEAN MOTIVES.

Virtually Accuse Montrealers of Unsportsmanlike Action.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

WINNIPEG, November 21.—Speaking of the Stanley Cup situation, Mr. J. Waugh, president of the Victorias, said: "I rather expected some opposition from the Montrealers but their contention is a very weak excuse. It is just the same as if we were to get that cup up here, and then enter into an agreement with the western clubs that the matches should not be played till May. The trustees will have to use their judgment in this case."

AQUATICS

$25,000 MORE FOR THIS DEFENDER.

New Boat to be Most Costly Ever Built at Bristol—Early Casting for the Keel.

BRISTOL, R.I., November 21.—It was agreed after a meeting between C. Oliver Iselin, Capt. Charlie Barr and Designer Nat Herreshoff, that the lead keel of the cup defender of 1903 should be cast just a month earlier than that made for the Constitution of 1900.

It was also developed last evening that this latest production of the Herreshoff boat factory is to cost $25,000 more than any other defender floated from Bristol. The cost to the syndicate, of which Mr. Iselin is the managing owner, will thus be $275,000; that is, the yacht complete when it is finally accepted and taken from the hands of the builders.

Another thing which leaked out about the Herreshoff shops yesterday is that Mr. Iselin has taken a more active part in the preliminary arrangements of the construction of the craft than ever before. He is making the biggest kind of a stir about the place, and he does not content himself as in former years with sitting about the model and draughting rooms of the establishment.

Yesterday, for instance, he came down over the highways from Providence on the double-quick. He was in the automobile of Henry F. Lippitt, and they are said to have beaten the electrics in the run over the Bristol county roads. When he alighted at the works Mr. Iselin went at once to the south shop and took a look at the new keel mould, which is rather sharper and more pointed in its interior than that of the Columbia or the Constitution. It is also said that the mould provides for more lead above and less astern than any fin keel yet made here.

SNOWSHOEING

ST. LAMBERT SNOWSHOE CLUB MEETS

Elected Officers at Their Annual Meeting Last Night.

At a largely attended meeting of the above club, which took place Thursday evening, the following officers were elected: President, A. E. Woodworth; vice-president, J. L. Smith, sec.-treas., E. G. Powell; committee, J. N. Morris, D. S. MacLeod, C. B. Hart, W. Powell, Miller McConnell.

A large number of new members were enrolled. The club anticipates a very pleasant and successful season.

THE TURF.

CANADIANS AT THE HORSE SHOW

Protest Lodged Against One of the Exhibitors.

THOUSANDS IN ATTENDANCE

The Result of the Regular Races at the Bennings Track Run Off Yesterday Afternoon.

NEW YORK, November 21.—Championships in various classes were awarded at the Horse Show. The blue ribbon for three-year-old Hackney stallions was carried off by imp. Gribthorpe Playmate, owned by Robert Beith, of Bowmanville, Ont., a member of the Canadian Parliament. Gribthorpe Playmate won firsts and the Challenge Cup. For the championship his chief competitor was Adair II., who won the Challenge Cup last year when he was owned by Mr. Beith. Now he is the property of Mitchell Harrison, of Philadelphia, and was forced to take second place. The American Coaching Club's Cup, one of the most coveted trophies at the show, went to Dr. John L. Wentz, of Scranton, Pa., whose tour-in-hand was adjudged the best at the show. Four-in-hands in this event also were shown by A. G. and R. Vanderbilt, J. Hobart Moore, of Chicago, and W. H. Moore.

A very difficult event over the fences was won by Myopia, owned by George Pepper, of Toronto, Ont. The contestants had to go over six fences, two of which were six feet high.

J. Hobart Moore, of Chicago, carried off first prize in the class for pairs of horses shown before a Victoria, with his spanking team Burlingham and Viceroy, while Jos. E. Widener, of Philadelphia, took second, and Alfred G. Vanderbilt third.

The Breeders' Challenge Cup for Hackneys in harness went to Frederick Stevens, of Attica, N.Y., who showed Cyrena. The cup becomes the property of Mr. Stevens, as his entry has won it twice.

The largest crowd so far of the week attended the Horse Show in the Garden late night. At ten o'clock there were fully 8,000 spectators ranged about the tanbark ring, every seat in the house being taken and the aisles and promenades crowded to overflowing. The costumes were even more brilliant than on the two preceding days, and society turned out in greater numbers than before. The bulk of the crowd was made up of sightseers, who were attracted by the stories of magnificent gowns, superb jewels and the presence of the Four Hundred. For the first time since the show opened it was positively uncomfortable in the promenade. The atmosphere was stifling down among the crowd, men's collars wilting and women wishing they had brought their fans. At times the endless procession became blocked, it being impossible to move either forward or backward. Those who were unfortunate enough to be short in stature found themselves in the unpleasant predicament of being unable to see anything in the ring or anybody in the boxes.

With the presence of this large gathering the babel of conversation became more animated every moment until the chatter of society people was heard on every hand. Though the exhibitions in the ring were of sterling quality and of intense interest to practical horsemen, society soon was involved in a general discussion of other things, so that little that went on in the arena under the eyes of the judges was noticed. Now and then an enthusiastic cheer from the crowd which hung against the rails all the evening caused a slight diversion from the topics of the day, but immediately society went back to gossip and kept it up until the exhibition was over.

While there were many features of interest within the Garden's walls, there was a scene outside that was particularly noteworthy. Long rows of private carriages, with flaring lamps and neatly groomed attendants extended away from the Garden entrance on Madison avenue down through Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh streets as far as Fifth avenue in one direction and Fourth avenue in the other. One by one these equipages unloaded their occupants and were then sent away to await a call for the drive home. It was long after the last exhibit had passed out of the ring when these carriages had carried away the rich and the aristocratic either to their homes or to the fashionable restaurants.

Mention must be made once more of the temporarily organized dressmakers' and milliners' association which has been holding nightly sessions inside the main entrance with a view to inspecting the various styles worn by the big bugs. Last night the number of dressmakers and milliners who gathered for this purpose was largely increased, so that the number of policemen placed in charge of the bevy was augmented by two more stalwart blue-coats who kept the throng back by main force.

While the women were coming in with magnificent gowns of all colours of the rainbow, there was a sudden cranking of necks when Johnstone Bennett, the actress, and a woman companion entered the portals. Miss Bennett wore a mannish Alpine hat, with a rosette on the left side, a loose-fitting jacket and a short walking skirt of dark material to match, which was set off by a standing collar, a white puff tie, in which nestled a gold scarfpin, and red-tanned gloves, the tops of which were turned down fashionably over the knuckles. Miss Bennett's companion was similarly attired and with long, rapid strides, they proceeded past the boxes, attracting universal attention as they went along and finally mounted to the reserved seats, under the balcony.

In the army of men in evening dress appeared one individual who was looked over carefully by all who saw him. He was about 5 feet 10 inches tall, of naturally slight build, his face being thin and his neck small. But his shoulders were as broad as those of Sandow, while his waist was so small that John L. Sullivan might have encircled it with his hands. Flowing away from the waist the skirts of the coat formed a perfect bell, from which a dainty pair of patent leather shoes protruded underneath. Lilac-coloured silk gloves, a black derby hat and a monocle completed the odd picture which remained on exhibition until the lights began to go out. Whether this personage was a professional fashion plate could not be learned, but it is safe to say that the fashion set by him last night will not become popular.

Wine agents, tailors, bookmakers, high-toned gamblers, hotel clerks and Central Office detectives were largely in evidence in the passing throng; so were coachmen, footmen doormen and butlers, employed by rich families, who were enjoying a night off and who, like their masters, wore their best bib and tucker. But they were easily picked out because of their closely cropped sidewhiskers and the lofty expressions they wore. They did not have box seats or even reserved seats, but they had a better view of the show than any of the promenaders, for they lost no time in climbing to the tops of the coaches and drags which stood in rows at the Fourth avenue end of the amphitheatre.

DECLARES BLUE RIBBON WENT TO A "RINGER."

Horse Show Award of First Prize May be Rescinded Because of Charge.

NEW YORK, November 21.—As the result of a protest lodged by Hector Vervaeke, of Buffalo, John Spratley, of Spottsville, Va., will probably lose the blue ribbon and first prize won by him with White Oak Maid and another horse, in class 45, on Tuesday evening, and will have to answer to the Board of Directors of the National Horse Show Association to the charge of "ringing in" a substitute for Wonderland, the horse entered by him as a mate to White Oak Maid.

Both Mr. Vervaeke and Mr. Spratley are dealers who bring carriage horses to New York to sell. The former, it is alleged, had a horse called Wonderland that he agreed to deliver to Mr. Spratley in time to show at the Garden as a mate to White Oak Maid; but when the time came Mr. Vervaeke changed his mind about letting Mr. Spratley have the horse, because, it was said, he believed the made-up pair might beat his own entry, Snowflake and Diana, for the prize.

In order to make up a pair to exhibit, it is declared, Mr. Spratley went to Charles T. Proctor, a well-known New York dealer in carriage horses, and either bought or borrowed a fine high stepper of the same size and colour as Wonderland, and drove him in the ring as a mate to White Oak Maid. They won the blue ribbon in the class for dealers' horses, with Diana and Snowflake second, and George D. King's Troarn and Archer third.

Mr. Vervaeke protested the award as soon as made, on the ground that one of Mr. Spratley's horses was not Wonderland, but a "ringer" for that horse, which, Mr. Vervaeke alleges, he still owns.

At the office of the Horse Show Association no information could be obtained beyond the fact that a protest had been lodged and that a meeting of the directors had been called to consider the matter. It is said, however, that Mr. Spratley received a letter from the Horse Show Association notifying him of Mr. Vervaeke's protest and calling on him to answer the charge. Mr. Spratley, so the story goes, went at once to the Garden and told the officials the facts in the case as related, whereupon he was informed that the protest would be sustained and that his pair would be disqualified as soon as the Board of Directors could hold a meeting to rule on the matter.

Whether any further action will be taken is a mooted question among horsemen. For a similar offence on the trotting turf the offender would be ruled off or excluded from entering and starting horses, and the same penalty is provided by the Jockey Club for substituting one horse for another on the running turf.

In justice to Mr. Spratley, it should be said that he did not attempt to "ring in" a previous winner as a green or novice horse, but merely substituted one green one for another, neither of the horses shown having won a prize before.

It was rumoured last night that another protest might be lodged in the case. Mr. Vervaeke being the exhibitor aimed at. Diana, one of the pair shown by him, is described in the catalogue as being eight years old. It has been stated and not denied, that Diana is the well-known Grand Circuit trotter Lucy B., by Gypsy Boy, that gained a record of 2.14¾ at Davenport, Iowa, in 1896. If she is that mare, she was foaled in 1889, according to the Stud Book, thus making her age thirteen years instead of eight, as the Horse Show catalogue has it.

CRESCEUS' VISIT TO CANADA A CERTAINTY NOW.

Will Visit Ottawa and Montreal Tracks.

Mr. J. A. McCullough has issued the following communication:

Enclosed find corrected and official programme of the Ottawa Ice Racing Association meet. This programme is in the American Breeder, Horse World and Canadian Sportsman. Will have the biggest meeting by 500 per cent. that ever has been.

Alexander McLaren, Esq., has written G. H. Ketcham, owner of Cresceus, inviting him to be his guest while in Ottawa, and his stables on Sparks street west will be Cresceus's home while here.

J. A. McCULLOUGH,
Sec.-Treas. O.I.R.A.

The programme states that the races will be held under the patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General from February 9 to 20. The classes are given as follows: Pacing, 2.30, 2.25, 2.17, 2.45. Trotting, 2.45, 2.27, 2.20, 2.15. Trot and pace, 2.00, 2.50, 2.23, 2.30, 2.24, 2.20, 2.15, 2.12. Green race, half-mile heats, purse $300. Three-mile dash. Five-mile dash. Purses for the above classes, $300 each. Free-for-all, trot or pace, purse $1000. The entries are to close December 15. The total amount to be offered in purses is said to be $7000.

After appearing in Ottawa, Cresceus is to visit Montreal.

The Races at Bennings.

WASHINGTON, D.C., November 21.—The bookies continue to get in their good work at Bennings, while the track is in bad shape. Historian, with Barry up, in the hurdle race, fell at the third jump. Both horse and rider escaped injury. Summary:

First race, hurdle, 1¾ miles—Ohnet, 139, Gallagher, 2 to 1 and 7 to 10, won; Gould, 146, Thomas, 6 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Victor, 139, Houlihan, 10 to 1, third. Time, 3.25. Lavator, The Ragged Cavalier, Blacksmith, Silver Twist, Beauregard and Historian also ran.

Second race, 6 furlongs—Toscan, 115, Landry, 8 to 1 and 3 to 1, won; Walden, 114, Hurley, 20 to 1, second; Meistersinger, 111, O'Connor, 3 to 1, third. Time, 1.17. Brandy Smash, Uncle Louis, Paul Aker, Songster, Right and True, Lord Advocate, Spring Brook, Hist, Barkeimore and The Dancer also ran.

Third race, maiden 2-year-olds, 7 furlongs—Knight of Gold, 110, H. Cochran, 8 to 1 and 3 to 1, won; Florham Queen, 107, Martin, 3 to 1 and 6 to 5, second; Sir Faust, 110, Wonderly, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1.31. Hackensack, Harrison, Fullback, Gates, Ink, and Lady Sarah also ran.

Fourth race, for 2-year-olds, 5¼ furlongs—Gloriosa, 102, Redfern, 2 to 1 and 3 to 5, won; Lyman Hay, 110, O'Connor, 7 to 5 and out, second; Illyria, 105, Minder, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1.10 1-5. Saccharometer also ran.

Fifth race selling, 3-year-olds and up, 1 1-16 miles—Black Dick, 100, O'Connor, 16 to 5 and 8 to 5, won; Benckart, 112, Wonderly, 3 to 1 and even, second; Aminte, 101, Daley, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1.53 1-5. Wunderlark, Arabagwan, Elnus, Heroics, Dartyl, Nightingale, Potheen, Waterton, Brisk, Queen Carnival and Burnish also ran.

Sixth race, 7 furlongs, 2-year-olds and up—Blackstock, 98, Redfern, 4 to 5, won; Himself, 106, Wonderly, 2 to 1 and 3 to 5, second; Never More, 94, Martin, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1.29. Sparkle Esher and Ahola also ran.

Temple Club Euchre.

The Montreal Temple Club will hold the third of a series of progressive euchre matches on Saturday evening in the club rooms. These Saturday night matches have proved a big success, many of the members being travellers, and unable to attend during the week. About eighty members take part each evening, and the competition for the president's and vice-president's valuable prizes is getting very keen.

MISCELLANEOUS

Jeffries to Meet McCoy.

NEW YORK, November 21.—James J. Jeffries' defi is answered. The champion of champions a few days ago announced that he would box any man in the world. He stipulated, however, that he would consider only his best business inducements. Following out this line George Grant, manager of "Kid" McCoy, last night wired to the boilermaker:

"Jeffries says he is anxious to get on a match," said Grant to a representative of the Morning Telegraph. "As Jeffries is the champion, he has the right to dictate terms, but as he has sent broadcast a statement that he will fight any one for the best inducement offered, here are our proposals:

"McCoy will fight him on this basis: 65 per cent. to the winner and 35 per cent. to the loser. Jeffries can name the referee, and we will waive the wrist bandages, as an evidence of our good faith, we will post a first forfeit of $5,000 with any one that Jeffries names, although I would prefer to put up the money with the sporting editor of the Morning Telegraph.

"All McCoy asks is that he has four months to prepare for his fight. He will concede every other matter, and will fight under any conditions that Jeffries selects.

"We are serious. 'Fitz,' a few weeks ago, declared he would re-enter the ring, and challenged any man, barring Jeffries. I wired the Cornishman and made him the same proposal as I have to the champion.

Regulate Your System.

You can protect yourself against chronic constipation, biliousness, typhoid fever, grippe, and all kindred complaints by using

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

It will keep the various organs of the body working smoothly and will drive out the poison that causes disease.

It is the most wonderful regulator of health, the greatest preventative of disease and the best tonic and laxative known.

Sold by all druggists.

New Secret Remedy Absolutely Unknown to the profession. Permanent Cures in 15 to 35 days. We refund money if we do not cure. You can be treated at home for the same price and the same guarantee with those who prefer to come here we will contract to cure them or pay expenses of coming, and hotel bills, no fake, no C.O.D. scheme, if we fail to cure. If you have Blood Poison in any form, Mercurial Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eczema, Ulcers on any part of the body, Sores in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling, Boils, Carbuncles, Swellings, Rheumatism, Kidney or Bladder trouble, Writing Pains in the Bones, Backache, Kidneys, Nervousness, Dizziness, Catarrh, Cancer, Tumor, Piles, Fistula or any blood or skin disease, call or write for our free opinion, which will be given you fully, plainly and honestly after having the most experienced specialists in the United States to examine your case and explain exactly what we will do and what it will cost to cure you. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. We have cured the worst cases in 15 to 35 days. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. We have cured the worst cases in 15 to 35 days. We have the most perfect and complete system of treating this disease that has ever been perfected, after a lifetime study of this disease and the combined experience gained from the treatment of thousands of cases in our hospitals and private practice. We have cured the worst cases in 15 to 35 days. We have the most perfect and complete system of treating this disease that has ever been perfected, after a lifetime study of this disease and the combined experience gained from the treatment of thousands of cases in our hospitals and private practice. We have cured the worst cases in 15 to 35 days. We have the most perfect and complete system of treating this disease that has ever been perfected, after a lifetime study of this disease and the combined experience gained from the treatment of thousands of cases in our hospitals and private practice. For many years we have made a specialty of this disease, and have cured the worst cases in 15 to 35 days. We have the most perfect and complete system of treating this disease that has ever been perfected, after a lifetime study of this disease and the combined experience gained from the treatment of thousands of cases in our hospitals and private practice. We have $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Write us for 100-page book and questions free. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1407 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Illinois.

PRICE BLOOD POISON

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I furthermore posted my money. It was left up for a month. Hearing nothing to all my telegrams, I finally drew the deposit.

"McCoy stands ready to meet any man in the world, Jeffries preferred. The "Kid" is not in the show business. He is not 'booming' any theatrical attraction. He is a fighter, pure and simple. First come, first served.

"We are here with the goods. Can't we get on a fight?"

ODDS AND ENDS.

The M. B. C. euchre series began last night. When all the punches had been made it was found that the spoons had been won by J. McTier (14), and J. W. Craig (13).

The International lacrosse game between Harvard and a team made up of Oxford and Cambridge undergraduates will be played here about class day next year. The year following Harvard will send a team to England to play a return match. The English team will possibly play teams of other universities throughout the country during its visit.

At the National A. C., at Marylebone last night the American pugilist "Bobby" Dobbs met the London boxer "Jem" Maloney for a purse of $1,500 and the 138 pound championship. Dobbs, who was the favourite had somewhat the best of the opening rounds, but in the fifth Maloney equalised matters and from that time forth had the contest in his own hands. Dobbs stayed the full 20 rounds, but the result was an easy victory for Maloney on points.

Jack McClelland, of Pittsburg, knocked out "Brooklyn" Tommy Sullivan in the 12th round of what was to have been a 20 round contest here at St. Louis. Sullivan was the aggressor for the first 6 rounds.

In the seventh, McClelland worked an inside right hook to Sullivan's jaw, putting him down and nearly out, the bell saving him. In the 12th round, McClelland again worked an inside right to Sullivan's chin, putting the later down for 9 counts. When he regained his feet, McClelland feinted with his right and swung a hard left to the chin, putting Sullivan out.

Billy Trueman, of Brooklyn, got the decision over Jimmy Vickers, of Chicago, in the 12 round preliminary.

Joe Nelson, of Newark, N. J., rode 10 miles at the Fair Grounds track yesterday at Savannah on a bicycle against 10 horses running in relays. Nelson was motor-paced. The horses relieved each other in laps of one mile. Owing to a misunderstanding the horses were started to pick up Nelson instead of each other. The bicycle rider thus lost with each horse whatever advantage he had gained over the preceding one. Nelson, nevertheless, finished first in eight of the 10 miles. The horse came in ahead in the first and ninth miles.

Nelson's time for the miles consecutively was: 1.52, 1.40, 1.28, 1.26, 1.20, 1.35, 1.30, 1.30, 1.24, 1.30.

This is said to be the fastest time ever made in a similar competition.

Bears are Plentiful.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., November 20.—That bears are still numerous in the Adirondacks is evidenced by the bounties which the Essex county supervisors have been called upon to pay for those killed during the past year, twenty-eight in all. Seven were killed in St. Armand, six in Newcomb, five in Wilmington, four in Keene, three in Elizabethtown, two in Minerva, and one in North Hudson. In the latter town a lynx was also killed.

The civil courts of France have awarded ex-Colonel Picquart, who was so prominently identified with the Dreyfus case, 20,000 francs ($4000) damages against the Jour for publishing an article suggesting that he was guilty of treason.

Special Notice.

Age and Strength

Should be material factors in the choice of Whisky for medicinal purposes. Maturity is essential in a perfect whisky, strength is desirable to provide the necessary stimulant. It is a knowledge of this which leads physicians to prescribe Canadian Club and Imperial. The Government stamp shows the age. The neck label testifies to the strength.

Fur Selling.

Merit is the basis of success. Our great success in selling Furs of all kinds is well known to all. We give more value for less money than any other fur store in Canada. When you consider the high character of all our Furs, you will realize that when we say this is one of Canada's Greatest Fur Stores, we speak the truth. E. A. Ste. Marie's, corner Amherst and St. Catherine street.

ROSS MEMORIAL HOSPITAL OPENED

Montreal Financier's Fine Gift to Town of Sudbury, Ont.

DONOR RECEIVES AN ADDRESS

Mr. Ross in Reply Says Many Kind Things About His Old Home.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

LINDSAY, Ont., November 21.—A notable event in the history of Lindsay occurred yesterday, being the opening of the Ross Memorial Hospital, the gift to the Citizens of Lindsay and the County of Victoria of Mr. James Ross, of Montreal, formerly a citizen of the town. Mr. and Mrs. James Ross, accompanied by their son, Mr. J. Ross; Mrs. Peterson, of Montreal, Mr. Porteous and Mr. Wilmot Matthews arrived about noon in a private car, while a special carriage attached to the regular morning express brought a bevy of medical lights from Toronto. At 1.30 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Ross drove to the Hospital through the gaily decorated streets and up through a line of young cadets from the collegiate institute, who constituted a guard of honour for the occasion, to the doors of the beautifully designed and equipped hospital—which was designed by Mr

FIREMEN PETITION FOR MORE PAY

Brigade Desires as Good Treatment as Other Cities Accord.

AN ENORMOUS PETITION

Aldermen Hope That Increase Will be Voted and Fire Laddies are Satisfied.

A big deputation of firemen waited on the Fire Committee yesterday afternoon and presented a huge petition asking that firemen be given more pay. For months members of the Fire Department have been asking citizens to sign a petition praying that they be given more generous treatment in the matter of salaries. Names were willingly inscribed, with the result that over thirty thousand were obtained.

In presenting the petition yesterday afternoon ex-Ald. Reneault pointed out that next year the city would have more revenue than usual; this should make it easier for the City Council to comply with the prayers of the firemen. He said that as the city was paying some of its firemen $1.37 a day, and as corporation labourers were getting $1.50 a day it was shown the city had a keener appreciation of a labourer's services than a fireman's. He held this was most unjust.

PAY IN OTHER CITIES.

A tabulated statement accompanied the petition. It showed firemen were paid better in other cities than in Montreal. It was shown, for instance, that first class firemen in Toronto were paid $75 a year, while in Montreal they received only $600; and second class men were paid $577, against Montreal's $500. On the other hand, officers of the Montreal brigade were paid better than Toronto's, who got $800, as against Montreal's $1,000. The figures given for American cities were even much better than Toronto's.

Out of the crowd, a fireman in uniform stepped forward to say he thought the citizens were willing to contribute to the object wanted.

Chairman Robertson remarked that he doubted the remark, as only a year ago the citizens had a chance to raise a loan for the brigade, but were so indifferent that only two and three votes were polled in big wards.

Ald. Lamarche thought that as the city's revenues would be greater next year, something should be done to give more pay to the firemen. The present scale of salaries was much too low.

A petition from the men themselves was read by Fireman Carroll, who quoted figures to show what firemen were paid in the United States. The figures proved that American firemen were much better paid than were the firemen of this city. He showed that in Montreal a fireman had to be on duty twenty-four hours every day. It was seldom a fireman could spend an hour at his home. For services such as these proper compensation should be given.

Ald. Robertson said the petitions would be carefully considered. He hoped that when the estimates were voted in December it would be possible for the committee to vote more pay to the firemen. The deputation withdrew satisfied with the promise given.

Ald. Walsh drew attention to the fact that among five new firemen taken on the force only one had been English-speaking.

The chief of the department maintained that the English speaking percentage on the entire force was a fair one. The matter then dropped.

Ald. Nelson asked that plans be prepared at once for the new fire station which it was proposed to build in the business portion of the city. He pointed out to the committee promise after promise had been given that such station should be built. He was tired of the constant delays; if plans were got out it would be a step forward.

It was the opinion of Chief Benoit that the Finance Committee should be asked at once to vote cash for the new station.

The chairman said he would appear before the Finance Committee and see what he could do to raise funds. He agreed with the other members of the committee that a new fire station was sorely needed in the business district.

Called as Absentee Debtors.

Albert Dufour and Mathilde Nivet, his wife, both of Sault au Recollet, and doing business under the name and style of Dufour & Co., cattledealers, have been called in by the Court as absentee debtors, on order of Mr. Justice Doherty. A demand of assignment was made on them by Mr. J. O. Bourassa, banker, and the petition to call them in was made by Mr. C. A. Pariseault, another creditor, who has been made provisional guardian.

Freight for Temiskaming.

The Canadian Pacific Railway has issued the following circular to its freight agents, dealing with freight for Temiskaming and beyond:

"On account of the approaching close of navigation on Lake Temiskaming and the possibility that freight may be forwarded to Temiskaming destined for points beyond, which the boat lines operating from Temiskaming may be unable to handle this season, agents are now instructed that commencing at once, and until further notice, freight for Temiskaming, local delivery, or for Temiskaming, destined for points beyond, may only be accepted provided freight charges to Temiskaming are fully prepaid.

"In addition to prepayment of freight charges, shippers will be required to release this company from responsibility in case shipments, whether consigned to Temiskaming or destined for points beyond via Temiskaming, should arrive at Temiskaming too late for steamboat line to receive and forward. A clause must also be placed on bills of lading to the effect that shipments will be subject to shed or car storage charges if left in cars or held in warehouse of this company at Temiskaming beyond the usual free period, after arrival at that point."

HOLE IN SIDEWALK COSTS THE CITY ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.

The case of Mussen (Mrs. Norris) against the city for damages for a sprained ankle, caused by a fall on Prince Arthur street, which has been proceeding before Judge Fortin and a special jury, since Tuesday morning, was concluded Wednesday.

The plaintiff claimed that the fall was caused by a hole in the sidewalk in front of St. Martin's Church, where she was going to morning service, when the accident occurred on the 25th May last. The plaintiff was represented by E. B. Busteed, K.C., and Campbell Lane, and the city by L. J. Archambault, K.C., and P. J. Coyle, K.C. The jury, after a short deliberation, found for the plaintiff in the full amount claimed, $1,000.

The jury was a mixed one, being composed equally of English and French-speaking jurors, necessitating addresses from counsel in both languages. In charging the jury, His Lordship remarked that he could not allow the occasion to pass without congratulating Mr. Campbell Lane, who addressed the jury in the French language, upon his efforts. His Lordship remarking that the spectacle of an English lawyer addressing a jury in French, was so rare an occurrence that it called for special mention, and he hoped it was the sign of a new order of things when English counsel would shake off their reserve and as occasion required, avail themselves of the opportunity of speaking French.

DIRTY STREETS MUST CONTINUE TILL SNOW COMES.

The continued mild weather is still giving trouble to the Road Department over the filthy condition of the streets. Citizens are making bitter complaints about them. The Corporation has no more cash on hand to spend on removing the mud.

The City Surveyor explained to-day that at the beginning of each year a certain sum was set aside for street cleaning. This amount was supposed to cover a number of weeks. At the end of the period snow and frost were expected to make any further street cleaning unnecessary. This year the weather had been fine so long that the street cleaning appropriation had been exhausted weeks ago. At the present time there was nothing to be done but to wait till the snow put in an appearance and covered over the mud till the spring.

REV. EDWARD DEVINE, MISSIONARY TO ALASKA, IS HEARD FROM

The first letter to be received in the city from Rev. Edward Devine, S.J., appointed missionary in the Nome district, Alaska, reached the superior of the order yesterday. It was written on October 17 and the Father states that he had just arrived at his destination and taken up his work on the missions. Nome, he said, had already grown to be a very active commercial centre and as the population was a permanent one there would be a large field for work in the ministry. At the date of writing, October 17, inland navigation was practically closed, the average temperature being slightly below zero. This will be the last letter that will be received from Father Devine till next summer.

WORK ON PEDESTAL OF BOURGET STATUE IS COMMENCED.

The work of placing the stone pedestal for the statue of the late Bishop Bourget was started yesterday in front of St. James Cathedral. The position finally decided upon is the centre of the plot nearest Cathedral street. It is expected that the work will be completed before the return of His Grace Archbishop Bruchesi from Rome.

FIRE ESCAPES ARE BEING PROVIDED.

Mr. Chausse, building inspector, is hard at work sending out orders to certain hotels and convents to erect fire escapes. He is surprised at the number of public places that are not properly equipped in the event of fire breaking out. He is glad to say that the managers of large institutes were generally quite willing to do what they could to equip buildings with modern fire escapes.

NEW APOSTOLIC DELEGATE.

Career of Mgr. Sbarretti Who Succeeds Mgr. Falconio.

Mgr. Donato Sbarretti, the new Apostolic delegate to Canada, was born in Montefranche, near Rome, in 1856. He is of a distinguished Roman family, and a connection of the famous Cardinal of the same name, who was a fellow-student and comrade of Pope Leo XIII. He received both the doctorate of theology and of law, his legal studies embracing canon and Roman law. Before entering the diplomatic service of the church he was professor of moral philosophy in the College of the Propaganda. He went to the United States in 1893 as auditor of the Apostolic delegation under Cardinal Satolli. He arrived at this position from the petty office of clerk for Chinese affairs. He had been the propaganda clerk of American affairs, and was the agent and friend of Archbishop Corrigan.

After going to the United States, he made an exhaustive study of the American constitution and the manner of procedure in American courts.

Late in 1899 he was appointed bishop of Havana, his extensive knowledge of canon law having commended him to the Pope for that position. On the 4th of February, 1900, he was invested with mitre, gloves, staff, ring and seal of office. The consecration ceremonies took place at St. Aloysius Church, Washington, in the presence of a congregation which filled the auditorium and galleries, and included many representatives of diplomatic, official and social life. The consecrator was Mgr. Sebastian Martinelli, Papal delegate to the United States. Three weeks later he went to Cuba and entered upon the duties of his office.

Mgr. Sbarretti is one of the most famous linguists among the clergy of his church. He reads Hebrew, Arabic, Persian, Greek and Latin, and speaks English, Spanish, Italian, French, German, Russian and Japanese.

St. Paul Loses Appeal.

The village of St. Paul lost the appeals which it took against the judgments granting $125 each to Messrs. Therrien and Bergevin. The former was a councillor and ordered a manhole opened by the other party who was a corporation employe. The opening of such manholes was forbidden by a by-law of the municipality, and the Council instituted criminal proceedings against the two. These were afterwards withdrawn, but the two men took action and recovered damages for false arrest. This is the judgment which was to-day confirmed, Chief Justice Sir Alexandre Lacoste and Mr. Justice Bosse dissenting.

WOMAN'S WEIGH

Does not always keep pace with woman's will. There are energetic, home-loving women who by sheer force of will keep themselves going, and fancy that strength of will can take the place of strength of body. But it can't. Every day will see a loss of strength, and that loss will be indicated by a loss of weight. When the weight begins to fall below the normal it is time to ask, Why?



In general, ill health in women may be traced to those womanly diseases which sap the strength and undermine the vitality. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription dries enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. Where the disease is marked by loss of flesh, there is a steady regaining of weight coincident with the cure which proves the renewal of health to be thorough and permanent.

"Three years ago," writes Mrs. John Graham, of 2018 Plumb Street (Frankford), Philadelphia, Penna., "I had a very bad attack of dropsy which left me with heart trouble, and also a very weak back. At times I was so bad that I did not know what to do with myself. I came to Philadelphia two years ago, and picking up one of your little books one day began to read what your 'Favorite Prescription' had done for others. I determined to try it myself. I took seven bottles, and to-day I am a strong, well woman, weighing 162 pounds. Have gained 70 pounds since I started to use your 'Favorite Prescription.'"

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the bowels and stimulate the sluggish liver.

What made your linens coarse? Common soap! Sunlight Soap saves linen.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Bar 277

CHEAP SALE WALL PAPER

Lightly Damaged,

—AT—

1c, 1½c, 2c, 3c, and 4c.

ASSORTED GILTS at 5c.

—AT—

E. A. MARTINEAU, 1899 Notre Dame Street 274 2od



CHAPTER XVII.

SOME PASSAGES AT ARMS.

There comes a moment to every man, who faces an imminent danger, when the mental vision expands and he sees beyond. By this transient gift of prescience he knows what the end will be, whether he is to live or die. As Maurice looked into the merciless eyes of his enemy, a dim knowledge came to him that this was to be an event and not a catastrophe, a fragment of a picture yet to be fully drawn. His confidence and courage returned. He thanked God, however, that the light above equalized their positions, and that the shadows were behind them.

The swords came together with a click light but ominous. Immediately Beauvais stepped back, suddenly threw forward his body, and delivered three rapid thrusts. Maurice met them firmly, giving none.

"Ah!" cried Beauvais; "that is good. You know a little. There will be sport, besides."

Maurice shut his lips the tighter, and, worked purely on the defensive. His fencing master had taught him two things, silence and watchfulness. While Beauvais made use of his forearm, Maurice as yet depended solely on his wrist. Once they came together, guard to guard, neither daring to break away until by mutual agreement, spoken only by the eyes, both leaped backward out of reach. There was no sound save the quick light stamp of feet and the angry murmur of steel scraping against steel. Sometimes they moved circlewise, with free blades, waiting and watching. Up to now Beauvais's play had been by the book, so to speak, and he began to see that his opponent was well read.

"Which side is the pretty rose?" seeking to distract Maurice. "Tell me, and I will pin it to you."

Not a muscle moved in Maurice's face.

"It is too bad," went on Beauvais, "that her Highness finds a lover only to lose him. You fool! I read your eyes when you picked up that rose. Princesses are not for such as you. I will find her a lover; it will be neither you nor Prince Frederick—ah! you caught that nicely. But you depend too much on the wrist. Presently it will tire; and then—pouf!"

Now and then a flash, darting from the grate, sparkled on the polished steel, and from the steel it shot into the watchful eyes. A quarter of an hour passed; still Maurice remained on the defensive. At first Beauvais misunderstood the reason, and thought Maurice did not dare run the risk of passing from defensive to offensive. But by and by the fifth of impatience crept into his veins. He could not penetrate above or below that defense. The man before him was of marble, with a wrist of iron; he neither smiled nor spoke, there was no sign of life at all, except in the agile legs, the wrist, and eyes. The Colonel decided to change his tactics.

"When I have killed you," he said, "I shall search your pockets, for I know that you lie when you say that you have not those certificates. Madame was a fool to send you. No man lives who may be trusted. And what is your game? Save the Osinas? Small good it will do you. Her Highness will wed Prince Frederick—mayhap—and all you will get is cold thanks. And in such an event, have you reckoned on Madame the Duchess? War! And who will win? Madame; for she has not only her own army, but mine. Come, come! Speak, for when you leave this room your voice will be silent. Make use of the gift, since it is about to leave you."

The reply was a sudden straightening of the arm. The blade slipped in between the Colonel's forearm and body, and was out again before the soldier fully comprehended what had happened. Maurice permitted a cold smile to soften the rigidity of his face. Beauvais saw the smile, and read it. The thrust had been rendered harmless intentionally. An inch nearer, and he had been a dead man. To accomplish such a delicate piece of sword play required nothing short of mastery. Beauvais experienced a disagreeable chill, which was not unmixed with chagrin. The boy had held his life in his hand, and had spared it. He set his teeth, and let loose with a fury before which nothing could stand; and Maurice was forced back step by step until he was almost up with the wall.

"You fool!" the Colonel snarled, "you'll never get that chance again."

For the next few minutes it took all the splendid defense Maurice possessed to keep the spark in his body. The Colonel's sword was no longer a sword, it was a flame, which circled, darted, hissed and writhed. Twice Maurice felt the bite of it, once in the arm and again in the thigh. These were not deep, but they told him that the end was but a short way off. He had no match for this brilliant assault. Something must be done, and that at once. He did not desire the Colonel's death, and the possibility of accomplishing this was now extremely doubtful. But he wanted to live. Life was just beginning—the rough road had been left behind. He was choosing between his life and the Colonel's. Beauvais, after the fashion of the old masters, was playing for the throat. This upward thrusting, when continuous, is difficult to meet, and Maurice saw that sooner or later the blade would reach home. If not sudden death, it meant speechlessness, and death as a finality. Then the voice of his guardian angel spoke.

"I do not wish your life," he said, breaking the silence, "but at the same time I wish to live—Ah!" Maurice leaped back just in time. As it was, the point of his enemy's blade scratched his chin.

They broke and circled. The Colonel feinted, Maurice, with his elbow against his side and his forearm extended, waited. Again the Colonel lunged for the throat. This time, instead of meeting it in tierce, Maurice threw his whole force forward in such a manner as to bring the steel guard of his rapier full on the Colonel's point. There was a ringing sound of snapping steel, and the Colonel stood with nothing but a stump in his grasp.

"There you are," said Maurice, a heat-flash passing over him. Had he swerved a hair's breadth from the line, time would have tacked finis to the tale. "Now, I am perfectly willing to talk," putting his point to the Colonel's breast. "It would inconvenience me to kill you, but do not count too much on that."

"Sapristi!" cried the Colonel, giving way, his face yellow with rage, chagrin and fear. "Kill me, for I swear to God that one or the other, of us must die!"

"Go on, chevalier d'industrie; go on, go on. But live, live, live! That will be the keenest punishment. Live! O, my brave killer of boys, you thought to play with me as a cat with a mouse, eh? Eh, Captain Urquijo-Beauvais-and-What-is-your-name?" He pressed the point here, there, everywhere. "You were too confident. Pardon me if I appear to brag, but I have taken lessons of the best fencing masters in Europe, and three times, while you devoted your talents to monologues, I could have pinned you like one of those butterflies on the wall there. Have you ever heard of the sword of Damocles? Well, well; it hangs over many a head to-day. I will be yours. I give you forty-eight hours to arrange your personal affairs. If after that time you are still in this part of the country, I shall inform the proper authorities in Vienna. The republic has representation there. Of a noble Austrian house, on the eve of recall? I think not."

Beauvais made a desperate attempt to clutch the blade in his hands.

"No, no!" laughed Maurice, making rapid prods which caused Beauvais to wince. "Now, back; farther, farther. I do not like the idea of having my back to the door."

Beauvais suddenly wheeled and dashed for the mantel. But as he endeavoured to lay hand on the revolver, Maurice brought down the blade on the Colonel's knuckles, leaving a livid welt. Maurice took possession of the weapon, while a grimace of agony shot over the Colonel's face. Seeing that the chambers were loaded, Maurice threw down the sword.

"Well, well!" he said, cocking the weapon. "And I saw it when I entered the room. It would have saved a good deal of trouble." Beauvais grew white. "O," Maurice continued, "I am not going to shoot you. I wish merely to call your valet." He aimed at the grate and pressed the trigger, and the report, vibrating within the four walls, was deafening.

A moment passed, and the valet, with bulging eyes and blanched face, peered in. Seeing how matters stood, he made as though to retreat.

Maurice levelled the smoking revolver. "Come in, Francois; your master will have need of you."

Francois complied, vertigo in his limbs.

"Your master tried to murder me," said Maurice. Francois had heard voices like this before, and it conveyed to him that a fine quality of anger lay close to the surface. "Take down yonder window curtain cord." Francois did so. "Now bind your master's hands with it."

"Francois," cried the Colonel, "if you so much as lay a finger on me, I'll kill you."

"Francois, I will kill you if you don't," said Maurice.

"Mon Dieu!" wailed the valet, at loss which to obey when to obey either meant death. His teeth chattered.

"You may have all the time you want, Francois, to wring your hands when I am gone. Come; to work. Colonel, submit. I'm in a hurry and have no time to spare. While I do not desire to kill you, self-preservation will force me to put a bullet into your hide, which will make you an inmate of the city hospital. Bind his hands behind his back, and no more nonsense."

"Monsieur," appealingly to Beauvais, I am forced. He will kill me!"

"So will I," grimly; "by Heaven, I will!" Beauvais had a plan. If he could keep Maurice long enough, help might arrive. And he had an excellent story to tell. Still Francois doddered. With his eye on the Colonel and the revolver sighted, Maurice picked up the sword. He gave Francois a vigorous prod. Francois needed no further inducement. He started forward with alacrity. In the wink of an eye he threw the cord around Beauvais's arms and pinned them to his sides.

Beauvais swore, but the valet was strong in his fright. He struggled and wound and knotted and tied, murmuring his pitiful "Mon Dieu!" the while, till the Colonel was the central figure of a Gordian knot.

"That will do," said Maurice. "Now, Francois, good and faithful servant, take your master over to the lounge and sit down beside him until I get into my clothes. Yes; that's it." He shoved his collar and tie into a pocket, slipped on his vest and coat, put on his hat and slung his topcoat over his arm. During these manoeuvres the revolver remained conspicuously in sight. "Now, Francois, lead the way to the street door. By the time you return to your illustrious master, who is to be prince or duke of something or other, pursuit will be out of the question. Now, as for you," turning to Beauvais, "the forty-eight hours hold good. During that time I shall go armed. Forty-eight hours from now I shall inform the authorities at the nearest consulate. If they catch you, that's your affair. Off we go, Francois."

"By Heaven!—" began Beauvais, struggling to his feet.

"Come so far as this door," warned Maurice, "and, bound or not, I'll knock you down. Hang you! Do you think my temper will improve in your immediate vicinity? Do you think for a moment that I do not lust for your blood as heartily as you lust for mine? Go to the devil your own way; you'll go fast enough!" He caught Francois by the shoulders and pushed him into the hall, followed, and closed the door. Francois had been graduated from the stables, therefore his courage never rose to sublime heights. All the way down the stairs, he lamented, and each time he turned his head and saw the glitter of the revolver barrel he choked with terror.

"If you do not kill me, Monsieur, he will, I know he will! Mon Dieu, how did it happen? He will kill me!" and the voice sank into a muffled sob.

Despite the gravity of the situation, Maurice could not repress his laughter. "He will not harm you; he threatened you merely to delay me; he stepped out into the rressing air. "By the way, tell your master not to give to the trouble of having me arrested, for the first thing in the morning I shall place a sealed packet in the hands of the British minister, to be opened if I do not call for it within twenty-four hours. And say to your master that I shall keep the rose."

"Mon Dieu! A woman! I might have known!" ejaculated Francois, as the door banged in his face.

Maurice, on reaching the pavement, took to his legs, for he saw three men rapidly approaching. Perhaps they had heard the pistol shot. He concluded not to wait to learn. He continued his rush till he gained his room. It was two o'clock. He had been in the Colonel's room nearly three hours. It seemed only so many minutes. He hunted for his brandy, found it and swallowed several mouthfuls. Then he dropped into a chair from sheer exhaustion. Reaction laid hold of him. His hands shook, his legs trembled, and perspiration rolled down his cheeks.

"By George!" This exclamation stood alone, but it was an Odyssey. He remained stupefied, staring at his shoes, over which his stockings had fallen. His shirt buttons were gone, and the bosom was guiltless of its former immaculateness. After a time he became conscious of a burning pain in the elbow of his right arm. He glanced down at his hand, to find it covered with drying blood. He jumped up and cast about his clothes. One leg of his trousers was soaked, and the dull ache in his thigh told the cause. He salved the wounds and bound them in strips of handkerchiefs, which he held in place by using some of the cast-off cravats.

"That was about as close to death as a man can get and pull out. I feel as if I had swallowed that cursed blade of his. I am an ass, sure enough. I've always a bad cold when there's a rat about; can't smell him. And the rascal remembered me! Will he stay in spite of my threat? I'll hang on here till to-morrow. If he stays—I won't. He has the devil's own of a sword. Hang it, my nerves are all gone to smash."

Soon some gentler thought took hold, and he smiled tenderly. He brought forth the rose, turned it this way and that, studied it, stroked it, held it to his lips as a lover holds the hand of the woman he loves. Her rose; somehow his heart told him that she had laughed because Beauvais had stooped in vain.

"Ah, Maurice," he said, "you are growing over fond. But why not? Who will know? To have loved is something."

He crept into bed, but sleep refused him its offices, and he tossed about in troubled dreams. He fought all kinds of duels with all sorts of weapons. He was killed a half dozen times, but the archbishop always gave him something which rekindled the vital spark. A thousand Beauvaises raged at him. A thousand princesses were ever in the background, waiting to be saved. He swore to kill these Beauvaises, and after many fruitless endeavours, he succeeded in smothering them in their gray pelisses. Then he awoke, as dreamers always wake when they pass some great dream-crisis, and found himself in a deadly struggle with a pillow and a bedpost. He laughed and sprang out of bed.

"It's no use, I can't sleep. I am an old woman."

So he lit his pipe and sat dreaming with his eyes open, smoking and smoking, until the sickly palour of dawn appeared in the sky, and he knew that day had come.

(To be Continued.)

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SHERIFF'S SALES.

MONTREAL. — F. F. — No. 3023. — Dame Frances Sarah Leeming and Henry Birks, es quals vs. Charles Cushing, curator.

Lot No. three hundred and forty-eight Plessis street, St. Mary's Ward, Montreal; with buildings.

To be sold at Sheriff's Office, Montreal, December eighteenth next, at ten o'clock a.m.

QUEBEC. — F. F. —No. 7809.—Maurice Gabias vs. J. O. Caron.

Lot No. eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, Jacques Cartier Ward, City of Quebec; on the corner of St. Dominique and St. Valier sts.; with buildings, circumstances and dependencies.

To be sold at Sheriff's Office, Quebec, nineteenth December next, at ten o'clock a.m.

RIMOUSKI. — F. F. — No. 2777. — Dame Hortense Hudon dit Beaulieu vs. Damase Lapointe.

Lots Nos. one hundred and forty-six and one hundred and forty-seven parish of St. Simon; with buildings, circumstances and dependencies.

To be sold at the door of the parish church of St Simon, sixteenth December next, at ten o'clock a.m.

MALBAIE. — C. W. — No. 1362. — Henri Simard, curator to Estate William Bergeron, and of Theodule Bouchard, insolvents; and Thomas Louis Bergeron, petitioner.

Half of lot No. one hundred and eighty-three, parish of la Petite Riviere St. Francois Xavier; with half of sawmill, accessories and dependencies.

Lot No. one hundred and eighty-four, same cadastre; with grist mill, accessories and dependencies.

To be sold at the door of the parish church of La Petite Riviere Saint Francois Xavier, sixteenth December next, at ten o'clock a.m.

ST. FRANCIS. — F. F. — No. 564. — George W. Adams vs. Eli Laxon et al.

1 Part of lot No. eleven, fifth range township of Shipton, county of Richmond, with buildings and improvements.

2 Part of lot No. twelve, fifth range, township of Shipton, county of Richmond; with appurtenances.

To be sold at the door of the parish church of Ste Anne de Danville, village of Danville, twenty-fifth November instant, at one o'clock p.m. 275 2

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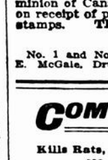
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Circulation of the Star

WEEK ENDING NOV. 15TH, 1902.

MONDAY	54,079
TUESDAY	54,076
WEDNESDAY	54,071
THURSDAY	54,027
FRIDAY	54,086
SATURDAY	60,229
TOTAL	330,568
Daily Average	55,094
Weekly Star Last Week	121,893

CIRCULATION OF THE STAR DAILY AND WEEKLY LAST WEEK. **452,461**

From the above figures are excluded several thousand subscriptions regarded as more or less ephemeral.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1902.

THE TAXPAYERS HAVE THE FLOOR.

The question of free education is now "up to" the people.

Reforms of this sort do not move by self-produced momentum. They necessitate the spending of money, and the politician, who always keeps a wary eye on the silent taxpayer, does not like to propose a large expenditure unless he is thoroughly convinced that the taxpayer favours it.

All that is usually necessary for the taxpayer to do in order to kill a movement like that of free education, is to keep quiet. No politician sees much in it for himself, so he leaves the initiative to the people. If the people say nothing, he will do nothing.

But can the people of Montreal afford to have this scheme killed by their own inaction? All the rest of the world is going ahead in educational matters. The importance of training the young is realized by every progressive people on the face of the globe.

Can Montreal remain an exception? Will it pay us to let a generation grow up here who will be inferior in education—on the average—to their competitors in Ontario, in the Maritime Provinces, in the United States, and in parts of Europe? Assuredly, our province will then fall behind, industrially and commercially as well as mentally. Montreal will become the Rip Van Winkle town of this continent.

Talked to individually, our people do not want this to happen. They are in favour of free education—as a rule. They want to keep in the modern procession. They would follow any leaders who proposed it, but they may let it fail for want of agitation.

This is why it is now "up to" them. The politicians are waiting to hear from the taxpayers. And they should hear from them, promptly and emphatically, by speech and by letter, until they are persuaded that Montreal means to keep abreast with the advance of civilization and material progress.

We do not want to train up citizens who will be "hewers of wood and drawers of water" for the rest of the country. We do not want the coming Montrealers to be handicapped by ignorance. We do not want to save a few pennies at the expense of the whole future of the city.

INTELLECTUAL SALOONS.

It is to the pen of the "Bystander" of the Weekly Sun that we are indebted for this expression, which he applies to "the circulating libraries to which readers flock for novels." The points of resemblance between the intellectual saloon and the other kind of saloon are not difficult to discover. The great feature which they have in common is that they both provide stimulants. A man needs, or thinks he needs, something to pull up his physical condition, and make him feel a little "good"; and he drops into a place where liquid refreshments are sold, as a rule in company with someone else who happens to feel the same way at the same moment, or at least who "doesn't care if he does." Far be it from us to defend the practice which is not advocated, so far as we know, in any reputable system of moral philosophy; we merely describe it out of that fulness of knowledge which the public insist that newspaper men must possess. Well, just as certain masculine creatures snatch these momentary uplifts, so certain feminine ones repair to the circulating library to get something where-with to stay the gnawings of mental vacuity. It cannot be said that they are in search of information, or of any addition to their stock of ideas. They simply want something that will keep their minds occupied without any effort on their own part. The book they ask for is designed to serve a purpose exactly analogous to that served by the various popular drinks which are shoved along the counter of the saloon. It might with some plausibility be contended that the intellectual saloon dispensed on the whole the more hurtful kind of drams. The "Bystander" says: "Novel writing is an industry pursued by a multitude of people who have not a particle of genius for the delineation of life and character, but go about hunting up materials for sensation. * * * All this rubbish finds readers. It is impossible that such mental dissipation should not have its effect on mental health." That effect the writer thinks can be traced in "loss of hold on the realities of life, confusion of the moral standard, distaste for unromantic duties."

There can be little doubt that the "Bystander" is right in his arraignment; and yet if results like those he mentions follow, how much more serious the matter is than we generally allow ourselves to suppose. Here is a matter in which excess does not show itself in the obvious, unmistakable manner in which excess in drinking does. The results in the latter case are specific; and there is no question in any one's mind as to the cause to which they are to be attributed. But if a woman's ideas are topsy turvy, her perceptions of duty exceedingly faint and confused, her power of sustained attention almost nil, her friends may perceive and regret the fact, but how many will throw the blame distinctly on her addiction to the "intellectual saloon?"

And yet, from girlhood up to and far into womanhood, that person may have been feeding herself upon an endless succession of romances, the whole tendency of which has been to divorce her from real life. They have taught her nothing, except that real life, apart from gossip, is a very dull thing, which, of course, is the falsest lesson that could be taught. A visitor to a well-known circulating library in this city made a point of taking note of the returned books for several days in succession. As a rule they were all novels. Sometimes out of from twenty to thirty books that would be on the counter at the same time there would be one or two that were not novels; but more frequently all would be novels—in other words, time-killers and thought-killers. In saying this we by no means wish to be understood as condemning an important branch of literature, one in which the very highest intellectual effects may be accomplished. We condemn simply the resort to works of fiction, with little or no regard to their quality, simply as a means of escaping from intellectual vacuity. Nobody has any business, however, to be intellectually vacuous. There are duties in life which, if entered on in a right spirit, will call many interests into play. It is not those whose daily work is most monotonous who have most recourse to novels as a means of overcoming ennui. It is those who have many and various duties, but who neglect them.

The term "intellectual saloons" will seem a harsh one, as applied to libraries where a variety of books in many different branches of literature and science may be obtained; and, strictly speaking, the term is not at all applicable to these institutions considered in their essential character. It is only the idle and aimless readers who converts them, so far as he or she is concerned, into "intellectual saloons." They offer a variety of healthful mental food, but readers of this class seize exclusively on such as suits their feeble powers of attention and apprehension; and what they thus feed upon renders their intellectual condition worse, year by year. The "Bystander" is to be thanked for teaching us that word; but let it always be remembered it is the reader who makes the saloon.

THIRD PARTIES.

With the meeting of the new Congress, the Populist party will have practically disappeared. The "Patrons" — its understudy in this country—died out long ago.

The lesson in this to men of "light and leading," who are impatient with the slowness of the two old parties, lies on the surface. Two of the most promising efforts to found third parties which this continent has ever seen have ended in complete failure.

From the first neither of these third parties was able to stand alone. Both leaned upon one of the old parties, and only sought to detach voters from the opposing party to turn them over—in effect—to its friend. Now both have disappeared into the ranks of the parties they worked with, and in both cases their principles have dropped as completely out of sight.

Meantime such independent political movements as that for civil service reform in the United States, which remained within the lines of the old parties and sought to work through them, have prevailed.

The duality of the party system is a fixed part of its constitution. A third party merely serves to derange the system. Reformers always do more when they work within the parties and strive to capture or coerce the managers of one or other. The best independent is not the man who divorces himself from the party system, but the one who uses it with the compelling hand of him who has no selfish purposes to serve.

When Mr. Prefontaine spoke to the electors of Maisonneuve, in 1900, it was as a private citizen nominated for a seat as a private member of the House of Commons. When Hon. Mr. Prefontaine speaks to the electors of Maisonneuve, in 1902, it will be as a Cabinet Minister. The electors will expect him to tell them authoritatively what the policy of the Cabinet is on the question of protection. It is no use telling the voters what Hon. Mr. Prefontaine's private views are. Mr. Tarte did this, and not being able to get the Cabinet to back him up resigned. What is wanted is a straightforward statement as to what the Government is going to do. It is not every day a Cabinet Minister comes before the people for re-election. When he does appear the people look for a declaration of policy specific, definite and authoritative.

The ashes of Columbus have been deposited in a special mausoleum in the Cathedral at Seville, Spain. And this at a time when Spain is just becoming reconciled to the fact that her once vast American Empire has turned to ashes in her hands. No nation since the world began had so splendid an opportunity to hold for herself a vast domain. Spain discovered a new hemisphere; and soon all that she cared for was her's. A dozen Indias would not equal it. The Spanish race colonised it from California to Patagonia. The ocean became a ferry for her treasure ships. And now practically all that she has left of it is a handful of ashes which were once the Italian navigator who discovered this new world for her. In four hundred years a hemisphere has shrunk into a burial urn.

Owing to the scarcity of farm labourers in Ontario the Government of that province is about to co-operate with the Ottawa Government, through Dominion Immigration officials in England, for the purpose of inducing young Englishmen to come out here. If we cannot get Canadians, by all means let us have Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen. But the United States cities and populous places contain great numbers of Canadians who would be glad to return to their native country if shown fair chances of employment. One of the most piteous experiences of a Canadian of any prominence, resident in the States, is to be frequently approached by industrious fellow countrymen, very often from the Maritime Provinces, who have been victims of the delusion that working people are better off in the States than in Canada. They want to get back, but they have some sort of job where they are. This holds them for lack of something better distinctly offered or open. They cannot afford to pay fares and lose time by going to Canada to look for a job. They know they are not as well off, relatively to other classes, as they were in Canada, or might have been had they not emigrated when in a state of delusion. They are exiles, and this they often sorely feel. Instead of turning public money and public servants to the business of bringing men across seas to crowd more Canadians out of jobs, the Governments would do well to set about a well planned scheme for repatriating the exiled Canadians.

FACTS AND FIGURES.

Dusseldorf Exhibition has made a net profit of $250,000.

Clocks are carried in all the electric tramway cars at Bournemouth, England.

Two wheeled vehicles resembling hansom cabs are to be introduced in Berlin.

Khaki uniforms are now worn by all the foreign troops in China except the Russians.

Complaint is made that out of 51,000 street lamps in Paris, only 39,000 are lighted at night.

Ptomaine poisoning, the result of eating a damaged apple, has caused the death of a Dublin schoolboy.

Three acres have been set aside in the Phoenix Park, Dublin, for the national Irish game of hurling.

Passengers will be able shortly to travel from Paris to Pekin in fourteen days by the Trans-Siberian Railway.

Several agents have been sent to South Africa by the Hungarian Government to study the commercial situation.

Nearly six hundred missionaries of the British and Foreign Bible Society are at work in Australia and New Zealand.

The highest of all navigable rivers is the Tsangpo, which flows for nearly 1,000 miles at an elevation of from 11,000 to 14,000 feet.

Volcanic ashes mixed with cement have been used successfully in the construction of a breakwater in Otaru Harbour, Japan.

The largest wooden statue in the world is to be seen in Tokio, Japan. It is forty-four feet high, and the head will hold twenty people.

Three hundred and sixty pickpockets are known to the Japanese police at Tokio. Two hundred of the thieves do their pilfering in trains.

Royal permission has been given to call the new chair of music at the University of London "The King Edward Professorship of Music."

France seems to be the centre of the pictorial postal card fad. It is estimated that 88,000,000 are handled by the Postal Service of that country annually.

Turkish women do not come into control of their private fortunes until after marriage. After that they can dispose of one-third of it without the husband's consent.

New York has 1723 fewer stables and 8669 fewer horses than in December, 1896. The decrease is attributed to the disappearance of horse cars on surface lines.

It is a belief of fishermen that the finny denizens of the deep are hungriest and bite most freely during the four or five days following the moon's first quarter.

In Asia France has invested 1,121 millions of francs. The largest amount is in China, 851 millions of francs; then Asiatic Turkey, with 345 millions; Asiatic Russia, 90 millions; British Asia, 22 millions; and Siam, 10 millions.

Four boys threw fire crackers into a tank, recently, containing 3,000 gallons of methylated spirits at Marseilles. By the explosion which followed two of the boys were killed and the others terribly injured.

A DAILY HINT FROM PARIS.



Fancy velveteen gown with double skirt and waist in jacket effect. The facing on collar is of white cloth. Fancy gilt buttons.

THIS DATE 30 YEARS AGO.

(From the Star fyles for November, 1872.)

Sir Francis Hincks returns to Ottawa.

Mr. Henry Nathan, M.P. for Victoria, B.C., visits Ottawa.

Blind Tom performs in Toronto.

Spanish King improves in health.

Water on Lake St. Peter flats at a depth of 12 feet.

Payment of third milliard war indemnity by France to Germany completed.

Field Marshal Sir William Maynard installed as constable of the Tower of London.

Customs Department seizes vessels on Nova Scotia coast for violating revenue laws.

Death of Rev. Charles P. Bliss, M.A., private secretary to the Minister of Customs.

London, Eng., Council votes resolutions laudatory to the services of Henry M. Stanley.

Messrs. McGibbon, Ogilvie and Stewart, a committee from St. Andrew's Society, waited upon the Governor-General with an invitation to the society's annual ball. Lord Dufferin was unable to attend.

Department of Marine and Fisheries receive from the United States Government valuable gold watches for presentation on account of bravery at sea to Captain Geo. H. Morris, of the barque Oder, Pictou, N. S., and Captain Rich, also of Nova Scotia.

PROMINENT CANADIANS WHO HAVE PASSED AWAY.

On November 21st, 1887, the Montreal Star reported a lecture upon the educational systems of Quebec, by Sir William Dawson (who has since died). He was of Scotch descent.

TO-NIGHT'S APPOINTMENTS.

ACADEMY—"Sherlock Holmes."
PROCTOR'S — "Woman Against Woman."
FRANCAIS—"Kerry Gow."
ROYAL—Vaudeville and Burlesque.
NOUVEAUTES—"Antony."

THE PASSING HOUR.

It is touching to hear King Leopold of Belgium denounce the methods of anarchists because they do worse than attack "the heads of states"—they attack their wives. He could have provided another climax by pointing out that they are sometimes rude to the daughters of kings.

A lead trust has been formed. This cannot fail to be a heavy burden upon whomever it rests.

As the Council has not been able to decide upon one site for a contagious disease hospital, the scarlet fever germ has kindly decided to take the burden off its shoulders and will—if the disease spreads—provide a number of sites for private "hospitals" scattered generously about the city.

The blacklisting of football clubs will not be so novel. Most of them are blackeyed already.

"Personal encounters" form part of the election campaign in Dawson City. We have not regulated all the mining camp features out of the gold town.

President Roosevelt went hunting bears in Mississippi, but could not get a shot at one. He should have tried Wall street.

A second girl has gone to sleep in New York city and refuses to wake up. New York will soon wonder what distinguishes it from Philadelphia—or Toronto.

That British visitor who called Chicago "hades" on account of the condition of its streets must have an exceedingly poor opinion of "good intentions" as a paving material.

"Are the Canals of Mars a Delusion?" is the title of a book just published in London. If they are, the Dominion Government will want to put them into the Department of Marine and Fisheries with some other delusions.

"No! Maud, dear. Your rendering of "Le Ministre des Travaux Publics" as "The Minister who works the public," is not literally accurate, but your blunder is not altogether an unnatural one.

Some are wondering why Mrs. Molineux did not sue for a divorce before; but if the trial of her husband had gone differently, she would not have needed one.

BOOKWORM.



Visitor—"You say that a love of books brought you here? Poor man."

No. 13—"Yess'm; dey was pocket books."

"There goes De Speptic, the great financier. He looks so extraordinarily happy that I'll bet he's cornered some stock that will net him millions."

"My, he's far happier than that! His doctor has just informed him that he can eat the whole of one egg for breakfast tomorrow without hurting his stomach."

Mrs. Grady—"Mrs. Dolan likes her second husband betther than her first."

Mrs. Dooley—"An' phwy?"

Mrs. Grady—"Shure, he's in gaol so much she has nearly all she earns fer herself."

Chimmy—"I told her I'd die if she refused me, an' showed her de dime I'd saved fer carbolic acid."

Johnny—"An' w'ot did she do?"

Chimmy (groaning)—"Do? She jollied me along till I'd blowed de dime on soda water an' den refused me."

Mrs. John—"I can't see any sense in the way that young couple across the hall quarrel."

Mr. John—"Give them time, my dear—they will do it better when they have been married longer."

German Instructor (to usually late student)—I see you are early of late; you used to be behind before, and now you are first at last."

She had been shopping, and he was naturally disturbed. "I hope you didn't spend much money while you were down town to-day," he remarked.

"Not a cent except car fare, George," she answered reassuringly. "I had everything charged."

"She's made a fool of that young fellow."

"Well, she didn't have to economize on the raw material."

"Why so dismal?"

"I am afraid our wedding trip will take all the cash I have saved up."

"What of it? A wedding trip only happens once in two or three years."

Ella—"Do you think your marriage with Miss Lotta Coyne, the heiress, will have a pleasant outcome?"

Edward—"I can't say—but the thing that attracts me is the income."

Pa—"Why do they call it 'fugitive verse?'"

"Oh, I guess because the people who write it are fugitives from justice the rest of their lives."

This was among the questions submitted by the examiner:

"What is a mirage?"

And this was the answer given by the applicant for a position:

"A mirage is the act of getting stuck in the mud."

"Now, Johnny," said the Sunday school teacher, "can you tell me who carried off the gates of Gaza?"

"No, ma'am," replied Johnny promptly, "I wasn't out with the boys this Hallowe'en, and so I didn't have anything to do with it."

"He crossed the Atlantic twinty-siven times, an' niver got drowned but wanst."

"Indade. An' which wan of his trips was it he was drowned on?"

"Ol'm not sure, but I think it was the twinty-siventh."

"He was lucky. Mannay a man would have wint to the bottom on his first v'yage instead of waiting 'til the last."

"Right ye are. More people are drowned by water than by railroad wrecks."

"It's a fatal death, begorrah."

NATURAL MILK PUNCH.

Frost-bitten apples ferment — hence frost bitten apples are intoxicating. In the New York fruit belt many ungathered apples were caught by the frost, and the cows that are pastured in those orchards present a sorry spectacle. They run races, fight, sleep and use language which, happily, cannot be interpreted. But, instead of milk, they still patis with excellent milk punch, and their owners are tolerably well satisfied.—St. John Gazette.

Bashful Lover—"I leave to-morrow. How long shall you remain Miss Ethel?"

Up to date Girl—"Remain Miss Ethel? I leave that to you."

"Mercy sakes! Why have you bought all this crape and black silk?"

"Well, I had a chance to get it at a bargain, and my husband is working on a flying machine, you know."

"Tommy, what do you expect to be when you become a man?"

"Well, if paw and maw have their way about it, I reckon I'll be the worst preacher that ever wore a kown."

Once upon a time a very nervous man called on his physician and asked him for medical advice.

"Take a tonic, and dismiss from your mind all that tends to worry you," said the doctor.

Several months afterward the patient received a bill from the physician asking him to remit $18, and answered it thus:

"Dear Doctor, I have taken a tonic and your advice. Your bill tends to worry me, and so I dismiss it from my mind."

Moral: Advice sometimes defeats its giver.

Free Pianola Recital.

To-morrow, Saturday afternoon at 4 we will present an attractive programme of music, demonstrating the beauty and performance of the Pianola and Orchestrelle. The latter instrument is practically a pipe organ in portable form. Anyone can play it. The same applies to the Pianola.

You are welcome to our recital. No admittance fee. Simply the presentation of your visiting card in return for a printed programme.

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PIANOS

BUT LAST A LIFETIME

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ENGLISH CONSERVATIVE VIEW OF THE RESULTS OF COLONIAL CONFERENCE.

(Morning Post, Conservative.)

The Empire of which so much has been talked seems, after all, to be only an aspiration, not a reality. The Blue Book issued as a summary of the proceedings of the Colonial Conference held in the summer shows that henceforth in using the words "the British Empire" we must be particularly careful not to put too definite an interpretation on the name. The "Empire" means the United Kingdom, together with India, the self-governing colonies, the Crown colonies. So long as it is used only to mean that aggregate of countries the word need mislead no one. It may even safely be used to cover a certain community of sentiment and tradition between the various countries which it includes in its area. But it can hardly be properly employed to imply anything that corresponds to the idea of a political organization, and the Blue Book shows how very far the "Empire" still is from receiving an organization for any great end. The conference did little more than mark time. A resolution was adopted that conferences should be held every three years. The problem of Imperial defence was shelved. On the subject of trade relations an academical resolution was passed. . . . .

The interest of the Blue Book lies in the light which it throws on the actual relations between Great Britain and her colonies, in the striking evidence which it furnishes of the state of mind of some of our public men, and in the remarkable discrepancy which it reveals between the ideas that inspire the Admiralty and those which prevail at the War Office.

Mr. Chamberlain in his opening address indulged in a picturesque metaphor. "The weary Titan staggers under the too vast orb of its fate. We have borne the burden for many years. We think it is time that our children should assist us to support it, and whenever you make the request to us be sure that we shall hasten gladly to call you to our councils." This is perhaps fine language, but it lacks the preciseness of business. The doctrine of the weary Titan recalls Mr. Gladstone's often repeated complaint that the "Empire" was too big and beyond the power of man to administer. That could hardly be Mr. Chamberlain's idea; he was probably thinking of the taxpayer of the United Kingdom, who pays 20s. 3d. a year per head of the population towards Navy and Army, while the most heavily weighted colonist pays no more than 3s. 5d. a year per head of the population for naval and military purposes. We are not convinced that the British taxpayer cannot support his burden, and doubt if he would be conscious of much relief if the colonists accepted a proportionate share of it. The British navy costs 15s. 1d. per head of the population of the United Kingdom. If this were spread over the white population of the Empire it would still be 12s. per head. Perhaps the weary Titan is the British Cabinet. But the Titanic energies are not absorbed in administering the great colonies, for they administer themselves and have no intention of allowing the Titan to meddle with their affairs. Only one clear, practical, and sensible idea was put before the conference. It was that of the Admiralty, that the task of the "Empire" in case of war would be "to find out where the ships of the enemy are, to concentrate the greatest possible force where those ships are, and to destroy those ships." From this the Admiralty infers that there should be one British navy under one control, and that to its maintenance all parts of the Empire should contribute in due proportion. This idea was admirably put both in the Admiralty memorandum and in Lord Selborne's speech to the Prime Ministers. But

IT FELL ON DEAF EARS.

Canada thought that for her to contribute to the British Navy would be derogatory to the principles of self-government. Australia and New Zealand simply offered to renew the arrangement by which they hire a fragment of the Navy to guard their particular corner of the ocean. The only colonies that accepted the Imperial idea were Cape Colony, and Natal, which undertook to pay the one £50,000 a year and the other £35,000 a year towards the Royal Navy. Thus the position is that the older and greater colonies see no reason why they should take their share in the common defence, the only common defence of the Empire being the Navy. In this vital matter they regard themselves as independent States. This is the kernel of the subject of what is called Imperial unity so far as organization is concerned. In the matter of the common defence there is no Imperial authority and no Imperial executive. There is the sentiment that these things might be desirable, but there is no more, unless the triennial conference may be looked on as the germ from which a central authority and a central executive may be developed. So far as to the development of Imperial unity towards organization. . . . We are unable to see the reasonableness of the British taxpayer who maintains the War Office and half a million men contributing towards the maintenance in peace of any contingents in the colonies. The term "Imperial Exchequer" for the Treasury of the United Kingdom is, as the proceedings of the conference show, most unfortunate. For the present in the matter of the defence of the King's dominions the practical course of the Government of the United Kingdom to pursue is to render efficient the administration of the Admiralty and the War Office, to remain a Navy equal to the utmost demands that a war can make, and to cultivate by every means in its power the rise and spread of true ideas on the subject of war, its nature and conduct. That can be done only by due attention to those higher branches of naval and military education which in other countries are under the fostering care of the great thinking departments of the central headquarters. The spread of sound ideas at home may in time lead to their passing by contagion to the colonies. Until that has taken place the United Kingdom will be obliged to protect the Empire, whether the other parts of the Empire assist during peace or not. In war the colonies will always do as much as their peace preparations admit of. But whatever their attitude Great Britain has no choice. Her own defence requires her Navy to command the seas, and if she relaxes her attention to her Navy it is at the peril of her existence, so long as she commands the sea the colonies are safe, at any rate against the assaults of European Powers.

Messrs. J. P. Peavy and U. Bordua, who for years successfully conducted the Exchange Hotel, Point St. Charles, have retired from that popular resort of cattlemen and railroaders. Mr. Peavy retires altogether from active business, and Mr. Bordua will conduct a restaurant in Notre Dame street. The new manager of the Exchange Hotel is Mr. E. C. Bannon. He was at one time associated with Mr. Peavy, and is therefore fully alive to the needs of the patrons of the house.

Rev. Fathers Farrell, McGinley, York and Flaherty, of the diocese of Brooklyn, N.Y., are the guests of Rev. Father McShane at St. Patrick's rectory.

Sir John Power & Sons "Three Swallows"

Irish Whisky is deliciously light, refreshing and invigorating. In great favor in London Clubs.

"Lifebuoy Soap—disinfectant—is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases.

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

FRANCAIS MATINEE Wednesday, Thursday, Saturday.

THIS WEEK the Eminent Irish Comedian JOSEPH MURPHY in **'Shaun Rhue'**

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Prices—10c, 20c, 30c, 35c & 50c

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MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

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And last but one week of F. F. Proctor's Big Stock Co. Lee & Kingston, Sketch Artists, and the Kalatechnoscope. Prices as usual.

Next Week—"London Assurance." 272s5

ACADEMY, ALL THIS WEEK MAT. SAT.

MR. HERBERT KELCEY and MISS EFFIE SHANNON

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SHERLOCK HOLMES.

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Seats—75c, 50c, 25c, 15c. Boxes $1.00. Matinee Saturday at 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c. 272s6

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U. S. Duty on Lumber.

(Philadelphia Ledger.)

We trust there is no foundation for the rumour that the United States Government has intentions, as the Canadian lumbermen fear, of raising the duty on Canadian sawed lumber from $2 to $4 per thousand feet. The news from Toronto intimates that this will be done as a measure of retaliation because the Ontario and Quebec Provincial Governments have placed an embargo on the exportation of wood pulp. This is a burden on this country and its industries. However, any effort to strike the Canadians by raising the duty on lumber might hurt them, but it would also injure the United States. In the first place, the $2 duty in the Dingley bill was a mistake, and should be removed. The embargo on pulp was another mistake, and the increase of the duty on lumber would be an outrage. We speak not for the Canadians, but for the domestic consumer. The wood pulp tax raises the price of paper, and is a direct burden on books and other educational agencies; the duty on lumber is a tax on building, on the home and on the vast industries into which lumber enters; it also hastens the denudation of our priceless forests, and all for the behoof of a few lumber interests at home!

Roman Catholics in Switzerland.

The expulsion of the contumacious Roman Catholic monastic orders from France has naturally been followed by their entrance into other countries, where they have hoped to find a more agreeable home. Among these countries is Switzerland. The orders which had established new houses there, however, have just met with a disagreeable surprise. The Swiss Government has ordered these establishments to be closed—an order which, of course, interferes in no degree with existing establishments. The Government is quite within its rights, but its action has excited adverse criticism throughout the Roman Catholic press, which points the finger of reproach at supposedly free Switzerland, and claims that greater religious liberty exists in England and America than there. The expelled congregations, or orders, have obtained a delay of fifty days, in order that they may put their affairs in order. This may seem but a short space of time to outsiders; but the founders of new conventual establishments must have been quite well aware of the famous Article 52 of the Swiss Constitution: "The foundation of new convents or religious orders, or the re-establishment of those which have been suppressed, is prohibited."

The corporation of St. Thomas, Montmagny, is about to construct a vast public hall for the town, and the fabrique of the same place has undertaken to build a new chapel in the cemetery.

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL Every Afternoon and Evening.

This Week, Nov. 17

The Knickerbocker Burlesquers

Replete with European Vaudeville and Burlesque Novelties. Prices 10c, 20c and 30c.

Next week—Queen of the Highway. 272s8

Grand Opera

At Sohmer Park, Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday

MIGNON

Last week but one of the season.

Admission 25c. Reserved Seats 50c.

All cars go to Sohmer Park. 272stf

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A new beginners' class now forming in DRUMMOND HALL, 81 Drummond St. Terms are reasonable. Send for circulars, or Tel. Up 1435. Assemblies Wednesday and Saturday.

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Classes and private lessons day and evening.

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Prof. Frank H. Norman,

Private lessons daily at any hour.

Adult classes 8 p.m. Juveniles 4.15 p.m.

First Social Assembly Monday, Nov. 24th at 8.30 p.m. Orchestra. Refreshments. Tel. Up 934. No assembly Saturday this week 274stf

DANCING

FRATERNITY HALL, 715 Wellington St.

Assemblies every Saturday. Spring floor. Good music. Latest dances. Admission, gentlemen, 25c. Ladies, 10c. Commencing at 8 o'clock p.m. 276s2



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that we are showing are the smartest clothes that can be produced. They are here ready-to-fit the minute you want them, or made to your measure.

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STEAMER BOSNIA LOST— 150 WERE DROWNED.

BUCHAREST, November 21.—The Universal states that the steamer Bosnia sank in a gale in the Black Sea. Her crew and passengers, numbering 150, were drowned.

Danish Steamer Foundered.

LONDON, November 21.—The Danish steamer Knud II, from Copenhagen, and the British steamer Swaledale, from Hamburg, collided last night at the mouth of the Tyne. The Knud II foundered immediately and the master and seven of her crew were drowned.

Ocean Steamers.

ARRIVED.

Sardinian, at New York from Glasgow, Nov. 20.
Graf, Waldersee, at New York from Hamburg, Nov. 20.
Kensington, at Antwerp from New York, Nov. 20.
La Lorraine, at Havre from New York, Nov. 20.
St. Louis, at Southampton from New York, Nov. 20.
Patricia, at Cherbourg from New York, Nov. 20.
Teutonic, at Liverpool from New York, Nov. 20
Ethiopia, at Moville from New York, Nov. 20
Loyalist, at Halifax from London, Nov. 21.

EVENTS OF INTEREST IN LABOUR WORLD

Witnesses Before Coal Commission Tell of Health of Miners

BOYCOTT AT SCHENECTADY

President Gompers, of Federation of Labour, Was Exonerated of Charges of Infidelity.

SCRANTON, Pa., November 21. — The economic and sociological features of the anthracite coal industry and the effect that employment in and about the mines has upon the health of the mine workers were the principal subjects brought before the arbitration commission yesterday by the attorneys of each side to the controversy.

The afternoon session was particularly interesting, because it brought out much expert testimony on the question of the health of mine workers. Three physicians, who have practiced in Scranton or Wilkesbarre, took the stand for the miners, and in substance testified that the occupation of a mine worker was "very unhealthful," and shortened his life. One physician, Dr. Frank P. Lennahan, of Wilkesbarre, who says he has had a long experience among mine workers, testified that fully 90 per cent. of the men who work in the mines are anaemic. Their health is impoverished, and their general condition is below par, thus decreasing their earning powers. The principal ills suffered by the miners, the physicians said, were the miners' asthma, rheumatism, lumbago, and sciatica. The miners' asthma, comes from coal dust, powder smoke and vitiated air.

Dr. John O'Malley, of Scranton, said that at post-mortems he had seen miners' lungs as black as anthracite coal, and Dr. Lennahan testified he had personal knowledge of a man coughing up coal dust nine years after he left the mines. He said he had information that a man had coughed up coal dust fifteen years after he had left the mines. It was also stated that 90 per cent. of miners who reach the age of 50 years are afflicted with some form of rheumatism.

The cross-examination of Rev. Dr. Peter Roberts, of Mahanoy City, Pa., who has studied the anthracite coal industry and written a book on the subject, ended yesterday, and he left the witness stand shortly after the noon recess. He began his testimony Wednesday. Copious extracts from his books were read, and placed on record. Former Congressman Simon P. Wolverton, counsel for the Reading Company, read much of the matter pertaining to violence in the 1900 strike, and also read articles written by Dr. Roberts during the passing of the late contest, in which he described in strong language the acts of violence, intimidation, and boycotting committed during that suspension. His articles spoke of some of these acts as "brutal outrages," and he also branded the union's action in calling out the steam men in June, as "foolhardy." In explaining his articles, Dr. Roberts said that he did not wish to infer that the organization was responsible for all the lawlessness committed. Dr. Roberts gave it as his opinion that attempts to have non-union men form a separate organization were instigated by parties opposed to organized labour.

PRESIDENT GOMPERS WAS EXONERATED.

NEW ORLEANS, November 21.—President Gompers has been completely exonerated of the charges of infidelity to the principles of trades unions, said to have been made by Theodore J. Shaffer, president of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers. The report of the special committee which has conducted the investigation was to that effect, before the convention of the American Federation of Labour, and the convention adopted it.

The committee reported that when Mr. Shaffer appeared before it he declared that he never either, in writing or otherwise, made any charges against Mr. Gompers of infidelity to trades' unionism and that he did not desire to do so, before the committee.

P. J. Sheridan, who brought up the resolution in the convention which resulted in the investigation, was also present at the hearing and he was asked if it was true that Mr. Shaffer made any charges before the last convention of the Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, against Mr. Gompers. He replied that he did. Mr. Shaffer denied it. Mr. Sheridan offered to read the minutes of the meeting at which the alleged charges were made. Mr. Shaffer objected because the minutes were those of a secret meeting, which, if read by Mr. Sheridan would involve him in trouble with his own organization for divulging the inner workings of the convention.

The convention decided that the question of veracity between Mr. Shaffer and Mr. Sheridan was something with which it had nothing to do. There being no charges against Mr. Gompers, there was nothing to do but return a finding to the effect that Mr. Gompers was completely exonerated.

For the time being, at least, all opposition to the re-election of President Gompers has died out. Since the refusal of James Lynch, of the Typographical Union, to run for the office, no effort has been made to find another candidate nor is it likely, at the present time that there will be.

The convention entered upon an extended debate in which at times considerable feeling was shown, on the resolutions introduced by Victor L. Berger, of Milwaukee, committing the convention to the principles of socialism. The committee on resolutions reported that the principles of trades' unionism contain all that is necessary at present for the advancement of the workingmen of the country. Delegate Max Hayes, offered a substitute to the effect that the federation should advise working people to organize their economic and political power to secure for labour the full equivalent of its toil, the overthrow of the wage system, and the establishment of an industrial co-operative democracy. The substitute was ruled out of order by the chair, as being a substitute. Delegate Hayes then offered it as an amendment, and was so admitted by the chair.

SCHENECTADY BOYCOTT WILL SOON BE OVER.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., November 21.—The machinery builders' section of the Trades Assembly, representing at least two-thirds of the local trades union men, met last night, and by a practically unanimous vote decided that the assembly, at its next meeting, should raise the boycott against the Schenectady Railway Company. The machinery builders' section includes 31 unions, and involves every iron trade union in the city, having within its membership every man employed in the General Electric and American Locomotive Works. There are 61 unions in the Trades Assembly, and this action by a majority practically guarantees that the boycott will be declared off next Wednesday night. The Typographical Union met last night and also condemned the boycott.

The promoters were buoyed up with hope yesterday by the report that the Albany Federation of Labour had declared itself in sympathy with the boycott, and that the Troy division of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes would refuse to allow Schenectady cars to be operated in Troy, but later reports dashed their hopes to the ground. The conservative element pointed out that there is nothing tangible in the expression of sympathy on the part of the Albany Federation, and that the continued refusal of the Albany United Traction employes to interfere blocked all hope for help from that quarter.

The Troy division of the Amalgamated Street Railway employes will not meet until next Wednesday night, and the assertions of the radical element there that the Troy will take a hand is not borne out by statements made by a number of the rank and file, who say that they have no cause for interference. The leaders of the Troy Central Federation of Labour, which also meets next Wednesday night, states that that body will take no action in the matter. The Federation at its last meeting passed a resolution that if members of trades' unions wished to join the militia there is no reason why they should not do so.

The Citizens' Club formed by representative Schenectadians on Wednesday night, to protect the city against unjust demands on the part of labour unions, is preparing plans, but the seventy members, both business and professional men, absolutely refuse to state what will be done. They represent practically the sentiment of the entire city, and even the radical labour leaders state that a mistake has been made.

W. F. Martin, a member of the Trades' Assembly Press Committee, said that a mistake had been made and original promoters realize it as fully as the public. "A mistake has been made and we are willing to correct it," he said.

KNIGHTS OF LABOUR RENEW OLD FEUD.

WASHINGTON, November 21. — The feud which has existed some time in the Knights of Labour has broken out afresh, and Simon Burns, of Pittsburg, and John Tiernan, of Pittsburg; Henry A. Hitt, New York; Thomas H. Canning, Boston, and J. Frank O'Meara, have been arrested on a warrant charging forcible entry.

It is claimed that these men came here from Niagara Falls, where one faction of the Knights has been holding a convention, with the intention of getting possession of headquarters of the organization. It is further charged that they entered the building through an open window. Secretary-Treasurer Hayes was informed of the movement and he immediately swore out warrants for their arrest. The cases were called in the Police Court yesterday, and the hearing postponed until Saturday. The men were released in $100 bail each.

MARCONI'S EXPERIMENTS.

He Will Not Make An Announcement for Some Time.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

SYDNEY, N.S., November 21.—"I do not intend to give out any statement regarding the results of my experiments at Table Head until these experiments have been completed," said Marconi, in interview with your correspondent yesterday afternoon. "Any statement made by me now might only mislead the public, and I prefer to wait till my work here has been accomplished. As yet, this station is not fully equipped. A large part of the machinery has not been adjusted and some of it has not been unpacked, so you see that we are not yet in a position to do much experimenting.

"Yes, I will confirm the report that messages were received by me on board the Carlo Alberto in Sydney harbour from the station at Potdhu, Cornwall. I am only too pleased to confirm any announcement made by the Italian Government, but according to the terms of my agreement with the government they are to make public the results of my experiments on board the warship and I cannot give you any further information regarding those experiments as a result of my work here. Several improvements have been made both in the transmitting and receiving apparatus, and we are now able to send at a rate of forty words a minute, while a year ago our best speed was sixteen or seventeen words a minute. I have not yet decided when I will leave here for Cape Cod, but I hope I will complete experiments here before sailing, and will then make an announcement."

THAT NEWPORT AFFAIR.

Story That Remington Was Murdered Not Generally Believed.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

NEWPORT, November 21.—The general belief here is that Robert R. Remington was a suicide, and this theory is well supported by all the known facts. There is an element of mystery in the case, however, based on the letter which was found by the brother of the dead man in the latter's hat box after his death.

This was a copy of a letter which Robert Remington had sent, presumably, to James J. Van Alen within a few hours of his death. It is this letter which, according to Edward Pym Remington, reveals a motive for his brother's murder. So far as can be learned no one in Newport is familiar with the contents of this letter, but the belief prevails that it concerned Remington's engagement to Miss May Van Alen and that it would constitute as good a motive for suicide as for murder.

There is no doubt that the revolver found at the dead man's side at the Newport Reading Room was Remington's property. It was of French make, with a white bone handle. Mrs. La Forge, with whom Remington boarded, said that she had frequently seen the weapon in Remington's room. No such weapon was ever sold by any of the storekeepers in Newport.

NEW YORK RAPID TRANSIT.

Manhattan Road Controlled by Interborough Company.

NEW YORK, November 21. — The Herald says: "It was definitely stated in official quarters last evening that the control of the Manhattan Railway Company has passed into the hands of the Inter-Borough Rapid Transit Company, more familiarly known as the Subway Company. An official statement to this effect will possibly be issued within a few days. Negotiations having this object in view have been secretly carried on for some weeks. Yesterday they reached a stage where the success of the scheme was assured.

"The consolidated company will control and operate 97 3-4 miles of road located in the Greater City of New York, and covering practically all the available franchises now possessed by the Metropolitan Railway Company.

Fatal Accident at Glace Bay.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

GLACE BAY, N. S., November 21. — Last night Jacob Buffet, a native of Fortune Bay, Nfld., met with a fatal accident near Dominion Mine No. two. In company with three companions he was proceeding homeward along a siding leading from No. two to the main line of the Sydney and Louisburg Railway, a coal train moved out from the banking station. He jumped aside to avoid this without noticing the express coming along the main track. He was struck in the back of the head by the beam of the engine and lived but a few minutes. The deceased had been in the employ of the coal company for about a week.

OXFORD AWAITS RHODES SCHOLARS

Dr. Parkin Now on Visit to Great British University.

PLANS ARE BEING DISCUSSED

He is Pleased With Manner in Which Rhodes' Great Scheme is Being Received.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

OXFORD, November 21.—Practical steps are being taken for the advent to Oxford of the Rhodes Scholars. Mr. G. R. Parkin, LL. D., C. M. G., Principal of Upper Canada College, Toronto, the organizing agent for the Trustees of the Rhodes Scholarships, is on a visit to Oxford on behalf of the various countries interested, and after consultation with the University and College authorities will frame for the approval of the Trustees, a scheme for the election of the scholars.

As the bequest of Mr. Rhodes suggests that the scholars shall come into residence at the various colleges, and shall pursue a three years' course of study at the University, it was all important that a clear understanding of the attitude of the University and of the individual colleges towards the scholars thus to be elected should be ascertained as a necessary preliminary to Mr. Parkin's work abroad. This, then, is the object of his visit to the University city. Acting on the advice of the Vice-Chancellor and a committee of the Hebdomadal Council, Mr. Parkin addressed a series of questions to various heads of colleges in order that the matter might be formally brought under the consideration of the respective societies.

The answers to the questions will be submitted to the trustees for their consideration. The first year the bequest comes into operation, there will be elected probably between 70 and 75 scholars, the same number for the second year, and for the third year about 30, the numbers continuing thereafter from year to year in about like proportion.

The reception Mr. Parkin has met with from the Oxford "dons" has been most gratifying. In an interview, Mr. Parkin said:

"What has impressed me greatly since I have been in Oxford is the exceedingly hearty and interested way in which all the colleges have discussed the best plan of working the Rhodes Scholars into the University system. A universal feeling prevails that the concepton of Rhodes was a splendid one, has in it more possibilities for the future, and is likely to make a profound impression on the English-speaking world. It is also very generally felt, I think, that any failure to make a complete success of this great thought of Mr. Rhodes would be a check to all giving on a grand scale for a long time to come. The heads of colleges and Fellows I have found everywhere, therefore, ready to co-operate with the Rhodes Trustees in making this bequest most effective. We are only gradually getting answers to the questions which have been propounded to the various colleges, but all the replies that have come in are highly favourable. According to their size, each of the colleges seems prepared to take from two to five of the Rhodes Scholars every year. As the holders of these scholarships will be very carefully selected from each of the Colonies and from each State of the American Union, I have every reason to think that a high average of man will be obtained—almost certainly a serious, earnest man, but interested in college athletics and all the best sides of college life, in accordance with the ideas that Mr. Rhodes had about the selection of such candidates."

GRINDING CANADIAN WHEAT.

Bond Given by Minneapolis Mill That Will Handle it.

ST. PAUL, Minn., November 21.—The Washburn-Crosby Milling Company, of Minneapolis, bonded its Humboldt mill yesterday for an indefinite period, to grind nothing but Canadian wheat.

The bond demanded by the customs officials was $50,000.

The custom heretofore prevailing was to ship the grain of the Canadian North-West bonded through the United States to Liverpool. The grinding of the grain in Minneapolis, instead of in England, will create a great saving in the expenses of transit to Europe.

A bond of $30,000 was also given at the customs house yesterday by the Great Eastern Elevator Company, of Minneapolis, for the storage in Minneapolis of Canadian oats. This grain eventually will be ground into oatmeal in this state, and in some mill yet to be designated and used entirely for export business.

ARGENTINA AND CATTLE.

Conditions Imposed by Hon. Mr. Hanbury are Acceptable.

LONDON, November 21.—The president of the Argentine Republic has sent a telegram in which he accepts the conditions named by Right Hon. Robert William Hanbury, president of the Board of Agriculture, under which Argentine cattle may be imported into England. The conditions are that Argentina shall adopt the British diseases of animals act, inspect her own flocks, and prohibit the moving of inflicted animals from the districts in which they are located. It is expected that this will result in the importation of cattle from Argentina within three months, and that it will materially affect the importations from America.

ITALY IS INDIGNANT.

Proposed New U. S. Immigration Law Would Hurt That Country.

ROME, November 21. — The Tribuna, commenting on the proposed new law of the United States to stop the immigration of illiterates, says this measure is a new cruel offence and an iniquity to Italy. The Journal urges the Government to make a protest to the United States Government, inasmuch as the proposed measure will strike especially at Italy, whose emigration comprised 50 per cent. of illiterates. The Government," it concludes, "must obtain a veto on the bill from President Roosevelt so the measure will at least be postponed till Italian emigrants are able to take to the United States not only the strength of their arms, but the cultivation of their minds."

NEW PAYMASTER-GENERAL.

Sir Savile Crossley, M.P., Succeeds Duke of Marlborough.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

LONDON, November 20. — Sir Savile Crossley, M. P., has been appointed paymaster-general to succeed the Duke of Marlborough, resigned. The Duke is going to the Delhi Durbar with the Duke of Portland, Lord Lonsdale, and others as guest of Lord Curzon. It is reported that the Duke has been disappointed from a political standpoint because Premier Balfour has not appointed him to a more important office. It was thought when Premier Balfour became Premier the Duke of Marlborough would be remembered in the distributiodn of favours.

Ireland and the Bretons.

Lord Castletown, of Upper Ossory, presided recently at an extraordinary general meeting of the Celtic Association, specially called for the purpose of hearing an account from M. Le Berre, president of the Breton Federation of Rennes, and honorary secretary of the Breton Regional Union, of the effort initiated by M. Combes to suppress the Breton language. This is supposed to be the French premier's method of punishing the Breton people for the resistance they have shown in the matter of the expulsion of the nuns, and it has taken the form of a decree, dated September 29. In order to render the decree valid it will be necessary for the French Government to pass a law legalizing it. The present agitation has been raised to prevent the introduction of such a measure into the Chambers. The Bretons, in their despair, have appealed for aid in the struggle to their fellow Celts of Ireland, the Highlands, Wales, Cornwall, and the Isle of Man, acting through the Celtic Association as representative of all six races. M. Le Berre, speaking in French, gave a resume of the struggle, and produced numerous documents to prove the genuine nature of the appeal. Among the hundreds who had protested were, he said, many public men and men of letters. He concluded a moderately-worded speech by asking the other Celtic countries to help them. Resolutions of regret and protest having been passed, it was unanimously decided that the executive council should be empowered to send a representative deputation to Paris to interview M. Combes, and beg him in the name of learning to withdraw the obnoxious decree.

BODY OF MURDERER FOUND IN WOODS.

Noah Hale Korah, Who Killed His Son, Dies From Exposure in the Woods.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

SAULT STE. MARIE, Ont., November 21.—The body of Noah Hale Korah, the farmer who disappeared after brutally murdering his son and injuring his wife on October 3, was found on Thursday afternoon in the woods a mile from his home, with his gun in his arms. Death was the result of exposure, and apparently took place some weeks ago.

EDUCATION BILL THROUGH COMMITTEE STAGE

LONDON, November 21.—After forty-five days' discussion of details of the Education Bill, it has passed the committee stage in the House of Commons, the final vote of the bill reported to the House being 212 to 86. Notice was given that several amendments would be made in the report stage of the measure.

AMERICAN PACIFIC CABLE.

Negotiations to Secure a Landing Place in China.

WASHINGTON, November 21. — Clarence MacKay, president of the Commercial Pacific Cable Company; Geo. G. Ward, vice-president, and Wm. W. Cook, general counsel for the company, had an interview yesterday with Attorney-General Knox with respect to the conditions prescribed by President Roosevelt for constructing a trans-Pacific cable. Mr. MacKay explained to the Attorney-General that protracted negotiations have only been brought to a conclusion within the last few days to secure a landing place in China to comply with the President's conditions that an independent American line should be constructed from Manila to Hong Kong, thus giving an all-American through line to the Asiatic continent. The company now announces its ability and intention to construct a line from Manila to Shanghai, a distance of about 1,200 miles, and to have it completed within a year. One of the other conditions to secure the transmission of American messages to interior points in China, is being recast to obviate misunderstanding, and will be submitted to the President in a modified form within a few days.

FUNERAL OF MR. MAXWELL.

The Late Member for North Burrard Laid to Rest.

VANCOUVER, B. C., November 21.—The funeral of George R. Maxwell, M.P. for North Burrard, took place yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the Masonic lodges, and was one of the largest ever held here. Service was held in the First Presbyterian Church, of which deceased was formerly pastor, the building being filled to the doors. Besides Masons there were a large attendance of Knights of Pythias, Orangemen and Oddfellows, to which he belonged. Among messages of condolence received by the family was one from Hon. Clifford Sifton.

The remains of Angus McLeod, M.P. for North Ontario, were sent East on yesterday's express for interment at Bracebridge, Ont.

The City Council yesterday passed resolutions of condolence with Mrs. Maxwell and Mrs. McLeod in their bereavement.

The Czar and Czarina.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 21.—The Czar and Czarina are expected to remain at their palace at Yalta, on the southern coast of the Crimea until the middle of December, when they will return to St. Petersburg to celebrate the hundredth anniversary of the formation of the corps of pages.

A London despatch says the Government will shortly propose a large grant to aid the British section of the St. Louis exhibition.

PUTTING IT STRONG

But Doesn't it Look Reasonable?

This may read as though we were putting it a little strong, because it is generally thought by the majority of people that Dyspepsia in its chronic form is incurable or practically so. But we have long since shown that Dyspepsia is curable, nor is it such a difficult matter as at first appears.

The trouble with Dyspeptics is that they are continually dieting, starving themselves, or going to opposite extreme or else deluging the already over burdened stomach with "bitters," "after-dinner pills," etc., which invariably increase the difficulty even if in some cases they do give a slight temporary relief. Such treatment of the stomach simply makes matters worse. What the stomach wants is a rest. Now how can the stomach become rested, recuperated and at the same time the body nourished and sustained.

This is a great secret and this is also the secret of the uniform success of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. This is a comparatively new remedy, but its success and popularity leaves no doubt as to its merit.

The Tablets will digest the food anyway, regardless of condition of stomach.

The sufferer from Dyspepsia according to directions, is to eat an abundance of good, wholesome food and use the tablets before and after each meal, and the result will be that the food will be digested no matter how bad your Dyspepsia may be, because, as before stated, the tablets will digest the food even if the stomach is wholly inactive. To illustrate our meaning plainly, if you take 1,800 grains of meat, eggs or ordinary food and place it in a temperature of 98 degrees, and put with it one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, it will digest the meat or eggs almost as perfectly as if the meat was enclosed within the stomach.

The stomach may be ever so weak yet these tablets will perform the work of digestion and the body and brain will be properly nourished and at the same time a radical, lasting cure of Dyspepsia will be made because the much abused stomach will be given, to some extent, a much needed rest. Your druggist will tell you that of all the many remedies advertised to cure Dyspepsia none of them have given so complete and general satisfaction as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and not least in importance in these hard times is the fact that they are also the cheapest and give the most good for the least money. 272 3eod

Blumenthals Ready-for-Service Overcoats



There's no LEAN and HUNGRY look about our READY-FOR SERVICE OVERCOATS. They're BIG, ROOMY, GENEROUSLY FASHIONED, and have the APPEARANCE as well as the QUALITY and FINISH of Custom Make.

WE HAVE GOT THE GOODS AND PRICES THAT FILL ALL WANTS, AND DO IT REASONABLY, TOO.

A Few Money-Saving Items:

MEN'S OVERCOATS.

Men's Blue Kersey Overcoats $4.75
Men's Blue Beaver Overcoats 6.00
Men's Oxford Gray Cheviot Raglanettes 8.00
Men's Gray Cheviot Vicuna Raglanettes 9.00
Men's Stylish Raglanettes, all the latest designs, excellent values, $10, $12, and $15.

YOUTHS' OVERCOATS.

Youths' Gray Cheviot Raglanettes, $4.50
Youths' Fine Cheviot Vicuna Raglanettes, very latest styles 5.75

BOYS' OVERCOATS.

Boys' Gray Cheviot Raglanettes, loose backs $4.00
Boys' Yoke Raglanettes, new designs, very dressy, with and without pleated fronts 5.00



A Purchase Here Means Big Saving!

J. H. BLUMENTHAL SONS, The Most Reliable Clothiers, Hatters and Outfitters in Canada, 673-675-677-679 CRAIG STREET, West corner Bleury.

HAS BOYS' BRIGADE JUST TO SAVE LIFE

English Doctor's Effort to Preserve Boys From 12 to 17.

NOT DRILLED WITH ARMS

But With Instructions and Exercises of Use at Fires, in Perils of Water and in Accidents.

That critical age from 12 to 17 is often the despair of parents and teachers, and the ruin of boys and girls, says Josiah Strong in Social Science.

Keenly appreciating the perils of this age and recognizing the fact that if a boy is to be kept out of mischief, he must be given something to do—something that is worth while, and something that he likes, Dr. John B. Paton, of Nottingham, England, has organized the "Boys' Life Brigade," which promises to go far toward solving the "12 to 17" problem.

Dr. Paton, who is one of the collaborating members of the league, has been for a generation a leader in the movements for social betterment in England, and he is now crowning a long life of exceptional beneficence with renewed efforts in behalf of the youth.

The Boys' Brigade, which seems to have suggested the Boys' Life Brigade, was organized in Glasgow by an English army officer in 1880. It has done, and is still doing, a noble work, especially for hoodlums, reaching man who seemed quite beyond all other saving influences. There are good people, however, who strenuously object to it on the ground that it fosters the military spirit. While I do not sympathise with this criticism, I see no reason why we should not improve on the Boys' Brigade, if possible; and this, it seems to me, Dr. Paton has done in forming an organization which is beyond all criticism on the above score.

As stated in its manual, "The object of the Boys' Life Brigade is the same as that so well expressed as the object of the Boys' Brigade — 'The advancement of Christ's kingdom among boys, and the promotion of habits of obedience, reverence, discipline and self-respect, and of all that tends toward a true Christian manliness.'

"This object is sought chiefly by means of drill, which is not associated with the use of arms, but with instructions and exercises in the saving of life from fire, from drowning and from accident."

Such drill is calculated to impress on the mind the value of human life and the nobility of efforts to save it. This conception becomes ingrained and instinctive, and cultivates a spirit of unselfish daring which is the very essence of heroism.

The first manual is devoted to march drill, which is based on the infantry drill of the British army. This is always attractive to boys, and while it affords healthy exercise and induces an erect carriage, it teaches precision of action, prompt obedience, respect for superiors, consideration for equals, mutual reliance and co-operation.

The second manual affords instruction in gymnastic and stretcher drill, the latter being abridged from the manual of the medical staff corps of the Army.

The third manual teaches how to rescue a drowning person and what measures to take for his resuscitation.

The fourth manual is a guide how to act in case of fire, and is taken in part from the London County Council Manual of Fire Drill.

The instructions given are all of practical value, being based on wide experience, and ought to be known to every one. This knowledge, together with the drill which the boys get, renders them very efficient in emergencies. At such times it is those who know just what to do, who remain cool and self-possessed.

Each company is uniformed. A company of thirty boys should have a chaplain as well as a captain, and two or three lieutenants. The commissioned officers should be young men, and of course of high character, tactful and genial.

Every company is expected to have a company Bible class held on Sunday, and conducted by the captain, aided by the other officers. Every boy is required to attend regularly his company Bible class or some Sunday school; may attend both. This of course, raises the average attendance, and by means of precisely that class which it is hardest to retain.

It is stated that a certain Sunday school in the north of England was in the habit of losing almost all its scholars after they had turned 12 years of age. The average attendance of boys above that age for many years was only five. Twelve months ago a company of the Boys' Life Brigade was formed, and the average attendance for the year has been upward of fifty.

But the supreme value of the organization, I take it, consists not in the fact that it replenishes the Sunday school, nor in that it teaches valuable knowledge, but rather in this, that it skilfully lays hold of the principle of association—so powerful with boys—for the cultivation of altruistic impulses and the formation of habits of service.

The demands of the more complex social organization of the new civilization call for a fuller recognition of others in our daily life. Our relations to others are vastly more numerous, more complex, more vital than formerly. We need a conscience that is more sensitive to the claims of others, a judgment more just in its estimates of others a consciousness more awake to the existence of others and all that that implies, sensibilities more alive to the perils and pains of others. We need to learn how to co-operate with others, to line up with them, to keep step with them, to do the same thing at the same time with reference to a common end.

The drill of the Boys' Life Brigade is well calculated to meet these deep needs, to develop a spirit of co-operation and of helpfulness which will show valuable results in the home, in industry, in the discharge of all civic duties, and if need be in the easy production of an effective citizen-soldiery.

Such drill must help to form the type of character described by F. W. Robertson: "Firm, daring, true men, who cannot be put down in the cause of right, who are strong to help others, yet who are at the same time tender, gentle, loving."

STUDENTS DENOUNCE PISTOLS.

They Would Rather Fight Their Duels With Swords.

BERLIN, November 21. — Sixty-seven students' societies, with a membership of 2,300, from the Berlin University, the Technical Institute, and other institutions in this city, held a great meeting last evening in the Philharmonic Hall, against pistol duels between students and officers. The pistol was denounced as a weapon for American trappers and the sword was declared to be preferable, it standing upon a higher moral plane, and being a more chivalrous weapon. The speakers pointed out that the German Emperor had repeatedly advised the officers to practice with swords, and to settle their affairs of honour with that arm, but the officers object on the ground that the sword is not severe enough to wash their stained honour clean.

The meeting finally adopted a resolution asking the Minister of War to give the students' committees an equal voice with the officers' courts of honour in settling difficulties between the students and the officers.

DISTRESS IN ENGLAND.

Continued Cold Weather Adds to the Depression.

LONDON, November 21.—The continuance of cold weather in Great Britain, although it is not yet extremely severe, has already brought distress in many cities. The depression in many trades is causing lack of employment, and the number of persons out of work is considerably above the average. The Salvation Army labour bureau in Whitechapel reports of the daily applicants for work, chiefly mechanics and labourers, average 120. The normal number of applicants in November is from seventy to eighty. The outlook is exercising charity organizations, which fear that there will be much distress during the coming winter. Two thousand persons, principally shoemakers, are out of work in Leicester; 500 persons are idle in Newcastle, and a similar condition of affairs prevail elsewhere.

HALIFAX SENSATION.

Council Engaged in Serious Squabble Over Carnegie's Library Gift.

HALIFAX, November 21. — A sensation was created at the meeting of the City Council last night, when the deputy sheriff served an injunction on Mayor Crosby, as the representative of the city, to prevent him from carrying out the order of the council in refusing to accept $75,000 from Andrew Carnegie for a public library, and also from informing Mr. Carnegie of the council's action. The aldermen who supported the resolution refusing to accept the money have retained a legal firm, and the suit will be heard in the Supreme Court on Tuesday next. The injunction was issued at the instance of Jas. C. Mackintosh, banker, and an interesting legal fight is promised.

OUR TRADE WITH UNITED STATES

Imports Continue to Grow in Spite of Preferential Tariff.

BIG INCREASE SINCE 1896

We Import Sixty-two Million Dollars Worth of Goods More Than Six Years Ago.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

WASHINGTON, November 21.—Canadian imports from the United States continue to grow more rapidly than those from the United Kingdom, despite the legislation of 1897 in favour of products of the United Kingdom. In that year, it will be remembered, the Canadian tariff, laws and regulations, were so adjusted as to give an immediate reduction, beginning with April, 1897, of 12½ per cent. in tariff rates on imports from the United Kingdom, with a further provision that another 12½ per cent. reduction should occur in 1898. In 1900 a still further reduction was made, making the total reduction of tariff rates in favour of merchandise from the United Kingdom 33 1-3 per cent. The official report of the Trade and Navigation of the Dominion of Canada, which has just reached the Treasury Bureau of Statistics, includes a series of tables showing the imports for consumption from the United States, Great Britain and other countries, and the total imports for a long term of years. This shows that in the fiscal year 1896, the one immediately preceding the year in which the reduction of tariff in favour of products from Great Britain began, Canadian imports from Great Britain were $32,979,742, and in 1902, $49,206,062, an increase of $16,226,320. In 1896 the Canadian imports from the United States were $58,574,024, and in 1902, $120,814,750, an increase of $62,240,726.

PERCENTAGE IS GREATER.

Not only do Canadian imports from the United States show a greater actual increase from 1896 to 1902 than do those from the United Kingdom, but the percentage of increase in imports from the United States is also greater than that in imports from the United Kingdom, and the percentage which imports from the United States form of the total imports of Canada is greater in 1902 than it was in 1896, while the percentage which imports from Great Britain form of the total imports of Canada is less in 1902 than it was in 1896. Comparing 1896 with 1902, the actual increase in imports from Great Britain is, as already shown, $16,226,320, and the actual increase in imports from the United States is $62,240,726. Considered by percentages, the imports into Canada from Great Britain show an increase of 53 per cent., while those from the United States show an increase of 107 per cent. since 1896; imports from Great Britain formed in 1896 30 per cent. of the total imports into Canada, and in 1902 24 per cent.; while imports from the United States, which in 1896 formed 52 per cent., formed in 1902 60 per cent. of the total imports into Canada.

AN INTERESTING TABLE.

The following table shows the total imports into Canada for consumption, in each year from 1882 to 1902, the amount from Great Britain, the amount from the United States, and the per cent. which they formed of the total imports in each year from 1882 to 1902:

Year.	Total imports into Canada.	Imports from Great Britain.	Per cent.	Imports from United States.	Per ct. of total.
1882	$112,648,827	$50,595,341	45	$48,289,062	43
1883	123,137,019	52,052,465	42	56,032,353	45
1884	108,180,644	43,418,015	40	50,492,826	46
1885	102,710,019	41,406,777	40	47,151,201	46
1886	99,602,694	40,601,199	41	44,858,039	45
1887	105,639,428	44,962,233	42	45,107,066	42
1888	102,847,100	39,288,721	38	48,481,348	47
1889	109,673,447	42,317,889	38	50,537,440	46
1890	112,765,584	43,390,241	38	52,291,973	46
1891	113,345,125	42,047,526	37	53,685,657	47
1892	116,978,943	41,348,435	35	53,137,572	45
1893	121,705,030	43,148,813	35	58,221,976	47
1894	112,093,983	38,717,267	34	53,034,100	47
1895	106,252,511	31,131,737	30	54,634,521	53
1896	110,587,480	32,979,742	30	58,574,024	53
1897	111,294,021	29,412,188	26	61,649,041	55
1898	130,698,006	32,500,917	25	78,705,590	60
1899	154,051,593	37,060,123	24	93,007,166	60
1900	180,804,316	44,789,730	25	109,844,378	61
1901	181,237,988	43,018,164	24	110,485,008	61
1902	202,791,595	49,206,062	24	120,814,750	60

It pays to use "QUEEN'S HEAD" GALVANIZED IRON

Works better, lies flatter, lasts longer than others.

Every sheet guaranteed.

JOHN LYSAGHT LTD., MAKERS, A. C. Leslie & Co., Montreal, Managers Canadian Branch.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for Isolated Block, at St. Francois, Isle d'Orleans, P. Q.," will be received at this office until Friday, 28th November, 1902, inclusively, for the construction of an Isolated Block, at St. Francois, Isle d'Orleans, according to plan and specification to be seen at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, at the office of Mr. Ph. Beland, Post Office, Que., and at the office of Mr. J. U. Michaud, Resident Engineer, room 411, Merchants Bank Building, Montreal.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of the tenderers.

An accepted cheque on a chartered bank, made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, for one thousand dollars ($1,000.00), must accompany each tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
FRED GELINAS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 8th, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it. 264 2 2mo



The overworked housewife should call

GOLD DUST

to the rescue. It will shorten her work and lengthen her leisure. Cleans everything cleanable from cellar to attic—dishes and clothes, pots and pans, floors and doors.

Housework is hard work without GOLD DUST—the modern cleanser; better and more economical than soap.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Montreal, Chicago, New York, Boston, St. Louis—Makers of COPCO SOAP (oval cake).

Bad Coughs Neglected colds always lead to something serious. They run into chronic bronchitis, pneumonia, asthma, or consumption. Don't wait. Take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and stop your cough. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL GOES TO OTTAWA

Lord Minto Returns to the Capital to Swear in the New Chief Justice.

TEAS AND RECEPTIONS.

Montreal Society is Freely Entertaining Their Excellencies' Eldest Daughter.

His Excellency the Governor-General left for Ottawa this morning, where he attended the swearing-in of Sir Elzear Taschereau as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada, which function took place at noon in the Privy Council chamber, in the presence of a quorum of the Dominion Cabinet. Capt. Hughes, A.D.C., accompanied His Excellency to the Capital. It is expected that the latter will return to Montreal this evening.

This afternoon Her Excellency was the hostess at an informal tea given to about forty of her lady friends.

To-morrow afternoon she will preside at a similar function.

Lady Eileen Elliot was the guest of honour this week at a delightful luncheon given by Mrs. L. S. Cloustou, Peel street, when covers were laid for fourteen. The decorations, which were very pretty, were of crimson roses and violets. The guests were Miss Shaughnessy, Miss Porteous, Miss J. Grant, the Misses Hays, Miss Marjory Howard, Miss Margaret Angus, Miss Lily Peterson, Miss Muriel Greenshields and Miss Eileen Hingston.

Lady Eileen Elliot was the guest of honour yesterday at a most enjoyable girls' luncheon, given by Lady Shaughnessy, Dorchester street. Covers were laid for twelve. The decorations, which were very artistic, were American Beauty roses and lilies of the valley.

Lady Lacoste has sent out invitations for a tea on Monday, to meet Lady Eileen Elliot. Both ladies and gentlemen will be present.

A RUN WITH THE HOUNDS.

His Excellency was not lucky enough to get a brush yesterday, when he went out with the Montreal foxhounds. He had a splendid run, however, and the ease with which he sat his horse and took the fences evoked the admiration of all who followed. Two foxes were started, and when the last one was tracked over the longest spins on record followed. The hunters took the train again at Pointe Claire for the return trip.

A dinner was given at the St. James Club last night by the members of His Excellency's staff to certain members of the Montreal Hunt. His Excellency honoured the staff by attending the function. Among those present were: Dr. Charles McEachran, master of the Hunt; Messrs. A. Baumgarten, H. Montagu Allan, Hugh Paton and Colin Campbell, past masters; Messrs. Meighen and Messrs. Watson Ogilvie and A. Shaven. The latter two were Major Maude, Capt. Hughes, A.D.C., Capt. Bell, A.D.C., and Mr. Arthur Guise.

GUARANTEE COMPANY MUST PAY $1;013.35 ON COLLECTION ACCOUNT.

Mr. Justice Loranger to-day condemned the Canada Guarantee Company to pay the Province of Quebec a sum of $1013.35, for sums which the late W. H. Ryland, registrar, collected and failed to account for.

The late W. H. Ryland was registrar of Montreal West, under salary, and was bound to account to the treasurer of the province for all sums collected by him. He supplied the province with a guarantee to the extent of $10,000. He died in September, 1900, when it was found that he had collected from the city of Montreal, for searches for change of property and other information, a sum of $1013.35, for which he gave no account to the province. A private memorandum book, showing the amounts thus collected, was found among his effects, and the Attorney General, Hon. Horace Archambault, instructed Mr. J. A. Brown, attorney for the collection of provincial revenue to institute proceedings to recover the amount.

The Guarantee Company, when called upon to make good the amount of the shortage, pleaded that the services for which Mr. Ryland had collected the amounts were personal services, not provided for in the tariff of registrars.

The court held, however, that the registrar was obliged to account for every amount received, and had to pay to the treasurer every cent he received, with deduction for approved expenditure, and for contingent expenses. The court also pointed out that the charges for searches into the registers were fixed by Order in Council and must therefore be accounted for. As the company had undertaken to protect the province against such contingencies, judgment was given for the amount of collections proved.

Old Resident Dead.

Roderick Hogan, an old resident of Lachine, died suddenly at his home on Saturday morning last.

AFTER MARRIAGE.

Different Living Affects Some People.

"I never drank coffee until after I was married," says a lady from Adairville, Ga. "My husband drank coffee, and I thought it was nice to drink with him, and we enjoyed it together. After a while I found that my digestive organs were much disturbed, but not knowing the cause I went on drinking coffee and growing more wretched each day.

"In due time, three little girls came to what ought to have been a happy home, but I was nervous and unhappy myself and could not make any one else happy; to my great consternation, two of my little girls had spasms, and I, a nervous wreck, found it impossible to eat anything that did not hurt my stomach.

"I finally concluded I had heart disease, my heart pained me so much after eating, and my head was so dizzy, I often thought I would fall when trying to walk across the room.

"I tried every medicine I heard of, and had different doctors treat me, but with no benefit. I could not sleep half the night, and never slept sound—I would wake out of a frightful dream only to doze and wake again.

"Finally, I read of Postum Food Coffee, and my husband got a package from our grocer; I made some according to directions. I liked its flavour very much, and the first cup seemed to help my stomach. I used it every meal, sometimes making a whole meal on Postum and a bit of bread.

"I improved so fast that I could soon eat anything I wanted. I began to look so much better my friends were surprised, and said I looked as well as when I was first married. I could sleep as sweetly as a child. Of course the children quit coffee and drank Postum, and they all began to fatten and the spasms stopped.

"I wish I could impress it on every weak, nervous person to abandon coffee and use Postum Cereal. If every nervous person could have seen me in my nervous affliction from drinking coffee, and could now see me and my little ones around the table enjoying our Postum, they surely would never indulge in coffee again, for there is no more nervous prostration; no more headaches; no more spasms, and I am able to do my own work and care for my children." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. 276 1

DOMINION COAL CO AND ITS SHIPMENTS

Contract Between This Organization and New England Gas and Coke Co. Broken.

MR. SHIELDS' STATEMENT.

Coal People Found That Bargain Was Disadvantageous to the Canadian Concern.

"All shipments of coal from the Dominion Coal Company to the New England Gas and Coke Company, of Boston, in virtue of the contract entered into some years ago, were stopped to-day, and the contract broken."

Such was the first official statement made to a Star representative to-day by Mr. Cornelius Shields, general manager of the Dominion Coal Company, in the absence from the city of the president of the executive, Mr. James Ross.

Particular interest has been centred for some time past in the negotiations that have been going on between representatives of both companies, to see if some amicable arrangement could not be arrived at by means of which a contract satisfactory to both companies might be completed.

The directors of the Dominion Coal Company, in their conviction that the contract, as far as they were concerned, was only being carried out at a great loss, tried every means that would prevent it from becoming necessary to break the contract. The shareholders of the Gas and Coke Company maintained that the contract was an entirely legal one, and did not think that the directors of their company should permit any modification of the clauses of the contract.

ARRANGED BY MR. WHITNEY.

The contract, which was one of the largest made by the Coal Company in the first years of its existence, was arranged by Mr. H. M. Whitney, of Boston, who, besides being President of the New England Gas and Coke Company, was also President of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company. It was in the latter capacity that he had occasion to do a great deal of business with the Coal Company.

The contract virtually called for the entire output of run of mine coal to be supplied the Coke Company at $1.98 a ton, and the company was to continue to supply a sufficient amount of coal to permit of the running of all the ovens of the Coke Company. While, at the present time, the number of ovens in operation is four hundred, it is intended that this number should be increased till one thousand are in operation.

THE PRINCIPAL REASON.

The main reason why the Coal Company has decided to break the contract, according to Senator Geo. A. Cox, vice-president of the company, is that it was entered into at a time when labour was much cheaper than it is at the present time, and the conditions of the Coal Company such that the contract might prove a good one for a certain length of time.

At the present time, however, a much greater price could be obtained for run of mine coal, and, besides, if the Coke Company were to increase the number of their ovens very rapidly, there would not be sufficient run of mine coal, and in order to carry out the contract, coal would have to be supplied at the same figure.

The result of to-day's action of the directors of the Coal Company in breaking the contract by stopping all shipments of coal will be, it is generally understood that the Gas and Coke Company will take out an action for the damages sustained by the Coal Company adopting such a course.

The general opinion among the shareholders of the Coal Co. is that their directors have decided on the proper course, because no matter what damages the Coke Company could prove it had sustained by the contract being broken, they would not come to anything like the amount the Coal Company would have if it carried out the contract.

EVIDENCE FOR MINERS STRONG

SCRANTON, Pa., November 21. — The examination of Dr. R. H. Gibbons, of Scranton, was resumed when the Anthracite Strike Commission met to-day. He said that the occupation of a miner subjects a man to risks of pleurisy, gout, neuralgia, asthma, bronchitis, sciatica and other diseases. He believed the day will come when men will be required to undergo medical examination before they undertake mining. Children, he said, who have suffered from any form of disease of the respiratory passages or bronchitis or pneumonia, should never be permitted in the mines under the age of 15 years, because they should have a chance for the elimination of the predisposing factor in the so-called miners' asthma.

Dr. Gibbons then described the surface indications of miners' asthma. He said that he did not mean to be understood as saying that miners form an unhealthy class, but they are debilitated and run down. He spoke of the necessity for improved ambulance service at the different collieries.

On cross-examination by James H. Torrie, for the Delaware and Hudson Company, Dr. Gibbons said that he did not believe there was an ambulance in the entire coal regions which had sterile blankets or was sterile itself. "In fact," said the doctor, "they are a bunch of infection. Every ambulance carries death and disease to every unfortunate miner who is placed in it."

MANY ARE INSANE.

Dr. Eugene J. Butler, of the Central Poor Board of Luzerne County, testified that seventy per cent. of those in a poor house in Luzerne County were miners and that forty per cent. were crippled by accidents in and about the mines. Many of these, he said, were insane from worry over their afflictions. A man who works a few years as a miner, he declared, is not fit for anything else.

The Rev. Dr. Roberts was recalled and examined by Dr. Darrow for the mine workers. He reiterated his belief, expressed in his book, that an intelligent and persistent combination among miners for the maintenance of prices and rates of wages would secure for them a just share of the profits.

Answering Commissioner Clark, Dr. Roberts defined the words "Anthracite syndicate" used in his book. He said he reached the conclusion from personal investigation, that there was an understanding among the operators to adjust prices and regulate the trade.

After reading extracts from an article in a magazine written supposedly by Dr. Roberts, Mr. Darrow asked what the temper of both parties was during the five months of the strike. Witness replied that it was a condition of war and that both sides were intemperate. When asked what wages a miner should receive to maintain the American standard of living he placed the poverty limit at $575 per annum. The miner and his family would suffer physically, intellectually and mentally upon less than that figure, he asserted.

Off for Portland.

Mr. J. R. Clancey will leave Montreal Sunday and go to Portland to manage Messrs. H. & A. Allan's office during the winter season. He will be accompanied by Mr. H. McCallum. Mr. Clancey has for several years made Portland his home during the winter months.

LEPORE TRIAL NOT YET CONCLUDED

A Verdict Will Not Likely Be Reached Before Saturday Evening

MARCHIONE HANDLED A KNIFE

Evidence to Show That Dead Man Was in a Quarrelsome Mood on Day of His Death.

The trial of Lepore, the Italian, for the murder of Marchione, is dragging slowly along in the Court of King's Bench, and there is now no chance of reaching a verdict before Saturday night.

The only evidence of much interest today was the statement of Johania Febotes, who said that she saw Paresi standing in front of Marchione after the row had started, and that he was daring Marchione to assault him. Marchione had a knife in his hand at the time. She saw Marchione come into the house after the stabbing, and he was then very weak, but she could not tell who it was that stabbed him.

Antonia Montefoite, a neighbour, was in the house when the row started, but she knew nothing of the actual stabbing.

The time yesterday afternoon was spent in trying to bring out the relations between the dead man and Maria di Fucci. Mr. Wilson succeeded in having the evidence cut out. The widow gave more testimony as to a row which she had had with her husband on the day of the murder, and she said that there was no doubt that he had been in a quarrelsome mood. Leopoldo Mignacco was among those who were in the house on the fatal night, but he knew nothing of the actual stabbing.

Yesterday afternoon the electric light plant was in bad working order and, for forty minutes the court sat with only candle light.

FELL TO THE RAILS FROM ROOF OF CAR— LIMBS WERE SEVERED

Etien Bisson, 38 years of age, was run over by a Grand Trunk Railway train at St. Johns, Que., at 5 a.m. to-day and now lies at the Notre Dame Hospital in a mangled and, according to Dr. Fleury, the medical superintendent of the institution, in a dying condition. Bisson was walking on the top of the cars when he missed his footing and fell, the wheels passing over him and cutting his legs completely off. He was also fractured and sustained internal injuries. He was brought in to the city on the 7.15 o'clock train and was immediately taken to the hospital. The physicians entertain no hope whatever of his recovery. The unfortunate man lived at 52 Charron street, Point St. Charles. He was a large man with a magnificent physique, and was well known among the railway employes. Mrs. Bisson, the young wife of the injured man, has been at her husband's bedside since morning.

G. T. R. TRAIN STRUCK AND KILLED A FINE DEER— GAME LAWS NOT BROKEN.

While the Grand Trunk train, No. 1, from Portland was speeding on its way from Windsor Mills to Richmond early yesterday morning, an obstruction was encountered on the track. No harm was done to the train, but on going back to see what had been struck the crew found the body of a deer. The carcase was loaded on the baggage car and brought to Montreal, where it was found to weigh 240 pounds. The engineer, Mr. Jos. Gervais, and the conductor, Mr. Fred Ring, saw at first somewhat apprehensive lest they might be found to have broken the game law, but investigation revealed that the open season in Quebec extends until the end of the year. Now they are on the lookout for more good luck of the same kind. As the law allows each of them to kill two deer during the season they do not feel afraid of exceeding the limit.

FREIGHT RATES ON CERTAIN CLASSES OF GOODS TO ADVANCE.

An increase in railway freight rates is to be made in the near future. It will not be general, but will be confined to certain classes of freight as to which the railways are now conferring with a view to reaching an agreement. The probabilities are, also, that for the present at least, it will be confined to lines running out of Chicago and that the Montreal district will not be seriously affected. The question of a general increase will come up at a later date, as the railways feel that in view of the advance which has taken place in the cost of labour and the price of materials, an increase of rates cannot much longer be avoided.

HAND IN YOUR LETTERS FACED AND DULY STAMPED, MACHINE DOES THE REST

The postal authorities have opened a wicket in the lobby of the general post office for the reception of letters between 5 p.m. and 6.30 p.m. As this wicket is intended for the convenience of business men, it is expected that they will hand in their packages of letters faced and with the stamps all one way, so that they can be cancelled conveniently on the new cancelling machine. This will facilitate matters very much, and will enable the post office to despatch mail up to the latest possible moment, an arrangement which for important mails will be found very convenient.

LARGE NUMBER OF DEER SHOT IN THE ONTARIO HIGHLANDS

In Ontario the deer hunting season, which extended from November 1st to 15th, is reported to have been unusually successful. In the Muskoka district, in what is known generally as the Highlands of Ontario, the number of hunters is reckoned to have been about 8000. Most of them were residents of Ontario, as the law exacts a fee of $2.00 from residents and $25.00 from non-residents, but despite this discrimination a considerable number of Americans were on hand. The number of deer shipped out is reported to be considerably over 10,000. Game of all kinds is more plentiful in the district than it has been for a number of years.

MR. CHAS. M. HAYS NOW A BANK DIRECTOR.

Mr. Chas. M. Hays, second vice-president and general manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, has accepted a position on the board of directors of the Merchants Bank of Canada. Mr. Hays was askd to take the position some time ago, but has only recently consented to do so. It is probable that he will take his seat at the next meeting of the directors.

Special Notice.

The Angelus is An Aid to the Artist.

There are many piano-playing machines being placed upon the market which lack the power to express life and feeling.

The Angelus is not a mere machine, it is a medium whereby the emotions and passions of the most sensitive natures may be portrayed accurately in music, without any knowledge whatever of the piano keyboard.

Layton Bros., sole representatives for Montreal and vicinity, 144 Peel street, Dominion Square.

GENTILE GOT A HEAVY SENTENCE

Will Put in Much Time For Counterfeiting Coins

DEFENCE WAS VERY WEAK

Moulds Opened in Court and the Spurious Money Dropped Out of Them.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

TORONTO, November 21.—When Joseph Gentile, alias Salvatore Clementic appeared before Magistrate Denison this morning the scowl of yesterday was still on his face, his black hair was still stretching up off the top of his forehead and the collar of his overcoat was still turned up.

"I am ready to go on," said his lawyer, T. C. Robinette, K.C.

"All right," said Mr. Curry. "I'll go on." A box full of the counterfeiter's plant, a stone jar and a bottle were brought into court from the detective office and detective William Davis went into the witness stand. While Davis was telling his story, Gentile regarded him sideways, shaking his head as various objections were produced.

Davis began with his quiet journey through the fruit store at 353 Spadina avenue into the kitchen where he found Gentile hard at work making money. He held up the crucible in which Gentile was boiling his metal on the stove. Davis next took up three plaster of paris moulds which had not before been opened. These moulds were three inches long and nearly as wide and about one inch and a half thick. They were in two parts tied together with string. When Davis took off the string and separated the two of the moulds he disclosed in each of the two two United States fifty cent pieces. The other mould contained an empty bed ready for filling.

The first question asked by Mr. Robinette indicated that the man who got away from the fruit store was to be blamed by the defence as the counterfeiter. Davis said that there was another man who got away.

"I would not know him again. We were after Gentile for counterfeiting in the United States."

Detective Flynn, the United States Federal officer, who, with Detective Joseph Murphy, tracked Gentile from New York, was called. Flynn swore that he had known the Italian since 1895.

"There was nobody in the room with Gentile. The door was locked, the blinds were down and the gas burning."

Mr. Robinette offered no evidence to the defence. He wanted a remand, but this was promptly refused, as he had said he was ready to go on. Then he said Gentile wanted to make a statement from the dock.

He said: "Last week some person came into my store and prayed me to let him stay a week. I granted it. The day after he came back with some things. He asked me to say nothing for a little while and he would tell me what he was going to do. On the same day he began to manufacture the thing. I told him he would have to go somewhere else, and he said he would go on Saturday. On the same day the detectives came. I told him to go. This man went out of the back door as the detectives came in the front. He was not the man in the store."

Davis told His Worship that the back door was locked on the inside.

"There'll be a conviction," said His Worship. The Crown went on then with the charge of making Canadian money. The evidence in this case was the same as in the other. Detective Flynn swore that he had covered the kitchen door while Davis and Murphy were making the arrest, and nobody got out. Flynn was not surprised at not finding the mould for the Canadian money, as moulds when used 25 or 30 times become blurred and are discarded.

George Kirkpatrick, teller in the office of the Receiver-General, swore that the Canadian coins were counterfeit. Mr. Robinette argued that there was no evidence that the Canadian coins were the work of Gentile, and again asked for a remand in order to call some Italian residents as character witness. Mr. Basso, the interpreter, announced that Gentile professed to have a sweetheart to whom he was about to be married. He wanted her and her people called.

On the lesser charge of making foreign coins, Gentile was given the limit of 3 years in penitentiary, and for making Canadian coins he was sentenced to ten years, the two terms to run concurrently.

The Raymond Case.

The investigation in the case of Anson Raymond, keeper of the Raymond House on Wilton avenue, and Elizabeth Raymond, charged with knowingly having William Stewart's counterfeiting plant in their possession, went on before Magistrate Denison this morning.

The prisoners were committed for trial.

FOUNDRY WHISTLES DISTURB THE SLUMBER OF ALD. GALLERY, M.P.

Having succeeded in preventing boats on the canal "making night hideous" by tooting their whistles, Ald. Gallery is now to bring up before the City Council on Monday a proposition to stop the practice of foundries, shops, etc., sounding whistles every morning. It is Ald. Gallery's contention that employees would soon get into the habit of watching their clocks instead of listening for whistles to call them to work. Numerous complaints were being made against the whistle nuisance.

MURDERER ROSE PAYS DEATH PENALTY.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

NELSON, B. C., November 21.—Henry Rose, convicted some time ago of the murder of Charles Cole, last spring, paid the extreme penalty of the law in the gaol yard this morning. Hangman Radcliffe officiated. Efforts were made up to a few days ago to have the sentence commuted, but the Justice Department declined to interfere.

R. L. Jardine Dead.

Mr. Robert L. Jardine, a veteran commercial traveller, died on Thursday, at his residence, 129 Esplanade street, this city. He was for years connected with the firm of James Johnston & Co., before it was amalgamated, and became part of the W. R. Brock Company. Since that date Mr. Jardine has been in the dry goods business for himself, and at times took to the road. He was forty-nine years of age, and leaves a wife and family.

BIRTHS.

BASKEN—At 243 Somerset street, Ottawa, on November 19th, to Dr. and Mrs. Basken, a daughter.

RENNIE—At 131 Elgin street, on November 11, the wife of William George Rennie, of a son. 276 2

MARRIAGES.

HASSAM-McLEOD—On November 13th, at the residence of the bride, 86 York avenue, by the Rev. W. D. Reid, assisted by the Rev. J. L. George, George C. Hassam, youngest son of the late Robert Hassam, to Wilhelmina W., fourth daughter of John McLeod, Esq. 276 3

DEATHS.

HERON—In this city, on the 21st instant, Annie Scott, widow of the late George L. Heron, aged 70 years. Funeral private. (Toronto and Pembroke papers please copy.)

Financial.

(See also page nine.)

Afternoon Sales.

Nova Scotia Steel—25 at 103¼, 100 at 103½, 25 at 104½, 75 at 104¾.
Canadian Pacific—75 at 130½, 50 at 130¼, 600 at 130½, 25 at 130¾, 200 at 130½, 300 at 130¾.
Twin City—100 at 117, 25 at 117¼, 25 at 117½, 125 new at 116½, 25 at 117¼.
Montreal Power—255 at 96.
Detroit Rails—25 at 87½, 25 at 87¼.
Richelieu and Ontario—25 at 97, 25 at 97½, 6 at 97.
Dominion Steel, 25 at 54 7-8, 25 at 55, 100 at 54 7-8.
Halifax Rails, 5 at 103 1-2, 10 at 103 1-2.
Montreal Street, 50 at 281.
Dom. Coal, 100 at 127.
Toronto Bank, 10 at 250.
Dom. Cotton, 25 at 55, 25 at 55 1-8, 25 at 55.
Toledo Electric, 25 at 33 1-2.
Hamilton Electric pfd., 50 at 85.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported for the Star by Gordon Strathy and Co., Stock Brokers, 9 St. Sacrament st.

STOCKS.	Closing. Nov. 21. Ask.	Bid.	Nov. 20. Ask.	Bid.
Canadian Pacific	130¾	130¼	129¾	129
Do New	130¾	130¼	129	128¾
Duluth Commons			29	
Do do pref.			30	
Montreal St. Rail	281½	281	283	281½
Toronto St. Rail	117	116¾	116	115¾
Halifax St Rail	105	101	104	100
Detroit United Ry	87¾	87¼	87	86¾
Winnipeg				
St. John Railway	130	115	130	115
Twin City Transit	117¾	117¼	115	114¾
West India				
Toledo Electric	33¾	33½	33	32½
R & O Nav Co.	97¾	97¼	98	96
Commercial Cable	180	174	180	170
Montreal Telegraph	170	164½	170	164¾
Bell Telephone Co	170	160	170	160
Light, Heat & Power	98	95¾	100	95½
Dom Steel	54¾	54¼	54¼	54¾
Do Pref	95	94¾	95	94½
Laurentide Pulp	100	97	100	95
Nova Scotia Steel	103¾	104¾	103	102
Do do pref				
Ogilvie Milling				
Do do Pref	135	133	135	130
B. C. Salmon Series A			100	97
Do do Series B			101	
Montreal Cotton		125		125
Dominion do	55¾	55	60	55¾
Can Col do	60	50	60	50
Merch Cotton Co		85		85
Lake of Woods Mlg Co	185	175	200	180
MINES.				
Dominion Coal Co. com	128	127	128	127
Do do Pref				
Intercolonial do. com.				
Do do Pref.				
War Eagle				18
Republic				
Virtue			10	
North Star			16	
BANKS.				
Montreal	275		277	255
Ontario		130		130
Molsons	216		216	215
Toronto				
British N America				
Merchants		157		157
Royal		185		
Nova Scotia			260	
Eastern Townships		165		161
Quebec		120		
Union	130		130	
Commerce				157¾
Hochelaga	140	133	140	
BONDS.				
Com Cable (Coupon)				
do do Reg				
Halifax Electric Ry				
Can Col Cot				
Dominion Coal				
Laurentide Pulp	107¾	106		106
Dom. Steel	89¾	89¼	89	88¾
Montreal Street		194		
Ogilvie Milling	120	110		
Nova Scotia Steel				

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Specially reported for the Star by C. D. Monk, 16 St. Sacrament street, local manager for J. S. Bache and Co., New York, over direct private wire.

	Nov. 21 Opening	High up to 2.30	Low up to 2.30	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	58	60	57¾	59
American Loco com	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾
Do do pref	90¼	90¾	90¼	90¾
Amer Sugar Refin Co	119¾	121	119¾	120¾
Do do pref				
Am. Smlg. & Ref Co.	44	44	44	44
Anaconda Min Co	90	90	89¾	90
A Tsp & St Fe	83¾	84¼	83¼	84¾
Do do pref	98¾	98¾	98¾	99¼
Baltimore & Ohio	98¾	100¾	98¾	100¼
Do do pfd				
Brooklyn R T	62¼	63¼	62	62¾
Chic & Alton Com	33	33¾	33	33¾
Can Pacific	128¾	130¼	128¾	130¾
Canada Southern	89¼	89¾	89	89
Ches & Ohio	45	46	45	46¾
Chicago & N W		234	234	234
Chic R I & P				
Chic Mil & St Paul	173¾	178¾	173¾	179¾
Colorado Southern	28¾	29¾	28¾	29¾
Do 1 pref				
Do 11 pref				
Consolid'd Gas N Y	213¾	214¾	212¾	215
Col. Fuel & Iron	83	84	83	83
Corn Products	29	29	29	29
Do pfd				
Cleveland C C & St L	96	96¾	96	96¾
Detroit United Ry				
Delaware L & W				
Del & Hudson	158	159¾	158	159¾
Denver Rio G com				41
Do pref				90¾
Duluth, S S & Atl				
Do do pref				
Great North. Ry pf				186
General Electric				181
Jersey Central		166	166	
Iowa Cen. com	89¾	89¾	89¼	34¾
Do do pref				
Kansas & Texas com	26¾	26¾	26	26¼
Do do pref	57¾	58¼	57¾	58¼
Louisville & Nashville	123¼	125	123¼	125¾
Manhattan Elevated	153	154¾	149¾	151¼
Missouri Pacific	107¾	110	107¾	110¾
Minn St. P & S. St. M		77¾	77	76¾
Do do pref				
Metropolitan Trac	139¾	140¾	139	140¼
N Y Central & Hud	183¾	184	182¾	184¾
Erie Railroad	33¾	34¼	33¾	34¾
Do do 1 pref	64	64¾	64	64¾
Do do 11 pref	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾
N.Y. Ontario & West	29¾	30	29¾	30
Northern Securities				106
Norwk & Western	70	70¾	70	
Omaha, com				
Pacific Mail				
Pennsylvania Ry	156	157¼	155¾	157¾
Pressed Steel, com	58¾	58¾	58	58
Pressed Steel, pref				
People's Gas		101¼	101¼	101¾
Pullman	87¾	89	87¾	89
Do do 1 pref				
Do do 11 pref	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾
Pullman				
Public Steel & Iron				
Southern Ry. com	32¾	33	32¾	33
Southern Pacific	68¼	69¼	68¼	69¼
Texas Coal & Iron	57¾	58¼	57¾	58¼
Texas Pacific	43¾	45¾	43¾	44¼
Twin City	116¾	117	116¾	116¾
U S Leather Co	12¾	13¾	12¾	12¾
Do do pref	89¼	89¾	89¾	89¾
U S Steel Com	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾
U S Steel pref	83¾	84¾	83¾	84¾
U S Rubber Com				
Do pref				
Union Pacific Com	100¾	102¼	100¾	102¾
Do do pref	90	94	90	94
Wabash	30¾	31¼	30¾	30¾
Do do pref	44¾	44¾	44¾	45
Western Union Tel	89¼	89¾	89¼	89¼
Wis Cen Com	24¾	25	24¾	25¾
Do do pref	49¾	49¾	49¾	50

CHICAGO CLOSING PRICES.

J. S. Bache and Co., 16 St. Sacrament st., report the closing prices to-day as follows:

	Opening.	Highest.	November 21, 1902. Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat, Dec	75¼	75¾	74¾	74¾
" May	70	70¾	70¼	70¾
Corn, Dec	58¼	58¼	58¼	58¼
" May	43½	44¼	43	43¼
Oats, Dec	30⅝-¾	31¼	30⅜	30⅝
" May	31⅛	32¾-¾	31⅝-¾	31⅝-½
Pork, Jan	1580	1580	1545	1550
" May	1457	1457	1447-50	1452
Lard, Jan	915	920	912	915
" May		960-2	957	960
Short Ribs, Jan	805	805	800	802
" May		782	777	780

FIRST CLASS WHEAT SCARCE IN UNITED STATES, SAYS MR. ROBT. MEIGHEN.

Mr. Robert Meighen, president of the Lake of the Woods Milling Company, when his attention was called to-day to a despatch from St. Paul, Minn., concerning the action of the Washburn-Crosby Milling Company, in bonding their mill to grind Canadian wheat for export, said: "Their laws permit them to do this, just as our laws permit us to grind American wheat in bond. We do not need to do this, as we have plenty of Canadian wheat to keep our Canadian mills busy. It would seem, however, that the Americans have not a sufficient quantity of A1 hard wheat for to keep their mills going, and have to draw on the Canadian harvest, or close their establishments. To my mind, this action of the American company indicates a shortage this year in the yield of first class wheat in the United States."

SEND FOR CIRCULAR

—ON—

Toronto Electric Light Company

4½ per cent. Bonds.

The Dominion Securities Corporation, Limited,

Canada Life Building, Montreal.

2734

COLONIAL HOUSE,

PHILLIPS SQUARE.

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY.

18 dozen Ladies' Kid Gloves, (Black only), 2 Clasps, sizes 5 3-4 to 6 3-4, regular 90c; Saturday 60c.
72 pairs Ladies' Beaded or Plain Albani Slippers, regular $2.75; Saturday $2.00.
84 pairs Ladies' Patent Leather Adonis Slippers, irregular sizes, regular $4.50; Saturday $3.00.
200 pairs White Frilled Muslin Curtains, regular $2.25 to $3.75; Saturday half price.
50 pairs Tamboured Swiss Muslin Curtains, regular $3.75 to $5.00; Saturday half price.
75 pairs Colored Striped Frilled Muslin Curtains, regular $2.75 to $3.25; Saturday half price.
Special range Wall Paper, suitable for Bedroom, Sitting room, Hall, Dining room and Library, regular 30c to 50c; Saturday 15c single roll.
Also Applique Border, suitable for ingrain or tinted walls, regular 50c; Saturday 15c per yard.
50 Ladies' Dress Skirts, Saturday less 50 per cent.
20 Ladies' Fur lined Capes, in pale blue, fawn, light green and cream, trimmed in white Thibet; Saturday half price.
8 Ladies' Opera Capes, in light shades, lined in quilted satin; Saturday half price.
20 Carriage Plush Rugs, fancy effect; Saturday less 50 per cent.
100 Ladies' and Maids' Cloth Jackets, Saturday half price.
150 yards Colored and Black Cloaking, regular $2.00; Saturday $1.00.
30 Men's Dressing Gowns, regular $5.00; Saturday $3.50.
18 Men's Dressing Gowns, regular $7.00; Saturday $5.
Kitchen Ware, Saturday 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c tables containing remarkable values in household utensils.
75 Men's Dark and Mid-Gray Fancy Tweed Overcoats, self and farmer satin lined, fancy velvet collars, regular $16.50 and $18; Saturday $11.
108 Fancy Jardiniere Stands, Tables, Chairs and Rockers, regular $3.25 to $8; Saturday $3.
38 Fancy Screens, all sizes and colors, regular $3.50 to $52.00; Saturday half price.
2 tables Plated Silver Ware, Saturday half price.
All our Trimmed Millinery, which has been offered at 20 per cent. discount; Saturday less 33 1-3 per cent.
75 Colored Cotton Shirt Waists, regular 85c, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00; Saturday half price.
52 Silk Waists, black and colored, regular $6.50, $7.00, $8.50, $10.00, $10.50, $12.50, $13.50; Saturday $5.25.
Odd lines of Corsets, regular $1.35, $1.50, $2.00, $2.75, $3.75; Saturday $1.05.
Ostrich Feathers, Wings, Breasts, and Millinery Ornaments; Saturday half price.
60 Men's S. B. Suits, brown and gray checks, regular $10.00 and $12; Saturday $7.50.
10 dozen Men's and Boys' Heavy Winter Caps, peak, pull band, fine silk trimmings, regular 75c; Saturday 50c.
25 Toilet Sets, 10 pieces, regular $5.00; Saturday $3.00.
125 Sample Art Plates, Doulton, regular $2.50 to $20.00; Saturday half price.
200 Cups and Saucers, various makers, regular 50c, 60c, 75c; Saturday 35c.
53 Bamboo Portieres, regular $2.00; Saturday $1.00.
46 Basket Flower Pots, regular $2.50 and $3.00; Saturday $1.50.
50 dozen Champagne Glasses, on stem, regular $2, $2.50, $3; Saturday $1.25 dozen.
40 dozen best Crystal Tumblers, regular $2.50; Saturday $1.65.
1 lot Japanese Fancy Dishes; Saturday half price.
Pictures in Mats and Frames, at and below cost.
1 lot Cane Doll Chairs, regular 25c; Saturday 10c.
1 lot Painted Red Chairs, regular 10c; Saturday 5c.
1 lot Japanese Panels, regular 10c and 15c; Saturday 3c or 2 for 5c.
600 pairs Men's Laced and Button Boots, regular $5.00 to $6; Saturday $3.50.
50 pairs Boys' and Youths' Boots, heavy sole, sizes 11 to 13 1-2, regular $1.75; Saturday $1.25.
Sizes 1 to 5, regular $2; Saturday $1.50.
A range Boys' and Youths' American Boots, regular $2.25 to $4; Satur

EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE IS NOW ORGANIZED

Constitution and By-Laws Adopted at Last Evening's Meeting.

WAS HEARTILY ENDORSED

The Mayor Sends a Cheque for $25 and Hon. J. I. Tarte a Letter.

The Educational League met last night at Poire's Hall, corner of Montcalm and St. Catherine streets, and completed its organization.

Ex-Ald. O. Faucher presided, while Mr. J. A. Brisebois, professor at the Normal School, acted as secretary. The constitution was adopted unanimously. It sets forth that the association to be formed shall be known as "La Ligue de L'Enseignement," and its object is to incite individual effort in the province to further the improvement of education. The annual fee for the general public is $1, for teachers 50 cents, while newspaper editors are invited to join the association without charge. The administration of the association will be carried on by a committee of fourteen members, made up of the president, two vice-presidents, recording secretary, corresponding secretary, treasurer and eight councillors. The elections shall take place on the second Monday in May each year, when all the members who have contributed their assessment shall have a right to vote.

Hon. J. Israel Tarte wrote endorsing the action of those who thus encouraged the education movement by keeping it before the public. Mayor Cochrane also wrote and forwarded a cheque for $25 to help the work. He was tendered a vote of thanks.

The first election of officers gave the following result:

President—Mr. O. Faucher.
First Vice-President—Mr. Godfroi Langlois.
Second Vice-President—Dr. Louis Laberge.
Recording Secretary—Mr. J. A. Brisebois.
Corresponding Secretary—Mr. Arthur Beauchesne.
Treasurer—Mr. V. Lamarche, N.P.
Councillors—Messrs. E. Pelissier, Dr. J. Warren, Robert Rocher, J. T. Cardinal, Dr. A. DeMartigny, M. Achille Bergevin, M. J. Fortier, Ald. P. G. Martineau.

Mr. Godfroi Langlois addressed the meeting, and said he wished to quell the fears expressed by a weekly paper in Quebec as to the object of the league. They simply wished to help the authorities now existing by creating a healthy sentiment in favour of more extended educational facilities.

Inspector Lippens spoke at some length and pointed out several means by which such an association as that just formed could be of great assistance in furthering the cause of education.

Messrs. O. E. Dallaire, S. Roy, advocate; J. A. Dumais, professor of elocution, and J. Roch, professor at Sarsfield School, also addressed the members of the league present.

At the next meeting the question of the school commission will be discussed.

A Christmas Publication.

Advance sheets of the Toronto Globe's Christmas number indicate that the edition will be equal to the publications which in the past that paper has issued during the winter holiday season. It will consist chiefly of the work of Canadian writers and artists; and the advance sheets include some interesting stories, some good verse and some excellent illustrations. One merit of the number is that it does not contain anything to confirm the Lady of the Snows' prejudice against Canada, and copies of it sent abroad will be an excellent advertisement of the country rather than a detriment to it.

Animal Circus at Proctor's.

The announcement of the first attraction to follow the stock company at Proctor's theatre is made by resident Manager Brunelle. It has been decided to have a week of the famous Bostock animal circus which has attracted a good deal of attention in New York. The animals are said by the New York press to be the most wonderful trained creatures that this country has ever seen, and for three months crowds have been entertained by them. The attraction will certainly be a novelty.

Court Fixed the Amount.

J. W. Marks was yesterday condemned by Mr. Justice Davidson to pay a sum of $780.17, with interest from May 16, 1900, and costs of suit, to his mother. She sued on a bon for $1,000 bearing interest at three and a half per cent. Defendant set up accounts for collecting rents and revenues, for eighteen months' board, and offered $491.30, with interest from date of bon. This was not accepted, and the court fixed the amount first above mentioned.

Annual Rummage Sale.

The annual rummage sale of the Old Brewery Mission took place yesterday, and it was availed of by the usual number of patrons who secured warm clothing at a limited expense.

"Shawn Rhu" at the Francais.

"Shaun Rhu" was the offering at the Francais yesterday, and will be played to the end of the week. Mr. Murphy and his company are as much at home in the old play, as if they had never produced anything else. The large audience which greeted the performances both afternoon and evening, alternately laughed and cried with the characters portrayed so faithfully on the stage. Mr. Joseph Murphy, himself, as Larry Donovan, and afterwards "Red John," was as natural and easy as ever, his singing of "The Handful of Earth" in the graveyard scene on his mother's grave, was up to his usual standard, and caused the shedding of many tears. Miss Lillian Morris, as "Little Tim," gave a bright interpretation of a clever part, while Miss Mary Firmier and Miss Inez Barlow made excellent Irish colleens. The other members of the company were good.

JOHNSTON STILL STUBBORNLY REFUSES TO GIVE TESTIMONY.

The Carlin Conspiracy Case Grows in Interest —Detectives Repeat Testimony.

The enquete in the case of Patrick Carlin who, as a Canadian Pacific conductor, is charged with conspiring to defraud the company, was continued yesterday afternoon before Judge Desnoyers. Herbert G. Johnston, the convicted conspirator, was again brought from the cells and asked if he had decided to give his testimony. He answered in the negative and was sent back to prison to once more think it over. Johnston was recommended by the jury to the mercy of the court.

The important portion of yesterday's enquete were the statements of the Thiel Detective Service men, whose testimony convicted Johnston. There were three of them Edmund Willson, John H. Parkin and Fred Robertson. All three repeated their testimony as given during the Johnston trial, which, in effect, was that they had traced Johnston direct to Carlin in many ways. Their testimony was clear and was not shaken in the least by the cross-questioning of Mr. Quinn for the defence.

Mrs. Johnston is still very ill and it is quite possible that a commission will be appointed to go to her house and take her evidence.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPLAINS OF QUALITY OF PAVEMENT.

At a brief meeting of the Road Committee yesterday afternoon a complaint was made that the new pavings in front of the G.T.R. offices, on McGill street, was not considered very satisfactory by the Grand Trunk authorities. Some of the asphalt blocks had become loose.

The City Surveyor explained that while a few blocks might have become loose the work, generally, was satisfactory. It was decided to have the new pavement inspected and report made upon it.

"LITERARY ACQUAINTANCES."

Dr. Frechette Reads An Interesting Paper Before Alliance Francais.

Dr. Louis Frechette delivered an interesting lecture in the Karn Hall last night to the members of the Alliance Francais, on the subject of "My Literary Acquaintances." Half an hour's conversation with Francois Coppee or Victor Sardou, or Victor Hugo, or the younger Dumas, could not be anything but entertaining, and Dr. Frechette convinced the large audience that to a Canadian they were rare friends to know. Pen pictures were drawn of these and other celebrities.

Roofer Killed by a Fall.

Francois Beauchamp, a roofer, 68 years of age, of 398 St. Timothee street, was killed yesterday afternoon as a result of falling from the roof of a three-story building at the corner of St. Genevieve and Lagauchetiere streets, where he was doing some repair work. When picked up he was unconscious, and the ambulance from the General Hospital was called and he was taken to that institution. He died two hours after entering the hospital, without having regained consciousness. He sustained a fracture of the skull, a broken collar bone, and severe internal injuries.

Vincenzo to Stand Trial.

Vincenzo, the Italian charged with obtaining money under false pretences from several of his countrymen, was, yesterday afternoon, committed to stand his trial at the next term of the Court of King's Bench. Vincenzo is the man who is alleged to have arranged with three men to get them to New York and they paid him $20.60 each. Then he bought tickets only as far as Burlington.

Proposed for Membership.

Mr. John Hyde, of the Merchants Bank Building, has been proposed for membership on the Board of Trade by Mr. Alex. McFee, and Mr. E. S. Miller, of the Imperial Life Insurance Company, has been proposed by Mr. E. W. Wilson.

Sent to Verdun.

A man whose name is supposed to be James Steele and believed to have come from the United States, has been sent to Verdun Asylum by the police, as there is no doubt that he is insane.

The Behring Sea Award.

THE HAGUE, November 21. — The award of Councillor Asser, the arbitrator in the matter of the Russia-American Behring sea fisheries question, will, it is now announced, be made public next Saturday.



Pure, Palatable, Popular

Millions are eating MALTA-VITA
It gives Health, Strength, and Happiness

Malta-Vita is the original and only perfectly cooked, thoroughly malted, flaked and toasted whole wheat food, and is manufactured under letters patent.

Insist on getting Malta-Vita, the perfect food, made in Canada—from Canadian grown wheat, by Canadian workmen.

MALTA-VITA PURE FOOD CO.
TORONTO, CANADA.

BANK WILL INCREASE ITS CAPITAL STOCK

Bank of Montreal Shareholders Will Consider Important Question.

WILL SUB-DIVIDE SHARES

It is Proposed to Increase Capital to $15,000,000 and Change Day of Annual Meeting.

It was announced some days ago that the managers of the Bank of Montreal were discussing the advisability of increasing the capital of the bank, the sum of $3,000,000 being mentioned as the probable increase.

It is now announced that a meeting of shareholders has been called for the seventh of January when three propositions will be submitted for approval.

The first is to consider a by-law, authorizing the increase of the capital stock of the Bank, by such amount as may be determined, possibly by $3,000,000, which would make the capital $15,000,000.

The second proposal is that the date of the annual meeting of the Bank (the first Monday in the month of June in each year), be changed to the first Monday of December in each year.

The third proposal is that the directors shall be authorized to apply to Parliament for legislation sub-dividing the existing shares of the capital stock of the bank, which are $200 each, into shares of the par value of $100 each.

ST. GILES' CHURCH BAZAAR OPENED BY THE MAYOR.

The bazaar in aid of St. Giles' Presbyterian Church, which is being held in the lecture hall of All Saints' Church, corner of Marie Anne and St. Denis streets, was formally opened last evening by His Worship Mayor Cochrane.

The hall in which the sale of work is being held is tastily decorated, and it was filled to its utmost capacity last evening, and articles sold very well indeed. The various departments are in charge of the ladies of St. Giles' Church, as follows: Housekeepers' table, Mrs. Hyde; candy table, Mrs. Ryan; ice cream, Mrs. Tylee; fancy goods, Mrs. Walsh, bag table and useful articles, Mrs. McFee; flower table, Mrs. Mackie; handkerchiefs, the young ladies of the choir; refreshments, Mrs. White. Messrs. Willis and Company have kindly placed a piano in the hall, and various selections were rendered on it last evening by the different pianists present, which added much to the enjoyment of the evening. The sale of work will be continued this afternoon and evening, as well as Saturday afternoon and evening.

BIG POWER AT NIAGARA.

The Development of One Hundred Thousand Horse Power Tested.

NIAGARA FALLS, November 21.—Ever since power house No. 2 of the Niagara Falls Power Company was commenced, the question as to the effect of passing 100,000 horse power through the main tunnel has been the subject of discussion and computation. Now that units 11, 12 and 13 of 5,000 h. p. each have been completed in power house No. 2, and units 14, 15 and 16 have been so far completed that water could be passed through the wheel cases without the wheels, it was decided to make a practical test of passing the full quantity of water to be used in power house No. 2 through the tunnel, in addition to the full operation of power house No. 1, and of the paper mill. This was done Wednesday, commencing about 10 o'clock, and closing at 5.15 p.m., during which time a variety of hydraulic experiments were conducted to the end above referred to. At one time the paper mill, using 8,000 horse power, was, by the kindness of the company, shut down completely, so that the effect of this additional power could be observed. The results of the tests are said to have been entirely satisfactory, the tunnel discharging all the water used in a development of 100,000 horse power. The effect upon the lower river by the doubling of the discharge through the tunnel was noted. The increased current impinged with considerable force upon the Canadian side, dividing the foam carried by the surface current, so that part of it passed up stream and part down. It is believed that this will aid rather than deter the formation of ice bridges by keeping the floating ice well up stream.

RICH CARGO OF SILK.

Canadian Pacific Bringing Valuable Train Load Eastward.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., November 21.—A despatch from Winnipeg, Manitoba, says that the richest cargo of silk ever carried over the Canadian Pacific Railroad, will be ferried across the St. Lawrence to this point within a few days, it having passed through Winnipeg on Wednesday. The train consists of thirteen cars loaded with silk from the Orient for Boston, New York and European points. The total value is estimated at nine million seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Death Due to Indigestion.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

QUEBEC, November 21.—A letter from a lumber camp in the vicinity of St. Simon records a sudden death there under rather dramatic circumstances. A young man named Brien, after eating a hearty supper recently, went to bed as usual with his sleeping companion. When the latter woke up in the morning he found his bed mate cold in death. The unfortunate youth had succumbed to congestion of the lungs caused by indigestion.

Smallpox in Beauce.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

QUEBEC, November 21.—The last news from Beauce is to the effect that the smallpox is spreading rapidly there, especially in the parishes of St. Joseph, St. George, St. Benoit, St. Victoire, and St. Ephrem. There are also a number of cases at Ste. Anne de la Pocatiere, including four at the college, the latter having been removed, so that the institution is now free of the disease.

Committed Suicide at St. Paul.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

QUEBEC, November 21.—A servant girl in town, named Bedard, whose family belongs to Bellechasse, received a letter yesterday informing her that one of her brothers, only twenty years of age, had committed suicide in St. Paul, Minn., by shooting himself in the head, because his love had not been reciprocated by the object of his affections.

Hunter Shot Through Head.

ALLEGAN, Mich., November 21.—The body of George Myers, of Cheshire township, was brought here yesterday. A party of four were hunting eight miles north of Newberry when one of the party, Galbraith, of Lalota, took him for a deer and shot him through the head. Myers was 50 years old. He leaves two boys and three girls and was a prosperous farmer.

Lehigh Valley Railway Presidency.

PHILADELPHIA, November 21. — At the offices of the Lehigh Valley Railway Company in this city, it was stated yesterday that a successor to President Walter would not be elected until the annual meeting of the company on January 30. President Thomas, of the Erie Company, who is chairman of the executive committee of the Lehigh Valley Company, will act in the capacity of president until the new head of the Lehigh Valley is chosen.

FIERCE BLAZE AT OTTAWA LAST NIGHT.

Premises of George Orme and Son Gutted by Fire—Loss Covered By Insurance.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

OTTAWA, November 21. — In three quarters of an hour last evening the premises of Messrs. George Orme and Son and their immense stock of musical instruments were destroyed by fire. The fire broke out in the basement, originating in a basket of waste paper some feet away from the furnace, being carried by the draft to the elevator shaft and thence to the top of the building where the factory was situated.

The building was a supposedly fire proof one, and it is a curious fact that the floor immediately above the store was left intact, whilst the store and the two upper floors were gutted. The building was lined with beautifully grained oil hard wood and this burnt fiercely, the whole building apparently being on fire immediately.

The structure was almost new and was erected at a cost of $30,000, whilst the stock was valued at over $100,000. The whole is well covered with insurance. At one time it was feared that the fire would extend to the Orme Hall at the rear to the Mounted Police stores, where $40,000 worth of clothing has recently been placed and to the adjoining buildings on Sparks street, but Chief Prevost and his brigade worked well and succeeded by hard fighting in confining the fire to the original building.

UNITED STATES AND NEWFOUNDLAND.

Opposition to Bond-Hay Agreement May be Strong Enough to Kill it.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

WASHINGTON, D. C. November 21.—The Massachusetts and Maine fishing interests are lining up to make a fight against the ratification of the new commercial treaty with Newfoundland, just successfully negotiated by Secretary of State Hay and Sir Robert Bond.

It is known that Senators Lodge and Hour, of Massachusetts, will make a fight against the treaty and inasmuch as Senator Lodge is himself a member of the Senate Committee on foreign relations, he is in a position to aid greatly in determining the fate of the treaty.

The senators from the State of Maine have also indicated their opposition to the treaty, so that it runs a chance of being killed.

COUNTERFEIT MONEY WAS WELL MADE.

TORONTO, November 21.—G. W. Sinclair, an expert in engraving connected with the British North American Bank Note Company, of New York, arrived in Toronto and called on Inspector Stark. He inspected the various samples of the counterfeit bills found in the possession of old Wm. Stewart. This money consists of two kinds; one fairly well executed, calculated to deceive any but a careful observer; the other, a very dangerous counterfeit, one that no one would suspect. These came from two sources. Stewart made the inferior lot and some one else the other one.

Mutiny on a Gunboat.

WASHINGTON, November 21.—The Isiet De Luzon, one of the Spanish gunboats captured at Manila by Admiral Dewey, is en route to New York with forty-eight of her men in irons. The vessel, which has been doing guard duty in the Philippines for about three years, started recently for New York, proceeding from Manila via Singapore. Advices received indicate that on the trip to Singapore some of the machinery worked badly, creating a panic among the crew, and causing a mutiny.

Pacific Cable Taken Over.

VICTORIA, B. C., November 21.—Mr. Dearlove, who has been conducting a test of the Pacific cable at Bamfield station, is here on his way to London. He found the cable entirely satisfactory and has formally taken it over for the cable board from the construction company. A speed of 110 letters a minute was obtained which is ten per cent. higher than expected.

Chamber of Commerce Delegates.

TORONTO, November 21. — Eleven of the delegates from the London Chamber of Commerce arrived here last evening from Ottawa. They were met by representatives of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association and spent a quiet evening. A banquet will be held to-night.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Among the arrivals at the hotels to-day were the following:

At the Windsor—R. Morris, New York; G. A. McLaughlin, Boston; R. Boudreau, Ottawa; F. A. Daley, Philadelphia; F. W. Powell, Ottawa; F. W. Daniel, St. John, N.B.; H. J. McDonald, Alexandria; J. R. Martin, Sault Ste. Marie; J. H. Porter, Toronto; R. C. Kincaid, Toronto; J. M. Fulton, jr., New York; J. D. Davis, Kings, Ont.; G. Weldon, Toronto.

At the Place Viger Hotel—L. R. Desilet, Lieut.-Col. E. G. Piche, Joliette; C. Lawton Work, New York; T. Bellyrand, Col. Sherwood, Ottawa; J. T. Weldon, Grand Mere; John Houlston, Three Rivers; E. Edwards and wife, E. A. Williams and wife, Toronto.

At the Hall—H. Dubois, Toronto; J. F. Watson, Hawkesbury; Aug. Plamondon, St. Cesaire; G. A. Delhack, New York; G. A. Shtdiac, Parmouth, N.Y.; W. O. Talbot, Providence, R.I.; F. P. Moxon, Boston; M. S. Delisle, Portneuf; H. H. Ingram, Sherbrooke.

At the Queen's—D. M. Macpherson, Lancaster; A. B. Cowan, Galt; Mrs. W. M. Couly, Plattsburg; A. Dubois, New York; W. L. Magee and H. C. Magee, Ottawa; R. Turner, Toronto; F. C. Hare, Ottawa; W. M. Miller, St. Louis, Mo.; L. A. Pagent, Hawkesbury.

At the Hotel Carslake — Messrs. E. Thompson, Halifax; Jos. Ehrlich, Philadelphia; F. Frank O'Rourke, Rock Island; Robert Howe, Toronto; A. S. Hurd, Sherbrooke; H. P. Winslow, New York; J. L. Flanagan, Winnipeg; Geo. Fripp, Boston; Alex. Henderson, Toronto; B. Elliott, Windsor, N.S.

At the Albion Hotel—J. C. Smith, Burlington, Ont.; H. Swift, Utica, N.Y.; E. A. Pepper, Toronto; W. Anderson, A. R. Jamieson and wife, Buffalo; W. Watson, M. Martin, Detroit; R. Douglas and wife, A. Currie, John Green, Boston; F. D. Harrison, M. Nallson, Buffalo; R. Purnlss, G. Gorman and R. D. Russell, Toronto.

At the St. James—Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Meehan, Island Pond; J. C. Kennedy, Granby; M. L. Fraser, Valleyfield; F. E. Lapan, Moore's Junction; H. A. Allen, Massena Springs, N.Y.; Francois Charles, Malone, N.Y.; C. Robinson, Valleyfield; F. C. Walker, Windsor Mills; N. J. Parker, Bombay, N.Y.; M. A. Russell Bombay N.Y.; Mr. and Mrs. W. Herronn, Paul Smith, New York; Thomas Banning Newcombe, N.Y.; Mr. and Mrs. James McBride, Sabobth's; Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McPhail Layside.

At the Russell House—E. B. Fisher, S. F. Hill, Coaticook; J. Dupont, M. Dupont, Providence, R.I.; G. H. Noble, Marbleton; Charles Amiet, Saratoga; B. J. Hastings and wife, St. Armand; H. F. Titees, Island Pond; George Long, Sherbrooke; J. B. Dempster, Gananoque; Thomas Christie, Mystic; Mrs. Clark, Coaticook; D. May, Walter Arkeson, Hudson, N.Y.; Alb. Kendall, W. A. Parrott, England.

At the Stanley—W. H. Adams, Albany; W. J. Garrett, Brooklyn; R. C. Turner, Vernon, B.C.; F. W. Sanford, New York; J. Langevin, Quebec; J. M. Lawrence, Quebec.

CARRIE NATION'S LITTLE HATCHET

Caused a Scene at New York's Fashionable Horse Show.

DENOUNCED THE DRESSES

Harrangued the Crowd and Then Attempted to Crack a Bottle of Wine.

NEW YORK, November 21.—Mrs. Carrie Nation broke loose at the Horse Show yesterday afternoon. She harrangued the multitude on the evils of over-dress, attempted to break a bottle of champagne and finally was ejected from the building by the police.

Mrs. Nation entered the garden quietly and took a seat in the tier. She had been there only a few minutes when her gaze rested on the box where some of the Vanderbilt family were sitting. She studied her programme, and then descended to the promenade. Stationing herself in front of the Vanderbilt box she delivered a tirade on over-dress. In the box were seated Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt, Reginald Vanderbilt and Miss Neilson; Alfred G. Vanderbilt was leaning against the rail of the promenade and did not see Mrs. Nation approaching.

"You ought to be ashamed of yourselves," the woman screamed at them, "you ought to be ashamed to wear such disgraceful clothing. Take them off, take them off at once, and attire yourselves more modestly."

Alfred G. Vanderbilt hastily left his position at the railing and came over to where Mrs. Nation was standing wiping her forehead with a handkerchief. He whispered something in her ear, and pushed her away.

ATTRACTED A CROWD.

The outburst of the woman attracted a great crowd of people, and the occupants of the Vanderbilt box were evidently much embarrassed. Mrs. Nation then turned her attention to other boxes. Finally, she started for the cafe, where she bore down on a party of gentlemen who were drinking wine. Mrs. Nation seized the bottle and glaring at the men shouted: "Young men, don't drink such filthy stuff. You are going straight to hell. Where is the man who sells this damnable stuff? Show him to me, and I will tell him what I think of him."

Mrs. Nation's request was speedily granted by the sudden appearance of M. Villepigue, the caterer of the Garden.

"Get out of this horrible business," she shouted at him. "You are also going to hell, and ruining the bodies and souls of men. You are dragging them down with you. Shame on you, shame on you."

The proprietor, however, pounced upon Mrs. Nation, and rescued the bottle which she had repeatedly brandished in the air to emphasize her remarks. The police forced her out of the building. As Mrs. Nation's skirts disappeared, a couple of hundred men gathered in the lobby and sang "Good morning, Carrie," and the crowd outside took up the refrain.

PRICE LIST MAKES CONTRACT.

An Interesting Point Decided by Judge Morson.

TORONTO, November 21. — Yesterday Judge Morson handed down a written judgment in a case tried by him in the Divisional Court. The E. W. Gillett Company, of this city, sued W. H. Gillard and Co., of Hamilton, to get $19.84, balance on a yeast bill, having sent the usual circular of prices. These prices, the defence maintained, were raised, or, rather, the price of the yeast, the only line of Gillett's goods bought by Gillard, was raised, because that was the only line bought by the Hamilton firm. The Toronto firm denied this, and relied upon its published catalogue of prices, which has a clause stating that prices are "subject to change without notice." The judge said: "There is no question but that any vendor can sell at what price he pleases, and can change these prices from time to time as he sees fit; but this he cannot do if he has fixed his prices by contract with his customers. In this case the sending of the price list was an offer to sell the yeast at the prices mentioned in it; and the ordering of yeast by the defendants was an acceptance of that offer, and that constituted a contract at prices quoted; and the shipping of the yeast must be taken as having been done under this contract, which fixed the price and which price the plaintiffs, therefore, could not change as they sought to do. The plaintiffs can charge the defendants only the price quoted in the wholesale list; which the defendants paid before action, and the plaintiff cannot recover the increased price claim, which is $19.16. I find judgment for the defendants, with costs."

WAS SHOT IN THE BACK.

Colorado Mine Manager Victim of Unknown Man.

DENVER, Colo., November 21.—Four surgeons hurried from this city yesterday to Telluride, Colo., by special train to attend Arthur L. Collins, general manager of the Smuggler-Union Mining Company, who was shot Wednesday night by an unknown assassin. Mr. Collins was playing cards with friends in the library of the company's office building at Pandora, when a charge of buckshot was fired through the window into his back. The man who fired the shot escaped. Mr. Collins, it is reported, has only a bare fighting chance for life. Buckshot penetrated his kidneys, stomach and lungs, but these have been removed. What news of the shooting reached Denver, Benj. B. Lawrence, of Boston, Mass., president of the Smuggler-Union Company, chartered a special train to take him, Mrs. Collins, and the surgeons to Telluride. Mr. Collins is president of the Colorado Mine Owners' and Managers' Association. He was manager of the Smuggler-Union mine during the strike of 1901, when a riot occurred in which several men were killed. He is an Englishman.

PORT COLBORNE IMPROVEMENTS.

Hon. A. G. Blair Inspected the New Works on Thursday.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

PORT COLBORNE, Ont., November 21. —Hon. A. G. Blair, Minister of Railways and Canals; Mr. Collingwood Schrieber, Deputy Minister, and Secretary Payne arrived here at noon yesterday on Government car Ottawa. Messrs. German, Gibson, Weller, Hogan, Lawler and Reeve Carter accompanied the ministers to the breakwater, which they inspected, also the new elevator piers outside and inside the harbour, and the other harbour improvements, which will be completed as soon as possible. It is also proposed to light the Welland Canal with electricity, about four hundred lights in all, 150 to be used in lighting the 25 locks, and the balance along the other portions of canal.

The Tragedy at Rochester.

ROCHESTER, N.Y., November 21. The coroner's inquest into the death of Florence MacFarlane was concluded yesterday afternoon. The coroner finds that Miss MacFarlane came to her death as the result of stab wounds inflicted by Mrs. Lulu Miller Youngs. Mrs. Youngs was held for the grand jury.

Miss Astor Arrives From England.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

NEW YORK, November 20.—Pauline Astor, daughter of William Waldorf Astor, the world's greatest heiress, arrived unexpectedly yesterday on the Majestic. She was accompanied by her maid and governess.

Murdered in the Woods.

ALPENA, Mich., November 21.—John Watson, aged 27, of Standish, is the latest addition to the list of dead hunters for the season and it looks as if he was deliberately murdered. He was standing on a stump about three feet above the ground in Long Rapids township when his companion noticed another hunter raise his gun, take deliberate aim and fire at Watson. The bullet struck him in the head, causing instant death. The stranger then took to his heels and fording the Thunder Bay River disappeared from view.

NICODENA GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER.

Sentenced to Ten Years in Dannemora Prison.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

OGDENSBURG, N.Y., Nov. 21.—The jury brought in a verdict of guilty of manslaughter in the third degree, in the case of Speratti Nicodena at Canton yesterday afternoon and he was sentenced to ten years at hard labour in Dannemora prison, by Judge Houghton. The prisoner's story of the killing was that early in the morning he and Sincolfi had a quarrel in which the latter drew a razor and threatened to kill him. He knocked Sincolfi down in the fight and becoming frightened ran down the track toward the station and told two other Italians what had occurred and they told him not to be afraid. He asked them to set out his dinner pail for him and he later got it and went toward Tupper Lake. In coming back from toward the shanty, he saw Sincolfi with a rifle which was loaded and he went in and grappled with Sincolfi for the gun and being afraid he would be killed, he grabbed up a stick of hard wood and struck Sincolfi over the head. Sincolfi dropped to the floor.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

(It must again be stipulated that all queries must bear the names and addresses of enquirers, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. No attention will hereafter be paid to anonymous queries.)

FATHERS OF CONFEDERATION.

M. J. W., Amherst. — The following statement will answer your question about the fathers of Confederation. Of those who took part in the deliberations of 1865, which resulted on 1st July, 1867, in the union of the four provinces of Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick, as the Dominion of Canada, the following are alive at the present date:

Hon. Wm. McDougall, C. B., born January 25, 1822.

Hon. Sir Oliver Mowat, G.C.M.G., born July 20, 1820.

Hon. Sir Hector Langevin, K.C.M.G., C.B., born August 25, 1826.

Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., G.C.M.G., C.B., born July 2, 1821.

Hon. Sir W. P. Howland, K.C.M.G., born May 29, 1811.

Hon. R. B. Dickey, K.C., senator, born November 10, 1811.

Hon. Sir Ambrose Shea, K.C.M.G. (Nfld.), born 1818.

Hon. T. A. McDonald, senator, born February 14, 1822.

The following is a list of those who have died, with the date of their deaths, and the province they represented in the conference:

Hon. Sir E. P. Tache, Quebec, 30th July, 1865.

Hon. Ed. Whalen, P. E. Island, 10th December, 1867.

Hon. T. D'Arcy McGee, Quebec, 7th April, 1868.

Hon. J. M. Johnson, New Brunswick, 8th November, 1868.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier, Bart., Quebec, 20th May, 1873.

Hon. W. H. Steeves, New Brunswick, 9th December, 1873.

Hon. George Coles, P. E. Island, 21st August, 1875.

Hon. Mr. Justice J. McCully, Nova Scotia, 2nd January, 1877.

Hon. W. H. Pope, P. E. Island, 7th October, 1879.

Hon. E. B. Chandler, New Brunswick, 6th February, 1880.

Hon. George Brown, Ontario, 9th May, 1880.

Hon. Charles Fisher, New Brunswick, 8th December, 1880.

Hon. J. Cockburn, Ontario, 14th August, 1883.

Hon. J. C. Chapais, Quebec, 17th July, 1885.

Hon. Col. J. H. Gray, P. E. Island, 18th August, 1887.

Hon. Mr. Justice Henry (Wm. A.), Nova Scotia, 3rd May, 1888.

Hon. Mr. Justice Gray (J. H.), New Brunswick, 8th June, 1889.

Hon. E. Palmer, chief justice, P.E.I., 3rd November, 1889.

Rt.-Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, G.C.B., Ontario, 6th June, 1891.

Hon. Sir Alexander Campbell, K.C.M.G., Ontario, 24th May, 1892.

Hon. Sir Adams G. Archibald, K.C.M.G., Nova Scotia, 14th December, 1892.

Hon. Sir Alexander Galt, Quebec, 19th September, 1893.

Hon. T. Heath Haviland, P. E. Island, 11th September, 1895.

Hon. Sir Samuel Leonard Tilley, K.C.M.G., Newfoundland, 1st March, 1900.

BRANDY PEACHES.

W. W., Sarnia, Ont.—Here is a recipe for brandy peaches: Let the peaches be white and sound; rub with a cloth to remove their down; prick the surfaces and lay them in cold water; drain this off and place them in a basin, covering with fresh cold water, into which has been added a small piece of alum; set the basin on the fire, and as soon as the liquid begins to heat, stir the fruits about from time to time, and when they float on top of the liquid remove and throw them again into cold water. Drain and arrange them in one-quart glass jars, having a quarter of a vanilla stick in each, and cover with good white brandy. Close the bottles hermetically and stand them in a cool place to leave for fifteen days, and then drain off the brandy into a basin, add sugar to it, allowing three pounds for each gallon; stir well to melt the sugar; then pour this liquor over the peaches; cork the jars so that no air whatever can enter and lay aside in a cool place.

THE CANADIAN CENSUS.

Aloe, Prescott.—The population of Canada in 1891, and the present population, according to the census of 1901, by provinces, are shown by the following tabulated statement:

	1901.	1891.
Prince Edward Island....	103,259	109,078
Nova Scotia	459,574	450,396
New Brunswick	331,120	321,263
Quebec	1,648,898	1,488,535
Ontario	2,182,942	2,114,321
Manitoba	254,947	152,506
British Columbia	177,272	98,173
North-West	158,941	32,168
Yukon	27,167	.....
Unorganized districts	25,546	.....
Total	5,369,666	4,833,239

THE HALIFAX GARRISON.

Reader.—The Leinster Regiment was withdrawn from Halifax soon after the outbreak of the South African war and was replaced by the Second Special Service Battalion, Royal Canadian Infantry, on March 26, 1900.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS.

Candidate.—The civil service examinations will take place at the Monument Nationals, on November 11, 12, 13 and 14. Write to A. D. DeCelles, Ottawa, for any information you require.

THE GIBSON SISTERS.

Cal.—There are no theatrical people by the name of Gobson that we have ever heard of. You have probably mixed up the "Gibson Girl" with some theatrical artists.

PEAT-MAKING.

E. M. S.—Write to the Scientific American, New York City, or to Prof. Sahlstrom, Newington, Ont.

ABOUT COINS.

L. M. K.—The coin you write about is of no value.

SONG WANTED.

Mrs. M.—Apply to Street's, on Bleury street.

"THE ORNAMENTAL NUTMEG."

A wooden nutmeg,—a pictured peach,—or a shoddy shoe,—may be so finished as to rank with "Works of Art."

But all three are strictly ornamental!

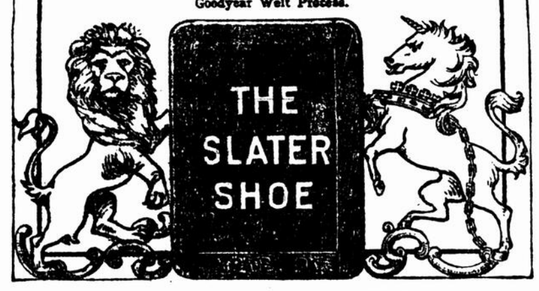
They are made to sell—not made to use.

Reliable leather would be wasted in shoes with such a purpose.

The Slater shoe has wear for its first purpose, and so uses such leather for its uppers and soles, as will ensure creditable service.

It is a "Conscience Shoe," and the Makers could not shirk responsibility,—since every pair is sold with their own valuation, stamped on the soles in a slate frame, viz. $3.50 and $5.00.

Goodyear Welt Process.



225 St. James street
47 St. Lawrence street
2447 St. Catherine street
1551 St. Catherine street

Montreal, Ottawa, Winnipeg, Toronto, Hamilton, London, 200 Agencies.

A Question Worth Considering.

Is it more profitable to purchase an ill-fitting and badly made suit or overcoat Tailor Made—and thus make a supposed saving in the first outlay?

The day of reckoning comes—such garments become shapeless—Question arises Could not "FIT-REFORM" have filled the bill?

Thousands are wearing

FIT-REFORM

FIT-REFORM CLOTHING

Tailor Made Garments, Ready to Wear

—"There must be a reason"—Perchance a trial would convince—Come to the

Fit-Reform Wardrobe,

2344 ST. CATHERINE STREET.

WILLOW-PATTERN CHINA.

Liverpool.—The willow pattern on china is one that has been largely used by English potters, who adopted it from the Chinese decorators. The patterning is familiar to those people. To the right is a lordly mandarin's country seat, two storeys high, to show the rank and wealth of the possessor. In the background is an orange tree, and in the foreground a pavilion, to the right of which is a peach tree in full bearing. The estate is enclosed by an elegant wooden fence. At one end of the bridge is the famous willow tree, and at the other the gardener's cottage, one story high, and so humble that the grounds are wholly uncultivated, the only green thing being a small fir tree at the back. At the top of the pattern, on the left-hand side, is an island, with a cottage; the grounds are highly cultivated, and much has been reclaimed from the water. The two birds shown are turtle doves. The three figures on the bridge are the mandarin's daughter, with a distaff, nearest the cottage, the lover, with a box, in the middle, and nearest the willow tree, the mandarin with a whip. The tradition on which the pattern is founded is a most romantic one. The mandarin had an only daughter, named Li-chi, who fell in love with Chang, a young man who lived in the island home represented at the top of the pattern, and who had been her father's secretary. The father overheard them one day making vows of love under the orange tree, and sternly forbade the unequal match; but the lovers contrived to elope, lay concealed for a while in the gardener's cottage, and thence made their escape in a boat to the young lover's island home. The enraged mandarin pursued them with a whip, and would have beaten them to death had not the gods rewarded their fidelity by changing them into turtle doves. The picture is called the willow pattern, not only because it is a tale of disastrous love but because the elopement occurred "when the willow begins to shed its leaves."

MATCHES AND GUNPOWDER.

Austrian.—A Mr. Desorme made a lucifer match in Paris in 1816, but the first attempt to introduce matches as a commercial commodity was made by a Mr. Joseph Walker, a druggist of Stockton-on-Tees, England, in 1827. They were sold at the rate of 84 for a shilling. The first making of gunpowder is lost in antiquity. It is known that something very similar to modern gunpowder was used by the Chinese years before the Christian era. The first record in modern history of gunpowder was in the seventh century, when it was used by the Byzantine

RATES
—FOR—
Prepaid Classified Advertisements
In the MONTREAL DAILY STAR.

SITUATIONS WANTED, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.

PUPILS WANTED, 10 cents for 10 words or less and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

All other "WANTED" ads, 25 cents for 25 words or less and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

ROOMS TO LET, 10 cents for 20 words or less and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.

BOARD, 10 cents for 20 words or less and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.

FOUND, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.

TO LET, HOUSES, STORES, ETC., 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

LOST, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

BUSINESS CHANCES, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word each insertion.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

The above rates are NET CASH with order. When such advertisements are not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for classified advertisements of less than five lines.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — ROSLYN AVENUE, WESTmount, two lots, 50 x 111 each; price 40c per foot. D. W. Ogilvie and Co., Stock Exchange Building. 256 tf

FOR SALE — 869 ELM AVENUE, Westmount, stone front, modern house, 10 rooms, cheap, or would change for free land in Westmount. D. W. Ogilvie and Co., Stock Exchange Building. 256 tf

FOR SALE — DORCHESTER STREET, Westmount, fine corner house, 10 rooms, all modern improvements, a bargain. D. W. Ogilvie and Co., Stock Exchange Building. 256 tf

FOR SALE — LOT OF LAND FRONTING on Boulevard and Westmount ave., 105 x 262, a bargain. D. W. Ogilvie and Co., Stock Exchange Building. 256 tf

FOR SALE — 8 CENTS A FOOT (IF SOLD at once). Hutchison street, two minutes' walk from Montreal electric cars, in a thriving locality, where over 500 homes have recently been built, also church, school and large hotel. Water pipes laid within a few yards. 300 feet frontage, 60,000 square feet in all; only $1,020 cash, balance in six yearly payments. Box F, 1020, Star Office. 273 5

FOR SALE — STONE FRONT COTTAGE, 406 Burnside Place, off Guy st., above St. Catherine, extension kitchen, hot water heat, moderate price. Apply 403 Burnside Place. 276 3

FOR SALE — OR TO LET 241 CLARKE avenue, oak finish, white maple floors, beautifully decorated, one of the most desirable residences in Westmount, might accept a small cottage as part payment. T. H. Vandurzee, 10 La Presse Bldg. 271 6

FARMS FOR SALE.

FARM FOR SALE, ONE MILE FROM village schools and churches, will sell cheap to prompt buyer. For further particulars apply to Jno. Fleet, New Glasgow, P. Q. 271 6

FOR SALE — FARM AT MOUNT ROYAL Ave., one mile from Villa Maria electric cars and C.P.R. pass on property. Apply 1572 St. James st.

FOR SALE — FARMS OF 50 AND 100 arpents near the city and property in Montreal containing many tenements. H. Cohler, 69 St. James. 276 2

HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED — FOR DECEMBER A SMALL house or flat furnished or unfurnished, must be in east end central. P. O. Box 2427. 273 5

WANTED IMMEDIATELY COMPLETELY furnished house for small family, no children, rent must be moderate. Address C. 2099, Star Office. 276 2

BUSINESS PREMISES TO LET.

TO RENT — HANDSOME STORE, St. Catherine st., north side, near McGill College. For particulars address W. 9580, Star Branch Office. 274 3

RESIDENTIAL FLATS WANTED.

WANTED — A FURNISHED OR UNfurnished house of small house, between Bleury and St. Mark sts., terms moderate, family of two. W. 9580, Star Office. 2271 tf.

WANTED — FLAT OR UPPER TENEment for three people, west of Park ave., occupation in March. Give particulars and price C. 2261 Star Office. 276 2

OFFICES TO LET.

TO LET — FINE GROUND FLOOR OFfices, with vault, newly renovated, in perfect order. W. F. Lewis, 30 Hospital st. 276 2

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE, VERY ELEGANTly furnished 12 roomed house, situated on St. Louis square, completely furnished, including kitchen utensils, bedding, china and silverware, fitted throughout with electric lighting and hot water heating, stable room for two horses and carriages, immediate possession until April 15th. Apply N. G. Valiquette, 1547 St. Catherine street. 256 tf

HOUSES TO LET.

HOUSE TO LET, LOWER TENEMENT, 74½ Sherbrooke st., eight rooms, bath and w.c., steam heating. Apply 93 Aylmer st. 274 4

HORSES, CARRIAGES, ETC.

FOR SALE — A DARK BROWN MARE, 6 years old, 16½ hands, perfectly sound, fast and stylish; first class horse for a lady. Cunningham Can be seen 18 MacGregor st. 273 5

FOR SALE — PAIR OF GOOD SERVICEable horses, cheap. Can be seen at 248 St. Charles Borromee st. 274 4

FOR SALE — A DARK BAY HIGH BRED mare, 16 hands, 7 years old, weighs in neighbourhood of 1200 pounds. A fine shooting mare. Apply to Business Office, the Star. 276 6

FOR SALE — GOOD CHANCE FOR PROMPT buyer, one speeder sleigh, made Berard and Major, cost $110, one family carriage harness, nearly new, cost $60, one Bagby piano box and rubber tire buggy, nearly new, will sell cheap. 124 Papineau 276 2

PUPILS WANTED.

WANTED — PUPILS FOR BURNT WORK. 702 Sherbrooke st 271 6

WANTED — BY LADY TEACHER PUPILS for forenoons or evenings, English branches, mathematics, etc. Highest references. Box X. 9641, Star Branch Office. 275 2

WANTED — PUPILS, FRENCH, ENGLISH, bookkeeping, arithmetic, shorthand taught privately by experienced professor. L. 2164, Star Office. 276 2end

WANTED — PUPILS FOR PIANO, DAY OR evening, $1.25 per month. 222 Bleury st. 276 2

WANTED — PUPILS IN GERMAN BY A competent lady teacher, one having passed examinations in Berlin, Germany. 145a St. Lawrence. 275 2

MEDICAL.

LADIES' AILMENTS TREATED. ALL cases accepted; seclusion; confinements. Bryson Med. Home, 132 York street, Buffalo, N.Y. 266 20

HERNIA CURED WITHOUT PAIN NOR operation. For confidential references, write to Box 29, St. Louis de Gonzague, County of Beauharnois, P. Q. 268 12

SITUATION VACANT.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED OPERATORS on Wheeler & Wilson and Singer sewing machines; steady employment. We do not work Saturday afternoons. Apply to John P. Black and Co., 183 Vitre st. 234 tf

WANTED, — LATHE HANDS, DRILL press hands, brass finishers, tool makers, pattern makers and machinists. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Canada. 254 tf

WANTED — A BUTLER, WITH REFERences Apply at 585 Dorchester st. west. 260 tf

WANTED — OPERATORS AND FINISHers on blouses, good wages, electric machines, bright workroom. Apply to Miss Stairs, Jas. A. Ogilvy and Sons.

WANTED—A GLOVE AND MITT TRAVELler having a good connection in Ontario. Apply to St. Lawrence Glove Works, Quebec. 263 15

WANTED — FIFTY EXPERIENCED operators on shirts, in all branches of the work. Apply at once Crescent Manufacturing Co., 2 Inspector st. 264 30

WANTED — FIRST CLASS NON-UNION moulders and machinists to take the place of strikers. Highest wages and steady employment. Apply, stating experience, references and wages expected, to Lincoln Iron Works, Rutland, Vt. 266 30

TEN DOLLARS INVESTED IN YOUR OWN home will give employment to whole family or single individual. Write for information. Glasgow Woollen Company, Toronto, Canada. 266 13

WANTED — EXPERIENCED WHITEwear operators, silk waist operators and blouse hands, steady work all year round and best prices. Apply at once Crescent Manufacturing Co., 2 Inspector st. 268 10

WANTED AT ONCE EXPERIENCED examiners on ladies' whitewear and blouses. Apply Crescent Manufacturing Co., 2 Inspector st. 272 6

WANTED — TWO GOOD MEN FOR RIP and swing saws, also finishers and hand-carvers, personal applications preferred. The Dominion Furniture Mfg. Co., Limited, St. Therese. 272 5

WANTED — AT ONCE A GOOD GENERAL servant; must cook well, three in family; no children. Apply at 148 Bishop st., with references. 274 3

WANTED — OPERATORS ON SHIRTS, pants and overalls, steady work the year through. Robert C. Wilkins, 2086 St. Catherine, corner Bleury. 272 6

WANTED — A GOOD, INTELLIGENT BOY to work around an office and go messages. Apply with references to Advertising Dept., Star Branch Office, corner Peel and St. Catherine sts. 274 3

WANTED— OPERATORS FOR PLAIN AND special machines, best prices paid; steady work; not work Saturday afternoons. Apply to Mrs. Weintz, at The G. H. Harrower Co., No. 11 Latour st. 274 6

WANTED — AT ONCE GOOD GENERAL servant. Apply 458 Elm avenue 274 3

WANTED — TRAVELLER AND MANAGER for woels, tops, yarns, etc.; must be capable, energetic, trustworthy and have good connection with users. Address, stating salary, qualifications, etc. Box 140, Central Press Agency, Toronto. 274 4

WANTED — AT ONCE A COOK AND A housemaid, man servant kept. Apply by letter, stating references and wages expected, to Mrs. MacDougall, Infantry Barracks, St. Johns, Que.

WANTED — SMART MAN KNOWING hotel-drug trade, Quebec Province, to represent English house, medicated wines, pharmaceutical preparations. Apply with credentials, Egyptian Damiana Company, Church street, Toronto. 274 3 3aw

WANTED—MAN KNOWING JUNK BUSIness for canvassing and negotiating business; must be capable and sober and have good references. Wilcock, 25 Common st. 274 2eod

WANTED — A BRIGHT YOUNG MAN AS shipper for manufacturing concern. Apply Box R. 2199, Star Office. 275 2

WANTED — OPERATORS ON LADIES' skirts and coats, fine work; steady employment. The Boas-Feisen Co., 40 St. Antoine street. 275 2

WANTED — SCULPTORS. APPLY TO ST. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co., Carpenters' Shop, in the afternoon. 275 3

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY A LADY AS mother's help. Apply after 7 o'clock p.m. to Mrs. Gilmour, 22 St. Matthew st. 275 2

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT, WELL recommended, small family; good wages. Address 44 Coursol st. 275 2

WANTED — OFFICE BOY FOR A LARGE mercantile institution, good prospects of advancement. Apply to R, 2182, Star Office. 275 3

WANTED — A FIRST CLASS MAN TO act as outside inspector; good wages and permanent position to right party. Apply after 9 a.m. to Meter Dept., 160 McCord st. 275 3

WANTED — A YOUNG MAN FOR GENERal office work, good references. State age and salary expected. Apply S, 2217, Star Office. 275 2

WANTED — COLLAR AND TRIMMING runners, button hole and shirt operators, soft shirt folders, lad to help with ironing machines. Skelton Bros. and Co., Duke and William. 275 3

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT FOR family of five, where nurse is kept, must be a good cook and have city references, apply Mrs J. A. Mathewson, Jr., 112 Milton st. 275 2

WANTED — BRASS FINISHERS. JAMES Morrison Brass Mfg. Co., 95 West Adelaide st., Toronto. 275 3

WANTED A HOUSEMAID, GOOD wages, must have references. Apply 182 University st 275 2

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY AN EXPERIenced general servant for small family; no washing. Apply in the evening between 7 and 9, 72 Dorchester st 275 tf

WANTED — AT ONCE BOY FOR FACtory. Apply at office, The Standard Shirt Co. Limited, DeLorimier avenue 275 2

WANTED — CUTTER, CAPABLE OF CUTting negligee shirts, long knife preferred. Montreal Shirt and Overall Co., Limited. 275 2

WANTED A STRONG BOY OR MAN TO assist with furnaces. Address 416a Richmond st

WANTED — A TRAVELLER, ACQUAINted with gents furnishings, with connections in Eastern Townships and Ottawa Valley, one speaking both languages preferred. Apply, stating salary and references, W, 2253, Star Office. 275 2

WANTED SALESMAN IN LADIES' FURnishing store, must speak French and English. Good wages. Apply 131 Main st.

WANTED GIRLS FOR THE MANGLE room. Troy Laundry Co., 8 Inspector st. 276 2

WANTED A SMART YOUTH WHO writes a good hand and is quick at figures, for marking and sorting room. Troy Laundry Co., 8 Inspector st. 276 2

WANTED A YOUNG GIRL TO HELP about the house and mind children; a good chance for the right girl. References. 16 Torrance st

WANTED — NURSE FOR TWO CHILdren Apply 15 Springfield ave 276 2

WANTED — AT ONCE A YOUNG GENEral servant; no washing or ironing; reference required. 99 Park avenue, corner of Prince Arthur st. 276 2

WANTED — TARLEMAID. APPLY HOTEL Carslake, 573 St. James st.

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT; MUST be good plain cook, another servant kept. References required. Apply 427 Mount Pleasant avenue.

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT FOR light housework; no washing. Apply 66 Columbia avenue, Westmount. 276 2

WANTED — A YOUNG WOMAN FOR housework from 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. No washing. No Sunday work. Address X. 9658, Star Branch Office. 276 2

WANTED A WELL EDUCATED BOY for a manufacturer's office. Apply in own handwriting and state references, to P. O. Box 1184, Montreal. 276 2

WANTED YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST IN light housework; no washing; sleep at home Apply B. Silver, 508 St. Paul st.

WANTED — VISITING GOVERNESS TO look after a child 3½ years old and teach a little girl of ten; hours 9 to 6 p.m. Apply 395 Mountain st. 276 2

WANTED — GIRLS AS LEARNERS TO separate wool and cotton cuttings. Good wages paid to few experienced hands. Wilcock, 25 Common st. 276 2

WANTED — BOYS TO LEARN WHOLEsale business, one for warehouse, one for office Mention where educated, etc., and if any knowledge of shorthand. W, 2267, Star Office. 276 2

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED — AT ONCE GOOD CABINETmaker and few rough carpenters. Call at W. P. Stanton, 9 St. John st., or 776 Palace st., after 6 p.m.

WANTED — WELL RECOMMENDED BOY for office. Apply James M. Aird, 101 St. Urbain st.

WANTED — AT ONCE GOOD WAIST hands, also improvers. Apply 119 Greene avenue, Westmount.

WANTED — FOR A MONTH OR SO A smart tidy girl for upstairs work and assist with children, references required. Mrs. Darling, 4282 Dorchester st., west of Greene avenue. 276 2

WANTED — OPERATORS AND FINISHers on children's coats, steady employment and good wages; no work on Saturday. Apply to Miss Guilbeault, care of H. Vineberg and Co., Clothing Mfrs., 4 St George st. 276 2

WANTED — GIRLS TO DO EMBROIDERY work, accustomed to make flossed anchors. Apply to Miss Guilbeault, care of H. Vineberg and Co., Clothing Mfrs., 4 St. George st. 276 2

WANTED — AT ONCE YOUNG GIRL TO help with general housework; no washing or ironing. Apply 94 Mackay st. 276 2

WANTED — A SMART BOY ABOUT 14 for factory. Apply 70 McGill st.

WANTED — A RELIABLE YOUNG GIRL to take charge of dining room in restaurant; good wages and good home. Apply Jeffery's Cafe, 11 Chaboillez square.

WANTED — BY A WIDOWER A RESPECTable woman to look after house and two children 49 Palm avenue, off St. Elizabeth st., St. Henry.

WANTED — YOUNG LADY SEAMSTRESSes, experienced in drapery work. Apply Bells, 2336 St. Catherine st.

WANTED — YOUTH FOR HARDWARE store. Apply 2296 St. Catherine st.

WANTED — TEN OR TWELVE BRIGHT intelligent girls to work in our laboratories. Apply Davis and Lawrence Co., 356 St. Antoine st. 276 2

WANTED — BY A WHOLESALE HARDware house an assistant catalogue man; must be an experienced hardware man and accustomed to catalogue work. Address A. 2246, Star Office. 276 2

WANTED — EXPERIENCED COACHMAN, unmarried, with best references. Apply at 272 Mountain street, between 8.30 and 9 a.m. and 6.30 and 7 p.m. 276 2 2aw

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL FOR LIGHT housework in a flat and to help mind a baby. City references required. Apply 73 Drummond st.

WANTED — A STRONG BOY. APPLY J. W. Reid and Co., Gent's Furnishers, 2093 St. Catherine st.

WANTED — SEWING MACHINE OPERAtors on ladies' blouses, wrappers and whitewear. Preference given to experienced hands or those accustomed to run machine at home Highest wages paid and steady employment guaranteed. Good operators can earn from five to eleven dollars week. Apply at once by letter, stating experience, Gale Mfg. Co., Minerva Lane, Toronto. 276 2

WANTED — A YOUNG MAN TO KEEP accounts for retail store; one speaking French and English preferred. State salary expected. Address C. 2332, Star Office.

WANTED — IMPROVERS TO DRESSMAKing. Apply No. 7 Centre st. 275 3

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST IN LIGHT housework; no washing. Apply to 33 Emily st., off Pine avenue.

WANTED — ADVERTISING CANVASSERS for a live wide awake weekly. Address Box 2201, Montreal.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL AS GENERAL servant, housemaid kept; no washing; good wages. Close to cars. Apply 433 Elm ave. 276 2

WANTED — THREE FIRST CLASS WIREmen; must understand heavy work; permanent position. Apply Lachine Rapids Hydraulic and Land Co., Ltd., 160 McCord st. 276 2

WANTED — 3 LABOURERS AT C. P. R. Station on Bisson street, to-morrow morning. J. P. O'Leary.

WANTED — TRAVELLER FOR PROVINCE of Quebec for a regular line, only a few samples (side line.) Address C. 2362, Star Office. 276 2

WANTED — STABLEMAN; MUST BE steady, sober and reliable and understand his business. Apply 349 St. James st.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED CHECKer and sorter for laundry. Apply Royal Steam Laundry, 200 Papineau Road.

WANTED — 20 MEN FOR ENGLAND, TO start on Monday, free transportation each way and wages. Apply personally, The English-Canadian Employment Bureau, 437 St. James.

WANTED — SCRUBBING WOMEN AT ST. Lawrence Hall. Apply to the housekeeper.

WANTED — 3 OR 4 EXPERIENCED SHIRT cutters at once; only first class men wanted. Apply Crescent Manufacturing Co., 2 Inspector st. 276 2

WANTED — IN A SMALL FAMILY OF ladies a person who can cook well. Apply at 18a Bishop st., with references. 276 2

WANTED — AT ONCE YOUNG GIRL AS good plain cook. Apply 643 Sherbrooke st.

WANTED — 3 OR 4 EXPERIENCED shirt cutters at once, only first class men wanted Apply Crescent Manufacturing Co 2 Inspector st.

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL OR A MIDdle aged person for light housework. 48 Mackay street.

WANTED — A GOOD PANTRY WOMAN. Apply Restaurant, Bonaventure Station.

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL TO CARE for two children and do light housework. 191 St. Elizabeth st.

WANTED — GIRLS TO WORK IN BINDery. Apply Herald Bindery. 276 2

WANTED — A BRIGHT YOUNG GIRL AS house and tablemaid, with good references Apply between 7 and 8 p.m., at 1018 Sherbrooke street, No. 6.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED — TO PURCHASE LADIES' AND gentlemen's cast off clothing, all kinds of fur coats, paying the best prices in the city at L. Lazarus, 619 Craig st. Mail orders attended. 271 12

WANTED — TO PURCHASE LADIES' AND gentlemen's cast off clothing, furs, carpets, highest prices paid, being new starting. Orders by mail promptly attended. L. Adler, 205 Craig st. 253 30

WANTED — TO PURCHASE LADIES' AND gentlemen's cast off clothing, all kinds of furs. See S. Pearson's, 2336 Notre Dame, as we pay the best prices of any dealer. Mail orders attended. 262 15

WANTED — ANY QUANTITY OF HOUSEhold furniture for cash. Box F, 1019, Star Office. 273 6

WANTED — YOURS OR YOUR GENTLEmen friends cast off clothing, the best cash price for good goods. Promptly called for by Mr Frank, 403 Craig st. 276 12

WANTED — TO PURCHASE OFFICE desk, medium sized, wanted, in good condition State lowest price with all necessary particulars to B, 2318, Star Office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TEN DOLLARS INVESTED IN YOUR OWN home will give employment to whole family or single individual. Write for information. Glasgow Woollen Company, Toronto, Canada. 265 13

RESPECTABLE GERMAN, REPRESENTing good German firms, would like to meet party; capital required for good paying business offers. F. 1622, Star Office. 271 6

FOR SALE — GOOD WILL OF A BUTcher's stall, cheap; chance for a beginner. Apply L. L. Lest, 1727 Notre Dame. 276 2

WANTED — TO HEAR FROM ONE OR two parties willing to go into a speculation where large profits will be made without any chance of loss. Bank references. Local proposition. Reply to Box W, 2260, Star Office. 276 1

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED — WOOL TOPS, YARNS AND waste agency. A Bradford export house seeks a capable, energetic agent to represent it on commission in Montreal and Quebec Province; must be well introduced to manufacturers and know the trade. Address, stating experience, commission, etc., Box 140, Central Press Agency, Toronto. 274 4

WANTED — A SALESMAN SELLING IN Liverpool, Manchester and London, wants an agent for the cattle and sheep commission trade. Liberal terms. Apply W. J. Cooman, 109 Huskisson street, Liverpool, England. References Messrs. Hill and Sons, Bankers, 66 West Smithfield, London, England. 276 6

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — FOR THE MILLION KINDling, $3; cut maple, $3.00; tamarac blocks, $2.00; mill blocks, $1.75 per load, delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. MacDiarmid, Richmond square. Bell Tel. Up 2503. 183 tf

FOR SALE—FURNITURE CARPETS, OILcloths, refrigerators, baby carriages, go-carts, etc., etc., at lowest prices for cash or credit. H. A. Wilder and Co., 258 St. James, 2415 St. Catherine, 2080 Notre Dame. 103 tf

FOR SALE — NOW IS THE TIME TO FURnish your office or store, as we have lot of desks, counters, shelving that we want to sell cheap. W. P. Stanton, 9 St. John street. 273 6

FOR SALE — McKERROW'S BANKRUPT stock, underwear, hosiery, gloves, mitts, shirts. English collars, 50c dozen; sweaters, $1; rain coats at half price. Demers, 1836 Notre Dame st. 272 6

FOR SALE — CHEAP, COTTAGE PIANO, in good condition, suitable for learners; bargain to purchaser; no dealers. 2597 (rear) St. Catherine st. 275 3

FOR SALE — WE HAVE SEVERAL PERsian lamb jackets left with us for storage and we are instructed from the owners to sell them, as they have no further use of them, being gone abroad. Apply 514 St. Paul st.

FOR SALE — PIANOS AND ORGANS BY nearly every conceivable maker. Each instrument is in perfect order, guaranteed for five years, and full value allowed for same as part payment for a new instrument, should the exchange not exceed years. Call early for first choice. Layton Bros., The Art Piano and Organ House, 144 Peel st. N. B.—Open Saturday evenings. 275 3

FOR SALE — EMPIRE TYPEWRITER, latest model; only used a short time. Address O, 2154, Star Office. 276 2

FOR SALE — UPRIGHT PIANO AND stool, American make, three pedals, pretty mahogany case, powerful tone guaranteed, only bargain in Canada; $38 cash. 127 Alexander street. 275 3

FOR SALE — STEINWAY SQUARE PIANO, $145. $5 cash and $5 per month. Fine tone, rosewood case, guaranteed in perfect order. Apply to C. W. Lindsay, Limited, 2366 St. Catherine st., Montreal.

FOR SALE — STEINWAY BABY GRAND piano $600 $100 cash and $20 per month. Original price $1,000. A fine instrument, in perfect order, appears like new in tone, action and case. Guaranteed same as new piano. A good upright or square piano will be taken in part payment. Apply to C. W. Lindsay, Limited, 2366 St. Catherine st., Montreal.

FOR SALE — NORDHEIMER UPRIGHT piano, $195. $10 cash and $5 per month. 7 1-3 octaves, fancy walnut case, good tone and action. A bargain. Apply to C. W. Lindsay, Limited, 2366 St. Catherine st., Montreal.

FOR SALE — $175 FOR VERY NEAT EMERson upright piano, 7 octaves, tone and touch in fine order. Full iron frame. Best American action. A piano to be commended. Sold on easy terms of payment. Note the address, Fratte, Nordheimer and Glendon, 2461 St. Catherine st., just past Drummond st. 276 2

FOR SALE — A GENUINE CHICKERING piano, sweet tone and in perfect order. Original cost $600. Our price to-day $125, payable $8 per month. Apply Layton Bros., The Art Piano and Organ House, 144 Peel street, N. B. —Open Saturday evenings. 276 2

FOR SALE — PURE BRED CROSSED ST. Bernard and mastiff pups, beautiful dogs, are great watch dogs, five to select from, three male and two female, $5, worth $50. Baker and Co., 78 University st., Montreal. 276 2

FOR SALE—GURNEY HALL STOVE, SELFfeeder, medium size, in first class order cheap at $10 (ten dollars); also one hanging parlour lamp, in good condition. Particulars 503 St. Urbain st.

FOR SALE — GASOLINE LAMPS, 100 CANdle power, with daylight effect, from $5.00 up. E. D. Colleret and Co., 26 St. Lawrence st. 272 3eod

FOR SALE — HALL STOVE, NO. 10, GURney make, suitable for house or store, pipes included. Price $10. 441 St. Antoine st. 276 2

FOR SALE — WIRE HAIRED FOX TERrier pups by first prize winners. Apply W. 2258, Star Office.

FOR SALE— A LOT OF DRESS SUITS, ALL sizes, and all prices. Apply M. Frank, 493 Craig st., east of Main st. 276 2

FOR SALE — ONE CLUSTER DIAMOND ring, 17 diamonds; one crescent scarf pin, 7 diamonds. Call 906a St. Denis st., after 3 p.m.

FOR SALE — 25 NEW MORRIS UPRIGHT pianos in oak, mahogany and walnut cases, prices from $325, payable $7 monthly, in three years, without interest. Special inducements offered customers paying all cash or with 12, 18 or 24 months. Old pianos of all styles and makes accepted in part payment. Apply Leach's Piano Rooms, 2440 St. Catherine st., between Stanley and Drummond. Open every evening. 276 2

FOR SALE — REMNANTS TABLE, BUTcher and roller linens, dress linings, men's wool undershirts, 75c, worth $1.25; black and navy serge, 75c, worth $1.25; white quilts, 90c; all wool gray flannel, 20c. Rowell's General Bazaar, 3 Cypress st., opposite Windsor Hall. 276 2

FOR SALE — A HANDSOME GRAY PERsian lamb coat, size about 36 to 38, as good as new, worth eighty dollars for thirty. LaSalle, 353 Rachel. 276 2

LOST.

LOST — AT WHITNEY ON THE PARRY Sound Railroad, hound dog, answering to name of Gambler, with cut or rounded ears, black, white and tan in colour. A reward will be paid for return or information of his whereabouts by W. Baldwin, Ottawa, Canada. 275 2

LOST — OR STRAYED ON OR ABOUT THE 18th inst. a very dark gray Scotch terrier Finder will be rewarded on returning same to 482 St. Urbain st. 276 2

LOST — A CROCHETED COLLAR, OF lace valve only to owner, between Bowler to Mount Royal, down St. Denis to St. Louis sq. Liberal reward. 1514½ St. Lawrence.

LOST — ON SATURDAY, THE 15TH INST., a silk umbrella. Finder kindly return same to 299 St. James st. 276 2

LOST — A FOX TERRIER DOG, WITH TAN markings, on Sherbrooke street, near McGill College avenue, 20th instant. 120 Mackay street.

LOST — ON THURSDAY NIGHT BETWEEN Guy and St. Mark on St. Catherine, lady's open faced pearl watch. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to Henry Morgan and Co.'s Cash Office. 276 2

LOST THURSDAY, NOV. 20TH, A BULL terrier dog, with brass collar, answering to his name, Jim. Any one holding same after this date will be prosecuted. Reward by returning to 453 Dorchester st.

LOST — WILL THE PERSON WHO FOUND a pair of opera glasses in case, with strap, at Sohmer Park, last evening (Thursday) please return them to Royal Bank of Canada, Bell Telephone Building, and receive reward.

LOST — A BUNCH OF KEYS ON RING, with name. Address 378 St. Paul st.

FOUND.

FOUND — ON NOVEMBER 12TH, AT Outremont, red cow, with white face. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses, to Jos. Tiernan, Constable, of Outremont, Outremont Junction. If not claimed within three days will be sold. 274 3

FOUND — A POINTER DOG. OWNER CAN have same by applying at 1011 St. James st. and paying expenses.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED — SITUATION BY GENERAL, wages $12; no washing. Mrs. Jacobson's Employment Office, 64 Crescent st.

WANTED — JOBS OF PAINTING, PAPER hanging, decorating, kalsomining, etc., by an experienced workman; best references. Charges moderate. Address Charity Organization Society, 98 Bleury st. Tel. Main 1412. 269 15

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG LADY as stenographer; permanent or otherwise. Address D, 1857, Star Office, or telephone Uptown 2490. 273 6

WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN OF GOOD connection an agency for Montreal and vicinity, well known to wholesale, five years' experience in wholesale business, willing to invest capital in good proposition. T, 9522, Star Branch Office. 273 6

WANTED — WORK BY THE DAY BY A respectable woman, washing, ironing or cooking; the best of city references can be given. Apply 175 St. Urbain st. 274 3

WANTED — A SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper or companion. E, 317 St. Urbain street. 274 3

WANTED — SITUATION FOR LIGHT housework to sleep at home. Apply 175 St. Etienne st. 275 2

WANTED — COOK, STEADY AND SOBER, wants a position in small hotel or restaurant at moderate wages. Carl Brix, 513 St. James st. 275 3

WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN A SITUAtion as stable man, who has a thorough knowledge of horses. Address W, 9618, Star Branch Office. 275 3

WANTED — LADY EXPERIENCED IN literary work, will correct and typewrite MSS. or other matter, neatly and legibly. Terms reasonable. Address W, 9620, Star Branch Office. 275 3

WANTED — BY A PLUMBER WORK ON furnaces, etc. Phone Up 1394, or 462 Guy street. 275 3

WANTED — SEWING BY THE DAY IN private families by good seamstress. Address X, 9630, Star Branch Office. 275 3

WANTED— EDUCATED, REFINED YOUNG lady wishes forenoon or evening engagement as governess, teacher or companion; good reader, writer and needlewoman. Box X, 9640, Star Branch Office. 275 2

WANTED — POSITION IN A MUSIC store by young lady, who reads music well at sight. Address X., Hochelaga P. O. 274 3aw

WANTED — BY TRAINED NURSE (ENGlish) position as nurse, companion; good needlewoman; highest references. Nurse Russell, care of Mrs. Hammersley, 75 Champ de Mars st., Montreal. 276 3

WANTED — WORK BY THE DAY, WASHing, ironing or cleaning; city references. Address A, 2296, Star Office. 276 6

WANTED — BY A REFINED YOUNG lady a position as nursery governess. X, 9655, Star Branch Office. 276 2end

WANTED — BY A FIRST CLASS draughtsman, with some experience, position as assistant, in or out of town. Box W, 2268, Star Office. 276 5

WANTED — BY ELDERLY LADY THE care of an infant; two or three days a week Apply 62 St. Antoine st.

WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN SITUATION as assistant bar tender or elevator man; can give best references. Address 98 Napoleon st., St. Cunegonde. 276 2

WANTED — BY RESPECTABLE WOMAN office or house cleaning. Mrs. Bradley, 669 Beaudry st.

Does Advertising Pay?

From CHARLES MOCK, Esq.,
2669 St. Catherine Street,
Montreal, June 16th, 1902.

To GRAHAM & CO., The Star, Montreal.

Dear Sirs:—I am pleased to say that my experience in the matter of advertising, under the heading of "WANTED" or "FOR SALE," in The Star has been uniformly satisfactory.

Your paper seems to stand alone as an advertising medium, and we all admire the energy and enterprise which has brought this about. I am,

Sincerely yours, CHARLES MOCK.

IT DEPENDS UPON RESULTS

WANTED — ENGLISHMAN, 23, WANTS job as indoor servant or any kind work not requiring much knowledge of city. S. L., 61 Osborne st.

WANTED — YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE position in an office; good knowledge stenography and typewriting; would give service for office experience. Address X, 9664, Star Branch Office. 276 2

WANTED — BY ENGLISH LADY POSITION as housekeeper where servants are kept. Good references. Apply Mrs. Butler, 37 Metcalfe st., city.

WANTED — YOUNG LADY, GOOD FAMily, best references, desires position as travelling companion or governess, with lady travelling. Address H., 54 Patterson avenue, Ottawa. 4eb 3

ROOMS AND BOARD.

BOARD — AND LARGE FURNISHED rooms, opposite the Arena, Westmount, suitable for small family; no single men taken. 226 Wood avenue. 272 6

ROOMS — AND BOARD, DOUBLE ROOM, nicely furnished, very comfortable, with good board, hot water heating, vacancies for few boarders. 2484 St. Catherine st. Telephone Up 151. 273 5

BOARD — AND ROOM, NICE LARGE room, furnished, with good board; also table board; can be had at 83 Shuter st. 274 3

ROOMS — AND BOARD. TRANSIENTS AND permanent boarders accommodated, choice, elegantly furnished and perfectly heated rooms; first quality food and superior table service; employes polite and attentive. Parisian House, Madame M. Corbugy, Proprietress, 81 and 83 Union avenue. 272 6

ROOM — AND BOARD FOR LADY AND two little girls of six and seven, in Westmount. Address A, 2297, Star Office.

ROOMS — AND BOARD, COSY SINGLE room, with high class board; best locality. Apply 91 Mackay st. 276 3

ROOMS — WITH BOARD, TO LET ON bathroom floor, well heated large room, married couple without children preferred. Apply 92 Union avenue. 276 10

ROOM — AND BOARD, LARGE FRONT parlour, suitable for one or two gentlemen, with or without board. 97 Church st. 276 2

ROOMS — AND BOARD. NICELY FURnished rooms, with first class board; house steam heated, Auer light, hot and cold water, etc. 468 Guy, above St. Catherine. 276 2

ROOMS — AND BOARD. LARGE ROOM, suitable for two or three; also table board. 67 McGill College avenue. 276 3

ROOMS — AND BOARD AT 743 SHERbrooke street, nicely furnished rooms, with first class board, Auer light, telephone, etc. References. 275 10

ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED — AT ONCE SINGLE WARM room, with bath flat preferred, north of Dorchester, west of Union, would like place with telephone. Box Y, 9673, Star Branch Office.

WANTED — COMFORTABLY FURNISHED room wanted for the winter; private family; vicinity Place Viger preferred. Address C, 2363, Star Office.

WANTED TO BORROW.

WANTED — TO BORROW ABOUT $8,000 and $12,000, on first class city property. S, 2190, Star Office. 275 2

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED.

WANTED— SINGLE GENTLEMAN WANTS room and board in private genteel family; permanent; name price. Y, 9665, Star Branch Office.

ROOMS TO LET.

ROOMS — TWO LARGE WELL FURNISHed rooms on bath flat, with good board, all conveniences, Auer light, hot water heating, hot water in bath; vacancies for a few table boarders. 78 Victoria st., near Sherbrooke. 256 26

ROOMS— AT 1806 ONTARIO STREET, COR St. Denis st., large front room, parlour flat, modern comforts; private family; terms reasonable. 273 5

ROOMS — QUIET, HOME-LIKE ROOMS, newly fitted up, furnished to suit, all comforts, telephone, shower baths, grate fires, attendance, near theatres, clubs and best hotels. Call before deciding for the winter. Gentlemen only. 10 Phillips Place. 258 26

ROOMS — WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, splendid bath, two in family; gentlemen only. 804 Palace st. 270 10

ROOMS — TO LET LARGE, WELL FURnished room, with board. 200 Peel street. Also table board. 272 6

ROOM — LARGE AND WELL FURNISHed room on bathroom flat, hot water, gas, etc. 1799 Ontario st., two doors east of Mance st. 273 5

ROOMS — FRONT, IN A QUIET PRIVATE house; references exchanged. Apply forenoon or evening until 8.30. 37 McGill College avenue. 273 5

ROOMS — TO LET, WITH OR WITHOUT board; vacancy for table boarders. Apply 102 Mansfield st. 273 5

ROOMS — TWO WELL FURNISHED double rooms on bathroom flat, also table board. 51 Metcalfe st. 273 5

ROOM — TO LET NICELY FURNISHED room on ground floor; private family; modern conveniences;

STRONG FEELING IN STOCK MARKET

Dominion Coal Only Notable Exception to General Trend.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STRONG

The Recovery in That Stock Had a Beneficial Effect on the Rest of the Market.

The correspondents of the Montreal Star in Wall Street and on the Chicago Board of Trade report that stocks were strong, while wheat was easier. In the local market stocks were strong. Sales on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday were 766,083 shares.

The improved feeling in the local stock market continued in evidence again to-day and a few prices were advanced moderately. The market is at present getting its inspiration from Wall Street, just as it acted heavily when that market was in a gloomier condition than it is to-day. The Manhattan incident has had the effect of bracing things up in general in New York, and some stocks acquired quite a bullish look in consequence.

There is no reason to rejoice, however, over any decided change in the actual conditions governing the local market. There is no improvement, as money is as tight as it ever was, and at least one bank has called several brokers for funds within the last day or two. The consequence is that observers are pessimistic regarding the staying powers of the better feeling and look for a set-back as soon as Wall Street affords the bears an opening for an attack.

Besides that there comes a letter from a leading brokerage house in Toronto taking a very gloomy view of the situation affecting Canadian stocks. The letter expresses the conviction that there must yet be considerable more liquidation in a number of the leading speculative features of the market before a permanently better tone can be secured. There are those who believe the liquidation has run its course, but divergent opinions are always to be secured, and, in fact, they are what make the market.

The improvement in Canadian Pacific in Wall Street along with the rest of the market has had an immense influence on the rest of the local list. That stock is one of the great levers here. In Wall Street to-day it opened at 126⅜, and by noon had touched 130. In the local market trading commenced at 129, compared with 129¼ at the close yesterday, and reached 129⅝ in its upward course by the time the gong sounded at noon.

Detroit United attracted a fair number of buyers, thus strengthening the price to 87⅝, compared with 86¾ yesterday. Toronto Rails advanced a half to 116, and Twin City rose to 115½ against 114¾ yesterday at the close. Dominion Iron was stronger at 54½ to 55, and the bonds were active at 88⅜ to 89. Ogilvie Mills preferred sold at 133. Yesterday a transaction was recorded at 125. A broken lot of Lake of the Woods Milling sold at 175. The highest heretofore was 170.

The only notable exception to the general strength was Dominion Coal, which sold at 126, a decline of 1⅝ from yesterday's last sale, and two points lower than the highest of yesterday. The company's month's notice to the New England Gas and Coke Company of the cessation of shipments of coal on the old contract claimed to be voided by the receivership in the case of the New England Company, becomes effective to-day, and it is claimed the Dominion Company will make good its threat failing a new agreement. A Boston broker stated the other day that such an outcome would mean a break in coal to 100. The market was consequently a little nervous this morning, but there was no pressure to sell.

The earnings of the Montreal Street Railway Company for October, while showing good increases, were offset by a large increase in the operating expenses, as will be seen by the following statement:

	1902.	1901.	Increase. Amount.
Passenger earnings . .	$179,432.86	$161,174.56	$ 15,258.30
Miscellaneous earnings . .	1,972.77	1,586 08	86 69
Total earnings . .	181,405.63	166,060 64	15,344.99
Operating expenses . .	96,418.92	85,210 49	11,208.43
Net earnings.	84,986.71	80,850.15	4,136.56
Fixed charges . .	15,991.62	15,383.84	607.78
Surplus . .	68,995.09	65,466.31	3,528 78
Expenses per cent. of car earnings . .	53.74	51.90	1.84

Interest on M. P. and I. Ry. Co.'s bonds owned by this company not included.

The Montreal Clearing House returns of bank clearings to-day were $3,386,765.

Messrs. L. J. Forget and Co.'s London cable to-day quoted: Grand Trunk first, 1st, second, 36¾; third, 46¼; Canadian Pacific, 132⅜; Hudson Bay, 31¾.

The Ottawa Clearing House statement is as follows:

Total for week ending November 20, 1902	$2,062,221
Corresponding week last year	2,043,929

Clearings of the Toronto Bank as passed through the local Clearing House during the past week totalled $16,622,558. Last week's clearings of the Toronto banks totalled $16,527,815; during the corresponding week last year, $14,063,841, and $11,033,903 during the similar week of 1900.

Montreal Exchange quotations: New York funds 3-64 dis to 1-64 dis. between banks, ¼ prem. counter; sterling, 60 days, 8⅝ to 8 25-32 between banks; do, demand, 9 3-32 to 9 9-16 between banks; do, cables, 9⅝ to 9 11-16 between banks; Paris, francs, long, 5.18¾ between banks; do, do, short, 5.18⅝ to 5.18 1-32 between banks, 5.14 3-8 counter.

In New York at noon money on call was steady at 4 to 4½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5½ to 6 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.87 to 4.87.125 for demand and at 4.83.625 to 4.83.75 for sixty day bills. Posted rates, 4.84½ to 4.85 and 4.88. Commercial bills, 4.82.75 to 4.83 35. Bar silver, 65⅝. Mexican dollars, 39.

London closing: Consols for money, 92 15-16; do. for account, 93; Anaconda, 4⅝; Atchison, 85¼; Atchison pref., 101⅛; B. and O., 102. Canadian Pacific, 132⅝; Chesapeake and Ohio, 46; Chicago Great Western, 26½; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 173¼. De Beers deferred, 22¼; Denver Rio Grande, 40¼; do. pref., 91¾; Erie, 38⅝; do. first pref., 68; do. second pref., 47½; Illinois Central, 116; Louisville and Nashville, 125⅛; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 25⅝; New York Central, 156½; Norfolk and Western, 71⅝; do. pref., 93; Ontario and Western, 30¼; Pennsylvania, 80; Rand Mines, 10⅛; Reading, 29⅜; do. first pref., 44; do. second pref., 37⅜; Southern Railway, 35 3-8; do. pref., 95; Southern Pacific, 85½; Union Pacific, 100 3-8; do. pref., 92½; United States Steel, 37⅝; do. pref., 86¼; Wabash, 31¼; do. pref., 45⅛; Spanish fours, 83¾. Bar silver dull, 29⅝d per ounce. Money, 2½ to 3 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2 9-16 to 2 11-16 per cent; do. for 3 months' bills is 2⅝ to 3⅝ per cent.

Messrs. J. S. Bache & Co., New York, send the following Wall Street advices through their local manager, Mr. C. D. Monk:

Americans in London irregular within fractional range. Good bank statement expected to-morrow. Some very large local gains in cash, and liquidation of last Friday expected to be fully reflected. Firmer foreign exchange market offset by advance in sterling in Paris. Raw sugars further advanced 1-16c. late yesterday. Herald states positively that control of Manhattan has passed from Gould and Sage hands to syndicate operating Inter-Borough Rapid Transit Co. Trade expects further advance in price of refined sugar soon. Time money slightly more plentiful. Mexican Central insiders confident Mexico will go on gold basis. Thirty-eight roads second week November show average gross inc., 7.80 per cent. Demand for B. R. T., Atch., Can. Pac., and S. P. in loan crowd. Bankers say immediate shipments of gold improbable. American Locc. has more orders on its books than at any time in its history. U. S. Steel officials say coke situation worse than ever. Generally conceded C. F. I. has passed through Hawley-Gould hands.

J. B. Picken & Co., stock and exchange brokers, received the following New York advices over their private wire:

Affected by the advance in special issues, the general list is rather strong. With few exceptions prices show gains from 1-2 to 3 per cent. The features this morning were St. Paul, Copper and specialties, such as Toledo's, although now the advance is extending throughout the entire list, and Gould issues, B. & O. and Atchison are almost buoyant. The tractions failed to attract so much interest this morning, and that group was irregular. There was but little to account for the improved tone, save that with little prompting shorts flocked to cover. The probabilities of the bank statement have as yet not been taken into consideration. Exchange, 4.87.15.

Messrs. Burnett & Co., stock brokers, today received the following New York advices over their private wire:

Iron and Steel Companies operating in the South are enjoying their share of remarkable prosperity in iron, steel and coal business. Sloss-Sheffield Co. will break all records during coming year so far as earnings are concerned. The treasury statement shows bank lost $5,000 since Friday.

New York market letter of Marler & Hodgson, from Ladenburg, Thalman & Co.:

There is a slightly easier tone in the time money market, and it has been reflected in our market this morning. There is more of a bull snap to the trading than for some time, although there is as yet very little commission business doing. Manhattan and St. Paul were the features in the trading. The former opened strong, and advanced sharply until a selling order of 10,000 shares was put on the market by Halstead & Babcock, when the price broke sharply. Brooklyn Rapid Transit has been dull.

Among the Toronto sales were: C.P.R., 25 at 129 to 129 5-8; Can. Gen. Elec., 40 at 129 1-2; Twin City, 350 at 115 to 116; Dom. Coal, 200 at 125 1-2 to 126 3-4.

Morning Sales.

Canadian Pacific, 100 at 129, 100 at 129 3-8, 200 at 129 1-2, 25 at 129 1-4, 6 at 130, 50 at 129 1-2, 200 at 129 5-8, 50 at 129 3-4, 100 at 129 7-8, 25 at 129 3-4, 100 at 129 7-8.

Toronto Rails, 25 at 116.

Twin City, 25 at 115, 75 at 115 1-2, 200 at 115 1-4.

Power, 10 at 95.

Richelieu, 10 at 97 3-4.

Halifax Tram., 25 at 103 1-2.

Laurentide Pulp, 50 at 99 3-4.

Dom. Cotton, 37 at 55.

Dom. Coal, 25 at 126.

Detroit United, 75 at 86 3-4, 135 at 87, 50 at 87 1-4, 125 at 87 3-8.

Dom. Iron, 50 at 54 1-2, 60 at 54 3-4, 50 at 55.

Ogilvie Mills, pfd., 1 at 130, 50 at 133.

Nova Scotia Steel, 25 at 102 1-4.

Lake of the Woods Milling, 11 at 175.

Dom. Iron bonds, $1,000 at 89, $4,000 at 88 3-4.

Montreal Street Railway bonds, $600 at 105, $500 at 105 1-2.

Dom. Iron pfd., 5 at 95.

A STRONG FEELING IN WALL STREET.

Manhattan and Other Railway Stocks Were Features of the Market—Interurban Up 10 Points.

NEW YORK, November 21.—Wall street to-day discussed with great interest the current reports that the Inter-Borough Rapid Transit Company, which is to operate the subway lines, has obtained control of the Manhattan Elevated Company. No official confirmation or denial of the rumours was made, and no person in authority in either of those corporations would be quoted concerning the alleged deal.

Manhattan stock sold as high as 154 1-2 and as low as 149 7-8 on the Stock Exchange during the morning session. The demand for the stock was comparatively light. The feature of the "Curb" market was the bidding for stock of the Inter-Borough Company, both the full paid and the 40 per cent. paid. Offerings were meagre, however, and in the first hour only one sale was reported, the price being 120, an advance of ten points over yesterday's close.

The stock market opened with some show of hesitation, most of the leading active stocks showing fractional variations either way from yesterday's final prices. Interest centred largely in Manhattan, which opened on purchases of 5,000 shares at from 153 to 153 1-2, and immediately ran up to 154 1-2, compared with 152 1-2 last night. Metropolitan Street Ry. and Brooklyn Transit fell nearly a point each.

The advance went further here and there, notably in St. Paul, which advanced 3 1-4 in all to 178 5-8. Manhattan meanwhile broke to 149 7-8. The somewhat circumstantial reports of its lease to the Inter-Borough Rapid Transit Company forced large realising sales on the market. The stock of the latter company, which is dealt in in the curb market, jumped 10 points in consequence of the reports. Profit taking sales, coupled with the steady selling of Manhattan, then caused a reaction in prices all around, but at noon the market was rising again. The bond market was more active and higher.

Montreal Mining Exchange.

Following were the sales at this morning's session of the Mining Exchange:

Payne, 500 at 14 1-4.

Rambler Cons., 10,000 at 2 1-2, 10,000 at 2 1-4.

Can. Gold Fields, 1,800 at 3 1-4.

War Eagle, 2,000 at 18 1-2.

MONTREAL MINING EXCHANGE.

MORNING BOARD.

Specially reported for the Star by R. Meredith and Company, Mining Brokers, 87 St. Francois Xavier street.

Friday, November 21, 1902, 12.30 p.m.

Par Value of Shares. Stocks	Sellers	Buyers.
1.00 North Star	16	13½
1.00 Payne	11½	10
1.00 Rossland Star	3½	2
1.00 Can. Gold Fields Syn	3½	3
1.00 St. Eugene	...	...
1.00 Rambler Cariboo	...	...
1.00 War Eagle	21	17
1.00 Centre Star	40	34
1.00 Iron Mask	...	...
1.00 California	3	1
0.50 Evening Star	4	2
0.10 Novelty	...	...
1.00 Carbon Hyd.	...	...
1.00 Carbon McKinney	...	...
0.10 Virtue	8	5
1.00 Montreal-Oregon	...	...
1.00 Republic	10	4½
.10 Black Tail	13	6
.50 Mountain Lion	...	...
.00 San Poil	23	...
1.00 Deer Trail, Con	3	...
1.25 Grand Forks Con	3.75	2.75
1.25 Fairview	...	...
1.00 Dominion Consolidated	3	1
0.24 Montreal, London	1¼	¾
UNLISTED STOCKS.		
Montreal & Boston	...	...
1.00 Monte Cristo	1¼	...
1.00 Giant	4½	3½
.10 White Bear	3½	...
1.00 Majestic	...	...
1.00 Big Three	...	...
0.10 Mortimer	...	...
1.00 London & Richelieu	...	...
1.00 Golden Crown	...	...
1.00 Winnipeg	...	...

Easy Home Dyeing

It is surprising how easy you can dye successfully at home with Maypole Soap, which washes and dyes at one operation. "No mess, no trouble." Brilliant and fadeless colorings—you can dye to any tint with it.

Maypole Soap. Sold everywhere

10c. for Colors. 15c. for Black.

STREET GOSSIP AND STOCK EXCHANGE ECHOES.

STAR OFFICE, Friday, November 21.

Several incidents have occurred recently in connection with the trading in the local stock market to lead to the impression that liquidation has run its course, and that the market, if left to its own resources, would quickly go to a higher price level. The improvement has been going on so slowly as to be almost imperceptible from day to day, but recoveries from the low level have been very fair. Richelieu, for instance, has recovered from 93 to 95⅜ within a few days, and Detroit United has improved from 85 to 86¾. Montreal Street sold at 218½ not many days ago, and yesterday it was bought ten points higher. Canadian Pacific is still fluctuating below 130 on account of the unsettled conditions in Wall Street, while Dominion Iron and Steel is still influenced by similar conditions in the Boston market. Professionals look for another shake-out before another of the periodical booms in that stock is undertaken. Such stocks as Toronto Rails, Twin City and Montreal Power have also shown some improvement, and evidence a disposition to stiffen as to price upon any enquiry.

It is now asserted in stock brokerage circles in Boston that the Dominion Iron and Steel Company has turned the corner financially and is now showing good earnings. Leaving out the Government bounty, the showing of net earnings for October was not very large, but everything possible was charged in against the net earnings. It is believed from now on that the net results will be more satisfactory to stockholders. The October output from three furnaces amounted to 18,000 tons of pig iron and 14,700 tons of steel. This is an increase over the production of the previous month of 2,800 tons of steel and 1,000 tons of pig iron from the same number of furnaces. With all furnaces in operation the company should be able to produce 24,000 tons of pig iron and 20,000 tons of steel per month.

The Dominion Coal Co. is making a handsome showing of earnings for the Dominion Iron and Steel Co. above the 8 per cent. guarantee on the $20,000,000 of Coal Co. stock. It is estimated that the excess earnings of the Coal Co. above the 8 per cent. guarantee will amount to fully $1,000,000 for the year to end with February, and this would amount to 5 per cent. for the $20,000,000 of Dominion Steel common stock. This Coal Co. surplus alone assures the payment of 7 per cent. dividends on the $5,000,000 Dominion Steel preferred stock, and leaves a balance of 3¼ per cent. for the common stock. The suspension of shipments of 50,000 tons of coal per month to the New England Gas and Coke Co. might make a considerable difference in the above estimates, says the Boston News Bureau.

At an earlier and more acute stage of the money stringency in New York private funds appeared on the loan market in large amounts. That was when call interest rates were ranging from 10 to 25 per cent. It was not uncommon then for a commission house to receive from a rich client somewhere a telegram reading like this: "Can you employ 250 money on call?" By "250 money" was meant $250,000. In Wall Street it is customary to omit the thousands in speaking of money, especially in large loan transactions. In renewing call loans by telephone the loan clerk of a commission house says to the loan clerk of a bank, "Renew 50," or "Renew 500," meaning $50,000 or $500,000. The adoption of this form of professional abbreviation by persons offering their private funds in the market illustrates how the vernacular of Wall Street has spread. It is said that most of the private money loaned on call here a month or more ago has been withdrawn, and is now employed in the West, where interest rates for several weeks have been averaging higher than in Wall Street. A higher range of call interest rates here would be likely to bring it back.

It is said in behalf of Wall Street banking interests that the money market has been misrepresented in a manner calculated to arouse unnecessary apprehension. A prominent money broker said that there is all the 30-day money anybody could want at 6 per cent. As for 60-day money there is nothing doing in it at 6 per cent. bid and 7 per cent. asked, because the banks at this period of the year are unwilling for obvious reasons to loan money for sixty days at less than 7 per cent., while stockbrokers are equally unwilling to pay more than 6 per cent. There is nothing unusual in the situation, this money broker says, and, if anything, conditions are easier than they commonly are around the middle of November. There is no occasion, this authority thinks, for the apprehensive talk that has been going around. In former years 60-day money at this period commanded much higher premiums than have been obtained lately and no fuss was made about it. It is alleged that the high prices paid for money by borrowers on inferior collateral have been unduly expatiated on.

Wall Street authorities whose predictions on foreign exchange hitherto this autumn have been borne out by events now expect that the initial shipment of gold will occur about the middle of next week. Signs have been pointing that way for several days, but it was not until yesterday that they became tangible enough to warrant a prediction. There is no estimate yet of the amount of yellow metal that is likely to go.

Winnipeg Clearing House returns for the week ending November 20, 1902, were $5,692,231; same week in 1901, $5,290,930; same period in 1900, $2,646,539.

The Montreal Clearing House statement for the week shows:

Total for week ending November 20, 1902, $24,715,541; corresponding week 1901, $21,610,930; corresponding week 1900, $16,738,552; corresponding week 1899, $15,958,105.

Crow's Nest Coal is now held at 500. A change in the plans of this company is reported. Some of the directors are opposed to the proposed issue of $2,000,000 bonds to secure funds for improvements, for the ratification of which a special general meeting of shareholders has been called for Monday next. As an alternative it is proposed to issue new stock to raise the required funds. The directors met recently to discuss the issue of $1,000,000 of new stock to be issued to the shareholders on the proportion of two shares of new to five of old. It is rumoured the issue will be 250.

DECLINE IN THE CHEESE MARKET.

Butter Market More Active and Hopeful—Eggs and Potatoes are Firm.

BUTTER—This market has been having its turn during the past week. Demand from the other side has improved considerably, and prices have strengthened up from 1-4 to 1-2c a pound. Private cables received by Donlah, Bogert & Co. to-day, No. 2 red winter closing at 157s. Paris closed 10 to 15 lower at 21.20 for November and 21.35 for May and June. London quoted No. 1 standard Cala., passage, 21s, prompt, 21s. Weather was cold in England and fine in France.

Chicago quoted grain at noon as follows: Wheat, December, ¼c down at 74¾c; May, ¼c up at 76c. Corn, December, ¼c down at 57⅝c; May, ¼c up at 43⅝c. Oats, December, ⅝c up at 31c; May, 3-8c up at 32c.

Argentine shipments to the United Kingdom last week were 28,000 qrs., against 64,000 the previous week.

Argentine shipments to the continent were 400 qrs. wheat and 55,000 maize, against 1000 wheat and 400,000 maize the previous week. Argentine advices are generally of a favourable tenor; traffic has been interrupted by strikes.

A Winnipeg letter says: "For the first time in the history of the country, Manitoba and the North-West Territories have produced this season over 100,000,000 bushels of grain, of which amount 80,000,000 bushels is wheat. Up to date the immigration authorities estimate that about 27,000 new settlers have taken up land in Western Canada, of which number about 9000 are farmers from the United States. These are actual settlers who are now on the ground. The estimate made earlier in the season, that 50,000 settlers from the other side of the line would emigrate to this country, may not be realized this year, but under the efforts of the many American investment and land companies there will be about that number in all over on Canadian soil before the year of 1903 is many months old. There are from 40,000,000 to 50,000,000 acres of land as good for the production of wheat not yet occupied as there is now under cultivation, and the cost of production is small enough to make wheat pay, if only 40c per bushel is given here for it. It can be shipped to Liverpool at a cost of 23c per bushel, and has gone down below the 20c mark. Under these facts grain dealers and farmers of this country believe they are in a position to keep on as they are going without looking for further complications by taking off the duty on wheat.

LOCAL MARKET.—The market was not very active to-day. Deliveries are light owing to the bad condition of the roads. Spot oats are scarce and firm, and they are in demand. Manitoba wheat is in demand, and other grains are on the dull side.

Quotations were as follows: No. 2 white oats, afloat, for export 36½ cents; in store, for local account, 37 cents; peas are in fair demand at 72c, high freight; rye, nominally 56c afloat; barley, No. 2, 46c, and No. 3x, 48 1-2c afloat; buckwheat, 56 to 57c afloat, offering 52c east, G.T.R.

Manitoba wheat, November delivery, is quoted at 75 1-2c for No. 1 hard, and 73 1-2c for No. 1 northern, afloat at Fort William.

FEED—Bran and shorts were steady to-day. Quotations in car lots on track, Manitoba bran, in bags, $17 to $18; shorts, in bags, $19 to $20; Ontario bran, in bulk, $16.50 to $17.50, shorts, $19 to $20 in bulk; middlings, $22 to $23; moullie, $23 to $25, according to quality.

ROLLED OATS—The market is firmer, and prices range from $4.20 to $4.35 in wood and $2.05 to $2.10 in bags, as to brand.

FLOUR—The demand is fairly brisk. Quotations in Montreal on track are $3.50 to $3.60 for straight rollers, in barrels; in bags, $1.70 to $1.75; extra bags, $1.55 to $1.60; winter patents are $3.75 to $4; Manitoba finest strong bakers, $3.90; patents, $4.20.

HAY—The market continues steady, and trade is fairly active. Baled hay is quoted as follows: No. 1, $9; No. 2, $7.50 to $8; clover, $6.50 to $7.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

TORONTO, November 21.—Call Board quotations:

Bran—Buyers at $15 in buyers' bags, middle freights, with sellers at $15.25, middle freights, in bulk.

Wheat—No. 2 Ontario red winter, 68½c bid east, without sellers.

Peas—No. 2 white wanted at 72c, middle freights, and at 73c east.

Oats—No. 2 white, 32½c bid, low freights to New York in buyers' sacks, and 31½c bid, middle freights. No. 2 mixed quoted at 31c on track at Toronto, without bids.

Rye—No. 2 wanted at 48½c outside on C.P.R., without sellers.

Buckwheat—No. 2 offered at 54c, low freights to New York, without bids.

WHEAT MARKET IS HOLDING STEADIER.

Deliveries of Oats are Light Owing to Poor Roads — Progress of Canadian Wheat Lands.

The Liverpool wheat market was easier this morning. December closing ¼d down at 8s 11¼d, March 3-8d down at 8s 0½d, May ½d down at 8s 1d as compared with last night. Antwerp was steady to-day. No. 2 red winter closing at 15⅞. Paris closed 10 to 15 lower at 21.20 for November and 21.35 for May and June. London quoted No. 1 standard Cala., passage, 21s, prompt, 21s. Weather was cold in England and fine in France.

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FEED—Bran and shorts were steady to-day. Quotations in car lots on track, Manitoba bran, in bags, $17 to $18; shorts, in bags, $19 to $20; Ontario bran, in bulk, $16.50 to $17.50, shorts, $19 to $20 in bulk; middlings, $22 to $23; moullie, $23 to $25, according to quality.

ROLLED OATS—The market is firmer, and prices range from $4.20 to $4.35 in wood and $2.05 to $2.10 in bags, as to brand.

FLOUR—The demand is fairly brisk. Quotations in Montreal on track are $3.50 to $3.60 for straight rollers, in barrels; in bags, $1.70 to $1.75; extra bags, $1.55 to $1.60; winter patents are $3.75 to $4; Manitoba finest strong bakers, $3.90; patents, $4.20.

HAY—The market continues steady, and trade is fairly active. Baled hay is quoted as follows: No. 1, $9; No. 2, $7.50 to $8; clover, $6.50 to $7.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

TORONTO, November 21.—Call Board quotations:

Bran—Buyers at $15 in buyers' bags, middle freights, with sellers at $15.25, middle freights, in bulk.

Wheat—No. 2 Ontario red winter, 68½c bid east, without sellers.

Peas—No. 2 white wanted at 72c, middle freights, and at 73c east.

Oats—No. 2 white, 32½c bid, low freights

NOTES FOR THE HOUSEKEEPER.

What May be Bought at Bonsecours Market and What it Will Cost.

VEGETABLES — Cabbage, three for 10c; red cabbage, 5c each; Spanish onions, 5c a pound; spinach, 15c a gal.; eggplant, 5c each; imported tomatoes, 20 cents per pound; radishes, 5 cents a bunch; onions, 10 cents a large bunch; potatoes, 20 cents per basket, 90 cents per bag; cauliflowers, 10 to 15 cents each; lettuce, curly, 5 cents a head; Boston imported lettuce, 2 heads for 25c; turnips, 3 for 5c; carrots, 5 bunches for 5c; parsnips, 20c per dozen; peppers, 5c to 10c a dozen; sweet potatoes, 5c lb.; beets, 3 for 5c; vegetable marrow, 10c each; squash, 15c each; mushrooms, 75c a lb.; garlic, 10c lb.; sage, savoury and sweet marjorie, 6 bunches for 25c; parsley, 3 bunches for 5c; watercress 10c per large bunch; mint, 3 bunches for 5c; horse radish, 20c lb.; black radish, 4 for 5c; celery, 25 to 35c a dozen heads; brussels sprouts, 2 for 15c; pumpkins, 15c each; oyster plants, 5c a bunch; artichokes, 10c half a gallon; green beans, 25c half a gallon.

MEAT.—Lamb, 10c a pound for hindquarters and 7c for fronts; mutton, 9c for hindquarters, 6c for fronts; porterhouse steak, 18c; sirloin beef, 12 1-2 to 14c lb.; undercut, 15c per lb.; rib roast, 12 1-2c per lb.; round steak, 10 to 12 1-2c per lb.; beef shanks, 5c; brisket, 6 to 8c per lb.; veal, hindquarters, 10 to 12 1-2c; forequarters, 6 to 8c; tongues, 12c; kidney suet, 10c; fresh pork, 12 to 13c; fresh ham and green bacon, 13c; sausages, 10 to 14c; finest smoked ham and bacon, 15 to 17c; salt pork, lean, 13 to 14c per lb.; fat salt pork, 15c; lard, 14c.

FRUIT—Lemons, 12 1-2 to 15c per dozen; bananas, 15 to 20c per dozen; cocoanuts, 5c each; Almeria grapes, 15 to 20c a pound; Jamaica oranges, 20 to 25c a dozen; Canadian pears, 50c a basket; apples, $1.50 to $4 a barrel, cranberries, 10c quart.

FISH—Whitefish, dore, 10 to 12 1-2c per lb.; British Columbia salmon, 15c per lb.; pike, 10c per lb.; eels, 5 to 10c per lb.; steak cod, 8 to 10c; halibut, 15c; haddock, 6 to 7c; smoked eels, 15c per pound; suckers, 15 to 20c a bunch; bullheads, 10 to 12½c a pound, or 20c a bunch; sturgeon, 12½ to 15c a pound, lacalche, 25c a bunch; mackerel, 20 to 25c each; bar fish, 15 to 18c a lb.

POULTRY—By the pound, fresh killed turkeys, 13 to 14c; geese, 8 to 9c; domestic ducks, 14 to 15c; fowls, 9 to 11c; spring chickens, 12 to 13c; broiling chickens, $3 to $3.50; pigeons, 25c a pair; dressed pigs, $1.30 to $2 each; guinea hens, $1.10 to $1.25 a pair; squabs, 35 to 40c pair.

Frogs' legs, 25 to 35c a pound.

GAME—Tame rabbits, 50 to 75c a pair; black ducks and red heads, 1 to $1.25 a pair; teal ducks and all small ducks, 50 to 60c; plover, $4 to $4.50 a dozen; snipes, $3 to $3.50; saddle of venison, 15c; fronts, 7 to 10c; snow birds, 25c a dozen; quail, $3 to $3.60 a dozen; hares, 25 to 30c a pair.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Creamery butter, 23 to 25c; dairy, 20 to 22c; cheese, 12 to 14c; strictly new laid, eggs, 30 to 35c dozen; fresh, 22 to 25c, and cooking, 18 to 20c; white comb honey, pound sections, 12 to 14c; white strained, 10 to 12c; maple syrup, wine measure tins, 75c each; hand-picked pea beans, 10c quart; split peas, 8c quart; lard, 14c lb.; maple sugar, 10 to 12c.

Armour Has Grip on Wheat.

(From the Special Correspondent of the Montreal Star on the Chicago Board of Trade.)

CHICAGO, November 21.—Wheat was lower, December selling at 75⅝ to 74⅞c, and May at 76¾ to 75½c, compared with the closing of yesterday, 75½c and 76c, respectively. When the enormous volume of business transacted yesterday is considered, trade was dull, with the professionals watching Armour and attempting to follow him in his movements. The outside trade was naturally small owing to the sharp manipulations of the past few days. Coupled with the grip of Armour on wheat, sentiment was divided, with the predictions for good weather in the North-West offsetting the predictions for rain in the South-West.

The Modern Miller, in its weekly outlook, says: "Winter wheat has a fine growth, which is almost too luxuriant for the early sown grain in some sections. Complaints in regard to the condition of the plant is of damage by the Hessian fly are occasionally heard of, but are of no consequence. That farmers are satisfied with the outlook is indicated by the steady large deliveries of wheat by them."

Toronto Live Stock Market.

TORONTO, November 21.—Western Cattle Market—Seventy-six loads in to-day, including 1083 hogs, 264 sheep and lambs, and 12 calves. Export cattle, choice, 5¼ to 5½c; export cattle, medium, 5 to 5¼c; export cattle, common, 4½ to 4¾c; export bulls, 4 to 4¼c; export cows, 3¾ to 4c; butchers' cattle, choice, 4½ to 4¾c; butchers' cattle, medium, 3¾ to 3¾c; butchers' cattle, common, 2¾ to 3c; feeders' short keep, 4 to 4¼c; feeders' medium, 3¾ to 4c; stockers', 2¾ to 3¼c; milch cows, $30 to $55 each; ewes, 3¼ to 3½c; bucks, 2½ to 2¾c; culls, $2 to $3 each; lambs, 3¼ to 3¾c; calves, $2 to $10 each; hogs, singers, 6¼c; lights, 5¾c, off cars.

Export cattle and butchers' cattle firm. Milch cows selling well. There is an inferior lot on the market. Choice milkers in demand; sheep slow; ewes now wanted; culls dull and lambs slow.

AT THE HORSE SHOW.

To-day's Awards in New York.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

NEW YORK, November 21.—The management of the National Horse Show Association provided an interesting programme to-day, made up of the pick of the entries in many breeds. From the opening event of the morning, class 10, for Stallion trotters, in which a fine lot of horses was to be judged, until the evening the entry lists showed splendid selections.

First prizes were awarded as follows:

Class 10.—Trotters, all horses entered in this class must be standard, open to all stallions having a record of 2.20 or better, to be judged by their pedigree, individuality and racing qualities, as shown by performance:

The Charmer, b. Wood Lane Farm, Mount Holly, N. J.

Class 2.—Champion prize, open to all stallions having taken a first prize at any of the association's previous shows, and to the stallions winning first prizes in classes 4, 5 and 6, to be judged by their pedigrees, individuality and appearance in the ring:

Austral, br., owner, Stony Ford Farm, Stony Ford, N. Y.

Class 43.—Horses in harness, pair of horses, not under fourteen hands three inches, and not exceeding fifteen hands two inches: Canadian Boy, b.g., and Canadian Lad, b.g., owner, John Arthur.

REVISION OF STATUTES.

Order-in-Council Naming Commissioners Passed To-day.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

OTTAWA, November 21.—The Order-in-Council appointing the commissioners to revise the statutes was passed this morning and approved by His Excellency. It will be gazetted to-morrow. The personnel has been already announced.

Gift From Moorish Sultan.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

LONDON, November 21.—The Sultan of Morocco, says a despatch from Fez to the Times, has presented to the widow of Mr. Cooper, the murdered missionary, £1000, as a personal token of sincere regret at the loss of her husband.

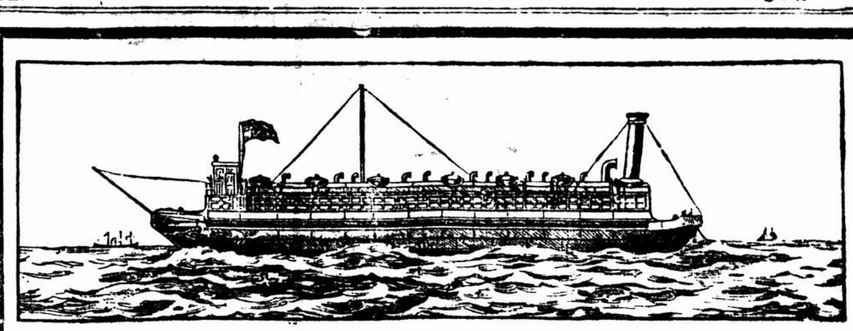
SANDERSON'S MOUNTAIN DEW SCOTCH. 265 3d

Special Notice.

Special Notice.

Because of being under very small expenses, enables W. H. Leach, 2440 St. Catherine street, to sell pianos nearer factory cost than any other dealer in Montreal. 276 2

If your watch keeps stopping it should have immediate attention, let our experts examine it for you. R. Hemsley, the Watchmaker, Montreal.



To Control World's Oil Supply

WE ARE OFFERING

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PRICE, - - 25 Cents Per Share.

ESSENTIAL FACTS

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Our Capitalization is very small.

Our Earning Powers are Enormous.

We have absolute control of patent rights which have cost over $80,000 to produce, and for which the owners have taken their pay in stock in the Company.

We Refused A Royalty

for our patent rights WHICH WOULD HAVE PAID A YEARLY DIVIDEND OF THIRTY PER CENT.

BECAUSE

based on existing prices our profits on our low capitalization should exceed these returns many times.

A VISIT TO OUR OFFICES WILL CONVINCE THAT

Every Claim We Make is Right.

THAT

This Company is destined to

CONTROL THE GREATEST NATURAL PRODUCT OF THE AGE.

The Commercial and Financial World of New York after Investigation—

Of this company says—"The greatest and most promising undertaking of the day."

BUY NOW

at 25 cts. Per Share

as the price of the stock may be advanced any time.

DON'T WAIT TOO LONG YOU MAY MISS

One of the Greatest Opportunities to Secure

INDEPENDENCE

At a Small Cost.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, CALL AT THE COMPANY'S OFFICES,

The Canadian Tubular S. S. Oil Transportation Co.,

MERCHANTS BANK BUILDING, MONTREAL.

277 3



RUBBERS and OVERSHOES

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

Discounts in Our Cloak Department will be Continued To-morrow.

It's a Saving at the Right Time!

Figure it out — if you need a coat — how much you will save for holiday shopping if you buy at our store to-morrow.

Ladies' Cloaks, 33 1-3 per cent. off.
Ladies' Cloaks, 25 per cent. off.
Ladies' Cloaks, 20 per cent. off.

We will also offer 100 Children's Cloaks at above reductions.

Don't fail to take advantage of these reduced prices in Cloaks. Hundreds of stylish garments to select from and in every size.

50 Navy and White Striped Skirts, lined throughout, double plaited flounce, $1.35, for 89c

Silk Moreen Skirts, assorted colours, $5.75, for $3.95; $9.50, for $4.95

Silk Skirts, assorted colours, were $9.50, for $4.95; $13.50, for $6.95; $14.75, for $8.00

Children's Navy Serge Dresses to clear; sizes 4, 6, 8 and 10 years; all at half price—$4, for $2; $4.25, for $2.13; $4.50, for $2.25

40 dozen Fancy Striped Flannelette Night Dresses, regular 50c, for .. 35c

Melton Cloth Skirts, regular $2.25, for $1.20

75 ONLY CUT STEEL BAGS, lined leather, steel both sides, nickel frame, worth $2.50, to-morrow ***$1.50.***

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FOR FOREIGN MAIL!
A beautiful assortment to select from!

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Don't wait till your feet get wet and you get a cold, Latest styles now in—best quality, lowest prices. Ladies, Men, Youths and Misses.

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GRAFTONS BOOK STORE
240 St. James St.

REMEMBRANCE.

The thought that we are remembered by friends is one of the SWEETS OF LIFE. It lifts us up when we feel "blue," and encourages us with a greater hope. Some choice tangible expression of FRIENDSHIP in the shape of CANADIAN CARDS and CALENDARS may be seen at our store.

It is time they were sent to the FRIENDS AT A DISTANCE. 276 2 eod

POSTHUMOUS DAUGHTER GETS BULK OF FORTUNE

NEW YORK, November 21.—Paul Leicester Ford, the author who was killed last May by his brother, Malcolm, left personal property worth $214,691. Of this the daughter born a month after the murder will get $137,048. Under the writer's will, his wife, Mrs. Grace Kidder Ford, was to receive the major portion of the estate, but the birth of the posthumous child made the will invalid as it stood. The law provides that such a child shall inherit two-thirds of the bequests made in the will.

Doukhobors are Happy.

WINNIPEG, Man., November 20.—C. W. Speers, Colonization agent, who has returned from Yorkton, says the Doukhobors now left in the villages are perfectly happy. He hints that Socialistic outside influences may disturb them, but if left alone they will not attempt another pilgrimage. Six months' provisions are stored at Yorkton for these people.

Thirty Drowned in Danube.

VIENNA, November 21. — A Danube steamer, crowded with workmen, sank off Orsova (a frontier town of Servia, on an island in the Danube) yesterday evening. Thirty of those who were on board were drowned. Owing to the darkness the boats from the shore were only able to rescue five persons.

Messages to Sir Wilfrid.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

QUEBEC, November 21.—Several congratulatory telegrams were forwarded from Quebec yesterday to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, at Hot Springs, Virginia, on the occasion of his 61st birthday.

THE LATE MR. CUMBERLAND.

How He Captured a Criminal at St. John, N.B.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

QUEBEC, November 21.—A local paper tells the following story of Mr. Cumberland, the late manager of the Bank of B. N. A. here, whose death occurred on Wednesday and who was buried in Quebec this afternoon: "Much more than a quarter of a century ago, the writer of these lines knew him when he was a teller in St. John, N.B. He performed there a very skilful piece of amateur detective work. Our readers will remember that on a certain day, a band of forgers arranged to present drafts at every branch of the Bank of British North America in Canada and New York. The paper was deftly prepared, and every manager was deceived, it bore such a genuine look. The scamp who had the presentation of the letter of credit at Winnipeg made a fatal mistake. He handed in his paper some hours too soon, and the head office had time to telegraph to all branches that the bills were forgeries. The late Mr. Farquharson Smith was manager of the bank here, and was notified in time to save the loss. Other branches did not fare so well. In St. John Mr. MacLellan was manager, and in the morning he accepted the paper and ordered Mr. Cumberland to pay over the money, which he did. The manager left at two o'clock to attend a funeral. While away a telegram from the head office reached the bank, but the chief was absent. However, it was opened, and as Mr. Cumberland remembered the occurrence, he at once set his wits to work. He had only seen the man before his wicket once, and scarcely looked at him. As he went out of the bank, he noticed casually, that he limped a little. The discovery of the forgery was made at half past two o'clock in the afternoon. At three o'clock the train for Boston would leave, but to reach the station a ferry boat trip had to be taken. Mr. Cumberland at once started, caught the boat in the nick of time, arrived before the train hauled out and saw his man limping into the car with a small satchel. He had him at once arrested, and brought to trial. The prisoner was convicted and sentenced to 14 years' imprisonment in the penitentiary, which he served. The money, however, was not recovered, as an accomplice secured it beforehand. Mr. Cumberland received great praise at the time for the rapidity with which he brought the rogue to justice."

Died While Eating Supper.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

OGDENSBURG, N.Y., November 21.—Gilbert L. Vannamee, a prominent resident of Gouverneur, fell from his chair dead while eating his supper last night. He was born in Gouverneur 72 years ago and never had occasion to consult a physician during his lifetime. Death was due to apoplexy.

PARIS POLICE AT WORK ON MYSTERY

American Woman Found Dead in Russian Musician's Room.

CONTRADICTORY STATEMENTS

They Lead Commissary of Police to Make Accusation, But Russian Claims Innocence.

PARIS, November 21.—Miss Helen Gore, an American, was mortally wounded in the apartments of a Russian singer, De Rydzenski, yesterday. United States Consul-General Gowdy is personally investigating the death of Miss Gore, who was completing her musical education here, and resided in the fashionable quarter of Passy. When found the victim was unconscious and had a bullet wound over her right eye. Two doctors were summoned to attend her, but she died without regaining consciousness. The police have accepted the theory of the young Russian singer, who was in the room at the time, that the shooting was the result of an accident during a scuffle for possession of the weapon. De Rydzenski comes of a rich and noble Russian family. He is the son of a Russian general, and he has uncles who hold high positions in the Government service.

Miss Gore lived in the Avenue de la Grand Armee, not far from the apartments of the Russian, where the tragedy occurred. The affair has caused much excitement in that locality. The police are continuing their investigations and De Rydzenski is kept under surveillance.

SHOUTED FOR HELP.

It appears that M. De Rydzenski returned to his lodgings at five o'clock yesterday afternoon, accompanied by Miss Gore, whom he took to his room. Half an hour later the report of a revolver shot was heard, and De Rydzenski rushed into the hall shouting for help. The proprietor of the house and several other persons entered the room and found Miss Gore lying on the bed, while the revolver was on the rug at the bedside. De Rydzenski's version of the affair is that while conversing with his visitor he had occasion to pick up an article from the table, and he inadvertently knocked off the revolver, causing it to explode. The bullet struck the lady and she fell backwards on the bed in an unconscious condition. The Comissary of Police, who has charge of the case, says the story seems improbable, but that it is impossible as yet to say whether the case is one of murder or accident. Nothing has yet been discovered to help in clearing up the mystery surrounding the affair.

According to a servant in De Rydzenski's house, Miss Gore paid frequent visits to the Russian, who it is now reported, first said that she had committed suicide, but afterwards told the police that while holding the revolver in his hand it slipped from his grasp and went off as it fell.

SOME LETTERS FOUND.

Consul-General Gowdy's investigations has established that Ellen Gore arrived in Paris on August 25, and registered at a boarding-house, No. 11 Avenue de la Grande Armee, as Mrs. Ellen Gore, of New York. She does not appear to have had any relatives residing in Paris, but among the effects found in her room were several typewritten letters of recent dates bearing the heading "Attorney Edward C. Butler, Gore, Court of Mexico." These letters are of a strictly business nature relating to property.

The proprietor of Miss Gore's boarding-house says she appeared to be a conscientious student; she worked hard at her musical studies and received few visitors.

Mr. Gowdy has not formed any theory regarding the circumstances of the death, but he will insist on the police thoroughly probing all the mysterious features of the case. The body has been removed to the morgue, where it will remain until Mr. Gowdy has received advices from the relatives.

A DIFFERENT VERSION.

Some of the morning papers give a somewhat different version of the death of Miss Gore, and say the Russian's name is Jean de Rutzwoski. His landlady, who was the first person to enter the room, says she found Miss Gore seated on the bed with her head thrown back on the bolster, which was covered with blood, and groaning pitifully. The doctor and a surgeon were summoned at once. The victim, who was fully dressed and with her hat on was disrobed and the doctors tried in vain to save her life. She did not, however, recover consciousness, and died at 8 o'clock without uttering a word. According to the papers, when the Russian made self contradictory statements to the commissary of police the latter said abruptly. "It is you who killed her." M. Rutzwoski replied, putting his hands to his head; "What an infamous accusation." Nothing was found in his room except a few letters written in Russian and German.

The Figaro says Miss Gore was a native of Chicago, and was a very pretty woman. The paper also says that Rutzwoski gave his name as Robekoff, at a hotel where he stayed before taking lodgings in the Rue de la Faisandrie.

Supreme Court Cases.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

OTTAWA, November 21.—In the Supreme Court yesterday, the hearings in the Sault Ste. Marie Pulp Co., v. Myers, and Grant v. Fuller were fixed for Monday next; Gibson v. Nelson will not be taken up before Tuesday next, and Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Co., v. Agricultural Savings and Loan Co. not before Wednesday next. Rennie v. Quebec Bank and The Ocean Accident and Guarantee Co. v. Fowlie, will follow. The rest of the Ontario appeals and the election cases of Laval and Two Mountains will be heard after Mr. Justice Armour takes his seat.

Hill's Western Railway Projects.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

WINNIPEG, November 21.—There are indications that James J. Hill intends crossing the international boundary at many points with the Great Northern Railway. In addition to the announcement that a net work of lines will be built throughout Manitoba, connecting at four points with the Great Northern, news has reached here that a survey party had left MacLeod, Alberta, to run a trial line for a proposed new railroad from MacLeod to connect with the Great Northern system in Montana.

Funeral of Mrs. Fairbairn.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

HAMILTON, November 21.—The funeral of Mrs. Fairbairn, who died in Montreal, took place here yesterday from the G. T. R. station. Mrs. Fairburn formerly, lived in Hamilton.

Breach of Promise Case.

WINNIPEG, November 21.—At the Court House yesterday suit was brought by Alice Cockerill, of Holmfield, against G. Harrison, of Killarney, for breach of promise. The damages asked are $5,000.

Favour Cannon for Speaker.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., November 20.—Ten of the eleven Republican Congressmen in Michigan met here to-day and favoured the candidacy of Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, for speaker.

First Inter-'Varsity Debate.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

TORONTO, November 21.—The first debate of the session in the Inter-Varsity series will take place this evening at the Conservatory of Music, the subject being "Resolved that the attempted secession of the Southern States was not justifiable." The affirmative side will be represented by I. N. Loeser and W. H. Vance, of Toronto University, who will be opposed by W. S. Johnson and M. B. Davidson, of McGill. James Bremner, B. A., will act as chairman and Canon Welch, J. M. Clark, K. C., and H. W. Ludwig, LL. B., will umpire the debate.

WASHINGTON RUMOUR FANTASTIC DREAM.

Story About Morgan's Latest Consolidation Scheme Not Taken Seriously in England.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

NEW YORK, November 21.—The correspondent of the Tribune in London cables: The story which has been cabled from Washington, dealing with the rumoured intention on the part of Morgan to consolidate the cotton, silk, ship-building and other great industries of the world, has not caused any excitement here, and it is regarded as altogether too fantastic for serious consideration. Yorkshire manufacturers continue to complain of declining trade with the United States. While there has been a gain of $103,500 in the exports from Leeds to the United States during the last twelve months as compared with 1901, it is explained by the shipments of wool and iron rather than by the improvement of the woollen trade or metal manufactures.

The Bradford district, whose prosperity depends largely upon a brisk trade with the United States, is disappointed with the result of the present tariff, and the manufacturers are forced to admit that the United States market is now mainly supplied with home goods.

Huddersfield has suffered less than Bradford, since it exports to New York the finest qualities of worsted and woollen goods, but its manufacturers find cause for complaining at the shrinkage of the United States demand. The textile trades of Leeds are suffering from the same cause, and the merchants are forced to send goods to other markets which are not supplied with home manufactures. The exports of machinery, steel rods and iron from Leeds to the United States have fallen during the last quarter, even from the low level of the preceding year.

It is not difficult to convince the Yorkshire merchants, either in the textile or metal trades, that the United States tariff since it was reconstructed the last time, has stimulated home production and operated against British industries. The general efficiency of that tariff as a defensive measure for reserving the home market for home manufacturers tempts many among them to express dissatisfaction with the prevailing condition of one sided English free trade without reciprocity from any colony except Canada.

THE WIRES WERE CROSSED.

A Number of People in Hintonburg Shocked.

OTTAWA, November 21.—Electrocutions by the dozen seemed inevitable in Hintonburg yesterday, and that only six parties were temporarily placed hors de combat is due to the weakness of the current at the time. In the early morning, Mrs. Byers, wife of Fire Chief Byers, was wakened by the peculiar buzzing of the hotel alarm. Hurrying downstairs she discovered the wires on fire, and electric sparks flying in all directions. She aroused her son, John, who, dressing himself, hastened to No. 2 fire alarm box, where streaks of fire were shooting up and down the poles. On his way thither he was joined by Harry Routh. Upon reaching the box, the latter attempted to insert the key into the lock, and was sent reeling. Mr. Byers renewed the effort, and was dropped to the pavement in a semi-conscious condition. By this time Chief Byers appeared upon the scene, and scenting danger did not touch the wires; he simply put his good right hand on the alarm box, and that was enough; he was the third victim of the electrical prank. Matters continued active at Byers' Hotel, and incipient fires were subdued by Mrs. Byers and members of the household. Meanwhile the electric fluid was playing pranks at the pump house. A boy employed there established a circuit when a steel instrument which he had in his hand, touched the alarm bell, and he went out of business—victim number four. Messrs. Routh and Byers having recovered consciousness, warned Chairman Miller, of the Fire and Light Committee, who, in his efforts to solve the mystery, touched box No. 3, and he was victim number five.

Investigation disclosed the cause of the trouble. It was an umbrella frame, which had been carelessly thrown across the wires connecting the electric wire, with the fire system. To remove it was the work of a moment. But ere this was done a sixth man had touched box No. 3, and quickly joined the unhorsed.

Tower's Departure for Berlin.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 21.—United States Ambassador Tower, who has been transferred from St. Petersburg to Berlin, had his farewell audience of the Czar at Livadia on Wednesday, and afterwards lunched with His Majesty and the Czarina.

New Russian Railway.

LONDON, November 21.—It is announced that the construction of the Russian railway from Erivan (a town of Russia, 115 miles from Tiflis), to the Persian frontier, will be commenced at the beginning of 1903.

Business at Granby, Que., has grown so fast that J. D. Quinn, who formerly held the dual office of collector of customs and excise officer, has been obliged to resign the former. The new collector of customs is W. D. Miner.

FRANCIS H. CLERGUE ON TRADE QUESTIONS

Thinks U. S. Will Not Enforce Extra Duty on Pulp.

MAKING OF STEEL RAILS

If Railway Men Buy Them Outside Canada at Low Figures New Industry Will Suffer.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

OTTAWA, November 21. — Francis H. Clergue, who arrived here yesterday and interviewed some of the Ministers, does not believe that the much discussed extra duty of 25c a ton on pulp will be enforced by the United States. The insertion in the McKinley Act of the provision for the imposition of such a duty, as well as for additional duty on lumber entering the United States, he says, was done at a time when the measures for the protection of Canadian pulp and lumber were first talked of. In consequence of the Ontario Government's saw log policy, however, the firms that formerly manufactured lumber on the other side of the line have now been obliged to locate in this province, and as a duty on pulp would involve, by a parity of reasoning, a duty on lumber, as well, the imposition of an extra duty, either in the case of pulp or lumber would hit with a heavy bludgeon the very men who are responsible for the incorporation of the provisions referred to in the McKinley Act.

Questioned regarding the recent purchase of steel rails in Germany by Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann, Mr. Clergue said that his firm could not afford to produce rails at the price at which Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann are reported to have purchased their rails, namely, $27 a ton, delivered at Port Arthur. Mr. Clergue continued: "We have spent $15,000,000 in iron mines, and in the construction of rolling mills and railways to connect with them, and if other railway companies are going to follow the example of Mackenzie and Mann we simply cannot produce steel rails, that is all. The question is one for the people of Canada to decide. I cannot believe, however, that the Government will continue to bonus railway companies that use foreign rails or allow in future a bonus to be paid to railways that are now being laid with foreign rails."

SPANISH POLITICAL CRISIS.

House Closed on Thursday After Stormy Sitting.

MADRID, November 21. — As the uproar in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday evening, caused by the attack of Senor Romero Robledo on Premier Sagasta continued, the Premier withdrew and the President of the House closed the sitting amid protests from the members of the Opposition and cries of "There is no Government."

There was a stormy sitting in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday. After a speech by Premier Sagasta, in which he expressed surprise at the interpretation which had been given to the recent ministerial crisis, Senor Romero Robledo reproached the Premier with his political antecedents. He declared that Senor Sagasta was not the leader of a party, but the favourite of the King, a statement which occasioned an angry debate.

The Spanish Cabinet resigned November 10, and after considerable difficulty Senor Sagasta, November 14, formed a new Ministry, which took the oath of office November 15.

BRITAIN AND VENEZUELA.

Relations Between the Countries are Still Strained.

WILLEMSTAD, Island of Curacao, November 21.—It is considered as remarkable that President Castro has not resumed the functions of the Presidency of Venezuela, which he gave over to the Vice-President when he took the field prior to the battle of La Victoria. This delay on the part of President Castro is regarded by the diplomats as an indication that he is not satisfied that the Revolution is over although he informed the foreign ministers that it would be completely ended not later than December.

The strain in the relations between Great Britain and Venezuela, already great, has been intensified by the refusal of the British Government to give satisfaction in the Barrigh affair and by the publication by the Government of Trinidad of the decree announcing that the blockade of the Orinoco river ports declared by the Venezuelan Government, is null and of no effect.

The organ of the Venezuelan Government publishes the aforementioned decree of the Trinidad Government, and bitterly attacks Great Britain on that score. It says that Trinidad has been the headquarters of Gen. Matos and revolution, that men and ammunition have been sent from that island, and that Great Britain has incited and prejudiced the world against President Castro. The Journal declares that the blockade is effective and that the British vessels will be seized if they violate it. Minister Haggard declines to make any statement, but in diplomatic circles it is understood that Great Britain would release her ships by force and that this was one of the purposes of the recently reported entrance of one of her warships into the Orinoco. Germany is upholding Great Britain, and is threatening a rupture of relations with Venezuela, but no action has yet been taken.

REMARKABLE CASE IN OLD BAILEY COURT.

English Lady, Who Stands High in Society, Accused of Illtreating Child.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

LONDON, November 21.—The famous old Bailey Court was yesterday the scene of a remarkable trial. Mrs. Penruddicke, the wife of a Wiltshire Magistrate, and land owner, and a recognized leader of society in the west of England was charged with systematically ill-treating one of her own children. The greater portion of the court reserved for the public was taken up by well-dressed women, and there was a big array of lawyers engaged in the case. The victim of the alleged systematic torture was a little girl, aged six years, and there was intense excitement when she took her stand in the witness box and told how she had been stripped and exposed to all kinds of weather, how wasps had been put down her back and nettles rubbed on her face. A curious feature of the case, which had not been concluded at the rising of the court, was that prisoner had four other children, and they had apparently always been properly treated.

THE EMPEROR'S HORSES WERE FRIGHTENED.

EDINBURGH, Scotland, November 20.—Emperor William, on his way to embark on board the Imperial yacht Hohenzollern, lying in the Firth of Forth, arrived at Dalmenie to-day and was met by Lord Rosebery. As His Majesty's carriage was leaving the station the horses attached to it became frightened at the waving of the colours of the detachment of the Black Watch forming the guard of honour. The postilions lost control of them and they got mixed up in the crowd. An accident was only averted by the alertness of Lieutenant-General Sir Archibald Hunter, who seized their heads and managed to control them. After lunch the Emperor boarded the Hohenzollern and sailed for Kiel.

ANOTHER NEGRO LYNCHED.

Taken From Authorities by Mob as Usual.

SULLIVAN, Ind., November 21.—James Dillard, the Kentucky negro who assaulted Mrs. Mary Davis and Mrs. John Lemon, last Tuesday, was hanged to a telegraph pole one mile east of John Lemon's farm last night, by a mob. Dillard was captured at Lawrenceville, Ill., late Wednesday, after a battle with the town marshal, during which the negro was shot three times, and severely wounded. He was then taken to Robinson, Ill., for safe keeping. Late yesterday the negro was brought to Sullivan in a waggon by the Sheriff and his deputies, for further identification. A mob of 40 or 50 farmers, heavily armed, took the prisoner from the officers and carried him to the home of both his victims, and by them was identified. When near the Lemon farm, a rope was thrown over the arm of a telegraph pole, and the negro was hung. The Governor had ordered out the Vincennes Militia Company to protect the negro, but his instructions were received too late. After hanging the negro the mob quietly dispersed. It was composed mostly of farmers, but was largely augmented by citizens of various towns of this county.

GERMAN TARIFF BILL.

Conservatives Say That it Will Pass Before Christmas.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

LONDON, November 21.—After a five days' armistice between the majority and the Government, the German Imperial Diet yesterday resumed the debate on the second reading of the Tariff bill. The interval was occupied in banquets of which the chief was that given by the Speaker, Count von Ballestrem, and which was attended by Count von Buelow, and in other forms of informal negotiation. Though these gustatory conferences have not yet resulted in the acceptance of a definite scheme of compromise, Berlin despatches indicate that they have cleared the situation by illustrating, in sharp outline, the desire of the majority to discover a convenient bridge of retreat from their opposition to the Government. It is expected that an agreement in some form or other will be completed before the end of this month and the Conservatives are already prophesying the passing of the bill before Christmas.

FRICK AND LAWSON DEAL.

They are to Establish Big Smelting Works Near Niagara.

BUFFALO, November 21.—A special to the Express from Tonowanda, says: A deal has been on foot during the last week and undoubtedly will be completed before the end of the present week, to bring within three miles of this place one of the largest copper works and steel plants in the world. Yesterday part of the proposed plan was carried out, when the representatives of the H. C. Frick Company, of Pittsburg, closed a contract for a 100 acre farm. Mrs. Litz, the owner of the property, left for Buffalo yesterday to turn over the deeds of the property. The Litz farm will be the site of the copper smelting works. The plant will cover 75 acres. Negotiations are under way for the purchase of additional land adjoining the Litz farm for the steel plant, the whole property having a water front on Niagara River of nearly a mile. The two most prominent men whose names have been mentioned with the deal are H. C. Frick, of Pittsburg, and Thomas W. Lawson, of Boston.

Strobel Tried to Commit Suicide.

NEW YORK, November 21.—After Bartho Strobel, imprisoned on a charge of writing threatening letters to prominent men had been examined by Chief Murphy, of the Jersey City Police Department, he was left alone in a room at headquarters, where he attempted suicide with a hand kerchief. He was led back to a cell by a patrolman, and reaching through the bars seized the officer's revolver. The officer caught Strobel's arm before it could be withdrawn, and threatened to break it, thereby causing the man to drop the weapon.

Uncle Sam and Filipinos.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

LONDON, November 21.—The Chronicle recognizing the truth of the declaration of President Roosevelt that the United States would as soon abandon Alaska as the Philippines, says it hopes that the Filipinos will be content with the amount of individual liberty that American rule, according to the President, has brought them. "Free Cuba," the paper add, "is somewhat doubtful as to the benefit of exchanging the easy yoke of Spanish misrule for the bit of the American Financier."

Glanders Outbreak Under Control.

OTTAWA, November 21.—Dr. Rutherford, chief veterinary inspector of the Department of Agriculture, reports that the outbreak of glanders, which had assumed threatening proportions a few weeks ago, is now under the control of his men, although they still have a number of cases under supervision. All doubtful cases are watched for a development of the disease, and the animals will be destroyed should glanders appear.

Scroggie's

The Store That Sets the Pace.

Special Attractions.

Dozens of different stocks selling together to your advantage. Prices and qualities must be right, for old faces make the crowds. Assortments are not only complete, but new lines are constantly being added. For instance, this is our first season for Boots and Shoes. You wouldn't know it, though. Business enough doing for an old established store. Every desirable style is here and prices are as low as we can afford.

Our Toy Dept., which is just opened out, will be a source of delight to the little ones. We invite one and all to inspect this stock and judge for themselves.

Saturday Shoe Specials

Ladies' $3.50 and $4.00 Boots; Saturday..... $2 50

120 pairs Ladies' Fine Patent Leather and Best Box Calf and Vici Kid Lace Boots, made with heavy Goodyear Welted Soles, on the popular "Mannish" last, handsome and serviceable, $3.50 and $4.00 boots. Saturday, special price $2 50

Saturday Morning's Special Prices on Children's Shoes.

Little Boys' Good Enamel or Box Calf Lace Boots, sizes 10, 11, 12 and 13, regular price $1.65 and $2.00. Saturday, 8 a.m..... $1.00

Little Boys' Fine Patent Leather Low Lace Shoes, with light turn soles, for house or dress wear, sizes 11, 12 and 13 only, regular price $1.50. Saturday, 8 a.m..... 50c

Misses and Girls' Fine Kid Button and Lace Boots up to size 1, regular price $1.50 to $2.00. Saturday, 8 a.m..... $1.00

Boots up to size 1, regular price $1.50 to $2.00. Saturday, 8 a.m..... $1.00

NOTE.—We advise early purchasing for these Children's Shoes, as assortment and quantities are limited, consequently cannot fill telephone orders.

Our Toy Department is now in full swing. Pay it a visit when you are out to-morrow afternoon and bring the little ones.

Fancy Neckwear.

Just received, Novelties in Silk Stock Collars, Silk Ties, Silk and Chiffon Jabots, in plain colors and fancy combinations. A special display of these goods to be seen on our Neckwear Counter on Saturday. One example will suffice: Ladies' Fine Chiffon Jabot, with fine hemstitched frill at bottom, and Collar attached, colors white, white with black lace, pink and pale blue with cream lace, black with black lace. Special $1.10

Write for Winter Catalogue. Mailed Free to Out-of-Town Customers.

SAMPLES SENT ON APPLICATION.

Scroggie
St. Catherine and University Streets.

When you are tired of doing poor baking and sick of impure food try Empire Soda, best for baking, pure and sure.

198 law tf

LEGAL.

Curious.—Question—If a person rents a house and finds it damp and cold, and a member of family becomes unwell and has a doctor's certificate that said house is not a fit place for said member to reside in, and having appealed to landlord, offering him the rent for remainder of year till lease runs out, is it legal that said person should heat house also?

Answer.—You may have the lease cancelled upon previously putting the landlord in default.

H. Y. Z.—Question—I married in Quebec. My husband died fifteen years ago, leaving money in bank to be divided between myself and children, so much each. We held a family council, a lawyer being present, and I was appointed tutorix, with a near relative as sub-tutor. Now what I want to know is this: If in case of my demise, this sub-tutor would have the management of all my share of the money in bank, said girls being my heiresses. Could I make a will appointing a certain person as sole manager of my money matters and their welfare, which, of course, would take the whole matter out of his hands, or would the fact of his being appointed a sub-tutor by family council hurt the validity of such a will?

Answer—The sub-tutor you speak of would have no authority after your death, for he was only appointed in conjunction with you and consequently when your tutorship ends, his duty will be to have a new tutor appointed if necessary. You may appoint an executor by your will, but his rights will only extend to your estate, not to what comes to your children from their father.

Glass.—Question—Am I responsible for a broken pane of glass in my residence, which was broken intentionally by a child living nearby?

Answer—Tenant is responsible for the broken pane. Your landlord is in no way responsible.

Sybil.—Question—Have parents a right to open a daughter's letters after she is 21 years of age, if she has never done anything towards their or her own support, and always lived in their home?

Answer—No, the letters are completely her own property and cannot be interfered with by any one.

Foremen Being Shifted.

The arrival of the new hook and ladder truck for No. 3 Fire Station, corner Wellington and Dalhousie streets, has caused a couple of transfers amongst the foremen of the brigade. Foreman Reynolds goes from the chemical engine at No. 5 Station to the new truck, Foreman Hogan from the hook and ladder truck at No. 10 Station to the chemical engine at No. 5 Station, and Foreman Carson, recently appointed, will be in charge of the hook and ladder truck at No. 10 Station.

Successful Entertainment.

The entertainment held last night in St. Matthew's church was most successful. Speeches were made by Dr. Sharp, chairman, Rev. W. R. Reid, Mr. Ormston and Rev. D. Dobson. The music rendered by the choir, under the leadership of Dr. Tattersall, was excellent. The Board of Management desire to thank the congregation for the generous donations, and also the ladies and gentlemen who assisted. The church was nicely decorated with flags, bunting and flowers.



BERMALINE BREAD (Reg.)

The finest in the world. Awarded Gold Medal at Glasgow. Also HOME-MADE, VIENNA, STEAM and all kinds of FANCY BREAD made from the best Patent Hungarian Flour.

Delivered daily in all parts of the city.

W. & J. S. WYLIE,
BAKERS,
Tel. Up 1409. 228 Bleury St.

CONTRACT FOR NEW GRAND TRUNK STATION.

The contract for building that part of the new Grand Trunk station at Portland above the foundation has been awarded to John W. Burrowes, of Portland. There were six bids put in and the matter was decided by the officials of the road Wednesday afternoon. The contract price is not yet made public. The station must be completed by April 1, and Mr. Burrowes has already begun to haul building material to the Grand Trunk. He will put a large crew of men at work, and believes he can finish the station inside the specified time.

There will be separate contracts awarded for the tiling, marble work, heating, and plumbing apparatus and electric wiring, and local Portland firms will be given a chance to bid on these. The firm that gets the tiling contract will be required to put the material in place.

Little Girls' Bazaar.

Ten little girls who all last winter sewed for charity, will hold a bazaar on Saturday afternoon and evening, at the residence of Mrs. W. L. Voigt, 317 Prince Arthur street. The proceeds are to go to the General Hospital. There will be flowers, candy, refreshments, soap bubbles and post cards. The young organizers are the Misses Edith Whitehead, Marjorie Wallace, Edith Nelles, Clyde Lindsay, Hope McIntyre, Marguerite Luedecking, Mildred McCombe, Marguerite Stevenson, Jessie Voigt and Elsie Macdougall.

The Greatest Food Product.

CLARK'S DELICIOUS PORK and BEANS are proven by scientific research to be a perfect and most economical food. 276 1

King Edward and the Balaclava Veterans.



(Black and White.)

Their Majesties Passing the Balaclava Survivors in Fleet Street, Where the Queen Called the King's Attention to the Veterans on October 25 During the Royal Progress Through London.

All notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths must be endorsed with the names and addresses of the persons sending same.

BIRTHS.

BROWNE—At Montreal, on the 16th of November, to Mr. and Mrs. W. Graham Browne, a son. 275 2

COUTURE—At Waterville, Que., on November 9th, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Couture.*

CRAIG—At Sherbrooke, November 11th, a son to the wife of T. M. Craig.*

EASTMAN—At Massena, N.Y., November 6th, the wife of the Rev. F. B. Eastman, of a son.*

LENNON—At 138 La Prairie street, on Sunday, November 16th, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Lennon.

MACDONALD—At 164 St. Hypolite street, on November 17, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Macdonald. 276 2

McCREADY—On October 31st, at London, Ont., to Mr. and Mrs. S. B. McCready, a son.*

McEWEN—On the 11th inst., at 449 Mount Pleasant avenue, to Mr. and Mrs. R. Grant McEwen, a daughter.

McGHIE—At Rose Ridge, Man., on October 28th, to Mr. and Mrs. L. J. McGhie, a son.*

PAYNTER—At Winnipeg, on November 13th, to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Paynter, a daughter.*

POLLOCK—At Danville, Que., on November 6th, the wife of Rev. A. F. Pollock, of a son.*

POINGDESTRE—At New Westminster, B. C., on November 6th, the wife of J. H. Poingdestre, of a daughter.*

POTTER—At Campbell's Bay, Que., on November 14th, to Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Potter, a son.*

PRIMROSE—At Lethbridge, N.W.T., on November 8th, the wife of Superintendent Primrose, N. W. M. P., of a daughter.*

RINGER—At Revelstoke, B.C., on November 3rd, to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Ringer, a daughter.*

ROBERT—On November 13, at Ottawa, to Mr. and Mrs. F. Robert, a son.*

SUTHERLAND—At Ottawa, on November 14th, to the wife of A. C. Sutherland, a daughter (stillborn).*

MARRIAGES.

FOSTER-FITCH — At Carberry, Man., on November 12th, Herbert W. Foster, of Carberry, to Lena, only daughter of Wm. Fitch, Esq., of Emily, Ont., by Rev. W. G. Wilson.*

GIRLING-HOPKINS —At Carberry, Man., November 12th, by the Rev. R. H. L. Girling, William Havelock Girling to Kathleen Margaret, daughter of the late Rev. Francis Hopkins.*

HOSSACK-LAND — On November 12th, at Winnipeg, Lottie, the youngest daughter of William Land, to D. G. Hossack, both of that city.*

MACWHIRTER-McKIECHAN—At Winnipeg, Man., on November 10, by the Rev. F. B. DuVal, D.D., John Macwhirter, to Jennie E. McKiechan, youngest daughter of Mrs. R. A. H. McKiechan.*

MORROW-HALES — At Calgary, on Nov. 4th, by Rev. Dr. Herdman, A. A. Morrow, of Edmonton, to Helen Hales, of Great Falls, Montana.*

SYLVESTER-SKINNER — On November 11th, at Roland, Man., by Rev. T. J. Hartley, John Sylvester, V.S., of Hannah, N.D., to Miss Belle Skinner, of Roland.*

THIBAUDEAU - GASCOIGNE — At the Archbishop's Palace, Montreal, on Thursday, November 20th, 1902, by the Rev. Abbe Bourassa, De Blois, son of Senator J. R. Thibaudeau, to Eva, third daughter of the late Dr. George E. Gascoigne, F.R.C.S.

DEATHS IN THE CITY.

BALTZLY—On Wednesday, November 19, 1902, Louisa Gertrude Foos, widow of the late Benjamin F. Baltzly, of Lachine, Que., aged 64 years. Funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 17 20th street, Lachine, thence to Mount Royal cemetery, Saturday, 22nd inst., at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation. (Ohio and New York papers please copy.) 275 2

DEGUISE—In this city, on the 20th inst., Marie Blanche Bertha, daughter of Ollivier Deguise, contractor. Funeral private.

ELLIOTT—On November 20th, 1902, at St. Columban, Que., Mary Rogers, wife of the late J. Elliott, and mother of P. Elliott, grocer, of this city, aged 65 years. Funeral from her late residence, Saturday morning, November 22. (New York papers please copy.) 276 2

HOGAN—At Lachine, on November 15th, Roderick Hogan, a native of Co. Tipperary, Ireland. (Sault Ste. Marie and Cornwall papers please copy.)

JARDINE—On Thursday, November 20th, 1902, in this city, Robert L. Jardine, in his 49th year. Funeral on Saturday afternoon at 2.30 from 129 Esplanade avenue, to Mount Royal cemetery.

KILTY—Accidentally killed on November 18, Joseph Kilty, aged 19 years. Funeral from his late residence, Lachine, on Saturday morning, at 9 a.m. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation.

MARCHAND—In this city, on the 19th inst., Edouard Marchand, aged 67 years, foreman. Funeral on Saturday at 8.30 a.m., from 363 St. Catherine street, to Nativite Church, thence to Cote des Neiges cemetery. 275 2

SHEEHAN—In this city, on November 21, John Sheehan, son of the late John Sheehan. Funeral from his uncle's residence, No. 4 Maisonneuve street, on the 23rd instant, at 2.30 p.m., to Cote des Neiges cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. Funeral service in St. Mary's Church on Monday, the 24th, at 8.30 a.m. Members of St. Lawrence Courts and sister courts please attend. (Boston and New York papers please copy.) 276 2

DEATHS OUTSIDE THE CITY.

ARCHER—On Friday, November 14th, at London, Martha Warner, beloved wife of James T. Archer, aged 37 years.*

AVEY—On November 16th, at London, Ont., George, eldest son of William J. and Bertha Avey, aged 8 years and 5 months.*

BREWIN—At Halifax, on November 13th, Charlotte Brewin, aged 43 years.*

COLEMAN—In Sherbrooke, on November 10th, Mrs. W. G. Coleman, aged 25 years and 5 months.*

DAY—At Halifax, November 13th, after five days' illness, Margaret Donohue, wife of Michael Day, aged 37 years.*

DRUCE—On November 12th, at Winnipeg, Charles Stanley Druce, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Druce, aged 1 year and 5 months.*

GILCHRIST—On November 15th, 1902, at Ottawa, Harold Gray Gilchrist, aged 7 years and 7 months, son of T. V. Gilchrist.*

GRAHAM—At Winnipeg, Malcolm Graham, aged 34 years 7 months 27 days.*

LAVERY—On November 12th, at Winnipeg, Mrs. Jane Lavery, in the 76th year of her age.*

MACDONELL—At Brockville, on November 13th, Miss Bella MacDonell, aged 27 years.*

MARCEAU—On November 12th, at Quebec, Marcelin Marceau, tailor, at the age of 56 years.*

MARQUIS—In Dundee, Scotland, on November 14th, Henry Gardner Marquis, formerly manager of the Bank of British North America in Brandon.*

McDONALD—In Sherbrooke, on November 6th, Eral Gordon, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. McDonald, aged 4 years.*

O'CONNOR—In Hamilton, on November 16th, Margaret O'Connor.*

PIZZY—At Crewe, Man., on November 4th, Alfred Pizzy, aged 20 years.*

SHAW—David Shaw, son of Robert Shaw, of Huntingdon, died at his late residence, Valleyfield, on Thursday morning, 20th inst., aged 52 years. Funeral at Valleyfield on Saturday, at 1.45 p.m. 275 2

STEVENS—In Sherbrooke, on November 10, George, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Stevens.*

TANCOCK—At London, Ont., on November 16th, Edmund G. Tancock, late of New York city.*

For additional Births, Marriages and Deaths, see page 6.

CLERK WAS FIRED

with desire for charlotte gel. 276 1

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED.

Notre Dame Street. Montreal's Greatest Store. St. James Street.

NOVEMBER 21st, 1902.

"AROUND THE STORE."



The store is bountifully full of novelties and staple goods that readily suggest themselves to early holiday shoppers. Bright new merchandise greets your sight at every turn at prices that have never been equalled before for economy.

Everything indicates that a merry Xmas is coming to Montreal and The Big Store. We're helping it along with all our might.

CALENDARS, BOOKLETS, CHRISTMAS CARDS.

Holiday Business begins in bookstore to-morrow with a display of Calendars and Cards outrivalling anything in Montreal or Canada.

☞ In Artistic Excellence and Daintiness of Design.
☞ In the extent and variety of choice offered.
☞ In the fact that every price is specially reduced.

☞ HERE ARE SOME SAMPLES ☜

Xmas Cards singly from 1c	Choice Calendars at..... 1c
Xmas Cards in boxes with envelopes from 10c	Dainty Calendars at..... 2c
Autograph Xmas Cards in boxes from 15c	Folding Calendars from... 4c
Mammoth packet of Xmas Cards 23c	Artistic Calendars from... 9c
	Calendars from 10c to $10.00
	Everything in the Calendar line is here.

☞ Holiday Books in complete varieties.

AN ARRAY OF PRETTY TOYS

The home of everything that brings delight to the young heart and cheers up the old ones. Toys and dolls for the children to laugh at and older heads to enjoy.

☞ All Toys, Dolls and Games bought now will be stored and insured against fire until New Year's Day free of charge.

Dressed Dolls.	Pretty Dressed Sailor Dolls with hats, shoes and stockings, fair hair, worth 25c. Good Jointed Dolls with fair hair and bisque head. Worth 20c.	12c ea
Boys' Toys.	Here's two specials in Boys' Toys for to-morrow—Toy Stables with Horse and Cart. Worth 40c. Magic Lanterns with Lamp and slides complete. Worth 40c.	21c ea
Iron Toys	Iron Automobiles with driver, nicely painted and finished, worth 15c. Iron Hook and Ladders with two firemen. Worth 15c.	11c ea
Boys' Suits	Boys' 3 piece Suits in dark grey, fancy checks and Navy Serge, sacque and double breasted style, cut and trimmed as made to order garments. Worth $6.00.	$4.50
Boys' Overcoats	Boys' and Youth's Winter Overcoats in Raglanette style, all wool dark gray Cheviot, velvet collar, Farmer's Satin lined, equal to Custom-made. Worth $7.00.	$5.60
Men's Overcoats	Men's and Youth's extra quality all wool dark Oxford gray Cheviot Overcoats, Raglanette style, velvet collar, interlined with felt to waist. Worth $12.00.	$9.50
Men's Hats	Men's and Youth's fine quality fur felt Hats, Panama and Derby Styles, best trimmings up-to-date, made specially for The S. Carsley Co., Limited. Worth $2.00.	$1.65
Shirts or Drawers	Men's Heavy Underwear, pure fleece lined Shirts, made with French neck, elastic ribbed cuffs. Drawers made trouser finish. Worth 70c.	56c
Cambric Shirts	Men's extra fine coloured Cambric Shirts, with pretty neat, fancy stripes, detachable cuffs, medium length front. Worth 80c.	67c
Men's Gloves	Men's extra quality Mocha Gloves in medium shades of brown, fine stripe warm wool lining, dome fastener. Worth $1.00.	86c
Men's Ties	Men's fine quality Silk Ties in the latest Derby shapes, all the latest colours, neat stripes, pretty designs, dainty spots	19c
Ladies' Coats	Ladies' Raglanette Coats in covert crash, Chesterfield front, side pockets, flare sleeves with cuffs, lined fancy mercerised sateen. Worth $12.00.	$9.00
Ladies' Suits	Ladies' all wool Oxford Gray Costumes, Blouse Eton style, double breasted, flare sleeves, skirt tailor made, seven rows stitching. Worth $10.00.	$7.25
Dress Skirts	Ladies' all wool Fine Black Cloth nine gored flare Dress Skirt, piped in satin, good lining, velvet bound, made very full. Worth $9.00.	$7.15
Ladies' Gloves	Ladiees' Fine Kid Gloves, two dome fasteners, in Black, White, Tan, Gray, Mode, Purple, Brown, Blue, Red, Green, Brown, Blue, Red, Green, Silk points, sizes 5 1-2 to 7 1-4. Worth $1.00.	73c
Wool Gloves	Ladies' extra fine Ringwood Wool Gloves, in a beautiful range of pretty patterns, elegant colourings, very elastic, all sizes, soft and warm. Worth 50c.	32c
Fur Caperine	LADIES' Black Persian Lamb Caperines, trimmed Electric Seal, with 2 heads, 4 tails, high storm collar, lined, plain and fancy silk. Worth $9.00.	$6.55
Silk Skirts	LADIES' fine Taffeta Silk Underskirts, wide flounce, ten rows tucking, gored band, lined lustre, in colours and black. Worth $5.00.	$3.95
Millinery Special	LADIES' exquisite Ready-to-wear Hats, assorted colours and styles, black and white Hats, crown of White Felt, brim of velvet with ornament. Worth $4.00.	$2.50
Ladies' Boots	LADIES' extra fine quality Dongola Laced Boots, Goodyear Welt, extension soles, kid tip, well finished, perfect fitting; sizes 2 1-2 to 7. Worth $3.00.	$2.00

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED.

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame Street. 184 to 194 St. James Street, Montreal.

The Dairy Store

SPECIALS FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

72 pairs Knitted Wool Gloves, 35c, less 25 per cent.
32 pairs Knitted Wool Gloves, Men's and Youths', 45c, less 25 per cent.
59 pairs Knitted Wool Gloves, Men's and Youths', 50c, less 25 per cent.
39 pairs Knitted Wool Gloves, Men's and Youths', 55c, less 25 per cent.
6 pairs Knitted Wool Gloves, Men's and Youths', 40c, less 25 per cent.
6 pairs Knitted Wool Gloves, Men's and Youths', leather palm, 95c, less 25 per cent.
6 pairs Knitted Wool Gloves, Men's and Youths', leather palm, $1.35, less 25 per cent.
Men's Cardigan Jackets, in brown and black, different sizes, regular $1.25, for 95c, $1.50 for $1.15, $2.15 for $1.60, $4.25 for $3.19, $4.00 for $2.99, $2.25 for $1.69, $1.35 for $1.00.
200 dozen Gents' Lawn Handkerchiefs, worth regularly 10c; for 5c each.
200 yards Brocade Crepon, for evening wear, in Nile, Cream, Cardinal, Heliotrope, White, Turquoise, Ivory, regular 95c; for 35c a yard.
Special Line of Plushes, different colors, 18 to 22 inches wide, were 90c to $1.10 a yard; for 35c a yard.
Dress Shields, all new goods, much under regular value.
Stockinet Shields, regular 25c; for 15c, all sizes.
Light Weight Shields, regular 35c; for 25c, all sizes.
Black Silk Shields, regular 65c; for 40c.
White Silk Shields, regular 45c; for 35c.
Colored Crochet Cotton, 200 yards spools, regular 5c; now 2 for ..
Belding Twist, regular 3c; for 1c a spool.
A Special Line of Cushion Tops, regular 25c; for 10c.
Cushion Tops, regular 50c; for 25c.
Cords, with Tassels to match Cushions, regular 20c; for 10c.
Boys' Heavy Shetland Wool Shirts, regular 80c, less 25 per cent.
Boys' Heavy Shetland Wool Pants, our regular price 90c, less 25 per cent.
Boys' Heavy Natural Wool Combination Drawers, our regular price $1.00, less 25 per cent.
Ladies' Natural Wool Vests, regular price 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50, less 25 per cent.
Ladies' Natural Wool Combination Dresses, our regular prices were $1.25, $2.50, $3.00, $3.25 and $3.50, less 25 per cent.
Ladies' Unshrinkable Wool Vests, prices $1.35, $1.45, $1.65, reduced to 75c.
Ladies' Heavy Black Ribbed Cashmere Hose, 35c, 38c, 40c, 50c; all sizes down to 25c a pair.
14 only Ladies' Silk Waists, from $4.50 to $7.50. Price, $3.59.
4 only Ladies' Flannel Waists, $4.50 to $6.00. Price, $3.85.
8 only Ladies' Flannel Waists, $2.75 to $3.50. Price $2.38.
Moirette Underskirts, $5.50 for $3.68, $6.00 for $4.00, $7.50 for $5.00, $4.00 for $2.60.
Silk Skirts, $16.50 for $10.00, $14.50 for $9.00.
Satin Skirts, $9.00 for $6.00.
20 only Pleat Suits, made of good English Tweed, tailor-made, $4.50 to $5.00. Price, $3.50.
An odd line of Peak Caps, 10c each.
Special Line of Feather Boas, suitable for evening wear, lengths 1 1-4 yards and 2 1-2 yards, regular $1.25; for 49c.
Checked Ginghams, worth 11c; for 8 1-2c.
27 in. Heavy Navy Blue Serge, worth 27c; for 20c.
Blouse Flannels, the 50c kind for 35c.
A Special Line of Soft Twilled Blanket Sheets, regular $1.20 goods for 85c a pair.
Without doubt the best value in the city is our leading line of Bed Comforters, covered in Fine French Sateen, well worth $5.00; for $4.25.

A Manufacturer's Lot of Sample Pieces of Lace.

Comprising all widths of Lace, known as Irish Crochet Lace; lengths vary from 1 yard to 8 yards long; value from 20c to $1.50 a yard. Have all been laid out on tables at our Lace Counter. The prices are only 1-4 of their value.
The colors are Butter, White, and the new shades of Paris. The goods are marked per the piece; no length can be cut. For example, 6 3-4 yards for $1.20. This pattern is worth 60c a yard, and so on the values go through the entire lot.

Our Buyer Secured Another Lot of Handkerchiefs.

Lot No. 1.—Embroidered Muslin Handkerchiefs, regularly sold at 12 1-2c each; for 5c.
Lot No. 2.—Embroidered Muslin Handkerchiefs, sold regularly at 20c each; for 10c.
Lot No. 3.—Embroidered Muslin Handkerchiefs, sold for 25c; for 12 1-2c.
Lot No. 4.—Embroidered Muslin Handkerchiefs, with lace edge, and without lace edge, 15c; regular price 35c.
Lot No. 5.—Embroidered Lawn Handkerchiefs, regularly sold for 35c to 50c; for 18c.
Lot No. 6.—Embroidered Mull Handkerchiefs, sold regularly from 35c to 65c; for 18c.
Lot No. 7.—Pure Linen Embroidered Handkerchiefs, regularly sold from 35c to 45c; for 20c each.
Lot No. 8.—Embroidered Linen Handkerchiefs, regularly sold from 45c up to 60c; for 25c each.
Lot No. 9.—Lace Edge and Embroidered Linen Handkerchiefs, sold regularly for 50c to 65c; for 30c.
Lot No. 10—A small lot of beautiful embroidered and lace edged Handkerchiefs, sold regularly from 80c to $1.00, for 45c each.
Lot No. 11—A beautiful lot of Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, sold regularly at $1.50 to $2.25, for 95c each.
850 yards of All Wool French Plaids, silk and wool, snowflakes plaids, two tone diagonal effect, regular price $1.00 to $1.65 a yard, for 59c a yard.
700 yards Fancy All Wool Plaids, suitable for Children's and Misses' Dresses, also Camel's Hair Effect Plaids, Amazon Serge, Cashmere Serge. Regular 75c to $1.25 a yard. Our price 39c a yard.
800 yds. All Wool French Natte, 44 inches wide; colourings, navy, cardinal, gray, myrtle, light navy, light cardinal, fawn, old rose; regular price 60c, for 25c a yard.
All Wool Beaver Jackets, 46 inch, semi-fitting, lined throughout with Satin, finished latest style, self strappings, colours, fawn, brown and navy, sizes 34, 36 and 38. Prices were $27.50. To clear at $18.50.
All Wool Beaver Cloth Jackets, in fawn, brown and navy, size 36 only, semi-fitting, lined surah twill silk, velvet collar and artistically trimmed, $22.50. To clear at $16.00.
Ladies' 2 clasp Kid Gloves, in black, white, tan, mode and gray, with fancy white and self stitching, perfect fitting, with gussets between fingers, regularly $1.00 a pair, for 75c a pair.
Double Bed Crochet Quilts, value for $1.75, for $1.25.
Cream Damask All Pure Linen, 50 inches wide, regularly sold at 40c, for 30c a yard.
Cream Damask Table Linen, all pure linen, 54 inches wide, 54c a yard, for 35c.
30 inch Doylas, suitable for dish towelling, 16c, for 9c.
5 o'clock Tea Cloth, regular value for 85c, for 65c.
Seconds in Table Napkins, 5-8 x 5-8 size, 5c, 6c, 7c, 9c, 10c, and 12½c each, regularly sold at 8c, 9c, 10c, 12½c, 15c and 16c.

The above Goods are taken from our Stock all over the House, and prices will continue for these Lines until these Lines are sold out, which in many instances last only 2 or 3 days.

Best Attention Given to Mail Orders.

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS,

ST. CATHERINE AND MOUNTAIN STREETS.

STROUD'S

"A Wonderful Tea for the money," that is what customers say, no matter what quality they buy. They are fresh Teas, imported direct from the land of growth, passing through no middle hands.

Consequently we are able to give you a "wonderful Tea for the money."

STROUD'S

2186 Notre Dame St., 1519 St. Catherine, 5094 St. Lawrence, 2229 St. Catherine, 91 St. Lawrence, 71 Bleury St.

MONTREAL.

"The Style of a 'Dorothy Dodd'"

Like Shoes, Like Everything

Shoes make your feet stylish or unstylish. They also decide your gait, and, to some extent, your posture. They are tremendously important to a woman. When you walk in some shoes you slouch along, but there are others that make you feel uplifted and animated—it is very curious! **$3.75**

A few styles $4.00.



The "Dorothy Dodd" stands first among stylish shoes. It makes the foot look a full size smaller. It makes your walk a good five years younger. It gives you an elastic step that betokens vivacity and animation. At the same time it gives *real distinction* to the foot itself.

Few feet are so badly-shaped that they cannot be made stylish in this shoe. Just for once try *"the style of a "Dorothy Dodd."*

Dorothy Dodd

$4,000 in Cash Prizes to purchasers of "Dorothy Dodd" shoes.
Ask about it,

OPEN EVENINGS.

FRENCH & SMITH,

2350 St. Catherine Street.



Shoe Buyers

Who want good, stylish, comfortable shoes should examine our line for . . .

Men, Women and Children

A small profit from each customer satisfies us and our patrons, too. Seasonable shoes are here in abundance. Prepare for winter storms with a pair of our weather defiers. Just a few suggestions:

Men's — Genuine Box Calf or Dongola Kid Lace or Congress Boots, Mackay welt soles, medium or heavy weight, all styles and different lasts $2.50

Ladies' — Fine Vici Kid or Box Calf Goodyear welt, lace or button Boots, just the thing for this season of the year.. $2.50

Girls' — Fine Box Calf or Vici Kid lace or button Boots, heavy sewn soles; self tip, spring heels, backstrap, solid leather throughout, sizes 5 to 7 1-2 ... ... $1.15
Sizes 8 to 10 1-2 ... ... $1.25
Sizes 11 to 2 ... ... $1.50

Boys' — Good strong School Boots, hand made, solid leather, guaranteed, very neat and strong, sizes 11 to 13 ... ... $1.25
Sizes 1 to 5 ... ... $1.50

Rubbers — The best made are the kind we sell, every pair guaranteed, all styles and kinds, at the lowest prices.

OPEN EVENINGS.

GEO. G. GALES & CO., 137 St. Antoine St. 3 doors west of Windsor St. 276tyl

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SPONGES

Special Sale on Saturday.

A special lot of Mediterranean, Turkish and Apico Velvet Sponges will be offered on Saturday at

33⅓ per cent. Under Regular Prices.

This is an Exceptional Opportunity.

K. CAMPBELL & CO., Drug Dept. Colonial House, Phillips Square

Hours: 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Sundays 10 to 12.30, 2.30 to 4.30, 6.30 to 9. 276yortl

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Our Window Shades are 65c each. We told you before of this line and we will tell you again until every one knows of them. They are certainly great value. Mounted on Hartshorn Rollers.

(71) THE MARTEL-STEWART CO., 681-683-685 Craig St.

We take measurements free of charge. 27611

IN FAVOUR OF FREE SCHOOLS.—At last night's meeting of the Workingmen's Educational Association the following resolution was adopted, after an interesting discussion: "That whereas the first plank in the platform of the Trades and Labour Congress of Canada calls for the establishment of a system of free and compulsory education throughout Canada, and, whereas, many of the provinces have made greater progress in this respect than Quebec, therefore be it resolved that this association places itself on record as being entirely in favour of the system of free and compulsory education, as well as the establishment of free technical schools."

SOCIAL.—On Tuesday evening next the anniversary tea and social will be held in the Point St. Charles Baptist Church. A turkey supper will be served from 6.30 to 8.30 p.m., when a programme will be rendered.

MEETINGS AND SOCIETIES

In the Labour World.

THE PAINTERS.—At the meeting of the Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators, sixteen new members were initiated.

THE BRICKLAYERS.—A very important special meeting of the Bricklayers' Brotherhood will be held to-night in St. Joseph's Hall.

Local Union, No. 140, United Garment Workers of America, will meet to-morrow evening in St. Joseph's Hall, 137a St. Elizabeth street. All Jewish clothing workers in the city are cordially invited to attend.

THE JEWELLERY WORKERS.—A special meeting of the jewellery workers has been called for the purpose of listening to an address on educational matters by Mr. Bernard Rose, provincial organizer of the United Garment Workers of America.

THE STONECUTTERS.—At the meeting of the Stonecutters' Union Mr. A. Latrelle was appointed business agent and organizer for the Province of Quebec. A special meeting will be held on Wednesday evening next, when the delegates will be elected to the International convention to be held in Chicago next month.

THE GARMENT WORKERS.—The regular meeting of the Montreal Summer Clothing and Overall Workers' Union, Local 216, United Garment Workers of America, will be held this evening at 8 p.m. at the Empire Hall. Several prominent labour men have signified their intention of being present. The necessity of free and compulsory education will be discussed.

CAUGHNAWAGA INDIANS WOULD LIKE ONE OF TRIBE APPOINTED AGENT.

The Indians of Caughnawaga are discussing the appointment of a successor to the late Indian agent, Mr. Alex. Brosseau. They have heard the name of a Mr. Leblanc, of St. Constant, mentioned, but such an appointment is one that meets with entire disapproval among the people of the tribe.

The sentiment of the band is that one of their own people should get the appointment. They have in their midst Mr. Louis Jackson, who is the official interpreter for the Indian language in the courts of the province. They claim that such a nomination would prove satisfactory in every way. It would do away with the services of two interpreters or translators, one to interpret the Indian language to the agent, and another to translate the French report of the agent into English for the Department. Mr. Jackson, besides his knowledge of his native language, speaks and writes English and French with equal facility and possesses the entire confidence of the people of the tribe, who would like to see him appointed.

SIGNAL ENGINEER OF CANADIAN PACIFIC.

Mr. Frank Lee, formerly of the engineering department of the Chicago and Northwestern, has been appointed signal engineer of the C.P.R. The office is a new one. Mr. Lee will have his headquarters in Montreal and will supervise all signals, taking in that respect the duties hitherto performed by the divisional superintendents. Mr. Lee is a graduate of the Sheffield Scientific Institute and before going to the Chicago and Northwestern he was employed for two years on the government railways on the island of Trinidad.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

First Meeting of the Season Held at the Normal School.

The Teachers' Association held its first meeting last evening in the Normal School. There was a large attendance and Professor Kneeland occupied the chair. Mr. E. W. Arthy, Principal Silver and Miss T. M. S. Reed read papers on arithmetic, and a programme of music was given that was most enjoyable. The board of governors of the Association received an offer at their meeting yesterday afternoon from Rev. Principal Rexford to give a series of lectures on the art of teaching. His offer was gratefully accepted.

Entertained at Verdun.

The entertainment given at Verdun Asylum last evening by Miss Marie Hollinshead and a party of her friends was enjoyed by over 200 inmates. The visitors included Messrs. Ramsay, Earl, Hamilton, Warner, Currie, Mesdames Hamilton, Warner, Chadwick and Miss Hollinshead.

Montreal Women's Club.

Mr. R. C. Smith, K.C., will read a paper on Monday next before the Montreal Women's Club, in place of Mr. Fred. Thomson, who will be unable to give his promised paper on "Electricity" on that day, owing to his absence in Sydney, C.B.

Fined Twenty-five Dollars.

Mr. Recorder Poirier yesterday condemned Hormidas Maisonneuve to pay a fine of $25 or spend three months in gaol for refusing to allow a police officer to inspect his place on Sunday.

Did you ever taste Dr. Laviolette's Syrup of Turpentine? Do get a bottle for the sake of your little ones, it is so soothing and so palatable. And never fails to cure coughs and colds.

Special Notice.

Pianos and Organs by nearly every conceivable maker. Each instrument is in perfect order, guaranteed for five years, and full value allowed for same as part payment for a new instrument, should the exchange not exceed three years. Call early for first choice. Layton Bros., The Art Piano and Organ House, 144 Peel street, N. B.—Open Saturday evenings. 276 2

Style, Quality, Price—Right.

What more do you want when buying Furs? All our styles are the latest. All our prices are the lowest when the high quality of our goods are taken into consideration. It will be a good investment if you spend ten minutes of your time here before you make a purchase of any fur goods. E. A. Ste. Marie's Great Fur Store, corner Amherst and St. Catherine streets.

The Daily Star.

WHO PAYS?

One of the curiosities of argument is the effort of Hon. J. D. Cameron, of Winnipeg, to convince the Young Liberal Club, of that city, the other evening that the west has been steadily bled in taxation for the benefit of the east. "The man on the street" will think that we have made a transposition of terms in stating this case. He will remember that, from his youth up, the east has been paying taxes which the Government has been spending in the west. But our report of Mr. Cameron's speech is correct. He thinks that the west has been paying the bills of the east.

The two first items which will occur to any one, he probably has. That is, our purchase of the Hudson Bay Company's land in that country, and the building of the C. P. R. It seems that he thinks we did not owe the money to the Hudson Bay people, and that we got lands from Manitoba which equalled the cost to us of the C. P. R. Still whether we owed the Hudson Bay money or not, we paid it, and Crown lands which form a part of a new province can hardly be regarded as retrogarding a cash payment by Canada to the Canadian Pacific. Put broadly, the east bought the liberty of the west to begin with; and then built a railway through it when its future was only a prophesy.

From that day forward, all Canada—which happily knows no east or west has been equipping itself as best it may for the competitive struggle with the American Republic. Such local works as post offices and customs houses, we have provided where needed; and probably each section of the country has obtained about the same proportion as it paid in. The navigation plant has been largely placed east of the Manitoban boundary, for the excellent reason that that is where it was needed. An inland town does not absolutely require a wharf unless the election is very close. But no province has profited more by our canal system, our deepening of the rivers, our equipment of the ocean ports, than has Manitoba. This all means cheap transportation for western grain, and, unless we have been misled, that is a very live question with the western farmer.

But we of the east have been glad of the opportunity and the ability to spend on the west. We believe in the west. We are confident that money invested in it is well placed. We would like to see its grain come this way, and are reading for it; and feel sure that, other things being equal, the people of Manitoba would rather see Montreal and Halifax get their shipping business than New York and Portland. We are one country, and we hope never again to see a discussion started as to which section of it does the paying, for the advantage of the other. We do not believe for a moment that any section is being bled, or that any province wishes anything but prosperity to every sister in the family.

DOES ADVERTISING PAY?

An interesting letter under this heading will be found on page 8 of this issue of The Star.



Probabilities for the next 24 hours, specially prepared for the Montreal Star at 11 a.m. today.

Moderate to fresh west to south-west winds; fair and mild today and on Saturday.

Maximum and minimum temperatures during the past 24 hours: Victoria, 46-44; Kamloops, 50-26; Calgary, 44-36; Qu'Appelle, 46-28; Winnipeg, 34-24; Port Arthur, 40-32; Parry Sound, 52-42; Toronto, 52-38; Ottawa, 52-40; Montreal, 50-42; Quebec, 42-38; Halifax, 48-38.

MONTREAL, November 21st, 1902.

Readings by the Optical and Engineers Supply Company's standard barometer at noon yesterday, 30.32; at 8 a.m. today, 29.93; 11 a.m. today, 29.93; temperature today, maximum 54, minimum 40; yesterday, maximum 53, minimum 38.

Sun rose this morning at 7.18 o'clock. Will set this evening at 4.48 o'clock.

Pearl Brooches and Pendants

Are always suitable Gifts for ladies. We have just placed some new designs in stock, and quote a few prices.

No. 204—Crescent Brooch, containing 15 pearls $1.50

No. 125—Fleur de Lys Brooch and Chatelaine, containing 16 pearls 6.00

No. 201—Crescent Brooch, containing 21 pearls 6.00

No. 203—Crescent Brooch, containing 19 pearls 6.50

No. 133—Wishbone Brooch, containing 28 pearls 8.00

No. 134—Brooch containing 50 pearls 11.50

No. 130—Sunburst Brooch and pendant, containing 73 pearls 12.00

No. 127—Star Brooch and pendant, containing 41 pearls.. 20.00

No. 108—Brooch and pendant, containing 62 pearls 22.00

No. 109—Sunburst Brooch and pendant, containing 57 pearls 24.00

No. 113—Sunburst Brooch and pendant, containing 1 diamond in centre, and 80 pearls 50.00

No. 111—Sunburst Brooch and pendant, containing 73 pearls 60.00

Any of the above will be sent prepaid when ordered through our Mail Order Department.

R. HEMSLEY
The Jeweller,
MONTREAL.

REV. DR. GORDON WILL SUCCEED DR. GRANT

New Principal for Queen's University Comes From Halifax College.

HIS SALARY WILL BE $4000

He is Charming Orator and Was Born in Same Town as Late Principal.

HALIFAX, November 21. Information was received in this city last night that Rev. Dr. Daniel M. Gordon, professor of theology in the Presbyterian University during the past eight years, and formerly pastor of St. Andrew's church of this city, and before that of Knox Church, Winnipeg, had accepted the principalship of Queen's University. A press correspondent called up Dr. Gordon and asked him if the report was correct. He expressed surprise that the news was public, and while not denying its truth said that the announcement was premature, and that all that had happened was that he had been communicated privately with, and asked if he would accept the position were it offered him, to which he had said he would. The board of directors does not meet till next month, and therefore the appointment will not be made till then, though it is practically done now, as Dr. Gordon has said he would accept. Dr. Gordon has a son, Alex M., also a minister of the church, who has just returned to Canada from a charge in London, Eng. Dr. Gordon's name was mentioned after Principal Grant's death as his successor. He is one of the most popular of Halifax Presbyterian ministers, and is well known in his denomination throughout Canada.



REV. DR. DAVID M. GORDON.

THE REPORT CONFIRMED.

TORONTO, November 21.—Mr. Justice McLennan, chairman of the board of trustees of Queen's University, announced last night that Rev. Dr. Daniel M. Gordon, of Halifax, has been offered and had accepted the principalship in succession to the late Principal Grant. The board of trustees will meet on December 5th to confirm the appointment. Dr. Gordon's salary will be $4,000, and a dwelling house. The date on which he will enter on his duties is not yet announced, and will be determined by his Halifax engagements.

REVEREND DR. GORDON, NEW QUEEN'S PRINCIPAL, IS A CHARMING ORATOR.

The new Principal of Queen's University, Rev. Daniel M. Gordon, M.A., D.D., is one of the most charming personalities, and one of the most gifted pulpit orators in the Canadian Church to-day.

He was born at Pictou, Nova Scotia, on January 30th, 1845, and it is a rather remarkable coincidence that the late Rev. Principal Grant, C.M.G., whose place Rev. Dr. Gordon will fill as Principal of Queen's, should be succeeded by a gentleman born in the same town.

The new Principal, as did also Rev. Dr. George M. Grant, his predecessor, received his early education at the Pictou Academy, an institution which also has the honour of being the early training school of the late Sir William Dawson, Principal of McGill University, and Rev. Dr. Forrest, Principal of Dalhousie University.

Rev. Dr. Gordon is a son of Mrs. William Gordon, and a brother of the late William and Joseph Gordon. His sister, Miss Millie Gordon, resides at Pictou, N.S. His father, the late William Gordon, was a native of Sutherland-shire. He early came to Pictou county and the family became one of the best known and influential in Nova Scotia.

STUDIED AT PICTOU ACADEMY.

Rev. Dr. Gordon, after completing his studies at the Pictou Academy, proceeded to Glasgow University where his scholastic career was most brilliant. After taking various prizes and distinctions he graduated M. A. in 1863 and B.D. in 1866.

Ordained the same year, he returned to Canada, equipped for his life's work at the early age of twenty-one.

For some time he had charge of an extensive pastorate embracing St. Paul's Church, at Truro, N.S. Here his work was much appreciated. He subsequently carried on his ministry in several minor stations.

WENT TO OTTAWA.

In 1867 he was inducted pastor of St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa, and here he continued for fifteen years until 1882 when he was called to Winnipeg as pastor of Knox Church in that city. In 1887 in response to a unanimous call he accepted the charge of St. Andrew's Church, Halifax, N.S. While in Winnipeg Dr. Gordon was chaplain of the 90th Battalion, V. M., and was on active service with it during the Rebellion of 1885.

Dr. Gordon's work in Halifax was characterized by great thoroughness. There was nothing within the compass of his ministerial work too trivial for his most careful attention. Church societies were vigorously superintended. The different schemes of the congregation were energetically carried out, and an extensive system of pastoral visiting inaugurated. The reverend gentleman stimulated interest in his church choir by personally attending every practice.

POWERFUL PULPIT ORATOR.

In his preaching, Dr. Gordon made a reputation as a dignified and powerful pulpit orator. His presence is graceful and impressive; his matter invariably well arranged, and his delivery, in beauty of elocution, unsurpassed in the Canadian church. In the choice of appropriate words and phrases, the reverend gentleman is particularly accurate and happy."

PROFESSOR OF THEOLOGY.

In 1894 Dr. Gordon resigned the pastorate of St. Andrew's to accept the professorship of theology and apologetics in the Presbyterian College, of Halifax.

In his new sphere of labour, Dr. Gordon did excellent work. He was universally beloved by the students and his lectures were models of literary style.

The new principal of Queen's University has for many years been a prominent figure in everything concerning the work of the Presbyterian church in Canada. He took an active part in promoting the union of the Presbyterian churches throughout the Dominion, and in the care of the union which was commemorated in 1875, went as one of the delegates appointed to represent the views of the Canadian church to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland.

WAS ELECTED MODERATOR.

Rev. Dr. Gordon was in 1898 elected moderator of the General Assembly, the Supreme Council of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, received the honorary degree of D. D. from his alma mater in 1895. He is also the author of several works.

His son, Alexander M. Gordon, is also in the ministry. He is a '94 graduate in arts, with high honours in classics, of Dalhousie University, Halifax, N. S., and subsequently took his degree in theology abroad.

Another son had a distinguished career in Applied Science at McGill University.

THE SOLDIERS' MONUMENT

Strathcona and South African Memorial.



ADDITIONAL SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Messrs. James A. Ogilvy & Sons	$20.00
James Cooper, Esq.	10.00
Collection, Duke of York's Masters, service at Dorval, Sunday, September 14	5.25
Henry Hogan, Esq.	5.00
Lt.-Col. A. H. Gilmour (Stanbridge)	5.00
Eric Mann, Esq.	1.00
A Friend	1.00

SAYS THOUSANDS OF NATIVES PERISHED

W. J. Campbell Arrives at San Francisco With Gruesome Tale of Guatemala Earthquakes.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 21. W. J. Campbell, who has just arrived from Guatemala, brings additional details of the damage caused by the recent volcanic disturbances. He said:

"There is no clear idea yet of the loss of life resulting from the eruption of Santa Maria, but I believe 5,000 natives have been killed. There was some talk at San Jose, too, of some refugees having been waylaid by robbers, but I saw no instance of this. I took the first means of getting back to this country, having been impoverished. At San Jose it was said President Cabara was trying to suppress the news, but evidence of ruin was apparent to everybody.

"Some of the coffee fincas that have been nearly ruined were worth more than $1,000,000. The plantation of Albert James, which was wiped out, had machinery upon it worth $300,000, all of which is destroyed. Some months ago James refused an offer of $1,500,000. Adolfo Meyers' finca, worth $75,000 in gold, was ruined. Both of these places lay from twenty to forty miles west of the volcano.

GREAT SHIPPING TRUST.

Completion Will be Followed by Advance in Rates.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

NEW YORK, November 21. — The correspondent of the Tribune in London cables:

The last date draws near for the completion of the great shipping trust deal. The interestes naturally grows keener and the opening of the career of the International Mercantile Marine Company is awaited with speculative wonder. There have been persistent rumours on the Stock Exchange that the United States financiers are experiencing difficulty in finding money to complete the purchase of the White Star line by December 1, but these rumours are dismissed at Morgan's London offices as absurd, and it is authoritatively stated that all the money is here and that everything is ready for the completion of the deal at the appointed time. In well informed circles, it is believed that the completion of the purchase of the White Star line will be at once followed by an advance in trans-Atlantic freight and passenger rates.

Telephone Rates Reduced.

OTTAWA, November 21. — The joint committee of the Hull Council and the Board of Trade, appointed for the purpose of securing a cheaper and uniform rate from the Bell Telephone Company for business and house telephones in that city, had a conference with the solicitors of the company, Sir A. P. Caron and Mr. R. V. Sinclair. An agreement, mutually satisfactory, was arrived at, and the council will be recommended to ratify it at its next meeting.

According to the agreement, business phones, which range from $35 to $85, will be reduced to $45, and private phones, which range from $55 to $100, will be reduced to $30. The city will have four phones at $25 each instead of $55, as hitherto. Six public telephone stations will be established at places to be pointed out by the council. In the event of Ottawa securing lower rates a further reduction in the rates in Hull would follow.

In return for these concessions the council will be asked to grant an exclusive franchise for five years to the Bell Telephone Company.

Western Member's Complaint.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

WINNIPEG, November 21.—Dr. Douglas, M. P. for Eastern Assiniboia, is in the city and complains bitterly of the failure of the railways to haul out the farmers' wheat. Perhaps no people in the West are in a worse plight than the farmers of the Qu'Appelle Territory. The doctor says it is costing them ten cents a bushel to haul it out, and when the grain does reach the railway there are scarcely any cars to draw it. The Kirkella extension of the C. P. R. is in an incomplete state and has not brought any relief to the settlers worth speaking of.

Toll Gates May Go.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

KINGSTON, Ont., November 21.—At a meeting of the County Council of Frontenac, the question of the abolition of toll roads in the county was discussed by the councillors and members of a deputation of citizens. A motion was finally moved and carried that it would be in the best interests of the county and city to have the toll gates removed. The question will be submitted to the electors for approval at the coming municipal elections.

Awarded $18,000 Salvage.

LONDON, November 21.—The Admiralty Court has awarded the Harrison Line steamer Scholar $18,000 for salvaging the American Line steamer Belgenland.

The Belgenland, which left Philadelphia, July 5, for Liverpool, broke her shaft July 9. Three days later the Scholar, from Galveston to Liverpool, sighted her, and took her in tow, the two vessels reaching Halifax, N.S., July 19.

Explorer Cut Off by Ice.

LONDON, November 21.—A special despatch from St. Petersburg, to-day, announces that Baron Toll, who is exploring the Siberian Coast line, has been cut off from the coast by early winter ice in New Siberia. No anxiety, however, is felt for his safety as his expedition is well equipped, and will reach the mainland so soon as the ice is strong enough.

IMPROVEMENTS FOR MONTREAL HARBOUR

Local Deputation Interviews New Minister of Public Works.

PERMANENT FREIGHT SHEDS

Plans Approved by Mr. Sutherland—Two Additional Piers Promised for Windmill Point.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

OTTAWA, November 21. — Hon. Robert Mackay, Messrs. David Smith and John Kennedy, representing the Montreal Harbour Board, had a long discussion with Hon. James Sutherland, Minister of Public Works, last night, on matters connected with the harbour improvements. They asked first that the plans for the permanent freight sheds erected on the new piers should be approved, so that work on them may be gone on with this winter. This not being objected to by the departmental engineers, Mr. Sutherland assented to it, and the works will go on. Their next request was for the carrying out of an implied promise that two piers should be constructed in connection with the elevators at Windmill Point, should be kept, and the work commenced at an early date. This also Mr. Sutherland promised to accede to.

As regarded sanction being given to the construction of a system of overhead carriers running along the piers between the elevator and vessels lading or unlading, the Minister was unable to decide at once, and promised that the matter should be looked into and reported on immediately.

The delegation expressed some fears that there might be changes in the plans for the elevator, and that monetary difficulties might arise. Mr. Sutherland gave the delegation the advice to hang on to the money, and promised that as far as it lay in his own hands that policy would be carried out. He gave the members of the Board distinctly to understand that he would make no promise beyond the limits within which he could secure the fulfilment, and that when they asked anything which was beyond those limits he could only promise to look into the matter and consult his colleagues. The deputation left well pleased with the result of their interview. Hon Raymond Prefontaine was present during the conversation.

PRIZES FOR VIRTUE AWARDED AT PARIS.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

LONDON, November 21.—The Paris correspondent of the Times says the Montyon prizes for virtue were distributed by the French Academy yesterday. The chief prize of 3,500 francs ($700) was awarded to Marie Desbat, who has established an asylum for eighty-four aged persons at Venissieux, near Lyons. In earlier years she collected gutter children and taught them catechism. Afterwards she devoted herself to visiting the sick. A sum of 1,500 francs ($300) was given Jennie Schneider, a blind lady, who has founded an asylum for sixty-seven blind children. Three Breton sailors received 2,000 francs ($400) for saving shipwrecked crews.

Among the literary prizes, Maurice Maeterlinck got 1,000 francs ($200) for his "Vie de l'Abeille."

Recent Lawrence Disasters.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

QUEBEC, November 21.—Commander Spain and Mr. Gregory are pursuing further enquiries into the case of other recent wrecks than that of the Edward Seymour. Pilot Frenet, of Montreal, who was in charge of the steamer Loanga when she grounded at Cap Rouge on November 5, deposed that the accident was due to the fact that he could not see the Cap Rouge light.

The captain of the steamer Iberian, which went ashore on Red Island reef on October 30, explained that the disaster was due to the pilot mistaking White Island for the Red Island Lightship. Both captain and pilot were down below when the accident occurred.

CONDUCTORS AND TRAINMEN HAVE NOT YET ARRANGED DIFFICULTY WITH C. P. R.

The general committee of the C.P.R. conductors and trainmen have not yet succeeded in reaching an agreement with the company although they have been in conference for several weeks. The men are asking for an increase of 25 per cent. in wages, east of Fort William. The company at first offered 7 per cent. and has since increased this to ten per cent., but the men have not yet accepted. There is no doubt, however, that an agreement will ultimately be reached that will be acceptable to all parties.

FOOTBALLERS VISIT US IN MONTREAL

An Association Team to Play in This City Next Autumn.

If Montreal will put up the necessary money, Montreal will be enabled to see a representative British team play Association Football next season.

A representative British Association Football team will go on a trip, which will last from May to October.

This trip will take in South Africa and New Zealand, with a visit to Canada thrown in on the way home.

In regard to the Canadian visit, Mr. McClure, one of the managers of the All-Canadian Rugby team, has been approached by letter.

The Association people only want Canada to supply twenty-five hundred dollars guarantee.

A VERY EXPENSIVE TRIP.

Their trip will cost in all about twenty thousand dollars, while the trip of the Canadian team will cost only about five thousand dollars.

The Association people will bring sixteen men. South Africa is giving them a guarantee of ten thousand dollars, and New Zealand a guarantee of seven thousand five hundred.

The West will have to be relied upon principally for the Canadian guarantee, for the Association game is not a very great favourite in this part of the country, although it is very popular in Ontario and Manitoba.

Methodist Church Bazaar.

The ladies of Dominion Square Methodist Church will hold a bazaar in Conservatory Hall, formerly Beaman's, corner McGill College avenue and St. Catherine street, on Friday and Saturday, November 28 and 29. Preparations have been going on for months, and the ladies of the church have succeeded in getting together a splendid collection of fancy work. The president of the bazaar committee is Mrs. W. Alex. McKay. The fancy work table is in charge of Miss Dillon, assisted by Mrs. J. Leslie. Dolls are to be a special feature of the bazaar, and beautiful dolls at all prices, from five cents to ten dollars, can be had at the table in charge of Mrs. C. C. Holland and Mrs. J. W. Shaw. The other tables will be presided over by the following ladies: Housekeepers' table, Mrs. C. E. Manning and Mrs. S. Finley; plain work, Mrs. J. R. Alexander and Mrs. Mundle; flower table, Mrs. Joshua Itell and Mrs. W. Godbie Brown; candy table, Mrs. Beall and Miss Locker; fish pond and woodenware, Mrs. Montagu Stafford; refreshments, Mrs. W. J. Shaw and Mrs. W. Weldon, Mayor Cochrane will open the bazaar on Friday afternoon.

PERSONALS.

Mr. W. Wall is in New York.

Major G. R. Hooper returned to-day from New York.

Mr. James Rodger has left on a trip to the Pacific coast.

Mrs. Forbes Angus, Drummond street, gave a pleasant dinner last night.

Mr. and Mrs. Hayter Reed, of Quebec, are at the Queen's Hotel, Toronto.

Mrs. J. H. Burland, Sherbrooke street, is in Ottawa the guest of Lady Borden.

Lady Borden gave a luncheon in Ottawa this week for Miss Winslow, of Fredericton, N.B.

Mr. and Mrs. James Ross, Peel street, will return to-morrow morning from Lindsay, Ont.

Miss Fielding gave a pleasant tea in Ottawa on Wednesday for Miss Winslow, of Fredericton.

Mrs. Annie L. Jack has been the guest of Mrs. Thomas Pringle, Bishop street, for a week.

Mr. F. Cundill, Greene avenue, who has been ill for so long, was very much worse yesterday, but is a little better to-day.

Mr. H. M. Stevenson, of the Molsons Bank, Owen Sound, has been appointed accountant of the Molsons Bank, Quebec.

Mrs. S. W. Beard, 707 Pine avenue, is giving a tea on Saturday afternoon in honour of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Lomer N. Beard.

Mrs. M. H. Gault, who some time ago fell on Shuter street, breaking one of the bones in her foot, is slowly progressing towards recovery.

Mrs. R. W. Macdougall, Stanley street, is convalescing very slowly from her recent severe illness, and is still confined to her room.

An afternoon euchre will be held shortly in Victoria Hall, Westmount, in aid of the building fund of the Protestant Infants' Home.

Mrs. James T. Venables will receive on Thursday, November 27th, afternoon and evening, and afterwards on first and second Wednesdays.

Mr. W. Moat, who has been in town, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Miller, Stanley street, has left for New York, whence he sails to-morrow for England, where his marriage will take place shortly.

Mr. Lawrence A. Brooks, who served in South Africa in the Canadian Scouts, under Major Charles Ross, returned this week to reside in Montreal, from Nelson, B.C., where he has been for the past few months.

Captain Campbell Stewart, V.R.C., and Mrs. Stewart entertained informally at euchre on Tuesday night at the residence of Captain and Mrs. W. L. Rodden, in honour of the young ladies who will assist at No. 1 Co. at the Victoria Rifles bazaar.

A very enjoyable "coming out" tea was given yesterday by Miss Stikeman, Dorchester street, for her niece, Miss Muriel Stikeman. The drawing room was effectively decorated with American Beauty roses. The hostess was handsomely gowned in gray, and Miss Muriel Stikeman wore white crepe de chine with trimming of white Valenciennes lace, and a corsage bouquet of lilies of the valley. In the tea room Miss Bethune presided, assisted by Miss McLimont, Miss Piers, Miss Elleen Kingston and Miss Ewan. The table was prettily done with yellow and white chrysanthemums, and yellow shaded candelabra. The guests included Mrs. Stanley Maude, from Government House, Lady Hickson, the Misses Hickson, Lady Shaughnessy, Miss Shaughnessy, Lady Hingston, Miss Hingston, Lady Van Horne, the Misses Van Horne, Mrs. Angus, the Misses Angus, Mrs. Wanklyn, Mrs. Hugh Allan, Mrs. W. R. Miller, Mrs. Frank Redpath, Mrs. George A. Drummond, Mrs. Stanway, Mrs. Harris, Mrs. E. B. Greenshields, Mrs. J. B. Learmont, Mrs. Molson, Mrs. Le Bouthillier, Mrs. Masson, Miss de Salaberry, Mrs. H. S. Holt, Mrs. A. Heward, Mrs. W. W. Watson, Mrs. James King, Miss A. J. Ferguson, Mrs. T. C. Kidd, Mrs. A. Boyer, Mrs. Guy Ross, Mrs. Hall, and others.

Miss Ruby Ramsay will return from Toronto next week.

Mr. William Hanson was at the Chateau, Quebec, yesterday.

Mrs. Geo. Durnford, of Westmount, entertained at tea this week.

Miss Lonsdale, of England, is the guest of Mrs. Gilmour, Mansfield street.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Fisher will return from England early next month.

Miss Ramsay, Peel street, gave a small tea yesterday for Mrs. Cloyes.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Charlebois have returned to Quebec from Montreal.

Miss Elsie Ross, Prescott, is spending a few weeks with Miss Ligget, "Thornton Place," Turcot.

Major Herbert Carrington Smith, D.S.O., who has been visiting in Toronto, has returned to Quebec.

Mr. James Bailey and family, of 25 Laval avenue, are staying at the Turkish Bath Hotel for the winter.

Mrs. J. Louis Papineau, 365 Mountain st., is giving a reception on Thursday afternoon, November 27th.

Messrs. Robt. O. Gardner and Thomas H. Skelcher, of this city, are spending the week in New York.

A very enjoyable dinner was given at the Forest and Stream Club, Dorval, last night by Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Dawes.

Mrs. Frank May, Stanley street, and her sister, Mrs. Thomas, will arrive in town on Monday from New York.

Mrs. J. H. Springle, Stanley street, entertained at tea this week for her mother, Mrs. Hart, Hackensack, N.J.

Mrs. D. Molson and Miss Ella Molson have just returned to Montreal, and will be guests at the Windsor for a short time.

Miss Duncan, Verdun Hospital, is acting superintendent of nurses in the absence of Miss Gurd, who is spending her holidays in London.

The "coming out" dance Mrs. R. Stanley Bagg, Sherbrooke street, is giving this evening for Miss Evelyn Bagg is one of the enjoyable events for this evening.

Mrs. A. Baumgarten, McTavish street, will not be able to entertain during the stay of Their Excellencies in town owing to the fact that her house is not completed.

The visiting governors to the Montreal General Hospital for next week are Mr. Walter Wilson, Mr. W. C. McIntyre, Mr. Robert Bickerdike, M.P., Mr. John Baillie.

Miss Stikeman, 949 Dorchester street, has issued invitations for an "At Home" at the Windsor for Tuesday evening, 2nd of December, to introduce her niece, Miss Muriel Stikeman.

Miss Mowat gave a small afternoon tea at Government House, Toronto, for Miss Hardy, daughter of the late Hon. A. S. Hardy, on Wednesday. Mrs. Fiske and Miss Estelle Holland, of Montreal, were among the guests.

In Victoria Hall, Westmount, yesterday afternoon, a most enjoyable and very largely attended euchre was given by the Daughters of the King. The guests, who numbered nearly three hundred, were received by the president, Mrs. Peter McKenzie, and the other officers of the association. Cards were played in the large hall, where tea was also served. The prizes, which were very handsome, were won by Mrs. Richard Parker, Mrs. J. N. Warminton, Mrs. E. Macleod, Miss J. Wylie, Mrs. Matthews, Miss L. M. Carter, Mrs. Copping, Mrs. G. Faulkner, Miss Reinhardt, Mrs. Stroud, Mrs. R. H. Stone and Mrs. A. Scott. The tea table, which was in charge of Mrs. W. Northey, was very prettily decorated with pink chrysanthemums and foliage, the silver candelabra being shaded in pale green. Those who assisted at the tea table were Mrs. Boxer, Mrs. A. E. Mackay, Mrs. G. Harvey, Mrs. Rubenstein, Miss Ida Scott, Miss Percival, Miss Gravel, Miss Dillon Laurence, Mrs. Thompson, Miss Blair (Quebec), Miss McKenzie (Winnipeg). Mrs. A. E. Harvey and Mrs. G. McKay were in charge of the card tables.

NOTE THE NEW PRICES ...OF... Solid Silver Spoons and Forks

Close attention to the many details of their manufacture and close figuring upon the first cost of manufacturing has enabled us to place our Solid Silver Spoons and Forks upon the market at much lower prices than ever before quoted.

Our Louis XV. Design,

	Dozen
Small Tea Spoons	$5.50
Large Tea Spoons	7.00
Dessert Spoons	14.00
Table Spoons	19.00
Dessert Forks	14.00
Dinner Forks	19.00
Soup Spoons	17.00

The weight of this silver is substantial, and will be found well finished and durable.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

HENRY BIRKS & SONS,
... Silversmiths ...
MONTREAL.

LETTERS FROM A SELF-MADE MERCHANT TO HIS SON.

The most interesting collection of such letters since Lord Chesterfield.

The letters are written by John Graham, Head of the House of Graham & Co., Porkpackers, in Chicago, to his son, Pierrepont.

Price, cloth, illustrated, $1.25. By mail 8c extra.

CHAPMAN'S BOOKSTORE,
2407 St. Catherine Street, Montreal.



3rd REGIMENT, V.R.C.

BATTALION PARADE

The Regiment will parade at the Armoury on Monday, the 24th inst., at 8.15 p.m., for a march out.

Pioneer, Brass and Bugle Band, Stretcher Section and Maxim Gun Detachment to attend.

Uniform—Drill order.

By order,
H. F. C. STIKEMAN,
276 *2 Capt. and Adjt.



1st Prince of Wales Regiment Fusiliers

NO. 3 COMPANY.

The members of No. 3 Company will meet at Armoury on Friday evening, 21st inst., at 8 o'clock, to receive pay.

W. T. STEWART,
276 *1 Lieut. Commanding C Co'y.

HON. D. C. FRASER SPEAKS AT BOSTON.

Tells American People That Canadians Have No Desire for Annexation.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

BOSTON, November 21. — Hon. D. C. Fraser, member of the Canadian Parliament from Guysboro Co., N.S., addressed the Maritime Provincial Club of this city last evening. In the course of his remarks he said: "There is no thought in the people of Canada that we want to be annexed to the United States. Only a very few ever thought that way and there are none who think so now. This America is big enough for the two. The people of Canada would like reciprocity, but have no hankering for annexation. Canada is not so far advanced as is the United States, but she has everything to advance with, and it is not for the interests of either country that the two unite."

Wreckage Found on B. C. Coast.

VICTORIA, B.C., November 21. Lightkeeper Daykin at Carmanah reports that two miles west of that place lies the stern of a large ship's boat, painted white, with the words "Erickson, Cardiff," in black letters and several long, new ash oars, all broken. Also part of a mast, which looks like the top mast of a large vessel. The oars have no marks.

No Duty on Coal for Toronto.

TORONTO, Ont., November 21.—Mayor Howland has received a telegram from the Commissioner of Customs, Ottawa, stating that the collector here had been instructed to allow free entry of coal arriving from Great Britain for the city of Toronto. His Worship applied for this concession some time ago.

The Benefits of Advertising.

That the American Tobacco Co. and the Empire Tobacco Company have captured a very large share of the Canadian trade is a fact well known to the general public. The explanation of their success is to be found partly, at any rate, in the figures given last week before the Tobacco Commission investigation. It was then stated that the American Co. have spent $267,961 in advertising and the Empire Co. $250,579 for the same purpose. The Empire Company under its former management spent, for advertising only $2,308 in two years. These facts need no comment.

Generous Price Concessions Are Appreciated.

We want room for daily holiday arrivals. We're willing to do something to get it. The public will assist us if we make it worth their while. Therefore, Holland's reductions, real concessions. The public appreciate this fact—rely on it. They appreciate the opportunity it gives to make dollars do double duty. Our special line sales emphasize these facts. Our customers are pleased. We'll continue the opportunities to do economical shopping. Remember, we're only able to give a fraction of the under-priced lines newspaper mention.
There will be on sale Saturday

Wall Paper at 6c to 8½ per cent. discount

From regular prices as advertised last night

THE G. A. Holland & Son Co.
2411-2413 St. Catherine Street. 276x1

Prussia's Polish Problem.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

LONDON, November 21. — The Polish problem, says the Berlin correspondent of the Times, continues to occupy the attention of the Prussian authorities, though there has been a lull recently in the discussion of suggestions for the Germanization of the Polish provinces. Referring to unofficial proposals to establish a royal residence in Posen, with a Statthalter, who might perhaps be the Crown Prince, the correspondent says the Poles are divisible into three groups—first, those desiring tranquility and who try to keep clear of agitation; second, those under the influence of agitation, who may be checked, but not reconciled; and third, the Polish wing of the Social Democracy. It is not probable, says the correspondent, that any of these classes would be favourably influenced by the establishment of a royal residence in Posen.

The Attack on King Leopold.

LONDON, November 21.—The warrant for Rubino's committal has been officially confirmed, says the Brussels correspondent of the Times. The would-be assassin will be tried on two counts—an attempt on King Leopold's life and a homicidal attempt on the lives of the Court officials who were in the carriage at which Rubino fired.

Kingston Temperance Debate.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

KINGSTON, November 21.—This morning it was decided to have a debate on the referendum between Mr. Ferguson, the editor of the New Voice, in Chicago, who is at present here in the interest of the temperance people, and Mr. Mudie, master in chancery, who wrote a pamphlet being distributed by the license victuallers on the "Errors of Prohibition." The meeting will be held in the City Hall on Saturday night. There is very great interest in the matter.

French Nationalists Divided.

(Special to the Montreal Star.)

LONDON, November 21. The Paris correspondent of the Times says there is a split among the Nationalists of the Patrie Francaise League because of Jules Lemaitre's advocacy of a plebiscite for Presidential elections. M. Gloarens is one of the seceders, and six other Deputies are mentioned.

ATTENDED THE DINNER. — Among those who were present at the dinner to Lord Dundonald, at the Windsor Hotel, was Captain Henderson, of the 3rd V. R. C.

The Montreal Daily Star is published by Hugh Graham, resident in Montreal. Publishing offices, 185, 165, 167 and 169 St. James st.

Just Landed ex Allan Line SS. "Montevidean," From Crosse & Blackwell, London:

Sauces. Pickles. Jams. Jellies. Capers. Arrowroot. Candied Peel, Potted Meats and Fish, etc., etc., etc.

BISCUITS.
Middlemass Albert Biscuits ..... In Tins.
Middlemass Hovis Biscuits ..... In Tins.
Fortt's Bath Oliver Biscuits ..... In Small Tins.
Fortt's Bath Oliver Biscuits ..... In Large Tins.
ARROWROOT.
Bermuda Arrowroot ..... In ½-lb. Tins.
Bermuda Arrowroot ..... In 1-lb. Tins.
West India Arrowroot ..... In ½-lb. Tins.
West India Arrowroot ..... In 1-lb. Tins.
ALMONDS.
Ground Sweet Almonds ..... In ½-lb. Tins.
Ground Sweet Almonds ..... In 1-lb. Tins.
CURRY POWDER AND MULLIGATAWNY PASTE.
Curry Powder ..... In 1-lb. Bottles.
Curry Powder ..... In 4-oz. Bottles.
Curry Powder ..... In 4-oz. Packets.
Curry Powder ..... In 2-oz. Packets.
Capt. White's Mulligatawny Paste ..... In Small Pots.
POTTED MEATS AND POTTED FISH
Potted Ham ..... In large white earthenware jars
Potted Anchovy Paste ..... In large white earthenware jars
Potted Bloater Paste ..... In large white earthenware jars
Potted Shrimp Paste ..... In large white earthenware jars
MEATS IN CANS.
Cambridge Sausages ..... In 1-lb. Tins.
CANDIED PEEL.
Candied Orange Peel ..... In 7-lb. Tins.
Candied Lemon Peel ..... In 7-lb. Tins.
Candied Citron Peel ..... In 7-lb. Tins.
CAPERS.
Capot Capers ..... In 6-oz. Bottles.
Capot Capers ..... In 12-oz. Bottles
Capucine Capers ..... In 6-oz. Bottles.
Capucine Capers ..... In 12-oz. Bottles
Nonpareil Capers ..... In 6-oz. Bottles
Nonpareil Capers ..... In 12-oz. Bottles.
PEPPER.
Cayenne Pepper ..... In 6-oz. Bottles.
Nepaul Pepper ..... In 2-oz. Bottles.
DRIED HERBS.
Dried Thyme, Sage, Mint, Marjoram, Mixed Herbs, etc., in square bottle.
ESSENCES
Essence of Coffee ..... In Medium Bottles.
Parisian Essence ..... In Small Bottles.
Essence of Rennet ..... In Large Bottles.
CHUTNEY.
Bengal Club Chutney ..... In Small Bottles.
Bengal Club Chutney ..... In Large Bottles.
Mango Chutney ..... In Small Bottles.
Tirhoot Chutney ..... In Large Bottles.
OLIVES.
Spanish Queen Olives ..... In Quart Bottles (Reputed)
Spanish Queen Olives ..... In Reputed Pint Bottles.
Spanish Queen Olives ..... In Reputed ½ Pint Bottles.
French Olives ..... In Reputed Pint Bottles.
French Olives ..... In Reputed ½ Pint Bottles
FISH IN TINS.
Kippered Herrings ..... In Tins.
Real Yarmouth Bloaters ..... In Tins.
Bombay Ducks ..... In Tins.
Russian Caviare ..... In 2-oz. Tins.
Russian Caviare ..... In 6-oz. Tins.
Scotch Kippered Herrings ..... In Tins.
MINCE MEAT.
Mince Meat ..... In 3-lb. Jars.
Mince Meat ..... In 1-lb. Jars.
PLUM PUDDING.
Plum Puddings ..... In 1-lb.