

WEATHER FORECAST:
FAIR AND COLD.

The Quebec Chronicle

TEMPERATURES:
Minimum, 16; Maximum, 25.

ESTABLISHED 1764.

QUEBEC, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1919.

PRICE TWO CENTS

Patronized by H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught
SEASONABLE GOODS.
NEW MALAGA GRAPES.
NEW CALIFORNIA WALNUTS.
NEW TURKISH FIGS.
NEW GREEK CURRANTS.
NEW SMYRNA SULTANAS.
NEW GREEK CURRANTS.

A. GRENIER
Phones 1247-1248. 94-96 ST. JOHN STREET.

WAR-TIME RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF COAL ORDERED INTO EFFECT TO AVERT A FAMINE

American Government Sought Compromise with Striking Miners, But Asked for National Determination to Endure Privation Until Mining Was Resumed.

Washington, D.C., Dec. 1—War-time restrictions on the nation's use of coal, more stringent even than those applied during the war, were ordered into effect today to stave off a fuel famine.

Moved by reports of diminishing coal stocks and growing danger of distress in numerous sections, the Government sought no compromise with striking mine-workers whose walk-out forced the emergency, but asked for national determination to endure privation and discomfort until coal mining was resumed on its terms.

Fuel Administrator Garfield, acting in conjunction with the Railroad Administration, gave notice that hereafter only the essential consumers included in the first five classes of the war priorities' list would be supplied with coal, and asked the help of all State and municipal authorities to make rationing effective.

The order, which made those restrictions already put into local effect by regional coal committees where the pinch of fuel shortage has been felt, cuts off supplies from all but transportation agencies, which includes inland and coast-wise shipping as well as railroads; Federal and local Government institutions and establishments, including concerns working on Government contracts; public utilities, including newspapers; and retail dealers.

Railroad Administration officials advised that it means widespread cessation of industrial operations, only justified by the gravity of the situation.

Officials were hopeful that the advance of fourteen percent in mine-workers' wages would result in getting some of the men back to work, especially in view of the fact that coal operators generally were backing up the offer. But at the same time it was said that a period of several days would be required before the effect of this could be determined.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Dec. 1—Four hundred and fifty coal miners at Hanna, Wyoming, struck today. The mines involved in the walk-out supply the Union Pacific Railroad and the city of Cheyenne. If the strike continues the railroad will be without fuel.

The plant supplying light, heat and power to Cheyenne announced today its fuel supply would last only two days.

Production of coal in the strip pits of the Pittsburg field by volunteer workers under the State re-employment plan began today and operations were in full swing in four pits with three others ready for work by morning. Cars were placed for loading and tomorrow will see the first coal mined by the State on its way to Western Kansas, where Governor Henry Allen, directed the first shipment to be sent.

RANEY DENIES

TORONTO RUMOR

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 1—Hon. S. W. Raney, Attorney-General of Ontario denies a story published in a Toronto paper, to the effect that overtures had been made to W. H. Casselman, M.P.P., elect, for Dundas County, to vacate his seat for Mr. Raney. Mr. Casselman is a United Farmer.

Premier E. C. Drury asked again tonight if he knew anything of the alleged offers made to G. W. Eccleson, Conservative M.P.P., elect for Muskoka and W. J. Bragg, Liberal M.P.P., elect for West Durham, if they would resign to make room for Hon. Manning Doherty, Minister of Agriculture, repeated his denial of several days ago and said he did not know anything about them. The Premier said he had been unable to trace the origin of the stories.

MINISTERS BACK

FROM WASHINGTON

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 1—Hon. N. W. Rowell, President of the Privy Council, and Hon. Gideon Robertson, Minister of Labor, returned to the capital this morning after being for several weeks in attendance at the sessions of the world's labor congress. Both ministers stated that the proceedings were of great interest. They may make a statement later in which the position taken by Canada at the conference will be defined and the actual results explained.

It is not improbable that at the forthcoming session of Parliament important legislation arising out of the peace terms the Canadian Industrial Conference of September last and the conference just closed at Washington will be introduced by the Government.

WATCH AND CLOCK-

MAKERS HAVE STRUCK

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 1—About sixty watch and clock-makers went on strike here today because their demand for \$45 a week and a forty-four hour week was refused. The strike especially affects the large jewelers, some of the large wholesale firms having granted the demand of the men, according to President Sweeting of the Watch and Clock-Makers' Union. The strikers threaten to form a co-operative company.

FRANCO-GERMAN CONTROVERSIES

Heated Views Exchanged Between M. Clemenceau and Baron von Lerner.

Paris, Dec. 1—A letter from Baron von Lerner, President of the German Peace Delegation, to M. Clemenceau, President of the Peace Conference, and M. Clemenceau's reply have been made public.

Baron von Lerner, writing on Friday last, quotes an alleged official statement of August 29 to the effect that the Allied and Associated Powers had decided to ignore the date of the ratification of the treaty in dealing with German prisoners, the repatriation of whom was refused.

Von Lerner defends Germany's accomplishments of her obligations. He says that Germany made concessions in the case of the killing of Sergeant Mannheim, and in the matter of the delivery of coal by reason of promised favorable treatment on the question of prisoners. He accuses France of making innocent prisoners pay for pretended discrepancies on the part of the German Government and declares that the laws of war were applied to prisoners with pitiless severity. He argues in a general way that Germany has not refused to fulfill her obligations, but has only pointed out the difficulty of doing so.

Von Lerner does not take up the matter of sinking of the German warships in Scapa Flow, but leaves that for a later letter.

M. Clemenceau begins his reply by saying that von Lerner's letter "contains a series of statements, whose incisive tone cannot mask their inaccuracy."

He declares the statement that France on August 29, or at any other time in connection with the murder of Mannheim or the delivery of coal, promised the repatriation of prisoners is "absolutely without foundation."

The German Government, according to M. Clemenceau, is using the prisoner question to excite German opinion against the Allies, especially France. He instances Germany's dilatory tactics by the long debates which are ensuing on the handling over of various persons accused of breaking the laws of war, although Germany admits that numerous crimes were committed, and asserts that "Germany is really responsible for the retention of the prisoners, who are being treated not only humanely but kindly."

Grand Rapids, Mich., Dec. 1—Unexpected progress was made today by Federal officers in preparing the way for an early trial of the 135 men, including United States Senator Truman H. Newberry, who were indicted by a Federal Grand Jury here last Saturday on charges of corruption, fraud and conspiracy, in connection with the Newberry election campaign in 1918.

Service was secured on a number of those indicted and first arraignments were held before Federal Judge C. W. Sessions today, half a dozen of the defendants appearing in court.

Something of a sensation was caused today when two of those cited in the true bills but whose names did not appear in the list announced Saturday, came before Judge Sessions and pleaded guilty to counts contained in the indictments. These were William E. Rice, a Grand Rapids printer, who this morning pleaded guilty to conspiracy and was released under bond of \$1,000 and Alvin K. Moore, formerly a Grand Rapids newspaperman and later a publisher at Marquette, Mich., who pleaded guilty last Thursday to four of six counts.

Several others of the 121 whose names had been withheld pending service of the warrants, correctly suspected they had been named in the indictment and appeared voluntarily in court today.

They included George E. Rogers, former Grand Rapids alderman and Alvin K. Moore, formerly a Grand Rapids newspaperman and later a publisher at Marquette, Mich., who pleaded guilty last Thursday to four of six counts.

Several others of the 121 whose names had been withheld pending service of the warrants, correctly suspected they had been named in the indictment and appeared voluntarily in court today.

They included George E. Rogers, former Grand Rapids alderman and Alvin K. Moore, formerly a Grand Rapids newspaperman and later a publisher at Marquette, Mich., who pleaded guilty last Thursday to four of six counts.

Several others of the 121 whose names had been withheld pending service of the warrants, correctly suspected they had been named in the indictment and appeared voluntarily in court today.

DAVE SHIPBUILDING CO.

CLOSES FOR FORTNIGHT

The Three River Shipbuilding Co., a branch of the Canadian National shipbuilding Co., engaged in building wooden steamships for the French Government, has secured the lease of Shed No. 13, cross wall Louise Docks, from the Quebec Harbor Commission to be converted into a machine shop, in connection with the finishing and installation of machinery into several wooden steamships to be brought from Three Rivers, including those already arrived.

In the meantime work on the wooden steamships that has been in progress in the Louise Dock for the past year by the Dave Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. in which Mr. G. D. Davis has no interest except as salaried general manager for the company, has suspended operations for two weeks for adjustments, and the employees paid off for that length of time on Saturday night last.

WATCH AND CLOCK-

MAKERS HAVE STRUCK

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 1—About sixty watch and clock-makers went on strike here today because their demand for \$45 a week and a forty-four hour week was refused. The strike especially affects the large jewelers, some of the large wholesale firms having granted the demand of the men, according to President Sweeting of the Watch and Clock-Makers' Union. The strikers threaten to form a co-operative company.

AMERICAN NOTE IS COUGHED IN SEVERE TERMS

Mexican Government Arraigned for Studied Attempt to Ensnare Jenkins.

NO ULTIMATUM.

United States Not To Be Driven Into Defense of its Request.

Washington, Dec. 1—Renewing its request for the immediate release of Consul Agent Jenkins, imprisoned at Puebla, the latest American note to Mexico made public here today, arraigns the Mexican Government's conduct in severe terms characterizing it as a studied attempt to ensnare the American consul agent in the intricacies of legal proceedings. No ultimatum was served and no indication was given of what the American Government's course would be if Jenkins is not immediately released.

The note in part says: "The United States is constrained to the opinion that the Carranza arguments that the case is being investigated and that Jenkins has not taken opportunity to be released on bail are 'mere excuses.'"

"This Government does not admit that it is necessary to keep Jenkins in jail while his case is being investigated and fails to discern that the intricacies of the Mexican legal system have been applied with impartial effect to Jenkins."

"The Mexican Government cannot argue that it cannot interfere with the judicial processes of a state unless there has been a denial of justice, because there has been a denial of justice, and the Mexican constitution extends the power of the Federal Government to all cases concerning consular offices and diplomatic agents."

"The United States is not to be driven by the long delays, which are ensuuing on the handling over of various persons accused of breaking the laws of war, although Germany admits that numerous crimes were committed, and asserts that 'Germany is really responsible for the retention of the prisoners, who are being treated not only humanely but kindly.'"

"Jenkins was imprisoned for rendering false judicial testimony in connection with the abduction of a man which he was the victim. In whose interests is the charge of false swearing brought against Jenkins. His abductors? The Mexican Government is prosecuting the victim instead of the perpetrators of the crime."

"While the outlaws who endangered his life and took away a large part of his fortune enjoy their freedom, the Mexican authorities now deprive Jenkins of his liberty. That Jenkins is supposed to be guilty of rendering false judicial testimony is merely an opinion of the Mexican Government, entirely unsupported by evidence."

"The Mexican Government cannot expect the United States to accept in the great emergency of this case such a bare unsupported statement as a valid excuse. Jenkins, weak and exhausted in a hospital, says he has been harassed by the Mexican authorities while evidence against him was obtained through intimidation of witnesses."

"It appears to have been the purpose of the Mexican Government to assume a willful indifference to the feelings of the American people that have been aroused by the point of indignation by the exposure, hardships and physical suffering by Jenkins during his abduction and his subsequent treatment at the hands of the Mexican authorities."

Morning Statement.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 1—When the morning deliberations of the National Organization Committee of the Liberal Party was concluded today it was stated that the resolution adopted by the National Convention in August had been under consideration and was still being discussed. The matter immediately under discussion was that of ways and means of the personnel of a central information bureau to be located at Ottawa. The question of the appointment of a national organizer will be taken up later as well as other phases of organization work.

Other additional delegates are expected to arrive from the West before the close of the deliberations. A number of letters have also been received from members of the national organization committee who were unable to come to Ottawa supporting the resolution on organization adopted at the National Convention.

News Index

Page One.

War-Time Restrictions on Coal.

Franco-German Controversies.

American Note is Severe.

Will Open Ottawa Office.

Gruesome Find Revives Tragedy.

Big American Election Case.

Weather Report.

May Increase Freight Rates.

Elections Now Very Near.

Page Two.

Evidence Regarding Debated Meeting.

Inter-School Forward Move.

School Board Holds Meeting.

"Huge" Meeting Was Ridiculed.

Session Not Till February.

Anniversary of Trinity Church.

Snow-Removal by City.

St. Matthew's Church Dinner.

Captured in Bush by Police.

Page Four.

Editorial: Press Comment.

Page Five.

Funeral of Col. Lafferty.

Resigns from School Board.

Interesting Talk on Scotland.

Reconstruction of Shed 26.

Page Seven.

Instinct For Sea Revived.

Unpleasant Calculations.

Page Eight.

Protests Sale of Merchants.

Final Shipping Service Report.

Shipping Notes.

Page Nine.

Financial and Commercial News.

New York and Montreal Markets.

Page Ten.

At the Theatre.

Social and Personal.

Legal Intelligence.

Reminiscences of the Past.

WILL OPEN AN OTTAWA OFFICE

National Organization Committee of Liberal Party now in Solemn Session.

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 1—The decision to provide for the opening of an office in the capital, with a general secretary here to keep in touch daily with all parts of the Dominion and also that coordinating influence between the various provincial organizations, was the chief outcome of today's meetings of the National Organization Committee of the Liberal Party, which met in the offices of Hon. MacKenzie-King. The committee is composed of delegates from every province, and some 25 prominent Liberals took part in the discussion. At the adjournment of the afternoon meeting, several delegates on leaving the room, stated that there had been full unanimity of opinion that there had been plenty of enthusiasm for the carrying out of the plans of organization. The memorandum submitted at the national Liberal convention in August last, and which resulted in the present meeting, called for the opening of an office in Ottawa under the supervision of a national organizer with his general secretary and the necessary staff. This office was to be a sort of clearing house, not interfering in any way with the control of provincial affairs but bringing all provincial organizations into harmony with one another, at the same time working out a policy of education of the people to the ideals of Liberalism, through the medium of the platform and the press.

In Full Accord

Discussion at both sessions today was on the material contained in the memorandum and it was stated at the conclusion of the meetings that the delegates from all parts of the Dominion were in full accord on the necessity for carrying out the recommendations before them. Many who were unable to attend themselves had written Mr. MacKenzie letters of regret and at the same time stated their accordance with the objects of the national organization.

The details of organization, the Chairman stated, had occupied the delegates during both sessions today and in the two meetings which are to be held tomorrow this discussion on the ways and means of maintaining the proposed organization will also be gone into. It is likely that an executive committee, smaller in number than the National Organization Committee, will be named to go into the details of finances, etc., and report back to the larger body.

There will be both afternoon and afternoon sessions tomorrow but it is expected that the business of the committee will have been concluded by the time 5 o'clock is reached. At the end of the sessions it is expected that an official statement covering the proceedings will be issued by the Chairman, Hon. MacKenzie-King, who tonight stated that he was delighted with the progress which had been made in organization and the enthusiasm which all the delegates had shown in the work placed before them.

Morning Statement.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 1—When the morning deliberations of the National Organization Committee of the Liberal Party was concluded today it was stated that the resolution adopted by the National Convention in August had been under consideration and was still being discussed. The matter immediately under discussion was that of ways and means of the personnel of a central information bureau to be located at Ottawa. The question of the appointment of a national organizer will be taken up later as well as other phases of organization work.

Other additional delegates are expected to arrive from the West before the close of the deliberations. A number of letters have also been received from members of the national organization committee who were unable to come to Ottawa supporting the resolution on organization adopted at the National Convention.

News Index

Page One.

War-Time Restrictions on Coal.

Franco-German Controversies.

American Note is Severe.

Will Open Ottawa Office.

Gruesome Find Revives Tragedy.

Big American Election Case.

Weather Report.

May Increase Freight Rates.

Elections Now Very Near.

Page Two.

Evidence Regarding Debated Meeting.

Inter-School Forward Move.

School Board Holds Meeting.

"Huge" Meeting Was Ridiculed.

Session Not Till February.

Anniversary of Trinity Church.

Snow-Removal by City.

St. Matthew's Church Dinner.

Captured in Bush by Police.

Page Four.

Editorial: Press Comment.

Page Five.

Funeral of Col. Lafferty.

Resigns from School Board.

Interesting Talk on Scotland.

Reconstruction of Shed 26.

Page Seven.

Instinct For Sea Revived.

Unpleasant Calculations.

Page Eight.

Protests Sale of Merchants.

Final Shipping Service Report.

Shipping Notes.

Page Nine.

Financial and Commercial News.

New York and Montreal Markets.

Page Ten.

At the Theatre.

Social and Personal.

Legal Intelligence.

Reminiscences of the Past.

GRUESOME FIND SHED LIGHT ON OLD TRAGEDY

Body of Woman Jammed Into Rotting Trunk Under a Shingle Pile.

MISSING THREE YEARS.

Physicians Find Evidence of Conditions that Might form Murder Motive.

Lawton, Mich., Dec. 1—Jammed into a rotting trunk which was concealed under a pile of shingles in the cellar of her home, the body of a woman, believed to have been Maud Taber, missing about three years, was found here yesterday by her sister, Florence Taber Christlow. The missing girl was the daughter of the late Lester Taber, prominent attorney. The mother and a brother, Walter Taber, are said to reside in the West where it has been reported Miss Taber had died on a ranch a few months after her disappearance. Circumstances prior to her disappearance are now being investigated by the authorities. The young woman was a graduate of the University of Michigan and an instructor in foreign languages.

Evidence of conditions prior to death that might have formed a motive for murder was pointed to by physicians who examined the partially decomposed body, according to the police. The officers now are searching for the mother and brother of the young woman and for one other, not named, in their efforts to solve the mystery.

When Mrs. Christlow attempted to pull the trunk from beneath the pile of shingles an end came away exposing a foot and leading to the finding of the body.

SESSION IS NOT TILL FEBRUARY

Work on New Buildings Cause of Delay in Calling Parliament.

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 1—It is now believed to be practically certain that Parliament will not meet in regular session before the month of February. While the various government departments are engaged in the preparation of the estimates for the next fiscal year no consideration has as yet been given to the Legislative programme. The necessity of allowing the contractors and architects some extra time in which to make ready the new parliamentary buildings will be a contributing factor to the delay in calling Parliament, but it is thought that the month which will be allowed for this purpose has already been saved by the putting through of the Grand Trunk, prohibition and other important legislation before the prorogation of the recent special session.

The duration of the session will depend in a large measure on whether or not a Dominion Elections Act and naval legislation is introduced. Should these two important items be

allowed the contractors and architects some extra time in which to make ready the new parliamentary buildings will be a contributing factor to the delay in calling Parliament, but it is thought that the month which will be allowed for this purpose has already been saved by the putting through of the Grand Trunk, prohibition and other important legislation before the prorogation of the recent special session.

The duration of the session will depend in a large measure on whether or not a Dominion Elections Act and naval legislation is introduced. Should these two important items be

allowed the contractors and architects some extra time in which to make ready the new parliamentary buildings will be a contributing factor to the delay in calling Parliament, but it is thought that the month which will be allowed for this purpose has already been saved by the putting through of the Grand Trunk, prohibition and other important legislation before the prorogation of the recent special session.

The duration of the session will depend in a large measure on whether or not a Dominion Elections Act and naval legislation is introduced. Should these two important items be

allowed the contractors and architects some extra time in which to make ready the new parliamentary buildings will be a contributing factor to the delay in calling Parliament, but it is thought that the month which will be allowed for this purpose has already been saved by the putting through of the Grand Trunk, prohibition and other important legislation before the prorogation of the recent special session.

The duration of the session will depend in a large measure on whether or not a Dominion Elections Act and naval legislation is introduced. Should these two important items be

allowed the contractors and architects some extra time in which to make ready the new parliamentary buildings will be a contributing factor to the delay in calling Parliament, but it is thought that the month which will be allowed for this purpose has already been saved by the putting through of the Grand Trunk, prohibition and other important legislation before the prorogation of the recent special session.

The duration of the session will depend in a large measure on whether or not a Dominion Elections Act and naval legislation is introduced. Should these two important items be

allowed the contractors and architects some extra time in which to make ready the new parliamentary buildings will be a contributing factor to the delay in calling Parliament, but it is thought that the month which will be allowed for this purpose has already been saved by the putting through of the Grand Trunk, prohibition and other important legislation before the prorogation of the recent special session.

The duration of the session will depend in a large measure on whether or not a Dominion Elections Act and naval legislation is introduced. Should these two important items be

allowed the contractors and architects some extra time in which to make ready the new parliamentary buildings will be a contributing factor to the delay in calling Parliament, but it is thought that the month which will be allowed for this purpose has already been saved by the putting through of the Grand Trunk, prohibition and other important legislation before the prorogation of the recent special session.

The duration of the session will depend in a large measure on whether or not a Dominion Elections Act and naval legislation is introduced. Should these two important items be

allowed the contractors and architects some extra time in which to make ready the new parliamentary buildings will be a contributing factor to the delay in calling Parliament, but it is thought that the month which will be allowed for this purpose has already been saved by the putting through of the Grand Trunk, prohibition and other important legislation before the prorogation of the recent special session.

The duration of the session will depend in a large measure on whether or not a Dominion Elections Act and naval legislation is introduced. Should these two important items be

allowed the contractors and architects some extra time in which to make ready the new parliamentary buildings will be a contributing factor to the delay in calling Parliament, but it is thought that the month which will be allowed for this purpose has already been saved by the putting through of the Grand Trunk, prohibition and other important legislation before the prorogation of the recent special session.

The duration of the session will depend in a large measure on whether or not a Dominion Elections Act and naval legislation is introduced. Should these two important items be

allowed the contractors and architects some extra time in which to make ready the new parliamentary buildings will be a contributing factor to the delay in calling Parliament, but it is thought that the month which will be allowed for this purpose has already been saved by the putting through of the Grand Trunk, prohibition and other important legislation before the prorogation of the recent special session.

The duration of the session will depend in a large measure on whether or not a Dominion Elections Act and naval legislation is introduced. Should these two important items be

allowed the contractors and architects some extra time in which to make ready the new parliamentary buildings will be a contributing factor to the delay in calling Parliament, but it is thought that the month which will be allowed for this purpose has already been saved by the putting through of the Grand Trunk, prohibition and other important legislation before the prorogation of the recent special session.

The duration of the session will depend in a large measure on whether or not a Dominion Elections Act and naval legislation is introduced. Should these two important items be

allowed the contractors and architects some extra time in which to make ready the new parliamentary buildings will be a contributing factor to the delay in calling Parliament, but it is thought

ELECTIONS ARE NOW VERY NEAR The U.S. Presidential Election is Less Than One Year Distant Now.

With a presidential election less than a year away, and both great political parties badly split and cut up on the League of Nations issue, politicians across the border are sadly at sea. The situation is badly muddled, and it will become much worse if Senator Lodge's threat of carrying the League of Nations issue to the polls next November is made good.

Making the Eagle Scream From a political point of view considering the composition of the population with its great foreign element, Senator Lodge will have a great card to play in championing perfect freedom by the United States to govern its own policies. The obligations of the nations in the League do not and cannot bind them to courses they do not approve, but the existence of a League Council dealing with international disputes, compelling a year's delay in making war, elaborating a scaling down of armaments, possessing power to order the disarmament of offending nations, and, by unanimous vote, to call on various member nations for military and naval forces to get against an aggressor, does not call for the surrender of certain national rights to independent action.

U. S. A. to Come First There is no question but that Europe and the outside world in general would be delighted to see the United States a full partner in the League, bringing into influential use its sane ideas and peaceful instincts. But the American attitude for entanglements with Europe is still strong, so powerful, in fact, that a cry of "no chains on Old Glory" might sweep the country. It was Canadian nationalism that, aside the reciprocity pact in 1911, and after the war, national feeling is just as powerful in the U. S. A. For these reasons, therefore, Democratic leaders who are aspirants for the nomination for the Presidency in 1920 have been rather shy of committing themselves too strongly to support of the League. Some of the League's bitterest opponents in the U. S. A. are in support of it. Hitchcock, of Nebraska, who led the Administration forces in the Congressional battle, has not the confidence of the Administration. To experience of Presidential nomination, Mr. McAdoo, who has been in the public eye for some time as a Presidential possibility, near A. Mitchell Palmer, has identified himself prominently with the League project. Mr. McAdoo is an admirer of the President, but there is apparently a good deal of opinion to be crossed before he gets anywhere near his father-in-law in public political opinion. The high cost of living campaign in hand, but it is already a notorious fact. Then there is Bryan again, but who wants him? The most impressive personality and next strongest supporter of the League is Herbert Hoover, but he is no politician, and does not care particularly for the machine, which reciprocates. Mr. Wilson has been careful in his term to deal only with Democrats, and has buried the League in a political party quarrel. On the other side of the fence, Senator Lodge might seem to be the logical Republican candidate, but he has no ambition to be President. The man who is most mentioned on the Republican side is General Leonard Wood, who is an exponent of the Wood side-tracked completely during the war, kept kicking his heels at home, in spite of earnest appeals from the President. But the Wilson Administration had elected Pershing, and would not suffer Wood to be on hand, for political reasons. Wood is, therefore, fairly hands-off, and is a stay-at-home soldier, though through no fault of his own.

GUNPOWDER Black powder is the original gunpowder. It consists of pulverized charcoal, sulphur and saltpetre mixed together, each sulphur and charcoal are inflammable, and if they are mixed they will burn as fast as air can be supplied to complete the combustion. When saltpetre is heated it gives off oxygen. By mixing with charcoal and sulphur enough saltpetre to supply the necessary oxygen for complete combustion, we obtain a mixture that can burn without the aid of air.

To Prevent Influenza Colds cause Grip and Influenza—LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box 30c.

"CHECKERS" Is COMING.



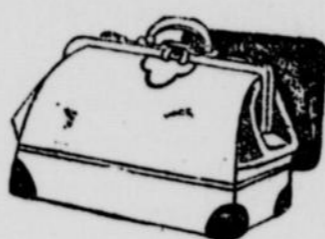
To Smash the High Cost of Living

All this week the store will be vibrant with energy and force of our smashing drive against high prices. We went over the top to-day with a wonderful start. We will pound, pound, pound continuously during the whole week, so that Saturday will witness the end of the sale that people will be a long time in forgetting, so immense is the quantity of goods reduced heavily in price that even this entire page proclaims but fraction of the bargain offerings. There is big money saving in every department.

A Fine Looking Club Bag for \$13.99

Leather travelling goods of the quality which we handle are up in price but we are offering during this Sale, a swell club bag at a very popular price.

This bag is made of full weight sheep skin, in black only, with double handles, good brass trimmings, inside lock, and a strong leather covered frame with leather lining. Inside there is one long pocket. Size 18 inches, special sale price \$13.99



Invincible Bargains In Carpets, Oilcloths, Etc



- Felted Floor Covering, first grade, a very serviceable and handsome article. Special a yard 59c. Oilcloth in 46 patterns. Regular a yard \$1.00. Special a yard 84c. Neponset Floor Covering. Special a yard 89c. English Oilcloth. Regular a yard \$1.10. Special a yard 89c. Linoleum, 4 yards wide. Regular \$1.40. Sale price a square yard \$1.29. Stair Carpet, 18 inches wide. Regular a yard 35c. Sale price 29c. Stair Carpet, 22 1-2 inches wide. Regular a yard 45c. Sale price 37c. Jute Rugs, size 27x54 inches. Regular \$1.85. Sale price \$1.64. Regular \$1.00. Sale price 79c.

Handbags

Ladies' fine handbags of superior leather, in black, blue and brown, leather lined with stamp and car ticket compartments, handsome bag at the sale price of \$2.79

Black leather purse very well made, with two pockets and a patented safety bill fold, which secures your paper money, sale price \$1.39

Black grained leather pocket case, partly leather lined, sale price 39c

20 Per Cent Off Wallpapers

During this week we will give a general discount of twenty per cent off all the wallpaper in stock

Warm Winter Gloves

- Ladies all-wool gloves all sizes, all shades, sale price 50c. Ladies jersey fleece lined gloves, in grey and white, all sizes special 39c. Ladies' all wool Gloves in black, brown, white and navy, all sizes, regular \$1.25, sale price 89c. Ladies' chamoiseette gloves, all sizes, 2 dome fasteners, colors, black, white, brown, chamois, 2 dome fasteners, regular \$1.25, sale price 89c. Ladies' Japanese knitted gloves, all sizes in black, white, brown and grey, sale price 25c. Washable chamoise gloves in natural and white, sizes 5 3-4 and 6 only formerly \$2.00 a pair, to clear at 89c. Children's jersey fleeced lined gloves in grey and black, sizes 3 to 6, sale price 39c.

Two Grand Values In Cut Glass

Bonbon Dishes in cut glass, sizes 8x3 inches. Formerly \$3.25, \$2.50 and \$2.25. During this sale, special each \$1.50

Another line of Bonbon Dishes in cut glass. Special for this week 90c

Good Brooms Very Special 59c

An extra special for this sale, as long as the quantity lasts. Large size Corn Brooms, made of the best corn that money can buy, all have oiled handles. These Brooms would be a good value at 90c. For this sale we offer them at the unusually low price of 59c

A Bargain In Linens and Staples

- Grey Cotton (cotton jersey) in a fine quality and good value. Regular price a yard 20c. Sale price 17c. Regular price a yard 25c. Sale price 22c. Regular price a yard 30c. Sale price 26c. Regular price a yard 28c. Sale price 24c. Regular price a yard 32c. Sale price 27c. Regular price a yard 35c. Sale price 31c. Regular price a yard 35c. Sale price 30c. 40 inch. Regular price a yard 45c. Sale price 39c. Bleached cotton shirting, 36 inches wide. Regular price a yard 22c. Sale price 19c. Regular price a yard 25c. Sale price 22c. Regular price a yard 30c. Sale price 26c. Regular price a yard 38c. Sale price 32c. Regular price a yard 50c. Sale price 42c. Half bleached cotton Cotton Sheetting, good heavy quality 63 inches wide. Regular price a yard 80c. Sale price 69c.

- 42 inches. Regular price a yard 85c. Sale price 73c. Full Bleached Plain Heavy Cotton Sheetting, 63 and 63 inches wide. Regular price a yard 65c. Sale price 55c. 72 inches. Regular price a yard 80c. Sale price 69c. Regular price a yard 95c. Sale price 78c. Regular price a yard \$1.00. Sale price 85c. Regular price a yard \$1.15. Sale price 98c. Regular price a yard \$1.30. Sale price \$1.12. White Circular Pillow Cotton in a splendid quality and good value, 40 inches wide. Regular price a yard 50c. Sale price 42c. Regular price a yard 80c. Sale price 69c.



Low Prices On Fabrics

- A complete line of Silk Crepe de Chine in a full range of colors, for waists, dresses or underwear, 36 inches wide. Regular price a yard \$2.25. Special price a yard \$1.89. Extra good quality of Silk Poplin in all the desirable colors, 36 inches wide. Sale price a yard \$1.89. Very heavy Silk Palette, in black only, 36 inches wide. Sale price a yard \$1.89. A miscellaneous lot of Silks, such as mesaline, palette, chiffon, taffeta, louisine, all 36 inches wide, in nearly all colors. Sale price a yard \$1.89. Good Plaids for skirts, in taffeta or duchess silk, 36 inches wide, some of them a bargain at \$5.00. Sale price \$3.19. 18 ounce Blanketing in small checks, strictly all wool, colors are black and grey and black and red. Sale price \$2.59.

- Two lines of heavy mixtures in Tweeds, in choice colors, width 56 inches. Sale price \$3.69 and \$5.49. Two pieces only, of Silk Sealette in taupe and steel grey, 48 inches wide. Sale price a yard \$7.39. A great bargain in black sealette for Winter coats, in three grades of silk sealette, 40 inches wide, regular price per yard \$8.00, \$12.00 and \$14.00, sale price at \$6.89, \$9.98 and \$11.29. 1 piece only of the nicest quality of wool sealette, 48 inches wide, regular a yard \$20.00. Sale price a yard \$16.29. Wool cheviot in dark colors, 54 inches wide, for winter suits, special price a yard \$2.59. Another line of the same goods in a better quality, strictly all wool 50 and 54 inches wide, sale price a yard \$3.29.

Ladies' Hosiery

- Ladies' Cashmere Finish Hosiery, slightly defective, sizes 8 1-2 to 10, fashioned seamless. Special price 39c. Cashmerette Hose with extra spliced heels and toes, sizes 8 1-2 to 10, with small defects. Special a pair 49c. Penman's Cashmerette Hose, sizes 9 1-2 to 10. Sale price a pair 53c. Fast Dyed Cashmere Hose, double heels and toes, sizes 8 1-2 to 10. Special a pair 79c. Ladies' Black Worsted Hose, sizes 8 1-2 to 10. Sale price a pair 79c. Better quality in Black Worsted Hose, sizes 9 1-2 to 9 1-2. Sale price 89c.

THE PAQUET COMPANY LIMITED.

Retail Division - 157-173 St. Joseph Street

EVIDENCE HEARD REGARDING DEBATED MEETING HELD IN WINNIPEG'S LABOR TEMPLE

Inspector Reams Describes Actions and Statements of Accused in Seditious Conspiracy Case—Rev. S. G. Bland Approved of Workers' Aims within Constitutional Limits

Winnipeg, Man., Dec. 1.—Continuing his evidence today in the case of R. B. Russell, charged with seditious conspiracy, Inspector Reams of the Royal North West Mounted Police, said the Rev. S. G. Bland, also spoke at the meeting held in the Labor Temple on February 16. Mr. Bland congratulated the Rev. Mr. Ivens on his speech, the witness said, saying that he fully approved of the aims of the workers, provided they could be gained by constitutional means.

After Mr. Bland had finished, said Mr. Reams, the meeting was thrown open for discussion and he noticed George Armstrong and Sam Blumenberg for the first time that evening.

They both made their usual inflammatory speeches, said the witness, and after a while he was called on and counselling the audience to get busy on it at once.

The next meeting that the witness attended was in the Olympic Hall, he said. The audience was composed almost entirely of Jews. Mr. Armstrong, said the witness, spoke on nationalism and socialism and made an awful fizzle of the subject. The crowd was very much disappointed because he failed to speak in his usual manner. The witness attended a labor church service of the Labor Church in the Labor Temple on the 2nd of March, when Mr. Ivens spoke on the "collapse of the gold standard, and human labor as a standard of exchange."

The room was packed at this meeting, Mr. Ivens, according to the witness, made a prayer in which he asked for Divine help and guidance in the revolution that he said appeared to be inevitable.

The witness attended a meeting of the Labor Church held in the Columbia Theatre on March 9. This meeting, said Mr. Reams, was purely religious—the first to be so conducted to his knowledge, and the audience was keenly disappointed.

The witness also gave evidence as to a meeting held in the same theatre April 6, 1919. Rev. Wm. Ivens, said the witness, had had as his subject, "can labor cooperate with capital?" Before commencing to deal with the subject, the witness said, Mr. Ivens remarked that the military authorities and the R. N. W. M. P. were watching him closely, and had referred to him as a dangerous man. "Mr. Ivens said: 'I am a dangerous man when there is injustice being done as there is today.'"

Rev. Wm. Ivens addressed a similar meeting held April 13, 1919, on "reconstruction and the reconstructionist."

His address was confined to adverse criticisms of the Union Government's reconstruction plan, and bitter attacks on a Mr. S. R. Parsons.

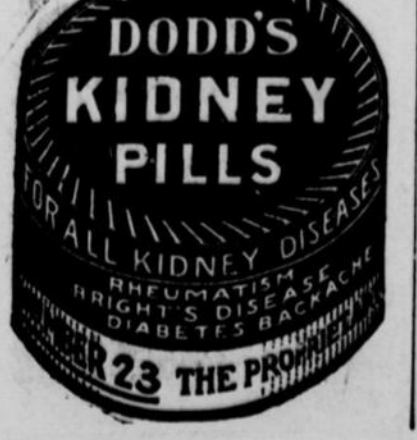
In the course of his speech he said, the witness declared, that there was no chance of co-operation with capitalists.

"We do not want to co-operate. We intend to take all," witness said. Ivens declared that an entirely new system must come into force. Ivens had referred to conscientious objectors and to the persecution of the workers. Revolution is coming because most people expected, Ivens had said. The foreign element, the witness said, was not so apparent at this meeting, which was the last Labor Church meeting that he attended.

A pamphlet secured by the witness at one meeting held in the Labor Temple on February 13. Rev. William Ivens was on the platform, along with a Mr. Howard Ross, K.C., Chairman of the People's Forum, Montreal. Mr. Ivens before commencing the service, gave a speech and read correspondence that had passed between himself, the Chief of Police and Mayor, concerning the recent rioting. The Mayor and the Chief of Police had, according to Mr. Ivens, said the witness advised him not to hold a meeting in the Labor Church as returned soldiers had threatened to raid the building, if either Sam Blumenberg or George Armstrong were allowed to speak.

The Chief had advised Mr. Ivens, according to the witness, that he had better not throw the meeting open to general discussion. At the close of the service Mr. Ivens said he had replied that the meeting was open to everyone, and that he did not care whether the men named were there or not.

People's Forum. The next speaker at this meeting.



"HUGE" MEETING WAS RIDICULED

Not More Than Fifty-Six Men Present in the Winnipeg Theatre.

Halifax, N.S., Dec. 1.—A feature of the North British Society's dinner tonight was in part of Professor H. A. Kent's speech in responding to the toast in honor of our returned soldiers. Professor Kent had been in Cape Breton over Sunday and he attended the meeting in Gloucester Bay, where there were speeches in favor of raising a fund to defend men held in trial in Winnipeg in connection with the disorders in the Winnipeg strike. Professor Kent said he had read the report of the meeting in the morning papers and he was bound to say that it was greatly exaggerated. The alleged "tremendous" meeting in the Savoy Theatre consisted of actually fifty six men. He knew, for he had attended the gathering and there was not more than 56 of these, he was sure not more than four or five had followed the King's colors in the war. The people at this meeting in no wise represented the sentiment of the returned men and their fire-brand talk he was certain found no echo in the hearts of the men who had been overseas. They did not advocate in their speeches "assassination for Canada" but they did not object to that means of gaining their ends in other countries, such as Russia, for instance. Assassination would not suit them in Canada but it was not so far out of place they said in some other countries. The "huge" meeting of 56 men, Captain Kent repeated, did not reflect the sentiment of the real Canadian workman any more than it did that of the returned soldier.

The Captain's remarks were followed by loud applause.

CAPTURED IN BUSH BY POLICE

After an exciting chase into the mountains back of Matane, Inspector L. H. Cummings, of the Federal Police, captured Louis Hanley, wanted for the theft of military supplies in Quebec and brought him back to this city.

The arrest was made at three o'clock on the morning of Thursday, the 27th and Inspector Cummings had to penetrate to a lumber camp in the rear of the county.

The theft for which Hanley was wanted was for supplies which were stored in the Lemieux Building on St. Peter street. He followed his man 150 miles from Matane and had to walk more than 20 miles after. When the lumber camp was reached the goods were found with Hanley who had more than \$1,500 worth of military stores hidden in the camp.

Hanley was brought to this city yesterday afternoon and when arraigned in the Court of Sessions before Judge Langelier, he pleaded guilty and will be sentenced today.

said the witness, was Mr. Ross, K. C. of Montreal. His speech, said Mr. Reams, was practically devoted to telling of the work being done by the People's Forum in Montreal. The audience was dissatisfied, said the witness, because they had expected some fiery oratory and Socialist gospel, whereas Mr. Ross counseled moderation.

Bob Moore, of Regina, said the witness, was next speaker, but was either under the influence of liquor or drugged, because he began to talk of being in a church in Chicago where a young man had told him that he was the son of God, but that he (Moore) did not agree with him.

Mr. Moore said, according to the evidence, that he thought we were all—and obscene references followed.

This speaker then left the platform and Mr. Ivens concluded the meeting with a few sarcastic remarks about the theatre managers refusing to allow him to use their theatres for the services of the Labor Church.

Mr. Cassidy said sarcastically: "Perhaps our learned friend will now read 'Onward Christian Soldiers'?"

Mr. Andrews thereupon produced a copy of the Labor Church book of hymns and handed it to the counsel for the defence. Following this passage across-examined Mr. Reams regarding the meeting which he attended.

During the cross-examination, Mr. Cassidy attempted to introduce a newspaper clipping from a speech by Lloyd George. He was severely reprimanded by Mr. Justice Metcalfe, who said: "You are a good lawyer, Mr. Cassidy, and you know better than to bring up nonsense, as you know this to be."

Mr. Cassidy: "Very well, Your Lordship. I know you can subject me to this language if you wish."

Court adjourned at 12:30 and will meet again at 2:15.

Cross-Examination. Mr. Cassidy then took the witness for cross-examination. He asked the witness if his activities were confined to investigating the Socialists and Radicals. The witness denied this.

SNOW REMOVAL BY THE CITY

Decided by the Public Works Committee Last Night—Will Pass a By-Law.

In order to meet the views of progressive citizens who have petitioned the City Council to make a test of snow removal during the present winter, the Public Works Committee last night decided to undertake the removal of snow from Buade, Fabrique, St. John streets as far as DesSalaberry street, and on Palace Hill as far as St. Valier street and to roll the streets in Belvedere Ward, except those upon which the street cars run and which are attended to by the Street Railway Company.

As the result of the decision of the Public Works Committee a by-law will be drafted and will be submitted for first reading at a special meeting of the City Council which will be held on Wednesday evening.

It was therefore decided to authorize the Public Works Department to buy equipment so that everything will be in readiness to undertake the service as soon as the by-law is passed.

The foremen of the Department plan to employ gangs of men who will work eight hours a day, but will be paid for ten hours. Work will be done from 5 a.m. until 10 a.m. and from 1 p.m. to 5 p.m. There will be two gangs needed and probably more in cases of big snowfalls. The City will pay 35 cents an hour. It is also expected that some 25 carts will be needed apart from the City trucks.

Ald. Lesage, who has strongly supported the movement, said that with a good organization the work could be done at a fair cost.

Most of the snow from St. John street will be dumped into the City sewers, but carts not working for the City will not be permitted to deposit their snow in the sewers.

It is planned to charge 6 per cent interest on the cost of the material purchased as well as its depreciation and the net cost of the labor. The charge for the service will be per lineal foot.

In order to make the services effective the City will also round all corners on St. John street, and will remove the snow on side streets opposite corner properties fronting on St. John street.

At the request of Ald. Bedard it was also decided to remove the snow on Glacis street as far as D'Aiguillon and also on St. Eustache street.

Ald. Mercier and Ald. Lesage brought up the question of Belvedere Ward. Ald. Mercier proposed that the City undertake the scraping and rolling of St. Louis, St. Foye and Belvedere Roads.

Ald. Lesage asked that the service be extended to the entire ward.

One of the committee members remarked that there was no petition.

Ald. Lesage said it was a progressive movement and he would take the responsibility for it. He was convinced it would be well-received by the people of Belvedere Ward.

The Committee then decided that the snow service will be inaugurated in Belvedere Ward and will be in charge of Mr. Paul Beaumont, Foreman of the Road Department in that division. Those who have given out contracts for snow service or those who attend to their own snow will not be obliged to pay anything for the service this year.

INTER-CHURCH FORWARD MOVE

Convention Given a Splendid Start in St. John, N.B., Yesterday.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 1.—The Inter-Church Forward Movement convention was given a magnificent start in the morning held in Centenary Church this evening when the building was filled beyond its seating capacity and it is estimated that about 2,000 persons attended and heard with rapt attention the eloquent addresses of Bishop Lucas, of the diocese of the MacKenzie River and Chancellor McCrimmon, of the McMaster University. Chief Justice H. A. McKeown was the chairman for the gathering which was made doubly impressive through the wonderful music of the combined choirs of the City churches in which the congregation joined with hearty good-will. Delegates from every parish in the Province were present, and all delegates are to be billeted by the citizens while the convention is in session. The convention is one of the fifteen that will be held in a fortnight from coast to coast in the Dominion.

SCHOOL BOARD HOLDS MEETING

Many Questions of Interest Were Discussed by Commissioners Last Night.

Many questions of interest were discussed at a meeting of the Catholic School Commission last night which was presided over by Mr. J. B. Morissette, the Chairman, and attended by Commissioners Cure Labege, Cure Lagueux, Cyrille Kirouac, J. E. Chapleau, K.C., and Antoine Taschereau, Secretary.

At the opening of the meeting the Secretary submitted reports filled out on blanks supplied by the Provincial Government, one showing the assets and liabilities of the School Board and the other the receipts and expenditures from July 1st, 1918, to July 1st, 1919. At the 30th of June, 1919, the assets of the Board amounted to \$2,572,178.11 and the liabilities to \$1,842,000.00. The receipts for the year ending June 30th, 1919, were \$747,255.25, while the expenditures were \$664,678.06, leaving a cash balance in hand of \$82,577.20.

The commission then took up the case of J. A. Degagne, a lay teacher in St. Roch's School. Mr. Degagne is a married man and receives a salary of \$95.00 a year. He will from Oct. 15th to Oct. 30th, with crumple and had to be replaced by a substitute. The amount due the substitute is \$30, and Mr. Degagne asked that it be paid by the Commission.

The Commission objected to establishing a precedent contending that in the past teachers always paid substitutes themselves. It was not the amount involved in the case before them, but it was the precedent they feared. They informed Mr. Degagne that they would seriously consider his request.

Miss Blanche Marcotte, a teacher in St. Valier Parish School, asked that a telephone be installed. She pointed out that owing to the distant location of the school that a telephone was indispensable. The matter was left to the Chairman to decide.

Mr. J. E. Chapleau called the attention of the Commission to the fact that this School, while situated within the City, was outside the Quebec School Municipality and situated in the School Municipality of Little River. He said it was important that the Legislature be asked to regularize the situation and have the territory of the School Municipality extended to the limits of the City. It was decided to have this done.

It was resolved to impose a fee of \$1.25 a month on each pupil from outside municipalities attending the Schools of the Commission.

Chairman Morissette said that the movement to interest school children in the work of the Technical School had been started. Last Thursday the Brothers in charge of St. Sauveur School had taken 60 boys to visit the Technical School. They were shown about the building and explained the different courses while a lecture was delivered for them in which they manifested a deep interest. He said that the pupils of all the schools would be taken in turn on Thursdays to visit the Technical School and informed as to the advantages which it offered for technical training.

The question of exits in the new St. Patrick's School on DesSalaberry street, came up incidentally. It was explained that Mr. P. J. Jobin, Government Inspector, had insisted that there be an additional exit on the side of the building. Mr. Emile Tanguay, the architect, said that there was provision for such an exit when the Brothers' residence would be constructed, but he did not think it necessary at present as there were two fire escapes. He said he would take the matter up with Mr. Jobin.

A letter was read from one Mrs. Archambault asking that she be reimbursed the sum of \$3,000 which she had loaned the Commission some years ago at 5 per cent interest. It was decided to pay her as requested.

Mr. George P. Chateaufort, N.P., offered to sell the Commission a building in St. Francois d'Assise Parish which he maintained was suitable for a school. No action was taken in the matter.

The question of the re-appointment of Mr. Emile Tanguay as Architect of the Commission was also considered. Mr. Tanguay's contract with the Commission expired on May 1st, last. He at present receives \$1,500 a year and he has asked for \$2,000. The Commission has offered to pay him \$2,000 the first year, \$2,400 the second and \$2,700 the third year.

Mr. Tanguay is considering the offer of the Commission. Rev. H. C. Priest of Toronto, in a few words spoke of the inception of the Inter-Church Forward Movement. His Lordship, the Bishop of Fredericton, and Rev. H. E. Thomas, President of the New Brunswick Methodist Conference also addressed the gathering. Tomorrow morning there will be a session for business and devotions. In the afternoon each of the five denominations will hold a separate conference in the city churches and in the evening there will be another large public meeting addressed by Rev. Robert Laird, D.D., Presbyterian and Rev. J. W. Graham, Methodist.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH DINNER

Congregation Paid Willing Tribute to Members Who Served in War.

The Kent House Montmorency Falls, was the scene last night of a most pleasing banquet tendered to the men of St. Matthew's Church who served in the Great War by the men of the parish who were obliged to remain at home by circumstances over which they had no control but who had, nevertheless done their bit in support of their fellows at the front.

Mr. A. J. Teakle, peoples warden of St. Matthew's Church presided, and there were fully 100 present the great majority being the guests of the members of the St. Matthews Church who had served during the war.

The special invited guests were: The Lord Bishop of Quebec, Rev. (Colonel) Canon F. G. Scott, C.M.G., D.S.O., Rev. (Capt.) Gillies Wilken, Rev. S. R. Roy, Rev. A. R. Kelley, and Mr. E. T. Chambers. The large dining hall room was tastefully decorated with evergreens, flags of the Allied Nations and during the banquet the Kent House orchestra, played a selection of jazz music that pleased the boys. The special feature of the feast was the comradeship between the returned men, their fighting Rector and their Clergy.

After the good things were disposed of and the toast to the King duly honored, the Chairman Mr. Teakle welcomed the guests in a well concluded appropriate speech. On behalf of the members of the St. Matthews Church parish, he not only expressed his pleasure at presiding but the pride he took in the heroism of the men of the parish and paid a high tribute to Canon Scott, whose name he said was known everywhere. He also read a heartfelt welcome to the returned men, signed by himself as people warden and by Dr. James Laurie in behalf of the members of St. Matthew's Church parish.

On concluding his address the Chairman called upon the Lord Bishop to propose the toast "Our guests." His Lordship who was greeted by manifestations of respect and affection expressed the pleasure it gave him to be present and in part said he was indeed glad to be one of the party with their Rector Canon Scott and the members of St. Matthew's Church. He knew the esprit de corps that existed in the St. Matthew's Church congregation, and was glad to be with them not only as their Bishop, but because he remembered them when they were very young and could tell stories of days gone by. He would not say that he was a father of their Rector but knew him when he was a very young man, and if it had not been for him, Canon Scott would not be their Rector. His Lordship spoke of his experience while in London in 1917, and the meeting of many men in khaki who spoke to him of Canon Scott. "We know," said His Lordship what he done in the war, not only for his church and diocese but the entire church of Canada. His Lordship referred to what the Canadian soldiers had done for the world and said that when they were gone their work and heroism would be remembered with gratitude. "We can never repay" you said His Lordship, and paid a tribute to those who had passed away.

Rev. Canon Scott on rising to reply received an ovation. He said he did not know why he was so greeted, it was not his reception, it was a reception to the men, as he already had his reception when he came back, but standing up as the spokesman for the men he was delighted to be present.

Speeches were also rendered by Rev. E. R. Roy, Rev. A. Gillies Wil-

ken, Rev. A. R. Kelley and Mr. Chambers and during the evening songs were rendered by Messrs. Carpenter and Kay and Sergt-Major Wheeler.

The silent lot was proposed by Rev. A. R. Kelly in memory of the dead, and after paying a beautiful tribute to their memory and their heroism that caused them to make the supreme sacrifice, read the following names of the men of St. Matthew's Church parish who sleep in their graves in France:—

Ernest James William Beach, Henry Birkes, Edward Swift, Burford, Harry Davis Campbell, Samuel Henry Courtney, Robert John Courtney, Cyril Talbot Burney Croft, Archibald Reginald Duggan, John Hampshere, Harold Samuel Keough, Joseph Stanley Marchant, Arthur Mitchell, Charles Alexander Pope, Henry Baldwin Pope, Ernest Campbell Pope, William John Prescott, William Henry Saunders, Henry Hutton Scott, Walter Mowbray Scoull, Gordon Hugh Smith, Arthur Gregory Todd.

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA? Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher In Use For Over 30 Years

man, and if it had not been for him, Canon Scott would not be their Rector. His Lordship spoke of his experience while in London in 1917, and the meeting of many men in khaki who spoke to him of Canon Scott. "We know," said His Lordship what he done in the war, not only for his church and diocese but the entire church of Canada. His Lordship referred to what the Canadian soldiers had done for the world and said that when they were gone their work and heroism would be remembered with gratitude. "We can never repay" you said His Lordship, and paid a tribute to those who had passed away.

Take note of our prices for winter overcoats for men and boys. You will not find such concessions anywhere else. Under the circumstances, this reduction should attract the attention of all purchasers. Get one of these winter overcoats right away. The economy which you will realize is worth while. Look over our window display when you are passing.

Table with 2 columns: For Men and For Boys. Lists various coat values and corresponding sale prices.

See the Samples in Our Windows Myrand & Pouliot Ltee St. Roch

23 THE PRO...

HORLICK'S THE ORIGINAL MALTED MILK Avoid Imitations & Substitutes

The Quebec Chronicle

Printed and published by the Chronicle Printing Company, Sir David Watson, General Manager, at the building of the Company, 9 Buaude Street, Quebec.

QUEBEC, DECEMBER 2, 1919.

THE TIMES ON IRELAND.

We are just in receipt of the Special Irish number of the London Times, a typically North-

In so far as one may judge, an idea remarkably shrewd in its very simplicity is at the bottom of this undertaking, namely to show forth the Ireland of today as it is by the aid of dispassionate facts and figures, scrupulously avoiding anything that might be construed as partisan propaganda either by North or South.

Some neighbors know too much about each other but most neighbors know little or nothing and it is probably safe to say that the average Englishman has very little clearly-defined or accurate concept of conditions obtaining across a narrow channel and has been all the more confused of late by rival war-whoops and reciprocal abuse.

A reference-work such as this can hardly fail therefore to serve a useful purpose not alone in clarifying British views but in holding up the two warring elements of the island to each other in a saner aspect than that in which they could be viewed through the mists of prejudice or the red haze of hate.

In the whole bulky number there is scarcely more than one frankly controversial article and that is an editorial leader on "Ireland After the War" which is lent all the greater emphasis on that account and may be taken as representing the considered opinion of the Mighty Thunderer on a very vexed and delicate problem. For this reason our readers will be glad of an extended quotation made herewith:

"There can be no present content in Ireland apart from political settlement, but the signs of a coming period of material and intellectual progress are many and auspicious. Although fate kept her largely out of the war, she has gained a wider outlook from it. She has been aroused by the great movement of events, and has abandoned, unconsciously perhaps, much of her insular habit of mind. When she looks abroad today America no longer occupies the whole field of her vision. She has acquired fresh standards of comparison, a better sense of proportion, and a livelier conception of the adventure of life. For her, as for the rest of civilization, "the world's great age begins anew," and her soul is prompting her to partnership in the work of reconstruction. Today the reconstruction of Ireland, in one way or another, is in every Irishman's thoughts.

"Unionist and Nationalist are equally active in these developments. The Republican programme attaches the utmost importance to material reconstruction, and the scheme for which the suppressed Dail Eireann invited a national loan was on the surface sober and attractive. Parnell made the land-hunger the engine of his political train. It would be unjust to accuse the Sinn Fein leaders of a merely political interest in rich mines and factories, for many of them are thoughtful and ardent economists. It is certain, however, that they appreciate the political value of their appeal to the new ambition for material achievement that is leaping in the blood of all good Irishmen.

"Irishmen are beginning to discover Ireland as the Elizabethans discovered England. The old "happy-go-lucky" spirit has been replaced by a feeling of irritation at wasted opportunities—a feeling which would be entirely healthy if it were not being used to feed political passions. During the recent railway strike the town of Athy suffered from a coal famine, although it lies within walking distance of a colliery and a peat-bog. Twenty years ago Irishmen would have laughed at this anomaly; today they are ashamed of it. Their minds are fixed on their coal, their railways, and their shipping routes. The Irish cattle trade is one of the finest existing specimens of old-English domestic architecture, and it is not to be wondered at that American eyes have looked enviously at its oak-beamed ceilings and lovely old panelled rooms. The old house is thought to have been finished in the middle of the fifteenth century, and it has watched Rye decline from its proud position as a flourishing port to its present state of many peace, beloved of artists and forgotten by commerce. It is unthinkable that anything so English as the "Mermaid", so essentially a part of England, should be allowed to leave her for another country, that only strangers should tread the uneven old floors, worn by the feet of generations of Englishmen. The old inn belongs to England, and its place is in "Rye of the Marshes," with her steep old streets and tiled roofs, to which time has given the soft, warm tints of wall flowers.

"Undoubtedly," says John Eglington, that "greatest and truest of Anglo-Irish writers, if

our race were to rouse itself as a new and freshly compounded race, the whole situation in Ireland would be transformed. There are signs that the process has begun. Hitherto the north has been content to push its trade in the south by means of commercial travellers—a mere exchange of northern wares for southern money. Today captains of Ulster's industry are making personal investigation of the south's economic resources. The south welcomes such visitors. It knows that it has much to learn from Ulster. Even now, amid the shoutings and alarms of a new crisis, north and south are beginning to find common ground in a common desire for their country's advancement in the world."

HOUSE FARMING.

Canadian cities are full of examples of the one-family dwelling being occupied by two or more families. There are many reasons for this, which it is not the present purpose to discuss, but the practice is associated with evils which it is quite apparent are on the increase and require to be met by some form of control.

A few instances will more fully explain the situation. In West Toronto a landlord let a house for a number of years to a woman for \$15 a month and later found she had sublet a few rooms for \$20 a month. The report of Dr. Douglas, M.O.H. for Winnipeg, for the year 1918, contains the following, among several, examples of "house farming":

"A dwelling of twenty rooms, two storeys and attic, was found occupied by ten families and four roomers. Six of the families had only one room each for cooking and sleeping. There were six gas, an oil and three electric stoves, mostly in rooms used as bedrooms. There were two water-closets, a sink, a bath and a washbasin, for the use of all, but one of the water-closets was in the cellar. One room of 600 cubic feet was occupied by a man, woman and two children. None of the upper sashes of the windows were made to open, and all the storm sashes were fixed except in two rooms. The premises were evidently designed for use as a boarding or rooming house. The rent paid by the lessee was \$45 per month, and that received from the subtenants \$115 per month; thus the lessee lived rent free and in addition made a profit of \$70 per month."

That the evil is a large and growing one may be seen from the fact that, when a tenant paying \$15 a month rent for a house, who sublet it to obtain \$90 per month, was remonstrated with, he had the effrontery to inform the authorities that he had leased three other houses for the same purpose. Another "house-farmer" was making \$201 a month on a large tenement which violated 16 clauses of the building-by-law.

It is essential that the municipal authorities take effective steps to prevent overcrowding. This is necessary for the protection of all classes. Many so-called apartment houses are not bona fide. Supervision should extend to all houses irrespective of their rent value or whether owned or rented by the occupier.

In overcrowded tenements there are nearly always found cases of families occupying one room in which the man, wife and children eat and sleep and where the cooking and other domestic work is carried on, in a vitiated atmosphere which is the cause of all that makes for disease and physical inefficiency. There is never adequate provision of water-closets, sinks or baths, and, as a rule, the windows are religiously fastened down, while the interior passages and stairways—the no man's land of the house—are dirty and the building-bears every evidence of dilapidation and decay.

Those who cannot afford a one-family house should have clean healthy rooms, with the essential conveniences of sink and water-closet, and the rent should not be increased by the greed of the "house-farmer" who lives in a cellar.

This subletting of portions of a house is one of the worst forms of profiteering, and the health departments of every city should follow the example of Winnipeg and serve closing orders on these places. Unfortunately, lack of an adequate staff is a handicap in many cases. This is a condition for an enlightened public opinion to rectify

PRESS COMMENT.

A FAMOUS INN.

—The "Mermaid" at Rye is for safe, a rumor has it that the famous old hostelry across the Atlantic in pieces and be re-erected in the United States, which would be a calamity, not only for Rye, but for England. The "Mermaid" is one of the finest existing specimens of old-English domestic architecture, and it is not to be wondered at that American eyes have looked enviously at its oak-beamed ceilings and lovely old panelled rooms. The old house is thought to have been finished in the middle of the fifteenth century, and it has watched Rye decline from its proud position as a flourishing port to its present state of many peace, beloved of artists and forgotten by commerce. It is unthinkable that anything so English as the "Mermaid", so essentially a part of England, should be allowed to leave her for another country, that only strangers should tread the uneven old floors, worn by the feet of generations of Englishmen. The old inn belongs to England, and its place is in "Rye of the Marshes," with her steep old streets and tiled roofs, to which time has given the soft, warm tints of wall flowers.

"Undoubtedly," says John Eglington, that "greatest and truest of Anglo-Irish writers, if

STOPPED HER HEADACHES

Years Of Suffering Ended By "Fruit-a-lives"

112 HAZEN ST., ST. JOHN, N. B. "It is with pleasure that I write to tell you of the great benefit I received from the use of your medicine "Fruit-a-lives", made from fruit juices. I was a great sufferer for many years from Nervous Headaches and Constipation. I tried everything, consulted doctors; but nothing seemed to help me until I tried "Fruit-a-lives". After taking several boxes, I was completely relieved of these troubles and have been unusually well ever since". Miss ANNIE WARD. 50c. a box, \$6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

NEW SYSTEM OF ELECTION

Trustees of Rhodes Scholarships at Oxford University Make Very Interesting Announcement.

The Trustees for the Rhodes Scholarships at Oxford University, founded by the Will of the late Cecil John Rhodes, have recently made an interesting announcement as to the system of election to be adopted in almost all the Provinces of Canada and most of the States of the United States, nominating to the scholarships were in the disposal of the principal universities or colleges in rotation. The experience of the sixteen years during which the scholarships have been in operation has shown that possibly this was not the best method. It has now been decided by the Trustees to throw the scholarships open to competition in each Province and State and to establish committees of selection composed as far as possible of former Rhodes scholars with as chairman a man eminent in education or other work. The Committee of Selection appointed by the Trustees for the Province of Quebec consists of the following:—

- E. W. Hearty, K.C., L.L.D., President of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. J. C. Kemp, B.A., formerly of University College, Oxford. G. S. Stirs, M.A., former Rhodes scholar for Nova Scotia. E. C. J. Barbeau, B.A., former Rhodes scholar from Laval University, Quebec. G. M. Smith, B.A., former Rhodes scholar from Alberta.

The scholarships are of the value of £300 a year and are tenable for three years, subject to the continued approval of the College at Oxford of which the scholar is a member. Before the War the sum of £300 was enough to cover the expenses of a full year taking into consideration the vacation as well as the terms. The authorities of the Rhodes Trust now state that it is difficult to estimate exactly how far £300 will go under the conditions created by the War, but what is certain is that £300 will not be sufficient to cover the expenses of a full year taking into consideration the vacation as well as the terms. The authorities of the Rhodes Trust now state that it is difficult to estimate exactly how far £300 will go under the conditions created by the War, but what is certain is that £300 will not be sufficient to cover the expenses of a full year taking into consideration the vacation as well as the terms.

When the terms of Rhodes' Will were published, what struck the public imagination was the novelty of the directions that the scholarships were to be awarded on the basis of scholarship alone but that the scholars were to be all round men and that in the choice of scholars regard should be had to fitness, moral force of character and leadership in school and college life as well as to literary and scholastic attainments. These directions still bind the Trustees and the Committee of Selection are required to make their nominations with due regard to them.

The following conditions must be complied with by the candidates for Canadian scholarships:— 1.—Candidates must be British subjects, with at least five years' domicile in Canada, and unmarried. They must have passed their nineteenth birthday, on October 1st of the year for which they are elected. 2.—Candidates must be at least in their Sophomore Year at some recognized degree-granting University or College of Canada, and (if their ordinary private domicile, home, or residence. They must be prepared to appear before the Committee of Selection for the Province they select. Applications for the scholarship for 1919 must be in the hands of the Secretary of the Selection Committee on or before 25th November, 1919. The scholar-elect will come into residence at Oxford in October, 1920.

"Safety First" To Be Enforced!

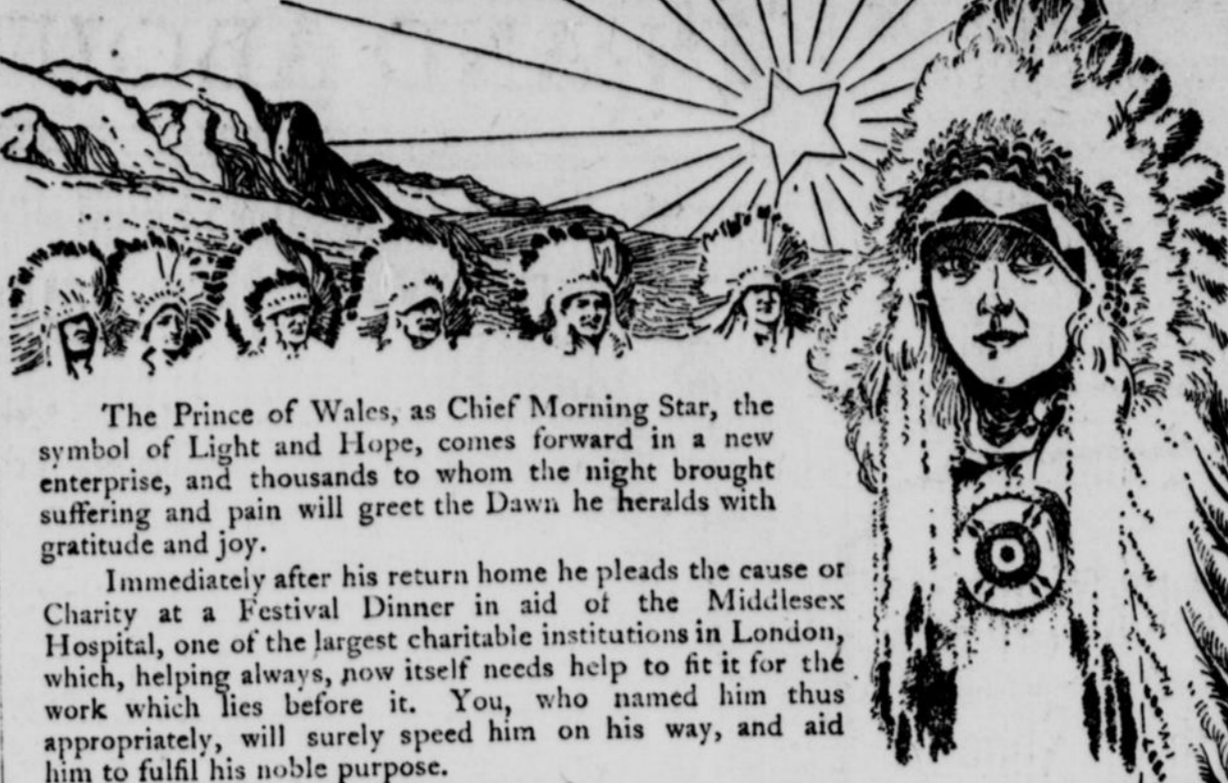
People Taking Matters Into Their Own Hands.

Public safety does not alone concern the operation of railways, street cars and motors. It lies in the hands of the people.

One of the greatest enemies to health is kidney trouble. If the kidneys don't filter from the blood the uric acid and other poisons, the general health declines, and all manner of ills appear—rheumatic, sciatic, and neuralgic pains, lumbago, stone in the bladder, headaches, constipation, lassitude. There is certain relief for these ailments. Gin Pills help where other remedies fail. They build up the debilitated system, bring the kidneys and bladder back to normal action, and by removing the cause, make impossible the evil results. Gin Pills do not contain any alcohol, but all the valuable diuretic properties of the Gin together with other diuretics and antiseptics which have a signal effect on the bladder and kidneys.

All druggists and dealers sell Gin Pills under a guarantee to return your money if they do not bring relief. If you have backache, constant headaches or pain in the sides, begin treatment at once with Gin Pills. 50c a box. Free sample on request. The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto, United States Address, Na-Dru-Co, Inc., 203 Main St., Buffalo, N.Y., 260

"CHECKERS" IS COMING.



The Prince of Wales, as Chief Morning Star, the symbol of Light and Hope, comes forward in a new enterprise, and thousands to whom the night brought suffering and pain will greet the Dawn he heralds with gratitude and joy.

Immediately after his return home he pleads the cause of Charity at a Festival Dinner in aid of the Middlesex Hospital, one of the largest charitable institutions in London, which, helping always, now itself needs help to fit for the work which lies before it. You, who named him thus appropriately, will surely speed him on his way, and aid him to fulfil his noble purpose.

\$1,000,000 needed.

The Middlesex Hospital (a Voluntary Hospital) treated over 10,000 wounded soldiers during the war, in addition to carrying on its work for civilians. There are fighting men of Canada who will hold its tender care of them in affectionate remembrance.

Help the MIDDLESEX HOSPITAL

Subscription Form.

Form for subscription to the Middlesex Hospital fund, including fields for name, address, and donation amount.

Advertisement for T. D. Dubuc's Special Blouse Sale. Features text: 'FASHIONABLE STORE T. D. Dubuc Formerly Donohue's Store Special Blouse Sale Exceptional Opportunity'. Includes details about crepe de Chine blouses and lingerie.

Advertisement for P.T. Legare's wringer. Features text: 'The Efficient Housewife Showing how wringer swings to any desired position. \$10 Cash Payment Place it in your home today.' Includes an illustration of the wringer.

HUNTERS' SUPPLIES

SHOT GUNS—In single and double barrel RIFLES—Winchester, Savage, Remington, Newton. REVOLVERS—and PISTOLS In Smith & Wesson, Colts, Savage, H. & R., and Remington.

Smokeless and Black Powder loaded Shells, Cartridges, also Ross Rifle 280 copper point.

Tents, Blankets, Folding Beds and Stoves, Sleeping Bags Canoes, Hunting Boots. General and Heavy Hardware

CHINIC HARDWARE COMPANY

ELECTRIC HEATERS, STOVES.

Electric Heater can be attached to an ordinary socket and its cost for power is very low. The Oil Stoves are clean and odorless.

We have also a fine assortment of BRASS FENDERS, Etc., Etc.

HARDWARE GOODS, PAINTS, GLASS, Etc. SPORTING GOODS.

S. J. SHAW & CO. Hardware Merchants. Phone 573. 13 ST. JOHN ST.

NEW BOOKS

- "FLAG AND FLEET." "HOW THE BRITISH WON THE FREEDOM OF THE SEAS." "THE STARLING." "THE YOUNG VISITORS." CHUMS, FOR 1920.

P. J. EVOY, BOOKSELLER. Phone 772. 141 ST. JOHN ST.

J. Arthur LaRue, Eugene Trudel, C.A. L.L.A. CA. L.L.A. LaRue & Trudel, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

LaRue, Trudel & Picher, Liquidators of Insolvent Estates Administrators, Appraisers Trustees Compromises between Debtors and Creditors 126 ST. PETER STREET Dominion Building Quebec Phones 4520-4521

J. ALLEYN, SAIL, TENT and AWNING MAKER 225 ST. PAUL STREET Telephone 75. Quebec

HETHRINGTON'S BAKERY. Every variety of high-grade Bakery Goods, delivered to all parts of the City daily. Tel. 6636 384 ST. JOHN ST.

SAM. DUCHAMPE, K.C. ADVOCATE. 111 Mountain Hill, Quebec, P.Q. S.B.—A Commercial Hotel, The Hotel d'Alsace on the Rue d'Alsace, 1000, 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1008, 1009, 1010, 1011, 1012, 1013, 1014, 1015, 1016, 1017, 1018, 1019, 1020, 1021, 1022, 1023, 1024, 1025, 1026, 1027, 1028, 1029, 1030, 1031, 1032, 1033, 1034, 1035, 1036, 1037, 1038, 1039, 1040, 1041, 1042, 1043, 1044, 1045, 1046, 1047, 1048, 1049, 1050, 1051, 1052, 1053, 1054, 1055, 1056, 1057, 1058, 1059, 1060, 1061, 1062, 1063, 1064, 1065, 1066, 1067, 1068, 1069, 1070, 1071, 1072, 1073, 1074, 1075, 1076, 1077, 1078, 1079, 1080, 1081, 1082, 1083, 1084, 1085, 1086, 1087, 1088, 1089, 1090, 1091, 1092, 1093, 1094, 1095, 1096, 1097, 1098, 1099, 1100, 1101, 1102, 1103, 1104, 1105, 1106, 1107, 1108, 1109, 1110, 1111, 1112, 1113, 1114, 1115, 1116, 1117, 1118, 1119, 1120, 1121, 1122, 1123, 1124, 1125, 1126, 1127, 1128, 1129, 1130, 1131, 1132, 1133, 1134, 1135, 1136, 1137, 1138, 1139, 1140, 1141, 1142, 1143, 1144, 1145, 1146, 1147, 1148, 1149, 1150, 1151, 1152, 1153, 1154, 1155, 1156, 1157, 1158, 1159, 1160, 1161, 1162, 1163, 1164, 1165, 1166, 1167, 1168, 1169, 1170, 1171, 1172, 1173, 1174, 1175, 1176, 1177, 1178, 1179, 1180, 1181, 1182, 1183, 1184, 1185, 1186, 1187, 1188, 1189, 1190, 1191, 1192, 1193, 1194, 1195, 1196, 1197, 1198, 1199, 1200, 1201, 1202, 1203, 1204, 1205, 1206, 1207, 1208, 1209, 1210, 1211, 1212, 1213, 1214, 1215, 1216, 1217, 1218, 1219, 1220, 1221, 1222, 1223, 1224, 1225, 1226, 1227, 1228, 1229, 1230, 1231, 1232, 1233, 1234, 1235, 1236, 1237, 1238, 1239, 1240, 1241, 1242, 1243, 1244, 1245, 1246, 1247, 1248, 1249, 1250, 1251, 1252, 1253, 1254, 1255, 1256, 1257, 1258, 1259, 1260, 1261, 1262, 1263, 1264, 1265, 1266, 1267, 1268, 1269, 1270, 1271, 1272, 1273, 1274, 1275, 1276, 1277, 1278, 1279, 1280, 1281, 1282, 1283, 1284, 1285, 1286, 1287, 1288, 1289, 1290, 1291, 1292, 1293, 1294, 1295, 1296, 1297, 1298, 1299, 1300, 1301, 1302, 1303, 1304, 1305, 1306, 1307, 1308, 1309, 1310, 1311, 1312, 1313, 1314, 1315, 1316, 1317, 1318, 1319, 1320, 1321, 1322, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1327, 1328, 1329, 1330, 1331, 1332, 1333, 1334, 1335, 1336, 1337, 1338, 1339, 1340, 1341, 1342, 1343, 1344, 1345, 1346, 1347, 1348, 1349, 1350, 1351, 1352, 1353, 1354, 1355, 1356, 1357, 1358, 1359, 1360, 1361, 1362, 1363, 1364, 1365, 1366, 1367, 1368, 1369, 1370, 1371, 1372, 1373, 1374, 1375, 1376, 1377, 1378, 1379, 1380, 1381, 1382, 1383, 1384, 1385, 1386, 1387, 1388, 1389, 1390, 1391, 1392, 1393, 1394, 1395, 1396, 1397, 1398, 1399, 1400, 1401, 1402, 1403, 1404, 1405, 1406, 1407, 1408, 1409, 1410, 1411, 1412, 1413, 1414, 1415, 1416, 1417, 1418, 1419, 1420, 1421, 1422, 1423, 1424, 1425, 1426, 1427, 1428, 1429, 1430, 1431, 1432, 1433, 1434, 1435, 1436, 1437, 1438, 1439, 1440, 1441, 1442, 1443, 1444, 1445, 1446, 1447, 1448, 1449, 1450, 1451, 1452, 1453, 1454, 1455, 1456, 1457, 1458, 1459, 1460, 1461, 1462, 1463, 1464, 1465, 1466, 1467, 1468, 1469, 1470, 1471, 1472, 1473, 1474, 1475, 1476, 1477, 1478, 1479, 1480, 1481, 1482, 1483, 1484, 1485, 1486, 1487, 1488, 1489, 1490, 1491, 1492, 1493, 1494, 1495, 1496, 1497, 1498, 1499, 1500, 1501, 1502, 1503, 1504, 1505, 1506, 1507, 1508, 1509, 1510, 1511, 1512, 1513, 1514, 1515, 1516, 1517, 1518, 1519, 1520, 1521, 1522, 1523, 1524, 1525, 1526, 1527, 1528, 1529, 1530, 1531, 1532, 1533, 1534, 1535, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1539, 1540, 1541, 1542, 1543, 1544, 1545, 1546, 1547, 1548, 1549, 1550, 1551, 1552, 1553, 1554, 1555, 1556, 1557, 1558, 1559, 1560, 1561, 1562, 1563, 1564, 1565, 1566, 1567, 1568, 1569, 1570, 1571, 1572, 1573, 1574, 1575, 1576, 1577, 1578, 1579, 1580, 1581, 1582, 1583, 1584, 1585, 1586, 1587, 1588, 1589, 1590, 1591, 1592, 1593, 1594, 1595, 1596, 1597, 1598, 1599, 1600, 1601, 1602, 1603, 1604, 1605, 1606, 1607, 1608, 1609, 1610, 1611, 1612, 1613, 1614, 1615, 1616, 1617, 1618, 1619, 1620, 1621, 1622, 1623, 1624, 1625, 1626, 1627, 1628, 1629, 1630, 1631, 1632, 1633, 1634, 1635, 1636, 1637, 1638, 1639, 1640, 1641, 1642, 1643, 1644, 1645, 1646, 1647, 1648, 1649, 1650, 1651, 1652, 1653, 1654, 1655, 1656, 1657, 1658, 1659, 1660, 1661, 1662, 1663, 1664, 1665, 1666, 1667, 1668, 1669, 1670, 1671, 1672, 1673, 1674, 1675, 1676, 1677, 1678, 1679, 1680, 1681, 1682, 1683, 1684, 1685, 1686, 1687, 1688, 1689, 1690, 1691, 1692, 1693, 1694, 1695, 1696, 1697, 1698, 1699, 1700, 1701, 1702, 1703, 1704, 1705, 1706, 1707, 1708, 1709, 1710, 1711, 1712, 1713, 1714, 1715, 1716, 1717, 1718, 1719, 1720, 1721, 1722, 1723, 1724, 1725, 1726, 1727, 1728, 1729, 1730, 1731, 1732, 1733, 1734, 1735, 1736, 1737, 1738, 1739, 1740, 1741, 1742, 1743, 1744, 1745, 1746, 1747, 1748, 1749, 1750, 1751, 1752, 1753, 1754, 1755, 1756, 1757, 1758, 1759, 1760, 1761, 1762, 1763, 1764, 1765, 1766, 1767, 1768, 1769, 1770, 1771, 1772, 1773, 1774, 1775, 1776, 1777, 1778, 1779, 1780, 1781, 1782, 1783, 1784, 1785, 1786, 1787, 1788, 1789, 1790, 1791, 1792, 1793, 1794, 1795, 1796, 1797, 1798, 1799, 1800, 1801, 1802, 1803, 1804, 1805, 1806, 1807, 1808, 1809, 1810, 1811, 1812, 1813, 1814, 1815, 1816, 1817, 1818, 1819, 1820, 1821, 1822, 1823, 1824, 1825, 1826, 1827, 1828, 1829, 1830, 1831, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, 1838, 1839, 1840, 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866, 1867, 1868, 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 19

LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC

Savings Bank, Quebec

Its special object is to receive and secure the deposits of sums however small they may be to help creating provident habits.



Ladies Buck Tops \$16.00 Worth of Shoe for \$12.50

We have just bought from one of our stores in the States, 200 pairs of beautiful Tan Calf, Buck top Boots. Owing to their very mild Fall, we have bought these at a saving of \$3.50 a pair.

Walk-Over Boot Shop 10 St. John St.

See Our Windows

BIRTH

DELANEY—At the Jeffery Hale Hospital on Friday, Nov. 28th, a daughter to Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Delaney.

DIED

BERNARD—On the 30th ult., at Notre Dame du Chemin, Miss Alexina Bernard, daughter of Mr. F. X. Bernard, of Cap Sante, formerly music dealer of Quebec. Funeral will take place on Wednesday next, at 7.45 A.M., at 66 Dolbeau St. to the parish church of Notre Dame du Chemin, and thence to the Belmont Cemetery.

Relations and friends are invited to be present. Montreal papers please copy.

EMOND—At St. Malo at the age of 17 years and six months, Marie Marguerite, dearly beloved daughter of Wilbrod Emond, city employer. Funeral on Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock, leaving her father's residence at 7.45 for St. Malo Church and thence to the parish cemetery.

She was a sister of Mother St. Eustache of the Congregation of Notre Dame, niece of Mother Louis Maguire of the Franciscan Order, and sister of Mrs. Emile Rioux and Mrs. Adolphe Emond, and sister-in-law of Mr. George Plamondon.

She was a child of Mary, and the office will be recited this evening at 8 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend.

LAFFERTY—On Saturday November 29th, 1919, Colonel P. D. Lafferty, eldest son of Dr. J. D. Lafferty, of Calgary, Alberta. Funeral from Artillery Park, McMahon street, at 2.30 on Tuesday, December 2nd, for St. Matthew's Church and thence to Mount Hermon Cemetery.

UPPER TOWN

Direction Jules & Jay J. Allen

TODAY and tomorrow WILLIAM FARNUM in "MOJAVE OF THE NIGHT"

Thursday, Friday, Saturday Anita Stewart in "A MIDNIGHT ROMANCE"

THE ALLEN.

TODAY also tomorrow "THE WESTERNERS"

A tale of the prairie pioneers

VICTORIA

TODAY FRANK KEENAN in "GATES OF BRASS"

also PEARL WHITE Comedy, etc.

THE EMPIRE

TODAY CONSTANCE TALMADGE in "A LADY'S NAME"

Institute of Vocal Art of Quebec

Xavier Mercier of The Opera Comique, Paris

Madame Ida Jeneroff of Colonne Concert of Paris

STUDIO: 13 ST. URSELLE ST. Phone 4341 Nov. 15x1m

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

THE FUNERAL OF COL. LAFFERTY

Military Honors Will be Extended Popular Officer—The Pall-Bearers.

The profound grief which has been felt at the unexpected death of Col. E. D. Lafferty, P.A.C. Superintendent of the Dominion Arsenals through Canada, has not been limited to Quebec, but extends to all places where this popular officer is known.

Throughout the day yesterday flowers and telegrams poured in on his widow and family expressing the general sympathy which is extended to them in their sad bereavement.

A large number of distinguished military officers will arrive here today for the funeral which takes place this afternoon. It is anticipated that it will be one of the largest military funerals ever seen in Quebec. The pall-bearers will be the following six Canadian Generals—Gen. Landry, Gen. Tremblay, Gen. Bertram, Gen. Watson, Gen. Fluet, and Gen. Elliot.

The firing party will be furnished by the R. C. G. A. and the Government has also arranged to have the R.C.G.A. band, which has been doing duty in Montreal for some time past, come to Quebec for the occasion.

While serving at the Citadel as an officer in the R.C.G.A. some years ago Col. Lafferty was President of the Band Committee.

In order to attend the funeral the employees of the Arsenal will have a holiday today and will assist in a body. They number about five hundred.

I.O.D.E. CAMPAIGN.

Nearly \$6,000 Collected Yesterday for War Memorial Fund.

The following is a complete list of subscribers received yesterday in the I. O. D. E. War Memorial Campaign, which has commenced in this city, and the result is considered most gratifying to the ladies of the Order: \$1,200—Mr. and Mrs. Francis McLennan. \$1,000—Sir William Price. \$500—Price Bros., Mrs. R. R. Dobell. \$250—Mr. J. T. Rose. \$200—Messrs. J. C. McLimont, John Hamilton. \$150—Lord Reading Chapter. \$100—Mr. Wm. Power, Brown Corporation (per J. A. Taylor), A. Friend, A. J. Price, Mr. and Mrs. J. Laird, Mr. G. W. Rhodes, Mrs. G. W. Rhodes. \$50—Messrs. Geo. Thomson, C. A. Pentland, H. A. Price, and Mr. J. Leonard Appala. \$25—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Ahearn, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. M. Boulton, Miss Laird, Mr. Arthur Smith, Mr. D. O. L'Esperance, Mr. Vesey Boswell, A. Friend. \$20—Mrs. and the Misses Carter, Mrs. Doucet. \$10—Dean Shreve, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Smith Montemorency, Mrs. John Hamilton, Mrs. E. T. Nesbitt, Miss Raymond, A. Friend, Mr. Anger. \$5.00—Mrs. Austin. \$3.00—Mrs. Power, Mr. Ritchie, Mr. W. D. McCalvey, Mrs. G. B. Ramsay, Mrs. P. P. Oliver, Miss Bennett, Mr. Fred Smith, Mr. John Levy and Mrs. Wm Power, Mrs. A. Savard, Mrs. C. B. Langlois, Mr. Thomas Craig, Mrs. Vinall, Mrs. W. Q. Stobo, Mrs. E. B. Gagnon, Miss Ivy Rieckaby, Miss Phillips, Miss Boswell, Miss L. Boswell, Mrs. Handson's baby. Small sums—\$78.35.

WAR MEMORIALS.

Municipalities in Arthabaska County Seek Power to Contribute.

The Victoriaville Board of Trade has written to the Quebec Board of Trade informing the latter that they intend petitioning the Quebec Legislature, and asking the local Board to support them, to have the Municipal Code amended by permitting municipalities in the County of Arthabaska to contribute to the erection of monuments to the Canadian soldiers who offered up their lives in defence of their country and the Empire in the world war. The Victoriaville Board of Trade in its letter points out that the erection of such monuments will be an education to the children and to future generations in showing what Canada had done in winning the war, and at the same time in inspiring a spirit of Canadian love of country and patriotism.

CIVIL SERVANTS MEET.

Assembled in New Quarters Last Night—70 Applicants for Membership.

A regular meeting of the Civil Service Association of Quebec was held last evening in the new quarters at 113 St. Ann Street and was presided over by Lt.-Col. O. E. Tallbot, Chairman of the Association. The meeting was attended by about 125 members and more than 70 applications for membership were received.

Among the questions discussed was the report of the Committee on Mutualism which shows that the organization is progressing very satisfactorily. Other matters of general interest were also considered. A resolution of condolence was passed on the occasion of the death of member Pierre Gosselin, who died yesterday. A copy will be sent to the family of the deceased.

NAZIMOVA IN "THE RED LANTERN."

All next week, at the Auditorium. The conflict of a soul burdened with the traditions, the prejudices and the emotions of two ages.

COURT OF SESSIONS

Three days imprisonment was imposed by Judges Choquette, in the Court of Sessions, yesterday morning, on a young lad who had been found guilty of the theft of a number of small articles from the Bon Marche.

"CHECKERS" Is COMING.

On account of the campaign for the War Memorial the monthly business meeting of the Chapter is postponed to Wednesday, December 10, at 3:00 o'clock, p.m.

RESIGNS FROM SCHOOL BOARD

Mr. Jas. A. McManamy Seeks Relief from Duties—Conferees Regret Decision.

Expressions of surprise and regret were expressed at a meeting of the Catholic School Commission last night when a letter was read from Commissioner James A. McManamy informing the Chairman and fellow-members that he had appealed to the Lieutenant Governor-in-Council to be relieved of duty as a member of the Commission. Mr. McManamy was appointed to the School Commission by the Provincial Government in 1914 to succeed the late Jeremiah Gallagher. Since his appointment Mr. McManamy has taken an active interest in all matters pertaining to education in Quebec and was particularly devoted to the welfare of the boys of St. Patrick's parish. It was he who first brought up the question of the new St. Patrick's School on Deslauriers street, and he worked hard together with Rev. Father Woods, C.S.S.R., to secure its erection.

The letter which Mr. McManamy sent to the Commission is as follows:—To The President and Members of the Catholic School Commission of the City of Quebec.

Dear Sirs, I have forwarded to His Honor, the Lieutenant Governor-in-Council my appeal to be relieved of duty as a member of your commission.

Permit me to convey to yourself and conferees expression of my sincere thanks for the great courtesy I have always enjoyed at your hands and to extend to you my very best wishes for continued success in the performance of your many and onerous duties.

Very sincerely yours, JAS. A. McMANAMY

General surprise was expressed by the members and Mr. J. B. Morissette, the Chairman, said he had been unable to reach Mr. McManamy, since he had received his resignation, but he regretted very sincerely that he had resigned. The commission had needed his cooperation in the past and would need it in the future. He had given valuable assistance to the Commission on all occasions and was an honor to the nationality which he represented on the Board. Mr. McManamy, by his resignation, would be difficult to replace.

The other members of the Commission also expressed regret and asked if the decision taken by Mr. McManamy was irrevocable. It was finally decided that the Chairman should see him and endeavor to have him reconsider the step which he had decided upon. Communicated with by the Chronicle after the meeting last night, Mr. McManamy said he had no statement to make regarding his retirement from the Board.

WAR MEMORIALS.

Municipalities in Arthabaska County Seek Power to Contribute.

The Victoriaville Board of Trade has written to the Quebec Board of Trade informing the latter that they intend petitioning the Quebec Legislature, and asking the local Board to support them, to have the Municipal Code amended by permitting municipalities in the County of Arthabaska to contribute to the erection of monuments to the Canadian soldiers who offered up their lives in defence of their country and the Empire in the world war. The Victoriaville Board of Trade in its letter points out that the erection of such monuments will be an education to the children and to future generations in showing what Canada had done in winning the war, and at the same time in inspiring a spirit of Canadian love of country and patriotism.

To Have Smooth, White Soft Skin All Winter

Does your skin chap or roughen easily in this weather, or become unduly red or blotchy? Here is a quick, easy way to overcome the trouble and keep your complexion beautifully white, smooth and soft all winter long. Just get one ounce of ordinary mercurized wax at the nearest drugstore and use a little before retiring, as you would apply cold cream. Upon arising, remove the coating with sudsy water. The wax, through some peculiar attribute, flecks off the rough, discolored or blighted skin, and the softest, most delicate skin is left. The worst cuticle comes off just like particles. Mercurized wax simply hastens Nature's work. Used as required, it keeps the face constantly free from dehydrated scarf skin and only the healthy, young looking complexion remains. It is the best skin treatment known for weatherbeaten, muddy, freckled, pimpled and all unbecoming complexions.

BADEN-POWELL CHAPTER, I.O.D.E.

On account of the campaign for the War Memorial the monthly business meeting of the Chapter is postponed to Wednesday, December 10, at 3:00 o'clock, p.m.

GAVE INTERESTING TALK ON SCOTLAND

Rev. Mr. Reid Entertained a Large Audience Last Night in Morrin College.

There was a large attendance in the Morrin College Hall last evening when the Rev. W. D. Reid, of Montreal, gave an interesting talk on Scotland, and also showed by means of lantern slides, many beautiful views of this historic country.

The Rev. Mr. Reid interspersed his remarks by relating many witty stories of Scottish life and character. One thing that did strike him very forcibly during his travel on a bicycle over the country was the fact that whilst Scotsmen were quite willing to question him on Canada, they were not so eager to give him information regarding their own. He described in an entertaining manner the pictures of the various cities, towns, mountains, lakes, glens, castles, etc. He had of opinion that Edinburgh was one of the most beautiful cities in the world, and as for Glasgow, it was his belief, that it was the municipal government of the world, owning as it does many public utilities such as tramways, telephones, etc., for which the citizens have the use of at an extremely low cost, notwithstanding which, these utilities return the Corporation of Glasgow a handsome revenue.

At Abbotsford the home of Sir Walter Scott there were many interesting historic souvenirs, including a brace of pistols, that were said to have belonged to Napoleon Bonaparte, who was said to have carried them at Waterloo. Mr. Reid said that previous to visiting Holyrood he had been of the opinion that the men of the early centuries were bigger than those of today, but from the suits of armour he had seen exhibited at Abbotsford, he was of opinion that it would be too small for the men of the present day.

In his description of Holyrood Castle, Mr. Reid mentioned, that it was also a place famous in Scottish history especially in regard to Mary Queen of the Scots, of whom he said many might form a somewhat severe opinion; but he would ask all to be somewhat lenient in their judgment and take into consideration the circumstances of the period, which were vastly different to what exist today. He concluded a very interesting talk by stating that for its size Scotland had more battlefields than any country in the world.

The Rev. Dr. Love presided, and previous to the address, Mrs. Thörn gave several selections of Scotch airs, and Miss Kinneer rendered a solo, all of which were much enjoyed by the audience.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Reverend Sisters of the Good Shepherd, in charge of "La Creche" most gratefully acknowledge receipt of \$100, the sum netted by the raffle of a costly fan donated for the benefit of this institution by the late Mrs. Chas. Campbell and won by Master Guthrie Scott.

LABOR CHURCHES OPENED.

Port Arthur, Ont., Dec. 1.—Labor churches were opened in Port Arthur and Fort William yesterday. No permanent ministers have been named. Mrs. William Kirk, of Winnipeg, was the speaker at the opening services yesterday.

REQUEST DAILY MURRAY BAY TRAIN SERVICE

In reply to a request from the Quebec Board of Trade, that a daily service to and from Murray Bay be operated on the Quebec & Saguenay Railway, the contractors in control, until the railroad in question is taken over by the Government, present shortage of coal, without taking into account other considerations, it would not be advisable to increase the service at present. Messrs. Hugh Deheny & Co. and who will operate the railway until their work is completed, have written to the Board saying, "That owing to the

"THE RED LANTERN."

In a forbidden city, the supreme combat of the white and yellow races embodied in the personality of the sublime Nazimova. All next week, Auditorium.

Cambridge Book Store

Announcement as to Book Supply

It required a lot of real hard work, to assemble a representative and creditable book supply for this year's Christmas sale. However, we spent a week at Toronto (the centre of wholesale publishers' agents—for Canada), and made two visits to New York City (the book centre of books for all America), and we got our books, and have them for sale. We got them before the very recent jump in prices in New York, and can offer them at very decent prices, indeed.

We are a bit proud of our effort and we are confident of the hearty and cordial support given to us since our establishment here twelve years ago. Wednesday morning we will give a general outline—in this paper—of the lines and ranges we have for sale.

Today we simply express the pleasure we feel in saying we have a splendid and truly representative supply. As supply in many lines, was limited, we would ask you to consult us early as to your wants and go over our stock, it will be a real pleasure to serve you, as usual. Christmas cards and other gifts were purchased early and we have our usual big lines.

Cambridge Book Store, 25 Buede St.

CLEANLINESS IS HEALTH

By the use of Gillett's Lye, house cleaning is made a pleasure instead of a drudgery. It softens the water and cleans thoroughly whether the dirt is visible or invisible. Destroys all bacteria and infectious germs, removes obstructions from drain pipes, closets, sinks, etc. Refrigerators are made delightfully fresh and clean by using one teaspoonful of Gillett's Lye dissolved in two gallons of water.

"GILLETT'S LYE EATS DIRT" Made in Canada.

RECONSTRUCTION OF SHED 26

Harbor Commission Started Work Promptly With the Closing of Port.

The Quebec Harbor Commission, taking advantage of the last sailings of the ocean passenger steamers, has decided to reconstruct shed No. 26, on the Breakwater pier, and yesterday fifty laborers were engaged in lifting the flooring, and removing the doors of the shed, in preparation for the main work.

Shed No. 26 was first built by the C. P. R. for the accommodation of the Empress of Britain and the former Empress of Ireland, as well as other passenger boats of the Company some years ago. It was later purchased by the Government from the Company. During the storm of November, 1919, this shed and its surroundings suffered considerable damage, which was remedied during the past summer, and the Breakwater pier coping raised from three to four feet. Owing to the emergencies of Summer navigation, and the use of the shed by the passenger steamers it was impossible to do any work on this structure during the season just past, but now that it will not be required until next Spring, the Harbor Commission has lost no time in carrying out the plans for reconstruction.

The steel will be raised four feet and practically rebuilt. When finished it will be an up-to-date landing, accommodation fitted up with every known modern convenience, under the direction of the Chief Engineer, Mr. St. George Boswell, C.E., and the mechanical supervision of the Harbor Superintendent of Construction, Capt. Fred Hill, M.C.

QUICK! STOP INDIGESTION

Pain in Stomach, Sourness, Gases and Acidity relieved with "Pape's Diapiesin"

Your upset stomach will feel fine! No waiting! When your meals don't fit and you feel uncomfortable when you belch gases, acids or raise sour undigested food. When you feel lumps of indigestion pain, heartburn or headache from acidity, just eat a tablet of harmless and reliable Pape's Diapiesin and the stomach distress is gone. Millions of people know the magic of Pape's Diapiesin as an antacid. They know that most indigestion and disordered stomach are from acidity. The relief comes quickly, no disappointment, and the cost is so little too. Pape's Diapiesin helps regulate your stomach so you can eat favorite foods without fear.

Christmas Books.

"The Cambridge Book Store has an announcement in this paper today, at this page as to the conditions of supply of this year's books. All one has to do is to think of all the magazines now missing from supply, to figure out what real work was entailed to get together a real good Christmas book stock, as an example, the children's New York Band McNally & Co., of Chicago (one of the finest in the world) were entirely sold out to tourist trade in September, however they repeated the line and have the full range.

G.W.V.A. MEETING.

Two Delegates Appointed to Attend Provincial Meeting in Montreal.

A meeting of the local branch of the Great War Veterans Association was held last evening in the Drill Hall, at which Colonel Beckett and Captain Leon Garneau were unanimously appointed to go to Montreal to represent the Quebec branch of the Association at a meeting that has been called in the Metropolis and will be attended by all branches in the Province, to lay down the basis of a Provincial Command for Quebec.

The Executive Committee then went into session. Comrade Casgrain, who has been Secretary of the

GREAT SALE OF SEASONABLE GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES

The Prices Quoted on the Following Lines Are From 10 to 40 Per Cent Under Actual Value.

- HOSIERY AND MITTS. Black Ribbed Cashmere Stockings for Boys, sizes 9, 9 1/2 and 10. Value \$1.25 and \$1.50. Our special price... 95c. Cashimere Stockings for Ladies, colors are brown, grey, cream and black. Value 60c. For... 39c. Plain Woolen Cashimere Stockings, colors are brown, white, black, for Ladies. Value \$1.50 to \$2.50 for... \$1.19. Heavy Overstockings, white and scarlet, sizes 8 1/2 to 10. Value \$1.75. For... \$1.40. Long Mittens for Children, white and colors. Special prices 35c and... 65c.

- SLIPPERS. Kid Boudoir Slippers for Ladies, colors, lavender, royal, old rose, black. Value \$2.25. Our special price... \$1.90. Felt Slippers with high heels for Ladies, colors, cardinal and navy blue, sizes 6, 7 and 8 only. Value \$1.75 for... \$1.25. Felt Slippers with soft leather soles; colors Copenhagen and garnet. Special prices \$1.50 and... \$2.15.

- GAITERS. 10-button Gaiters, white and champagne, for Ladies. Value \$2.50. For... \$1.75. Black Jersey Leggings for Children. Values 75c and \$1. For 50c and... 79c. Colored Gaiters for Ladies, the largest assortment. Priced at \$1.75, \$2.19, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.25, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$4.75 and... \$6.00.

- SCARVES. Colored Woolen Scarves for Boys. Two specials 90c. Fancy Silk Scarves for Ladies; exceptional values at \$2.75 and... \$5.95.

- GLOVES. White Chamois Gloves for Ladies. Specially priced at... \$1.10. Opera Gloves of good quality silk, colors are grey, black and white. Value \$2.00. For... \$1.35. Chamoisette Gloves for Ladies, colors are grey, white, champagne, brown and black. Special value at... 90c. Gauntlet Gloves of Angorine Wool, white and grey, for Ladies. Low prices, \$1.50 and... \$2.00. Best quality Angorine Wool Gloves, white and natural, for Ladies. Special prices... \$1.95 and \$2.00. Tan Dogskin Gloves of good quality, for Ladies; all sizes. Special price... \$2.00.

- DRESSES. Navy Serge Dresses for Children, sizes 4 to 8 years. Special value at \$7.50; sizes 6 to 14 years. Low price... \$8.95. Stylish Winter Coats of good quality cloth and tweeds, for Ladies. Priced at \$29.00 to \$33.50. Reduced for this sale to... \$26.95. Grey Tweed Coat. Priced at \$30.00. For... \$26.95. Coats of heavy cloth, Alice blue tweed, fawn serge, black velvet cloth and black blanket cloth. Priced at \$31.95... \$26.95. Reduced to... \$26.95. Coats of Heavy Tweeds, colors are brown, taupe and green. Value \$33.00 for... \$26.95. Fifteen Black Sealette Coats of a pretty style, black, assorted sizes. Value \$40.00 for... \$32.95.

- YARNS. 50 lbs. of Balwin's Bee Hive Scotch Fingering, scarlet. Value \$6.00 for... \$4.50.

- BLOUSES. Crepe de Chine Blouses of a pretty style, colors are maize, pink and white. Value \$6.00 for... \$4.50. Blouses of Japanese Silk, colors are maize, pink and white, a stylish model. Special price... \$1.75.

- FANCY GOODS. 100 Alarm Clocks. Priced at \$2.50. For... \$1.98. Brass Jardiniere at old prices: \$1.75, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.50, \$4.25 and... \$5.95. Japanese Wood Trays of exceptional value. At 75c, \$1.15, \$1.35, \$2.75 and... \$3.25. Japanese Porcelain Sets. Priced at \$1.75, \$2.05, \$4.05 and... \$5.95. and... \$5.95. Ivory articles of all kinds at fair prices.

- SOAP. Marseille White Hand Soap, the very best. At a piece... 5c. Glycerine Soap, big pieces. Special price, 2 pieces for... 25c.

- RIBBONS. Christmas Ribbons, pieces of 5 yards. Low prices at... 18c. 3 1/2-inch Taffetta Ribbon, in black, white and colors. 30c for... 20c. 5-inch Taffetta and Duchess Ribbon. Regular 45c ribbon for... 29c.

- HAND BAGS. Velvet and Plush Hand Bags. Two specials at \$4.50 and... \$5.95.

Faguy, Lepinay & Frere

254 to 264 St. John Street

GREAT SCRAPS AT THE DRILL HALL.

LATEST IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

CHARLIE WHITE BEAT "KID" HENRY.



FLORIDA Is Calling You

Calling you from the cold and frost, from the daily routine, to its congenial hospitality and the well-coming out-of-door life—calling you to its manifold sports and pastimes, its smooth sandy beaches over which the exhilarating billows tumble and break—to its sunny golf courses where the zest of competition awaits you—to its broad bays and hidden streams where game fish challenge the sportsman—to the famous resorts where worthwhile people foregather to enjoy America's Winter Playground.

Attractive Winter Excursion Fares to Resorts in the South are offered by the United States Railroad Administration. For Fares, Schedules, Service, Maps or Booklet, "Florida and Southern Winter Resorts," apply to or write nearest Consolidated Ticket Office or

UNITED STATES RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION. Travel Bureau 66 Transportation Building Chicago. Travel Bureau 140 Liberty Street New York. Travel Bureau 602 Healey Building Atlanta.

JOE COTE'S THE MARK OF QUALITY CLEAR HAVANA. CONCHAS PANETALOS PERITANOS BREVAS CORONA CLUB. 10¢ STRAIGHT. 2 for 25¢. 20¢ STRAIGHT. 25¢ EACH. THE BEST HAVANA ON THE MARKET ON SALE AT ALL OUR RETAIL STORES. JOE COTE, Ltd. IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS QUEBEC.

Winter Gloves and Other Goods. The Jaeger Pure Wool Kind For Men's and Women's Gauntlet Gloves. Men's Pyjamas, Men's Underwear, Men's Combinations, Men's Wool Taffeta Shirts, Men's Socks, Men's Fancy Vests. Ladies' Combinations, Ladies' Sweaters, Ladies' Scarfs, Ladies' Knickers, Ladies' Tights, Ladies' Spencers. SOMETHING NEW in Jaeger Shirts. HAVE YOU SEEN THEM? John Darlington Reg'd Opposite Post Office.

GREAT SCRAPS AT DRILL HALL

Williams Beat Robitaille—White Beat Henry—Lewis and Sherman Fight Draw.

The initial bouts staged by the 5th C.G.R. hockey club at the Drill Hall last evening turned out to be a great success for the club. The attendance could have been much better, although about nine hundred were present at the fight, but those who went got their money's worth in action and thrills.

Only one of the fights did not go the limit, and that was the preliminary, in which Joe Williams put away Robitaille in the second round, after plastering him with punches to the face and body during the whole of the first round, and the minute and ten seconds that the fight was on. The second, Robitaille was on his knees when he was kneeling down, his knees, but he evidently thought that he had had enough during the time that he was in the ring, and decided to save himself the trouble of taking any more.

The semi-final, between Kid Henry, of Montreal, and Charlie White, provided the fans with a better fought scrap that lasted the entire ten sessions. White had a slight edge over Henry, who appeared not to be in condition, but that is excusable, as he was asked to show here on one day's notice, but there was little to choose between the two boys.

Henry used a straight left jab with deadly effect during the first few rounds, but White seemed to fathom this, and countered with his right for the greater part of the fight. Henry had White walking to the mouth in the first round, but the local boy retaliated in the second, when he caught Henry a heavy smash flush on the nose, and caused that member to bleed pretty badly.

The Montrealer was troubled several times during the fight on account of his breathing, which was affected by his nose being practically put out of commission. White playing for that organ all the time.

At some stages of the contest it seemed as if it was more of a wrestling match than a boxing exhibition, for both boys would rush into a clinch, and then wrestle all over the ring, until the referee, who was not as fast as he might have been, came to separate them.

Henry caught White off his balance in the second stanza, and landed a solid right hand wallop to the chin that sent Charlie down on the canvas, and a minute after hit him again and drove him to the ropes from the centre of the ring. Henry missed three swings in succession in the fourth round, which was marred by two much clinched rounds.

The two boys cut out a fast pace from start to finish, and in the tenth frame, both tried their hardest to score a knockout, but to no avail, for they were both on their feet when the final gong rang. The boys fought fast in the last round than they did in the first.

The principal attraction of the evening was the ten round scrap between Kid Lewis, of Vancouver, and Kid Sherman, of Montreal. The result was a draw, and it is doubtful whether fight fans in the vicinity of the city have had the pleasure of witnessing a better scrap than that between these two boys. Lewis proved himself a better boxer than Sherman, especially in the first three rounds of the contest, but the referee outstaged the American at the end.

Lewis uncovered a new trick when he worked free of a clinch on seven or eight occasions of surprising under Sherman's hand. The punch out by both fighters was so fast that it was difficult to see all that Sherman could do, and some said for none. Several times he stood toe to toe with his hair opponent and swapped punches with him, but not for long.

The three boys were referred to the hospital training, to the satisfaction of the referee, to the great amusement, although it seemed to be a little slow in breaking the men in a clinch. However, he did his best, and pleased the majority of the crowd.

SPORTING NOTES

The initial scraps under the auspices of the 5th C.G.R. hockey club at the Drill Hall last evening turned out to be a great success, and the club intend staging another scrap pretty soon.

Both Kid Henry and Kid Sherman were greatly helped in their battles last evening by "Spike" Sullivan, who was in their corners, and aided to refresh them by swinging the towel.

The St. Valler Club, Intermediate League champions, are all ready for the opening of the league hockey season, and are only waiting for ice to be made at the Arena before holding some practices.

There will be a meeting of the Quebec City Hockey League tomorrow evening at the Victoria Hotel.

That Sherman-Lewis fight was some scrap. It alone was worth the price of admission, and in addition to that, there was the White-Henry affair.

According to despatches received from Luffalo, Harry Greb knocked out Soldier Jones, alleged Canadian heavyweight champion, in the fifth round. The report says "He knocked out Jones in the fifth round, after a game and gallant try by the Canadian. Jones took four knockdowns, getting up before the count of six each time, but at the fourth, Referee Joe Suttner dispensed with the count and waved his hands in the air as an indication that Jones had enough."—We didn't know that Jones would get up after the first knock-down, let alone three or four.

The Montreal Herald is evidently mixed up when it says "Billy" Gagne, the former Ottawa forward, may be seen in a Quebec uniform this winter. "It is Art and not Billy, that "Mike" Quinn is after.

JACK BRITTON K. O.'s BILL RYAN. Canton, Ohio, Dec. 1.—Jack Britton, welterweight champion, tonight knocked out Bill Ryan, of Cincinnati in the eleventh round of a scheduled twelve round contest here.

PETE HERMAN BEAT JOHNSON. Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 1.—Pete Herman, bantamweight title-holder, showed championship form in his six round bout with Patsy Johnson, of Trenton, N. J., here tonight. Herman displayed superior fighting ability in every round, knocking the "Trenton boy down several times in the third and four rounds.

STRANGLER LEWIS THREW JOHN OLIN. Chicago, Ill., Dec. 1.—"Strangler" Lewis defeated John Olin in two straight falls tonight, the first in fifty minutes and the second in less than one minute.

FORMER LIFTING WEIGHT CHAMPION DEAD. Montreal, Que., Dec. 1.—Horace Parre, guard at the Bordeaux jail and holder of ten world championships for heavyweight lifting, died at 2:30 this afternoon. This morning he attended a funeral and after returning to the court house chamber of falling ill and went home, death following in a short time. Mr. Parre travelled for many years with a circus and Bailey and other circuses, retiring ten years ago, since that time he has been a guard at the jail house. He was 48 years of age.

The giant jail guard and retired heavyweight lifting champion was an international figure with a world reputation for his chosen physical attainments.

Why? People prefer pill-provided prompt and proper performance proves promise. Beecham's Pills are used by people all over the globe and have the largest sale of any medicine in the world!

BEECHAM'S PILLS. Sold everywhere in Canada, boxes, 25c, 50c.

Quebec's Favorite - MACDONALD'S CROWN CHEWING TOBACCO. "The Tobacco with a heart". H. C. FORTIER, Selling Agent, Montreal.

SCORES MADE BY ARSENAL

Workshop Defeated Office, While Stores Won from the Shell Department.

The opening games of the Dominion Arsenal Bowling League took place last Saturday at the Olympia Alleys, the Workshop crew were victorious over the Office staff by the odd string in three, while the Stores department won from the Shell trundlers by all three strings.

Office vs. Workshop. Office (1): Barnes, F. H., 141 148 156-445; Clavet, J. R., 89 120 159-368; Bradley, R. A., 125 124 162-411. Total... 355 392 477-1224. Workshop (2): Dion... 119 149 165-423; Leprie... 102 110 136-343; Fecteau... 154 160 138-447. Total... 375 419 434-1228.

Second Game. Stores (3): Sheppard... 183 149 164-496; Paquet... 172 126 175-473; Thompson... 153 179 107-439. Total... 508 454 446-1408. Shell (4): Cornet... 138 157 120-415; Dollard... 77 59 117-253; Pakenham... 154 161 111-426. Total... 369 407 348-1124.

Personal Gossip.

Mr. John Ball of Kenogami is spending a few days in town. Mrs. I. Vallee, who has been seriously ill, is now very much better.

Major General Fiset, Deputy-Minister of Militia, will be in town today. Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Dupre will arrive in town from New York, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Garneau have returned from an extensive tour to the Southern States.

Miss Francoise Langeller who has been in New York, for some time, will return to town next week. Mr. Chas. A. Langevin, who has been spending a few days in Montreal, will return to town tomorrow.

Miss Grace Rainville, Montreal, entertained Sunday evening, in honor of Miss Gabrielle Taschereau, of Quebec.

Rev. J. D. Mackenzie-Naughton, who has been in charge of Trinity Church for the past month, left last night for Toronto.

The many friends of Mr. Bernard Devlin, will be pleased to hear that he is making rapid recovery from his recent illness.

Miss Gabrielle Taschereau, who has been the guest of Mrs. Jeanne Decarie, Montreal, for two weeks, will return to town Thursday.

Rev. Dr. Hallam, who was the special preacher at the Anniversary services at Trinity Church, Sunday, returned to Toronto last evening.

Mr. E. W. Tobin, M. P., Mrs. Tobin and Miss Kathleen Tobin, who have been guests at the Chateau for a days have left for Bromptonville.

On the occasion of their return from Europe, Mr. Edmond Taschereau, M.P., and Mr. J. H. Fortin, were tendered a dinner, Saturday at the Garrison Club.

The many friends of Mr. Paul Blouin, Superintendent Woods and Forests, will be pleased to learn that he is making a good recovery from a serious operation which he underwent this week.

The marriage of Miss Mary Monaghan only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Monaghan of this city to Mr. Stewart Inglis of Winnipeg is announced to take place on Tuesday December the 9th.

Regina has but two labor candidates of the twelve for aldermanic honors, and in the mayoralty, al-

derman England opposes alderman Grassick. In Prince Albert there are nine candidates for four aldermanic seats. The present mayor, Samuel McLeod, was elected by acclamation.

In Lethbridge, the sitting commissioner H. W. Meach, will be opposed by a labor candidate, F. Cameron, barrister, at the civil elections. The main plank in the labor platform is a change in the form of Government from an elective commission plan to city management with elective aldermen.

HAS FILED DEFENSE. Slander and Libel Suit is Brought Against Sergeant J. Harry Flynn.

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 1.—Sergeant J. Harry Flynn, President of the United States Veteran League, has filed his statement of defence in the \$40,000 slander and libel suit brought against him by W. E. Turley, Secretary of the Ontario Branch of the G. W. V. A., and C. E. Jenkins, another G. W. V. A. official. Sergeant Flynn denies that he made any specific reference to either of the officers in speeches alleged to have been made defamatory and that in these speeches complained of by Mr. Turley and Mr. Jenkins any references he made to the G. W. V. A. could not reasonably have been regarded as referring to the plaintiffs. He also denies that the plaintiffs have suffered damage by reason of anything he said about them.

Regina has but two labor candidates of the twelve for aldermanic honors, and in the mayoralty, al-

The Weathergarb. The thick feather weight pure wool fabrics of these coats, mean warmth and comfort to the user, as well as prolonged service. Ample, full, lines so draped that they give a graceful and a stylish appearance. Excellent tailoring and linings. Perfect inside construction as well as outside. The Weathergarb and many other styles in winter ulsters and overcoats are now on sale at any of the 300 Shops selling Fashion-Craft. L. A. ROY, Shop "Fashion Craft," 178 St. John Street, Quebec. Fac-Simile of Label. Look for it. Fashion-Craft MAKERS. 6919.

LABOR PARTY IN WESTERN TOWNS Will Be in Field Wherever Civic Elections Are Being Held.

Edmonton, Alta., Dec. 1.—That the Labor Party will be in the field in most of the cities and towns throughout the Province of Alberta and Saskatchewan where civic elections will be held is evidenced by the reports reaching here tonight. In this city there will be a contest for the mayoralty and in each of the wards. Labor has a full ticket. In Saskatoon the present mayor and ex-mayor are the contestants for the chief magistracy's chair, but only two wards will be contested. Three retiring alderman having been re-elected by acclamation. Moose Jaw has mayor Hamilton and ex-alderman Holze in the field for the mayoralty and in each of the five wards, the labor party has a candidate.

In Calgary there are fourteen aspirants for the seven vacancies on the council board and one of them a woman. Commissioner Graves was returned without opposition but Mayor Marshall is opposed by Alderman Ruttle.

Regina has but two labor candidates of the twelve for aldermanic honors, and in the mayoralty, al-

derman England opposes alderman Grassick. In Prince Albert there are nine candidates for four aldermanic seats. The present mayor, Samuel McLeod, was elected by acclamation.

In Lethbridge, the sitting commissioner H. W. Meach, will be opposed by a labor candidate, F. Cameron, barrister, at the civil elections. The main plank in the labor platform is a change in the form of Government from an elective commission plan to city management with elective aldermen.

HAS FILED DEFENSE. Slander and Libel Suit is Brought Against Sergeant J. Harry Flynn.

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 1.—Sergeant J. Harry Flynn, President of the United States Veteran League, has filed his statement of defence in the \$40,000 slander and libel suit brought against him by W. E. Turley, Secretary of the Ontario Branch of the G. W. V. A., and C. E. Jenkins, another G. W. V. A. official. Sergeant Flynn denies that he made any specific reference to either of the officers in speeches alleged to have been made defamatory and that in these speeches complained of by Mr. Turley and Mr. Jenkins any references he made to the G. W. V. A. could not reasonably have been regarded as referring to the plaintiffs. He also denies that the plaintiffs have suffered damage by reason of anything he said about them.

Regina has but two labor candidates of the twelve for aldermanic honors, and in the mayoralty, al-

derman England opposes alderman Grassick. In Prince Albert there are nine candidates for four aldermanic seats. The present mayor, Samuel McLeod, was elected by acclamation.

In Lethbridge, the sitting commissioner H. W. Meach, will be opposed by a labor candidate, F. Cameron, barrister, at the civil elections. The main plank in the labor platform is a change in the form of Government from an elective commission plan to city management with elective aldermen.

HAS FILED DEFENSE. Slander and Libel Suit is Brought Against Sergeant J. Harry Flynn.

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 1.—Sergeant J. Harry Flynn, President of the United States Veteran League, has filed his statement of defence in the \$40,000 slander and libel suit brought against him by W. E. Turley, Secretary of the Ontario Branch of the G. W. V. A., and C. E. Jenkins, another G. W. V. A. official. Sergeant Flynn denies that he made any specific reference to either of the officers in speeches alleged to have been made defamatory and that in these speeches complained of by Mr. Turley and Mr. Jenkins any references he made to the G. W. V. A. could not reasonably have been regarded as referring to the plaintiffs. He also denies that the plaintiffs have suffered damage by reason of anything he said about them.

Regina has but two labor candidates of the twelve for aldermanic honors, and in the mayoralty, al-

derman England opposes alderman Grassick. In Prince Albert there are nine candidates for four aldermanic seats. The present mayor, Samuel McLeod, was elected by acclamation.

LABOR PARTY IN WESTERN TOWNS Will Be in Field Wherever Civic Elections Are Being Held.

Edmonton, Alta., Dec. 1.—That the Labor Party will be in the field in most of the cities and towns throughout the Province of Alberta and Saskatchewan where civic elections will be held is evidenced by the reports reaching here tonight. In this city there will be a contest for the mayoralty and in each of the wards. Labor has a full ticket. In Saskatoon the present mayor and ex-mayor are the contestants for the chief magistracy's chair, but only two wards will be contested. Three retiring alderman having been re-elected by acclamation. Moose Jaw has mayor Hamilton and ex-alderman Holze in the field for the mayoralty and in each of the five wards, the labor party has a candidate.

In Calgary there are fourteen aspirants for the seven vacancies on the council board and one of them a woman. Commissioner Graves was returned without opposition but Mayor Marshall is opposed by Alderman Ruttle.

Regina has but two labor candidates of the twelve for aldermanic honors, and in the mayoralty, al-

derman England opposes alderman Grassick. In Prince Albert there are nine candidates for four aldermanic seats. The present mayor, Samuel McLeod, was elected by acclamation.

In Lethbridge, the sitting commissioner H. W. Meach, will be opposed by a labor candidate, F. Cameron, barrister, at the civil elections. The main plank in the labor platform is a change in the form of Government from an elective commission plan to city management with elective aldermen.

HAS FILED DEFENSE. Slander and Libel Suit is Brought Against Sergeant J. Harry Flynn.

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 1.—Sergeant J. Harry Flynn, President of the United States Veteran League, has filed his statement of defence in the \$40,000 slander and libel suit brought against him by W. E. Turley, Secretary of the Ontario Branch of the G. W. V. A., and C. E. Jenkins, another G. W. V. A. official. Sergeant Flynn denies that he made any specific reference to either of the officers in speeches alleged to have been made defamatory and that in these speeches complained of by Mr. Turley and Mr. Jenkins any references he made to the G. W. V. A. could not reasonably have been regarded as referring to the plaintiffs. He also denies that the plaintiffs have suffered damage by reason of anything he said about them.

Regina has but two labor candidates of the twelve for aldermanic honors, and in the mayoralty, al-

derman England opposes alderman Grassick. In Prince Albert there are nine candidates for four aldermanic seats. The present mayor, Samuel McLeod, was elected by acclamation.

In Lethbridge, the sitting commissioner H. W. Meach, will be opposed by a labor candidate, F. Cameron, barrister, at the civil elections. The main plank in the labor platform is a change in the form of Government from an elective commission plan to city management with elective aldermen.

HAS FILED DEFENSE. Slander and Libel Suit is Brought Against Sergeant J. Harry Flynn.

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 1.—Sergeant J. Harry Flynn, President of the United States Veteran League, has filed his statement of defence in the \$40,000 slander and libel suit brought against him by W. E. Turley, Secretary of the Ontario Branch of the G. W. V. A., and C. E. Jenkins, another G. W. V. A. official. Sergeant Flynn denies that he made any specific reference to either of the officers in speeches alleged to have been made defamatory and that in these speeches complained of by Mr. Turley and Mr. Jenkins any references he made to the G. W. V. A. could not reasonably have been regarded as referring to the plaintiffs. He also denies that the plaintiffs have suffered damage by reason of anything he said about them.

Regina has but two labor candidates of the twelve for aldermanic honors, and in the mayoralty, al-

derman England opposes alderman Grassick. In Prince Albert there are nine candidates for four aldermanic seats. The present mayor, Samuel McLeod, was elected by acclamation.

GIFTS OUR GENERAL ASSORTMENT FOR THIS YEAR IS VERY LARGE AND COMPRISES ALL THE NEWEST DESIGNS.

Pearl Necklaces... \$1.00 to \$75.00. Bracelet Watches... \$15 to \$100. Large selection of Vanties, from... \$1.00 to \$25.00. OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST POSSIBLE.

A. C. Routier Jeweller, 50 MOUNTAIN HILL, N.29xtu,th,stk1m

Auction Sale

In the matter of E. G. HAMMAM, of Mont Joli, Que., merchant, insolvent. NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, December 5th, 1919, at 11:00 o'clock, a.m., will be sold by public auction at the offices of the undersigned, 147 Mountain Hill, Quebec, the assets of this estate, as follows:

- a—General stock... \$8,255.25; Store fixtures... 46.20; b—Book debts... \$8,301.45; c—Rolling stock... 485.00; d—1 automatic Scale (Toll... 175.00.

The sale will be made for each item separately at so much in the dollar and to the highest bidder for the items A, B, and C, and to the highest bidder for the items C and D.

The inventory, and the list of book debts can be examined at the offices of the undersigned, 147 Mountain Hill, Howe Bldg., Quebec. The store will be opened for the stock inspection, on Wednesday, December 3rd, 1919. Terms CASH.

LEFAIVRE & GAGNON, Joint Curators. Offices: 147 Mountain Hill, (Howe Bldg.) Quebec, P.Q. LOUIS DESCHENES, Auctioneer, N.29.D.2.3.x

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS

—who are particular about their cars should have them overhauled by expert mechanics —at the—

DOMINION MACHINE SHOP, Phone 7173, Night Call 7194.

ST. VALIER and LACROIX STS, N14xt,tt,tt3w

DO YOU BENEFIT BY OUR THURSDAY SPECIAL SALES?

MARCEAU & CO., 155 St. Joseph Street.

WINES and LIQUORS. I beg to notify my customers and the public in general that, in conformity of the Scott Act, I have obtained a permit for the sale of all pure Liquors on the presentation of a medical certificate. All orders specially attended to. J. I. LAROCHE, DRUGGIST, Phone 4197, 316 ST. PAUL STREET.

INSTINCT FOR SEA REVIVED

Characteristic of the Anglo-Saxon Race Being Revived Throughout Entire World.

(By David Kalmac)
National Ships of Canada! Will they ever be to Canada what the ships of Britain have been to the for-girt Dominions of the North Atlantic?

That instinct for the sea that has ever characterized the Anglo-Saxon from remote days when as Viking he first swept out of the Northern seas in his rakish, shield-girded craft, is once again revived throughout the Anglo-Saxon world. We hear almost every day of the plans of our cousins of the same saffron blood to the south, who hope to wrest the control of the ocean-carrying trade from Britain. Canada already has a substantial nucleus of a national fleet of commerce carriers. Does it mean only that North America is to enter the carrying trade on a scale never before dreamed of, or is Canada to stand side by side with the Old Motherland to lead the old empire within the Empire? Australia is also passing through an interesting period in connection with her merchant shipping.

England is small, and an island, and all the paths of the seas lie open to the Viking strain is far from dormant. The English know the ocean in all its moods. They know how to build vessels that survive the incalculable Englishman rides his ships to all points of the compass. As he goes he trades. A great power, he draws the wealth of many lands by sea and home-land in the turbulent North Atlantic.

The vessels both for trading and fighting grew into the most formidable fleets in both fields of activity. Ships made England great and she will keep her so. Canada's great area is equal to 30 counties of the size of the British Isles, and the population of the whole area is only about one-sixth that of the United Kingdom. Great Britain probably could look inward for thousands of miles. The ocean paths were open, but only to the minority. The majority of Canadians probably have never seen the sea. Their view point, like their environment, is insular although we could touch one country almost at all points of a four-thousand-mile boundary line. That sort of a situation produces national thinking only. The international habit does not come. There are means of contact with other lands. To all others we were shut out. One development alone could give the means of expansion along international trading lines. That development was a fleet of ships. Of that fleet, Canada-built, Canada-owned, Canada-controlled, we have already sixteen sturdy vessels, varying between 3,750 dead-weight tons and 8,400 dead weight tons, in operation between ports in Canada, the United Kingdom, the British West Indies, Cuba and South America. Within a few weeks Australia will be included in the list. Sailings to other ports in Great Britain and elsewhere are now under consideration.

The Canadian federal plan calls for a fleet of sixty ships having a gross deadweight of approximately 300,000 tons. They belong to Canada as a whole. Canadian Government Merchant Marine Limited, is the name of the company to operate them under the direction of Canadian National Railways.

Already—no doubt because of the ships—there is a quickening of interest among Canadian business men in certain matters that up to a few months ago excited scarcely any comment. In late years the West Indies, for example, in connection with Great Britain and to Canada—have occupied considerable space in the daily press. The trade of the West Indies has developed into an interesting topic in business Canada. The trade at present does not worry federal statisticians who are busy with the national business dealings abroad.

There is a wonderfully bright possibility. "National" ships have 14 vessels, and from the West Indies they have carried southbound practically all classes of general merchandise, and they have brought to Canada imports from those fertile sunny lands. This is all very well for a beginning, but in the future there ought to be between Canada and the West Indies a regular trade in goods that would make the present trade seem utterly insignificant.

The West Indies import a considerable amount of machinery, flour, rice, salt meats, fertilizers, and other goods. They export, however, sugar, molasses, rum, and other products. The list includes sugar, cocoa, rum, molasses, coconut and corra, bananas, chicle, lime juice, coffee, sponges, gold, spices, lime, hides, and skins, tobacco, diamonds, salt, oranges, arrowroot, canned fruit, asphalt, hemp, banana, rice, minerals, oil, vegetables, cotton, wood manufactures, logwood and extracts.

Canada imports more than \$31,000,000 worth of sugar in a year, and only \$18,000,000 worth of this comes from the West Indies. She imports \$1,500,000 worth of cocoa, and gets about one-third of this from the West Indies. In molasses there is a better showing as our imports are \$2,000,000, and \$1,800,000 worth of it comes from the West Indies. We import \$3,800,000 worth of vegetables, \$18,000 worth comes from the West Indies. We import \$2,000,000 worth of mineral oil and get about one-third of this from the West Indies. We import two and a quarter million dollars worth of coffee and get only approximately one quarter of a million from the West Indies. We import \$70,000 worth of sponges getting only \$9,000 worth from the West Indies. We import \$4,000,000 worth of oranges and grape fruits and get less than \$40,000 from the West Indies.

A few years ago the publishing of these figures in Canada would have excited little, if any, interest. Today they represent a real opportunity for quite an imposing list of manufacturers in Canada. These manufacturers are already beginning to take advantage of the facilities furnished by the National ships. Flour and grain, cement, ammonia, rubber goods, malt, pine lumber, oilmeal, pork, hay, hardware, salt fish, confectionary, automobiles, furniture, iron pipes, oil cake are included among the products carried south. Recently a vessel for Buenos Ayres carried some hardware, machinery, which is expected to be but the vanguard of large shipments of Canadian made goods in that line. The ships to South America and to Cuba carry much the same general cargo as that enumerated above, and as in the case of the West Indies there is a wide gap between the exports and imports that Canada now trades in, and the exports and imports she might trade in if the opportunities in that direction were more fully developed. Officials of Canadian Government Merchant Marine Limited are now on their way to the South Seas to ascertain better the lines this development in trade should follow.

There is another aspect of Canadian foreign trade that will be greatly modified if not entirely removed, as the country's commerce with outside lands grows by the utilization of our national vessels in Canada. We have been at the leading end as far as a considerable list of imports has been concerned. Our friends to the south have been acting as intermediaries. They have been importing goods from other lands and we have been importing from them. There seems to be no valid reason why American vessels and American shipping should not

Canadian brokers should profit out of handling of these Canadian imports if the national ships of Canada can bring the goods direct to Canadian shores. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

Canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

Beautifully Cool and Sweet Smoking

PLAYER'S

NAVY CUT CIGARETTES



PLAYER'S CIGARETTES have an immense sale all over the world due entirely to their high quality and excellence of manufacture

18c. PER PACKAGE—TWO FOR 35c.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

canadian are on the threshold of a vast development. This will not come suddenly, but it should be a healthy growth. The object lesson of the Motherland can always be referred to. But a flexible fleet of nationally-owned commerce carriers is a venture that has passed the experimental stage. Canadian producers, Canadian railways, Canadian sailors, and Canadian ports, are all clamoring because of the inauguration of the policy of publicly-controlled merchant vessels by the Dominion.

CALCULATIONS UNPLEASANT

Scientists sometimes give us unpleasant calculations as to the length of time it will take to render the earth uninhabitable if we continue to waste our resources at the present rate, says the 'New York Sun.'

This generation need feel no uneasiness about the cooling down of the sun or about the exhaustion of the coal supply. It is, however, quite time to consider the consequences, not so remote, that will flow from the increasing population of the earth and the much slower increase of agricultural production.

The available but unused area for the growing of grain to feed human beings and the animals that are to be slaughtered for meat is constantly diminishing, whereas the use of what is growing at a more rapid rate than the population of the earth. Nothing short of increasing the fertility of the soil can be suggested to meet such conditions. But the store of natural fertilizers is already within a measurement, distance of being exhausted. The only method of increasing the fertility of the soil is to use artificial fertilizers, such as nitrate of soda, phosphate, and potash.

Great deposit known, the nitrate of soda in Northern Chile, is estimated to be 270,000,000 tons, and at the rate at which it is coming into the market that supply will last more than a hundred years.

Fortunately, a commercially feasible process, capable of unlimited expansion, has been found for fixing the nitrogen of the air and thereby furnishing an artificial fertilizer equal to that provided in nature. The only material necessary are coal, limestone and air, but in order to make the process commercially successful it is necessary to have cheap power, and because Norway has it in almost unlimited amount the business has become established there. The works at Orskov utilize nearly 100,000 horse-power and impound four-fifths as much water as is stored by the Aswan dam on the Nile. At last accounts they were producing only 20,000 tons of fertilizer, but Norwegian engineers are now planning to increase its power for maintenance purposes to 200,000,000 horse-power.

The process is interesting. Coal from other countries and limestone from Norway are fused in electric furnaces in order to make calcium carbide, the chief use of which in this country is to produce acetylene gas. The calcium carbide pulverized and mixed with nitrogen in red-hot water to a high temperature, the chief use of which in this country is to produce acetylene gas. The calcium carbide pulverized and mixed with nitrogen in red-hot water to a high temperature, the chief use of which in this country is to produce acetylene gas.

The available but unused area for the growing of grain to feed human beings and the animals that are to be slaughtered for meat is constantly diminishing, whereas the use of what is growing at a more rapid rate than the population of the earth. Nothing short of increasing the fertility of the soil can be suggested to meet such conditions. But the store of natural fertilizers is already within a measurement, distance of being exhausted. The only method of increasing the fertility of the soil is to use artificial fertilizers, such as nitrate of soda, phosphate, and potash.

Great deposit known, the nitrate of soda in Northern Chile, is estimated to be 270,000,000 tons, and at the rate at which it is coming into the market that supply will last more than a hundred years.

Fortunately, a commercially feasible process, capable of unlimited expansion, has been found for fixing the nitrogen of the air and thereby furnishing an artificial fertilizer equal to that provided in nature. The only material necessary are coal, limestone and air, but in order to make the process commercially successful it is necessary to have cheap power, and because Norway has it in almost unlimited amount the business has become established there. The works at Orskov utilize nearly 100,000 horse-power and impound four-fifths as much water as is stored by the Aswan dam on the Nile. At last accounts they were producing only 20,000 tons of fertilizer, but Norwegian engineers are now planning to increase its power for maintenance purposes to 200,000,000 horse-power.

Great deposit known, the nitrate of soda in Northern Chile, is estimated to be 270,000,000 tons, and at the rate at which it is coming into the market that supply will last more than a hundred years.

Fortunately, a commercially feasible process, capable of unlimited expansion, has been found for fixing the nitrogen of the air and thereby furnishing an artificial fertilizer equal to that provided in nature. The only material necessary are coal, limestone and air, but in order to make the process commercially successful it is necessary to have cheap power, and because Norway has it in almost unlimited amount the business has become established there. The works at Orskov utilize nearly 100,000 horse-power and impound four-fifths as much water as is stored by the Aswan dam on the Nile. At last accounts they were producing only 20,000 tons of fertilizer, but Norwegian engineers are now planning to increase its power for maintenance purposes to 200,000,000 horse-power.

The process is interesting. Coal from other countries and limestone from Norway are fused in electric furnaces in order to make calcium carbide, the chief use of which in this country is to produce acetylene gas. The calcium carbide pulverized and mixed with nitrogen in red-hot water to a high temperature, the chief use of which in this country is to produce acetylene gas.

The available but unused area for the growing of grain to feed human beings and the animals that are to be slaughtered for meat is constantly diminishing, whereas the use of what is growing at a more rapid rate than the population of the earth. Nothing short of increasing the fertility of the soil can be suggested to meet such conditions. But the store of natural fertilizers is already within a measurement, distance of being exhausted. The only method of increasing the fertility of the soil is to use artificial fertilizers, such as nitrate of soda, phosphate, and potash.

Great deposit known, the nitrate of soda in Northern Chile, is estimated to be 270,000,000 tons, and at the rate at which it is coming into the market that supply will last more than a hundred years.

Fortunately, a commercially feasible process, capable of unlimited expansion, has been found for fixing the nitrogen of the air and thereby furnishing an artificial fertilizer equal to that provided in nature. The only material necessary are coal, limestone and air, but in order to make the process commercially successful it is necessary to have cheap power, and because Norway has it in almost unlimited amount the business has become established there. The works at Orskov utilize nearly 100,000 horse-power and impound four-fifths as much water as is stored by the Aswan dam on the Nile. At last accounts they were producing only 20,000 tons of fertilizer, but Norwegian engineers are now planning to increase its power for maintenance purposes to 200,000,000 horse-power.

The process is interesting. Coal from other countries and limestone from Norway are fused in electric furnaces in order to make calcium carbide, the chief use of which in this country is to produce acetylene gas. The calcium carbide pulverized and mixed with nitrogen in red-hot water to a high temperature, the chief use of which in this country is to produce acetylene gas.

The available but unused area for the growing of grain to feed human beings and the animals that are to be slaughtered for meat is constantly diminishing, whereas the use of what is growing at a more rapid rate than the population of the earth. Nothing short of increasing the fertility of the soil can be suggested to meet such conditions. But the store of natural fertilizers is already within a measurement, distance of being exhausted. The only method of increasing the fertility of the soil is to use artificial fertilizers, such as nitrate of soda, phosphate, and potash.

Great deposit known, the nitrate of soda in Northern Chile, is estimated to be 270,000,000 tons, and at the rate at which it is coming into the market that supply will last more than a hundred years.

Fortunately, a commercially feasible process, capable of unlimited expansion, has been found for fixing the nitrogen of the air and thereby furnishing an artificial fertilizer equal to that provided in nature. The only material necessary are coal, limestone and air, but in order to make the process commercially successful it is necessary to have cheap power, and because Norway has it in almost unlimited amount the business has become established there. The works at Orskov utilize nearly 100,000 horse-power and impound four-fifths as much water as is stored by the Aswan dam on the Nile. At last accounts they were producing only 20,000 tons of fertilizer, but Norwegian engineers are now planning to increase its power for maintenance purposes to 200,000,000 horse-power.



DODGE

Shafting—Hangers—Pulleys

We carry large stocks in all sizes ready for immediate shipment. Phone orders receive prompt attention. Units not on hand are wired for the same day, and shipped direct from the factory.

Dodge Manufacturing Co., Limited
F. H. Andrews & Son (Reg'd.)
Phones 263 and 266. 253 St. Paul Street.
Stockers for Quebec and District.

Department of Soldiers' Civil Reestablishment

It is notified for men discharged from THE CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE, who require medical treatment, to report at ROOM 514-515 Berger Building, Quebec. Telephone 6793. DR. GEORGE BOYER, Assistant Medical Director, Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment.

LOOK THIS OVER

The following will give you a slight idea of the various marks of MINERAL WATER we carry—
CONTREVEVILLE, PAVILLON WATER, CELESTINS, COMMERCE, LA SPECIALE LIMONADE, LA ST. LOUIS, LA ST. GUSTAVE, POLAND WATER, MAGI WATER, PERRIER WATER, WHITE ROCK.

We have always on hand the BEST COFFEE.
GEORGES PATRY,
"THE HOUSE OF QUALITY."
22 FABRIQUE STREET QUEBEC.
Telephone 9100.

L. VALLERAND, Proprietor. Telephone 3176.
Vallerand Typewriter Repairs
Repairs to all Makes of Machines. OVERHAULING A SPECIALTY. City Agents for "Woodstock" Typewriter—latest style machine.—MORIN BLOCK, MOUNTAIN HILL, QUEBEC.



Used After the Bath

Dr. Chase's Ointment

Keeps Baby's Skin Soft and Smooth

Baby's skin troubles are generally caused by chafing and skin irritations resulting from friction of the clothing.

Baby's skin is tender, and if neglected these irritations of the skin develop into eczema. Everybody knows the suffering caused by eczema and the tendency of eczema to become chronic and spread over the body.

While Dr. Chase's Ointment cures eczema, it is always better to prevent such ailments, and this is why mothers use the ointment after baby's bath so as to prevent irritations and more serious skin troubles.

Powders clog the pores of the skin and are on that account a cause of skin irritation. Dr. Chase's Ointment, on the other hand, cleanses the pores and keeps the skin in healthful condition.

Regular size, 60 cents a box; family size, about five times as much, \$2.00. All dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

WRIGLEYS



KEPT secret and special and personal for you is

WRIGLEYS

in its wax-wrapped air-tight package.

A goody that is worthy your lasting regard because of its lasting quality.

Three flavours, for all tastes. Be SURE to get WRIGLEYS

Sealed Tight Kept Right

The Flavour Lasts



SHIPPING NEWS

FINAL SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT

Last Government Advice for River and Gulf Issued Last Saturday.

Montreal, Que., Dec. 1.—The fact that the report of the Government Signal Service, issued on Saturday, is the last of the season, is an indication that the shipping in port is nearly through. The Wisley, which was stated on Saturday to be the last ocean arrival (having docked on Friday) has since been followed up by the Canadian Recruit, of the Canadian Government Mercantile Marine. The Recruit arrived in port yesterday from the West Indies, and the last day of November is a good record for an ocean arrival.

The Canadian Settler, a vessel of 5,100 tons deadweight, built by the Tidewater Shipbuilding, Limited, at Three Rivers, for the Canadian Government fleet, arrived in port on Saturday, and will be loaded up forthwith by the Canadian Government of Mercantile Marine. It is one of four vessels being built by the Tidewater Company of which two are to be commissioned this season. The War Magic, which passed down the Lachine Canal Saturday, is another product of the Canadian Allies-Chalmers Company at Bridgeburg, Ont., sister ship of the War Fug and War Vixen, all of which have been built for the Imperial Maritime Fleet. The War Magic has proceeded to Quebec to load for the United Kingdom.

The Lake Elrio, Lake Gaither, Lake Flattery, Lake Elmhurst, Lake Filbert, and the Bartholomew, United States Shipping Board boats, also passed through port on Saturday.

FRANCE WANTS SHIPS.

Orders Probably Will be Placed in British Columbia.

Vancouver, Dec. 1.—As soon as exchange has been satisfactorily arranged or long term payments allowed, there will be enormous orders from the French Government for construction of steel ships at shipyards of the American continent, according to Mr. Edward Davis, Bureau Veritas surveyor on the French wooden ships here.

He states that France will order 500,000 tons, ships ranging in deadweight tonnage from 1,500 to 8,100. He anticipates that the B.C. yards will have preferred because of the advantageous weather conditions, yards being operated all the year round on the Pacific. The orders are coming to America because the Old Country yards cannot make delivery before 30 months in the needs of France are immediate. The only thing now standing in the way is the high rate of exchange, and it is hoped the international finance commission now sitting will adjust this. Outside of Canada and the United States, Germany is the only country open to take immediate orders.

WENT ASHORE BELOW MONTREAL.

Eagle Boat No. 58 Pulled Off with Assistance of Two Tugs.

Montreal, Que., Dec. 1.—Eagle boat No. 58, which passed through port from the Great Lakes on Friday, went ashore on Saturday morning fifteen miles below, but was pulled off with the assistance of two tugs and was reported outwards at Bellmouth at 1.50 p.m. Saturday. Several more Eagle boats passed down last night, this being the last lot to come down this season. Altogether since the end of November last year 54 of these boats built by Ford at Detroit have come down the Lachine Canal, Nos. 4, 5 and 6, which came down just a year ago at this date and got jammed in the ice, with the result that they had to be taken to Detroit for repairs. These boats have all proceeded either to New London, Conn., or to Portsmouth, N.H.

OCEAN SAHINGS.

- 12—Metagata, Halifax, Liverpool
- 13—La Touraine, New York, Havre
- 14—Meganthe, Halifax, Liverpool
- 15—Grampian, St. John, Havre
- 16—La Lorraine, New York, Havre
- 17—Sartania, New York, Liverpool
- 18—Columbia, New York, Glasgow
- 19—Imperator, New York, Plymouth
- 20—Gherbourg, Southampton
- 21—Royal George, New York, Plymouth
- 22—Plymouth, Havre, Southampton
- 23—Lapland, New York
- 24—Plymouth, Cherbouge, Antwerp
- 25—Caronia, New York, Liverpool
- 26—Rotterdam, New York, Liverpool
- 27—Rotterdam, Boulogne, Rotterdam
- 28—Coriscan, St. John, Liverpool
- 29—Pretoria, St. John, Glasgow
- 30—Rochambeau, New York, Havre
- 31—Noordam, New York
- 32—Plymouth, Boulogne, Rotterdam
- 33—Cassandra, Portland, Glasgow
- 34—Sartania, New York, Liverpool
- 35—Stellan, St. John, Havre
- 36—Em of France, St. John, Liverpool
- 37—Cedric, New York, Liverpool
- 38—Saxonia, New York, Havre
- 39—Mauritania, New York, Plymouth
- 40—Gherbourg, Southampton
- 41—Celtic, New York, Liverpool
- 42—Orduña, New York, Liverpool
- 43—Rotterdam, New York
- 44—Plymouth, Boulogne, Rotterdam
- 45—Toulan, St. John, Antwerp
- 46—Scandinavian, St. John, Liverpool

PROTESTS SALE MERCHANTMEN

Shipping Man Opposes Foreign Disposition of U. S. Shipping Board Vessels.

Seattle, Wash., Dec. 1.—George F. Thorndyke, president of the Thorndyke, Trenholme Company, Inc., is preparing a letter to be forwarded to Senator Hiram Bland protesting against the sale of any of the United States Shipping Board vessels without the positive assurance that these ships will not be disposed of to foreign interests, and in which he advocates the maintenance of the present management and operating system unless a broader scheme for the chartering of the fleet to American concerns can be devised.

This assertion was made by Mr. Thorndyke yesterday, who declared that no matter what assurance might be given, the sale of these vessels would likely eventually be acquired by German or Japanese interests, both of which countries he classifies as the eventual contenders against the United States as a sea power, as well as a competitor for the commerce of the world.

The prospect of this, according to Mr. Thorndyke, was brought to his notice during his recent visit to Japan and the Orient, where he observed no less than fourteen former American ships flying the flag of Japan, and these ships, with one exception, had been sold to Americans to British interests, the Japanese later acquiring them from the English ship owners.

He specially recited the transfer of the former American Transpacific Steamship Company's Manilla, Manila, and Mongolia, which originally sold to British interests but now are Japanese vessels.

These four ships were among the finest vessels plying the Pacific a few years ago, and were sold by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company immediately after the enactment of the La Follette seamen's act. Since then they have been acquired by the Toyo Kisen Kaisha, one of the largest Japanese steamship concerns, and each now has the affix "Maru" attached to its original name.

Mr. Thorndyke contends that no ship now flying the American flag should be permitted change of registry without a thorough investigation of the conditions involved in such sale and that precautionary measures should be taken whereby the assurance that vessels so disposed of would not compete with American shipping interests would be given.

BASSA STILL AGROUND

All efforts made by the Sincennes-McNaughton tug to pull the steamer Bassa, of the Elder- Dempsey Line, off the mud bank into which she ran on Friday morning when getting away, have proved unavailing so far. The weather yesterday was extremely unfavorable owing to high wind prevailing and the attempt was abandoned for the moment. It may be necessary to lighten her by removing cargo.

DAVID BELASCO IS FINED \$1340

Chicago, Dec. 1.—What is said to be the largest fine ever assessed in Chicago for the violation of the labor law was imposed today by Municipal Judge George H. Holmes against David Belasco, the theatrical manager, owner of the playhouse "Daddies," and the manager of Powers Theatre, where the piece was shown in Chicago, when they were fined \$1,340 on 8 separate charges. Five children under 16 years of age appeared in the play. The defendants were fined for every appearance of the children on the stage during the four weeks.

THE TRAVELERS PALM.

All the early explorers in Madagascar spoke with enthusiasm of one tree in particular which was common and of such strange appearance that it formed quite a feature of many parts of the island. This afterward became well known as the "Travelers Palm," though it is not a palm at all. The leaves are spread out at the top of the trunk like a huge open fan. They

'SWAT THE COLD' A HEALTH SLOGAN

Health Authorities are Back of Campaign Which Covers Entire Continent.

The familiar "Swat the Fly" slogan is now being revised by health authorities and the public is being advised to "swat the Cold" in winter as heartily as they "swat" the fly in summer.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED.

WANTED.—A good plain cook. Phone 128. Nov. 27x1f

WANTED.—A nurse of experience possessing good character, to take care of two children grown up. Best wages for a suitable applicant. Apply to 243 Grand Allee, Quebec. Oct. 9x1f

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED.—Dyer at once experienced, good pay, steady work. Write S. Lainer, 73 Green St. Worcester, Mass., U.S.A. Dec. 2x1f

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—Large sunny and comfortable; continuous hot water in bath rooms. Location downtown. Good service. Telephone 5313. W. S. Richardson, 131 St. Anne street, Quebec. Sept. 5x1y

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A solid brick house comprising two dwellings of 9 rooms each, bath room, fireplace room, electric light, gas, April to 17th St. Every, between 7 and 9 o'clock in the evening. Nov. 27x1f

PERSONAL.

MARRY.—For speedy marriage absolutely the best, largest in the country; established 14 years; thousands wealthy members, both sexes; behind early marriage; confidential descriptions free. The Old Reliable, Mrs. W. Rubel, 735 Madison, Oakland, Cal. Nov. 29x1f

WOULD YOU MARRY IF SUIT?

Best matrimonial paper published in Quebec. For terms apply to RESPONDENT, Toledo, Ohio. Nov. 15x1f

EPILEPSY.

Stanton's Epileptic, the only remedy for Epileptic, Fits, St. 25 a bottle at your Dispensary or at I. P. Barry, 127 St. Joseph St.; J. V. Gaudette, 1078 St. Valer St. Quebec. Stanton's Epileptic, 63 St. Hubert St., Montreal, P.Q. Nov. 20x1f

LEGAL NOTICES.

CANADA. Province of Quebec. District of Montreal. No. 2285. In the Superior Court, Dame Alice Pich, of the city and district of Quebec, of one part, and Marie Matte, of the same place, (ypographic, duly authorized to enter on justice, plaintiff) vs. the said Louis Antonio Matte, defendant, an action in separation as to the property has been instituted in this cause, on the 28th October, 1919. Quebec, 29th October, 1919. Arth. Belanger, attorney for Plaintiff. Oct. 31x1f

CANADA. Province of Quebec.

District of Quebec. In the Superior Court, Louise Gauthier, wife, common as to property of Charles Tremblay, laborer, of St. Malachie, County of Dorchester, duly authorized to enter on justice, plaintiff vs. the said Charles Tremblay, laborer, of St. Malachie, County of Dorchester, defendant. An action in separation of estate has been instituted in this cause the eleventh day of November, 1919. Quebec, November 11th, 1919. Fitzpatrick, Dupre and Gagnon, attorneys for Plaintiff. Nov. 13x1f

APPLICATION TO THE LEGISLATURE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, on behalf of Messrs. Price Brothers & Company, Limited; The Saguenay Land Company; Sir William Price, Merchant; J. Leonard Appleton, Manager; Henry Edward Price, Merchant; Arthur John Price, Merchant; John H. Price, Merchant; and George H. Thomson, Merchant, all of the City of Quebec, that they will apply at the next session of the Quebec Legislature for the passing of an Act to incorporate the Town of Saguenay, in a certain territory forming part of the Parish of Chicoutimi, under the provisions of the Cities and Towns Act, Articles 2256 to 2284, inclusive, of the Revised Statutes, 1905, and to amend the provisions of The Cities and Towns Act applicable thereto, and to provide for said Town as follows:—

a. To allow non-residents to hold the offices of Mayor and Aldermen. b. To extend to five (5) years the term of office of Mayor and Aldermen.

c. To provide for the election by the Council of a Manager to administer the affairs of the Town and to define his powers; d. To provide for the first general election under the Act.

e. To give every male person, widow, spinster, tutor, administrator, curator to the person or property, institute under a will, or trustee whose name is entered on the valuation roll in force, either as a bona fide owner or occupant of property, the municipality of the assessed value, \$200 or upwards, or of the annual value of \$200 or upwards, the qualification of municipal electors.

f. To give every corporation owning an immovable within the limits of the Town, the right to vote in any election and upon any law or resolution which may be submitted to the vote of the municipal electors;

g. To give power to the Town to levy, by-law approved by the rate-payers in the usual way, by means of direct taxes, the monies needed for any object within the powers of the Council, upon a taxable property, or merely upon the taxable immovable property in the Town;

h. To give the power to the Town to impose and levy, by by-laws, an annual tax on all telegraph, telephone, electric light or power poles in the streets and public places, provided such tax shall not exceed 25c per annum per pole.

i. To authorize the Town to make temporary loans, by means of notes or other negotiable instruments, at a rate not exceeding 6% per annum, and for an amount not exceeding \$15,000.00, on a simple resolution of the Council;

j. To authorize the Town to effect loans, by giving its bonds or debentures as security, for a term and for other purposes. Quebec, 27th November, 1919.

PENTLAND, GRAVEL & THOMSON.

Applicants. Dec. 21x1aw, tux4

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED.

WANTED.—A good plain cook. Phone 128. Nov. 27x1f

WANTED.—A nurse of experience possessing good character, to take care of two children grown up. Best wages for a suitable applicant. Apply to 243 Grand Allee, Quebec. Oct. 9x1f

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED.—Dyer at once experienced, good pay, steady work. Write S. Lainer, 73 Green St. Worcester, Mass., U.S.A. Dec. 2x1f

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—Large sunny and comfortable; continuous hot water in bath rooms. Location downtown. Good service. Telephone 5313. W. S. Richardson, 131 St. Anne street, Quebec. Sept. 5x1y

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A solid brick house comprising two dwellings of 9 rooms each, bath room, fireplace room, electric light, gas, April to 17th St. Every, between 7 and 9 o'clock in the evening. Nov. 27x1f

PERSONAL.

MARRY.—For speedy marriage absolutely the best, largest in the country; established 14 years; thousands wealthy members, both sexes; behind early marriage; confidential descriptions free. The Old Reliable, Mrs. W. Rubel, 735 Madison, Oakland, Cal. Nov. 29x1f

WOULD YOU MARRY IF SUIT?

Best matrimonial paper published in Quebec. For terms apply to RESPONDENT, Toledo, Ohio. Nov. 15x1f

EPILEPSY.

Stanton's Epileptic, the only remedy for Epileptic, Fits, St. 25 a bottle at your Dispensary or at I. P. Barry, 127 St. Joseph St.; J. V. Gaudette, 1078 St. Valer St. Quebec. Stanton's Epileptic, 63 St. Hubert St., Montreal, P.Q. Nov. 20x1f

LEGAL NOTICES.

CANADA. Province of Quebec. District of Montreal. No. 2285. In the Superior Court, Dame Alice Pich, of the city and district of Quebec, of one part, and Marie Matte, of the same place, (ypographic, duly authorized to enter on justice, plaintiff) vs. the said Louis Antonio Matte, defendant, an action in separation as to the property has been instituted in this cause, on the 28th October, 1919. Quebec, 29th October, 1919. Arth. Belanger, attorney for Plaintiff. Oct. 31x1f

CANADA. Province of Quebec.

District of Quebec. In the Superior Court, Louise Gauthier, wife, common as to property of Charles Tremblay, laborer, of St. Malachie, County of Dorchester, duly authorized to enter on justice, plaintiff vs. the said Charles Tremblay, laborer, of St. Malachie, County of Dorchester, defendant. An action in separation of estate has been instituted in this cause the eleventh day of November, 1919. Quebec, November 11th, 1919. Fitzpatrick, Dupre and Gagnon, attorneys for Plaintiff. Nov. 13x1f

APPLICATION TO THE LEGISLATURE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, on behalf of Messrs. Price Brothers & Company, Limited; The Saguenay Land Company; Sir William Price, Merchant; J. Leonard Appleton, Manager; Henry Edward Price, Merchant; Arthur John Price, Merchant; John H. Price, Merchant; and George H. Thomson, Merchant, all of the City of Quebec, that they will apply at the next session of the Quebec Legislature for the passing of an Act to incorporate the Town of Saguenay, in a certain territory forming part of the Parish of Chicoutimi, under the provisions of the Cities and Towns Act, Articles 2256 to 2284, inclusive, of the Revised Statutes, 1905, and to amend the provisions of The Cities and Towns Act applicable thereto, and to provide for said Town as follows:—

a. To allow non-residents to hold the offices of Mayor and Aldermen. b. To extend to five (5) years the term of office of Mayor and Aldermen.

c. To provide for the election by the Council of a Manager to administer the affairs of the Town and to define his powers; d. To provide for the first general election under the Act.

e. To give every male person, widow, spinster, tutor, administrator, curator to the person or property, institute under a will, or trustee whose name is entered on the valuation roll in force, either as a bona fide owner or occupant of property, the municipality of the assessed value, \$200 or upwards, or of the annual value of \$200 or upwards, the qualification of municipal electors.

f. To give every corporation owning an immovable within the limits of the Town, the right to vote in any election and upon any law or resolution which may be submitted to the vote of the municipal electors;

g. To give power to the Town to levy, by-law approved by the rate-payers in the usual way, by means of direct taxes, the monies needed for any object within the powers of the Council, upon a taxable property, or merely upon the taxable immovable property in the Town;

h. To give the power to the Town to impose and levy, by by-laws, an annual tax on all telegraph, telephone, electric light or power poles in the streets and public places, provided such tax shall not exceed 25c per annum per pole.

i. To authorize the Town to make temporary loans, by means of notes or other negotiable instruments, at a rate not exceeding 6% per annum, and for an amount not exceeding \$15,000.00, on a simple resolution of the Council;

j. To authorize the Town to effect loans, by giving its bonds or debentures as security, for a term and for other purposes. Quebec, 27th November, 1919.

PENTLAND, GRAVEL & THOMSON.

Applicants. Dec. 21x1aw, tux4

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED.

WANTED.—A good plain cook. Phone 128. Nov. 27x1f

WANTED.—A nurse of experience possessing good character, to take care of two children grown up. Best wages for a suitable applicant. Apply to 243 Grand Allee, Quebec. Oct. 9x1f

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED.—Dyer at once experienced, good pay, steady work. Write S. Lainer, 73 Green St. Worcester, Mass., U.S.A. Dec. 2x1f

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—Large sunny and comfortable; continuous hot water in bath rooms. Location downtown. Good service. Telephone 5313. W. S. Richardson, 131 St. Anne street, Quebec. Sept. 5x1y

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A solid brick house comprising two dwellings of 9 rooms each, bath room, fireplace room, electric light, gas, April to 17th St. Every, between 7 and 9 o'clock in the evening. Nov. 27x1f

PERSONAL.

MARRY.—For speedy marriage absolutely the best, largest in the country; established 14 years; thousands wealthy members, both sexes; behind early marriage; confidential descriptions free. The Old Reliable, Mrs. W. Rubel, 735 Madison, Oakland, Cal. Nov. 29x1f

WOULD YOU MARRY IF SUIT?

Best matrimonial paper published in Quebec. For terms apply to RESPONDENT, Toledo, Ohio. Nov. 15x1f

EPILEPSY.

Stanton's Epileptic, the only remedy for Epileptic, Fits, St. 25 a bottle at your Dispensary or at I. P. Barry, 127 St. Joseph St.; J. V. Gaudette, 1078 St. Valer St. Quebec. Stanton's Epileptic, 63 St. Hubert St., Montreal, P.Q. Nov. 20x1f

LEGAL NOTICES.

CANADA. Province of Quebec. District of Montreal. No. 2285. In the Superior Court, Dame Alice Pich, of the city and district of Quebec, of one part, and Marie Matte, of the same place, (ypographic, duly authorized to enter on justice, plaintiff) vs. the said Louis Antonio Matte, defendant, an action in separation as to the property has been instituted in this cause, on the 28th October, 1919. Quebec, 29th October, 1919. Arth. Belanger, attorney for Plaintiff. Oct. 31x1f

CANADA. Province of Quebec.

District of Quebec. In the Superior Court, Louise Gauthier, wife, common as to property of Charles Tremblay, laborer, of St. Malachie, County of Dorchester, duly authorized to enter on justice, plaintiff vs. the said Charles Tremblay, laborer, of St. Malachie, County of Dorchester, defendant. An action in separation of estate has been instituted in this cause the eleventh day of November, 1919. Quebec, November 11th, 1919. Fitzpatrick, Dupre and Gagnon, attorneys for Plaintiff. Nov. 13x1f

APPLICATION TO THE LEGISLATURE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, on behalf of Messrs. Price Brothers & Company, Limited; The Saguenay Land Company; Sir William Price, Merchant; J. Leonard Appleton, Manager; Henry Edward Price, Merchant; Arthur John Price, Merchant; John H. Price, Merchant; and George H. Thomson, Merchant, all of the City of Quebec, that they will apply at the next session of the Quebec Legislature for the passing of an Act to incorporate the Town of Saguenay, in a certain territory forming part of the Parish of Chicoutimi, under the provisions of the Cities and Towns Act, Articles 2256 to 2284, inclusive, of the Revised Statutes, 1905, and to amend the provisions of The Cities and Towns Act applicable thereto, and to provide for said Town as follows:—

a. To allow non-residents to hold the offices of Mayor and Aldermen. b. To extend to five (5) years the term of office of Mayor and Aldermen.

c. To provide for the election by the Council of a Manager to administer the affairs of the Town and to define his powers; d. To provide for the first general election under the Act.

e. To give every male person, widow, spinster, tutor, administrator, curator to the person or property, institute under a will, or trustee whose name is entered on the valuation roll in force, either as a bona fide owner or occupant of property, the municipality of the assessed value, \$200 or upwards, or of the annual value of \$200 or upwards, the qualification of municipal electors.

f. To give every corporation owning an immovable within the limits of the Town, the right to vote in any election and upon any law or resolution which may be submitted to the vote of the municipal electors;

g. To give power to the Town to levy, by-law approved by the rate-payers in the usual way, by means of direct taxes, the monies needed for any object within the powers of the Council, upon a taxable property, or merely upon the taxable immovable property in the Town;

h. To give the power to the Town to impose and levy, by by-laws, an annual tax on all telegraph, telephone, electric light or power poles in the streets and public places, provided such tax shall not exceed 25c per annum per pole.

i. To authorize the Town to make temporary loans, by means of notes or other negotiable instruments, at a rate not exceeding 6% per annum, and for an amount not exceeding \$15,000.00, on a simple resolution of the Council;

j. To authorize the Town to effect loans, by giving its bonds or debentures as security, for a term and for other purposes. Quebec, 27th November, 1919.

PENTLAND, GRAVEL & THOMSON.

Applicants. Dec. 21x1aw, tux4

Have Pretty Teeth

Remove That Dirty Film

All Statements Approved by High Dental Authorities

Free

A 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent, to show you how to end film. See below.

Look in the Glass

Look at your teeth in the glass. Then brush them in this new way for ten days and look again.

There is a film on your teeth—a slimy film. It clings to the teeth, enters crevices and stays. The tooth brush does not end it. The ordinary tooth paste does not dissolve it. So it stays between the teeth and elsewhere and may do a ceaseless damage.

That film is what discolors—not the teeth. It is the basis of tartar. It holds food substance which ferments and forms acid. It holds the acid in contact with the teeth to cause decay.

Millions of germs breed in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea. Thus most tooth troubles are now traced to film.

Dental science, after years of searching, has found a way to combat it. Able authorities have proved it by many careful tests. Now the method is embodied in a dentifrice called Pepsodent, and leading dentists everywhere are urging its daily use.

A 10-Day Tube is now supplied to everyone who asks. Test it and see what it means to you.

CANADA

Pepsodent

REG. IN

The New-Day Dentifrice

After convincing tests, it is now advised for daily use by leading dentists everywhere.



A Week Will Tell

The results of Pepsodent will be a revelation. A week will show you that there is a way to whiter and safer teeth. For your sake and your children's sake, make this test and see.

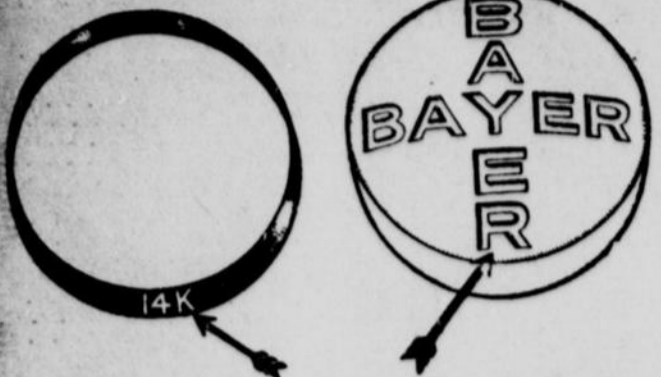
Pepsodent is based on pepsin, the digestant of albumin. The film is albuminous matter. The object of Pepsodent is to dissolve it, then to day by day combat it.

But pepsin must be activated. The usual method is an acid harmful to the teeth. So pepsin long seemed barred. Science has now overcome this trouble by discovering a harmless activating method. It is that method which makes possible this efficient film combatant.

You can prove the effects, and quickly. Send the coupon for a 10-Day Tube. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the slimy film.

ONLY TABLETS MARKED "BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

Not Aspirin at All without the "Bayer Cross"



The name "Bayer" on Aspirin is of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" which contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Joint Pains, and Pain generally. Tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents. Larger "Bayer" packages. Always buy an unbroken package. There is only one Aspirin—"Bayer"—You must say "Bayer". Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada of Bayer Manufacture of Monach...

Are Your "DAISY" FURNACES in good order? We Can Supply Any Parts Sole Agents For This City MECHANICS' SUPPLY CO., Ltd., 80-90 St. Paul St., Quebec

Baby Sleighs ALL FRESH STOCK. D. S. RICKABY Cabinet Maker, Upholsterer, Valuator. Undertaker, 337 ST. JOHN ST., QUEBEC.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES Lead Pencils, at 1c, 2, 3, 5, 10c each. Pencil Boxes, at 5c, 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c and 35c each. Pens and Penholders, from 1c each up. Colored Crayons, from 1c to 10c box. 200-page Scribblers, ruled, our price, only 7c each. Exercise Books, good paper, pretty covers, at 5c and 5c each. Hard-covered Exercise Books, our price, 5c each or two for 15c. Examination Pads, 7c each. Graphographic Note Books at 5c and 10c each. Carter's Ink, Mucilage or Photo Paste, at 7c per bottle. T. H. O'NEILL 247 St. John St.

For Style, Fit AND WORKMANSHIP ORDER YOUR CLOTHES from S. J. BURKE, MERCHANT TAILOR Phone 781 :: 187 St. John St.

J. F. VACHON & CO., OFFICE STATIONERS 67 Sault-au-Matelot St., Quebec Call and see our assortment of Loose Leaf Memos, and Ledgers, and Column Books If you can't phone us 6834 and our representative will call on you with samples

WALLACE COLLEGE 310 RICHIEUX ST. 21st Year Instruction given in Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Mathematics, Drawing, Music and Modern Languages. No Vacations. Day and Evening Classes. S. W. M. WALLACE, Principal

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. W. S. Meredith, is a guest at the Chateau. Major Mattice is expected in town from Montreal today. Brig.-General Tremblay is in town a guest at the Chateau. Mr. M. W. Hackett, of Montreal, is staying at the Chateau. General Bertram, of Ottawa, is expected in town this morning. Mr. Frank M. Barnard, is in the city, a guest at the Chateau. Mr. Jean Bernier, K.C., and Mrs. Bernier, of Montreal, are in town. Mr. R. A. Benoit, of Ottawa is in the city, registered at the Chateau. Mr. Fred W. Barnett, of Montreal, is registered at the Chateau. Mr. and Mrs. Art. Morin, of Montreal are spending some time in town. The Queen Mother Alexandra, celebrated her 75th birthday yesterday. Mr. G. A. Ross, is in town from Montreal, and is registered at the Chateau. Mrs. M. P. Park, is in town from Montreal and is registered at the Chateau. Mr. Jos. Tremblay, of Chateaufort is in the city, a guest at the Chateau. Mrs. A. C. Stuchland will receive on Wednesday at her residence, 167 St. Foye Road. Mrs. A. D. Ross and Miss G. C. Ross, of Beauport, are in the city, staying at the Chateau. Captain F. S. Wetherston, of Ottawa, arrived in town yesterday and is a guest at the Chateau. Mr. Onésime Gagnon has returned from New York, where he attended the Dunne-Dowd wedding. Mr. Pierre Casgrain, N.P., Chateaufort, of Montreal, spent the week-end in town, a guest at the Chateau. Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Poirer arrived in town yesterday from St. Raymond, and are staying at the Chateau. Miss Bernadette Gagne has returned from New York where she spent a month at the home of her uncle, Mr. W. C. LeBlanc. Major Heber Lafferty, of Kingston, arrived in Quebec yesterday to attend the funeral of his brother the late Colonel P. D. Lafferty. Their Excellencies the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire gave a ball last evening at the Devonshire House, Ottawa in honor of Admiral and Lady Jellicoe. Capt. Thos. Wilkinson of the Royal Naval Air Force, has returned to Canada, after four years service, and is the guest of his Aunt Mrs. Herbert Gale, this city. Permission has been granted to all Officers on the Reserve, Retired List, C.P.F., and Active Militia to attend in uniform Colonel Lafferty's funeral. Service Dress, to be worn. Lady Gouin entertained at the lunch hour on Friday in honor of Mrs. Henry Joseph and Mrs. A. W. McDonald, of Montreal, who addressed the local branches of the I.O.G.E. the same evening. On Wednesday last, the 24th November, in the chapel of Our Lady, in St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York the wedding was solemnized of Miss Anita Arden Dowd, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Dowd, of New York to Mr. Maurice Dunne, Barrister, of Quebec. Miss Marie-Louise Orr, of New York, was the bride's maid and Mr. Onésime Gagnon, Barrister, of this city, acted as best man. Mr. James Dowd, Jr., bride, acted as usher at the ceremony. Following the church service a wedding breakfast was served at the Hotel Gotham. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. James Dowd, New York, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Dunne, of Quebec, Miss Ruth Dowd, Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Morris Sweeney, Mr. and Mrs. Dr. John J. Sweeney, the Reverend Fathers Sloane, S.J., Curate of St. Clair, N.Y., Shepley, S.J., and McQuade, S.J., Cleric at the Cathedral, Mrs. H. P. Taylor, Miss May Taylor, Mr. Jack Davidson, Mrs. J. Sheridan, etc.

Major Heber Lafferty, of Kingston, arrived in Quebec yesterday to attend the funeral of his brother the late Colonel P. D. Lafferty. Their Excellencies the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire gave a ball last evening at the Devonshire House, Ottawa in honor of Admiral and Lady Jellicoe. Capt. Thos. Wilkinson of the Royal Naval Air Force, has returned to Canada, after four years service, and is the guest of his Aunt Mrs. Herbert Gale, this city. Permission has been granted to all Officers on the Reserve, Retired List, C.P.F., and Active Militia to attend in uniform Colonel Lafferty's funeral. Service Dress, to be worn. Lady Gouin entertained at the lunch hour on Friday in honor of Mrs. Henry Joseph and Mrs. A. W. McDonald, of Montreal, who addressed the local branches of the I.O.G.E. the same evening. On Wednesday last, the 24th November, in the chapel of Our Lady, in St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York the wedding was solemnized of Miss Anita Arden Dowd, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Dowd, of New York to Mr. Maurice Dunne, Barrister, of Quebec. Miss Marie-Louise Orr, of New York, was the bride's maid and Mr. Onésime Gagnon, Barrister, of this city, acted as best man. Mr. James Dowd, Jr., bride, acted as usher at the ceremony. Following the church service a wedding breakfast was served at the Hotel Gotham. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. James Dowd, New York, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Dunne, of Quebec, Miss Ruth Dowd, Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Morris Sweeney, Mr. and Mrs. Dr. John J. Sweeney, the Reverend Fathers Sloane, S.J., Curate of St. Clair, N.Y., Shepley, S.J., and McQuade, S.J., Cleric at the Cathedral, Mrs. H. P. Taylor, Miss May Taylor, Mr. Jack Davidson, Mrs. J. Sheridan, etc.

Distress in the States. The distress of the lower classes appear to be very severely felt in the United States. It is stated that in Philadelphia there are not fewer than 20,000 people daily begging for work. The same is stated to exist in New York, where 600 women have been known to apply to one manufacturer for employment, in the course of one day. This is what constitutes hard times. Notice. Sundry officers of the Militia and others, living out of Quebec, have addressed themselves to the Superior General by letters for lots of land, it is hereby notified or them, that it is expected that they will hereafter transact any business they may have with this office, through their agents in Quebec, and such individuals as have occasion to address the Superior General on business are requested to pay postage of their letters. Supervisor General's Office, Quebec, 24th November, 1919.

"SYRUP OF FIGS" CHILD'S LAXATIVE Look at tongue! Remove poisons from the stomach, liver and bowels. Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the wrapper, then you are sure your child is having the best and most medicinal medicine for its use. For little children, use the fruit taste. Full directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear. Mother! You must say "California". GET OUT AND HUSTLE The world is full of "hustlers." On whom the people tremble; Nobody cares how high you were After you've tumbled down. So get out and hustle for yourself. Or on pay day you'll be missed; The mill will only grind for you While you supply the grist. For Chest Colds, Head Colds, Grip, Influenza and Pneumonia A few external applications of GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE will be found very helpful. It opens the pores and penetrates the skin. Its Stimulating and Healing Effect is very comforting. Price 35c per box. If your Druggist hasn't any, send 50c in postage stamps to Paris Medicine Co., 123 Spadina Ave., Toronto, and a full-size box will be mailed to you promptly.

Dr. ALPHONSE DION, SURGEON DENTIST Office Hours: 9 to 12:30 a.m., 1:30 to 5:30 p.m. Evenings 7 to 8:30 24 PALACE HILL, QUEBEC Telephone 2153

Shink & DeBlois, BARRISTERS AND SOLICITORS 81 St. Peter St., Quebec Office phone 7433 823-10

WHY GO THROUGH THE WORLD IN MISERY? "Not Over There," "Over Here." Consult: PROF. P. T. BERRIDGE, CHIROPODIST. 173 ST. JOHN ST. Phone 5885 N.15xst.tux4w

At The Theatres

Some Wonderful Pictures Nowadays at the Auditorium.

The Auditorium theatre is showing no ordinary pictures, nowadays. Today and tomorrow William Farouk is featured in "Wolves of the Night," a splendid mimic picture of the fight for life of a young and enterprising engineer against a pack of scheming and plotting wolves. This play was shown yesterday and proved a winning attraction for the large audiences that saw it. Thursday, Friday and Saturday, the Auditorium presents another splendid play: "A Midnight Romance," with dainty Anita Stewart. All next week the Auditorium will have a super-attraction "The Red Lantern," with beautiful Nazimova. Now, of these three big attractions which would you care to miss?

When Prairie Schooners Hit the Trail of the Golden West. The West always has been an alluring, mysterious horizon. Boys and girls on the West always are welcomed as a change from the life of quiet pavements and wire strung city skies. Also for very reasons, "The Westerners," the remarkable photoplay the Auditorium is showing today and tomorrow, made a decided hit yesterday and it was first shown there to an appreciative public. The tale is full of the spirit of adventure that sent the white man beyond the so-called barrier of the great ranges. It shows the struggle between the spotted Indian and the white man. A pioneer is murdered, his only girl stolen, brought up to become a school teacher. And the feud goes on till the white young love enters. But what's the end of going on further. You can see right now that "The Westerners" is a wonderful picture. Last coming today to the Auditorium to see it. Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Gladys Brockwell in "The West" and our good one.

Constance Talmadge Scores a Tremendous Hit. Constance Talmadge in "A Lady's Name," scored a tremendous hit at the Empire Theatre last evening. The great crowds present fully enjoyed the popular little star in one of her most remarkable screen characteristics, a comedy plus drama. The picture is pleasing and more than pleasing in every respect. You will love Connie more than ever in "A Lady's Name." Don't fail to see this comedy drama at the Empire today. Topics of the Day, News Weekly and a screaming comedy are also shown.

Frank Keenan and Pearl White at the Victoria. Tremendous crowds saw Frank Keenan in "Gates of Brass" at the Victoria Theatre last night. To many at least, Mr. Keenan is a most welcome diversion from the "matinee idol" type of hero so prevalent in screen plays, the type with the classic features, the smooth-brushed hair, immaculate clothing and the general air of one who makes his living easily. Mr. Keenan is not afraid to depart from the hero roles, he takes what most of the screen stars seem to shun—the hero roles that build a part for what there is in it; for the opportunities it affords him to build it up and make a character that is artistically worth while; for the chances which it gives him to make it a real flesh-and-blood character and not a namby pamby ladies' man. Such a part he picked in "Gates of Brass." We see him as a cheap "shell-game" operator at first, and then later as a high class confidence man. He makes of this shady character a real person, not a wholly bad—for how few men are wholly bad in real life—but a man with a heart full of love for his only daughter, a man with a power of great sacrifice for her sake. The Pearl White serial is more interesting than ever, and a Ham and Bud comedy is great. The pictures of the Prince's reception in New York are really wonderful.

Reminiscences of the Past Chronicle Files 100 Years Ago Distress in the States. The distress of the lower classes appear to be very severely felt in the United States. It is stated that in Philadelphia there are not fewer than 20,000 people daily begging for work. The same is stated to exist in New York, where 600 women have been known to apply to one manufacturer for employment, in the course of one day. This is what constitutes hard times. Notice. Sundry officers of the Militia and others, living out of Quebec, have addressed themselves to the Superior General by letters for lots of land, it is hereby notified or them, that it is expected that they will hereafter transact any business they may have with this office, through their agents in Quebec, and such individuals as have occasion to address the Superior General on business are requested to pay postage of their letters. Supervisor General's Office, Quebec, 24th November, 1919.

Chronicle Files 25 Years Ago Boiler Inspection. The case brought by the Dominion Boiler Inspector against a firm for not having the boiler of the SS. "Redoubt" inspected, was heard yesterday in the Police Court, and taken on for deliberation. The point at issue is whether the legal year begins on the 1st January, as the owner says it does, or the 1st July as the inspector asserts. Death of Mrs. Carrier. We regret very much to record the death of a very much esteemed lady of this city, in the person of Mrs. Carrier, widow of the former large dry goods merchant, of St. Joseph Street. Mrs. Carrier had been in failing health for some time past and her death occurred yesterday afternoon. She leaves four children, Messrs. Philippe and Achille Carrier, Miss Carrier and Mrs. A. G. Belleau, all of whom have our sympathies in their affliction. The Bonaventure Election. Mr. F. X. Lemieux, Q.C., of this city, member for Levis, has definitely accepted the liberal candidature for Bonaventure, and will be duly nominated on the 4th instant. He will leave for the County on Sunday, accompanied by Mr. Tarte, who was his opponent when he last contested the County.

Judgments Rendered—Writs Issued Judgment by Hon. Justice Gibson: Poirer vs. Davie Shipbuilding & Repairing Co. Seeing the declaration of the attorney of the defendant and the conclusion of judgment produced, judgment in the favor of the plaintiff against the defendant for \$116.60, and costs. Judgments by the Prothonotary: P. T. Legare, Ltcc., vs. Ayotte. Judgment against defendant for \$108.70, interest and costs. P. T. Legare, Ltcc., vs. Marcoux, Ska. et al. Defendants are condemned, jointly and severally, to pay plaintiff \$153.75, interest and costs. Larabee vs. Fournier. Judgment in plaintiff's favor for \$25.91, interest and costs. Doyle et al. vs. Guilmette, and Delegrave, mis en cause, judgment against defendant for \$266.70, interest and costs. Hon. Justice Belleau will render judgment in the following cases to-day: Bourneau vs. Marcandieu; Carreau vs. Robitaille; Gingras vs. France; Odina Chartre vs. Joseph Dupont; Lewis vs. \$139, damages. Brown Rochette, Ltcc., vs. Canadian Pacific Ry., Quebec; \$552.90, damages. Poirer vs. St. Nicolas Parquet, St. Eustache; \$152.50, damages. Adjuitor Leblond vs. Davie Shipbuilding & Repairing Co., Ltd., Lauson; 2,688.97, "Workmen's Compensation Act." Dreadnought Engine Co., vs. Arthur Pierre Pateau, Loretteville; \$294.62, debt. Antonio Langlais vs. Arthur Gagne, St. Alexis; \$500, damages. Mrs. Noela Great Lucille Labrecque vs. The Great West Life Assurance, Montreal, and Georges Bernard, St. Gervais; mis en cause, \$1,000, personal. Edmond E. Laviole vs. Gideon Cloutier, St. Joseph de Beauce; \$146.60, damages. SORRY, NEVERTHELESS. Edith (talking about a man she has jilted)—"And did he seem to be sorry" when you said I was married?" Ethel—"Yes, he said he was very sorry—although he didn't know the man personally."—London Answers. WANTED FULL VALUE. Billy had been running errands for his mother, and to show her appreciation she offered him a penny. Billy looked disgusted and glancing into her face, he exclaimed: "Oh, be a sport, ma, and pay me what it's worth!"

What are Peps? Peps provide a new treatment for coughs, colds and lung troubles. They are little tablets made up from pine extracts and medicinal essences. When put into the mouth these medicinal ingredients turn into healing vapors, which are breathed down direct to the lungs, throat and bronchial tubes. The Peps treatment is direct. Swallowing cough mixtures and lozenges, in throat ailments and disorders, is indirect. Peps are revolutionizing the treatment of colds and their price is within the reach of all. All dealers, 5c. box. Send 1c. stamp for FREE TRIAL PACKAGE.

What are Peps? Peps provide a new treatment for coughs, colds and lung troubles. They are little tablets made up from pine extracts and medicinal essences. When put into the mouth these medicinal ingredients turn into healing vapors, which are breathed down direct to the lungs, throat and bronchial tubes. The Peps treatment is direct. Swallowing cough mixtures and lozenges, in throat ailments and disorders, is indirect. Peps are revolutionizing the treatment of colds and their price is within the reach of all. All dealers, 5c. box. Send 1c. stamp for FREE TRIAL PACKAGE.

MONTREAL MAN GAINS 21 POUNDS

Spent \$500 for Treatment Before Taking Tanlac—Like Brand New Man Now.

"I have not only gotten relief from my sufferings, but I have actually gained twenty-one pounds in weight, besides, and you may know by that what I think of Tanlac," was the interesting and remarkable statement made by Alexander Payette, a well known employe of the Dent-Harrison Bakery, living at 107 Wellington street, Montreal, in a conversation with the Tanlac representative at Jassby's drug store, recently. "I have suffered from indigestion so badly for the past two years," he continued, "that I could hardly stand it. I could not eat anything but what caused a feeling like a lump of lead in the pit of my stomach and pains that would almost draw me double. My back also ached so badly I could hardly bend over and at times my legs were so numb that many a night I was unable to sleep more than two or three hours—restless sleep at that—and would get up in the mornings feeling worse than on going to bed and with my strength enough to put through the day. "I had spent at least five hundred dollars for treatment and medicines but kept getting worse in a "Tanlac" bottle. At the time I began using Tanlac I had lost sixteen pounds in weight, falling off from one hundred and thirty-five to one hundred and nineteen, and was going down hill so rapidly that it alarmed me. In fact, I had almost repaired of ever getting better. After seeing it so highly endorsed, I decided to see if Tanlac would help me, as others said it had done, and it has not only helped me, it has made me feel just like a new man. I have not only gotten back the sixteen pounds which I had lost, but I have gained an additional five pounds and am feeling stronger and better than I did even before I noticed my stomach bothering me. My appetite came back and I got so I could eat without having indigestion or any other trouble. Then as I kept taking Tanlac my troubles gradually disappeared until now I haven't an ache nor a pain of any kind. My appetite is so big that I can hardly get enough to eat. I sleep so sound that my wife has a hard time getting me up in the mornings and I am feeling just fine all the time. So I have the best of reasons for praising Tanlac and I am glad to give this statement for what it may be worth to others who are trying to find relief." The food people eat does them absolutely no good unless they digest it. In fact, food which is not digested does harm instead of good, because it stays in the stomach and ferments, causing pains, swelling, gas on the stomach, shortness of breath, bad taste in the mouth, indigestion and many other disagreeable symptoms. If this condition is permitted to run on for an indefinite period the entire system becomes saturated with poisons and various complications are apt to result. Mr. Payette's troubles were relieved by Tanlac simply because it toned up his vital organs and enabled him to digest his food properly. In fact, there is no portion of the body that is not benefited by the helpful action of Tanlac, which begins its work by stimulating the digestive and assimilative organs thereby enriching the blood and invigorating the whole system. Next it enables the weak worn-out stomach to thoroughly digest its food permitting the nourishing elements to be converted into blood, bone and muscle. Tanlac is sold in Quebec by Joli-cœur's Pharmacy and Martel & Dion, and in Levis by Maurice Dion under the personal direction of a Special Tanlac Representative.—(Adv.)

PRELIMINARY ENQUIRY IN MURDER CASE The preliminary investigation in the case of the Crown against Nick Debelia and George Marz, who were arrested over three months ago for alleged complicity in the murder of Tudor Kostel, in a shack at Jonville on the 27th day of June last, was proceeded with yesterday in the Court of Sessions, and after the hearing of some witnesses behind closed doors, was further adjourned. Mr. A. LaChance, K.C., Crown prosecutor conducted the prosecution, and Mr. Marc A. Lemieux, appeared for the defendants at the investigation yesterday, that was presided over by the Hon. Judge C. Laugelier.

F. SIMARD & CIE Enrg. 142 St. Joseph St.

The Christmas Store EXQUISITE FRENCH LINGERIE

Every garment embroidered by hand, many of them trimmed with French Valenciennes and Cluny lace. Exquisite is a very feeble description of these wonderful articles. No more desirable CHRISTMAS GIFT for a woman of taste can be imagined. CORSET COVERS... \$2.50, \$3.95 to \$9.90 CHEMISES... \$2.90, \$7.00 to \$11.50 UNDERSKIRTS... \$7.00 and \$10.50 BLOUSERS... \$3.75, \$6.25 to \$7.50 ENVELOPE CHEMISES... \$3.50, \$6.00 to \$19.75 NIGHT GOWNS... \$5.00, \$9.00 to \$35.00 DRESSING JACKETS... \$4.00 to \$10.50 BOY'S DRESSES... \$6.50 and \$9.50

Tousands and Thousands of Christmas Handkerchiefs Unexcelled values and superior quality in HANDKERCHIEFS of every description. SPECIAL RANGE OF BOYD HANDKERCHIEFS. Pretty floral design on cover; sheer, fine lawn Handkerchiefs, embroidered corner designs of flowers. 2 in a box—a box... .29c Hemstitched lawn, soft fine finish, embroidered on the corners in pastel colors. 2 in a box—per box... .35c Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, hem stitched, with hand embroidered initials, in pastel shades. 3 in a box—a box... .51.30 Sheer quality embroidered lawn Handkerchiefs, with San Carlo in edge. 4 in a box—a box... .59c Sheer quality embroidered lawn Handkerchiefs, with San Carlo edge, lovely designs of flowers, 4 in box... .59c Sheer white lawn Handkerchiefs, hemstitch finished edge, embroidered designs of flowers in the corner. 2 in a box for 65c and 85c... .59c Superior quality Linen Handkerchiefs, with San Carlo edge, embroidered corners. 6 in a box—a box... .51.35 Fine quality Crepe de Chine Handkerchiefs, white and assorted colors with embroidered designs and colored striped borders. Specially priced at, each... .29c and 50c

LADIES' Children's Hats

40% Reduction LADIES' HATS, in Velvet, Plush, Beaver; all the latest styles. \$3.75—reduced to... \$2.25 \$4.25—reduced to... \$2.55 \$4.75—reduced to... \$2.85 \$5.75—reduced to... \$3.45 \$6.75—reduced to... \$3.75 \$7.50—reduced to... \$4.50 GIRLS' HATS, in Colored Velvet: \$3.75—reduced to \$2.25 \$4.25—reduced to \$2.55 \$4.95—reduced to \$2.97 \$4.75—reduced to \$2.65

SIMONS & CO. 20 FABRIQUE STREET, Telephone 338. Opposite City Hall.

Linoleums==Linoleums

2,500 YARDS Two thousand five hundred yards of Linoleums, slightly damaged during the transit to Quebec, will be sold at 95c a yard The regular value of this Linoleum is 1.50 a yard. The Oilcloths and Linoleums being extremely scarce, this is an occasion that should not be missed. —also— A big stock of Curtain Materials, and Curtains, by the yard, at anti-war prices. —at— P. J. COTE, 29 ST. JOHN STREET, Opposite Palace Hill, QUEBEC