

A FOUL ATTACK.

THE 'MINERVE' AGAIN BE-
SMIRCHES DR. CHINIQUEY
IN DISGRACEFUL
LANGUAGE.

HOW SENATOR TASSE VIEWS THE VENERABLE
PREACHER'S LIFE AND WORK.

The 'Minerve' at last publishes the article on Dr. Chiniquey, promised a few days ago. It opens by stating that the 'Minerve' has excited public curiosity. The 'Minerve' is alleged to be laden with questions concerning him, that come from even England and Norway. After stating that he will try to reply to the correspondents as correctly as possible, the writer gives a biographical sketch of Dr. Chiniquey. He points out that, having been named cure of Kamouraska, in 1843, the Bishop did not leave him there long, for already, and even before, certain rumors existed that caused his usefulness to come to an end in the parish. The austerity of religious orders might, perhaps, preserve him from further misfortune, and this explains his entering the Longueuil novitiate in 1846. The following year he commenced his temperance crusade, the only good public act which the 'Minerve' knows of him. That crusade made him very popular, for he was eloquent, impressive, knew how to draw tears, imagine heartrending tableaux of the ravages of intemperance, and this secured for him enthusiastic ovations, he found there ample satisfaction for his immense vanity.

The writer then refers to Dr. Chiniquey's movement of 1850-51 to found Canadian parishes in Illinois, a movement which was successful and caused several thousand farmers to emigrate. After a few years Dr. Chiniquey found the way to go into rebellion against the bishop of Chicago, who was alarmed, with reason, at the new doctrines which he was beginning to preach. On Sept. 3, 1856, he was interdicted by Bishop O'Regan, once on the slope of the abyss, Chiniquey did not take long to go to the bottom, and at a large meeting held in Kankakee, on Aug. 22, 1853, he declared that all the lies between himself and the pope and bishops were broken, and that he would found, with his people, a Catholic Christian Church. As so far, the secret of the reasons which had impelled Chiniquey's successive transfers from one presbytery to another, had been sufficed, he had acquired great ascendancy over the Canadians of Illinois, who saw in him the celebrated apostle of temperance. At first, Chiniquey could easily make the Canadians believe that he was innocent and that he was persecuted on account of his nationality, and nearly all his compatriots in Illinois sided with him. After quoting Bishop Bourget's pastoral letter of Feb. 4, 1859, in which he pronounced Chiniquey a heretic, the writer asks: What has Chiniquey been doing since? Not satisfied with sowing tares in the parishes of Illinois, he has visited nearly all the countries in the world to explain his apostasy and to represent the Catholic religion as a Babylon, an anti-christ, in which everything is soiled, everything is perverted from top to bottom.

If he had simply preached his new faith in peace, we would have nothing to say. But everywhere he went he insulted our faith, and he never missed appealing to the simplicity and generosity of his hearers, in order to obtain funds to 'convert' the priests of Rome. In England he boasted of having gained thirty priests and gave it to be understood that with more money, they would all be on his side. His awful books have penetrated everywhere, and from California, from England, from Denmark, from Norway, from Australia, he now and then demands of information concerning that sad fellow who has carried over the whole world his lies and his shamelessness. At the present moment, he is having a lawsuit with the Bishop of Norway, who has warned him back against the ravishing wolf.

Chiniquey boasts of having placed his life in danger at least twenty times, in preaching the Gospel, especially in Montreal, Quebec, Ottawa, Charlotte-town, Halifax and Antigonish, and that he has often been run after and stoned in different parts of Australia. According to him, he would almost be a martyr.

Why the strong hatred aroused by his name? Why was he recently hooted and pelted with stones? It is not because he belongs to a Protestant sect. Our city—the city of the 'Witness'—is covered with Protestants, and we do not think that a stone has ever been disturbed in them by Catholic hands. When the people use violence against a man who exasperates them, it is because they feel indignant at the idea that Chiniquey broke all his vows; that he practiced concubinage; that he insulted the mother of God; that he sought to degrade the confessional, that he was the sorcerer of the soul; that he was unceasingly vomiting his rage against all that we regard as sacred.

Yes, Chiniquey has insulted the virgin Mary, the one of whom Wordsworth, a Protestant, said: Here she gives a quotation from Wordsworth, and continues: 'The other day, Chiniquey celebrated the thirtieth anniversary of his marriage. Some time after, Chiniquey had intended to marry a woman named Allard—it would be a pity to say that she is good looking, for he had three children, although two of them are living, one having married Pastor Mornin. But Chiniquey may sing

as much as he wishes with Beranger's good cure:
Et son, son, son
Aimons-nous, zuzon.

All the marriages in the world will not prevent Chiniquey from remaining a priest, bearing a priest's title and responsibilities. Although he may live in concubinage, walk to and fro in sacrilege, the nuptial dress cannot take the place of the other dress. Speaking of the marriage of ex-Father Hyacinthe, become Abbe Loysen, Louis Veulliot exclaimed: 'Oh, woman, what a bigamist you are taking there! For that man calls himself a widower, but his first wife is living, and he assassinated his wife only. Yes, priest, that is never erased. Tu es sacerdos in eternum!'

Chiniquey could not then marry without breaking the vow of celibacy which he took on the day when he became a priest of God. Thus have ended nearly all the monks and nuns who, under the pretence of devotion to ecclesiastical morals and discipline, have left the cloister to transform themselves into marrying men and marrying women. 'Comedy that ends like the comedies, when every one marries in the last act!'

Then follow quotations from Fitzwilliams, Calvin and Jean Jacques Rousseau, after which the article adds: 'Chiniquey crowned his iniquities by publicly committing a horrible sacrilege in the small church of Russell Hall, in this city, on Jan. 30, 1877. Not satisfied with celebrating mass, and he has a right to do so, since he has not ceased to be a priest, he consecrated hosts, threw them up in the air in pieces and trampled upon them to show that they had no more power before than after the consecration, and he exclaimed: "That is the God of the Catholics." That the 'Witness' may not cry out that we are inventing, we will quote the report of that pronouncement as it appeared on the following day in the very columns of that paper:

After the quotation from the 'Witness' the article winds up as follows: 'Yes, that man has soiled the lips which God had consecrated to teach us. He tore to pieces the noble gown which he had adorned with the sacrifice of duty, of honor. He has introduced sin and death into many families whose credulity and ignorance could not protect them against the guile of his language. Let him disappear from our sight as an infectious plague.'

At the age of eighty-four years, one, it seems to me, of God. Let him fear his avenging justice. The blood of the Redeemer is not insulted during so many years with impunity.

Woe to the man of schism! he said one of the apostles. He shall be bound by an eternal anathema and thrown into the outer darkness. There shall be tears and gnashing of teeth. (Matt. xvii, 7.)

LOWELL ON 'THE FIVE INDISPENSABLE AUTHORS.'

(From a hitherto unpublished essay in the December 'Century'.)

There are certain books which it is necessary to read, but they are very few. Looking at the matter from an aesthetic point of view, I should say that there is but only one man who has been able to use types so universal, and to draw figures so cosmopolitan, that they are equally true in all languages and equally acceptable to the whole Indo-European branch, at least, of the human family. That man is Homer, and there needs, it seems to me, no further proof of his individual existence than this very fact of the solitary unapproachableness of the 'Iliad' and of the 'Odyssey.' The more wonderful they are, the more likely to be the work of one person. Nowhere is the purely natural man presented to us so nobly and sincerely as in these poems.

Not far below these I should place the 'Divina Commedia' of Dante, in which the history of the spiritual man is sketched with equal command of material and grandeur of outline. Don Quixote stands upon the same level, and receives the same universal appreciation. Here we have the spiritual and the natural man set before us in humorous contrast. In the knight and his squire, Cervantes has typified the two opposing poles of our dual nature—the imagination and the understanding as they appear in contradiction. This is the only comprehensive satire ever written, for it is utterly independent of time, place and manners.

Paust gives us the natural history of the human intellect, Mephistopheles being merely the projected impersonation of that skepticism which is the inevitable result of a purely intellectual culture. These four books are the only ones in which universal facts of human nature and experience are ideally represented. They can, therefore, never be displaced.

I have not mentioned Shakespeare, because his works come under a different category. Though they mark the very highest level of human genius, they yet represent no special epoch in the history of the individual mind. The man of Shakespeare is always the man of actual life as he is acted upon by the force of sense and of spirit under certain definite conditions. We all of us may be in the position of Macbeth or Othello or Hamlet, and we appreciate their sayings and deeds potentially, so to speak, rather than actually, through the sympathy of our common nature and not of our experience.

THE MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

NOT MANY NEW FACES MAY APPEAR IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBERS.

People are beginning to count how many new faces will be seen in the new City Council. Perhaps there will not be more than six or seven after all, owing to the reduction in the number of aldermen. According to a ward politician, there may be one new face from St. Mary's ward, one from St. Jean Baptiste, two from St. Denis one from St. Antoine and one from St. Gabriel.

It is said that Ald. Renault in St. Louis ward, will have Mr. Paquette for an opponent. The names of Messrs. Gouin and Francois Fournier are mentioned here as possible opponents to Ald. Savignac.

At St. James ward meeting last evening, Mr. Lemieux reported having visited upon Mr. Jesse Joseph and enquired about that alleged offer of \$2,000 to Ald. Desmarreux, if the latter voted against the Coates contract. Mr. Joseph in reply had said to Mr. Lemieux, 'Who is Ald. Desmarreux?' I do not even know him. Get him to affirm his statement and I will take action. There is no truth in it.'

Ald. Desmarreux was charged by his opponents with violating confidences by stating that Archbishop Barre had given a non-committal answer to a question whether institutions engaged in industrial work should or should not be taxed. A letter was read from the Rev. Canon Archambault, stating that the Archbishop regretted that the conversation had been made public.

ST. GABRIEL WARD.

The following letter has been received by the St. Gabriel division of the Volunteer Electoral League:

In answer to yours of Jan. 16 inst. I beg leave to assure your society that in the coming election in which I am a candidate for seat No. 1, I will neither personally nor through my agents permit any practices contrary to law, and that I will do all in my power to support the principles of the league in its efforts to put down bribery and personation. If elected I promise to do my utmost to secure to the city honest and economical government, and I respectfully solicit your influence and support.

Yours truly,
LOUIS A. JACQUES.

In reply to this letter the league has sent the following resolution to Mr. Jacques:

Resolved, that in view of the fact that Mr. Louis A. Jacques by his letter of Jan. 17 has declared his intention to conform to the requirements of the law and also support the principles of the league as regards corrupt practices and personation, the St. Gabriel division of the Volunteer Electoral League hereby accepts him as their candidate for seat No. 1 of St. Gabriel Ward and will use their united efforts to secure his election.

MISS LUNN TELLS ABOUT KESWICK.

'We would see Jesus' is the motto which Miss Barber has hung in the window of Evangelistic Hall, St. Catherine street, to remind those who daily gather there of the object of the meetings. On Thursday Miss Lunn occupied the chair and after a Bible reading spoke, by request, about the Keswick meetings. Keswick is a small place in Cumberland, England, most beautifully situated among the hills, where every year Christians meet with the definite object of seeking to know the 'lift of faith,' a life which is continually under the power of the Holy Spirit.

Canon Battersby started these meetings years ago. This year there were overflow meetings from the first. Mr. Hubert Brooke amused the audience by saying that in Canada he and his friends had been mentioned in the papers as Keswick Brethren with a large B, but they were not. It was to be understood, a separate sect. The meetings were held in large tents and were so crowded that sometimes one was glad to sit on the ground near the door. Only short prayers were allowed, and Miss Lunn thought that in Canada might take a lesson on this point.

Great numbers of university students attend this convention camping round. In England, where you see so much that is different—on one side a great stream of infidelity and on the other a great stream flowing into the Church of Rome, it is very delightful to find at Keswick whole families of which every member is a devoted Christian. In conclusion, Miss Lunn urged Montrealers when they visited England to attend the Keswick meetings if possible.

Another speaker called attention to the fact that meetings of similar power and interest were held at Old Orchard each summer, and Miss Barber remarked that we might have in Montreal Keswick and Old Orchard combined. The power of God has been deeply felt in these daily meetings. Mrs. McWilliams is to take the meeting on Saturday.

MR. PERRY AND THE SYNOD.

We have a letter from Mr. Alfred Perry defending the Notre Dame Hospital against charges brought against it in the Synod, claiming that any minister can there see any patient he cares to see and that no hospital can rightly permit ministers of all denominations to go from cot to cot questioning the patients as to their faith.

Mr. Perry also asks why there is no report on the charges made last year against the Boys' Home, which charges were publicly investigated, and should, Mr. Perry thinks, now be reported on before similar charges are taken up against other institutions.

THE Y. M. C. A. ELEVATOR.

A question having arisen as to whether the elevator in the Y. M. C. A. building was for the use of the students, Mr. Patton, the secretary of the association, was seen on the subject this morning, and stated that the elevator was running only three evenings in the week, and was only for the convenience of the employees and persons renting offices on the upper flats.

A LITTLE GIRL'S ACCIDENT.

USED A REVOLVER AS A PLAYTHING.

A little girl five years of age shot herself in the head with a loaded revolver this morning and was at once taken to the General Hospital. It appears that the little one, who is a daughter of Mr. Hardman, Core St. Antoine, found the revolver in the house and not knowing what a dangerous plaything it was commenced to handle it.

She pulled back the hammer of the trigger and immediately a loud report brought the members of the family upon the scene. The child was found lying on the floor wounded in the head, but happily the wound was only a scalp one and not dangerous. Nevertheless, it was a close call and carries its own moral.

ANOTHER JEWEL ROBBERY.

The robbing of jewellery stores seems to be becoming epidemic. There was a third instance last night, when the plate glass window of Mr. Lavigne's jewellery store, on upper St. Lawrence street, was smashed with a sledge-bolt, and \$400 worth of the contents of the window carried off. Detective Lafontaine had charge of the case. Barret, while in Harp's second hand store, saw Israel Trudeau, a young man, trying to dispose of a ring. He arrested Trudeau. Other rings were found upon him which were claimed by Mr. Lavigne. The prisoner denied all knowledge of the robbery and also denied the fact that Detective Barret had taken any rings from him. The prisoner was remanded for eight days.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE, Friday, Jan. 19, 1894.

FINANCIAL.

The market closed firm and more active this afternoon.

The sales this afternoon were:

25 Com. Cable at 135 1/4; 35 at 135 1/4.
35 Rich. & Ont. Nav. at 88; 25 at 88 1/2; 75 at 88 1/2; 25 at 89 1/4; 50 at 73 1/2.
8 Street Railway at 164; 8 at 165; 25 at 165.
4 Peoples Bank at 102.
10 Mont. Cot. at 138; 8 at 108.

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marier, stock brokers, corner of Notre Dame and St. Francois Xavier streets.

Bank of Montreal	Sellers	Buyer
Ontario Bank	117	110
Bank of Quebec	125	120
Bank of Toronto	125	120
Bank of Nova Scotia	125	120
Bank of New Brunswick	125	120
Bank of New England	125	120
Bank of the Maritimes	125	120
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BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. When announcement of funeral, extended obituary or verse accompany such notice further charge will be made. Notices received from annual subscribers inserted free.

MARRIED.

BILTON-BAYLISS—On the 17th instant, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. George H. Smith, M.A., of Danville, Winfield Walter Bilton, of Lendville, Col., to Louise, daughter of Mr. Wm. Bayliss, of Sherbrooke.

CROSS-WILSON—On Jan. 17, 1894, by the Rev. L. M. England, at the residence of the bride's father, Farnham, P.Q., Ira L. Cross, to N. Frances Wilson, daughter of John Wilson, Esq.

GRANVILLE-McGARRY—On New Year's Day, 1894, at St. James's Church, West Hamstead, London, Eng., by the Rev. C. McAnally, vicar, Clifford Kerr, son of the late Rev. A. K. B. Granville, to Jennie, daughter of Daniel McGarry, Esq., of Montreal.

Halfpenny papers please copy.

HAMILTON-BALL—At Belleville, Ont., on Jan. 8, 1894, by the Rev. E. N. Baker, M.A., B.D., John D. Hamilton, to Catherine M., only daughter of Charles A. F. Ball, Esq., Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont.

JOHNSTON-ROBINSON—On Sunday, Jan. 14, 1894, at the home of the bride's father, by the Rev. R. L. Oakley, Mr. Hiram F. Johnston, G.T.R. Agent, Marquette, Mich., to Emily Weller, daughter of Councillor Cyrus Robinson, of Gainsboro, Lincoln Co., Ont.

MILLAR-McMARTIN—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 17th instant, by the Rev. J. Patterson, Montreal, Mr. Wm. Millar, son of R. Millar, Esq., St. Eustache, to Emma, daughter of James McMARTIN, Esq., Grande Prairie.

MACKINNON-OLIVER—On Jan. 15, 1894, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. J. McKinnon, 38 Earl street, Toronto, by the Rev. G. M. Milligan, P. D. Mackinnon, of Winnipeg, to Pauline, daughter of Mr. James Oliver, late of Brussels.

RAMSEY-LANCASTER—In All Saints' Church, North Eby, by the Rev. C. P. Abbott, on Jan. 10, 1894, Thos. Albert Ramsey, son of A. Ramsey, of Acton, to Elizabeth Hannah, daughter of George Lancaster, of Roxton Falls.

ROBINSON-MOORE—At the residence of the bride's father, on Wednesday, Jan. 10, 1894, by the Rev. R. L. Oakley, of Wellandport, Mr. Levi Robinson, of Gainsboro, to Australia (Thelma), daughter of Mr. Wm. Moore, of Welland, Welland County, Ont.

DIED.

COHN—On Jan. 17, 1894, in this city, Herbert Louis, only beloved son of Henry L. and Harriet Cohn, aged two years and five months. Funeral will leave his father's residence, 38 Hyde street, Point St. Charles, on Saturday, at 2:30 p.m., Jan. 20, to place of interment. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

BODWELL—On Dec. 23, 1893, at the residence of his eldest daughter, Mrs. W. F. Glidden, West Oxford, Andrew Bodwell, Esq., of Ingersoll, Ont., aged 63 years and five months, youngest son of the late Captain James Bodwell, of Oxford County, Ont., and formerly of Stanstead County, Que.

CHRISTIE—At Dunany, the Gore, P.Q., on Jan. 11, 1894, Margaret A. Swail, wife of W. J. Christie, aged 72 years and seven months. Her end was peace.

DORÉ—Fell asleep in Jesus, at Pointe-aux-Trembles, on Dec. 10, 1893, Hattie A. M. Doré, youngest daughter of Antoine Doré, of Tavares, aged 18 years, 2 months and 11 days.

DYMOND—At the residence of his grandfather, A. H. Dymond, Brantford, Ont., on Jan. 16, 1894, Elliott Keith, only son of the late A. H. Dymond, of the Bank of Commerce, Paris, and Annie Howell Dymond, in the fourth year of her age.

ENGLISH—At 133 Laval avenue, on Jan. 17, of scarlet fever, William Law, only son of R. English, aged three years and three months.

FARR—At Albany, N.Y., on Nov. 2, 1893, Caroline H. Hicks, widow of the late Rev. George Farr, in the 89th year of her age. Mrs. Farr was born in Chelsea, Vermont, Sept. 25, 1805. She went with her father, Wm. Hicks and family, to Montreal, in 1831. She was married at Lacoste by the Rev. Wm. Abbott, of St. Andrew's, to the Rev. Geo. Farr, Feb. 25, 1829. She left two daughters, Mrs. Caroline A. Nichols and Mary E. Farr, both of Albany, N.Y., and one brother, George F. Hicks, of St. Paul, Minn.

FEENEY—At Sillery, Que., on Jan. 14, 1894, Mary Elizabeth, wife of James Feeney, jr.

HAMMOND—At Millie Isles, P.Q., on Jan. 7, 1894, John Hammond, aged 72 years.

HUME—In the Township of Seymour, County of Northumberland, Ont., on Jan. 2, '94, Jane Patterson, wife of Mr. Thomas Hume, aged 63 years and 9 months.

LE MEASUREUR—In this city, Jan. 17, aged 25 years, Priscilla Anne, youngest daughter of W. W. Le Measureur.

SOMERVILLE—At the residence of his son T. C. Somerville, Brodie Farm, Cote St. Paul, on Thursday, Jan. 18, 1894, John Somerville, of paralytic, aged 85 years, formerly of Champlain, Argenteuil.

WALLIS—At their late residence, Windsor Forest, Stafford County, Virginia, U.S., on Jan. 10, 1894, Alfred Wickliffe Wallis, in the 71st year of his age, and on the 11th day of January, Eliza, his wife, in the 72nd year of her age, formerly of the County of York, Ont., Canada.

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends. Marked copies of the "Witness" containing such notice will be sent free to any address in Canada. Montreal accepted.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN VIOLETS
FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF
Will be found as fresh, delicate and sweet as the VIOLET. Price 50c and \$1.00 a bottle; also a large assortment of other PERFUMES.

C. J. COVERTON & CO.
Corner of Bleury and Dorchester streets.

ALARM CLOCKS.

FOR \$1.00.

Good, Sound, Reliable Clocks.

CABINET CLOCKS.

Walnut & Oak Cases, 8 Day Half Hour Strikes.

D. BEATTY.

Watchmaker and Jeweller, successor to Henry Ross. At the Old Stand, 137 ST. PETER STREET. Telephone 3694.

CARSLY'S COLUMN.

ATTEND CARSLY'S
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GREAT JANUARY SALE

And Save from 20 to 75 percent
And Save from 20 to 75 percent
And Save from 20 to 75 percent
And Save from 20 to 75 percent
And Save from 20 to 75 percent

ON YOUR PURCHASES
ON YOUR PURCHASES
ON YOUR PURCHASES
ON YOUR PURCHASES
ON YOUR PURCHASES

S. CARSLY.

GREAT GLOVE SALE

All Gloves Reduced.

Special lot of Ladies' 8-Button length Black Mousquetaire Kid Gloves and Ladies' 4-Button Tan Suede Gloves in several sizes.

Reduced to 25c pair.

Children's Black Kid Gloves, Reduced to 18c pair.

Lot of Ladies' Lined Winter Gloves, To be Cleared at 75c pair.

For the January Cheap Sale.

Ladies' 4-Button Tan Kid Gloves, 35c and 55c pair.

ALL-WOOL GLOVES REDUCED

Ladies' Colored Cashmere Gloves, 10c pair.

Boys' Fancy Wool Gloves, 18c pair.

AT CARSLY'S.

BOYS' OVERCOATS

One Special Lot of Boys' Winter Overcoats, in small sizes, to be Cleared

AT HALF-PRICE.

Boys' Winter Overcoats, from \$1.35 each.

Boys' Tweed Cape Overcoats, from \$2.00 each.

Boys' Nap Cloth Cape Overcoats, from \$3.25 each.

YOUTHS' TWEED OVERCOATS

January Sale Price, \$4.10.

Youths' Frieze and Beaver Overcoats Reduced for the Great January Sale.

ALL YOUNG MEN'S OVERCOATS

Reduced to Special Prices for January Great Sale

AT CARSLY'S.

Great January Sale

—OF—

BOYS' WINTER CLOTHING.

Our entire stock comprising some thousands of suits of the latest styles and patterns in perfect fitting Tailor-made Clothing will be offered all this month at

SPECIAL SALE PRICES.

Every Suit in stock Reduced.

Boys' Serge Sailor Suits for 75c.

Boys' Tweed Suits.

One Lot of

BOYS' JERSEY SUITS

Reduced to Half-Price

AT CARSLY'S.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

Some extraordinary Bargains just turned out

FOR SATURDAY'S TRADE.

Special Line Men's Heavy Ribbed Winter Undervests and Drawers,

January Sale Price, 19c each.

Special Line Men's Heavy Ribbed Double Breasted Vests and Drawers,

January Sale Price, 20c each.

MEN'S UNLAUNDRIED SHIRTS.

Special Line Men's Unlaundried Shirts, in all sizes,

January Sale Price, 30c each.

Another Line Extra Value, 45c each.

AT CARSLY'S.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

One Big Lot

Of Men's Fancy Silk Derby Ties in several colors,

Only 12c each.

All Neckwear Reduced

For the Great January Sale.

Men's Wool Socks, 7c pair.

MEN'S WINTER HOSIERY

MEN'S WINTER OVERCOATS

The remainder of our stock of Men's Winter Overcoats to be cleared

At Special Sale Prices.

Rigby Overcoats Reduced

AT CARSLY'S.

RIGBY COATS REDUCED.

All Rigby Overcoats are reduced in price for the January Sale.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

S. Carsley has no Branch Stores in Montreal.

S. CARSLY.

Notre Dame street.

S. CARSLY,

Notre Dame street, Montreal

JOHN MURPHY & CO'S ADVERTISEMENT.

THE GREATEST THAW ON RECORD!



'The thaw' among the unparalleled bargains at JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S

GREAT DISCOUNT REMOVAL SALE!

It differs from Nature's thaw. It is quite in season, and all the ladies delight in it.

FIFTY PERCENT OFF KID GLOVES.

65 dozen Ladies' 4-button, 4-clasp and 6-button length KID GLOVES, all good serviceable shades, former prices \$1.10, \$1.25 and \$1.35 per pair.

OUR PRICE TO CLEAR ONLY 60c PER PAIR.

COME EARLY AND SECURE A PAIR!

RIG BARGAINS in all lines of CASHMERE GLOVES.

68c NET.

68c NET.

68c NET.

The Cheapest SHIRT in Canada. Beautiful Unlaundried WHITE SHIRT, 75c, 10 percent or 68c net. Three LADIES' ALL WOOL UNDERVESTS, for 90c, former price 85c each.

OUR PRICE TO CLEAR, 3 FOR 90c.

Two LADIES' Very Fine ALL WOOL UNDERVESTS, former price 85c each.

PRICE NOW, 2 FOR 90c.

GREAT EMBROIDERY SALE!

TWENTY PERCENT DISCOUNT.

All our stock of Finest SWISS MUSLIN (invisible stitch) NAINSOOK and LAWN EMBROIDERIES, embracing our new importations received for the coming spring trade, to clear at 80 percent discount.

Twenty Percent Discount allowed off Dressmaking During Sale.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,

1781 and 1783 NOTRE DAME STREET, and 105, 107, 109 and 111 ST. PETER ST.

TERMS CASH AND ONLY ONE PRICE.

FLATS TO LET IN OUR NEW BUILDING

INSPECTOR STREET,

ABOVE ST. ANTOINE.

Two Fine Flats, 62x35, lighted on four sides, with elegant office and sample room if wanted. Heated, with steam elevators and power.

This is, without exception, the finest factory building in Montreal, very suitable for fine manufacturing business. Apply

TROY STEAM LAUNDRY CO.,

Corner St. Antoine and Inspector streets,

or, 140 St. Peter street.

NATIONAL BAKERY,

A JOINT STOCK COMPANY WITH A CAPITAL OF \$200,000, DIVIDED INTO SHARES OF \$5.00.

The Provisional committee have the honor to inform those interested that the subscription list for this philanthropic and hygienic enterprise is now open to the public, at the provisional office of the Company.

11 COSFORD STREET.

Fronting the eastern side of the City Hall.

OFFICE HOURS: 10 to 12.30 a.m.

2.30 to 5 p.m.

Notice is hereby given to the public that subscribers will get their BREAD at the lowest possible price of manufacture, a price that will evidently be over and above all competition, considering the improved machinery used by the company.

THESE PRIVILEGES ARE SOLELY FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

The quality of the BREAD will equal the best and purest in the world; and that is to say, we will actually deliver.

PARIS, VIENNA, AND GLASGOW BREAD.

the reputation of which is universally known.

HOOP LA!

ME CATCHEE COLD! ME TAKLEE NOTTLE!

GLAY'S SILOP

RED SPICE GUM.

John Chinaman's Evidence goes to show that he was cured.

COLDS! COLDS! COLDS!

TRY IT! TRY IT!

ONE BOTTLE CURES.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., Proprietors, 25c a bottle.

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS' ADVERTISEMENT.

HELLO! HELLO!

YOUNG MAN!

RENEW YOUR WARDROBE

—AT OUR—

GREAT JANUARY CLEARING SALE.

Where Wonderful Bargains can be procured in New and Stylish GENTS' FURNISHING and HOSIERY.

LOWER THAN EVER!

JUST STUDY OUR PRICES!

Beautiful WHITE SHIRTS, with Linen Fronts and Bands, only 75c.

Good WHITE TWILLED COTTON NIGHT SHIRTS, only 75c.

Choice FLANNELETTE NIGHT SHIRTS, only 75c.

MEN'S FLANNELETTE SHIRTS, in Blue or Gray, only \$1.00.

MEN'S FLANNELETTE SHIRTS, only 75c.

BOYS' FLANNELETTE SHIRTS, only 25c.

MEN'S BRACES, 15c. BOYS' BRACES, 10c.

MEN'S and BOYS' LINEN COLLARS, in all Styles, \$1.00 doz., 10c each.

MEN'S and BOYS' SILK TIES, all Styles, 2 for 25c.

MEN'S LINEN CUFFS, 25c.

BOYS' LINEN CUFFS, 10c each.

WOMEN'S CASHMERE HOSE, 25c up.

WOMEN'S WOOLLEN HOSE, 25c up.

CHILDREN'S WOOLLEN HOSE, 12c up.

MEN'S WOOL SOCKS, 25c up.

MEN'S HEAVY WOOL SHIRTS and PANTS, 90c sett.

BOYS' WINTER UNDERWEAR, from 50c Suit up.

LADIES' ALL WOOL VESTS, from 30c up.

The Best and Cheapest Assortment of Gent's Furnishing and Hosiery.

—AT—

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS,

THE FAMILY LINEN AND DRAPERY HOUSE,

203 to 207 ST. ANTOINE STREET.

144 to 150 Mountain street.

TELEPHONE, 8225.

Branch:—ST. CATHERINE STREET,

Corner Buckingham Avenue.

Telephone 3335.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, JAN. 19.

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

MR. GEORGE HAGUE'S LECTURE.

Mr. George Hague delivered an address at the Young Men's Christian Association last night upon the theme of the times, 'Capital and Labor,' and the questions that surround it.

Mr. Hague said he spoke from practical experience, his own father had worked at a trade before setting up in business for himself. He, the speaker, had been in constant contact with the working man and was intimately acquainted with the lives of the workers and the causes that made them either poor or rich. His experience was that the sober, industrious, religious man was successful in life and that the reverse applied to his opposite. That, in fact, the 'well-to-do' man was the man of character. He quoted numerous instances within his own experience to prove his contention. The man who wasted his time, smoked and drank, attended races and such like must blame himself for his poverty, not society.

It was often said that men with large capital could not have come by it honestly. In the experience of the speaker that might be true, but was it true in fact?

When the United States was at war they found it necessary to raise the enormous sum of \$10,000,000 in Europe; the firm who were commissioned to do this charged only a very small commission, but this totalled up to a great sum. Was this not honestly earned?

A railway projected to develop a continent might cost \$10,000,000 and then fail; a syndicate might buy it up and make a fortune; on the other hand they stood an equal chance of losing. Were they not entitled to what they made?

It was said that no man could honestly make \$100,000,000. Could he not? A man might paint a picture in one week worth \$50,000. A single firm over a legitimate transaction made \$5,000,000, but they stood the chance to lose as well as to make it. These things were done in the open market and the world only gave them what they were worth. The money they earned was kept and fructified, and every country benefited by it, including Canada. No millionaire could live for himself—it invariably happened that others shared in his wealth according to their capacities. \$15,000 weekly was voted for the expenses of Louis Napoleon. It was granted freely, not by force. While in exile in London he had for the same period perhaps \$5. Well, how much extra did he eat or wear. Perhaps \$50, not more. The remainder was distributed in his own country and abroad, and some of it came to Canada

ST. ANTOINE MARKET BURNED.

AN EARLY MORNING FIRE DOES MUCH DAMAGE.

St. Antoine market was almost totally destroyed by fire last night. About 1.30 this morning an alarm was sounded from box 47, and was quickly followed by a second alarm from box 43. When the firemen reached the scene of the conflagration they realized that there was hard work in store for them. The flames spread very rapidly, and it was only a matter of a minute or two before the cupola and the eastern portion of the market were wrapped in flames. The firemen worked hard to conquer their enemy. No. 10 steamer done good work in the centre of the building, where the flames and smoke were thickest. At the western end of the market Nos. 3 and 15 streams did their work, whilst on the south side were streams from Nos. 2, 9 and 12, and in

the middle of December a telegram came from him asking if February would suit. An immediate reply was sent accepting his offer, and the work of preparation was vigorously resumed. Mr. Mills's methods are different from those of most evangelists. He does not accept an invitation from a number of individuals or from an association of ministers. The invitation must be given by a number of congregations, through their official boards, and they must agree to co-operate in the movement. The money necessary must all be raised before the meetings commence. No collections are allowed at the services, and Mr. Mills receives no remuneration, excepting what may be given him voluntarily. He is accompanied by a musical director who assumes charge of the musical part of the services, and also by an assistant evangelist who helps at the meetings and visits all whose names are handed in and are not connected with any of our city churches. A large number of committees are required to manage the different departments of the work, the whole city will be canvassed, hundreds of Christian men and women will be actively engaged in the movement and vigorous efforts will be put forth to reach all classes.

efforts to promote pure and undefiled religion by their sympathy, their prayers and active co-operation. In behalf of the Executive Committee, F. M. DEWEY, Secretary. Montreal, Jan. 10, 1894.

NEWS FROM THE ORIENT.

ADVISED PER SS. 'EMPERESS OF JAPAN.' Vancouver, B.C., Jan. 19.—The steamer 'Empress of Japan' brings the following Oriental advices: A second edition of the Siamese twins, now being exhibited at Han Chow, are two nice looking boys about six years old, bound together by a ligament of flesh near the middle of their sides. They are much alike in appearance and as near equal in size as it is possible to be. The 'North China Daily News' says: 'We understand that no more obstacles are to be put in the way of Chinese desire to establish cotton mills at treaty ports on condition that they pay a royalty of one tael per bale produced to a fund for the re-establishment of the Shanghai cotton cloth mill, until the fund amounts to 2,000,000 taels, this royalty to be subject to reduction if the yarn falls below a certain standard. We may now expect to see Shanghai rapidly becoming a centre of cotton manufacture, rivaling Bombay. A telegram from Wu Chang states that the Governor of Hupeh will start next month for Ze Chuan on a secret mission of importance by command of the throne. It is reported he goes to investigate the missionary outrages of that province. Commenting on the Sung Pu massacre, the Hong Kong 'Daily Press' says: Although a couple of heads are to be struck off, and a certain sum of money is to be paid, practically nothing is to be done in the way of punishing the officials who were really responsible for the foul murder of the two Swedish missionaries. A violent shock of earthquake was felt at Yamagata, on Dec. 21 at 11.10 a.m. It lasted for five minutes. Much damage was done to houses, some falling their walls shaken down. The frames of the dormitory of the Yamagata Prefectural Ordinary Middle School, lately erected, were overthrown. A weaker shock was felt at 12.30 p.m. the following day.

FARM GLEANINGS.

The need of organization was never more apparent than at the present time, nor was there ever a period when the farmers were more nearly ripe for such a movement.

When the value of peas as a fodder crop becomes better known, we shall see it made a great addition to our present list of cattle foods. Owing to their high percent of protein they serve well to feed in connection with corn. Either use as green fodder or as cured hay they are a crop worth growing. There's something kind of cheerful-like about the farmer's eyes. When he knows the summer's over and he doesn't have to rise about the time the daylight's a-peepin' thro' the gloom, and work until the moon's up 'mid the grain that's all in bloom; But instead he sorter calculates he'll hook old 'Buck' and 'Jesse' to his cutter in the evenin', and put on his Sunday dress; Then go a courtin' Lizer, with her apron and new frock, When the crop is on the market and the cash is in his sock.

The Philadelphia 'Enquirer' says:—The ethics of good sleep should form a part of household morality. It is hardly an extravagant assertion that few people, after childhood has passed, know by experience what perfect sleep is, and satisfy themselves with a poor apology for this most perfect refreshment. Rising tired and weary from a disturbed, imperfect sleep, they proceed to summon up lost energies by strong tea or coffee, which in turn, again interferes with a perfect rest at night; and this process of life, more than any other, wears women out and makes them prematurely old.

A very convenient muclage can be made out of onion juice by any one who wishes to use it. A good-sized Spanish onion, after being boiled a short time, will yield on being pressed quite a large quantity of very adhesive fluid. This is used quite extensively in various trades for pasting paper on to tin or zinc or even glass, and the tenacity with which it holds would surprise anyone on making the first attempt. It is the cheapest and best muclage for such purposes, and answers just as well as many of the more costly and patent cements. Some of the cements sold by street fakirs at ten cents a bottle consist of nothing but onion juice and water, and the bottle and cork cost a great deal more than the contents.

Of all civilized nations the United States is probably the most wasteful of fertilizers. If ours is not an exact parallelism of the old story of the prodigal son, it must be conceded that our history teaches it at too many points. Like him, we have received a rich portion, and like him, we have pretty effectually squandered it. Millions of acres of once virgin soil in this union, have to-day little more fertility than the sands of Sahara. Lands that gave twenty-five bushels of wheat per acre, will not yield ten. Meadows that once cut two and three tons of bright clean timothy, are now reduced

to that wretched output, whose quality is often a mixture of weeds, thistles and poverty grass, and in quantity lifts the beam at a scant half ton. Where is this waste of fertility?

Dr. Trimble, professor of analytical chemistry in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, made an exhaustive investigation with the view of determining the relative value of food, of skimmed milk, beef and mutton, based upon the current prices of these articles in Philadelphia. He found that a pound of dry nutrient solids obtained from each, cost as follows: Skimmed milk, 17 cents; beef, including fat, 56 cents; excluding fat, 92 cents; mutton, including fat, 42 cents; excluding fat, \$1.15. How much longer are you going to have the place for the woodpile so far from the house, and compel the wife to burn that green soggy stuff? You are spending several times as much for your fuel as would be necessary if you built a woodhouse near where the wood is needed. Have it sufficiently high to swing an axe in, then, by means of a sharp axe and buck saw, you can work up nearly all kinds of offal, and it will make the best kind of fuel when seasoned.

ADVERTISEMENT.

TO THE ELECTORS

ST. LAWRENCE WARD.

GENTLEMEN.—I should be most ungrateful if I did not feel under deep obligations to you for the very numerous requests I have received to the effect that I should allow myself to be nominated for re-election as your representative in the Council.

While I am conscious that my first year of office must have been marked by some shortcomings due to inexperience, it is a source of the greatest satisfaction to me to receive so many expressions of confidence from fellow-citizens whose good opinion I value so highly. I would not now accept re-nomination if I did not feel that if re-elected I could do the city some service.

Should you do me the honor to elect me for another term, it is my intention to devote my chief attention to an earnest and honest effort to place the city's finances upon a sounder and safer basis. As most of you are aware, I have already expressed myself freely with regard to the city's financial position, and as a first step towards getting over a dangerous crisis I suggested legislation with the object of restricting the city's borrowing power. This effort has been partially successful, and the principle has been established by the Quebec Legislature of limiting the city's borrowing power to a fixed percentage on the value of the taxable real estate. Unfortunately, however, owing to what is considered by the important delegation of business and financial men, who at considerable loss of time went to Quebec—the City Council has more money at its disposal than prudence dictates, and than I believe is necessitated by the public improvements. Thus it becomes of the utmost importance, and indeed is, in my humble opinion, absolutely necessary that the greatest caution and conservatism be exercised in order to avoid disaster. I am convinced that the border line of safety has been reached, which if exceeded is sure to result in a retroaction, from which it will take years to recover. I am as much in favor of public improvements as any man, but I believe in spending the people's money economically, and in accordance with the natural growth and progress of the city. I want to see applied to the management of civic affairs the same methods that are commonly applied to private business.

It will be my earnest effort to see that all contracts are granted with due regard to the rights and interests of the citizens, and also that contractors and companies, holding civic contracts, are compelled to fulfil their obligations to the letter. For instance, the Street Railway Company should no more be permitted to evade the conditions of its contract with regard to the providing of sufficient accommodation for the public, or the making of the winter roads passable for citizens' vehicles than a contractor who submits a tender for a certain quality of material should be permitted to supply an inferior article.

It is only by strict attention to such details as these that the burden of general taxation can be lightened, the city's credit maintained, and a safe progressive policy of city improvements carried out. I have felt that some explanation of my views was due to those electors of the ward whose personal acquaintance I have not the pleasure of having made.

I have the honor to be, Your obedient servant,

R. WILSON SMITH.

BOOK-WORK executed with neatness and dispatch at the 'WITNESS' PRINTING & PUBLISHING HOUSE.

ST. ANTOINE WARD.

COMMITTEE ROOMS FOR

ALDERMAN COSTIGAN

—AND—

MR. PETER LYALL

CENTRAL COMMITTEE, WINDSOR HOTEL BLOCK.

410 St. James street, opposite Little Craig street.

1154 St. James street, corner of Fulford street.

2431 Notre Dame street, near Guy street.

40 St. Antoine street.

106 St. James street.

170 St. Antoine street, opposite Elison street.

Friends and Electors favorable to the Election of these Candidates will please assist in the work allotted to the respective Committee Rooms, where all necessary information will be furnished.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

COLONIAL HOUSE.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE!

On FRIDAY MORNING, the 19th, and SATURDAY 20th, we will offer the following lines at

— GREAT REDUCTION —

Ladies' Fur Lined Cloaks.....33 1/2 percent off
Ladies' Opera Wraps, Silk Quilted Lining.....33 1/2 percent off
Ladies' Rigby Waterproof Ulsters.....33 1/2 percent off
Ladies' Tweed Ulsters.....33 1/2 percent off
Ladies' Plush Jackets.....50 percent off
Ladies' Sealtie Ulsters.....50 percent off
Ladies' Colored Cloth Ulsters, Fur Trimmed.....50 percent off
Ladies' Plain Cloth Jackets.....50 percent off
Ladies' Fur Trimmed Jackets.....50 percent off
Ladies' Black and Colored Cloth Capes.....50 percent off
Misses' Ulsters.....50 percent off
Misses' Jackets.....50 percent off
Children's Mantles.....50 percent off
Ladies' Plush Dolmans.....75 percent off
Ladies' Black Cashmere Quilted Lining Dolmans.....75 percent off

SKIRTS: SKIRTS: SKIRTS:

Ladies' Black Skirts.....20 percent off
Ladies' Fancy Skirts.....20 percent off
Ladies' Knitted and Flannel Skirts.....20 percent off
Ladies' Black Satin Quilted Skirts.....33 1/2 percent off
Special Line of Fancy Silk Skirts.....50 percent off

— LADIES' COSTUMES —

Seventy-two Ladies' Costumes in Black, Navy Blue, Garnet and Brown, to be sold at 50 percent off.

SHAWLS: SHAWLS: SHAWLS:

Woolen Knitted Shawls.....20 percent off
Silk Knitted Shawls.....20 percent off
Ladies' Travelling Shawls.....20 percent off
Ladies' Canton Crepe Scarfs and Capes.....20 percent off
Ladies' Black Cashmere Embroidered Capes.....20 percent off
Ladies' Black Armure Shawls.....50 percent off
Travelling Rugs.....20 percent off

DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT.

20 percent off Making during this Month.

SPECIAL: FOR TWO DAYS:

Our stock of California Blankets.....50 percent discount
Our stock of Japanese Silk Quilts.....50 percent discount

A D FIVE PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

HENRY MORGAN & CO.

MONTREAL.

TEES & CO., Undertakers and Embalmers, 300 St. James street.

GENERAL BAZAAR

SPECIAL CLEARING SALE BEFORE MOVING.

BOYS' LAMB CAPS.....\$1.00
BOYS' SOUTH SEA SEAL CAPS.....\$2.50
Double Width CLOTH DRESS GOODS.....50c
Duffin's Stripe DOUBLE WIDTH.....50c
Dress Serges, DOUBLE WIDTH.....1.00
LINEN DAMASK TOWELS.....50c
REMNANTS TOWELLING.....1.00 yard
REMNANTS SHEETINGS, about.....1.50 yard
GEORGE H. ROWELL, 1903 Notre Dame st., 4 Doors East Place d'Armes.
N.B.—The Stock must be cleared out, and every day new lines will be marked down. Come early for choice.

A LITTLE SMOKE.
Best Brussels, slightly damaged, worth \$1.33 Net can be purchased for 70 cents, the price of an ordinary Tapestry Carpet, at our clearing sale.

R. G. SILK & CO.,
Temporary Premises,
371 St. James street.
Phone 2543.

ENGRAVINGS.

On both Wood and Metal, attended to without delay, by good workmen. For further particulars address or apply to

JOHN DOUGALL & SONS,

"Witness" Office, Montreal.



AFTER THE FIRE.

front Nos. 4 and 5. The flames spread from St. James street to the upper side of the market, and in consequence of the nature of the goods stored in the building, the smoke was very dense and irritating, rendering the work of the firemen very difficult, but the flames were finally got under control, and the return was sounded. The loss to the city will be about \$25,000.

The following are the names and estimated losses of the stall-holders:—Louis Larue, \$800; E. Larue, \$1,000; F. Biquette, provisions, etc., \$300; A. Thibault, \$800; M. Bellemare, \$500; E. Martin, \$1,000; Joseph Voyer, \$250; H. Collin, \$800; A. Filiatrault, \$1,000; G. Martineau, \$1,000; A. Oman, \$200; Mr. Leduc, \$100; Mr. Longtin, \$100; E. Trotter, \$800; Messrs. Ritchot, W. Tweedie, Z. Senecal, W. A. Harper, N. Emond, A. B. Pharon, loss not estimated, but will amount to considerable.

The fire originated in the weigh house in the centre of the building, and the families of Mr. A. Jolicoeur, clerk; and Mr. L. Brophy, assistant clerk, had a narrow escape.

Mr. Jolicoeur's house furniture is completely destroyed. He is insured. Mr. Brophy also loses everything, but is insured.

The city has an insurance risk amounting to \$8,000 on St. Antoine market. The city companies are jointly responsible.

A MONTH OF REVIVAL.

THE EVANGELISTIC CAMPAIGN TO BE CONDUCTED BY THE REV. B. FAY MILLS.

A strong desire has been felt on the part of many in Montreal to see a deeper interest taken in vital religion by our people. While the ministers of our different churches are an earnest, devoted body of men; while so much is done through our Sabbath schools, young people's societies, missionary and temperance organizations to save the perishing, relieve the distressed and build up God's people in a better life, the fact still remains that the religion of Jesus Christ is not the power in our community it should be. The type of religious life seen among the members of our several churches is not what might reasonably be expected on the part of those who accept Jesus of Nazareth as their example and Saviour. Nor is the work of the Church among those outside her pale what it should be. There are large numbers, both rich and poor, who are not reached and savingly wrought upon by the Gospel. And while this was true, it is also true that the powers of evil prevail. The moral tone of our city is not satisfactory. After careful investigation by a commission of the Protestant Ministerial Association, a few months ago, it was found that a state of things exists which greatly imperils the life of our people, evils are at work which threaten to destroy the whole fabric of our moral and spiritual life. What can be done? It is not a time to sit down in idleness and say, 'We are no worse than other cities, why trouble ourselves?' Something must be done. The provincial government, the city council and the police committee were all appealed to for aid in putting down evil, but with very meagre success. It was thought that, while not relaxing our efforts in this direction, we should also put forth special efforts to bring the power of the Gospel to bear upon all the classes of our community. Several meetings were held in May and June last to consider the best way of doing this. Much earnest prayer was offered. Two methods were proposed. The first was that the ministers of Montreal should unite and hold special services in different parts of the city and thus seek to awaken an interest in spiritual things in the poorest souls. It was hoped that God would so use such an effort that the while city might be moved. The second method proposed was that, while doing all in our power ourselves, we should also invite some one whom God

The Diocesan Branch C. E. T. Synod to Synod 1884 is as follows:—
The Church of England Temperance Society in this diocese has pursued quietly and effectively during that time, there are no new features to report, no change in the ordinary routine of the Society's operations.
The Council would once again desire to carry on various temperance undertakings in co-operation, and on the lines of the Diocese. It would greatly assist in this to determine the progress of the movement in the diocese, and give statistics as to the work in the various parishes in their jurisdictions. The want of definite information is much to be regretted.
The Synod last met the Resolution on the liquor traffic was held sessions in the city of Montreal.
The Lord Bishop of the diocese, the Very Rev. Dr. Carmichael, first vice-president of the honorary secretary, were asked to give and did give evidence to the commission.
The Council met with satisfaction the Quebec law of 1892, permitting sale of four percent beer as no amendment of the license law, has been made.
Council takes this, the first opportunity, to congratulate the temperance

Representations of the Province of Ontario on its magnificent majority in favor of the resolution in that province on New Year's Day and trusts that suitable consideration on its lines of the popular movement in Ontario cannot fail to have a beneficial effect on the temperance cause in this province. The Council has observed with regret that some few of the clergy both in the United States and in England have advocated and do advocate the establishment of places for the sale of liquor under control and direction of the church. This Council hopes that the Church of God will never lower herself to the saloon business in any form or under any name whatsoever.

JOHN KER, Secretary.
President, ex-officio, the Lord Bishop; ex-officio vice-president, the Dean of Montreal; second vice-president, Archibald Lindsay; first lay vice-president, L. H. Davidson; second vice-president, Major E. L. Bond; treasurer, Mr. R. H. Buchanan.

Council—Revisers: Dr. Norton, J. G. Baylis, J. P. McManus, D. P. Chambers, J. F. Oswald, J. H. Dixon, W. J. Dart, Rural Dean Naylor, Messrs. G. B. Capel, H. J. Mudge, Walter Drake, Mr. T. P. Butler, Robert Church and the Rev. T. H. Cunningham.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

MONTREAL DEFEATS THE CRYSTALS.

The Montreal Hockey Club has added another victory to their list in the senior championship series. The game was a good one, but in the second half the play became a little rough, and Boone, of the Crystals, and Kingan, of the Montreal, were ruled out for holding and cross-checking. In the first half each side scored a goal and the play was hard all through. The soft and sticky condition of the ice prevented any particularly fast or brilliant work. Although the Montreal won by three goals to one it cannot be said that they showed any superiority over their opponents. The team play of the Crystals was decidedly the best, and the puck was kept in the vicinity of the Montreal goal the greater portion of the time. Collins in goal was kept pretty busy, and his quick play alone prevented several scores being made against the Montreal team. The contesting teams were: Montreal—Collins, Stewart, James, Hodgson, Barlow, Routh, Kingan, Crystals—Clapperton, McDowell, Boone, Brown, Elliott, McQuisten, Ritchie, James, Elliott.

CURLING.

CANADA TAKES THE LEAD.
St. Paul, Jan. 18.—This was emphatically a Winnipeg day on the ice at Raspberry Island. The sturdy curlers from the North-West won every contest they entered into during the morning, took almost everything in the afternoon, and to-night they are still mowing down the Americans with relentless precision. In the afternoon the contest between the Montreal and the Chicago Club was the most successful that they have had to begin with. In the afternoon, the Montreal team, led by John Johnston, of the Milwaukee Club, was re-elected president; B. Hill, of the Chicago Club, was elected second vice-president; M. F. Moran, secretary and treasurer.

THE SNOWSHOE.

THE CRESCENTS 'AT HOME.'
Despite one of the most disagreeable nights of the season there was quite a large turnout at the 'at home' of the Crescent Snowshoe club at the Club House last evening. The drive out was a little unpleasant but the company was very often enjoyable and last night the weather was generally laughed to scorn. The trip out, however, occupied only a short time and the discomfort of having the drippings of your neighbor's umbrella running down your neck was soon forgotten in the continuous round of merriment and mirth in the cosy rooms of the Club House. The evening, despite all drawbacks, was a decided success and the committee, who had the preparations in hand, are to be congratulated on the programme provided for the entertainment of their friends and guests.

TOO WET TO TRAMP.

The Y. M. C. A. Snowshoe Club would not face the element weather last night so, instead of tramping at the Club House, an adjournment was made to the recreation rooms in the Association buildings. Basketball and other games, interspersed with songs, speeches, relations, etc., helped through what proved to be an exceedingly pleasant evening.

CHESS.

THE TOURNAMENT PLAY.
The score in the chess tournament to last night is as follows: Hicks vs. Short, one won and lost one; Marshall vs. Baleson, won by Marshall; Narraway vs. Hicks, won by Narraway; Narraway vs. Davidson, won by Narraway.

STEINITZ VS. LASKER.
The chess champion, Steinitz, has consented to a reduction in the stakes for the match between himself and Lasker from \$3,000 to \$2,500. It is to be noted that this long-talked-of match will now take place.

ATHLETIC.

THE CANADIAN OBJECTS.
The English champion mile runner, Brown, has challenged Connell of America to run for the championship of the world. To this it appears Geo. W. Brown, the Canadian runner, who is now studying at the University of Pennsylvania, objects and thinks that he and Connell should meet Bacon. Connell holds the record for a mile but Brown holds both the American and Canadian championship and he does not think Connell has any right to run for the championship of the world when he

could not win the American championship which represents but one-half the globe.

FOOTBALL.

THE MOHAWK'S ANNUAL.
The Mohawk Football club will hold their annual meeting in the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Saturday, Jan. 20, at 7 p.m. sharp. A full attendance of members is requested.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

OFFICERS ELECTED BY RIVER FRONT ASSEMBLY.

The annual meeting of River Front Assembly, Knights of Labor, took place on Wednesday evening. There was a large attendance, owing to the fact that the election of officers was to take place, and arrangements to be made for the coming season. The assembly is composed solely of longshoremen, who work at freight during the summer. They have added to their number considerably during the past year, this being one of the largest labor bodies in the city, and having a large amount to their credit in the bank.

The reports of the different officers were received, and brought forth addresses from several of the members, thanking them for the services rendered during the past year. There was also considerable discussion on the coming election, the members all pledging themselves to vote for the election of the officers who voted for the abolition of the property qualification. The election of officers resulted as follows:—T. McNamee, master workman; M. H. Brennan, worthy foreman; J. Mann, recording secretary; C. Parker, financial secretary; J. Fuller, treasurer; J. Hatch, past-master; J. Kennedy, almoner; N. Ponton, worthy inspector; P. Joyce, inside esquire; T. Monroe, outside esquire. Delegates to District Assembly 18, J. Mann, J. Warren, and M. H. Brennan.

Delegates to Central Trades and Labor Council, J. Warren, E. Courso, and J. Hatch.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE, Friday, Jan. 19, 1894.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Be erbmh's cable advices to-day are as follows: Cargoes of coast wheat, the demand for France continues; maize, nil. Cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat, firm but not active; do, maize, there is demand for cargoes at hand while there is not much enquiry for more distant periods of delivery. Mark Lane English and foreign wheat, quiet but steady. Mark Lane American and Danubian maize, steady; do, English flour, quiet but steady. Weather in England, fair. Liverpool spot wheat, few bids in the market; do, spot maize, quiet but steady. No. 1 California wheat, 6s 3/4d; do, mixed maize, 4s 9/4d. Canadian peas, 4s 10/4d.

In Chicago wheat opened 1/4 of a cent per bushel lower at 64 1/2c May, and was afterwards quoted at 64 1/2c May; 64 1/2c July. Receipts, 121,000 bushels and shipments, 6,000 bushels. Corn opened 1/4 of a cent per bushel lower at 38c May and 38 1/2c July. Receipts, 374,000 bushels and shipments, 56,000 bushels.

In New York wheat opened 1/4 of a cent per bushel lower at 69 1/2c May and was afterwards quoted at 69 1/2c May, 71 1/2c July. Receipts, 600 bushels and shipments, 108,200 bushels. Corn opened 1/4 of a cent lower at 44 1/2c May and was afterwards quoted at 44 1/2c March, 44 1/2c May. Receipts, 166,400 bushels; and shipments, 96,030 bushels.

In Milwaukee wheat was steady at 59c Jan. and 1/4 of a cent lower at 61 1/2c May.

In Duluth wheat was 1/4 of a cent lower at 59c Jan. and 1/4 of a cent lower at 60c Jan. and 64 1/2c May.

In Toledo wheat was 1/4 of a cent lower at 64 1/2c May.

In St. Louis wheat was 1/4 of a cent lower at 61 1/2c May.

In Chicago pork opened 7 1/2 cents per barrel higher at \$13.35 May and was afterwards quoted at \$13.27 1/2c May. Lard opened 2 1/2c lower at \$7.65 May. Short ribs opened 5 cents lower at \$6.70 May and was later quoted at \$6.77 1/2c May.

Grain.—The local market is quiet and unchanged. Business is confined principally to coarse grains. We quote to-day:—No. 1 hard Manitoba wheat, 73c to 74c; No. 2, 70c to 72c; corn, duty paid, 63c to 64c; No. 2 oats in store, 57c to 58c; peas, in store, 63c to 69c. Rye, 56c to 57c. Barley, for feeding, 42c to 43c; malting, 52c to 54c. Buckwheat, 51c to 52c.

Flour.—There is no change; the market is quiet and easy. Prices are about as follows:—Patent Winter.....\$3.50 to 3.60
Straight Roller.....3.00 to 3.10
Extra.....2.75 to 2.85
Superfine.....2.60 to 2.70
Strong Bakers (Mac).....3.50 to 3.75

Meal.—Oatmeal is moving steadily at prices quoted below:—Granulated, in bbls.....\$4.20 to 4.35
Granulated, in bags.....2.10 to 2.20
Standard, in bbls.....3.95 to 4.00
Standard, in bags.....1.90 to 2.00

Feed.—The market keeps firm under a good demand and small supply. We quote:— Bran.....\$16.00 to 16.50
Shorts.....17.00 to 18.00
Moulins.....00.00 to 22.00

Hog Products.—The market continues quiet and easy. Dressed hogs are lower; prices range from \$6.50 to \$6.65 by the car lot, and \$6.75 to \$7.00 small lots. We quote:—Canada short cut, mess pork.....\$17.00 to 18.00
Chicago short mess pork.....16.50 to 17.00
Hams, city cured, per lb.....00.12 to 00.13
Lard, compound.....00.84 to 00.85
Lard, pure.....00.10 1/2 to 00.11
Bacon.....00.11 1/2 to 00.12 1/2

Butter.—The market is unchanged and quiet. Prices are steady. We quote as follows to-day:—Township, 21c to 22c; creamery, 21c to 22c; western dairy, 19 1/2c to 20c.

Cheese.—There is no material change in the cheese market. It is quiet but firm. We quote at 1 1/2c to 1 1/4c.

Eggs.—The market is quiet but prices for good fresh stock keep pretty firm. We quote: Boiling to-day:—Township, 21c to 22c; creamery, 21c to 22c; western dairy, 19 1/2c to 20c.

Ashe.—The movement is quiet and uninteresting. We quote:—First pots, at 4 1/2c; seconds, 3 1/2c; turkis at 5 1/2c.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Jan. 19, 12.30 p.m.—Consols, 98 15-16 money, and account.

RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL—Jan. 19.

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.	Canal.	Total.
Wheat, bush.....				
Corn, bush.....				
Peas, bush.....				
Oats, bush.....				
Barley, bush.....				
Rye, bush.....				
Flour, bush.....				
Meal, bush.....				
Ashe, bbls.....				
Butter, pigs.....				
Cheese, boxes.....				
Pork, bbls.....				
Lard, barrels.....				
Eggs, cases.....				
Ham, hams.....				
Meat, pigs.....				
Dressed Hogs.....				
Leather rolls.....				
Raw Hides.....				
Petroleum.....				
Phosphates.....				
Tallow.....				

FARMER'S MARKET PRICES.—Jan. 19.

There was a good attendance both of farmers and market gardeners at the markets to-day and nearly all kinds of seasonable produce was abundant and prices continue with scarcely any material changes. There was a large supply of oats at former rates; buckwheat is slightly lower in price; there are no changes in the prices of potatoes and other roots; dressed hogs and beef quarters were slightly lower in price, there are no changes in the prices of dead poultry, butter and eggs. Mr. Bourdon still gets 42c per lb. for his print butter and 60c per dozen for fresh laid eggs. The fruit market is fairly active with apples slightly higher and oranges slightly lower in price. A farmer from St. Bridget, County Tipperary, had a load of forty-four bushels of cranberries on the market to-day which he sold in one lot at \$2.25 per bushel. He drove the whole distance, some 45 miles, yesterday in the rain. The hay market is well supplied and prices are easier.

The following are to-day's prices:—

GRAIN.—Oats sell at from 75c to 85c per bag; peas, 80c to 90c per bushel; buckwheat, 45c to 50c do.; beans, \$1.40 to \$1.50.

ROOTS AND VEGETABLES.—Potatoes, 55c to 60c per bag; cabbage, 50c to 60c per barrel; cauliflower, \$2.50 to \$3.50 doz.; celery, 25c to 50c per doz.; Quebec turnips, 50c per bushel; artichokes, \$1.00; carrots, 30c per bushel; onions, 40c to 60c do.; beets, 35c do.; parsnips, 50c do.; horse radish, \$1.00 doz.

FRUIT.—Lemons, \$4.00 to \$4.50 per box; apples, \$3.50 to \$5.50 barrel; oranges, \$1.75 to \$2.50 box; cranberries, \$7.00 per barrel. Almerian grapes, \$4 to \$5.00 the 50 lb. barrel.

DAIRY PRODUCTS.—Butter, from 19c to 25c per lb.; prime, 30c to 45c; fresh eggs, 45c to 60c; packed eggs, 15c to 25c per dozen.

POULTRY.—Fowl, 7c to 10c per lb.; turkeys, 9c to 12 1/2c do.; geese, 6c to 8c do.; ducks, 10c to 12c per lb.; chickens, 9c to 12c do.; partridges, 6c per pair; wild ducks, 65c to 1.00 do.; prairie chickens, \$1.00; dressed hogs, 7c to 7 1/2c per lb.

HAY AND STRAW.—Hay, \$7.00 to \$9.00 per 100 bundles of 15 lbs.; pressed hay, 60c to 70c per 100 lb.; straw, \$4 to \$5 per 100 bundles of 12 lbs. each.

ST. GABRIEL COW MARKET.—Jan. 19.

There were about 20 milch cows and springers offered on this market to-day, but only four or five were suitable for milkmen. There is a good demand and fair prices being paid for anything good, but the small skinny, bony bosnies are neglected. The following sales were made up to eleven o'clock: A superior cow for \$50, one for \$45, and one for \$40. A substantial cow went for \$32 and a smaller and leaner one for \$34. A good looking springer was sold for \$44. There were some nine or ten cows sold at the yards yesterday at prices ranging from \$35 to \$50 each.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, Jan. 19.—Market very quiet. Quotations:—Straight winter flour, \$2.70 to \$2.75; extra, \$2.40 to \$2.50; white wheat, 57c; spring No. 2, 58c; red winter, 57c; gowse, 57c; No. 1 Manitoba hard, 75c; do, No. 2, 73c; peas, No. 4, 53c to 54c; corn, No. 1, 44c to 45c; red, 38c to 39c; oats, No. 2, 31c to 31 1/2c; sales, No. 1 Man. hard, outside, at 77c; oats, outside, at 31 1/2c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Chicago Union Stock Yards, Jan. 19.—Hogs.—To-day's estimated receipts, 30,000. Yesterday's receipts, according to official returns, 45,000; shipments, 9,519; left over, 12,000. Light mixed, \$5.20 to \$5.45; mixed packing, \$5.15 to \$5.45; heavy shipping, \$5.05 to \$5.50; rough grades, \$4.95 to \$5.30. The receipts of cattle were 9,000. Market slow and easy.

LIVERPOOL MARKET PRICES CURRENT.

Liverpool, Jan. 19.—12.30 p.m.—Spring wheat, nominal; red winter, 56 3/4d to 58 3/4d; No. 1, 59 1/2d to 58 1/2d; corn, 45 1/2d to 46 1/2d; peas, 75s; lard, 40s 3d; tallow, 38s; bacon, heavy, 58s 6d; light, 41s 6d; cheese, both, 57s. Wheat dull; demand poor; holders offer moderately; corn quiet; demand moderate.

SHIPPING NOTES.

Sydney, N.S.W., Jan. 19.—The Canadian-Australian S.S. Arava sailed for Vancouver on Thursday afternoon, Jan. 18.

San Francisco, Jan. 18.—The steamer China arrived at 3.30 o'clock this morning from Hong Kong and Yokohama.

Queenstown, Jan. 18.—Arrived steamer Britannic from New York.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

Excursion to Ottawa \$2.00 via Canadian Pacific Railway, 20th January. See Hockey match, Victoria vs. Ottawa. Note advertisement in another column.

Real Estate.—Mr. A. F. Gault has purchased from the Kensington Land Co. five lots on Grand Boulevard and Sherbrooke street. Dr. Roddick has also completed purchase of a block of lots on Orchard avenue, Kensington, from the same company.

ADVERTISEMENT.

GRANT'S PATENT SPECTACLE
SAMUEL S. GRANT
1st Honors pupil of Dr. Bucklin, A.M., M.D.
GOLD SPECTACLES
FOR THE HOLIDAY SEASON.
HENRY GRANT & SON,
72 BEAVER HALL, corner Dorchester street.

WRAPPING PAPER.

At 3 cents per pound,
For sale in 10-lb. packages,
or 2c per lb. for 50 lbs.
and upwards.
—ALSO—
HEAVY BROWN WRAPPING PAPER,
At 1c per pound,
In lots of 50 lbs. and upwards.
Apply at "Witness" Office.

ADVERTISEMENT.

JANUARY 1st, 1894.
THIS CERTIFIES THAT FROM THE ABOVE DATE THE UNDERSIGNED WILL CONTINUE TO SELL
FURNITURE, CARPETS,
STOVES, RUGS, CURTAINS
AND EVERYTHING THAT MAKES A HOUSE A HOME, ON THE SAME TERMS THAT HAVE DISTINGUISHED THEIR BUSINESS AS A PREEMINENT EXCEPTION TO THE RULE THAT WHERE CREDIT IS OFFERED, THE VALUE GIVEN FOR MONEY RECEIVED IN SMALL WEEKLY PAYMENTS IS LESS THAN A READY CASH TRANSACTION.

CREDIT AT CASH PRICES.

NO MISREPRESENTATION, STRAIGHT-FORWARD DEALING AND PROMPT DELIVERY ARE THE FOUR PRIME FACTORS AMONGST OTHERS THAT HAVE ENABLED THIS FIRM TO SURMOUNT ALL COMPETITION, AND DEMONSTRATE BY EVERY EVIDENCE OF SUCCESS IN THE PAST, THAT THE END OF THIS YEAR WILL FIND OLD CUSTOMERS STILL DEALING WITH THEM, AND A LARGE INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF THOSE WHOM EXPERIMENT HAS CONVINCED THAT THEY CAN GETTEN DOLLARS WORTH OF GOODS FOR TEN DOLLARS IN WEEKLY PAYMENTS OF FIFTY CENTS AT

METROPOLITAN MFG. CO.,

THE HOME-FURNISHERS.

1678 and 1680 NOTRE DAME STREET.

T. A. EMMANS, MANAGER.

THE JUDGES

WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION

Have made the

HIGHEST AWARDS

(Medals and Diplomas) to

WALTER BAKER & CO.

On each of the following named articles:

BREAKFAST COCOA, ...

Premium No. 1, Chocolate, ...

Vanilla Chocolate, ...

German Sweet Chocolate, ...

Cocoa Butter, ...

For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition."

WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

LARGE REDUCTIONS IN

—PRICES OF—

CLOTH and FELT BOOTS and SHOES,

OVERSHOES, SLIPPERS, LEGGINGS,

and MOCCASINS,

TO CLEAR AND MAKE ROOM FOR

SPRING STOCK.

GENUINE BARGAINS GUARANTEED.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO CALL AND SEE THE

INDUCEMENTS WE OFFER.

RONAYNE BROS.,

2027 NOTRE DAME STREET,

CHABOLLEZ SQUARE.

★ FROM NOW UNTIL FEB. 8 ★

PREVIOUS TO ANNUAL STOCK TAKING.

WE OFFER SPECIAL REDUCTIONS,

BONA FIDE.

Watches, Jewellery, Carriage

Clocks, Mantle Clocks, Solid Silver-

ware.

Electro Plate of every description,

Joseph Rodgers & Son's Table Cutlery,

John Ashham's Table Cutlery, Spoons

and Forks, Plated Cutlery, Bouton,

Cauldon and Worcester Art Pottery,

arrived too late for Christmas trade.

Fans, Opera Glasses, Lamps, Tables,

&c., &c., &c.

Our JEWELLERY is all new and fashionable.

This is a good opportunity to buy really first-

class goods, at much lower than ordinary ruling

prices.

WATCH repairing, and JEWELLERY made

to order, by expert workmen.

A CALL SOLICITED.

WATSON & DICKSON,

1791 Notre Dame, corner St. Peter street.

COOK'S FRIEND

BAKING POWDER

A PERFECT ARTICLE.

Only the purest Grape Cream Tartar and Finest

Re-crystallized Bicarbonate of Soda are employed in

its preparation. THOUSANDS ARE USING THE

BAKING FRIEND. JUST THIS THING FOR YOUR

BAKING.

All the best Grocers sell it. McLAUREN'S COOK'S

FRIEND THE ONLY GENUINE.

\$8 per month will buy a new

Piano at C. W. Lindsay's, 2268,

2270 and 2272 St. Catherine st.

ELECTROTYPE DONE IN

the very best style and with despatch at the

"Witness" Office.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE BEST

IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST.

Therefore, always get the best, and every one knows that you can get the best of everything from

WALTER PAUL,

and, notwithstanding the numerous advertisements of reduced prices and cheap sales, customers will find, on comparison, his prices to be as low as any. It would take nearly the whole advertising space of any of our daily papers to give a detail of his stock, which this season is

Larger and better than ever,

and anything in the Grocery, Fruit and Provision line that you can't get from him, it is useless to look for anywhere. Whilst not attempting to specify many of the Specialties for the Holiday Season, there are a few, however, that he decided to draw your attention to, viz:

ENGLISH STILTON CHEESE, (ripe and ready, ROGUEPORT, (French Stillton.)
EDAM, (Dutch.)
CHEDDAR, (English and Canadian.)
CANADIAN STILTON.
WORLD'S FAIR GOLD MEDAL CHEESE.
CANADIAN DAIRY.
CANADIAN FACTORY.
CREAM CHEESE, (daily.)

TABLE RAISINS.

ALMONDS and WALNUTS (and other Nuts of all kinds.)
Daily supplies of FLORIDA ORANGES and TANGORINES.
150 barrels FINEST ALMERIA GRAPES.
2,000 Doz. CANNED VEGETABLES.
1,000 " CANNED FRUITS, (Canadian and Californian.)
5,000 Yards FINE WREATHING.

A great assortment of Fancy Articles for Christmas Trees and Table Decoration.

The largest and best assortment of FANCY

CANDLES and CANDLE SHADES, that is to

be found in the Dominion.

HOLLY and MISTLETOE for the Million to

TO PREVENT CRUELTY.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MONTREAL S.P.C.A.

The annual meeting of the Montreal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals was held yesterday. Mr. Charles Alexander, the president, was in the chair and read the following address:

The report about to be read we think will show that our society has been doing a good work through the year and in the city continues to watch over the interests of dumb animals. Some of us remember a few years ago how horses suffered from unhealed sores, plainly visible even to the passer-by, but we say it without hesitation that through the efforts of our society's members, you will not see such repulsive scenes any more. We can say too, that by the kindness of our society the cruel work of cock fighting has been pretty thoroughly stamped out in our city, but it needs constant vigilance on the part of our inspectors to prevent the recurrence of this barbarous practice. We have often to deprecate the sufferings of the over-loading of coal carts and other vehicles of different kinds, especially in this true in going up our steep hills. This has the constant attention of our inspectors and they often remonstrate with the drivers, but we are not always successful in this respect, they say, rest with their employers, not with them.

We see, with pleasure, in many instances, drivers in going up hills to such the upper part of the city, in kindness to their horses, are now using their poles, thus easing the heavy load from the back of their horses. We wish they would put themselves to this useful more frequently, in pity to the useful animals under their charge. The overhead check rein, in the opinion of your executive, and I may affirm in that of the members of this society, is an act of cruelty to horses. There is a law to prevent this, and we can ask those who do this to imagine they would like to undergo such treatment themselves. There is another matter that this society would remedy if it could, viz., the docking of horses' tails. We again have no prevention. As to this the answer gives a little girl in school when asked why this should not be done, said, 'What God hath joined together, let no man put asunder.' was not a bad answer after all.

The society earnestly asks more co-operation from the humane people of this large city by becoming members and by reporting to the office any acts of cruelty they know.

The calendar, you see, has been published to be circulated through our public schools and Sunday-schools as well as the general circulation to the attention to the work of our society, and we hope will thus do much good.

The twenty-fifth annual report of the executive committee was read by the secretary-treasurer. It stated that the inspectors had had a busy year, the number of cases dealt with being more than in previous years. Inspector Radey reported that there had been several cases of more than ordinary cruelty, viz., one of pulling out the tongue of a horse, one of hamstringing a cow, one of breaking a dog's leg. It was, however, satisfactory to be able to state that in each instance the offenders had been punished. The inspectors had given a good deal of attention to the shipping of cattle by the ocean steamers, and it had been carried on as far as practicable without unnecessary cruelty. It was to be regretted that the use of docking horses' tails, and the use of the overhead check rein did not seem to be on the decrease. The question of overloading had engaged the attention of the inspectors; but the matter was one difficult to deal with, having regard to the fact that the heavy loads which might cause slipping when hauled up a hill, might be perfectly passable when on the level; but where the loads were clearly beyond the animal's strength the inspectors reported that they had been successful in their efforts. The inspectors reported that they had been successful in their efforts. The inspectors reported that they had been successful in their efforts.

The financial statement was then read, after which a letter was read from Mr. August W. Hooper. He regretted his inability to be present at the meeting, and pointed out that 28 percent of those on the committee did not subscribe to the society, and that very few of the members of the Montreal Hunt appeared to be interested in the motion of the president, seconded by Mr. J. P. Cleghorn, the report of the financial statement were adopted. Thanks were tendered to the president, secretary, and members of the committee for their services during the year. The following officers were elected: President, Mr. James Torrance, seconded by Rev. Melinda de Solas. General Committee: Arch. Alexander, Allan Allan, Arch. Allan, H. Mon. Bickerdike, Major E. L. Bond, J. P. Cleghorn, John Drake, Thos. Davidson, Geo. Hooper, Rev. G. A. Drummond, A. D. G. Rev. Canon Ellwood, George Hugh Graham, E. K. Greene, H. H. H. Joseph, Dr. L. Henry Lyman, D. Morris, F. B. James, Lord Mount-Stephen, W. G. Hon. E. Murphy, D. McEachran, W. McEachran, Hugh McLennan, W. O. O'Brien, Hugh Paton, Rev. Mel. O'Brien, A. J. H. Stearns, G. W. White, Prof. Wesley Mills. President—Charles Alexander. Secretary-treasurer—George Durn. Executive committee—His Worship

THE CHEESE QUESTION.

SHOULD A WEIGHING REFEREE BE APPOINTED?

PROF. ROBERTSON AND THE COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

The meeting of the Butter and Cheese Association, held in the council room of the Board of Trade yesterday afternoon, was more than of ordinary importance. The question of weighing cheese, which has always been a matter of contention between the maker and commission man, was discussed at length, and the original resolution relating to the subject was attacked by amendment and an amendment to the amendment until the formal opinion of the meeting. Prof. Robertson was also present, and he made explanations in regard to certain commercial transactions which had come within his department and which worried the Montreal butter and cheese man to no little extent.

Mr. William Niven, president, occupied the chair, and there were also present Prof. A. Hodgson, J. McKergow, W. T. Ware, J. Bell, A. W. Grant, Frank Duckett, A. J. Brice, H. A. Hodgson, J. Kirkpatrick, Prof. Robertson, McLagan, F. Wilson, James Oliver, Wm. Campbell and James Dalrymple. The first matter discussed was the cheese weighing question. The following resolution proposed by Prof. Hodgson was the one brought up at a previous meeting, but laid over:

That in case of any dispute arising, as to the weighing of cheese, between buyer and seller, this association is quite prepared to recognize any representative of the Dairymen's Association of the Province of Quebec may appoint to have the cheese in dispute re-tested in his presence, and abide by the result, when any factory so requests in writing at time of sale, provided also that the representative of the Province of Quebec Dairymen's Association attends same day as notified.

Mr. Hodgson was in favor of some arrangement to meet the demands of the factory men in the Eastern Townships and elsewhere in regard to the matter of weighing.

Mr. McKergow thought the present system good enough. So did Mr. Ware who thought also that it showed the lack of confidence between parties, and reflected unpleasantly on the present methods.

Mr. Hodgson agreed that they wanted to establish confidence, and he considered the weights most just, but he did not think it would cast an imputation upon the methods if reference was appointed to inspect the weighing.

"Then would Mr. McLeod, as public weigher, consent to the appointment of anyone to inspect his weighing?"

Mr. Hodgson thought Mr. McLeod would not object.

Mr. Grant did not like the resolution, and expressed his confidence in the present system in an amendment.

Prof. Hodgson pointed out that it was not St. Hyacinthe they had to deal with but the Dairy Association of Quebec.

There were other amendments and much discussion, but the amendments were swept away and the original motion carried.

Professor Robertson was then called upon to speak regarding matters relating to his department. In 1890, when he entered in his position, he went over the Dominion and reported his observations and views. He suggested the establishment of dairy stations, to instruct the farmers in the art of making butter and cheese. The main object was to demonstrate that butter could be made to advantage in the winter.

Creameries were first started in Elgin and Woodstock in the winter of 1891-2. They were fairly successful the first year, but the second year was more so, and he found himself in possession of 20,000 pounds of butter which he preferred to send to Great Britain. He received an offer of twenty-four cents a pound and accepted it. They charged the farmer three and a half cents a pound for manufacturing the butter. The farmer complained of the charge, and said the Government was greedy. On the other hand, when creameries were started up by private parties the owners complained that the charge was too low. He did not guarantee the farmers any particular price. This winter he had a lot of butter to dispose of, and when in the city he talked to a gentleman in the trade about sending the butter to England. When he received an offer from the exporter to purchase twenty thousand pounds at twenty-four and a half cents, and he thought that it was the best thing to accept the offer. In these transactions he had done nothing to depress or boom the market. He studiously refrained from anything of that nature.

Mr. Bell asked how long the instruction was going to last.

Prof. Robertson replied that there are 15 factories, besides the Government's five in Ontario, and that two of the latter would drop out this year. It was not a matter of business with them, but instruction, and they did not wish to enter into competition with any one.

Mr. Bell—"You interfere with the trade in Montreal."

Mr. Brice—"The question is are you not bringing about an unnatural state of trade?"

Prof. Robertson smiled. He said that his duty was not to protect the merchant but to enable the farmer to increase his production. There was no reason why the butter trade did not grow to the same proportions as that of the cheese trade.

Prof. Robertson then dealt with the matter of cheesemaking in Prince Edward Island. It must be distinctly understood that the Government did not

speculate in either cheese or butter. He was simply the trustee of the patrons of the factories, whilst the Government advanced fifty cents for each hundred pounds of milk so that the factories would not be waiting too long for returns. He brought forty boxes of cheese to Montreal from the Island for the purpose of exhibiting them and to get the merchants interested in that country. As to the selling of the cheese he admitted that he inadvertently had not notified some of the dealers. Only in one instance did he pay the expenses of any one to the Island. This was in the case of Mr. John Warrington of Belleville, and only amounted to \$40. This was done in the interest of the movement and he was willing to pay the expenses of any of the dealers there if they would interest themselves in the cheese of Prince Edward Island. It was necessary to get someone to go down there and look at the cheese for there was no market for them at that time to send it and the cheese was unknown. But he would not admit that any particular buyers had a right to that cheese. These gentlemen filled their place admirably as distributors, but he denied that they had any right to them. His duty was to sell the cheese to the best advantage, and that he had done. He regretted that Mr. Hodgson thought he had given too much for the cheese, and more than he ought to have done. As soon as the farmers were on their feet the Government would withdraw. It was the last season that the factories would be run by the Government in Prince Edward Island, although they would probably retain a supervisor.

Mr. Grant said that they had been glad to hear Prof. Robertson and his explanations but in the future the sale of the butter and cheese should be left to the farmers.

A vote of thanks was tendered to the Professor, which was acknowledged by him.

He had been blamed for selling to British Columbia. He had sold to a Toronto dealer without knowing the destination. He showed some samples of butter from the Ottawa Dairy station. It was decided at the meeting, before closing, that Mr. John McKergow would be supported as a candidate of the Association for representative to the Board of Trade Council.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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MONEY TO LEND on Royal Mutual Building Society Bonds. Address ROYAL, "Witness" Office.

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PIANO PUPILS WANTED—Lessons to beginners; \$1.50 a month. Address F. "Witness" Office.

WANTED—Pupils in French and English by an experienced teacher; one hour afternoon and evening. Apply any evening at 2424 St. Catherine street.

Board and Rooms Wanted.

WANTED—By a Lady, one unfurnished room (must be heated); in private family not entering into competition with any one. Mr. Bell—"You interfere with the trade in Montreal."

Wanted.

WANTED TO PURCHASE Ladies' and Gentlemen's Chat-off Clothing, Fur, Silk, Silver and Gold; good prices paid on account of having great demand. Apply personally to M. FRANK, 559 Craig street, opposite Place d'Armes Hill, P.O. Box 645.

STABLING FOR 4 or 5 HORSES, and Shed for wagons, with a dwelling attached, wanted for May next. Address STABLING, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, a good second-hand Raccoon Coat (full size). State price to COON, "Witness" Office.

\$10,000 REQUIRED at 5% percent on security of first-class residential property. Address O.R., "Witness" Office.

Property.

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EASY PAYMENTS!

YOU WERE WISE IN SAVING!

Your Cash will Knock Down Prices

AT OUR AUCTION SALE OF

DESIRABLE HOUSES AND TENEMENTS,

ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS,

At our REAL ESTATE ROOMS.

46 ST. JAMES STREET.

On WEDNESDAY, 24th January inst.

Nos. 495 to 543 DROLET STREET.

Fourteen Solid BRICK HOUSES, containing each two Tenements, 20 x 34, and lot 74 feet in depth to lane. Will be sold separately.

Terms \$250 Cash, balance (\$15)

Fifteen Dollars per month.

These Houses are comparatively new, in good order, well situated, near the St. Denis and Mount Royal Electric Cars. If you want to have a home this is a unique chance.

312 to 540 DROLET STREET.

Terms \$300 cash, and balance \$20 monthly.

New Solid Brick, three-story Houses, with modern improvements, each flat containing a separate dwelling. These five (5) houses will be sold separately on above terms.

553 to 559 SANGUINET STREET.

Nine two-story solid brick, stone foundation, DOUBLE TENEMENTS, in first-class order. To be sold separately. Each house is 20 feet front by 30 in depth. Lot 74 feet to lane. This is cheaper than rent.

DROLET STREET.

South-east Corner of Marianne street, 435 to 441 Drolet, and 436 to 434 Marianne street.

This fine three-story BUSINESS BLOCK has only been built 18 months, is rented for \$960 per year. Is most desirable as an investment, and well worthy of a thorough investigation. Terms, \$1,500 cash, balance \$50 per month. This property more than pays for lack.

Nos. 49 to 59 Bourgcois street, Point St. Charles.

\$300 Cash and \$12.50 Monthly.

Six self-contained COTTAGES, two stories and extension kitchen, cased brick, stone foundations. Lot 87 feet deep to lane. Why pay rent when you can buy on these terms.

SALE AT 10 O'CLOCK.

PARENT BROTHERS & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEERS.

HOUSES.

LANDS.

INVESTMENTS—If you want to buy, sell, or exchange a house or vacant land, or INVEST your MONEY in first-class properties, call and see THOS. H. WALSH, 50 Temple Building, - - 185 St. James street.

My list contains now some first-class investment properties, CITY and SUBURBAN. Choicest situations. Safe and profitable.

OWN YOUR HOUSE.

\$12.00 per month for ten years will buy a comfortable Brick Cottage, No. 308 Moreau street, near Ontario; seven rooms, deep lot. City cars pass within 50 yards of property. See this before you rent elsewhere.

Apply at 1763 Notre Dame street.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—\$300, at \$5 per month, will buy that new Morris Upright Piano in Circassian Walnut case that was used on Thursday evening at the At Home given by the Stanley Lodge, A.O.U.W. Apply to C. W. Lindsay, 2295, 2270 and 2272 St. Catherine st.

FOR SALE—A first-class Stereo-copier, with outfit, complete. Address P.O. Box 482, Montreal, P.Q.

FOR SALE—A slightly used Cabinet Grand Piano on easy terms, or at great reduction for cash. 2344 St. Catherine street.

FOR SALE—Wood, Cheap Maple and Birch, 4 feet long, \$4.50 per cord, common hardwood, 4 feet long, \$3 per cord. R. GRAHAM, 600 St. Catherine street.

FOR SALE—Star Toboggan, with cushion, straps, etc., or will exchange for a pair of Gent's racing skates and boots, or offers. Address TOBOGGAN, "Witness" Office.

DRY KINDLING WOOD.

Large Loads, \$2.00.

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Telephone 8211. 244 William street.

Property.

FOR SALE—A comfortable ten-roomed stone front House, in perfect order; delightful situation; St. Luke street west. Price very moderate. Apply to W. H. WARREN, or D. S. LEACH, Temple Building.

FOR SALE—Two Pretty Stone Cottages, 63 and 65 St. Elizabeth street. Central, locality first-class; easily rented; good investment, paying nearly ten percent; price, \$3,800; rental, \$260. Terms easy. W. L. BASTIAN, 2123 St. Catherine street.

FOR SALE—On Dorchester street, in the very finest part of it, a House, with grounds, fine trees, both fruit and shade. Good stables. Can be seen by permit only. For particulars, apply to H. M. SIMPSON, 30 St. John street.

FOR SALE—Mountain street, a Charming Double house, built with a special view to economy of service; with all modern conveniences, extension kitchen, etc. The house was built for the owner, and no expense spared in its construction. Apply to H. M. SIMPSON, 30 St. John street.

FOR SALE—At Montreal Junction, a Small Cottage, built by the owner, who is leaving for Ontario. There are about 12,000 feet of land belonging to the house, and more can be rented or bought adjoining it. This little place would make a capital home for the summer. Trains very convenient. Price low. Terms easy. House is built for summer or winter. Apply to H. M. SIMPSON, 30 St. John street.

FOR SALE—On Sherbrooke street, one of the Handsomest Residences on this fashionable street. For particulars, apply to H. M. SIMPSON, 30 St. John street.

FOR SALE—Real Estate, vacant and improved; situated in the central and best part of the upper West End; some very desirable building lots; east of St. Matthew st. Address Box 1743 P.O.

FOR SALE—Cote St. Antoine, newly-built semi-detached Cottages, 11 rooms in each and all modern conveniences. A. G. FOWLER, architect, 198 St. James street.

FOR SALE—Brick Cottage, 30 Abbott ave. Cote St. Antoine, 6 rooms, heated by a 'Daisy' furnace; price, \$2,000; ¼ cash, and balance to suit buyer. Apply to 552 St. Antoine street.

FOR SALE—Several handsome modern style houses, situated in the western portion of the city. A. G. ROSS & CO., Standard Building.

FOR SALE—A few very comfortable New Cottages, having all modern conveniences. A. G. ROSS & CO., Standard Building.

FOR SALE—No. 109 Metcalfe street, a first-class modern residence, containing eleven rooms, and bathroom; possession early in April. For permit, apply DENOON & FAIR, Temple Building.

FOR SALE—Handsome Cut-Stone Front Dwelling, No. 138 Metcalfe street; three stories and basement. Apply at No. 95 St. Peter street.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET—Six-Room Cottage and Bath, on St. Antoine street. Apply to D. S. LEACH, 28 Temple Building.

FOR SALE—House, 256 St. Antoine street, 14 rooms; low price to close an estate; possession now if required. Apply GEO. S. FLOW, 206 McGill street.

PROPERTY FOR SALE—No. 48 and 50 Jacques Cartier street. Apply to 46 Jurons street.

A BARGAIN.—For Sale or To Let.—The handsome and commodious Hotel Bellevue, with about two acres of ground situated on the bank of the Richelieu river at Champlain Basin, (a favorite summer resort) within five minutes' walk of railway station and close to Richelieu Park. This hotel has 25 bedrooms, two parlors, large dining-room, bar, etc. EXCELLENT FACILITIES FOR BOATING and FISHING. A long lease would be given to a suitable tenant with option of purchase at end of term.

Apply at 1763 NOTRE DAME STREET.

To Let.

FLAT TO LET, with office; use of hoist, etc., in a first-class position. Address FLAT, Box 23, city.

OFFICE TO LET—First-class commodious office, newly fitted up, well lighted and heated, with telephone, vault, to let in the Telephone Building, corner of St. Francois Xavier and St. Sacrament streets; first floor; electric light, if required. Suitable for an insurance, architect's, or a general agency office. Possession immediately. Apply to W. B. POWELL, manager, G.N.W. Telephone Company.

TO LET—From 1st of May, a Charming Cottage on Mackay street, above St. Catherine; all modern improvements, and in excellent order. Apply to S. JOHNSTON, 35 St. Charles street.

TO RENT FROM 1st MAY—No. 250 Mountain street; \$600 and taxes; eleven rooms; pantry, bathroom, and 2 w.c.s; extension kitchen, with chamber above; heated by hot water. Apply DENOON & FAIR, Temple Building.

TO LET—Plating Shop in running order. WORK to amount of rent guaranteed. H. R. IVES & CO., Queen street.

TO LET—On Queen street, three-story brick building, suitable for warehousing or factory purposes; steam power if required. Apply to H. R. IVES & CO., Queen street.

None other than first-class tenants need apply.

JOHN DOUGALL & SON, "Witness" Office.

Lost, Strayed and Found.

FOUND—On Beaver Hall Hill, a brass key; owner will receive same on applying to "Witness" Office.

LOST—Near Victoria street, a Moonstone Stickpin; finder kindly return to 41 Victoria street. Reward.

LOST—On Monday, in Malsonneuve, in the vicinity of Dorchester and Notre Dame streets, an Alaska Sable Storm Collar, containing "Samuel, Furrier." Suitable reward on returning to "Witness" Office.

PRISCILLA PERKINS.

Situations Vacant.

COOK WANTED, with city references, at 214 University street.

FIREMAN WANTED. One who can produce a certificate of qualification preferred. Address FIREMAN, "Witness" Office.

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED; references required. Apply at 2709 St. Catherine st.

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED. \$2 University street.

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT WANTED, with references. Apply 102 St. Famille street.

WANTED—Protestant Nurse; willing to assist with light housework. Apply with references. 262 Bishop street.

WANTED—Office Boy to make himself generally useful. Apply 92 Foundling street.

WANTED—Lady Clerk; office work. Apply by letter, LYMAN SONS & CO., Wholesale Druggists, P.O. Drawer 2050, Montreal.

WANTED—A Good Plain Cook, or General Servant; no washing or ironing; good references required. 57 Cote St. Antoine road corner Clarke avenue.

WANTED—A mother's help to go to Lake St. John; must be strong and ready to do all household work, including washing and scrubbing. Address Mrs. J. H. CUMMINS, St. Prime, Lake St. John.

WANTED—Boy about 14. Apply to 67 Beaver Hall Hill.

WANTED—Good, Live, Active Representative in this city and vicinity, to take agency for our Kooline Fuel-Saver and Fuelimater. A reliable article. Good prices. Factories, hotels and families readily use this compound. Address with stamp THE KOALINE FUEL CO., Windsor, Ont.

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MATTHEW MAER AND UPHOLSTERER. Wants work in private houses. Address HARRIS EPTSTEIN, 234 St. George street, near Craig street, Montreal.

POSITION WANTED by Young Girl as a Telegraph or Telephone Operator, or clerk in store; Good French and English. Apply 16 Munro street.

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WANTED—Washing by a first-class Laundry. Apply 2004 St. George street.

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WANTED—A Young Man with several years' experience in an office; good bookkeeper, with knowledge of shorthand and typewriting, desires to obtain a position; references. Address S.L.W.H., "Witness" Office.

WANTED by a first-class Dressmaker, ladies to sew for at their own homes, immediately; best city references given. Address to A.B., 11, "Witness" Office.



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Send for new pamphlet of rates and sailings or call at my new address, 173 St. James street, opposite Temple Building, City and District Savings Bank Building, Montreal.
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No transfer by tender. No tidal delays.
Close connection at Southampton for Havre and Paris, by special fast train-screw Channel steamers.
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Rates of passage, \$50 and upward, according to steamer.
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SPECIAL ROUND TRIP TICKETS AT REDUCED RATES.
Steorage at Very Low Rates.
For Freight or Passage apply to
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BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL.
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Between Liverpool and Boston, via Halifax from Liverpool.
From Liverpool. From Boston.
Dec. 20. Lake Superior. Jan. 17
Jan. 13. Lake Winnipeg. Jan. 31
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Saloon, \$40. Second cabin, \$30. Steorage to Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Londonderry, Belfast, Queenstown, \$2.
Through rates, Montreal and Liverpool, including rail fare to and from Boston-SALOON, \$47.50, round trip, \$92.50; SECOND CABIN, \$35.50, round trip, \$71.00; STEERAGE, \$29.50.
Passengers can obtain through tickets by the Beaver line to and from all points in Canada and Great Britain and Ireland.
Through Bills of Lading are granted for freights to and from all points by most direct routes.
For freight or other particulars apply-In Liverpool, to R. W. Roberts, 21 Water street; in Boston, to E. A. Adams & Co., 115 State street, or
H. E. MURRAY, Gen. Manager,
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INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA,
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Organized 1792. Incorporated 1794.
CASH ASSETS. \$9,134,699.
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LARGEST FIRE OFFICE IN THE WORLD.
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10
ESTABLISHED IN 1803.
Subscribed Capital - - - \$1,200,000
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CENTRAL VERMONT R.R.
Trains leave Grand Trunk Station as follows:
FOR NEW YORK.
8.30 a.m. Fast train, via Rutland, Troy and Albany, arriving New York, 5.50 p.m.
Except Sunday. Express, via White River Junction, arriving New York, 10 p.m.
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Daily. For Boston, via Bellevue Falls and Fitchburg, for Worcester and all New England points via Winchendon.
Wagner New Vestibule, Buffet, Palace, Drawing Room and Sleeping Cars on all through trains.
For Tickets, Time Tables and other information apply to Company's Office, 138 St. James street.
A. C. STONEGROVE, Canadian Pass. Agent.
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ST. ALBANS, VT.
Nov. 19, 1893.

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SHORTEST, QUICKEST AND BEST LINE TO NEW YORK.
AND ALL POINTS SOUTH AND EAST.
Selected by the Government as the Montreal and New York Mail Line.
Trains leave Montreal as follows:
8.40 a.m.-Day Express Daily, except Sunday, arriving in New York at 8.50 p.m.
Wagner Pullman Car to New York.
8.10 p.m.-Night Express Daily arriving in New York 6.45 a.m. WAGNER BUFFET VESTIBULE SLEEPER through to New York.
Connections at Troy and Albany for East and West.
For Tickets, Time Tables and all information apply to the Company's Office
143 St. James street, Montreal.
J. V. BURDICK, W. H. HENRY, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Agent,
Albany, N.Y. Montreal.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
EXCURSION TO OTTAWA and RETURN
\$2.
Tickets good going by all regular trains, January 20, good to return until 22nd January.
WITNESS THE HOCKEY MATCH, VICTORIAS vs. OTTAWA, AT OTTAWA, JANUARY 20.
TRAINS LEAVE MONTREAL
Dahouise Square, 8.50 a.m.
Windsor Station, 4.45 p.m., 9.10 p.m.
TRAINS LEAVE OTTAWA
MONDAY, 4.30 a.m., 8 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.
EXCURSION TO SHEBROOKE and RETURN, \$2.00.
Tickets good going p.m. trains January 24, all trains January 25, good to return until January 26.

QUEBEC CARNIVAL EXCURSION TICKETS
WILL BE SOLD TO QUEBEC and RETURN, - At \$4.50 -
JANUARY 27 to FEBRUARY 2, Good to Return until Feb. 6th.
SECURE PROGRAMME OF EVENTS FROM CITY TICKET and TELEGRAPH OFFICE, 129 ST. JAMES STREET, NEXT POST OFFICE. 19

Cement, Drain Pipes, &c.
CEMENT.
7,000 BARRELS OF GENUINE WHITE'S
And other best London brands in stock and to arrive. Also
FIRE BRICK, DRAIN PIPES,
Best quality and lowest prices.
F. HYDE & CO.,
IS WELLINGTON STREET.
SCOTCH DRAIN PIPES,
PORTLAND CEMENT,
IN STOCK AND TO ARRIVE,
At Lowest Market Prices.
W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.,
100 GREY NUN STREET.

DRAIN PIPES,
PORTLAND, ROMAN
AND CANADA CEMENTS,
FIRE BRICKS, CLAY, &c.
ALEX. BRENNER, 50 Elzary st.

NOTICES.
THE MONTREAL UNION ABATTOIR COMPANY.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
A third call of ten percent (10 p.c.) on the Capital Stock of the Montreal Union Abattoir Company, has been made, and will be payable at the Company's Office, No. 50 St. Paul street, on the 31st instant.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
T. DUBREUIL, Secy.-Treas.

PAINTS, OILS, &c.
HILL & FORBES,
327 ST. JAMES STREET,
Are offering full lines of
Paints and Ornamental Window Glass,
PURE READY MIXED PAINTS, &c.
Gode's Prices Right.

Business Cards.
PRISCILLA PERKINS
COMING NEXT WEEK.
ABERDEEN Temperance Cafe.
754 Craig street, few doors west of Victoria Square. LUNCH SERVED SEPARATELY, or complete dinner 20c. Six tickets \$1.
THE ENDEAVORER COFFEE
HOUSE, 502 Craig st., (2 stores east of St. Lambert Hill). Full dinner, 15c; 7 tickets, \$1.00. Steaks or chops served with potatoes, bread and butter, tea or coffee, 15 cents.
FANCY HANDLE WHISKIES,
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Coachman Stable Whiskies,
Austrian Feather Dusters,
ENGLISH HAIR BRUSHES, &c.
ULLEY'S BRUSH WORKS,
76-78 Victoria square.
Carpet-Sweepers Repaired. Telephone 2740.
HOCKEY, RACING AND SPRING SKATES. COAL SPAR will save 25 percent coal. Lace curtain stretchers at L. J. A. SURVEYER'S, 6 St. Lawrence Main street.
OATS, BRAN, MOULIE,
GROUND OIL CAKE, FLAX SEED, FLAX and COTTON SEED MEAL, &c., &c., delivered to Customers by careful drivers, and now arriving my usual fresh and very extensive assortment of garden and field Seeds. Catalogues free; order early. Telephone 326.
WM. EVANS, Seedsman,
McGill and Foundling sts.

PRISCILLA PERKINS
COMING NEXT WEEK.
NEW CARPET STORE
W. & J. M. FARQUHAR, 354 St. James st.
CARPETS, FLOOR OILCLOTHS, etc.
LACE CURTAINS, White and Cream.
COLORED WOOL MATS.
We solicit purchasers to call to see these before buying elsewhere.
HAVE YOU
MUSCULAR RHEUMATISM?
Or do you know any friend or neighbor afflicted with it, if so
DICK'S LINIMENT
WILL CURE THEM.
NEURALGIA
SCALDS
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CHAPPED HANDS
YIELD TO ITS INFLUENCE.
For sale by all leading Druggists, or mailed on receipt of price. Price 25c.
DICK & CO.,
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PRISCILLA PERKINS
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HOUSEHOLD OUTLERY.
AN EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT OF JELLY MOULD, ENTREES, TURKEY CREAM, &c.
And a Fine Selection of Carvers, with or without cases. All at Lowest Prices.
M. PHILBIN,
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LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.
The Bank having transferred its Western Branch Office to corner of Notre Dame and Richmond streets (Costigan's Block) will, as heretofore, receive deposits for sums running from one dollar up, at 4 percent interest per annum.

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COMING NEXT WEEK.
SKATES
of the best make, in all Sizes and Styles. Nothing will better please the boys and girls than a pair of our Skates for a Xmas Present. Prices low.
D. DRYDALE, 645 Craig street.
Builders and Carpenters.
COLD WEATHER IS COMING.
Prepare for it by applying our WEATHER STRIPS to your WINDOWS and DOORS, as perfectly excludes
COLD, WIND, RAIN, SNOW and DUST.
All kinds on hand. Prices Low.
A PALLASCO,
300 St. James street, MONTREAL.
JOBBER
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Special care to have work about a house or building done neatly, quickly and cheaply. Address
O. C. SKALLEVOLD,
Standard Joinery Works,
112 St. Peter street.

BUILDING PAPER,
ROOFING FELT,
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ROBIN CEMENT,
ASPHALT, TAR.
All of the Best Quality and at the very lowest price FOR SALE BY
J. W. PATTERSON & CO.,
47 MURRAY STREET.

Paints, Oils, &c.
HILL & FORBES,
327 ST. JAMES STREET,
Are offering full lines of
Paints and Ornamental Window Glass,
PURE READY MIXED PAINTS, &c.
Gode's Prices Right.

Winter Resorts.
WHEN IN BUFFALO, Stop at THE GENESER.
Niagara Falls Forty Minutes Away.

Groceries, Provisions, &c.
Convenience and Economy
effected in every household by the use of
Liebig Company's
Extract of Beef
The best way to improve and strengthen Soups and Sauces of all kinds is to add a little of this famous product.

GROCERIES FOR NEW YEAR
TABLE RAISINS,
FIGS,
PRUNES, etc.
Crystallized and Glaced FRUITS, CANDIES, ORANGES, FINEST TEAS, and every Delicacy in the Grocery line.
D. STEWART,
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GEORGE SMITH,
163 MOUNTAIN STREET,
The longest established and best in the city for
PLAIN AND FANCY BREAD,
Telephone 3514.

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2450 St. Catherine street, (Corner Drummond).
SPECIAL LINES:
ENGLISH CURED BACON, do. do. HAM, do. do. WILTSHIRE BACON, do. do. AYRSHIRE ROLL BACON.
CHEESE:
ENGLISH STILTON, GORGONZA CHEESE, ROQUEFORT CHEESE, EDAM CHEESE, NEUCHÂTEL CHEESE, PHILADELPHIA CREAM CHEESE, CLYDEDALE CHeddar.
Also a full stock of Groceries at lowest working prices.
N.B. Don't forget our Famous English Breakfast Tea, at 35c per lb.

NIXEY'S
"Silver Moonlight"
Stove Polish
A Bright, Quick, Silvery Polish for Stoves and Grates, easy to apply, Deep and Lasting. Obtained Highest Honor and Medal at the World's Fair, Chicago. Its Cleanliness is a feature that will be appreciated by all good housekeepers. Only requires one trial to prove its superior qualities.
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS
CHARLES GYDE, Agent,
33 ST. NICHOLAS ST., MONTREAL.

AN IDEAL FOOD FOR INFANTS.
Milk Granules
WITH CEREALS.
A combination of the perfect equivalent of Mother's Milk and the finest Barley, specially treated to render it easily digestible.
Sold by all Grocers and Druggists Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co.

Housefurnishings, &c.
CARPET LAYING, UPHOLSTERING, etc. Carpets Cut, Made and Laid, Lifted and Beaten, Shades, Spring Rollers, etc., supplied and put up. Mattresses can be returned same day. HENRY HANMOND, 222 and 224 St. Urban street. 18 years with Thomas Museum. Repairs repaired. Orders attended to personally. Telephone 1749.
J. E. TOWNSEND,
HEADQUARTERS FOR BEDDING.
Ring up 1906 for experienced man to call respecting DRESSING and FURFIFYING Bed Feathers and PURIFYING and MENDING MATTRESSES.
Every variety new Bedsteads and Bedding at lowest Rock Bottom Prices.
HEADQUARTERS, THE OLD STAND.
ST. JAMES ST., cor. Little St. Antoine street ONLY.

Boots and Shoes.
KYLES
For BOOTS, SHOES, SLIPPERS.
And everything in the Footwear Line. Finest goods at easy prices. Please examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
JAMES R. KYLE,
67 Beaver Hall Hill.

Groceries, Provisions, &c.
Cottolene
A SHORTENING.

Down the street through the busy way A lady passed on marketing day. Who, pausing at a grocery store, Stepped quickly in at the open door. With bated breath and anxious mien She queried: "have you COTTOLENE?"
The grocer, leaving off his work, Interrogated every clerk; But none up to that time had seen An article called "COTTOLENE."
"What is it?" said he to the dame, "That answers to this curious name. What is it made of? What's its use? My ignorance you'll please excuse."
"You're not the merchant for my dimes, I see you're quite behind the times. For COTTOLENE, I'd have you know, Is now the thing that's all the go, An article of high regard; A healthful substitute for lard. Its composition pure and clean; For cooking give me COTTOLENE."
As from his store the lady fled, The grocer gently scratched his head— On his next order, first was seen, "One dozen cases COTTOLENE."

Ask Your Grocer for it.
Made only by
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,
Wellington and Ann Streets, MONTREAL.

Speedy, - thorough, permanent,
describe the beneficial effects experienced by all using

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF
as a means of gaining Strength. It nourishes and builds up.
For sale by Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

AIRD'S CHERRY COUGH DROP.
Registered.
SOMETHING NEW. For Sale Everywhere.
Give Them a Trial.

BREAD, CAKE, CANDIES.
Of the very best quality, and of infinite variety. Everything clean, wholesome, and low priced. Boston brown bread and baked beans every Saturday. Quaker bread and milk loaves—most delicious bread made.
R. S. AULD & CO.,
Bakers and Confectioners,
Corner Atwater Ave. and St. Antoine st.

THINGS ARE NOT ALWAYS
what they seem, and washing soda are too often a mere anguish, but PILKINGTON'S WASHING SODA is the ideal of the laundress and the housewife. It saves your hands, it saves your soap, it saves your temper. Ask your grocer for it. 27

CHILDREN'S CORNER.
EVA MARSH'S BRAVERY.
(Concluded.)

One beautiful morning, while Eva was singing by the window, a gentleman with a great tawny beard and blue eyes, half hidden behind gold-rimmed spectacles, was walking slowly along the road. When he heard Eva's voice he looked about him with an expression of mild surprise. "Ach!" he exclaimed, "vat is dat I hear?" He continued to look about, as he walked forward, till he caught sight of Eva sitting at the window. "De bootiful young frau!" he exclaimed. "Und my goodness, how sweet she sing!" He stood and listened to her for a few moments; then he shook his head and muttered: "But she know not how. She vill spoil dat bootiful voice, und it must not be spoiled!" He entered the gate and advanced up the short path toward the house. "Good-morning," he said. Eva stopped singing. "Did some one speak?" she asked. "I shepeak myself," said the old man. "Who is that?" "Of you loog, you vill see an old Sherman shendleman," he said, smiling. "I can't look," said Eva, gravely. "I am blind." "Ach!" exclaimed the old gentleman. "Und you haf sug' a bootiful voice. Don't you know dat voice is good for money?" "Good for money? What do you mean? Who are you? Wait till I call my mother." Mrs. Marsh came in answer to her daughter's call. "I haf heard your tochter's voice," said the old gentleman. "Vot does she do mit it?" "Sings all the day, as if she were the happiest girl in the world," said Mrs. Marsh. "Shust for fun?" asked the old gentleman. "Just for pleasure," answered Mrs. Marsh. "But she could earn much money," said the old gentleman, earnestly. "Of she could shdudy, she could be a fine singer, und she could be very happy, because she would haf some oggation."

she would haf some oggation. "It may be so," said Mrs. Marsh, fully; "but we cannot afford a teacher." "Mein Hebe Frau!" said the old man. "I am myself de Herr Professor Semelz, von de Cosmopolitan Academy. I would be much rejoiced to de young frau, und she could earn ven she shall get paid for her dot lovely voice." "Oh, mother!" exclaimed Eva. "Would it make you happy to have some work in life?" "Oh, yes, mother," said the old man. "I hardly know how I am to do for your offer, sir," said Mrs. Marsh. "I shall speak to my husband, und comes home, und I am sure he vill sent to anything that is for our ness. But we shall be pleased to you, a stranger." "Nein, nein," said the old man earnestly. "De good professor de teacher, und so he gods de money. You see I am extremely poor, und I dry to get dat voice for my money." But the Herr Professor was benevolent himself. He had a conversation between Mr. Marsh and later in the day was favored with hopes. "I don't suppose the amount to much," said Mrs. Marsh; perhaps they will pay for it, und Eva vill have some thing her mind. She has been so patient in her terrible affliction, would sacrifice a good deal of what she wants." "God bless you, dear!" said the old man. "I don't think that Professor will charge her much, und He has a very, very kind heart." So a few days later the study singing. She read raised music with her as she had received some piano-playing, she was simple chords necessary accompaniment in practising, touching sight to see her old-fashioned piano, for with her sensitive fingers, she was scientifically striving to do as the old professor had done, by week her voice grew in its compass extended, und it grew more even throughout, und did not know it, but Professor them a man whose head was full of the finest knowledge, und German schools of Stockhausen, und had a wonderful singer of the heart went out to the window singing. He had a ledge and his care upon song was she allowed to first year and a half of him. She was given to develop the beauty and voice, and to teach her body wants to hear such don't you give up, Annie! And even Mrs. Marsh, dered how the girl would earn enough money to pay her wearisome lessons. But never faltered. "I must develop the muscles attempt the feats of strength," fessor says," she told them. Frank, one must train to win a race. And it is so to study this beautiful art." So they let her alone and list her scales and trills till one came home with a beaming face. "See, mother," she cried, the good Professor has given me a song to He has shown me how to phrase it, oh, he has made it so interesting! And the next morning they heard singing Schumann's "Widmung." "Well, I don't see why you can't English," said Frank. "No," said Eva. The Herr Professor says that German songs should be in German. He will give me a lish song some time, and maybe an one." Such music as Schumann's to the Marshes, and while they it was better than what they did, they did not care for it. And less and less faith in the Eva's study. But finally, a years and a half after the began, Eva announced, with citement, that a month later, on day before Christmas, she was an offertory solo in the fashionable copal church. The organist, the Herr Professor, had consigned her this opportunity. Mr. Marsh and Frank, of course, had to hear her. When the offertory arrived it had somehow become the congregation that a blind girl to sing. So when Eva stood up, the collection was being taken, bling with excitement, scores of pe in the church were starting up a choir loft. Somehow she felt that was the case, though she could thing, and she was frightened at first notes of her solo were weak. "Be brave, my tear," whispered the fessor, who sat behind her. "Girls haven't any spunk," came Frank's words to her. "Why, what had she been studying to fail now? Never! Her came as steel, and her performance of her voice returned. As the rich notes, so full of reserved freshness, so vibrant, so intense, deep feeling of a young spirit itself by the impenetrable of those sightless eyes, rolled the Gothic arches, a great hush the congregation. And when there were some wet eyes in the She turned and sat down. The of the choir congratulated the organist was enthusiastic. He waited for the Herr Professor. With the tears rolling down the old man said: "Ach, dot bootiful voice!" "Mein gwn shweet child vot I myself. Gott pless you, my gan dear you no more." The very next day Eva was a position in the choir of a large at a salary of \$2,000 a year. Frank heard that, he whistled, und Mrs. Marsh were brought to astonishment. It was as hard as as Mr. Marsh himself, revery. "Now Frank shall go to college," claimed Eva. "Now you can pay the Professor," said Mrs. Marsh. "I can never do that," said Eva. "Ach, ja!" declared the Professor, had himself brought the offertory paid already. Ach, dot bootiful! —Harner's Young People.

HAT NECESSITY KNOWS.

BY L. DOUGALL.
Author of "Begone All," etc.

BOOK III.

Nothing is inexorable but love.

CHAPTER V.

In the meantime the elder of the brothers Trenholme had not the satisfaction of meeting with Sophia Rexford, or of going to see the strange old man laid away in his last resting-place.

Robert Trenholme lay in his house, suffering a good deal of physical pain, suffering more from restlessness of nerve caused by his former tense activity, suffering most from the consideration of various things which were grievous to him.

He had been flouted by the woman he loved. The arrow she had let fly had pierced his heart, and, through that, his understanding. He never told her, or anyone, how angry he had been at the first stab that wounded, nor that when the familiar sound of his brother's voice came to him in the midst of this anger, he had been dumb rather than claim kindred in that place with the young man who, by his actions, had already taken up the same reproach. No, he never told them that it was more in a way of such pain because he had slipped the ditch that he had let them go without him in the darkness; but he knew that this had been the case; and, although he was aware of no momentary consequence following on this lapse, he loathed himself for it, asking by what gradual steps he had descended to the level of such a moment of childish and childish temper. He was a product of modern culture, and had the devil who had overcome him been merely an unforgiving spirit, or the spirit of sarcasm or of self-satisfied indifference, he might hardly have noticed that he had fallen from the high estate of a man of manhood, even though the fiend jumped astride his back and ambled far on him; but when he found that he had been overcome by a natural impulse of passionate wrath he was appalled, and was philosopher enough to look for the cause of such weakness prior to the moment of failure. Was it true, what Sophia had said, that he had sold his birthright for a little paltry prosperity? He thought more highly of her discrimination than anyone else would have done, because he loved her. What had she seen in him to make her use that form of accusation? And if it was true, was there for him no place of repentance?

Then he remembered the purer air of the dark mountain-top. There he had seen many from his own little circle of souls who were shaken by the madman's fervor as he had never been able to move them by precept or example. There he, too, had seen, with slight borrow from the eyes of the enthusiast, the enthusiast's Lord, seen him the more readily because there had been times in his life when he had not needed another to show him the loveliness that exceeds all other loveliness. He was versed in the chronicle of the days when the power of God wrought wonders by devoted men, and he asked himself with whom this power had been working here of late—with him, the priest, or with this wandering fool, out of whose lips it would come that praise was ordained, and looked back to divers hours when he had given himself wholly to the love of God, and to the long reaches of time between them, in which he had not cast away the muck-rake, but had trailed it after him with one hand as he walked forward, looking to the angel and the fiend. He seemed to see St. Peter pointing to the life all of which he had professed to devote while he had kept back part; and St. Peter said, "Whiles it remained, was it not thine own? Thou hast not lied unto men, but unto God."

There was for him the choice that is given to every man in this sort of pain, the choice between dulling his mind to the pain, letting it pass from him as he holds on his way (and God knows it passes easily), or clasping it as the higher good. Perhaps this man would not have been wiser than many other men in his choice; but he did not look at the gathering of his muck-rake and in that found no comfort. Since a woman had called this prosperity paltry, it seemed less substantial in his own eyes; but, paltry or worthy, he believed that it was in the power of his younger brother to reverse the process, and he felt rather brave enough to face this matter, time nor had enough to tamper with that brother's crude ideals for the sake of his own gain. From the length of his own experience, from the present weariness of his soul, he looked upon Alec more than ever as a boy to be shielded from the shock of further disillusion with regard to himself. He had not had Alec's wear a thorn in his conscience for ten months without coming to feel that, if merely for the sake of his own comfort, he would not shoulder that burden again. Now that the thought of the fool Alec as a weaker man, and of his ideals as crude and yet needing tender dealing, was possibly a mistaken one, yet, so curious is our life that, true or false, it was the thing that at this juncture made him spurn all thought of setting aside the approach of his roused sense to loss as morbid or unreal. He looked at his early realization of the all-attractiveness of the love of God, not with the national view that such phase of religion ordained to fade in the heat of life, but with passionate regret that by his own fault he had turned away from the love of life. He thought of the foolish brother who had been struck dead in the full impulse of adoration and longing for life, and he would have given reason and life itself to have such gate of death shut now for him.

This spirit did not rest, but tossed continually, as a fever patient, up and down, the most requires more than the softest pillows; and as even those whose bodies are stretched on pillows of down may be weak to find bodily rest, so the soul that lies, as do all self-sick souls, in the clinging arms, too often lacks health in the up-bearing.

A clever sailor, whose ship is sinking, does not long before he throws the treasure overboard; a wise man in pain takes quick vows of abstinence from the love of life. In Trenholme there was a certain quality of the low type of will that is seen in jobbers and in many other men who go on clutching what they have clutched, whether it be useful or useless, till the claw is cut off.

He had not realized that he had fallen from the height of his endeavors before he began to look about eagerly for some thing that he might sacrifice. But here he was met by the difficulty that proves that in the higher stages of human development honest effort after righteousness is not one whit easier than are man's first simple efforts to put down the brute in him. Trenholme could find in himself no offending member that he would hardly destroy it without defrauding them. He had sought nothing for himself that was not a legitimate object of desire. The world, the flesh and the devil had polished themselves to match all that was best in him, and blended impartially with it, so that in very truth he did not know where to condemn. A brave man, when examined, will confess all that he honorably may, but no more; so Trenholme confessed himself to be worldly, but against that he was forced to confess that a true son of the world would have been insensible to the torture he was groaning under. He upbraided himself for not knowing right from wrong, and yet he knew that it was only a very superficial mind that imagined that without direct inspiration from heaven it could detect its sin and error truly. Crying for such inspiration, his cry seemed unanswered.

At last, each man must parley as best he may with the angel who withstands him in the narrow place where there is no way to turn to the right hand or the left. We desire at such times to be shown such clear portraiture of the ideal to which we must conform in our plain and circumstance as form in our life, no more to mistake good for evil. Possibly, if such image of all we ourselves ought to be given to our gaze, we could not look in its eyes and live. Possibly, if heaven granted us the knowledge of all thoughts and deeds that would make up the ideal self we should go on our way producing vile imitations of it and neglecting heaven, as they do who seek only to imitate the divine example. At any rate, such perfection of self-denial if not given us, except with the years that make up the sum of life.

(To be continued.)

DAILY STEPS UPWARD.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 19.

Safe in the shelter of Thy love I rest,
And there, by naught disturbed, by naught distressed,
Vainly the world's wide waves of trouble roar—
In vain they surge on scrow's distant shore.

For Thou hast been a shelter for me—
Ps. lxi. 3.

Courage, O faithful heart;
Readfast for ever!
In the eternal love
Faltering never.

W. E. Littlewood.

A life of worry, want and wear,
A life of discord, doubt and care,
I may not, will not, live on earth—
It becomes the second birth
Of God's own child.

—Rev. John Parker.

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS.

[We invite questions on all possible subjects of general interest, to which we shall do our best to obtain correct answers, and shall insert such queries and replies as we can make room for. This must not be used, however, as an advertising column or as an enquiry bureau for matters not of general interest. Every query must be accompanied with the name and postal address of the sender, and no notice will be taken of anonymous communications.]

GENERAL.

NUMISMATIC.
W.G.S.—Q.—I mail with this letter a sample of rock. Kindly say what it is, and of what value, if any. Ans.—Your mineral is a crystalline form of calcite (limestone). It is of no commercial value except, perhaps, if very abundant, and in the vicinity of building operations, to make a beautiful white plaster.

Subscriber's Brother, Ont.—Q.—Kindly give me some information about the following coins:—1. What is the value of a halfpenny of George I., 1722, slightly worn? 2. Halfpenny of George II., of England, 1751, in a first-class condition. 3. Halfpenny of George III., 1807, 4. Halfpenny of George IV., 1826, circulated. 5. Irish halfpenny of George III., 1760, 6. Irish halfpenny of George III., 1782 and 1805, 7. Irish halfpenny of George IV., 1822, 8. Do you know if Mr. Breton, of Montreal, the coin collector and dealer, is now there. If so, what is his address. Ans.—1. About five cents in poor condition. 2. About ten cents. 3. From five to ten cents. 4. Five cents. 5. From five to ten cents. 6. From five to ten cents. 7. From five to ten cents. 8. Mr. P. N. Breton's present address is 388 St. Andre street, Montreal. He is preparing a book on Canadian coins, to be issued in February or March.

C.P.S., Ont.—Q.—1. What is the color of platinum in the ore? 2. What is its value? 3. Is it a plentiful mineral? 4. What book would you recommend on the art of exploring and describing minerals? Ans.—1. Platinum is almost always found in the 'native' or pure state; not, like the base metals, as combinations with oxygen and other elements which differ altogether as to appearance and properties from the true metal. Its ore, when it occurs in masses sufficiently large to be easily seen, has, therefore, same color as the separated metal. This is a dull silver, or, perhaps better, bright steel color. It gets its name 'platina,' the Spanish word for 'little silver,' on account of its silver-like appearance, having been first discovered in a Central American gold mine. 2. It has fluctuated in price, according to the supply and demand. Its uses have long been limited mainly to chemical utensils on account of the exceedingly high temperature at which it is acted on by heat, and its power to resist almost all acids. The Russian Government, from 1822 to 1844, struck platinum coins, containing in all about two and a half million dollars' worth, but as the fluctuations were ofentimes very great, it never became a legal tender. In 1855 it was worth about eight times as much as silver, but since then on account of the great demand for platinum wire for incandescent electric lights it is the only substance suitable for the purpose. Its price has greatly advanced, selling as high as twelve dollars an ounce. 3. It is scarcer than gold, although on account of limited demand it is cheaper. 4. Perhaps the best book for the exploring miner is that of Prof. H. S. Osborn, its title is 'Practical Manual of Minerals, Metals and Mining,' published in 1885 by E. & F. N. Spon, 125 Strand, London. It is rather an expensive work, the published price being five dollars, while if necessitates considerable technical knowledge on the part of the reader. There is another book 'Text Book of Mining Surveying,' by E. H. Brown, published in 1889, by C. J. G. & Co., 13 Exeter street, Strand, London.

LEGAL.

[QUEBEC.]

RENTED PEWS.

Quietist.—Q.—Have persons renting pews in churches the sole right of using same, and the power to put a lock and key to the exclusion of outsiders at any time? Also, when strangers are shown into rented pews, is it not a matter of pure courtesy on the part of the pew-renter? Ans.—This question could not be answered without reference to the regulations and conditions under which the pews were rented, and to the prevailing custom. People are always supposed to contract, not only what is expressed, but what is usual in such contracts, and we do not think custom would sanction the putting of a lock on the door of a church pew. A distinction would certainly be made between a church pew and a market stall, as regards the exclusive rights of the lessee. The celebrated case of *Johnson vs. the ministers and trustees of St. Andrew's Church* went very far toward maintaining the right of the pew-holder, but the regulations and customs of the church were important elements in the case.

LANDLORD AND TENANT.

St. Henri, Que.—Q.—Kindly give me information on the following question:—If a tenant is going to leave the city, and cannot let the house, is he compelled to stay, or forfeit the rent? Ans.—The tenant's device to leave the city is no ground for cancelling a lease. He exposes himself to suit and to seizure.

TENANT—MONTHLY RECEIPTS.

W.J.L., City.—Q.—Kindly answer the following through the columns of the 'Daily Witness.' In a case where rent is paid monthly (not in advance), by means of a receipt cancel all previous ones? In other words, can a landlord lawfully claim rent for May when you hold a clear receipt for June and July? I have been in the habit of only keeping the last receipt, and now my landlord asks me to produce the receipt for May. This I cannot do, but I showed him June, which does not seem to satisfy him. Ans.—You should keep all your receipts. There is a presumption, but by no means a conclusive one, that the landlord would not give a receipt for June if May were unpaid. If it were brought you would have to prove that all the rent due was paid.

LEASEY ROOF—RIGHT OF TENANT.

C.A.R., City.—Q.—A tenant has occupied a house for about eighteen months, during which time the roof has leaked badly, on the average once a month. The landlord sends the roof to be mended. The tenant insists on patching, the roof mends, but within back landlord and tenant that all the mending is almost useless. The landlord still refuses to put on a new roof. The consequence is, that every few weeks the tenant has two closets full of clothing drenched. Is not advertised as a cure-all. It is made of better materials than any other. It can be taken by the most delicate when other emulsions of plain Cod Liver Oil are intolerable.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

She is afraid to use Pearl-line. She admits that it will do just what is claimed for it, that it will save her time, take away the drudgery, and do the work better; but she argues that, if it does all this it must ruin the clothes. It's a poor argument. Because the dirt is loosened and separated and brought out, why need harm come to the fabric that holds it? It's a delicate matter to arrange—but Pearl-line does it. All its imitators would like to know how. Hundreds of millions of packages of Pearl-line have been used—by millions of women. If it had been dangerous to anything it would have died long ago.

Beware of Peddlers and some unscrupulous dealers who tell you 'this is as good as' or 'it's as good as Pearl-line.' IT'S FALSE—Pearl-line is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearl-line, the honest thing to do is to send it back. 385 JAMES PYLE, New York.

DO YOU PRINT

BILL HEADS?

Was the question asked in the 'Witness' office a day or two ago. The person who asked had evidently not found out that the 'Witness' has one of the nicest printing offices in the city and does none but good work, in fact, as good work as is done anywhere. Whatever you want in the way of printing that it is proper to print can be got done at the

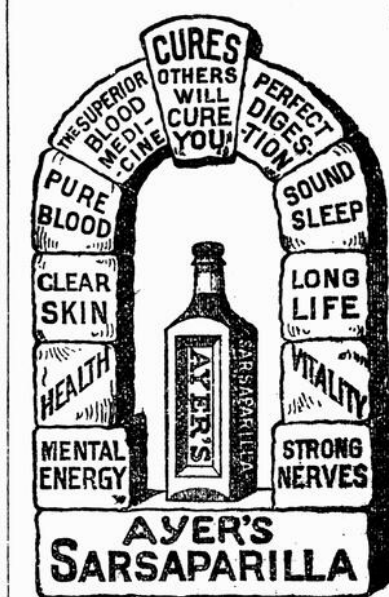
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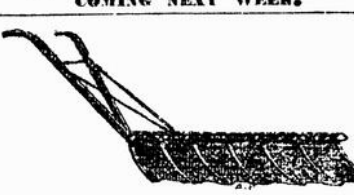
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READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

BOARD SCHOOL DEFINITIONS.

The following answers have been called from English Board School Examinations by the 'University Correspondent':—

Rabies—What you put round a dog's nose to prevent his biting.

Compurgation—When he was going to have anything done to him, and if he could not get any one to say not innocent, he was let off.

Function—When a fellow feels in a funk.

Quotation—The answer to a division sum.

Civil war—When each side gives way a little.

Parallax—In consequence of parallax a star is always observed from the centre of the earth.

Precession—(1) When things happen before they take place. (2) The arrival of the equator in the plane of the elliptic before it is due.

Zenith—(1) A quadruped living in the interior of Africa. (2) A kind of wood.

Parable—A heavenly story with no earthly meaning.

The four seasons—Pepper, mustard, salt, and vinegar.

Atlas means 'otherwise'—e.g., he was tall, but she was atlas.

Where is iron found in England?—In the Black Regions.

What is the capital of Belgium famous for?—Brussels sprouts, &c.

How is the earth divided?—By earthquakes.

Why suffer with toothache when one application of 'Nervol' will cure you instantly?—25 cents at all druggists, or John T. Lyons, corner Craig and Bleury street.

'Wagge,' said Dawson, 'why are you always using my name in your jokes—Dawson says this, and Dawson says that?' 'Why,' said Wagge, 'I do that so that they will seem brighter. People who know you always say, "Well, that's pretty bright—Dawson."—"Harper's Bazar."

Leading physicians strongly recommend Dyer's Digestive Malt Extract for nursing mothers and others, who are run down with anxiety and sickness. For sale by all druggists.

In winter time, when it's cold,' said Bobbie, 'I wish I was a polar bear with a white robe growin' all over me; but in summer, when the baseball season's on, bein' a giraffe 'd suit me.' 'Why a giraffe, Bobbie?' 'He kin see over the fence,' said Bobbie.—"Harper's Bazar."

The Montreal Cafe, 1838 Notre Dame street, is the place to get a nice lunch at moderate price. Try it.

'What I want,' said the anarchist, 'is reform.' 'And that,' said the police justice, 'is what you're going to get, if there is any moral efficacy in jail discipline.'—Washington 'Star.'

Business Cards.

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The QUEEN'S HAIR RESTORER is a preparation that restores hair to its natural color and security, arrests falling out, removes dandruff and cures baldness. It is not a dye. It stimulates and invigorates the roots, producing a rapid growth, full of life and health. The clear part makes a superior dressing, equal to any 50c or \$1 preparation. For sale by all druggists, or at

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(Special to the 'Witness.')

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Thursday next.

THE DAILY WITNESS is printed and published at the "Witness" Building, at the corner of Second and St. Peter streets, in the city of Minneapolis. John Redpath Dougall, of Minneapolis, is the proprietor. All business communications should be addressed to "John Dougall & Son, and a. b. c.," at the above place. Editor should be addressed "Editor of the Daily Witness," at the above place.