

The Quebec Gazette

ESTABLISHED 1764.

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MONDAY, 30TH JUNE, 1851.

[Vol. 89.]

THE QUEBEC GAZETTE
IS PUBLISHED,
Three times a week, viz. on Mondays, Wednesday
and Fridays, by—
R. MIDDLETON,
AT THE OFFICE,
NO. 19, MOUNTAIN STREET, QUEBEC.

TERMS.—Twenty Shillings per annum, payable
half-yearly in advance.
ADVERTISEMENTS.—Delivered in before two
clock, P. M., on the day of publication, in
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tion, and 1d. per line for each subsequent inser-
tion.—Advertising by the year, as may be agreed on.

All communications must be post-paid.

KELLY'S
PURE COD LIVER OIL.
To the Medical Profession, and the Public
in general, who heretofore have been
in many instances imposed upon, by a
spurious imitation of a valuable
MEDICINE.

IN consequence of the want of a ready Chemi-
cal test, to ascertain the PURITY OF COD
LIVER OIL, such of an ADULTERATED and inferior
description has been introduced into the Market,
and sold as Genuine. Under these circumstances,
and as the Public are altogether dependent upon the
character of the MANUFACTURER, for the

PURITY OF THE ARTICLE,
I respectfully announce that I have appointed Mr.
THOMAS BICKELL, Importer of China and Earthen-
ware, St. John Street, Quebec, Sole Agent for the Sale of my

PURE COD LIVER OIL.
For which premiums were adjudged at the late Exhibi-
tion in Quebec and Montreal, and also considered by
the Committee worthy to be forwarded to the
GRAND INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION of 1851.

I beg to refer to the published certificates, given
me by several of the most respectable Medical Gen-
tlemen in Quebec and Montreal, and to the annexed
analysis, after perusing which, any further remarks
would be superfluous.

Please notice, that every Package of my Cod
Liver Oil, is sealed with my Seal, and signed in my
handwriting, and cannot be obtained in Quebec,
from Mr. BICKELL.

ROBERT W. KELLY,
Quebec, Feb. 5th, 1851.

We have much pleasure in certifying to the purity of
the Cod Liver Oil, made by Mr. R. W.
KELLY, of Gaspe, viz.
J. DOUGLAS,
G. M. DOUGLAS, M. D.
JOS. MORRIS,
JAS. A. SEWELL, M. D.
GEO. W. CAMPBELL, M. D.
A. H. J. FENWICK, M. D.
GEO. D. GIBB, M. D.

Extract of a note from Dr. W. Marsden, of Que-
bec, to Mr. Kelly:—"I have great pleasure in
certifying to the excellent qualities of your PURE
COD LIVER OIL, which I have had an opportunity of doing
by the actual use of the article, and I have no hesitation
in pronouncing it superior to any I have hitherto
used."

For a long time we have made use of the Cod
Liver Oil, prepared by Mr. ROBERT KELLY,
of Gaspe, and it is with pleasure that we recom-
mend it, as an article of superior quality, and
except from all kind of adulteration.

J. E. L. LINDSEY, M. D. J. Z. NAULT, M. D.
O. ROY, M. D. C. FERROST.

I, the undersigned, proprietor of the Gaspe Ga-
zette, and one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace
for the said District, declare, on oath, that the
Cod Liver Oil, contained by me to Mr. THOMAS
BICKELL, of Quebec, has been prepared or manufac-
tured by me, according to the most approved system,
from

Fresh and Picked Livers of Cod Fish only—
that no Chemical ingredients have been used—and I
further distinctly declare, that my Cod Liver Oil
has not been ADULTERATED or MIXED with any other
substance; the whole having been made and put up
under my own personal superintendance.

ROBERT W. KELLY,
Signed before me, at Quebec, this 4th day of Feb., 1851.
(Signed), ROBERT SYMES, J. P.

Be particular when about purchasing, to ask
for KELLY'S COD LIVER OIL.

CANTON.—The Genuine Pure Cod Liver
Oil, certified as above, can only be obtained retail,
from Mr. THOMAS BICKELL, St. John Street,
Quebec,—each package being sealed with Mr. Kel-
ly's seal, and signed in his handwriting.
Quebec, 5th Feb., 1851.

THROUGH LINE.
LAKE AND RIVER.
EXPRESS AND FREIGHT FROM
QUEBEC AND MONTREAL, TO
HEAD OF LAKE ONTARIO.
EXPRESS LINE.

THE STEAMERS
CHAMPION. (New, to be out early.)
COMET.
With Upper Saloons, and in all respects
fitted up in a superior manner, will run
with passengers and light freight.

FREIGHT LINE OF FIRST CLASS.
Steamer COMMERCIAL, CAPTAIN PURDY.
WESTERN MILLER, CAPTAIN COCHRAN.
With the above fine steamers, which will offer
nearly a daily departure from each end of the route,
there will be no transhipping of freight. In addi-
tion to the foregoing, the Subscribers have a fleet of
first class Schooners, of which adapted to the Through
Trade, thus affording facilities and means of despatch
not surpassed by those of any other Establishment.

McPHERSON & CRANE will make liberal advances
on all descriptions of Produce when placed in their
Stores at Hamilton, Dundas, and Port Stanley, and
at Kingston at the foot of Princess Street for mry
Hooker & Holton, and consigned to them for sale.

They will also be prepared, as heretofore,
to transport Property transhipped at Kingston,
Montreal, and Port on Lake Champlain.
16th April, 1851.

DR. HALSEY'S
FOREST WINE;
OR COMPOUND
WINE OF SARSAPARILLA,
A NEW DISCOVERY.

And the most extraordinary medicine of the age, put
up in a Glass Bottle, which does more
good, and goes farther in the cure of Diseases,
than any ten bottles of Sarsaparilla extract hith-
erto in use; warranted to cure without nauseating
or debilitating, perfectly safe at all times, and
possesses a delightful bitter flavor, almost equal
to Pure Port Wine.

All the numerous Sarsaparillas now in use are pre-
pared by boiling the root to obtain the extract. The
finest medicinal properties of this valuable plant are
therefore evaporated and lost; besides this, articles
of no medicinal virtues whatever, such as molasses
and liquor are added to make up the deficiency,
and even consistency is not to be wondered
at then, that it takes 10, 20, and sometimes 50
large bottles of these extracts of Sarsaparilla to do
any good, or produce the slightest change in health,
and even consistency is not to be wondered
at then, that it takes 10, 20, and sometimes 50
large bottles of these extracts of Sarsaparilla to do
any good, or produce the slightest change in health,
and even consistency is not to be wondered
at then, that it takes 10, 20, and sometimes 50
large bottles of these extracts of Sarsaparilla to do
any good, or produce the slightest change in health,

This valuable medicine is prepared without heat-
ing, or the use of liquor, molasses, or any
syrup whatever. But the great beauty of Dr. Hal-
sey's Forest Wine remains still to be told. By the
invention of a new and wonderful chemical appa-
ratus, a PERFECT WINE is produced from two of
the most valuable plants in the world, the
**Sarsaparilla and Wild
Cherry.**

It possesses all the fine virtues of these justly ce-
lebrated plants. In addition to this, the compound
Forest Wine increases nearly ten fold by the
further combination of other rare vegetable pro-
perties.

DR. HALSEY'S
Gum Coated Forest Pills.
An invaluable Compound Sarsaparilla pre-
paration.

Manufactured on the same principle as the Forest
Wine, to which it is an important adjunct. They are
scented with pure Gum Arabic, an important ingredi-
ent, which Dr. Halsey has received the only patent
ever granted on Pills by the Government of the
United States.

Dr. HALSEY'S Forest Wine and Gum-coated
Forest Pills, unite in accomplishing the same end,
THE PURIFICATION OF THE BLOOD,
THE RENOVATION AND RESTORATION
OF THE STOMACH AND BOWELS.

THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE!
The life principle of man is the blood. No sooner
are those organs of the stomach which make and
nourish the blood, cleansed of morbid matter, and
restored to healthy action by the use of the Forest
Pills, and pure rich blood made to flow in the veins
of the body, than the various diseases which begin
to vanish, and strength and energy of body return.
This is the principle on which is founded these great
medicines, and by which

Scrophula, Dropsy, Bilious Diseases, Dyspepsia, In-
digestion, Weakness, Head of Nerves, Erysipelas,
Gout, Rheumatism, Gravel, Catarrhs, Hemorrhoids,
Diarrhoea, Cholera, Ulcers, and many other dis-
eases are radically cured.

TO THE LADIES.
Nothing in the world is more absurd than the cus-
tom of using paints, chalks, &c., to improve the
complexion, and to disguise the defects of nature.
The complexion, display an affected gaudiness quite
unbecoming and disgusting; besides, the frequent
use of cosmetics destroys the fine texture of the
skin, giving it a coarse, pale, and unhealthy ap-
pearance. True beauty and loveliness accompany the
highest perfection of health, which again invariably
flows from the PURE STATE OF THE BLOOD. What
natural complexion, and clear skin, and bright eyes,
and a healthy and vigorous constitution, can be
maintained, except by the use of the Forest Pills?
What points compare with the crimson colored
blood, circulating through the system, and the
transparent and clear skin, and bright eyes, and
a healthy and vigorous constitution, can be main-
tained, except by the use of the Forest Pills?

In corroboration of these facts, Dr. Halsey has
many testimonials. The following is from a lady of
the most respectable standing in society, sent to us
by her own brother, residing in Rutgers Street,
New York, July 7th, 1849.

DR. G. W. HALSEY,
As you have kindly requested me to state the re-
sults attending the use of your Forest Wine
and Pills, in the case of my sister, Mary T. Max-
well, I cheerfully comply, believing no disparage-
ment to give my signature in evidence of the excel-
lent qualities of your medicines.

My sister, from her youth, and been in very deli-
cate health, complaining frequently of weakness of
the chest, attended with a cough. About the age
of eighteen she began to get much worse. For six
months previous to commencing with your medicine,
she had not been able to go out of the house. Her
countenance was greatly emaciated, yellow, and
sickly. Her face and neck were covered with the
eruption, which was very much increased. She
could not sleep, and her appetite was very much
diminished. In fine, she bore every appearance
of one becoming an unhappy victim to con-
sumption. At this time I procured for her some of
your Forest Wine and Pills, which she commenced
using according to the directions. She gradually
improved as she followed up the use of them. Her
first symptom of recovery was an uncommonly good
appetite. Her face finally became smooth, and her
cheeks rosy. Her cough left her altogether. She
now strong and vigorous, and presents the finest ex-
ample of health I ever witnessed.

JOHN S. MAXWELL.
What my brother has said of me above, is liter-
ally true.
MARY T. MAXWELL.

The Forest Wine in large square bottles \$1 per
bottle, or six bottles for \$5. Gum-coated Forest
Pills 25 cents per box.

FOR SALE, wholesale and retail; by JO-
SEPH BOWLES, Apothecary, Upper
Town Market-Place, JOHN MILSON, and
G. G. ARDOUN, Quebec.
Quebec, 19th Sept., 1849.

FOR SALE.
THE Property of the late ROBERT ATKIN-
SON, Farmer, of the Parish of St. Sulpice,
County of Lotbiniere, will be sold by PUBLIC
AUCTION on the FIFTH DAY OF JULY next, by
the Undersigned Executors.—Terms—One half
of the purchase money to be paid in ready money,
the other half to be paid within twelve months from
the day of sale.

The property consists of one lot of excellent land,
situated in the Parish of St. Sulpice, containing
breath, by thirty in depth, more or less, having
about 20 acres clear, with a good Sugar. It is about
three miles from the Catholic Church, and about one
mile from the Protestant Church; convenient to both
Flour and Saw Mills.

Any Person or Persons having any just claims
against the above property, will give them in to the
undersigned before the day of sale.

HOS. SCALLAN.
CHARLES MCCAFFREY.
St. Sulpice, 6th Dec., 1850.

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT.
Montreal, 6th June, 1851.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the heretofore
respected Crown Lands in Lower Canada,
north of the River St. Lawrence, in the County
of Saguenay, surveyed at the request of certain Asso-
ciations, and in respect of which the members of those
associations shall not have exercised their rights of
pre-emption, will be open for Sale by the Local Agent,
JOHN KANE, Esquire, Grande Baie, to whom applica-
tion is to be made, on and after the FIFTEENTH
day of JULY next, at the price stated below, and on
the conditions mentioned in the Public Notices of 2d
March, 1849, and 15th April, 1851, as modified by
the Notice of 25th May last.

PRICE: Two Shillings per Acre.

Township Caron.
Range A—Lots 31 to 36; 39 to 75, containing from
12 to 100 acres each;
Range north of Kenogami road—Lots 22 to 86, from
9 to 50 acres;

Township Kenogami.
Range south of Kenogami road, west Section—Lots
46 to 64, from 47 to 66 acres each;
Same range, east Section—Lots 1 to 36, 39 to 47,
from 25 to 93 acres;

Township Melville.
Range north of Kenogami road, west Section—Lots
1 to 15, 50 acres each;
Same range, east Section—Lots 1 to 6, from 104 to
154 acres;

Township Melville.
Range A—Lots 1 to 28, from 15 to 92 acres each;
Range B—Lots 1 to 28, from 15 to 92 acres each;
Range C—Lots 1 to 28, from 15 to 92 acres each;

Township Melville.
Range A—Lots 1 to 28, from 15 to 92 acres each;
Range B—Lots 1 to 28, from 15 to 92 acres each;
Range C—Lots 1 to 28, from 15 to 92 acres each;

Township Melville.
Range A—Lots 1 to 28, from 15 to 92 acres each;
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Range C—Lots 1 to 28, from 15 to 92 acres each;

Extracts from English Papers
by the Europa.

RECENT TRACES OF SIR JOHN FRANK-
LIN.—The report that a cairn of stones, raised
by Sir John Franklin's expedition, had been
discovered in Jones' Sound in 1849,
by the Prince of Wales whaler, has received
confirmation, rendering the statement by far
the most important—presumptive or other-
wise—which has yet reached us respecting
the missing expedition.

From the voluntary testimony of one of
the seamen engaged at Stromness for the
Prince Albert, we have the following facts,
elicited and taken down in the presence of
Mr. Kennedy, the commander of that expedi-
tion, and others; and the statement is at-
tested by the seaman in question, William
Miller, who declares that, if required, he
would make the same upon oath. He states
that he was on board the Prince of Wales
in 1848, when early in September, during
very thick weather, they entered (as they
believed) Lancaster Sound, and steered
west, advancing slowly. The fog contin-
ued very heavy for some days, when it sud-
denly lifted, and high land was seen on the
harbour side, over the mast head. The
captain, being at first doubtful if it were
the boom of icebergs or of land, sent a boat
off to ascertain the fact, and of this party
William Miller formed one.

He states that on landing the marks of
shoe prints were distinctly visible in the
mud, about high water mark, close by a
small cooking place blackened by fire,
and a little further on a well-built cairn
about four or five feet high, of which the
party pulled away a few stones, but being
recalled by a signal from the ship, which
was being driven from the shore by the
current, were compelled to return on board
immediately.

It was believed by the master of the
Prince of Wales, the veteran Lord, of Hill,
that he had advanced in a westerly course
up this sound, a distance of nearly 150
miles, under the impression that he was in
Lancaster Sound; but this belief was re-
moved on making his way outward, and the
doubt confirmed by passing (to the south-
ward) the wide opening, and well-known
headlands of Lancaster Sound. It became
evident that he had been in the hitherto un-
explored and more northern sound, named
after Alderman Jones, a passage which, it
has long been believed, leads directly into
the sea north of the Parry Islands. Wil-
liam Miller further declares that, at this
point, the passage widened, and that an
open sea with Islands lay before them.

It is impossible to entertain any doubt
that this cairn indicated the fact that some
of Sir John Franklin's party have visited
the spot in question; and we can have no
hesitation in asserting that beneath the pile
carefully raised is deposited distinct in-
formation of his past progress and future
intention. As to the period of the visit,
we may assume either of two conclusions—
first, that during detention of the vessels of
Cape Eley (evidenced by the relics brought
home last autumn by the Prince Albert) a
boat party was sent to explore Wellington
Channel, and thus would arrive at the point
in question, lying, as it would appear, at
the north-east extremity of that channel—
this supposition not impugning our belief
that Sir John Franklin was then on his
way to the south-west, according to the first
part of his instructions. Secondly, we may
suppose that having failed in attempting to
proceed in the south west direction, Sir
John Franklin had attempted the north-
westerly, as prescribed to him as the alterna-
tive, and had gone up Wellington Channel
with the view of passing westward, leaving
notice of his intention at the point in ques-
tion. The latter supposition gives a more
recent date to the shoe prints, though we
are assured by Arctic travellers that simi-
lar marks endure with distinctness during
successive seasons.

We may look for farther and positive in-
telligence of Sir John Franklin, and we
trust that a vessel specially directed thither
will be forthwith despatched. The point
lies entirely out of the heat of any of
those now employed upon the search,
and will most likely not be approached by
any of them; for although Sir John Frank-
lin, being on an exploring expedition,
might detach a boat party out of his direct
course, those going to accomplish the north-
westerly search for traces of him, to
the route he was ordered to pursue, and
thus necessarily be ignorant of the exist-
ence of those of which we write.

Whatever motives may have influenced
the Admiralty in the abandonment of their
intention to send a steamer to the Arctic
Sea this summer—and we will do them the
justice to believe that some other than those
presented by Admiral Berkeley to the House
of Commons have influenced them—what-
ever motives we say, have lain at the bot-
tom of their unfortunate change of inten-
tion, the time has arrived for revising that
decision, and happily it is not too late to do
so. If they need such support, the aid and
counsel of such men as Perry, Richardson,
Cobden, Beecher, and Soerby, can be ob-
tained at a moment's notice; and to these
men can we look with confidence; they will
advise no means to be rejected which can
throw any light upon a question in which
our national honour, as well as our deep-
est feelings of humanity, are involved.

The money that has accrued on account
of the Great Exhibition amounted, up to
Thursday, inclusive, to the enormous sum
of £231,689. As the liabilities amount to
£185,000, the surplus on Thursday would
amount to no less than £46,689.

In the course of Thursday the following
articles arrived at the Exhibition, being
presented to her Majesty from India:—
1. Elephant state trappings and howdah.
2. State palkee. 3. State throne, with ca-
nopy and eastern couch. 4. Moorchals, or
emblems of rank. 5. State horse trappings.

6. State halloo or evening conveyance, to
be carried by bearers.

THE BRAZILIAN DEPARTMENT.—In the
Brazilian consignment is the collection of
pictures and vases of flowers, delineated
with perfect truth of colouring in feathers,
plucked from the beautiful birds of the
South American forests. This rare art,
which was formerly practised in Mexico,
was supposed to have been lost with the
destruction of the Aztecs, but it seems to
have only migrated across the Isthmus, and
is now beautifully practised at Rio. In the
collection the Brazilian section stands a most
beautiful vase of flowers, and this material,
contributed by Madame Duboise, of Rio.

EXCURSION TRAINS TO THE METROPOLIS.
The entire country is now alive with ex-
cursion trains. An express excursion from
Oxford, last Saturday, conveyed 1000 per-
sons, nearly all of whom were members of
the University, to visit the exhibition. On
Monday a larger number of visitors from the
country arrived by the various railways, than
was ever known on any former occasion.
The Eastern Counties Railway brought
more than 8000. By the North-Western
there were ten excursion trains, having a
total of 138 carriages attached. It is sup-
posed that about 10,000 visitors were
brought by this line.

**DEATH OF VISCOUNT MELVILLE, F. R. S.,
P. C., &c.**—We have to announce the death
of the Right Hon. Lord Viscount Melville,
who departed this life on Tuesday last, at
his seat Melville Castle, near Edinburgh,
surrounded by his dear wife and his sons and
daughters, the eldest of whom, Col. Sir H.
Dundas, K. C. B., is now Viscount Melville,
of Edinburgh, and Baron Dundas, county
of Perth, was born March 14, 1771: mar-
ried, in 1796, Anne, daughter and co-heir
of Richard Hume Saunders, Esq., M. P.,
and grand niece and co-heir of Admiral Sir
Charles Saunders, A. B., who died in 1811.
The deceased was Lord Privy Seal in Scot-
land, Governor of the Bank of Scotland,
and Chancellor of the University of St. An-
drews.

DEATH OF LORD DUNDRENNAN.—It is with
much pain that we announce the demise,
after a short illness, of Lord Dundrennan,
which event took place about 7 o'clock last
night. He held the office of Solicitor-Gen-
eral from 1846 until the beginning of 1850,
when, on the death of Lord Jeffrey, he was
raised to the bench, with the title of Lord
Dundrennan.—*Scotsman.*

THE ROYAL ARTILLERY FROM CANADA
AND NOVA SCOTIA.—The companies of the
Royal Artillery lately brought from Hal-
ifax, by the steam-ship Birkenhead, as-
sembled in heavy marching order on the
barrack-field, Woolwich, on Thursday week,
and were inspected by the commanding
officer, Major-General Sir John B. B. B.
Brigade-Major Birchall, after a minute
inspection of the men and their appoint-
ments, the officers expressed themselves
highly pleased with the clean and soldier-
like appearance of the whole of the men of
these companies. The men appear in more
than ordinary good spirits and health,
which they attribute to the unexampled
short passage they had, having been only
13 1/2 days from Halifax to Woolwich.

DEATH OF A TURK GAMBLER.—Mr. John
Joseph, of London, committed suicide
on Saturday morning at Saracusa Head,
Snow Hill. Blood had passed through the
floor of the room, fallen into a coachease
below, and been observed by the coachman.
Mr. Bristol was found dead on the floor of
the bedroom. A six-barrelled revolving pistol
was beside him; and a bullet had been fired
from one barrel into the roof of his mouth.
Two letters were found; in one of these, ad-
dressed to his brother-in-law, he had written—
"No one would think I am mad; but I have
been mad a long time, and I now know it. I
have not avoured to hide it even from my own
dear wife a long time. My race is run. Back
my favourite horse Farnhill for the St. Leger,
and Consenz for the Doncaster Cup." In the
second letter he alludes to the state of his
mind, and says, "I have been mad a long
time, and I now know it. I have not avoured
to hide it even from my own dear wife a long
time. My race is run. Back my favourite horse
Farnhill for the St. Leger, and Consenz for
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