4 P.M. EDITION

THE MONTREAL HERALD.

TO-MORROW—FAIR AND MILD.
Sun rose to-day at 5.59; sets at 6.15.

94TH YEAR NO. 70. MONTREAL, FRIDAY, MARCH 22, 1901. PRICE ONE CENT

All Three Bills Passed Committee Exactly as the Promoters Wished

Private Bills Committee Accepts Light, Heat and Power, Montreal Gas and Chambly Co. Bills.

Quebec, March 22.—(Special.)—A delegation, consisting of Alderman Laporte, Alderman Lebeuf, Mr. L. O. David, the City Clerk; Mr. Ethier, the City Attorney; Mr. Atwater, the consulting attorney, and Mr. Dunlop, counsel for the Board of Trade, and the town of Westmount, appeared before the Private Bills Committee of the Legislative Council yesterday to protest against certain clauses in a bill to amend the charter of the Montreal Gas Company, in a bill to amend the charter of the Chambly Electric Company and in a bill to incorporate the Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company. The latter was the chief object of the visit.

The committee, to the number of 20, held three meetings in the course of the day, one at 10 in the morning, another at 4 in the afternoon, and a third at 8.30 in the evening, nearly all the time of the meetings being occupied by the Montreal delegates in the endeavor to enforce upon the committee the claims of the city for their consideration. The general feeling in the corridors, however, was that the Montrealers were only wasting their time; that the most complete arrangements had been made which guaranteed the passage of the bills in the form that was agreeable to the promoters; and that nothing the Montreal aldermen or officials could say would suffice to procure any safeguards for the City of Montreal.

GAS COMPANY BILL.

That this opinion was well founded was seen when the bill to amend the charter of the gas company came up for discussion. As an example of the confidence the promoters of the gigantic light monopoly had in their ability to obtain any terms that they chose to ask, it may be mentioned that they did not refer in the notices required by law of those applying for legislation to their purpose of asking that the gas company be allowed to amalgamate with any other company in the supply of light or heat. As this was the most important of the amendments suggested to the charter of the company it will be seen that the omission is one of the greatest importance; in fact, it is the ordinary procedure in both Houses to summarily eliminate from all bills any matter which the members of the committee consider not to have been covered by the notices.

This articular amendment was slipped in while the bill was in the Private Bills Committee of the Lower House. It was tendered by Mr. Perrault, who enquired if the lawyer of the company would object to it. Mr. Campbell blandly replied that he would not offer any objection, and yesterday went a great deal farther and insisted that the clause which had apparently been forced upon him at an earlier stage was absolutely necessary to the gas company.

The Hon. Mr. McCorkill promptly raised a point of order—that the clause could not be considered as it was not covered by the notices, and the chairman, after consulting the documents, ruled that the point of order was well taken. It was still, however, open to the committee to pass the clause if they chose, and, on motion of the Hon. Mr. Perrideau, they proceeded to its consideration.

The motion evoked a protest from the Hon. Mr. McCorkill, which he will probably repeat when the bill comes before the Council in full session.

AMALGAMATION CLAUSE.

Mr. Ethier and Mr. Atwater vigorously opposed the amalgamation clause, principally because it was identical in terms with the one which appeared in the Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company's charter, the evident intention being to have the latter company take over the business of the gas company and to operate the gas company under the new charter and therefore without the limitations imposed by the present charter.

Mr. Ethier was particularly anxious that in case the amendment were allowed, provision should be made with the object of holding the Gas Company to its present undertakings with the City of Montreal, and suggested that a clause to that effect should be inserted in the bill.

After the public had been excluded from the room, the members of the committee discussed the matter for a few minutes in private, and then announced that the clause had been accepted without amendment and that the bill had been passed.

It was learned that four members of the committee—Messrs. Gillman, McCorkill, Turner and Ward—had voted in favor of the contention urged in behalf of the city by Messrs. Ethier and Atwater, and by Mr. Dunlop in behalf of the Board of Trade and the Town of Westmount.

The Chambly Electric Company's bill was put through in short order, and the remainder of the time before the committee adjourned at one o'clock was spent in hearing preliminary objections to certain clauses in the Heat and Power Company's bill in behalf of the city.

MR. DAVID'S ADDRESS.

When the committee reassembled at four o'clock, Mr. L. O. David, City Clerk, delivered a most eloquent address, protesting against the invasion of the municipal rights contravened by section 10 of the bill to incorporate the Heat and Light Company, under which section the company will have leave to do what it may see fit in the streets of Montreal and in the streets of any municipality within fifty miles of Montreal, subject only to the direction of the municipal authorities.

Mr. David urged very strongly that the prior consent of the municipality interested should also be obtained, and, in support of his contention, quoted the authority of the chairman of the committee himself who, in 1898, being then also chairman of the committee, assured a delegation representing the City of Montreal that no further invasion of the rights of the city to the command of its streets would be permitted, in which declaration he received, at that time, the support of the then members of the committee.

Moreover, Mr. David quoted from the city charter, section 530, assented to by the Legislature, no longer than two years ago, in which the doctrine is laid down that no franchise shall be operative in the streets of the city without the prior consent of the Council. Here are the words of the clause:

"No person, partnership, syndicate, company or corporation whatever shall have or exercise any franchise, right or privilege in, over, upon or under any street, lane, public place or highway, (including Mount Royal Park and St. Helen's Island) for constructing or operating any street or incline railways—whether surface, elevated or underground—or for the establishment of telephonic, telegraphic, pneumatic or traction systems, or for other like purposes, or for poles, wires, bridges, trestles, viaducts, cables, pipes, conduits, or such like apparatus, unless by and in virtue of a by-law duly passed by the affirmative vote of the absolute majority of the members of the Council, if such franchise, right or privilege be granted for a period of not longer than five years, and of two-thirds of the Council if the same be granted for a period longer than five years, whether such franchise, right or privilege be exercised, or is sought to be exercised under letters patent."

The Legislature having consecrated the principle of municipal control over its own streets, should not now, Mr. David argued, deliberately override that principle by handing over, as it proposed to do, to a company which would in all probability operate most of the franchise described in section 530, the right to ignore the wish of the Council altogether.

Messrs. Ethier and Atwater enlarged upon the arguments advanced by Mr. David, quoting numerous cases in both provincial and Dominion legislation in which those obtaining similar powers were forbidden to exercise them except upon receiving prior consent of the municipalities concerned.

ALD. LEBEUF'S PLAIN TALK.

Ald. Lebeuf followed in a temperate but at the same time extraordinary forcible speech, which was followed with the closest attention not only by the members of the committee, but by all others in the room. Mr. Lebeuf first defended the principle that the municipality has the right to say under what conditions, by whom and for what purposes its streets may be used. He next reminded the members of the committee that the people of Montreal and of the province have been accustomed to look to the Legislative Council for careful and wise consideration of all measures sent up to them by the Lower House, to place a check upon improper legislation asked for by interested persons against the public good, and hastily, improperly, or without due consideration approved by the Legislative Assembly. He pointed out that whatever might be said of the Assembly, the members of the Council could not plead ignorance of the sentiments of the people of Montreal, for, as a consequence of just treatment by the Council on previous occasions, the representatives of the city felt that they were amply discharging their duty to the people in bringing all the facts before the members of the Legislative Council. "You represent the sober, second thought of the province," said Mr. Lebeuf. "That is why your house is continued in existence. I am, as you know, an old Liberal, but I have opposed the abolition of your chamber because I have believed that your desire to protect the people from the consequences of improper legislation justifies your retention as part of the organism of government. "It is not alone Montreal that is interested in securing the affirmation of this principle," said Ald. Lebeuf. "It affects the interests of many other important places, St. Henri, Westmount, St. John's, St. Hyacinthe, Lachine and many more."

GIVING AWAY THE PEOPLE'S PROPERTY.

Hon. Dr. Guerin, who protested against the clause as an invasion of the rights of his constituents, called the attention of the committee to the fact that by giving the company the right to use the streets for almost any purpose they choose without being required to consult the municipal authorities, they would be making the promoters a present of a franchise worth many millions, a franchise which it was for the people of Montreal and for no one else to dispose of.

In reply, Mr. Campbell asserted that other companies had received similar charters without making use of them, with the exception of the Standard company, which had peddled out part of its franchise to the Lachine Company. Mr. Campbell argued that it was improper to force companies to get the consent of the city, as sometimes that consent could not be received for six months or more.

AMENDMENTS REJECTED.

At the evening session Mr. Ethier proposed as an amendment that the "consent" of the city should be required, in the spirit of section 530 of the charter. At ten o'clock the public were excluded, and when they were allowed to return, which was in a very few minutes, the chairman said: "We have considered the amendment and have rejected it." It was learned afterwards that the vote stood 13 to 7. Mr. Ethier then proposed several other amendments intended to modify the clause, but they too were rejected.

THIS MORNING'S SESSION.

Quebec, March 22.—(Special.)—The amendments which have been suggested by the city of Montreal to the Light, Heat and Power Company's bill, now before the Private Bills Committee of the Legislative Council, were taken up at this morning's session by Mr. Campbell and discussed briefly. He spoke of the proposed clause to the effect that the company should not destroy shade trees, and said that the company would be willing to accept that if the words "except when necessary" were added. The company was willing to put the streets back in the same condition as before and to be responsible for wires destroyed by fireman. As for the clause that the city should have recourse in warranty against the company, Mr. Campbell said that these questions were fully covered by the common law, and he did not see the necessity for it.

The proposed wording of clause 16 would force the company to get the consent of the city under section 550 of the amended Montreal charter, and that was simply going back to the question settled yesterday.

Mr. Atwater, on behalf of the city, said he would not rehash the arguments of yesterday, but he wished to say that the concessions offered by the company were of the most shallow and most unsubstantial nature. "Nothing that they have conceded is not covered perfectly by the civil law. These amendments which the city of Montreal had proposed as a dernier resort owing to the fact that the principal amendment that they relied on to safeguard the interests of the city of Montreal had been rejected by the committee," said Mr. Atwater, "I wish formally to put myself on record to the effect that we do not abate one jot or one tittle of our demands. We are not satisfied and we do not agree on any compromise. I hope the hon. members will take this into consideration when this matter comes before the House."

Mr. Dunlop and Alderman Laporte, who spoke briefly, took the same course. The room was then cleared and the committee unanimously passed the bill with the amendments.

In the Private Bills Committee the bill to incorporate the Metabouchouan Pulp Company was discussed and finally passed with numerous amendments.

An excellent suggestion was passed in the Legislation Committee this morning. It is to the effect that hereafter no bills to amend any of the codes can be introduced before the House unless they have been submitted to the Attorney General at least two weeks before the opening of the House. If this can be passed it will do away with much of the trivial law tinkering that causes so much trouble with so little result.

Bill 6 of the Council, to the effect that Solicitors General, Deputy Ministers of Justice and Registrars of the Supreme Court and the Exchequer Court should be admitted to practice law in the Province without examination was thrown out by the Legislation Committee as also was Mr. Pelletier's bill regarding judicial separations.

Mr. Chicoyne's measure for the establishment of co-operative associations was continued until next session.

The town of Richmond amendment to its charter was dismissed in the Private Bills Committee of the Council and went through with but slight amendments.

Mayor Prefontaine's Little Bill Was Knocked on the Head

And Thereby Montreal Had a Very Narrow Escape Indeed

WAS DESIGNED TO FORCE EXPROPRIATIONS

And Would Have Forced City to Expropriate on St. Lambert Hill and St. Antoine St.

"Are you gentlemen from Montreal?"

"Yes."

"Have you any message for the Mayor?"

"About what?"

"About his bill. Dr. De Grosbois is not here and the committee do not know what to do about it."

The committee was the Private Bills Committee of the Legislative Assembly at Quebec, and the speaker was one of its officials. A representative of The Herald thought it worth while to investigate. Here is the salient clause of "the Mayor's bill.

"4616c. Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, whenever a city or town has a plan homologated or has lines marked out indicating the opening of streets or public places and the widening thereof, and such municipalities have not proceeded to the expropriation, according to law, of the property to be expropriated, it is lawful for any hypothecary creditor, having a claim or privilege upon such property, and for the proprietor of any immovable property so affected by such line of the homologated plan, TO REQUIRE AND EXACT THE EXPROPRIATION OF THE WHOLE OR PART OF SUCH IMMOVABLE PROPERTY WITHIN A DELAY OF SIX MONTHS from the date of the notice in writing placing such municipality in mora to proceed with such expropriation, or within the said delay to strike out such line marked on the homologated plan, and in default of such municipality complying with such notice such homologated line shall be de facto struck and effaced from the homologated plan of such city or town and shall disappear therefrom as if it had never existed."

Not having the Mayor's instructions or Dr. De Grosbois' advice the committee decided to get along without them. A couple of members, after looking over it a little more carefully, decided that it would spell ruin for some towns with homologated plans. They therefore moved to shelve it, and the bill was killed. It was a close shave for Montreal, for it had been read a first and second time. It would have given the St. Lambert Hill, St. Antoine Street, Notre Dame east, and other expropriation schemes a big hit.

MAYOR LIGHTHALL CALLS A MEETING TO PROTEST.

Mr. W. D. Lighthall, Mayor of Westmount, this morning, called a meeting of citizens of that suburb for to-morrow evening in Victoria Hall to consider, and in all probability to protest against the legislation now going through at Quebec whereby Montreal and the municipalities within a radius of fifty miles of the city will be deprived of the control of their streets in so far as the desires of the citizens may conflict with the purposes of those who will control the companies it is proposed to amalgamate under the Heat & Light Bill now before the Legislature. In addition to Westmount speakers who will probably attend, it is likely the meeting will be addressed by Ald. Lebeuf, the Hon. Dr. Guerin, Hon. Lomer Gouin, principal representatave of the Montreal district in the Parent Cabinet, and others who will voice Montreal's protest against the measure. An effort was made to-day to have a public meeting of citizens of Montreal for this evening. This was found to be impracticable, but the meeting will probably be held on Monday.

MONTREAL LADY INHERITS $125,000

Judgment Given in New York Supreme Court in Favor of Mrs. J. O. Drouin.

By a judgment just rendered by Judge Chester of the Supreme Court, of New York, Mrs. J. O. Drouin, wife of Mr. J. O. Drouin, of the firm of Drouin & Drouin, notaries, has come into possession of a fortune valued at $125,000. Madame Drouin is the eldest daughter of the late John Demers, who died intestate about a year ago. The relatives of the deceased claimed the fortune and ignored the claims of Madame Drouin. Action was taken and judgment was given as above.

DAIRYMEN REFUSE TO JOIN NEW COMPANY

Kingston, March 22.—(Special.)—A dozen dairymen refused to join the Clarified Milk Company and to protect themselves and carry on business in the old way. They are forming themselves into a union. At present they are engaged in convincing some of their fellows, who are undecided what to do, that it would pay them best to stay out of the company. If the union is formed and it is now in progress, every union man in the city is in duty bound to buy from the union men

PHYSICIAN REWARDED BY PAUPER PATIENT

Stratford, March 22.—(Special.)—Dr. Robert Kippen, of St. Thomas, son of Mr. J. D. Kippen, implement agent of London, has fallen heir to a fortune under peculiar circumstances. Upwards of a year ago Dr. Kippen, upon graduating, went to Sault Ste. Marie, where he practised for a time. While there an old lady, who was in very poor circumstances, was taken ill, and Dr. Kippen was called in to attend her. She told the doctor that she would be unable to reward him for his services on account of her poverty, but he informed her that that would not prevent her from receiving his most careful attention. In the course of time the lady, whose name has not been learned, recovered, and afterwards fell heir to a fortune of some $78,000. She was advanced in years, and died recently, and, having no heirs, bequeathed the entire amount to Dr. Kippen.

What is Going On.

THIS EVENING.

Proctor's—Vaudeville.

Academy—Ward and Vokes in "The Floor Walkers."

Royal—"On the Stroke of Twelve."

Windsor Hall—Armstrong's Picture Play, "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush."

Art Gallery—W. S. Percy on Saracenic Art.

Karn Hall—Elbert Hubbard's lecture on "Roycroft Ideals."

Lemas Hall—Municipal Reform Association.

TO-MORROW.

Y.M.C.A.—Dr. Grenfell's talk.

M.A.A.A. smoker in gymnasium.

FAIR AND MILD.

Probabilities: Moderate to fresh south-westerly to westerly winds; generally fair; not much frost. Saturday fair and comparatively mild.

MONTREAL'S ART PRINTERS—HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

ATTACKED BY AN INFURIATED CAT

Mrs. Henri Regaudie and Her Two Children Scratched Terribly Yesterday.

An infuriated cat which had a long time been a pet in the house of Henri Regaudie yesterday turned on Mrs. Regaudie and her two babies, and scratched their faces and arms terribly. The children had been playing with two kittens on the kitchen floor and threw one of them against the wall. The cat growled and suddenly jumped on one of the children, biting its throat. Mrs. Regaudie tried to beat the cat away, but it jumped at her and scratched her fearfully. Then it attacked the baby girl. The screams of Madame Regaudie brought in several of the neighbors, who were able to chase the cat away. Fearing that the cat might have been mad a physician was sent for to dress the wounds.

HUSBAND REFUSES TO CHANGE HIS CLOTHES

Detroit, March 22.—William F. Schalk goes to bed with his clothes on, and refuses to change his clothes, according to the statements of his wife, Augusta Schalk, who comes into court with a story of long suffering which, she says, began in the fatherland and has followed her across the miles of sea into a strange and foreign land. She now prays the court for divorce, and an injunction restraining her husband from entering the home, which she claims has been purchased largely through the efforts of herself and her children.

THROUGH THE HERALD'S SIEVE.

DE WET SHOULD take something for that disappearing habit. It will be getting chronic with him.

RUSSIA AND ENGLAND will not fight. Russia probably having just taken an inventory of the British navy.

CONS. ARE STRONGLY supporting Cap. Bernier's North Pole scheme. Strange, too, when you think that they are so well acquainted with the discomforts of chilly atmosphere.

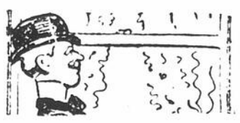
ALTHOUGH IT FROZE a little last night navigation is still reported excellent in about 6,000 Montreal cellars.

ONLY THING THEY give up in Toronto during Lent is dancing, showing that the people consider it a matter relating to their soles as much as their souls.

March



BIG CLOUDS hung over Montreal,
And mad winds flung the snow about,
But ere 'twas 2 o'clock p.m.,
The bally sun was shining out.



And long it shone, in fact until
It melted half the bloomin' snow,
Then skating rinks were formed on streets
Where gushing streams were wont to flow.

TROUBLE IN A St. Catherine Street church choir only adds additional testimony to the fact that a church scrap is quite as interesting as a good sized war.

BLIZZARD THAT RAGED in the West yesterday is reminder of the fact that it's still too early to get saucy with the coal man.

A PROVIDENCE (R.I.) woman sues her employer for $1,000 as payment for two kisses which he stole from her. The judge awarded her only $50. Nothing was said about the thief returning the stolen goods.

Rights

While racing sleighs and equestrians
On Sherbrooke Street take flights,
The only rights of pedestrians
Seem to be funeral rites.

Shocked Him

ONTARIO MINISTER came over from Europe on the Oceanic the other day and the things he saw nearly put him out of business.

"I was not permitted to have a religious service conducted on Sunday," he said, "and yet I actually saw dancing in the steerage.



"And then, there was drinking and gambling going on day and evening. I saw gold on the table in the smoking room. I shall publish these things in a newspaper.

"I never beheld such shocking behavior in my life," protested the clergyman. "Every evening I saw young men and women actually hugging and kissing each other in the reading room."

We are exceedingly sorry that the minister got a freeze out on the latter game, as it is often one of the most interesting features of an ocean voyage.

"WE WISH MONTREAL WELL."—Toronto Mail.

This is what helps us along. Montreal couldn't survive more than 4 minutes without Toronto's best wishes.

DAVID B. HILL, an illustrious U.S. politician, has come out in favor of the Boers. This is a matter that the Boers may well view with alarm. The regularity with which Mr. Hill has in recent years been on the losing side is not to be forgotten or ignored.

Milner Would Not Recommend Amnesty for Colonial Rebels

Gen. Botha Replied He Could Recommend Nothing Less

FULL DETAILS OF THE NEGOTIATIONS

Papers Give Correspondence Between Lord Kitchener, Gen. Botha and Sir A. Milner.

TERMS OF PEACE WHICH THE BOERS HAVE REJECTED.

The following terms of peace were proposed by Lord Kitchener to General Botha:—

To replace military administration by that of a Crown Colony, consisting of a nominated executive and an elected assembly.

This to be followed after a period by a representative government.

The Boers to be licensed to have rifles to protect themselves against the natives.

The Dutch and the English language to have equal rights.

Kaffirs not to have the franchise until after representative government had been granted, and then only partially.

Orange Free State laws for Kaffirs to be considered good.

Church property, public trusts and orphan funds not to be touched.

No war tax to be imposed on farmers.

Assistance to be given to repair burned farms and so enable farmers to start afresh.

Colonists who have joined republic to be disfranchised.

Amnesty for all bona fide acts of hostility.

Military prisoners to be returned on surrender.

Grant of £1,000,000 to repay inhabitants for goods requisitioned by the Republican Governments.

London, March 22. The Parliamentary papers giving details of the negotiations between the Boer Commander-in-Chief, General Botha, and Lord Kitchener, commanding the British forces in South Africa, issued this morning, begin with a telegram from Sir Alfred Milner to Colonial Secretary Chamberlain. The despatch is dated Pretoria, February 22 and states that Mrs. Botha had returned from a meeting with her husband, bringing a letter in reply to Sir Alfred Milner's verbal message offering to meet General Botha as a means of ending the war on the express understanding that he would not discuss the question of the independence of the Transvaal and the Orange River Colony. Mr. Botha assured Sir Alfred Milner that the letter had been written with that point clearly understood. General Botha referred the matter to his Generals and it was stated that the meeting would probably take place at Middleburg.

READY TO NEGOTIATE.

Mr. Chamberlain replied that he was glad to hear of General Botha's desire to treat and hoped it was genuine.

"He will find us," said the Colonial Secretary, "anxious to meet him on all points affecting his individual position."

On February 27 Sir Alfred Milner wired Lord Kitchener, informing him that General Botha had written that he would be in Pretoria at 10 o'clock a.m., February 28.

INTERVIEW WITH KITCHENER.

A despatch from Lord Kitchener to the War Office, dated Pretoria, February 28, reports a long interview with General Botha, who showed very good feeling and seemed anxious for peace. He asked for information which he said he would submit to his Government, the Generals and the people. If they agreed, he would visit the Orange River Colony and get those there to agree. Should all then hand in their arms it would finish the war. He said they could go on for some time, and he was not sure he would be able to bring about peace without independence.

"I declined to discuss such a point," said Lord Kitchener, "and said a modified form of independence would be most dangerous and would lead to war in the future.

THE TERMS OF PEACE.

"Replying to General Botha's inquiries, I informed him that when hostilities ceased the military would be replaced by a Crown colony administration, consisting of a nominated executive and an elected assembly to advise him, followed after a period by a representative Government. The Boers would be licensed to have rifles to protect themselves against natives; the Dutch and the English languages were to have equal rights; Kaffirs would not have the franchise until after representative government had been granted; the Orange Free State laws for Kaffirs would be considered good; church property, public trusts and orphan funds would not be touched; no war tax would be imposed on farmers; assistance would be given to repair the burned farms and to enable the farmers to start afresh, and Colonists who had joined the Republics should be disfranchised.

"General Botha generally seemed satisfied with these conditions."

QUESTIONS NOT ANSWERED.

Among the questions to which Lord Kitchener apparently did not reply were, when the war prisoners would return, and regarding the taking over of debts of the Republics including those largely contracted since the beginning of the war. General Botha was reported to be making a strong point of this. He referred to notes which had been issued amounting to less than a million pounds.

Lord Kitchener arranged to communicate Botha's views to his Government. All that he said was qualified by being subject to confirmation from the home Government.

MILNER'S SUGGESTIONS.

On March 3 Sir Alfred Milner wired Lord Kitchener suggesting the following replies to General Botha:

"I beg to inform you that on the cessation of hostilities and the complete surrender of arms, ammunition, cannon and munition in the hands of the burghers in the field, at government depots or elsewhere, His Majesty's Government is prepared at once to grant amnesty in the Transvaal and Orange River Colony for all bona-fide acts of war during the hostilities, as well as to move the Governments of Cape Colony and Natal to similar action, qualified by the disfranchisement of any British subjects implicated in the war.

"The military prisoners in St. Helena, Ceylon, and elsewhere, on complete surrender, shall be brought back to their country.

"Military law shall at once be replaced by a civil administration, but it is the desire of His Majesty's Government, as soon as circumstances will permit, to establish a representative Government.

"On the cessation of hostilities, a high court, independent of the executive, shall be established to administer the laws. Land, church property, trusts and orphan funds shall be respected.

"The English and the Dutch languages shall be taught in the public schools and allowed in the law courts.

"The legal debts of the state to the amount of £1,000,000 shall be paid, even if contracted during hostilities, to the extent a creditor proves he has given value.

"The Government does not intend to extend the franchise to kaffirs in the Transvaal and Orange River Colony before a representative government is granted."

The conditions regarding assistance to the farmers, firearms, etc., are the same as those in Lord Kitchener's replies to General Botha. Sir Alfred Milner adds that he agrees to the above except as to the desires for modification regarding British subjects in Cape Colony and Natal in the Boer army, who, if they returned to those colonies, would be liable to be dealt with under the laws of those colonies passed to meet circumstances arising in war.

NO AMNESTY FOR REBELS.

He added: "While I am willing to concede much in order to strengthen General Botha in inducing the people to submit, amnesty for the rebels is not, in my opinion, a point which His Majesty's Government can afford to concede. I think it would have a deplorable effect upon Cape Colony and Natal to obtain peace by such a concession."

Mr. Chamberlain, in a reply dated March 6, directs Lord Kitchener to modify the terms on a number of points. Eventually Lord Kitchener reported to the War Office, under date of Pretoria, March 20, that he had written General Botha the terms the Government was prepared to adopt. These were the same as already given except in the following particulars:—

"The Government cannot undertake any liabilities regarding the debts of the late republics, but is prepared as an act of grace to set aside a million pounds to repay the inhabitants for goods requisitioned by the Republican Governments. If the claims after adjustment exceed £1,000,000 they are liable to reduction pro rata. The Kaffir franchise when given shall be so limited as to secure a just predominance of the white race. The legal position of the colored inhabitants will be similar to that now held by them in Cape Colony."

The letter concludes: "I must inform your honor that if the terms now offered are not accepted after a reasonable delay for consideration they must be regarded as cancelled."

BOTHA'S REPLY.

On March 16 Lord Kitchener received General Botha's acknowledgment of the receipt of the letter.

"I had advised my Government," wrote General Botha, "of Your Excellency's letter, but after the, mutual exchange of views in our interview at Middleburg February 28, it will certainly not surprise Your Excellency to know that I do not feel disposed to recommend the terms of said letter; but they shall have the earnest consideration of my Government. I may add that my Government and my chief officers here entirely agree with my views."

PRIN. HACKETT REPLIES TO NEW YORK NATION

Denies Charge of Disingennousness in Giving Ill-Health as Cause for Prof. Steen's Leaving.

The most remarkable article which has yet appeared on the controversy which has arisen over the retirement of Professor Steen from the Montreal Diocesan Theological College, is published in the latest issue of the New York Nation, a high-class literary journal.

When it was shown to Rev. Dr. Hackett by a representative of The Herald, this morning, the principal of the Diocesan College remarked that he would not care to enter into a discussion on the general issue, but he added:—"I have my own strong suspicions as to the source from which the editor obtained his information. As to how he got it I may at once declare that it would not be proper for me to say."

THE NATION'S ARTICLE.

The article reads as follows:—

"According to the popular view, religion is something which transcends morals. No one can be truly religious who is not moral, but the man who is merely honest falls short of that height which is reached by the fortunate possessor of both cardinal and theological virtues. Now this is very well, or would be if the religious were not sometimes tempted to cut short corners for the sake of helping on the cause of religion. We are all familiar with mediæval devices for contributing to the good work by forgery of decretals on behalf of the Papacy and of title-deeds on behalf of the Abbey. These were cases of uncommon dishonesty. The modern world, watching the same tendency, is more familiar with breaches of what we call "common honesty."

At a period when biological research is active, and the comparative method in literary study yields manifest results, acute friction is constantly arising between a minority of theologians who keep well informed, and a majority who would abide strictly within the boundaries which our fathers marked out. We do not raise the general question of heresy in the Christian Church—its causes and its probable results. But we should like to point out that even where the suspect is not actually found guilty, he is sometimes treated with less than fairness because he has been scholarly enough to ascertain the best opinion and candid enough to accept it.

Montreal is now agitated by an attack on academic freedom which presents more unpleasant features than attended the dismissal of Professor Ross from Stanford University. Professor Steen, of the Diocesan College, has been forced out of his position for holding such views regarding the authorship and inspiration of the Bible as are avowed in England by Canon Driver and many others with complete impunity. He was not dismissed, for, on being told that his withdrawal was desired by the Dean, he resigned instead of fighting the matter out. There can be no question of fitness, since Professor Steen's learning far exceeds the actual requirements of his position. Besides, his students have all signed a letter which expresses their feeling towards him in terms of enthusiastic admiration. Nor has the influence of Professor Steen been restricted to his classroom. He had often been heard from the pulpit of the Cathedral, and by many he is considered to be much the best preacher in the diocese.

The incident, however, owes any general significance which it may possess to the circumstances of the resignation. When suspicion of error had once been aroused, Professor Steen should have been summoned before a lay or ecclesiastical board, and asked for a declaration of his views. But a different procedure was followed. The Principal of the college came to him and said that the Dean wished to see his note-books. Any self-respecting man, whether a teacher or not, can imagine what answer this request, or demand, drew forth. After Professor Steen had refused to let the Dean see his note-books, the lecture notes of a student were procured and examined before any verbal explanation at first hand was asked for. The study of this evidence seems to have taken several weeks, at the end of which the Dean expressed his displeasure and the resignation was handed in. Then Professor Steen appeared before a committee, stated his attitude on the points at issue, and was exonerated; but his resignation was accepted. We now come to the disingenuous part of the story. When the fact of the resignation became known, a newspaper reporter called on the Principal of the college and asked for further information. He was told that Professor Steen had resigned on the ground of ill-health, and that his resignation had been accepted. The exact terms of a newspaper "interview" are always open to question; yet, as the reporter's statement was not denied, the college authorities were evidently willing to have the public believe that the resignation of so good a scholar, teacher, and preacher was due solely to ill-health.

Since Professor Steen's resignation, questions have been asked in Synod concerning it, and the answer given is that the Diocesan College is an institution which stands outside synodal jurisdiction. A further appeal for information which was made to the Principal of the college has been acknowledged with a statement that the Board feels under no obligation to explain its actions to the public. Here the matter rests. A man of irreproachable morals and demeanor, who, by virtue of talents and attainments, stands head and shoulders above the clergy of the diocese, is given to understand that his services are no longer wanted. He resigns, he is acquitted of misbelief, his resignation is accepted, and then the college prompts, or at least countenances, the report that such an abrupt withdrawal is due to ill-health. While this lack of honesty in facing facts is shown by religious bodies, the church may fulminate for ever against Sunday bicyclists without producing much effect.

Whether we trace it to ignorance or fear of skepticism, the attitude of many Protestant churches in this country towards knowledge and the results of knowledge is a sad subject. The well-educated clergy of the large cities may form a class apart, but it is separated by a wide gulf from the rank and file who fill the country pulpits and those of the small towns. We know it is hard to part with the beliefs of one's childhood, but still we can find no excuse for the parsons who tell their congregations that biologists are at sixes and sevens among themselves about the truth of evolution. The "forgotten millions" receive such doctrine from their spiritual guides in every section of this continent where there are churches, and the obvious result is to shake popular confidence in the preachers who say such things. But this kind of misrepresentation can often be set down to ignorance. Far worse is the lack of fair dealing which we have criticized in the case of Professor Steen. The students of the Diocesan College may henceforth be told that the world was created in the year 4004 B.C., and that St. Paul wrote the Epistle to the Hebrews. We doubt whether these assertions will be recommended by the knowledge that Professor Steen did not resign on the ground of ill-health as alleged, but that he resigned because his withdrawal was desired.

Obscurantism, though always bad, is sometimes amusing, as it was in the days of Reuchlin and Ortvinus Gratius. Leslie Stephen relates that one day in the Alps he stumbled upon some peasants who were protecting their cattle from the pest by a rite of exorcism. Not far away, almost within earshot, locomotives were running up and down the Rhone valley from Brieg to Martigny. Yet these Valaisians, who lived on the skirts of civilization, were repeating a practice of the Middle Ages. It is still more singular that many persons who dwell in large towns and occupy high official positions should remain so "unravaged by the fierce intellectual life of our century."

DENIES DISINGENUOUSNESS.

"The only point in the article," said Principal Hackett, "which seems to me to call for explanation is the charge against myself personally of disingenuousness in giving as the reason of Mr. Steen's resignation his ill-health.

"This answer was given by me in reply to a question put by a reporter as to why Mr. Steen had resigned. The question asked was not why the governing body had accepted his resignation, but why Mr. Steen had resigned.

"Obviously the answer to be given was that which Mr. Steen would himself have given to the question, 'Why did he send in his resignation?'

"On the day preceding Mr. Steen had clearly enough stated that this was one of his reasons for resigning, and upon the following day Mr. Steen gave identically the same reason to a reporter of the Star. These were his words:—'My resignation was not prompted solely by a desire to escape the rigors of the Canadian winters, although I have felt for some years past that if I was to enjoy robust health in the future, work in a milder climate would become a necessity.'

"Undoubtedly," continued Principal Hackett, "there were other reasons upon which Mr. Steen sent in his resignation, but—I am now speaking for myself alone—I only felt myself bound to give the one which I knew Mr. Steen would not object to have given to the paper. My reply was composed wholely and solely in the interest of Mr. Steen."

UNJUST TO BLAME THE DEAN.

"Is it true," asked The Herald representative, "that the Dean judged and condemned Mr. Steen upon notes supplied by one of the students of the college?"

"That is just one of the instances of the injustice done by newspaper statements made upon an imperfect knowledge of the facts," replied Dr. Hackett. "My answer to that question is that I feel that it is very unfair to blame the Dean, as one of a committee, for what was the action of the whole committee and the whole body of governors.

"As a matter of fact, when the final resolution of the Board of Governors was passed, the Dean was not in the room.

"The notebook was procured by me not directly from the student, but through Professor Steen himself."

RELIGION OUGHT NOT TO DEPEND ON MAJORITIES

Paris, March 22.—Comte DeMun (Conservative) made a notable speech in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday during the discussion of article XIV. of the Law of Associations, the purpose of which is to suppress teaching by religious orders. This provision is one of the most important of the bill and its fate is deeply interesting to the middle classes and to the aristocracy, who largely entrust the education of their children to religious establishments.

The public galleries, the floor of the chamber, and the Ministerial benches were filled with attentive listeners to a fine arraignment of the article.

Comte DeMun declared that the proposition of the article simply implied a tyrannical state monopoly of education.

"The delicate question of what doctrine should be taught to children," he said, "ought not to depend upon changing parliamentary majorities. Otherwise, we may have the God of Jules Simon during one legislature; no God at all during the next, and the true God for the following four years by a majority vote."

Proceeding to sketch the history of the conquest of liberty in teaching, Comte DeMun exclaimed:—

"MM. Waldeck-Rousseau and Millerand are Jacobins and are seeking to enforce the ideas of Danton; but where the convention, and even Napoleon, failed, M. Waldeck-Rousseau will not succeed, even though he secures a parliamentary majority.

"The conscience of the people will revolt against the suppression of liberty in teaching. The proposition of article XIV. can never be carried out, even though it should be voted by the chamber. We demand that parents shall not be deprived of the right to bring up their children as they wish; and the congregations are alone able to give moral education."

The speech was received by the Rightists with prolonged applause, and the debate was adjourned.

ALL TRAINS TIED UP ON AN ONTARIO LINE

Mount Forest, March 22.—The storm on Monday night and Tuesday has completely blocked railroad traffic in this district since Tuesday morning. One train is stalled at Kenilworth, and the others are unable to leave Palmerston. The cuts are filled in some places to the depth of twenty feet with snow, which has become so hard that it has to be removed with picks. Wednesday a snow plough with three locomotives, in charge of Conductor Lavelle, left Palmerston to clear the road to Durham and succeeded in reaching within a mile of here, when, in a deep cut, with snow eighteen feet deep, the plough left the rails. The front engine ran up on it, and is now perched with her front trucks on top of the plough. In the cab were the fireman, driver, and Lavelle, all of whom had a narrow escape, as the tender was forced into the cab, smashing seats, floor and windows. All three locomotives are derailed and are slowly being dug out by a large force with shovels. It is expected that traffic will not be regularly resumed until Saturday or Monday. Passengers are being cared for by the railway company.

AFRICA'S LAST PROPHET LEFT WORLD IN DISGUST

London, March 22.—Advices received from Mengo, in Uganda, Africa, dated Thursday, March 14, says that Muludzi, the Mohammedan, who recently proclaimed himself as leader of a new religious doctrine in Uganda, died at Mengo that afternoon under extraordinary circumstances after a short reign as a prophet. The Sultan of Imbego, the head of Mohammedanism in Uganda, denounced the new doctrine, and the native court declared Muludzi to be an imposter. Whereupon Muludzi indignantly declared he would no longer remain on earth. He left the native court and ascended a small eminence outside the King's enclosure, where he knelt, called loudly on Mohammed and suddenly expired.

CHOATE SAYS RIVALRY IS ONLY ONE OF BRAINS

London, March 22.—Mr. Choate, the American ambassador, in moving thanks to the Lord Mayor for presiding at the meeting which was held in connection with the Schol of Economics and Political Science, said Americans regarded such schools as among the means of maintaining their part in the rivalry which they were maintaining, and meant to maintain, with the sister nations of the world. "Especially with this country." Mr. Choate added, "it is a rivalry, not of arms or warfare, but a rivalry of brains, skill and courage in the great industries of life."

EMPHATIC PROOF

IN FAVOR OF DOAN'S PILLS AS A CURE FOR KIDNEY COMPLAINT.

SUSSEX, N.B., March 10th, 1899.

THE DOAN KIDNEY PILL CO.,
Toronto, Ont.

Dear Sirs,—Some time ago I was troubled with Kidney Complaint which was almost unendurable.

I was so bad that I was laid up in bed for four months.

I tried several doctors but they would only help me for a very short time and the trouble would come back and be as bad as ever.

I heard Doan's Pills well spoken of and procured a box determining to give them a fair trial, and by the time I had taken them I was completely cured.

I can faithfully recommend them to all suffering from kidney troubles.

Yours truly,
GEORGE GADSOE.

WESTMOUNT

LITTLE SCARLET FEVER

AGITATION FOR STREET CAR LINE ON UPPER BOULEVARD.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Hodgson, Argyle Avenue, returned home yesterday morning.

Mr. E. K. Watson, Lansdowne Avenue, has recovered from his recent severe illness.

Mrs. H. S. Dunmarg, Albany, N.Y., is visiting her sister, Mrs. George Luckhurst, Hillside Avenue.

Lieutenant William Marshall, of Hamilton, who was in South Africa with "C" Company, R.C.R., is the guest of friends in Westmount.

There will be a large subscription skating party, composed mostly of Westmount ladies and gentlemen, at the Arena this evening.

Contrary to the reports made in other localities of the prevalence of scarlet fever, it is fast disappearing in Westmount, only a very few cases being now reported.

With the return of spring, the agitation is again being taken up for the erection of a street car line along the upper boulevard. The matter will likely come up before Council at th next meeting.

A largely attended meeting of the Westmount Sons of England Lodge was held last evening in Victoria Hall. A right royal and enthusiastic reception was extended to the president-elect, Mr. H. A. Hodgson, on his return from an extended trip of over three months abroad.

A dance that promises to eclipse any given since the beginning of the Lenten season will be that of the Westmount Dancing Club this evening. Victoria Hall, in which it will be given, has been very prettily decorated and nothing left undone to make it the most successful yet held by the club.

The Literary Society of Melville Church held a very successful meeting in Victoria Hall, last evening, Rev. Mr. Winfield presiding. An interesting lecture was given by Mr. J. S. Kerr on "The Harmony of the Bible and Science as Relating to the Story of the Creation." There was a very large number of members present.

Property-holders are now anxiously enquiring when the corporation will pass by-laws prohibiting public stables being erected on the best business and residential streets. At present there is one in course of construction on Greene Avenue, and another on Oliver Avenue, both of which will greatly effect the value of surrounding property.

A CHOIR STRIKE

SINGERS OF ST. JAMES THE APOSTLE ARE WITH THEIR LATE LEADER.

Mr. H. W. Reyner, organist and choirmaster of St. James the Apostle Church, yesterday received a cheque for his services and a note stating they would no longer be required. The result is the organ was silent at the mid-week service last night, and the greater portion of the choir absent. They have left the choir in consequence of the action of the church officers. Their sentiments are expressed in a strongly worded resolution addressed to the rector. It is not known how soon Mr. Lauer, of the Church of the Advent, Westmount, will be able to sever his present connection and join St. James.

Cures Create Confidence

That is Why Dr Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills Have Won the Confidence of the People of This Continent—Read These Letters.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have the largest sale in Canada of any treatment recommended for diseases of the kidneys. They have won the confidence of the people by actually curing the aliments for which they are intended and are known in nearly every home in the land. Scores of hundreds of people could write just such letters as these that follow:—

Mr. James Clark, Consecon, Prince Edward Co., Ont., states: "Eleven years ago I was taken with pains in my back settling in my hips and extending up my spine. The pain was very severe, and at times almost unendurable, and many days I was not able to do an hour's work. My weight was reduced from 190 to 160 pounds, and though I consulted many first-class physicians, and tried several advertised medicines, I could get no relief.

"At this time my father-in-law told me to try Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and said he knew they would cure me. I secured one box and great was my surprise when I began to feel better after using only one box. I continued their use until I had taken about four boxes, which made me a sound man, and I also regained my usual weight, 190 pounds. I cannot say too much in favor of Dr. Chase's Kidney Liver Pills, which have done so much for me. I have recommended them to a number of my friends and have never met with one case where they did not meet with good success. My daughter, Mrs. Chas. Phillips, has also been cured of a severe stomach trouble by the use of these pills."

Mr. Geo. Cummings, Barrie, Ont., one of the best known engineers on the G. T. R., and whose run is between Toronto and Barrie, writes: "For years I suffered from kidney disease, brought on by railroad life. The doctors called it 'railroad kidney,' but could give me no permanent relief. A friend recommended Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, saying they had cured him. A few boxes of this grand medicine completely cured me, putting an end to the dreadful pains in the back and greatly strengthening the kidneys. I am a well man to-day, thanks to Dr. Chase."

There is no uncertainty, no experiment about taking Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They have cured such a variety of cases, and have been so thoroughly tested during the past quarter of a century that you can be absolutely sure of being benefited by their use. If you have been disappointed with other remedies you will all the more fully appreciate the genuineness of this sterling remedy of Dr. Chase, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

LABOR NEWS

MORE INSPECTORS

FEDERATED TRADES COUNCIL DISCUSS THE IMPORTANT QUESTION.

The regular meeting of the Federated Trades & Labor Council was held last evening in Blue Label Hall, President Roberge in the chair. After the transaction of routine business, Vice-President J. B. Mack took the chair, while the president discussed the need of measures to increase the efficiency of the factory inspection system of the province. According to Mr. Roberge, the officers of this department should be enlarged, and the staff increased, in order to enforce the law in the interest of the workingmen. Delegates Kennedy, La Valliere, Hogue, Rodier and others also spoke on this matter.

A letter was received from Z. Lesperance, Montreal representative of the Shoe-Workers' International Union, stating that a manufacturer in Montreal and another in St. Hyacinthe had signed a contract whereby they had procured the use of the union stamp, and requesting the F. T. & L. C. to create a demand for the products of the firm in question. The delegates were instructed to notify their unions of this fact, and to act accordingly.

It was decided to request the American Federation of Labor to award Mr. Joseph Ainey, one of the oldest delegates to the council, an organizer's commission for Montreal and vicinity.

The Furriers' Protective Union will hold a public meeting for organizing purposes this evening at 8 o'clock in Blue Label Hall, corner Dorchester and St. Lawrence streets. Messrs. Jos. Ainey, E. Roberge, J. A. Rodier, J. B. Mack, Geo. Warren and others will address the gathering. All furriers not at present connected with the union are requested to attend. The union has recently instituted a sick benefit fund, and offers other excellent inducements to furriers to enroll themselves under its banner.

MEETINGS THIS EVENING.

Bricklayers' Union, at 1796 St. Catherine street.

Furriers' Protective Union, in Blue Label Hall, 360 Dorchester street.

Glass Workers, in S. O. E. Hall, 6 Craig street.

Leather Cutters' Union, in Gariepy Hall, corner Logan and Maisonneuve streets.

Shoe Turners' Union, at 1342 St. Catherine street.

Stone Cutters' Union, in St. Joseph's Hall.

THE LODGES

MEETINGS TO-MORROW, SATURDAY.

I.O.F.—Court Duvernay.
Chambly, at Chambly.
I.O.A.—Boyne Ladies' Jubilee, 2204 St. Catherine.

MANCHESTER UNITY ODDFELLOWS.

The last match of the Oddfellows' (Manchester Unity) Euchre League series, between Loyal Victoria and Loyal Star of the West Lodges, was won by the latter by nine games. This gives Loyal Star of the West the trophy, the standing of the various teams being as follows:—Loyal Star of the West, 7 games; Loyal Montreal, 5; Loyal Pearson, 3; Loyal Victoria, 3; Loyal Excelsior, 2.

ELECTRIC TRAMWAY TO RUN TO GLACE BAY

Sydney, C.B., March 22.—(Special.)—The Cape Breton Electric Railway Co., Limited, will shortly begin construction of an electric tramway line between Sydney and Glace Bay. A representative of the company is at present in Boston, where all arrangements are being made for the construction of the line. The tramway will probably be built on the site of the old reserve track, which has already been graded. It is reported here that work on the line will begin at once, and the line will be completed before the end of six months.

The Morning Post, which was suspended some time, will reappear about the 25th of March under the management of A. D. Gunn, editor of the Bras d'Or Gazette. J. A. Gillies, ex-M.P., is associated with Gunn. Its politics will be Conservative.

Seal Brand Coffee

(1 lb. and 2 lb. cans.)

Because of its ABSOLUTE PURITY Dyspeptics drink it fearlessly. It tones and strengthens the stomach.

Imported, Roasted and Packed by CHASE & SANBORN, MONTREAL AND BOSTON.



Office Furniture

Arriving now and in Transit.

$20,000.00 worth will be sold at specially reduced prices

Next Sixty Days

SPECIAL 60 DAY FIRE DISCOUNT SALE

Inspect Our Choice Stock Now.

The Largest Stock in Canada of Choice Flat-Roll-Top Standing Desks, Library and Board Tables, Chairs, Stools and Cabinets.

Canada Office Furniture Co.

Cor. Notre Dame and St. Peter Sts.

True Cleanliness:

Does not consist in merely washing bottles in lukewarm water.

GUARANTEED PURE MILK

is delivered only in bottles that have been cleaned with superheated steam at a temperature that kills all germ life.

Telephone Uptown 669 — 2685 ST. CATHERINE ST.

Absolutely Pure Milk in Absolutely Sterilized Bottles at 7 cents per quart.

SHIPPING.

REFORD AGENCIES.

DONALDSON LINE

From St. John, N.B.

S.S. CONCORDIA ..... Mar. 14
S.S. AMARYNTHIA ..... Mar. 28
S.S. ALCIDES ..... April 11

—AGENTS—
GLASGOW.....DONALDSON BROS.

THOMSON LINE

WEEKLY LONDON SERVICE

From Portland.

S.S. KILDONA ..... Mar. 5
S.S. *BRECKFIELD ..... Mar. 12
S.S. *CUMERIA ..... Mar. 19
S.S. FREMONA ..... Mar. 26
*Chartered.

Agents — Cairn, Young & Noble, Newcastle-on-Tyne; A. Low, Son & Co., 7 Fenchurch Ave., London, E.C.; Wm. Thomson & Co., Leith; W. Thomson & Sons, Dundee, Scotland.

COLD STORAGE FITTED IN

Special Steamers of Both Lines.

THE ROBERT REFORD CO.,

LIMITED.
23 and 25 St. Sacrament Street, MONTREAL.

LEYLAND LINE

PORTLAND-ANTWERP.

Steamers of this well-known line are fitted up with all the improvements for carrying butter, cheese, Grain and every description of general cargo, and are intended to be despatched as follows:

From Antwerp.	Steamer.	From Portland.
Feb. 17	S.S. Belgian	Mar. 9
Feb. 27	S.S. Assyrian	Mar. 20
Mar. 12	S.S. Mexican	Apr. 3

And fortnightly thereafter.

A limited number of cabin passengers carried on above steamers at moderate rates.

Through Bills of Lading are issued to and from all points in Canada and the United States, by the Grand Trunk Railway and their agents, or from

FRED'K. LEYLAND & CO. (1900) LTD., STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING, 11 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.

AMERICAN LINE.

NEW YORK — SOUTHAMPTON — LONDON
Sailing Wednesdays at 10 a.m.

Vaderland ....Mar. 27 | Vaderland ....April 17
St. Louis ....April 3 | St. Louis ....April 24
New York ....April 10 | New York ....May 1

RED STAR LINE.

NEW YORK — ANTWERP — PARIS.
Sailing Wednesdays at Noon.

Noordland ....Mar. 27 | Westernland. April 17
Friesland ....April 3 | Kensington ...April 24
Southwark ....April 10 | Zeeland .....May 1

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION CO.
Piers 15 and 16 N. River.
Office — 73 Broadway, New York.

W. H. HENRY, 116 St. Peter Street, Mechanics' Institute Building, Montreal.

HEAD LINE

ST. JOHN, N.B., to BELFAST and DUBLIN

The following first class steamers are intended to continue the regular winter service between the above named ports under contract with the Canadian Government:

FOR BELFAST.

S.S. DUNMORE HEAD .....about Mar. 17
S.S. BENGORE HEAD .....about Mar. 30
S.S. MALIN HEAD .....about April 12

FOR DUBLIN.

S.S. TEELIN HEAD .....about Mar. 20
S.S. MALIN HEAD .....about April 12

To be followed by other steamers about monthly to each port.

Through bills of lading granted from all points in Canada.

For freight and other particulars, apply to G. Heyn & Sons, Belfast, Managers Ulster S.S. Co.; Fairgrave, Murphy & Co., Dublin; Harold Kennedy, Quebec; Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N.B.

McLEAN, KENNEDY & CO., General Agents, 18 Hospital Street, Montreal.

Western Agency — Fred. C. Thompson, 23 Wellington Street East, Toronto.
Chicago Agency—J. T. Sickel, 234 Lasalle Street.

Newfoundland.

The quickest, safest and best Passenger and Freight Route to all parts of Newfoundland is via THE

NEWFOUNDLAND RAILWAY

ONLY SIX HOURS AT SEA.

Str. BRUCE

leaves North Sydney every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evening on arrival of the I.C.R. express, connecting at Port-au-Basque with THE NEWFOUNDLAND RAILWAY.

Trains leave St. John's, Nfld., every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday afternoon at five o'clock, connecting with the I.C.R. express at North Sydney every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning.

Through Tickets issued and Freight rates quoted at all stations on the I.C.R., C.P.R., G.T.R. and D.A.R.

R. G. REID, St. John's, Nfld.

THE DOMINION COAL CO.

(LIMITED)

Miners and Shippers

—OF—

DOMINION STEAM COALS.

Screened, Run of Mine and Slack.

For Particulars Apply to

Kingman & Co.,

SELLING AGENTS,
14 PLACE ROYALE, MONTREAL

CANCER! CANCER! Dr. Percy's Anti-Cancer
This remedy is very highly recommended for the relief and cure of Cancer, Tumors, Scrofula, and Diseases of the Skin. Sufferers are invited to give it a trial. For sale by J. A. Harte, Druggist, 1780 Notre Dame St. Country orders promptly filled.

SHIPPING.

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
34 Steamers, aggregating 141,365 Tons.

NEW STEAMERS.
Tunisian, 10,576 tons, Twin Screw.
Bavarian, 10,376 tons, Twin Screw.
Corinthian, 8,000 tons.
Sicilian, 8,000 tons.

PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL.

From Liverpool.	Steamer.	From Portland.
16 March	Parisian	Tues. 2 April
21 March	Tunisian	Sat. 6 April
4 April	Numidian	Sat. 26 April

MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL

CALLING AT QUEBEC AND MOVILLE

From Liverpool.	Steamer.	From Montreal.
17 April	Parisian	Sat. 4 May
25 April	Corinthian	Sat. 11 May
2 May	Tunisian	Sat. 18 May

Special attention is called to the sailing of the new Twin Screw Steamer Tunisian. The Tunisian is the largest, finest and fastest steamer ever built for the Canadian route.

The saloons and staterooms are in the central part, where least motion is felt. Electricity is used for lighting the ship throughout, the lights being at the command of the passengers any hour of the night. Music rooms and smoking rooms on the promenade deck. The saloons and staterooms are heated by steam.

RATES — Cabin, $50.00 and upwards. A reduction is made on Round Trip Tickets, except on lowest rates.

Second Cabin — To Liverpool, London or Londonderry, $35 to $40 single; $68.83 or $76 return.

Steerage — To Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast or Londonderry, including a plentiful supply of provisions, cooked and served, and every requisite for the voyage, $26.00.

GLASGOW & NEW YORK SERVICE

Calling at Londonderry (from New Pier, foot of W. 21st Street, New York).

From Glasgow.	Steamship.	From New York.
7 Mar.	Sardinian	27 Mar
21 Mar.	State of Nebraska	6 Apr

Rates — First Cabin, $40 and upwards; return tickets, $80 and upwards. Second Cabin, to Glasgow or Londonderry, $32.50; return tickets, $61.75. Steerage, $26.00.

Steamers on this service have excellent accommodation for all classes of passengers.

The Saloons are forward; Staterooms near the centre of the ship. Promenade deck the entire width of the vessel, and two-thirds of the length. Electric lights throughout, and electric bells in every stateroom.

H. & A. ALLAN, 55 Common Street, Montreal.

ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMER LINES

Consisting of 120 Steamers, Aggregating 450,000 Tons.

BEAVER LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

Lake Champlain (new) twin screw.. 9,000 tons
Lake Erie (new) twin screw ..... 9,000 "
Lake Megantic ..... 5,600 "
Lake Simcoe ..... 5,700 "
Lake Superior ..... 5,300 "
Lake Ontario ..... 5,100 "
Lake Huron ..... 4,500 "
Lake Michigan (b'l'dg) twin screw..11,000 "
Lake Manitoba (b'l'dg) twin screw..11,000 "

REGULAR WEEKLY SERVICE BETWEEN

ST. JOHN, N.B., & LIVERPOOL

Calling at Halifax, N.S., and Queenstown, both ways, to land and embark Passengers and mails.

The Only Direct Line From a Canadian Port to Queenstown.

From Liverpool.	Steamer.	From St. John.	From Halifax.
Mar. 12	Lake Megantic	Mar. 29	Mar. 30
Mar. 19	Lake Superior	April 5	April 6
Mar. 26	Lake Ontario	April 12	April 13
April 2	Lusitania	April 19	April 20
April 9	Wassau	April 26	April 27

Steamers sail from St. John Fridays, after the arrival of the Canadian Pacific Express and from Halifax Saturdays, after the arrival of the Intercolonial Express.

REDUCED WINTER RATE

FIRST CABIN—Single, $47.50 and upwards; Round Trip, $90.00 and upwards.

SECOND CABIN—Single, $35.00 and $37.50. Round Trip, $68.88 and $71.25.

According to steamer, location and number of persons in room.

STEERAGE RATES—To Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Glasgow, Belfast and Queenstown, $24.50 and $25.50.

PORTLAND TO AVONMOUTH.

DEGAMA ..... Mar. 24
LYCIA ..... April 6

BOSTON TO BRISTOL.

MONTAUK ..... Mar. 30
ETOLIA ..... April 13

No passengers carried on these steamers. Apply to any agent of the line, or to

ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.,
6 ST. SACRAMENT ST., MONTREAL.

DOMINION LINE

MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

FROM PORTLAND.	FROM BOSTON.
Dominion ..... Mar. 23	Via Queenstown.
Cambroman ... Mar. 30	New England Mar. 27
*Roman ..... April 10	Commonwealth Apl. 10
Vancouver ..... April 13	New England. Apl. 24
*Ottoman ..... April 24	Commonwealth May 8

*These steamers do not carry passengers.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Cabin—$50.00 and upwards.	Cabin—$60.00 and upwards.
Second Cabin — $35.00 and $37.50, according to steamer.	Second Cabin — $40.00 and upwards.
Third Class — $25.00 and $26.00, according to steamer.	Third Class — $28.00 to all principal points.

For further information, apply to any agent of the company, or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO., General Agents, Monteral.

MANCHESTER LINERS LIMITED

The only direct and regular steamship line between CANADA AND MANCHESTER.

It is proposed to despatch the steamers of this line, on or about the undermentioned dates:

WINTER SERVICE, VIA HALIFAX, N.S.

From St. John, N.B.	
*Manchester Commerce	Mar. 26
Manchester Importer	April 3
*Manchester Corporation	April 10
*Manchester City	April 15

*Fitted with cold storage.

Accommodation for a limited number of passengers.

FURNESS LINE

Between St. John and London

(Calling at Halifax.)

SAILING ARRANGEMENTS.

Steamer.	Leave St. John.
Loyalist	Mar. 22
Dahome	April 5

(And fortnightly thereafter.)

TO HAMBURG

Hamburg-American Line

Steamer.	From Portland.
Westphalia	Mar. 27
Drumgarth	April 3
Drumelzier	April 24

Through Bills of Lading granted by any of the above lines to or from any point in Canada or Western States. For rates of freight and particulars, apply to any railway agent, or to

FURNESS, WITHY & CO., LTD., AGENTS.

HOOLAHAN MUST STAY IN CUSTODY

The Scene in Court To-day When Mr. St. Pierre Objected to the Arrest.

When the Court of King's Bench opened this morning, Mr. H. C. St. Pierre, K.C., counsel for David Barsaiou, one of the accused in the arson case, rose to protest against the course taken by the Crown in dealing with some of the witnesses called on behalf of the defence. Late yesterday afternoon a warrant was served on John Hoolahan for alleged tampering with witnesses. He was arrested and arraigned before Mr. Justice Choquet. As it was very late Judge Choquet remanded Hoolahan until this morning at 10.30, in the meantime refusing to allow him out on bail.

Mr. St. Pierre contended that a person who was a witness in a case, and whose presence was required continually in a certain court, could not be arrested during that time on a warrant issued by any other court. The arrest of Hoolahan at this particular time, when the case was drawing to a close, and every evidence was important, was most improper, as it tended to intimidate other witnesses and prevent the accused from a full measure of justice. He asked for the views of the court on the question.

NOT IN CRIMINAL CASES.

Mr. Justice Wurtele pointed out by authorities that the protection which Mr. St. Pierre claimed for Hoolahan could not be granted. No protection from arrest could be given a witness in a criminal case. The protection was, according to the authors, only guaranteed to witnesses in civil cases. Therefore the arrest in the present case must stand. The warrant, Mr. Justice Wurtele said, had been properly signed by Mr. Justice Choquet. It had been suggested that it was a contempt of court to arrest a witness, as Hoolahan had been. It would be a contempt of court if a witness were arrested merely to prevent his appearance or giving evidence. It was not established that Hoolahan had been arrested for that purpose. The instructions of the warrant to the officer was to apprehend John Hoolahan and take him before a magistrate or justice of the peace. The magistrate would then decide what would be done. Until then he would not presume to interfere with the case.

HOOLAHAN IN COURT.

The jurymen were then called in. When Clerk Sicotte had made the roll call Mr. St. Pierre rose and said: "I need Mr. Hoolahan's presence here in the ends of justice."

The Judge (to the constable): "You will keep your prisoner here until the court adjourns and then you will serve your warrant and take Hoolahan before the magistrate."

Hoolahan had a grievance of his own and was in no way backward in calling attention to it. When he was being accompanied to a seat he said to High Constable Bissonette: "I suppose you will allow me to go out for dinner." He was told there were as yet no formal instructions. Then he said, speaking to the judge: "I suppose I will be able to get my dinner. I have not had anything to eat since yesterday."

The judge told the officer to take Hoolahan to a restaurant and give him a meal.

The hearing of evidence was then resumed. Mrs. Mary Belrose, who lived with Madame Gougeon at 348 St. James Street, gave evidence, but no light was thrown on the relations of Madame Gougeon to the other prisoners.

DUE TO SWITCH ROD

INQUEST INTO ENGINEER LUMSDEN'S DEATH FINISHED.

The inquest into the death of the C.P.R. engineer, George Lumsden, who died from injuries received at St. Polycarpe Junction on Thursday last, was continued at the Morgue this morning.

Mr. J. Abbey, telegraph operator at the Junction, testified that the lights were all right on the night of the accident. Paul Meloche, section foreman, stated that he had examined the switch on two occasions during the day and had found it in good working order. After the accident he had again looked at it and found that the switch rod had been bent. He did not know how it could have happened. The jury after five minutes' deliberation came to the conclusion that death was accidental and was due to a defective rod on the switch. They could not, however, determine who was responsible for the accident.

MR. HISLOP'S ENEMY

STARTED FALSE REPORTS AND PAID FOR A BIRTH NOTICE.

A malicious enemy is a thing most men pray to be delivered from. Mr. John Hislop, of the Harvey Medicine Company, 242 St. Paul Street, has the enemy, life-size and full of resources. A rumor mysteriously started in a section of the downtown business district that he left town to defraud his creditors. Mr. D. J. Munro, manager of the Harvey company, was asked about it. He said:—"Yes, I have heard it. There is no truth in the story. It unfortunately is not the only false statement made public in regard to Mr. Hislop. He left the city a few days ago to visit the city in which his fiance lives and arrange for his marriage, which is shortly to take place. He had no sooner taken the train than this story about his skipping was started by an enemy. In addition to this, a notice was inserted in two of the evening papers stating that a son had been borne by the wife of John Hislop. The party who circulated the report, inserted the notice and ordered papers containing it sent to the town in which Mr. Hislop is now visiting. I wish you would deny the whole thing. There is going to be a reckoning when Mr. Hislop returns."

GIGANTIC AUCTION SALE OPENS TO-MORROW.

Messrs. R. A. Dickson & Co., 2261 St. Catherine Street, have decided to retire from business, and have announced what they call the "most gigantic sale" of jewellery, cut-glass, bric-a-brac and novelties ever contemplated in the history of Montreal. The auction will open Saturday at 2 p.m. and will continue each afternoon and evening at 2 and 7.30 o'clock until the whole stock is cleared. Messrs. Dickson have won an enviable reputation for the excellence and variety of high-class art work and diamonds. In these departments they have specialized, while all others have been kept up to the highest standard. Their firm name is synonymous with all that is high class, and as all goods must be sold to the highest bidder, without reserve, Montreal lovers of beauty will have a chance of a lifetime.

See our new Tailor Made Costumes, at Ogilvy's.—adv.

BLUE JACKETS FOR HOME.

Gunner Collingwood and half a dozen time-expired bluejackets, bound for home, passed through the city yesterday on their way from Esquimault for Liverpool.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The China and Glass Department at The S. Carsley Co., Limited, is crowded with the latest novelties in Art China, and an endless selection of useful goods for household use. Don't miss this grand exhibition.—adv.

TOWN OF WESTMOUNT.

PUBLIC MEETING.

A Public Meeting of citizens and ratepayers of the Town of Westmount will be held on Saturday evening, the 23rd March instant, at 8.15 p.m., at Victoria Hall, to consider and discuss the provisions of the Light, Heat and Power Company's Bill now before the Quebec Legislative Council, insofar as the said Bill affects the people of Westmount.

By order,

WM. MINTO,
Secretary-Treasurer.

ADMIT TENDERS WERE HIGHER

The Chamberlains Had Secured Contracts for Cordite from the Government.

London, March 22.—In the hearing yesterday of libel actions brought against the Star and the Morning Leader by Mr. Arthur Chamberlain, in connection with charges bearing on War Office contracts, in which the defendants plead that the articles printed were not libellous and were a fair comment on matters of public interest, the cross-examination of Mr. Chamberlain was continued. He declared he had formed the opinion that the main object of the articles was to villify his brother Joseph, in doing which they had villified the witness. To say, as the defendants averred, that the Kynochs were favored by the Government was untrue and libellous. Mr. Arthur Chamberlain considered that it would be dishonorable for him to obtain favor from the Government.

Counsel for the defendants produced letters purporting to have passed between the Kynochs and the Nobels, by which the former had agreed to keep up the prices of the powder for which the latter had tendered to the British Government.

Mr. Arthur Chamberlain repudiated all knowledge of the letters. Subsequently he said there had been an agreement in 1894 between the Kynochs the Nobels and the Chilworths in regard to a fixed price for cordite.

Counsel read the evidence given by the Nobels' manager before the War Office committee to the effect that Mr. Arthur Chamberlain told him he had used personal influence to secure contracts.

In regard to the cordite contract secured for Arklow in 1898, Mr. Arthur Chamberlain said he had not seen any Irish members of Parliament, but had got local pressure put on them by telling the working people that the shops would be closed unless the contract was secured.

Here the Lord Chief Justice interjected: "You pulled the strings."

On further cross-examination, Mr. Arthur Chamberlain admitted that the Kynochs had secured Government orders for cordite when their tenders were higher than others.

The case was again adjourned.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

DISCUSS THE ADVANTAGES OF THE METRIC SYSTEM.

At the March meeting of the Teachers' Association, which was held last evening in McGill Normal School, under the presidency of Mr. Charles K. Ives, in the absence of the president, Superintendent Arthy, who is still confined to his home, the principal item of the programme was an address by Professor N. N. Evans, M.A., of McGill University, on the "Metric System—Its Nature and Advantages." Prof. Evans spoke particularly of the nature of the system, the saving of time it would effect in calculations, and pointing out that the method of counting by tens was natural, as taan learned to count in tens from ten fingers and ten toes. The lecturer showed by objects how to derive the unit of volume and weight from the metre.

Mr. Jeffrey Burland, B.Sc., led the discussion in a bright, enthusiastic address, giving an account of his own conversion to the use of the system, and gave quotations from several sources showing the loss which English-speaking nations suffer from the use of the ancient system now in use among these nations, and others showing the great saving in time and money by the use of the metric system.

Representatives of the Macdonald Manual Training School also addressed the meeting. Principal Kneeland submitted a resolution which will be presented to the Protestant Teachers' Association of the Province of Quebec, at their next meeting, asking that the teaching of the metric system be made compulsory in the schools.

OBITUARY

NEW YORK.—John Pondir, for many years closely associated with Jay Gould, "Jim" Fisk, Daniel Drew, D. O. Mills and others prominent in Wall Street affairs, died at his home in poverty in West Seventieth Street, on Tuesday, of pneumonia, aged 80.

Alfred Pell, prominent in insurance circles for many years as manager of the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company, and then as manager and a director of the Commercial Union Assurance Company, died Wednesday.

When Alfonso L. Floyd, a wealthy manufacturer of cotton goods, received word on Monday that his brother Stephen had died from pneumonia, he predicted that he would soon follow him. His prophecy came true. He was stricken with heart disease Wednesday afternoon.

HAMILTON.—Mrs. Jane R. Ewing, one of the oldest and most respected residents of Hamilton, died at hers late residence, Bay Street, South, yesterday, in her 81st year. Deceased was the widow of the late Alexander Orr Ewing, of Montreal, and was a native of Glasgow, Scotland, and a daughter of the late Hon. Adam Ferrie, of Glasgow, who was later a resident of Montreal and Hamilton.

HAMILTON.—Mrs. Gates, wife of Mr. F. W. Gates, sr., president of the Hamilton Gas Company, died Thursday. She had been ill for some time. Besides her husband, a family of seven survive.

CHICAGO.—Rev. Arthur Edwards, D.D., editor of the Northwestern Advocate, and widely known in Methodist circles, died Wednesday, aged 66 years.

BROCKVILLE.—Harry McNally, a prominent business man of Westport, and a member of the firm of McNally Bros., was accidentally killed in his mica mine near that village on Tuesday.

GUELPH.—Mr. Philip Dobereiner died at his home on Cork Street Wednesday evening, aged 73.

ORANGE AND GREEN.

The Belleville Intelligencer says, "It was a pleasing sight to see Orange and Green fraternizing yesterday afternoon. When he read the address of welcome to the Orange Grand Lodge, Ald. Doyle did a graceful act and also proved that he was a broad-minded man. The Intelligencer heartily congratulates Ald. Doyle.

ARCHBISHOP LEWIS IS SLIGHTLY BETTER

New York, March 22. — The Rt. Rev. Travers Lewis, Archbishop of Ontario, who is seriously ill in this city, was reported last night to be slightly improved.

DISFIGURED BY EXPLOSION.

Kingston, March 22.—(Special.)—Cyrus Halder, of Calabogie, will move about shortly with a face as black as a negroes, with blind eyes, and all because of the disaster following a dynamite explosion. He was brought to Kingston hospital almost dead, but good care has aided him to recover. The discoloration of his face will ever remain. His left arm was also badly burned and mangled. He is a pitiable case, but he bears up bravely under his pain and affliction.

CHAPLAIN OF RECRUITS.

Toronto, March 21.—Rev. F. F. C. Meathcote, rector of St. Clements Church, this city, will accompany the Canadian recruits for Baden-Powell's South African police as chaplain. Leave of absence has been granted him for three months, when he will return to St. Clements. He will leave for Halifax in a day or two.

TEACHERS IN CONVENTION.

Ottawa, March 22.—(Special.)—Seventy-five teachers of the Bilingual Separate Schools in Eastern Ontario are in the city attending a convention which opened yesterday at the Dubamel School.

DOWIE'S PRAYERS WERE OF NO AVAIL

Sad Story of Death Comes from Scots Bay—The Healer's Instructions.

Halifax, March 22.—According to the Kentville Wedge, a sad and strange story of death comes from Scots Bay, King's County. The deceased was the wife of a Dowie disciple. Ten days before her death a baby was born. The mother remained weak and grew worse, but no medicines were given her, nor was a doctor called in. When the prayers of the household did not avail, the husband sent the following telegram to Chicago:

March 4, 1901.

To J. H. Dowie:

Pray at once for wife; very low. Will pay for answer.

No immediate answer came, and a second message was sent, thus:

Pray for wife immediately; very low. Answer prepaid.

That night Dowie wired:

Prayed at 11.30. Trust God only and fully. Will pray again specially at 5 o'clock.

J. H. Dowie.

The next day the sick woman became worse, and another telegram was sent:

March 6, 1901.

Pray for wife. Partly conscious. Also pray for nephew. Devil hard at work.

Three hours afterwards the sick woman died.

Later Dowie wired:

Chicago, March 7, 1901.

Thank God for partial victory. Give up all medicines, pork and tobacco, and every sin: confess, restore. Will pray at 1, 6, 9, Chicago time. Expect victory.

There is confusion in Scots Bay.

McGILL LIBRARY ADDITIONS

THE NEW STOCK WILL ACCOMMODATE 200,000 VOLUMES.

The new stack of the McGill library, which is constructed upon the latest and most scientific principles, adopted with special regard to stability, and the fullest utilization of space, is now nearly completed. It has five floors opening out of the old stack, but separated from it by a fireproof wall, and doors, and from the top floor, which is divided into seminary rooms, by a fireproof cement ceiling. The three lower tiers of shelves are supported by cement piers running into the ground, and the two upper tiers and top floor rest upon a special supporting floor on steel girders. There are ten rows of shelves running through the stack, arranged on each side of the gangway. These are supported by chilled iron supports from the bottom to the top of the building with notches all the way up, so as to accommodate books of any size. The gangways will be floored for six inches in the middle with grating so as to afford ventilation with glass on each side to exclude dust, and light stairways will lead from one tier to the other.

Altogether, the new stack could accommodate 200,000 volumes, but as special arrangements are to be made for storing maps and newspapers, not quite so many will be provided for. The alcoves at the end of the building are to be used as reading rooms, and the librarian's private office will also be situated there.

City News in Brief.

A CHINAMAN'S DEATH.—Yee Sam, a Chinaman on his way from Hong Kong to Philadelphia, died suddenly of heart disease while taking supper with a number of companions at 627 Lagauchetiere Street. The remains will be embalmed and placed in a steel coffin to be sent back to China.

Y.M.C.A. NOTES.—Dr. W. T. Grenfell, Labrador Mission, will be in the city over Sunday, and will speak on Saturday night at eight o'clock to young men at the Young Men's Christian Association, Dominion Square. Prof. Tory will give the second address in the series, which he is now delivering at the Men's Meeting on Sunday afternoon, at 4.15. The subject will be "What Christ has Taught us Concerning Men."

TO PLAY IN PERTH.—"My Geraldine" is to be played in Perth. Members of the dramatic section of the Young Irishmen's Literary and Benefit Society leave to-night for the Ontario town. The cast includes the Misses Annie Rowan, Tina Kitts, Alice Jones, Gertie O'Brien E. K. Peacock, and Messrs. James H. Reynolds, M. A. Phelan, J. J. McLean, M. J. Power, J. F. Cunningham, Jno. E. Slattery, and Robert J. Love.

A WINTER'S CHARITY.—The Irish Protestant Benevolent Society last night re-elected all the officers who had served last year. The Charitable Committee reported disbursements for food and fuel during the winter of $1,495. The society decided to donate $150 to the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge, and $25 to the Protestant Hospital for the Insane.

DEATH OF WILLIAM BYRD.—William Byrd died yesterday at the home of his brother, Charles Byrd, 10 Dorchester Street. The deceased was at one time one of Montreal's leading contractors. Recently he has been supervising Government work, and for two years has been at Shippigan, N.B., on Government business. He returned to Montreal nine months ago. Mr. Byrd was prominent in Masonic circles, being a past master of King Solomon Lodge. The funeral was held this afternoon.

IMMIGRATION STARTS WELL.

The Dominion immigration authorities here are looking forward to a very good immigration season. The reports from the agents on the European continent indicate that there will be a steady movement from some of the best agricultural centres of the Old World to the Northwest all through the spring. A good start has been made. The Allan line steamer Tunisian has just sailed from Liverpool for Portland with 50 first-class and 230 second class and 830 immigrants on board. The Parisian is expected to reach Portland on Monday next with 17 first-class, 105 second class and 250 steerage passengers. The Cambroman is also shortly due with 250 immigrants.

PATENT REPORT.

Owen N. Evans, Solicitor of Patents and Expert, Temple Building, reports the following patents granted last week to Canadians by the Government of the United States: Nos. 669,980, hammock swinger, L. F. Cutten; 669,995, hydraulic air compressing apparatus, W. J. Linton; 670,019, metal forming machine, H. L. Gulline; 670,068, ventilated shoe, John Tourigny; 670,072, collar for shafting, J. M. Fleming; 670,209, soft tread horseshoe, H. D. de Saint, Cyr; 670,272, actuating mechanism for retaining vaives in air brake systems, E. J. Emmons; 670,367, bicycle support, Hugh Burnet; 670,414, seat post and clamp, J. England et al.

BIG DEAL EFFECTS MONTREAL.

E. H. Gay & Co., of Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Montreal, offer for sale, at 101 and interest, $279,000 Hudson River Water Power Co. 5 per cent. 15 to 30-year first mortgage gold bonds. The interest is provided by payments under contracts with the General Electric Company and the Glens Falls Portland Cement Company, deposited by trustees, by cash surplus in the treasury of the Saratoga corporation and by the present actual net earnings of the Saratoga and Ballston companies of rising $42,000 per annum. When this contract was announced it no doubt had some effect on the General Electric stock, which was noticeable in rising four points that day. This company is now using 2,000 steam horse power, and by employing water power will effect an annual saving of something over $100,000.

Mr. A. Frank Ibbotson, who left for the Northwest about three weeks ago on account of his health, is not A. Frank Ibbotson, dentist, of this city.

MORE FACTIOUS OPPOSITION SHOWN

Obstacles Placed in the Way of a Special Meeting of Council Monday.

Another instance is now in evidence of the desire of a certain element in the City Council to embarass the administration party in every way within its power. At the present time there are over sixty items accumulated on the Order paper, many of them of great importance, and these, unless some expedition is displayed in disposing of them, are calculated to increase rather than diminish. In view of this fact, some of the leaders to-day made an attempt to ascertain the whereabouts of Mayor Prefontaine in order that he might authorize the calling of a meeting. But no replies came to their telegrams. Acting Mayor Roy was then appealed to, but he had suddenly awakened to the realization that there have been too many meetings recently, and refused to comply. The only recourse now will be to get up a requisition every time a special meeting is desired, but it seems puerile to put the majority of the members of the Council to this unnecessary trouble, when a meeting is so manifestly in the interests of the aldermen and their consituents.

FIRE INVESTIGATION

NO LIGHT ON THE ORIGIN OF SATURDAY'S BLAZE.

The investigation before the Fire Commissioners into the fire which broke out at Leeming, Miles & Co. last Monday, was opened yesterday afternoon. So far two witnesses only have been heard. Captain Taylor, of No. 2 Station, and Frank Erskine, shipping clerk for Leeming, Miles & Co. No light was thrown on the origin of the fire. Captain Taylor, who was one of the first on the scene, related how the fire was burning and the hold it had taken on the building before the firemen arrived.

Frank Erskine, the firm's shipping clerk, was sleeping in the store when the fire broke out. It had reached him before he awoke and his right hand had been considerably burned. It was customary for him, ErsKine said, to remain in the store on Friday night to fill orders for Saturday's delivery, Saturday being a short day. The plumbers had worked in the building up to about 2 o'clock that morning. At 3.20 his work had been concluded, and, taking a lounge, he threw himself on it to sleep. Everything had then been in good order. He was awakened suddenly by the crackling of flames, and the blaze which lit up the whole floor. He did not know then that his hand was burned. His first idea was to run to the alarm box. This afternoon the evidence of the plumbers will be heard.

OPHIR SAILS FOR ISLAND OF MALTA

Gibraltar, March 22.—The steamship Ophir, with the Duke and the Duchess of Cornwall and York on board, sailed for Malta this morning, the storm which had prevailed having subsided. All the warships in port were manned and salutes were fired as the Ophir steamed out of the harbor.

KING'S ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.

Mr. A. Tattersall, district deputy supreme grand president of the Sons of England, has received from Mr. Fred. Cook, supreme grand president for Canada, acknowledgement of a resolution of congratulation sent to the King. The acknowlengement comes through the Governor-General of Canada, whose secretary writes:—

"In obedience to commands received from His Majesty the King, His Excellency the Governor-General desires me to convey, through you, to the Sons of England lodges in the city of Montreal, His Majesty's heartfelt thanks for the kind expression of sympathy contained in the resolution enclosed in your letter of the 5th ultimo, which has been gratefully appreciated by His Majesty and the royal family."

LAKE CHAMPLAIN'S LIST.

The following is a partial list of the saloon passengers en route for Liverpool, per R.M.S. Lake Champlain, sailing from St. John to-day (22nd):—

Mr. H. D. Annable, Mr. J. S. Bennett, Mrs. Bennett, Montreal; Mr. Coyle; Mr. Rene Dupont; Mr. J. P. Doherty, Mrs. Doherty, Montreal; Mr. Elwell, Winnipeg; Mr. F. Fowler, Montreal; Mr. D. L. Hill, Napanee; Mr. J. A. Huntly, Montreal; Mr. Longley, Halifax; Mrs. Marsh, Miss Marsh, Kingston; Mr. M. H. Peterson; Mr. John Richards, Montreal; Miss E. Stevenson, Quebec; Mr. Wilson, Halifax.

A CARTER INJURED.

John Rafler, a carter living at 49 Chaboillez Street, had his back badly injured this morning by a load of coal falling over on him at the corner of Wellington and St. Etienne Streets. He was taken to the General Hospital.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA GOES TO COPENHAGEN

London, March 22.—Queen Alexandra started for Copenhagen this morning. King Edward accompanied Her Majesty to the Victoria station, where he bade her farewell.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

Before Judge Lafontaine in the Police Court, John Ryan was found guilty of stealing a sleigh robe. He was given one month.

In the Recorders' Court Denis Gorman was found guilty of keeping a registry office at 76 Mansfield Street without paying the necessary license of $50 to do so. He was fined $10 or one month.

RAINY DAY NEEDS.

The S. Carsley Co.'s stock of Umbrellas is complete, with all the latest novelties, also the staple lines. They comprise Ladies', Gents' and Children's.—adv.

VIAVI COMPANY WINS.

In the Magistrate's Court, Judge Desnoyers dismissed the action taken by Dr. E. P. Lachapelle on behalf of the Board of Physicians of the Province of Quebec against Miss E. W. Smith, manager of the Montreal Viavi Company, Drummond Street, for the illegal practice of medicine.

U.S. BATTLESHIP HAS RUN AGROUND

Pensacola, Florida, March 21.—The battleship Massachusetts is aground in the harbor just opposite Fort Pickens. The vessel is not injured in the slightest and is in no danger.

FIND TRACES OF POISON.

Middlebury, Vt., March 22.—The analysis of the stomach of Mina Fosburgh, who died from poison received by mail at the Shoreham last Tuesday week, is understood to show that strychnine was the cause of death. No arrest is anticipated at present.

THE NEWEST WASH FABRICS.

This is to preface the mention of an unrivalled collection at The S. Carsley Co., Limited. The perfect taste, the new beauty, the tremendous effectiveness of these dainty fabrics is displayed in such gorgeous array that brings voluntary expressions of surprise from most ladies who view them.—adv.

ALL DANGER OF A FRACAS IS ENDED

Troops on Both Sides of Disputed Strip at Tien-Tsin Are Withdrawn.

Pekin, March 22.—The troops on both sides of the disputed land at Tien Tsin have been withdrawn, and all danger of a fracas is ended. The opinion of the British is that the promptness of General Barrow in calling up the marines from Taku prevented a collision. The British point out that prior to the arrival of the marines, sentries were supplied from the Madras Pioneers, who for several days were surrounded by crowds of foreign soldiers, mostly French, who assailed them with all kinds of abuse, calling them "Coolies" and "Madrassees." They were becoming restive, when the marines arrived at night and quietly relieved them; and it was only when daylight appeared that the Russians discovered the change.

RAILWAY COMMITTEE PASSES TWO BILLS

Ottawa, March 22.—(Special.)—The Railway Committee of the Senate this morning passed the two bills respecting the Grand Trunk passed by the Commons.

There was a long discussion in regard to the Oxford Mountain Railway bill. Judge Foster, who explained the bill, said the line lay in Shefford and Richmond Counties, and the main object was to secure the power of granting bonds under a Dominion instead of a Provincial charter. During the discussion of the clause granting $20,000 bonding powers, Judge Foster said the bulk of the road cost $11,000 to $12,000 per mile. The bonding powers were reduced to $15,000 per mile and the bill reported.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

AFTERNOON BOARD SALES.

50 Electric at 226½.
92 Electric at 227.
50 Electric at 227½.
50 Electric at 228.
75 Winnipeg Railway at 105.
100 Detroit Railway at 75.
50 Gas at 235.
75 Dominion Cotton at 81½.
25 Dominion Cotton at 81.
155 Dominion Steel pfd at 90½.
25 Dominion Steel pfd at 90¼.
25 Dominion Steel pfd at 90¾.
25 Dominion Steel pfd at 90½.
175 Dominion Steel pfd at 91.
225 Dominion Steel com at 38.
100 Dominion Steel com at 38½.
250 Dominion Steel com at 38¼.
4,500 Payne at 37.
1,000 Dominion Coal Bonds at 110½.
50 Toronto at 106.
11 M. Cotton at 130.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

The following quotations were received by C. D. Monk over J. S. Bache & Co.'s private wire at 3 o'clock:

DESCRIPTION.	Mar. 21 Op.	Mar. 21 Cl.	Mar. 22 Op.	Mar. 22 Cl.
Am. Tobacco	127¼	125	128¾	127
do. do. pref	....	113	....	....
Am. Sugar Rfg. Co	142¾	....	143¼	143
do. do. pref	....	....	....	....
Anaconda Mining Co	....	45⅞	46	46
Atch., Top. & St. F.	59	60¾	61	61
do. do. pref	94	94	95¾	94¼
American Steel & W	....	43⅜	43⅞	42⅜
Baltimore and Ohio	....	92	....	92⅜
do do pref	....	91¾	91¾	91⅞
Brooklyn Rapid T	85	84⅜	84⅝	83½
Canadian Pacific	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼
Canada Southern	61	....	62⅞	62⅞
Ches. & Ohio	45⅞	46⅜	47	46⅞
Chicago, Burl. & Quincy	164	164¼	165¼	165⅛
Chicago Gas	107¼	107⅜	107⅞	106⅞
Chicago & North Western	....	....	....	....
Chicago, R. I. & Pacific	129	129	129⅞	128⅞
Chicago, Mi. & St. Paul	151¾	151⅞	152¾	151⅞
Continental Tobco. com	....	....	45⅞	45⅛
do do pref	....	101	....	104
Consolidated Gas, N.Y.	....	213½	213	211
Colorado Fuel and Iron	....	49	50¾	50
Cleveland C. & St. L.	....	78	....	....
Delaware, Lack & West.	....	197	196	196
Delaware & Hudson	....	166½	166	161½
Denver & Rio G. com	....	....	....	93
Denver & Rio G. pref xd.	....	91	93½	7
Duluth, Sth., Sn. & Atl.	....	....	7¼	....
do. do. pref.	....	....	....	....
Federal Steel	....	48¾	....	....
do do pref	....	101¾	101¾	101¾
General Electric	....	216	215	215
Glucose com	....	....	....	....
" pfd	....	....	54	....
Ill. Central	....	....	....	....
Jersey Central	....	....	....	....
Kansas & Texas pfd	....	....	....	....
Lake Erie & Western	50	51¼	....	52
do do. pref	....	114	....	123
Louisville & Nashville	99¾	99¾	100¾	100
Manhattan Elevated xd.	126	176¾	127	126
Missouri Pacific	100	97¾	100¾	100
Metropolitan Traction	165¼	99¾	166	164
National Lead Co	....	....	....	15¼
do. pref	....	....	....	....
Northern Pac. com. new	87¼	87¼	88¾	87¾
do do pref.	....	89¼	....	....
N.Y. Central & Hudson	143¾	140	146¼	147¼
N.Y., Lake Erie and W.	32¾	34¾	35¾	34¼
do do. II pref	....	57¾	58¾	58¼
do do. I pref	....	70	70¾	64¾
N.Y. Ontario & Western	....	33¼	33¾	32¾
N.Y. Air Brake Co	....	....	....	....
Omaha com	....	....	....	....
Pacific Mail	33¾	34	34¾	35¼
Pressed Stel, Com	....	35	....	....
do do pref	....	....	....	....
Phil. & Reading, all paid	....	33¾	34¾	34¼
Pullman	....	....	....	....
Southern Railway, com.	26¼	26⅜	26¾	27¼
do. do. pref xd.	....	78¼	78¾	78¼
Southern Pacific	45	45¼	45⅞	45¾
Tenn. Coal & Iron	57	57	57¼	56⅝
Third Avenue	....	....	....	....
Texas Pacific	31¾	32	32¾	32¼
Twin City	....	....	....	72¼
U.S. Leather, com	13¾	13¾	....	13¾
do. do. pref xd	....	75	75	75
U.S. Rubber, com	....	19¾	19¾	19¾
do. do. pref	....	....	....	59¼
Union Pacific, com	92¾	93¼	93¾	93¼
do do pref	....	85¾	85¾	85¼
Wabash	19¾	19¾	20	20¾
do pref	36¾	36¾	37¼	39¾
Western Union Tel	....	87¾	87¾	88¾
Great Northern	....	....	202½	201
BOSTON.				
Dom. Iron and Steel	38¼	....	38	39

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE

Reported by W. H. Weir & Son, Stock Brokers, 113 St. Francois Xavier street.

DESCRIPTION.	Mar. 22 Ask.	Mar. 22 Bid.	Mar. 21. Ask.	Mar. 21. Bid.
Canadian Pacific Railway	94¼	94¼	94¼	94
D.S.S.A.	7	7	7¾	7
D.S.S.A. pfd	17¼	17	18	....
M.S.R.	275	274	273	272½
Do New	270	267½	270	267
Toronto Street Ry	106¾	106	106¾	106¼
Halifax Elec. Tram Co	90	85	91	90
Do do Bonds	104	100	104	100
St. John Electric Ry	117½	112	117½	112
Twin City Transit	73	72¾	73	72½
Do do pfd	....	....	....	....
Rich. and Ont Nav. Co	109¼	109¼	111	109
Commercial Cable Co	168	169¼	166¼	165½
Do. Coupon Bonds	....	....	....	100
Do. Reg. Bonds	....	....	....	103
Montreal Telegraph Co	175	168	175	168
Bell Telephone Co	175	165	175	165
Montreal Gas Co	235	234½	234½	234
People's Heat and Light	....	....	....	....
Do do Bonds	65	30	65	30
Royal Electric Co	228	226½	225½	225
Montreal Cotton Co	135	....	145	....
Dominion Cotton Co. xd	84	80	83	....
Canada Colored Cotton Co	....	....	....	....
Do do Bonds	100	98	100	98
Merchants Cotton	128	124	128	124
War Eagle	42	....	....	30
Dom. Coal Common	39	37	39½	39
Do pfd	111	110	110	110
Do Bonds	....	110	111	110
Bank of Montreal	259	....	259	258
Ontario Bank	....	124	....	124
Molsons Bank	200	195	200	197½
Bank of Toronto	250	236	250	236
Bank of British N.A.	....	126	....	126
Merchants	163	157	160	157
Royal	180	175	180	175
Bank of Nova Scotia	235	230	235	230
Eastern Townships	....	....	....	....
Laurentide Pulp Co	115	110	115	110
Commerce	....	149	151	....
Hochelaga	132	....	133	....
Ottawa	....	....	....	....
Union	107	....	107	....
Quebec	120	....	120	....
La Banque Nationale	....	....	....	....
North West Land pfd	50	45	50	46

CHANGE BEGUN IN ONTARIO

Mr. William Gibson, Ex-Government Whip, Talks of Ontario Political Prospects.

Mr. William Gibson, former Government whip in the Dominion House and ex-member for Lincoln and Niagara, was at the Windsor to-day, having come east on a flying visit of inspection of the new double track bridge which he is constructing for the Grand Trunk over the canal at St. Henri.

Mr. Gibson takes his defeat at the last general election in a philosophic spirit, but says there are already very strong indications that Ontario has begun to see the folly of its action; and in quarters where four months ago the Government was condemned it is spoken of in terms of commendation and praise. "My own constituency," said Mr. Gibson, "was deluged with the spurious Globe of which so much has been heard.

"It was the new voters, the young men of St. Catherines to whom I was not so well known as to the older ones, who constituted the majority recorded against me. The actual number of votes polled for me was 36 in excess of the number which secured my victory in 1896. I lost none of my old friends; and the feelings entertained towards me by the Liberal leaders of the country were clearly shown at the banquet given me when I was presented with an arm chair last month.

"I am convinced that when the Liberal banner is raised again in Lincoln and Niagara it will be carried forward in triumph. Many of the new voters are sorry for what they have done. I don't for a moment believe that Liberal principles have lost their power in Ontario and unless I am greatly mistaken you will see evidence of that before long."

FIRE CAPTAINS WILL ACT FOR SUB-CHIEFS

When, as not infrequently happens, a sub-chief has been unavoidably absent from a fire, confusion in the giving of orders has arisen. To obviate anything of the kind in the future, the Fire and Light Committee, at its meeting yesterday, appointed Captains Briere and Doolan to assume supreme command when necessary.

The widow of the late Fireman Dumas will be recommended as worthy of securing the full amount of benefits accruing to the relatives of a deceased member of the brigade, viz., $1,000. She is entitled to $300.

The committee approved the action of Chief Benoit in dismissing two of the firemen for drunkenness at the fire last Saturday, and reducing three others.

Building Inspector Chausse presented a report in which he showed that he had issued 45 permits during last month, as against 4 for the same period last year. The value of new buildings and repairs to old ones was $94,500.

WHY IT WENT CONSERVATIVE.

Guelph, March 2.—Hon. J. I. Tarte and Mr. N. Jeffrey were billed to speak at Wiarton on Tuesday night, just prior to the North Bruce by-election on Wednesday. When within 16 miles of Wiarton they became snowbound for 16 hours, and so the North Bruce people did not have the pleasure of hearing them. On their return they were delayed at Harriston, owing to two engines and a snowplow jumping the track near the town.

SWITCHMAN FALLS HEIR TO FORTUNE OF MILLIONS

Holland, Mich., March 22.—T. R. Oatman, a Canadian, who came to this city about a year ago, and has since been employed by the Flint & Pere Marquette Railway as a switchman, was yesterday advised in a letter from his mother at St. Thomas, Ont., that he is an heir to $6,000,000 left by a distant bachelor relative named D. P. Kline.

A BEAR STORY.

Guelph, March 22.

THE HERALD

AN ABANDONMENT OF PRINCIPLE.

Two years ago the Legislature formally accepted the principle of municipal control over all franchises operated within the limits of the city of Montreal by assenting to the following section of the charter of the city (No. 530):—

"No person, partnership, syndicate, company or corporation whatever, shall have or exercise any franchise, right, or privilege in, over, upon or under any street, lane, public place or highway (including Mount Royal Park and St. Helen's Island Park) for constructing or operating any street or incline railways—whether surface, electric or underground—or for the establishment of telephonic, telegraphic, pneumatic or traction systems or for other like purposes, or for poles, wires, bridges, trestles, viaducts, cables, pipes, conduits, or such like apparatus, unless by and in virtue of a by-law duly passed by the affirmative vote of the absolute majority of the members of the Council, if such franchise, right or privilege be granted for a period of not longer than five years, and of two-thirds of the Council, if the same be granted for a period longer than five years, whether such franchise, right or privilege be exercised or is sought to be exercised by letters patent."

The chairman of the Private Bills Committee of the Legislative Council also, one year before that, publicly expressed his approval of the principle thus enunciated. Mr. David reminded him of the fact yesterday without obtaining a response. Why should the Legislature now overturn, practically without debate, a principle thus consecrated by its own action? Is it only because the change is asked for by people who aspire to operate all the undertakings that are covered by the section? If not, what is the reason?

FRANCHISES WORTH MILLIONS GIVEN AWAY.

Hon. Dr. Guerin struck home when in addressing the Private Bills Committee of the Legislative Council yesterday he protested against the Heat and Light Company being granted the extraordinary powers for which they ask, on the ground that such action by the Legislature would practically be making the monopoly corporation a present of a franchise in the City of Montreal which would have an actual value of many millions of dollars. It is to be hoped there is nobody nowadays who does not understand thoroughly that these public franchises in great cities are of enormous value. Look at the Street Railway Company. The actual cash investment in the property does not stand for more than one-third the value of the property when that value is calculated on the price investors are willing to pay for it. Two-thirds or thereabouts of the value of the Street Railway stock is derived from the fact that three hundred and fifty thousand people are crowded together on a few square miles of ground. The Street Railway franchise is the same in essentials as a franchise for supplying the city with gas and electricity. But the railway people were obliged to make terms with the city before they acquired that franchise. Why should the Legislature ignore the people of Montreal in every direction and give the promoters of these bills that which belongs to the people, and which, if they went wisely about it, they could dispose of for millions of dollars? Dr. Guerin is undoubtedly right. The lawyer for the promoters of the bill sought to parry the thrust by stating that there are already companies with just such charters, but that not much use has been made of them. On this statement he based the argument that it would be cruel to impose on the new company terms less generous than those granted the others. That is to say, because the Legislature once delivered Montreal over to people who could not make the most of the gift, it would be a crime to save the city from a combination which, when they get control of all the great water powers, as they expect to, will be able at once to capitalize the franchise at its full value, sell shares for the amount, and put the proceeds into their own pockets. Nothing could be simpler. But it would be costly for Montreal. Moreover, two facts should be noted. The Standard Company, which had only a charter, has already parted with a portion of it to the Lachine Company for a consideration, thus proving the money value of a franchise. Secondly, the objectionable clause in that charter, to which the present promoters' lawyers object so strongly, was slipped in, so to say, when nobody was looking. This was many years ago. And now the lawyer for the monopoly wants to make Montreal pay through the nose for the neglect of Quebec legislators.

IS THE SECOND CHAMBER A SAFEGUARD?

The gentlemen who appeared before the Private Bills Committee of the Legislative Council at Quebec yesterday were given a courteous hearing, their reception differing in that respect, according to all reports, from that they were accorded by the committee of the Lower House. But the gentlemen who gave so patient and impartial a hearing to the arguments urged on behalf of the citizens of Montreal did not allow their good nature to go any further. When it came to voting it was a clear case of corporations first, city nowhere. The first test came on the bill to amend the charter of the Gas Company. Exception was taken to a clause which gives permission to the Gas Company to amalgamate with any other company engaged in the supply of light and heat. It was argued by the representatives of the city that after such an amalgamation, especially if it were made with a company not subject to the control of the city in many important particulars, such safeguards as the citizens now have might disappear. Did those gentlemen of the superior sort who constitute the Legislative Council allow themselves to be influenced by such a plea? Not they! There were eighteen of them in the room. With a certain appropriateness they asked the visiting public to retire while they deliberated and voted in secret. And when the vote was taken, as it was in a few minutes, only four of the eighteen showed the least regard for the wishes of the people of Montreal and the district within a radius of fifty miles. Notwithstanding the secrecy of the performance, our readers are entitled to the information that Messrs. Gilman, McCorkill, Ward and Turner constituted the minority deserving of honor. Perhaps it may be thought the objection of these gentlemen was lightly taken, and that it does not matter very much whether the Gas Company is given leave to amalgamate with a monopolistic combination or not. But with the iniquitous Heat and Light bill before them they must have known better. And yet these gentlemen, whose official existence is only tolerated on the ground that they can be depended upon to check or to kill hasty or mischievous legislation, rushed it through as though an assertion of the rights of the people of Montreal by their duly qualified representatives was no more than a disagreeable impertinence.

RAINVILLE REDIVIVUS.

It seems the rejection of Mr. H. B. Rainville by the electors of the Centre Ward did not deprive him of all power to do mischief to the interests of the city of Montreal. Mr. Rainville was the presiding genius of the famous loan which cost the treasury so large a sum a couple of years ago, but which in some degree atoned for that fact by ridding the Council of most of those who engineered it and voted for it. To-day Mr. Rainville is the moving spirit in the lobby which aims to have the Legislature hand over the city to the tender mercies of a twenty-million dollar monopoly. And it is not only Montreal. It is the whole district within fifty miles as well. The ex-alderman's projects seem to have increased in magnitude as his sphere became enlarged. That he is in charge of the lobby at Quebec is indisputable. He will not deny it. He makes no secret of it. His name is in the bill as one of the applicants for the charter. The lawyers who are representing the promoters take their orders from him. Through his friends in both Houses and on the committees of both Houses, he controls all that is done. It is he, Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, who alone is able to say for the promoters whether a stated amendment will be assented to or not. It is he who directs the operations whereby the telegraph wires are kept hot with messages from shareholders in any or all of the Forget group of syndicates to members to vote in favor of the bills under discussion. Talk about the evils of the lobby! Is it not about time for the public to call a halt when the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly is the chief of the biggest lobby ever known at Quebec? Mr. Rainville is using all his power, all his resource, to make the monopoly bills the law of the Province. That is enough to make the people of Montreal, who have had a long experience of his ways in public life, suspicious of the projects.

A SAMPLE ARGUMENT.

A fair sample of the arguments used by the advocates of the Montreal monopolists at Quebec was one advanced by Mr. Campbell, the promoters' counsel, when the Gas Company bill was up for discussion yesterday. It was urged by Mr. Atwater that the clause permitting amalgamation with another company might and probably would mean that the Gas Company would be able to put its pipes anywhere it wanted to within a radius of one hundred miles from the City Hall without going to the trouble to ask any municipality for its consent to do so, a consent which would involve, of course, an agreement about maximum price. Mr. Campbell answered that it is nowadays possible to so utilize the by-products of gas-making that the gas can be obtained almost for nothing. He said it might become necessary to seek to raise money to instal works for treating these by-products. If so, he argued, would it not be unjust and unfair that the gas people should be obliged to apply for capital with a charter which greatly restricted its operations as compared with what would be possible under a charter like that of the Standard Light Company?

If Mr. Campbell had contented himself with saying he wanted everything he could ask for he would have been on solid ground. But Mr. Campbell well knows that the Montreal Gas Company, with the prospect of getting for nothing the enormous amount of gas they now supply to the city and district at from $1 to $1.20 a thousand feet, could get all the money they might want for capital investment subscribed five times over within ten days. And yet it was on the strength of such an argument, for it was the only one advanced, that the men representing the sober second thought of the Province voted almost unanimously first to disregard their own rule requiring notice (one of the strongest safeguards of legislation), and second to give the promoters everything they asked, despite the protests of Montreal, of Westmount, and of the Board of Trade.

NO POLITICS IN THE GRAB

The promoters of the monopoly bill have the right to claim that there is no politics in it. There is not. Mr. Rainville, Mr. Archambault, Mr. Turgeon, perhaps Mr. Dechene, all leading Liberals, are in favor of giving the twenty-million dollar concern all it asks for. Mr. Parent, Mr. Duffy, Mr. Gouin, Dr. Guerin, Mr. McCorkill, also all prominent Liberals, are strongly opposed, to their credit be it said, to granting the inordinate demands. Mayor Prefontaine has declared himself in favor of the legislation. Ald. Lebeuf, who is as a good a Liberal as the Mayor any day, spoke so strongly yesterday that the mere reports of his words carried to Mr. Rainville set that gentleman to fiercely twirling his moustache, a sure sign of unusual perturbation. Of Conservatives there is not much to be said. They do not count for much in the Assembly. They have done the city precious little service in the Council. Mr. Taillon, whom they boast as sans peur et sans reproache, is counsel for the monopoly. Ald. Laporte, who is Conservative in politics, has striven hard to protect the city's interests, but he has been pretty much alone. There is no politics in it. For the extraordinary unanimity with whch the solons at Quebec give the lobbyists all they ask—even more than they ask for openly—some other explanation must be sought. They threaten to bring Ald. Lebeuf to the bar of the House for his plain language about the things he saw. When people begin to assert their dignity against those who criticise their public spirit it is wise to give heed to the criticism.

To cure a cold in a night—use Vapo-Cresolene. It has been used extensively during more than twenty-four years. All Druggists.

TERMINAL CO.'S ROUTES CLEARLY DEFINED

Road Committe Decides Upon a Supplementary Report to Council.

Little other than railway matters were touched upon at yesterday's meeting of the Road Committee. When the report of the committee granting the Montreal Terminal Railway Company access to the city was first sent to the City Council, Ald. Martineau pointed out—and his exception was very well taken—that the routes should be definitely defined. He, however, promised his colleagues a supplementary report, dealing with this phase of the question. Agreeable to this understanding, Manager Mullarkey yesterday submitted a draft of the proposed routes, and this was unanimously accepted by the committee and forwarded to Council. Several petitions relative to tram-car service were read. Some of these protested, not only against the entrance of the Terminal Company to the city, but also against the Montreal Street Railway Company being granted any extensions. Two others dealt respectively with the extension around Amherst Park and the Beaver Hall Hill route, both of which, the petitioners urged, should be constructed without delay. The committee gave these a quietus, however, by resolving, on motion of Ald. Ouimet, that the committee should re-affirm its former determination not to grant any further extensions to the present company until the application of the Terminal Company had been finally adjudicated.

The plan of routes submitted by Mr. Mullarkey was as follows:—

ST. GABRIEL, STE. ANNE AND MAISONNEUVE.

Route No. 1—Commencing at Atwater Avenue, St. Charles Street to Laprairie, to Manufacturers, to Island, to Richardson, to Cende, to Canal, to Wellington Street bridge, to Murray, to Albert, to Chaboillez Square, to Inspector, to St. Paul, to St. Peter, to Commissioner, to Bonsecours Market, to wharves, to Brock Street tunnel, to Laguachetiere, to Champlain, to Amilty, to Iberville, to Forsyth, to the eastern limits of city, with double track where practicable—loop lines along Beaudry to Demontigny, and from Demontigny to Champlain. Also along St. Peter between Commissioner and Common, and along Common to intersect line on Commissioner Street. Also along Ottawa from Murray to Young, to Smith, to Murray, with transfers at all intersections of the company's system.

WINDSOR STATION, BONSECOURS MARKET AND ST. DENIS.

Route No. 2.—Commencing at Windsor Street, along Laguachetiere to Inspector, down Inspector to St. Paul, along St. Paul to St. Peter, down St. Peter to Commissioner, along Commissioner to Jacques Cartier Square, to Leroyer, to St. Claude, to Gosford, to Sanguinet, to Vitre, to Hotel de Ville Avenue, to Demontigny, to Cadieux, to St. Norbert, to Hotel de Ville Avenue, to Duluth Avenue, to St. Andre Street, to Marie Anne Street, to Cadieux Street, and down Cadieux to Laguachetiere, to St. Urbain, to Vitre, to Jurors and Latour Streets, to St. Monique, to Laguachetiere, to Windsor, with double track where practicable.

ST. ANDRE AND ST. DENIS NORTH.

Route No. 3.—Commencing at Laguachetiere, along St. Andre to St. Louis, to Montana, to Boyer, to St. Zotique, to St. Hubert, to northern limits of city, returning via St. Hubert, Comte, Boyer, Montana, St. Louis, St. Andre, Marie Anne, Champlain, Laguachetiere, St. Andre, with loop line along St. Timothee from Laguachetiere to Demontigny—double track where practicable.

ST. CATHERINE, PRINCE ARTHUR AND ST. DENIS NORTH.

Route No. 4.—Commencing at Dorchester, along Phillips Place to Aylmer, to Shuter, to Prince Arthur, to Hotel de Ville Avenue, to Marie Anne, to St. Andre, to St. Louis, to Montana, to Boyer, to St. Zotique, to St. Hubert, to northern limits of city, returning via St. Hubert, Comte, Montana, St. Louis, St. Andre, Duluth Avenue, St. Urbain, Prince Arthur, Shuter and Aylmer to place of beginning, with loop line along City Councillors Street, between Sherbrooke and Mayor, connecting with Shuter and Aylmer.

Extension along Duluth Avenue from St. Urbain to foot of mountain.

Loop line along Osborne to Mountain, down Mountain to Albert, along Albert to Chaboillez Square to Inspector Street.

MR. MULLARKEY SPEAKS.

It was just prior to adjournment that Mr. Mullarkey drew the attention of the committee to the position in which his company's application then stood. He began by stating that when Ald. Martineau, the chairman, had presented the original report of the committee on the question to Council it was found to be incomplete in so far as the routes were concerned. Ald. Martineau had promised that his committee would submit a supplementary report defining the routes to be occupied by the Terminal Company, so that the same might be included in the by-law which the city clerk was to prepare concerning the Terminal Railway question. Mr. Mullarkey desired to know if the committee was now prepared to take up the question of this supplementary report as he desired to do everything possible to expedite the position of the application made by his company, and which was now partially before the Council.

Ald. Turner, who occupied the chair in the unavoidable absence of Ald. Martineau, did not see any reason why the matter should not be considered immediately, and the rest of the committee concurred in this view.

Mr. Mullarkey then produced a plan of the city, showing clearly the extent of the system which he purposes operating, together with a type-written schedule of the different routes.

Ald. Lesperance suggested that perhaps it might be just as well to leave the matter in abeyance until next meeting if the company did not think it would occasion inconvenient delay.

Mr. Mullarkey, as his initial remarks indicate, was manifestly indisposed to concede any further delay, but Ald. Ouimet spoke for him.

"I am of the opinion," asserted Ald. Ouimet, "that this question should be dealt with at once. This terminal railway project has been before this committee for eight months now, and surely in that time every member has gained enough knowledge to enable him to act expeditiously I will therefore move that a supplementary report be made to Council recommending the routes indicated on the plan now submitted by Mr. Mullarkey and stated in the schedule annexed thereto."

After a slight discussion the resolution was unanimously adopted.

M. S. R. SERVICE.

City Surveyor Barlow made a report on the service of the Street Railway Company, in respect of which a number of complaints have reached the department. It was referred to the next meeting. General Manager Wanklyn, in a letter, said that wherever cars had been reported behind time the causes of the delay had been entirely beyond the company's control. At this time of the year a great deal of interruption was experienced from loaded sleighs getting stuck in the tracks. The superintendent, he added, had reported this as the most fruitful cause of the delays reported by the city inspectors. He enclosed an extract, in this connection, from the superintendent's report of Saturday, March 2nd, which read:

"Ontario and Wellington cars going south were delayed twenty minutes at the G.T.R. subway at 1.35 p.m. by corporation steamer thawing out water sewer."

That interruption, Mr. Wanklyn asserted, upset the entire line from Maisonneuve to the Queen's park, and doubtless caused annoyance to a large number of citizens on the eight miles of track in question, who were waiting and expecting cars at regular intervals.

"I would like you to rest assured," Mr. Wanklyn wrote, "that the company fully appreciates the necessity of running a regular service, and will spare no effort to bring about the desired result as far as it is in our power to do so."

Regarding the Park Avenue and River Front route, Mr. Wanklyn said that the service was not what could be expected if the route was completed and run, as set forth in the contract, along Commissioners and up Berri Street. The company was endeavoring to give the best possible service to meet the requirements as they existed with the facilities at its disposal. "If you desire," he concluded, "we would be willing to discontinue running the route entirely until such time as it is complete throughout, as there are really very few people who avail themselves of it at any time during the day."

COUNTER PETITIONS.

A number of petitions on the Street Railway question were read. The Amherst Park Company wanted the present company to lay a belt line in Amherst park. Another demanded the immediate construction of the Beaver Hall Hill spur from St. James to St. Catherine. Still a third opposed the building by the Terminal Company of a line on Cherrier Street; the residents said they were in sufficiently close proximity to the Amherst and St. Denis Street lines of the existing company. Several other petitions objected to any concessions to either company; enough of the streets were already given over to this class of service. Ald. Ouimet moved that the application of the Montreal Street Railway Company to construct lines around Amherst Park and down Beaver Hall Hill be laid on the table until after a final disposition had been made of the Terminal Company's application.

Messrs. Poupore and Malone, who have a contract for a dock at the eastern end of the harbor, have rented a quarry, and they ask for permission to lay a track on Nicolet Street to deliver stone at their works. The application was left over until next meeting.

Mr. A. Chartier was the only one who tendered to supply macadamizing stone. Ald. Wilson moved to award the contract, but Ald. Ouimet wanted the tender laid on the table until the whole membership was present. Agreed.

Messrs. D. Dugas & Co., plumbers, objected to a portico built over the sidewalk in front of the Deville theatre, but the City Surveyor said it was built according to the plan submitted to and approved by the department.

Music and the Drama

Considerable interest attaches to the forthcoming presentation of the Olga Nethersole version of "Sapho" at the Academy next week. Sadie Martinot, one of Montreal's favorites, will appear in the title role, supported by the same company which distinguished the run of the play during its 150 nights at Wallack's Theatre, New York. All the scenic investiture and magnificence of detail of the metropolitan production will be in evidence. There are over sixty people used in the performance which is under the immediate direction of Mr. Louis Nethersole.

* * *

The principal features of the vaudeville show at Proctor's this week will be the Frank Marven pickaninnies with Pauline Moran, the greatest singer of "coon" melodies. The other features are all good, but have not yet been announced.

* * *

To the Royal next week comes the familiar farce comedy "The Real Widow Brown." It is not a novelty here, but it rarely fails to draw good houses.

* * *

The new organ in First Church of Christ Scientist, Closse Street, Western Square, will be formally opened on Thursday evening, the 28th, by Mr. Percival Illsley, B. Mus. Mr. G. Ernest Muir will be the vocalist on that occasion and an excellent programme has been arranged.

* * *

It is a difficult matter to describe the charm with which Fra Elbertus holds his audiences from the first sentence to the last. It is none the less real because indescribable. How great it is is indicated by an incident which occurred in Mr. Hubbard's recent tour in the west. The ex-Governor of Colorado was so impressed with the lecture that he travelled hundreds of miles to hear him on the two following nights. A few good seats for the lecture this evening are yet unreserved at Karn's music store.

* * *

McEwen, the hypnotist, was born in Hawick, Scotland. He has travelled over most of the civilized world, giving exhibitions, and is considered in scientific circles to be the peer of every known hypnotist. His engagement in Montreal at the Windsor Hall begins on Monday, and he will be seen every evening during the week. The sale of seats opens this morning at Shaw's piano warerooms, and there promises to be a great rush for locations.

* * *

Mr. Albert Armstrong, of Boston, gives his famous illustrated lecture on "Beside the Bonnie Brier Bush" this evening in Windsor Hall. The Burlington Free Press speaks as follows of this unique entertainment: "The stereopticon views of scenes and characters portrayed so vividly by Ian Maclaren were superb. The exquisite coloring of the pictures, and their naturalness, held the audience spellbound. Mr. Armstrong is a clever elocutionist, and created new interest in the dwellers of Drumtochty Glen."

* * *

For the last two evenings Windsor Hall has been crowded almost to the doors by patrons of the concerts given by members of the various church choirs of the city in aid of the General Hospital. A chorus of nearly 400 voices is something of a variety and one which is well worth hearing. Thanks to constant practise it had attained a considerable degree of proficiency and sang with a spirit and enthusiasm which was highly commendable. It had been necessary to provide additional accommodation on the platform, the singers being grouped in a with the tenors and basses at the back and the sopranoes and altoes on either side.

The volume of sound could scarcely have been improved on, and it entirely filled the hall. The choruses, "The Heavens Are Telling" from the "Creation," and Mendelssohn's "Judge Me, Oh God," were particularly well given, while "From the Love as a Father," from Gounod's "Redemption," was enthusiastically applauded. Other numbers on the programme were Rossini's "Inflammatus," and "Hail, Bright Abode," from Tannhauser.

The soloists were Miss Marie Hollinshead, Mr. Edmund A. Burke, Miss Edith E. Torrey and Miss Eugenie Lewis.

* * *

There was a crowded house to hear Elbert Hubbard, in Toronto, last night. It was standing room only at 8 o'clock. To-night, at the Karn Hall, a good audience is assured. To meet the wishes of many who are anxious to hear him, the management have decided to place a limited number of seats in the gallery on sale at 50 cents.

TO MANAGE THE RICHELIEU.

Mr. C. P. Talon, formerly of the Grand Trunk Railway, has been appointed manager of the Richelieu Hotel. Mr. Talon has served the Grand Trunk in several capacities. He comes here from Kingston, Ont., where he has been at the head of the freight checkers. A renovation and reorganization of the hotel is coincident with the appointment of the new manager.

HALF-HOUR TALKS TO CHILDREN.—"How Paper is Made" is the subject of the lecture to-morrow afternoon. As paper is a household word, a crowded house is assured.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN TWO DAYS
Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause.

SAID LANDREMAN MADE AN OFFER

To Set Fire to the Store for $1.50—Hoolahan Arrested Yesterday.

Details as to the character and credibility of Andre Landreman who has turned King's evidence in the arson case now being heard before Mr. Justice Wurtele, and in which he is charged with David Barsolou, Mrs. B. Gougeon and Onesime Pelletier with having attempted to set fire to 625 St. James Street, were the object of the examination made yesterday by the lawyers for the defence. Arthur Rochon, a tailor, of Payment & Rochon, said he knew Landreman very well. Not long ago he had come into the store to have a chat. During the conversation witness had remarked that times were dull and money was scarce. Landreman had added that such conditions could be partially remedied. "How?" witness had asked. "Well, you are insured, why don't you set fire to your place?" A conversation had then taken place on this subject, during which witness had said, "I do not want to go down for fourteen years." "You and your partner are fools," Landreman had said, adding, "if you give me $1.50 I will provide the necessaray things, and put the place on fire in such a way that the police will never find it out." The stock of Payment & Rochon was insured in the North British and Mercantile Insurance Company for $200.

THE PARTNER'S EVIDENCE.

Joseph Wilfrid Payment, partner of the previous witness corroborated the greater portion of his evidence. He remembered a conversation between Rochon & Landreman when the latter had offered to set the tailor store on fire, and said he understood Landreman's offer to have been, "Give me $1.50 and I will do the thing myself."

The last witness was Joseph Rochon, a barber, who said he had visited Barsolou's saloon on February 11, and had been there from early in the evening until about midnight. He had chatted with Barsalou about horses and racing. He did not remember seeing Barsalou giving money to either Pelletier or Landreman. He was positive moreover that he had not ever seen either of them that night.

HOOLAHAN ARRESTED.

The closing incident of the day was the arrest of John Hoolahan, merchant, of St. Henri, on the charge of attempting to bribe witnesses. The warrant alleges that on March 19 Hoolahan endeavored to frustrate the ends of justice by offering $25 to J. Eugene Plamondon, carter, to influence him to give false evidence in the present arson case. Hoolahan, it will be remembered, was admitted to bail to secure his continued appearance in court during the trial. He was not supposed at any time to leave the room. Yesterday, it is said, he left the court room and mingled with the witnesses for the defence. The detectives then went before Judge Choquet, who signed the warrant for Hoolahan's arrest. Mr. St. Pierre protested against the manner of proceeding on the part of the Crown. Judge Wurtele ordered the prisoner to be taken before him this morning.

POINT ST. CHARLES

'TWAS A GREAT SUCCESS

RAILWAY MEN'S ANNUAL CONCERT AND SUPPER LAST EVENING.

There will be a Scotch concert in St. Matthew's Church this evening.

Mr. R. McGillivray, of Edinburgh, Scotland, is stopping with Mrs. Hamilton, Magdalen Street.

During the past week 18 first-class day coaches and 102 freight cars have been turned out of the Point shops. This is the largest output in the history of the works.

Mr. W. H. Blackaller has kindly promised to take charge of the Railway Men's Bible Class to be held every Saturday evening in the Railway Association. The first meeting will be held to-morrow evening.

Aldermen Turner, Tansey and Gallery, the Point representatives in the City Council, have been invited to attend the meeting called by the Municipal Reform Association in Lomas Hall this evening.

The death of Miss M. A. B. Desjardins occurred yesterday morning at the residence of her father, 5 Manufacturer Street. The funeral will take place to-morrow morning to St. Charles Church and thence to Cotedes Neiges Cemetery.

In anticipation of the heavy travel during the coming summer, the Grand Trunk Railway yesterday placed an order in the Point shops for 50 locomotives of the giant boiler and high-wheeled type of the design of Mr. F. W. Morse, superintendent of motive power.

A meeting of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen was held in Fraternity Hall on Wednesday evening. A report of the Switchmen's International Union was read, which showed that while two years ago it had less than 1,000 members, it now has 133 local unions and more than 13,000 members. The members of the Railroad Brotherhoods are kept busy at present owing to the big double-header freight trains run now, one crew doing the work formerly done by two.

That the popularity of the Railway Men's Association is rapidly increasing throughout the Point was fully demonstrated last evening by the unprecedented success of the annual supper and concert. From 6 o'clock till close onto midnight it was one continued round of merriment, in which young and old alike joined. The members of the Ladies' Auxiliary are to be congratulated on the manner in which everything was conducted. Among those who sat down to supper were:—Mr. C. T. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Blackaller, Rev. Melvin Taylor, Dr. Hall, Mr. Crumpton, Dr. R. Wilson, Rev. E. A. Mackenzie, Dr. and Mrs. Sharp, Rev. and Mrs. J. R. Webb, Mr. and Mrs. Cathcart Wallace, Misses Stirling, Mrs. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. D. Barton, Miss Wallace, Miss Jennings, Mrs. Hamilton, Mrs. Laurie, Miss McCabe, Mr. T. S. Morrison and Mr. Jacoby. During the concert which followed Mr. Nutter, on behalf of the R.R.Y.M.C.A. and the Ladies' Auxiliary, presented Miss Blackaller, the organist, with a very pretty silver tea set on the occasion of her approaching marriage to Mr. Jacoby.

The members and friends of the Point St. Charles Congregational Church choir held their postponed outing to the Old Folks' Home, Longue Point, on Tuesday night, in a special car. Mr. B. Bean, in the absence of the Rev. D. S. Hamilton, acted as chairman in a creditable manner. The following ladies and gentlemen carried out a varied programme: Misses Munroe, Brook, Jenkins, Kidd, Christie, Wiley, Ioa and Brennan, and Messrs. Bean, J. H. and M. E. Pritchard. Mr. A. Munslow gave selections on the gramaphone during the evening. Each inmate was presented with a bag of candies. The choir members wish to thank Mrs. Ohling, the matron, and her staff, for the hearty welcome extended to them. Quite a number of the resident neighbors were present. The singing of the National Anthem brought a pleasant evening to a close.



BRISTOL'S
SARSAPARILLA
CURES
Liver, Stomach and Kidney Troubles, Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Sores, and all Eruptions.
It is a Great Cleanser of the Blood.

TRACK ACROSS AQUEDUCT STREET NOT YET SETTLED

The question of the Grand Trunk siding to the fruit shed which the Montreal Fruit Exchange purposes erecting was not settled, as Chairman Sadler expected it would be, at the meeting of the level crossings committee yesterday afternoon. Ald. Sadler had succeeded in getting General Manager Reeves to accept a siding merely across Aqueduct Street, though the company was desirous of carrying it also across Mountain Street, the next street further east. Ald. Sadler, therefore, proposed that the siding across Aqueduct Street be permitted. Ald. Turner then moved that the railway be given permission to build a temporary track, and in this he was supported by Ald. Sadler. Aldermen Faucher and Raby, however, ranged themselves in opposition, and the matter will have to rest in abeyance until Alderman Martineau, Laporte and Smith, the remaining members of the committee, are present.

LAKE AND RAIL CONFERENCE.

A conference of passenger representatives of the railway and steamboat lines of Canada and their United States connections was begun yesterday at the Queen's Hotel, Toronto, the principal subject under consideration being the Canadian excursion agreement and the amendment proposed to it, and the excursion rates between steamboats and railways. The Canadian Pacific was represented at the meeting by Mr. C. E. E. Ussher, general passenger agent, and the Grand Trunk by Mr. G. T. Bell. The conference was presided over by Mr. J. H. Walsh, general freight and passenger agent of the Quebec Central, and Mr. A. Fabian, excursion clerk of the C.P.R., acted as secretary.

It is expected that a uniform rate will be formulated for lake and river traffic before the conference closes.

A RECORD OUTPUT.

During the week ending March 10 eighteen first-class day coaches and 102 freight cars were turned out by the Grand Trunk Railway shops at Point St. Charles, the largest output in any single week in the history of the works.

SOME EXCEPTIONALLY CHOICE FRUIT

Received into store yesterday—the pick of the New York market.
PINE APPLES, INDIAN RIVER, FLORIDA, ORANGES,
FLORIDA GRAPE FRUIT, and PALERMO LEMONS.

"Smooth Cayennes," Fancy Large Florida Pine Apples, 60 cents each.
Florida Indian River Oranges, of the very finest quality, 60 cents per dozen.
"Golden Eagle" Brand, Arcadia, Florida Fancy Grape Fruit, largest sizes and finest quality of Shaddocks.

Fancy Shaddocks .....20 cents each, $2.00 per dozen
Fancy Shaddocks .....25 cents each, $2.50 per dozen
Fancy Shaddocks .....30 cents each, $3.00 per dozen

All the "Golden Eagle" Brand and all the same superior quality, only difference being in size of fruit.
Choicest Palermo Lemons, 25 cents per dozen.
Tangarine Oranges, Etc., Etc.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

Telephone your orders this morning to MAIN 3404 for
FRESH STRAWBERRIES, CHOICE LETTUCE, SELECT CELERY,
FRESH CUCUMBERS, FRESH FLORIDA ASPARAGUS, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Due to arrive by Express this morning—

THE DEERFOOT FARM SPECIALTIES

DEERFOOT SAUSAGES ..... in 1 lb. parcels
DEERFOOT SAUSAGE MEAT..... in 1 lb. boxes
DEERFOOT SLICED BACON..... in 1 lb. boxes

ALSO—
THE FAMOUS NEW ENGLAND HOME-MADE SAUSAGE, from Plymouth, N.H.
DEVONSHIRE CREAM, in glasses, NEUFCHATEL CHEESE and
BAR-LE-DUC JELLY, THE VIGER CREAM CHEESE, Etc., Etc.
FRASER, VIGER & CO.

S. Davis & Sons Clear Havana Cigars.

(CUBAN WORKMANSHIP.)
Will be found regularly in stock at The Italian Warehouse.
CLEAR HAVANAS

		Per box.	Per 100.
Davis' "Concha Regalia"	In boxes of 50	$4.00	$8.00
Davis' "Puritanos"	In boxes of 50	4.50	9.00
Davis' "Puritanos Finos"	In boxes of 50	5.00	10.00
Davis' "Perlas"	In boxes of 25	3.00	12.00
Davis' "Perfectos"	In boxes of 25	3.50	14.00
Davis' "Soberanos"	In boxes of 25	3.75	15.00

FRASER, VIGER & CO., 207, 209 and 211 ITALIAN WAREHOUSE ST. JAMES STREET.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

Butterick's Patterns and Publications!

A "Special"

In High-Class Millinery, for Saturday Shoppers!

TO-MORROW, we will offer in our Millinery Department:—100 only Ladies' beautifully trimmed Hats, in the very latest and finest styles, at the exceptionally close cut price of $5.00!

A FEATURE FOR THE SEASON!

We intend to make this "$5.00 Saturday offer" a feature in our Millinery Department for the season, and thus to enable ladies to buy a stylish hat at a small price!

New Gloves, New Hosiery, New Underwear, New Blouses, etc.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.
2343 ST. CATHERINE STREET,
Terms Cash. (CORNER METCALFE.) Telephone Up 933

PREMIUMS

GIVEN FOR TRADE MARKS OF

STRACHAN'S GILT EDGE SOAP
Strachan's Pure Perfumed Powdered Lye
Strachan's Oriental Washing Powder

Ladies' Fancy Ware—Ladies' Crescent and Star Pearl Brooch, Hand and Stand Mirror combined, for 60 wrappers.

Choice Silverware—One piece of Silverware, with "999 fine" Silver, Satin Finished, Hand Engraved and Hand Burnished, for 400 wrappers, or 25 wrappers and $1.25.

Read diligently List and Directions on Strachan's Gilt Edge Soap Wrapper.

Scroggie's

We were prepared for a change of weather and with our stock of umbrellas no one need go wet.—See the great range of stock and prices. Two special lines for children.

We have called your attention before to a great display of curtains, now see they are properly hung —The most expensive curtain looks bad if it be slovenly shown—looks worse than a picture hung crookedly.—Ensure yourself against this by purchasing proper rods and rings of which we have a wide assortment.

Our five special lines of Ladies' Gloves are worthy of your attention and comparison.

A few extra specialties in our Jewellery Department.

N. B.—Mail orders promptly attended to.

Curtain Fixtures

BRASS CURTAIN RINGS.

1 inch..... 25c dozen
1¼-inch..... 25c dozen
1½-inch..... 27c dozen
1¾-inch..... 35c dozen
1¾-inch..... 40c dozen
2 inch..... 45c dozen
2¼-inch..... 50c dozen
2⅜-inch..... 50c dozen
Special 1¾-inch rings..... 8c dozen
3 and 3½ inch extra quality Brass Rings, worth 90c, for 60c a dozen.

BRASS EXTENSION RODS.

Just received—Complete line of above for sash and long curtains, at following sizes and prices:

15½ x 30 at.....20c, with brackets
22 x 40 at.....20c, with brackets
24 x 46 at.....25c, with brackets
23 x 45 at.....15c, with brackets
28 x 54 at.....30c, with brackets
32 x 54 at.....30c, with brackets
28 x 54 at.....30c, with brackets

BRASS EXTENSION POLE BRACKETS.

1½-inch at.....40c per pair
1½-inch Brass Pole Brackets..10c per pair
1½-inch Wood Pole Brackets..10c per pair
2¼-inch Brass Pole Brackets..25c per pair
Shade Tassels.....10c and 15c per pair
Full line Wood and Brass Curtain Ends from 15c set up.
Lace for Window Shades, 10c and 15c a yard.
Swinging Wood Cranes for Portieres or Curtains, $1.19 each.
Full assortment of Window Shades in all the leading colors.

Jewellery

Jet Belts, 1½-inch wide, regular 30c, for 19c.
Pocket Knives, regular 45c, for 35c.
Candle Stick, complete, $1.19.
Sterling Silver Match Box, regular $1.50, for $1.25.
Gilt Photo Frame, cabinet size, regular 30c, for 20c.
Hat Pins, special, 20c.
Sterling Silver Shaving Mugs, regular $4.50, for $3.95.

Umbrellas

Men's Black Twill Serge Umbrellas, 80c, $1.00; steel rods.
Men's Gloria Silk Umbrellas, steel rods, Paragon frame, $1.25, $1.45, $1.75, $1.95, $2.50; guaranteed fast black.
Ladies' Black Twill Serge Umbrellas, steel rods, 50c, 60c, 75c, 79c, $1.00, with natural wood handles.
Ladies' Black Mercerised Silk Umbrellas, guaranteed fast black, $1.10, $1.15, $1.19, $1.25, $1.29, $1.45, all with Paragon frames.
Ladies' Black Gloria Silk Umbrellas, steel rods, plain and fancy handles, Paragon frame, guaranteed fast black, $1.45, $1.50, $1.58, $1.65, $1.69, $1.75, $1.85, $1.95, $1.98, $2.25, $2.75 and up.
Children's School Umbrellas at 50c, 60c, 75c, $1.00, $1.15; steel rods, natural wood handles.
Children's School Umbrellas, wood rods, 35c each.

Gloves

French Kid Gloves—the newest from leading Paris houses.
"Strathcona" Ladies' 2-dome Fine French Kid Gloves, with silk embroidered backs, colors tan, modes, browns, grays, pearl, primrose, blues, greens, reds, white and black, embroidery, self, white or black, sizes 5½ to 7½, at $1.00 a pair.
"L'Aigion" Ladies' 2-dome Extra Fine French Kid Gloves, with new fine silk embroidered back, in white, self or black, all the new spring shades and black, sizes 5½ to 7, in colors, 5½ to 7½ in black, at $1.25 per pair.
"Rostand" Ladies' 2-dome Kid Gloves, best of French manufacture, colors and embroideries of the latest, 5½ to 7, in colors, 5½ to 7 in black, $1.45 per pair.
"Canadienne" Ladies' 2-dome Pique Sewn French Kid Gloves, with Paris point embroidered, colors tans, modes grays, black, at $1.45.
"Victoria" Ladies' 2-dome Fine Soft Kid Gloves, silk embroidered backs, self and black, colors tans, modes, grays, oxblood, brown, white and black, 5½ to 7¼, 75c.
All above lines are made specially for us, and every pair is guaranteed to fit and not tear.

W. H. Scroggie, Corner St. Catherine and University Sts.



Here's Richness.

Good for Brain, Muscle-forming, Fattening, liked by little and big, old and young. Always just right. Better values than old process bread. Telephone us, we'll do the rest. NEW PROCESS BREAD.

JAMES M. AIRD.

Caledonia Water

BEAVER BRAND

Thousands of people drink Mineral Waters now. Of these thousands those who have tried ROWAN BROS. BEAVER BRAND prefer it to any other. It is sparkling and exhilarating, delightful to the taste and healthful to the system. Try it once and use it always.

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Gas Fitters, Plumber and Steam Fitters.
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Money to lend on Diamonds, Watches, Jewellery, Clothing, Furs, Dry Goods, and all kinds of merchandise.
BUSINESS STRICTLY PRIVATE.
Open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Furs stored at low charges during summer months.

NOTICE.—THE BUSINESS HERETOFORE carried on by the late L. Aronson, as Pawnbroker, at 601 Craig Street, will be conducted as usual, under the management of the partner, H. Rutenberg, at the Old Stand. March 16th, 1901. tf

Lachine Rapids Electric Current

If you require the best and cheapest electric light or power, have our agent call on you.

Contracts will be taken for any term to suit our customers, at the same price per annum, whether for one or ten years, with the benefit of any further reduction in rates during contract.

Current Supplied for

House Lighting,
Store Lighting,
Advertising,
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Factories,
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If you use electricity for any of the above purposes, you cannot afford to close contracts without getting our rates, which are the lowest in Montreal.

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DIET DISPENSARY
97 Osborne Street.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

135 to 139 St. James Street,
MONTREAL.
HENRY HOGAN, Proprietor.
The best known hotel in the Dominion.

MR. MARCIL WINS MORE LAURELS

Member for Bonaventure and Mr. W. R. Brock, of Toronto Centre, Speak on the Budget.

Ottawa, March 22.—(Special.)—The budget debate yesterday took a turn for the better, and some excellent speeches were made. Mr. Charles Marcil added new laurels to those which he earned as seconder of the address in reply to the speech from the throne. He spoke eloquently and well of the great strides which Canada has taken forward under the beneficent policy of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Government, and he was listened to with marked attention by both sides of the House. The flashes of wit which broke out every now and again were relished keenly, and even Mr. Clarke Wallace had to laugh at the rubs which he was given. In earnest, manly words he appealed for national unity and the sinking of race and religious questions in a true Canadian nationality. This is a doctrine which Mr. Marcil has ever preached, and which he will lose no opportunity of urging upon his fellow-members of Parliament with all the persuasive eloquence of which he is such a master. It is a worthy aim which he has set before him, and, following it, he will be one of the most valuable members in Parliament.

Mr. W. F. MacLean made a fiery attack upon the United States, and called upon the Government to bring that country to time by imposing the highest possible tariff of duties on all articles coming from that country. In every way his speech was in strong contrast to that of the member for Bonaventure.

Another striking speech was made on the Conservative side by Mr. W. R. Brock, of Toronto Centre, who came out flat-footed against the preference. As a business man and an old school Tory, he said plainly that he was prepared to vote against it.

THE GRAIN COMMISSION.

Mr. Monk asked the Premier if there was any objection to laying before Parliament the report of the grain commission which recently sat in Montreal.

Sir Wilfrid said it would be brought down at once.

CAPTAIN BERNIER.

Mr. Monk also asked if the Government would shortly announce its policy in regard to the assistance Captain Bernier asked for his proposed expedition to the North Pole.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—Do you favor it?

Mr. Monk—Personally I do.

Sir Wilfrid stated that the matter had been engaging the attention of the Government, and an early announcement of its policy would be made.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

In reply to Mr. Monk again the Minister of the Interior stated that the ordnance lands in the parish of Longueuil have been rented by Joseph Lapointe for a rent of $300 per annum payable in advance. He owes $50 on account of the rent for 1901. Besides him A. C. Bernard was an applicant for the lands. The lands were advertised for sale on July 17, 1900, but none were sold, the offers made not exceeding the upset price.

MR. MARCIL'S SPEECH.

Mr. Marcil (Bonaventure) resumed the debate on the budget. He came, he said, from a constituency which was principally interested in agriculture and fishing, and which chiefly wanted reciprocity with the United States in order to obtain a market for their products in the Eastern States. The most prosperous times ever experienced in the Province of Quebec had been in the years from 1854 to 1865, during which time Canada had reciprocal trade relations with the United States. The hon. gentleman congratulated the Government on its tariff policy, declaring that what the country wanted was a revenue tariff. There was no doubt that it was to some extent designed as a protective tariff. In framing a tariff for revenue it happened that a certain amount of protection would be given, but it had not the bad features of a protective tariff. The Laurier-Fielding tariff removed all the injustices of the Conservative customs laws, and afforded adequate protection incidentally to all native industries. Mr. Marcil then took up the charge that the last elections in Quebec had been run on racial lines, and eloquently refuted it. He referred to the great Conservative leaders of the days when Quebec thought that party was the one which could best unite the different races in Canada, and continued:

"In those days the French-Conservative party in Quebec impressed the people with the idea that it had the support of the church; that was one of its pillars, and the other was furnished by the friends of the hon. member for West York. To-day the conditions are changed; on November 7 the people of Quebec decided in favor of the best men and the best policy. (Hear, hear.) There was a man in the late contest who aspired to the leadership of his compatriots in this House, but he had the misfortune to link his fortunes with the member for West York, and we had the spectacle of French-Catholic Beauharnois electing my friend (Mr. Loy), an English Protestant. (Cheers.)

Mr. Wallace retorted that if Mr. Marcil read the Globe he would see that Mr. Bergeron had made a bitter attack on himself (Mr. Wallace), adding: "I presume that accounts for his defeat."

Mr. Marcil—Well, Mr. Speaker, I am sorry the hon. gentleman had to be disavowed by his own colleague, but I am sorry for that gentleman personally that he linked his fortunes with the gentleman from West York. I do not want to drift away from this discussion, but after the remarks made I do not want it to go abroad that Quebec voted on racial lines.

QUEBEC'S TOLERANT SPIRIT.

There are eighteen English-speaking representatives from Quebec, thirteen Protestants and five Catholics. We have in Montreal a double division, St. Louis overwhelmingly French, and St. Lawrence largely English. If the French wished they could have elected a man of their own, but they gave way and our friend from St. Lawrence Division (Mr. Bickerdike) was elected. (Cheers.) We have the old county of Chateauguay, a piece of land which should be sacred to all Canadians, that shred of country on which Chateauguay saved the British flag in this country. That country, with its overwhelming French and Catholic population, has been represented since Confederation by an English Protestant. The division of St. Antoine, Montreal, while English, is equally divided between the two creeds, but always elects an English Protestant. Sherbrooke, where the French-Canadians are in the majority, elects an English Protestant; the county of Quebec, where nine-tenths of the people are French Catholics, has elected the most brilliant Irish Catholic in the Dominion, the Solicitor-General. Richmond and Wolfe, three-quarters French, is represented at Quebec by an English Protestant, and here by an Irish Roman Catholic. Altogether there are eighteen constituencies, in nearly all of which, had the French-Canadians voted on racial or religious lines, they would have elected their men and so had an almost solid French delegation from Quebec. They did not do that; they voted for the policy first and the man after. (Cheers.) Why should they not? Is there a man in Canada who has not at all times been proud of the Prime Minister of this Dominion? (Cheers.) Why should French-Canadians be called upon to vote against him merely because he is a French-Canadian?

It was a fortunate thing for Canada, Mr. Marcil went on to say, that it had such a Prime Minister at the time the contingents were sent to South Africa. The vote the other night on the Bourassa motion had been the most eloquent tribute to the real, genuine, patriotic services rendered by the right honorable gentleman not only to Canada, but to the Empire at large. Replying to some remarks made by Mr. Bennett (East Simcoe) regarding his presence in the riding during the by-election of 1897, Mr. Marcil said: "The reason the honorable gentleman was elected—I do not want to speak ill of a man who is not in the House—was because of the unpopularity of our own candidate, Mr. H. H. Cooke. (Hear, hear.) I can inform the hon. gentleman that if any other reputable citizen of East Simcoe had on that occasion been the candidate, the hon. gentleman would not have been returned here. (Hear, hear.) People would tell me that they were willing to vote for the Government, but they would not vote for Mr. Cook. I am glad to see that my hon. friend and Mr. Cook are now strong and steadfast personal friends, trying to get up a scandal regarding senatorships." (Laughter.)

MANITOBA CATHOLIC SCHOOLS.

Replying to Mr. Bennett's taunt that he had not gone back to East Simcoe to denounce the Government for not passing a remedial act Mr. Marcil said: "Two years ago I was in Manitoba assisting in the local election, and while there I went into the homes and schools of the people of the three French counties. I am able to say that the French Metis and the French Catholic population of the Province of Manitoba never had as fine schools as they have to-day. (Hear, hear.) If I am not mistaken my hon. friend from West York was there at the same time. He probably went up to support the Greenway Government, which had done away with Catholic schools, or probably to do something else. (Laughter.) What happened was this, that the people who were interested in the Catholic schools of Manitoba, the people whom the Conservative party had sought to offer up to this country as victims, voted almost to a man for the candidates of the party which opposed the remedial bill. (Hear, hear.) I hope that as long as my hon. friend opposite remains at the head of the Orange order he will inculcate in them a love for this country." (Laughter).

AN APPEAL FOR UNITY.

Mr. Marcil in conclusion said: "I adhere to the declaration which I made when I first had the honor of addressing this House, that whatever little I do here shall, if possible, try to bring about a better understanding among all classes. I would remind our friends from Ontario when they come in contact with the people of other Provinces to try to bring about a better understanding, to inspire themselves by what we see in our old city of Quebec, down on the Plains of Abraham, where, under the protection of British guns, there stands a pillar of stone. On that pillar are engraved the two names, Montcalm and Wolfe; Wolfe, the victorious British general, and Montcalm, who died on the field of battle. Let us in our efforts point to that silent monument of what our fathers did to bury racial feeling, so that we can perpetuate it among the present generation of Canadians and transmit it to those who shall come after us." (Cheers).

MACLEAN ON PROTECTION.

Mr. W. F. McLean said that if many more Liberals made protectionist speeches there would soon be no free traders behind the leader of the House. For himself he was a protectionist, for he believed with all protectionists that the Government should interefere as much as possible with the business of the country, while free traders maintained that the Government should interefere as little as possible with the government of the country. All the great countries of the world were protectionist—the United States, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Canada, Russia; Australia was coming round to it; South Africa would adopt it. Nowadays it was a struggle for survival, so Englishmen were getting tired of the brotherhood of man and doing something to help themselves instead of other people.

The Manchester school was dead, John Stuart Mill and his successors were ghosts, the "little Englanders" had disappeared from English politics, people who had received Cobden medals refuse to wear them even when they had been bestowed by the society. The most significant fact today in regard to fiscal policies was that the steel and iron industry was passing away from free trade England to the protectionist United States.

Mr. Maclean devoted some attention to the attitude of the present Government to free trade and protection, and drew the conclusion that it was a protectionist Government, for it still adhered to bounties, specific duties, subsidies and so forth, all engines of protection. He sneered at the prferential feature of the tariff as being one-sided and only giving a bogus preference to England. It was because the Government had stuck to a protective tariff since 1896 that the country had boomed. The Premier was either a bogus free trader or a protectionist who was ashamed to say so. Going further into the matter of the preference, Mr. Maclean declared that it was Germany, not England, which got the advantage of the preference, and all she did for it was to turn around and shut Canada out of her markets. Our woollen imports were 75 per cent. German and only 25 per cent. British, but came in as British under the preferential rate. Quoting from the Pentateuch the Mosaic law of the scapegoat, the hon. gentleman applied it to the Government, and said it had made a scapegoat of the woollen industry in Canada for its past sins in the matter of unrestricted reciprocity and other trade policies.

The Minister of Customs (Mr. Paterson)—And would you repeal the preference?

Mr. Maclean—My policy is to repeal the one-sided preference, and I may quote Sir John Macdonald and a good many other Conservatives also when I say it.

Mr. Paterson—And repeal the resolution of your leader, too?

Mr. Maclean—The resolution is exactly on my lines. The hon. gentleman from East York went on to talk of what should be done in regard to the United States in very plain and emphatic language. Said he:—

HOW TO TREAT THE STATES.

"The Americans have always been unfriendly to Canada. I believe in the law of retaliation in tariffs; I believe in the lex talionis. There is no other way out of it. It is the only way to bring the Americans to their senses, and make them respect our rights in mining, our rights in the fisheries, our rights in the Alaska boundary. The United States has never shown the slightest magnanimity or liberality to any country smaller than itself. They are bull-dozers, they are men of sharp practices, they take advantage on every occasion of their opponent, and yet they are the most vulnerable country on the face of the earth. England could bring the United States to time in five minutes if it tried. Hon. gentlemen may laugh, but Russia very quickly called their bluff. There are hundreds of things we import from the States which we could make or grow for ourselves. Let us do so, let the Empire get everything it needs within our own colonies, and then the Canadians will put the screws on the tail-twisters of the Eastern States."

To sum up, Mr. Maclean asked for a reciprocity of tariffs as against the United States and Germany, and when Mr. Paterson asked him if he would go in for reciprocity of tariffs with England he replied: "Reciprocity of tariffs, how? We will give England a preference by a reduction of 50 per cent. if necessary, but we want to bring the United States to time. I believe in rough treatment for rough treatment, and I would give the Americans the same tariff they give us."

Mr. Roche (Lib., Halifax) spoke briefly, and was followed by Mr. W. R. Brock, who made his maiden speech in the House, and said that the Premier had made the mistake of his life at the Diamond Jubilee in England, when he did not utilize the occasion to come nearer to some arrangement for a mutual preference. It was said that England would not listen to such a proposal, but as a matter of fact England was giving preferences every day. She gave, for instance, bonuses to steamship lines, which were an advantage to the postal facilities and the commerce of Canada. Complaint was being made of high freight rates in Canada and high insurance rates on the St. Lawrence route. One way to avoid that was to avoid these enormous imports. There was now a critical state of affairs in connection with manufacturing industries. If they could not do business to advantage their credit would be injured and the harm thus done could not be repaired by any tinkering with the tariff. What was the way out of the difficulty? The worst way was to shut down the factories, although even this would be better than running at a loss. Another way was to run half time, and any manufacturer knew how serious a matter this would be. Still another way, and the way that seemed inevitable, was to reduce wages at least one-third. He had been told this by manufacturers who had supported the Liberals because they were promised the seventy million market. Such a course would mean that the high-class workman would be driven away. They would not stand the reduction, and they would go where wages were good—to the highest protected country in the world.

THE PRESENT PREFERENCE.

Of his own knowledge he declared that the present British preference was no preference at all. Why should we give the manufacturers of Yorkshire an advantage over a manufacturer in this country?

All this was due to this preference for which hon. gentlemen opposite took so much credit. The Liberals threw across the House the rather cheap question: "Why do you not move a vote of want of confidence? Why do you not move to cancel that preference?" Well, if his individual opinion were asked, he would assuredly, inasmuch as he thought it an injury, consider it his duty to do away with it.

The discussion was continued by Messrs. Ross (South Ontario), Vrooman (South Victoria), and Clare (South Waterloo).

SESSION OF THE SENATE.

Ottawa, March 22.—In the Senate yesterday a number of petitions against the Bell Telephone Company being allowed to increase their rates, and asking that they be bound to supply telephones to persons whose premises are adjacent to their line were received.

In reply to Hon. Mr. Macdonald (British Columbia) regarding the Yukon district, Hon. David Mills said Mr. Ogilvie, recently commissioner in the Yukon, was desirous of being relieved. Hon. James Hamilton Ross succeeds him. He was for many years connected with the Government in the North-West, and possesses the confidence of the people.

The Grand Trunk Railway bill was read a second time.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell asked the suspension of the rule regarding the bill to be posted for twenty-four hours before being taken in committee as the bill was urgent.

This was granted, and the bill referred to the Railway Committee. The Nakusp and Slocan was read a second time.

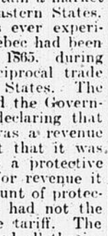
Hon. Mr. Templeman asked an explanation.

Hon. Mr. Kirchoffer read the bill, pointing out that the railway was not yet built. It had passed Slocan but not reached Nakusp, so more time was required. It was not convenient to have the head office at either of these places, so they wanted it at Montreal.

Hon. Mr. Templeman was obliged for the lucid explanation. The railway had been running for some years. However, they might know more in committee.

The bill was sent to committee.

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That's precisely what Vapo-Cresolene does. You light the vaporizer, the vapor of Cresolene is given off. Not a disease germ can live in this vapor, yet it can't possibly harm even the youngest child. Just naturally breathe-in the vapor; it destroys the germs of la grippe, hay fever, influenza, and whooping-cough. It's the common sense treatment for all troubles of the throat and bronchial tubes. 26

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including the Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a life-time, and a bottle of Cresolene, complete, $1.50; extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Illustrated booklet containing physicians' testimonials free upon request. VAPO-CRESOLENE Co., 180 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.

REPORT ON LAST YEAR'S CROPS IN NEW BRUNSWICK

St. John, N.B., March 22.—In committee of the Legislature, the Commissioner of Agriculture gave returns showing that the returns of the wheat yield last year averaged 18.8 bushels per acre. The total crop was 504,000 bushels. Oats were five and a quarter million bushels. Fifty-four cheese factories produced two million pounds of cheese, an increase of a quarter of a million. Thirty-three butter factories made 462,000 pounds, a gain of one-third over last year, when there were 25 factories. Exports of cheese and butter were $170,000.

FRENCH BROKERS WANT NO "CORNERS"

Paris, March 22.—The Chamber of Deputies has adopted the commission's report in favor of the prosecution of M. Jaluzet, the National deputy, who is reported to have attempted to corner the sugar market in Paris.

LAXA LIVER PILLS



Those who have used Laxa-Liver Pills say they have no equal for relieving and curing **Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Coated Tongue, Foul Breath, Heart Burn, Water Brash** or any disease or disorder of the stomach, liver or bowels.

Mrs. George Williams, Fairfield Plains, Ont., writes as follows: "As there are so many other medicines offered for sale in substitution for Laxa-Liver Pills I am particular to get the genuine, as they far surpass anything else for regulating the bowels and correcting stomach disorders."

Laxa-Liver Pills are purely vegetable; neither gripe, weaken nor sicken, are easy to take and prompt to act.

AMUSEMENTS.

PROCTOR'S 10c 25c 50c

The Popular Family Theatre
GRAND SUCCESS OF
CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE.

Marcel's Art Reproductions; The Kalatechnoscope, with local pictures; Mary Dupont and Charles Lothian; Hill and Hull; Little and Pritzkow; Sophie Burnham; Gibson Brothers; Travel Views, and other Big Novelties.
Special Features for Ladies and Children.
Afternoons—All Orchestra, 25c; all else, 10c.
Doors Open at 1.30 and 7 p.m. daily.

Art Association of Montreal.

PHILLIPS SQUARE.

LECTURE BY
WALTER S. PERRY, M.A.
Art Director of Pratt Institute, Brooklyn,
Subject:
"SARACENIC ART"
With Illustrations.
Friday, March 22nd, 1901, at 8.15 p.m.

WINDSOR HALL Popular Course.

ARMSTRONG

In his ever popular Picture Play, BESIDE THE BONNIE BRIAR BUSH, Friday Evening Next, 22nd inst.

(Ticket holders please use Armstrong tickets marked No. 5, as No. 4 N.Y. Musical Club Concert will be given in April.)
Popular prices, 25c, 50c, 75c. Seats now on sale at Shaw's.

MONTREAL DRAMATIC ACADEMY,

2444a ST. CATHERINE ST.
The Only School of Acting in Canada.

Classes now open in Dramatic Elocution and Physical Culture, Amateurs coached. Plays for sale. Entertainments furnished for all occasions on short notice. Call or send for prospectus. ARTHUR J. COLEMAN, Director.



First Prince of Wales' Regiment Fusileers

Commencing Monday, 25th instant, and until further notice, Companies will parade weekly, as follows:
Monday, A and B; Tuesday, C and D; Wednesday, E and F; Thursday, G and H.
All parades 8.15 p.m.. Uniform—Drill order.
By order,
G. H. FERGUSSON, Lieut.,
Adjutant.

MONTREAL DIET DISPENSARY

The Annual Meeting

Of the Diet Dispensary will be held in the Committee Room of the Young Women's Christian Association, on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27th,
At HALF-PAST THREE O'CLOCK P. M.

All friends of this work are cordially invited to be present.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY—This Week Matinee Saturday
Ward & Vokes, The Floor Walkers
40 people, all Music, Fun and Song superbly staged. Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00—No higher. Next week—"SAPHO."

ACADEMY NEXT WEEK. Mat. Saturday.

SEATS NOW ON SALE.

First Time in Montreal.
THE OLGA NETHERSOLE
Production complete.

SAPHO

—WITH—

MISS SADIE MARTINOT

—AND—

60 People in the Cast.

All the Original English Company, All the Elaborate Scenic Investiture, All the Magnificent Details
Which characterized its presentation
150 Nights at Wallack's Theatre, N.Y., under the direction of
LOUIS NETHERSOLE

THEATRE ROYAL | Every Afternoon and Evening.
THIS WEEK, MARCH 18th.
—ON THE STROKE OF 12—
A great cast. Elaborate scenery.
Prices.....10c, 20c, 30c.
Next week—REAL WIDOW BROWN.

The World's Greatest Hypnotist

WINDSOR HALL commencing MON. EVE.
Famous SCOTCH **McEWEN**
HYPNOTIST and Mind-Reader.
Sale at Shaw's. 50c, 35c, and 25c.

ARENA SKATING!

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

P.W.F. BAND Rink not open to the Public To-night.

CRYSTAL RINK P.W.F. BAND Saturday Night.

MR. ELBERT HUBBARD

WILL LECTURE ON
The Work of the Roycrofters,
To-night, at 8.15, at The Karn Hall.
Reserved Seats, $1.00. Can be had at The Karn Co.'s Music Store.
SPECIAL—A limited number of seats in the gallery, 50 cents.

Blair's Pills

Great English Remedy for
Gout & Rheumatism
Safe, Sure, Effective.
All Druggists 40c. and $1.00
LYMAN SONS & CO, MONTREAL



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GRATEFUL. COMFORTING.

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BREAKFAST SUPPER

EPPS'S COCOA

AUCTION SALE

$25,000.00
WORTH OF
STEEL.

We have received instructions of Messrs. Harrison & Kennedy, of the Dominion Adjustment Bureau, to sell at No. 27 William Street,

On Monday, 25th March
At Ten O'Clock A.M.,

Without reserve and in lots to suit purchasers,

About 250 Tons of Steel,

Assorted in sizes and qualities, and damaged by fire at the Warehouse of Messrs. W. H. DeCourtenay & Co., St. Paul Street.

The sale is made for the Insurance Companies, and every lot must be sold.

MARCOTTE BROS.,
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THE MOST PERFECT MILLS IN CANADA.

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A Couple

Of weeks to Easter, and indications pointing to milder and finer weather, just long enough, too, to prepare for proper Clothing. The Mammoth, as in former seasons, is fully prepared to show early the latest Spring Styles, and buyers, we are certain, will appreciate our efforts on their behalf.

Our Variety of

Spring Overcoats

Is surely the largest in the city. Whip Cords, Cheviots and Serges, in a great many kinds and very low in price. A more popular line than our $10.00 BLACK CHEVIOT is hard to find. Whip Cords, in all new shades and cut in fashion,

At from $6 to $12.

Buyers of Children's Suits will find our 3-piece Vestees Handsome, Novel, Durable, and Cheap. We have at least 100 Patterns to choose from. 1000 pairs of new Tweed Knickers at 75c, cut from ends of the finest Tweeds. You are assured of a proper selection and the right qualities if you conclude to buy from us.

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Girls'.....from 30c
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GOVERNMENT AID TO UNIVERSITY

Ontario Legislature Considers Bill to Help University of Toronto.

Toronto, March 22.—(Special.)—In the Legislature last night Hon. Mr. Harcourt introduced one of the most important measures of the session, under the official titel of "An Act to amend the act respecting the University of Toronto, and University College, Toronto."

In brief the bill is a measure for aid to the University. The Minister of Education made no explanation of his bill in the House, as, owing to arrangement, the evening session was devoted to the consideration of the estimates.

The province will pay from the consolidated revenues the salaries of instructors in all the departments of chemistry, physics, mineralogy, and geology, and the cost of the maintenance of these departments.

THE FINANCES.

A prominent feature of the bill is that relating to money matters. The finances and property are kept quite distinct from academic or educational matters. A board of trustees will have full power over the property and income of the University. Heretofore the Senate has had this power, but deputed it to the Board of Trustees. The Board had, therefore, no legalized existence under the old act. The present act legalizes it and places in its hands the fullest responsibilities as to the management of the property of the University.

The board will consist of nine members, four of whom will be ex-officio members, namely, the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, the President of the University and the Principal of the University College. The latter official is a new appointment. There has never been a principal of the college before, and it is not yet decided who will be appointed, or when.

The remaining five trustees will be appointed by the Lieut-Governor-in-Council In a sense, therefore, the Government still has control, since it has five appointments, and the ex-officio members are only four. However, Mr. Harcourt thought it could never happen that in any difference of opinion the four ex-officio members would take one side and the five appointed by the Lieut.-Governor-in-Council, the other side. It is, therefore, clear that the University will hereafter be independent of any Government control in the very important consideration of the management of its finances.

POSSIBILITIES OF THE CANADA HORSE TRADE

Toronto, March 22.—(Special.)—The possibilities of the horse trade in Canada were strongly set forth in the Legislature yesterday by Hon. John Dryden, in moving a resolution urging the establishment by the Imperial authorities of a re-mount depot in this country. Mr. Dryden showed how a declining business had been revived by the Britsh demand, which since the proof of the endurance of our animals was shown in the war, should develop into large proportion. The resolution will be debated at a later stage.

The House made excellent progress with business yesterday, the estimates being all passed, with the exception of three votes, which the Oppositon wish to consider more fully later on.

The bill appropriating land for war veterans was amended further to provide that the men shall have the minerals and all timber, except pine, on their lots.

AERIOL PIANO RECITALS.

Every Saturday at 4 p.m. in the Aeolian parlor, Pratte's piano rooms, 2461 St. Catherine Street. Admission on presentation of visiting card.—Adv.

GUARDS INTERESTS OF THE WORKINGMEN

The Railway Committee Amends the A. and L. S. Bill.

Ottawa, March 22.—(Special.)—Before the Railway Committee of the House yesterday the bill respecting the Atlantic & Lake Superior Railway Company was first taken up. This line runs along the north shore of the Baie des Chaleurs, and the original intention was to extend it by the purchase of other roads to the St. Mary River. The railway has been taken over by the bondholders, who are now operating it. These other roads have, however, been otherwise disposed of, and this ambitious project has been abandoned. The road now runs 102 miles from Metapedia and the I.C.R., and the present bill extends the time for the completion of the road 84 miles farther east to Gaspe Basin on the Atlantic coast.

Chairman Sutherland suggested that the charter should be submitted to a sub-committee before the bill was reported. The committee, he thought, could not protect all the creditors of the company, but he understood there is a large amount of money due from the company to creditors, as the company was liable to earn a large amount of money from the Government in the shape of bonuses, and he supposed there would be a disposition to secure the wages of the workingmen out of the subsidies. (Hear, hear.)

On the clause to authorize the trustees for the bondholders to operate the railway, Sir Hibbert Tupper asked if the rights of the bondholders would be protected.

Mayor Prefontaine (Montreal) explained that there were bondholders to the extent of some millions of dollars for the construction of the line from Caplin to Paspeblac. The other eighty miles had been built by the Baie des Chaleurs Railway, now absorbed by the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway, and there were bonds to the amount of $600,000 which had never been paid by the former railway. If the Atlantic and Lake Superior tried to dispose of the eighty miles it would find itself face to face with this obligation, and the rights of these bondholders would have to be protected. At present and for the last nine months the road had been under seizure in the hands of the sheriff of Gaspe.

Mr. Fortin—These bonds were never sold?

Mayor Prefontaine—No; they were sold at a very high rate of interest for some $165,000 on about a million of bonds.

Mr. D. Gallery (Montreal) reminded the committee that the unfortunate men who had built the road—the workingmen and navvies—had received less than 35 cents on the dollar for their work, and he insisted that their rights should be adequately protected.

Mr. Marcil (Bonaventure) said it was needless to say that the County of Gaspe had been shamefully treated for the last twenty years in the matter of railway communication. He read a petition from the clergy, merchants, farmers and inhabitants generally of the county, expressing satisfaction with the operation of the railway during the past few months by the trustees for the bondholders. The trustees were in good faith, and had been paying their way as they went along. Mr. Marcil demanded that the workingmen creditors of the company, who had been put off with time checks for twenty and thirty cents on the dollar, should be paid.

The committee agreed to clause one, which gives the company the right to proceed and operate the railway.

Upon the second clause, authorizing the trustees for the bondholders to operate the railway and complete construction under the terms of a deed of trust, Mr. Flint urged that the matter be referred to a sub-committee to protect the creditors, of which there were several classes, in order that the terms of the trust deed, which was not before the committee, might be investigated.

Mr. Carter, representing the Rathbun Company, one of the creditors, protested that only $125,000 had been advanced on the security of the bonds, and therefore contended the other creditors should receive a proportionate share of the bonds of the company until the debts had been discharged.

Mr. Fortin pointed out that the Banque Nationale, through the Baie des Chaleurs Railway, was also largely interested, and he moved that a clause be inserted protecting the interests of the creditors of the Baie des Chaleurs Railway.

Mr. Hogg asked for the insertion of a clause providing that the rights of the Canadian creditors should not be prejudiced, and that their claims should be a first charge upon the subsidies earned by the company.

Mr. Marcil (Bonaventure) insisted that the workmen employed on the road should have the first claim.

Mr. McCreary moved that a clause be inserted providing that none of the Government subsidy be paid until the workingmen have been paid one hundred cents on the dollar.

Mr. D'Arcy Scott said the clause would be quite acceptable to the promoters.

Mayor Prefontaine presented the claim of a sub-contractor, who was a creditor for $8,000 for work done on the road.

Mr. D. Gallery asked how the interests of the workmen who had sold their claims could be protected.

The chairman said the Government could not protect these men.

Mr. D'Aarcy Scott agreed to the insertion of a clause providing that the claims of workmen and creditors should be a first charge upon the unpaid subsidies.

Mr. Blair suggested that the concensus of opinion was that the interests of the workingmen and those who furnished supplies should be given preference to the bondholders, and the committee agreed to refer the bill to a sub-committee composed of Messrs. Blair, Fortin, Dechene, Haggart, Pringle, Barker, Flint, Marcil.

The bill of the British Columbia Southern Railway was then taken up and evoked lively criticism from western members. The company, which is really the Canadian Pacific, sought power to build branch lines throughout the Province whenever authorized by the Governor-in-Council, and to get a five years' extension of time to complete the road. The western members protested energetically against allowing the company to blanket the whole Province of British Columbia with a charter, as it had done in Manitoba, and to stifle the development of the country. Finally Mr. Blair's suggestion to give the company one year's extension in which to begin work, and to limit the power to build branches to the line from Fort Steel to Golden, was adopted, and the bill was reported.

DISTRIBUTE A PAMPHLET.

Ottawa, March 22.—(Special.)—A pamphlet containing a history of the Chignecto Marine Transport Railway Company, and correspondence in regard to it, has been distributed about the Parliament Buildings. It is in connection with the presence in Ottawa of A. D. Provand, a director of the company, who is here to endeavor to get Parliament to renew the subsidies and charter of the company.

DEATH OF MRS. E. CAMPBELL.

St. Hyacinthe, March 21.—(Special.)—Very general regret is felt here at the very untimely death of Mrs. E. Campbell, nee Maria Pagnuelo, beloved wife of Mr. E. Campbell, of the Eastern Townships Bank here, which occurred at her father's residence, about ten o'clock this morning. Mrs. Campbell had been in poor health for some time past, and thinking that a change might prove beneficial to her, it was decided to transfer her to the Victoria Hospital, Montreal, where she remained, however, but a few days. Mrs. Campbell was the only daughter of Mr. C. Pagnuelo, of the firm of Messrs. Pagnuelo Bros., and was exceedingly popular in St. Hyacinthe, her native place. The funeral will take place Saturday morning.

WILDER'S FINE FURNITURE.

All Orders of Carpets taken before April 1st will be sewed and laid Free of Charge.

FREE

Have you seen our stock of Baby Carriages and Go-Carts?

NEW STYLES, LOW PRICES.

H. A. WILDER & CO.,

2415 St. Catherine St.

258 St. James Street. 1837 Notre Dame Street.

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED

Notre Dame St. Montreal's Greatest Store. Mar. 22nd, 1901.

New Jackets Just Arrived.

Just received by steamer Ottoman a shipment of choice, high class and exclusive Novelties in Ladies' New Spring Jackets. They will be exhibited in the Mantle Salon To-morrow for the first time.

Spring Jackets



Ladies' New Spring Jackets, cut very short, beautifully finished, Mikado sleeves, fancy step collar, lined silk serge. Special $8.75

Ladies' Spring Box Drab and Oxford Reversible Covert Cloth, trimmed all over fancy piping, cut Raglan style. Special $14.25

Ladies' Light Fawn Box Coats, Raglan style, beautifully finished with piping, lined fancy Taffeta silk, Chesterfield front. Special Price $23.50

Ladies' Suits



Ladies' Tailor Made Suits, in Brown, Drab and Black Homespun, jacket cut without collar and buttons at side, military effect, skirt new style back, full flare. Special ..$9.40

Ladies' Tailor Made Suits, in Scotch Mixed Tweed, jacket cut double breasted, Eton style, skirt made full flare at bottom. Special $16.25

Ladies' Spring Suits, in New Frieze, spring weight, Oxford Grey, jacket cut Paquin style, trimmed and lined black Taffeta silk, skirt cut very latest style. Special $23.50

Kid Gloves



KATHLEEN — Ladies' 2 Dome Kid Gloves, very dressy, perfect fitting. They come in all the leading shades, all sizes. Special 73c

COUNTESS — Ladies' 2 Dome Fine Kid Gloves, in tans, browns, fawns and heliotrope, white and self points, all sizes. Special 97c

BEL-AIR. — Ladies' 2 Dome Best French Kid Gloves, in black, white, tan, fawn, brown, navy, etc., in self and contrasting points, all sizes. Special $1.55

Spring Reefers

Boys' Navy Serge Spring Reefers, strongly made, well lined, brass anchor buttons. Special, from 40

Boys' Navy Cheviot Spring Reefers, Italian cloth lined, silk sewn, black or brass buttons. Special, from $3.25

Boys' All Wool Blue Black Spring Reefers, silk sewn, velvet collars, best lining and finish. Special, from $5.25

Boys' Fine Quality Covert Coats, in Grey Herring Bone Cloth, self lined, velvet collar, cuffs finished velvet. Special $5.70

Spring Hats

Men's Good Quality Felt Hats, in new Fedora shape, black, brown and tan, corded band and edge. Special, $1.25

Men's Fine Quality Fur Felt Hats, Derby and Fedora styles, in black, tan and brown. Special $1.65

Men's Extra Fine Quality Fur Felt Hats, Derby, Fedora and Square Top styles. Special $2.50

Men's Silk High Hats, silk ribbon band, best finish, latest up-to-date styles. Special $2.50

Spring Shirts



Men's New Spring Shirts, pretty stripes, Fine Quality Percale, stiff and open front, cuffs attached, all sizes. Special 62c

Men's New Spring Shirts, pretty stripes of blue, light blue and mauve, cuffs attached. Special 76c

Men's New Spring Shirts, in neat, self-colored stripes of pink, blue and mauve, open front, cuffs detachable. Special 85c

Spring Ties



There will be an interesting showing of Men's New Spring Neckwear at The Big Store To-morrow.

Men's New Spring Ties. They come in all the latest shapes, Derbys, Flowing Ends, Bows, Puffs, Oxfords, etc., in a large variety of the newest spring Checks, Stripes, Fancys, Spots, etc., choice lot of materials. Special Prices 15c, 22c, 37c, 50c

Spring Overcoats

Men's and Youths' Fine Quality Fawn Covert Cloth Coats, silk sewn and finished, full facing, Italian cloth lined, cut up-to-date. Special $9.50

Men's and Youths' Extra Quality Fawn Box Cloth Covert Coats, velvet collar, best lining, equal to custom made. Special $11.00

Men's and Youths' All Wool Imported Cheviot Raglan Overcoats, velvet collars, best finish, best trimming. Special $15.00

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THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame St., 184 to 194 St. James St., MONTREAL.

Department for Women Readers.

Men, Women and Happenings

IN SOCIAL LIFE.

The annual dance of the Britannia Football Club will take place on Tuesday evening, April 9th, in Windsor Hall.

Mrs. Arthur Jarvis and her son, Major Jarvis, of Strathcona's Horse, who have been visiting Mrs. W. Hope, have left for Toronto.

A large number of people are going to Atlantic City and New York for Easter.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Hodgson and the Misses Hodgson have returned from spending some time in Europe.

COMING AND GOING.

Dr. Charles F. Martin will leave shortly on a trip to Bermuda.

Mr. C. H. Draper, Toronto, is at the Hall.

Capt. Joyce, Armstrong, B.C., is at the St. Lawrence Hall.

Mr. Harry Hodgson has returned via the Oceanic from a trip to England.

Messrs. George N. and Wm. Hackett, Sydney, C.B., are at the St. Lawrence Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Ramsay, Peel Street, have left for Atlantic City, where they will spend some weeks.

Miss Florence Ogilvy, Selkirk Avenue, has left for Ottawa, where she will spend some days, the guest of her cousin, Miss Jarvis.

Miss Pauline Beddome, of Windsor, Ont., who has been visiting Mrs. Henry Thomas, 21 St. Luke Street, has returned home.

Miss Godman, who has been staying with friends in Montreal, leaves shortly for Atlantic City.

Mrs. Edward B. Greenshields, The Elms, Peel Street, gave a very smart dinner last week, at which covers were laid for twelve.

Mrs. Philip Gilbert, 63 Tupper Street, entertained at a pleasant luncheon party this week. Covers were laid for six.

Mrs. Gillespie Muir, who has been for the past three weeks in Bermuda for the benefit of her health, will remain till after Easter.

Among the guests at the Queen's are:—Dr. J. A. Couture, Quebec; Dr. C. J. Edgar, North Hatley; and Mr. J. Johnston, Ottawa.

Rev. Father Nugent, Watertown, Minn.; Father McCusker, of Brooklyn, and W. Reddy, M.D., are in town. They are staying with friends on Sherbrooke Street.

The guests at the Windsor to-day include:—Mr. A. Nordheimer, Toronto; Mr. M. P. Davis, Ottawa; Mr. J. W. Campbell, Toronto; and Mr. Frank Grundy, of Sherbrooke.

The Misses Annie and Agnes Lambe, daughters of Mr. William B. Lambe, McGregor Street, have returned to town after a delightful visit of four months, most of which time was spent in Rossland, B.C.

OUT OF TOWN NOTES.

Dr. Scott Ives, of Montreal, is in Quebec.

Mrs. Cockburn, of Toronto, and Captain Cockburn, who recently returned from South Africa, have left for the South.

The many friends in Montreal of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Frith, of Lennoxville, will regret to hear that their little daughter has scarlet fever.

It is announced that the marriage of Miss Andrea Paton, youngest daughter of Mrs. Andrew Paton, of "Rockmount," Sherbrooke, to Mr. Arthur Robinson, of New York, will take place some time in June.

In Wall Street Church, Brockville, yesterday afternoon, Miss Florence J. Dunham, eldest daughter of Mr. James S. Dunham, of this town, was married to Mr. E. George Bolton, of New Dublin, by Rev. Dr. Ryckman.

A large number of ladies of the elite of Montreal and Quebec, occupied seats on Wednesday evening in the Legislative Councillor's gallery at the Parliament House. Among them were Madames Archambault, Rainville, Tessier, Perodeau, A. Pelletier, Dechene, Lane, Brousseau, P. Roy, Misses Fitzpatrick, Rainville, Roy, Buckley, Cannon, Marois and Delorme.

At the Albani concert in Ottawa on Wednesday evening Their Excellencies were present with Lady Ruby Elliot, Capt. Graham, A.D.C., and Capt. Ogilvie. Other boxes were occupied by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Lady Laurier and party; Hon. Mr. Dobell, Lady Ritchie, Miss Grace Ritchie, the Misses Montizambert; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. E. Harriss, Hon. Judge Girouard and Mme. Girouard, Mr. Gladwyn Macdougall; Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Bate and party.

Brockville, March 21.—At the residence of Mr. George S. Dunham, on the Prescott Road, yesterday evening that gentleman's daughter, Miss Georgia, was married to Rev. Herbert W. Burnett, B.D., pastor of the Maitland Circuit of the Methodist Church. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Ryckman, of Brockville, assisted by Rev. George S. Clendinnen, of Brockville, and Rev. Thos. E. Burke, of Maynard. The bride was given away by her father, and attended by her sister, Miss Ida Dunham, as bridesmaid, and little Miss Geraldine Booth as flower girl. The groom was assisted by his brother, Mr. Alfred C. Burnett, of Toronto.

ANNUAL MEETING NATIONAL COUNCIL

The date of the annual meeting of the National Council of Women of Canada has been fixed for May 16th in London, Ont. Mme. Dandurand, vice-president for the Province of Quebec, will attend the meeting, and it is probable that others will also go up.

PURE MILK SOON FOR THE BABIES

The presidential board of the Local Council has been working steadily though quietly towards the opening of pure milk depots in the city during the hot weather. They have collected full particulars, got estimates, etc., and before very long it will be publicly announced when and where these depots will be opened.

Our New..... Tailor-made Costumes.....

The Latest Parisian and New York Styles are now represented in our Mantle Department. For example:

LADIES' COSTUMES—Tailor Made, in English Tweed, dainty Eton jacket, with the new cadet collar, and stylish flare sleeve; jacket lined with Roman satin; skirt, flare, lined with superior quality linenette, and bound with velvet. Our Price, $12.00.

RAINY DAY SKIRTS—Are now required. We have a beautiful line, in Dark Grey Frieze, with pockets and two straps on front seams, 10 rows of stitching. Price, $6.75.

LADIES' SILK BLOUSES — The balance of our special purchase of Foulard Silk Blouses, in blue and white effects, were $1.50 each, to clear at $2.00 each.

LADIES' COSTUMES—Another pretty line of Costumes, in English Homespuns, Eton jacket, double breasted, with six steel buttons, jacket all nicely trimmed, with straps of black taffeta silk, and stitched, new Parisian sleeve, lined with silk. Skirt, flare, lined with opalescent lining, bound with velvet; skirt has 10 rows of stitching around bottom. Colors, navy blue, black, Oxford grey. Our Price, $18.75.

CHILDREN'S BLOUSES—In white and colored effects. These dainty Blouses were marked from $1.00 to $2.00; all to be cleared at 50c each.

MILLINERY AND MANTLE OPENINGS — 26th March.

CORSET DEMONSTRATION — Commencing Monday afternoon, and until further notice, at

OGILVY'S

MACHINERY FOR SALE

One Screw Press
Hand Compound Iron, Strong.

One Deep Well Pump
With 200 ft. connecting rods, New.

One Feed Water Heater
Cooper Tubes, suitable for 25 H.P. boiler

R. WHITE & CO.,
214 Craig Street.

COLONIAL HOUSE
PHILLIPS SQUARE.

Japanese Dept.

Wicker Flower Pots, 8 inches in diameter, lined inside with a hard composition, wooden bottom, a pretty and unbreakable Jardiniere, price $2.50.

Print Department.

A full assortment of French Cambric, Mercerised Sateen, Madras and Gingham for Shirt Waists, and all the newest patterns in prints for dresses.

Picture Framing Dept.

Gold Frames made to order, to fit any size picture. Good stock of Mouldings.

Tailoring Dept.

Now showing a large assortment of Spring and Summer Suitings and Coatings, in blue, black and Gray.

Cheviots, Serges, W. of E. Worsteds and Scotch Tweeds, all newest goods from best makers.

Heavy Cheviots suitable for Ladies' Weather Skirts (very fashionable), in Black and Oxford Gray, 56 inches wide, $1.25 a yard.

Dressmaking Dept.

Mrs. JEFFREY has just returned from New York, where she has spent the last week in the interests of this department. She is now fully equipped to meet the demands of

SPRING FASHIONS

Miss FENOGLIO is also prepared to execute all orders in her usual style and finish.

Mail Orders Carefully Attended To.

Henry Morgan & Co.,
MONTREAL.

A MAN'S WOMAN

By FRANK NORRIS.

(Synopsis of Preceding Chapter.)

July, 1891, ship Freja, of Arctic expedition, under Ward Bennett, was crushed in ice and sank. With three dog-sleds, party starts south to Wrangel Island. Ice so rough that day's journey sometimes is only three-quarters of a mile. Lost one sled with part provisions. McPherson, one of the men, disabled. Bennett not disheartened. Bennett tells Ferriss, his lieutenant, of his love for Lloyd Searight. Ferriss is in love with her himself, but says nothing. Bennett got an observation, the first in a month, and found they were drifting north faster than they were marching south. Took to the boats and got to a bleak land. Everything left behind that men could not carry, and march south again. Rations become scarce. The carpenter dies. McPherson quits through weakness. Doctor says he cannot live, and Bennett gives the order "Forward," leaving him to his fate.

CHAPTER II.—(Continued.)

Once more Bennett's discipline prevailed. His iron hand shut down upon his men, more than ever resistless. Obediently they turned their faces to the southward. The march was resumed.

Another day passed, then two. Still the expedition struggled on. With every hour their suffering increased. It did not seem that anything human could endure such stress and yet survive. Toward three o'clock in the morning of the third night Adler woke Bennett.

"It's Clarke, sir; he and I sleep in the same bag. I think he's going, sir."

One by one the men in the tent were awakened and the wretched train oil lamp was lit.

Clarke lay in his sleeping bag unconscious, and at long intervals drawing a faint, quick breath. The doctor bent over him, feeling his pulse, but shook his head hopelessly.

"He's dying—quietly—exhaustion from starvation."

A few moments later Clarke began to tremble slightly, the mouth opened wide, a faint rattle came from the throat. Kamiska, one of the two remaining dogs, uttered a low howl.

Four miles was as much as could be made good by the nearly exhausted men the next day, and this though the ground was comparatively smooth. Ferriss was continually falling. Dennison and Metz were a little light-headed and Bennett at one time wondered if Ferriss himself had absolute control of his wits. Since morning the wind had been blowing strongly in their faces, by noon it had increased. At 4 o'clock a violent gale was howling over the reaches of ice and rock-ribbed land. It was impossible to go forward while it lasted. The stronger gusts fairly carried their feet from under them. At 4.30 the party halted. The gale was now a hurricane. The expedition paused, collected itself, went forward; halted again, again attempted to move and came at last to a definite standstill, in whirling snow clouds and blinding, stupefying blasts.

"Pitch the tent," said Bennett quietly. "We must wait now till it blows over."

In the lee of a mound of ice-covered rock some hundred yards from the coast the tent was pitched and supper, such as it was, eaten in silence. All knew what this enforced halt must mean for them. That supper—(each man could hold his portion in the hollow of his hand)—was the last of their regular provisions. March they could not, what now? Before crawling to their sleeping-bags and at Bennett's request, all joined in repeating the Creed and the Lord's prayer.

The next day passed, and the next, and the next. The gale continued steadily. The southerly march was discontinued. All day and all night the men kept in the tent huddled in the sleeping-bags, sometimes sleeping eighteen and twenty hours out of the twenty-four. They lost all consciousness of the lapse of time, sensation even of suffering left them, the very hunger itself had ceased to gnaw. Only Bennett and Ferriss seemed to keep their heads. Then slowly the end began.

For that last week Bennett's entries in his ice journal were as follows:—

November 29th—Monday—Camped at 4.30 p.m. about 100 yards from the coast. Open water to the eastward as far as I can see. If I had not been compelled to abandon my boats, but it is useless to repine. I must look our situation squarely in the face. At noon served out last beef extract, which we drank with some willow tea. Our remaining provisions consist of four-fifteenths of a pound of pemmican per man, and the rest of the dog meat. Where are the relief ships? We should have met the steam whalers long before this.

November 30th—Tuesday — The doctor amputated Mr. Ferriss' other hand to-day. Living gale of wind from north-east. Impossible to march against it in our weakened condition; must camp here till it abates. Made soup of the last of the dog meat this afternoon. Our last pemmican gone.

December 1st—Wednesday — Everybody getting weaker. Metz breaking down. Sent Adler down to the shore to gather shrimps. We had about a mouthful apiece for lunch. Supper, a spoonful of glycerine and hot water.

December 2nd—Thursday — Metz died during the night. Hansen dying. Still blowing a gale from the north-east. A hard night.

December 3rd—Friday — Hansen died during early morning. Muck Tu shot a ptarmigan. Made soup. Dennison breaking down.

December 4th—Saturday—Buried Hansen under slabs of ice. Spoontul of glycerine and hot water at noon.

December 5th — Sunday — Dennison found dead this morning between Adler and myself. Too weak to bury him, or even carry him out of the tent. He must lie where he is. Divine service at 5.30 p.m. Last spoonful of glycerine and hot water.

The next day was Monday, and at some indeterminate hour of the twenty-four, though whether it was night or noon he could not say, Ferriss woke in his sleeping-bag and raised himself on an elbow and for a moment sat stupidly watching Bennett writing in his journal. Noticing that he was awake Bennett looked up from the page and spoke in a voice thick and muffled because of the swelling of his tongue.

"How long has this wind been blowing, Ferriss?"

"Since a week ago to-day," answered the other.

Bennett continued his writing.

"* * * Incessant gales of wind for over a week. Impossible to move against them in our weakened condition. But to stay here is to perish. God help us. It is the end of everything."

Bennett drew a line across the page under the last entry, and, still holding the book in his hand, gazed slowly about the tent.

There were six of them left—five huddled together in that miserable tent—the sixth, Adler, being down on the shore gathering shrimps. In the strange and gloomy half-light that filled the tent these survivors of the Freja looked less like men than beasts. Their hair and beards were long and seemed one with the fur covering of their bodies. Their faces were absolutely black with dirt, and their limbs were monstrously distended and fat—fat as things bloated and swollen are fat. It was the abnormal fatness of starvation, the irony of misery, the huge joke that Arctic famine plays upon those whom it afterward destroys. The men moved about at times on their hands and knees; their tongues were distended, round and slate colored, like the tongues of parrots, and when they spoke they bit them helplessly.

(To be continued.)

A CRY FOR HELP.—A pain in the back is a cry of the kidneys for help. South American Kidney Cure is the only cure that hasn't a failure written against it in cases of Bright's disease, diabetes, inflammation of the bladder, gravel and other kidney ailments. Don't neglect the apparently insignificant "signs." This powerful liquid specific prevents and cures.—70

No attention paid to classified advertisements unless accompanied by cash.

People's Popular Exchange

TWENTY WORDS, 10 CENTS: 6 INSERTIONS, 25 CENTS.

No attention paid to classified advertisements unless accompanied by cash.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

BIRTHS.

TAYLOR—At 2704 St. Catherine Street, on March 20, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. J. Percy Taylor.

EGAN—In this city, on March 15, the wife of Thomas Egan, of a daughter.

CAMERLAIN—At St. Lambert, March 18, the wife of Alfred Camerlain, of a daughter.

CHURCH—At 4477 St. Catherine street, Westmount, on March 16, the wife of J. E. Church, of a daughter.

DAGENAIS—On Monday, March 18, the wife of S. Dagenais, of a daughter.

DONOGHUE—A daughter to Mr. and Mrs. R M. Donoghue, of New York, formerly of Montreal.

FRY—At Westmount, on March 17, the wife of Henry Fry, of a son.

GORDON—At St. Lambert, on March 18, the wife of E. Percy Gordon, of a daughter.

HISLOP—At the residence of Mr. Robert Hislop, St. Laurent, Que., on March 18, a daughter to Mrs. John Hislop.

MARRIAGES.

WESTERVELT-ANSLEY—At Guelph, Ont., on March 14, by the Rev. F. A. Cassidy, Miss Avice Idona Ansley to Mr. A. P. Westervelt, of Toronto.

CORBET-THOMPSON — At the residence of the bride's parents, on Tuesday, March 12, by the Rev. Paul Pergan, B.A., Mr. Edward M. Corbet, of Montreal, and Miss Lizzie, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Thompson, of Sherbrooke, Que.

BELL-McARTHUR—At Caledon, Ont., on March 12, by the Rev. Geo. McKay, M.A., Elma, eldest daughter of the late Duncan McArthur, to Thomas C. Bell, of Cataract, Ont.

McDONALD-FRASER — At Sunny Lane Farm, Ecremont, Ont., on March 16, by the Rev. John Morrison, assisted by the Rev. Geo. Kendall, Sara Annie, only daughter of Rod. Fraser, Esq. (niece of the late Rev. D. Fraser, B.C.), to the Rev. N. A. McDonald, B.A., Lorneville, Ont.

OGILVIE-BRAINERD—At Montreal, on the 21st March, by the Rev. T. S. McWilliams, A. E. Ogilvie, eldest son of the late W. W. Ogilvie, to Caroline B., daughter of T. C. Brainerd, Esq.

DEATHS IN THE CITY.

McEVOY—In this city, Thursday, March 21st, 1901, at the age of 5 years, Francis Augustine, son of Patrick McEvoy, 100 Canning Street. Funeral private. 70x

SEATH—Died, on 20th March, Margaret Key, widow of the late Thomas Seath, in her 89th year, a native of St. Andrews, Fifeshire, Scotland. Funeral on Friday, 22nd inst., at 2.30 p.m., from 93 St. Famille Street. 70x

McKAY—At 101 Mance Street, on March 21, Margaret Cain, widow of the late William McKay, daughter of William Cain, of Ottawa, sister of J. P. Cain, of this city, and sister-in-law of J. McMullen. Funeral will leave her late residence at 7.30 a.m. on Saturday for St. Patrick's Chapel, from thence to proceed to the Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation. 70x

BONDOUX—In this city, on March 12th, Mariette Bondona, aged 23 years and 3 months.

BYRD—On Wednesday morning, the 20th inst., William Byrd, contractor, aged 49 years. Funeral private, from the residence of his brother, Charles Byrd, 70 Durocher street, on Friday, 22nd inst., at 2.30 p.m. Please omit flowers.

KERR—On Sunday, the 17th inst., at Boston, Mass., of heart failure, Robert Smith Kerr, second son of Robert Kerr, Westmount, aged 40 years. Funeral private.

PERRIN—At St. Henri, on the 20th inst., Hilda Augusta Ellemora Larsson, formerly of Sundsvall, Sweden, beloved wife of Wm. John Perrin, aged 24 years. Funeral on Saturday, the 23rd inst., from her late residence, 1673 St. James street, at 2.30 p.m., to Mount Royal Cemetery.

FELIX—In this city, on the 20th inst., Percival Adolphe, eldest son of Adolphe Felix and Annie Liggett, age 20 years and 6 months. Funeral from his father's residence, 710 St. Urbain Street, Saturday, 23rd instant, at 2.30 p.m., to Mount Royal Cemetery. New York, Boston and Worcester papers please copy. 68x

MILLER—In this city, on March 20, Ada Wilson, aged 2 years, 11 months and 13 days. Also Helen Emma (Grace), died on March 11, only beloved children of Alexander W. Miller, 624 Sanguinet Street. Funeral private.

KENNEDY—In the city on the 20th inst., Johanna Conroy, age 58 years, wife of E. H. Kennedy. Funeral Saturday, 23rd, at 8 a.m., from 758 Lagauchetiere Street, to the church of Gesu, thence to the Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend without further notice. Please omit flowers. 70x

DEATHS ELSEWHERE.

BREADON—At Sherbrooke, Que., on the 18th March, in the 71st year of her age, Augustine Elizabeth Parker, wife of William Oliver Breadon, and only daughter of the late Frederick William Parker, commander, R.N.

BROWNSON—On March 14, at Dunnville, Ont., Elizabeth Brownson, relict of the late Orr Brownson, in her 84th year.

CAMPBELL—At St. Hyacinthe, on March 21, at the age of 25, Marie Pagnuelo, wife of Ernest Campbell, of the Eastern Townships Bank.

FRENCH—At Island Brook, Que., on the 8th of March, Margaret Stevenson, wife of Luther French, aged about 70 years.

FRASER—At Geneva, St. Andrews, Que., on March 16, George Fraser, aged 76 years and 4 months, a native of Scotland.

HISCOCKS—At Lachute, Que., on March 13, in his 86th year, the Rev. John Hiscocks, Methodist minister.

MARTIN—On March 15, at Ottawa, Addie Martin, aged 12 years, only daughter of Mrs. J. Martin.

MIALL—Suddenly, in Aylmer, Que., on March 18, Adeline, wife of Edward Miall.

OAKES—At Riviere des Prairies, on March 19, Darville Desjardins, wife of George Oakes, at the age of 84 years.

PASK—On March 15, at Ottawa, William Headley Edgar, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Pask.

A Sad, Sad Sight

to see lady charlotte gelatine wasted.

Herald Crayon Portraits

	In Montreal	Out of Montreal
Crayons.....	$1.00	$1.40
Water Colors..	2.00	2.40

TERMS:

Cash must accompany each order. The offer of these beautiful portraits at the extremely low rate of $1.00 is for Herald subscribers only, and to take advantage of it the following Coupon must be sent with order. It gives the option of agreeing to take the paper for 6 months, or of cutting out 30 of the following coupons, consecutively numbered.

(Coupon No. 12.)

DAILY HERALD, Montreal.

Herewith find $..... for enlarging enclosed photo. In consideration of getting the portrait at this price, I agree to take The Daily Herald for six months, paying therefor to local agent or to Herald Office.

Or I enclose 30 of these coupons, consecutively numbered.

Name .....

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ROOMS AND BOARD

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

ROOM — ONE LARGE, BRIGHT FRONT room, suitable for one or two gentlemen. 49 Beaver Hall Hill. 71

ROOM — FURNISHED, NEWLY DECORATED; gentlemen only; private family; all conveniences. 69 Mansfield st., near Windsor Hotel. 72

ROOMS — NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS, telephone, Auer light, hot water and all modern conveniences; also good table board. 862 Palace st. 71

ROOMS — TO LET, THE LARGEST, NEATEST, quietest in city; front parlor, back parlor, single room; first flat; not moving. 36 Union ave. 71

ROOMS — TO LET, TWO LARGE, COMfortable rooms, with good board, near Mountain st., 2486 St. Catherine st. 72

ROOMS—TO LET, FURNISHED, SUITABLE for light housekeeping, at 20 City Councillors st. 72

ROOM — NICELY FURNISHED SINGLE front room, electric light, hot water, etc. 70A Crescent st. 71

ROOMS — GENTLEMAN CAN FIND NICELY furnished rooms, on bath flat, all conveniences in house: 90 Mansfield st. 72

ROOMS — DOUBLE FURNISHED BEDroom, on bath flat, all conveniences in house. 90 Mansfield st. 72

ROOMS — TO LET, ONE LARGE FURNISHed double front room, with board, for married couple or two; also one single room, bathroom flat; all conveniences. 78 Victoria st. 72x

ROOMS — TO LET, PARLOR AND BEDroom, adjoining; also small front room on bathroom flat. 6 Beaver Hall square. 72x

ROOMS — WARM SINGLE ROOM, ALSO large one on bathroom flat, to gentlemen of quiet habits, hot water heating. 95 University st. 71x

ROOM — LARGE FRONT ROOM, NEWLY furnished, suitable for one or two gentlemen; bath and hot water. 2427 St. Catherine st., near Stanley. 70x

TO LET — LARGE BACK PARLOR BEDroom, suitable for one or two gentlemen; also single room; Auer light. 127 Metcalfe street. x

ROOM — COMFORTABLE SINGLE ROOM, with board, in private family; use of telephone; gentlemen only; terms moderate. 149 Bleury st. 70x

MACHINERY FOR SALE

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

24 inch S. A. Woods Machine Co. Heavy Double Surface Fast Feed Flooring Machine.
Self Feed Rip Saw, second hand, MacGregor, Gourlay & Co.'s latest improved.
20 inch Pony Planer, in good order.
24 inch Pony Planer, in good order.
24 inch Planer and Matcher, in good order.
Power Mortising Machine, in good order.
Blind Stile Mortising and Boring Machine, in good order.
20 inch Iron Drill, in good order.
60 H.P. Tubular Boiler, in good order.
50 H.P. Tubular Boiler, in good order.
25 H.P. "Clipper" Engine, in good order.

A. R. WILLIAMS & CO.,
320 St. James Street, Montreal.

MISCELLANEOUS

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

GO TO E. R. BAKER, 283 BLEURY STREET, and have your carpets cleaned and made over. Mattresses remade and returned same day. Upholstering. tf

HARRIS & HOPTON'S, 2562 ST. CATHERINE st., is the place to get your plants and cut flowers. Mushrooms, always fresh. 77x

CROCKFORD'S DINING ROOMS — BREAKfast, dinner or supper, 15c; best in city. Table board, $2.50 per week; 21 tickets, $2.75; always open. 537B Craig st. 64x

PIANO TUNING, BY A TUNER OF 25 years' experience, price $1.50 each tuning. Drop postcard or telephone Up 998. W. H. Leach, Piano Dealer, 2440 St. Catherine st., between Stanley and Drummond. 87x

WANTED TO RENT

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

WANTED — FURNISHED COTTAGE FOR the summer, within 20 miles from city. Box P 24, Herald. 73x

YOUNG GENTLEMAN WANTS ROOM AND board, near Grace Church, Wellington st. Write particulars, Box No. P 17, Herald. 70x

In answering advertisement in this column please mention that you SAW IT IN THE HERALD.

WIRE AND WIRE NETTING.

ALL SIZES IN STOCK.



THE THOS. FORRESTER CO.
225 St. James St., Montreal.

SCOTT ACT INSPECTOR ARRESTED AT SYDNEY

Sydney, C.B., March 22.—(Special.)—Yesterday a warrant was issued for the arrest of Duncan R. Cummings, ex-Scott Act inspector. The warrant was handed to Officer McCormack, and Cummings was arrested at 3.30 in Magistrate Townsend's office, where he was just finishing a prosecution under the Scott Act. The information laid states that Cummings did, on or about the 12th of March, at Sydney, unlawfully and corruptly attempt to obtain for himself from Benjamin S. Atkinson, J. W. Woodworth, E. S. McManus & Co., Wm. Blair and others, all of Sydney, the sum of $3,000 in cash for the purpose of unlawfully and corruptly interfering with, stifling and preventing the prosecution, detection and punishing of the above-named parties for the violation of the second part of the Canada Temperance Act.

Immediately after the warrant was issued a Herald reporter interviewed Mr. Gillies, who is counsel for the prosecutor, and obtained the following information: "The offence which Mr. Cummings is charged with became part of the criminal law in 1892. It is looked upon as a most grave offence against the administration of law and justice, is indictable, and for it a man is liable to fourteen years' imprisonment. This is not the only charge against Mr. Cummings," said Mr. Gillies. "Other informations are now being laid and warrants will be issued upon them."

Cummings has been let out on bail, which was fixed at $1,000. His trial takes place on Monday, and will probably be the most interesting ever held in the stipendiary court.

Dr. Ed. MORIN'S SOOTHING SYRUP is a treasure in a home, where the baby is teething or suffering from fevers, colics, etc.

ANOTHER SHIPMENT TO SOUTH AFRICA.

Many merchants strenuously opposed sending Canadian troops to South Africa not from unpatriotic motives, but on account of financial ones, but even this argument must by now have failed them when one sees "trade following the flag," and the few dollars loyally spent returning to us a hundred fold through business channels. As an example of the estimation in which Canadian products, when known, are held in South Africa, the Stonewall Jackson cigar factory have just filled their third shipment to Cape Town of their well-known brands, "Stonewall Jackson" and "Lord Wolseley." Evidently the Africander knows a good cigar when he gets one.

PLACE VIGER HOTEL.

R. W. Hannah, A. E. Kemp, Toronto; E. F. de Varennes, Waterloo; G. Q. Packer, Plainfield, N.J.; Wm. O. Scott, city; Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Carrier, Judge Choquette, Quebec; W. A. Whiting, Burlington.

Against Grippe take MORIN'S WINE C. P.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this heading, 20 words for 15c, each insertion.

TO LET—NICE WARM UPPER TENEMENT, 511 Amherst Street, below Ontario, rent $12. Apply 31 St. Lambert Hill. 71x

TO LET—FLAT, WESTMOUNT, 3 GLADstone Avenue, corner Dorchester. Rent low, six rooms. Apply to No. 5 Gladstone Avenue, or telephone Mr. Skelcher, Main 3978. 74x

TO LET — HOUSE, 351 PRINCE ARTHUR, upper flat, 8 rooms, rent $18.00. 353 Prince Arthur, lower flat, $15.00. Apply 692 Craig street. 73x

TO LET — 260A UNIVERSITY STREET, house, 8 rooms, all modern conveniences. Rent only $350, no taxes. Steel range, gas stove, electric fittings, carpets and mantel mirrors would be sold to incoming tenant if required. E. M. Renouf. Telephone, House, Up 278; Office, Up 1084. 2238 St. Catherine st. 73x

TO LET — SIX-STALL STABLE, WITH A little lodgment in the same yard if wanted. Apply 163½ St. Antoine st., or 2137 St. Catherine st. 73x

TO LET — STORE, AT 250 ST. PAUL ST., occupied at present by Messrs. Liddell, Lesperance & Co., Wholesale Dry Goods. This store is large and well lighted, with entrance on St. Paul street and Commissioners street. Apply to Liddell, Lesperance & Co., 250 St. Paul st. 72x

TO LET — NICE SMALL STORE, SITUATE No. 59 St. Sulpice street. Apply to Cyrille Laurin, Room 5, Imperial Building. 71x

TO LET—58 VICTORIA STREET, 10 ROOMS, extra large yard, twenty-seven dollars per month. Next door, No. 60, 13 rooms, all modern, Daisy furnace in both, $32 per month. 381 Dorchester, nine rooms, $20. Houses guaranteed very warm. No taxes. Apply 83 Union ave. Mrs. Barry. 70x

WANTED — ADVERTISER WOULD LIKE to let portion of office down town. Address R 350, Herald Office. tf

TO LET—THE HALL OF THE MONTREAL School of Elocution can be rented for meetings, etc., in mornings and at other times when not in use. Enquire at office on premises, 2426 St. Catherine st. 81x

TO LET — NO. 35 ST. LUKE STREET, 13 apartments, h.w. heating; in good order; nice locality; rent moderate. Wm. Cooper, 251 St. James st. 70

TO LET — NO 96 SHUTER STREET, 11 apartments, extension kitchen, h. w. heating; in good order; rent low. Wm. Cooper, 251 St. James st. 70x

TO LET — LOWER DWELLING, 22A UNIversity street, suite of three large rooms on first flat, dry basement. Daisy furnace. D. S. Leach, 180 St. James. x

TO LET — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED flat of 7 rooms, piano, from 1st May to 1st September or longer; moderate rental. Address Box P 12, Herald. 70x

WANTED TO PURCHASE

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

WANTED — TO PURCHASE, A MODERN up-to-date house, of not less than 11 rooms, with extension kitchen; location, west of Peel st. Price, from $10,000, but not to exceed $17,000. Will pay all or part cash. Box P 28, Herald. 72x

WANTED — A GOOD SECOND HAND tread power, either one or two horse power. Give all facts. Lowest price. Box 486, Truro, N.S. 71x

WANTED — TO PURCHASE, LADIES' AND gentlemen's cast off clothing. We pay the best prices. U. Pearson, 2104 Notre Dame st. Mail orders promptly attended. 75x

WANTED — TO PURCHASE, FOR CASH, a collection of old postage stamps. Also wanted a large quantity of Canadian Revenues. Address, giving full particulars, Box 71, St. Anne de Bellevue. 88x

BUSINESS CHANCES

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

GOOD OPENING FOR A FIRST CLASS furrier. Wm. Todd, Orillia, Ont. 81x

FOR SALE — CONTENTS OF DINING room, doing good business. Everything new. No reasonable offer refused. Other business to attend to. 752 Craig st. 72x

FOR SALE — HOTELS, LICENSED RESTaurants, grocery, cigar, confectionery stores; also dining rooms, butcher stalls and other business. Always Dagenais & Co. for bargains. 505 Craig st. Telephone East 1810. 84x

FOR SALE — HOTELS, LICENSED RESTaurants, groceries, tobacco stores, dining rooms. Purchasers meaning business call for bargains on L. Harris, 118 St. James street. 84x

WANTED TO HEAR FROM THE BUSINESS men of some town or village in this Province, or Eastern Ontario, where there is an opening for the establishment of a job printing office. Would be willing to purchase business, or an interest in a business, already established, if, upon investigation, everything proved to be O.K. Address P 6, Herald Office. 76x

LOST

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

LOST — ON UNIVERSITY STREET OR Union avenue, a right hand fur mitt. Reward if left at White Bros., Grocers, 33 University st. 73

LOST — YESTERDAY, A SMALL PURSE, containing $6 and some change, between Macgregor, St. Catherine to Crescent. Reward at 18 Macgregor st. 73

LOST — STRAYED, ON TUESDAY, THE 19th inst., black cocker spaniel, answering to name of "Prince." Return to 117 Queen st., and get reward. 74

LOST — BETWEEN MOUNT PLEASANT avenue, Westmount, and Victoria avenue and Chesterfield, on Saturday evening last, a pair of gold rimmed eyeglasses. Finder will oblige by returning to 427 Mount Pleasant ave., Westmount. 75

LOST—STRAYED OR STOLEN ON TUESday the 19th inst., black cocker spaniel, answering to name of Prince. Return to 117 Queen Street and get reward. 69x

LOST — SOME DAYS AGO, SWAN FOUNtain pen. Finder rewarded on bringing it to 72 McGill College avenue. 74x

LOST — WHITE BULL TERRIER PUP. ANswers to name of Fitz. Reward, 812 Sherbrooke. 72x

EDUCATIONAL

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

OXFORD GRADUATE GIVES LESSONS IN Latin, Greek, modern languages, and prepares for all examinations on moderate terms. Apply Box P, 25, Herald. 74x

VIOLIN, BANJO, MANDOLIN AND GUITAR. Terms $3.00 per month. Prof. T. A. Simpson, Instructor, 66 Beaver Hall Hill. 70x

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING — MISS Graham, Temple Building, St. James St. Phone Main 1714. Typewriting neatly, accurately and promptly done. Typewritten circular letters at reasonable rates. Stenographers sent out by hour, day or week. All work guaranteed. 81x

WANTED — YOUNG MEN TO LEARN ILlustrating, Bookkeeping or Advertisement writing by mail. Tuition payable 60 days after position is secured. Mention course in which you are interested. Correspondence Institute of America, Scranton, Pa. 63x

OFFICE FURNITURE.

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

DESKS! DESKS! AT THE OLD RELIABLE. Bookkeepers' double and single, our own manufacture, 5, 6, 7 and 8 ft., always in stock and ready for shipping. Also new and secondhand roll and flat top desks, at greatly reduced prices. Call or telephone 2806 Main. W. P. Stanton & Co., 9 St. John st. 76x

UNDERTAKERS.

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

MR. WM. WRAY, FORMERLY OF ST. DOminique street, has opened an undertaking business at 2436 St. Catherine st. Phone Up 2667, just west of Stanley st. 94x

SITUATION SWANTED—FEMALE

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

WANTED — A RESPECTABLE WOMAN wishes for daily work or a few hours daily. Apply 6 Berthelet st. 75

WANTED — BY STRONG YOUNG WOMAN, who speaks both languages, situation at restaurant work or housecleaning; good references. 267A St. Dominique st. 74

WANTED — WORK BY THE DAY, WASHing, housecleaning or office cleaning. 196 St. Martin st. 74

WANTED — A FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER desires sewing by the day in English private family, cut and fit guaranteed; highest references. 61 Delisle st. 72

WANTED — BY RESPECTABLE WOMAN, position as cook. Address No. 39 Dowd street. 72

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY OF ANY kind, cleaning offices, or washing. Address 712 Lagauchetiere Street. x

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A POSITION in a wholesale silver or retail store, one who would be willing to make herself useful. Understands shipping and packing goods. Box P. 35. Herald. 74x

WANTED — BY A STRONG WOMAN, work by the day or half day of any kind; references. 23 St. Charles Borromee st. 71x

AN EPERIENCED YOUNG LADY STENOgrapher and typewritist desires an engagement. Would be willing to take temporary position or do occasional work on typewriter. Miss Donahue, 38 Canada Life Building. 70x

WANTED — BY A POOR WOMAN, WITH 4 small children, work of any kind by day. 272 William st. x

WANTED — SEWING BY THE DAY. Diploma in cutting and fitting. Address or call, K. D., 1680 St. James st., St. Henry. 99x

WANTED — POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPER or lady's companion, by person of experience; best of references. Address C. C., 72 Victoria st. x

SITUATIONS VACANT

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, able to cook; no washing or ironing. Apply morning or evening, 4195 Sherbrooke st., cor. of Greene ave. 75x

WANTED —YOUTH, WITH A FAIR EDUcation, healthy, and willing to make himself generally useful. Wm. Currie, Clothier, 1967 Notre Dame st. 75x

WANTED—BLACKSMITH; ONE ACQUAINTed with horse shoeing and general custom work. Apply or write to N. G. Stevens, Coaticook, P.Q. 75x

WANTED — TWO PIANO SALESMEN OF proved experience and ability. Satisfactory financial arrangements made and permanent positions secured to men who are capable of selling high class piano at moderate prices. Best talking points of any piano offered in Canada. The Bell Piano Company, 2263 St. Catherine st. 72x

WANTED— GENERAL SERVANT FOR small family. Must have city references. 238 Mountain Street. 69x

WANTED —LADY AGENTS EVERYWHERE to canvass for Magnetic American Health Corsets and Petticoats, to order. Fast selling, Madame Stevens, 2515 St. Catherine St., Montreal. 74x

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT No Washing, 419 Lansdowne Avenue, Westmount. 74x

WANTED—Young man to learn illustrating, Bookkeeping or advertisement writing by mail. Tuition payable 60 days after position is secured. Information free. Correspondence Institute of America, Scranton Pa. x

WANTED — A GENERAL; MUST BE A good plain cook; references required. Apply 35 Tupper st. 73x

WANTED — AT ONCE, TWO GOOD AND sober travellers in cigars. High commission and wages to reliable men. The Emporium Cigar Factory, St. Hyacinthe. 73x

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT FOR a small family. Apply 3 Lorne ave. 73x

ARTICLES FOR EXCHANGE

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

FOR EXCHANGE — STONE FRONT DOUble tenement on Bishop street; extra well built; two fine dwellings, with side lights, wide lane, good stable; all in good order, and well rented; would be exchanged for a self-contained house in the West End. H. L. Putnam, 1st Floor, Temple Building. 74

FOR SALE — OR EXCHANGE FOR EQUITY a soda apparatus, made by John Matthews, New York, gas generator and three cylinders, used for one year. Address J. W. Elder, Bebe Plain, P.Q. 73

WANTED — TO EXCHANGE, GLADSTONE, in good order, for pony (about 12 hands), cart and harness. Will pay difference. M., P.O. Box 2299. 70x

TO EXCHANGE — GOOD BICYCLE, FOR incubator and brooder. Address M., P.O. Box 2299. 70x

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE MONEY FOR all kinds of electric fixtures, 25 per cent. discount. Tel., Main 1063, Sayer Electric Company, 60 and 62 Victoria Square. 74x

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A GAS GENerator burning coal oil, complete and in good order, can be seen at 2593 St. Catherine Street. 74x

WANTED — TO EXCHANGE, A HAND printing press, in good order, suitable for card work. Would trade for bicycle or camera. Address Manor, Herald Office. x

TO EXCHANGE — A MANTLE BED, IN good order. Would trade for a bureau or other suitable furniture. Address Mantle Bed, Herald Office. 73x

WE TELL YOU HOW YOU CAN LEARN Hypnotism. Free. Drop us a postal card. Don't miss this opportunity. Address W. E. Hunt, 2 Beaver Hall Hill. 73x

GOOD SECONDHAND BICYCLES, AT prices to suit. Let us send for your wheel to repair, clean, or exchange for new one. In new wheels we have the Remington, I. Johnson, Antelope, Goderich and Champion. Low prices. Open evenings. S. S. Kimball, 577 Craig st. 71x

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE, GOOD GENT'S road bicycle (Dunlop tires) for racer. Will pay difference, or to buy racer. P 10, Herald Office. 74x

FOR SALE — ONE SET IMPERIAL ENCYclopaedia Dictionary, in ten volumes. Cash or monthly payments; or would trade for gent's racoon coat. Apply Box P 1, Herald. 74x

WANTED — TO EXCHANGE, A FUR LINed overcoat, worn two winters, best of beaver cloth, collar otter plucked and dyed to look like seal. Would trade for nice ladies' coat or furniture. Address Fur Coat, Herald Office. x

WANTED — TO EXCHANGE, A COLLECtion of old Harper's Magazines for other books. Address Harper, Herald Office. x

WANTED — TO TRADE TWO FINE EDItions of Pascal's letters, published about 1809. Bound in leather and gold. Containing family autograph. Address Pascal, Herald Office. Would exchange for Thackeray or Lytton. x

A HANDSOME BABY CARRIAGE FOR A Go-Cart. Box P 21, Herald Office. 74x

ONE BEDSTEAD, SPRING AND MATTRESS, good as new. Will sell or exchange for sofa bed. Address M., 2142A St. Catherine street. 70x

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE, LADIES' COAT, finest of cloth, green, silk lined, two years old. Style old, but coat originally cost $35.00. Would exchange for some pots, pans, a stove, or household articles. Address Green Coat, Herald Office. x

WILL GIVE SHORTHAND INSTRUCTIONS for folding bed, or offers. Pitman, Herald. x

A WELL-BRED YOUNG MAN WOULD EXchange his services as teacher, etc., after 7 p.m. Mutual, Herald. x

A YOUNG MAN, HAVING HIS EVENINGS free, wishes to make translations, German, French and English. Box P 76. x

ENCYCLOPEDIC DICTIONARY, ENGLISH edition, new, seven volumes, for bookcase. F 64, Herald. x

WANTED — TO EXCHANGE, OLD STYLE Gordon printing press for secondhand body or job type. Box P 16, Herald. 74x

WILL EXCHANGE A PIANO, PURCHASED at $350, as good as new, for a pair of roadsters, or will swap for anything of equal value. P 13, Herald Office. 74x

WILL EXCHANGE ONE OF TAYLOR'S fireproof safes for a good roll top desk. Maybe we could make a deal on something else. Write P 11, Herald Office. 74x

WILL EXCHANGE A QUANTITY OF ELECtric light fixtures for gas fixtures. Wm. Buckley, 399 St. Dominique. 74x

WILL EXCHANGE A GOOD HANGING lamp for pictures or books. 137A Hutchison st. 74x

WILL EXCHANGE A RARE COLLECTION of copper coins for roll top writing desk. 137A Hutchison st. 74x

WILL EXCHANGE A PARROT FOR A SEWing machine. P 15, Herald Office. 74x

WILL EXCHANGE A GOOD BUILDING LOT in Longueuil for its value in coal. W. J. Taylor, Y.M.C.A. 74x

FOR SALE — TYPEWRITERS, SECONDhand, all makes, bought, sold, rented and exchanged. In perfect condition, at low prices. Canadian Typewriter Exchange, 1778 Notre Dame street. Phone Main 3155. 80x

Once for 10 Cents; a Week for 25 Cents.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

WANTED — POSITION AS TRAVELLER IN Nova Scotia and Cape Breton. Ten years' experience on road. Good connection. References. P 27, Herald. 74x

WANTED—BY SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS MAN, situation as storeman, shipper or packer. Address J. M. C., 30A Chaboillez st. 71x

WANTED — POSITION AS FOREMAN farmer, married, steady and trustworthy, well posted in horses, cattle and general farm work; can furnish good references; also single man, two good ploughmen, and not afraid of work. Address A. B., Place Sans Bruit, P.Q. 73x

WANTED — BY A RELIABLE, HONEST and industrious gardener, a situation by the year. No objections to distance. Address P 22, Herald. 72x

WANTED — A THOROUGH HOTEL MAN would like a hotel to manage; speaks French and English; references furnished. Do not want too large a house, and would prefer country. Apply 528 St. James. 71x

WANTED — SITUATION AS ENGINEER, by party holding first class certificate; A1 mechanic; thoroughly understands mill work of every description. Apply Box P 18, Herald. 71x

WANTED — PEOPLE WHO HAVE NOT yet put up double windows to employ James Johnston, 245A Bleury st. Best work, low prices. Full stock of hardware kept. tf

WANTED — SITUATION AS GARDENER; first class references. Apply 383½ St. Dominique st.

WANTED — BY A RELIABLE YOUTH, A position in wholesale house, where he would have good chances of advancement; well recommended. Address J. M. W., 310 Bourgeois st., Pt. St. Charles. 69x

STORAGE TO LET.

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

STORAGE — TO LET, SUPERIOR, SAFE, clean, dry storage, for household furniture, pianos, trunks, etc., at Fraser Bros., 453 and 455 St. James st. 87x

STORAGE — TO LET, CLEAN AND AIRY warehouse, for storage of furniture, pianos and household effects. Removal of furniture a specialty. King's Cartage and Storage, 380 St. James. Warehouse, William st. Tel. Main 565. 92x

How Herald Wants Are Appreciated.

March 18, 1901.

Dear Sirs,—I have sold through your paper everything I advertised. I like your way of doing business in every respect, and have advised others to use your paper. Respectfully yours,

M. G. SHELDON,
528 St. James Street.

SITUATIONS VACANT

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN WITH A FEW years' experience at job printing, also experienced boy for Gordon press. 741 Craig street. 72

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL AS GENERAL servant for small family, without children, desirable place, with lots of money for the right party. 78 Tupper st. 74

WANTED — A HOUSE AND TABLEMAID. Apply 1266 Dorchester st. 75

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT. GOOD home for suitable person. No children. Apply Mrs. Harris, 374 Sherbrooke street, corner St. Denis. 73x

WANTED — APPRENTICES FOR MILLINery work room. Henry Morgan Co., St. Catherine st. 70x

WANTED — BLACKSMITH HELPER; ONE with some experience in horse shoeing and general work. Apply to Geo. D. Hodgson, Hudson, Que. 73x

WANTED — A GOOD COOK; REFERENCES required. Apply to 1059 Sherbrooke st. 71x

WANTED — PORTRAIT AGENTS AND dealers, write for price list just published. Wholesale prices in portraits and frames. Work guaranteed. The Alert Portrait Co., Toronto. 73x

WANTED — GOOD ERRAND BOY, WOULD prefer one having references. Apply at once. Tuddenham and Anderson, 344 St. James st. 72x

WANTED — A STRONG YOUTH FOR A farm, Lachine; one accustomed to cattle and general work. Good wages. Apply between 10 and 12, at Est. D. J. Macdonald, 71 Wellington street. 73x

WANTED — GARDENER, WHO UNDERstands vegetables, fruit and flowers. Apply to Dr. Fisher, 1018 Sherbrooke st. 72x

WANTED — A RESPECTABLE GIRL FOR light housework; two in family; a comfortable home for the right person. 495 Grosvenor ave., Westmount. 72x

WANTED — A GIRL ABOUT 16, TO DO light housework in a small family; must sleep at home. 621 City Hall ave. 72x

WANTED — GIRL (17 TO 19 YEARS OLD) for light housework, in small flat; no children. Apply 49A St. Famille st. 71x

WANTED — GOOD SMART BOY; MUST have good references. Apply from 6.30 to 8.50 p.m., at 4209 St. Catherine street, Westmount. 71x

WANTED — OPERATORS AT ONCE, EXperienced operators on Singer machine; steady work and good wages. The Progress Mfg. Co., corner St. Urbain and St. Catherine streets. 71x

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT OR a young girl to assist with housework. 29 Winchester ave., west of Victoria ave., Westmount. 70x

WANTED — A LIVE MAN ON THE ROAD, to sell the best hames fastener made. Try it. E. K. Baston, 77 Traverse st., Boston, Mass. 74x

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, 321 ST. PAUL street, 50 riding saddle, harness makers, and stitcher. 70x

WANTED — EXPERIENCED OPERATORS in all departments. Steady work and good pay. Also girls to learn. Apply to Mr. Davis, at The Standard Shirt Co., Limited, Delorimier ave. tf

WANTED — GORDON PRESSMAN. ONE with two or three years' experience. Apply Foreman, Herald Job Dept. x

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT FOR a family of two; no washing or ironing. 15 Tower ave. x

FOR SALE

There is only one way to reach those who read the Herald—and that is by advertising in the HERALD. 20 words, 10c; six insertions, 25c.

FOR SALE — BELGIAN HARES, FROM fine red stock, 4½ months old, $2.00 each; 2½ months old, $1.00 each. Stamp for reply. Frank Brown, St. Raymond, Que. 73x

FOR SALE — SOLID OAK BEDROOM SET, dining table, mahogany parlor set, carpets and pictures; almost new; cheap. 232 Mance st. x

FOR SALE—EMPTY CASES OF ALL SIZES can be had cheap at 1811 Notre Dame. 75x

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE of all descriptions, stoves, carpets and oilcloth, for cash or on easy payments. Universal Furniture Co., 543 Craig st. 73x

GAS STOVE — 3 BURNERS AND OVEN, almost new, for a five dollar bill. Box P 23, Herald. 73x

FOR SALE — BILLIARD TABLE, COMplete, 9 x 5, good as new. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply 290 St. James st. 72x

FOR SALE — BICYCLE, CRESCENT (Ladies'), first class condition; very cheap. Apply E. T., 243

THE TURF

GOVERNMENT GIVES HORSE SHOW $500

This is to be Given as Prizes in the Breeding Classes—Prize List Work Being Rushed.

The Quebec Provincial Government has written to Secretary William Northy, of the Horse Show, announcing that a sum of $500 has been set apart by the Government for the Horse Show.

This is in answer to the deputation which visited Quebec a couple of weeks ago. The deputation explained that the grant was asked for the breeding classes. It is given in accordance with the request, and so the prize list will show prizes to the extent of $500 donated by the Government for the encouragement of good breeding.

The work on the prize list is going steadily on and will be completed shortly. The sub-committee has lost no time and everything should be ready some time next week for submission to the general committee.

In the meantime Secretary Northy has not been idle and has put himself in communication with prominent breeders and owners all over the country. The replies recieved are most favorable and point to a much larger representation of outside horses than last year.

ABBOTT'S OWNER AGREES

New York, March 22.—Fire Commissioner John J. Scannell announced yesterday afternoon that he had decided to agree to the condition stipulated by Thomas W. Lawson, of Boston, that the proposed race between the trotters, The Abbott and Boralma, should be for four heats in seven. Mr. Scannell made the following statement:

"A misunderstanding having arisen between Mr. Lawson and myself as to the terms and conditions of the proposed match for $25,000 a side, with the privilege of increasing the sum to $50,000, between The Abbott and Boralma, and being anxious to gratify the desire of the public for a contest, I am willing to waive my objections to the proposition of Mr. Lawson that the race should be for four heats in seven. I do not believe in subjecting a good horse to such a strain, but I have already conceded everything contended for by Mr. Lawson. I have decided to make this last concession, and have deposited a certified check for $10,000 to bind the match. I am sorry that any misunderstanding should ever have arisen, and I am sure that the owner of Boralma will appreciate my sincerity when he realizes that I have conceded everything that he has asked for."

Thos. W. Lawson said to-night, when asked if there was any possibility that a race might be arranged between Boralma and The Abbott: "I will not reopen the matter. As I said in my statement of Wednesday evening, the incident is closed."

REIFFS GET LICENSE.

London, March 22.—Johnnie and Lester Reiff, Clem Jenkins and A. McIntyre have been licensed by the Jockey Club for the coming season.

SEAGRAM SIGNS VITTATOE.

New Orleans, March 21.—In the case of the filly Lena A., against which a protest was lodged, claiming that she was a 3-year-old, the stewards to-day reported the result of their investigation. They find that the filly is an unusually well-developed 3-year-old, and awarded her owners the purses and stake money which she has won, and which were withheld on account of protest. Jockey Vittatoe has been signed to ride for J. E. Seagram. Dorothy Lee was disqualified after the fourth race for fouling Animosity. Weather fine, track slow. Eleven Bells was the only favorite winning to-day.

CORNWALL CONFIDENT

Cornwall, March 22.—(Special.)—The annual meeting of the Cornwall Lacrosse Club will be held in the Victoria Hall, Third Street, on Monday evening next. A great deal of interest is being taken in this meeting, which is looked upon as a turning point in the club's history. It is generally believed here that Cornwall has material for the best team in the league, and could have won the championship last year if the players had got into condition at the opening of the season. The plain fact of the matter is that some of the players could not pull with some of the executive, and there was more or less internal trouble all season, but particularly in the early part of the summer. As the result Cornwall only had one victory (that over the Capitals) to its credit at the end of July. A better feeling prevailed in the last few weeks of the season and Cornwall won three out of the last five games.

The players are anxious to see some new blood on the executive committee, and are talking of starting work in the gymnasium at once, so as to be in shape for the opening of the season. All of last year's team are available. They are all yet on the youthful side, and should be in their prime this season if properly handled. For possible vacancies there are scores of splendid juniors in the ranks of the intermediate champions and the Cornwall junior league. On the whole Cornwall's chances are good.

Cornwall will oppose the admission of Point St. Charles into the senior league. Last year the Points were beaten by Cornwall II. in the final for the western district of the Interprovincial Intermediate League. Cornwall afterwards beat the eastern champions, the Young Shamrocks in Montreal.

F. W. THOMPSON RESIGNS.

Toronto, March 22.—By the resignation to-day of F. W. Thompson, Peter McMillan, of Beaverton, becomes president of the C.L.A.

THE M.A.A.A. SMOKER

To-morrow night in the M.A.A.A. gymnasium there will be a smoking concert for association members, when the handicap skating prizes and the skating record medals will be presented. Those who receive the spoons for handicap wins are Jas. Urry, A. E. Pilkie, W. Coldwell, John Moore, jr., James Wells, G. Finlayson and L. E. Smith.

The record medals go to Messrs. Pilkie, Coldwell and Drury, who reduced two world's records on February 9 at the association races.

Mr. Charlie Cameron will preside at the smoker, and as chairman of the entertainment committee announces a good programme. The following will take part: W. J. McAllister, F. S. Hickey, Zingari Banjo and Mandolin Club, Zingari Glee Club, Joe Donnelly, Wm. Lister, R. H. Bartholomew, C. A. Mitchell, R. A. Diplock, W. H. Wright in topical song; quartette by French members of Zingari Glee Club, and boxing bouts by some of Trainer Bennett's pupils. Free pipes and tobacco.

WHO WILL GO TO TORONTO?

There will be a boxing tournament about the 6th of April to decide what men will be sent to Toronto to represent Montreal in the Canadian amateur boxing championships which are to be held there by the Argonaut Rowing Club, April 11, 12 and 13. The exact date, classes, etc., will be announced in a few days. This tournament will be held under conditions similar to the bouts in Toronto, so that they will prove a good test.

RIDEAU CURLERS SUCCESSFUL.

Ottawa, March 22.—The final matches in both the single handed and the double handed competitions among the Rideau curlers are yet to be played, but they will likely finish up this week and that will end the playing for the season.

There are four candidates for the single handed championship—Harry S. Southam, Lieut.-Colonel A. P. Sherwood, H. C. Monk and F. M. S. Jenkine.

In the double handed finals Lieut.-Colonel W. P. Anderson and Harry S. Southam will play against P. Whelen and G. Ruel.

The points competition was won early in the season by R. H. Haycock.

The curling season just closing has been one of the best ever gone through by the Rideau Curling Club. The steadiness of the winter allowed the game to be played practically without a break through the season.

MAT & RING

TOMPKINS GOT THE DECISION

After a Ten Round Boxing Match With Arthur Briere—A Good Show.

Harry Tompkins got the decision over Arthur Briere in a 10-round go at the Maisonneuve Opera House, last evening. It was an interesting contest from start to finish, and as round after round was finished, a draw seemed to be the only decision. Tompkins, it is true, did all the leading, and rushed Briere, but the latter got in the most effective blows. Neither one used the right hand much. Briere was the better in this respect. Up to the end of the ninth round it was certainly a draw. But in the last round Tompkins mixed it up three different times and came out of each with blows to his credit. That, coupled with his continued leading, gave Tompkins the decision.

Both men were in excellent condition. Briere weighed 133½ and Tompkins 10 pounds heavier. Tompkins has a slightly longer reach, but they were even in height. Briere has a very quick back step which he used altogether too much. Tompkins was shifty.

Martin Gahan was referee and was satisfactory, though some thought it should have been a draw.

While it was an interesting bout, both men showed a lack of headwork. Both fought for the head with left swings and jabs, leaving their bodies open, but the opening was very seldom taken advantage of. That is where the chief fault lay. The use of the left was all right, but the right to the wind was the play that would have won.

The preliminary bout was between Jim Hanley and Hudson. The latter lost in the second round, when he got a punch in the wind.

The show was well run in every way and everybody was satisfied.

HARD ON ROEBER

Boston, March 21.—This week's engagement at the old Howard is proving a very severe one for Ernest Roeber, and the world's champion wrestler is being handed some very tough wrestling material in the corners who present themselves to try for the $50. On Tuesday night Roeber got a set-back, and failed to throw Paul Ziegler in 15 minutes, and yesterday he had two very narrow escapes.

In the afternoon he met J. V. Russo, the well-known wrestler, now in the barber business at 56 Howard Street. Russo just laid down on the mat and made a defensive contest all the way through.

Roeber had to work as hard as he ever did in his life, for 15 minutes is none too long for a man who wins a fall in Graeco-Roman style against a big, strong experienced fellow. When ten minutes had passed, and Russo was still to the good, the excitement was intense.

After that the champion's superior strength and science told. At the end of 11 minutes 40 seconds Roeber got Russo on his back and held him there, securing the fall.

Russo has asked for another chance during the week.

In the evening Roeber had to tackle a 6 foot 2 inch chap, weighing 220 pounds, and built like a gladiator. In this bout it was pure science and strength, and the champion had to make the work from start to finish. The audience was a big one, and the excitement was intense throughout.

The spectators seemed to be almost entirely in favor of the stranger, and there was a rumor that he was the great Western wrestler, Atherton, but this was afterwards disproved.

The struggle from start to end was a bitter one, and the big giant just laid on the mat, resisting with herculean strength Roeber's desperate onslaught. Time and again he broke away from holds that seemed impossible to get away from.

As the last minutes were ticked off and announced, Roeber doubled his exertions and worked like a beaver. In the early part of the twelfth minute Roeber got a hold which seemed to gradually shut off the big fellow's wind. Gradually he gained, inch by inch, as everybody in the house cheered and shouted, and eventually both shoulders touched the floor, and time was called. Roeber was declared the winner. The fall had been made in 12 minutes 25 seconds.

Miller afterwards spoke to the audience and said that he wanted another chance and would make it for $100. This Roeber refused but promised to let him come again and try for the $50.

TERRIBLE SWEDE FAILED.

Rochester, March 22.—Jack Andersen, the terrible Swede, of Minnesota, undertook to throw Mort. Henderson, a local man, three times in one hour before a fair sized crowd at Fitzhugh Hall last night and failed. Andersen threw his opponent the first time in eleven minutes, the second bout resulting in a fall for Henderson in seven minutes, and the third went to Henderson in four minutes. Henderson was awarded the prize.

WALCOTT WINS.

Waterbury, Conn., March 22.—Two thousand people at the Auditorium last night saw Joe Walcott, of New York, easily put Charlie McKeever, of Philadelphia, out of the running in the sixth round of what was to have been a twenty-round go.

Walcott had the best of it all the way through, for, while McKeever was quick and shifty on his feet, he was no match for his dark-skinned opponent. For five rounds he stayed gamely, receiving some terrific punches on the body, but shortly before the end of the sixth round a punch over the heart did the trick.

MONTREAL DOG WINS

Toronto, March 21.—The bench show of the Canadian Fox Terrier Club opened to-day with fully 300 dogs on the benches, the collies being the best class ever seen in the Dominion. The chief classes are fox terriers, wire and smooth fox hounds and collies. Mr. James Mortimer, of New York, is judge of all classes. The president of the club, Mr. George H. Gooderham, is a sportsman of the best instincts. He owns the Norfolk kennels, the best in Canada, which took ten firsts in New York, and decided not to enter his fox terriers except in special classes.

Among the notable prize-winners in the terrier classes to-day were D. W. Ogilvie, of Montreal, whose wire-haired dog, Bank Note, took first in the novice, open and winner's classes; and carried off the bronze medal for the best wire dog in the show. Mr. J. Wallace Wakem, of Chicago, took first in both open and smooth haired dogs with Seldon Stuyve, a rather noted animal of Canadian breed. W. H. Williams, of Pembroke, Ont., got first for English fox hounds in the open and winner's class.

M.A.A.A. ANNUAL ATHLETICS.

The M.A.A.A. annual gymnastic competition will be held in the gymnasium on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings of next week, and the prospect of a hard fight and a close finish is unusually bright.

The entries this year reach the record-breaking number of sixteen, but the fact of six of these entries being in the championship series is unparalleled in the history of the gymnasium.

Last year's winners are well represented by Messrs. Chaplin, Selby and Eaves, but there is a lot of new blood to be reckoned with this year.

The committee has shown wisdom and at the same time insured a "fair field and no favor" by selecting Messrs. D. J. Watson, Wm. J. Smith and Wm. MacDougall to act as judges.

HANLEY CANADA CUP YACHT.

Detroit, March 20.—Details for the construction and handling of the Hanley cup defender, to be built by the Detroit Boat Club syndicate, were arranged at the meeting yesterday afternoon. It only remains now to sign the contract with the Hanley Construction Company, and that is lying on Chairman Shaw's desk, with the signature of the Hanley Company already on it. It will be signed by the officers of the syndicate, and returned to Boston within a day or two.

The Hanley defender will be called Cadillac. This is in keeping with the bicentennial talk of the past year or two, and in honor of Chevalier de la Mothe Cadillac, the founder of the City of Detroit.

CYCLING

FORECAST OF THE CHANGES IN C.W.A.

Accident Insurance Scheme Will Be Continued—Some Nominations.

Toronto, March 22.—(Special.)—The annual convention of the Canadian Wheelmen's Association will be held in Toronto on Good Friday. The entire reorganization of the association on a basis to suit the changed condition of affairs in cycledom, instead of clubs, at every concession corner throughout the Dominion, that class of cyclists are confined to a few of the larger towns and cities, and a thorough revision of the constitution is being made by the executive on these lines. One chief consul for each of the Provinces will likely be a new order, he to have power to appoint vice or local consuls in all cities, towns and villages, who shall act as canvasser, receiving a suitable compensation for their services. The chief consuls will be appointed by the president, and will hold office for the association year.

The accident insurance benefit will be renewed. A large number of members unfortunately had to avail themselves of the privilege of drawing $5 per week at various periods last year and appreciate the new scheme.

Ex-Secretary Hal. B. Donley will be nominated at the annual convention for the chairmanship of the Rules and Regulations Committee, in place of Alderman J. J. Ward, of Toronto, whose aldermanic duties necessitate his resignation.

The various offices will likely go to the old guard, the chairman of the Roads and Touring Committee, H. B. Howson, having been elected secretary-treasurer.

G. S. Pearcy has been nominated for that position, and Louis Rubenstein, of Montreal, for the chairmanship of the Membership Committee.

Mr. E. B. Ryckman has been nominated for the office of vice-president. He will be a tower of strength to the new executive. Chief Consul John M. Barnes, of St. John, N.B., reports club cycling dead in the Maritime Provinces, but the world down by the sea are all on wheels and require C.W.A. protection as of yore.

BANK LEAGUE STILL TIED

Quebec Bank defeated Royal and Union 4 to 1 in the play-off, which leaves Montreal, Quebec and Royal and Union still a tie.

A meeting of the league will be called for this week to decide upon dates for the final games.

Teams and officials:—

Quebec—N. Lord, goal; C. Strathy, point; E. Wilson, cover point; A. C. Smith, C. Kirby, C. Strand, E. Linton, forwards.

Royal-Union—W. Ronald, goal; R. Baird, point; H. Butler, cover point; C. Balfour, D. Neeve, N. Lewis, P. Linton, forwards.

Referee—F. A. C. Bickerdike.

Umpires—C. J. Furlong, Huntley Gordon.

OTTAWAS IN NEW YORK.

Ottawa, March 21.—The Ottawa hockey team left for New York this afternoon, where they will play two games, one with the New York A.C. team and one with the All-New York team, on Friday and Saturday nights. The team is composed of Messrs. Hutton, Spittal, Duval, Roger, Westwick, Sixsmith and Henry. President Smith and Secretary Butler accompanied the players.

SCOTLAND VS. ENGLAND.

At the Rectory Field, Blackheath, on March 8, Scotland brought their international Rugby football contests to a close with a brilliant victory over England by three goals and a try to a try—18 to 3. The match was the twenty-eighth between the two countries, the record now standing: Scotland, 10 wins; England, 9 wins; and 9 draws.

COOPER LIKES MONTREAL

A Detroit morning paper publishes the following interview with Pitcher George Cooper, who is now in Detroit, and whose services are claimed by Toronto:

"With Burns and Stallings out of town, attending the American League schedule meeting at Philadelphia, it was a quiet day at baseball headquarters yesterday. Not even a baseball payer was in sight at the Bennett Park office. Down town George Cooper, the Canadian League pitcher, who was recently signed by Stallings, and whose services are claimed by Toronto, was found pacing up and down Woodward avenue, seemingly knowing not where to go.

"'The town,' said Cooper, 'seems deserted with the magnates away from home. Guess there'll be "doin's" when they get back.'

"'So you expect to stay with Detroit?' Cooper was asked.

"'Well,' he replied, 'I don't know much about that. But there is one thing I do know: I won't play with Toronto or any other team that is governed by the National League. I was suspended two years ago by the National League while I was with the Des Moines (Iowa) Club, and I refuse to have anything more to do with the National League people.'

"'Will you go to Montreal if Stallings farms you out?'

"'No, sir. Montreal is also under National League protection. Montreal is all right, though, and I should like to play there. I play in Detroit this year I'll promise you that I will hold my end up with the best of the pitchers.'"

AMERICAN LEAGUE RULES.

Philadelphia, March 22.—With the adoption of the schedule for the season of 1901 the meeting of the American League of Baseball Clubs came to an end late yesterday afternoon. There were but five changes in the dates as arranged by President Ben Johnson, and they were immaterial. The entire session was devoted to the consideration of the schedule, and it was unanimously adopted. The schedule contains fifty-six dates which conflict with those of the National League—25 at Boston, 10 at Philadelphia and 25 at Chicago. It was deemed inexpedient to revise the playing rules, and the committee, consisting of Connie Mack, Chares Comiskey and John J. McGraw, issued the following statement:

"After careful consideration of the playing rules of 1900, we are of the opinion that no changes at present woud add to the interest of the game, as the playing rules of 1900, as enforced by the umpires of the American League, gave fast, clean baseball, entirely satisfactory to the patrons."

President Johnson did not make public the official list of players signed by the American League. He said he could not say when the composition of all the clubs would be announced.

A number of the delegates left for their homes shortly after the adjournment of the meeting.

BASE HITS.

"Herky Jerky" Horton, of Worcester, has been sold to Manager Leonard, of the Syracuse Stars.

According to a statement made by Frank Robison, president of the St. Louis National Lague Club, the following players have signed: Donovan, Wallace, Heidrick, Donlin, Powell, Jones, Harper, Knepper, Padden, Krueger, Childs and O'Donnell.

Right-fielder Householder, of the Rochester Club, will not figure in the Eastern League this year, having signed with the Los Angeles Club of the California League.

Manager John H. Sharrott, of Worcester baseball team, expressed the opinion recently that the Eastern League directors, at their schedule meeting this month, would decide against enforcing the rule adopted by the National League, which charges only a ball against a pitcher when he hits a batsman. Eastern League managers feel that the new rule gives the pitcher a big advantage, and that it will be discarded by the National League before many games have been played.

John Callahan, one of the owners of the Rochester Baseball Club, was in Worcester last night in conference with Manager Buckenberger and the crack twirler of the Flower City team, Eddie Murphy, of Auburn. Murphy has had some very flattering offers from the American League, but he hates to quit Buckenberger. If a raise in salary is forthcoming Eddie says he will stay with the Rochester team.

The deal by which Worcester hoped to secure the services of Frank Doran as substitute backstop for the coming season is off. He will probably sign to play with the Denver team of the Western League. Doran played with the Hamilton (Ont.) team of the International League, covering first base, and doing substitute backstop work. At the close of the Canadian season Doran was signed by Springfield, with which team he closed the season, and by which reserved.

J. C. WILSON & CO. ARE CHAMPIONS.

The final match for the championship of the Pastime Euchre League took place in the Drill Hall Wednesday between the Crescent Euchre Club and the J. C. Wilson Euchre Club. After two hours hard and fast play J. C. Wilson & Co. came out the victors by a majority of seven games. The score at full time was J. C. Wilson & Co., 67; Crescent, 60, making a total of 127 games in two hours. This makes a record in euchre circles which has never been equalled, each team playing 16 men a side, 4 men to a table, making 8 tables in all. The following were the teams:—

J. C. Wilson & Co. Euchre Club.—J. R. MacGregor, W. H. Johnson, J. West, T. Lussier, W. Daws, O. Jutras, S. Reid, J. McBride, W. J. Pendleton, J. H. Morgan, J. Smith, E. Nettleton, A. Cloutier, D. Dagenais, S. Ross (Capt.).

Crescent Euchre Club.—J. Dawson, T. MacAdam, J. P. McLellan, W. F. Price, H. Brown, F. Barry, W. Horan, J. Banville, J. B. Flynn, G. Hinton, C. F. O'Brien, F. Bupey, W. Currie, J. C. Lumbers, T. Brown, W. F. Wall (Capt.).

Referee—Mr. W. Young.

After the match both teams adjourned to the Hotel Cecil, where an impromptu smoking concert was held. Speeches were made by Mr. W. F. Wall, Mr. Andy Ellicott, Mr. E. Nettleton, Mr. W. J. Pendleton, Mr. H. Ellicott, Mr. S. Ross. The musical talent were M. Ritchie, Ellicott Johnson, J. R. MacGregor, and Mr. J. H. Morgan. W. P. McLellan and W. Daws did a cake walk that was equal to the best. Mr. F. W. Wall gave a recitation in his usual elegant style. The concert broke up in the wee sma' hours of the morning after singing "Auld Lang Syne."

SPORTS OF ALL SORTS.

"The Montreal lacrosse team will be considerably weakened if the Xmas boys carry out their intention of retiring. Billy Christmas is in a class by himself as a centre fielder and is very popular with Rosedale players, while his brother Ernie is one of the fastest men on any home in the eastern league. Their loss will weaken the garnet and grey this year."—Toronto Globe.

Ladies have acted as touch-line judges at several Association football matches in Wales this season.

Johnny Briggs, the noted Lancashire cricketer, has had another attack of the illness that seized him during the test match with the Australians at Leeds in 1899. When the last mail left it was feared that he would not recover, and in any case it is extremely unlikely that he will ever be able to play cricket again. The loss to Lancashire will be a severe one, for with Mold disqualified and Hallam gone over to Notts, the only regular bowlers left are Cuttell and Sharp.

The Yale hockey team defeated five good skaters from Brown University at the St. Nicholas Rink, thereby settling on itself the intercollegiate championship for the season. At the end of the game the score was: Yale 5, Brown 1.

Ora C. Morningstar, the billiardist, created a sensation Monday night in the handicap match for $250, at Maurice Daly's Academy, New York. He defeated the veteran Tom Gallagher by the score of 300 to 150. The former pupil of Wizard Schaefer, Morningstar, made a run of 145 in his twelfth inning. Gallagher's best effort was made in the fifteenth inning and netted 73 points.

Dr. Walter G. Douglas has captured the billiard championship of the New York A.C. for the third consecutive year. He defeated J. Van Buskirk Rapp in the final match for the honors by the score of 200 points to 126.

A meeting of the executive of the Canadian Association of Amateur Oarsmen will be held at the Queen's Hotel, Toronto, on Saturday afternoon at 3.30, for the purpose of selecting a place for holding the next annual regatta.

"Mysterious" Billy Smith, of Baltimore, and Tim Hurley, of Brooklyn, went 20 slow rounds to a draw last night.

ST. PETERSBURG POLICE HAD PREPARED FOR RIOT

St. Petersburg, March 22.—It is significant that, although the police report on the recent riots published as expressly stated, in order to correct false rumors concerning the riots, does not deny the most serious of the rumors circulated, which are to the effect that men and women were killed here and elsewhere, the report does not mention the subject of the students. It is silent, however, the names of four who died here, including one woman.

The report is not generally credited with being a partial statement. It is claimed that the passage relating to the disturbance in the church is particularly distorted, manifestly, it is said, to prejudice the devout masses against the students, the intellectual element, and the factory workmen.

The statements that students entered the church smoking cigarettes, that a student struck a priest, and another student caught the child Jesus rudely by the arm, are discredited by every witness.

The facts are: The trouble occurred entirely outside the church until the Cossacks pressed 300 persons into the wall. It is also denied that holy water was used to dress the wounds. The students sent a church servant expressly for other water. It is learned now that the police not only prepared for the event themselves, but made precious arrangements at one of the hospitals for the anticipated wounded. They also had carriages ready in the neighborhood. Lectures will hardly be possible for the remainder of the year at any of the higher institutions.

The participation of the factory hands in the riots is considered extremely grave, so far as the future is concerned.

It is understood that measures will be taken Monday to forestall the possible marching of laboring men from the suburbs to the centre of the city.

The Society of Russian Authors has sent to all the Ministers a protest against the conduct of the police and Cossacks.

Strike troubles have broken out in the largest of the local iron works.



DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE ... 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanantly cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

WISHED TO TAKE CHARGE OF BILL

Mr. Langelier Would Father Measure Providing for Chicoutimi's $35,000 Loan.

Quebec, March 22.—(Special.)—The bill introduced by Mr. Petit, member for Chicoutimi, asking that the town charter be amended so as to allow the negotiation of a $35,000 loan, came up yesterday afternoon in connection with a motion of Hon. Mr. Langelier. The mover desired that the charge of the bill be transferred from Mr. Petit to himself. To this Hon. Mr. Pelletier objected. Mr. Langelier had not obtained the consent of the promoter of the bill, and had not given proper notice of his motion. Mr. Petit stated that he had been entrusted with the bill and he proposed to stay with it until the end. He said, however, that the measure was based simply on the resolution of the town council and had not been submitted to the electorate. He was of the opinion that there was some opposition to it among the people of the town. Finally Mr. Langelier withdrew his motion.

Mr. Champagne introduced a bill to make valid "acts" of officers and other persons who have not taken the oath of allegiance and then Hon. Mr. Flynn moved for an order of the House for copies of all petitions respecting the extension of the jurisdiction of the Circuit Court at Nicolet. The leader of the Opposition said that certain changes had been asked by the people of his county and he would be pleased to have a statement of the Government's intentions in the matter. Hon. Mr. Duffy stated, in reply, that requests had been received showing the inconvenience of the present arrangement of coupling Nicolet with Three Rivers district, as early as 1890, when Mr. Casgrain, the Attorney-General, replied that there was too much decentralization of justice already. They have brought the matter before the Government again and ask one of two things, either that Nicolet be established as an independent district or that a Superior Court be erected for the County of Nicolet, thus practically making two chefilieus for the district, one at Three Rivers, on the north shore, and the other for the people of the south shore at Nicolet. The Government thought that it would not be a good precedent to accept either of these requests, as it would practically make the Superior Court itinerant. The question was such a difficult one that it could not be decided without the most careful study, and hence the Government would be unable to bring forward any measure in regard to it this session. The speaker thanked Mr. Flynn for bringing up the question, and assured him that it would receive the Government's most earnest consideration.

BILLS DISPOSED OF.

Mr. Cochrane's bill regarding the Montreal Turnpike Trust came up for its third reading and finally went through, but only after three divisions on amendments offered by Messrs. Chavret and Leblanc. Mr. Chavret wished that the bill be referred back to the general committee.

The Dentist Bill, which provided for an appeal from the Dental Board to the courts, was finally disposed of by the six months' hoist, moved by Mr. Allard. In this connection a petition protesting against the proposed change had been placed in the hands of the members. It was signed by 110 of the 140 dentists in the Province. The following bills received their third reading and were passed:—

An act to amend article 761 of the Municipal Code.—Mr. Walker.

An act to amend the Education Act.—Mr. Duhamel.

An act to amend the Municipal Code.—Mr. Weir.

IN FAVOR OF VALLEYFIELD.

Under Government orders Hon. Mr. Gouin moved the House into committee on resolution that the chiefilieu of the district of Beauharnois be transferred from the town of Beauharnois to the town of Valleyfield. The Minister explained that the change would be a good one and that the new arrangement would do away with the many inconveniences from which the people of that district have suffered. The majority of the people are very anxious for the change, and the city of Valleyfield has offered to expend $50,000 to build the necessary court house and jail. Other speeches on the subject were delivered by Hon. Mr. Pelletier, Mr. Walker (Huntingdon), and Mr. Bergevin (Beauharnois). There will be practically no opposition to the proposed change.

The loss caused by the Hull fire was the occasion of Hon. Mr. Duffy's bill respecting the registry office of the County of Wright. At the time of the fire the registry office and its contents were destroyed and much inconvenience has been caused by the loss of the papers. This inconvenience has been increased because of the burning of the offices of most of the notaries before whom the deeds were passed. The bill brought in by Mr. Duffy refers to replacing as far as possible the documents, deeds, etc., destroyed. The House adjourned at 6.05.

THE EVENING SESSION.

At the evening session a number of bills were read a third time, among them being an act to incorporate the Levis Electric Railway Company, an act to erect the municipality of St. Stanislas de Kotska, an amendment by Mr. Mackenzie to postpone the bill for six months being rejected.

The House in committee also adopted in third reading the act to incorporate the Grand Mere Bridge Company, and to authorize it to construct a pan bridge on the River St. Maurice between the village of Grand Mere and the parish of Saint Theodulde du Lac. Hon. Mr. Pelletier having moved an amendment to the bill which was defeated by 41 to 7.

Hon. Mr. Pelletier also proposed an amendment to the effect that the corporations on either side of the river have the right to purchase the bridge on payment to the owners the price paid by them.

Mr. Cooke objected to the proposed amendment, which was defeated by 41 to 9.

The bill respecting the Gaspe Short Line was then taken into consideration. Hon. Mr. Flynn moved that to prove its faith the company should construct ten miles of railway instead of five during the first ten years, and complete the road in five years.

Hon. Mr. Langelier, the promoter of the bill, had no objection to this amendment, and the bill passed its third reading.

After the adoption of a few motions, the House adjourned at 1.30.

In the Legislative Council Hon. Mr. Archambault ruled against Mr. Perodeau's question of order taken yesterday in respect to the bill authorizing municipalities to vote the necessary sum to entertain the Duke of Cornwall. The bill was read a second time, and referred to the Private Bills Committee.

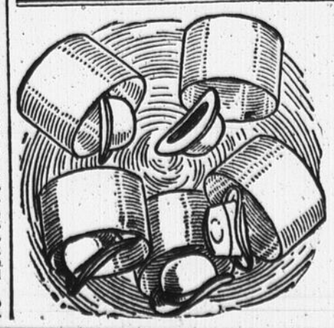
SAMPLE SHOE SALE



A full line of Samples at a saving of 25 to 50 Per Cent.
Sizes marked on every lot. Come early and have your pick.

FRANK POWER

1847 NOTRE DAME STREET, near McGill Street.



Our New Stock of HATS

Is excelled by none in style, quality or price. STIFF OR SOFT FELTS,

$1.00 to $3.00

ALL SIZES IN STOCK.
Try us for your Spring Hat.

JOHN W. REID & CO.
Hatters and Furnishers.
Corner St. Catherine and Bleury Street

SHERIFF'S SALES.

NO. 6475.—JOHN CLARENCE WEBSTER VS. EDWARD DUBOIS.

A land of irregular shape, forming the northwest corner of Notre Dame and de Salaberry Streets, situate in St. Mary's Ward, of the City of Montreal, being part of lot eighty-nine (pt. 89), of the official plan and book of reference of the said St. Mary's Ward; bounded as follows: in front to the south by the new line of Notre Dame Street, where it measures about thirty-eight feet, on one side to the northeast by the said Salaberry Street, where it measures about nineteen feet, on the other side to the west where it measures twenty-eight feet, in rear to the north where it measures about forty-three feet, by the residue of the said lot eighty-nine, and forming in area nine hundred and sixty feet, English measure, more or less—with a solid brick and stone house thereon erected, and all the fixtures which are found in the said house.

To be sold at my office, in the City of Montreal, on the ELEVENTH day of APRIL next, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon.

NO. 1522.—FREDERICK W. EVANS, ES-QUAL., VS. KERMAN JACKSON.

That certain lot of land fronting on Drummond Street, in the Saint Antoine Ward, of the City of Montreal, known as the number fifteen hundred and one (1501), of the official plan and book of reference of said ward, containing twenty-eight feet in width in front and rear by one hundred and eighteen feet in depth, English measure, and more or less; bounded in front by Drummond Street, in rear by a lane of sixteen feet in width, on one side by lot No. 1500, and on the other side by lot No. 1502, of said ward—with a two-storey brick dwelling house and stable thereon erected, the gable walls of which houses are mitoyens with adjoining premises on both sides, with the right forever in common with others of free ingress and egress through the said lane in rear and also through a lane of ten feet in width leading from said rear lane to Drummond Street.

To be sold at my office, in the City of Montreal, on the ELEVENTH day of APRIL next, at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon.

NO. 88.—J. C. SIMPSON ET AL. ES-QUAL., VS. JAMES NELSON.

The property known as No. 40 Saint Mark Street, Saint Antoine Ward, Montreal, measuring nineteen feet four inches in width at the front and nineteen feet eight inches and a half at the rear, by a depth of about one hundred and fifteen feet six inches—with the buildings thereon erected, and being part of subdivision twenty-four, of the lot known as number one thousand six hundred and twenty-five J (1625 J), of the official plan and book of reference of said Saint Antoine Ward, the northwest side line of said property being situate at a distance of six feet at the front from the northwest limit of said subdivision twenty-four, and at a distance of four feet two inches at the rear from the said northwest limit. The said property being bounded in front by said Saint Mark Street, in rear by a lane in common and on both sides by portions of said subdivision twenty-four, the whole English measure and as shown colored green on the plan thereof made by Joseph Rielle, 8th January, 1901.

To be sold at my office, in the City of Montreal, on the ELEVENTH day of APRIL next, at THREE o'clock in the afternoon.

NO. 1481.—MICHEL GALARNEAU VS. WILBROD DESLAURIERS ET AL.

1.—A lot of land situate and being in the City of Montreal; bounded in front by Sherbrooke Street, known and described as subdivision number nine, of lot number eleven hundred and sixty-five (0-1165), of the official plan and book of reference of Saint James Ward—with a foundation built thereon.

2.—Another lot of land situate and being at the same place; bounded in front by Sherbrooke Street, known and described as subdivision number ten, or lot number eleven hundred and sixty-five (10-1165), of the official plan and book of reference of Saint James Ward—with a foundation built thereon.

To be sold at my office, in the City of Montreal, on the TWELFTH day of APRIL next, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon.

No. 172.—WILLIAM A. CALDWELL, CURATOR, AND JAMES S. THOMPSON, INSOLVENT, AND A. W. STEVENSON, CURATOR PAR REPRISE D'INSTANCE, AND J. C. HATTON, REQUERANT, AND CHARLES LAFOND, ADJUDICATAIRE.

Notice is hereby given that the sale of the immovables seized in the present cause, which took place at my office, in the City of Montreal, on the eleventh day of November, 1899, will take place again at my office, in the City of Montreal, on the TWELFTH day of APRIL next, at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon.

At the resale of Charles Lafond, of the City of Montreal, according to judgment rendered by the Court of Review, dated the 28th of February, 1901.

NO. 1028.—L'HONORABLE LOUIS J. R. MASSON ET AL., ES-QUAL., VS. ELIE DOUVILLE AND LOUIS S. LAPERRIERE, CURATOR.

Seised as belonging to the said defendant, and in the possession of the said curator, the following immovable, to wit:—

The northwest half of the official lot number sixty, of the official plan and book of reference of Sainte Ann's Ward, in the said City of Montreal; bounded in front by Bourgeois Street, on one side by the official lot number fifty-nine, on the other side by the other half of the official lot number sixty, and in rear by a lane—with the buildings thereon erected.

To be sold at my office, in the City of Montreal, on the TWELFTH day of APRIL next, at TWO o'clock in the afternoon, at the resale of Henry S. Clark, the purchaser in this cause.

A deposit of $400.00 will be required from every bidder at his first bid, according to judgment of the Honorable Judge Doherty, dated the 26th of February, 1901.

NO. 196.—C. H. A. GUIMOND VS. ARTHUR GRAVEL ET AL.

Seized as belonging to the said defendant, Arthur Gravel, and in the possession of Arthur Gagnon and L. A. Caron, curators to the insolvent estate of the said defendant, Arthur Gravel, the following immovable, to wit:—

A certain emplacement situated in the Saint Lawrence Ward, of the City of Montreal, being the northwest half of the lot known and designated on the official plan and book of reference of said Saint Lawrence Ward, under the number seven hundred and sixty-nine, which said northwest half contains a width of thirty-four feet ten inches in front, on St. Georges Street, thirty-five feet eight inches in rear, by a depth of forty-five feet nine inches in the southeast side line, and forty-four feet eight inches in the northwest side line, and a total superficial area of one thousand five hundred and ninety-two square feet, an English measure, more or less; bounded said northwest half in front to the southwest by Saint Georges Street, in rear to the northeast by lot number seven hundred and sixty-eight, of said official plan and book of reference, on one side to the southeast by the southeast half of said lot number seven hundred and sixty-nine, and on the other side to the northwest by lot number seven hundred and sixty-five, of said official plan and book of reference—with the buildings and portions of buildings thereon erected, without exception or reserve, as the whole is shown on the plan of said official lot number seven hundred and sixty-nine, made by James N. Patton, Provincial Land Surveyer, dated twenty-third day of April, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and annexed to a deed of partition passed between said defendant, Arthur Gravel and said John Crowe, and duly registered under number thirty-nine thousand and thirty-three, at the Montreal East registry office, the twenty-first of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

To be sold at my office, in the City of Montreal, on the EIGHTEENTH day of APRIL next, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon.

NO. 1404. — LE CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO CANADIEN VS. LEONIDAS BAROLET, ES-QUAL.

A lot of land situate and being in the Town of Montreal; bounded in front by Saint Timothy Street, known as described as number two hundred and fifty-three (253), of the official plan and book of reference of Saint James Ward—with a house and other buildings thereon erected, and also with the right of joint ownership in a passage such as actually existing and established on the northwest side of the said lot of land.

To be sold at my office, in the City of Montreal, on the NINETEENTH day of APRIL next, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon.

J. ARTHUR FRANCHERE,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Montreal, 21st March, 1901.

BOCK

R. Wilson-Smith
INVESTMENT BROKER,
151 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

Government Bonds,
Municipal Securities,
Industrial Securities
A large line of gilt edge investments always on hand.

TRANSVAAL,
CAPE COLONY,
NATAL, RHODESIA.
The Imperial Bank of Canada
Is prepared to issue Letters of Credit Negotiable at Branches of the Standard Bank of South Africa, Limited.

DOM. COTTON SHARES RECOVER EIGHT POINTS

The Rumors Are Denied—Pacific, Gas and Electric Firm—Street Stocks Were Rather Soft.

While the tone of the local stock market seemed to be quite strong this morning, and the volume of business was fairly well distributed throughout the list, there was hardly the exciting interest of the past couple of days.

Dominion Cotton was a feature and recovered to 80, an advance of 8 points from yesterday's inside figure.

Yesterday afternoon one of the leading officers of the company made a wholesale denial of the rumors that were floating around the street. Of course, the fact cannot be denied that the company has large obligations to its bank, but it is stated by the official in question that the affairs of the company are even more satisfactory than they were this time a year ago, inasmuch as the company owes less money. He also ventured the prediction that the company is earning its dividend, and stated likewise that there is no truth in the rumor that the president and manager of the company have had a serious difference of opinion.

It was felt yesterday that the stock was in for a recovery to-day, and so it proved. The first sale of the morning session was made at 74, the next at 73 and the third at 75. From that it advanced to 80, and sold back to 78, and then up to 80 again. There was no noticeable support offered, the advance being on the strength of the buying orders and the lesser disposition on the part of some to sacrifice their holdings.

Canadian Pacific was on the firm side, selling at 94½ up to 94⅝, and back to 94¼. It sold as high as 95 in New York and then back to 94⅞, but it was less active there and only a few quotations came over the wire.

The Steel stocks had an easy spell, but the remainder of the market, notably Gas and Electric, held firm.

$ $ $

Montreal Street Railway earnings yesterday were $4,612.39, an increase compared with the same day last year of $205.40.

$ $ $

L. J. Forget & Co.'s London cable quoted Grand Trunk first at 94½, second at 69¾, third at 26½. Canadian Pacific at 97½ and Anaconda at 49¼.

$ $ $

Street railway gross car earnings during second week in March:

		Increase per day.
Montreal Street Railway	$29,242	....
Toronto Railway	27,097	$194
Twin City R.T.	52,824	443

The Montreal Street Railway showed an average decrease of $235 a day during the week. Weather was unfavorable to street railway traffic on the lines of all three companies owing to the severe storms. But Montreal earnings have shown a fine recovery, and the present week's earnings will be very large.

Street railway gross car earnings from January 1 to March 14:

		Increase.
Montreal Street Railway	$230,184	$20,653
Toronto Railway	285,716	15,952
Twin City	554,449	41,203

$ $ $

The Bald Butte mine has declared its regular monthly dividend of 6c per share. This brings the dividend record of the Bald Butte up to $965,000. The original investment in the Bald Butte was $500. The dividends paid by the mine are the largest in proportion to the original investment of any gold mine in the Northwest. It is located 20 miles northwest of Helena in the gold district. The stock is all held by Helena people, and no shares are on the market. Its capitalization is 250,000 shares, and it paid last year on its capital 62 per cent.

$ $ $

Earnings Twin City second week March, $52,824, an increase of $3,106 over last year.

$ $ $

Earnings of London Street Railway Company, week ending March 16, $2,106, an increase of $328 over last year.

The Montreal Clearing House statement for the week shows:

	Clearings.	Balances.
Total for week ending March 21, 1901	$17,316,572	$2,234,453
Corresponding week, 1900	12,557,178	1,537,450
Corresponding week, 1899	15,349,886	2,362,376
Corresponding week, 1898	13,174,058	2,357,659

$ $ $

MORNING BOARD SALES.

24 Pacific xd at 94¼.
350 Pacific xd at 94⅜.
10 Pacific xd at 94¼.
25 Pacific xd at 94½.
5 Pacific xd at 94.
175 Pacific xd at 94¼.
18 Pacific xd at 94.
100 Pacific xd at 94¼.
2500 Payne at 57.
50 Dominion Cotton at 74.
75 Dominion Cotton at 73.
150 Dominion Cotton at 73½.
25 Dominion Cotton at 75.
75 Dominion Cotton at 83.
125 Dominion Cotton at 78.
10 Dominion Cotton at 78.
75 Dominion Cotton at 78.
5 Dominion Cotton at 70.
25 Dominion Cotton at 80.
1 Bank of Montreal at 258½.
84 Electric xd at 225.
25 Electric xd at 226.
25 Electric xd at 226½.
75 Duluth pfd at 17.
50 Street Railway at 274.
50 Street Railway at 274½.
50 Street Railway at 274½.
25 Street Railway at 274¼.
50 Dominion Steel pfd at 90.
225 Dominion Steel pfd at 90⅛.
250 Dominion Steel pfd at 90.
5 Dominion Steel pfd at 90.
250 Dominion Steel pfd at 90.
20 Dominion Steel pfd at 90.
5 Dominion Steel pfd at 90.
25 Dominion Steel pfd at 90.
1 Merchants Bank at 158.
15 Merchants Bank at 159.
125 Gas at 234.
50 Gas at 234½.
200 Gas at 234⅝.
125 Twin City at 72¾.
10 Dominion Coal at 110¾.
9 Bank of B.N.A. at 129.
16 Bank of Commerce at 149.
25 Dominion Steel com at 38.
50 Dominion Steel com at 37¾.
10 Dominion Steel com at 37½.
75 Cable xd at 166.
25 Cable xd at 166¾.
150 Cable xd at 167½.
125 Duluth com at 7¼.
10 Richelieu at 110.
50 Toronto Railway xd at 106.
10 Toronto Railway xd at 106¼.
1 Montreal Telegraph at 169.
15 Mo. Cotton at 133.
$3000 Dominion Steel Bonds at 88½.

MONTREAL MARKETS

GRAIN.—Business is fair. Oats are selling at 32½c ex-store in car lots. Ontario No. 1 spring wheat, afloat May, 76c to 76½c; No. 1 oats, 34½c to 34¾c; No. 2, 33½c to 33¾c; buckwheat, 55½c; rye, 58c; No. 2 barley, 49½c. At outside points No. 2 Ontario white and red wheat sold at 64c high freight, and No. 2 mixed at 63¼c for shipment to Portland and St. John, N.B., and No. 2 red at 67c; No. 2 white at 66¾c on low freight to New York, and No. 1 spring at 68½c east of Toronto; peas, west, at 62½c; No. 2 oats, Grand Trunk, high freight, 28½c; No 1 do., 29¾c east.

FLOUR.—On the whole trade is quiet and prices show few changes. Manitoba best spring patents, $4.30; winter wheat patents, $3.60 to $4; straight rollers, $3.30 to $3.40; in bags, $1.60 to $1.70; and Manitoba strong bakers, $4.

MEAL.—A fair jobbing trade was done in rolled oats and prices are steady at $3.95 to $3.40 per barrel, and at $1.65 to $1.70 per bag, but some agents for leading Ontario mills state they cannot sell under $3.45 to $3.50 per barrel.

FEED.—The demand for feed continues good and the market is active with no change in prices. Manitoba bran, in bags, $18; shorts, $19; mouillie, $20 to $24; Ontario bran, in bulk, $17.50, and shorts, $18.50 per ton.

HAY.—The local demand for hay is good, and as supplies on spot are not large, prices rule firm. Cable advices received to-day did not note any improvement in foreign markets. No. 1, $10.50 to $11; No. 2, $9.50 to $10; clover, $8 to $8.25 per ton, in car lots on track.

CHEESE.—There has been a little enquiry and some business in white cheese around 9¾c to 9⅞c. Colored is 9½c with less demand.

BUTTER.—Trade continues quiet, and most of the best creamery is changing hands at 22c in a jobbing way, with held stock at 19c to 21c. Western dairy is steady and dull at 15c to 15½c.

EGGS.—The market is weak and 13c to 14c is about the range.

MAPLE PRODUCT.—The market for maple product was quiet, but with the present mild weather new crop goods should be on the market in the near future, which will, no doubt, meet with a ready sale. Old syrup is moving slowly at 50c per imperial gallon, and sugar at 6c to 7c per lb.

HONEY.—There was no change in honey. The demand is quiet and the offerings small. White clover comb, 13½c to 14½c; white extracted, 8½c to 10c; buckwheat, in comb, 10c to 12c; and extracted, 7c to 8c.

POTATOES.—A fair trade continues to be done in potatoes and carload lots are changing hands at 38c to 40c per bag.

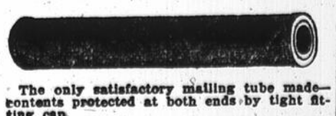
ONIONS.—The market for onions is very firm, and the demand is steady at $3.25 to $3.50 per barrel.

ASHES.—The market for ashes is without any new feature, business being quiet and prices steady at $4.80 to $4.90 for firsts and at $4.50 to $4.60 for seconds, per 100 lbs.

MEATS.—A fairly active trade was done in dressed meats. The demand was chiefly for beef, which moved freely at stiff prices. Fresh killed lambs were enquired for and sold at 7c per lb., but frozen stock is slow of sale and prices rule low. Fresh killed mutton met with a fair sale at 5½c to 6½c, but frozen stock was hard to cash on account of the soft weather. There was a better feeling in the market for calves, owing to the fact that the surplus supply has all been cleaned up for the present and values have recovered a little. Hindquarters beef, 6c to 7½c; forequarters, 4c to 5c; lamb, 3c to 5c; mutton, 3c to 4½c; veal, 3c to 7c per lb.

HOGS.—There was no further change in the situation of the market, the tone being about steady at the recent decline. The demand was fair for small lots and a sale of 200 was made at $8.50. Jobbing lots brought $8.50 for light and $8 to $8.25 for heavy, per 100 lbs.

Spiral Mailing Tubes.



The only satisfactory mailing tube made—contents protected at both ends by tight fitting cap.
Made in all lengths, from 12 to 24 inches, and of different diameters.
Write us for prices on large or small quantities.
These tubes are considerably cheaper than the old fashioned hand made article.
CHARLES F. DAWSON,
COMMERCIAL STATIONER,
206 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

GRAIN UP WEST

Toronto, March 22.—Wheat—The easier tone in the outside markets caused a slight decline here, and quotations were a shade lower in some instances. Red and white were quoted easier at 66½c middle freights, exporters offering 66c, buyers quoted 67c on a low freight to New York. Goose wheat was quoted 67c low freights for No. 1 and 66c low freights for No. 2. Spring wheat was steadier at 68½c for No. 1 east. Manitoba wheat was unchanged at 98c to 98½c for No. 1 hard, 95c for No. 2 hard, and 81c to 82c for No. 3 hard, grinding in transit, and 97c for No. 1 hard, 93½c for No. 2 hard, and 80c for No. 3 hard, all rail, North Bay.

Flour—The market was quiet and steady at $2.60 for 90 per cent. patents, buyers' bags, middle freights. Choice brands were held 15c to 20c higher. Manitoba flour is steady at $4.25 for cars of Hungarian patents and $4 for strong bakers, in car lots, bags included, Toronto.

Millfeed—Market steady at $15.50 for shorts and $14.50 for bran, in car lots, west; some mills are getting from $1 to $1.50 more for ton lots in a local way.

Barley—Is steadier at 43½c for No. 2 east, 43c for No. 2 middle freights, and 42c for No. 3 extra, middle freights.

Buckwheat—The market is steady at 53c east and 52c to 52½c middle freights.

Rye—Is dull but firm at 50c east and 49c middle freights.

Corn—The market is firm at 40¼c for Canada yellow and 39½c for mixed, west. American No. 3 yellow is stead yat 47½c, Toronto.

Oats—Are steady at 29¾c for No. 1 white east and 28½c to 29c for No. 2 white, middle freights.

Oatmeal—Is quiet at $3.35 for cars of barrels and $3.25 for bags, Toronto, and 20c more for smaller lots.

Peas—Are in demand and steady at 63c north and west, and 63½c to 64c middle freights.

THE FRUIT SALES

At the Montreal Fruit Auction Company's rooms yesterday there were offered three cars of California, Washington, fruit. The attendance of buyers was fairly large; in consequence, the bidding for some lines was brisk, and especially so for navel oranges, which sold at 16c to 40c per box higher than on Monday, at $1.90 to $2.80 per box. Ruby blood oranges were also in good demand and prices ruled fairly firm at $1.55 to $1.75 per half box. Grape fruit sold steady at $1.80 to $2.10 per box, and tangerines at $1.10 to $1.80 per box. A car of apples was offered, but the bidding for them was not active and the prices realized were 20c to 50c per barrel lower than Monday, sales ranging at from $2.75 to $3.80 per barrel. A few small lots of lemons sold at $2 to $2.40 per box. John Parry & Sons will offer on Monday, March 25, for account of the Southern California Fruit Exchange, at the above auction rooms four cars more of California Washington fruit, consisting of the above varieties.

CHEQUE FROM MR. CLERGUE.

Ottawa, March 22.—(Special.)—The treasurer of the Canadian Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis has received, through Sir James Grant, the president of the association, the sum of $1,000, being a donation from F. H. Clergue, Sault Ste. Marie.

ARMOUR HAS CORNER ON PORK MARKET

He Has Cleared $1,000,000 so Far and He May Double It Before the Squeeze is Over.

Pork and $20 will be in conjunction in May, say the astrologers of the speculative skies.

In this forecast is borne out a couple of millions will be added to the Armour fortune. Two days ago the trade in Chicago discovered that J. Ogden Armour was behind the market.

He is "long" about 300,000 barrels of May pork. He got it around $13. Yesterday the price ran up to $17.05, the highest since the corner of October, 1894. On the face of the market Armour is now $1,000,000 ahead. The shorts are running to cover, but are finding no help from the owner of the long line.

On the contrary, Armour is said to be buying and adding to his line. The whole packing trade of the country is starting in to break the corner, and the pork raiser is already reaping the benefit. Hogs brought $16.15 at the stock yards yesterday. They may bring $17 before the month is out. The packing interests have only eleven days in which to break the corner, for mess pork must be thirty days in the curing before it can be offered as contract pork.

J. OGDEN ARMOUR'S FIRST DEAL.

This is J. Ogden Armour's first battle on the Board of Trade. His father is said to have never lost one. The eyes of the speculative world are turned on the quiet young man who was never in the foreground when the elder Armour was alive. The wheat and the corn pit is interested in the pork pit. The central figure of the centre of disturbance there is being watched and he will be measured by the success or failure of the deal.

The stock of contract pork was never lower than now. There are only 60,000 barrels in sight and two-thirds of this amount is held by Armour & Co. The contract pork that is coming to the market will, it is said, be absorbed very largely in the cash trade. The shorts must get their 300,000 barrels in the sat before April 2 in order to deliver on May 1. This means that 500,000 hogs must be slaughtered during the next two days to beat the head of the house of Armour.

The result is largely a question of arithmetic. Last week 140,000 hogs were brought to Chicago, 25,000 were shipped to the east, Armour & Co. killed 26,800. The other packers killed 88,000. Kansas City and Omaha, outside of the Armours, killed 50,000. If the entire pork packing industry were turned against the quiet young man who is engineering the pork deal not more than 250,000 hogs could be killed in time to make contract pork this season. This would fall far from breaking the corner.

MAY FIX PRICE AT PLEASURE.

In a few days Armour will know just what can be offered to him on May 1. Speculators say he can make the price what he pleases. In August, 1893, mess pork touched $21.80. It has been up to $23. If young Mr. Armour runs it up to that price he will be $3,000,000 to the good.

The short interests are said to be made up of country packers, the pork pit, as a rule, not being a very inviting field for the outsiders. For several weeks pork has been quietly advancing and all pork products have gone up in like order. On Monday May pork broke out of the measured step and ran in advance of its companions — July pork and lard — and it has lengthened the distance between them each day.

The fact that some one was "squeezing" began to dawn on the trade and the shorts became frightened and active bidding for hogs set in. Yesterday Armour & Co. came out of the mist that had enveloped the manipulation of the deal and the market began to soar.

$ $ $

The New York Journal of Commerce says: "The scarcity of white wheat on the other side is due to the small arrivals of California wheat, which is used in the manufacture of breakfast cereals. Hence the sale of 52,000 Canadian white wheat here reported in our last."

$ $ $

Same paper observes: "The New York grain exporters at a meeting yesterday excluded shipments from Canadian ports as good tender on Atlantic seaboard contracts on the ground that inspection of grain at Canadian ports was not satisfactory on the other side and hurt the reputation of Atlantic shipments. This is rather funny when Liverpool is rejecting No. 2 hard shipments from the United States on contracts."

$ $ $

Wheat was easier in Chicago this morning. May opened ¼ to ⅜ lower at 76 and was quoted at 75½ to 75⅝ at 12.30. May corn opened at 41½ and the 12.30 price was 41.

CATTLE MARKETS

The offerings at the East End Abattoir were about 400 head cattle, 50 sheep, 350 calves and less than a dozen spring lambs. There was a fairly good attendance of buyers and the volume of trade was moderate at recent prices. One or two extra choice beeves sold at 4¾c and 5c per lb., but the ruling price for choice stock was 4½c. Good sold at 3¾c to 4¼c, fair at 3½c to 3¾c, and lower grades at 2½c to 3c per lb. The trade in sheep and lambs was quiet, owing to continued small receipts, and prices were firm. Sheep sold at 3½c to 4c and lambs at 4½c to 5c per lb. There were only a few spring lambs on the market, which sold readily at $4 to $5 each. The demand for calves was fair, and sales of choice were made at $9 each, good at $6 to $8, fair at $3.50 to $5, and common at $1.50 to $3 each. Receipts of live hogs were small, for which the demand was good; in consequence the tone of the market was stronger, and prices higher at 6¼c to 6½c per lb.

Cables from Glasgow reported trade in both Canadian and American cattle fair, but whether shippers made or lost money they did not say. Owing to the high rates of ocean freight asked here by steamship agents for May, some of our largest Ontario shippers have turned their attention to Boston, an done of them engaged space recently from that port for 2,400 head of cattle, to be shipped to Liverpool in the month of May, at 25s per head. This rate is 12s 6d lower than the rate engagements have been made at here for the same month and port.

TO-DAY'S RETAIL MARKET

GRAIN—			
Oats, new, bush	0 33	to	0 90
Barley, bush	0 35	to	0 55
Peas, bush	0 85	to	0 90
Buckwheat, bush	....	to	0 56
Beans, per bush	1 50	to	1 60
Flour (baker's), per bag	2 05	to	2 10
Flour (baker's), per bbl	4 50	to	4 75
Hay, per ton	10 50	to	11 00
Straw, per load	5 50	to	6 00
DAIRY PRODUCE—			
Cheese	....	to	0 13
Butter, lb. rolls	....	to	0 18
Eggs, new laid	....	to	0 18
POULTRY—			
Chickens, per pair	....	to	0 12
Spring chickens, per pr.	....	to	0 50
Turkeys, per lb	....	to	0 12½
Spring ducks, per lb	....	to	0 12½
Geese, per lb	....	to	0 10
FRUIT AND VEGETABLES—			
Potatoes, new, per bag	....	to	0 55
Carrots, per bbl	....	to	1 25
Beets, per bbl	....	to	1 50
Cabbage, per bbl	....	to	1 25
Apples, per bbl	3 50	to	5 00
Turnips, per bag	....	to	0 50
Onions, per bag	....	to	3 00
Cauliflower, crate	2 50	to	2 75
FRESH MEATS—			
Beef, forequarters, cwt.	0 04	to	0 06
Beef, hindquarters, cwt.	0 07	to	0 08
Lamb, per lb	0 07	to	0 09
Mutton, carcase, cwt.	0 07	to	0 09
Veal, carcase, cwt	0 06	to	0 10
Dressed hogs, per cwt.	....	to	8 50
Hogs, live weight	....	to	6 00

PRODUCE EXPORTS

The shipments of cheese and butter from Portland and St. John, N.B., for the week ending March 19 were:

	Cheese.	Butter.
Glasgow	492	..
Liverpool	8,420	87
London	15,045	..
Total	23,957	87

BANK OF ENGLAND

London, March 21.—At the semi-annual meeting of the Bank of England to-day the governor announced that the net profits for the six months ending February 28 were £725,306, making the amount of "rest" at that date £3,750,341. After providing for a dividend of 5 per cent. the amount of "rest" was £3,022,601.

FRUIT CARS SCARCE

Los Angeles, Cal., March 20.—The fruit car situation is slightly improved. Growers are gratified at the fruit arriving in better shape. Fourteen carloads of oranges arrived at Seattle on the 24th to St. Paul over the Great Northern Wednesday. Success of the new route may help the solution of the car famine.

SUGAR MARKET

Local sugar market is without change. The demand from both local and country dealers continues good, and the volume of business during the week has been larger than for some time past. Granulated is selling at $4.45 and yellows at $3.90 to $4.25 per 100 lbs., as to quality, at the factory.

PAY OF "C" BATTERY.

Ottawa, March 22.—(Special.)—A return just brought down contains all the official correspondence in regard to the question of the pay of "C" Battery. The letter of chief interest is one from the Deputy Minister of Justice to the Militia Department expressing the opinion that the men of the battery were not entitled to the deferred pay concerning which there was a dispute—that is the difference between the Canadian and the ordinary Imperial rate of pay—because they had, while on service in Rhodesia, received as great or greater pay than allowed by the Canadian rate.

MONTREALER WHO MADE MILLIONS

Daniel Hennessy, Who Died in New York on Thursday, Was Born in This City.

Daniel Hennessy, who was born in Montreal in 1826, and who went from here to New York in 1840, died in the American metropolis on Tuesday last a millionaire. He was an excellent example of what poverty, when allied to energy and intelligence, may overcome. At the time of his death he was one of the largest contractors in Greater New York, and had constructed more than six hundred buildings in this city, many of them costing hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Mr. Hennessy's parents were poor, and about all they gave him to begin life on were a fine physique, determination, and shrewd judgment. When he arrived in New York at the age of fourteen he was a shrewd, hard-headed lad, with a large amount of self-confidence and determination, and without any of the bad habits that are sometimes found in boys of his age.

Young Hennessy determined to learn the trade of builder, and began at the foot of the ladder in New York in more senses than one.

He found employment with John Glasscock, at that time a builder of prominence, whose office was in Canal Street. Young Hennessy learned how to mix mortar and then how to carry it up a ladder to the bricklayers. In time he became an expert bricklayer, and when twenty years of age started in business for himself.

Never after that time did he work for another person. He was always "his own boss," and from employing a few men at first he frequently afterward had hundreds in his employ at one time.

From taking contracts for putting up small dwellings and stores, he undertook the construction of four, five, six and afterward ten and twelve story buildings.

So highly was his judgment and skill as a builder prized that, before purchasing the residence which he now owns, Richard Croker requested him to examine the property and give him his opinion as to its desirability and value. Other well-known men sought his opinion about buildings before investing.

It is believed that his estate will amount to about $2,000,000. His death, which was unexpected, was due to apoplexy. He was found by his son lying dressed on the floor of his bedroom on Friday morning, having evidently just arisen. He never regained consciousness. He leaves one son, Richard White Hennessy, and two daughters, Miss Jane A. Hennessy and Mrs. William H. Raser. His wife, who was a Miss Baker, died in New York thirty-one years ago.

BAKER IN LUCK.

Kingston, March 22.—(Special.)—J. W. Trousdale, baker, Sydenham, leased the Smith-Lacey mine, near Sydenham, from the U. S. Electric Company, owning it, after it had caved in and been abandoned by former lessee. He found a new vein and has been working at it for several months. An officer of the Electric Company has come over, bought the mica on hand, has secured a cancellation of the lease for a few months of unexpired term, and has given the fortunate baker $11,000. He is not working so hard as he was in the bakery.

MAJOR TURNER ON MONDAY.

Major Turner, who succeeds Brigadier Pugmire in command of Salvation Army operations in this Province, arrives from Toronto on Monday morning via C.P.R. The Major will be welcomed by local Salvationists and friends at the Alexander Street Barracks on Monday night at 8 p.m., when addresses of welcome will be given from different branches of existing work in the Province.

GRAND JURY COMPLAINS.

Kingston, March 22.(Special.)—The grand jurors have reported to the High Court that the penitentiary authorities practically shut them out of learning the condition or management of the institution on their visit to-day.

THE KIRKPATRICK MEMORIAL.

Kingston, March 22.—(Special.)—Six directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company have given $50 each to the Sir George A. Kirkpatrick memorial. The amounts subscribed now reaches over $2,000.

LORD MINTO AS PATRON.

Ottawa, March 22.—(Special.)—The Governor-General has extended his patronage to Capt. Bernier's polar expedition.



STYLE "C" AUER LIGHT 75c.

Mantles . . . 20c
Gloria Lights . 47c
Gloria Mantles . 15c

Auer Light Co.
1682 NOTRE DAME ST.

BREWERS.

THE BEST AND PUREST
Malt Extracts
ARE
WM. DOW & CO.'S
INDIA PALE ALE
AND
CROWN STOUT

J. H. R. MOLSON & BROS.,
Ale and Porter Brewers,
have always on hand the various kinds of
ALE and PORTER
Wood and Bottles. Families regularly supplied.
1006 Notre Dame St., Montreal.

Dawes & Co., Brewers
Pale Ales and Porter
LACHINE, P.Q. Tel. Main 563. Montreal Office: 521 St. James Stree.

LACHINE RAPIDS
Electric Light or Power...

We will give special inducements to customers who require heat in winter but could use electric power in summer.

Also special rates for power not required during the peak of our load, which in winter is from 4 till 8 p. m.

If this interests you, let us have our agent call on you and explain details. It will pay you to look into this,

Lachine Rapids Hydraulic & Land Co.,
(LIMITED.)
38 VICTORIA SQUARE.
Telephone "Main 1745."

Tenders for the Construction
— OF A —
TWIN SCREW STEEL STEAMER

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Steel Steamer," will be received by the Department of Marine and Fisheries until 4 p.m. on Tuesday, 30th April, 1901, for the construction of a Twin Screw Steel Steamer of the following dimensions:

Length, 210 feet; breadth moulded, 34 feet, depth moulded, 18 feet.

The contract to include hull, masts, rigging, engines, boilers, and all other machinery and equipment, complete and ready for sea.

Plans and specifications can be seen in this Department at Ottawa, at the Halifax and Quebec Agencies of this Department, and at the Custom Houses at Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton and Kingston.

Each tender must be accompanied by at least the names of two good and sufficient sureties, and an accepted cheque for ten per cent. of the amount of the tender, which sum will be forfeited should the tender be accepted and the tenderer refuse to enter into contract and bond.

The cheque must be certified good until the contract and bond are duly executed.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

F. GOURDEAU,
Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 15th March, 1901.

INSOLVENT NOTICE

In the matter of J. F. PERREAULT, boots and shoe manufacturer, No. 45 Maria St., St. Henry of Montreal, Insolvent.

The undersigned will sell by public auction, en bloc, at No. 69 St. James Street, Montreal,

FRIDAY, THE 29th MARCH, 1901,
At 11 O'Clock A.M.,

The assets of the said Insolvent, consisting of
Leather Findings, Machineries and Plant, the whole amounting, as per inventory, to $2,034.20

The factory will be open for inspection on the 28th instant.

For further information, apply to
ALEX. DESMARTEAU, Trustee,
No. 1598 Notre Dame St., Montreal.
MARCOTTE BROS.,
Auctioneers.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

MACLENNAN, CLINE & MACLENNAN,
Barristers, &c,
CORNWALL, ONT.
D. B. Maclennan, K.C. F. J. Maclennan.
C. H. Cline.

BICKERDIKE & TRIHEY,
Barristers and Solicitors.
703 MERCHANTS BANK CHAMBERS.
Frank A. C. Bickerdike. Harry J. Trihey.

W. A. WEIR, K.C., M.P.P.,
Solicitor and Barrister,
138A ST. JAMES STREET.
(Opposite St. Lawrence Hall.)

LEITCH, PRINGLE & CAMERON,
Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law,
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Etc.
CORNWALL, ONT.
Jas. Leitch, K.C. J. A. C. Cameron, LL.B.
R. A. Pringle.

BUCHAN, ELLIOTT & KENNEDY,
ADVOCATES, Etc.,
CANADA LIFE BUILDING,
188 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

GIBBONS & HARPER,
BARRISTERS, Etc.,
Office—Cor. Richmond and Carling Sts.
LONDON.
George C. Gibbons, K.C. Fred. F. Harper.

ALFRED E. HARVEY, B.C.L.,
Attorney, Barrister, Etc.,
ROOMS 356 AND 358 TEMPLE BUILDING,
185 ST. JAMES STREET.
MONTREAL. TELEPHONE 1868.

GREENSHIELDS & GREENSHIELDS,
Barristers, Solicitors, etc.
1724 NOTRE DAME STREET.

FINLAYSON & GRANT,
Custom House Brokers,
Forwarders and Warehousemen.
Bell Tel. Main 1303. P.O. Box 424.

ATWATER, DUCLOS & CHAUVIN
Formerly Atwater & Duclos,
ADVOCATES,
151 ST. JAMES STREET.
Albert W. Atwater, K.C. Charles A. Duclos
Henry N. Chauvin.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC
District of Montreal.
Municipality of the Town of Westmount.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

To the inhabitants of the Town of Westmount, and all others interested:

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, Secretary-Treasurer, that the Special Assessment Rolls, prepared under By-Laws 36, 46 and 47 of the Council of the Town, of the assessment and apportionment of the costs of certain macadamizing works and sewers or drains, made in the Town under the provisions of said By-Laws, have been deposited in the office of said Council, open to the communication of all interested, and that the same will be submitted for homologation to the Council at a General Session of the Council, to be held at the ordinary place of sessions, at four o'clock in the afternoon, on the First day of April next, nineteen hundred and one (1901), when the said Council shall be prepared to hear all the parties interested, and will thereafter homologate the said Special Assessment Rolls, with or without amendments, as the case may be.

Given at the Town of Westmount, this fifteenth day of March, nineteen hundred and one (1901).

WM. MINTO,
Secretary-Treasurer.

THE METROPOLITAN STOCK EXCHANGE

MAIN OFFICE, BOSTON, MASS.
Incorporated under laws of Massachusetts.
Capital, $100,000; fully paid.
45 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER ST.
Stocks, Cotton, Grain and Provisions bought and sold on margin or for cash.
Bell Telephone Main 4151.

PATENTS.

PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS
OWEN N. EVANS,
Temple Building, MONTREAL

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED
Write today for a free copy of our interesting books "Inventors Help" and "How you are swindled." We have extensive experience in the intricate patent laws of 50 foreign countries. Send sketch, model or photo. for free advice. MARION & MARION, Experts, New York Life Building, Montreal, and Atlantic Building, Washington, D.C.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

Dividends for the half-year ended 31st December, 1900, have been declared as follows:
On the Preference Stock, Two Per Cent.
On the Common Stock, Two and One-Half Per Cent.
Warrants for the Common Stock Dividend will be mailed on or about 1st April, to Shareholders of record at the closing of the books in Montreal, New York and London respectively.
The Preference Stock Dividend will be paid on Monday, 1st April, to Shareholders of record at the closing of the books at the Company's London Office, 1 Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C.
The Common Stock Transfer Books will close in London at 3 p.m. on Friday, 22nd February, and in Montreal and New York on Friday, 8th March. The Preference Stock Books will close at 1 p.m. on Saturday, March 2nd.
All books will be re-opened on Tuesday, 2nd April.
By order of the Board.
CHARLES DRINKWATER,
Secretary.
Montreal, 11th February, 1901.

Wills and Executors

No one should be burdened with the duties and responsibilities of executorship, with the loss of time, worry, litigation and personal friction so often incidental to such position, now that Trust Companies exist for the purpose of performing the functions of an Executor.

Prior to the existence of Trust Companies there was no choice but to accept and to delegate such serious responsibilities, such difficult and thankless tasks; Testators had no course open but to appoint Private Executors with all the risk and uncertainty of these individuals being able to perform properly their trust functions, whether from lack of business knowledge, experience, time, inclination, or permanent residence, and always the possibility that the Executors would not survive the Testator a day.

A Trust Company makes a permanent Executor—one never indifferent to the performance of duty—one never absent.

National Trust Company, Limited,
Capital.... $1,000,000.00 Reserve.. $270,000.00
Offices and Safety Deposit Vaults,
153 St. James Street.
A. G. ROSS, Manager.

WILLOW BANK
POINTE CLAIRE.
FOR SALE — A fine property on the river front, comprising the substantially built residence and grounds, formerly occupied all the year round by the late Mr. McKinnon. Area about three arpents; stable and coach house, ice houses, etc.; moderate price.
The J. Cradock Simpson Real Estate and Agency Co.
181 ST. JAMES STREET.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
MONTREAL TIME BILL.
ST. JOHN, HALIFAX — Lv. $8.05 p.m. Ar. x8.35 a.m.
TORONTO, HAMILTON, CHICAGO — Lv. †8.55 a.m., *9.30 p.m. Ar. *7.50 a.m., †7.00 p.m.
WINNIPEG AND PACIFIC COAST—Lv. †9.30 a.m. Ar. †6.10 p.m.
S. S. MARIE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH—Lv. *10.00 p.m. Ar. *8.00 a.m.
OTTAWA—Lv. Place Viger, †8.30 a.m., †5.40 p.m. Ar. 12.55 p.m., †10.00 p.m.. Lv. Windsor St., †9.30 a.m., †9.55 a.m., †4.10 p.m., †6.15 p.m., *10.00 p.m. Ar. *8.00 a.m., †9.35 a.m., †11.20 a.m., †6.10 p.m., †6.40 p.m.
QUEBEC—Lv. †8.20 a.m., †2.00 p.m., §3.30 p.m., *11.00 p.m. Ar. *6.30 a.m., †2.10 p.m., †6.20 p.m., §6.30 p.m. (Sun. only.)
BOSTON — Lv. †9.00 a.m., *7.45 p.m. Ar. *8.20 a.m., †9.15 p.m.
VAUDREUIL — Lv. †8.55 a.m., (I)1.30 p.m., †4.15 p.m., a5.15 p.m., †6.15 p.m., *9.30 p.m. Ar. *7.50 a.m., †8.40 a.m., †12.10 p.m., †7.00 p.m.
SHERBROOKE—Lv. †9.00 a.m., †4.30 p.m., *8.05 p.m. Ar. x8.35 a.m., †11.55 a.m., †9.15 p.m.
JOLIETTE—Lv. †8.20 a.m., †5.10 p.m. Ar. †8.50 a.m., †6.20 p.m.
BERTHIER—Lv. †8.20 a.m., (I)2.00 p.m. Ar. †2.10 p.m., †6.20 p.m.
ST. JEROME — Lv. †9.00 a.m., §9.15 a.m., (I)1.45 p.m., †5.30 p.m., a6.15 p.m. Ar. †8.35 a.m., †9.50 a.m., †7.05 p.m., §9.45 p.m.
STE. AGATHE—Lv. (W)9.00 a.m., †5.30 p.m. Ar. †9.50 a.m., (W)7.05 p.m.
LABELLE—Lv. (W)9.00 a.m., †5.30 p.m. Ar. †9.59 a.m., (W)7.05 p.m.
*Daily. †Week days. §Sunday only. ‡Daily except Saturday. xDaily, except Monday. aDaily, except Saturday and Sunday. (I)Saturday only. (W)Wednesdays only.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
OTTAWA TRAIN SERVICE
Leave Windsor St. Station 9.30 a.m., 9.55 a.m., 4.10 p.m., 6.15 p.m., *10 p.m.
Leave Place Viger, 8.30 a.m., 5.40 p.m.
*Daily, all other trains daily except Sunday.

Fast Express Trains.
Leaving Windsor Station at 9.55 a.m. and 4.10 p.m. week days arrive Ottawa (Central Station) at 12.10 p.m. and 6.30 p.m. respectively.

SUNDAY SPECIAL TRAIN TO ST. ANNE'S AND RETURN.
Special train will leave Montreal, Windsor Station, for Dorval, St. Anne's and intermediate stations at 10 a.m. on Sunday, March 24th. Returning will leave St. Anne's at 5.00 p.m. same day.

C.P.R. ROUTE TO PAN AMERICAN EXPOSITION, BUFFALO.
CITY TICKET AND TELEGRAPH OFFICE 129 ST. JAMES STREET, next Post Office.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
**The INTERNATIONAL L

EVERYBODY

Almost everybody has heard of TOOKE'S SHIRTS. They are worn in every town throughout the land. They are the best that skill and money can produce, and it is evident from the increasing demand that the people are fast finding it out. Buy your Shirts at TOOKE'S, and save from twenty to twenty-five per cent.

R. J. TOOKE, ✳ 177 ST. JAMES STREET. 2387 ST. CATHERINE ST., WEST. 1553 ST. CATHERINE ST., EAST.

WEDDING GIFTS!

Need not necessarily be expensive, but if neat in design, and of the best quality, nicely cased, is sure to give satisfaction both to the giver and receiver.

Geo. G. Robinson & Co.,
2397 St. Catherine Street.
Watches, Clocks and Jewellery repaired
Articles Replated like new.
Telephone, Up 1405.

SHIRTS TO ORDER

Fit Guaranteed.
Color Guaranteed.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

MACKERROW BROTHERS
2246 St. Catherine Street.

WHAT KITCHENER OFFERED BOERS

Alleged Summary of the Terms of Peace He Proposed to Botha.

London, March 22.—The Daily Chronicle, professing to be able to give an outline of the negotiations between Lord Kitchener and General Botha, says:

"The chief obstacle was Lord Kitchener's refusal to grant complete amnesty to the leaders of the rebels in Cape Colony. He offered self-government on the lines of Jamaica immediately upon the cessation of hostilities, with legislative bodies partly elected by the burghers.

"The Government agreed to provide £1,000,000 to compensate the Boers for property destroyed, and articles commandeered by the Boers on commando, providing the signature of the officers who commandeered the goods were forthcoming. He also offered to grant loans on easy terms for rebuilding and restocking farmsteads.

"Moreover, he agreed that children should be instructed in English or Dutch at the discretion of their parents. The Government undertook to make no claim on church property or funds, or upon hospital or funds of hospitals, or upon private investments.

"No burgher of either state was to be allowed to possess a rifle, except by special license."

General Botha was generally in favor of these conditions, but he dissented strongly from a proposal to give the full privilege of citizenship to properly domiciled and registered blacks. He was also greatly concerned about the position Jewish capitalists would occupy in the country, and was told that Jews and Christians would enjoy equal rights, no distinction being made in the matter of concessions."

The parliamentary papers on the subject are still delayed, but will probably appear to-day (Friday).

In the House of Commons last night during the discussion of the army estimates, the Irish members protested against the war in South Africa as unjust and generally resorted to tactics for obstructing the adoption of the votes.

Mr. Brodrick, the War Secretary, appealed to them to allow the votes to be taken, promising that an opportunity would be given after Easter to discuss army matters.

Finally, Mr. Balfour applied the closure, the Irish members howling and shouting "Scandalous," "Gag," and similar ejaculations. The vote for army pay was adopted by 157 to 48, and the House adjourned at 2.13 a.m.

A VERY WILD RUMOR.

Antwerp, March 21.—A singular and utterly improbable rumor in circulation here to the effect that the Boers, after capturing, then liberating and subsequently recapturing General French, finally executed him for not keeping a promise not to fight against them again.

London, March 22.—The Antwerp rumor of the execution of Gen. French by the Boers is absolutely discredited in London.

CELLARS FLOODED

RAIN LAST NIGHT CAUGHT THE ROADS DEPARTMENT UNREADY.

As a result of the combined thaw and rain of last night, several houses have been badly flooded because the man-holes and drains have not yet been cleared of ice. Probably the worst sufferers were residents of St. Paul Street, near the Bonsecours Market. The houses from 95 1-2 St. Paul, where Mr. Charles Daigneault lives, to 99 St. Paul inhabited by Mr. Joseph Couture, were more or less flooded last night. The water and road departments were informed and men were sent to clear the ice from the drains.

GREAT FLOODS AT SEVILLE.

Seville, March 22.—The Guadalquivir River has overflowed and inundated the docks here. The surrounding country is submerged, houses are isolated and the police are rescuing their occupants in boats. Traffic on the railroad to Algiceras has been interrupted for three days.

MOTHER MURDERS HER SIX CHILDREN

Then Attempts to Cut Her Own Throat—Can Give No Reason for the Deed.

Coldbrook, Mass., March 22.—Mrs. Lizzie Naramore, while in a fit of insanity, yesterday, killed her family of six children at her home, a farm house, half a mile from this village, and tried to take her own life. The children ranged from ten years to a babe of ten months, and their lives were taken by the mother with an axe and a club. Then she laid the blood-drenched bodies on the beds, two on one bed and the other four on a bed in another room. This terrible sight met the eyes of the husband and father, Frank Naramore, when he returned home some hours later. Mrs. Naramore attempted to take her own life by cutting her throat with a razor, and when discovered she was in the bed on which the bodies of the four children were lying. Although she cut a deep gash in her throat and suffered the loss of much blood, it is believed she will recover.

Frank Naramore and his family lived on the Babcock farm, so-called, a short distance from the village of Coldbrook. It is supposed the crime was committed shortly after noon, the discovery being made by George Thrasher, an employe at Parker's grocery store, in Coldbrook village. Thrasher visited the Naramore house at about 2.45 o'clock for the purpose of delivering groceries that had previously been expected by Mrs. Naramore. He was unable to get into the house by the door he usually entered at, and an examination showed that it was barricaded. He looked in a window, and noticed blood on the floor, while Mrs. Narramore was lying on a bed. He returned to the village and told of what he had seen and suspected.

A party was formed, and a hasty visit made to the Naramore house. Entrance was gained, and the mutilated bodies of six children in two beds were found. Mrs. Naramore was alive, but was very weak from loss of blood. She was stretched across the bed on which were four bodies. Medical Examiner Walcott, of Barre, was summoned, and took charge of the bodies, while physicians attended to the wound of Mrs. Naramore. She was removed to the village hotel, where an attempt is being made to save her life.

At a late hour to-night the attending physicians were confident she would survive. During the evening a number of neighbors of the family saw and talked with Mrs. Naramore, and to them she told how she killed her six children. At the time the party of villagers found Mrs. Naramore she was asked how she did the deed, and she said that she took the children's lives in four different rooms, and as fast as she killed one child the body was placed in a bed. The children were three boys and three girls, Ethel, 10 years of age, being the oldest, while the ages of Walter, Charlie, Chester, Bessie and Lena ranged from eight years to ten months, Lena being the baby.

Mrs. Naramore told her most intimate friends to-night that she first killed Ethel, and then followed with the five others, each time taking the next eldest. Five were killed by being struck with an axe, while little Lena was killed with a club. She says she fully expected the gash in her throat would cause her death and that when her husband returned at night he would find all of the bodies in the two beds. She appeared rational this evening, and displayed signs of sorrow for the deed she had committed, although she is unable to give any reason why she killed the children.

Each of the children had evidently received several blows, as their heads were terribly bruised and blood was scattered in all directions about the room. The two beds were saturated with blood. Mrs. Naramore had evidently made preparations for the deed, as the doors were all locked and barricaded with sticks of wood.

MAINE FARMER MURDERS CHILDREN IN COLD BLOOD

Clinton, Me., March 22.—Jacob Dearborn Marr, a farmer living eight miles from this village, killed his three children, Alice M., aged 13; Elwin, aged 9, and Helen, aged 7, with an axe, shortly after the family, in happy mood, had risen from the dinner table. Mr. Marr had been despondent for some time, but his actions were not such as to make his wife believe he had any serious trouble on his mind to brood over. The eldest daughter was washing dishes at the sink when her father went by her to the shed and got an axe. He came back into the kitchen and struck the girl a single blow on the head, placing her lifeless at his feet. Mrs. Marr saw this and ran screaming to the house of her husband's father, Samuel Marr.

The husband apparently walked upstairs to where the younger children were playing and dealt each a single blow with the axe handle, killing them both among their playthings. When Mr. Marr, sr., came in, the younger Marr was washing his hands at he sink. He was asked why he had done this deed and he said: "I don't know."

That has been the burden of his replies to all questions since. Later in the day he was placed under arrest and taken to Waterville.

STE CUNEGONDE COUNCIL.

The City Council of Ste Cunegonde last night appointed a special committee to study the question of extending Dominion Street across the Grand Trunk tracks. At present the street runs from Notre Dame Street and is closed off at the track. It opens up again on the other side and runs to St. Antoine Street. This is a considerable inconvenience. The special committee will interview the Roads Committee in Montreal, as one side of the street is in Montreal, while the other is in Ste Cunegonde. Another committee was appointed to study the advisability of having all repair work in the municipality done by the corporation, instead of giving the work as at present to Messrs. Bastien & Valiquette. It was also decided to send a petition to the Canadian Pacific Railway asking that the Atwater Street bridge be repaired, as at present water dropped continually into the subway, where people have to pass.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED MEN WORKING ON STREETS

The rain of last night made it necessary for City Surveyor Barlow to employ 150 extra men to open up trenches, so that the water might find ready access to the gullies, most of which were uncovered a couple of weeks ago. This makes close upon 1,000 men and 500 carters, who are now employed in putting the streets into shape.

THE GOODHUGH ASSIGNMENT.

W. S. Goodhugh & Son, commission merchants of this city, have made an assignment. Their liabilities will reach at least $50,000. The firm dealt principally in teas and sugars, selling to the wholesale trade, and it is understood that their present difficulties are due to speculations which turned out unfortunately. The Quebec and Molsons' banks are the ones interested. And it is understood that both are secured by warehouse receipts for their advances.

MAY DEMAND JOINT DAMAGES FROM CHINA

Paris, March 21.—Cablegrams received here from Pekin are very cheerful regarding the rapid progress of negotiations there during the past week. The American proposal to arrange for demanding joint damages from China is being favorably discussed by the powers. There appears to be a prospect for the adoption of this proposition with some modifications.

Feeling in Paris favors an agreement among the powers respecting the amount each state shall demand, and then the presentation of these amounts to the Chinese Government as one sum.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

FARMER TRIES TO MURDER HIS WIFE

Alexander Lynch, of Dunnville Then Commits Suicide—Insanity the Cause.

Dunnville, March 21.—As Mrs. McBay was driving past Alex. Lynch's, near here, last evening, she noticed a bloody smock hanging from a tree near the barn. Seeing no sign of life about the place, Mrs. McBay thought she would investigate further. Going to the house, a terrible sight met her eyes. Lying unconscious on the sofa was Mrs. Lynch, her head terribly lacerated and bruised, and her hair matted and her clothes stained with blood. In the barn another still more horrible sight was in store for her. There she found Mr. Lynch quite dead, with his throat cut, and the bloody knife still clutched in his hand.

A messenger was dispatched to notify Dr. McCallum, the coroner, but he was out of town. Dr. Pringle was then called, and he dressed Mrs. Lynch's wounds and restored her to consciousness.

To him she told the following story: Her husband had been acting strangely of late. Yesterday morning, after they had milked the cows and were still in the barn, Mr. Lynch took the king bolt from a waggon and said they would both die together. He seized and beat her with it until he thought she was dead; then, taking off his bloody smock and hanging it on a tree outside the barn, he took his jack-knife, which he had previously sharpened for the purpose, and stabbed himself in the neck, severing the jugular vein and expiring in a few minutes. Upon regaining consciousness Mrs. Lynch staggered to the house and fell upon the sofa, where she remained without fire or attention until found in the afternoon. Dr. Pringle found her dead literally covered with wounds, and thinks there is no chance of her recovery. Mr. Lynch was comfortably well off, and is thought to have been insane when he committed the deed.

LORD LANSDOWNE REVIEWS CASE

London, March 22.—Lord Lansdowne supplemented the announcement in the House of Lords yesterday by explaining that the dispute concerned an extensive area on the left bank of the Pei Ho, which the Russians had occupied in the autumn and claimed by right of conquest. Subsequently the Government was informed that China and Russia had reached an agreement placing the area under Russian occupation. The area, however, comprised plots belonging to the Northern Chinese Railroad, and therefore was part of the security of the British bondholders.

The line was part of the railroad recently transferred by the Russians to Field Marshal Von Waldersee, who re-transferred it to the British. The necessities of the allies required the construction of a siding on one of the plots referred to, and the presence of British workers on the plot was treated as a trespass on Russian territory. It was subsequently alleged that the Russian boundary marks had been removed by the British. In those circumstances the Government on March 16 telegraphed to its representative in China that it thought the rights of the British or Russian troops to occupy the disputed points could be best settled by Field Marshal Von Waldersee, as the commander-in-chief, and General Gaselee, the British commander, was instructed to request the Field Marshal to settle the immediate differences, reserving for future examination the question of the validity of the alleged private rights. General Gaselee was also instructed to refrain from using force, except to repel aggression.

On March 20 the alleged removal of the Russian boundary pillar occurred, and the Government instructed the British minister at Pekin, Sir Ernest Satow, that Great Britain was ready to refer the facts to Field-Marshal Von Waldersee, on the understanding that if either side was found to have committed an irregularity it should apologize to the other. The Government added that the construction of siding should be continued under whatever conditions the field marshal thought fit to impose.

He (Lord Lansdowne) was glad to say he had heard this morning from the British ambassador at St. Petersburg that the Russian foreign minister, Count Lansdorf, had proposed that they should agree to reserve all questions of title and proprietary rights for the attention of the two Governments, and that in the meanwhile orders be forthwith sent for the withdrawal of the troops of both sides from the disputed plots. Great Britai nhad entirely concurred, and thought the withdrawals should be carried out to Field Marshal Von Waldersee's satisfaction.

Lord Lansdowne added that Count Lansdorff had expressed a very moderate and statesmanlike desire to avoid any cause for friction between the two Governments, and since the receipt of Count Lansdorff's proposal the Government had ordered the military authorities to carry out the simultaneous withdrawal of the troops to the satisfaction of Field Marshal Von Waldersee, so that there might be no room for a renewed misunderstanding in regard to matters of detail. His Lordship expressed the hope that the result of the negotiations showed that what was really a very small matter of strictly local importance would not be allowed to disturb the relations between the two countries.

ST. HENRI COUNCIL.

At the meeting of the St. Henri Council Wednesday the Mayor's report on the popular vote on the question of passng a by-law authorizing the loan of $200,000 for special work was adopted. The vote stood 168 in favor, against 6 not in favor of the loan. The property value in the first case was $800,000, while in the second it amounted to but $45,000.

HENRY BIRKS AND SONS
Gold and Silversmiths,
MONTREAL.

Chain Purses.

Possibly no single accessory of half useful, half decorative intent figures more strikingly in street costume to-day. Affairs of this sort range in our stock from the tiniest specimens for silver change to the larger size which take the place of the old-time leather shopping bags. The smaller kind dangle on the long chain, while most of the larger ones hang at the side, a la chatelaine.

Prices range from the small Gun Metal Purse at $2.70 to the Solid Silver ones at $16.00.

FURNACE, EGG, STOVE and CHESTNUT

COAL

ARRIVING DAILY FROM MINES BY RAIL.
PROMPT DELIVERY.

THE HART & ADAIR COAL CO.
222 ST. JAMES STREET.

THE PREMIER HEARS ST. JOHN DELEGATION

Ottawa, March 21.—(Special.)—The St. John, N.B., delegation, in regard to applying the 33 1-3 per cent. reduction in the tariff on British goods to Canadian sea ports only, waited on the Government today in the Premier's office. The delegation comprised President Merritt, of the Board of Trade, St. John, and Messrs. Likely, MacRae, Thomson, McLaughlin and McKean. Those who accompanied the delegates were Messrs. Tucker, Emmerson, Logan, Ellis and Snowball. The Ministers present were, in addition to Sir Wilfrid, Messrs. Blair, Fielding and Dobell. Mr. Blair, after introducing the delegation, had to leave for the Railway Committee, which was sitting.

The delegation was, in the first place, opposed to the bill for the compulsory inspection of deck loading. They wanted the dredging of the entrance to the harbor, and they also favored Mr. Logan's motion to confine the 33 1-3 reduction in the preferential tariff to goods landing at Canadian sea ports.

DECK-LOADING.

G. H. Thomson and George McKean addressed the Ministers first on the question of deck-loading. The argument against the deck-loading bill was that it was not required, that there was no agitation for it, and that it was wholly unnecessary. The delegates were satisfied that there should be such a law as regards the St. Lawrence, but it was not required for the Maritime Provinces, and all the Boards of Trade were opposed to it.

D. J. McLaughlin and J. A. Likely spoke of the necessity of dredging the entrance to the St. John harbor, after which Mr. McRae spoke on the preferential tariff, saying that in the interests of Canada it ought only to be applied to goods landing at Canadian sea ports.

Mr. Dobell replied on the question of deck-loading, and the Premier and Mr. Fielding in regard to the preferential tariff. The matter of dredging will be referred to Mr. Tarte.

THE HEALTH HABIT.

Just as Easy to Form as Any Other

We do not deliberately form our pet habits but they are unconsciously acquired, and grow as we grow, and by the time we learn they are hurting us, we find them too strong to be easily broken.

Then, why not form a good habit, a habit which will counteract the many bad ones, in others words contract the unfashionable habit of being always unwell.

The best health habit to get into is to have and keep a vigorous stomach; if you have a healthy digestion you can drink your beloved coffee, smoke your favorite brand of tobacco, with little or no harm; the mischief begins when these things are forced upon the faithful stomach, without any assistance.

Form the habit of taking after meals some harmless but efficient digestive which will relieve the stomach of so much extra work.

Nature furnishes us with such digestives and when they are combined in such a pleasant preparation as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, they give the overworked stomach just the necessary assistance to secure perfect digestion without any of the harmful effects of catharties and similar drugs.

The habit of taking Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after meals is as necessary to the weak stomach as food itself, and indeed to get the benefit from food eaten, nothing better and certainly nothing safer can be used.

Many families consider Stuart's Tablets as essential in the house as knives and forks.

They consist entirely of natural digestive principles without the effect or characteristics of drugs; they have no cathartic action, but simply go to work on the food eaten and digest it.

Take into account your bad habits and the expense they entail and then invest 50 cents in a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and see if your digestion for the next month is not vastly improved.

Ask the clerk in any drug store the name of the most successful and popular stomach remedy and he will say Stuart's.

TO REVISE KING'S ACCESSION OATH

London, March 22.—In the House of Lords yesterday Lord Salisbury's motion to appoint a joint committee to revise the King's anti-Roman Catholic accession oath was adopted.

SLEEPERS LEAVE TRACK NEAR NIAGARA FALLS

Niagara Falls, N.Y., March 22.—Two Pullman sleepers were derailed at the Cantilever Bridge yesterday on the westbound train of the Lehigh Valley. The sleepers were filled with passengers, who were badly shaken up, but whether any were seriously injured could not be learned. The coaches jumped the track on the "Y" at the terminus of the bridge and crashed into a brick dwelling used by the signal service, wrecking it completely.

The passengers were taken on the train, which proceeded on its way to Chicago as soon as it was freed from the derailed cars.

TAXES TRUST COMPANIES.

Albany, N.Y., March 22.—Governor Odell yesterday signed the bill taxing trust companies one per cent. annually on their capital stock, surplus and undivided profits. The bill as passed was amended so as to provide that the owner of stock in a trust company shall not be taxed personally on it.

E. L. BOND,

Marine and Fire Underwriter,

30 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER ST.,
MONTREAL.

Chief Agent for Leading British and Continental Marine Companies.

Exports. Imports. Registered Mail

ONLY $3.00 EACH

We have one hundred best quality BRITISH PLATE BEVELLED GLASS MIRRORS, Framed complete, size 26x28, to clear out at only $3.00 each. See our window.

GEO. R. HEASLEY, 2087 St. Catherine St., two doors east of Bleury.

AUCTION.

Retiring from Business.

The most Gigantic Sale ever contemplated in the history of Montreal, will be inaugurated by

R. A. DICKSON & CO.

Jewellers, 2261 St. Catherine Street.

Wherein is involved their entire stock of

DIAMONDS, JEWELLERY, WATCHES, STERLING SILVER AND SILVER PLATED WARE, BRIC-A-BRAC, CUT GLASS, NOVELTIES, etc., to be sold to the highest bidder without reserve. . . . . .

The public is well aware of the unquestionable quality of the goods we sell. Never has there been in Montreal such a stock put up at public auction.

THE SALE WILL COMMENCE

Saturday, March 23rd,

At 2 O.Clock p.m.

And Continue Every Afternoon and Evening, at 2 and 7.30 p.m.

☞ **Ladies Specially Invited**—every accomodation arranged for them.

R. A. DICKSON & CO.

2261 St. Catherine Street.

☞ The Store will be Closed Thursday and Friday to arrange for the sale.

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