

## DEPARTURE OF MR. LAURIER.

### An Enthusiastic Crowd Bid Him Farewell.

The Hon. Mr. Laurier received a splendid send-off last evening, when he proceeded to New York, to take steamer for England, in order to participate in the jubilee celebrations. Despite the unfavorable character of the weather, an enormous crowd had assembled at the Grand Trunk station at seven o'clock. This was in the best of spirits, but its very enthusiasm constituted a danger, as, in the excitement of the moment, little heed was taken of the trains coming in and going out, and the crossing of the tracks was thought nothing of. Thirty policemen had been furnished by the superintendent as a guard of honor, and these, aided by the men of Station Agent O'Hara, succeeded in keeping a fair degree of order.

The Premier must have been wearied shaking hands, but he bore up under the trial, and looked as if he liked it, which is no small virtue in a public man. There were flowers, and fog signals, which were too energetic in their demon-

## RAILWAY PASSENGER RATES.

### THERE WILL BE AN INCREASE FOR EXCURSIONS.

Toronto, June 4.—After a two days' session and a discussion that at times was rather heated the railway passenger agents, who were in conference at the Queen's Hotel, last evening came to an agreement in regard to excursion rates to Canadian points. The new schedule is important, as numerous changes are made in excursion fares to points in Ontario west of Toronto, and also to Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the Suspension Bridge. What the exact changes are will not be known until the new agreement arrived at yesterday is submitted to and adopted by the heads of the railways interested.

Heretofore what are called exceptional rates, that is, very cheap fares, have been enjoyed from Detroit and Windsor to Chatham, Hamilton to Burlington Beach, Montreal to Highgate Springs, and Montreal to Phillipsburg. Under the new arrangement these exceptional rates were all knocked out and placed under what are called business centre rates, which means increased excursion fares. Rates were advanced for agricultural and Dominion and provincial exhibitions, and this in itself is an important item, considering the traffic the railways receive from these exhibitions. The question of military excursions was gone into, and in

## COMING TO MONTREAL.

### Montreal Methodist Conference to Meet Here Next Year.

### VICTORIAN NURSES.

### SCHEME RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE—EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY'S REPORT.

Ottawa, June 4.—The Montreal Conference last evening held a rousing missionary meeting. Senator Cox occupied the chair and remarked that the Methodist Church contributes annually about two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The Rev. Dr. Spaulding presented a report of the Woman's Missionary Society, sent by Mrs. T. G. Williams. There are ninety-five auxiliaries, thirty-four mission bands of 2,023 members. The amount raised last year was \$484,375. The Rev. C. A. Sykes, the first speaker, gave an address on the character of the missionary enterprise, the opening of the missionary enterprise, its profits and its associations, closing with a forcible appeal on behalf of the missionary enterprise. Mr. W. H. Lambly was the se-

Fund; the Rev. Dr. Shaw, treasurer of the Educational Fund; the Rev. Dr. Saunders, treasurer of the Missionary Fund; the Rev. Richard Robinson, treasurer of the Sunday-school Aid Fund.

The Rev. John Scanlon introduced a resolution against gambling and horse-racing at county fairs, which created much discussion, and was finally referred to the Memorial Committee.

Dr. Hare, Principal of the Ontario Ladies' College, Whitby, was permitted to present a report and advocate the cause of that flourishing institution, and a resolution was passed expressing confidence in the college on the part of the Conference.

The Rev. Dr. Campbell, pastor of Erskine Presbyterian Church, Ottawa, was introduced and addressed the Conference in most fraternal terms, touching upon the close relationship between the Presbyterian and Methodist churches. He

invitations for the next Conference session came from Gananoque, Montreal and Brockville. There was considerable discussion on account of the cordiality of the invitations, but there was finally a unanimous decision to go to Montreal next year.

Lord Aberdeen appeared at twelve o'clock to-day to extend his greetings to the Conference. He expressed his delight in appearing before an assembly representing such a large and important branch of the religious enterprise of this

The report of the Educational Society was given by Dr. Shaw and showed an increase in some districts and a decrease in others; \$3,756 was the total amount raised by this conference, which was a satisfactory showing. Dr. Shaw urged increased attention to this important fund. The report of the Wesleyan College was very favorable.

Dr. Rose here brought in a resolution from the Montreal district requesting that the conference set apart Dr. Hunter to the work of establishing a relief fund for St. James Methodist Church on account of its financial embarrassment and that Dr. Hunter be permitted to solicit aid throughout the conference. The resolution was referred to a committee.

At this juncture the Countess of Aberdeen appeared and was conducted to the platform by the Rev. Dr. Benson. Her Excellency was received by the president and introduced to the conference. Her Excellency spoke on the scheme of celebrating the Diamond Jubilee of Her Majesty Queen Victoria by establishing a Victorian Order of Nurses in Canada. Lady Aberdeen explained the scheme fully, touching on its practicability, the financial phase of the question, the method of carrying on the work and the encouraging prospects. Sir Donald Smith has offered ten thousand dollars, she said, on condition that a hundred others give from a thousand to five thousand each. Lady Aberdeen then asked the

## THE SPANISH CRISIS.

### SENOR SAGASTA LIKELY TO BE CALLED TO FORM A CABINET.

Madrid, June 4.—At a council of the cabinet last night Senor Canovas del Castillo, after explaining the various aspects of the situation at home and in the colonies, concluded by declaring that, having obtained the sanction of parliament to bills for the financial needs of the next fiscal year, he deemed the time had arrived to ask the Crown either to ratify the powers of the ministry or to confide the government to other hands. He said he had decided upon this course because he could not bow to the impositions of the Opposition and because he felt that matters had reached a stage where a slight reconstruction of the cabinet would fail to meet the demands of the situation. He added, however, that if the Crown still had confidence in him and in the Conservative party he would not hesitate to remain in office and to endeavor to cope with the difficulties at home and in the colonies.

The Queen Regent formally accepted the resignation of the cabinet and consulted with the President of the Chambers, but as yet she has not summoned any political leader. Probably she will not do so until she has seen General Martinez, who will arrive here to-morrow morning.

Senor Canovas is much disappointed at the response which his advances in the way of reforms and financial plans have met in Cuba. He is also very loath to recall Captain-General Weyler, although aware that Weyler's presence in the island and his severe policy obstruct the relations of Spain with the United States and with the majority of the Cubans. Many of the Spanish newspapers pronounce this the most serious national crisis since the restoration of the monarchy and certainly since the regency commenced. In view of the result it may have on the prospect of Spanish rule in Cuba and the relations of Spain and the United States, to call Senor Sagasta to form a ministry would be a virtual admission that the Spanish colonial policy for the last two years has been a total failure. This would be such an extremely grave admission that it is possible an attempt will be made to form an intermediary cabinet under the Marquis of Pidal or General Azcarraga, the Minister of War in the Canovas Cabinet. But in the best informed circles this is not regarded as feasible, and it is thought that the Queen Regent will be compelled to summon Senor Sagasta.

Madrid, June 4.—The Queen Regent conferred yesterday evening with the President of the Senate, the Marquis Pazo De La Merraza, and the latter afterwards said he had pointed out to Her Majesty that the continuance in office of Senor Canovas del Castillo, the retiring Premier, would constitute the best solution of the crisis. This opinion is shared by the President of the Chamber of Deputies, Senor A. Pidal, who is to have a conference with the Queen Regent to-day. Marshal Martinez De Campos is on his way to Madrid, but as he is not identified with any party he is not concerned in the crisis from a political standpoint and will give his attention to other questions, especially to the Cuban question.

Senor Francisco Silvela, the leader of the Dissident Conservatives in the Chamber, is among the politicians who have been summoned to the Palace.

The 'Heraldo' understands that the proposed Paris branch of the Bank of Spain will not be established, the negotiations on the subject having fallen through.

## THAT ARBITRATION TREATY.

Mohawk, N.Y., June 4.—Mr. Everett P. Wheeler of New York, in the International Arbitration Conference yesterday, urged a revived effort to secure the ratification of the treaty with Great Britain which had just been rejected by the Senate. Professor Braco of Vassar College, spoke eloquently in behalf of closer relations with France. The Rev. B. Fay Mills believed that the silver sentors of the west had opposed the treaty with Great Britain conscientiously, and that the war spirit would cease in the world only with better industrial and economic organization. The Rev. Philip Moxom justified the sharp criticism of the Senate for its recent action.

## A FEW SHOWERS.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Ont., June 4, 11 a.m.—The following are the minimum temperatures: Kamloops, 50; Edmonton, 24; Battleford, 44; Qu'Appelle, 44; Winnipeg, 33; Toronto, 50; Ottawa, 50; Montreal, 36; Quebec, 45; Halifax, 48. Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours. Moderate southwest and west winds; cloudy to fair with a few local showers; a little higher temperature.

Montreal, June 4.

Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon to-day, 29.74; yesterday, 29.72. Temperature, to-day, max. 72, min. 50; yesterday, max. 56, min. 50.



MRS. LAURIER.

THE HON. WILFRID LAURIER, PREMIER OF CANADA.

stration to be quite pleasing to the timid, and the police band played lively airs, and all seemed happy, though dripping.

At the moment of departure, the Premier, who is accompanied by Madame Laurier, came out upon the rear platform. This was the signal for a mighty burst of cheering. Mr. Laurier raised his hat, the band struck up 'God Save the Queen,' and the first French-Canadian Premier of the Dominion sped on his way to express the loyalty of the greatest of the Empire's over-sea possessions to that Sovereign of whom he has always spoken in terms of the utmost honor and reverence.

Amongst those who saw the Premier off were:—Messrs. Robert Mackay, B. J. Coghlin, Robert Bickerdike, Jonathan Hodzson, Alex. Mitchell, Thomas Cote, Vicomte de la Barthe, H. C. St. Pierre, C. C. Lomer Gouin, M.P.P.; O. Desbarrais, M.P.; Joseph Contant, Alphonse Rivine, T. Prevost, G. Lemieux, T. C. Chaput, L. N. Patenaude, M. Galarnear, Mrs. McShane, ex-M.P.; E. Lemay, H. Guerin, J. Sempie, P. Lyall, E. N. Parsons, M. Chartrand, P. Lamy, G. DeGuerre, S. J. Remington, T. Gauthier, James Cochrane, Gustave Drolet, J. A. Brown, H. J. Cloran, S. Roy, Lucien Faget, L. A. Lapointe, F. H. Marquay, H. Brousseau, Dr. Boulet, Dr. Lanctot of St. Henri, J. Lemieux, W. Walker, and many others.

During his stay in the city yesterday, Mr. Laurier, Mr. Edwards, M.P., and Capt. Bate lunched with Mr. Lansing Lewis at the St. James Club.

future regiments visiting other towns will have to pay the fares the railway representatives decided upon yesterday. Under the new arrangement excursion tickets for distances of a hundred miles and under will be good for one day, over one hundred and up to two hundred they will be granted for two days.

## NEW C. P. R. FREIGHT RATES.

Toronto, June 4.—A special east-bound freight tariff on butter, cheese and eggs, to Montreal, Ottawa, Prescott and Brockville has been put into effect by the Canadian Pacific Railway. The rates are as follows, in less than carloads and carloads, respectively:—To Montreal and Ottawa, from Swansea, twenty-seven and twenty-three cents; Mimico, New Toronto, Port Credit, Clarkson's, Oakville, Bronte, thirty and twenty-five cents; Burlington and Waterdown, thirty-three and twenty-five cents; to Prescott and Brockville, from Swansea, twenty and sixteen cents; Mimico, New Toronto, Port Credit, Clarkson's, Oakville, Bronte, twenty-four and twenty cents; Burlington, Waterdown, thirty and twenty-three cents.

The Canadian Pacific Railway has put into effect a new tariff on live stock from points west of Toronto, via Toronto to Montreal. The new rates are as follows, per hundred pounds:—Swansea, Mimico, twenty-two cents; New Toronto, Port Credit, Clarkson's, twenty-three cents; Oakville, Bronte, twenty-four cents; Burlington, Waterdown, Hamilton, twenty-six cents.

cond speaker. He said there were sixty-nine million cigarettes used in Canada last year, costing more money than all Canada raises for missions. Enough tobacco was used by Christians to send out two thousand missionaries annually. There are thirty thousand drinking places in Canada, and thirty funerals of dead drunkards daily. The drink bill of Canada is sufficient to send out eighty thousand missionaries annually, and the ten hundred millions who have never heard the gospel preached could be reached in two years. The Rev. Dr. Rose, the third speaker, spoke of a change coming in the missionary enterprise. The gospel in its breadth as a social gospel must be preached. Soul-winning means man-saving, that is the whole man. The heathen is not so much in danger as the church. The man who is content to be saved alone, is damned. A man is not saved who is indifferent about his fellows being lost.

The secretary read a communication from the Prisoners' Aid Association of Canada inviting the Conference on behalf of the National Conference of Charities and Correction of the United States and Canada to take part in the twenty-fourth annual session, which will be held in the Normal School building, Toronto, from July 7 to 12 next. It was referred to the Memorial Committee.

Conference treasurers were appointed as follows:—The Rev. H. F. Bland, treasurer of General Conference fund; the Rev. G. G. Huxtable, treasurer of Union Church Relief fund; the Rev. George Rogers, treasurer of the Sustentation

country. His Excellency touched upon the interest in the Conference on the part of the citizens of Ottawa because of their important work, and especially on account of the president being the esteemed pastor of this church. His Excellency's greetings were most cordial, and Dr. Rose responded on behalf of the Conference, expressing the gratification of the Conference at the honor conferred by the appearance of His Excellency, both on his account personally, and especially on account of his position as representative of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen. The Conference then responded by rising and singing lustily the National Anthem.

Conference concludes early next week. The prohibition question will come up soon.

### A CORRECTION.

Inasmuch as a mistake occurred in the report of yesterday's elections please correct as follows: The first ballot gave the Rev. Dr. Saunders 110, Dr. Griffith 37, the Rev. Hugh Cairns 29, Dr. Rose 14, the Rev. W. H. Emsley 11. On the second ballot Dr. Saunders secured 151, while next to him stood Dr. Griffith with 41 and the Rev. Hugh Cairns with 23.

### THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

The following conference officers were appointed yesterday afternoon: Assistant secretaries, the Rev. Wm. Philp, M.A., the Rev. S. G. Bland, B.A., Mr. D. McElroy; Journal secretary, the Rev. C. D. Baldwin.

conference to support the scheme as it was Her Majesty's special wish that the Jubilee should be celebrated by bringing relief to the suffering and distressed.

Dr. Jackson came forward with the following resolution, seconded by His Honor Judge Deacon: 'Resolved, that this conference desires to give expression to the great pleasure with which they welcome Her Excellency the Countess of Aberdeen, not less for her personal character than for the relationship in which she stands to the representative of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen. We have marked with delight the interest Her Excellency has taken in all questions of moral reform. We have listened with unfeigned delight to Her Excellency's admirable address on the Victorian Order of Nurses which it is proposed to establish in Canada as a permanent memorial of the Diamond Jubilee. The scheme commends itself to the tenderest sympathies of our hearts and many members of our conference have already laid the matter before their congregations. We most heartily commend the scheme to the support of our people throughout the bounds of our conference, especially as in this we are honoring our Gracious Sovereign's wish that the celebration of the Diamond Jubilee should take the form of ministering to the needs of the suffering.'

The resolution was carried by a rising vote of the conference, when the conference and visitors joined heartily in singing 'God Save the Queen.'

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them...

ARMOUR—GRAHAM.—On June 1, 1897, at the residence of George Bell, 106 St. George street, Toronto, by the Rev. Dr. Bell (Kingston), uncle of the bride, James Armour, Perth, Registrar South Riding, County of Lanark, daughter of James Bell, Esq., ex-Registrar South Riding, County of Lanark.

AIRD—CAMPBELL.—On June 2nd, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Robert Campbell, D.D., George Aird, to Ellen (Nettie), daughter of Duncan Campbell, all of this city.

AKINOR—BELL.—On June 1, 1897, at the residence of George Bell, 106 St. George street, Toronto, by the Rev. Dr. Bell (Kingston), uncle of the bride, James Armour, Perth, Registrar South Riding, County of Lanark, daughter of James Bell, Esq., ex-Registrar South Riding, County of Lanark.

BEAMANT—BELFORD.—At St. Peter's Church, Toronto, by the Rev. Archdeacon Boddy, Edith Louise Belford, daughter of the late Charles Belford, formerly editor of the Mail, to T. Arthur Beamant of Ottawa.

BAKER—HALFYARD.—In this city, at 176 St. Hyppolite street, on June 2, 1897, by the Rev. Chas. A. Sykes, Geo. Herbert Baker to Mary Julian Halfyard, both of Montreal.

EVANS—SKILL.—On June 2, 1897, at St. Peter's Church, Cobourg, Ont., by the Rev. Canon Sprague, George Edward Augustine Evans of Oswood Hall, barrister-at-law, eldest son of George Evans of Gortmerron House, County Tyrone, Ireland, to Maude second daughter of Lieut. Col. H. Skill of Cleveleys, Cobourg, late of Her Majesty's 11th Regiment of Foot.

GAGNON—FRASER.—On May 31, 1897, at the St. Jean Baptiste Church, Quebec, by L'Abbe Taschereau, Mr. Alphonse Gagnon, of the Department of Public Works, to Miss Marie Louise, daughter of Mr. Alex. Fraser, advocate, of Quebec.

LIDSTONE—MORAE.—On June 2, 1897, at the residence of the bride's brother, Glen Norman, Ont., by the Rev. Mr. Gordon-Smith, Thos. C. Lidstone, of Montreal, to Miss Isabella Morae, eldest daughter of Alexander Morae of Lancaster, Ont.

LOGIE—MAGWOOD.—At the residence of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Cooke, 103 Robert street, Toronto, on June 1, 1897, Mr. Geo. Logie, B.A., B.D., of Knox College, to Miss Annie Magwood, daughter of the late Robert Magwood of L'Isleval, and grand-daughter of the late James Forster, Belwood.

MARSH—DEACON.—At St. Paul's Church, Lindsay, Ont., by the pastor, assisted by the Rev. W. McCann, B.D., the Rev. T. J. Marsh, missionary to the Indian at Hay River, to Miss J. A. Deacon, daughter of Col. Deacon.

MUNRO—MCLAREN.—On the 2nd of June, 1897, at the residence of the bride's father, Ormstown, by the Rev. D. W. Morrison, B.A., Donald McLaren, Munro, to Carrie McD., eldest daughter of P. McLaren, M.D.

ROONEY—WITTER.—In St. Paul's Church, Shelburne, Ont., on June 1, 1897, by the Rev. Rural Dean Graham, Dr. H. W. Rooney, to Miss Mary Susanna Witter, second daughter of John Witter, Esq.

WALKER—BEATON.—In the Methodist Church, Robinson, P.Q., on June 2, 1897, by the Rev. J. R. Hodgson, Mr. James H. Walker, of Montreal, to Miss Jessie J. Beaton, of Robinson, P.Q.

BATTERTON.—At Quebec on June 2, 1897, at 1:30 a.m., William Batterton, aged 31 years, late of Quebec Post-Office.

GUTHRIE.—In this city on the 4th instant, Thekla Augusta, beloved daughter of Louis William Guthrie, aged 10 years, 3 months and 18 days.

Funeral from her father's residence, No. 33 Ryds street, Point St. Charles, on Saturday at 2:30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

Newark (N.J.) papers please copy.

KING.—In Barre, Ont., on June 1, 1897, Nathaniel King, of the "Gazette," aged 72 years and 3 months.

MCCORD.—At Quebec on June 2, 1897, Cecil Horace, aged 15 months, infant son of C. A. McCord.

McFADYEN.—In this city, on the 3rd inst., at the residence of her grandfather, Mr. Henry Roxborough, Alice G., oldest child of Alexander McFadyen.

Funeral on Friday at 2 p.m. from 14 Forfar street, Point St. Charles.

McKILLICAN.—At the residence of her brother, Mr. William McKillican, Vankleek Hill, Ont., after a long illness, Annie McKillican, daughter of the late Rev. William McKillican.

MacKERICHER.—At Dalesville, Quebec, on May 21, 1897, Mary, third and beloved daughter of the late Donald MacKericher, in her seventeenth year.

STEEL.—At Cote St. Paul, on the 3rd inst., Harry Lawrence, youngest son of James Steel, aged 4 years and 2 months.

You needed our little Harry. Oh, how we loved him here. We could trust him with no other. He is with you, Saviour dear.

SMYTH.—At Bristol, P.Q., on Sunday, March 14, 1897, Anne Stinson, wife of Thomas Smyth, aged seventy-five years and two months, a native of Colbrook County Fermanagh, Ireland.

SCOTT.—At Quebec, on June 1, 1897, Josephine Scott, daughter of the late A. S. Scott, Clerk of the Court of Appeal, and of the late Catherine Fremont.

Those sending notices for the above column may send them with a list of names of interested friends. Marked copies of the "Witness" containing such notices will be sent free to any address in Canada, Montreal excepted.

OLD NEWSPAPERS Suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the "Witness" Office, in 10-lb. packages, at \$1 per 100 lbs.

PUBLIC NOTICE. Friday's Special Offerings ALL REPEATED TO-MORROW, SATURDAY. THE S. CARSLY CO., LTD

Notre Dame street. Montreal's Greatest Store. June 4. 'The Store that is increasing faster than any other store in Montreal to-day.' NOVELTIES IN KID GLOVES. LADIES' FABRIC GLOVES.

Novelties in Ladies' Kid Gloves assert their popularity in unmistakable terms. Many exclusive novelties are shown at The S. Carsley Co.

4-Strud Paris Suede Kid Glove in black and tan shades, highly finished and perfect fit, 50c.

4-Pearl Button French Kid Glove in pretty shades of tan, 65c.

4-Pearl Button Grenoble Kid Gloves, fancy stitched back, in new shades of tan, 95c.

2-Clasp Medallion Fastener Kid Glove, fancy stitched points, perfect fitting, an exclusive novelty, \$1.20.

THE S. CARSLY CO., LTD.

BOYS' SUITS. Boys' Two-Piece Fancy Tweed Suits, all wool, single-breasted, \$2.20.

Boys' Two-Piece Stylish Scotch Tweed Effect Suit, extra finish, newest style cut, from \$2.95.

Boys' Three-Piece Suit: Suits, all wool, fancy lined throughout, \$3.00.

BOYS' REEFERS. 200 Boys' Serge Reefers, finished anchor buttons, and lined throughout, from \$1.30.

THE S. CARSLY CO., LTD.

GENTS' OFFICE COATS. A well chosen lot of Gents' Office and Lounge Coats just received. The styles and prices ensure male comfort during the hot days that are sure to come.

SUMMER COATS. 65 Men's Summer Office Coats in pretty grey mixture, \$1.10.

120 Men's Black Lustre Office Coats, well finished and extra value, \$1.30.

110 Men's Grey Lustre Office Coats, strictly fine grade cloth, \$1.50.

105 Men's Black Lustre Office Coats and Vests, perfect fitting, \$2.35.

THE S. CARSLY CO., LTD.

BOYS' STRAW HATS. Boys' Straw Hats in black and white, with club band and full high crown.

Boys' Tweed Polo Caps at 10c.

Boys' Tweed Golf Caps.

THE S. CARSLY CO., LTD.

Write for Summer Catalogue. Mail Orders Carefully Filled.

The S. CARSLY CO., Ltd., 1765 to 1783 Notre Dame st., 192 to 194 St. James st., Montreal.

G. A. HOLLAND & SON, Sole Agents for PAINS' FIREWORKS CO., (London, Eng.) (New York, U.S.)

Contractors for JUBILEE FIREWORKS Display in MONTREAL, June 21, '97.

Contractors for JUBILEE Illuminations and Fireworks Display in WESTMOUNT, June 22, '97.

Contractors for Jubilee FLAGS for Montreal School Commissioners, June 19, '97.

G. A. HOLLAND & SON, Headquarters for Canada in Fireworks, Flags and Chinese Lanterns, 2411 St. Catherine Street.

THOMAS LIGGETT'S SHOWINGS OF Carpets, Curtains and Rugs, PARQUET CARPETS, ART AND KENSINGTON CARPETS AND SQUARES. ECLIPSE ALL SHOWINGS IN CANADA.

1884 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 2446 St. Catherine Street, Montreal. 175 to 179 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Hot Water Heating Apparatus, Kingston, Ont.," will be received until Thursday, 10th day of June, 1897, for the construction of a Hot Water Heating Apparatus at the Kingston, Ont., Custom House. Plans and specifications can be seen and form of tender and all necessary information obtained at this Department, and at the office of Mr. Arthur Ellis, Architect, Kingston, Ont. Persons are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures. Each tender must be accompanied by an ACCEPTED bank cheque made payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to FIVE PERCENT OF AMOUNT OF THE TENDER, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, E. F. E. ROY, Secretary, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 31st May, 1897.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.



To enable our Customers to overtake arrears of shopping occasioned by unfavorable weather, all Special Bargain Lines offered for today's buying in yesterday's WITNESS, will be repeated on the various floors To-morrow.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

2343 St. Catherine street, Cor. of Metcalfe st.

TERMS CASH. TEL 3833.

AU BON MARCHÉ, ALPHONSE VALIQUETTE.

1883 & 1885 Notre Dame St. All our friends will please remember that our stock of Carpets, Oilcloths, Wall Paper and House Furnishings is now complete and all very cheap.

TEES & CO., THE UNDERTAKERS,

300 St. James St. Montreal.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE.

Rememor to attend the Sale of Valuable City Residential Property and Building.

To be held at our Rooms, TO-MORROW (Saturday) Morning at 11 o'clock.

Also in the AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, we sell on the property at Westmount, nineteen of the best Lots on the uplands of Westmount.

M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers.

SALE OF WESTMOUNT BUILDING LOTS.

Carriages will be in waiting TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) AFTERNOON, at 2:30 p.m., to take all that wish to attend the Sale of Building Lots on the uplands of Westmount. Sale on the grounds at 3 o'clock.

M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers.

CATHOLIC SAILORS' CLUB.

A successful concert was held last evening at the Catholic Sailors' Club, at the corner of St. Peter and Common streets.

Mr. P. Wright presided and amongst other citizens who were present were Messrs. W. Clendinning, John Power, M. Hicks, J. Davis, F. B. McNamee, John Foley and Matthew Foley. The programme rendered was an excellent one, the numbers showing great variety and all being given with taste and skill on the part of the performers.

Comic and sentimental songs, recitations and instrumental solos quickly followed each other and received loud applause. Towards the end of the evening Mr. W. Clendinning gave a brief address, "God Save the Queen" heartily sung by all, bringing the concert to a close.

TROUBLE IN A THEATRE.

Yesterday His Honor the Recorder delivered judgment in the case of Henry Crawford, accused of creating a disturbance in the Theatre Francais by loud talking and refusing to take a seat when requested to do so, and of tearing the constable's uniform while being forcibly ejected.

He said under the circumstances he could only convict the defendant, and inflict a nominal fine of one dollar and costs or eight days' imprisonment, so as to give him an opportunity to appeal from his decision to a higher tribunal. The case for tearing the officer's uniform was dismissed, and Mr. Campbell Lane, who appeared for the defence, said his client would take the case to appeal.

A WOMAN OF MANY ALIASES.

In the Police Court yesterday Sarah Murdock, alias Meek, alias Anderson, a domestic residing at 27 Hermit street, pleaded guilty to the charge of theft, and Mr. Lafontaine sent her to jail for a month. About a year ago she was employed by Mr. Harris of University street, and at different times jewellery was stolen amounting to over fifty dollars' worth. The woman disappeared and no trace of her was found until Wednesday, when Acting Detective McLaughlin arrested her on St. Lawrence Main street. The stolen property was discovered in a second-hand store.

The Daily Witness.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 4.

A HEAVY VERDICT. THE GAS COMPANY IS MULCTED IN HEAVY DAMAGES.

The third day of the trial of Gaffney vs. the Montreal Gas Company was devoted to the addresses of counsel and the judge's charge.

Mr. F. S. McLennan and Mr. N. W. Tretholme, Q.C., addressed the jury on behalf of the Gas Company, contending that the company had been guilty of no negligence, and that the accident was due to the fault of James Hutt, the injured man.

Mr. R. C. Smith, of Messrs. Smith & Markey, addressed the jury for the plaintiff, strongly urging the fault of Haysay, the foreman in charge, and enlarging upon the damages suffered by Hutt, who had been rendered insane.

Judge Doherty rendered a very elaborate charge, which was on the whole favorable to the plaintiff.

The jury were out for an hour and three-quarters, and returned the following verdict:

1. Is the plaintiff, the curator, duly appointed to and representing James Hutt in respect of insanity on the fourth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six?—Yes.

2. Was the said James Hutt on or about the twelfth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, and for some time previously in the employ of the defendant, the Montreal Gas Company, at their works at Montreal, and in what capacity?—Yes, as a guard-engineer.

3. Was the defendant, Robert Haysay, in the employ of the said company on the said twelfth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, and in what capacity?—Yes, as an engine-driver.

4. Was the said James Hutt on the said twelfth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six ordered by the defendant Haysay to perform any work in charge, to assist in doing any work to an engine in the said company's works, and did he assist in such work?—Yes.

5. Was the said James Hutt while so employed injured by being struck on the head by an iron bar inserted in an engine belonging to and used by the said defendant, the Montreal Gas Company, at their works, aforesaid?—Yes.

6. Did the sudden starting of said engine cause said bar to swing around and so strike the said James Hutt?—Yes.

7. Was all steam shut off the said engine at the time of the accident?—No.

8. Was the defendant Haysay guilty of negligence in causing a crowbar to be inserted and used in the said engine?—Yes.

9. Was the said accident caused by such negligence of said Haysay?—Yes.

10. Was the said engine dangerous from want of repair at the time of said accident?—Yes.

11. Had the said engine been out of repair for a long time previously?—Yes.

12. Was the accident to said Hutt caused by any defect in the said engine due to the defendant's negligence?—Yes.

13. Was said Hutt ordered by said Haysay to stand back, and told it was dangerous to come nearer?—No.

14. Was the said Hutt's being struck due to the fact of the position he stood in disobedience to said orders?—No.

15. Was said Hutt guilty of imprudence in disobeying said orders of said Haysay?—No. We believe no such order was given.

16. As a result of his being so struck (a) Was the said Hutt physically injured and his health impaired?—Yes.

(b) Has he thereby been rendered insane for the rest of his life?—Probably; yes.

(c) If not, has he been rendered temporarily insane?—Yes.

17. What amount of damage has said Hutt suffered by reason of the said accident?—\$7,000; nine for this amount; three for a larger sum.

INTERESTING SERVICE. CONFIRMATION AT THE TEMPLE EMANU-EL.

On Sunday morning, June 6, at ten o'clock, the anniversary of the giving of the Law at Sinai, Rabbi Weis will confirm at the Temple Emanu-El, Stanley street, below St. Catherine street.

The order of the service will be as follows:—As the candidates for confirmation enter the Temple, the choir will sing "Hosanna Habo," by Maveathal, opening prayer, by Mabel Constance Goldstein; march in Ell, during which the candidates deposit flowers in the shrine, which at the close of the service, will be given to the poor; hospital; floral offering by Ruth Goldstein; hymn, "Happy who in early youth," arranged from Hebrew traditional tune by G. S. Ensel; Rabbi's address; prayer by Sara Kaplan; hymn "From God's top," by soprano solo by Miss Silverman, adapted from hymnal; address in behalf of class by Ray Morris; also solo by Miss Ada Meylan; act of confirmation; closing prayer by John Procter; trio for soprano, alto and tenor, "A tree of life on Sinai growth," by Fred. E. Ketziger, of Orleans, by Miss Silverman, Miss Ada Meylan and Mr. F. C. Capon; blessing of consecrated bread and wine; certificates; closing anthem, "O'er Sinai's head," with tenor solo by F. C. Capon; benediction.

A PERSIAN LAMB CLOAK.

Judge Curran rendered judgment yesterday in the case of Joseph Alfred Lefebvre vs. Hiram Johnson. In the latter part of the plaintiff had purchased from defendant a Persian lamb cloak for his wife at the price of \$35. The cloak was returned once or twice for repairs and fitting, and was finally paid for about a month ago.

The fall of 1896, Lefebvre returned the cloak to Johnson, complaining that the fur was bad and the garment did not fit, and he took out the present action to have his money refunded. The Court held that the cloak had been returned too late, but as it was proved that, in attempting to repair the cloak, one of defendant's workmen spoiled it so that it was unfit for use by plaintiff's wife, the defendant must be condemned to refund \$105, amount which the plaintiff has declared himself willing to accept.

ST. PATRICK'S JUBILEE BAZAAR.

This bazaar continues to be well patronized despite the unfavorable weather. His and to-morrow afternoons will be specially devoted to children, of whom large numbers are expected to be present. To-morrow (Saturday) evening an athletic entertainment will be given under the auspices of the C.M.B.A. and on Monday evening a parish dinner will be held at which Sir William Hingston will occupy the chair, and Messrs. Justice Curran, Justice Doherty, the Hon. Dr. Guerin and the Hon. Jas. O'Brien, the vice-chairs.

SENT TO ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

In the Police Court yesterday afternoon Mr. Lafontaine sentenced Joseph Gagnon to St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary for three years for receiving stolen goods. Last week the prisoner was arrested in the act of disposing of stolen goods and subsequently his house was searched, where a considerable quantity of stolen property was found which he said he had received from two convicts now serving long terms in the penitentiary.

SATISFIED AS THINGS ARE. THE LICENSED VICTUALLERS' ASSOCIATION.

The Licensed Victuallers' Association in a recent private session discussed the question of petitioning the Provincial Government with reference to a new incumbent for the office of chief of the revenue police, but it was determined that the association hold aloof as the present official had proved himself trustworthy and independent in the discharge of his functions. Resolutions of condolence were passed and ordered to be sent to Mrs. J. H. R. Molson on the death of her husband and a complimentary resolution is to be forwarded to Mr. James Halverson, solicitor for the Ontario Hotelkeepers' Protective Association, in recognition of his services in Ottawa in connection with the recent whiskey deputation. The meeting terminated to have all the hotels in the city properly illuminated on the occasion of the Queen's Jubilee celebration.

MR. GRAHAM RECEIVES MANY CALLS.

Mr. D. J. Graham, who graduated last April from the Presbyterian College in this city, has received a unanimous call from the congregation of Cote des Neiges. The call will be considered at the Presbytery of Montreal, which meets this evening in Knox Church. Mr. Graham has also received unanimous calls from South Finch, Ont., and White Lake, in the Presbyteries of Lanark and Renfrew. Mr. Graham has a wide experience and thorough knowledge of men and affairs and has served two years as alderman in the town of Sault Ste. Marie, declining the majority the third year in order to go to college to prepare for the ministry.

Besides carrying on mission work in Montreal in connection with Crescent Street Church, Mr. Graham took the honor course in college, and in the first year carried off a special prize in architecture.

Mr. Graham's genial manner, combined with matured judgment and earnest spirit, has won for him the esteem of his fellow-students, who will be glad to hear of his recent success.

CENTRAL TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL.

The Central Trades and Labor Council held its regular meeting last evening in the hall, 422 1/2 Craig street, the president, Mr. S. Fitzpatrick, in the chair. The committee that went to Ottawa in re the Longueuil bridge made a lengthy report, showing the necessity of the council making its delegates every-where where labor is interested to prevent the bogus representatives who are at present going around and pushing themselves on the public. The report stated that the council's delegates had checked one of them in Ottawa, who spoke there notwithstanding that he had been expelled from labor organizations a year ago. To prevent these frauds the council appointed Delegates Doolan and Alaris as representatives to attend the meeting of the Queen's Jubilee Committee. A communication was read from the Exhibition manager re the renting of the grounds for the first Monday in September. It was decided to rent the grounds and a committee of nine was appointed to make the necessary arrangements for the due celebration of Labor Day by a parade in the morning and the holding of their annual picnic on the Exhibition grounds in the afternoon. The committee will leave nothing undone to make the event a memorable one, and with this object in view they are already getting to work. They are as follows:—Delegates Belanger, Alaris, Doolan, Chatel, McCamley, Bayard, Frenck and Laverdure.

THE PLEA MAINTAINED.

In the case of Teller vs. Morrison the plaintiff claimed \$2,000 damages on the ground that defendant had written on certain tickets connected with the purchase of the following words: "Will not be paid if transferred to P. Teller or P. Teller & Co." and that these tickets had been ordered by defendant to persons from whom he had bought said, thus causing him serious injury. The defendant pleaded that the words had been written on the tickets as an ordinary matter of business, and in order that he might not buy said tickets plaintiff without his (defendant's) knowledge. Judge Paquette yesterday maintained this plea and dismissed the action.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

A New Suburban Service Committee on Saturday, June 12, and every Saturday thereafter until Sept. 11, inclusive, the C. P. R. will run a special train between Montreal about 2 p.m., for Waterloo and intermediate stations, arriving Waterloo about 5 p.m. Returning special train will leave Waterloo about 10 a.m., Mondays, until Sept. 13, inclusive. These trains will run via St. Lawrence station, departing from and arriving at Windsor Station.



THE REV. D. J. GRAHAM.

**JAMES A. OGILVY & SONS'**  
Advertisement.

**NOTICE**

DURING OUR  
**DRESS GOODS SALE**



We will take  
**Ten Percent Off**  
all Fancy Colored Dress Materials under \$1 a yard  
**Fifteen Percent Off**  
all over \$1.00 a yard.

This applies to all Fancy Colored Dress Goods, except Tartans and Plain Colored Dress Goods.  
This Discount Sale will last for a short time only. Therefore ladies wishing to get a dress before going to the country or the seaside should not miss this opportunity, as the stock thus reduced in price is our regular New Spring Dress Materials.

**In Our Black Dress Goods Department.**

We have applied the Discount to all Black and White, Fancy Mixed, and Black and White Checks, and Grey Materials. The only exceptions in this department are Black Dress Goods.

**MANTLES.**

Our Special Sale of

**Summer Jackets and Capes**

still continues to be a great success.

**SPECIAL REDUCTIONS ON EVERY GARMENT.**

Write for Our **NEW CATALOGUE.**

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THE LARGEST EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS STORE IN CANADA  
St. Catherine Street and Mountain Street.

**BAY OF QUINTE CONFERENCE.**

Lowmanville, Ont., June 4.—The Bay of Quinte Conference opened here yesterday. The Rev. Dr. McDiarmid of Napanee was elected president and the Rev. James McFarlane secretary. The ministerial session was held on Wednesday. The Rev. Dr. Carman presided. The whole session until midnight was taken up in the trial of determining the standing of two ministers. Mr. J. H. Mallett, a probationer of three years, was expelled from the ministry. His case has been before the church in the Port Perry region for six months. The Rev. J. C. Ashe, after lengthy proceedings, was asked to request a location, which really means that he falls back into the ranks of a local preacher. Mr. Ashe, it will be remembered, appealed to the General Conference Court of Appeal against the action of this conference in entering into a covenant with him that was really ultra vires of the conference. This was that his name should be left on the journals of Conference but not published for the public in the printed minutes. He requested this agreement and sincerely promised never appeal against it. His action has provoked the conference beyond measure. But the General Conference ruling was paramount and Mr. Ashe is once more in the Church after three years of trial for moral delinquencies.

The laymen were in convention yesterday. A large number of young men were advanced a year. Very many are seeking an entrance but strenuous efforts are being made to receive only the best.

The first list of stations for another year has been sent out.

**FAST TIME TO TORONTO.**

TWO HOURS TO BE CLIPPED OFF THE OLD TIME OF THE MONTREAL MORNING EXPRESS.

Toronto, June 4.—The competition of the Canadian Pacific into New York has stirred the Grand Trunk authorities up, for it is understood that a much faster service is promised from Montreal to Toronto and New York by way of the Suspension Bridge. When the new summer time-table is announced, it is expected that the time between Montreal and Toronto will be cut by over two hours. The morning train from Montreal, which now reaches Toronto at 9:20 a.m., is expected to arrive here not later than seven o'clock. To do this the train will run straight through from Montreal to Belleville without making any stops. It will stop at all stations between Belleville and Toronto, as is done at the present time. Then an accommodation train will be run between Montreal and Belleville. This arrangement will enable passengers to connect at Toronto with the train for New York on the arrival of the Montreal express here, and arrive in New York the following morning. Under the present service, passengers for New York from Montreal have to remain in Toronto all night, thus losing twelve hours.

**ONTARIO ANGLICANS.**

Kingston, Ont., June 4.—The Synod of Ontario will not convene here before January, 1898, hence the committee meetings held this week will amount to a conference, as most of the reports will be accepted as read.

Prof. Worrell reported verbally for the committee on religious instruction in public schools that the report of the committee of Toronto diocese was adopted, with the addition of a clause making the scheme conform more closely with the resolutions of the general synod on this subject, and providing that the clergy should have the right to give the religious instruction agreed upon.

A new scale of assessment of parishes was submitted, making a general advance of about thirty percent, save a few adjustments. The estimates for the ensuing year showed expenditure of \$2,881, and receipts of \$2,933.

Archdeacon T. Bedford Jones reported for the domestic and foreign mission committee, regretting a decrease in offerings, in a total of \$1,836. About twenty-one parishes defaulted on the appeals. The committee resolved to grant Algoma diocese two hundred dollars for the present year.

The Rev. Messrs. Lewin and Halliwell have been made annuitants upon the superannuation fund.

The Rev. A. Jarvis reported for the widows and orphans' fund, reporting capital since the division at \$12,275; voluntary offerings, for the past year were \$670; subscriptions, \$230; donations, \$250; the grants to beneficiaries were \$1,528; the current overdraft is \$701.

The Rev. E. Loucks reported for Episcopal fund, capital, \$50,408 as existing for many years, with income about as before, the bishop being now paid \$2,800 annually, a reduction within ten years of \$600 owing to lower rate of interest. He also receives \$945 from clergy trust fund and Macaulay award.

On motion, the collections on Jubilee Sunday, not already appropriated, will be devoted to the relief of the fund for diocesan missions.

The archdeacon, the Rev. J. K. McMorine, Mr. R. V. Rogers and Judge Wilkinson were chosen to represent the diocese on the mission board of the general synod.

It was decided that the present professional auditors remain in office until synod meets in January.

**GOT THREE MONTHS.**

St. Jovite, Que., June 4.—The C.P.R. station at this place has been the object of several robberies of late, all of which have been punished. One more was added to the list on Tuesday, when one Champagne was sentenced to three months for smashing the windows of the station. On Saturday night of last week at midnight the agent, Mr. J. P. Berger, and Mr. M. Bell, were retiring for the night at their hotel close by. Hearing the noise, they armed themselves with revolvers and proceeded to the place, where they were obliged to do some firing in the air in order to arrest the culprit. He seemed to be under the influence of liquor at the time and his intentions are unknown.

**MONTREAL PILOTS' BILL.**

THE MEASURE PASSES THE PRIVATE BILLS' COMMITTEE IN AMENDED FORM.

Ottawa, Ont., June 4.—The Private Bills' Committee had the Pilots' bill before it to-day. The bill was passed after being amended. The clauses making collectors of customs collectors of pilotage fees, and prohibiting the granting of clearance papers unless the fees have been paid, were strenuously opposed and were struck out. The customs officers, however, can act if they see fit. The clause exempting the corporation from responsibility for damages arising from the action of a pilot or his neglect was opposed by Mr. Penny and Mr. Henry Allan on behalf of the shipowners, but it was finally passed. All the clauses of the bill which can be covered by by-laws of the corporation were struck out of the bill. The power to appoint pilots exclusively by the corporation was struck out. The corporation will have merely the power to admit pilots and apprentice pilots within the pilotage district of Montreal. This would mean that the Harbor Commissioners will still have power to make appointments.

**CROW'S NEST PASS.**

A 'KICK' FROM WINNIPEG.

Winnipeg, June 4.—At a meeting of the Winnipeg Board of Trade last evening, the following resolution was passed and ordered to be transmitted to the Hon. Clifford Sifton and the Liberal members of the House of Commons, with the request that they would further the board's views in the matter referred to:—Whereas telegraphic advices of the arrangements entered into between the government and the Canadian Pacific Railway for the construction of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway report that the said arrangement includes a reduction on through rates from eastern to western points, but expressly states that no reductions from Winnipeg to the west will be made; and whereas, such policy if carried out would be ruinous to the business interests of the whole western country, therefore, be it resolved that this board on behalf of the business interests of Winnipeg, must strongly protest against such discrimination, and insists that any reduction in rates must equally apply between Winnipeg and points west, the same as they do between points in Eastern Canada and the west.

**ANOTHER ROAD.**

Ottawa, June 4.—Another Crow's Nest project was launched yesterday morning in the Railway Committee of the House to swell the list of claimants to the right of going through the mountain pass. It is called the Manitoba & Pacific Railway. The line, as proposed, began at Portage La Prairie, crossed the Assiniboine River, joined the Northern Pacific at Belmont, then proceeded westerly by way of Lethbridge and the Crow's Nest Pass to the Pacific coast. Mr. Choquette remarked that this was another Crow's Nest scheme, whereupon Mr. Macdonnell, one of the promoters, in view of the fact that a basis of agreement between the government and the C. P. R. has been arrived at, consented to a curtailment of the enterprise. He named Lethbridge as the western terminus, cutting out of the bill the provision for the extension to the coast. After a spirited discussion in which the tricks of railway promoters were vigorously handled, the bonding privileges of the company were reduced from \$20,000 to \$15,000 a mile.

**BLAME ALTGELD.**

EX-GOVERNOR OF ILLINOIS ACCUSED OF COMPLICITY IN THE UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS STEAL.

Springfield, Ill., June 4.—The report of the special committee of the Senate appointed to investigate the charges of misappropriation of the funds of the University of Illinois by C. W. Spalding, treasurer of the university board and president of the Globe Savings Bank, declares that ex-Governor Altgeld was a heavy borrower of the failed bank; that he must have known of its insolvent condition when he recommended President Spalding for treasurer of the university board, and that H. B. Prentice, formerly in charge of the banking department of the State Auditor's office, was removed at Altgeld's request after having insisted on a rigid examination of the Globe Savings Bank's affairs. The committee concludes that Mr. Spalding, with the Governor's aid, was elected treasurer of the university, 'very largely for the purpose of loaning large sums of money to the bank, and even to persons who are members of the board of trustees of the university.'

(Chicago, June 4.—John P. Altgeld, ex-Governor of Illinois, to-day denied the charges brought against him in the report of the special committee of the State Senate on Wednesday, of which Senator Berry is chairman. The former governor entered into a detailed denial of the charges, and says:—So far as his report is concerned, it is not simply unfair but is absolutely untruthful. The testimony on which the report is based was shown to be untruthful. It is intended simply for political effect.

Mr. Henry Grant desires to say that although his place of business was at Beaver Hall when burglars stole his goods in July, 1896, as mentioned in yesterday's Queen's Bench report, he is not there now, but at 2445 St. Catherine street.

**STUNNED, BUT NOT FATALLY.**

MR. LEBLANC SAYS THAT THE CONSERVATIVE PARTY IS NOT DEAD.

The Young Conservative Club held a demonstration at the Monument National last evening in honor of Mr. A. A. Mondeau's victory in Yamaska. Mr. W. Mount expressed the pleasure of the club at meeting Mr. Mondeau after his victory. Mr. Mondeau in his reply gave some pointers as to organization, going over the chief phases of the late campaign. He stated that he was prepared to give fair play to the new government when his Conservative principles were not involved. The Hon. P. E. Leblanc said that the meeting was evidence of the fact that the Conservative party was not dead. They had lost, but the honor of the party was saved. Messrs. Joseph Loranger, Louis Loranger, Milton McDonald, Arthur Cote, A. Germain and others also spoke.

**TOOK TINCTURE OF IODINE.**

A dose of tincture of iodine swallowed by Mrs. Louis Babulle, she says by mistake, but there are rumors of family trouble, brought the Notre Dame Hospital ambulance to 330 Jacques Cartier street yesterday afternoon. The bottle which had contained the poison was found on the street, and the wine glass from which it had been taken was also hidden away. Emetics were administered to Mrs. Babulle at the hospital and to-day she is nearly recovered.

**SUICIDE OF A CROOK.**

DEATH RATHER THAN IMPRISONMENT.

**THE FUR ROBBERY MYSTERY SOLVED.**

Some time ago a large quantity of valuable furs were consigned from Vancouver, B.C., to England. The goods were brought to Montreal by the C.P.R., and on the road the car was broken into and over three thousand dollars' worth of furs stolen. The robbery appeared a mystery as the seal of the car was intact on reaching Montreal. The case was placed in the hands of the Canadian Secret Service, and Superintendent McCaskill succeeded in arresting three men named Jas. Hickey and Louis and Jos. Pokorney, at Rt. Fortage, Ont., on May 24, and the perpetrators of the deed. Some of the missing furs were discovered in a store occupied by Ole Andersen, at Eagle River, Ont., but the latter was nowhere to be found. A search was instituted but without avail, and it was surmised that he had committed suicide to escape conviction. This theory was confirmed on Sunday last when his remains were found in the river near his home. Hickey and the two Pokorney were tried and found guilty of the offence, and the former was sentenced to the penitentiary for three years. Joseph Pokorney got eighteen months in the Central Prison, and his brother Louis received a term of twelve months. The three prisoners were employed by the C.P.R., and each occupied a position of trust. It appears they split the seal of the car, opened the door and removed the furs. After the car was sealed, and thus the robbery escaped the notices of the men whose duty it was to examine the seal as the train passed the different stations on the way to Montreal. Much credit is due to Superintendent McCaskill for the manner in which he ran the thieves to earth.

**UNQUALIFIED STENOGRAPHERS.**

A petition, complaining of the present state of affairs with respect to official stenographers, is being signed by a number of lawyers and will be submitted to the members of the Council of the Bar at their next regular meeting. The petitioners complain that in the recent appointment by the Quebec Government of a regular staff of salaried stenographers were included the names of some who never passed the usual examination before the Bar's special board, and consequently are not officially recognized as being qualified for the position. This is considered an abuse and the members of the Bar ask that it be remedied at once.

**LUMPY JAW.**

The milk inspectors to-day reported to Dr. Laberge, city medical health officer, that yesterday they had found two more animals at the abattoirs, suffering from lumpy jaw. The beasts were from London, Ont., and were to be shipped to England. Both animals were confiscated, and Dr. Laberge this morning wrote the shippers to the effect that if any more of their animals arrived in this port suffering from this disease that their names would be at once handed to the press for publication.

**INTERESTING TO LESSEES.**

Judge Taschereau rendered an instant judgment yesterday in the case of Foster vs. the Chateauguay & Northern Railway Company. The plaintiff, a tenant of the Baylis farm, claimed \$500 damages on account of loss of crops and inconvenience caused by the railway crossing the property. The plea to the action was that the company having purchased the right of way from Mr. Baylis, the lessee could have no right of action against them. This plea was maintained, and the action was dismissed.

**SENT TO THE REFORMATORY.**

Alphonse Mercier, a lad who broke a plant on the doorstep of Dr. J. O. Lachapelle, of Sherbrooke street, was sent to the Reformatory School for two years yesterday afternoon by Recorder DeMontigny. Alphonse Girouard, his companion, was bound over in the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars to keep the peace, as he had a better reputation than young Mercier.

**ODDFELLOWS' DECORATION DAY.**

To-morrow, Saturday, will be observed by the Independent Order of Oddfellows, Baltimore Unity, of this city, as Decoration Day. The members of the Order will assemble at the Mount Royal Cemetery gates at 1:45 p.m., from whence they will proceed to decorate the graves of deceased members of the order. Queen's Birthday was formerly recognized as Decoration Day.

**STREET LEVEL CASE.**

Judge Mathieu rendered judgment yesterday in the case of James McCrory vs. the city. The plaintiff claimed \$1,855 damages on account of the level of Young street, having been changed in front of his property, and the Court allowed him \$247.52.

**ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**COLONIAL HOUSE,**  
Phillips Square.

**WEDDING**  
And Other Gifts.

A Floor Devoted to Goods Especially Appropriate for this Purpose.

The **SILVERWARE, CUTLERY, LAMP** and **CHINA DEPARTMENTS** each furnish many suggestions for acceptable Wedding Gifts, special pains having been taken in the selection.

Every care taken in Packing and Delivering.

**CANDLE STICKS** in Dresden, Brass and Silver.

**FERN DISHES** in Silver and Decorated China.

**CUT GLASS** in all the Newest Patterns.

**FLOWER POTS, JARDINIERS, UMBRELLA STANDS, Etc.**

**RICHLY DECORATED VASES** of every description.

**CARVERS** in Leather Cases, (guaranteed goods.)

**FISH SETS, GAME SETS, DESSERT SETS, Etc.**

Highly Decorated **BISCUIT JARS, JEWEL CASES, BON BON DISHES, Etc.**

New Lamp Globes and Shades.

**HENRY MORGAN & CO.,**  
Montreal.

**The Reign Of Rain**

Puts a check rein upon some forms of pleasure, and you might as well check a rein-deer's flight with sewing silk as try to dry clothes in rainy weather, washed with the ordinary common high-titled soaps, sticky with glue. Use **STRACHAN'S GILT EDGE** only, because it is Pure, Clean, leaves no sticky residue, and washes in hard or soft water. All the grocers keep

**Strachan's GILT EDGE Soap.**

**SHIPPING AND HARBOR NEWS.**

The Dominion line R.M.S. Scotsman, from Liverpool, May 27, passed Cape Race inwards yesterday morning.

The Allan line SS. Numidian, from Liverpool, passed Cape Race inwards yesterday afternoon.

The Canadian Australian SS. Mowera arrived at Sydney, Aus., on June 2.

The White Star line SS. Teutonic, sailing from New York on the 14th, will after her arrival at Liverpool, go to Spithead with her guns on as an armed cruiser and take part in the naval review.

The SS. Torr Head, of the Head line, which is expected in port to-morrow, is consigned to Messrs. McLean, Kennedy & Co. This is the first trip of the Torr Head to Montreal, and she is one of the most modern cargo boats afloat. She is 452 feet long, with a beam of 50 feet, and has a hold depth of 21 feet. She has twin screws, can hold 1,350 tons of water ballast, is classed 100 A1 at Lloyds and can carry 8,750 tons of dead weight cargo.

The SS. Buenos Ayrean arrived in port this morning.

The steamships Vancouver, Lake Huron, and the Laurentian leave to-morrow morning for Liverpool with large numbers of passengers, many of them going to take part in the Queen's Jubilee celebrations. The Gretholme also sails to-morrow morning for Hull with a general cargo and passengers.

**WINDMILL AT WORK ON A BARQUE.**

The windmill on the barque Bengal of Drammen, which lies at the first locks at the foot of McGill street, is the only thing of the kind in the harbor. It pumps out the water from the barque's hold. A good strong breeze is required to set agoing this mill which draws a big stream of water. The vessel is Swedish and her crew is Swedish too, though the last voyage was from Georgia to Montreal. The Bengal has on board great blocks of pitch pine which are being unloaded. Fifteen hundred of these

pieces were her cargo, brought from Pensacola, Georgia, for a firm here.

**WEATHER FORECAST FOR JUNE.**

The Bureau of Navigation, Department of the Navy at Washington, D.C., publishes with its pilot chart of the North Atlantic Ocean the following forecast for June:—Generally fair weather in the central and southern parts of the North Atlantic during this month. A few south-westerly and westerly gales along and to the northward of the transatlantic routes and near the American coast. Fog, as indicated, from 40 deg. W. to 55 deg. W., and from 60 deg. W. to the coast; also near 50 deg. N. from 5 deg. W. to 25 deg. W. Icebergs and field ice between the 45th meridian and the Newfoundland coast; bergs between 45 deg. W. and 55 deg. W., near the 45th parallel, and as far south as 42 deg. N. near the 50th meridian.

**GULF REPORT.**

L'Islet—Rainy; east wind.  
River du Loup—Cloudy; north-east wind.  
Father Point—Cloudy; east wind; outward at 4 a.m., Alcides and Gloneig; 6 a.m., SS. Etchla; inward at 7 a.m., three-master schooner.  
Metis—Cloudy; east wind; inward at 7 a.m., Kildona; outward at 7 a.m., Lake Huron.  
Martin River—Clear; east wind.  
Cape Magdalen—Clear; east wind.  
Paine Point—Clear; outward yesterday at 6 p.m., Pomoranian.  
North Shore—Clear; north-east wind.  
Thunder River—Inward at 7 a.m., Otter.  
Anticosti—Clear; north-west wind.  
West Cove—Sevoy arriving and the New-Cape.  
All stations clear; north wind.  
Cape Ray—Clear; strong north wind; inward at 8 a.m., steamer; outward at 7 a.m., steamer.  
Low Point—Clear; variable wind; inward yesterday Arcadian; outward yesterday at 7 p.m., Glenlivet.  
Cape Race—Clear; north-west wind; inward yesterday at 2 p.m., Numidian; 3:30 p.m., Westwater; to-day at 5 a.m., Eugene; outward yesterday at 7:30 p.m., Mercier; 8 p.m., Charles Cross.

Weekly Calendar.

FRIDAY, JUNE 4.

VETERANS, 1866-70. The members of the Association will meet for drill at the Drill Hall, Craig street, at 8 o'clock p.m. on the 1st, 4th, 8th, 11th, 15th and 18th June (Tuesdays and Fridays). Ex-members of the Volunteer Militia desirous of parading with the Association on Jubilee Day, 22nd June, are invited to attend the above drills. Musicians willing to join the band to be formed for the occasion are also invited. By order, DAVID SEATH, Major, Hon. Secretary.

SATURDAY, JUNE 5.

Garden Party, Under the auspices of the Ladies of ST. SIMON'S CHURCH. By kind permission of THOS. LIGGET, Esq. At THORNTON PARK, TIRCOG.

SATURDAY, June 5, from 3.30 till 5 p.m. Admission, 10c. Music and Refreshments. Take the Notre Dame Street Cars to Cote St. Paul Road. In event of rain it will be postponed till MONDAY EVENING, the 7th instant.

ARMY AND NAVY VETERANS' ASSOCIATION. The usual meeting of the Association will be held in the 6th Fusiliers' Barracks, at 8 p.m. on SATURDAY NEXT, 5th June, 1897, at which a full attendance is requested. Business: Election of Officers, Reports of Committees and Distribution of Badges. All who have served in the Imperial Army or Navy are cordially invited to join us. H. W. SWEETING, Secy., 942 City Hall Ave.

ANNUAL EXCURSION 'Natural History Society' TO RIVER ROUCE, On SATURDAY, June 5. Special Train will leave C.P.R. Windsor Station at 9 a.m. Tickets, \$1.25. Children, 75c.

WINDSOR HALL, SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 5th. AMERICA'S GRANDEST ORATOR.

Hon. William BRYAN Jennings. Presidential candidate in the late United States elections, will lecture on "BI-METALLISM" under auspices of Ingomar Lodge, Knights of Pythias. Tickets, 25c. Box office open at Nordheimer's, St. James street, and Shaw's Music Store, St. Catherine street, on Monday morning, May 31st, at 10 o'clock.

A.O.U.W. A MEETING OF THE Excursion Committee. Will be held at the Glenora Hall on SATURDAY EVENING, June 5, at 8 p.m. THOS. LIGGET, Grand Master Workman.

Mr. Ernest Carus-Wilson, Missionary to Ceylon, will speak on 'Missions' at the Young Men's Meeting, SATURDAY Night, at 8 o'clock. An interesting meeting promised.

BIBLE CLASSES ON SUNDAY, at 9.45 a.m. for the International Lesson. 3.00 p.m., Young Men's Bible Study. All young men cordially invited to these services. Young Men's Christian Association, Dominion Square.

SUNDAY, JUNE 6.

MEN'S OWN, BRIEF, BRIGHT, BROTHERLY Every Sunday Afternoon, at 3 p.m. In CALVARY CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Guy street, above St. Antoine.

NEXT SUNDAY, Speaker: Rev. Canon J. H. DIXON. Solist: Mr. P. MOORE. Subject: "DO WE THINK?" COME!

FUTURE MEETINGS.

COLLEGE OF Physicians and Surgeons OF THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

PROVINCIAL MEDICAL BOARD. Preliminary Examination. THE EXAMINATION for admission to the study of Medicine and Surgery will commence on THURSDAY, the 1st JULY NEXT, at Nine o'clock a.m., at Montreal, in the rooms of the Medical Faculty of Laval University, St. Denis street. Certificates of moral character and fee (\$20) must be submitted at least ten days previously to one of the undersigned secretaries.

A. G. BELLEAU, M.D., Quebec. A. T. BROSSEAU, M.D., Montreal, Secretaries. June 1st, 1897.

Weekly Calendar.

ART ASSOCIATION, Phillips Square.

Galleries of Paintings. Open daily, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. ADMISSION, 25c.

FUTURE MEETINGS.

COLLEGE OF Physicians and Surgeons OF THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

PROVINCIAL MEDICAL BOARD. Semi-Annual Meeting.

THE MEETING of the Board will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 7th JULY NEXT, at 10 o'clock a.m., at Montreal, in the rooms of the Medical Faculty of Laval University, St. Denis street.

Candidates for examination or license must send their papers (including certificate of admission to study medicine) also the fee (\$40) at least ten days previous to the meeting to either of the undersigned secretaries.

The Credentials Committee will meet at Montreal, Monday the 6th July next, at nine o'clock a.m., when candidates for the License must be present with diplomas and certificates of admission to the study of Medicine. After that date no candidate will be admitted.

The Professional Examination Committee will sit Tuesday, the 6th July next, at Montreal, at 9 o'clock a.m. Bachelors of Arts, Sciences and Letters intending to study Medicine can be admitted on presenting their diplomas, duly sworn to, on application to either Secretary at least eight days before the meeting of the Board.

A. G. BELLEAU, M.D., Quebec. A. T. BROSSEAU, M.D., Montreal, Secretaries. June 7th, 1897.

Calendar table for June 1897 with columns for days of the week and numbers 1-30.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. Daily Witness, \$3.00. Weekly Witness, \$1.00; with reductions to clubs: Northern Messenger, 25c; 10 copies to one address, \$2.50; \$4.00; \$6.00; \$10.00; \$20.00. For Great Britain add \$1.00 per annum for postage on Weekly Witness; 25c on Northern Messenger; \$3.00 on Daily Witness.

ADVERTISING RATES. DAILY WITNESS. Five lines and upwards, 10c per line. Contract on favorable terms. WEEKLY WITNESS. With large type or cuts, 50c per line. One-third reduction for set in our usual small advertising types. Special contract rates.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Douglas & Son,' 'Witness' Office, Montreal, and all letters to the Editor should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.'

The Daily Witness.

FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1897.

There seems great reason to regret the decision of the government to discontinue the tidal survey for the current year, as the interests involved are those of life and death and of the reputation of our commercial route. The best navigator in the world is nonplussed by tidal currents, which reverse themselves twice a day and change their speed with the hours. We have lost valuable ships from this cause. The last great liner which approached our shores had no observation of the sun for many days, and got so near the coast that it could not venture on a forward course, and had to drift within twenty miles of shore, with no protection against danger but a sounding-line and a sharp lookout. If the ocean was without currents or if currents were always the same a good navigator would know his position to a mile, but if the currents, whose action is not revealed by the log, are running sometimes one way and sometimes another, what is he to do unless these movements of the water are on his chart? It may be that the notation of these troublesome phenomena upon the charts has often, owing to the obvious difficulty of securing exactness, proved of uncertain value, but that is only the more reason why the study should be earnestly and continuously prosecuted till enough exactness is secured to be useful, and along with this why the mapping of the sea bottom should never cease.

THE CROW'S NEST.

It has transpired that at the important caucus held on Wednesday the government forced the 'Globe's' big Crow's Nest deal on the Liberal party against many protests, which were only stilled by a threat of resignation. The circumstances need a great deal of explaining, and we trust the explanation will be satisfactory when the matter comes before parliament, where it is likely to be very roughly challenged. The appearance of things is that a knot of speculators at Toronto, exercising considerable Liberal party influence, had secured a lot of very valuable British Columbia franchises and monopolies which had been squandered by the government of that province, and had sold these to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company on terms which made it the anxious interest of the speculators in question that the government should fall in with the Pacific Railway's Crow's Nest plans. At all events, the 'Globe' turned on such great guns on behalf of the deal as a newspaper seldom resorts to, demanding that the Canadian Pacific receive a subsidy to carry a line through the Crow's Nest Pass, and that the condition demanded of the company be the abrogation of the agreement that parliament shall not interfere with the company's freight rates. The government had to inform its followers that it had actually concluded a bargain and would have to put it through or resign. The terms of this bargain determine exactly what freight reductions shall be made by the railway company, and are therefore not a restoration to parliament of the power to deal with freight rates. They also include the surrender to government of one-half of the mineral lands, which the company has got the refusal of. This surrender is to be made under a system which, unless managed on behalf of government with far more competence and loyalty than are usual in protecting the public rights against private interest, will amount to giving the company its pick of the properties.

We do not pretend to be giving the exact facts, but to be stating how the thing looks at present. We look forward with very much interest to the parliamentary discussion of the question, and hope that the Queen's jubilee will not interfere with a full ventilation of it. The arrangement seems objectionable from the fact that it practically makes over, or seems to make over, to one company a monopoly of all the Rocky Mountain passes, a thing which could have been avoided by the government building the mountain line itself. Again, it pays the Canadian Pacific Railway a heavy subsidy for doing what it had announced its intention to do. This may be explained on the score that the company when it made that announcement had its agreement already in its pocket and that the newspaper pyrotechnics since have been only to bring the people round to what was already done and what they were expected to resent. In the third place, if the government was going to subsidize the company to give the North-West lower rates, or, in other words, to pay for the farmers of the North-West a portion of the heavy freight rates charged them, it should have been a distinct transaction on its own merits and unclouded by other issues, so that the people might judge for themselves whether they liked the agreement or not. We shall, however, soon hear what there is to say for and against the transaction.

POSTPONED. That has happened which has seemed for a week or two back to grow more and more inevitable; one of the two great promised issues of the session has been postponed, namely, the plebiscite bill. Some days ago we printed half a column of quotations from the words of the Premier and from the speech from the throne to show how definitely this bill was promised. This was done in view of the apparent closing in of the possibility of accomplishing the promise, and to make sure it should at least not lightly get the go-by at the hands of those who had the honor of the Liberal party in their keeping. It became certain, however, that Mr. Laurier would be gone long before the issue could be reached, and the extent to which the country looked to him personally to carry the question through parliament intact made it a question whether it should try to complete the perilous passage without him. Mr. Laurier never pretended to be a prohibitionist, but he certainly is loyal to the agreement with the people that the question whether they want prohibition or not should be squarely submitted to them. We should of course be glad to suppose that every member of the ministry was equally desirous of having this question

straightforwardly dealt with. Nothing more definite has transpired to make us think otherwise than the persistent rumors that other issues would be appended to the ballots and that preposterous demands would be made as to what should be accounted a mandate from the people. We have now the assurance that the question of direct taxation will not be appended. It comes in a form, however, which implies that that proposal has been gravely considered and presumably urged by some. We have steadfastly held, however, that it was impossible Mr. Laurier could be a party to appending an unnecessary and foreign issue to the one on which the country was asked to give its verdict.

To say that there will be disappointment and resentment in the ranks of the temperance people is to treat a storm calmly. This will be felt most by those who have placed the most implicit faith in the government, while on the other hand there will be those who will be triumphant with their 'I told you so.' There are temperance people who take the ground that they do not want prohibition except at the hands of a government elected on a prohibition issue. These declare that any other government will simply play with the matter and befall the prohibitionists. We do not fall in with this policy, which seems to involve opposing all but prohibitionist governments and accepting nothing till a majority of the electors are willing to lay aside every other issue in favor of prohibition and to favor any other movement that will pool with prohibition. The effect of this would be to cut off at a low estimate nine-tenths of those who favor prohibition from the prohibition standard and indefinitely to postpone the hope of fruition. Even if we could once get prohibition before the country as a ruling issue, and get prohibition carried by a government of prohibitionists, we could not hope from that out to have governments of none but prohibitionists or constituted of men who would not palter with the matter. Other issues would bring into power men who, even if committed to it, would regard it as a nuisance from the point of view of party politics, just as some do now. We are therefore in favor of making the best of the conditions which exist, of getting prohibition as soon as we can and trusting to the obvious rightness of the measure to educate the people more and more in its favor and to make them demand it more and more of any government.

There does not appear to us any evidence that the government as a whole, in coming to the conclusion it has so unfortunately reached, has been wilfully false to its promises. Of course, even though Mr. Laurier has gone at the Queen's mandate to disport himself in his ancestral laurels, the government is still here, and might still protract the session until it had forced through the measure. It is well known, however, that the House has become utterly restive. There are other members who in their own way have loyal functions laid upon them, and would look with great dislike on a measure that would probably keep them at Ottawa until a month from now or that would even prolong the session for a week longer than may be absolutely necessary to dispose of the tariff. Much as we may regret the result, we are not prepared to say the government has not done as the best friends of prohibition might find themselves forced to approve under the unusual circumstances. We cannot, however, agree with those who would have the prohibitionists congratulate themselves on having another year to educate the country. They have no force at their disposal for protracted active campaigning, even if the people could be got to go to meetings for a year and a half. Meantime, what we regard as the greatest blessing which law can confer upon our land is necessarily put back for a year; the untold iniquity of the liquor traffic has the warrant of law for another year, and the untold woes that traffic entails on the country are protracted in full force for another year, and perhaps increased by the fact that people have turned their attention away from the enforcement of existing checks upon drink-selling. Even should the coming plebiscite not result in an immediate victory for prohibition, the final victory, in which we believe, will be delayed just so long by the stagnation of uncertainty now resting on the movement.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The question of a Canadian mint is one to be settled according to whether or not it would prove an economy. The question of a Canadian gold coinage, however, is one which can admit of only one answer. It is quite true that Canada's admirable currency system reduces the use of gold coin in domestic trade almost to nothing, and it is also true that the British sovereign and United States eagle are legal tender in Canada. But the basis of Canada's money is gold, and she might as well have her own gold coin. In her foreign relations Canada is not happy in the use of British or United States gold. The British coin is not in harmony with the decimal system in vogue on this continent, while the United States coin, going as it does to Europe, emphasizes the already too prevalent idea that this country is either part of the United States or a very insignificant tributary of that country. The lack of gold coin of our own to use in export causes, moreover, a good deal of friction between the public and government. When in the course of trade it becomes necessary to send gold to England the applicant for gold at the treasury usually gets United States gold, and cannot be convinced that the government is treating him fairly in not giving him British gold; and vice versa. Had Canada her own gold coinage the public would no longer expect government to supply foreign exchange at par. We are of the opinion that the cost to the country would be little, if any, through the adoption of a Canadian gold coin, and it would do much to inform foreign peoples of her high and important position upon this continent.

The report of the Quebec Bank, published this week, shows net profits of \$219,183.69, as against \$226,320.29 the previous year. As the bad and doubtful debts were deducted from this year's profits before making the statement, while they were deducted by special appropriation from the earnings the year before, this year, instead of being behind its predecessor, is ahead in profits, which is a matter for congratulation.

The continuous wet and cold weather prevents the expansion of trade, not merely on account of unseasonableness but through the impassability of the country roads. In this connection it may not be out of place to call attention to the fact that in this province at least the villages have roads very much worse than the country, the municipalities apparently caring less for proper roadways than the government. The grass has been partly winter-killed, while the soaking rains have done considerable damage to crops in low-lying districts. In Ontario the reports of injury by night frosts are now modified, and a favorable fruit and grain crop is expected.

On the local stock exchange the market has been quieter than usual, but the bull tone still obtains. The money market remains unchanged. June 1 being dividend day among the banks, some \$1,400,000 was paid out, which doubtless helped to keep the market easy. The May clearings are reported \$1,300,000 in excess of 1896, and \$3,400,000 in excess of 1895. The Bank of England rate continues unchanged at two percent.

CLEARINGS, BALANCES.

Table showing Total for week ending June 3, 1897, with corresponding weeks of 1896 and 1895, listing Clearings and Balances.

A SCOTCH JOURNALIST'S TOUR.

Mr. Charles Innes of Inverness, Scotland, one of the best-known men in the Highlands, has been spending a day or two in our city, making his home for the time being at the Windsor Hotel. As a lawyer of extensive practice, he is a lawyer of extensive practice, he is a lawyer of several northern estates, besides being sheriff clerk of Cromarty and managing director of the 'Northern Chronicle,' a newspaper which has perhaps the best established influence of any local paper in Scotland. Ten years ago Mr. Innes paid his first visit to this country, with the intention of making a special visit to the districts where his fellow countrymen had established themselves, as well as taking note of the suitability of certain tracts for further settlement. Mr. Innes is a keen observer, and his notes on Canada in a series of articles entitled 'From Quebec to Vancouver' are exceedingly interesting reading. The issue of his present visit may possibly be an amplifying of these notes into a volume which every Scotchman will only be too glad to have in his library. Mr. Innes is on his way to Vancouver, where he has some investments.

SHERBROOKE WANTS THE KILTIES.

Sherbrooke, June 4.—A movement is on foot here to get the Fifth Royal Scots to visit Sherbrooke on the occasion of the jubilee celebration which takes place on July 1.

MOB LAW IN OHIO.

A NEGRO TAKEN FROM JAIL AND HANGED.

THE MOB HAD BEEN DRIVEN OFF BY THE MILITIA BUT RETURNED.

Urbana, Ohio, June 4.—The Grand Jury was empanelled yesterday and reported last night an indictment against 'Click' Mitchell, negro, for the criminal assault on Mrs. Eliza Gaumer, wife of Sheriff McLean and his deputies brought Mitchell into court in a soldier's uniform. The military were on duty about the court and the jail. This guise of the prisoner worked perfectly. The crowds that were about the grounds and in the streets did not know what was going on and those who saw Mitchell en route from the jail to the Court House did not recognize him. The doors to the Court House were all guarded by the militia. With the military about the building and the crowds outside, Mitchell was badly scared. He waived the reading of the indictment, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to the extreme limit, twenty years in the penitentiary.

At 1 a.m. a mob advanced on the jail. The climax culminated at 2.30 this morning when the militia opened fire on the crowd and shot twenty rounds. The volley resulted in Harry Bell of this city being shot through the head and killed instantly. A young man named Higgins was shot through the body and killed instantly. Dennis Grancy was shot in the right foot. Dr. Charles Thompson of North Lewisburg received a slight wound on the forehead. Wesley Bowen of Cable was shot in the hip and wounded seriously. Ray Dickerson was shot in the shoulder. Dick McClure was shot through the muscle of the right arm. Gus Weiser received a slight wound on the face, and John Wank was shot in the foot.

When the shooting occurred, a crowd of a thousand people stood congregated around the jail. It had been rumored that an attempt would be made to take Mitchell from the jail and hang him. The crowd was more boisterous than at any time since the prisoner had been confined in the jail. The crowd was heading for the prisoner and, more determined to secure Mitchell, it had crowded into the jail yard and was making for the jail. Captain George W. Leonard, in command of the militia, addressed the crowd and gave them three minutes to disperse. There was a general rush from the jail yard, but the crowd again returned. The noise had subsided, and the demonstration was less pronounced. Fully half an hour had elapsed from the time the order was given, when the rattle of musketry was heard; volley after volley was fired, until as many as twenty volleys had been sent into the crowd. There was a general panic for a while and the dead and wounded were carried in every direction in search of doctors' offices.

The Springfield troops arrived at 7.30 this morning and immediately marched toward the Court House. Angry citizens who were incensed over the killing of townsmen by the militia at 2.30 a.m., were only further irritated by the appearance of more troops. Crowds gathered along the streets and greeted the soldiers with hooting and all sorts of insulting remarks. Next, mud balls began to be thrown at the soldiers. The fever of excitement raged more and more fiercely. Women appeared on the streets in large numbers, and their presence seemed to be an incentive to the mob to avenge in some manner the outrage to Mrs. Gaumer. The excitement was growing so fast that another clash between the troops and citizens seemed inevitable. In this emergency Mayor Ganson ordered the Springfield company to return to the depot. The order was obeyed. No sooner did the crowd perceive this apparent retreat by the soldiers than their fierce demand for the blood of Mitchell grew stronger. An immediate attack was made which resulted successfully, upon the jail. Mitchell was in a moment in the hands of the mob, and the next minute he was hanging from the nearest tree. Hundreds of women were present and witnessed the final scene of the mob's fury.

TORONTO RAILWAY Y. M. C. A.

Toronto, June 4.—The Grand Trunk Railway Department of Y.M.C.A. was opened to-day. An informal reception was given to railway men and their families, from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. The formal exercises will take place at eight o'clock this evening. Mr. C. M. Hays, general manager of the G. T. R., is expected to be present. Mr. H. O. Williams, international railway secretary, will preside at this evening's meeting.

MRS. PRIOR'S FRIENDS WANT HER.

Dr. F. W. Campbell has been asked by Mr. Frank Wilby of Atlanta, Ga., to find the address of Mrs. Elizabeth Prior, whose first husband's name was Fred Clarke. The widow married a Mr. Prior and resided on Lagachetiere street when last heard from. Mr. Fred Clarke's mother also resided in Montreal and was a private sick nurse. It is important that friends in England should learn of Mrs. Prior's present address. Having exhausted the means at his disposal without learning Mrs. Prior's present residence, Dr. Campbell seeks it from readers of the 'Witness.'

NATURAL HISTORY.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SOCIETY.

A GOOD YEAR'S WORK REPORTED.

The Natural History Society held its annual meeting last evening at the headquarters on University street, the president, the Rev. Dr. Campbell, occupying the chair. The report of the chairman of council, Mr. George Sumner, showed that there had been nine meetings of the council and eight meetings of the society during the year, all of which had been well attended and showed increased interest in the society.

It was suggested that some of the wealthy citizens should do something towards an endowment fund, to help on the society. The losses by death included the Rev. Dr. Smyth, and Messrs. E. E. Lacy, John Kerry, Geo. Kearney, J. H. R. Molson and Dr. Gentles. During the year fifteen new names had been added to the membership list.

The treasurer's report, presented by F. W. Richards, showed the finances of the society to be in a very satisfactory condition. During the year several donations had been made to the museum and library which were reported by Mr. J. B. Williams.

Reports were also presented from the house committee, by Mr. J. S. Shearer, and on the record of science by Prof. Frank D. Adams. All of the reports were adopted and ordered to be printed. After a few words from the president, expressing his satisfaction at the progress of the society's work, the meeting passed two resolutions of sympathy and condolence with the families of the late Mr. J. H. R. Molson and the late Dr. J. Gentles, respectively. The meeting then proceeded with the election of officers which resulted as follows:—

Hon. president—Sir William Dawson. President—Prof. Frank D. Adams. First vice-president—Mr. J. S. Shearer. Vice-presidents—The Rev. Dr. Campbell, Sir Donald Smith, Dr. Wesley Mills, Mr. Justice Wurtelle, Dr. B. J. Harrington, Professor Cox, Messrs. George Sumner, J. H. Joseph and Walter Drake. Corresponding secretary—Dr. Deeks. Recording secretary—Mr. C. S. J. Phillips. Treasurer—Mr. F. W. Richards.

Curator of museum—Mr. J. B. Williams. Editing and exchange committee—Mr. A. Brodie, chairman; Professor Frank D. Adams, Mr. F. G. Matthews, St. John, N.B.; Mr. J. F. Whiteaves, Ottawa; Prof. Goodwin, the Rev. Dr. Campbell, N. X. Evans and Miss Carrie M. Derrick.

Members of council—Messrs. Edgar Judge, Albert Holden, Dr. Girdwood, J. Gardner, the Hon. J. K. Ward, Alex. Brodie, C. T. Williams, J. Stevenson Brown and A. F. Winn. Votes of thanks were then passed to the president and other retiring officers and to the various committees for their services, which closed the proceedings of the meeting.

The society's annual field day will be held to-morrow at River Rouge, two miles west of Calumet, on the invitation of the Hon. J. K. Ward. A special train will leave Windsor Street Depot at 9 a.m. The run will be made in two hours, arriving at the Rouge at 11 a.m. The place selected is well adapted for the purpose of natural history work and if the weather holds up a successful day is looked for. The train will leave for Montreal at 5 p.m., reaching the Windsor Street Station at 7 p.m.

EASTERN TOWNSHIPS BANK.

Annual Meeting of Shareholders, 1897.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank was held at their Banking House in the City of Sherbrooke, pursuant to notice, on Wednesday, 2nd day of June instant, only a small number being present. Notice of meeting having been read, R. W. Heneker, Esq., the President, took the chair.

William Farwell, the General Manager, was elected Secretary; H. B. Brown and Judge Alfred were elected Scrutineers.

Minutes of last annual meeting having been read, the President, on behalf of the Directors, submitted their REPORT.

In submitting to the Shareholders the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Statements for the past year, the Directors feel that they can, without hesitation, offer them their congratulations on the success which has attended the Bank's operations during that period.

The times have, it is true, been dull—a continuance of that dullness which has for so long a period prevailed in this Dominion and elsewhere, but notwithstanding, a good result has been achieved through careful administration.

It is particularly pleasing to be able to show such a record, in a year when the national mind is so full of rejoicing and thankfulness for the well-beloved Queen and Empress who for sixty years has wielded the sceptre over the Mother Country and its Colonies, as well as the great Empire of India, is still owed to her subjects.

The directors have thought it proper and desirable to mark this event by the payment of a bonus of one percent on

the stock to the Shareholders, (they remembering always that a bonus is not a dividend in the ordinary acceptance of this term), designating it as the Bank's 'Royal Victoria Diamond Jubilee Bonus,' thus marking the year with a 'white stone' on this occasion. They confidently anticipate the full approval of the Shareholders for this action.

Reference to the Profit and Loss Account shows that after the usual appropriation towards the Pension Fund, the payment of a bonus of five percent on salaries to the Staff in December last, and making ample provision for all bad and doubtful debts, the net earnings for the year have amounted to \$158,171.64, equal to ten and a-half percent on the capital. This must be considered a very satisfactory result.

The increase of \$35,000 to the Reserve Fund brings that account up to \$785,000, and the Directors look forward to being able further to increase this fund from time to time.

It is almost needless to urge that every bank should be able to show a strong Reserve Fund, for the benefits of such a fund are two-fold. In the first place, it forms an addition to the Capital, without any corresponding liability, and secondly, it is a valuable security to the Shareholders, and a safeguard against all possible contingencies. In addition, it creates a spirit of confidence in the public mind, and commands the respect of the commercial community.

Every attention has been given to the affairs of the Bank. The accounts have been carefully scrutinized and audited at the end of each half-year, and the Branches have undergone careful inspection.

The Directors cannot close this report without an expression of hope that the cloud of dullness in all business transactions, which has existed so long, may pass away soon. In this Dominion and amongst our near neighbors to the south of us, there is abundant room for improvement in the business outlook. The recent Presidential election in the United States was looked upon as the possible turning point in that country; but the long delay in the proper settlement of a tariff both there and in our own Dominion has caused continued stagnation. There is no lack of energy on the part of the people, and the great accumulation of money deposited in banks, and other places of deposit, would soon find profitable employment if only the business outlook were more promising.

The whole respectfully submitted on behalf of the Directors. R. W. HENEKER, President.

Profit and Loss Statement for the Year ending May 15, 1897.

Table with columns for Balance at credit of Profit and Loss, carried forward from May 15, 1896, and various debits including Dividend of 3 1/2 percent, Bonus of 1 percent, and Capital paid in.

Table with columns for DEDUCT, including Dividend of 3 1/2 percent, Bonus of 1 percent, and Transferred to reserve fund.

Table with columns for Balance carried forward and General Balance Sheet, May 15th, 1897.

Table with columns for Liabilities, including Capital paid in, Reserve fund, Profit and loss balance, and Dividend No. 75 of 3 1/2 percent.

Table with columns for Assets, including Dominion notes, Bills and cheques on other banks, and Due from other banks in Canada.

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Table with columns for Assets, including Dominion notes, Bills and cheques on other banks, and Due from other banks in Canada.

on the satisfactory results of the business, and the standing of the Bank at this, the closing of its thirty-eighth year. Business had been dull during the past year, but great caution had been exercised and every account had been closely scrutinized; while at all times keeping in hand a strong cash reserve they had been able to accomplish the results shown.

He referred to the tariff question which was agitating the business community, both in the United States and in Canada. Some items of the United States tariff, now under consideration, if passed, would no doubt injuriously affect Canada, but it would be an incentive to turn our attention to the markets of Great Britain and foreign countries, and he hoped with good results. Even now a move was being made in this direction by the lumber dealers, and it was hoped it would prove successful, as when once trade relations were established with those countries it would likely be more permanent and not so liable to fluctuations. The Canadian tariff, even with the changes being made, would no doubt bear very hard on some industries. As first brought down, it would have had a disastrous effect on the woollen business in which Sherbrooke is specially interested, but he had just been given to understand modifications had been made which would give considerable relief, and it was to be hoped before the final passage of the bill, relief would be given in other directions.

The dairying business of the country—which was a very important one in the Eastern Townships—he was glad to say was in a satisfactory condition, and was being largely extended owing to the cold storage system and quick transportation which had been established. No country was more favorably situated than Canada, and especially this section, to do an extensive and remunerative business in dairy products.

Lumbering operations had been very active and fairly profitable. The mining industry he believed was being prosecuted successfully, especially in asbestos, and the industries at Granby, and other points covered by the Bank were prosperous.

Senator Cochrane seconded the motion, and after remarks by the General Manager, Mr. Pierce, Mr. Read, Judge Alfred, W. Morris, and others, the report was adopted.

On motion by W. Morris, seconded by W. E. Paton, a hearty vote of thanks was also passed to the President and Directors.

On motion by John G. Foster, seconded by Judge Alfred, a vote of thanks was also passed to the General Manager, Managers, and other officers of the Bank.

There being no further business, the vote was taken for election of Directors, resulting in the election of the old board, viz.—R. W. Heneker, M. H. Cochrane, J. N. Galer, I. Wood, N. W. Thomas, Thomas Hart, Gardner Stevens, T. J. Tuck, John G. Foster.

The meeting then adjourned.

NOTES AND NOTICES. A number of good second-hand upright and square pianos for the country and seaside at low prices, at C. W. Lindsay's, piano wares, 2366 St. Catherine street.

ADVERTISEMENTS. THE FIRST THING TO DO IN BUYING CARPETS AND FURNITURE IS TO SELECT A RESPONSIBLE HOUSE. IF YOU DO THE GOODS YOU BUY WILL BE JUST AS REPRESENTED. AVOID AUCTION AND FORCED SALES.

THE SECOND THING TO DO IS TO GO WHERE THERE IS A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF CHOICE MODERN GOODS TO SELECT FROM—A PLACE WHERE YOUR TASTE CAN BE SUITED.

THE THIRD THING TO DO IS TO GO TO A LARGE HOME FURNISHING HOUSE, WHERE YOU CAN GET FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES, CROCKERY, ETC., ETC., AT CASH PRICES, BUT ONLY HAVE TO PAY A LITTLE DOWN, THE BALANCE ON EASY, VERY EASY PAYMENTS.

ALL THESE REQUIREMENTS WILL BE FOUND HERE. WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK AND GOOD ASSORTMENT OF BABY CARRIAGES.

The American Wringer Co., Successors to METROPOLITAN Mfg. Co., 1678 and 1680 Notre Dame St., T. A. EMMANS, Manager.

I WOULDN'T be so headstrong as to refuse advice when offered in a friendly spirit.

Not show better judgment by investigating? If right, follow it. IT WILL BE RIGHT if you are advised to do so.

The COOK'S FRIEND Baking Powder.

CENTS FOR SALE. Apply at the "WITNESS" OFFICE.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

HAIR HUMORS

Itching, irritated, scaly, crusted Scapls, dry, thin, and falling Hair, cleansed, purified, and beautified by warm shampoos with CUTICURA Soap, and occasional dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollients, the greatest skin cures.

Cuticura

Treatment will produce a clean, healthy scalp with luxuriant, lustrous hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston.

ALL HOTELS, BATHS and

new route by Canadian Pacific Railway now in full operation at

CALEDONIA SPRINGS.

Send for Jubilee Guide.



HENRY GRANT & SON, OPTICIANS,

HAVE REMOVED TO 2445 St. Catherine st., (Near Drummond street), Telephone 5012.

MONEY TO LEND

At Low Rate of Interest and on favorable terms, on first-class property. SUN LIFE ASSURANCE CO. of Canada

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED. MONEY TO LEND. CUSHING, DIXON & BARRON, NOTARIES & COMMISSIONERS, 110 St. James Street.

Auction Sales.

Fraser Brothers. AUCTION OF A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF Choice Bedding and Ornamental Plants, Hanging Baskets, Stands, etc., for Messrs. W. B. Davidson & Sons, Florists.

At our Sale-room, No. 453 and 455 St. James Street On SATURDAY MORNING, 5th June. At TEN o'clock. FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

GENERAL STOCK

Comprising Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes and Groceries For Sale by PUBLIC AUCTION.

In the Matter of The Late THOMAS STONG.

In his lifetime of, and doing business in the town of Lachute, P.Q. We have received instructions to sell by Public Auction at the office of Mr. John McD. Hains, 43 St. Sacrament street, Montreal, on Tuesday, June 8, 1897, at 11 o'clock a.m.

The following assets of the above estate: Stock-in-trade, consisting of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., amounting, as per inventory to \$1,242.45

Fixtures . . . . . \$90.95 Terms—Cash. Purchaser to deposit \$100 at time of sale. Stock can be seen on the premises at Lachute.

Inventory and all information can be obtained by application to the undersigned. JOHN McD. HAINS, For Estate, 43 St. Sacrament street, Montreal. FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

STOCK OF GROCERIES

FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION. In the Matter of The Late BERNARD TAYLOR.

In his lifetime of, and doing business in the City of Montreal, P.Q. We have received instructions to sell by Public Auction at the office of Mr. John McD. Hains, 43 St. Sacrament street, Montreal, on Tuesday, June 8, 1897, at 11 o'clock a.m.

the following assets of the above Estate. Stock in trade, consisting of Groceries, etc., amounting, as per inventory, to \$235.37

Terms—Cash. Inventory can be seen and arrangements made to see stock by application to the undersigned. JOHN McD. HAINS, For Estate, 43 St. Sacrament street, Montreal. FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

AMERICAN & CANADIAN SEASIDE.

SEASIDE COTTAGES. At Notre Dame du Portage, near River du Loup, on the I.C.R.; all furnished and wood and water supplied. Rents, \$35, \$40, \$50 and \$60 for the season. Apply to Mr. PHILLIPS, 1765 Notre Dame street. 28

TOWER COTTAGES on the Bluffs, Pequot and Posaconk avenues. One minute's walk to bathing beach. Will open June 1st. For rooms and board, address S. IRWIN, Cottage City, Mass. P.O. Box 78. 1

THE LOVEJOY AND ELM, BETHEL, MAINE, WILL BE OPEN JUNE 1st, 1897. W. F. LOVEJOY & SONS. 13

MOUNTAIN, LAKE AND RIVER SIDE

1,000 ISLANDS, "POOLE'S SUMMER RESORT." Good boating and fishing; cool air and good treatment. Post-Office and Telephone in house. Terms moderate. Address ROBT. POOLE, Poole's Resort, Ont.

BELMONT RETREAT, Quebec. Private Hospital opened since 1864 for the treatment of Inebriates. Separate department for Ladies. DR. J. M. MACKAY, Prop., P.O. Box 173.

LEGGETT'S POINT, GRAND METIS, QUE. Extra accommodation this summer for Boarders. For particulars apply to Mrs. LEGGETT or DANIEL MCGUGAN.

SUMMER RESIDENCES. Farm House, to accommodate a few choice boarders, rooms nicely furnished, situated on the bank of River St. Lawrence, good boating and fishing; electric cars running within two acres of the house; St. Lawrence Park adjoining. Apply to Mrs. JOSEPH BUTLER, Cornwall, Ont. 7

MOUNTAIN VIEW. This Summer Resort, situated on the shores of Brome Lake, will be open the first of June; good board and accommodation guaranteed. Bona free to guests. Early train Monday morning to Montreal. For rates apply to A. KILBURN, Foster, Que. 11

A SQUAM HOUSE, SHEPARD HILL, J. C. BLAIR & SON, Managers. P. O. address, Holderness, N.H. Also managers of BLAIR'S HOUSE, Campton, N.H. P.O. address, Blair, N.H. Send for circulars.

BAY VIEW HOUSE, CHUTE AU BLONDIN, Ont., three miles from Carleton Place. Ready for Summer Boarders. Good Boating and Fishing. Fresh air and good treatment. Terms moderate; special rates for families. Miss J. T. BOA, Proprietor, can be seen from 2 to 6 p.m., Thursday and Friday, 3rd and 4th, at 263 St. Antoine street. After Thursday apply to above address. 2

TO LET, AT HUDSON, QUE., Furnished House; also House on Belle View Farm; splendid locality. Address E. A. HODGSON, Hudson P.O., Que. 4

WANTED, A FEW SUMMER BOARDERS in Farm House in healthy locality, C.P.R. accommodation good. Apply to Mrs. DENT, Box 3, Cowansville, Que. 2

TO LET, ON LAKE CHAMPLAIN, FINE country house, 5 bedrooms, furnished; ice and fuel; fine boating, and privilege of boat, 1 1/2 hour from city. JOHN BURRILL, Real Estate Agent, 185 St. James street. 22

TO LET, ON WATER FRONT OF Lake St. Louis, pretty cottage, ten rooms, water in house; seven minutes from station; any reasonable offer considered. Address LAKE 10, "Witness" Office.

SUMMER BOARD—ACCOMMODATION for a few boarders where no children are taken. Apply to M. A. ASTLE, Little Metis, P.Q. 51

ADVERTISEMENTS. In the Matter of BERNARD TAYLOR, Of Point St. Charles, Montreal. Deceased.

Parties having any claim against the above Estate are requested to file said claim with me at my office, 43 St. Sacrament street, Montreal, within thirty days from this date. June 4, 1897. JOHN McD. HAINS, Accountant. 4

PRESCRIPTIONS! THE MEDICAL HALL (Colonial House, Phillips Square. The Dispensing of Prescriptions has been a specialty of the Medical Hall since A.D. 1888. Over 60 years reputation for Accuracy, Quality of Material, Neatness and Promptness. Our prices are as moderate as quality will allow. KENNETH CAMPBELL & CO. 17

MANY GOOD PEOPLE Avoid Temperance Hotels because poorly managed. Did you ever inspect our house? If not, do so, and compare it with others. That is all we ask. Turkish Bath Hotel, 140 to 144 ST. MONIQUE STREET. 4

MARRIAGE LICENSES, ISSUED. MONEY TO LEND. BY JOHN H. H. DUFF, ACCOUNTANT AND COMMISSIONER 107 St. James st and 315 Prince Arthur st

ADIRONDACKS.

LAKEVIEW HOUSE, In the Adirondacks. Capacity, 20 guests. For rates address D. S. MERRILL, Merrill, N.Y. 2

THE CASCADE, CASCADEVILLE, NEW YORK. Elevation 2,045 feet; best of trout fishing in our own lakes; music, boating, tennis, bowling, etc.; telegraph and post-office in house. Send for circular. S. F. WESTON, Manager. E. M. WESTON, Proprietor.

ADIRONDACKS. THE BERKELEY, SARANAC LAKE, N.Y. Open all the year. All modern improvements. Send for Circular. J. A. DENISON, Proprietor. GEO. B. O'CONNELL, Manager. 13

MOUNTAIN VIEW HOUSE. High Elevation, 2,045 feet; good air, pleasant location; terms reasonable. Apply to Messrs. M. S. AMES & SON, North Elba, Essex Co., N.Y.

ADIRONDACKS. GRAND VIEW FARM. High and healthy elevation. Write for circulars. Box 250. H. I. ARNOLD, Keesville, N.Y.

LAKE PLACID. MRS. GREEN'S COTTAGE. In the Adirondacks; pure air; large rooms; good table; hot and cold water; bath and closets. A fine place for a summer holiday. MRS. H. J. GREEN, Lake Placid, P.O.

ADIRONDACKS. SHADYSIDE JAY, ESSEX CO., N.Y. Large, airy rooms good board. No pulmonary cases desired. Best Montreal references. Address Miss DAY.

THE ADIRONDACKS. Balsam Grove Cottage, Lake Placid, N.Y. Comfortably furnished rooms; good board; close to Mirror Lake. For particulars apply to E. LENGFELD, M.D., Lake Placid P.O.

THE ADIRONDACKS. The 'Elmwood,' Jay, Essex Co., N.Y. Fine scenery; dry, pure, bracing air; terms moderate. Illustrated circular on application. C. S. SWEENEY, Proprietor.

ADIRONDACKS. STEVENS HOUSE, LAKE PLACID, N.Y. Heart of the Adirondack Mountains, 2,053 feet above tide. The largest and finest hotel in this part of the region. Most beautifully located between Lake Placid and Mirror Lakes. Surrounded by mountains towering five thousand three hundred feet high. Fine tennis courts, new golf links, baseball grounds and beautiful drives. Send for photographic circular. J. A. & G. A. STEVENS, Owners and Proprietors, Lake Placid, N.Y.

ADIRONDACKS. FINE GROVE COTTAGE, Jay Essex Co., N.Y. Illustrated Circulars on application to proprietor CHAS. H. MORHOUS. 11

CLAWBONNY and COTTAGE CRESVILLE, N.Y. Season June 1 to Nov. 1. Mountain scenery; beautiful drives; sanitary plumbing, hot and cold water, bath rooms. Apply for circular. E. A. JORDAN, Prop.

HOTEL DEL MONTE, SARANAC LAKE, N.Y. C. F. CARPENTER, Proprietor. Three dollars per day. 13

SARANAC LAKE, Riverside Inn, in the Adirondacks. For Terms and Circulars, address WALLACE MURRAY, Proprietor. 13

EDGEWOOD INN, SARANAC LAKE, N.Y. NOW OPEN. Rates 12 to \$17.50. For particulars, apply T. & W. DEWEY, Proprietors. 13

AMERICAN & CANADIAN SEASIDE. LAWSON HOUSE, SOUTH HARP SWELL, MAINE. This well known Pleasure Resort will be open to guests on and after June 20, 1897. For particulars and terms apply to A. & H. M. WELCH, Proprietors, South Harpswell, Maine.

OTTAWA HOUSE, Cushing's Island, FORTLAND HARBOR, ME. The finest location on the New England coast. B. C. GIBSON.

COLUMBIA HOUSE, Cape Arundel, KENNEBUNKPORT, MAINE. GEO. N. STEVENS, Proprietor. 13

SEASIDE HOUSE, Little Metis. This well-known Hotel will be open for visitors on the 15th of June. For particulars apply to WILLIAM ASTLE.

Montreal House, OLD ORCHARD BEACH, ME. Situated directly on the Sea Wall. OPEN JUNE 15, 1897. For Circulars and Terms address Mrs. A. B. BLANCHARD, Old Orchard, Me.

HIGHGATE SPRINGS, VT. THE FRANKLIN HOUSE and COTTAGES. Open June to October. Twenty-eight years under the same management; Bowling and Lawn Tennis and Bathing Houses; good fishing and boating. Send for circulars and prices. J. L. SCOTT, Proprietor. 10

FLOCKING TO LONDON.

TEN CARS OF CHICAGO EXCURSIONISTS REACH TORONTO THIS MORNING EN ROUTE.

Toronto, June 4.—A special train of ten cars of Chicago excursionists en route for England to attend the Jubilee passed through here this morning and will sail from Montreal to-morrow.

THE BUFFALO CELEBRATION. Buffalo, N.Y., June 3.—The 'Commercial' this afternoon says, regarding the Queen's jubilee banquet, which will be held on the evening of June 22:—There is every indication that the forthcoming banquet in honor of the Queen's jubilee will be one of the grandest affairs of the kind ever held in Buffalo.

London, Ont., June 3.—London proposes to commemorate the jubilee year by the erection of a hospital, to augment the city's equipment for caring for the sick poor.

St. John's, Nfld., June 3.—Sir William Whiteway, the Premier, and Mr. Morris, the Solicitor-General, sailed for London to-day to represent Newfoundland, the oldest British colony, at the Queen's jubilee celebration.

Halifax, June 3.—Admiral Erskine has informed the jubilee committee that the flag ship 'Crescent' will be illuminated on the night of June 22.

Kingston, Ont., June 4.—Lieut. Col. Duff, brother-in-law of Sir Oliver Mowat, left for London, England, to-day to attend as an officer with the cavalry contingent of the jubilee regiment.

Quebec, June 4.—The North-West Mounted Police Jubilee detachment arrived in town this morning and are quartered in the Citadel.

Utica, N.Y., June 4.—A cyclonic storm swept over a territory about two miles long and a half-mile wide in the western central part of this county yesterday.

Quebec, June 4.—The North-West Mounted Police Jubilee detachment arrived in town this morning and are quartered in the Citadel.

London, June 4.—The Parliamentary Committee inquiring into the Transvaal raid adjourned to-day, after hearing a statement of the parliamentary secretary for the Colonial Office, the Earl of Selborne.

London, June 4.—The fourteenth annual meeting of the Gleggery Presbyterian of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society was held on Wednesday and Thursday in Knox Church.

Kingston, Ont., June 4.—The Macdonald Club has made arrangements for decorating the grave of the late Sir John A. Macdonald on Sunday afternoon, June 6.

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CHEAPER STEEL.

AN AMERICAN SAID TO POSSESS A VALUABLE PROCESS FOR MANUFACTURING IT.

Chicago, June 5.—Frederick Hawkins of Detroit and T. Laphage, a mechanical engineer of London, Eng., who built every iron furnace in Birmingham, Ala., with the exception of four, are to demonstrate to an English syndicate that they can procure ingots from which steel is made at a cost of two-thirds of that now charged.

FARMING OUTLOOK IN MANITOBA. Ottawa, June 4.—Mr. S. A. Bedford, superintendent of the Experimental Farm in Brandon, Man., is at present on a visit to the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

Ontario Campaign. BIG GUNS TO BE HEARD FIRST IN GLENGARRY COUNTY.

Toronto, June 4.—Mr. Hardy and the Hon. Messrs. Dryden and Harcourt will begin the provincial campaign by speaking at Lancaster on June 15, Alexandria, June 16, and Pembroke, June 17.

DEBARRY AFTER CHINAMEN. Buffalo, N.Y., June 4.—A policeman, Beckwith, of the Franklin Street Station, arrested two Chinamen at the Erie Railway Station about eleven o'clock last night, and they will be held for investigation by Mr. Delbary, immigration inspector.

UNDER THE BANNER OF ST. GEORGE. THE CANADIAN ORDER OF FORESTERS WILL MARCH IN JUBILEE PARADE.

The adjourned meeting of the Jubilee committee of the Canadian Order of Foresters was held last night, District Deputy High Chief Ranger W. S. Walker in the chair.

POSTAL DELEGATES ON A JAUNT. Washington, June 4.—A special train of nine finely appointed Pullman cars left here at nine o'clock this morning for the Pennsylvania Railway, carrying the Universal Postal Congress on its trip about the country.

SENTENCED FOR ARSON. Goderich, Ont., June 4.—Elizabeth Doyle, found guilty of arson, was sentenced to-day by Judge Massen to three years at hard labor in the Kingston penitentiary.

CORN FED PORK.

LONDON AND INGERSOLL FIRMS CONTRADICT TORONTO PORK PACKERS.

Ottawa, June 4.—In the Agricultural Committee this morning, a letter was read by the secretary from Messrs. Wm. Davies & Company, pork packers, Toronto, protesting against the practice of Canadian pork raisers supplementing the whey of cheese factories as feed for hogs by corn.

A HEAVY PASSENGER LIST. The 'Vancouver' will probably have the largest passenger list when she leaves port to-morrow morning on record.

GALICIANS SENT BACK. A party of Galicians arrived this morning from Winnipeg on their way home.

THE MERCY OF THE COURT. TWO PRISONERS LIBERATED ON SUSPENDED SENTENCE.

ATTEMPT TO ASSAULT MR. LABOUCHERE. London, June 4.—While Mr. Henry Labouchere, the editor of 'Truth,' and member of Parliament for Northampton, was on his way from his residence to the House of Commons to-day, a young man accosted him and attempted to assault the editor with a horse-whip.

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MR. O. M. AUGE VERY ILL.

Mr. O. M. Augé, ex-M.P.P. for St. James Division, who has been in very delicate health for many months past, is now dangerously ill and received the last rites of the Church last evening.

THE LATE CAPTAIN BRETON. Coroner McMahon held an enquiry this morning into the drowning of Captain Breton in the Lachine canal on May 24, the widow suspecting foul play.

A PRESENTATION. Yesterday, Mr. Walter A. McCormick was made the recipient of a handsome marble clock from his employers, Messrs. Bramley & Robinson, and a magnificent oxen lamp from his fellow-employees, on the occasion of his marriage.

CITY ITEMS. Messrs. E. C. Lloyd, C. S. Marks, M. J. K. Osborne, and D. J. Murphy of the Winnipeg Rowing Club, who are to take part in the Henley Regatta, which comes off on July 1, are stopping over at the Windsor Hotel, on their way across.

A THREATENING FIRE. SUDDEN OUTBREAK IN RENAUD, KING & PATTERSON'S FURNITURE STORE.

Men working on the top story of Messrs. Renaud, King & Patterson's furniture establishment, 652 Craig street, at twenty-five minutes to three this afternoon caught a sudden glimpse of fire inside the large box containing shavings, tow, etc., and almost before they realized what was happening the flames had burst through, sending the dozen employees hurrying from the building, some without their coats.

THE PAPAL DELEGATE. MR. MERRY DEL VAL LEAVES OTTAWA FOR WINNIPEG.

Ottawa, June 4.—Mr. Merry del Val left for St. Boniface, Man., at two o'clock yesterday afternoon. He was accompanied by his private secretary, the Rev. Father Tampieri, and valet. A special car was sent from Montreal by the C. P. R. to convey him on his journey across the continent.

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LOCAL STOCKS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC UP, MONTREAL STREET RAILWAY DOWN—A STRONG MARKET.

On the local stock exchange this morning the market continued strong. Canadian Pacific advanced with sales to 61 1/4; Telegraph sold freely at 168, and Montreal Street Railway sold fractionally lower.

London, June 4.—Although to-morrow is not a holiday here there will be very little business done in financial and commercial circles. Monday will be observed as a general holiday.

New York, June 4.—Heldobach, Ickelheimer & Co., will ship \$500,000 in gold to Europe by to-morrow's steamer.

The sales at the morning board were as follows—75 Canadian Pacific Railway at 60 1/4, 35 at 60 1/4, 225 at 60 1/4, 50 at 61, 75 at 61 1/4, 219 Montreal Street Railway at 211, 102 Telegraph at 168, 25 Halifax St. Railway at 65, 10 Bank of Montreal at 230, 25 Hochelaga Bank at 132 1/2, 1 Colored Cotton at 40.

The afternoon sales were: 275 Can. Pac. at 61 1/4, 100 at 61, 25 at 61 1/4, 60 Cable at 173, 125 Gas at 185 1/2, 50 at 185 1/4, 50 Montreal Street Railway at 211, 25 Toronto Street Railway at 78 1/2, 75 at 78 1/2, 10 Heat and Light at 48, Bank of British North America at 110 1/4.

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler Between Banks. Buyers. Sellers. Counter.

New York Funds. 1-32 dis. par. 1-10 to 1/2 prem. Sterling, 60 days. 9 1/2 95-16 9 1/2 to 9 1/4 Sterling, demand. 9 1/2 94 9 1/2 to 9 1/4 Sterling Cables. 9 1/2 94 9 1/2 to 10

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler, Stock Brokers, Corner Notre Dame and St. Francois Xavier street.

Stocks. Sellers. Buyers. per \$100 per \$100.

Canadian Pacific. 61 1/4 61 do do. Lead Bonds. 10 2 1/2 Duluth S. S. & Atlantic. 10 2 1/2 Grand Trunk 1st Pref. 10 2 1/2 Do. do. 2nd Pref. 10 2 1/2 Commercial Cable. 123 1/2 Montreal Telegraph. 170 167 1/2 Richelieu & Ont. Nav. Co. 91 90 1/2 Montreal St. Railway Co. 211 210 1/2 Montreal Street Railway (New). 205 201 Montreal Street Railway Rights. 166 162 1/2 Montreal Gas Co. 185 184 1/2 Bell Telephone Co. 170 166 Do. do. bonds. 143 139 1/2 Royal Electric. 137 133 1/2 Bank of Montreal. 235 229 Ontario Bank. 83 80 1/2 Bank of British North America. 111 108 1/2 La Banque du Peuple. 185 183 1/2 Molsons Bank. 195 185 Bank of Toronto. 235 225 La Banque Jacques Larue. 175 172 1/2 Merchants Bank. 175 172 1/2 Do. do. of Halifax. 175 167 1/2 Eastern Townships Bank. 132 127 Quebec Bank. 127 120 La Banque Nationale. 100 97 1/2 Union Bank. 127 124 Canadian Bank of Commerce. 127 124 La Banque Ville Marie. 110 70 Hochelaga Bank. 133 132 1/2 Intercolonial Co. 100 97 1/2 Do. Prof. Stock. 100 97 1/2 North-Western. 100 97 1/2 Canada Shipping Co. 100 97 1/2 Canada Paper. 100 97 1/2 Champlain and St. Lawrence Bonds. 100 97 1/2 Montreal Cotton. 126 123 Can. Col. Cot. Mills Co. 75 70 Do. do. Bonds. 135 130 Loan and Mortgage Co. 78 75 Toronto Street Railway. 78 75 1/2 Halifax Tram. 95 85 Heat & Light. 49 48 Do. do. Bonds. 38 37

NEW YORK STOCK LIST. (Furnished by J. R. Meeker.) Opening and Closing Prices—10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

Archibon. 11 1/2 11 1/2 Can. Southern. 43 43 Chicago, Burlington & Quincy. 78 78 Del. & Hudson. 101 104 1/2 Del. Lack & West. 47 47 1/2 Louis & Nash. 47 47 1/2 Lake Shore. 168 159 Manhattan Consolidated. 53 53 Missouri Pacific. 17 1/2 17 1/2 Nor. Pac. 38 1/2 38 1/2 New Jersey Central. 38 1/2 38 1/2 Nor. West. 10 1/2 10 1/2 N.Y. Central. 10 1/2 10 1/2 Omaha Common. 17 1/2 17 1/2 Pacific Mail. 26 1/2 26 1/2 Reading, Philadelphia. 19 1/2 19 1/2 Rock Island, Chic. & Pac. 17 1/2 17 1/2 St. Paul & Northern Pac. 31 1/2 31 1/2 United States Leather. 10 1/2 10 1/2 St. Paul, Chic. & Minn. 25 1/2 25 1/2 St. Paul, Minn. & Man. 73 73 Texas Pacific. 7 1/2 7 1/2 Union Pacific. 7 1/2 7 1/2 Wash. & Nod. 14 13 1/2 Western Union Tel. 19 1/2 19 1/2 Sugar. 23 1/2 23 1/2 Gas, Chicago. 8 1/2 8 1/2 Gen. Electric. 32 1/2 32 1/2 Rubber. 10 1/2 10 1/2

CHICAGO MARKETS. CEREALS AND PROVISIONS LOWER. In Chicago this morning the market opened weaker and further declined, closing 1 cent lower than yesterday at 67 1/2 June, and 64 July, 1/2 to 3/4 of a cent lower at 64c Sept., and 3/4 of a cent lower at 66 1/2c Dec. Corn, oats and provisions closed lower.

CHICAGO MARKETS. The following table shows the range of prices in Chicago to-day, and the closing quotations as compared with those of yesterday:—

Yesterday's Close. Open. High. Low. Close.

Wheat— July 65 1/2 67 1/2 67 1/2 67 1/2 67 1/2 Sept. 64 1/2 66 1/2 66 1/2 66 1/2 66 1/2 Dec. 67 1/2 69 1/2 69 1/2 69 1/2 69 1/2 Corn— July 24 1/2 24 1/2 24 1/2 24 1/2 24 1/2 Sept. 25 1/2 25 1/2 25 1/2 25 1/2 25 1/2 Oats— July 18 1/2 18 1/2 18 1/2 18 1/2 18 1/2 Sept. 18 1/2 18 1/2 18 1/2 18 1/2 18 1/2 Pork— July 7 5/8 7 7/8 7 7/8 7 5/8 7 5/8 Sept. 7 5/8 7 5/8 7 5/8 7 5/8 7 5/8 Lard— July 3 5/8 3 5/8 3 5/8 3 5/8 3 5/8 Sept. 3 5/8 3 5/8 3 5/8 3 5/8 3 5/8 Short ribs— July 4 2/8 4 2/8 4 2/8 4 2/8 4 2/8 Sept. 4 2/8 4 2/8 4 2/8 4 2/8 4 2/8

Milwaukee, June 4.—Closing—60 1/2c cash, 67 1/2c July. Duluth, June 4.—Closing—No. 1 hard. 7 1/2c; No. 1 Northern. 7c July, 6c Sept. Toledo, June 4.—Closing—76 1/2c June, 69 1/2c July, 67 1/2c Sept.

ST. LOUIS, JUNE 4.—CLOSING—32c June, 33c July, 35c bid Sept., 70c bid Dec.

New York, June 4.—Closing—74c June, 73 1/2c July, 69 1/2c Sept., 71 1/2c Dec.

TORONTO PROVISION MARKET.

Toronto, June 4.—Market quiet. Flour dull; prices generally unchanged, straight rollers quoted at \$3.45. Bran quiet, quoted at \$3 to \$3.50 west and shorts \$3.50 to \$4. Wheat dull and unsettled; sales of red winter and white made at 85c high freight and red winter sold at 68c. Manitoba wheat at 72c afloat Fort William; it is quoted at 72c in 77c Midland, and No. 2 hard at 74c to 76c Midland. Buckwheat demand limited, prices nominal. Barley quiet, limited demand. No. 1 is quoted at 30c; No. 2 at 25c and No. 3 extra at 23c to 24c. Feed barley sold at 21c to 22c. Oats quiet; prices unchanged. Sales of white at 20c west and asked at 19c. Peas steady, purchases outside at 88c to 92c north and west. Oatmeal quiet, prices steady at \$2.80 to \$2.90 to rear lots. Corn quiet, prices steady, cars quoted at 22c to 23c west. Rye quiet, prices unchanged. Car lots quoted at 31c to 32c outside.

ON TRIAL FOR 'TELEGRAPHING.'

SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST A CABMAN. In the Police Court late yesterday afternoon the case of John McKerness, a cabman, of 26 Albert street, accused of personation and perjury in connection with the recent provincial elections, came up for preliminary investigation. McKerness had been arrested on the information of Mr. Henry H. Curtis, druggist, of St. Catherine street, who was acting as deputy returning officer at Poll No. 22, Beury street, in the St. Lawrence Division. The defendant was charged with perjury and telegraphing the vote of Francis Wanless, a carmaker, and according to Mr. Curtis, Wanless, who is residing at 606 1/2 Sherbrooke street, Mr. Curtis testified in the Police Court this morning that the accused entered the polling station and gave his name as Francis Wanless. As witness McKerness had been dead he asked him to take an oath to say that he was Wanless in reality. McKerness refused to do so, and was committed to the House of Correction notwithstanding the protest of the returning officer. Mr. Curtis also testified that he was sent for and McKerness and Lafontaine, the presiding magistrate, were the case on delibere.

WIN THEIR POINT.

Judge Loranger rendered judgment this morning in the case of the Bala des Chateaux Railway Company vs. Henry McFarlane et al., and Alex. Riddell and Thomas Watson, the latter being the plaintiff. He decided that some time ago a judgment of the Court granted the company possession of their rolling stock, and the allegation now is that Messrs. Riddell and Watson, as curators, have been interfering with the company's possession so ordered. Hence the present petition to secure sure possession and to obtain a writ of mandamus. By its judgment this morning the Court ordered that the company should not be troubled, and as regards the rule nisi, the miscreants were summoned to appear on June 10 and show cause why they should not be condemned for contempt of Court.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

At the opening of the Court of Queen's Bench this morning Mr. St. Jean, Q.C., on behalf of his client Edward H. Hornor, accused of conspiracy with intent to defraud, asked the Court to fix for his trial during the present term. Mr. R. A. E. Greenhalgh refused the application, but Chief Justice Sir Alexander Lacoste ordered that Hornor should be allowed personal bail. The motion of Mr. A. E. Poirier, for the acquittal of Florida Dion, accused of attempted child murder, was refused, and the young woman was placed in the dock to stand trial. Several witnesses were examined, and the Court adjourned at one o'clock.

GROCERY STORE ROBBED.

Last night a grocery store occupied by A. T. Clement, at the corner of Rachel street and Laval avenue, was broken into by burglars, and their boxes of liquor stolen. As Constable Raymond was passing along Laval avenue he noticed four suspicious looking men with their arms full of bottles, so he gave chase and caught one. The others turned round on the officer and endeavored to rescue their companion. Raymond called a citizen to his assistance whereupon the trio made off. When arrested before Mr. Poirier, the Police Magistrate, this morning, the prisoner gave his name as Holmes, and pleaded not guilty. He was remanded, pending the arrest of his companions.

TRAMP BURGLARS.

ROBBERIES REPORTED IN ONTARIO AND QUEBEC. A report coming from St. Hubert, in Champlain County, says that last night burglars effected an entrance into the Charron Hotel at that place and the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars was stolen from the cash drawer. The affair is causing much commotion and it is supposed to be the work of tramp burglars. Chief Detective Carpenter has received information that tramp burglars are at work in the Province of Ontario. Only two nights ago a bank in a small town in the vicinity of Toronto was robbed of a considerable sum of money.

ACTIONS AGAINST JUNK MEN.

Chief Detective Carpenter has already entered eighteen actions against second-hand stove dealers for neglecting to keep a proper register of the purchases or sales made by them. It is supposed to be the work of actions against persons for carrying on a junk store business without a license. BUTCHERS AGAIN IN TROUBLE. The city authorities have commenced war on the butchers who are keepers of private stalls, and who have neglected to pay their license due in May 1st. Already, fifty-four actions have been entered in the Recorder's Court by the meat inspector.

A FLOODED CELLAR.

In a case of H. C. Gregoire vs. the city the plaintiff claimed \$300 damages on account of the flooding of his cellar, and Judge Loranger this morning granted him \$200.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT ADJOURNS.

London, June 4.—The House of Commons adjourned until June 17 to-day, after the Workmen's Compensation for Injuries bill had been passed through the committee stage.

'HEZEKIAH HAYSEED' DEAD.

Kingston, Ont., June 4.—At noon William Craig, 'Hezekiah Hayseed,' dropped dead in the yard at the St. Lawrence Hotel. He was a well-known writer, eminently clever and versatile. His forte was comic sketches in Canadian vernacular. He graduated a B.A. at Queen's in 1858.





THAT MISS BENTON.

(Concluded.)

Early on the morning following the Marquis's lawn party, Lou entered Priss's room to find her friend, with a ghastly face, seated upon the side of the bed. 'It was the ice cream!' Priss gasped. 'Oh dear! Is this the way it feels to be sick?'

hized tone. 'You are not—you cannot be Kate Eleanor Benton? Why, yes, I am the Miss Benton!' 'Oh, the difference conveyed in a girl's name between the Miss Benton and Miss Benton!'

complained of the disappearance of small articles, and Jennie was caught with a hand mirror in her possession. Since then she has been fastened by a ten-foot chain. She is moved about, and she and Nellie have very delightful times together.—The Morning Star.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

WOULD ANNOY HIM OFTEN. Husband—'Did you notice how ill-tempered my colleague was this evening? He was annoyed because I have brought you a new set of jewellery. Now he will have to get a new set for his wife too.' Wife—'A disagreeable fellow that man is. If I were you I would annoy him often.'—'File-gende Blatter.'

CANADIAN ELECTRICIANS. MONTREAL CHOSEN AS THE NEXT PLACE OF MEETING. Niagara Falls, Ont., June 3.—The Canadian Electrical Association resumed their labors at the Dufferin Cafe, in Queen Victoria Park, at 9.30 this morning, about a hundred members being present.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS. REPRESENTATIVES OF THE POWERS MEET AND DIVIDE UP THE WORK. Constantinople, June 3.—The first sitting of the peace negotiations was held to-day between the ambassadors of the powers and Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish minister for foreign affairs.

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

JENNIE AND NELLIE. Have you heard about the two friends, Jennie and Nellie, whose home is in one of the police stations in New York city?

ADVERTISEMENTS.



Fifty Years Ago. Grandfather's hat! And within it you see, Grandfather's favorite cough remedy.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has no equal as a remedy for coughs, colds, and lung diseases. Where other soothing elixirs palliate, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral heals.

THE SOUL'S INQUIRIES.

FRIDAY, JUNE 4. What seekest thou?—John iv., 27. My soul thirsteth for thee.—Ps. lxxiii., 1.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Are You Nervous? Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Quiets the nerves and induces sleep.

Plants! Plants!

Now is the season to plant out. We offer the finest collection possible. MIXED PLANTS, \$1.00 per doz.

S. S. BAIN,

Nurseryman and Florist. 66 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal.

MOTHS! MOTHS! MOTHS!

CAMPBELL'S CAMPHOR! FINEST ENGLISH CAMPHOR! MOTH BALLS, MOTH SQUARES.

GLASGOW DRUG HALL.

J. A. HARTE, Druggist. Country and telephone orders promptly filled.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Adolphe Davis, of the City and District of Montreal, engineer and machinist, plaintiff against Thomas Howard, of the same place, defendant.

Unsurpassed In All the World

as a bathing place. Cleanliness and comfort in abundance. LAURENTIAN BATHS, Cor. Craig and Beaudry Streets.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ask your grocer for Windsor Salt. For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best.

Road Department. Paving Notre Dame Street from Chabotier Square West.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Road Committee, and deposited in the office of the City Clerk, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on WEDNESDAY, the ninth day of June, 1897, for the supply and delivery of Scoria Blocks, Massillon Blocks, Canton Shale Bricks, or other Paving Bricks.

PERCIVAL W. ST. GEORGE.

City Surveyor's Office. City Hall, Montreal, June 2nd, 1897.

WILLY'S BRUSH WORKS.

16 Victoria Square—28 WHITEWASH and PAINT BRUSHES. ENGLISH HAIR BRUSHES. Housecleaning Brushes of every description.

'Island City'

IS THE BEST IN PAINTS. Make sure of the brand. The trade mark is on every can. Sold every where.

P. D. DODS & CO.,

Manufacturers, Montreal, and 169 Bay St., Toronto.

SENTS FOR SALE

Apply at the 'Witness' Office

THE NEW TARIFF.

'NATIONAL ZEITUNG' SAYS GERMANY MUST MAKE REPRISALS IF SHE SUFFERS. Berlin, June 4.—The 'National Zeitung' says to-day that if Germany suffers by the Canadian tariff she must make reprisals.

SIR DONALD PUTS US FIRST.

Sir Donald A. Smith has succeeded in gaining for Canada first place among the British Colonies in the Queen's Diamond Jubilee celebrations, Australia having ultimately conceded the contention that Canada is entitled to the position because it is a federation of provinces.—'Scottish American,' June 2.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Winolia Soap. Causes no blotches. Keeps the Complexion Beautiful and Clear.

SELLING PICTURES. To the Department Store, as we find that they pay too much for our goods.

RESPIRE FOR DURANT.

San Francisco, Cal., June 3.—The attorneys for Theodore Durant again appeared before Judge Gilbert in the United States Circuit Court to-day and applied for a writ of supercedias for the purpose of staying the execution of sentence, but this was denied by the Court.

NEW IMMIGRATION COMMISSIONER.

Washington, June 3.—Mr. Peter B. Laird of Lynn has been appointed Commissioner of Immigration for the ports of Quebec and Point Levis, Canada; St. John, N.B., and Halifax, N.S., with power to act as immigrant inspector, at a compensation of \$2,200 per annum.

RICE'S STUDIO,

141 ST. PETER STREET. See samples of New Styles for Easter. Prices moderate for all photographic work.

KODAKS.

FOR SALE TO RENT AND EXCHANGE. MONTREAL PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLY, Cor. Notre Dame and St. Francois Xavier sts.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

GOOD PROGRESS MADE YESTERDAY WITH THE TARIFF BILL.

SOME QUESTIONS ANSWERED.

Ottawa, June 4.—When the House of Commons opened yesterday the seat of the leader was occupied by Sir Richard Cartwright, who now leads the House and the government.

In reply to Mr. Taylor, the Solicitor-General stated that Keeper McConville and Guards Pugh and Appleton, dismissed from the Kingston penitentiary in December, 1895, were charged with allowing a convict to escape, and two investigations were held.

In reply to Mr. Bennett, Sir Richard Cartwright stated that Mr. George Anderson, of the Royal Oil Company, Toronto, had been appointed a commercial agent to Japan on behalf of the Canadian Government at a salary of three hundred dollars a month.

Sir Hibbert Tupper brought up the case of the convict Gahan, sentenced in Toronto in 1887 to life imprisonment for vitriol-throwing, who has been released by the Minister of Justice.

Mr. Fitzpatrick, Solicitor-General, gave the circumstances. The convict had been sentenced by the police magistrate, who had no jurisdiction to try the case. The fact that this man was illegally convicted and illegally detained in prison had escaped the attention of all parties concerned. The magistrate, besides this, had intimated his intention in any event of recommending a pardon at the end of ten years.

ANTI-COMBINES CLAUSE.

Mr. Davin in resuming the debate on the combines clause in the tariff, the House being in committee of the whole, objected to the procedure under it as affording opportunity for oppression such as was exercised by the Star Chamber when that body sat as a Star Chamber in the time of Henry VII. He objected also, on the ground that the tribunal created by the clause was an arbitrary one. The fear of such a tribunal would prevent any manufacturing firms from coming before it if they could get out of it by political methods. Under the guise of discharging judicial functions the executive could extort large contributions to the party campaign fund, or political support in an election. They all condemned combinations for the purpose of advancing prices to the consumers. He favored Sir Charles Tupper's amendment depriving the House of the power of such legislation in the matter.

Mr. Cargill believed the object of the clause was to obtain a controlling power over manufacturers and dealers. He was averse to combines, although he thought some combination, such as the Massey-Harris combination, had had a good effect in the economical production of manufactures. Since the Massey-Harris combination was formed the price of agricultural implements had been reduced to the consumer. This clause, however, gave too much power to the government. He had no confidence in the government but if they would withdraw this clause and introduce a bill dealing effectually with combines he would support it.

Mr. Snetsinger instanced the case of the nails combine which had advanced the price of nails to the consumers within a few years by \$1.20 at three different periods. The duty left in the tariff on nails was, he believed, too high. He favored making sugar free, and disapproved of some of the changes on cottons. On the whole, however, he approved of the tariff.

After Mr. Martin had spoken in favor of the amendment it was put and lost on an open vote by a majority of about two to one. The main clause was then carried.

THE TARIFF.

The committee proceeded to consider the items of the tariff seriatim. On item 7 of imposing \$2.40 a gallon on spirits, Sir Charles Tupper asked if the government had considered the effect on smuggling and illicit distillation of the increase in this duty. He was told that the revenue would be defrauded.

Mr. Fielding replied that there had not been sufficient time to ascertain. Whatever protection the manufacturers of whiskey had in the past it was five cents a gallon less now.

Mr. Wallace advocated an increase in the excise duty so as to give less protection to whiskey.

Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere stated that they had increased the excise duty from \$1.70 to \$1.90.

Mr. McMullen remarked it as very strange that all the time Mr. Wallace was in office no increase in the direction now advocated had taken place.

The item was adopted.

The committee came to the animal and dairy products, the duties on all of which remain unchanged, and Mr. Wallace asked 'Are you adopting these protective duties?'

Mr. Fielding—We want to leave something to reform in future.

Mr. Foster—You do not appear to remember the poor consumer.

AUSTRALIAN MUTTON.

On item sixteen, levying thirty-five percent on mutton and lamb, Mr. Foster asked about New South Wales and Mr. Fielding replied: 'Nothing has yet been done, but I anticipate that New South Wales will come in under the reciprocal tariff.'

Mr. Foster—Then a strong competitor with our western mutton will come in. Where are the Patrons?

are not afraid of the competition of United States farmers in the markets of Australia.

Mr. Oliver, Liberal member for Alberta, where sheep raising was an important industry, supported a specific duty on mutton.

THE DUTY ON CORN.

At eleven o'clock the amendment of Mr. Henderson was lost and the item carried.

On item forty-six, a duty of seven and a half cents per bushel on Indian corn for distillation, Mr. Foster enquired what regulations had been made.

Mr. Paterson said he had not as yet made any special regulations but the collectors would, of course, collect the duty under this item. In enforcing the clause he would probably have recourse to the assistance of the officers of the Inland Revenue Department stationed at the distilleries.

Messrs. Foster and Wallace urged that this clause could only be made workable by strict regulations, under which the duty should be collected.

Mr. Paterson asked the Opposition if they wished to strike out the item and admit corn for distillation free of duty.

Mr. Foster said they favored a duty on all corn. The Comptroller would fail in his duty and lose revenue unless he had regulations made to govern this clause.

Mr. McGregor said that corn coming in now for distilling purposes paid duty as usual. Mr. Foster was borrowing trouble.

At the suggestion of Sir Charles Tupper the item was allowed to stand so that the Comptroller might have an opportunity of obtaining information from the department. It was agreed across the floor that contentious items should stand and only items not discussed were read. In this way a large number of items were rapidly passed, including all the agricultural and groceries except wheat, flour, rice and biscuits and all the fish items, which ended at item a hundred and twenty. There are four hundred and twenty-eight items on the dutiable list.

The House adjourned at midnight.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

Ottawa, Ont., June 4.—Mr. Morrison evidently thinks that the Americans are stealing a march upon us in the matter of the delimitation of the Alaskan frontier. He proposes to ask in the House if the government is aware officially of the action of the United States Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs in making the following amendment to section one of the treaty for determining the Alaskan boundary line signed by Sir Julian Pauncefote and Secretary Olney, viz:—

'Inasmuch as Mount St. Elias, although not ascertained to be in fact upon said 141st meridian, is so nearly coincident therewith that it may conveniently be taken as a visible mark whereby the initial part of said meridian shall be established.'

IN THE SENATE.

THE INTEREST BILL ALTERED SO AS TO PROTECT NECESSITIOUS BORROWERS.

Ottawa, May 4.—The Senate yesterday afternoon passed an address asking the Governor-General to take into his consideration whether the present was not a favorable time to consider the necessity of drawing more closely the ties which bind the colonies to the Mother Country and to each other, and whether Canada, as the oldest of the colonies, should not be the first to make overtures to the other colonies.

Senator Wark proposed the address in a speech of nearly an hour's duration, which was listened to with profound attention by the senators. Senator Wark is the nestor of the Upper Chamber and his birth dates back to the early years of the present century. He still possesses wonderful physical and mental vigor. In moving the adoption of the address, the aged senator pleaded justification for introducing the subject, by stating that for years he had made a special study of the subject. He began by pointing out that the indifference of Great Britain as to the welfare of her colonies was now a thing of the past and showed that succeeding years had demonstrated to Imperial statesmen that Great Britain stripped of her colonies would soon sink into a second-class power among the nations of the world. In order to prevent such a catastrophe, he urged that it was the duty of the colonies to lend their aid in assisting any scheme for the strengthening of the bulwarks of the Empire. Imperial statesmen, he maintained, were naturally diffident in proposing anything to the colonies involving expenditure to them, and urged, therefore, that the movement should begin among the colonies themselves. He suggested as a beginning that Canada should authorize the Governor-General-in-Council by proclamation to admit, free of duty, goods the product or manufacture of any other British colony. There were, he thought, fair prospects of such an offer being accepted by the other colonies. Assuming that the offer would be accepted, he would then suggest an agreement among the colonies to simultaneously commence to reduce the duties on imports from the United Kingdom, and devise some other means of raising a revenue sufficient to make up any deficiency. This would ultimately lead to free trade within the Empire, accomplish all that was hoped for by Imperial Federationists, and realize Mr. Chamberlain's scheme for an Imperial Zollverein.

Sir Oliver Mowat complimented the senator from New Brunswick upon his splendid address. He had been amazed and pleased at the clearness of mental insight which it disclosed in one who had the experience of so many years.

The government had no objection to the adoption of the address.

THE INTEREST BILL.

The House then went into committee on Sir Oliver Mowat's bill respecting interest.

Sir Oliver explained that the necessity under the existing laws of a judge of one of the superior courts in the Province of Quebec to give a judgment enabling a suitor to recover interest at the rate of 1,825 percent per annum had moved him to introduce the bill. Since introducing it, however, he had received a number of protests against the bill as it stood, making it impossible to collect interest over the rate of eight percent per annum. He would propose that the original provisions in the bill be struck out, and that the following clauses replace them:—

'Whenever any interest is by the terms of any contract, whether under the seal or not, made payable at a rate of percentage per day, week or month, or at any rate or percentage for any period less than a year on interest exceeding the rate of six percent per annum, shall not be chargeable, payable or recoverable on any part of the principal money unless the contract contains a statement showing truly the per annum rate or percentage of interest to which such other rate or percentage is equivalent. If any sum is paid on account of any interest not chargeable, payable or recoverable under the above section, such sum be recovered back or deducted from any principle or interest payable under such contract.'

Senator Clewlow saw serious objection to fixing the limit of interest collectable at eight percent per annum, as in the original bill, as it would seriously interfere with legitimate business transactions. The new clauses were all right, but all the fools in the world were not dead yet, and he thought some limit should be fixed by which extortionate interest could not be collected.

Senator Drummond thought the bill as amended was wholly acceptable and a move in the right direction. He explained that it would be exceedingly difficult, if not impossible, to fix any limit beyond which interest charges could not be collected.

Senator Power was in favor of fixing a limit high enough not to interfere with legitimate business transactions. He suggested 10 percent.

Senator Cox pointed out that it was often necessary for business men to borrow at more than 10 percent. The bill as amended was satisfactory and would serve as a danger signal to borrowers.

The bill as amended was passed through committee but was not reported, so as to admit of further discussion in committee before it was finally adopted.

OTHER BILLS.

Sir Oliver Mowat's bill respecting the limitation of appeals from Ontario courts to the Supreme Court, and compelling judges of the Ontario high courts to reside in Toronto was passed through committee with an amendment giving the Governor-General-in-Council power, by special leave, to allow judges to reside in other parts of the province for a specified time.

The bill respecting forged and unauthored endorsements, introduced by Sir Oliver Mowat, was also passed through committee. Sir Oliver explained that the bill made no extensive changes in the existing law, but was designed to make it more clear and definite.

A number of bills from the House of Commons were advanced a stage, after which the Senate adjourned.

PROTEST FROM WINDSORITES.

PLAN OF THE WABASH ROAD TO BRING AMERICAN CREWS INTO CANADA OPPOSED.

Windsor, Ont., June 4.—Vigorous protests are heard in Windsor from many persons against the plans of the Wabash and Grand Trunk Railway to run trains through Canada with American crews. It is proposed by many persons that a petition be sent to the Canadian government. The immigration bill will be introduced into the Dominion House in a few days, and Windsorites have already communicated with Mr. G. K. Cowan, M.P., for South Essex, who has charge of the bill. They demand that the bill be amended so as to require the Wabash Railway Company to engage Canadian crews to conduct the trains through Canada. At present the Michigan Central runs its trains from Detroit to Buffalo through Canada with American crews and this has been a cause of much complaint. Citizens are calling upon Messrs. Cowan and McGregor, parliamentary representatives, to urge the government to stop American train crews from crossing the boundary.

RAT PORTAGE MINING CONVENTION.

Rat Portage, Ont., June 4.—Rat Portage is in gala attire, and simply crowded with mining men from all parts of the continent. The Mining Convention opened at the new Hilliard Opera House at two p.m. yesterday, Mr. George Drewry, president of the Mining Exchange, in the chair. Mr. Wm. Young, Mayor, delivered an address of welcome. President Drewry followed, emphasizing and endorsing the mayor's address of welcome and giving a brief account of the origin and objects of the convention. Mr. D. C. Cameron spoke along the same lines.

THE RABBINICAL CONFERENCE.

Our attention has been called to the fact that the Central Conference of American Rabbis, meeting here next month, is composed exclusively of followers of Reformed Judaism.

WANT TO BE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

Toronto, June 4.—A 'World's' Ottawa correspondent writes: 'There is an interesting struggle in progress for the lieutenant-governorship of British Columbia. When Senator McInnes, of Victoria, who has been led to believe that he would be given a seat in the Cabinet, was thrown down last year, he was placated by the promise of the lieutenant-governorship of the province. But there are now other aspirants in the field. Mr. Templeman, proprietor of the Victoria 'Times,' and who was one of the defeated Liberal candidates in Victoria last June, has been here for several days pushing his claims for the governorship. No sooner does he leave for home than his colleague, Dr. Milne, the other defeated Liberal candidate in Victoria, looms up to urge his right to the office. He reached Ottawa at six o'clock yesterday and at eight a.m. boarded the train for Montreal in order to talk the matter over with Mr. Laurier on his way down.'

REAL ESTATE OWNERS.

THEIR GRIEVANCES TOLD IN Eloquent FIGURES.

WHERE SOME OF THEIR BURDENS SHOULD BE SHIFTED TO.

The regular monthly meeting of the Real Estate Association was held last night. There were present:—Mr. Nolan DeLisle (in the chair), Messrs. A. Carmel, B. M. O. Turgeon, R. Egan, A. Levesque, A. A. Latour, M.D., John Kane, P. E. Paquette, E. Lamontagne, W. D. Patterson, A. Major, T. Lamoureux, A. Brazeau, J. Michon, J. Riopel and others. After the reading of the minutes, the report of the committee on taxation was laid upon the table. Messrs. Chas. Lenoir and F. X. Bisson were elected members of the association.

The report, which was the combined work of Mr. A. Levesque and Mr. W. D. Patterson, dealt with the question of city taxation. It demonstrated that three-fifths of the entire revenue of the city was derived from the tax on real estate, and suggested that the burden be shifted upon the shoulders of the tenants and upon those who received fixed incomes. According to a late report of the city treasurer the total revenue of the municipality amounts to \$2,757,600.93. The assessed value of the real estate of the city was shown to be \$137,872,603, which at the rate of one and a quarter percent produced \$1,698,565.73, or practically three-fifths of the whole revenue. The different sources of revenue were twenty-three in number, and the tax on real estate alone produced \$635,470.53 more than all the other sources combined. It is held that all who derive benefit from civic institutions should contribute their share towards their support. A single class of citizens, namely, the property-holders, who number only ten thousand on a voters' list of forty-two thousand, pay out of one source alone over three-fifths of the total revenue of the city, and besides this they pay their share of the revenue derived from the other twenty-two imposts. It has been suggested at different times to tax all exempted properties, which would produce a revenue as follows, the rate being one and a quarter percent on each class of property, namely:—

Value. Revenue.

Table with 2 columns: Value, Revenue. Rows include Churches and Presbyteries, Corporation and Government property, Charitable Houses and Schools, Temporary exemptions by municipality.

Total revenue ... \$439,429.60

It is judged advisable not to tax the properties contained in the first and second enumeration. Nor to tax schools except by virtue of special charter, and so place the commissionaires' and private schools at a disadvantage. Nor is it judged advisable to tax charitable institutions even when these corporations carry on lucrative businesses, because, there being no public charities supported by the city, these private corporations fill a want which would otherwise have to be provided for by the citizens at large. It is also held that such private institutions are better managed and cost less than would civic houses of relief. The fourth class of exemptions, the result of special arrangements made with different individuals, will in time die out; it is not necessary to interfere with it. Yet something must soon be done. The partially completed harbor works lie in a state of suspense for want of funds, and the city has to face an annual deficit of \$300,000, yet valuable privileges have been given away by the municipality for a tithe of their value. It is deemed advisable that the tax on real estate be reduced, and that the deficit be made up in the following manner, namely, by a tax, first, on incomes; second, on rents; third, by increasing the revenue derived from the markets. In Paris, out of a revenue of 200,000,000 francs, 143,000,000 are derived from the markets. It is held that all incomes, even the smallest, should be taxed, and one good effect of this would be that all classes of citizens would feel an interest in the administration of municipal affairs. On the other hand, if the tax on real estate were reduced by say one-fourth of its present amount, the value of property would increase and the whole community would profit by the advance.

DULUTH AIR LINE.

MR. GREENWAY HAS THE GREATEST FAITH IN THE ROAD WHICH WILL BE CONSTRUCTED NEXT YEAR IF PRESENT NEGOTIATIONS ARE SUCCESSFUL.

Winnipeg, June 4.—Mr. Greenway, interviewed yesterday respecting the proposed air line railway, said that negotiations were being proceeded with, but he could not yet give publicity to the details. 'I want to be well assured we can maintain the advantages in the way of freight rates specified in the offer of the eastern capitalists concerned.' As to the contention that it is impossible to reduce wheat ten cents a hundred pounds when the cost of constructing the road is compared with the fixed charges of other roads and the distance saved in the haul to the seaboard, that question is easily disposed of. The railways in the province cannot charge local rates to Winnipeg as long as we have a clause with the N. P. & M. Railway, whereby they must give other roads running powers over their lines. The survey and location of the Duluth road will probably be proceeded with during the fall and winter, and everything will be in readiness to begin construction next spring. If the negotiations now pending end successfully, the intention is to have the road running in time to carry out a share of the 1898 crop. Certain papers had said it was impossible for the Canadian Pacific to reduce its rates and pay, because there were long, unprofitable stretches of line, as, for instance, east of Fort William and the western prairie section, but this only proves that an air line from Winnipeg to Duluth, unburdened by unprofitable sections, could very much reduce rates and yet make a profit. The Premier pointed out that, considering the amount of traffic, the people of Manitoba give to the Canadian Pacific, it is not fair to ask these people to pay extra rates to keep up the road north of Lake Superior. This piece of line is of importance as a link in the national highway, but it is not a necessity to Manitoba alone, and, therefore, Manitoba should not be called on to pay for it. The people of Manitoba are patriotic, but they are bearing their full share of the burden of Dominion taxation, and it is unfair to expect them to keep up so large a portion of national highways in addition. The Premier said he was glad to see, however, that the tone of these papers had begun to change, and now they had come round to the sensible conclusion that if the Canadian Pacific did not give reasonable rates, then the road ought to be built, and if the people of Manitoba built it, their own defence then they ought not to be blamed by the rest of Canada. As to the fate of the railway, if the C. P. R. adopted the same tariff, the Premier thought the air line with its shorter mileage and its heavy traffic would be able to meet the competition. It is impossible for any one who has not looked into it, to form an estimate of the great traffic this road will have in lumber, pulpwood, iron ore and mining supplies, aside from its through traffic in grain and merchandise.

DEPARTURE OF THE 'DIANA.' WAS DETAINED IN HALIFAX LONGER THAN EXPECTED.

Halifax, N.S., June 3.—The steamer 'Diana,' which is destined for the Hudson's Bay exploration voyage, sailed from here at one p.m. today. She was detained in Halifax much longer than was at first expected. The 'Diana' will sail direct for Fort Churchill, which is situated at the mouth of the Churchill river, on the western side of Hudson's Bay. Captain Whiteley does not expect to arrive there before the end of June. Sailing at the rate of eight knots per hour does not mean very rapid progress. The further end of June or the first of July is regarded as the best time to begin surveys and geographical explorations. The principal delay the last few days was the fitting up of a steam launch. The launch will be invaluable to the party. By means of this launch the party can explore small bays and inlets on the coast quite readily. She is easily handled and is large enough to carry the entire geographical party. The other two special boats will be utilized for surveying and navigating where more time is necessary to be devoted to the work. The 'Diana's' crew are an able-bodied set of men. Most of them are Newfoundlanders, and manned her when she was engaged in sealing.

KING OF SIAM IN ROME.

Rome, June 3.—The King of Siam, Chulalongkorn, arrived here today at 9.30 a.m. He was received at the station by King Humbert and the Crown Prince of Italy. The guard of honor was drawn up at the depot, which was surrounded by crowds of people. The Siamese monarch was driven to the Quirinal, where, as the King's guest, he was received by Queen Marguerite and the Crown Princess. Chulalongkorn will proceed to the Grand Hotel tomorrow and from there he will pay a visit to the Pope.

THE DAILY WITNESS is printed and published at the 'Witness' Building, at the corner of Craig and St. Peter streets, in the city of Montreal, by John Redpath Douglas, of Montreal.

All business communications should be addressed to 'John Douglas & Son,' 'Witness Office, Montreal,' and all letters to the Editor should be addressed to 'Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.'