



DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

First Session—Fifth Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 2.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at 3.30 p.m.

INSOLVENT TRADERS.

After routine,

MR. BENNET presented a petition from proprietors and residents of the Town of Longueuil, signed by the Mayor and 176 others, asking for the incorporation of the St. Lawrence Bridge and Manufacturing Company (the Scheer Scheme); and a similar petition from proprietors and residents of the Municipality of St. Lambert, signed by the Mayor and 131 others, to the same effect.

MR. CURRAN, in introducing the bill to provide for the distribution of the assets of insolvent traders, said it was a bill prepared by the Board of Trade of Montreal after a great deal of care and deliberation. It provided that in places of not more than 20,000 people a guardian should be appointed by the Sheriff, and in other places by the boards of trade. The bill was a lengthy one, and he would prefer to defer further explanations until after it was printed.

MR. BLAKE asked whether it contained a provision to compel liquidation and discharge.

MR. CURRAN replied there was provision for compulsory liquidation, but not for discharge.

The bill was read a first time.

INCORPORATION OF LES PERES OBLATS.

MR. ROYAL moved the third reading of the bill to incorporate "Les Reverends Peres Oblats de Marie Immaculee des Terres du Nord-Ouest."

MR. BLAKE moved in amendment that the bill be referred to a committee, for the purpose of adding a proviso to the effect that ten years after the corporation should have acquired any property they should not be permitted to hold any more than they required for their own use.

MR. ROYAL believed that amendment would only have the effect of allowing the Corporation to have the act of incorporation amended by a prospective local legislature in the North-West before the ten years were up. He regretted that the North-West Council had not been given more legislative power, for then this Corporation would not have had to apply to the Dominion Parliament for a bill.

The motion was carried, and the House went into Committee, Mr. Desjardins in the chair.

After some time spent therein, the bill was reported with an amendment, and then read a third time.

LE CREDIT FRANCO-CANADIEN.

The House then resumed the consideration of the proposed motion of Mr. Desjardins for the third reading of the bill respecting the "Credit Francais Franco-Canadien," the motion of Mr. Auger in amendment thereto, and the motion of Mr. Oimet in amendment to the said amendment.

The House went into Committee on Mr. Oimet's amendment to the effect that the Corporation be not permitted to charge a higher rate of interest than eight per cent, including the costs of administration.

The bill was reported with an amendment.

MR. DESJARDINS moved that the bill be now read a third time.

After some discussion as to whether the bill having been amended in Committee, could be read a third time forthwith, or a future day.

MR. AUGER moved that the bill be not now read a third time, but that it be read a third time this day month.

MR. WHITE (Cardwell), said he had opposed the bill to incorporate the Company last year because they asked for special privileges, but now they came forward on the same ground, and any other trust and loan company, and therefore he thought the House should not refuse to now pass the bill.

MR. DAVIES said the bill was an inducement to the company to foreclose every existing mortgage.

The members called in had Mr. Auger's amendment was lost on a division of 144 yeas to 35 nays.

The bill was read a third time and passed.

THE KINGSTON AND PEMBROKE RAILWAY COMPANY.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the bill to amend the Act incorporating the Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company, and the Act amending the same, Mr. Colby in the chair.

After some discussion the Committee rose and reported progress, and the bill was referred back to the Committee on Railways and Canals for further consideration.

BILLS ADVANCED.

The following bills were advanced a stage:—

An Act to grant certain powers to the Acadia Powder Company.

An Act to amalgamate the Presbyterian Ministers, Widows' Orphan Fund, in connection with the Presbyterian Church of the Lower Provinces, and the Widows and Orphans Fund of the Presbyterian Church in the Maritime Provinces in connection with the Church of Scotland, and to create a corporation to administer such funds.

An Act to incorporate the Board of Management of the Church and Manse Building Fund of the Presbyterian Church in Canada for Manitoba and the Northwest.

The House went into Committee on the Bill to incorporate the Dominion Phosphate and Mining Company, and reported the bill with amendments.

The bill was read a third time and passed.

IT being six o'clock the Speaker left the Chair.

AFTER RECESS.

THIRD READINGS.

The following private bills were read a third time and passed:—

The Bill to provide for the amalgamation of the Bank of Nova Scotia with the Union Bank of Prince Edward Island (as amended by the Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce).

The Bill respecting the Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada (Limited).

The Bill further to reduce the capital stock of the Quebec Life Assurance Company (as amended by the Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce).

The Bill to incorporate the Bank of London in Canada (as amended by the Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce).

LONDON AND ONTARIO INVESTMENT CO.

The bill to declare the meaning and effect of certain provisions of the Act to incorporate the London & Ontario Investment Co. was referred back to the Committee on Banking and Commerce for further consideration.

NORTHERN RAILROAD CO.

MR. WHITE (Cardwell) moved the second reading of the bill respecting the Northern Railway of Canada (amended by the Senate).

MR. BLAKE objected to several of the financial provisions of the bill and to the provision which gave them extraordinary

and unlimited powers of expropriation. In fact the company could not be more liberally dealt with if it was the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. In view of the fact that a member of the Government was President of the company and a brother of another member of the Government was vice president, he thought the Government should know something about his bill.

Sir CHARLES TUPPER said the bill would receive full consideration at the hands of the Government before it passed through the Railway Committee.

The bill was read a second time.

QUESTIONS.

Mr. WHEELER asked whether it is the intention of the Government to import or repeal the duty on plaster imported from the United States for fertilizing purposes during the present session.

Sir LEONARD TILLEY said it was not the intention of the Government to make any change in this duty.

Mr. BLAKE asked whether an understanding has been reached that Sir Charles Tupper is to succeed Sir Alexander Galt?

Sir JOHN MACDONALD said the only proper answer he could make to that question was that no offer of any such office had been made to the hon. gentleman who sat besides him, and so acceptance of any such offer had not been received.

Mr. GORDON, in the intention of the Government to make provision for a more extended geological survey of Vancouver Island during the present session.

Sir JOHN MACDONALD said it was the intention of the chief of the survey to place his chief force on the mainland, but he might find some reserve at his disposal which could be placed on Vancouver Island.

Mr. VAIL asked whether any portion of the two thousand dollars provided in the supplementary estimates of last year for a publicist at Westport, Digby County, has been expended, if not when is it intended that the work shall be commenced, and whether the Government intend to provide an additional sum for this important work in the supplementary estimates of the present year.

Sir HECTOR LANGEVIN said this expenditure was allowed to stand in order that further enquiries might be made of the doctor and his assistants.

In answer to Mr. Landry, Sir CHARLES TUPPER replied in the negative to the following questions:—

Whether it is the intention of the Government to give to the city of Quebec the capital of the Province of the name, the advantage of having an office of the Intercolonial Railway?

Whether the Government have come to an understanding with the proprietors of the North Shore Railway in relation to the construction of a line to ply between the eastern terminus of that road and the western terminus of the Intercolonial Railway, and if so what that understanding is?

Whether the Government have come to any understanding with the Grand Trunk Railway Company and with the Quebec Central Railway Company for the joint construction of a station to be used by the three companies, and if so what that understanding is?

THE TEMPERANCE PETITION.

Mr. GIGAUET moved that the petition of His Grace the Archbishop of Quebec and others, read and received on the 28th of March last be referred to the Committee appointed to enquire into the best means of regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors. Carried.

Several motions for papers were carried.

PROCEDURE IN CRIMINAL CASES.

Mr. Weldon's Bill to amend the Acts respecting procedure in criminal cases and other matters relating to the Criminal Law was read a third time and passed.

The House adjourned at 10.30.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

Mr. McLean—On Friday next—Committee of the Whole to consider the following resolution:—

That it is expedient to amend the Fisheries Act, by making better provision for the issue of fishery leases and licenses; and with respect to the use of nets and other apparatus for the capture of salmon, by providing for the definition of the tidal boundary of estuary fishing; by making more stringent provision with regard to the seizure and confiscation of materials, implements and appliances used in contravention of the act, by giving the prosecuting officer a share of the proceeds of the net or forfeitures incurred by the offender prosecuted by him; and by making provision with respect to appeals from convictions under that act, and for the protection of officers employed under the act, by extending to them the privileges and rights given to a like purpose, to officers of Her Majesty's Customs.

THE HANLONS' TRIP TO SWITZERLAND, as presented at the Academy of Music, is the cheeriest, brightest and most joyous comic creation of the present age.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 3, 1886.

Gents—I have been taking your Hop Bitters and received great help from them. I will give you my name as one of the cured sufferers. Yours, MRS. MARY F. STARR.

GRENADA, MISS., Nov. 3, 1879.

My daughter, now a young mother, is using your Hop Bitters and is greatly pleased with the beneficial effects on herself and child.

D. D. MOORE, Proprietor New South.

SANDEBTON, PA., Nov. 6, 1879.

Dear Sir—I have used four bottles of your Hop Bitters, and they have cured me. I had diarrhoea, dyspepsia, and chronic inflammation of the bowels, and was giddy in the head and nervous.

FRED. THURSBROOK, PAULDING, OHIO, Feb. 2, 1880.

Gents—Have used two bottles of Hop Bitters in my family. I think them the best medicine ever made.

Geo. W. POTTER, Banker.

BATTLE CREEK, MICH., Jan. 31, 1879.

Gentlemen—Having been afflicted for a number of years with indigestion and general debility, by the advice of my doctor I used Hop Bitters, and they afforded me almost instant relief. I am glad to be able to testify in their behalf. Thos G. Knox.

By Universal Accord,

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS are the best of all purgatives for family use. They are the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, and their extensive use, by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nations, proves them to be the best and most effectual purgative pill that medical science can devise. Being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use, and being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take. In intrinsic value and curative power, they are unequalled and can be compared with them; and every person, knowing their virtues, will employ them, when needed. They keep the system in perfect order, and maintain in healthy action the whole machinery of life. Mild, searching, and effectual, they are especially adapted to the needs of the digestive apparatus, derangements of which they prevent and cure, if timely taken. They are the best and safest physic to employ for children, family weakness, constipation, where a mild but effectual cathartic is required.

For sale by all druggists.

Something for Everybody.

READ, MARK AND INWARDLY DIGEST.

ASBURNHAM, MASS., Jan. 14, 1880.

I have been very sick over two years, and was given up as past cure. I tried the most skillful physicians, but they did not reach the worst part. My lungs and heart would fill up every night and distress me very bad. I told my children I never should die in peace until I had tried Hop Bitters. I took two bottles. They helped me very much indeed. I took two more and am well. There was a sack full of herbs, which were cured, and used and they used them and cured, and feel as thankful as I do.

Mrs. JULIA G. CUSHING.

BATTLE CREEK, MICH., Jan. 31, 1880.

I have used seven bottles of Hop Bitters which have cured me of a severe chronic difficulty of the kidneys, called Bright's disease by the doctors. RODNEY PRASON.

WALDEN, KANSAS, Dec. 3, 1881.

I write to inform you what great relief I got from taking your Hop Bitters. I was suffering with neuralgia, dyspepsia, nervous debility, and woman's troubles. A few bottles have entirely cured me, and I am truly thankful for so good a medicine.

Mrs. MATTIE COOPER.

CEGAR BAYOU, TEXAS, Oct. 28, 1882.

I have been bitterly opposed to any medicine not prescribed by a physician of my choice. My wife, fifty-six years old, had come by degree of disease to a slow sundown and doctors failed to benefit her. I got a bottle of Hop Bitters for her, which soon relieved her in many ways. My kidneys were badly affected, and I took twenty doses and found much relief. I sent to Galveston for more, but word came back, none in the market, so great is the demand; but I got some elsewhere, and my wife is now both of us to good health, and we are duly grateful. Yours, J. P. MAGR.

NEW BLOOMFIELD, MISS., Jan. 2, 1880.

Gents—I have been suffering for the last five years with a severe itching ailment. I have used up four bottles of your Hop Bitters and it has done me more good than all the doctors and medicines that they could use on or with me. I am old and poor but feel like a young man for such relief. Your medicine and treatment of the doctors. I have had fifteen doctors at one time. One gave me seven ounces of solution of arsenic; another took four quarts of blood from me. All they could tell me was that it was skin sickness. Now, after these four bottles of your medicine, I am well and my skin is well, clean and smooth as ever. HENRY KROON.

MITOX, DEL., Feb. 10, 1880.

Being induced by a neighbor to try Hop Bitters, I am well pleased with it as a tonic medicine, it having so much improved my feelings, and benefited my system, which was very much out of tone, causing great feebleness for years. Mrs. JAMES BETTS.

KALAMAZOO, MICH., Feb. 2, 1880.

I know Hop Bitters will bear recommendations honestly. All who use them confer upon them the highest encomiums, and give them credit for making cures. I have kept them since they were first offered to the public. They took high rank from the first, and maintained it, and are more called for than all others combined. So long as they keep their high reputation for purity and usefulness I shall continue to recommend them—something I have never before done with any other patent medicine. J. J. BARCOCK, M. D., & Druggist.

KAMOKA, MO., Feb. 9, 1880.

I purchased five bottles of your Hop Bitters of Bishop & Co. last fall for my daughter who had been sick for eight years, and am well pleased with the Bitters. They did her more good than all the doctors or medicine she has taken, and have made her perfectly well and strong. Wm. T. McCLURE.

GREENWICH, Feb. 11, 1880.

Hop Bitter Co.'s Sirs—I was given up by the doctors to die of scrofula consumption. Two bottles of your Bitters cured me. They saved my life, and I am grateful. LEROY BREWER.

GREENWICH, N. Y., Feb. 12, 1881.

Hop Bitters are the most valuable medicine I ever knew. I should not have any mother nor but for them. HENRY KNAPP.

LONE JACK, MO., Sept. 14, 1879.

I have been using Hop Bitters, and have received great benefit from them for liver and kidney complaint and malarial fever. They are superior to all other medicines. D. M. BAKER.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 27, 1879.

My better-half is firmly impressed with the idea that your Hop Bitters is the essential thing to make life happy. B. PORT.

Secretary Plain Dealer Co.

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THE RUSSELL HOTEL COMPANY, WILLIS RUSSELL, President.

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The Palace Hotel of Canada.

This magnificent new Hotel, fitted up in the most modern style, is now open. The Russel contains accommodations for over FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS, with passage and baggage elevators, and commands a splendid view of the city. Parliamentary grounds, river and canal. Visitors to the Capital having business with the Government find it most convenient to stop at the Russel, where they can always meet leading public men. The entire Hotel is supplied with escapes, and in case of fire there would be no confusion or danger.

Every attention paid to guests.

JAMES A. GOSN, Proprietor. Ottawa, February 13, 1882.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I. REVERE HOUSE.

Mrs. McNeil, Proprietress. First class Commercial and Private Hotel. Good Sample Rooms, convenient Railway and Steamboats.

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FROM HALIFAX. Sarmatian, Saturday, March 24. Grecian, Saturday, March 24. Polynesian, Saturday, March 24. Sardinian, Saturday, April 1. Nova Scotia, Saturday, April 1. Hibernian, Saturday, April 1. Persian, Saturday, April 1. Austrian, Saturday, May 5. Scandinavian, Saturday, May 12.

or on the arrival of the Intercolonial Railway Train from the West.

FROM PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL. Grecian, Thursday, March 22. Nova Scotia, Thursday, April 5. Persian, Thursday, April 19. Austrian, Thursday, April 26. Scandinavian, Thursday, April 26. Fenian, Thursday, April 26. Waldensian, Thursday, April 26. Sarmatian, Thursday, April 26. Persian, Thursday, April 2



MONTREAL HERALD
Printing and Publishing Company,
(LIMITED)
VICTORIA SQUARE,
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First insertion (Nonpareil) 10¢ per line.
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If inserted every other day, 7¢ do.
If inserted twice a week, 10¢ do.
If inserted once a week, 12¢ do.
One year every day, \$3.00 do.
Six months do, 2.00 do.
Three times a week, 1.50 do.
Quarter of above rates.
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Reading Matter, Local, 20¢ per line.
News Column, 15¢ per line.
Notices of Births, Marriages, 50¢ per insertion and death.
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Yearly Rates of Advertising.
No advertisements to be considered by the year, unless it be previously agreed upon.
The privilege of yearly advertisers will be confined to their regular business and all other advertisements to be addressed to JAMES STEWART, General Manager, VICTORIA SQUARE, MONTREAL.

THE MONTREAL HERALD
AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE MONTREAL HERALD PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY (LIMITED).
Communications to be addressed to JAMES STEWART, General Manager, VICTORIA SQUARE, CORNER VICTORIA SQUARE AND ST. JAMES STREET, WEST, MONTREAL.

The Montreal Herald.
TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 3.

APPOINTMENTS.
Academy of Music—Performance at 8 p.m.
Art Gallery—Lecture, by Rev. L. G. Ware, at 8 p.m.
Montreal Board of Trade—Meeting in the Corn Exchange, at 3 p.m.

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.
BY JAMES LEA.
Furniture—At No. 758 Dorchester street, at 10 a.m.
BY THOMAS WALKER & SONS.
Dry Goods—At their stores, at 10 a.m.

CONTENTS OF TO-DAY'S PAPER.
FIRST PAGE—Marine Intelligence; Commercial Items; Financial; Railway News; Produce and Provisions, etc.
SECOND PAGE—Dominion Parliament, etc.
THIRD PAGE—McGill Convocation, etc.
FOURTH PAGE—Editorial, etc.
FIFTH PAGE—Ottawa Correspondence, etc.
SIXTH PAGE—The Budget, etc.
SEVENTH PAGE—Local News, etc.
EIGHTH PAGE—Telegraphic Despatches.

THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.
In proroguing the Local Parliament on Friday last, His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, made use of the following language, put into his mouth, of course, by his advisers:—"I see you have devoted your most careful attention to the effectual development of the many sources of riches which the Province of Quebec contains, and by giving equal prominence to agriculture and colonization as to those great industrial enterprises which are changing the face of our country, you have established upon a firm basis the prosperity which we now enjoy, and which your wise deliberations can but increase." And then, as if this string of empty verbosity were not enough, he adds, "I thank you in the name of Her Majesty for the cheerfulness with which you have voted the necessary sums for the administration of the affairs of the Province, and the wise distribution you have made of the public funds." Every reading man in the Province knows that such language as this, at the close of such a disastrous session, is an insult to the intelligence of an injured and misgoverned people. When the House assembled, a couple of months ago, the affairs of the Province were admittedly in a deplorable condition; while now, at the end of the session, the position is infinitely worse, and fraught with threatenings of disaster. To congratulate Parliament on the success of its labors under such painful circumstances is the bitterest of irony; and to thank it for the "cheerfulness" with which it voted the supplies reads like an intended, though uncalculated, joke. We need not go beyond the statements made by Mr. Mousseau and his colleagues themselves for proof of the fact that the financial affairs of the Province were never in such a wretched state as they are in now. After taxing everything it is possible to tax; after borrowing all they can borrow, and after mixing up the accounts in the most mysterious way, they are still compelled to admit that they cannot make both ends meet. We will venture to say that if Mr. Wurtels were called upon to-day to furnish a clear, business-like statement of the actual position of affairs he would not be able to do so. Everything appears to be in a perfect muddle. Only a few days ago the Premier admitted on the floor of the House that he did not understand the position, that he was in actual ignorance of his surroundings, and he sought to avoid the responsibility by throwing the blame on Mr. Chapleau, who, of course, was not there to defend himself. In the whole history of responsible government in this country there never was a man at the head of affairs who displayed less capacity, less energy, or less power in the management of men than Mr. Mousseau has shown since he stepped into Mr. Chapleau's cast-off slippers. We do not for a moment question his integrity. He was simply pitched forked into a position which is too great for him. Want of capacity is not his fault—nature is unsearchable for that. What Mr. Chapleau could not do, it is not surprising that Mr. Mousseau has failed to accomplish. But be his weakness or his strength what it may, the Province, unfortunately, is the sufferer. His incapacity or his want of knowledge of local affairs—it matters little

which it was—became so evident early in the session that even his own party followers—and, goodness knows, they are patient and obedient creatures in a rule—broke away from his leadership, and insisted on framing for him his policy and his programme. A man of independent spirit and force of character would not have submitted for one moment to such dictation. He would have told them plainly and plainly, that, as head of the Government, he would lay down his own policy and stand or fall by it. But, instead of doing so, he bowed in humble submission before them, practically surrendered his functions, and actually so far humiliated himself as to say that the Government was but a committee of Parliament, bound to obey the wishes of the majority. Thus, during the rest of the session, the Government supporters in caucus assembled told the Government what to do and what not to do, and the Government obeyed them in all things. The original estimates were a muddle; they were held over for further tinkering, and again they were muddled; and in the end they were submitted in a most irregular, if not an unconstitutional way. The idea of the Lieutenant-Governor communicating officially with Parliament, on a subject of the first importance, by means of a telegram, is sufficiently absurd to be worthy of a place in the next burlesque by Sullivan and Gilbert. The blunders of the Government would, indeed, be fit subject for merriment, were it not for the serious results that must follow. Not only has there been no reduction in the burdens that already press so heavily upon the people, but the weight of taxation has actually been increased, and our enormous debt has been swelled by another addition of no mean proportions. The future has been discounted, though the prospects of meeting our liabilities are as misty as ever. Our expenses largely overlap our income. There is no prospect of retrenchment; no hope of economy. The Government do not attempt to conceal their poverty; but, on the contrary, proclaim it aloud by imploring the Dominion authorities to throw them a crust. In the face of these facts, and with the pitiable record of the late session before us, it must be plain to every thinking man, no matter what his political leanings may be, that there is absolutely no hope for the Province of Quebec while Mr. Mousseau and his colleagues remain in power. In the present crisis, which is becoming more serious day by day, we want at the head of our affairs the very best men we can find. Men of thorough business habits, clear-headed and competent; and men who will place the country first, and serve it first, whether their conduct suits the ends of party or not. It is almost criminal to continue in our present career of debt-creating extravagance. We are living in the expectation of finding a gold mine on every farm in the Province we would hardly be justified in heaping loan upon loan in this reckless way. We are wildly, though not blindly, for our eyes are wide open, pursuing a course similar to that which forced the State of Tennessee to repudiate one-half of her debt a few weeks ago. The folly and extravagance of the Government are as certainly forcing us beyond our power to pay as that the sun shines in the heavens. Already our fair Province is disgraced; a few steps more and to that disgrace will be added dishonour. If there be any remnant of patriotism left in the men who have brought the country face to face with ruin, let them confess their incapacity and helplessness, and the Province may be saved by others before it be too late.

THE CAUSE OF THE DELAY.
The other day in speaking of the backwardness of the Government in bringing down the Estimates for the year, we suggested that the delay was probably owing to the action of the United States Congress in making sundry alterations in the American tariff, as well as to the absence of many members of the House during the Ontario election contest. In making this suggestion we were so unfortunate as to disturb the peace of mind of our contemporaries, the Gazette, and to ruffle the order of its plumage. We were asked what the members of the House had to do with the matter, and in what way the action of the American Congress could possibly effect the finances of Canada. Now, the opinion of our astute contemporary to the contrary notwithstanding, we fancy that it is no uncommon thing for the Minister of Finance to consult members of the House in preparing his estimates. There is a very large sum of money in the statement now before Parliament for public works and buildings in different parts of the country. Will the Gazette say that the members from the localities respectively interested never heard of the items until the estimates were laid on the table? Did the Minister, without consulting them, prepare those figures? Nay more, is it not his custom to sound public opinion, as expressed through the recognized representatives of the many interests and classes, before he completes his work? Even the Gazette, we fancy, will not deny this. As to our suggestion that the delay was partially occasioned by the action of the American Congress, we cannot do better than quote Sir Leonard Tilley's own words. In his opening remarks on Friday afternoon he said:—"Under these circumstances it became necessary that we should wait until we saw what the nature of the legislation of the United States, with reference to the customs and excise revenue, had been before we were prepared to submit to Parliament our propositions." It may be said that this applies only to revenue, but as the expenditure must be con-

trolled by the income, Sir Leonard Tilley could not well fix his outlay until he knew what his income was likely to be. Under any circumstances he admits that the action of the United States Congress did, in part, occasion the delay.

The proposed visit of the British Association to Canada next year is attracting considerable attention on the other side of the Atlantic. Sir Alexander Galt having recently published in the London Times a letter describing the arrangements contemplated in this city. That paper holds that the visit is inexpedient, but agrees that it is now too late to cancel the engagement. The Times therefore hopes that the members who desired to decline the Canadian invitation, now that it has been accepted, will cheerfully fall in with the determination of the majority and not allow their own feelings to prejudice the success of the excursion. We are glad to be able to believe that the visit to Montreal has been fixed upon, assured that it will be advantageous and pleasurable for all parties. The majority of the members of the Association know that there is such a country as Canada, that it is a British possession, and that within it are to be found localities upon which intending emigrants can satisfactorily establish themselves. Some of them have an idea of the geology and topography of the Dominion, but otherwise we are as great strangers to them as if we lived at the ends of the earth. Doubtless some of them are prepared to plume themselves on the fact that we are British subjects, but the tendency with them is to look down on us, as big game, forsooth, are only colonists. It is for their benefit as well as ours that we should know each other better; and in every way calculated to promote a more satisfactory mutual understanding. There is an excellent field here for the employment of the brains and the resources of the members of the Association, while it is in the power of many of them to direct to this country the class of labour that we require.

"LA PATRIE," in speaking of Mr. Paterson, whose criticism of Sir Leonard Tilley's financial statement we publish elsewhere, says:—"Mr. Paterson, the new critic of the Left, is well known among the Liberals of the West. He is one of the most powerful speakers in the country, a tribune in the true sense of the term. His speech made a good impression, and gained for him the admiration of both sides of the House. He dissected Sir L. Tilley's Budget with the most scrupulous exactness and consummate ability. Mr. Paterson tempered that captivating passion which made him a power upon the hustings, and proved that he had in him the stuff of a true statesman. His vehemence was restrained within the limits which so serious a subject as the Budget demands. The tribune did not thunder in the ears of Mr. Tilley. He simply exposed the facts with force and vigor, always appearing master of his subject. Mr. Paterson is still young, forty-two years of age. Upon the Treasury benches he would be a valuable man for a Liberal administration. Mr. Paterson entered the House of Commons in 1872, defeating Sir Francis Hincks. His victory was astonishing, for all that was known of him was that he was a master craftsman. The first time he spoke astonishment vanished, he was proclaimed a man of the people, and it was understood that a man of his talent might expect a fine future in politics. In private life Mr. Paterson is a type of the perfect gentleman and good companion. He is a charming conversationalist, a man of refinement, who has a great many friends. He is the Finance Minister of the Opposition, and he will worthily replace Mr. Cartwright."

"HABITANT" encloses the following:—"Mr. Vennor's 'Weather Bulletin' for March, in a neat pink cover, is at hand. His big storm for March are: \* \* \* The week commencing Sunday, the 26th, will be full of storm, wind, snow, sleet and rain, according to locality. On the 27th, very stormy in Maritime Provinces and particularly in Newfoundland, where the snow fall will be very heavy, obstructing all travel. The 30th and 31st are again dates of storm, and either one of these or the 27th is likely to give the great storm of the month." His own observations are:—"March 25th, fine; 26th, fine; 27th, fine; 28th, fine; 29th, fine; 30th, lovely; 31st, lovely. So much for Vennor!"

MOUNT Etna, in Sicily, is at present excited. We have accounts of its eruptions dating as far back as thirty-five hundred years. One occurred in 1169, which overwhelmed all Catania and destroyed the lives of fifteen thousand people. In 1609 tens of thousands of persons perished in the lava streams that engulfed the plains. At various periods up to 1830 there were destructive showers of lava, and in the year last mentioned whole villages were swept away and even Rome almost felt its deadly touch. In 1865 an eruption continued daily for nearly six months. Outbreaks also took place in November, 1868; August, 1875, and May and June, 1879.

MR. A. L. TOTTENHAM, M.P. for County Leitrim, Ireland, has submitted a statement which shows that Mr. Parnell has about one-third or less of Ireland at his back, and that he represents a decided minority of the Irish members, thirty-eight are Parnellites and sixty-five opposed to him. Of the electors 63,483 sympathize with the hon. gentleman, 168,038 taking no stock in his agitations, while of the people at large 1,710,000 march behind his banner, 3,702,000 being unprepared to follow it.

MR. J. L. BAUDRY serves out his last term as Mayor for the coming two years, he will have been the longest occupant of that office, serving a full ten years. The above is from L'Étincelle, and the question is, must we take the announcement as an indication that Mr. Baudry proposes again to submit his claims to the electors. PETITIONS were presented in the House of Commons last night from the Mayors, proprietors and residents of Longueuil and St. Lambert respectively, asking for the incorporation of the St. Lawrence Bridge and Manufacturing Company, better known as the Shearer scheme. A MIDNIGHT cablegram from London says:—"The Queen has not yet recovered

her complete health. She is not, however, confined to the Palace, and drives out regularly. She is unable to walk and can remain standing only a few minutes. CHIEF JUSTICE COLERIDGE has invited several leading barristers to accompany him in his trip to the United States. Charles Russell, Liberal member of Parliament, is among those who have accepted the invitation. PRESIDENT ARTHUR'S plans for leaving Washington to-day having been somewhat disarranged, he will probably not start for Florida for several days. If you miss seeing the Hanlons, you will regret it. —Securities valued at \$19,000 have been stolen from the office of E. B. Treat, publisher, New York. Some have been negotiated.

DEATHS. FINNEY—In this city, on the 1st instant, at her late residence, No. 139 St. George street, after a long illness, Ann McCombs, aged 83 years, relict of the late Robert Finney, Beauharnois. The funeral will take place to-day (Tuesday), 3rd instant, at 2 p.m., from the above address to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice. CARSON—Suddenly, at Ponsonby, Que., on Friday morning, the 30th ult., Mr. James Carson, of Montreal. The funeral will leave his brother-in-law's, Mr. Robert Boyd, 76 Mountain street, on Tuesday, at 2 o'clock p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

New Advertisements. JOHN MURPHY & CO., 403 and 405 NOTRE DAME STREET, Corner ST. PETER ST. NEW LINES IN DRESS GOODS JUST MARKED OFF! A nice New Line Self-colored Checks, all shades, at 25¢ per yard. A nice New Line of French Roubaix Check, in self-colors, All-wool, 40¢ per yd. A nice New Line of French Wool Beiges, in Grey and Oxford Mixtures, 30¢ per yd. A nice New Line of same at 45¢ per yd. A nice New Line of the New Cadet Mixture, in All-wool French Beige, in three qualities, 40¢, 45¢ and 50¢ per yd. A nice New Line of French Wool Estamine Serges, at 35¢ per yard, all colors. A nice New Line of Black Lustres, at 10¢ and 15¢ per yard, for linings. A nice New Line of Black Persian Corals, at 15¢, 20¢, 25¢ and 30¢ per yard, all first-class value. A nice New Line of Black Russel Corals, at 20¢ and 25¢ per yard. Special value.

For New Goods and Best Value, JOHN MURPHY & CO. For Cash Down five cents given back for every dollar's worth purchased at JOHN MURPHY & CO'S. April 3 c 79

NOTICE. WHEELED VEHICLES. From and after this date, agreeably with By-law Chap. 50, Sec. 32, the prohibition of using any Wheel Carriage on the streets of the city is hereby cancelled. GEO. D. ANSLEY, City Surveyor.

REMOVED. EDWARD EVANS, ACCOUNTANT, HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE TO No. 215 ST. JAMES STREET, NORDHEIMER'S HALL. March 30 r 76

FOR SALE. SECOND HAND LOCOMOTIVE ENGINES, 16 x 22 Cylinder. For further particulars apply to ANTHONY FORCE, 76 St. Peter Street, Im 59. March 10, 1883.

WANTED KNOWN! STODDART'S \$10 SOLID SILVER LEVER WATCHES. Sent free to all parts of the Dominion. STEWART'S, Same Quality, \$12.50. The above-named Watches are SOLID SILVER CASES, SOLID SILVER CAPSULES, JEWELLED IN 15 ACTIONS, and WARRANTED FIVE YEARS. All risk of damage in conveyance or otherwise, to be paid by the firm. R. W. STODDART, 41 and 41 1/2 BLEURY ST., MONTREAL, CANADA, AND 13 RED LION STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND. \$12,000 of the above Watches kept in stock to select from. March 23 c 70

TO LET. The Warehouses, Offices and Cellars at present occupied by Messrs. John Osborn & Sons, Nos. 29 and 22 St. Sacramento street. J. H. JOSEPH, April 3 c 79

AMUSEMENTS. ACADEMY OF MUSIC. HENRY THOMAS, Manager. Four Nights Only! Commencing Monday, April 2nd. THE HANLON BROS. And their English-French Comedians, in LE VOYAGE EN SUISSE! Full of the Brightest Fun! Splendid Scenery! Startling Action! The Railroad Explosion!—One of the most wonderful and startling effects ever produced on any stage; a performance that keeps you screaming with laughter. Box plan for sale of seats now open. March 29 c 75

MRS. LANTRY. And Company, under the direction of Mr. HENRY E. ABBEY. Friday Evening, April 6th, she will appear in Tom Taylor's beautiful Comedy, AN UNEQUAL MATCH. Saturday Matinee, April 7th. PYGMALION AND GALATEA. Saturday Evening, April 7th. AS YOU LIKE IT. Scale of Prices—Reserved seats, \$2.00, \$1.50 and \$1, according to location. Gallery, 50¢. Sale of seats now progressing at the Academy of Music Box Office. April 2 c 78

Art Association of Montreal. A LECTURE Will be delivered in the ART GALLERY, Phillips Square, On TUESDAY EVENING, 3rd APRIL, 1883. At EIGHT o'clock, By REV. L. G. WARE, Of Burlington, Vt. Subject—"Michael Angelo's Last Judgment." ILLUSTRATED BY PHOTOGRAPHS. Admission—Members, by ticket; Non-members, 25 cents. March 30 c 76

UNIVERSITY OF BISHOP'S COLLEGE, LENNOXVILLE. THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE CONVOCATION, for the Conferring of Degrees in the Faculty of Medicine will be held in the SYNOD HALL, Montreal, ON THURSDAY, APRIL 5th, at 3 P. M. EDWARD CHAPMAN, Registrar. Bishop's College, 29th March 1883. 79

Junior Conservative BALL, ST. LAWRENCE HALL, Wednesday, April 4th. Tickets may be obtained at the ST. LAWRENCE HALL. April 3 c 79

New Advertisements. THE PARTNERSHIP of the late firm of COURT, MACINTOSH & HYDE, having been dissolved by the death of Mr. Court on the 14th ult., the remaining partners will continue the business, as Accountants, Auditors and Financial Agents, under the style of MACINTOSH & HYDE. JOHN MACINTOSH, GEORGE HYDE. March 26 c 72

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# FIRE!!!

The fire in our Factory will not interfere with our business, and we are making arrangements to

## Continue Manufacturing!

Through the courtesy of MR. JAMES SHEARER our men are now engaged making Benches in his Factory, and in a few days we will have our whole Staff employed on

## ORDERED WORK and STOCK.

We have a Large Supply of CYLINDER, ROLL, FLAT AND HIGH DESKS,

And an Assortment of LIBRARY AND REVOLVING BOOKCASES

IN OUR WAREROOMS.

# TEES & CO

## New York PIANO Co.

DEAL ONLY IN HIGH CLASS PIANOS and ORGANS. ALL FULLY GUARANTEED FOR FIVE YEARS. Those requiring really good Pianos or Organs for their own use are specially invited to examine the stock of beautiful instruments now on sale at our rooms, 226 ST. JAMES STREET, (the largest Piano House in the Dominion.) These consist of WEBER, N.Y. DECKER & SON, N.Y. DUNHAM, N.Y. JOS. P. HALE, N.Y. VOSE & SONS, N.Y. WILLIAMS & SON, HEINTZMAN & CO. W.M. BELL & CO., GEO. WOOD & CO., STANDARD ORGAN CO. Purchasers will be allowed a large discount on all instruments (except N.Y. Weber) and full value allowed for their old instruments. Having engaged first-class workmen they are now prepared to do all kinds of repairing and tuning in the most satisfactory manner. Pianos stored, removed, packed and shipped on reasonable terms. Also, Second-hand Pianos in great variety, in first-rate order, some as good as new. A variety of good Second-hand Pianos to Hire by the quarter or year. Pianos sold on the instalment plan, in monthly payments, extending two years. A large variety of Piano Stools and Covers always on hand. Apply to N. Y. PIANO CO., No. 226 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL. Send Postal Card for Illustrated Catalogue. Special Prices to Dealers. March 28 c 74

New Advertisements. TO CONSUMERS. English Oak-Tanned Leather BELTING! MANUFACTURED FROM THE PURE OAK-TANNED LEATHER. CASSIUS, STIMSON & CO. March 31 c 77

FOR SALE. 50 Tons Hoop Iron, For Sale in lots to suit purchasers; will be liberal cheap. WITH LEGAL TERMS. R. B. MURRAY & CO., 36 ST. HENRY STREET, Montreal, February 5 c 30

A Pen and Inkstand in one. THE ANTI-STYLOGRAPH (HEARSON'S PATENT) A self-feeding reservoir pen, writes continuously with any ink and by means of a pen with ordinary nib. MAY BE CARRIED IN THE POCKET WITHOUT LEAKING AND IS READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE \$1.00 THE ORDINARY CHARACTERISTICS OF THE HAND-WRITING ARE ENTIRELY PRESERVED. \$1.50 PEN RENEWABLE AT PLEASURE. FITTED WITH A NON-CORRODIBLE PEN. Supplied in a box, with Filler and full directions for use. NON-CORRODIBLE PENS TO REFILL, 40¢ per Box. (PEN, HOLDER, OR BRUSH POINTS.) April 3 c 79

HAVANA CIGARS. Manuel Garcia's Reina Victorias, Reina Marias, Regalia Chicas, Princesa. All the above are of the Crop 1879. PHILIP HENRY, 134 ST. JAMES STREET. April 3 c 79

REMOVAL! The office of the Quebec Fire Ass. Co., Phoenix, Mutual and United States Life Ins. Co.'s has been REMOVED to No. 101 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET, next door to the Hochelaga Bank. THOMAS SIMPSON, General Agent. r 79





LOCAL NEWS.

SEE THE HANLONS. See the Hanlons.

ANNUAL DRIVE.—The members of the Montreal Cavalry went out to Pelouin's last evening.

L'UNION CATHOLIQUE.—Mr. P. B. Mignault, advocate, has been re-elected President of L'Union Catholique for the ensuing year.

WHEREBY VEHICLES ALLOWED.—The City Surveyor has just issued an order permitting wheeled vehicles to be used on the streets.

THE HODGSON CASE.—The Hodgson case, which was to have come up yesterday before the Police Magistrate, has been postponed till today.

VISITING GOVERNORS.—Messrs James Fopham and S. H. May, are visiting Governor of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.—The Board of Out-Door Relief acknowledges with thanks a donation of \$25 from Mr. John J. Arnton, per N. B. Corse.

POLICE REPORT.—The annual report of the Chief of Police for the year 1882, which has already been published in our columns, has been printed and distributed.

THE ASSAULT ON MR. CUSHING.—The Police are doing their best to ferret out the villains who assaulted Mr. Cushing on Dorchester street last Friday night.

MONTREAL GENERAL HOSPITAL.—The number of patients treated for the week ending 2nd inst., were out-door patients 145, 363; in-door average, daily, 145.

RACKETEERS.—Boaks, the celebrated racket player of Quebec, who recently played Joe Gray, of Rugby, in New York, has secured the championship of the world, will play this afternoon at the Montreal Racket Court.

PRESENTATION.—Mr. E. T. Chambers was presented by his former pupils with a handsome edition of Parkman's Historical Works on the occasion of his leaving the Prince Albert Schools in the western suburbs.

The lists for Conservative Ball, Wednesday evening, are rapidly filling.

ALHAMBRA'S PIANO.—For sale, the two beautiful cabinet grand Weber pianos, used by Albani and Carcano during their stay in Montreal. Apply to the N. Y. Piano Co., general agents for Weber pianos.

"Le Voyage en Suisse," by the Hanlons, is one of the funniest entertainments ever seen.

ST. GEORGE SNOW SHOE CLUB.—The St. George Snow Shoe Club are making preparations for a banquet to be given in the Academy of Music on the 16th inst., in aid of the proposed new Club House.

REAL ESTATE.—Shaw & Gowley sold by auction at their rooms on Saturday, the residence No. 36 Fort street, to Mr. Luncey for \$3,500. Also the residence and grounds at Chamblay, for estate late Dr. Seelye to Mr. Lawrence Flynn for \$1,800.

COURT HOUSE INVESTIGATION.—The members of the Commission appointed to investigate the affairs of the Montreal Court House, have held several meetings when various reports from the heads of the departments were submitted and read.

INTERMENTS.—There were 32 interments in the Protestant cemetery for the week ending 31st March, the largest number in one week for many months. Seven deaths were from diphtheria, one from scarlet fever, and one from cerebral meningitis.

OBITU.—The Bishop received a telegram yesterday announcing the death at Nice, France, of Rev. J. B. Cousineau, last Paris Priest of St. Louis de Gonzague, Diocese of Montreal, and who had gone on a tour through Europe for the benefit of his health.

GENUINE GOODS.—We recommend all gentlemen who want real Havana cigars to go to S. Hyman's, 308 Notre Dame street, where they can always depend upon getting genuine imported Havana cigars, there being no Mexican or domestic cigars sold at this establishment.

Tickets for Conservative Ball to be had at St. Lawrence Hall.

PRESENTATION POSTPONED.—The address and presentation, which were to have been made yesterday by the members of the Bar to Mr. Prothonotary Honey on the occasion of his having completed fifty years service in the Court House, have been postponed till to-morrow morning.

THE ICE RAILROAD.—A loaded car crossed from the north to the south shore of the river via the Ice Bridge Railway. The track will be removed in the course of this week, as the ice is weakening along the shore, though still solid at the other points of the line.

GRAB AT THE HANLONS. Great are the Hanlons. Great are the Hanlons.

ST. CONSTANT STREET.—The attention of the authorities is called to the dangerous state of St. Constant street, near St. Catherine, where the sidewalks in some places are literally impassable. Accidents are of daily occurrence, one woman having had her leg broken on Saturday from tumbling, and falling on the accumulated snow and ice.

STATEMENT OF OUT-DOOR RELIEF given at the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge for the week ending 31st March, 1883.—The number of families relieved was 162, of which 86 were English, 16 Germans, 3 Irish, 4 Scotch, 3 American, 3 Norwegian, 3 Swedes, 1 Italian, 6 nationality uncertain. Total, 162. Ten quarters worth given.

The Junior Conservative Ball at St. Lawrence Hall to-morrow evening.

NARROW ESCAPE OF PEDESTRIANS.—About one o'clock yesterday afternoon three large stones fell from the wall separating the premises occupied by the Queen Insurance Company, from the Action Rooms of E. J. Potter on St. James street, and breaking a piece of the cornice below in their fall. Luckily no one was hurt. The accident was due to the thaw and the water penetrating the crevices of the wall.

DEATH OF A JESUIT PRIEST.—A telegram was received yesterday from New York, announcing the death of Rev. Father Augustus Regnier, S.J., the first Canadian Jesuit. He was born on the 22nd of September, 1820, and after a course of studies at St. Hyacinthe, entered the Order in 1843. He was employed for over twenty years in missions and works of charity. The Rev. Father succumbed under his arduous task at the age of sixty-three.

PROTESTANT HOUSE OF INDUSTRY AND REFUGE.—Statement for the week ending 31st March, 1883. Number of permanent inmates, males, 35; number of permanent inmates, females, 21; number of temporary inmates, males, 51; number of temporary inmates, females, 10; total, 117. Number of night lodgings given in Night Refuge, males, 522; females, 50; boys, 7; girls, 9; total, 609. Number of permanent extra meals distributed: night refuge poor, 1,794; outdoor poor, 34; total, 1,828.

THE CONSERVATIVE BALL.—The annual ball of the Junior Conservative Club, which comes off at the St. Lawrence Hall to-morrow evening, promises to be very successful. A large number of distinguished guests have signified their intention of being present, and the gathering will be attended with considerable eclat. Lady

CIVIC AFFAIRS.

A meeting of the City Passenger R.R. Committee was held yesterday afternoon. The following members were present: Ald. Stevenson, in the chair, Grenier, Brown and Rainville. Mr. G. Crawford, President of the C. P. R., and Mr. T. A. Robillard, superintendent of the road were present at the meeting, which was taken up with a discussion on the by-laws of the Company which provides for a five minute service. The City Passenger Railway at first accepted this by-law, but afterwards brought objections against it, to again they have re-opened the question to the satisfaction of the committee.

AMUSEMENTS. ACADEMY OF MUSIC. "LE VOYAGE EN SUISSE." Last night there was given at the Academy one of the most amusing entertainments seen in the city for years. The Hanlon-Lees Combination in their amusing sketch of a tour through Switzerland, fully pictured in the most ludicrous fashion, the difficulties which were encountered by the hatted Lothario and his young bride. The more youthful lover, who has been disported in the race for the girl of his heart, gets together a number of travelling friends and by their aid eventually succeeds in securing his sweetheart. This in a nutshell is the whole plot of the piece. During the performance the audience are treated to the upstaging of a large diligence on the stage, the bolting of the horse and general smash up of everything. Then, in the second act, there was the Pullman Sleeping Car, which was carried on in its merry passengers, and suddenly a collision, in which nobody gets hurt. Then the hotel scene, where men fell through ceilings and bounded up unhurt. The display of the gymnastic art in this sketch, by the Hanlon Brothers was simply marvellous. The comedy of the powers of endurance to be more than ordinary. The several tableaux were most effective, especially the second, at the collision on the railroad. William and Frederick Hanlon, as "John and Bob," the model of a husband and wife, were the source of laughter at their clever tricks and acting. As pantomimists they certainly take a high rank. E. V. Sinclair made up and looked the hoary headed old miser that he was, and his personation of "Dwindled-down" was with the "Hanlons" the best of the evening. Mr. M. Carroll, as "Patrick McGuire," a retired officer, was hardly polished enough in his manner for an officer and gentleman. His brogue was all right, but there was a want of finish about his impersonation. Mr. C. Greene, as "Frank McGuire" was more satisfactory. The rest of the company were the hotel-keeper, "Henry D'Escargot," the French artist, and "Tipp," the waiter, were suitably rendered by Messrs. R. Berri, C. Arnold, and J. Jones. Miss Emily Kean made a fair "Juliet," and Miss Ethel Gray was a good "Carmen." The rest of the company gave capital support. The whole performance is very entertaining and enjoyable, and no one desiring a few hours' fun should fail to see "Le Voyage en Suisse."

HEALTH COMMITTEE. A meeting of this Committee was also held yesterday afternoon for the purpose of considering appropriations. There was a full meeting, and the utmost harmony seemed to prevail, no mention being made of the threatened resignation of the Chairman. The appropriations were decided on and it was resolved to report them to the Committee of Chairmen. The press were also excluded from this meeting, and the proceedings were entirely of a private nature.

GO TO THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC and witness a large Pullman Palace car in motion.

CATHOLIC YOUNG MEN'S SOCIETY. A SUCCESSFUL CONCERT. The hall of the Catholic Young Men's Society, No. 1310 St. Catherine street, was filled to its utmost capacity last evening on the occasion of a literary and musical entertainment, in aid of the Library Fund. The President of the Society, Mr. James Fergus, occupied the chair, and presided over the proceedings with a few remarks, in the course of which he referred to the very satisfactory and prosperous condition of the Association. The first portion of the programme was then proceeded with and carried to a conclusion with much success, including a piano solo, "Whisperings from Erin," by Mr. A. P. McGuire; song, "Hearest Thou," Mr. J. P. Hamill; song, "She Wandered Down the Mountain Side," Mad. Parratt; song, "When we Parted," Mr. J. J. Bowman; reading, humorous, by Mr. J. J. Bowman; song, "Oh, Fair Dove," Major Hopper; song, humorous, Mr. W. P. Beauchamp; Miss Phoebe Allan gave a recitation in a highly excellent manner and received much applause. The second portion of the programme, which consisted of a musical address by the Rev. Father James Callaghan, Director of the Society, who spoke of the benefit derived from literary and musical societies, especially by the young and urged those present to support so worthy an object. The remaining portion of the programme, which included a duet, "Veni Meo," Messrs. Rowan and Hamill; song, "The Angel at the Window," Mad. Parratt; reading (pathetic), Mr. P. M. Wickham; song, "Only a Pansy Blossom," Miss A. O'Sullivan; song, "From Attilla," Mad. Parratt; Messrs. Rowan and Hopper, and song (humorous), Mr. W. P. Beauchamp, was performed in the same excellent manner, and a most successful concert was brought to a close at a late hour.

THE BRITISH SCIENCE ASSOCIATION. THE MONTREAL MEETING. The proposed visit of the British Science Association to Montreal has been attracting attracted attention, and the view of Sir A. T. Gall's recent letter published in the London Times, a representative of the HERALD yesterday waited upon Mr. S. C. Stevenson, Secretary of the Local Committee to learn, if possible, if any further action had been taken in this matter.

AN INSTANTANEOUS LIGHT. Such a word is the name of an apparatus on exhibition at the rooms of the Portable Electric Light Co., 22 Water Street, Boston. It occupies the space of only five square inches and weighs but five pounds, and can be carried with ease. The light, or more properly lighter, requires no extra power, wires or connections, and is so constructed that any part can be replaced without the necessity of the apparatus being in a glass retort; a carbon and zinc apparatus, with a spiral platinum attachment, is then adjusted so as to form a battery, and the light is ready. The pressure on a little knob produces an electric current by which the spiral of platinum is heated to incandescence. The Portable Electric Light Company was recently incorporated, with a capital of \$100,000, under the laws of Massachusetts. The usefulness of the apparatus and the low price (\$5) will no doubt result in its general adoption. Some of the prominent business men of this State are identified with this enterprise. In addition to its use as a lighter, the apparatus can also be used in connection with a burglar alarm and galvanic battery.—Boston Transcript, Dec. 30.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, KIDNEY, LIVER OR URINARY DISEASES. Have no fear of any of these diseases: if you use Hop Bitters, as they will prevent and cure the worst cases, even when you have been and are now being used by some great purified pretended cure.

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THE SCHOOL INVESTIGATION.

THE ROYAL COMMISSION CONCERNING ITS LABOURS. The members of the Royal Commission, appointed by the Government to enquire into the administration of the School Commissioners of Montreal, held another meeting last evening at the Plateau Academy, St. Catherine street. Mr. L. H. Davidson acted as Chairman, and the other members of the Commission present were Messrs. Chas. Gluckmeyer, C. J. Doherty and A. DeMartigny. Mr. T. J. Potter, auctioneer, was the first witness examined, and stated that he considered the property of the Plateau Academy, belonging to the Board, and being on Ontario street, worth \$1 per foot at each corner and 65 cents elsewhere. The property on St. Catherine street he considered worth about 65 cents per foot and the average value of the whole property of the school was \$1 per foot. The value of the property in the other parts of the city was \$1 per foot. The witness had a large experience in real estate in Montreal and was thoroughly conversant with the value of property in every street. The witness was prepared to admit the very high merits of the Brothers, he considered that there would be certain serious inconveniences in vesting them with the control of primary education, because their Superior, their rules, etc., came to them from France, and to a foreign country they had to appeal when any difficulty arose. This he considered as opposed to the natural character of educational control, and detrimental to Canadian interests. Joseph Caron, carpenter, testified that the work done at the Plateau Academy was superior to that executed on any other of the schools, although in all cases first-class work was bargained for. The evidence in the other cases closed, and the Commission adjourned. Argument will be heard on Friday next, the 6th inst.

"THE BEST SERVICE." LECTURE BY MISS EMILY FAITHFULL. The Synod Hall was well filled last evening on the occasion of a lecture delivered by Miss Emily Faithfull, the eminent English Philanthropist, in aid of the Mackay Institute. Miss Faithfull was not unknown to Montreal, as she has almost become a household word where the English language is spoken. The youngest daughter of the late Rev. Ferdinand Faithfull, she was born at Headley Rectory, Surrey, in 1835, and educated at a school at Kensington, where she showed great talents and independence of character, which have since characterized her. She was presented at Court, and entered for a time into the gaieties of London life, but becoming interested in the condition of women, devoted herself to the extension of their rational and moral education. In 1856 she collected a band of female composers, and founded a typographical establishment, in which women (as composers) were employed, and for which she obtained the approval of Her Majesty. In May, 1858, Miss Faithfull commenced "The Victoria Magazine," in which she views she seeks to advocate as far as possible the English language is spoken. The first number of the magazine was published in the spring of 1859, and has since received the approval of the Press as "abounding in clever pieces of social life of the higher class." Shortly after Miss Faithfull made her debut at Hanover Square Rooms as a lecturer. She has achieved a marked success in this capacity, and frequently lectured in leading literary and philosophical institutions. In 1872 and 1873 Miss Faithfull visited the United States, and received the most flattering reception in every Hall ever accorded to a woman. Summoned by those who had distinguished themselves in literature, art, science and industry, it was responded to by the very cream of the cream of the best society of New York, with whom were mixed a large representation of the working world, eager to honour this practical, warm-hearted Englishwoman. No wonder, then, that last evening Miss Faithfull received a warm and hearty welcome in Synod Hall. Very Rev. Dean Baldwin occupied the chair, and there was also on the platform Rev. J. Edgar Hall, St. Andrew's Church, Rev. Dr. Stevenson and Mr. E. K. Greene. Miss Faithfull having been introduced by the Chairman with a few appropriate remarks, announced her subject as "The Best Service of Our Book Shelf," and entered into an able discourse on the standard English authors in whom she said there was a hidden treasure of the greatest value to be found to anyone who would take the trouble to search. She spoke of the great works in English literature, and illustrated her remarks by selections from the standard authors. The lecture was delivered in a most interesting and able manner, and was listened to with the deepest attention. At the conclusion on the motion of the Rev. Dr. Stevenson, seconded by Rev. Mr. Hill, an unanimous vote of thanks was returned to Miss Faithfull for her interesting discourse.

ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY. ANNUAL MEETING. The annual meeting of the St. Patrick's Society was held last night at their hall for the purpose of making their officers for the ensuing year, and the reception of the annual reports and other business. The annual reports presented were very satisfactory, and the election of officers were as follows:— President—Mr. F. B. McNamee. First Vice-President—Mr. H. G. O'Leary. Second Vice-President—Mr. D. O'Meara. Treasurer—Mr. P. McCaffrey. Corresponding Secretary—Mr. P. Wilson. Recording Secretary—Mr. S. Cross. Assistant Recording Secretary—Mr. J. Conolly. Committee—Messrs. P. Kehoe, J. Foley, J. Byrne, L. Hughes, W. H. Quinn, L. O'Connell, W. Cunningham, J. McKeown, A. Purcell, D. Lyons, P. Groome, J. Craven, P. Connelly, D. O'Neil, P. McGovern, J. Lyons, P. Carroll, L. Quinlan, F. Callahan. Several motions were then made for amendments to the by-laws which were all carried. The meeting then adjourned.

Magnetic Medicine. Best in the world. Made only by the Frazer Lubricator Company, at Chicago, New York, and London. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

THE SUN LIKE IT. THE SUN'S first aim is to be truthful and useful; its second, to write an interesting history of the times in which it lives. It prints on an average, more than a million copies a week. Its circulation is now larger than ever before. Its subscription is \$1.00 per annum, in advance, or \$1.20 per month, or \$6.00 a year. Send your order to the publishers, J. W. ENGLAND, Publishers, New York City.

CONSUMPTION. A large number of distinguished guests have signified their intention of being present, and the gathering will be attended with considerable eclat. Lady

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MONTEAL BOARD OF TRADE.

THE QUARTERLY GENERAL MEETING of the Corporation of the MONTREAL BOARD OF TRADE will be held in the CORN EXCHANGE, On TUESDAY, 3rd APRIL, At THREE o'clock p.m., for the transaction of general business. By order, W. M. J. PATTERSON, Secretary.

OFFICE BOARD OF TRADE, 128 3/4 MONTREAL, 26th March, 1883, 7.28 AM. N.B.—It is intended to afford F. Foster Bateman, Esq., C.E., Engineer to the St. Lawrence Bridge Co., an opportunity at this meeting to explain the "Shearer Scheme."

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND has this day been declared of SIX (6) PER CENT. on the paid-up Capital Stock of the Company, and will be payable on and after MONDAY, the sixteenth (16th) day of April next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 2nd to the 16th prox., both days inclusive. By order of the Board, J. F. SCRIVER, Sec'y. 26, 30th St. 72

La Compagnie de Filature Ste. Anne, HOCHELAGA. A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of "LA COMPAGNIE DE FILATURE STE. ANNE, HOCHELAGA" shall be held at the office of Messrs. D. MORRICE & CO., 39 St. Joseph Street, in Montreal, On the 11th of April next, At THREE o'clock p.m., for the purpose of confirming the By-laws passed by the Board of Directors and sanctioning a By-law increasing the Capital Stock. By order, A. CINO-MARS, Secretary. Hochelaga, 31st March, 1883. 11A 77

Montreal City and District Savings Bank. THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held at its office, St. James Street, on TUE. DAY, 1st MARCH, at one o'clock p.m., for the reception of the Annual Report and Statements and the Election of Directors. By order of the Board, H. Y. BARREAU, Manager. April 2, 78

THE PACIFIC NORTH-WEST! Oregon, Washington, and Idaho. Offers the best field for Emigration—viz.: a mild, equable, and healthy climate; cheap lands of great fertility, producing all varieties of Grain, Fruit, and Grasses in abundance; an inexhaustible supply of Timber; vast Coal Fields, and other mineral deposits cheap quick transportation by rail roads and river navigation; direct commerce with all parts of the world, owing to its proximity to the Pacific Ocean. NO DROUGHTS. NO INSECT PESTS, NO OTHER DESTRUCTIVE PHENOMENA. The Lands of the Pacific North-West show an average yield of wheat per acre largely in excess of that of any other section of the United States. No failure of crops has ever occurred. Oregon Wheat commands a higher price than that of any other country in the Liverpool market.

An immense area of very fertile Railroad and Government Lands, only recently opened to settlement, in Oregon, Idaho, and Washington, are now offered for sale at low prices, and on easy terms, or open to pre-emption and Homestead Entry. The great natural resources of the Pacific Northwest region now in progress will be enormously increased by the completion of the Northern Pacific R.R., and the Oregon, Idaho, and Washington R.R. systems. This value certain a rapid increase in the value of Lands now open to purchase, or entry under the United States Land Laws. For Pamphlets and Maps, descriptions of the country, its resources, climate, routes of travel, rates and full information, address—

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DOMINION DESPATCHES.

Annual Meeting of the Quebec Board of Trade.

SIGNAL SERVICE OFFICER AT QUEBEC.

A Quebec Legislative Councillor's Good Example.

MAGNIFICENT CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.

QUEBEC.

A Sea Monster.

QUEBEC, April 2.—A correspondent from Pointe-a-la-Croix, with great gusto, whose letter has only been received, says: On the 25th February, a hunter named David Picard, narrowly escaped losing his life. He had just killed a seal and was endeavoring to draw him into his canoe when a monster of the deep, with a terrific plume, jumped at the other end of the boat. Picard, with great presence of mind, held on to the seal and called upon his companion to fire at the monster. Two bullets which were fired into him only rendered him more furious and caused him to leave the seal to attack the canoe, when a third bullet put an end to his existence. The dead enemy was towed ashore and found to be a Greenland shark, fourteen feet long and weighing 500 lbs. His stomach was opened and found to contain the entire carcass of a seal, several large pieces of fur and a number of partially digested fish.

Board of Trade Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Quebec Board of Trade was held here this afternoon. Mr. Sheehy, M.P.P., was elected President for the ensuing year, and Mr. Beckett, of the firm of L. R. Debell & Co., Vice-President. Mr. L. A. Senecal was elected a member of the Board. A resolution was adopted, calling upon the Government to render compulsory the inspection of Newfoundland fish, so as to place them on the same footing as Canadian fish. The President announced that Mr. H. McHugh had been appointed Inspector of the Signal Service.

THE SIGNAL SERVICE.

with an office at Quebec, the Marine and Fisheries Department having wisely determined to have the work performed in a systematic manner. All reports from signal stations will be received at a uniform time, thereby enabling the shipping interest to make use of them to the fullest advantage. The press and Boards of Trade of Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N.B., and Halifax will receive such reports. A special steamer will be fitted out with a vessel calling at St. Pierre, Miquelon, may obtain full information as to the winds, position of ice in the river and Gulf of St. Lawrence. Notice of all Transatlantic vessels will be transmitted to Lloyd's, as well as to the owners, also information respecting wrecks, &c. The President said the Government had taken a step in the right direction, and deserved their gratitude. This service was just what the Board had long asked for, and would be of incalculable benefit in reporting the position of fish and bait to the various fishing stations.

Death of a Huron Chief.

Paul Picard, better known as Paul Taurin, Chief of the Huron Indians of Jeanne Lorette, died last night at Lorette, aged about 76. Deceased, who was in very comfortable circumstances and highly respected, was very proud of a medal and other presents received by him from the Prince of Wales when in Canada.

Exemplary Liberty.

Hon. Geo. Co. of Levis, Legislative Councillor, has again this year distributed the whole of his sessional allowance of over \$700 amongst deserving charitable institutions.

OTTAWA.

Withdrawal of Troops.

OTTAWA, April 2.—It is stated on good authority that the British regular troops will be withdrawn from Halifax next fall, leaving for England about the same time as the Marquis of Lorne. General Lord Alexander Russell will be entrusted with carrying out the orders of evacuation. The fortifications and Ordnance lands will be handed over to the Dominion Government, which will place there the new permanent battery of artillery authorized by the new Militia Act.

The McGee Murder.

It is stated that some time ago the Minister of Justice received an offer of complete information giving all the facts connected with the conspiracy for the assassination of the late Thomas D'Arcy McGee, on condition of a guarantee of pardon to the persons willing to give the testimony. As the Government has taken notice of this proposal to have the matter brought up in the House of Commons.

TORONTO.

On Change.

TORONTO, April 2.—Business on Change this morning was very quiet, but bank shares as a rule were firmer than on Saturday. There was little disposition to sell, and bids for the leading stocks rose 1 to 1 per cent.

Election Petition.

A petition was filed to-day against the return of Richard Harcourt for Monck. This makes seventeen petitions filed so far, eleven against Reformers and six against Conservatives.

Municipal Requests.

The will of the late J. Michie had been filed in the Surrogate Court. His personal property, amounting to \$245,000, is divided up among his relatives and friends, and educational and religious institutions and charitable corporations. Among the latter are mentioned the General Hospital, \$3,000; Home of Industry, \$3,000; Queen's College, \$4,000; Boys' Home, \$2,000; Girls' Home, \$2,000; Magdalen Asylum, \$2,000; Bible Society, \$1,000; Tract Society, \$500; Temporalities Fund, \$4,000; St. Andrew's Church, \$4,000; to the poor of Corrair in Scotland, \$200; the Lying-in-Hospital, \$2,000; Home for Incurables, \$4,000. In case of deficiency, the proceeds are to be all shared proportionately.

HALIFAX.

Removal of Troops Denied. HALIFAX, N.S., April 2.—A report telegraphed from Ottawa that the Imperial troops are to be withdrawn from this garrison is stated on the best military authority here to be wholly without foundation. General Sir Patrick MacDonnell knows nothing of it. It is highly improbable that General Lord Russell would be sent out here solely to arrange for evacuation. The matter is not known to have been entertained by the home authorities, and the usual estimates for the future maintenance of this garrison, as heretofore, have passed without question.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

—The Toronto bricklayers are asking for increased pay.

—The town of Portland, N.B., will become a city in a few days.

—A State Ball takes place on Thursday night next at Government House, Ottawa.

—A despatch from Berlin says that Frau Burt, sister of General von Moltke, is dead.

—Hon. Mr. Wurtel has gone to New York, and will return to Quebec on Wednesday.

—Twelve hundred house painters struck at Philadelphia for an increase of \$2.50 to \$3 a day.

—The Salvation Army are erecting new barracks on Little Richmond street, Toronto.

—There have been 231 interments in the various Toronto cemeteries during the past month.

—The Governor-General will present his pair of tame moose to the Zoological Gardens, at Manchester, England.

—Timothy Keefe was convicted in Dublin on Friday of the murder of his uncle in April, 1852, and sentenced to death.

—John Jennings, Toronto, for disturbing worship in the Salvation Army barracks, paid \$10 and costs into Court yesterday.

—From four to five thousand bricklayers at Chicago have struck for four dollars a day. Work on all the principal buildings is stopped.

—A cable despatch from Darmstadt announces the death of Lorenz Diefenbach, distinguished both as a philologist and as a theologian.

—At Point des Monts hunting has been attended this year with excellent results, nine hunters having killed 290 seals valued at \$4 each.

—One Isier, of Richford, Vermont, swallowed some lead shots to cure boils. One of these miscarried and worked into his brain, causing his death on Sunday.

—The Chiefs of the Tyendinaga Reserve have effected arrangements with the Government to place in the market \$30,000 worth of land in the village of Deseronto, which is in the Reserve.

—There were 594 immigrants registered at the depot at Toronto during March, against 786 for the same period last year. Of this number 151 went to Manitoba and 156 remained in Ontario.

—F. X. Tremblay, medical student, is reported to have killed on the Saguenay road, in a short hunting expedition, one of the deer weighing 300 pounds.

—The U. S. Treasury Department is considering an application from the Hawaiian Government for the coinage of its silver money at United States mints. The application will probably be granted.

—Senator McGinnis, Managing Director of the Cornwall Cator Company, has succeeded in convincing Senators, members of Parliament, pressmen and others to leave by special train to-morrow and inspect the factory.

—It is officially announced that the Emperor William has virtually recovered his usual condition of health. On Sunday and Monday his symptoms ceased, and he sent a telegram of thanks to his physicians and the Ministry.

—The several land damages cases in connection with the new departmental block in Ottawa, will come up for settlement to general meeting of the Dominion arbitrators held at Ottawa and to commence 4th inst.

—Some miscreant obtained entrance to Rideau Hall last week and cut and hacked the water hose on the corridors so badly that there was a fire in the building it could not be saved. No clue as yet to the perpetrators of the outrage.

—George J. Bryan, of Buffalo, N.Y., formerly editor and proprietor of the Evening Post, and lately publishing a weekly named The Queen City, has been committed to the Lunatic Asylum yesterday on account of excessive drinking.

—The Canadian Shorthand Writers' Association have elected the following officers for the ensuing year:—President, A. Horton; Secretary-Treasurer, A. J. Henderson; Acting Secretary-Treasurer, H. M. Mathewson; Local Vice-Presidents, Ottawa, P. Richardson; Toronto, A. F. Willis; Montreal, F. R. Marceau.

—A correspondent, writing from Pointe des Monts, and the River Godbout, under date of March 10th, and whose letter only reached here yesterday, says that the winter has been unusually severe in that region, the mercury in the months of January and February having descended to from 30 to 47 degrees below zero.

—King Alfonso has conferred the Order of the Golden Fleece upon the Crown Prince Frederick William. This official recognition gives great satisfaction in Berlin, where the relations existing between Germany and Spain are regarded as being friendly character, despite the difference which has arisen with respect to the commercial policy of the respective nations.

FIRE REPORT.

LEONARD, Mass., April 2.—The leather and mill, Cox & Hardwood were burned yesterday. The loss is \$100,000.

SHERBROOKE, April 2.—Yesterday morning the French mission premises, the property of the Methodist Conference, were completely destroyed by fire, the work of an incendiary. The Rev. Mr. Myers resided in part of the building, but was absent in St. Hyacinthe with his family when the fire occurred. The greater part of the furniture and his library were completely destroyed. Parties early at the scene of the conflagration found on the road close by a bag containing a quantity of cutlery and other articles plundered from the building, which, with other clues, lead to the belief that the building was first broken into and then set fire to. The loss is something over two thousand dollars, which is partially covered by insurance in the English Phoenix.

MORRISBURG, Ont., April 2.—The barns of Albert McIntosh, North Williamsburg, were destroyed by fire on Saturday night. Seventeen head of cattle and one horse were burned, also farming implements, &c. The loss is about \$2,000. There is insurance of \$2,500 in the Royal of England on his house, barns, etc., and a small insurance on the cattle. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Don't miss seeing the Hanlons. Don't miss seeing the Hanlons.

IRISH AFFAIRS.

Mr. Gladstone Reflects on Parnell's Statements.

DYNAMITE ROSSA IMPLICATED.

His Utterances on International Law.

ANOTHER DYNAMITE FIEND.

Plain Talking of the Irish Prelates.

THE DISTRESS IN THE WEST.

Afternoon Despatches.

LONDON, April 2.—Mr. Parnell has received a letter from William Redmond, who went to Australia to organize the Land Leaguers. Mr. Redmond reports having been successful beyond all expectations and the prospects are brighter for Ireland on account of his visit.

In the House of Commons Mr. Gladstone, in reply to a question, said that Mr. Parnell's statements made in Paris respecting the Kilmainham treaty were inaccurate.

The War Office, among other measures taken for the purpose of thwarting the dynamite workers, has ordered experiments with a view to preparing an analysis of all substances capable of being employed as explosives. The result of their work will be given to the police.

An anonymous letter sent to an editor asserts that the Fenians are sending packages containing linen infected with small-pox to persons obnoxious to the Irish national party.

On account of the steady stream of letters containing threats by death and destruction to buildings received by prominent persons and Government functionaries additional precautions are being devised against the execution of the threats, particularly in London. The gas works are carefully guarded against surprise, and only known and trusted hands are allowed on the premises.

Great excitement has been caused at Liverpool by what is said to be another Fenian outrage. The police found the Springer street bonded warehouse flooded with spirits, all the bungs had been removed from the casks and the intention seemed to have been to fire the liquor.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Improved Condition of Affairs.

LIMERICK, April 2.—Owing to an improved condition of affairs here the extra force of police has been materially decreased.

Constables Sent to America.

BALLA, Ireland, April 2.—Three constables have gone to America in quest of Fenianism. They are suspected of murdering Fenwick in 1850. The crime created a sensation, as it was believed to be a political murder. Twenty-six persons were arrested last week at Ballinrobe charged with being accomplices to the murder.

Relief from America.

WATERBURY, Conn., April 2.—Father Walsh will to-morrow, cable \$2,000 of the relief of the distressed people of Ireland.

The Arch Dynamitists.

NEW YORK, April 2.—The Irish revolutionists who follow the banner of "Donovan" are again excited over the news from England and Ireland, and especially in the matter of the placing of safeguards around Premier Gladstone. Mr. Rossa was of the opinion that Gladstone would help Ireland if he could. One visitor, high in the Fenian Brotherhood, remarked that there were two or three English detectives at the office every day in the disguise of book peddlers. Rossa, in speaking of the report that the London police were sending circulars to this country for information said:—"That is a clear breach of international law, sending English printed circulars into Philadelphia—where the Declaration of Independence from England was drawn up—offering British gold to corrupt the consciences of book peddlers, and to induce them to perform acts that would bring them into contempt in the eyes of all American citizens. I must call the attention of President Arthur to that act of England's, using her blood money in this Republic at this present day. It will be England's interest to quit Ireland very soon. I don't believe in much of an assassin, as some of the papers allege, I don't think I have that kind of courage, but I mean to assassinate English rule in Ireland."

Another Outrage.

LIMERICK, April 2.—The house of a landlord which has been boycotted for some time past, was attacked last night by a number of men, plunderers.

Another Dynamite Fiend.

CONK, April 2.—Morgan, a laborer, was arrested here to-day charged with conspiracy of important document and a quantity of compound used for making dynamite were found on him.

O'Donovan Rossa Implicated.

Morgan is an employe of a steamship company and is accused of using his position to facilitate the carrying of arms and explosives between England and Cork. He is also caretaker of a Temperance Club, of which Oberly is President. Documents were found on Featherstone, the American, who was arrested with Oberly and said to be a newspaper writer, showing him to be in direct communication with O'Donovan Rossa. Letters from Rossa were seized, giving elaborate orders regarding the mode of using the explosives, similar to those found in the box carried by Deasy, arrested at Liverpool on Thursday.

Parnell's Interview with O'Kelly.

LONDON, April 2.—In the House of Commons Mr. Parnell said the reported interview with O'Kelly and himself, printed in the French papers recently was substantially accurate. The interview quotes him as saying that the British Government took the initiative in regard to the matter of the Kilmainham treaty and they first made overtures to him while he was in gaol. They are also reported as saying that the statement by Lord Carlisle that Parnell made the first overtures was untrue. Mr. Gladstone rose and endorsed Lord Carlisle's statement. He reiterated his refusal to appoint a committee to investigate the matter.

Another Exodus.

The steamer "Indiana," to-day, took the first batch of emigrants forwarded free by the British Government to America. The party numbered seventy-five, principally persons evicted in the County Cavanarra.

Demand for Relief.

The correspondence which has passed between the Roman Catholic prelates in the west of Ireland and the Lord Lieutenant, on the subject of the distress in their districts, is published. It will be remembered that on the 9th of January the Bishops waited upon Lord Spencer and submitted a statement, the purport of which was given to the public at the time. In this statement it was pointed out that there already existed a considerable amount of distress, and that it would be sure to increase and extend every week if it were not promptly relieved. It was estimated that from one-third to one-fifth of the population, and in some of the towns even more, would be affected; that one-third of the potato crop had been lost, from one-half to one-third of the oat crop, and that what remained of both crops was generally of inferior quality, while there was also a scarcity of fuel, the rains and floods having prevented the saving of turf. The destitute had neither money nor stock; that which they had some months previously had gone to the landlords to pay rent and arrears. They had no employment.

Improvements Suggested.

They suggested that the improvements should include—draining, fencing, erection of offices, especially dairies and essential sanitary arrangements. They further recommended that loans equal to five years' value of the valuation should be given to all applicants individually or in convenient groups; that no collateral security be required; the interest of the tenants in their holdings being sufficient security.

Refusal of Relief—Its Consequences.

In the event of loans being refused, out-door relief withheld, and aid for emigration pressed, angry and vindictive feelings would most certainly be aroused, the restoration of order would be made impossible, and a general strike, or organization partly secret, partly public, with the black flag of famine for its banner, would, it was feared, soon overspread the destitute counties, and bring the country under a lawless tribute. The people will not starve, neither will they, at the present time, leave their homesteads, however wretched, for a possible home in America.

The statement was signed by the Archbishop of Tuam and Bishops of Elphin, Clonfert, Killala, and Achonry. Mr. Hamilton, Under-Secretary, wrote by direction of Lord Spencer, informing the prelates that his Excellency at once laid their proposals before the Treasury in a letter, in which he stated that while, in his opinion, there were certain objections to the proposals, he thought that as emanating from a body so powerful and influential they deserved the serious consideration of the Government. His Excellency in reply stated as regards the proposal that loans equal to five years' valuation should be given to all applicants irrespectively of the amount of their holdings, such a course would be attended with the greatest difficulty. They considered, however, that there were certain holdings under £10 valuation which would afford sufficient security for the minimum loan of £50, and were prepared to consider favourably a proviso enabling this minimum loan to be granted to certain classes of groups they were confronted with insuperable difficulties. Their lordships remind the bishops that the provisions requiring collateral security had been already abolished at the time the statement was presented, and they hoped that that concession would satisfy many of the applications.

Resolutions.

Mr. McEvilly acknowledged the receipt of the reply, which he forwarded to his colleagues, and adopted unanimously a series of resolutions to the following effect:—"They deplored the refusal of the Government to come to the relief of the destitute poor by loans for the improvement of their holdings, which they still thought practicable. In default of the remuneration employment, which such loans would supply, they again emphatically declare that it is the duty of the Government to require that timely and adequate out-door relief be given. That to refuse relief to householders and landholders until they become inmates of a workhouse is in their judgment an outrage on humanity and a violation of one of the first duties of a Government; and they say that it is a covert, indirect system, not now used for the first time, of exterminating the native race of Ireland. As fathers and protectors of the poor, they deplored and utterly condemned the resolution come to by the Government, and so heartily avowed in Parliament, of sweeping away from a land, by the slow but sure despoliation of the workhouse, by wholesale emigration, the labourers and small tenant class, whose holdings are judged sufficient for their present support. In Connaught there are nearly two million acres of rich pasture, being three times the quantity of land occupied by small tenants, nearly all devoted to the rearing of flocks and herds for the English market, and occupied by the poorest and most destitute, who were ruthlessly driven from them in the famine years. But while this can, and ought to be, restored to the tenant-class, they condemn and protest against the organized efforts now made by the State to induce the destitute people to abandon their country. In view of the decision of the Government they had no alternative but to appeal to their brethren at home and abroad to supply them with the means of saving their people from the temporal evil, and what is infinitely more important, from the great spiritual danger with which they are now threatened.

On THIRTY DAYS' TRIAL.

THE VOLTAIC BELL CO., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above, N. B.—No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, and all the kindred troubles, I would say, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

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FROM THE OLD WORLD, NEW WORLD NEWS.

Lord Randolph Churchill on the Tory Leadership.

THE LORD MAYOR'S BANQUET.

Marriage of the Infanta of Spain to Frederick of Bavaria.

NIHILIST PRONUNCIAMENTO.

Afternoon Despatches.

CALCUTTA, April 2.—The European and Anglo-Indian Defence Society has been formed here for the purpose of watching the interests of Europeans and Americans in India. The immediate efforts of the Society will be devoted to the preservation of the right of the Europeans and British subjects to be tried by their own countrymen, and to defeat the bill permitting the trial of whites by native judges in certain cases.

Rome, April 4.—Five men, charged with attempting to kill Signor Coccopeller, the noted Socialist member of the Chamber of Deputies, have been placed on trial here. The chief of the assassins, named Tognetti, is a brother of the man, executed under the Papal Government for causing an explosion in the Terzorio Barracks.

BRUSSELS, April 2.—There is a sensation in financial circles over the discovery that Van Damme, a prominent stock broker, has embezzled a million francs belonging to persons who deposited money with him. Van Damme has been arrested.

PARIS, April 2.—Madame Louise Michel is confined in the prison of St. Lazare. She has not been permitted to receive any visitors, although many persons have applied for admittance. It is reported that her counsel was refused an opportunity of seeing her. The officials of the prison state that she is well treated.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

ENGLAND.

Revenue and Expenditure.

LONDON, April 2.—The returns of the financial year ending March show the revenue of Great Britain to be £99,004,000 and the expenditure £98,086,000. The greater part of the additional funds voted for the war in Egypt were defrayed from these expenditures.

Prospects Satisfactory.

The prospects for the coming year appear very satisfactory.

Lord Salisbury's Claims.

Lord Randolph Churchill publishes a letter making a strong plea in support of Lord Salisbury's claims to the sole leadership of the Tories. Against him, says Lord Churchill, are directed all the malignant efforts of envious mediocrity and he, partly from an exaggerated idea of political loyalty, is in danger of being sacrificed to the intestine jealousies of the most useless of his former colleagues.

The present management of affairs by the Junta has resulted in a series of neglected chances and has been signalized by cowardice and inopportune combination. Lord Churchill's letter concerning the leadership of the Tories is much commented on in parliamentary and political circles. Lord Salisbury has assured Lord Northcote that he does not sympathize with the sentiments of the letter.

A Heavy Failure.

C. Devaux & Co., merchants, failed. Liabilities £400,000.

Relations with the United States.

At the Lord Mayor's Easter Banquet to-night Mr. Lowell, in replying to the toast to Foreign Ministers, said the relations between England and America were never more cordial. The speech was received with earnest marks of approval.

FRANCE.

Gambettist Elected Senator.

PARIS, April 2.—In the Department