Murphy's ad. is on ... Colonial In... Tra... London

DAILY WITNESS

MILDER

Vol. LI., No. 153. MONTREAL, CANADA. **Watch it Grow** WEDNESDAY, MAY 3, 1911. PRICE ONE CENT.

TELL US WHAT YOU WILL DO.

Subscriptions are pouring in wonderfully well, but the total is still a long way from doubling our circulation. We have not lost faith in the people. From pulpit, platform and press they have declared their high appreciation of the value of the 'Witness' to Canada and we have told them the only conditions on which the 'Witness' can continue to fight the people's battles. The condition is simply a co-operation to the extent of each subscriber getting one new one. We believe they can and will double its circulation, but we need their immediate assurance that they will do so as the future of the 'Witness' must be immediately decided. Will those who will undertake to get ten new subscribers within the next ten days please send us a night lettergram, without delay, from their nearest telegraph office. We will pay the cost of the message at this end. You can assure your friends that we agree to refund in full the subscription of any new subscriber who, within a month, notifies us that he does not like his bargain.

Also in the event of the 'Witness' having to sell out through lack of sufficient co-operation, this undertaking would be a term of the deed of sale. But we assure ourselves that the adequate co-operation will be manifested, thus removing the danger of the transfer of the 'Witness' to other hands.

THOUSANDS PAY LAST RESPECTS TO LATE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR

Practically Every Public Organization in Province Was Represented at Funeral of Sir Alphonse Pelletier—Interment Made at River Quelle.

Quebec, May 3.—With military, civil and religious ceremony the remains of the late Lieut.-Governor, Sir Alphonse Pelletier, were conveyed in funeral procession this morning from the Parliament Buildings, where they lay in state since his death, to the Basilica, where a solemn requiem service with Libera was chanted. The weather was anything but favorable. Fitful flurries of snow driven on by a cold west wind, chilled the mourners as well as the throngs of citizens who lined the course of the funeral. Every public body in the province was represented, and the cortege, composed of militia, public men, professional men, clergy, and citizens from all parts of Canada, numbered several thousand.

The chief mourners were: Col. Pelletier, D.O.C., son, and his two sons, Dr. Pelletier, Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, nephew; the Hon. E. B. Garneau, Sir Francois Langelier, and Mr. Joseph Archer, sr., and Capt. Victor Pelletier, A.D.C. With ceremony the mortuary service was conducted at the Basilica by His Grace Mgr. Begin, assisted by deacon and sub-deacon. After the service the remains were conveyed in state to the Government steamer 'Prince,' and taken across the river to Levis, where a special train conveyed the mourners to Riviere Ouelle, where interment took place. The Governor-General was represented by Captain Bingham, A.D.C; the Lieut.-Governor of New Brunswick by Lt.-Col. Wood; the Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux represented Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the Dominion Cabinet; Lt.-Col. Fiset, Deputy Minister of Militia, represented Sir Frederick Borden, and Mayor Guerin, of Montreal accompanied Mayor Drouin, of Quebec, in the cortege.

PEACE PACT IS BLESSING TO THE WORLD

Strong Appeal for Arbitration by Cardinal Gibbons

NATIONS HAVE MUCH IN COMMON.

Anglo-American Treaty, it is Stated, Would Tend to World Wide Peace.

Baltimore, Md., May 3.—'I am persuaded that the signing of a treaty of arbitration between Great Britain and the United States would not only be a source of incalculable blessing to these two great powers, but would go far towards the maintenance of permanent international peace throughout the civilized world,' said Cardinal Gibbons, at the opening session of the third National Peace Congress here to-day.

'Both of these great nations have many things in common. We speak the same noble tongue, and the English language is more universally used to-day than any other language on the face of the earth.

'We also live under practically the same form of government. The head of one nation is a king, the head of the other is a president. Great Britain is governed by a constitutional monarch; the United States is ruled by a constitutional republic, and I believe that either of these nations has been more successful in adjusting and reconciling legitimate authority with personal liberty than any other country in the world.

'Great Britain is mistress of the ocean. Her ships ply through every sea on our globe. Her flag floats over every harbor of the world. Her empire embraces a territory comprising ten million square miles, or about one-fifth of the whole globe. Great was the Roman Empire in the days of its imperial splendor. And yet, the Roman Empire was scarcely one-sixth of the extent of the British Empire of to-day.

WOULD BENEFIT EVERY NATION.

'The United States rules nearly one hundred millions of happy and contented people. Our government exercises a dominant and salutary influence over the American continent. Our influence is not to destroy, but to save; not to dismember, but to preserve the peace and autonomy of our sister republics.

'If Great Britain and the United States were to enter into an alliance of permanent arbitration with each other, such a bond of friendship and amity would be a blessing not only to these two great powers, but to all the nations of the civilized world.

'The time seems to be most auspicious for the consummation of this alliance. It meets with the approval of the President of the United States, who honors this meeting with his presence. I earnestly hope it will have the sanction of Congress, now in session. It meets with the approval of Sir Edward Grey, British Minister of Foreign Affairs. It has the cordial sympathy of the distinguished gentlemen assembled here to-day, and I pray that these gentlemen may receive the title promised by the Prince of Peace to all who walk in his footsteps: "Blessed are the peacemakers, for they shall be called the children of God."'

ASSAULTED SALOON KEEPER.

Robert Sullivan and William Sullivan were each fined thirty dollars or two months by Recorder Dupuis this morning in his private chamber, for assault on Eugene Bissette, saloonkeeper, corner of Duluth and Sanguinet strets. The verdict also carries with it the payment of $25 of this fine to the plaintiff, or $50 in the aggregate.

MUST LORDS BE ABOLISHED?

Labor Party Demands Abolition of Second Chamber

CRISIS IN VETO BILL.

Mr. Asquith States Reform of Lords is a Government Obligation.

London, May 3.—The preamble to the Veto bill, designed to restrict the legislative powers of the House of Lords, was reached in the House of Commons to-day, and with it the most critical stage of the discussion from the government viewpoint because of the diversity of opinion between the factions making up the coalition majority.

Mr. George Nicoll Barnes, the Labor leader, immediately showed fight. The Labor party is composed of single-chamber men, who have repeatedly declared their intention of opposing any plan to reform the House of Lords.

Mr. Barnes moved that the preamble be eliminated. He said that he would rather have voted with the government to further the progress of the measure as a whole but the Laborites had to part company with the government at this point. He described the preamble as inconsistent with all the pledges and the tenets of the Labor party.

The paragraphs of the preamble to the Veto Bill objectionable to the single chamber Labor members follow:

Whereas, it is expedient that provision should be made for regulating the relations between the two Houses of Parliament;

And whereas, it is intended to substitute for the House of Lords, as it at present exists, a second chamber, constituted on a popular, instead of hereditary basis, but such substitution cannot be immediately brought into operation;

And whereas, provision will require hereafter to be made by Parliament in a measure effecting such substitution for limiting and defining the powers of the new second chamber, but it is expedient to make such provisions in this act appears for restricting the existing powers of the House of Lords.

REFORM IS OBLIGATION.

'There is no justification for the House of Lords in any shape or form,' said Mr. Barnes. 'One chamber is quite sufficient to enable the country to carry out its own will, and any attempt at a reform of that body would result in dissension in the government's ranks.'

This remark drew cheers from some of the Radical supporters of the ministry.

Mr. Asquith, who gave a general review of the government's attitude on this question, said:

'While I do not regard a single-chamber government with undiluted horror, I am satisfied that the interests of the country make it desirable to have a second chamber limited in numbers and clothed with defined and limited functions of revision, consultation and delay. The Government regards the reform of the House of Lords as an obligation which they would undertake if time permitted in the lifetime of the present Parliament.'

SAID OFFICER ASKED BRIBE.

Robert Robinson and Eli Taylor, who were arraigned before Judge Bazin, and claimed that the constables who arrested them offered to let them go if the sum of five dollars as hush money was paid by them, were up for private hearing this morning, and all evidence in regard to the matter was ruled out, the accused having nothing to prove their contention. The men were fined $1 and costs each as an example to others to keep off the tracks of the railways in this city.

VAGRANTS TO LEAVE CITY.

George Richard and Arthur Stanley were in court this morning, charged with being vagrants. Upon the plea of guilty Judge Leet allowed them to go free with the proviso that they leave the city inside of twenty-four hours. They gave New York as their residence.

THE MONTREAL DAILY STAR, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1892.—1

LOWER THE TARIFF!!

And the sooner it's done the better it will be for the Canadian Farmer.

The above, from the headline down to the wavy line, is photographed from the 'Star' of the date mentioned. We could not improve on it to-day. Anti-reciprocity papers please copy.

PEACE CONGRESS

Third National Convention Opens in Baltimore To-day.

Baltimore, May 3.—With permanent peace as the ultimate ideal and international courts of justice as the immediate objective, the Third National Peace Congress will be opened this afternoon by President Taft. On the stage with him will be assembled a notable gathering of men, representing the best thought and influence in the United States, and they will outline in their addresses not only what has been accomplished in the movement for world-wide peace, but what is planned for the future.

The Congress is held under the auspices of all the leading societies of America devoted to the settlement of international disputes by means other than war.

During the sessions, which will continue until Saturday, some of the foremost men of this and other countries will be heard, all arguing for one subject, the adoption of permanent peace by all nations.

The pending treaty of arbitration between Great Britain and the United States is expected to be the most virile topic before the Congress, and the tremendous possibilities which lie in it will be dilated upon.

MR. BRYCE IN OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May 3.—Mr. James Bryce, British Ambassador at Washington, and Mrs. Bryce, arrived in the city at one o'clock this afternoon on what the ambassador described as a visit to one of his 'closest personal friends, Earl Grey.' The party was met at the station by Earl Percy, representing the Governor-General and drove at once to Government House. Mr. Bryce will attend the Horse Show tonight.

SIGNALLING CORPS ORDER.

Ottawa, May 3.—The Militia Department announces the following distribution of Canadian signalling corps: No. 1, London; No. 2, Toronto; No. 3, Kingston; No. 4, Ottawa; No. 5, Montreal; No. 6, Sherbrooke; No. 7, Quebec; No. 8, St. Johns; No. 9, Salt Springs, N. S.; No. 10, Winnipeg; No. 11, Victoria; No. 12, Charlottentown; No. 13, Calgary.

CONSTABLE PUT OUT FIRE.

A constable managed to put out a fire which broke out in the kitchen of Mr. J. Duhamel's home at 692 Laval avenue, yesterday. A bag of charcoal beside the stove caught fire.

SMALLPOX ON A LINER

SS. Dominion Held in Quarantine at Grosse Ile

Two suspected cases of smallpox were responsible for the detention of the White Star-Dominion liner 'Dominion' at Grosse Isle since Monday afternoon. Yesterday 228 passengers from that portion of the ship where the suspects were located were landed and placed in the quarantine station there.

Mr. Macfarlane, of the White Star-Dominion line, in an interview with the 'Witness' to-day, could give no further particulars, saying that the only information he had received was that the ship was detained on account of two suspected cases of smallpox.

There were no passengers from Continental ports on the Dominion, the 'Southwark,' which is following, being reserved for these. Up to the early afternoon the 'Dominion' was still held at Grosse Isle, and it is considered that the suspected cases must have developed, as the ship has now been in quarantine nearly 48 hours.

At the Provincial Board of Health offices this afternoon it was stated that there were two cases of smallpox on the 'Dominion,' and that the liner would not be allowed to leave Grosse Isle until every passenger has been examined, and the vessel disinfected.

SMALLPOX ON THE WAY.

Smallpov is en route for Montreal, on the steamer 'Edmonton,' from Port Arthur. A telegram to Dr. Louis Laberge, medical health officer, from Mr. A. L. Ponsette, at Sarnia, states that three men had been quarantined there and the boat disinfected. It will be subject to inspection again on its arrival here.

HORRIBLY BURNED.

Ironworker Plunges Both Arms in Molten Metal

Smiths Falls, Ont., May 3.—Albert Rose, an employee of the Mallcable Iron Works, was terribly injured while at work last night. Rose was carrying a ladle of hot metal, when he stumbled and fell. In doing so he plunged both arms up to the elbows in the molten metal. Almost crazed with pain, Rose rushed to a barrel of water and immersed both arms, thus intensifying his agony. He was removed to St. Francis Hospital, where his injuries are being treated. The outcome of the burns is not yet known, but his condition is serious.

REMARKABLE RESOLUTION

Significant Opinion of Reciprocity From Dufferin, a Conservative Riding.

Ottawa, May 3.—A remarkable expression of public opinion in regard to reciprocity was incorporated in a return presented to the House of Commons yesterday afternoon by the Prime Minister. It was a petition of the electors of the County of Dufferin, Ontario, and was signed by 641 electors, representing every class of the community, farmers as well as townsfolk.

Its wording was as significant as the character of the signatures. It was:

'We, the undersigned electors of the County of Dufferin, believe that the reciprocity agreement now before the House, if carried, would result in lasting benefit to the agricultural community of this Dominion at large.

'We also repudiate the views so freely expressed by the gentlemen representing the privileged classes and the moneyed institutions of the country. We consider it little better than an insult for them to dictate to you what they consider good for the farmer. We ask for no privileges, only the chance to buy and sell where we think best.'

This is pretty strong language, but its significance will be grasped when it is stated that the County of Dufferin is probably the most Conservative riding in the whole Province of Ontario. At the last general election the late Dr. Barr had a majority of 1,443, his Liberal opponent polling only 797 votes, and when the doctor died the situation seemed so hopeless from the Liberal standpoint that the present member, Mr. John A. Best, was elected by acclamation. Dufferin includes the limits of the former riding of Cardwell, which was represented from 1878 to 1891 by the late Hon. Thomas White, and afterwards by his son, Mr. R. S. White, the present collector of customs at Montreal.

TRUST GRIPS NATION.

Serious Declaration Made to United States Committee.

Washington, May 3.—The declaration that a 'trust' grips the entire manufacturing industry of the United States was made to-day before the Senate Committee on Finance, which began hearings on the Canadian reciprocity bill. Manufacturers from the middle west told the committee they were practically at the mercy of the United Shoe Machinery Company of Boston.

SACRED RELICS WERE STOLEN

Ark of the Covenant and Other Treasures of the Tribes of Israel

REMOVED FROM MOSQUE.

Turks Threaten Violence to English Archaeologists—Government to Act.

Jerusalem, Palestine, May 3.—The inhabitants have been aroused to the point of rioting by the operations of a party of English archaeologists, who are accused of having excavated beneath the inviolable Mosque of Omar and removed relics reputed to include the Ark of the Covenant, the Censer, and other sacred vessels which belonged to the tribes of Israel.

Azmy Bey, the Turkish Governor, was mobbed on the streets for supposed complicity in the profanation and hooted as 'a pig.' The mosque has been closed and is closely guarded pending the arrival from Constantinople of officials of the Government, who will make an investigation.

The expedition worked for two years on a large scale, beginning at the village of Siloam, which lies at the southeast end of Jerusalem, on the southern slope of the Mount of Olives, overlooking the valley of Kedron and the Pool of Siloam. The explorers are credited with having excavated a passage from the Pool of Siloam toward the place where once stood Solomon's temple, built in 1012 B.C., pillaged and restored, and finally destroyed by Titus A.D. 70. Failing to reach the relics sought in this manner, the explorers, according to the alleged confessions of the guards of the mosque, bribed the guards, entered the mosque, and after digging on six nights, spirited away the treasures, 'the whereabouts of which,' says an Arabic paper, 'none know except God and these English.' Mystery surrounds the expedition, whose operations have been of such magnitude as to make evident that a large sum of money was invested.

RIOTOUS SCENE IN COURT

Camorrists Rage at Informer Like Beasts and Forced Adjournment

Viterbo, May 3.—Nicola Morra, denounced by Gennaro Abbattemaggio as one of the actual assassins of Cuoccolo and the latter's wife, faced his accuser in court to-day, and their exchanges provoked a scene so violent that President Bianchi was compelled to suspend the sitting.

As was the case yesterday, the informer and the defendant stood by the judge's bench and appeared to be prevented from springing at each other's throat only by the intervening carabineers.

Morra's associates in the prisoners' pen alternately cheered him and cursed his 'traducer.'

Again Abbattemaggio described the murders, indicating minutely the part taken by Morra, who frequently interrupted with denials. The accused first rejoined with ridicule, but anger soon possessed him, and the rising tide of invective finally silenced the voice of the state's star witness.

'Your whole story is absurd,' answered Morra. 'If it were true I must have been an idiot, and if I were an idiot I would have not been chosen to organize a crime. The truth is that you are a miserable epileptic, now in abnormal condition. I can prove my own assertions of innocence by witnesses who will be called at an opportune moment. I do not mention them now because if their identity was known to the carabineers the latter would intimidate them.'

Then followed a verbal duel between the informer and the accused in which they exhausted their knowledge of the Italian language in expressing their hatred and contempt of each other. As the combat raged the other prisoners behaved like mad men.

Antonio Cerrato, another of the alleged actual murderers, pried his head through the steel bars of the cage attempting to reach Abattemaggio, who turned and spat in his face. Cerrato tried to respond in kind, but his satisfaction was limited to soiling the uniform of a carabineer.

The priest, Vitozzi, looking as though he was on the point of apoplexy, screamed at the informer: 'Thief, thief, thief.'

The prisoners within the cage presented a sight horrible to look upon as they cursed, gesticulated and beat their manacled hands against the steel bars in a paroxysm of anger. Unable to proceed, the court declared a recess. Even then it was some time before the carabineers could calm the prisoners sufficiently to make it safe to take them out of the pen for luncheon.

DRANK METHYLATED SPIRITS.

Craving for Drink Fatal to Joseph Tremblay.

Wanting a drink, and not having the money to buy liquor, Joseph Tremblay, aged 31, of 17 Dupre street, drank methylated spirits yesterday, dying soon afterward. He was working in a paint supply house, where the spirits were kept.

RAID ON VICIOUS LIVERS.

City's Scum Gathered In By Morality Force.

Several raids were made last evening on disorderly houses, and this morning the inmates and keepers were in court in large numbers to answer to the charges brought against them. All told there were 21 women taken from five houses, and the amount of fines handed out by Recorder Dupuis totalled $505, or fifty-one months' imprisonment.

In every case where the housekeeper was arrested, the fine for keeping such a disorderly house was $40 or four months. All the inmates were let off with $20 or two months.

BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.

In the breach of promise case of Miss Antoinette Beauchamp against Emmanuel St. Jean, Mr. Justice De-Lorimier rendered judgment this morning granting judgment to the former against the latter for $150 and costs. The plaintiff had sued for $500.

KILLS BROTHER WITH PEPPER

Baby's Prank Ends Life of Two-Year-Old Playmate

TOO YOUNG TO REALIZE.

Parents Were Moving Into House and Children Were in a Bedroom.

Blissfully ignorant of the horrible ending his practical joke was going to have, the three-year-old brother of Romeo Dombrouski, aged two, threw pepper into his playmate's face yesterday afternoon, and fifteen minutes later Romeo expired.

The parents of the child were just moving into the house at 201 Plessis, and their household furniture, supplies, and utensils were scattered around the different rooms. The two children were put into a bedroom out of the way of the workers.

The elder child secured the pepper

ROMEO DOMBREUSKI,
Aged two, killed by brother, aged three.

caster, which was on the table, for a plaything. He unscrewed the cover and saw the dark-colored powder inside. Laughing merrily at the idea of showering his brother with the harmless looking compound, he threw the contents into Romeo's face. The child's mouth was open and a quantity went in, being drawn by the breath to the lungs. The screams of the child alarmed the household and they rushed in to find Romeo in terrible agony, with his brother sitting beside him, blankly watching the contortions of pain. The brother stared silently, not comprehending. Though a doctor was summoned nothing could be done.

In the house this morning the little body was stretched on the bier, and in the same room the other child played. It did not understand. Though it now and again turned toward the bier and seemed to wonder why Romeo did not get out of bed and play with him, it romped around the room, trying now and again to gain possession of a camera on the table.

Deputy Coroner Biron disposed of the case this morning without a jury. No culpability could be attached to the baby, who did not comprehend what it had done.

THE HEBERT CASE

Wife Files Request for Opposition to Judgment Annulling Marriage

As an adjunct to the now famous Hebert-Clouard marriage annulment case, Mrs. Hebert, nee Marie Emma Clouard, as tutor for her two-year-old child, Eugene-Emile, has filed a request for an opposition to the civil judgment annulling the marriage. The motion is being argued at the time this paper goes to press.

Mr. V. G. Cousins is the attorney for Mrs. Hebert and the child, while in the absence of Mr. L. J. Lefebvre, now in Europe, Mr. Paul-Emile Lamarche looks after the husband's interests.

DYNAMITE CONSPIRACY.

Another Witness Identifies James B. McNamara.

Los Angeles, May 3.—Since it has been virtually assured that Judge Walter Bordwell of the Superior Court of this county, will preside at the trial of John J. McNamara, secretary of the international Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, and his brother, James B. McNamara, charged with dynamiting, both the prosecution and the defence are busily preparing for the formal arraignment of the men.

The arraignment will afford Leo M. Rapport, leading counsel for the McNamara brothers, his first opportunity to see the indictments and decide if he will attack their legality. Mr. D. F. Young, of Alhambra, a suburb of Los Angeles, has identified J. B. McNamara as one of a party of four men who sailed with him September 6, 1910 on the steamer 'Mandalay' from San Pedro to San Francisco. He said one of them asked him about the location of explosive manufacturing plants in the neighborhood of San Francisco.

SMOKERS TO BLAME.

Fire Made Family Who Were Moving in, Homeless.

Smoking in the vicinity of a pile of papers and other rubbish is thought to have started a fire yesterday afternoon at 4.40, which considerably damaged the house at 403 Cadieux street and rendered homeless the family who were preparing to move in. The family of Mr. A. Labelle had just moved out and preparations were being made for the others to move in. The papers were piled in the kitchen, which was gutted, and considerable damage was done to the two upper flats.

Sub-Chief Mann found a lump of silver in the kitchen which had been in the slot-box for the gas-meter. The meter had been melted to pieces. Chief Mann turned the 75 cents over to the Gas Company.

SIR WILFRID WILL ATTEND CORONATION

Premier Will Likely Leave Administration to Ministers

TO SAIL ON MAY 12TH

Agreement With Opposition Leader Likely—Conservative Caucus Called.

Ottawa, May 3.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, it is understood, has definitely decided to go to the Imperial Conference and the coronation, and will sail on the 'Virginian' on May 12. In coming to this conclusion it is understood that the Premier has been guided by the consideration that if he does not attend the conference his action will be misunderstood in Great Britain.

This morning Sir Wilfrid had a short conference with Mr. R. L. Borden, the leader of the Opposition, and it is said that he submitted certain proposals to him in respect to the session and the business still before the House. Just what these proposals were is not known, but Mr. Borden will lay them before a Conservative caucus to-morrow.

It is stated that Sir Wilfrid informed the Conservative leader that he proposed to leave for England next week, and would leave the House in charge of Mr. Fielding and the other ministers. General business could be proceeded with, and when it is all disposed of the discussion of reciprocity could be resumed, and if necessary continued until his return from England, after the conference, and the Coronation. It is likewise understood that the two leaders discussed the advisability of the House adjourning until after the return of the Premier, an interim supply bill being passed before the adjournment. A considerable number of the Liberal members would not object to a two months' adjournment. As a matter of fact they would prefer to go home for a couple of months than to remain in Ottawa marking time till the Premier returns from England. Which of the two proposals will be accepted is at the moment a matter of some doubt, which will be settled probably within the next twenty-four hours.

The probabilities seem to favor a short adjournment.

Whatever the arrangement, the Liberals say the reciprocity agreement will be pressed through the House.

SURPRISE SNOWSTORM.

Birds and Buds and Milliners Shocked by the Cold Snap.

The spring robin put his head out from under the leaves this morning then he went back; 'Maria,' he said, 'it is snowing. I a going to put the stove pipes up again, and you had better get out my fur coat. And Maria, we will have porridge for breakfast this morning instead of pulverised sawdust. And Maria, I hope this house belongs to humans with plenty of fuel, otherwise we shall be cold.'

The spring robin and the first green buds on the trees and the first tips of spring wheat and all those things which indicate spring such as the young man's fancy lightly turning and the moth bags and blue bags and spring cleaning all had rude shocks this morning when they found that contrary to the predictions the wind had not abated, the cold had not departed, and the snow was flitting around in the air as though we were at the commencement of November instead of the early days of May.

The syrens of the first boats up the river mocked at the signs of winter, and the milliners of St. Catherine street, panic stricken, filled their windows with summer hats absolutely reduced to half cost price.

News comes from the West, however, that milder weather is prevailing there, and as it was colder there than here yesterday, perhaps Montreal will soon get rid of the present cold spell.

SHERIFF HAD A FALL.

Dr. Lemieux Rolled Down Staircase in Court House.

Sheriff Lemieux had a narrow escape this morning. When coming down the marble stair from the third floor, his foot slipped, and losing his balance the sheriff tumbled down some thirty steps. As it was, the only damage done was a contusion to the left arm and a nerve racking shaking. But Sheriff Lemieux is a physician, and he prescribed for himself the necessary soothing remedies.

FARMERS' BANK CASE.

Toronto, May 3. — It is altogether likely that the conspiracy cases against Messrs. Stratton, Warren and the provisional directors of the Farmers' Bank, who have been committed for fraud, will be put over till the September court. The defence, it is said, is not ready to go on. A conference was held this morning, attended by all the counsel in the case, and an application will be made to the court this afternoon, it is said.

'I will not consent to a postponement unless they make out a good case,' said Mr. Lynch Staunton, of Hamilton, Crown prosecutor in the present assizes. 'If it does go over the Crown cannot lose its evidence,' he added significantly.

The case of hypothecation of the bank's notes against Messrs. Warren and Morden comes up before Judge Winchester to-morrow.

MANY WERE NOMINATED.

The Montreal Reform Club held an informal reunion of the members at the club rooms, 30 University street, last night, when a programme of speeches, music, and refreshments was taken part in, during which nominations for officers and members of council for the ensuing year were received.

There was a good attendance, about 20 names being submitted for election.

MISS CARTIER ON THE PIANO.

Before the members, and under the auspices of the Alliance Francaise, Miss Victoria Cartier, the French Canadian lady pianist, delivered a lecture on the piano as compared to other musical instruments. The artistic qualities of Miss Cartier, and her real talent of lecturer, made the subject an easy task for her, and it is with pride that our French contemporaries signalize the event in the most flattering terms.

MR. J. M. WILSON APPOINTED TO SENATE

Local Merchant Chosen to Succeed Late Senator Forget

Mr. Joseph M. Wilson, wine merchant, of Montreal, has been appointed to the Senate, to succeed the late Senator Forget.

Joseph Marcellin Wilson, senior member of the firm of Boivin, Wilson

MR. JOSEPH M. WILSON.

& Co., wholesale wine merchants, is one of the best known business men of the younger French-Canadian generation. He is a life-long Liberal, director of the Bank of Hochelaga; director of the Canada Publishing Company, and president of the Meichers' Distillery Company, of Berthierville, Que. He is also a member of the Canadien and St. Denis Clubs, and a first cousin to Mr. C. A. Wilson, K.C., MP. for Laval.

FIRECRACKERS BANNED

Controllers Give Police Instructions to Treat Severely all Offenders

No fire crackers or fireworks in Montreal to be sold or used under pain of arrest is the result of a conference between Chief of Police Campeau and the Board of Control. Article 160 of the city's charter permits such action to be taken as a protection against fire. The police are instructed to deal severely with offenders. A permit will be necessary for any association or person who desires to have a fireworks display.

A correspondent wrote this morning from Park avenue to ask if something cannot be done to prevent the gangs of boys and young men who infest that neighborhood constantly, letting off fire-crackers and petards in the streets. He desires to know if there is any law on the subject. The city by-laws cover it in the following terms: 'No person shall set fire to any fireworks in any square or street without having obtained permission from the inspector to do so, nor shall any person set fire to any fireworks on private property nearer to any building than forty yards. No person shall keep, sell or explode any fire-crackers within the city . . . without having applied for or obtained a license or permit from the inspector.'

The above extracts are from section 112 of the building by-laws, which are now being revised, and the inspector referred to is the building inspector. Mr. Chausse has no recollection of ever having been asked by a boy whether he might let off fireworks in the street.

17-YEAR-OLD CASE

Bank's Action Has Been Through all the Courts of the Empire

Mr. Justice Archibald rendered judgment yesterday in a case which was instituted seventeen years ago, and which has been heard throughout all the courts of the Empire.

It is the case of the Eastern Townships Bank against Mr. Andrew Rough. In 1884 the bank bought a property at a judicial sale by the sheriff, which it resold to Mr. Rough. The latter afterwards asked for the annulment of the sale, on the ground that he could not secure a clear title of the property, but the bank claimed that as it had only acted as prete nom, Mr. Rough should be forced to accept the property as it was.

The case was fought in the different courts of the country, finally going to the Privy Council, which gave a decision favorable to Mr. Rough.

Afterwards, however, the bank attorneys found that there had been a vise of procedure in one of the appeals, and upon making a civil request, the case was sent back to the Superior Court. It is on this instance that Mr. Justice Archibald rendered judgment yesterday in favor of the bank.

It is now stated that the case will start on its pilgrimage of appeals until it reaches again the Privy Council. As it took seventeen years to get at the present stage, some length of time may yet elapse until final judgment be given, and by that time it is thought that the costs incurred will more than exceed the value of the property at stake.

ILLEGAL LIQUOR SELLING.

Several Smart Fines Inflicted To-day

The judge of the police court this morning administered several good-sized fines for illegal liquor selling, and made the statement that future offenders would feel the justice of the court in a similar manner. Julia Grant, for selling without a license, was fined $100 or three months; G. F. Gauvin, $50 or three months, and S. N. Mazinette, for selling on Sunday, was condemned to pay a fine of $75 or three months by Judge Lanctot.

SUICIDE HAD BEEN ILL.

Evidence adduced at the inquest at the morgue this morning, on John Robinson, who committed suicide after attacking Mrs. G. C. Larue, on Monday, showed that he had been suffering severely from stomach trouble for some time, and that the razor was found tightly gripped in his hand so a verdict of suicide while insane was returned by the jury.

UNDERGROUND BELT LINE

Montreal Central Terminal Railway Proposes to Cross Montreal

TUNNEL THE ST. LAWRENCE.

Company Renews Application For Permit—Must Place Conduits Deep.

The Montreal Central Terminal Railway, by its charter, granted in July last year, has to spend fifteen percent of its $20,000,000 capital within two years, and finish the work within five years in order to keep their charter. Their charter gives them power to construct a belt line underground from a point in Maisonneuve across Montreal to a point about half a mile west of the Cote St. Paul road, on the upper Lachine road, thence south under the St. Lawrence River to the south shore, and eastward again to a point opposite Ile Ronde, where the route would again pass under the St. Lawrence straight beneath Ile Ronde to a point in the neighborhood of Delorimier street, joining the Maisonneuve line again just above St. Catherine street.

Last year the city contested this plan, because the proposal was to make an open cut, and simply cover it over. This would have so deranged the sewer and water system that the city would not agree, and the only terms on which they will consent to grant this petition are that the route shall be carried far enough below the surface to obviate this danger.

Coming from the junction of Fifth avenue, in the town of Maisonneuve, with the Canadian Northern and Quebec Railway, the road turns down towards the harbor front, crossing at an angle Ontario street, St. Catherine and Dorchester street in turn, and running along Craig street and St. Antoine street and beyond till it comes to the Turcot yard of the Grand Trunk Railway.

City Attorney Archambault is going to Ottawa on Monday next both in connection with this to guard the city's interests and to proceed with the preparation of his case against the Bell Telephone Company.

$720,000 FOR NEW WARDS

Controllers are Recommending Fulfilling Pre-annexation Pledges this Season

The controllers this morning passed a resolution recommending council to set aside $720,000 for work this season, to meet the pre-annexation pledges of the city in the newly annexed wards. This arises out of the meeting held on Jan. 11, 1911, between the controllers and Aldermen Emard, Deguire, Lussier, Drummond, Marcil, Bastien, Judge and L. A. Lapointe, but the immediate cause is Ald. Bastien's notice that he would have an injunction served against the city from doing any works in the older parts of the city until its obligations in the outskirts are fulfilled.

A PROMISING ATHLETE.

F. R. JOHNSON,
of Form 5, Champion Gymnast of the High School.
(See page 10.)

REAL ESTATE.

VILLAGE SUES REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Messrs. Pelletier, Letourneau and Beaulieu, advocates, acting under instructions from the Corporation of Sault au Recollet village, have entered an action in the Superior Court for $10,000 damages against Mr. G. Des Troismaisons, real estate agent of this city. The allegation is that in May, 1909, the corporation entered into an agreement with Mr. DesTroismaisons, whereby the latter was to construct water works. Part of the work, it is claimed, was to be done by May 1, 1911. It is now stated that nothing has been done, and it is on the strength of this alleged contention that the action asking for the cancelling of the contract and the award of damages as above is taken.

NEWSBOYS' UNION.

A largely attended meeting of the Newsboys' Union was held at the Labor Temple last evening, at eight o'clock, Mr. Peter Murphy, the president, being in the chair. Mr. Cizon, the vice-president, made a strong speech on the prosperity of the Newsboys' Union, Mr. Williams, the marshall, kept the boys well in hand, and over 75 licenses were paid for by the Union and presented to the boys free of all charges. Arrangements were made for the annual picnic, which will be held at Maple Grove this year, at which a large number of prizes will be presented to the winners of the different events.

PRESENTATION TO ALD: MACMAHON.

On his retirement from the service of the Canadian Car and Foundry Co., Ltd., Turcot, a presentation was made to Ald. N. E. McMahon, by his co-employees, the foreman at the works, a few friends, and the principals of the firm. The present, a fine watch and fob, was presented along with an address by the superintendent, Mr. W. J. Johnson.

CONSTRUCTION BIG POWER DAM IS OF INTEREST

It was pointed out on the street this morning that not long ago a prominent civic official stated that the Long Sault dam scheme was essential to the development of the city. If such is the case, he said, the new project of the Canadian Light and Power Company to dam the St. Lawrence from Coteau du Lac to Clark's Island should meet with approval, as the company could develop from this source 500,000 h.p., or about five times the city's present requirements.

Unlike the Longue Sault project, the object of which was to send power into the United States, the primary idea of the Canadian Power Company is to supply Montreal.

It is now stated that the opposition to the new project is not of a very obstructive character. The Canadian Power interests state that the construction of the dam would not impede, but assist navigation, as they would make a much deeper channel than there is at present in that vicinity, and that the water taken from the river would return to it six miles further down.

It seems that the engineering fraternity, as a whole, is not objecting to the scheme from the navigation or any other point of view, and that the most recent developments in connection with the enterprise are of a favorable character.

The whole matter is to be thoroughly gone into by a commission appointed by the Federal Government, and it will depend largely on its recommendation that the authorities at Ottawa will act. In the meantime the Canadian Power people are waiting developments. They are prepared to go ahead immediately.

HOLLINGER STOCK $12.10

When Hollinger stock shot up to $12.10 this morning, creating a new high record, the street had something to talk about, and people began to recall the Rubber and Oil booms of last year's London season, wondering if something similar was to occur right in this city.

When asked the cause of the boom, those who should know about it merely said that the property was a valuable one.

LITTLE EXTRA

New York, May 3.—The American Tobacco Company sliced a 'melon' to-day by declaring an extra dividend of 7½ percent in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 2½ percent.

Porcupine Prices

Following are this morning's quotations reported by Gordon and Shorey:

	Bid.	Asked.
Apex	17	15
Dome Extension	53	54
Doble	3.25	3.35
Hollinger	12	12.06
Rea, 200 at 620, 200 at 625, 100 at 628.		
Pearl	50½	54
Preston	35½	36
Porc. Gold	52½	53
West Dome	230	235
Swastika	53½	54½
Crown Reserve	352	355

Following were this morning sales of mining issues reported by Gordon and Shorey:

Dome Ext., 6200 at 53, 1000 at 53½.
Hollinger, 100 at 1180, 50 at 1200, 125 at 1175, 200 at 1170, 100 at 1195, 7125 at 1200, 100 at 1205.
Cobalt Lake, 2000 at 22.
Rea, 200 at 620, 200 at 625, 00 at 628, 300 at 629.
Foley-O'Brien, 500 at 160.
La Rose, 100 at 460.
Pearl Lake, 200 at 50.
Temisk., 50 at 70.
Doble, 100 at 310, 100 at 315.

GRANBY OVER 52.

Granby was quoted at 52 1-4.

MARKET DULL--- QUEBEC STRONG

The local stock market was rather dull this afternoon, with some activity in Power around 150. Detroit was steady around 70 1-2, with Steel common around 56 3-4. Steel Company of Canada pfd. sold at 91, while Quebec Railway was very firm at 65 1-4; Canadian Pacific, 236 1-2.

Wall St. Closed Stronger C.P.R. Again High

The New York stock market closed stronger to-day, with Reading at 157 1-8, Soo 139 1-2, Union Pacific 179 3-8, and U. S. Steel 76 3-8.

Canadian Pacific was again stronger, the highest point reached being 236, after which it closed at 235 3-4.

Harvester jumped five points from 119 1-2 to 125 1-2.

C.P.R. EARNINGS

The earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railway from April 21 to 30, inclusive, show an increase of $207,000.

RIO MEETING.

Toronto, May 3.—Routine business only was transacted at the annual meetings of the Rio and Sao Paulo shareholders to-day. The annual reports have already been published. The old directors were re-elected.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

Mexican Bds.—1000 at 86.
Quebec Bds.—5000 at 84.
Molsons—8 at 208.
Can. Pac. Ry.—25 at 236 1-2.
Crown Reserve—100 at 355.
Mexican—2 at 83 1-4.
Lenman—20 at 59.
Scotia—5 at 97½.
Detroit—25 at 70½, 50 at 70½, 25 at 70½, 25 at 70½.
Bank of Montreal—25 at 258.
Royal Bank—1 at 238½, 4 at 238.
Steel Company of Canada, preferred—50 at 91.
Steel Corporation—225 at 56¾, 25 at 56¾, 5 at 56½, 25 at 56¾.
Power—25 at 149⅞, 9 at 150, 3 at 150, 25 at 149⅞, 50 at 149¾.
Soo Rights—5 at 7½.
Cement Common—5 at 22.
Shawinigan—50 at 113.
East Canada—50 at 39¾, 25 at 40.
Dominion Iron Bonds—$1,000 at 94½.
Quebec Railway—225 at 65¼.

TORONTO CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, May 3.—A light run. Trade good and active. Prices firm. Receipts 42 cars with 525 head of cattle, 142 sheep and lambs, 900 hogs and 300 calves. Th light run of cattle gave a firm tone to the market, and if prices were n ot quoted higher they were at least good and firm at yesterday's levels. Trade was active and the small offerings were readily disposed of by an early hour.

Choice heavy steers for butcher or export firm at $5.80 to $6.00. Choice butcher light medium, $5.00 to $5.75; medium choice mixed steer sand heifers, $5.25 to $5.50; common mixed, $4.50 to $5.00; canners, $2.50 to $3.50.

Feeders heavy, firm, and in good demand at $5.40 to $5.80; light stockers, $4.25 to $4.50. Sheep and lambs steady, ewes, $4.75 to $5.25; bucks, $3.50 to $4.25; yearlings lambs, $6.00 to $6.60; spring lambs, $4.00 to $6.60; calves, steady to firm at $4.50 to $6.50; milch cows and springers, good quality, in good demand at $55 to $70 each.

Hogs unchanged at $6.00, f.o.b. and $6.30, fed and watered.

STOCK LISTED, WITH MARKET ON DULL SIDE

A feature of the Stock Exchange this morning was the listing of the stock of the Steel Company of Canada, the common selling for a few shares at 31, with no quotations on the preferred. This company gives evidence of a future as the earnings for the first six months of its career under the new management shows about 4 percent earned on the common.

With the exception of the two or three of the higher priced issues the session was a very quiet one, and in the majority of sales fractional and even greater declines were noted.

WALL STREET COMMENT.

New York, May 3.—The opening was dull and heavy with profit-taking in some of the leading issues. A few stocks resisted the general declining tendency and showed marked strength. Amongst these Erie and Atchison were conspicuous, but during the second hour, the general list became quite weak, and, for a while, fairly active at the decline.

At the lower level activity gradually ceased and the market rallied. The general tone is now steady, and, as a rule, prices are but little changed from last night's close.

The news on the Steel trade was not stimulating, and U. S. Steel, amongst the active issues, was the one that seemed to be under greatest pressure.

Application to List Russell Motor Car Stocks is Requested

The management of the Russell Motor Car Company has applied to the executive of the Montreal Stock Exchange to list motor car securities on the local market.

The application asks that $800,000 worth of preferred and the same amount in common stock be listed as the company is desirous to market its issues without delay.

The executive of the Stock Exchange will consider the application at once and it is expected that the Motor Car people will receive a favorable reply to their request.

New York, May 3. — About $836,620,950 in new securities have been issued since January 1 last.

London Consols, Stocks, Silver, Money and Rates

London, May 3.—4 p.m.—Closing:—Consols for money, 81⅞; do. for account, 80 9-16.

C. P. R., 240½; G. T. R., 27½.

Bar silver quiet 24 9-16d per ounce.

Money, 1½ to 2 percent.

Discount rate, short bills and three months bills, 2 5-16 to ⅜ percent.

PARIS BOURSE STEADY.

Paris, May 3.—Prices were steady on the Bourse to-day.

Closing: Three percent rentes, 95 francs 95 centimes for the account. Exchange on London, 25 francs 30 centimes for cheques.

BERLIN MONEY RATES.

Berlin, May 3.—Exchange on London, 20 marks 45 pfennigs for cheques. Money, 3¾ percent. Private discount rate, 3 percent.

April Steel Orders

Pittsburg, May 3.—Steel orders in April averaged about 25,000 tons a day, against 35,000 tons in March. Structural and railroad orders now showing improvement.

BAR SILVER STEADY.

Bar silver was quoted at 53¼ cents per ounce in New York this morning.

READING EARNINGS.

Reading earned 4.66 percent on its common stock for nine months of the fiscal year.

COPPER MERGER.

The vote of the stockholders of the Calumet and Hecla mines show 81 p.c. favor merger of nine smaller subsidiary companies with Calumet.

SMELTERS DIVIDEND.

The American Smelters Securities Company declared its regular quarterly dividend of 1½ percent on the preferred and 1¼ percent on preferred B.

UNLISTED STOCKS

Following are this morning's sales and quotations of unlisted stocks as reported by W. P. O'Brien:

	Bid.	Asked.
Dom. Can. com.	65	65½
Pref	95	98
Price Bros. bonds	86¼	87
Lachine 5 percent bonds	101½	102
Breweries pref	87	92
Bonds	101	102½
Can. Power stock	53¾	54½
Bonds	81	81½
Cereal com.	—	17
Pref	78	82
Hillcrest com	—	50
Pref	83	86
West. Can. Power	57½	58
Bonds	89	90
Mex. North Power	29	30
Hollinger	1195	1200

SALES.

Rea, 500 at 620, 500 at 625.
Can. Power, 50 at 53 7-8.
West. Can. Power, 3 at 57, 50 at 57½.

TORONTO SALES

Toronto, May 3.—Sales: Mackay pfd., 26 at 75, 50 at 75¾, 50 at 75½, Duluth-Superior, 45 at 82.

Rogers—2 at 180.

Saw Massey—10 at 33, preferred, 5 at 89.

Porto Rico—65 at 60.

Sao Paulo—170 at 163¾.

Soo Rights—28-100 at 35c; preferred, 14-100 at 35c.

Montreal Power—25 at 150.

Pac Burt—7 at 45.

Cana. Perm—222 at 170.

Dominion Telegraph—17 at 110.

Toronto Electric—3 at 133¼.

City Dairy—87 at 36, 2 at 35.

F. N. Burt, preferred—51 at 118½.

Rio—30 at 106 3-8, 10 at 106½, 25 at 106 3-8.

Bonds—$1,500 at 105⅝.

Maple Leaf, preferred—50 at 98, 2 at 98½.

Winnipeg—43 at 213, 25 at 214½, 50 at 214.

Imperial—16 at 231.

Metropolitan—40 at 197½.

Toronto—3 at 217½, 2 at 218.

Commerce—15 at 226½, 15 at 226¼, 27 at 230.

Hamilton—10 at 203.

Standard—15 at 229, 2 at 230.

Twin City—10 at 103 3-8.

Tetthewet—1500 at 100.

Crown Reserve—500 at 351.

La Rose—45 £5 4 65.

Consumers' Gas—31 at 195.

Steel Works bonds—$1,000 at 99½, 100 at 100.

TOTAL TONNAGE STEEL PLANTS LARGE IN 1910

Total tonnage of iron and steel manufactured during 1910 by the Dominion Steel Corporation and the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company was greater than the combined output of all other iron and steel companies in Canada. The principal output of these two prominent companies during 1910 was as follows:

	Dom. Steel. tons.	N.S. Steel tons.
Coke	410,000	90,000
Pig iron	255,000	66,000
Steel ingots	304,000	75,000
Steel billets	88,000	58,000
Steel blooms	268,000	....
Steel rails	140,000	....
Bars and plates, rolled	.....	49,000
Axles, forged	.....	34,000
Steel wire rods	79,000	....

The manufacture of steel wire rods in Canada is confined solely to the Dominion Steel Company. The output for 1908, 1909 and 1910 amounted to 41,500, 73,003 and 79,000 tons, respectively.

There is much discussion going on in political and steel circles as to what protection the Ottawa government will give in lieu of the bounty on pig iron, puddled bars and steel ingots, payment of which ceased on Dec. 31 last. The government also served notice that on July 1, 1911, the bounty on steel wire rods would cease. At present Dominion Iron and Steel receives a bounty of $6 per ton from the Dominion Government.

Bounties paid to the Dominion Steel Company and the Scotian Company during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1910, were as follows: Dominion Steel, pig iron, $174,443; steel, $316,249; wire rods, $548,812; total, $1,029,504. Nova Scotia Steel Company, pig iron, $36,076; steel, $61,270; total, $97,346.

SHIPPING MAN ON BUSY SEASON

Mr. R. Dawson Harling, of the Toronto office of the Manchester Ship Canal Company, was a visitor on 'Change this morning.

'Toronto is flourishing,' he said to the 'Witness,' 'and shows greater commercial activity than I have known it to do for some years. Bookings of freight are very large.'

Asked as to whether the Canadian railways would lose by the freight reductions effected just below the border, Mr. Harling stated that the Canadian roads would make reductions to meet the added competition on grain going from Bay ports to Montreal.

'Of course,' he added, 'present rates are not excessive, and the railways will adjust themselves to new conditions if requisite.'

Mr. Harling said that he was optimistic as to future trade conditions, and with good reason. Evidences on all sides were very encouraging indeed.

United States Steel Co. Earnings are Good

New York, May 3—April net earnings of the Steel Corporation were not far from the March total of about $10,500,000. While iron production fell off 6 percent, there was only a small decrease in mill operations.

Net for the current quarter will show substantial gain over the first quarter. Orders last week were larger than in any preceding week in April, and sentiment in steel circles is more cheerful.

Ice Jam Broken and Grain Boats Freed

Mr. L. L. Henderson, of the Montreal Transportation Company, states that the S. 'Lady Grey,' which was sent to the foot of the S oulanges Canal yesterday to break up the i ce jam, did excellent work, and probably saved about two days' delay to lake steamers waiting to come out enroute to Montreal, as well as relieving the axiety of many in the grain trade who had shipments of wheat in transport.

FINANCIAL PERSONALS

Sir Henry Pellatt has returned to Toronto from Atlantic City.

Mr. E. A. Robert is home from Ottawa.

Mr. D. L. McGibbon will return on Saturday from Atlantic City.

G.T.R. INCREASE

The Grand Trunk Railway traffic earnings from April 22 to 30, show an increase as follows:—

1911.. .. ..$1,125,144
1910.. 1,103,199

Increase .. ..$ 21,945

TORONTO GRAIN

Toronto, May 3.—Cash grain market is firmer. The sensational advance in the May option was made in the early trading this morning. This gave strength to the spot wheat situation here and bay ports. Canadian western oats and corn are quoted firmer and higher. Barley is dull and weak.

Ontario winter wheat, No. 3, 84c to 85c outside; Manitoba No. 1 northern, $1.00½; No. 2, 98c; No. 3, 96c lake ports. Canadian western oats, No. 2, 39c; No. 3, 37½c lake ports. Manitoba flour quotations:—First patents, $5.10; second patents, $4.60; strong bakers, $4.40. Corn, No. 3 yellow, 56c bay ports.

Ontario oats, No. 2, 35c to 36c outside. Peas, No. 2, 80c to 81c outside. Barley, No. 3, extra or good malting, 68c outside; feed barley, 50c to 57c. Buckwheat, 52c to 53c outside. Rye, firm 70c to 71c outside. Bran—Manitobas at $23 in bags Toronto, and shorts $23 in bags Toronto. Ontario flour patents, $3.40 seaboard.

Liverpool Quotations

Liverpool, May 3.—Closing:—Wheat, spot dull; No. 2 red western winter, no stock; futures, quiet; May, 6s 10⅝d; July, 6s 10⅞d; October, 6s 9⅝d. Flour winter patents, quiet 27s 6d. Beef, extra India mess, steady 87s 6d. Pork, prime mess western, steady 77s 6d. Hams, short cut, 14 to 16 pounds, firm 52s 6d. Bacon, Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 pounds, steady 51s; short rib, 16 to 24 pounds, nominal; clear bellies, 14 to 16 pounds, steady 52s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 pounds, easy 53s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 pounds, dull 51s; short clear backs, 16 to 20 pounds, quiet 48s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 pounds, quiet 43s 6d. Lard, prime western, in tierces, firm 42s 3d; American refined, in pails, firm 43s. Cheese, Canadian finest, white, new, firm 63s 6d; do. finest, colored, new, strong 67s. Butter, good American, firm 80s; finest do., firm 88s.

M.S.R. AND CIVIC OFFICIALS MET OVER CONTRACT

Conference Was Private and Only Details Discussed--- Street Expects Settlement

An air o secrecy hung around the deliberations of the Board of Control this morning, while considering with President Robert, of the Montreal Street Railway, and Mr. J. L. Perron, K.C.M.P.P., solicitor for the company, the basis of an agreement for a new contract between the city and the company.

Ald. L. A. Lapointe said, 'I have not received an invitation to be present at the discussion. It means tha I will have to say all the more when the matter comes up before Council,' smilingly remarked the alderman.

Ald. Prud'homme considered that the Controllers could come to an understanding quicker in a private session.

When at last the meeting was over, the principals in the discussion had a most cheerful way of dispensing information.

President Robert, questioned on the progress made, smilingly said that it was a fine day, a piece of mis-information which Mr. Perron corrected by adding, 'It is a little too cold.' A hearty laugh followed.

Controller Lachapelle intimated that this was an initial meeting, and most of it was spent in trying to arrive at each other's point of view. 'We will continue to hold meetings from time to time until the negotiations have resulted in the ormation of a contract, but as yet there is nothing to report. The date o fthe next meeting is not yet set. We are to notiy them when we desire another meeting. We have been only paving the way to an understanding this morning.'

Controller Wanklyn said that there seemed to be a willingness to negotiate among all concerned.

Ald. Lapointe remarked that Controller Wanklyn had asked City Attorney Ethier if the city could legally treat with the Montreal Street Railway as they had only been authorized to make a contract with the amalgamated company, the Montreal Tramways Company. Ald. Lapointe thought that this was immaterial. He said: 'We can negotiate conditionally.'

In the financial district much satisfaction was expressed that the two interests had at last come together looking towards a settlement. It is expected that if all concerned are serious the settlement of the whole Street Railway situation will only be a matter of time, and the 'Street' expects a favorable solution before long of the present M.S.R. stock position.

APRIL CUSTOMS

Ottawa, May 3. — Canada customs collections for the month of April totalled $5,609,124, and port deposits of March collections, $978,078, a total revenue of $6,587,203.

This is upwards of half a million greater than in the corresponding period last year, when the total revenue was $6,024,278, made up of April collections, $5,054,767, and port deposits of March collections, $969,410.

YUKON GOLD.

Yukon quoted at 3 7-8 to 4.

WANTED
OFFERINGS OF
City of Ottawa Debentures.
Royal Securities Corporation, Limited
164 St James Street, Montreal
Toronto Quebec Halifax
London, Eng.

£15,000
Canadian Steel Foundries, Limited,
6% First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Bonds
Maturing 1st March, 1936.
This Company is a consolidation of the Montreal Steel Works and Ontario Iron & Steel Company.
The Bond issue is secured by a first mortgage on the properties of the Ontario Iron & Steel Company and by over 95 percent of the shares of the Montreal Steel Works.
The Principal and interest is guaranteed by endorsement of the Canadian Car & Foundry Company, Limited.
Price 102½ and interest.
Royal Securities Corporation, Limited
164 St James Street, Montreal
Toronto Quebec Halifax
London, Eng.

Dominion Canners, Limited
6% BONDS
Authorized, $2,500,000. Issued, $1,000,000.
Maturing April 1st, 1940. Interest Payable Half Yearly at the Bank of Montreal, Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton and London, Eng.
Net Earnings of Company over six times amount required to pay Bond Interest. Bonds issued to the extent of 2-3 value of fixed assets.
Price on Application
C. Meredith & Company, Limited

MONTREAL'S LOSS IS BOSTON'S GAIN IN GRAIN TRADE

Large Volume of Grain Traffic Diverted to Boston as Result of Reduced Freight Rates

That the port of Montreal is likely to lose heavily in the matter of grain shipments as a result of present freight rate reductions below the border, is a conclusion forced upon a number of those engaged in the trade here. What is loss to us will undoubtedly be Boston's gain.

A despatch from the latter city says that as a result of the reduction in export grain rates from 5½c to 4c on wheat, and 4¾c to 4c on corn between Buffalo and Boston, nearly 1,000,000 bushels of wheat and another 1,000,000 of corn have already been booked for May shipment from Boston. Large quantities of grain are being held at Chicago, and, since the new rate became effective April 27, heavy shipments should now move forward and Boston become a keen competitor with Montreal during the open season.

The coming summer promises considerable activity in the grain business of this port, it continues, and will furnsh a marked contrast to that of 1910, when grain exports fell to such a low ebb that many of the large European steamers were forced to sail with scarcely a bushel in their holds.

While wheat prices are lower than at any time during the last four years, they are still too high for any pronounced export movement.

Seats on Boston Stock Exchange Fall in Price

Boston, May 23.—The $27,000 paid for for the Boston stock exchange seat of John E. Gilcreast, now posted for transfer, is $8000 less than the price paid for the last seat sold and is the same figure at which the seat of Charles Head was sold last July.

Since Charles Head's seat was sold, there has been a sale at $30,000 and a sale at $25,000, the latter sale occurring last November.

The highest price at w hich Boston stock exchange seats have ever sold is $38,500, which was recorded in the spring of 1907, but the price dropped to $25,000 in the fall of that year during the panic period.

Council of Bondholders Stigmatizes States of Mississippi and N. Carolina

London, May 2.—The Council of Foreign bondholders recently addressed a request to the committee of the New York Stock Exchange to oppose the listing of the proposed issue of bonds by the States of Mississippi and North Carolina.

The Council also repeats the warning given to British investors in June, 1910, concerning the financial obligations of these states.

OPINIONS on the MARKET

H. L. Horton & Co.—There is so much idle money about and good stocks are so strongly held, it will take some especially serious development to force prices much below the present level.

J. S. Bache & Co.—We believe stocks are a purchase on all reactions as the short interest is being increased by these sudden changes in the movement of security prices. We look for higher prices ultimately.

Laidlaw & Co.—Much of the strength displayed no doubt is due to the continued activity and strength of the bond market, which reflects persistent institutional buying on a considerable scale.

GOOD CHANGE

Baton Rouge, La., May 3.—The warehouse operated by a Sovereign state through one of its boards of administration will be known wherever cotton is known, and its receipts will be current throughout the financial world.'

In these words President W. B. Thompson, of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange in an address before the Louisiana State Bankers' Association here, endorsed the public owned warehouse as the solution of the present defective system of handling the south's great cotton crop, answering the demands of the exporter, the banker and the producer at once.

RUSSELL MOTOR STOCK.

The first payment of $20 per share in the issue of the Russell Motor Car Co. preferred stock was due yesterday.

Government Municipal and Corporation Bonds

Correspondence Invited.

CANADA SECURITIES CORPORATION, Limited

Hon. C. J. Doherty, K.C., M.P. President.

Rodolphe Forget, M.P., Vice-President.

Geo. H. Gooderham, M.P.P., Vice-President.

HEAD OFFICE:
179 ST. JAMES STREET
MONTREAL

W. GRAHAM BROWNE & CO.
DEALERS IN BONDS.
222 St. James Street, Montreal.

MARWICK, MITCHELL & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
OF SCOTLAND,
11 Place D'Armes (Quebec Bank Bldg.)
Resident Partner, David S. Kerr, C.A., (Scot.), Telephone 194 Main.

TRADE ACTIVE ALL OVER WEST ---LOTS OF MONEY

Winnipeg, May 3.—Continued activity in the demand for accommodation is the feature of the money market in the west and the only restraint upon the volume of business in that connection is the fact that the supply is not infinite.

General business is very active all along the line, and this inspires the inquiry for loans. The banks are finding plenty of scope for their energies in the encouragement of industrial and mercantile enterprises, and they report a very healthy state of affairs.

Collections are comparatively light in the aggregate, but the enormous importations of money are having their effect. The big movement of immigration to Saskatchewan and Alberta has been responsible for marked increases in the supply of money in circulation, and as some of this has found its way into the hands of retail merchants, paper is being taken up more freely.

The state of affairs in Manitoba towns is less satisfactory. The lighter revenue from last year's crops has kept down the volume of collections, and until another harvest rolls around there will be little improvement.

Th financial conditions in Winnipeg are sufficiently indicated by the returns of bank clearings for the past week. A total of $22,000,000, with an increase of nearly 50 percent over 1910 is almost startling, even to those who are familiar with the current activity.

The clearings are practically double of those for the same week in 1909, which is one way of saying that the volume of general business has increased by 100 percent in two years. A similar state of affairs is indicated by the returns from other western cities.

Money in London Was Plentiful While Consols Were Firm---Market

London, May 3.—Money was plentiful to-day despite repayments to the Bank of England. Discount rates were easy.

Consols were firm on the stock exchange, but the rest of the market reacted on profit taking. Home rails and rubber and mine shares showed the greatest losses.

American securities were featureless during the forenoon. Trading was very light and prices showed irregular changes. New York and the Continent sold in the afternoon and caused a general decline, but the market closed steady and a fraction above the low point.

Certain Power at Cobalt Shut Off

Cobalt, Ont., May 3.—Owing to a mishap at the generating station at Ragged Chutes, the plant of the Cobalt Hydraulic Power Company has again been obliged to shut down after only being in operation for a few days, since the first breakdown.

The sleeve in the in-take head has fallen into the tunnel below, and until it is raised, and more machinery obtained from Montreal, power will be off.

This will affect operations at various mines, among others La Rose, Nipissing and Kerr Lake. On the other hand customers of the British Canadian Power Company, including Beaver, Temiskaming and Crown Reserve, now have all the pressure they want, water having risen greatly in the last few days.

PAYMENT IS DUE.

The final payment on subscription to Price Brothers and Company bonds is due.

Stock Exchange Talks

The announcement of the Grand Trunk Railway that it is to spend between nine and ten million dollars in enlargements to Bonaventure station and many improvements in the vicinity, shows that this growing system is quite confident of the position which this city is to continue to occupy in the Dominion.

This is evidently going to be a great year for the railways in Canada. Extensive additions to mileage are being made by all the leading lines, involving many millions of outlay.

The Canadian Northern has just placed orders with the Dominion Steel Company for over 100,000 tons of rails. This tonnage represents approximately one thousand miles of track and means expenditure of about $3,250,000. Other equipment orders placed in Canada by the Canadian Northern approximate $4,500,000.

Other large orders which have not been made public have been placed with Canadian steel concerns by the Grand Trunk Railway and the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Possibility of a money squeeze in Canada this year is being discussed in view of the present scarcity of funds available for call loans on stock collateral.

Local brokers found the money stringency becoming most pronounced early in March, when very heavy lines of commercial paper fell due.

It is no secret that Western Canada debtors this spring fell short of meeting their obligations in full, and that their eastern creditors were forced to negotiate financing until after the next crop.

These arrangements have no doubt had a very considerable influence on present money scarcity.

CHICAGO CATTLE MARKET

Chicago, May 3.—Cattle receipts estimated at 18,000; market weak; beeves, $5.00 to $8.10; Texas steers, $4.60 to $5.50; western steers, $4.80 to $5.85; stockers and feeders, $4.00 to $5.45; cows and heifers, $2.40 to $5.60; calves, $4.00 to $5.75.

Hogs receipts estimated at 25,000; market weak; 5c lower; light, $5.70 to $6.15; mixed, $5.70 to $6.05; heavy, at $5.55 to $5.95; rough, $5.55 to $5.70; good to choice heavy, $5.70 to $5.95; pigs, $5.50 to $6.00; bulk of sales, $5.85 to $6.00.

Sheep receipts estimated at 20,000; market steady; native, $3.00 to $4.60; western, $3.25 to $4.60; yearlings, $4.40 to $5.40; lambs, $4.25 to $6.10; western, 4.65 to $6.25.

WHAT GRAIN-MEN HAVE TO SAY

Reports from the West about seeding operations vary very greatly according to th districts from whic hthey come. The season has been late, particularly in the northern districts, but notwithstanding this fact, it is evident the total acreage put to seed will show an unprecedentedly large increase over that of former years.

A few years ago, when the country was settled only along its southern edge the entire wheat crop was subject to the same climatic conditions. As was shown last year, the great area of country sees varied condition in different districts, and even under the most adverse circumstances complete crop disaster now seem impossible.

Following are receipts of grain at Ft. William and Port Arthur reported to-day in carloads: Wheat, No. 1 northern 11, No. 2 northern 35, No. 3 northern 44, No. 4 northern 16, No. 5 northern 4, No. 6 northern 5, other grades 8, and winter 3, total 126 against 242 last year; oats 29, barley 10 and flax 2. Six carloads were received at Calgary.

WHY DOM. STEEL STOCKS ARE AT LOW EBB---HINTS

Discussing the Dominion Steel situation with an anxious questioner, this morning, a well-known banker put the case in this way.

'Undoubtedly there is cause for some dissatisfaction on the part of holders of shares,' he said. 'Without making invidious comparisons, I would like you to compare the position of Dominion Steel with that of the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company.'

'I would point out that while the Dominion Steel board is composed of fifteen members, there have been two vacancies for over a year, which with the more recent losses, makes four. The company, in my opinion, is badly in need of new blood. Certain of the present board, though very respectable and able men, are not of real value to the big Steel concern, through the disabilities of age and other business handicaps, and although I am an admirer of Mr. Plummer, I say that he requires more expert help which he should have secured before now. In fact, it was essential to the prosperous conducting of affairs of so large a concern as Dominion Steel.'

'Look at the common stock selling under 60, and the preferred around 100. I would not go so far as to say that the management bought over the bounty affair, although many investors in Steel issues aver that they did. Another cause of annoyance to shareholders is the failure of the company to show monthly or quarterly statements of earnings as does the much larger and more complicated United States Steel concerns.'

LARGE COTTON PLANTATION IS ACQUIRED

London, May 3.—The purchase of a cotton plantation in the United States by the Fine Cotton Spinners' and Doublers' Association has been officially announced in Manchester.

Mr. A. H. Dixon, the managing director, and Mr. J. W. McConnel, the vice-chairman of the board, recently visited America, and, as a result of their negotiations, the association has acquired, so far as production is concerned, a plantation of 30,000 acres in the heart of the Mississippi delta.

The plantation will supply from 15,000 to 20,000 bales annually of a very long stapled cotton of an exceptionally fine quality which the association require to meet the needs of their customers. In recent years the association has found it increasingly difficult to secure full supplies of this quality of cotton.

The Fine Cotton Spinners' Association has an authorized capital of $30,000,000, and controls about 100 mills in various parts of Lancashire.

Colonel C. C. Braithwaite, of London, England, who was a visitor on Change to-day, said: 'The people in England are in love with Canada. They appear to be ready to invest all their savings in Canadian securities, as long as they are sure of a reliable agent to place their funds. Of course, he hastened to make clear, I am not speaking of the moneyed, but the moderately well-to-do.'

'It is surprising,' he continued, 'how the contagion has spread to the younger ones. The youth of the cities are informing themselves in an admirable way on industrial and financial conditions here.'

Discussing other phases of London life, the Colonel said that the Coronation is to be one of the finest events in the world's history, and that tremendous preparations were being made for it.

What do you think of the political situation in England? was asked.

'I cannot say that I am pleased,' he answered. 'One movement I am very much against is the proposal to put members of Parliament on a salary. It would go against the country.'

The following were introduced on 'Change: Mr. McGregor Knox, of Melbourne, Australia, by the secretary; Mr. T. A. Witzel, of Berlin, Ont., by Mr. E. A. Schmidt; Mr. L. A. W. Doherty, of Hamilton, by Mr. H. J. King; Colonel C. C. Braithwaite, of London, by Mr. W. Browning; Mr. A. H. Rondeau, of Quebec, by Mr. R. W. Oliver; Mr. R. R. Beris, of Birkenhead, by Mr. Farquhar Robertson, and Messrs. P. A. Wardler and N. H. Everitt, of Tamworth, England, by the secretary.

The following were also introduced on 'Change this morning, Mr. R. Dawson Harling, of Toronto by Mr. J. R. Benning, Mr. A. C. McLeod of Stratford by Mr. R. E. Perry, Mr. T. A. Lemaire of New York and W. A. Kittermaster of Chicago by Mr. John Corbett.

WITH THE FRUIT DEALERS

Local wholesale fruit dealers are not at all pleased with the return to wintry weather which has put an immediate check upon fruit orders, and confuses the outlook.

'The market for strawberries is demoralized,' said one this morning. 'We have to sell our stock to retailers at from ten to fifteen cents per box, and no doubt the retail trade has a difficult time disposing of them in weather like this.'

As far as could be learned, the effects of the wind storm on the Ontario fruit trees has been slight. It is too early in the season for much damage to occur.

MARKET MORE ACTIVE.

(Thornton Davidson & Co.)

The local market continues more active and stronger than one might have hoped to find it when all the circumstances are considered.

LIVE STOCK MARKET, May 3.

About 450 head of butchers' cattle, 110 milch cows and springers, 700 calves, 225 sheep and lambs and 935 hogs, were offered for sale at the East End Abattoir to-day. Trade was good and the prices of cattle were higher than on Monday, but not so high as on last Wednesday's market.

Prime beeves sold at from $5.90 to $6.40 per 100 lbs.; pretty good animals, 5c to near 6c, and the common stock from 3¾c to 4¾c per lb.

There were more milch cows on the market to-day than has been the case on any market day for many years past. They sold at from $25 to $60 each, but a good many of them will not be sold to-day.

Calves sold at from 2½c to 5c per lb. The sheep are nearly all shorn; they sell at about 5c per lb.; good yearling lambs are scarce and high priced. A lot of the dead carcases of yearling lambs from Toronto sold at from 14c to 15c per lb. Spring lambs sold at from $4 to $7 each. Good lots of hogs sold at about 8¾c per lb.

PERSONALS.

Miss Iris Mudge has returned home from the West Indies.

Mrs. A. O. Dawson is visiting her mother, Mrs. Henderson, in Ottawa.

Mrs. Walter R. Baillie is receiving this afternoon at her new home on Western avenue.

Mrs. Robert Mackay, Mackay street, accompanied by Miss Teenie MacGregor, sails shortly for England.

Colonel and Mrs. J. H. Burland have arrived in England, and are staying at Bath for a week or two.

Mr. and Mrs. P. W. St. George have moved out to their country residence at Senneville.

Mrs. Southam, while in Ottawa for the Horse Show, will be the guest of Miss Sarah Sparks.

Dr. Andrew Macphail left last night for Prince Edward Island, and will not return until the end of the month.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Greenshields, who are at present in France, will spend the greater part of the summer abroad.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Spencer and Miss Beatrice Spencer have returned from spending three or four weeks in New York and at Atlantic City.

Mr. James Bryce, British Ambassador at Washington, is spending a few days in the Capital, the guest of Their Excellencies Earl and Countess Grey, at Government House.

The Right Reverend A. Hunter Dunn, Bishop of Quebec, and Mrs. Hunter Dunn, arrive home this week after several months abroad in a trip including a tour of the Holy Land.

The Rev. W. J. Hacker, of Pietermaritzburg, Natal, who has been visiting America, sails by the 'Royal George' for England on his way to South Africa.

Among the gifts which Sir Frederick Milner gave to his daughter, Doreen, on her marriage to the Marquis of Linlithgow recently, was a jewelled stomacher, which had belonged to Mary Queen of Scots.

The marriage of Mr. George G. Thomas, of Sudbury, Ont., and Miss Fanny Lobb, of Portscatho, England, took place at the residence of Mr. Wm. Drysdale, Dorchester street, yesterday. The Rev. W. J. Fowler, B.D., officiated.

The marriage of Miss Muriel Scrimger, daughter of the Rev. Principal and Mrs. Scrimger, to Mr. Charles Harold Skelton, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. Charles Skelton, is announced, to take place on Tuesday afternoon, June 6th, at 69 McTavish street.

Capt. and Mrs. Hunter, of Belleville, Ont., have announced the engagement of their only daughter, Ila Bell Day, A.T.C.M., now a missionary in Japan, to the Rev. D. M. Perley, M.A., B.D., Chung King, China. The wedding takes place at Tokio, Japan, on July 7th.

VISCOUNTESS HABERTON.

Pioneer of the Divided Skirt Died Yesterday.

London, May 3.—Viscountess Haberton, who died yesterday, aged 67, was the pioneer of the divided skirt, whose latest development, the harem skirt, appears to have met no better fate than the 'rational dress,' which Lady Haberton advocated. She frequently appeared in public in bifurcated garments, and on one occasion her costume led to legal complications. She was cycling in 'bags,' and the landlord of a Surrey inn refused to serve her refreshments. The cyclists' union brought an action against the innkeeper for refusing to serve a traveller, but lost its case.

CHALLENGES THE MAYOR

Comrade O'Brien, Socialist M.P., Will Lecture in Montreal

Comrade C. M. O'Brien, Socialist member for the Rocky Mountain district to the Alberta Legislature, is in Montreal, on his way to a lecturing tour through the Maritime Provinces. Mr. O'Brien has been asked to speak at the St. Joseph's Hall, St. Catherine street east, to-morrow night, under the auspices of the Montreal local of the Socialist party of Canada, of which he is one of the national organizers. The subject of his discourse will be 'Socialism—the new science of sociology.' Mayor Guerin is to be asked to take the chair. To-night he will also receive a challenge to debate the meaning of the red flag, as the Socialist party is highly amused at his remarks about it which appeared in yesterday's 'Witness.'

Comrade O'Brien speaks enthusiastically about the growth of the Socialist movement in the West. 'It is not,' he said to a 'Witness' reporter this morning, 'the silly sentimental stuff you hear talked about so much, but a scientific explanation of the phenomena of social life. We polled about 22 percent of the vote at the last election in British Columbia, where the Socialists hold the opposition benches in the Legislative Assembly. At present the prospects are that we shall hold the same position in Alberta by the next election, whilst the movement is growing in Saskatchewan and Manitoba. Ontario is going ahead also, and we are getting nicely started in Quebec nad the Maritime Provinces.'

Mr. O'Brien leaves Montreal on Friday for St. John N.B.

THE CHESTER CUP.

London, May 3.—The race for the Chester Cup of 2,550 sovereigns, at Chester, to-day, was won by C. E. Howard's 'Willonyx,' with Higgs in the saddle. W. Raphael's 'Toyship' was second, and G. Edwards's 'Anchora' finished third. Fourteen horses started. The Stewards three-year-old maiden (at entry) plate of 200 sovereigns, was won by August Belmont's 'Sand of the Orient.' 'Quito' was second, and 'Sir Fagan' third. There were five starters.

A Note of Caution

The success of the "Pianola Piano" has inspired many imitations. Piano manufacturers, observing that there is such a widespread demand for an instrument of this type, have made haste to secure this or that Piano-player to use in combination with their instrument.

But the genuine Pianola with its vitally important and exclusive musical features is only to be found in pianos controlled by the Aeolian Company, namely, the Steinway, the Weber, the Steck, the Wheelock and the Stuyvesant.

A cordial invitation to call and hear the "Pianola Player" is extended to you, whether your call be prompted by curiosity or by an intention to purchase. It is on daily demonstration at Nordheimer Hall, 610-612 St. Catherine Street West.

The genuine instrument bears the name "Pianola-Player."

NEW THINGS AT BIRKS'

A LEMON DISH.

A saucer-shaped dish of Crystal mounted with a band of pierced Sterling Silver, and used for serving sliced lemon. We show this dish in a six-inch size, with Sterling Silver Serving Fork complete in presentation case for $5.00.

SILVER DEPARTMENT.

HENRY BIRKS & SONS, LIMITED, Phillips Square

WHEN YOU WANT
a perfect trial balance, your books opened, closed, systematized or audited,
See GORDON
Phone M. 4179. 251 St. James St.

Commencing Sunday, May 7th next, the Canadian Northern Quebec Railway will run a regular Sunday train for Joliette and all intermediate stations, leaving Montreal at 9.15 a.m., returning from Joliette at 8.20 p.m. After June 4th this train will run as far as Shawinigan Falls, on which date summer train service on the Montfort Branch will also take effect.

SHIPPING NEWS

INWARD.

Montrose arrived at Quebec May 2.
Berlin arrived at New York May 2.
Hellig Olaf, arrived at New York, May 2.
Finland, arrived at New York on May 2.
Regina d'Italia arrived at New York on May 2.
Laura, arrived at New York on May 2.
Kron Prinz Wilhelm arrived at New York on May 2.
Bethania, arrived at Baltimore on May 2.
Haverford, arrived at Philadelphia on May 2.
Ionian, arrived at Montreal on May 2.
Sicilian, arrived at Montreal on May 2.
Englishman, arrived at Montreal on May 2.

OUTWARD.

Campania arrived at Queenstown on May 2.
Lake Erie, arrived at Havre on May 2.
Taormina, arrived at Naples on May 2.
Royal George left Montreal on May 2.

THE SAILORS' INSTITUTE.

The first sailors' concert of the season was held last evening at the Sailors' Institute, when a number of old favorites were welcomed once more. Mr. Frank Hardcastle began his sixteenth season, his 'Punch and Judy man' being as funny as ever. Mr. Ed. Curley recited and danced. Mr. George Prentice, of the Corsican, sang 'Thora,' and Mr. J. Murphy and Mr. J. V. P. Mitchell each sang. The most original item, however, was contributed by Mr. George Smith, of the Cervona, who managed to obtain music from such unmusical instruments as tablespoons and coffee pot. Mr. J. M. M. Duff presided, and Miss Meyers was the accompanist.

LUSITANIA REPORTED.

Cape Race, May 3.—The steamer 'Lusitania,' Liverpool for New York, was in wireless communication with the Marconi station here, when 1155 miles east of Sandy Hook at 5 a.m. to-day. She will dock about 8 a.m. on Friday.

MORE LINERS ARRIVE.

With three arrivals yesterday and two this morning, the port of Montreal is regaining its usual summer activity. The 'Sicilian,' 'Ionian' and 'Englishman' arrived last night, while the 'Montrose' and 'Pisa' docked this morning. The 'Cassandra' is due about 8 o'clock this evening.

Captain Tannock, of the 'Sicilian,' in conversation with a 'Witness' reporter, expressed his disappointment at being turned back by ice, and compelled to land his passengers at Halifax. The ice field, he said, stood up out of the water like a wall and extended as far as the eye could reach without a break. He had been unable to find an opening after steaming along the edge of it for about seventy miles, and had been compelled to give up the idea of coming up the river in order to avoid missing his next sailing date. Although feeling at the time that he was doing his best for his passengers, Captain Tannock said that he was not a little disgusted to find that the wind had changed to the west, for he felt sure that he could have got through by waiting a little longer. The 'Ionian' also arrived last night, but as it was late, her passengers remained on board until this morning.

GULF REPORT.

10.00 A.M.

L'Islet, 40—Cloudy, strong northwest.
Father Point, 160— Cloudy, strong north.
Cape Magdalen, 294 — Clear, strong northwest.
Fame Point, 324—Cloudy, northwest.
Cape Despair—Clear, west. Lady of Gaspe anchored at C. Cove.
Cape Ray, 556—Dense fog, southeast.
Flat Point, 584—Hazy, west. No ice. Outward at 5 a.m., C.G.S. Tyrian; 7.00 a.m. Melville; inward at 10 p.m. yesaerday C.G.S. Montcalm.
Cape Race, 830—Dense fog, raining, southwest.

ICE REPORT.

C.G.S. Montcalm reports: From Cap Anguille to Bird Rocks, crossed strip of scattered open ice about four miles wide and very light. From Bird Rock to North Sydney. No ice.

QUEBEC AND ABOVE.

Long Point, 5—Outward at 8.50 a.m. Royal George.

Vercheres, 19.—Inward at 8.15 a.m. J. O. Gravel; 8.45 a.m. Pisa; 8.50 a.m., Montrose; outward at 9.45 a.m., Royal George.

Sorel, 39—Outward at 7.15 a.m., steam barge Georgetown.

Three Rivers, 71—Left up at 8.25 a.m. St. Irenee.

Portneuf, 108—Inward at 9.40 a.m., Tadousac; outward at 8.30 a.m., Quebec.

St. Nicholas, 127—Inward at 8.30 a.m., Prefontaine; 8.55 a.m. Montcalm; 9 a.m., Cassandra.

Quebec, 139—Left up at 9.10 a.m., SS. Lake Michigan.

NO BLAZING INDISCRETION,

Unionist Complaint Regarding President Taft's Speech is Answered

London, May 3.—John Norton Griffiths, Unionist member for Wednesbury, who gave notice on Monday that he would ask Mr. Asquith to immediately instruct Mr. James Bryce to cable for the instruction of parliament a verbatim report of President Taft's recent speech in New York, received his answer to-day.

On behalf of the Premier, Mr. Thos. Mackinnon Wood, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said that he had found in the speech no reason whatever for making any representations to the United States Government.

Mr. John P. Newman, Unionist member for the Enfield division of Middlesex, wished to know if it was not the opinion of the Foreign Office that the expression of the President in using the American editors to advocate Canadian reciprocity before a system of preferential tariffs had bound the British Empire together, was a 'blazing indiscretion.'

'No, sir,' replied Mr. Wood, 'I certainly would say nothing of the kind. I would think that a remark of that sort (Newman's) would be extremely improper addressed to a great and friendly country.'

SWALLOWED PARIS GREEN.

Mrs. Bridget Rollens, aged 59, of 2151 St. Hubert street, swallowed a dose of Paris green yesterday and she is still in a critical condition. She is in the General Hospital.

Montreal City and District Savings Bank

SIXTY-FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT

The annual meeting of the Montreal City and District Savings Bank was held at noon yesterday, when the following report was presented:—

Montreal, May 2nd, 1911.

To the Shareholders,
Gentlemen:

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the Sixty-fourth Annual Report of the affairs of the Bank, and the results of its operations for the year ending December 31st, 1910.

The net profits for the year were $177,751.09, and the balance brought forward from last year's Profit and Loss Account was $69,626.76, making a total of $247,377.85. From this amount have been paid two dividends to our Shareholders and $100,000.00 has been carried to Reserve Fund, making the latter $1,100,000, leaving a balance at credit of Profit and Loss of $32,393.54 to be carried forward to next year.

For the convenience of our Depositors and the Public, it has been deemed expedient to open a Branch in the North-eastern part of the City, and for this purpose a building has been secured at the corner of Mount Royal Avenue and Christopher Columbus Street, which is being remodelled and will be open for business shortly.

As usual, a frequent and thorough inspection of the Books and Assets of the Bank has been made during the year.

The report of the Auditors and the Balance Sheet are herewith submitted.

J. ALD. OUIMET, President.

STATEMENT OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK ON THE 31st DECEMBER, 1910.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand and in chartered banks	$2,523,729.29	
Dominion of Canada Government Stock and accrued interest	2,547,845.83	
Provincial Government Bonds	440,146.28	
City of Montreal and other Municipal & School Bonds and Debentures	10,835,022.50	
Other Bonds and Debentures	937,664.08	
Sundry Securities	207,753.47	
Call and Short Loans, secured by collaterals	8,565,271.64	
Charity Donation Fund, invested in Municipal Securities approved by the Dominion Government	180,000.00	
		$26,237,433.09
Bank Premises (Head Office and twelve Branches)	$475,000.00	
Other Assets	14,116.35	
		489,116.35
		$26,726,549.44

LIABILITIES.

To the Public:—		
Amount due depositors	$24,197,643.13	
Amount due Receiver-General	93,341.86	
Amount due Charity Donation Fund	180,000.00	
Amount due Open Accounts	123,170.91	
		$24,594,155.90
To the Shareholders:—		
Capital Stock (amount subscribed $2,000,000), paid up $1,000,000.00		
Reserve Fund	1,100,000.00	
Profit and Loss Account	32,393.54	
		2,132,393.54
		$26,726,549.44

Audited and found correct,
A. CINQ MARS, C.A.,
P. C. SHANNON, C.A.,
Auditors.

A. P. LESPERANCE,
Manager.

Hon. J. Ald. Ouimet, President, was in the chair; Mr. A. P. Lesperance, acted as Secretary.

There were present: Hon. J. Ald. Ouimet, Michael Burke, Hon. Robert Mackay, H. Markland Molson, G. N. Moncel, Robert Archer, Hon. R. Dandurand, Hon. C. J. Doherty, Doctor Donald Hingston, C. D. Monk, and P. J. McCaffrey.

The same Board of Directors was re-elected, and at a subsequent meeting of the Board Hon. J. Ald. Ouimet was re-elected President and Michael Burke, Vice-President for the ensuing year.

It was moved by Hon. J. Ald. Ouimet, and seconded by Mr. Michael Burke, that the annual statements and reports be received and adopted.

Mr. C. D. Monk moved, and Dr. Donald Hingston seconded: "That the thanks of the meeting are due and are hereby tendered to the President, Directors, Manager and other Officers of the Bank for their attention to the interests of the Bank during the past year."

It was moved by Mr. P. J. McCaffrey, and seconded by Mr. Robert Archer: "That Messrs. A. Cinq Mars and P. C. Shannon be named Auditors for the ensuing year."

Oriental Rugs

We have now on exhibition at our Warerooms, the finest Collection of High Class Eastern Rugs in Canada, comprising the very best makes, which we are now offering at very low prices, namely—

TABRIZ, SPARTA, BOUKHARA, SEREBENT, KANDAHAR, CASHMERE, AMRITZA, KAZACK, FINE STRIPS, ETC., HEREKIA, DAGHESTAN, BIDGAR, MIRZAPORE, ETC.

M. HICKS & CO., 101 Metcalfe Street

C. M. O'BRIEN, M.L.A.
WILL LECTURE ON
SOCIALISM
The New Science of Sociology,
ST. JOSEPH'S HALL, 182 St. Catherine Street East,
THURSDAY, MAY 4th, 8 P.M.
Admission FREE. Discussion allowed.

QUEENS AUCTIONEERS M. HICKS & SON

Important Sale OF PLANTS

Hardy Roses, Flowering Shrubs, Vines, Fruit and Other Bushes, Apple Trees, etc., etc.

At Our Rooms
101 Metcalfe Street
THURSDAY AFTERNOON, May 4
At 2.30 O'clock.

Catalogues Wednesday.

M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers.

MEN AND BOYS
WANTED. Good Wages. Apply,
Diamond Flint Glass Company, Limited,
179 DELORIMIER AVENUE.

Weekly Calendar

MONTREAL HORSE SHOW

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF THEIR EXCELLENCIES THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND THE COUNTESS GREY

"ARENA" MAY 9th to 13th

REDUCED RATES ON ALL RAILROADS

MUSICAL RIDE BY THE DRAGOONS

MORNINGS at 10-30 Admission - .25

AFTERNOONS at 2-45 Admission .25, .50

EVENINGS 8-15 Admission .25, .50 Reserved Seats $1

SPECIAL CHILDREN'S PERFORMANCE ON SATURDAY MORNING
ADMISSION—ADULTS 25c, CHILDREN 15c, RESERVED SEATS 50c.

RESERVED SEATS $1, AND SEASON BADGES $5
Now on Sale at "ARENA."

PRINCESS TO-NIGHT at 8.15
Layolle's New Orleans French Opera Co.
CARMEN.
PRICES: 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

The Regular Quarterly Meeting will be held in THE HOME, 403 Aqueduct St., on THURSDAY, 4th May, at 8.30 p.m.

The Executive will meet previously at 8 p.m.

ALEXANDER ROBERTSON,
Cor. Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MONTREAL DISPENSARY

Will be held in the Board-room of the Institution, corner St. Antoine and Inspector Streets, on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, May 9th, 1911, at 4.30 o'clock.

Business, the election of Officers, Reception of Reports, and such other business as may come before the meeting.

An election will be held for three Assistant Physicians. Applications for these positions should be made not later than Saturday, May 6th, to the undersigned.

H. B. CARMICHAEL, M.D.,
Hon. Sec.,
515 Wellington St.

ART GALLERY
GALLERIES OF PAINTING, SCULPTURE, Etc.
Open 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Admission 25c

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MAILS.

To be Closed at This Office During the Week Ending May 6, 1911.

May.				
2	7.45	a.m.	Mauretania,	Cunard.
2	6.00	p.m.	Teutonic,	White Star.
3	10.30	a.m.	Royal George,	Can. Northern.
3	7.45	a.m.	La Lorraine,	Gen. Tr. Atlantic.
3	6.00	p.m.	" Supplementary.	
3	6.00	p.m.	Geo. Washington,	N.G. Lloyd.
5	7.45	a.m.	New York,	American.
5	10.30	a.m.	Empress of Ireland,	Can. Pacific.
5	6.00	p.m.	Baltic,	White Star.
8	12.30	p.m.	Dominion,	W.S.-Dominion.

*Letters may be posted up to 6.00 p.m.; other matter should be posted before 6.00 p.m.

**Parcels are forwarded by this steamer; latest time of mailing is 9.30 a.m. on Friday and 12 noon Saturday.

*Letters for the above mails may be posted at Station 'B' up to within 15 minutes, and at Station 'C' up to within 30 minutes of the above mentioned hours of closing.

*Matter for registration close at 5.15 p.m.

*Letters for registration should be posted three-quarters of an hour before closing of mail.

CANTON IS QUIET.

Uprising Has Been Suppressed and Foreigners Are Safe.

London, May 3.—Vice-Admiral Sir Alfred W. Winslow, commander-in-chief of the British eastern fleet, cabling from Hong Kong to-day, informs the Admiralty that the situation at Canton is not serious now, the revolutionary outbreak of last Thursday night having been crushed before the news of the movement was received by him.

Two British river gunboats have been at Canton since Friday. A destroyer and two gunboats at Hong Kong are in readiness to proceed to Canton, but the British consul considers that further protection for foreigners there is not required.

THE WEATHER

FINE AND MILDER.

Probs. — Fresh west to northwest winds; fair and cool; Thursday, fine and milder.

Toronto, May 3.—Unseasonably cold weather prevails from Ontario to the Maritime Provinces, while numerous snow flurries have occurred over the great lakes. In the west fine mild conditions obtain.

Forecast—Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Moderate to fresh westerly winds; fine to-day and on Thursday; Thursday, much milder.

Ottawa and St. Lawrence Valley: — Fresh west to northwest winds, fair and cool; Thursday, fine and milder.

Gulf and Maritime—Fresh to strong northwest to west winds; fair and cool to-day and on Thursday.

Superior— Light to moderate winds; fine to-day and on Thursday, with rising temperature.

TEMPERATURES:

	8 a.m.	Highest yesterday.	Lowest during night.
MONTREAL	34	44	40
Victoria	44	62	44
Calgary	40	66	38
Winnipeg	40	52	24
White River	20	28	12
Sault Ste. Marie	28	28	24
Toronto	31	38	28
Kingston	34	60	28
Ottawa	30	36	28
Quebec	34	42	32
St. John, N.B.	33	44	36
St. John's, Nfld.	54	60	50
Detroit	36	42	30
New York	40	60	36
London, Eng.	46	Cloudy, S.W.	
Paris, France	52	Cloudy, S.W.	

The Daily Witness

OFFICES:
CORNER CRAIG AND ST. PETER STREETS.

TELEPHONES:
ADVERTISING AND SUBSCRIPTION DEPARTMENT, MAIN 4090.
EDITORIAL, MAIN 4091.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

'Daily Witness'	12 mos.	$3.00
'Weekly Witness'	12 mos.	1.00
'World Wide'	12 mos.	1.50
'Northern Messenger'	12 mos.	.40

Postage included for Canada (Montreal and suburbs excepted), Newfoundland and the British Isles; also for Bahamas, Barbadoes, Bermuda, British Guiana, British Honduras, British North Borneo, Ceylon, Cyprus, Falkland Islands, Fiji, Gambia, Gibraltar, Hongkong, Jamaica, Leeward Islands, Malta, Mauritius, New Zealand, Northern Nigeria, Sarawak, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Southern Nigeria, Transvaal, Trinidad, Tobago, Turk's Island and Zanzibar.

Postage for United States, Alaska, Hawaiian and Philippine Islands: 'Weekly Witness,' 25 cents extra; 'Northern Messenger, 10 cents per copy. No extra postage in the 'Daily Witness' to the United States and its dependencies.

Foreign postage extra to all countries not named in the above list as follows: 'Daily Witness,' $3.50 extra; 'Weekly Witness,' $1.50 extra; 'Northern Messenger,' 50c extra.

The last edition of the 'Daily Witness' is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4.00 per annum, and 'World Wide' at $2.00 per annum.

All business communications should be addressed John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal. All letters to the Editor, should be addressed Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.

Readers of the 'Witness' leaving the city for a shorter or longer period, can have the 'Daily Wintess' each day of publication, by mail, at twenty-five cents per month. Great Britain and the United States included.

While the publishers of the 'Witness' exclude from its columns all financial and other advertisements which they consider calculated or intended to take advantage of or injure the readers, it must be understood that they in no way guarantee advertisements, and must leave their readers to exercise their own discretion in the way of putting faith in them. It is, of course, impossible to know much about mining advertising, which offers probably the most speculative, and, therefore, the most risky of all investments. The great chances of gain are balanced by the great chances of loss, and no one should invest in a very speculative property more than he can afford to lose.

☾F.Q. 5 ●F.M. 13		MAY				☽L.Q. 21 ○N.M. 28
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
..	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31	..	..	..
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WEDNESDAY, MAY 3, 1911.

We own to discouragement in one of the provisions of the arbitration treaty, which seems, on the United States side, to have the usual string to it. All matters of difference are to be referred to arbitration, but the terms on which they shall be referred must in each case have the concurrence of the Senate. This provision may possibly be a requirement of the United States constitution, or it may be necessary to getting the treaty through the Senate, but it seems to weaken its guarantees very much. There is and can be nothing parallel to this on the British side. A British Government is always solid with a majority of parliament, and its actions are supported by parliament. Even in the case of a change of parliamentary majority, there has always been a remarkable continuity of foreign policy. The reverse is the case in the United States. The Senate is quite apart from the administration of the day, and often takes a pleasure in thwarting it, especially in matters of treaties. It is very distinctly responsible to the people; but that does not hinder it being governed in such matters more by clap-trap than by responsible business principles. The Senate could not under the treaty impose the terms required in the case of the Alaska boundary, but would be in search of the nearest equivalent. This is, however, no reason for not supporting the treaty to the utmost. Let us, at least, get all the guarantees of peace that can be got. A treaty of arbitration should at least avert plunging into quarrels in hot blood, and the two powers can be trusted not to do so heinous a thing as quarrel when they are cool.

The City Council is using a name-changing opportunity to replace English names by French ones, and those selected are in some cases clumsily long and in some cases unpronounceable by those whose tongue is English. The proposal, not by the committee, to change the name of St. Catherine street is simply appalling to those who have any respect for historic names. St. Catherine street cannot, it is true, claim a history of over three-quarters of a century, and most of the associations with it are much briefer than that. Still, for the present generation of Montrealers the name has been part, and not a small part, of their lives, and it would need very strong reasons to change it. We agree, however, with the principle which has evidently controlled the choice of the names now offered that Montreal has more saints' names on her streets than she has been able to live up to. Indeed, it has been at times found necessary to displace the names of holy men and women because they had become disreputable. It is fair, however, that the public should fully know the reasons for the recommendations of the committee. We must demand in the name of the whole public a full account of the persons the committee delight to honor and of what title they have to such monumental recognition. A name is no trifle in the life of a family or of a city. We have recently heard the suggestion of honoring the late King by calling a national thoroughfare after him. If then the naming of a street be such a noteworthy honor it is time we were done with doing it at random. It is a question whether the name of King George should be pre-empted by an insignificant thoroughfare.

The course taken by Westmount in forbidding the erection of inferior and composite dwellings is entirely warranted by the principles of equity. There are people who make a business of taking advantage of respectable neighborhoods by erecting inferior buildings which will profit by their good surroundings,—but which will deteriorate those surroundings; thus doing damage to others to ten or twenty times the extent that they will themselves gain. It is, of course, impossible to make any universal rule. There must be shops and factories, and some streets must tolerate these. It must occur that as streets become older their residences are less valuable as such, and as the community grows they must become more valuable for business uses. It is perhaps vain to hope, especially in a climate like ours, to suppress the apartment house. All that can be done is what is done in most towns in the old world, namely, to make progressive regulations as they may be needed, and to have a competent tribunal to enforce them in detail.

TAXATION AND SPECULATION.

Mr. W. A. Douglass, B.A., recently delivered before a committee of the Ontario Legislature an informing address on the subject of 'Taxing Industry and Favoring Speculation.' The committee was appointed to consider amendments to the Assessment Act and a number of petitions had been presented asking that power be granted to municipal councils to 'fix 'a lower rate on improvements than on 'land values.' Mr. Douglass urged that what he described as 'essential principles' should guide in the adjustment of taxation, and he quoted some apt examples. For instance, in the centre of Toronto, at the north-west corner of King and Yonge streets, there is a lot of land, an eighth of an acre in extent, which is the most valuable piece of land in the Province of Ontario. About the year 1800, this lot was a free gift from the Crown, and in that year the rental was nil. In 1833, the rental was $240; in 1854 it was $960; in 1875, $6,000; in 1896, $12,000; and a few weeks ago this lot was sold for $400,000, which at four percent would bring in a rental of $16,000 a year. In a few years, says Mr. Douglass, as the city continues to grow, the rental will be $20,000 a year; then $25,000 or $30,000; thus advancing to figures the end whereof no man can tell. Look at the relationships which are necessarily connected with that piece of land. To quote the author: 'Some stores were 'built thereon and during more than 'a hundred years men, women and 'children have worked industriously, 'keeping the buildings habitable and 'the stores supplied with the necessary 'goods. If, therefore, we ask whence 'came the value of the buildings and 'the value of the goods, there is but 'one answer, namely, the hand of industry. But when we ask, whence 'came the value of that land, what 'caused it to grow year after year 'from nothing till it is now worth $16,000 yearly, or a capital value of $400,000, equivalent to upwards of $3,000,000 per acre, dare any man assert that, 'by his individual energy he produced 'that value, as the farmer raises a 'crop or a carpenter makes a table? 'Never since the world began did any 'man manufacture a land value. It 'takes the combined presence of the 'multitude to do that. No phenomenon 'in the world is more obvious than 'this, that the value of that lot 'mounted up and up because the population, the commerce, and the public 'appliances for a city were concentrated round that spot of land.'

This brings us to the fact that there are two distinct kinds of value, first, that which comes to the land from the presence of the multitude; and, second, that which labor produces when it converts raw material into a thing of beauty or an article of utility. When the assessment of the buildings increases from a million to ten million dollars, it means that labor has been multiplying buildings tenfold; whereas, when the value of the land increases from a million to ten million dollars, it means that the population has crowded more and more, till there is only a tenth of the space for each occupant. The one value indicates a multiplication of goods; the other, a division of land. Mr. Douglass holds, with an increasing number of people to-day, that as the individual has an indefeasible moral right to claim as his against the whole world the goods he makes or the crop he raises, even so the community has an equally indefeasible moral right to claim the value of land for community purposes. Mr. Douglass draws this effective picture: 'Away at the 'outer margin of settlement there is a 'man with his wife and children struggling to hew out a home. With the 'utmost exertion and long hours this 'family may rejoice if it can earn five 'hundred dollars a year. But the owner 'of an acre well situated in the city 'would receive without the toil of a 'single hour fifty thousand dollars a 'year. In one year, he would receive 'for doing nothing as much as the 'settler could earn in a hundred years. 'How should the two men equitably 'be taxed?' At present it is those who toil not nor spin who escape taxation, while the settler is taxed for everything. As soon as he has made a clearing he is mulcted in an increase of taxes; another tax is added when he puts up a little house; a barn means still more taxation; if he drains a swamp up go the taxes again; a tax is added for every tree if he plants an orchard; and if he digs a well then he is taxed according to its depth. With every improvement he makes, in fact, the state adds to his burden of taxation. Mr. Douglass comments: 'We tax drinks to get rid of drinking; 'and we tax dogs to get rid of them; 'then we tax industry as though we 'wished to get rid of that, too.'

It may not be palatable to the landowner, but does not the case stand somewhat as follows: 'This fact is 'quite certain; from the man who has 'neither time nor money to spare we 'ask the sacrifice of many days in the 'year, while the wealthy owner of the 'city lot is not called on to sacrifice 'one hour in a life time. When a man 'is compelled to give service or surrender money that has cost him brawn 'and sweat, then he is doing something for the support of the state; 'but when, by some financial maladjustment, a man is allowed to enjoy 'all the luxuries of civilization without 'bearing any of its burdens, that man 'contributes nothing to the support of 'the state. He supports not. He is 'supported. The whole burden falls on 'the other man—the man of toil. He 'must bear a double burden, the burden of taxation and the support of an 'idle aristocracy. Thus we add to the 'burden of him who is overburdened, 'and insure leisure and fortune to the 'man of purple and fine linen.'

The city grows and the fortune of the land-owner also grows. Industry must pay him more. In this way, on this continent, with all its grand opportunities, we are developing the worst evils of the old world civilization, luxury at the one end and hovels at the other. Two hundred and fifty municipalities and a large number of labor unions have petitioned the Legislative Committee in favor of an amendment to the assessment act so that municipalities may reduce the rate of taxation on improvements and increase the rate on the value of land. The example of several countries is quoted. In the Province of Manitoba, about 1890, the farmers got the Assessment Act amended by the following clause: 'All lands in rural municipalities used for farming or gardening purposes shall be assessed as they would 'be assessed if they were unimproved.' This has worked well, and the farmers can no longer complain that while they are doing everything for the development of the country, the speculators are reaping the benefits of their energy and skill. In Saskatchewan and Alberta there is no tax on farm improvements; in British Columbia improvements are assessed at only fifty percent of their value, or as much less as a municipality chooses; in Vancouver taxes have been removed wholly from improvements; in New Zealand more than seventy municipalities have abolished all taxes on improvements, and the municipalities of New South Wales are doing the same. Presently, such a principle will be universally put in practice as it is the right one.

THAIS.

In the visit paid to us by the Metropolitan Opera Company it was the tout ensemble that was most to be admired. Orchestra, scenery, dresses, chorus, appropriate expression of places and periods in which the actions were laid, these along with the work of notable soloists gave nearly every production a 'finish,' a polish, an exquisite balance not soon to be forgotten.

In the two productions given so far by the French Opera Company, the 'Huguenots' and 'Thais,' it is the principals who have overbalanced all the rest. The orchestra has been weak, owing, it is said, to difficulties with the American Union of Musicians. It is charged that the union has depleted the orchestra of some of its strongest instruments, and is preventing it from making that loss good. It is much to be hoped, however, that any difficulties there may be can be smoothed over, as a many-pieced, perfect orchestra to-day is more than at any time essential to grand opera enjoyment. As for the dresses, they have not been chosen according to period, and the anachronism has been seen of 1911 styles on what should be very early Christian and pagan impersonation; and the scenery so far has left something to be desired.

However, these things will doubtless be improved in forthcoming productions, and there is so much to admire about the people of this company and their performances, that, even as it is, blame must be overwhelmed with praise.

The performance of 'Thais' last evening was well worth the while, if only for the singing of MM. Moore as 'Athaenal,' the priest, and Mlle. Roiland as 'Thais,' who is converted from an abandoned life to chastity and Christianity. Whether singly or blended these voices were used to admirable effect, and they had each a characteristic quality which was most attractive. The favorite introduction to the second act was admirably played by a few selected instruments; and the corps de ballet was pleasing to many.

To-night the ever-popular 'Carmen' will be given with a select cast.

Your own friend and neighbor will want a national newspaper that the English-speaking world is talking about—a newspaper the circulation of which is being doubled by its readers.

Just see if he does not want it.

WESLEYAN CONVOCATION

Inspiring Address to Graduates by the Rev. Prof. C. E. Bland

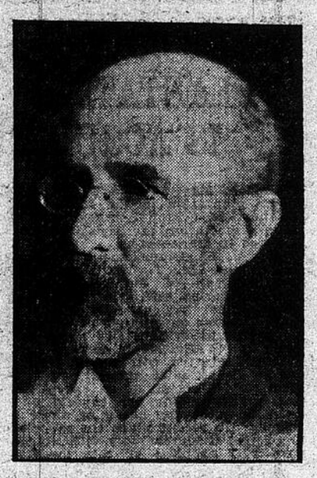
'THE MAN OF GOD.'

Degrees Conferred and Prizes Awarded at College Last Night.

Last night the thirty-eighth convocation of the Wesleyan Theological College was held, in the James Ferrier Hall of the College.

The Rev. Prof. W. M. Patton, Ph.D., D.D. (Heidelberg), acting-principal of the college, presided, and was assisted by the Rev. Professor C. E. Bland, B.A., B.D., professor of church history, who has accepted a chair at Alberta College, Edmonton, and whose photo, with that of Dr. Patton's, is here given.

The meeting was very largely attended, and among those present were Professor Warriner nad Professor



THE REV. W. M. PATTON, D.D.

Cook, of the Congregational College; the Rev. W. J. Hacker, of Pietermaritzburg, Natal; Dr. Young, the Rev. W. Timberlake, the Rev. E. I. Hart, the Rev. Richard Corrigan, the Rev. T. A. Halpenny, the Rev. A. J. Beeton, of Finch, Ont.; Professor Richardson and the Rev. R. G. Peever, D.D., of Ottawa.

After devotional exercises by the Rev. A. A. Radley, the registrar's report was given by Professor Bland, and showed a total of 65 students on the roll during the year, of whom four were graduates in divinity, 24 undergraduates in divinity, 16 undergraduates in arts, two taking licentiates' course, 18 probationers' course, and one elective course. The session had been one of the best in the history of the college, and the application of the students had been most praiseworthy.

Prizes were awarded as follows:—Senior year, Benjamin Eyre, B.A.; middle year, New Testament, Old Testament, church history, systematic theology, and homiletics, R. S. Smith; junior year bursary, W. P. Wornell and Wm. Granby; church history (2nd prize), B. Eyre; psychology and logic, W. P. Wornell; Dillon prize in apologetics, A. E. Mathews; homiletics (1st), G. G. Barton, (2nd), R. S. Smith; elocution, W. P. Wornell; historical theology, B. Eyre; electa, Gilmore bursary, H. Mick.

The following degrees were also conferred:—Rank of associate of the Wesleyan College, B. Eyre, B.A.; A.

PROF. C. E. BLAND.

E. Mathews, H. Mick, E. D. Mitchell; licentiates in theology, J. J. E. Brownlee and G. W. Dustin; bachelor of divinity, C. W. Crane, B.A.; C. L. Poole (in absentia), and J. T. Pinfold (provisional.)

Dr. Patton, in introducing to the audience the gentleman who was to address the graduating class, the Rev. Professor Bland, B.A., B.D., said he hardly knew how to express his feelings at parting from Professor Bland, who was leaving them to go out to Edmonton. There had been such a spirit of union, labor for a common cause, harmony and co-operation, that their loss would be very great. They had grown in admiration of his brilliancy of mind, gifts and character, and his going away would be a tremendous loss to the college and the city. The growing invitation of the West had prevailed, and they would follow him with earnest good wishes and regretfully with their memories

Professor Bland, in returning thanks for the kind remarks, said it was an honor and great pleasure to him to speak to the students. 'The man of God' was his subject, and for over half an hour the speaker held his audience almost spellbound as he delivered a brilliant and convincing lecture on the faith of the man of God, predominating above everything else in the world, above all its allurements, pleasures, power and gold.

'Intimate fellowship with God—it is difficult to find a word that would adequately express this life of close intercourse with God that the phrase implies. Friendship interprets it in part; but even friendship does not give the intimacies and unspoken delights of love and the prophets of old, feeling this, compared God's relation to man as that of a bridegroom and bride.'

An interesting address on 'British preachers of yesterday and to-day' was given by the Rev. Professor Jackson, of Toronto, who gave his personal or indirect impressions of Canon Liddon, Chas. Spurgeon, Joseph Parker, Dr. Dale, Hugh Price Hughes, Alex. White, Dr. Horton, Dr. Jowett, Campbell Morgan, and Campbell.

During the evening several of the speakers referred to the loss sustained by the death of the late Dr. Shaw.

Yesterday afternoon the students of the college presented Professor Bland with an address and a gold-mounted cane, in recognition of his services and of their appreciation of him as their teacher and friend.

NEWSY BRIEFS FROM FAR AND NEAR

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP PAYS.

Berlin, Ont., May 3. — Fourteen thousand dollars profit was shown at the end of last year from the operation of the Berlin waterworks department. For years past surpluses have been shown by this department, but the money has been spent in extending the system. The same policy has been followed by the light committee.

BRITAIN TO BUILD NAVY.

London, May 3.—A special despatch from Lisbon says that the government commission had decided in favor of the British tenders for rebuilding the Portuguese navy. All others, including the American, have been rejected.

CARNEGIE HERO FUND.

Geneva, May 3.—The announcement is made in the Geneva newspapers that Andrew Carnegie has presented $125,000 to the Swiss Government to found a hero fund on the same basis as that which governs the fund in other countries.

TYPEWRITERS FOR OPERATORS.

New York, May 3.—An announcement of unusual interest to telegraph operators has been posted by the Western Union Telegraph Company here, stating that hereafter the company will supply typewriting machines to such of its operators as may apply for them. Heretofore the telegraphers have been obliged to buy and maintain their own machines.

TWO BURNED TO DEATH.

Jersey City, May 3.—A tenement house fire here caused the loss of two lives early this morning. Frank Baldwin, driver of an engine on the way to the fire, will also probably die from a fractured skull received when he was thrown from his seat in collision with a trolley car. Thirty families barely escaped with their lives from the burning building.

TO FIGHT BOXING BILL.

Chicago, May 3.—The passage by the Senate at Springfield yesterday of a bill legalizing six-round boxing contests in Illinois, has aroused a storm of protests by ministers and church workers. It is announced that a mass meeting at which all the churches of Chicago will be represented, will be held early next week to formulate plans to defeat the bill in the lower house.

NO TARIFF BENEFITS.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 3.—The Liverpool Chamber of Commerce has been notified by the Foreign Office that Mr. Bryce, the British ambassador at Washington, says no application from any foreign state to obtain for its goods, rates accorded Canada by the United States would be entertained. In this connection the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce is communicating with Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

SPRINGHILL MINE TROUBLE.

Halifax, N.S., May 3.—Nine United Mine Workers men are in Halifax at the invitation of Mr. Murray, Premier of Nova Scotia, for a conference with him regarding labor matters at the coal mines of Nova Scotia, and particularly with respect to the situation at Springhill, where there has been a strike for nineteen months.

OFFERED $5,000 TO RESIGN.

Cork, Ireland, May 3.—Mr. Patrick Guiney, Irish Nationalist member for the North Division of Cork County in the House of Commons, addressing an All-for-Ireland meeting yesterday, made the statement that within the preceding twenty-four hours he had been offered five thousand dollars to resign his seat and permit its capture by the Redmonites. He said that he promptly refused the offer.

SENDS NECKLACE TO QUEEN.

Lisbon, May 3.—The 'Seculo,' one of the best informed newspapers of Lisbon, reports that the superintendent of the royal palaces has returned to Dowager Queen Maria Pia a magnificent diamond necklace, valued at more than fifty thousand dollars, which she had left behind in the Ajuda Palace in her flight. The necklace was a present from the King of Italy. The most advanced Republican newspapers attack the government for having returned the jewels and personal effects of the exiled royal family.

TO SMUGGLE 100 CHINESE.

Hackensack, N.J., May 3.—Dr. Jin Fuey Moy, a Chinese physician, who lives on a large country estate at Woodcliff Lake, is under arrest today, charged with being in a conspiracy to smuggle a hundred Chinamen into the United States from the Island of Jamaica. The indictment charges Dr. Moy, together with Goodman, Phillips, Harvey C. Daly and George A. Gardinier, of Boston, entered into a conspiracy beginning on Nov. 1, 1910, to charter a vessel and bring the hundred Chinamen into the United States. It is said they were to receive from $450 to $500 for each passenger. When arrraigned Dr. Moy offered a bag containing $6,000 worth of jewellery as bail, but this was declined.

TWO SHOCKED TO DEATH.

Cornwall, Ont., May 3.—Peter Roch, of Cornwall township, and Geo. Cook, an Indian, from St. Regis, were instantly killed here yesterday afternoon. They were walking along the canal bank and dropped in to lend a hand to some men who were hoisting a new boom of a derrick at J. E. Chevrier's coal sheds. Several men were hauling in a wire rope, to which a hemp rope was attached, when the high wind swung them against the wires of the St. Lawrence Power Co., which were carrying a current of ten thousand volts to the Canada Cotton mill.

JAPANESE POLAR TRIP.

Tokio, May 3.—A cable despatch received here states that Lieutenant Shiraz has returned to Sydney after he had reached 74 degrees south on March 10, severe weather compelling the abandonment of further efforts to proceed toward the South Pole. Lieut. Shiraz cables to the Tokio press that he reached Coulman Island on March 14, but was unable to proceed, owing to stormy weather an many ice packs. The schooner 'Kainan Maru' proved unfit to resist the ice pressure, as was predicted.

All of his dogs died from lack of exercise. The schooner needs repairing. Lieut. Shiraz will remain at Sydney with his schooner, and will make a fresh start in September, when the ice melts, enabling the schooner to reach Edward VII Land. Captain Nomura will return to Tokio.

GERMANY AND RECIPROCITY.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 3.—The 'Daily Mail's' Berlin correspondent says: 'While it is impossible in German official quarters to obtain either confirmation or denial of the Ottawa report that Germany has begun preliminary negotiations towards reciprocity with Canada, we are enabled to state that the German Government has stretched out certain feelers in the direction of a German-Canadian arrangement. The German Government makes no secret of its anxiety at the disadvantage that may accrue to German trade with the Dominion if the American treaty is enacted.

ARBITRATION PLEASES KING.

London, May 3.—King George has expressed himself as gratified with the resolutions adopted at the peace meeting held on April 28 at the Guildhall. Through his secretary, in reply to the Lord Mayor's letter, communicating to him the terms of the resolutions, favoring a general treaty of arbitration between the United States and the British Empire, the King writes: 'His Majesty is gratified to receive these records of opinions unanimously expressed upon a question which is of supreme and far-reaching importance by an assemblage so representative of various schools of thought in our religious, political and social life.'

REAL ESTATE HAPPENINGS

DWELLINGS SOLD ON LAGAUCHETIERE ST.

The property forming the south-west corner of St. Alexander and Lagauchetiere streets, consisting of fourteen dwellings and over 1,100 square feet of land, belonging to the Matthews Estate, has been sold this week by Henry Ward & Company to Mr. J. H. Hunter, the price being given as $26,500, and other considerations.

BIG SALE UP TOWN.

The property on Drummond street, adjoining the new Y. M. C. A. building, is reported to have been purchased by Messrs. Wm. T. Rodden and Robt. T. Hooper for about $160,000. Various rumors are current as to what will be done with it, but none of them have official confirmation.

VERDUN LOTS AT 25c A FOOT.

Mr. T. Legault has purchased five building lots on Wellington street, Verdun, from the estate of the late A. M. Foster for $3,750, or about 25c. a foot. The sale was put through by Henry Ward & Company. Messrs. Ward & Company were also the agents acting in the sale of the three flats bearing civic numbers 194, 196, and 198 Park avenue for the sum of $13,250. The property was purchased by Mr. H. Singer, the seller being Mr. J. U. Cartier.

THE SCHEME FOR A BOULEVARD.

The much talked of scheme for a boulevard from the city to Back River was brought another stage forward yesterday, when the deeds were signed transferring about four miles of land to a syndicate for a sum said to be in the neighborhood of a million dollars. The boulevard will be constructed from St. Catherine road across the golf links to Back River, and then presented to the city. The total area is about 337 arpents.

SOME WESTMOUNT STORES SOLD.

The stores and dwellings numbers 381 to 385b Victoria avenue, Westmount, have been sold from Mr. J. M. Guerin to Mrs. L. Berger and Mr. S. Greenford for the sum of $20,000 by Messrs. Henry Ward & Co.

MORE BUILDINGS GOING UP.

Construction is about to commence on the following buildings: Mrs. V. Jos. Lunan, St. Catherine and St. Hubert streets, one stone and brick store and house, $6,000; W. Normandeau, Murray street, two brick houses, $6,000; Charles Gratton, two wood and brick houses, $3,000; E. Gaudron, Dominion and Workman, one three-story frame house for six families, $5,500; and Z. Lamoureux, two three-story houses, $4,500.

RECENT TRANSFERS.

MAISONNEUVE—Mrs. Treffle Dudevin has sold to J. A. E. Groulx lots 9-8, 9 and 10 in Maisonneuve, with buildings, for $25,000. The emplacement measures 110 x 125.

WESTMOUNT—Thos. Lockhart has sold to Mrs. Norman B. Stark part of lot 374-64 in Westmount, fronting on Mount Pleasant avenue and having an area of 15,122 square feet, for $11,341.50.

ST. JEROME STREET—Edouard Ladouceur has sold to Olivier Jasmin lots 161, 163 and 164 Cote Visitation, with buildings on St. Jerome street, for $11,000.

COMTE STREET — Olivier Jasmin has sold to Edouard Ladouceur lots 7-567 and 568 Cote St. Louis cadastre, with buildings 470 to 476 Comte street, and 2319 St. Andre street, for $10,800. The emplacement measures 50 x 68.

BISHOP STREET—W. B. Alexander has sold to P. R. DuTremblay part of lots 1698, 1700, 1702 and 1703 in St. Andrew's ward, with residence on Bishop street, for $3,500.

ST. JOSEPH STREET —Mrs. Jacob Paskinskotsky has sold to Harry Glasberg lot 308 in St. Lawrence ward, with the flats 2 to 29 St. Josephine street and 421 to 423 St. Urbain street, for $18,500.

WESTMOUNT — C. C. Cottrell has sold to Moses Vineberg lots 219-219 and 220 in Westmount, with the residence No. 4789 St. Catherine street west, for $8,500. The emplacement measures 50 x 198.

OUTREMONT— J. D. Camirand has sold to J. Kennedy lots 32-3-15 and 4-1 in Outremont, with the dwellings 2260 and 2262 Hutchison street, for $7225. The emplacement measures 50 x 110.

CHATEAUGUAY STREET — L. A. Gagnier and others have sold to Vital Gariepy lot 2980, Montreal cadestre, with buildings on Chateauguay street, for $5,300.

POINTE AUX TREMBLES—Alex. Orsalie has sold to Albert Hudon the unsubdivided half of lot 207 in Pointe aux Trembles measuring 2 1-2 by 40 arpents, for $6,000.

BOULEVARD ST. JOSEPH — John Rosenberg has sold to Max Cross and others part of lots 615 and 616 in St. Lawrence ward, fronting on Boulevard St. Joseph, for $10,000.

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Fresh Asparagus.
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Tangerine Oranges.
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Everything of the best quality.
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ELECTRIC LIGHT FIXTURES supplied, repaired and installed. Ask for prices, and give your orders for moving early.

G. T. R. to Ottawa.

On account of the Horse Show, to be held in Ottawa, May 2nd to 6th, the Grand Trunk Railway System will issue return tickets at $3.85, including admission to show. Tickets will be good going May 3rd, returning until May 8th.

LIGHT STIRS TORONTO

Turning on of Hydro-Electric Results in Several People Being Injured

Toronto, May 3.—Striving vainly to make his voice heard above the roar of thousands of people, punctuated by piercing shrieks as women here and there in the surging crowd collapsed in fainting fits, Sir James Whitney last night officially inaugurated the Hydro-Electric Power in Toronto. As the button was pressed that threw the darkened streets of the city into light and set ablaze the wonderful electrical decorations about the City Hall, the crowd broke through the restraining lines of police, and forced its way like a human battering ram into the hall, Sir James Whitney, the Hon. Adam Beck, and the hundred prominent citizens occupying places of vantage on the steps were carried along, practically helpless.

The Premier worked his way to the Mayor's office, and later, one by one, the members of the commission, controllers and aldermen arrived, somewhat dishevelled, but all cheerful. The inauguration of Toronto's hydro-electric power provided a spectacle that challenges description. It was not carried off according to the programme so carefully mapped out.

The crowd in the vicinity of the City Hall numbered easily between forty and fifty thousand people.

The persons injured in the rush into the hall were carried at once into Judge Winchester's chambers, where they were cared for by Dr. Hastings, city medical health officer; Dr. W. S. Harrison, ex-controller, and Dr. J. D. Orr, manager of the Canadian National Exhibition. None were seriously hurt, and all were able after a short rest to be taken home in carriages.

EXPLOSION INQUIRY.

Jury Attributes Sand Point Deaths to Unknown Causes.

Sand Point, Ont., May 3.—After a lengthy inquiry into the explosion at the Blasters' Friend Works yesterday, the jury returned a verdict at 8.30 last evening that the fatal accident at the Dominion Explosives Company plant was due to unknown causes. They also advised greater precautions for the safety of employees, recommending that the plant be prohibited until better protection of human life was inaugurated.

ARBITRATION TREATY

United States Drawing Up Draft of Anglo-American Agreement

Washington, May 3.—Several tentative drafts of the proposed arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain were discussed by President Taft and his Cabinet yesterday. Following the Cabinet session, Secretary Knox and officials of the State Department continued the discussion of details and phraseology, but thought the President told callers that no draft had been accepted as final and that it might be weeks before the treaty could be submitted to the Senate or to Great Britain for ratification. Some difficulties in framing the treaty have disappeared, according to the White House view last night. The criticism of an English newspaper that the United States Senate must be consulted before disputes could be arbitrated, was hardly a valid objection, the President thought. The treaty probably will be general in character. It will provide, according to the present idea, that when disputes arise between the United States and Great Britain, they be submitted to an arbitral court for settlement. In the opinion of President Taft and his advisers, it is perfectly natural that the Senate here, or the Parliament or the British Foreign Office should be concerned in arranging the details for the settlement of each dispute.

So far no agreement has been reached among the framers of the treaty here as to how the proposed arbitral court shall be constituted. One proposal is that the questions at issue be submitted as they arise to The Hague tribunal. Another is that as each question comes up a court be constituted by the agreement of both governments to settle that question alone.

The President is of the opinion that Great Britain will not frame a separate proposition, but that it will await the submission of the one drawn up here. The President told his visitors that he did not know how long the treaty would run.

LONGUE POINTE FIRE.

Father Leaped From Burning Building With Boy in His Arms.

Two wooden houses at Longue Pointe were destroyed by fire which broke out at 9.10 last night. Francis Dufresne, the occupant of one of the houses, had to jump through a back window, carrying his young son. There are no fire-fighting appliances in Longue Pointe, so the city firemen were called. It was such a long distance, the roads were in such bad shape, that the houses were in ruins by the time the firemen arrived. When they got there the only hydrant available was at the Locomotive Works, and it was some time before permission could be secured to use that. The loss is estimated at two thousand dollars. Napoleon Duquette was the occupant of the other house.

About $500 damage was done to the house at 403 Cadieux street, occupied by Arthur Labelle, by fire yesterday afternoon. The kitchen stove was the cause.

PARLIAMENT BILL.

Minor Unionist Amendments Accepted and Progress Reported.

London, May 3.—After the application of closure, clause 2 of the Parliament Bill, which is the most important clause of the Government's measure for the curtailment of the powers of the House of Lords, was carried in the House of Commons last night, 299 to 195. Later clause 3 of the bill, providing that 'any certificate of the Speaker of the House of Commons given under this act shall be conclusive for all purposes, and shall not be questioned in any court of law,' was carried after closure, 255 to 132.

During the course of the debate on clause 2, the Government agreed to accept one or two minor amendments moved by the Opposition, but rejected all which would weaken the scope of the clause. This clause relates to any bill other than a money bill, and provides that if any such bill is passed by the House of Commons in three successive sessions and is rejected by the House of Lords at each of these sessions it shall become an act of Parliament on the royal assent.

CANNOT GO TO PHILADELPHIA.

Building Inspector Chausse will not be allowed by the Controllers to attend the Municipal City Planning Exposition on May 15th at Philadelphia, on the ground that the large amount of work i his department at present requires his presence.

You Can Cure Chest Colds
And Bronchitis by Using DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE
If You Get the Genuine.
The mere mention of pneumonia and consumption causes a person to shudder, but a cold is such a common thing that it is too often left alone until these other ailments develop from it.
You can readily cure throat and chest colds, croup and bronchitis, by using Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. This medicine is both thorough and far-reaching in its influence on the system. For this reason its merits are well-known and its sales enormous.
But there are at least four imitations of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. And imitations are always a little cheaper, how else would they sell? They are never sold on their own merit, but on the merit of the article they imitate.
Their likeness is in name only, and when you are in need of medicine you don't want to depend on a name or imitation. Every bottle of the genuine bears the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the famous Receipt Book author. 25 cents a bottle, family size 60 cents; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

"I am all right now, thanks to Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy."
The same relief is ready for you. Are you sure you do not need it? If Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy helped Charles Holmes, why won't it help you?
"I was troubled with heart disease, and after reading about Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy, I got a bottle. Before I got the Heart Remedy I had to sit up most of the night, and felt very bad at my stomach. Whatever I would eat made me feel worse, and my heart beat very fast. But thanks to Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy, I am all right now. I eat good, sleep good, and feel like a new man, although I am almost 68 years old. I have been a soldier in the late war of the rebellion, and was badly wounded." CHARLES HOLMES, Private Co. B, 54th N. Y. Infantry Volunteers, Walton, Delaware Co., N. Y.
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Sold by all Druggists. If the first bottle fails to benefit, your money is returned. Ask any Druggist.
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M'GILL RESULTS

Passes in Third Year Applied Science.

Third year students in the Faculty of Applied Science learned the result of several more sessional examinations yesterday afternoon. The pass list in the following subjects has been made public:

THIRD YEAR.

MINERALOGY.

Class I.—McLeod, D. L.; Gass; Chaffey and De Hart, equal; Boyd, W. W., and Tebutt, equal; Futterer, Cooper, Elderkin.

Class II.—Shaw, Randolph; Hall and Wilson; Clarke, Hanington; McIntyre, and Stroud; Austin, Bell, May, Jordan; Billington and Cartshore.

Class III.—Gorman, McMahon; McDougald and Mackintosh; Legris, J. A., and Skelton, R.; McDougall; Biddulph and Lynch, T. L.; Clawson and Gnaedinger; Paddon, McLeod, C. K., Warburton.

FREIGHT SERVICE.

Class I.—None.
Class II.—Pullen, Nichols.
Class III.—Woodyatt.

ENGLISH (RAILWAYS).

Class I.—None.
Class II.—None.
Class III.—Bolton, Woodyatt.

MINERAL DETERMINATIVE.

Class I.—Futterer; Austin and McLeod, D. L., and Randolph; Shaw; Chaffey and Gass; Tebbutt; McDougald and McIntyre; Legris, J. A., and Skelton, R.

Class II.—Boyd, W. W., and Elderkin and Hanington and Roy, equal; Jordan and Wilson, equal; Bell and Lynch, T. L., equal; Cooper and May, equal; McDougall, Clawson; Billington and Stroud, equal; De Hart and Hall, equal; Mackintosh and McMahon, equal; Clarke and Warburton, equal; McLeod, C. K., and Matheson and Paddon, equal.

Class III—Gnaedinger and Routledge, equal; Gougeon, Gorman, Biddulph, Demers.

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY.

Class I.—Tebbutt.
Class II.—Shaw, Austin, Jordan, Biddulph, McIntyre, Skelton, R.
Class III.—Mackintosh, Clarke, McDougald; Galoway, C. C., and McLeod, C. K.

ELECTRICAL ENG.

Class I.—Macleod, D. K., Steeves, Blois, Wade.
Class II.—Schippel, Ryan, Cohen; Cook, Hutchins; Kearns, Reinhardt.
Class III.—Casey, McCammon, McNiven, Mather, MacKay, Hollinsed; Darling, Prince; Burr.

THIRD YEAR—RY. MECH'L ENG.

Class I.—None.
Class II.—Nichols.
Class III.—Woodyatt.

DESCRIPTIVE GEOMETRY.

Class I.—None.
Class II.—Calkins, McGannon; DesRosiers, A., McEwen; Peden; McLellan, Robertson; Morkill.
Class III.—Traversy, McKinnon, Hughes-Jones, Armstrong, Henry, Lesage.

THIRD YEAR—ENG. LAW.

Class I.—None.
Class II.—Pullen.
Class III.—Nichols.

STRUCTURAL ENG.

Class I.—Tebbutt, McEwen, Sterns, Duggan; McGannon, Randolph.
Class II. — DesRosiers, A., Davis; Garnes, Gass, Henry, Norris; Bisson, Heward, Chaffey, Lefebvre, McLellan, Roy; Calkins, Hayward, McIntyre; Peden; Futterer, McLeod, D. L., Robertson, Stroud; Armstrong, Cooper; Cassels, Robb, Staveley; Bagshaw, Elderwin, Jelly.
Class III.—Cummer, Gnaedinger, Legris, J. A.; Cumming, MacKinnon, Wheatley; Goode, Hugh-Jones; Boyd, T. B., Cash; Edwards, Garth, Hughson; Billington, Hanington, McRae, Page, Whittall; Gorman, MacDermot; Bell, Boyd, W. W., Downes, May; Gear; Lesage, Traversy, Vallance; Warner, Weber, Starke.

INORG. QUANT. ANAL. LAB. (Chemists.)

Class I.—None.
Class II.—Shaw, McDougald, Skelton, R.
Class III.—Austin, Jordan.

INORG. QUANT. LAB. (Met. Engineers.)

Class I.—None.
Class II.—McLeod, D. L., Gnaedinger.
Class III.—Randolph; Hall, McMahon.

INORG. QUANT. ANAL LAB. (Chem. Engineers.)

Class I.—Tebbutt.
Class II.—McIntyre.
Class III.—McLeod, C. K., Biddulph.

MET. CALCULATIONS.

Class I.—Randolph, McLeod, D. L.
Class II.—None.
Class III.—Hall, McMahon, Gnaedinger.

INORG. QUANT. LAB. (Metallurgists.)

Class I.—None.
Class II.—None.
Class III.—Clarke, Mackintosh.

MET. COLLOQUIUM.

Class I.—Clarke.
Class II.—Mackintosh.
Class III.—Galloway, C. C.

McGILL ARTS EXAMS.

Results Posted Yesterday in First and Second Years.

Further results in McGill first and second year Arts exams. are as follows:

SECOND YEAR.

ENGLISH LITERATURE.

Class I.—Chaffey and Mount, equal; Bruneau, Fisher, Robinson, Leonowens, McSween; McIlwraith and McCarmock, equal; Corbett, Lighthall, Farthing, Reinhadt; Armstrong and Fritz and McGarry and McVey and Nicholson, equal.
Class II.—Morison and Shearing and Bridgman, equal; Wilder and Atkins, equal; Cameron, A., and Common and Dewey, equal; Hecht and Jeakins, equal; Fleet, J., and Smith, equal; Cream; Heaton and Hodgson and Walsh and Wilson, equal; MacLean and McLeod, equal; Bradbury and Scott, equal.
Class III.—Lovett, Ross, Matthews, Matheson; Burgess and Nehin, equal; Brown, Macaulay, Williams, Campbell.

GERMAN.

Class I.—MacSween.
Class II.—Mount, Goldbloom.
Class III.—Armstrong, Bieler, Leonowens, Leavitt.

CHEMISTRY.

Class I.—Miller, Macnaughton, Pedley, Stewart, J. G.; Chaffey and Duff and Goldbloom, equal; Brown, Lowry, Fritz, Larivière.
Class II.—Church, Leavitt; Gall and Molleur, equal; Glake and Lovett and McVey, equal.
Class III.—McLeod, W. M., Smith, E. E.; Sacksner and Williams, equal; Morgan.

FIRST YEAR.

GREEK (BEGINNERS).

Class I.—None.
Class II.—Bramley-Moore.
Class III.—Jess, Morrison, Ellis.

CHEMISTRY (B.Sc. COURSE).

Class I.—Hemming.
Class II.—None.
Class III.—Griffith, H. B., Johnston.

ENGLISH.

Class I.—McCrudden, Bradford, Griffith, H. R.; Bramley-Moore and Cooper, equal; Donaghue.
Class II.—Brooks and Moulton, equal; Jenkins and Rowat and Goldstein, H. M., equal; Wilgress and Hardwick, equal; Vallance and Hemming, and Mackeen, A. C., equal; Taylor, H. H.; Fry and Gentles, equal; Burton and MacGuire and Gleadinning and Goldstein, D., equal; Viner, J., and Ford, equal; Quin; Taylor, J. R., and Beattie and Howard, equal; Denny and Scott, H. E., and Warshawsky and Griffith, H. B., and Mace and Grimes and Wornell, equal.
Class III—Chown and Jess and Lighthall, equal; Cushing and Gauthier and Gordon, equal; Weston and McCaw, equal; Fowler and Guy, and Planche, equal; Samson and Meldrum, equal; Henson and McNaught and Myers and Henry and McLennan, equal; England and McNaughton and Goldwater and Chauvin, equal; Grant and Viner, B., equal; Brown and Coldwell and Leslie, equal; Williams, Holden and Reid, G. E., and Tinlin gand Graham and Morrison, D. M., and Leonard, equal; Blair and Metcalfe, equal; Cameron, C.M., and Johnson and Kittredge, equal; Fairgrieve and Little and Hay, equal; Gale and Douglas and Prather, equal; Findlay and Goodrich, equal; Garber and MacEwen and Seale and Black and Williams and Morrison, E. M., equal; Grandy; Bernfeld, M., and MacDermott and Fordon, equal.
Passed in Literature—Bott, Hovey, Kent, Stevenson, Stewart, C. J., Stuart, L. J., Tredinnick, Willis.
Passed in History—Bott, Kent, Macphail, Rattray, Robinson, Tredinnick.
Passed in Composition—Hovey, Macphail, Willis.

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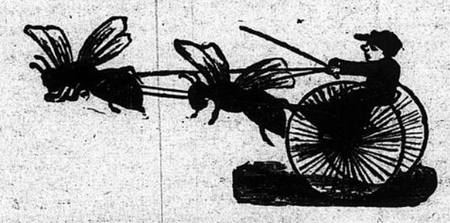
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27 STREETS CHANGE NAMES

Special Committee Busy this Morning—194 Still to Change

At the meeting of the special committee on street names yesterday a list of 337 duplicate streets was submitted by Mr. Crepeau, the assistant city clerk, as those which were most in need of change of name. Of these 116 will suffer no change of name because they are in the older portions of the city, and have the advantage of being named first. Twenty-seven changes were made out of the list of 221 streets that remained to be changed.

The streets for which the committee recommends new names are as follows, the new names being placed in brackets: Amherst street, in Duvernay Ward, from Rachel street northwards (Ferland); Boulevard street, in Emard Ward (Randot); two Champlain streets in St. Paul and Emard Ward (Champigny); Church avenue, in St. Paul Ward (Daulac); Davidson street, in Emard Ward (Cardinal); Dufferin street, in Duvernay and St. Denis wards (De la Roche); Dufferin, in St. Paul Ward (Cabot); Edward VII. avenue, in Emard Ward (George V.); St. Emelie street, in St. Henry Ward (St. Ours); St. Elizabeth du Portugal street, in St. Henry Ward (de Courcelles); Frontenac street, in St. Mary and Hochelaga wards (Lavergne); Jarry street, in Emard Ward (Duquesne); Lasalle street, in Duvernay and St. Denis, homologated under name of Cardinal street, in St. Denis Ward (De Lanaudiere); Lasalle street, in St. Paul Ward (Le Caron), the name La Salle thus passing out of the list of the city streets; Maisonneuve street, in St. Paul Ward (Roberval); Ryan avenue, in Emard Ward (Razilly); Victoria street, in St. Paul Ward (Corsistine); William street, in St. Ann's Ward (Jacques Hertel), although this is the oldest street; Workman avenue, in St. Paul Ward (Brock); First avenue, in Emard and St. Paul wards (Giffard); Second avenue, in Emard and St. Paul wards (Villiers); Third avenue, in Emard and St. Paul wards (Denonville); Fourth avenue, in Emard and St. Paul wards (de Meulles); Fifth avenue, in Emard Ward (Jacques Hertel); Sixth avenue, in Emard Ward (St Croix); Seventh avenue, in Emard Ward (Maricourt), and Eighth avenue, in Emard Ward (La Foret).

NO NEWS OF COLUMN.

French Relief Expedition in Morocco Causes Anxiety.

Paris, May 3.—At yesterday's meeting of the Cabinet, M. Cruppi, the minister of foreign affairs, made a statement in regard to the conditions in Morocco. He said no news had been received from Fez or Major Bremond, the commander of the French column and the troops of the Sultan. This, M. Cruppi stated, was not interpreted to mean that Major Bremond had failed in his mission of relieving Fez, although no confirmation of his arrival there had been received, but was considered to be proof that the investment of that place by the tribesmen was more effective than ever. For this reason the necessity of sending a flying column from Chaui remains urgent, although some consider the despatch of such a force unnecessary if Major Bremond has actually reached Fez.

ST. PAUL'S PULPIT.

Presbytery Approves Call to the Rev. R. Bruce Taylor.

The Montreal Presbytery, at last night's meeting, cordially approved of the call of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church to the Rev. Robert Bruce Taylor, M.A., of St. John'swood Presbyterian Church, London.

The new pastor will be guaranteed a stipend of $7,300 per year, with the use of manse and all travelling and moving expenses.

The induction has been fixed for Tuesday, Sept. 19, at 3.15 p.m. The Rev. Professor Fraser, the moderator, will preside. The Rev. Professor Welch will preach the sermon, while the minister will be addressed by the Rev. Dr. Barclay, and the people by the Rev. W. R. Cruikshank.

HIGHLAND CADETS' TRIP.

The trip committee of the Highland Cadet Battalion very gratefully acknowledge the following subscriptions towards the proposed trip of the battalion to England.

Mr. H. J. Allison, Montreal..	$5.00
Mr. S. Levinson, Montreal...	2.00
Previously acknowledged.. ..	4,073.00
	$4,080.00
Proposed cost of trip..	10,000.00
Balance required..	$5,927.00

As the time is drawing near when this list must close the committee strongly appeal to their friends to send in their subscriptions as early as possible. Cheques should be made payable to the Highland Cadet Battalion trip fund (in trust) and sent to Major Fred. Lydon, Drill Hall, Montreal.

Zam-Buk
SURE CURE FOR SKIN INJURIES & DISEASES.
A purely herbal balm; best thing for the tender skins of children, yet powerful enough to heal an adult's chronic sore; highly antiseptic; eases pain and smarting soon as applied—that is Zam-Buk. Remember it is purely herbal—no mineral poisons, no animal fats. Power and purity combined!
All druggists and stores sell at 50c. a box.

Thursday's Shopping News Briefly Told for Your Convenience

For the Other Party Wanted In the Picture

—EMBROIDERIES
—WASH GOODS
—CREAM SERGES
—LINEN SUITINGS
—SUMMER SILKS
—BLOUSES
—LINEN DRESSES
—LINGERIE DRESSES
—OUTING COATS
—RAIN COATS
—OUTING HATS
—PARASOLS
—WALKING SHOES
—HOSIERY
—GLOVES
—GOLF COATS

Many Summer Silk Dresses *And Hardly Two Alike*

Imported foulards made up with fancy yoke of net; the sleeves made mostly short for coolness, the styles generally the semi-fitted Empire effect—some pretty polka dots, others in smart stripes, checks and paisley designs. Mostly black and white.

FOR COOL MOURNING

We have a very neat (10 Mummy) China Silk dress very neatly made.

FANCY BLACK

Dresses, too, for women of more advanced years; in fact, most any kind of summer weight silk dresses you are likely to think about. Some at $18.50, some at $20.00, and others at $25.00, $30.00 and $35.00.

AS FOR LINEN DRESSES

We have quite a variety to select from at $15.00, and up to $25.00.

Souvenirs--Enamelled Sterling Silver

Nearly one thousand pieces of *New Design* and *New Stock* enamelled Souvenir Novelties — Brooches, pins, sash pins, spoons, cuff links, napkin rings, and watch fobs, more than fifty different numbers, each in a variety of colors. These are the very best finish, and each piece stamped "Sterling."

We have a whole show-case (between the jewellery and belt departments) filled with these souvenir novelties, and it is really worthy of your notice.

The prices—.35, .50, .65, .75, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, 4.50 and $5.00.

For the June Bride Alone---

A Whisper About Silks

We would like to whisper to you 1911 brides, that we are especially well prepared for your wedding. We have silks and satins for your trousseau, and such satins! and such silks! You should see the Ivory French messalines and French Paillettes, for the beauty of their finish is beyond us to describe.

—*Ivory Duchess Mousseline*, rich ivory, drapes beautiful, high-class lustrous finish; 36 inches wide; $2.00.
—*Ivory Duchess Satin*, very rich, heavy quality and very handsome; 23 inches wide; $2.00 a yard.
—*Ivory Cashmere Meteor*, very soft, drapes perfectly, and high-class finish; 40 inches wide; $2.00.
—*Ivory Crepe de Chine*, all pure silk direct from France, full double width, length and lustrous, very soft for draping purposes; 46 inches wide; $2.00 and $2.50 a yard.
—*Ivory Salome Cloth*, silk and wool, very bright finish, splendid quality, 44 inches wide; $1.00 a yard.
—*Ivory French Messalines*, soft and very bright finish, just like a rich satin; 19 to 20 inches wide; .85, $1.00, $1.25 a yard.
—*Ivory French Paillettes*, splendid qualities, finish simply indescribable; 19 inches wide; .85, $1.00, $1.10 a yard.

AND TRIMMINGS FOR THEM

Beaded trimmings in pearl and silver combinations, or pearl alone.

Insertions

¼ to 3½ inches, at from .40 to $3.50.
Motifs to match in different sizes at different prices.
Fringes at from .75 to $2.25 a yard.

EVERY season finds more women seeking the protection that comes with the trade-mark of the famous "Queen Quality" The number of "Queen Quality" customers is now up in the millions. But this is nothing surprising to those who know the shoe. The only wonder is that any woman can be induced to wear anything else.

Price $4.00 to $5.00

MISS STRICKLER
here for
ONLY 3 MORE DAYS
demonstrating
MODART CORSETS

Summer Lisle Stockings, At 3 pairs for $1.00

Bought specially for the warm weather were these; gauze lisle; the soles are double, so are the tops; black, tan and white.

$1.50 Parisian Steel Studded Elastic Belts for .98 Each

These belts we had some trouble in getting again (had a few at Christmas time and they sold out quickly), the manufacturer not wishing to make them for the original price.

However, we got them — Black steel studded silk elastic with velvet faced buckles. Really $1.50 value, for each.. .. .. .98

Real Hair Pads

These are made of real fine hair, carefully prepared, so as to be non-injurious to the head. All shades from blonde to black; each.. .. .. .25

Our Special Hair Net Mid-Brown Only

On sale Thursday.. .. .. .. .3 for .25

NOTE this Net—this color, at this price *Thursday*, simply because the maker shipped too many of it.

Sachets

Hudnut's White Wood, Violet,, Royal Heliotrope, and Le Reve; per oz.. .. .. .75
Roger and Gallet's Vera Violette de Parme, per oz.. .. .. .75
Balcock's Corylopsis sachet, per oz.. .. .. .75
Piver's sachet, in twelve various odors, per oz., .59

THURSDAY At The Boa Department, On the Main Floor Balcony, Next The Circulating Library

Just because we have no black of this number—we offer Ostrich Boas, 2 yds. long, fine velvety fibre; White, Grey, Natural, and Navy. Regular at $6.50; for each.. .. ..$4.95

Note—This $6.50 regular value of ours we venture to assert is elsewhere considered worth $10.

EMBROIDERY FLOUNCINGS 27 Inches Wide } **$1.50**

It is among the new summer embroideries—some patterns large and open, some very lacey, some scalloped, some hemstitched, 12 different patterns at the one price.. .. ..$1.50

CORSET COVERING, .50 a Yard

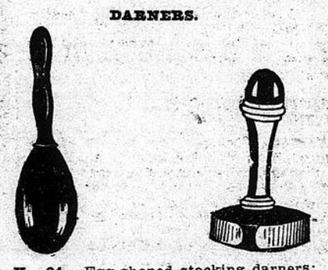
Another line of the summer embroideries—and one of no mean attraction; really fine batiste worked in many patterns.

A Page from Our Spring Catalogue

THE WOMAN'S STORE OF CANADA.

NOTIONS

DARNERS.



Y. 94. Egg-shaped stocking darners; each.. .. .. .0.05
Y. 95. The "Queen" patent stocking darners; holds article in place while being mended; each.. .. .. .0.10
Y. 96. Heel and toe darners; each.. .. .. .0.18
Y. 97. Glove darners; each 0.10

TRACING WHEELS, SKIRT GAUGES AND PINKING IRONS.

Y. 88. Tracing wheels; each, 5c., ...0.25

Y. 89. Skirt Gauges for adjusting the hang of your skirt; each, 25c., 35c., 0.50
Y. 90 Pinking Irons; each.. .. .. .0.10

CORSET CLASPS, SHIELDS AND LACES.

Y. 98. Corset clasps with protecting steel; white; 12, 13, or 14 in., per pair, 0.10
Y. 99. "Century" corset shields; sizes, 1, 2, 3; per pair.. .. .. .0.35
Y. 100. Linen corset laces; 4 yards long; each, 5c.; 5 yards long, each.. .. .. .0.07
Y. 101. Silk corset laces; white or colored; 4 yards long.. .. .. .0.25
Y. 102. Round elastic corset laces; 2½ yards long; 2 for.. .. .. .0.05
Y. 103. Flat elastic corset laces; 2½ yds. long .. .0.07

BOOT AND SHOE LACES.

Y. 104. Extra strong fine, black mohair boot laces; 36 or 45 inches long; per dozen laces.. .. .. .0.10

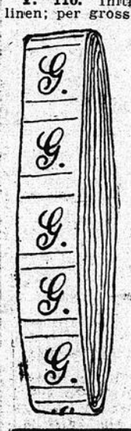
Y. 105. Black or tan mohair boot laces or shoe laces; 24, 30, 36, 45 or 52 inches long; per pair, 5c. and.. .. .. .0.10
Y. 106. Mercerized laces, black or tan; 24 inches long; per pair, 10c. and.. .. .. .0.15
Y. 107. Silk shoe laces; black or tan; 24 inches long; per pair.. .. .. .0.25

TAPE MEASURES.

Y. 108. Sixty inch tape measures; each, 5c., 10c., and.. .. .. .0.15
Y. 109. Spring tape measures; each, 15c., 25c., and.. .. .. .0.50

INITIAL LETTERS AND MENDING TISSUE.

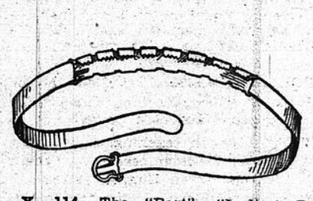
Y. 110. Initial letters for marking linen; per gross.. .. .. .0.15



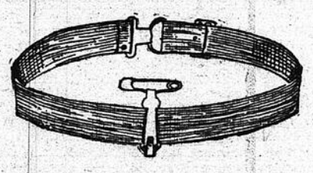
Y. 111. Papier Maché initials for marking fine table linen, etc., various sizes and styles, each, 1c., 2c., 3c., 4c., and.. .. .0.10

Y. 112. Rubber tissue for mending; per package.. .. .. .0.05
Y. 113. Sateen sleeve protectors, in black or white; per pair.. .. .. .. .0.15

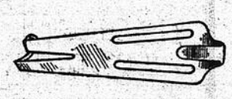
Y. 117A. "Rosalind" waist pins, each.. .. .. .0.25



Y. 114. The "Best", "Ladies' Delight" and "Always Ready" waist adjusters and blouse retainers; each..0.25
Y. 115. "Gair's" skirt holder and waist adjuster; per set.. .. .. .. .0.35

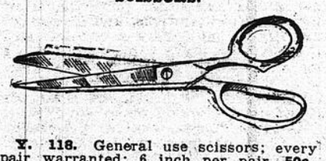


Y. 116. Elastic waist and skirt holders; each.. .. .. .0.15

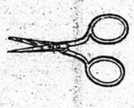


Y. 117. Long waist pins the "Ladies' Delight", each.. .. .. .0.05

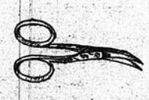
SCISSORS.



Y. 118. General use scissors; every pair warranted; 6 inch per pair, 50c., 6½ in., 55c.; 7 in., 60c.; 7½ in., 65c.; 8 in., 75c.; 8½ in.. .. .. .0.85
Y. 119. Embroidery and fancy work scissors; per pair, 35c., and 0.50



Y. 120. Buttonhole scissors, per pair, 25c., and .. .0.50
Y. 121. Drapers' or pocket scissors; per pair, 25c., 35c., and.. .. .. .0.50



Y. 122. Manicure scissors; per pair, 50c., and .. .0.65

Fancy Goods--Special

Linen crash laundry bags, larger size embroidered in red or green, worth .50, for each.. .. .. .. .33
New design in "Royal Society" corset covers, stamped on fine French nainsook with floss.. .55
Scrim frills, 4½ yards in length; draw string; all shades.. .. .. .49 each

Toilet Requisites--Special

And if you cannot call at our department, bear in mind that it has *Direct Telephone Connection.*

Buttermilk soap, regular 3 cakes for .25; Thursday .. .. .5 for .25
Sanitary toilet paper, in rolls or squares, 6 for .25
Vinolia Smelling Salt.. .. .. .19
Dupont's sanitary tooth brushes, .30 value, for each.. .. .. .19

Wash Beltings--Wash Belts

Now is the season to fit yourself out with a selection of pretty and stylish wash beltings, of which we have a fine display on our Balcony, at the moderate price of .18 cents per yard, or one-half cent an inch. We also have a fine selection of Embroidered beltings from 1½ to 2½ cents an inch, and of belts with buckles, we have a splendid variety at from .19 to .75.

AT OUR CIRCULATING LIBRARY ON THE MAIN FLOOR BALCONY

A few more titles—

"More than Kin"—*Wentworth.*
"Brother Copas"—*Quiller-Couch.*
"When a man marries"—*Rinehart.*
"Brazenhead the Great"—*Hewlett.*

These and over 600 other books of popular fiction, are to be had on our "Penny-a-day" plan. The young lady in charge of the library will be pleased to advise you as to details.

.15 & .18 Wash Suitings and Dress Muslins, .10

New summer wash suitings, full 27 inches wide, a large assortment of colorings, beautiful quality for summer dresses and children's wear. Regular price .15 a yard; Thursday.. .. .. .10

Fine (very fine) quality sheer muslin, with assorted designs in cross-bar effects, for ladies' blouses and children's summer dresses. Regular price .15 and .18 a yard; Thursday.. .. .. .. .10 a yard

Wash Ribbons--10 Yards for .15

The checked wash ribbon so much in use — White, Pink, Sky, Grey and Red.

The John Murphy Company Limited

OUR PHONE NUMBER UPTOWN 6010

The John Murphy Company Limited

Of Interest to Women.

The 'Witness' Daily Fashion Hint.

.. SMART WALKING SUITS.

Of more interest at the present moment than any other feature of the wardrobe is the spring suit. Tree smart models are illustrated in the picture above. One shows the new jupe collotte which is talked about largely but seldom seen. This model is not calculated to arouse the ire of even the most modest. The division appears at the ankle, and when the wearer is not in motion, is not to be noticed at all. The white suit is for country wear, and is a charming model. The short coated suit pictured above is one of the most popular styles inaugurated this spring. Its sombre tone is relieved by collars and cuffs of striped silk.

WOMEN'S MEETINGS TO-MORROW.

The annual business meeting of the Alumnæ Society of McGill University will be held in the Royal Victoria College to-morrow, at 4 p. m.

MacVicar Memorial Church Ladies' Aid Society, regular monthly meeting, at 3 p. m.

Board of Directirs of the Y. W. C. A., at 11 a. m.

Eastern 'Y's,' monthly meeting, at 1182 Delorimier Ave., at 7.45 p. m.

MISTRESS OF THE HOME.

Mrs. Cloudesley Brereton, an Officier d' Académie of France, has in 'The Gentlewoman' a thoughtful article on the personal responsibilities of the house mistress, however wealthy she may be. An idea was formerly current among those who are ever a mistress's keenest critics, that a lady was not a 'proper lidy' if she knew how to do the simplest household service. Happily the example of the really great goes to show that neither wealth, nor rank, nor the claims of society, politics or pleasure, exonerate a woman from the first duty which the headship of a house, large or small, imposes upon her.

Mrs. Brereton instances the high example of the British royal princesses who have made themselves acquainted with the actual work necessary to a well organized household; of the German Empress; of the capable young Queen of Holland who is mistress of all housewifely craft; of the royal women of Norway, Sweden, and Denmark.

'This mastery of detail finds its chief justification, in the underlying conception of what the aristocratic ideal really is. Its whole "reason for being" lies in the idea that it has to be the leader in all that is best, and above all the leader to those with whom it comes in the closest contact --its servants, retainers and dependants. If a girl lives where more goes to waste than would feed a village, how is she to make an economical and capable wife to anyone of her class? When she marries she has simply to go to the hard school of life to unlearn all that she has previously acquired; and who knows if her little home and household will not be wrecked in the process? How different would have been her fate, had she served under a mistress who steered a wise course between extravagance and cheeseparing?

Moreover, in learning to understand household matters a woman learns to understand and sympathise with her household staff. She comes, in fact, to master economy in its truest, widest, and primitive sense of household government, not merely of things, but of human beings. She gradually comes to see the daily difficulties in their work, and so from interest in the work itself she passes over to the worker, and takes an intimate, if discreet, interest in her servants as individuals, with lives of their own, to live, and sympathizes with their joys, their sorrows, their home problems. Of course the gradations of interest must vary indefinitely The thing that counts is the attitude of the two parties. When such mutual interests exist the mansion becomes a home—instead of a mere hotel in which the only relation between mistress and dependant is a cash one.

HOW TO ROLL AN UMBRELLA.

When an umbrella is carried it detracts from the trig effect of the costume unless the said umbrella is rolled very neatly. What looks more unseemly than the Sairey Gamp style? It is very easy to roll an umbrella perfectly trim if one goes about it in the right way. The first thing to do is, holding the umbrella upright, to adjust the folds of the cover, laying each flat in place. Then take hold of the ends of the ribs, which lie evenly along the handle, just beyond the edge of the cover. Hold these firmly in one hand, pressing them against the handle, so that they will not get twisted out of place. Place the other hand at the top of the cover next to the ferule, and roll the umbrella. After each turn the hand at the lower end will have to be raised, but the ribs must be seized again and held firmly before making the next turn. If they are so held, it follows that the cover must take the correct lines, and can be rolled smooth and tight. An umbrella always rolled correctly when it is rolled at all will not become old looking.

SUMMER FROCK TRIMMINGS.

Very few smart frocks for spring or summer wear are untrimmed; even if fashion demanded it, the new decorative effects are too pretty to be resisted. It is not that there are so many actual novelties, but embroideries, laces, and other ordinary trimmings are used so differently that they achieve distinction. Ribbons and satins are used extensively, and silks, figured and plain, are employed in hems and bandings, or in charming little jacket suggestions. Braids are still popular. Besides the woven ones, that come in all widths and in plain and fancy patterns, there are effective shaped garnitures in combination braid and netting. Then there are strappings, more or less ornate. The new embroideries are beautiful.

Figured and flowered organdies are pretty and make delightful frocks for a summer evening. They are trimmed with taffeta or satin, or, rather uniquely, with chiffon cloth. In the latter case, the chiffon is usually applied in the form of hemstitched hems or knife-plaited frills. Another treatment has the flowered lawn used for a foundation showing below and through a tunic of semi-transparent striped organdie, preferably a white marked off with hairlines of black, to which a sash of black satin adds the last telling note.

Quite fascinating are the odd commingling of materials and colors. That inexpensive materials lend themselves so readily to these clever manipulations that one hardly remembers there is caste among fabrics does not tend in any degree to lessen interest in the situation.

THE HAIR TOO OILY.

A correspondent writes that she has been troubled for quite a long time with her hair falling, due to too much oil being given out by the sebaceous glands. When the hair is washed it is only a few days till it is oily again. She is also troubled with indigestion

It is quite likely that when the general health is restored an improvement will be noticed in the condition of the hair. In the meantime it would probably be helpful to shampoo the head once a fortnight with liquid green soap, which you can buy at a druggist's. Use soft water if possible, and have it as hot as is comfortable to use. Brush the hair, braid it at the ends in two braids very loosely to prevent tangling. Wet with the clear water, then rub the liquid soap on to the scalp. It will make a soft lather. If the green soap is found too severe, a pine tar soap may be used instead. It is better for too moist hair than a soap made with more oil. Wash the hair well, then rinse through several waters until every particle of the soap is removed. It is a good idea to have each rinsing water of a little lower temperature than the preceding one, and to finish with cold water to tone up the scalp. Dry the hair with towels, and by shaking it out of doors so that the air will circulate about the roots freely. When the hair is inclined to be oily it should be aired every day.

Massage every day will also help to restore the minute glands at the roots, or hair follicles, to their normal action. The massage consists in rubbing the scalp to promote the circulation of the blood vessels and increase the nourishment they provide. Place the tips of the first and second fingers on the scalp at the base of the skull and move the scalp with a rotary motion of the fingers. Then put them on another spot a little higher up and repeat the movement, and so on until the whole of the scalp has been gone over. The pressure should be firm but not severe.

Any treatment to be efficacious must be continued regularly. If the condition is not improved sufficiently after a time, it would be well to consult a reliable hair specialist and obtain a suitable lotion to be rubbed in.

GOOD MANNERS FOR CHILDREN

(By Mrs. Muldrew, Supt. Girls' residence, Macdonald College.)

When I began teaching school as a young girl I remembered a speech made to me by an English gentleman about the manners of Canadian children, and I resolved that the children under my care would not deserve the criticism he had given to children in general. I had then as now absolute faith in the possibilities of the small girl or boy with proper guidance and good treatment, and it being a country school I was able in a short time to know the home life of all of my pupils. A certain portion of each day was set aside for the teaching of what to-day would be called 'ethics of the school' including the teaching of formal manners, and it did not in any measure lessen the power of the child to absorb the proper amount of arithmetic, spelling, etc., while it made a bond between teacher and pupil that, though indefinable, was very much felt, and it brought many kind and grateful remarks from parents.

The protest against observing a code of formal manners and of teaching these to our children is that many of them are meaningless, and that if we have just honesty and sincerity we can dispense with formality. This is not so. In all other departments of life we have standards, and in our social life we must have a code of laws that serve to make things move along more easily. If the ordinary rules pertaining to any one subject are examined it will be found that these are based upon common sense and justice.

As an argument against the teaching of formal manners to children it is said by some that to have fine manners no better way can be found than by observing people who possess a fine manner, but how are we to know whom to copy unless we know what forms are accepted and what are not? First learn the code, and then observe those who follow it and in this way cultivate a courteous manner towards others. There is an educational maxim that says 'we learn to do by doing,' and so we grow more courteous by the daily and hourly exercise of courteous acts. Another educational maxim that fits here as elsewhere reads thus, 'we learn to do by knowing, and to know by doing.' We learn what is required, then do the same, and by the steady and careful exercise of the thousand and one little courtesies that a well-bred person gives to his associates, we become the possessor of a gentle manner, and our characters, reacted upon by these expressions of courtesy, become full of grace and beauty

Too many people excuse themselves by saying they are misunderstood, or nervous, or naturally awkward. We should be severe towards ourselves and never excuse a rudeness. Analyze for reasons and then avoid a repetition of the offence.

A fine manner is quite irresistible. It is a passport almost anywhere. It is of great advantage inasmuch as it is sure to put others at ease, and by so doing enables them to be at their best. It is well worth while to try to bring children into a thorough knowledge of the requirements of good society. It will be worth more to them than much that we labor to give them. It is the polish to the diamond which though of value in the rough commands a greater price when it has passed through th ehands of the cutter.

A DAILY COOKERY RECIPE.

Parmesan Souffle.—Mix in a saucepan half a tablespoonful of flour with a little butter. Simmer for a while and pour in a little boiling milk to get a thick white sauce. When mixed add the yolks of three eggs, stirring vigorously until it is boiling again. Season with salt and red pepper to taste; let cool a little, still stirring, and mix in two or three ounces of finely grated Parmesan cheese. Beat to a froth the whites of five eggs and mix lightly with the sauce. Put the whole in a well buttered cylindric mould. Bake in a gentle oven for about a quarter of an hour. If properly done it will rise a third above the edge of the mould. Serve in the mould and at once.

THE 'WITNESS' DAILY PATTERN.

The home dressmaker should keep a little catalogue scrap book of the daily pattern cuts. These will be found very useful to refer to from time to time.

8934.—A PRACTICAL HOUSE DRESS.

This design will appeal to every home dressmaker who appreciates simplicity and style. The waist has a shaped side closing, and the skirt is cut with the popular inverted back plait and has a deep tuck at each seam of the front gore. The sleeve may be finished in full length or as a shorter sleeve. The pattern is cut in 6 sizes: 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. It requires seven yards of 36-inch material for the 36-inch size.

PATTERN COUPON.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern as per directions given below.

No.....

Size .....

Name .....

Address in full:

.....

.....

.....

N.B.—Be sure to cut out the illustration and send with the coupon, carefully filled out. The pattern cannot reach you in less than a week. Price 10 cents each, in cash, postal note or stamps. Address: 'Witness' Pattern Department, 'Witness' Block, Montreal.

WONDER-SHINE

SILVER-CLEANER

SAVES THE SILVER

THERE'S NO RUBBING TO WEAR OFF THE PLATING

Ask your dealer for it

WONDERSHINE LIMITED, TORONTO AND BUFFALO

What are the Readers of this page doing to save the 'WITNESS'?

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY REGISTERED

Dozens of Charming Styles in Ladies'

DRESSES

It is generally conceded that Montreal ladies as a class are the best dressed in Canada, and this fact should carry with it the conviction that the merchant whose ready to wear apparel appeals to the best dressers with no uncertain success has won a place worth striving for.

The exceptional style and character of our garments and hats for women have enabled us to reach that goal in less than a year, and we are pleased immeasurably with its attainment.

Marquesettes, Voiles, Chiffon, Cashmere, Printed Messalines Raw Silk, Foulards, and a special showing of French Lingerie Dresses.

$20 to $100.

We sell Ladies' GLOVES by Trefousse, Fownes and Perrin Freres.

Fairweather's LIMITED

485-487 St. Catherine Street West,

TORONTO. MONTREAL. WINNIPEG.

CONFESSION OF FAITH

Abolition of Question in Ordination Suggested to Presbytery—Ne Temere Decree

St. Catharines, Ont., May 3.—Yesterday afternoon the Hamilton Presbytery gave an attentive ear to the motion by the Rev. John Young, to recommend to the General Assembly the entire removal or radical moderation of the question: 'Do you believe in the Westminster Confession of Faith' now put to applicants for ordination. It was argued that the demand for an affirmative answer is driving men from the ministry. The question was forwarded to the General Assembly without local discussion.

The presbytery recommended that in future the minimum stipend be twelve hundred dollars.

TO CONSIDER THE NE TEMERE DECREE.

Toronto, May 3.—The Toronto Presbytery decided yesterday to send a request to the General Assembly that it should consider the existing marriage laws of Quebec with a view to deciding how far it is concerned or affected by the Ne Temere edict.

The Presbytery has taken the ground that the Ne Temere is a part of the legislation of the Roman Catholic Church, and as such the presbytery has nothing to do with it, except in so far as it enters into the statutes of Quebec province and affects the civil law.

TRINITY COLLEGE DIVINITY CLASS.

Toronto, May 3.—The results of the annual divinity examination at Trinity College were announced last night.

The following members of the senior divinity class are entitled to the degree of licentiate of theology: T. L. Bruce, G. A. Brunet, B.A., F. G. Coombs, B.A., L. H. H. Green, J. H. Hosford, J. J. Preston, B.A., V. C. Spencer, B.A., J. G. Widdifield, B.A., and G. G. Wright, T. Y. Ishii and H. Mayes have also completed the second year of the senior divinity class.

Mr. Bruce is to be made deacon in the Diocese of Calgary; Messrs. Brunet and Wright in the Diocese of Ottawa; Messrs. Pippen, Preston and Spencer in the Diocese of Toronto, and Mr. Mayes, in the Diocese of Algoma. Messrs. Coombs, Green, Hosford and Ishii intended to take a further year of study before presenting themselves for ordination. Mr. Widdifield, who is at present curate at St. George's Church, Toronto, will be advanced to the priesthood before proceeding to the foreign mission field.

Mr. Harrington, of the first year in the senior divinity class, is to be made deacon by the Bishop of Ontario, and to be placed in charge of the Parish of Pittsburg.

The following is the pass list of the senior divinity class: Second year, Class 1, J. G. Widdifield, B.A., and L. H. H. Green (equal), V. C. Spencer, B.A.

Class II.—J. H. Hosford, G. G. Wright, P. Mayes (equal), T. L. Bruce, J. J. Preston (equal), G. A. Brunet, B.A., T. Y. Ishii and W. A. Pippen (equal).

Class III.—F. G. Coombs, B.A.

Conditioned—R. M. Boulden, J. E. Honson, C. E. Pratt, B.A., and G. Styner.

First year—Honors, R. S. Tippet, B.A.

Class I.—C. Paterson-Smyth, B.A., J. H. Dixon, B.A., W. S. Blyth, B.A.

Class II.—B. H. Bowden-Taylor, R. S. Jones, B.A., W. G. Thompson, B.A., R. H. H. Bulteel and S. E. Harrington (equal).

Conditioned—D. H. M. Breadon, W. Burt, C. G. D. Londgmore, P. A. Paris, D. M. Rose and N. J. Thompson.

ADJOURNED VESTRIES.

St. John the Evangelist.

At St. John the Evangelist adjourned vestry meeting last night, a credit balance of $98 was shown. The churchwardens reported that the time had come to liquidate the mortgage and thus lessen expenses by $700. Messrs. W. H. A. Eckhardt and R. R. Macaulay were re-elected wardens, and Messrs. Mould, Spence, Maynard, Browning, Hill, Skinner, Dugan were elected to the select vestry.

St. Martin's Church.

At the adjourned annual vestry meeting of St. Martin's Church, Mr. J. R. Meeker was appointed rector's warden, and Mr. C. H. Hanson, financial warden, and Mr. R. G. Hoerner, assistant to the financial warden.

Other elections resulted as follows: Executive committee—J. R. Meeker, C. H. Hanson, W. B. Gilmour, R. G. Hoerner, Chas. Sobey, R. Vibert, F. Becknap, Chas. McFee, C. S. Wallace and R. Wilton.

Sidesmen—J. A. Moir, J. A. Walsh, A. P. Weary, R. Vibert, Norris Day, E. L. Stilwell, J. H. McGowan, F. Hoerner, C. Sobey, P. J. Turner, Alex. Strachan, E. Hurley, W. Davidson, C. S. Wallace, W. Borlase, H. B. Lee, W. Hamilton, R. Wilton, J. M. Carver, Mr. Hopper.

A special vote of thanks to Mr. Hibbert Troop and the choir was moved by Mr. Hendery and seconded by Mr. Weary.

Laymen's Missionary Movement delegates were appointed as follows: P. J. Turner, A. P. Weary, Alex. Hendery and C. S. Wallace.

A special bonus of $100 was voted to the organist. Votes of thanks were passed to the Rev. Dr. Day and the Rev. D. J. Mengewirtz for their assistance with the services during the year. A vote of thanks was passed to the rector for his long and faithful service.

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B. Lindman, Esq., Montreal:—

Dear Sir: Eight months ago I thought that I would have to give up my situation, my work being heavy, and myself an old man. I was obliged to take to my bed and send for our family physician, who at once advised me to get one of your trusses. After you fitted me I was at work again in a few days. The truss is most comfortable, and I am now as strong and able to do my work as I ever was.

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Call or write for particulars.
Consultations free.

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16 McGILL COLLEGE AVE., Montreal

SOUTH AFRICA NEXT.

From Western Canada, where our readers followed with interest the fortunes of 'The Tenderfoot,' we have taken them to the dark days of 1797-8, in old England, and now we have found for them a fascinating story of South Africa, with its Uitlanders and Boers, and blacks, its mixed social elements and the tremendous changes brought about by the war.

'Forged in Strong Fires,' this story of love and joy, and tragedy, will commence shortly in the 'Daily Witness,' and we hope that none of our readers will miss the opening chapters, as the plot moves very rapidly. Watch for date of starting.

First chapter on May 6th. Tell your friends to read it.

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BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

Notices of births, marriages and deaths, must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c; marriage notices for 50c; death notices for 25c, prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extensions to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50c per line extra, prepaid.

Annual subscribers, whose names appear on our lists, may have announcements of birth, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should invariably be given.

BIRTHS.

GOODFELLOW — On Saturday, April 29, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Goodfellow, a son.

LEET — On April 24, 1911, at Montreal West, Que., to Mr. and Mrs. Leo L. Leet, a daughter.

PALLISER—At 20 Raleigh Place, Flatbush, Brooklyn, on Sunday, April 30, 1911, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Baird Palliser.
Lachute papers please copy.

RAPHAEL—On April 28th, at St. Paul's Hospital, Vancouver, a son to Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Raphael, of Barnet, B.C.

MARRIED.

BULL—HOFMEYR—At Cape Town, on March 25, 1911, Oswin Boys Bull, youngest son of the late Rev. H. J. Bull, of Roborough, N. Devon, England, to Helen Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the late Rev. J. H. Hofmeyr, of Somerset East, Cape Colony.

HURLBUT — RITCHIE — At the home of the bride's mother, 327 Wiseman avenue, Outremont, on Wednesday, April 26, 1911, by the Rev. G. I. Campbell, of Fairmount Avenue Methodist Church, assisted by the Rev. James Patterson, and the Rev. Dr. Tucker, Gertrude E., daughter of the late Mr. John Ritchie, to Mr. Baxter E. Hurlbut, of Essex Junction, Vt.

MACKNESS — VERNON — At Joliette, on April 29, 1911, by the Rev. Calvin E. Amaron, D.D., Charles W. Mackness and Dorothy Eleanor Vernon.

RIPLEY — BROWN — By the Rev. Wm. Pearson, on May 1, 1911, at the home of the bride, H. J. Ripley to Orissa H. Brown, both of Elgin.

DIED.

BELL — Suddenly, on May 1, 1911, James Bell, aged 50 years.
Funeral on Thursday afternoon at 2.30, from his late residence, 382 Olivier avenue, Westmount, to St. Matthias Church, thence to Mount Royal Cemetery.
Boston and Newfoundland papers please copy.

DAVIDSON — At Montreal, on Sunday evening April 30, 1911, in the 73rd year of his age, the Venerable James Burrows Davidson, M.A., D.C.L., Archdeacon of Bedford, Rector Emeritus of the Parish of St. Amand East (Frelighsburg).
Funeral on Wednesday, at 2.30 p.m., from his late residence, 98 Pine ave., West, to Christ Church Cathedral.

EMERSON — At Millington, Que., on April 23, 1911, Mrs. Betsy A. Emerson, aged 73 years.

GALLET — In this city, on April 26, 1911, Lester Eugene Gallet, aged three years, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Gallet, of Lacolle Junction, Que.

MAVER—Glenna B., May 2nd, 1911, wife of Alex. A. Maver, 1000 Tupper Street. Born Christiansburg, Virginia, Feb. 14th, 1861.
Funeral May 5th. Private.

McCALLUM—In Kingston, Ont., on April 29, 1911, at 371 Brock Street, Miss Anne McCallum.

VERSCHOOTE — Suddenly, at Beeck (Brec), Belgium, on March 25, 1911, Jan. Francois Verschoote, aged 83 years, uncle of Theo. Verschoote, Verdun.

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends, together with a one-cent stamp for each address, and marked copies of the 'Witness' containing the notice will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required.

SHALL THE WITNESS DIE?

One young man says: 'My birth was announced in the 'Witness'; my marriage was announced in the 'Witness,' and I propose to do my best so that when the time comes my death may be announced in the 'Witness.' Long live the 'Witness!'

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EAST END 297 ST. DOMINIQUE ST.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned will be received until 4 p.m., Thursday, May 11, 1911, for the supply of hardware, brushes, manilla rope, packing, paint and paint oil, hose, wire rope, oils and greases, steam pipe, chain and steam fittings for the departmental dredging plant.

Each tender must be sent in a separate envelope and endorsed "Tender for Hardware," "Tender for Brushes," etc., as the case may be.

Tenders will not be considered unless made upon and in accordance with conditions contained in forms furnished by the Department.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, for the amount mentioned in the tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, May 2, 1911.

"EMPRESS" SPECIAL

A Special Steamship Train will leave Windsor Street Station on Friday, May 5th, at 9.45 a.m., for Quebec, for the accommodation of passengers sailing by the 'Empress of Ireland.'

This train will be made up of Parlor Cars, Diner, First-Class Coaches and Colonist Cars, and will run through to the steamer's side.

COUNCIL MAKES MISTAKE.

The Council on Monday, in supposing that the application now being made at Ottawa for entrance to the city streets by the Montreal Central Terminal Railway Company was made by the Montreal Terminal Railway Company, was in error. The former company is probably renewing at Ottawa its attempts, heretofore unsuccessful, to come into Montreal by the underground route, to build a great station as a centre for subterranean roads to different parts of the city, and to connect with suburban and other electric railways outside of Montreal. The committee appointed to go to Montreal were therefore appointed under a misapprehension.

ENGINES HAVE CLOSED CABS.

For the purpose of protecting their engineers, all the engines which are now being turned out by the Canadian Pacific Railway for use on their lines are being built with closed cabs.

SYLVIA'S LOVERS

A Story of Press-Gang Days.

By . Elizabeth . Cleghorn . Gaskell

SUMMARY OF THE PRECEDING CHAPTERS.

Into the quiet of little Monkshaven there Sylvia Robson and Molly Corney have gone to do their marketing, comes the news of an incoming whaler. At the very moment when the boat crosses the bar into the harbor, however, the press gang is upon the men and the people rise into riots over their bitter disappointment. The next whaler to come in is also set upon by the press gang, and Charley Kinraid, is sorely wounded. While convalescing he meets Sylvia, who is shyly pleased at his admiration. Before leaving for his next whaling trip, he tells Sylvia of his love. She returns it, but the father thinks the engagement had best be a secret for a while, and her cousin, Philip Hepburn, who loves her deeply, trying to warn her against Kinraid, who has jilted several girls, gets only hot indignation in return. It chances that Philip is next day the only one to see Kinraid set upon and carried off by the press gang, and is asked to carry his message of love and faith to Sylvia. Philip avoids the actual promise and does not contradict the report of his death. He grieves at Sylvia's misery, but keeps silent, believing Kinraid utterly unworthy anyhow. For heading an attack on the press gang, Daniel Robson is arrested, and, to everyone's astonished horror, hung. His wife loses her mind, and Sylvia at last, for her mother's sake, gives in and marries Philip, but even the birth of her baby, whom she dearly loves, does not turn her heart to Philip, who had reproached her for crying for Kinraid in her delirium. Philip's misery increases until the long dreaded return of Kinraid, and Kinraid, covered with honors, is but the finishing touch. Sylvia's utter woe and bitter scorn as she sends Kinraid away, but vows never to forgive Philip, drive him from home. Sylvia's mother dies not knowing of his disappearance, and Hester Rose, the young Quaker girl, who had loved and still loves Philip, and to whom Philip writes, placing Sylvia in her charge, and old Jeremiah Foster, Philip's kindly old Quaker employer, in whom Sylvia confides, alone know the facts. Jeremiah arranges that Hester and her mother shall occupy the house with Sylvia in the hope that Philip may yet return, but Sylvia is very lonely as Hester repels her advances, and, grieving for Philip's unhappiness, becomes quite unwell. At this time, Kinraid, who had soon married, was wounded at the defence of St. Jean d'Acre, and only saved by Philip, who was a marine there under the name of Stephen Freemantle. Philip was terribly wounded and disfigured. The news of Kinraid's marriage is soon brought to Sylvia, and through a visit from his pretty little wife, Sylvia learns of Philip's action. Philip recovers sufficiently to be sent home, and arrives, caring little that he is alive, but grateful for the kindness shown him by his late Lieutenant's family, who establish him in an almshouse.

CHAPTER XLII.

A FABLE AT FAULT.

Philip took possession of the two rooms which had belonged to the dead Sergeant Dobson. They were furnished sufficiently for every comfort by the trustees of the hospital. Some little fragments of ornament, some small articles picked up in distant countries, a few tattered books, remained in the rooms as legacies from their former occupant.

At first the repose of the life and the place was inexpressibly grateful to Philip. He had always shrunk from encountering strangers, and displaying his—blackened and scarred countenance to them, even where such disfigurement was most regarded as a mark of honor. In St. Sepulchre's he met none but the same set day after day, and when he had once told the tale of how it happened, and submitted to their gaze, it was over for ever, if he so minded.

The slight employment his garden gave him—there was a kitchen garden behind each house, as well as the flower-plot in front—and the daily arrangement of his parlor and chamber were, at the beginning of his time of occupation, as much bodily labor as he could manage. There was something stately and utterly removed from all Philip's previous existence in the forms observed at every day's dinner, when the twelve bedesmen met in the large quaint hall, and the warden came in for his college-cap and gown to say the long Latin grace which wound up something very like a prayer for the soul of Sir Simon Bray. It took some time to get a reply to ship letters in those times, when no one could exactly say where the fleet might be found.

And before Dr. Pennington had received the excellent character of Stephen Freeman, which his son gladly sent in answer to his father's inquiries, Philip had become restless and uneasy in the midst of all this peace and comfort.

Sitting alone over his fire in the long winter evenings, the scenes of his past life rose before him; his childhood; his aunt Robson's care of him; his first going to Foster's shop in Monkshaven; Haytersbank Farm, and the spelling lessons in the bright warm kitchen there; Kinraid's appearance; the miserable night of the Corneys' party, the farewell he had witnessed on Monkshaven sands; the press-gang, and all the long consequences of that act of concealment; poor Daniel Robson's trial and execution; his own marriage; his child's birth; and then he came to that last day at Monkshaven; and he went over and over again the torturing details, the look of contempt and anger, the words of loathing indignation, till he almost brought himself, out of his extreme sympathy with Sylvia, to believe that he was indeed the wretch she had considered him to be.

He forgot his own excuses for having acted as he had done; though these excuses had at one time seemed to him to wear the garb of reason. After long thought and bitter memory came some wonder. What was Sylvia doing now? Where was she? What was his child like—his child as well as hers? And then he remembered the poor footsore wife and the little girl she carried in her arms, that was just the age of Bella; he wished he had noticed that child more, that a clear vision of it might rise up when he wanted to picture Bella.

One night he had gone round this mill-wheel circle of ideas till he was weary to the very marrow of his bones. To shake off the monotonous impression he rose to look for a book amongst the old tattered volumes, hoping that he might find something that would sufficiently lay hold of him to change the current of his thoughts.

There was an odd volume of 'Peregrine Pickle;' a book of sermons, half an army list of 1774, and the 'Seven Champions of Christendom.' Philip took up this last, which he had never seen before. In it he read how Sir Guy, Earl of Warwick, went to fight the Paynim in his own country, and was away for seven long years; and when he came back his own wife Phillis, the countess in her castle, did not know the poor travel-worn hermit, who came daily to seek his dole of bread at her hands along with many beggars and much poor. But at last, when he lay a-dying in his cave in the rock, he sent for her by a secret sign known but to them twain. And she came with great speed, for she knew it was her lord who had sent for her; and they had many sweet and holy words together before he gave up the ghost, his head lying on her bosom.

The old story known to most people from their childhood was all new and fresh to Philip. He did not quite believe in the truth of it, because the fictitious nature of the histories of some of the other Champions Christendom was too patent. But he could not help thinking that this one might be true; and that Guy and Phillis might have been as real flesh and blood, long, long ago, as he and Sylvia had ever been.

The old room, the quiet moonlit quadrangle into which the cross-barred casement looked, the quaint aspect of everything that he had seen for weeks and weeks; all this predisposed Philip to dwell upon the story he had just been reading as a faithful legend of two lovers whose bones were long since dust. He thought that if he could thus see Sylvia, himself unknown, unseen—could live at her gates, so to speak, and gaze upon her and his child—some day too, when he lay a-dying, he might send for her, and in soft words of mutual forgiveness breathe his life away in her arms. Or perhaps—— and so he lost himself, and from thinking, passed on to dreaming.

All night long Guy and Phillis, Sylvia and his child, passed in and out of his visions; it was impossible to make the fragments of his dreams cohere; but the impression made upon him by them was not the less strong for this. He felt as if he were called to Monkshaven, wanted at Monkshaven, and to Monkshaven he resolved to go; although when his reason overtook his feeling, he knew perfectly how unwise it was to leave a home of peace and tranquility and surrounding friendliness, to go to a place where nothing but want and wretchedness, would in all probability be his portion.

In the small oblong of looking-glass hung against the wall, Philip caught the reflection of his own face, and laughed scornfully at the sight. The thin hair lay upon his temples in the flakes that betoken long ill-health; his eyes were the same as ever, and they had always been considered the best feature in his face; but they were sunk in their orbits, and looked hollow and gloomy.

As for the lower part of his face, blackened, contracted, drawn away from his teeth, the outline entirely changed by the breakage of his jaw-bone, he was indeed a fool if he thought himself fit to go forth to win back that love which Sylvia had forsworn.

As a hermit and a beggar, he must return to Monkshaven, and fall perforce into the same position which Guy of Warwick had only assumed. But still he should see his Phillis, and might feast his sad hopeless eyes from time to time with the sight of his child. His small pension of sixpence a day would keep him from absolute want of necessaries.

So that very day he went to the warden and told him he thought of giving up his share in the bequest of Sir Simon Bray. Such a relinquishment had never occurred before in all the warden's experience; and he was very much inclined to be offended.

'I must say that for a man not to be satisfied as a bedesman of St. Sepulchre's argues a very wrong state of mind, and a very ungrateful heart.'

'I'm sure, sir, it's not from any ingratitude, for I can hardly feel thankful enough to you and to Sir Simon, and to madam, and the young ladies, and all my comrades in the hospital, and I niver expect to be either so comfortable or so peaceful again, but——'

'But? What can you have to say against the place, then? Not but what there are always plenty of applicants for every vacancy; only I thought I was doing a kindness to a man out of Harry's company. And you'll not see Harry either; he's got his leave in March!'

'I'm very sorry. I should like to have seen the lieutenant again. But I cannot rest any longer so far away from—people I once knew.'

'To, to one they're dead, or removed, or something or other by this time; and it'll serve you right if they are. Mind! no one can be chosen twice to be a bedesman of St. Sepulchre's.'

(To be continued.)

"BED-TIME STORIES"

WHAT A CHILD WOULD LIKE TO KNOW.

Would I were wise enough to know
How the little grass-blades grow;

How the pretty garden pinks
Get their notches and their kinks;

How the morning-glories run
Up to meet the early sun;

How the sweet-peas in their bed
Find the purple, white, and red;

How the blossom treasures up
Drops of honey in its cup;

How the honey-bee can tell
When to seek the blossom cell;

Why the jay's swift wing is blue
As the sky it soars into.

I wonder if the grown folks know
How and why these things are so.
—Mary F. Butts, in the 'Independent.'

JACK FROST AND SUNBEAMS.

It was a cold March day. 'It is time Jack Frost went home!' said Sunbeam. Jack Frost laughed a little and said: 'I think I'll stay a good while yet, for the children all like me.' Just then some little boys came by on their way to school. They shivered a little, and putting their hands in their coat pockets they ran very fast. One very little fellow could not run so fast, so he was left far behind. Then again Sunbeam said: 'Jack Frost must go home!' and all the sunbeam fairies began to shine very warm and bright. Jack Frost looked around and said to himself: 'I believe I will have to go. But I'll see the Snow Clouds first.' He told them of his troubles and they came tumbling right down in a hurry and flurry and sprinkled a few big flakes of snow all over the ground. Jack Frost laughed a big, hearty laugh, and said: 'Oh, isn't this fun!' Just then the great big sun far up in the sky started millions of fairy sunbeams on their way to Snow Cloud Land. They kept coming faster and faster, shining warmer and warmer, and Jack Frost jumped right up and flew away as fast as he could. He never stopped until he landed on top of an iceberg in his home far away, and the children heard him say as he flew away: 'I'm coming back next winter!'—Exchange.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE
DIABETES
NUMBER 23 THE PRICE

WHAT SAITH THE SCRIPTURE?

May 3.

Lord, what wilt thou have me to do?—Acts ix., 6.

Obey my voice, and I will be your God, and ye shall be my people: and walk ye in all the ways that I have commanded you, that it may be well with you.—Jer. vii., 23.

It shall be well with them that fear God.—Eccles viii., 12.

THE LATE MR. JAMES BELL.

Mr. James Bell, who died on Monday evening, was for eighteen years in the employ of Mr. A. P. Willis, of Westmount. His illness was very brief, and his death causes a vacancy that will be hard to fill. He was beloved and respected by the people of Westmount in every class where he was known. He was a friend of youth, loyal to those whom he served. The young Willis boys grew up with him, and he was the leader of their sports for years, for which he possessed a peculiar talent. For nearly eighteen years he acted as chairman of the hospital committee of St. George's Men's Society at the Montreal General Hospital, and was well known in the hospital to which he was taken the evening of his death. He was fifty years of age, a native of Newfoundland. He leaves a widow and three sons and one daughter to mourn the loss of a loyal husband and father. The funeral takes place on Thursday afternoon at 2.30 from the residence of Mr. A. P. Willis, 382 Olivier avenue, Westmount, to St. Matthias Church, and thence to Mount Royal Cemetery.

CHATEAU LAURIER'S CARPETS.

A contract for the carpets for the corridors and bedrooms throughout the 'Chateau Laurier,' was placed last week, the successful bidders being firms in Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto. It is needless to say that these carpets are of the very choicest make and design, and will be in harmony with the general furnishing of this fine new hotel.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH POWDER 25c.
is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. 25c. blower free. Accept no substitutes. All dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

IS THE BEST

Spring Medicine

It will cleanse the blood of all the poisonous and waste matter accumulated in the system during the long winter months.

It has been used by thousands every spring for over thirty years and has never failed to give satisfaction.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

C. P. R. RICAUD SERVICE.

Commencing Monday next, May 8th, Canadian Pacific train No. 31 from Montreal, Windsor St. Station, 6.15 p.m., will run through to Rigaud, on present time Mtl. Montreal to Vaudreuil arriving Isle Cadieux 7.11 p.m., Como 7.17 p.m., Hudson 7.22 p.m., Hudson Heights 7.24 p.m., Boyerbourg 7.31 p.m., and Rigaud 7.40 p.m. Commencing Tuesday, May 9th, No. 34 will start from Rigaud 8.08 a.m., Boyerbourg 8.14 a.m., Hudson Heights 8.20 a.m., Hudson 8.25 a.m., Como 8.29 a.m., Isle Cadieux 8.34 a.m., Vaudreuil 8.40 a.m., and as per present time bill east of Vaudreuil arriving Montreal 9.30 a.m.

Beginning Thursday, Also Friday and all Day Saturday

We open the Summer season with an advance sale, far exceeding, in the way of prices, anything ever brought to your notice by this House of Merit.

Value No. 1.—We offer 275 Shirt Waist Suits, made of fancy stripe zephyrs and plain duck in pink, mauve, natural, rose and green,—all sizes. Regular $5.00, $7.00 and $8.00 values, for $3.95

Value No. 2.—We offer a big range of fine white mull dresses, trimmed with fine insertion. These dresses are offered as high as $15.00; to close out, we are offering at $4.25

EXTRA SPECIAL

125 Sample Suits,—as shown in our famous Spring Catalogue, in all cloths and colors,—are well assorted. Regular prices from $15.00 to $37.50.
Our Special Sale prices ..... $10.00, $15.00 and $20.00
Here is an opportunity you have been waiting for.

ALSO

We offer 9 special suits, large sizes, worth $20.00, at $5.00 each. These are the remainder of our last Fall showing.
72 Only.—Boys' Sailor and Buster Brown Suits. Values up to $1.59, for ..... .59
And do not forget, we have a large number of other specials well worth seeing. IF you cannot come on Thursday, come on Friday. IF not on Friday, make it part of your SATURDAY programme. You are sure to be pleased.

MONTGOMERY ROSS AND COMPANY
32 McGILL COLLEGE AVE.
MONTREAL.
JUST A STEP OR TWO FROM ST. CATHERINE STREET.

PONY'S ADVENTURE

One of Six Little Icelanders Escaped From Dominion Park

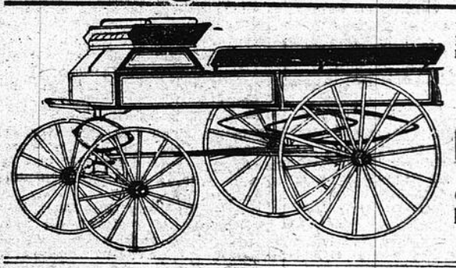
Bortheyri, one of the six Icelandic ponies that the Dominion Park Company have purchased for the entertainment of the children this season, jumped over a rail fence on the company's farm at Longue Pointe on Saturday, and made its way through swamps, barb wire and over hedges to the village of St. Leonard, where it was found yesterday by the overseer of the park, Mr. D. J. McLennan.

Mr. Godfroi Dufour, who lives on his farm in St. Leonard, three or four farms west of Longue Pointe, and on the road to St. Leonard, noticed the strange-appearing horse and locked it up in his barn on Monday, where it was found by Mr. McLennan, who had been continually searching for the horse throughout the district since he strayed away from the farm.

Being some of the first of their kind in this country, the six ponies have attracted considerable attention along the country roads, and Mr. McLennan has to answer innumerable questions about them. The ponies still retain their thick fur-like coat that they have had during the winer. During their stay in the park this winter they made their way about the park, with snow on their back continually, without seeming to feel it. Boughs and branches of the trees the ponies would eat with avidity. They would remove the bark from the branches and swallow it, it being their principal delight when limbs that had fallen off the trees were brought to them.

Mr. Dorsey, president of the Dominion Park Company, explained that when the park opens on May 20th next, with seven new features, the six little Icelandic ponies would be on hand to take the children on rides around the park.

Moving this week to 445 St. James Street



During the moving week we will give some BARGAINS IN Carriages

Over 100 of all kinds to choose from.

R. J. LATIMER & CO.

What are the Readers of this page doing to save the 'Witness'?

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

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ELLIOTT & DAVID
Advocates, Barristers and Solicitors.
Commissioners for all the Province
And for the States of
Massachusetts and New York.
Canada Life Building, 189 St. James st.
Henry J. Elliott, K.C. L. A. David.

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WALDO W. SKINNER,
WILLIAM G. PUGSLEY,
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F. S. MACLENNAN, K.C.,
Advocate, Barrister and Solicitor,
Quebec Bank Building, Montreal.
Tel. Main 4702.

Tel. Main 3960.
PATTERSON & JENKINS,
Advocates, Barristers & Solicitors,
180 St. James Street, Montreal.
W. PATTERSON. J. JENKINS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES
ISSUED BY
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
107 St. James Street. 49 Crescent St.
P.O. Box 183. Tel. M. 4186.
Cables—'Nahac, Montreal.'
Codes—Liebers—West. Un.

C. H. CAHAN, K.C.,
BARRISTER
AND
SOLICITOR
Royal Insurance Building, Place d'Armes,
MONTREAL.

PATENT ATTORNEYS.

PATENTS
WE SOLICIT THE BUSINESS
We solicit the business of Manufacturers, Engineers and others who realize the advisability of having their Patent business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Inventor's Adviser sent upon request. Marion & Marion, Quebec Bank Building, Montreal and Washington, D.C., U.S.A.

FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO.
FETHERSTONHAUGH, DENNISON & CO

PATENTS THAT PROTECT
FEATHERSTONHAUGH & CO.
Chas. W. Taylor, B.Sc., late Examiner Canadian Patent Office.
CANADA LIFE BUILDING - MONTREAL

INVENTIONS PATENTED
IN ALL COUNTRIES.
OWEN N. EVANS
Merchants Bank Building, Montreal.

NIAGARA BISHOPRIC

Venerable Archdeacon Clark Elected by Anglican Synod

Hamilton, Ont., May 3.—Venerable Archdeacon W. R. Clark, M.A., for seven years secretary-treasurer of the Synod and Archdeacon of the Diocese of Niagara, was last night elected, on the fifth ballot, Bishop of the Anglican Diocese of Niagara to succeed the late Bishop Dumoulin.

The Synod met yesterday afternoon at Christ's Church Cathedral, the Very Rev. Stewart Houston, dean of the diocese, presiding. The Rev. Canon Spencer, of Mount Forest, acted as clerical secretary, and E. Kerrick as lay secretary. The attendance of both clerical and lay delegates was perhaps the largest in the history of the diocese, the sixty-six parishes being represented by seventy-four clergymen and one hundred and forty-nine laymen. Only three parishes were without representation. The votes of 38 clergymen and the laymen of 32 parishes were, therefore, necessary to secure an election. On the first vote Archdeacon Clark was high man, with 28 clerical and 14 lay votes, but not sufficient to elect him. The Rev. Paterson-Smythe, of Montreal, came second, with 19 clerical and 13 lay votes. The other names on the ballot were Canon Abbott, Hamilton; Canon Tucker, London; Bishop Thornloe, of Algoma; Archdeacon Forneret, Hamilton; Canon Howitt, Hamilton; Canon Davidson, Guelph; the Rev. Mr. Taylor, Sub-Dean Sutherland, Hamilton; Dean Irvay, Dundas; Dr. J. O. Miller, St. Catharines; Dean Bidwell, Kingston, and Dean Dumoulin, Cleveland.

The second vote concluded the business of the afternoon. The Rev. Paterson-Smythe had 28 clerical and 22 lay votes, and Archdeacon Clark had 34 clerical and 20 lay votes, a scattering vote being recorded in the following order for Canon Tucker, Canon Abbott, Bishop Thornloe, Canon Howitt, Archdeacon Forneret, Canon Sutherland, Canon Davidson and Dean Dumoulin.

At the evening session the three ballots showed a change in the vote cast.

On the third ballot, Archdeacon Clark made substantial gains, and obtained 42 clerical and 26 lay votes, while the Rev. Mr. Paterson-Smythe secured 25 clerical and 27 lay votes. Canon Abbott, Bishop Thornloe, Archdeacon Forneret, and Canon Tucker followed in the order mentioned.

On the fourth vote, Archdeacon Clark was still gaining, 44 clerical and 30 lay votes being recorded in his favor, the Montreal clergyman obtaining 26 clerical and 28 lay votes.

The fifth ballot left no doubt as to the choice, for Archdeacon Clark had 49 clerical and 35 lay votes, as against 20 clerical and 25 lay votes recorded for the Rev. Mr. Paterson-Smythe.

The names of Canon Abbott and Canon Tucker also appeared in the ballot.

At 10.30 Dean Houston announced that Archdeacon Clark had been elected.

Archdeacon Forneret, seconded by Canon Abbott, moved that the election be made unanimous, which was carried.

The bishop-elect briefly expressed his thanks for his elevation to a high office, for which he felt himself little qualified.

Bishop-Elect Clark was born 60 years ago in Quebec province. He was educated at Bishop's College, Lennoxville, Que., and Trinity University, Toronto. He was ordained deacon at Ottawa and priest at Hamilton in 1876. He held charges at Palmerston, Burlington, Barton and Glanford, while for the past 21 years he has been rector in Ancaster.

Seven years ago, at the request of Bishop Dumoulin, of the Synod of Niagara, he relinquished parochial duties to become secretary-treasurer of the Synod and Archdeacon of Niagara. He was also for three years secretary of the Provincial Synod, and was at the time of his elevation, in addition to the other offices registrar of the diocese and clerical secretary of the General Synod of Canada.

MARTIN LUTHER LETTER.

Sold at Auction for $25,500, Rumor Says, to Pierpont Morgan.

Leipsic, Saxony, May 3.—At an autograph sale to-day a letter written by Martin Luther to the Emperor Charles V., was bought by a Florence dealer for $25,500. The purchase is said to have been made for Mr. J. P. Morgan, of New York.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
BONAVENTURE UNION STATION.

TRAIN SERVICE.
7.40 a.m., exc. Sunday, Levis, Quebec.
MARITIME EXPRESS.
12 noon daily, to St. Flavie.
12 noon, exc. Saturdays, to St. John, Halifax, Sydney and Newfoundland.
N.B.—Through connections for Sydney, leaving Montreal, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
4 p.m., except Sunday, to Nicolet.

MONTREAL HORSE SHOW
MAY 9th to 13th, 1911.
From St. Lambert, Nicolet and intermediate stations, Round Trip Tickets will be sold at
SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE.
Going dates—May 9th to 13th.
Return limit—May 15th.
CITY TICKET OFFICE:
130 St. James St. Tel. Bell M. 615.
H. A. PRICE, GEO. STRUBBE,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. City Ticket Agt.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
TORONTO SERVICE
NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS
THE BUSIEST TRAIN BETWEEN THE TWO CITIES
10.45 p.m. to North Toronto Daily, except Sundays.
8.45 a.m. and 10.00 p.m. Daily to Union Station.
The new, large and roomy Sleeping Cars for which equipment the C.P.R. is famous, are on these trains.

HORSE SHOW, OTTAWA
$3.85
Including admission to Show.
Going all trains May 3rd.
Returning until May 8th.

UPPER LAKE SERVICE.
NOW IN OPERATION
RIGAUD—HUDSON
Train No. 8 is flag stop at Rigaud and Hudson until June 4.
RIGAUD SERVICE.
Commencing May 8th train leaving Windsor St. Station 6.15 p.m. will run through to Rigaud.
Commencing May 9th train will leave Rigaud 8.08 a.m., arriving Montreal 9.30 a.m.
EMPRESS SPECIAL.
A Special Steamship Train will leave Windsor Street Station on Friday, May 5th, at 9.45 a.m., for Quebec, for the accommodation of passengers sailing by the "Empress of Ireland."
This train will be made up of Parlor Cars, Diner, First-Class Coaches and Colonist Cars, and will run through to the Steamer's side.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS
TO
Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta
May 16th, 30th and every second Tuesday until Sept. 19th.
Tickets good for 60 days.
TICKET OFFICES:
218 St. James St. Telephone Main 3732, 3733, or Place Viger and Windsor Street Stations.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
The 10.30 p.m. train is the popular business man's train between Montreal and Toronto.
ONLY DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE
Between MONTREAL, TORONTO, HAMILTON, NIAGARA FALLS, DETROIT and CHICAGO.
7½ HOURS TO TORONTO
"International Limited"
(Canada's Railway Greyhound.)
Leaves Montreal 9 a.m. for Toronto and the West.
FOUR EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY
Between Montreal and Toronto.
9.00 a.m., 9.45 a.m., 7.30 p.m., 10.30 p.m.
Elegant Dining, Parlor and Library Car Service on day trains and latest designed Pullman Sleeping Cars on night trains.
The 9.00 a.m. train for Toronto is the finest and fastest in Canada.
HORSE SHOW
Ottawa, May 2nd to 6th.
Round trip fare from Montreal, including admission to Show... $3.85
Going Wednesday, May 3rd.
Return limit, Monday, May 8th.
HORSE SHOW
Montreal, May 9th to 13th.
Round trip tickets will be issued at Single First Class Fare from Kingston, Renfrew and East.
Good going, Wednesday, May 10th.
From Gore, Lacolle Jct., Hemmingford, Ste. Agnes, Valleyfield, Casselman, Hawkesbury, Farran's Point and intermediate stations. Tickets good going from Tuesday, May 9th, to Saturday, May 13th.
All tickets valid to return until Monday, May 15th.
HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS
ROUND TRIP TICKETS to Western Canada, via Chicago, on sale, May 16, 30; June 13, 27; July 11, 25; Aug. 8, 22; Sept. 5, 19, at very low fares.
CITY TICKET OFFICES:
130 St. James St. 'Phones Main 6905, or Bonaventure Station.

WHITE STAR
DOMINION ROYAL MAIL SERVICE
TO EUROPE Via
The Short St. Lawrence Route
(Less than 4 Days at Sea).
On the New Canadian Leviathans,
LAURENTIC and MEGANTIC
sailing alternately with the
TEUTONIC-CANADA-DOMINION
maintaining a weekly service of exceptional merit by a fine fleet of twin and triple screw steamers, replete with the latest devices for comfort and safety.
The 'TEUTONIC,' 'CANADA,' 'DOMINION' and 'SOUTHWARK' carry one class cabin passengers only (called 2nd-Class) and 3rd class, affording an opportunity for an inexpensive trip abroad.
Third Class Passengers are berthed in two and four berth rooms.
For further particulars apply to Main Office, 118 Notre Dame St. West.
Uptown Office, 530 St. Catherine St. West.

CANADIAN NORTHERN
THE ROYAL LINE
Absolutely the finest and fastest Steamships on the Canadian Route.
MONTREAL AND BRISTOL.

From Bristol.		From Montreal and Quebec. Wednesday,
April 19	ROYAL GEORGE	May 3
May 3	ROYAL EDWARD	May 17
May 17	ROYAL GEORGE	May 31
May 31	ROYAL EDWARD	June 14
June 14	ROYAL GEORGE	June 28
June 28	ROYAL EDWARD	July 12

For rates and reservations apply to
CANADIAN NORTHERN STEAMSHIPS, Limited
MONTREAL,
Imperial Bank Bldg., (upstairs).

Manchester Liners
(LIMITED.)
WEEKLY SAILINGS TO AND FROM MANCHESTER.

From Man.		From Montreal.
April 22	MAN. TRADER	May 13
April 29	MAN. CORPORATION	May 20
May 6	MAN. ENGINEER	May 27
May 18	MAN. SHIPPER	June 3
May 20	MAN. IMPORTER	June 10
May 27	MAN. SPINNER	June 17

Limited number of passengers carried.
FURNESS, WITHY & CO., Limited
Agents, MONTREAL.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations.

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him, or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties.—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price, $3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

TENDERS FOR DREDGING.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed 'Tender for Dredging, Quebec,' will be received until Friday, May 19, 1911, at 4 p.m., for dredging required at the following places in the Province of Quebec.

Batiscan River, Berthierville, Nicolet River, River St. Francis, River St. Maurice, River Saguenay, Rimouski River, River Ouelle, St. Pierre les Becquets.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the forms supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Department of Public Works, Ottawa. Tenders must include the towing of the plant to and from the work. Only dredges can be employed which are registered in Canada at the time of the filing of the tenders. Contractors must be ready to begin work within thirty days after the date they have been notified of the acceptance of their tender.

A separate cheque for each place for which a tender is submitted must accompany the tender. This cheque must be equal to five percent (5 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, based on the approximate quantities set opposite the name of the place, but in no case must the cheque be for a less sum than $1,500. The cheque must be accepted, on a chartered bank, and payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works. The cheque will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the contract, but will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, April 28, 1911.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

FORGED IN STRONG FIRES.

We are pleased to be able to announce that we have secured the serial rights in John Ironside's latest story, 'Forged in Strong Fires.' Our readers will find it intensely interesting reading, taking up as it does the effect of the Boer War on the people who, having mixed in friendly and social fashion all their lives, found themselves suddenly separated, and ranged against each other in all the horrors of war.

The story is different from others dealing with the same subject, in that there is no effort to follow the incidents of the war, and the story is told from the point of view of the outsider and Dutch and not from that of one going in with the English army.

The plot is a powerful one and the element charming, and our readers of all ages will thoroughly enjoy it. It starts soon. Watch for it.

First chapter on May 6th. Tell your friends to read it.

ALLAN LINE.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE TO LIVERPOOL.
SHORTEST OCEAN PASSAGE.
From Montreal and Quebec.

Corsican	May 5	June 2	June 30
Virginian	May 12	June 9	July 7
Tunisian	May 19	June 16	July 14
Victorian	May 26	June 23	July 21

Saloon passage, $77.50 and $87.50 and up;
Second Cabin, $47.50, $50.00 and up. London, $2.50 additional. Third Class, Liverpool, London and Glasgow, $30.00 and $31.25, according to steamer.
MONTREAL TO GLASGOW.

Ionian	May 6	June 3	July 1
Grampian	May 13	June 10	July 8
Scotian	May 20	June 17	July 15
Hesperian	May 27	June 24	July 22

SS. Grampian and Hesperian: Saloon, $67.50, and up. Second Class, $47.50, and up. Other steamers.
One Class Cabin, called second cabin, $45.00, and up; Third Class, $30.00.
MONTREAL TO HAVRE AND LONDON.
MODERATE RATE SERVICE.

Sicilian	May 6	June 10	July 15
Sardinian	May 13	June 17*	July 23*
Pomeranian	May 20	July 1*	Aug. 5*
Lake Erie	June 3	July 8	Aug. 13

*Do not call at Havre.
One Class—Second Cabin Rate—London, $42.50; Havre, $45 and $52.50 and up; Paris, $3.85 additional. Third Class: London, $29.00; Havre, $29.00; Paris, $31.50.
All the steamers on the above services, Liverpool, Glasgow, London and Havre, are fitted with cold storage.
H. & A. ALLAN, MONTREAL.

CANADIAN PACIFIC EMPRESSES AND OTHER STEAMSHIPS
MONTREAL, QUEBEC AND LIVERPOOL:
EMPRESS OF IRELAND..MAY 5
*MONTROSE.....MAY 6
LAKE CHAMPLAIN.....MAY 11
EMPRESS OF BRITAIN...MAY 19
Rates—Empress steamships First class, $90.00 and upwards, Summer. Second class, $51.25, and upwards. Lake Steamships—One Class Cabin, second class rates, $47.50, and upwards.
*To London.
Tickets and information from any Steamship Agents or
W. G. Annable, Gen. Passenger Agt. Wm. Webber, Passenger Agt.
3 and 5 Board of Trade Building.

DONALDSON LINE
GLASGOW PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE.

From Glasgow.		From Montreal.
Apr. 22	T.SS. CASSANDRA*	May 6
Apr. 29	T.SS. ATHENIA*	May 13
May 6	T.SS. SATURNIA*	May 20
May 13	SS. SALACIA	May 27

*Steamers fitted with Refrigerators.
Passage Rates: Cabin (called Second), $45.00 upwards. Third Class, Eastbound, $29.00; Westbound, $30.00.
THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, AGENTS.

CUNARD THOMSON LINE
JOINT LONDON PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE.
Cold Storage and Cool Air on all Steamers.
SS. CERVONA.....May 6
SS. DEVONA.....May 13
*T.SS. ALBANIA.....May 20
SS. HURONA.....May 27
*T.SS. AUSONIA.....June 3
*T.SS. ASCANIA (New).....June 9
*Passenger steamers.
Passage rates: Cabin (Called Second), $42.50 and upwards. Third class, British, East, $29.00; prepaid, West, $28.75.
THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, AGENTS.

THOMSON LINE
LEITH SERVICE.
SS. FREMONA.....May 12
SS. BELLONA.....May 25
SS. JACONA.....June 10
NEWCASTLE SERVICE.
SS. BELLONA.....May 25
SS. JACONA.....June 10
For full particulars for all services, apply to
THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, Montreal, Toronto, Quebec, St. John, N.B., and Portland, Me.

CUNARD LINE
CANADIAN LONDON PASSENGER SERVICE.

From Southampton.		From Montreal for London.
May 2	T.SS. ALBANIA	May 20
May 16	T.SS. AUSONIA	June 3
May 23	T.SS. ASCANIA (new)	June 9

Passage rates: Cabin (called Second), $42.50 and upwards. Third class, British East, $29.00; prepaid, West, $28.75.
THE T.SS. "ASCANIA" (New)
(Under charter to British Admiralty for the Spithead Review.)
IS THE
CORONATION STEAMER
Sailing from Montreal for London, June 9th.
Full particulars on application to
THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, St. John, N.B., Portland, Me., Winnipeg, Man., and all Cunard Line Agents.

GO TO BERMUDA
Round Trip $20 and $.
Fast Twin Screw S.S. "Bermudian" 5,53[illegible] sails from New York 10 a.m. every Wednesday.
Bilgekeels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy.
Fastest, newest and only steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda.
WEST INDIES
NEW S.S. "GUIANA" and other steamers every alternate Saturday from New York for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbados and Demerara.
For full information apply to
W. H. Henry, 281 St. James st.; W. H. Brown, 111 St. James st.; Thos. Cook & Son, 521 St. Catherine st.; W. L. J. Rivet, 13 Ave. St. Lawrence, or J. A. Grant & Co., agents, 211 Commissioners st., Montreal, or QUEBEC S.S. Co., Limited, Quebec.

BARGAINS.

KARN UPRIGHT PIANO, $175, PAYABLE $10 deposit and $5 monthly. THE LEACH PIANO CO., Limited, 560 St. Catherine Street West, near Drummond.

NEW GOURLAY UPRIGHT PIANOS, of Toronto. Special prices and terms now being offered by THE LEACH PIANO CO., Limited, 560 St. Catherine Street West, near Drummond.

PLAYER PIANO, ONE ONLY; SHOPworn Player Piano at $150, less than regular price. THE LEACH PIANO CO., Limited, 560 St. Catherine Street West, near Drummond.

NEW BELL UPRIGHT PIANOS, from $325, payable $10 deposit and $7 monthly. THE LEACH PIANO CO., Limited, 560 St. Catherine Street West, near Drummond. Come direct to us and save money.

SHEET MUSIC AND SMALL MUSICAL instruments; $3,000 stock, some lines at cost price. THE LEACH PIANO CO., Limited, 560 St. Catherine Street West, near Drummond.

NEW IMPROVED LEACH UPRIGHT Pianos, used and endorsed by Montreal's foremost musicians; prices, $375, payable $10 deposit and $7 monthly. THE LEACH PIANO CO., Limited, 560 St. Catherine Street West, near Drummond. Used pianos of any maker accepted as part payment. Telephone Up. 999 or 998, for free estimate.

NEW BECHSTEIN PIANOS (SAME AS used by the Crowned Heads of Europe, including British Royal Family), THE LEACH PIANO CO., Limited, 560 St. Catherine Street West, near Drummond, have received shipment of Bechstein Grand and Upright Pianos, which are warranted for Canadian climate.

PLAYER PIANOS.—WE HAVE JUST received into stock a shipment of Gourlay-Angelus and Leach-Angelus Player Pianos. Prices no higher than is asked elsewhere for Players of no reputation and unknown quality. THE LEACH PIANO CO., Limited, 560 St. Catherine Street West, near Drummond.

FINE HEINTZMAN UPRIGHT PIANO, $145, left with us on sale by owner, who wants ready money. THE LEACH PIANO CO., Limited, 560 St. Catherine Street West, near Drummond.

PIANO BARGAINS FOR CASH, Steinway Square Piano, $95; Guild Square Piano, $75; Emerson Square Piano, $50. THE LEACH PIANO CO., Limited, 560 St. Catherine Street West, near Drummond.

NEW EDISON PHONOGRAPHS, $19.50 to $240, payable cash or $5 deposit and $1.00 weekly. Records from 40c. THE LEACH PIANO CO., Limited, 560 St. Catherine Street West, near Drummond.

WILLIAMS UPRIGHT PIANO, $150, payable $5 deposit and $5 monthly. THE LEACH PIANO CO., Limited, 560 St. Catherine Street West, near Drummond.

FOR SALE.

KINDLING WOOD FOR THE MILLION—Kindling, $2.00; Cut Hardwood, $3.00; Mill Blocks, $1.75 per load. J. C. MACDIARMID, 402 William street. Tel. M. 453.

FOR SALE, GRANDFATHER'S CLOCK, in perfect order, cheap. Apply 1291 City Hall Ave.

EGGS AND POULTRY.

POULTRY, ETC. — POLAND WYANdottes, 3 hens, 1 cockerel, for sale; price $6. Hens now laying. Apply, STANLEY PERIGARD, 371 Bourgeois street.

POULTRY — EGGS FOR HATCHING, from large, vigorous breed to lay; Golden Laced Wyandottes; also, Golden Laced Sea Bright Bantams; $1.50 per setting. JOHN PRINGLE, 342 Bourgeois street.

SINGLE COMB BLACK MINORCA and Ancona Eggs, for hatching $2.00 per 15; also, Buff Orpingtons Eggs, $1.50 per 15. G. H. MUIR, Youville, P.Q.

SINGLE COMB BLACK MINORCA and Ancona Eggs, for hatching, $2.00 per 15; also Buff Orpington Eggs, $1.50 per 15. G. H. MUIR, Youville, P.Q.

VETERAN LAND GRANTS.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR all kinds of Veteran Land Grants, located or unlocated. LEO L. LEET, 233 St. James street, Montreal.

VETERAN LAND GRANTS WANTED. Ontario or Dominion, located or unlocated. MULHOLLAND & CO., Toronto.

PUBLIC NOTICE

is hereby given that, under the Quebec Companies' Act, letters patent have been issued by the Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Quebec, bearing date the seventh day of April, 1911, incorporating Messrs. Joseph M. Bellerose, gentleman; William Delage dit Lavigueur, manufacturer; Ubaldo Delage dit Lavigueur, manufacturer; Victor Belque, law student; J. A. Trotwood Richards, accountant, all five of the city and district of Montreal, for the following purposes:

To purchase, produce, manufacture, sell perfumes, oils, soaps, polishing soaps, and generally manufacture and deal in any raw materials or the products connected with the manufacture of the said objects or similar or inherent to them, or used for similar purposes;

To acquire, hold, exploit, sell, assign, lease or otherwise dispose of any patents, rights, licenses, privileges, inventions, improvements or processes, trade marks, trade names, in connection with the manufacture and business that the company is authorized to do;

To acquire the goodwill, rights, property and assets of all kinds, and assume in whole or in part the responsibilities of any person, firm, association or company interested, carrying on in whole or in part a business or industry similar to that of this company, and pay for same in cash, stock or shares of the company;

To issue and allot paid up stock of the company in payment or part payment for any business, franchise, undertaking, right, power, privilege, lease, license, contract, patent or invention, trade mark, immovable, stock, bond, debenture or other property or right that the company may legally acquire;

To acquire and take over as a going concern the trade and business now conducted and carried on by the firm of William & Co., of the city and district of Montreal, and also any asset and liability, right or privilege, patent of invention, and registered trade mark of the proprietors of the said business and of the said firm;

To do any other business and operations in connection with or useful for the acquisition of the objects or in the exercise of the powers and operations which the company is authorized to do, either as principals or as agents. The powers in each case to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other thereof, under the name of the 'William Company, Limited,' with a total capital of ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00), divided into two hundred (200) shares of fifty dollars ($50.00) each.

The principal place of business of the corporation, will be at Montreal.

Dated from the office of the Provincial Secretary, this seventh day of April, 1911.

JOS. DUMONT,
Deputy Provincial Secretary.
Ferron, Taschereau, Rinfret & Genest, Attorneys for Petitioners.

ASHES
Given away Free. Apply Engineer Witness Office. Easy of access.

What are the Readers of this page doing to save the 'WITNESS'?

TEACHERS WANTED.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, TOWNSHIP of Franklin, County Huntingdon. School Teachers wanted for the Protestant schools of Franklin. Applications from teachers will be received by the undersigned up to the 16th of May, 1911; salary to be $25 per month, for nine months' teaching, from the 5th day of September next. Application to mention grade of diploma. S. E. AMES, Secretary-Treasurer. May 2, 1911.

TEACHERS WANTED. — NINE PUBlic School teachers wanted, for schools in the Municipality of Bristol; holding a first or second class diploma; applicant to state salary wanted. Teachers from Macdonald College preferred; services to begin on the 15th August, 1911, and close on the 30th June, 1912. Applications to be in the hands of the undersigned on or before the 13th May, 1911. WM. GRANT, Secretary-Treasurer, Elmside P.O., Que. Elmside, 28th April, 1911.

WANTED, TEACHER FOR THE MOdel department of Sutton Academy, specially qualified to teach oral French, and take this work in all grades, if necessary. Apply, with references, to H. A. PARSONS, Secretary, Sutton, P.Q.

TO LET.

LACHINE, HOUSES TO LET, East of wharf; two detached and two semi-detached; fine trees, grounds, modern conveniences. T. A. DAWES, Lachine.

FACTORY FLOOR SPACE FOR LIGHT manufacturing, about 4000 square feet in floors of 1,800 square feet or subdivided. Excellent light. With or without power. Address THE MANAGER, P.O. Box 2234, Montreal.

Corner Store To Let
Fine Corner Store To Let—With basement and upper flat.
Apply to Manager,
'Witness' Office.

The 'Witness' Block
ACCOMMODATION for one or two tenants—offices or shop. Apply to the MANAGER, 142 St. Peter street.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

TO LET, FURNISHED BACHELOR Apartments. 186 Peel street.

MONTEBELLO APARTMENTS, 344 Mountain Street; splendid new apartment house, only a few more to dispose of; equipped with best automatic fire protection alarm, connected with fire department. Each apartment separated by solid brick walls, contains eight rooms; walls papered and decorated; heated; permanent hot water service; tiled bathroom; gas stove; electric fixtures; refrigerator; ice; vacuum cleaner; fire escape; fireproof wall safe; hardwood floors; janiter; telephone service; no taxes. Apply on premises, or JOS. SAWYER, Architect, 407 Guy Street. Telephone Up. 2187.

To Let in Hamilton Apartments
254-256 Mackay Street
No. 254—5 Rooms.....$25.00
No. 22—6 Rooms.....$25.00
No. 16—4 Rooms.....$15.00
Newly fitted up and ready for May 1st. Gas or electric light to suit. Heated during winter months. For particulars, Phone Up 4198.

FLATS TO LET.

TO LET, A FLAT OF 6 ROOMS, HIGH ceiling, warm in winter, cool in summer, bath and w.c. on same flat. Apply to 54 Latour street.

TO RENT, ON GREENE AVENUE, City top flat, six bright rooms, hot and cold water, bath and w.c.; all in good order. Apply to 534 Greene avenue.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET, ½ mile from Shawbridge, 10 rooms, good water, shade; river convenience. A. BLONDIN, Jr., Shawbridge, Que.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

TO LET, FURNISHED DOUBLE Room, bathroom flat, also, double bedded room, suitable for two gentlemen. Apply, 68 Beaver Hall Hill.

SUMMER RESIDENCE TO LET

SUMMER RESIDENCES TO LET, St. Lambert, for summer months, furnished cottage, 9 rooms and bathroom. Ideal situation for summer. Twenty minutes from city. Apply D. S. BRUCE, 24 Second Street, Victoria Park.

TO LET, FOR SUMMER, A LARGE furnished house on the shore of Ottawa River, 50 miles from Montreal. For particulars 'phone Main 7454.

COTTAGE TO LET.

TO LET—DE RAMSAY—A SUMMER and winter cottage, five rooms and summer kitchen, shed and outbuildings. Good water and shade. Pleasantly situated. For particulars, apply to GEORGE READ, St. Felix De Valois, Que.

LAKE ST. LOUIS. — TO LET, FOR summer months. Cottage, on lawn, surrounded by trees, and sloping from house to water's edge; solidly built, and plastered throughout; furnished; has large gallery, and use of boathouse. Ten minutes' walk from Lakeside station, G.T.R. or C.P.R. May be seen at any time. Apply to Miss GUNN, 'Witness' Office, or Lakeside.

LITTLE METIS
Merlinwood Cottage To Let, furnished. Besides large sitting-room, dining-room, pantry and kitchen, there are seven or eight bedrooms, bathroom and w.c. on bedroom floor, modern plumbing, hot and cold water at kitchen sink and in bathroom; splendid water from spring above the cottage level, providing water pressure. Modern cooking range, wide verandahs, beautiful view, and large grounds, including pine grove and fine clean beach. For further particulars, address, MR. McGLAUGHLIN, 'Witness' Office, or Telephone Main 4090.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A LARGE VARIETY OF LOTS. Easy payments and low prices. Also, select locations in Outremont and Montreal. Duncan avenue, 45c; Hutchison, 25c; Melrose, 30c; McCulloch, 75c; Park avenue, $1.50, $2.00; Rockland, 50c, 65c. Papineau Extensions, Park ave. Extension, St. Louis Extension. GEO. L. Le BEAU CO., First Mortgage Loans, Real Estate, Insurance, 40 Hospital street. Main 571, St. Louis 123.

FOR SALE, SELF CONTAINED House, on one of the best streets of the city; every modern convenience. Box 45, 'Witness' Office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

GROCERY FOR SALE—ONE OF THE most profitable grocery businesses in the city. 36 years established and now in the most flourishing condition of its existence. Centrally located. Exceptionally choice. Well selected stock on hand. Owner retiring from business. Apply, JOHN JOHNSTON, corner Prince Arthur and Colonial Avenue.

A RARE BUSINESS CHANCE. —Store to let in the best part of Bleury st. Suitable for dining room, restaurant, or any class business. Box 55, 'Witness' Office.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

LADY HELP TO ASSIST IN CARE OF three children. Maid kept. Telephone Westmount 3993. 572 Victoria Ave., Westmount (Boulevard Car).

CORD SPINNER — EXPERIENCED, wanted immediately; good pay, steady employment. Apply, THE MOULTON MFG. CO., LIMITED, 236 Craig Street East (near Champ de Mars).

WANTED, A WELL EDUCATED Boy, about fifteen years of age, as Office Boy. Apply in own handwriting, to THE CRADOCK SIMPSON COMPANY, P.O. Box 1093.

WANTED, STRICTLY SOBER English-speaking man to work about factory; wages $8.00 per week. GEO. A. MACE & CO., 304 St. Paul street.

EXPERIENCED GIRLS FOR TABLE work and covering machines, making paper boxes. GEO. A. MACE & CO., 304 St. Paul street.

NURSE — WANTED, GOOD NURSE, willing to give some assistance with housework. Apply, 365 Metcalfe ave., Westmount.

WANTED, A GOOD, STRONG BOY TO learn a good trade; must know the city, and be able to drive a horse. Apply, 'Witness' Office.

RULER WANTED. APPLY, CONSOLIDATED LITHOGRAPHING & MANUFACTURING CO., Limited, 284 Parthenais street.

A GOOD PLAIN COOK; ALSO, Housemaid, Wanted. Must have satisfactory references. Apply, 4240 St. Catherine street West, near Greene ave.

CARPENTERS AND JOINERS WANTed, for bench work and fixing; steady work for good men. Apply, JACKSON & CO., Contractors, 335 Hibernia street.

WOMEN WANTED TO TAKE ORders in spare time. No experience necessary. Our lines especially used by mothers and girls. Apply, Dept. A., BRITISH CANADIAN INDUSTRIAL COMPANY, 228 Albert street, Ottawa.

Factory Inspector
Wanted, a Young Man to train as Factory Inspector. One with some knowledge of Mechanics and Electricity desirable.
Apply by letter, stating present and previous employment and salary expected to
THE SECRETARY,
Canadian Fire Underwriters' Association,
524 Coristine Building.

GOODWIN'S LIMITED.
Requires a few Young Ladies, between 16 and 19 years of age. Experience not necessary. Must live at home. Good prospects for advancement. Apply at the Employment Office before 10 a.m.

SUBSCRIPTION CLERK,
Capable, and with good references, wanted at once. Address, or apply, 'Witness' Office.

LADY MANAGER,
Capable, and with good references, wanted at once. Address, or apply, to 'Witness' Office.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED TO PURCHASE ALL CASToff Clothing, Furniture, Silverware, Plated Ware, Old Gold, Pawn Tickets. Above everybody else's prices paid by MAX FRANK, 15 East Craig street. Tel. East 3067.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SALVATION ARMY — THE ARMY'S Industrial and Relief Dept. can always utilize good magazines, cast-off clothing, carpets, furniture, etc., in its work among the needy. Phone Up 4569 will bring our waggon to your door.

ANYONE NOT BEING ABLE TO GET a 'Witness' at his newsdealers will oblige the publishers by notifying the Subscription Department by telephone, Main 4090, or by postcard. JOHN DOUGALL & SON, 'Witness' Building, Montreal.

BASEBALL NEWS FROM THE THREE LEAGUES

Rochester Beat Baltimore in Only Eastern League Game Played Yesterday.

ROYALS AT BALTIMORE TO-DAY.

Reserved Seats For Monday Are on Sale To-day—Procession Will Be Biggest Ever Held in the City — Over Fifty Clubs Expected To Turn Out.

New York, May 2.—The Royals are off for the south once more to get a scalp or two from the 'Orioles' before that team finds its stride.

This is not a spring training series, but a real battle, the games played this time in the warm climate count in the long run, and it is to be hoped the weather will be favorable, not like that experienced when the team was on its spring practice.

The lay-off has done the boys a heap of good, and sight-seeing in New York has put them in the mood for a garrison finish at Baltimore before the jump to this city is made, which is one of the longest in the schedule of the Eastern League.

The team will arrive in this city late Sunday evening, and on Monday, weather permitting, the opening game of the year at Atwater Park will be played, and this game is to be a red letter one in baseball circles, as something unique in 'opening day' is to be provided by the appearance of some 50 clubs in parade if the plans of the management do not go astray.

Newark will be the opposing team, and as the Royals are now constituted no such results as those encountered last season when playing this team are to be expected. An even break at Baltimore, and the standing of the Royals for the first home game would mean a first or second position by the time the road was taken again. The team is going strong, and barring the weak spot so often alluded to, and which will not look half so bad when the games are on the local field, they are one of the best in the league.

ROCHESTER WON.

Baltimore, Md., May 2.—Rochester bunched their hits on Adkins to-day in the second and fifth innings which, together with two errors by Sadofsky, netted them six runs, enough to win the game. Holmes was hit hard, and was relieved by Dessau in the seventh inning. Good fielding by the Broncho's kept the Orioles' run column down. Score:—

BALTIMORE.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Welsh, l.f.	4	0	1	4	1	0
Rath, 2b.	5	0	1	2	2	0
Seymour, c.f	4	1	0	1	0	0
Heitmuller, r.f	5	0	0	2	0	0
Schmidt, 1b.	4	2	3	10	2	0
Sadofsky, s.s	4	0	1	2	2	2
Dunn, 3b.	4	1	2	1	3	0
Egan, c.	4	1	2	5	2	0
Adkins, p.	2	0	0	0	2	0
Pope, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
xByers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	37	5	10	27	16	2

x—Batted for Adkins in the sixth.

ROCHESTER.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Moran, l.f.	4	1	1	3	0	0
Foster, s.s	5	2	1	1	2	0
Batch, r.f.	4	1	2	0	0	0
Osborne, c.f.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Ward, 3b.	3	0	2	4	2	0
Alperman, 2b.	3	1	2	1	3	0
Spencer, 1b.	4	0	1	8	2	0
Mitchell, c.	4	1	0	6	0	0
Holmes, p.	3	1	0	1	2	0
Dessau, p.	0	0	0	2	0	0
Totals	34	8	10	27	11	0

Score by innings:—

Baltimore	1 0 0 0 1 2 1 0 0—5
Rochester	2 1 0 0 4 0 1 0 0—8

Summary:—Two-base hits, Schmidt, Alperman; sacrifice hits, Alperman; double play, Sadofsky to Rath to Schmidt; bases on balls, by Adkins, 2; by Holmes, 4; by Pope, 4; struck out, by Adkins, 2; by Holmes, 4; by Pope, 1; by Dessau, 1; hit by pitched ball, by Pope, 1; by Holmes, 1; wild pitch, Adkins, 1; Pope, 1; first base on errors, Rochester, 2; left on bases, Baltimore, 10; Rochester, 4. Umpires, Bannon and Rudderham. Time, 2.05.

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Providence	8	2	.800
Rochester	7	3	.700
Toronto	6	4	.600
Baltimore	5	5	.500
Montreal	4	5	.445
Buffalo	4	6	.400
Newark	3	7	.300
Jersey City	2	7	.222

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

Montreal at Baltimore.
Toronto at Newark.
Rochester at Providence.
Buffalo at Jersey City.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

PHILLIES WON CLOSE GAME.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 2.—After Herzog's three-bagger sent two men home and tied the score in the ninth to-day, Philadelphia won in their half by 6 to 5. McTigue gave a base-on-balls. Mattern then went in, and a pass, an error and Paskert's single scored the winning run.

		R.	H.	E.
Boston	0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 2	5	9	7
Phila.	0 0 1 0 3 0 0 1 1	6	9	0

Batteries—Tyler, McTigue, Mattern, and Graham; Brennan and Dooin.

CLOSE GAME.

Brooklyn, N.Y., May 2.—New York beat Brooklyn 5 to 4 in a ninth inning finish to-day after a game in which the teams used 13 and 14 men, respectively. A batting rally in the ninth won for the visitors.

		R.	H.	E.
New York	0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 2	5	7	1
Brooklyn	0 0 0 0 2 0 0 2 0	4	5	1

Batteries—Wiltse, Crandall and Myers, Wilson; Schwardt, Knetzer, Bergen and Erwin.

Chicago at Pittsburg—Game postponed; cold weather.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Detroit	15	2	.882
New York	8	5	.615
Chicago	7	7	.500
Washington	7	7	.500
Boston	7	8	.467
Philadelphia	6	8	.429
Cleveland	6	11	.353
St. Louis	4	12	.250

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

DETROIT WON.

St. Louis, Mo., May 2.—Bailey was hit hard and had poor support, Detroit winning the first game of the series, 7 to 1.

		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	1	9	6
Detroit	1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 4	7	13	1

Batteries—Bailey and Stephens; Mullin and Stanage.

GIANTS WON.

New York, May 2.—Ford had a shade on Bender to-day in a sharp game between the Highlanders and Athletics, New York winning 2 to 1. Otis Johnson made two triples and a single, driving in one run and scoring one himself. Poor base running kept down NewYork's score. Th weather was uncomfortably cold.

		R.	H.	E.
Phila	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	1	6	1
New York	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	2	7	0

Batteries—Bender and Thomas; Ford and Sweeney.

BOSTON SHUT OUT.

Boston, May 2.—Boston to-day received her first shut out on the home ball grounds for this season, Washington winning 3 to 0. Two doubles and a single in the third inning were responsible for the visitors' tallies. Engle, at third, was the feature.

		R.	H.	E.
Boston	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	7	1
Wash.	0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0	3	6	1

Batteries — Collins and Nunamaker; Johnson and Street.

Chicago at Cleveland—Game postponed; cold weather.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	13	3	.813
New York	9	5	.643
Pittsburg	8	5	.615
Chicago	9	6	.600
Cincinnati	4	6	.400
Boston	5	12	.294
St. Louis	3	7	.300
Brooklyn	4	11	.267

DIAMOND FLASHES

It will be some parade all right.

Sporting Editor Ouimet says there will be 50 clubs in the procession on Monday.

It is possible there might be fifty-two if the day is anything like 'moving day' was, but hardly likely.

The reserved seats for the opening game are on sale to-day. They may be obtained from Geo. Thomson, Archie Jacobs', Palace Bowling, Allen Milloy's, Joe Kellert's and at Atwater Park.

MONTREAL SWIMMING CLUB

Hold Annual Meet—Season Opens May 24—Satisfactory Report

$215 IN RESERVE.

Membership Increasing Particularly Among the Juniors—Officials Appointed for the Year.

The annual meeting of the Montreal Swimming Club was held at the M. A. A. A. club house last night, when a satisfactory report, a large attendance and the announcement of improvements to the plant on the Island, gave indications that things were booming with prospects for the season, which opens on May 24.

In addition to a respectable cash balance, which was a pleasant surprise in view of the heavy expenditure of last season, the treasurer announced that the reserve fund of the club amounted to $215.

In the absence of the secretary a verbal report of the competitions in which the club participated last season, was given by Mr. Chris. Goulden. This included the announcement of the winning of the relay race at the Canadian Championships at Ottawa, and second places in the diving competition at Toronto.

The membership of the club is increasing constantly, last year the gain was more marked among the juniors than in the senior ranks, about seventy-five new boys having come in.

The officers for the year, appointed last night, are:

Hon. life presidents, Messrs. E. H. Godin and Chris. Goulden; president, H. W. Smyth; first vice-president, W. F. Hamilton; second vice-president, J. A. Berthiaume; hon. secretary, S. S. Silver; hon. treasurer, J. Darling; committee, Messrs. Geo. Moore, H. Sellier, A. Chevalier, R. M. Jimmerman, A. Brodeur, A. R. Laflamme and Stanley King.

'MONTREAL NEEDS THE 'WITNESS.'

The country is doing splendidly by the 'Witness.' Will the average country reader do more for it than those of its own city? The heaviest losses that the 'Witness' has sustained have been connected with its location in Montreal itself. Will Montrealers, acknowledging this, not do what they can to assure the 'Witness' adequate local support?

Montreal is famous as the home of the only paper like the 'Witness' in the world. Will Montrealers not exert themselves now not only to tide the 'Witness' over its present crisis, but to secure it an adequate, sustaining circulation within its home city and suburbs?

If the people of Montreal want the 'Witness' they must co-operate with each other and its publishers to win for it adequate support.

A Nurse's Watch

Our Special Watch for Nurses, at $10.00, in Silver or Gunmetal, is a thoroughly reliable timekeeper and has the sweep seconds hand circling the outer edge of the dial, enabling the pulse to be taken with the greatest accuracy, fractions of seconds being noted. We have this watch with the Red Cross enamelled on the back, at $11.00.

JOHNSTON BROS.
Jewellers
483 ST. CATHERINE WEST

OTTAWA HORSE SHOW

Officially Opened by Earl Grey Last Night

AUSPICIOUS SUCCESS.

Ambassador Bryce Will Attend To-morrow—Full Results and Details of Winners.

Ottawa, May 2.—The annual Horse Show was opened by His Excellency Earl Grey, this evening, and will continue until Saturday. The first session was auspicious for success. The principal winners to-night were the Hon. J. R. Stratton, in the ladies' saddle horses; Senator Beith, in single harness horses, and the Hon. Clifford Sifton, in military jumping and hunting horses. Ambassador Bryce will be in attendance to-morrow.

Single horses in harness, 14.1, and not exceeding 15.1—1, Flourish, Hon. Robert Beith, Bowmanville; 2, Fireworks, Hon. Robert Beith; 3, Yapham Fashion, Robt. Beith; 4, Latest News, Hon. J. R. Stratton, Peterborough.

Saddle horses, 14.1 hands, and not exceeding 15.2—1, None Nicer, Hon. J. R. Stratton; 2, Last Post, Hon. Clifford Sifton; 3, Dry Dream, A. Yeager, Simcoe; 4, Polly Prim, Fisher Wilmore, Corbyville.

Single roadster, under 15 hands 3 inches—1, King, Thomas F. Barnet, Renfrew; 2, Maze, Miss Wilks, Galt; 3, Black Bess, R. H. Wright, Aylmer, Que.; 4, Easter, H. S. Conn, Ottawa.

Harness tandems—1, Flourish and Fireworks, Hon. Robert Beith; 2, My Pride and Premier, Hon. J. R. Stratton; 3, La Bonne, Labelle Stables, Ottawa; 4, Black Princess and All Ablaze, Miss Wilks.

Ladies' saddle horses—1, None Nicer, Hon. J. R. Stratton; 2, Audrey Given, Fisher Wilmer, Corbyville; 3, Diddie, Van. Wilmore; 4, Rajah, Miss Cunningham, Ottawa.

Officers, jumping—1, Ironsides, Hon. Clifford Sifton; 2, Flying Dutchman, Hon. Clifford Sifton; 3, Dreadnought, Major C. T. Straubenzie, Toronto; 4, Glenwood, Hon. Clifford Sifton.

Green hunters—1, Last Post, Hon. Clifford Sifton; 2, Viscount, W. H. Gilmour, Ottawa; 3, Candidate, F. W. Graham, Ottawa; 4, No. 38 (Jack), Major Nelles, St. Johns, Que.

CANADIAN BASEBALL LEAGUE.

Executive Held Meeting Last Night.

Guelph, Ont., May 2.—The executive of the Canadian Baseball League held a meeting here this afternoon.

Umpires were appointed as follows: William Smith, St. Thomas; Dicker, Rochester; Fitzmaurice, London. Substitutes: Bark, Brantford; Dyson, Guelph; Conkle, Hamilton.

The schedule was drafted and adopted, and Secretary Robinson was instructed to issue official copies. The season will open on Wednesday, May 17th, at Guelph; St. Thomas and Berlin, and on May 19th at London, Hamilton and Brantford. The holidays were split up between the various clubs, with the season closing on September 15th. One hundred and one games will be played.

The league affairs are rapidly rounding into shape, all but Berlin having signed their manager, the list being as follows:—

Hamilton, 'Knotty' Lee, of Toronto; St. Thomas, Chaucer Elliott, of Kingston; Guelph, Abby Johnston, of Strathroy; Brantford, Andy Kane, Whitman, Mass.; London, 'Jo-Jo' Keenan, of London; Berlin, after Billy Phyle, of Toronto.

BOWLING COMPETITION.

The bowling competition for the Congress shield has been postponed for another week. The M. A. A. A. bowling committee met last night and finally arranged that the first game for the trophy should be played between the local rollers and the Quebec five in Quebec on the 13th. The return game will be rolled here on the 20th, when the Ottawa team will also be present. If Quebec wins the series, the men from the Capital will play them a sudden death game for the shield, but if the M. A. A. A. team wins the first of a home and home series will be rolled. The local team has not yet been picked, but the chances are that the five who won the international telegraphic match will again represent the association.

The Sunday School Gymnasium of West End Methodist Church are giving a public exhibition in the lecture hall of the church, Friday evening, May 5th at 8.15. A new but most helpful work has been carried on this winter among the boys, which has received the hearty commendation of the parents.

MONTREAL HIGH SCHOOL PHYSICAL CULTURE DISPLAY

Gymnasium Packed With Parents and Friends of Boys Taking Part in Athletic Performance.

SENIOR JOHNSON AND JUNIOR FORBES.

Were Outstanding Performers in Their Respective Classes — Rev. Dr. Barclay Urges Clean Sport in Stirring Speech—Display Reflects on Mr. C. B. Powter's Good Work.

The gymnasium floor of the Montreal High School was packed with parents and friends of the boys assembled to give their physical culture display, to signal the closing down of the gym for the season, and incidentally to afford practical demonstration of the good work accomplished by Mr. C. B. Powter.

A finer sight it would be difficult to wish for than that of last night, the boys showing good signs of an excellent training. So eager were the parents of the little fellows to see their boys perform, that the floor space was encroached upon, leaving none too much space for the athletic evolutions to be performed.

An exceedingly pretty effect was attained in the figure run arranged for the basketball teams, the blending of the different colored costumes having a spectacular effect.

F. R. Johnson, of the seniors, and Carl Forbes, of the juniors, were the star performers and prize winners in their classes, thoroughly deserving the distinction achieved by clever apparatus work.

Club swinging and apparatus gymnastics were carried out in splendid style, the programme being gone through without a hitch or wait in the proceedings, the whole affair being excellently stage managed.

The Rev. Dr. Barclay in a stirring speech at the presentation of prizes, urged the boys to play the game, indulge in clean sport, shunning tactics unfair or reprehensible.

The reverend gentleman reminded them that future years would find a large number of them among the leaders in Montreal sport, due to the excellent training they had received at the hands of Mr. C. B. Powter, to whose good work he referred in terms of eulogy.

The Rev. Dr. Rexford made the comparison between the present time and the days when they were on University street, and expressed pleasure at the improved facilities for the physical improvement of the boys, which was bound to have a marked effect on them morally.

Quite a host of celebrities interested in sport were present on the platform, among whom were noticed the Rev. Wellington Dixon, rector of the school; Professor Dale, Mr. William Birks, Dr. Tees and two ladies, if not such prominent sporting celebrities, are, nevertheless, keenly interested and enthusiastic in physical culture, Miss Hurlbatt and Miss Cartwright.

The prize winners were as follows:

Inter-school junior hockey cup—D. Stewart, captain.

Inter-school senior hockey cup—C. Smith, captain.

Junior inter-class hockey trophy—2B, R. Reid, captain.

Intermediate inter-class hockey trophy—3A, W. Marson, captain.

Senior inter-class hockey trophy—6B, S. Drummond, captain.

Junior gymnastic trophy—1, Carl Forbes; 2, L. Millen.

Senior gymnastic trophy—1, F. R. Johnson; 2, O. Rexford.

Junior basketball shield—4A, D. M. Aird, captain.

Senior basketball trophy—6B, K. Forbes, captain.

Montreal's first practice to-night.

Violet and white stripes will be the pattern of the Nationals this year, and a pretty effect the colors will have, being those of a well-known English racing nobleman.

Otttwa, May 2.—'There is not a possibility of Capitals dropping out of the N.L.U.,' said Mr. Wm. Foran to-night, when interviewed with regard to the announcement made in a Toronto paper that Ottawa would not be represented this season on the senior lacrosse map. Mr. Foran declared that the Capitals would organize in a day or two, and that the first practice would be held at Lansdowne Park on Saturday next. Organization has been postponed from time to time through the delay in the arrival of the charter or incorporation, and this week it is the horse show that is taking up President Cunningham's time.

Rumors of the resignation of the Capitals are, nevertheless, not at all surprising. The club started off with a great hooray one month ago, when it was announced that Mr. William Foran, Mr. Emmanuel Tasse and Controller Davidson would be back on the executive, and that incorporation would at once be arranged. Since that time, however, things have been allowed to slide along without any action whatever. Players, including Jeff Malone, of Quebec, who offered to come here and play were allowed to go to other clubs, without an effort being made to close with him. Mr. Foran said to-night that he had been working to get things in order, but that the encouragement given him by other officers had been enough to disgust him completely.

WESTMOUNT TO COME BACK.

Will Apply to Q. R. F. U. For Readmission Into Game.

For some time back there has been a strong feeling among the members of the Westmount Amateur Athletic Association to be once more represented in senior football, and this has finally taken definite shape. A meeting is being called for next Thursday evening at the club rooms, Victoria Hall, to discuss the question, the outcome of which will be an application to the Q.R.F.U. for the admission of a senior and junior team. The project has the support of a number of players who wore the Westmount uniform when the Association was represented in the Union before, and if the application is accepted these men have given assurance that they will be back with the old colors again.

For some time the revival of the Q.R.F.U. senior series has been mooted in local football circles, the scheme meeting with considerable favor. With Westmount back in the game a strong schedule could easily be arranged that would include, in addition to the local West End club, a fourteen from the M. A. A. A., Grand Trunk, Ottawa and perhaps one other organization. In any event Westmount wants to get back into the game again, and if the application is accepted, Windsor Park, where the matches will be played, will be alive next fall.

GRIFFIN COUNTED OUT.

Ann Arbor, Mich., May 3.—Hank Griffin, well-known colored heavyweight pugilist, is dead at his home after an attack of typhoid fever, which lasted nearly a month. Griffin, who was 41 years of age, had been conducting a school of instruction in boxing in Ann Arbor. He was best known for his battles with Jack Johnson and Jim Jeffries.

ONTARIO CRICKET.

Galt, Ont., May 2.—The Western Ontario Cricket League has been organized, with the following clubs:—Galt, Guelph, Hespeler, Paris and Waterloo.

What are the Readers of this page doing to save the WITNESS'?

Although Montreal and other cities have for some time been demonstrating what the motor ambulance can do in service of hospitals, Toronto made its first move toward that goal only during the last month.

Ottawa, May 2.—The Pathfinder car in the Glidden reciprocity tour reported this morning at Burlington, Vt., S. M. Butler, of the contest board, wired that it was expected to reach Ottawa some time on Wednesday. The roads are heavy.

A handsome Chalmers car made its appearance on the streets one afternoon bearing the name of A. W. Miles, who in common with other local services had hitherto used the regulation horse vehicle. The success of the Miles ambulance seems to promise short shrift to the horse. In such a line of transportation, rapidity and safety are first requisites, and both demands have been met satisfactorily.

The car made several runs which illustrate the matter of time saving. These were given to 'Motoring' as follows:

From the Union Station, Toronto, to Grace Hospital: 5 minutes.

From Scarboro Beach Park to the General Hospital: 25 minutes.

When one realizes the distance between these points, and the crowded state of traffic on nearly all the streets by which the car would have to travel, the time made is exceptionally good and vastly an improvement on the horse drawn carriage

In this connection it is interesting to note that a motor ambulance in Montreal made the distance between the Royal Victoria Hospital and Verdun Asylum in 13 minutes. Such phenomenal speed which was not far from an average of sixty miles an hour was made in the early morning, on absolutely deserted streets and with only a couple of turns on the route. The reason for the special haste was to convey an insane typhoid patient to the asylum, where, however, he died a few minutes after the arrival.

It has been found after frequent usage that the car now employed in Toronto is more comfortable than the former type, owing to superiority of tires and springs and the ease of running under gasoline power. Nor does the noise of the engine become in any degree trying to he patient. The highest speed is said to be possible on roads that are at all reliable and the build of the car is such as to ensure the maximum of comfort to the passenger at all times.

In another way the efficency of the machine proves itself. Where the horse ambulance made three trips, the motor ambulance is able to make nine, and with greater all-round satisfaction.

There are now over one hundred automobiles owned in St. John, and the number of machines is rapidly increasing. The president and secretary of the New Brunswick Automobile Association, Messrs. Fred S. Crosby and S. P. McCavour, are residents of New Brunswick's chief city.

St. John members of the association have made some suggestions for changes in the law relating to automobiles, which will be considered at the present session of the Provincial Legislature. They suggest that the annual tax on cars range from $3 to $12 per annum; that each car carry a tail lamp, and front as well as rear numbers; also that the speed law may be changed so that greater speed may be attained in sparsely settled districts. The speed limit in St. John is five miles an hour less than in London or New York. It is also proposed to tax chauffeurs $2, and to levy the same tax on motor cycles.

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4 Beaver Hall Hill—A. W. Parker.

PUBLIC NOTICE

is hereby given that under the First Part of Chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as 'The Companies' Act,' letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of April, 1911, incorporating Thomas Chase-Casgrain, King's Counsel; Alexandre Chase-Casgrain, Errol Malcolm McDougall, John Jennings Creelman, Advocates, and Charles Stuart LeMesurier, Student-at-Law, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz.:—(a) To construct, acquire, operate, maintain and manage mills and factories, for the manufacture and production of mechanical and ground wood pulp, sulphite, pulp, paper, cardboard, paper materials, and any and all ingredients or products or compounds thereof, and all articles and substances made from any of the aforesaid articles, or used or useful in connection therewith, and to manufacture, purchase, deal in and sell all the said articles and any other substances, products, or by-products thereof, and generally to carry on the business of manufacturing wood, pulp and paper in all its branches; (b) To acquire, construct, erect, establish, maintain and operate mills and factories for the manufacture and production of lumber, and of any and all articles of which wood is a component part, and to manufacture, purchase, deal in, and sell timber and lumber of all kinds and all products of wood and by-products thereof, and all articles made therefrom or used in connection therewith, and to do all other things necessary or incidental to the carrying on of the business of lumbering in all its branches; (c) To acquire by purchase, concession, lease, license, exchange or other legal title, and to sell and deal in such timber licenses, timber lands and limits, wood lots and standing timber, cut timber, real estate, rights of way, and other immovable and mixed property as may be found useful, necessary or expedient in the prosecution and conduct of all or any of the operations of the company; (d) To acquire, build, erect, manage, maintain and operate and to lease, let, sell and alienate all necessary buildings, stores, warehouses, shops, depots, offices, houses, boarding houses, hotels, dwelling houses, camps, shanties, caches, livery-stables, and other erections as may be necessary or expedient, including the power to build, construct and establish, or to aid in building, constructing and establishing, churches, school-houses, clubs and such other public buildings as may be deemed advisable for the use of the employees of the company and others, and to convert and appropriate any lands of the company for roads, streets and other conveniences, and generally to deal with and improve the property of the company; (e) To acquire by purchase, lease, concession, license or otherwise, to maintain, operate and develop, water-powers, water rights, dams, flumes, tunnels, conduits, reservoirs, race and other ways, works, improvements, booms, sluice-ways, aqueducts, wells, ditches, canals, wharves, slides, piers, roadways, log rolls, and other works, plant and buildings, for the manufacture, production, conversion of electric, pneumatic, hydraulic, or other power or force, and to sell, transmit, distribute or otherwise dispose of any surplus of such pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force, provided, however, that the sale and distribution of such electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or other power or force shall be subject to any municipal or local regulations regarding the same; (f) To establish, maintain and operate for the use of the company, its employees, tenants and others, a fire protection service, water service, electric light and gas service, and to make such contracts with respect to the same as may be found advisable and necessary; (g) To manufacture, purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, own, use, sell, assign, transfer, trade, deal in and deal with goods, wares and merchandise, and property of every class and description; (h) To transport goods, wares and merchandise by land and water, and to purchase, own, charter and operate ships, boats, tugs, barges and other vessels; (i) To acquire, maintain, construct and operate on lands of the company, or on lands controlled by the company, sidings, tramways, and other means of transportation of goods, wares, and merchandise whether belonging to the company or not; (j) To construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, bridges, reservoirs, pipe lines, water-courses, wharves, manufactures, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works, and conveniences, which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof; (k) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, to hold, own, use, develop, exchange, sell or otherwise turn to account, concessions, rights, privileges, permits and franchises suitable or convenient for the business of the company; (l) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, licenses and any concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired; (m) To issue and allot fully paid-up shares of the capital stock of the company in payment or part payment of any property, real, personal, movable, immovable or mixed, and of any rights and concessions purchased or acquired by the company; (n) To issue receipts negotiable or otherwise for merchandise stored with the company, to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise assist any person, firm or company with which the company may have business relations; (o) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to purchase and acquire and to own, hold, hypothecate, pledge, sell and reissue the shares, debentures, bonds and other securities of any company or corporation, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company, and to guarantee payment of the principal of or dividends and interest on such shares, bonds, debentures or other securities, and to manage, operate and carry on the property, franchises, undertaking and business of any corporation any of whose shares, bonds, debentures or other securities are held by the company, for such remuneration as may be deemed reasonable and proper; (p) To promote, or assist in promoting, and to become a shareholder in any subsidiary, allied or other company carrying on or having for its objects the operation of any business altogether or in part similar to that of this company, and to enter into arrangements for sharing profits, union of interest, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions, or otherwise, with such person or company, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act, to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of such company and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds or other securities of the company, and to hold, sell, hypothecate, pledge, reissue with or without guarantee of principal, interest and dividends, or otherwise to deal with the same; (q) To consolidate or amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, and to acquire any undertaking or business similar, in whole or in part, to that of the company, together with the plant, stock, goodwill, franchises and assets of all kinds, and to carry on any other business which may seem to be capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above objects or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or facilitate the realization or render profitable any of the company's property or rights, and to pay for the same wholly or partly in cash, shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company; (r) To enter into any arrangement with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects, or any of them, and to obtain from any such authorities any rights, privileges and concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions; (s) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the property, rights, franchises and undertakings of the company on any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or other securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act; (t) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to hold, exercise and enjoy all or any of the property, franchises, goodwill, rights, powers and privileges held or enjoyed by any person or firm or by any company or companies carrying on or formed for carrying on any business similar in whole or in part to that which this company is authorized to carry on, either in its own name or in the name of any such person, firm or company, and to pay for such property, franchises, goodwill, rights, powers and privileges wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in paid-up shares of the company or otherwise, and to undertake the liabilities of any such person, firm or company; (u) To do all or any of the above things, as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others; (v) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects; (w) To remunerate by payment in cash, stock, bonds, or any other manner any person or persons, or corporation or corporations, for services rendered or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place, or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of stock of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company, or in the conduct of the business; (x) To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any assets of the company among its members and particularly the shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other company that may take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company; (y) The above objects, powers or purposes of the company shall be deemed to be several and not dependent on each other and the company may pursue or carry on any one or more of such objects, powers or purposes without regard to the others of them, and no clause shall be limited in its generality or otherwise construed having regard to any other clause of such objects, powers or purposes. The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "Dominion Industrial Company, Limited," with a capital stock of two million dollars, divided into twenty thousand shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 28th day of April, 1911.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under-Secretary of State.

McGIBBON, CASGRAIN & MITCHELL,
Solicitors for Applicants.

Province of Quebec,
District of Montreal.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

No. 103.

Dame Aldea Gauthier, wife of Wilfrid Boisjoly, presently of the City and District of Montreal, and duly authorized to ester en justice, to these presents, by a judgment of the Superior Court of the District of Montreal, rendered on the 27th February, 1911, Plaintiff,

VS

Wilfrid Boisjoly, Dame Rosalie Lemonde, wife of Elzear Boisjoly, and the latter inasmuch as personally, as to authorize his said wife, for the purposes herein, all of Contrecoeur, District of Montreal, Defendant.

The Defendant, Wilfrid Boisjoly is ordered to appear within one month.

Montreal, 28th April, 1911.

L. D. PORTELANCE
Deputy Prothonotary.

Perron, Taschereau, Rinfret & Genest,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

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Montreal now fast reaching the million mark, it must expand to make room for the hundreds of thousands about to make Montreal their homes.

The West End will always be in demand by a discriminating citizen, and Princedale, which adjoins Westmount, Canada's pride of municipal government---will ever be the magnet.

True to our promise we increased our price on Monday morning $50.00 per Lot. Our total sales last week were $45,000. We have disappointed many intending purchasers who have asked us not to advance the price for one week, but we stayed with our announcement.

Prices are now **$270, $300, $400, $450** per Lot, according to location.

These prices must again be advanced shortly as we and others are starting building operations. Properties adjoining are selling at 50% to 75% in advance of what we are asking. The most reasonable building restrictions exist, which guarantee absolutely Princedale's claim as the premier residential district. Many attractive residences are being erected this summer, and the planting of trees, laying of sidewalks, grading of streets, will soon make Princedale a veritable hive of activity. See for yourself. That is all we ask. We furnish the most up-to-date facilities for seeing this property. If it suits you, buy; if not, don't. You owe it to yourself and to us to look this property over. Act on your own good judgment. But decide soon.

Real Estate is the only real tangible "buy" on the market on which you have something to show for your money. Mining shares may be wildcats, oil properties may and have failed. You can't lose buying Real Estate near Montreal and especially in the West. It is THE residential district. This appeals to your own common sense. Then investigate. Then buy.

We furnish full information. We furnish all facilities for overlooking the property. We must depend on you to do the rest.

HOW TO GET THERE

Take a Sherbrooke Boulevard car and by paying a five cent cash fare, secure a transfer, getting off at Westminster Avenue, where agents will meet you taking you direct to the property (Princedale Park), to show you the lots where a few dollars invested now mean a profit to you very shortly. Others have made good on this offer, why not you?

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Write at once for Booklet on 'Infant Feeding and Hygiene' which will be sent with a large tin of Nestlé's Food free to any mother.

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The best nourishment for **even the youngest infants** when mother's milk is not available.

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WARNING TO IMMIGRANTS

Confidence Men Trying New Trick on the Unsuspecting

HANGING ROUND STATIONS.

Beware of Lonely Men From Colorado Who Buy Cigars For You.

A new variation of the confidence game is now being played on newly-arrived Englishmen and others arriving at the railway stations, by two men with strong American accents.

An Englishman, who had heard something of confidence games before, related his experience to a 'Witness' reporter yesterday, and told how, whilst he was waiting at the corner of Lagauchetiere and Windsor streets, a well dressed man came up to him and asked him for a match. He then wanted to know the way to Notre Dame street, and the Englishman replied that he did not know, as he was a stranger in Montreal.

'That is strange, said the newcomer. I am a stranger also. I have just arrived from Colorado.'

The Englishman commented on the strangeness of two strangers meeting in a strange land, and said he was going to see about his baggage. The American offered to accompany him, and on the way to the station entered a tobacconist store and purchased cigars, flourishing a roll of bills and commenting on the difference in them.

'I am rather lonely here,' he said. 'When you have finished your business will you take a stroll round the town with me, and see the sights just to kill time?'

'Certainly,' said the Englishman, who also was without friends in Montreal. So they started down towards St. James street. The American suggested they should have a game of billiards, which was agreed upon, and whilst they were playing another man entered the billiard saloon, and saying that he was waiting for his wife to arrive from the country, asked the two men whether he might join them. They agreed, and the first American whispered to the Englishman that they might as well make him pay for the privilege, so, after winning the first game from the newcomer, the first American told him that he had better 'put up the drinks.' The newcomer agreed, but changed his mind and said they would make it fifty cents a game instead. The Englishman was about to protest when his friend of the morning whispered to him that they might as well do it and then divide the profits after the newcomer had departed. The newcomer however turned round and remarked that the Englishman was losing and not paying, and wanted to know what sort of a game they were playing on him. He pretended to get angry and said the Englishman was not worth fifty cents, otherwise he would have paid up. The first man 'pacified' him and approaching the Englishman told him to pay up, and he would give it back later.

'The games lasted about three minutes each, the way they were working things,' said the Englishman to the reporter yesterday,' so I wished them good day and have kept my eyes on the district since. Sure enough they are there, nearly every morning talking together till they see a likely victim when they separate. One cannot very well interfere, but I am hoping to be on the spot when there is a policeman in sight, and then they may come together and 'wait for their wives' as they call it down in the police station. In the meantime the 'Witness' may be able to sound a warning note.

PRESENTATION TO SKIPPER.

Captain Harrison, of 'Royal George,' Given Gold-headed Cane.

Captain Harrison, of the 'Royal George,' the first liner to reach Montreal this season, was presented yesterday with a gold-headed cane by Major G. W. Stephens, president of the Harbor Commission, who expressed a hope that the St. Lawrence might in future be open all the year round.

Capt. Thompson, manager of the Canadian Northern Railway, and Mr. Geoffrion, of the Harbor Commissioners, also spoke.

A WIDOW'S MITE.

Letter Which Pleased Committee of S. P. C. A.

A great deal of pleasure has been given to the executive committee and to Mr. J. R. Innes, the secretary of the S. P. C. A., by the receipt of the following letter accompanying 'a widow's mite,' contributed to the funds of the society:

Montreal, Que.

Dear Sir,—Please receive Dominion Express order for the amount of two dollars, a mite in aid of the S. P. C. to the Lower Animals.

I remain, dear sir,
Yours respectfully,
A FRIEND.

April 22, 1911.

TOOK POISON.

Ambulance Came Too Late to Save Joseph Tremblay.

Joseph Tremblay, aged 31, of 17 Dupre street, committed suicide by taking poison at his home shortly after 11 o'clock yesterday. An ambulance from the General Hospital was called, but it was too late to do anything. He leaves a wife and four children.

FIX UP LORNE AVENUE.

Ald. Boyd has made strong representations to the Board of Control concerning the very bad condition of Lorne avenue, between Prince Arthur and Milton streets. He asks them to put it in proper shape.

THE PULPIT

THE REV. T. B. JEAKINS, OF WATERLOO, QUE., URGES PROMPT ACTION.

On Sunday morning, in St. Luke's Church, Waterloo, Que., the Rev. T. B. Jeakins pleaded for the beter observance of the Lord's Day, and in his closing remarks referred to the 'Witness' in the following terms:

'Men and institutions that have high aims know what achievement costs.

THE REV. T. B. JEAKINS.

As an example of this, look at the Montreal Witness, passing at the present time through much tribulation (let us hope into a wider sphere of usefulness and to a richer reward for national service) as a result of its splendid isolation and daring policy in dealing with questions of morality and the living issues of the day; preferring a depleted exchequer to revenue derived from columns sold for venal and vicious purposes. Appealing as the 'Witness' does to the finer feelings of men, and adopting a higher standard of morals for the public, it has not, like some of its contemporaries, advanced by leaps and bounds, yet its pages have steadfastly,—

'Like the calm lights of heaven,
Shed down their influence on the sea of life,
Swaying the currents of our human thought.

Its ceaseless efforts in behalf of temperance; its unflinching attitude in favor of social purity; its valiant stand for the sanctity of the Lord's Day should increase the loyalty of its friends and well-wishers, who would do well to respond, without delay, to an urgent call for help, and thus display that quality which is characteristic of the British race—'a certain earnestness which leads it out of idle sentiments to noble deeds.'

FIVE BURNED TO DEATH

Parents Returning Home Found Houses in Flames and Children Perished

Quebec, May 2.—In a fire which destroyed the home of their parents in Saint Sophie, Megantic County, five children perished late on Sunday night.

St. Sophie is a small parish in a remote section of the Lake Megantic region, and the fatal fire occurred in the second range of the parish, burning to the ground the house of Phileas Patry, causing the death of five of his children. With his wife, Patry had gone to visit relatives in another part of the parish and on their return, late at night, the parents found their home in flames, and notwithstanding all their efforts, they could not save the unfortunate little ones, whose charred remains were found yesterday among the debris.

Mr. Patry's financial loss through the fire is also heavy. His house with its furniture, provisions, and three thousand pounds of maple sugar, has been destroyed, and he had no insurance.

AQUEDUCT POOR ASSET.

$19,000 For Beaurivage System Was Mainly to Buy Certain Rights.

The Beaurivage aqueduct which the Council authorized the city to purchase on Monday for $19,000 from Mr. Foucher, is an independent system, fed by three or four artesian wells. It will be continued in its present form until the city system extends its pipes to a point where it can connect with the local system.

Asked as to the value of the new system, and as to whether it would be workable in connection with the city system, Superintendent Lesage, of the Waterworks Department, said: 'The $19,000 is more to pay Mr. Foucher for certain rights he has in the district. The system itself would not constitute much of an asset.'

REDUCED CHURCH DEBT.

Verdun Methodists Earned the $1,000 Promised by Mayor Allen.

At the morning service, after the sacrament on Sunday, in the Verdun Methodist Church, Mayor Allen handed over to the Rev. F. B. Allnutt the cheque for a thousand dollars, earned by the congregation, to whom he had promised it if they raised, before May 1, the sum of two thousand dollars towards wiping out the church debt. Forty-three new members joined the church. At the evening service Mr. Allnutt found a basket of roses in the pulpit, placed there by the ladies in honor of his birthday.

McGILL CLASS WEEK.

The class week programme was posted at McGill yesterday, and is as follows:—

Wednesday, May 10th.—

Class exercises at 4. p. m., 'The Union.'

Reception at 5 p. m., 'The Union.'

Valedictories at 8 p. m., 'Royal Victoria College.'

Thursday, May 11th.—

Class day dance, Royal Victoria College, 8.30. Tickets—Students and graduates, $2.50; Non-students, $4.00.

Friday, May 12th.—

Convocation; R. V. C. at 3 p. m.

Arts dinner, St. Lawrence Hall, 8 p. m.

Science dinner, Place Viger Hotel, 8 p. m.

C. P. R. APPOINTMENTS.

Coming into effect on Monday the following appointments have been announced by the Canadian Pacific Railway:

Mr. T. Collins has been appointed assistant superintendent of district No. 2, of the railway system, with headquarters at Smith's Falls; Mr. W. B. Way has been appointed to the same position of district No. 3, with headquarters at Montreal, and Mr. J. H. Boyle in district No. 4, with his headquarters at Ottawa.

CALVES GETTING OLDER.

Five thousand, nine hundred and sixty-six pounds of veal were seized last week, 145 calves being taken at the abattoirs and 891 pounds at the markets, shops and commission stores. This is a great decrease, and it is maily because the calves are getting older.

What are the Readers of this page doing to save the 'WITNESS'?

BUSINESS MEN MOVE

Several Firms Changing Addresses This Week

There have been very few changes in the down-town buildings this week, but amongst them might be mentioned:

To the Board of Trade Building: Mr. R. Rodden, architect; Mr. P. J. Kavanagh, Mr. H. Gagnier, Mr. P. W. A. Burket.

To the Coristine Building: The National Bridge Company, The Montreal Steel Company, Mr. H. C. Hotch, Mr. H. C. Walkem, Mr. G. B. Reynolds, Mr. W. P. Crites, Mr. J. McD. Hains, the Lindsey British Refrigeration Company, Business Systems, Limited, H. Corby, Limited.

To the St. Nicholas Building: The Quebec Construction Company, Mr. Henry Valle, Mr. A. J. Oehen, Mr. A. Friedmann, Mr. H. R. Morrison, the Quaker Oats, Limited, the Jacques Cartier Pulp & Paper Company.

To the Yorkshire Insurance Building: Messrs. F. B. McCurdy & Co.

To the Canada Life Building: Messrs. McGibbon & McDougall, Lloyds Plate Glass Insurance Company.

To the Merchants Bank Building: Messrs. Lewis & Badgley.

To the Commercial Union Building: The Mack Realty Company.

To the Eastern Townships Bank Building: The Bishop Construction Company, Mr. A. D. Charles.

"Eat and Be Merry!"

Stop starving yourself—stop suffering the pangs of indigestion—stop worrying about what you dare and dare not eat.

Eat hearty meals of wholesome food, take

NA-DRU-CO DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

and you'll feel like a new person. Sour stomach—heartburn—occasional indigestion—chronic dyspepsia—all yield quickly to NA-DRU-CO Dyspepsia Tablets. The properly digested food restores your strength, your stomach regains its tone, and soon requires no further aid.

50c. a box. If your druggist has not stocked them yet send 50c. and we will mail them. 37

NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA LIMITED. MONTREAL.

They Father Consumption

Bad coughs, colds and catarrh are responsible for more consumption than is traceable even to heredity. Catarrhozone cures more quickly than ordinary remedies because it is the only antiseptic yet discovered that is volatile enough to reach the root of the trouble in remote parts of the lungs and bronchial tubes, and impregnate every particle of the air breathed with its healing, germ-killing vapor. Colds can't last ten minutes, or coughs more than thirty minutes when Catarrhozone is inhaled. It clears nose, throat and air passages at once, stops dropping, headache, and eradicates catarrh from any part of the system. Two months' treatment, $1.00; trial size 25c, at druggists.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills are Mild.

ALCOHOLISM

The Dr. John M. Mackay Treatment For Alcoholism

A SPECIFIC MEDICINE

SAVE THE INEBRIATE.

It is no idle statement that characterizes inebriety as the curse of our day. No matter where we turn, from the hovel of the poor to the palace of the rich, from the strenuous toil of the laborer to the nervous strain of the financier, from the lowly enticements of the corner saloon to the attractions of the most exclusive club, the baneful grip of the 'Demon Drink' is all around us. Account for its grasp as we may, it is a fact that the fearful habit of alcohol begins with the little indulgences. Ere it is realized, the little indulgences become habits, and habits all too soon become actual disease. Nervous systems may respond kindly to stimulation at first, but sooner or later serious damage is done, and the cells of the body, those of the nervous system especially, cry out for more and more of the fatal fuel. As long as it is forthcoming the flames of exhilaration burn brightly, but if it is denied, reaction takes place, the fires burn low, the heart and circulation weaken and the enslaved individual suffers the most frightful torments. To free one's self unaided is impossible — to continue means destruction. What is the poor unfortunate to do?

THE ACTION OF ALCOHOL.

Since the use of alcohol produces such serious and pronounced changes throughout the tissues of the body, it is evident that it is a poison. As has been stated before, false relief is obtained for a while by continued and increased use of alcohol, but sooner or later a time comes when no amount of stimulation can compensate for the amount of damage that has been done. The afflicted individual is mentally, morally and physically doomed unless the alcohol is withdrawn and its ravages counteracted. Conditions very similar in a general way accompany and follow the habitual use of morphine, cocaine and drugs of this class.

A REMARKABLE TREATMENT.

During the past twenty-five years, Dr. John M. MacKay, of Quebec, P.Q., has been devoting his life to the study and treatment of inebriety. During this period several thousands of cases have been treated and restored to lives of usefulness under Dr. MacKay's immediate supervision, and the experience he has gained has enabled him to evolve a treatment and remedy which is actually a specific. So successful has Dr. MacKay been in his work that the Government has seen fit to carefully investigate the results he has obtained.

THE PRACTICAL APPLICATION OF THE MACKAY TREATMENT.

The Treatment is divided into three portions, each different but consecutive to each other in effect, and each covering one week's time.

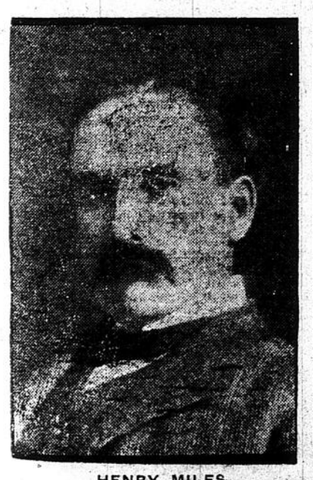
After a few hours' use of the first week's remedy the desire for liquor is entirely removed, and a few days later the poison in the tissues is completely neutralized. Before a week is passed the powerful tonic effect of the Treatment is apparent, the characteristic depression is relieved, the appetite increases, and the various organs resume their functions. At the end of a week the patient is completely cured as far as the need for stimulants or drugs is concerned, and at the close of the twenty days of the complete treatment, the patient requires nothing further than the exercise of ordinary moral restraint in his own behalf, and the avoidance of a wilful return to his former habits. The Treatment requires no special apparatus such as hypodermic syringes, etc., and is taken in no other way than by the mouth. A tablespoonful of the remedy prepared for each day, is taken every hour from morning to night, or sixteen doses per day, one hour between each dose. On commencing treatment all liquor or drugs are immediately withdrawn, and it is significant that after a few doses of the remedy there is not only no craving for alcohol or opiates, but a positive distaste for them. Nutritious easily digested food is administered and no special restrictions are placed on the diet, except those that common sense would dictate. The bowels are carefully regulated by suitable laxatives.

The system followed by Court Officials in the application of the Treatment in connection with the Government Probation System is as follows: The inebriate when brought before the court, instead of being in every case sent to jail, is allowed to elect whether he will take the Treatment at his home (if he has one), or go to jail. Those who have the sincere desire to reform usually take the Treatment at their homes with the co-operation of their immediate relatives. Every week the patient is required to report his condition to the authorities, and he is carefully watched as to the progress of his case. The patient understands that a lapse on his part will prove disastrous, and that he will have to stand the punishment that the law inflicts. It is needless to say that a very large proportion of those who thus take the Treatment, in addition to their natural desire for reformation, are immeasurably impressed by the conditions under which they are placed. At the completion of the Treatment the Court officials, and all interested, realize that the prisoner goes forth with a new chance, absolutely free from the desire or need of alcohol or drugs.

In the light of the foregoing, it is an incontrovertible fact that no other treatment in the world can show more magnificent results for the betterment of humanity than the Mackay Treatment. Nearly 1,000 people, men and women, appearing before the judges of the City Courts, have been given the Treatment by their order, and the sworn records show that a remarkable percentage, including the worst cases of confirmed drunkenness, have been restored to lives of sobriety and usefulness.

'Extract from a letter of a Country Parish Priest,' Province of Quebec.

'The poor man for whom I asked a treatment from you has taken the medicine.— He is now no longer dejected, is happy and has better health, and has gained in weight. Liquor is repugnant to him, and he is able to withstand temptation as well. Thanks for him, and also accept my own thanks, and I hope you may have the satisfaction of thus curing many of these unfortunate drunkards.'



HENRY MILES,

Who has accepted the position of President of Mackay Limited, a company it became necessary to form to carry on the business in Canada, the United States and Great Britain. This company has a Federal Charter with authorized capital $100,000.00.

A PRACTICAL SOLUTION OF THE DRINK PROBLEM FOR TOWNS AND CITIES. EMPTY THE CELLS!

A PRACTICAL SOLUTION OF THE DRINK PROBLEM FOR TOWNS AND CITIES.

The subject of inbriety or confirmed drunkenness necessarily appeals to philanthropy and human interest. But there is another phase of the question which further justifies the most thoughtful consideration, and that is the economic. Dollars and cents are cold, sordid reasons for advocating efforts to eradicate or decrease the evil of alcoholism; but the baneful influence exerted by drunkenness on the industrial activity of nearly every community, to say nothing of the relation which it bears to municipal expense, should engage the attention of every thinking, earnest man. Men in public life, judges of city and county courts, municipal and police officials, and officers in charge of penal and charitable institutions, are the ones who most appreciate the magnitude of the curse of drunkenness, for they come in closest contact with its fearful effects.

To such, the drunkard is certainly a fearful burden, and many a town and city finds the cost of caring for its inebriate poor the most discouraging and disheartening feature of the public expenses.

A careful examination of the records in many average sized towns and cities shows that about one-tenth of one per cent. of the local population are constantly being maintained in the jails at the public expense, because of drunkenness. In a town of 50,000 population, this would mean that each day fifty people as a result of intoxication will be found in the jails. The cost of keeping such prisoners, at the lowest estimate, taking into consideration feeding, attendance, surveillance, etc., is seventy-five cents per day, or $13,687.-50 per year. The minimum average earning capacity of each prisoner thus incarcerated is one dollar per day. Many can earn much more, even up to five dollars per day. Hence, at the lowest possible estimate fifty persons per day mean a loss to the industrial activity of a community of fifty dollars daily, or $18,250.00 per year. When we add the annual cost of maintenance of convicted drunkards, and the annual loss from their enforced idleness, we get a grand total of $31,937,-50 as a minimum loss each year to a community of 50,000 inhabitants, as the result of alcoholism. This proportion which the cost of drunkenness bears to the population is pretty constant, no matter how large or small the community.

It should be remembered, however, that the above figures do not include the cost of carrying out and enforcing the laws for restricting intoxication, nor the additional cost to the different departments of charities as a result of the arrest and conviction of heads of families. Unfortunately, in many instances, the drunkard is the father of the family and the principal wage earner. Too often when he gets into the toils of the law, his family is left destitute and the remaining members become public charges, temporarily at least. Then, again, there is a further loss to the industrial activity of the community because of the fact that the average drinking man always finds it difficult to get work because of his unreliability, and as a consequence he is idle much more of the time than the mere period which he spends in jail.

The foregoing is only a cursory examination of the economic features of drunkenness; but they serve to show that the financial and municipal phases of the drink problem cannot be ignored.

The subject becomes doubly important when it is realized that the situation can be immeasurably relieved, and every community, if the right method is pursued, can save from 85 to 95 percent of needless loss in the above direction. A strong statement, some one may remark, but it is one well founded on the most substantial facts. The following is what several municipalities have accomplished in Canada:

In 1904, after carefully investigating the results obtained with the MacKay Treatment for alcoholism, a remedy evolved by Dr. John M. MacKay, Quebec, from twenty-five years' experience in the treatment of inebriety and drug addiction, the city of Quebec first, and afterwards the city of Montreal, decided to utilize Dr. MacKay's treatment in connection with its Probation System for the reclamation of poor inebriates. The corporations of both cities placed at the disposal of Dr. MacKay, offices, attendants, telephones, etc., in close proximity to the Recorder's Court where the cases of inebriety are dealt with when brought in by the police. The judges of the Recorder's Court of Quebec and Montreal were entrusted by the Government with the application of this Probation System, and under their direction the medicine or treatment of Dr. MacKay has been ordered in every case that offered the slightest hope for reformation. Instead of sending inebriates in every instance to jail, the judges have allowed those who expressed a desire to reform to take the treatment at their homes. These probationers have been placed under one hundred dollar bonds, with instructions to appear every week for examination and advice. Those who have a serious desire to reform usually take the treatment at their homes with the co-operation of their immediate relatives. Each case is carefully watched as to the progress he makes, and he is made to understand that a lapse on his part will prove disastrous, inasmuch as he will have to then undergo the punishment that the law inflicts.

The judges of the Recorder's Courts who have had the administration of this System in their charge have done noble work, and it is quite evident that their efforts are bearing most excellent fruit. The greatest satisfaction has been given the authorities and knowledge of the results obtained is available to any one who may desire to investigate or inquire of the proper officials. Arrangements are now being made to extend the application of the Provincial Probation System to the other centres of population in the Province of Quebec, and elsewhere in Canada and in the United States.

It may not be amiss in this connection to make slight reference to the cost of administration of the MacKay Treatment in connection with a Probation System. Taking a town of 50,000 inhabitants as a basis, it is a conservative estimate to place the minimum number of convictions for drunkenness at five hundred per year. The treatment can be administered to these individuals at a cost not to exceed $10,000 per year. This amount, therefore, will not only show an actual reduction in cost of at least $20,-000 yearly, but it has the paramount advantage of eliminating such cases permanently from the Courts, thus permitting them to return to their different vocations and lives of industry. The benefits, therefore, to the community, as well as to the individual, cannot be questioned.

There can be no doubt in the minds of any one who will investigate the matter that the above plan offers greater possibilities, and probabilities as well, in the solution of the drink problem than any hitherto devised. No other treatment ever discovered has proven so certain and permanent in its effect, and no other treatment accomplishes results in as short a time as the MacKay Treatment. A treatment that can show 90 percent of recoveries in even the worst, most confirmed cases, certainly stands superior to all others at the present time. In fact, no other treatment even approaches it in effectiveness, and it has the further great advantage in the shortness of time required to produce a cure, three weeks being the necessary period. The patient can resume his work in a few days and continue the treatment to complete recovery while an active wage earner.

It is important that every community should carefully investigate the foregoing, and we earnestly believe that if they will give the above plan and system a fair trial, using the treatment according to directions, that no further argument will be required to show what can be done. Municipal expenses can certainly be reduced to a marked extent, and public officials may derive the greatest satisfaction from the results they can accomplish in restoring many useless, dependent citizens to lives of industry and civic usefulness.

INEBRIETY—THE DISEASE.

A specific remedy for alcoholism and drug addiction that will positively and permanently cure unfortunates thus afflicted must appeal to every person who has the welfare of humanity at heart.

The evidence which follows from authorities of the highest standing shows conclusively the wonderful work that is being done by the Mackay Treatment. It is apparent that unlimited opportunities have been opened up by the intelligent use of this Treatment in connection with the probation system of the Province of Quebec. Every community that suffers from the evils of drunkenness (and is there one that does not?), should investigate the remarkable results that are being obtained by the Courts in Montreal and Quebec in restoring afflicted individuals to lives of usefulness. These results speak for themselves, and suggest the most practical means yet evolved for the scientific solution of the Drink Problem.

The MacKay Treatment is available to municipalities, institutions, physicians, and to all afflicted. Special terms which make the cost of each treatment nominal in amount, can be arranged for charitable and philanthropic purposes.

Prompt effect, shortness of time required to complete treatment, permanency of results obtained, and minimum percentage of failure—these are the advantages which give the MacKay Treatment prominence over all others.

ADVANTAGES

Based on the most scientific principles.

Removes craving for alcohol in shortest time.

Causes no suffering or distress to patient.

Cures permanently. Smallest percentage of failures in even worst cases. Prisoners are treated successfully in jails.

The only treatment officially used by any Government.

Has restored thousands to lives of sobriety and usefulness.

Can be taken at home privately.

Inexpensive and within the reach of every afflicted person.

Accomplishes in three weeks what others attempt to do in six to twenty.

Unequalled as a life saver and home restorer.

RECORDER'S COURT

Montreal, April 15th, 1911.

To Honorable Lomer Gouin,
Prime Minister, Province of Quebec.

Sir :—

In conformity with your request I have the honor to certify that during the period April 1st, 1910, to April 1st, 1911, one hundred and seventy-four persons were submitted to the Treatment of Dr. John M. MacKay for Alcoholism, by order of the Recorder's Court of Montreal.

The Court Record shows that only 15 of these people were brought before the Court a second time for drunkenness. The result, therefore, was that 92 per cent. were favorably affected by the probation system now in force in Montreal.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

EUDORE FORGET,
Assistant Clerk of the Recorder's Court.

(Signed), I concur.
R. STANLEY WEIR, Recorder.

THE MACKAY TREATMENT OF ALCOHOLISM.

The following report presented recently to the Police Committee of the City Council of Montreal will afford much interest at this present time in view of the great efforts being put forth to lessen the miseries due to Drink and Drunkenness in this Province. All the large Municipalities can have the same advantage of the Quebec Probation System if it is applied for. Since 1903 and up to the present it has been employed with marvellous results in the City of Montreal.

REPORT.

Montreal, May 3rd, 1907.

Mr. President nad Messrs. The Aldermen of the Police Committee:—

In conformity with the resolution of your Honorable Committee, of the 10th of April ultimo, I have the honor to report that, after causing to be made an exact and faithful search of the records kept for the years 1905 and 1906, the system of probation of the Province of Quebec, under the control of the Honorable Judges of the Recorder's Court, City Hall, Montreal, I declare that in the year 1905, five hundred and fifteen patients were submitted to the treatment (Dr. J. M. MacKay) four hundred and twenty-four of these being at domicile and ninety-one in jail; of their number, only twenty-two patients were treated twice, and two others had to be treated three times. In the year 1906, two hundred and fifty-eight patients were given the treatment (Dr. J. M. MacKay) of which 202 are domicile, and 56 in jail; of these only eighteen patients have had a relapse (about 7 percent).

I would think it out of place to praise my own treatment, but I submit to your consideration numerous certificates which I hope may prove to your satisfaction of its efficacy.

Allow me to remark that if the treatments which I am bound to supply the Police Stations are used according to directions, they will always prevent any sudden death which might be caused by a too sudden removal of spirits. I have had the experience of twenty-five years in the study of alcoholism, and I can vouch for all I affirm.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Your respectful and obedient servant,
(Signed) J. M. MACKAY, M.D.

To the report are attached quite a number of declarations from individuals cured, and subscribed to before a Notary. The following, however, will carry to the public a greater interest and suffice to demonstrate the success of Dr. MacKay and the satisfactory working of the Quebec Probation System.

Montreal, March 20th, 1907.

Hon. Lomer Gouin, K.C., M.P.P.,
Premier of the Province of Quebec,
Quebec:

My dear Mr. Premier,—

It gives me great pleasure to recommend that Dr. MacKay's Treatment for drunkenness, be still continued under the auspices of your Government.

It is our opinion that the number of habitual drunkards in the city of Montreal has sensibly diminished since our adoption of this treatment. As you are aware, I say nothing of its merits when prescribed in the ordinary way, but given under the auspices of the Court with the paternal admonition which I think proper to give in such cases, it has achieved splendid results. I should feel very much at a loss in many cases if I had not this remedy at hand to strengthen and rescue the unfortunate victims of the liquor habit.

I beg to remain, my dear Mr. Premier,

Yours very faithfully,
(Signed) R. S. WEIR,
Recorder.

The Prime Minister of the Province of Quebec (1906) wrote in regard to the MacKay Treatment as follows:

'Since the month of March, 1904, the Government of the Province of Quebec has placed under Dr. MacKay's care inebriates brought before the Recorder's Courts, and so far the results have proved to be most satisfactory. The remedy does not perform miracles, but when the desire to reform exists, it has been found to be of immense value.'

Mission of the Abenakis,
April 24, 1911.

Dr. John M. Mackay, Montreal:

My Dear Sir,—Truly your medicine does wonders here. My dear Abenakis—born drunkards, become sober men when they have taken the treatment. An astonishing feature is that they are zealous in taking it while I really doubted their following the strict instructions given. In each case administered to the directions have been scrupulously followed. The remaining drunkards wish to have the medicine, and that is the reason I desire to-day to ask for two more treatments at the risk of being considered importunate and abusing your kind charity. I consider that your medicine has been most provident in our mission. Heretofore I have been obliged to send drunkards to prison to get them out of the way, and it has been a pitiable trial. To-day they come to me and ask for your medicine. Needless to say, I much prefer to treat with medicine than to send my people to prison. I ask you, therefore, for two more treatments, and this will greatly oblige.

Yours, devoted and thankful,
JOS. DE GONZAGUE,
Mission Priest.

Parish of St. Jean Baptiste,
Montreal, May 8th, 1907.

Dr. J. M. MacKay,
Montreal.

My Dear Doctor:—

At my request you have treated several of my parishioners who were addicted to spirituous liquors. I have had but to congratulate myself on its good results, and as you have done this gratuitously I thank you sincerely. Some of these parties have been cured by a first treatment, others had to take a second, even a third treatment. I am happy tto tell you that your efforts have been successful, and I have thus been instrumental in relieving many families. To-day I feel convinced that any drunkard who is sincere and follows your treatment faithfully will be cured. I must add that the City of Montreal by subsidizing your treatment is doing great service to these poor victims of alcohol.

Faithfully yours,
(Signed), M. AUCLAIR,
Parish Priest.

Montreal, February 19th, 1910.

To Honorable Lomer Gouin,
Prime Minister,
Province of Quebec.

Sir:—

At your request I have the honor to certify that since the first of April, 1906, to the first of April, 1907, two hundred and thirty-four prisoners were submitted to the treatment of Doctor MacKay for alcoholism, by order of the Recorder's Court of Montreal, and out of this number twenty-nine of these prisoners were brought up again before this Court for drunkenness as it will appear by the records of the Court.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed) E. FORGET,
Assistant Clerk of the Recorder's Court.

Montreal, April 16th, 1910.

Hon Sir Lomer Gouin, K.C., M.P.P.,
Premier of the Province of Quebec,
Quebec.

Hon. and Dear Sir:—

Mr. E. Forget, of my staff, has shown me copy of a report to you under date the 19th February, with reference to the treatment of alcoholism granted to persons brought before the Court.

I can fully corroborate what Mr. Forget has written and reiterate what I have already reported to you in former communications as to the great and positive benefits which have accrued to those unfortunate victims of drink (who manifest a sincere desire to free themselves from the enslaving appetite for alcohol), by following the medical treatment prescribed by Dr. MacKay.

I am, Hon. and Dear Sir,
Your faithfully,
(Signed) R. STANLEY WEIR,
Recorder of the City of Montreal.

Montreal, February 19th, 1910.

To Honorable Lomer Gouin,
Prime Minister,
Province of Quebec.

Sir:—

At your request I have the honor to certify that since the first of April, 1907, to the first of April, 1908, two hundred and thirty prisoners were submitted to the treatment of Doctor MacKay for alcoholism, by order of the Recorder's Court of Montreal, and out of this number twenty-five of these prisoners were brought again before this Court for drunkenness, as it appears by the records of this Court.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed) E. FORGET,
Assistant Clerk of the Recorder's Court.

Montreal, February 19th, 1910.

To Honorable Lomer Gouin,
Prime Minister,
Province of Quebec.

Sir:—

At your request I have the honor to certify that since the 1st of April, 1909, to the 19th of February, instant, two hundred and thirteen prisoners were submitted to the treatment of Doctor MacKay for alcoholism, by order of the Recorder's Court of Montreal, and out of this number twelve of these prisoners were brought up again before this Court for drunkenness as it will appear by the records of the Court.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed) E. FORGET,
Assistant Clerk of the Recorder's Court.

Montreal, February 19th, 1910.

To Honorable Lomer Gouin,
Prime Minister, Province of Quebec.

Sir:—

I have the honor to submit for your consideration the results achieved by Dr. MacKay treatment for alcoholism on some three hundred and forty prisoners for one year ending first of April, 1909. Of this number 90 percent have been benefited through the treatment, of the balance 10 percent who have failed to profit by the treatment, I am convinced that their failure is in a large measure due to their indifference in following instructions and continuing the treatment in its entirety, as well as a lack of moral courage in resisting the temptations of friends to visit saloons and other places where liquor was sold, which resulted in their return to their former haunts.

There are two facts that I observed amongst those who have taken the treatment:—1st—A great many who have taken the treatment with satisfactory results have on numerous occasions, induced their friends to appeal to their Honors the Recorders in order that the latter would have them furnished with the treatment they considered so essential to their welfare.

Abenakis Mission, Que.,
March 19, 1911.

Dr. J. M. MacKay:

I hereby certify that I have followed your treatment for Alcoholism and declare that I am perfectly cured. I have no desire for liquor, and I am to-day very happy and very thankful to you.

(Signed),
SIMEON R. OBOINSAURN.

We have a certificate on file in this office indicating remarkable success with the treatments given at the Abenakis Village, signed by a Councillor of the Abenakis Tribe.

2nd—A large number of those men who have taken the treatment at their home are fathers of families and sons who are the sole support of their families and their aged parents, during the time they were under treatment they continued in their regular employment thus obviating the necessity of losing any time, and without in any way permitting any publicity being given to the fact that they were being treated for alcoholism.

Personally, I have from observation and contact with many persons who have taken the treatment, learned that it has accomplished much good among those who have been addicted to liquor, and am convinced that much can be accomplished by a continuance of the present method, of aiding those who seek to improve their moral and social condition.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed) E. FORGET,
Assistant Clerk of the Recorder's Court.

Contrecoeur Co., Vercheres,
May 15th, 1907.

Dr. J. M. MacKay,
Montreal.

My Dear Sir,—

It is with happiness that I shall recommend Dr. MacKay's treatment, as I have the honor to know you personally.

You are, sir, humanity's benefactor. May your treatment be used more and more.

Yours very truly,
(Signed), J. DUCHARME,
Parish Priest.

DR. JOHN M. MACKAY

Who has specialized alcoholism, and who now devotes himself exclusively to the philanthropic features that have been undertaken with the help of the clergy and the Dominion Alliance. Dr. Mackay has retired from active business.

Originals of all certificates and letters are open for inspection in our office. We have some thousands of testimonials in our records.

Dr. John M. MacKay'sMedicine is now available without expense for the poor in the Province of Quebec on recommendation of the clergy of all denominations or through the Dominion Alliance. Price $25.00 for complete (20 days) treatment.

——Beware of Imitations.——

MACKAY, LIMITED,
Leeming-Miles Building,
4 St. Lawrence, Montreal.

TELEPHONE MAIN 3303.

The Leeming Miles Co., Limited, Montreal.
Sole Distributing Agency.

ALL CORRESPONDENCE STRICTLY PRIVATE.

SHIRTS 85 CENTS

One of our special trade winners is our Colored Percale Negligee Shirts at 85 cents, made in coat style and in the ordinary way. We guarantee the material in these shirts to wear as well as shirts sold at most stores at double the price. About seventy-five new patterns just in from the factory, 85 cents.

R. J. TOOKE, LIMITED
177 St. James Street
493 St. Catherine St. W.
473 St. Catherine St. E.

COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE INSINUATIONS

The Hon. Frank Oliver Requests Government to Institute Inquiry

C. N. R. AND WESTERN LANDS.

Vote of Censure on Minister of Finance Regarding Farmers' Bank, Defeated.

Ottawa, May 3.—A formal request by the Hon. Frank Oliver, Minister of the Interior, that a special committee of the House should be named to inquire into certain allegations in regard to himself which have appeared in the press, was the most important development in connection with yesterday's sitting of the House of Commons. Sir Wilfrid Laurier acceded to the request, and immediately moved that a committee be named. A question having arisen between Mr. Borden and the Premier as to the scope of the proposed inquiry, Mr. Borden asked that the formal motion be not moved till to-day, and to this Sir Wilfrid Laurier agreed.

In making his request for a committee, Mr. Oliver read a statement which appeared in the Toronto 'World' on Friday last to the effect that subsequent to the passage of an order in council transferring the rights of the Canadian Northern Railway to certain subsidy lands from Manitoba to Saskatchewan, a sum had been placed to Mr. Oliver's credit in the Imperial Bank at Edmonton. He said that there was no direct charge that there was any connection between these two circumstances, but the insinuation was there, and it was advisable that a committee be named so that those who desired to make charges would have an opportunity of proving them. Mr. Oliver emphatically denied that there was any basis for the insinuations.

The remainder of the afternoon was occupied with a discussion of a motion by Mr. Haughton V. Lennox censuring Mr. Fielding and the Treasury Board in connection with the Farmers' Bank failure. It was defeated on division by a Government majority of 34.

At the evening sitting the bill to incorporate the Grain Growers Grain Company was talked out for the day, and the reciprocity debate was continued by Messrs. Geo. Taylor and Dr. Schaffner, who both spoke in opposition to the measure. Dr. Schaffner said that his constituents were disturbed on account of the lack of information as to the effect of the agreement.

During the course of Mr. Taylor's speech the chairman ruled that he could not allow to be placed on 'Hansard' the letter addressed by Sir Charles Tupper to Mr. Fielding the other day. He pointed out that a definite precedent had been established when it had been decided that a statement by the Toronto 'Globe' reporter combating assertions made in the House had been ruled out under the rule that a statement by an outsider controverting the assertions of a member of the House cannot be read by another member.

When the House met, the Hon. Frank Oliver said that before the orders of the day were called he desired to read a despatch from Ottawa which appeared in the Toronto 'World' of Friday morning last.

Here Mr. Oliver read the despatch which appeared in the Toronto 'World' of Saturday morning last, which set forth two distinct statements. One was to the effect that an order in council dated May, 1908, gave the Canadian Northern Railway the privilege of transferring their choice of over 600,000 acres of land, earned through a railway subsidy grant, from Manitoba to the wheat lands of Saskatchewan. The other was that subsequently two amounts, one for $50,000, and the other for $19,000, had been deposited to the credit of the Hon. Mr. Oliver in the Imperial Bank, Edmonton, this money having come from the Manhattan Bank of New York city.

After reading this newspaper statement, Mr. Oliver noted that no direct statement of any charge against him had been made. No connection was alleged or inferred between the transfer of the land and the alleged deposit of the money to his credit, but the statements were placed side by side for the purpose of creating a connection. Mr. Oliver declared that there was no foundation for such an insinuation. The order-in-council had been passed on his recommendation, and he had made that recommendation, in the public interests. No money had been paid to him or any one, in connection with the order-in-council.

REQUESTS INQUIRY.

No special charge had been made, declared Mr. Oliver. Nevertheless, he would ask that a special committee of the House would be named, to inquire into any charge which might be made in connection with this matter.

Glen Campbell—'I would like to ask the first minister the name of the man who made the charge to him, that has been referred to by the Minister of the Interior just now.'

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—Mr. McGillicuddy.

Mr. Campbell—Will the Prime Minister lay on the table of the House all the correspondence, with regard to this charge, made by Mr. McGillicuddy?

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—I am just about to move for the committee desired by my honorable friend, the Minister of the Interior, and the correspondence will be at the disposal of that committee.

Mr. Campbell—How many interviews had the first minister with Mr. McGillicuddy, and what took place at those interviews?

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—My honorable friend is very inquisitive. I must tell him frankly that I do not remember how many interviews took place.

Mr. Campbell then asked as to the source from which the money came, and how it was expended.

Sir Wilfrid replied that he had stated the other day that he believed the Minister of the Interior to be an honest man, and that he would continue to believe him honest, until he had been proven guilty.

Mr. Campbell then wanted to know what sum had been expended, but the Speaker of the House ruled that he was out of order, and would have to give notice of any further questions. The Speaker stated that the Prime Minister had answered these questions as a matter of courtesy.

Sir Wilfrid then moved for the appointment of a select committee of five members of the House, to inquire into the matter to which the Minister of the Interior had referred.

Mr. R. L. Borden inquired as to the scope of the committee.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that the committee would inquire, under oath, into all the circumstances surrounding the issue of this order-in-council.

Mr. Borden suggested the advisability of allowing the formal motion to stand over till to-day. To this the Prime Minister agreed.

FARMERS' BANK CASE DISCUSSED.

On the motion to go into committee of ways and means, Mr. Houghton Lennox moved for a vote of censure on the Hon. W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance, and the Treasury Board in connection with the failure of the Farmers' Bank. His amendment was in the following terms: 'The House regrets that in permitting the Farmers' Bank of Canada to commence and to continue business, the Minister of Finance and the Treasury Board failed to exercise such proper care and to take such reasonable precautions as were necessary to prevent evasion of the law and to protect the public interest.'

The arguments brought forward were somewhat similar to those used when the Opposition recently moved for the appointment of a royal commission to inquire into the affairs of the defunct institution, but which was defeated. Mr. Lennox said that without imputing to the Minister of Finance any wilful wrong or misconduct or want of good faith, he did deserve in his public capacity the censure of the House for inflicting a great wrong on a deserving class of people in this country. Mr. Fielding had been repeatedly warned that the promoters of the bank were not the best class of people to whom to grant a certificate, and he was also warned that there was an evasion of the Bank Act.

Mr. Fielding replied that it was much easier to be wise at a later stage than at the beginning. After all that had occurred, however, they must come to the conclusion that it was a most regrettable transaction. The granting of the certificate was not the only step that was unfortunate, and for others Parliament itself was responsible. Four and a half years ago Travers was a reputable citizen, accordingly, when Travers swore the affidavit regarding the deposit money it was accepted. 'If Travers was known to be a criminal, was it conceivable that the Province of Ontario would have deposited $25,000 in the Farmers' Bank?' he asked. However, nobody had suffered any loss through the notes being irregular.

Mr. Lennox's motion was defeated on a division of 97 to 63, a government majority of 34.

RULES OF HOUSE BOTHERED MEMBER.

The reciprocity debate was resumed by Mr. Geo. Taylor, of Leeds, who got into trouble with the chairman of the committee, with the result that over half an hour was spent discussing points of order.

Mr. Taylor at the outset objected because the two ministers responsible for the agreement and the Prime Minister were not in the House. He intimated that he would not proceed in their absence. Sir Wilfrid Laurier came into the chamber while Mr. Taylor was voicing his objections, and later on Mr. Paterson took his seat.

Mr. Taylor announced that he proposed to perform a surgical operation on certain figures which Mr. Paterson submitted to the House late one night after Dr. Reid, of Grenville, had submitted several pages of statistics dealing with prices of articles affected by the agreement in Canada, the United States and other countries affected. Mr. Paterson had assured the House that all of the statistics submitted by Dr. Reid were to be found in the blue books. This Mr. Taylor indignantly denied. If Mr. Paterson could prove his statement he was willing to contribute $100 to any public institution in the minister's constituency. Mr. Taylor was proceeding to deal with Mr. Paterson's figures, when he was reminded by the chairman, Mr. McIntyre, that when Mr. Paterson had endeavored to quote these figures on the motion to go into committee of ways and means, he had been ruled out of order because they referred to the reciprocity agreement already before the committee. It was therefore a previous debate, to which Mr. Taylor could not refer.

Mr. Taylor appealed to the Prime Minister, who thought it only fair that the same rule should apply to both Mr. Paterson and Mr. Taylor.

Mr. Taylor threatened to appeal to the Speaker.

Mr. R. L. Borden said he had never known the rule as to a past debate to be carried to such an extent. It was odd that Mr. Paterson was permitted to put ten pages of matter in 'Hansard' and these could not be quoted.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said the Opposition could have prevented Mr. Paterson from going on at the beginning by appealing to the chair.

Mr. Borden said that under this ruling Mr. Fielding's speech in introducing the agreement could not be referred to.

Sir Wilfrid drew the distinction that the matter was not in committee when Mr. Fielding spoke. He paid a tribute to the Deputy Speaker, Mr. McIntyre, but said that when the rule had been applied to Mr. Paterson he thought it was a little severe. However, it was the part of wisdom for the members of the House to bow to the ruling of the presiding officer, even if they could not always agree that he was right.

Mr. Taylor finally decided not to appeal to the Speaker, and proceeded with his speech along other lines.

He argued that the agreement would do injury to the farmers of the country. The question, he said, was the most important since 1891, when Sir John Macdonald carried the country on a platform of 'Canada for the Canadians,' and when the Liberals were ni favor of unrestricted reciprocity.

Dr. Schaffner, of Souris, reviewed the fiscal policy of the Liberal party, and said that Sir Wilfrid Laurier had condemned protection as a policy of robbery. How was it then that he still retained the friendship and support of the manufacturers of the country? He declared that it was because he had a secret compact. He had staid with the manufacturers until to-day, and only recently had stated that whoever would be hurt by this agreement the manufacturers would not be.

Mr. C. A. McGrath, Medicine Hat, moved the adjournment of the debate.

AMERICAN AMBASSADORS.

Described as 'Amateurs' and 'Second Raters' in Germany.

London, May 3.—The Berlin correspondent of the 'Evening Standard,' in discussing the resignation of Dr. Hill, the United States ambassador, says that hundreds of articles have been published in the German newspapers dealing with the American diplomatic service, some of them far from flattering. One German newspaper says that the main objection to American diplomats is their lack of training, adding that foreigners are justified in describing them as amateurs and that is why the diplomats from other countries look down upon American ambassadors and attaches.

Another German critic is quoted as saying the lack of continuity in the American dipomatic service detracts from the value of the representatives and asserts that ambassadors are appointed, recalled and dismissed much as a business man engages and discharges the junior members of his office staff.

According to the 'Evening Standard,' another German newspaper states that the entire American diplomatic service is second rate, the members not being selected for any particular qualities which might fit them for their posts, but for political or personal reasons.

TALKED ABOUT AUSTRALIA.

Commonwealth Labor Representative Visits Montreal.

One of the first labor representatives returned to parliament in the Commonwealth of Australia, and Deputy Speaker of the House of Representatives on the Island Continent—the Hon. A. Poynton—is at the Queen's Hotel, en route for Great Britain. He is an ardent supporter of the Hon. Andrew Fisher, the Prime Minister of Australia, and considers him a progressive statesman. While confederation is being accepted cordially by the large majority of the people in Australia, Mr. Poynton says that there is some dissatisfaction in the central government. He states, however, that great enthusiasm, is shown by the young men over the naval and military laws, and that no fewer than a hundred and twenty thousand were numbered in the last enrollment. Mr. Poynton sails from Quebec on May 19.

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All business communications should be addressed John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal, and all letters to the Editor, should be addressed 'Editor' of the 'Witness.'

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The rush that will shortly take place into Porcupine on account of the wonderful discoveries of Gold will increase prices of Porcupine City Townsite lots perhaps 1000 per cent.

Buy one or two now near the Railway Station and you can't make a mistake. Rails already down, Station half completed and freight sheds under way.

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Leading tones of cream, champagne, green, yellow, blue and tan.
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21 inches wide, pink, blue, yellow, green and lavender, also in white, cream, white, and Ivory grounds, goods that are usually sold in Montreal stores for .40, .50, .60 per roll. On sale Thursday, per roll,
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HANDSOME TAFFETA AND TAPESTRY PAPER
English make, 21 inches wide, for halls, libraries, dining-rooms, and living rooms; landscape scenes and conventional designs. All tones of brown, green, blue, and tan. On sale Thursday,
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21 inches wide, colors of green, blue, yellow, champagne, cream, white and Ivory white, also Old Rose and Cerise tones. These lines on sale Thursday, per roll,
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Varnish Tiles, washable, per roll.. .. .. .25
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LADIES' ELBOW LENGTH LISLE GLOVES
Mousquetaire wrist, shades of grey, champagne, also black and white, size 5½ to 7½. Price, per pair.. .. .. .50

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Special line Jersey wrists, in black only. Sizes 5½ to 7½. Price, pair, .40

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Double tips, black and white, extra good quality, size 5½ to 7½.
Price, per pair.. .. .. .85

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Double tips, in black and white and champagne. Sizes 5½ to 7½.
Price, per pair.. .. .. $1.00
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These handsome Axminster Carpet squares have only to be seen to be appreciated. We have them in plain centres, greens, browns and blues, also rich Orientals—the Values cannot be surpassed.

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Brussel Carpet Squares in a great variety of new shades and colorings in a most durable quality. The shades are in greens, blues, browns and fawns. Sizes 2½ x 3. Special $10.80.

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