

## FIELD MARSHAL HAIG HOLDS AND CONSOLIDATES SALIENT POINTS WON FROM THE HUNS

**EXTENSION OF THESE WILL GIVE BASE FOR OPERATIONS AGAINST LILLE-OSTEND RAILWAY — FURIOUS ENEMY COUNTER-ATTACKS RESULT IN TERRIBLE LOSSES FOR ASSAILANTS — GERMAN EFFORT IN ARGONNE REGION IS FUTILE— UNITED STATES MUST SPEED UP BUILDING OF SHIPS.**

At last accounts Field Marshal Haig was holding and consolidating the salient positions won from the Germans in Wednesday's battle east of Ypres, the extension of which would give him a dominating point from which to operate against the Ostend-Lille railroad and also a position flanking both the northern and southern portions of Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria's line.

All the commanding positions taken by the English, Scotch and Australian troops in the latest drive have been firmly held by them, despite numerous furious counter-attacks delivered with huge effectives, in which the Germans suffered terrible losses in men killed or wounded. The Berlin official communication reports that to the east of Ypres the British artillery again has assumed the proportions of drumfire, which is always an indication that Haig has in store for the enemy a still further relentless attack against his lines.

Crown Prince Frederick William, probably imbued with the idea that at some time he will be able to pierce General Potain's front along the southern portion of the battle line in France, continues here and there to strike violently. His latest attempt has been in the forest of the Argonne, where three times he threw his troops against the Frenchmen.

As on the Chemin-Des-Dames and before Verdun, where similar assaults recently have been made, the effort of the Germans was fruitless and brought to them only additional heavy casualties.

Comparative quiet prevails on all the other battle fronts although there has been a resumption by the Russians of their activities in the Caucasus, where at several points Ottoman forces have been defeated.

The British Controller of Shipping announces that the loss of British ships since last February have approximately equalled the total losses in the war before that period and that it is reasonable to expect the enemy will destroy with U-boats 800 vessels in excess of the tonnage that can be built by next spring. He says there is urgent need for the United States to undertake merchant shipbuilding on a broad scale, as otherwise it will be impossible to send a substantial force of soldiers to France next spring without seriously affecting the tonnage required for the carrying of food to France, Italy and Great Britain.

### SOMETHING DOING.

London, Sept. 28—Correspondents at British headquarters in France advise all their English and American newspapers to expect nothing from their respective correspondents today. No reason for this is assigned.

No reason for the withholding of the despatches of newspaper correspondents on the British front in France is known. The only occasion previously of interrupting the news of the correspondent was in October, 1915, when it was announced from London that thousands of words of news from Associated Press correspondents in Sofia and from the German line on the western battle front were being withheld by the British censor. Two days later announcement was received of the entry of Bulgaria into the war on the side of the Teutonic Allies, and a day still later came the news that Field Marshal Sir John French, who had remained silent for five days, had made considerable gains in the Loos sector, driving a wedge into the German lines from 800 to 1,000 yards in depth.

### AIR RAID ON ENGLAND.

London, Sept. 28—The report issued by Field Marshal French, in charge of aerial defense of Great Britain, follows:

"Hostile airplanes attacked south-east coast of England this evening. The raiders were reported from various points along the coast in Suffolk, Essex and Kent.

"The majority of the raiders did not venture far inland. A few of them headed toward London, but failed to reach the metropolis.

"Bombs were dropped in Suffolk, Essex and Kent, but no reports regarding casualties or damage have been received as yet."

When the air raid warning was issued in London, everybody took to cover in the usual way. They waited two hours without hearing the sounds of a defensive gun or the bomb of a raider, and it became evident that the German airmen had been headed off from the London area.

### HUN AIRMEN RAID ENGLAND.

London, Sept. 28—Hostile airplanes attacked the south-east coast of England this evening. A few of them attempted to reach London but failed. No reports of casualties or damage have been received as yet.

### BRITISH STATEMENT.

London, Sept. 28—The statement issued by the War Office tonight follows:

"There were no further counter-attacks today. The infantry on the battle front was confined to patrol encounters between small bodies of which we captured more than a hundred prisoners. A strong enemy party attempted to approach our lines early this morning east of Polygon Wood, but was caught by our artillery and machine gun fire. Many of the enemy were killed and the survivors were captured. During the night one of four light machine gun teams surprised a German machine gun detachment and, after killing or taking prisoners the greater number of the detachment, captured their machine guns. Our artillery was active in the battle area and groups of hostile infantry were shelled with good effect. On the remainder of the front there is nothing to report."

## COAL DEALERS SHIRK ISSUE

WILL NOT GIVE INFORMATION DEMANDED BY FUEL CONTROLLER.

Ottawa, Sept. 28—Acting Coal-Living Commissioner W. F. O'Connor has been trying to find out the exact coal situation throughout the country, in order that the Fuel Controller may take action to assist dealers who are having difficulty in securing a supply for the winter. To this end a circular was sent to dealers throughout Canada last month asking them for exact particulars as to the tonnage required by them and also the names of those with whom they had placed orders for coal. The circular particularly requests this specific information, so that the Fuel Controller may act intelligently. It was stated at Mr. O'Connor's office today that 75 per cent of the replies received in answer to the circular did not contain the information asked for. Although many of the dealers stated that they were unable to get their orders for coal filled, they failed to furnish specific information as to the amount required, etc. The Fuel Controller therefore finds himself handicapped in his effort to help them.

## LIQUOR MADE HAY UNDER PROHIBITION

LIQUOR VALUED AT THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS SEIZED AT SYDNEY.

Sydney, N.S., Sept. 28—A freight car full of liquor valued at some thousands of dollars was seized by Chief McCormack and several police officers this morning, the raid being one of the largest pulled off in Sydney in years. The car that contained the liquor was labelled hay, but one of the police officers discovered a sloop wagon transporting a considerable quantity of wet globes from the car.

## The Weather

Toronto, Sept. 28—Rain has been general today in eastern Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. Elsewhere in Canada, with the exception of a few light scattered showers, the weather has been fair.

| Temperatures. |      |      |
|---------------|------|------|
|               | Min. | Max. |
| Prince Rupert | 46   | 54   |
| Victoria      | 48   | 52   |
| Vancouver     | 48   | 52   |
| Kamloops      | 36   | 64   |
| Edmonton      | 38   | 47   |
| Fattleford    | 38   | 60   |
| Medicine Hat  | 42   | 64   |
| Saskatoon     | 33   | 51   |
| Winnipeg      | 44   | 53   |
| Port Arthur   | 44   | 50   |
| Larry Sound   | 48   | 66   |
| Port Stanley  | 42   | 52   |
| London        | 45   | 64   |
| Toronto       | 51   | 68   |
| Ottawa        | 55   | 66   |
| Montreal      | 52   | 59   |
| Quebec        | 56   | 65   |
| St. John      | 50   | 63   |
| Halifax       | 46   | 70   |

**Forecasts.**  
Lakes and Georgian Bay: Moderate to fresh southerly to westerly winds; a few light scattered showers but generally fair; stationary or a little higher temperature.  
Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence: Moderate winds; a few light scattered showers, but generally fair; not much change in temperature.  
Lower St. Lawrence Valley, Gulf, North Shore and Maritime: Moderate to fresh south-westerly to westerly winds; a few light scattered showers, but generally fair; not much change in temperature.  
Lake Superior District: Moderate to fresh southerly to westerly winds; a few light scattered showers, but generally fair; not much change in temperature.  
All west: Fair and comparatively cool.

### BUSY ENOUGH

First Playwright—If that manager had only had more time he would have shown me all the rare objects in his studio. Second Playwright—Was he very busy? First, Playwright—Just had time to show me the door and nothing else.

## Special Sale of Hot House Grapes

Mr. Godfrey Rhodes, has generously consented to donate the total proceeds of the sale of the entire production of his Vine to the RED CROSS SOCIETY, and has placed the Grapes on sale in our Store. We will take orders for same, and deliver them free of charge.

A. GRENIER

Phones: 1247 and 1248. 84 and 86 ST. JOHN ST.

## SINN FEIN PARTY IS EXTENDING ITS ACTIVITIES

HOWEVER, IT STILL REMAINS A PERVAIDING SENTIMENT RATHER THAN A DEFINITE ORGANIZATION—CONVENTION SLOW BUT SURE.

Dublin, Sept. 27—(Correspondence of The Associated Press)—The Sinn Fein party in Ireland is extending its activities and is forming local clubs everywhere throughout the country. It still remains, however, rather a pervading sentiment than a definite organization. Some speakers continue to preach revolution by armed forces, while others appear to aim at a program much nearer the limits of practical politics.

The Associated Press correspondent has talked with some who are very influential in the movement to whom a free Ireland under the Crown is quite a welcome idea, provided that it does not mean subjection to a British cabinet. This is so very far from the Home Rule that Canada enjoys.

There is a continuously hopeful feeling that the Irish convention may hammer out a good workable scheme of self-government and the conviction is growing that if it does produce an acceptable plan the irreconcilable wing will be left without followers.

Meanwhile the military authorities are treating the situation on the assumption that the extremists mean what they say. Drilling is absolutely prohibited, and those who engage in it are court-martialed and sent to jail. Arms have been seized everywhere.

The convention is still busy with the discussion of colonial schemes of Home Rule and there does not seem to be any prospect of an early decision. The delay is not caused by any friction between the parties. It is felt to be demanded by the necessity of the case. The motto in the mind of its conductors seems to be "slow but sure." The slowness is indeed regarded by wise judges inside and outside the convention as a rather hopeful sign. Everybody is anxious for a settlement that can be offered to the country with a reasonable hope that it will capture all sections of Irish feeling and provide a basis for a government of Ireland in which all can cordially join.

## MANY TO ATTEND FUNERAL OF ASHE

PROCESSION WILL BE LARGEST SINCE OBSEQUIES OF PARNELL.

Dublin, Sept. 28.—The body of Thomas Ashe, a Sinn Fein leader, who died in prison Wednesday while on a hunger strike, now is in the City Hall where it will lie in state until Sunday. On that day the public funeral will take place and interment will be at Glasnevin cemetery. It is expected that the procession will be the largest since the funeral of Charles Parnell, with many contingents present from the provinces.

Today, after a Requiem Mass in the Cathedral, attended by an immense congregation including all the Sinn Fein leaders and numerous priests.

As his body was conveyed in a procession through the streets to the City Hall a group of Irish volunteers, some of whom were in uniform, followed the hearse, large crowds looking on, but there were no disturbances.

## DISORDER FOMENTED BY SINN FEINERS

POLICE SERGEANT IS SHOT IN THIGH — DEMONSTRATION FOR ASHE.

Cork, Ireland, Sept. 28—A police sergeant was shot in the thigh at midnight last night while he was preparing a squad near the Court House to charge a crowd which had been making an attack with stones. He had given an order to fix bayonets, when five shots were fired. The sergeant dropped, seriously wounded. The shooting was the culmination of a night of disorders fomented by Sinn Feiners, small groups of whom paraded the streets whistling the Sinn Fein anthems and cheering the Sinn Fein leader, Thomas Ashe, who died in jail. Windows were smashed and five youths received scalp wounds from police batons. The Irish convention delegates had left the city before the demonstration broke out.

## Skin Without Wrinkles Now Easy to Have

There's no excuse for any woman having wrinkles now. It has been found that a simple mixture of azolette and witch hazel has a remarkable action upon the deepest wrinkles, no matter what their nature, whether caused by worry, habitual frowning, a debilitated condition or the ravages of Father Time. This harmless remedy, which anyone can easily make and use at home, acts both as an astringent and a tonic. The complexion after its use is so immediately bright every line and wrinkle, leaving the outside smooth and firm as in youth. The proportions are one ounce azolette (powdered) to one-half pint witch hazel. Ingredients which are found in every drugstore. The solution should be used as a wash lotion. It is equally effective in disposing of blemishes of cheek and neck, as well as sagging below the eyes.

**GORDONS LONDON DRY GIN**  
**GORDONS OLD TOM GIN**  
**GORDONS SLOE GIN**

By Appointment  
**Wool—  
Velour—  
Coats—  
\$27.50—**



These are a special purchase that we were able to make at the last minute.

Usually sold at \$40. But we give our patrons the advantage of our success.

Beautiful garments in the soft, thick Wool Velour, so warm and comfortable for Autumn and Winter wear.

Huge collars and belts give these garments a smart, dressy look.

Colors are:—

Wine, Purple, Navy, Black, Nigger, Brown.

Really worth \$40.00.

But the few we secured

\$27.50

**Holt, Rensfrew & Co  
Limited**

## For Your Summer Snaps

Don't leave the Snapshots you have collected during your Summer vacation lie around until they are soiled or destroyed. Take them NOW, and put them in

## Snapshot Albums

We have a large display of these, varying in size, style and price, at:

**JOHN E. WALSH'S Reg'd.,  
11 ST. JOHN STREET.**

## VALIQUET'S RESTAURANT

(Formerly of Boston.)

City Hall Square

THE SELECT RESTAURANT A LA CARTE, WHERE THE BEST MEAL IS SERVED

Breakfast . . . . . 7:00 to 10:00 o'clock  
Lunch . . . . . 11:30 to 3:00 o'clock  
Dinner . . . . . 5:00 to 8:00 o'clock

**Ice Cream Parlor Soda Fountain  
Confectioneries Candies  
Lunch Baskets**

## The Electric Shop

War-time demands efficient methods in your home? Throw out the wasteful broom and do your cleaning the electric way.



The electric vacuum cleaner offers a practical economy that every housewife should take advantage of at once. It saves most of the time now spent in sweeping. It saves the rugs and carpets. It protects your health from flying dust and germs. It cleans the house far better than the broom can.

HERE is something you need now. Why wait any longer? For the time it saves will be clear gain for recreation, and it cost almost nothing to use.

We want to show you the Eureka Electric Vacuum Cleaner. Come to our store and we will give you demonstrations.

Don't forget that at our store we also repair irons, toasters, heaters, etc.

**PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION OF QUEBEC,**  
Telephone 6960. 146 St. John Street.

"AT YOUR SERVICE."

McGill School of Physical Education

The 8th session opens on October 11th, 1917. Full course in I, the Theory and Practice of Educational Gymnastics, including dancing and games. Practical work in the M.A.A. Gymnasium. Exceptional facilities for school teaching under supervision; and II, Massage and Remedial Gymnastics. Excellent clinical practice in the Montreal General Hospital. The combined work of Courses I and II covers two years. Apply to the Secretary, School of Physical Education. ROYAL VICTORIA COLLEGE, McGill University, MONTREAL. S.15x1aw,5x15

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to J. W. Pugsley, Secretary, Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, Ont., and marked on the outside "Tender for Ice House," will be received up to and including twelve o'clock noon, Tuesday, October 9th, 1917, for the construction of a 1,500-ton Ice House at Mulgrave, N.S., and an extension to the present Ice House at Chaudiere Junction, P.Q.

Plans, specifications and blank forms of contract may be seen at the office of the Chief Engineer, of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa; at the office of the Chief Engineer, Canadian Government Railways, Moncton, N.B.; at the office of the Resident Engineer, Lewis, at the office of the Resident Engineer, New Glasgow, N.S., and at the Station Agent's Office, Sydney, N.S., or copies will be forwarded upon receipt of an accepted Bank cheque for fifty (\$50.00) dollars, payable to the Comptroller, Canadian Government Railways, which cheque will be refunded upon the return of Plans and Specifications.

All the conditions of the Specifications and Contract Forms must be complied with.

Tenders must be put in on the blank form of tender, which may be obtained from any of the Offices at which Plans are now on exhibition. Separate tender forms must be submitted for each Ice House, and each tender, etc., must be accompanied by an accepted Bank cheque, payable to the Honorable the Minister of Railways and Canals, for an amount equal to ten per cent (10%) of the tender. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

C. A. HAYES, General Manager, (Eastern Lines), Can. Govt. Railways, Dated at Moncton, N.B., Sept. 29th, 1917. S.2810.9

In re: COLONIAL COAL COMPANY, LIMITED.

Pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia, made the twenty-first day of September, 1917, NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, the 12th day of October, A.D. 1917, an application will be made on behalf of The Eastern Trust Company, Receiver and Manager of the Colonial Coal Company, Limited, to pass the accounts and to fix the remuneration of The Eastern Trust Company as such Receiver and Manager and for an order directing the distribution of the moneys in the hands of The Eastern Trust Company as such Receiver and Manager and directing the discharge of The Eastern Trust Company as such Receiver and Manager.

Dated at Halifax, N.S., the 21st day of September, A.D., 1917. WILLIAM A. HENRY, 50 Sackville street, Halifax, N.S. Solicitor for The Eastern Trust Company. S.28,03x2

SERVICE OF North Shore S.S. "GASPESIEN"

Will sail from Quebec, Customs House Pier, at 7:00 p.m., on the following dates: September 1st, 13th and 24th, October 10th and 22nd, November 3rd and 15th, calling at Godbout and all intermediate places as far as Nastashquan. Sailing of September 24th, steamer will run as far as Harrington Harbour. Goods are received the day before and on sailing day up to 5:00 p.m. Excellent accommodation for passengers. For further information, apply to Gaspe & Baie des Chaleurs Steamship Company, Limited, Tel. 2861. 183 St. Paul Street.

Gaspe & Baie des Chaleurs S.S. "PERCESIEN"

Will sail from Quebec, Customs House Pier, on Tuesday, at 4:00 p.m. on September 4th and 18th, October 2nd, 16th and 30th, November 13th, calling at Cap Chat and all intermediate places as far as Paspébiac. Goods are received on the day of sailing up to 3:00 p.m. Excellent accommodation for passengers. For further information, apply to Gaspe & Baie des Chaleurs Steamship Company, Limited, Tel. 2861. 183 St. Paul Street.



Resinol is healing my eczema so quickly!

You don't have to wait to know that Resinol is healing your skin trouble! The first application usually stops the itching and makes the skin look healthier. And its continued use rarely fails to clear away all trace of eruption, crusts and soreness. Doctors have prescribed Resinol for many years, and it contains nothing that could injure the tenderest skin. Sold by all druggists.

DAKEY'S WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH METAL POLISHES EMERY CLOTH WELLINGTON MILLS, LONDON, ENGL.

Insolvent Notice

CANADA. Province of Quebec. District of Quebec. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT. In the matter of: EUDORE D. DE MEULE, Baker, of Quebec. Insolvent: The said insolvent having made an assignment of his property for the benefit of his creditors, NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with an order of the Court, a meeting of the creditors of the said insolvent will be held in the Superior Court at Quebec on Saturday, October 6th, 1917, at 11:00 o'clock, a.m., to give their advice for the appointment of a curator and one or more inspectors to this estate.

BEDARD & BELANGER, Provisional Guardians, Office: 101 St. Peter street, Quebec, Sept. 27th, 1917.

Attractive Auction Sale

Of Antique Mahogany and Rosewood Furniture, Solid Silver, Sheffield Plate, Bronze and Marble Clocks and Ornaments, Grandfather Clock, Brass Chandelier and Hall Lamp. Of the Estate of the late Mrs. Turnbull, at her late residence, No. 14 St. Denis Avenue (The Cape), on Wednesday and Friday, the 10th and 12th October, at 10:00 a.m. Mahogany Sideboard, Dining Table, Dinner Carriage, Leather-covered Chairs, Sofa, Marble Clock, Mantle Mirror, Ornaments, Wilton Carpet, Silver Tea Sets, Candelabra, Colsters, Silver Tableware, Sheffield Plates, China Dinner, Tea, Coffee and Dessert Sets; Fine Cut Glass, China Ornaments, Paintings and Engravings, Fender and Irons, Copper Coal Skut, Parlor Set, Round Table, Sewing Table, Reed Chairs, Cottage Piano, Marble Statuary, Jardiniere and Stand, Mosaic Inlaid Round Table, Ornaments, Ladies Desk, Odd Easy Chairs, Fender Stools, Lace and Silk Curtains, Table Cover, Mahogany Bedroom Sets, Wardrobe with mirror, Hair Mattresses, Brass Bedstead, Chest of Drawers, Washstand and ware, Stair Carpet, Rugs, Cheval-Glass, Brackets, Mirrors, Vases, Book case, and large lot of Books, Mahogany Hall Table and Chairs, Cooking Range, Cooking Utensils, Tinware, Refrigerator, and sundry lot of other goods. Also that fine Cut-stone House, late residence, No. 14 St. Denis Avenue (The Cape), containing twelve rooms and basement, kitchen, hot water heated, in perfect order, also fine brick Stable and Coach House; clear title; will be put up at auction on Wednesday, the 10th of October, at 10:00 o'clock, a.m.

On view Tuesday, the 9th October, from 9:00 a.m., till 5:00 o'clock, p.m. Sale on Wednesday, at 10:00 o'clock, a.m. JOS. A. GALE Auctioneer, Office address: 25 St. Louis st. Phone 160. S.29,01,5,6,8,9x6

Men and women are needed on the farms of Canada to-day. It is our patriotic privilege to help feed our Allies. But it is hopeless to try to do the heavy work involved if the Kidneys require attention.

GinPills FOR THE KIDNEYS are compounded of certain medicines, which have proven their efficacy in healing disordered Kidneys and so relieving Rheumatism, Pains in the Back, Urinary Troubles, Swollen Joints and Ankles, and Headaches. The National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. S. 29,01,5,6,8,9x6

Legal Intelligence

Judgments Rendered and Writs Issued.

Judgments by the Prothonotary: Larochelle & Fils, Ltee., vs. Liotte et al. Judgment against defendants, jointly and severally, for \$130.22, interest and costs.

L'Action Sociale Ltee., vs. Garneau Defendant is condemned to pay plaintiff \$100.24, interest and costs. Lemieux et al vs. Neron. Delibere discharged.

Lachance vs. Pelletier and Pelletier, T.G. Judgment according to the garnishee's declaration with costs against defendant.

P. T. Legare, Ltee., vs. Corbiere. Defendant is condemned to pay plaintiff \$115.85, interest and costs. Cohen et al, vs. Constantin. Judgment in plaintiff's favor for \$116, interest and costs.

Boutin vs. Aubert. Judgment against defendant for \$120 interest and costs.

Judgment by Hon. Justice Malouin:—

Le Pret Hypothecaire vs. Juneau. Judgment according to the conclusions of the action.

Judgments by the Court of Review:—

Murphy vs. Petry and al. — The plaintiff's motion to set aside the inscription in Review by defendants, because there was no appeal before the Court of Review of an interlocutory judgment was granted with costs.

Bertrand vs. Shawinigan Quarry Construction, Ltd. — The plaintiff's motion to have the inscription of defendants set aside, granted with costs.

Rasaulniers vs. Cie Immobiliere of Three Rivers. Respondent's motion to reject the present appeal is granted with costs.

Cloutier vs. Notre Dame du Bon Conseil. Judgment reversed with costs of both Courts plaintiff's action maintained.

Breton vs. Dupuis; Bolduc, T.S., and Breton, contestant. Judgment reversed with costs of Review against respondent, Breton; the costs of the Superior Court being reserved for future adjudication by the Court of first instance.

Duhamel et al vs. McKehercher, and Thibault, mis en cause. Judgment confirmed with costs of both Courts.

Ratte vs. Letourneau. Judgment confirmed with costs. Moraud et al vs. Henman & Gosselin, T.S. The Prothonotary rendered judgment against the garnishee according to his declaration, with costs against the defendant.

The Court of Review will render the following judgments tomorrow morning, at half-past ten: Cloutier vs. The Corporation of Notre Dame du Bon Conseil. Bourbeau vs. Guillemette. Paquet vs. St. Laurent, and Campbell et al, T.S. Barril vs. Nadeau. Ratte vs. Letourneau. Murphy vs. Petry et al. Bertrand vs. Shawinigan Quarry Co.

Judgment by Hon. Justice Malouin Canadian Northern Ry. Co. vs. Robert. A petition by the company asking the expropriation of certain lots of ground for the construction and operation of her railway, he longing to Robert, was dismissed with costs sauf a se pourvoir.

Judgment by Hon. Chief Justice Lemieux: Cauchon vs. Goulet. Seeing the defendant's default to answer to the interrogatories on faits and articles to him submitted. Judgment according to the conclusions of the action.

Judgments by the Prothonotary: Cote vs. Perron, judgment against defendant for \$110.68, interest and costs.

Ratte vs. Cote, defendant is condemned to pay plaintiff \$112.05, interest and costs.

Writs of summons issued from the Prothonotary's office. Joseph Legare and al, vs. Elzear Grenier, Malbaie, \$104.53, account.

I would point out that there is absolutely no dredging to be done, and that all material either in the way of granite or concrete, with the exception of cement, is to be had practically on the grounds, which will show you that the cost of construction is very small in comparison with that at other points. We were very favorably impressed with the splendid speech made by your Senator Lesperance during the recent session of Senate, dealing with the Harbors in Canada, and we only hope that as time passes many others will wake up to the fact that there is far too many shipments of Canadian produce going through American Ports. We naturally would be very much pleased indeed to receive any comments that your Board might make to our proposition. Very sincerely yours, J. M. FLEWELLING, Secretary, St. Stephen Board of Trade.

FARM WORK MUST GO ON! Men and women are needed on the farms of Canada to-day. It is our patriotic privilege to help feed our Allies. But it is hopeless to try to do the heavy work involved if the Kidneys require attention.

GinPills FOR THE KIDNEYS are compounded of certain medicines, which have proven their efficacy in healing disordered Kidneys and so relieving Rheumatism, Pains in the Back, Urinary Troubles, Swollen Joints and Ankles, and Headaches. The National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. S. 29,01,5,6,8,9x6

BOARD OF TRADE HOLDS MEETING

CONGRATULATORY MESSAGES CONTINUE TO POUR IN RE QUEBEC BRIDGE.

A special meeting of the Council of the Quebec Board of Trade held yesterday afternoon under the presidency of Mr. J. G. Scott. Among those present were Messrs. W. J. Banks, Jos. Picard, G. A. Vandy, Elz. Turcotte and T. Levasseur, Secretary. The business to be considered was disposed of in the following order. In July last the Board received an invitation from the Canada Exhibit Bureau asking the Board's patronage for the coming exhibition of Canadian products to be held at the Arena, Montreal from Oct. 20th, to 27th. Before coming to any decision the Board will ascertain from the Montreal Board of Trade if any change has been made in arrangements for the exhibition. The Secretary was also instructed to write to Sir Lomer Gouin, Premier of the Province calling his attention to the urgent need of the Government constructing a bridge along the Quebec-Montreal Highway over the Batiscan River. At present automobiles have to be crossed by scows at this point. It will be pointed out in the letter that the erection of the bridge will be in the interest of travel, etc. In connection with the successful raising of the central span of the Quebec Bridge the Secretary at the meeting yesterday announced that replies to the Board's telegrams had been received from the following: L. F. Loree, President of the Delaware & Hudson Ry., R. C. Fuller, Vice-Pres. Amherst, N.S., Board of Trade J. M. Flewelling, Sec'y. St. Stephen, N.B., Board of Trade, A. E. Boyle, Secretary Winnipeg Board of Trade, H. Armstrong, Secretary St. John, N.B., Board of Trade, H. R. Silver, Vice-Pres. Halifax Board of Trade, Sir George E. Foster, Acting Prime Minister, Hon. A. Sevigny, Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, C. N. Monsarrat, C. E. Chairman and Chief Engineer Quebec Bridge, S. N. Patent and Hon. Frank Cochrane.

The following letter from the St. Stephen Board of Trade was read: St. Stephen, N. B., Sept. 26, 1917. Mr. T. Levasseur, Secretary, Board of Trade, Quebec, P. Q.

Dear Sir,—Your telegram of the 24th instant in acknowledgement of mine of the 22nd instant, regarding completion of Quebec Bridge, has come to hand and is most pleasing to us.

We certainly feel that with the completion of your Bridge that a wonderful engineering feat has been accomplished and one that means a great deal to the Dominion of Canada at large. We personally are particularly interested in its completion inasmuch as we are expecting, as soon as the war is terminated, that development will be commenced on St. Croix Harbor, located three miles below our town, which has been thoroughly investigated by the Dominion Government and we had their promise of early development previous to the war breaking out.

Beyond a doubt, additional Atlantic Ports in the Maritime Provinces are required in order to take care of the great amount of Canadian shipments that are now going via Antwerp Harbor. Beyond any question, sufficient Harbor accommodations must be furnished to take care of the entire Canadian shipments during the winter months, and as our Harbor has been recommended by Mr. A. D. Swan, an Engineer of high standing, as one of the finest in the world and to use his own words "second only to Rio Janeiro" we feel that we have something to offer that is of National interest. I have much pleasure in enclosing herewith a report on same made by Mr. Swan as well as other master mariners, which will speak for itself, and we hope that same will be considered by your Board and the attention given to it that it deserves.

I would point out that there is absolutely no dredging to be done, and that all material either in the way of granite or concrete, with the exception of cement, is to be had practically on the grounds, which will show you that the cost of construction is very small in comparison with that at other points. We were very favorably impressed with the splendid speech made by your Senator Lesperance during the recent session of Senate, dealing with the Harbors in Canada, and we only hope that as time passes many others will wake up to the fact that there is far too many shipments of Canadian produce going through American Ports. We naturally would be very much pleased indeed to receive any comments that your Board might make to our proposition. Very sincerely yours, J. M. FLEWELLING, Secretary, St. Stephen Board of Trade.

A letter from the Minister of Railways and Canals was read as follows: Ottawa, Sept. 27th, 1917. Dear Sir,—I beg to acknowledge receipt of and thank you for your very kind letter of September 25th in reference to the completion of the Quebec Bridge.

Some days ago I wrote Mr. Monsarrat, Chairman of the Bridge Commission, asking him to advise me when it would be possible for us to move freight trains over the bridge and also when the structure would be in shape for the regular movement of

our passenger trains. When that information is received, it would be possible to set a date for the formal opening. Yours very truly, F. COCHRANE, J. G. Scott, Esq., Pres., Board of Trade, Quebec, P. Q.

Mr. Hebert, President of the Montreal Board of Trade, forwarded a letter acknowledging receipt of a letter and copy of Hansard containing the text of the Quebec Board's communication to the Premier as to the means, which should be adopted by the Dominion Government to arrest the diversion of Canadian trade to United States seaports and to make same secure for Canadian ports. Mr. Hebert informed Mr. Scott that the Montreal Board of Trade Council met the other afternoon when the members followed with keen interest the reading of the letter and Hansard.

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A letter will also be written to Sir Rodolphe Forget, President of the Quebec Railway urging upon him the advisability of extending the Quebec County Railway line from Sillery to the Quebec Bridge pointing out at the same time the revenue that would be derived.

TRAVELING SHIPS WANTED.

Prior to the outbreak of the war, Japan's trawling fleet was a formidable part of the industries of the country. Since 1914, however, it has been steadily thinning. Of the 139 trawlers registered in 1915 only a few—probably less than a score—were left. The others have been purchased by the Entente Powers for war purposes. So keen has been the bidding by French and Italian buyers recently, that a rickety trawler fetched about \$100,000 last month. That beats the fishing business; trawlers owned by private parties are getting the advantage of the war market.—East and West News.

YOUNG AIRMAN HERO OF FRANCE

Lieut. Guynemer Has Made a Splendid Record

The war has made and unmade several heroes in France. General Joffre stands out perhaps as the most world renowned of them all, for it will never be forgotten that he saved France from the German hordes in the first months of the struggle. His fame will be sure to mellow as time goes on. Other generals will doubtless take a place in history beside him, and there are statesmen, too, who the world will not soon forget. At the present time however the national hero is none of these military leaders or statesmen. The French people are adoring the young superman of the air, Lieutenant Guynemer, who has brought

down up to date between fifty and sixty German planes. It is not possible to give the exact number at any time, for almost as soon as it is stated another official French announcement adds one or two more machines. Up to the middle of September he had fifty-four planes to his credit. Lieutenant Guynemer is barely twenty-one years of age, and he began to make his reputation as an airman just before he passed out of his teens. Youthful, slight, handsome, with an oddly serious though boyish face and plenty of Latin vivacity, he is the sort of man who appeals to the romantic hearts of the French people. Early in the summer it was given out that Lieutenant Guynemer was in the hospital and the whole nation watched anxiously at the "door" of his ward, as to speak, awaiting his recovery. When it was announced that he would return to duty, they feared that he might try again too soon and fall a victim to some clever Teutonic aviator. Then came word that he had brought down two more planes. It was evident that his hand had not lost its cunning, and the nation went wild with joy. It was the second

time that he had been wounded, and the people of France were just a little nervous for fear it might affect his nerves. Lieutenant Guynemer occupies a unique place in the hearts of his countrymen. It may be added as an interesting fact that before becoming an airman, he was five times rejected for admission to the army because of his slight build.

WHITE HORSE SCOTCH ESTAB 1742

BILINGUAL MEETING at the AUDITORIUM THEATRE Sunday, September 30th at 8 P.M. To Discuss Prohibition

SPEAKERS WILL INCLUDE: HON. JUDGE LANGELEI, HON. JACQUES BUREAU, Ex-Solicitor-General of the Dominion. Mr. ARMAND LAVERGNE. MR. A. TANNER, of Montreal. MR. J. T. FRANCOEUR, M.L.A., MR. LS. LETOURNEAU, M.L.A., MR. CHAS. QUERY, of Montreal, MR. W. AMYOT, AND OTHER SPEAKERS. FRENCH AND ENGLISH. Ladies are cordially invited and boxes will be reserved for them.

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Behind The Guns

WHEN the war broke out in August, 1914, the Imperial and Canadian Governments were faced by no greater problem than that of the assembling and transporting overseas of the army supplies required from this country, not only for the Canadian Expeditionary Force, but also for the British and Allied Armies. Expert knowledge was required otherwise confusion, delays, and expensive operation would be inevitable, and experts with the necessary knowledge for such gigantic business were not easy to obtain. Lord Shaughnessy came to the Government's assistance by loaning Mr. A. H. Harris, Special Traffic Representative of the C. P. R., and right-hand man to Vice-President Bosworth, with a large staff of traffic experts selected from various departments of the C. P. R., to act as a nucleus for the Overseas Transport Office. The work of this office has grown amazingly, so that to-day Mr. Harris directs no less than four-fifths of the export trade of Canada, inland and overseas, and the best evidence that the work is being well done is the fact that the Government railway and steamship interests are all satisfied, while the general business of the country has been continued with a minimum of disturbance. In fact, the number of people in Canada who are aware of conditions is infinitesimal.



Mr. A. H. Harris, Special Traffic Representative of the C. P. R.

The number of checkers, longshoremen, and dock laborers under control of the Department at the several Canadian ports used by the Department now exceeds 1,000 men, with a payroll of \$33,000 a week. The volume of tonnage cleared from the seaboard has been facilitated, and delays minimized from the fact that the Presidents of the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Railways, recognizing the growth of the Transport Service, considered concentration of authority necessary to efficient direction and accordingly issued instructions to their Operating Officials that the regulation and control inland of all Imperial transport should be vested in the Director of Overseas Transport. Instructions were concurrently issued that all transport consigned to his order should be given priority of movement on the railways over all traffic, excepting passenger. As a consequence thereof, notwithstanding the volume of tonnage affected, transports have not been held for cargo, nor has there been congestion at the Canadian seaboard, such as has been experienced at U. S. Ports.

The actual time occupied by vessels in loading at Montreal has been under 44 days. Canada has indeed reason to point with pride to the successful operation of its transport service due to Mr. Harris' administrative ability and the tireless energy of an efficient staff.

The magnitude of the work of the Department may be gauged from the fact that, exclusive of officials and representatives at Vancouver, Calgary, Edmonton, Regina, Winnipeg, Fort William, Toronto, Quebec, Three Rivers, Halifax, and West St. John there is a clerical staff of 45 in Montreal.

The buskining of transports is done on this side, under the direction and supervision of the director, as is also the dry docking of vessels when necessary.

Between August 14th, 1914, and February, 1915, War Office Supplies were moved overseas in chartered vessels; between February, 1915, and date transports have been supplied by the Admiralty under an arrangement negotiated by Mr. Harris in London.

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DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES BRILLIANT CURE FOR RHEUMATISM, BRIGIT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, GRAVEL, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, ETC. PREPARED BY DR. J. B. DODD, 23 THE PR.

INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF WORLD ARE INDICTED

NATION-WIDE CONSPIRACY TO HAMPER UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DURING THE WAR IS CHARGED—SUMMARY ACTION TAKEN.

Chicago, Sept. 28.—Formal return of a blanket indictment charging a nation-wide conspiracy to hamper the government during the war, was made today in the United States District Court here against 166 leaders of the Industrial Workers of the World.

Arrests speedily followed the return. Almost before the court proceedings had reached the state of the discharge of the jury, Deputy Marshals were on their way to the local I. W. W. headquarters in automobiles, donated and driven by women, and quickly returned to the Federal building bringing prisoners with them.

In the first hour, thirty-five men were thus haled into the Marshals' office and later were questioned by investigators for the Department of Justice. Among the first to be taken in custody was William D. Haywood, secretary of the National organization of the I. W. W. who was questioned September 25th when the headquarters of the I. W. W. in various cities were raided by the government.

An explanatory statement issued by the government attorneys who have directed the investigation of the seditious conspiracy, the crime of which the men named in the indictments are accused, said:

"The prosecutions are under sections 6, 19 and 37 of the Criminal Code and under the Espionage Act. Only leaders in conspiracy or those personally culpable in connection with the perpetration of crimes against the United States are included as defendants."

To permit the sure arrest of the indicted men, no hint of their names were permitted to escape during the court proceedings which occupied only a few minutes and consisted of a statement from the foreman of the Federal Grand Jury that its labors had been complete, the handing of a bulky sheaf of indictments to the clerk of the court and a few brief words from Judge Evans, thanking the jurors for their sacrifice of time and effort and assuring them that they had done their duty as citizens a duty which the court said was "quite as important as any obligation which rests on a citizen."

None but members of the I. W. W. were named in the indictments, the government attorneys taking pains to specify that no others were touched.

After he had been questioned by Hinton G. Clabaugh, of the Department of Justice, Haywood was held in default of \$25,000 bail.

After the first automobile loads had reached the Federal building, more persons were taken in custody until approximately 150 had been brought into the courtroom. Sixteen were taken in a second descent on the I. W. W. headquarters.

WHY THE STATES NEED SHIPPING

BUILDING OF MERCHANT SHIPS IS OF THE UTMOST IMPORTANCE.

London, Sept. 28.—The controller of shipping has authorized The Associated Press to make the following statement of the shipping situation and the urgent need for the United States to undertake the merchant ship building program on a broad scale:

"It is of the utmost importance that the United States should realize that the shortage of shipping is the most vital fact in the present situation and the building of merchant ships is of the utmost importance."

"However large and powerful the army which the United States trains during the winter, it may be rendered absolutely useless as an addition to the fighting forces against Germany if there are no ships to transport it except at the cost of stopping the flow of vital necessities to the present armies."

"The loss of shipping since the beginning of the ruthless U-boat war is now roughly equal to the total losses prior to that time. By next spring Germany may be expected to destroy 200 vessels in excess of what are built in the meantime."

"Next spring, this year's harvest will be largely exhausted and the need of supplying Italy, France and Great Britain will be largely increased. At the same moment, the United States will need a large increase in vessels to transport its army and to maintain it."

"What must be the program of the United States? It must be large enough to outbuild submarine destruction. Even if this means, the building of six million tons a year, which is three times the best the British have done; and five or six times what the United States has previously done, this is not impossible if the United States puts into it an effort comparable with the efforts the Allies put into creating their armies, navies and munitions. To build six million tons of shipping would require about 3,500,000 tons of steel, or less than ten per cent of her output. It would not take more than a half million men, the majority unskilled."

"The task thus outlined is small compared with the effort put forth by the principal belligerents in other directions."

"Great Britain, for example, increased her army from a quarter of a million to over five million."

AVIATOR BISHOP WELCOMED HOME

GALLANT AIRMAN RECEIVES GREAT OVATION AT OWEN SOUND.

Owen Sound, Ont., Sept. 28.—Owen Sound has never witnessed such a spontaneous and spectacular event as when, this afternoon, a gigantic outburst of public appreciation marked the home coming of Major William Avery Bishop. The gallant aviator, who has brought undying fame to Canadian airmen arrived here by the C.P.R. train. The railway placed one of its official cars at the disposal of the returned officer and the party of friends who accompanied him from Toronto.

Prolonged cheering greeted the incoming train. Every whistle in the factory district was pulled to capacity while from the horns of the thos. and or more automobiles which filed First Avenue and Twelfth street at the depot, came an incessant salute.

Major Bishop and party were escorted to the public square where a civil address of welcome was read by ex-Mayor John McQuaker and the guest of the day was presented with a diamond ring by Judge C. T. Sutherland on behalf of the citizens of the town. Those taking part in the official welcome included: W. S. Middleboro, K.C., M.P., North Grey; R. J. Ball, M. P., South Grey; Hon. Dr. Jameson Goodfellow, and Mayor Little.

WILL FAVOR OPERATORS AGAINST G. N. W. CO.

Ottawa, Sept. 28.—No serious results need be apprehended. I expect to make an announcement tomorrow which will be satisfactory to the general public as well as both parties concerned.

This was the statement of Hon. T. W. Crothers, Minister of Labor, when seen this evening with regard to the strike of G. N. W. telegraph operators. Contrary to expectations, there was no meeting of the Cabinet Council this afternoon. The Minister, however, appeared to be satisfied that the trouble was about settled. He affirmed that he stood firmly behind the award of the board of conciliation, the terms of which have been accepted by the operators and refused by the company.

HON. MR. MERCIER REFUTES ALLEGATION.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—Hon. Hector Mercier, Minister of Colonization for the Province of Quebec, whose name was connected with the New York revelations concerning the German conspirator Von Igel as the one at the head of an anti-British society having power to sway Quebec province against the cause of Great Britain and her allies, issued the following denial from the provincial government, office here today:

"The mysterious affair with which my name has been mentioned is entirely new to me, and I need hardly affirm that I am absolutely ignorant of the persons concerned in it, as well as of their doings. Furthermore, I emphatically deny being a member of, or being connected with, any such society, secret or otherwise."

HEROIC STAND MADE BY SCOTS.

ARGYLES HELD THE BREACH ALTHOUGH THEY WERE ENFILADED.

British Headquarters in France, September 28.—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency)—It has been a notable fact about our own recent battles in Flanders that each formed a one day operation complete in itself. There may have been some mopping up and straightening out to be done on the day following and there are always counter-attacks to take toll of, but it is surely the highest possible estimate to the efficiency that is obtained.

Saxon troops surrendered during the day with a freedom which carries its own evidence of the frame of mind to which they have been reduced. On the whole, less resistance was experienced from the blockhouses and shell holes than was anticipated, mainly owing to the thoroughness which the artillery showed.

Sniping is again becoming more prevalent than in the later stages of the trench warfare, owing to the opportunities the new conditions offer.

In several captured pill boxes, rifles mounted on tripods were found in addition to machine guns. The Australians had a curious experience at one part of the front, where they were engaged, the Germans actually advancing as they were going forward. Our creeping curtain of fire made them fall back upon their own barrage, suffering heavily. The Londoners had to face the heaviest counter-attacks when one of the positions they captured was retaken by the enemy with reinforcements, but counter-harrages were again magnificent. The German retaliation started late and was completely ineffective. Fuller details of the stand of two companies of the Argyls show that they were sent forward to fill a gap in the line when the big German counter-attack of Tuesday morning was developing. The prisoners taken and corps identified prove that storm troops and line infantry of at least four divisions were in action. When the Germans bent back our line the artillery were left well in the open, with German shells bursting all around them and our own barrage in the rear. Doggedly these gallant Scots stuck to the position. They could see our front on both sides had been pushed well back by the weight of German numbers and might have judged it impossible for supports to reach them although the commander with another company of the battalion was lying close up to the barrage waiting for an opportunity to penetrate. Another company on their flank helped them out. Before the brilliant counter-attack was launched in the afternoon the Australians got into touch and repaired the break in the line. Although this counter-attack was splendidly conducted in comparison with the enormous superiority of enemy numbers, it did not carry our line quite forward to the former position, with the result that at nightfall the Argyls were still in the open. They might have been withdrawn, but had been told to hold the position and intended to do so as long as possible. So when the battle broke loose on the following morning and the whole line moved forward, these gallant Scots were in their places. The battalion boasts that notwithstanding its heavy share in meeting the German assault, it did not lose a prisoner.

A prisoner from the German reserves stated that in response to an urgent call for reinforcements a division was hurried up. "Our airmen spotted it and our artillery plastered the assembling Germans with fire and also laid an intense barrage in front of them. In consequence the men were demoralized before the advance and so thinned when they got through that they were unable to get in contact with our troops. The ground was strewn with German corpses."

The spirit of our men is amazing, because they know as never before, that they can drive out the Huns, and that the Huns cannot come back.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—The local G. N. W. strikers are jubilant over the addition to their ranks today of four of the chief operators of the G. N. W. head office here. These are: J. C. Moore, night chief operator; E. Montgomery, all-night chief operator; E. Mercure, wire chief, and J. A. Desing, traffic chief.

L. S. Humes, local manager of the G. N. W., said today: "We have a good force of operators at work now and are carrying on business without any, beyond ordinary, business delays. So far as this office is concerned, the situation is improving every day."

Mr. Humes stated that practically the normal staff is at work.

MORAL ISOLATION TELLS ON GERMANY

BLOOD AND IRON TENETS NOT EVERYTHING — A NEW PARTY.

London, Sept. 28.—Viscount Milner devoted the peroration of his address before the American Luncheon Club here today to the recent speech of Admiral Von Tirpitz. After calling attention to the fact that virtually three-quarters of the inhabited world was now alienated from Germany and that "scarcely a week passes without adding to her enemies," Lord Milner said: "Germany's profound moral isolation is beginning to tell on her people. Pin your faith as much as you like to blood and iron, there are material as well as moral disadvantages for those who have fallen outside the pale of the civilized community and have forfeited the respect of civilized peoples."

"For a nation which has taken so large a part in human intercourse and held so high a place in human advancement, this is no light matter."

"There are signs that this aspect is beginning to weigh on the minds and depress the spirits of the German people. That is why a new party has been called into being in Germany to revive the waning spirit and preach anew the doctrine that might is right."

FINDING WATER IN DESERT. Natives of Australian Dry Lands Are Amazingly Resourceful.

No man who has not mastered the last subtleties of bushcraft should penetrate alyone the western dry lands of Australia. A Canadian woodsman would find nothing in his experience to enlighten him. A North Arabian deserts would die helpless. Australian bushcraft is peculiar to itself. It concerns itself less with killing the crawling desert life for food than with divining the whereabouts of water in a land that is as dry as a brick in the sun.

In the midcontinental deserts, when sun and dry winds suck the moisture from deep in the ground and all the world runs dry, the aboriginals draw water from the roots of small desert trees by cutting them into short lengths and letting them drain drop by drop into a wooden bowl. But there may be no water trees or the roots may shrivel and dry up. What then?

"Ah, well," said the bushman, "they do it with what they have."

"What have they?" I asked him. "They lick the dew from the leaves and grass!" It is related by a celebrated Australian traveler, Baldwin Spencer, that, having come in a dry season to a dry clay pan, bordered with withered shrubs, his company was amazed by an exhibition of aboriginal craft. There was no water, no moisture within miles, and the clay was baked so hard to be "perpetrated" as all it could be broken with a hatchet. A keen native guide presently discerned little tracks on the ground—faintest indications of life, apparently—and, having hacked into the clay to the depth of about a foot, unearthed a spherical little chamber, about three inches in diameter, in which lay a dirty yellow frog. It was a water-holding frog and it was distended with a supply sufficient, perhaps, to enable it to survive a drought of a year and a half. And the water was pure and fresh. Being heartily squeezed, these frogs may yield a saving draft to lost and perishing travelers.

"Find a black fellow," said our bushman, "and you'll get water."

"What if the aboriginal is obdurate?"

"Ah, well, if he won't tell," the bushman explained, "you rope him by the neck to your saddle. When he gets thirsty he'll go to water right enough!"—Norman Duncan.

CURIOUS IDENTIFICATION.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—A broken statuette of Ste. Anne, found in the clothes of Wilfrid Legros, of Coteau De Lac, who was killed by a G. T. R. express train, was the means of identifying him. His sister pieced the broken statuette together and thus knew it was her brother whose mangled body had been found beside the railway track.

G. N. W. OPERATORS SEEM JUBILANT.

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Advertisement for Magic Baking Powder. Features a circular logo with 'ASSURES SUCCESSFUL BAKING' and 'MAGIC BAKING POWDER'. Text includes 'Guaranteed to be made exclusively from the ingredients specified on the label.' and 'E. W. GILLETT CO. LTD. TORONTO, CANADA'.

HUN CHANCELLOR ATTACKS WILSON

SAYS PRESIDENT'S REPLY TO POPE BINDS GERMANS MORE CLOSELY.

Amsterdam, Sept. 28.—Dr. Michaelis, the German Imperial Chancellor, in a speech to the main committee of the Reichstag said that Pope Benedict's peace proposals were inspired by moral seriousness, pure justice and neutrality which things were lacking in the reply made by President Wilson to the Pope. Justifying Germany's refusal to state her war aims, Dr. Michaelis said such action would only have a confusing effect and would injure German interests. The Chancellor said the announced American military exertions were awaited by Germany with calm confidence. Were Germany to state her war aims, the Chancellor asserted, it would prejudice the complex questions to be discussed at the time of peace negotiations.

The Chancellor strongly attacked President Wilson's reply to the Pope, which he asserted, merely bound the German people together more firmly.

Dr. Michaelis dwelt upon "the satisfactory state of our relations with the neutrals" which could not be disturbed he said, even by the unprecedented exertions of the hostile press.

"We greatly deplore," he continued, "the sufferings caused to the neutral by our enemy's economic war and we are always prepared to assume a share in the provisioning of the neutrals."

"The economic and financial difficulties of France are fast increasing. Still more keenly felt is the economic distress in Italy, with its internal political concomitants. In England also the war is exercising its certain, inexorable effect. The deceptive hope of dissension amongst us causes the leading British statesmen to continue to adhere to their war aims, or at least to proclaim such aims as are entirely incompatible with the political, economical and vital needs of Germany."

"Any such public statement at the present time could only have a confusing effect and injure German interests. We should not come a step nearer peace, but it would contribute certainly to a prolongation of the war."

"I must, at present, decline to specify our war aims and bind the hands of our negotiators."

In conclusion the Chancellor attacked President Wilson's reply to the Pope's note.

"The President's attempt to sow dissension between the people and

the government of Germany," he said, "has no prospects of success. His note has the opposite effect from what he desired and has bound us more firmly together in a stern resolve to oppose resolutely and energetically all foreign interference."

MCLEAN KILTIES WILL PROCEED TO MONTREAL.

St. John, N.B., Sept. 28.—It was announced here today that the recruiting offices in New Brunswick, with the exception of the St. John office, which will remain open for several weeks, will be closed on October 1st. Men can enlist with the local units. The officers affected are located at Moncton, St. Stephen, Fredericton, Perth and Campbellton.

The 65th Battery, in command of Major Evans, consisting of nine officers and 204 men, has arrived at Woodstock from Petawawa for the winter. Camps Close October 6th.

That all the military camps through out Canada, are to be broken up by October 6th, was the information received at the office of the New Brunswick command today. On the breaking up of Valcartier Camp during the next few days, the 234th Battalion (McLean "Kilties"), it is understood, will be sent to Montreal.

It is understood that Drs. White, Richard and Purdy, of Moncton, will be invited to be members of the medical board under the Military Service Act.

SENATOR 90 YEARS OLD.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—Senator George Casimer Desaulles, of St. Hyacinthe, Que., will be ninety years of age tomorrow. He is the second oldest member of the Canadian Senate. Hon. MacKenzie Bowell is four years his senior.

ORIGIN OF RED CROSS

Camillus de Lellis was born in the Kingdom of Naples in 1550. After serving in the Venetian army, he was badly wounded in the leg and sent to the hospital of San Giacomo in Rome where he was so impressed by the horrors and filth of what was really a pesthouse that he resolved to devote his life to suffering humanity: "to care for the plague-stricken and to nurse the sick in their own homes." At thirty-two he was ordained a priest and set about founding a religious order "to serve the sick."

"They shall wear a red cross upon their breasts," said Camillus, "to remind them of the suffering of our Lord Christ. This will give them strength and encouragement."

Sixtus V. confirmed the congregation of 1585, granting them in the brief a special permission to wear "the Red Cross."

This red cross has been placed in the leper, settlement of Molokai Madagascar; in the cholera hospitals of India, and the pestilence-stricken lands of the Far East as well as on the battlefields of France.

TONIGHT MASS MEETING at LIMOILOU

Corner 3rd Avenue and Canardiere Road

Prominent Speakers will Discuss Prohibition

Advertisement for Prohibition Speakers. Text includes: '--- SUNDAY --- PROHIBITION SPEAKERS 3.30 P.M.—On The Esplanade. CHIEF JUSTICE LEMIEUX and MR. BEN SPENCE, Prohibition Orator, of Toronto. If weather does not permit, the meeting will take place in Loyola Hall, D'Auteuil St. QUEBEC TEMPERANCE UNION'



LADY LEBLANC will receive at Spencer Wood... on the... Saturdays Afternoons.

The Quebec Chronicle

Printed and published by The Chronicle Printing Company, D. Watson, General Manager, at the building of the Chronicle, 9 Buede Street, Quebec.

QUEBEC, SEPTEMBER 29, 1917

INFANT MORTALITY.

To citizens having Quebec's fair fame at heart, we are happy to say that owing to the valuable work of the Infant's Welfare Centres...

Thanks to the teaching which mothers receive on matters of hygiene and on the performance of their maternal duties...

Between January and September 1st of this year, 785 children have been coming regularly...

The result of this education has been that out of the above number, 785, during the eight months, only 23 infants have died...

With the growth of the work, the city grant of \$3,000 is quite inadequate to meet the expenses...

This world-war has awakened thinkers in all countries to the necessity of saving future citizens. The efficiency of our manhood is a matter of national life and death...

BRITISH-AMERICAN RECIPROCIETY.

The report that already the United States Federal Bureau of Education and the Association of College Presidents have a representative...

"One Meatless Meal a Day" is a good food slogan for war time, or any time—better make it two meatless meals a day...

presidents. Third, because it implies that Oxford, Cambridge, Edinburgh, Glasgow and their sister universities are to have more vital relations with Harvard, Yale, Columbia, Princeton and their American sisters than ever in the past.

So far as interchange of academic honors has its place in the program, the change will be quantitative rather than qualitative. That is to say there may be more "degrees" conferred than in the past.

As a matter of history it is a fact that down to the period of the war between the states, 1861-65, relatively few American young people went abroad for supplementary education.

The Nineteenth Century was well on its way toward the close of the first half, ere a band of New Englanders found their way to German university centres, and ere liberal refugees migrating from Germany settled in the United States to become exponents of German philosophy, biblical scholarship, and methods and ideals of investigating and writing history.

Of late years there has been a reaction. Woodrow Wilson at Princeton led in it while he was in power there. A Lawrence Lowell has differentiated his administration at Harvard from that of his powerful predecessor by his reemphasis on the dominant place of the college as distinct from the graduate school, and by his sympathy with a reaction away from individualism and premature specialization championed by C. W. Eliot.

said of a similar effort now under way to promote an American-French academic understanding. But the broader, fundamental rules, roughly drafted by American educators, have been so cordially welcomed and so generally accepted in the sister countries, that the search now is for some man or men to assume the task of organizing, financing, and administering the enterprise.

PRESS COMMENT.

Originally, the name Flanders applied only to Bruges and its immediate neighborhood, but in the Eighth and ninth centuries the scope of the term was gradually extended until it came to be a general designation for the whole of the coast region from Calais to the Scheldt, whilst, at its greatest extension, it meant not only the modern provinces known as East and West Flanders, but the southernmost portion of the Dutch Province of Zealand and a considerable district in north-western France.

From the Tenth Century, however, until the Fifteenth, Flanders crowded its years with incidents. Its counts were, for the most part, noted warriors, and as jealous for their country towards the foreigner, were here the King of France or the King of England, as they were jealous of their own rights towards their subjects.

When he could find no adequate scope for his energies in his own country, or the spirit of adventure lay hard upon him, he would go off on a crusade, as did Count Robert II, who wrought so valiantly in the first crusade that he was given the name of "the Lance and Sword of Christendom."

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, THICK, WAVY, FREE FROM DANDRUFF

DRAW A MOIST CLOTH THROUGH HAIR AND DOUBLE ITS BEAUTY AT ONCE

Save your hair! Dandruff disappears and hair stops coming out.

Immediate?—Yes! Certain?—That's the joy of it. Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after an application of Danderine. Also try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time.

Fashionable Store T. D. DUBUC Formerly Donohue's Store 188-194 ST. JOHN Latest Models in Ready to Wear Apparel COATS—New Fall and Winter Coats in all the very latest models and shades of heavy Velours Cloths, colored and black plush and tweed mixtures.

NEW AUTUMN HATS For Ladies and Children LADIES' TRIMMED VELVET HATS CHILDREN'S TRIMMED VELVET HATS NEW COSTUME CLOTHS NEW MARABOUT BOAS NEW OSTRICH BOAS NEW SILKS NEW RIBBONS NEW SILK SCARVES. SIMONS & MINGUY, Tel. 338 20 Fabrique, Quebec

FOR FALL SUPPLIES OF GROCERIES Visit M. BOYCE & SON "The Reliable Grocers"—Established 1856. Tel. 294. 19 and 21 ABRAHAM HILL, QUEBEC.

TAKE ADVANTAGE In buying at once, your provision of Alimentary Pastes, at OLD PRICES. Complete assortment of Macaroni, Vermicelli, Spaghetti, Noodles, Elbous, Italian Pastes, Etc., all done up in suitable packages. GEORGES PATRY, "THE HOUSE OF QUALITY." 'Phones: 6400-6401. 22 DE LA FABRIQUE, QUEBEC.

High Grade Gems DIAMONDS RUBIES SAPPHIRES EMERALDS Also a rare collection of Amethysts, Aqua-Marines, Beryls, Topazes, Opals and Quebec Fresh Water Pearls. G. SEIFERT & SONS, Diamond Merchants 16 Fabrique Street Opposite City Hall

Shot Guns Single and double barrels, in 10, 12, 16, 20, and 28 gauges. Repeating Rifles Winchester, Savage, Mannlicher, Remington, Ross and Newton. Automatic Pistols Colts and Smith & Wesson. Tents, Blankets, Folding Beds, and Stoves, Sleeping Bags, Donnage Bags, Rubber Sheets, Etc. CHINIC Hardware Company FISHING GOODS WE have a most complete stock of Rods, Baskets, Reels, Hooks, Flies, Lines, Net Baskets—in fact all that is needed to outfit you for a trip to the home of the many varieties of the finny tribes. SPORTING GOODS FOR ALL LINES OF SPORT. S.J. SHAW & CO. Hardware Merchants, Phone 573. 13 ST. JOHN ST.

NEW BOOKS "THE DEFINITE OBJECT," by Jeffery Farnol. "THE RED PLANET," by William J. Locke. "THE HIGH HEART," by Basil King. "ANNE'S HOUSE OF DREAMS," by L. M. Montgomery. For sale at: P. J. EVOY, Bookseller, Phone 778. 141 ST. JOHN ST.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT The old reliable remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat and sprains. Best Liniment Made Mr. A. E. LAURENCE, EDMONTON, writes—"I fell from a building and received what the doctor called a very bad sprained ankle, and told me I must not walk on it for three weeks. I got MINARD'S LINIMENT and in six days it was out to work again. I think it 'the best liniment made.'" Minard's Liniment always gives satisfaction. For any ache or pain, it gives instant relief. Minard's Liniment Co., Limited, Yarmouth, N.S.

Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, who was at the commencement of the present war, and has since continued to be a British subject or a subject of an allied or neutral country, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion Land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made on certain conditions. Duties: Six months residence upon and cultivation of land in each of three years. In certain districts a homesteader may secure an adjoining quarter-section as pre-emption. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties: Reside six months in each of three years after earning the homestead patent and cultivate fifty acres extra. May obtain pre-emption patent as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions. A settler after obtaining homestead patent, if he cannot secure a pre-emption, may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.00. Holders of entries may count time of employment as farm laborers in Canada during 1917, as residence duties under certain conditions. When Dominion Lands are advertised or posted for entry, returned soldiers who have served overseas and have been honorably discharged, receive one day priority in applying for entry at local Agent's Office (but not Sub-Agency). Discharge papers must be presented to Agent. W. W. CORY, Deputy Minister of the Interior. N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

**LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC**  
**UNDOUBTED SECURITY**  
**to DEPOSITORS**  
 On Account of its Exceptional Charter.

**MARRIED.**  
**DELANEY-McKENNA**—On September 25th, 1917, at Loyola College, Montreal, by the Rev. Father Gorman, S.J., Miss Helen McKenna, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. John McKenna, to Mr. John Patrick Delaney, son of Dr. and Mrs. P. P. Delaney, of Quebec.

**DIED.**  
**BORNE**—On the 29th September, 1917, at the age of 86 years and 6 months, Eva Jungblunt, a native of Grand Duché de Luxembourg, Luxembourg, beloved wife of Lucien Borne.  
 Funeral will leave her late residence, d'Estimoville street, "Salisbury Road," at 9:00 o'clock, for Lamoignon Church, and thence to St. Charles Cemetery.  
 Friends and relatives are invited to attend without further notice.

**PELLETIER**—At Quebec, on the 27th September, 1917, Arthur Pelletier, advocate.  
 Funeral will leave Judge H. C. Pelletier's residence, 5 Du Parloir street, at 8:45 o'clock on Monday morning, for the Basilica, thence to Belmont Cemetery.  
 Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

**FRESH CUT FLOWERS**  
**RECEIVED DAILY.**  
 Specialty: Wreaths, Crosses, and Wedding Bouquets. Your order will be promptly attended to.  
**MDE. LEFEBVRE,**  
 Tel. 478. 54 Palac. Hill. F.24xwd stxly

**EMPIRE THEATRE**  
**TODAY**  
**SCENA OWEN**  
 —in—  
**"MADAME BO-PEEP,"**  
 Matinee, 10c. Evening, 15c.

**VICTORIA THEATRE**  
**TODAY**—A Warning, Women, Men, Beware, Guard Yourselves against **"THE GIRL WHO DID NOT CARE."** A lesson for All. Usual Prices, 10 Cents.

**OLYMPIA**  
 Thursday, Friday, Saturday.  
**VIVIAN MARTIN, in**  
**"LITTLE MISS OPTIMIST."**  
 10 Cents — Matinee or Evening.

**Supply of Ice**  
 As the season for the delivery of ice expires on the 1st of October, P. J. Holden desires to inform his customers and the public in general, that he is prepared to accept orders for the continuation of service or to accept new contracts.  
 By telephoning No. 454, all orders will be booked, and promptly attended to.  
 S.39x3

**MERCIER-JEYNEVALD**  
 From the Opera Comique of Paris and the Covent Garden of London, England.  
**VOICE CULTURE SPECIALTY**  
 13 ST. URSULE STREET.  
 Phone 4341.  
 20 years experience on European stages.  
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**AUDET & GRENIER**  
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 111 MOUNTAIN HILL, Quebec.  
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 S.26x1m

**Harness Races**  
 —at—  
**Exhibition Grounds**  
**Monday Oct. 1st**  
 AT 9:00 O'CLOCK, P.M.  
 ADMISSION 25 Cts.  
 S.32x2

**IN AND ABOUT TOWN**

**MILITARY CROSS FOR FORMER QUEBECER**

**LIEUT. CLARENCE MEDLEY WINS COVETED DECORATION AT THE FRONT.**

Another Quebecer has distinguished himself in France according to the latest list of decorations received from overseas.  
 The hero in this case is Lieut. Clarence Medley, son of the late W. H. Medley, of this city, and brother of Mr. T. R. Medley, Night Chief in the G. N. W. Telegraph Company here.  
 Lieut. Medley, who left Quebec some years ago to take up his residence in Calgary, enlisted in the 82nd Battalion and went overseas last year. In England he was drafted into another branch of the service and went to the front a few months ago.  
 His decoration is not only a signal honor for himself and his family but for the city of his birth.

**Hear Chief Justice Lemieux Prohibition, Sunday afternoon and evening. See advt. in other columns. Quebec Temperance Union.**

**HEAVILY FINED.**  
 On the charge of selling temperance beer, which contained more alcohol than permitted by law, to soldiers at Valcartier, two men were fined \$100.00 and costs each in the Court of Sessions here yesterday.

**\$35.00 FOR FIREMEN'S BENEVOLENT FUND.**  
 The secretary of the Firemen's Benevolent Association acknowledges with thanks the sum of \$25 from Mr. Elzeur Savard, and \$10 from Mr. F. S. Stocking, in appreciation of the services of the firemen in the fire which visited the properties of the two donors.

**WINNER OF FIRST PRIZE THANKS CHRONICLE.**  
 The Chronicle is in receipt of notice from Miss B. Legare, acknowledging receipt of first prize in the recent page coloring contest, in which she says: "I am ever so pleased to have been awarded the first prize in your recent colored page, and I thank The Chronicle very much."  
 B. LEGARE.

**SUPPLY OF ICE.**  
 As the season for the delivery of ice expires on the 1st of October, P. J. Holden desires to inform his customers and the public in general, that he is prepared to accept orders for the continuation of service or to accept new contracts.  
 By telephoning No. 454, all orders will be booked, and promptly attended to.

**OBSEQUIES OF LATE MR. G. BEAUCHAMP**  
 The funeral of the late Mr. Gustave Beauchamp was held yesterday morning and was attended by a large and representative body of mourners which testified the high esteem in which the deceased was held and the sympathy which is felt for his bereaved relatives. The service at St. Jean Baptiste church was chanted by Rev. Mr. Termel. The chief mourners were the three sons of the deceased, Messrs. Odina, Ona and Omer Beauchamp; his brother, Mr. Louis Beauchamp; his brothers-in-law, Messrs. H. Demers, S. Roberge, A. Desrochers, B. Frechette; his nephews, Messrs. W. Beauchamp, O. Demers, A. Couture, A. Demers, H. B. Beauchamp, A. Beauchamp, Art. Demers, Em. Demers, J. A. Toussaint, A. Belanger, Jules Demers, Em. Beauchamp; his grand sons, Wilfrid, Roland, Adelard and Armand Beauchamp.

**DELANEY-McKENNA.**  
 The marriage was solemnized at Loyola College yesterday morning of Miss Helen Harriet McKenna, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. John McKenna, formerly of Bathurst, N.B., and Mr. John Patrick Delaney, son of Dr. and Mrs. P. P. Delaney, of Quebec. The bride wore a suit of navy blue broadcloth, with picture hat of blue pressed beaver and white fox fur. She carried a shower bouquet of bride's roses and lilies-of-the-valley, and was given away by her brother, Mr. Ernest L. McKenna, of Montreal. The groom was attended by his father. Harold and Joseph Bain acted as pages, while Kathleen McKenna, niece of the bride, acted as flower girl. The service was conducted by Rev. Father Gorman, of the College faculty. Miss M. Power, of Bathurst, played the wedding music. A beautiful Ave Maria was sung at the Offertory by Mrs. Bert Power, of Montreal. After the wedding, a breakfast was served at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Thomas L. Bain. Mr. and Mrs. Delaney then left on their honeymoon trip to Ottawa, Toronto and Niagara. Mrs. Delaney, mother of the groom, accompanied her husband.

**TADOUSAC CHILD BURNED TO DEATH**

**MOTHER SET FIRE TO HER CLOTHING WHILE LIGHTING THE STOVE.**

A horrible fatality is reported from Tadousac, where an eight-months-old child was burned to death while its mother, Mrs. Oscar Demeule, was so horribly burned that it is not expected that she will survive her injuries.  
 It appears that the mother was in the act of lighting the stove, and was using coal oil for the purpose when an explosion occurred. Her clothing was ignited and instantly she was covered with flames. Her baby, who was near the stove at the time, also had its clothing ignited and before it could be reached was so badly injured that it died shortly afterwards.

**REV. W. H. CASSAP GOING OVERSEAS.**  
 Anglican Rector of Levis and New Liverpool Appointed a Chaplain To Canadian Forces.

Rev. W. H. Cassap, Anglican Rector of Levis and New Liverpool, has secured appointment as chaplain to Canadian forces overseas and hopes to leave to assume his new duties at an early date.  
 Ever since the war broke out Mr. Cassap has been anxious to have his services accepted and, needless to say, he is more than gratified in at last succeeding. He is one of the best known and most popular members of the Anglican clergy in the diocese and, while one and all, especially his parishioners, will regret his departure, yet wholehearted good wishes will accompany him on his new and responsible duties.  
 Rev. Mr. Cassap has both naval and military connections. His uncle was a retired Fleet-Surgeon on H. M. S. Condor, when that vessel, in command of Lord Charles Beresford, tunning under a heavy Egyptian fire in 1882, successfully bombarded Alexandria. Mr. Cassap had also three nephews in khaki, all enlisted in Western battalions, and under the age of twenty years, one of whom has made the supreme sacrifice.

**RECORDER'S COURT.**  
 The usual fines were imposed in the Recorder's Court yesterday morning on six individuals who were charged with drunkenness.

**LATE MR. A. BELAND.**  
 The death occurred at his home, No. 1 St. Claire street Thursday afternoon of an old and respected citizen in the person of Mr. Arthur Beland, at the age of 69 years. Deceased had been ill only since Friday last, having been stricken with pneumonia and his death naturally comes as a shock to his many friends despite his advanced age, as previous to his illness, he had been hale and hearty. The late Mr. Beland is survived by two sons, Messrs. Francis and Joseph Beland, and three daughters, Mrs. W. Laik, of Fort William, Ont., Mrs. Michael Hayes and Mrs. J. Proctor of Quebec. He was also uncle of Mr. David Beland, of this city. The sympathy of a wide circle of friends will be extended to the deceased's family and relatives in their time of bereavement. The funeral of deceased will take place Saturday morning from his late residence, to St. Jean Baptiste Church and St. Columbus Cemetery.

**RETURNED HEROES VISIT QUEBEC BRIDGE**  
 The returned heroes at the Convalescent Home, Little River, and some from the Military Hospital, Louis Street, were given a trip to the new bridge Thursday afternoon by water, a treat thoroughly enjoyed, and one long to be remembered. The weather was perfect, the scenery grand, most beautiful music and singing were provided by the band of the "Kilties," 280th Batta.

Through the gracious permission of Major McLean, refreshments were pertaken of, and of course the usual smoke. On reaching the bridge, "O Canada" was played and sung and chorus by the boys and cadets were given. The sound must have reached miles away. The chorus were for the workmen on the bridge who responded. It was nice to have given our invalids an opportunity to see the grandest piece of workmanship in the world. Indeed, they expressed their admiration fully and it was quite visible by their gaiety that they fully enjoyed the outing. Miss Van Felson was the organizer of this happy event, and was accompanied by Mrs. J. C. McLimont, Mrs. Morrell (Regina), Mrs. G. Scott, Mrs. Cameron, Mrs. Wannemaker, Mrs. G. van Felson, The Misses May and Jeanne Pelletier, B. Watson, Preston, Mary McLimont, H. Elliott, and the Misses Page, through the generosity of Mr. Thompson (Levis Ferry Co.) free passage was donated on the S. S. North and very kind attention shown. Money was generously donated by an American friend for all other expenses.—(Communicated.)

**STANDING ROOM ONLY AT THEATRE**  
**CAPACITY AUDIENCE FOR OPERA AT AUDITORIUM LAST NIGHT.**

That the San Carlo Grand Opera Company has gripped the music loving population of Quebec was again evinced at the Auditorium Theatre last night when another exceptionally large and fashionable audience greeted the performance of "La Traviata." His Honor the Lieutenant Governor Sir Evariste LeBlanc, Lady LeBlanc and party occupied a box. They had with them as guests Mrs. Grant, wife of the Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia, Miss Grant and Dr. Grant, who is physician on the British Hospital ship now in port.

Had the management chosen last night as the Gala night of the week they could hardly have selected a more pleasing opera than "La Traviata" with the majority of the company's stars in the title roles. The performance scored a triumph with the large audience who did not spare any of the leading performers the applause they so richly merited.  
 Mde. Varrari who took the part of Violetta while not having as much opportunity of displaying her wonderful range voice as she had singing "Caro Nome" in Rigoletto on Tuesday night was nevertheless called upon to sing the most difficult parts in last night's opera and she executed her work with a success as only one of her wonderful ability could hope to achieve. She was called back many times during the evening.

Signor Angelo Antola, the baritone who is such a favorite in Quebec, contributed largely to the success of the performance. His marvelous voice so rich and full of varied coloring appealed in the same fascinating manner to his hearers last evening as it has in the past.  
 Girolamo Ingar as Alfred Germont made his initial appearance in grand opera here. He possesses a good tenor voice and his singing throughout was pleasing. He did not, however, exhibit the same ease and grace in his acting as is shown by Agostini or Salazar. The other principals in the cast Frances Morosini, Alice Homer, Luciano Rossini, Antonio Cetti and Natale Cervi all did admirably.

A change has been made in this afternoon's grand opera programme at the Auditorium. Owing to a delay in the arrival of the music for the opera "The Jewels of the Madonna" the popular double bill "Cavalleria Rusticana" and "I Pagliacci" will be staged instead.

**Hear Ben Spence, of Toronto, on Prohibition, Sunday, 3.30 p.m. on the Esplanade. Again at 8.15 in Loyola Hall. Quebec Temperance Union.**

**CHALMER'S CHURCH.**  
 The Rev. A. T. Lee, B.A., of Fairmount, Montreal, will occupy the pulpit at both services tomorrow.

**ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH**  
 On Sunday Evening, at 7 p.m., in St. Matthew's Church the special preacher will be the Rev. W. Sanders Rural Dean of Montreal.

**MR. A. DE B. PELLETIER HAS PASSED AWAY.**  
 The death occurred on Thursday evening after a lingering illness of Mr. Arthur de Beaulieu Pelletier, only son of Mr. Justice H. C. Pelletier and Mrs. Pelletier.

The late Mr. Arthur Pelletier was a prominent advocate, who, some years ago, was in partnership with Mr. Charles Smith, now Secretary of the Quebec Harbor Commission. He later moved to Roberval where he opened up an office for himself and practised his profession successfully for many years, being obliged to give it up about three years ago on account of illness, and has since then been living in Quebec.  
 The late Mr. Pelletier is survived besides his parents, by Hon. Judge and Mrs. Pelletier, by his wife, formerly Miss Jeanne de Carliolis, and three children, Yves, Jean and Therese, and one sister, Miss Jean Pelletier.  
 The funeral will take place at 9.15 Monday morning from his parents' residence, to the Basilica and Belmont Cemetery, where the interment will take place in the family vault.

**BREAK WHISKY'S GRIP ON YOUR LOVED ONES**  
 Drunkards will tell you with tears of sincerity that they do not want to drink. The craving coming from the inflamed membranes of the stomach drives them to it.  
 Aleura will soothe the trembling nerves and remove the craving that is ruining your home and stealing an otherwise kind husband or father from you. It costs only \$1.00 per box and if it does not cure or benefit after a trial the money will be refunded.  
 Aleura No. 1 is tasteless and can be given secretly in Tea, Coffee or food. Aleura No. 2 is taken voluntarily by those willing to help themselves.  
 Aleura can now be obtained at our Store. Ask for Free Booklet telling all about it and give Aleura a trial, inflamed membranes of the stomach Cote de la Montagne, Quebec.

**CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS**  
**QUEBEC TO BRIDGE**  
**September 30th**

Weather permitting, leaving Champlain Market as follows: stopping at Sillery Point.

|                        |           |
|------------------------|-----------|
| Sunday—Leave Quebec    | 1.30 P.M. |
| Arrive Sillery Point   | 1.45 P.M. |
| Leave Sillery Point    | 2.00 P.M. |
| Arrive Bridge          | 2.20 P.M. |
| Returning—Leave Bridge | 2.30 P.M. |
| Arrive Sillery         | 2.45 P.M. |
| Arrive Quebec          | 3.00 P.M. |
| Leave Quebec           | 3.30 P.M. |
| Leave Sillery          | 3.45 P.M. |
| Arrive Bridge          | 4.15 P.M. |
| Returning—Leave Bridge | 4.30 P.M. |
| Arrive Sillery         | 4.45 P.M. |
| Arrive Quebec          | 5.00 P.M. |
| Returning—Leave Bridge | 6.30 P.M. |
| Arrive Sillery         | 6.45 P.M. |
| Arrive Quebec          | 7.00 P.M. |

**7 lb. Bag**  
**Five Rose Flour 52c**  
**Peaches, Pears.**  
**Strictly Fresh Eggs 55c doz**  
**Potatoes 1-4 bushel 40c.**  
 'PHONE YOUR ORDER TO:  
**S. O'CONNOR,**  
 — Grocer —  
 Telephone 2854.  
 Corner of ST. MICHAEL AND ST. JULIA. STREETS.  
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**SEASONABLE GOODS**  
**Priced Very Low**

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|--|---------------------|
| FALL OVERCOATS FOR MEN:                    | \$10.00 and \$12.50 |
| Colors Black and Grey, for.....            |                     |
| STYLISH FALL TWEED OVERCOATS,              | \$15.00 up          |
| For.....                                   |                     |
| COLORED GAITERS FOR LADIES:                | \$1.95 up           |
| A large assortment. Price.....             |                     |
| —HEAVY CHEVIOTS,                           |                     |
| —SERGES,                                   |                     |
| —BLANKET CLOTH,                            |                     |
| —And EIDERDOWN.                            |                     |
| At the..... Old Prices                     |                     |
| 100 Yards of BROWN CLOTH; Value of \$1.50. | .95                 |

**NEW DISPLAY OF NOVELTIES**  
 NEW TRIMMED and UNTRIMMED HATS—a great variety.  
 NEW VELVET DRESSES  
 NEW SUITS,  
 NEW FALL COATS,  
 NEW SWEATER COATS, Etc., Etc.  
 —WE HAVE THE MOST INTERESTING DISPLAY OF THESE GOODS. VISIT OUR STORES THIS WEEK.

**Faguy, Spinney & Fane**  
**254-264 St. John Street**  
**QUEBEC**

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS ON GRAND CIRCUIT

In The World of Sport

THE OLD YACHT "AMERICA" IS BOUGHT

HANLAN CONFIDENT HE WILL SCORE WIN OVER BIG BILL BRENNAN

HEAVYWEIGHT STRUGGLE SCHEDULED FOR THE GRANDE ALLEE RINK NEXT FRIDAY IS CREATING MUCH INTEREST—BIG CROWD IS EXPECTED—GOOD PRELIMINARIES ALSO ON CARD.

"Jack Hanlon will surely put it all over "Bill" Brennan in Quebec next week," writes "Bob" Smith, the former's manager.

Brennan has a long string of knockouts to his credit, one of the biggest achievements being his kayo victory over "Jack" Clifford the other night.

Leo P. Flynn writes that "Bill" is better than ever, and though he expects a rather tough battle with Hanlon, yet he is confident that before the tenth round is reached Brennan will have added one more knockout to his long string.

The bout is creating much interest here, as Hanlon's record is well-known, while he is fighting regularly and therefore is, no doubt, in the very best of condition.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 28—Smith was hit harder than Steele, but the latter's wildness proved his undoing, and the Dodgers won the second game of the series with Pittsburgh here today, 3 to 1.

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BIG AUTO RACE MEET HERE TODAY

JACK LAVIOLETTE WILL COMPETE IN FINE PROGRAMME OF EVENTS TODAY.

The big grand stand at the Exhibition Grounds should be packed right up this afternoon when the automobile and motor-cycle men get into action with a big programme of professional races.

Jack Laviolette, the famous Canadian hockey player, has a continent-wide reputation as a daring auto driver and motor cyclist, will be here to compete in this afternoon's races, and he will meet some of the fastest racers in the United States and Canada.

Ed. Morin, champion of Nova Scotia, is another entrant. Morin is a daring driver, and expects to win over anybody down here today. Fred. James, Boston's speed demon; A. Bouchard, of Philadelphia, and Ouellette, of New York, are also among the competitors.

There will be exciting races at all distances, motor-cycle events also being down on the card. As a championship contest, Jack Laviolette will race in a Mercer car against Joe Lebeau, who will handle a Chalmers. This race will undoubtedly be a most exciting one and one well worth seeing.

The admission is only twenty-five cents and a splendid afternoon's sport is a prospect, provided, of course, the weather is favorable.

A football match between the Celtics and the Discharge Depot will be going on at the same time.

COLUMBUS MEET COMES TO CLOSE

DORIS WATTS, AFTER SUSPICIOUS DRIVE, WINS THE DECIDING HEAT.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 28—The Columbus Grand Circuit meeting came to a close this afternoon when the seventh and deciding heat of the 2:13 trot was raced on a track a little slow because of a night's rain.

Judges who had taken charge of Doris Watts after her sixth heat suspicious drive of Thursday placed C. L. Floyd behind her today instead of Guy Lee and she won the race. The time of the mile was 2:11.4. At the conclusion of the race the judges fined Driver Lee \$100 for not trying to win.

Owner George Slaughter, of Detroit, also was fined \$100 for collusion, while C. L. Floyd was awarded \$100 out of Doris Watts' winnings for driving the final heat.

Not sufficient evidence was found to merit any punishment for Driver Al Stout in the 2:13 trot of Wednesday when he did not win with Lotto Watts and the charges against him were dropped.

Summaries: 2:13 Class Trotting, 3 in 5 Heats: \$1,000; 6 Heats Thursday; 7 Heats:

- Doris Watts, b.m., by General Watts, (Lee-Floyd) ... 3 6 1 2 1 3 1 Mendosa, br.m., (Curtis) ... 4 2 2 1 2 1 3 Peter Dallas, b. g. (Halderman) ... 1 4 6 6 3 2 2 Direct Forbes, h. h. (McCoy) ... 2 5 5 5 ro Fayre Rosamond, blk.m. (Cox) ... 5 3 4 4 ro John G., b.g., (Hopkins) ... 6 1 3 3 4 dis Brownie Watts, h. m. (Rodney) ... 5 5 5 5 dis Time: 2:09 3-4; 2:08 3-4; 2:09 1-4; 2:10 1-4; 2:14 3-4; 2:17 1-2; 2:11 1-4.

WHEN MAN'S AT WAR Most Trying Time is That Before a Charge "Over the Top."

Everybody wonders what are the sensations and emotions of the individual soldier as he waits in the front line trench for the order to charge and as he rushes across the death-swept zone toward the enemy.

Does he think of the chance of death? Is he physically afraid? Does he shrink from the necessity of facing and inflicting death? Donald Hankey, the Englishman who wrote so frankly and interestingly of the soldier's experiences at the front in "A Student in Arms," considers this matter in one of the articles in the new volume, "A Student in Arms, Second Series".

Mr. Hankey spent nearly the whole of two years at the front in the trenches and in the supporting lines, and was killed in action at the battle of the Somme. He says: "The fact is that at the moment of a charge men are in an absolutely abnormal condition. Their emotions seem to be numbed. Noises, sights, and sensations which would ordinarily produce intense pity, horror, or dread have no effect upon them at all, and yet never was the mind clearer, the senses more acute. It is before an attack that a man is more liable to fear. Of all the hours of dismay that come to a soldier there are few more trying to the nerves than when he is sitting in a trench under heavy fire from high-explosive shells or bombs from trench mortars."

"You can watch these bombs lobbed up into the air. You see them slowly wobble down to earth there to explode with a terrific detonation that sets every nerve in your body a-jangling. You can do nothing. You cannot retaliate in any way. You simply have to sit tight and hope for the best. Some men joke and smile; but their mirth is forced. Some feign stoical indifference, and sit with a paper and a pipe, but as a rule their pipes are out and their reading a pretense. There are few men, indeed, whose hearts are not beating faster and whose nerves are not on edge."

"But you can't call this the fear of death. It is a purely physical reaction of danger and detonation. Personally, I believe that very few men indeed fear death. The vast majority experience a more or less violent physical shrinkage from the pain of death and wounds, especially when they are obliged to be physically inactive, and when they have nothing else to think about. But this is a purely physical reaction, which can be, and nearly always is, controlled by the mind. Last of all there is the repulsion and loathing for the whole business of war, with its bloody ruthlessness, its fiendish ingenuity, and its insensate cruelty that comes to a man after a battle, when the tortured and dismembered dead lie strewn about the trench, and the wounded groan from No-Man's Land."

"But neither is that the fear of death. It is a repulsion which breeds hot anger more often than cold fear, reckless hatred of life more often than abject clinging to it. The cases where any sort of fear, even for a moment, obtains the mastery of a man are very rare."

Sporting Notes

Today's Football game will be between the 8th Royal Rifles and the Discharge Depot. The Rifles team will be as follows: Jordan, Dawson, Birks, Rawlings, Barrett, Neilson, Zellar, Hart, Rudd, Bryant, Wilson, substitutes, Roy, Smith, Cort.

The Discharge Depot team to meet the Celtics as picked by manager McDonnell, will be: Bovin, Dymond, Skegg, Noonan, Cross, Jones, McKee, Brayton, Grant, Lobb, McGrath.

Owing to the number of returned men in the Depot regular line up has been altered. Mallett and Shell being unable to turn out this afternoon.

The cripples are determined to wipe out last week's defeat, but the practices the Rifles have had at the camp, will be a big factor in their realizing their ambition of beating the winners of the first half of the season's schedule.

Owing to the League referees being too busy to officiate and the other two being on the sick list, it is likely that Captain Key will handle the game.

There should be a large crowd at the Exhibition Grounds today as the big automobile races are also taking place.

Kick-off in today's Football game, which will take place on the Exhibition Grounds, will be at 3 o'clock sharp. The usual collection will be made in aid of the Red Cross from spectators, players and officials alike.

Who owns the fastest harness horse in the City of Quebec? That will be decided at the Exhibition Grounds track on Monday afternoon.

Much interest has been aroused by the harness races arranged for Monday afternoon. The rivalry is keen among the horse owners as well as their friends, and some rare sport will be witnessed.

Six horses are entered in each class and a battle royal will be witnessed when the word is given in each heat.

Jump on a green car Monday, and get a transfer. It will take you to the Exhibition Grounds in a few minutes.

Jack Laviolette is a great favorite in Quebec and local automobile followers will likely pack the big stand this afternoon.

The preliminary card has not yet been announced.

St. Patricks will make the trip to Three Rivers tomorrow.

The Champions lose to the "Ten-minutes-for lunch"—town, Barney Price will give them the merry ha! ha!

Facts not worth knowing:— A Class B bowler may get Class A medical certificate. They say marriage is neither an earthly heaven nor the other place. A Quebec woman was astonished yesterday when her son came home with a Class A-2 medical certificate. "Why, he never was strong enough to carry up a scuttle of coal she said."

Popular Pastime, No. 935.— Giving the other fellows the laugh after being rejected by the examining board.

BASEBALL

National League

Yesterday's Results:

Brooklyn Takes Second.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 28—Smith was hit harder than Steele, but the latter's wildness proved his undoing, and the Dodgers won the second game of the series with Pittsburgh here today, 3 to 1.

The score: R. H. E. Brooklyn ... 000 020 001—2 4 0 Pittsburgh ... 000 100 000—1 7 1 S. Smith and Miller; Steele and W. Smith.

St. Louis-Philadelphia game was advanced to Sunday.

Other teams not scheduled today.

American League

Yesterday's Results:

Cleveland Takes Opener.

Washington, Sept. 28—Cleveland won the opening game of the series from Washington today, 3 to 1, by a ninth inning rally.

The score: R. H. E. Cleveland ... 100 000 002—3 9 0 Washington ... 001 000 000—1 6 2 Morton and Billings; Avers and Ainsmith.

St. Louis Trim Boston.

Boston, Sept. 28—Boston was defeated 2 to 1 by St. Louis today on a rain-soaked diamond. Errors aided in giving both teams their runs. Manager Fielder Jones was ordered from the field for protesting a decision at the home plate.

The score: R. H. E. St. Louis ... 000 002 000—2 8 3 Boston ... 010 000 000—1 7 2 Sotherton and Severid; Mays and Mayer.

Victory for Detroit.

Philadelphia, Sept. 28—Bush's hitting featured Detroit's victory over Philadelphia today, the score being 6 to 1. In five trips to the plate Bush made four singles and was hit by a pitched ball. Cobb ran wild on the bases and was caught at second, third and home.

The score: R. H. E. Detroit ... 101 002 200—6 12 1 Philadelphia ... 000 000 001—1 7 1 Daus and Yelle; Naylor, Seibold, Keefe and McAvoy.

New York, Sept. 28—The game today with Chicago was postponed on account of wet grounds. Two games tomorrow and one on Monday will be played.

BOXERS ARE RULED OUT IN WISCONSIN.

Milwaukee, Sept. 25—Fighters under the management of A. L. Lippe, of New York, will be barred from boxing in the State of Wisconsin in the future, it is announced by the State Athletic Commission here. The alleged failure of Lippe to post Jeff Smith's forfeit money for the latter's bout with Harry Greb here recently, and his refusal to appear before the Board for a hearing, resulted in this action. As a result the proposed bout between Tom Cowler, New York heavyweight, and Fred Fulton, of Minnesota, which was booked for the early part of next month, has been cancelled.

HARNESS RACES HERE ON MONDAY

MEETING TO DECIDE CHAMPION TROTTER AND CHAMPION PACER OF QUEBEC.

Owing to the heated discussions which have occurred among the followers of the harness racing game in Quebec as to best-gaited and fastest trotter and the speediest pacer owned in this city, a meeting has been arranged for next Monday afternoon, the 1st of October, at the Exhibition Grounds track.

The meeting has been arranged by some of the leading horsemen and will consist of a 2:16 class for trotters and a free-for-all event for pacers. As every one of the horses raced here during the Exhibition races, the rivalry is very keen and each heat will be fought out from wire to wire.

Six horses are entered in each class. They have all been kept in training since the Exhibition, and will be even better prepared than they were at that time to do themselves full justice. Each horse has a considerable following, and as all are pretty evenly matched, there will be a large crowd present to witness the sport.

The entries are as follows: 2:16 Trot; Purse \$300.00.

Horse. Owner. Sox De Forest, b.s. .... F. X. Jobin Decorator Jr., blk.g. .... Ph. Jones Major Wellington, br.g. .... Ths. Beard Barney Gibbs, br.g. .... Mr. Lacasse Algoa McKinney, b.m. ....

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Popular Pastime, No. 935.— Giving the other fellows the laugh after being rejected by the examining board.

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 2nd November, 1917, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week between "Petite Madeleine and Riviere a Claude," from the 1st January, 1918.

Printed notices, containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Petite Madeleine, Riviere a Claude, Manche d'Epee, Gros Morne, Ruisseau des Oliviers, Mont Louis and Mont St. Pierre, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Quebec, Sept. 21st, 1917. S. TANNER GREEN, Post Office Inspector. S.22x1aw,stk3w

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Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Ste. Clothilde, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Quebec, Sept. 21st, 1917. S. TANNER GREEN, Post Office Inspector. S.22x1aw,stk3w

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Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of St. Albert and Ste. Seraphine and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Quebec, Sept. 21st, 1917. S. TANNER GREEN, Post Office Inspector. S.22x1aw,stk3w

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa, until noon, on Friday, the 2nd November, 1917, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, eighteen times per week between: "Charlebourg and Quebec & Lake St. John Station," from the 1st of January, 1918.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Charlebourg and Gros Pin, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Quebec, Sept. 21st, 1917. S. TANNER GREEN, Post Office Inspector. S.22x1aw,stk3w

Que

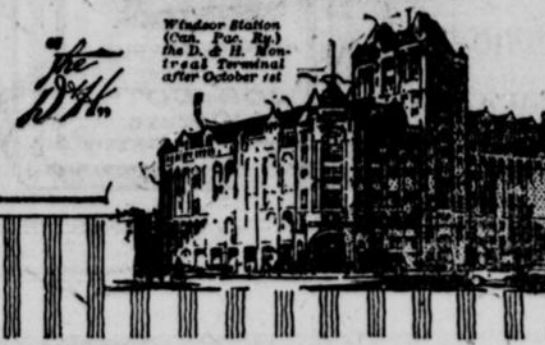
### Windsor Station, Montreal, will be used by the Delaware & Hudson on and after October 1st

Already the Delaware & Hudson is the shortest, quickest and best line between Montreal and New York. This change will make it even better.

Two trains daily each way—through the heart of "The Summer Paradise" and between two of the finest terminals in the world: Grand Central Terminal, New York, and Windsor Station, Montreal. Day and night service.

Adirondack scenery—through Pullmans—restful traveling day and night—terminals nearest to big hotels and city centers. Time-tables on request.

W. J. MULLIN, General Traffic Manager, Delaware & Hudson, Albany, N. Y.  
James Fitz-Simons, General Canadian Passenger Agent, Montreal



### Ask For Prices

Before placing your orders, phone 2777, and ask us for prices on GREY, MANILLA, FIBRE and KRAFT WRAPPING PAPERS, PAPER BAGS, CUTTERS, TWINES, Etc.

### Building Papers, 1, 2 and 3 Ply

Sovereign Crown Brand, guaranteed for 5, 10 and 15 years. 2 and 3 ply Ready Roofing, Tarred and Tarred Sheathing Felts, Dry Sheathing and Carpet Felts, Coal Tar, Pitch and Oakum.

YOUR REQUIREMENTS ARE SOLICITED AND WILL HAVE OUR MOST CAREFUL AND PROMPT ATTENTION.

### HOW ABOUT YOUR SIDEWALK ?

If you are thinking of replacing it by a permanent one, ask us for particulars, which will not cost you anything.

QUEBEC SCRAP METAL & PAPER CO. LIMITED

14 ST. ROCH STREET - - - - - QUEBEC.

### SPECIAL PRICES

- Five Rose Flour:
  - 7-lb bag . . . . . 55c
  - 14-lb bag . . . . . \$1.00
  - 24-lb bag . . . . . \$1.70
- Pure Honey, 1-lb jar . . . . . 25c
- Peanut Butter, lb . . . . . 24c
- Maple Butter, lb . . . . . 24c
- Quaker Oats, large pkt . . . . . 25c
- Quaker Corn Flake, 3 pks . . . . . 27c
- Cream of Wheat, pkt . . . . . 28c
- Egg Macaroni, 3 pks . . . . . 25c
- Brasso Brass Polish, can . . . . . 15c

- "SUNSHINE" BRAND —
  - Macaroni, Spaghetti, Noodles, Vermicelli, Stars, 3 pks. . . . . 40c
  - Strawberry Jam, 4-lb can . . . . . 60c
  - Raspberry Jam, 4-lb can . . . . . 60c
  - Orange Marmalade, 4-lb can . . . . . 70c
  - Domestic Shortening, 3-lb can, for . . . . . 75c
  - Domestic Shortening, 1-lb can, for . . . . . 25c
  - Shredded Wheat, 2 pks . . . . . 28c
  - Pork and Beans, 3-lb can . . . . . 17c
  - Flake White Lard, 3-lb can . . . . . 75c

CHARLES MARTEL

No. 49 Artillery Street. Phone 1615.

### MAY BE BUYING MATCHES

Never Struck You as Being an Importer's Job. But It Is! It is important that you buy matches but EDDY'S

### Chemically Self-Extinguishing Silent 500s

The Matches with "no after glow."

EDDY is the only Canadian maker of these Matches, every stick of which has been dipped in a chemical solution which positively ensures the Match becoming DEAD wood once it has been lighted and blown out.

Look for the words, "Chemically Self-Extinguishing" on the box.

### THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

with which is amalgamated

### THE QUEBEC BANK

Capital Paid Up . . . . . \$ 12,000,000  
Reserve Funds . . . . . 14,300,000  
Total Assets . . . . . 275,000,000

Sir Herbert S. Holt, President; R.L. Pease, Vice-President and Managing Director; C. E. Neill, General Manager.

A general banking business transacted.

Savings Department at all Branches.

Six Branches in Quebec City: 110 St. Peter street, 2 Fabrique street, 187 St. Joseph street, 217 St. John street, 781 St. Valier street, and Limoilou.

Safety Deposit Boxes to rent at Lower Town and Fabrique street Branches.

F.14xlaw,wkly

### DOMINION COAL COMPANY, LIMITED

MINERS AND SHIPPERS OF THE CELEBRATED

"DOMINION" STEAM AND GAS COALS

Screened, Run-of-Mine and Slack

For Particulars, apply to

SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

### SEEMS PESSIMISTIC REGARDING RUSSIA

AMERICAN SAYS THERE IS NO FIGHTING SPIRIT — CO-SACKS ARE QUITTING.

Stockholm, Sept. 28.—An American who has spent ten years on European capitals and whose position compels him to take the viewpoint of an impartial observer, reached here today after six weeks in Petrograd and gives a pessimistic report of the fighting spirit in Russia and of political and industrial conditions there. He says:

"There is no fighting spirit except among the Cossacks and Caucasians, and that seems to be waning. A Caucasian Colonel said to me: 'There are no real fighters left in Russia except us and we are not Russians, thank God, but Caucasians and Mohammedans.'

"The interior cities and villages are filled with Russian troops who refuse to go to the front. Young Russians of the better class are hunting the streets of Petrograd for men who are willing to become officers. Since the murder of officers by men has become a daily occurrence, only the most fervent patriots will assume the risk of taking commissions.

"The reports of open disobedience of troops at the front and of deeds of violence committed by them are countless. Railway travel in many places, and particularly in southwestern Russia, is unsafe because soldiers loot trains, steal luggage and maltreat and even murder those who resist.

"I sat in the War Office at Petrograd when the report was received of the murder of nearly one hundred officers at Viborg and of the preparation of proscription lists against officers in Tammerfors.

"Newspapers in Helsingfors carry daily accounts of military deeds of violence of the murder of officers and civilians by soldiers, often accompanied by robbery. The government has not dared to do more than announce that these matters will be investigated carefully.

"The Bolsheviks are gaining the upperhand in Petrograd and are increasing their strength in Moscow. I venture to predict their eventual supremacy. I know this means almost the elimination of Russia as a factor in the war and places new burdens on America.

"The government's utter powerlessness was recently shown in connection with its exile of a number of 'dark forces.' The Bolsheviks took them from a train at Viborg, are now sending them back to Petrograd, and the government does not dare to insist that its deportation order be carried out.

"The Bolshevik demonstration of joy over the fall of Riga held in

front of the War Office was suffered by the government in silence.

"Such facts, together with the government's rapid changes in personnel, form and policy demonstrates the seriousness of the situation.

"When Korniloff issued his ultimatum the news was received with joy by a great proportion of substantial citizens and even men in the government departments told me of their secret hope that he would come to Petrograd. The comments from English and American newspapers rejoicing at Korniloff's failure were received with amazement by these people who saw in his success the only possibility of saving Russia.

"A factory near Nizhn-Novgorod manufacturing war materials and employing fifteen thousand hands has just closed because it has been impossible to meet the wage demands. Armed workmen terrorize the owners of factories, workmen committees spend their whole time drafting wage schedules and nobody may be hired or discharged without their consent. Laborers unloading wood from barges at Petrograd won in a day, a strike for an increase of from 50 rubles daily.

"Conductors and porters on Finnish railways refuse to accept Russian money at any rate of exchange. I saw four one-ruble and three-three-rubles notes bearing the same respective numbers."

### WHAT THE GERMANS ARE SAYING.

President Wilson's Reply to the Pope's Note has raised a discussion of the greatest significance in Germany. The Reply was to the effect that the Free Nations of the World would gladly discuss peace terms with the German nation, if the German nation were free, but that they cannot trust those who enslave the German nation and have no right to speak for it. The Verwants, the great Socialist newspaper of Germany, makes the following comment on this:

"President Wilson demands that behind the willingness of the German government to negotiate shall stand the will of the German nation."

"Take the map of the world and look at one country after another. Everywhere decision on political questions lies in the hands of persons chosen by the people. It is so everywhere else. Why cannot it be so with us? After more than three years of war, a Great Power says to us it must be so with us if we wish to reach peace."

"The American Government speaks of its readiness in principle to negotiate with the empowered representatives of the German people's will. The fully empowered representation of the German nation is the German Reichstag, which has been elected on the basis of a democratic franchise.

What is wanting is a government which is wholly responsible to the people's representatives, such as exists in all other countries in the world. Are we Germans to allow it to be said that those countries will not negotiate with us because we are a nation of slaves, unable to give the due expression of our own will? Of course German Socialism will not take such measures to secure responsible Parliamentary government as would weaken the defensive power of the German people, but is a single one of us ready to go out with his knapsack and rifle and to stand as a sentinel at the barbed-wire entanglements with the thought in his mind that all this need no longer continue if we would only agree to the same form of government as exists in the rest of the world? Let those answer this question according to their consciences who have the fate of the German nation in their hands. Will the German Reichstag recognize the way which is plainly opened before it by the development of events? Only a fool would attribute to this most patient of all parliaments a vain lust of power.

This Reichstag has never sought power for its own sake, but now it must have power, because the German people who called it into existence desire this of it and because its path to power is the world's path to peace.

There is no reason to suggest that this confession of the enslavement of Germany by its rulers is not perfectly genuine. It should further inspire the Free Nations of the world not to take their hand from the plough until they have succeeded in helping the Germans to liberate themselves. We must realize that there is still a long way to go. Most of the German newspapers, and especially those representing the Conservatives are still a long way from accepting the idea of freedom. Count Reventlow writes: "The Allies and the United States, realising that the game is up, are now making a final effort to make a revolution in Germany." The Local Anzeiger says: "The whole falseness of President Wilson's phraseology is clear from the sentence about the freedom of nations which are themselves to decide their own fate. President Wilson will not give us, but take from us, the freedom to decide for ourselves." An argument much used by the professional defenders of the Prussian State, that the Germans are really free because they accept their slavery to the State willingly. The Kolnische Zeitung says bluntly that "every line is grotesque nonsense. Wilson wishes to continue the war. There is no doubt about that."

The Frankfurter Zeitung asks: "Does Wilson believe that any self-respecting nation would allow itself to be led in its home affairs by the Head of an enemy State? To Wilson the Imperial Government is the merciful dictator of Germany, but he himself has to add that our nation is to-day at one with its Government. Certainly we are striving to democratize our conditions, but any outside interference is not only impertinence, but will effect exactly the opposite of its purpose."

These are only examples of the almost unanimous fashion in which German newspapers are rejecting the offer of President Wilson. In view of the strict political censorship in Germany, a censorship so severe that the Reichstag complains of it, the question may well be asked as to why the Government allowed the publication of the Verwants article. The explanation may be found in a telegram which the Kaiser is alleged to have addressed to the Tsar on July 29, 1905. The Russian autocrat was in difficulties. The war with Japan had been disastrous and the Tsar had been forced to create the Duma. The Kaiser advised him to transfer the responsibility of making an unfavorable peace from his own shoulders to that of the people. "With the actual spirit prevailing in Russia," he wired to Nicholas, "the disaffected masses would try to place the whole responsibility for all the disadvantageous consequences on your shoulders, and the successes would be regarded as a result of Witte's personal management. It would be excellent as the first task for these Duma representatives if you gave them the peace treaty, after it is formulated to vote upon, thus leaving the odium of the decision to the country." So also, the German Government, seeing the possibility of having to make an unfavorable peace, thinks that it "would be excellent" if the disadvantageous consequences could be put on the shoulders of the German people. Let them be free—to take the blame.

### Smart Overcoat Styles Semi-ready Tailored

Here is one of the many models shown this season in the genuine Semi-ready Tailoring.

The best British materials are of course represented in the line—but Canada shows up this year with some of the best values, clever patterns and fine weaves.

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Sir Mark Oldroyd, Dewsbury.  
Robert Brearley, of Batley.  
G. & J. Stubble, of Batley.

Canadian Makers:  
Patterson, of Preston.  
Caldwell, of Lanark.  
Standard Mills, Toronto.

Here are the six best makers of Overcoatings in the Empire, and we have their materials in Overcoats at \$18, \$20, \$25 and up to \$45.

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Cor. St. John and d'Youville.  
BIENVILLE—E. E. Lemieux.

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ST. ROMUALD—L. St. Hilaire & Fils



The Trench Coat

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Crepe de Chine Blouses, latest styles just received, all shades. Regular \$4.00 for \$2.95.

See our New Suits and Coats. Our assortment is more complete than ever.



Ask for our special at \$13.95

### Doctors Said Operation

When Chatham Lady Suffered From Extreme Nervous Exhaustion—Now Feeling Fine and Working Large Garden

Chatham, Ont., Sept. 28.—This letter will interest every lady reader because it describes a condition for which many doctors advise an operation. That the operation is often unnecessary and very often leaves the patient an invalid for life is well known.

You will read here of what Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has done for this lady and will then understand the great good it is accomplishing in many thousands of similar cases throughout the continent.

Every woman should think long and earnestly before consenting to an operation of this kind. It is a simple matter to give Dr. Chase's Nerve Food a trial and the results are almost always entirely satisfactory. You not only avoid the risk and expense of an operation, but find yourself restored to health and vigor.

Mrs. E. M. Ford, 82 Delaware avenue, Chatham, Ont., writes: "For four years I suffered from my nerves. I was restless and could not sleep well. I had headaches, neuralgic pains through the body and backache. There was a buzzing in my ears and twitching of nerves and muscles. I also had palpitation of the heart, which caused shortness of breath. I was easily tired and always drowsy after eating. When walking or on my feet very much my feet would seem to go dead in my shoes. I consulted two doctors and both told me that I would have to have an examination and probably an operation, but I would not have either. Shortly after this I commenced using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and after a treatment of this medicine I can say I am now feeling fine. I am able to do my household duties without difficulty and besides this, attend to a half-acre of garden. I can go about without that dead feeling in my feet, and am grateful to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food for my cure. I think very highly of this medicine, and recommend it to other sufferers whenever I have an opportunity."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 80 cents a box, a full treatment of 6 boxes for \$2.75 at all dealers, or Edmondson Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations only disappoint.

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### MAKE QUICK DECISIONS

Wrong to Waste Valuable Time Over Trifling Problems

There are some folks in this world who never appear to be able to come to a decision on any issue, either big or little. They are constantly harassed by doubt and the fear that they will make a mistake of picking up something by the wrong handle. They spend their lives sitting astride the fence because they lack the courage to get down on either side of it. They strive to propitiate everybody and please nobody.

What more pathetic spectacle than to see a strapping big man chasing back and forth between the hat counter and the mirror on the wall in the agony of doubt and despair over the momentous question as to whether he ought to purchase a straw

lid with a red band on it or blue!

Sympathy goes out to the woman who for weeks perplexes her pretty head over the problems as to whether she will have her new gown cut obliquely or on the bias. In the end she has it cut scalloped, and every time she wears it her regret is that she didn't have it made severely plain.

If your processes of decision are going to halt and buck and stall over the color of a handkerchief or the cut of a gown how can you hope to decide the really serious problems of life? Blessed is he who can marshal his wits in calm judgment, then decide whether he will stay on this side or cross over and burn the bridge behind him.

Rather than dilly-dally and shilly-shally through life, you had better, in the interests of strengthening your moral fiber, make a mistake by a quick decision now and then. Focus the best judgment of which you are capable on the question at issue, then take your stand and hold your ground.

### CAMELS DESPISE BULLETS

The Camel Transport Corps, although not exactly a fighting force, has been in action and received its baptism of fire, says a correspondent

of The Manchester Guardian." No shell or bullet can excite the stolid, contemplative animal; but it might have been expected that the camel drivers, unarmed and untrained for war, would have run for it at the first sign of attack. Yet, in fact most of them responded admirably to the call of their British officers and stuck to their animals while bullets whizzed around. With characteristic simplicity, or it may be obstinacy, when told to bring in their camels to shelter they insisted on taking with them the blankets which are issued to every man, lest they should be stolen in their absence. Some wanted to mount a hill under fire to get their money from their tents.

The contempt which a Soudanese stalwart feels for the modern long-range fighting was expressed by one head-man—the more warlike Soudanese regularly act as head-men over the Egyptian fellahen—who remarked, as the shells burst, that in his country they "fought it out with knives."

That Held Him  
eH—I shall not marry a woman unless she is my exact opposite. She—You will never find so perfect a being as that—Life.

Wonder what upset your stomach—which portion of the food did the damage—do you? Well, don't bother. If your stomach is in a revolt; if sour, gassy and upset, and what you just ate has fermented into stubborn lumps; your head dizzy and aches; belch gases and acids and eructate undigested food; breath foul, tongue coated—just take Pape's Diapepsin, and in five minutes you will wonder what became of the indigestion and

### FEW MINUTES! NO INDIGESTION, GAS, SOUR STOMACH—PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN

Digests all food, absorbs gases and stops fermentation at once.

distress. Millions of men and women to-day know that it is needless to have a bad stomach. A little Diapepsin occasionally keeps the stomach regulated without fear.

If your stomach doesn't take care of your liberal limit without rebellion; if your food is a damage instead of a help, remember the quickest, surest, most harmless relief is Pape's Diapepsin, which costs only fifty cents for a large case at drug stores. It's truly wonderful—it digests food and sets things straight, so gently and easily that it is astonishing. Please don't go on and on with a weak, disordered stomach; it's so unnecessary.

"I FEEL LIKE A NEW BEING"

FRUIT-A-TIVES Brought The Joy Of Health After Two Years' Suffering

MADAM LAPLANTE 25 St. Rose St., Montreal, April 4th. For over two years I was sick and miserable. I suffered from constant Headaches, and had Palpitation of the Heart so badly that I feared I would die. There seemed to be a lump in my stomach and the Constipation was dreadful. I suffered from Pain in the Back and Kidney Disease. I was treated by a physician for a year and a half and he did me no good at all. I tried "Fruit-a-tives" as a last resort. After using three boxes, I was greatly improved and twelve boxes made me well. Now I can work all day and there are no Headaches, no Palpitation, no Heart Trouble, no Constipation, no Pain or Kidney Trouble and I feel like a new being—and it was "Fruit-a-tives" that gave me back my health. MADAM ARTHUR LAPLANTE. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that "Les Prevoynants du Canada," a body politic and corporate, by the statute of Quebec 9, Edward VII, ch. 121, and having its place of business in the city of Quebec, will apply to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec at its next session for an act to amend its charter for the following purposes: to authorise the Company to reimburse validly the monthly assessments to the bearer of the certificate of the deceased number to authorize a member to stipulate that the rent may be payable to a donor, to his father or his mother, or to both, at the expiration of the twenty years, to add to the word "annual" after the words life rent in the section 31 of the charter, to fix the meeting of the members to the Wednesday which follows the second Monday of February of each year, to authorize the said Company to invest the sums forming part of the pension fund; to fabriques of parishes of the said Province of Quebec, and declare that the words redeemable debentures of all municipal or school corporation in the incorporating the said Society and its amendments contained in the chapter 89 of the Statute of Quebec 1, George V, 2nd session, will mean in the said laws all sums invested in accordance with the cities and towns Act of the Municipal Code of the Province of Quebec and of the Education Act, and to declare that the words agent in the section 6960a of the Quebec Insurance law as enacted by the law 7, George V, ch. 46, does not apply to collectors or persons employed by "Les Prevoynants du Canada," for the purposes of collection or recruiting members and to declare that the word donor in the section 28 of the said charter means every one who contracts with the company for the payment of all the dues for the benefit of another who becomes a member. Quebec, Sept. 19th, 1917. Belleau, Baillargeon & Belleau, Attorneys duly authorized for the Suppliants. S.22xlaw.satz4



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VON BERNSTOFF KNEW ALL ALONG

HAD RECEIVED ZIMMERMANN CABLE REGARDING SUBMARINE WAFARE, JAN. 19.

Washington, Sept. 26.—Further evidence that Count von Bernstorff, former German Ambassador to Washington, knew of his government's intention to inaugurate a campaign of unrestricted submarine warfare prior to his request for money, with which to influence Congress, is in the possession of the State Department. Secretary Lansing said today that as early as January 19th, Count von Bernstorff knew of the plan. Answering inquiries, the Secretary made this statement: "In view of inquiries which have been made as to whether Count Bernstorff knew of the purpose of his government to renew relentless submarine warfare when he sent his message of January 23, 1917, asking authorization to expend \$50,000, I can state that the Department of State possesses conclusive evidence that on or before January 19, Count von Bernstorff had received and read the Zimmermann telegram to Minister von Eckhardt in Mexico, which contained the following: 'We intend to begin on the first of February unrestricted submarine warfare. We shall endeavor in spite of this to keep the United States of America neutral.' 'Count von Bernstorff was, therefore, fully advised of the intentions of the Imperial Government at the time when he asked for authority of Berlin to employ funds for an organization to influence Congressional action in favor of the continued neutrality of this country.'"

M. HUYSMANS' ATTITUDE IN WAR.

Paris, France.—What standpoint Camille Huysmans, secretary of the Socialist International, adopts with regard to the ethics of this war, is a question raised by a French senator. It is a question which has troubled a good many people, considering the attitude of M. Huysmans since the beginning of the war and the fact that he is a Belgian, a fellow-citizen of those thousands of men and women who have been deported into slavery by the German invaders. The writer of the article in Le Rappel, M. Lucien Cornet, points out that when last heard of he was conferring with the Minority German Socialists; before that he had entered into conversation with the majority. He always seems to have something to say, remarks the Senator, to those who invaded his country after having promised to respect its neutrality, and if necessary to defend it. He did Germany a great service, since he prevented the Socialists of all countries from recognizing that it was Germany's fault that it was made impossible for their international bureau to arrive at a decision, or to issue an appeal. Brought face to face with the situation, the Socialists in the whole world would have realized how monstrous the German action had been. They had placed their headquarters in neutral territory, but the neutrality of that country was violated and their executive dispersed. It was in point of fact an outrage on the Socialist Party, and to have obliged Germany to acknowledge this and to face her responsibility was the least and most indulgent step which the victims of the invasion should have taken with regard to the invader. It was thus that all the Belgian members of the international bureau understood their duty. M. Huysmans thought otherwise. He did all he could to get things settled as if nothing had taken place in Belgium at all. He even deliberately placed himself at the disposal of those whom he knew were partisans of Germany. Troelstra wishes to bring allied Socialists to confer with German Socialists and M. Huysmans even goes further than this in order to support the scheme. After the failure of the first Stockholm intrigue, the Dane Bjorberg, at the request of the German Majority, develops the intrigue by going to Petrograd to hoodwink the Russians. Again M. Huysmans lends his signature. The other day the Belgian refugee committees in Holland went to seek for some words of comfort from the Belgian deputies also in exile in Holland. Arthur Buysse and Raemdonck, who belong to the "bourgeois" parties, used very much the same terms as those with which the Socialist Terwagne qualifies the action of the Germans in Belgium. M. Huysmans, when applied to, only remarks: "Why am I questioned?" "To know what you are made of," the Belgians might have answered. For really the time has come when it should be ascertained whether this man is a man or merely a piece of furniture. When one is as indifferent as M. Huysmans, difficult questions come to be asked. In Belgium, men and women are being shot and deported. M. Huysmans spends his time conferring and calling meetings. The Belgian workmen declare their misery and their indignation. M. Huysmans takes no notice. M. Vandervelde and the other Belgian Socialists make every effort to have some remedy applied which will relieve their misfortune; they implore their fellow Socialists to refrain from going hand in hand with the originators of all this suffering. It would take a great deal more than all this to move M. Huysmans. So much impassivity in the middle of the worst catastrophes of which his own people are the victims arouses wonderment.

Questions are asked, and the endeavor to understand the point of view remains unsuccessful. It is a moral monstrosity. Any society, as much a society of nations as a society composed of individuals, rests forcibly on an implicit and reciprocal confidence. What society of nations does M. Huysmans hope to establish if it comprises people who have been the victims of the most abominable abuse of confidence, as well as those who have perpetrated that crime and have profited by it, who have not repented of it and have not been punished. What does M. Huysmans hope or think would happen in such a case? Can it be that he regards the whole war as a vast misunderstanding on which a hurried condemnation must be passed? If so it certainly does no honor to his judgment for never has the world been faced with a more clearly defined question: on the one side are those to whom might is right on the other, those who consider right to be independent of might and superior to it because its nature is indestructible. There are those who regard the policeman as properly under the orders of the judge, and yet others who think the judge should be at the beck and call of the policeman. M. Huysmans is in agreement with the latter category. What do the Socialists think about it? To smile on the executioner is to strike the victim; it is to be guilty of an abominable crime against justice, a crime more difficult to forgive than most others, for it is the substitution of hypocrisy for ferocity, and of the two hypocrisy is the worse.

YES! THIS IS TRUE! ANY CORN LIFTS OUT No foolishness! Lift your corns and calluses off with fingers.

Pain? No, none at all! Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can harmlessly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply directly upon the corn a few drops of treezone says a Cincinnati authority. It is claimed that at small cost one can get a quarter of an ounce of treezone at any drug store, which is sufficient to rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain or soreness or the danger of infection. This simple drug dries the moment it is applied and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding tissue while applying it or afterwards. This announcement will interest many women here, for it is said that the present high-heel footwear is putting corns on every woman's feet.

HOW AUSTRIA ROBS BOHEMIA.

Statement by Slav Press Bureau Alleges Systematic Plundering in Taking of Grain and Thousands of Cattle.

New York, N. Y.—Slav interests in this city are protesting against the economic exploitation of Bohemia for the benefit of the Teutonic arms. A statement issued by the Slav Press Bureau points out that a conference of Austrian, Hungarian and German representatives was held in Vienna in August to arrange for distribution and interchange of food supplies. "It appears that Germany will gain most as a result of this conference," says the statement. "Hungary had to yield a part of its grain crop and Austria a part of its corn and barley. In return for these concessions Germany agreed to supply Hungary with a certain amount of imported fish and Austria with an amount of imported butter and cheese. Hungary, which up to the present, sent only 8000 head of cattle per month to Austria, agreed to send 30,000 head in the period beginning Aug. 1 and ending Sept. 15. It is not reported what concessions Hungary will get in return; nor is it known what number of cattle will be supplied after the expiration of the above period. "The official communications further warn the population against unwarranted optimism concerning the supply of foodstuffs, for the results of the present harvest are not very favorable. It appears that the army is suffering from inadequate supplies of oats, for the ministry of war recently announced that it would pay a bonus of 5 crowns per metric ton of oats to all farmers delivering the same into the hands of the military authorities before Sept. 31. The maximum price of oats is 44 crowns per metric ton, while 49 crowns was offered for this quick delivery. "While Hungary agreed to supply Austria with 30,000 head of cattle, Bohemia is being robbed by Austria in the most shameless manner. From June 21, 1916, to Jan. 1, 1917, 133,945 head of cattle were requisitioned in Bohemia. From Jan. 1 to July 27, 1917, 221,135 head of cattle were car-

ried out of the Bohemia districts of the Kingdom of Bohemia. Altogether the farmers of the Bohemian districts were compelled to supply 355,080 head of cattle. From this number only 49,283 head were kept for the Bohemian people. But even this is insufficient for the wholesale robbers of Vienna, who recently ordered the farmers of Bohemia to furnish 70,000 head of cattle per month. This systematic plundering of the Kingdom of Bohemia is not limited to cattle, but other products are requisitioned and carried out of the country. In the year 1916-1917 to the present harvest the following requisitions were made in the Bohemian districts: Wheat, 8793 carloads; corn, 9217; barley, 12,920; oats, 13,910; bran, 450; total, 44,290 carloads. In the same period 20,711 carloads of potatoes were requisitioned. For these the Government paid the farmers 7 to 9 crowns per metric ton and later resold the same potatoes when partially frozen and decayed to the Bohemian people at the rate of 29 crowns per metric ton. "Toward Moravia, which is also populated by Bohemians, the Government has been following a similar attitude. It seems to be determined to ruin these people completely. In the single month of July no less than 27,565 head of cattle were requisitioned in Moravia, and the people in that province were ordered to supply 40,000 head of cattle per month thereafter. It is not a necessity which has compelled the Austrian Government to make these enormous requisitions. In Hungary no requisitions have taken place to the present day and the products of the soil are bought and sold on the open market."

THE DIVINITY STUDENTS College Men Have Gone to the Front in Large Numbers.

"Divinity, Divinity, Divinity. Faith Hope and Charity. Long-tailed coats and poverty.—Amen." It is a college yell of one of our big Divinity schools, given more in jest than earnest, yet the yellers realize that the profession they have chosen is not highly lucrative. When war was declared, and men's spirit of loyalty and sacrifice was challenged, many of these students volunteered. War did not come naturally to them, but by training they were fitted for it. As home missionaries, during their vocations, they had lived the life of pioneers. Few of them had not been frontiersmen. For the "Sky Pilots" are inherent warriors. One is surprised at their selection of units. Every branch of the service had received them. Some became sappers, others became gunners or drivers, some signallers, others despatch riders, many are with the university companies of the "Pats," and others joined field ambulances, or the Y. M. C. A.

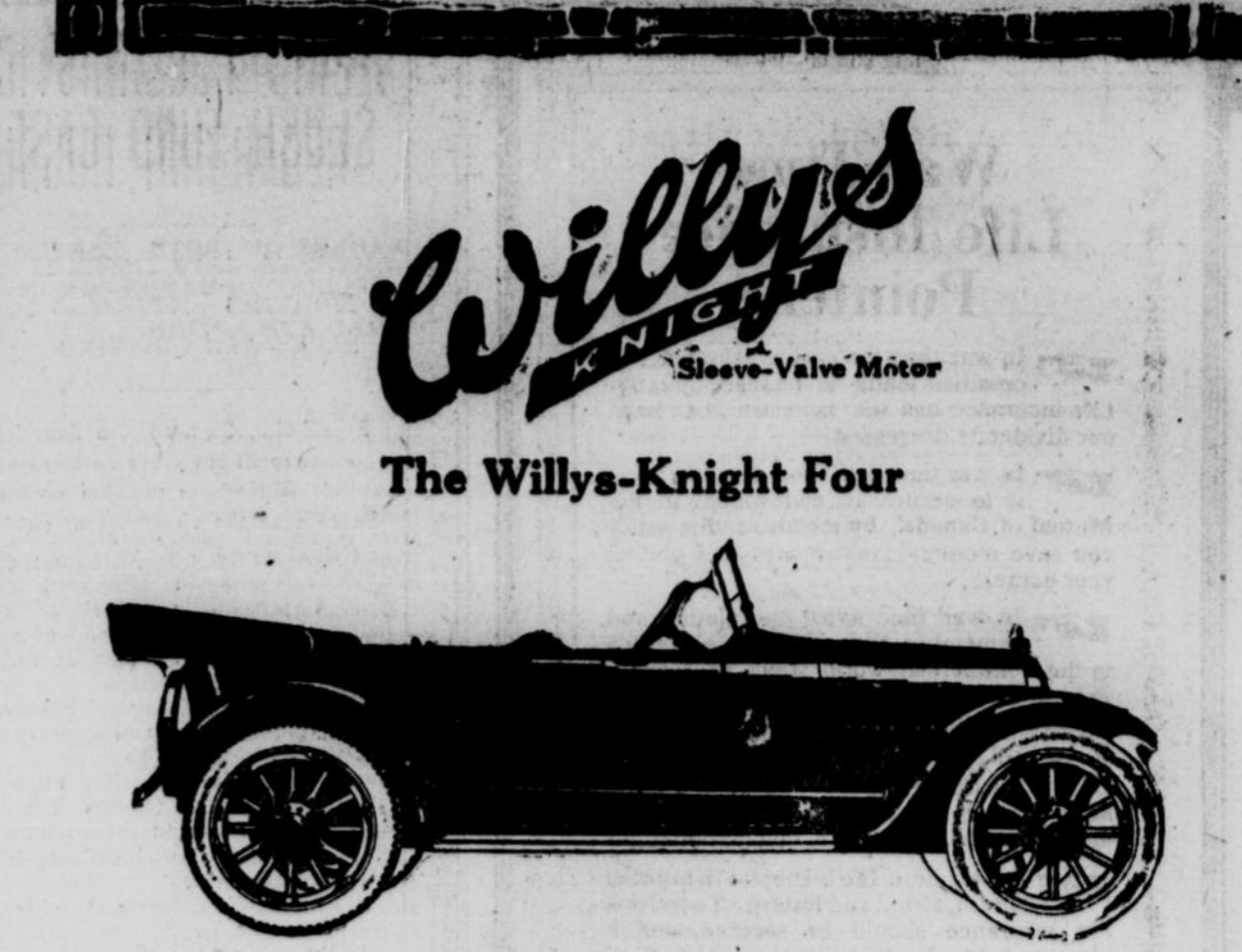
There they are, students from Pinehill, students from the United College at Montreal, students from Queen's, students from Wycliffe, Trinity, Victoria, Knox, McMaster, and students from the new Theological Schools in the West, where they seem to have enlisted en masse. Some of the brightest and sweetest have fallen. Jack Lumsden enlisted from Victoria College in the first winter of the war. Crossing to France with the 5th Field Ambulance, he performed meritorious service at the dressing station. He was tender as a woman with the wounded, and by his words of cheer and comfort brought solace to many a dying comrade. Transferring to the Y. M. C. A., he became the secretary for the 4th Canadian Field Artillery. For a time he served the men from the ammunition column, but he found that he could do more effective work if he moved his headquarters farther forward. He sought a suitable centre in a ruined village of the dreaded Ypres salient. There is scarcely a whole wall in the village, but the Camp Commandant willingly gave him a battered house. He toiled all day of May 9th, 1916, gathering new stock and equipment. As evening fell, he took the load into the village and having deposited it, started to prepare a "Shake-down," for the night. The enemy started their evening hymn of hate, and the third shell went clean through the torn roof of the Y. M. C. A. There was no pain for Jack, as death was instantaneous. Thus passed one of our Divinity students, who could have, if he cared to do so, stayed back in comparative safety, but he chose to go forward.

There were two of Queen's most lovable Divinity students killed by the same shell in the same dug-out. Ed. Corkill, laughing Ed., who, by his winsomeness, had won the hearts of miners in the North Country and ranchers in the west. And Percy Caverhill, quieter than Ed., but one of the finest classical men in the university. Both went to France with the Queen's Battery, and displayed

great devotion to their king, with an utter disregard of their own safety. In the Somme offensive, they moved the guns forward, and the new covering was very inadequate. The Germans were searching for their battery and a well-placed shell destroyed the dug-out where Ed. and Percy were leading. They died together. Or does one know of a finer life story than that of Harold Owen, who was studying at Wycliffe with the intention of going to the foreign field as a medical missionary? He went to Valcartier with the First Contingent as a lieutenant in the 7th Battalion. When the contingent was going overseas he found that as a supernumerary officer he would be left behind, so he relinquished his commission and went over as a private in the 3rd Field Ambulance. After Festubert, when the Seventh had lost most of its original officers, they desired him to retake his commission, which he did. Soon his daring and skill in reconnaissance came to the notice of his commander. He planned and executed with a party of men, the first "Trench Raid" that had ever taken place. After several months' splendid work as a scout officer, his party fell in with a German party many times their number while reconnoitering in "No Man's Land." Harold covered his men while they retired, but he fell a victim to the enemy fire. For his valor displayed on several occasions, he was recommended both for the V. C. and D.S.O., and we believe his father, Major Owen, who has been serving as a chaplain in France for the past two years, received some posthumous decoration.—Canadian Churchman.

CHAPLAIN MAY FIGHT.

The inimitable motion-picture performer who is known to all the habitable world immune to German censorship as Charlie Chaplin, has taken the great war and his relationship to it very seriously. Like Harry Lauder, he has put a large part of his professional earnings into British bonds. On June 5 he was among



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That in a measure accounts for the tremendous success of the Willys-Knight Four in Canada.

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The longer you drive this car the smoother, softer, sweeter and more powerful becomes its motor.

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ned and executed with a party of men, the first "Trench Raid" that had ever taken place. After several months' splendid work as a scout officer, his party fell in with a German party many times their number while reconnoitering in "No Man's Land." Harold covered his men while they retired, but he fell a victim to the enemy fire. For his valor displayed on several occasions, he was recommended both for the V. C. and D.S.O., and we believe his father, Major Owen, who has been serving as a chaplain in France for the past two years, received some posthumous decoration.—Canadian Churchman.

ODD CORONATION CEREMONY

In the old time ceremony of coronation in Abyssinia there was one most picturesque incident. Noble maids held a crimson cord in front of the church door, and the king, approaching on horseback, cried successively: "I am your king, the king of Israel!" But the girls repudiated him. Then he cried, "I am your king, the king of Zion!" and cut the string with his sword, while the damsel cried, "It is a truth; you are our king!" and acclaimed him with hallelujahs.—London Chronicle.

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT 2 IN 1 SHOE POLISHES 10: BLACK WHITE TAN 10: A "2 in 1 Shoe Polish" is made for every use. For Black Shoes, "2 in 1 Black" (paste) and "2 in 1 Black Combination" (paste and liquid); for White Shoes, "2 in 1 White Cake" (cake) and "2 in 1 White Liquid" (liquid); for Tan Shoes, "2 in 1 Tan" (paste) and "2 in 1 Tan Combination" (paste and liquid). F. F. DALLEY CO. of Canada Ltd. HAMILTON, CAN.

### War Time Life Insurance Pointers

In war time the cost of nearly all necessities tends to increase greatly. Life insurance has not increased, nor have our dividends decreased.

In war time don't hoard money; use it to secure an endowment in the Mutual of Canada; by means of this policy you save money, invest money and protect your home.

In war time avoid speculation and remember that "There is nothing in the commercial world which approaches even remotely the security of a well-established life insurance office."

In war time, money invested in life insurance causes no anxiety; it allays anxiety, while almost all other investments are subject to extremes of fluctuation.

In war time, life is subject to special strain, stress and hazard. Therefore, life insurance should be secured, and if already held, should be increased if at all possible.

Write for folder entitled, "What plan shall I choose?"

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### CONGRESS ACTS IN SLUSH FUND CASE

LEADERS OF BOTH PARTIES RECEIVE DEMANDS FOR IMMEDIATE ACTION.

Washington, Sept. 28 — Congressional investigation of the charges of representative Heflin, in connection with the \$50,000 Von Bernstorff "slush" fund seemed certain today after Heflin had appeared before the House Rules Committee considering demands for action.

Democratic leaders said that if the committee did not act by tomorrow, the situation would be taken on the floor of the House. Leaders of both parties are receiving such insistent demands for immediate action that it cannot long be delayed.

Heflin pleaded with the committee today to turn its attention to investigating how the Von Bernstorff fund was used rather than to his speech, declaring that thirteen or fourteen members of the two houses had "acted suspiciously."

### BUILDING A BOOK

Cases Where the Ending Was Written Before the Beginning

There has been more than one instance in the history of literature of a book being written upside down—that is, its end becoming its beginning or its beginning becoming its end.

Probably the most outstanding instance of the topsy turvydom is "The Idylls of the King," Tennyson's great masterpiece. As every poetry lover knows, this great series of poems ends with—"The Passing of Arthur," and there can be no doubt that this is the proper and inevitable close of the wonderful pageant of the king's life. But Tennyson wrote that closing passage when he was a youth of twenty and it was not until forty years later the whole series was finished and published in one book that the old poem of his boyhood was found to fit into its place as naturally as the broken arm or foot of a classical statue fits the place from which it has been removed. Thus the first became last.

A case of double change is presented by the novel "David Harum." The first part of that book to be written by the author constitutes now chapters 19 to 24—that is, almost the last chapters in the book. Then, when the author had practically finished his book, he found that two of his main characters were not introduced to the reader at all until he was halfway through the work. He therefore wrote last of all the two opening chapters for the express purpose of introducing these two essential personages to the reader. This is probably a record case of topsy turvy authorship.—Pearson's Weekly.

### YOUR SICK CHILD IS CONSTIPATED! LOOK AT TONGUE

HURRY, MOTHER! REMOVE POISONS FROM LITTLE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS.

Give "California Syrup of Figs" if cross, bilious or feverish.



No matter what ails your child, a gentle, thorough laxative should always be the first treatment given. If your little one is out-of-sorts, half-sick, isn't resting eating and acting naturally—look, Mother! see if tongue is coated. This is a sure sign that the little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with waste. When cross, irritable, feverish, stomach sour, breath bad or has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, sore throat, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs" and in a few hours all the constipated poison, moves out of the little bowels without griping, and you have a well playful child again.

Mothers can rest easy after giving this harmless "fruit laxative," because it never fails to cleanse the little one's liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach and they dearly love its pleasant taste. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups printed on each bottle. Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

### THE ARTILLERY (By Lieut. Roland Johnson)

The road ran along between high poplars, straight as an arrow across the plain. The sun had set behind the low Western hills, and already the colours were fading from the sky. Far away over the battle-line darkness was gathering and the sudden speaks of the star-shells glimmered in the heavens, burned a moment, and died away.

As the night came, so did the lights of battle grow plainer in the east, and always there was the steady thrumming of the guns in your ears. But that was remote, and here, by the roadway, the world seemed very quiet and peaceful. You could hear the cattle moving in the tall-lush grass by the little river. From a corpse nearby, where in earlier days some enemy patrol may have lurked there came the long, solitary call of an owl. The mists spread upward from the river banks and lay in wide pools over the fields, and through them ran the unswerving, infinite length of the road showing grey in the dusk.

Then, very gradually, the quiet of the place was broken by the approaching beat of horses hoofs and the rumbling of wheels, till at last, looking up the road towards the West, you could see black against the faint brightness that still lingered in the sky, the figures of mounted men and the silhouettes of gun carriages and guns. On they came, a long swaying column, some of the men nodding as they rode, some humming a low song. Sweat and dust were on the men and horses, and dust lay thick on the limbers and guns and ammunition wagons. As they went, the dust rose in clouds from the worn roads, and drifted left and right upon the meadowland.

It was a brigade of Field Artillery going up into action. They had come for that day, and they were weary but the column went steadily forward, the horses straining at the traces. You could see the faces of the men through the glimmering dusk as they passed by. Some, you would say, found in this place, with its sleeping woods and meadowland and stream, an echo of just such a country where was their home. The kindly night had veiled the broken trees, the ruined farms and churches, and they seemed to be marching through a land where war had never been, though in truth war, three years ago, had run through it like a fire from end to end.

So these men, with their guns and their sweat and dust, and their memories, swing forward into the night—going towards that other world of turmoil and horror which is already glowing red like a furnace against the sky in the East. The sound of their passing begins to die down, but you hear, far up the road, the song which they had been humming take volume and shape. The wind brings the last words of the refrain to your ears:

"Where the mountains of Morne sweep down to the sea."

In that other world to which they come it would be as dark as the pit, were it not for the flashes of the heavy guns, and the long trail of the star-shells and the sudden broad glare of the lights over the trenches. The Battery has been forty-eight hours in action and already it seems a lifetime since they were marching through the plain. Their ears are never rested from the deep thud and crash of the nearer guns, and from the uncanny whine of rattle of the shells passing over them from the heavier artillery miles behind.

It is the preparation for an attack and these men toiling at the guns never forget, though their remembrance is half instinctive, what their work means to those columns of infantrymen who pass down the unken road only a hundred yards to their right. Near dawn the great symphony of the guns swells to a fuller note, and as the grey light comes they can see still more in fancy, file after file, pressing down the sunken road between the poppy fields; and in the air they can hear the hum and best of innumerable unseen aeroplanes. Then the order comes to lengthen the range, and the men know that they are putting barrage of fire in front of the troops who at this moment are going over the top, down in the broad valley below them. There the German lines have been blasted almost out of recognition and the waves of khaki-clad men go over them, following on the heels of the barrage, ever forward. The work of the gunners has been well done.

That night the C.O. of the Battery was in his dug-out talking to a subaltern. "Yes," he said, "I expect we shall be about here for some little time and I expect we shall be busy. This 'Strafe' is likely to go on. It was a good time while we were on Trek wasn't it; You remember that place near X where we heard the owl that evening?" His friend nodded. "You know, that took me straight back to a bit of a wood in my father's place, down in the West. I used to go out to listen for owls at night, agree there were boys like me at X before the Boche came there. It struck me at the time what a blessing it is to think we're fighting to keep all that kind of thing alive in the world; all the quiet, decent, by-man things, I mean. It makes all this business worth while you know."

He knocked out his pipe and, walking to the door, lifted the canvas flap. The night was dark and only a rare gun was firing, but in the heavens burned a multitude of scintillating stars.

### READY TO BELIEVE IT.

A person who had got some little smattering of zoological lore said one day to a novice that crocodiles were often seen in tears. "Oh, that's nothing!" rejoined the novice. "I've often myself seen whales' blubber!"

### FLOOD MENACES CITY IN CHINA

TIEN-TSIN IS THREATENED WITH DESTRUCTION—MILLION CHINESE HOMELESS.

Peking, Tuesday, Sept. 25.—(Delayed)—The city of Tien-Tsin is threatened with destruction by flood. The Chinese city and portions of all the foreign concessions are underwater, which is rising rapidly and which covers the great plain to the south-east of Peking. It is estimated that 1,000,000 Chinese are homeless.

The railway embankment between Tien-Tsin and Nanking has been cut to permit the escape of the water.

The Hoang-Hoover flow has spread to the northward and has broken the grand canal at many places.

The mud walls protecting Tien-Tsin are being strengthened, under foreign supervision, but all the streams in Chi-Li province are feeding the flood seeking the sea, making the situation desperate.

### SPEEDY PEACE.

Northcliffe Warns American Financial World.

Atlantic City, N.J., Sept. 27.—The American financial world was warned against the dream of "speedy peace" by Lord Northcliffe at the American Bankers' Association this afternoon. America and the Entente "in the same boat" should pull together, he said, with Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo "acting as stroke."

"I believe America will even surpass her magnificent record" Lord Northcliffe declared.

The food situation in Germany and Austria is better than a year ago, Lord Northcliffe warned, and "financially Germany lives in a circle and can go on a long time spending her own money among her own people."

The length of the war is associated intimately with the question of thrift, Lord Northcliffe said, and in this connection he predicted that while newspapers are essential to the conduct of the war as the publishers will find raw material and power and labor diminishing the size of American newspapers may be reduced.

"I am of the opinion that at least one third of the paper used here daily is wasted," he said.

### BABY'S OWN TABLETS PRIZED BY MOTHERS

Mrs. Henry Vanreder, Rodney, Ont., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past five years and prize them very much. They have proved of such value to me that I always keep them in the house." Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets she would use nothing else. They are thorough but mild in action and never fail to make the sickly baby well. They are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### TORCHES FOR TRENCHES

If you want to do your bit toward making the world safe for democracy and don't know how to do it, the Popular Science Monthly suggests that you might take up the work started by Mrs. Edward Cushe of New York city. She is making torches for the troops in the trenches in France, to take the place of candles, and they are made of old newspapers and paraffin.

To make one torch she takes six strips of newspaper, two columns wide, and rolls them up, tying them securely with cord. After boiling each roll of paper in paraffin for twenty minutes it is ready to light. It will burn for forty-five minutes and give off a better light than the ordinary candle.

### NERVOUS TROUBLE

The nerve system is the governing system of the whole body, controlling the heart, lungs, digestion and brain; so it is not surprising that nervous disturbances should cause acute distress. The first stages of nervous debility are noted by irritability and restlessness, in which the victims seem to be oppressed by their nerves. The matter requires immediate attention, for nothing but suitable complete breakdown. The victim, however, need not despair for even severe nervous disorders may be cured by improving the condition of the blood. It is because Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new, rich blood that this medicine has cured extreme nervous disorders after all other treatment had failed. The nerves thrive on the new blood made by these pills; the appetite improves digestion is better, sleeplessness no longer troubles the former nerve shattered victim, and life generally takes on a cheerful aspect. Every sufferer from nerve troubles, no matter how slight, should lose no time in giving Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial, thus regaining their old-time health and comfort. You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

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device, known as the "Combusto," attached to your kitchen range or furnace, will effect a saving of 20 per cent in your fuel bill.

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The Most Valuable Medicine ever discovered. The best known Remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Acts like a charm in DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY & CHOLERA. Effectually cures all attacks of SPASMS. Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, GROUP and AGUE. The only palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

Advertisement for Chlorodyne medicine, including a small illustration of the medicine bottle and text describing its uses and availability.

Advertisement for Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes, featuring an image of the product box and text describing its benefits and availability.

Advertisement for Willard batteries, featuring an image of a battery and text describing their quality and availability.

Advertisement for Bishop's College, featuring a crest and text describing the college's history and offerings.

Advertisement for Quebec Skate Mfg. & Rep. Co., featuring an image of a motorcycle and text describing the company's products.

Advertisement for The Reid Co. Ltd., featuring text describing the company's products and services.

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EUROPE
All Lines Represented.

Shipping News

DEFENSIVE MEASURES
AGAINST U-BOATS

LATEST SHIP LOSSES FAR
BELOW FIGURES OF PRE-
VIOUS WEEKS.

London, September, 28.—The Times'
naval correspondent thus comments
on the weekly submarine returns:
"The official return of losses by
nine and submarine continues to
show a reduction in the total of all
classes of vessels. This total has now
fallen below the lowest figures of any
week in August. The total then was
18, compared with 16 now. This is
below the average for the month. It
is always possible that such a fall
in figures may portend a new develop-
ment in submarine tactics. More-
over, the large increase of late in the
number of vessels posted at Lloyds
as missing is a reminder that it is
now necessary to take account of the
avowed policy of 'spurious versenkt,'
or the sinking of ships with the
crews so as to leave no trace. It is
reported that many steamers which
have been reported as missing this
year represented a value of over
£250,000 each.

Hunt Making Progress.
"At the same time it is fair to as-
sume the hunt is making progress
and defensive measures are 'proving
more effective. Still it is not clear
whether the virulence of the attack
has abated or whether the U-boats
have altered their methods. The fact
that the fleet of merchant ships was
attacked off the French coast on
September 5 by six boats leads some
supporters to the latter theory. One
of the lessons of this submarine cam-
paign is that the slow merchant
ships furnish a large proportion of
the victims. They have not the
speed to escape or even to execute
zig-zag tactics which in large vessels
baffle pursuers.

"Stream commerce is well main-
tained so far and points to the failure
of the German scheme of a short
sharp campaign. Von Kuhlwecker's
admission that the date for a decisive
stroke has been extended until April,
1918, is also confirmation of this ratio
of escapes to attacks and appears to
support the theory that promiscuous
attacks have been exchanged for a
concentrated effort against selected
ships.

"It is likely we shall never be able
entirely to suppress the underwater
war on merchant marine. For all
the experience gained the measures
taken should be more effective. Al-
though the activities of the U-boats
may never be stopped completely,
they may, however, be kept within
limits."

STEAMERS TOSSED
ABOUT IN STORM.
American Vessels From Far South
Pass Through Hurricane.
New York, Sept. 28.—Three Amer-
ican passenger steamships arrived
here after having passed through a
terrible storm. One of the vessels
was in the very core of the hurricane
which was blowing at the rate of one
hundred miles an hour; the other two
were merely on the storm's fringe, but
voted it nevertheless as trying an
experience as even the most seasoned
seaman aboard would ever care to
go through again. A woman passen-
ger was lost overboard from the
vessel which bore the brunt of the
storm. All three vessels came from
Central American ports.

The passenger lost was Mrs. Stan-
ley M. Filipovick, wife of an Amer-
ican civil engineer stationed in the
Canal Zone. Her husband was like-
wise aboard, but was not on deck
when his wife perished.
The hurricane came up rather sud-
denly last Sunday noon, off Cape
Hatteras. "For twenty-four hours,"
said an officer of the vessel, "we were
tossed about helplessly through
mountainous seas. So terrifying and
the tempest became that the passen-
gers left their staterooms and gathered
in the main saloon. Lucky they did,
for one of the staterooms on the
starboard side, breaking every-
thing that was not of the most sub-
stantial material.

"After raging for twenty-four
hours, the storm abated, and almost
immediately the weather became al-
most ideally beautiful but the waves
continued ruffled for many
hours afterward."
Forty-nine representatives of the
Department of Agriculture, who had
gone to Haiti to investigate agricul-
tural conditions, were passengers.
They said a splendid future may
be looked for in the island. "Steam-
ships are needed," said one of the
party. "Give the island vessels to
transport her products, and Haiti
will bloom into a garden spot of the
earth."
Aboard another steamship, bring-
ing 170 passengers from Mexico and
Havana, was Felipe G. Canton, of
No. 29 Broadway, a merchant who
has haciendas in Merida, Yucatan.
The chief product of his haciendas is
sisal hemp, from which rope is made.
"There will not be a large crop of

IMPROVEMENTS AN
AID TO SHIPPING
Great Progress Made Recently in
Hawian Harbor.

Honolulu, Hawaii, Sept. 28.—
Dredging and breakwater work on a
big scale during the last half dozen
years under the control of the United
States Army Engineer's office has
made Hawaiian harbors safer stopping
places for seagoing boats, says the
Star-Bulletin.
Moving along in a systematic and
quiet way, the work of the engineers
attracts little notice save from those
who are in touch with the work and
its problems, and few people realize the
size of the jobs undertaken.

Foremost, perhaps, is harbor work
under the federal engineers during
the last few years has been the con-
struction of the Hilo breakwater—
which began some nine years ago,
and is soon to see the next to last unit
completed.
This job is estimated to cost not
less than \$1,700,000. It is now 60
per cent completed and work is progress-
ing faster than ever before.

As the breakwater has progressed,
shoals at the mouth of Kuluhi Bay,
consisted mostly of sand and coral
and their removal forms a safer en-
trance to the bay.
Dredging and breakwater work at
Kahului, Maui, has continued steady-
ly, a total of 2200 feet now being laid
in the breakwater, and 26.8 acres of
harbor dredged to a depth of 35 feet
at low water.

The contract has already been let
for the west breakwater at Kahului,
and work will commence in a short
time on this project. A total of
\$88,000 tons of rock is to be laid in
this structure.
How generously Honolulu harbor
has felt the efforts of the federal en-
gineers is seen in the fact that during
the last five years approximately 24
acres of harbor have been added to
the area here, the depth dredged al-
lowing 35 feet at low water.

A contract is now laid to the
Hawaiian Dredging Company for the
removal of 75,000 yards in the harbor,
and this company has just completed
the removal of the old marine rail-
way.

The Standard American Dredging
company is planning to begin on a
contract for dredging in the vicinity
of the old quarantine wharf to the
extent of 311,000 cubic yards.

HIGH WATER AT QUEBEC.
(Standard Time, 76th Meridian)
Sept. A.M. P.M.
Saturday . . . 29 4.28 4.53
Sunday . . . 30 5.19 5.29

MOON PHASES.
First Quarter, Sept. 16th at 5.33
A.M.

NATION OWNS LAND.
All vacant land in Bolivia belongs
to the Republic, and can be acquir-
ed by purchase or lease, subject to
special regulations. The unit of
measure is a hectare, which is 2.47
acres. Anyone may acquire as much
as twenty thousand hectares, paying
cash at the rate of ten cents per hec-
tare for farming and grazing lands.

AGENTS WANTED.
PORTRAIT MEN—Do you want
Portraits that deliver and which will
bring you duplicate orders? If so,
send us your work and your troubles
of delivery will be over with. Good
work brings good frame sales. Why
not handle the best? We supply
everything pertaining to the Portrait
business. Prompt service assured.
Send for catalogue. Portrait Men's
Supply Company, 538 South Clark
street, Chicago.

EARN \$3,000.00 THIS WINTER
introducing ANTIFROST for Show
Windows. K. HOME, 1957 Warren,
Chicago.

Classified Advertisements
The Great Circulating Market Place of Opportunities

LOST.
LOST OR STOLEN—Friday
noon, in the vicinity of Ann Street, a
small brindle and white bitch. Re-
ward on return to this office.
sept.29x3.

LOST—A black silk bag, contain-
ing a sum of money and a railway
ticket between St. John street and
the Esplanade. The finder will be re-
warded by leaving it at 45 Esplanade.
sept.29x3.

LOST—On Thursday, between St.
Louis street and steamer "North's"
pontoon, Champlain street, or on
street cars or elevator, a camera
(head) brooch, with gold worked rim.
Reward on return to 81 St. Louis St.
sept.28x3

WANTED.
WANTED—A small self-contain-
ed flat or apartment, in a good local-
ity. Apply A. R. care Chronicle.
sept.28x6.

WANTED—Experienced Under
Nurse; good references required.
Please apply at once. Mrs. Frank W.
Ross, Holland Avenue, Quebec, P.Q.
sept.27x6.

WANTED—A pantry maid; refer-
ences required. Apply 65 Grande
Allee.
sept.26x1w.

POSITION WANTED.
WANTED—Position in store or
office by capable woman, 4 years ex-
perience in charge of office and other
good recommendations. Reply C. P.,
care Chronicle Office.
sept.28x3

SITUATION WANTED—Ac-
countant and Office Man; thoroughly
experienced; open for engagement;
can take full charge of finance, col-
lections, correspondence and office;
fifteen year's business experience;
both languages. Address, Accountant,
P. O. Box 100, Quebec.
sept.28x6

EDUCATIONAL.
BYRNE SCHOOL—The Byrne
Business School will begin its Acad-
emic year on Tuesday, September
the 4th next. Classes in separate
rooms for boys and girls. School
hours for boys and girls from 9
o'clock a.m. to 4 o'clock p. m.
marvellous system of stenography in
both languages, comprising five easy
and simple lessons, which per-
mit the scholars to take commercial
dictations and write them on the
typewriter after one week of practice.
Come yourself or write us asking for
our circular. The Byrne Business
School of Levis, 15 St. Felix street.
W. J. Byrne, Principal. Tel. 266.
aug.30x1m

TO LET.
FLAT TO LET—First story, No.
114 Fraser St.; seven rooms, hot wa-
ter apparatus, bath, electric light, gas,
etc. Apply to No. 151 Maple Ave.
Phone 730.
sept.26x2w

TO LET—At 63 Jeanne D'Arc,
one five room flat, with bath room,
electric light, gas, cellar and furnace.
Very easy conditions. Apply to 55
Jeanne d'Arc or 138 St. Oliver St.
Phone 4082.
sept.29x6.

TO LET—Desirable residence in
Levis, location central to small fam-
ily who would arrange to keep single
gentleman as boarder. Apply John
Buchanan, over Bank of Montreal,
Levis.
sept.29x1f

HOUSE TO LET—At 171 Grande
Allee; immediate possession. Apply
to F. P. Garneau, care Garneau, Ltd.
sept.26x1f

TO LET—At 170 Des Franciscains
nice tenement of 4 Rooms, Gas Elec-
tric Light, very moderate price; im-
mediate possession. Apply 172 Des
Franciscains.
sept.25x6.

NEW DWELLING TO LET—
Containing 6 rooms and bath, corner
Marquette and Bougainville Ave.,
Heated for \$25.00 per month. Apply
H. Boisseau, Tel. 2037.
sept.24x6.

TO LET—House situated at 141
St. Anne St., at low rate. Apply
Archibald Laurie, Advocate, 81 St.
Peter St.
sept.24x0

TO LET—A lodgement in Auger's
Block, Maisonneuve, containing 7
rooms, with all modern conveniences.
Immediate possession. Apply to J. V.
Auger, 273 St. Cyrille St. Phone 3124.
sept.10x1m.

ST. GEORGE'S HOUSE
Removed to:
68 ST. LOUIS STREET, QUEBEC.

Most central situation on principal
thoroughfare.
Comfortable homelike rooms, with
all modern convenience.
High-class Tea Room in connection
Mrs. T. R. DOUGLAS,
Proprietress.

TO LET.
TO LET—Dwellings fitted up with
all modern ameliorations; Cartier
and Bourgainville Aves., immediate
possession. Apply C. Jobin, 150 Lock-
well, Phone 1821.
sept.8x7m.

TO LET—Three connecting rooms,
furnished, heated and lighted. Apply
to 44 St. John street.
sept.11x3w.

TO LET—House No. 74 St. Urs-
ule Street, containing eight rooms.
For particulars, apply to C. E.
Taschereau, N.P., Quebec.
mar.26x1f.

TO LET—The Self-contained cot-
tage, No. 4 Cliff View Place. Con-
taining 6 rooms. Rent \$30. per
month. Apply to Amos J. Colston,
132 St. Peter Street.
apl.3x1f.

MISCELLANEOUS
CARPETS CLEANED AT FAC-
TORY or with Vacuum Cleaner in
your home. Windows in stores and
private houses cleaned. Davy Auto-
matic Fire Escapes and Pyrene Fire
Extinguishers for Sale. These things
should interest you. Phone 1043.
Quebec Carpet Cleaning Co., Lind-
say Building, 203 John Street.
sept.27x1w.

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE—Lake Beauport prop-
erty comprising main house, coach
house, and garage, boat and ice house
(350 feet frontage) on Lake, Cot-
tage with ice house (150 feet frontage)
and three splendid building lots
(each 150 feet frontage). The whole
en bloc, or any one separately. Apply
H. B. Bignell, Phone 3396.
sept.27x6

FOR SALE—Indian motorcycle,
tourist standard model, two cylinders,
two speeds; fully equipped, in first-
class condition, also a Remington
typewriter No. 7, invisible, in good
order. Bargain for quick buyer.
Phone 5987 ring 4.
sept.28x3.

FOR SALE—Dry Kindling Wood,
Stadacona Box Co., Regd. Phone
4382, 164 Grant St.
sept. 22x3m

FOR SALE—A good business
place, situated on St. John street, near
the transfer point. Central business
site and spacious dwelling, suitable
for a physician. Store fixtures, etc.,
with two hot water furnaces, installa-
tion, electricity and gas Advantageous
terms. Apply to Sirois & Sirois,
Couillard Street, Quebec.
sept.11x3w.

FOR SALE—Fine property No. 53
St. Louis street. Would make ideal
home. Residence of the late H. C.
Bossé. Thirteen rooms, electric light,
etc. W. R. LaRue, Notary, 28 St.
Ann Street.
apl.30x1f.

FOR SALE—At St. Michael de
Bellechasse, close to church, wharf,
the Antique mansion later known as
Hotel Morin, with dependances. Also
furniture, parlor set, center and card
tables, all hand carved, in rose wood,
library, sideboard, dining table, solid
black walnut, hand carved, Louis XV
style, and a lot of furniture and an-
tiquity, all in perfect order. Can be
seen every day.
July23xmon-wed-satx2w.

FINE WATER POWER FOR
SALE—The water power at Lorette
(Loretteville) which is eighty feet
high and of three hundred horse
power, with a large strip of land, a
good dam, building, turbine, electric
dynamo, is for sale. The Hydraulic &
Electric Company, of Loretteville is
for sale because this company has
sold its business and all its privileges
to the Quebec Railway, Light, Heat
& Power Company. For information
and purchase apply to Cyr. Renaud,
Notary, Loretteville.
aug.11x1w.satx1f.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.
FOR SALE OR TO LET—That
fine property known as the Verrault
Boarding House, 89 St. Genevieve
Avenue, 18 rooms, hot water, furnace
and modern conveniences. W. R.
LaRue, Notary, 28 St. Ann St.
apl.30x1f.

ROOMS AND BOARD.
MONTREAL.
THE WILHELMINA—249
Mountain St. Telephone Uptown
5346. Right in the heart of things;
quiet rooms in exclusive house, 75
cents per day; Garage accommoda-
tion for motor parties.
aug.31x1m.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS—
With all modern improvements, with
board, daily, or by the week. Moder-
ate prices. Apply 212 St. John St.
Telephone 4450.
july31x1m.

**ANCHOR-DONALDSON LINE**  
**PASSENGER SERVICE**  
 Between  
**MONTREAL and GLASGOW.**  
 For information as to rates and sailings, apply to:  
 Local Agents or The Robert Reford Company, Limited, General Agents, 108 St. Peter St., Quebec.

**CUNARD**  
 Regular Passenger and Cargo Services  
**NEW YORK-LIVERPOOL.**  
**NEW YORK-FALMOUTH-LONDON.**  
**NEW YORK-BRISTOL.**  
 Draft—Money Orders, Mail or Cable, Great Britain, Ireland, Scandinavia, Italy, France, Portugal, Spain, Switzerland.  
 For further information, apply  
**21 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.**  
 F. S. Stocking, 22 St. Louis Street, The West. Mofford Co., Limited, 108 St. Peter St., Quebec.

**CUNARD LINE**  
**PASSENGER SERVICE**  
 Between  
**MONTREAL and LONDON.**  
 (Calling at Falmouth to land passengers.)  
 and  
**MONTREAL and BRISTOL.**  
 For particulars of sailings and rates apply to:  
 Local Agents or The Robert Reford Company, Limited, General Agents, 108 St. Peter St., Quebec.

Subscriptions for the New Dominion of Canada War Loan Received.  
**McDougall & Cowans**  
 Members Montreal Stock Exchange.  
 118 MOUNTAIN HILL,  
 Tel. 1407-1408. QUEBEC.

**FRENCH LINE**  
 COMPAGNIE GÉNÉRALE TRANSATLANTIQUE  
 Express Postal Service  
**NEW YORK—BORDEAUX—PARIS**  
 Direct Route to the Continent.  
**WEEKLY DEPARTURES.**  
 Wm. M. Macpherson, 53 Dalhousie St. F. S. Stocking, 22 St. Louis Street.

I Have Orders On The Following Securities:  
 Abitibi Pulp, preferred and common.  
 Bell Telephone Bonds.  
 Bank Provincial.  
 Bank of Hochelaga.  
 Merchants Bank.  
 Dom. Canners, Bonds and stocks.  
 Dominion Power and Trans., pfd.  
 A. McDonald, preferred and common.  
 Porto Rico, 1st mortgage.  
 Quebec Public Service.  
 Standard Reliance Mgr. Stock.  
 Smart, Woods, common.  
 Sherwin-Williams.  
 Steel of Canada, Bonds.  
 Sterling Coal Bonds.  
 Nova Scotia Steel & Coal, Bonds.  
 List your securities with me.  
 Telephone 4176.

**CHANGE OF TIME**  
 will be made  
**SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 30th, 1917.**  
 For particulars, apply to Ticket Agents. S.20to29

**A. J. CARPENTER**  
 Jy14xlaw,satxly

**HOMESEEKERS EXCURSIONS**  
 EVERY  
**TUESDAY**  
 UNTIL OCTOBER 30th  
 "ALL RAIL"—also by  
**THURSDAY'S STEAMER**  
 "Great Lakes Routes"  
 (Season Navigation)  
 Your Future is in the West  
 The fertile prairies have put Western Canada on the map. There are still thousands of acres waiting for the man who wants a home and prosperity. Take advantage of Low Rates and travel via

**R.M.S.P.**  
**SAILINGS TO THE WEST INDIES**  
 Fortnightly Sailings  
 by  
 Twin Screw Mail Steamers  
 from  
**ST. JOHN, N. B. and HALIFAX, N. S.**  
 Special Facilities for Tourists  
 "For booklets, rates, sailing dates and other information:"  
 Apply to—  
**THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.**  
 77-79 BRUNVILLE STREET, HALIFAX, N. S. or to the Local Ticket Agents.

**Canadian Pacific**  
 Information from Ticket Offices: 20 St. John St., Chateau Frontenac and Palais Station. C. A. Langevin, City Passenger Agent. S.26,29,2,5x4

Our new booklet  
**"Tours in the West Indies"**  
 is ready. Write for a copy to  
 57-59 Granville Street, Halifax, N.S.  
**The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.**

**QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY**  
 For Portland, Boston and New York.  
 TRAINS LEAVE LEVIS:  
**7.50**—For Portland, Sherbrooke and all stations on main line; A.M. connecting at Valley Jct., for all stations on Chaudiere and Megantic Division; daily except Sunday.  
**8.40** For New York, Boston and all main line stations, daily. P.M. For Chaudiere and Megantic Division, daily except Sunday.  
 Trains arrive Levis 1:08 p.m., and 9:30 p.m.  
 For further information and Pullman reservations, apply F. S. Stocking, C. and D. P. Agent, 22 St. Louis Street; agent for Thos. Cook & Son, and all ocean steamship lines. Telephone 82.

**STEAMER CHAMPION**  
 St. Laurent, St. Michel, St. Jean and Berthier Line.  
 On and after September 17th, 1917, weather and circumstances permitting, the Steamer "Champion" will sail as follows, except on Sundays and Holidays:  
 Monday, Tuesday and Thursday at BERTHIER, at 5:00 a.m.  
 ST. JEAN, at 6:30 a.m.  
 ST. MICHEL, at 7:15 a.m.  
 ST. LAURENT, at 8:15 a.m.  
 QUEBEC, at 8:30 p.m.  
 On Friday:  
 ST. FRANCOIS, at 6:30 a.m.  
 ST. JEAN, at 8:00 a.m.  
 ST. MICHEL, at 9:00 a.m.  
 ST. LAURENT, at 10:00 a.m.  
 On Saturday:  
 From QUEBEC, at 1:00 p.m.  
 On Sundays:  
 From QUEBEC, at 8:00 a.m.  
 From ST. JEAN, at 4:00 p.m.  
 On Saturdays, the same steamer will sail from Quebec to St. Francois in order to give citizens advantage of breathing the invigorating air on the river. Leaving Quebec at 1:00 p.m., and returning at 8:00 p.m.

**CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS**  
**CHANGE OF TIME.**  
**WESTERN LINES, SEPT. 30th.**  
 Depart Quebec:  
 No. 1—Express for La Tuque and Fitzpatrick (Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 12:45 P.M.  
 at 12:45 P.M.  
 No. 2—"Western National" for Cochrane and Winnipeg (Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 4:30 P.M.  
 Arrive Quebec:  
 No. 2—Express from Fitzpatrick and La Tuque (Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 12:45 P.M.  
 at 12:45 P.M.  
 No. 4—"National Atlantic" from Winnipeg and Cochrane (Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 7:00 P.M.  
**FASTEST AND MOST DIRECT ROUTE BETWEEN QUEBEC AND WINNIPEG.**  
 S.29toO.15

**HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS**  
 —to—  
**WESTERN CANADA**  
 every Tuesday  
 until October 30th, 1917,  
 —via—  
**CANADIAN NORTHERN**  
 —  
**MAKE MORE MONEY ON A WESTERN FARM**  
 —  
 For Tickets, Reservations, Literature and Information, apply to Depot Ticket Agent or write Jno. Morrison, A.G.P.A., 226 St. James St., Montreal.  
**CANADIAN NORTHERN**  
 S.15,19,22,26,29x5

**Financial and Commercial**  
**Closing Letters By the Can. Press**  
**Closing Letters By Local Brokers**

(By Canadian Press.)  
 New York, Sept. 28.—To what extent the government's proposed unlimited bond issue acted as an influence over today's stock market gave rise to much debate. The forthcoming offer the Treasury Department was the engrossing topic among bankers, while securities experienced further professional pressure and drastic liquidation. As an offset the existing Liberty 3 1-2's loomed up formidably, attaining to the new maximum of 100.24 on sales which comprised the greater part of the day's business in bonds.  
 Rails were the weakest shares, high grade issues showing extreme losses of 2 to 4 points. St. Paul made another new minimum at 51 1-2 the pfd. also falling to its lowest quotations in over a score of years at 99 5-8. Other rails touched lowest levels of recent years, meeting with indifferent support, even at marked concessions.  
 Relatively, industrials lost less ground than the more seasoned issues.  
 United States Steel varied between 108 1-2 and 110 1-2, its final price of 109 showing a net loss of 1 1-4 points. Other steels, including equipments, also metals, shippings and utilities were 1 to 3 points lower, with feeble rallies on the usual short covering before the close.  
 Sales amounted to 345,000 shares. Money yielded none of its stringency, call loans holding at 6 per cent until all demands had been met, while nominal amounts of time funds were placed at the same rate.  
 International as well as domestic bonds were irregularly lower, the Liberty issue, however, selling from 100.04 to 100.24. Total sales, par value, \$6,150,000.

**NEW YORK MARKET**

(By Bruneau & Dupuis)

|                 |         |         |         |         |
|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Am Beet Sug.    | 83 1/2  | 44 1/2  | 43      | 43 1/2  |
| Am Can Co.      | 44 1/2  | 44 1/2  | 43      | 43 1/2  |
| Am Can Fdy.     | 71 1/2  | 71 1/2  | 70 1/2  | 70 1/2  |
| Am Loco         | 62      | 62      | 60 1/2  | 60 1/2  |
| Am S & R.       | 98 1/2  | 98 1/2  | 97 1/2  | 97 1/2  |
| Am Sug Ref.     | 112     | 110     | 110 1/2 | 110 1/2 |
| Am T & T.       | 116 1/2 | 116 1/2 | 116 1/2 | 116 1/2 |
| Ana Mining      | 71 1/2  | 71 1/2  | 70 1/2  | 70 1/2  |
| A T & S Fe.     | 96 1/2  | 96 1/2  | 95 1/2  | 95 1/2  |
| Bld'wn Loco.    | 62 1/2  | 62 1/2  | 61 1/2  | 61 1/2  |
| Balt & Ohio.    | 66 1/2  | 66 1/2  | 64      | 64 1/2  |
| Beth Steel      | 94 1/2  | 95      | 94      | 93 1/2  |
| C P Steel       | 151     | 151     | 148 1/2 | 148 1/2 |
| Cent Leather    | 84      | 84      | 83 1/2  | 83 1/2  |
| Ches & Ohio     | 58 1/2  | 58 1/2  | 57 1/2  | 57 1/2  |
| C M & St P.     | 57      | 57      | 54 1/2  | 55 1/2  |
| Colo F & I.     | 45      | 45      | 43 1/2  | 43 1/2  |
| Con Gas         | 102     | 102     | 101 1/2 | 101 1/2 |
| Corn P'dets     | 30      | 30 1/2  | 29 1/2  | 29 1/2  |
| Cruicible Stl.  | 72      | 72      | 70 1/2  | 70 1/2  |
| Distillers      | 34 1/2  | 34 1/2  | 32 1/2  | 32 1/2  |
| Eric            | 21 1/2  | 21 1/2  | 21      | 21 1/2  |
| Del & Hud       | 103 1/2 | 103 1/2 | 100 1/2 | 101     |
| Gen Electric    | 144 1/2 | 144 1/2 | 141 1/2 | 141 1/2 |
| Gr Nor pfd.     | 104 1/2 | 104 1/2 | 103 1/2 | 103 1/2 |
| G N Ore cfs.    | 34 1/2  | 34 1/2  | 33 1/2  | 33 1/2  |
| Ils Central     | 101 1/2 | 101 1/2 | 101 1/2 | 101 1/2 |
| Ins Cop         | 50 1/2  | 50 1/2  | 49 1/2  | 49 1/2  |
| In M Marine     | 29 1/2  | 29 1/2  | 28 1/2  | 28 1/2  |
| do pfd          | 87 1/2  | 87 1/2  | 87      | 87 1/2  |
| Kan City Sou.   | 19      | 19      | 18 1/2  | 18 1/2  |
| Kenn Cop Co.    | 40 1/2  | 40 1/2  | 39 1/2  | 39 1/2  |
| Lehigh Val      | 60 1/2  | 60 1/2  | 59 1/2  | 59 1/2  |
| Lou & Nash      | 119 1/2 | 119 1/2 | 119     | 119     |
| Mixwell         | 33      | 33      | 32 1/2  | 32 1/2  |
| Mex Peerol'm.   | 92 1/2  | 92 1/2  | 92 1/2  | 92 1/2  |
| Miami Cop       | 33 1/2  | 33 1/2  | 32 1/2  | 32 1/2  |
| Missouri Pac.   | 29 1/2  | 29 1/2  | 27 1/2  | 27 1/2  |
| Nat'l Lead      | 50 1/2  | 50 1/2  | 49 1/2  | 49 1/2  |
| Nevada Cons.    | 21      | 21      | 20 1/2  | 20 1/2  |
| N Y Central     | 77 1/2  | 77 1/2  | 76      | 77      |
| NY NH & H.      | 25 1/2  | 25 1/2  | 25      | 25 1/2  |
| Norfolk & West. | 112 1/2 | 112 1/2 | 111 1/2 | 111 1/2 |
| North Pac       | 101 1/2 | 101 1/2 | 99 1/2  | 99 1/2  |
| Penna           | 52 1/2  | 52 1/2  | 52      | 52      |
| Q Citis Gas     | 46 1/2  | 46 1/2  | 46 1/2  | 46 1/2  |
| Press Stl Car   | 60      | 60      | 59 1/2  | 59 1/2  |
| Ry Stl Spring   | 46 1/2  | 46 1/2  | 45 1/2  | 45 1/2  |
| Ray Con Cop.    | 25 1/2  | 25 1/2  | 25      | 25 1/2  |
| Reading         | 82 1/2  | 82 1/2  | 80 1/2  | 81      |
| Rep I & S.      | 80 1/2  | 81 1/2  | 80 1/2  | 80 1/2  |
| South Pac       | 92 1/2  | 92 1/2  | 91 1/2  | 92      |
| South Ry        | 27 1/2  | 27 1/2  | 27      | 27      |
| do pfd          | 61 1/2  | 61 1/2  | 61 1/2  | 61 1/2  |
| Studebaker      | 46      | 46      | 45 1/2  | 45 1/2  |
| US P Cop.       | 130 1/2 | 130 1/2 | 127 1/2 | 128 1/2 |
| US I Alcohol.   | 139 1/2 | 139 1/2 | 138 1/2 | 139 1/2 |
| U S Rubber.     | 59 1/2  | 59 1/2  | 58      | 59      |
| U S Steel       | 110 1/2 | 110 1/2 | 108 1/2 | 109     |
| do pfd          | 117     | 117     | 116 1/2 | 116 1/2 |
| Ufah Cop        | 95 1/2  | 95 1/2  | 92 1/2  | 93 1/2  |
| Wabash          | 9       | 9       | 8 1/2   | 8 1/2   |
| Westinghouse    | 46      | 46      | 45 1/2  | 45 1/2  |
| Willis O'land   | 26 1/2  | 26 1/2  | 25 1/2  | 25 1/2  |

**OILS.**

Savannah, Sept. 28.—Turpentine firm; 44; sales, 192; receipts, 232; shipments, 209; stocks, 31,598.  
 Rosin, firm; sales, 664; receipts, 1,664; shipments, 1,740; stocks, 84,917.

(By McDougall & Cowans.)  
 Montreal, Sept. 28.—The weakness in the New York lists had a depressing effect on our list Dom. Steel selling down to 59 1-4 and Steel of Can to 54 1-2. Toronto Railway was somewhat steadier around 65. Maple Leaf was stronger selling up to 108 1-2 on buying from the West. Brazilian was in good demand selling at 59 3-4. It has been noticeable that whenever the general market has shown weakness buying orders have appeared in this stock.

(By Bruneau & Dupuis.)  
 New York, Sept. 28.—Today's market has been a drifting affair, distinguished early in the day by a reaction in the rails and coppers which had its effect on the general list, though towards the close there was a slight recovery, the weakness in St. Paul has influenced a decline in the other rails, but the fundamental difficulty undoubtedly lies in the heavy increase in expenses to which all railroads are now subjected by the high price of fuel and wages, coupled with the refusal of the Interstate Commerce Commission to make any allowance in rates. The railroads are in a peculiarly defenseless condition as a result of short sighted government control. The main influence which has caused a reaction in the market however has probably been the scarcity and high rates for money. We believe that steps have been taken to try to prevent any undue stringency but the prevailing rates plainly show that there is no surplus supply for market operations.  
 The campaign for the new government loan commences Monday and while this is under way it does not seem probable that we shall have more than moderate swings in the market. Total Sales 542,000.

(By Breen & Gourdeau.)  
 Chicago, Sept. 28.—Holders of Corn sold on weakness of the crop position. They had counted on a removal of the maximum price by Oct. 1 and had anticipated freezing temperatures in accordance with the amateur forecasters. Both these contingencies seem to have been indefinitely postponed. Selling should be conservative and confined to good bulges.  
 Oats—September oats gained ground, while the deferred futures sympathized with corn and were low. The movement is likely to increase, as the corn crop nears maturity and some further setback in prices is to be expected.

New York—Despite the elimination during the current week of much of the uncertainty that has been offsetting initiative in speculative circles for some time past, no results, so far as operations on the constructive side of the stock market were concerned were somewhat disappointing. The feature development, and one which had created a feeling of great anxiety for several weeks, owing to the extended discussion involved an exceedingly doubtful outcome indicated, was the announcement by the Administration at Washington of the price fixing on steel. Although the decision rendered was accepted favorably, the benefit which sentiment should have been accorded in consequence, was nullified by developments in the money situation. After displaying an improved outlook upon the initial day of the week, money rates for both call and time loans, tightened around mid-week and served to check the advance in stock values, which had been well underway. Floor traders took advantage of the loss of buying power, which the increased cost of money cause, to offer stocks freely during the closing days of the week. This led to a decided shrinkage in market values and of further unsettlement of speculative sentiment. Throughout the week, however, the daily turnover was attributed more to professional interests than to commission house business. We believe that the market will continue to be more of a two-sided trading affair for moderate turns for the present, rather than one in which a definite general trend either way is likely.  
 Sales, stocks, 542,000; Bonds, \$6,052,000.

**MONTREAL EXCHANGE.**

(By Breen & Gourdeau.)  
 Brazilian: 250 at 89 1/2.  
 Civic: 25 at 71 1/2.  
 Detroit: 100 at 110 1/2.  
 Quebec Railway: 100 at 17, 115 at 17 1/2, 25 at 17 1/2.  
 Toronto Railway: 50 at 65 1/2, 10 at 65 1/2.  
 Car: 50 at 25.  
 Can Rubber: 1 at 95.  
 Cement: 5 at 59 1/2.

Cons. Smelting: 50 at 26 1/2.  
 Dominion Steel: 20 at 59 1/2, 160 at 59 1/2, 25 at 59.  
 Dominion Textile: 5 at 81.  
 Maple Leaf: 100 at 108, 25 at 108 1/2, 25 at 109, 100 at 108 1/2, 50 at 108.  
 Scotia: 25 at 89, 10 at 89 1/2.  
 Steel of Canada: 5 at 55, 75 at 64 1/2, 25 at 64 1/2.  
 Canada Cement pfd: 45 at 90 1/2.  
 Can Loco pfd: 5 at 86.  
 Dom Textile "A": \$1,000 at 97 1/2.  
 Wayagamack Bonds: \$500 at 81.  
 War Loan, due 1921: \$4,000 at 99; due 1927, \$4,800 at 95, \$51,000 at 94 1/2; due 1926, \$1,000 at 96 1/2.

**COTTON MARKETS.**

New York, Sept. 28.—Cotton futures closed steady. Closing bids: October, 24.35c; December, 23.90c; January, 23.50c; March, 23.65c; May, 23.75c. Spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 23.30c.  
 Liverpool—Cotton, spot fair business. Prices unchanged. American middling, fair, 19.67d; good middling, 19.07d; middling, 18.82d; low middling, 18.10d; good ordinary, 17.17d; ordinary, 16.87d. The sales of the day were 2,000 bales, including 2,000 American. Receipts were 22,000 bales, including 1,600 American. Futures closed ten points higher.

**THE TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET**

Wheat: Ontario, No. 2 winter new \$2.15 to \$2.18 outside according to location.  
 Wheat, Manitoba, No. 1 northern \$2.30 1-2 delivered Goderich all charges paid; No. 2 northern \$2.27 1-2 delivered Goderich all charges paid.  
 Oats: Canada western No. 2 68 1-4 in store Fort William.  
 Ontario, No. 2 white 62c outside, No. 3 white 61c nominal, outside.  
 Barley: new \$1.18 to \$1.20 outside for malting.  
 Rye: \$1.70 for feed.  
 Flour: Manitoba. Listed quotation at Toronto are: First patents \$11.50 second patents, \$11.00; strong bakers \$10.60.  
 Flour: Ontario, Winter flour, 90 per cent patents 9.40 Toronto Millfeed: Manitoba bran \$35.00 per ton; shorts \$42.00 per ton on track, Montreal.

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|                                  |      |        |
|----------------------------------|------|--------|
| Province of Manitoba             | 1923 | 6%     |
| Province of Quebec (Guaranteed)  | 1940 | 6%     |
| Province of Saskatchewan (Stock) | 1951 | 6%     |
| City of Calgary, Alta.           | 1942 | 6 1/2% |
| City of Edmonton, Alta.          | 1930 | 6 1/2% |
| City of Montreal, P. Q.          | 1937 | 5%     |
| City of Moose Jaw, Sask.         | 1950 | 6 1/2% |
| City of Port Arthur, Ont.        | 1930 | 6 1/2% |
| City of Quebec, P. Q.            | 1968 | 6%     |
| City of Vancouver, B. C.         | 1928 | 6 1/2% |
| Greater Winnipeg Water Dist.     | 1922 | 6 1/2% |

Full details of these or any other offerings will be gladly sent on request.

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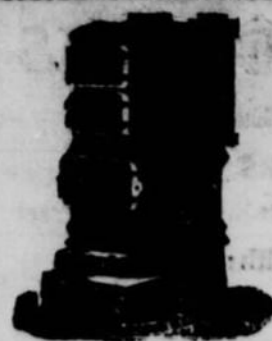
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**NOTICE**  
 Notice is hereby given the stock holders of the Quebec Auditorium that the Annual Meeting will be held on Tuesday, October 2nd, at 2:30 in the afternoon in the office of the Manager of the Auditorium in the City of Quebec, to proceed with the election of a board of directors and the transaction of all other affairs of the Company.  
**J. H. PAQUET,**  
 Sec.-Treasurer, Sept. 28, 1917.

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AT THE THEATRES

MISS AMSDEN THIS AFTERNOON IN "CAVALERIA RUSTICANA"

GIVEN IN MATINEE TODAY TOGETHER WITH "PAGLIACCI"—THIS PROGRAMME REPLACES THE PROPOSED PERFORMANCE OF "THE JEWELS OF THE MADONNA."



MADAME ELIZABETH AMSDEN, in the title role of CAVALERIA RUSTICANA this afternoon at the Auditorium.

Owing to the delay in sending to Quebec a trunk containing the orchestra parts for "The Jewels of the Madonna" that was to be given in matinee today at the Auditorium, has caused a forcible change in this afternoon's performance so that, instead of presenting "The Jewels of the Madonna" this afternoon, the San Carlo Grand Opera Company will give two operas, "Cavaleria Rusticana" and "I Pagliacci."

Up to the very last minute the management had hoped that the trunk would arrive on time for this afternoon's performance, but the prolonged delay of this arrival has forced this change, though the Quebec amateurs will certainly not be the losers. Mr. Gallo, in an interview with a Chronicle reporter yesterday evening, stated that the double bill put on for this afternoon will prove to be one of the best offered this week. In New York, Cavaleria and Pagliacci drew the biggest houses (with Aida), and to be played four times within the short period of three weeks.

It will be agreeable to every lover of music to learn that the role of Santuzza in Cavaleria is one of the favorite roles filled by the distinguished prima-donna, Miss Amsden. She has sung this role with great success at the Chicago and Boston Opera Houses and will give us this afternoon the finest interpretation of the part we have yet had in Quebec. She will be assisted by the incomparable baryton Antola, which makes up the strongest cast of the week.

In Pagliacci will be heard the brilliant tenor Agostini, Madame Vaccari and, again, Antola.

In the evening, "Il Trovatore" will close the opera week which, let us hope, will be repeated. Salazar will play the part of Enrico, which, as is well known, is his favorite role.

The cast for both matinee and evening performances follows:

"Cavaleria Rusticana" Opera in one act. Music by Pietro Mascagni. Santuzza..... Elizabeth Amsden. Lola..... Marta Malis. Mama Lucia..... Alice Homer. Turiddu..... Girolamo Ingar. Alfio..... Angalo Antola.

"I Pagliacci" Opera in two acts. Book and music by R. Leoncavello. Nedda..... Edvige Vaccari. Harlequin..... Luciano Rassin. Canio..... Guiseppi Agostini. Tonio..... Angalo Antola. Silvio..... Luigi Dellomolle.

Musical Director: Carlo Peroni.

TONIGHT. "Il Trovatore"

Opera in four acts by Giuseppe Verdi. Leonora..... Luisa Darle. Inez..... Alice Homer. Manrico..... Manuel Salazar. Count Di Luna..... Joseph Royer. Azucena..... Stella Demette. Ruiz..... Luciano Rossini. Ferrando..... Pietro De Biasi. Soldiers, Citizens, Etc. Amedeo Ferrer, Musical Director.

AT THE VICTORIA THEATRE

"THE GIRL WHO DID NOT CARE" IS ATTRACTING LARGE CROWDS WILL BE SHOWN FOR THE LAST TIME TODAY.



A warning! Women, Men, Beware! Guard yourselves against "The Girl Who Did Not Care." A lesson for all. The greatest photoplay ever shown featuring Frankie Mann, Louise Vale and James Morrison. "A Warning to Wives," "A Lesson to Husbands"; also a very good comedy entitled "A Royal Rogue," featuring Billy Armstrong and Juanita Hansen. A laugh from beginning to end.

FAREWELL PERFORMANCE AT THE OPERA

The San Carlo Grand Opera Company That Has Been Delighting Quebec All This Week Closes Tonight With "Il Trovatore."

After a whole week of tremendous success, after a series of pleasing performances, the San Carlo Grand Opera closes its present engagement at the Auditorium, this evening, with the always beloved piece "Il Trovatore."

This is mostly a tale of love, with a plot securely based on human passions.

The first scene discovers Count Di Luna keeping watch under Leonora's window, who is guarded by Ferrando. Ferrando tells the story of Di Luna's history; how his father burned an old witch, and how her daughter, Azucena, swore vengeance and stole Di Luna's brother. In the second scene Leonora sighs forth her love for Manrico. Di Luna enters, and she, thinking him Manrico, flies to him, but discovers her mistake. Manrico enters and the two men are about to fight a duel, when Leonora interferes.

In Act II, Azucena, the gypsy, tells Manrico that she is not his mother, and that she did not kill the old count's son. More than this she will not tell him. A messenger tells Manrico that Leonora believes him dead, and is about to take the veil, when he flies to her.

In Act III Di Luna attempts to abduct Leonora, but she is saved by Manrico. Later Di Luna, through treachery, captures Manrico, and Leonora, to save her lover, agrees to marry the captor. Going to his prison cell, Leonora tells Manrico that he is free, but when he learns at what cost to her, he refuses to go. In despair Leonora poisons herself, and Di Luna, rushing in, orders the execution of Manrico. Azucena enters, telling him that he has slain his own brother, as Manrico was the stolen child.

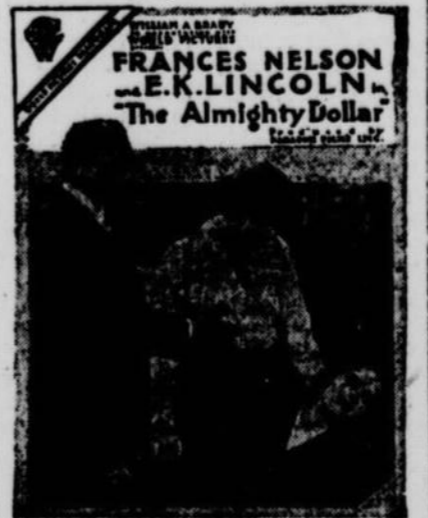
Cast of Characters: Leonora..... Mary Kaestner. Inez..... Alice Homer. Manrico..... Manuel Salazar. Count Di Luna..... Angalo Antola. Azucena..... Stella Demette. Ruiz..... Luciano Rossini. Ferrando..... Pietro De Biasi. Soldiers, Citizens. Carlo Peroni, Musical Director.

"MADAME BO-PEEP" AT EMPIRE TODAY FOR LAST TIME

Big Attractions Coming Next Week—"The Almighty Dollar" on Monday

Record crowds witnessed Seena Owen in "Madam Bo-Peep" and pronounced the feature one of the most enjoyable photographs which they had the good fortune to witness for some time. It has all the requirements—beautifully gowned women, castly settings in the East and the romping, free air of excitement of the West. Miss Owen's daring riding is a sensation. See it today.

"The Almighty Dollar" on Monday.



Monday's show at the Empire will be a magnificent one—a triple star-attraction being featured in "The Almighty Dollar"—Miss Nelson, Miss Elvidge and E. K. Lincoln, the movie star, who visited Quebec last summer. On Thursday, Friday and Saturday next, Florence LeBadie will star in "The Woman in White."

The Empire is the "HOUSE OF QUALITY," the motion picture house which is different. Priced, 10 cents in afternoon; 15 cents in the evenings.

Advertisement for Windsor Table Salt, featuring an illustration of a man and the text 'No Better Salt in the World' and 'Windsor Table Salt'.

VIVIAN MARTIN IN A VERY PLEASING PLAY, OLYMPIA



VIVIAN MARTIN and LITTLE MISS OPTIMIST. A Paramount Picture, 1917

A full house greeted the dainty little Vivian Martin, yesterday evening at the Olympia in a play that is just as nice as its leading lady.

The Little Optimist. This is a play about a little girl such as you meet in your every day life. It tells of the struggle of a little girl, poor but willing, ambitious, who never looked at the dark side of things, but always "kept going" no matter how hard the going was.

The play is an Art-Craft production, the Paramount in photoplays. This play is on again today and to-morrow, both at matinees and evening performances.

Admission 10 Cents

THE NEW WOMAN SOLDIER.

The woman soldier of to-day is not an innovation. There have been several in Belgium. One of them served almost her whole time of military service towards the end of the reign of Leopold I. She was called Julia Petit, and came from Hainaut. She enlisted somewhat mysteriously for her brother, who had probably drawn a bad number, for military service. General Q....., who twenty years ago was in command at Mons, would sometimes recall the circumstances. He had known her under the name of Jules Petit when he took command of the regiment. This girl was an excellent soldier, active, devoted, disciplined, readily carrying out any task. Because of her slim form and delicate features her comrades nicknamed her "kiddie." It was in hospital that, after two years, the fraud was at last found out. Julia which she had caught during the military manoeuvres, when, being overheated she had drunk water from the fountain.

Well known in a different sense is the name of Marie Schellinck, from Ghent, to whom Napoleon I. presented epaulettes and a military decoration on the battlefield. It was neither fraternal piety nor self-interest, nor a taste for a military career that led Marie Schellinck to take up arms, but the simplest and greatest reason—love. Marie Schellinck took part in numerous battles and endured the worst hardships without a murmur, happy in the part that she could hear the voice of the master of the world, and could concentrate in his service the ardent but discreet flame of her love. She stands out as a beautiful and pure figure. She has, moreover, enriched by her exploits dramatic literature. A writer has staged in her honor a drama, "For Love of the Emperor" which was performed in Belgium with great success.

OLD FOLKS NEED "CASCARETS" FOR LIVER, BOWELS

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Get a 10-cent box now.

Most old people must give to the bowels some regular help, else they suffer from constipation. The condition is perfectly natural. It is just as natural as it is for old people to walk slowly. For age is never so active as youth. The muscles are less elastic. And the bowels are muscles.

So all old people need Cascarets. One might as well refuse to aid weak eyes with glasses as to neglect this gentle aid to weak bowels. The bowels must be kept active. This is important at all ages, but never so much as at fifty.

Age is not a time for harsh physics. Youth may occasionally whip the bowels into activity. But a lath can't be used every day. What the bowels of the old need is a gentle and natural tonic. One that can be constantly used without harm. The only such tonic is Cascarets, and they cost only 10 cents per box at any drug store. They work while you sleep.

See the Quebec Bridge by steamers Queen and North, Sunday, 30th Sept. Champlain Market Pontoon 1.30, 2.30 and 3.30. 25 cents round trip.

Quebec Bridge Post Cards

SIX REAL PHOTO VIEWS of the QUEBEC BRIDGE, taken on the 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th September, 1917, showing the CENTRAL SPAN in various stages of its ascension, and when finally placed in position.

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