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BALFOUR CABLES HOME RULE PLEA TO LLOYD GEORGE

Irish-Americans Urged Need of a Prompt Settlement

BRITISH MISSION IS WORKING HARD

Wilson Administration Under Fire for Unpreparedness and War Policies

Special Staff Correspondent by E. J. Archibald.

WASHINGTON, May 5. — "Quite late last night came the very interesting news that Mr. Balfour was sending a cable to Mr. Lloyd George drawing attention to the importance of a settlement of the Irish Home Rule question, with a view to a more complete understanding with this country, after a conference with the representatives of several Irish societies which have been in convention here lately. The consultation between the head of the British mission and his callers was most amicable. They pointed out the earnestness with which the very great majority of Irishmen in America longed for a settlement of the question and what an influence such a settlement would have upon opinion here. It was originally intended to embody the matter in a memorial which was to have been presented to Mr. Balfour, but instead there was an informal discussion of the whole question, and at the end of it he voluntarily promised to cable to the British Government a statement of the case and a view of the importance of a settlement on its effect on public opinion here. The whole matter is naturally one of extreme delicacy for the Government here, and Mr. Balfour's action will be generally welcomed.

BRITISH MISSION WORKS HARD.

Special Staff Correspondence by E. J. Archibald.

WASHINGTON, D.C., May 4. — Hard work, and a great deal of it is the program of the British mission which is now alone in the field here. The spectacular features of its visit are over, with the exception of Mr. Balfour's expected trip to the capital tomorrow, and every member of the mission, from its head downward is putting in each day a day's work which is not limited by any eight hour regulation. Conferences begin betimes in the morning and last, with a short adjournment for lunch, very frequently till 7 o'clock at night. The members of the mission are still subjected to innumerable dinner parties, but very often these are only an interlude to more discussion at night. The procedure outlined in earlier despatches to The Star is being closely followed. That is to say the various experts among the visitors meet with men holding corresponding positions in the American service and discuss with them the methods of dealing with questions which have already arisen or will arise through this country's participation in the war. Naturally there is nothing being given out for publication as to these consultations.

GOVERNMENT FEELING ITS WAY.

Indeed, it is improbable that definite lines of policy have been adopted by this country as yet on a great many things that have come up for consideration. The Government is feeling its way along a multiplicity of unaccustomed paths.

(Continued on Page Four.)

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GOVERNMENT OF RUSSIA STANDS FIRM BY ALLIES

Resolute Attitude of Provisional Ministry is Upheld

AGITATORS ARE NOW OVERSHADOWED

No Separate Peace is Slogan of Better Classes Today

By Canadian Press.

PETROGRAD, via London, May 5. —(10:25 a.m.).—The Provisional Government, through Premier Lvoff, has declined to modify the note sent to the Allies. The Government declares that the Ministers are prepared to resign their posts if necessary.

Premier Lvoff said:

"It is impossible to send another note. The temporary government will comply with its duty and leave its post rather than take such a step, which would menace the country with very serious consequences. The Government understands fully the responsibility it has assumed on behalf of the country, and in view of that responsibility is ready to resign if it becomes necessary."

The Foreign Secretary, M. Milukoff, confirming the stand taken by Premier Lvoff, said:

"The note expresses the view of the temporary Government. It has no other aim. The recent note repeats and develops the idea expressed in the first note, which was worked out in conjunction with the Council of Deputies. If we compare the notes it is clear that the information they contain constitutes a step forward. The events of yesterday will make the Allies very sad, while pleasing our enemies."

In regard to the suggestion of a new note, M. Milukoff said that such a step was quite impossible.

"Such conduct," he continued, "toward a foreign government cannot be permitted. If we should attempt to follow a route which in my conviction is impracticable, we would only be repulsed."

SOME SIGNIFICANT FACTS.

The Minister made an allusion to a secret telegram which has been received from the Allies. It is significant that the Ambassadors of England, France and Italy have called upon the Foreign Secretary.

M. Milukoff concluded his statement by saying:

"Respecting our military needs and means of continuing the war, we are dependent to a great extent upon the Allies. It will be an everlasting blot on our history if there should be a possibility of concluding a separate peace. But the council itself has declared against a separate peace."

M. Tcheidse, president of the Council, repeated previous declarations that the Imperialistic attitude of the Government was unacceptable. He said: "Neither the soldiers nor the workmen are for war. If the Government does not mean to hide our watchword of peace without contributions, it will have to make itself clear."

M. Tscheidse called attention to the fact that there was no interior discord, and that the only trouble was in respect to Russia's foreign policy.

PEACE AGITATORS ATTACKED.

Special Star Cable by United Press.

PETROGRAD, May 5.—Pro-German peace agitators are being attacked in the streets of Petrograd by crowds of soldiers and citizens. Numerous clashes have occurred. Shots have been fired and several persons are reported to have been wounded.

The fighting and rioting broke out Friday night, when adherents of Nicholas Lenin, the Socialist separate peace advocate, recently arrived here from Switzerland via Germany, sought to address the crowds swarming the streets.

It is believed this rioting is separate from the disturbances of the past two days directed against the Government, but the greatest disorder prevails.

GOVERNMENT'S PLEDGES APPROVED.

Special Star Cable by Wm. G. Shepherd of the United Press.

PETROGRAD, May 4, via London, May 5, After two days of cheering, muttering, jostling mobs surging back and forth in demonstrations that at times approached perilously near to organized riots, the Duma Provisional Government had today apparently succeeded in re-establishing itself.

An all-night meeting last night apparently smoothed out many differences between the Duma leaders and the Soldiers' and Workmen's delegates. Formal repor of these deliberations has not yet been made, but the attitude of representatives on both sides indicated greater unity.

At the headquarters of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Committee today it was officially stated that an amicable adjustment had been reached with the Duma leaders and that the executive committee, by a two to one vote, had approved the Government's pledges. Included in these pledges, it was reported, was one to announce publicly the reasons behind the Provisional Government's announcement on May Day as to Russia's aims in the war. Soldiers' delegates said today the full text of this explanation had been read to the executive committee and approved by them.

GERMAN PACIFISTS PLANS.

AMSTERDAM, May 4, via London, May 5.—Four German pacifist organs have petitioned the Reichstag to accept the following principles in view of the new situation created by the Russian revolution: First, Germany to make peace with Russian territorial acquisition, but under a guarantee that the national rights of Germans in Russia be respected; second, Germany's peace terms in respect to her other enemies to be disclosed; third, the promotion of general peace by a union of the nations and the reduction of armament; fourth, internal reorganization based on the will and needs of the German people.

AGITATORS ARE OVERSHADOWED.

By Canadian Press.

Petrograd, May 4, 11.30 p.m. via London, May 5.—Friends of the Government out demonstrated the demonstrators this evening. As though of one accord the people, stirred into a seeming realization of the catastrophe overshadowing the country through the menaced fall of the Government, turned out, man, woman and child, in support of the temporary authorities.

From end to end the Nevsky Morskaya was packed with marching crowds of all grades of society. Well-groomed and gray-headed men, women expensively clad, students by thousands, soldiers, business men and children, seemingly a quarter of the population of the city, cheered and shouted for the Government.

So completely overshadowed and outnumbered were the earlier manifestants who demanded the downfall of the authorities that they appeared utterly insignificant. The crowd poured into the square in front of the Marinsky Palace, the scene of last night's meeting of the Ministers Deputies, and packed the immense area.

Henry Ford's steam yacht, the Sialia, was a visitor to the port this morning, on her way up to Detroit. She has just returned from a trip to the West Indies, and left Mr. Ford and his party at Mobile, Alabama.

REICHSTAG SCHEME TO LIMIT POWERS OF KAISER DRAFTED

By Canadian Press.

AMSTERDAM, May 5, via London.—A restriction of the power of the Emperor of Germany has been decided upon by the Constitution Committee of the Reichstag, according to a despatch from Berlin.

The committee has decided to alter Article XVII of the Imperial Constitution as follows:

"Ordinances and decrees of the Kaiser will be issued in the name of the Empire and will require for validity the counter-signature of the Imperial Chancellor or his representative, who thereby assumes responsibility to the Reichstag."

The decision of the committee was in accordance with a joint proposal by the Centrists, National Liberals and the Progressives.

Four Conservative members voted against the change.

The committee also adopted a resolution by the same proposers, demanding a bill fixing the Chancellor's responsibility for any violation of his official duty and the verification of such violation by a Senate tribunal.

Dr. Karl Helfferich, Secretary of the Interior, told the committee that a definite statement in regard to his attitude could not be expected from him. He said that it would only be possible after the Federal Council had defined its position.

NATION-WIDE FOOD SURVEY PLAN OF U.S. AUTHORITIES

Special to The Star by United Press.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—A nation-wide food survey will be the first step taken by the Government after Congress passes the drastic Food Control Bill advocated by President Wilson.

The work will fall under the combined direction of the Department of Agriculture and Council of National Defence.

It probably will be personally directed by Herbert C. Hoover, who has just arrived in Washington to assist the Government in systematizing the whole work of food production and distribution.

The Government will first determine accurately the amount of reserve food products now in stock, where they are located, and how they can be most effectually distributed. It is then the intention to compile an accurate estimate of the probable production and consumption of crops in the current year by sections.

On the result of these surveys will largely depend whether the President will utilize many of the drastic powers given him, such as the one to cut off entirely or diminish the supply of grain to brewers and distillers.

Machinery for accomplishing the solution of the food problem has been completed and awaits only action by Congress to be set in motion.

It will take three courses, the first to increase production, the second to conserve the food supply and prevent waste, and the third designed to regulate production, transportation and consumption, including vigorous measures to prevent speculation. It is the determined intention of Congress to protect both producer and consumer from the speculator.

CONSERVING TIN CANS.

By Canadian Press.

WASHINGTON, May 5. — Sir George E. Foster, acting Premier of Canada, here for conferences with the British Commission, conferred with Mr. Redfield, secretary of the Dept. of Commerce, yesterday about getting cans for putting up food for Canadian soldiers.

Restrictions voluntarily accepted by can makers and users, Mr. Redfield has announced, will meet the threatened shortage of tin cans for food preservation.

Under an agreement signed by a committe of tin plate manufacturers, can makers, canners and wholesale grocers which reached the department of Commerce today, all interests concerned have consented to substitute paper and fibre containers wherever possible.

TO COMBAT SUBMARINES.

British and American naval experts are understood to have discussed at their conferences yesterday three specific measures designed to put an end to German submarine warfare. One is the bottling up of the narrow strait between Sweden and Denmark; the second the mining of the entire North Sea, which would shut off entirely the trade of Holland, Denmark and Sweden, and the third, storming the German naval base at Kiel and destroying Heligoland, Germany's Gibraltar.

The third proposal has been discussed only as a last resort, naval experts being agreed that it would be a most hazardous undertaking. If the British fleet were brought out of its protected harbors it doubtless would be assisted by American and French naval craft. Many naval officers believe Kiel could be taken, but at frightful cost.

WAR ECONOMIC LEVELER.

Normal business conditions proved impossible in England after her entry in the war. Lord Eustace Percy British trade expert, said today, discussing the economic unheaval that hostilities had brought to that country.

Industry, he said could not keep going as in peace times, owing to a fundamental change in demand, but the immediate dislocation of labor that followed proved not serious, as it was all shortly absorbed into other lines of work built up by war needs.

The war has proved for England, he said, a great economic leveller.

The essential restrictions, he said, operated about equally on rich and poor. The rich, however, lost a large part of their wealth by income taxes running as high as 33 1-3 per cent, while the poor showed unusual prosperity because of increased wages, large separation allowances, and the influx of about 800,000 women of the lower classes into industry.

Lord Percy said England not only found business as usual impossible, but also that a great restriction in output soon resulted. The foreign trade, he said, had been clung to desperately at first, not only because of expected conditions after the war, but also to keep up exchange. It developed shortly, however, that considerable trade had to be given up, owing to pressure of munition needs.

VERY LITTLE LABOR FRICTION.

Then effort was centred on maintaining the so-called reserved occupations, possessing military importance. To do this it was necessary to withdraw from the front many men who had volunteered at first and to exempt many others who were later conscripted.

Lord Percy said there had been extraordinarily little friction with labor, because most of the restrictions had been voluntarily adopted by labor. He cited one factory where all effort to prevent an enormous wastage of time among the men failed until the management posted a summary of time lost and asked the men themselves to take hold of the question.

England would stand far more restrictions than have been set up, Lord Percy said, because practically all of them were voluntarily and enforced by public opinion operating through local committees, rather than imposed from above in Germany. Perhaps the hardest thing to enforce was a curtailment of confectionery, just as it was almost impossible to prevent Belgians from wasting flour in pastry.

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GERMANY NOW RUSHING FRESH TROOPS AGAINST GEN. NIVELLE'S FORCES

Fierce Counter-Attacks are Everywhere Checked on Champagne However—British Press Their Advance at Fresnoy and Make Further Gains —Way Open to Laon Today

By Canadian Press.

LONDON May 5, 1 p.m.—The British have made further progress north of Havrincourt wood and near Fresnoy, according to an official statement issued by the War Office this morning.

Special Star Cable by United Press.

PARIS, May 5.—Violent fighting on the Champagne front, with German counter-attacks everywhere checked, was reported in today's official statement. The German attacks were made with large numbers of fresh divisions.

More than a thousand prisoners have been taken by French troops in the fighting here.

FRESH GERMAN TROOPS AT FRONT

Special Star Cable by United Press.

PARIS, May 5.—Germany is pouring fresh divisions into desperate fighting along all the Soissons-Rheims front in a determined attempt to stop the French advance and retake positions lost in General Nivelle's recent drives, today's official statement showed.

Four new German divisions—approximately 160,000 men—were called on by the Teutons to aid in their violent counter-attacks.

The German counter-thrusts furnished the greater part of the fighting, but around Mont Cornillet and east of Blond Mont the French again succeeded in gaining ground, in the face of violent resistance.

"South of the Oise a German attack was checked with our curtain of fire," the statement said. "Near Coucy forest and Chemin-des-Dames artillery was most active.

"During the night north of the Aisne the Germans violently counter-attacked our Craonne positions, captured yesterday, but all efforts were broken by resistance of our infantry and by our barrage fire. The enemy was unable to reach our lines anywhere."

SUMMARY OF WAR NEWS

On the battlefront in France there is no sign as yet of a decisive issue to the tremendous battle which is raging day and night along a hundred mile front. The War Office in London this morning reports the British have made further progress north of Havrincourt wood and near Fresnoy.

The French have battered their way a mile closer to Laon and have stormed one of the great natural fortresses guarding the southern end of the Hindenburg line. By the capture of Craonne they have forced ajar the backdoor to Laon, but there are mighty obstacles still in their path.

Craonne formed one of two gun-crowned heights at the head of a broad valley leading to the French goal. The other, which remins unsubdued, is the sinister Brimont plateau, from which the German guns thunder daily against the devoted ruins of Rheims Cathedral. Thousands of lives have been spent in vain in an effort to storm this plateau, but its capture is vital to the French advance.

Outside of the lists where the warring nations are arrayed, interest centres on Brazil and China. In both countries a Parliamentary battle is being waged which will decide whether or not they enter the ranks of Germany's enemies.

The war advocates are in the majority at Pekin, but the minority has the support of President Li Yuen Hung. In Brazil the situation is not so clearly defined, but the resignation of Dr. Lauro Muller is supposed to give a preponderance to the war party.

WAY TO LAON OPEN TO FRENCH

Special Star Cable by United Press.

LONDON, May 5. — Way for the flanking of the Laon pivot of the German Hindenburg line is open to the French today. If Gen. Nivelle can turn the trick and outflank the Germans the capture of Laon in the immediate future, military strategists here believe, the retirement of the Germans to the frontier line will be necessary.

The capture of Craonne, dominating the Aisne plateau and the Miette valley, taken in a surprise blow of great strength struck yesterday by the French commander, gives the French their entry point for this important operation.

Today the French are nine miles distant from Laon, but with the intervening ground favorably situated for their further progress. German reserves hurriedly concentrated to offset the French victory, are stubbornly contesting every inch of the ground held by Nivelle's troops, and front despatches indicate a battle of gigantic proportions is gathering there.

Craonne and Laon lie at the base of an angle, of which La Fere is the point. A penetration of this angle would give the Allies a hold back of the Hindenburg line all the way north and place the Germans in grave jeopardy.

Field-Marshal Haig's report today indicates a continuance of the deadlock in the Arras and is devoted to fighting action to the south.

"East of Le Vergaier we carried out a successful raid at night, taking a few prisoners," he said. "North of Havrincourt wood we progressed."

The deadlock in the Arras sector was not without fighting, however. Three further German counter-attacks were made during the night, the British Commander-in-Chief reported. All were directed against the newly-won British positions on the Hindenburg line. The first was broken down in concentrated British artillery fire. The other two passed the barrages, but were driven back from the British trenches after a period of sharp fighting. Progress around Fresnoy was also reported by Gen. Haig. At Messines hostile raiders were repulsed.

BRITISH CASUALTIES.

Special Star Cable from Our Own Correspondent. Copyright.

THE MONTREAL STAR OFFICE, 20 Cockspur Street London, May 5.—Today's casualties total 361 officers, of whom 110 are dead, and 3,470 men of wrom 1,045 are dead The regiments suffering most are the Royal Garrison Artillery, the Honourable Artillery, Lancashire Fusiliers, Gloucestershires, the London Regiment, the Borden regiment, Berkshires, Gordon Highlanders, Worcestershires, Sherwood Foresters, Australiians and South Africans.

WILDERMERE.

VICEROY'S SON DEAD.

Special Star Cable from Our Own Correspondent. Copyright.

THE MONTREAL STAR OFFICE, 20 Cockspur street, London, May 5.—Lieut. the Hon. Frederick Thesiger, Royal Field Artillery, who has died of wounds, was the heir of Lord Chelmsford, Viceroy of India. It is a sad coincidence that the elder son of Lord Hardinge, who was Lord Chelmsford's predecessor in India, died of wounds in December, 1914.

Relatives today announce that Lieut. James Hartney, Royal Flying Corps, the son of James Hartney, was killed on May 1, while observing in action, as the result of an aeroplane collision.

WINDERMERE.

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FRENCH CAPTURE CRAONNE AFTER BRILLIANT ATTACK

British Strengthen Positions and Make Progress Eastwards

LONDON, May 5.—The War Office communication, issued last evening, says: "The number of German prisoners captured in yesterday's operations exceeds nine hundred, including twenty-eight officers.

"During the day our troops strengthened their positions in the sectors of the Hindenburg line captured yesterday and have progressed eastward along the enemy's trenches, killing many Germans and taking many prisoners.

"A number of successful bombing raids were carried out by our airplanes yesterday, resulting in severe fighting in the air. Three hostile airplanes and five others were driven down out of control. Two other German machines were shot down by the fire from the ground, and another was compelled to land beyond our lines. Two of our airplanes are missing."

FRENCH MAKE BIG GAIN.

PARIS, May 5.—The official statement issued last night reads: "During the day in an operation splendidly carried out we gained possession of the village of Craonne and several points of support east and north of that locality. The number of prisoners accounted for up to the present is 150.

"To the northwest of Rheims, after a heavy artillery preparation, we started this morning an attack, in which our troops have captured the first German line on a front of four kilometres. We have taken about six hundred prisoners, including eight officers.

"In the Champagne, the artillery fighting has been violent all day in the region to the south and southwest of Moronvilliers. There is nothing to report from the rest of the front.

"Belgian communication reads: 'Intermittent cannonades have occurred on several parts of the front.

"'Allied aviators bombarded the German aviation centre of Ghistelles (Flanders) on the night of May 3-4. Belgian operators alone dropped 1,500 kilograms of projectiles.'"

RUSSIAN OFFICIAL REPORT.

PETROGRAD, May 5.—An official statement issued yesterday by the Russian War Department, says:

"Western front: In the direction of Kovel, in the region of Kuhari, the enemy maintained an intense artillery fire, exploded mines and threw bombs against our trenches.

"In the region of Kabarovze the enemy exploded a mine between his and our wire entanglements. Our trenches were undamaged.

"Northeast of Slaventin the enemy's mine saps were destroyed by the explosion of one of our mines.

"Rumanian front—In the region of Violoshkauf, 20 miles northwest of Fokshani, our guerillas, supported by infantry scouts, cut through the network of wire entanglements and pursued the Germans as far as Kaltan. Approaching German reserves tried to surround our guerillas, but the latter, forcing their way at the point of the bayonet, returned to their trenches.

"Caucasian front—The[illegible]ing and scouting reconna[illegible].

"Aerial activities—East of Tukkum a German airplane was brought down by rifle fire. It fell within the enemy lines, catching fire during its descent. In the region of Zaturze, a German airplane was brought down by our artillery fire. It fell between our trenches and the enemy entanglements."

ITALIANS ARE ACTIVE.

ROME, May 5, via London.—"In the Trentino the artillery was particularly active on Monte Pasubio, and in the Astico and Travignolo valleys," says yesterday's War Office report.

"At some places the enemy used gas shells. On the Julian front there was the usual activity by artillery, patrols and aircraft. Last night a squadron of our machines bombed a railway centre near Sesana. Hostile air craft dropped bombs on Fogliano and San Grado, causing damage."

WHAT GERMANY CLAIMS.

BERLIN, via London, May 5.—The War Office communication issued last evening, says:

"On the Arras front British attacks on both sides of Bullecourt and strong French attacks on the Aisne front between Berry-Au-Bac and Brimont were repulsed."

AUSTRIANS' OFFICIAL CLAIM.

VIENNA, via London, May 4.—The Austrian official communication, issued yesterday says:

"Yesterday evening attacks by a Russian regiment broke down before our positions north of Suchitza Valley (Carpathians).

"Italian theatre—There have been the usual artillery and mine-throwing engagements over the whole front. An enemy gas attack near Gorizia failed.

"Our airmen yesterday shot down three enemy airplanes over the Carso highlands, and another near the Fiezzo basin. Our naval airplanes Wednesday bombed a pumping station near Gorizia and renewed their attacks on military establishments at Villa Vicentina and Avlona (Albania) with visible success. A great fire, accompanied by explosions, broke out at Avlona."

EXAMS IN DENTISTRY

Results Announced by McGill Faculty Yesterday

The prize winners and the honor list in the final year in the Faculty of Dentistry of McGill University issued yesterday were as follows:

Stevenson Gold Medal for highest standing in final year, awarded to D. Prescott Mowry, of Montreal.

Prize for second place in aggregate of all subjects, awarded to E. J. Jarjour, of Montreal.

HONORS.

Materia Medica—1, D. P. Mowry; 2, A. T. Oberg.

Orthodontia—1, D. P. Mowry.

Dental jurisprudence—1, A. J. Oberg; 2, F. D. Derrick and L. Schachter equal; 3, D. P. Mowry and J. Rosen, equal; 4, H. H. Pearson; 5, E. J. Jarjour.

Prosthetic dentistry—1, H. H. Pearson; 2, D. P. Mowry; 3, A. T. Oberg; 4, E. J. Jarjour; 5, L. Schachter.

Dental surgery—1, A. T. Oberg; 2, L. Schachter; 3, D. P. Mowry.

Crown and bridge work—1, D. P. Mowry; 2, H. H. Pearson.

Gold inlay and condensed gold—1, D. P. Mowry; 2, H. H. Pearson; 3, E. [illegible]

[illegible] crown and bridge work—1, H. H. Pearson; 2, D. P. Mowry; 3, [illegible]; 4, F. D. Derrick.

[illegible] prosthesis—1, D. P. Mowry; 2, L. Schachter; 3, E. J. Jarjour; 4, [illegible]; 5, F. D. Derrick, and A. T. [illegible]

BOSTON SOCIETY GIRL AS A NAVY RADIO OPERATOR

Miss Edith Sigourney, a prominent Boston society girl, was notified that she had passed her examination and had been accepted as radio operator by the Navy Department. She was ordered to report for duty immediately. Many other New England women are attending wireless schools in the hope of becoming navy radio operators.

DEFICIT NOTED AT Y.M.C.A. MEET, H. C. OF L. TO BLAME

It was stated at the annual meeting last evening, of the Y. M. C. A. that, owing to the continual increase of the cost in every line of supply, the association had this year to face a deficit of $1,266, where at the close of last year's work it had a surplus of $10. This deficit, it was stated by the treasurer, was principally due to the losses at the cafeteria and the increased cost of fuel. With regard to the cafeteria Mr. Anderson said it was a problem that had to be solved, probably by a flat increase of 10 per cent in all charges.

It was shown that the Y. M. C. A. men had taken their full share in war work, 600 having gone to the war, of whom twenty-three so far had given up their lives. Despite this heavy drain on the membership it stood higher today than ever before, with 3,576 men and boys on the rolls, the total membership receipts for the year being $19,264.

There was a large attendance at the meeting, which was held in the main hall at the building on Drummond street, and a brief service was held after supper was served. The chair was taken by Lemuel Cushing, chairman of the Central Branch, and with him at the head table were A. L. Paterson, E. A. Corbett, C. K. Calhoun, W. H. Henderson, John S. Gibb, Earl Birks, C. G. Svengall, J. Bradford, J. MacMillan, P. V. G. Mitchell, W. Y. King, J. W. Knox, A. D. Anderson, Henry Birks, the Rev. Dr. Hugh Pedley and John Murphy.

The nominating committee presented the following names for the board of management for 1917-18: Re-nominations: Lemuel Cushing, A. B. Anderson, A. L. Paterson, G. L. McCrae, J. E. Millen, R. H. Dawson, J. McMillan, W. K. Trower, J. K. McNutt, W. C. Lancaster, R. H. Macdonald, J. E. Birks, G. W. Jones and Dr. F. J. Tees; new members: F. M. Johnston, W. C. Dodge, jr., T. G. Morgan, A. J. Meiklejohn, and R. N. Watt.

DETAILS ABOUT MONTREAL HEROES

Pte. John F. Endacott, who ran away from home when he was seventeen years of age, so that he might enlist, has been killed in action. Mrs. Endacott, who lives at 602 Lagauchetiere street east, was unaware of her son's whereabouts for over a year. He was the second eldest of eleven children, all of whom are still living.

LIEUT. E. G. SHEPHERD.

Lieut. E. G. Shepherd, son of Dr. F. J. Shepherd, is making progress from trench fever in No. 4 London Hospital. He belongs to a battalion of Montreal Highlanders.

SERGT. DAVID ALLAN.

Sergt. David Allan has been admitted to hospital with slight wounds to his feet, he is now at St. Omer hospital in France. He is a son of Robert Allan, of 187 Mance street, and went overseas with a local siege battery. His brother, Flight Lieut. John Allan, was accidentally killed last fall while flying.

PTE. H. W. BORLAND.

Pte. Harold W. Borland has been wounded in seven different places, and admitted to hospital in France. Sergt. Borland was in charge of the Second Canadian Divisional School in France since last November, and it is thought he was wounded by an accidental explosion. His family reside at 301 Hutchison street, while his wife is living at St. Johns, Que.

PTE. J. G. McKENZIE.

Pte. J. Gordon McKenzie has been killed in action. He and his two brothers, who were prospecting in British Columbia, enlisted in a battalion in Victoria. "Glad" McKenzie, the second son, is in hospital with trench fever, while the youngest is still with his battalion in the trenches with the machine gun section. All three were educated at St. Laurent and Loyola Colleges.

PTE. C. EASON.

Pte. Charles Eason is reported wounded with gunshot wounds in the thigh and has been admitted to No. [illegible] General Hospital at Etaples. He is twenty-five years of age, and was employed at McGill University. Mrs. Eason lives at 355 Hibernia street, Point St. Charles.

MUSIC AT SUPERFLUITY SHOP.

A special musical program will be given at the Superfluity Shop, 742 St. Catherine street west, Monday afternoon, by Miss Louise de Sola, Miss Blanche Levi and Mr. Vander Meerschen.

The ladies in charge will be Mrs. David Levi, Mrs. Meldola de Sola, Mrs. Asher Pierce, Mrs. S. Wener, and Mrs. S. Saxe, assisted by Miss Lilian Samuels, the Misses B. and T. Samuels, Miss Eva Friedman, the Misses Gladys and Muriel Goldstein, and Miss Florence Wener.

H. H. STEVENS, M.P., THE GUEST

H. H. Stevens, M.P., for the city of Vancouver, will be the speaker at the lunch of the Liberal-Conservative Association on Monday at 1 o'clock. Mr. Stevens will speak on general policy of the Conservative party.

THE SOCIAL WORLD

OUR CONGRATULATIONS TO

The Marquis of Hartington, (son and heir of the Duke of Devonshire), 22 tomorrow.

Professor H. J. Rose, McGill University, 34 today.

Entertainment for War Work.

Additional subscribers to the musical recital and the dansant to be held at the Ritz-Carlton on May 9, in aid of Lady Drummond's war work in England, include Sir Herbert Holt, Lady Graham, Lady Meredith, Mrs. J. J. M. Pangman, Miss Gellispie, Mrs. W. R. MacInnes, Mrs. Hutchison, Mrs. Forbes Angus, Mrs. Blackwell, Mrs. D. Lorne McGibbon, Mrs. Clarence McCuaig, Mrs. R. A. E. Greenshields, Mrs. W. A. Black, Mrs. J. A. H. Acer, Mrs. Leo, Mrs. Colwell, Miss Green, Mrs. A. R. Doble, Mrs. Birkett, Mrs. and Miss Sise, Miss Catherine Scott, Mrs. C. B. Keenan, Mrs. A. L. Drummond, Mrs. Hammond, Mrs. Andrew A. Allan, Miss T. G. Brown, Mrs. Andrew Joseph, Mrs. Binks, Miss Murray Smith, Mrs. Widmer Nelles, Mrs. Cockburn, Mrs. Handyside, Mrs. A. Ogilvie, Mrs. Charles Skelton, Mrs. Walter Lyman, Mrs. R. Ballantyne, Mrs. George Faulkner, and Mrs. Hanbury Budden.

Mrs. Turnbulls Reception

Mrs. T. Guthrie Turnbull (formerly Miss Madge Dougall), held her first reception since her marriage yesterday afternoon at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. N. Dougall, 102 Fort street. Pink tulips were effectively arranged in the drawing room, where Mrs. Turnbull received, assisted by her mother, and pink and white roses formed the decorations in the tea rom. Mrs. Frank Binns poured tea, Mrs. J. H. Dougall coffee, and Mrs. R. S. Taylor cut the ices. Assisting in serving were the Misses Taylor, Bolton, Tidmarsh and Fenwick. Mrs. Turnbull expects to leave in August to join her husband in Hong Kong.

Approaching Marriages.

The marriage will be celebrated in St. Hilaire on Tuesday, May 8, of Miss Herminie Morin, daughter of Mr. A. O. Morin, of St. Hyacinthe, to Mr. M. J. Louis Prendergast, son of the late Mr. M. J. A. Prendergast. The ceremony will take place in St. Hilaire.

Social and Personal.

Major and Mrs. A. T. Tomlinson are visiting relatives in Toronto before going to Lindsay, Ont., to reside. Miss Helen Tomlinson, who has been visiting her parents in Montreal for some time, has returned to New York.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Boland have gone to Toronto for the golden wedding of Mr. Boland's parents, which takes place on Monday, May 7.

Mrs. Moir Reid has returned to St. Kitts, British West Indies, after spending the winter at the Windsor Hotel, Montreal.

Miss Guerin and Miss Carroll Guerin, Edgehill avenue, are returning home from New York the beginning of next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Archibald, of Ottawa, are the guests of the former's parents, Mr. Justice and Mrs. Archibald.

Mr. T. L. Martin, of Helena, Montana, is spending a few days with his sister, Mrs. James V. Chisholm, of Lachine.

The Rev. J. A. Tremblay, of Montreal, is in Quebec, a guest at the Chateau Frontenac over the week end.

The Hon. and Mrs. William Pugsley are in town from Ottawa for a few days, guests at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Abbott have taken up their residence for the summer at "Hillcote," Senneville.

Mrs. Herbert Symonds is a patient in the General Hospital, suffering from rheumatism.

Mrs. G. G. Parker is spending the week-end in Sherbrooke, Que., the guest of Mrs. C. P. Byrd.

SOCIETY AT THE CAPITAL

OTTAWA, May 5.—Hon. J. Bolduc, Speaker of the Senate, left yesterday for his home in St. Victor de Thring.

Mrs. Griffith, of Quebec, is expected in town shortly to visit her mother, Madam Girouard.

Lieut. Glass, of the Corps of Signallers, son of Mr. S. F. Glass, M.P., and Mrs. Glass, has left for England.

Mrs. R. H. Haycock and their family are leaving shortly for Aylmer to spend the summer.

Lieut. Hayden Holden has returned from England on leave.

Miss Mary Brough, who has been spending the winter with her nephew, Mr. Wynn Force, in Saranac, has returned to town.

Mrs. Charles O'Connor and her son, Lieut. Charles O'Connor, have gone to Vermont, where they will spend a few weeks at Waterbury Inn.

Mr. and Mrs. Asa Gordon have returned from California, where they spent the winter.

Dr. and Mrs. James Mill have left for a few weeks' visit in Guelph.

Mrs. Hutchins, whose husband is attached to the American Embassy at Pekin, China, is expected in town to visit her mother, Mrs. Warren Anglin.

Mr. and Mrs. Noble W. Pirrie are leaving shortly for Aylmer to spend the summer.

Mrs. Charles McInnes and her mother, Mrs. T. C. Patterson, are spending a few weeks in New York and Atlantic City.

Mrs. Thomas White and her two daughters, Miss Laura White and Mrs. Green, of Richmond, are expected home today after a visit of five weeks in Atlantic City.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. C. Cassels, who were in town for the celebration of the Golden wedding of Col. and Mrs. de la Cherois Irwin, have returned to Toronto.

TORONTO SOCIAL NOTES

TORONTO, May 5.—The Hon. Mr. Justice Ferguson and Mrs. Ferguson Burke, Toronto, have returned from a visit to Mount Clemens, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Dilworth have returned to their home in Toronto, after a visit of several weeks in Asheville, North Carolina.

Prof. and Mrs. W. M. Kennedy have left town for their country home, "Wulfruna," Lake Muskoka.

Lady Mackenzie and Mrs. Scott Griffin have returned from the West.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. La[illegible]muir and the Misses [illegible] leaving early in May on a motor trip to New York.

Mrs. A. W. [illegible] who came from England [illegible] the guest of her father, Mr. [illegible].

NURSES FAIR THE WORLD OVER

A group of British and Canadian Red Cross ladies taken at San Juan, Porto Rico, West Indies. The material from which the ladies made ninety-nine comfort bags, sixty-seven handkerchiefs, eighty-four slings and seventy-six bands, were bought with the proceeds of a bridge given on April 18. The finished goods have been shipped to Lady Drummond, in London. Each comfort bag contains two packages of cigarettes, ten cigarettes in each. The total value of the shipment of bags and comforts was $90. Standing in the group is Mrs. Frederick C. Holmes.

HERE THE DUMB ARE MADE TO SPEAK

An interesting demonstration of how the dumb are taught to speak and enunciate, was given at the Deaf and Dumb Institute, St. Denis street, last night. Bishop Clouthier, of Three Rivers, whose sister is superior of the institution, was the guest of honor. An address was read to Mgr. Clouthier by a deaf and formerly mute inmate, several exercises and musical numbers were gone through and the enunciation of the pupils could be distinctly noted. Two sisters of the institute explained how the inmates are taught and instructed, by the Belgian system. It was shown they had learned 160 words words since September last and had also learned the French verbs.

At the close of the program Mgr. Clouthier congratulated the sisters on the wonderful progress and success attending their efforts.

Other Societies Join Organization for Belgian Relief

The efforts of the ladies' committee formed by Mrs. Clarence de Sola to assist in the relief of the starving children of Belgium is meeting with increasing interest and response. Various local organizations are now represented through their members, who have joined the active committee, and the co-operation of all the women's clubs and societies of the city and suburbs is desired.

The sum of $1 will provide one child with one meal a day for one month. Full particulars may be had from the president, Mrs. Clarence I. de Sola, 594 Pine avenue west, or the secretary, Mrs. Preble Macintosh, Belvedere road, and contributions be received by the treasurer, Mrs. W. A. Black, 735 Sherbrooke street west.

The clubs represented on the committee include the Local Council of Women, the Montreal Women's Club, the American Women's Club, the American Red Cross Circle, various chapters of the Imperial Daughters of the Empire, the Montreal Soldiers' Wives' League, the Women's Suffrage Association, various Red Cross Circles, and the Women's Canadian Club.

PATRIOTIC DRAMATIC READING

The latest subscribers for the reading of Disraeli to be given by Miss Geraldine Jacobi, on Tuesday evening next, at the Ritz-Carlton, for the Belgian Relief Fund, include Mrs. John McKergow, Mrs. P. McKergow, Mrs. R. Thomson, Mrs. Gordon Elliott, Mrs. O'Connor, Miss I. E. Fogarty, Miss M. Jopp, Mrs. E. E. Fairman, Mrs. E. Darling, Mrs. Hugh Watson, Mrs. R. Hampson Gillean, Mrs. A. R. McMaster, Mrs. Ronzo H. Clerk, J. Nelson McKim, Miss H. Walker, Mrs. G. S. Brown, Mrs. W. Graham Browne, Mrs. L. L. Rodier, Mrs. C. Severs, Mrs. James Elliott, Mrs. Joseph Ward, Mrs. Harold Mudge, Mrs. Milton L. Hersey, Mrs. H. R. Swenerton, Mrs. James G. Shearer, Mrs. E. C. B. Featherstonhaugh, Mrs. J. H. Robertson, Miss Kydd, Mrs. E. A. Bishop, Mrs. H. R. Popham, Mrs. W. J. Cleghorn, Mrs. W. Bishop, Mrs. H. R. Popham, Mrs. W. Bishop, Mrs. G. Bishop, Mrs. Archibald Wilson, Mrs. H. H. Lang, Mrs. John Nichols, Miss Robinson, Miss M. Brooks, Miss E. Carter, Miss Muriel Gurd, Mrs. T. Palmer Howard, Mrs. Bedford Jones, Mrs. J. R. Cowans, Mrs. C. D. Bancroft, Mrs. A. W. Gifford, Mrs. J. Augustine Mann, Mrs. A. Cooke, Mrs. Matthew Hinshaw, Mrs. E. A. Robert, Mrs. D. M. McGoun, Mrs. F. A. Mark, Mrs. W. F. Hamilton, Mrs. C. P. Lyman, Mrs. S. A. McMurtry, Messrs. J. J. Keyes, Sutcliffe and F. M. Johnstone.

Asked New School for St. Augustin's Notre Dame de Grace

A deputation, headed by the Rev. Father Peter Heffernan, parish priest of St. Augustin de Canterbury parish, in Notre Dame de Grace, appeared before the Montreal Catholic School Commissioners yesterday afternoon, to petition for the erection of a new school building in that locality. The deputation was a representative one, including the school commissioners of Notre Dame de Grace and those of St. Luc. Amongst those present were C. J. Lappin, Z. Trudeau, A. Belque, C. Gagne and G. A. St. Germain.

At this meeting the Montreal Catholic School Commissioners returned to all contractors present, their tenders for the erection of a new boys' school in Maisonneuve as a decision had been reached to ask for tenders for the construction of the same building in concrete as well as in steel. These will be opened at the next meeting, on Tuesday, the [illegible]

MISS MACDONALD DIES.

Miss Mina Macdonald, secretary and founder of the Montreal Boy's Club, Dorchester street west, died suddenly this morning in the Western Hospital.

RAISE SEVENTH DRAFT TO REINFORCE P.P.C.L.I.

In accordance with orders received for the organization of a seventh reinforcement draft for the Princess Patricias, Major-General E. W. Wilson, G.O.C., has, in turn, instructed Capt. Philip Mackenzie, M.C., to proceed with the raising of the draft. This will be the second reinforcing draft which Capt. Mackenzie has raised, as he organized the second P. P. C. L. I. draft and went with it to the front, where he saw much service, was wounded, suffered from trench fever, and won the Military Cross for gallant conduct.

LABOR LEADERS ARRIVE.

NEW YORK, May 4.—British labor leaders, appointed by their Government as official advisers to American labor in the conduct of the war, arrived in the United States yesterday and proceeded at once to Washington.

The delegation passengers on a British Steamship are the Right Hon. Charles W. Bowerman and J. H. Thomas, members of the British Parliament and H. W. Garrod, who represents the Labor Party in the Bureau of Munitions. They have come at the invitation of the American Federation of Labor.

PRESENTATION TO J. A. DUNDAS

J. A. Dundas, secretary to vice-president, Ogden, of the Canadian Pacific Railway, was presented by the officers and employees of the C. P. R. with a handsome cabinet of silver and a purse of gold on the occasion of his marriage.

RUBBER COMPANY MOVING.

The executive office and Montreal branch of the Canadian Consolidated Rubber Co. are being moved from the corner of Notre Dame street and Papineau avenue to 201 Inspector street.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Change of Time Effective May 12th, 1917.

Canadian Northern announce the following changes in train schedules effective May 12th, 1917.

Train No. 2.—Leaving Montreal 9:30 a.m. daily except Sunday for Joliette, Shawinigan Falls, Quebec and intermediate stations will leave at 1:15 p.m., arriving Quebec 8:05 p.m. Buffet parlor car.

Train No. 4.—Will leave Montreal daily, Sundays included, at 9:00 a.m. for Rawdon, Joliette, Shawinigan Falls, Grand Mere, Garneau Jct. and intermediate stations, and daily except Sundays for Hervey Junction. Buffet Parlor Car.

Train No. 6-21—Leaving Montreal 5:00 p.m. daily except Sunday for Joliette, on Mondays and Fridays operating through to Huberdeau will operate to St. Jerome, daily except Sundays, leaving Montreal at 5:45 p.m., for Rawdon, Joliette, St. Jerome and intermediate stations.

Train No. 28-7—Will leave Montreal at 3:10 p.m. daily except Sunday for Joliette, St. Jerome, Howkesbury, Ottawa, connecting at Ottawa for Toronto, and at Toronto on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Western Canada and Pacific Coast points.

MONTFORT BRANCH.

Connections will be made with the following Canadian Pacific trains:

Northbound.

Lv. Montreal (Place Viger) 9:20 a.m. Mondays and Tuesdays connecting with C. N. R. train leaving Montfort Jct. at 10:45 a.m., arriving Huberdeau 1:10 p.m.

Lv. Montreal (Place Viger) 4:10 p.m., Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4:20 p.m., Fridays, connecting with C. N. R. train leaving Montfort Junction at 5:30 p.m., arriving Huberdeau at 8:40 p.m.

Southbound.

Lv. Huberdeau at 1:25 p.m., Mondays and Thursdays only, arriving Montfort Junction at 3:50 p.m., connecting with C. P. R. train arriving Montreal (Place Viger station) 5:05 p.m.

Lv. Huberdeau at 5:00 a.m. Wednesdays and Saturdays, arrive Montfort Junction 7:50 a.m., connecting with C. P. R. train arriving Montreal (Place Viger station) 9:20 a.m.

Lv. Huberdeau 6:30 p.m., Sundays only, arriving Montfort Junction 9:05 p.m., connecting with C. P. R. train arriving Montreal (Place Viger station) at 10:40 p.m.

For further particulars apply to City Ticket Office, 226-230 St. James street, or Depot Ticket Agent, St. Catherine street east, cor. Moreau st.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY Richard Hemsley
Richard Hemsley, Limited, Jewellers, 255 St. James St., Montreal, Phone Main 1835, Evenings at 52 Rosemount Avenue Phone Westmount 459
29 317

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY
W. P. DUVAL,
335 Maisonneuve St. Phone East 2905.
Open Evenings till 9 P.M.
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BISHOP MILLS, OF THE DIOCESE OF ONTARIO, DEAD

Distinguished Anglican Prelate Passed Away at Kingston Last Night

Special to Montreal Star.

KINGSTON, Ont., May 5.—The Right Rev. Dr. Mills, Bishop of Ontario, died here last night, from heart failure, after a long illness. He is survived by Mrs. Mills and one son who went overseas early in the war.

The Right Rev. William Lennox Mills, D.D., LL.D., D.C.L., was born at Woodstock, Ont., on January 27, 1846, the son of the late William and Elise Mills, of Toronto. He was educated at Woodstock Grammar School Huron College, and the Western University, London, Ont. He pursued his theological studies at Huron College and at Trinity University, Toronto, and was ordained a deacon in 1872, and admitted to the priesthood in 1873.

After serving as incumbent of Trinity Church, Norwich, Ont., in 1872, he became successively rector of St. Thomas's Church, Seaforth, Ont., in 1874 and of St. John's, Que., in 1875. In 1882 he was appointed rector of Trinity Church, St. Denis St., Montreal, where he remained until appointed Archdeacon of St. Andrew's in 1896.

He was installed as a Canon of Christ Church Cathedral, Montreal in 1885 and from 1884 to 1895 was Lecturer in Scripture in the Montreal Diocesan Theological College. He then became Lecturer in Dogmatics and Ecclesiastical History in the same college, continuing this work until 1898. In 1896 he was unsuccessful candidate for the bishopric of Algoma.

BISHOP SINCE 1900.

In 1900 he was elected the first Bishop-Coadjutor of Ontario, with the title of Bishop of Kingston, and was consecrated in St. George's Cathedral, Kingston, Ont., on November 1900, by the Most Rev. John Travers Lewis, D.D., Archbishop of Ontario, assisted by the Bishop of Montreal, Toronto, Huron, Quebec, Algoma, Niagara, Ottawa and the Bishop of Western New York.

Dr. Mills succeeded to the See of Ontario, and became second Bishop of Ontario in 1901 on the death of Archbishop Lewis. As a bishop, his life was one of constant activity and usefulness and he was beloved alike by the clergy and the laity of his diocese. As bishop his official signature was "W. L. Ontario," while his residence was Bishopscourt, Kingston, Ont.

OTHER ACTIVITIES.

Bishop Mills served as a member of the executive committee of the Mission Board of the Church of England in Canada; and as vice-president of the Ontario Lord's Day Alliance. He was a delegate to the Tercentenary Celebration at Richmond, Va., in 1907; to the Pan-Anglican Congress in London in 1908 and to the Anglican Church Congress at Halifax, N. S. in 1910. He was a Life Governor of the Montreal Diocesan Theological College.

ACADEMIC HONORS.

From Trinity University, Toronto, in 1882 he received the degree of B.D. and in 1894 that of D.D. These degrees were taken in course. He subsequently received the honorary degrees of D.D. and D.C.L. from the University of Bishop's College, Lennoxville, Que.; D.C.L. from Trinity University, Toronto and LL.D. from Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.

In 1886 Doctor Mills married Katherine Sophia Bagg, daughter of the late Stanley C. Bagg, of Montreal.

Liberal Attacks Govt. and Opposes Imperial Federation Plan

At a meeting, held in Laurier Ward last night, under the auspicies of the Young Men's Liberal Association, a number of speeches criticizing the present government, were made. Pamphile du Tremblay, Liberal candidate in Laurier constituency for the next election, opposed the proposals for Imperial Federation, which he claimed would endanger the autonomy of the Dominion.

The chairman announced that Sir Wilfrid Laurier had promised to speak in the constituency as soon as the electoral campaign is on.

TO HELP BELGIANS

Miss Geraldine Jacobi, who will read "Disraeli" at the Ritz-Carlton May 8, in aid of the starving children of Belgium.

BRIEFS BY WIRE

NEW YORK IRISH SQUABBLE.

NEW YORK, May 5.—The mass meeting at Cooper Union organized by loyal Americans of Irish birth or descent last night proceeded to its destination and adopted resolutions endorsing the war, pledging absolute loyalty to the Government and approving of conscription. But they did this only after an interlude of half an hour, in which there was general fighting all over the hall with organized cohorts of Irish irreconcilables, about fifteen of whom, including several women, were forcibly ejected by the police.

BRITISH DESTROYER LOST.

LONDON, May 5.—The loss of a torpedo boat destroyer and of probably one officer and sixty-one men is announced by the Admiralty in a statement issued last night.

The statement says: "The Admiralty announces that a destroyer of an older type struck a mine May 2 in the English Channel and sank. One officer and sixty-one men are missing, and are presumed to have been drowned."

JUDGE MacGILLIVRAY DEAD.

ANTAGONISH, N.S., May 5.—Hon. Angus MacGillivray, judge of the country court, died suddenly yesterday. The late Judge MacGillivray previous to his elevation to the Bench, took a prominent part in the political life of this province. Twice he contested the Federal seat in the county against the late Sir John Thompson, being unsuccessful both times.

GERMANS USE CHILDREN.

BERLIN, May 5, via London.—It is officially announced that 1,000,000 city children will be placed on farms this summer by the Government. Fifty pfennigs daily will be paid for each child, except in East Prussia, where the farmers who suffered from the Russian invasion have refused any pay.

LABOR LEADERS CO-OPERATED

SYDNEY, N.S., May 5.—Glace Bay representatives state that the leaders of the P.W.A. and the U.M. W. have decided to come together with the object of forming an entirely new organization. This decision was arrived at yesterday at a meeting of representatives of both rival organizations.

COMPLAIN OF SEWERS.

A delegation from Mercier Ward interviewed the Board of Control yesterday and said the residents were in a sorry plight, owing to insufficiency of sewers in that part of the city. The delegates said that sewage from the higher parts of the city overflowed through the manholes, gullies, toilets, and sinks in certain parts of the ward. The Controllers promised to look into the difficulty.

Lip Reading for the Adult Deaf

Miss Wadleigh, who has been teaching for six years in Montreal and Toronto, will be in Montreal after May 15th. Any persons who wish to take lessons are requested to write to her—2 Grosvenor St., Toronto, or c/o Montreal Star.

Caledonian Society of Montreal
"Empire Day"
JUVENILE PATRIOTIC CONCERT AND EXHIBITION OF HIGHLAND AND INTERNATIONAL DANCING BY CALEDONIAN PUPILS, in MONUMENT NATIONAL, ST. LAWRENCE BLVD., on THURSDAY, 24th MAY, 1917, at 8:15 P.M.
TICKETS—25c, 50c and 75c. ALL SEATS RESERVED.
To be had at C. W. Lindsays, 512 St. Catherine St. W., or members of Caledonian Society Executive. Box plan opens Monday, 7th May. 107 2 eod.

Dominion Park
will open for the season
NEXT SATURDAY
19th. May

HOTELS—NEW YORK
Prince George Hotel
Fifth Ave & 28th Street
NEW YORK
Grand Foyer for Ladies and Gentlemen on Ground Floor
GEORGE H. NEWTON, Manager, formerly of Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, and Parker House, Boston
One of the most beautifully appointed hotels in New York
800 Rooms—All With Bath
Highest standards. Moderate prices. Unexcelled cuisine. Central location, near shops and theatres. One block from Elevated and Subway stations. Room and bath $2 and up; two persons $3 and up. Parlor, Bedroom and Bath $5 and up.
205 58 2aw

ARENA, JUNE 8th—SONG RECITAL
ANNA CASE
Famous American Soprano of Metropolitan Opera Company.
Benefit Montreal Children's Hospital.
Subscription Lists now open at Willis & Co., and Archambault's.

RITZ-CARLTON — NEXT MONDAY EVE
ISOLDE
MENGES
PRICES $1.00, $1.50—SEATS NOW SELLING at LINDSAY'S and ARCHAMBAULT'S
103 5

Baseball Montreal vs. Providence
TO-DAY ATWATER PARK 3 p.m.
TO-MORROW NATIONAL LACROSSE GROUNDS, 3 p.m.

St. Martin's Church
(Cor. St. Urbain and Prince Arthur Sts.)
ORGAN RECITAL
BY
A. H. EGG, F. R. C. O.
Tuesday, 8th May, 8.15 p.m.
Assisted by the Choir of the Church.

LIMOUSINES
TAXI
PHONE UP. 4600
TOURING CARS
276 156eod

THE 66th ANNUAL MEETING
OF THE
Young Men's Christian Association of the City of Montreal
will be held in the Building, 127 Drummond Street, on Tuesday Evening, May 8th, 1917. Annual Tea at 6:30; Business Meeting at 7:30. Members and Subscribers are invited to attend.
A SPECIAL MEETING of the Active Members of the Association will also be held on Tuesday Evening, May 8th, at the close of the Annual Meeting, to authorize the renewal and enlargement of the Mortgage at present carried on the Buildings of the Association.
J. W. KNOX, President.
C. K. CALHOUN, General Secretary.
Montreal, May 5th, 1917.

LINDSAY
Isolde Menges
The noted English Violinist is giving a recital at the Ritz-Carlton, on Monday, May 7th. Miss Menges has selected the Steinway Piano for her accompaniments.
C. W. LINDSAY LIMITED
512 St. Catherine St. W.
106 2

PLAZA DANCING STUDIO
1009 Mt. Royal Ave. E., cor. Papineau.
ASSEMBLY TUESDAY.
BEGINNERS' CLASS THURSDAY.
EDWIN M. McKEOGH, Instructor.
Admission 25 cents.

RITZ DANCING STUDIO
(Lessons the Lessons)
Instruction continues until June 30th.
Make appointments now.
186 PEEL ST. UP. 8029.
192 6

WOOD HALL
GORDON AVE.—WELLINGTON CAR.
LEARN TO DANCE
BEFORE VACATION TIME.
Another huge success. To accommodate all the New Pupils now joining our
DANCING CLASSES
and avoid overcrowding, classes will be held every Tuesday, Thursday and Friday. 8:30 P.M. Admission 25c. Phone Vic. 900.
Assembly Saturday, 9 P.M.
106 2

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188 Hutchison St.
PHONE UPTOWN 1428
Horses for Hire. Riding Instruction.
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DANCING
Annex Dancing Academy
142 Fairmount Ave. W.
Assembly To-Night
All the latest dances
Class Mon. and Thurs.
Charles W. Norman
Instructor.
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To-Night at 8.30
LATE NIGHT
DANCE
at the
Auditorium Studios,
229 ONTARIO WEST.
NOVEL FEATURES and ATTRACTIONS.
Celeste Orchestra. Couple 50c.
PRIVATE LESSONS DAILY at any Hour.

Circulation of the Star The circulation of The Daily Star last week exceeded 600,000, being a daily average exceeding **100,00** The excess has run from 70,000 to 350,000 a week. All such excess circulation is included in the over-weight in our guarantee to advertisers.

The Montreal Daily Star.

Advertisers' Guarantee: In all contracts for advertising in The Star advertisers have the right to demand guarantees, and may embody the following figures as minimums. Excess over these figures to be treated as over-weight not charged for:

Monday	95,600
Tuesday	95,800
Wednesday	95,800
Thursday	95,800
Friday	95,880
Saturday	96,000
Weekly Star	136,500

VOL. XLIX., No. 107 The Weather: FAIR and COOL MONTREAL, ~~SATURDAY~~ MAY 5, 1917 PRICE ONE CENT

THE HIGH COST OF LIVING.

COMMISSIONER IS READY TO PROCEED RE MONTREAL MILK

Mr. O'Connor Will Undertake Necessary Procedure if City Defaults in Obligations as to Cost of This Food

A man who is annoyed by a mosquito and hasn't the energy to brush it away, deserves to be annoyed. This puts the Montreal milk situation in a nut-shell, according to an official intimation received by the chairman of the Baby Welfare Committee from W. F. O'Connor, acting commissioner on the cost of living.

Montreal is the prototype of the aforesaid man—the cost of milk the mosquito.

But Mr. O'Connor holds out a ray of hope to the citizens of Montreal, for he says that if the city defaults in its obligations and will not undertake an investigation of the milk question he—in his official capacity—will undertake the necessary procedure.

This city has the authority to investigate, to apply to the Attorney-General of the province and to obtain his leave to prosecute, declares Mr. O'Connor in black and white.

On this point he takes direct issue with Controller Ainey, chairman of the civic committee on the high cost of living. It will be remembered that the Baby Welfare Committee approached the city towards the end of March with the request that the committee appointed by the Board of Commissioners take action to reduce and regulate the price of milk under the Order-in-Council respecting the high cost of living, promulgated in November last.

APPEAL TO OTTAWA.

The members of the Baby Welfare Committee were not satisfied with Controller Ainey's written answer to their request, so they straightway sent it to Ottawa to W. F. O'Connor, Acting Commissioner of the Cost of Living. Controller Ainey had said in part:

"The law department has explained that the powers of the city are limited by this enactment to requiring from dealers, etc., a sworn statement showing the quantity and price of purchase ant sale of certain necessaries of life, when a complaint is laid and a specific case is pointed out of disproportionate prices having been charged. This information may be sought under oath only when specific complaints have been made against proprietors of warehouses, dealers, etc., as regards the cost price and the sale of their goods."

Controller Ainey went on to say that before the civic committee could act in the case of milk, specific complaints must be made against certain companies or individuals after which the accused parties would be asked to supply the city with information regarding cost of milk, sale price, etc. Such information would then be transmitted to the Dominion authorities who would take action if they deemed fit after the Attorney-General of the province had examined the whole record and given the necessary authorization to take proceedings.

Such a slow and indirect method of procedure appeared to the Baby Welfare Committee to be not only unnecessary but totally contrary to the spirit of the Order-in-Council respecting the high cost of living, and now they have the word of the acting commissioner of the cost of living under the Federal Government to bear them out. In a letter received by the committee from W. F. O'Connor, he says:

DOES NOT AGREE.

"I want to take straight issue with the contention that Controller Ainey submits to you as that of the law department of the City of Montreal."

Mr. O'Connor's letter, from which the extracts that follow have been taken, was submitted to Controller Ainey without delay but the effect was nil. The letter has been returned to the Baby Welfare Committee without comment. But the end is not yet, for the Baby Welfare Committee has appointed a sub-committee to investigate the question further, and the organization, which is composed of representatives from all the leading philanthropic societies, hospitals, charities, etc., of the city, has determined not to let the matter stand.

Mr. O'Connor says in his letter to the chairman:

"Under the Order-in-Council concerning cost of living, it is the City of Montreal which has authority to investigate. It does not seem to have done so. After it has investigated and has discovered the conditions and has concluded that these conditions would justify criminal prosecution, it should communicate direct with the Attorney-General of the province of Quebec and obtain his leave to prosecute. It is very plain, according to the terms of the Order-in-Council, that it is only in the case where the investigation by a municipality has failed to elicit the whole truth or where further investigation is necessary, that the Minister of Labor need be resorted to at all."

Mr. O'Connor does not hesitate to make a series of plain statements with regard to the inaction of the City Council. He says:

"It has not passed the necessary resolutions, nor has it issued any questionnaires to milk dealers, nor of course received any replies, nor passed upon these replies, nor done any of the other things as respects a milk investigation, that the Order-in-Council authorizes and requires."

UP TO CITIZENS.

Mr. O'Connor points out that once the facts are elicited it is open to any citizen of Montreal to lay the matter before the Attorney-General of the province.

Controller Ainey's contention that the city can only investigate after a specific complaint has been laid and a specific case of disproportionate charges pointed out, receives no sympathy from Mr. O'Connor. He says:

"There is nothing whatever in the regulations justifying this contention."

The Federal Department of Labor has jurisdiction to investigate even as to the purely local matter of milk in a municipality, but as Mr. O'Connor says, the municipalities being vested with the necessary jurisdiction and being so much better informed concerning local conditions than the Department of Labor can be, ought to proceed with such investigation to the limit of their powers before invoking the aid of the Federal authorities. He continues:

"I disagree with the paragraph of Controller Ainey's letter wherein he states the course of an investigation. After a municipal inquiry, if facts are discovered justifying prosecution, the municipality should cause prosecution. If, after being exercised to the full its examining powers, the municipality has, nevertheless, failed to secure the necessary information to enable it to come to a conclusion as to whether there has been an offence against the regulations or whether there has not, then, and only in such a case, ought the municipal authorities to resort to the Dominion authorities for further investigation.

"If you will communicate with Controller Ainey again, submitting him the contents hereof, I have hopes that you will be able to make progress. If you write me again and tell me that the City of Montreal will not do as you desire it to do, I shall take this investigation on."

SYMPATHY HERE FOR BOY ORDERED TO THE SCAFFOLD

Returned Soldiers Interested in Case of Patrick Spain

A good deal of local sympathy has been aroused with regard to the case of Patrick Spain, the sixteen-year-old boy condemned to be hanged at Winnipeg on May 15. As the boy is a discharged soldier, returned soldiers have been particularly interested in him, and large numbers of them are signing the petitions that will be sent to the Minister of Justice in the boy's behalf.

Mrs. Frances Fenwick Williams has been actively engaged in circulating two of these petitions. In speaking of Spain's case to The Star last evening, Mrs. Williams said:

"The facts are not even known to the majority of those who are permitting his sentence to pass unchallenged. Most of the people do not even know that his father is fighting at the front, while we are preparing to hang his son.

"INADEQUATE DEFENSE."

"Most people do not know that this boy was without the necessary money and influence to provide himself with an adequate defence. Even if he is guilty of the crime of which he is accused, the fact that he was honorably discharged from the army on account of nervous debility makes it a crime that he should die for his act. The returned soldiers in Montreal feel very keenly the cruelty of condemning to an ignominous death a young boy who has fought side by side with them in France. As one of them said to me: 'If the gentlemen who are so ready to hang him had been through what we've been through, I guess they'd have another think coming to them.'

"I should like to point out that the fifteenth of May is drawing very near. If this boy, who was willing to fight and die for his country, goes to the scaffold on that date, we shall go down to future ages as barbarians and worse."

Flight Lieut. Egbert Cadbury, D.S.C., R.N.A.S., the young man who brought down a Zeppelin, was married to Miss Mary's Forbes Phillips, in her father's church at Gorleston, England.

SCHOOL HEADS TO SEE CITY COUNCIL.

Representatives of the different Protestant churches of the city will meet the members of the City Council on Monday morning at 11 o'clock to discuss the appointment of the city's representative on the Protestant board of School Commissioners, to succeed ex.-Ald. W. S. Weldon, whose term of office will expire on June 30 next.

DEATH SENTENCE FOR JOHN HOGUE IS COMMUTED

Special Staff Correspondence.

OTTAWA, March 5.—Executive clemency has been extended by the Government to John Hogue, who has been under sentence of death at Windsor for the murder of Marshall Jackson, an immigration inspector. In place of hanging next week Hogue goes to penitentiary for life. When the crime was committed last winter he was being deported to Michigan after being brought from Winnipeg in the custody of Jackson. As the train was nearing Windsor, Hogue pulled a revolver and Jackson was shot and killed instantly. The prisoner's story was that it was accidental and that, while he intended to bluff the officer with the idea of escaping, he did not intend to murder him. After the killing he jumped the moving train, but was captured.

The case is a peculiar one inasmuch as for, possibly the first time the jury indicated specifically that the man was found guilty under the clause of the criminal code which defines as murder a case where a person intends to cause grievous bodily harm and is reckless as to whether or not death ensues. Hogue's defence was that he pointed the revolver, which he had stolen from Jackson's grip, at the inspector, and that when he bent over to pick up his own grip the arm went off accidentally, presumably from the jar of the train. What lends color to this theory on examination at the Justice Department, though it was not done at the trial, the revolver would not stay cocked.

Hogue is given the benefit of the doubt. He was being deported to Michigan to undergo trial for burglary. He comes of a good family, being a grandson of a Chief Justice of Virginia.

IRISH QUESTION NEARER END THAN EVER, SAYS "T.P."

O'Connor Expects Settlement of Home Rule Before Long

ULSTER PROBLEM STILL UNSOLVED

Carson Too Busy to Put Heart Into Irish Peace ...

Special Star Cable by T. P. O'Connor.

LONDON, May 5. — There is no doubt in the mind of any thinking man that the Irish question is closer today to a settlement than it ever has been, and that not a great deal of time will now elapse before it will be adjusted. Nevertheless not all the difficulties have yet been overcome.

Several weeks ago I made a prophecy, and I am more certain now than I was then even, that it will be fulfilled. I said then that there would be another failure to settle the question, and that after that failure there would come a final act that would bring the entire thing to a conclusion.

If the preliminary failure is made, as I believe it will be, it will come because of the differences that exist between the two Irish parties, especially because of the apparent impossibilty of reconciling the Ulstermen and the Orangemen.

Appeals to Great Britain to yield to Ireland her freedom are coming from all parts of the civilized world. Especially strong are the appeals from America. These expressions of strong desire that Ireland shall be permitted to govern herself, coming at a time when the whole world is engaged in a desperate battle against serfdom, while they have a certain influence on a part of the British Empire, leave both Ulstermen and Orangemen cold—even untouched.

ANSWER WITH SCORN.

Some Orange organs in Belfast have answered the appeals from America with scorn. They remain immovable up to the present in their demand that six counties be the portion excluded from the Home Rule that is bound to come, and soon. They are not willing apparently to ask the inhabitants of these counties, by a plebiscite, what are their own views and desires as to their political destinies.

A review of the conditions in these counties would readily explain why. Their demand involves the exclusion from the Irish Parliament of the counties of Fermanagh and Tyrone, though in them I believe the people are for Home Rule by a decisive majority. If the question were placed before these counties and the result determined by their vote, there is no question but that they would stand, as they have always stood, for release from the British Crown.

Two of the other counties are Derry and Armagh, where the Orangemen are in a majority, it is true, but by such a small percentage as to justify the hope of the minority that they also would be carried away by the flowing tide that is in favor of Home Rule.

REASONS FOR DELAY.

The chief delay at this juncture in the Government making a statement of its proposals is largely due to the vain efforts of Lloyd George to break down this obstinate Orange attitude of Opposition. The Premier seems to be unable to appreciate that these people are irreconcilable and that all he can do, and all time can effect, will have no good result.

Some say that Carson is to blame for the delay, and that to convert him is Lloyd George's chief difficulty; but this is an erroneous supposition. Carson is just now too much absorbed in his own difficulties and those of his department, too intense in his determination to win the war, and too impressed that this is his first duty, to push the Ulster claims.

On the other hand, he is too closely bound to the Orangemen not to feel that he is bound to stand by whatever demands they may make, even though he may consider them unreasonable.

Again, while Carson's presence in the Ministry is not vital to Lloyd George's position there, which now depends mainly upon Unionist support, the Premier might be seriously menaced if Carson should resign.

REASONS FOR HASTE.

The difficulty on the other side is that there is still violent unrest in Ireland, partly due to the continuation of the resentment which produced the rebellion a year ago and partly to the very slow dying down of the anger created by the executions that followed it. There is still a further difficulty, in that partition in any shape or form has grown more than ever distasteful since the negotiations of last July. The idea of partition, also, has found strong opposition in a new group of young Tories who are one of the strongest of the new forces on the side of Home Rule.

Apart, therefore, from the insistent necessity there was for him to go to France to consult the leaders over there on the war, Lloyd George must have found not a little relief in leaving the Irish question behind him and getting a little breathing time in which to discover a means for escape from the morass of the difficulties that surround him.

Whatever may be the immediate result, there will certainly be a change made in the Home Rule Act, which enlarges enormously the liberties originally conferred. By that act Ireland's increased war taxation has freed her from a deficit of 2,000,000 pounds, which she owed annually to the Imperial Exchequer, representing the difference between the cost of Government and the yield of the Irish taxes. This balance being against Ireland, the result was that there was imposed in the Home Rule Act great restrictions against Ireland controlling her own finances. With the disappearance of this deficit, naturally the restrictions must also disappear, and so the new proposals will confer practical and physical autonomy in fiscal matters.

ULSTER PROBLEM UNSOLVED.

The Ulster problem, however, remains unsolved. Escape may be found in county option, bringing about a plebiscite, which would certainly result in the excluded territory being limited to four, perhaps even three. This or any other form of partition, however, cannot be approved, cannot even be accepted, by the Irish party, unless three conditions arise:

The first of these is that it shall be imposed upon them by the overwhelming voice of the Imperial party.

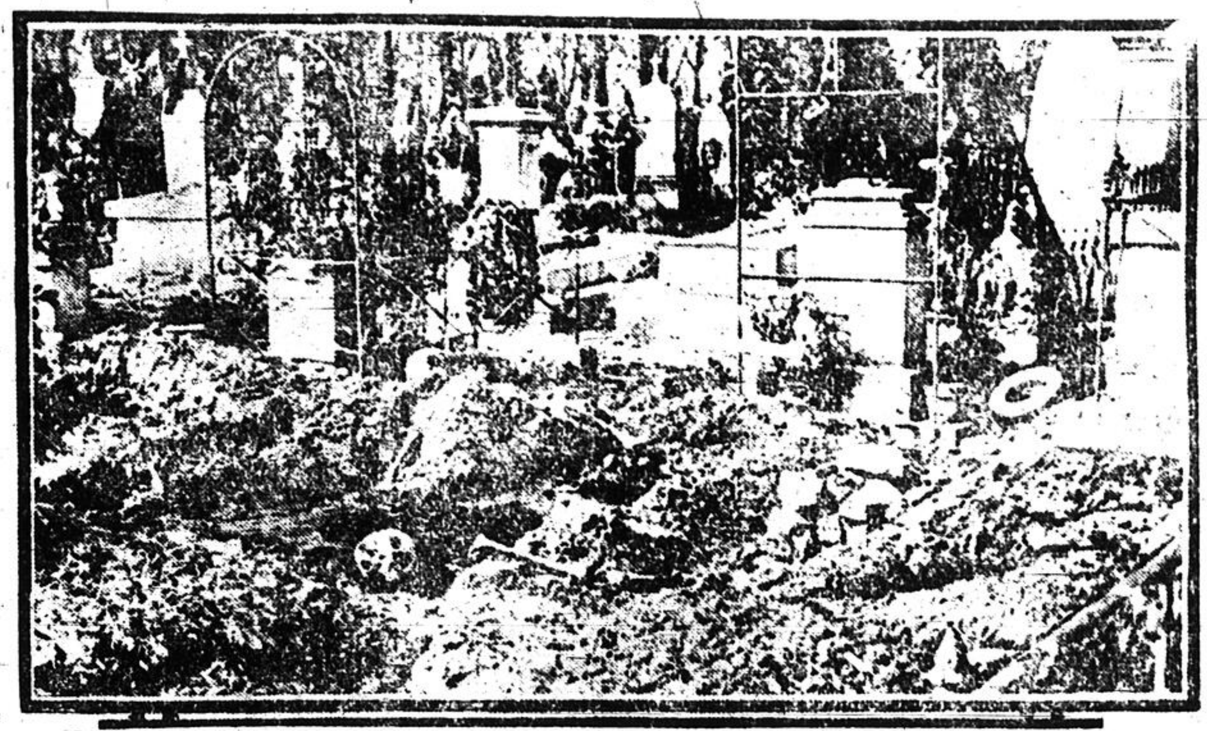
The second, that it shall be made clear that the expedient is merely temporary.

The third, that Irish opinion shall indicate clearly a readiness to allow their representative to try this unpromising experiment.

Thus, it must be apparent, the situation remains difficult and uncertain; but I am convinced that the world forces will compel an early settlement. Nevertheless, the friends of Irish liberty and of cordial co-operation between America and the Allies, ought not to relax their efforts to induce the warring British parties to close for all time this disastrous controversy.

T.P.O'Connor

WHERE HUNS ROBBED GRAVES OF LEAD CASKETS



The cemeteries at Noyon, France, after the retreating Germans had withdrawn. The enemy is charged with using the lead caskets for munitions purposes.

ICE BLOCKING LAKE.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Ont., May 5—The C. P. R. steamer Athabasca and the Huronic have succeeded in nosing their way through the ice at Whitefish, but fifty other boats are still in ice patch while over one hundred other vessels are waiting for an opportunity to get through. A north wind is keeping the ice in Whitefish Bay, and already has established a record for delaying lake navigation as boats can usually proceed to head of lakes before the end of April.

AMERICAN NAVAL EXPERTS PLAN TO BOTTLE UP SUBS

Think British Authorities Are Going Wrong Way About Business

WOULD CLOSE UP NORTH CHANNEL

Instead of Chasing Subs, Would Confine Them To Given Area

Special to The Star.

WASHINGTON, May 5. A plan for bottling up the German submarines in the North Sea is being urged by the ablest naval strategists here. The American plan has been presented to the naval experts of the British Commission.

It is pointed out that what the British navy is doing in pursuing the submarine in the waters where the destruction of shipping is most severe violates every recognized principle of naval strategy. The rule of naval strategy is that one must either seek out the enemy fleet and destroy it, or, failing that, to contain it within some limited area some port or sea whose mouth or mouths can be closed. This is what the English fleet has done with respect to the surface fleet of Germany.

But with regard to submarines, the British are not even fulfilling the first requirement of naval strategy, to seek out the enemy fleet and destroy it, it is urged.

It is true that the British are destroying submarines, but that is largely incidental to the protection of merchant shipping. In a word, the British policy toward the submarine is purely defensive, instead of offensive. It is no secret that the British, like almost everybody else who has had to do with this war, has miscalculated its duration and its difficulties. Last summer the British naval authorities were confident that the war was being won on the land, on the West front. They were over-impressed with the evidence of German exhaustion and depression.

THE AMERICAN PLAN.

In brief, the American plan is to do at the north end of the North Sea precisely what has been done in the south end. The English Channel is so guarded with nets, mines and armed patrol boats, with hydroplanes and "blimps" that German submarines practically never make their way from Germany to the Atlantic Ocean by the southern route. I believe that there is only one known recent instance of submarines making their way out by the channel, and that was after a severe storm or during one which interefered with the work of patrol and perhaps loosened mines and nets.

The British were forced to close the channel to U-boats early in the war in order to keep open the passage to France. This was vitally necessary in order that armies could be transported to the West front and maintained there. The job was done so thoroughly that the channel is practically as safe to cross as any water in the world.

Closing of the northward exit from the North Sea is a much greater task than closing the channel to U-boats, but in the opinion of naval strategists here it is entirely feasible. If the money and material spent on chasing U-boats could be concentrated on closing the north end of the North Sea, that submarine route could be effectively guarded in six months. All that is needed is agreement upon this policy and a strong able executive to carry it out.

The materials required are all such as can be quickly manufactured. Nets and mines do not take long to produce. And agreement on this policy would release for this single purpose a great many boats which would otherwise have to be diffused upon the surface of the waters. For example America will have to patrol its own coast line if submarines are let out as at present. If they are contained in the North Sea our coast patrol may be added to the British vessels available for this purpose to watch the northern outlet into the Atlantic Ocean.

Arming merchantmen, which Admiral de Chair, the British Naval Commissioner here, recently described as the most hopeful way of guarding against submarines, is proving disappointing. The building of ships to replace those being destroyed offers little hope. In six months from now, if the estimates of quickened production are realized, the Allied and neutral production of ships will fall several hundred thousand tons short of equalling the present rate of submarine destruction. And there is always the fear that Germany is producing submarines faster than they are being captured or sunk, and will increase her ravages upon the seas.

GOES TO COURT OF APPEALS.

OTTAWA, May 5. The appointment of the Hon. D. M. Eberts, of Victoria, former Attorney General of British Columbia, as a member of the Court of Appeals of that Province, is announced.

THE WEATHER

FAIR AND COOL.

Probabilities—Fresh to strong northeast winds generally fair and cool.

Northern New England Rain south, rain or snow north Saturday, Sunday fair, except rain or snow in Maine; continued cool, increasing east winds becoming strong.

A moderate disturbance is centred tonight to the south of the Great Lakes, causing strong northeast winds and cool weather over the greater part of Ontario. The temperature has remained fairly high today in Manitoba, and has risen in the northern districts of Saskatchewan.

EFFECT OF MOVING WEEK UPON REALTY IS GENERALLY FELT

Fewer People Moving Than Usual, But Those Have Disturbed the Even Tenor of Real Estate Market—Different Opinions Expressed

Moving week is now over!

The familiar sight of the midnight moving van in the pouring rain, with the birdcage perched high aloft to [illegible] upturned rocker, has disappeared from view. Some [illegible] families have changed their addresses, and in so doing have wrought an upheaval in the even tenor of the real estate market.

"The moving is about over now," said Chadock Simpson to The Star yesterday. "Possibly there were fewer people moving this year than usual as everyone is forced to economize these days, and moving is an expensive luxury. Rents are about the same in most cases, except where they were greatly reduced at the beginning of the war. Thus, the owners of these flats and apartments are trying to bring the rents back to normal.

SOME FLATS VACANT.

"I hear of some flats still vacant in the northern end of the city, but the central districts are pretty well filled up. There are a fair number of offices still unlet, also warehouses and factory floors. On the whole there is little buying and selling going on. Vacant lots are dull, as contractors are finding difficulty in obtaining investors for a real estate proposition. However, we look for things to pick up again at the close of the war."

The report of the conditions in real estate at the office of J. E. Wilder was quite optimistic. Most of their flats had been rented, leaving very few for October tenants. The market for "sale" was looking up they said, and higher class residences showed a marked improvement. Vacant lots were changing hands, and a few of the well located lots were in demand but prices were low. In their opinion today's selling price of lots was remarkably low, being very cheap in comparison with prices two or three years ago, and in many cases below their present assessed values. "There are exceptional offerings for speculative buyers," they declared.

A WAITING LIST.

All our flats are rented, said W. Ernest Bolton, now of 39 Canada Life Building. "Our apartment houses are all filled, and we still have a long waiting list for next autumn. Rents, if anything, are higher, for apartments in particular, where prices have gone up ten or twenty dollars a month, owing to the unusual demand. Houses along the lake shore are higher this summer, but are renting well, nevertheless. Flats are bringing about the same rental. The only houses that are really slow are the old-fashioned houses with basement and three storeys. Even these could be disposed of readily if the owners would put in hardwood floors, modern plumbing and electric fixtures. Modern houses in Westmount have sold well this spring."

"Out of a thousand different items of real estate on our books," said John Findlay, "not one per cent is left vacant. Our experience has been that rents have increased slightly in all lines, as the supply is not equal to the demand. The increased cost of building materials is interfering with building, but in time the demand for accommodation will overrule this condition. Buyers are hesitating, and there will be likely little doing until the war is over. The fact remains that Montreal has stood the crisis better than any other Canadian city."

PROVINCIAL AND FEDERAL DUTY TO RETURNED MEN

OTTAWA, May 5. Misunderstanding which has arisen as to the relative responsibility of the Dominion and the Province in relation to returned soldiers is sought to be cleared up by a memorandum which has just been issued. It points out that at an interprovincial conference here in October, 1916, in order to prevent overlapping it was agreed that the Dominion Government should care and provide for soldiers incapacitated for employment, or for those requiring especial training and treatment before undertaking employment.

On the other hand, each of the provinces was to endeavor to find employment for discharged soldiers who, on their return to Canada, are physically fit to assume such employment. This plan has been and is being carried out.

Since the war broke out 961 interned aliens have at various times been engaged in public works in Canada. There were 212 Germans, 139 Turks and 261 Austrians. None was employed in industrial works. A return submitting this information to the House explains that the work in question consisted of clearing land and building roads and ditches all for purposes of experimental farms.

When Joseph Kraus, a German, of Merrill, Wis., was a young man in his native land he was injured while at work, and under a Government Compensation act he was awaded $24 a year for life, or until he became a citizen of another country. He now wants to forfeit this amount to become an American citizen.

BRITAIN THANKS CANADA FOR HER OFFER OF GRANTS

THE MONTREAL STAR OFFICE, 20 Cockspur Street, London, May. 5.

Yesterdays meeting of the Empire Land Settlement Committee is regarded as the most satisfactory from the Canadian point of view. The Canadian Government, through the Hon. Robert Rogers, was warmly thanked for the generosity of Canada's land grant and free loan to British ex-soldiers, details of which I have already cabled. The terms are said to be more liberal than those of any other Dominion.

This fact, and Canada's nearness should result in a large British emigration to Canada of tried men who possess adequate initial capital in the form of pensions.

By the terms of a resolution of the Imperial War Conference, the British Government pledges itself to take all possible means to keep emigration within the Empire.

The Hon. Mr. Rogers does not confirm or deny the rumors that he is to assume shortly the post of High Commissioner, and says that it is not in order to discuss the question.

WINDERMERE.

DR. GEO. H. KENT
DENTIST
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CANADA'S HONOR ROLL

THIRTY-FOUR NAMES OF MONTREALERS IN LATEST CASUALTIES

By Canadian Press.

OTTAWA, May 5.—The noon and night casualties numbered [illegible] of whom thirty-one were Montrealers, six killed in action, three presumed to have died, twenty wounded and two missing. The night list was from the fighting at Arleux. [illegible] Easter Monday [illegible]

MONTREAL LIST.

132034 L.-Cpd. F. A. Patterson, 33 Torrance St., killed.

133087 G. Bussneaux, 220 St. Antoine St., wounded.

418163 H. James, 403 Galt avenue, wounded.

302937 Gr. T. J. Fraser, 618 Beaudry Ct., wounded.

177281 J. Leitch, wounded.

132622 E. Kynnersley, onette Station, wounded.

841784 T. Brown, 467 Joliette Street, wounded.

841212 H. McFadyen, 82 Irebe Street, wounded.

841703 W. Johnston, 135 Gordon Ave., wounded.

63586 H. T. Jordon, 22 Laporte avenue wounded.

841349 T. Bridges, 6356 Valmont St., wounded.

189029 J. W. Mitchell, 1127 Molliere St., wounded.

417182 S. Lamoureux, 951 Alma St., wounded.

61250 W. Hamel, 115 Youville Square, killed.

448792 A. Dupuis, 132 de la Roche St., killed.

61222 V. Duquette, 38 Elizabeth St., Longueuil, missing.

120844 J. Nelson, 1196 Mesier Ave., missing.

Lieut Henry Howard Chanter, Next of kin, Joseph Mercer Howard Chanter, care of Miss S. Stephen, 505 Berri street, wounded remained on duty.

132478, Pte. Wm McCallum, next of kin James McCallum (Father), 57 Chambly road, Longueuil, believed killed.

418438, Pte. William Henry Fawden, next of kin Mrs. Hannah Fawden (wife), 1037 Verdun ave., killed.

346869, Act Bomb David Edward Coughtry, next of kin Henry Coughtry (Father), 2090 Esplanade ave., wounded.

3413129, Lance-Corporal Frank Lambert, next of kin Alfred Garrett Lambert (Father), 14 Overdale ave., died.

427197, Pte. J. O. Lafontaine, 383 Charlebois street, wounded.

448213, Pte. Donald Roy, next of kin Mrs. Louis Beaulieu (Mother), 838 Notre Dame street, presumed dead.

46514, Pte. John McQuarrie, next of kin A. P. McQuarrie, King street, presumed to have died.

24751, Lance-Corporal James Alexander Miller, next of kin Mrs. J. A. Miller (Wife), 1250a Berri street, presumed to have died.

429806, Pte. Angus Sauve, next of kin Mrs. Olida Sauve (mother), 1219 St. James street, wounded April 8th.

Capt. A. Major Samuel James Mathewson, next of kin Mrs. C. L. Mathewson (mother), 112 St. Famille street, wounded April 28th.

Major Eric Ogilvy McMurty, next of kin Samuel Arthur McMurty, 29 Tower avenue, Montreal, Que., killed April 28th.

Lieut. Clifford Almond Wells, next of kin Mrs. C. C. S. Wallace (mother), 4831 Western avenue, wounded April 28th.

91639, Sergt. Geoffrey Oliver Merrill, next of kin Walter A. Merrill, 232 St. Famille street, gassed.

Lieut. Arthur Augustus Rollit, next of kin Rev. Canon Rollit (father), 4435 Sherbrooke west, Westmount, wounded slight.

INFANTRY.

Killed in Action.

862526, C. A. Jordan, 14 Charles street, east, Toronto; 766127, A. H. Letch, Toronto; 430723, J. Thompson, Victoria; 430896, J. Florence, Victoria; 643493, W. Thomas, Barrie, Ont.; 213620, W. Redfern, Windsor, Ont.; 135794, C. S. Miller, Swansea; 214315, L. A. Greenshow, Walkerville; 195570, H. Guest, Peterboro, Ont.; 406979, J. W. Hewitt, Hamilton; [illegible], C. Howe, Sarnia, Ont.

Died of Wounds.

302337, W. E. Grant, Calstonville, Ont.; 40130, A. Brehant, Charlottetown, P.E.I.; 128377, W. V. Browne, 43 Mulberry avenue, Toronto; 1187, T. Rankin, Vancouver; 911383, H. W. Huestis, Red Deer, Alberta; 129806, W. Stone, Mystic, Que.; 189172, A. R. Charles, Victoria; 211291, E. Logan, Chippeawa, Ont.; 167622, J. H. Shawn, 219 Picton avenue east, Hamilton; 409372, C. McSorley, S.S. Marie, Ont.

Seriously Ill.

715062, N. S. M. McNut, Truro, N.S.

Missing.

57448, A. E. Lovatt, Toronto; 212456, H. W. Hales, Welland, Ont.; 138628, S. A. Leary, Toronto; 724575, A. B. Tough, Kirkfield, Ont.

Wounded, at Duty.

210453, E. J. Hare, Amical, Ont.; 405849, A. Halliday, 363 King street, west Toronto; 19,109, H. J. Harrison, Ominee, Ont.; 69952, W. Burton, St. John, N. B.

Wounded.

Lieut. L. [illegible] Bloor street west, Toronto; [illegible], T. W. Turner, Regina, Sask.; [illegible], J. J. Corrin, Victoria; [illegible], W. A. Patterson, Vancouver, B.C.; [illegible], E. G. Bryand, Halifax; [illegible], D. Dunn, Toronto; 454396, T. Adams, Smith's Falls, Ont.; 210651, A. L. [illegible], Welland, Ont.; 681688, T. B. Ashworth, Toronto; 1158, J. A. Wannamaker, Red Cliffe; 886553, E. E. Hooper, Holbein, Sask.; 55887, W. L. Maschema, Toronto; 862807, H. G. Ferrier, Toronto; 55415, P. Dattus, 40 Easton St., Toronto; 219163, A. W. Bray, Welland, Ont.

Ill and Wounded.

757903, F. R. Noble, 59 Gore street, Hamilton, Ont.; 472287, W. W. Wright, Denholm, Sask.; 436371, W. Brown, Edmonton, Alb.

Ill.

292046, C. Flament, St. Jean Baptiste, Man.

Prisoner of War.

472609, P. G. Gibbons, Saskatoon, Sask.

Killed in Action.

228166, W. F. Ramsden, 223 McDonell ave., Toronto, Ont.; 681635, E. Simpson, Toronto, Ont.; 121672, S. Legawski, Russia; 126387, L.-Cpl. R. A. Hood, Harriston, Ont.; 164155, J. [illegible], Kilmarnock, Scotland; [illegible] Oberg; 4, Corp. F. A. Patterson, 33 [illegible], Montreal, Que.; 862171, [illegible] Dental [illegible] ave., Toronto; [illegible] Schachte, Walters, Ottawa, Ont.; [illegible] Angus, Hamilton, Ont.; [illegible] Mowry [illegible], N.B.; 793-[illegible] Bonaventure, Que.; D. P. Mowry, Agnew, Bathurst, N.B.; J. Jarjour, [illegible] Jackson, England. [illegible] Martin, South Russia; [illegible] H. H. Pears; [illegible]471, C. J. McDonald, [illegible]; 213029, J. McNally, [illegible] E. M. Onon, Col[illegible]; [illegible] 495, E. Walker, England; [illegible] 5, Mills, Loggieville, N. [illegible] McArthur, Ansonia, [illegible] Raine, Daysland, [illegible] Backman, Old[illegible] Mitchell, Scotland; [illegible]enwirter, Water[illegible] Compton. Elvert McKay, Medicine Hat, Alta.; 697035, C. Samaguchi, Japan; [illegible], C. J. Aylwin, Wetaskiwin, Alta.; [illegible], N. Riley, England; [illegible], A. E. Tinsley, England; [illegible], W. Bell, Calgary, Alta.; [illegible], J. A. Oakes, Keyes, Man.; 292256, W. W. Sammon, Rockwood, Ont.; [illegible], L. Gruet, St. Raymond, Man.; [illegible], A. Corp. T. Leatherbarrow, Calgary, Alta.; [illegible], A. Man, Scotland; 311356, W. V. Stevenson, Edmonton, Alta.; Lieut. C. S. Sparrow, Toronto, Ont.; 808080, A. Atkinson, Calgary, Alta.; 723321, T. Sheridan, 242 College street, Toronto; [illegible], E. Slav, Austria; 291015, J. Cockrill, Winnipeg, Man.; 291451, A. J. Edwards, England; 291123, J. Graham, Scotland; 829730, T. J. Jones, Wales; [illegible], G. H. Little, Boissevain, Man.; [illegible], R. Arnason, England; 127848, C. E. Bowman, Ingersoll, Ont.; 229-410, R. Halliday, Killarney, Man.; 263425, W. H. Remnant, Wonda, Sask.; 461472, F. L. Whyte, Winnipeg, Man.; 229291, W. C. Donne, Winnipeg, Man.; 234096, W. A. Pybus, Winnipeg; 116550, J. Todd, Ireland; 75906, G. H. Webb, England; 121752, S. H. Williamson, England; 175745, J. H. L. McNulty, Niagara Falls, Ont.; 79576, F. H. Glover, Gananoque, Ont.; 79386, F. E. Crains, Chinook, Alta.; 696206, J. H. Rich, Medicine Hat, Alta.; 808090, T. Norman, Vancouver, B.C.; 898197, G. Karput, Russia.

Died of Wounds.

727074, G. Dunham, St. Mary's, Ont.; 443961, R. Robertson, Hedley, B.C.; 696210, J. Bliss, Medicine Hat, Alta.; 153330, D. McLeod, Scotland; 772567, E. J. McDonald, Brantford, Ont.; 745825, A.-Sergt. C. O. Fuller, Watford, Ont.; 461233, A. J. Tooze, England.

72160, E. O. Flaherty, New York, N.Y.; 71278, Sergt. J. A. Kidd, Scotland; 115381, J. Provis, Ireland; 750-13, W. E. Kirby, England; 75207, A. McDermott, England; 696538, S. R. Watling, England; 511430, W. McMillan, Inverness, Que.; 799181, W. Arthur, 235 Laughton Ave., Toronto, Ont.; 2348694, S. Gaffray, St. Pierre, Man.; 441486, J. A. Gaffray, St. Pierre, Man.; 830142, A. S. Power, Scotland; 757033, L. H. Shaw, Hamilton, Ont.; 434692, S. Walkers, Calgary, Alta.

Wounded.

470423, W. Dunham, England; 654047, P. Hitching, Enland; 678208, P. Ellett, 21 Ivy Ave., Toronto, Ont.; 161283, W. A. Munro, Scotland; 129545, A. G. Monds, Mission City, B.C.; 222320, M. Deveau, Dominion, No. 4, N.S.; 222009, Corpl. W. Will, Halifax, N.S.; 222505, J. R. Munroe, Glace Bay, N.S.; 219833, G. Earle, Ireland; 133287, A. A. Chapman, Ottawa, Ont.; 754103, A. E. Alton, Gordon Lake, Ont.; 133087, G. Bussneaux, 220 St. Antoine St., Montreal, Que.; 746123, A. Sgt. W. Hamilton, Oshawa, Ont.; 44881, G. C. Hall, Brooklyn, N.Y.; 775147, W. S. O'Nell, 94 Dundas st., Toronto, Ont.; 790803, R. C. Johnson, Upper Stewackie, N.S.; 790049, M. E. G. Bayley, Australia; 790298, A. Lawrence, East Burn, Alta.; 190266, C. E. Hint, England; 799867, E. G. Onley, 38 Birch Avenue, Toronto, Ont.; 141453, G. Hocker, Hamilton, Ont.; 252030, E. G. Barker, Neidpath, Sask.; 703352, J. Hardman, England; 703557, A. Goodman, Victoria, B.C.; 540232, L. Cpl. C. E. Glendenning, Markham, Ont.; 703122, H. J. Thomas, Vancouver, B.C.; 189811, J. N. Early, St. Thomas, Ont.; 681419, J. W. Sweetland, Toronto; 1216163, L. R. MacKenzie, Stratford, Ont.; 226565, E. M. Findlay, Wyman, Sask.; 261463, M. Armstrong, Edmonton, Alta.; 217032, W. P. McPhee, Sydney, N.S.; 144086, L. C. Stuart, Hull, Que.; 124220, C. D. Mann, St Thomas, Ont.

164513, W. Simons, England; 862390, W. J. Jarvis, 43 Abbott ave., Toronto; 862418, J. T. Caton, England; 669324, J. E. Lockrey, 230 Claremont st., Toronto, Ont.; 219334, L. Phillips, Stola, Ont.; 813142, H. Vandyke, Oshawa, Ont.; 135050, P. E. Cosgrave, 601 Dafoe st., Toronto; 832749, L. Taylor, Wales; 220242, P. Tereschuk, Russia; 808768, H. L. Saunders, Ghost Pine Creek, Alta.; 419122, S. Pye, Barrie, Ont.; 793905, M. Cotreau, Grand Downs, N.B.; 748837, C. Davis, Beebe, Que.; 793874, J. A. McLean, Grand River, P.E.I.; 418163, H. James, 403 Galt avenue, Verdun, Montreal, Que.; 727071, E. R. Sinclair, London, Ont.; 691858, E. L. Davis, 190 Osler avenue, Toronto; 887956, P. Yorchenko, Russia; 871032, E. Reed, England; 106248, P. Farr, 597 Indian road, Toronto; 71235, W. L. Anthony, Boston, Mass.; 186661, W. J. Poorteous, Woodland, Man.; 145879, E. P. Thompson, 761 Ontario street, Toronto, Ont.; 781889, J. T. Knox, Govan, Sask.; 472527, G. [illegible], Prince Albert, Sask.; 886051, C. Johnstone, Mistawasis, Sask.; 155125, A. H. Jennings, England; 472617, C. Kirch, Saskatoon, Sask.; 471341, A. R. Fenton, Kindersley, Sask.; 115350, W. Harris, Ottawa, Ont.; [illegible], R. E. Gill, Saskatoon, Sask.; 790518, W. Webster, Burnaby, B.C.; 75783, Corp. T. McAlpin, Copper Cliff, Ont.; 116300, C. E. Maxwell, Smiths Falls, Ont.; [illegible], C. W. Keach, 254 Salem avenue, Toronto, Ont.; [illegible], E. M. Hunter, Forest, Ont.; [illegible], A. Short, 19 St. Patrick square, Toronto; [illegible], J. Sullivan, Mount Carmel, [illegible]; 799291, A. E. Bonstead, W[illegible], Ont.; [illegible], J. Hannay, Scotland; 437109, A. E. Thompson, Scotland; 700129, J. Albert, Fort William, Ont.

425730, J. E. Caverly, [illegible] River, Man.; 329278, W. Dunn, Scotland; 186742, J. W. Stephenson, England.

Missing.

654197, W. Grant, Clinton, Ont.; 287076, A. A. Grierson, Kentville, N.S.; [illegible], E. Murphy, Halifax, N.S.; [illegible], G. L. Dort, Canso, N.S.; [illegible], M. McDonald, Halifax, N.S.; 282431, C. O. Wentzell, Bear River, N.S.; 127082, P. F. Murray, Tara, Ont.; 688085, J. Trueman, England.

Ill.

687203, R. S. Tasiacker, Chase, B.C.; 283367, S. E. Spinney, Argyle, N.S.; 51806, G. Case, Hamilton, Ont.; 136294, J. R. Galloway, 301 Spadina Ave., Toronto, Ont.; 439750, C. Lewington, England; 642647, H. Chisholm, Thessalon, Ont.

Officially Prisoner of War.

291759, J. L. Bowman, Miami, Man.

Unofficially Wounded and Prisoner of War.

141813, Le.-Corp. C. Yakes, Buffalo, N.Y.

Died.

793080, L. A. Tope, Campbellton, N.B.

Laceration Barbed Wire, Severe.

427752, E. C. Ellis, Saxville, Wis.

Previously Reported Missing, Now Returned to Duty.

87778, K. Buzan, Russian.
127133, T. Baird Weekes, Stratford, Ont.

Contusion, Buried by Shell.

145392, B. Strattder, Winchester, Ont.

MOUNTED RIFLES.

Killed in Action.

116850, J. E. C. Pettigrew, Vancouver, B.C.

472667, T. T. Troughton, England; 160277, R. Wilkinson, England; 129-823, Sgt. G. E. Ball, Revelstoke, B.C.; 130006, R. W. Blaney, Carlisle, Sask.; 472621, A. Clow, England; 129305, W. Duncan, Scotland; 126-683, R. A. Keelan, Mildway, Ont.

Presumed to Have Died.

113061, M. R. Angel, Ottawa, Ont.; 113183, G. Dixon, 210 Trafalgar St., Toronto.

Wounded.

123165, G. Maidment, Forest, Ont.; 11443, Cpl. A. Ross, Scotland; 111-069, D. Cameron, Halifax, N.S.; 748-779, P. Abraham, England; 11136, J. McKinnon, P.E.I.; 129119, Cpl. J. Whitehurst, England.

Ill and Wounded.

835429, W. A. Dafoe, Napanee, Ont.

ARTILLERY.

Killed in Action.

Lieut. C. K. Whittaker, St. John, N.B.

Wounded.

92831, Gunner F. B. Conrad, Georgetown, P.E.I.; 92819, A. Bombardier C. Stewart, Southport, P.E.I.; 2623, Gunner H. M. Robertson, Marshfield, P.E.I.; 302973, Gunner T. J. Fraser, 618 Beaudry St., Montreal.

MEDICAL SERVICES.

Shell Shock.

831198, H. Nixon, Toronto, Ont.

Died.

1729, A. C. Roe, England.

Wounded.

523772, S. Woolley, England.

ENGINEERS.

Killed in Action.

Sapper F. Agate, England.

SERVICES.

Killed in Action.

835573, C. A. Gregg, Vennachar, Ont.; Lieut. G. R. Rogers, Kingston, Ont.

Wounded.

Capt. R. H. McDonald, North Baddeck, P.E.I.; 838867, P. S. Lart, East Linton, Ont.

Missing.

491242, C. B. Brewer, England.

Previously Reported Missing, Reported from Reliable Sources Prisoners of War.

Lieut. F. R. Henry, Edmonton, Alta.

Previously Reported Missing Now Not Missing.

835278, A. Napier, Canonto, Ont.

INFANTRY.

Killed in Action.

447833, R. Henry, England; 907538, G. Prior, England; 442950, Lance-Corp. A. Campbell, Scotland; 701007, W. Lawler, Pleasantville, N.Y.; 725077, G. A. Parkes, Lindsay, Ont.; 775883, S. Somek, 73 Maria street, Toronto, Ont.; 775673, R. Terrell, England; 725236, W. H. Whitehead, Royal Navy; 410413, Sergt. C. Taylor, Ottawa, Ont.; 724104, J. Has[illegible], England; 145328, F. Laronge, Kingston, Ont.; 669965, T. Maloney, Halifax, N.S.; 410833, S. McIlwaine, Ottawa, Ont.; 775148, J. H. Outhwaite, 2253 St. Clair avenue, Toronto, Ont.; 703523, P. McDonald, Peters, P.E.I.; Lieut. R. W. Taylor, Toronto; 720263, J. Baxter, Trail, B.C.; 120150, W. H. Oatway, England; 761221, R. Watson, Vancouver Island, B.C.; 769511, J. Phillips, Serbia; 637161, J. Jones, Belleville, Ont.; 835919, J. Webb, England; 724591, C. J. Cobb, Kingston, Ont.; 410351, J. Lope, Kingston, Ont.; 143862, R. Mundy, England; 410711, R. Cooper, 1043 Shaw street, Toronto, Ont.; 441776, Corp. A. D. Stevenson, St. Thomas, Ont.; 418438, W. H. Fawdon, 1037 Verdun avenue, Montreal, Que.; [illegible], J. F. Gates, 864 Queen street, east Toronto, Ont.; [illegible], B. Pines, England; 841501, S. Thompson, Valleyfield, Que.; [illegible], D. Neverett, Lennoxville, Que.; [illegible], E. M. Pringle, Stanley, N.B.; [illegible], W. H. Legge, Scots Bay, N.S.; 208161, P. Bougoin, Van Buren, Maine; [illegible], J. Bullock, [illegible] High Park avenue, Toronto, Ont.; [illegible], L. R. Clark, Iona, Ont.; 775041, C. H. Cook, Brampton, Ont.; 788289, J. A. Galloway, Westmeath, Ont.; [illegible], F. S. Glover, Gananoque, Ont.; [illegible], P. L. Crains, Chinook, Alta.; 696206, J. H. Rich, Medicine Hat, Alta.; 898197, N. K. [illegible], Russia; 808090, T. Norman, Vancouver, B.C.; 808317, K. Karup, Russia; [illegible], E. A. Rand, New Westminster, B.C.; Lieut. G. Vickery, Ireland; Lieut. J. E. McDonald, Calgary, Alta.

Major E. O. McMurtry, 29 Tower avenue, Montreal; Lieut. H. D. Mason, Canton, Ont.; [illegible], H. W. Cook, 8 Connaught avenue, Toronto; [illegible], A. [illegible], Ont.; [illegible], E. A. [illegible], Foxwood, Ont.; [illegible], Company Sergt.-Major A. Brooks, Vinemount, Wentworth, Ont.; [illegible], Sergt. C. F. Rich, England; [illegible], D. A. Batem, Dunville, Ont.; [illegible], S. Clappison, Peterboro, Ont.; [illegible], D. Coosey, Harretsville, Ont.; [illegible], M. Cromarty, Norway House, Man.; [illegible], W. A. Allan, Calgary, Alta.; 222747, D. LeBlanc, Grand Etang, N.S.; [illegible], C. D. [illegible], Russia; [illegible], T. Ryan, England; [illegible], J. S. Allan, Halifax, N.S.; [illegible], W. [illegible], Morgantown, Ont.

Died of Wounds.

Lieut. G. O. Jackson, England; [illegible], E. Davis, Kindersley, Sask.; [illegible], G. M. [illegible], St. Thomas, Ont.; [illegible], C. [illegible], Fern Glen, Ont.; [illegible], E. L. [illegible], New Lowell, Ont.; 696538, S. R. Wattling, England; Lieut. W. K. Kift, Cannington, Ont.; 475951, A. Lc.-Corp. S. M. Murray, Ireland; 418129, Lc.-Corp. F. Lambert, 14 Overdale avenue, Montreal; 104059, J. McDonald, McPherson, N.S.; 907559, J. McGregor, Scotland; 116565, G. Strath, Hayfield, Man.; 116086, A. MacLeod, Bowmanville, Ont.; 82626, J. J. Frego, Brockville, Ont.; 737033, R. Cumming, Calgary, Alta.; 736649, H. H. Campbell, Marquette, Man.; 718733, A. Whunt, Dropmore, Man.

Missing.

760992, J. Sherring, Vancouver, B.C.; 463844, J. B. Stenstrom, Scotland; 706,-847, A. E. Yardley, England; 126771, S. Johnson, Guelph, Ont.; 766178, J. R. Intlow, Scotland; 441316, S. Rogers, Spalding, Sask.; 760165, R. G. Simm, Vancouver, B.C.; 706890, C. F. Simpson, Victoria, B.C.; 160205, A. McKay, Ttatmagouche, N.S.; 760866, W. F. Redford, England; 760197, F. L. Portmore, St. John, N.B.; 931564, J. Oliver, Greenwood, B.C.; 931528, T. McVeigh, Port Hope, Ont.; 760132, L. Lee, England; 760990, G. W. Robertson, Vancouver, B.C.; 760691, W. C. Willis, Vancouver, B.C.; 791648, C. M. Milne, Victoria, B.C.; 183279, H. T. Cadwallader, Cranbrook, B.C.; 645587, R. W. Gray, Vancouver, B.C.; a28217, A. C. Walker, Vancouver, B.C.; 645350, W. Morton, Vancouver, B.C.; 760286, A. McBay, Scotland; 931385, R. A. McDonald, Peters Road, P.E.I.; 687158, J. MacGillivray, Scotland; 160562, D. McIntyre, Port Elgin, Ont.; 706525, E. W. Latter, Duncan, B.C.; 931477, H. Bittler, Bankhead, Alta.; 654605, A. C. Lock, Scotland; 646126, W. F. Marchant, England; 220,-122, S. Martin, Smith Falls, Ont.; 64603, F. S. May, Vancouver, B.C.; 465774, J. F. Johnstone, Scotland; 645560, F. Jackson, England; 443623, E. M. Ingram, England; 645671, T. J. Cheney, Ireland; 706375, A. Hudson, England. 687578, E. Lambert, England; 474361, A. W. Colls, England; 687465, F. S. Cownie, Scotland; 464492, W. S. Cook, Vancouver, B.C.; 707221, J. D. B. Craig, Salt Spring Island, B.C.; 687769, W. P. Hartland, England; Lieut. A. Campbell, Vancouver, B.C.; 760872, C. Anderson, Vancouver, B.C.; 797122, J. Beck, Nanaimo, B.C.; 646219, J. A. Boucher, Creely, N.B.; 645883, S. J. Bridgeman, Point Grey, B.C.

Missing, Believed Killed.

133478, W. McCallum, 57 Chambly road, Longueuil, Montreal.

Died.

911030, J. D. Munro, Battleford, Sask.; 299872, Sergt. L. J. F. O'Neill, Curlew, Alta.

Presumed to Have Died.

457502, W. Kelly, Nanaimo, B.C.; 759-993, H. J. G. Maybank, Winnipeg, Man.; 160211, Corp. J. C. Gibson, England; 436830, G. Goodland, Wales; 432667, R. Hamilton, Ireland; 702605, A. Rawson, Mandamin, Plymton, Ont.; 25887, R. Slater, 528 Front street, Toronto; 26605, A. Tapp, Ottawa, Ont.; 437025, F. McFell, Riverfield, Que.; 448213, D. Roy, 838 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Que.; 46514, J. McQuarrie, King St. West, Montreal, Que.; L.-Corp. J. A. Miller, 1250a Berri St., Montreal, Que.; 241049, G. C. MacIntyre, Eastport, Maine; a44-163, B. Presong, Lardoise, Richmond Co., N.S.; 436818, J. T. Miller, Bassawa, Alta.; 437819, P. E. Manley, Buckingham, Que.; 64050, J. R. Argue, Cranbrook, B.C.; a44043, D. McGeachy, St. Stephen, N.B.; 449315, A. Paradis, Jackman, Maine; 412774, S. Y. Knapman, Orillia, Ont.; 441254, W. C. B. Bertrand, Manchester, N.H.; 19487, J. Damphouse, St. Lawrence, Mass.; 463-616, H. A. Eden, Vancouver, B.C.; 416-043, J. Shaw, England; 140101, J. Irving, 303 Blackburn ave., Sub-station, Toronto, Ont.; 457551, C. Perrens, England; 602189, J. T. Blackwood, Lion's Head, Ont.; 602, C. S. M. D. G. Parwitt, Keewatin, Ont.; 814, L.-Sergt. W. H. Acheson, Winnipeg, Man.

INFANTRY.

Wounded.

541171, Corp. E. B. Folger, 242 Wellesley street, Toronto; 177086, Lance-Corp. J. L. Mowatt, Ladsford, Ont.; 426048, N. W. Belcher, 576 William street, London; 225117, A. E. Brookes, England; 410391, J. H. Bradley, Whitney, Ont.; 760089, J. Bissett, Scotland; 401778, W. Cook, England; 491115, Lance-Sergt. C. Hastings, (Try Barker street, Toronto); 201510, A. Watterton, Quebec, Que.; 602649, S. G. Lamb, Stratford, Ont.; 802668, S. J. Snake, Thamesville, Ont.; 453006, F. England; 750078, Corp. R. Kelly, Scotland; 192286, J. Hartin, Ireland; 283009, J. Ra Atwell, Melanson, N.S.; 180536, Lance-Corp. J. Thressie, Victoria, B.C.; 102865, A. T. Epson, Vancouver, B.C.; 116054, R. Barton, England; 429806, A. Sauve, 1219 St. James street, Montreal, Que.; 724098, O. Fanning, Lindsay, Ont.; 410935, C. Nunnew, North Lancaster, Ont.; G. Ducharme, Pinewood, Ont.; A40617, J. Woodhouse, Lilly Plain, Sask.; 925541, P. Dankert, Brooking, Sask.; 925455, H. H. Horseman, England; 926001, P. Wintermute, Archive, Sask.; Lieut. A. B. Christie, Marcolin, Sask.; Major M. A. MacPherson, Swift Current, Sask.; Capt. W. R. O'Neil, England; Lieut. S. C. Robertson, next of kin, J. C. Robertson; 736-981, 13th Overseas Battalion; Capt. A.-Major O. J. Mathewson, 122 St. Famille street, Montreal, Que.; Lieut. J. P. Copp, Granville, Ferry, N.S.; 442456, F. O. Gonski, Nelson, B.C.; 706999, J. Kirkwood, Scotland; 811430, W. McMillan, Inverness, Que.; 696210, J. Bliss, Medicine Hat, Alta.; 791046, J. W. Jordan, Burnaby, B.C.; 180794, A. T. Boyle, Afton, N.S.; 790449, G. Blair, Vancouver, B.C.; 228121, N. S. Boynton, Calgary, Alta.; Lieut. H. Morgan, Winnipeg, Man.; Lieut. P. Neal, Enguand; Lieut. A. D. Borden, Wolfville, N.S.; 772041, W. S. Shaw, England; 183713, W. S. Dobbs, England; 4887, J. McIsaac, Amherst, N.S.; 175185, W. Heeley, England; Lieut. F. T. H. Yopnginan, England; Lieut. W. J. Gorring, England; Lieut. A. A. Rollit, 4435 Sherbrooke West, Westmount, Montreal; 463345, S. J. Palmer, Kaslo, B.C.; Capt. G. H. Harrow Mc., Scotland; Lieut. M. M. McGregor, Mc., Brandon, Man.; Lieut. W. G. Cairns, Calgary, Alta.; 874578, E. E. Beckett, Manitou, Man.; 415582, D. Kehoe, Yarmouth, N.S.; Capt. R. M. Beckett, Quebec, Que.; Lieut., Acting Capt. T. C. Floyd, Winnipeg; Lieut. H. H. Chanter, 505 Berri street, Montreal; Lieut. A. C. Lumsden, Vancouver, B.C.; 724576, H. E. Wake, Bethany, Ont.; 252521, H. Wilson, England; 907042, R. A. Whitman, Regina; 925767, E. Belsta, Racine, Wis.; 706491, F. Youngs, England; 703-431, Co.-Sergt.-Major R. S. Wright, Vancouver, B.C.; 788545, M. Gorman, Boston, Mass.; 18477, F. C. Burberry, England; 401086, Tobias, Ireland; 171-284, Capt. C. Brettel, England; 788199, Gaston, Pembroke; 654542, F. C. G. Taylor, Seaforth, Ont.; 261646, E. McKnight, Homewood, Man.; 419486, J. Dillon, Ireland; 775625, R. J. Gillett, 1422 Queen street, Toronto; 428269, P. Gourlay, Ireland; 736655, R. Elliott, Scotland; 426289, Corp. G. Moore, Moose Jaw, Sask.; 874672, Acting-Lance-Corp. W. Olive, England; 427197, J. Lafontaine, 383 Charlebois street, Montreal; 130090, D. Henderson, England; 181108, A. G. McKinnon, Port Hastings, N.S.; 736556, W. E. Colledge, Lethbridge, Alta.; 129409, J. Taylor, England; 706-650, M. Bell, Vancouver; 219434, R. F. Howe, Napine, Ont.; 856880, J. W. Wilson, Clarkburg, Ont.; 907379, W. C. McKay, Port Howe, N.S.; 478700, J. S. Usemenk, Russia; 735989, D. Yates, England; 199195, F. G. Kenge, Midland, Ont.; 198886, J. Sucker, Kenora, Ont.; 275108, A. Smith, Saginaw, Mich.; 255193, S. C. Gallinger, Gallinger, Sask.; 784684, W. W. Mastin, Magog, Que.; 748815, A. Laviolette, Cowansville, Que.; 164094, B. Greaves, Hamilton, Ont.; 799730, N. Macfadin, Scotland; 288595, Sergt. C. Geddes, Lucknow, Ont.

Wounded and Missing.

697030, S. T. Sachiya, Japan.

Reported Missing, Now Rejoined Unit.

Lieut. W. R. Taylor, 61 Hambly avenue, Toronto; 216535, S. A. Wells, England.

Concussion.

463211, F. Zerman, Vancouver Island, B.C.

Gas Poisoning.

442992, J. Lee, England.

Shell Shock and Concussion.

760694, P. Cockere, Vancouver, B.C.

Previously Reported Missing, Now Not Missing.

646126, W. F. Merchant, England.

MOUNTED RIFLES.

Killed in Action.

136305, E. Barber, Newmarket, Ont.; 707067, A. D. Coddington, Seattle, Wash.; 116895, J. Elliott, Vancouver, B.C.; 706475, F. H. Maynard, Victoria, B.C.; 781755, W. A. Nixon, Moose Jaw, Sask.; 227711, F. Gray, Ireland; 748611, J. Rushbrook, England; 710079, J. G. O'Neil, Petersville, N.B.; 748803, S. Oakley, Sherbrooke, Que.; 710128, H. J. Mules, Hammond, N.B.; 887245, L. V. Adams, Penticton, B.C.

MOUNTED RIFLES.

Presumed to Have Died.

106483, Lance-Corp. M. L. A. Pierpont, Shelmouth, Man.; 622979, E. Grant, Winnipeg, Man.; 424474, T. H. Jackson, England; 623046, E. C. Currie, Minneapolis, Minn.; 109149, Lance-Corp. S. H. Longmore, 240 St. Clarens avenue, Toronto, Ont.; 446784, G. Tisdale, Calgary, Alta.

MOUNTED RIFLES.

Wounded.

252011, G. E. Boyce, Embro, Ont.; 292157, G. R. Schrag, Terra Cotta, Ont.; 778071, W. A. Westbeare, Pictou, Ont.; 779043, G. G. Gross, 13 Chapel street, Toronto, Ont.; 706680, D. R. Thornton, Scotland; 425063, O. E. Mayhew, England; 92523, R. Smith, Scotland; 106497, H. W. Putnam, Scotland; 127043, G. R. Sherwood, Stratford, Ont.; 111325, W. Miller, Springhill, N.S.

195702, C. F. Carley, Consecon, Prince Edward Co., Ont.; 195731, W. H. Adams, Peterboro, Ont.; 195516, B. Milmere, Southry, Sask.; 195489, J. T. Millett, Peterboro, Ont.; 748707, E. P. Sutton, Coaticook, Que.; 832455, L. E. Petley, Smiths Corner, Kent Co., N.B.; 171628, E. Fleetaway, Oakville, Ont.; 709696, S. W. Newman, Wilsons Beach, N.B.

Died of Wounds.

748871, G. F. Wilcox, Compton, Que.;

Ill.

709839, F. H. Barton, Gibson, N.B.; 42779, Sergt. H. Loftus, Winnipeg, Man.; 136621, J. R. Doormab, 124 Foreier avenue, Toronto, Ont.; 781337, D. Smith, Moose Jaw, Sask.; 436635, C. Chambers, England.

Fracture.

778496, E. R. Monkman, Lloydtown, Ont.

Gas Poisoning.

718289, C. E. Osborne, England; 552,-664, W. R. Fyfe, Benton, Alta.

(Continued on Page 33.)

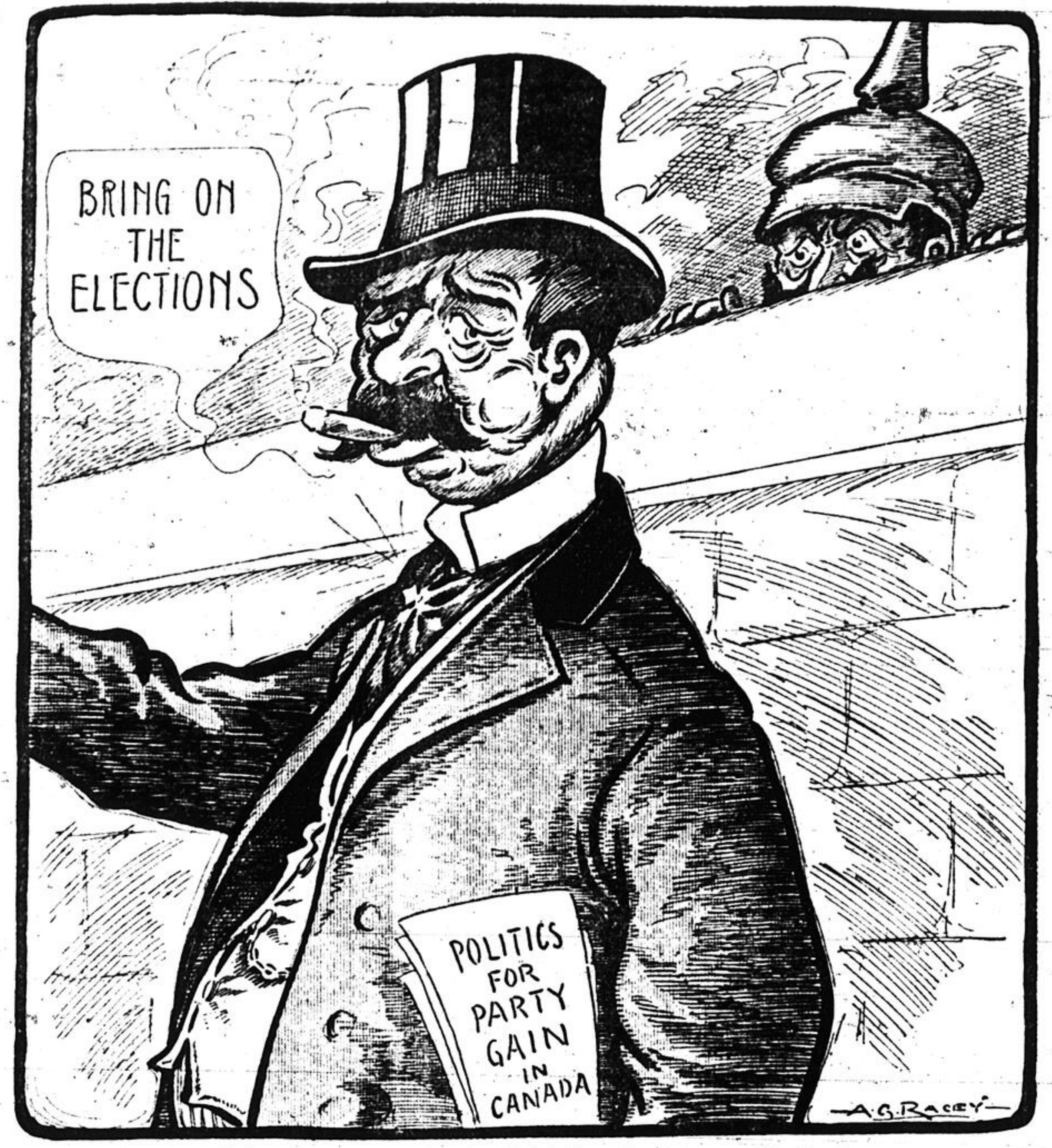
JOFFRE CANNOT COME TO CANADA.

TORONTO, May 5.—In reply to an invitation extended by the University of Toronto to Marshal Joffre to visit this city, the Marshal has replied that his time is too limited to permit of his visiting Canada.

He expresses his appreciation of "the heroism of the Canadian troops who are fighting on the soil of France, and are shedding so generously their blood for a common cause."

The Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, who was also invited, has replied that if he can visit Toronto he will certainly do so.

THE HUNS' ASSISTANT


BRING ON THE ELECTIONS
POLITICS FOR PARTY GAIN IN CANADA
A.G. RACEY

Kaiser (to meanest type of politician):—Go to it, my friend!

BALFOUR CABLES HOME RULE PLEA TO LLOYD GEORGE

(Continued from Page One.)

There is some very bitter criticism of the lack of speed it is showing, and repeated rumors, as indicated last night, that some persons high in office will be called to account for it. Where there is so much smoke there is probably some fire, but some of the criticism is inspired by a zeal which takes no account of practical difficulties. The comment which you hear the most frequently and the one which the apologists for the administration must find it hardest to answer, is the almost total lack of preparation for the crisis which exists after the spectacle of three years of war. Preparation to a reasonable degree at least, they point out, would have been nothing more than ordinary common prudence, like putting an insurance policy on a valuable building. "If a great disaster should befall the United States as the result of this war, Woodrow Wilson would have upon his shoulders an awful weight of responsibility," summed up one man's opinion.

A DANGEROUS BILL BEATEN.

They are making up for lost time along some lines at least, however. For instance, the administration tried to get through the Congress an espionage bill which had it been adopted as it was drafted, might conceivably have resulted in most of the population of the United States being in jail for at least ten years and subjected to a fine of ten thousand dollars for treason.

A clause in this bill established a provision for a censorship which would have made the best efforts of the British and French censors look like a publicity campaign. The House this afternoon threw out the censorship clause by a big majority, and a much milder one,—to which as it seems to me, there can be little objection,—was substituted by a slender majority of five votes. Incidentally this is the first occasion for some time in which the House of Representatives has ventured to override an administration measure. Similarly they are taking the most extraordinary precautions to limit newspaper access to the State, War and Navy building, going so far as to insist that men who have for years spent most of the day there shall have their photographs attached to the passes which they must present at the doors.

"WOODEN SHIPS."

Col. Geothalls refuses to discuss his attitude toward the wooden ship program. I learn tonight, however, that the plan, as such, will be modified after a certain number of the ships have been built. Instead the determination is to concentrate with every available energy on the steel ship. Two hundred thousands tons a month was the figure estimated some time ago as the probable maximum after six months' gradual speeding up, but a tremendous effort will be made to exceed this if it can be done.

NEW WAR TAXATION.

There ought to be something definite known about the incidence of the new war taxation by tomorrow night. The spat which developed between the subcommittee and the main body of the ways and means committee has been healed and the larger body has been working hard since then to get a draft ready for submission to the house. Not much information has been allowed to leak out as to the provisions of it but no matter what they may be there will be loud outcries from those hit.

The alcohol and oil people are particularly nervous, as are the automobile manufacturers. Already there are rumblings of a conflict of opinion between senate and house as to the proper methods of raising the billion eight hundred million which the new taxes are scheduled to produce and the senate is preparing to give hearings, always a lengthy process. It will therefore be some time before the new taxes are determined upon.

If the censorship provision of the Espionage Bill mentioned above created opposition, the new measure authorizing the Administration to fix commodity prices will raise a storm. No such sweepiny powers have ever been sought before. It would permit the President to dictate to the farmer what crops he should plant and to what extent and to commandeer factories, mines, "or other producing establishments," to fix maximum and minimum prices, to regulate exchanges, to impose traffic regulations on the railways, to alter the tariff as he sees fit and to do several other things equally far-reaching and revolutionary. The sponsor for the measure in the House, Chairman Lever of the Agricultural Committee, says there is nothing to be alarmed about the Bill; that it is not aimed at legitimate business acaivities and that the power given by it is not sought to be exercised save in great emergencies. There may, of course be reason for this most striking Bill, but I very much doubt that the opinion of either House or Senate would tolerate the delegation of any such autocratic authority to the President. They have showed what they think of the principle of giving Mr. Wilson extraordinary power to use at his discretion in their treatment of his spy measure, and this Bill will get short shrift in its present form at least.

E. J. ARCHIBALD.

WAR NEWS OF ONE YEAR AGO TODAY.

Two Zeppelins shot down by British warships, one off the coast of Schleswig, and another at Salonika. At Avocourt, Germans gained a footing in French advanced trench.

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LT.-COL. BLONDIN MAKES AN APPEAL TO FRENCH CANADA

Declares There is Opportunity for All to Do Share

TWO RECRUITS AT GRAND MERE RALLY

Impressive Speech by ex-Postmaster-General on Duty

Special to the Star from a Staff Correspondent.

GRANDE MERE, May 5.—An appeal to the men of the Province of Quebec to vindicate the honor of the Province and offer their services to the Empire in munition shops, on the farms, or on the battlefield was made by Lt.-Col. Blondin at the opening meeting of his recruiting campaign here last night. It was an earnest and serious crowd of fifteen hundred men that listened to him. All realized the seriousness of the message he had to give them, and the gayety that usually marks a mass meeting in the country districts was missing.

The former Postmaster-General's voice broke at times. He had earlier in the day learned of the death of his father at St. Francois du Lac, on his way to the meeting. Mr. L. M. Blondin had been ill for some time. Grande Mere is Col. Blondin's home town in his constituency of Champlain County.

Col. Blondin reminded his audience that it was a French-Canadian unit that he asked them to join and that if Quebec had appeared to make a bad showing in recruiting, it was because, though French-Canadians had enlisted throughout Canada, there had been no representative French-Canadian brigade. He emphasized the fact that he was on no political mission, he had come to call upon the men of Quebec province who were eligible to follow him to the battlefield in a French-Canadian unit, and those who could not go he urged to fulfil other duties of service to the Empire.

"It is a crime," he said, "for a man not to be working; it is a crime for him not to be doing useful work, either on the land or in manufacturing that which is necessary for the successful ending of the war.

Two recruits came forward during the meeting, one of them, Lucien Ladouceur, a local lawyer who, in the fervent speech announced that he had enlisted in the afternoon; the other, Jacques Quesnel, of Three Rivers.

REDEMPTION OF HONOR.

In opening Col. Blondin said:

"I will speak tonight with a veil of sorrow over the horizon, for I have suffered the loss of one who was dearest to me on earth. This involves more than a recruiting campaign; it is the redemption of the honor of the French in America and above all, in tihs our province. First I must take the opportunity to bid you goodbye, and to thank you of Champlain County and of Grand Mere, my native town, for having made my life what it is. If I am where I am today, it is to you that I owe it, and for what good I may have wrought for the making of a Bonne Entente in Canada the credit belongs to you. There is another reason that makes me choose Grand Mere for the opening of the campaign. You have already given two hundred men to the cause of the Allies. If ever later, your honor is attacked, one of those men is a better guarantee for the vindication of your rights and honor than all the statutes of the Dominion."

What was the motive of these and other French-Canadians who went to the front? It was the pride of race that everyone had in his heart, the feeling that they, too, could do a noble deed. They understood that the fight in Europe is a struggle between the twenty centuries of civilization, wrought by Christ against the spirit of all the paganism before His era. They understood that the fight was one not only for the British Empire, for France, and other Allied nations, but for the province of Quebec and for every one of you. Those who fell, fell for you and me. To them and to their parents I have a message of thanks and praise from the nation and from every one of us, French and English and Protestant.

"You wonder why I have done what I have. I will tell you. From the commencement of the war, the same spirit that actuated them has had its influence and I wished to get free to fight for a cause I considered my family's, my wife's and my children's.

CANADA'S SHARE IN WAR.

"I do not believe in those who ridicule the small part that Canada has taken in the war. It is no small part that she has taken. It will not be you or I individually who will win the war; but it was the Canadians who held back the Germans on part of the line in the drive on Calais. Had the Germans broken through that section, Calais would have been reached. We are at home here in Quebec; we would not change our alliance, for we believe that confederation is ours, and that Canada is for Canadians. It is our proud ambition to build a country of men that are happy and as one from Coast to Coast.

"There have been times when we complained, but would any man abolish our constitution and prepare a new one for that which Cartier left us? Did our politicians ever ask for a referendum? No, we went to the Privy Council and it was from England that we got recognition of our rights. Annexation? You have lived in the United States, some of you. Is it there that you have a guarantee of language and rights as you have in this province? Independence? What liberty would independence give us that we have not now, and what would independence entail? You would have to enforce the respect of the new laws that you would make to yourselves. That means that you would have to create a standing army and navy capable of meeting those of any Power in the world.

"Ask Belgium and Servia how they fared in their independence. There is a rampart of soldiers and of battleships that protect Canada today, the rampart provided by the British Empire. That is how you are so quiet and peaceful here in Grande Mere.

"When a man has not enough money for an enterprise, he enters into partnership. That is what Great Britain has done for the smaller nations; she has created a partnership, not for the sake of conquest, but for the establishment of peace and equity.

"This war is a war against war, a supreme effort to kill the wild beast. In Great Britain we have the sole guarantee of our rights and liberties; with her, we are in this war to defend all civilization.

SHARE IN WAR INEVITABLE.

"You ask, what would have happened if Canada had kept out of the war? I answer, how long could she have kept out regardless of the question of honor? For nearly three years the United States kept out of the war. Did Germany respect her rights, and what has happened now? Would you stay neutral? Those who are still neutral have suffered most.

SAYS QUEBEC'S DUTY DONE.

"No one has a right to say that Quebec has not done her duty. There are reasons why she has not appeared to do as much as others. We have a rural population, our men married young and became fathers of families. The farmers in the fields, and the workers in the factories, will win the war as much as will men in the trenches. It is important that the Dominion should know these reasons, or for a score of years, we shall suffer the shame. The sons of Quebec are the sons of those who first colonized the country. We have no immigrants to swell our ranks; we know no other motherland but this our province. We love France with her glories in this war and the past, but France is not our country, and now I come to the most important point.

"Regiments have been raised everywhere and many gallant French-Canadians have come to the front? There were nearly five thousand with the first contingent; but has anyone done what I am trying to do today, to raise a French-Canadian brigade with French-Canadian officers and men? What has happened? The French-Canadians who enrolled in English regiments have not counted on the roll or honor of our race for Quebec. The other day 103 of our race enlisted in Kingston and went overseas in Highland uniform as members of a Scottish regiment. I thought that I should set an example, that I should take advantage of my position to start a movement to form a French-Canadian brigade. That is my object."

At this point Col. Blondin picked out a soldier in the audience. I see that Sergeant-Major Nault, of the Twenty-second, is here. Major Gingras, his company commander, has sent me a message to tell him that the regiment is proud of him.

A storm of applause swept the hall.

DECRIES ANY ILLUSIONS.

"I do not want you to be under false illusions," he continued, "this war may last another two years. In six months we may begin to feel the pinch of famine, we now have to feed thirty-five million men, and well has it been said that the war will be won on the wheat-fields of this continent. Our population is badly distributed; many men enlisted who should not have done so. That is why we want the young men without responsibilities to come forward and release others for the work that they are suited for. What is conscription, but a compulsory coordination of a nation's man-power? Let us do of our own free will what other countries have had to do by compulsion.

"There is work for all of us to do. Choose your work yourselves, conscientiously and with honor. There is another reason why I would call for recruits. I have here a letter from the father of Private Emile Tessier, who writes that his son has been through Langemarcke, Festubert, and Ypres, and that he has been over two years in the trenches, he asks that I get his son leave."

"The answer is that Private Tessier cannot be spared, that his French-Canadian unit has sworn not to leave the position it now occupies. That is the official military answer. We need some of you to give Pte. Tessier and thousands of his comrades a well earned rest.

"Col. Blondin concluded by bidding farewell to his friends and constituents. With him on the platform were Mayor Ferron, who took the chair, Major Malhiot, from the west, who is back from the front. Lt. L. Beaudry, former secretary to Chief Justice Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, who just enlisted, Lt. Leo Van Buren, and Pte. C. Okkefe Buisson, the Colonel's brother-in-law, who threw up a commission to join Col. Blondin's unit.

Col. Blondin read a letter signed by leading citizens of Three Rivers asking that a company be formed in that district. Today the party goes to Joliette.

GREAT SLAUGHTER OF GERMANS IN PRESENT BATTLE

Special to The Star.

NEW YORK, May 5.—The New York Times publishes the following special cable from Philip Gibbs this morning.

War Correspondents' Headquarters, May 4.—Ever since the great British attack on April 9, when Vimy Ridge and the stretch of ground east of Arras was captured at a cheap price of life as casualties are now reckoned in modern warfare, the enemy has fought against the attackers desperately and ferociously, and has flung great weight against them to hold them away from his Hindenburg main line, running down from Drocourt to Queant. Latterly his strength has been increased by the continued arrival of new troops and guns.

He is hurrying up divisions from rest areas to take thep laces of those exhausted and shattered by the British fire, and trains have been travelling across Germany with troops who have been fighting on the eastern front.

His specially trained "sturmtruppen," or assaulting troops, have been hurled against the British lines, and although their losses amounted to a real massacre opposite Guemappe and Garelle—I use this word massacre not as a figure of speech but in utter truth—other waves of men followed those who have fallen, sent forward to slaughter with Oriental recklessness of human life.

MEN DYING IN HEAPS.

With the great increase in German gun-power, from the most monstrus calibre to field batteries, trench mortars, and machine guns, supporting the masses of men ordered to hold or recapture positions at any cost or sacrifice, it will be realized that the British are fighting very hard battles. It is a deadly struggle on both sides, and the enemy seems to be fighting for his life, inspired by the knowledge that at last he must win or die.

His men are dying in heaps, but there are masses behind, and behind them other masses. So the gruesome business goes on, and human corruption is heaped high under this blue sky of France.

I told yesterday of the windmill by Gavrelle and said that it changed hands four times. That figure has now doubled since yesterday morning. Eight times the Germans recaptured it, and eight times lost it again. While the British hold it and look above its chaos of timbers and bricks and sandbags and rusty wire, to those stretches of shelled earth where many hundred forms lie, other field-grey men are approaching from Bresnes Woods, shoulder to shoulder, until the British guns tear holes in their ranks and they crumble away under machine gun bullets.

SONG OF LIFE CALLING.

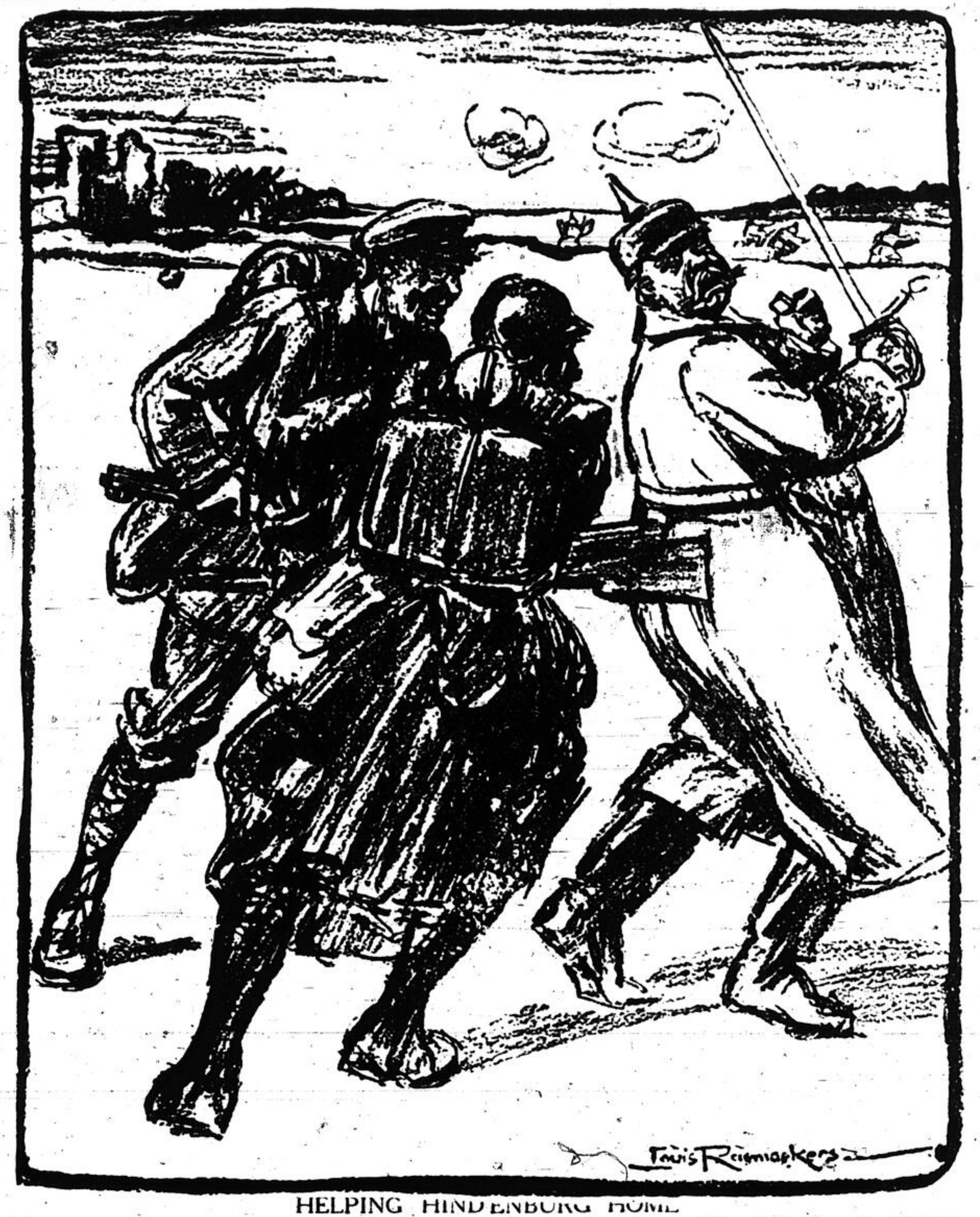
So it is at Oppy and Roeux, in this battleground north of the Scarpe. Picked troops have been chosen to hold the villages, and, although so far they have held them by counter-attacks in great strength against the British advanced posts, they suffered losses which I cannot reckon, but which I know to be most bloody, under the British bombardments.

In Oppy, British shells have been crashing, and I doubt whether there are any machine-guns now in sight. With long range guns, the enemy is seeking revenge, and by bringing up new batteries is trying to break the British hold.

British airplanes are flying all day long over his lines, spotting these new gun position, and already a number of these batteries have been knocked out by direct hits.

So this great battle continues day after day, decisive so far only in destruction reaching supreme heights of fury when the massed artillery on both sides is blasting villages off the earth and ploughing harvest fields of death. The sun is shining over it all and there is green in the bushes, and the great hearts of men who are about to die.

RAEMAEKERS' FAMOUS CARTOONS



HELPING HINDENBURG HOME

—(Copyright, Canada, 1917.)

BELGIUM JOINS RANKS OF "DRY" NATIONS ABROAD

At an anti-alcoholic meeting recently in Havre, Mr. Emile Vandervelde, who presided, made interesting disclosures about the fight against alcohol so forcibly engaged by the Belgian Government.

"Russia is always cited as the only country wherein spirituous liquors are absolutely prohibited," said the Belgian Minister. "But there is another one; that is Belgium and the Belgium occupied by the Germans as well as the little corner of Belgium defended by our people.

"In occupied Belgium it is now going close on to three years that the Germans, having indeed fallen upon all the copper, the distillery apparatus have prohibited—misfortunes may sometimes bring some good—the sale of spirits. In unoccupied Belgium, a Royal decree, dated November 23, 1914, has absolutely prohibited the import or the sale of brandies and the like.

"Thanks to this combination of prohibitions, the task which shall be ours tomorrow in liberated Belgium will therefore be comparatively an easy one. It will be sufficient to maintain the status quo, to transform the provisional into a permanent state and after having chased away the plague of invasion, to prevent the return of that other plague: alcoholism. That is our fixed purpose. I do declare it, as President of the Belgian Government Commission who will take charge of this problem and I may add that nothing will encourage us more in this war as in the other one than to fight shoulder to shoulder with our Allies and of having seen most recently in France the Government of National Defence inscribe on their program of immediate action: The suppression of the consumption of spirituous liquors."

MAY GET SALARY RAISES.

City Hall clerks will probably get some small increases in salaries, as, according to Controller Villeneuve, the sum of $11,000 is available for this purpose. The demands for increases from civic employes, total $600,000.

70 YEARS EFFICIENT FOR PAIN
Radway's Ready Relief
25c 50c
For External and Internal PAIN
All Druggists
EXTERNALLY for
Sciatica, Sore Back, Lumbago, Rheumatism
Sprains, Bruises, Neuralgia, Sore Muscles
Insect Bites, Sore Throat, Cold in Chest, Toothache

MISSING SOLDIER

The above is a photograph of a Montrealer, G. J. Neate, who enlisted with the Imperial Transport Section, A. M. S. C., first Canadian contingent and who is now being anxiously sought for by his wife and four children, who are in dire need. He was wounded prior to December 1916, and for some reason or another, obtained his discharge in England, December 10 last. He was supposed to sail from the Old Country fo home, on March 22 but he never reached here.

MORE EVIDENCE OF HUN BRUTALITY IN DEPORTATIONS

"In a commune of the Belgian Luxembourg," states a correspondent, "numerous deportations had been made, after their own arbitrary rule the Germans had carried off people from whom they could not get any kind of labor. As it frequently happens in such cases, they sent back a certain number of those people to their homes.

"During the return trip, seventeen Belgian civilians of various ages died in the cars. Not having been given anything to eat on the train on the way out nor coming back, and nothing even during their short stay in Germany, these unfortunate people have been literally starved to death.

"At Vinche an almost similar tragedy occurred. The majority of the civilians deported did not in any way belong to the so-called class of unemployed workmen. Among them were many students. They were sent to work in tunnels and in mining districts. As they returned from the pits or the yards, tired and sweating, these miserable and unfortunate men were penned in damp and infectious premises. Several Belgians very soon contracted various diseases and three at least of these unfortunate victims, sent back with a bunch of others to their native land, died a few days later of the effects of the serious sickness contracted in Germany."

CUSTOM BUILT

Angle Non-Skid Treads Guaranteed on a Basis of 5000 Miles Service—Round and Runner Treads 3500 Miles.

Red and Grey Inner Tubes.

EVERY MARATHON Tire is built by hand with the same care and thoroughness as custom-made wearing apparel. And with the same superiority of material, workmanship and service that compels the admiration of the world for fine hand-wrought articles.

MARATHON Tires are built to the order of the motoring public who realize the true economy of Quality, and demand it in Tires just as in other articles that must withstand the wear and tear of service.

For Sale at all Garages
Made at St. Catharines, Ontario
American Plant, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio

SPEED MARATHON ENDURANCE

TIRES TUBES

C 63

MILIUKOFF HAS AVERTED REVOLT IN RUSS ARMY

Special Star Cable by Wm. G. Shepherd of United Press.

PETROGRAD, May 5.—A dramatic speech, appealing to the patriotism of the workmen and soldiers, delivered by Foreign Minister Miliukoff from the balcony of the Government building yesterday, apparently staved off the crisis that appeared imminent in new Russia.

From a hooting, jeering mob that demanded his resignation, the Minister turned the throngs of soldiers and workmen, which had paraded the streets throughout yesterday, into a crowd which cheered his utterances, pledging unrelenting war on Germany.

The situation was not entirely cleared today, however.

A joint meeting of the representatives of the Provisional Government and the Workmen's and Soldiers' committee, scheduled for tonight has been cancelled. It is assumed this action was taken to permit further conferences with leaders of the workmen and soldiers demanding a greater participation in the affairs of the Government. This would permit of an explanation of the Government's statement approving pledges entered into by the Czar.

After thousands of demonstrators had paraded the streets and assembled in front of the Duma building with several thousand soldiers, demanding Miliukoff's resignation, the Minister of Foreign Affairs appeared in person on the balcony.

"When I see your banners reading 'down with Miliukoff,' I fear not for myself, but for Russia," the Foreign Minister began. "I fear for what the outside world's interpretation of your demonstration will be."

Miliukoff was given close attention when he signified his desire to address the throng. There was some jeering and interruption at first, but as he proceeded the crowd quieted.

"The Provisional Government cannot strike the name of Russia from the list of Allied nations," he declared with the greatest emphasis.

"The Provisional Government will never consent to a separate peace.

"We look to you to assist us and to give us your support."

Prolonged cheering greeted Miliukoff's statement that the Government would never consent to a separate peace.

GAVE RECEIPT, SO MAN LOSES CASE

Mr. Justice Guerin rendered judgment yesterday, in the Superior Court, dismissing the action of Matteo Devito, contractor, for $1,059.36 against the North American Magnesite Company. Plaintiff had claimed that this amount was still due him on a contract he had made with the Magnesite Company, but unfortunately for him, he had received a cheque which he had endorsed and which contained the words "In full settlement and cancellation of contract." It was also proved that it had been explained to Devito that he was giving a receipt in full, before endorsing the cheque he received in settlement.

NEW GREEK CABINET.

ATHENS, May 5, via London.—Alexander Zaimis, the new Premier, has former the following cabinet:

Premier and Foreign Minister—Alexander Zaimis.

Minister of Interior—Phoetan Negris.

Minister of War—Colonel Haralambis.

Minister of Navy—Captain Perycles.

Minister of Shipping—M. Deterdjis.

Minister of Finance—D. G. Rhallis.

Minister of Justice—Constantine Libourfkis.

Minister of Communications—W. Argiropoulis.

Minister of National Economy—M. Callyghas.

Minister of Food—M. Drospoulos.

Minister of Education—M. Egentti.

Princess Christian has given a scrap book made by Queen Victoria in 1832 to the Red Cross sale.

GERMANY IS RENT BY CONTROVERSY OVER PEACE TERMS

COPENHAGEN, May 4, via London May 5.—The silence of German Imperial Chancellor Bethmann-Hollweg concerning Germany's peace terms, it as declared it is based on a desire to avoid disrupting the unity of feeling in the country by discussion of contentious questions and not as some uncharitable German critics assert, upon the absence of a definite Government peace policy, has failed of its object. An acrimonious controversy is now raging in Germany between the big annexationists, the little annexationists and the advocates of no annexations and indemnities whatever.

The Pan-German league and the army and navy leagues are demanding peace with indemnities, increase of territories and greater power for Germany.

Translated into plain language their demands mean the acquisition of the rich mining districts of Northern and Northwestern France, laying hands upon the Belgian coast for naval base purposes and the extension of the German frontier eastward. They show that these important forces in agricultural and industrial life have abated nothing of the program for most sweeping annexations laid down in the six league manifesto.

The Socialists' meetings on the other hand, are making and strengthening public opinion for a peace with no indemnities and no annexations.

The Socialist leaders obviously are endeavoring to sweep the Government and the Imperial Chancellor into a declaration of the German peace aims on similar lines and which could be used at the Stockholm conference.

All in all, it looks as if von Bethmann-Hollweg will be forced, in self defence, to make a further statement on Germany's peace terms, but he has wide possibilities for unclear and generalized declarations to which he is addicted.

N. G. Valiquette LIMITED
471-477 ST. CATHERINE ST. EAST.

Manufacturers' Prices

On All The Beautiful Bedroom and Dining Room Suites Purchased From The Leroux, Daignault, Brault Liquidation.

We bought this Liquidation Stock for a quick turnover. The price had to be extremely low, and it was. When we say Manufacturers' Prices we mean actual factory cost. You are really buying your furniture at wholesale and having it delivered right into your home in absolutely perfect condition without extra charges. Look over these prices and see if you can afford to pass them without at least an inspection.

Bedroom Suites

Three Piece Suite, Dresser, Chiffonier, Dressing Table, Polished Mahogany For $53.00

Three Piece Suite, Dresser, Chiffonier, Dressing Table, Satin Walnut. For $39.00

Four Piece Suite, Bed, Dresser, Chiffonier, Dressing Table, Satin Walnut, cane panels, for $79.00

Five Piece Suite, Bed, Dresser, Dressing Table, Chair and Rocker, Belgian Grey Oak for $63.00

Dining Room Suites

Nine Piece Suite, Buffet, Cabinet, Table, Five Chairs, One Armchair, Jacobean Oak, for $67.00

Nine Piece Suite, Buffet, Cabinet, Table, Five Chairs, One Armchair, dull mahogany, for $73.00

Nine Piece Suite, Buffet, Cabinet, Table, Six Chairs, Fumed Oak. Complete for $70.00

Nine Piece Suite, Jacobean Oak, Magnificent outfit, easily worth $270.00. Complete for $135.00

Ten Piece Suite, Colonial Mahogany, Buffet, Cabinet, Side Table, Ext. Table, Six Chairs for $129.00

Wilton and Axminster Rugs Also At Liquidation Prices

With the Leroux, Daignault & Brault Liquidation Purchase we secured a fine lot of Wilton and Axminster Squares in all sizes. They will be on sale Saturday afternoon and evening, also Monday, May 7th. Are you needing a bargain rug for the new house?

Four Piece Suite, Bed, Dresser, Chiffonier, Dressing Table, Decorated Ivory. Complete for $61.00

Five Piece Suite, Bed, Dresser, Chiffonier, Dressing Table, Rocker, Inlaid Mahogany. For $129.00

Five Piece Suite with Four Poster Bed, Dresser, Chiffonier, Dressing Table, Somnoe, Mahogany. For $119.00

Six Pieces, Queen Anne Style. Walnut. Dresser, Chiffonier, Dressing Table, Bed, Chair and Rocker. For $139.00

Nine Piece Circassian Walnut Suite, Bed, Dresser, Chiffonier, Dressing Table, Desk, Somnoe, Dressing Chair, Regular Chair and Rocker. Worth $560.00. Complete for $285.00

Ten Piece Suite, in rich Tuna Mahogany. Regularly sold for $290.00. Complete now for $137.00

Ten Piece Suite, in Fumed Oak. Not a heavy design. Worth $275.00. Complete now for $160.00

Ten Piece Suite. Magnificent Elizabethan period design in nutbrown oak, comprising Buffet, Cabinet, Side Table, Ext. Table, Fine Leather Seat Chairs and Armchairs to match. Worth $550.00. Complete now for $310.00

Ten Piece Suite, in Jacobean Oak, Charles II design. Worth $300.00. Complete for $169.00

OPEN EVENINGS.

COR. ST. ANDRE ST.

PRUNING OF RACE TRACKS EXPECTED TO FINISH NEXT WEEK

SPORTING LIFE PAYS FINE TRIBUTE TO CANADA; MEN CAME FROM BULLDOG BREED

The following extract [illegible] from [illegible] The London [illegible] recent [illegible] tournament [illegible] proceeds of [illegible] the British Sports [illegible] Fund.

The splendid enthusiasm which [illegible] kinsmen flocking [illegible] when the Kaiser sounded [illegible] of war to the [illegible] enthusiasm [illegible]

BUILT UP RIGHTLY.

[illegible]

[illegible] determination, the fighting spirit—those are the things which carry men on, and always on. And fortunate it is for us all that the men of our wonderful colonies have those qualities fully developed, for they are the qualities which helped to place the Old Country and the men of her race in the foremost places of the world.

"One could almost say that these [illegible] brothers of ours have more [illegible] and enthusiasm than ourselves. They set themselves [illegible] at anything they took in hand and are not ashamed of desire to appear unconstrained when they want to be. There is nothing half hearted about them; they give and give generously, never counting the cost, even though it be their lives. We have had evidence of the trait in war, we have had and are having it in connection with a much more peaceful [illegible] at home, which has been occupying their interest for several weeks [illegible]

T. PAQUETTE

Clever forward Oriole A.A.A. of Spalding Munition League.

THREE TRACKS AND 42 DAYS OF RACING FOR M'T'L

Blue Bonnets, Dorval and King Edward Favorites—If More Allowed Will Be on Shorter Allowance Each

A gentleman prominent socially and who is financially interested in horseracing and race-tracks arrived from Ottawa yesterday and brought the following "dope" to use a racing expression, with him, which he claimed to have gleaned in the musty corridors and committee rooms of the Parliament buildings.

How far he is in the confidence of the powers that be, is not known, but as he is close to one of the attorneys, who is at the head of the race track lobby, which is trying to reduce the pruning process in the Montreal district at least to a minimum, his statement is interesting.

ONLY FORTY-TWO DAYS.

According to this gentleman, the Government has already gone carefully into the entire race-track situation, and has almost unanimously decided, and it is understood the Liberals are almost of one mind with it, that the number of days devoted to horseracing in Canada must be cut down to at least half.

The proposition on general lines just now is: To allow forty-two days instead of ninety-eight to the Montreal district; fourteen to the Ottawa district; twenty-eight to the Toronto Hamilton district and twenty-eight to the Windsor district.

As far as Montreal is concerned, the intention at present is to divide these forty-two days amongst three tracks, and amongst the tracks thus far favored are the ones which own the property they are racing on, thus making the selection: Blue Bonnets, Dorval and King Edward.

Blue Bonnets and Dorval are owned by stock-companies and King Edward by Alexander Desmarteau, the well known accountant, who is one of the very few individual owners of race tracks in America.

CHARTERS IGNORED.

Charters it is understood will cut no figure in the selection of race tracks to remain, whatever, since the Government thoroughly understands that most of them have been obtained in open and brazen effort to escape the qualifications of the Miller Bill especially passed to keep horse-racing within respectable limits.

Great efforts will be made no doubt by representatives of Back River, Delormier, Maisonneuve and Kempton Park to get admitted to the charmed circle that will monopolize racing in this district for the future, but if any other beyond the three first mentioned are admitted, it simply means that the limits of time for each track will be cut down.

Amongst those who it is said have been trying to get the ear of the Minister of Justice, whose department is specially interested in this racing reorganization, are Dennis Tansey, M. L. A., for Quebec on behalf of Back River and Delormier, Mr. Morris, the well-known lawyer from Sherbrooke on behalf of Kempton Park, and several prominent French Canadian politicians on behalf of Delormier and Maisonneuve.

The Star's informant states that it is generaly expected that the result of the labors of the Special Committee to discuss the situation will be made known to Parliament some time next week, and that it is thought the new measure will be submitted to His Excellency the Governor-General for signature before the first date set for the opening of the local Spring season.

P. MARTIN

Heavy hitter C.P.R.A.A.A. Club, ing Munition League.

HORSEMEN URGE ON WAR DONATIONS; NAT. TROTTING ASSOCIAT'N AND RED CROSS

All harness race meetings held this season will contribute their share to war preparations if a suggestion approved by the members of the Board of Review of the National Trotting Association just before the adjournment of their semi-annual meeting at the Murray Hill Hotel yesterday is followed by organizations conducting trotting and pacing races. By a unanimous vote the board adopted the following resolution:

"Recognizing the merciful mission of the Red Cross Society, we hereby recommend that one day of each harness race meeting held by a member of the National Trotting Association, be designated as Red Cross Day, and set apart such portions of the day's receipts as may be determined by the members and donated to the use of that society during the continuance of the war."

NOT INCORPORATED.

Although the resolution was not incorporated in the rules of racing by the controlling body of harness racing, W. H. Gocher, the secretary, said he felt that the appeal to members to participate in so patriotic and humanitarian a work would find a generous response from all promoters. When Mr. Gocher was asked if any provision had been made for the benefit of the Blue Cross Society, an organization whose purpose is the comfort and welfare of army horses, he said that each member is at liberty to make any donations in that direction that he may see fit.

Harvey W. Whitby and F. Huston, who have been under suspension for some time, were restored to good standing.

For collecting entrance money from Charles S. Middagh, of Miffin, Pa., in violation of the rules, the Westfield (Mass.) Agricultural Society was suspended until the amount is returned.

When the trotting gelding The Shadow won the mixed race at Ware, Mass., on October 6 last, and trotted three heats in 2:19½, 2:19¾ and 2:24¾ in a 2:30 class, there was a suspicion that the horse, which came from a small place in Indiana, was not what he was represented to be, and a protest was made for identification. The decision was that The Shadow had no previous winning race to bar him from the class, and his driver, Chickering, was held to be not guilty of wrongdoing.

Harry Hyland to Lead Shamrocks Again for Coming Season

Harry Hyland, the celebrated lacrosse and hockey player, has come to the fore again and has notified Alderman O'Connell that he is ready once more to lead the Shamrock Lacrosse Club during the coming season, and if possible again to the championship, as he did last year.

Hyland himself and the other members of the Shamrock team who played hockey last year, are in the very best of physical condition, and he is convinced that he will be able to get together as strong an aggregation as any of the other clubs belonging to the National Lacrosse Union.

Malcolm Fraser, Out of Danger, Will Play Ball Again

The many friends of Malcolm Fraser, of the Indian Baseball Club of the City League, who was near death's door with typhoid fever for a while, wil be glad to hear that he has virtually recovered and only needs a few weeks now to get back his strength.

It is therefore expected that he will be quite able to play again by the middle of the season.

His brother, who was taken ill with the same complaint, is also reported as doing very well.

RUSSELL H. BRITTON

Great Canadian Rugby player, canoeist and referee, killed in action.

TWO MORE GREAT ATHLETES DEAD FOR DOMINION

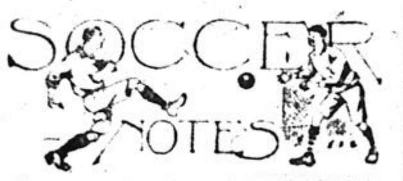
The death is announced of Lieut.-Col. Russell Britton, another of Canada's famous all-round athletes. He went overseas with a battery recruited at Gananoque, being the officer commanding, and was as successful as a leader of soldiers as he was as a leader of players when he captained the Argonaut Rugby team of Toronto, in the early days of the Interprovincial Rugby Union.

Lieut. Col. Britton attended the Royal Military College, Kingston, after which he made his home in Toronto for a number of years. While in Toronto he played quarterback for the Argonauts and made many friends through his fearless and fair manner. He returned to Kingston and afterwards to Gananoque where he resided at the time of enlisting.

Lieut. Col. Britton was not only a well known rugby player, but a champion paddler in both single and double-blade competitions. He also devoted a great deal of time to canoe sailing.

Robert Powell, tennis singles champion of British Columbia for several years, was killed in action in France, April 8. He was an attorney and was private secretary to the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia from 1900 to 1904.

He founded the North Pacific Lawn Tenis Association in 1904. The next year he won the tennis championship of Scotland. In 1908, Powell was the champion of the Canadian tennis team, which competed in the Olympic Games in England, and represented Canada in the Davis Cup games in Chicago, in 1913. Powell enlisted in the Forty-Eighth Canadian Battalion, at the outbreak of the war and was appointed lieutenant.



SOCCER NOTES

The following is the complete revised official schedule of the Spalding Juvenile Soccer League for the season 1917, as drawn up by the secretary, [illegible]

May 5—Aberdeen vs. Hochelaga, Fletcher's Field.

May 12—North End United vs. East End W., Fletcher's Field; Church of Red. vs. Kelfield Jrs., Cote St. Paul.

May 19—Kelfield Jrs. vs. North End U., Fletcher's Field; East End W. vs. Aberdeen, Hochelaga; Church of Red. vs. Hochelaga, Cote St. Paul.

May 26—North End United vs. Hochelaga, Hochelaga; Kelfield vs. East End W., Fletcher's Field; Aberdeen vs. Church of Redeemer, Cote St. Paul.

June 2—Aberdeen vs. North End United, Fletcher's Field; Church of Red. vs. East End W., Cote St. Paul; Hochelaga vs. Kelfield, Hochelaga.

June 9—Kelfield vs. Aberdeen, Fletcher's Field; Hochelaga vs. East End Wanderers, Hochelaga; North End United vs. Church of Red., Cote St. Paul.

June 16—Aberdeen vs. Hochelaga, Cote St. Paul; North End United vs. East End W., Fletcher's Field; Church of Redeemer vs. Kelfield, Hochelaga.

June 23—Kelfield vs. North End U., Fletcher's Field; East End Wand. vs. Aberdeen, Hochelaga; Church of Red. vs. Hochelaga, Cote St. Paul.

July 2—(Monday, Dominion Day, International matches.)

July 7—North End United vs. Hochelaga, Hochelaga; Kelfield vs. East End Wanderers, Fletcher's Field; Aberdeen vs. Church of Redeemer, Cote St. Paul.

July 14—Aberdeen vs. North End United, Fletcher's Field; Church of Redeemer vs. East End W., Cote St. Paul; Hochelaga vs. Kelfield, Hochelaga.

July 21—Kelfield vs. Aberdeen, Fletcher's Field; Hochelaga vs. East End Wanderers, Hochelaga; North End U. vs. Church of Red., Cote St. Paul.

July 28—Aberdeen vs. Hochelaga, Cote St. Paul; North End United vs. East End W., Fletcher's Field; Church of Redeemer vs. Kelfield, Hochelaga.

Aug. 4—Kelfield vs. North End United, Fletcher's Field; East End Wanderers vs. Aberdeen, Hochelaga; Church of Redeemer vs. Hochelaga, Cote St. Paul.

August 18—North End United vs. Hochelaga, Fletcher's Field; Kelfield vs. East End Wanderers, Fletcher's Field; Aberdeen vs. Church of Red., Cote St. Paul.

Aug. 25—Aberdeen vs. North End United, Fletcher's Field; Church of Red. vs. East End Wand., Cote St. Paul; Hochelaga vs. Kelfield, Hochelaga.

Sept. 1—Kelfield vs. Aberdeen, Fletcher's Field; Hochelaga vs. East Edn Wanderers, Hochelaga; North End U. vs. Church of Red., Cote St. Paul.

The following players will represent West End United in their first league fixture Saturday, May 5th, with Sons of Scotland Jrs., on the latter's ground: Brayton, Hibbs, Sades, Cherrington, McLean, Clarke, Beattie, Taylor, McLean, Marsh, Abbott. Reserves, Hartley, Dormer, Taylor.

The team for Royal Rovers' Juveniles to play against 24th Scouts on this Saturday, 5th May, will be picked from the following players: Woolgar, Foreman, Penk, McKellar, McCallum, Kimber, Patterson, J. Millar, D. Millar, Harris, Rochford, Harrison, Heffron, Crawshaw. All players to meet not later than 2.30, Corinthian ground, 24th Montreal Boy Scouts.

Verdun City will play the following team against Lachine at Verdun, Saturday, May 5, Milton, Dann, Tranter, Norris, Taylor, Hall, A. N. Other, Carre, Reynolds, Smith and Cochrane. Reserves: [illegible], Heaven, Kirby. All players are requested to wear white bands on their arms in respect to our late players, W. Handley, who was killed at the front. Meet at clubrooms, 2.30, Verdun Avenue.

Rosemount team vs. Lyalls for this Saturday, Reynolds, Brown and Wolstencroft, Black, Peebles and Roulston, Russell, [illegible], Probyn, Crawford and Hornsby. Reserves: [illegible], West, Beever, Mitchell and Hobson.

The following players will represent Lyall [illegible] against Rosemount on this Saturday: [illegible] Hughes, [illegible] Players are requested to meet [illegible] Rosemount [illegible] p.m. prompt.

Calvin will select from the following players for their game with St. Albans Saturday, 5th May, on Fletcher's Field, kick off at [illegible] Proctor, Heaven, J. O. Proctor, Taylor, Ritchie, [illegible] Hood, Clarke, MacCrae, Yeudall, Campbell, Rowerbank, [illegible] Overden. The above players to meet at the corner of Craig and Bleury Sts., at 2.30 Saturday afternoon.

Sons of Scotland team to meet Canadian Vickers will be: [illegible], goal; McLogan and [illegible], backs; Reed, Groundswater and Ogg, half backs; Johnson, Baillie, Swan, [illegible] and Leath, forwards. Reserves, Sanderson, Menory, Jeil.

St. Simon's Church Football Club will hold their first practice match here this afternoon at 3 o'clock, when they meet Calvin football team. All members of the club are requested to be present and to meet at the Church Hall, corner Notre Dame W. and De Courcelles at 2 o'clock sharp as a good match is expected. Any new members wishing to sign up with the club should attend a meeting which is going to be held in the Church Hall at 8:15 tonight.

The team picked to represent Rosemount Juniors against Verdun Juniors on Saturday, at Rosemount, will be picked from the following: Allardyce, Dunn, Foster, Pryde, Hulme, Sheels, Crawford, Jay, Nolan, Turpin, Winsborow, Jenkins, Strickland. All players are required to be at the clubrooms at 4.30 p.m. sharp. Kick-off at 5.00 p.m.

The following team has been selected by the Corinthians to play Vickers Jrs. in the opening game of the season on May 5th:

Goal, W. Wiltshire; backs, M. Cousin and S. Wiltshire; half backs, W. Reid, Geo. Ball, R. McNeilly; forwards, B. Ball, E. Smith, T. Pratt, W. Beadle and J. Parks. Spares: C. Date, J. Arblaster and J. McLennan, all players are requested to meet at the corner of St. Denis and St. Catherine streets at 1.45 p.m. sharp.

A special meeting of the Spalding Soccer Leagues was held last night at 371 St. Catherine street west. Ten clubs were represented viz: Aberdeen, Hochelaga, Kelfield, Church of Redeemer, East End Wanderers, North End United, Royal Rovers, Montreal Thistle, Thistle Jr., and Aylwin Jr.

The first named six clubs are members of the Juvenile League and the last four of the Midget League.

All arrangements for the opening of the various leagues were made at this meeting. The Juvenile League will open its season to-morrow afternoon on Fletcher's Field at 2 o'clock sharp. The contesting teams will be Aberdeen, last year's champions, and Hochelaga.

The Midget League will open its season on May 12th with two games, as follows:

Montreal Thistle vs. Aylwin at Hochelaga and Thistle Juniors will travel to Point St. Charles to play the Royal Rovers.

St. Albans vs. Calvin on Saturday on Fletcher's Field. St. Albans will select from the following: Lockwood, Hughes, Williams, White, Ogden, Lough, Smith, Doige, Reid, Thomson (capt.), Turner, Haigh, Page, Dalziel.

KILBANE outpointed Welsh. But that's as far as most of them ever get. The Hon. Frederick is not exposing his jaw for any chance haymaker in a no decision scrap—for that matter, any other kind of contest.—Quebec Chronicle.

DORVAL OFFERS ATTRACTIVE AND LIBERAL TERMS

The program for the spring meeting of the Dorval Jockey Club, to be held from May 29 to June 5, inclusive. It includes three stakes, with an added value of $1,000, while the remaining purses will average five and six hundred dollars. Owners of Canadian-bred and owned horses are well looked after, as there is an event for such horses each afternoon during the seven days' racing. The plant will be much improved, several changes having been made, particularly in the mutuel plant, which has been altered so as to make it more convenient for the public.

The club's offices at the track have also been altered and the jockeys' room has been moved from the back of the building to the front. A gallery will be erected, so that the riders may witness the racing while not riding.

The new selling race rule of the Canadian Racing Association will govern all selling or claiming races, and horses may be claimed by any one in good standing. The track is in better condition than ever.

IF THE baseball magnates would threaten to quit, and if the Athletix would hold out for shorter hours, and if some of the boxers would strike for regular jobs, and if the ballyard peanut venders would only go on a life-time strike—well, it would be a pretty good world after all, what.

BASEBALL AT A GLANCE

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn, 3; Boston, 1.
Chicago, 11; Cincinnati, 3.
(Only games played.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

No games played.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Providence, 2; Montreal, 2.
Toronto, 5; Baltimore, 2.
Newark, 10; Buffalo, 3.
Rochester, 7; Richmond, 4.

THE STANDINGS.

NATIONAL.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	8	5	.615
St. Louis	11	7	.611
Chicago	12	8	.600
Philadelphia	8	7	.533
Cincinnati	10	12	.455
Boston	6	8	.429
Brooklyn	5	7	.417
Pittsburg	7	13	.350

AMERICAN.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	10	4	.714
Chicago	11	7	.611
New York	8	7	.533
St. Louis	8	8	.500
Cleveland	9	10	.474
Philadelphia	6	9	.400
Detroit	6	9	.400
Washington	6	10	.375

INTERNATIONAL.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Newark	10	3	.769
Baltimore	13	4	.765
Providence	7	6	.538
Rochester	8	7	.533
Toronto	7	9	.438
Richmond	7	10	.412
Montreal	5	9	.357
Buffalo	3	12	.200

GOLF NOTES

Many British golf clubs showed a profit on last year's working, certainly a marked improvement over 1915. Colne Club for instance has a balance of £463 and paid off besides a bond of £350 during the year. The following are the really wonderful war-time figures for the famous Mid-Surrey Club, which by the way has many U.S. members. Total income £6,794. The club has remitted subscriptions to the extent of £583 in 1916 to members serving with the Forces, has paid £379 as war pay to married caddies serving, and has made other allowances to those servants who are doing their duty to the full. The entrance fees for the year have amounted to £1,497, and subscriptions to £4,606, while £305 has been paid by visitors as green money. Over £2,000 has been spent on the course in the year. There has been an excess of income over expenditure for the year of £253, and during the year the club's indebtedness has been reduced by the repayment of £250 of debentures.

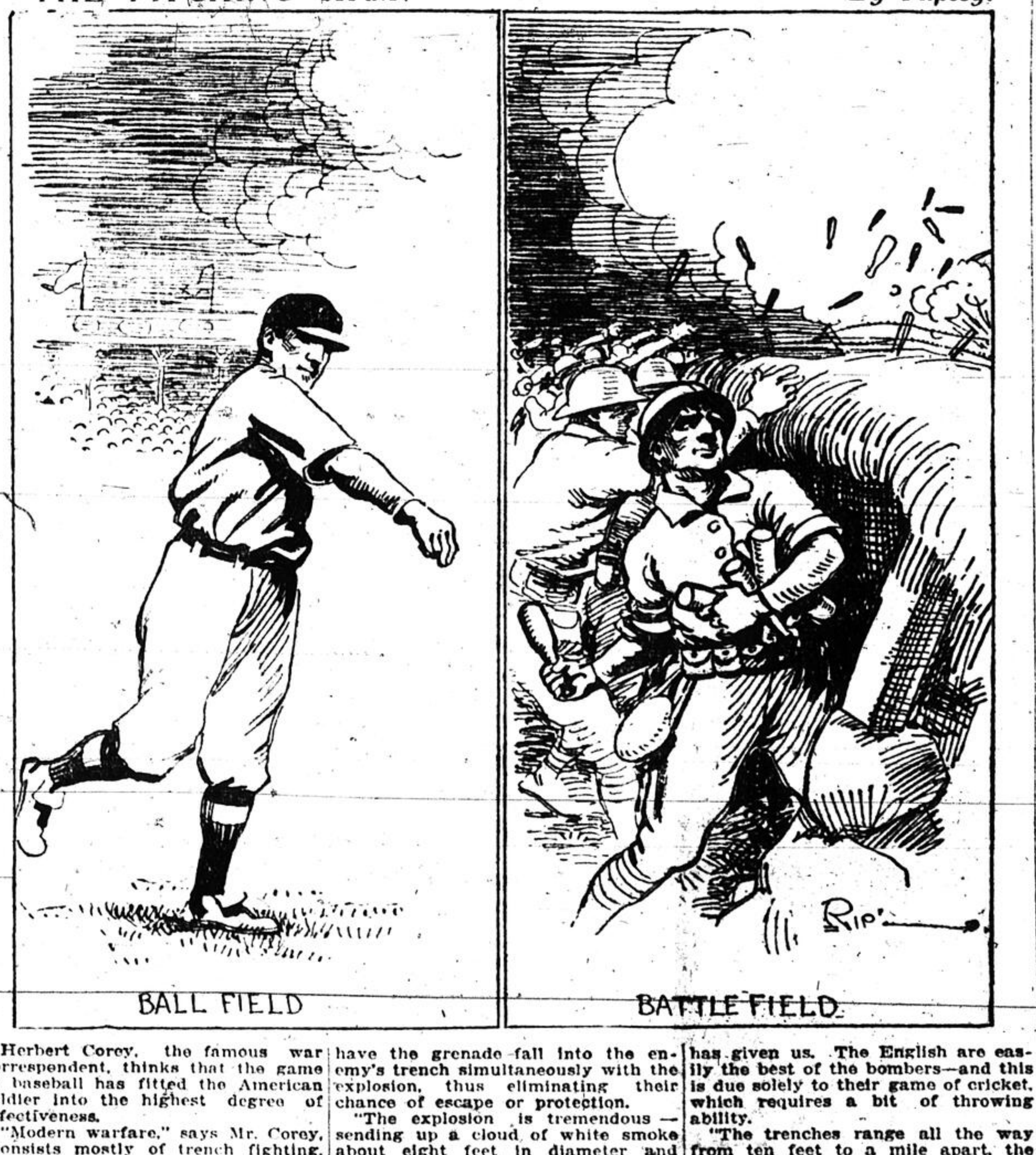
The Verdun Furniture Store baseball team has just reorganized for this season with the following players: Manager, Geo. Meltot; captain, R. Gooby; secretary, H. Perrotte; Ben. Pine, E. Galarneau, H. Delarge, L. Fiola, F. Kerrigan, A. Clouthier, E. Gloutnay, H. Thomson, H. Chartier, L. McDougall. The present team is willing to play any team from 18 to 20. Address, George Molloy, 1519 Wellington. Phone Vic. 1889.

TENER THE TAMER.

The umpire baiters' rule is ended,
The Ump no longer fears his blat;
No longer guff with swat is blended,
Old Guv'nor Tener changed all that.

THE PITCHING ARM.

—By Ripley.



Herbert Corey, the famous war correspendent, thinks that the game of baseball has fitted the American soldier into the highest degree of effectiveness.

"Modern warfare," says Mr. Corey, "consists mostly of trench fighting. And the most important weapon in the trenches—both defensively and offensively—is the hand grenade. The grenade is a small, vicious bomb that is thrown at the enemy, and a good throwing arm is the most necessary attribute. These little hand bombs are responsible for over twenty-five per cent of the casualties. There are about a half dozen different kinds of grenades, varying from the size and shape of a policeman's "billy-club" to a spherical shape slightly larger than a baseball. A short string extends from each which ignites a fuse that causes the explosion. The grenadier first pulls the string—lighting the fuse—then times his throw with the explosion which is set to follow exactly four seconds later. The idea is to have the grenade fall into the enemy's trench simultaneously with the explosion, thus eliminating their chance of escape or protection.

"The explosion is tremendous—sending up a cloud of white smoke about eight feet in diameter and raining deadly fragments in all directions within a radius of thirty-five or forty feet.

"They raise fearful havoc in a trench and are, without doubt, the most effective means of repelling an attack.

"About every sixth man in the trenches is a grenadier, and his sole duty is to handle and throw the bombs. Of course, in case of attack, everybody hurls them. These grenadiers undergo special training—much like a pitcher in training—for their work before they are sent to the front. As you know, the average European is a very poor thrower—most of our girls can throw with more grace and control; so you can readily see the advantage and effectiveness that our national game has given us. The English are easily the best of the bombers—and this is due solely to their game of cricket, which requires a bit of throwing ability.

"The trenches range all the way from ten feet to a mile apart, the average distance being about thirty or forty yards. Our allied hurlers are rarely able to throw a grenade over a hundred feet, and neither are the Germans; so again the superiority of the baseball-trained American becomes apparent, as the average ball player could hurl a grenade over 200 feet, and a big league pitcher could put one in a trench over 300 feet away."

It is quite obvious, after listening to what Mr. Corey says, that a baseball battalion of grenadiers would be one of the most useful and effective units that could be organized. Certainly a little preparation in the science of handling the different kinds and makes of grenades would be valuable, in addition to the daily drills now practised by many teams.

MAYOR MARTIN BEST PITCHER ON ROYALS' STAFF

That Mederic Martin's talents are not confined to politics alone was demonstrated at Atwater Park yesterday afternoon, when His Worship braving six inches of mud, struggled out onto the pitching mound and after winding up in the most approved fashion opened up the local baseball season with a "fast one" that cut the plate just below the waist line. It was a perfect strike, and had Brainard availed himself of the opportunity and taken a swing the pill would still be numbered among the missing.

At that, His Worship had the edge on some of the Royal hurlers, two of whom were sent to the club house during the entertainment, while a third has yet to show cause for his retention.

Apart from the hurling of the Chief Magistrate, the opening ceremonies proved somewhat of a frost. To begin with the day was decidedly chilly, and the ball park was ankle deep in mud, then to make matters worse the Royals made a miserable showing, largely due to the inability of Dan Howley's pitchers to keep the ball away from the foreign batsmen. Durning started off for the Royals, but did not last two innings, Stewart replaced him and he was yanked in the seventh when Duffy was called upon to finish the contest.

The final count was 12 to 2, and needless to say the Royals never had a look in, Providence taking control of the situation in the first inning when they hung up three runs. They were never headed.

The score:

Providence.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Brainard, 2b	3	3	3	2	2	1
Powell, cf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Rehg, lf.	5	2	3	3	0	0
Onslow, 1b	4	1	0	8	0	0
Tutwiler, rf.	4	0	0	3	0	0
Thomas, 3b.	5	1	2	2	0	1
Cooney, ss.	2	2	1	2	0	1
Mayer, c.	4	2	2	7	0	0
Schultz, p.	4	1	0	0	4	0
Totals	35	12	12	27	7	2

Montreal.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Smith, rf	5	1	2	0	0	0
Moran, cf.	5	0	1	1	1	0
Zimmerman, 3b.	3	0	0	0	2	0
Damrau, 2b	3	0	1	6	6	0
Cathers, lf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Slattery, 1b	4	0	0	15	1	0
Major, ss.	4	0	0	1	3	1
Madden, c.	4	0	3	2	2	1
Durning, p.	0	0	0	0	1	1
Stewart, p.	3	1	1	0	2	0
Duffey, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	36	2	8	27	19	2

Score by innings:
Providence .... 312012300—12
Montreal .... 002000000— 2

Summary — Two base hits, Rehg, Cooney, Moran, Smith. Three base hit, Powell. Home runs, Brainard (2) Mayer, Rehg. Innings pitched, by Durning, 1 1-3 (4 runs, 3 hits); by Stewart, 5 2-3 (8 runs, 8 hits); by Duffy, 2 2-3 (1 hit no runs). Sacrifice fly, Brainard. Struck out, by Schultz, 7; by Stewart, 1; by Duffey, 1. Bases on balls, off Schultz, 1; off Durning, 3; off Stewart, 8; off Duffey, 1. Hit by pitcher, by Schultz (Damrau). Double plays, Damrau to Major to Slattery; Duffey to Damrau to Slattery. Time of game, 1.55. Umpires, Mullen and Blackburn.

CRICKET NOTES

The monthly meeting of the Montreal and District Amateur Cricket League will be held on Wednesday, March 9, at the Y.M.C.A., Drummond street, when the season's schedule will be discussed. The league is increased this season by the entrance again of the Point St. Charles Cricket Club. It will be to the advantage of cricketers if all old members of the Point St. Charles Cricket Club will rally round their old team and make the league more interesting.

AMATEUR LACROSSE.

Special to The Star.

TORONTO, May 4.—The preliminary arrangement of groups of the various senior, intermediate and junior teams in the Ontario Amateur Lacrosse Association was made last night when the executive committee held its first meeting since the annual election of officers. The final arrangement of the groups will be made May 17. Thirty-four teams were arranged in the various groups.

President Wolstencroft, of the Church League, is very optimistic as to the future. He said last night that the boys are all full of enthusiasm, and though at present only four clubs are with him, he has great hopes that Fairmount Presbyterian and St. Aidans will yet be in the line-up. A schedule has been drawn up, but this will be altered to admit the two mentioned if they finally decide to operate.

Nomads are not playing league soccer today, but will hold a serious practice, at which all players are requested to attend. The selection committee will be on hand to give a final look over the "possibles," so those wishing to connect the eleven must show what they can do. Time, 3 o'clock at Park Avenue Extension.

The Celtic Lacrosse Club of the Metro A.A.A. has made application to enter the City Lacrosse League.

R. B. POWELL

Canadian and Olympic tennis champion, killed in action.

Sons of England team against Invictus will be: Bill Clapp, G. McCann, White, E. Payne, F. Jude, Wakelam, Bates, Bailey, McEwan and R. Jones. Reserves—A. Jude, B. Harris, N. Davy, Hanson, Rogers and Wright. Players meet at the grounds, 2.30 p.m.

AMATEUR BALL CLUBS

Following is the Technical Commercial High School Baseball League schedule: Monday, May 7, Fourth vs. Second; Third vs. First. Thursday, May 10, Fourth vs. First; Third vs. Second. Monday, May 14, First vs. Second; Third vs. Fourth. Thursday, May 17, First vs. Third; Second vs. Fourth. Monday, May 21, Second vs. Third; First vs. Fourth.

Captains—Fourth, M. Chornomorsky; Third, M. Slatkoff; Second, S. Yaphe; First, W. Grossman.

Tooke Bros., Limited, of St. Henry, have organized a baseball team to play in the Art Ross Independent League. Mr. T. Stent (club treasurer), who has had the organization in hand, speaks highly of the intitial try-out, which was pulled off on Saturday last.

Tomorrow the Sorel team will be the attraction at the St. Henry grounds, when they meet the Syndicate Baseball club.

The Fourth year and the Third year of the Technical Commercial High School Baseball League crossed bats, on Fletcher's Field Thursday afternoon in the opening game of the season. The Fourth Year was victorious by a score of 18 to 8. Rubin pitched well for the winners and was well supported by Moore. Although both teams made errors still the game was always exciting and the rooters for both clubs were very busy from start to finish. Champlain Provencher opened the league by tossing the first ball. The score by innings was as follows:

R.H.E.
Fourth Year ......02513205—18 19 4
Third Year ....20100005— 8 11 4

Batteries — Rubin and Moore; J. Slathoff, Bowles and Herman. Umpire, Champlain Provencher.

The teams were:

Fourth Year—Rubin p., Moore c., Howard 1b., Chornomorsky 2b., Gow 3b., Wolsfsky s.s., Silbovitch 1.f. Stephen c.f., Richardson r.f.

Third Year—Slathoff p., Herman c., Hatcher 1b., Taylor 2 b., Zuckerman 3b., Slathoff s.s., Toplitsky 1.f., Bowles c.f., Genser r. f.

Second Game.

In the second scheduled game of the afternoon Second Year easily defeated First Year by a score of 33 to 6.

The Second Year had their batting clothes on, and treated all of the First Year's pitchers with the greatest familiarity, while Yaphe had them eating out of his hand.

The score by innings was as follows:

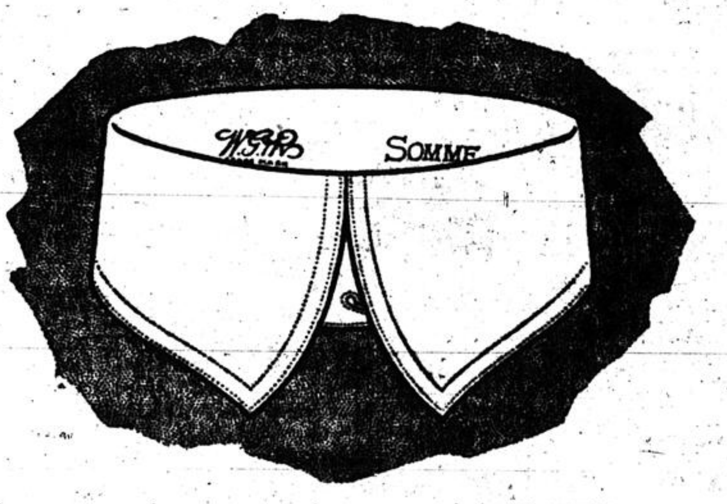
R.H.E.
Second Year. .....58440282—33 18 4
First Year. ....0000132— 6 9 6

Batteries—Yaphe and Dennenberg, Fidlay, Silver and Crawford. Umpire, Mr. Campbell.

The teams were:

Second Year—Yaphe p., Dennenberg c.; Levy 1b., Silver 2b., Forrest 3 b., Mendelsohn s.s., Ram 1.f., James c. f., Potopsky r.f.

First Year—Findlay p., Crawford c., Glickman 1b., Grossman 2b., Yanavitch 3b., Figleson s.s., Silver 1.f. and p., James c.f., Rosovitch r.f.



SOMME
"Some Collar"

"Somme" is the name of the new W. G. & R. Collar—and it is a radical change in collar designing.

Note the smart lines of this collar.

The points, if desired, may be slightly turned up in front, which adds to its stylish appearance.

Two rows of stitching give another smart touch.

Lots of tie space. "Slip On" buttonhole. ¼ sizes, the same as in other

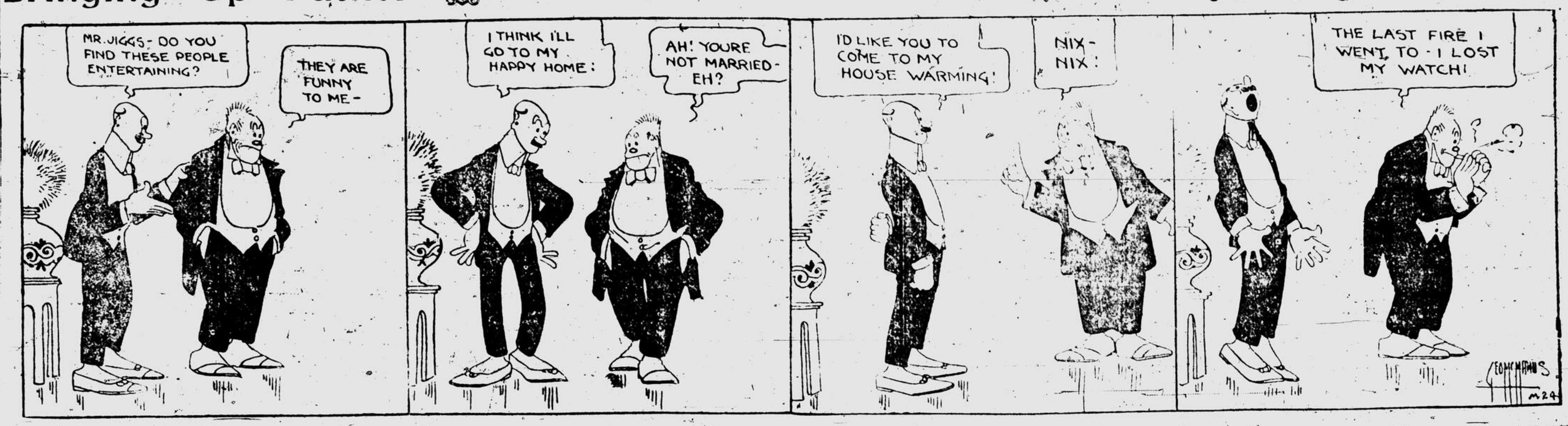
TRADE W. G. & R. MARK
COLLARS

W. G. & R. collars, fine shirts, pyjamas, and summer underwear are worthy of your patronage.

Bringing Up Father

Copyright 1917

By George McManus


MR. JIGGS - DO YOU FIND THESE PEOPLE ENTERTAINING?
THEY ARE FUNNY TO ME -
I THINK I'LL GO TO MY HAPPY HOME:
AH! YOURE NOT MARRIED - EH?
I'D LIKE YOU TO COME TO MY HOUSE WARMING!
NIX - NIX:
THE LAST FIRE I WENT TO - I LOST MY WATCH!
GEO McMANUS

THE PASSING HOUR

Bobbie had been studying his grandfather's face, which was very much wrinkled.

"Well, Bob," said the old gentleman, "do you like my face?"

"Yes, granpa," said Bobbie. "It's an awfully nice face, but why don't you have it ironed?"

Mark Twain was a good sailor and often spent happy weeks cruising with his friend, H. H. Rogers, in his steam yacht. Once they were caught south of Cuba in a heavy sea, the effect of a long drawn and violent gale. The Caribbean was heaving at its worst, and for once Mark Twain [illegible] rolling and pitching of the ship leaned over the lee rail and [illegible].

"Mr. Clemens, can't I get you something?" asked a steward solicitously.

"Yes," Mark drawled, earnestly, "I'd like a little island."

A farmer tells a story of his shooting. Says he:

"I was very much troubled with those winged thieves (the birds), for they made terrible havoc among the corn. I put scarecrows up till I was tired, so I took my gun, loaded it with powder and pellets, and should have [illegible] the quantity I [illegible] down in a day. One morning my boy rushed in and yelled:

"Dad, hundreds of birds among the corn!"

"I took my gun, put in powder, but could not find the shot, so I thrust in a handful of tacks and off I ran. Getting to the corn I yelled pretty hard. Up flew the birds into a tree. Be[illegible], I fired, and behold every bird was nailed to the tree, with their wings flapping as if flying. Struck with the sight, I stood watching them, when the little things pulled up the tree and flew away with it, leaving me in [illegible]."

"[illegible] of a place! You don't have any murder spots," said [illegible] of a party of tourists to a native guide. "In the last village we stopped at, now, they showed us where a young man had lain in wait for his sweetheart and her four sisters, and had murdered them all with fiendish [illegible]."

[illegible] had really never heard of [illegible] remarkable crime, but his professional jealousy was aroused.

"That's quite true, sir," he unblushingly bore witness, "but you are not aware that the murderer afterward made his escape in this direction, and you are standing on the very spot where he threw away the [illegible]tained gusto with which he committed the fearful deed."

It was small Gilbert's sad fate to [illegible] the attentions of a well-meaning doctor.

"Put out your tongue, my boy," the persecutor said.

Gilbert feebly [illegible] that member.

"No, no, put it right out," the doctor said.

Gilbert shook his head weakly and tears gathered in his eyes.

"I can't," he cried. "It's fastened."

"Why is it that our young men don't marry?" asked the elderly spinster.

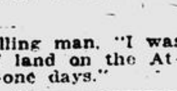
"I suppose because they are not asked," replied the cynical bachelor, with a greater regard for courtesy than he usually displays.

George Kingsbury, former manager of the Chicago Opera House and now a frequent visitor on the Rialto of New York, relates a story of the veteran star, Henry E. Dixey.

"Dixey once rusticated on a chicken farm for his health," said Mr. Kingsbury. "When he returned to Broadway, looking rosy and healthy, a friend congratulated him, and then Mr. Dixey announced that he had eaten a fried chicken a day for thirty days.

"'A chicken every day for thirty days—didn't you get tired of them?' cried the friend.

"'They agreed with me splendidly,' said Dixey. 'And the chickens were so anxious to do their share. One morning I walked past the henhouse and they were cackling, "I wish I was in Dixey."'"



"Yes," said a travelling man, "I was once out of sight of land on the Atlantic Ocean twenty-one days."

Another man spoke up: "On the Pacific Ocean one time I didn't see land for twenty-nine days."

A bald man knocked the ashes from his cigar and contributed his bit:

"I started across the Kaw River at Topeka in a skiff once," he said, "and was out of sight of land before I reached the other side."

"What!" demanded the man who had spun the first yarn. "The Kaw is not more than 300 feet wide at Topeka."

"Quite true," said the bald man quietly. "The skiff turned over and I sank twice."

ATHLETIC CONGRESS

Scandinavian Body Lauds Planning for Boom in Sports After War

NEW YORK, May 5—Although the war has eliminated the major portion of athletic competition throughout the European countries, sport has not been entirely abandoned, and there is plenty of evidence to support the belief that there will be a general revival of athletics following the proclamation of peace. Many close observers of the physical condition of the troops have stated as their opinion that the training necessary to fit the young men for the modern battlefield has produced a new type of European manhood, which will instinctively turn to sports with extraordinary zest as soon as arms are laid aide.

It is a matter of record that many forms of athletic competition are constantly being indulged in on all fronts just back of the firing lines, and these games are particularly encouraged by both the French and English army authorities. Football, baseball, golf, cricket, wrestling, boxing, and foot racing are all participated in by the soldiers off duty, and it is said that some remarkable performances are witnessed from time to time when the handicaps under which the games are played are taken into consideration.

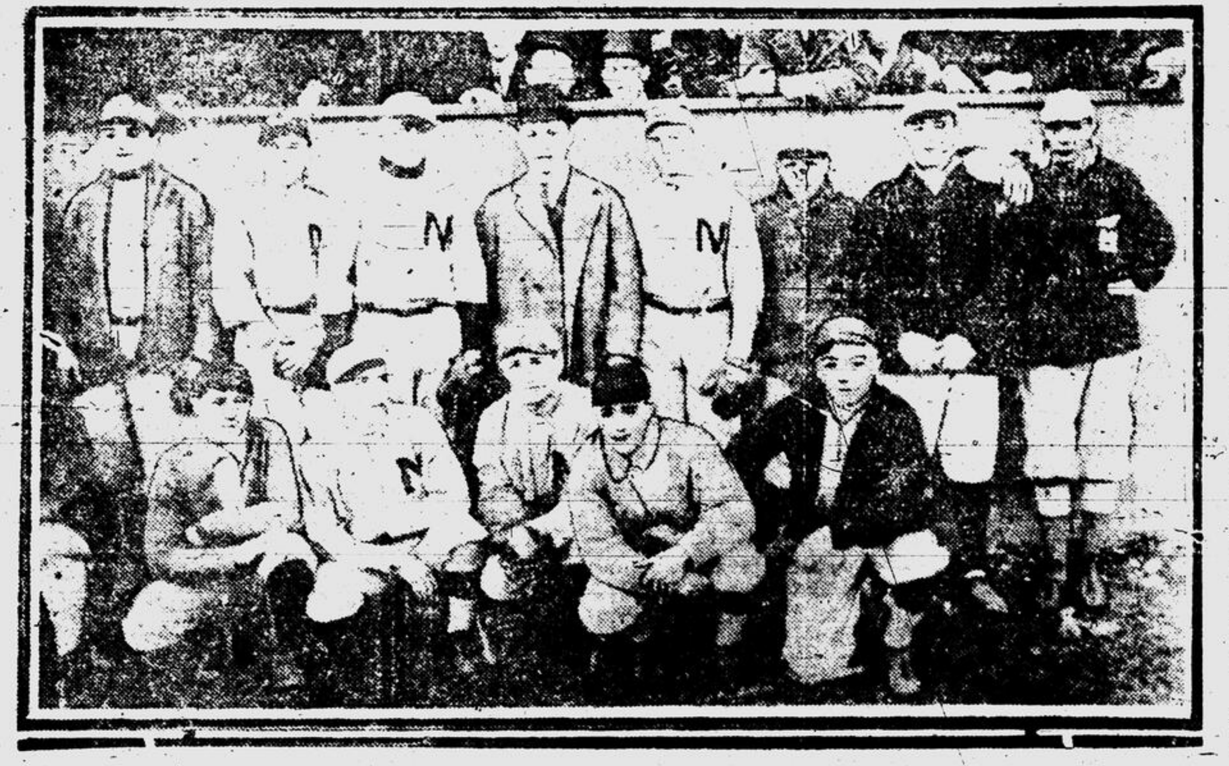
PROGRESS REPORTED.

In the Scandinavian countries steady progress in the development of athletic standards is reported, notwithstanding the fact that these nations are far more affected by the great conflict than neutrals at a greater distance. An example of the upbuilding and broadening of sport throughout this section of Europe is found in the recent Scandinavian Athletic Congress held at Stockholm.

This congress was formed at the suggestion of the Swedish A.A.U., and was attended by representatives from the athletic organizations of Norway, Denmark and Sweden. At this conference it was agreed that the new body should have full charge of all arrangements looking toward athletic meets among these three nations or with teams from other countries which may later desire to compete against an All-Scandinavian combination.

A committee was appointed to prepare a new code of eligibility and competitive regulations that will be uniform throughout Scandinavia. It was informally announced that this step was deemed advisable in view of the athletic challenges which this association is prepared to issue following the close of the war.

NATIONALS, CITY LEAGUE



Back row, left to right—Rose, ss.; Crevier, outfield; Sabourin, 1b; Gene Payette, manager; Trempe, 3b; Bates, 2b; Lefty Lorrain, p.; Kane, outfield and pitcher. Front row—Millier infielder; Lamothe, outfield; Pridham, outfield; Duplessis, catcher; Zappa, outfield.

CLARK-GAUTHIER WILL HANDLE CITY LEAGUE TOMORROW

Excellent pitching is expected to be seen tomorrow afternoon at the Shamrock grounds, when the City League will offer its third weekly series. Indians and Nationals will meet in the first game, with La Casquette and Crescents playing in the second part. Manager Pat Heffernan announced last night that he expected to land a new twirler in time for tomorrow's match against the strong French club, while Silverman, who twirled a really clever game last week against the Stars, will likely start on the mound. The Red Skins are hot after an entry in the win column at the expense of the Nationals. Manager Payette of the latter will start Lefty Lorrain against the Indians.

La Casquette and Crescents should furnish a close game in their contest. The North Enders will be much stronger than their first appearance two weeks ago, and will start South-paw Girard against Manager Bill Whelan's aggregation.

Another big attendance is expected to be on hand when Umpire Clark, the returned soldier, calls play. Armand Gauthier will be the other official.

The teams and batting orders will be as follows:—

1.30—Indians vs. Nationals.

Indians—Heffernan, c.f.; Larry or Kavanagh, r.f.; O'Sullivan, 3b.; Sheehan, 2b; Williams or Nelson, 1b.; Ross or Morgan, lf.; Heillig, ss.; Hoose, c.; Silverman or St. Hilaire, p.

Nationals—Trempe, 3b.; Bates, 2b.; Sabourin, 1b.; Ross, ss.; Lamothe, lf.; Pridham, cf.; Kane or Zappa, rf.; Duplessis, c.; Lorrain or Clement, p.

3.30—La Casquette vs. Crescents.

La Casquette—Reinhardt, 3b.; Shean, 1b.; Laing or Price, s.s.; Dumphonse, c.; C. Jacobs, cf.; McCoogan or Burch, 2b.; Nichols or Simard, lf.; Moffat, rf.; Girard or Ralph, p.

Crescents—Smith, l.f.; DesJardins, r.f.; Watson, cf.; Harney, 3b.; Curtis, 2b.; Burke or Fish, 1b.; Hetu, ss.; Wingo or G. Millar, c.; D. Miller or Gilbert, p.

A.A.U. SUSPEND TITLES

Wrestling Bouts May 11 and 12 May Be Last Championships

In announcing that the entries for the national wrestling championships would close tomorrow, Secretary Treasurer Frederick W. Rubien said that this probably would be the last championship conducted by the Amateur Athletic Union until after the war. The winners of events on May 11 and 12 at New Nixon Theatre, Atlantic City, will therefore retain their titles until such time as the championships are resumed.

Kalman Barsits of Gary, Ind., will defend his title in the 115-pound class.

CONNAUGHT PK. DRY

Special to The Star.

OTTAWA, May 4.—As a result of the carrying of prohibition in Hull, voting on which closed yesterday, the Connaught Park Jockey Club also will go "dry." It was announced last night by officers of the club that the bar would be abolished at the local plant, though it is outside the city and in a township which is still "wet." The directors were unanimous in this decision, feeling that it would not be in keeping with the dignity of the association to operate a bar in view of the fact that no licenses were granted in Ottawa or Hull.

AROUND IN BOGIE WITH FRANCIS OUIMET

Practical Articles Written on Fastest Growing Game
By One of Foremost Golfers of World.
Breezy Anecdotes of the Sport.

By FRANCIS OUIMET, Formerly Amateur and Open Champion.

This is one of a series of articles by Francis Ouimet, formerly both open and amateur golf champion, and one of the best known players in the world. He will turn out two articles a week, and will also cover the important championship matches for us. He will be our expert, and our readers are invited to write letters to Ouimet about the game. Address him care of The Montreal Daily Star.

With the season of spring well under way, the boys have rubbed the dust off their clubs, and are all set for a great season of golfing. Hundreds of players spend their winters in the south, and play continuously, while the less favored ones have to wait patiently for the arrival of spring, so they can get out in the fresh air once more.

Baseball players find it necessary to spend a few weeks in some warm climate for the purpose of conditioning themselves for the pennant races. This is not so with golfers. Only the other day a few of us were chatting about the quick manner in which some of the boys strike their true form after a long lay-off. Few of the leading players find it necessary to play more than four or five rounds before they are in mid-season form.

The reason for this, I believe, is the fact that these players have developed a smooth and true swing which seldom goes wrong, and it is an easy matter for them to breeze around in their customary low figures. Take Johnny McDermott, for instance, when he went abroad in 1912 or 1913. He took a much needed rest during the winter months, but just preparatory to his sailing for England he played a few rounds—not many—at his home club in Atlantic City.

McDERMOTT REELS OFF A 68.

Then in company with Tommy McNamara, Mike Brady and other American golfers, he played his first round at Mid-Surrey—the home club of J. H. Taylor and one of the very finest of the inland courses in Great Britain. In company with Taylor, McNamara and Mike Brady, I believe, he proceeded to reel off a 68. This remarkable performance received but little press notice, at least on this side of the pond, at the time. When you consider the little preliminary practice he enjoyed, because he certainly got none on board the boat, this was a great achievement.

Tommy McNamara received a long letter from the famous Taylor a few days ago, and he spoke of McDermott's play in this manner. That score of 68 was the greatest performance he—Taylor—had ever witnessed, and, as he himself said, he has seen some great golf during his thirty years' experience. When a person like Taylor makes such a statement, it must have been wonderful, and it is a pity we cannot be favored with more golf of the calibre. Taylor considered McDermott the greatest player ever developed in this country, and this is certainly a most fitting compliment to a wonderful golfer. I am sure every true American would like nothing better than to see the little fellow in action once more.

One of the reasons, aside from his fine form, that enabled him to play so well was his great keenness for the game. When you have been away from the club and ball for a long length of time and the old warm weather sets in, it does not take a great length of time to get started. This enthusiasm is the greatest thing in the world for the playing of good golf, and the strangeness soon wears off. The fellows with whom I have talked all agree that for a time they feel a mite uncertain in playing short approaches or in putting.

This is easily explained because the "delicate touch" which is so essential is temporarily missing. The other strokes are not hampered because the "eye," being ever alert, informs the mind that a certain distance is required, and that is taken care of as a rule in satisfactory fashion. Three or four rounds of golf will soon return the "touch," and the golfer is ready once more for a busy tournament season.

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REGATTA HELPS NAVY

Army Recruiting Also to Be Boomed at Power Boat Fixture

MINNEAPOLIS, May 4.—What, it is promised, will be the greatest patriotic spectacle ever staged in the West, and designed with the co-operation of naval officers to encourage widespread enlistment in the Naval Reserve, will be staged in this city in July.

Officers of the Minneapolis Civic and Commerce Association announced today that the midsummer carnival celebrating the extension of navigation on the Mississippi to Minneapolis, planned before the declaration of war, together with the annual regatta of the Mississippi Valley Power Boat Association, will be transformed into a huge patriotic demonstration which will bring the nation's need of men directly home to hundreds of thousands of people throughout the whole Northwest.

A recruiting establishment is to be operated in connection with the regatta, and naval officers, after demonstrating the work of the Naval Reserve, will enlist the boatmen, while an army recruiting station is expected to reap thousands of enlistments from the immense crowds which will be drawn to the Twin Cities. All of the business interests and the big railroads centreing here are joining in the movement.

Whether the annual Gold Cup race of the American Power Boat Association will be held here later in the season depends upon developments. If the July recruiting is successful, it may be repeated in connection with the Gold Cup race and seek for active naval or military service all men not needed in Uncle Sam's big "food drive."

ENTRIES CLOSE FOR BLUE BONNET STAKE EVENTS

The five stake events which will be the features of the spring meeting of the Montreal Jockey Club at Blue Bonnets track, commencing on Thursday, June 7, will close at midnight on Monday, May 7. Indications are that these events will be as liberally patronized this year as in the past and that all of the best horses that will be seen on the Canadian Racing Associations' circuit will be among the nominations. The five stakes are: The Kindergarten, a condition affair for two-year-olds, at five furlongs; the Windsor Hotel Cup, a handicap for three-year-olds and upward at one mile and a furlong; the Connaught Cup, a handicap for three-year-olds and upward, owned by Canadians residing in Canada, at one mile and a quarter; the Jacques Cartier Stakes for three-year-olds and upward at one mile and the Prince of Wales Steeplechase, a handicap for four-year-olds and upwards at about two miles. An attractive programme of handicaps and overnight events has been drafted for the meeting and these will have $600, $700 and $800 added.

IT is pretty near time for Johnny Evers to catch up with Eddie Fitzpatrick now. The Trojan has got as far back as the coaching lines.

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30-5-17.

"In order that 50,000 troops of the Canadian Expeditionary Force at present serving in Canada may be released for active warfare an appeal is now made to the manhood of Canada to volunteer for home defence."
SIR EDWARD KEMP, Minister of Militia and Defence.

CANADA

"It is the duty of the country to let our troops see their numbers are going to be kept up to the fullest extent."
Right Hon. ANDREW BONAR LAW, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The Call To Arms For Home Defence

To provide adequately for home defence and release, as reinforcements for the victors of Vimy Ridge, the Overseas units held here, men are still needed.

Canadian Home Defence Force

Enlistment in the Canadian Defence Force is for one year—or for the period of the war and six months after if required. Clothing, equipment and rations provided as in the C. E. F. Pay the same as that for Militia on active service, with separation allowance for married men.

The call is for men between 18 and 45, physically fit and keen to serve.

For full particulars enquire at Armories of the Regiments listed below.

MEN STILL REQUIRED FOR OVERSEAS IN THE CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCES.

More men are required for reinforcements at the Front. Those who desire to volunteer for Overseas Service may enlist through one of the regiments ordered to mobilize for Home Defence.

Military District No. 4, Headquarters, Montreal, Que.
Montreal—1st Regt. (Canadian Grenadier Guards).
" 3rd Regt. (Victoria Rifles of Canada).
" 5th Regt. (Royal Highlanders of Canada).
" 65th Regt. Carabiniers (Mont-Royal).
Westmount—58th Regt. (Westmount Rifles).
" Sherbrooke—53rd Sherbrooke Regiment.
Military District No. 5, Headquarters, Quebec, P.Q.
Military District No. 6, Headquarters, Halifax, N.S.

7

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Full Information Apply to LIEUT. GEO. B. SPARROW, C.E., Recruiting Officer for Canadian Engineers, Room 208, 50 Bishop St., Corner St. Catherine St.

Churches

Insertion of notices in these columns cannot be guaranteed unless the notices reach the editorial rooms of The Star not later than Thursday noon.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

Christ Church Cathedral—Venerable Archdeacon Norton, D.D., Rector of Montreal; Rev. Herbert Symonds, D.D., LL.D., Vicar of Christ Church Cathedral; Major the Rev. A. H. McGreer, M.A., curate; Rev. M. B. Johnson, M.A., curate. 8 a.m., Holy Communion, 10:15 a.m., Matins; 11 a.m., Choral Communion. Preacher, the Vicar. 3 p.m., Sunday School and Bible classes in the Synod Hall. 7 p.m., Cathedral service. Preacher, the Vicar. Baccalaureate sermon for graduates in Arts and memorial service for graduates and undergraduates of McGill University who have fallen in battle.

St. George's Parish Church—Clergy: Venerable Archdeacon Paterson-Smyth, B.D., LL.D., Litt.D., D.C.L.; Rep. Wm. Stevenson Major; Rev. R. G. Ascah, B.A. Fourth Sunday after Easter. Celebration of the Holy Communion 8 a.m. and 11 a.m. Morning Prayer at 10:30 a.m. Preacher, Dr. Paterson-Smyth. Bible lecture for men at 3 p.m. Sunday School and Bible classes 3 p.m. Evening Prayer 7 o'clock. Preacher, Rev. R. Gordon Ascah, B.A.

Church of St. John the Evangelist, corner of Ontario West and St. Urbain streets.—Clergy: Rev. W. H. Davison, M.A.; Rev. S. B. Lindsay, B.A. 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10:15, Matins and Litany; 11 a.m., procession, High Celebration and Sermon; 2:45 p.m., Greater Catechism and Sunday schools. 7 p.m., Evensong, sermon.

St. Stephen's Church, Weredale Park.—Celebration, 8 a.m.; choral celebration, 11 a.m.; preacher, Rev. Frank Charters, D.C.L.; Sunday school and Bible classes, 3 p.m.; Evensong 7 p.m. Preacher, Dean Evans.

Church of the Advent, Wood and Western avenues, Westmount—Rector, Rev. Henry M. Little, S.T.L. Sunday services, 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10:15 a.m., Matins, 11 a.m., Choral Eucharist and sermon. Preacher, the rector. 3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible classes; 7 p.m., Evensong and sermon. Preacher, the rector.

St. Martin's Church, St. Urbain and Prince Arthur sts.—Rector, Rev. W. W. Craig, D.D.; assistant, Rev. E. T. Capel. Holy Communion at 11 o'clock. Preacher, Rev. Dr. Craig; memorial tablet unveiled at this service. Evening Prayer at 7 o'clock. Preacher, Rev. E. T. Capel.

St. Thomas Church, Sherbrooke and Delorimier—11 a.m., Rev. D. J. Neugewirtz. Holy Communion; 3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible class; 7 p.m., Rev. J. S. Ereaux.

St. Edward's Church, corner St. Paul and Inspector sts.—Rural Dean Sanders, Incumbent. Services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Preacher, the Incumbent. Holy Communion, 11 a.m. Sunday school and Bible class, 3 p.m.

All Saints' Church, corner St. Denis and Marie Anne sts.—Rector, Rev. Jas. E. Fee, M.A. Holy Communion and sermon at 11 a.m. Evensong and sermon at 7 p.m. Preacher at both services the Rector. Sunday school at 3 p.m. Holy Baptism at 4 p.m.

Church of the Good Shepherd, Claremont ave. and Sherbrooke st.—Rev. F. A. Pratt, rector. 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 11 a.m., Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; 7:30 p.m., Evensong.

The Bishop Carmichael Memorial Church, cor. of St. Zotique and Chateaubriand sts., St. Denis Boulevard.—Rev. Canon Horsey, rector; Rev. J. Kenworthy, assistant. 11 a.m., Holy Communion; 3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible classes. 7 p.m., Evening prayer.

St. Matthew's Church, Colbrook avenue, N. D. de G.—Rev. E. P. Judge, Incumbent. Services at 10.30 a.m., Matins; 11 a.m., Holy Communion; 3 p.m., Sunday School; 7 p.m., Evensong.

St. Matthias—Edward Bushell, M. A., Rector. 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 11 a.m., Morning Service, with Holy Communion. Preacher Rev. Dr. Roy. 3 p.m., Sunday School; 7 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher, Rector.

St. Jude's Parish Church, corner Coursol and Vinet Sts. 8, Holy Communion; 10:15, Matins and Litany; 11, Holy Communion; 3, Sunday School: The Greater Catechism; 4:15, Baptisms; 7, Evensong, Rev. W. W. Craig, D.D.; subject, "How to lead the Children to Christ." Rev. Canon Willis, B.D., Rev. G. O. T. Bruce, B.A., clergy.

St. Mary's Church, Prefontaine and Rouville Sts. Reverend R. Y. Overing, pastor. Services at 8 a.m., Celebration of Holy Communion; 11 a.m., celebration of Holy Communion; 3 p.m., Sunday School and Bible Class; 7 p.m., Confirmation Service and Address by the Bishop of Montreal.

St. Cuthbert's Church, Park avenue Extension. Rev. W. J. Farr, Pastor. Holy Communion, 8 a.m. and 11 a.m.; Sunday School, 2 and 3 p.m.; Evensong, 7 p.m. Rev. W. J. Farr.

St. Augustine's Church, Fourth Avenue, Rosemount. Rev. Frank Guy Coombs, Rector. Matins at 11 a.m.; Evensong at 7 p.m.; Sunday School: Primary, 2; Main, 3.

Church of St. Columba, Sherbrooke St. and Grand Blvd., Notre Dame de Grace. Rev. J. A. Osborne, Rector. Services at 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 11 a.m., Matins; 7 p.m., Evensong. Sermon by the Rector.

St. Simon's Church, Notre Dame W., St. Henri. Rector, Rev. E. Charles Ireland, B. A. Holy Communion, 8 a.m. Anniversary Celebration of Communicants who were confirmed last year. Holy Communion (choral), with sermon, 11 a.m. Sunday School, 3 p.m.; Holy Baptism, 4 p.m.; Evensong, 7 p.m.

Trinity Church Rector-Chaplain, Col. Rev. Canon J. M. Almond, C.M.G., M.A., D.C.L. Acting Rector, Rev. G. Q. Warner, B.A., B.D.; Assistant, Rev. R. H. Trill, B.A. 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10 a.m., Sunday School and Bible Class; 11 a.m., Holy Communion, Rev. R. H. Trill; 7 p.m., Monthly Mission Service, Rev. G. Q. Warner, B.A., B.D.

St. Andrew's Church, Ahuntsic—11 a.m., Matins and Sermon; 7 p.m., Evensong and Sermon, Mr. Atkins.

St. Bartholomew's, Bordeaux—11 a.m., Matins and Sermon, Mr. Atkins; 7 p.m., Evensong and Sermon, Rev. R. H. Trill, B.A.

DISCIPLES

Church of Christ (Disciples), Y.W.C.A., Fairmount Ave. Worship and Lord's Supper, 11 a.m.; gospel preaching.

PRESBYTERIAN

St. Paul's Church.—Services on Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., preacher, Rev. Bruce Taylor, D.D. Evening subject, "The Duty of Happiness." Sunday school, 3 p.m.

Knox Presbyterian Church, pastor, Rev. I. Adams Montgomery, B. A. Services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The pastor will preach at both services. Sabbath school and young woman's Bible class at 3 p.m. Schools for Chinamen at 10 a.m. and 8:15 p.m. Fine devotional singing.

Erskine Church, Sherbrooke street, west, at head of Crescent street, Rev. Dr. Hanson, minister, will preach at both 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. services. 7 p.m., subject, "Appealing to the Heroic."

MacVicar Memorial Church, St. Viateur Ave., cor. Hutchison St., Rev. James G. Potter, Minister. 11 a.m., preacher, James S. Potter, Toronto; 7 p.m., preacher, Rev. S. S. Burns; 10 a.m., Chinese Bible school; 3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible classes; Monday, 8 p.m., illustrated lecture by Rev. Dr. Robt. Johnston.

St. Andrew's Church, Beaver Hall Hill, Rev. George Duncan, pastor—Services at 11 and 7. Morning subject: "The Soul and the Altar in Morning Light." Evening subject: "Each Soul to its Own Place." Pre-Communion service will be held on Friday at 8:15 p.m. 3 p.m. Sunday school.

St. Giles Presbyterian Church, St. Joseph Blvd., west of Park Ave., 11, "The Three Highest Motives"; 7, "The Signs of the Times," in the Great World War. 3, Sunday school and Bible classes. Subject for Men's meeting: "The Seven Churches of Ephesus."

First Presbyterian Church, Prince Arthur and Mance streets, Rev. Malcolm A. Campbell, minister. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The minister will officiate at both services. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m.

Calvin-Westminster Presbyterian Church, Atwater avenue, Rev. W. D. Turner, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Chinese school at 10 a.m. Sunday school and Bible classes at 3 p.m.

Melville Church, Melville Ave., Westmount Park, Rev. S. T. Martin, minister. Services, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., at both of which Rev. Mr. Martin will preach. Sunday school and young men's club at 3 p.m.

Crescent Street Church, Dorchester and Crescent streets, Rev. Robert W. Dickie, D.D., minister. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., conducted by the Minister.

Taylor Presbyterian Church, Papineau and Logan Ave., Rev. Dr. W. Harvey-Jellie, 11 a.m., "In the Upper Room; 7 p.m., "A Pointed Message."

Outremont Presbyterian Church—St. Catherine Road and Rockland Ave., Sunday, May 6th. Rev. Binney Simpson Black, minister, will preach at both services. 11 a.m., "Towel and Basin, the best Family Crest." 7 p.m., "When You Move Out."

Fairmount Presbyterian Church—Papineau avenue and Masson street, Rev. H. S. Lee, pastor. Services at 11. Special Children's Service; prizes for Church attendance given out. Baptism. 7 Evening Service; 2 Adult Bible Class; 3 Sunday School.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church—Cote St. Antoine Rd., and Kensington Ave., (one block north of Sherbrooke street), Westmount. Rev. W. J. Clarke, D.D. minister, will preach at both services. 11 a.m., "The Right Ideal," 3 John: 11; 7:30 p.m., "The Relation of the Individual to God," Ezekiel 18:4; 3 p.m., Sunday School and Bible Class.

St. Matthew's Presbyterian Church—Wellington and Bourgeois streets, Rev. George E. Ross, B.A., B.D., pastor. Services at 11 a.m., Subject "What is Your Life?" 7 p.m. "The Call of Zacchaeus." Men's Morning meeting and Chinese classes at 10. Sunday School and Bible classes at 3.

St. Luke's Presbyterian Church—Blvd. Decarie, near Sherbrooke street Rev. A. D. Mackenzie, M.D.G., pastor. Services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School and Bible class at 3 p.m.

Verdun Presbyterian Church—Church Ave., Rev. S. S. Burns, B.A., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Pastor preach in morning and Rev. J. S. Potter in evening. Bible School 3 p.m. Subject for Men's class "Christ and War."

Victoria Church—Point St. Charles Rev. A. McCallum, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. "Death and Judgment." 7 p.m. "The Fifth Commandment." Men's Own 10 a.m.

Montreal West Presbyterian Church—Westminster ave. N., Pastor Rev. A. S. Ross, B. A. Services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Pastor will conduct both services. Sunday School and Bible class 3 p.m.

Livingstone Presbyterian Church—Cor. Mance street and Atlantic avenue, Rev. A. S. Reid, B.A., B.D., pastor. Services at 11 "Samson, the Strong Man." 7 "The Beneficial Influence of the Holy Spirit."

Salem Welsh Presbyterian Church—Gordon Hall, corner of Mountain and St. Catherine street, W. Services are held at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. W. E. Harris will preach.

American Presbyterian Church, Dorchester and Drummond streets—Rev. D. Johnston will preach at both services tomorrow. 11 a.m., "The Witness of the Church to Her Lord—in Word," 7 p.m. "A Dying Soldier's Only Salvation."

ADVENTISTS

Seventh Day Adventist Church, cor. Hutchison and Villeneuve Sts. (near Park Ave.) Services Sunday at 7:30 p.m.; subject, "The Climax of Prophecy." Wednesday, 7.30 p.m., prayer meeting. Saturday, Sabbath school, 10 a.m., and preaching at 11 a.m.

LUTHERAN

Evangelical Lutheran Church, 285 Clarke Ave., Westmount—Rev. P. Lamartine, Pastor. Sunday school at 10 a.m. Morning service at 11 a.m. Evening service at 7 p.m.

UNITARIAN

Church of the Messiah, Sherbrooke st. west and Simpson sts. Rev. Frederick R. Griffin, B.A., S.T.B. (Harvard), pastor. Services at 11 a.m. Mr. Griffin will preach. Sunday school at 12:20 p.m. No evening service.

METHODIST

St. James Methodist Church—St. Catherine and City Councillor streets. Sunday, May 6, services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. 11 a.m., Rev. Thomas Scott. Subject, "Why be Discouraged?" 7 p.m., Major C. A. Williams, [illegible] "Christian Truth in the Searching Light of War" [illegible] Sunday School [illegible] 3 p.m. Men's [illegible] Leader [illegible] A Special Music [illegible] welcome to all services.

East End Methodist Church—Cor. Cartier and Demontigny streets. Rev. S. E. Newton, pastor will preach at both services. Subject for the evening "Salvation: the Book of Matthew, Sixteen, Eighteen." Sacramental Service at the close.

Sherbrooke St. Methodist Church—Rev. Robert Smith, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sacrament of Lord's Supper in connection with morning service. Sunday School at 3 p.m.

Douglas Methodist Church—Corner St. Catherine and Chomedy streets, pastor, Rev. Arthur E. Runnells, B.D. 10 a.m., class meeting, 11 a.m., Divine service. The Lord's Supper will be administered when several candidates will join to church. 3 p.m. Sabbath School, including Bible Classes for men and women. 7 p.m. Divine service. Subject: "The Voice from the Mount." Harold Mallory, the newly appointed Choir Master, will conduct the singing. Mrs. Wellwood will sing and the Pastor will preach at both services.

Westmount Methodist Church—Corner Western and Lansdowne. Minister, Rev. T. E. Holling, B.A. 10 a.m., Quarterly Fellowship Service. 11 a.m., Public Worship, Communion and Reception of new members. 3 p.m. Sabbath School. 7 p.m. Public Worship, Y.M.C.A. night. W.R. Andrew of the Y.M.C.A. National Council will give his message on "Winning Men in the Military Camps in Canada and Overseas."

St. Henry Methodist Church, Corner St. Antoine and Convent Sts.—Pastor the Rev. F. H. Sproule. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.; Sunday School at 3 p.m. Morning service the Pastor will preach; subject, "The coming of Heaven to Earth." Evening service, the Rev. R. A. Nunn, Pastor of St. Paul; subject, "A Truthful Demonstration." Sacrament of the Lord's Supper at the close of the evening service.

Centenary Methodist Church, Wellington and Charron streets—Rev. B. B. Brown, Pastor, will preach. 11 a.m., "When It's Wise to Waste." 7 p.m., "All His Wondrous Works." Sacrament of Lord's Supper both morning and evening. 3 p.m., Men's Own. Address by Alf. Mills on "Billy Sunday as I Saw Him." 3 p.m., Centenary and Hope Chapel S. S.

Fairmount Ave. Methodist Church, corner Fairmount avenue and Hutchison Sts.—Pastor, Rev. Chas. S. Deeprose, will preach at both services. 11 a.m., sermon to Brotherhood Men—"The Call of the City." Sacrament at the close of the service. 7 p.m., "The Double Interpretation." 10 a.m., Brotherhood Rally and Class Meeting.

Methodist Church, Mount Royal avenue—Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Reception of new members and Communion at close of morning service. Subject for evening, "The Bible as a Civilizer."

Trinity Methodist Church, Pie IX. Blvd., Maisonneuve—Rev. Wm. Smith, Pastor. Services at 11 and 7. Communion and Reception Services in the evening. Sunday School at 3.

Mountain St. Methodist Church—Rev. John B. Curtis, Pastor. At 10 a.m., Fellowship Service; leader, Mr. Meyers. 11 a.m., the Pastor preaches; subject, "A Study in Christ's Method of Conquest." 3 p.m., S. S. and Men's Association. 7 p.m., Miss Edgar, Y.W.C.A.; subject, "The Twentieth Century Girl."

Shaw Memorial Methodist Church, corner of Beaubien and Christopher Columbus Sts. Rev. D. Mick, Pastor. Service Sunday, May 6, 1917; the Pastor will preach. 10 a.m., Class meeting. 11 a.m., topic, "A Pointed and Practical Question." 3 p.m., Sunday School and Bible Classes. Men's Brotherhood. Open Sunday special singing and speaking. 7 p.m.

Lachine Methodist Church, corner St. Joseph and Eleventh Ave.—Rev. T. Creighton Cassidy, Pastor. Services at 11 a.m.; subject, "The Battle Cry of the Church." Preacher, Rev. R. W. Armstrong. 7 p.m., preacher, Rev. Roy M. Pounder, M.A., S.T.D.

St. Paul Methodist Church, St. Patrick and Cabot Sts.—Rev. Robert A. Nunn, Pastor. Services at 11 and 7. Sunday School at 3. Quarterly Communion at conclusion of regular morning service. "Mothers' Day" will be observed in the Sunday School with open session and an address will be delivered by Mrs. I. J. Dawson. All mothers are cordially invited. At the evening service W. D. Lambly, M.D., will speak on "Impressions of the Billy Sunday Campaign in New York."

Montreal West Methodist Church, Brock Ave. Rev. W. P. Wornell, B.A., Pastor. Services at 11.15 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School, 10.15 a.m. The Pastor will preach at both services; morning, The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper; evening subject: "The Right Use of Power." Annual congregational gathering Wednesday, May 9, at 8 p.m.

Verdun Methodist Church—Rev. W. Timberlake, Pastor. 11 a.m., "What We should Be and Why." 7 p.m., Memorial Service for Pte. A. Morris, of the 73rd and Pte. F. Colwill, of the 60th, both having made the supreme sacrifice in France. The Pastor at both services. 3 p.m., Men's Association.

Wesley Methodist Church, Notre Dame de Grace, corner of Sherbrooke street and Melrose Avenue (temporary building). Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The Pastor, Rev. Frederick J. McClement, will preach. Sunday School and Bible Class at 3.

Delorimier Methodist Church, corner Cartier and St. Joseph Blvd. Rev. I. H. McConnell, Pastor. Services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The Pastor will preach at both services. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered at the close of the evening service. Sunday School and Bible Class, 3 p.m.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Montreal, Closse St. Sunday school, 9:45 and 11. Services, 11 and 7:30; subject, "Everlasting Punishment."

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Westmount, Victoria Hall. Sunday school, 11. Services, 11 and 7:30; subject, "Everlasting Punishment."

BAPTIST

First [illegible]

Olivet Baptist Church, [illegible] Dorchester [illegible] Pastor Rev. [illegible]

[illegible] St. C[illegible] Baptist Church, [illegible] Services at 11 [illegible] 7 p.m. [illegible] 3 p.m. [illegible] for all.

Baptist Church of Westmount [illegible] West of [illegible] Wallace [illegible] "The [illegible] new [illegible] from [illegible] o'clock.

Temple Baptist Church, corner of Durocher and Fairmount aves., Outremont. Rev. Gordon H. Baker, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The pastor will preach at both services. Morning, "The Power of Christ." Evening, "The Inside of the Cup." Lord's Supper at evening service.

Tabernacle Baptist Church, 309 Delorimier ave.—C. T. Boyd, pastor. Services at 11 a.m., Band of Hope, 3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible class; 7 p.m. Gospel service.

St. Paul's Baptist Church, Ontario st. near Nicolet. Rev. Arthur St. James, pastor. Services, 11 a. m., French sermon; 2:30 p.m., Bible school; 7 p.m., English subject, "Why Believe in the Church?", followed by communion.

St. Paul's Mission, 2184 Orleans st. Rosemount 11 a.m., Sunday School and Bible class. Friday, 8 p.m. Preaching by Pastor St. James.

Verdun Baptist Church, corner Gordon and Verdun aves.—Pastor, Rev. H. Campbell Plant will preach both morning and evening. 11 a.m., subject, "The Mind of Christ." 7 p.m., "What do you know about God?" Sunday school meets at 3 p.m.

Westmount Baptist Mission, 2550 Notre Dame st. w.—Evan R. Owen and Sydney Comber, superintendents. Services at 11 a.m. Children's Temperance, 3 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Classes. 6:30, Song service; 7, Evening worship. Speaker, Mr. Evan R. Owen. Subject: "Is your house in order?"

CONGREGATIONAL

Emmanuel Congregational Church, Drummond st.—The pastor, Dr. Hugh Pedley will preach at both services. Morning subject, "Concealment and Confession." Evening, "Kings, Passing and Permanent." Communion and reception of members at close of morning service.

Pt. St. Charles Congregational Church, Wellington and Hibernia Sts.—Rev. Hermon A. Carson, B.A., Pastor. Services at 11 a.m., 3 and 7 p.m. The Pastor will preach at both services.

Union Congregational Church, 365 Delisle St.—Rev. Arnold E. Gregory, B.D., Pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m., at which the Pastor will preach. Subject in the evening, "Perils of the City." Sunday school at 1 p.m.; Song Service at 6:15 p.m.

Amherst Park Congregational Church, De St. Valler St. (near St. Zotique)—Rev. Ralph J. Haughton, Pastor. Services at 11 and 7. Morning subject, "And They went and Told Jesus." Evening subject, "Religious Self-complacency—the Demand for Moral Muscle." Sunday school, 2:30; Men's Brotherhood, 3:30.

Zion Congregational Church, Corner of Mance and Milton streets,—Rev. Henry J. Kilbourn, pastor. Public worship, 11 a.m., and 7 p.m. Morning Theme: "The Work of the Holy Spirit." Evening theme: "The Significance of the Red Cross."

UNION CHURCH

Strathmore Union Church, 32 Lake Ave., Strathmore—Sunday, May 6, service at 3 p.m.; preacher, William Swan, of Summerlea Presbyterian Church. Sunday school at 2 p.m.

SHAW MEMORIAL.

A rare treat is in store for the people of the Amherst Park section of the city on Sunday night next. The Fairmount Junior Choir of fifty voices under the leadership of Mrs. Moore will give a song service in Shaw Memorial Church. The service will begin with a sing song by the choir and the congregation at 6:55.

MOTHER'S SERVICE.

The Cote St. Paul Methodist Sunday School will hold a special service tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, celebrating Mother's Day. The entire service is in the hands of the Mothers' Class and all participants in the conduct of the service will be mothers.

MOUNTAIN ST. CHURCH.

At Mountain St. Methodist Church Sunday night, Miss Edgar of the Y.W.C.A. will give an address on "The Twentieth Century Girl and her Mother." The pastor, Rev. J. K. Curtis, will preach in the morning from the subject: "A Study in Christ's Method of Conquest."

ST. JAMES METHODIST.

Tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock, the Rev. Thos. Scott will be the preacher in St. James Methodist Church. Subject will be "Why be Discouraged." At the evening service Major Williams will continue his special series of sermons on "Christian Truth in the Searching Light of War," taking as his subject, "Where is God." Special music will be rendered by the choir, including a tenor solo, "Heaven is my Home," which will be sung by J. B. Cadieux, Jr.

PEOPLE'S FORUM.

The People's Forum will bring its season's work to a close tomorrow afternoon, when at 3 o'clock, in the Assembly Hall of the Commercial and Technical High School, 53 Sherbrooke Street West, Howard S. Ross, K.C., will speak on "City Government." An open discussion will follow the address. The musical program will include piano selections by Miss Alice Silver and songs by Miss Aileen Marshall. Professor Dale, president of the Forum, will preside.

PHILOSOPHIC LECTURES.

Owing to the success of the series of lectures which have been delivered during the past five weeks, by Howard Edie and J. A. van Tilburg, it has been decided to continue these Sunday night lectures throughout the year, with the exception of July and August when the Theosophical Society goes into recess. Next Sunday evening the lecture will take place at the Edinburgh Cafe, when Mr. Edie will speak on the "History and Purpose of the Theosophical Society." He will precede his lecture with a Theosophical reading from Shakespeare. It has not yet definitely been decided where the balance of these lectures will take place, but it is more than likely that several of them will be given at the Ritz Carlton.

Notice to Churches

Display announcements of Churches for insertion in Saturday's Star should be in the Advertising Department, Star Office, St. James Street, not later than the preceding Thursday; otherwise no guarantee of insertion can be given.

ST. ANDREWS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

WESTMOUNT

Minister:
Rev. W. J. Clark, D.D.
Sunday, May 6th, 1917
11 A.M.—"The Right Ideal" John 3: 11.
7:30 P.M.—"The Relation of the Individual to God" Ezekiel 18:4
Strangers welcome at all services.

COTE ST. ANTOINE ROAD & KENSINGTON AVE.
ONE BLOCK NORTH OF SHERBROOKE.

American Presbyterian Church

A.M.—"The Witness of the Church to her Lord—in Word"—May 6.
"The Witness of the Church to her Lord—in Worship"—May 13
P.M.—"A Dying Soldier's Only Salvation"—May 6.
"Can We Talk With Another World?"—May 13.
Special Hymns for Congregational Praise at Evening Worship

Associated Bible Students

Arcanum Hall, 92 Union Ave.
Sunday, May 6, at 3 P.M. "The Sounding of the Second Trumpet"
All Welcome. No Collections. All Seats Free.

ASSOCIATED BIBLE STUDENTS

498 DORCHESTER ST. WEST, next to Y.W.C.A. in SCHOOL ROOM of CHURCH.
Topic for Sunday May 6th at 3 P.M.
"1000 YEARS EARTH'S COMING GLORY." Rev. 5:10 and 20: 4
AT 8 P. M. DRAMA OF CREATION Part 3.
No Collections. ALL WELCOME All Seats Free.

BAPTIST TEMPLE

Corner of Durocher and Fairmount Avenue, Outremont.
REV. GORDON H. BAKER, B.A., B.D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"The Power of Christ."
7 P. M.—"The Inside of the Cup."
Lord's Supper in the Evening.
LITTLE ADELINE DICKS WILL SING

Church of the Good Shepherd

Cor. Claremont and Sherbrooke St.
F. A. PRATT, B.A., Rector.
8 A.M. and 11 A.M. Holy Communion
Special Notice—Time for Evening Service has been changed to 7.30

Christ Church Cathedral

SUNDAY, MAY 6th.
11:00 A. M.—Choral Communion with Sermon by the Vicar
7 P. M.—Annual Baccalaureate Sermon, and Memorial Sermon for McGill Students fallen in battle. Preacher, The Vicar.
The First Lesson will be read by DEAN MOYSE.
The Second Lesson will be read by SIR WILLIAM PETERSON.
Members of all the Faculties, Graduates and Undergraduates of McGill cordially invited, as also the General Public.

Dominion Methodist Church

Westmount, Corner the Boulevard and Roslyn Ave.
SAMUEL P. ROSE, Minister
Services at 11 A.M. and 7 P.M. Sunday School at 3 P.M.
A Cordial Welcome to all.

Douglas Methodist Church

Corner St. Catherine and Chomedy Sts.
SUNDAY MAY 6th.
Pastor: REV. A. E. RUNNELLS, B.D.
11 A.M. Subject: "The Lord's Supper."
3 P.M. Sabbath School.
7 P.M. Subject: "The Voice from the Mount."
The Pastor will preach at both Services.
Soloists:
Mr. Harold Mallory Mrs. Wellwood.
Strangers and visitors are welcome.

Erskine Church, Sherbrooke St., West. at head of Crescent St.

(PRESBYTERIAN) REV. DR. HANSON, PASTOR.

Will preach at both 11 A.M. and 7 P.M. services.
7 P.M. Subject—"APPEALING TO THE HEROIC."
Anthem—"Put on Thy Strength"—(Sir J. Stainer).
Tenor Solo—"Pour out Thy Heart before the Lord" (Morique). Mr. Merlin Davies
6.45 P.M.—Organ Prelude—A. E. J. McCreary, Organist.
Mid-week Service, Wednesday, 8.15 P.M. Welcome to all services.

Emmanuel Congregational Church

Drummond Street
The Pastor, Dr. Hugh Pedley, will preach at both services.
Morning Subject—"Concealment and Confession."
Evening—"Kings, Passing and Permanent."
Communion and Reception of Members at close of Morning Service.
All Seats Free. Everybody Welcome.

English Society of Spiritualists

Coronation Building
Service every Sunday at 7:30 P.M.
Address To-morrow by Miss Deacock
Karma---The Law of Justice
Clairvoyance as usual

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

(Cor. Sherbrooke and Union Ave.)
REV. M. F. McCUTCHEON, S. T. M.
Subjects for Sunday, May 6th.
11 A. M.—"The Spirit of Heroism; Has the Modern Church Lost It?"
7 P. M.—"A Communion Meditation."
All Seats Free. Everybody Welcome.

Y. M. C. A. NIGHT.

"Y. M. C. A. Night" will be observed on Sunday evening at Westmount Methodist Church. The pastor, Rev. T. E. Holling will be assisted in the service by J. M. Carson, Secretary of Westmount Branch of Y. M. C. A. The address will be given by W. R. Andrew, Secretary of the National Council of the Y.M.C.A. for Military work. "Winning men in the Military Camps in Canada and Overseas." Mr. Andrew will also sing a solo. A men's choir will furnish the music.

HEBREW ORPHAN HOME.

Th children of the Montreal Hebrew Orphan Home will give an entertainment, on Sunday afternoon, May 6th, at 3 p.m. at the Baron de Hirsh Institute, Bleury street.

St. Patrick's

Special for Next Sunday

GENERAL COMMUNION OF THE MEN AT 8 O'CLOCK MASS.
At 7:30 P.M.—SOLEMN SERVICE AND MAY DEVOTIONS.
Special Sermon—Procession of the Children—Benediction.
Next Monday Morning, at 7:30: PARISH PILGRIMAGE TO BONSECOURS for Men and Women.
N.B.—Sunday Low Masses—6, 7, 8, 9, 10.
The Solemn High Mass begins at 11 A.M. and ends shortly after Noon.
106 2

Knox Presbyterian Church

Pastor, Rev. I. Adam Montgomery, B.A.
Service 11 A. M. and 7. P. M. The Pastor will preach at both services.
Morning Anthem—"Rejoice Jerusalem." Tenor Solo—"Save us O Lord." Contralto Solo—"Be Thou my Guide." Evening Anthem—"O Jesus Lord most Merciful."
Sabbath School and Young Women's Bible Class at 3 P.M.
Strangers and Soldiers always welcome.

Montreal Theosophical Society

Free lecture at Edinburgh Cafe, Sunday May 6th at 8.15 P.M.
Subject:—"The History and Purpose of Theosophy" by Mr. Howard Edie.

"A Common Effort for A Great Cause" *Balfour*

Fourth in Series of Addresses on the Religious Significance of Recent Public Utterances, by
F. L. ORCHARD, B.D., 7 P.M., in the
OLIVET BAPTIST CHURCH
Corner Dorchester and Guy Streets.

DON'T FORGET

Sunday in Outremont Presbyterian Church
Take Outremont Car along St. Catherine Road to Rockland Avenue.
Preacher—REV. BINNEY SIMPSON BLACK
11 A.M.---"TOWEL AND BASIN"
7 P.M.---"WHEN YOU MOVE OUT"
Soloist—Mrs. Fred. Tisdale.
The Others Are Coming: Why not Join Them?

Scots Church

St. Andrew's on Beaver Hall Hill
Rev. George Duncan, M.A., B.D., Minister.
Services 11 A.M. and 7 P.M.
Morning Subject: "The Soul and the Altar in Morning Light"
Evening Subject: "Each Soul To Its Own Place."
Morning Anthem—"In that Day" Elvey
Evening Anthem—"I Will Mention." Sullivan.
Pre-Communion service will be held on Friday at 8:15 P.M.
3 P.M. Sunday School Organist: Mr. C. H. Hopkins Ould.

Shaw Memorial Methodist Church

Corner Beaubien and Christopher Columbus Streets.
Sunday, May 6th, Pastor will preach.
10 A. M.—Class meeting.
11 A. M.—Topic: "A Pointed and Practical Question."
3 P. M.—Sunday School and Open Brotherhood meeting.
7 P.M. SONG SERVICE BY FAIRMOUNT JUNIOR CHOIR.
50 Voices, under the leadership of Mrs. Moore.
Seats Free. ALL WELCOME

St. Giles Presbyterian Church

St. Joseph Boulevard, West of Park Avenue.
Rev. J. R. Dobson, B.D., will preach at both services.
11 A. M.—"THE THREE HIGHEST MOTIVES."
7 P. M.—"SIGNS OF THE TIMES"—in the GREAT WORLD'S WAR.
Organ Prelude 6:45 P.M.—"3rd Sonata" (Mendelssohn)
Organist—J. B. Gatenby, A.R.C.O., L.Mus.

St. James Methodist Church

SUNDAY MAY 6th.
11 A.M.—Rev. Thomas Scott,—Subject:
"WHY BE DISCOURAGED?"
7 P.M.—Major Rev. C. A. Williams, Subject:
Subject:—"CHRISTIAN TRUTH IN THE SEARCHING LIGHT OF WAR."
(5) "WHERE IS GOD?"
The Choir Will Sing:
"I Will Arise" (Grant). "O, Lord at Evening Time" (C. E. B. Price).
Tenor Solor, by Mr. J. B. Cadieux, Jr., "Heaven is My Home." (Sauvage)

To Residents of Notre Dame de Grace

You are cordially invited to worship at ST. LUKE'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 200 Decarie Blvd. (few doors above Sherbrooke St.)
Sunday Services at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M.
A Hearty, Homelike Welcome is assured

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH

Corner of Dorchester and St. Monique Streets.
Dr. BRUCE TAYLOR will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
Evening Subject—"The Duty of Happiness."
Sunday School, 3 P.M.

The Knowlton Conference

KNOWLTON, QUE.

A happy combination of real holiday enjoyment with interesting addresses and classes.
NOTHING DULL OR HEAVY.
For Folder, etc., address The General Superintendent, 205 Mansfield St., Montreal, Que.

The People's Forum

In Commercial and Technical High School, 53 Sherbrooke St. West
SUNDAY, MAY 6th, at 3 O'Clock
Speaker: Howard S. Ross, K.C. Subject: "City Government"
Pianist:—Miss Alice Silver Vocalist—Miss Aileen Marshall, Soprano
Admission Free. Discussion. Everybody Welcome

Westmount Methodist Church

Western and Lansdowne
Sunday Evening at 7 o'clock
Y. M. C. A. NIGHT
Speaker and Soloist:—
Mr. W. R. ANDREW.
(Secretary of Military Work for Y.M.C.A.)
Subject:—"Winning Men in the Military Camps in Canada and Overseas."
Mr. Andrew has a great message in speech and song.
Hear Him. Music by Men's Choir.

THE CLIMAX OF PROPHECY

"Behold I Come Quickly."

A message is now due the world.

S.D.A. Church
Cor. Hutchison and Villeneuve. (near Park Ave.) Sunday. 7.30 P.M.

35c Initial Stationery For 23c Box
Initial Stationery, gold initial. Reg. 35c box. Monday 23c box. No C. O. D., or phone orders.
—Street Floor

Ogilvy's Can Help You Save---Start Monday

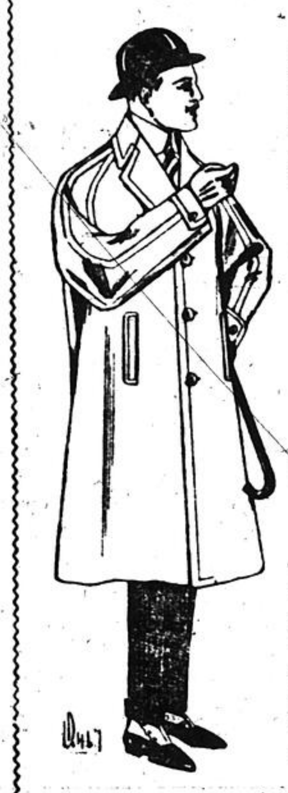
Butterick Patterns
---Aisle 4, Street Floor

NO PHONE ORDERS FOR ANY OF THE ITEMS ADVERTISED HERE

OGILVYS

Rush Sales
ON SALE AT 8.30 A.M.

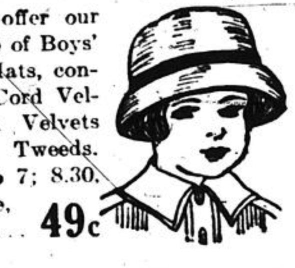
Hurry Men for these Spring Coats at $7.50 each



Spring Coats but only 25 of them. All sizes in the assortment from 35 to 40 chest measure No further details. No beating about the bush, simply a word of advice—be here early. Monday, each....... **$7.50**

At 8:30 Monday 50 Boys' Raincoats ranging in sizes from 6 to 16 years. While they last after 8:30 Monday Morning, each.......... $3.00
—First Floor

Boys' $1 and $1.25 Rah! Rah! Hats at 49c Each



We will offer our entire range of Boys' Rah Rah Hats, consisting of Cord Velvets, plain Velvets and Fancy Tweeds. Sizes 6⅜ to 7; 8.30, special price, each........ **49c**

75c and $1 EMBROIDERY FLOUNCING FOR 43c YARD
24 and 27-inch Embroidery Flouncing, suitable for children's dresses and women's Princess Slips, in solid and openwork designs, scalloped border. Regular 75c and $1.00 per yard. Very special, 8.30, Monday, for.......... **43c**
—Street Floor.

WOMEN'S IRISH LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, 2 FOR 25c
Fine Irish Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs with dainty colored border in pink, blue and helio. Special, two for.......... **25c**
—Street Floor.

15c to 25c RIBBONS FOR 7½c YARD
500 yards Taffeta, Moire and Duchess Satin Ribbons. Oddments. Regular values 15c to 25c. Widths ¾ to 3½ inches. Colors, brown, navy, royal, white, pink, sky, green, grey, mauve, purple, helio and fancy stripes. Regular values 15c to 25c., Monday.......... **7½c**
—Street Floor

WOMEN'S 35c WHITE LISLE STOCKINGS, FOR 17c
360 pairs women's White Lisle Stockings, seamless, double garter top, less than maker's prices. Sizes 8½ to 10. 8:30 Monday, pair.......... **17c**
Limit 2 pairs.

WOMEN'S 75c SILK GLOVES FOR 39c PAIR
240 pairs only long Black Pure Silk Gloves, mousquetaire wrist. Sizes 6 to 7½. Reg. 75c, 2:30 Monday, per pair.......... **39c**
Limit 2 pairs.

39c Self Colored Voiles, For 21c Yard
40-inch Self Colored Voile in a full range of colorings including white. Reg. 39c., Monday .. **21c**

20c Wash Goods For 15c Yard
This Sale will include Prints, Ginghams, Seersuckers, Muslins, etc. Materials suitable for most purposes. A leader for Monday at.......... **15c**

WOMEN'S $1 DUPLEX GLOVES FOR 79c PAIR
296 pairs Duplex Gloves, two dome fasteners, good fitting. Sizes 6 to 7½. Colors, white, beaver, grey and brown. Reg. $1, 8:30 Monday, pair.......... **79c**
—Street Floor

$1.50 COLORED SILKS FOR 69c YARD
36-inch Colored Silks. Oddments and broken lines which include Striped Washing Habutai, Sport Silks in Oriental designs, Poplins, Colored Habutai, etc., Values up to $1.50, Monday.......... **69c**

$1.75 IMITATION KHAKI KOOL $1.49 YARD
36-inch Imitation Khaki Kool. A novelty silk this season. Colors include white, sand, grey, reseda, old rose, mustard, etc. Reg. $1.75, Monday per yard.......... **$1.49**

OGILVYS

Monday Specials at the Neckwear Bargain Counter

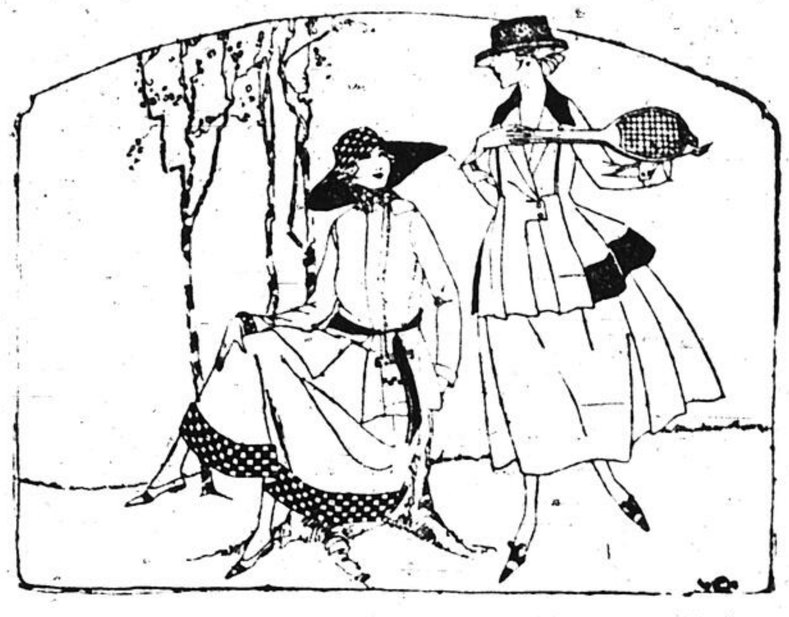
No. 1. Women's Fancy Belts in colors, white and black. Reg. 35c, 39c, 45c and 50c, Monday.......... **25c**
No. 2. Women's Fancy Neckwear. Reg. 19c, 25c and 35c. Monday.......... **12½c**
No. 3. Frilling in white, color and Dresden. Reg. 15c to 25c yard, Monday, yard.......... **5c**
No. 4. Neckwear of the better sort and styles. Now 59c to 95c. Monday.......... **49c**
No. 5. Lounge Collars. Now 15c and 25c, Monday.......... **5c**
---Street Floor

100 Week-end Toilet Outfits at 22c a Set

Made by the John Taylor Co.
Ladies' Sets contains one bottle cologne, one tin talcum, one cake soap, one tooth paste.
Gent's case contains Shaving Cream, Tooth Paste, Soap and Talcum Powder. Monday, set **22c**
—Street Floor

8:30 Rush Specials
Panama Hats $1.00
50 only Panama Hat Shapes in crush and negligee styles. While they last.......... **$1.00**
No C.O.D., or phone orders.

Monday's Feature---A Sale of Women's High Class Suits at $20.



All of them new styles for spring at about one-third to one-half their usual price.

The very perfection of smart tailoring. They are distinguished by a chic and individuality which is only found in the creations of the best of designers. Moreover, the collection is most representative containing Suits for all occasions A whole host of smart models. Regular selling prices $29.75 to $45, on sale Monday **$20.00**

8.30 Rush Specials

100 Women's House Dresses, made of good quality print. Monday at 8.30 **79c**

Girls' White Muslin Dresses for ages 6 to 12 years. Reg. $1.98, for **$1.25**

Girls' Gingham Dresses for ages 6 to 14 years. New styles. Reg. 98c., for **69c**
First Floor

Smallwares'--- Some Specials

[illegible] for protecting [illegible] sleeves, [illegible] office or the house. Reg. 20c. Monday, 2 for **25c**

Assorted bundles of Tape. Reg. [illegible]c. Monday, bundle **05c**

Fancy Buttonhole Braid for trimming cotton dresses, new styles and colors. Reg. 18c piece. Monday, 2 pieces **25c**

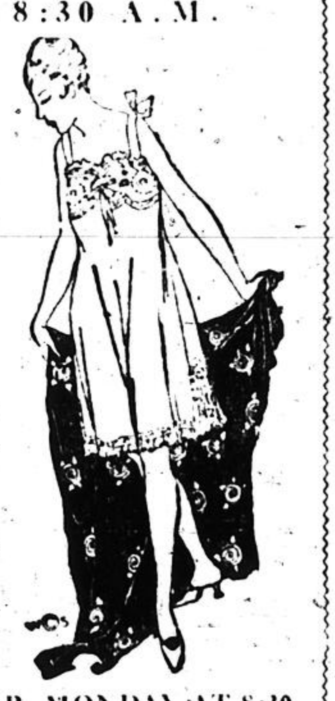
2:30 Special Boys' Khaki Blouses for 79c Each
100 only Boys' Blouses in a good strong khaki material. Collars attached. To fit boys 7 to 16 years. Reg. $1 and $1.15. 2:30 special price, each **79c**
Street Floor

Women's 39c Boot Silk Stockings for 19c Pair
480 pairs women's White Silk Boot Stockings, double garter top, double heel and toe. Sizes 8½ to 10 inches. Reg. 39c. 2:30 Monday **19c**
Limit 4 pairs.

OGILVYS

Rush Sales
ON SALE AT 8:30 A.M.

A Rush Sale
OF
WOMEN'S REGULAR $1.29 to $2.95 NIGHT-GOWNS, UNDERSKIRTS, COMBINATIONS, DRAWERS AND CORSET COVERS
for 88c each



500 Women's Whitewear garments, including Night-gowns, Combinations, Underskirts and Drawers; in good cotton and nainsook. Some machine embroidered, some with lace and Swiss embroidery, also Silk Corset Covers with dainty lace yokes. Reg. $1.29 to $2.95. Monday, each **88c**
No phone orders.
First Floor.

CHILDREN'S WHITEWEAR, MONDAY AT 8:30, 29c A GARMENT
About 100 garments in all. Night Gowns in sizes 6 months to 6 years. Drawers, sizes 2 to 12 years. Underskirts, sizes 6 months to 4 years. Well made and trimmed with lace or embroidery. Monday, each **29c**
No phone orders.

A RUSH SALE OF SAMPLE BLOUSES, MONDAY AT $1.98 EACH
100 Sample Blouses in Georgette Crepe, Crepe de Chine, Jap Silk, Imported Voiles and novelty materials. Made up in smart styles, daintily trimmed and with large, square or round collars. Monday, each **$1.98**
No phone orders.

A SALE OF TRIMMED MILLINERY AT $3.98
100 Trimmed Hats now priced $5.00, $6.50 and $8.50, will be cleared on Monday. These are all of this season's most popular styles for both matrons and maids. All colors and black in the collection. To clear at **$3.98**
First Floor.

50 MORE OF THOSE REGULAR $2.50 WHITE HONEYCOMB QUILTS FOR $1.19 EACH
Three-quarter size Honeycomb Canadian Bed Spreads. Actual size 66 x 86". These Spreads are exceptionally good value. Size 66 x 86. Reg. $2.50, Thursday special for **$1.19**

$1.25 Gabardine Suitings for 89c Yard
40-inch Pure White Gabardine Suiting with printed over designs in Oriental colorings. This material is intended for sport skirts and new to the minute designs. Reg. $1.25. Monday **89c**
Street Floor

400 of the New Amber Colored Necklets at 39c Each
In 14, 16, 18, 22 and 24-inch lengths. Graduated beads plain or intermingled with assorted colored beads. Regular 50c, 65c, 75c and 85c each. Monday only each **39c**

REGULAR $3.50 SUMMER WEIGHT COMFORTERS FOR $2.59
Cotton filled but sanitary, with good quality covering of art muslin or chintz. Pretty mild patterns. Size 60 x 72". Reg. $3.50, Monday, each **$2.59**

REGULAR $3.75 A PAIR TWILLED SHEETS, MONDAY $2.98 A PAIR
100 pairs of soft Twilled Sheets. Wide hemmed ends, free from dressing. Size 2 x 2¼ yards. Reg. $3.75 a pair, Monday at 8.30 A. M., pair **$2.98**

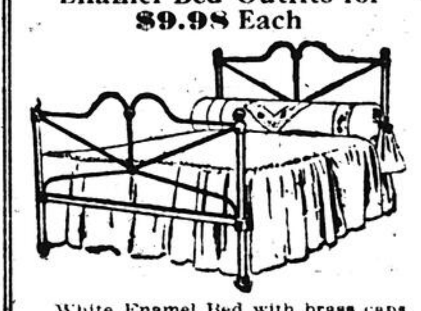
HEMSTITCHED PILLOW CASES, 25c EACH
50 dozen Hemstitched Pillow Cases. All of a nice linen finish. Good grade of cotton. All sizes 40", 42", 44" and 46". Monday special, each.......... **25c**
—Street Floor

A MONDAY RUSH SALE OF FINE PICTURES AT 19c EACH
Carbon reproductions of famous Pictures including such favored subjects as "The Christ Child," "Sir Galahad," "Golden Stairs," Harvest Moon, "Horse Fair," "Roman Chariot Race," "The Good Shepherd," a reading from Homer, "The Coliseum," "Castle St. Angelo," "The Forum," "Nearing Home." Pictures are 14 x 28", mounted on mats. All ready for framing. A special price will be given for the framing of any of these.
—Basement

OGILVYS

THE MONDAY BASEMENT SALE

Ten of These $12 White Enamel Bed Outfits for $9.98 Each



White Enamel Bed with brass caps, double woven wire spring and "Health" Mattress, 4ft. 6in., 4ft., 3ft. 6in. and 3 ft. Reg. $12. Monday.......... **$9.98**

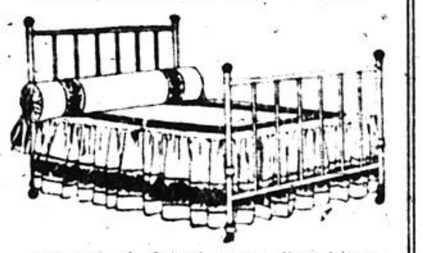
55c and 65c Cushion Forms For 49c
Well filled with white cotton and covered with good quality cambric, 20 x 20", 22 x 22" and 18 x 24". Reg. 55c and 65c, Monday.... **49¢**

A RUSH SALE OF 25c to 50c CHINA FOR 10c
(See the Window)
1,800 pieces comprising Dinner, Breakfast and Soup Plates, Fruit Saucers, Cream Jugs, Nut Bowls, a few Cups and Saucers, White Cream Bowls, Hair Receivers, Boxes, etc. Regular 25c to 50c. Monday **10c**

Red Lion Ready Mixed Paint at 59c a Quart
29 colors including black and white. Monday quart **59c**

85c Granite Tea Kettles, 49c
Grey granite flat bottom No. 8 Tea Kettles, bent spout, enamel wood grip on handle. 200 only. Reg. 85c. Monday **49c**

Ten of These $20 Brass Bed Outfits for $14.98 Each



Brass Bed, 2 inch post, five fillers, with double woven wire spring and "Health" Mattress, 4 ft. 6 in., 4 ft., 3 ft. 6 in., and 3 ft. Choice of bright satin or combination finish. Reg. $20.00. Monday **$14.98**

50c BOTTLE RE NU AL, 2 FOR 50c
Polishes and cleans, for automobile bodies, pianos, furniture, woodwork and hardwood floors. Reg. 50c bottle. Monday, 2 for **50¢**
Basement.

Monday Bargains In Scotch Wool Rugs

Our Sale of Scotch Wool Rugs is proving a very popular one. Monday we intend making a "bargain" day. Here are some of the lines. 200 of the most popular designs and colorings go on sale at a discount ranging from 33 1-3% to 50%. Following are the sizes. 7½ x 9 ft., 9 x 9 ft., 9 x 10½ ft., 9 x 12 ft., 10½ x 12 ft., 10½ x 13.6 ft., 13.6 x 12 ft. Prices range from $22 to $66., Monday **$16** to **$33.** The two largest sizes will be sold at Half Price. All others less 33 1-3%.
—Second Floor

30c to 55c Cretonnes, Monday 25c Yard
800 yards of strong Cretonne in dark floral effects, also some light stripe designs. 40 to 34 inches wide. Reg. 30c to 55c. Monday yard.......... **25c**

250 Window Shades, 36 x 72". Cream and green colors. All slightly imperfect. Monday to clear each.......... **39c**

600 yards of 36-inch Curtain Scrim with fancy borders and crossbar designs. Reg. 25c and 30c. Monday yard..... **14c**

STILL MORE FURNITURE BARGAINS FOR MONDAY
Large Verandah Arm Chairs and Rockers, made from selected hardwood, split seat in antique and green. Reg. $3.50 value. For **$2.75**

Solid walnut three-piece Living Room Suite, upholstered back and seat, spring seat covered over with French imported tapestry. Reg. $135.00 value for **$65.00**

Upholstered stuffover designs Chair or Rockers, spring seat, spring edge frame from selected oak, covered over with tapestry, wing back. Reg. $30 value for **$19.75**

Baby's High Chair, fitted with tray, made from selected hardwood, reinforced seat in golden finish. Reg. $1.75 value. For **$1.19**

ALL THE HEROES ARE NOT IN THE FIGHTING LINE

Canadian Clergyman Who Refused Offer Because Canada Needs Him

The travail of the nations reveals heroes in all sorts of places. The thin veneer of conventional civilization is struck away and bred-in-the-bone heroisms are made manifest where we did not want to look for them to appear. In at least three cases, powerful American churches have thought that this was a good time to lure the great pulpit lights of Europe to American pulpits. No clergyman in Europe is getting his regular stipend now. Most of them are living near the bone on necessarily reduced salaries. American churches, able to offer $10,000, $12,000 and $15,000 to men living on $1,000, thought it would be easy to entice them away; but in every instance the attempt has failed, says the Detroit News. Not one clergyman has bit at the bait.

Take the case of the Rev. J. B. Silcox, who is not a European, but a Canadian—a pastor in London, Ontario. Dr. Silcox's salary before the war was $2,000 a year. What it is now, he best knows. Whatever it is, it is probably not the chief thing he is thinking about these days.

But the great Congregational church at Los Angeles, lately served by the celebrated Dr. Charles F. Aked, wanted Dr. Silcox for its minister and offered him a stipend of $10,000 a year if he would come. Five time his present salary; an increase of $8,000 a year! An offer very complimentary to Dr. Silcox and very admirable in the church.

And did Dr. Silcox accept? Did he prepare to leave his church in a Canadian town, where the black crepe of mourning shadows every congregation and the sobs of the anxious and bereaved accompany every prayer? Did he do what any workman is entitled to do—go to a larger field and a better reward?

He did not.

He simply said that his work was such that he could not leave under any circumstances. He cannot leave Canada while Canada suffers. There is too much to do; and there are times when salaries dwindle in comparison with life.

There is many a Dr. Silcox in pulpits all over the world, and on the firing lines of all the armies. A minister may not be much on money-making, but he knows more about service than any other laborer in the world's vineyard.

I. O. D. E. CONVENTION.

The annual convention of the Imperial Order, Daughters of the Empire, will this year be held at Victoria, B.C. The dates fixed for the convention are from May 26 to June 2.

"A SPOILED DARLING" PROVED A SUCCESS

An entertainment was held in the Lecture Hall of the First Presbyterian Church at which a large audience were present when the young ladies of the Dramatic Club presented a three act comedy entitled, "A Spoiled Darling," by Grace Luce Irwin. The cast of characters was as follows in the order of their appearance: Mary Henrietta Kellogg, Miss Stella Muir; Mrs. Stanley McAllister, Miss Amy McConnell; T. Livingston Vanderslice, A. D. McAllister; Gwendoline Riall, Miss Beryl Brady; Stanley McAllister, R. E. Crawford; Katie, Miss Irene Brady; Robert, R. B. Morell; Flora O'Flannigan, Miss Ida Steeves; Hunter Brown, W. F. Macklaier.

The performance was staged under the direction of Miss Blossom G. Baird. The furniture was loaned by Henry Morgan & Co. The electrical effects were loaned by Robt. Mitchell & Co. The comic songs and monologues by J. Rice and L. E. Oborne were much appreciated and also the selections rendered by the Westmount Mandolin Club.

Part of the proceeds will be devoted to the aid of returned soldiers.

MONTREAL WEST GARDEN SOCIETY

At a meeting of the Montreal West Horticultural and Agricultural Society, it was decided to stimulate vegetable gardening in the town this summer, by offering prizes, most of which will be in cash. The competition will be divided into two classes, amateurs and professional. The annual handbook will be off the presses in a few days and will give the details of the one hundred and one classes which will include classes for potted plants, cut flowers, fruits, vegetables, etc. The residents are fast falling into the spirit, which prompted the competition and the idea is sure to be a success. This society is one of the oldest of its kind on the Island of Montreal and, with the experience of the past to guide them, the present officers feel that a creditable showing will be made.

BAIL CONFISCATED.

The $25 bail of Ferdinand Blais of 599 Champlain street, was confiscated by Mr. Recorder Semple yesterday, because of his failure to appear to answer a charge of cruelty to animals, laid against him by Inspector Wheeler, of the S. P. C. A.

TOTO
SOAP POWDER
TO THE MECHANIC:—
Just use TOTO when you want to clean up after your day's work. It will clean the dirtiest hands quickly and make them soft and smooth. The only 5c package on the market with a sifter top.
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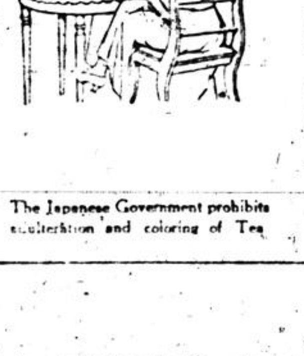

Used by discriminating people who have become acquainted with its matchless flavor and aroma, Japan Tea, grown, cured and packed under the control of the Japan Tea Growers' Association will always be found pure, free from dust, stems and broken leaves.

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ON SALE AT ALL GROCERS

$10 SOFA FREE

As a special inducement for you to come in and try us once, we are giving away absolutely free a handsome Plush Covered Sofa, valued at $10.00, with every CASH OR CREDIT purchase of $50 and upwards.

GUARANTEED BRASS BED

Brass Bed, guaranteed for 20 years, 2 inch continuous posts, 5 fillers, dull satin or bright finish. All iron Spring (very special guarantee), sanitary Health Mattress, 7 inch thick. Regular price $55.00. Special for one week only

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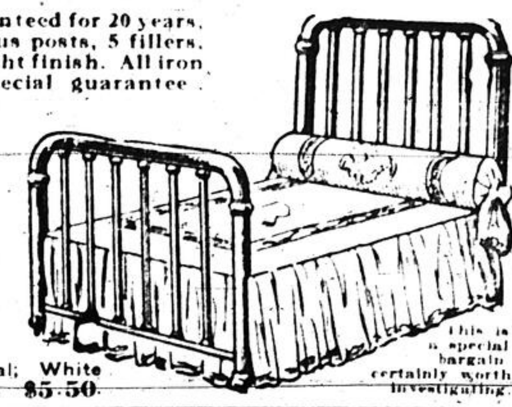

This is a special bargain certainly worth investigating.

Very Special; White Enamel Crib, $5.50.

$1 PER WEEK OPENS AN ACCOUNT.

We only have 25 of these Sofas to be given away, so you must come early if you want your share in the bargain.

Complete Line of Furniture Stoves, Carpets, Oilcloths, etc.

A small deposit and $1.00 Per Week will furnish your home.

Goods stored and insured Free until wanted.

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6 MODEL SUITS

in taffeta and serge of the newest style compose our interesting display.

In material and workmanship alone they are well worth the price.

Our **Credit System** of easy gradual payments will help you to purchase one.

A small deposit down is all we ask and the Balance

From $1 to $2 Per Week

Our line of dresses, skirts and waists is the best yet.

In our department for men will be found suits and spring overcoats of every description, quality and price.

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The Montreal Daily Star.

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SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1917

LEARNING HOW TO MAKE WAR.

THIS is a progressive war.

The armies engaged in it are learning new things constantly from each other, from conditions and from experiment. We have been told ad nauseam of the super-human preparedness of the German army which swept over Belgium and into France at its beginning. We thought then that these super-soldiers "knew it all." Now we know that they knew precious little. If the Germans, operating in France today, had no more military knowledge than that possessed by von Kluck, von Moltke et al, we would be hurling them back to the Rhine before the next week had passed!

* * * * *

The more conspicuous lessons which both sides have learned from the practice of war are still in our memories. We learned, to begin with, that steel cupolaed forts were death traps. Then we learned that the mass formation with which the Germans attacked, though very costly, was the only way to get through a modern defence. Our snappy skirmishing order was not heavy enough. Then came trench warfare; and both armies found out at once that there was an incredible amount of knowledge concerning this that they had never even suspected. Both the Germans and ourselves were soon experimenting freely. Naturally we know more about the mistakes we made and the things we learned at a high price than of the mistakes and costly lessons of the Germans; but we do know that they, like ourselves, have been constantly changing their methods to meet new conditions. One of our early lessons was that shrapnel is useless against a deep trench—that high explosive shells are necessary.

What we have in war is only the intensification of the processes of war-preparations in peace time. During the profoundest days of peace, experts of all nations are engaged in the old competition between the gun and the steel plate. First we make a gun to pierce the plate; then we make a plate that the gun cannot pierce; then we make a more powerful gun to pierce the stronger plate; and so on, ad infinitum. In war, this contest is simply speeded up. One side gets a new weapon, a new strategy, a new idea. For a time it prevails. Then the other side gets the answer. For instance, the use of poisonous gases looked dangerous when the Germans first tried it out at Ypres. But our chemists soon got the answer in gas masks; and now we fight on through clouds of gases. New gases have been invented since that frightful day and new masks to meet them. We trundled our tanks into action, and the Germans were powerless before them. We are not hearing so much of them of late. We are hearing chiefly criticisms that we gave the secret away to the enemy before we were ready to reap the fullest benefit.

* * * * *

Two new ideas for the moment hold the centre of the stage—"the new strategy" of the Allied forces which gave them Douaumont and Vimy Ridge; and the new frightfulness of an unrestrained U-boat campaign. Possibly the answer to both is on the way. A partial answer to the U-boat menace was found in the armed merchantman. The U-boats could not risk their tender sides within range of expert gunners on the decks of swift ships. The late increase in torpedoed vessels may mean that some sort of an answer has been found to this defence by the Germans. But, in any case, we may be sure that the Admiralty is working hard on an answer to the whole problem. It found a very complete answer to the old U-boat operations near the British coasts. As for "the new strategy" of the sudden, swift infantry smash after an unparalleled concentration of gun-fire, has the answer been found in the new scattered and shallow positions of the German forces? Or is this only the result of necessity following their eviction from their deeper strongholds?

* * * *

This constant change in the art of war as practiced in Europe finds frequent mention in the advice now given by experts to the American nation as to the preparation of its coming army. Our neighbors are warned that they cannot safely take the art of war as a settled and fixed science at any set time, and proceed to teach it to their troops through a long period of training on this side of the ocean. Troops who have been actually through the mill but who have been away from the field of fighting for eight or nine months, are compelled to learn the terrible trade all over again on their return—so greatly has it changed. Again, contracts made for standardized war material have been discovered to be a mistake; for new developments compel alterations in the weapons or machines turned out before the contracts can get well under way. The Americans are therefore advised to send their recruits to Europe to be trained within sound of the guns, and not to tie themselves up to any out-worn system or long contracts.

There is nothing surprising in this when we come to think of it. The surprise would be if it were not so. War material is always made in peace under a severe handicap. That [illegible] must be made without being really tried. No other machines are made in so fortuitous and untested a manner. We make a reaper and immediately set it to work. Any defects brought out [illegible] and remedied. But a [illegible] and we cannot send it under fire. We can only test its engines for speed and its guns on a [illegible] and that sort of thing. How its gun platforms will work when hammered by heavy shells from an enemy warship we can only conjecture. We can manoeuvre men under imaginary fire, but that teaches us very little when compared with what we can learn from sending men against a nest of concealed machine-guns.

* * * * *

All the warring nations now have the great and happily unusual opportunity of learning the art of war under war conditions. Naturally, they are learning fast. Old ideas are being discarded, and new ones invented. The Germans had decidedly the advantage of us to begin with. They had studied war more seriously and more imaginatively than we had. Then they had studied war under Continental conditions, while the British at all events knew more about wars on the fringes of the Empire. But all that advantage has been long since lost. Our armies know infinitely more today about war than did the German armies of 1914. If we had that army to face now, it would never get beyond the line of the Meuse. We are in as good a position to learn new tricks and match new manoeuvres with the foe as they are; and we are doing it. We at least equal them in novelties of attack and defence, of weapon and "camouflage." All the years of German preparation now count for nothing. We are on a level keel. The art of modern war has grown quite away from the laboratories of Teuton logic.

This brings the contest down to the conditions which prevailed in industrial and commercial competition before the war—with this exception, that the British have become a lot more teachable and adaptive than they were. The Germans probably still have the advantage of intensive and detailed study. They have always led mankind in that. We have the advantage of initiative and courageous experiment. American invention will now come to our aid. French artistry and deftness and intuition have been an immense help right along. The Russians contribute physique, numbers and now a passion for freedom and democracy. They are crusaders in a cause long dear to them, but new in its offerings of opportunity. The balance of the advantages are heavily on our side. We ought to win; and we are winning. The logic of the situation thus works out in practice. That ought to please the Germans, who are devotees of logic.

FOOD PRODUCTION.

NEVER in history was so much thought being given by statesmen, economists and others to the question of food production. In some of the warring countries farmers are being recalled from the colors to work the land. Canadian statesmen are putting forth special efforts to greatly increase the output of grains and farm products. In this connection it is interesting to note that the Montreal Board of Trade has written the Hon. Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture, and offered the following suggestions.

"That immediate united action be taken by you, in conjunction with the Departments of Agriculture of all the Provinces, to bring before the farmers the imperative necessity of putting into crop every available acre.

"An immediate general publicity campaign in all farm papers as well as newspapers having a circulation with the farmers.

"The holding of farmers' meetings during the next two months, which should be addressed by capable, forceful and convincing speakers selected for this special purpose.

"That the most serious consideration should be given to the question of farm help where needed."

Undoubtedly the Government is giving thoughtful attention to these problems.

COSTLY BLUNDERING.

MR. Justice Lane has rendered four judgments against the city in connection with the altering of certain street levels in which the most atrocious civic blundering was brought to light. As there are over sixty other actions to follow, because of the mismanagement, it is estimated the total sum the hapless corporation will be mulcted in will not be less than a quarter of a million dollars!

The story of the change of these street levels is a sorrowful one. The thoroughfares are in Hochelaga ward. It was decided some three years ago, both by the Controllers and Aldermen, to change the levels of four or five streets on the plea that they would be "improved." The "improvement" which followed was astonishing, indeed; houses fronting on old street levels which had been lowered became tottering buildings perched on hills, while other street levels were raised, with the result that the chimneys of houses were on a level with the surface of the streets. Something like two hundred thousand dollars were expended on the accomplishment of these blunders. But the acme of folly was reached when the Controllers, in a blue funk at what had been done, proposed that they should vote a quarter of a million to put the thoroughfares back to their original levels. In reply to this, owners stated they had already suffered loss and would expect certain compensation. Our brilliant administrators then decided to allow matters to drift and to fight all actions for damages which tenants and owners might take. Just how successfully this fighting is resulting for the corporation is seen by the loss of the first four cases. Surely no more striking object lesson is needed of the dire necessity of the electorate, in the future, exercising something like sanity in the selection of the men who are to have charge of the city's complicated affairs.

THE WORLD'S PRESS

Get After the Speculator.

New York Sun: This is a good time to get after the speculator in the necessaries of life. In war time much can be done to him easily that would be impossible or difficult in days of peace, and, once established, a system that releases us from the extortions of speculators would never be allowed to lapse into ineffectiveness.

Ireland Wants English Market.

Freeman's Journal (Dublin): Our beef and biscuits, our butter and our bacon, our beer and our horses, our linen and our ships, must in the main find their ruling price outside Ireland, and the importance of an open British market to the Irish farmer will remain long after the present generation has passed away.

A Splendid Adventure.

Westminster Gazette: Was there ever a greater adventure by the air and sea than that of the two Russian aviators a week ago? They started out in a seaplane to make a raid. The petrol tank got punctured; they were compelled to descend. As they did so they saw a Turkish schooner. This they attacked with machine-gun fire, and the crew quickly took to their boats. Our two aviators promptly proceeded to sink the seaplane and board the schooner, which they contrived to get to port in safety, although all the food they found on board was a little bread and water. A splendid adventure which really makes us feel quite young again, and as if we were reading Jules Verne.

French Praise for the Canadians.

Le Matin (Paris): The Vimy Ridge was an exceedingly formidable position. The enemy had constructed tunnels and underground shelters there which were of invaluable assistance to him. The Canadians, commanded by General Horne, had to display heroism and bravery worthy of the highest admiration to overcome such an organization. At Vimy, as elsewhere, at Farbus and Thelus, all the German batteries were deep down in the ground and protected by concrete shelters defying the most intense bombardment. During the attack of September, 1915, we fired on Farbus a hundred 370 m.m. shells without succeeding in silencing a single enemy battery.

Gardening to Music.

Christian Science Monitor: The story is one of a derelict hop garden in Kent, of a neighboring camp of soldiers, and of the War Agricultural Committee. It tells how the War Agricultural Committee took note of the derelict hop garden, and approached the military authorities at the camp, intimating certain views; how the military authorities took up the matter with enthusiasm; how 500 men marched to the hop garden with bands playing; how in two hours the poles in fifteen acres were pulled up, and stacked ready for removal; how the soldiers were played back to their billets by the band; how a check was forthcoming for their labors; how, next day, a steam ploy was hard at work, and how, within a very short time, what was once a hop garden was planted with potatoes.

Substitutes for Bread.

London Daily Mail: There are plenty of substitutes which can be served in place of bread in any middle or upper-class household. Oatmeal, barley flour, rice flour, and rice, to say nothing of lentils, and nuts, and maize, provide the cook with abundance of choice. Bread should be saved and spared in every conceivable manner and should never henceforth be placed on the table ready cut or made into toast. For the really poor the conditions are different. They must have bread because it is their principal article of diet. If we can save a weekly average of a pound of bread per head then we shall defeat the submarine blockade. The situation is so exceedingly serious that it calls for the utmost self-denial and care. Thoughtlessness in the consumption of food has become almost as dangerous to the cause of freedom as open disloyalty.

A Challenge to the Kaiser.

London Daily News: Some of the aged ladies of Fairmile House, Christchurch (which is the polite address of Bournemouth Workhouse), have expressed agreement with a proposal that they should give up afternoon tea, as a war economy. Their ages range between 60 and 100.

Each empty cup a challenge to you, Kaiser,
Each unbrewed leaf a menace to your might,
Each frail old body, though harsh memory tries her,
A soldier in the Army you're to fight.
Though tea and gossip's all she's got to live for,
The kettle from the hearth is put away.
She's giving everything she's got to give for
The swifter coming of your Judgment Day.

Having reduced every right-minded reader to tears, I hasten to add that the Guardians, by nine votes to seven, declined to permit the sacrifice.

The Lesson of South Africa.

London Daily Telegraph: The presence of General Smuts in this country is significant. What does it import? When responsible Government was granted to the Transvaal and the Orange Free State, about ten years ago, who possessed the prescience to recognize that that act of faith would contribute to the defeat of Germany? It would have seemed a preposterous idea to any other people that, the rebellion having been crushed, the rebels should be given the fullest liberty within the freest of all Empires. This war has supplied the eloquent sequel to a decree of statesmanship which will stand forth in the annals of this century as the triumphant justification of our stewardship over about one-quarter of the earth's surface. A new Dominion has been created out of jarring and dangerous elements, and thus made a contribution to the defeat of Prussianism. Nothing has impressed the world more, and nothing has strengthened the Allied cause more, than the fact that in this struggle the enemies of yesterday are beside us in defending principles which we now share in common.

THE KAISER AND THE CHANCELLOR.

The Kaiser and the Chancellor
Were talking words of peace;
They wept like anything to see
Great Britain's fleet increase—
"Since victory is ours," they said,
"This awful war must cease!"

"And now that they won't treat with us,
And food is getting dear,
"Do you suppose," the Kaiser said,
"We'll last another year?"
"I doubt it," said the Chancellor,
And shed a bitter tear.

"The time has come," the Kaiser said,
"When Germany must show
Why she must use her submarines
Alike on friend and foe,
And why the neutrals have no rights,
And where their ships should go."

"But wait a bit," the neutrals cried,
"You'll find you go too fast
For some of us may fight with you—
We all would if we dassed!"
"Can't help it," said the Chancellor,
"The card we play 's our last!"

* * * * *

"Oh, neutrals," said the Chancellor
"Our blockade has begun—
We beg of you to keep away!"
But blockade there was none
The Allies got the submarines,
And sank them one by one.

—Reuben Peterson, in Cartoons Magazine.

"REMEMBER"

If you trade here, should anything ever go wrong, we will esteem it a favor to replace the article purchased, or return the full purchase price. We're noted for fair dealing. That is what has kept us in business so long.

SPECIALS FOR TODAY.

New Potatoes, Bermuda, 2 lbs for 25c. California Asparagus, Spring Onions, Radishes, Rhubarb, New Beans, Florida Tomatoes, Lettuce and Celery. Texas Onions, 2 lbs. for 25c.

CALIFORNIA "SUNKIST" SEEDLESS ORANGES.
30c, 35c, 40c and 50c per Dozen.

FLORIDA GRAPE FRUIT, "THE FINEST."
$1.75, $2.00 and $2.50 a Doz.; $6.75 per Case.
Fresh Strawberries. Large Pine Apples, Extra, 30c and 35c.
"Jumbo" Bananas, 35c per Dozen. Table Apples, 50c per Dozen.

ENGLISH PORK PIES.
40c and 80c Each.

FRASER'S SPECIAL PURE PORK AND CAMBRIDGE SAUSAGES.
28c per Lb.

CANADIAN STILTON CHEESE.
1¼ Lb. Each
Well Matured, 50c Each.

NEW-LAID EGGS.
38c per Dozen.

NEW MAPLE SYRUP.
In Bottles, 50c per Bottle. In Wine Gallons, $1.50 per Gallon.
Imperial Gallons, $2.00 per Gallon.
Maple Sugar, 25c per Lb.

"PUNCHEEZY."
A compound of Fruits and Cane Sugar, flavored, with Rum, Brandy and Maraschino.
Directions for making an excellent Punch or Claret Cup goes with each bottle. Price, $1.50 per Bottle.

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MONTREAL.

MIXED

Dedicated to the Senior Chaplain, Bramshott Division.

A soldier of the C. E. F. was lying out in France,
And as he lay, he cast around a wild and wondering glance;
And then, in great bewilderment, he scratched his muddy head
And softly muttered to himself, and this is what he said:—

When first I joined the Canadians, 'twas in Sam Hughes's Own,
Ten hundred gallant fighting men; a regiment full blown.
We had our brass, and pipers' band, and buglers twenty-three,
"The finest bunch of fighting men that ever crossed the sea."

'Twas thus the General spoke to us and promised us a chance
"To go over as a Unit" to the sunny land of France.
But scarcely had we heard his words and at his humor laughed,
When came the word: "500 will go forward as a Draft."

I came across the ocean on the great Olympian,
And hardly had I stepped ashore when other shifts began.
They sent me to the 40th, and then the 53rd,
And promised each to go to France "pon their sacred word."

But each in turn was broken up, amidst its Colonel's tears,
And so I joined the 51st, and then the Grenadiers.
My father was a Frenchman and my mother was a Mick,
So later when I donned the kilts they nearly made me sick.

I scarcely was a Highlander the matter of a day
When they took me and attached me to the blooming C. F. A.
The Pioneers, the Engineers, and then the C. A. V. C.
I'm darned if I know what I was, nor where I ought to be.

Now I've been here for near a year, an expert with a bomb.
For the Hun to get my number, he will sure be going some;
But if the thing should happen, it will make the fellows laugh
To read upon my tombstone this poetic epitaph:—

"Here lies at rest the body of our friend poor John Canuck;
A Private, Trooper, Sapper, a poor devil out of luck.
Of the Pioneers, the Grenadiers, C. E., C. A. V. C.,
And a dozen other letters, but he doesn't care a "D."

FROM THE STAR FILES

THIRTY YEARS AGO.

Dr. E. P. Lachapelle.

Montreal.—A meeting of the St. Jean Baptiste Society was held last evening, with Dr. E. P. Lachapelle in the chair. It was decided to hold a celebration in honor of the patron saint on June 22nd, to consist of a Mass, a procession, a picnic on the island, a banquet and a congress.—From The Montreal Star, May 5, 1887.

Dr. Emmanuel Persillier Lachapelle is well known in Montreal today. Born at Sault au Recollet, seventy-two years ago, he began the study of medicine when a young man. He received his M.D. degree from Victoria University in 1869, and from Laval ten years later. McGill University bestowed upon him the honorary degree of LL.D. six years ago, during his term of office as a member of the City Board of Control. To him was due the foundation of the Notre Dame Hospital in 1880, an institution with which he has been connected ever since that date. In 1908 he became dean of the Faculty of Medicine at Laval. He was honored by the French Government with the title of Chevalier of the Legion of Honor. Dr. Lachapelle's writings on medical subjects are widely known. As president of the Provincial Board of Health and as a member of the Central Board of Health he was able to render important services during the small-pox epidemic of thirty years ago.

Other positions he has filled are: Attending physician at the Hotel Dieu, 1876-77; professor of general pathology and of medical jurisprudence at Laval University, 1878-89; and vice-president of the Medico-Chirurgical Society, 1892-93.

Dr. Lachapelle was elected to the Board of Control in 1910, holding office for four years.

Washington.—The naval lifeboat board has reported to the Secretary of the Navy that no lifeboat suitable for use on men-of-war has yet been found.—From The Montreal Star, May 5, 1887.

Paris.—The French Government has decided to suppress the performance of "Lohengrin" in the future in Paris, if it continues to be accompanied by anti-German demonstrations.—From The Montreal Star, May 5, 1887.

Winnipeg.—The best butter is bringing 18c. a pound today. Fresh eggs are quoted at 12c. a dozen.—From The Montreal Star, May 5, 1887.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Paris.—Two hundred persons lost their lives in a wild panic that ensued when fire broke out in the fashionable bazaar held in the Rue Jean Coujon yesterday. The fire broke out in the stall of the Duchess d'Uzes.—From The Montreal Star, May 5, 1897.

TO A LITTLE BOY AT SCHOOL.

Safe sheltered from our wars you have your bit
To do for England. Yours it is to make
Your mind and body reasonably fit
In peaceful times to battle for her sake.
When victory crowns our arms in days to be
And loud-mouthed guns have ceased their hideous din,
When foes no more hold stricken lands in fee
Another world-wide struggle will begin.
In that new warfare you must bear your part
As bravely as your brother in his trench,
And you must conquer with as stout a heart
The strong redoubts of Latin and of French.
So may you, too, become your country's pride,
Setting your eager face towards the sun,
Remembering your kin who fought and died,
That you may keep the prize that they have won.

—C. E. B., in the Evening News.

Revolutionary Sentiment in Sweden

By Henry Dalby.

Nothing is more contagious than revolution; and nothing is more provocative of revolution than hunger. Both influences are at work in Europe. Since the Kaiser made his characteristic and colossal blunder of stirring up revolution in Russia there has been a great awakening of revolutionary sentiment in north-western Europe in the Austro-Hungarian Empire and last but not least in Germany itself. Germany will soon be the only autocracy left in Europe and it will be entirely surrounded by republics. There was a hunger demonstration in Stockholm on Saturday and the crowd cried; "Republic League, Revolution League." Yet Sweden is a republic in all but name today. Democracy is as well established in Sweden as it is in the United Kingdom. But the people want to be their own masters in name as well as in fact and it is significant that they demand an immediate commercial agreement with Great Britain, and the stoppage of all food exports most of which now go to Germany.

Whatever so-called popular self-government is worth the Swedes have it without stint. The two Houses of the Reichstag have equal powers. When they disagree upon any financial question it is determined by the joint vote of the two houses, the Lower Chamber the popular house, having the advantage of a much larger membership. The ministry is responsible to the Richstag, not as in Germany to the monarch.

After the elections of 1914 the composition of the Upper House was: The Right 89 members against 47 Liberals, and 14 Social Democrats; the Lower House had Social Democrats 87, the Rights 86, the Liberals 57. The striking difference in the political complexions of the two houses is a reflection of a similar difference in the character of their respective constituencies. The first chamber is elected by the county councils and the five town councils of Stockholm, Gothenburg, Maliro, Storrkoping and Galve, in proportion to population. The second chamber is elected by every male Swede of good character and twenty-four years of age.

What then are the causes of the revolutionary sentiment in Sweden? I think they are three in number: hunger, fear and hatred of Germany and a lesser fear of Russia. Hunger always has been and always will be a potent cause of rebellion against any government. It was in England at the time of the Peasant Revolt. It was in France before the Reign of Terror. It has been so also in Russia and in Germany. The great prophylactic against rebellion today as of old is panem et circenses. Give the people plenty to eat and lots of amusement and they will not worry themselves about the government.

Then the Swedes know the Huns and they know them, better today than they did in 1914. They know them for dangerous neighbors and they know that the liberties they possess would be shortlived if their country became Russionized. They know that Germany is already at war with them although they are not at war with Germany. They know that the Kaiser and the Krupps and Ballins have laid covetous eyes upon the iron mines of Sweden and sooner or later will carry fire and wood into the country unless they are saved from invasion by some new and powerful alliance.

With Russia, since the forced abdication of the Tsar their attitude has been one of watchful waiting. They feared the Russian as much as they feared the German autocracy. They have less fear of the Russian Republic, but they know also that the great protection of their independence has been the mutual jealousies and suspicions of the two tyrannical systems. They are taking a wise course in demanding a commercial agreement with Great Britain. It may be the forerunner of something bigger and better for Sweden.

Phone Up. 5402. We will send a man to give estimates.

Shades Made to Order
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THE SOUL OF JEANNE D'ARC.

She came out into the Presence as a martyred saint might come,
Crowned, white robed and adoring, with very reverence dumb—
She stood as a straight, young soldier, confident, gallant, strong,
Who asks a boon of his captain in the sudden hush of the drum.

She said: "Now have I stayed too long in this my place of bliss,
With these glad dead that, comforted, forget what sorrow is
Upon that world whose stony stairs they climbed to come to this.

"But lo, a cry hath torn the peace wherein so long I stayed,
Like a trumpet's call at Heaven's wall from a herald unafraid—
A million voices in one cry, 'Where is the Maid, the Maid?'

"I had forgot from too much joy that olden task of mine,
But I have heard a certain word shatter the chant divine,
Have watched a banner glow and grow before mine eyes for sign.

"I would return to that my land flung in the teeth of war,
I would cast down my robe and crown that pleasure me no more,
And don the armor that I knew, the valiant sword I bore.

"And angels militant shall fling the gates of Heaven wide
And souls new dead whose lives were shed like leaves on war's red tide,
Shall cross their swords above our heads and cheer us as we ride.

"For with me goes that soldier saint, Saint Michael of the sword,
And I shall ride on his right hand, a page beside his lord,
And men shall follow like [illegible] blades to reap a sure reward.

"Grant that I answer this my call, yea, though the end may be
The naked shame, the biting flame, the last, long agony!
I would go singing down that road where fagots wait for me.

"Mine be the fire about my feet, the smoke above me head;
So might I glow, a torch to show the path my heroes tread;
My Captain! Oh, my Captain, let me go back!" she said.

Theodosia Garrison, in Scribner's.

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Musical Events For Coming Week and General News

CALENDAR.

Next Week.

Monday—Miss Menges, Ritz-Carlton.

Tuesday—Arthur Egg, St. Martin's.

Wednesday — Hungerford-Notley, Ritz-Carlton.

Thursday — Students, High School for Girls.

Later Dates.

May — Gabrilowitsch-Dunev.

May—Donalda-Leon.

June 8.—Anna Case.

THE end of a musical season is usually as active as the middle, and decidedly brisker than the beginning. The coming week has many attractions to offer, headed appropriately enough, by Miss Isolde Menges, violin concert on Monday.

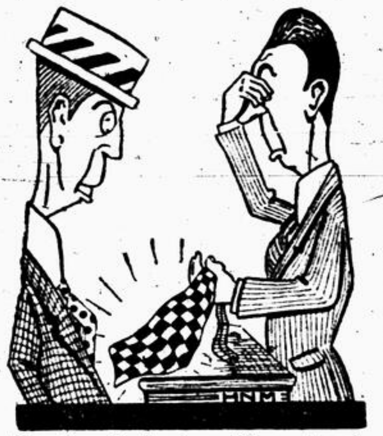
It was by a happy accident that Miss Menges came to Montreal and once here, it has been by lucky circumstances that she has played and will play again. Her playing is universally regarded, in England and in America, as well as in countries now barred to her by her English nationality, as that of an artist of generous attainments. A pupil of the great Auer, to whom Mischa Elman, Kathleen Parlow, Zimbalist, etc., owe so much, Miss Menges has specialized in the most serious side of her art, although her technique endowments are of a brilliance to permit of her exploiting that part of her training if she were not too good a musician to do so.

Miss Menges repertoire is exceptionally large and in making her program for Monday, she has chosen works well calculated to please everyone—so far as satisfying different individuals is possible.

CITY MUSICIANS.

Musicians living in Montreal will again be heard from next week also. Prominent among these are the Messrs. Notley, Hungerford and Egg. The two first-named are giving an artistic program on Wednesday afternoon at the dansant at the Ritz in aid of Lady Drummond's War Fund and Mr. Egg is playing at St. Martin's Church, in association with Mr. Troop.

TERMS ILLUSTRATED



No. 3:—Fortissimo—Very Loud.

Mr. Hungerford is not heard half as often as many wish. A pianist of scholarly bearing and high ideals, he seems to prefer to make himself felt through his pupils at the McGill University Conservatorium to playing in public; yet when he does play, he has something to say. Mr. Notley invariably gives pleasure with his beautiful voice and is an authority on style in singing.

Mr. Egg is another of those unobtrusive musicians who is made known to the public by his friends rather than by himself. His work at the Cathedral is of much value to the community and ~~as a~~ solo organist, he cannot speak without the right to attention.

Mr. McKenzie has prepared a program for the High School for Girls which should be instructive to those participating and enjoyable to their audience. Classical musical predominates in a list of part songs and stringed orchestral numbers.

DONALDA'S FAREWELL.

A new concert dawning on the horizon for the last week in May will be the farewell to her native city by Mme. Pauline Donalda, who sails early in June to fill an engagement at the Opera Comique in Paris. She is sure of a welcome and promises part of the second act of "Carmen" in costume with Mischa Leon. Both artists recently had marked success in this opera in New York.

Since the war began, Mme. Donalda has sung at concerts which have netted over $30,000 for patriotic funds, giving her services readily on many occasions in the United States as well as in Canada.

Don Jose is one of Mr. Leon's favorite roles and one which he sang to the Carmen of the late Mme. Gerville-Reache here. He is fortunate in that his assets include a magnetic personality and intellectual powers as well as a beautiful voice. After singing here Mr. Leon goes to the Opera in Paris.

The Gabrilowitsch-Dunev two-piano concert, which was to have taken place on the 15th of this month, has been postponed for about a week.

Beethoven Swayed by Russian's Music in His Compositions

Accustomed as we are to thinking of the "Russian school," as something of gourd-like growth, it is a little startling to be told that Beethoven was influenced by Russian music and that none of his successors have altogether escaped from its influence—not even Massenet.

Yet this is the argument of Mischa Leon and he defends his stand with convincing facts and figures. Mr. Leon will be remembered for his sterling work in heroic tenor roles with the National Opera Company of Canada, which, under Max Rabinoff, followed the Montreal Opera Company at His Majesty's Theatre. Mr. Leon was in the city again yesterday and in conversation with a representative of The Star touched deeply the question of geographical and racial tendencies in music and the broadening of musical art from the folk melody of Russia to the compositions that are world-wide and international in their power.

INTER-RELATIONS.

"If you will stop to think," said Mr. Leon, "you will see how the Slav spirit has worked through into the south of Germany, how it has got into the Austrian people through the Hungarian and how all the great German composers felt it. I do not see how the Austrian and German alliance can last, the Austrian has his leanings towards the Slavonic people and really away from the Prussian.

"Mark you! The Prussian has never done anything in art and music. Can you name me one Prussian composer? One Prussian conductor? One Prussian violinist? They are all of Slavonic origin, for the Bohemian, the south of Germany musician, can trace his lineage back to the Slav."

"And singers?"

"None. I tell you the Prussians are soldiers—butchers, they are not musicians. Mozart was swayed by the Italian school of music. With Beethoven the Slavonic influence was uppermost, for geographical and racial reasons.

"The Russian school as we know it began with Glinka, yes; but you forget the Russian folk lore that dates so far back that no one can tell even in what districts some of it was first known. That was the music that spread through the south of Russia into Hungary and Bohemia, and worked its way into Germany, where all the composers were influenced by it, just as all composers since Wagner have been influenced by him. Massenet, for example, is three-fourths Wagner; and Wagner's art can be traced back to Russia, so that you find even the later French writers owing something to the Russian music."

WAGNER IN ENGLAND.

On the subject of Wagner, Mr. Leon remarked that of the romantic German composers, Wagner was now the only one wanted by English audiences and that Wagner programs drew good houses, as always. Stranger still, Wagner was sung in England to German words without protest, although a similar attempt with the German tongue applied to other music would be disastrous. He accounted for this partly by the frankly pro-Ally spirit shown by Frau Comima Wagner (Wagner's widow), and by her well known admiration for the French.

Himself of Russian and French parentage, Mr. Leon found his nationality his undoing in Berlin shortly after the war broke out. He had a five-year contract at the Royal Opera and had sung the title role in "Parsifal" before an audience that included the royal family, when the announcement that he was "the Russian-French tenor" began to be remembered by the authorities. The result was a return of his contract and his subsequent coming to America.

Reverting in his talk to the topic of Russian music, Mr. Leon thought the war would open up many avenues of advancement to the young Russian composer. Formerly, Russian music was in the hands of German publishers, now Russian houses were printing their own music. The budding Russian musical author got heard with patriotic songs and pieces, which naturally were accepted everywhere, and these provided a way for him to come before the public and to bring out other music.

It was the Russian, too, Mr. Leon prophesied, who would save music in the future from burlesque at the hands of those who lose what he called "the beauty line." The Russians, having the gift of melody, would be able to bring musical writing back again to the old melodic place, with the help of Italy. He did not anticipate that the melodic style of Bellini and Donizetti would again be revived, but that the melody of the later Verdi, the Verdi of "Otello" and "Falstaff," would dominate. This must happen in his opinion. "What the sun means to the flowers and the birds," he wrote once, "that is what music means to a nation."

GIFTED ORGANIST

Arthur H. Egg, who plays in St. Martin's on Tuesday evening.

BENEFIT CONCERT. IS GREAT SUCCESS.

Success attended the concert given in Victoria Hall, Westmount, on Thursday evening by a group of enthusiasts who cheerfully and unselfishly gave of their talents and energy that the Belgian Relief Fund might be added to.

Over $200 was realized by their efforts and the audience was delighted. The performers were Miss Maria Jopp, singer; Miss Ruth Pryce, violinist; Miss Laura Pelton, reader; Emile Gour, tenor, and Mlle. Thibodeau, accompanist.

HELPING WAR WORK

Walter H. Hungerford, pianist, and Norman G. Notley, baritone, both on the teaching staf of the McGill University Conservatorium of Music, will play and sing at the dansant and concert in the Ritz-Carlton next Monday, at 4 o'clock, in aid of Lady Drummond's war work in England. Their program follows:

"Bois Epais"	Lully (arr. A. L.)
"Invitation au voyage"	Duparc
"Beau Soir"	Debussy
"Mandoline"	Debussy
Mr. Notley.	
Prelude	Cesar Franck
Etude	Scriabine
Polonaise, Op. 40, No. 2	Chopin
Mr. Hungerford.	
"Deep River" (American Negro Melody.)	Arr. W. Fisher.
"Just This One Day"	Franklin Harris
"Ah Love, but a Day"	Beach
"Good Morning, Brother Sunshine"	Liza Lehman
Mr. Notley.	
Etude, Op. 10, No. 7	Chopin
Waltz, Op. 34, No. 1	Moszkowski
Mr. Hungerford.	

LE CANADA MUSICAL

Le Canada Musical is the name of a new magazine started here by C. O. Lamontagne. The first issue contains a great amount of information concerning happenings in Montreal and abroad and the journal promises to become a useful handbook to students, teachers and musicians in general. Of unique interest in this initial issue is a column given over to telling where singers identified with opera in Montreal may be found. ~~Le Canada~~ Musical published in French, has the dignity always associated with Mr. Lamontagne's enterprises, and will come out twice monthly.

Canadian Singer, Eva Gauthier, Has Success in New York

Special to The Star by Elva Follett.

NEW YORK, May [illegible].—Most of the successful singers of the concert stage are specialists. This applies here to Eva Gauthier, the Canadian, whose speciality is Oriental music of the folk song type, but who proved at Aeolian Hall on Monday afternoon that her voice and art are also effective in a wide variety of French, Italian and English songs.

Mme. Gauthier's mezzo soprano is of surprising volume and in general of a rich, beautiful quality. Occasionally it gets back into the throat a bit too far, and she is inclined now and then to take a chance beyond her comfortable range. But on the whole the Gauthier voice is eminently satisfying.

Monday's recital offered one of the rarely individual programs of the season, with scarcely a dull song in the entire list. Interest centred in a Malayan cycle by Paul Seelig, performed for the first time in America. In these three songs and in the "Nautch" of Granville Bantock, Mme. Gauthier showed her striking gift for the interpretation of the spirit of the Far East. But she also made much of the sprightly "Duel Galant" of Ravel, and of Massenet's "Sous les branches," both of which had to be repeated. Other unusual numbers were Delibes' "Myrto," a "Chanson Sarazine," by Victorian Joncieres, and La Parra's "Lettre a une Espagnole."

An aria from Donizetti's "Lucrezia Borgia," gave the singer an opportunity to display a well-grounded technique and considerable flexibility of voice. There were also compositions of Gluck, Liszt, Haydn, Bishop, Hahn, Chopin, Fevrier and Chabrier, altogether a most unconventional array, proving that the traditional song programs are by no means a necessity.

SUMMER OPERA.

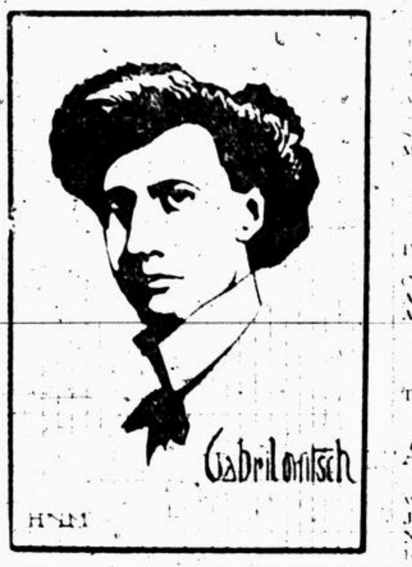
Following the close of the opera season at the Metropolitan, the eyes of music lovers are now turned toward Columbia University, whence a short season of summer opera will be presented beginning July 17.

The opening bill will be "Rigoletto," which, in conjunction with a repertoire of three other operas, will be staged under the direction and management of Edoardo Petri, director of the Metropolitan Opera Company's Chorus School. In addition to "Rigoletto," Mr. Petri has chosen "La Boheme," "Faust" and "Luciadi Lammermoor" as the operas best adapted and most suitable for presentation on the university campus on Morningside Heights. Each will be repeated once. "Rigoletto" will come first in each of the two series. Because of the war, Mr. Petri will be able to obtain artists of better quality than would otherwise be the case, because both American and European singers who have been accustomed to go to Europe in the past will spend their vacation in this country rather than risk the increased dangers of crossing the ocean.

The second of the series of orchestral concerts under the direction of Ossip Gabrilowitsch had a program which was a model of compactness, good taste and artistic balance. It consisted of the Symphony in C minor of Brahms, the piano concerto of Schumann and Liszt's "Les Preludes." The pianist was Harold Bauer. For the concerto, the conductor reduced his orchestra to one-half its symphony size. Then he and Mr. Bauer gave the composition one of the most exquisitely finished performances it has ever had in this city.

The M.A.A.A. orchestra concert announced for next Monday has been cancelled.

A GREAT PIANIST



He will give a two-piano concert here with Dr. Boris Duneo for the benefit of the Polish Relief Fund.

SCHOOL PROGRAM

Duncan McKenzie will direct the following program of vocal and instrumental music in the High School for girls on Thursday next.

"Summer is icumen in"	Old English
"The Maypole"	Old English
"All thro' the Night"	Welsh
"Loch Lomond"	Scotch
"They've set the Hills Between Us"	Irish
"The Roving Sailor"	Irish
Chorus.	
"The Gressenhall"	Wood
Prologue—Slow Air—Jig and Finale.	
Orchestra.	
"The Willow Song"	Sullivan
"The Lass with the Delicate Air,"	Arne
"Oh the Summer"	Coleridge-Taylor
"A Rover Shanty"	Stanford
Chorus.	
"Love's Meditation"	Latter
"Rosemary"	Elgar
Orchestra.	
"The Snow"	Elgar
Chorus.	

COLOMBINI DEAD?

Le Canada Musical prints the report that Ugo Colombini, the favorite tenor through two seasons of the Montreal Opera Company, has been killed in action. The report is not confirmed, however. Signor Colombini was an officer in the artillery before coming to Canada and enlisted for active service at the beginning of the war.

John J. Shannon, tenor soloist of St. Francois Xavier Church, New York, will sing the "Cujus Animam" from Rossini's Stabat Mater, at St. Patrick's Church high mass tomorrow. Thomas R. Smith, baritone, an oratorio singer of experience, will sing "The Crucifix," by Faure, at the same church.

The Russian people are without a national anthem, the words of the superb hymn they have hitherto used beginning "Lord God protect our Czar." It is expected that the verbal text will be adapted to republican conditions.

CHURCH PROGRAM

H. H. St. L. Troop, organist of St. Martin's Church, announces a recital in that church next Tuesday evening, by Arthur H. Egg, organist of the Cathedral. The choir of St. Martin will also take part. The program, beginning at 8.15, is as follows:

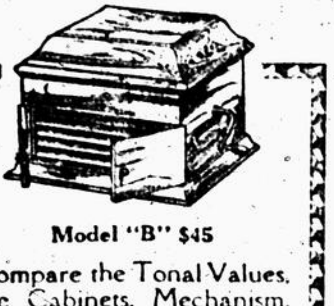
Solemn Melody	Walford Davies
Maestoso allegro (Concerto in B flat)	Handel
Mr. Egg	
"He doth create"	Tschesnokoff
"Fierce was the wild Billow"	Noble
Choir	
Prelude and Fugue in C minor	Mendelssohn
Canon	Schumann
Ave Maria	Henselt
Angelus	Karg Elert
Mr. Egg	
"The promise which was made"	Bairstow
Choir	
Toccata	Gigout
Mr. Egg	

ABOUT ERNEST BLOCH

Ernest Bloch, the Swiss composer, who conducted his own works at the Jewish concert at Carnegie Hall, New York, on Thursday evening, was born at Geneva in 1880. His elementary work in music was done under the direction of Jaques Dalcroze. At the age of sixteen he left his native town for Brussels and studied there with Ysaye and Rasse. From Brussels he went to Frankfort, and after the completion of his studies he continued on to Munich, and finally to Paris.

He returned to Switzerland in 1904 and in 1909-10 was appointed director of the Lausanne Symphonic Concerts, with charge of similar concerts at Neuchatel.

For the last four years he has taught composition and his connection as professor to the Conservatorium of Geneva is remarkable for the very large number of lectures he has delivered on every phase of music and aesthetics.



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GRAINGER BUSY

Percy Grainger has thrown himself heart and soul into war relief work. On May 15 he will give at the Knoedler Galleries, a recital for the benefit of the British American War Relief Fund. During the summer he will give recitals for the Red Cross Society. His first Aeolian Hall recital next season, on November 15, will also be for the British American War Relief Fund. His manager, Antonia Sawyer, has arranged for him twenty Red Cross recitals through Canada and the United States. The Red Cross in Canada has sent him a medal and made him a life member, because of his help and donations.

Plans for the next season of the Philharmonic Society are announced. A Beethoven-Brahms cycle of three concerts will be given, and at the Thursday and Sunday concerts of the cycle the Beethoven Choral Symphony will be given with the co-operation of the Oratorio Society. Soloists already engaged are Josef Hofmann, Pablo Casals, Fritz Kreisler, Julia Culp, Guiomar Novaes, Ossip Gabrilowitsch, Joan Manen, Carl Friedberg, Percy Grainger and Louis Graveure.

How the Kaiser United the World Against Germany

The Kaiser's eligibility for the Nobel peace-prize occurs to one editor as he contemplates the burning away of old distrusts and hatreds among the once hostile peoples now banded together in a spiritual as well as a military alliance against the Central Powers. England and France forget their ancient feuds, England and Russia their territorial jealousies, Russia and Japan their quarrels in Asia, while the United States, brushing aside old wrongs and recent suspicions, step into line beside England and Japan in the great alliance whose dominant purpose is to make the world "safe for democracy."

As visible symbols of this new spirit of international brotherhood among former foes, he sees the flags of the Allies flying side by side in the various capitals, and the Stars and Stripes beside the Union Jack above the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa and Westminster, where no foreign flag was ever before unfurled.

In THE LITERARY DIGEST for May 5th, the feature article presents the consensus of American public opinion upon the visit of the British and French Commissions and the far-reaching results which the conferences at Washington will develop.

In addition to this complete description of one of the greatest events that has taken place in the history of the United States, and of the world, other articles that should be read in this number are:

Should the Government Fix Prices For Food?

The Arguments For and Against Such Regulation

America's First Shot in the War
Sense and Censorship
No Separate Peace for Russia
Japan's New Chinese Policy
The Value of Food Tests Doubted
"U"-Boat-Chasers for the Navy
Safety First in Movie Lessons
Germany Poisoning French Letters
No Church Denominationalism in War-Time
Woman Suffrage Marching On
Awful America
Islam Under German Rule
The Banana—"The Poor Man's Fruit"
German Patents as War Prizes
A "Great American and Great Art-Connoisseur"
For More Americanism in Opera
Ten New Questions for the Church

A Fine Collection of Cartoons and Half-tone Illustrations

"The Digest" Prints the World's News, Uncensored and Ungarbled

News that is really news, that is accurate as to facts and recent as to date, is certainly hard to get nowadays. In addition to the ordinary difficulties that beset the path of newspaper editors many others have now arisen. The unreliability of reports, the bias of sources of information, political expediency, the censor's pruning-knife—all these make the gathering of real news harder than ever before. THE LITERARY DIGEST, greatest of news-magazines, has at its command avenues for securing information not available to the average periodical. It gives both sides of every occurrence in the language of the publications recording it, and it has no incentive to garble or change such accounts in any way, its policy being one of strict impartiality in all fields, social, religious, political, and the rest. For a fair, concise, unbiased presentation of actual facts read "The Digest."

May 5th Number on Sale To-Day--- All News-dealers---10 Cents

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The Passing Week in the Commons

BIG PROBLEMS CONFRONT PREMIER ON HIS RETURN

Decision on Railway Commission's Report Will Have to Be Made

MORE ELECTION TALK AROUND

Opposition Very Likely to Fight Commons Extension Bill

[illegible]

[illegible] what [illegible] question [illegible] have to [illegible] tion of [illegible] Commons [illegible] Canada [illegible] House [illegible] other than [illegible]

The House [illegible] that [illegible] to time [illegible] of the [illegible] best of course.

Then there are the Extension Bill amendments to the Elections Act, some legislation with regard to soldiers' franchise and others. June will be a hot month in Ottawa, no question about it.

There was no limit to the range of topics debated in Parliament this week. Honorable members talked, and mostly at great length, of shoes and ships and sealing [illegible] tional representation [illegible] and the H. C. of L. [illegible] and cabbages and kings and things. At first blush [illegible] all this stuff had no least common denominator. Wrong! Though all the apparent heterogeneity [illegible] one strong, underlying [illegible] politics.

In this column last week it was stated that every sign [illegible] pointed to an election [illegible] however little such [illegible] be in the interests of the country. Nothing has happened this week to change that view. In fact, Parliament came as close this week to "talking down" on elections as it is ever likely to before the Prime Minister returns and brings in his bill for a further extension of Parliament. It is on that [illegible] that the Opposition will fight that bill. What the Government will do [illegible] of such hostility [illegible] pear.

On Tuesday [illegible] discussing the [illegible]

amendment presented by Mr. Turriff (Assiniboia) to the budget [illegible] known of course [illegible] Mr. [illegible] in Parliament on [illegible] and [illegible] The Hon. [illegible]

[illegible] the Maclean [illegible]

[illegible] who [illegible] were [illegible]. The Government," said Mr. Maclean, "was in power to-day by grace of the Opposition, from the fact that the Opposition [illegible] no objection to the [illegible] extension of 1916. At that time the Government had been confronted [illegible] with a war emergency [illegible] to attend to war matters [illegible] Laurier [illegible] Canadian [illegible] it had no right to [illegible] of power to [illegible]. The Government [illegible] Sir Thomas White and the Hon. Arthur Meighen [illegible] that [illegible] responsibility of Parliament [illegible] been [illegible] by the [illegible]

When Dr. Michael Clark [illegible] to take part in the Senate [illegible] of the House [illegible] Dr. Clark [illegible] the days [illegible] "Win the war" [illegible] the [illegible] persisted in twisting the Opposition's tails.

In the continued budget debate Sir Thomas White laid one of the ghosts that have been haunting the Opposition with regard to the free wheat order in council. He announced quite definitely that the Government would not lay wheat [illegible] save by act of Parliament. One of the [illegible] had been that the Government [illegible] at any time [illegible] order in council [illegible]

Now the Opposition [illegible] the West [illegible] wheat [illegible] in this debate is a peculiar one. It is something like [illegible] wants something, say a pair of silk stockings, and you have not had a chance to give them to her. Along [illegible] you [illegible] that [illegible] the lady has obtained her heart's desire should be greatly [illegible] and indeed [illegible] by the further [illegible] fact that it did not come from you.

The first real [illegible] of the session arose on Thursday [illegible] and as might be expected, Mr. Carvell (Carleton, N.B.) was in it. But he did not start the trouble. That responsibility rested with W. H. Bennett (Simcoe) who [illegible] not of recent [illegible] debate in Parliament. Mr. Bennett arose to participate in the discussion of Mr. [illegible]'s motion that the Government fix a maximum price on flour, and he [illegible] an interruption on the part of Mr. Carvell by informing that gentleman that he had his opinion of a [illegible] of artillery who ceased to be a soldier when the war came.

"Mr. Carvell retorted that the late Minister of Militia had not deigned to accept his services. There was talk of "nasty imputations" and "cowardly charges" and a call for retraction, but the deputy speaker, Mr. Rainville, involuntarily saved the situation. He set the House laughing by that now famous remark:

"Gentlemen, the question is on the flour."

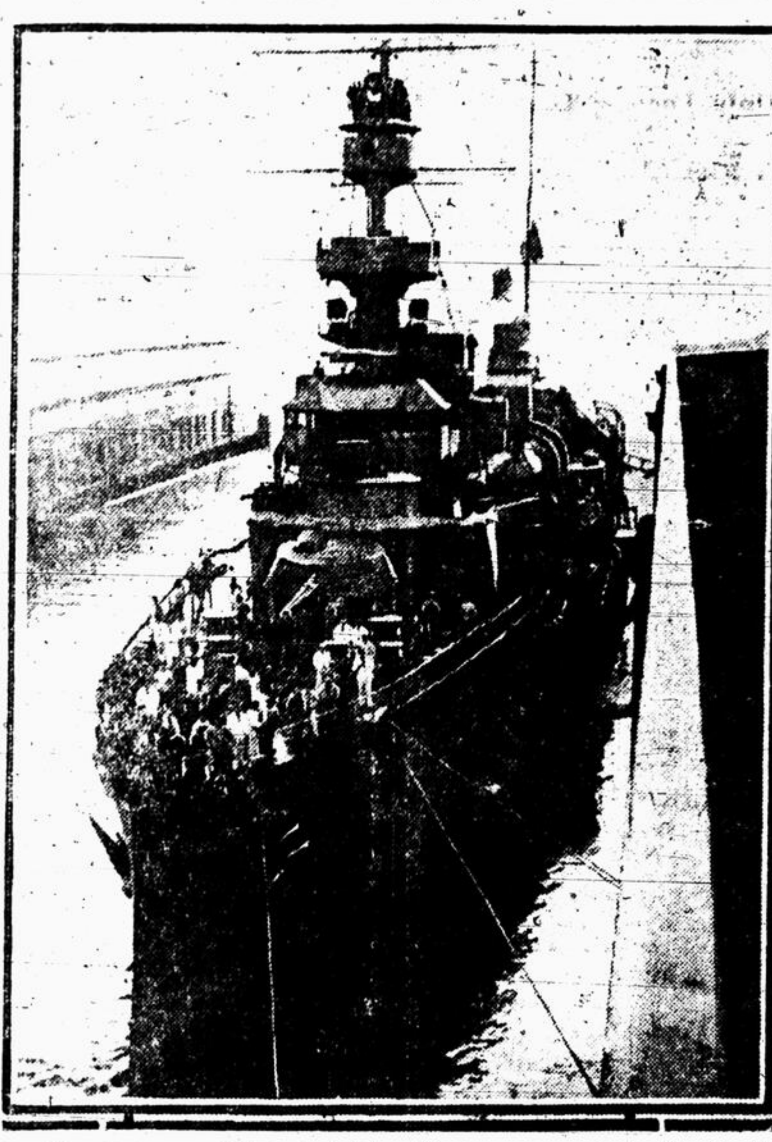
During this discussion of flour prices the Minister of Finance made the announcement that one of the matters now being discussed by the Hon. George E. Foster in Washington is that of a maximum price of wheat both in the United States and Canada. So far as regulating prices of food products goes, Sir Thomas laid down the principle that about all a Government can do is to prevent monopolies and combines. The law of supply and demand does the rest.

Just by the way it may be remarked that the Minister of Finance proved on Thursday that he is at his best under fire, a thing that can be said of Sir Robert Borden also. During his talk on the Maclean motion he was subjected to constant sniping, but he always managed to fire shot for shot, and his speech was one of the best he has achieved in Parliament this year. Sir Thomas is well qualified to join the Government's pinch-hitting squad, with his colleague, the Hon. Arthur Meighen.

There was one defection from the Government's ranks in this debate, the same being W. F. Cockshutt of Brantford, who went farther than the motion and demanded a food dictator in Canada. He would have this official work, however, by "kindly suggestion" rather than by force. The Solicitor-General pointed out that there are in Canada just a little less than seven millons "kindly suggestions" already.

Mr. Bickerdike (St. Lawrence, Montreal) will probably go down in history as the most persistent politician of his time. He calls that session of Parliament lost that does not vote down his bill to abolish capital punishment. The seventh session of the twelfth Parliament of Canada followed the example of quite a number of previous sessions on Wednesday night when Mr. Bickerdike's favorite bill was defeated by a vote of 19 to 27. **W. E. PLAYFAIR.**

FRENCH CRUISER IN NEW YORK HARBOR



The French cruiser Admiral Aube. She was one of the vessels that convoyed the French Commission.

The death is announced at the age of 88 of the oldest German admiral—Vice-Admiral Livonius. He commanded the German ship Arminius in the Franco-German War, and earned great credit by bringing his ship from Kell to Cuxhaven, evading the French fleet. He retired in 1884. He once published an elaborate plan for the invasion of England.

STRANGE FREAK OF AN OFFICER AT THE SEASIDE

"One of the Things Which Happened in First Weeks of the War"

The War Losses Commission in London reserved their decision in a claim for £170 18s. made by Miss Vaughan for the occupation of a house at Weston-super-Mare.

It was alleged that in September, 1914, a lieutenant arrived and demanded the use of a drawing room (used by boarders) on the first floor, and when it was suggested that he might have a downstairs room instead he sent men to carry a roll-top desk to the drawing-room. He was violent and threatened to arrest the claimant.

Then began a procession of soldiers and Boy Scouts up and down the stairs, so that it was impossible to carry on business, and the claimant lost all her boarders.

The lieutenant finally excluded all civilians from the house, and demanded that electric light and telephone should be installed, again making threats if his orders were not carried out. He had these installed himself.

The military representative explained that unfortunately they could not find the officer. They thought that he was in France. It was one of those things which happened in the first few weeks of the war.

THE MARRIAGE SHOP IS FOUND INDEED

For years it has been said in the city of Palestine, Tex., that the young woman who became a clerk in the Grand Leader dry goods store was sure to be a bride before the year was out.

There was a wedding in Palestine on a recent Sunday. The store lost its sixtieth clerk by marriage. And there was a waiting list for the job that became vacant.

MORE TIME FOR

reading, fancy work and the children if you have a McClary's Florence. This is a time-giving stove, because it needs no watching. Height of flame never varies of itself. Properly adjusted, with plentiful oil supply, it will do its work untended for an hour or two if desired.

Reading

Crocheting

Children

McClary's
FLORENCE
OIL COOK STOVES
Wickless, Blue Flame, Valveless, Automatic

LONDON, TORONTO, MONTREAL, WINNIPEG, VANCOUVER, ST. JOHN, N.B., HAMILTON, CALGARY, SASKATOON, EDMONTON

Sold by the Best Dealers in Montreal.

COME ON OUT!

FROM the conventional porch to the comforts of the new outdoor living room is but a step—just a little thought in the matter of rugs, furniture, awnings and their placement. May Good Housekeeping shows how easily and inexpensively you can add another, and very enjoyable, room to your home.

BUT—helping you to make your home more attractive is only one of the many phases of this magazine. Its fiction, its fashions, fact articles, Institute and other activities are each just as interesting and helpful.

GOOD HOUSEKEEPING
May issue on sale now—everywhere—15 cents.

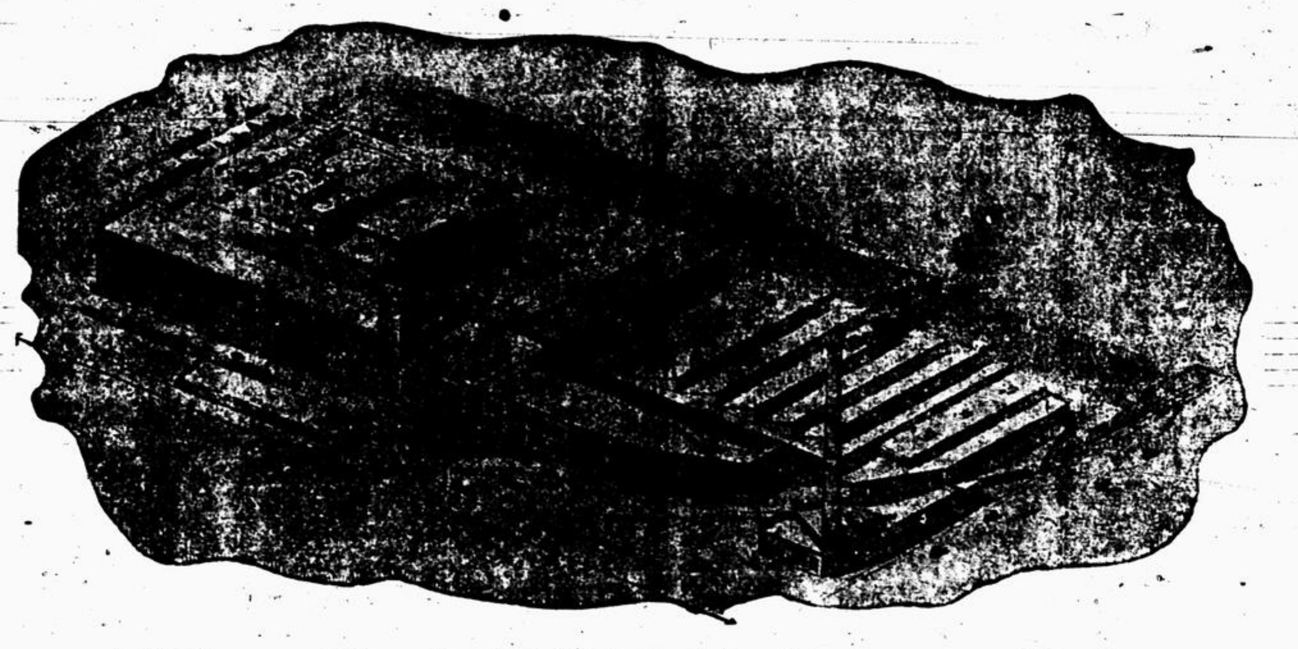
ANOTHER
OF THE FAMOUS
Laura Secord
OLDTIME—HOME MADE
CANDY SHOPS
(SHOP No. 19)
OPENS TODAY
AT
352 ST. CATHERINE ST. WEST
OPPOSITE MAPPIN & WEBB'S
1000 FREE SAMPLE BOXES TODAY

The purity, wholesomeness and richness of these candies have gained for them nation-wide popularity. The finest candy ingredients combined by experts in the art of home cooking in our sunlit studios produce these luscious sweets that are familiar in the homes of the best families in the country.

ALWAYS FIFTY CENTS THE POUND

Notice—The third shop opens at corner of Bleury and St. Catherine on May 24th.

Laura Secord CANDY SHOPS
MONTREAL TORONTO OTTAWA HAMILTON



Where Chopin Talking Machines are Made

You Can Secure the Best Talking Machine Agency on the Market for Your Town

Investigate This Valuable Offer—Don't Make a Wrong Decision

We are the Manufacturers of one of the oldest established Talking Machines on the Continent.

The Chopin Talking Machine,—a truly superb Instrument, High-class in every respect, but moderate in price.

Every Model Substantially built and Beautifully finished. We now handle six models—and will, shortly, have more.

Every Model shows many new and remarkable improvements.

This, too, is most important, we have the famous Chopin record which is second to none in the World, and it will retail at a very low cost.

To make possible the wide distribution this wonderful machine is worthy of, we are appointing Agencies throughout Canada, every City, Town and District must be represented, but here is one very important stipulation. If you are to have this Agency you must be a live wire, for this is an exceptional machine, it's of the tried and proven class, and will be a big money maker right from the start.

If you are energetic—and a Business Builder, we want you — and will give you every assistance.

Write or phone us at once, right now is the very best time — and we will immediately send you Samples and catalogues.

Are you going to represent us?

For Province of Quebec communicate with our Montreal Office.

The Chopin Piano and Talking Machine Co.
HEAD OFFICE, WINNIPEG
MAPPIN & WEBB BUILDING, MONTREAL
JAMES T. UPTON, Manager.

The Home Garden

Instructions for Amateurs who Want to Help Win the War by Growing Food Products on Unused Plots of Land—Address Questions to the Home Garden Editor.

TRANSPLANTING.

Many of the vegetables will in the next few weeks be transplanted from the house or from the frames into the open garden. The work is not difficult if the soil has enough fibre in it to cause it to cling to the roots and if water is liberally used.

Setting out from pots or boxes is very simple and there should be no check to the growth. A cucumber plant that has occupied all the space in the pot will turn out without injury, although its roots are the tenderest of any. First water the plants and allow time to soak in. Tip up the pot, holding the fingers across its top, knock gently on the bottom, and the plant should fall out. Set the ball of earth in the ground at the right spot, and at proper level and press soil firmly around it. Be careful, however, not to apply the pressure near the stem of the plant, as this may split the ball apart and expose the roots.

Most of the transplanting will, however, be done by cutting out little balls of earth with a trowel or even by separating the roots entirely from the soil. The same precaution is to be observed in watering as with the pot grown plants. If the plants are far enough apart in the bed so that they can be lifted separately, a fair amount of earth may be taken along. Having placed the plant in the hole prepared, see that it is at the proper level, and draw the earth around it. Apply pressure to the loose soil around, and bear slightly on the ball of earth in order to have it set firmly and leave no open space.

If the plants in the bed are crowded, so that several must be taken at a time, lift as many as can be carried on the trowel, take apart carefully with a knife or fingers, set them at once and return for more. Should the distance be too great to permit this direct transfer, then shade the plants until they can be set.

A cloudy day is always to be preferred for transplanting, and if a shower of rain is in prospect so much the better. Do not, however, delay planting too long, waiting for rain. Water will have to be supplied before moving the plants, and it is not much extra trouble to pour a half pint or so around each after it is set. Evening is the best time for setting, as the hot rays of the sun are avoided. A shelter made with cardboard or shingles may be needed for the first day or two if plants show signs of wilting. After watering in the evening, leave until morning, then draw some of the loose dry soil up over the wet portion and prevent baking of the surface.

If a fertilizer is to be applied, do not put it on until the plant has started to grow. Then nitrate of soda or liquid manure may be given in such a way as not to touch the stem.

For protection against cutworms a collar of paper wrapped loosely around the plant will protect from injury. The root maggot of cabbage and cauliflower may be guarded against by the paper disks laid flat on the soil as described recently in this column.

The Question Box

INSECT ON SCARLET RUNNER.

Home Garden Editor.

Your advice to cover a fence with Scarlet Runners is excellent and I have followed such a course for several years. Each year I have no difficulty in obtaining a profusion of scarlet bloom, but something comes along and bites off the blossoms before the pod has a chance to form. The vines have been carefully watched but all to no result. We are fond of the beans as a vegetable and like to have more of them, so if you can suggest a means whereby I can save the flowers from destruction I shall be very grateful.

SCARLET RUNNER.

As the identity of the insect is doubtful only the more general remedies can be prescribed. The injury may have been caused by climbing cutworms in which case the poisoned bran mash poisoned with Paris green and slightly sweetened with sugar may be used. A sprinkling of the vines with a mixture of Paris green and water in the proportion of one pound to two hundred gallons is also likely to be effective.

THE OLD GARDENER.

There is no doubt about the fact that stable manure will good condition. Many people, however, dislike both its appearance and its odor, and pulverized sheep manure applied in the spring is a very good substitute. Perhaps the best commercial fertilizer is raw bone meal, which should be applied evenly, at the rate of ten pounds for 300 square feet. Cotton seed meal is also an excellent fertilizer when it can be obtained. It is well to go over the lawn with a rake after applying the fertilizer. Rolling will also help.

ALMY'S SEVEN SPECIAL HOMEFURNISHING DAYS

MONTREAL'S LIMITED LARGEST STORE

Why Use Old Curtains? Fresh, Crisp New Ones Will Not Cost You Much

Just figure it out for yourself; your curtains—the ones you have now—must be cleaned. If you do it yourself, it's mighty hard work. If you send them to the laundry, it will cost you anywhere from 75c to $1.00 a pair. Maybe they'll be whole when they return—but more likely they'll be holey. Take that dollar—add a little more to it, and get fresh new curtains. Let us tell you some of the prices.

A Special Curtain Offer

A Handsomely Patterned Nottingham Lace Curtain at $1.98 a pair. 50 inches wide and 3 yards long.

Nottingham Lace Curtains; fine quality of lace with pretty floral borders $2.95

Others—handsome patterns $3.95

Scrim Curtains: ready to put up; good quality; colored borders; made with a valance; 2½ yards long. Per pair 79c

Novelty Scrim Curtains: fine quality scrim with lace and insertion; 2½ yards long; 36 inches wide; ecru only. Per pair $2.95

Swiss Net Curtains: These are lovely and of extra fine material; handsome applique border. A regular $7.50 value. Priced at $6.00

About Tapestry Portieres at $3.95, $4.75, $7.95

The richest of reds, browns and greens; scroll and floral patterns; tassel trimming; different widths and lengths. All **extremely good values.**

Important Announcement

To anyone who buys here during May
Five or More Window Shades
We will instal the shades in you home, within 24 hours **Free of Charge.**

ALMY'S—Second Floor
—Mail Orders Filled

It is Only Logical That You Should Turn to

Montreal's Largest Homefurnishers

when you are in need of new Furniture, Floor Coverings and Curtains.

We fully realize our responsibility and this year our assortments are even more complete than at any other time in the past. There are designs to suit every taste and prices to meet every purse. No matter what you want we have it; if not we'll get it for you.

Why not come Monday and have your share of the wonderful values to be had during these seven special Homefurnishing Days.

Furniture

Solid fumed oak Three-piece Living room Set; in either Jacobean or straight line designs; cane panel seat and back. Some upholstered in real leather with automobile seats. Value $42.50 to $47.50. Six to sell Monday at $29.95

Odd Tapestry Chairs, full stuffover, upholstered in good quality imported tapestries; three have Marshall loose spring cushions. All come in very attractive designs and are exceedingly comfortable. Value $45.00, for $32.75

100 Solid fumed and golden oak Buffets at $18.98. These have mirror back, large doylie drawer, cutlery drawer and long linen drawer. $18.98 is really a conservative figure for buffets of this quality.

Thirty-five odd Dining-room Chairs at a saving of one third. All made of solid quarter cut oak, in golden, fumed or mission finish, nearly all have leather seats. Value $3.00 and $4.00 each. **Less One Third.**

Massive White Enamel Bed, with brass scroll panel, size 4 ft. 6 only. Originally priced at $13.50. Eighteen to sell at $6.75

Three Big Mattress Specials:

Almy's Electric Felt Mattress, with roll edge, full weight, covered in high grade art ticking, all sizes. Monday $10.75

Almy's Challenge Mattress; a fine hygienic mattress, with curled fibre centre and felt top and bottom. A real $5.50 value for $3.95

Fifteen high grade Felt Mattresses, worth $12.00 each. Only sizes 3 ft. and 3 ft. 6 in stock that's why we have reduced them to $6.95

ALMY'S—Third Floor Up
—Mail Orders Filled

Floorcoverings

Ingrain Rugs, in four sizes and six different colorings. A splendid opportunity to cover the floor in your bedroom at a very small cost; in fact the prices we quote here are less than the manufacturer's cost today.

Sizes 9 ft. x 7 ft. 6 in. Regular $7.50, for $4.95.
Sizes 9 ft. x 9 ft. Regular $9.00, for $5.95.
Sizes 9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in. Regular $10.50, for $6.95.
Sizes 9 ft. x 12 ft. Regular $12.00, for $7.95.

These Rag Rugs will give a Summerlike appearance to your Home. We have been fortunate to secure a large shipment of these beautiful American Rag Rugs. They come in pink, blue, gray and mixed colors. They're all bright and new.

Size 24 x 36 inches	$1.25
Size 27 x 54 inches	$2.25
Size 36 x 72 inches	$3.50
Size 48 x 84 inches	$5.50
Size 6 ft. x 9 ft.	$10.50
Size 8 ft. x 10 ft.	$14.75
Size 9 ft. x 12 ft.	$18.75

Our showing of English and Scotch Tapestry Rugs is replete with the newest colorings and designs.

4 ft. 6 inches x 6 ft. $6.95 to 15 ft. x 12 ft. at $37.50.

Either town or country homes need these Japanese matting, mats and rugs. They look so bright and cool, and they are not expensive either. Size 18 x 36 inches .... 15c to 9 x 12 foot $3.95

Cork Linoleum considerably reduced—900 square yards of Cork Linoleum will go on sale Monday at a reduced price, 4 yards wide and a good assortment of block and floral designs. They are manufacturers' seconds, which means they are slightly imperfect, but that does not affect the wearing quality in any way. Saturday's price, square yard 71c

Other Linoleum: 2 yards wide at **59c** to **$1.50** yard, 3 and 4 yards wide at **85c** to **$1.25** yard.

"Bissell" Carpet Sweepers

fully guaranteed, with long bristle brush.
Regular $2.75, for $1.75

ALMY'S Second Floor Up
Mail Orders Filled

Unless Your Linen Chest Be Well Stocked

your strapping soldier will think he has wed but a pretty toy instead of a thrifty housewife.

Let Almy's help you stock your linen chest with fine linens at less expense than you would be put to elsewhere.

Heather Linens—Almy's control the sale of these the best products of the looms of Scotland and Ireland. We can give you made-up table cloths—all linen in sizes from 63 x 63 to 72 x 126. The prices range from $2.95 up to $15.00.

Napkins to match—We have napkins to match any piece of damask in the store—and that's saying a whole lot. Look for the stamp of quality on every one "Heather Linen." We can furnish you with these from $1.59 to $11.00 per dozen.

Damask by the yard—If you prefer making up your own table cloths, buy Heather Linen damask here from $1.00 to $2.50 a yard.

Guest Towels—The guest towel has come to be considered a big feature in the fitting of the linen chest. You can select them at Almy's, in all sizes, all linen, hemstitched, and with the "Heather Linen" stamp—from 35 to 75 cents each.

Bedroom Towels from 49 cents to $1.50.

Set aside a half-day to do "Linen Shopping at Almy's."

ALMY'S—Street Floor.
—Mail Orders Filled.

Do You Need Wallpaper?

Yes! Then, naturally, you will like to choose from the largest assortment possible and pay the minimum price. That's what you will find here. We believe that we are quite within our rights when we say that our Wallpaper Dept. is the largest and best assorted in Montreal.

Pretty floral patterns and white grounds with a stripe of blue, yellow, gray or pink. Special a roll 9c
Sold with border only.

1000 rolls of plain, satin stripes, trimmed ready to hang, all colors; choice of 21 patterns. Regular 25c a roll. For 14c

Wallpaper for dens, halls and diningrooms, in tan, green, blue, yellow and gray. Value to 30c. At a roll 15c

Plain effects in chambray, Jaspa and corduroy stripes—40 patterns to select from. Regular 25c at a roll 18c

Above four lines displayed and sold only with border.

Two tone effects in green, old rose, tan, blue and red. Value to 50c, at a roll 29c

Tapestry effects, in stripes and all-over patterns. Value 40c to 60c. At a roll 33c

Tiffany blend stripes for livingroom, halls, dens or dining rooms. Regular 50c. At a roll 36c

Parlor wallpaper, silk finish, in white, gray, blue, green, rose, yellow and cream. Values to 50c. At a roll 34c

These three items are much below today's cost.

5000 rolls plain Oatmeal Wallpapers, best grade, all colors. Sold with border or binders only. Regular 30c and 35c a roll, for 22½c

Best grade Washable Wallpapers for kitchen and bathroom; 35c and 40c patterns, at a roll 24c

500 yards best grade Oil Coated Burlap, ready to paint; 36 inches wide. Value 35c a yard. Special, a yard 21c

ALMY'S Second Floor.
Mail Orders Filled.

3 Big Room Lot Specials
3 rolls in each lot.
At a lot,
98c, $1.59 and $1.98

Housewives! Rejoice!

---Good News from Almy's
---Big Daylight Kitchenware Shop

Climax Food Chopper: The handiest little thing in the kitchen today. This one has four cutters and is really a $1.25 value. Specially priced at 98c

Nickel Casserole: So many women are finding the casserole-way the nicest way of baking some things—and the food always looks so good in them. Here's a chance for you to get one with fire-proof lining. Specially priced at 98c

Cotton Floor Mops: Throw away that old discolored, unsanitary one and get a new one at Almy's for 59c

Ready Mixed Household Paint
A Big Special, Quart 49c

Step Into the China Shop
—Some More Good Values—

English Tea Pots: They do say that tea tastes better made in these. They are of all shapes, sizes and decorations. Usually sell at 98c. Specially priced at 65c

Take Time to Look at our Splendid Display of the famous
Heisey Glassware

Brooms: Some well-made ones at **69c**; **Hair Brooms**, from **69c** to **$1.50.**

English Made Dinner Set
Special **$7.98** Special
97 pieces—white ironstone.

Refrigerator Time

And you want to **buy right**—for, as you know, there's a heap of difference in refrigerators.

If you will come in to our Refrigerator Department any time—**we will show you just why Almy's Refrigerators are the kind you ought to have.**

Different Sizes and Styles. Priced from **$8.50** to **$18.50.**

ALMY'S—Fourth Floor
—Mail Orders Filled

Dress Goods In the Height of Fashion

Fine **Lustres, Mohairs, Brilliantines and Sicilians; excellent fabrics for Suits, Skirts, Blouses—and not omitting the Bathing Costume.**

Navy Blues—For all requirements, double width, from 50c to **$1.39** a yard.

Cream and Black—for street wear, 40 inches wide, **79c** a yd.

Black—one of our strongest features and our best vals., **79c**, **89c**, **95c**, **$1.10** and **$1.25** yard.

Suiting Sicilian—54 inches wide $1.59 a yard.

Novelties for 1917

Diagonal Mohairs with wool mixture; brilliant silky finish; street wear shades, **$1.19** yard

Self Cord Mohairs—for suits and skirts; street wear shades, rich silky appearance; very serviceable, **$1.29** a yard.

Mohairs—hair line stripe and shot color suitings and coatings for auto dust coats, etc., all prices.

Grey Lustre—for nurses' costumes.

Cream Lustre—for misses' summer wear, all prices.

Cravanettes—light shades, dark mixtures, dust and shower proof. Splendid for summer coats, for travel, auto and street wear. 60 inches wide. Per yd. **$2.39**

ALMY'S—Street Floor
—Mail Orders Filled

What "Anderson" Stands For In The Gingham World

Any mother of girls will tell you that she prefers—every time—"Anderson Ginghams."

That's because these **ginghams** are of that **old-world quality** and fast color—made by people whose name has come to be a household word.

Anderson Ginghams have just arrived at Almy's—fresh and crisp from the big looms of the William Anderson mills in Scotland.

This year they seem to be lovelier than ever—such an artistic choice of **many colors** for the **plaids and checks—both large and small.** Of course, they are here in pretty plain ~~colors and stripes~~—but, somehow, the wee girlies look more like happy little elfs in the bright-colored plaids and checks.

Let's reserve the **stripes and plain colors** for the grown-ups' house dresses and aprons—for they make lovely ones.

And Now for the Best News

Nowhere else in this city can you get Anderson Ginghams at a yard 29c

ALMY'S Street Floor.
Mail Orders Filled.

Shimmery New Silks

In Which Exquisite Color Combinations Vie With Quality for Supremacy

One doesn't know which to admire the more—the lovely colors or the splendid quality of Almy's new silks. Such shimmery finish and harmonious shadings have not been seen in a long while.

Shot Taffetas $1.75 yd. Two-tone effects in Alice and cerise; Alice and gold; deep-sea green and navy; apple green and leaf brown; fancy hair line stripes; solid colors of spring's latest. These silks will give excellent wear and are a yard wide.

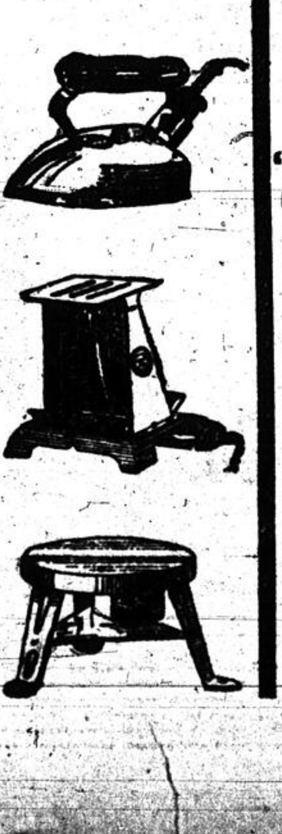
Colored Chiffon Taffeta $1.50 yd. This fabric continues to be the favorite for costumes, skirts, dresses and separate coats for spring and early summer. In fact, it is always good, for it is pure silk of soft finish and lends itself admirably to the wiles of the fashionable dressmaker. It is a yard wide and comes in such shades as Russian, chartreuse, old rose, nigger, Alice, Copen., hampagne, navy, etc.

Colored Charmeuse $2.25 yd. For your afternoon or evening frock there is absolutely nothing better—both for good looks and wear—than Almy's high-grade colored charmeuse. It is the "drapery" kind that you can just do anything with and the shading—when draped is nothing short of luxurious. You may have your choice of dusky gold, ivory, a delicate rose, the new green, copen, etc. And it is 40 inches wide.

ALMY'S—Street Floor
—Mail Orders Filled

ALMY'S
MONTREAL'S LIMITED LARGEST STORE

CANADIAN BEAUTY ELECTRIC HEATING APPLIANCES
TRADE MARK



Let Electricity Do It For You

Let electricity cook the meals—iron the clothes—heat the water—warm a cold room—in fact make cooking and housework a pleasure instead of a drudgery.

"Canadian Beauty" Electric Appliances

—approved by the Hydro-Electric Commission—

are built for service and satisfaction—designed by experts—constructed by skilled workmen in a modern factory—"Canadian Beauty" Electric Appliances are absolutely guaranteed by us.

There's a Dealer Near You

who will make a special display May 1st to 12th.

RENFREW ELECTRIC MFG. CO. LIMITED
RENFREW, CANADA

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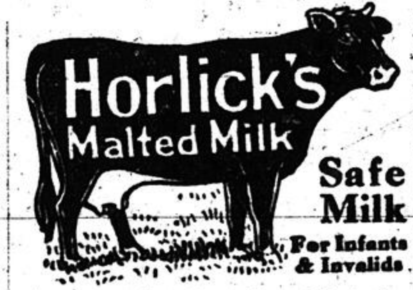

A Nutritious Diet for All Ages.
Keep Horlick's Always on Hand
Quick Lunch; Home or Office.

17 Good

AILING INFANTS

THE MAKER OF

Doctor Stedman's Teething Powders

has had charge of a Children's Hospital in London, and there learned the value of his Medicine for Infants; quieting their restlessness, regulating their bowels, and improving their digestion, health and spirits.

Mothers must see the Trade Mark, a Gum Lancet, on every packet, that there are twelve powders in the packet, and that the real "Stedman" has only one "E" in it.

Prices 1/1½ and 2/9 per packet. 125, New North road, London, Eng.

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Your Credit Is Good

Take advantage of our dignified credit system, and get your Spring outfit for a small deposit and

$1 Per Week

for the balance.

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359 Notre Dame St. W.
Tel. Main 2529. Open Evenings.

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Percival Ave., Montreal W.
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Cuticura Soap

Banish That Blemish with Cuticura

Cuticura Soap cleanses, purifies and beautifies, while the Ointment soothes and heals pimples, blackheads, etc. Do not confound these fragrant, delicate emollients with coarsely medicated soaps and ointments.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. N, Boston, U. S. A." Sold throughout the world.

HAVE YOUR WINDOWS CLEANED
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The City Window Cleaning Co.
ROOM 3, HERALD BLDG.,
Tel. Main 1588. Craig St. West.
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Large Assortment.
Prices Right.
Visit our new showrooms at
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Just off Place d'Armes

Auer Light Co.
LIMITED
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Formerly with Bensons, of London, Eng.
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Bloomfield Bros.,
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4123 ST. CATHERINE W.
A few doors West of Arena.
Grandfather and Antique Clocks and English Lever Watches a Specialty
Phone W. 3549

Clocks sent for and delivered to any part of the city.
Charges very reasonable.

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CHILDREN'S VISITORS.

W. R. Miller and Hugh Paton are the visiting governors for the Children's Memorial Hospital for the week commencing Monday, May 7, 1917.

LATE MICHAEL CUDDY.

By the death of Michael Cuddy, which occurred recently, Montreal loses one of its old and well known citizens. Coming to Canada, from Mayo, Ireland he settled in this city founding a dry goods business which he conducted on Notre Dame street for over fifty years, and with which he was closely associated at the time of his death. Interment took place in the family lot at Cote des Neiges Cemetery.

STEAMER ASHORE

S.S. Lord Antrim Grounds and is Badly Damaged Beached

Special to The Star.

SYDNEY, N. S., May 5.—The S.S. Lord Antrim, bound for England from a United States port, grounded yesterday near Forchu, C. B., while nearing Louisburg. The weather was thick at the time with heavy snow squalls. The steamer was floated during the forenoon and brought to Louisburg with the assistance of coal company's tugs. She was making so much water, however, that she had to be beached on her arrival. Her cargo, much of which is damaged by water, is being removed preparatory to making temporary repairs. When these are finished the Lord Antrim will probably go to Halifax for repairs.

SWEEPER PROBE IS COSTLY AFFAIR

The civic investigation regarding automatic sweepers will cost a lot of money, although it is claimed by some that it saved thousands of dollars which would have been paid if the investigation had not taken place.

P. H. Kenehan and Marcel Gabard, who were employed as official stenographers during the investigation, have sent their bills to the city. The former claims $511 and the latter $658. This is for eleven meetings and it includes the taking and transcription of shorthand notes.

NEW COKE OVENS.

SYDNEY, N. S., May 5.—F. H. Adams, Vice President and General Manager of the By-Products Coke Company of Canada, Limited has arrived to supervise the erection of the new coke ovens for the Dominion Steel Company by the H. Koppers Company, of Pittsburg, Pa.

The plant which will consist of 120 ovens will cost in the vicinity of $3,000,000 and will take from eighteen months to two years to complete. They expect, however, to have the first oven ready for use about March 1, 1918.

CIVIC LIBRARY.

The Rev. Father Gerald McShane, parish priest of St. Patrick's Church, has written to the Board of Control asking that an English-speaking assistant librarian be appointed at the new civic library. The matter has been referred to Controller Ainey who has charge of the library department.

Three million wives and other dependents of our fighting men are drawing separation allowances in Great Britain.

NEW HUN RAIDER NOT MOEWE BUT NEW BOAT PUYME

Captain of Sunpen, Norwegian Steamer, Discloses Identity and Tricks of Latest of German Sea Rovers

That the disguised German raider which not many months ago visited the Atlantic shipping lanes and among other vessels captured the Yarrowdale, was not the Moewe, but a new boat called the Puyme, is disclosed in a sworn statement by the captain of the Norwegian steamer Hallbjoerg, one of the raider's victims.

Capt. I. B. Anderson, commander of the Hallbjoerg, tells a graphic story of the raider's trip, of his removal to the Yarrowdale with his men, and of his arrival and imprisonment in Germany.

He says the Puyme was a vessel of about 7,000 tons, heavily armed with large-calibre guns, and equipped with the latest devices for perceiving and eluding British pursuers, such as a submarine device, by which the Puyme and Yarrowdale kept up communication for 150 miles.

Capt. Anderson's statement is in part as follows:

CAPTAIN'S STATEMENT.

"On Nov. 23rd the Hallbjoerg left New York bound for France. The weather was fine, with a calm sea, and all was well until December 11th. We were then about 26 deg. W., and anticipated no trouble of any kind.

"I was eating my dinner, when word was given from the bridge that a steamer was being sighted. When I got up on the bridge I saw a steamer coming from the north, steering southward, which, of course, was a rather remarkable course.

The steamer now approached us, swung across our bow, turning again round and steered directly toward us. Then hoisted the signal: "Stop immediately."

"The ship had no flag, but suddenly the German colors were run up and its railing was dropped. The ship we thought to be a peaceful British merchant vessel disclosed itself now as a modern German man-of-war, with several gun-ports showing. Torpedo openings were also noticed, in all four of them. There were two heavy guns fore and aft, and another one under the forecastle. Later on, when the box covering the auxiliary steering apparatus was removed, another large gun was disclosed.

"German officers and men who came aboard unpacked everything, and upon finding that we had no brass and zinc on board signalled this piece of news, and received the reply from the German: 'The ship must be sunk.'

"Bombs were placed below deck and in the engine room as we went into the boats. I managed to get the ship's papers with me. The officers also requested us to bring provisions along. We succeeded in getting about 500 tins of various kinds of food, but unfortunately for us, we got but a very small share of the provisions ourselves. It appeared the Germans were quite short of provisions. As soon as we came on board of their ship, one of the bags containing our tinned goods was taken away from us and laid aside.

NAME OF NEW SHIP "PUYME."

"While in the commander's cabin, my attention was drawn to a plan of the ship and its photograph. The commander noticed this and said: 'If this picture interests you, I may tell you that it does not represent this ship.'

"Above the picture appeared the German naval colors and the letters: 'S.M.S. Puyme.'

"I took particular notice of the ship's name in order to ascertain if it was not the Moewe.

"After our boat had been sunk the crew of the Hallbjoerg was ordered into the hold, where we met ninety-three men from the English steamer Voltaire, of Liverpool, which had been sunk the day before.

"The fifth of December passed peacefully, but on the 6th things again commenced to happen. A Newfoundland schooner of 150 tons, laden with fish for Gibraltar, was sunk, and six more men were stowed down the hold.

"On the evening of the same day the British steamer Mount Temple, belonging to the Canadian Pacific Railway, was observed. She had 750 horses on board, 5,000 tons of general cargo, and a great many dogs.

"The Puyme immediately fired seven volleys into the Mount Temple, and the steamer stopped. The chief steward and a sailor were killed, and a fireman wounded. The latter was left lying on the deck until the 107 men of the crew were taken aboard the German privateer. He was lowered into the last boat, and taken to the Puyme's hospital, together with the first officer, who had been wounded in the back, and a horseman who had both his thighs crushed.

"The crew of the Mount Temple having been placed along with the rest of us, the Germans rowed aboard with bombs, which were distributed in the usual manner—amidship, fore and aft. With the usual intervals the explosions took place.

"It was dreadful to hear and see the many hundred whining horses and dogs swimming around, a living, bloody and confused lot in the foaming seas. He who has witnessed such a sight will never forget it.

THE GEORGIC SUNK.

On December 10, we met the White Star liner Georgic, of Liverpool, and with it new harrowing scenes. The Georgic was laden with 7,000 tons of general cargo, and 1,200 head of horses. The Puyme fired four sharp volleys, but no one was wounded. However, a panic ensued on board. The crew had seen the carcasses of the dead horses from the Mount Temple.

"The crew was taken off, and after the lapse of five hours a torpedo was sent into the ship. She heeled over, and the horses tore their fastenings and went overboard, literally shrieking. A great many of them sank immediately, but most swam around. A few succeeded in getting all the way over to the Puyme, and with their forelegs pounded away at the hull as if to call it to account. The crew was ordered to the railing and shot at the horses with their revolvers. This [illegible] lasted about half an hour.

THE YARROWDALE TAKEN.

"On December 11 we met the Yarrowdale on its way from Philadelphia to Havre with a general cargo. On board of the Puyme the Germans had gradually gathered together 500 men, and it was getting very short of room. The weather was very unfavorable for an action, but the Puyme for two days followed the Yarrowdale, which did not succeed in getting away from us. When the weather moderated, the commander of the privateer sent twenty sailors with officers aboard the Yarrowdale, which was now obliged to accompany the cruiser.

"The transfer of the men to the Yarrowdale commenced in the morning at 9 o'clock, and was not completed until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. All the firemen from the Saint Theodore were put aboard the Puyme, and new ones were put aboard the Saint Theodore. This being done, the Puyme disappeared.

THE SUBMARINE TELEGRAPH.

"The next morning our course was changed. We noticed among other things that some queer looking apparatus with long wires attached to it was thrown overboard at different places as we went along, and the wires were connected up with the chart house.

"It was a submarine telegraph, which could give or receive orders at a distance of 150 miles. In other words we were in communication with the Puyme all the time, and she with us. If anything suspicious appeared at the distance, the news was immediately flashed over.

"The Yarrowdale's new commander's name was Bordewitz, and he is deserving of special mention. I have never met as nervous and as reckless a man in the many years I have seen seafaring. He was not only harsh and severe towards the interned men, but to his own men as well. Even his first officer one day made the acquaintance of Mr. Bordewitz' clenched fist, receiving it straight in his face.

"Bordewitz conducted himself most remarkably in every way. He never slept. From the very day he took command of the Yarrowdale and until we left the ship, he never was in his berth. He would sit in a chair on the bridge and doze off for a few minutes at a time occasionally. That was all the sleep he had."

Following a cold trip toward Germany, which touched the coast of Iceland, Andersen and his men underwent further stirring adventures on the way down the coast. He says:

"On December 30, in the forenoon, the Yarrowdale set her course southward along the Swedish coast, and in the afternoon anchored a little south of Drogden, near a belt of mines. While lying here a Swedish torpedo boat came very close to the ship.

"Commander Bordewitz ordered all men below the deck and down among the bunker rooms on both sides of the engine room. Here were hidden away about 400 men, the balance in places adjoining. Captains and other officers of the sunken ships were locked up in the cabin, a watch was placed outside of the door, and warning was given that any one who attempted to attract the attention of ships passing by would be shot.

"The German officers and crew had hurriedly changed their clothing for peaceful-looking merchant mariners' clothes. The Swedish torpedo-boat now came alongside the Yarrowdale, which, however, showed neither name nor home port, this being all scraped away, and the Swedish captain demanded to come aboard.

"'You have no business here,' Mr. Bordewitz answered, 'we are a peaceable merchantman.'

"'You are inside of the Swedish territorial line,' answered the Swede, 'and we have orders to investigate whether or not you have weapons on board.'

"'Well, then, you can send a man on board,' Bordewitz answered.

"This was done. A Swedish lieutenant came aboard, and he walked the deck from fore to aft with the commander without being able to detect anything suspicious. The two bid each other a fond farewell. The German's ability to deceive had scored another triumph. When the Swedish torpedoboat started on its way the 'peaceable mariners' laughed up their sleeves.

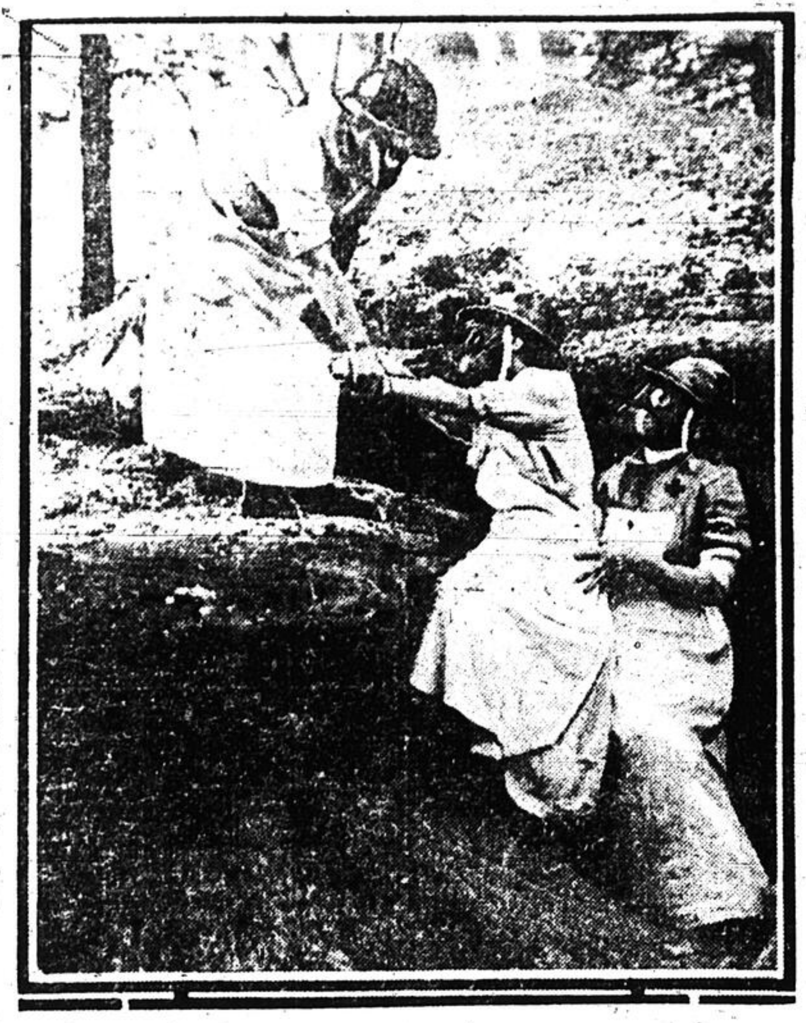
"Both off the island of Vveen and on the evening when the ship was lying at anchor south of the mine at Drogden, I asked the commander to go ashore with my crew, either in Denmark or Sweden. Bordewitz answered 'jump overboard if you wish.'

"On New Year's eve the Yarrowdale arrived at Swinemunde, and the other members of the crew of the Hallbjorg now expected that the hour of deliverance had arrived. But this was not to be. On the 4th of January the 500 men were interned in a prisoners' camp, where we remained two days. On January 6, in the morning, we awoke with the crazy idea that the hour of deliverance was at hand.

"Under a strong military escort we were marched to the nearest railway station and placed on board a train, which left at 7:35 from Swinemunde. We received each two slices of potato bread. We asked for water, but during the entire journey, which did not come to an end before 9 o'clock in the evening, it was impossible for us to obtain a drop.

"Our hour of deliverance did not arrive until Saturday, the 27th of January, 1917. We were taken in a train through Germany, and after the customary difficulties at the boundary, we reached Vamdrup. And now we are free—God be thanked."

HELMETS AND GAS MASKS NOW PART OF EQUIPMENT OF NURSES ON WESTERN FRONT



To protect them from injury of flying shrapnel and noxious gases the French nurses on the Western front are now equipped with steel helmets and gas masks. This is the first picture to reach this country showing the nurses in their new equipment.

Claim Unsettled, Threaten to Sue City for $80,000

The city is threatened with an $80,000 damage suit, all because of its inaction in settling a claim, which it had agreed to fix up for $15,000. Some months ago the authorities of the Hochelaga School, Hochelaga, complained that, in the street levelling operations carried on in that ward, the municipal authorities had caused serious damage to the site of the school. The matter was referred to the law department, with the result that, a long time back, the parties agreed to come to a settlement on the basis of $15,000. The city neglected to carry out the terms of the settlement, with the result that yesterday the school authorities wrote to the mayor saying that unless the matter was forthwith fixed up without delay they would enter action for $80,000 damages against the city. The mayor is to look into the matter.

TRIAL ABRUPTLY ENDS.

The trial of Adelard Richer, of 339 St. Ambrose street, who was arraigned in the Recorder's Court, on a charge of non-support, was suddenly interrupted yesterday, when the accused fell, unconscious to the floor. He struck his head on the sharp edge of a marble step. Dr. St. George, who was present to give evidence in a drug case, gave immediate medical aid. The Notre Dame Ambulance removed him to hospital. It is feared that Richer's skull was fractured.

After shopping—
Ridgways Tea
Refreshing—Satisfying—Invigorating
F. L. BENEDICT, AGENT, MONTREAL.
(Sol) 30 2 2am

Other Necessities Are High—
MEAT BUTTER EGGS FLOUR
—But
Kellogg's
TOASTED
CORN FLAKES
are within the reach of all.

Made from white corn and by our secret process converted into appetizing and highly nutritious food.

Made in Canada by an entirely Canadian company.

Get the original in the red, white and green package, and refuse all substitutes.

The Sweetheart of the Corn

The Battle Creek Toasted Corn Flake Co., Limited.
Head Office and Factory: London, Ont.

Life and Character Reading
MAY 5.

People of this birthdate can get plenty of money together, but it seems impossible for them to save it.

Many actors and actresses come under this sign. They amass large fortunes and spend them.

This is the birthdate of the Empress Eugenie of France, a woman of a most interesting and romantic character. A woman born on this date should study her life and character and profit thereby.

She exemplifies the strong characteristic of this sign of Taurus by her love of beauty, her passion for dress and her great generosity, all of them being notable traits which dominate the Taurus born.

The coming week favors the finding of positions through the Montreal Daily Star Want Ads for wood workers, office help, teamsters, drivers and agents.

Bishop of Yukon to Make a Tour of Arctic Diocese

Right Rev. I. O. Stringer, Bishop of Yukon, is planning to leave Dawson as soon as navigation opens for a visit to Herschel Island, on the Arctic Ocean Coast, near the mouth of the McKenzie River. Leaving Dawson he will take the steamer down the river to Fort Yukon. There he will get a couple of natives to accompany him, and striking out into the wilderness will ascend the Porcupine and Bell rivers between 500 and 600 miles, by small boats or canoe, and thence 100 miles across a mountainous country on foot to Fort McPherson, which point he expects to reach by July 17. At Fort McPherson he will send his travelling companions back and get other Indians to take their places in the journey which he contemplates by small boat down the Peel and McKenzie rivers to Herschel Island and other points on the coast of the Arctic Ocean.

Yukon Pioneer, Born at Rigaud, Dies in Cabin

David Seguin, who was recently found dead in his cabin at White River, Alaska, was a wellknown pioneer miner. He was mining in the Cariboo country until the rush to the Klondike began in 1897, and was one of the first to arrive at Dawson. He spent the rest of his life in the North, prospecting and mining in the Summer and in the Winter going trapping and hunting. Mr. Seguin war born in Rigaud, Que., 75 years ago. He leaves a widow and one daughter, Mrs. W. Dupuis, as well as two sons, Wilfrid and Napoleon. There are also four brothers and five sisters.

MONDAY SPECIAL
Summer Suits, Coats & Skirts
TO ORDER
All materials are of good quality and most reliable in color. You pay much less here for a perfect-tailored suit than you would have to pay elsewhere for a ready-made suit of inferior make.
Suits to order, in serge, worth $30.00. Special Price $22.50
Suits to order in silks, all the newest shades, worth $45.00. Special price $35.00
Separate Coats to order $18.00
Riding Habits to order, from $35.00 UP
Separate Skirts to order, serge or tweed $7.00
Wash Skirts to order. Special price $5.00 or 2 for $9.00
Silk Skirts to order $10.00
Summer Suits in plain or fancy Cotton Gabardine. Worth $20.00. Special price $15.00
H. LITWIN
124 STANLEY STREET
Phone Uptown 3598. May 5, 1917

Belgian Relief Work Goes Right On!

Though the United States is now at war with Germany, the Commission for Relief in Belgium is continuing its magnificent work of feeding the hungry population of our Ally!

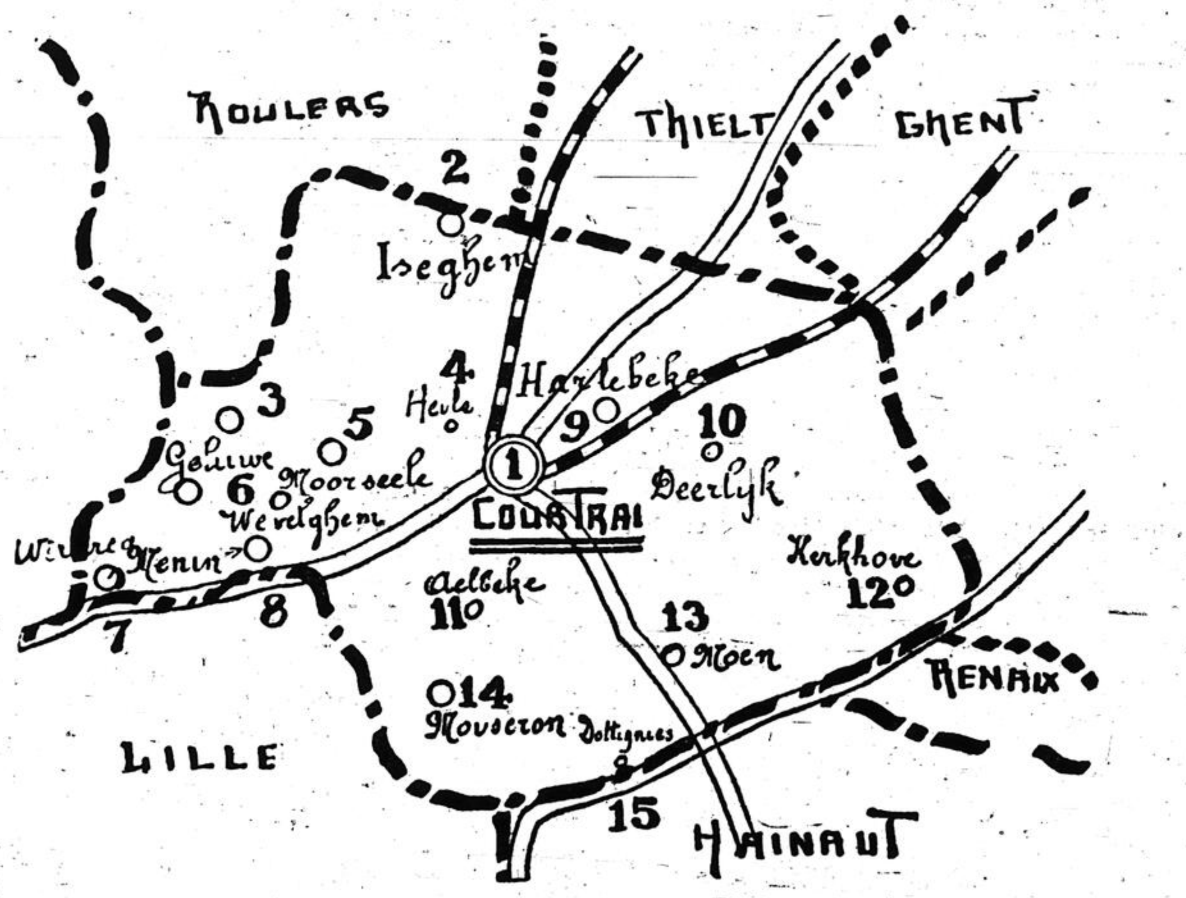
The efficient organization that collects the food and brings it, via Holland, to the Belgian border, has not been changed by recent events. Though the Americans who were supervising the distribution in Belgium have had to leave, their work is being done—and well done—by Dutch volunteers.

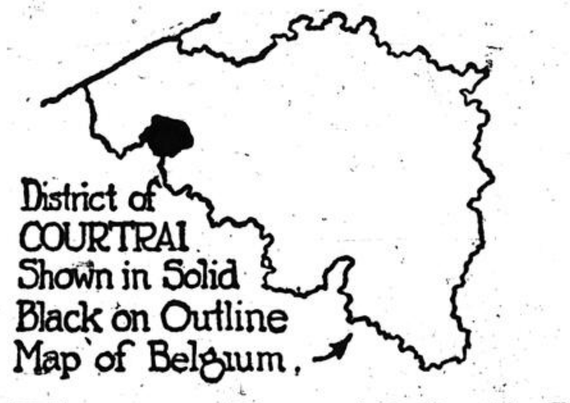
Absolute guarantees have been given by Germany for the safety of Relief Ships in certain defined lanes, and all submarine commanders have orders to respect the "C. R. B." flag.

All Relief Ships are fully insured and their occasional destruction entails no financial loss to the Commission.

The need for food, particularly for the children, is more pressing than ever, and here is your chance to help.

DISTRICT OF COURTRAI





District of COURTRAI Shown in Solid Black on Outline Map of Belgium

Montreal's Opportunity to Provide a Noonday Meal For the Children of Courtrai

For two years the Commission has been able to provide only one meal a day—half rations or less! Adults have been able to stand this fairly well—but adolescent children cannot live on it. Weakness and disease are developing alarmingly, and the whole generation is threatened!

A great movement is under way to provide for these 1,250,000 children an extra noonday meal—a biscuit rich in needed fats, costing $1.00 per month per child.

Of all Canada, Montreal is offered the first opportunity to save the health and perhaps the lives of the 45,355 little ones in the District of Courtrai.

Will Canada's metropolis rise to the occasion?

Details of the plan—new in Belgian Relief work—will appear in this paper on Tuesday next. Then you will see how YOU can help.

Belgian Relief Headquarters

59 ST. PETER STREET, MONTREAL

Central Executive Committee:

President:
M. Goor, Esq., Consul-General for Belgium, Ottawa.

Vice-Presidents:
C. I. de Sola, Esq., Consul for Belgium, Montreal.
H. Prud'homme, Esq., Stellarton.

Hon. Secretary-Treasurer:
A. De Jardin, Esq., Montreal.

Members of Executive Committee:
Messrs. J. H. A. Acer, H. Biermans, W. A. Black, A. N. Brodeur, L. S. Colwell, R. Dale, E. de Boeck, A. de Bray, L. Fortier, G. Francq, D. E. Galloway, R. Neilson, Hon. G. Simard, A. Surveyer, E. N. Todd, Guy Tombs.

107 6 eod

SAILOR WORKER FROM ONTARIO WILL SPEAK HERE

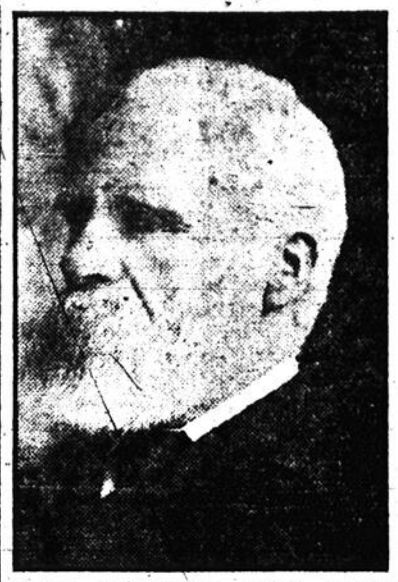
The preacher at the morning service in MacVicar Memorial Church tomorrow will be James S. Potter, of Toronto, the veteran worker among the sailors on inland waters. Mr. Potter is still fresh and vigorous, after over forty years of ministry to the men of the sea. His interest in the sailors' welfare began in Halifax, Nova Scotia, over forty years ago. At that time, Halifax was the centre of the Great West India Traders and thousands of sailors were paid off there and shipped again in the course of a year. It was under these conditions that Mr. Potter enlarged the scope of his philanthropic work amongst the homeless and strangers, to include the sailor boys. This met with great and enthusiastic support from all classes and much good was accomplished. It was in Halifax that the system of Loan Libraries was instituted and the voyages to and from distant ports were made all the brighter by the liberal assortment of books and magazines put on board out-going vessels. Mr. Potter's services were transferred to the work amongst the inland sailors over twenty-five years ago, taking up and developing the work carried on for so many years, and with such efficiency by the Rev. Thos. Bone, of Welland Canal fame. This work has been conducted under the auspices of the Upper Canada Track Society with institutes at Kingston and Port Arthur, and with four or five busy missionaries must good work has been done in the efforts to teach the 25,000 sailors plying these waters.

During the last two years Mr. Potter and his co-laborer, George Pound, have been directing their attention to the eastern part of Ontario, Province of Quebec and both sides of rivers and lakes, between Quebec and Sarnia. An International Association was formed with John Murphy, of Montreal, as President, and F. H. Bronson, Ottawa, as Vice-President. A further evolution of this important work has been effected, and will be put in operation with the opening of navigation. The International Association becomes the eastern committee of the Upper Canada Tract Society, with F. H. Bronson, as chairman, John Murphy, treasurer, and James S. Potter as superintendent to develop and encourage Christian interest in the welfare of the sailors, special attention being given to ports and shipping all east of Coburg and the both sides of rivers and lakes.

It is expected that George Pound will be associated as one of the missionaries, as he has been a most devoted worker.

This work will meet with the hearty sympathy and support of all lovers of such a large class of toilers, whose only chances of religious interest and influence are found in the visit of the missionaries or the frequenting of the institutes.

TO SPEAK HERE.



James S. Potter, noted worker amongst sailors, who will speak in MacVicar Memorial Church tomorrow.

WANTED JOFFRE TO OPEN LIBRARY

The civic reception committee yesterday met to deal with the expected visit of Marshal Joffre and his fellow French delegates to Canada. It was tentatively suggested that the Marshal be invited to preside at the opening of the civic library, but it was later decided that the matter be left in abeyance. It was stated that, as the French delegates were coming to Canada at the invitation of the Federal authorities, the city administration would have to play a secondary role as host. The members of the committee, composed of Aldermen Dubeau, McDonald, Rubenstein and O'Connell, will accordingly interview the French Consul as to what steps they will take in the matter of receiving the distinguished visitors.

MR. VILLENEUVE DECLARES WAR ON "GUM MACHINES"

Gum machines and other like devices will disappear from Montreal, if the Board of Control has anything to do with it, and the means used to put them out of circulation will be raids and seizures by the police.

Such is the gist of an interview given yesterday afternoon by Controller E. W. Villeneuve to a representative of The Star.

"My attention was called to the matter," said Mr. Villeneuve," by wives of workingmen who came to me and told me that their husbands had lost all their week's wages—some $20, others $30 to $35 playing in those gum machines.

"They call them gum machines," continued Mr. Villeneuve, "but I am told that most of them are nothing but common gambling devices, and that the gum pretext is even absent when customers play them. I had occasion myself the other day to see how far and deep the evil had gone, when entering a small cigar store, on Mount Royal avenue, I saw two young boys entering the place. Within two or three minutes after coming, and for no other purpose than "trying" their luck, they had both lost 25 cents each. They then left the place apparently much depressed by their hard luck.

"The claim has been put forward that there is now a case pending before the courts, as to the right of these machines being operated in the city. I am not of the opinion that we should await the pleasure of the courts or of the interested parties before taking action ourselves. I will go further in saying that the city should have all these machines seized immediately by order of the chief of police, and we would be fully justified in taking chances on whatever actions in damages might be instituted against the city for taking such a course. Knowing as it would (if a case ever came to trial), of the ravages made by the gambling devices, no court of justice, I believe, would condemn the city for preventing a wholesale and constant robbery of its citizens."

Controller Villeneuve will bring up the matter again before his colleagues of the Board of Control on Monday, and he said he would insist on immediate action being taken.

McCORMICK'S JERSEY CREAM SODAS
BISCUITS

McCormick's Sodas

JERSEY CREAM

So good that butter seems unnecessary.

Crackers and milk! "My goodness," you say, "it's a long time since I have enjoyed anything like that." But of course you remember how good it used to taste — the crisp, crackly bits of golden-brown biscuit floating in a bowl of sweet country milk. And it *was* nourishing. Children thrive and have always thrived on it, because it is a natural pure food.

What is good for wee folk will, as a rule, be found good for grown-ups, too.

The condition of scrupulous cleanliness under which these biscuits are baked corresponds in effect to the cleanliness of your home kitchen. 57

THE McCORMICK MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED

General Offices and Factory: London, Canada. Branch Warehouses: Montreal, Ottawa, Hamilton, Kingston, Winnipeg, Calgary, Port Arthur, St. John, N.B.

Makers also of McCormick's Fancy Biscuits

Penmans

Hosiery

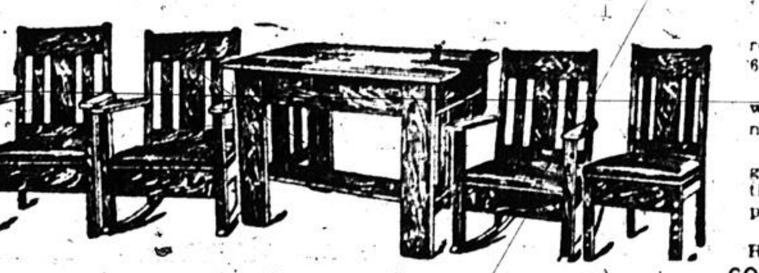
THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE

In wealth of color and excellence of texture Penmans Hosiery stands aloof and alone. It has that smart "todayish" look, fits faultlessly and keeps its stylish appearance.

Also makers of Underwear and Sweater Coats

Penmans, Limited
Paris

138



IT PAYS TO SHOP AT Dupuis

EXTRAORDINARY SACRIFICE SALE OF SILKS

20,825 yards of Silks, delightful for Summer Costumes and Dresses, specially purchased for this sale. A full range of all colors and makes—all silk Paillettes, all silk Duchesse Messaline, all silk Chiffon Taffeta, all silk Crepe de Chine, silk Poplins—to choose from.

This sale, at a season when rich and beautiful silks are so fashionable and silk is scarce and high in price, will prove a wonderful money saving opportunity. The saving is from 25% to 50%.

Full satisfaction guaranteed or money cheerfully refunded.

3500 yards of all Silk Paillette. Rich, fine, superior quality, lovely bright surface. A cloth guaranteed not to crush nor slip. Will make up into exquisite house gowns, street dresses or suits. A full range of staple and novelty shades to choose from; also ivory and black. Full 36 inches wide and good value at $1.50. Monday $1.29

3250 yards of New Silk Poplins—New York is strongly favoring Silk Poplins for all dress and suit wear for summer 1917. This special quality Poplin has a permanent spot proof silk face, is firmly woven, will not slip nor pull. All colors, including Russian green, Belgian blue, nigger. African, and lots of black. Full 36 inches wide and good value at $1.75. Monday $1.39

2750 yards of absolutely pure Silk Duchesse Messaline—Bright satin surface, pure Lyons dyed and finished, will not cut nor pull. Just lovely for summer blouses or dresses. All the newest tones of Chartreuse, maize, apricot, etc., etc. Also ivory and black. Full 36 inches wide and great value at $1.75. Monday $1.39

2500 yards of French Chiffon Taffeta — The correct soft bright chiffon finish. A silk with a reputation for good and satisfactory wear. Every wanted shade to choose from, either for blouses, dresses or suits. Chiffon Taffeta is the most correct silk for summer wear and is found to be a great leader this season. Full 36 inches wide and good value at $1.95. Monday $1.49

VERY SPECIAL

3575 yards of 36-inch American novelty designs in Wash Silks. Ten different styles to choose from. All this season's newest productions. Values 75c, 90c and $1.00. Monday 59c

36-inch Khaki Kool Fancy Armure Tussore Silk
36-inch Oriental design American Shantung Silk
36-inch Fancy Striped Tussor Silk
36-inch Self-Striped Fancy Bengaline Silk
36-inch Black Silk Marquisette
36-inch Self-Figured Tussor Silk
36-inch Silk and Cotton Crepe de Chine
36-inch Colored Striped Habutai Silk
36-inch Paisley design Tussor Silk
36-inch plain ground Shantung Silk with colored flowers

Values 75c, 90c and $1.00.
Monday 59c

8.30 to 9.30 a.m.

Ten pieces of 34-inch Natural Shantung Silk, fine close weave, free from dressing. Best washing and wearing quality. Regular value 59c. 8.30 to 9.30 A.M. Monday 39c

50 yards of 52-inch All Wool Black Voile de Paris, fine close mesh, uncrushable and dust proof. Regular value $1.50. 8.30 to 9.30 A.M. Monday 89c

1850 yards of all Silk Crepe de Chine in a soft clingy texture. A fine, closely woven silk that will not pull nor sag. A full range of wanted shades to choose from: Maise, Tuscan, Apricot, Belgian blue, nigger, navy blue, sky blue, flesh pink, ivory, black, etc., etc. Full 36 and 40 inches wide and extra good value at $1.25. Monday 98c

4 BIG SPECIALS IN BLACK SILKS

1200 yards of 36-inch all Silk Black Paillette—Rich, bright, lustrous jet black, good firm weave that will not pull nor slip. Regular value $1.49. Monday $1.19

950 yards of 36-inch Black Chiffon Taffeta Silk—Quality unfilled and pure Lyons dyed. Comes in a bright chiffon finish. Quality recommended for wear. Regular value $1.50. Monday $1.23

750 yards of 36-inch all Silk Black Duchesse Satin—Lovely bright satin surface. Quality that will not slip nor pull. A special weight for dresses or suits. Our special $1.75 value. Monday $1.39

500 yards of 36-inch "Bonnets" celebrated Black Chiffon Taffeta—The name of the maker alone is a guarantee for its good wearing qualities. Just the right weight and finish for a smart dress or suit. Our special $2.25 value. Monday $1.79

A Most Gigantic Sale of the Very Newest Creations in Women's and Misses'

SUITS and COATS

MONDAY--- We are Ready to Answer Fashionably and Economically Every Spring Apparel Need

An unprecedented occasion, worthy of the attention of every woman and miss who wants a fine Suit or Coat, and who would like to save.

Be here when the doors open Monday at 8.30.

SUITS, VALUE $16.50, FOR $9.89

These Suits are in Serges, made in a new American model. Black and navy; belted effects and fancy collars. Sizes for women and misses. Monday $9.89

COATS FOR WOMEN AND MISSES

Smart styles of Coats for street and sport wear, in Tweed, Corduroy and Blanket, true to the latest dictates of fashion. Checked, striped and also navy and black. Value up to $12.00 for $7.89

SUITS, REG. $25.00, FOR $17.89

Smart style Suits in plain tailored effect; also the more elaborate styles. Richly ornamented. Materials, Serges, Gabardine and Poplin. Navy, black, brown, green, grey, check, etc. All sizes. Monday $17.89

COATS, VALUE $18.00, FOR $11.89

Distinctive models in Serges, Gabardines, Covert, mannish Tweed, sport effect with large pockets. Black, navy, drab, grey, check and striped. All sizes. Monday $11.89

SUITS, VALUE $21.50, FOR $13.89

These popular price Suits are distinguished from the commonplace for such a low price, by originality of style and variety of its development. Materials, serges and poplins, asst. shades. Monday $13.89

SUITS, VALUE $32.50, FOR $22.89

Beautiful fancy Suits; every new fashion idea is worked into them with a deftness that makes them different. All the most approved shades and fabrics. The best of workmanship and finish. Sizes 16 to 44. Monday $22.89

COATS, REG. $22.00, FOR $14.89

In a wide assortment of styles. The new 7-8 length Coat with wide flare bottom, belted and finished with all the most fashionable notes for collars and cuffs. Most approved materials. Checks, Serges, Gabardine, Poplin; assorted shades and sizes. Monday $14.89

GROCERIES

TEL EAST 4510.

VERY SPECIAL—To all who come. Beauty of California Navel Oranges Reg. 25c per doz. value for 15¢ With order.

SPECIALS FOR MONDAY.

Telfer Soda Biscuits. Regular 38c pail for	31¢
With order.	
Richard Pure Soap, 6 bars	28c
Shredded Coconnut, lb.	25c
Rolled White Oats, 5 lbs.	25c
Victoria Peas, tin. 13c; per doz	$1.50
English Breakfast Tea, lb.	40c
Special Blend Black Tea, lb.	48c
Golden Santos Coffee	30c
Maple Butter, lb.	25c
Peanut Butter, lb.	25c
Dairy Butter, lb.	42c
Strictly Fresh Eggs, dozen	41c
Best Creamery Butter, lb.	47c
Picnic Hams lb	25c
Windsor Bacon, lb.	38c
Compound Lard, lb. 25c; 5 lbs.	$1.23
Oka Cheese, lb.	41c
Vegetables, Carrots, Turnips, 10-lbs.	35c
Cooked Ham, lb.	47c
All kinds of fresh vegetables.	
Babbitt's or Gold Dust Washing Powder, 6 pkgs.	25c
Old Dutch or Polly Prim, 3 cans	25c
Seeded Raisins, 2 pkgs	25c
Muscatel Raisins, 2 lbs.	25c
Fresh Dates, 2 pkgs.	25c
Soda Biscuits, pail	34c

WALL-PAPER

Regular 8c Wall Papers for kitchens, halls and bedrooms, with perfectly matched 9-inch borders. A variety of colors and patterns. Dupuis Sale Price, a roll 5c

Regular 12½c and 15c Wall Papers, with 9-inch and 18-inch borders to match. Dupuis Sale Price, a roll 9c

Regular 18c Wall Papers, in a wide range of stripes and florals, with cut-out borders to match. Dupuis Sale Price, roll 11c

Regular 22c Wall Papers, for bedrooms, in beautiful stripes, to be used with cut-out borders. Dupuis Sale Price, a roll 14c

Regular 27c Wall Papers, suitable for all rooms. Dupuis' Sale Price a roll 18c

Regular 35c Wall Papers, for parlors and dining rooms. Dupuis Sale Price, a roll 23c

Regular 37c and 42c Wall Papers, large variety of silk damask, printed oatmeals, and tapestries. Dupuis' Sale Price, a roll 29c

Regular 42c Wall Papers, in beautiful one-inch stripes, 22-inch wide. A large variety of colorings to choose from. Dupuis' Sale Price, a roll 29c

Regular 47c Wall Papers, grass cloth and blended effects, for parlors. Dupuis' Sale Price, a roll 37c

Regular 55c Wall Papers, for living ror living rooms and reception halls. Dupuis' Sale Price, a roll 42c

Regular 65c Wall Papers—A large selections of designs and colorings. Dupuis' Sale Price, a roll 49c

Regular 75c Wall Papers, for libraries and dens. Dupuis' Sale Price, a roll 59c

Regular 90c Wall Papers, in two tone velour effects, for parlors. Dupuis' Sale Price, a roll 65c

Regular $1.50 and $2.00 Wall Papers, silk, damask and leather effects. Dupuis' Sale Price, a roll $1.10

Regular 25c Wall Papers, with 18-inch borders to match. Dupuis' Sale Price, a roll 16c

—Second Floor Up.

COTTON STORE BARGAINS

Unbleached Canadian Cotton Sheets, double bed size, well made, heavy quality. Special for hotels and boarding houses pair $1.59

Full Bleached English Cotton Sheets, large size, full linen finish, free from starch pair $1.69

Pillow Cases, good large size, made of fine English longcloth. Well finished each. Dozen $1.75

Hemstitched Cotton Pillow Cases, assorted sizes, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches, made of fine Canadian white cotton. Regular .35 each. Slip 22½c

8:30 TO 9:30.

Extra Heavy Turkish Bath Towels, very soft finish, in drab colors. Regular value .45, each 25c

9:30 TO 10:30

Large Size Bleachers, heavy comb face, towel fringed ends, red borders. Special each 12½c

VERY SPECIAL PRICES IN THE FURNITURE DEPARTMENT

WALNUT BEDROOM SUITE—Includes 1 large dresser, with English bevelled glass; one Chiffonier with 5 drawers; one Dressing Table with triplicate mirror, and one double size bed. Complete for $90.50

RUSTIC BENCHES, for garden use. Very heavy construction. Exactly what every person requires. Special $2.99

RUSTIC—We have just started to receive our assortment for garden use. Flower pots. Very special $1.49

COLONIAL BEDROOM SUITE, 6 pieces. Very heavy construction. Large Dresser, 54 inch case. Dressing Table with triplicate mirrors, 50 inch case. Chiffonier with 5 drawers, 40 inch case. Bed, very large size, 4.6 x 6. Chair for Dressing Table. Rocker to match same. Complete $329.50

LIVING ROOM SUITE, 4 pieces, include Large Rocker, Arm Chair and Settee and one Table. Upholstered with American leather, finished fumed oak. Complete for $29.85

"DUPUIS" SPECIAL HEALTH MATTRESS, recovered with blue art ticking covering, 6 inches thick. All sizes. Special $3.69

DUPUIS "SPECIAL" IRON FRAME SPRING with two supports at centre. Guaranteed not to sag. Special $2.49

200 PAIRS SPECIAL PILLOWS, filled with guaranteed pure duck feathers. Recovered with the best art ticking. Very special, pair $1.99

RUSTIC CHAIR for garden use. Really the time to select. Very special $2.49

COMPLETE BED — Brass bed, with continuous posts, finished bright or satin. All sizes; fillers, ⅝ inch. Includes one iron frame spring, one Health Mattress, and one pair pillows, all feathers. Covered with art ticking. Special, for the Complete Bed $20.98

NOON SPECIAL
ON SALE 12 TO 1 P.M.

ENGINEER SHIRT — Good, heavy strong shirt; navy blue, with two separate collars. Special $1.59

No phone or mail orders.

Dupuis Frères
LIMITED
THE PEOPLE'S STORE
447-449 St. Catherine Street East, corners St. André and St. Christophe.
J. N. Dupuis, President. Eug. Dupuis, Vice-President. A. J. Dugal, Managing Director

ALL DAY SPECIAL

Full Bleached Canadian Sheeting 2 yards wide. Suitable also for nurses' aprons. While the lot lasts 25c

No phone, no mail.

GOVERNMENT TO ACT IF PRICE OF WHEAT KEEPS UP

Sir Thomas White Says Demands of British Commission Caused Rise

CONSCRIPTION IS MENTIONED IN HOUSE

Mr. Lalor Says Present Method Failure, Partisanship and Waste Charged

Special to The Star from Our Own Correspondent.

OTTAWA, May [illegible] — The continued action in regard to the acute wheat and the situation arising out of the upward tendency of prices was indicated to Sir Thos. White in the Commons yesterday. It was the only feature of the listless and droning afternoon. The Minister of Finance alluded to the previous day's discussion about flour and stated that he had made enquiries of a reliable source as to the reasons for the corner in the Winnipeg wheat market.

The constant rise in prices was attributable to the fact that dealers, short on May deliveries of the high grade wheat they have contracted for with the British wheat commission, are buying extensively to endeavor to fill their obligations according to contract for May deliveries. The market rise is a consequence.

A remedy for the situation ought to be the acceptance by the Commission of other grades of wheat, having due regard to its value for milling purposes. Sir Thomas said he had asked Sir George Perley to take up the question with the Wheat Commission. If this failed of result further action in the public interest would be considered.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier inquired if the Minister had taken into account the fact that the knowledge of the Commissioners buying would in itself create a corner.

Sir Thomas' answer was that it had long been known that the British Wheat Commission was buying.

Mr. MacKenzie, on behalf of Mr. McCrea, M.P. for Sherbrooke, brought up a question about potatoes. He read a telegram from twenty merchants of Sherbrooke complaining that they were unable to get potatoes. If, as the Minister of Agriculture had stated, there is a surplus of a million bushels in the country, they wanted to get some of them to supply the shortage in the Eastern Townships.

The Hon. Mr. Burrell reiterated his statement that investigation showed such a surplus held namely in New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, and Alberta. He promised to check up again, but said the information had been sent to the Quebec member of Agriculture as well. As to the other provincial Agricultural Minister, attention to local situations, he intimated, was in their hands.

There were two editorial entries in the budget free for all Messrs. D. D. MacKenzie, of North Cape Breton, and Frank Lalor, of Haldimand. Wasteful and partisan administration, of which he accused the Government, was the argument advanced by Mr. MacKenzie. Though in a time of stress such as this the public had a right to expect government in the interest of all the people, the expenditures were largely for the advantage of party supporters. The speaker alluded to the charges made by Sir Sam Hughes, speaking at Lindsay last week, and declared that if they remained unanswered the Opposition was justified in believing them to be true.

As supporting his charge of wasteful methods Mr. MacKenzie alluded to the Davidson report and its revelations regarding the purchase of horses in Nova Scotia.

Frank Lalor came back at Mr. MacKenzie by quoting the Transcontinental Railway and sawdust wharf scandals besides which the horse deals paled in comparison. He lauded the Government for its honesty and fidelity of purpose in a very difficult line.

FAVORS CONSCRIPTION

They were trying to get good value for every dollar spent. Criticism was invited, but it should be fair.

Mr. Lalor, who spoke at length, alluded to the recruiting situation, emphasizing that there would have to be some new system. If in that regard the Opposition was dissatisfied with the Government, it should come forward with a resolution for conscription. He for one would support it. He challenged Mr. MacKenzie to say where he would stand in such a resolution; would he support it?

"I am no coward. I will tell the honorable member frankly. I will not," answered the Cape Breton man.

Continuing, Mr. Lalor described Liberals as a party of divergent views, the eastern wing for protection and the westerners for free trade. Dealing with the cost of living, he conceded that it is high, but argued that wages are high too, and there was never such prosperity.

As one of the heads of the Dominion Canners, he defended himself and the company. It was true that last year it had made profits of $556,000, but this was due to foresight in buying an immense stock of tin before the rise. The year before it had lost $407,000. Only 25 per cent of its orders could be filled last year because of the short crop of fruit, and vegetables.

A quiet evening in supply was devoted to the estimates of the Labor Department. There was a long discussion about the strike at Thetford Mines. Mr. Paquet, Liberal member for Megantic, brought up the question, and read much correspondence between the miners and the Department. He complained that the miners, after trying to get an amicable settlement with their employers had sought a board of conciliation from the Department and been refused.

A strike followed. The explanation of the Minister as to why a board could not be appointed was that several companies were involved. He had sent down a Commissioner, who had effected a settlement.

Speaking of his estimates generally, the Minister denied statements of increased expenditures. Instead, there had been a decrease of 17 per cent in 1914 and 15 per cent in the next two years.

What Do They Do?

Have you ever stood on the street and, as you watched the crowds passing by, wondered what they were all doing? Have you ever singled out as many individuals as you could and attempted to guess what their vocations in life were?

Some bear the stamp of their calling (or the lack of it) mostly unmistakably. Others are doubtful and still others, unless you are an expert in reading types, will baffle you altogether.

Most people don't even know how many different kinds of work there are in the community until they begin studying the Montreal Daily Star Want Ads.

Then they realize the numberless callings that the street crowds fill. And if they reflect a moment, they will realize what a potent factor the Montreal Daily Star Want Ads are in helping people find their right place in life. Do you study the Montreal Daily Star Want Ads?

BROTHERS WOUNDED

Left—Lieut. Antoine Narcisse Morin, wounded for the second time. He was first wounded at the Battle of the Somme. Right—Lieut. Alonzo Morin.

IMPERIAL COUNCIL WILL PROBABLY BE ANNUAL GATHERING

Premiers Taking Home Proposal for Discussion in Parliaments—Imperial Preference Includes Food Supplies and Will Be Held After War

Special Star Cable from Our Own Correspondent. Copyright.

THE MONTREAL STAR OFFICE, 9 Cockspur Street, London, May 5. — The Imperial Conference resolutions published today, though only in part, are generally well received. What at once commands public attention is the fact that the Conference makes no exception of food duties from Imperial preference, as Bonar Law's answer to interjections in the Commons seemed to imply.

On the contrary, the Conference directly adopts a policy of Empire independence from outside sources respecting "food supplies, raw materials and essential industries." This is the avowed object with which Imperial preference is now adopted. It carries with it full Empire partnership in all phases of production, industrial as well as agricultural, though obviously a British wheat duty is impractical at the present moment.

Moreover, the Conference gives no countenance to the notion that fiscal action here and in the Dominions must be deferred until after the war. In order to give effect, a unanimous War Cabinet decision in ta or of Imperial Preference as a basis of new relations with the Allies, neutrals and enemy, it is assumed that the British Government will now join with France in denouncing all existing commercial treaties, thus clearing the ground for new compacts; also that steps be taken by all Parliaments of the Empire and by France to provide against enemy dumping and against the resumption of German manipulation of Empire raw materials.

Following the lines of Sir Robert Borden's speech to the British Commons on April second, Earl Curzon yesterday told the Primrose League he hoped the Imperial War Cabinet would be now incorporated in "the constitutional machinery of the Empire," thus ensuring in large measure mutual knowledge, consultation and foreign policy without impinging in any way upon self-government of each constituent part of the Empire.

Earl Curzon also announced that Sir Robert Borden and the other Premiers were taking home with them to be discussed by their Governments the proposal that meetings of the Imperial Cabinet be an annual institution, to be held in peace and war alike to consider questions of Imperial relations, interests and difficulties. This arrangement would not, however, supersede any large reconstruction of governing bodies of the Empire, which a special Imperial conference would consider after the war.

WINDERMERE.

CANADIANS HOLD FRESNOY AGAINST FIERCE ATTACKS

Special Canadian Press Cable by Stewart Lyon.

CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, May 5, via London. — Several counter-attacks have been made on our new positions to the north and south of Fresnoy, but have failed to shake our line. This morning reports show the conditions to be again normal, with our heavy artillery ammunition preparing the way for the British and Canadian infantry by "taking on" the heavy guns of the enemy in the rear of his lines.

To properly appreciate the present position, it must be remembered that the enemy, in the region over which our advance must be made, has no definite trench system, such as that captured during the past week, until the "Drocourt" line is reached, which is about three miles to the west of Douai. For four miles to the east of our present front, therefore, the Germans' only shelter from our shell fire is such trenches as he can or has hastily dug here and there or in the cellars of villages.

Their losses under these conditions will be distinctly serious.

German documents, as well as the narrations of prisoners, indicate that the loss of the enemy divisions which held the line at Arleux and Fresnoy amounted to about half the strength of his formations. German casualties were heavier yesterday than usual. His trenches were more strongly held than was customary because of his intention to attack. We anticipated him.

The German bread ration, it is now confirmed, was cut down on this front on April 1st from 750 gramess to 500. Some of the men captured by us yesterday had eaten their reserve "iron" rations because they were hungry.

STEWART LYON.

DOUHKOBOURS FORM CORPORATION TO TILL THE LAND.

OTTAWA, May 5. — The commercial spirit of the ages has reached the Doukhabors of the West. Headed by Peter Verigin, a number of them have secured incorporation as the Christian Community of Universal Brothertown, Limited. The powers are extensive but are primarily to carry on agricultural pursuits with headquarters at Verigin, Saskatchewan. Capital is not lacking, and is placed at a million dollars.

Naming of Shipping Master of Montreal Left to Hon. Mr. Hazen

Special to The Star from Our Own Correspondent.

OTTAWA, May 5. — The vacancy in the position of Shipping Master in the port of Montreal will not be filled till the Hon. J. D. Hazen returns. The resignation of Harry McLaughlin, who was recently appointed to that position, is due to the view of the Minister of Customs that the duties of that position under the Marine Department cannot well be combined with those of Surveyor of Customs, the post Mr. McLaughlin has held for years.

SOLDIERS STONED?

Special Staff Correspondence.

OTTAWA, May 5. — There is to be an investigation by a military court into charges made that a train load of soldiers going East from Toronto were stoned recently at Riviere Du Loup. Attention was drawn to the case in the House by John Best, M.P. The Court to conduct the inquiry will consist of Col. Wigle, of Windsor; Col. Gregor Barclay, of the Headquarter's staff at Ottawa, and Col. Ostell of Montreal.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

Please take notice that from the 1st of May our office will be removed to NO. 1410 ST. LAWRENCE BOULEVARD, corner of Mary-Ann Street West, in the building to be known as the ISIDORE CREPEAU BUILDING

Telephone St. Louis 269.

A visit from you will be appreciated.

ISIDORE CREPEAU,
The Commercial Plate Glass Assurance Co.
La Cie Ceramo-Vitrail Incorporee.

CIVIL WAR IN RUSSIA NOT AN IMPOSSIBILITY

Masses Disappointed No Similar Move to Revolt in Germany

Special to The Star by Isaac Don Levine.

NEW YORK, May 5.—Russia is not through with revolutions yet. The demonstrations against the Provisional Government held in Petrograd yesterday may prove the beginning of an attempt at another revolution, with the almost certain result of civil war.

Let there be no mistaking the character of the latest movement in Petrograd. It is not a movement for a separate peace. Russia will never desert France to make peace with the Hohenzollerns. The danger that confronts free Russia and the Allies today is that of a strife-torn, bleeding and weakened Slavic nation.

The Russian masses, intoxicated with the liberty that came to them through the overthrow of Czarism, expected the proletariat of the rest of the world to follow their example, raise the banner of revolt and stop the world slaughter.

It is in this expectation that the explanation of the present movement lies.

The German masses would not react to the Russian upheaval as the Russian masses expected them to. They did not turn upon their masters and did not dethrone their Kaiser. The Russian workers and soldiers could not understand this failure of the Teutons to revolt. Prussian psychology being a closed book to them.

Since the revolution in the middle of March, Russian public opinion was split into two main currents, each of which offered its individual explanation of the Teuton failure to respond to the call of the Russian revolution. One current, representing the views of the Provisional Government, the Duma, the Liberal and Radical leaders who know and understand Prussianism, appealed to the people to continue their fight for the safety of democracy and civilization.

The alarming reports issued by Alexander Guchkoff, the Minister of War, about Germany's preparations for a drive against Petrograd, were part of the activities of this section of public opinion. Its press, which is quoted almost exclusively by the foreign correspondents in Petrograd, has been trying to throw some light on the German character so as to convince the Russian masses that the only way to peace is the defeat of the Central Powers.

THE SOCIALISTIC VOICE.

But there is another section of public opinion, a Socialistic current, which took a different view of the Teuton failure to revolt. And this section has hardly had a hearing in the world, although it is the most influential one with the revolutionary masses. The Council of Workmen's and Soldier's Deputies voices its claims.

If Germany failed to respond to the Russian revolution, said this Socialistic body, it is because the new Russia stands for the same Imperialistic aims as the old. Foreign Minister Miliukoff declared himself in favor of Russia's acquisition of Constantinople. The masses considered it a hindrance to peace. They protested. The Council of Deputies exerted pressure on the Provisional Government. The latter came out with a denunciation of all annexation aims, thus repudiating its own Foreign Minister.

Still Germany failed to rise. And the masses made up their minds to fight Prussianism while at the same time creating every opportunity for universal peace. The extremist Lenin, who came to advocate a separate peace, was jeered at and repudiated a couple of weeks ago. Foreign Minister Miliukoff, who represents the other extreme, favoring the continuation of the war along the lines laid down by the old regime, was denounced yesterday.

It is clear that the masses who won the revolution intend to see their desires enacted in the Government.

It is clear that the masses that won the Russian freedom intend to run the affairs of the nation. They will try to force the Provisional Government to exert pressure on the Allies to come out against all annexations. Should the Provisional Government refuse to be controlled by the workers and soldiers, Russia would immediately be divided into two hostile camps.

With the Provisional Government, constituted of the Duma, are the heads of the army and navy, the middle classes, a considerable part of the intellectuals, and some soldiers and workers. Against it is the Council of Workers and Soldiers' Deputies, which is supported by most of the labor class and the army. Should an attempt be made to overthrow the Provisional Government a calamitous civil war would ddevelop in the new Russia.

WESTERN BATTLE IS STRUGGLE OF STUPENDOUS TYPE

Germans Immensely Strong and Fighting with Great Desperation

Special Star Cable by F. A. Mackenzie.

LONDON, May 5.—England is following with strained interest the progress of the greatest battle the world has ever known. Two million men are engaged. The Canadians are occupying a place of honor at the greatest fighting point. Even those fresh from the heat of the battle find difficulty in conveying any real impression of the conflict.

The enemy is electing to fight the matter to an issue here and continues to strengthen his lines with fresh troops drawn from the vast reserves available. These troops are fighting with the utmost desperation. Their positions are very strong and their heavy artillery is concentrated and well placed. It would be a mistake to minimize either their strength or their fighting ability. The fortifications of the Siegfreid line from Drocourt to Queant enable the enemy to shelter troops during the heaviest bombardments and to move battalions through deep tunnels from point to point.

Against this we have the advantage of commanding hill positions, thanks to the capture of Vimy. The battle sways to and fro in attack and counter-attack, now a village captured, now an advanced post lost. Our advance is slow and costly, but each victory represents more than the capture of a limited area. We are annihilating von Hindenburg's principal strategic reserve. The battle has reduced itself to a wholesale slaughter. The enemy's counter-attacks are costing dearly. Time after time heavy advancing forces coming under our artillery have been almost annihilated.

Our advances into strongly-placed positions, protected by innumerable machine guns necessarily demand a high price. The entire rear approaches on both sides are swept by artillery such as the world never witnessed before.

Individual men's impression of the fighting is so blurred that they only convey an impression of endless exploding shells, of heat and incredible noise of munitions, clouds of dust of airmen sailing overhead or boldly dipping low to held them and innumerable individual struggles.

Canada must steel itself to receive casualty lists. If our army is to be maintained at full strength until autumn large recruiting is now necessary.

New comers from Switzerland tell me conditions there are bad. Reports arriving over the German border reveal the severest want, shortage of food and lack of clothing, and a leather famine. Civilians are suffering. The Swiss believe they will be unable to endure the strain for two months more.

This confident prediction has been so often falsified that we refuse to believe it. England today is preparing for two more years of war.

The importance of the resolutions of the Imperial Conference is not generally realized here. The nation is absorbed more in the urgent fighting question. The Conference has lost a great opportunity to educate the Empire by resolute secrecy over its proceedings until the close. One impatient critic declares the resolutions wear an air of exasperating unreality.

The press generally warmly supports the resolutions, the journals interpreting them according to their own political views.

Besides the published resolutions the Conference decided many more immediate war issues including the general lines of our race terms. I understand all the resolutions were unanimous.

CONCERN OVER FOOD PROBLEM

Public concern here is increasing over food prospects. The apathy of a section of the public still continues, however. One editor of a leading popular weekly attempted to stimulate this section into interest by offering prizes for economy hints. He informed me he had never had any replies.

The action of food exploiters and speculators continues a factor. The Government action cancelling the contracts of recent speculations in beans is resented by the produce markets, which are attempting to buttress active business and reobtain the right to free speculation. They have forced the price of butter beans from 4d. to 10s. 3d. per lb. in six weeks.

The general shortage of beer under the brewing regulations is now making itself felt; some establishments allow each customer only half a pint; others temporarily close their doors until fresh supplies are obtained. State purchase of the liquor trade, which was apparently at the point of completion a month ago, is losing favor. Strong opposition is revealing itself, particularly within the Unionist party, over the financial side of the proposals. The brewers also are reported as standing out for impossible terms. The mere probability of passing the purchase scheme did Mr. Lloyd George harm among the non-conformist voters who hitherto have been his warmest supporters.

Delay in arriving at a solution of the Irish question has made the general sentiment in England, even among former pronounced Unionists, more sympathetic to the Nrish Nationalists than ever before.

GEN. TURNER OFF TO ITALY.

The Canadian army regards the formal invitation extended by the Italian Commander-in-Chief to Gen. Turner to visit the Italian front as a great honor. General Turner left England yesterday with a full staff, including Colonel Sims, the Canadian representative with the British army, Colonel MacDonald, General Staff-Major Montague, military secretary, and Captain Rogers, A.D.C. They will be the guests of the Commander of the Italian army. I anticipate early important happenings on the Italian front.

Lady Byng is working strenuously to promote the success of the All-Canadian Matinee at His Majesty's theatre. She is proving herself an admirable publicity agent, and is sparing no personal efforts, even visiting shop-keepers to persuade them to display bills.

F. A. MACKENZIE.

UNITED STATES AND CANADA WILL POOL ALL FOOD SUPPLIES

Special to The Star.

WASHINGTON, May 5. — The agricultural resources of the United States and Canada will be jointly operated from Washington to make the entire North American continent north of the Mexican border a great food source for the Allied nations. This has been finally determined after conferences between Mr. Houston, Secretary of Agriculture, Mr. Balfour, Allen Anderson, the English food representative on the British Commission, and Sir George Foster, acting Premier of Canada.

The plans, it is stated, now under formulation, contemplate the application of the same measures to both the United States and Canada in stimulating maximum production of foodstuffs and eliminating all preventable wastes.

Moreover, it is stated that regulative measures to control food distribution, similar to those proposed in the Administration Bill introduced by Chairman Lever, of the House Committee, yesterday, will be put in operation in Canada.

It is probable that the food resources of the two North American countries will be mobilized through census taking, and will be controlled by a joint commission with headquarters in Washington.

Joint Control of the food situation in the two countries, it is said, will also extend to similar action by both the United States and Canadian Governments in the fixing of minimum and maximum prices. This phase of the food situation, however, is not the urgent one, according to officials. The important steps to be taken will have to do with the stimulation of maximum production.

CITY OF MONTREAL
CIVIC BY-ELECTION, MAY 22ND, 1917

TO THE ELECTORS OF ST. GEORGE WARD.
FELLOW-CITIZENS:—

Believing I can be of service to my fellow-citizens, I have consented to offer myself as a candidate for the position of Alderman rendered vacant by the regretted retirement of Mr. Leslie H. Boyd, K.C. My work for the City of Montreal during the past seven years is well-known and speaks for itself. I have labored to help make the life of the city more wholesome and desirable and can point to many evils removed, temptations diminished, and conditions changed for the better.

In the field of municipal administration, I will stand for an efficient, business-like administration of the City's business; for the co-ordination of all civic departments so as to prevent overlapping, waste and extravagance; for a disinterested survey of the civic administration; for the elimination of all unnecessary and inefficient civic employes; for clean streets and up-to-date methods of keeping streets clean; for public conveniences, and, in general, for a progressive policy aiming at the building of a City Beautiful, a City Healthy, and a City Prosperous, on lines of sound, economy and steady advance.

I will be against any avoidable and unnecessary expropriations and will oppose any increase of taxation at the present time, believing the first thing requisite in the present civic bankruptcy is to confine the City's expenditure to the limits of the City's income. Consistent with this view, I will jealously safeguard the interests of St. George Ward, but my conception of the duties of an Alderman is that, when elected, I should aim to be an Alderman for the whole city rather than for a section thereof.

To achieve these things, and serve the City best, I will work with every man, whether Controller, Alderman, or private citizen, who will work with me for honest, wise and efficient administration, and for the ushering in of a new era of municipal statesmanship.

I have the honor to be,
Fellow-Citizens.
Your obedient servant,
JOHN H. ROBERTS

284 Mackay Street,
Montreal, May 5th, 1917.

PROMPT MAIL ORDER SERVICE GUARANTEED
SCOTCH WHISKY
Rare Old Scotch (3 Star) and Special Five Star Liqueur

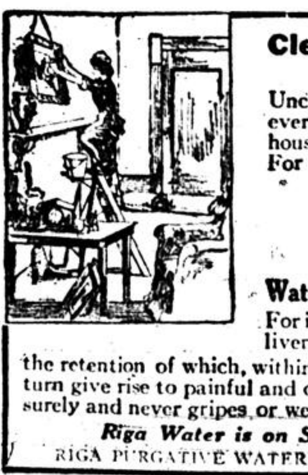
These brands are two of our best sellers, and always give entire satisfaction. Compare both of them with any other Scotch, and we know you'll find them unequalled by any, at the same price.

Rare Old Scotch (3 Star) and Special Five Star Liqueur

These brands are two of our best-sellers, and always give entire satisfaction. Compare both of them with any other Scotch, and we know you'll find them unequalled by any at the same price.

	Case 12 bots	6 bots	4 bots
Special Five Star Liqueur (Very Old)	$14.50	$8.00	$5.50
Rare Old Scotch Whiskey (Three Star)	13.00	7.25	5.00

Remember: We Ship on First Train
Ontario: We Prepay Express Charges East and South of and including South Bay.
THE WINE & SPIRIT VAULTS LIMITED
Montreal, P.Q.



Cleanse your Blood as you cleanse your Body—your House

Uncleanliness breeds disease—Impure blood however is more dangerous than an unclean body or house because it endangers life itself.
For a general internal cleaning out nothing equals

"RIGA"

Water, Laxative or Purgative according to dose.

For it purifies the blood by cleaning out the stomach, liver, kidneys and intestines of organic waste matter, the retention of which, within the system, breeds poisons and toxins which in turn give rise to painful and often fatal diseases. Riga Water acts mildly but surely and never gripes or weakens—it is the ideal family laxative.

Riga Water is on Sale Everywhere. Use it regularly.
RIGA PURGATIVE WATER CO., MONTREAL

A chick in the hand is worth 2 in the shell
To raise all your chicks—to prevent bowel trouble, drooping wings and Baby Chick diseases, use
Pratts Baby Chick Food
Contains just what's needed to make bone, muscle, and feathers. Largely predigested, finely ground and packed in dust-proof bags and cartons at 25c, 50c and $1.00. At your Dealer's.
PRATTS White Diarrhoea Remedy used in the drinking water prevents and cures this dread disease. Write for FREE Book on the Care and Feeding of Baby Chicks.
PRATT FOOD CO. OF CANADA, Limited TORONTO P.11
30 K Claremont Street

EVER-BEARING STRAWBERRIES

set out during April or May commence to bear
DELICIOUS BERRIES IN ABUNDANCE
within 80 or 90 days and throughout this coming
AUGUST, SEPTEMBER and OCTOBER
Finest fruit grown. Every garden should have them.
UNAFFECTED BY FROST
Especially adapted to northern climates.
Write for free catalogue, telling what varieties to grow and how to grow them.

You wouldn't keep a cow or hen that gave milk and eggs for only three weeks. Why keep common strawberry plants? Ever-bearing have better berries for five months.

C. S. KEMPTON & CO. "Longmeadow" Springfield, Mass., U.S.A.

THE WHISKY!

Dewar's Special Liqueur

Has the largest sale —for the simple reason that it is superior to all others. and the people know it!

And Now—as one of the fortunes of war—Dewar's costs less than other high grade Whiskies. Order it.

J. M. DOUGLAS & CO., Canadian Agents, Montreal.

Onion Setts
For Planting
WHOLESALE

Yellow, White Red Shallot Multipliers.
Merchants should secure their supplies at once—before stocks are exhausted.

Wm. RENNIE Co.
Limited
TORONTO.

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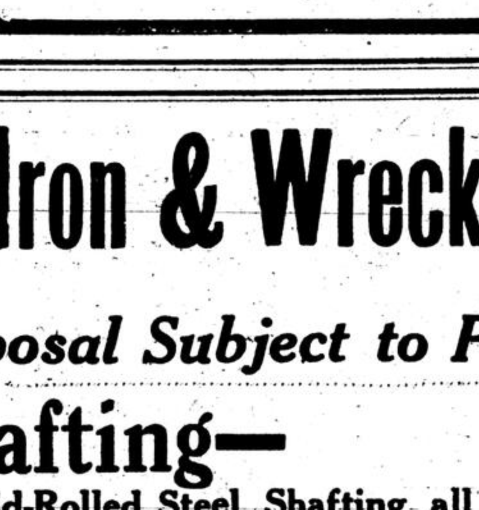

Cornwall Ale

A delicious beverage specially brewed and bottled for Family use.
Order from your grocer.
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Sales Agent.
St. Lawrence Brewery,
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Dominion Iron & Wrecking Co.
LIMITED
Has For Disposal Subject to Prior Sale

Steel Shafting—
Used, Cold-Rolled Steel Shafting all sizes, ranging from four inch to ten inch, in lengths up to 21 feet.

Tip Trucks—
Ten Jack-Knife Trucks, end-tipped, seven foot square wood flooring, 36-inch guage.

Concrete Mixers—
One Smith and one Ransome Half-yard Mixers with Engines attached.

I-Beams of all sizes and lengths

One Winch 7 x 12 built by C.P.R. and equally as good as new

BOILER, FITZGIBBON TYPE
30 h.p. suitable for heating purposes
APPLY TO PHONE MAIN 3761
RICHARD JAMES, 603 Transportation Bldg.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE--CHECK TIMBER WASTE--MINING FIELD

LOCAL LIST RESISTS BEARISH ONSLAUGHTS IN SATISFACTORY WAY

While the disposition in some quarters of the market to throw off the heavy tone has discouraged buyers for some time past was thwarted by the bear raid and break in Wall Street this week the local list may be described as having given a very fair account of itself.

The general dullness in the early part of the week was relieved by a few demonstrations of strength and even after the influence of New York broke the steadiness of the general list there were a few strong features left.

The early exponents of strength were Canada Steamships issues and Scotia. Parts of the gains were yielded in the final trading but the undertone was strong and they gave indications of doing better. Towards the week end Brazilian Traction and Textile notably defied the general trend and advanced.

Although the optimists in the Street do not obtain a great deal of encouragement from the current trend of the general market they are by no means despondent. They have faith that the market can and will work into a better trading position which will be a little more inviting to the general public than the bill of fare provided during the past few weeks.

Prices here act as though they had pretty well reached rock bottom. This is suggested by the range here following the bear raids in Wall Street, where it seems possible to find vulnerable spots which help to depress the list generally to lower levels there. The gloom artists are more successful there than here and this affords some hope that future weakness in Wall Street will find the local market able to withstand the effects.

There is an undercurrent of hopefulness here that no matter what checks the market may meet with in the immediate future the outlook affords encouragement for a stronger market. Stocks are largely in strong hands now which not only reduces the available supply at the current range but invites co-operation for the creation of a bullish sentiment when the logical moment arrives.

One thing which may ultimately encourage this feeling is the revulsion of feeling which has developed in financial quarters respecting the additional corporation war taxes which seems likely to drive sentiment in the direction of more liberal dividend treatment for shareholders rather than risk further legislation of the same kind in the future.

Wall Street professed to be shocked this week by a realization of the seriousness of the Hun submarine menace and the Russian uncertainty and prices were hammered in good old-fashioned bear style with considerable effect.

Even there prices must be getting pretty well down to a level where the bear logic should begin to lose its effect. The market is so highly professional, however, that it is difficult to measure the probable limits of the current market action.

The local range of prices for the week was as follows:

	Last week's close.	This week's high.	This week's low.	Friday's close.
Brazilian	38¼	40½	38	40
Civic Power	80	80	79	79
Car pfd.	70½	70	69	69
Can. Cement	60	60	58¾	59½
C. G. Electric	108½	108	108	108
Can. Steam	38¾	40¼	38½	38½
Can. Steam. pfd.	86¼	88	86	87¼
Detroit	114	114	113½	113½
Scotia	91	95	91	92
Textile	83	84	83	84
Quebec Ry.	28	29½	27½	27½
Smelters	28¾	27¼	27	27
Steel of Can.	60	60½	57¾	58¾
Toronto Ry.	83	84	80	80
Wayagamack	75	74	73	73
Brompton	51⅛	50	48½	48½
Dom. Iron	61	61½	59	60

THE MINING FIELD, PORCUPINE-COBALT

COBALT

Perhaps at no other period in the history of the Cobalt camp have mining operations been conducted more vigorously than at the present time. The steadily lowering grade of the ore treated is serving to make the erection of larger mills, and more universal adoption of the oil flotation process, necessary.

This week work of blasting out excavations for the foundation of a 250 ton oil flotation plant at the McKinley-Darragh commenced. The new mill will be of the marathon type, in which the grinding of old mill tailings will be done by rods instead of balls or pebbles. The sands will be conveyed from the lake bed to the Marathon by means of a drag-line excavator, after which they will be delivered to the flotation calls for final treatment. The installation of the McKinley will probably be completed before the end of August.

Other properties here, at which oil flotation plants are in operation, and were satisfactory results are being met with, are the Buffalo mine with a 600 ton mill; Nipissing (experimental), 300 tons; Coniagas, 100 ton; McKinley, 100 ton; National, 75 ton; Northern Customs, 100; and Dominion Reduction, 200 ton.

The production in point of ounces is gradually falling off at nearly every mine in the camp, but the continued high price of the white metal is serving to maintain the value of the production at nearly record high. Were it not for the more or less general inefficiency of mine workers, the production would probably be sufficiently large to constitute a value higher than at any other period since its inception into the plane of a silver camp of importance.

At the 1,600 foot level of the Beaver Consolidated, a winze is being sunk on the high grade vein encountered during the early days of the current year. It is understood results obtaining at this depth are decidedly encouraging. And, although not sufficient work has been carried on below the lower contact to form anything like a correct estimate of what may be expected to result from the operation, there is every indication that the initiative and expenses attendant upon the endeavor to prove up this lower zone, will not have been made in vain.

Operations at the 1,600 foot level of the Temiskaming are also being prosecuted aggressively. Here, the main shaft will be driven to a depth of about 1,800 feet, constituting the deepest workings in the camp. Meantime, a crosscut is being driven both east and west for the purpose of thoroughly exploring the ground at the 1,600 feet.

Nipissing, of course, continues to be the premier mine of the camp, production being at the rate of approximately 330,000 ounces, per month. During 1916, Nipissing produced 4,044,668.49 ounces of silver, valued at approximately three million dollars from which a net profit of approximately two million dollars was derived.

PORCUPINE

The big construction program at the Hollinger Consolidated goes on unabated, except it be for the lack of sufficient efficient labor, the installation of the additional 1,000 ton equipment will be completed perhaps within the next sixty days. Also, underground operations continue to go forward on the usual large scale. Vein No. 58 at the 425 ft. level continues with remarkable consistency of width and values, as in evidence along the rapidly lengthening drift. In all parts of the mine, the rapidly expanding net-work of drifts and cross-cuts continue to add to the already large, ore reserves of the mine.

At the Dome, there would appear to be no doubt but that the management are seriously considering the advisability of curtailing production until more efficient labor becomes available. Instead of treating at the rate of about 1,300 tons of or per month, the Dome mill is now running at the rate of about 800 tons monthly. This, it is believed, is not considered good business by efficient management.

Perhaps no other property in the country has been developed into a mine with more rapidity than has the McIntyre-Porcupine within the past year or so. The 600 ton mill at this property is now treating about 500 tons daily and production is already on a basis of upwards of a million and a half dollars annually. Mill heads at the McIntyre are being maintained at about $10.82 per ton, as compared with around $8 at the Hollinger, and under $5 at the Dome. Underground operations are constantly adding to the big reserves of the mine. The most important development being at the 1000 foot level. The big drift at this depth, which will be the main haulage way for many years to come is now more than 1000 feet in length and the ore body shows no signs of diminishing in width or values. In fact, values at this depth are more consistent than in any other part of the mine, as opened up to date.

WEEK'S INCORPORATIONS

Special to The Star.

OTTAWA, March 5.—Federal charters have been granted during the week to the Borden Farm Products Company, Toronto, $275,000; Manitoba Grain Company, Winnipeg, $500,000; B. C. Milk Condensing Company, Toronto, $120,000; Standard Machinery and Supplies, Montreal, $250,000; Hydraulic Machinery Company, Montreal, $200,000; Colonial Fastener Company, Montreal, $20,000; T. Tabah & Brothers, Montreal, $18,000; Turnbull Electric Metals, St. Catharines, $50,000; Bonner Heddle Company, St. Catharines, $100,000; Canadian Contractors and Building Brockville, $50,000; Canadian Utilities Steel and Engineering Company, Montreal, $49,000; Equipment Instrument Company, Toronto, $50,000; Bridge Carbon Manufacturing Company, Montreal, $10,000; La Reuna Mineral and Soda Water Company, Montreal, $75,000.

KEEP INFORMED

Our new Booklet of investment Securities contains, among other valuable information, latest available earnings, financial position, etc., of some of Canada's most prominent industrial enterprises.

A copy will be sent on request.

Royal Securities Corporation Limited

164 St. James Street - Montreal

Bryant, Dunn & Co

STOCKS--BONDS--GRAIN

84-88 St. Francois Xavier St.
MONTREAL

Direct Private Wires to our New York and Toronto Offices

U. S. STEEL COMMON

Anaconda, and several others—by the big fluctuations in these stocks the past six months enabled the holders of Puts and Calls to clear from $600 to $800 net profit on a small and limited risk. They offer splendid opportunities from time to time. Write for price list and Booklet M.S. It explains how they operate.

WM. H. HERBST,
20 Broad St., New York City. Estab. 1898.
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MILTON HERSEY CO., LIMITED.

CHEMISTS, ENGINEERS & INSPECTORS.

Tests and Inspections of all Commercial Materials

Mining, Engineering and Metallurgy.

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Advocates, Barristers and Solicitors.
Commissioners for all the Provinces and Newfoundland, and for the States of Maine, Massachusetts and New York
Canada Life Building,
189 St. James St.
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JOHN HEATH'S PENS

To be had of the leading Stationers in Canada.
TELEPHONE PEN 0278
REGISTERED IN CANADA.
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QUOTATIONS IN FOREIGN EXCHANGES

(Specially Written for The Star by an Expert.)

Foreign exchange is one of the most complicated and at the same time the most interesting branches of the banking and brokerage business, and just what the quotations given daily on this page represent is worthy of explanation.

The Pound Sterling of Great Britain, for instance, is quoted in its equivalent in American dollars and cents, thus:

4.75 9-16 meaning One Pound Sterling is equivalent to $4.75 9-16.

French Franc, the Italian Lire, and the Swiss Franc, are all quoted as the number of Francs or Lire, equivalent to $1.00, thus:

5.72 meaning $1.00 is equivalent to 5.72 francs, and 6.94 meaning $1.00 is equivalent to 6.94 Lire.

The Russian Rouble, and the Dutch Guilder or Florin of Holland, are quoted in their equivalent in American cents, thus:

28.16 meaning One Rouble is equivalent to 28.16 cents, and 40⅞ meaning One Guilder is equivalent to 40⅞ cents.

The normal parity of these various foreign monies is as follows:

Gt. Britain, pound Sterling, $4.8666.

France, francs, 19.3 cents equals 5.18⅛ francs per $1.

Italy, lire, 19.3 cents, equals 5.18⅛ lire per $1.

Switzerland, franc, 19.3 cents, equals 5.18⅛ francs, $1.

Holland, guilders or florin, 40.2 cents.

Russia, rouble, 51.2 cents

The exchange on Germany is not at present being quoted. The unit of exchange is the Mark, and the rate of exchange was expressed in American cents equivalent to 4 German marks, thus:

The quotation of 95.2 would mean that four marks are equivalent to 95.2 cents. The normal rate is 95.2 cents, each mark being equivalent in value to 23.8 cents.

Since the fore part of 1915, Foreign Exchanges in New York City have been at a considerable discount, but immediately after the outbreak of the war, Foreign Exchange in New York rose to abnormal premiums. In this connection the following tabulations showing the rates and the percentage of premiums are interesting, as also the present rate and per cent discount from normal.

	High 1914	Premium per cent
Sterling	7.00	44
Francs (France)	3.00	42
Frances (Switzerland)	4.00	23
Lire	4.00	23
Rouble	56	9
Guilder	46	14
Mark	$1.10	15

	Present rate	Discount per cent
Sterling	4.76	2.2
Francs (France)	5.71	10.2
Lire	6.95	34.1
Rouble	28.20	44 9
Guilder	41	0.2

There are various kinds of Foreign Exchange, such as:

"Commercial Long Bills," which are drafts drawn at 30, 60 or 90 days sight against shipping documents attached covering the exports of manufactured goods, raw products, cereals, etc.

"Commercial Bills drawn at sight or Short Sight" being merely drafts against indebtedness, either for payment at sight or for less than 30 days;

"Clean Bills," or such drafts as are not accompanied by any other documents against which the draft may be drawn;

"Drafts against Securities," whenever bonds or stocks are bought and are shipped so as to be paid for upon delivery they are accompanied by this form of draft.

There are also many more classes of Exchange entering into the odinary details of international banking.

It can be readily understood that the rates at which these various classes of exchange are quoted vary considerably as different factors enter into the figuring of the rate for each class, the principal factor being bankers discount rate and allowance from the day the draft is drawn to the day upon which it is to be paid by the person or firm on whom it is drawn.

But the only rates in which the general public is ordinarily interested, are the rates for "Demand" and "Cable" which are the two rates usually found on the financial sheets of the various newspapers. The "Demand Rate" is the rate at which cheques or drafts are bought and sold, and the "Cable Rate," the rate at which cable transfers are negotiated.

QUIET AT WINNIPEG

WINNIPEG, May 5.—On the whole yesterday was a very quiet day on the Winnipeg Grain Exchange. Cash trading was almost eliminated.

There was little or no buying in the country. There was a moderate trade in oats. October wheat closed 5¼c lower.

Oats closed 3¾ higher for May, ⅜ lower for July and ⅝ lower for October. Barley closed unchanged. Flax closed ½ lower for May and ½ lower for July.

SOME MINING STOCKS

are today selling far below their real value. Others are selling much higher than they should.

Write me for information regarding any mining stock.

J. M. CHILDERHOSE
C.P.R. Bldg. Toronto, Canada.
105 2eod
105 2eod

DOMINION COAL COMPANY Limited

DOMINION and SPRINGHILL BITUMINOUS STEAM and GAS COALS

GENERAL SALES OFFICE
112 ST. JAMES ST. MONTREAL
1 41

6% Investment

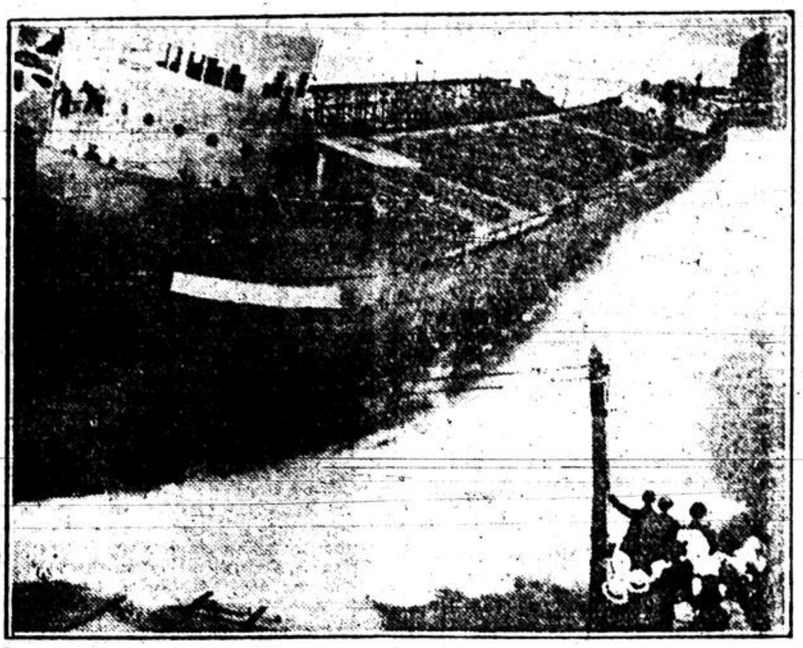
We have available a limited amount of a particularly attractive Bond Issue. Some important features are as follows:—

1. *Interest and Principal payable in gold.*
2. *Free from normal Federal Income Taxes (either in Canada or the United States).*
3. *Average earnings over five times the interest requirements.*
4. *A thoroughly sound investment, which should appeal to those desiring a straight 6% income.*

Full particulars on request.

Investment Securities **A. E. AMES & CO.** *Established 1889*
Transportation Building
MONTREAL
TORONTO *NEW YORK*

LAUNCHING OF BIG [illegible] LAKE GRAIN CARRIER



The S.S. Westmount, built by the Collingwood Shipbuilding Company for the Montreal Transportation Co., is one of the largest vessels yet constructed in Canada. Length over all is 550 fet, depth 31 feet, load deadweight 11,000 tons, load draught to suit canals 19 feet 6 inches. The Collingwood Shipbuilding Co. was some months ago taken over by some of the interests identified with the Canada Steamship Lines, including J. W. Norcross, Roy Wolvin, Montreal, and Horace B. Smith, of Owen Sound.

AMERICA'S LIBERTY LOAN WILL BE MUCH OVERSUBSCRIBED

Special to Star by United Press.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The golden flood pouring into the treasury Department to float the Liberty Loan continued unabated today. Its sources are tapping the treasure of every section of the nation.

Responses today are maintaining yesterday's average of nearly $20,000,000 an hour—over $300,000 a minute.

The maintenance of the subscription ration continued since the issue was offered to the public will over-subscribe several times the original $2,000,000,000 asked. Two per cent of the 27,513 State and National banks and trust companines in the country have applied for $138,674,000.

At this rate, total applications for subscriptions to the first issue will reach between $6,000,000,000 and $7,000,000,000. Early reports today indicate that banks and trust companies in New York State will subscribe nearly 50 per cent of the first issue. The largest single subscription yet received, $20,000,000, came from an institution in New York city.

First reports from Illinois brought subscriptions from Chicago for $1[illegible]995,000; Cleveland sent $7,250,000, placing Ohio third in the list of States.

The last of Mr. McAdoo's telegrams to banks and trust companies have been sent from Washington, completing the first publicity step in floating the huge bond issue.

Advertising campaigns suited to local conditions throughout the country are being launched today by subscribing banks in all States.

SALES TO 11 A.M.

Toronto Rails—5 at 80, 25 at 80.
Steel of Canada—25 at 58½, 25 at 58½, 10 at 58⅜.
Brompton—5 at 48½, 10 at 48, 25 at 48, 55 at 48, 20 at 48.
Wayagamack—25 at 72½.
Smelters—110 at 27, 10 at 27, 5 at 27, 1 at 27½, 2 at 27½.
Civic Power—20 at 78⅝.
Steamships—10 at 38½, 15 at 38¼.
Brazil—10 at 40, 10 at 40, 5 at 40.
Cement—25 at 59⅛, 25 at 59.
Dominion Iron—50 at 60.
Textile—10 at 84½, 15 at 85.
Canada Car—10 at 29.
New War Bonds—$1000 at 96, $200 at 95¾.
Winnipeg Street R. R. bonds—$1000 at 98¾.
Bank of Commerce—2 at 188.
Steamships Pref.—5 at 87, 15 at 96¾, 5 at 86¾, 10 at 86½.
Spanish Pfd.—10 at 50
Steel Prefd.—5 at 92½.
Cement Prefd.—4 at 92, 5 at 92, 1 at 92.
Steel bonds—$500 at 99.

GOVERNMENT BUYS WHEAT

WINNIPEG, May 5.—The following notice has been posted by our grain board:

"Arrangements have been made whereby the Allied Governments and Canadian mills will purchase all wheat that can be milled at relative prices. It is expected that a definite announcement will be made within 48 hours giving details. Spreads in force today will hold good tomorrow."

CANADA EXPORTS SUGAR

A new feature in our export trade in the way of foodstuffs to the English markets has developed this season, since the opening of navigation. It is reported that our Canadian sugar refineries are selling the refined article to England, already over twenty thousand tons have been sold for export.

MEETINGS AN DDIVIDENDS

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY

A dividend of $2.00 per share, being at the rate of 8% per annum, has been declared payable June 1st to Stockholders of record on Wednesday, May 16th at three o'clock P.M.

A. E. PETERS, Secretary.
87 6 3aw

Maritime Fish Corporation, Limited.

Head-Offices, Montreal.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of 3½% for the half year ending March 31, 1917, on the Preferred Stock of the Maritime Fish Corporation, Limited, has been declared, payable May 8th to Shareholders of record, April 30, 1917.

By order of the Board.

H. G. CONNOR,
Secretary-Treasurer.
107 3

BRAZILIAN EARNINGS

Gross earnings of Brazilian Traction for March reached a new high level, being 7,549,000 milreis, but the higher cost of coal and other increases in operating charges has kept net earnings relatively low, although in the month they were higher than in any previous period. The operating charges of the company in the month were 3,398,000 milreis, the increase being 268,000 milreis and net earnings were 4,151,000 milreis, an increase of 368,000 milreis.

Gross earnings in the first quarter of the year were 21,687,000 milreis, an increase of 1,872,000 milreis. The net in the quarter was 12,038,000 milreis, an increase of 895,000 milreis.

NO CHEESE OFFERED

CORNWALL, May 4—Cheese did not sell on the Cornwall Board today as the buyers did not desire to make any offers on account of the unsettled state of conditions through the British Cheese Commission taking over the making of the price. The offerings were 611 colored and 630 white 1241 in all. G. G. Publow, chief dairy instructor, and Johile Buro, local instructor, were present and addressed the Board.

WM. J. FINN
STOCKBROKER
New York Stocks
Chicago Grain Market
New York Curb Market
Room 108 Transportation Building, Montreal. Tel. Main 2748.
13 119eod

IRREGULAR START FOR N. Y. PRICES

NEW YORK, May 5.—The stock market opened irregular today. U.S. Steel [illegible] and Bethlehem was up 1-8 at 118 3-4. Industrials and rails were fractionally off, while copper stocks were up 1-8 to off 1-2.

Steadiness in rails, with a 2-point rally in Delaware and Hudson was a feature. Industrials and specialties were fractionally lower.

WALL ST., 10.30 A.M.—The more reassuring character of the news from abroad was helpful to today's early market, important stocks showing general advances after some irregularity at the opening. U. S. Steel was in steady demand after its moderate setback at the outset and affiliated industrials were firmer with metals, oils, industrial alcohol and some of the equipments. A 3½ point rally in Delaware and Hudson to 111 was the noteworthy incident among the rails, Lehigh Valley and Norfolk and Western also gaining a point each.

At 11 a.m. prices were as follows: C. P. R., 156; Am. Beet Sugar, 91¼; Am. Can, 41⅞; Smelters, 97⅝; Am. Loco, 64½; Anaconda, 77⅝; Baldwin, 51½; Cent. Leather, 83; Chino Copper, 52 1-2; Ches. and Ohio, 57 4-8; Col. Fuel and Iron 45 1-2; Crucible Steel, 60 1-4; Cuba Cane Sugar, 45 1-8; Erie, 25 1-2; Gt. Northern pfd., 107; Ind. Alcohol 111 3-4; Inspiration Cop., 54 1-4; Kennecott Cop., 45 1-8; Int. Nickel, 40 1-2.

Int. Marine, 26½; Int. Marine pfd., 77¾; Int. Paper, 33½; L. & N. 123; Nor. Pacific, 99½; Ray Con., 28½; Reading, 88¾; Republic Iron, 78; So. Pacific, 91; Utah Copper, 112⅞; Union Pac., 132¾; United Fruit, 132¾; Steel Com., 113¾; Steel Pf., 117½; Westinghouse, 47.

PAPER STOCKS EASIER; BROMPTON TOUCHES 48

In view of the unsettled tone in Wall Street the local market proceeded along very narrow lines of trading again today. There were fractional losses in Cement at 59 and Steel of Canada at 58 1-2.

There was some more liquidation in Brompton at a fractional decline to 48, creating a new low for the year to date. Yesterday it sold to a small extent at 48 1-2. Wayagamack was also easier at 72 1-2.

Smelters held unchanged at 27, Toronto Rails showed no change at 80 and Iron was quiet and steady at 60, Civic Power touched 78 3-4.

There was a fair amount of trading in broken lots of various issues. Textile was strong at 84 1-2 to 85.

CANADIAN RY. EARNINGS

There was further expansion in the gross traffic handled by the Canadian railroads in April, the aggregate earnings of the three principal systems being slightly higher than in March, despite the one day less in the month. Comparison follows:

Road	March Gross.	Increase.	P.C.
C.P.R.	$12,036,000	$1,468,000	13.9
G.T.R.	4,885,211	199,706	4.3
C.N.R.	3,314,900	490,600	17.4
	$20,236,111	$2,158	11.9

At McIntyre Porcupine Mines, Limited, meeting a dividend of 5 per cent was declared, payable on May 31, to shareholders of record May 15. A similar dividend was paid on February 15 last. The declaration of this dividend is taken by the Street to mean that the McIntyre directors are of the opinion that labor troubles at the mine will be avoided.

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TRADERS EXPERIENCED WEEK OF THRILLS IN THE DIFFERENT GRAIN PITS

By Joseph F. Pritchard, Regular Correspondent of The Montreal Star, on the Chicago Board of Trade.

Chicago, May 5.—While the volume of business in wheat was not as large as week as for several previous weeks the market was even more nervous and price changes most sensational. There were declines of [illegible] last Monday and this was followed on Tuesday by price declines of [illegible], the latter being for the May future. There were advances of [illegible] Wednesday and price changes were active balance of week. [illegible] reports regarding the British Commission and the Belgian Relief that the May future was nearly cleaned up several weeks ago, there have been many millions of bushels to change hands since that time, which fully bears out the claim made by the writer that the interest in May wheat was a large one and that the British commission was the principal holder of the futures and cash in the United States and Canada.

It is now believed in wheat circles at Chicago that the British commission still holds anywhere from 10,000,000 to 15,000,000 bushels July and September wheat and that because of this fact these interests will continue as full masters of the situation and that price changes will follow their dictation. When the whole situation is sifted down to the bottom it will be noticed that the brokers who have been representing the British commission have been in the lead on the sensational advances established, and that they have been in the lead on the declines as well.

What does this mean? It means that the big English interest bought wheat in order to protect Great Britain and its allies, and that it undoubtedly overstepped the purchasing power and unintentionally "cornered" the wheat market at Chicago and elsewhere.

In addition to the big holdings of wheat futures of the foreign Governments they also own more cash wheat in America than any other one interest. They control the wheat market in Canada and have been able to dictate to the Winnipeg grain exchange as to the futures to be traded in. The action of the officials of the Winnipeg Exchange in censoring speculation in wheat was a most admirable action on their part, as it curtailed the business in the Chicago market and it also led to a narrower price changes as well as to a steadier feeling.

The Government having ruled that wheat in bond in the United States is now exempt from duty, the visible supply statement as compiled by the Chicago Board of Trade will hereafter show no wheat in bond. Such wheat now in store at various cities will be included and reported as American wheat. Comparisons hereafter will be made with the combined bonded and American wheat of the previous week. This statement was sent out by the Secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade.

It is expected in the Liverpool and London markets that Canadian wheat shipments will be shortly increased, as navigation is opened. Shipments from Australia during March and April to the United Kingdom were materially larger than reported weekly, and it is understood the tonnage has been provided for fair Government loadings.

A message from the eastern seaboard says that some wheat that one of the neutral Governments was unable to ship was purchased by the Allies and also that a cargo of corn was disposed of in the same way. Regarding the export of neutral countries shipments in the past few months have been very small and very little is going out at the present time. [illegible] believe that this policy [illegible] neutral countries to retain all their homegrown or produced supplies for home consumption and shut off practically all exports to either belligerents.

Foreign crop reports were mixed; in France and Russia the prospects are unfavorable, while elsewhere they are fair. In Russia after deducting the necessary seed, it is estimated there will be 720,000,000 bus. of wheat and rye remaining. This is greatly under the five-year average. Supplies of breadstuffs there are scarce, excepting in the larger cities, and even there economy is being practised. The Russian statistical department has published data covering 53 Governments relative to winter crop of 1916 as follows: Winter rye, 672,000,000 bus. Winter wheat 168,000,000 bus.

Weather in the spring wheat country is more favorable for seeding and reports from both sides of the international line are of a goodly increase in the acreage—especially in western Canada. Private reports received from the Canadian Pacific Railroad says that little trouble will be experienced in securing enough farm labor to seed wheat and other grains and that farmers, bankers and merchants are greatly encouraged because of the present conditions, as compared with the unfavorable prospects for securing labor earlier in the season. Alberta is reported to be ahead of the seeding in North Dakota and Minnesota.

Corn and oats have ruled irregular and unsettled, mainly in sympathy with the sharp price changes in wheat. Both of these grains have been active. There were some resales of both wheat and corn at the seaboard, by neutral nations, because of their inability to secure vessels in which to make shipments. The grain was bought by the allied Governments. Exporters have bought oats freely, but owing to the absence of a good supply of corn they have restricted their purchases.

Hog products were fairly active and well sustained in price, under support of the larger packers, when support was needed. The principal buying power in cash meats and lard came from abroad, although a good business was reported in fat pork on Canadian account, that meat being purchased for the lumber camps of that country.

STANDARD OIL RAISE

NEW YORK, May 5.—A quarterly dividend of $3 a share declared by Standard Oil Co. of New York is $1 a share more than the previous quarterly disbursement. The increase is attributed to the larger earnings last year.

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PROFIT-SHARING ANNOUNCEMENT

In recognition of the fact that the success of our business has been due to the confidence reposed in us by our clientele, we have decided to make a distribution of a portion of our profits from the past year's operations.

This distribution will apply

To Shareholders of Newray Mines Limited, and Boston Creek Mining Company, Limited,

Who appear as stockholders of record on the books of these two companies during the period May 15 to June 15, inclusive.

We shall distribute to each shareholder a dividend in stock amounting to 10% of his holding; therefore, the owner of 1000 shares of either company will receive 100 additional shares.

This stock dividend will be allotted from our own holdings in these two companies, and is in appreciation of the unqualified support that we have received from all of our clients.

We advise all stockholders in Newray and Boston Creek to have their shares transferred into their own names immediately, as they must do so by May 15, in order to participate in this profit-sharing distribution.

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INTERESTING NEWS BY MAIL FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD

ENGLAND AND WALES

A PATHETIC PLEA was recently made by sailors in the North Sea. "Judging from the hand and footgear they send us," complained a man recently when on leave in England, "people must think that sailors have the sort of hands and feet that belong properly to pre-historic man. Mittens to fit an elephant, shirts with necks that would button under a bull's chin, socks that would go on outside your boots. I wish they would get it into their heads that we are about the same shape and size as ordinary people. We should feel quite hurt about it if we didn't have such fun trying the oddities on."

A GREAT MEMORY of a name illustrious "in great Eliza's days" is revived by the will of Sir Francis Drake of Nutwell, Devon, who bequeathes as heirlooms two caps and two jewels given by Queen Elizabeth to the Admiral whose name he bore, together with the Bible and the sword of the doughty sea fighter. Queen Elizabeth decreed that Drake's ship, "The Golden Hind," in which he circumnavigated the globe should be preserved for all time, but as years went by the timbers rotted away, and the only remaining relic of this famous ship is a chair made from its timbers.

A YOUNG CHILD had a narrow escape from death during the recent bombardment of Broadstairs by the Germans. The boy was feeling unwell that night and his father slept with him. On the bursting of the first shell the father got out of the bed to get dressed and the lad rolled towards the centre of the bed, leaving Teddy bear, which he had in bed with him, occupying the position in which he had been sleeping. Almost at the same moment a piece of shrapnel crashed through the roof into the bedroom and beheaded the Teddy bear, leaving the child uninjured.

AN EXTRAORDINARY premonition of a soldier's death is reported from Nottingham. Private Doubleday, son of a garden-holder, was the object of more than ordinary affection to his paternal grandfather, an octogenarian. Frequently the old man declared that he and his favorite grandson would pass away together, and he repeated this conviction in his last moments. The father, whilst pruning a fruit tree the son had planted as a child, received intimation of his boy's death; on the same day and almost at the same hour the grandfather expired.

A CURIOUS CASE came before the West London magistrate recently. Last week a slim girlish "youth" giving the name of Harry Eric Taylor, aged sixteen, was charged with obtaining board and lodging by false pretences at two houses. The Detective-Sergeant in charge of the case stated that the prisoner had been masquerading in female attire. Next day the youth appeared in court dressed as a girl, and the detective-sergeant informed the magistrate that it had been discovered that the prisoner was of the female sex.

SIR GEORGE REID, M.P., related an amusing little story concerning the late Lord Kitchener and himself at a meeting at Caxton Hall. "Soon after the war started," said Sir George, "I felt that, despite my three-score-and-ten years, I ought to be doing my bit for the country. I happened to meet Lord Kitchener one day, and put the matter to him. 'Could you make an armored fort for me?' I said." (Sir George is generously built.) "Lord Kitchener looked at me for a moment and replied, 'I think we could make a base of you.'"

fan and the music for which was composed by Mr. Edward German. Mme Butt who originally suggested the idea, herself personified Britannia.

A FAMOUS CLOWN died recently at Gillingham, Kent. He was chiefly identified with circuses, and claimed to be the only man who had driven sixteen horses around the Haymarket, London. During recent years he followed his original calling as a scientific instrument maker and did work for two hospitals. He was seventy-five years of age at the time of his death.

THE DECREASE in crime in Britain is illustrated by the fact that seventeen prisons have been closed and the total number of the male prison staff is reduced from 3,000 to 1991. There are in local and convict prisons at present a total of just over nine thousand prisoners, while in March 31, 1914, there were more than sixteen thousand prisoners.

THE TREASURY NOTES are only just making their appearance in some of the little English villages. One very old Midland tradesman declined to accept them as legal tender. "No," he remarked to a customer, "I reckon as I've been had with them there other scraps o' paper, but I'm main certain I'm not going to be put off wi' soap wrappers."

A MAN went to the Charing Cross Hotel and said he had been sent by the Queen to get a room. The hotel-keeper's suspicions as to his sanity were aroused, and the man was arrested. After a preliminary hearing he was remanded in order that the state of his mind might be inquired into. He left the court shouting for Mr. Asquith.

ONE OF THE FOURTEEN lady dentists licensed to practice in England is now operating in a hospital at the front. The progress made by women is shown by the fact that women students in large numbers are now entering the dental schools, which have now been opened to them after years of fighting against prejudice.

A WOMAN sued for debt stated that she did not know what her husband's wages were. His employers put in a statement showing that he earned a little more than ten dollars a week. "It's a good job you've told me," said the woman, "I'll have some more money now," and left the court remarking that some one was going to "get clouted."

AN EXCHANGE of a leg for a leg was made when a one-legged man who had certain knowledge or skill which made him peculiarly useful to the army was enlisted by the military authorities, and his place in the factory where he was previously employed filled by a one-legged man who had just been discharged.

MINIATURE REPLICAS of the Victoria Cross may be worn on the riband in undress and service dress uniform by all recipients of the decoration. The award of a bar will be marked by a second miniature cross on the riband, an additional cross being added for each bar awarded.

A CHILD, eleven years old, was the victim of a peculiar accident in Sunderland a few days ago. A loaded rifle had been placed on the table, when a cat jumped on to it, and by some mischance the weapon was discharged. The child happened to be in the direct line of fire, and was instantly killed.

A BOY OF 17 rode from Coventry to Birmingham, a distance of about twenty miles, on the buffers of a railway carriage. He told the magistrates that he was anxious to get a job in a picture house at Birmingham. He was remanded on a charge of not paying his fare.

MR. BALFOUR GOES TO HOUSE; FRENCH STIR ALL CHICAGO

By Canadian Press.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Arthur James Balfour, British Foreign Secretary, is to appear before the House shortly after noon today as the first British official to be so honored. Mr. Balfour was invited shortly after his arrival here by Speaker Clark. He will appear before the Senate on Tuesday, in acceptance of an invitation extended by Vice-President Marshall.

Mr. Balfour has prepared a brief address expressing England's welcome to the United States in the common struggle against Germany and his own appreciation of the honor conferred upon him. The House will take a short recess to allow members to meet him personally. Afterwards, Mr. Balfour is to pay his respects to the Supreme Court and lunch with Chief Justice White.

CHICAGO HEARS VIVIANI.

Special to The Star by United Press.

CHICAGO, May 5.—Vice-Premier Viviani, Marshal Joffre and the French Commission today bid farewell to the sea of flags and the roar of cheers which marked the first two days of their tremendous reception by the middle west here and, after the big stockyards mass meeting this afternoon, carrying their message of war to new conquests.

The West awoke to the sound of the voice of embattled France thundering its plea for America's aid in "a world war for freedom."

Formality and exclusiveness were swept aside in the program of the day M. Viviani and Marshal Joffre. "Come to us, American brothers! Come and fight side by side with your French brothers," was the keynote of M. Viviani's appeal.

"Come under your glorious banner to fight for the democracy of the world, and show all men that when the rights of a single nation are violated, the rights of all nations are trampled under foot."

"From first you gave us the benefit of your moral support, because you are a great democracy, and we are a great democracy because in Europe and in France there are free men who were thus agreed in soul to raise yet higher the flag of democracy before the rampart of an autocracy which is tottering to its fall.

"Asolute monarchies imagine they can conquer other peoples by the marriages they make and by placing on all the thrones of Europe their relatives and representatives. This is not democracy, and this they cannot do."

LARGE CANADIAN REINFORCEMENTS REACH BRITAIN

By Canadian Associated Press.

LONDON, May 5.—Sir Robert L. Borden, in a message to the Canadian Daily Record, says reinforcemtnts have arrived from Canada in large numbers during recent weeks. It is believed that in the not distant future splendid forces from a kindred nation adjoining the Dominion will come across the seas to fight with the Canadians.

"Every genaration is a trustee for the future, but upon this generation rests a special responsibility for the world's future destiny.

"Canada has taken a part never to be forgotten in the great theatres of action, where that destiny is being worked out.

Each can truly feel that he is playing his appointed part in the greatest effort for freedom, democracy and civilization that history has recorded."

SOLDIER-PRIEST GOES BACK TO WAR

Abbe Thellier de Poncheville, the French soldier-priest who preached the Lenten sermons in Notre Dame Church this year, leaves New York today, to join his regiment in France. Since his departure from Montreal a couple of weeks ago, Abbe Thellier de Poncheville has visited Franco-American centres in New England. He also visited Washington, where he was the guest of Sir Cecil Spring Rice, the English ambassador, and of Monsieur Jusserand, the French Ambassador.

FRENCH NATIONAL SERVICE SCHEME

PARIS, May 5.—The National Service Bill, which is now before the Senate, provides for a census of all males resident in France between the ages of sixteen and sixty and regardless of nationality.

Each person affected will be asked whether, if he left his present occupation he would be willing to accept employment of an agricultural or industrial nature, either near home or elsewhere.

GELGIUM'S NEW TYRANT.

AMSTERDAM, May 5, via London. Baron Freidrich von Falkenhausen has arrived at Brussels to take up his duties as the new Governor-General of Belgium. Baron Falkenhausen has chosen as his residence the Palace where King Albert lived before ascending the throne.

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SCOTLAND

MR. LLOYD GEORGE is to receive the freedom of the city of Dundee, the first provincial town to confer that honor upon him. The acceptance of a place on the burgess roll involves a visit to the city, and all Dundee is looking forward to getting a look at the Prime Minister. The freedom of the city is the highest honor that the citizens can confer on one who is not eligible for municipal office. The burgess has the privilege of having his name inscribed in the famous "Lockit Book," which is one of the city's most cherished possessions. The book dates from 1581, when Alexander Wedderburn, the then town clerk, began to compile a list of burgesses, or freemen, of the city. It is closed by two engraved brass clasps, fitted with locks; hence its name. Many leading men of subsequent generations have had their names inscribed in that interesting historical scroll. Amongst them may be mentioned Prince Albert, David Livingstone, John Bright, Admiral Duncan, W. E. Gladstone, A. J. Balfour, and Sir H. M. Stanley. The last recipient of the honor was Mr. Asquith, who received it in 1913, and his name will now be followed on the "Lockit Book" by that of his successor in the Premiership.

A TEN YEAR OLD BOY was found loitering in the station at Glasgow, and was handed over to the police pending inquiries. He had been found in one of the waiting rooms, and looked as if he had come to Scotland for the shooting. He was dressed in a sailor suit, with sporting leggings, and was leading two dogs in chains, carried an air-gun with pellet ammunition, and his other equipment in a parcel included a couple of electric torches and two purses containing thirty dollars. Two days later he was handed over to his father, who came from Newcastle to take him home. The father stated that the boy had saved about fifty dollars, and had apparently set out to visit his aunt at Whitehaven, and had taken the wrong train at Carlisle.

EVERY SATURDAY a resident in Linlithgow goes to bed, and stays there until Monday, when he arises at six a.m. During this time he takes no food, but sleeps as much as possible. On Monday he finds himself refreshed both in body and mind for the work of the week, with the additional advantage that the food ration is more than sufficient. Commenting on the case, a doctor said that "A week-end rest of this kind is to be recommended to workers, especially those who have turned 40. When lying in bed a healthy person acquires only two-thirds of the food needed for hard work. The principal reduction should be in bread and all starchy foods, as well as fats and sugar. The best food is milk and fruit."

AN UNUSUAL OFFENCE was committed in Sterling recently. The military police had raided a dancing hall and rounded up all men without exemption certificates. One man called Morrison had a certificate, and he handed it to his partner, a Miss Ferguson, who erased Morrison's name and inserted that of her sweetheart, who possessed a certificate, but did not have it with him.

AT A CONCERT held in Aberdeen to raise funds for the Highlanders' Comforts, an amusing incident took place. Some one whispered to the chairman that a young lady would next sing "O! Wae's me for Prince Charlie!" "Miss ——," announced the chairman in a voice of thunder, will now sing "O! Where's my fourpence, Charlie?"

A SOLDIER'S WIFE who appeared at Edinburgh City Police Court recently told the Magistrate that she took no separation allowance from the Government, as she thought it was up to every woman to take as little money from the Government as possible to help to defeat the Germans.

A PAUPER LUNATIC, aged ninety-six, who has died at Mull, has been chargeable to the parish for sixty-nine years. She is believed to be the oldest pauper in Scotland, and to have cost the parish considerably over £1,600.

WOMEN GRAVE DIGGERS have been authorized by the City of Edinburgh, owing to the impossibility of getting an adequate number of men to carry on the work.

IRELAND

THE VICTORIA CROSS has been awarded to a Belfast sergeant for bravery which the official announcement says "cannot be overstated." The acts for which the Cross was awarded are detailed as follows:—During the progress of certain operations, all the officers of his company having been shot down, Sergt. Palmer assumed command, and, having cut his way under point blank machine-gun fire, through the wire entanglements, he rushed the enemy's trench with six of his men, dislodged the hostile machine-gun which had been hampering our advance, and established a block. He then collected men detached from other regiments, and held the barricade for nearly three hours against seven determined counter-attacks, under an incessant barrage of bombs and rifle grenades from his flank and front. During his temporary absence in search of more bombs an eighth counter-attack was delivered by the enemy, who succeeded in driving in his party, and threatened the defences of the whole flank. At this critical moment, although he had been blown off his feet by a bomb and was greatly exhausted, he rallied his men, drove back the enemy and maintained his position. The very conspicuous bravery displayed by this Non-commissioned officer cannot be overstated, and his splendid determination and devotion to duty undoubtedly averted what might have proved a serious disaster in this sector of the line.

FOR THE FIRST TIME in history a woman has won the Military Medal, and it has been awarded to her "for bravery in the field." She is an Irish lady, Staff Nurse Catherine Margaret Carruthers of the Territorial Force Nursing Service, and the honor was awarded to her for bravely carrying on her work of mercy, calmly caring for wounded in very dangerous circumstances in a "hot" region in France. She was eventually slightly wounded by a shell which burst near the spot where she was on duty. Sir Douglas Haig mentioned her in one of his dispatches. The courageous nurse has now recovered and has resumed her work among the wounded fighters.

THE MOST AMAZING piece of shipping information which could possibly be printed concerns at present Ireland's extraordinary attitude in exporting foodstuffs which she actually re-imports from other markets. Apart from substitutions for the best Irish bacon and hams sent away, and which are replaced on the inward side by American bacon, known down the country as "the lad," there arrive at the Liffey at times consignments of tinned and cured fish, which, having been caught in Irish waters, had made a double crossing of the Atlantic in order to change their name—and in some cases their very nature.

A COAL IMPORTER owning his own ships throws some light upon what happens when a cargo of coal is being landed at docks on the south side of the river. It is an open practice, he said, for boys, men, and women to kick or throw coal into this part of the dock in the day time, and come back at night, or even when the low water occurs in daylight, and carry on dredging operations for the coal which they have themselves "planted." Strictly speaking, they claim salvage or "waste" on coal which is supposed to have gone overboard from steam colliers during their discharge of cargo.

A NEW IDEA of primitive man was put forward by an Irish professor recently. He states that the direct ancestors of primitive man never went on all-fours, had lived in trees, and, by climbing up and down the trunks, cultivated the upright habit of the human race. He points out that the fore-limb was never used only as a support for the body. It seems quite credible, however, that they may have gone on three legs, using one as a hand when required, and this might account for the general use of the right hand in man.

A WEIGHMAN named Patrick Sinnalt met a terrible death at Muspratt while employed by an alkali company. Sinnalt appears to have gone to sleep and fallen into one of the iron wagons used for taking molten black ash from a furnace. A train of wagons was being run under the furnace, and when the fifth emerged the furnaceman was amazed to see Sinnalt struggling in the glowing liquid. When lifted out the man was dead, his body having been charred to a cinder.

MULES AND JENNETS are being yoked to the plough in several parts of Ireland. Hunters and the carriage horses of country gentlemen are being used for the same purpose, and even the thoroughbred has been requisitioned in a few cases. In Co. Wexford a ploughing team consisting of two donkeys and a jennet was seen on a farm recently.

A GOLD STAR given to Charles Stuart Parnell by his cousin in the United States is now owned by a poulterer's shop assistant, who recently sued another man for the theft of it. In dismissing the charge the Dublin Recorder said it was extraordinary how the star came into its present owner's possession, as the star is not of great intrinsic value.

THE SUMMONS SERVER at Carlow, Ulster, has resigned, owing to the fees being inadequate, and there has not been any applicant for the position. A few days later a complainant sought the services of four persons before he could find one to serve a summons, and a special server has to be appointed for every summons that is issued.

WHILE A SCHOOLBOY, twelve years old, was practising a dance at the Christian Brothers' Schools at Middleton, in view of a forthcoming entertainment, he collapsed and died almost immediately.

A NEW COAL MINE has been discovered near the Giant's Causeway, and supplies are being regularly sent to firms in Derby and Bristol in England.

GULLS EGGS from Ireland are on the market at Smithfield. They are the eggs of the black-headed gull, and will be serviceable for salads.

LIBERTY HALL, Dublin, which was partly wrecked by bombardment during the rebellion, is being fitted out as a communal kitchen.

BRITAIN OVERSEAS

A JEWISH BIBLE saved the life of a South African private when going into battle in France. The man, Private Rosenthal, went into action with a Jewish Bible among his equipment. As a bomber he was amongst the first over the trenches, and was no sooner out than he was struck by a machine-gun bullet. The deadly missile hit the Bible he was carrying, was deflected, entered his arm on one side and passed out on the other, but so stunned Rosenthal that he was a mark for a German sniper until carried to safety by the R.A.M.C. "Not for a million pounds would I forgo my experiences in Egypt and France," said Rosenthan. "It was great."

WHEN THE NATIVE Australian or the long-time resident hears the cry, "Rabbo, wild rabbo! Rabbo!" he knows that he can get a cheap dinner that will also taste good, for the rabbit huckster is going by. But rabbits are not now nearly so cheap as they were before the war. The demand for meat of any kind has raised the price. The supply, however, is also inexhaustible, and since refrigeration and canning have been undertaken on a large scale rabbit flesh has become an important item in the food supply of the world. One Australian firm last year canned 385,636 rabbits, and millions go to England and other countries in cold storage.

AUSTRALIA, said Mr. Andrew Fisher in a paper read before the Colonial Institute in London, was destined to become the national and commercial centre of three oceans and the market of the Pacific. In no country was the worker richer or happier or had greater advantages. Mr. Fisher outlined the provision to be made for soldiers after the war, and declared that Australia wanted population. The way was being made easy for small settlers, and if Britain was too crowded the workers would find an empire overseas awaiting them.

A HEAT WAVE almost overpowering in its effects has been experienced in Uganda. The climatic conditions are unprecedented. Even Indians have remarked that they have never felt it so hot in the hottest part of India.

EYEGLASSES FOR CONVICTS was the appeal of a Cape Town Chaplain. He requested that any one who had worn out glasses would send them to him for the inmates in the local prison.

IMPORTATION of all preparations purporting to be remedies for alcoholic, opium, tobacco, cocaine, or other drug habits has been prohibited in Australia.

THE FIRST FATALITY in the air to take place in Australia occurred recently while an aviator was flying over Melbourne.

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STUDY 1916 YEAR'S NOBLE RECORD

Paid in Beneficiaries	$2,394,485.84	Paid in S. & F. Benefits	$272,513.47
Paid in Expectation of Life	20,292.00	Increase in accumulated funds during 1916	948,545.03
Paid in Disability Benefits	145,616.27	Net Assets per $1,000	230.75
Paid in Old Age Benefits	998,791.44	Reserves per $1,000	234.40

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