

10 July 2025

**Application and implementation guide**

**Regulation respecting the  
management and reporting of  
information security incidents by  
certain financial institutions and  
by credit assessment agents**

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## 1. Introduction

The framework developed by the Autorité des marchés financiers (**AMF**) for the management of information security incidents (Incidents) stems from the legal obligation financial institutions<sup>1</sup> (**FIs**) and credit assessment agents (**CAAs**) are under to follow sound and prudent management practices.<sup>2</sup>

The Regulation respecting the management and reporting of information security incidents by certain financial institutions and by credit assessment agents<sup>3</sup> (**Regulation**), made on the basis of this obligation, defines what constitutes an Incident. It also sets out the obligations of organizations subject to the Regulation with respect to the reporting of incidents to the AMF. The obligations under the Regulation are based on the definition of Incident.



**An Incident means an attack<sup>4</sup> on the availability, integrity or confidentiality of information systems or the information they contain.<sup>5</sup>**

The AMF has developed guidelines to inform FIs and CAAs of the actions that, in its opinion, may be taken to meet their obligations under the laws that apply to them. The Incident management framework is composed of regulatory obligations and expectations formulated in the various guidelines.

For a reminder of the AMF's Incident management expectations, see the following guidelines:

### For the foundations:

- [Governance Guideline](#)
- [Integrated Risk Management Guideline](#)
- [Compliance Guideline](#)

### For more specific expectations:

- [Guideline on Information and Communications Technology Risk Management](#)
- [Operational Risk Management Guideline](#)
- [Business Continuity Management Guideline](#)
- [Guideline applicable to credit assessment agents](#)

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<sup>1</sup> Section 485 of the *Insurers Act*, CQLR, A-32.1, section 601.1 of the *Act respecting financial services cooperatives*, CQLR c. C-67.3, paragraph (u) of section 43 of the *Deposit Institutions and Deposit Protection Act*, CQLR, c.-l-13.2.2, section 277 of the *Trust Companies and Savings Companies Act*, CQLR, c.-S-29.02.

<sup>2</sup> Sections 47 and 66 of the *Credit Assessment Agents Act*, CQLR, c. A-8.2. In the case of credit assessment agents, the obligation is to adhere to appropriate management practices ensuring that the rights conferred by this Act are respected.

<sup>3</sup> M.O. 2024-13, G.O. II, 6381. [Regulation respecting the management and reporting of information security incidents by certain financial institutions and by credit assessment agents](#)

<sup>4</sup> Attack includes any event that has the potential to compromise or compromises the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of information.

<sup>5</sup> Section 2 of the Regulation.

## 2. Purpose of the guide

The AMF has prepared this guide to assist organizations subject to the Regulation in implementing and applying the Regulation. The guide provides, among other things, clarifications regarding the Incident management policy to be developed, including the elements to be incorporated into the policy; the procedures and mechanisms to put in place to detect, assess and respond to Incidents; the contents of the Incident register, and the process for reporting Incidents to the AMF.

The guide will continually evolve to reflect good incident reporting practices, experience gained and stakeholder needs.

## 3. Organizations subject to the Regulation

Organizations subject to the Regulation include authorized insurers, federations of mutual companies, federations of credit unions and credit unions not members of a federation,<sup>6</sup> authorized deposit institutions, authorized trust companies and credit assessment agents designated by the AMF (**Organizations**).

Federations of credit unions are responsible for ensuring compliance with their obligations under the Regulation, including the obligation to develop and implement an Incident management policy in respect of its member credit unions, and for notifying the AMF if there is an Incident.

In the case of mutual companies, each company is responsible for developing and implementing an Incident management policy and notifying the AMF if there is an Incident. Federations of mutual companies, like mutual companies, must also comply with the regulatory obligations.

An authorized self-regulatory organizations and an authorized reciprocal unions are not subject to the Regulation.

## 4. Incident management policy

The Regulation requires Organizations to develop and implement an Incident management policy. As with other policies, the Incident management policy can take different forms: it can be a separate specific policy or incorporated into another policy, such as an information security policy.

The policy should include all the attributes of a policy and provide a clear description of roles and responsibilities. In this regard, good practice calls for the development and periodic review of a policy by senior management and approval of the policy by the board of directors.

The Incident management policy must, at a minimum, make reference to the official documents describing the Organization's procedures and mechanisms for detecting, assessing and responding to Incidents. If practices for detecting, assessing and responding to Incidents are based on standards and other technical documents from recognized sources, the sources should be mentioned in the policy.

As the Regulation is principles-based, Organizations have flexibility to determine the content of the policy and how it is to be implemented.

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<sup>6</sup> *Act respecting financial services cooperatives*, CQLR, c.-67.2

## 5. Procedures and mechanisms for detecting, assessing and responding to Incidents

The AMF encourages Organizations to draw from publications by national and international bodies such as the International Organization for Standardization (ISO),<sup>7</sup> the Information Systems Audit and Control Association (ISACA), the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or Control Objectives for Information and related Technology (COBIT) when developing their mechanisms and procedures. These bodies recommend implementing a number of good practices that contribute to sound Incident management.

In order to ensure consistency and objectivity in detecting, assessing and responding to incidents, the bodies mentioned above have identified good practices that the Organizations could adopt, including:

- Categorizing Incidents based on criteria such as type of event and causes
- Classifying Incidents to determine how they are to be treated and the required level of internal escalation
- Using pre-defined ratings to determine an Incident's severity and classification
- Ensuring that all implemented processes, procedures and mechanisms are part of a broader Incident management process
- Developing incident documentation standards to ensure consistency in assessing Incidents
- Putting in place control and supervision measures to ensure that Incidents are managed to achieve the following objectives:
  - Minimize injury
  - Reduce the risk of Incident recurrence
  - Report their occurrence
- Annually updating and testing all Incident detection and response mechanisms
- Continually collecting information in the information system logs in order to record user activities, exceptions, system failures and other information security-related events
- Checking and updating the information system logs
- Obtaining information on information systems' technical vulnerabilities on a timely basis



**An Organization's exposure to such vulnerabilities should be assessed, and appropriate measures should be taken to address all the associated risks.**

- Asking employees and third parties who use the Organization's information systems and information and communications technology services to report any observed or suspected information security weaknesses in systems or services
- Obtaining reasonable assurance before entering into a business relationship with a third party that the latter has procedures and controls in place to ensure sound management of its Incidents

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<sup>7</sup> 27 035

## 6. Incident reporting

### Reporting to officers and managers

The Organization's policy must include criteria for internal reporting (escalation) to the different levels of the Organization, including officers or managers.<sup>8</sup>

The Organization's policy should also cover, based on the various obligations applicable to it, reporting to the AMF and to any stakeholders, such as clients, third parties, consumers and other regulatory bodies<sup>9</sup>.

The reporting timeframe and method should be indicated in the policy. When developing the various reporting types, the Organization should also consider Incidents that occur at a third party to which it has entrusted the performance of any part of an activity if the Incident affects the activity entrusted to the third party.

Good practices recommend that the following be considered when determining Incident reporting criteria:

- categorization
- severity
- classification

**Categorization** allows Incidents to be grouped to facilitate incident management. It is based on the nature of the Incident, including:

- the incident type, meaning the event (data theft, outage, etc.); or
- the causes (cyber attack, human error, etc.).

The **severity** of an Incident indicates the importance and sense of urgency that the Organization gives to bringing the Incident under control and closing (resolving) it. The criteria used to determine severity should consider factors such as:

- the amount of time it is expected to take for operations to return to normal;
- the impact on clients;
- the extent of confirmed or anticipated financial, reputational, regulatory and/or other impacts of the Incident on the Organization's operations;



**The extent of the impacts may be assessed taking into account the following data: personal information, information assets or users affected by the Incident.**

- the time the Incident occurred and the estimated time for closure (resolution) of the Incident.

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<sup>8</sup> The terms "officers" and "managers" reflect the terminology used in the laws underpinning the Regulation. In the case of credit unions or a federation of credit unions, the term "managers" is used; the more commonly used term in other Organizations is "officers". In both cases, the term refers to an Organization's senior management.

<sup>9</sup> For example, the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions.

**Classification** serves to qualify the Incident so as to confirm its status and prioritize its management. It should take into account all the information obtained, including:

- categorization (type, cause)
- severity of the Incident
- severity of the impacts for the Organization, its clients and the financial system
- any other relevant factors

## Person responsible for Incident management

In its policy, the Organization must provide for the appointment of a person responsible for Incident management and reporting. This person should be responsible for ensuring that the policy is developed and implemented in the Organization.



**A space to designate the person responsible for Incident management is provided in E-Services.**

Reporting Incidents to the AMF is the responsibility of the person responsible for Incident management and reporting, but that person may delegate this responsibility to another party.

If the Organization has any doubts about the materiality of an event or an Incident, it can consult its person in charge of relations with the institution or contact the [AMF](#) directly.

### **Reporting Incidents to the AMF by Organization belonging to the same financial group**

*Each Organization subject to the Regulation is responsible for reporting Incidents in E-Services. If an Incident affects more than one Organization belonging to the same financial group, a single report may be submitted to the AMF for all the affected Organizations belonging to the group.*

*In such an event, the reporting Organization will need to specify in question 3, on page 6 of the form, that the report is being submitted for all the Organizations belonging to the financial group and indicate the names of all the Organizations belonging to the financial group that are affected by the Incident. Despite the foregoing, each Organization remains responsible for the reporting obligation and may be held liable for any failure where an Incident is not reported in accordance with the Regulation, even if one Organization belonging to the financial group is entrusted with reporting the Incident on behalf of the entire group.*

## 7. Incident register


Each Organization should maintain an up-to-date Incident register. The information recorded in the register should be kept in a secure and confidential manner for a period of five years from the date of the end-of-Incident report.

All information relating to the Incident management lifecycle should be recorded in the register. The information should be as complete as possible and support the assessments, decisions and actions to be taken. The register should provide an accurate historical record of all the information collected and actions taken throughout the Incident management lifecycle.

In addition to being used for analytical purposes, the information recorded in the register may make it possible to see Incident trends, contributing to the sound management of all of an Organization's risks.

At a minimum, the following information should be recorded in the register.

Information to be recorded in the register	Clarifications	Corresponding space on the web form, where applicable
<b>Date and time of the Incident</b>	<p>Means the date and time the Incident was <b>detected and occurred</b>.</p> <p>“Detected” means when the Incident was reported within the Organization for the first time; “occurred” means when the Incident happened (if known).</p>	<p><b>When the incident was reported</b> Page 3, question 7</p> <p><b>When the incident occurred</b> Page 3, question 8</p>
<b>Location of the Incident</b>	<p>Means where the Incident originated, i.e., from an internal party (employee) or an external party (consultant, third party or recognized malicious organization).</p> <p>If it originates from an external party, the country should be specified.</p>	Page 3, question 12
<b>Nature of the Incident</b>	The nature of the Incident may be determined by the type of Incident (data theft) or by the causes of the Incident (cyber attack).	<p><b>Main type of Incident</b> Page 3, question 5</p> <p><b>Cause(s) of the incident</b> Page 5, question 5</p>
<b>Detailed description of the Incident</b>	<p>The description should be exhaustive and include, without being limited to, the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• categorization</li> <li>• severity rating</li> <li>• classification for the purposes of Incident handling and reporting</li> <li>• identified vulnerabilities</li> <li>• availability, integrity and confidentiality impacts</li> <li>• nature of the data involved</li> </ul> <p>The following information may also be included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• assessment regarding a potential recurrence of an Incident of a similar nature</li> <li>• actions taken to address identified vulnerabilities</li> <li>• conclusions upon closing the Incident</li> </ul>	Page 3, question 4

Information to be recorded in the register	Clarifications	Corresponding space on the web form, where applicable
<b>Injury caused by the Incident</b>	The criteria to determine injury should consider the services and resources affected and an assessment of the Incident's impacts. <sup>10</sup>	
<b>Third parties involved in the Incident</b>	<p>All third parties involved in the Incident. Includes the recipients of the Incident report, in accordance with the provisions of the Organization's policy.</p> <div data-bbox="483 632 586 743" style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;">  </div> <p><b>A good practice is to identify the type of client affected by the Incident and provide an estimate of the volume of clients affected.</b></p>	<p><b>Internal and external parties involved</b> Page 3, question 12</p> <p><b>Clients affected</b> Page 4, question 3</p> <p><b>Financial or non-financial organizations informed</b> Page 3, question 15</p>
<b>Actions taken</b>	<p>The actions taken include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• strategies, procedures or mitigating measures put in place to bring the Incident under control and prevent a recurrence</li> <li>• communications issued under the Organization's policy</li> <li>• date(s) and time(s) of report(s)</li> </ul>	<p><b>Stakeholders involved</b> Page 3, questions 13</p> <p><b>Date and time of reports</b> Page 3, question 14</p> <p><b>Action taken</b> Page 5, questions 1 to 4</p>
<b>Organization's assessment regarding a potential recurrence of the Incident</b>	<p>Assessment of the likelihood of the Incident occurring again.</p> <p>This assessment may be reviewed based on new information about the Incident.</p> <p>A good practice is to document any changes in the Organization's assessment.</p>	Page 6, question 2
<b>Actions planned</b>	Actions may include steps to reduce the likelihood of new Incidents of a similar nature occurring in the future (if such steps have not yet been taken).	Page 6, question 1

<sup>10</sup> For more information, see page 59 of [Format for Incident Reporting Exchange \(FIRE\): Final report, 15 April 2025, Financial Stability Board](#).

<b>Date Incident brought under control</b>	Date the Organization has brought the Incident under control and operations have been returned to normal. When Incidents involve personal information, operations are not necessarily disrupted. If such an Incident does not disrupt operations, it is considered to have been brought under control when the practice or process that is at the origin of the Incident has ceased or been corrected.	Page 3, question 10
<b>Incident close date</b>	Date the Incident is closed, i.e., when all action plans have been executed.	Page 3, question 11

In addition to the above information, the register should contain all the information about the Incident that the Organization requires in order to make a complete report to the AMF.

## 8. Process for reporting Incidents to the Autorité des marchés financiers

An Organization must notify the AMF when an Incident is reported to its officers, or, where applicable, its managers, in accordance with its criteria for escalating Incidents to the various levels of the Organization. The Organization must notify the AMF of these Incidents via [E-Services](#) no later than 24 hours from the time an officer, or, where applicable, a manager, is informed of the situation.

The Organization must, to the best of its knowledge, provide the AMF with all the required information specified in the reporting form until such time as the reported Incident has been brought under control and the end-of-Incident report has been submitted.

When referring to an Incident, “has been brought under control” generally means that operations have resumed without management of the Incident necessarily being totally over.

After an Incident is originally reported to the AMF, the Organization must use [E-Services](#) to submit any corrections or new information regarding the Incident. Subsequent reports must be made to the AMF, for every Incident, within no more than three (3) calendar days, even if there are no new developments to report or information to add.

Throughout the time that an Incident is being handled and reports are being submitted via E-Services, the AMF may require clarifications regarding information that is reported. The Organization will be able to attach additional documents to the AMF reporting form for this purpose.

All information stemming from the report must be provided using the appropriate fields on the form. The information, together with a report confirming that the Incident has been brought under control and normal operations have resumed, must be submitted no later than 30 days after the Incident has been brought under control. Also, a report containing additional relevant and previously undisclosed information may be submitted in E-Services in the “Additional documents” section.

## 9. Assistance

Organizations requiring assistance in using [E-Services](#) are invited to refer to the [How to register for AMF E-Services - Representatives and future professionals | AMF](#) web page or contact the AMF at 1-877-525-0337.



If an Organization has any doubts concerning the materiality of a reportable Incident, it can consult the person responsible for its file at the AMF or [contact the AMF](#).

## Appendix Electronic services and form



### Introduction page on the E-Services

Home Client File Qualifications Certification Disclosures L004424 - Institutions financières et agents de crédit

Other actions

- Sign in as client
- Contact details
- Contact details
- Follow up on applications/requests
- Reports
- Manage business relationships
- Reporting of information security incidents

Welcome Ariane Proulx

Need Help? Contact Us  
Further information about our on-line services is available from our Information Centre.  
1 877 525-0337 from 9:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.  
[Request for information](#)

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### Introduction page on the E-Services

Home Client File Insurer Complaint Management Other

#### Reporting of information security incidents

Display applications/requests: Active

Application/request	Incident No.	Title	Status	Created on	Last update	Due date
2530148353	123456	Raccoon invasion in the server room	Open	2025-05-06 16:25	2025-05-07 15:14	2025-05-09
2530147732			Open	2025-01-09 11:30	2025-01-09 11:30	

Displaying items 1 - 2 of 2

Home Client File Insurer Complaint Management Other

## Reporting of information security incidents ?

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Step 2 of 9 : Identification of the contact person making the report

**i** This person will be the main point of contact for all specific information requests from the AMF in connection with the incident. The AMF will communicate with this person until the incident is closed in its systems.  
 \* Mandatory field

### Identification of the contact person making the report ?

1. \* Name of the person making the incident report

2. \* Title (or role) of the person making the report and the department or area of the organization the person is attached to

3. \* Business e-mail address to use to contact the person making the report

4. Additional e-mail address (as needed)

5. \* Telephone number to use to contact the person making the report

Home Client File Qualifications Certification Disclosures L004424 - Institutions financières et agents de crédit  
 Other application/request

## Reporting of information security incidents ?

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Step 3 of 9 : Information about the security incident

**i** \* Mandatory field

### Information about the security incident ?

1. \* Unique number assigned to the incident by your organization in its internal incident management

2. Unique numbers (assigned by your organization) of other incidents in your organization, past or present, that may be related to the incident that is the subject of this report

3. \* Title of the incident, as defined in your organization's incident management system

4. \* Please describe the incident in as much detail as possible at this time (including impacts in terms of information's availability, integrity and confidentiality and the nature of the affected data) and the way it was reported or identified within your organization.

5. \* Main type of incident your are reporting

- Business Disruption, System or Execution Failure** Any type of operational incident that disrupts the provision of an entity activities, functions or services
- Compromise (non-disruptive)** Violation of the security of an information system
- Data Breach** Compromise of security that leads to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to data transmitted, stored or otherwise processed
- Financial Theft / Fraud** A deliberate act to obtain unauthorised financial benefit
- Information Disorder** The spread of false or reality-based information, whether malicious or not
- Other** (please describe the type of incident based on the taxonomy used by your organization)

## Incident

6. Is there a possibility that the protection of personal information has been compromised by the incident?

7. Please specify when the incident was detected or reported for the first time within your organization (MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM).

8. Please specify when the incident occurred, if known (MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM).

9. \* Please specify the current status of the incident within your organization:

*The incident may be "Open" (still active within the organization), "Under control" (operations have returned to normal) or "Closed".*  
*You must collect and submit all the required information and close the incident within 30 calendar days of notifying the AMF that the incident is under control.*  
*In order to be able to close an incident, all mandatory information fields required by regulation, including the post-mortem report, must have been completed and submitted using this form. Closing the incident does not signify that all future actions described in the post-mortem report have been implemented. The AMF may require an update on progress in implementing such measures.*

10. Please indicate the date and time the incident was deemed to be under control (MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM).

*Indicate when operations returned to normal within the organization.*

11. Please indicate the date and time the incident was closed (MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM).

*Closing an incident implies that all the information required by this reporting form has been properly documented. The AMF may contact the person making this incident report for clarification about the information submitted or ask for additional information to be submitted using the "Additional information" or "Additional documents" fields of the form.*

12. Please identify all known internal and external parties involved in the incident (e.g., employee or consultant within the organization, recognized malicious organization), including their location, if known, and specify their actions leading up to the incident.  
*It is important to state specifically whether a third party doing business with your organization may be involved in the incident.*  
 Parties involved:

## Incident

13. Please indicate the top levels and other stakeholders in your organization that have been informed of the incident in accordance with the reporting criteria set out in your incident management policy (e.g., senior management, board of directors, CISO).

Level of internal escalation involved in the incident response:

14. Please specify the date and time you reported the incident to any of the following parties:

- Officers or, where applicable, managers
- Third parties to which your organization has entrusted the performance of any part of an activity
- Regulatory bodies
- Person or body responsible under law for the prevention, detection or repression of crime or statutory offences or contractually responsible for providing compensation for injury that may have been caused by the incident
- Commission d'accès à l'information
- Clients or consumers (the time is optional in this case)

Dates and times the incident was reported to the stakeholders prescribed by regulation (MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM):

15. Please name any other financial or non-financial bodies that were informed of the incident (e.g., service providers, investigation specialists, media).

Informed financial or non-financial bodies or authorities:

## Incident's impacts

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Other application/request

### Reporting of information security incidents

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Step 4 of 9 : Information describing the estimated or anticipated impacts or issues caused by the incident

**Mandatory field**

#### Information describing the estimated or anticipated impacts or issues caused by the incident

1. Please indicate the severity of the reported incident based on the criteria set out in your organization's policy.  
*The severity indicates the importance and urgency you attach to resolving the incident. You can also include information on how you determine severity in the "Additional information" or "Additional documents" fields of this form.*

Severe

2. Please indicate the services or areas of activity of your organization that are affected by the reported incident.  
*The type of service and resource, the nature of their criticality for the organization and the type of disruption experienced may all be detailed in this section.*

All services in Montreal are affected, the website is down so we can presume that all the entities are affected. We do not have the whole picture at present. More information to be provided at a later stage.

3. Please describe the nature and volume of clients affected (particularly in Québec), if known, and the transactions involved in the incident as well as their geographical distribution.

Not definitive at present. Needs to be assessed.

4. Please indicate the severity of the following impacts:

Financial impacts: Moderate  
Operational impacts: Major  
Reputational impacts: Major  
Legal or regulatory impacts: Moderate

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## Actions taken to bring the incident under control

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Other application/request

### Reporting of information security incidents

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Step 5 of 9 : Actions taken (ongoing or up to the close of the incident) to bring the incident under control

**Mandatory field**

#### Actions taken (ongoing or up to the close of the incident) to bring the incident under control

1. Please indicate the estimated time it will take, from the time the form is submitted, to bring the incident under control.

3-4 days

2. Nature and origin of the reactions of the various external stakeholders known to date

Undefined at present.

3. Nature and time of dissemination of all external communications issued to date (e.g., notices to persons affected)

Emails to IT, VP, DP and Security sent on 05/05/2025 at 20:30  
Phone calls to Gestion de la Faune on 05/05/2025 at 22:45  
Press release to be prepared to inform the clients (ongoing)

4. Actions taken to control the incident  
*For example, interim procedures and solutions implemented to bring the incident under control.*

Servers from another Center to be used to have the website restored, ongoing.

## Actions taken to bring the incident under control (causes)

### 5. Cause of the incident

Operational failure (third party)

Although several cause may be associated to an incident, please indicate the main cause of the incident. The cause is what allowed the incident to happen (vector or technique used to attack for example).

- **Process design and maintenance** Failure to adequately design or implement processes.
- **Human error** Failure in execution.
- **Design, development, and testing** Failures resulting from improper or inadequate definition of requirements, failure to adhere to requirements during development, implementation errors, and ineffective or atypical testing.
- **Change control (systems)** Changes made to information systems or their configuration by a process lacking appropriate authorisation, review, and rigour.
- **Capacity and performance** Inability to handle a given load or volume of information or inability to complete instructions or process information within acceptable parameters.
- **Maintenance and obsolescence (systems)** Failure resulting from inadequate or insufficient maintenance of information system components, or its operation beyond supported service life.
- **Operational failure (third party)** Failure to meet expectations or contractual obligations for provision of services or goods.
- **Security failure (third party)** Compromise or data breach at third party or within supply chain which adversely affect assets that have value to the institution.
- **Natural hazard** Natural process or phenomenon that may cause various impacts such as property damage, services interruptions or other disruptions.
- **Denial of service** Inability of a user to access an on-line service owing to a spike in the number of requests made to the server hosting the service.
- **Identity theft** Wrongfully obtaining and using another person's personal data in some way that involves fraud or deception, typically for economic gain.
- **Insider threat** A deliberate act from an insider threat to damage, disrupt or gain unauthorised access to assets.
- **Malware** Software designed with malicious intent that can potentially cause harm directly or indirectly to entities or their information systems.
- **Physical manipulation, damage, theft and loss** Actions which adversely affect an entity's assets in the physical environment.
- **Ransomware** Malware that is used to commit extortion by impairing the use of an information system or its information.
- **Resource hijacking** Leveraging the resources of information systems to complete resource-intensive tasks, which may impact systems and/or hosted service availability.
- **Social engineering (including phishing)** A general term for trying to deceive people into revealing information or performing certain actions.
- **Spam** Abuse of electronic messaging systems to indiscriminately send unsolicited bulk messages.
- **Web application targeting** Actions which compromise the cybersecurity of a web-based application or service (e.g. watering hole attack, exploitation of websites, Internet-accessible applications or remote access services violations).
- **Other** (please add the information below).

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## Lessons learned

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Other application/request

### Reporting of information security incidents

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Step 6 of 9 - Other information

Mandatory field

#### Other information

1. Please indicate the lessons learned from analyzing the incident after it was brought under control and other future corrective actions or measures, as applicable. You can also use the "Additional information" or "Additional documents" fields of this form to provide more details.

*The lessons learned and corrective activities provide a detailed description of all vulnerabilities and the actions to be taken to address them. Contemplated corrective actions to be taken and the estimated date of completion for each action will be used to monitor progress and then assess whether the root causes have been appropriately addressed. The AMF may require an update on progress in implementing these actions.*

To be provided later

2. Please provide, after the incident has been brought under control within your organization, your estimate of the residual risk and the likelihood of this incident occurring again, considering the lessons learned and the planned corrective actions to address it.

To be provided at a later stage

3. Please use this field to provide additional information or respond to requests for clarification from the AMF.

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## Reporting of information security incidents ?

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Step 7 of 9 : Supporting documents required

**Warning:** Credit Card – For security reasons, do not indicate credit card numbers in electronic documents you submit to the AMF.

**Info:** You can use this page to send the supporting documents associated with this report.

### Supporting documents required ?

**Documents – Security incident notification**

Documents supporting the application/request

Reset Previous Save and next

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## Reporting of information security incidents ?

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Step 9 of 9 : Confirmation of delivery

### Confirmation of delivery ?

We have received your information security incident notification. An acknowledgment of receipt will be sent to your Secure Message Inbox.

If the status of your incident notification is:

- « Open » : You must notify the AMF of developments within three calendar days by updating and resending this notice;
- « Under control » : You must complete all the fields of the incident notification and close it within thirty calendar days from the time you notified the AMF that the incident was under control.

When reporting any changes to the AMF, preference should be given to updating your incident report. However, if at any time you must communicate with the AMF, you may do so using the reference numbers below.

Client No.: 2700011947  
Application/request No.: 2530148353

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### Reporting of information security incidents

Display applications/requests: Active Display

Application/request	Incident No.	Title	Status	Created on	Last update	Due date
2530148353	123456	Raccoon invasion in the server room	Open	2025-05-06 16:25	2025-05-06 16:25	2025-05-09
2530147732			Open	2025-01-09 11:30	2025-01-09 11:30	

Displaying items 1 - 2 of 2

Your selection

Application/request No.  Title  Submission history

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### Reporting of information security incidents

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Step 8 of 9 : Transmission

**i** Use this page of the form to send your application to the AMF. Please read the statement, then tick the box to confirm that the information you provided is accurate. Before submitting your application, print out a copy and review it. Keep the printed copy for your files.

When you have completed your application and reviewed it to ensure that all information is accurate, click on Submit.

\* Mandatory field

**Declaration on information provided** ?

I declare that the information provided herein is accurate.

**Warning** ?

Please check your application carefully. Once it is submitted, you will not be able to cancel or modify it.

Reset Previous Print your application Submit