

## BULGARIA MAKES NO MOVE YET; RUMANIA SHOWS MORE ALARM; HUN COUNTER-ATTACK IS COSTLY

### Meeting Of British Parliament Today Promises To Be Of Unusual Importance—Balkan Situation Will Probably Be Discussed—Sir Edward Grey Remains Popular

London, Oct. 11.—While the armies of the central empires continue to advance into Serbia nothing has yet been made public to indicate anything in the nature of an actual military move by Bulgaria against Serbia except a report that an assault is momentarily expected on the railroad connecting Nish with Saloniki.

Rumania is showing increasing alarm on account of the threatened movement by Bulgaria and the Central Powers in close proximity to her frontiers, but neither Athens nor Bucharest is exhibiting any readiness to depart from their policy of benevolent neutrality toward the Triple Entente Powers.

The official reports of the fighting along the major fronts were unusually meagre today, the only significant point in any of them being the statement from Berlin that Field Marshal Von Hindenburg on the Dvinsk front had repulsed Russian attacks, which seemingly would indicate that for the first time since the German drive through Poland began the Austro-Germans are making no big offensive at any point along the whole eastern front.

Of the fighting in the west the French official communication in reviewing the recent German counter-attack on Loos says the Germans left between 7,000 and 8,000 dead before the positions which they tried in vain to re-capture.

The meeting of the British parliament tomorrow promises to be of unusual importance. The Anglo-French loan of \$500,000,000 secured in the United States will be discussed and ratified, although there probably will be a few dissenters who have been found to oppose every act of the government since the war was declared. The country will await with far greater interest, however, for whatever light Sir Edward Grey may throw upon the Balkan developments and whether he or Premier Asquith will reveal the cabinet's policy on the vital alternative which confronts it. That alternative is whether Great Britain and France will throw all the forces they can command into the Balkan peninsula for the protection of Serbia and Greece against Teutonic Bulgarian agents or will let events there take their course. The military and newspaper critics are agreed that one or the other path must be followed.

The influential Westminster Gazette seconds the protest of the Times' military expert against submitting to German dictation in the initiative, saying:

"If there is to be an expedition, it must be on a sufficient scale and we must not weaken the west. The government, in other words, must have a clear idea of how to get men in addition to those on who might have previously counted."

The attack on the Foreign Office and Sir Edward Grey, the Foreign Minister, promises to prove a flash in the pan and to carry the country with it as little as did the attack on Earl Kitchener. Sir Edward Grey is the most popular civilian in the country. The weaknesses of the British diplomatic service are no new discovery. The diplomatic staff is largely composed of the old-school aristocracy who are unequal to dealing with the shifting and complicated problems and elusive politicians such as they encountered in the Balkans. The general disposition is to credit Sir Edward Grey with doing as well as possible with the lieutenants at his disposal.

Nevertheless the diplomatic failure in the Balkans has given great impetus to the movement to throw overboard secret diplomacy and rebuild the staff of the diplomatic corps on a more democratic basis, which undoubtedly will be one of the foremost demands of the Liberal masses after the war.

## HEAVY ARTILLERY AGAINST SERBIANS

### LOSSES ARE ENORMOUS ON BOTH SIDES, PARTICULARLY IN OFFICERS.

Paris, October 11.—The Havas Agency's correspondent at Nish sends the following official communication issued today by the Serbian War Office:

"Our troops occupy the following lines: Lippoeutz, Tonherkovatz, Brejane, Lippes and Semendria (lower Morava front); Kloupe and Ekmeleouk (Belgrade front); Obrenovatz and Oranovatz (Save front).

"The enemy is using formidable heavy artillery, especially 105 millimetre cannon, which are rendering the combat very sanguinary. The losses are enormous on both sides, particularly in officers. Our troops are resisting victoriously the enemy's assaults.

"Thus far there is reported on our front the presence near Belgrade of the twenty second German corps and eighth Austrian corps of the German division. Near Ram is another German division. The formation of these two divisions is not known. Near Parajevatz is the eleventh Bavarian division and the tenth and twenty-sixth German divisions. Near Kovit and Bavanichte the presence of enemy troops, the number of which is not yet known, also is reported.

"Near Obrenovatz there is a division and a half of Austrian troops and in the vicinity of Oranovatz and Batorinitsi are two Austrian brigades. Near Obrenovatz the enemy is using asphyxiating gas in abundance."

## The Weather

Toronto, Oct. 11.—Showers have occurred today in northern Ontario and in British Columbia, while in all other parts of the Dominion the weather has been fine.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	46	58
Vancouver	44	50
Calgary	28	36
Medicine Hat	30	36
Edmonton	24	30
Battleford	22	28
Prince Albert	22	28
Regina	25	31
Winnipeg	34	42
Port Arthur	40	52
Parry Sound	38	46
London	37	46
Toronto	46	54
Kingston	38	46
Ottawa	38	46
Montreal	34	42
Quebec	30	38
St. John	34	42
Halifax	40	48

### Forecasts:

Lakes and Georgian Bay: Moderate to fresh southwesterly winds; warm and mostly fair.

Ottawa, Upper Lawrence: Moderately warm and mostly fair.

Lower St. Lawrence: A few scattered showers but mostly fair with a little higher temperature.

Gulf and North Shore: West and southwest winds, mostly fair; a few local showers at night.

Maritime: Moderate to fresh southwesterly winds; fair with stationary or higher temperature.

Superior: Moderate to fresh winds; mostly fair.

Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta: Fair and moderately warm.

### PILES SUIT AGAINST MUTUAL LIFE CO.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Alleging that the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York contemplates investing \$10,000,000 of its trust funds in the Anglo-French loan of \$500,000,000, Olga H. S. Walsh, Chicago, holder of a \$2,000 insurance policy in the Mutual, filed suit for an injunction in the Federal Court here today.

### ITALY'S PARTICIPATION IN WAR ON LARGER SCALE

Udine, Italy, via Paris, Oct. 11.—5:45 p.m.—Italy's enlarged participation in the war, according to a report current here, is certain and imminent. Premier Salandra, during the course of his recent visit to the Italian front, it is understood, laid before King Victor Emmanuel and General Cadorna, Italian chief of staff, various plans of campaign before the final decision was taken.

## RUMANIA MUST ENTER THE WAR

### GERMANY MUST BE CRUSHED, SAYS RUMANIAN MINISTER OF INTERIOR.

Milan, Italy, Oct. 11, via Paris, 3:10 p.m.—"It is impossible for Rumania to stay out of the war," said Take Jonescu, former Rumanian Minister of the Interior, as quoted by the Bucharest correspondent of the Corriere della Sera.

M. Jonescu affirmed his "absolute certainty" of the defeat of Germany and her allies, and continued:

"I believe moral forces are invincible. Germany represents reaction and therefore must be crushed. I pity the Bulgarian people, who are rushing into an abyss.

"I shall use all my strength to induce Rumania to throw her sword into the balance. I can state that this is the nation's greatest desire."

### BULGARIAN OFFICERS REFUSE TO FIGHT

Geneva, Switzerland, Oct. 11, via Paris: About twenty Bulgarian army officers who are in Switzerland have refused to join the colors. Four of the officers including a colonel was won honors in war with Turkey, are in Geneva. They state that they are unwilling to fight against Russia and the nearest railway stations.

## FURIOUS FIGHTING AROUND DVINSK

### IN SOME SECTIONS GERMANS FORCED TO FLEE FROM RUSSIAN ATTACKS.

Petrograd, October 11, via London, October 12.—Successful operations against the Germans in the vicinity of Dvinsk are recorded in the official statement tonight at the headquarters of the General Staff. The communication follows:

"South of Friedrichstadt 75 bombs were dropped on the villages of Val-hop and Tavekalin from our aeroplanes. Good hits were observed.

"In the Dvinsk region, on many parts of the front, furious fighting has been carried on successfully against the Germans who assumed the offensive repeatedly. To north-west of Dvinsk the Germans were ejected by new attacks of our troops. In the by ne watack of our troops. In the region of the high road south-west of Dvinsk the Germans were driven out of their trenches between Lautzees, Ghey and Ghirviski. In pursuing them, we took a line from the south-eastern end of Lake Metemoussi to Louttees Ghey. Firing continued on Lake Demen from mid-day until dark. German aviators bombarded Dvinsk and the nearest railway stations.

## HOME SECRETARY DEFENDS CENSORS

### SIR JOHN SIMON PLACES THE RESPONSIBILITY ON MEN AT FRONT.

London, October 11.—Sir John A. Simon, the Home Secretary, tonight issued a statement in which he defends the official Press Bureau against the recent bitter attacks on its methods of censoring the news and places a large measure of the responsibility for the trouble on the special censors at the front, who were appointed by Field Marshal Sir John French. It was they, he says, who excised from one of the despatches to the London Times a reference to the bravery shown by the German troops, which has occasioned such an outburst of indignation.

"At the express request of Sir John French," the Home Secretary writes: "everything written by accredited newspaper correspondents at the front is submitted to the censors appointed by him at the General Headquarters in France, and the Press Bureau is instructed to accept their censorship as final. Consequently whatever Mr. Buchan (the Times correspondent) wrote was censored by individuals for whom the Press Bureau had no responsibility whatever. The article handed to the Times for publication was in exactly the same form as that in which it reached this country."

Sir John Simon declares that it is a mistake to suppose that the Press Bureau exercises its own judgment concerning the class of news which should be withheld for publication. It examines the copy submitted to it, he says, "with a view to seeing whether what it is proposed to publish offends against any of the series of prohibitions which the War Office or Admiralty or other government departments concerned think it is important to enforce."

"The Press Bureau," Sir John continues, "is not the author of any of these prohibitions. It is merely the medium by which they are announced and applied."

The Home Secretary adds that a majority of the large staff of censors employed is appointed by the War Office and the Admiralty, and that it no doubt happens that from time to time a particular individual who is trying to apply these rules makes a slip.

"The directors of the Press Bureau," Sir John says in conclusion, "do their best to reduce such mistakes to a minimum. The directors of the Press Bureau have cheerfully endured much belaboring which, whether deserved or not, most certainly is not deserved by them."

## ANGRY MOTHER HEN KILLS CHILD.

Thamesville, Ont., Oct. 11.—Two year old Vida Sheppard is dead as the result of being pecked by a mother hen. The child playfully tried to catch the hen, which had a flock of chickens about her. The hen flew at her and pecked her savagely on the cheek. Complications set in and lock-jaw developed with fatal results.

## STEAMER ARRIVALS.

New York: Ancona, Naples; Montevideo, Barcelona.  
Liverpool: St. Paul, New York.  
Deal: Rotterdam, New York.  
Copenhagen: Frederik VIII., New York.

## WON ROW BOAT.

A row boat recently raffled by the St. Lawrence Club has been won by ticket No. 11 held by Miss Sadie O'Connor.

## MASKED WOMEN.

Upper class Swahili women wear curious masks, which are made of leather and beads in a wooden frame. The mask is derived from the traditional usage of Moslem women, who must keep their faces covered in the presence of men. For several centuries Arab traders have frequented this east African coast, and to their influence are due most of the civilized customs found today among the natives of the district. The clothing worn by these prosperous dames is of silk; their shoes are partly of silver, and they wear much silver jewelry. The Moslems in Zanzibar, by the way are less fanatically strict about religious usages than their brethren in Morocco and Turkey.—Wide World Magazine.

## MORALE OF GERMAN TROOPS IN THE WEST AFFECTED

### FAILURE OF THEIR REPEATED ATTACKS TO REGAIN TRENCHES LOST, RESPONSIBLE.

Paris, Oct. 11—3 p.m.—The French War Office this afternoon gave out a summary of the events of the week ended Oct. 9, which reads as follows:

"During the course of the week from October 3 to October 9, our operations had for their object the completion and consolidation of the results obtained by the successes of the preceding week. The Germans during this week endeavored on several different occasions by violent attacks to make good the notable checks to which they have been subjected and as a result of which the morale of their troops has been affected. Everywhere these efforts resulted in failure.

"In Artois, in the region of Souchez, and in the vicinity of Loos, where the British troops have made progress, the enemy has delivered attacks which have been in vain and which have caused him very heavy losses. The French troops have been able to consolidate their positions in front of and to the south of Thelus (to the north of Arras).

"In Champagne the German efforts in the vicinity of the Navarin farm at Tahure, and at Mesnil have brought about no definite result. The Germans have not succeeded in driving our troops from the positions recently conquered by us, nor have they succeeded in preventing us from making further progress.

## HEAVY GERMAN LOSSES IN WEST

### CORRESPONDENT OF BERLIN PAPER DECLARES FRENCH ATTACKS FURIOUS.

Amsterdam, via London, Oct. 12—4:14 a.m.—Admission that German losses have been very heavy in the past few days on the western front is made by the correspondent of the Berlin Tageblatt who declares French attacks were carried out with "unprecedented vigor and courage." He estimates that within a brief period the French have fired more than three million shells against the German lines.



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# GLORY OF THE CANADIANS ON FLEMISH BATTLEFIELDS

## SIR MAX AITKEN, M.P., RELATES THRILLING STORY

GREAT DEEDS OF VALOR PERFORMED SHEDDING  
LUSTRE ON EVERY PROVINCE IN CANADA —  
WHOLE DOMINION IN ONE ORCHARD.

By SIR MAX AITKEN, M.P.

The Acting High Commissioner for Canada has authorized the communication to the Press of the following report from the Canadian Record Officer—Sir Max Aitken, M.P.—now serving with the Canadian Division:—

I send you here a bald report of work in the trenches by our own people. It is couched almost in official phrases. But now and then I have interpolated some personal anecdote which may help to show you what triumph and terror and tragedy lie behind the smooth, impersonal stage directions of this war. After the great battle of Langemarck the Canadian Division, worn but not shattered, retired into billets and rested until May 14, when the headquarters were moved to the southern section of the British line in readiness for new operations. During that time reinforcements had poured in from the Canadian base in England, where were gathered the Dominion troops, whose numbers and efficiency we owe to the large vision and untiring energy of the Minister of Militia and Defence. His direct and comprehensive methods are an example which the Empire might follow with advantage.

On May 17 the re-made infantry brigades advanced towards the firing line once more.

It must be understood that on the afternoon of May 18 the 3rd Brigade occupied reserve trenches, two companies of the 14th Royal Montreal Regiment, commanded by Lieut.-Colonel Meishen, and two companies of the 16th Canadian Scottish, under Lieut.-Colonel Leckie, being ordered to make an immediate advance on La Quoimée Run, north-west of an orchard which had been used in a state of defence by the enemy. One company of the 16th Canadian Scottish was to make a flanking movement on the enemy's position in the orchard by way of an old German communication trench, and this attack was to be made, of course, in conjunction with a frontal one.

### LITTLE TIME

Little time was available to make dispositions, and, as there was no opportunity to reconnoitre the ground, it was very difficult to determine the proper objective. The flanking company of the 16th Battalion reached its allotted position, but after the advance of the remaining company of that regiment and the 14th, under very heavy shell fire, the proper direction was not maintained. The detachments reached part of their objective, but owing to the lack of covering fire it was undesirable at the moment to make an attack on the orchard. They were told to dig themselves in and to connect up with the Wiltshire Battalion on their right and the Coldstream Guards on their left. They had then gained 500 yards.

Lieut.-Colonel Leckie sent up the other two companies of the 16th Canadian Scottish to assist in the digging and to relieve the original two companies at daylight. During the night the companies of the 14th Battalion Royal Montreal Regiment were also withdrawn, and the trench occupied by these was taken over by stretching out the Coldstream Guards on one flank and the 16th Canadian Scottish on the other.

On the morning of May 20 orders were issued for an attack on the orchard that night. A reconnaissance of the position was made by Major Leckie, brother of Lieut.-Colonel Leckie, when patrols were sent out, one of which very nearly managed to escape being cut off by the enemy and another suffered a few casualties. This showed the Germans were in force and that an attack on the orchard would be no light work. That night the Canadian Scottish occupied a deserted house close to the German lines, and succeeded in establishing there two machine guns and a garrison of thirty men.

### HOUSE UNTOUCHED.

The enemy were evidently not aware that we were in possession of this house, for, although they bombarded all the British trenches with great severity throughout the whole of the day, this little garrison was left untouched. The attacking detachment, under Major Rae, consisted of two companies of the Canadian Scottish, one commanded by Captain Morrison, the other by Major Peck. The attack was to take place at 7.45 p.m., and at the same time the 15th Battalion 48th Highlanders were directed to make an assault on a position several hundred yards to the right. During that afternoon the orchard was very heavily bombarded by our artillery, increasing in severity up to the delivery of the attack.

Promptly to the minute the guns ceased, and the two companies climbed out of their trenches to advance. At the same instant the two machine guns situated in the advanced post opened on the enemy. As the advance was carried out in broad daylight, the movements were at once seen by the enemy, and immediately a torrent of machine gun fire, and shrapnel was directed on our troops. Their steadiness and discipline were remarkable, and were greatly praised by the officers of the Coldstream Guards, who were on our left.

When they reached the edge of the orchard an unexpected obstacle presented itself in the form of a deep ditch, and on the further side a wired hedge. Without hesitation, however, the men plunged through the ditch, in some places up to their necks in water, and made for some previously reconnoitred gap in the hedge. Not many Germans had stayed in the orchard during the bombardment. The bulk of the garrison, according to the usual German method under artillery fire, had evidently retired to the support trenches in the rear. A few had been left behind to man a machine gun redoubt near to the centre of the orchard, with the idea of holding up our advancing infantry until the enemy, withdrawn during the bombardment, could return in full strength; but these machine guns retreated when the Canadians came.

On the far side of the orchard, however, the Germans, following their system indicated above, came on to contest the position, but the onset of the Canadians forced them to beat a hasty retreat. Although double our numbers, they could not be induced to face a hand-to-hand fight. Three platoons cleared the orchard, while a fourth platoon, advancing towards the north side, were hampered by a very awkward ditch which forced them to make a wide detour, so they did not arrive in the orchard until its occupation was complete.

The men dug themselves in on the far side of the orchard, where there was another wired ditch. The Germans could be heard in their trench about fifty yards away chattering and talking to one another; the officers, too, were heard giving commands and apparently trying to force their men to attack, but nothing would persuade the German troops to expose themselves. One company did not go into the orchard, but pushed forward and occupied an abandoned German trench running in a south-westerly direction to prevent any flank counter-attack being made by the enemy. They found themselves in a very exposed position, and consequently suffered heavily. The casualties in proportion to the number employed in the attack were heavy for all engaged, but the position was a very important one, having twice repulsed assault by other regiments.

### SPEEDY ASSAULT.

Had our advance been less rapid, the enemy would no doubt have got back into this position, and our task might have been impossible. They argued, as I have said, that any attack might be held up by the machine-guns in the redoubt and in the fortified positions on the flank for long enough to enable them to return to the orchard after our bombardment had ceased and throw us back. The speed with which our assault was carried out prevented this altogether.

The drawback to drill-book tactics is that if one side does not keep up the rules the other suffers. And a citizen army will not keep to the rules. For example, not long after the affair of the orchard a Canadian battalion put up a little arrangement with the ever adaptable Canadian artillery in its rear. The artillery opened heavy fire on a section of the German trenches, while the battalion made rather ostentatious parade of fixing bayonets, rigging trench ladders, and whistling commands as a prelude to an attack the instant the bombardment should cease. The Germans, who are experts in these matters, promptly retired to their supporting trenches and left the storm to rage in front, ready to rush forward the instant it stopped and meet the Canadian attack.

So far all went perfectly. Our guns lifted from the front trenches and shelled the supporting trenches, as is laid down by the best authorities, to prevent the Germans coming up. The Germans none the less came, and crowded into the front trenches; but there was no infantry attack whatever. That deceitful Canadian battalion had not moved. Only the guns shortened range once more, and the blast of their fire fell on the German front trench, now satisfactorily filled with men. Next day's German wireless announced that a

"desperate attack had been heavily repulsed," but the general sense of the enemy was more accurately represented by a "hyphenated" voice that cried out peevishly next evening "Say, Sam Slick, no dirty tricks to-night."

The 16th Battalion Canadian Scottish includes detachments from the 72nd Seaforth's of Vancouver, the 79th Camerons of Winnipeg, the 50th Gordons of Victoria, and the 91st Highlanders of Hamilton, so all Canada, from Lake Ontario to the Pacific Ocean, was represented in the orchard that night. SEVERE LOSSES.

At seven o'clock in the evening of May 20 the 13th Battalion Royal Highlanders of the 3rd Brigade, under Lieut.-Colonel Loomis, advanced across the British trenches under heavy shell fire, with severe losses, in support of the 16th Battalion Canadian Scottish.

The attack on the orchard having succeeded, three companies of the 13th Battalion Royal Highlanders immediately marched forward. As four officers of one company, including the officer commanding had been severely wounded, the command was taken over by Major Buchanan, the second in command of the regiment. A fourth company marched to a support trench immediately in the rear. The position was then consolidated, and the 16th Battalion after its hard work withdrew.

Next afternoon the enemy in their trenches made a demonstration fifty yards north of the orchard, but our heavy fire soon drove them off the parapets. During the night the disputed ground between the trenches was brightly lit by the enemy's flares and enlivened by the rattle of continuous musketry. None the less our working parties went on with their improvements and left the position in good shape for the 3rd Canadian Trench Regiment of the 2nd Brigade, which relieved the Royal Highlanders on Saturday.

During these brilliant, though costly, operations of the 3rd Brigade, the 2nd Brigade had been very active against a fortified position a mile to the south, held by the enemy and known to our intelligence department as Bexhill.

A British brigade had recently captured some trenches in the face of heavy fire from Bexhill, and on the night of May 19 the position was taken over by the 2nd Canadian Infantry Brigade.

### ATTACK ON "BEXHILL"

On May 20 at 7.45 p.m. the 10th Canadian Battalion, under Major Guthrie, who joined the battalion at Ypres as a lieutenant after the regiment had lost most of its officers, made an attempt to secure Bexhill. This attack was a failure, as no previous reconnaissance had been carried out, and the preliminary bombardment had been quite ineffectual. Moreover, our troops were in full view of the enemy when crossing a gap in the fire trench, and as the only approach to Bexhill was through an old communicating trench swept by machine guns, the leading men of the front company were all shot down, and the 10th Battalion retired.

During the night a further reconnaissance of the enemy's position was carried out and the gap in the fire trenches repaired, which assured covered communication to all parts of our line.

On the evening of May 21 an artillery bombardment opened under direction of Brigadier-General Burs, tall, and went on intermittently until 8.30, when the attack was launched. Our force consisted of the grenade company of the 1st Canadian Brigade and two companies of the 10th Canadian Battalion. This attack was met by overwhelming machine-gun fire from Bexhill redoubt, and our force on the left was practically annihilated. On the right the attackers succeeded in reaching the enemy's trench-line running south from Bexhill, and preceded by bombers, drove the enemy 400 paces down the trench and erected a barricade to hold what they had won. During the night the enemy made several attempts to counter-attack, but was successfully repulsed.

At daylight on May 22 the enemy opened a terrific bombardment on the captured trench, which continued without ceasing through the whole day, and practically wiped the trench out. After very heavy casualties the southern end of the captured trench was abandoned, and a second barricade was erected across the portion that remained in our hands.

In the afternoon the enemy's infantry prepared for an attack, but retired after coming under our artillery and machine-gun fire. During the night the trenches were taken over by a detachment of British troops and a detachment of the 1st Canadian Infantry Brigade, and by King Edward's Horse and Strathcona's Horse. These latter served, of course, as infantry, and it was their first introduction to warfare.

May 23 passed without incident, although the enemy threatened an attack on King Edward's Horse, but broke back in the face of a heavy artillery fire searchingly directed by the Canadian artillery brigades.

At daylight again on May 24 (Queen Victoria's birthday), after a thorough reconnaissance of the ground, we attacked the enemy with two companies of the 5th Battalion under Major Edgar, a brave officer supported by a company of the 7th Battalion British Columbia Regiment, as working party, and in face of very heavy machine-gun fire the

position was taken at 4.15 a.m., although Bexhill was not entered at that time. A company of the 7th Battalion was sent up to reinforce, with a squadron of Strathcona's Horse, and at 5.49 a.m. the 5th Battalion captured Bexhill and 120 yards of trenches towards the north, where they were held up.

At 6.30 a platoon of the 5th Battalion was sent to support Major Edgar, with orders to "dig in and hang on" but not to try to take more ground. At this time Major Odium, in command of the 7th Battalion, took charge of the 5th Battalion, as Colonel Tuxford was ill and Major Edgar had been wounded.

All through that morning the enemy's artillery was exceedingly active, although the Canadian artillery surrounded our troops, who were hanging on in the redoubt, with a saving ring of shrapnel, while our heavy guns distracted the enemy's artillery. Canada had good reason to be proud of her gunners that day. Several times during the same morning the enemy tried to counter-attack but each attempt was stamped out with artillery and machine-gun fire.

The captured trenches were held at great cost all day. At night the troops of the 2nd Canadian Battalion, under Lieut.-Colonel Watson, and the Royal Canadian Dragoons were sent in to take them over.

The total losses of the brigade amounted to fifty-five officers and 980 men.

The hostile shelling was the most severe that the brigade ever experienced, but the ordeal was born unshakably.

At noon, May 25, Brigadier-General Seely assumed command of the troops holding the position. Until the end of the month the Canadian Division continued to hold the territory which had been seized from the enemy, and on the last day of May their headquarters were moved to the extreme south of the British line. Here the routine of ordinary trench warfare was resumed until the middle of June.

About this time a British division was directed to make a frontal attack on a fortified place in the enemy's trench-line known to our Intelligence Staff as Stony Mountain. The 1st Canadian Trench Regiment, commanded by Lieut.-Colonel Hill, of the 1st Brigade, was detailed to secure the right flank of the British division by seizing two lines of German trenches between Stony Mountain and another fortified place known as Dorchester, which was 150 yards to the south. The defensive flank to be thrown back to the right if our men got through would depend on the advance made by the British division. Working parties of the 2nd and 3rd Battalions of the 1st Brigade were told off to secure the lines of trenches and finally to make the defensive flank.

After a few days of preparation the 1st Canadian Battalion Ontario Regiment moved up and at three o'clock in the afternoon the battalion reached our line of trenches opposite the position to be attacked, when the 2nd Canadian Battalion, under Lieut.-Colonel Watson, which was holding the trench-position, withdrew to the right to make room for them.

The trench-line on the right of the attacking battalion was held by the 2nd and 4th Canadian Battalions, as far as the La Bassée Canal, with the 3rd Canadian Trench Regiment in support. The left was held by the East Yorks.

From three o'clock until six in the evening the Ontario Regiment under the command of Major C. S. Craig fired over 100 rounds, sweeping the ground clear of wire and destroying two machine guns. Lieutenant Craig, who was wounded at Ypres early in May and again while observing near Givenchy, was seriously wounded after completing his task here. Lieutenant Kelly, who was in command of the other gun, succeeded in destroying a machine gun, when his own gun was wrecked by an enemy shell, and he was wounded. The gun shields themselves were tattered and twisted by the mere force of musketry fire.

### WORK OF THE GUNS.

Fifteen minutes before the attack was timed to take place two eighteen-pounder guns which had been placed in the infantry trenches under cover of darkness on the instructions of Brigadier-General Bursall, opened fire on the parapets of the enemy trenches. One gun under Lieutenant C. S. Craig fired over 100 rounds, sweeping the ground clear of wire and destroying two machine guns. Lieutenant Craig, who was wounded at Ypres early in May and again while observing near Givenchy, was seriously wounded after completing his task here. Lieutenant Kelly, who was in command of the other gun, succeeded in destroying a machine gun, when his own gun was wrecked by an enemy shell, and he was wounded. The gun shields themselves were tattered and twisted by the mere force of musketry fire.

Just before six o'clock a mine which had been previously prepared by the sappers was exploded. Owing to the discovery of water under the

German trenches its tunnel could not be carried far enough forward, and the Canadian troops had accordingly been withdrawn from a salient in the Canadian line, known as Ducks Bill, to guard against casualties in our own trenches when it went off. However, to make sure that the explosion would reach the German line so heavy a charge had to be used that the effects on the Canadian trench-line were somewhat serious. Several of our bombers were killed and wounded, and a reserve depot of bombs was buried under the debris. Another bomb depot was blown up by an enemy shell about this time. These two accidents made us short of bombs when we needed them later, and we had to rely entirely on the supply of bombs which the bombers carried themselves.

### WITHERING FIRE.

The leading company, under Major C. J. L. Smith, rushed forward, with the smoke and flying dirt of the mine explosion for a screen, and met a withering fire from the German machine guns placed in Stony Mountain. But their dash was irresistible, and almost immediately the company was in possession of the German front trench and Dorchester, but those who were opposite Stony Mountain were stopped by fire from that fort, all being killed or wounded.

The leading company was followed by bombing parties on the right and left flanks. Lieutenant C. A. James, who was in charge of the right bombing party, was killed at the time of the explosion of the mine. Those who remained advanced without a leader. Lieutenant G. N. Gordon, in charge of the bombing party on the left, advanced in the direction of Stony Mountain, but his bombers were almost all shot down. A few reached the first line, including Lieutenant Gordon. He was soon wounded, and was afterwards killed by a German bomb party while lying in the German first line trench with two other comrades, who had exhausted their supply of survivors of the bombing party.

The second company, under Captain G. L. Wilkinson, at once followed the leading company and the bombers, and both companies charged forward to the second line trench, where the enemy presented a firm front, although stragglers were retreating through the tall grass in the rear. The bombers went to work from right to left to clear the trench. Many resisting Germans were bayoneted, and some prisoners were taken and sent back, and later, with some of their escort, were killed by machine gun and rifle from Stony Mountain itself.

Captain Wilkinson's company was followed almost immediately by the third company, under Lieutenant T. C. Sims, as the other company officers—Captain F. W. Robinson and Lieutenant P. W. Pick—had been killed by a shell at the moment our mine exploded. This company began to consolidate the German first line trench, which had been captured—that is to say, it reversed the sand-bag parapet, and turned the trench facing enemywards. It had suffered heavily in its advance across the open space between the opposing lines, and Captain Delamere's company was the fourth sent forward to support. Captain Delamere had been wounded, and the command devolved upon Lieutenant T. C. L. Young, who was wounded at our parapet, and Lieutenant Tranter took command and was killed in a moment. Company Sergeant-Major Owen then assumed command, and led the company with bravery and good sense.

Lieutenant T. W. Campbell, with two machine guns advanced in the rear of Captain Wilkinson's company. The entire crew of one gun was killed or wounded in the advance, but a portion of the other crew gained the enemy's front trench, and then advanced along the trench in the direction of Stony Mountain. The advance was most difficult and although subjected to constant heavy rifle and machine-gun fire, the gunners led the way until further advance was impossible owing to a barricade across the trench which had been hurriedly erected by the enemy. The bomb and the machine gun carry the brunt of the day's work more and more as time goes on, until one almost begins to think that the rifle may come to be superseded by the shot gun.

### GLORIOUS DEATH.

The machine gun crew which reached the trench was reduced to Lieutenant Campbell and Private Vincent, a lumberjack from Bracebridge, Ontario, the machine gun, and the tripod. In default of a base, Lieutenant Campbell set up the machine on the broad back of Private Vincent, and fired continuously. Afterwards, during the retreat, the German bombers entered the trench and Lieutenant Campbell fell wounded. Private Vincent then cut away the cart-ridge belt, and abandoning the tripod, dragged the gun away to safety, as it was too hot to handle. Lieutenant Campbell crawled out of the enemy trench, and was carried into our trench in a dying condition by Company Sergeant-Major Owen. In the words of Kinglake: "And no man died that night with more glory, yet many died and there was much glory."

The working parties detailed for the connection of the line adjoining our trenches with the hostile line which had been captured, moved out according to arrangement, but the heavy machine-gun fire from Stony Mountain forced them back to the cover of our trench, and all further attempts to continue work while daylight lasted came to nothing. The efforts of the battalion were now confined to erecting barricades near south of Stony Mountain and north of Dorchester, and to holding the second line trench. The supply of bombs ran short, and Private Smith, of Southampton, Ontario, son of a Methodist minister, and not much

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POSTMASTER-GENERAL IS WELCOMED AT FRASERVILLE

HON. MR. CASGRAIN MAKES IT CLEAR THAT PROVISION WILL BE MADE FOR WOUNDED SOLDIERS, WIDOWS, ORPHANS, ETC.

(Special Staff Correspondent).

Riviere du Loup, Que., Oct. 11.—Hon. Thos. Chase Casgrain's reception at Fraserville was even a more enthusiastic one than that accorded him in Notre Dame du Lac if that were possible.

Dabe's Hall was packed to the doors with a crowd which listened with the utmost appreciation to the eloquent discourse of the Postmaster-General and vigorously applauded his timely and well-chosen words.

The Postmaster-General, besides conclusively dilating on the righteous stand of the Conservative government in the present crisis, by his thorough knowledge of the real causes of the war and his wonderful ability to place the facts before his hearers in a concise and comprehensible manner probably accomplished more for the recruiting campaign than any amount of exhortation on the part of the most resourceful recruiting sergeant could ever hope to achieve.

He laid stress particularly on the fact that there is nothing too good for soldiers, wounded or otherwise, returning from the war, and that it was his intention to use his influence to the utmost in order that these brave men or their widows or orphans would never be left in want.

Mr. Casgrain also denounced vigorously certain Liberals who are deliberately violating the truce declared between the two parties during these stirring times and said that though these men are endeavoring by underhand methods to delude people into the belief that the government is not justly looking after their interests, yet not one has ever suggested what the proper course should be.

Mr. Malcolm Fraser, a former Mayor of Fraserville, presided at the meeting which was attended by nearly all the leading men of the town and vicinity. Amongst those present were Messrs. A. J. Turcotte, ex-M.P.; Leo Berube, Deputy for Temisouata; Dr. Paquet, M.P. for L'Islet; J. Leo A. Devault, C. Blondin of St. Pas; H. D. Dionne, St. Philippe, H. Dionne of Cacouna, Nap. Jean of St. Antoine, Didace Cote of Cacouna, N. Leveille of Cacouna, S. C. Rioux, J. P. Michaud, M. Belanger, General Agent of the Temisouata Railway, Mr. Duverrier, Mr. Gagnon, Jules Langlois, Chas. Stewart, J. B. Morel, and hundreds of others.

Decoration Awarded.

Before opening the meeting, Hon. Mr. Casgrain, on behalf of the Imperial Government, decorated Mr. Al. Richard, of Riviere du Loup, with a medal for long and faithful service to His Majesty the King. Mr. Richard has been a lighthouse-keeper for many years and the reward is well merited.

Mr. Casgrain referred to the pleasant recollections which he always had of Riviere du Loup district, having been a summer visitor every year for nearly twenty-five years.

He was proud to note that many of his old friends were again on hand to greet him, while he was also pleased to see that so many younger ones were emulating the example of their elders and adhering to their principles.

As at Notre Dame du Lac the Postmaster-General explained that it was the duty of the Ministers to come in to personal contact with the people over which they have been elected in order to direct their destinies as a body and thereby ascertain their direct needs.

No Political Question.

In connection with the great question of the war Hon. Mr. Casgrain stated that this was no question of politics. He did know what the Liberals were saying outside the House of Commons, but there was no doubt that they had openly supported the government in moving Canada's participation in the embroglio which threatened the very existence of liberty of the masses.

The huge expenditure necessitated to equip and transport Canada's fighting force had been approved by the Liberals and the gigantic war credits had also their official and practically unanimous recognition. Therefore, it was not merely the policy of the Conservative party or the Liberal party. It was the policy of the country, and Canada would see her part in the enterprise to the very end.

The question of the maintenance of the widows and orphans of the fallen Canadian heroes, as well as the future of returned men, wounded and maimed probably for life, was dwelt upon.

"When these men return," said Mr. Casgrain, "I shall always give them the preference so far as I am concerned and without distinction or regard for their politics." The speaker also stated that he would bend his every effort to endeavoring to have these men placed in a position which would make them secure for the balance of their lives.

Concerning taxes, Mr. Casgrain pointed out that the government was

trying to avoid imposition of this extra taxation on the poor man, the laborer and the farmer. For instance, the stamp tax was not felt by these classes so much as by the big houses of commerce, the banks, merchants, etc. "We are trying to protect the class which is the least able to afford it, but still there are Liberals who are telling the people that we are imposing upon them and keeping them down," said the speaker.

A Good Point.

Hon. Mr. Casgrain scathingly denounced those narrow-minded and treacherous men who were openly violating the truce declared by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and other leaders of the Liberal party. If these Liberals were loyal or sincere would they not point out the errors of the government system in much the same way as one friend would aid another if both were interested in the success of the same project? But they do not suggest any remedy merely contenting themselves with a negative policy and the government is always made to appear in the wrong in the eyes of the people.

Scandal Bogies.

The Postmaster-General disposed of the cases held up as bogies by the Liberals in the same eloquent manner which he handled them before the meeting at Notre Dame du Lac and in the face of what the government has accomplished these were made to look ridiculous and the large crowd cheered the Minister's words as he told them of the prompt and righteous actions of Premier Borden who, in direct contradiction to the fear of discovery which characterized the Liberal attitude in such cases, had opened the public accounts for investigation and punished all offenders alike.

Canada's Duty.

Why Canada should participate in the war was the next subject discussed and the whole situation was ably set forth by the Postmaster-General. The thirst for world-domination of the Kaiser, the want of more colonies to hold the Huns' overflowing population and the resultant precipitation of the whole world into war, were graphically related.

The part of England and of France in the conflict and the great sacrifices these countries were making was impressed forcibly on his hearers.

Violation of Treaties.

The utter disregard with which the Germans held treaties and the manner in which they look upon war, examples of which could be had in their devastation of beautiful Belgium was also held up to the attentive crowd.

The atrocities of these modern Huns had been proven by neutrals. "This is why Canada goes forth to battle to push these inhuman enemies back from the countries wrongfully acquired and to avenge the heroism of little Belgium whose sons have fought and died to preserve the integrity of their peaceful nation," said Mr. Casgrain.

England had been called by Bonaparte a nation of shop-keepers but today Bonaparte would call them a nation of heroes.

Their aristocracy has given their best on the battlefield, while the great British fleet has made it possible for uninterrupted commerce between America and the Allies.

France, supposedly degenerate and irreligious, has rallied to the cause of civilization and today French-Canadians may well feel proud that the blood of such heroes flows in their veins. It is the same France as the France of Jeanne d'Arc, of Clovis of Charlemagne, of St. Louis, of Champlain, it is the same country which we all love.

"It is our war," said Mr. Casgrain. "The line at Flanders is our line and defeat is our defeat, victory our triumph."

"There is no such thing as indifference. Even the clergy of the church have raised their voice, and if I were a young man today I would find a place amongst the men in Khaki but, alas, I am too old now for that. But I can exert my every energy in aiding the call to arms in order that the cause of righteousness may triumph over the tyrannical policy of the Prussians where might is held to be right."

Thunderous Applause.

Mr. Casgrain's speech evoked a thunderous outburst of applause and he was compelled to bow his acknowledgments.

Mr. Paquet Speaks.

Dr. Paquet, M.P. for L'Islet, was the next speaker. He congratulated the Minister on the manner in which he defended the rights of the minority while on his trip west by showing that the French Canadians were loyal and had performed and would continue to perform their duty in the present time.

The Conservative party had done much for agriculture and he thanked

(Continued on Page Twelve)

CHRONICLE TOBACCO FUND

The public generally are reminded that The Chronicle Tobacco Fund will close on Friday, the 15th instant. Subscriptions will be received up to and including this date. The total donations received brings the fund up to the total \$507.05. It is earnestly hoped that at least a hundred dollars more will be added before Friday next so as to make it possible to send each Quebec boy a package of tobacco and cigarettes worth while.

Citizens are again requested to send in the names of Quebecers on active service, as a complete new list is necessary for the delivery of this second supply of smoking material.

LATEST CONTRIBUTIONS:

Table listing contributions: Previously acknowledged \$487.05, Mrs. J. T. Holliday 5.00, Citadel Brick and Paving Co. 5.00, Mrs. R. F. Cream 5.00, G. A. T. 5.00, Total \$507.00

AT THE THEATRES

THE OLYMPIA WAS CROWDED

THE SURPRISE WAS AGREEABLE

"VIA WIRELESS" AND "NEAL OF THE NAVY" PROVED STRONGEST BILL YET PRESENTED.

IT DREW GREAT CROWDS AT EVERY PERFORMANCE OF THE AUDITORIUM YESTERDAY.

"Via Wireless" and "Neal of the Navy" form the strongest programme yet presented in a picture house and the Olympia management soon found out last night by the rate at which its patrons were filling the house. This great drama in five parts has the power that draws and the sensational scenes of which it abounds are certainly the greatest attractions and the most thrilling situations that can be shown on a screen. There never was so many dramatic complications piled in one drama and the happy turn it takes at the end fills all the spectators with satisfaction.

"The Surprise" was there and it was a very agreeable one to three large audiences that attended the performances at the Auditorium yesterday. The afternoon performance was such a good advertisement for the house that the box office had to be closed at night, and that is seldom seen at a house with a capacity like the Auditorium.

The third chapter of "Neal of the Navy" is just as sensational as the feature of the programme "Via Wireless". The search for The Lost Isle is still the main object of the two had characters that want to steal the treasure it contains, but they always find Neal in their way.

The announcement made that the programme would be absolutely out of the ordinary has proved true as we hear say in theatre manager's offices "The Show Has Made Good" and the result is that the house was crowded at every performance that followed the matinee. "The Big Surprise" is an act that cannot be compared to any one that has played in Quebec before. The eight people that each have a good part to fill in it have made reputation for themselves before they were engaged by Miss Duff, and the success of this aggregation is no wonder to those who know something about theatrical affairs as they knew the qualities of all the artists. The hit it made at the Auditorium yesterday is just what could be expected after the reception they get in every city.

RACE TRACK FILM AND CHAPLIN AT VICTORIA—BIG HITS.

Charles Chaplin and Walter Miller Well-Known Jockey, Featured in Movie Plays.

Large audiences attended the different performances yesterday at the Victoria Theatre and judging by the amount of applause they were well pleased with the programme offered. The famous Charlie Chaplin created an unlimited amount of mirth in a two part comedy entitled "His Trysting Place" another feature on the bill is "The Winning of the Futurity" featuring Walter Miller the well-known jockey, this picture made a big hit, at the Imperial Theatre Montreal last week, and is without doubt one of the best in this city. There was also another good comedy shown.

The "Allies" orchestra under the able directorship of Mr. Sanburn rendered some choice music selections, which were highly appreciated.

This cosy theatre is becoming more popular every day as Quebec Theatre goers are quick to realize that the management always lives up to the show advertised, regardless of cost.

THE FASTEST COLORS.

It is said that the fastest colors on the market are what are known among dyers as hydrosulphite-colors that are dyed with hydrosulphite in a caustic bath. These colors are as nearly fast as any can be made and have been adopted by our government to be used in army uniforms.

The dyeing of these colors on cotton yarn is simple, especially when the Scotch tub system is employed. The proper way to dye these colors is to use the vacuum type of dye machine, as the dyestuff experts hold that all air should be eliminated from the cotton before the dyestuff is applied, and this type of machine is best suited for that purpose, because in this system the cotton is stationary and the dye liquor is forced through the cotton by means of pumps.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

By Proxy Perhaps.

A well known metropolitan choral conductor was once holding voice trials preliminary to the organization of a colored choral club of jubilee singers. One of the soprano applicants was extremely reticent when asked to sing a scale. Finally the director, becoming impatient, asked, "What's the matter—don't you sing?" "Well," she hesitatingly replied, "not pushonally"—Argonaut.

ROLL OF HONOR

The address given with each name in the casualty list is that of the next of kin and not necessarily that of the member of the contingent mentioned.

Ottawa, Oct. 11.—(Casualty list issued at midnight.)

First Battalion. Killed in action Sept. 30th: Ernest Buchley, (formerly 33rd), England. Wounded: Arthur See, (formerly 34th) England.

Second Battalion. Wounded: Walter Elmer Van Dusen, (formerly 38th), Chesterville, Ont.

Fifth Battalion. Wounded: Sergt. F. B. Bagshaw, England, (Sept. 28th). Thomas Rhydderch, (formerly 32nd), England, (Sept. 25th). Arthur Robert MacInnes, (formerly 45th), Scotland, (Sept. 25th). F. Henry Cotterel, England, (Sept. 25th).

Ernest Wood (formerly 45th) England, (Oct. 1st). Previously reported missing now, suffering from concussion: Sidney Clarke, England, (Sept. 25th).

Seventh Battalion. Wounded: David Dunwoody, Dovercourt Post Office, Toronto.

Eighth Battalion. Wounded: Charles W. Chisholm (formerly 11th), Scotland, (Oct. 2nd, gunshot wound in back). Henry Percival Pullen, (formerly 44th), England, (gunshot wound in forehead).

Tenth Battalion. Killed in action: Percival Dingle, (formerly 46th), England, (Sept. 30th). Henry Pickett, (formerly 43rd), England, Oct. 1st.

Thirteenth Battalion. Wounded: Arthur Scott, England.

Fifteenth Battalion. Killed in action Oct. 3rd: Sergt. Thomas W. Reid, England.

Eighteenth Battalion. Wounded: George William Rossmer, England. Thomas Hartley Robinson, England, (severely).

Twentieth Battalion. Died of wounds Sept. 28th: Harold Browne, England.

Wounded: Fred Ingham, England. George Alfred Greenwood, England.

Twenty-Fourth Battalion. Accidentally wounded Oct. 8th: Victor Eugene Ducloux, No. 488 Elm Ave., Westmount, Que.

Wounded: Corp. Bryce Martin Morrison, Scotland, (gunshot wound in skull).

Twenty-Eighth Battalion. Slightly wounded: Sergt. Wallace Richard Sanders, (formerly 11th) England.

Thirty-First Battalion. Seriously wounded: Noel Gilbert Lowe, England, (scalp wound, right eye removed).

Thirty-Sixth Battalion. Death: Corp. Albert Stephenson, England, (from injuries by fall).

Royal Canadian Dragoons. Wounded: James Ormiston, Ireland.

Canadian Cavalry Depot. Dangerously ill: George Wilson Doolan, (formerly ninth C. M. R.) Chelwood Post Office, Sask., (ill with pneumonia).

Army Service Corps Training Depot. Seriously ill: Robert Stanley V. Elliott, England, (ill with typhoid fever).

FIRE RISKS ON FARMS.

Safety First Should Be as Much the Rule There as Elsewhere.

A contributor to Farm and Fireside shows how appalling fire risks are on farms. He tells how to reduce some of these fire risks and writes in part as follows:

"The inveterate smoker is about as dangerous as a walking stick of dynamite. It makes me shudder to see a man smoking around the farm buildings. One man I know never will forget the way he was run off the farm when I caught him smoking a cigarette while stacking hay."

"Another dangerous practice of which the average man is guilty is that of carrying ordinary matches loose in his pockets. He should carry either safety matches or keep the ordinary kind in a metal box."

"On most farms the lantern is still the usual light for working about the buildings after dark. A good way to keep it clean and safe is, first, to take out the burners and clean them by boiling in strong soapuds. This will keep the ventilating passages of the burner working properly. Then wipe all leaking or spilled oil off the base."

"Never set a lantern down. Either hold it or hang it up. Then when it is accidentally struck it will swing instead of upsetting."

ACCIDENTS.

In reality there is no such thing in the world as an "accident." Whatever takes place does so because something else took place before it. The conditions being the same, the "accident" always comes, but it is as much the result of law as are the events not called accidents.—New York American.

HUN ASSAILANTS ARE MOWN DOWN BY BRITISH

GERMAN ATTACKS SOUTH OF LA BASSEE, THOUGH MADE IN GREAT STRENGTH, MEET WITH COMPLETE REPULSE.

London, October 11—11.15 p.m.—The Official Press Bureau tonight made public the following official communication from Field Marshal Sir John French, the British commander-in-chief in France:

"Further information shows that the German attack on our front south of the La Bassee canal on the 8th was made in great strength. The main German efforts were directed against the chalk pit north of Hill 70 and between Hulluch and the Hohenzollern redoubt.

"In the chalk pit attack the enemy assembled behind some woods which lie from 300 to 500 yards off our trenches. Between these woods and our lines the attack was mown down by combined rifle, machine and artillery fire, not a man getting to within forty yards of our trenches."

"Further north, between Hulluch and the quarries, the attack was similarly beaten off with very heavy loss, and here our troops, following up the beaten enemy, secured German trench west of Cite St. Elie. The enemy only succeeded in penetrating our front line at one point on the southern communication trench of the Hohenzollern redoubt, which is still in our hands. Here he was promptly driven out by our bombers."

"Our reserves were not required at any part of the front. It is certain that we inflicted a very severe reverse on the enemy. Our casualties prove to be even less than the first low estimate."

"The report of the German official communication of the 9th, that a strong British attack north-east of Vermelles failed with great loss is entirely false. No attacks were made and no losses were incurred other than those described above."

"Yesterday eleven fights in the air took place, nine of which our airmen were successful. One hostile aeroplane was driven to the ground inside the enemy's lines and was almost certainly destroyed. This morning another machine was brought down in our lines. We lost one aeroplane."

BRITISH CASUALTIES

IN WESTERN THEATRE

London, Oct. 12—4.11 p.m.—The casualty lists issued today include the names of six officers and two thousand men, nearly all from the western front. Among those reported killed was Brigadier-General Frederick F. Wormald, who has been promoted from the rank of Major of Hussars since the war began and who won the Distinguished Service Medal in South Africa.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES TAKE DROP

SUCCESSFUL FLOTATION OF CREDIT LOAN TO ALLIES THE REASON.

New York, Oct. 11—Foreign exchange rates went down again today, in the face of the successful flotation of the \$500,000,000 credit loan to Great Britain and France, to their lowest point since Sept. 15. So disquieting was the situation deemed that a three hour meeting, attended by Wall Street bankers and Sir Edward Holden, a member of the Anglo-French financial commission, was held in the late afternoon at the National City Bank for the reported purpose of devising some new method to bolster the value of the English pound sterling.

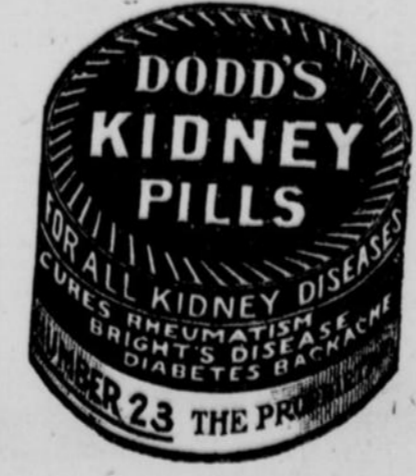
Today sterling sold down to \$4.67 1/2, altogether too far below par to make continued buying of American exports desirable from the American point of view, in the opinion of some New York financiers.

The meeting held today, it was reported, it was primarily to reach an understanding as to the best available method of using the \$500,000,000 to stabilize exchange and also with a view to arranging a private agreement between New York bankers, on one hand, and London bankers on the other, for credits which would tend to send the value of sterling in this foreign exchange market. A supplemental credit of \$250,000,000, it is said, was discussed.

WHERE ART CEASES.

All art is a matter of nature or life acted upon by man; a part taken out of its accidental surroundings and given artistic form. At either side of the field of true art is a waste place where art ceases to have beauty. And the waste on the one side is reached when the artist becomes so enamored of life that he forgets to interpret, to give artistic form, and only brings forth a photographic image, while the waste on the other side is reached when the artist perfects his form but forgets to put life into it.—Sheldon Cheney.

Advertisement for Chamois Vests. Text: 'We have just received for the autumn and winter, a complete stock of Chamois Vests and Chest Protectors, all sizes and all prices. J. E. LIVERNOIS, Limitee, St. John Street, QUEBEC'



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QUEBEC, OCTOBER 12, 1915.

CANADA'S FOREIGN BORN.

A bulletin of the Census and Statistics Office dealing with the number of foreign-born residents of Canada, as shown by the census of 1911, should remove the fears of those who think there is danger in the immigrant. The population of Canada in June, 1911, as shown by the enumerators, was 7,206,643. Of the whole, 752,732, or just over one in ten, were natives of a country not under the British flag.

Table with 2 columns: Province/Territory and Number of Foreign Born. Includes British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, P. E. Island, Yukon and Territories.

As was natural, the western provinces contained the larger number of foreign born. Their lands were an attraction to those with agricultural training and tastes, and the railway construction that was active four years ago attracted many laborers, a proportion of whom aspired to become land holders when their accumulated wages warranted the venture.

It is interesting to note that in the case of a large number of people from foreign lands, without regard to where the lands are situated, the new comers have shown their purpose to become part of the country and of its people, by becoming naturalized.

Table with 3 columns: Nationality, Resident, and Naturalized. Lists various countries like United States, Austria-Hungary, Russia, Norway and Sweden, Italy, Germany, China and Japan, France, Finland, Rumania, Iceland, Belgium.

The general showing is good. In the case of the people from some countries 50 per cent. and over became British subjects within Canada by their voluntary act, while in the case of all nationalities mentioned the proportion was marked. It is to be remembered also that in the case of the people arrived in 1910-11, which was a good immigration year, it was not practical under the law for them to become naturalized, whatever their intention might have been; and, no doubt, the ordinary proportion of them have since taken the step.

Advertisement for Horlick's Malted Milk, 'The Original'. Includes text about its benefits for babies and adults, and contact information for Gilmour Bros. & Co.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

Serbia, the pivot and focus of the European war in the initial stage, has again become the theatre of great events. Three immense German-Austrian armies, numbering about half a million, have invaded the Balkan country. Coincident with this movement, a Franco-British force of 75,000 men have been landed at Salonika in Greece, and is pushing through that country to aid Serbia on the north. Bulgaria's position is such that her definite adherence to the German cause is the most momentous news of the day.

The Balkan countries are naturally and generally pro-Russian. Most of them are of Slav origin, the exception being Rumania, which is distinctly Latin in origin and development. As such in sympathizes with France, and to a less degree with Great Britain.

Greece is a political enigma. Her people are feverishly desirous of helping the Allies, while her King is committed, for family reasons, to the Hohenzollern dynasty in Germany. No doubt the most astute statesman the country possesses is Venizelos, who has just been driven from office as Prime Minister for his proclaimed sympathy with France and Great Britain.

The objective of the Great German-Austrian drive through Serbia is to establish complete land communication with Turkey. If the movement be successful, it will probably mean a continuance of the war.

NATIONAL ANTHEM.

Since the spokesmen of the Anglican Church have been disputing in meetings as to the desirability of including the second verse of the national anthem in the prayer book service, attention has been turned to the anthem and to the second verse in particular, and questions have been asked as to when it was first introduced and for why.

The Toronto Star has been delving into the records to discover if possible who was responsible for both this particular verse and the whole hymn, but can find nothing decisive as to who its author was. It judges that the reference to "politics" and "knavish tricks" had to do with domestic rather than foreign enemies of the king, and thinks it possible that the hymn was written by Henry Carey, a versatile composer and minor poet, somewhere about the year 1740.

The Hamilton Herald thinks there is equally good authority for saying that as originally sung the first line of the hymn read, "God save great James, our king," which would give it an earlier birth and place it in the list of Jacobite compositions, the James prayed for being the elder pretender.

As for the tune, its origin is even more obscure than that of the words. It has been attributed to Dr. John Bull, a musician who flourished in Queen Elizabeth's reign; but there is no evidence to support this theory. The best authorities agree that the tune originated in southern France, where it was popular among the peasantry as long ago as at least as the seventeenth century.

CASUALTY LISTS.

Some of the simple, obscure records from the front reach far beyond the shores of saddened Europe. This, for example, jibes strongly with the comedy of Sheridan: "Killed—Lieut. W. F. Sheridan (17,256) Royal Wicksires." Sheridan, one of the most enthusiastic of the younger English officers, was the son of Edward Sheridan and the great-grandson of Richard Brinsley Sheridan.

Labyrinth of Sorrow has a world-wide interest:

John Kipling, Irish Guards (12,394) John Kipling, only son of Rudyard Kipling, the celebrated English poet, was delicate and frail but answered the call to arms early in the war. Repeatedly wounded, he remained on the firing line until the Nemesis of battle claimed him. Instinctively one harks back to the "Barrack Room Ballads" of the boy soldier's father, those red-blooded rhymes of the service, and a strangely prophetic quatrain:

"The moral of this story is plainly to be seen: You 'aven't got no families when servin' of the Queen— You 'aven't got no brothers, fathers, sisters, wives or sons— If you want to win your battles take an' work your bloomin' guns."

PRESS COMMENT.

AN APPEAL.

I'm only a cavalry charger, And I'm dying as fast as I can (For my body is riddled with bullets)

Oh, please help the Blue one as well!

My mager was one in a thousand, And I loved him with all this poor heart

Be kind to them—they'll do their part!

And give us a word in your prayers; This isn't so strange as you'd fancy— The Russians do it in theirs.

I'm only a cavalry charger, And my eyes are becoming quite dim

Who're dying and suffering too— Oh, please help the poor wounded horses!

I'm sure that you would—if you knew.

SCOTS GREYS.

Last winter there was great excitement in England over the question of war babies. It was reported that in the neighborhood of the concentration camps and recruiting stations there were thousands of unmarried prospective mothers and the papers were filled with rash suggestions and heated arguments.

The report of the Registrar General gives the number of illegitimate births in England and Wales for the months of April, May and June as less than for the corresponding period of 1914. This is to say the call to arms has reduced the evil instead of increasing it.

Whatever the outcome of the war, the regeneration of Europe depends upon its women.—The Independent.

Take the trouble to go to the BON-TON. Compare our prices with those of elsewhere. They are so much lower that you will be surprised. BON-TON COMPANY, 423 St. Joseph Street, Telephone 2315.

Large advertisement for T. D. Dubuc, Successor to Thos. Donohue. Features 'THE FASHIONABLE STORE' and 'WEAVES AND FABRICS IN VOGUE for Fall and Winter'. Lists various clothing items like plush, velvet, and blouses.

Advertisement for CIGARS by Georges Patry. 'House of Quality'. Lists various brands like Bock, Garcia, Romeo and Juliet, etc.

Advertisement for ST. LOUIS HOTEL QUEBEC, CHATEAU MURRAY, MURRAY BAY, WARREN BROS., Props.

Advertisement for J. Arthur LaRue, Eugene Trudel, Chartered Accountant, C.A., L.L.A., L.I.A.

Advertisement for LaRue & Trudel, Accountants & Auditors.

Advertisement for LaRue, Trudel & Picher, Liquidators of Insolvent Estates, Administrators, Appraisers, Trustees.

Advertisement for Gaudias Bureau MACHINIST, Repairs of all kinds promptly attended to.

Advertisement for SCHOOL OF ARTS AND INDUSTRIES, 37 ST. JOACHIM STREET. Lists various courses like Free-Hand Drawing, Architectural Drawing, etc.

Advertisement for Simons & Minguy, 'NEW AUTUMN GOODS'. Features Ladies Trimmed Hats, Children's Coats, etc.

Advertisement for G. SEIFERT & SONS, JEWELLERS, 16 FABRIQUE STREET, QUEBEC. Features 'ELECTRIC LAMPS New Decorations'.

Advertisement for SHOT GUNS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS. Lists various hunting and camping equipment.

Advertisement for THE CHINIC Hardware Company, QUEBEC.

Advertisement for HUNTING SEASON OPENED. Lists sportsmen's equipment like rifles, guns, cartridges, etc.

Advertisement for S. J. SHAW & CO., Hardware Merchant, Telephone 573, 13 ST. JOHN ST.

Advertisement for BOOKS, 'THE WORLD in the CRUCIBLE', 'MOLLY', 'MICHAEL O'HALLORAN', 'THE MONEY MASTER'.

Advertisement for P. J. EVOY, BOOKSELLER, Phone 772, 141 ST. JOHN ST.

Advertisement for ST. LAWRENCE HALL MONTREAL. Features 'Magnificent new entrance on St. James Street'.

Advertisement for Paris Cafe & Quick Lunch. Features 'FIRST-CLASS MEALS Home-made Pastry, Oysters on the Half Shell'.

Advertisement for THE ORIGINAL and only GENUINE Minard's Liniment. Includes an image of the product bottle.

Advertisement for ESTEY FLOUR, 'THE BEST'. Features 'WOLVERTON MILLING CO. ESTEY PATENT WOLVERTON, ONT.'.

**LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE**  
DE NOTRE DAME DE QUEBEC.  
HEAD OFFICE AND FIVE BRANCHES IN QUEBEC. TWO BRANCHES IN LEVIS.  
The Branches of St. Roch, St. Sauveur, St. Jean-Baptiste, and Limoilou (Quebec), and Edouard (Levis) open Monday and Saturday evening, from 7:00 to 9:30.

**SMART NEW SERGE DRESSES**  
For Children and Misses, also a fresh importation in BABY'S NOVELTIES, FANCY SHOES, SWEATERS, and BONNETS, are now being received.  
**La Renaissance Store**  
314 ST JOHN STREET.  
Jy 28xtu,th,stk6m

**BIRTHS**  
HUGHES—At Jeffery Hale's Hospital, on October 11th, to the Rev. and Mrs. Edward Hughes, a daughter.  
BUNBURY—On the 11th instant, at Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., the wife of Rev. W. S. G. Bunbury, of a son.  
**DIED.**  
MONAGHAN—Accidentally, on the 10th inst., Francis Patrick, youngest beloved son of Mr. M. Monaghan, at the age of 16 years and 10 months.  
Funeral will take place from No. 22 Lachevrotiere street on Wednesday morning at 8:45 o'clock, for St. Patrick's Church and thence to St. Patrick's Cemetery.  
Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend.

**J. F. LANDERS**  
Osteopathic Physician.  
Office: 55 St. Louis Street.  
Phone 1193  
Patients attended at their home by special appointment.

**Dr. Colin Holliday**  
Osteopathic Physician.  
Office: 40 STE. ANNE ST.  
Telephone 5829.  
Graduate of American School of Osteopathy.  
Member of American Osteopathic Association.

**AUDITORIUM**  
THIS WEEK  
"THE BIG SURPRISE"  
\$1,000 Programme  
PRICES: 10c, 15c, 25c; Matinee: 10c.

**OLYMPIA THEATRE**  
Monday and Tuesday:  
"VIA WIRELESS" with "Neal of the Navy" and other features.  
Admission - Ten Cents

**Victoria Theatre**  
Monday and Tuesday:  
Charles Chaplin, 2 part comedy "Winning the Futurity," in four parts and another comedy.  
ADMISSION - 10c

Auditorium, Wed., Oct. 20; 8.30.  
**CASALS**  
SUBSCRIPTION LIST CLOSES TOMORROW at Theatre and Lavigne's. \$1.00 to \$2.50.  
Y. W. C. A.

Are you interested in work for a young woman. If so, you are invited to the "General Meeting," Tuesday, October 12th, at 3 p.m., when we give you the opportunity to become better acquainted with the activities of our Y.W.C.A. A birdseye view of the work for the Fall and Winter months will be presented. Report of the "Elgin House Conference," where were present two hundred or more representatives of the Young Women's Christian Associations of Canada. "Summer Camp," of the camp for girls, will be graphically portrayed by an eyewitness. Special music, Refreshments and a social time for all. We hope every member of the Y.W.C.A. will accept this as a personal invitation and come, and bring your friends. The meeting is for you.  
COMMITTEE ROOM, Y.W.C.A. O.11x2

**October Discount**  
**15 to 30%**  
On all our stock of Leather and Cloth Boots and Shoes.  
J. GILBERT & CIE.,  
294 St. John St.  
Oct. 12x2.

**PERSONAL.**  
MARRY IF YOU ARE LONELY—Many wealthy, eligible, both sexes, wishes early marriage. Successful, Confidential, and strictly reliable. Descriptions free. "Our Successful Correspondence Club," Mrs. Purdie, Box 556, Oakland, Calif.  
Oct. 9,16,23,30, Nov. 6,13

**IN AND ABOUT TOWN**

**UNKNOWN WOMAN DIES ON CROWN ST.**

GAVE NAME BEFORE EXPIRING, BUT COULD NOT BE IDENTIFIED.

The remains of a well-dressed lady about 50 years of age, who had on her person a bank book showing deposits in the St. Roch's branch of La Banque Nationale, amounting to \$1,639.52, as well as \$10.80 in cash, are lying in Moisan's morgue, awaiting identification.

While walking along Crown street about nine o'clock last evening, the lady in question was seen to falter and collapse. She was hurriedly picked up and taken into the store of Mr. A. A. Deschenes. While being carried in she muttered incoherently and it was understood that she said her name was "Taschereau," but no further information could be learned from her as she expired a minute or so later. Dr. C. O. Samson was called, and on his arrival declared the woman was past all human help. The Coroner was notified and ordered the remains removed to Moisan's morgue, from where Mr. C. E. Taschereau, N.P., was advised, but on paying a visit to the morgue he failed to recognize the victim as any relative or acquaintance of his. Up to midnight the remains had not been identified, but there should be no difficulty in establishing who she is this morning.

**THE FATAL AUTO ACCIDENT.**  
The friends of Mrs. Jos. Rooney who was injured in Sunday's fatal automobile accident at St. Pierre de Charlesbourg will be delighted to learn that her injuries are not as serious as was at first thought. Dr. Aherne the attending physician hopes to have his patient about again in a few weeks.

**DEATH CAUSED BY FRACTURED SKULL.**  
The inquest on the death of the young man Bellevue, who met his death early Sunday morning, by falling from a second story window of a boarding house on Du Fort street, was held at Moisan's morgue, at 11:00 o'clock yesterday morning, by Dr. G. W. Jolicoteur, City and District Coroner, who returned a verdict of death from fracture of the skull.

**QUEBEC STUDIO CLUB.**  
At the Annual Meeting of the Quebec Studio Club held Oct. 7th, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year.  
President—Miss Mary Home.  
Vice-President—Miss M. E. Bonham.  
Secretary—Miss L. E. Russell.  
Treasurer—Miss M. E. Shaw.  
It was decided to hold the exhibition on the 25th, 26th and 27th of November.

**DAUGHTERS OF EMPIRE THANK THE PUBLIC.**  
The executive and members of the Baden-Powell Chapter, I.O.D.E. wish to extend their thanks to the many kind friends who helped to make the annual success and to the public in general for their patronage.  
They also wish to thank all those who have sent in magazines for the Canadian Soldiers in England as at the Front.  
The Baden-Powell Chapter, I.O.D.E. is preparing a box of Field Comforts for shipment to England during the week. The case will go direct to Miss Arnold of the Field Comforts Commission and should any persons who have socks, mitts or other articles destined for the soldiers care to have them packed in this box the Chapter will be very glad to receive them if sent before Wednesday the thirteenth in care of the Y.M.C.A. or 83 Lachevrotiere St.

**QUEBEC FIREMEN'S BENEVOLENT FUND.**  
The latest contributions to the Quebec Firemen's Benevolent Fund are as follows:  
Victor Chateaufort of J. B. Renaud ..... \$ 25.00  
The Robert Reford Co., Ltd. .... 5.00  
H. R. Goodday Co., Ltd. .... 5.00  
W. & J. Sharples, Red'd. Que. .... 5.00  
King Bros., Ltd. .... 5.00  
The Chic Hardware Co. .... 5.00  
Thibaut Freres ..... 5.00  
J. E. Gagnon ..... 5.00  
Langlois & Paradis ..... 5.00  
Jos. Cote ..... 5.00  
Jos. Cote ..... 5.00  
Lane & Lemieux ..... 2.00  
S. Gauvin, of McLiment & Son ..... 2.00  
W. Laframboise ..... 2.00  
Cas's ..... 2.00  
Usine Generales de Chars et de Merchineries, Ltd. .... 2.00  
Mm. Vve. P. Turgeon ..... 2.00  
M. Rioux ..... 2.00  
Drouin Freres & Rattray ..... 2.00  
Whitehead & Turner ..... 2.00  
Jos. Plamondon ..... 2.00  
Geo. F. Gibsons, Avocat ..... 5.00

Received \$114.00 from friends by subscriptions of \$100, 25c, 10c. .... 114.00  
\$214.00  
FRANCIS JACOB, Treasurer.

**WOMEN'S CANADIAN CLUB MEETS TODAY**

SERBIAN LADY WILL ADDRESS MEETING AT CHATEAU THIS AFTERNOON.

The Quebec Branch of the Women's Canadian Club will hold its first meeting of the present season at the Chateau Frontenac this (Tuesday) afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The speaker of the occasion will be Miss Lausovitch, daughter of the late Serbian Ambassador to England. Miss Lausovitch, who is a lady of culture, will speak in French and in English. Her subject will be "Serbia, Its People and Their Terrible Suffering During the Present War." All the members of the club are requested to be present and to bring each a new member with them.

**PERSONAL**

Mr. T. H. Robinson, of Toronto, is at the St. Louis Hotel.  
Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Gauvin are among the Montrealers at the St. Louis Hotel.  
Mr. P. D'Auteuil, M.L.A., is in town from Murray Bay, and is staying at the St. Louis.  
Messrs. J. H. White and H. M. White have returned after spending a few months in Western Canada.  
Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Sherman, of Providence, R.I., arrived in the city yesterday, and are registered at the St. Louis Hotel.  
Miss Lillie Page, of Hampshire, England, has arrived from staying the summer with friends in Windsor, N.S., and is now at St. George's House.  
Mr. and Mrs. Stewart, Mayor N. Drouin, Mr. and Mrs. H. Levis, Col. C. Greville Harston, J. Cannon, R. A. Gingras, A. E. Faucher and O. Moroney, of this city, were at Montreal hotels during the past few days.

Arrivals at the St. Roch Hotel:—Thos. M. Murphy, Boston, Mass.; Stanley H. Packard, Montreal; N. P. Tangway, M.P.P., Weedon; Dr. DeLage and wife, Dr. L. Hardy and wife, Mde. J. J. Hardy, St. Basile; Freddy Fortin, A. Fortin, J. G. Labrecque, Joseph Michon, O. Damaine, Montmagny; Emile Dansereau, Montreal; Geo. Dufresne, A. Dupuis, P. E. Rodier, P. G. Fournier, Valcartier; A. J. Nadeau, Montreal.  
Registered at the St. Louis Hotel: Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Skilling, Miss E. F. Skilling and F. M. Quinn, all of Portland, Me.; E. P. Sherman and wife, Providence, R.I.; Alex. Devine, Cochrane, Ont.; W. B. Rutherford, A. J. Stanley, W. L. Hodgins, J. H. Sharpe and A. L. Norwich, all of Shorncliffe; J. A. Trotter, Joliette; P. D'Auteuil, M.L.A., and wife, of Murray Bay; Miss Le Ferriere, Murray Bay; D. J. Gauvin, Montreal; J. B. Higgins, Montreal; Mr. and Mrs. Guay, Ville Marie; S. J. Graham, of Shorncliffe; A. G. McNair, J. C. Barry, and G. Lanford, all of Shorncliffe, Eng. Mr. and Mrs. Lalumiere, Montreal; A. F. Robinson, of Toronto.

Registered at the Victoria Hotel: Louis Moquin, J. J. Clear, F. Lafare, G. Marechal, L. Ste. Marie, F. H. Fannin, E. de Bellefeuille, J. W. Williams, A. John, J. P. Durand, R. Crepeau, H. Desfosse, Major J. M. Scott, all of Montreal; C. Picard, of Three Rivers; J. G. Moquin, Chicoutimi; Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Davie, of Smith Falls; L. J. Morreau, of St. Germain; J. A. St. Denis, Weedon; C. D. Finch, Toledo, O.; C. V. Beard, Sherbrooke; Edw. Carswell, of New York; Lorenzo Crepigne, New York; P. Briscotto, New York; H. Falardeau, La Tuque; W. H. Brown, New Jersey; O. E. Kennedy, C. S. Tennant, J. Stuart, P. Thos. McIlroy, and R. R. MacGregor, all from Nova Scotia; J. F. Coney, and Eug. Thibault of Boston; Alph. Thibault, of Boston; E. Thibault, Standstead; J. E. Thibault, Standstead; J. O. Richardson, J. F. Hamton and W. H. Hicks, of Ottawa.

**A Brief Introduction**  
Mark Twain said the only introduction to a literary audience that seemed to him the right word in the world in the right place, a real inspiration, was as follows:  
"Ladies and gentlemen, I shall not waste any unnecessary time in the introduction. I don't know anything about this man—at least I only know two things about him. One is that he has never been in prison, and the other is I can't see why he hasn't."

**MEN'S RAINCOATS REDUCED 33 1-3**  
Odd and discontinued lines of Raincoats, all sizes, 33 1-3 off.  
This week only.  
**Holt, Renfrow & Co.**

**THREE KILLED BY INTERCOLONIAL RY.**

FATHER, SON AND DAUGHTER VICTIMS IN ACCIDENT NEAR ISLE VERTE.

(Special to The Chronicle)  
Riviere du Loup, Sept. 11.—Three members of one family perished in an accident at the I.C.R. level crossing near Isle Verte today when Marjorie Dube and his son and daughter were crushed to death by an I.C.R. train which bore down upon the vehicle in which they were driving.  
The horse was also killed, while the rig was thrown clear across the ditch.

**CRIMINAL COURT.**

Opening of Fall Term This Morning—Eleven Cases on the Roll.  
The Fall term of the Criminal Court opens here this morning. Hon. Mr. Justice L. P. Pelletier is to preside at the hearing of the eleven cases on the roll. The most serious of the number is the charge of murder preferred against the Indian, John Sahayanez.

The List:  
The King vs. Odinat Filiault; aggravated assault.  
The King vs. Alexis and Adelard St. Amant; robbery with intent.  
The King vs. Nicholas J. Williamson; false pretences.  
The King vs. John Sahayanez; murder.  
The King vs. Olida Girard and Emile Bernard; aggravated assault.  
The King vs. Phileas Boucher; perjury.  
The King vs. Ernest Jobin; attempted fraud.  
The King vs. Exilda Dumais; bigamy.

**FINDS ROADS GOOD**

Montreal Autoists Motored From Metropolis to Quebec.  
Messrs. Howard Pillow and George McNamee, President and Secretary respectively of the Montreal automobile association who arrived in the city by automobile over the week-end praised the highway from Montreal to Quebec.

Mr. Pillow stated that the 182 miles between Montreal and Quebec were covered in seven hours and twenty minutes. The actual time on the road was but six hours and forty minutes.  
"If this is not splendid time," continued Mr. Pillow "I don't know what is, and it speaks volumes for the highway. The latter leaves nothing to be desired, and is far ahead of the King Edward Highway."

A suggestion worthy of note, was made by Mr. Pillow, to the effect that in the event of heavy traffic, a hinder should be placed on the road and thus ensure a perfect and leading highway which will reflect great credit on the Province of Quebec. The last forty-eight miles of road bed into Quebec are simply ideal for auto-pooling and I am positive that once our automobile friends from across the border make acquaintance with this road, which is the equal if not the superior of their roads, a great influx will take place both to Montreal and Quebec.  
The two officials of the Montreal Auto Club were accompanied by Messrs J. R. Douglas and a Grenier, of Montreal all of whom enjoyed the trip.

**MADAM!**  
Come often, you will always see something new at the **BON-TON COMPANY,** 423 St. Joseph Street, Telephone 2315.

**LABOR AND ART CLASHED.**  
The Battle Was Rather One Sided and Labor Won the Night.

Among the experiences which Sir Frederick Cowen, the eminent composer, relates in his book "My Art and My Friends" is the following: Once while conducting in Melbourne a terrible noise of hammering started overhead as soon as the concert began.  
"I put down my baton and stopped," writes Sir Frederick; "so did the noise. 'Thinking it was over, I began again; so did the noise. I then sent a messenger with a polite request that the noise should cease. After ten minutes, during which the hammering grew more and more persistent, the messenger returned, and I said to him: "Did you give them my message?" "Yes, sir." "And what was their answer?" "They said, 'Tell Mr. Cowen we've got our contract to finish by a certain time and we ain't going to stop for no concert or nobody.'" "Upon this I turned to the audience and said: "Ladies and gentlemen, as you have possibly noticed, there has been a fight between labor and art. Labor has won. I am very sorry, and I wish you all good night." "Then I dismissed the orchestra, and there was no concert that evening."  
**SOUND ADVICE.**  
"I wish Ingomar to think only of me."  
"I would not distract his thoughts too much from business, my dear," counseled her mother. "Remember you will need a great many expensive things."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

**Resinol**  
makes sick skins well

No matter how long you have been tortured and disfigured by itching, burning, raw or scaly skin humors, just put a little of that soothing, antiseptic Resinol Ointment on the sores and the suffering stops right there! Healing begins that very minute, and in almost every case your skin gets well so quickly you feel ashamed of the money you threw away on useless treatments.  
Resinol Ointment contains nothing that could injure or irritate the tenderest skin. It clears away pimples and blackheads, and is a most reliable household dressing for sores, chafings, cuts, burns, etc. Sold by all druggists. Prepared from recipe of Dept. 1-5, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.



MADE ESPECIALLY FOR AND WORN BY THE BEST PEOPLE EVERYWHERE  
YOU CANNOT BUY BETTER ANYWHERE  
- Sold by the Best Dealers -  
**CEETEE UNDERWEAR**

**DOMINION COAL COMPANY, LIMITED**  
MINERS AND SHIPPERS OF THE CELEBRATED "DOMINION" STEAM and GAS COALS  
Screened, Run-of-Mine and Slack  
For Particulars, apply to  
SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

**Spick & Span Cleanser**  
For Kitchen Use  
A limited quantity for sale at cost  
3 Boxes for 20 cts while they last  
**F. H. ANDREWS & SON,**  
233 St. Paul Street, Quebec

**TO BEAUTIFY YOUR HOME**  
And to make it comfortable and attractive, we take pleasure in directing your attention to our House Furnishing Department, where you will find a better assortment than ever.  
**TEMPLETON'S SEAMLESS SQUARES.**  
A fine array in Axminster and Wilton—sample choice in size and design.  
Floor Coverings.—Linoleums, Congoleums, Oilcloths, Etc.  
Furniture Coverings.—Brocatels, Damasks, Crottonnes, Etc.  
Window Trimmings and Curtain Materials.  
Nottingham Curtains, Serims, Madras, Rope Portieres, Damask Portieres, Roman Stripe Portieres, Roman Stripe and Burlap by the yard, Table Covers, Couch Covers, Piano Covers.  
Window Shades—To order, any size; made with "Royal" Standard hand-made Oil Opaque Shade Cloth, mounted on Harrison rollers; guaranteed to last.  
Poles and Brass Tuging, Ornaments and Fixtures.  
Steel Beds and Springs, Cribs, Cradles, Mattresses and Feather Pillows.  
Cocoa Mats and Matting—Rubber Mats and Corrugated Rubber Matting by the yard.  
"Domestic" Vacuums, "Bissell's" Sweepers and Wizard Mops.  
A special feature in all the Departments of our Store, is the great opportunities you have to select from the most beautiful new Fall Stock ever offered. We earnestly urge you to come early.  
**TO A LIMITED NUMBER.**  
The Delineator for a full year, regular price \$1.50, at Half Price—75c. At the Pattern Department.  
**SPECIAL.**  
The Delineator, the fashion authority of the world; a whole year for 75c—Half Price.  
Butterick Winter Catalogue now on sale, at 25c, including a coupon for a 15c Pattern.  
**Faguy, Lepinay & Freres**  
254-264 St. John Street  
QUEBEC

Latest Sporting News

BOSTON CAPTURES CRUCIAL GAME IN WORLD'S SERIES

BIG ALEXANDER, AGAIN IN BOX FOR PHILADELPHIA, IS BEATEN BECAUSE OF INABILITY OF HIS TEAM MATES TO BAT—LEONARD TWIRLS FOR THE WINNERS.

Boston, October 11—The big battle of the big pitcher at a crucial moment of the world series today—and the big pitcher declined the challenge. It was the thrilling last half of the ninth inning. More than forty thousand baseball fans had passed the frantic stage and were raving in a delirium of excitement. The scene of this critical third game of the series was a tie. Harry Hooper, fleet of foot, was on second base, a dancing Dervish, with only one out when Tris Speaker, of Hubbard City, Tex., high priest of the sweet-shining Hickory, stepped to the plate, knocked off the soft, clinging dirt from his spikes, drew a line in the black soil in front of his feet, and turned a determined face toward Cleveland Alexander, the fighting hope of the bewildered Phillies, who was in the worst plight of his pitching career.

Walked Speaker. Big "Alex" looked at Hooper, gave heed to the crowd and saw Speaker's war club gleaming in the late afternoon sun. His mind was made up. The first ball went far wide of the plate. Likewise the second and the third. The sudden crowd knew what this meant, and they howled in nervous delight as on the fourth straight pitch the star center fielder of the Sox trotted to first.

This put the issue squarely up to Hobbittell, lucky guardian of the Sox inner corner and Alexander faced him with more confidence. The yelling of the crowd and the strain of striving to stave off defeat seemed momentarily to tell on the pitcher, however, and he had difficulty in finding the plate. It was three and one "Hobby" when the first baseman sent a slow bouncer toward second. The crowd feared a double play and the lusty howling died as suddenly as it snuffed out by a gigantic mechanical silencer. But Speaker had taken a flying start with Hooper and the two Boston runners were safe on third and second as Niehoff tossed "Hobby" out at his home station.

Banged Ball Over Second. Now came to bat one "Duffy" Lewis, leftfielder extraordinary. "Duffy" already made two hits in three trips to the plate, two stinging blows beyond the Philly line of inner defense. Alexander, stout of heart, fighting as he never fought before, put into his first pitch all the wiles of some of the best brains in baseball, and sent the fateful sphere spinning on its way. Lewis met it with a smashing crack and an instant later it flashed over second base, a grey white streak that to defensive Philly could come within halting distance of and Hooper had reared across the plate with the historic run which gave the game to the Red Sox by 3 to 1, and the advantage of the series by the same margin of games won and lost—two for the Red Sox and one for the Phillies.

Any Odds on Sox. With the "big fellow" defeated in this "breakin'" game of the 1915 conflict between the title bearers of the two major leagues, the Boston players and their supporters tonight are willing to wager at almost any odds that they will win the series. The Phillies had placed their hope in Alexander, had placed upon him the advance burden of winning three of the games of the series. One failure on his part meant a serious setback to their chances. But tonight Manager Pat Moran, of the visitors, is far from admitting failure. The Phillies are not yet through. They battled hard today and their defensive work was wonderful to behold. It has been said that Alexander will half the team. Today the Boston Rooters hand went so far as to bare the old-time melody of "Alexander's Ragtime Band," at the champions of the National circuit, but the eight men in gray who surrounded Alexander in the field were out there to do something more than form a symmetrical setting for the big pitcher. They were all over the field and not once did they falter. "Dodge" Paskert, in center field, was a team in himself. In the first five innings of the game he was credited with seven putouts in a sanfield that had dazzled the unapproachable Speaker into missing a fly headed directly for him, transforming a seemingly easy out into a two base hit for Mil on Stock, first man up for the Phillies.

Phillies Weak Spot. But the hard working, earnest National Leaguers again showed their weakness at the bat. "Dutch" Leonard let them down with two hits, and Speaker gave them another, bringing their total for the game to three and their total for the three games of the series to eleven. The defensive work of the Phillies speaks for itself when in the face of this light hitting they are credited with one victory and have been defeated twice only by the margin of a single run.

"Duffy" Lewis Batting. Again to any one member of the

BOX SCORE.

Table with columns for Philadelphia and Boston, rows for individual players and totals. Philadelphia: ab. r. h. po. a. e. Stock, 3b., 3 0 1 1 0 0; Bancroft, ss., 3 0 1 4 1 0; Paskert, cf., 4 0 0 7 0 0; Cravath, rf., 4 0 0 2 0 0; Luderus, lb., 3 0 0 3 1 0; Whitted, 1b., 3 0 0 2 0 0; Niehoff, 2b., 3 0 0 2 0 0; Burns, c., 3 1 1 5 2 0; Alexander, p., 2 0 0 2 0 0. Totals: 28 1 3 26 6 0. Two out when winning run was scored.

Table with columns for Boston and Philadelphia, rows for individual players and totals. Boston: ab. r. h. po. a. e. Hooper, rf., 4 1 1 2 0 0; Scott, ss., 3 0 0 2 1 0; Speaker, cf., 3 1 2 2 0 0; Hobbittell, lb., 3 0 0 9 0 1; Lewis, 1b., 4 0 3 1 0 0; Gardner, 3b., 3 0 0 1 6 0; Barry, 2b., 3 0 0 2 1 0; Carrigan, c., 2 0 0 8 0 0; Leonard, p., 3 0 0 2 0 0. Totals: 28 2 6 27 10 1. The score: R. H. E. Philadelphia, 001 000 000—1; Boston, 000 100 001—2. Summary: Two base hits: Stock, 3; Philadelphia, 1; Boston, 2. Sacrifice hits: Bancroft, Alexander, Stock, Scott, Speaker, Niehoff, Hobbittell. Double play: Burns to Bancroft to Luderus. Left on bases: Philadelphia, 3; Boston, 4. First base on errors: Philadelphia, 1. Bases on balls: off Alexander, 1. Struck out by Leonard, 6; by Alexander, 4. Time of game: 1:48. Umpires: At plate: O'Loughlin; on bases: Klem; leftfield: Rigler; rightfield: Evans.

Red Sox made as many hits as the entire opposition. It was "Duffy" Lewis today, as it was George Foster on Saturday. Tris Speaker made two hits today, one of which was a three bagger which brought the Sox from behind and out them on even terms with the Phillies. Speaker gave every evidence of coming into his can today and it was not to be wondered at that Alexander took no chances with him in the ninth inning rally that brought a sudden end to another game that threatened to go extra innings. Besides Lewis and Speaker, Harry Hooper was the only other member of the red hosed clan who connected safely with the jumping curves and sweeping slants fired by the wonder-finger of the Phillies. But Hooper's hit came in the ninth, when it was needed most.

Leonard's Jump Ball. Old "Dutch" Leonard, port sieder, off-hand heaver, unbecoming of countenance, but brave of heart, steady of nerve and determined of spirit, was the third man on the great staff of Red Sox pitchers to take his turn against the invaders of Boston town today. Leonard had terrific speed and change of pace, a curve that seemed to jump first one way and then another, and perfect control. Twice "Dutch" was in a predicament suggestive of his Tommie title, the two solid swings coming off him in the same inning, but he wiggled away from the doom that seemed impending and was crowned tonight with the laurels of victory. With one out, one run over and runners perched on third and second in the third inning, it was no place for a nervous pitcher when Paskert came to the plate and "Home-run" Cravath swinging two bats in impatience to be the next man up.

But "Dutch" was not to be scored on again. Among the eight enterprising young men struggling behind him for the honor of Boston and the American League, was faithful old "Jack" Barry, already tried and proved in the fire of more than a score of world series contests. Alexander himself was on third base and Bancroft on second. A base hit would mean three runs for Alexander to work under an ather was not a fan in the forty odd thousand who did not believe that such a margin meant sure victory for the visitors.

There was a wide gap of safe territory between the men of the inner defense and the three fielders on out-pout duty when Paskert raised a Texas leaguer that seemed labelled for a safe descent in the very midst of the undefended pasture. Hooper in right, and Speaker in center, started with the crack of the bat, but the home fans groaned as they realized that both werote orfatacmwypetaoin that both were too far away. Then they saw that Barry, too, had turned his back to the ball and was desperately running with it. It was a fighting chance, but Barry gave a

GATE RECEIPTS.

The official figures for today were given out as follows: Attendance, 42,300. Paid admissions, \$83,191. Players' share, \$44,923.14. National Commission's share, \$8,319.10. Each club's share, \$18,974.38.

convulsive leap into the air, grabbed the ball and turned for a throw to the plate of Alexander, but Alexander stuck to third. Barry was given a great evasion for his wonderful catch. Cravath then sent a smash to the left center fence, which Lewis pulled down after a hard run. Failure in this third inning to place themselves in a winning position seemed to take the life out of the visitors and they never were dangerous again.

DETAILED PLAY.

Chief Umpire O'Loughlin called "play" at 2:05 o'clock. Leonard's first offering to Stock, Phillies lead-off man, was a ball. Stock then foiled off two, giving him two strikes and the next pitch he let go by as it was a bad one. Then Stock caught a beautiful curve on the end of his bat and sailed it out to centerfield. Speaker hardly had to move himself for the ball and apparently set himself for an easy out, but he lost the ball in the brilliant sunshine and it fell safe a few feet in front of him. Stock took two bases on the play. Paskert sacrificed Stock to third and "Banny" did so after one strike had been called. Gardner threw him out. Paskert was called upon for a sacrifice fly. With three balls and one strike, he sent up a high ball which Gardner grabbed in near the Red Sox bench. Cravath was unable to connect with Leonard, and struck out.

Hooper, first up for Boston, had one strike and two balls called on him when he sent a hard fly to Cravath. Scott let two balls go by; and was struck out on three pitches. He swung hard at the last one and his bat slipped from his hands and rolled almost to the pitcher's box. Speaker drove a long up to centerfield, and Paskert wearing smoked glasses, had an easy out.

Capt. Luderus struck out on six pitched balls in second inning. Whitted popped to Hobbittell. Niehoff lifted Leonard's second pitch to Scott for the third out. For Boston, Hobby was an easy out. Alexander touching him. Lewis, secured his first hit here by shooting a screaming single past third base. Whitted fouled the ball quickly, and made a fast return to the infield. On the third ball pitched, Lewis ran for second on an attempted steal. Burns was expecting it, and made a beautiful throw to Bancroft who touched Lewis as he plunged into the base. Gardner tied to Whitted; three out.

Phillies Lone Run. The Phillies solitary run was made in the third inning, after considerable effort. Burns lashed a single over Barry's head. Speaker fielding the ball. It was Burn's first hit in the series. Alexander was instructed to lay down a bunt. He sent one to Gardner. The third baseman was off his balance and made a wide throw to Hobbittell. The ball struck his hands and bounced out. Alexander and Burns were both safe, and the latter was credited with a sacrifice. Stock sacrificed, Gardner to Barry. Hobbittell having run in to field a possible bunt on his side of the diamond, and both runners advanced a base. Then Bancroft shot a single to centerfield and Burns raced home with the Phillies lone run. Alexander went to third on the play, and Bancroft took second on the throw in. Barry electrified the crowd by running into right field and with his back partly turned to the diamond, made a great catch of Paskert's fly. Cravath drove a long one to the fence but was caught out by Lewis.

Barry, for Boston, raised a fly to Paskert. Carrigan drew a base on balls. Leonard sent a foul fly to Whitted, which the latter could not hold. Then he struck out Hooper raised a high fly to the infield, which Stock grabbed. With the beginning of the fourth, and to the end of the game only three men faced Leonard in each frame. Luderus fanned again. Whitted sent a long fly to Hooper, and Niehoff ended the session with a fly to Scott.

Red Sox Even Up. Scott opened Boston's fourth, by lifting a fly to Paskert. Speaker then drove Alexander's first pitch deep inside the rightfield foul line, for a fine three-bagger. It was the first three-base drive of the series. The crowd yelled for Hobby to bring Speaker home. Hobby accommodated by slamming out a sacrifice fly to Paskert, and Speaker ran home. The score was now a tie. Lewis ended the inning by flying out to Paskert. In the fifth, Burns with the count of 3 and 2 sent a short bouncer to Leonard and was thrown out at first. Alexander was also thrown out by Leonard. Stock worked Leonard in to a hole with three balls and two strikes before he raised a short fly to Hooper.

In the Red Sox fifth, Gardner sent a long fly to Paskert. Barry raised one that Whitted took care of, and Carrigan dropped out another long fly to Paskert. It was Paskert's fifth put-out in the last two innings, and his seventh in the game to that point. Bancroft shot up a high fly to the infield which Carrigan got near the pitcher's box. Paskert grounded to Barry, who made a quick throw to first for the out. Cravath sent a weak grounder to Gardner, and was thrown out. Boston went out in order in their half of the sixth. Leonard struck out. Luderus gathered in Hooper's fast bouncer and tossed the runner out at first. Scott sent up a high fly. Luderus, coming upbbfield. 07

THE BASEBALL BULLETIN SERVICE

SUPPLIED TO CHRONICLE BY ENTERPRISING FIRM OF BREEN & GOURDEAU.

The bulletin service on the World's Championship Baseball series, which attracts so much attention on The Chronicle boards every afternoon, is supplied by the enterprising firm of Breen & Gourdeau, stock brokers.

In all big sporting events this firm is always to the front with news and, due to them, the various stages of the great sporting battles which are now being daily waged in Philadelphia and Boston are known in detail in Quebec as soon as they are learned by the public of the large cities in the United States.

It was this firm also that furnished the bulletin service on the famous Willard-Johnson fight, for the heavy-weight championship of the world, last spring, giving the results round by round and the news of Johnsons defeat within ten minutes after the negro had been knocked out.

Not only in sporting news is this firm on the alert, but since the outbreak of the war, some of the most important happenings have been announced to the Quebec public over their wires. The Chronicle is deeply indebted to Messrs. Breen & Gourdeau, while their excellent service is keenly appreciated by the public.

Luderus fanned a third time. Whitted was thrown out by Scott. Niehoff, for the last time, struck out. It was Niehoff's ninth time up in the three games without making a hit. The Seventh Inning. Boston's seventh opened with great promise, but a lightning double play that came so quickly that it dazed the Red Sox, killed off any scoring. Tris Speaker slammed a single to leftfield. Hobbittell chopped the ball in front of the plate. Burns was upon it in a flash. The ball bounced up just right for him to make a clean pick up. Hobbittell hesitated, undetermined whether the hit was a foul or fair. Burns made a lightning throw to Bancroft who touched second, forcing the speedy Speaker, and whipped the ball to Luderus for a double play. Lewis got a scratchy single to the infield, but was left on first base as Gardner sent a long fly to Cravath.

For Philadelphia in the eighth, Ed. Burns fled to Speaker, the centerfielder's first put-out. Alexander also struck out, and then Speaker retired the side by taking a long drive off Stock's bat. But three letters faced Alexander in Boston's half of the eighth. Barry fled out to Bancroft. Manager Carrigan struck out on four pitched balls, and Leonard shot a low line drive to Bancroft.

Leonard had the Phillies completely sewed up in the ninth and it looked like extra innings. Bancroft hit Leonard's second pitch to Gardner and was thrown out. Carrigan caught; Paskert's high fly just inside the foul line. Cravath went out, Gardner to Hobbittell. The Winning Run. Then came the finish. With two strikes and no balls, Hooper laced a single to rightfield. Carrigan did not send a pinch hitter for Scott as he did in Philadelphia, when he sent Henriksen to bat, but let the sport stopper go to the plate. Scott was very careful and laid down a sacrifice bunt, Niehoff gathering up the ball and tossing it to Luderus. Hooper: going to second. More than forty thousand people were on their feet yelling like mad as Speaker came to the plate. There was a brief conference between Alexander, Burns and Luderus, with the result that Speaker was purposely walked. Hobbittell grounded out, Niehoff to Luderus, Hooper going to third. It was then up to Lewis. He caught the first ball pitched squarely on his bat and shot it over second, and Hooper brought home the bacon.

FABRE WON MONTREAL HERALD ROAD RACE. Montreal, October 11—Edouard Fabre, of the Richmond Amateur Athletic Association, this morning won the Montreal Herald's annual road race around the Mountain, about nine miles and a half, in 56 minutes, 51.4-5 seconds, about two minutes behind the record. The five and a half mile road race for soccer football players, run for the Montreal Star trophy this afternoon, was won by F. Ashmore, of Lachine, 34.42-5. PROBABLE FATAL ACCIDENT AT RACE. Latonia, Ky., October, 11—Jockey Carl H. Ganz, of Louisville, Ky., was probably fatally injured at the Latonia race course here today, following an accident in the first race of the day. As the horses were rounding the club house turn, there was a mix up, and two horses fell. When the dust had cleared away, Ganz was picked up in an unconscious condition and rushed to the hospital where he is reported to have little chance for recovery. He was reported to be one of the leading jockeys on the western tracks the last several seasons. IT'S NO USE. "There's no use in talking," began Mrs. Nagg. "I know it," interrupted Mr. Nagg, "and the fact that you persist in talking after making that declaration simply proves what I have often asserted, regarding the lack of logic exhibited by some women. Now proceed with your lecture.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

NEW CHAMPION OF THE TENNIS CLUB

JONES DEFEATS TESSIER AFTER HARD-FOUGHT MATCH—OTHER EVENTS.

History was made at the Quebec Lawn Tennis Club yesterday, when the men's championship passed from Tessier to Jones, one of the present season's recruits, the final score being three sets to one.

The old champion, however, did not concede the honors without a hard struggle and the match throughout was most closely fought. Tessier showed most of his usual brilliance and his back-hand work was especially noticeable while his net-work was also much in evidence. But as on several previous occasions during the summer when Jones was representing the Quebec Club against outside clubs, his great steadiness and wonderful defence work, varied as it was with clever half-volleying, stood him in good stead and finally won the day. Indeed, if he develops his overhead and net-work he should make a strong bid for the Provincial championship next year.

Ladies' Open Singles. The ladies' championship went to Mrs. Handsombody, whose consistent playing throughout the season well justifies her success, and put her practically in a class by herself. Her opponent, Miss Watson, put up a plucky fight and may be said to have proved one of the best of the new acquisitions to the club. Next to Mrs. Handsombody, however, Miss Landry can be said to be the strongest of the new lady members and her prowess, both in singles and doubles, has been one of the features of the tournament. Mixed Doubles. One of the hardest matches of the season was the mixed doubles in which Miss Landry and Savard defeated Mrs. Lynch and Osborne after a struggle that was in doubt until almost the last stroke by 8-6 and 6-4. Almost every game was a duce event.

The losers started out strongly, and at one time had 5 to 1 in the first set, being within a point of taking the set. The luck changed, however, and Miss Landry's coolness at the net and placing finally gained the victory. For the loss, Mrs. Lynch played an effective game on the back line and her playing was generally excellent. Events Still Left. There now remains to be played only the finals in the men's doubles and the men's handicap singles. In the former event Jones and G. Beaupre meet Tessier and Lavery, and in the latter Tessier and Jones clash again. As Tessier has to concede Jones 15 in the handicap, the odds would seem to be in favor of the Welshman, but it is a notable fact that the man who is giving odds in a handicap often plays his best game when while the man with the advantage is apt to take more chances. In any event, an interesting contest is anticipated.

Sporting Notes

The fourth game in the world's series is scheduled for Boston today. The chances of Boston annexing the world's baseball championship look the brightest after the Red Sox disposed of Alexander, the Phillies' box artist in yesterday's struggle.

Herbie Laurie and Hugh Joseph, the well known ex-Quebec High School Rugby football players, who are attending McGill University this season, spent Thanksgiving Day in the city. Herbie was one of the spare men in Saturday's Interprovincial game in Montreal. Duplicating Foster's record of Saturday, "Duffy" Lewis, the Red Sox left fielder, with three safeties in yesterday's Philadelphia-Boston game, secured as many safe hits as the entire Philadelphia team. In view of this weakness in the offensive of the National leaguers, it is not surprising that Alexander, the Phillies' star twirler, lost to the American League champs yesterday.

Details of this evening's meeting of the Quebec Hockey Club directors will be awaited with interest. Taking the general conditions into consideration it is not figured that the club will experience any difficulty in securing a general reduction in the scale of prices at the Quebec Arena. The same optimism prevails with regard to a satisfactory agreement being reached with reduced contracts which will be tendered the players, prevails. St. Patrick's and Laval are scheduled to play at the Exhibition Grounds next Sunday. A victory for Manager Walker's aggregation will place them on an even footing with Emmets, the present league leaders. In the event of the Saints winning from the Students, the play-off for the local baseball championship will very likely be arranged for Sunday week.

Popular Passtime, No. 231: Wondering if the Phillies can today make a better fist of the "come back" act, than some fighters and hockey players have. We acquire the virtues by doing the acts. We become builders by building, and so by doing right acts we become righteous.

A Money-Saving Bottle. A Bottle of Bovril in the kitchen will cut down butcher's bills. It enormously increases the nourishing value of food—in fact, its body-building powers have been proved ten to twenty times the amount taken. It must be Bovril.

GOOD BOUTS FOR WEDNESDAY NIGHT

VICTORIA CLUB WILL PROVIDE THREE STIFF MILLS AT THE ARENA.

Promoter George Belanger, of the Victoria Boxing Club, has three good mills scheduled for his patrons at the Arena on Wednesday night. The waltz goods have been handed out to the followers of sport by this club, has inspired the confidence of the public, and the attendance on Wednesday night promises to eclipse all precedents.

In the main bout "Bull" Thomson will meet Charlie McCarthy. Thomson arrived here yesterday afternoon, and as both men are in the pink of condition, the contest should be a hummer. "One Round" Jones will appear in the semi-final against Barney Devine, of Ottawa, Jones has been disposing of his men in a few seconds up to now, but it is expected that he will have a tougher proposition than usual this time and the bout is arousing a great deal of interest.

The preliminary will introduce Gen. Parent, of the "Cercle St. Sauveur," and V. Girard, of St. Roch's. Both these men have a large following of friends and the rivalry between them is intense. Tickets are now on sale at the Victoria and St. Roch's Hotels, and are going fast. TRUE ACTORS. In an interview, F. R. Benson, the English actor-manager, once said: "I draw my recruits from every phase of society. The best have often come from the gutter. They know life. The two greatest geniuses I have ever had in my company, actors that I would place beside Jefferson, Booth, Got or Rachel, couldn't have told you six lines on the subject of art, but they could make people laugh and cry."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE. Acts like a Charm in DIARRHOEA and is the only Specific to CHOLERA and DYSENTERY. Checks and averts those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, GROUP AGUE. The best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS. Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS. Is the only saline in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE. Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the maledd. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind, creates a calm refreshing sleep, allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail, leaves no bad effects and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated. INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations. N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE. Sold by all Chemists. Prices in England, 1/6, 2/6, 4/6. Sole Manufacturers: A. I. DAVENPORT, LONDON, E.C.

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# DETAILS OF CANADIAN HOSPITAL AT LEMNOS

### HONORABLE MR. CASGRAIN'S BROTHER, WHO IS IN CHARGE, TELLS INTERESTING STORY TO THE CHRONICLE READERS.

Mudros West, Isle of Lemnos, Aegean Sea August 24th, 1915.

My dear Tom—

I do not know whether I answered your last letter of July 12th or not, if I did not do so it was because I was so busy. After finishing my work at the R. A. M. C. Hospital, I was ordered to France to make an inspection and study the working of and administration of military hospitals. I was sent to Etaples. Etaples is a small French village, 12 miles from Boulogne. The Hospital, No. 1 Canadian General, under command of Lt.-Col. Murray MacLaren, is situated two miles from the village and forms one of a group of British, Red Cross and American Hospitals. It is splendidly equipped and well run. It is near Stationary Hospital No. 2, of which Col. Shillington, of Ottawa, is O. C. This Hospital is at Le Touquet, near Paris-Plage, a summer resort. Life in this vicinity is very agreeable. Good hotels, amusements of all kinds and sea bathing. My stay in France was to have been for three weeks. I was there only three days having been recalled for duty at Shorncliffe.

I will give you a detailed statement of my actions and wanderings from the time I left Shorncliffe until today. You see by the above where I am, 40 miles from Gallipoli, next door to Hades, 110 degrees in the shade and eaten alive by flies.

July 24th, 1915.

Left Folkestone at 10.30 a. m. per French Paquebot, Cambetta, for France on command to study the Canadian Military Hospitals. I am to be attached to No. 1 General Hospital in Camp at Etaples. Arrived in Boulogne at 11.30 a. m., after a smooth passage across the channel. Report to the N. L. O. on landing, who in turn sent me to the Base Commandant, who sent me to the D. D. M. S. where I procured transportation to Etaples. The train leaves at 4.16 p. m. It is pouring rain. Had lunch at the Hotel du Louvre. On second information I find that the train leaves for Etaples at 8.40 p. m. instead of 4.16 p. m. I spend the afternoon at the hotel, meet many officers, forego the formality of an introduction to each other, the khaki, the mission that we are on, makes immediate friends and acquaintances of us all. While waiting for my train I counted ten long trains, loaded with men, horses, guns and other implements of war whizz past, carrying their death-dealing implements together with their precious cargo of human beings to the front. I realize now fully that \$ am almost in sight of the battlefield, almost in hearing of the poor fellows who are being massacred and cut to pieces. One almost imagines that he can hear their groans and cries. While seated in the waiting room two young ladies clad in the garb of nurses pass around a box soliciting a few pennies for "Les blesses." As soon as they make their appearance everybody rises to his feet, digs down in his pocket and drops a coin in the boxes, no urging or coaxing required, all men, women and children seem to vie with each other in their avidity to help the cause. The guard announces that our train is in sight. I go out in the pouring rain, board the car that is to bear me to Etaples, which I reach at 10.30 p. m. The night is as black as ink and the rain is coming down in torrents. It is too late for me to go to the hospitals, which is two miles away. On descending from the train I am requested by the Guard to go to the office where I registered my name, age, nationality, military rank, where I came from and whether I am going. This done I proceed to the hotel du Terminus, where I seek in vain for a night's lodging, the proprietor, Mons. Barras opens the door, with candle in hand directs me to a lodging house where I secure a room lighted by a single bougie. The bed is clean and comfortable. I have a good night's rest, lulled to sleep by the pattering of the rain on the roof. The name of my host is Mons. Marrie.

July 25th, 1915.

Rose at 7.30 a. m. went to mass at 8 a. m. Mass was said by Fr. O'Leary. Spent some time with the C. At 3 o'clock General French and staff visited the hospital. Had the pleasure of shaking hands with him. At 10.30 p. m. got a wire to return forthwith to Shorncliffe for duty.

July 25th, 1915.

Arose at 7 a. m. A beautiful day. Drove to Boulogne in O. C.'s car and took the Victoria for Folkestone at 10.30 a. m. Had a pleasant crossing. Reached Folkestone at 1 p. m. and went to barracks. Rumors are rife that my unit is to be sent to Dardanelles. My auto arrived in good order.

July 27th, 1915.

Drove to Canterbury in my auto. Was shown through the Cathedral and dined at the Grand Hotel, Dover.

July 28th, 1915.

General Hughes and General Carson inspected our different units early this afternoon. I got permission from General Hughes to attach myself to my Unit as a nursing sister.

July 29th, 1915.

Guests' night at Mess. Mr. Golden, M. P. for Canterbury was our guest. We all made speeches. They say mine was pretty hot. Were measured for our tropical clothing.

July 30th, 1915.

Received definite orders to be prepared to leave for Southampton Sunday afternoon.

July 31st, 1915.

Went up to London to see Gen. Jones about my Unit as nursing sister. She is due to arrive on Monday, August 2nd, at Falmouth per S.S. New Amsterdam, returned to London at 4 p. m. Spent the balance of the day getting myself and Unit ready to mobilize. Capt. Hillier arrived with 76 men.

August 1st, 1915.

Rose at 5 a. m. Day beautiful. Left at 7 from Shorncliffe Station for Southampton to take the ship for the Dardanelles. The following units entrained: No. 1 Stationary Hospital, O. C., Lt.-Col. McKee. No. 3 Stationary Hospital, O. C., Lt.-Col. H. R. Casgrain. No. 5 Stationary Hospital, O. C., Lt.-Col. Hethrington, and 85 nursing sisters.

Miss Garson, Matron of No. 1. Mrs. Jaggard, Matron of No. 3. Miss Willoughby, Matron of No. 5. We reached Southampton at 11.30 a. m. after passing through the most beautiful part of pastoral England. I found out from Major Bentley that as soon as the ship is loaded we will sail. My heart almost stopped beating at the news. I expected we would remain here for at least three days. Everything is bustle and commotion. At exactly 3.30 p. m. the last blast of the whistle is blown, the lines are let go, and our ship the "Asturias" a Poyal Mail Packet Steamer, which has been converted into a Red Cross Hospital Ship, is painted pure white with green trimmings and has a yellow funnel. She has four large red crosses, two on each side, fore and aft, which are very prominent in daytime and are lighted by electric lights at night and act as a warning to submarines and other hostile ships to keep off. We sailed out of Southampton Harbour and were soon out at sea, the land gradually fading from our view. As night comes on, the sea becomes rougher and rougher until the boat is pitching and tossing. Most of us are already paying tribute to old Neptune.

Monday—August 2nd, 1915.

I arise at 8 a. m. The sea is fierce. We are in the Bay of Biscay. I took no breakfast; everybody is ill. The storm continues until 8 p. m. when the wind gradually goes down and the sea becomes calmer. Nothing of

recovery. I also met Fr. O'Leary, a veteran of the South African war and on duty here as Catholic Chaplain. He is beloved by all. His piety, faith and devotion to those under his care, irrespective of their religion, has endeared him to all classes. I spend the evening in the ante-room, smoking, exchanging ideas and stories with Major Forbes of Montreal, Col. Veux, Col. Findley and Dr. Brown, M. O. 14th Battalion. After a pleasant evening we separated at 10.30 to go to our respective huts. All officers are quartered in canvas huts about 15 feet square, they are very comfortable, sun and rain-proof. My hut was occupied by Capt. Hazard of Banff. He became ill the day before I arrived and was moved to the hospital tent. It is an ill wind that blows no one good. If the Captain had not become ill it would have been difficult to put me up as all the huts were taken. This military hospital is complete in every detail. Tents are used for hospital purposes. The tents are Indian tents, square, 25 feet inside, lined with yellow lining. Ten tents are sewn together, making one long ward, 20 feet wide, with beds on each side of the passage way. The beds are most comfortable, affording comfort and rest for our brave defenders in their moments of illness that they occupy them. The hospital is capable of taking care of 1050 patients. The C. O. announced at mess that Gen. French would visit us to-morrow.

July 24th, 1915.

Left Folkestone at 10.30 a. m. per French Paquebot, Cambetta, for France on command to study the Canadian Military Hospitals. I am to be attached to No. 1 General Hospital in Camp at Etaples. Arrived in Boulogne at 11.30 a. m., after a smooth passage across the channel. Report to the N. L. O. on landing, who in turn sent me to the Base Commandant, who sent me to the D. D. M. S. where I procured transportation to Etaples. The train leaves at 4.16 p. m. It is pouring rain. Had lunch at the Hotel du Louvre. On second information I find that the train leaves for Etaples at 8.40 p. m. instead of 4.16 p. m. I spend the afternoon at the hotel, meet many officers, forego the formality of an introduction to each other, the khaki, the mission that we are on, makes immediate friends and acquaintances of us all. While waiting for my train I counted ten long trains, loaded with men, horses, guns and other implements of war whizz past, carrying their death-dealing implements together with their precious cargo of human beings to the front. I realize now fully that \$ am almost in sight of the battlefield, almost in hearing of the poor fellows who are being massacred and cut to pieces. One almost imagines that he can hear their groans and cries. While seated in the waiting room two young ladies clad in the garb of nurses pass around a box soliciting a few pennies for "Les blesses." As soon as they make their appearance everybody rises to his feet, digs down in his pocket and drops a coin in the boxes, no urging or coaxing required, all men, women and children seem to vie with each other in their avidity to help the cause. The guard announces that our train is in sight. I go out in the pouring rain, board the car that is to bear me to Etaples, which I reach at 10.30 p. m. The night is as black as ink and the rain is coming down in torrents. It is too late for me to go to the hospitals, which is two miles away. On descending from the train I am requested by the Guard to go to the office where I registered my name, age, nationality, military rank, where I came from and whether I am going. This done I proceed to the hotel du Terminus, where I seek in vain for a night's lodging, the proprietor, Mons. Barras opens the door, with candle in hand directs me to a lodging house where I secure a room lighted by a single bougie. The bed is clean and comfortable. I have a good night's rest, lulled to sleep by the pattering of the rain on the roof. The name of my host is Mons. Marrie.

July 25th, 1915.

Rose at 7.30 a. m. went to mass at 8 a. m. Mass was said by Fr. O'Leary. Spent some time with the C. At 3 o'clock General French and staff visited the hospital. Had the pleasure of shaking hands with him. At 10.30 p. m. got a wire to return forthwith to Shorncliffe for duty.

# What are Peps

Peps are the new treatment for coughs, colds and lung troubles. They are little tablets made up from Pine extracts and medicinal essences. When put into the mouth these medicinal ingredients turn into healing vapors, which are breathed down direct to the lungs, throat and bronchial tubes. The Peps treatment is direct. Swallowing cough mixtures into the stomach, to cure ailments and disorders in throat and lungs, is indirect. Peps are revolutionizing the treatment of colds, as their price is within the reach of all. 50c. box all druggists, or Peps Co., Toronto.

especial interest occurs this day. We all retired early and wake up in the morning after a refreshing night's sleep.

Tuesday, August 3rd. The sea is calm and the sun is shining. Everybody on deck and seemingly in good humour. We all pass a vote of thanks to Old Neptune and many of the passengers would festively wave garlands of flowers for us Triades. We are skirting along the west coast of Spain. Finisterre, with its light house is seen in the distance. The weather is beautiful, the air warm and balmy. Members of the different units are practicing for a concert to be given to-morrow evening, which will be the first Anniversary of the War. We retired at 11 p. m.

Wednesday, August 4th. The morning broke with a glorious sun and the sea is as calm and as placid as a mirror. Anniversary services are held at the different parts of the ship. Father Arts assisted by Father McPherson said Mass for the Catholics. During the Holy Sacrifice my mind inadvertently turned to the dear ones left behind. The concert was a great success. I did my bit.

Thursday, August 5th. Another beautiful day, the sea calm. We see in the distance the snow-capped peaks of the Sierra Nevada. During the night we passed through the Straits of Gibraltar.

Friday, August 6th. We are now in the Mediterranean Sea and skirting along the African Shore. The water is as blue as Indigo. We plainly see the land, wrapped in a steely mist, jutting out of the sea.

Saturday, August 7th. Beautiful day. Skirted all day along the shores of Africa, passing Morocco, Tripoli, Algeria, Tunisia also the islands of Pantaleria and Galata.

Sunday, August 8th. Boat stopped at 5 a. m. Was wakened by the dropping of the anchor. We are now opposite the Island of Malta. We are to receive further orders here. Valetta the capital city of Malta looks hot and sun-baked, not a tree or a shrub can be seen on it. A launch at last approached our ship and orders are megaphoned to the Captain. We are ordered to proceed to Alexandria. After waiting for three hours we weigh anchor and start for our new destination. The day is beautiful, the sea calm and of deep blue, a cool refreshing breeze is blowing. Father McPherson said Mass. To-day I see Miss \_\_\_\_\_ a Nursing Sister. She is Col. \_\_\_\_\_ daughter and my second cousin. She is quite pretty and attractive and sings rather well. She is a prime favourite. At 4 p. m. had tea with O. C. and Matrons of the different Hospital Units.

At Malta, a troop ship crowded with soldiers from Australia met us. They disembarked and will remain on the Island for a few days and will then be sent to the Dardanelles. As we lay side by side exchanging greetings someone shouted out "God Save the King", a mighty roar went out from a thousand throats. The boys from the Antipodes vied with those from Canada in this demonstration of loyalty to our King and common Empire. Our meeting in mid-Mediterranean on British soil furnished a living proof of the power of Great Britain. The supremacy of Britain on the seas was clearly demonstrated, the troop ships from the east and from the west ploughing the Pacific and Atlantic un molested.

Monday, August 9th. Beautiful day, sea calm. Tuesday, August 10th. Nothing eventful. Wednesday, August 11th. Arrived at Alexandria at 6 a. m., dropped anchor in the Harbour a short distance from the mainland. The harbour is crowded with craft of all kinds from all parts of the world. The City is to our right. The weather is beautiful and a good breeze is blowing. Directly in front of us lies the palace of the Khedive, a large and pretentious looking pile of cream-coloured stone. To the left of the

palace we see its gardens, luxuriant in palm trees and tropical plants. The banks terrace down to the Sea. Close by the gardens is the Military base hospital, crowded with wounded from the scene of activity at the Dardanelles. At 3 p. m. we receive our orders. No. 1 and No. 3 Stationary Hospitals, with nursing sisters, are to proceed forthwith to the Isle of Lemnos, No. 5 Stationary Hospital is to go to Cairo. Capt. Brown and myself hire a sail boat and went ashore. Before we reach the heart of the City we pass through the slums along the harbour. Filth, indescribable, smells stifling, meet us on every side. We saw people of all colors, from the jet black African to the bronzed Egyptian. Monks with their brown habits displaying Red Cross brassures, priests in soutanes and sisters of Charity who are doing duty in the various hospitals. Many of the inhabitants live in caves. We saw large families occupying the same dug-out, living in the midst of filth and pestilential odors, with the family pig, goat and dog. The business part of the city has a much better appearance. In fact, it contains beautiful public buildings, wide paved streets, on each side of which are handsome stores. I bought myself a helmet and a few toilet articles. Everything is cheap and abundant. After quaffing a bottle of fizz which cost \$2, we returned to our ship. The night is cool and the sights from the deck of our steamer are most fascinating. With a deep blue sky above as literally studded with stars, the twinkling lights on the other ships in the harbor and the shore ablaze with countless electric lights make in all a most beautiful entrancing and never to be forgotten sight.

Thursday, August 12th. We are still on board the Asturias. The morning is refulgent in sunlight, a balmy refreshing breeze is blowing. The steamship "Franconia" is passing our ship, loaded with men in khaki on their way to the Dardanelles. They are kept here for a few days in order to get over the effects of the long sea voyage and to prepare themselves for the strenuous work that awaits them at the Dardanelles. These men come from Australia. The pilot house of the ship and the cabin facing the Arabic are protected by sand bags to shield officers from the bullets of the snipers who may be lurking along the banks of the Suez Canal. Seven hospital ships have already sailed into the harbour, docked and are now busy unloading their precious cargo of wounded human freight. From the deck of my ship I counted eight large auto trucks laden with the luggage and personal effects of officers who had been killed in the Gallipoli peninsula. Three hundred and twenty-three paid their debt of loyalty to King and Country, their returning efforts to England bearing mute but eloquent testimony to their patriotism. At 3.30 our ship is docked to the port of Mudros on the Isle of Lemnos on board the steamship "Africa".

Friday, August 13th. Went to town for some cash, did some purchasing. The day is beautiful and a cool breeze is blowing. Our luggage has been sent to the "Africa". The Sisters of both Units are ordered to leave the Asturias. They are conveyed on a lighter to the "Delta" which is to be their new home, until we reach our destination. As they leave us the men assemble on the side of the ship, give them three hearty cheers and bade them Au Revoir as only soldiers can do. Our turn for marching off the boat and take position on the quay awaiting the tender. It is now 8 p. m. The night is alluringly upon us. Men and officers spend the rest of their time in Alexandria by singing the Maple Leaf, O Canada. These songs were never sung more feelingly, nor more eloquently than by us all. Everyone was thinking of home and fireside and of those left there, who in turn were no doubt wondering just where their husbands, sons and sweethearts were. After giving three cheers for the Asturias and for No. 5 Stationary Hospital we got aboard the tender and are towed to the "Africa". We got on board by scrambling up a ladder suspended from the side of the ship. The Africa is an Australian freight and passenger boat of the White Star Line, commanded by Capt. Hickson. She is 550 feet long, 12,500 tons and has a savage looking quick-firing gun at her stern, ready at any moment to be fired at a submarine or anyone else who would dare molest her. She has been engaged since the beginning of the war. My officers are assigned staterooms while the men are quartered on the second deck amid ships and sleep in hammocks. Our staterooms are as hot as Hades. We moved our mattresses and pillows on the upper deck and were fanned to sleep by the delightful blamy breeze which cools one but does not chill. We are to be called at 5 a. m. As the pilot will board the ship and lead us safely out to sea.

Saturday, August 14th. At 5 a. m. Mahomet Farni our pilot, is at his post. The bells jingle, the ship moves slowly seaward; Alexandria the mysterious, wonderful and ever changing, disappears from our view and our day's journey towards Port Mudros, the harbor of Lemnos is begun. The day is beautiful and the sea calm. Being senior officer on board I am O. C. of the troops. I issue orders for the day, for meals, parades, cancen. The day passes away quickly and nothing eventful transpires. We lose sight of land altogether. The meals aboard are good and well served. The Captain and officers are very kind and agreeable to us all. We all go to bed early and as we are much further north than this morning the sun is not so hot.

Sunday, August 16th. At 6 a. m. the ship comes to a sudden stop. We all get up to find out the cause. At a short distance on my starboard side a French torpedo boat destroyer has signalled us to stop.

# CROSS, FEVERISH CHILD IS BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED

### LOOK, MOTHER! IF TONGUE IS COATED GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

Every mother realizes, after giving her children "California Syrup of Figs," that this is their ideal laxative because they love its pleasant taste and it thoroughly cleanses the tender little stomach, liver and bowels without griping.

When cross, irritable, feverish or breath is bad, stomach sour, look at the tongue, mother! If coated, give a teaspoonful of this harmless "fruit laxative," and in a few hours all the food, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. When its little system is full of cold, throat sore, has stomach ache, diarrhoea, indigestion, colic — remember, a good "inside cleansing" should always be the first treatment given.

Millions of mothers keep "California Syrup of Figs" handy; they know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups printed on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here, so don't be fooled. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."

She has news for us. An officer boarded our ship and informed us that a submarine was lurking in these waters, as the islands that we see are a favorite hiding place for them. He also told us that the "George" had been torpedoed and sunk in this vicinity on the 13th of August. We are shocked at the news, as the Royal George of Canada left Alexandria two days before we did, loaded with troops for the Dardanelles. The messenger could not tell us exactly whether the ship sunk was named the Royal George or simply the George. This news cast a gloom over us all. From information given by the officer our captain changed his course, which means that we will have to retrace our steps for nearly a hundred miles. I gave out orders that in case of an attack that the men of the different units should be in readiness to man the lifeboats. I issue the following general orders which I amend. "Twenty men are parcelled out to each lifeboat. There is ample life-saving floats for all." With firmness and determination we are prepared to meet whatever fate the Almighty may have in store for us. Divine services were held by all the denominations. I assisted at Mass at 7 a. m. All the Catholics of my Unit received Holy Communion. The sight was edifying and touching. The utmost consideration is paid us by other religious denominations on board. In fact we help each other to worship and praise God according to the dictates of our consciences. If this brotherly love exhibited to one and other at sea existed on land we would all be much happier and I thank God much better served. In pursuance of general orders issued by me, life boat drill is gone through with. The day passes by uneventful, the weather is beautiful and the sea calm. One could hardly realize that beneath the calm beautiful surface there could be hidden a devilish submarine intent upon our destruction. A refreshing breeze

(Continued on Page Eight)

# Dandruff Surely Destroys The Hair

### Girls—if you want plenty of thick, beautiful, glossy, silky hair, do by all means get rid of dandruff, for it will steal your hair and ruin it if you don't.

It doesn't do much good to try to brush or wash it out. The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most if not all of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it. You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop, and your hair will look and feel a hundred times better. You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and four ounces is all you will need, no matter how much dandruff you have. This simple remedy never fails.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3513, of 1914. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Dame Rebecca Roberge, heretofore, of our City of Quebec, merchant, and carrying on business as such in our City of Quebec, and duly separated as to property from Eugene Nadeau, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, and the said Eugene Nadeau, mis en cause, to authorize his said wife, both heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Defendants.

Defendants are ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3514, of 1914. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Dame Claudia Cantin, heretofore doing business as a milliner, in our City of Quebec, and duly separated as to property from Arthur Dube, and the said Arthur Dube, mis en cause, to authorize his said wife, both heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Defendants.

Defendants are ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3515, of 1914. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Uleric Girard, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Merchant, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3516, of 1914. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Uleric Girard, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Merchant, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3517, of 1914. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Dame Rebecca Roberge, heretofore, of our City of Quebec, merchant, and carrying on business as such in our City of Quebec, and duly separated as to property from Eugene Nadeau, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, and the said Eugene Nadeau, mis en cause, to authorize his said wife, both heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Defendants.

Defendants are ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

# CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3518, of 1914. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Alfred Giroux, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Agent. Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3519, of 1914. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Louis Fortin, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3520, of 1914. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Alphonse Cote, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Joiner, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3521, of 1914. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. The Nestor Clothing Company, Limited, a body corporate and politic, heretofore doing business in our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3522, of 1915. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Misses Blanche Lizotte and Noella Lizotte, both heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, milliners, and heretofore partners, carrying on business as such under the name of Blanch and Noella Lizotte, Defendants.

Defendants are ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3523, of 1915. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Nick Rodinus, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, clerk, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3524, of 1915. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3525, of 1915. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Joseph Guibault, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, laborer, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3526, of 1915. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Mathew Watson, Alfred Healy and Peter Brennan heretofore merchant and partners, carrying on business as such in our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, under the name of "The Watson Tire Repairer Company," Defendants.

Defendants are ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3527, of 1915. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Percy Wood, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, chanteur, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3528, of 1915. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Francois Tremblay, and Joseph Eoucher, both heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, joint-proprietors, Defendants.

Defendants are ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3529, of 1915. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Alphonse Robitaille, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 1915. TH. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. ) In the Record-Province of Quebec.) er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec. No. 3530, of 1915. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs. Philip Payne, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, bookkeeper, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. Quebec, October 12th, 19

### DETAILS OF CANADIAN HOSPITAL AT LEMNOS

(Continued from Page Seven)

is as if which makes the hot sun with which we are deluged, bearable. At sundown the islands of the Aegean Sea, whose waters we are now ploughing through, pop up out of the water at every direction. We pass many of them during the night. We go to bed at 11 p.m. after an anxious day, thankful to Providence that we are still afloat and nearing our destination, in order to bring succor and help to our brave boys who a few hundred miles away from us are lying wounded, exposed to the blistering sun of Gallipoli, awaiting us with impatience and anxiety.

Monday, August 10th.

Another beautiful day. We are pursuing a zig-zag course in case a submarine may take a shot at us. The Captain says there is no danger. The Aegean Sea is supposed to be patrolled by French, English and Italian destroyers and its waters should be safe. Just at the entrance of the Aegean is the Island of Rhodes which is a naval base. It is not likely therefore that an enemy's submarine could even sneak in. At 4 p.m. we arrived at Mudros, the port of Lemnos. The harbor or basin is surrounded by high sun-baked barren rocks and is entered by a narrow roadway. Once inside we are protected completely by a ring of high mountains. The harbor is chock full of craft of all kinds and descriptions, transports, hospital ships, dreadnaughts, cruisers and destroyers. All these ships are situated inside of and are surrounded by a net to prevent submarine attacks. At 6 p.m. a steam pinnace accosts us. The captain gets his orders to report at once to the flagship. I am commanded to accompany him. As soon as the officer boards our ship, he is deluged with questions about the rumored sinking of the George. Alas it is only too true. He informed us that it was the Royal Edward that was torpedoed off the Island of Karos, and that 800 men were drowned, and 500 saved. We are all appalled and shocked by the news, as it is the day before we sailed the Royal Edward packed to the gun with troops headed us Au Revoir in the harbor of Alexandria. The Admiralty came in for its share of condemnation from all hands for having allowed the awful calamity to have happened, in not having conveyed the ill-fated ship. The deaths of those brave fellows with so many odds against them, make them greater heroes. Their memories will live for ever enshrined in the heart of the Empire. I wonder if the next crowded transport will be conveyed by one or more of the sea dragons that are now lying lazily in the harbor of Mudros. I went down a steep, rickety ladder suspended from the ship's side, scared to death that I might miss my footing and fall overboard, and stepped into the yawl that rowed me across the harbor to the flagship Aragon. There I met the A.D.G.M.S. Lt.-Col. Thom, who gave me my instructions. My hospital is to be situated in West Mudros, formerly called Turks Head and is to be entirely under canvas. The A.D.G.M.S. told me a lighter would convey our equipment to shore the next morning. After exchanging a few courtesies and refusing a cold Scotch and soda

### FOR A BAD COUGH.

Here is a fine old-fashioned recipe for coughs, colds or catarrh trouble that has been used for many years with great success. Get from your druggist 1 oz. of Parmit (Double Strength) and add to it 1-4 pint of hot water and 4 oz. of granulated sugar. Take one tablespoonful 4 times a day. No more racking your whole body with a cough. Clogged nostrils should open. Air passages of your head clear up so you can breathe freely. It is easy to prepare, costs little and is pleasant to take. Anyone who has a stubborn cough, or hard cold or catarrh in any form should give this prescription a trial.

we returned to the Afric. The night was terrifically hot and the heat in our cabin stifling. Most of the men sleep out on deck. I prefer to occupy my cabin, hot as it is, so as to accustom myself as soon as possible to the discomforts and sufferings of the campaign. The flies are fierce. There are at present three large camp hospitals on the Island, situated on the slope of the mountain. They are filled to overflowing. Our hospital which accommodates 400 patients is an urgent necessity and will be all the more required in view of the advance made by our troops on the peninsula which is only forty miles away.

Tuesday, August 17th.

Another beautiful day. I got out of my bunk at 6.30 a.m. and enjoyed the cool morning breeze upon the main deck, waiting the bugle call for breakfast. At 10 a.m. we went over to West Mudros to look around and to inspect the land at that point that is to be my home and the scene of my activity for the next six months or probably a year. It is a barren, stoney, desolate sight. No animal life no vegetation, not even a blade of grass is to be seen where a boat has been sunk near the shore which serves as a dock, to which lighters are moored when unloading their supplies. The government has at work large groups of Egyptians and Arabs. Some are unloading supplies, others constructing buildings, making roads, laying water pipes, in fact engaged in every sort of work which will tend to make that part of the Island habitable. While the Arabs left this morning for Gallipoli to engage in the gruesome task of burying the dead whose remains are still exposed to the scorching sun after the last battle. I return to my home in the Afric at 6 p.m. hot, dusty and tired. I attended a concert given by some members of the R.N.A.S. whose ship is lashed to ours. These boys returned from blood steeped Gallipoli a few days ago. They are taking a rest. They took a prominent part in the storming of Achaba. They tell wonderful and thrilling tales of the different incidents that took place at that point; of how our men in spite of the most galling fire ascended the steep sides of that awful peninsula on their hands and knees and saw their comrades mowed down beside them by the hundreds. Nothing

daunted in the teeth of the hellish fire, they gained the top and rolled the Turks back. Our fellows who have met the Turk in battle all say that he is a gentleman and fights fair. Went to bed at 11 p.m. My cabin is as hot as Hades.

Wednesday, August 18th.

Rose bright and early, went over to West Mudros, called on the A.D.M.S. Col. Gibbard. He is the chief medical officer of the Island. I am directly under his command. He was very affable and explained my duties. I went over to inspect the laying out of the area for my hospital. The site is on a rise of rocky land that gradually slopes down to a narrow inlet of the sea. It faces a little Greek village in which supplies can be bought and laundry done. The sun is blazing hot, not a tree to shade us from its blistering rays, not a blade of grass, not a green spot upon which to rest the aching eyes. Nothing but stone and dirt that has been whipped up into a fine dust by the hundreds of army mules and auto transports, that are carrying material and supplies of all kinds to the different hospitals and to the different works that are now in process of construction. There are two flowing wells of cool, sparkling water on my hospital site. The British Government is now erecting a large plant for distilling water for domestic use. I visited one of the Australian hospitals that is contiguous to mine. I saw some awful wounds, whose pain and torments are borne by the unfortunate sufferers with a fortitude and cheerfulness that would do credit to the martyrs of old. At 12 I returned to my ship, tired, dirty and thirsty.

Thursday, August 19th.

Hard at work unloading equipment. Twenty tents have been erected and we all worked like trojans. The weather, fortunately, is cool, the heavy downpour of rain we had during the night has hot spell for the present at least the hot spell that has been scorching us.

Your affectionate brother,

H. R. CASGRAIN.

### General Orders.

By

Lt.-Colonel H. R. Casgrain, C. A. M.C., O.C. Troops S. S. "Africa." Sunday, August 15th, 1915.

### Life Boat Drill.

1.—Signal—On one long blast of the Ship's whistle, each man will fall in at the position allotted to him, where he will fit on his life-belt and stand by. He must not enter the life boat until the command is given.

2.—Life Belts—Life belts will be placed opposite each Life Boat.

3.—Life Boats—The Starboard side boats have been allotted to No. 1 Stationary Hospital, with numbers running: 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 The Port Side has been allotted to No. 3 Stationary Hospital, numbers 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12.

4.—Details—Each boat will be in command of a Medical officer who will be responsible for the proper carrying out of orders. He will take his position at his allotted boat as soon as the alarm is sounded.

As there are more than a sufficient number of boats to accommodate all on board there will be no need for confusion or overloading of boats.

5.—Parade—There will be a parade of No. 1 & 3 Units on the After Well

## Children Love It— Don't Deny Them

Dentists affirm its helpfulness to teeth and gums. Doctors attest its aid to appetite and digestion.

Give your kiddies all the "Wrigley's" they want. Use it yourself—regularly. Keep it always on hand.

A boon to smokers—it cools the mouth and throat. It makes the next pipe or cigar taste better.

Every package sealed in wax. All the goodness and taste kept in till you get it.

Two delicious flavors.

There was an old Spear-woman lived in a shoe— For her many young hopefuls she knew what to do! She made them most happy with WRIGLEY'S for all— It kept them in trim at a cost very small!

Write for "WRIGLEY'S MOTHER GOOSE" book, 28 pages of pictures and jingles in colors, free.

Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co., Ltd.

Wrigley Bldg., Toronto

MADE IN CANADA



"Chew it after every meal"

Deck at 11 a. m., today for instruction of above.

H. R. CASGRAIN, Lt.-Col. Officer Commanding Troops.

"Africa" August, 15th, 1915.

Distribution of Life Boats on Board S. S. Afric.

No. 3 Canadian Stationary Hospital C. E. F.

Boat No. 2—Capt. Brown, Capt. Cordeon, Capt. Casgrain, Sergt. Orr, Sergt. Osborne, Corpl. Page, Lance-Corporal Morand, Pte. Bailev, Pte. England, Pte. Borg, Pte. Tozer, Pte. Reeves, Pte. Rodey, Pte. Murray, Pte. Carson, Pte. Sullivan, Pte. Knill, Pte. Scully, Pte. Dillon, Pte. Smith, Jr., Pte. Adams, Pte. Jones, A. Pte. Hyatt, Pte. Warren, Pte. Haley.

Boat No. 4—Major Guest, Capt. Hillier, Capt. Frost, Sergt. W. d. Pte. White, W.O., Pte. Howe, Pte. Wiley, Pte. Biernes, Pte. Nantais, Pte. Sharron, Pte. Eisenberg, Pte. Allington, Pte. Stevenson, Pte. Darlington, Pte. Harris, Pte. Strachan, Pte. Fletcher, Pte. Pageau, Pte. O'Brien, Pte. Simpson, Pte. Jones, E. D. Pte. Larkins, Pte. MacDonald, Sergt. G'bank, Pte. Gay.

Boat No. 6—Capt. Roberts, S. Sgt. Miller, Sergt. Richardson, Sergt. Fournier, Pte. Ghaham, Pte. Williams, Pte. Napier, Pte. Fuller, Pte. Last P., Pte. McLean, Pte. Scagge'l, Pte. Tesk.

Boat No. 8—Lt.-Col. Casgrain Major Davis, Capt. Arts, Sgt. Maj. Marshall, Pte. Whyte, Pte. Wallace, Pte. Marriott, Pte. Small, Pte. Baer, Pte. Scott, Pte. Sloan, Pte. Smuck, Pte. Elliott, Pte. Penny, Pte. Berry, Pte. Clemence, Pte. Evans, Pte. Drope, Pte. Lister, Pte. Mercer, Pte. Reynolds, Pte. Raikie, Pte. Anderson, Pte. Roadhouse, Lance-Corporal Widdowson.

Boat No. 10—Capt. Nettleton, Capt. Cannon, Capt. Kuhring, S. ergt. Morrell, ergt. Bentley, Corporal Smith, Corporal Tozer, Corporal Lloyd, Pte. Powis, Pte. Kelly, Pte. Smith, T. M., Pte. Wiseman, Pte. Ha ves, Pte. Hodge, R. J. Pte. tewart, Pte. Limer, Pte. Mills, Pte. Edmunds, Pte. Minhinick, Pte. Northcott, Pte. Herring, Pte. Young, J., Pte. Pilgrim, Pte. Penwarden.

Boat No. 12—Capt. Macaulay, Capt. Gillan, Capt. Connolly, Sergt. Doherty, Sergt. McCormack, Sergt. Carlisle, Corporal Shepherd, Corporal Winters, Pte. Ashendon, Pte. Young E. E., Pte. Peters, Pte. Randolph, Pte. Weldon, Pte. Fordham, Pte. Brown, Pte. Cox, Pte. Bond, Pte. McGregor, Pte. Fournier, E. Pte. Earith, Pte. Vokey, Pte. Wood, Pte. Last, E., Pte. Baillairgeon, P., Pte. Southerton.

### BELGRADE WAS NOT GREATLY DAMAGED

Berlin, Oct. 10, via London, 12:10 p.m.—Despatches from the Serbian front reported that Belgrade was not damaged greatly by bombardment. The city was spared as far as possible, although some private buildings were destroyed.

Serbian rearguards contested the passage through the city streets of the Teutonic forces. Part of the civilian population remains in Belgrade.

### TRAVEL TO WESTERN CANADA BY THE NEW TRANSCONTINENTAL.

Why not use the new route on your next trip to Western Canada? You will see the wonderful country just opened up by the building of the Dominion's Transcontinental Line, the new cities nestling near the steel, and travel for the whole journey over the finest roadbed in Canada and on the finest of trains. The National leaves Toronto at 10.45 p.m., on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and running on fast schedule, reaches Winnipeg at 3.50 p.m. on Thursday, Saturday and Morning, 1265 miles in 43 hours. The route is via North Bay, through beautiful Timagami, Cobalt with its mines, Cochrane, centre of a rapidly developing agricultural territory, Northern Ontario, with its great rivers and lakes and over the boundary line of Manitoba into the City of Winnipeg. It is a journey full of interest and at Winnipeg the Grand Trunk Pacific Lines stretch out across the prairies and through the Rockies, which are seen at their very best on this route, to the Pacific Coast.

### EQUATORIAL ECUADOR.

A Land of Earthquakes Nearly All a Mile Above Sea Level.

The traveler arrives in Guayaquil laden with quinine pills, but he learns that in a journey of a day he can reach the temperate zone. He brings summer clothing for a country crossed by the equator and nearly perishes on the frozen slopes of high mountains. He finds a government as unstable as the volcano shaken soil. He notes important industries that thrive upon these turbulent shores. Ecuador is a land of contradictions.

It is the land where the Incas ruled after they came into Peru. It was the birthplace of Atahualpa, who fell before Pizarro. It was from his capital at Quito along the mountains that Gonzalo Pizarro rode out with Orellana to discover the Amazon.

The land which bears the name of the equator rivals her sister republics in variety of scenery and climate. Her feet rest on the dazzling chrome green shore of a troglie river; her head wears the fleecy crown of eternal snows. With one hand she points to the wide Pacific; with the other, to the matted jungle of the Amazonian valley. Colombia, Brazil and Peru are her neighbors, but who can say where the territory of the one actually begins and the other ends? Two-thirds of the people of Ecuador are Indians, pure and simple. Nine-tenths of the population live a mile above the sea. Her territory is three times as large as Pennsylvania. Her domain is practically unexplored, but commercially she is forging ahead.—National Magazine.

### TART RETORT.

Of Lord Jeffreys, noted for his heartless cruelty, it is recorded when he was chief justice he had a witness before him whose evasive answers aroused the judge's ire. The witness wore an exceedingly long and bushy beard. Said Jeffreys, "If your cona science is as large as your beard you'll swear anything." Unabashed, the witness retorted, "If your lordship measures consciences by beards your lordship has none at all."

Advertisement for Moore's Happy Home Range and Chas. Vezina, Plumber and Electrician. Includes an illustration of a range and contact information for 119 to 123 Bridge Street, Quebec.

Advertisement for E. R. Belanger, Fall Hats and Overcoats. Includes contact information for 86 Mountain Hill, Quebec, Phone 4179.

Advertisement for Jos. Cote, The Latest Reynaldo Cigar. Includes an illustration of a cigar and contact information for 1272 Quebec.

Advertisement for Bakery For Sale. Includes contact information for Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Quebec.

### If Tea and Coffee Came in Capsules

as their drug, caffeine, is frequently sold, tea and coffee drinkers would wake up to the fact that tea and coffee are NOT FOODS but DRUGS.

Yet in spite of the warnings of reputable physicians, many persons fail to realize the harmful effects of caffeine, the subtle, habit-forming drug in tea and coffee. Taken regularly this drug—the frequent cause of nervousness, heart-flutter, headache and other ailments—sooner or later gets its hold.

Look tea and coffee in the face—read what physicians and health experts say: (Names on application).

"Some people get the craving for alcohol by first taking tea or coffee."

"Coffee is a dope and narcotic almost equal to opium. Slowly but surely it gets control of its victim and holds him in its grasp a pitiful, helpless victim"

"Coffee is a drug. Those addicted to its use are drug addicts."

"They (the tea and coffee drugs) are comparable to opium in that they induce a habit and should be avoided."

Right now is the time to find out whether or not tea or coffee has a hold on you. It's simple and easy—quit both for ten days and use

## POSTUM

the pure food-drink

Made of wheat and a bit of wholesome molasses, Postum has a delicious, snappy flavour, yet contains no drug or other harmful element.

The better health that follows freedom from the tea and coffee drug shows

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

MADE IN CANADA.

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Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.



# SIR MAX AITKEN, M.P., RELATES THRILLING STORY

(Continued from Page Two)  
more than nineteen, was almost the only source of replenishment. He was, until Armageddon, a student at the Listowel Business College. History relates that he was singing the trench version of "I wonder how the old folks are at home?" when the mine exploded, and he was buried. By the time he had dug himself out, he discovered that all his world including his rifle, had disappeared. But his business training told him that there was an active demand for bombs for the German trenches, a few score yards away.

So Private Smith festooned himself with bombs from dead and felled bomb throwers around him, and set out, mainly on all fours, to supply that demand. He did it five times. He was not himself a bomb thrower, but a mere middleman. Twice he went up to the trenches and handed his load over to the busy men. Thrice, no hot was the fire that he had to lie down and toss the bombs (they do not explode until the safety-pin is withdrawn) into the trench to the men who needed them most. His clothes were literally shot into rags and ravelled, but he himself was untouched in all his hazardous speculations, and he explains his escape by saying: "I kept moving." So through all these hells the spirit of man endured and rejoiced indomitable.

**BOMBS RUN SHORT.**  
But after all the supply of bombs ran out, and the casualties resulting from the heavy machine-gun and rifle-fire from Stony Mountain considerably increased the difficulties of holding the line. The bombers could fight no more. One unknown man was seen, wounded, standing on the parapet of the German front line trench. He had thrown every bomb he carried, and weeping with rage, continued to hurl bricks and stones at the enemy till his end came. Every effort was made to clear out the wounded, and reinforcements from the 3rd Battalion were sent forward. But still no work

## BISURATED MAGNESIA

An absolutely harmless antacid in all cases of fermentation and souring and belching of food, gas, indigestion, etc. A teaspoonful in a fourth of a glass of hot water usually gives INSTANT RELIEF. Sold by all druggists in either powder or tablet form at 75 cents per bottle.

could be done, and a further supply of bombs was not yet available. Bombs were absolutely necessary. At one point four volunteers who went to get more were killed one after the other, upon which Sergeant Kranz, of London, England, by way of Vermillion, Alberta, and at one time a private of the Argyll and Sutherland Regiment, went back, and fortunately returned with a load. He was followed by Sergeant Newell, a chemist from Watford, near Saratoga, and Seriz-Major Cuddy, a druggist from Strathroy. Gradually our men in the second German line were forced back along the German communication trench, and the loss of practically all of our officers hampered the fight. The volunteers who were bringing forward a supply of bombs were nearly all killed, and the supply died out with them.

The British Division had been unable to advance on the left owing to the strength of the fortified position at Stony Mountain and the German line north of that fort. The Canadians held their ground, however, hoping for the ultimate success of the attack on the left, in the face of heavy pressure on their exposed left flank. The enemy meanwhile had been accumulating strong forces and finally at about half-past nine, the remnants of the battalion were forced to evacuate, all the ground that had been gained. The withdrawal was conducted with deliberation through a hail of bullets, but it cost us heavily.

One splendid incident among many may, perhaps, explain the reason. Private Gledhill is eighteen years of age. His grandfather owns a woollen mill in Ben Miller, near Goderich, Ontario. Ben Miller was, till lately, celebrated as the home of the finest man in the world, for there lived Mr. Jonathan Miller, who weighed 400 lbs. and moved about in a special carriage of his own. Private Gledhill, destined to confer fresh fame on Ben Miller saw Germans advancing down the trench, and saw also that only three Canadians were left in the trench: two with the machine-gun, and himself, as he said, "running a rifle." Before he had time to observe more, an invader's bomb literally gave him a lift home, and landed him uninjured outside the trench with his rifle broken.

He found another rifle and fired away from the knee, until it became necessary to join the retreat. During that manoeuvre, which required caution, he fell over Lieutenant Brown wounded, and offered to con-

## VIOLENT ATTACKS OF DYSPEPSIA

Suffered Torments Until She Tried "Fruit-a-tives"

St. JEAN DE MATHA, Jan. 27th, 1914.  
"After suffering for a long time with Dyspepsia, I have been made well by 'Fruit-a-tives.' I suffered so much that at last I would not dare to eat for I was afraid of dying. Five years ago, I received samples of 'Fruit-a-tives' and after taking them I felt relief. Then I sent for three boxes and I kept improving until I was well. I quickly regained my lost weight—and now I eat, sleep and digest well—in a word, I am fully recovered, thanks to 'Fruit-a-tives.'  
MME. CHARBONNEAU.  
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

voy him home. "Thanks, no," said the lieutenant. "I can crawl." Then Private Ullock, late a livery stable keeper at Chatham, New Brunswick, but now with one leg missing, said: "Will you take me?" "Sure," replied Gledhill. But Frank Ullock is a heavy man, and could not well be lifted. So Gledhill got down on hands and knees, and Ullock took good hold of his web equipment, and was hauled gingerly along the ground towards the home trench. Presently Gledhill left Ullock under some cover while he crawled forward, cut a strand of wire from our entanglements, and threw the looped end back lassoo fashion to Ullock, who wrapped it round his body. Gledhill then hauled him to the parapet, where stretcher bearers came out and took charge. All this, of course, from first to last and at every place under a tempest of fire.

It is pleasant to think that Frank Ullock is now in charge of Dr. Murray McLaren, also of New Brunswick, who watches over him with tender care in a hospital under canvas of 1,080 beds—a hospital that is larger than the General, the Royal Victoria, and the Western of Montreal combined. Gledhill was not touched and in spite of his experience prefers life at the front to work in his grandfather's woollen mills at Ben Miller, near Goderich, Ontario.

Out of twenty-three combatant officers who went into action, only three missed death or wounding. They are: Colonel Hill, who fought his men to the bitter end with high judgment and courage; Lieutenant S. A. Creighton and Lieutenant T. C. Sims.

**DOMINION DAY.**  
After several days of heavy artillery fire our troops were relieved, and the Headquarters moved to the north. Here a trench line was taken over from a British division, and here for

the present we must leave them. When Dominion-day came they remembered with pride that they were the army of a nation, and those who were in the trenches displayed the Dominion flag decorated with the flowers of France, to the annoyance of the barbarians, who riddled it with bullets. Behind the lines the day was celebrated with sports and games, while the officers of the Scottish Canadian battalions played "a selection of national airs."

But the shouting baseball teams and minstrel shows, with their outrageous personal allusions the skirl of the pipes, and the choruses of the well-known rag-times, moved men to the depth of their souls. For this is the first Dominion-day that Canada has spent with the red sword in her hand.

**TORONTO ATHLETE INJURED.**  
Toronto, October 11.—W. E. Gladstone ("Glad") Murphy, late of the Dominion Bank staff, one of the best and most popular athletes in Toronto, is in St. Michael's Hospital suffering from either a fracture or a disloca-

## END INDIGESTION OR STOMACH PAIN IN FIVE MINUTES

"PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN" MAKES SICK, SOUR, GASSY STOMACHS FEEL FINE.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache. Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they know Pape's Diapepsin will save them from any stomach misery.

Please, for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it, without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which don't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest, surest relief known.



## FALL OVERCOAT SEASON

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## Fall Millinery Opening

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Ladies Cordially Invited  
L. P. LABRECQUE

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No Cards This Season.

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 Sweaters, Mafers, Sleeping Caps, and other Outdoor Necessities.  
 Officers Canes, in all the different woods, with two shapes in handles. Special... 75c up

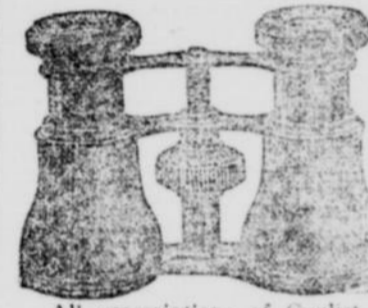
**J. H. MULLIN Reg'd.**  
**HABERDASHER Phone 1606 48 FABRIQUE ST.**

**EMILE JACOT, Reg.**  
 JEWELER, OPTICIAN.  
 95 St. Joseph Street, QUEBEC.

Fine assortment of Wedding Gifts, Cabinets of Cutlery, Silverware, etc., Diamond Rings, Fine Watches.  
**95 St. Joseph Street - QUEBEC**

**WANTED**  
**EMPTY VINEGAR and LUBRICATING OIL BARRELS**  
 Quebec Scrap Metal Co. Reg'd.  
 Tel. 2777 14 St. Roch Street

**Sportsmen, Military Men, Tourists**



No equipment for above can be considered complete unless it contains a suitable pair of Marine Field Binoculars. We carry a complete line for officers, military men or tourists, and would be glad to have you examine our stock, ranging from very low to the highest priced goods made. All prescriptions of Oculist filled up at once. All compound Glasses cut at home, at an hour's notice.

**P. C. LACASSE,**  
 Optometrists and Opticians. 40 Fabrique Street

**A NEW DEPARTURE**

JAEGER SHIRTS AND BLOUSES MADE TO MEASURE FROM THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

TAFFETA WOOL. SERPER WOOL. Y FLANNEL. L FLANNEL.

You can select your patterns, have your measure and have the shirt delivered in four days. THAT IS NOT ALL!

We can also make your Pyjamas or Underwear if you wish, all in our Jaeger Factory.

This department is under the skillful supervision of Mr. J. C. Forbes, who has had nine years experience with the Jaeger Co. in Montreal. Come in and see our samples.

**JOHN DARLINGTON, Reg'd**  
 OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.  
 SELLING AGENTS FOR JAEGER PURE WOOL

**EDUCATIONAL**

**WALLACE COLLEGE**  
 25 ST. STANISLAS ST. QUEBEC  
 Eighteenth Year.

Instruction given in Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Mathematics, Drawing, Music and Modern Languages. No vacations. Day and Evening Classes.

**J. W. M. WALLACE,**  
 Principal.

**OYSTERS**

Malbecque Oysters direct from Prince Edward Island, served at DUGAL'S CAFE, Auditorium.

50 CENTS PER DOZEN.

**Point View House**

56 FABRIQUE STREET  
 Up-to-date Dining Room and Tea Room

Refreshments and Five-O'Clock served every afternoon, from 3.30 to 5.30 o'clock.

**MRS. M. WHELAN,**  
 Proprietress.

**Kent House**

DANCING EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.

**NOTICE**

IS HENRY GIVEN that the Pier at the mouth of the Cap Rouge river is submerged, as well as the other deep water Pier that was there up to last winter, at the end of the long wharf.

The position of the Pier at the mouth of the Cap Rouge river is, as heretofore, shown by a Hat Envy by day, and a White Light by night, and the position of the Pier recently taken at the end of the long wharf is in a straight line with the said Hat Envy, and about 600 feet to the west.

**W. A. KINGSLAND,**  
 Agent.

In the Heart of Things. Take your Meats at

**The Marathon Cafe**  
 120 St. John Street. Phone 5923

**THE CHILD'S CAFE**  
 Corner St. Peter and St. James Streets. Phone 3432.  
 85 St. Joseph Street. Phone 5315.

Table and attendance unsurpassed. Home-made Pies, Apple, Raisin, Coconut, Strawberry, Cramberry, Blueberry, Rhubarb.

All kinds of Fruits served in season. Also finest assortment of soft drinks and Ice Cream.

**SIGNS! SIGNS! SIGNS!**  
 For Railroad Co's, Navigation Co's, Commercial Houses, Offices, Private Houses—lowest prices.

**A. PAGEOT,**  
 180 Richelieu St., Quebec.  
 Telephone 5088.

Morley's Medium weight Wool Underwear. Special... \$1.25  
 Extra Thick and Soft Khaki Worst-eds Socks, all sizes.  
 Regulation Military Swagger Sticks, Sterling top, with Coat-of-arms. Special... 25c

**SHIPPING NEWS**

**OCEAN SAILINGS.**  
 Compiled by F. S. Stocking, General Steamship Ticket Agent, 32 St. Louis street, Quebec.  
 Subject to Change.

**Back to the Old Country**

Soldiers and others returning to the Old Country can secure accommodation at lowest rates by all steamers from Canada or the United States.

Apply  
**F. S. STOCKING**  
 General Steamship Agency,  
 32 St. Louis Street.

Telephone: 1050.  
**Dr. A. LANTIER**  
 SURGEON DENTIST  
 50 Couillard st., Quebec  
 Opposite Livernois' Pharmacy.

**TIMBER REGULATIONS.**  
 GOVERNING Timber on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and the North-west Territories, the Railway Belt in the Province of British Columbia, and the Three and a-half Million Acres located by the Government of the Dominion in the Peace River District in British Columbia.

**Licenses.**  
 A license to cut timber on a tract not exceeding Twenty-five square miles in extent may be acquired only at public auction. A rental of \$5 per square mile per annum, is charged on all timber berths excepting those situated west of Yale, in the Province of British Columbia, on which the rental is at the rate of 5 cents per acre. In addition to rental, dues are charged on the timber cut at the rates set out in section 20, of the Regulations.

**Timber Permits and Dues.**  
 Permits may be gained in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, to cut over a definite described tract of land, not exceeding one square mile in extent, on payment of dues at the rate of 30 cents per thousand feet, B.M., and subject to payment of rental at the rate of \$100 per square mile per annum.

**Timber for Homesteaders.**  
 Any occupant of a homestead quarter-section having no timber of his own suitable for the purpose may, provided he has not previously been granted free allowance of timber, obtain a free permit to cut the quantity of building and fencing timber set out in section 51 of the Regulations.

**W. W. CORY,**  
 Dept. of the Minister of the Interior, Ottawa, July 29, 1914.  
 -65137. Mch.18x6m

**Synopsis of Canadian North-west Land Regulations.**

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency, for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Land Agency (but not Sub-Agency, on certain conditions.

Duties: Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead, on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3 per acre.

Duties: Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent, also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right, may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price, \$3 per acre.

Duties: Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

**W. W. CORY,**  
 Dept. of the Minister of the Interior, N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

**SHIPPING NEWS**

**OCEAN SAILINGS.**  
 Compiled by F. S. Stocking, General Steamship Ticket Agent, 32 St. Louis street, Quebec.  
 Subject to Change.

October  
 12—Noordam... N.Y.... Falmouth and Rotterdam  
 13—Adriatic... N.Y.... Liverpool  
 16—Carthaginian... Quebec, Glasgow  
 —St. Louis... N.Y.... Liverpool  
 19—Ryndam... N.Y.... Falmouth and Rotterdam  
 —Orduna... N.Y.... Liverpool  
 27—Baltic... N.Y.... Liverpool  
 29—Tuscania... N.Y.... Liverpool and Glasgow  
 30—St. Paul... N.Y.... Liverpool and Havre  
 31—Corinthian... Quebec, London  
 November  
 2—Ryndam... N.Y.... Plymouth  
 3—Stellian... Quebec, London  
 3—Pretorian... Quebec, Glasgow  
 —Adriatic... N.Y.... Liverpool  
 6—New York... N.Y.... Liverpool  
 —Saxonia... N.Y.... Liverpool

**DRIVING AMERICAN SHIPS OFF THE HIGH SEAS.**  
 The Maritime Register says:—  
 It is a singular circumstance that two members of the Cabinet who are entirely lacking in experience in shipping affairs should persistently put their opinion above that of men whose business it is to own and operate ocean-going vessels. Secretary Redfield in defending the Seamen's Act and Secretary McAdoo in advocating the Government Ship Purchase bill both apparently arrogate to themselves a knowledge of the requirements of American shipping that is not warranted by their positions as official members of the Administration. The mere title of Secretary of Commerce and that of Secretary of the Treasury does not endow them with superior wisdom in regard to the best means for the upbuilding of American overseas shipping. Representative Humphrey of Washington who is very competent to speak of the conditions of our shipping on the Pacific Coast says of the Seamen's Act: "The enactment of this law was almost a crime. It injured American shipping and American industry without in any way benefiting any American citizen or any American interest. It was the crime of cowardice and not of ignorance." And "this law," he says further, "has made Japan's control of the Pacific complete. It has driven the American vessel from that ocean, forced from the sea the few American officers and sailors remaining, and left us without a single ship fit for a transport or naval auxiliary—such has been the swift and certain destruction wrought by this so-called seamen's law." It did not require Representative Humphrey to tell us this. It is self-evident. Notwithstanding these facts which must be equally known to the Secretary of Commerce we find in that official a supporter of this iniquitous law not from ignorance of the disastrous results that have already followed its enactment but it may be that party expediency is a controlling influence in this matter rather than the interests of our shipping industry. Whatever injury to our shipping that is left undone by the Seamen's Act will certainly be completed should Secretary McAdoo's Government Ship Purchase scheme become a law. This would completely kill private initiative in overseas shipping enterprise by practically subsidizing Government-owned merchant vessels by making good the losses from out of the Treasury that would certainly ensue from their opinion.

**HOCH DER KAISER.**  
 Saying "Hoch Der Kaiser," in a South American saloon filled with marines from H.M.S. Glasgow near a coast merchant captain's life, according to a story told by another captain now in the port of Montreal. These sailors had been having a fine time all the night, making speeches and singing songs from tables, and a number of captains from ships in port were sitting at tables drinking beer and other beverages while they watched the sport. One of the captains had had a little more to drink than he had at first intended. Suddenly, in a lull of the fun, he raised his tankard of beer, shouting, "Hoch Der Kaiser."

**HIGH WATER AT QUEBEC.**  
 (Standard Time 75th Meridian.)

	Oct. a.m.	p.m.
Tuesday	12 8.02	8.10
Wednesday	13 8.51	9.03
Thursday	14 9.49	10.00
Friday	15 10.58	11.11
Saturday	16 12.00	12.14
Sunday	17 12.32	1.28

**Moon Phases:**  
 First Quarter, Oct. 15th, 8.51 a.m.

**WEEPING SINEWS.**  
 Various Methods by Which Ganglions May Be Cured.

Physicians use the word ganglion to describe a swelling of the sheath of a tendon, which contains fluid, and which usually occurs about the wrist. A weeping sinew is the same thing. A little swelling forms, and the fluid distends it more and more as it collects. The swelling is elastic and soft. Sometimes it is small and does not cause any trouble, and occasionally it passes away without any treatment. It may yield to long continued gentle pressure, like that which a ribbon band exerts. A well placed ribbon bandage also helps to relieve the feeling of weakness that almost always accompanies a ganglion.

In a few cases the fluid that the ganglion contains is tuberculous, but in most cases the ganglionic swelling is entirely harmless. In tuberculous cases it is best to remove the sheath and its contents completely.

Ganglions are usually seen on the back of the wrist, but sometimes one comes on the front and increases in size. It is then likely to spread down the sinews into the palm of the hand. That naturally cripples the victim more or less, especially since the swelling often gives pain in cold and damp weather.

There are various ways of breaking a weeping sinew. Sometimes it can be dispersed by sudden pressure applied by the thumbs, which bursts the ganglion without breaking the skin. It is best then to bandage the part very tightly in order to prevent the little sac from filling up again. The bandage should contain some thin, hard substance, such as a large coin, directly over the site of the sac. Sometimes a ganglion refuses to burst, but yields to a tight bandaging combined with treatment by a blister, or by painting with iodine. The cure in such cases is effected by gradual absorption. If other means fail there is nothing to do but to open the ganglion and scrape out its contents.

—Youth's Companion.

**ORDER OF THE BATH.**  
 It Was a Realistic Ceremony in the Time of Charles II.

The last Knights of the Bath made according to the ancient forms were at the coronation of Charles II, when various rites and ceremonies, one of which was bathing, were enforced.

According to Froissart, the court barber prepared a bath, and the candidate for membership in the order, having been undressed by his esquires, was thereupon placed in the bath, his clothes and collars being the perquisites of the barber. He was then removed from the water to the words "May this be an honorable bath to you" and was placed in a plain bed quite wet and naked to dry.

As soon as he was quite dry he was removed from the bed, dressed in new and rich apparel and conducted by his sponsors to the chapel, where he offered a taper to the honor of God and a penny piece to the honor of the king. Then he went to the monarch and kneeling before him, received

**Health Old Age**

As age advances the blood gets thin, the nerves exhausted, and vitality runs low.

By building up the nerve force of body and mind Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is an unbounded blessing to people of advanced years.

50 cents a box, all dealers.

**Dr. Chase's Nerve Food**

ed the place, stuck his head in the door. He just barked one order, I don't remember what just now, and every man just stopped as though he was shot. That was discipline for you. If you could have seen the way those men went for that captain you would appreciate the discipline."

"What happened to the captain?"

"Oh, the captain; he got a sber in two seconds while the men were making for him. He said afterwards that he had done it only as a joke."

**SHIPPING NOTES.**  
 S.S. Calcutta, Alderney, Shigstad and steam barge Omaha, arrived yesterday and proceeded to Montreal.

The Rockferry arrived down from the Lakes yesterday with coal, which is being discharged in the inner basin or the Webster Co.

The S. B. International, after discharging coal for the Nova Scotia Co., left last night for Gaspe for pulp.

**SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.**  
 Little Metis, 176—Clear, strong west. In 10 a.m., Steam Barge. Martin River, 260—Clear, north-west. In 12.30 p.m., Fernley. Faye Point, 325—Clear, north-west. In 9.45 a.m., Kaminitiquia. Chicoutimi—Nancy Lee, arrived 4 p.m. yesterday. Point Maquereau—Clear, west. In yesterday, 11.30 a.m., Percésien, noon. Gaspésien. Heath Point, 438—In 12.25 p.m., Anglo Saxon. Plat Point, 375—Squally, gale northeast. In 3 a.m., Storstad. In yesterday 6 a.m., Louisburg, Ashburn and Albert Hall, 7 a.m., Fridtrot Nansen. Out yesterday, 12.30 a.m., Stormont. Cape Race, Nfld. 826—Cloudy, strong northeast. Halifax, N.S.—Propatria arrived 2 a.m.

**Montreal to Quebec.**  
 Longue Pointe, 134—Clear, west. In noon Virginia and tow, 12.45 p.m., Rogeacastle, 2 p.m., Metagama. Vergberges, 120—Cloudy, south. Out 2.15 p.m., Hudson and Tow. Sorel, 100—Cloudy, southeast. In 2.40 p.m., Calcutta. Out 1.05 p.m., S. B. Fairfax. Three Rivers, 68—Cloudy, south-west. In 9.15 a.m., S. B. Omaha. H. S. McGREVEY, Superintendent.

**from the royal sword a tap on the shoulder, the king exclaiming, "Arise Sir" and then embraced him, saying, "Be thou a good knight and true."—London Strand Magazine.**

**It is at the BON-TON that you will find the most beautiful Cloaks, also the most beautiful Costumes trimmed with fur and trimmed with silk braid, at the manufacturers' price.**

**BON-TON COMPANY,**  
 423 St. Joseph Street.  
 Telephone 2315.

**ST. GEORGE'S HOUSE**  
 31 ST. URSULE ST., QUEBEC.

Fine central situation, charming views overlooking historical gardens of the Ursuline Convent, and Laurentide hills. Home-like rooms, with all modern conveniences. Good table board. Separate meals if desired.

**MRS. T. L. DOUGLAS,**  
 Telephone 88. Proprietress.

**Furnished Rooms to Let.**

**MRS. HEALEY—79 St. Louis street, Telephone 5482. Sept. 10xt.**

**Rooms and Board.**

**VICTORIA HOTEL—Harry Fontaine, Prop., Palace Hill, Tel. 6380. Sept. 10xt.**

**FOR SALE.**

**FOR SALE—No. 2, Quebec Heater, stove pipes and new case for piano. Will take furniture in exchange. Address A. C. Chronicle. Oct. 9x3.**

**FOR SALE—A Guitar in first class condition. May be seen at Chronicle Office. Cheap for cash.**  
 Oct.9x6

**PROPERTY FOR SALE—A fine three story stone building containing eleven rooms with every modern convenience in first class condition, situated on Grande Allee. Address Prosperity, P. O. Box 151. Oct. 2xtf.**

**LOTS FOR SALE—At Lauzon, near the new Dry Dock and Government works, close to electric cars; no ground rent; handsome reduction for anyone purchasing to build; no ground rent; clear title. Chas. Dalgrave, Notary, (Lindsay Building), 203 John street, Quebec. Telephone 1912, Residence 1382. Sp.24x1m**



**FALLING**  
 leaves remind us to remind you about your Fall hat.

**Sticklers for style stick to the Stetson—and it is our service in Stetson Hats that makes this store of ours so important to you and the other well-dressed young men of this community.**

**Come, try on the swagger stiff and soft hats for Fall.**

**N.E. Papillon**  
 358 John St.

**It is at the BON-TON that you will find the most beautiful Cloaks, also the most beautiful Costumes trimmed with fur and trimmed with silk braid, at the manufacturers' price.**

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**ST. URSULE HOUSE QUEBEC**

Most centrally situated on the corner of St. Louis and St. Ursule Streets, just inside the St. Louis Gate. Best site in the city. All modern conveniences. Room and board. First-class cuisine and service. Satisfaction guaranteed. A select resort for lady tourists. Also table board.

Telephone 3244.  
**MRS. H. J. LEMESURIER.**

**LOST.**

**LOST—On Saturday, the 9th inst. on Crown street, car of St. John street, gold medal inscribed "Kamloops B. C. Centenary, Sept. 1, 1912." Finder please return to this office and receive reward. Oct. 12x3**

**DOG LOST—\$10 Reward.** Black-and-white English Setter with red leather, brass studded collar; last seen near St. Raymond. Notify Brown Corporation, St. Raymond, P.Q.

**WANTED**

Required small furnished flat, or rooms for married couple. No children. Bath and conveniences. Moderate rent, careful tenants. Within 10 minutes of Buade. A Chronicle Office. Oct. 12x3

**WANTED—A young man speaking both languages and knowing French and English stenography.** Apply Eug. Julien & Co., Ltd., 1228 St. Valier St. Oct. 12x3

**WANTED—Modern small house to rent.** Furnished or not furnished. With outbuilding suitable for garage preferred. Situated on upper level of City. Address P. O. Box, 229 City. Oct. 12x3.

**WANTED—Small apartment in Upper Town, furnished; with modern conveniences; for two gentlemen.** Apply, "Apartment," O.11x3

**WANTED—Toolmakers, first-class on dies, jigs and gauges.** Steady work, good wages. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Canada. Oct. 11x5

**LOT WANTED—A party who is desirous of building, would like to obtain a lot in good locality.** Apply stating size and price wanted to Lot care of Chronicle. Oct. 7xtf

**Competent and refined widow, with eight-year-old boy, seeks situation as housekeeper to widower or bachelor.** City or Country. Address: P. O. Box 217, Trois Pistoles, Que. Sept.22x3

**AGENTS WANTED.**

**AGENTS—Salesmen, everybody, write quick; biggest money-maker on earth; sells like wildfire; cigar trade; territory given. Dulpet Co., Security Trust Building, Camden, N.J., U.S.A. Ag&xt,th,sa&xtf**

**TO LET.**

**TO LET—Two or three rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with kitchen privileges, facing Jeffery Hale's Hospital. Address A. C. Chronicle. Oct. 9x3.**

**FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT**  
 —For winter months, at No. 12 Mont Carmel St. Sept. 28xtf.

**FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.**  
 —A most centrally situated furnished house with all modern conveniences. In beautiful order. Apply Silas Jones, Chronicle Office. Sept. 25xtf.

**TO LE—House, lodgings and rooms; also private boarding house.** Apply to Henri Drouin, rental agent, telephone 2004. Sept. 24x1m.

**LARGE TENEMENT TO LET,** above the Woolworth Store, No. 210 St. John street; 16 rooms, including 2 kitchens and 2 bath rooms; heated by the lessor, S. Jules LaRue, Notary, 84 St. Peter street. sept.10xtf.

**OFFICES TO LET—Offices in the Richelieu Building, as well as those formerly occupied by the Quebec Steamship Company, Commanding good view of the River. For terms and conditions apply to CANADA STEAMSHIP LINES LTD., 48 Dalhousie street. Feb.2xtf**

**TO LET—Store No. 4 du Fort street, Upper Town, opposite to the Post Office. Apply to W. R. LaRue, Notary, 28 St. Anne street.**

**BUSINESS NOTICE.**

**NOTICE—Re the estate of the late Leon Gingras, 11 Couillard street. All persons having any claims against the said estate are requested to produce them within fifteen days from the present date, to Joseph Picard, Testamentary Executor, 1 St. Joseph Street. Oct.8x12**

**ROOMS TO RENT.**

**ROOMS TO LET—(Lockwell Ave.) A furnished room next to bath room, telephone and all kitchen privileges, suitable for young married couple. (Private). Telephone 3298. Oct. 9x3.**

**ROOMS TO RENT—Two large double rooms with board of required. Electric light, bat's, modern conveniences. Apply 55 St. John St. Sept. 14x3**

**PERSONAL.**

**WOULD YOU MARRY ME?**  
 WANTED? Best Matrimonial paper published. Mail FREE. THE CORRESPONDENT, Toledo, Ohio. Oct. 7x1m.

DONALDSON & CO. GLASGOW PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE. From Montreal: Sept. 25—T.S.S. Cassandra about Oct. 11.

CUNARD Established 1840. EUROPE via LIVERPOOL. \*Tuscania ..... Fri., Oct. 29, 5 p.m.

ROBERT STEWART L.L.A. Public Accountant and Auditor. 92 ST. PETER STREET. Banks, Incorporated Companies and Wholesale Firms can have the Credit and Financial Status of their customers fully established without publicity.

C. W. WALCOT, Stocks and Bonds. BOUGHT and SOLD. 98 ST. PETER STREET. Quebec. TELEPHONE 577.

MCDUGALL & COWANS Stock Brokers. 116 MOUNTAIN HILL. 'Phones: 1402 and 1403. H. S. THOMSON, MANAGER.

BERMUDA. 9-day Tour from New York. All expenses \$40.50 up. Unlimited attractions for vacationists. Cooler than middle Atlantic Coast Resorts.

CANADIAN PACIFIC \$37.40 CHICAGO, ILL., AND RETURN. (War Tax, 40c). Going October 12th, 1915. Return limit, October 19th, 1915.

THOMSON LINE. FREIGHT SERVICE TO LEITH. From Montreal: SS. HURON ..... about Oct. 22.

FRENCH LINE. Compagnie Generale Trans-Atlantique "POSTAL SERVICE." SAILLONS FROM N. Y. to BORDEAUX.

COMMERCIAL NEWS. NEW YORK MARKET. (Canadian Press). New York, Oct. 11.—The inquiry for standard stocks which effected so radical a change in the speculative aspect last week was resumed to-day with further substantial gains in various railway issues.

5% to 6 1-2%. For the last few weeks, our private advice to customers has been "Buy the Rails." The long deferred upward movement in the railroad securities will soon develop in the stock market and industrial securities.

SANTAL-MIDY. These are the capsules which are used in 45 cases without any other medicine.

CANADA S.S. LINES. Montreal Service. Daily, except Sunday, at 6.30 p.m.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM. \$37.40—CHICAGO and Return. Going October 12th. Returning until October 19th.

THE ALLAN LINE. FROM MONTREAL & QUEBEC. Steamers. For Carthaginian. Sat. Oct. 16, Glasgow.

CUNARD LINE. MONTREAL to LONDON. \*SS. ST. KENTIGERN, about Oct. 24. \*SS. STROPEA, about Oct. 30.

CLOSING LETTER. By private wire to Brunau & Dupuis, Stock Brokers, 11, 13 and 15 Sault-au-Matelot Street, Tel. 1596. A. A. Gingras, Manager.

CLOSING MARKET LETTERS. Chicago, Oct. 11.—Wheat ruled strong and closed at gains of 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 cents. Shorts were the best buyers, probably on account of prospect for unsettled weather and partly because Liverpool was higher.

Mentreal Service. Daily, except Sunday, at 6.30 p.m. Saguenay Service. Beginning October 1st, and until the close of navigation, the service will be twice a week, every Tuesday and Saturday at 8.00 a.m.

North Shore Service. Sailings weekly, every Friday, at 9.00 a.m. Office 'Phone - - - 1830. Freight Office Phone - - 1829.

QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY. Pullman, and Dining Cars on Through Trains. TRAINS LEAVE LEVIS: 7.50 a.m.—For Portland, Sherbrooke and all local stations, daily except Sunday.

Gaspe & Baie des Chaleurs S.S. Co., LIMITED. STEAMER "PERCISIEN." Will sail from Quebec on Wednesday, October the 6th and 20th, at four (4.00) o'clock p.m., for Gaspe and Baie des Chaleurs Coast.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET. By private wire to Brunau & Dupuis, Stock Brokers, 11, 13 and 15 Sault-au-Matelot Street, Tel. 1596. A. A. Gingras, Manager.

OILS, ETC. London, Oct. 11.—Calcutta linseed. Oct.-Nov. 56s 6d. Linseed oil, 28 6d. Sperm oil, £30.

TEMISCOUATA RAILWAY. TIME-TABLE. Taking Effect June 14th, 1915. No. 1—(a) Leaves Riviere du Loup 7.45 a.m. Arrives Connors, N.B., 12.38 p.m.

Gaspe Steamship Company LIMITED. SS. "LADY OF GASPE." This steamer is intended to sail from Quebec at 4 p.m. for the Gaspe and Baie des Chaleurs Ports, on WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 13th.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS INTERCOLONIAL PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY. 8.20 a.m.—Local Express to Campbellton, daily except Sunday.

Dr. EUGENE BEAULIEU SURGEON-DENTIST. 24 ST. JOHN STREET. QUEBEC. Telephone: 2861. Office Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m., 7 to 9 p.m.

MATCH SPECIALTIES. We have been making matches for 64 years now—domestic matches and every other kind. Some of our specialties are "THE GASLIGHTER" with a 1-4 inch stick—The "EDDYSTONE TORCH" for outdoor use.

VULCANIZING Up to Date. Auto Tire Repair Plant. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Automobile Tires All Makes. Quebec Agents for the Indian Motorcycle. Phone or call at Quebec Skate Manufacturing & Repair Co., Reg'd. Phone 4999. 259 St. John St.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY, LIMITED. MINERS AND SHIPPERS OF THE CELEBRATED "DOMINION" STEAM and GAS COALS. Screened, Run-of-Mine and Slack. For Particulars, apply to SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET. Open. High. Low. Close. Allis-Chal'rs. 42 1/2 44 42 1/2 44. Am Beet Sug. 65 1/2 68 1/2 66 1/2 67 1/2.

THE TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET. Toronto — Quotations are as follows: Wheat, Ontario No. 2 winter, 90c to 92c outside, according to location.

INVESTING IN STOCKS. Best Wall Street Tip to Those Anxious to Buy Securities. I have noticed during a quarter of a century's observations that when all the financial writers are proclaiming the merits of a particular stock and, at the same time, insiders, who are supposed to know all about it, are pointing out its good points, increasing earnings, etc., somebody stands waiting to sell.

BREIN & GOURDEAU STOCK AND BOND BROKERS. 63 ST. PETER STREET, and 6 SAULT AU MATELOT STREET. Telephone 185. PRIVATE WIRE CONNECTIONS. Correspondents: Jenks, Gwynne & Co., members New York Stock Exchange; Chicago Board of Trade, and New Orleans Cotton Exchange.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Accumulated Funds ..... \$67,000,000. Revenue for the Year ..... 7,875,000. Assets in Canada ..... 17,000,000.

W. & G. MORTON MASSEY GENERAL INSURANCE BROKERS. 111 Mountain Hill, Quebec, April 25/15.

Auction Sale. SUPERIOR COURT, QUEBEC. No. 145. In re—CLOVIS BLOUIN, of Quebec, Merchant. Insolvent. NOTICE is hereby given that on THURSDAY, 14th OCTOBER, 1915, at 11 O'Clock, A.M., the undersigned will proceed to the sale by auction, in virtue of a judgment of this Court, at my office, 118 St. Peter street, Quebec, the immovable properties abandoned, to wit:

STEAMER "FRONTENAC" Commencing June 1st, 1915. Weather and conditions permitting, the Steamer "Frontenac" will sail as follows: Island of Orleans Ferry. From Island: From Quebec: 5.30 a.m. .... 6.00 a.m.

STEAMER "CHAMPION" St. Laurent, St. Michel, St. Jean and Berthier Line. On and after the 24th of September, weather and circumstances permitting, the Steamer Champion will sail as follows with the exception of Sundays and holidays: From From Quebec: Berthier, 5.00 a.m., M.T.T. 3.00 p.m.

W. & G. MORTON MASSEY GENERAL INSURANCE BROKERS. 111 Mountain Hill. It is perfectly natural that when one wants to sell his goods he should extol their merits and that if he wants to buy a property he should go about it quietly and if he has knowledge of its merits should say as little as possible about them until he has completed the purchase.

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You Are CORDIALLY INVITED To inspect Our Large stock of Fire Place Fixtures, Mantels, Grates, etc. Mechanics Supply Co., Limited

CAMP PLABAL Canvas Chairs, Canvas Cots, Wicker Chairs, Wicker Tables. Everything in Furniture and Bedding.

D. S. RICKABY Furniture Warehouse and Undertaking Establishment. General Appraiser. Phone 531. 337 ST. JOHN ST.

Sillery Nurseries BERGERVILLE. Landscape and Day Gardening Done Either by Day or Contract. PHONE 295. JOHN RAMSDEN, GARDENER.

W. Jacques & Sons 42 1/2 Fabrique Street Telephone 427

\$10.00 Cash \$6.00 per month will get a beautiful PIANO in your home. Just receiving a new stock of PIANOS from the leading manufacturers. ARTHUR LAVIGNE 54 Couillard Street

AUTUMN MILLINERY Latest Styles, Novelties and New Creations for the most Stylish Dressers. Direct from Paris and New York Are now being displayed by Misses M. & A. Brownrigg Importers of Fine Millinery, 64-66 St. John Street.

PLACE D'ARMES HOUSE, 18 ST ANNE ST. Newly Repaired. Formerly the St. George House. First-class Rooms with all modern conveniences, also table board. Excellent Cuisine. Phone 5582. Rates Reasonable. MRS. BERTAND. Ja.10xtu,th,staixly

GLIMPSSES OF OLD QUEBEC From the Files of THE CHRONICLE, Oct., 1885 and 1815. THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY A HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY

Small-Pox in Sault au Matelot Street. The Health Officers were notified of its existence in Sault au Matelot Street, evidently brought here from Montreal as one of those affected has been in the habit of visiting that city every week. How he escaped the medical men at the boats and trains shows that there is leakage somewhere. Our only security against this leakage is to

WAR TOYS. Rapid Fire Cannon.—Simple to operate. Positive in action. Shoots as fast as the crank is turned. Price, 75 cents each. Submarine and Dreadnought.—The submarine fires a torpedo and blows up the Dreadnought. The latter can instantly be built and operation repeated as often as desired. A most exciting and interesting toy. Price 75c each.

T. H. O'NEILL, 248 St. John Street. BLUE PRINTS Done by Electrical Machine, in short notice. HAMEL & TESSIER CIVIL ENGINEERS. Blue Print Dept. 51 St. Peter Street, Quebec.

Military Goods JUST RECEIVED. Men's Pigskin Puttee Leggings, size 13 1/2 to 17. Men's Pigskin Leggings, with spring in front; size 13 1/2 to 17. Porpoise Laces and Laces of all kinds. Polishes and Brushes. A full assortment of Military Long Rubber Boots, size 6 to 11. Leather Boots and Rubber Sole Shoes, of all descriptions. Custom Work and Repairing.

For Your Fall Clothing If style, cut and finish count with you, give me a trial for your FALL CLOTHING, as I am positive I can please you. I have received a new stock of the very latest Goods, and would take pleasure in showing them to you. S. J. BURKE, 187 ST. JOHN STREET, QUEBEC Telephone 781.

Dr. C. G. WARREN, Surgeon Dentist. Lindsay Bldg., 203 St. John St. Tel. 5916. Jy.9x3m

King's Hotel (Opposite City Hall). D. JANNELLE, Prop. European and American Plan. Rates from \$2.00 per day up. Telephone 1647. M.15xtu,th,staixm

NEPTUNE INN J. T. LEVALLEE, PROP. 115 Mountain Hill. American and European Plan. Cafe Attached to Hotel. Close to Boats, Elevator, Cars. Trains. QUEBEC. Phone 1708

GLIMPSSES OF OLD QUEBEC From the Files of THE CHRONICLE, Oct., 1885 and 1815. THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY A HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY

Mayor and Council Show Example. The small-pox scourge was the topic of the time 30 years ago. We in Quebec have been for unaided indeed, the great majority of our people are alive to the necessity of vaccination and re-vaccination. The Mayor and City Council, with a very few exceptions in that body, have shown an excellent example by submitting to this really slight inconvenience.

So Called Spoils of War. It is a well known historical fact that Napoleon Bonaparte was not over scrupulous in taking from the different countries which he invaded and conquered what he designated as the "spoils of war." Belgium then was a sufferer at his hands, though in a mild form compared with the brutal conduct of Emperor William II of Germany. Napoleon was a war artist—William is a butcher. Napoleon transferred works of art, etc., to Paris for the glory of enriching his capital. The glory of the other is to destroy everything that is not of German, "Kultur." We are informed in these columns of 100 years ago, that the commissioner general of Belgium was authorized to form a detailed statement of all the works of art, public documents etc., carried off by the French in their several invasions of Belgium, and therefore invites all public functionaries, officers, and even individuals who have any knowledge of the carrying off of pictures, statues, designs, models, books, papers, archives, documents etc., interesting the fine arts, the public administration, of the national history to send in all the notifications in their power, to the commissioner for future proceedings.

Bourbon Egotism. It has been said that the Bourbons forgot nothing and learned nothing. Since the return of Louis 18th, he is busy endeavoring to ingratiate himself with his new subjects, though many no doubt still exist who remember the Bourbon regime prior to the revolution that hurled them from the throne. It will be well for Louis if he will perform more and promise less, and get rid of that bane of the Bourbons, Egoism, a few samples of which are here given:—"The will of the King has cast a veil over errors and faults." "The hope of France depends on the King." "A great nation by the voice of the King can make itself respected." All things are under the argis of the monarch. "The advantage which France may hope for depend upon the King."

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WELCOMED AT FRASERVILLE (Continued from Page Three) Mr. Casgrain for the splendid work achieved through his intercession. He affirmed what Mr. Casgrain had said and hoped that the people of Fraserville, and surroundings would always retain the same confidence in the Conservative party which would never be betrayed. Mr. Ovesing Gagnon, Advocate of Quebec, who was one of the many Quebecers who accompanied Mr. Casgrain, next addressed the meeting and took occasion to pay a tribute to Mr. Berube, Deputy for Temiscouata. He congratulated the people of Fraserville on their loyalty to the government and also paid a glowing compliment to the many women present for their interest and aid in the stirring time through which the country is passing. Mr. Berube acclaimed. Mr. Berube was heartily acclaimed by the enthusiastic gathering. Mr. Berube repeated much of what he had said at the Notre Dame du Lac meeting and covered the ground concerning recent events in a thorough manner. His words evoked much appreciation and he was cheered to the echo. Mr. Cimon was the last to speak and his effort, though brief, was a very clever one. He told the people plainly that they had been given too much and all that remained was to meditate on the situation and map the future action accordingly. He thanked Mr. Casgrain most heartily for his visit and kindly interest and called for three hearty cheers for the Minister, which were given with a will. The meeting was brought to a close with the singing of "O Canada" and "God Save the King."

BANQUET IN EVENING. In the evening the Postmaster-General was entertained at a dinner which was given in his honor by his many friends in this district. Mr. L. Berube, Deputy for Temiscouata presided at the banquet, which was attended by a large number of influential citizens of Fraserville and other towns in the district while the Quebecers who accompanied him during the afternoons meeting were also present. Amongst those present were Dr. Paquet, M.P. for L'Islet, Mr. S. C. Rioux, W. A. Potvin, A. J. Turcotte, Mr. Gagnon, Mr. Dupre, F. X. Bessanger, E. H. Cimon, J. E. Laforest, J. Gauthier, L. F. Lebel, M. Raymond, H. Larouche, C. A. Blondeau, St. Paschal, J. C. Tur, J. F. Michaud, Dr. T. W. Michaud, J. H. Tetre, Dr. H. W. Gladston, J. Ernest Sirois, Rhenau Deschenes, L. F. Michaud, J. Rhenau Polidore Langlais, Narcisse Rhenau Polidore Langlais, Narcisse Lebel, Thos. Dionne, Adelard Michel, Jules Langlais, E. A. Doucet, Nelson Caron, J. B. Berube, Jos. E.

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Turcotte, a veteran of the Conservative party. Heroism of Canadians. In conclusion Mr. Casgrain spoke of the heroism of Canadians, including French-Canadians, on the battlefields of St. Julien, Festubert and Langemarck, men whose deeds would make their kinsmen even prouder than ever to bear the name of French-Canadians. The duty of the French-Canadians to the Empire, the country and the government was plain and Mr. Casgrain felt sure that they would not fail. The Postmaster-General's speech was received with great cheering and Mr. Casgrain was evidently touched by the ovation. Mr. A. J. Turcotte, ex-M.P., and close friend of Mr. Casgrain, also made a few timely and clever remarks which made a profound impression upon his hearers. Dr. Paquet, M.P. for L'Islet, Mr. Rioux, P. Langlais, Mr. Potvin, Mr. Cimon and Mr. J. Langlais, advocates, made interesting speeches. The dinner was brought to an end later and it proved an unqualified success in every respect.

RED CROSS SOCIETY. The Treasurer of the Quebec Branch, Red Cross Society, Mrs. John H. Holt, begs to acknowledge with thanks the following contributions: Orleans Fish & Game Club, \$75.00 Miss Mary Eno, 50.00 Mrs. A. E. Scott, proceeds of motor drives at Kamouraska, 33.17 Mrs. McLennan, 25.25 Mrs. McCorkill, 25.00 Capt. and Mrs. W. H. Carter, for Prisoners of War Fund, 20.00 Mrs. Dudley Gilmour, 10.00 Peninsula-Gaspé, 10.00 Oneonta Fish & Game Club, 5.92 Mrs. E. E. Cote, 5.00 Miss Dean, 5.00 Rev. J. Debbage, 5.00 Mrs. Murphy, 5.00 Miss Burnstall, 5.00 Mrs. Ahern, 5.00 Anonymous, through Miss Carter, 5.00 Mrs. Nesbitt, 2.00 Mrs. Cummings, 2.00 Miss Cummings, 1.00 The Misses Thompson, 1.00 Miss Hoare, 1.00 Mrs. McGreevey, 1.00 Mrs. A. G. Campbell, 1.00 Mrs. T. A. Jardine-Ferrestre, 1.00 Mrs. Russell, 1.00 The following have become working members:—Miss L. O'Meara, Miss M. Borland, Miss B. Page, Miss M. Page, Mrs. Alex. Young, Miss Young, Mrs. Duchene, Miss Le Scouteur, Mrs. Bowen.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE. Writs Issued By The Prothonotary. Writs of summonses issued from the Prothonotary's office: Vitalis Gilbert vs. Cie de Publication "La Patrie" Montreal; \$500.00, delatatory libel. Eugene Julien & Cie, Ltd. vs. Romeo Baudry, Montreal; \$12.00 promissory note. Eugene Julien & Co., Ltd. vs. Joseph Henley, Ruisseau des Olines; \$294.50, debt and promissory note. Miss Camille Poliquin vs. Mrs. Julie Henriette Demers, St. Come de Kennebec; \$100.00, alimentary allowance. Pierre Roy vs. Alfred Gingras, St. Agapit; \$910.00, damages. Eugene Julien & Cie, Ltd. vs. Mrs. Laura Delisle and J. A. Cameron, La Tuque; \$663.25. The Hervay, Chemical Co., Ltd. of Canada vs. Edmund Bergeron and Joseph Lauchance, Campbellton, N.B.; \$101.15, check. Hy-dalla Savard vs. Louis Artois, Cape Cove, Gaspé; \$100.00, in factum. Hydalla Savard vs. Louis Davies and Napoleon Davies Manne d'Epee, Gaspé; \$100.00, in factum. Horace Coulombe vs. Max Rosenstain, Quebec; \$118.91, promissory note and account. Canadian Consolidated Rubber Co., Ltd. vs. Healey, Quebec; \$350.00, restitution. Joseph Amyot et al vs. Georges Begin, St. Ephem, Beauce; \$103.38, account. Judgments by Hon. Justice Dorian: Budden vs. Richardson and Peters, T.S. Judgment according to the garnishee's declaration. Clement vs. Cote et vir. Judgment according to the conclusion of the plaintiff's declaration.

DYNES' Special bargains in women's all wool combinations and vests, also girls' drawers and black tights. See advt. on last page. ITALIAN PREMIER LEAVES FOR FRONT. Rome, Oct. 10, via Paris, Oct. 11, 2 a.m.—Great importance is attached in political circles here to the departure of Premier Salandra for the front tonight for a conference. His visit is believed to be connected with the international situation. FARMER CRUSHED TO DEATH. Dresden, Ont., October 10—Bryce Sands, a young Dawn township farmer, was killed yesterday when his team of horses ran away as he was drawing in corn. He was thrown beneath the wheels of the wagon and crushed to death. LADIES! We can make you to special measure a pretty Suit trimmed with fur, at the manufacturers' price. BON-TON COMPANY, 423 St. Joseph Street, Telephone 2315.

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