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Montreal Daily Herald

MORNING EDITION.
THE WEATHER
Or change of climate does not effect E. B. Eddy's Matches. The only kind always ready at any t me

EIGHTY-SEVENTH YEAR NO. 204. MONTREAL, SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1894. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE SAILORS AT GUN DRILL.

REMARKABLE DISPLAY OF MILITARY SKILL ON THE CHAMP DE MARS.

THE NOVEL EXHIBITION WITNESSED BY AN ENTHUSIASTIC CROWD.

Petty Officers Dined by the City Sergeants at the Vics' Armory—Arrangements for To-day.

So excellently was the parade ground kept on the Champ de Mars yesterday for the evolutions of the gunners of H. M. North Atlantic fleet that all present could but doubly regret the occurrences of the day before. The entire space had been roped off and a sufficient force of policemen was present to see that the ground was kept clear. Of course the crowd was not nearly as large as that of Thursday, but it is safe to say that just as many were able to see the sailors at work. As a matter of fact the work of the gunners was the most interesting feature of the fleet's visit so far.

The men marched up from the ships at half past two, dragging with them six guns, three of which were 7-pounders and three 9-pounders.

Capt. Sir Richard Poore acted as reviewing officer, Midshipman Kettlewell being his aide.

Lieut. C. E. Tower, of H. M. S. Canada was in command of the battery, Lieut. Jackson of H. M. S. Magicienne taking the right half and Lieut. Jackson Ward of H. M. S. Tourmaline the left half.

The guns headed by the Police Band, marched on in the following order:

No. 1 gun, 9-pounder, H. M. S. Tourmaline.

No. 4 gun, 7-pounder, H. M. S. Magicienne.

No. 3 gun, 9-pounder, H. M. S. Magicienne.

No. 4 gun, 7-pounder, H. M. S. Canada.

No. 5 gun, 7-pounder, H. M. S. Canada.

No. 6 gun, 7-pounder, H. M. S. Tourmaline.

The 9-pounders were much heavier in appearance than were the 7-pounders. It took a crew of twenty-two men to handle each nine-pounder and thirteen each for the smaller guns.

The evolutions which followed their arrival it would take a skilled gunner to technically describe. They opened up, they closed in, they walked, trotted and galloped. Then the six petty officers in charge of the guns pranced out with drawn swords and smelt the hilts. Some unintelligible words from Lt. Tower, and a race down the Champ de Mars by the six guns and each swung round its marker as on a pivot.

The limbers were hustled off to the rear and the six muzzles grinned defiantly at the crowd on the steps.

"Fire!" was the command.

As the men pulled the lanyards, the crowd fell back, involuntarily expecting to hear a roar of artillery, but a very harmless little "crack!" followed the order as detonators alone were used.

"Shift right gun wheel!" roared the lieutenant.

Instantly there was a seeming confusion round each gun and limber. With the celerity which is popularly ascribed to the familiar pronunciation of Mr. John Robinson's name, the agile jack tars had yanked a wheel off each limber and another off each gun had trundled them across and had interchanged them. Then all stood motionless at "Attention."

The whole thing was done so quickly that the crowd was utterly surprised, and for a second there was a silence as complete that one might have heard a gum drop.

A loud cheer broke forth and the sailors blushed beneath their tan as they realized how their work was appreciated.

The left wheels having been treated in a similar manner, the half batteries took up position and fired.

Mr. Tower gave four short barks and a most astonishing thing took place. There was a scurry round the guns and limbers for two or three seconds and the guns' crews scampered away like scalded cats, leaving their guns on the ground sans sights, sans wheels, sans ropes, sans everything.

The rapidity with which this was accomplished was equalled only by the quickness with which they put them together again.

A march past in quick and double time concluded what was one of the smartest exhibitions of military skill that this or any other city ever saw. To those who have watched the evolutions of a four gun battery of field artillery the most remarkable thing was the complete silence with which the whole drill was carried on. Mr. Tower handled his men perfectly and his subs were no less proficient, but there was none of the shouting so generally associated with gun drill. Every man was alert, heard the commands, understood his particular function and performed it. Therein lies the secret.

The inevitable hose reels came out and squirted holes in tissue paper discs in so many seconds standard time.

The gunners were heartily cheered as they marched off the ground.

DINNER TO PETTY OFFICERS.

The petty officers of the warships in port had a jolly time last night at the Victoria Rifles Armory, as the guests of the sergeants of the Montreal brigade of Active Militia. The band of the Prince of Wales Rifles under bandmaster McKee volunteered their services for the evening and played the men up to the armory shortly after 9 o'clock.

Over three hundred sat down to dinner which was presided over by the following gentlemen: Chairman, Sergeant Major Niven of the Royal Scots; Vice-chairmen—Sergeant-Majors Gorman, Jones, Currrie, Walker, Pendleton, Sergt. Hawker, Sergt. W. Lilly and Quarter-Master Decelles.

During dinner the band played, and at the rap for attention by the chairman, the following programme was entered upon: The Queen, proposed by the chairman; Royal Navy, by the chairman, and responded to by Master-at-Arms Haines; Our Guests, by Mr. A. Ware, representing the Reserves; Active Militia of Canada by Master-at-Arms Haines, to which several local officers responded; Ladies by Quarter-master-Sergt. Decelles. Interspersed was a splendid programme of vocal and instrumental music by local talent and guests. The evening was a most enjoyable one.

The Principal petty officers of the different ships present were:

H.M.S. Tourmaline: James Haines, Master-at-Arms, Arthur Brooman, E.R.A., George Neary, E.R.A. Joseph Raymond, Ships Steward; Wm. Fuller, Gunner's Mate W. Maynard, Seargeant-Major. H.M.S. Canada:—T. Cox, Gunnery Instructor, J. Thomson, Gunnery Instructor, R. Lloyd, Torpedo Instructor, G. Brockway, P.O.I.; R. Wilkins, Sail Master; J. Dobson, E.R.A.; W. Steele, E.R.A.; J. Ferris, Chief Stoker; M. Brennan, Stoker; J. Daniels, Ldg. Stoker; G. Thew, Corp's Mate.

H.M.S. Partridge—W. Coleborn, Ships Cook; J. Hallett, Quartermaster; T. Boland, Boatswain's Mate; C. Hammond, Carpenter's Mate; J. Bisley, E.R.A.

H.M.S. Tartar—A. Rolfe, Chief Boatswain's Mate; J. Humphries, Chief Corps Mate; J. Bryan, Torpedo Instructor; W. Paine, E.R.A.; F. Slade, Quartermaster.

Magicienne—Thos. Harvy, Gunnery Instructor; L. Gardiner, do.; E. Harris, Torpedo Instructor; S. Cook, Q.M.P.O.; W. Gough, Blacksmith; E. Medland, Q.M.P.O.; J. Greenwood, P.O.L.; J. Wren, Chief Carpenter's Mate; J. Payne, Ship's Cook; J. Hartnett, Sergt. R.M.L.I.

NOTES.

The Faculty of Applied Science at McGill University have extended to the officers an invitation to examine the physical and engineering laboratories this morning. The laboratories will be found of particular interest to the visitors, for it is doubtful if they are equalled on the continent. Prof. Nicholson will pilot the officers through the building. They are expected to arrive at the building about 10.30.

The proprietor of the Laurentian baths on Craig Street has offered the visitors all the privileges of the place during their stay. A large number of the men availed themselves of the generous offer yesterday and thoroughly enjoyed themselves. To-night a game of water polo will take place between the men of the Tartar and some of the other ships.

A military and naval tournament will take place to-night under the patronage of Lieut.-Col. Burland and officers of the 6th Fusiliers at the Victoria Rink. There will be races, jumping, single stick contests, tugs-of-war, etc., and a field gun competition.

The service at Trinity Church for the naval parade will be accompanied by the following order of music: Matins—Responses, Barnby's Ferial; Venite, 26th Day, chant, A. R. Reingle; Psalms, 26th Day, chants, Cathedral Psalter; Te Deum, Sir John Stainer, in A; Benedictus, Sir John Stainer in A; Anthem, Send Out Thy Light: Gounod. Morning service in A major. Hymn 442—March! March Onward, Soldiers True: Brewer; Offertory, Soprano Solo, Miss Duhamel: Millard; Hymn 451—Hear Us O Father: Dr. John Bull.—(God Save the Queen.)

PARISIAN'S PASSENGERS.

Rimouski Wharf, Que., Aug. 24—List of saloon passengers Allan Royal Mail Steamship Parisian, Capt. Ritchie from Liverpool inward 8.50 p.m.:

Mr. Amyot, Mrs. Amyot, Mrs. Allchin, Mr. Atkinson, Mrs. Atkinson, Prof. Bamford, Miss Baylis, Mrs. Blackburn, Mr. Body, Rev. Boudoux, Mrs. Bowker, Mr. Bradley, Miss Brotherhood, Miss Buckle, Miss Burstall, Mr. Butler, Mrs. Bantler, Mrs. J. W. Butler, Sister Cajeetan, Mr. James Chadwick, Mrs. Chadwick, Mr. Childie, Miss Clarke, Mr. Colmer, Mr. Cox, Mrs. Cox, Rev. Mr. Crinion, Mr. Crooen, Miss Crossen, Lieut. Alfred Curran, Mrs. Curran, Mr. Copeland, Mrs. Copeland, John Coulbeck, Mr. Davidson, Mrs. J. Dawson, Mr. Dean, H. Dean, Mrs. Mrs. Desbarats, Mr. Dindman, Mr. Donovan, Mr. Edwards, Mrs. Edwards, Mr. Edminson, Mr. Elliot, Lieut. Elliott, Miss Fairgrive, Re. Mr. Fallon, Mrs. Fawelt, Miss Fawelt, Miss Marie Findlay, Mr. Forgan, Mrs. Forgan, Miss M. Forgan, Miss E. Forgan, Master R. Forgan, Master Forgan, J. B. Forgan, Mrs. Forgan, S. Forgan, Miss W. Forgan. Master D. Forgan, Master J. B. Forgan, F. Franias, Mr. Gage, Miss Gage, Mr. Gault, Miss Gauge, Mr. Gillen, Mrs. Goodison, Miss M. E. Goodison, Miss N. Goodison, Mr. Goodwin, Mr. Charles Grant, Mrs. Graves, Mr. Grimwood, Mrs. Grimwood, Miss Hagarty, Miss Hastings, Mr. Head, Miss Head, Mr. High, Mr. Hogan, Dr. Horsey, Mr. Hughes, Major Ibbotson; Mr, Jamieson, Mr. Jenkins, J. H. Joseph, Mrs Joseph, Miss Joseph, H. Joseph, Mrs Joseph, Miss C. Joseph, Miss M. Joseph, Miss S. Joseph and nurse, Sister Joseph, Sister Justin, James Kelly, Mr. Kerr, Master Kerr, Mr. Kidd, Mr Warden King, Captain Kirkpatrick, Miss Knight, Miss Knox, Mr. Lang, Mrs. Lang, Mr. Larminie, Mr. Law, Mr. Bruce, Leach, Miss Leslie, Miss Delisle, Miss Long, Miss Lowden, Mr. Low, Master Low, Mr. Mackenzie, Master Mackenzie, Sister Magdalen, Sister Margaret, Sister Marie, Sister Mary, Mr. John McEvoy, Mr. Paul Lemeaurier, Mrs. Millard, Mr. Miller, Mr. Julian Miller, Capt. Moore, Mr. Charles Moorse, Mr. Murison, Miss Murison, Mrs. Murray, Judge Neligan, Mr. O'Hara, Mrs. O'Hara, Mr. Oliver, Dr. Osborne, Mrs. Paterson, Miss Paterson, Miss Paterson, Master Paterson, Walter Paul, Mrs. Paul, Mrs. Perley, Sister Philomena, James Pyke, Mr. Price, Miss Price, Alfred Reid, J. H. Richards, Mrs. Richards, W. R. Richards, Mrs. Richards, Mr. Richens, Mr. Riddell, Mrs. Riddell, Mrs. Roe, Miss Roe, Rev. Savage, Mrs. Savage, Miss Sheward, Dr. Smith, Mrs. Smith, Clarence Smith, Miss Steedman, Mr. Steinhoff, Mr. Strickland, Dr. Stirling, Dr. Stuart, Mr. Lesuer, Mrs. Lesuer, Miss Lesuer, Mr. Swan, Mrs. Swan, Miss M. Swan, Miss Swan, Mr. Dunbar, Taylor, Miss Thompson, Mr. Warren, Mrs. Webb, Mr. Gomez White, Mrs. Gomez White, Mr. White, Miss White, Rev. Lennox Williams, Mrs. Williams, Miss Wilson, Mr. Alfred Wise, Mr. Wood, Mrs. Wood, Mr. Wyld, Mr. Yuile, Mrs. Yuile, Miss Yuile, Miss Yuile, Miss Yuile. 198 cabin, 149 intermediate, 135 steerage.

Ottawa Notes.

Ottawa, Aug. 24.—Ald. F. R. E. Campeau will likely be appointed accountant of the Inland Revenue department vice Mr. Paul M. Robins, deceased.

There is some talk to the effect that the office of master-in-chancery and registrar of the High Court of Justice, which it is expected will soon be vacated by the resignation of Mr. William H. Matheson, will be divided. Together the fees from these two positions have averaged about $2,850 a year during the last six years and it is said that if this were done Mr. J. T. Featherstone would be a likely candidate for the deputy registrarship at $1,000 a year, making the junior judge the master-in-chancery as has been done in some other districts. This, however, seems altogether unlikely in a city the size of Ottawa. Mr. W. L. Scott, of Scott & Scott, seems to be the man who will get the joint position when Mr. Matheson resigns. The latter gentleman has become a confirmed invalid and his son, Mr. Robert Matheson, has been performing the duties of the office in the meantime, and will shortly be sworn as deputy registrar. This is a provisional appointment.

About 500 left this afternoon for Montreal to see the Capital-Shamrock lacrosse match to-morrow. As many more will probably go down in the morning.

Of Little Importance.

London, August 24.—A despatch to the Times from Teheran says that Russia has recinded the prohibition against the import of Persian silver coin into the Caucasus and Central Asia.

THE BUSINESS SITUATION.

TRADE PROSPECTS IN THE UNITED STATES IMPROVING.

DRY GOODS AND LUMBERING IN ONTARIO BOOMING.

Canadian and American Failures During the Past Week.

New York, Aug. 24.—Bradstreets, tomorrow, August 25, will say: Serious industrial disturbances in New England, drought in Central and Western States, curtailing nearly all staple crops, and a disposition in all lines to continue to buy for near-by wants only failed to greatly influence general trade throughout the country, the trend of which is toward further improvement. At larger Eastern cities there is evidence of an increased confidence that the autumn will bring a largely augmented demand in nearly all staple lines, but Baltimore is the only city in this group announcing a decided improvement, southern buyers having placed good orders there for dry goods, notions, millinery and shoes.

Attempts of New Bedford and Fall River cotton goods manufacturers to reduce wages have caused strikes and lock-outs affecting nearly 30,000 employes, operating fully three million spindles, over half the cotton spinning capacity of the country. Print clothes have advanced 1/8c as a result and the prospect seems to be for a month's suspension of operations, with heavy loss to employers and employed.

Exports of wheat (flour included as wheat), both coasts, this week (six days) equal 3,182,100 bushels, against 2,979,000 bushels last week, 3,417,000 bushels the week before last and as compared with 4,960,000 bushels in the third week of August one year ago. Two years ago the week's foreign shipments amounted to 4,606,000 bushels; three years ago they were 6,348,000 bushels, and four years ago they were 2,562,000 bushels.

Toronto advises that there is some gain in demand for dry goods this week, taat lumbering is looking up on account of tariff legislation in the United States; that prices for staple goods are firmer, and that a better feeling prevades all circles. Improvement, too, is noted at Montreal, especially among jobbers, dry goods and woolens, teas, sugar and shoes.

In Nova Scotia trade in all lines remains quiet. Business failures reported from the Dominion this week number 30, against 46 the week before, 47 in the week a year ago, and 18 in the week two years ago.

In the United Statrs failures reported this week number 251, against 234 last week, 456 a year ago, 169 two years ago, 186 three years ago and 134 four years ago.

Prominent among evidences of expansion in general trade is this week's bank clearings, total $820,000,000, a gain over last week of about 4 per cent. and over the like total one year ago, when clearings got down to about low water mark, the increase is 20 per cent. But compared with the total in the like week two years ago this week's aggregate clearings show a decrease of 18 per cent. It is also worth noting as a sign of the business movement that every city's clearings total for the week is larger than a year ago, except one.

New York, Aug. 24.—R. G. Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says: Changes during the past week have not been definite nor very important. As the President's final decision regarding the new tariff is assumed, but not yet certainly known, part of the hesitation which appears may be attributed to the lingering uncertainty which must soon terminate.

In all the great industries some increase in demand for products has appeared. The cotton manufacture, which has been employing a larger proportion than its normal force than most others, and accumulating goods greatly in advance of current demands, has about 23,000 workers on strike at Fall River and New Bedford to resist a proposed reduction of wages and the mills have been closed with the apparent expectation that the difficulty will last some weeks. A somewhat increased demand for goods has appeared, but perhaps not yet as great as many have anticipated. In the iron and steel manufacture the demand for finished products increases, but is at present not as large as the capacity of the works, which have endeavored to resume operations, so that their competition results in prices nearly as low as have been reached at any time.

About 1,600,000,000 bushels is now the more common estimate of the yield of corn, which will leave nothing for export, and, falling below a full supply for feeding, will materially affect prices of meats for the coming year. Wheat has been stronger in spite of such favorable reports, that a yield of 500,000,000 bushels, or more, is now commonly expected. Receipts at the West for the week were 4,064,228 bushels, against 2,724,240 last year and Atlantic exports only 1,437,435 bushels, against 2,059,427 last year. Hog products are only a shade stronger. Cotton fell a shade, mainly on account of curtailment of consumption by the strikes but recovered. Accounts from the South continue to promise a yield considerably larger than that of 1893.

The liabilities of firms failing for the second week of August amounted to only $1,613,369 and for the last three weeks to only $7,262,076, of which $2,633,209 were of manufacturing and $3,787,329 of trading concerns.

The failures this week have been 234 in the United States, against 410 last year, and 29 in Canada, against 20 last year.

Strikers On a Picnic.

Fall River, Mass., August 24.—Everything is quiet here to-day, and a stranger would hardly know that over 25,000 residents of this city are idle because of a strike. The operatives in general are taking advantage of the weather, and thousands of them are at the beaches or on picnics.

Mr. Baker Steals a March.

Hon. G. B. Baker was the patron and prominent figure of a big Sunday school picnic at Coon's Pond, Bolton, last week. The Missisquoi candidate for the Senatorship hired an able-bodied brass band for the occasion, besides making the woods ring with his eloquence on live Sunday school topics. Where was Judge Foster while Mr. Baker was poaching on his preserves in this presumptious way? The Judge will have to get even by whooping it up in Missisquoi right under his rival's nose, one of these fine days.—Waterloo Advertiser.

Cleveland Signs a Bill.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The President, to-day signed the General Deficiency Appropriation bill, the last of the appropriation bills of the session.

THE SINEWS OF WAR.

IRISH FUND AT PARIS. RELEASED AT LAST.

THE REDMOND FACTIONISTS TO GET ONE-FOURTH.

They are Bound, However, to Apply the Money to the Relief of Evicted Tenants.

London, August 24.—For a long time past the Irish Parliamentary party both Parnellites and Anti-Parnellites has not been in such a financial condition as would warrant either of the factions to conduct its agitation as it desired to. The long continued squabble over the money held by the Bankers Munroe of Paris, has now been finally settled by a judgment of the French courts, and the receipt of the money is more than likely to be followed by a renewal of the agitation in Ireland during the autumn.

The sum involved in the Paris suit was $200,000. The late Charles Stewart Parnell was one of the trustees of the fund, and after the break in the Irish party, following upon the O'Shea scandal, there was a row over the fund. Mr. Parnell's death further complicated matters, neither faction for a long time being willing to concede anything to the other, by which a compromise could be effected. Now, however, agreement has been reached and as a consequence the money has been released. It is understood that the agreement provides for the payment to Mr. Justin McCarthy, the leader of the Anti-Parnellites, the sum of $150,000, while $50,000 will be handed over to Mr. John Redmond, of the Parnellites. The wholesum, however, cannot be applied directly to the propagation of political principles in Ireland, for according to the terms of the agreement, certain debts contracted before and after the death of Mr. Parnell must be paid out of a portion of the fund handed over to John Redmond.

The Parnellites will be glad to get rid of this incubus of debt, which has been hanging over them for so long.

A peculiar condition of affairs is said to exist in connection with the anti-Parnellites' share of the money. The anti-Parnellites are pledged by their agreement to devote their share of the money to relieving Irish tenants who have been evicted from their holdings, which was the original purpose of the fund. The peculiarity of the situation is in the fact that John Redmond is the champion, self-constituted, of the evicted tenants and the use of the money for their benefit is bound to redound in a measure to the advancement of Redmond's political ambition.

Mr. McCarthy is not ignorant of the benefit that may accrue to the Parnellites from the use of the anti-Parnellite fund, and it is believed that he will manage in some way to circumvent the hopes of his political opponents.

The Parnellites are looking forward to an active political campaign during the coming autumn. They think that after paying the debts mentioned they will be in a position to make a far stronger fight than heretofore to secure a larger representation in the House of Commons. Once rid of the debt they believe that their credit will be rehabilitated and that they will be able to carry on their agitation in such a manner as will lead to the securing of double their present representation in Parliament. It should be borne in mind, however, that there is a possibility, slight though it may be, of a compromise between the factions being arrived at.

The great stone in the pathway of compromise is Timothy Healy, who now and at all times advocates a policy of no surrender. In this he is backed by the Irish clergy, one of the strongest factors in the situation. In the meantime those interested in Irish politics are looking forward with much interest to the outcome of the division of the spoils.

ROBIDOUX-CLERK CASE.

Evidence as to the Amount of Street Railway Stock Under Mr. Clerk's Control.

The enquete in the Robidoux-Clerk case was continued before Magistrate Sicotte yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Patterson, of the firm of Macdougall Bros., brokers, called by the defence, testified that he had sold fifty shares of Montreal Street Railway stock to Mr. Clerk on the first of March 1893, at 191½. He had received the money for the shares, which were delivered through the Clearing House to Mr. Clerk.

Mr. G. H. Smithers, broker, also for the defence, testified that on the 2nd of March he advanced $4,500 to Mr. Clerk, taking as collateral security 50 shares of Montreal Street Railway stock. The shares were either transfered to him on the books of the Company or through the clearing house, but were under Mr. Clerk's control. As late as the 26th of July, witness carried about three hundred shares of Montreal Street railway stocks for Mr. Clerk. He could not follow that particular lot of fifty shares. Mr. Clerk had a general account in the neighbourhood of $100,000.

The inquete was again adjourned until Monday.

Farmer Gored by a Bull.

Halifax, Aug. 24.—Walter Hogg, of Wilmott Valley, P.E.I., a middle aged farmer in good circumstances, went out to the field where his bull was tethered, this forenoon, and the animal turned on him and gored him to death. It was some time before the body could be recovered.

Poor Little Nellie.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Aug. 24—Little Nellie Packard about 12 years of age, of Niagara Falls, centre, while walking up the Michigan Central tracks between Clifton and the Falls was struck by the M.C.R., work train on the curve about midway between the two places and run over. Her little body was badly mangled. Death was intantaneous.

French-Canadian Union.

L. O. David has decided to push his proposition to organize all the French Canadian societies of Montreal into sections of the St. Jean-Baptiste Association, and he has called a general meeting to consider the matter next Thursday evening in the Monument National. According to this plan the members of the affiliated societies would pay one dollar each every year in consideration of which they would have all the privileges of members of the St. Jean-Baptiste Association.

HALL CONSENTS TO REMAIN.

THE PROVINCIAL TREASURERSHIP NOT YET VACANT.

LIEUT-GOVERNOR CHAPLEAU'S INFLUENCE OVERCAME THE DIFFICULTY.

The Friction Between the Government and its English-Speaking Supporters Temporarily Stopped.

[Special to the Herald.]

Quebec, Aug. 24.—The Ministerial crisis is over.

That is to say a settlement has been agreed upon to-day as a last shift. To be more truthful the settlement is a truce, the duration of which is considered very problematical.

The friction between the Government and their English supporters over Hon. Mr. Hall's resignation and the selection of his successor having reached their climax, and there being no possible issue for the Ministry to avoid a conflict which might have proved fatal to its existence, strong pressure was exerted upon Mr. Hall, in order to induce him to remain in the Cabinet, and this morning he has withdrawn his resignation.

All was settled shortly after the arrival this morning of Lieut.-Governor Chapleau, who, on account of the crisis, did not go to Niagara, as he intended.

Mr. Hall has consented not to retire now from the Ministry, with the understanding that his resignation will be accepted when times are more favorable.

The Hon. Provincial Treasurer left this evening by the boat for Montreal, in company with Mr. Cook, M.P.P., for Drummond, and was accompanied to the wharf by Mr. King, M.P.P., for Megantic, with whom he had a lengthy conversation.

An English member of the Legislative Assembly, who is an intimate friend of Mr. Hall, this evening confirmed to your correspondent the fact that the latter had withdrawn his resignation.

"You can announce in all security," he said, "that Mr. Hall still remains in the Cabinet as Provincial Treasurer."

THE CHIEF AT MATTAWA.

MR. LAURIER ACCORDED AN ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.

[Special to the Herald.]

Mattawa, August 24.—This is a bright enterprising town of some 1,900 inhabitants. The name is Indian, meaning the forks of the river. The Mattawa here joining the Ottawa. The latter is here a majestic river, taking a sweep eastward after coming some seventy miles almost due south from Temiscamingue. The town covers some broken rocky ground on the south bank of the Ottawa, and both sides of the Mattawa. The people however have made some good level streets and a number of good buildings and houses are to be seen all about. The Catholic church is magnificently situated on a plateau overlooking the whole valley and is worthy of its position. The population is mainly Catholic, both Irish and French. Mr. Laurier's party from North Bay arrived about 9.30 last night and were met by a great crowd with torches. A prettier sight could not easily be found. A thousand men were out to accompany Mr. Laurier from the C. P. R. station up to the house of Mr. Loughrin, M.P.P., a distance of a mile or more. All the houses on the route were illuminated, including several Conservative ones. Bands played and the people cheered and waived their torches all the way and when arrived the popular and hard-working and friendly M.P.P., invited all in to have some refreshments. The house, a fine one, placed on a height overlooking the Ottawa, was simply over-run with enthusiastic friends, who crowded to shake hands with Mr. Laurier and his party. It was late before they were able to retire.

Next day forenoon was spent quietly looking around and admiring the beautiful scenery. In the afternoon the grounds of the Agricultural Society were the scene of the meeting. First from 1 to 3 an exciting lacrosse match was fought out and then the speaking commenced. The grand stand was packed with ladies, while some 500 electors crowded around the platform, many sitting in their waggons and buggies at the back.

Mr. Loughrin, Mr. Murray and Mr. Levesque spoke briefly, and then Mr. Mulock, M.P., spoke, pointing out how the hard-earned taxes of this new portion of the Dominion were thrown away in boodling contracts, helping monopolists, and combines to add to their already great wealth.

Mr. Choquette then spoke in French, vigorously condemning the Government policy and the boodling Administration, and asking the French here to support Liberal principles when choosing their M.P.

Mr. H. Timmins read an address in French and Mr. McCracken one in English.

Mr. Laurier replied: After congratulating his hearers on their adherence to Liberalism in the local elections he asked them to continue their efforts in the Dominion politics. He referred to the school question, repeating his words in the House of Commons, and stating that he had none to add to or take from these. He condemned the Government for their indecision. He also spoke of retrenchment and the purification of public life, appealing to honest men to punish corruption as it should be by their ballot without respect to party. The meeting broke up at half-past five with cheers for the Queen and Mr. Laurier.

In the evening Mr. Loughrin entertained the visitors and a number of the townspeople at his house.

Provincial Medical Board.

The Provincial Medical Board will meet in Quebec on Wednesday, Sept. 26th, at 10 a.m. Candidates for examination or license must send their papers and the fee for the license $40, at least ten days previously to one of the secretaries. The Credential Committee will meet on Tuesday, Sept. 25, at 10 a.m., when candidates must be present. Bachelors of Arts, Sciences and Letters, intending to study medicine, will be admitted on presenting their diplomas duly sworn to, to one of the secretaries at least eight days before the meeting. The secretaries are: A. G. Belleau, M.P., Quebec; and A. T. Brosseau.

LACROSSE BULLETINS.

The Herald has made arrangements to receive bulletins from the Shamrock grounds announcing the result of each game and the progress of the match with the Capitals. These bulletins will be posted as fast as they are received.

THE SPHINX OF THE WHITE HOUSE

They Cannot Find Out Whether Cleveland Will Sign or Not.

Washington, Aug. 24.—A large number of the Democratic Congressmen in the city have called at the White House since the President's return for the purpose of gaining definite information from Mr. Cleveland as to his intention with respect to the Tariff Bill. Many of them have urged him to sign it, and all are anxious to know what will be done. Mr. Cleveland, however, has not given any assurance as to what his action will be, and each came away with the impression that Congress will have to remain here until Tuesday, on which day the bill will become law, without the President's signature.

THE STE. BARBE TRAGEDY

THE INQUEST NOT REALLY COMMENCED YET.

The Authorities Slow—Dr. Johnson Will Hold an Autopsy.

[Special to the Herald.]

Valleyfield, Que., Aug. 24.—The taking of evidence in connection with the Myre tragedy at Ste. Barbe has not been commenced. Coroner Demers has had his jury together twice, but in both instances the sittings only lasted a few minutes. The slowness which usually characterizes proceedings of this nature, especially in the Province of Quebec, has not failed to cause a certain amount of dissatisfaction in the district immediately concerned. Nothing more than talk has been indulged in, and the report that a move was made yesterday in the direction of forming a lynching party to deal summarily with the supposed murderer, was not based on facts. Every night Daoust's hotel at Ste. Barbe is the scene of a big gathering from the surrounding districts, and the sad affair is discussed, but in a dispassionate manner.

Justice was at a standstill all day yesterday. Crown Prosecutor Elliot told the Herald that he had wired to Montreal for a medical expert to hold an autopsy. This he had done on his own responsibility, as he had not received a reply from the Attorney-General at Quebec in answer to his telegraphic request for instructions.

Dr. Wyatt Johnson, the well-known Montreal expert, arrived on the evening train, and in company with Dr. St. Onge, the local medical man engaged on the case, and the Coroner at once started for Ste. Barbe, an exceedingly uncomfortable drive, owing to the very rough road, particularly that part lying along the shore of Lake St. Francis. When the party reached Daoust's hotel the

CORONER'S JURY WAS CALLED TOGETHER.

and in the meantime Dr. Johnson, in company with Chief of Police Poirier of Valleyfield, examined the sulky in which Myre was found dead.

The vehicle had a seat with room enough for two persons, but as explained by Chief Poirier, the body was found lying in the foot rest, with the head reclining on the left shaft, where large patches of blood could be seen as well as tufts of hair on the wheel, dislodged by coming in contact with it while the murdered man was being carried on to his home.

Dr. Johnson decided that he could not hold an autopsy last night owing to the poor light available, but he and Dr. St. Onge are engaged on that task this morning. When the adjourned inquest gets to work to-night at 8 o'clock their report will be in the hands of Coroner Demers, and it will largely depend on it as to the course to be pursued.

This morning Coroner Demers returned to Ste. Martine and Crown Prosecutor Elliot to Beauharnois, but they will return to Ste. Barbe to-night to be present at the inquest.

The latter gentleman drove to Cazaville yesterday afternoon and had a look over the ground where the tragedy is supposed to have taken place, within half a mile of Dupuis' hotel. The opinion is expressed now that more than one man took a hand in the murder.

None of the suspected parties have made any effort to leave the district, but they are being closely watched, and any move in that direction would probably result in their detention.

TRIED TO SUICIDE.

A Commercial Traveller Cuts His Jugular with a Razor.

A commercial traveller named William Snell, residing at 110 Cadieux Street, attempted to commit suicide about two a. m. Friday by cutting his throat with a razor. His groans were heard by persons in the next room, and on entering they found him lying across the bed with his throat gashed. The jugular vein was cut twice, but not severed.

Dr. Grant Stewart and Roddick were quickly sent for, and they were with him over two hours. Snell has been for some time out of employment, and he has been very despondent. He lies in a critical condition, and his father, who is travelling, has been telegraphed for.

Sending Warships to Mazagan.

Gibraltar, Aug. 24.—Great Britain, France and Spain are sending war vessels to Mazagan for the protection of their respective subjects. It is reported that England demands an indemnity of £100,000 in the case of the Schooner Mayor lootel by Riffian pirates. Six hundred contraband rifles were discovered here yesterday.

The Algerian Accident.

Brockville, Ont., Aug. 24.—About 75 passengers were on board the Algerian when she broke her shaft yesterday, bound for Alexandria Bay, Clayton, T. I. Park, Kingston, Belleville, Deseronto, Toronto and other points. The Massena happened along shortly after the mishap and the passengers for the first three mentioned places were transferred to her. The majority of the others took the Grand Trunk express this afternoon for their several destinations. It is likely the boat will be towed to Kingston for repairs. As the season is far advanced, it is doubtful whether the management will make an effort to replace the shaft in time to have the steamer run again this year. There was quite a large flaw in the casting of the shaft. The shaft has, it is said, been in use for over thirty years, and it is surprising that after having stood the pressure so long, it should give way in still water.

A TALE OF HORROR

THIRTY-SEVEN MEN KILLED IN A MINE.

THE FATALITY CAUSED BY A GAS EXPLOSION.

Those Burned to Death Might Easily Have Saved Themselves.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 24,—A terrific gas explosion occurred in breast 62 on the sixth level of the Franklin mine, at Franklin, near this city this afternoon. Sixty-two miners were imprisoned and thirty-seven were killed. The fire was soon extinguished and the work of taking out the bodies began. All were recovered.

The following is a list of the dead, whose bodies have been recovered:

Frank Willis, Ed. Maxwell, R. W. Jones, John Frantalli, Joe Dawson, H. R. Roberts, John Irving, Joe Cassell, James Gibson, Ed. Johnson, Andy Engdahl, Andy Greer, John W. Pugh, Joel Bossi, Ike Clements, Pete Harris, Robert McCoskey, Evan D. Jones, Pete Hay, Phil Demar, John Strambridge, John E. Jones, John E. Morris John Hall, Chris. Dunker, Charley Straens, Jacob Olsen, Evan Hughes, Rocco Tetti, D. D. Jones, A. J. Jones, W. P. Jones.

The mine is owned by the Oregon Improvement Company. The damage to the mine is not large.

At a quarter to one o'clock this afternoon a fire was noticed by some of the drivers on the sixth north level and notice was given to the men inside. Many of the men in the gangways rushed back to notify the miners further in, while others rushed out and reached the main shaft. In all about 70 men were at work in the sixth level, north, and of that number about 40 lingered at breast 62, where the fire originated.

Several of those who lingered at the burned breast sixty-two, took warning and fled, but all who remained were overcome and asphyxiated. It is evident that all the men had time to come out for those who worked in the further breast reached the shaft in safety, while those who were nearest the shaft and consequently were removed from the danger, perished. The evidently believed they were in perfect safety from the fire, but while they lingered smoke oozed out from outside places further south and the bodies were all found south of breast 62.

NEWS OF BATTLE.

THE JAPANESE DEFEAT DWINDLES TO A SKIRMISH.

The Harbor of Nagasaki Defended by Torpedoes—Presbyterian Missionary Killed.

London, Aug. 24.—Advices received here from Tokio, assert that no serious battle has recently occurred between the Japanese and Chinese forces in Corea. It is added, however, that on Aug. 17, a skirmish took place at Chung-Hwa during which a Japanese officer was killed and five privates were wounded.

Yokohama, Aug. 24.—The harbor of Nagasaki is now defended by torpedoes and submarine mines. Neutral vessels will be piloted in by boats belonging to the Japanese warships.

Shanghai, Aug. 24.—The report that the Rev. Mr. James Wylie, a Presbyterian missionary, has died from injuries received at the hands of Chinese soldiers, at Liao-Yang, north of New-Chwang, China, while they were marching to Corea, is officially confirmed.

Forest Fires Raging in the West.

Debeque, Col., Aug. 24.—Forest fires are raging along the battlement and Grand Mesa. The air is sulphureous with smoke and the very dry weather causes fear that much damage to forest and range will be sustained unless unforseen intervention checks the ravages of the flames.

Mr. Hall's Retirement.

Le Quotidien, of Levis, does not believe that Mr. Hall intends to retire from the Cabinet.

"In any case," it adds, "We would regret to see Mr. Hall leave the Cabinet. The Hon. Tteasurer has accomplished a great deal for the financial welfare of our Province. No one could have done better than he did. We have never too many men of that stamp in our governments. We hope, therefore, that should the rumors of his resignation be well founded Mr. Hall could be prevailed upon to remain at his post until the end of this Parliament."

How the Goulds Cheat the Collector.

Greenburgh, N. Y., Aug. 24.—The board of assessors has completed its roll for the year. Edwin Gould is assessed on $50,000 personal property; Anne Gould on $5,000; Howard Gould on $50,000; Helen Gould on $5,000, and the heirs of Jay Gould on $100,000. They own $70,000,000.

Won a Mirror.

The prize of a handsome mirror presented to the Printers' picnic by A. Ramsay & Son, and accidentally left off the list was competed for yesterday afternoon on the Island. The event was 100 yards for men of 200 lbs. and over, belonging to Typographical Union No. 176. The result was: W. Kydd, president of the Union, 1; L. Z. Boudreau, 2; Joseph Pritchard, 3. George Chagnon, of the Dominion Type Foundry, acted as judge.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

Fair, With Probably a Few Showers.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, 11 p.m., Aug.

NOW FOR THE GAME

BOTH SHAMROCKS AND CAPITALS IN READINESS FOR THE BIG MATCH.

The Teams as they will Line Up on the Field this Afternoon—Kelly will Play All Right—General Sporting News.

Touching Kelly's Leg.

The city lies enwrapped in gloom;
There's sadness everywhere;
And life has lost its silkiest bloom;
And all are bowed with care.
Frail women weep; and strong men sigh
And seek th' consoling keg;
And each one asks the passer-by,
"Say, how is Kelly's leg?"

The children playing in the street,
The babies in their cots,
The sailor-lads upon the fleet,
The cooks amid the pots;
The street-car tourist in the crush
They all are in the swim;
And pretty ladies, with a blush,
Ask news of Kelly's "limb."

Or is it well and strong to-day?
Or is it game and sore?
And will the "bye" be fit to play?
Or will he play no more?
There is within all heart's an ache,
So tell the truth we beg,
And let us know, for pity's sake,
The state of Kelly's leg.

How sad 'twould be if on the green,
Twelve gallant lads should meet,
And Kelly not with them be seen;
But from a grand stand seat
Should view the field whereon of old
He gaily used to peg;
While loud the cry of triumph rolled
To view his flying leg.

Oh! spare us from that saddening sight,
And give us Dick to-day;
His presence in the maddening fight
Were worth an armed array;
Before his front the Caps will yield,
Because he is a reg-
Ular daisy of a centre field,
Despite a gamey leg.

SHAMROCKS.	Position.	CAPITALS.
Stinson	Goal	Crown
Dwyer	Point	Patterson
Moore	Cover	Quinn
Murray	Defence	Devine
O'Brien	"	H. Carson
Hinton	"	James
Kelly	Centre	G. Carson
Neville	Home	Carleton
Danaher	"	Smith
Tansey	"	Lacey
Wall	Outside Home	Murphy
Tucker	Inside Home	Ketchum
Polan	Captain	Bissonette

Referee, Harry Brophy.

Messrs. E. Shepperd, Montreal, and H. S. Kirby, Ottawa, were appointed umpires, but the latter telegraphed yesterday that he would be unable to act owing to sickness in his family. Another meeting of the executive will be held this morning to choose a substitute.

There they are!

The two teams have been chosen and, bar accidents, will line up this afternoon in the order given above. Little remains now to be said, it is deeds not words that will tell after this.

If the gods are kind and favor the lovers of Canada's national game with fine weather, there will be such a contest to-day as will live in the memory of every witness.

The sale of reserved seat tickets has just about exhausted the supply, and the "Standing Room Only" sign will be hung out early.

Both teams are fit, both are confident. Referee Brophy is thoroughly efficient, and there can be no disturbance by the crowd.

May the best team win!

FOOTBALL.

H.M.S. Canada Versus Mohawks.

The Mohawks and a team from the H.M.S. Canada will play a football match this afternoon at three o'clock, on the Mohawk grounds, Park Avenue, about fifty yards above Mount Royal Avenue. The teams will be as follows:

H.M.S. Canada: Fazackerly, goal; Berrick and Dobson, backs; Snelling, Day and Brentnall, half-backs; Rodham, Drury, Gordon, Lee and McGough, forwards: linesman, Irvine.

Mohawks: Ross, Robertson, Coates, Chidley, Morrison, Lidstone, Wands, Forrester, Wooley, Bird and Parker.

THE RING.

Indian Territory Wants the Big Fight.

Kansas City, Mo., August 24.—A special to the Times from Parsons, Kansas, says: A purse of $25,000 has been offered by Kansas Indian Territory and Texas citizens for the Jackson-Corbett fight to take place at Wagner, I.T., where there are no laws to prevent such a contest. A New York representative to-night telegraphed Jackson's and Corbett's acceptance of the offer, providing the money was deposited in New York. The money was guaranteed to-night, it is said, and will be forwarded Monday.

TURF AND TRACK.

The Wind-Up at Lepine.

The $300 purse, 2.25 class, was won yesterday by Dodger, who came first under the wire in the two concluding heats. The score was as follows:

Dodger, Pratt and Pickle, Newport, Vt.	1	1
Albani, G. M. MacPherson, Toronto.	2	2
Leonard, J. Letourneau, Holyoke, Mass.	3	3

Time, 2.19¼, 2.21¼.

The Sherbrooke Meeting.

Following is the programme of races which will take place at Sherbrooke during the Exhibition Sept. 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th.

TROTTING AND RUNNING RACES.

Tuesday, Sept. 4.

No. 1—3-year-old, trotting, purse $100.
No. 2—Eastern townships, running, $100.

Wednesday, Sept. 5.

No. 3—3 minute class, trotting, purse $125.
No. 4—2.25 class, trotting, purse $175.

Thursday, Sept. 6.

No. 5—2.40 class, purse $125.
No. 6—2.29 class, purse $150.
No. 7—Open running, purse $150.

Friday, Sept. 7.

No. 8—2.34 class, trotting, purse $150.
No. 9—Free for all, trotting, $200.
No. 10—Hurdle race, running, $150.

Entries close August 30; to be made with the secretary. In the trotting contests, horses eligible from 15th August, and open to all trotters and pacers. Entrance fee, five per cent of purse, to accompany entries. All winners charged five per cent. additional

THE WHEEL.

Another World's Record Broken.

Salt Lake, Utah, Aug. 24.—At the Utah Circuit bicycle races to-day, Otto Zeigler, went an exhibition flying half-mile, no pacer, in 1.01 2-5, beating the world's record for a five-lap track. Zeigler also won the two-mile open, class B.

Another Record Smashed.

Springfield, Mass., August 24.—O'd Hampden Park track was in splendid condition this afternoon, when George F. Taylor tried for the world's mile bicycle record, unpaced. He got away bad and made the quarter in 28 seconds flat. This establishes a new world's record for that distance. Taylor passed the half in 1.00 1-5, against the old world's record of 1.01 2-5. It was his intention to try for the mile record, but his first half was too fast and he fell ten seconds short of the record, 2.10 3-5, made by Maltox at Denver. He will try for the top mark again this week.

Racing at Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo., August 24.—Two records were broken at to-day's bicycle meet. W. H. Taxis, the Philadelphia crack, made a flying half-mile against the State record, lowering it from 1.03 1-5 to 1.02 2-5, while Lee Richardson, of Chicago, lowered his own half mile record for backward riding from 2.35 to 2.32 4-5. The attendance was poor, and the interest lagged. Johnson failed to take part, his wheel breaking down. Summaries:

Mile, class A—Charles Carlt won in 2.26.

Three mile handicap, class B—A. McDonald, New York (90 yards), won in 8.01.

Mile, open; class A—G. A. Maxwell, Wichita, won in 2.35 3-5.

Two mile, handicap; class A—C. E. Jacques, Kansas City (240 yards), won in 4.58 2-5.

Mile, open; class B, time limit 2.40—Hocker, Kansas City, won in 2.54 3-5.

Three mile, handicap; class A—Harding, St. Louis (140 yards), won in 7.40 2-5.

Two-mile lap race—J. S. Johnson, Syracuse, broke his wheel in the start and dropped out. In the final lap Brown won with Kennedy Second and Goehler third. This tied Kennedy and Brown for first and in the toss Kennedy won. Brown got second, Callahan third and Coburn fourth. Time, 5.38 2-5.

In the contest for the best unpaced mile the record of Reddy Maxwell, of Winfield was not challenged and he was declared the winner. He made the record of 2.26, the same as that made Wednesday.

Shamrock Bicycle Club.

Fixtures for next week: Monday, 8 p.m., Two Mountains. Thursday, 8 p.m., City Ride, starting from grounds. Saturday, 3 p.m., Boucherville, meeting at Longueuil Ferry.

BASEBALL.

National League Games Yesterday.

New York, August 24.—The following are the results in yesterday's National League games:

		R.	H.	E.
At Brooklyn—				
Brooklyn	4 4 4 1 0 1 1 0 x	15	11	3
Cincinnati	1 0 0 0 2 0 4 0 2	9	13	9

Batteries—Kennedy and Kinslow; Fisher and Merritt. Umpire, Keefe.

At Baltimore—												
Baltimore	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	2	x	5	12	0
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	8	2

Batteries—McMahon and Robinson; Breitenstein and Miller. Umpire, Betts.

At Philadelphia—												
Philadelphia	2	0	1	7	1	0	2	1	0	14	14	0
Pittsburg	2	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	7	14	6

Batteries—Carsey and Buckley; Gumbert, Ehret and Sugden. Umpire, Lynch.

At Washington—												
Washington	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0	5	6	2
Chicago	5	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	x	10	11	4

Batteries—Mercer and McGuire; Griffith and Schriver. Umpire, Emslie.

At New York—												
New York	4	5	3	3	2	1	0	2	0	20	26	5
Louisville	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	4	9	7

Batteries—German and Wilson; Knell, Zahner and Green. Umpire, Hurst.

QUOITS.

The Montreal Quoiting Club.

At the last meeting of the Montreal Quoiting Club, the third draw was made for the Quipp Trophy, won by the Montreal Club, as follows:

W. Bruce — G. F. Fleet
J. Burns — A. Blanchard
A. McIntyre, bye.

It was decided that the match for the Quipp Trophy must be completed on or before Friday evening, the 31st instant.

WAS IT IN FORCE?

Important Life Insurance Policy Case Now Before the Courts.

Hamilton, Aug. 24.—Walker and Phelps, on behalf of David Blackley, to-day issued a writ of summons against the Great West Life Insurance Co., of Winnipeg. The suit is an interesting one and will be closely followed by insurance men. The action is for $10,000, the amount of a policy held by Mr. Blackley on the life of the late John Taylor, of Toronto.

The policy was issued only a year ago, and at that time Mr. Taylor was considered a good risk, but in January last the the company claimed that untrue statements had been made in application and they notify the parties that the policy was cancelled. The company insisted on a full yearly premium being paid, which was resisted, Mr. Blackley being willing to pay only for the time actually insured. The company sued and gained their point.

Three months ago Mr. Taylor died suddenly and the present action will determine whether the policy was in force at the date of his death. Mr. Blackley contends that the company on its own motion cannot cancel the policy.

HAMILTON SABBATARIANS.

Hamilton, Ont., August 24.—The Sunday Observance Association will hold a public meeting in First Methodist Church, on Thursday evening next, to protest against the desecration of the Sabbath by running of boats, cars, etc. The organization work is going on, and the Association is hopeful of making a successful crusade against the big corporations who violate the Commandments by breaking the Sabbath Day.

Forged Half a Million.

London, August 24.—Ernest Hassberger, the Dundee Jute merchant who was arrested about a month ago on charges of having forged bills for 80,000 pounds on Scotch banks and for 20,000 on continental banks, was arraigned for trial to-day. When called upon to plead, the prisoner admitted that he was guilty of forgeries aggregating 112,000 ponnds. Sentence was posponed.

California Fruit in England.

London, August 24—The first large consignment of California fruit brought to this country from New York by the SS. Paris has aroused the greatest interest in England. When W. N. White and Company commenced to auction off the California products shortly before noon, to-day at Covent Garden, this city, there were at least five hundred buyers present from all parts of England.

An examination of this important consignment showed that much of it arrived in such a ripe condition that it is necessary to sell to consumers within forty-eight hours. This caused the fruit to sell cheaply.

Two Out Of Twenty-four.

La Patrie says: "Who is it who has stated that our Aldermen are not economical? Who gave vent to that terrible slander? Not economical? What are you talking about. Only think! It was announced that the tickets for the banquet tendered to the British officers would be sold for $6, and that every one would have to pay. Do you know how many of the Aldermen were at the banquet, according to the Herald, two out of twenty-six—Aldermen Farrell and Penny. After that who will dare to say that the Aldermen are spendthrifts? Shame to their slanderers!"

Grand day for the Ladies.

To-day one of the most conspicuous and inviting inducements ever offered to the ladies of the city of Montreal may be seen at No. 2411 St. Catherine Street, formerly the store occupied by William Samuels. Over 500 waterproofs are exposed to-day for sale at the low sum of six dollars each. These garments are perfect in every particular and are sold everywhere for ten and twelve dollars. The store presents a beautiful sight, attractive in all departments, and it is safe to say, that no other house in the city can show, under our roof, the many waterproofs for ladies and gentlemen, furs, hats, caps, etc. If you buy now you will save 50 cents on every dollar. See add in this issue of the Herald.

This is Right.

The best place in the city to send ladies' or gentlemen's clothes to be repaired, cleaned or dyed is at M. J. Adler's, 39 Beaver Hall Hill, (formerly 47).

A Big Tunnel Scheme.

Berne, Aug. 24.—The Federal Council has approved the scheme submitted for a Jura-Simplon railway tunnel through the Simplon. The cost of this work will be 54,500,000 francs. The plans will now be submitted for the approval of the Italian Government.

ENLIGHTENMENT

enables the more advanced and **Conservative Surgeons** of to-day to cure many diseases without cutting, which were formerly regarded as incurable without resort to the knife.

RUPTURE or Breach, is now *radically* cured without the knife and without pain. Clumsy Trusses can be thrown away!

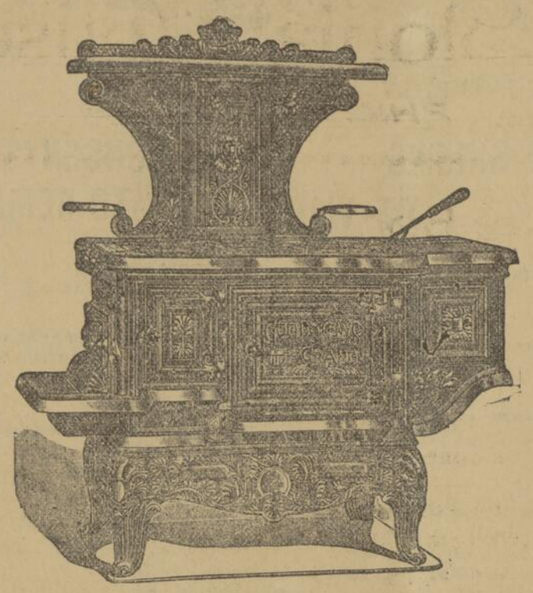
TUMORS, Ovarian, Fibroid (Uterine) and many others, are now removed without the perils of cutting operations.

PILE TUMORS, however large, Fistula and other diseases of the lower bowel, are permanently cured without pain or resort to the knife.

STONE in the Bladder, no matter how large, is crushed, pulverized, washed out and perfectly removed without cutting.

For pamphlet, references and all particulars, send 10 cents (in stamps) to World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE FINEST



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SIR CHARLES TUPPER'S HEALTH.

Canada's High Commissioner is Recovering From His Recent Illness.

[Special to the Herald.]

Ottawa, Aug. 24.—A cablegram has been received here from Sir Charles Tupper, Canadian High Commissioner, as follows: "Influenza better." This is interpreted by Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper to mean that the attack is not of the virulent "grippe" and that his father will not be long delayed at Chester, where he was first striken down and will soon be well enough to proceed.

Toronto, Aug. 24.—The following is a special cable to the Toronto Evening Telegram: London, Aug. 24.—Sir Charles Tupper is still confined to his bed at Chester, but the reports as to his condition are all favorable. At 9 o'clock to-day it was announced that he was improving rapidly and the indications were that Canada's High Commissioner would be able to resume his journey in a couple of days.

AMUSEMENTS.

There will be a matinee at the Queen's Theatre to-day, and a closing performance of "Jane" to-night by Mr. Frohman's celebrated comedians.

LIVING PICTURES.

The management of the Theatre Royal, not to be behind in giving the theatre goers of Montreal the latest of novelties, have gone to great pains and expense, and for next week they have, in addition to the excellent attraction announced, made arrangements to present the latest London and New York craze, the Living Pictures. In speaking of the play itself, the Philadelphia Ledger says: "In Fabio Romani, which was presented last evening to good attendance, the management has secured an attraction of more than ordinary strength, and one which cannot be too lavishly praised. It is a melodrama, with sense and consistency, as well as undeniable power and unflagging interest."

BREVITIES.

The visiting Governors to the Montreal General Hospital for the week commencing Monday, the 27th August, 1894 are Messrs. John R. Molson, Harry Stikeman, Henry Birks, E. B. Ibbotson.

The Bishop Laroeque of Sherbrooke, will be at Chambly his birth place, on Sunday next 26th instant, on that occasion will take place a grand illumination, fireworks, and a musical concert, given by the Chambly Brass Band on the basin.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s return of traffic earnings, from August 14th to August 21st is as follows: 1894, $359,000; 1893, $423,000; decrease, $64,000.

Shelburne Cheese Market.

Shelburne, August 24.—At the cheese Board here to-day about 1,470 boxes July and August cheese were boarded. All sold; July 9 7-16 to 10; August from 10 3-16 to 10 7-16. Buyers present, J. T. Brill, Wm. Barton, M. Booth, R. Robertson Lamb. The bidding was lively. The sales were quick. The next meeting will be held Friday, September 21st.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Berrian, of New York, are on a visit, with Miss and Mr. C. A. MacDonell, Elm Avenue, Cote St. Antoine.

G. C. Jackson, of the Comptroller's Office C.P.R., left by R.M.S. Vancouver for a six week's holiday abroad.

Dr. H. D. Hamilton returned from St. John, N.B., last evening, from attending the Canadian Medical Association.

James Carter, bandmaster of the Governor General's Foot Guards, Ottawa, is visiting friends in the city.

AUCTION SALES.

By M. Hicks & Co.

QUEENS AUCTIONEERS

Preliminary Notice

Fifteenth Annual

FALL CONSIGNMENT.

The Largest and Most Important Collection of Turkish and Oriental

Rugs, Carpets & Palace Strips

ever sent to Canada.

The subscribers are pleased to announce receipt of Bills of Lading, and Invoices of Large Consignments of the above goods direct from the Collector at

Amritsar and Constantinople,

and which we expect to arrive here in a few days.

Due notice of place and date of sale will be made known.

M. HICKS & CO.,
Auctioneers.

College of Physicians and Surgeons
OF THE
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Provincial Medical Board.

Preliminary Examination for Admission to the Study of Medicine.

THE EXAMINATION for the Admittance to the Study of Medicine will commence on THURSDAY, the 20th SEPTEMBER NEXT, at nine o'clock, A.M., in the rooms of the Arts Faculty, Laval University, Quebec.

Certificates of moral character and admission fee ($20) must be remitted at least ten days previously to one of the undersigned Secretaries.

A. G. BELLEAU, M.D., Quebec,
A. T. BROSSEAU, M.D., Montreal,
Secretaries.

August 20th, 1894.

College of Physicians and Surgeons
OF THE
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Provincial Medical Board.

THE MEETING OF THE PROVINCIAL Medical Board will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 26th SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 10 o'clock A.M., at the city of Quebec, in the rooms of the School of Medicine, Laval University.

Candidates for examination or license must send their papers (including certificate of admission to study medicine) also the fee for the license, $40, at least ten days previous to the meeting to either of the undersigned Secretaries.

The Credential Committee will meet Tuesday, the 25th September next, at 10 o'clock a.m., when candidates for the license must be present with their diplomas and certificates of admission to the study of medicine. After that date no candidate will be admitted.

Bachelors of Arts, Sciences and Letters, intending to study medicine, can be admitted on presenting their diplomas, duly sworn to, on application to either Secretary, at Quebec or Montreal, at least eight days before the meeting of the Board.

A. G. BELLEAU, M.D., Quebec.
A. T. BROSSEAU, M.D., Montreal,
Secretaries.

August 26th, 1894.

EXCURSIONS From all Points

—TO—

Canada's Great Industrial Fair,

TORONTO.

SEPTEMBER 4th to 14th.

A Grand Exposition and Great Attractions.

Excelling all Others.

McGill Normal & Model Schools

RE-OPEN ON

MONDAY, SEPT. 3rd,

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S. P. ROBINS, LL.D.,
Principal.

Aug. 20th, 1894.

"A CARD TO THE PUBLIC."

Having completed all arrangements SINCE THE FIRE IN OUR PREMISES, we are now in a

MUCH BETTER POSITION

than ever to handle our rapidly increasing business with more room and all the

Very Latest Improvements

That Science can suggest.

OUR LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT

Both as to Plant and Facilities for turning out First-Class Work, is second to none on this Continent.

CAPACITY, 200,000 PIECES A DAY.

Montreal Steam Laundry Co.

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VICTORIA LAUNDRY

New, Alert, and Enterprising.
Wants a Share of your Business.
Not all of it—Just a Little.
Our Work will Speak for Itself.

LATEST * IMPROVED * MACHINERY

Experienced employees only working for us.
Will guarantee that you have the same articles returned to you as you gave us.
We use no ACIDS to take the place of . .

PURE SOAP AND CLEAN WATER

Our waggons will call for and deliver all orders to any and all parts of the city, at regular prevailing prices, with this advantage to you which you may not receive at other Laundries:—We handle your property with the same care and give it the same attention as if it was OUR OWN. If you try us once you will be our constant patron.

J. J. CREE & CO.,

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No. 771 CRAIG STREET.

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CORRECT TIME

No Excuse for being late at School.

WALKER'S $8.10 WATCH

Fills the bill. Every School Boy wants one

W. S. WALKER & CO.

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Correct Styles IN NOTE PAPER.

Newest Compositions IN 10-CENT MUSIC.

The Latest BOOKS AND PERIODICALS.

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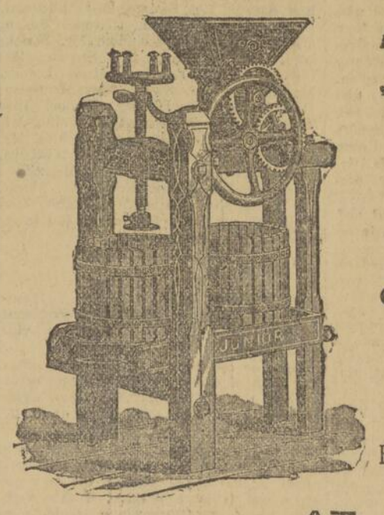

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The largest and best assorted stock of

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Table and Pocket CUTLERY.

Scissors and Razors A SPECIALTY.

Fine Door Locks and Fancy Bronze Trimmings, Etc.

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THE NORTHEY MFG. CO. LTD.

TORONTO, ONT.

MANUFACTURERS OF STEAM AND POWER PUMPS

FOR ALL DUTIES.

RIGHTED AT LAST.

As I drove slowly back to Torwood, I hoped that the father and son might never meet.

It was dark when I reached my home. I was weary, and should have gone straight to rest; but to my surprise, I found my father in the library. He asked no question, said nothing about Valentine's departure, nothing about my engagement. We sat for several hours talking. He gave me a brief history of his travels. He had seen many lands and many people, and his description of his wandering, as he gave it in his own well-chosen, eloquent language, interested and held me, in spite of my troubles and the feeling that he had treated me harshly and unjustly. Indeed, sitting once more with my father, in the old room in the old house, with all things that I remembered as a boy around me, hearing once more the lash of the breakers on the rock, it was as much as I could do to restrain myself from nestling close to his side, placing my hand in his, and believing I was a boy again.

At last we rose to retire for the night. It seemed to me as well that all my unpleasant revelations should be crowded into one day.

"I wish to tell you a piece of folly of mine," I said.

"We have had enough for one day, Philip."

"I would rather get it over, if you are not too tired."

He sank back into his chair, wearily.

"Just after you left," I said, "I was foolish enough to lose a large sum of money at cards."

I thought he looked relieved as he heard my confession.

"Gambling is a bad habit," he said. "I trust you broke yourself of it?"

"Yes, I think so; but I lost a large sum."

"Mr. Grace paid it, I hope. It is not owing now?"

"Yes, Mr. Grace paid it at once. But I am ashamed to say how much it was. It was over £3,000. Will you ever forgive my folly?"

"My dear Philip," said my father rising, "in the face of other things you have to-day told me, the loss of a little money is not worth considering. Good-night."

I went to bed wondering whether my father was mad, or whether he was a millionaire.

CHAPTER XVIII.

For two days I stayed on at Torwood without entering upon the debatable ground with my father. I felt sure that when we next discussed the affair, a crisis in my life would be at hand. Not for one moment did I contemplate the idea of resigning my future happiness because my father objected to my choice. Much as I loved him, I knew that taere were bounds to the duty a son owed to his father—that there are situations in which a man is justified in disregarding parental authority. He had shown me no valid reason for his objection to my marriage with Claudine. If the world laid sin at Lady Estmere's door, it was the refinement of cruelty to visit it upon her niece. If I had ever believed Lord Rothwell's implied supposition that my father would object to the alliance, I felt sure that all opposition must vanish when he saw the girl. Now this hope was at an end. He had confessed her beautiful; he had nothing to say against her; it was simply her relationship to Lady Estmere which made her obnoxious to him. I sighed deeply as I thought of what might be the result when next I broached the subject to my father.

I was grieved to see that upon his return he at once fell into the old groove of life. So easily did he pick up every dropped thread that he might have been away for a day in the next county instead of having made a journey of many thousands of miles. The very morning after his return, he resumed a scientific paper at the point he left it when he started. He spent his hours with his books as of old; he took his walks in the same listless way as ever. I could see no change in his manner of life.

During the first two days I was nerving myself for the struggle which I knew must take place. I dare not delay it any longer. Whatever Valentine might tell his mother, she would at least know my father had returned. She and Claudine would be expecting news most likely, expecting I should bring him to them. What would they say when they knew the truth—knew that he forbade the marriage and knew or guessed why he did so?

I lay awake at night for hours thinking over my position, and the more I thought the stronger grew the sad truth that the time was at hand when I must choose between the woman I loved and my father.

The suspense was growing unbearable. Although we met in the most friendly way I felt there was something between my father and myself, something that changed the old loving relations. I hoped that he would speak, but he showed no inclination to approach the subject, so with a heavy heart I was fain to commence the attack.

It was a glorious summer evening; the sun was already so low that its rays were endurable. My father and I had dined together, and, after lingering a few minutes over our wine, had, by mutual consent, risen from the table and walked out of the house. We strolled slowly to the top of the great tor, and, as we rested there, I thought of the day when I took my first step into the outside world; thought of that moment when I passed in the steamer the old house, and borrowed the captain's binocular to look at the tall, dark figure standing on the summit of the hill until the tears which sprang to my eyes blurred the glasses and for a while rendered them useless. I remembered how that first parting stirred all the passion in my boyish nature; how I blamed and condemned myself for even wishing to leave my father. How I wept as I thought of his loniness. And now, a few years later, I was compelled to exercise a man's prerogative, and for the sake of the woman I loved, rebel against his commands.

Perhaps my silence told my father what was in my mind. He looked at me inquiringly. I think he had made two or three remarks on the beauty of the sunset—remarks which had fallen unheeded on my ears. At last I turned to him. 6

"I hope you have reconsidered the matter I spoke to you about on the day of your return?"

"It has never left my thoughts a minute," he said, sadly and quietly.

"Surely," I said, "you will withdraw your prohibition. Leaving my happiness out of the question, what would you wish more in my wife? She is beautiful, good, well born, and, if such a recommendation were needed, rich."

"I have spoken, Philip. I have no more to say."

"Then I am to understand that, because she is the niece of a woman whose husband left her in a fit of mad jealousy, you think she is unfit to be your daughter. Oh, my father! thing again. Remember that I love her. Think what your decision must mean!"

I took his hand, but he kept his eyes turned from me. His face was pale, but the hard, firm look was setting on his mouth. I knew that my entreaties were unavailing.

"I have thought," he said, "and my answer is the same."

(To be Continued.)

WILL HAVE TO REDUCE WAGES.

Railway Manager Before the Strike Commission States They Are Losing Money.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Yesterday afternoon Mr. St. John gave a history of the formation of the General Managers' Association, which, he denied, had its conception in any desire to reduce the wages of the men. He said further: "The schedule of wages we have compiled is a tabulation of railroad wages all over the country. It had nothing to do with an intended reduction of wages, and was not followed by reductions. Two or three Southern lines found they were paying wages considerably in excess of wages paid by other companies, and naturally reduced them to an equality. I don't say that there will not be a reduction of wages and a revision of the schedule tax. Unless a change comes in the situation something will have to be done. I speak of the company's financial affairs with the greatest reluctance in public, but its earnings have suffered a decrease of $800,000 in three months, and some method will have to be devised of changing that result.

Mr. St. John said the story that Gen. Miles had called at the Association headquarters was positively absurd.

Mr. Kernan asked the witness if he did not believe a system of Government licenses applied to railroad employes would be a good thing.

Mr. St. John said he thought the plan had merit if it could be kept out of politics.

THEIR RETURN MEANS DEATH.

San Salvador Refugees Arrested—Their Surrender to be Contested.

San Francisco, Calif., Aug. 24.—General Antonio Ezeta and his fellow-refugees, from San Salvador, who made their escape on the U. S. S. Bennington, are prisoners at last by authority of the United States District Court. The warrants of arrest were served yesterday afternoon.

The Bennington has been in port for some days, but a difference of opinion between the Navy Department and the Department of Justice regarding the course to be pursued towards the refugees had prevented any action being taken. The naval authorities at Mare Island had refused to allow the United States Marshal to serve the warrants granted by the District Court, on the application of the Salvadorean Government, but to-day agreed to do so.

To-day the five refugees will be taken before District Judge Morrow, who issued the warrants for their arrest. Then will qegin the proleedings which will determine whether the five men shall be given their freedom or be taken back to San Salvador to be shot by their political enemies, the successful revolutionists.

Toronto's Great Fair.

Toronto's Great Industrial Fair from the 3rd to 15th September promises to be greater this year than ever. All space in the buildings has been taken up, and the entries of live stock exceed any previous year. A great list of special features have been provided, and cheap excursions will be run on both railways to Toronto during the fair.

BIRTHS.

EDWARDS—At "Leighwood," Thurso, on Monday, August 20th, a son to Mr. and Mrs. F. Russell Edwards.

MARRIAGES.

ANTLIFF - ODELL—At Dominion Square Methodist Church, Montreal, Aug. 22nd, 1894, by the Rev. J. Cooper Antliff, father of the groom, assisted by the Rev. J. Shaw, LL.D., William Antliff, of Winnipeg, to Daisy Odell, of Montreal.

SMITH-DAY—On Wednesday, 22nd inst., at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. W. S. Barnes, Mr. Edgar M. Smith, to Miss Helen Day, eldest daughter of the late E. T. Day, Esq.

DEATHS.

LAFORCE—On the 23 of August, Sophie Picard wife of Michel Laforce, butcher. Funeral will take place on Monday 1894, at the residence, 172 Maisonneuve St., at 8.30 a.m. Age 69 years, 8 months, 11 day. 204

MUNROE—At Boscobel, infant daughter of Alexander Monroe, of the firm Munroe Bros., Montreal, aged 2 months and 23 days. Funeral at Boscobel, Saturday, 25th, at 2.30 p.m.

WHEN LADIES WILL
THEY WILL
And a very large proportion will refuse any but
THE COOK'S FRIEND Baking Powder

TELEPHONE 3462
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
R. SEALE & SON
COR. BEAVER HALL HILL AND DORCHESTER ST.

RETAIL DEPARTMENT

JUST A TASTE
of our
Anchor Blend Teas
Black 40c, Green 30c, will convince you that they are the finest ever offered in this market.
The LAING Packing and Provision. CO. Ltd.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's
CHLORODYNE.

Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated publicly in Court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne, and the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was literally untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to.—Times, July 10, 1864.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne is the best and most certain remedy in Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, &c.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne—The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was Chlorodyne. —See Lancet, December 31, 1864.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne is a certain cure for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colic, &c.

Caution — None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in the stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russel st., London, Eng. Sold at 1s. 1½d; 2s. 9d. 4s., 6d. 11s.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

CANADA'S
Kid Glove Store.

All the latest European Novelties in Ladies' Kid and Suede Gloves in Stock to select from.

EVENING GLOVES
Ladies' Undressed Kid Gloves in all the very latest evening shades and in all lengths.

LADIES' SILK GLOVES
In all lengths and latest shades for evening wear.
S. CARSLEY.

The Ladies' New Kid Gloves for fall wear is Courvoisier's patent Cut Thumb, exclusively controlled by us for Montreal.
S. CARSLEY,

Courvoisier's Patent Cut Thumb is the fashionable Ladies' Kid Glove in Paris, New York and London.
S. CARSLEY.

ACKNOWLEDGED
That the right place to buy
BOYS' SUITS
FOR
SCHOOL WEAR!
Is S. CARSLEY'S.

Just put into stock Ten Cases boys' choice tailor made Tweed Suits, especially adapted for school wear.
S. CARSLEY.

Parents and Boys Agree
that S. Carsley's is the store to buy
BOYS' CLOTHING
because he carries
THE LARGEST STOCK
THE NEWEST STYLES
and
SELLS THE CHEAPEST
S. CARSLEY,

MEN'S FURNISHINGS
Gentlemen cannot do better than buy Men's Furnishings from
S. CARSLEY
who carries the largest, best and choicest stock in the city, and sells them at the lowest possible price.
S. CARSLEY.

SPECIAL.
100 Dozen Men's Silk Ties
all latest shapes and patterns
Worth 25c.
TO BE SOLD AT 15c.
Ask to see them.
S. CARSLEY.

MEN'S
FALL - UNDERWEAR
An immense stock of Men's Fall Underwear in Fall weights.
Natural Wool Underwear, special value, $1.50 per suit.
Natural Merino Underwear, special value, 75c suit.
Elastic Merino Underwear.
Half Gauze Merino Underwear, in Shetland and White.
Fine Wool Underwear.
Fine Cashmere Underwear.
Silk Underwear
In all qualities.
S. CARSLEY.

Ask for Rigby Waterproofs at
S. CARSLEY'S,
Notre Dame Street,

Colonial House,
PHILLIPS SQUARE.
Fine Boots, Shoes and Slippers.
We have put into Stock the following lines, which are exceptional good value.

60 prs. Ladies' Kid Slippers, price $1.35. Good Stock and Fine Fitting, widths B, C and D.

Boys' and Youths' Strong Laced Boots, made of good serviceable leather. We keep them in half sizes. Prices $1.75, $2.00, $2.25 and $3.00.

Gent's Slippers. We carry a large assortment of Gent's Slippers in fine grades. Prices $2.00, $2.25 and $2.50.

Boys' and Youths' Slippers. Prices 90c, $1.15 and $1.50.

Ladies' Kid Button Boots, Patent Tips, good value, $2.50.

Ladies' Kid Oxfords, Opera Toe, Plain, Regular Price, $2.50, Reduced to $2.00, widths B and C, all sizes from 2½ to 7.

Ladies' Albani Strap Slippers, in Dongola Kid. Pointed Toe. Price $2.00, widths B, C and D.

We carry a large stock of SHOE DRESSINGS of all kinds.

THE COLONIAL HOUSE OIL POLISH
Is Highly Recommended. Price 25 Cents.

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JOHN AITKEN & CO.
1757 Notre Dame St.
ESTABLISHED 1847.
TELEPHONE 1982.
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The Leading House
IN MONTREAL
—FOR—
Gentlemen's Furnishings
Ladies' Wear
And Baby Linen

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First-Class Laundry Work
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THE AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

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MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF OILS, PAINTS, COAL, HARDWARE, ETC. (SHELF & HEAVY)
2547 TO 2553 NOTRE DAME ST. COR SEIGNEURS ST.
MONTREAL.

TELEGRAPH
TELEPHONE

These are the names of the matches that always light at the first stroke—that have no bad odor—that climatic changes do not affect—that are safest to handle. Ask your grocer for
E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES

38c 49c 69c
THE WEEK
—OF—
Materials for ROBES and of TWEEDS.
August 27 to September 1
38c 49c 69c

Before the opening of the Fall Season, we want to dispose of all the materials we have on hand. We have made a collection of them and will soon make them disappear at the following prices:

For One Week Only!

First Lot, 172 Pieces,
Variety of Materials worth $1.10, $1.05, 95 and 90 cents,
For 38 Cents.

Second Lot, 150 Pieces:
Another variety of Materials, worth $1.35, $1.30, $1.25 and $1.20.
For 49 Cents.

Third Lot, 98 Pieces:
Extra choice Materials, worth $2.00, $1.75, $1.60 and $1.50.
For 69 Cents.

Fourth Lot, 62 Pieces:
Check Tweeds for Costumes, 54 inches wide, sold heretofore at $1.15.
For 38 Cents.

Continuation of our Grand Sale of Bed Coverings and Comfortables. Our waggons deliver immense quantities sold each day.

THIS IS NOT ALL. LOOK AT THESE PRICES:

49c	Melton for Robes, 54 inches wide, worth 75 and 90 cents	49c
15c	Fancy Materials, worth 25 cents	15c
65c	Navy Blue Cheviots for Costumes, worth $1.25	65c
53c	Basket Cloth for Costumes, worth 90 cents	53c
95c	Amazon Cloth for Costumes, worth $1.50	95c
17c	Colored Serges, worth 30 cents	17c

THE WEEK OF TWEEDS,
TROUSERS to order, $1.78, $2.50, $3.48, $4.00, $4.50.

60c	One Lot Canadian and English Tweeds, for Men's Wear, worth $1.10	60c
80c	One Lot of English Tweeds for Trouserings, worth $1.50	80c
$1.00	Black and Blue Cheviots for Men's Wear, worth $1.75	$1.00
$1.50	Materials for Fall Overcoats, worth $2.65	$1.50
$2.35	All Wool Blue Cloth, for Students and School Wear	$2.35
HALF PRICE	One Lot of Children's Garments, in Tweed and Blue Serge	HALF PRICE

THE BAZAAR.
BOISSEAU BROTHERS, Cor. St. Lawrence, St. Catherine and St. Chas. Borrommee

CARRIER, LAINE & CO.,
ENGINEERS FOUNDERS MACHINISTS BOILER-MAKERS AND GENERAL CONTRACTORS
Specialty of Stoves, Ploughs, Tea Kettles and Camp Ovens.
Commercial Street, LEVIS, P.Q. Near Ry. Station.

Russian Velvet
Takes the Lead in Rich Carpeting—A Fine Selection at
THOMAS & LIGGET'S.

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Founded 1808.

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Terms Strictly Cash in Advance.

MONTREAL, AUGUST 25.

THE MORNING EDITION.

Has a Larger Circulation than all the other Morning Papers of the Province of Quebec combined.

THE EVENING EDITION

which was first issued on the 11th of June has been a success from the start and is increasing in popularity and circulation daily.

THE COMMERCIAL SITUATION.

Glancing at the Chartered Bank statements for July, 1892-93-94, the last of which has just appe[illegible], several important changes may be seen as are probably best shown in a table:

	1892.	1893.	1894.
Specie and [illegible]	$ 18,738,012	$ 19,205,204	$ 23,489,900
[illegible] Foreign	22,272,589	15,016,213	17,251,515
Prov. Dom. and other securities	19,748,250	18,289,174	22,416,337
Call loans	15,910,932	15,141,457	14,677,518
Current loans	189,513,321	206,937,558	202,720,760
Overdue debts	2,317,318	2,856,682	3,016,800
Reserve fund	24,756,731	26,031,245	27,160,750
Circulation	32,488,718	33,573,463	29,801,772
Savings Deposits (time)	93,818,670	106,458,471	111,633,147
Due British	4,920,914	4,600,301	5,562,778

The Herald was among those who called attention to the low condition of the reserves of specie and Dominion notes at the time when it was a practical and vital question, not a controversial one merely. While the increase in these items is considerable, and satisfactory on the whole, the holdings might be even better distributed among the banks. Otherwise, the topic is pretty well played out at present. The decrease in foreign loans since 1892 has been very considerable, and appears pretty nearly to be equal to the investments in securities, some of which, at least, probably afford less profit. The disturbance in the United States was without doubt hard upon Canadian banks, and the manner in which they faced it is a good indication of how they would, as a whole, face trouble here. They have apparently placed large amounts aside from business ventures, there not being the usual increase in current loans. The reserve fund has been steadily strengthened. The decrease in circulation is very suggestive, and indicates dull times, while the amount of overdue paper, although not large, is greater than last year, with $4,000,000 less undiscount. As already indicated by a contemporary, the amount due by our banks in Great Britain is sufficient to warrant a cautious scrutiny of that item, and a somewhat watchful eye upon the London money market. Taken into consideration with the decrease in circulation and discounts, the time deposits are significant. While they increased about $13,000,000 from 1892 to 1893, the increase from 1893 to 1894 has been only about $5,000,000, and there is nothing to indicate that the deficit, has gone to the extension of commerce, or the change would be welcome, as banking one's earnings at 3½ per cent is after all a poor way to develop the possibilities of a young country.

The present commercial situation is, however, full of hope. The new crop of oats, now beginning to arrive promises a better quality than the rains some time ago were thought to presage. Barley is in good form the cheese output, a very large one, has sold at good prices, but butter has so far turned out below the average in point of profits. The hay crop is good, but prices are not encouraging. In connection with the low prices for wheat, which seem likely to be long maintained, farmers would do well to give attention to making good use of the straw. The United States tariff is another favorable thing for Canada, as we have already pointed out.

The past week has been comparatively quiet in business circles, although by no means devoid of interest. The month is usually one of quietude, awaiting the activity of autumn and following that of midsummer. Shipments of low grade teas to the United States have given some activity to that branch of the grocery trade, and Japans of last season held here are now reported all cleaned out. Sugar is also firmer in tone. The entire grocery business seems to have improved in tone. The dry goods trade also partakes of the improved feeling, and travellers now on the road are sending in their orders in some abundance. The return of summering citizens, which is now begun, will shortly give activity to the local trade. In the hardware trade, little is being done with heavy metal, but the growing activity in iron and steel across the line will probably give an impetus to trade here before long. Ashes are in light receipt, cement is firmer owing to an advance on the part of makers, drugs are quiet, while fruits are still alive. The wool market is firm. There is, perhaps, most excitement in the hide market, in which, as already indicated by us, there is a pretty severe fight going on among dealers, some paying as high as 4½ cents for light hides, although the average price is about one cent lower. In heavy hides and even lamb skins a similar endeavor to secure the customers of rival dealers has led to prices being paid that, at present, are not likely to secure the support of the tanners.

Reports generally indicate an improvement in collections and remittances, and a steadier demand for staple goods now that the crops are pretty well known and the tariffs have been settled. Perhaps the most surprising markets at the moment are cheese and butter, the former for its steady prices and demand on a large output, the latter for the wonderful falling off in shipments. British orders for cheese continue to pour in, and although there is estimated to be so much stored in this city that holders are compelled to store elsewhere, prices are well maintained. The estimate of the Trade Bulletin is that there is twice as much cheese stored here on English account this year than last, amounting to about 300,000 boxes, likely to reach 400,000 before the close of the present month. Butter, on the other hand, as might perhaps be expected, shows shipments of only 3,038 packages, compared with 27,485 last year.

The first instalment of Manitoba wheat has arrived in Winnipeg, and grades No. 1 hard. The farmers of the Province will be better placed in their keen competition with the world by the reduction in elevator charges at Fort William promised by the Canadian Pacific Railway. It is in the direction of reduced charges that Manitoba agriculturists wil probably find the most profitable move in the future.

The following table will probably interest coal merchants and citizens generally, now that winter is not so far off as it looked during recent hot spells.

The statement of shipments of anthracite coal (approximated) for the week ending August 18th, 1894, compared with the corresponding period last year is as follows:

Regions.		Aug. 18th. 1894.	Decrease Tons.
Wyoming region	Tons.	344,310	38,258
Lehigh region	"	115,514	3,950
Schuylkill region	"	205,794	*5,120
Total		656,618	37,079
Totals for year to date		24,637,691	1,728,141

* Increase.

DEEP WATERWAYS CONVENTION.

The call to the Deep Waterways Convention, which is to be held in Toronto, the 17th to the 20th of next month, is issued by a special committee of the Toronto City Council. It sets out that the necessity for the improvement of the waterways to the East has been urged in the West for a long time; and that Conventions for the discussion of means to that end have been held at Grand Forks, Detroit, Washington and St. Paul. It holds that a 20-foot channel to the sea would reduce the freight and increase the price of the products of the soil throughout the whole of the West and Northwest. The States of North and South Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, the Northwest Provinces of Canada and Ontario, and parts of Kansas, Nebraska, and Colorado, it says, are largely interested in the matter. Twenty-six millions of people live in the eight States that border on the Great Lakes, and six millions in adjacent and dependent territory. It is alleged that the enhanced value of one year's crop would meet the entire cost of the improvement.

The promoters in Toronto cherish the hope that "with a twenty foot channel, ocean vessels will be seen in the harbors of Toronto, Detroit, Buffalo, Chicago, Duluth, etc., bringing cheap coal and taking away the products of forest and field, and the magnificent fleet of steamers now landlocked in the Upper Lakes will have access to the ports of the world." The naming of such ports as Toronto, Detroit, Buffalo and Cleveland seems to imply that in the consideration of the merits of the several proposed deep waterways to the sea the claims of the Ottawa Valley route will not be heard. It could hardly be expected that Toronto should labor for the advancement of these claims, but it is to be hoped that a convention of which the ostensible aim is the effective solution of one of the greatest problems of the day will be asked to consider a proposition which competent authorities hold to be the readiest means to such a solution. "This is not a local or sectional question," the invitation reads, "the people of the Western States and the Canadian Provinces are equally interested." The Convention should take measures to assure the discussion of the matter in all its aspects; and it is extremely probable that such measures will be taken.

International co-operation is frankly suggested. "The Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence," says the circular, "are free without restriction, and the resources o our civilization will doubtless find some means of making the connecting links on an equitable basis." This seems to ensure broad discussion. That there are many who believe that the time is not yet ripe for such a colossal improvement as is contemplated is well known, and it is not improbable that the opposition will be heard also. The convention, then, should throw much light on a matter which has been widely discussed but very generally misunderstood.

A GREAT CANADIAN.

One of the greatest of the Canadians died at the post of duty yesterday morning. Christopher Findlay Fraser, through his personal virtues and unaided efforts, attained the highest honor among his fellow countrymen. He was a self made man, but a well made man, and what eminence he gained, he earned. The story of his life is one of indomitable energy, striking ability and lofty principle. He was learned in the law. He was skilled in politics; and his long record as that of the head of the great spending department of the Ontario Government proves those politics to have been of the cleaner sort. On the floor of the Assembly he was an able parliamentarian and an eloquent, forcible and convincing speaker. And he was a man to whom the functions of attack and defence never seemed distasteful. Of his department he was an efficient and economical head. In the Cabinet he represented his race and religion upon the only excusable basis; he gave, for his preferment, value in service; he held his position not because he professed a certain creed and boasted a certain blood, but because no better man for the position could have been found. A distressing ailment drove him from parliamentary life, and that recognition of his splendid achievements which a grateful party accorded him upon his retirement, and through which it was hoped he might still be able to render his province valuable service, was not questioned. His end was untimely, and will be mourned by all classes among which his influence was exerted. Had not a sense of duty bound him to his post in this province, he might have filled in Dominion affairs, a place relatively as conspicuous as that which he held in Ontario. But the value of Provincial statesmanship is not underrated in the Canadian Confederation, and Mr. Fraser's name will belong remembered in Canada as that of a most influential member of a government which in many regards has set an example to the governments of the world.

The local Conservative party in Manitoba is in a sad plight. At the general elections of 1892 it only elected about ten members out of a House of forty. Its leader, W. A. Macdonald, was unseated, and defeated in a by-election. The leadership then devolved on John A. Davidson, of Beautiful Plains. He, too, was unseated, and in the election which took place on Thursday he was beaten by a Patron candidate. The Conservative party will soon be as dead in Manitoba as the great auk. The Beautiful Plains election was the first one in which the Patrons took a part; and their success will encourage them to proceed further. In Manitoba, of all places in the world, they will be certain to work, as sincerely as will the Liberals, for the undoing of the Thompson Government.

AT THE THEATRES.

Hopper to Open the Season at the Academy Monday.

E Wolf Hopper begins his fifth annual season as a star at the Academy of Music on Monday evening. On that occasion he will present, for the first time, his new opera, "Dr. Syntax," which that clever and talented writer of lyrics, J. Cheever Goodwin, has evolved from the famous German comedy, "Aschenbrodel," upon which Tom Robertson founded his popular play of "School." The music is by Woolson Morse, who wrote the taking melodies of "Wang." The Company, with but two exceptions, is entirely new. It includes Edna Wallace Hopper, the comedian's wife, who has a part in the new opera admirably adapted to her mimetic powers, and one that will give her ample scope in which to demonstrate her cleverness as a comedienne. The other valuable additions to the company are Miss Bertha Waltzinger, formerly the leading prima donna of the famous Bostonians; Miss Jennie Goldthwaite, the popular soubrette, who won high praise from the metropolitan critics by her admirable rendition of "Lauruna" in the recent production of the "Lady of Venice," at the Fifth Avenue Theatre, New York city, and latterly as "Kitty Clover," in Willard Spencer's operatic comedy,

DE WOLFE HOPPER.

"Princess Bonnie," at the Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia; Miss Alice Hosmer, a well known character actress and singer, whose assumption of the role of Hurricane, in the "Little Tycoon," won instant recognition; Cyril Scott, the clever light comedian, who in the past few years created a series of important comedy roles in Chas. Frohman's Empire Theatre Company, and Thomas P. Guise, an excellent baritone, and a former member of the Tavary Grand Opera Company. The only remaining members of the old organization are Edmund Stanley, the favorite tenor, and Alfred Klein, the clever little comedian who played the part of Pepat, the elephant keeper, in Mr. Hopper's original production of "Wang," at the Academy. The remaining principals of the cast are Lillian Relma, Leona Dueth, Louise Campbell, Louis Shrader and H. A. Cripps. The management announce that the chorus will be strong.

The production of "Dr. Syntax", at the Academy promises to be an elaborate one, as the entire plant of scenery, costumes and effects brought direct from New York City will be utilised.

The engagement will close at the matinee on Saturday afternoon, as the entire organization will leave on Saturday evening in a special train for New York, where on Monday evening, Sept. 3rd, the long run of "Dr. Syntax," will begin at the Broadway Theatre.

"A BAGGAGE CHECK," AT THE QUEEN'S.

On Monday, August 27th, and during the week, the "A Baggage Check" Company, one of the largest and most complete scenic, musical farce comedies ever brought to Montreal is coming to the Queen's Theatre. It brings with it strong endorsements, for on its preliminary representations in New York it was pronounced the ideal of all comedies. This piece was written by Charles E. Blaney, whose name, coupled with that of Giles Renoins, the well-known manager, is always accepted as the guarantee of merit. In addition, there is a car-load of magnificent scenery, gorgeous costumes and twenty-three artists. One of the great novelties is the dancing of the Misses Luella Miller and Virgie Arnold. These ladies have long been bright gems of the celebrated Bouffes Parisienne in Paris, and it required an unusual offer to induce them to visit this country.

MAGICIANS COMING.

Montreal will shortly have the opportunity of seeing the two greatest magicians of the day. Kellar appears at the Queen's during the week beginning September 3rd, while Hermann holds forth at the same time at the Academy. Both have been seen here before; and their simultaneous reappearance will probably cause a rushing business at both theatres, since everyone will be anxious to compare them. Kellar has come back from India with some remarkable illusions which he obtained from the fakirs in the East.

Hermann also has many new illusions—one a disappearing trick which he calls After the Ball; being especially sensational.

For Perfect Fitting Shirts and Collars, Fine Neckwear, go to Kelly Bros., 1691 - 1697 Notre Dame.

THE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

Will Re-open on Sept. 4th With Increased Facilities.

A statement has been going the rounds that the Collegiate Institute would not re-open this year. Mr. John W. Tucker, the principal, called at the Herald office yesterday and stated that the Collegiate Institute would most assuredly re-open this year and with increased facilities over former years. Mr. Tucker believes the statement is being circulated with malicious intent.

This year the staff of the school has been increased by large and valuable additions, so as to increase its efficiency.

A Girls' Department is being organized, with Madame Louise Vessot King as lady principal. Mrs. King was for some time teacher of French in the Girls' High School.

Just received, the latest Novelties in Fancy Suitings, Vestings, Pantings and Fall Overcoatings. Kelly Bros., 1691 - 1697 Notre Dame.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. HENRY THOMAS, Manager.

NEXT WEEK.

DeWolf HOPPER AND HIS NEW COMPANY.

INCLUDING

DE WOLF HOPPER, BERTHA WALTZINGER, JENNIE GOLDTHWAITE, ALICE HOSMER, LILLIAN BELMA, LEONA DEUTH, | CYRIL SCOTT, EDMUND STANLEY, ALFRED KLEIN, TOM S. GUISE, LOUIS SHRADER, EDNA WALLACE HOPPER,

Presenting the Brilliant Comic Opera,

"DR. SYNTAX."

Written by J. Cheever Goodwin. Composed by Woolson Morse. The Opera will be given in Montreal with SUPERB SCENERY, ELABORATE COSTUMES, NOVEL STAGE EFFECTS.

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50. Seats now on sale at Nordheimer's and Allan's.

WM. MIDDLETON.

WAREHOUSEMAN,

18 ST. MAURICE STREET, Montreal, Can.

First-class Storage, Free and In Bond. Telephone 1867.

HO! FOR KENSINGTON.

Every afternoon from Victoria Avenue at 2, 3 and 4 o'clock.

We invite comparison of this beautiful Suburb with any other about

MONTREAL

Prices Low. Terms Easiest.

KENSINGTON LAND CO. - Temple Building.

OWN YOUR OWN HOUSE!

Solid Brick House, $2,800.

$200 Cash. $1,300 Ten Years' Mortgage. Balance $25.00 per Month.

Solid Brick House, $2,000.

$100 Cash. $900 Mortgage for Ten Years. Balance $15.00 per Month.

SITUATED AT MONTREAL JUNCTION,

Montreal's High-Class Residential Suburb.

ARMSTRONG & COOK,

Room 13, Barron Block - - - 162 ST. JAMES ST.

TELEPHONE 1645.

Advertise in the Herald.

EDEN MUSEE * Monument National 206 St, Lawrence Main Street.

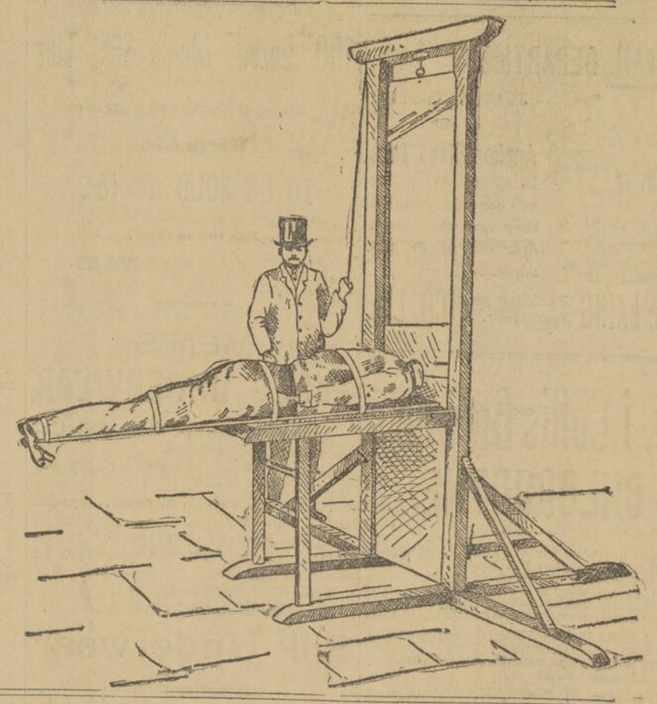
Last Week!

-THE- Guillotine!!

The Assassin is executed on the Stage in full view of the Public . . . . .

His head is cut off and rolls in the basket. . . . . .

Execution of Santo!



20 Historical Tableaux--100 Wax Figures

Beautiful Costumes—Startling Illusions—Hungarian Orchestra.

Admission 10 Cents * 206 St. Lawrence Main Street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

BUILDERS, SPECULATORS INVESTORS

And Home Seekers

Are buying Lots in the

MONTREAL ANNEX

Because they realize that Lots at 10 to 17 cents a foot, fifteen minutes' ride from Craig Street by the Outremont Electric Cars, and only one car fare, are certain to double in value. Sales over $20,000 already this month.

Easy Terms of Payment.

THE MONTREAL FREEHOLD CO.,

Room 3, 162 St. James St.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In re **Tancrede Sylvestre**, Grocer, **No. 44 Fulford Street**, in the city of Montreal, insolvent.

The undersigned will sell by public auction, at the salesrooms of MARCOTTE BROS., No. 39 St. James Street, in the city of Montreal, on

Monday, the 27th day of August,
At 11 o'clock forenoon.

The licence for the sale of spirituous liquors	$145.00
Book debts per list amounting to	268.22
	$413.22

List of book debts on view at our office. For further particulars apply to

BILODEAU & RENAUD,
Fidei Commissioners,
51 St. James Street, Montreal.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In the Matter of P. Rivard & Co., Hotel Keeper, 33 and 35 Cathedral Street, Montreal, Insolvent.

THE REVERE HOUSE.

The undersigned will sell by public auction on the premises of said Insolvent,

TUESDAY, the 4th Day of September, 1894,

at 10 o'clock forenoon, all the assets ceded in this matter per inventory stock of Wines and Liquors, piano, furnitures, beddings, linens, drapery, glassware and crockery $1,183.20
Licence for the sale of spirituous liquors 400.00
Unexpired rent and taxes to 1st May, 1894 ..... 800.00
$2,383.20

Inventory on view at the premises; the hotel is open for inspection every day. Terms cash, or its equivalent. For further particulars apply to

BILODEAU AND RENAUD,
Curators, 15 St. James Street, Montreal.
MARCOTTE BROS.,
Auctioneers.

Rupture Can Be Cured

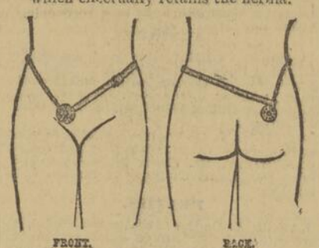
NO MATTER

How long standing,
How obstinate,
Or how severe,

Without the use of knife, surgical operation, pain or medicine. No interruption to daily vocation, by the use of

THE SILVER TRUSS,

which effectually retains the hernia.



FRONT. BACK.

THE SILVER TRUSS holds the rupture in place and is a light, clean and easy contrivance.

A NEW INVENTION,
NEW IN PRINCIPLE
NEW IN DESIGN
NEW IN APPLICATION

And the most perfect known.

Rupture Specialist in Attendance.

The Montreal Silver Truss Co., Ltd.,
MONTREAL, QUE.
Office—180 St. James St. Room No. 6, 1st floor.

QUEEN'S THEATRE
This Week—Evenings, 8.15; Matinee Saturday, 2.15.
Frohman's Superior Players present the Merry Success,

JANE

Next Week—A Great Surprise! The Musical Comedy,

A BAGGAGE CHECK

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00. Choice Seats on sale at Theatre, 10 a.m. to 10 p.m daily, Shaw's and Sheppard's Music Stores, and Hotels. 'Phone 4052.

THEATRE ROYAL
Week Monday, August 20, Afternoon and Evening.
Walter Sanford's Great Melodramatic production

THE POWER OF GOLD

The greatest of all scenic productions.
Prices 10c, 20c, 30c, reserved seats 10c extra
Coming—FABIO ROMANY.

THEATRE ROYAL,
Week Monday, Aug. 27, Afternoon and Evening.

Walter Lawrence and Miss Engel Sumner, supported by a good Company, in Alden Benedict's FABIO ROMANI. Living Pictures by the greatest ancient and modern masters, the latest craze of London and New York. And the Famous Stereopticon and Spanish Dances, by Miss Grace Hunter.

Admission 10, 20, and 30 cents; reserved seats 10 cents extra. Plan at Theatre from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m.

Coming—John Kornell's Comedy Co.

SOHMER ◆ PARK
Open every day from 1 to 11 p.m. Performances at 3 and 8 p.m

Extraordinary Bill This Week.

Ena Bertoldi—Most wonderful act; the highest priced artist in equilibrism and contortion in the world.
Fukinos' Troupe of Japanese—Reputed the cleverest one in America; in seven different acts.
Lavigne's Military Band of 40 Soloists.
Admission, 10c; Menagerie, 10c extra
Children, afternoon of week-days, 5 cents, including ride on Carrousel.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION,

QUEBEC,

September 10th to 15th, 1894.

Under the Patronage of H.E., the Governor-General

BALLOON ASCENSIONS DAILY

SPLENDID ILLUMINATIONS BY PAIN'S FIRE WORK'S CO., EVERY EVENING

HISTORICAL MUSEUM,
HORTICULTURAL DISPLAY, Etc.

Reduced Rates on all Railways.

For prize lists and all information apply to R. Campbell, Sec-Treas., Parliament Buildings, Que.

Equal to the Best of Them.

The Central Canada Exhibition

AT OTTAWA,

Sept. 21st to 29th, 1894

UPWARDS OF

$13,000.00

OFFERED IN PRIZES

Besides a list of Specials, including Gold and Silver Medals, Silver Cups, also Special Cash Prizes. Largest list of Specials offered by any Exhibition,

Improved Grounds--Enlarged Buildings.

Bridge connection with the enlarged Machinery Hall.

$1,000 offered in purses for Trotting, Pacing and Running races, including a 2.25, 2.38 and 2.50 class, also a Free-For-All.

The Latest Developments in Electricity exhibited in Main Building.

LIST OF SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS UNEXCELLED

Including Robetto and Doreto, Chinese Emperors, in their "Heap Fun Laundry Act" Robb and Lexington, the original Burlesque Aerial Comiques, in their sensational act, "Excitement;" "The Decomas," the world's greatest and original Aerial Bicycle Riders, from Crystal Palace, London; "The DuCrowe," (Millie Belotta, and Louie,) Aerialists and Flying Meteors; Balloon Ascensions and a host of other Specialties too numerous to relate.

For prize lists, entry forms, race programmes and all required information, apply to E. McMAHON, Secretary, 26 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

A. McLEAN, President.

THE SOCIETY OF ARTS OF CANADA.

1666 NOTRE DAME STREET.

MONTREAL.

NEXT

Distribution of Paintings

WEDNESDAY, 29th AUGUST, 1894.

Price of Scrips - - 25 Cents

ART * ASSOCIATION
PHILLIPS SQUARE

THE CLASSES IN
WATER : COLOR : DRAWING
Under the direction of
MR. CHAS. E. MOSS.
Will Commence on Saturday, Sept. 15.

Galleries open daily, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
ADMISSION - 25 CENTS

DEATH OF C. F. FRASER.

ONTARIO LOSES A FAITHFUL PUBLIC SERVANT.

THE EX-COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC WORKS DIES SUDDENLY.

Found Dead on the Floor of His Room —Life and Work of the Deceased.

[Special to the Herald.]

Toronto, Aug. 24.—Hon. Christopher Finlay Fraser, ex-Commissioner of Public Works of Ontario, and who was recently appointed Inspector of Registry offices and Inspector of Forestry, was found dead at six o'clock this morning on the floor of the lavatory adjoining his room in the Parliament Buildings.

Mr. Fraser and Dr. Chamberlain, Inspector of Asylums, Prisons and Hospitals, arrived by train from Owen Sound at two o'clock this morning, having spent a month together in the North performing their duties of inspection. At the station, Mr. Fraser complained of feeling tired, so Dr. Chamberlain accompanied him to his room in the Parliament Buildings, and left him after getting him a glass of water. At six o'clock the morning papers arrived, and the night watchman took Mr. Fraser's to his room as usual. He found the door unlocked and the gas burning. Entering he saw Mr. Fraser's hat and coat on the bed, and in the lavatory he found him lying dead on the floor. Dr. A. J. Johnson and Dr. Chamberlain, who were summoned, said that death was due to heart failure, after one of the fainting fits to which the deceased was subject.

Mr. Fraser's family in Brockville and his late colleagues in the Cabinet were notified, and the body was taken in charge by an undertaker for embalming. It will probably lie in state in the Legislative Assembly Chamber before being removed to Brockville for interment.

Flags are at half mast in the city, and there is a general expression of regret at the death of a man whose ability and high character won for him the respect of people of all creeds and parties.

Mr. Fraser's Life and Work.

The Hon. Christopher Finlay Fraser, Q.C., late Minister of Public Works for the Province of Ontario, one of the most eloquent debaters of his time, was born at Brockville, October, 1839. He was of Celtic origin, his father, John Fraser, being a Scotch Highlander, and his mother, Sarah, nee Burke, of Irish parentage and birth. When a boy it was his lot to be poor, for his parents, like the majority of pioneers, brought into the new country very little gold in their purses; But this very poverty seems to have been a stimulus to the lad, and it is said that early in life he resolved to carve

HON. C. F. FRASER

out his own fortune. Schools in those days were sparse and not well conditioned, but the best of such tuition as his purse afforded he was resolved to have, and have it he did. When a mere youth he was employed in the Brockville Recorder office, working for a small salary, which he most carefully saved to use in his education. When he had obtained what he considered a sufficient education, the young man entered the office of the Hon. A. N. Richards, late Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia, and began the study of the law. That was in 1859. A hard-working student, he was, after passing a most creditable examination in 1865, called to the bar, and settling down to the practice of his profession at Brockville where he was well known, he soon succeeded in acquiring a good business connection.

He had not long been at the bar before he began to be looked upon as an available candidate for Parliament. At the first general election under Confederation, held in 1867, he offered himself as a candidate for the Ontario Legislature to the electors of his native place. He was defeated by a small majority. At the general election held four years later he offered himself to the electors of South Grenville, but was again unsuccessful, being defeated by the late Mr. Clark. In 1871, upon Mr. Clark's death, Mr. Fraser once again presented himself, and was returned at the head of the polls. However, he was not yet to take his place in Parliament. His election was protested and the case tried by Mr. Mowat who was then on the bench as vice-chancellor. Mr. Mowat gave judgment unseating him after a trial of two weeks. Afterwards re-elected, it was rather a remarkable coincidence that he entered the House the same year as Mr. Mowat, and within a year became a member of his Government as Provincial Secretary and Registrar. In 1874 he became Commissioner of Public Works. His great abilities were at once recognized in the Legislature, and he took a commanding place from the first. Mr. Fraser was ready, brilliant and powerful in debate, whether the question be an old one or one sprung upon him, and he was a man with whom the opponents never cared to trifle.

His ability as a constitutional lawyer were early recognized, and he was selected to represent the Province of Ontario before the Privy Council in the McCarthy Liquor Act case. He was created a Queen's Counsel in 1876.

It was on February 28, that the resignation of Mr. Fraser from the Ontario Ministry was announced in the House. Failing health was the cause of Mr. Fraser's retirement, and his early death shows that the hard working public servant held his post almost up to the last.

In announcing the resignation, Sir Oliver Mowat said: "I confess that I agreed to part with my esteemed colleague with extreme reluctance. He was elected *to the House in the same year that I was elected. He has been my colleague here as a member of the Government for over twenty years—a longer period than any other gentleman I have been associated with in the Government. All the others have passed away."

Mr. Meredith, speaking in the same connection, said: "I join with the Attorney-General in the hope rest may help to restore the hon. gentleman's health, and I should hope some important position somewhere in the public service, could be provided for the hon. gentleman where his great abilities would be of future use to the country. I hope some means may be devised by which that can be brought about."

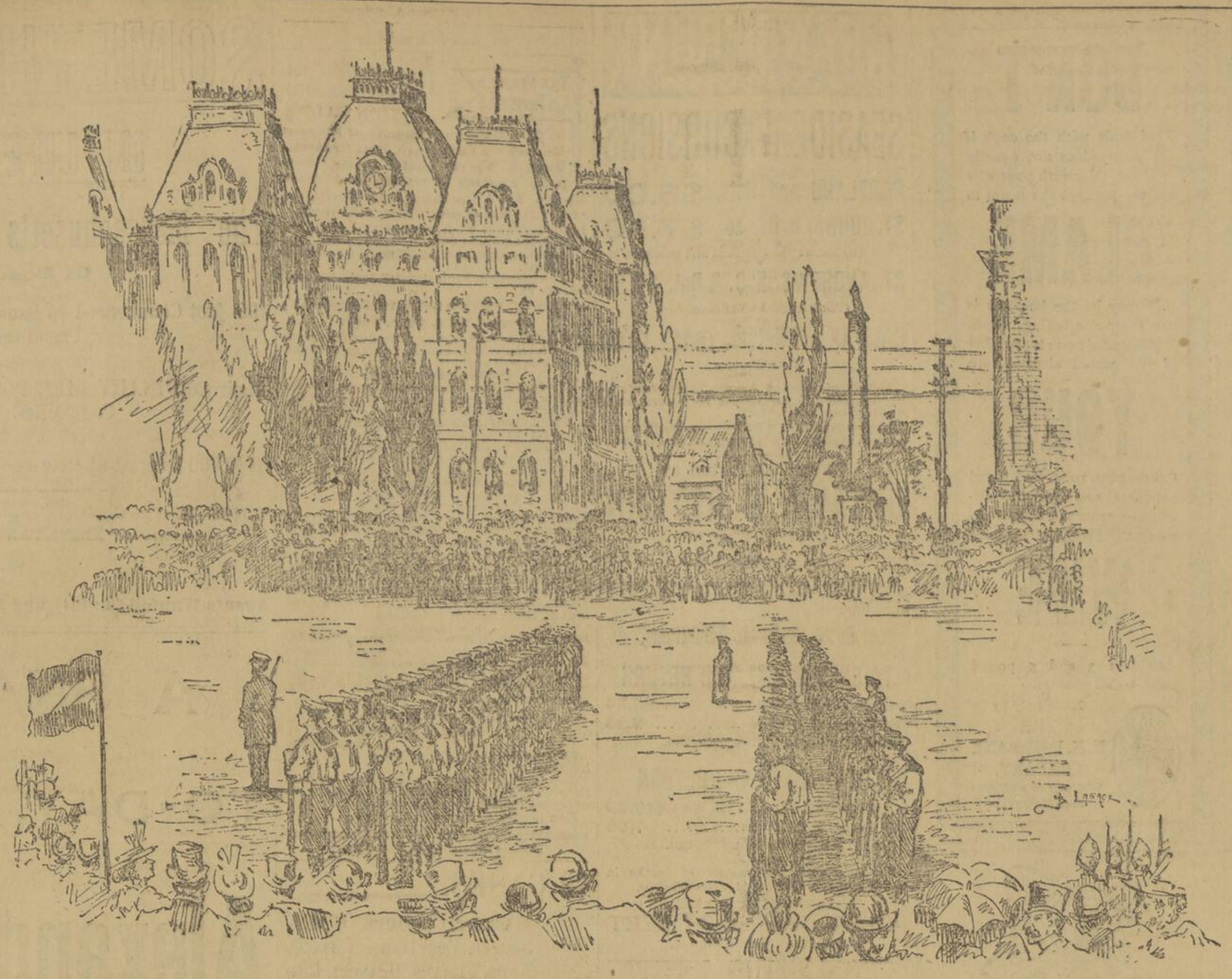
After his retirement from the Government, Mr. Fraser was pppointed Provincial Inspector of Registry offices and Inspector of Forestry, which offices he continued to hold up to the day of his death.

News of the Death at Brockville.

[Special to the Herald.]

Brockville, Ont., Aug. 24.—The town is overspread with gloom to-day, on account of the sudden death in Toronto of Hon. C. F. Fraser. He had been a member of the Ontario Government for about a quarter of a century, and had represented this riding during nearly all that time. During the last session of the Legislature he resigned his position, and was succeeded by Hon. W. M. Harty, of Kingston. He was nominated by the Liberals of Brockville as their candidate in the late Provincial contest, but declined on account of failing health. He went to his summer home at Union Park, just above Brockville, early in the summer, and to all appearance was recovering his old time vigor. He felt so much better that he took a trip West to visit a few placfs as Inspector of Registry offices. He was 54 years of age, and leaves a widow, a son and a daughter to mourn his loss.

A meeting of the Bar of Brockville has been called to take steps to attend the funeral in a body. The Liberal Association will also be officially represented. It is impossible to state at present the date of the funeral, but it will probably be held on Sunday.



THE NAVAL PARADE—On the Champ de Mars.

KELL DIDN'T WRITE IT.

He Knows Nothing of That Letter to the Capitals.

A letter was received in Ottawa two days ago by a member of the Capital lacrosse team, in which the writer warns Ketchum, Quinn and Geo. Carson, of that team, that they are marked for slaughter in the event of a row occurring at to-morrow's match. The communication was signed "R. J. H. Kell, butcher, corner of Wellington and Charron Streets, Point St. Charles."

THE NAVAL PAARDE—"The Finest" keeping the square clear.

A Herald reporter saw Mr. Kell yesterday regarding the authorship of the letter. That gentleman states that the letter is a forgery. He knew nothing whatever about it until he read this morning's Herald. The only solution that Mr. Kell could suggest was that someone had been trading upon his name to do him an injury. He has not attended a lacrosse match since May 24th, on which occasion he had some dispute with a supporter of the Shamrocks and he is of opinion that the attempt to fasten the odium of writing such a letter upon him was an act of revenge.

COMES TO HUDDART'S DEFENCE.

Another Letter in the Times in Favor of the Fast Service.

London, Aug. 24.—A letter has been published in the London Times over the signature of Benedict Ginsburg, defending the proposed fast Atlantic service. Mr. Ginsburg says the St. Lawrence river is not more dangerous than other parts of the ocean. He believes that a 20-knot speed could easily be maintained. The writer says the Allans are endeavoring to discredit the plans of Mr. James Huddart in order to protect themselves and their slower vessels now running on the St. Lawrence route. Mr. Huddart is endeavoring to organize a strong company to take up the offer of the Dominion Government. He worked hard in pushing forward the advantages to be derived from the service and is wrathy at the fact of its being characterized as foolish and impracticable by rival steamship owners.

AT THE POLICE PICNIC.

GAMES OF CHANCE ALLOWED TO GO ON.

They Were Operated by Whelan, Who is Now Awaiting Trial.

There were a few incidents at the annual games of the Montreal Police Force Thursday that were worthy of notice.

The press of the city and a very large proportion of the public have been for some time apparently at variance with the police of Montreal as to what constitutes gambling.

It would be only natural to suppose that upon such an occasion as that of yesterday the police of Montreal would be particularly careful to exclude from their grounds anything approaching to the class of amusement complained of. Even if the police view of what constitutes gambling were correct, so much might have been expected from them on that occasion.

What are the facts?

On the Exhibition Grounds, Thursday there were, not one, nor two, but a good half dozen of games, all worked for the purpose of taking money from the public. Granted that the ostensible rewards offered were in the shape of fancy articles, these rewards were never claimed, an equivalent in cash being substituted.

Even granting that these games were of the religious sociable grab-bag order, as has been claimed time and again, the police of Montreal certainly showed little deference for the public when they granted permission to the person who appeared to be in charge of them, to exercise that privilege.

This gentleman's name is Whelan. On Wednesday last he was committed to stand his trial at the Court of Queen's Bench on the charge of assaulting Dr. Duckett at Boucherville. This charge arose out of a gambling case in which Dr. Duckett was supposed to be responsible for interfering with Mr. Whelan's arrangements for taking money out of the public at that place.

Yet Mr. Whelan not only had charge of different gambling concerns yesterday but bore proudly upon his breast the white satin insignia signifying that he was the guest of the Montreal City Police Force. And, moreover, on the complaint of a newspaper man, Lieutenant Proulx was obliged to close up one of this man's games because the fraud practiced was too flagrant even for a picnic.

The public would doubtless like to know from whom did Mr. Whelan get permission to carry on games of chance at the Police picnic?

PERSONAL.

Mrs. C. J. Little, of Hamilton, is visiting he rmother, Mrs. Veitch, of this city.

M. W. G. Nicholls has resigned his position as manager of the Winnipeg branch of the Molson's bank. He will be succeeded by Mr. Phepoe of Toronto Junction.

Sherbrooke House, Sherbrooke, Que., is the best hotel between Portland and Mhntreal. Everything new.

St. Albans Democrats.

St. Albans, Vt., Aug. 24.—The Democrats of St. Albans met in caucus at Morton's hall last evening to nominate a town representative and justices of the peace. Charles H. Wiley was made permanent chairman and Charles A. Buck secretary. An informal ballot for town representative resulted as follows: Dr. Sherwood 16, Guy Meigs 6, scattering 6. It was then voted that Dr. Sherwood's nomination be made unanimous.

LESSONS FROM THE WAR.

Some Things Which the Eastern Sea Struggle Will Teach the West.

(From the London Pall Mall Gazette.)

For years the naval architeet has been turning out ships whose structure is based more or less upon hypothesis. At last the time has come Nhen the monsters which our Frankensteins have given us will have to undergo the stern test of action. In the East there is a far more even balance between the combatants than we have seen for some time. Each side has a fairly numerous fleet. The Chinese ships are of modern, but not relent construction. The Japanese ones embody the newest theories and carry the latest weapons. The result of the naval war cannot but be instructive.

BATTLESHIPS OR CRUISERS.

The two great questions which agitate the naval tactician to-day are the value of battleships as contrasted with cruisers, and the danger of unarmored ends to ships. The jeune ecole in France, who represent the ideas of Admiral Aube and Gabriel Charmes, are all for cruisers. They hold that the battleship is too big; that only a small patch of her surface on the waterline being protected by armor, she might be disabled by peppering her upper decks with high explosive shells, and wrecking them, or that she might be sunk by hits from quite small guns on the unprotected portion of her side below the armor belt, which any ship must expose when rolling in a heavy sea. They further urge that she must necessarily lack speed and cannot overtake the cruiser, which can hang about her at a distance and keep up a fire upon her. They would, therefore, abandon vertical armor and would built only cruisers. Now, it so happens that the Japanese fleet consists mainly of cruisers, fast, powerful and modern, while the Chinese have two fairly good second class battleships. The action between the Takachiho and Chen-Yuen was an action between a cruiser and a battleship, though the Takachiho was aided by a small belted cruiser, having a certain amount of armor. When details are known it may enable us to judge of the relative value of these two descriptions of vessels.

UNARMORED ENDS.

The huge unarmored ends which characterize our Ajax and Inflexible, and to a less extent all our modern ships, appear also in the Chinese ironclads. Forward and aft of the armored citadel the ship's interior above the belt is minutely subdivided and packed with cork near the water line. The function of the cork is to swell when water comes in through the perforation of the outer skin, and stop the holes. But in the hail of projectiles from quick firing guns will not the whole end be riddled, and the watertight compartments turned into sieves? And if this happens, will the ironclad follow the example of the Victoria? We look to the East for answer.

In most French ships the heavy guns are very inadequately protected underneath, and this is, alas, the case in a few English battleships also. The guns are mounted in shallow trays with thick plating on their sides. But the bottom of the trays or barbettes, to use the technical term, is quite defenceless. It has been repeatedly urged that guns so mounted will be quickly put out of action by even small shells exploding under them, and that the whole mass, gun and barbette, may break loose through the shattering of the supports, and go through the bottom. In four Japanese cruisers of the Akitsuschima class we have precisely this form of mounting, and their behavior in battle should be able to teach us a significant lesson.

We may learn much, too, of the value of the torpedo, of the real efficacy of the new quick firers, and of the value of the huge gun (for the Japs have in their Canet 66-ton weapons specimens of these unwieldy but enormously powerful implements of war). We may see the action of high explosives on ships' structure, since the Flowery Isle possesses them. But we can, unfortunately, learn nothing of the value of various formations for fleet actions, since neither side possesses numerous battleships.

To get relief from indigestion, biliousness, constipation or torpid liver without disturbing the stomach or purging the bowels, take a few doses of Carter's Little Liver Pills, they will please you.

A. S. Broseau, L. D. S.,

Surgeon dentist, 7 St. Lawrence Street, Teeth extracted without pain. Teeth fixed without palate. Dentitry according to the West methods.

FOR CONVENTS & COLLEGES: Iron Beds, Spring Beds, Mattresses, Washstands, etc., etc., sold at very low prices at F. Lapointe's, 1551 St. Catherine St. Open every evening. Tell your friends.

TREACHEROUS NICARAGUA.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN CITIZEN KIDNAPPED.

Madriz Should be Taught a Lesson—Anarchy Prevails Throughout the Country.

New Orleans, La., Aug. 24.—A Bluefields' Nicaragua letter to the Associated Press, which arrived to-night, brings word of a most outrageous move on the part of the Nicaraguans. It states on the afternoon of the 16th instant British Consul Hatch was sent for by Minister Madriz, and when he responded to the call he was placed in a room as a prisoner. The move was kept very quiet, and he was not allowed to communicate with the outside. Shortly afterwards Mr. Lampton and Mr. Harry Brown, both Englishmen, called at the building to secure permission to have certain freight released from the Custom House. They were also placed under arrest. The next move was against Captain G. B. Wiltbanks, the American who accepted the position of judge under the Mosquito Government. Seven Mosquito creoles were also arrested.

After these men were detained for an hour or more, the Americans in the neighborhood were attracted by the signs they made from the windows. Consul Seal, of the United States, was notified and called on Madriz. The latter said these persons were going to the interior to stand trial. He could not get enough evidence to convict them now. But he was sure they were implicated. What the charges are, Madriz does not say. He has not even informed the Americans, nor the English Consul. The latter, it is believed, is charged with having incited the Jamaicans to riot and bloodshed.

The American and English res,dents are up in arms, and the situation is critical.

Colon, Aug. 24.—Advices received here from Bluefields, Mosquito Territory, say that the Nicaraguans continue their barbarities toward foreigners. It is reported that imprisonments and murders are so frequent that the inhabitants are fleeing in all directions. More troops are arriving at Bluefields from Greytown.

Refugees Retuan to Jamaica.

New York, Aug. 24.—A special to the World, dated Kingston, Jamaica, August 17, says: Clarence, the Mosquito chief, has arrived in Kingston. He had a big reception. Fifty or more refugees from Bluefields have been dumped here in a destitute condition.

Arrested in Sweden.

Gothenburg, Sweden, Aug. 24.—Lindholm, late Assistant Secretary of State of Michigan, who disappeared from Ishpeming, in March last, has been arrested here.

A good deal of comment is made around the City Hall about the fact that Ald. Farrell was the only representative of the City Council at the banquet offered to the officers of Her Majesty's ships last evening.

It Is Not What We Say But What Hood's Sarsaparilla Does

That Tells the Story. Its record is unequalled in the history of medicine. Even when other preparations fail,

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable. 25c.

DYER'S Improved Food for Infants. Sold Everywhere 25c. Per Package

HOTEL BRUNSWICK,

Madison Square and Fifth Avenue,

NEW YORK,

Caters particularly to Canadians. Cool, convenient and comfortable. Its location at beautiful Madison Square and Fifth Avenue puts its guests within five minutes' walk of the shopping and amusement centres. Conducted on the European plan, it offers every modern luxury at extremely reasonable rates.

GEO. W. SWETT, MANAGER.
Late of THE WINDSOR, Montreal.

PALMER'S Hair and Perfumery Establishment,

1745 Notre Dame Street.

TELEPHONE 391.

Fashionable Hair Goods, Bangs, Fringes, Head Covering for Ladies with thin hair, Switches, all lengths and prices, Hair Nets and Hair Ornaments. Palmer's Hair Lotion, highly recommended for its stimulating properties.

Our Ladias' Hair Dressing Rooms are complete. Competent Artists in attendance.

Cheap Family Washing.

Why submit to the whims of the "wash lady" or tire yourself to death by doing your own washing when you can have it done by the

MONTREAL TOILET SUPPLY CO.

for 5 cents per pound, or 4 cents per pound in lots of 10 pounds or over. Mangling, 2 Cents per pound Extra. Send for Circular and Price List.

25 COTE STREET. TELEPHONE 1807.

LADIES Who Value a Good Complexion Should Use

LE VIDO (Water of Beauty)

$1.00 a Large Bottle. Of All Druggists

Try——

"HOLDEN'S"

HERMES DYNAMO OIL.

GARLOCK PACKING.

OILS

ENGINEERS will find it to their advantage to use our CYLINDER, ENGINE and DYNAMO OILS.

PROPRIETORS will save money by sending to us for Samples.

We also manufacture all kinds of BURNING OILS. We are the largest importers of AMERICAN OILS of every grade in the Dominion. Prompt attention given to all orders. Correspondence solicited.

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OFFICE, 92 McGILL ST. Telephones { Office. No. 1904. Mile End, No. 7328.

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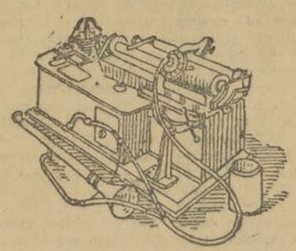

TALKING MACHINES, PHONOGRAPHS, GRAPHOPHONES,

Exhibition outfits, $165; usual price, $225. Commercial outfits, $150; usual price, $200. Only a few to be sold at these figures. For further particulars call on or address:

W. H. FLIGG,

1724 Notre Dame St., MONTREAL
65 Sparks Street, OTTAWA.

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Churches, Dwelling Houses and Farm Properties insured at reduced rates.

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THREE SCORE YEARS & TEN
OLD DR GORDON'S REMEDY FOR MEN

The only Remedy in all the world that will effect the Magical Results herein shown

AND NEVER FAIL.

Cures Lost Power, Nervous Debility, Night Losses, Diseases caused by Abuse, Over Work, Indiscretion, Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, Lack of Energy, Lost Memory, Headache and Wakefulness.

You gain 10 to 30 lbs. in three months. Price, $1; six packages, $5. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Write for circular.

QUEEN MEDICINE COY, MONTREAL.

For Sale by JOHNT. LYONS,
Corner Craig and Bleury Streets.

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The Most Complete and Best Equipped Printing Establishment in Canada. . .

Our Machinery and Type are the Newest and Best the Market Affords. . . . . .

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603. Craig. Street.

HERALD MARINE RECORD.

PORT OF MONTREAL.

R. M. S. Vancouver last evening had as many visitors as any warship, as the stewards and their assistants stowed away the baggage of over 75 saloon Ocean travellers. The ship looked well and all the comforts of home looked well and all the comforts of home are sure to be given for the trip. A full list of passengers is printed elsewhere. It may be noticed that Lady Hopkins, wife of Sir Jno., the Admiraj of the North American Squadron now in port, has shown a great mark of her appreciation of the Vancouver and especially the chief steward, Andy Latimer, by presenting him with a large picture of H. M. S. Blake, the flag-ship of the fleet. Among the passengers were Lieut. A. W. Henage and midshipman Carter, as well as several other Royal Navy men from the Pacific Coast. At Rimouski the steamer will be joined by 50 members rank and file from Halifax.

R. M. S. Numidian.

The Allan R. M. S. Numidian enjoyed a good share of popular favor from visitors last evening. Although her passenger list is not as large as it has been, yet everyone was treated with that care and attention such as only the Allan Line can offer. Her list is printed elsewhere.

R. & O. Items.

As a rlsult of the Algerian accident the Richelieu Company have decided to run their palace steamer Bohemian at once between here and Prescott, thus connecting the daily service from Toronto. Last evening a large pilgrimage for Ste. Anne de Beaupre from Detroit arrived by R. & O. steamer Corsican. They were in charge of Rev. Father Van Antwerp and were quickly transferred by special carriages to the steamer Quebec. This is the beginning of the tourist season.

Steamer Quebec, from Quebec, did not arrive up until 4 o'clock yesterday owing to fog. This shows what care the Richelieu Company have for their passengers, as moving in the river last night was very dangerous. Not only do they watch out for their personal safety, but for their railway connections. Just as soon as the steamer arrived, W. F. Cloney, the wide-awake passenger agent, was there to receive the passengers, 34 of whom had missed the Toronto boat in the morning. Promptly they were transferred to the 5 o'clock train G.T.R., and would catch their steamer at Coteau. This speaks well for the R. & O. Co.

Notes.

Captain Cross brought his good ship Dominion to port yesterday at 12 o'clock after a quiet voyage. The captain is the same jolly fellow, and enjoys seeing the warships now in port. A full general cargo was brought from Bristol.

The Allan mail steamship Parisian, from Liverpool for Montreal, passed Fame Point at 7 o'clock Friday morning.

The Allan steamship Assyrian will be in port to-day.

Dominion Line steamship Oregon should be up to-morrow.

Reford's Alcides should be in port to-night.

Steamship Hurona sails to-morrow.

Arrived—August 24.

Steamship Dominion, Cross, Bristol, D. Torrance & Co., general.

Steamship Forest Holme, Johnston, Sydney, McLean, Kennedy & Co., coal.

Schooner Marie Elmire, Menard, Cape Breton, Anderson & Co., plaster.

Steamer Relief, Masson, Gaspe, J. G. Brock.

Cleared.

Steamship Mesario, Laycock, Cow Bay, Kingman, Brown & Co., light.

Steamship Vancouver, Williams, Liverpool, D. Torrance & Co., general.

Steamship Numidian, MacNichol, Liverpool, H. & A. Allan, general.

Vessels in Port.

Bk. Runnymede, Nadeau, Barbadoes, Anderson and Co.

Schooner W. J. B. Maybee, New Braddon, Anderson and Co.

H.M.S. Tartar, Fleet, Imperial Government.

H.M.S. Magicienne, Clark, Imperial Government.

H.M.S. Canada, Wilson. Imperial Government.

H.M.S. Partridge, Macalister, Imperial Government.

H.M.S. Tourmaline, Sir Rich. Poore, Imperial Government

SS. Etolia, Jones, Hamburg, McLean, Kennedy and Co.

SS. Hurona, Yule, Shields, R. Reford and Co.

SS. Baltimore, Simpson, Liverpool, Wm. Johnstone and Co.

SS. Ripon City, Wilson, Sydney, McLean, Kennedy and Co.

SS. Dominion, Cross, Bristol, D. Torrence and Co.

SS. Forest Holme, Johnstone, Sydney, McLean, Kennedy and Co.

Schooner Marie Elmire, Menard, Cape Breton, Anderson and Co.

SS. Relief, Masson Gaspe, J. G. Brock.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

Arrived—Aug. 24.

Canal Boat Bigelow, Blanchard, Hoboken, Bennett & Co., coal.

Canal boat Ethier, Robitaille, Port Johnston, Carbray, Routh & Co., coal.

Canal boat Todd, Blanchard, Port Johnston, Carbray, Routh & Co., coal.

Canal boat Howe, Sanchagrin, Whitehall, Archer & Co., coal.

Canal boat Cleary, Sanchagrin, Whitehall, Madden & Ellis, coal.

Cleared.

Bark Prince Eugene, Tidemansen, Greenock, Dobell, Beckett & Co.

Schooner Hon. P. J. Chauveau, Boudreault, Pentecost River, Gagnon & Frere.

Schooner Pretoria, Belanger, Chicoutimi, master.

Canal boat Monck, Monck, New York, Bennett & Co.

Notes.

Mr. F. Gunn to-day fixed the bark Norwegia to load lumber for Buenos Ayres or Rosaria. Terms are private. She is a brand new vessel of 578 tons, only six months old and leaves Sydney for this port to-morrow.

The cargo of coals ex-wrecked steamship Haverton has been resold by Mr. Davie to Mr. Beaulieu of Levis, price has not transpired.

The five canal boats which came down with the tug Sincennes last evening brought about nine hundred tons American coal.

The mail steamship Parisian, Allan Glasgow liner Assyrian, Donaldson Line boat Alcides will all arrive here early to-morrow morning if not detained by fog and smoke.

Barkentine Florence B. Edgett will sail for South America to-morrow.

Tug steamer Florence left for Ottawa last night with tow of barges.

Bark Prince Eugene, bound to Greenock, will proceed to sea to-morrow.

Steamships Wylo at 2 a.m., Horace at 11 a.m., Cape Breton at 2.30 p.m., and Coban at 4 p.m., all arrived from Montreal and proceeded.

GULF REPORTS.

Quebec, 3.45 p.m.—Aug. 24.

L'Islet—Smoky; west wind.

River du Loup—Smoky; calm.

Father Point—Smoky; west wind. In noon, Alcides.

Matane—Smoky; west wind. In 11.30 a.m., Assyrian.

Martin River—Fresh; west wind. In 10 a.m., Transit; 1 p.m., Parisian.

Fame Point—Smoky; northwest wind.

Anticosti—Smoky; northwest wind. Schr Snow Queen at Heath Point.

THE SILVER TRUSS.

NOW BEING MANUFACTURED IN MONTREAL.

AN INVENTION HIGHLY APPRECIATED BY SUFFERERS.

Though Only Three Years in Existence it is in Almost Universal Use.

A new manufacturing enterprise was recently established in this city under circumstances especially favorable for the success of an industry of the kind. Under the name of the "Montreal Truss Company," a number of capitalists have made arrangements for the manufacture in Montreal of an appliance which has realized the dream of eminent surgeons for years.

This appliance, although still a recent invention, has been prominently before the American public for about three years, and is now about to be introduced to the people of Eastern Canada for the first time. Like all permanent improvements of real value its peculiarity consists in its extreme simplicity. The advantages of this invention lie in its being all in one piece, consequently being a marked improvement on the cumbrous combinations hitherto in general use. It combines lightness, neatness, cleanliness, with absolute efficiency in the manner in which it performs its work.

The object aimed at and successfully attained is the imitation as nearly as possible of the action of the human hand in holding up the hernia or rupture. This is done by a continuous bressure inwards and obliquely upwards, a combination not hitherto attained by any other truss. The value of this truss has been recognized b - at European leaders in the science of surgery. In Guy's and Westminster Hospitals, London, Eng., it has been adopted and extensively used. In New York and Chicago institutions for the cure of hernia as well as in other large American cities the appliance has the cordial endorsement of the most experienced surgeons.

Although the company has only been operating in Montreal for a week a large number of patients have visited the headquarters at the Savings Bank Chambers, 180 St. James Street, where, in Room 6 on the first floor, the staff of the company are busily engaged getting into shape to supply the trade. The rooms of the company are open to the public, and will be permanently open for the future. Here the fitting on, adjusting and sale of trusses are most carefully conducted under the direction of expert assistants. Every precaution is taken and every comfort provided for the accommodation of patients. Sufferers from hernia as well as members of the medical profession would do well to call and investigate the merits of this invention at the reception rooms.

The Silver Truss has the endorsement of the London "Lancet" and other prominent medical and surgical publications.

NEW POLITICAL METHODS.

By Kidnapping an Opponent They Win the Contest.

Palatka, Fla., August 24.—R. C. Scott, City Treasurer of Jacksonville and Market Inspector McCurdy of that city, are under arrest here on a charge of kidnapping, made by B. W. Helverstor, of Live Oak, a delegate from Shawanee County, to the Second District Democratic Convention, now in session here. Helverstor says that Scott and McCurdy, with other men took him in a closed carriage to a lonely spot outside of the city and gagged him. There was a tie vote in the Credentials Committee on the seating of the Barrs-Stockton delegates from Jacksonville and the object of the kidnappers was to break the tie and win the contest.

Try It.

It would be a gross injustice to confound that standard healing agent—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil with the ordinary unguents, lotions and salves. They are oftentimes inflammatory and astringent. This Oil is, on the contrary, eminently cooling and soothing when applied externally to relieve pain, and powerfully remedial when swallowed.

Rev. J. B. Florence, writes: "I have great pleasure in testifying to the good effects which I have experienced from the use of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery for Dyspepsia. For several years nearly all kinds of foods fermented on my stomach, so that after eating I had very distressing sensations, but from the time I commenced the use of the Vegetable Discovery I obtained relief."

Chronic Derangement of the Stomach, Liver and Blood, are speedily removed by the active principle of the ingredients entering into the composition of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. These pills act specifically on the deranged organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease and renewing life and vitality to the afflicted. In this lies the great secret of the popularity of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills.

Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is prepared from drugs known to the profession as thoroughly reliable for the cure of cholera, dysentery, diarrhoea, griping pains and summer complaints. It has been used successfully by medical practitioners for a number of years with gratifying results. If suffering from any summer complaint it is just the medicine that will cure you. Try a bottle. It sells for 25 cents.

Every observer who walks the streets of a great city, and scans with intelligent eye the colorless faces of more than fifty per cent of the people he meets, can easily agree with us in the statement, that this age, which makes such drafts upon the working energies of the greater part of men in the intense pursuit of business, has destroyed in a proportionate degree the animal health and robust constitution. Nature, in this stage of exhaustion, cannot be restored of itself, but requires some stimulating tonic, to strengthen and keep the system in regular order, and in Northrop & Lyman's Quinine Wine we have the exact remedy required. The peculiar operation of this medicine, in cases of general debility and nervous prostration, has undergone long and close observation, and it is believed it will never fail, if properly and judiciously administered. Prepared by Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, and sold by all druggists.

Holloway's Pills.—Indigestion, Stomach and Liver complaints.—Persons suffering from any derangements of the liver, stomach, or the organs of digestion should have recourse to Holloway's Pills, as there is no medicine known that acts on these particular complaints with such certain success. Its peculiar properties strengthen the stomach, increase the appetite and rouse the sluggish liver. For bowel complaints it is invaluable, as it removes every primary derangement, thereby restoring the patient to the soundest health and strength. These preparations may be used at all times and in all climates by persons affected by biliousness, nausea, or disordered liver; for flatulence, or heartburn they are specifics. Indeed, no ailment of the digestive organs can long resist their purifying and corrective powers.

DON'T

Find fault with the cook if the pastry does not exactly suit you. Nor with your wife either—perhaps she is not to

BLAME

It may be the lard she is using for shortening. Lard is indigestible you know. But if you would always have

YOUR

Cakes, pies, rolls, and bread palatable and perfectly digestible, order the new shortening, "COTTOLENE," for your

WIFE

Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails, by all grocers.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Wellington and Ann Sts., Montreal.

Thousands of men and women are yearly cured by us who suffered so from back trouble that they could not stoop to even raise a pin off the floor without the most excruciating pain and misery. Again it would "catch" them in lifting or working so as to often lay them up for days and weeks. Excesses and indiscretion are frequent causes of this, though generally it is Lumbago or Rheumatism or the forerunner of Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c. Nine out of every ten men and women suffering from this lameness and weakness of the back neglect it, and what is the consequence?—untold misery and with many poverty from paying continuous doctors' bills and medicines. To these sufferers we offer a positive remedy in DR. SANDEN ELECTRIC BELT, which silently but surely furnishes nature's own remedy without drugging, and cures when all other remedies fail.

We have many thousands of similar testimonials.

DR. A. T. SANDEN: Dear Sir—Kindly accept my most hearty thanks for advising me to try your electric belt, as it has given me wonderful relief. I was suffering from heart trouble, indigestion, nervousness, and inactive circulation of the blood. Had doctored for over two years, during which time I had several doctors, but they like every other remedy proved useless. And at the time I received your belt I was unable to sit up all day, but I had not worn it two days when I began to improve, and now I feel like a different person altogether.

If I can be of any use to you in regard to writing to any afflicted persons in Canada I will gladly do so free of charge. As we Canadians consider a testimonial from a Canadian worth much more than an American testimonial, it may be to your advantage to send this letter to some afflicted Canadian. You may also put this on your list of testimonials if you feel disposed to do so.

I remain, very gratefully, D. B. MARTIN, Clanbrassil, P. O., Haldimand Co., Ontario, Can.

Dr. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELTS

Cures at once Rheumatism Lumbago, Sciatica, Kidney Complaints, Lame Back, &c. Electric SUSPENSORY for men free with all Belts.

To MEN SUFFERING any private weakness we WARRANT the BEST RESULTS.

Large Illustrated Book of great value to all afflicted persons is sent free, sealed by mail, upon application to the inventor and manufacturer.

DR. A. T. SANDEN,
No. 826 Broadway, NEW YORK CITY.

Our goods are forwarded to any Postoffice in Canada, FREE OF ALL CUSTOMS, DUTIES or INSPECTION.

RED LION OINTMENT.

Athletes should use this ointment for cuts, bruises, sprains or strains. This valuable ointment is a splendid remedy for ulcerated legs, bad breasts, chapped hands, chilblains, scalds, burns, abscesses, sore eyes, bad heads, scrofulous sores, and all cutaneous eruptions.

Sold by the following druggists; price 25 cents:

John Lewis, Victoria Square, branch cor. St. Catherine and Guy Streets.

E. Leonard, 113 St. Lawrence Main Street.

Dr. Stroud, 525 St. Lawrence Main Street.

B. E. McGale, 2,123 Notre Dame Street.

Medical Hall, 585 Wellington Street, Point St. Charles.

E. Du Berger, 260 Centre Street, Point St. Charles.

John T. Lyons, corner Craig and Bluery Streets.

Wholesale Agents, Kerr, Watson and Co., Montreal.

Proprietors Red Lion Mfg. Co., office 246 St. James Street, Montreal.

RAMSAY'S FURNITURE VARNISHES

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC. DISTRICT OF Montreal. No. 950. Circuit Court. De J. S. Walker, plaintiff, versus De M. Macdonald, defendant. On the 3rd day of September, 1894, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said defendant, No. 148 Peel street, in the city of Montreal, will be sold by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of household furniture, etc. G. A. Lafontaine, B.S.C. Montreal, 24th Aug., 1894.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC DISTRICT OF Iberville. No. 271. Superior Court. Francis alias Francois Ferdais, farmer of the Parish of Ste Marguerite de Blairfindie in the District of Iberville, Plaintiff, versus William Cully of the City and District of Montreal. Defendant. On the third day of September, 1894, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said Defendant, No. 20 Brunswick Street, in the city of Montreal, will be sold by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of household furniture, etc. A. Laverdure, B.S.C. Montreal, August 24th, 1894.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
DISTRICT OF MONTREAL.

In the Superior Court.

No. 1503. Dame Annie Jackson, of the town of Lachine, District of Montreal, wife common as to property of Michael Cullen laborer of the same place, and duly authorized a ester en Justice, plaintiff.

Michael Cullen, laborer of the town of Lachine, District of Montreal, but now an absentee from the Province of Quebec, defendant.

The defendant is ordered to appear within two months. Montreal, August 23rd, 1894.

JOS. DESROSIERS,
Deputy Prothonotary.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SEASIDE EXCURSIONS

PORTLAND and Ret., $6.00
ST. JOHNS, N.B., do $7.50
(Via Quebec, or via Portland and Steamship)
ST. ANDREWS, N.B. & Ret. $7.50
(Via Portland and Steamship)
HALIFAX and Return, $10.00
(Via Quebec)

Tickets good going August 30th to September 3rd, inclusive, and valid for return until **September 20th, 1894.**

Tickets reading to St. Johns or Halifax will be good to stop over at Quebec and east thereof.

Cheap Excursion to

OTTAWA & RETURN $2.25.

Good going 7 p. m. regular train, and special at 11.30 p. m., Sept, 1st. Good to return until Sept. 4th, 1894.

Reduced Rates for Exhibitions.

TO SHERBROOKE AND RETURN

On Sept. 3, 5 and 7.....$3.35
On Sept. 4 and 6..... 2.25
Good to return until Sept. 10th, 1894.

TO TORONTO AND RETURN

On Sept. 9, 11, 12, 13, 14..$10.00
On Sept. 8 and 10..... 7.00
Good to return until Sept. 17th, 1894.

For tickets and reservation of berths in Sleepers, or Seats in Parlor Cars, apply at

CITY TICKET OFFICE,
143 ST. JAMES STREET
Or at Bonaventure Station.

PIANOS

The best and most celebrated Pianos in the world. We have them. They are the

STEINWAY
CHICKERING
HAINES
EVERETT
NORDHEIMER

Prices $350 to $1200.

Terms as low as $10.00 monthly to deserving people. Special Bargains in used Pianos from now until September 1st. Very Easy Terms.

Inspection and correspondence invited.

Nordheimer's

213 St. James Street.

EDUCATIONAL.

THE MONTREAL College of Commerce, 4th YEAR.

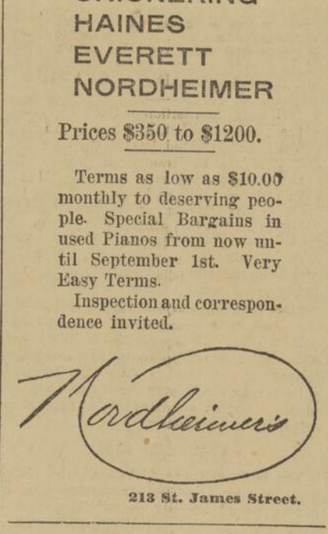
Result of 17 years' experience. Prospectus and specimens free. BANNELL SAWYER, B.C.L., Principal, 230 St. James Street, Montreal, P.Q.

A Representative Business School for BOTH SEXES. Occupies the whole of the first floor of the Tiffin Block, Day and Evening Sessions

Re-Opening, Monday, Sept. 3rd.

A complete all-round preparation for business life in the shortest time (4 to 10 months.) Book-keeping, Shorthand, Correspondence, Commercial Law, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Typewriting, Banking, Indexing, Office Practice, and the Art of Advertising.

BANNELL SAWYER, B.C.L.,
230 St. James St. Principal.



JAS. W. PYKE

(Successor to the late Geo. Reaves.)
—MERCHANT IN—
IRON AND STEEL,
35 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER ST., MONTREAL.
Wrought Iron Steam and Gas Pipes, Boiler Tubes, Cotton Waste Etc.

AUCTION SALES.

By Rae & Donnelly,

THE PEOPLE'S AUCTIONEERS

LARGE AND IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

Of Two Bankrupt Stocks of Elegant Household Furniture, Best Brussels, Moquet, Velvet and Tapestry Carpets, English Oilcloths and Linoleums, Lace Curtains and Portieres, etc. Also Store and Office Fixtures.

In the matter of W. R. FEE & CO., Furniture Merchants, and of G. R. SILK & CO., Carpets and Oilcloths, No. 357 and 359 St. James Street.

The subscribers are instructed to sell without reserve on

MONDAY, TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY, August 27th, 28th, 29th,

at the above address, where every article necessary in completely furnishing a house from top to bottom will be found

COMPRISING IN PART

Magnificently upholstered Drawing room Suites in Silk Plush Coverings, Wire Back Suites, in Silk Brocatelle, etc., Parlor Sets in Tapestry, Plush, Hair cloth and other coverings, Wire Back, Reception, Easy and Odd Chairs, all finished in artistic and modern style, Rattan and Wicker Chairs, Sofas, Couches and Japanese Screens, Marble Clocks, Bronze Figures, etc. Bedroom Sets in Mahogany, White Maple, Natural Cherry, Quartered Oak, Walnut and Hardwood, all unique designs and high finish. Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Hair and Wool Mattresses, Folding Beds, Library Furniture in Oak or Walnut, Cabinets, Desks and Bookcases. Massive and Grand Dining Room Furniture in Oak and Walnut, consisting of Extension Tables, Sideboards and Dining Chairs, Hall Stands, Hall Benches and Chairs.

—ALSO—

Brussels, Velvet, Axminster, Tapestry and Ingrain Carpets, by the yard, or in made Carpets and Squares of various sizes. English Oilcloths and Linoleums, one to four yards in width. 200 pairs of Portieres. Large lot of Lace Curtains, Table Covers, etc.

SALE EACH DAY AT 2 O'CLOCK.

RAE & DONNELLY,
Auctioneers.

Goods on view all day Saturday and up to hour of sale.

This sale deserves particular attention from those requiring any article of furniture, as every article is in first-class order.

Men to pack and ship to all parts.

By Benning and Barsalou.

89 CASES

Worsted Coatings, Cloths, Serges, Venetians, Tweeds, Naps, Freizes, Beavers, Linings, Linens, etc.,

AT AUCTION.

The subscribers have received instructions to sell at their Stores Nos. 86 and 88 ST. PETER STREET, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 5th SEPTEMBER

(For account of a Montreal Bank)

89 Cases of Fine and Fancy Worsted Coatings, 3-4 and 6-4 Tweeds. Venetians, Serges, Cloths, Beavers and Meltons, Suitings, Assorted Freizes, Naps, Linings, Cassimeres and Cheviots, Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings. Also, 15 cases Linens.

N.B.—The particular attention of buyers of Fine Goods is invited to this sale.

The whole without any reserve.

Terms liberal. Sale at ten o'clock a.m.

BENNING AND BARSALOU,
Auctioneers.

CATALOGUE SALE

—OF—

Ready-Made Clothing

At Auction.

The subscribers are favored with instructions from a local manufacturer to sell at their stores Nos. 86 and 88 St. Peter Street,

On Thursday, September 6th,

One of the largest and best stocks of Clothing offered in the market, amounting to over $23,000, consisting of Men's Youths' and Boys' Ulsters and overcoats, in Freize, Beaver, Melton, Nap, Worsteds and Tweeds in the leading colors and shades.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, D. B. and S. B. Cutaways, in great variety,

990 Children's Fancy 2-piece Suits, perfect gems.

1275 Blk, Worsted Coats and Vests, Sacks and Coatings, in Twill, Venetian and Corkscrews.

3300 Pairs Pants, and a lot of other goods usually made for the best trade.

The attention of the Clothing Trade is called to this important offering, being well worthy of their attendance as all the goods offered are of this years production, perfect styles and fit, each lot guaranteed as described in Catalogue.

Goods on exhibition, with Catalogue, on Monday, the 27th inst.

Catalogues mailed free on application.

Sale without any reserve whatever. Terms liberal.

SALE AT 10.30 A.M. SHARP.

BENNING & BARSALOU
Auctioneers.

By Marcotte Bros.

TRADE SALE.

AT OUR ROOMS.

69, ST. JAMES STREET,

On Wednesday, the 29th inst.,

At 10 O'clock A.M.

A good general stock from the country, $2,500 worth of groceries, dry goods, hardware, boots and shoes, etc., prints, linen, dress goods, tweeds, pantings, braces, shirts, underwear, hosiery, gloves, wool, thread, etc., assorted groceries, spirits, canned goods, etc.,

A large quantity of hardware, pocket knives table cutlery, nails, tools, etc.

Boots and shoes assorted for men, women and children and many other goods. In lots to suit the trade and without any reserve.

MARCOTTE BROS.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

FURNITURE

Third and last sale of Messrs G. H. Labbe and Co's. stock, damaged by fire and water,

On Tuesday, 28th inst.,

At 10 a.m., at our Rooms, 69 St. James Street.

Sideboards, whatnots, book cases, desks office chairs, easy chairs, fancy chairs, extension tables, cribs, bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, sofas, kitchen tables and chairs, hat stands, and a large quantity of other goods, which shall be sold positively without reserve to make room for other stocks.

MARCOTTE FRERES,
Auctioneers.

By M. Hicks & Co.

QUEEN'S AUCTIONEERS

AUTUMN 1894.

AUCTION SALES OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

The Subscribers will be pleased to receive early intimation from those who intend to favor us with the selling of their Household Furniture and appointments at their residences during September and October.

To avoid disappointment you are requested to secure your date as soon as possible.

M. HICKS & CO.,
Auctioneers.

SOMETHING NEW

IN LIFE INSURANCE.

The Massachusetts Benefit Life Association,

Of Boston, Mass., U.S.

Has just Commenced to issue Policies in sums of from $300 to $900, Premiums Payable Monthly.

Their ORDINARY LIFE POLICIES are 40 per cent. below old line Companies. No Increase in Rates.

$100,000 Deposit at Ottawa for Security of Canadian Policy-holders.

NOTE.—What no Canadian Company offers: Our Policy is Self-sustaining when it arrives at "EXPECTANCY OF LIFE." Assessment system.

W. H. OLIVE, 204 St. James Street, Eastern Manager.

Agents Wanted for City and Province of Quebec.

A SNAP SHOT

FOR

TO-DAY, SATURDAY

AT

Alexander & Co's

GLASS BLOCK

AN IMMENSE PURCHASE FOR SPOT AT HALF-PRICE from a hard-up manufacturer.

98 DOZEN LADIES' GRAY VESTS

Open Front, with Fancy Trimming around neck and down front, Long Sleeves, all sizes, suitable for Fall and Winter. These goods were made to sell at 75c. We will clear them out at once

At Only 48 Cents.

No Extra Discount given to Storekeepers.

To Hand, Another case of ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY PAIRS

Stamped Pillow Shams

Actually worth 50c. To be given away while they last

AT ONLY 25c PER PAIR.

The Last of the Season, ONE CASE FAST COLOR AMERICAN CHALLIES, were 10c. For to-day, Saturday, out they go at only 2¾ cents.

A BARGAIN—500 Dozen CHINA EGG CUPS, were $1.75. Out they go while they last at only 69 cents per dozen.

GREAT BARGAINS IN ALL DEPARTMENNS

FOR TO-DAY, SATURDAY,

—AT—

The Great Bargain Centre of Montreal!

ALEXANDER & CO.,

St. Catherine and University Sts.

OWN YOUR OWN HOUSE!

Solid Brick House, $2,800.

$200 Cash. $1,300 Ten Years' Mortgage.
Balance $25.00 per Month.

Solid Brick House, $2,000.

$100 Cash. $900 Mortgage for Ten Years.
Balance $15.00 per Month.

SITUATED AT MONTREAL JUNCTION,

Montreal's High-Class Residential Suburb.

ARMSTRONG & COOK,

Room 13, Barron Block - - - 162 ST. JAMES ST.

TELEPHONE 1645.

Advertise in the Herald

Trade and Commerce

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Canadian Pacific Ry., half yearly, 2½ per cent., Aug. 17. books closed July 10 to Aug 18.

Merchants Manufacturing Co, half yearly 4 per cent., Aug. 15. Books closed Aug. 4 to 15.

FINANCIAL.

Friday, August 24.

While outside influences were generally favorable, the local market made little or no response. A reactionary tendency was manifest nearly all the morning, but a few small orders managed to absorb the most of the stock thrown out, and, on the whole, prices were put back but little. Street Railway is being handled almost by one firm, and although sales are quite liberal, they lack the snap that would characterize them if the market in general was interested. A block of 500 shares of the new issue sold at 149½, yesterday's highest price. The regular stock sold fairly well, the bulk, however, going at a fractional decline. Gas, which has held a prominent position for the past few days, was completely overlooked, not a single transaction occurring. One sale of Richelieu was made on the basis of 82.

A small order for Montreal Cotton was filled at an advance of ¼ point over yesterday.

The usual small investment sales of the banks were made, Montreal being taken at 221 and Commerce at 140½.

Pacific was steady in London to-day. Here, a block was taken at 67½.

There is a little easier tone to the money market, and on good securities loans are easily obtainable at 4 p.c.; 4½ is quoted as the outside.

To-day's highest, lowest and closing prices and total sales of actual stocks and net changes from yesterday's closing price for actual sales in the local market were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
50	Pacific	67½	67½	67½
250	Street Railway	153¾	153½	153¾
550	St. R'y (new)	149½	149½	149½
50	Richelieu	82	82	82
5	Bell Telephone	149	149	149
4	Bank Montreal	221	221	221
6	" Commerce	140½	140½	140½
17	Montreal Cotton	125½	125½	125½

Meredith and O'Brien's market letter says: To-day's market was rather more lifeless than yesterday's, the chief transactions being what looked like room trading in Street Railway. Gas was neglected, and a lower quotation made on no buying demand. Business in the early part of the week was fairly good, but flattened towards the close. There is apparently no reason for this except that the market anticipated the improvement in general business and over did-it.

There is a very bullish feeling throughout the speculative community on Street Railway and it is now the mainstay of prices. We hear a further five per cent advance talked for it shortly and should it come off it will take the whole list with it. On the other hand there is now more stock on the Street than there has been for some time and some holders may try to take profits. The earnings of the company are showing up very well, but with no exhibition next month, they will not compare quite as favorably as they do now with the similar period last year.

The money market continues easy, strict call loans being made at four per cent. New York funds are a little firmer, but sterling is weakening.

WEEKLY STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

While speculation on the whole has not actually broadened during the past week, the leading stocks received an average amount of support, sufficient to satisfactorily maintain prices. The demand appeared to be more of a speculative nature, investment sales being few and far between. The attention of the Street is becoming more closely centred on Gas, and the wide fluctuations of this stock is undoubtedly the chief characteristic of the situation. A margin of 5 points between the highest and lowest figures for the week exists in this stock. The new issne of Street Railway led in point of activity, while actual sales of both issues were materially less than they aggregated last week. Cable and Richelieu were the less active of the leading stocks, due largely to the lack of influential features.

Money has been loaned on much the same basis all the week, 4 to 4½ per cent being the established range.

The highest, lowest and closing quotations for the leading stocks, week ending, August 23rd, were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
978	Gas	170	165	168¾
855	Street Railway	153¾	153	153¾
1604	Street Railway, new	149½	148	149½
912	Richelieu	82	80	82
300	Cable	142½	141	141½

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Messrs. L. J. Forget and Co. have received the following by direct private wire from New York:

The opinion is that a sentimental boom will come when the Tariff bill becomes a law, although the advance may not be sufficiently pronounced to induce free buying by the outside public. The tendency of our market is towards higher prices. The short interest is by no means eliminated in the Granger stocks, and there was nervousness apparent yesterday among shorts which imparted strength to the general list. We are inclined to believe that the D.F.C. Co. will procure all the money it needs. Sugar likely to continue inactive until the Sugar bill becomes law.

NEW YORK GOSSIP.

London market is strong; ½ higher on St. Paul and ¼ better in rest hf list.

Executive Committee of Trunk lines and western roads agreed yesterday to restore rates basis of twenty cents per 100 for rail and 15 cents for lake.

General Manager St. John of the Rock Island testified yesterday that losses of the strike were from $600,000 to $1,000,000 to his road.

St. Paul earnings third week August, $549,642 last year $520,819 in 1892, $623,537.

London market is strong on the increase in these earnings showing 28,882 better than last year.

Said that some private settlements made with shorts yesterday on some high price stocks. No doubt that Keene is the main bull in present speculation.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Money in the local market is quoted at 4 to 4½ per cent., on call, and discounts on mercantile paper 6½ to 7 per cent.

Money in the open market, London, was quoted to-day at ½ per cent.

The Bank of England rate of discount is 2 per cent.

Consols in London opened at 102 3-16 closing at 102 1-16 for money, and opened at 101 9-16, closing at 101⅞ for the account.

In New York call loans were quoted at one per cent.

French rentes sold at 103 frs. 35½ at the opening and 102 fr. 70 at the close.

French Exchange in London opened at 25.21½ and closed at 25.20½.

The price of gold in Buenos Ayres to-day was 246.

The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England to-day on balance is £25,000 pounds.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Messrs. Meredith and O'Brien, stock brokers, 16 St. Sacrament street, report the closing prices on the local stock exchange as follows

Description.	Aug. 24 Ask.	Aug. 24 Bid.	Aug. 23 Ask	Aug. 23 Bid.
Canadian Pacific Railway	67½	67½	67½	67
D. S. S. A.	7	4½	5	4½
D. S. S. A. pfd.	16	12½	15	14½
Grand Trunk 1st				
Wabash, pfd.			17½	16
Commercial Cable Co.	142½	141½	142½	141½
Montreal Telegraph Co.	152	151	152	151
Rich and Ont. Nav. Co.	82½	81½	82½	81⅝
Montreal Street Railway	153½	153½	153½	153
Montreal Street Ry., new	149½	149½	149½	149
Montreal Gas Co.	168½	168	168½	168½
Bell Telephone Co.	149½	147½	149	147½
Bell Tel., new	150	146½	150	148½
Royal Electric Co.				
Intercolonial Coal Co.	60		60	
Canada N. W. Land Co.			55	
Montreal Cotton Co.	130		130	123½
Dominion Cotton Co.	115	108		
Canada Colored Cotton Co.			75	41
Merchants Mfg Co.			130	
Montreal Loan and Mort. Co.	142½	133		
Montreal 4 p. c. stock				
BANKS.				
Montreal	225	220	225	220
Ontario		108		108½
People's	130	120	130	120
Molsons	168½	165	168½	166
Toronto	257	249½	257	249½
Jacques Cartier	115	113½	115	112½
Merchants	167	162½	167	162½
Eastern Townships				
Quebec		127		127
Union				
Commerce	141½	140½	141½	140½
Merchants' Bk. of H'f'x	155	148	132	148
Ville Marie				
Hochelaga				
Nationale				
BONDS.				
C. P. R. Land Grant 5s				
Canada Central 6s				
Champlain & St. Law. 6s				
Montreal Cotton 5s				
Dominion Cotton 6s				100½
Canada Colored Cotton 6s	100	97½	99½	97½

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Messrs. Meredith and O'Brien, 16 St. Sacrament Street, have received the following quotations by direct private wire, from New York:

Description.	Aug. 24. Closing Opening bids	Bid	Askcd.
Am. Cot. Oil		34½	34½
Am. Tobacco Co.		102½	103
do. pref.		108	111
Am. Sugar, Refin. Co.		113½	113½
do. pref.		98	99½
Atchison, Topeka & S. Fe		6½	6¾
C. B. & Q.		78½	78¾
Balt. & Ohio		74	74½
Can. Pac.		67	68
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul		66	66½
C. St. P. M. & O.		39	39½
Canada So.		53½	53¾
Ches. & Ohio Voting Cts.		20½	20½
C. C. C. & St. L.		41½	41½
Cent. of N. J.		115	116
Con. Gas (N.Y.)		126½	127
Chicago Gas		77½	77⅝
D. L. & W.		166½	167½
Del. & Hud. Canal		136½	137½
Dist. & C. F. Co.		23⅜	23½
Den. & Rio G.		35	35½
D. S. S. & A.		4½	6
do. pref.		12½	13
Gen'l. Elec. Co.		43	43½
Hocking Valley		19½	19¾
Lake Shore & Mich. So.		137½	138
Laclede Gas		19½	19½
Louis & Nash.		54½	55
Lake Erie and Western		19½	19½
do. pfd.		72	72½
L. N. A. & C.			
do. pref.			
Mo. Pac.		30¾	31
Mich. Cent.		93½	93½
M. K. & T.			
Manhattan Elevated		120½	121
Minn. & St. L.			
do. pref.			
N. Y. & N. E.		27½	27¾
Nor. Pac.		4⅝	5
do. pfd.		18	18½
C. & N. W.		107½	108
N. Y. L. E. & W.		15⅝	16½
do. pref.			
N. Y. Cent. and Hudson			
N. Y. O. & W.		17½	17½
N. Y. and Northern pref.			
Nat. Lead Co.*		44½	45
do. pfd.* xd.		90½	92
U.S. Cordage Co.		21	21½
N.Y.C. & St. L.		16½	16⅝
Phil. & Reading		22½	22⅝
Pac. Mail S.S. Co.		16½	17½
Rich. and W. Point Term'l.		18⅜	18½
C. R. I. & P.		69	69½
Silver Bullion Cert's.			
Texas Pacific Trust Rec.		10½	10½
Tol. A. A. & N. Mich.		6	6⅜
Tenn. Coal, Iron and R.		19	19½
Union Pac.		10½	13⅜
Wheeling and Lake Erie		12½	14
do. pfd.		43½	42
Wabash		7⅜	7⅜
do. pfd.		16½	16½
Western Union Tel.		89½	89½

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Messrs. MacDougall Bros., stock brokers, 69 St. Francois Xavier street, were cabled the closing prices of American stocks in London as follows:

STOCKS.	Aug 24	Aug. 23	Aug 22
Atchison	7	6½	6½
Canadian Pacific	69½	69½	69⅝
Com. Cable			
Grand Trunk 1st			
do do 2nd			
Erie	16½	15½	15½
do 2nd	79	78	77½
Illinois Central	96	95½	95½
Lake Shore	142	137½	136½
Louisville and Nashville	56⅜	55½	55
Northern Pacific, pfd.	18½	17½	16½
New York Central	104½	104	103⅝
Ontario and Western	17½	17⅜	17
Reading	11½	10½	9½
St. Paul	67⅜	66½	65½
Union Pacific	14	13½	12½
Wabash pfd	17½	16½	16½
Bank rate	2	2	2

Exchange.

Messrs. W. L. S. Jackson & Co., foreign exchange brokers, 1761 Notre Dame Street, report the Exchange markets as follows:

IN NEW YORK, August 24, 1894.

BETWEEN BANKS.

	POSTED.	ACTUAL.
Sterling 60 days	4.87	4.85½ to 6
" Demand	4.88	4.86½ to 7
" Cables	....	4.87 to ½
" Commercial	....	4.85½ to ½
" Documentary	....	4.85 to ½
Francs (Paris) Long	5.17⅛	5.18⅛ to
" " Short	5.15	5.17½ to

MONTREAL, August 24.

	Buyers.	Sellers.	Counter.
New York funds	1-10 dis	1-16	Par. to ¼
Sterling 60 days	9½ to ⅝		9⅝ to ¾
" Demand	9⅝ to ¾		9¾ to ⅞
" Cables			9¾ to ⅞
Sterling Commercial. Market —			
" Documentary sixties	9⅜ to ½		
" Reichmarks cheques	95½ to 96.		
France (Paris) Long Cable bills,	9⅜ to ½		
" " Short.	5.16⅛ to 5.15.	5.14⅜ to 5.12½.	

Money in London, ½.
Bank of England rate, 2 per cent.

Mikado's Cousin Goes Home.

New York, Aug. 23.—Prince Komatsu, cousin of the Mikado of Japan, started this evening by the West Shore Railroad on his journey for the Pacific coast, en route for Yeddo.

Another New Laundry.

Mr. J. J. Cree, who is well and favorably known throughout the Province of Quebec, from his popular business in that of shirt manufacture, is the senior member of the new laundry firm, known as J. J. Cree and Company's Victoria Laundry, 771 Craig Street. The new Company is enabled to execute all orders that the public may feel pleased to bestow upon it, because of the excellence of the very latest improved machinery for laundry purposes. In addition to this very important acquisition, Mr. Cree will have no employes except those that are familiar with the work, and who can be relied upon as being cautious and careful in handling articles given to them, that the same may be returned to owners in the neatest, cleanest and best possible condition, thus ensuring all patrons that laundry work entrusted to the care of this new Company, will be protected from unnecessary usage, which often results in detriment to the garments. The new firm starts out with a well equipped plant and facilities for doing grand work at the most reasonable rates. See adv. in this issue.

COMMERCIAL.

Friday, August 24.

Montreal dealers are buying American wheat quite freely, and the movement via this port at present is considerable. The prospects for its continuance, however: are not very encouraging, as freights via New York and Boston are unusually low. In fact a local broker said to-day that grain was being taken at Boston for nothing. It is difficult to compete against that rate. On the Chicago clearance sheets posted on 'Change to-day, there were two consignments of wheat for Montreal of 51,590 bushels and 38,922 bushels, respectively. Several cargoes comprising 70,000 bushels passed through the canal to-day consigned to "order." There is, in consequence of lower American freights, an easier feeling here and we understand 9d has been accepted for wheat to go to Liverpool.

After a drive of 800 miles through the country inspecting the crops Manager F. W. Thompson, of the Ogilvie Milling Company, returned to Winnipeg. He reports finding the crop conditions better than he had expected. He says that many of the principal wheat growing districts are the best that have been harvested since 1887, and the yield will largely exceed the Government estimates. The smut blight is not general, it only having been observed in solitary cases. Mr. Thompson believes that the threshing will show some surprising results. He passed through hundreds of fields that will yield 35 to 45 bushels per acre, and he is of the opinion that the crop as a whole will net more money than any since 1887. Thus the heavy yield will in a large measure compensate the farmers for the prevailing low prices.—Manitoba Free Press.

Wheat in Chicago, according to Meredith and O'Brien's special advices, opened unusually dull to-day, and price changes were slight owing to the general lack of interest shown in both shipping and speculative circles, The tendency developed was a drooping one influenced by lower cable quotations, insignificant export clearances and the prospect of another large addition to the visible supply of wheat this week. Sample lots of corn and oats were decidedly weak, and were sold principally at ⅜c and 1⅛c decline respectively to go to store. Provisions opened with a show of strength on the higher hog market, but became dull and declined 2½ to 10c per 100 lbs., on reselling by English shipping houses, owing to a falling off in the cash demand. Closing prices were generally at the lowest points of the day, except for September lard, which was bid up 5c on the appearance of some nervousness among short sellers owing to the poor quality of the hogs arriving.

The estimated receipts in Chicago to-morrow are: Wheat, 550 cars; corn, 250 cars; oats, 310 cars.

December wheat puts in Chicago for next week are quoted at 55¼, and calls 61.

The full report of the State Department of Agriculture shows that the acreage of wheat in Illinois this year was 2,071,354 acres, the largest since 1888. The yield was 41,315,099 bushels, the largest, with three exceptions, in the history of the State. The average yield per acre, 20 bushels, has never been exceeded. Comparatively little was raised in the northern division of the State. The quality is excellent and very little damage of any kind occurred.

A private letter to a Chicago broker from North Dakota, regarding crop conditions in that State, said: "The yield of wheat and the grade in this section will be better than it was last year. There will be, however, a good deal of difference between fields on account of the uneven stand. Fields on low ground are very heavy, while sandy soils will not turn out more than six or eight bushels per acre. If the rain that fell in this State during the second week in August had fallen the third week in July, it would have made a difference of millions of dollars to Dakota farmers. Wheat is going to be damaged somewhat this year by smut of a kind which affects flour."

Grain in foreign markets to-day opened quiet and steady. Beerbohm said: Cargoes off coast wheat steadily held; corn, nothing offering. On passage and for shipment, wheat quiet but steady; corn slow, English and foreign wheat quiet; American corn firm. Danubian corn quiet. English and American flour not much demand. French country markets steady. Weather in England cloudy. Liverpool, spot opening wheat rathe easier; corn firmly held.

The following table gives the movement of grain and flour at given points:

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Chicago—wheat	406,000	19,000
corn	125,000	281,000
oats	341,000	416,000
flour, brls.	13,870	27,802
New York—Wheat	113,000	30,921
Corn	54,450	9,200
Oats	193,200	175
Flour brls	8,037	2,321
Flour sacks	17,532	12,055
Milwaukee—wheat	40,000	.....
corn	3,000	1,000
Duluth—wheat	84,000	72,000
Detroit—wheat	36,000	23,000

The receipts of grain and flour in Montreal to-day are given as follows:

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.	Canal.	Total
Wheat, bush	....	....	77,576	77,576
Oats, bush	3,000	...	100	3,100
Rye, bush	...	...	800	800
Flour, brls	450	857	2,710	4,018

Grain—The American trade, we hear, are commencing to make the barley situation in the West interesting, by showing a disposition to buy. No important business has resulted, however, but negotiations are in progress. The old crop of peas is now pretty well cleaned up, and shippers, although bidding good prices, can get very little. Canadian peas appear to be considered good property on the other side. Oats, although extremely low, are somewhat less active.

Wheat No. 1 hard	72c	to 73c
Wheat, No. 2 hard	67c	to 69c
Corn, duty paid	65c	to 67c
Peas, per 66lbs afloat	69c	to 70c
Oats, per 34 lbs, store	31½c	to 33c
Rye, No. 2	52½c	to 53c
Barley, feed	45c	to 46c
Barley, malting	50½c	to 52c

Flour—Manitoba milling houses still report an excellent demand from both the local and English trade. Ontario flour is not receiving much attention, and what demand there is, is exclusively local. In the west, flour is moving very slowly, while the Toronto market is said to be extremely quiet.

Spring patents, Manitoba	3.45	to 3.50
Straight rollers	2.95	to 3.10
Extra	2.80	to 2.70
Superfine	2.35	to 2.45
Fine	0.00	to 2.25
Strong bakers,' Man	0.00	to 3.30
Strongbakers', Man best brands	3.35	to 3.40

Meal.—A fairly firm feeling prevails after the recent decline, and while there is no prospect of any advance, holders are firm in their views.

Granulated and rolled, per brl	$4.40	to $4.50
Granulated and rolled, per bag	2.20	to 2.25
Standard, per brl	4.00	to 4.10
Standard, per bag	1.90	to 2.00

Feed—The market is gradually developing a firmer tone, and with an increasing demand, owing to poor pastures in the west, prices bid fair to show a material advance before very long. All grades meet with an equal amount of attention. Cattle shippers continue good buyers of mouille:

Bran	$15 00 to $15 50
Shorts	16 00 to 17 00
Mouille	20 00 to 21 00

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.

Cheese—As the natural outcome of the material appreciation of prices in Brockville yesterday, the tone of the local market is strong, with the tendency upward. Dealers, in fact are already commencing to talk 11c cheese, but even although the market maintains its present gait it will be a matter of two weeks at least, before that figure becomes established. One of the features at present is the very small quantity of cheese available on the local market, and shippers who try to get small lots to fill up have a hard time of it. Contracting in the country is becoming quite general, and factorymen have taken the pains to advance their ideas considerably within the past few days.

Cheese is advancing in New York, but is not keeping pace with the local market in that respect. A report of the New York market says: "So large a quantity of cheese has been purchased in the country by speculators for storing purposes that there is an actual scarcity of fancy large full cream cheese: 9¾c well established."

At the Cuba N.Y. board, 1,400 boxes cheese sold at 9⅝c to ¾c, former price ruling.

Butter.—As will be seen in a statement published elsewhere, there was a slight increase in the shipments of butter from the port the past week, but the 624 boxes shipped is only a small quantity of what will go out later. Shippers are not doing any fresh buying, while the same can almost be said of the local trade.

Western, tubs	14½c to 15
Creamery, fresh	18c to 18½
Townships fresh	16c to 16½

Eggs—The demand for really fresh eggs far exceeds the supply, in fact receipts o fresh have almost completely ceased. There is plenty of old stock on hand, however, but as is usually the case, it is not wanted. Sales of fresh have been made at about 12c to 12½c and old all the way from 7c to 10c.

Provisions—A somewhat better feeling prevails, and although the demand is not very brisk, the fact that supplies are extremely limited epcourages holders to maintain their ideas as to values. Canada short cut pork is quoted at from $18 to $20, with jobbing lots at the latter figure. Lard and smoked meats are in fair demand.

Canada sh't cut mess, per brl	18.50 to 20.00
West, mess pork, new, per brl	18.00 to 18.50
Beef, extra mess, per brl	00.00 to 10.00
Beef, plate, per tierce	00.00 to 14.50
Hams, city cured, per lb	0.09½ to 0.11½
Bacon, per lb	0.10 to 0.12½
Lard, pure Canadian, per lb	0.08½ to 0.09½
Lard, com. refined, per lb	0.07½ to 0.08

CHEESE SHIPMENTS.

When the enormous amount of cheese which is going into cold storage, and the comparatively high prices ruling, are taken into consideration, the shipments from this port are extremely large. It is a mere matter of guess work to estimate on the probable shipments of the season, but it is safe to say they will exceed last year's by many thousands of boxes. There is at least 200,000 boxes of cheese in cold storage alone, and with only part of the August make delivered, the cheese in sight alone, added to the shipment up to date, would bring the total much over 1,000,000 boxes. The total for the week given below, 59,385 boxes, does not include the two Liverpool steamers sailing to-morrow, which at the very least will carry 2,000 boxes each, bringing the total in round numbers to 63,000 boxes.

There was an appreciable increase in the amount of butter sent forward this week, but the shipments up to date are still away behind last year's, and the difference probably will not be covered. The week's chipment amounted to 624 pkgs., against 1,299 last year. Up to date 3,662 boxes were shipped, against 38,784 boxes a year ago.

We are indebted to Cunningham, Lemesurier and Co. for the following statement of the week's shipment:

SHIP.	DESTINATION.	CHEESE. Local.	Thro.	Total.
Sardinian	Liverpool	3,001	326	3,327
L. Ontario	"	3,563	....	3,563
Mariposa	"	2,030	802	2,932
Sarmatian	Glasgow	....	789	789
Bengore Head	Belfast	250	1,899	2,149
M. Videan	London	12,578	9,024	21,601
Mexico	Bristol	13,304	1,100	14,404
Toronto	"	7,773	1,258	9,031
Escalona	East Coast	1,283	315	1,598
		43,872	15,513	59,385

Corresponding week last year	25,242 boxes.
Shipments to date	835,510 "
Shipments to date last year	807,433 "

CANADIAN GRAIN IN ENGLAND.

Reviewing the position of Canadian grain on the English market, L. Norman and Co., in their circular dated August 15, say: The amount of business transacted during the week has again been very limited, and the following are the c.i.f. prices paid: La Plata cargoes off coast at 18s and 19s 3d, according to quality; Australian at 23s to 23s 6d; Russian and Indian are held too dear. Americans have also been held above this market, but sellers are disposed to meet buyers.

Hard Manitobas—Quiet and nothing doing. The only transactions recorded are 1,000 qrs. on passage at 23s 9d c.i.f., and 2,000 qrs. August, September shipment at 23s 6d c.i.f. Hard Duluth—Neglected. Sellers August, September shipment ask 24s c.i.f., but buyers do not respond.

Barley—In sympathy with maize has been firm but buyers do not respond to any advance. Reports from various parts of the country state that the quality of the crop has been affected by the rain which has laid a good quantity of barley. Peas—No change to report. White Canadian are offering at 25s 6d c.i.f., but this is rather above buyers' ideas.

Hay—Foreign hay in slow demand. Canadian sound delivered in London is quoted at £4. For shipment sellers ask £3 10s c.i.f., but met with no enquiry.

CLOSING PRICES.

The opening highest, lowest and closing prices were received as follows to-day by Meredith and O'Brien:

Month.	Op'g	High	Low.	Close.
Wheat—Sept.	54½	54⅝	54	54½
Dec.	57⅝	57½	57½	57½-⅝
May				
Corn — July				
Sept.	53½-⅝	54	53½	54½
May	52½	52½	51⅝	52½-⅝
Oats — July				
Sept.	30½	30½	29½-30	30½b
May	35½-⅜	35½-⅜	34⅜	35½
Pork — Sept.	13 52½	13 52½	13 50	13 50
Jan.	13 77½	13 77½	13 60	13 60
Lard — Sept.	7 70	7 70	7 70	7 70
Jan.	7 70	7 70	7 62½	7 62
Short Ribs—Sept.	7 40	7 40	7 35	7 37
Jan.	7 02½	7 02½	7 00	7 00

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

Liverpool, Aug. 24.—(12.30). — Wheat, steady; demand, poor; holders offer moderately; No. 1 California, 4s 10d to 4s 10½d; red Western spring, 4s 8d to 4s 10d; do. winter, 4s 4½d to 4s 5½d. Corn, firm; demand, poor; new mixed, spot, 5s 1d. Flour, spring patent, 5s 9d. Butter, finest, 70s; good, 60s. Cheese American, finest, new, 46s 6d. Linseed oil, 22s 3d. Peas, Canadian, 5s 6d.

The receipts of wheat for the past three days were 491,000 centals, including 105,000 centals American. Receipts of American corn for the past three days, none. The weather is dull.

Toronto, Aug. 24.—The market is dull. Quotations: Straight roller flour, $2.55 to $2.70; extra, $2.50 to $2.60; white wheat, old, 54½c; spring, 56c; red winter, old, 54½c; goose, old, 54c; No. 1 hard, 69½c; No. 2 hard, 67; winter wheat on Northern, 57; peas, 56c to 58c for old, and 55c for new; barley feed, 39c to 41c; oats, 30c to 31c for old and 26c to 27c for new; corn, 52c.

Sales—No. 1 Man. hard wheat, outside, at 68½c to 70½c; peas, outside at 56c.

British Warship Goes to Gerytown.

New York, Aug. 24.—Advices received here from Bluefields, evidently later than those received at Colon, say that the Nicaraguan troops are returning from Bluefields and that they reached Greytown yesterday bringing with them Mr. Hatch, the British Consular Agent and eight foreigners as prisoners. It has also been announced that a British war vessel arrived at Greytown yesterday evening.

SURRENDERS TO THE BOERS.

Chief Malaboch Smoked Out and Gives Himself Up.

Capetown, Aug. 24.—Advices received here from Pretoria, dated August 7, says that the unexpected submission of Chief Malaboch has been joyfully received throughout the Transvaal.

The details of the Chief's surrender show that Malaboch, under cover of a white flag, accompanied by his brother, his two young sons and four Indunas, emerged from the caves in which they had sought refuge and surrendered to the Boers.

The Chief did not surrender until his enemies had employed every means, including the smoke of large fires, to drive him from his place of refuge. The chief was very downcast after his surrender and twice attempted to commit suicide by plunging into the camp-fire. Upon both occasions he was rescued with great difficulty and was badly burned. While Chief Malaboch and his party were being escorted to the Laager of the Boers, one of the Indunas was shot while attempting to escape.

THAT JEWISH MARRIAGE CONTRACT.

All is Well That Ends Well—They Had Forgotten the Suit.

New York, Aug. 24.—Recently an action for breach of promise was reported here. It was between Russian Jews, the marriage contract having been signed in Russia, and the refusal on the part of the girl to marry the plaintiff took place in New York. The names of the parties were Esther Rachel Hansen and Samuel Grinnfarb. The story told further of the breaking of the contract and of the suit brought in the City Court by the broken-hearted lover to recover from the "learned and eminent" Solomon Hansen, the father of the "praiseworthy maiden," the $750 forfeit mentioned in the contract.

The case has been brought up in every conceivable manner in court. More motions have been made about it than in cases involving millions. Finally Justice Ehrlich dismissed the action with $80 costs. Z. Kurzman, Grinnfarb's lawyer, who had long ago lost track of his client, hastened to look him up in order to break the bad news gently. Abraham Levy, who was protecting the interests of the "learned and eminent" Solomon, sent out scouts to inform him of his good luck.

After a long search the messengers of the two lawyers met in a flat at No. 426 East Seventy-seventh street, and were there introduced to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Grinnfarb and baby. Explanation showed that fourteen months ago the "praiseworthy maiden" took pity on her business-like lover and married him. They had not thought it worth while to notify their attorneys. The only open question now is: Who is going to pay the $80 costs.

On the Rocks and Off Again.

London, Aug. 24.—The British steamer Donottar Castle, from Port Natal, grounded on Eddystone rock at five o'clock this morning. She was floated at six o'clock, however, without sustaining any serious damage.

To Abolish Sedan Day.

London, Aug. 24.—The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at Berlin says that Emperor William contemplates the abolition of Sedan Day as a public holiday, and the substitution of another holiday.

Britannia the Better Yacht.

London, Aug. 24.—The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon, publishes a long review of the recent yachting contests, and concludes with remarking: "While making full allowance for the Britannia's advantages in her skipper and crew, so large a proportion as twelve to five victories in her favor seems to determine the question of the relative superiority of the inanimate portions of the Valiant and Britannia in favor of Warson's hull and Ratsey's sails."

Sold Her Child for Six Dollars.

Wabash, Ind., Aug. 24.—Mrs. William Carvey, whose relatives live in the southern part of this county, has sold her eighteen months old child to her husband for $6. Mr. and Mrs. Carvey quarrelled and separated about a month ago and since then a controversy for the possession of the child has progressed. Carvey renewed his efforts to secure the offspring, and the woman consented to surrender all claims for $6, which was paid and the child was handed over to the husband.

Western Fires.

Lachute, Aug. 24.—A fire originated in the rear of the old Methodist church, which has been occupied for some time as a dwelling house, and from there spread to the brick residence of Mr. P. Lane, which was completely destroyed. The old church and Mr. Lane's outbuildings were burned. The loss is $10,000, partly covered by insurance.

Midland, Ont., Aug. 24.—The Fleming Wood and Lumber mills in Tay township were burned to the ground. Loss, about $15,000; supposed to be fairly well insured.

Beaverton, Ont., Aug. 24.—Fire this afternoon in the bakery of F. McArthur, corner Main and Marie streets, was not controlled until the office of the Beaverton Express and Oddfellows' hall, also Mr. Blueman's large brick dwelling and other buildings had been consumed.

Huntingdon's Harvest.

Huntingdon, Que., Aug. 24.—Harvesting is being wound up this week and grain has been secured in fine condition. The yield cannot be estimated until threshing has made more progress. There is great bulk but there are doubts as to the weight of grain in the straw. Wheat is defective in the heads, the tips not filling, and oats have the same defect. They were also generally touched by rust where heavy. The most serious defect in the harvest in peas, which will not give a third of an average yield. Taken as a whole, the harvest, however, is undoubtedly much better than that of last year. There were never more luxuriant pastures, and despite the horn fly the abundance of feed has kept up the flow of milk. Fears of rot in potatoes are general. Early Rose is already badly affected. Corn is unprecedentedly luxuriant. Ensilage corn 12 feet high is to be seen everywhere. Of late the weather has been exceptionally cold, Tuesday and Wednesday mornings the mercury went as low as 48.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

At the New York State Firemen's tournament in Oswego, the Brockville Hook and Ladder company won first money in the hand engine contest.

Hon. T. M. Daly accompanied by Mrs. Daly, left yesterday for Banff. There they will meet Governor Mackintosh, who is undergoing treatment for sciatica. The Governor may go with them to the Pacific coast.

Hon. J. C. Patterson, Minister of Militia, will leave shortly on an eastern tour of inspection, visiting Quebec, Levis, Halifax and other places. At Quebec he will make an inspection of the Citadel walls, with a view to the expenditure of the vote of last year for repairs.

That Brazilian Loan.

London, Aug. 24.—The Brazilian Minister of Finance has cabled here saying that Brazil does not intend to float an internal loan.

WELLMAN'S FAILURE.

The American Arctic Explorers Said to be Unfit for the Work.

London, Aug. 24.—The Pall Mall Gazette in an article on the Wellman Arctic Expedition says it is stated that the Norwegian members of the party assert the unfitness of the Americans who accompanied the expedition to take part in such an enterprise. Mr. Hyerdal, of the University of Christiana, who was one of the party, in a letter written at Walden Island, stated that the provisions taken by the explorers were not sufficient, and that all the members were obliged to live on short commons and drink salt water, and that obtained by melting ice and snow. As a result of this he was made ill.

The Gazette further says that in fairness to Mr. Wellman the public should suspend judgment until the explorer shall have returned and been given a chance to defend himself.

MORE TROOPS CALLED OUT.

Japanese Leaving Shanghai—Money for the Viceroy.

Shanghai, Aug. 24.—All foreigners have been forbidden to approach or enter the Kiangan Arsenal or the Imperial factory here without a special permit. If they are passing these places by river they must keep to the middle of the stream, and they must not anchor in the vicinity. Otherwise, they are warned, they will run a serious risk, as well as being liable to arrest as spies. The Emperor has issued an edict ordering that one hundred thousand men, to consist of Manchoos and native Pekingese, be prepared for active service. Regiments will be stationed at Tung Chow, San Ho and Tien Tsin.

It is reported that the Empress has ordered that twelve million taels be placed at the dis

John Murphy & Co.'s

ADVERTISEMENT.

A Fight Against Time

It is a fight against time with us at present to complete our new store. As it is imperative that we should occupy the premises at the earliest possible moment, the workmen are striving night and day to bring operations to a finish with this end in view.

OUR GREAT BARGAIN SALE

has therefore entered upon a phase which compels us to announce that we may close it down at a day's notice. Its advantages will continue open to the public just so long as we remain on Notre Dame Street and no longer.

Considering this fact, prudence counsels an early visit by all who require Dry Goods, and desire to save money.

Ladies' Print Costumes, fine quality, new shapes, to clear at $1.75.

Ladies' Sateen Costumes, regular price $9 to $12, to clear at $3.

Ladies' and Children's Parasols, Sateen and Shot Silk, regular prices 60c to $1, to clear at 25c each.

Another lot, regular prices $1.25 to $1.85, to clear at 50c each.

Another lot, regular prices $2.75 to $10, to clear at $1 each.

All other lines of Parasols to clear at exactly Half-Price.

Examples: $16 for $8, $11 for $5.50, $9 for $4.20,

A large line of Mantles, regular prices, $9 to $12, to clear at $3.

Children's Navy Reefer Jackets, to clear at $1 each.

Ladies' Eton Cloth Jackets, lined silk, regular prices from $5 to $8, to clear at $1 each.

John Murphy & Co.

1781-1783 Notre Dame St.

— AND —

105, 107, 109 and 111 St. Peter St.

DAY HANGED HIMSELF.

The Champion Long-Distance Runner Takes His Own Life.

New York, Aug. 24.—Willie B. Day, champion runner of the world, committed suicide this morning by hanging himself from a tree near the club house of the New Jersey Athletic Club at Bergen Point. Last Thursday he was, upon complaint of the Manhattan Laundry Company, of Jersey City, for whom Day acted as collector, charged with embezzlement of $112. His relatives were of the opinion this morning that he must have brooded over the accusation, and becoming discouraged, had determined to end his life. Day held the five-mile championship and also the three-mile championship of the world for running.

He had appeared on the M.A.A.A. track several times.

Widening of St. Lawrence Street.

The petition of ex-Ald. Thomas Gauthier and others for a mandamus to compel the city to proceed with the widening of St. Lawrence Main Street was argued yesterday before Mr. Justice Taschereau. R. C. Smith appeared for the petitioners, and City Attorney Ethier for the defendants. His Honor took the application en delibere.

The betting on to-day's match was very exciting last night. Shamrock seemed to be the favorite. Lots of betting was done in cigars and the only cigars used for betting were Ross' "Cuban" 5c, which weae purchased at "Ross,'" 20 Chaboillez Sq.

SICILY IS SHAKEN,

Palermo, Sicily, August 24.—A fresh earthquake was experienced yesterday at Santa Catharina. People fled in terror to the fields.

Custom House News.

Ottawa, Aug. 24.—Algoma Park, Ont., has been elected into an out-port of customs, under the port at Sault Ste. Marie.

Seaforth, Ont., has been made an outport of customs, under the Collector at Goderich, F. G. Neelin will be the subcollector.

Henry Hichings, has been appointed Preventative Officer.

To-day's Game.

The lacrosse match will attract thousands to the grounds to-day, many of whom will be found smoking the now celebrated "Students" cigar, sold only by L. H. Jacobs, the leading uptown tobacconist, 2317 St. Catherine Street.

Suicided Because He Could not Get Work.

Coroner McMahon held an inquest yesterday at the Morgue on the body of the man found drowned at Hochelaga. It was recognized as that of Napoleon Brien dit Durocher, who lived on Beaudry Street, and who threw himself off the Long Wharf a few days ago. The wife of the deceased testified that he had been unable to procure work for some time past, and he had become very much worried over it, and complained of pains in his head.

The jury found that deceased committed wilful suicide whilst discouraged.

To be Viceroy of Sicily.

London, Aug. 24.—A dispatch to the Times from Paris says: "The Journal de Debats asserts that King Humbert of Ital will create a vice-royalty of Sicily, and will make the Prince of Naples, viceroy. It says the news of the King's intention is favorably received in Italy as a happy solution of the problem of Sicilian disaffectation.

The torture of dyspepsia and sick headache, the agonizing itching and pain of salt rheum, are removed by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

That tired, languid feeling and dull headache is very disagreeable. Take two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring, and you will find relief. They never tail to do good.

This Is Right.

The best place in the city to send ladies and gentlemen's clothes to be repaired, cleaned or died is at M. J. Alder's, 39 Beaver Hall Hill (formerly 47.)

—OUR—

Wall Papers

Are highly recommended by persons of intelligence and taste . . . .

JOHN MURPHY,
Painter and Decorator,
2301 St. Catherine St.

BOTH LACK STAMINA.

Wheat and Corn in Chicago Are Weak and Lower.

The wheat market in Chicago to-day was well defined by the following message to a local broker: "The wheat market lacks new bull issue to attract buyers. The wet weather cables, and wheat feeding items are getting stale and commission house customers are gradually selling out what they bought on these influences earlier in the week."

Logan has sold more wheat than anybody else, but nothing much. Northwestern receipts, 46,000, are double last year's. December opened 1/8 lower at 57 1/2; touched 57 1/4 to 3/8 and reacted to 57 1/2. Corn slow on better receipts than expected. The drouth has been relieved in Illinois, dry elsewhere May opened 1/4c, offered at 52 1/4, sold at 52 1/8 and rallied to 52 3/8. Oats easy; Sept. 30 1/2.

For Perfect-Fitting Shirts and Collars, Fine Neckwear, go to Kelly Bros., 1691 - 1697 Notre Dame.

MONTREAL MILK.

The Dispute as to Whether the Standard is Too High.

An interesting case came before Judge De Lorimier yesterday, which has a direct bearing on the complaint of milkmen against the civic by-law requiring three per cent. of butter fat and twelve per cent. of total solids. James Dooley, who had been prosecuted for selling milk which was below this standard, sought to have the by-law declared ultra vires of the City Council, and to have the Recorder prevented from trying cases under it.

H. C. St. Pierre, who appeared for Dooley argued that the standard was too high, and that the city should not prohibit the sale of milk which came from perfectly healthy cows, but which did not come up to the standard. He said that very few animals grazed on the island of Montreal gave such rich milk as to contain three per cent. of butter fat. So long as the milk did not come from diseased cows and was not adulterated its sale should not be prohibited.

Mr. Ethier argued that the standard was not too high, and quoted the by-laws of other cities to prove it.

Judgment was reserved.

QUEBEC AT WORK.

Preparations for Their Exhibition Pushed Vigorously Ahead.

Quebec, Aug. 24.—The Exhibition Grounds are now almost ready. It would do one some good to go through them thoroughly and see what progress has been made. It is something more than a mere Provincial Exhibition for the company has made it a special duty to bring exhibits from outside the Provinces, and even from the United States, so one will be able to judge for himself as to the advance of sciences, arts, industry and agriculture in all North America. The Exhibition Company has secured at a very high price the services of the Imperial Hungarian and Gypsy band of New York. This will be a feature.

A gentleman from down by the sea will exhibit a vast collection of seaweeds used in a thousand manners in all sorts of industries.

The Trappist Fathers, from Lake Mistassini, will exhibit largely in horses, cattle, swine, grains and wines. This will show the fertility of the land north and west of Lake St. John regions.

Congress to Adjourn

Washington, Aug. 24.—The House of Representatives, this afternoon, adopted a resolution to adjourn sine die next, in the afternoon. The Senate afterwards in the afternoon. The Senate a-terwards adopted the same resolution to adjourn.

None to Meet Britannia.

Sydmouth, Aug. 24.—The Britannia was the only starter to-day, in the match race for the cup originally offered by Lord Wolverton, to be competed for between the Vigilant and the Britannia, 15 miles to windward and return. The Vigilant is still in the dry-dock, having her centre-board so fixed that she will not lose it when the next big race is started.

Good News From Africa.

Ottawa, Aug. 24.—Sir Henry De Villiers, who represented Cape Colony at the Intercolonial Conference, has written the Minister of Trade and Commerce to state that since his return to South Africa, he has become more than ever convinced of the possibility of working up a considerable trade between that Colony and the Dominion of Canada.

Quebec Will Dine the Admiral.

Quebec, Aug. 24.—A banquet will be tendered to Admiral Hopkins of the British North American Squadron on September 3 at the Union Club on the return of the fleet to this port.

It is expected that the French North American Squadron under Admiral De Maigrb, now at St. Pierre Miquelon, will visit this port early in September. The flagship is the Naiade.

Two Assignments.

George Eadie, retail merchant, has assigned on the demand of George A. Munn. The liabilities amount to about $12,000, and the assets consisting of the proceeds of stock and book debts sold on Aug. 7th by Marcotte Bros., to $1,993.44. The principal creditors are: Banque d'Hochelaga, $1,075; R. Bickerdike, $1,400; Succession Rodier, $1,145; F. Nash, $1,610; George A. Munn, $300; Bank of Toronto, $371; Arch. Campbell, $828.

Louis A. Picard, dry goods merchant, has made an abandonment of his property for the benefit of his creditors on the demand of Lonsdale, Reid and Co. His liabilities amount to $4,400, and the assets consist of stock in trade and book debts. The chief creditors are: Lonsdale, Reid and Co., $1,376; Marie, Josephine Labelle (marriage settlement), $1,000; Gault Bros., $543; Caverhill and Hissock, $432; Mark Fisher, Sons and Co., $310.

LADIES CAUSE A STEAMER TO BE SEIZED.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 24.—The Caledonian steamer Cambria, running excursions from Detroit to points in Lake Ontario and the Georgian Bay country, was seized by the United States Marshal, yesterday, on three libels, aggregating $3,500. The libelants were Mrs. H. C. Penny, Mrs. W. D. Penny, and Mrs. Delano, all well known ladies of Detroit. The boat was bonded and taken out of the Marshal's hands. The ladies charge ill-treatment on the boatman. They held tickets for staterooms and found them occupied by other passengers and were unable to obtain sleeping accommodation. The Captain claims all the trouble was caused by the local agent booking more passengers than the boat could accommodate.

Died from His Injuries.

The young man, whose name is supposed to be Horner, and who was found last evening lying on the C.P.R. track near Guy Street with both his legs cut off, died this morning in the General Hospital at half-past three o'clock. An inquest will be held.

Just received, the latest novelties in Fancy Suitings, Vestings, Pantings, and Fall Overcoatings. Kelly Bros., 1691 - 1697 Notre Dame.

PROVINCIAL EXPENDITURE.

Statement of the Payments of the Last two Years.

Quebec, August 24.—A statement of the public expenditure of the Province to the 30th June, the end of the fiscal year, 1893-4, has been issued.

The statement of the payments of the Province for the two past years is as follows:

Comparative statement of payments of the province of Quebec for the fiscal years 1892-93 and 1893-4:

	1892-93.	1893-94.
Public debt	$1,445,031	$1,437,932
Legislation	199,769	207,676
Civil government	251,908	256,725
Administration of justice	583,469	648,038
Public instruction	384,960	380,760
Agriculture	115,478	159,097
Colonization and immigration	85,850	83,767
Public works	104,528	101,037
Lunatic asylums	300,000	282,433
Charities	55,725	42,648
Miscellaneous	425,397	384,443
Total ordinary expenditures	$3,952,258	$3,884,520
Public Works extraordinary expenditure	238,264	390,955
Railway subsidies and Q. & M.O. & O. Ry	850,455	975,426
	$5,040,977	$5,190,902
Payments not included in above Trust funds	$ 13,147	$ 13,081
Advances	48,030	19,395
Repayment of deposits	240,405	250,117
Repayment of temporary loans	1,000,000	2,070,000
	$1,301,583	$2,352,594
Total payments as per public accounts	$6,342,531	$7,543,497

RIFLE AND TARGET.

Score in the Ontario Rifle Matches.

Toronto, August 24.—At the Ontario Rifle Association matches yesterday the weather was warm and hazy. The results were:

Walker match, 500 and 600 yards; 7 shots at each:

Pte. Fitzgerald, 57th Batt.	64	$ 20
Pte. Spencer, 13th	62	15
Qr.-Master-Sgt. Gordon, 22nd Batt.	62	10
Color-Sergt. G. Creighton, Q.O.R.	62	10
Gunner G. Sharp B.C.G.A.	61	7
Lieut. Boville, 43	61	7
Sergt. Crowe, 1st B.F.A.	61	5
Pte. McMartin, 43rd	61	5
Capt. Dennistoun, 57th Batt.	61	5
Mr. M. D. Campbell, Oshawa R.A.	61	5
Sergt.-Major Huggins, 13th	61	5
Capt. Hood, P.W.R.	60	5

Eight 56's were out.

Teams—

1. Q. O. R., 286, cup, cup and $30.		
2. Guelph R. A.	284	$25
3. 30th Batt.	283	25
4. 43rd Batt.	283	15
5. 57th Batt.	281	10

500 yards extra—The following made possible scores, 25 points each:—Pte. Mulligan, 48th; Pte. R. Moodie, 43rd; Corp. Young, R.G.; Col.-Sergt. Fowler, R.G.; Sergt. D. Mitchell, 13th: Sergt. G. Gordon, 22nd; Lieut. Gilchrist, 1st B.F.A.; Capt. Sutherland, 43rd; Pte. Rolston, 27th; Capt. Russell, Berlin. Five 24's were counted out.

Revolver match—

Capt. Dennistoun, 57th	35	$7
Lieut. Miller, Q.O.R.	34	6
Pte. English, 77th	34	5
Lieut. Crean, Q.O.R	33	4
Lieut. Margetts, 13th	32	3
Capt. Rogers, 43rd	32	2

THE NEW ENGLAND STRIKE.

The Allowance to be Cut Off—Hesitating About Arbitration.

Fall River, Mass., Aug. 24.—The Weavers' Association held a special meeting last evening and voted not to continue the allowance which the striking weavers have been drawing for twenty weeks. The regular allowance for this week will be paid.

New Bedford, Mass., Aug. 24.—The State Board of Arbitration held a three hours session here to-night on the strike situation. Representatives of all labor unions were present. William W. Crapo, president of the Wamsutta Corporation, was present as a private citizen. He contested the arguments of the labor men hotly on the ground that the situation was due to the condition of the cloth market and on the same basis endeavored to prove that wage reduction was justified. Several hot exchanges took place between him and Secretary Ross, who finally asked Mr. Crapo if he was willing to submit the matter to arbitration. Mr. Crapo replied that he was not willing to take the responsibility on his shoulders.

GOING TO EUROPE.

Passenger Lists of the Steamers Numidian and Vancouver.

Saloon passengers per R.M.S. Vancouver, Captain Williams, Liverpool to-day:—

Mr. Brooks, Lieut. Bailey, C. E. Bentley, Mrs. Bentley, Guy Boyer, C. H. Burnett, C. A. Burnett, John Burstall, Miss Burstall, Chas. R. Black, C. Beckett, C. F. Beckett, Color-Sergt. Cope, Mrs. Cope, Miss Cope, Dr. Carter, N. H. Carter, Midshipman, R.N., Miss Carter Mrs. C. A. Curtis, John T. Collins, Rev. John M. Davenport, Mrs. Dewar, Miss Dewar, Mrs. H. Dean, C. J. Douglas, Mrs. Douglas, C. K. Domville, T. Ellis, Miss Ellis, Rev. D. A. Grea, Lawrence M. Gibson, David Grant, Mrs. Grice and maid, Mr. Allen Halley, Miss Halley, Lieut. A. W. Heneage, R.N. Miss Mary A. Harriss, J. Douglas Hazen, Mrs. Hazen, Mrs. R. W. B. Hughes and infant, G. C. Jackson, Mrs. Helen Jackson, Rev. H. C. Knocker, Mr. Kenrick, R. A. E. Kennedy, Mr. Luard, Mrs. Luard, Alexander Meyers, Mr. MacKareth, Dr. MacLean, Mrs. MacLean, Col.-Sergt. McQueen, Mrs. McQueen, Misses McQueen, C. F. Norsworthy, N. J. Picault, W. B. Prower, Mrs. Prower, Miss Prower, Master Wm. Prower, D. Pyett, T. Richardson, F. Heald Smith, Mrs. Geo. Strickland, Miss Mary Strickland, J. M. Smith, Miss Jean Smith, Anton Simmers, Mrs. Simmers, Master E. Smith, Gen. Twigge, Mr. F. W. Wilson, Mrs. Wilson. There were also 100 second and seventy-five steerage passengers.

List of saloon passengers per R.M.S. Numidian, Capt. Angus MacNicol, to Liverpool to-morrow: Mrs. H. Alcott and infant; Miss M. H Braid, J. C. Brown, Mrs. L. R. Dorland and infant; Master J. W. Dorland, Mr. Fuller, Dr. Harkin, Mrs. Megaw, Frank Morgan, R. Morton, Geo. Osborne, R. E.; Mr. Patten, Mrs. Patten, Dr. Tait Robinson, Rev. W. H. Symonds, R. E Seary.

THE TREASURER NEARLY SHOT.

[Special to the Herald.]

Quebec, August 24.—There was quite a sensation at the City Hall this morning. A revolver ball shot by some unknown party from a house somewhere near the City Hall went through the window of the office of Mr. Wright, assistant treasurer, who had a narrow escape from being killed. The ball passing close to his head. Search is being made by detectives. The incident is believed to be the result of a mere accident or imprudence of some one handling a revolver.

Found Dead on the Danube Bridge.

Vienna, Aug. 24.—Baron Munday, well-known as the founder of the Salvage Society, has committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver. His body was found under the Danube bridge. He was undoubtedly insane.

In order to accommodate their patrons attending the Capital-Shamrock match this afternoon, the Canada Atlantic Railway evening train will leave Bonaventure Station at eight (8) o'clock (sharp) to-night; one hour later than usual.

THE DYNAMITE GUN

AMAZING RESULTS OF TESTS AT SANDY HOOK.

Eight Shells Thrown Two Miles, All Being Placed in a Space 120 by 30 Feet—Government Contract Requirements Exceeded.

Sandy Hook, N.J., Aug. 24.—"With those three guns in position, New York City is safe against the strongest navy afloat."

This declaration was made by one of the experts who was present at the pneumatic dynamite gun tests here.

Eight shells, each loaded with 200 pounds of nitrogelatine, the highest form of explosive known, were thrown out to sea a distance of over two miles, and all were planted in a space 30 by 120 feet.

What an extraordinary or, as one of the spectators at the firing aptly expressed it, "amazing" performance this was may best be appreciated from the fact that if the guns had been at the Battery they would have sent every one of the dynamite shells in the space of the city lot at the corner of East Fourth Street and Broadway. Nothing afloat or on shore could have resisted the impact of any of the shells fired, the 20 pounds of explosive each carried being sufficient to annihilate anything that it came in contact with. Landed on or under or beside a warship, the shells would have reduced the stoutest vessel afloat to a shattered mass.

At first, when the measurements had been taken,

THEIR CORRECTNESS WAS DOUBTED.

but a thorough checking up confirmed them, and then the army officers and others who were present at the firing were loud in their expressions of astonishment.

It had been considered impossible that any such record could be made. The specifications of the Government's contracts with the makers of the guns provided that eight shots, each carrying 200 pounds of high explosives, were to be fired 3,500 yards, and that only 60 per cent of the shots need be landed within a parallelogram 360 feet in length and 90 feet in width, this being the "danger area" in which the quantity of dynamite ecploded would prove fatal to a warship that might be the target for the gunner. When this specification was drawn up it was considered to be very exacting.

What was really accomplished, therefore, by the gun when, instead of 60 per cent., as required, it landed 100 per cent. of shots in a space only one-ninth as large as that granted in the conditions, can be readily understood, and the amazement of the ordinance officers, who superintended the tests for the Government was not very strange.

Nor was this feature the only remarkable result accomplished. It was provided in the contract that the shells fired should be set so as to explode not on striking the water, but two seconds after striking. This was to give them "torpedo action"—that is, they were to go under water in order to get at the weakest part of the ship when the explosion occurred. This action was most carefully timed, and in every instance it was found that the shells exploded exactly on the time at which they were set.

As the projectiles left the mouth of the fifteen-inch gun from which they were fired, there was a puff of thin, white vapor, as the compressed air which had discharged the missile expanded, the process causing it to congeal or freeze. This process was accompanied by a sharp explosion followed by a shrill whistling sound,

AS THE SHELLS SHOT THROUGH THE AIR.

With the aid of a strong glass the shells could be plainly followed, and, sailing in a graceful curve, they could be seen to strike the water just beyond the ship channel.

For a moment after a shell left the gun there was silence. The shell, with its sharp point, cut the water like a spear, and there was scarcely a splash as it disappeared beneath the surface. Suddenly, on the spot where it had landed, and for a large space on all sides, the water seemed to rise up in a solid mass. Then came the sound of a tremendous explosion, and, with the most terrible commotion, the water fell back, leaving the air full of spray and the surface an expanse of angry white waves.

Shell after shell was fired, the whole time consumed in the actual tests being less than one hour, and the results with the last shell were as good as the results with the first, and the first as good as the last.

THERE WERE NO TARGETS

the range being established by plane tables under the direction of Government officers. The test was for "accuracy," and after the area in which the shots were to fall had been mapped out, three dummy shells were first fired to test the range.

Tests for extreme range were made with the fifteen-inch gun Tuesday. These tests were for the purpose of ascertaining just how far the dynamite shells of different weight could be sent. They resulted in establishing the fact that the entire entrance to the harbor can be guarded from the point on Sandy Hook by the pneumatic guns.

Dynamite shells weighing about 300 pounds and carrying 50 pounds of nitro-gelatine were thrown clear across the three channels of the harbor entrance, the main ship channel, the Swash Channel and Gedney's Channel. The Government's specifications called for an extreme range of 5,500 yards with these shells. The test exceeded this by nearly 500 yards, two shells being fired about 6,000 yards, or four miles, and planted in a spot within thirty feet of each other.

Shells containing 100 pounds of nitro-gelatine were fired over three miles with the same degree of accuracy, exceeding the Government's requirements Shells carrying 200 pounds of explosive were fired 4,000 yards, or 500 yards in excess of the specifications, and a shell weighing 1,160 pounds and carrying 500 pounds of explosive, was thrown 2,700 yards, the specifications demanding a range of only 2,000.

The next test will be for rapidity of firing, and only "dummies" will be used. The firing would have been even more rapid had not been for the fact that delays were caused by the passage of vessels. The Berlin of the American Line was passing out while the tests were in progress, and her passengers were considerably astonished to see the columns of water rising in Swash Channel as the shells struck.

A Convict Leaves $15,000 to the Government.

[Special to the Herald.]

Kingston, Ont., Aug. 24.—J. M. Anderson, who was sent to the Kingston Penitentiary for two years for removing marks from postage stamps and using them again, died in the institution to-day. He leaves $15,000, which will fall into the possession of the Government, because he has no relatives.

EVERYONE COMES AGAIN

WATERPROOFS.

Greatest Display and Greatest Bargains Ever Offered in this City.

100 Ladies' Choice Waterproofs. Any one you select for $6.00.

Big Lines of Gents' ditto for $5.75 and $7.50 each.

HATS AND FURS, Fifty Cents on the Dollar.

Special Lines in Fur Ruffs.

From $1,00 Each.

Real Russian Sable Ruffs. Ermine Ruffs. Mink Ruffs.

Alaska Sable Ruffs. Marten Ruffs. Persian Lamb Ruffs,

Stone Marten Ruffs, Etc., etc., etc.

Take St. Catherine Street Cars and Come.

BANKRUPT STOCK of WM. SAMUELS'

2411 St. Catherine Street West.

Open until 10.30 p.m.

Store to Let.

That fine store and premises, 2,344 St. Catherine Street.

Finely Decorated.

Nicely fitted up with hardwood floors.

Good Stand.

Opposite John Murphy and Co's. new Building. Enquire on premises, or to

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In re Theodore Delage, painter and decorator of No. 4105 St. Catherine Street, Montreal —Insolvent.

The undersigned will sell by public auction the immoveables ceded by the insolvent as follows:

1st.

At the Comptroller's office door of the town of Cote St. Antoine, on Tuesday the 25th September, 1894, at 10 o'clock a.m., a lot of land situated on Elm Avenue in the town of Cote St. Antoine, known and designated on the official plan and book of references for the said town of Cote St. Antoine, cadastral number 134 sub-division No. 375, measuring 25 feet on Elm Avenue by 108 feet in depth, without buildings.

2nd.

At the Parish Church door of Notre Dame de Grace, on Tuesday the 25th September, 1894, at 12 o'clock noon, a tract of land containing 6 lots situated at Monklands in the Parish of Notre Dame de Grace, known and designated on the official plan and book of references for the municipality of Notre Dame de Grace, cadastral numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 47 and 48, one, two, three, four, forty seven and forty eight, measuring in superficies 49,000 feet more or less with house and other outbuildings thereon erected.

3rd.

At the Parish Church door of St. Laurent, Jacques Cartier County, on Tuesday the 25th of September, 1894, at 4 o'clock p.m., a lot of land situated on O'Brien Avenue in the Parish of St. Laurent, Jacques Cartier County, known and designated on the official plan and book of references for the municipality of said Parish of St. Laurent by cadastral number 242, sub-division No. 62, measuring 40 feet front on O'Brien Avenue by 824 feet depth without building, but fenced.

The said immoveables will be sold subject to all mortgages, taxes and other encumbrances on day and date of sale. For all other information apply to

MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers. } BILODEAU AND RENEAU, Curators, 15 St. James Street, Montreal.

ANOTHER SURPRISE.

for one week only.

Special lot fine gas hall lamps New York manufacture, at big discount from New York prices.

Give us a call and see for yourself.

FRED. R. COLE & CO.

1792 Notre Dame Street. Montreal.

BUILDING LOTS.

We have for sale some of the most splendid residential lots on the south side of the mountain and fine building lots on prominent streets in the city.

—ALSO—

Some of the choicest lots at the Junction and Montreal Annex. Call for particulars.

HUTCHINS & RAINEY,
New York Life Building.

Splendid Milling Property.

We are authorized to sell the fine mills in the village of Gould, Compton Co., comprising Saw Mill, Shingle Mill and Grist Mill, all in complete running order; with a good Dwelling House, Barn and Outbuildings, and nearly 100 acres of fine land—50 of it timber land.

Photos of buildings and all particulars at our office. This is a rare chance.

HUTCHINS & RAINEY,
New York Life Building.

FOR SALE

Two fine Stone Residences, 10 rooms, hot water heat and all modern conveniences, on Palace Street.

Fine new Stone do., do., do., Hutchinson Street.

Two new Brick Residences, 8 and 9 rooms each, on Sherbrooke Street West.

A large number of fine brown stone residences and several brick do. in Cote St. Antoine.

Elegant new stone residences on Dorchester Street, Sherbrooke Street, Matheson Street, and Elm Avenue.

And a large number of tenement houses in various parts of the city.

HUTCHINS & RAINEY,
New York Life Building.

TO LET.

Several small residences in the East and West Ends.

—ALSO—

Some splendid stores on McGill, St. Henry, St. Paul, and St. Peter Streets.

HUTCHINS & RAINEY,
New York Life Building.

STORES TO LET.

1733 Notre Dame, near St. Francis Xavier Street; fine basement, street flat and flat above, also;

546 Craig Street, next door to Messrs. Garth's, 30 feet front, extending to, and with rear entrance on Fortification Lane. This spacious store is now being put in fine order and could be arranged to suit tenant. Apply to

H. H. AUSTIN,
Agent Estate John Tiffin,
318 St. Paul Street.

TO LET—Lower dwelling, 267 St. Urbain Street, above Ontario Street. Rent $220, no taxes, perfect order, good yard, lane in rear. Apply to

H. H. AUSTIN,
Agent Estate John Tiffin,
318 St. Paul Street.

TO LET—An office, good light and well heated, in 61 St. Gabriel Street. Very moderate rent. Apply to

H. H. AUSTIN,
Agent Estate John Tiffin,
318 St. Paul Street,

TO LET—Two upper flats, large and well lighted, over 1737 Notre Dame Street. Rent very moderate. Apply to

H. H. AUSTIN,
Agent Estate John Tiffin,
318 St. Paul Street.

N. Y. PIANO CO., 446, St. James Street, invite intending purchasers to visit their fine stores, and examine their beautiful stock of standard American pianos and organs, in which they are prepared to give special bargains.

PIANOS REMOVED, stored, packed, and shipped.

PIANOS thoroughly repaired and tuned by careful and competent men. Apply by telephone 2,045, or personally, to 446 St. James Street.

N. Y. PIANO CO.

STORAGE Fine dry storage for household effects, pictures, pianos, etc., etc. Apply 446 St. James Street West.

The following Advertisements were received too late for Classification.

CASHIER—A young woman with excellent references desires a position as cashier and bookkeeper; has had several years' experience. Address N. L. Herald Office. 209

LOWER TENEMENT TO LET—To let, furnished lower tenement on St. Denis Street, above St. Catherine Street, 1st of September to 1st of May. Terms moderate. Apply 283 St. Denis Street. 209

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted a competent young woman as housekeeper to a gentleman; no washing or ironing. State age. Address Housekeeper, Herald. 209

TEACHER—Wanted by an experienced teacher, speaking French fluently, an engagement as daily or resident governess. Highest references for music. Address Teacher, Herald Office. 209

USEFUL MAN—Situation wanted by a steady man, work of any kind, can speak French and English, can read and write, handy with horses. Six years in the city. Can furnish best of references. Apply to J. V., 32 Richardson Street, Point St. Charles. 208

CLOTHING—Wanted to purchase Ladies' and Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing, Furs, Old Silver and Gold; good prices paid on account of having great demand. Apply M. Frank, 569 Craig Street. P.O. Box 645. 209

ROOMS—Single and double rooms with or without board, also table board. 108 Mansfield St. 209

ROOMS—Double and single room to let cheap. Bath and W.C. Address, 28½ St. Phillip Street. 209

GOVERNESS—Wanted by a competent governess, engagement for the morning hours. Address, Competent, Herald office. 209

DINING ROOR—For sale or to let, a dining room, capacity of sitting 50 at a time; established for two years. Address, 102 McGill Street. 209

LOTS—For sale splendid river lots at Back River, 8 minutes walk from C.P.R. Depot. Apply to N. Duval, 85 St. James Street, Montreal. 210

ROOMS—Confortably furnished with board suitable for married couples or gentlemen. 5 minutes walk from Windsor Hotel. 57 Brunswick St., cor. Dorchester. 209

BOY WANTED—Boy who is a willing worker for the Batthing business; must have references. 94 Foundling St. 204

CHEAP COTTAGES—We have several new cottages for sale at bargains. Easy terms of payment. A. G. Ross and Co., Standard Building. 209

FARMS—We have bargains in farms—all sizes—low prices and easy terms; also farms to exchange; we have good Hamilton property to exchange for good Manitoba lands, clear; see us for bargains. COOTE & SON, Hamilton, Ont. 208

COOK STOVE—For sale a "Leader" cook stove (round top), marble top bedroom set, refrigerator and a lot of other household articles; cheap and in good order. Apply 40 Inspector Street after 6 p.m. 209

BOOKKEEPER—With good knowledge of fire insurance business, good correspondent and speaking and writing French, desires employment. Has had charge of weigh scales; good references. Apply E. S. W., Herald Office. 209

BOOKKEEPER—Wanted situation as bookkeeper, eight years experience, best of references. Address W., Herald. 209

PUPILS—Wanted lady pupils to learn Professor Patterson's new system for cutting ladies' garments. Instructions free every Monday and Tuesday, from 2 to 5 p.m., at 208 Bleury Street. 209

WASHING—Wanted by a respectable woman work by the day and washing done at her own home. 29 Vallee Street. 209

WANTED at once a couple of smart men accustomed to club work. Address, Cosmopolitan Club, 28 Cathcart Street.

HAVE YOUR

Slate, Metal or Gravel Roofing,

ASPHALT FLOORING, ETC.,

DONE BY

GEORGE W. REED,

783 and 785 Craig St.

MAPLEWOOD

— HAVE YOU SEEN —

MAPLEWOOD?

— IF NOT —

Take the Outremont Electric Railway Cars on Bleury St., and ask the conductor to let you off at the MAPLEWOOD OFFICE .....

It is the most beautiful and advantageously situated suburb of Montreal, commanding a magnificent view of Lake St. Louis and Lake of Two Mountains. It is high and dry and beautifully covered with choice maple trees. The Electric Railway runs through the entire length of the property and gives a 15-minute service. Sidewalks are laid and streets graded .....

PRICES ONLY

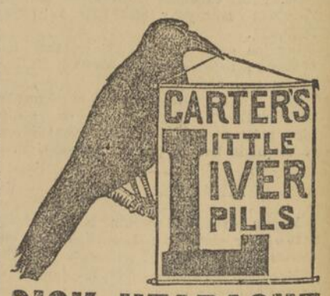
$200, $225, $250,

According to Location

TERMS—1-4 Cash, balance in 5 years 5 p.c., interest.

For plans and further particulars Apply to

R. A. MAINWARING,
147 St. James Street.
—OR—
H. BOGUE,
Maplewood Office



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose, Small Price.

REGATTA PRIZES
—AT—
No. 1794 Notre Dame Street,
SIMPSON HALL, MILLER & CO.

Montreal Daily Herald

REGATTA PRIZES
—AT—
No. 1794 Notre Dame Street,
SIMPSON HALL, MILLER & CO.

MONTREAL DAILY HERALD, SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1894.—12 PAGES.

WORLD-WIDE NEWS

ENGLAND.

The Registrar-General's Quarterly Returns of births, marriages and deaths, which have just been issued, estimate the population of the United Kingdom at the present time at 38,776,134 persons.

The Academy says that the veteran author, Dr. Samuel Smiles, who is now approaching his 80th year, has written a biography of Josiah Wedgwood, the potter, which will be published by Mr. John Murray in the course of the autumn.

It is authoritively announced that the marriage of Prince Adolphus of Teck and Lady Margaret Grosvenor will take place at Eaton, Chester, probably in the first week of December. It is expected that the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of York, and several other members of the Royal Family will be present at the ceremony.

Twenty thousand people assembled at Dunmow a short time ago to witness the award of the Dunmow flitch to the couple whose lives have been most distinguished for domestic happiness. The committee, finding the task of awarding the prize a difficult one, gave a flitch to both Mr. and Mrs. Angelo Fahie, of Monkstown, Dublin, and Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Welch, of Essenden, Hertfordshire.

A working man named Johnson, who lives at Romney, Kent, attained his 101st birthday two weeks ago. The centenarian is hale and hearty, and is in the possession of all his faculties, which are in a remarkable state of preservation. His eyesight is unimpaired, and he walks on an average four miles a day. He is the father of fourteen children.

Queen Victoria's newest maid of honor, Miss Majendie, owes her entrance to royal favor to a curious bit of chance. She happened to be singing in a church choir one day when the Queen was present at divine service, and her Majesty was so greatly pleased with the fresh sweetness of the girl's face and voice that she invited her to fill the place coveted by the young girls of the English aristocracy. The offer was the last thing Miss Majendie herself expected.

"Nothing would more completely gratify my ambition than to engage Mr. Henry Irving for a short season to appear in Paris in 'Faust'. He would be the greatest success Paris has ever seen. He is inimitable. He towers above all previous interpreters of the character of Mephistopheles." So spake M. Samary, of the Comedie Francaise, when in London a few weeks ago.

Sir John Lubbock gave some remarkable figures at a meeting of the Peace Association. He said, one-third of our national income was spent in paying for past wars, one-third in prepbring for future wars, and only a third was left for the Government of the country. From these facts he drew the deduction that there will be no reduction of taxation until the principles of the Peace Association become much more popular.

At Gloucester a female parachutist named Marie Merton failed to make her advertised ascent owing to insufficiency of gas. The disappointed crowd invaded the enclosure. The aeronaut escaped to a place of safety, but the mob tore the balloon and cut it with knives. The police interfered, but were attacked with stones. Ultimately the balloon was removed, upon which an attack was made on Miss Merton's agent, who, however, escaped. The balloon was considerably damaged.

A working-man, Mr. Richard Latter, now living in London, possesses a beard ten feet in length. To prevent the beard impeding his work, he plaits and conceals it beneath his coat. Another famous beard-possessor is Louis Coulon, a sculptor, residing at Montlucon, France. His beard measured some time ago—it may be longer at the present time—seven feet six and a half inch.

A curious wedding took place at Romford Abbey Church lately, both parties being deaf and dumb. A deaf and dumb clergyman was expected to officiate, but he was prevented by illness from attending. However, a clergyman, with the assistance of the bride's brother who acted as interpreter proceeded with the ceremony. Prayer books were placed in the hands of the bride and bridegroom and each made signs by pointing as the passages were read. Then when responses were required to the vital and binding questions the parts were submitted in writing and read and duly signed and witnessed. These documents will be kept in the Abbey as momentoes of the wedding.

The provincial engagements of the Duke and Duchess of York include visits to Birmingham on September 8 and Liverpool on September 10, to Leeds on October 5, and to Norwich towards the end of October. They are to lay the foundation stone of a new hospital at Birmingham, and of a new post-office at Liverpool, and at Leeds they will open the new building of the Yorkshire College, and at Norwich the Castle Museum.

The position of Lord of Appeal in ordinary which has just neen filled by the appointment of Lord Justice Davey, has had four occupants—Lords Hannen, Bowen, Russell and Davey—within twelve months. This is without a parallel in British annals.

A marriage now on the tapis is giving the greatest concern and much annoyance to the Queen and the whole of the Royal family, says Woman. "It is that of Prince Henry of Battenberg's youngest brother, Prince Joseph, to Miss Anna Gould. Miss Gould is probably the greatest heiress in the civilized world, possessing an income of about a quarter of a million sterling; the Prince, on the other hand, has only his face for his fortune, and his Royal connections as a bait to the matrimonial hook. To Prince Henry has been committed the charge of expostulating with the naughty Joseph, and no doubt the German Emperor will have a word or two to say in the matter."

It is somewhat startling to hear at the end of the nineteenth century that wild dogs exist in London. But if canines which belong to no one are the offspring of animals which never were domesticated and never owned may be called wild, then such is really the case. The haunts of these untamed dogs are the various docks which bound the Thames in the East End of London. They never exhibit any propensity to hurt anyone. On the contrary, they are extremely shy, and shrink from the presence of all human kind with the exception of the dock policeman, with whom, though frequently being fed by their hands, they have gradually become familiar. Among casks hidden away in some obscure cellars they make their homes, living principally on the refuse emanating from the ships. They are extremely useful in the destruction of rats, and a curious point about them, illustrating the adage of use becoming second nature, is that they are able to climb with almost the dexterity of cats.

Miss Fawcett, daughter of the late professor, who was also Postmaster-General, is to commence business as a Civil engineer. Miss Fawcett is a mathematician of the highest attainments, and her brilliant success at the University two or three years ago is still fresh in the public mind. Ladies are about to invade another of the professions hitherto occupied exclusively by men.

The one great lesson of the British naval manoeuvres which has just been concluded appears to be that the navy is undermanned to a most serious degree. On this point all the correspondents are agreed. Although nothing like the number of ships have been commissioned which would be required in the case of a real war, it was impossible to find proper crews for them. The Naval Reserve according to the London Daily Chronicle, was drawn upon as it was never drawn upon before, and yet ships were mobilized with about two-thirds of their proper complements, and in some cases scarcely a half of their proper complement of officers, "acting sub-lieutenants—that is to say, midshipmen—being put to keep watch and generally do the duties that ought to fall upon lieutenants." The Daily Chronicle makes a demand for a short-service system. It proposes that lads entered at from fourteen to fifteen years should pass through the navy and after from ten to twelve years' service go into the mercantile marine, with a small annual sum as a retainer.

Mr. Hiram S. Maxim, in a letter to the London Times, says that he is not trying to make a flying machine for either freight or passengers, but simply for war purposes. He then continues: "I am quite free to admit that the navigation of the air is beset with a great many dangers; it is also very dangerous to make high explosives or fire large guns, but it is infinitely more dangerous to be within the range of an enemy's guns. What I propose to do is to enable one to assail an enemy from a distance greater than the enemy will be able to strike back with the most powerful guns in existence. So I think it would be quite as safe for combatants to employ my means of assault as to employ the present means, which necessitate their approaching nearer to the enemy and having to receive its fire. I do not know that any one has ever invented a system of warfare which is perfectly safe. It is known now to be possible to make a machine that will actually fly at a very high velocity; so nothing remains to be done except to learn how to manoeuvre it. In view of the decided advantage which a flying-machine would give its possessor over an enemy, I do not think that in case of war European nations would hesitate to employ them even if one-half of the men navigating them were killed. At the present time no difficulty is ever found in getting volunteers to make a torpedo-boat attack upon a man-of-war, something which is infinitely more dangerous than navigating a flying-machine would be, as the latter might be painted black and make its attack at night or in a fog, when it would be quite impossible for the enemy to strike back. War, at best, is a dangerous game, and those entering upon it are playing with dangerous instruments, whether they are guns, dynamite, or flying-machines."

IRELAND.

Mr. Michael Davitt will, it is said, oppose Mr. T. W. Russell at the next general election. A convention of Ulster tenant farmers has been called in Belfast in the month of October with the view of supporting the general policy advocated by Mr. T. W. Russell.

A lamentable drowning accident has occurred off Melmore Head, County Donegal, and two fishermen, named Patrick and Frank Boyle, father and son, were returning in a curroch from the lobster fishing, when it capsized. The father endeavored to save his son, but was seized by him and dragged under, both being drowned. The bodies have been recovered.

Last week (writes a correspondent of the Spectator) I asked a Cavan laboring man how far it was to a place for which I was bound. "Two miles, your raverence." "Two miles and a little more?" said I, knowing by long experience that my countrymen don't like to discourage a traveller by letting him know that he has still a long walk before him. "Well, your raverence, it's two miles sthrong and rich, so to spake."

SCOTLAND.

A very handsome turret clock has just been fitted up at Mar Lodge. It is a memento from the Prince of Wales commemorative of his many visits to Mar Lodge.

The Duke of Hamilton has appointed Mr. John Sinclair, author of "Notes on the Historical Apartments of Edinburgh Castle," and of numerous historical and antiquarian contributions to the Weekly Scotsman, to be keeper of the Picture Gallery and Lord Darnley's Rooms in Holyrood House.

A Glasgow doctor in his holograph will leave the whole of his estate to his two sisters, and then inserts this extraordinary clause: "To my wife, as a recompense for deserting and leaving me in peace, I expect the said sister Elizabeth to make her a gift of ten shillings sterling to buy a handkerchief to weep in after my decease."

While workmen were making the new approach to the mansion-house of Pittyvaich, Dufftown, they discovered two small copper coins. The one was a Marcus Aurelius, A.D., 160-180, struck at Rome, having on the obverse the head of the Emperor, and on the reverse three trophies. The other was struck at Alexandria in the middle of the third century, and bears on the reverse the figure of Peace.

The Duke of Richmond presented new colors recently at Glasgow to the 92nd Gordon Highlanders. This famous regiment, one of the few distinctively Scottish that still wear the kilt, is now celebrating its centenary. The 92nd bore its flag to victory in the wars of the Peninsula, when it was specially thanked by Sir John Moore, and at Waterloo, where it successfully beat back column after column of the enemy. Its latest distinction was to take part in the march to Kandahar.

EUROPE.

Mlle. Tartonovski, of Odessa, a Jewess, is the first Russian woman to adopt a trade hitherto confined to men. The Trades Council in Odessa have awarded her the diploma of Master Watchmaker; she learned the business at Kiel.

It is believed that a marriage will take place next year between Princess Alexandria of Coburg, third daughter of the Duke and Duchess of Coburg, and the Duke George of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, who inherited the vast estates and half of the immense fortune of his mother the Grand Duchess Catherine Michaelovna, who died at St. Petersburg a few months ago. Duke George was born in June 1859, and Princess Alexandria will celebrate her sixteenth birthday on September 1.

The Louvre has just bought for 10,000 francs a little wooden statue of a woman, dating from the 18th Dynasty, which, in the opinion of M. Maspero, is the most remarkable bit of sculpture found in Egypt during the century. It represents a woman of the period in a transparent gauze robe. It is in a marvellous state of preservation.

The unusual sight of a crocodile on the banks of a French river is to be seen at Rennes. A local magnate bought a crocodile from the proprietor of a menagerie, which visited the district last month and placed the animal in a lake in his park. After a few days it disappeared, and on Sunday it was seen disporting itself in the river Vilaine, not far from the town of Rennes. Measures were at once taken to effect its capture, but at the time the report was despatched they had not been successful.

In order to commemorate the marriage of his daughter, the Czar has issued a ukase directing the foundation of an Educational Establishment for women, bearing the name of "Xenia Institute." In this ukase His Majesty says: "We have thought it right, in order to mark the day of our beloved daughter's wedding by a useful work, to found a new educational and training institute for women, in which the daughters of our faithful subjects who, by reason of service to the State or by birth, have acquired the status of nobility, but who may not have the necessary means for bringing up their children, may receive a private general education, and under the direction of experienced teachers, may obtain such practical knowledge as renders woman useful to her own family, and enables the members of her sex who may not possess the happiness of family life to make an honest living in these times of demand for female labor." The palace of the late Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholaievitch, the elder, has been given up for the new Institute, and the sum of 400,000 roubles has been assigned for effecting the necessary structural alterations, while 500,000 roubles will be devoted to the creation of a Pension Fund for the teachers and employes of the Institute. A further sum of 125,000 roubles for the maintenance of the establishment will be paid annually, says Reuter, from the funds of the Imperial Treasury.

Of the thirty Anarchists who were tried recently in Paris the two most important were Jean Grave and Sebastien Faure, and the decision of the authorities not to permit the publication of their examination has caused a considerable amount of public disappointment, and an outburst of indignation in the radical press. The special correspondent of the London Times says: "It is difficult for one who was present and interested in the spectacle of two men of superior training arguing with eloquence and irony, and, indeed, with the disdain of the fanatic, not to feel a certain irritation at not being allowed to report the striking examination of Jean Grave and Sebastien Faure, and it is possible to feel this while having at the same time full sympathy with the decision of the court. In comparison with these men most of the other prisoners do not count. Any one who has read Grave's book knows how great were the talents put at the service of the most abominable of doctrines. Sebastien Faure's eloquence and abilities are of an equally unusal order among Anarchists. It was undoubtedly owing to a sense of the especially 'suggestive' quality of the utterances of these men that the court to-day applied the new anti-Anarchist law with such rigor. These gifted professors of anarchy thus find themselves deprived of an unrivalled means of spreading their doctrines." The official indictment describes Graves as the real author of the anarchist idea.

The mystery of the Rue Moret Paris is still unsolved. A. M. Chose rented an apartment for some months at 28 Rue Moret. He had many callers, all of them women, heavily veiled. He spoke to none of the other lodgers, and they remarked that he even took great pains to avoid them. He seemed to be a man of a very excitable temperament. Suddenly, one day, M. Chose gave notice to the landlord, paid him in full and moved away without leaving his address. Day before yesterday the landlord, showing the empty apartment to a visitor, saw that it had not been put in order by the concierge, and instructed her to attend to it at once. The concierge, in sweeping the kitchen, noticed a loose plank in the floor, which, out of curiosity, she lifted. After a glimpse of what lay beneath she let it fall and ran shrieking from the room. When the police came they took up the board and found a portion of a dismembered human body; a tibia, a thigh bone and two forearms with hands attached. This human debris was carried to M. Bordes, Commissaire of Police, Rue Lacharriere, who at first inclined to the belief that they belonged to some medical student. But M. Chose was neither a physician nor surgeon, and the story of the mysterious veiled visitors awakened the Commissaire's suspicions. The ghastly find has been sent to the Morgue and a searching investigation begun, but the taciturn tenant of No. 28 seems to have vanished as utterly as if he had never been.

Howell's Love for Tennyson.

I have never ceased to adore Tennyson, though the rapture of the new convert could not last, writes William Dean Howells in his literary autobiography, under the title "My Literary Passions," in the September Ladies' Home Journal. That must pass like the flush of any other passion. I think I have now a better sense of his comparative greatness but a better sense of his positive greatness I could not have had than I had at the beginning; and I believe this is the essential knowledge of a poet. It is very well to say one is greater than Keats, or not so great as Wordsworth; that one is or is not of the highest sort of poets like Shakespeare and Dante and Goethe; but that does not mean anything of value, and I never find my account in it. I know it is not possible for any less than the greatest writer to abide lastingly in one's life. Some dazzling comer may enter and possess it for a day, but he soon wears his welcome out, and presently finds the door, to be answered with a not-at-home if he knocks again. But it was only this morning that I read one of the new last poems of Tennyson with a return of the emotion which he first woke in me well nigh forty years ago. There has been no year of those many when I have not read him and loved him with something of the early fire if not all the early conflagration, and each successive poem of his has been for me a fresh joy.

LOSS OF THE FLEET

AN IMAGINARY NAVAL BATTLE WELL DESCRIBED.

An Encounter in the Mediterranean Between French and English.

In the last Pall Mall Budget there is the following graphic description of an imaginary naval battle in the Mediterranean:

When the declaration of war surprised England, I happened to be at Malta, and at once, as the cables had not yet been cut, telegraphed for authorization to act as your correspondent. The answer appointing me as your representative had barely arrived when the wire was severed. Admiral Seymour most courteously gave me a place on board the Sansparell, which was to put to sea with the rest of the fleet that night, and endeavor to form a junction at Gibraltar with the Channel Squadron.

The events of the next forty-eight hours may be passed over. Suffice it to say that, early on the third morning after leaving Malta, our ten battleships and six cruisers sighted a large French fleet of twenty ironclads, with numerous cruisers and torpedo-boats, heading straight for us. Owing to our short supplies of coal at Malta, and the fact that there was little to be had at Gibraltar, we had had to economise by diminishing our speed. The French had won the first move, and cut us off from the Channel Squadron. I went on deck to see the ship cleared for action. The boats and other encumbrances were stowed away, the ventilators forward removed, the huge turret revolved, and the 110-ton guns were loaded. The plan of action had been settled beforehand, and the captain addressed a few stirring words to the crew, reminding them that on them alone rested the hope of England. At the same instant, from the flagship came the signal: "Ships to engage the enemy with the gun. No surrender." The men, with a loud cheer, filed to their posts, and the huge monster throbbed and quivered in all its beams, as if its breath were quickened by these brave words. We knew that we were outnumbered two to one, but were resolved to fight to the last.

THE DISPOSITIONS.

Seven ironclads were in front, formed in an irregular triangle. The Hood, with the Admiral, led the way; then followed the Nile and Trafalgar; next the Rodney and ourselves; then came the Camperdown. The enemy were now but four miles distant, their ships close together, in line abreast. The sea was blue and still, and the sun strong. Peace was upon nature, as if in contrast to the approaching struggle of men.

We were rushing through the water at the rate of fifteen knots an hour, the smoke pouring from the funnel, the stokeholds screwed down, and all possible compartments closed. No longer as in the brave days of old could the men gain courage from the gallant bearing of their captain and comrades. They were scattered far apart in little companies in the twilight of the clanking iron vaults; while, deep below, the stokers and engineers could not know what was happening in the clear air of day. Theirs it was to die without the bracing excitement of the struggle; and nobly they answered to their country's call.

The captain took his lonely station of danger in the conning-tower; his navigation officer only by his side. I made my way through the dim passages to the turret. The great guns were run out and the crew were eagerly watching—some the dial that told the range, some the enemy through the gun ports. A roar from ahead told us that the Hood had already opened the ball; and as the pointer touched two thousand yards our quick-firers instantly rang out, and the ship reverberated their fierce uproar. But our role was not yet to be played. We were to stand and wait till a miss with our huge guns was impossible. And now a different sound broke on our ears, a sound like the rattle of pebbles beaten on the shore by a stormy sea, as the surf of projectiles smote on our works. The ship was alive with bursting shells forward—and oh! how slowly the pointer travelled on the dial! No longer were the men looking out of the two ports. They were in their firing positions, but two had already fallen victims to the enemy's bullets. The turret changed and reeled under the heavy blows; the officer at the sighting-hole for the right gun fell, killed by the jar of a shell against the armour close to his head—killed, too, without a scratch.

OPENING FIRE.

At last, after hours it seemed to me, the pointer reached 900 yards, when the long-looked-for signal came and the two huge monsters delivered their two tons of metal at the foe with a shock which made the whole ship reel, and a noise as the noise of the last trumpet. Back flew the polished steel breaches; the hydraulic mechanism caught them and opened them as they fell towards the floor. The turret spun round to the loading position; the loading tray was raised to its place, and the rammers drove the huge shells home. The powder was but just in the gun when a small shell entered the turret through a gun-port and burst with a fearful crash, filling the confined space with a poisonous stench. I was sheltered by the breach of one of the huge weapons, so I was but scorched; but when the smoke cleared away four shapeless masses of battered flesh were stretched on the turret-floor, and two more, grievously hurt and moaning in their agony, were being passed down to the cock-pit. But now duty and curiosity combined led me out of the comparative safety of the turret towards the turmoil of the upper deck. All this time I had seen nothing of the enemy. Just as I left the turret the guns were fired once more, shaking the ship so that I wondered that she held together. The long passages were darker than ever, and an indescribable reek of melinite filled the vessel. The electric light was extinguished, and the speed was perceptibly slower. As in the twilight of the early hours the heartbeat of the dying man grows ever feebler and feebler with approaching death, so the ship's pulsations halted more and more before impending destruction. The huge colossus was instinct with strange noises—the cry of men in the bitter agony of death and the uproar of bursting shells being the dominant keynotes above the crunch of subsiding ironwork. Never have I felt so awful a sensation as in that Cimmerian blackness, where the tragedy of so many poor fellows' lives was being played out so pitifully. Blood and smoke and fumes of shells were everywhere. I emerged from the armoured redoubt into the light of day; but what a sight met my eyes on the deck!

A DYING IRONCLAD.

The ship was changed—changed, I repeat, entirely from its former semblance into a smoking heap of girders. The bullets plashed round me, but I hardly thought of them, so great was my amazement. The funnels were gone, the superstructure swept away, and the trim boats that rested on it a heap of splinters. The mast had fallen, and the bodies of the sailors in the tops lay heavily upon the deck. Forward beyond the conning-tower the ship was laid clean open, while the constant bursts of flame tossing human and iron fragments this way and that, told of an unceasing rain of projectiles. As I looked, I saw the great turret dissolve into fire and smoke with a shock like the shock of an earthquake. But what took my attention and caught my breath, so that I declare I could not have looked round for my life, or moved, for all the horrors that were about me, was a huge French ship, broadside on, straight before us, vomitting forth fire from her battered works, her scuppers running blood, and towering high above us, with turret piled on turret. Like ourselves she was down at the bows, and going dead slow, but our captain was heading straight for her—and would he strike her? Slowly our bows neared her monstrous sides, which seemed for years to go whirling along past us through the blood-red sea. A roar close to me, and a fearful shock, could not avert my gaze. I felt the warm blood trickle down my cheeks, as, with a crash that made the ship sway like a drunken man, our ram caught her at last. I was flung to the seamed and pitted deck as another shock, followed by a terrible lurch, told me that we too had been rammed. I looked round, dazed and stupid through the violence of the blow and the effect of my wound, to see the bows of another mammoth come half-way across the deck, and back out. Our ship, still firing, sank slowly, entangled in our first enemy, lower and lower then gave a great lurch once more, and conquered and conqueror sank in a watery embrace. I knew no more.

When I recovered consciousness I found myself on a French torpedo-boat, and learned from its crew the grievous yet glorious news of our defeat. Grievous it was, for of the ten ironclads but two escaped. Glorious, too, for eleven of the victors' battleships had followed our heroes to their grave in the deep.

TALKS ON ASTRONOMY.

The Phases of the Moon.

The phases or changes of the moon are not easy to understand unless some one takes the trouble to explain them to you. Next time you see the moon I would like you to remember all that I shall tell you in my talk to-day. Since the moon does not shine by its own light, but by the light from the sun, we are only able to see that part of the moon on which the sun is shining and the part which happens to be turned towards the earth. When the moon is between the earth and the sun (new moon) the side presented to us is dark and we cannot then see the moon. For instance, if a candle be placed upon a table and a round ball be held between its flame and the eye the eye only rests upon the half of the ball which is not illuminated by the candle, and the half of the ball which is shining in the candlelight is not seen because it is turned from us. To return to the moon. We see later on a part of the sunlit surface and the moon appears like a thin crescent of light, but still the greater part turned towards us is dark. Still later we see the moon as a half circle of light, and when the greater part of the face turned towards us is light, we see the moon more than a circle of light. The moon seems swollen, as it were, and it is then that it is called gibbous, which is a scientific word meaning swollen. The next time we see the moon the sunlit half is turned directly towards us and we see the moon as a full globe of light. Now, here is something which may puzzle my little readers. How can the light on the full moon at night come from the sun? Is not the earth in the way? As it happens, though, the path of the moon is tilted so that at the time of full moon the sun shines over the top of the earth on to the moon. Suppose a line joining the earth and the sun, the moon would be above this line. At new moon the moon will be under the line joining the earth and the sun.

Now, here is the way a learned professor I know explains the phases or changes of the moon when he is talking to little folks. He takes a white ball four or five inches in diameter. An india-rubber ball will do, but it must be painted a clear white. Make a small hole in the ball, and thrust in a short stick for a handle. The ball will represent the moon, your head represents the earth, your two eyes watching the moon are two learned astronomers, while a lamp placed on the table will represent the sun. Now, twirl your ball around slowly towards the left, and its surface will show a sharply defined crescent, showing the moon as we first see it. Continue to revolve the ball around your head and you will see successively the "half moon" (first quarter), the "gibbous moon," the "full moon," the "waning moon," "third quarter," and, finally, the reversed crescent, back to conjunction again. By taking a group of boys and girls into the circle with you, and making them stand close by your side, they can all observe the "changes of the moon" for themselves. You must tell them that their heads represent the earth, the ball the moon, the lighted lamp the sun, and their eyes so many little astronomers gazing up into the evening sky. To insure success you must have a dark room, a bright light and a large white ball with an unpolished surface.

MARY PROCTOR.

None Left the Ranks.

During the revolutionary war the troops under Col. McLane's command were suffering for provisions and clothing and Congress had been repeatedly petitioned for that relief which was not in its power to bestow. Under these circumstances Col. McLane paraded his band of suffering soldiers, who were about going into winter quarters at Valley Forge, and addressed them as follows: "Fellow soldiers, you have served your country faithfully and truly. We have fought hard fights together against a hard enemy. You are in a bad way for comfortable clothes, and it almost makes me cry to see you tracking your half-frozen, bloody feet on the cold ground. But Congress can't help it, nor can I. Now if any of you want to return home, to leave the army at such a time as this, you can go. Let those who would like to go step out four paces in front. But—the first man who steps out—if I don't shoot him, my name is not McLane!" It was needless to add that not a single "volunteer for home" was to be found in the ranks.—San Francisco Argonaut.

COREA'S CAPITAL.

A WONDERFUL CITY INHABITED BY STRANGE PEOPLE.

The Walls of Seoul and Their Iron-Clad Doors—The Streets.

Frank G. Carpenter, the American journalist, now in the Orient, has been giving an entertaining account of Seoul, the capital of Corea. It is 26 miles inland from its seaport, Chemulpo, with which it is connected by a rough waggon road. Chemulpo is the place at which Seoul gets all its provisions. It is now the liveliest little city of Asia. There are something like two-score gunboats in its harbor, and the Japanese have all told twenty-eight gunboats and transports there. The harbor is large and land-locked by islands. The tide has an enormous rise and fall, often as high as thirty feet, and boats which get close to the town are left on the mud when the tide goes out. A great part of the war has to be fought on Corean soil, and Seoul will be ground between the upper and the nether mill-stones. It may be wiped out of existence. If so, the most curious city on the face of the globe will pass away.

I despair, says Mr. Carpenter, of giving you an accurate idea of the Corean capital, it is so different from any other city on the face of the globe. It is such a mass of the beautiful and the ugly, of civilization and barbarism, of the old and the new, that I don't know how to describe it. Take its situation. It lies in a great basin surrounded by mountains, which in some places are as rugged as the wildest peaks of the Rockies, and which in others have all the beautiful verdure of the Alleghanies or the Catskills.

The basin below is just about large enough to contain the town, and a great gray wall from thirty to forty feet high runs along the sides of these hills, bounding the basin and mounting here and there almost to the tops of the lower mountains. It scales one hill of at least 1,000 feet in height, and this wall incloses the whole city. It was built in nine months by an army of 200,000 workmen, about 500 years ago, and it is a piece of solid masonry, consisting of two thick walls of granite packed down in the middle with earth and stones. Its top is so wide that two carriages could easily be driven about it, and it has, on the side facing the country, a crenellated battlement, with holes large enough for its defenders to shoot through with arrows. There are no cannon upon it, and it will be no means of defense against the batteries of the Chinese or the Japs in the present struggle. Its only use in late years has been to keep out the tigers and leopards. This wall is more than six miles in legth. It is pierced by eight gates, the arches of which are as beautifully laid and cut as those of any stone work you will find in the United States. Each of these great arches has a curved roof of black tiles. This rests upon carved wooden pillars, which rise above the tops of the walls and which form watch-towers for the soldiers. Over the great south gate, the main entrance to the capital, there are two such roofs, one above the other, which are guarded at their corners by miniature demons of porcelain, who seem to be crawling along the edges of the structure. It would not take much more than a gatling gun to batter down the heavy doors by which these arches are closed. These doors are bigger than those of any barn in our country. They are swung on pivots made by pins fitting into the masonry at the top and the bottom. They are sheathed with plates of iron riveted on with big bolts, and until now the common Coreans have believed them a defense against the enemy.

Inside this great wall, within this setting of mountains, lies the city of Seoul. It is a town bigger than Cincinnati, Cleveland, Louisville, Washington, Buffalo, or Detroit. It contains more than 300,000 people, and it has scarcely a house that is more than one story high. It is a city of wide streets and narrow, winding alleys. It is a city of thatched huts and tiled one-story buildings. On one side of it are the palaces of the king. They cover an area as large as that of a thousand-acre farm, and they are massive one-story buildings surrounded by great walls and laid out with all the regularity of a city. As you stand on the walls of Seoul and look over this medley of buildings, your first impression is that you are in the midst of a vast hayfield, interspersed here and there with tiled barns, and the three biggest streets that cut through these myriad haycocks look like a road through the fields. You note the shape of the thatched houses. They are all formed like horseshoes with the heel of the shoe resting on the street. The roofs are tied on with strings, and the thatch has grown old, and under the soft light of the setting sun it assumes the rich color of brown plush, and there is a velvety softness to the whole. As you look closer, you see that the city is divided up into streets, and that these narrow and widen and twist and turn, without regularity or order. One part of the city is made almost entirely of tiled buildings. These are the homes of the swells, and over there not far from the gate above one such building you see on the top of a staff the American flag. That is the establishment of our legation to Corea, and the cozy little compounds about it are the residences of the missionaries and of the other forcigners who reside in Seoul.

Come down town and take a walk with me through the city. There are no pavements on the streets and you look in vain for gas lamps or the signs of an electric light. This city of 300,000 people is entirely without sanitary arrangements. There are no waterworks, except the Corean water carrier, who, with a pole across his back, takes up the whole sidewalk as he carries two buckets of water along with him through the streets. The clouds are left to do the sprinkling of the highways, save where here and there a householder takes a dipper and ladles out the sewer fluid to lay the dust. All the slops of each house run into ditches along the sidewalk. Mixed with the smell from the sewage is the smoke. This comes out of chimneys about two feet above the ground, which jut out from the walls of the houses into the streets. Fit a stovepipe into your house at a parallel with the floor of the porch and you have the average Corean chimney. At certain hours of the morning and evening each of these chimneys vomits forth the smoke of the straw which the people use for the fires for their cooking and the air becomes blue. The doors to the houses along the street are more like those of a table or barn than the entrances to residences. They are very rude and in the bottom of each is cut a hole for the dog. Such doors as are open give no insight to the homes of the people, and I was in Seoul for some time before I knew that these doors facing the street were merely the entrance gates to large compounds or yards in which were very comfortable buildings. I thought that the nobles lived in these thatched huts. They are in reality only the quarters of the servants, and the homes of the better classes contain many rooms, and are in some cases almost as well fitted for comfort as those of our own. These houses along the streets have no windows to speak of. There are under the roof little openings about a foot square. These are filled with lattice and backed with paper. They permit the light to come in, but you cannot see through them. Here and there I noted a little eyehole of glass as big around as a red cent, and as I go through the streets I find now and then a liquid black ball surrounded by the cream-colored buttonhole which forms the eyelids of a Corean maiden, looking out.

MAXIM'S FLYING MAN.

Possibility of Its Early Adaptation to Air Travel.

"London to Paris in one hour—no stoppages"—sounds like a curious announcement, but in the near future there is a probability that the front sheets of the daily papers will promulgate some such advertisement. For the past few years Mr. Maxim has been busy near Bexley in perfecting a machine capable of propelling itself through the air with passengers, etc., under the control of competent engineers. The first actual trial of this ingenious contrivance took place last week with the result that Mr. Maxim and two of his men traveled through the air a distance of about 500 feet at the rate of something like forty-five miles an hour, and might have compassed a much longer journey but for a fault in construction which nothing but an actual trial could have revealed to the inventor.

The flying machine in question is a platform over 100 feet wide, with four side sails, and, seen in the air, will give the impression of an enormous bird propelling itself by means of four wings instead of two. The motive power is derived from two large two-bladed screws, driven by two compound engines, which, in proportion to their weight, are the most powerful that has ever been made, the fuel employed being gasoline. The total weight of the machine on the day of last week's trial was 8,000 pounds, but the engines had been calculated to give a lifting power of 10,000 pounds, and this caused the slight accident which brought the experiment to a compulsory conclusion.—London Truth.

AN EXPLODED BELIEF.

Proof That Women Can Sharpen Pencils After All.

Among what are supposed to be the few universally admitted truths is this: A woman cannot sharpen a lead pencil. It seems to be almost what the ministerial brotherhood would call "unsettling" to say it, but this is not a truth after all, even if it is universally admitted, a woman can sharpen a lead pencil. There is in a far down-town office a charming young woman, as many such there be in far down-town offices. The other day a visitor noticed that her pencil was exceptionally well sharpened.

"Who sharpens your lead pencils for you?" inquired the visitor.

"Nobody—do it myself," answered the young lady with great decision.

The visitor arched his eyebrows and looked as incredulous as he knew how.

"If you don't believe it I'll sharpen yours for you," said the young lady with a note of defiance in her voice.

The visitor produced a somewhat battered looking pencil which he had just borrowed from a friend. She took it in her left hand with the point aimed at the ceiling, and then from some mysterious place in her desk produced one of the most formidable carpenter's chisels which it had ever been the lot of the visitor to meet. It must have been at least sixteen inches long, and the blade could not have been less than an inch and a quarter wide. Without the least hesitation she applied the chisel to the pencil and began shaving off slices of wood around the point. Before the visitor regained control of his organs of speech she handed the pencil back to him, sharpened better than he could have done it himself.

"Are we or are we not fit to vote?" asked the young lady, archly.

"Vote!" cried the astonished visitor, "Why you are fit to conduct a ward primary."

And the young lady put her chisel away and smiled with a superior air.

The Vicar and His Domestics.

A parochial magazine, edited by the vicar of a little village in the south of England, recently contained an announcement to this effect: "This is to give notice that the Vicar will in the future take legal proceedings against any one whom he finds gossiping about the domestic arrangements at the vicarage. It is not true that there have been seven cooks at the vicarage during the past six months, and there is not a word of foundation for the widely circulated rumor that the lady of the household and her servants are at variance. As a matter of fact, the relations between them were never more satisfactory."—London Telegraph.

How Sala Began.

Will not one of the periodicals which live on extracts reprint G. A. Sala's once famous sketch, "The Key of the Street?" The veteran journalist tells it "Things I Have Seen and People I Have Known" (Cassell & Co.) how he came to write this bit which started him on his career as a writer. He was a poor engraver, he says, in London in 1851 when he found himself accidentally locked out of his humble apartment. He walked the streets until morning, and when he related his experiences to his partner (another engraver) the latter suggested that Sala write a sketch of his experiences. Sala sent this, his first bit of copy, to Charles Dickens, who was conducting Household Words. "Within four hours of the dispatch of my manuscript I received a letter from Charles Dickens, for which I would now willingly give pieces of gold and pieces of silver. He said he had read my 'Key of the Street,' that he retained it for early publication, and as some of my experiences had been of a nature approaching the horrible—he had made a few alterations in it so as not to shock young and lady readers. With this letter came a Bank of England note for £5—the largest sum I had ever earned by a single article. So you will see it was through a sheer accident—or was it through beneficent fate—that I renewed my acquaintance with Charles Dickens, and that I entered upon a career of journalism which I have pursued without intermission for forty-two years."

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

London's Wonderful New Tower.

At Wembley Park, which is about six miles from the heart of London, there is in the course of erection at the present time a tower, the total height of which will be 1,150 feet—175 feet higher than the Eiffel tower. Unlike the latter tower, which gazes down on the houses and roofs of the crowded city, the Wembley Tower crowns an eminence of the beautiful Wembley Park, affording a lovely view of the surrounding country.

A few years ago the building of such towers as these would be impossible. It is only with the new method of handling steel and iron girders that such structures can be successfully got up. Over one hundred and fifty men are now employed fitting pieces of the tower together, and it is wonderful what rapid progress they make. The foundations which have to support such tremendous weight above them have to be laid in place and kept there for a long time to allow for the settling in the earth. There are four legs at the base and each leg is composed of four smaller legs, or, better, feet. These rest on tremendous foundations that were placed in position over two years ago. These foundations are made of stone and concrete, upon which are fastened the iron plates to which the legs are attached. The material of which the tower proper is composed is called "mild steel."

Wise Animals.

If men were not too proud to learn from animals they might be warned of many dangers. It was noticed for several days before the terrible earthquake in the Riviera a few years ago that the horses in that district acted very strangely. They would stop suddenly, and for no apparent reason would tremble violently from head to foot. When the disaster came, those who had noticed the terror of the animals concluded that they must have heard subterranean noises or felt a trembling of the earth so slight that men had not perceived it. It has also been stated that the birds took flight from Hamburg a few days previous to the cholera epidemic in that city two years ago, and it is supposed that they found the air pestilential.

YOUNGEST RAILWAY MANAGER.

He is a Minnesota Boy, and is President of an Electric Road.

Little Archie Cowley, of Dellwood, Minn., is probably the youngest railway manager in the world. Archie is but seven years old, yet he controls an entire electrical railroad. It is true that the road is but one-tenth of a mile in length, nevertheless it is fitted out just as completely as any road that is run by grown persons. Archie is president, secretary, conductor, brakeman and motorman, while his sisters and playmates are the passengers. The road was built for Archie by his father, who is a St. Paul banker.

There are three cars on the road—one motor car and two passenger cars. Each car is five feet long and two feet wide. It is not a trolley road. Instead of a trolley wire there is a long strip of iron which lies between the tracks and supplies the electricity which makes the cars move along. On the motor car is the rheostat, which is an arrangement for controlling the electric current. By using it Archie can make his cars move along as fast or as slow as he pleases. On this car also are the motor and the brake, and also the reversing switch which makes the cars move backward.

At the end of the road is the power-house where the electricity is produced. The electric current comes from a small dynamo, which is driven by a petroleum engine. There is also a shed where the cars are stored in night and in winter time. In the power-house everything is arranged just the same as if it was a large station run by a regular company.

But Archie is the company in this case. His road is on the hill by the side of White Bear Lake, and he is the only boy in that region who is able to go coasting in summer time. He himself will tell you, the best of all is, that in this kind of coasting you do not have to walk back up the hill. The electricity pulls you up. Archie is very proud of his road, and spends the day carrying his sisters and their dolls along the road. He can stop any place on the way, so he pretends there are several stations, and his sisters get out. Then he takes them up again when he comes back, and collects make-believe money from them. They all have a very good time riding on the cars, and Archie is learning a great deal about electricity.

Japanese Proverbs.

Here are some Japanese proverbs. See how like they are to some of our own, for there's nothing new, after all, under the sun. In the freshest and youngest of hearts you will even find things the world knew all about hundreds and thousands of years ago.

"Fortune will call at the smiling gate," says the Japanese proverb. Doesn't that seem like our own "Fortune favors the brave?" I think I like ours better, though; don't you?

"If the mind is clear," says another, "even in a dark room there will be radiance; if the thought is dark, at noonday there will be demons."

"If you want to hurry up, go around," says still another.

"Make haste slowly," one of the wisest teachers I know is always saying.

"What is to-day your neighbor's lot, to-morrow may be your own." "Good behavior obliterates ugliness." "Beauty is only one layer." "The fish that escapes from the hook is always the largest."

How good these are! but like many of ours, as you can readily see.

Everything Has its Use.

Did you ever watch a wasp flying near the ceiling of a country kitchen? You might think it is a useless insect and ought to be killed before it has a chance to sting anyone. A little more watching will show you that you are wrong. Wasps will help rid the place of flies. They sting the flies insensible, carry them off to their cells and either eat them or deposit them for the young to feed on. Out of doors wasps kill the flies that injure fruit trees by laying eggs in the buds and causing ugly exerescences on the trees or worms in the fruit. In this way one thing fits into another, so that if you kill a wasp at one time of year you may find worms in your apples at another. Everything has a use if you only look for it. Toads keep insects off of garden plants, and snails act as scavengers in water. When they are put in an aquarium they not only clear the water of all decaying stuff, but they keep the glass clean by crawling over it.

Early Christian Milkmen.

St. Irenœus—one of the very early fathers of the church—in the second century after Christ, writes as follows: "As was said by one, concerning all who in any way deprave the things of God and adulterate the truth, 'it is evil mingling gypsum with milk.'" Some have thought that St. Peter, when he used the expression in his epistle "the sincere milk of the word," means "unadulterated" milk. Certainly the Greek word which means in one version we translate "sincere," would bear this interpretation.

SUMMER ON THE EBB.

Premonitory Signs of Autumn to Be Observed in Vegetation and Birds.

Perhaps there is no marked difference in the aspects of nature in the last week of July and the first week of August, but there does begin to be a change before the first week of August has melted into the second. There are singing insects in July and there are still a few singing birds in the first week of August, but by the second week of August nature's chorus is of insects rather than of birds, by night rather than by day. That is really the most noticeable change in the fortnight covered by the last week of July and the first week of August.

The insect chorus is the premonitory symptom of autumn; the silence of the falling leaves. The insect chorus is a marvel of tirelessness. It goes on all night in ceaseless undertone, like the grinding of ill-greased machinery, punctuated at intervals by the sharp sry of the katydid.

Meanwhile there are a hundred other indications that summer is upon its ebb. One can no longer note from week to week the growth of vegetation. Unreaped fields of grass have run to seed in pale golden browns. The Virginia creeper has lost the exuberance of May and June, and begins to be a little ragged. There are ripening seeds everywhere, and fruits swollen to great size in readiness for nature's harvest. The last touch of youth has disappeared from the forest tops. Within the depths of the woodland are tangled bowers of grape and clematis. The cow paths that were new-trodden in May have become hard and almost dusty. They penetrate the woodland in every direction, diving deep into thickets in vain search of the streams that dwindled and dwindled until the annual July drought drank them dry.

The woodland bears evidence in all directions of the season's accidents. There are broken limbs here and there, and many seared leaves, stung by insects that thus provided a home for their larvae. That, if nothing else, would serve to distinguish August from the earlier summer months. Everything, animal and vegetable, speaks of a time of coming maturity.

The conduct of the birds is a thing to watch and wonder at. They seem if anything, more numerous than two months ago; but they have an air of preoccupation with material things. They have no time for singing and lovemaking. Great fat robins are bounding about the lawns in search of food and quarrelling in the trees. The catbird is mewing his ugliest. Sleek, swift cuckoos are moving with easy flight from orchard to woodland, from woodland to orchard, and invisible afar the dove, clad in Quaker costume, with an undertone of worldly pink, and a faint splendor of the rainbow about its throat, is moaning forth soft music. The crested peewee sits high in silence upon a sapling, and suddenly, making a soft, graceful curve in air, seizes the invisible insect, gulps it, and drops to his perch to await another victim. Perhaps the robins and their migratory feathered followers are strengthening themselves with abundant food and daily practice for the coming long flights that shall take them below the frost line. They must know weeks in advance of the coming flight southward, and, knowing its reason, perhaps the melancholy foreboding of frost and the end of summer have silenced their songs. At any rate, sympathetic men and women read the premonitions of autumn in that strange silence.

WHO IS TOM HOGAN?

An Erudite Convict Whose Identity Has Been a Mystery for 21 Years.

"Who is Hogan?" is a question which has troubled prison officers at the southern Illinois penitentiary for eleven years, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Hogan is the brightest convict, intellectually, in the prison, and is one of the most valuable because of his versatility. Interest in Hogan has increased materially since Governor Atgeld, a few days ago, commuted his sentence from forty-eight to twenty-one years, and on next Christmas eve Hogan will transplant his talents to more congenial surroundings.

Thomas Hogan, "Peggy" Ryan and a man named Pritchard were beating their way across the country in 1873, and one day in September they boarded a Chicago & Alton freight train in Greene County, near Carrollton, and found several other tramps in possession, who did not seem to feel flattered by the unexpected addition to their numbers, but rather expressed their disapproval of it. A fight ensued. During the melee one of the tramps was thrown from or fell off the train and was killed. Hogan, Ryan and Pritchard were arrested for murder. They were tramps, without money and without friends, and they were quickly disposed of at the rate of forty-eight years each in the penitentiary.

The prison officers soon recognized Hogan's superior talents, and placed him where he could render valuable service. He took a deep and intelligent interest in every duty assigned to him, and was very quiet, orderly and neat in everything he did. He never gave up a word as to his parents, relatives or home. He never wrote a letter, except to his lawyer, or received one, but it is confidently believed by ex-Deputy Warden Dowell that Hogan is highly connected. He is a college graduate. He proved invaluable to the incoming democrats after the last republican official had been dropped, in the details of prison work, the location of sewers, pipes, drains and other minutiae of the prison economy. Said Warden Baker, speaking of Hogan: "Do we want a translation from the Greek or a Latin inscription, Hogan does it. If any piece of copy is to be written in a copper-plate hand, Hogan does it in the most elegant manner. If we require a trial balance made, Hogan makes it. He is filled with accurate information upon all sorts of subjects, and makes all kinds of calculations with ease, yet he never volunteers to say a word unless asked. He appears to be contented, and applies himself diligently to his duties. He is one of the best prisoners we have."

A correspondent met Hogan in the office yesterday and was greeted by a cordial handshake. "Yes, I am very glad I am going out," he said. "I have been here eleven years, and am anxious for a change. I have had some very warm friends here during that time among the officers, whom I shall be pleased to see again." And he led the conversation away from himself, as if he wished to avoid it. His partners, Ryan and Pritchard, are to go out at the same time.

Belied.

He said: "Thine alabaster brow
I kiss." As if to mock
There was left the taste upon his lips
Of precipitated chalk.
—Detroit Tribune.

A Good Appetite.

Always accompanies good health, and an absence of appetite is an indication of something wrong. The universal testimony given by those who have used Hood's Sarsaparilla, as to its merits in restoring the appetite, and as a purifier of the blood, constitutes the strongest recommendation that can be urged for any medicine.

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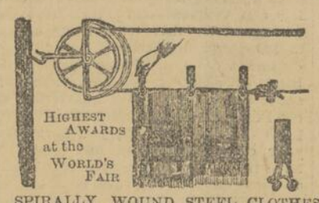

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On Sept. 8 and 10..... 7.00
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10.00 a.m. Limited, daily, except Sunday, arriving in New York at 9.30 p.m. Wagner Parlor Car to New York. Table d'Hote Dinner served in Dining Car from noon until 8.00 p.m.

6.10 p.m. Night Express, daily, arriving in New York at 6.45 a.m. Wagner Buffet vestibule sleeping car through to New York.

Trains make close connection at Troy and Albany, East and West.

New York Through Mails and Express carried via this line.

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Telephone No. 1176.

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6.45 A.M. (except Sunday). Solid train to New York, via the Adirondacks, with Wagner Buffet Parlor Car, arriving at 9.40 p.m.

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Both trains connect at Utica with fast trains for Buffalo, Chicago and the West.

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H. S. PHILPS, Agent, Montreal

Employers of Labor Please Notice.

THE RESCUE AND RELIEF SOCIETY, of the Central Lodging House, 786 Craig Street, Montreal, desires to inform the public generally, and the employers of labor in particular, that very worthy, honest, temperate men can be secured at a moment's call by addressing

Rescue and Relief Society,
786 CRAIG STREET

Telephone 937 "B"5.

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Bombardment of Capes Trinity and Eternity from the decks of the Strs. Carolina and Saguenay.

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This is an opportunity offered to you on Canadian Waters which far surpasses anything of the kind on the globe.

For Quebec, Steamers leave week days at 7 p.m., Sundays at 3 p.m.

From Quebec to the Saguenay, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday.

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on the Quebec Steamers are giving a specia programme this week.

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FARES TO OTTAWA—
Single.....$2.50
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Round Trip, Rail and Boats.... 5.15

STR. SOVEREIGN EXCURSIONS

Daily to Oka, Como, Hudson or Carillon, $1.00
Take 8 a.m. Train to Lachine.
Most pleasant and direct route to the Caledonia Springs.

SHOOT THE RAPIDS.....50c

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Steamer Maud, for Papineauville, Treadwell, Hawkesbury, on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 6.30 p.m.

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E. W. SHEPHERD, Jr.,
Telephone 1029. Manager.

CUNARD LINE.

LANE ROUTE.

New York to Liverpool & Queenstown.

FAST EXPRESS MAIL SERVICE.

Campania.....Sat. Aug. 25, noon
Umbria.....Sat. Sept. 1, 6.30 a.m.
Lucania.....Sat. Sept. 8, noon.
Etruria.....Sat. Sept. 15, 5.30 a.m.
Campania.....Sat. Sept. 22, 10.30 a.m.
Umbria.....Sat. Sept. 29, 5.30 a.m.
Lucania.....Sat. Oct. 6, 10.30 a.m.
Etruria.....Sat. Oct. 13, 3.00 p.m.

EXTRA SAILING—
Aurania.....Tue. Sept. 11, 2.00 p.m.

RATES OF PASSAGE

Cabin, $60 and upwards. Second cabin, $35 $40, $45, according to steamer and accommodation.

Steerage tickets to and from all parts of Europe at very low rates.

Through Bills of Lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and passage apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling Green, New York.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO., General Agents.

THOMAS WILSON, Agent, 30 St. Francois Xavier street.
Or to J. Y. GILMOUR & CO., 354 St. Paul street, Montreal.

Dominion Line

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

Liverpool Service via Londonderry

Steamer — From Montreal. — From Quebec
Vancouver.... Aug. 25, day'l'g't Aug. 26, 9 a.m
Oregon..... Sept. 1, 11 p.m. Sept. 2, 2 p.m
Sarnia..... Sept. 8, 11 p. m. Sept. 9, 2 p.m
Labrador..... Sept. 15, day'l'g't Sept. 16, 9 a.m
Mariposa..... Sept. 22, 11 p.m. Sept. 23, 2 p.m
Vancouver..... Sept. 29, day'l'g't Sept. 30, 9 a.m
Oregon..... Oct. 6, 11 p.m. Oct. 7, 2 p.m

Bristol Service for Avonmouth Dock from Montreal.

Toronto..... Aug. 23 Memphis..... Sept. 13
Dominion..... Aug. 30 Mexico..... Sept. 20
Hamilton..... Sept. 6 Toronto..... Sept. 20

REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE,

Montreal, or Quebec, to Liverpool or Londonderry: first cabin, $45 to $70; return, $80 to $130, according to steamer and berth; second cabin to Liverpool, Londonderry, Belfast or Glasgow, $30; return, $60.

Steerage to Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Queenstown, Belfast or Glasgow, $15.

Outfits are furnished steerage passengers free

The saloons are large and airy and amidships. Ladies' Rooms and Smoking Rooms have been placed in the most convenient positions; Promenade Decks are very spacious, and every attention is paid to the comfort of passengers.

No passengers carried on Bristol steamers.

No cattle carried on SS. Vancouver and Labrador.

For further information apply to any agent of the Company, or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO., General Agents, Montreal.

A. H. TAYLOR, Russell House Block, Ottawa

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APPLY

Herald Office.

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—THE—

Prince of Table Waters.

For sale at the Clubs, Hotels and leading grocers. Those who wish for a pure and pleasant table water would do well to give it a trial. Endorsed by the leading physicians of Montreal. Telephone orders promptly filled. If your grocer does not keep it, send to

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SHIPPING.

REFORD AGENCIES

DONALDSON LINE.

WEEKLY SERVICE GLASGOW.

Sails from MONTREAL every TUESDAY Morning.

SS Hestia.....3,800 tons.....Aug. 30
SS Amaryntha.....5,000 tons.....Sept. 6
SS Tritonia.....4,400 tons.....Sept. 13
SS Indrani.....3,600 tons.....Sept. 20

BRISTOL SERVICE.

Sailing Regularly to Avonmouth Dock

SS Alcides.....3,500 tons.....Aug. 31
SS Warwick.....3,000 tons.....Sept. 14
SS Concordia.....2,800 tons.....Sept. 28

—AGENTS—
Glasgow.....Donaldson Bros.
Bristol.....Donaldson Bros.

THOMSON : LINE.

LONDON SERVICE.

Sailing from Montreal on or about

SS Hurona.....4,500 tons.....Aug. 25
SS Iona.....4,500 tons.....Sept. 1

EAST COAST SERVICE.

Steamers will be despatched for Aberdeen, Leith, Dundee and Newcastle-on-Tyne at intervals.

SS Escalona.....For Dundee.....Aug. 23
SS Hurona.....For Leith.....Aug. 25
SS Fremona.....For Leith.....Sept. 22

Agents—CAIRNS, YOUNG & NOBLE, Newcastle-on-Tyne; A. LOW, SON & CARTER, 27 Leadenhall street, London, E. C.; W. THOMSON & SONS, Dundee, Scotland

All the vessels of the above lines are A 1, highest class at Lloyds, and have been built expressly for this trade, and possess the most improved facilities for carrying Grain, Butter, Cheese, Eggs and Cattle.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING

Granted by any of the above Lines to any point in

Canada or Western States.

And by any of the Canadian or Western Railways to any point in Great Britain, Ireland or Europe at Lowest Through Rates.

Special attention given to the handling of all perishable and other cargo.

For further particulars apply to

ROBERT REFORD & CO.,
23 & 25 St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL.

Canada Shipping Co.

Beaver Line Steamers

SPRING AND SUMMER SAILINGS.

SEASON 1894.

From Liverpool. — Steamer. — From Montreal.
Sat. June 30....Lake Ontario....Wed., July 18
" July 14....Lake Superior... " Aug. 1
" July 21....Lake Winnipeg.. " Aug. 8
" July 28....Lake Huron..... " Aug. 15
" Aug. 4....Lake Ontario.... " Aug. 22
" Aug. 18....Lake Superior... " Sept. 5
" Aug. 25....Lake Winnipeg. " Sept. 12
" Sept. 1....Lake Huron..... " Sept. 19
" Sept. 8....Lake Ontario.... " Sept. 26
" Sept. 22....Lake Superior... " Oct. 10
And weekly thereafter.

The Saloon accommodation is fitted throughout with all the most modern improvements for the comfort of passengers. There are bath and smoke rooms; also ladies' saloon. The staterooms are very large, all outside, and have the best of ventilation.

Excellent accommodation for second cabin and steerage passengers.

Steerage passengers are now supplied with bedding and the necessary eating and drinking utensils for use on the voyage free of charge.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN, *$40, $50 and $60 single; *$80, $90 and $110 return. SECOND CABIN, $30 single and $60 return. STEERAGE, to London, Liverpool, Londonderry, Glasgow, $15.

*$40 single and $80 return cabin rates by Lake Winnipeg only.

Steamers sail at daybreak, passengers embarking the evening previous after 8 o'clock.

Through tickets can be obtained by the Beaver Line to and from all points in Canada United States and Great Britain and Ireland.

Through Bills of Lading are granted for freight to and from all points by most direct routes.

For freight and other particulars apply: In Belfast, to A. A. WATT, 8 Custom House Square; in Queenstown, to N. G. SEYMOUR & CO.; in Liverpool to R. W. ROBERTS, 21 Water Street; in Quebec, to H. H. SEWELL, 125 Peter Street; or E. A. ADAMS 115 State St., Boston, Mass.

H. E. MURRAY, General Manager.
Board of Trade Building, Montreal.

American Line.

New York to Southampton

From Pier 14, North River, New York.
(Foot of Fulton Street.)

New York.....Wed. Aug. 29, 11.00 a.m
Paris.....Wed. Sept. 5, 11.00 a.m
Berlin.....Wed. Sept. 12, 11.00 a.m
New York.....Wed. Sept. 19, 11.00 a.m
Paris.....Wed. Sept. 26, 11.00 a.m
Berlin.....Wed. Oct. 3, 11.00 a.m
New York.....Wed. Oct. 10, 11.00 a.m

Shortest and most convenient route to London. No transfer by tender. No tidal delay. Close connection at Southampton for Havre and Paris by special fast twin-screw Channel steamers.

Rates of passage, to Southampton, London or Havre, $60 and upward, according to steamer.

Intermediate passage, $35 to $60. Special Round Trip Tickets at Reduced Rates.

Steerage at very Low Rates.

For freight or passage apply to International Navigation Co., No. 6 Bowling Green, New York.

W. H. HENRY, 143 St. James street
W. F. EGG, 129 St. James St., Montreal.
J. Y. GILMOUR & CO., 354 St. Paul Street, Montreal.

Quebec Steamship Co.

ST. LAWRENCE LINE.

The SS. MIRAMICHI is intended to leave Montreal on

Monday, 3rd Sept., at 4 p.m.

and afterwards, on every alternate Monday, for FATHER POINT, GASPE, MAL BAY or POINT ST. PETER, PERCE, SUMMERSIDE, CHARLOTTETOWN and PICTOU.

For Freight, Passage and Staterooms, apply to

J. G. BROCK, Agent,
221 Commissioners St., Montreal.
Or to H. FOSTER CHAFFEE,
128 St. James St., opp. Post Office.

Halifax, N.S., St. John's, Nfld.

S.S. TIBER

Will sail for above ports on or about Tuesday, 21st August.

HENRY DOBELL & CO., Agents.

H. A. MILLER,

HOUSE, SIGN AND WINDOW SHADE PAINTER, PAPER HANGER AND DECORATOR, GILDING, GRAINING, GLAZING, WHITEWASHING, ETC., ETC.

1996 St. Catherine St.

SHIPPING

ALLAN LINE.

Royal Mail Steamships

Liverpool, Londonderry, Montreal and Quebec Royal Mail Service.

From Liverpool. — Steamships. — From Montreal. — From Quebec.
26 July....*Laurentian.....11 Aug.....
2 Aug.....Sardinian.....18 Aug.....19 Aug.
9 Aug.....*Numidian.....25 Aug.....
16 Aug.....Parisian.....1 Sept.....
23 Aug.....Mongolian.....8 Sept.....2 Sept.
30 Aug.....*Laurentian.....15 Sept.....9 Sept.
6 Sept.....Sardinian.....22 Sept.....
13 Sept.....Numidian.....29 Sept.....23 Sept
20 Sept.....Parisian.....6 Oct.....
27 Sept.....Mongolian.....13 Oct.....7 Oct.
4 Oct.....*Laurentian.....20 Oct.....14 Oct.
11 Oct.....Sardinian.....27 Oct.....28 Oct.

And weekly thereafter to and from Montreal and Quebec.

The Saloons and Staterooms of these steamers are in the central part, where least motion is felt. Electricity is used for lighting the ships throughout, the lights being at the command of the passengers at any hour of the night. Music Rooms and Smoking Room on the promenade deck. The saloons and staterooms are heated by steam.

Steamers are despatched from Montreal at daylight on Saturday, and from Quebec 9.00 a.m. Sunday.

Steamers with a * do not stop at Quebec, Rimouski or Londonderry.

The Steamship Laurentian carries Cabin passengers only on the Eastbound trip.

RATES OF PASSAGE,—Cabin, $50 and upwards. Second Cabin, $30; return $50. Steerage to or from Liverpool, Glasgow, Belfast, London, or Londonderry, $15.

Every requisite for the voyage furnished without extra charge.

London, Quebec and Montreal Service

From London. — Steamship. — From Montreal to London on or about — From Quebec
24 July.....Brazilian.....9 Aug.....
2 Aug.....Monte Videan.....21 Aug.....
11 Aug.....Austrian.....29 Aug.....
21 Aug.....Rosarian.....8 Sept.....
1 Sept.....Brazilian.....19 Sept.....
11 Sept.....Monte Videan.....29 Sept.....

And regularly thereafter.

No passengers carried by this service.

Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service.

From Glasgow. — Steamships. — From Montreal on or about.
25 July.....Buenos Ayrean.....11 Aug.
3 Aug.....Sarmatian.....21 Aug.
10 Aug.....Assyrian.....28 Aug.
18 Aug.....*Pomeranian.....4 Sept.
25 Aug.....*Hibernian.....11 Sept.
1 Sept.....*Buenos Ayrean.....18 Sept.
15 Sept.....*Sarmatian.....2 Oct.

* Unless prevented by Coal Strike now prevailing in Scotland.

Subsequent sailings will be announced not later than 21st inst.

And weekly thereafter.

These steamers do not carry passengers on voyage to Europe.

Glasgow, Londonderry and New York Service.

(Late State Line of Steamers.)

From new Pier, foot of W. 21st St., New York.

From Glasgow. — Steamships. — From New York
3 Aug.....State of Nebraska.....17 Aug. 4 p.m
10 Aug.....*Grecian.....24 Aug.
17 Aug.....State of California.....31 Aug. 4 p.m
24 Aug.....*Peruvian.....7 Sept.
31 Aug.....State of Nebraska.....14 Sept. 3 p.m
7 Sept.....*Norwegian.....21 Sept.
14 Sept.....State of California.....28 Sept. 3 p.m
21 Sept.....*Grecian.....5 Oct.
28 Sept.....State of Nebraska.....12 Oct. 3 p.m

And weekly thereafter

Steamers with a * will not carry passengers from New York.

The Steamships State of California and State of Nebraska are lighted throughout by electricity, and have excellent accommodations for all classes of passengers.

Rates—First cabin, $40 to $60; second cabin, $30; steerage to or from Glasgow, Belfast, Derry or Liverpool, $15.

Outfit for steerage passengers furnished free

Glasgow, Liverpool, St. Johns, Halifax and Philadelphia Royal Mail Service.

Steamship. — From Glasgow. — From Liverpool to St. Johns — From Philadelphia to St. Johns — From St. John's to Halifax — From Philadelphia or about — From St. Johns to Glasgow
Carthaginian.....23 July — 31 July — 8 Aug.
Corean.....11 Aug. — 14 Aug. — 22 Aug.
Siberian.....25 Aug. — 28 Aug. — 5 Sept.
Carthaginian.....8 Sept. — 11 Sept. — 19 Sept.
Corean.....22 Sept. — 25 Sept. — 3 Oct.

Steamship. — From Philadelphia to St. Johns — From St. John's to Halifax — From Philadelphia or about — From St. Johns to Glasgow
Siberian.....6 Aug. — 11 Aug.
Carthaginian.....20 Aug. — 25 Aug.
Corean.....3 Sept. — 8 Sept.
Siberian.....17 Sept. — 22 Sept.
Carthaginian.....1 Oct. — 6 Oct.
Corean.....15 Oct. — 20 Oct.

Passengers carried from Liverpool to St. Johns and Halifax, and from St. Johns to Glasgow, and from St. Johns to Halifax and Philadelphia.

Glasgow, Londonderry, Galway and Boston Service.

From Glasgow to Boston. — Steamships. — From Boston to Glasgow on or about
25 July.....Scandinavian.....9 Aug.
8 Aug.....Prussian.....25 Aug.
26 Aug.....Scandinavian.....15 Sept.
12 Sept.....Prussian.....29 Sept.

And regularly thereafter.

These steamers do not carry passengers on voyage to Europe.

For freight, passage or other information apply to any authorised agent of the line or to

H. & A. ALLAN,
202 State Street, Boston.
25 Common street, Montreal.
AUSTIN, BALDWIN & CO.,
53 Broadway, New York

HAMBURG-AMERIC

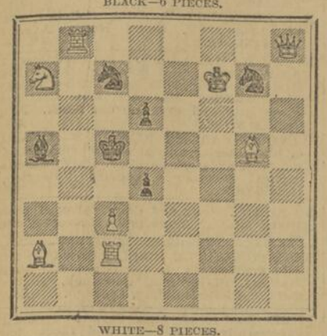
CHESS COLUMN.

Solutions of problems and chess correspondence should be addressed "Chess Editor, Montreal Herald." Solutions for publication on the following Saturday should be sent in not later than Monday.]

Problems.

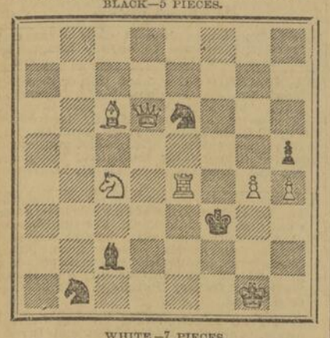
The following two movers should give much pleasure to the solvers. They are both very pretty specimens of the composer's art, No. 4 especially so. Solutions should be sent in on or before Monday, September 3.

PROBLEM NO. 3.
BLACK—6 PIECES.



WHITE—8 PIECES.
White to play and mate in TWO moves.

PROBLEM NO. 4—BY DR. A. W. GALITZKY.
BLACK—5 PIECES.



WHITE—7 PIECES.
White to play and mate in TWO moves.

The following pretty little game has been furnished by a Belleville correspondent, who has omitted, however, to mention the names of the players. On the part of White the game is not without brilliancy of a high order.

WHITE.	BLACK.
1 P—K 4	P—K 4
2 Kt—K B 3	Kt—Q B 3
3 B—B 4	Kt—B 3
4 Kt—Kt 5	P—Q 4
5 P x P	Kt x P
6 P—Q 4	P x P
7 Castles	B—K 3
8 R—K sq	Q—Q 2
9 Kt x B P (a)	K x Kt (b)
10 Q—B 3 ch	K—Kt 3 (c)
11 R x B ch	Q x R
12 B—Q 3 ch	Resigns.

(a) A very pretty sacrifice, which was sure to gain for White a distinct advantage, whatever way Black might take it.

(b) The insecurity of the Knight (Q 4) compels Black to take a very risky move or lose a piece.

(c) If K—K sq or K 2 Black loses his Knight, on the other hand if he moves K—Kt sq he loses his Bishop, but is able to avert further damage by playing Kt—Q sq. Either however, would have been far better than the text move which entails immediate and irretrievable disaster.

Notes.

The response of solvers to the first invitation has been very gratifying. Correct solutions have already been sent in by several, and we hope to hear from many more yet.

Considerable interest is being manifested in the annual tournament at present progressing in the ranks of the Heather Chess Club of Cote St. Antoine. Several excellent games have been played and every one is speculating as to who will come out on top. At present Mr. Kirkham appears to have the best chance, with a score of ten and a half games, won out of twelve games played so far.

This reminds us that the Heather Club is arranging for a friendly contest with the Central Club on some date yet to be fixed, but probably in the course of next month. It would be idle to speculate as to which aggregation will have the best of the encounter, but it is certain that a very pleasant little joust will ensue.

Meanwhile, the new Club—the Central—has the grave task before it of organizing for the winter's sport. The executive is considering the various arrangements necessary for the holding of a Club tournament; and this, with the proper classification of the players, is giving ample food for thought and discussion.

A correspondent, signing himself "F. E. M.," and referring to an item published last week concerning the Steinitz-Lasker correspondence, gives it as his opinion that neither of the disputants are much concerned about the championship itself, but have chiefly in their mind's eye the filthy lucre that the name of "champion" will secure to the fortunate winner, and that as a consequence the squabbles between the two are of little interest to the chess world at large. May be, but we are inclined to think that Steinitz at least, while feeling alive to the pecuniary side of the question, is yet ruled by higher motives than the purely sordid.

Origin of a Well-Known Name.

To call a house "jerry-built" is to ascribe to it all the faults of workmanship and worthless materials. The term probably owes its origin to Biblical history. The walls of Jericho fell down at the blast of trumpets, and many a jerry-built house has fallen down with equally slight provocation.

Another explanation of the term is given. It is said that many years ago a firm of builders, named "Jerry Bros." erected a large number of houses which were defective in construction and that from this proceeding arose the well-known phrase. For the truth of this story we cannot vouch; we think it more likely that the name of Jericho was responsible for the saying.

Not Indestructible.

"Your Highness," said the menial, "the man with the bullet-proof shirt is in waiting in the ante-room."

"Show him in."

Meekly the inventor entered.

"Has this garment been subjected to every possible test?" inquired the potentate.

"It has, please Your Majesty."

"Er—has it been to the steam laundry?"

The inventor fell to the floor in a swoon. "Foiled again," said he as he fell.—Indianapolis Journal.

They make one feel as though life was worth living. Take one of Carter's Little Liver Pills after eating; it will relieve dyspepsia, aid digestion, give tone and vigor to the system.

Tourists wishing to visit the Saguenay will find the most delightful way to do so by taking the train leaving Quebec at 8.30 a.m. for Lake St. John and Chicoutimi, connecting there with the commodious Saguenay steamers, thus seeing that wonderful river by daylight, and making a round trip unsurpassed for scenic grandeur.

LIZARDS IN THE STOMACH.

A REPTILE SWALLOWED WHILE DRINKING IN THE DARK.

Excruciating Agony Suffered by Mrs Westfall—Nerves Shattered and Death Looked for as the Only Relief.

The editor of the Courier having heard of this strange case of Mrs. Simon Westfall, made enquiry and learned the following facts.—Mrs. Westfall said that one evening some three years ago she went to the well and pumping some water drank a portion. As she did so she felt something go down her throat kicking and told her mother so at the time. Little she thought of the agony in store for her through drinking water from a pump in the dark, for a female lizard found its way into her stomach and brought forth a brood. After a while the sight of milk would make her tremble and she had to give it up. The disorder increased so that the very sight of milk would produce effects bordering on convulsions. She lost her appetite but would feel so completely gone at the stomach that she had to eat a cracker and take some barley soup frequently to quiet the disturbance within. She took medicine for dyspepsia and every known stomach disease, but got no relief. She changed doctors and the new doctor having had an experience of this nature before, gave her medicine to kill and expel the lizards. For three years the poor woman suffered all kinds of physical and mental agony. Her whole system, kidneys, liver and stomach were all out of order. Her heart would flutter and palpitate so faintly as to be imperceptible, and a smothering feeling would come over her, that it was often thought she had given her last gasp. Her memory was almost gone, her nerves shattered so that the least sudden movement would bring on collapse through extreme weakness. Sitting and standing she would be dizzy and experience most depressed feelings and lowness of spirits. After the removal of the reptiles, the doctor sanctioned the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and she took three boxes but found no apparent relief. She then gave up their use believing she was past the aid of Tedicine. At this time a Mrs. Haight who suffered twelve weeks with la grippe, and who was completely restored by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, urged Mrs. Westfall to begin the use of Pink Pills again. She did so and soon she perceived their beneficial effects. Her appetite began to improve and for two months she has steadily gained strength, health and steadiness of nerve and memory. She can now do her household work and feels as well as ever. She says she cannot speak as strongly of Pink Pills as she would like to, and feels very grateful for the great good resulting from the use of this wonderful medicine.

Mrs. Haight, before referred to, is enthusiastic over her own perfect recovery from the after effects of la grippe, feeling as well as ever she did in her life. She also corroborates the above statement regarding Mrs. Westfall's cure.

These pills are a positive cure for all troubles arising from a vitiated condition of the blood or a shattered nervous system. Sold by all dealers or by mail, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N.Y., at 50 cents a box, or 6 boxes for $2.50. There are numerous imitations and substitutions against which the public is cautioned.

An Anarchist Settlement.

A correspondent at Palermo, in Sicily, gives the following description of the small island of Ustica, whither the Italian Government is now sending the more dangerous of the many Anarchists recently arrested in Italy: "Ustica, a rocky islet, about four hours' sail from this port, has a population at present of about 570 Anarchists and a few officials. By far the greater number of the Anarchists simply idle the time away, absolutely declining to work, and are quite content to live on the 70 centimes a day allowed them by the Government. The industrious portion of the prisoners numbers about 140, of whom about 70 are engaged in agricultural labor and the remainder occupy themselves as tailors, shoemakers, etc."

Inverse Genius.

The editor of the magazine was absorbed when the poet with the poem walked into the office. They had thus met frequently and the coming of the poet did not greatly disturb the editor, At last the poet spoke. "Good morning," was what he said. "Ah!" responded the editor, "is that you? How are you? I am seeking food for thought." The poet gave a hungry sigh as he laid a manuscript on the desk. "I don't think I can help you on that line," he said, "but I can give you thought for food," and the editor helped the poet to get a meal.

The Power of a Voice.

Stories abound to illustrate the power possessed by great speakers and actors to stir the emotions by the tones of the voice. It is said of the elder Booth that he brought tears to the eyes of a company upon one occasion by the way in which he uttered the opening words, "Our Father," of the Lord's Prayer. Whitefield, it is said, could so utter the word Mesopotamia as to startle his hearers into tears. A story is told of O'Connell. An attack had been made upon him in the House of Commons. When O'Connell rose to reply, his lofty brow was black with thunder and his arm uplifted as if to strike. Then checking himself he said: "But the gentleman says he loves Ireland." Lowering his tone to the rippling murmur of the summer brook he continued- "I have no words of bitterness or reproach for any man who loves Ireland." The pathos in the fragmentary utterance of the last word brought tears to the eyes of many veterans of the House.

Don't Worry.

Worry is a curse and source of untold evils. It seams the face with lines and furrows, and has a most depressing effect upon the hyper-sensitive organ, the stomach, which, at such times, becomes a most unwilling and laggard servant. Indeed it is safe to say that unless encouraged by a cheerful temper and bright or at least, hopeful thoughts, the stomach will play truant or sulk and do no work which it can shirk. The physiological explanation of this is the close alliance of the great sympathetic nerves, which are worse than the telegraph for carrying bad news; the worry and anxiety which depress the brain produce simultaneously a semi-paralysis of the nerves of the stomach, gastric juices will not flow, and—presto! there is indigestion. One sign of mental health is serenity of temper and a self-control that enables us to bear with equanimity and unruffled temper the petty trials and jars of life, especially those arising from contact with scalding, irascible, irritating folk. It is well to remember at such times that these unfortunates are their own worst enemies; and a cultivation of the art of not hearing will help us very much. It is a very useful art all through life, and well worth some trouble to acquire.

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ST. ANGELA'S ACADEMY,
466 St. Antoine Street.
Will be re-opened on MONDAY, SEPT. 3RD. 212

LAVAL UNIVERSITY.
Faculty of Law of Montreal.
Classes will re-open on Tuesday, Septembe 4th, at 9 a.m. EUG. LAFONTAINE, Secretary.
Place d'Armes Square.

ABINGDON SCHOOL,
1143 Dorchester Street,
With which has been amalgamated
ELLOCK SCHOOL.
Headmaster—
MR. T. RIDLER DAVIES, B.A., Cantab.
Assisted by
MR. F. ARBLASTER, B.A., Cantab.
MR. T. HOLMES-ORR.
M. MAXIME INGRES.
Preparatory Class for boys of eight years old and upwards.
Special advantages for boys preparing for **Applied Science.**
Evening Preparation Class.
Boarding Department—There is excellent accommodation for a limited number of boarders.
The headmaster can be seen on school business every morning after August 25th.
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French, German, Italian
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MONTREAL COLLEGIATE SCHOOL
For the Education of Young Ladies
85 MACKAY STREET
(Above St. Catherine)
PRINCIPAL—
J. Porteous Arnold, F.E.I.S. (Edin Univ.)
Lady Principal—Mrs. Arnold.
The Classes will be resumed on Monday, 10th September, but pupils may be enrolled from the first of the month.
Prospectus can be had at the school. 222

Trafalgar Institute.
(Affiliated to McGill University.)
No. 83 Simpson Street, Montreal.
—FOR THE—
Higher Education of Young Women.
With Preparatory Department for girls between 10 and 13 years.
President, REV. JAMES BARCLAY, D.D.
Vice-President, MR. A. T. DRUMMOND.
Principal, MISS GRACE FAIRLEY, M. A., Edinburgh.
The institute will re-open with an efficient staff of twelve resident and visiting teachers, on
Tuesday, 11th September, 1894.
The Institute buildings are situated on the mountain side overlooking the City. The spacious grounds are attractively laid out and the surroundings are not only beautiful but very healthful.
A limited number of new resident pupils will be admitted.
For copy of Prospectus and other information apply to the principal, at the Institute, or to
A. E. RIDDELL, Secretary,
22 St. John Street, Montreal. 225

COLIGNY COLLEGE,
OTTAWA,
For the Board and Education of Young Ladies.
Principal, Miss J. M. McBratney.
Ten resident teachers, including English, Mathematical, Classical, Modern Languages, Music and Fine Art. The next session opens on 13th September, 1894. Terms moderate. The number of boarders is strictly limited, so that special individual attention may be given to each, and adequate provision made for their physical, mental and moral development. Grounds extensive. Buildings have the latest sanitary improvements. Cheerful home life. For circulars, etc., address
REV. DR. WARDEN,
224 Box 1839, Post Office, Montreal

THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL.
472 Guy St., near Sherbrooke St.
MONTREAL.
Has been removed to these attractive premises. Will be reopened on Tuesday, 4th September. Boys prepared for McGill (first place taken at matriculation examination—Science Faculty—in Sept. 1893.) The Royal Military College, Kingston, and for Business. Superior accommodation for a limited number of
BOARDERS.
The Head Master will be at home after the 25th Aug., forenoon and evening to receive visitors on school business. For prospectus etc., address. **W. W. MOWAT.**

DUNHAM LADIES' COLLEGE,
Dunham, Que.
A Church School for the higher education of young ladies and girls. President, the Lord Bishop of Montreal.
Re-Opens Wednesday, Sept. 12th, 1894, With an Efficient Staff of Teachers.
Special attention given to French. Home life a marked characteristic of the institution.
Pupil's health supervised by a resident trained nurse. Terms moderate. For particulars apply to
Rev. N.A.F. Bourne, B.A.,
220 Principal.

S. John the Evangelist's School,
1773 Ontario Street, Montreal.
25 Boarders, 40 Day Boys. Five Masters. Boys are thoroughly prepared for all entrance examinations and for business. The number is strictly limited. The classes are small, no pains are spared to secure the thorough progress of the boys. Thoroughness and a good moral tone are the acknowledged features of this school. Special advantages exist for backward or junior boys. The Headmaster will be at home to receive parents daily after SEPT. 4th from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m., and 7 to 8 p.m.
School will meet on TUESDAY, Sept. 11th.
For prospectus apply at the school, or in writing to the
REV. ARTHUR FRENCH, B.A., (Oxford) Headmaster. 125

MONTREAL COLLEGE OF COMMERCE
A Representative Business School for BOTH SEXES. Occupies the whole of the first floor of the Tiffin Block, No. 230 St. James Street, corner Dollard **Seventeen years'** experience in this special work. **Day and Evening Sessions.**
Re-Opening, Monday, Sept. 3rd.
A complete all-round preparation for business life in the shortest time (4 to 10 months.) Book-keeping, Shorthand, Correspondence, Commercial Law, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Typewriting, Banking, Indexing, Office Practice, and the Art of Advertising. Call or send for circulars containing all necessary information concerning the school.
BANNELL SAWYER, B.C.L.,
230 St. James St. Principal.

PERSONS DESIROUS OF RECEIVING Students as lodgers or boarders during the session from September to April, are requested to communicate with the undersigned giving full particulars as to terms, etc.
No application will be entertained which is not accompanied by written references and also by a certificate of the sanitary condition of the house from the Health Office.
J. W. BRAKENRIDGE, B.C.L.,
Acting Secretary, McGill College.
Address, McGill College.

EDUCATIONAL.

FETTES COLLEGE SCHOOL,
1263 DORCHESTER STEET,
Corner of Essex Avenue, Montreal.
Session 1894-95 will open on September 3rd Courses of study: Classical, Mathematical and Commercial. The Kindergarten and Junior Schools are each placed under a teacher of experience and ability; while the Senior School is wholly under the charge of the Headmaster. Preparation of students into every department of a University course certified to by the parents of those who have successfully passed since the foundation of the school. N.B.—Mr. Claude Doucet, who (last June) gained the highest distinction and proficiency of his year at Kingston Military College, Dr. Wm. Burnett, gold medalist and valedictorian (in 1892) at Bishop's College, and Mr. P. Simpson, who, when over three hundred students were rejected, passed live examination at Boston Technology with distinction, were all prepared at Fettes College. Circulars on application to TRAIL OMAN, M.A., and first-class honor certificate for Education, Mathematics, and Philosophy at Edinburgh University. 222

SHORTHAND INSTITUTE
And Remington School of Typewriting
ESTABLISHED 1888.
Class Rooms—Temple Building, 185 St. James Street, Montreal.
Principal—MRS. J. BULLOCK, Certificated Professional Teacher and Founder of the Syllabical Method of Teaching.
12th Session commences Sept. 10th.
Enrolment from September 1st.
Branches—Shorthand (for office and reporting), Typewriting, Composition, Correspondence (commercial and social), Penmanship, Practical Office Training and French.
In this Institute, pupils are engaged in actual office work, and are thoroughly fitted to fill Commercial, Legal and Literary positions.
During the past three sessions over 150 pupils educated at this Institute have been recommended to, and have obtained situations in various offices in this city, and are all giving satisfaction to their employers, and thus proving the thoroughness of the business training given. 239

Board of Roman Catholic School Commissioners of Montreal.
The re-opening of the classes of the Catholic Commercial Academy, and all the other schools under the control of the Board, will take place on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 3rd.
For all particulars apply to the Principal or the Director of each School. 223

BELLEVUE SCHOOL—This school offers a healthful happy home to children and young girls, with instruction by experienced and successful teachers. Pupils of the senior classes took successfully the A. A. First and Second Grade Academy. Examinations last June. Terms very moderate. Address Mrs. C. Thomas, Carillon, Que.

The Montreal Business College
Corner Victoria Square and Craig St.,
is one of the largest and best equipped commercial educational institutions in America. The building it occupies was purchased during the past year for the College at a cost of $53,000. The permanent teaching staff consists of six gentlemen and two ladies, especially selected for their proficiency. The studies will be conducted under the personal superintendence of Mr. Davis, the principal. The College teaches a thorough commercial course. The type-writing and shorthand course is taught in both languages, by the same system, and includes grammar, letter-writing, business forms, etc. The Practical Department, for teaching details of office work, is unequalled in the Dominion.
Studies will be resumed on September 3rd. Inspection and correspondence solicited. Write, call or telephone 2280 for prospectus containing a description of the courses of study, fees, etc. Address,
MONTREAL BUSINESS COLLEGE,
42 Victoria Sq., Montreal. 223

PROTESTANT BOARD
—OF—
SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.
All Schools under the control of this Board will re-open on
TUESDAY, 4th Sept., at 9 a.m.
The Principals will be in attendance at the several Schools on Monday, 3rd September, from 9 to 10 o'clock, to receive applications for admission and to give any information which may be desired.
E. W. ARTHY,
Secretary.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.
BOYS' DEPARTMENT.
The Collegiate Institute will re-open Tuesday, September 4th. Boys prepared for A. A. Exams, Arts, Science, Law, Medicine, or Commercial life. Kindergarten Department under Miss Kate Chisholm.
Fees—$6 to $15 per term of 10 weeks, according to Form.
Apply at the School, Drummond Street.
JOHN W. TUCKER, B.A.,
Principal.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.
GIRLS' DEPARTMENT.
The Collegiate Institute will open Tuesday, September 4th. Complete course, as in Boys' Department. Accommodation unsurpassed. Kindergarten Department under Miss Kate Chisholm. Girls prepared for McGill, the A. A. Exams, or Commercial life.
Fees—$6 to $15 per term of ten weeks, according to Form. Hours—9 to 12, 2 to 3.30.
Madame Louise Vessot King, for several years teacher of French in the High School for girls, will be Lady Principal.
Apply at the School to MRS. KING,
Or MR. TUCKER.

MADAME DE ANGELIS WATERS, Vocal Teacher of Italian School, 30 Seymour Avenue announces that she will resume lessons on Tuesday, 4th of September. A Singing Class for Young Ladies will be formed for the study of Solfeggio and English Ballad. Singing Class limited to 12 members.
Terms—$10 for 20 Lessons.

PROTESTANT BOARD
.... OF ....
School Commissioners.
THE HIGH SCHOOL
Will re-open on Tuesday the 4th September. Classical, Science and Commercial Courses under the direction of twenty-three teachers. Laboratory Work. Physical Culture and Manual Training are important features in The High School Course. The Rector will be in attendance at the school on and after Wednesday the 29th instant, from 9 to 12 a.m., to receive applications and to give information

MR. MAX LIEBICH,
Formerly Head Master of the Berthier Grammar School, has been appointed to the Head Mastership of the HIGH SCHOOL - - St. Johns, P. Q.
Mr. Liebich will take a limited number of boarders who will be under his own immediate supervision, and enjoy all the advantages of the High School course with the comforts of home. The charming residence on the banks of the Richelieu has been fitted up, and no pains have been spared to make everything first-class.
Pupils prepared for Commercial Life or for the Universities. Special attention given to French, Shorthand, Type-writing, Military Drill. Inclusive terms from $220 to $260 per annum Prospectus on application.
School Opens September 4th.

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Tickets to all parts of England, Scotland, Ireland, Wales, and to Paris; most interesting scenic and historic routes; shortest and quickest, Liverpool to London; luxurious equipment; vestibuled trains, parlor, sleeping, dining cars, absolute block system.
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KIRKWOOD HOUSE.
SCARBORO BEACH, MAINE.
One of the finest seaside hotels on the Atlantic coast; beautiful beach, good fishing, surf bathing. For particulars address C. D. DRESSER. 206

AMERICAN HOUSE,
SWEETSBURG, P.Q.
Having leased the above hotel for a term of years, the subscriber respectfully solicits the patronage of those desirous of board and rooms during summer months, and will say that no pains will be spared to please all guests.
Strictly a temperance house. Free carriage to all trains, and good livery in connection.
Terms moderate. Correspondence solicited.
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AT UPPER CHATEAUGAY LAKE,
In the Northern Adirondacks. Opens July 1. Magnificent scenic location. Thoroughly well appointed house. For illustrated pamphlet, etc., address
CHAS. W. BACKUS, Merrill, N.Y.
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STEVENS HOUSE
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HEART OF THE ADIRONDACK MOUNTAINS,
2063 Feet Above Tide.
The largest and Finest Hotel in this part of the region. Most beautifully located between Lake Placid and Mirror Lakes. Surrounded by mountains towering Five Thousand Three Hundred feet high. Fine Tennis Courts, Baseball Grounds, Boating and Drives. Send for Photographic Circular.
J. A. & G. A. STEVENS,
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PORTLAND HARBOR,
Cape Elizabeth, Maine.
Will open for Summer Guests about June 20th. Only three miles by carriage road from the City of Portland. Fine Beach Bathing, Boating and Fishing. A new Tennis Court this Season.
For particulars and special rates, apply to
D. B. SMITH, Manager,
care of Falmouth Hotel, Portland, Me.
C. H. SAWYER, Prop. 208

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Rouse's Point, N.Y. Hotel Windsor.
New management, many improvements, long lease, very moderate prices for board. The coolest, healthiest and most delightful family resort near Montreal. Splendid fishing grounds, hunting, boating and driving, large rooms, best of beds, good table and liberal management. Only little over an hour from Montreal. Write for art circular, giving rates, etc. Address,
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CHAMPLAIN HOUSE,
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Charming Scenery. Forty square miles of water for boating, fine bass fishing, etc.
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ST. LEON SPRINGS HOTEL
SUMMER RESORT.
The Saratoga of Canada
St. Leon Springs, Quebec
This celebrated establishment, one of the most delightful and agreeable summer resorts on the continent, will be open to the public on the 4th of June.
The numerous tourists who visit this beautiful spot annually will find under the new management that the proprietors have spared no efforts in catering to the comfort and enjoyment of the guests.
Special facilities will be given for all kind of recreation, such as billiards, bowling, croquet, lawn tennis, boating, etc.
To sufferers from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Indigestion, General Debility, etc., etc., the Saline Springs in connection with this hotel offer a sure cure. Rates from $8.00 per week and upwards according to location of room.
A bridge has been erected this season across the River du Loup connecting hotel grounds with a beautiful park opposite the Springs.
Band of Music in attendance during the season. Grand Ball every Saturday evening.
Coaches will be in waiting for guests at Louisville on the arrival of trains from Montreal, Quebec and Toronto. For further information apply to the St. Leon Springs, P.Q.
C. E. A. LANGLOIS,
Manager.

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Manufactures and has for Sale every description of Telephonic and other Electrical Apparatus
Line Material and Supplies. Will furnish tenders for supplying Warehouses, Public Buildings, Hotels and Dwellings with Private and Local Telephone Systems; Burglar Alarms, Hotel, Elevator and other Annunciators, Hotel, Room and Fire Calls, Electric Bells, Push Buttons, etc., etc.
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OTTAWA—Bell Telephone Building, Queen St.
QUEBEC—Bell Telephone Building, St. John and Palais Sts.
WINNIPEG—Forrest Block, Main St.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal. } **Superior Court**
No. 2399.
Dame Georgina Renaud, of the City and District of Montreal, has this day taken an action in separation as to property against her husband, Theophile Gervais, without profession of the same place.
CROSS & BERNARD,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Montreal, August 21st, 1894.

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Do all kind of work in the Billiard Line
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NO
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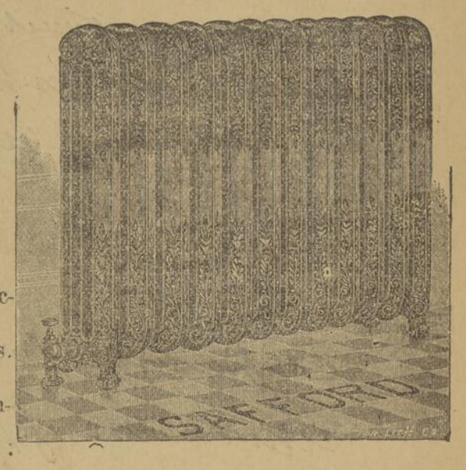

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H. McLAREN & CO., : AGENTS
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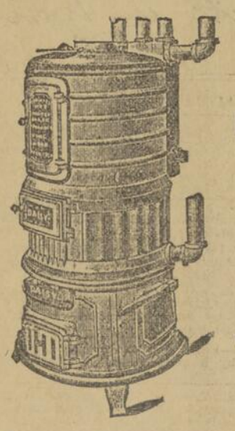

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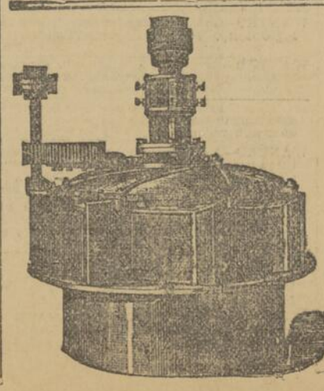

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High Class, Heavy Gearing, Shafting Pulleys, Friction Clutches, Iron Bridgtrees, Etc., Etc.
Superior Propeller Wheels
WM. KENNEDY & SONS,
OWEN SOUND.

FACSIMILE OF MR. GLADSTONE'S LETTER TO AMERICA.

Dollis Hill London
N W
July 30 1894

Gentlemen

I am alike impressed w/ the gratifying nature of the invita tion you have been good enough to address me and with the form alike flattering and considerate in which it has been conveyed

While sensible of the strong reasons which make a visit to your great country an object of just and warm desire I had for some time felt that my advancing years placed an obstacle in its way such as I could hardly hope to surmount

Undoubtedly your letter supplied the strongest motives for an attempt to brave the impossible But I regret to say it reaches me at a time when, were I much younger, it could not be open to me to consider this question

The surgical treatment of my eye for cataract which began recently with the usual operation will not be concluded for nearly two months and until that treatment shall have reached its conclusion (about that time as I hope) I am not able to look with confidence to a date for the restoration of practical and useful vision

Under these circumstances however sanguine as to the eventual issue I feel that I am incapacitated from the contraction of prospective engagements and I am sure that you and the many distinguished gentlemen who have joined you will feel with me that this is the only reply which I can make to your proposal

I beg you to accept, and to convey to them, the assurance of my grateful thanks, and of my unalterable interest in your country.

Believe me
Most faithfully yours
W. E. Gladstone

To
The American Invitation Committee

The above is a facsimile, almost exactly the size of the original, of the reply sent by Mr. Gladstone to the Committee of American gentlemen who recently invited him to visit the United States. The letter is of great interest from the circumstances under which it was written, and is, moreover, entirely in the handwriting of the aged statesman. It was addressed to Colonel Gouraud, Chairman of the American Committee, who, in acknowledging the communication and promising that it should be cabled to America, expressed the deep regret of the Committee at Mr. Gladstone's decision, and added that of any cataract operation but simply at the time of the proposal to invite Mr. Gladstone—in the early spring—there was no idea a desire on the part of the great Liberal statesman's many admirers in the United States to give aim a charming opportunity of recreative travel and of fulfilling a wish often expressed, of seeing something of the "kin beyond the sea," upon which Mr. Gladston's pen had been so often eloquent.

The old man's writing is still, in spite of his eye-trouble, so clear and bold that a printed transcript is, perhaps, hardly necessary; but here it is:—

Dollis Hill, N. W.,
July 30, 1894.

Gentlemen,

I am alike impressed with the gratifying nature of the invitation you have been good enough to address me, and with the form, alike flattering and considerate, in which it has been conveyed.

While sensible of the strong reasons which make a visit to your great country an object of just and warm desire, I had for some time felt that my advancing years placed an obstacle in its way such as I could hardly hope to surmount.

Undoubtedly your letter supplied the strongest motives for an attempt to brave the impossible. But I regret to say it reaches me at a time when, were I much younger, it could not be open to me to consider this question.

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I beg you to accept, and to convey to them, the assurance of my grateful thanks, and of my unalterable interest in your country.

Believe me,
Most faithfully yours,
W. E. GLADSTONE.

To the American Invitation Committee.

The invitation was signed by Mr. Chauncey M. Depew, Colonel George George E. Gourand, Mr. Morton McMichael, Dr. W. Pepper, Provost of the University of Pennsylvania; Mr. Adlai Stevenson, Vice-President of the United States; by seventy members of the Senate of Washington, by over a hundred members of the House of Representatives, by the Governors of several States, by several members of the Cabinet and of the Supreme Bench of the United States.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

WANTED TO BORROW—$1,800, $2,800, $5,000, $8,000 and $10,000 for five years at six per cent on A1 security. Principals only apply to M. J. Curot. Room 35, 204 St. James Street. 208

THE MODERN BURNS—Genius is often if not always modest. To some it will be a discovery to find in Montreal a rival to Burns. Unfortunately Burns was on the wrong side of many Scotch questions. We gladly hail Mr. Reid, who is on the right side. Poems, songs and sonnets by Robert Reid, $1.50. Norman Murray, 12 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal. 208

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W. S. WRIGHT—Barrister, Solicitor, etc., Fulford Block, Brockville, Ont. 207

TEACHERS desiring positions and school officers suitable teachers, address for information W. O. McTaggart, 32 Church Street, Toronto. 208

E. J. REYNOLDS—Barrister, Solicitor, etc., Comstock Block, Court House Avenue, Brockville, Ont. 209

INVALID CHAIR DEPOT, 315 St. James St. A large stock of all kinds of Chairs and Back Rests, and Leg Rests and Lifting Chairs. Also, Walking Machines and Crutches. Please call and examine our stock. John Carlisle & Co. 206

WINE AND CIGAR BUSINESS—For sale on liberal terms, an old established wholesale wine and cigar business. Only moderate capital necessary. Address "Bargain," Herald Office. 204

132 ACRES, stock and dairy farm; 11 acres young timber; make game preserve; Box 107, Mount Holly, N. J. $11,000. 200

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FREE—Send for our book "How to speculate successfully on the Grain and Stock markets." Trading on limited margins fully explained. Coates and Co., Rialto Bldg., Chicago, Ill. 20

MISCELLANEOUS.

LOST—22nd August, a gold curb chain and bracelet; $10 reward to anyone bringing to Windsor Hotel Office. 204

CORNS REMOVED without pain or drawing blood, 25c each. Bunions, Warts, Ingrowing Nails, Chilblains, Moles, Frosted, and all diseases of the Feet skillfully treated by PROF. L. HARRIS, (28 years' practice), No. 118 St. James Street. Ladies and gentlemen waited upon at their residence. Telephone No. 3468. Evening office, 429 St. Lawrence. 204

BOOKS—Wanted to purchase school and college books and books of all kinds in large or small quantities, old china, Foreign postage stamps, curiosities, etc., bought and sold Ten thousand novels to choose from. Music from 5 cents, lending library 5 cents per week for one book. Ye Olde Curiosity and Booke Shoppe Art Gallery Buildings. 2172 St. Catherine Street. 204

MONEY TO LOAN—Money to loan on real estate. Canadian Mutual Loan and Investment Co., Room 6, Imperial Buildings, St. James Street. 206

DR. FULTON'S specialty is curing patients of any disease by letter or interview. Piles, Skin Diseases, Cancers, Tumors, Neuralgia and Rheumatism quickly disappear. Visits forenoons. Office hours 1 to 10 p.m. Residance 249 St. Antoine, west of Mountain. 59

ROOMS AND BOARD.

PERSONS DESIROUS OF RECEIVING students as lodgers or boarders during the session from September to April, are requested to communicate with the undersigned, giving full particulars as to terms, etc. No application will be entertained which is not accompanied by written references and also by a certificate of the sanitary condition of the house from the Health Office. J. W. Bakeridge, B.C.L., Acting Secretary McGill College. Address McGill College.

ROOMS—Furnished rooms to let; first-class locality; new house. Address 421A St. Lawrence. cor. Sherbrooke Street,

ROOMS—Wanted 2 or 3 unfurnished rooms with board, occupation about September 15th, must be in private family. Address, D. McF., Herald Office.

VACANCIES—Board and rooms, also table Board.—33 Bleury Street. 208

WAVERLEY HOUSE—Centrally situated, Lagauchetiere Street, near Beaver Hall Hill. First class board; every home comfort; excellent attendance. Fitted throughout with every modern convenience; terms moderate. W. Bogie, proprietor. 213

ROOMS TO RENT—2 or 3 furnished or unfurnished rooms on bath-room flat, very suitable for light house-keeping. No other roomers; private family; warm in winter; very central; 284 St. Antoine Street. Call after 5 p.m. 206

BARRISTERS, NOTARIES, ETC

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J. G. HARKNESS, B. A.

MACLENNAN, LIDDELL & CLINE,
(Late Maclellan & Macdonald)
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C. H. CLINE.

GEOFFRION, DORION & ALLAN,
ADVOCATES,
97 St. James Street,
BANQUE DU PEUPLE BUILDING
Place d'Armes.

GIBBONS, McNAB & MULKERN,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, ETC.,
Office: Cor. Richmond and Carling Sts., LONDON, ONT.
GEO. C. GIBBONS, Q.C. GEO. McNAB.
P. MULKERN. FRED. C. HARPER.

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BARRISTERS, NOTARIES, ETC.,
SUPREME COURT AND DEPARTMENTAL AGENTS
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A. F. McINTYRE, Q.C. R. G. CODE. J. F. ORDE.

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SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements for situations wanted will be inserted in The Herald six times free of charge.

ACCOUNTANT—Wanted a position in any business by an experienced accountant and financier. Highest city references in wholesale trade. Would accept moderate salary. Address, Accountant, P. O. Box 1913, City. 207

BOOKKEEPER—Wanted situation in an office by experienced young man; bookkeeping preferred; first-class references. Address J. C. G., 92 St. Genevieve Street, Montreal. 208

CORRESPONDENT—Wantedby a young man with experience, position as correspondent for Montreal to any paper in the United States or Canada. Address, "News," Herald Office. 207

COACHMAN—A young man, single, wishes for a situation as groom and coachman. Is a first class milker. Would be found most willing and attentive to the duties of a general servant. Apply to J. R., 39 Wellington Street. 208

COLLECTOR—Wanted situation as collector, timekeeper, or any position of trust; first class references, moderate remuneration. Address, F. W., Herald Office. 204

COACHMAN—Wanted, situation as coachman, groom or express driver, by young man belonging to city. Good references. Apply G.A.H., Herald office. 206

CLEANING—Wanted, by a respectable woman, office cleaning or light house cleaning of any kind. Address G., Herald office. 205

DRESSMAKER—Wanted, by an expert dressmaker, ladies to sew for at their own homes, immediately. Best city references given. Address X.O.P., Herald office. 206

FARM WORK—Young man wishes work on a farm during harvest; would undertake a milk route; used to either. A. M., Herald Office.

GARDENER—Wanted, situation by young man, single, as coachman, driver, or gardener. Address, J. Gore, care of J. Unsworth, L'Orignal, Ont. 207

GARDENING—Wanted, by practical man, two days a week. Address A.B., Herald office. 206

GOVERNESS—Wanted by a young lady (Protestant), a position as nursery governess or companion. No objection to living in the country. Best of references. Address, S. M. B., Herald office. 204

HOUSEKEEPER — Wanted, a position as housekeeper for two or three gentlemen; is a good cook; good references. Address No. 10 Stanley Street. 207

HOUSEKEEPER—Working housekeeper, a good cook, wants a situation as housekeeper to two or three gentlemen; Protestants preferred. Apply to Mrs. Woodroffe, 748½ Dorchester Street. Good references. 207

LAUNDRESS—Good, wants work by the day or week. Has a family to provide for. M. B., Herald Office. 204

LAUNDRESS—Wanted by a good laundress, washing and ironing or cleaning by the day. Address, "A. K.," Herald Office. 207

SEWING—Plain sewing and dressmaking neatly done. Apply 35A St. George Street. 208

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MAN AND WIFE—Wanted by a highly respectable Irishman and wife situation as cook and butler; or would care and clean offices. Will both be found anxious and willing to please any commands. A. B., 49 Hermine Street, Montreal. 205

NURSE—Wanted by a Scotch woman work or attending sick. Mrs. Campbell, 11 Maria Street, St. Henry. 204

NOTICE TO LADIES—Servants always on hand, Apply New Registry Office, 1875 St. Catherine Street. 206

SALESMAN—Wanted by competent man position as salesman in city or on road with a first-class firm; references. H. M. E., Poste Restante, city. 208

SEWING—Plain sewing by the day or at home, by a good hand. 11 Charbonneau Street. 208

SECRETARY, etc.—Whole or partial time will be given in a school, office, or as secretary, by a lady of education and experience. Conversant in French, and good correspondent. Excellent references. Address, E. B. M., Herald. 207

SHIPPER, PACKER, WAREHOUSEMAN, Storeman, Clerk or Bookkeeper—Advertiser is qualified to perform duties of all or either of above in a thoroughly business-like manner. Will work for moderate salary. Address W.G., 83 Cathedral Street, City. 206

TEACHER—Wanted by a young lady a few little girls to teach daily for a few hour Terms moderate. Apply to Maud, Herald Office. 207d

USEFUL MAN—Wanted, by married man, 34 years of age, English, work of any kind; can make himself useful anywhere; five years' city references. Address J.A., Herald Office. 208

WEAVER—Wanted by a young man twisting or preparing the warps for the weavers. A Campbell, 11 Maria Street, St. Henri. 204

WAITER, etc.—Wanted position by respectable young man as cook, waiter, or in the pantry, or work in store. Address, 29 Payette Street, city. 207

WANTED—Good side line for traveller covering Ontario. F. G. S., Room 26 "Cadillac." 205

WANTED—By young Englishman, situation as Jacquard designer; or would take any kind of work. A. S., 623 Mignonne St. 206

WORK BY THE DAY—Wanted by a respectable woman work by the day and washing done at her own home, 29 Vallee Street. 204

WANTED—A situation by a young man, with three years' experience at glass embossing. Good city references. Address J. M. N., 111 Fulford Street. 208

WANTED—By a good dressmaker who can make ladies', misses' and children's dresses, ladies to sew for immediately. Best city references given. S.T., Herald Office.

WANTED—By a respectable boy, aged 17, work of any kind; understands care of horses and is a good driver. Address No. 107 St. Felix Street.

WAITER—Man wishes situation as waiter or as attendant, temporary or permanent. A. B., Herald Office. 208

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED, by a young man, just arrived from England, employment of any kind in or about town; is a practical carpenter and joiner; can write a good hand and give good references. Address H.F.C., Herald Office.

WAREHOUSEMAN — Wanted by young Englishman (22) situation in office, store or warehouse; not afraid to work. F. E. S., 63 Ss. Antoine Street. 205

YOUNG MAN—Wanted employment by energetic young Englishman, with plenty of push in him, good at figures and with pen, not afraid of hard work, and is a thoroughly trustworthy young man. Address Interim, Herald Office. 204

WORK OF ANY SORT—Wanted by a young man, late bandman in the British army, a situation in any capacity. M. R., 125 Amherst. 205

ARCHITECTURAL DRAUGHTSMAN—Desires re-engagement; first-class references; certificates in building construction; good colorist and perspective hand; moderate salary. A. B., Herald Office. 205

COOK—First-class, wishes situation, temporary or permanent. K.B., 46 Hermine St. 208

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLER with good connection with hardware and general store-trade of Maritime Provinces, can furnish best of references (St. Andrews). Address Box 158 St. Andrews, New Brunswick.

DRAWING PAINTING and violin master desires engagements with schools. Moderate terms. Certificates, London, Eng. Member of Y.M.C.A. A. Z., Herald Office. 205

HOUSEMAID — Wanted, by a respectable young woman, a situation as housemaid in private family; very little experience; willing to learn; best of references. Address A, Herald office. 205

HANDY MAN—In store or factory, good mechanic, total abstainer. Four years' reference from last employer. H., 22 St. Monique Street. 205

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, by widow, position as housekeeper to gentleman or widower with small family. Experience; reliable; town or country. Mrs. Rose, Post Office, St. Lambert. 205

HOUSEKEEPER— Wanted situation by a young woman as housekeeper to gentlemen or general servant, town or country, good worker. F. C., Herald Office. 205

KITCHEN BOY—Wanted by an English boy, work in a private house, used to housework. Can wash and iron. Good references. Apply at once to C. Boswell, care Mrs. L. Hopgood, 40 McGill College Avenue. 205

LAUNDRESS—Good laundress wants work of any kind; to clean offices; work by day or week. Address M. B., Herald office. 207

PHOTOGRAPHER'S ASSISTANT — Seeks situation; in or outdoor work: samples; moderate salary. Y. Z., Herald Office. 205

SALESLADY—Wanted, a situation by an experienced glove saleslady; understands the business well; or would accept of a position in another department in a dry goods house; reasonable compensation only. Address Gloves, Herald office. 208

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MINING ENGINEER—Wanted position by experienced mining engineer as manager or foreman of mines or mineral property to prospect and report upon. Holds English Government certificate of service as colliery manager. Also has thorough practical knowledge of the manufacture of Portland cement. Address, M. E., Herald Office. 205

WASHING—Wanted family washing, to be sent home rough dried; 25c a dozen. 70 Inspector Street. 209

WIDOW, with family, wants work of any kind. Washing, house-cleaning. R., 98 Chenneville Street. 206

HELP WANTED.

AGENTS—Wanted agents of good address and ability to represent us in town and country. Apply to the National Mutual Loan and Building Society, 204 St. James Street. 208

BAKER—Wanted, a baker for hand-made goods; must be quick with the bag. The Montreal Biscuit Co.

WANTED—Cooks and general servants. Apply New Registry Office, 1875 St. Catherine Street. 206

GENERAL SERVANT—Wanted, a young girl as general servant. Apply 4132 St. Catherine Street. 205

ORGANIZERS—For a non-secret Fraternal Order, with the best plan in existence. New and novel features; no entrance fee; lowest rates, and loans made to members; big pay to experienced men; a sure winner. Apply Protective Benefit Association, 84 Temple Building, Montreal. 208

CORRESPONDENTS—The Herald wants correspondents in every town and village in Eastern Ontario and Quebec. Apply to the Managing Editor The Herald, 603 Craig St., Montreal.

FOR SALE.

LOT FOR SALE—Fine lot situated on the upper part of St. Urbain Street, and two story house of nine apartments, with all modern improvements, stables, sheds, etc. All in perfect order; immediate possession. Apply to 747 St. Urbain. 208

12 TENEMENTS—On Laval Avenue, pay 12 per cent, easy terms. Apply to M. J. Curot, Room 35, 204 St James St. 208

AT VALOIS—on Lake St. Louis, two beautiful summer residences and three lots. All to be sold at a sacrifice. Apply to M. J. Curot, Room 35, 204 St. James St. 208

DOGCART—For sale, cheap, and A 1 dogcart. Almost new. Price $40.00. Apply at 341 Commissioner Street. 205

CENTS for sale. Apply, Herald office. 204

COLLIE PUPS—For sale, blacks and sables, from imported stock. Address, Box 1228, city. 204

FOR SALE—Board of Trade Hotel, in Guelph; central; doing good business; four years' lease; terms easy. Address Wm. Hamilton, Guelph, Ont. 200

BUSINESS CHANCES.

MAPS, globes, chemical apparatus; largest stock in Canada; close terms. Map and School Supply Company, 31 King East, Toronto. 209

DRY GOODS—For sale, well selected stock of dry goods and shoes, of about five thousand dollars; will be sold cheap. Good opportunity for a person wishing to start in business. Best location in town. L. L. Chandler, Cowansville, Que. 230

TINSMITHING BUSINESS—Good tinsmithing business for sale—a snap; move quick. Box 67, Schomberg, Ont. 207

GROCERY FOR SALE — One first-class licensed grocery store with stock and fixtures, and four saloons, all doing good business. Apply Henderson and O'Brien, 421 Board of Trade Building. 205

STOCK OF GROCERIES and crockery for sale—situated in good locality; good chance for cash business. Apply No. 134 Wortley Road, S. London, Ont. 200

GENTS FURNISHINGS—For sale ready made clothing and gents' furnishing and hat business. Apply, W. Johnston, Simcoe, Ont. 202

SALOON—For sale, Saloon, a prominent corner, facing two principal streets in the city. Apply L. Harris, 118 St. James Street.

PARTNER WANTED—Partner with small capital to take charge of machine shop and foundry; best chance in Canada for machinist or moulder. For full particulars apply to T. Sharp, Winchester, Ont. 200

CIGAR AND CANDY STORE—For sale, cigar and candy shop on St. Catherine Street; good stand. Address S 100, Herald Office.

HOTELS, SALOONS, ETC.—For sale—Hotels Saloons, Groceries, Dry Goods, Cigars, Confectioneries, Boarding Houses and all other kinds of business. Also, houses, stores, rooms and tenements furnished or unfurnished, to let in different parts of the city. Apply to L. HARRIS, real estate agent, 1938 St. Catherine street, near St. Urbain. Telephone 3468. 204

PUPILS WANTED

FREDK. W. HOLLAND'S MUSIC STUDIO will re-open for the reception of music pupils (vocal and instrumental) on September 3rd. 201 University Street. Telephone No. 4,648. 220

FRENCH, GERMAN, SPANISH, LATIN taught by mail. Address, Prof. Paul, Oddfellows' Hall, Toronto. 241

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED—Horse suitable for light express or carriage, date for delivery to suit seller; low price and sound. State price and where can be seen. Address, R, 15, Herald Office. 208

WANTED TO PURCHASE—3 or 4 acres of good land, with water, suitable for vegetable garden, 3 or 4 miles from city. Address E.E., Herald office.

TO LET.

HOUSE—New, seven rooms; newly painted and tinted; hot and cold water, gas and electric lights; large mirror and mantel; immediate possession. Rent, $15 per month. Apply to F. A. McRae, 577 St. Urbain St. 208

TO LET—At St. Lambert, about September 15th, superior warm winter house, eight rooms, furnished. Central, five minutes from station. J. 200, Herald Office. 208

STORE TO LET—That fine store and premises 2344 St. Catherine Street, finely decorated, nicely fitted up with hardwood floors. Good stand, opposite John Murphy and Co.'s new building. Enquire on premises or to J. Cradock Simpson and Co. 208

FLAT TO LET—About 5,000 square feet, with heat and power and use of hoist; lighted on four sides; office room on ground floor if required. Apply to Robin Sadler, corner of William and Seigneurs Streets. 208

TO RENT—707 Pine Avenue, head of Simpson St. Ready for immediate occupation. Exceptional terms to desirable tenant. A well-built, comfortably laid out house, newly finished; all modern conveniences; 13 rooms; kitchen on ground floor; good basement laundry, cellars, etc. Grounds and stable if required. Apply 705 Pine Ave. between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. 207

HOUSE TO LET—Stone house, self-contained, ten rooms, clean and nice, in a good locality. Apply to 171 Laval Avenue. 205

HOUSE—Comfortable warm winter house to to let in St. Lambert; eight rooms and large attic; hard and soft water. Apply to Mr. McIntosh, 1 Fairview, St. Lambert. 207

LOWER TENEMENT—Opposite St. James Methodist Church, to-let, lower tenement. Heated with Daley furnace. Apply to 143 St. Alexander Street. 205

HOUSE—Bright, cheerful house, 570 Cadieux street, near Prince Arthur, just put in thorough repair. Cleaned ready for occupation. Hot and cold water, 10 rooms, extension 20 x 12. Near the Park. Keys at Johnston's grocery, corner Prince Arthur and Hypolite sts. 207

ROOM—To let furnished room, on bath-room floor. Terms moderate. 82A Bleury st. 204

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—Superfluous hair on the female face; moles, warts, red vein and all facial blemishes destroyed permanently, painlessly and harmlessly by the new electric process. Treatments free this week. Cure guaranteed. Eyebrows arched and Dimples inserted. Royal Electrolysis Co., 2286 St. Catherine. 222

BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS, 1856 Notre Dame Street. Beautiful Set of Teeth for Ten Dollars. Fit and quality guaranteed. Open evenings. 256

MONEY TO LEND.

$20,000 TO LEND, on city or country property, from 5 to 6 percent.; also, notes discounted, money advanced on goods and life policies, tontine preferred. Houses and lot for sale or to exchange. John Leveillee, financial agent, 242 St. James Street. 207