Morning Chronicle,

COMMERCIAL AND SHIPPING GAZETTE.

XX.] QUEBEC, MONDAY, APRIL 2ND, 1866. [NO. 8144

FOR SALE or TO LET

To Let,

THE DOUBLE OFFICES lately occupied by Gillespie & Co., on Gillespie's Wharf.
Apply to
ARCHER, LEDUC & CO.
Quebec, June 15, 1865.

Hall's Hair Renewer.

Hall's Hair Renewer.

As the name indicates, it not only renews the growth of the hair when thin and falling off, but it positively renews the colour to its original shade when it is turning grey or white, whether caused by disease, grief or old age. It will certainly do what is claimed

Hall's Hair Renewer.

for it, a fact which hundreds, nay, thousands who have used it are ready to testify. Where one bottle is fairly used, in any community, its reputation "spreads like wild-fire," and is the best advertisement and recommendation we desire In

Hall's Hair Renewer.

the Eastern States, where the "RENEWER" originated, it is used by all young ladies as a dressing, and it is to be found on the toilet tables of young men (also at their barbers); while older men and women will not be without it, as a renewer and

Hall's Hair Renewer.

restorative for their grey locks and bald seads, which it changes to their entire satisfaction.

We are selling, in the city of Boston alone, upwards of 16,000 bottles per month, the dealers giving the "Renewer"

Hall's Hair Renewer

the preference over all other hair preparations. Its effect is miraculous. The old, middle-aged and young unite in praising its virtues. It is an entirely scientific discovery, combining many of the best restoratives in the vegetable kingdom. It

Hall's Hair Renewer.

will restore grey hair. It will restore dry, faded and discolored hair to its original color, and change dry, brash, wiry hair into beautiful silken tresses. We have such confidence in its merits, and are so sure that it will do all that we claim for

Hall's Hair Renewer.

it, that we offer $1,000 reward if the Hair Renewer does not give satisfaction in all cases, when used according to the directions. We claim as follows: It will restore the hair to its former natural color. It will keep the hair from falling out. It

Hall's Hair Renewer.

will cleanse the scalp. It will leave the hair lustrous, silken and glossy. As its name indicates, it will renew the growth and color of the hair. It is liked by all who use it, and it is a splendid hair dressing. It is rapidly increasing in popularity

Hall's Hair Renewer.

everywhere, such as no other preparation for the same purpose has ever enjoyed, simply because it effects the changes we claim for it—an unequalled Hair Restorer and Hair Dressing. To prove it, try a bottle.

R. P. HALL & CO. Proprietors, Nashua, N. H.

JOHN F. HENRY & CO., Wholesale Agents, 618 (old No. 303), St. Paul Street, Montreal, C. E.

Aug. 3, 1865.

Sons of Temperance.

THE ST. LAWRENCE DIVISION meets every FRIDAY evening, at EIGHT o'clock, in the TEMPERANCE HALL, St. Francis Street, Upper Town. Brothers from a distance, visiting the City, are cordially invited to visit the Division.

Any information with regard to the order will be cheerfully given by Mr. Alex. Sneaton, Palace Street; George James Daff, No 2 Gouillard Street; and by Sergeant R. W. Robertson, Army Hostal Corps, St. Louis Street.

By order,
J. MOORE, W. P.
Quebec, May 15, 1865.

OHN LINDSAY. W. J. S. HOLWELL.

Lindsay & Holwell

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS, CIVIL ENGINEERS, AND
DRAUGHTSMEN,
Office, No. 35. St. Ann Street,
DR. MARSDEN'S BUILDIGS
UPPER TO , QUEBEC.

Plans of Chaudiere Gold regions.
Quebec, Aug. 2, 1865 ap 24-1m

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS!

LADIES' MINK TIES, MUFFS, &c,
FUR COATS,
SLEIGH ROBES,
MOCCASINS,
SNOW-SHOES,
TOBOGGANS,
At low prices from date
HENDERSON, RENFREW & CO.,
Beade Street.
Quebec, Dec. 20, 1865.

Messrs. MUSSON & CO.,

Sole Agents for Sale of

Dr. Chable's Medicines,

IN THE CANADAS.

THESE Medicines are now largely used in the Parisian Hospitals, in the treatment of

SPECIFIC DISEASES.

All information can be given at Messrs. M. & Co. with regard to their mode of administration, and the several diseases in which they have been used with great success.

Dr. Chable's Blood Purifier

Is truly a valuable remedy for all Syphilitic diseases, and his

Syrup of the Citrate of Iron

Has proved to be a specific, and an agreeable substitute for Sol. Copaiba.

DR. FORGET'S SYRUP,

A speedy cure for Coughs, Colds, Influenza and Nervous Irritation of Bronchial Tubes.
Quebec, Dec. 18, 1865. 1zm-1o

Parsons' Coal Oil.

60 BARRELS No. 1 Pennsylvania Coal Oil daily expected, and
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, Feby. 6, 1866.

For Sale,

25 BARRELS SPIRITS TURPENTINE,
10 Barrels Rosin,
25 Barrels Southern Green Pitch,
10 Qr.-casks Double Boiled Linseed Oil,
25 Qr.-casks Olive Oil,
25 Qr.-casks Pale Seal Oil,
50 Qr.-casks No. 1 Parsons' Coal Oil.
For sale by
LANE, GIBB & CO.
Quebec, March 19, 1866. 1m

The Leading Perfume of the Age.

FROM FRESH-CULLED FLOWERS.

MURRAY & LANMANS'

CELEBRATED

Florida Water.

This exquisite Perfume is prepared direct from Blooming Tropical Flowers, of surpassing fragrance. Its aroma is almost inexhaustible; while its influence on the SKIN is most refreshing, imparting a Delightful Buoyancy to the over-taxed Body and Mind, particularly when mixed with the water of the Bath. For

Fainting Turns, Nervousness, Headache, Debility and Hysteria,

It is a sure and speedy relief. With the very *elite* of fashion it has for 25 years maintained its ascendancy over all other perfumes, throughout the West Indies, Cuba, Mexico, and Central and South America, and we confidently recommend it as an article which, for soft delicacy of Flavor, richness of bouquet and permanency, has no equal. It will also remove from the skin

Roughness, Blotches, Sun Burn, Freckles and Pimples.

It is as delicious as the Opto of Roses, and lends freshness and beautiful transparency to the complexion. Diluted with water it makes the best dentifrice, imparting a pearly whiteness to the teeth; it also removes all smarting or pain after shaving.

COUNTERFEITS.

Beware of imitations. Look for the name of Murray & Lanman on the bottle, wrapper and ornamented label.

Prepared only by
LANMAN & KEMP,
Wholesale Druggists,
New York.

And sold by all Druggists and Perfumers everywhere

Bristol's Sarsaparilla,

In Quart Bottles,

The Great Purifier of the Blood!

Is particularly recommended for use during

SPRING AND SUMMER,

When the blood is thick, the circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be used daily as

A DIET DRINK

by all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine and original reparation for

THE PERMANENT CURE

—OF THE—

Most Dangerous and Obstinate Forms of *Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,*

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

Salt Rheum, Ring Worm, Tetter, Scald Head Scurvy.

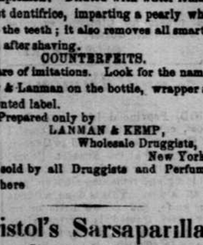
It is guaranteed to be the *Purest and Most Powerful Preparation of* GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA, and is the only TRUE and RELIABLE CURE for SYPHILIS, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(VEGETABLE)

Sugar-Coated



PILLS,

The Great Cure for all Diseases of the

Liver, Stomach and Bowels,

Put up in Glass Phials, and *warranted to Keep in any Climate.*

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in all cases arising from depraved humors or impure blood. The most hopeless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, Dropsy, and Piles.

The GENUINE to be had at the following Agents for Quebec:—J. Musson & Co., J. S. Bowen, J. E. Burke, Bowles & McLeod, E. Giroux, O. Giroux, W. E. Brunet, R. Dugal, J. H. Marsh, J. W. McLeod, J. B. Martel & Co., J. J. Beldon, and for sale by all the leading druggists everywhere.
June 23, 1865.

SEAL OIL.

20 BARRELS SEAL OIL. For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, June 20, 1865.

Union Bank

—OF—

LOWER CANADA.

THE Board of Directors hereby give notice that the undernoted instalments of the Subscribed Shares of the Bank will become payable at the offices of the Bank in Quebec or at the Merchants' Bank in Montreal:

Ten per Cent. on 1st March next.
Ten per Cent. on 1st May next.
Ten per Cent. on 1st July next.
Ten per Cent. on 1st November next.

By order,
W. DUNN,
Cashier.
Quebec, Dec. 29, 1865.

Union Bank

—OF—

LOWER CANADA.

THE BOOKS of the Bank will be open for the transfer of Shares on and after the FIRST day of MARCH next.

W. DUNN,
Cashier.
Quebec, Dec. 29, 1865.

New Goods

NEW GOODS!

—AT—

MRS. SIMON LEVY'S

A very large assortment of Handsome China and Glass,
Handsome Dinner and Dessert Sets,
Ornaments, Vases, Toilet Bottles and Toilet Sets in all styles,
Rich Cut Glass Chandeliers and Lanthorns,
Rodgers' and Harrison's Table and Pocket Cutlery,
Block Tin Dish Covers,
Plated Cake Baskets and Butter Coolers,
Cruet, Liquor, Pickle, Soy and Egg Frames,
Coffee and Tea Sets, Candlesticks,
Dish and Dish Covers, Epergnes and Sides,
Salt, Ink and Bottle Stands, Mustard Pots,
Toast Racks, Waiters, Cups, Spoons and Forks, &c, &c.

Mrs L. calls particular attention to her large Stock of Meerschaum, Brior, Cherry and Fancy Pipes, Cigar Holders, Pouches, Cigar Cases, Ash Pans, &c, &c.

No. 1, John Street.

Quebec, Janv. 30, 1866.

Christmas

—AND—

NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS.

T. Laidlaw & Co.

BEG to call special attention to the following Goods, which they are selling at a large discount on former prices:

Plain and Fancy Silks, French Reps,
French Merinoes, Double Twilled Cobourgs,
New Huntly Cloths, Fancy Mohairs,
Plain and Fancy Winceys,
Ladies' Mantles and Jackets, in Plain and Fancy Cloths,
Ladies' Lawn Handkerchiefs (in Fancy Boxes),
Kid Gloves, Lace Veils, Clouds, Fancy Neck Ties, &c.
A large lot of Garibaldi Jackets, Breakfast Shawls, Shetland Veils and Woollen Hoods, at half price.

In the Gentlemen's Department we have a large assortment of Neck Ties, Scarfs, Fancy Flannel Shirts, Kid and Cloth Mits and Gloves, Lawn and Silk Handkerchiefs, Dress Shirts, Collars, Braces, &c. &c.

T. LAIDLAW & CO.,
23, St. John Street.
Quebec, Dec. 25, 1865.

Piano and Table COVERS.

WE are now showing a very beautiful and select stock of Piano and Table Covers in Cloth and Damasks.

—ALSO—

New Window Muslins.

T. LAIDLAW & CO,
23, St. John Street.
Quebec, Dec. 25, 1865.

Notice.

AT the next Session of the Legislature the Quebec Marine Insurance Company will apply for power to transact the business of Fire Insurance, and for other amendments to their Charter.

A. FRASER,
Secretary.
Quebec, March 6, 1866.

Bricks! Bricks!

100,000 BRICKS.

For sale by
PRISQUE HUOT,
Grocer,
Bridge Street.
Quebec, March 3, 1866. 1m

FRESH FRUIT.

Now receiving per "Moravian:"

20 BARRELS CURRANTS,
10 Cases Fresh Figs,
100 Boxes Valentia Raisins,
150 do Layer do
100 do Bunch do
And for sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, Feby. 27, 1866.

JAPAN TEA.

4 HALF-CHESTS now receiving ex "Belgian," and for sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, Feby. 27, 1866.

NOTICE.

HAVING been appointed AGENTS by the DUC DE MONTEBELLO (*Chateau de Hautvilliers sur Ay Champagne*) for the sale of his Wines here, we are prepared to take orders and furnish such quantities of the above-mentioned Champagne as may be required.

We have in bond a stock of this favorite brand of Champagne, which we now offer for sale.

Samples may be seen at our office.
SANDERSON, SEWELL & CO.,
No 20, St. Paul Street.
Quebec, Dec. 18, 1865.

DON'T FORGET

Mrs. Bickell's

Indian Salve,

FOR the cure of SWELLINGS and ABSCESSES in the Breast, WHITLOWS WOUNDS, BOILS, FESTERS, BEALINGS, REEF, to which children are subject, in their head, ERUPTIONS on the skin, ULCERS and long-standing SORES.

It needs only to be tried to be appreciated. It is easy, sure and expeditious. Certificates of effectual cures can be seen. For sale in boxes at 50 cents and 25 cents each, at No. 33, St. John Street, Upper Town.
Quebec, Sept. 25, 1865. 6m

Mail Steamers to France

DIRECT.

The General Transatlantic Company's New Line of First-Class Side-Wheel Steamships between New York and Havre

THE First Five splendid vessels intended to be put up on this favourite route for the Continent, are the following:—

WASHINGTON....3,204 tons..900 horse-power.
LAFAYETTE.....3,204 tons..900 horse-power.
EUROPA.....3,204 tons..900 horse-power.
NAPOLEON III, Nearly ready, 1100 horse-power
ST LAURENT.....Building.....Great power.
PEREIRE.....Building.....Great power.
VILLE DE PARIS....Building.....Great power.

Until the completion of the entire list, the service will be performed by the

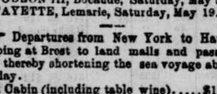
WASHINGTON, Saimont, Saturday, April 7.
PERCIRE, Duchesne, Saturday, April 21.
NAPOLEON III, Bocaude, Saturday, May 5.
LAFAYETTE, Lemarie, Saturday, May 19.

☞ Departures from New York to Havre, stopping at Brest to land mails and passengers, thereby shortening the sea voyage about one day.

First Cabin (including table wine).....$135.
Second Cabin (including table wine), $70 or $60.
Quebec to Paris.....$83, $93 or $148
Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

☞ Medical attendance free of charge.
For freight or passage apply to
DONALD R. MacLEOD,
Commercial Chambers,
19½ Peter Street, Quebec.

At Paris, 12 Boul'd des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, Messrs. William Iselin & Co.
At New York, Geo. Macoenie, Esq.
Quebec, March 21, 1866.



DEPARTMENT ORDER,
[No. 65.]

Post Office Department,

Ottawa, 21st December, 1865.

Patterns and Samples by Post within the Province of Canada.

ON and from the 1st January, 1866, Patterns or Samples of Merchandize and Goods for sale may be posted in Canada to be forwarded to any place within the Province, on prepayment by Postage Stamp of a rate of one cent per ounce, under the following regulations;

1. Patterns or Samples must be sent in covers open at the ends, so as to be easy of examination. Samples, however, of seeds, drugs and so forth, which cannot be sent in open covers, may be enclosed in bags of linen or other material, fastened in such a manner that they may be readily opened—or in bags entirely closed, provided that they be transparent, so that the Officers of the Post Office may be able to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents.

2. The Packet may bear on the *outside* the address of the sender in addition to the address of the person for whom it may be intended—also a trade mark and numbers, and the price of the article enclosed—*inside*, there must be no enclosure but the samples or patterns themselves—the particulars however of the trade marks, numbers and price may be marked on the articles themselves, instead of on the outside of the Packet, at the option of the sender.

3. Any Sample or Pattern Packet containing a letter, or otherwise violating the conditions of this preceding rules, is to be rated and treated as a letter.

4. The rate of 1 cent per ounce is to be prepaid by Postage Stamp—and if such rate be not fully prepaid by the stamps affixed—the packet is to be rated with the deficient postage and a fine of 5 cents in addition, thus:

Deficient postage.... cents.
Fine ..... 5 cents.
more to pay.

The amount of such charge is to be entered in the unpaid column of the Letter still against the Office of delivery.

5. Packets of samples and Patterns may be registered on prepayment by Postage stamp of a Registration fee of 5 cents in addition to the postage rate—and provided such Packets be duly handed in to the Post Office for Registration.

A Registration receipt or certificate should always be given for such Packets when presented for Registration.

6. No Packet of Samples or Patterns must exceed one pound in weight—any packet exceeding that weight is to be sent to the Postmaster General.

Postmasters will remember that these Regulations apply only to the transmission of Packets of Samples and Patterns within the Province of Canada, and will not, in any manner, interfere with the Regulations governing the exchange of Samples and Patterns with the United Kingdom, or with the Foreign countries, to which the same advantage extends, namely: France, Belgium, Italy, German States (Austria, Prussia, Hanover, Saxony, Bavaria, &c.) and Denmark.

No provision as yet exists for the exchange of such matter with the other British Provinces or Colonies, with the United States or with other Foreign Countries than those above named.

W. P. HOWLAND,
Postmaster General.
Janv. 31, 1866.

Mont Louis

SEIGNORY.

THE undersigned, having acquired, by purchase from his father, the SEIGNORY of MONT LOUIS, situated on the South Shore of the River St. Lawrence, in the District of Gaspé, is now prepared to sell, and lease, fishing and other lots.

This property is in free and common soccage, has a frontage of eleven miles, and nine miles in depth, is one of the best fishing stations on the St. Lawrence, and the land suitable for agricultural purposes, being fertile and free from rock.

There is a Chapel and Grist Mill on the property; and a quantity of land, on the different Bays and Rive s, has been surveyed.

For further particulars, apply to
THOS. FRASER,
India Wharf,
Quebec.
Quebec, Feby 22, 1866. 6m

SYRUP OF Canada Balsam

Valuable Canadian Remedy

FOR

Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, Consumptions, &c.

THIS is undoubtedly the best Medicine ever yet offered to the public, and may be given to Children of a week old with the Greatest Safety, and most desired effect.

Certificates can be shown of its efficacy in having Cured Colds of several years' standing, that had resisted all the different remedies tried.

Prepared only and Sold Wholesale and Retail by JNO. MUSSON & CO., Sole Proprietors and Patentees in North America.

JNO. MUSSON & CO.
Quebec, Feby. 22, 1866. nov 4-6m

Extra Fine Moyune Hyson

40 HALF-CHESTS now receiving ex "North American."
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, March 7, 1866.

City of Quebec Agricultural Society.

THE Society's imported thorough-bred Stud Horse "Canwell," by "Stockwell," out of "Maybell," will stand for the service of Mares from the 1st March to the 15th July next, at the stables of Mr. RICHARD NEVILLE, corner of Croix and Amable Streets, St. Lewis Suburbs.

The subscription list is now opened at the office of the undersigned, where orders for service can be procured, at $10 for each mare for the season and $1 to the groom.

W. MOORE,
Secretary-Treasurer,
Quebec Chambers, Peter Street.
Quebec, Feby. 26, 1866. 3m

Steam Engines, &c.,

FOR SALE.

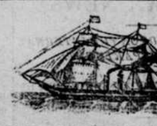
THE undersigned have two small Steam Engines of six and eight horse power, which will be sold cheap; also, two Turbine Water Wheels, one of twenty inches, and the other of thirty-six inches diameter

Always on hand and for sale: Bark Mills for tanners, Cast Iron Railing, Racks, &c., for stables, Ploughs and other Agricultural Implements, Sugar Mills, Water Sinks, Stove Pipe Rings, Stoves, Fire-grates, Pumps, and a variety of other useful articles generally used. Castings of Iron and Brass made at the lowest rate. Old Iron and Brass taken in exchange.

A. LEARMONTH & CO.
Quebec, Feby. 13, 1866.

Oils, Paints, &c.

75 QR.-CASKS Double Boiled Linseed Oil,
30 Qr.-casks Olive Oil,
25 do Pale Seal Oil,
100 Kegs No. 1 Blundell's White Lead,
500 do Blundell's Zinc No. 1,
200 do Black and Red Paint,
25 Casks Rosin
400 Boxes Window Glass, assorted sizes.
For sale by
LANE, GIBB & CO.
Quebec, Feby. 10. 1866 1m



British and North American ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,

Appointed by the Admiralty to sail between

LIVERPOOL AND NEW YORK

Via CORK HARBOR, and between

Liverpool & Boston

Via CORK HARBOR.

The Boston Ships only calling at HALIFAX to land and receive Passengers and Her Majesty's Mails.

JAVA.....R. R. Moodie.
CUBA.....J. Stone.
SCOTIA.....C. H. E. Judkins.
PENSIA.....E. G. Lott.
CHINA.....E. M Hockly.
AUSTRALASIAN.....T. Cook.
ASIA.....R. Inglis.
AFRICA.....J. P. Anderson.
CANADA.....Thos. Small.
EUROPA.....J. Leitch.

The under-noted or other vessels are appointed to sail

FROM AMERICA:

SCOTIA.....New York.....Janv. 24
ASIA.....Boston.....Janv. 31
JAVA.....New York.....Feby. 7
AFRICA.....Boston.....Feby. 14
AUSTRALASIAN..New York.....Feby. 21

The Fares will be—

From New York to Liverpool:
Chief Cabin Passage.....$132 50
Second " " 80 00

From Boston to Liverpool:
Chief Cabin Passage..... 112 00
Second " " 65 00

From Boston to Halifax:
Chief Cabin Passage..... 20 00
Second " " 15 00

Payable in Gold or its equivalent in United States Currency

The Ships carry experienced Surgeons.

No Berth will be secured until paid for.

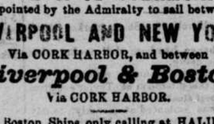
No freight will be received after 3 o'clock, P.M., on the day before sailing.

☞ Parcels for different consignees collected and made up in single packages addressed to one party for delivery, for the purpose of evading freight, will upon the examination by the customs be charged with proper freight.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewellery, Precious Stones, or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed.

NOTE.—All *Letters and Newspapers* MUST PASS through the Post Office. Merchandize and Specie (except for personal expenses) shipped under the name of LUGGAGE, will be charged as freight, and liable to Custom House regulations. Specie taken as freight.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. C. & I. G. BATES,
Agents,
No. 103 State street, Boston.
Janv. 18, 1866.



The North German LLOYD'S STEAMSHIP LINE,

Carrying the United States Mails.

Steamships will sail from BREMEN PIER, foot of THIRD STREET, HOBOKEN,

For Bremen, via Southampton,

Taking Passengers to

London, Havre, Southampton and Bremen,

At the following rates, payable in gold or its equivalent in currency:

First cabin, $105; second cabin, $62 50; steerage, $37 50.

From Bremen to New York—First cabin, $112 50; second cabin, $80; steerage, $45.

The Steamships of this line will run, Oct. 21, in the following order:

AMERICA will leave New York November 18
NEW YORK " " December 2
BREMEN " " 16
HANSA " " 30

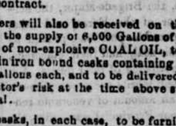
For freight or passage, apply to
J. SCHUMACHER & CO.,
18 Custom House Street,
Boston.
Nov. 13, 1865.

Private Bills.

PARTIES in Canada East intending to make application to the Legislature for Private or Local Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, for regulating surveys or boundaries, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 53rd and following Rules of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly respectively, (which are published in full in the *Canada Gazette*,) to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the *Canada Gazette*, in English and French, and also in a newspaper published in each language in the District affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office of each House.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

J. E. DOUCET, *Clk. of Private Bills, L. Council.*
A. TODD, *Chf. Clk. Private Bill Office, L. Assembly.*
Ottawa, Feby. 23, 1866. feb 26



Light House

SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until noon of FRIDAY, the FIRST of JUNE next, for the supply of 650 Gallons of the best quality of winter pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Light Houses above Lachine, one-third of which must be from head matter, which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and other two-thirds at 34°, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and, if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on the wharf near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day, on or about the first day of July next, as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 6,500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron bound casks containing from 20 to 50 gallons each, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL

WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Light House supplies, consisting of about 160 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Light House stations, situate on the River St. Lawrence and Inland Lakes, namely: on Lakes St Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodation will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm Oil," "Tender for Coal Oil" and "Tender for delivery of Light House Supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 3rd March, 186 . mch 8-12

The London Journal

THE Best, Cheapest, Largest and most Beautifully Illustrated Publication ever issued, having a Greater Circulation than that of any other periodical in the world. Its Contents embrace the best works of

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March 6, 1866 52-2o

Scotch Whisky, &c.

STEWART'S WHISKY in quarter-casks and cases,
Bernard's Ginger Wine in cases,
Bernard's Old Tom in cases,
McLaren's Ginger Wine in cases,
Bitters, Cigars and Tobacco, 10's.
For sale, in bond or duty paid, by
DONALD R. MacLEOD.
Quebec, Feby. 27, 1866.

Tessier & Delage,

NOTARIES,

No. 4, D'AIGUILLON STREET,

St. John's Suburbs.

CY. TESSIER,
J. B. DELAGE.
Quebec, Feby. 5, 1866. 3m

Dwellings to Let.

THE comfortable three-story Stone Dwelling in the West end of Clapham Terrace, now occupied by A. Jorgenson, Esq.

Brick House, Glacis Street, now occupied by Mr. R. Parnel.

Brick House in Amable Street, now occupied by Mrs. Cochrane.

A. JOSEPH,
or E. G. CANNON, N.P.
Quebec, Feby. 19, 1866. 3o

To Let,

POSSESSION on the 1st May next, those two comfortable HOUSES, forming the corners of Laval, Ste. Monique and St. George Streets, U. T., now occupied by P. Doucet, Chas. Poston and Geo. Lamb, Esqrs.

Apply to
R. C. TANGUAY,
L. G. BAILLARGE, Esq's, Office,
St. Lewis Street.
Quebec, Feby. 6, 1866. tf

TO LET.

THE Foundry, Wharf and Warehouse lately in the occupation of the Grand Trunk Railway Company. This property is connected by Rail with the Grand Trunk Railway, and possesses accommodation for storing Coal, Lumber and Salt.

Apply to
R. W. LONGMUIR,
Secretary,
Quebec Warehouse Company,
South Quebec.
Feby. 2, 1866.

School Rooms

TO BE LET.

Enquire at the
NATIONAL SCHOOL HOUSE,
Esplanade Hill.
Quebec, Feby. 24, 1866.

For Sale,

A VACANT LOT at Diamond Harbor, with solid foundations, also, deep water lot in rear, with wharf having 27 feet depth of water at low tide. For the deep-water lot there are Letters Patent.

Apply to
THOMAS BURNS,
Proprietor;
or to JOHN DOYLE,
Notary,
17, Peter Street.
Quebec, Feby. 9, 1866.

Houses to Let,

ON Garden Street, Upper Town, Quebec, Nos. 13 & 15½, near the Court House and St. Lewis Street, desirable situations for Professional Offices or private residences, furnished with Water, Gas, &c., complete.

Apply to
E. G. CANNON, Notary;
Or to the proprietor,
ED. BURROUGHS, Esq.
Quebec, Feby. 7, 1866.

TO LET,

The House and Premises, on the same road, now occupied by H. Dioning, Esq., opposite the Ladies' Protestant Home.

Both the above residences are fitted with every modern improvement, and have convenient stables and outbuildings.

Apply to
W. D. CAMPBELL,
Notary,
14, St. Peter Street.
Quebec, Feby. 6, 1866. tf

To be Let,

THE comfortable Dwelling, at the East end of Clapham Terrace, Grande Allée, now occupied by the subscriber.

E. L. MONTIZAMBERT.
Quebec, Feby. 28, 1866. tf

TO LET,

THE House and Shop No. 5, St. John Street. Large and commodious premises.

Apply to
WM. WALKER,
Official Estate A. Peebles.
Quebec, Feby. 6, 1866.

To Let.

THREE OFFICES to let at Pointe a Carey place, opposite the Exchange.

Apply to
C. & W. WURTELE.
Quebec, Feby. 6, 1866. tf

TO LET,

FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, corner of St. Eustache and St. Joachim Streets St. John Suburbs, occupied for several years by J. T. Harrower, Esq., gas and water fittings, patent water closet, &c.

Small House adjoining on St. Joachim Street, occupied for many years by Mr. Sampson Rent low.

—ALSO—

Shop and Dwelling (together or separate) in Cul-de-Sac Street, suitable for Grocery or Dry-Goods, together with Vaults in rear.

Apply to
CHAS. McDONALD & SON,
Upper Town Market.
Quebec, Feby. 6, 1866.

TO LET,

THE residence of the late Hon Justice Morin, Ste. Ursule Street, at present occupied by Rev. Mr. Innes. Possession first of May.

Apply to
M. CONNOLLY,
8, Esplanade.
Quebec, Feby. 6, 1866. tf

TO LET,

THE HOUSE and STORE, in St. John Street (within), for many years occupied by Mr. John Teaffe, as a Grocery Establishment. Possession on the first May next.

—ALSO—

The HOUSE and STORE adjoining the above, for the last few years occupied by Mr. Gross, Truss-maker. Possession on the first May next. A new front will be erected to suit tenants if desired.

Apply to Mr. JOHN TEAFFE, St. John Street; or to
GEO. H. PARKE.
Ringfield, Feby. 7, 1866.

To Let,

NO. 1, Hartford Terrace, St. Eustache Street, adjoining the Glacis, nine rooms, water, patent water closets, &c., &c., with garden, if desired.

Apply to
E. G. CANNON,
Notary.
or to J. T. C. MURPHY,
On the premises.
Quebec, Feby. 2, 1866.

To Let,

A FIRST-CLASS Double Office, with fire-proof safe, in Victoria Chambers, now occupied by W. Walker, Esq.

A four-story Wooden Store on St. Paul Street, with a good double office and fire-proof safe, now occupied by J. Lord, Esq.

A three-story Stone Building on St. Paul Street, now occupied by Messrs. P. & E. Garneau.

At the end of St. Peter Street, a part of a Wooden Store and Shed, now occupied by H. Dubord, Esq.

Also—a large Ship-yard, now occupied by Messrs. Patterson & Shaw.

Apply to
J. B. RENAUD.
Quebec, Feby. 5, 1866.

For Sale or to be Let

TO LET,

THAT commodious and desirable Residence, "Teviot House," St. Foy Road, with six acres of land attached.

For particulars, apply to
R. S. CASSELS,
Bank of Upper Canada.
Quebec, Feby. 5, 1866.

To Let,

Possession on the 1st April next, if required,

THE DWELLING HOUSE situated above the Stores heretofore occupied by Messrs. Bowen and Maitz, Nos. 13 & 14, Buade Street, containing eleven rooms. The house is supplied with gas and water, and is being thoroughly renovated and repaired, and is, from its central position, admirably adapted for a Private Boarding House.

For terms, &c., apply to
PANET & HUOT,
Notaries,
Place d'Armes.
Quebec, Feby. 16, 1866

Comfortable Tenements in the Upper Town to Let.

THE Fire Brick House, corner of St. George and Laval Streets, now occupied by Miss St Laurent The Stone House, two stories, west side of St. George Street, now occupied by Messrs. Ahern & Tweddell; and the two stories Stone House, near the head of St. Ann Street, south side, now occupied by O. Murphy, Esq.

Apply to the undersigned Notary.
S. I. GLACKEMEYER, N.P.
Quebec, Feby. 8, 1866.

To Let,

TWO of those neat Brick Houses in Berthelot Street, near Grande Allée.

Apply to
SAMUEL CORNELL,
Proprietor.
or to W. BIGNELL.
Quebec, Feby. 9, 1866. tf

For Sale or to Let,

THE ST. CHARLES SHIP-YARD, with all the Buildings thereon erected, with immediate possession.

Apply to
GEO. H. PARKE.
Ringfield, Feby. 7, 1866.

To Let,

THE Upper Part of the House, in Fabrique Street, occupied by Mr. Ashworth, comprising 12 or 15 rooms.

For terms, &c., apply to
E. H. BLAIS,
or to E. G. CANNON,
Notary.
Quebec, Feby. 6, 1866.

TO LET.

FROM the 1st May next, a comfortable Cottage on the St. Lewis Road, near the Toll Gate, recently occupied by Mr. Time.

—ALSO,—

Dwelling House No. 4, Richmond Square, with immediate possession, if required.

Apply to
JOS. ARCHER,
or E. G. CANNON, N.P
Quebec, Janv. 26, 1866.

To be Let,

A COMFORTABLE DWEL

versy, as neither party is disposed to yield or compromise.

The lady has retained Hon. James F. McCormick, of Pennsylvania, Col. George W. Stevens, of Hannibal, Mo., formerly of the firm of McCormick and Stephens, in Pennsylvania, Arthur B. Wilson, Esq., formerly resident of the same town as the defendant in Iowa, and one of the leading lawyers in St. Louis. It is reported that the defendant has retained the services of Hon. L. T. Peckham, Colonel Simon P. Metcalf, and one of the leading lawyers of St. Joseph. We trust the West will be spared the disgusting revelation of a case more appropriate for eastern gossip.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

No old advertisements inserted in this List.

La Banque National.—F Vezina.
A Bunch of Keys Lost.
A Sum of Money Lost—Dr Hunt.
Cancers and Tumours—Dr Wood.
W Hudson, deceased—Jackson & Wilson.
Insolvent Act of 1864—A Fraser.
Eastern Townships Mining Co of Quebec—J Childs.
20,000 Agents Wanted—E W Losey & Co.
Quebec Post Office—J Sewell.
Shop to Let—N Turcot.
Literary and Historical Society—W Couper.
Worthington's Great Sale of Books, &c., now going on.
Cottage to be Let—G Chapman.
Safe for Sale—H Ross.
Notice—H S Scott and others
Grove Cottage to Let—A Simons.
Sale of Household Furniture, &c—Casey & Co
Sale of Books—F H Hall
Sale of Real Estate—A J Maxham & Co.

QUEBEC POST OFFICE

2ND OF APRIL, 1866.

MAILS for United Kingdom per Canadian Line via Portland will be closed during APRIL every Friday at.....4.00 p.m

Supplementary Bag at.....5.00 p.m

Per Cunard Line, via New York, on SATURDAYS, the 14th and 28th of April, at.....5.00 p.m

And via Boston, with Mails for Halifax, Newfoundland and Bermuda, on Saturdays, the 7th and 21st of April, at.....5.00 p.m

All letters posted for Supplementary Bags must be prepaid by Stamps.

All registered letters MUST BE PREPAID and posted fifteen minutes before the hours at which mails are advertised to be closed.

J. SEWELL,
Postmaster.

Quebec, April 2, 1866.

PERRY DAVIS'
VEGETABLE
PAIN KILLER
AT THE OLD PRICE.
Beware of Counterfeits and Worthless Imitations.

Morning Chronicle.

QUEBEC, APRIL 2, 1866.

THE CHRONICLE is for sale at Mr. Holiwell's, opposite the Post Office; Mr. Miller's, Peter Street; Mr. Gale's, George Street; and at Mrs. Wensley's, Post Office, South Quebec.

SEE FIRST PAGE.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The *Globe* thus refers to the dismissal of the Volunteers from active service: The city was excited, yesterday morning, by the rumor that orders had been received from Headquarters for the disbanding of the Volunteer Force now on duty here. The news proved for once to be true—and, by Saturday night, the whole body of citizen soldiers, who have so enlivened our streets for a fortnight past, will have laid down their arms and returned to their peaceful avocations. We are not of those who have believed that a Fenian invasion, in force, was to be provided against; but we have supposed that a raid on our frontier might possibly be attempted as a cover for the disappearance of the money extracted from their dupes by Sweeny, Roberts & Co. Such a raid might have entailed serious trouble between the Provinces and the United States—and it was a wise policy in the Government to call out such a force, promptly, as would give assurance to all intending raiders that a warm reception was before them. The call of the Government was responded to in a manner that not only accomplished all that was desired from it—but that has in many ways produced the most happy results. Tenders of service from large bodies of men in all parts of the country poured in upon the Government—the whole people of Canada have united as one man in favor of the movement—and had there been need for it, the entire available strength of the country would have been speedily under arms. But the events of the last fortnight have not only shown unmistakeably that the true British spirit beats universally throughout our country—that the people of Canada are ready, as one man, to defend their homes and fire-sides—but they have established the fact that the military system of the Provinces works efficiently, and in the event, even of sudden danger, can be relied on to repel attack. From every part of the country comes but one statement as to the admirable appearance of the Volunteers, their good conduct, their enthusiasm in the service, and the rapidity with which they become proficient in their duties. We have observed, with the utmost satisfaction, the feeling of entire confidence in the Volunteer and Militia forces for the defence of our country that has been produced by the events of the last fortnight—a feeling all the more gratifying that it is free from rant and bombast. While there has been a general avowal of aversion for war, and desire that the threat of it might soon pass away—there has been but one expression heard on every hand of quiet, resolute determination, that, should war unfortunately come, every available man must be brought into the field promptly and unhesitatingly. The Fenians have unwittingly done an essential service to the Canadian people, by inspiring them with a degree of confidence in their defensive strength which they did not before possess. They have, moreover, given our Republican neighbors an opportunity of seeing how earnest and unanimous is the love of the people of British America for British alliance, and how utterly groundless has been the impression so diligently propagated, that the desire for annexation to the United States was general in Canada. And still further, they have enabled us to show to the people of England that, while we claim in time of war the aid and assistance of British arms, we are conscious that on ourselves must mainly depend the defence of our soil from aggression, and so far as our ability goes, our duty to the Empire will be firmly and heartily performed.

The *Leader* says:—Orders have come from headquarters to disband the whole active force now under arms. We cannot compliment the Government on the way in which this step has been taken. The manner in which the force was called out; the order but a day or two ago to reduce each company by fifteen men, led the remaining Volunteers naturally to suppose that their services would be required for a much longer time. Acting upon this supposition, many of the officers incurred no little expense. They had the strongest presumptive proof that their services would be required for some time to come. We do not blame the Government for withdrawing the force; they have acted wisely, we think, in taking this step; but having once called the Volunteers out, it should have been upon some understanding as to the time they would be required for active service. They could have avoided some unpleasantness if they had acted with a little more stability than has characterized their movements. It has gratified the whole country to see the alacrity with which our noble Volunteers rushed to arms upon a moment's call: in England this cannot but have a good effect; and we think even the windy Fenians will prove more windy and less pugilistic, in fact, by such an exposition of our strength, and such devotion to their country, as our Volunteers have just shown. The expense incurred will be cheerfully borne by the country. Had the Government been a little more thoughtful they might have ended the work in such a way as to have given unbounded satisfaction to those who so well deserve the thanks of the whole community.

The Oswego *Advertiser* is one of those "spread eagle" journals which have tended to bring the newspaper press of the United States into such universal disrepute. It attempts to make merry over what it calls the "Fenian Scare" in Canada. It asserts that a large majority of the American people rejoice to see their neighbors in such a "fix." "The chalice is at their lips now; let them drain it to the dregs," says our friendly neighbor; and thus it goes on with the usual drivel about the insults which we heaped upon the Americans during the war. "British piracies, Lake Erie piracies fitted out in Canada, St. Albans murderers and robbers," and all the old stereotyped twaddle, is dragged in; and we are further told by this extremely unprincipled sheet that while we feasted, protected, and honored Southern "traitors" who congregated here to concoct schemes to destroy American commerce and to spread infectious disease among the Northern people, a peaceful Northerner could not pass through our territory unmolested!! Considering that thousands of "peaceful Northerners" were in the habit of passing through our territory daily, without molestation, this last is certainly a "bouncer." The lesson which we have learned of our own strength and of our neighbors' unfriendly disposition towards us, is well worth all that the "scare" has cost us. We are fully aware that a majority of the American people wish us evil, and therefore we are not going to bemoan their want of sympathy. All we ask is that they will act in accordance with international law, and we shall be content.

In reference to the recent action of the people of Rimouski and their declaration that Father Point affords a safe winter-port, the Montreal *Transcript* says:—"Some time ago, we attempted to direct public attention to this important question. We adduced evidence, including the opinions of Admiral Boxer, Captain Vaughan and others, to prove the more than probability that the Lower St. Lawrence was navigable in winter; but the parties chiefly concerned, the commercial community and the Government, were deaf to our appeal. The press did its duty on the occasion, with one or two exceptions. But that is a matter of secondary importance. What we wish to say now, as we have frequently said before, is, that all the talk about the future greatness and independence of this country is mere idle babble, unless we have one or more winter ports within our own territory; for, commercially, Halifax and St. John will be of little value to us, and the United States will make us mere tributaries by the power they possess of cutting us off from the ocean in winter whenever they choose to do so. We trust that the Montreal Board of Trade will condescend to take the matter up. Will they stir in the business? Now is the time to take steps for obtaining information which might be practically tested next winter."

According to an affidavit sworn to by Nathaniel G. Squires and members of his family, at Brachen Co., Kentucky, the demons, or some "What is it," are kicking up a rumpus in that vicinity. Squires thus describes the apparition. On the night of Monday, Feb. 12th, after himself and family had retired, they were suddenly, awakened by a flood of light of a blueish cast. They rushed to the window and beheld a sight that curdled their veins with horror. This is what they saw. Standing to the right of the upper cabin, near the fence that separates the negroes' garden from the house yard, was a creature of gigantic stature, and the most horrifying appearance. It was nearly as high as the comb of the cabin, and had a monstrous head not dissimilar in shape to that of an ape; two short, very white horns appeared above each eye; its arms were long, covered with shaggy hair of an ashy hue, and terminated with huge paws, not unlike those of a cat, and armed with long and hooked claws. Its breast was as broad as that of a large sized ox. Its legs resembled the front legs of a horse, only the hoof were cloven. It had a long tail, armed with a dark shaped horns which it was continually switching about. Its eyes glowed like two living coals of fire, while from its nostrils were sheets of bluish colored flame, with a hissing sound like the hissing of a serpent, only a thousand fold louder. Its general color, save its arms, was a dull, dingy brown. The air was powerfully impregnated with a smell of burning sulphur. I do not know how long this monster, demon or devil was visible after we reached the windows—possibly some three seconds. When it vanished it was enveloped in a spiral column of flame that reached nearly to the top of the locust trees adjacent and which hid his horrid form completely from view. The extinction of the flame was instantaneous, and with its disappearance we were relieved of the presence of this remarkable visitor. Precisely the same apparition appeared to Mr. Squires's neighbor, Mr. Dole, but this time with the head of a horse; and on Tuesday night at Mr. Jessie Bond's there wearing the head of an elephant. It is a pity the "What is it" was not caught and made to take the test oath; that would have settle its hash at once.

Mr. Pope, M. P. for Compton, was recently entertained at dinner by his constituents at Bury. Among those present was the Hon. Mr. Sanborn, an opposition member of the Legislative Council, who in the course of a speech said, in reference to the present crisis, that he looked with wonder and amasement on the spectacle presented by the uprising of the people in defence of their homes and institutions threatened by an organization of lawless men assembled in the neighboring country. He fully approved of the prompt and energetic action of the government in calling out and equipping the volunteers, and putting the country in a state of defence; and he thought the volunteers deserved the thanks of the country for the astonishing alacrity with which they had responded to the call of the authorities. In regard to these military preparations there was no difference of opinion,—the country, and public men of all parties were a unit. A despatch from Ottawa says:—It is stated that on Thursday forenoon, a shock of an earthquake, accompanied by a low rumbling noise, was distinctly felt by residents on Sandy Hill, in this city.

On St. Paterick's Day the Irish societies of St. Paul, Minn., during their parade, called to pay their respects to Bishop Grace, at his residence. After referring to the day and its customs, and complimenting his hearers on their orderly conduct, the Bishop proceeded to speak of the Fenian movement.—"Men should never, he said, act solely from impulse. No matter how right they might be, without they act with judgment and discretion, and use the reasoning powers given them, they will be apt to get into trouble. Now what is there, he asked, in the Fenian movement? Have those who are engaging honestly in it, or about to do so, ever given the matter a careful and sober thought? Do sensible and prudent men embark in matters of importance, and likely to lead to serious results, without reflection—with no careful estimate of the means that are to be taken, and the aids and causes that can be had, to carry out the end and effects proposed? Applying this principle to the Fenian movement, and viewing it in a practical light, can it claim the support of sensible men? Has it any probality of success in the liberation of Ireland? The Fenian movement originated some eighteen months since. Its origin and designs were veiled with a pretended mystery and secresy. It has been reported that the whole scheme originated in the brain of a lunatic. It more probably originated in the selfish design of some men who have nothing at stake themselves, and saw in the movement a plan to enrich themselves at the expense of the liberality and credulity of their honest countrymen, who were earnestly desiring the liberation of Ireland. These men might urge on others, but they were not going to expose themselves to any danger. The plans, continued the bishop, so far as known, have no definiteness or method. It has been reported that "they have 25,000 men enrolled ready to march"—somewhere. Now, after all the sums of money they have raised, they have not 25 muskets with which to arm them. By their ridiculous proposal to accomplish an end without means, method, or plans, the Fenians have made themselves a laughing stock for the world, and the press of the country is teeming with accounts of the ridiculous divisions among the "leaders" in this country, none of whome, while denouncing the others, have themselves proposed a single sensible or practicable plan for the liberation of Ireland. It has intensified and increased her miseries and the enslavement of her unhappy people. The objects and plans of the Fenians had been so publicly talked of by the "leaders" in this country, that numerous arrests of men in Ireland, supposed to be in correspondence with them, had taken place. The jails were crowded with men torn from their families and distress and sorrow had been created by it. We had heard promises and predictions from time to time, that in 30, 60, or 90 days a blow would be struck somewhere, by some body, or a movement made. He would say, though, that in 30 days time the bubble would burst so completely that those who had been entrapped would feel ashamed of their credulity. He concluded by advising his hearers not to enroll themselves under the Fenian banners.

On the 7th ultimo, the combined Chilian and Peruvian fleets engaged the Spanish squadron off the port of Ancud. The fight lasted for two hours. The Spanish frigate Blanca stood in towards the anchorage of Ancud, and the Covadonga immediately went out to offer battle, and after a few shots were exchanged, none of which were effective on account of great distance, the Villa de Madrid joined her consort, and after a fight of two hours duration the latter hauled off to Tres Cruces (Three Crosses). A Correspondent gives the following particulars of a subsequent fight with the shore batteries: "The Villa de Madrid, with the Blanca in company, had been cruising in the hope of falling in with the allied fleets—indeed, they were at sea for the purpose of finding them if possible. Thinking they might be in some of the ports to the southward, the senior officer determined to have a look at the numerous hiding places near San Carlos, or Ancud, as it is now termed, a port near the north end of the island of Chiloe. It was not long after the Spanish vessels had entered the pass between the main land and the island before the mastheads of the vessels they were in search of were described over a point of land behind which they were securely anchored. As the allied squadron showed no disposition to come out for a fight, the Blanca was sent in as a feeler to find out their position, and to try and coax them out if possible. Feeling her way in with great caution, she soon found that going closer would not cause the others to come out; and while waiting to see what the result might be, and while making a careful reconnoisance, she was suddenly opened upon by a shore battery that had not been noticed, the first shot from which cut away one of her head booms. In the position the Blanca occupied at the time she had a view of the hulls of the vessels inside and they were within range of her broadsides; as soon as the battery on shore opened upon her, she fired on the allied fleet, and the Villa de Madrid stood in to her assistance. As soon as the latter ship came within range, she, in the most splendid manner, opened her enormous batteries, engaging both fleet and batteries at the same time. The action was continued incessantly for two hours; the two Spanish ships expending about seven hundred shot and shell, when their commanding officer, finding it impossible to silence the shore battery, and very prudently not daring to venture his heavy ships into a narrow and dangerous channel way, he hauled off out of range after his vessels had been struck seventeen times in their hulls; the *Blanca* receiving one shot below the water line, which was immediately plugged Singular to relate they report no casualties. "The ships inside were found to be the Apurimac, Union, America and Covadonga, and the Spaniards report that when the fight ended the Covadonga was entirely dismasted, the America using but one gun out of her broadside of eight, and the Apurimac was on fire. "Immediately upon arrival at Valparaiso, Commodore Nunes determined to send the Numancia there, with orders to run the battery and destroy the fleet at all hazards."

VERY LATEST FROM MONTREAL.

VOLUNTEERS BEING RECALLED FROM VARIOUS STATIONS.

DARING CONDUCT OF BURGLARS.

FUTURE DUTIES OF VOUNTEERS.

NO TIME FIXED FOR MEETING OF PARLIAMENT.

(Special telegram to the Morning Chronicle.)

MONTREAL, Saturday, March 31.—A company of the Victorias, stationed at Lachine, will return home to-night.

Guard-mounting continues.

The Volunteer subscription list is nearly thirty-one thousand dollars. It won't all be required.

This morning a constable saw three men leave from a sleigh in McGill street and attempt to break open the door of a store. Two of them turned on the constable and beat him with sticks. They drove off and left a turn-screw behind.

Last night the sky cleared after eight, and the eclipse was seen very plainly. For over an hour the city was in total darkness.

It is snowing heavily, but thawing.

The ice on the river is strong.

The Volunteers have been relieved from permanent duty, but are required to assemble two days in each week for a full drill and field day, and will receive pay of 50p per diem.

A wing of the 30th, with the band, is the corps selected for duty. They are expected to leave Montreal in two weeks.

A cabinet meeting will be held here on Wednesday.

No time has yet been fixed for the meeting of Parliament.

As announced elsewhere, the annual general meeting of the Quebec Board of Trade will be held at noon, to-day. Many important subjects will no doubt engross the attention of the Board; but we think there are two, in particular, which should not be overlooked or dismissed with a mere passing notice. We allude, in the first place, to the new scheme of taxation proposed by the Finance Committee of the City Council, and which will come before the latter body, for consideration, to-night. The second question is of far greater importance still, inasmuch as its bearing is general and not merely local—we mean the feasibility of a winter-port in the Lower St. Lawrence. Such action should be taken, with regard to both these matters, as their respective nature demands. With regard to the taxation project, we cannot too strongly recommend to the Board the desirability of discussing it in a calm, temperate manner; and of making, if possible, some suggestions of a practical nature, tending to equalize the burthens which must necessarily be imposed, in order to extricate the city from its present financial difficulties. One very important fact must, however, be kept in view in considering this subject. A perfect system of taxation, just and equitable in all its parts, or indeed anything approaching perfection, is out of the question. As we have already had occasion to remark, the Corporation is bound up with the clumsiest legislation that ever embarrassed a municipal body. It has little or no power to do anything for the public good. It is chained down by restrictions of every kind. The amended charter upon which so many hopes were based has not stood the test of practice. One important provision was found to convey a meaning directly the reverse of that which was at first assigned it—another was contradictory—another was discovered to mean absolutely nothing; and another, which was relied upon as conferring very important powers, turned out to be of doubtful interpretation! Under these circumstances, and in view of the fact that a large sum must be raised to cover the deficit, before new amendments to the charter can be obtained, it is hardly a matter of wonder that the scale of taxation proposed by the Finance Committee is, in many points, decidedly crude and evidently unjust. All that can be done, however, is to equalize the proposed burthens. In the new scale, the additional rate for some branches of industry is altogether too heavy, while others are let off too easily. It is to inequalities of this kind—which cannot fail to be noticed at once by men of business habits, conversant with the average remuneration afforded by the various occupations, trades and callings carried on in the city of Quebec—that the attention of the Board of Trade should be directed, and amendments suggested that can be accepted by the Corporation in the present unfortunate state of the law. So much for the municipal question. With regard to the feasibility of a winter-port at Bic or Father Point, the all-important nature of the subject, from a national point of view, is so readily apparent that we do not require to say much. Many years ago, evidence of a very satisfactory nature was obtained upon it, by a Committee of the Legislature; and, again last winter, it came to the surface as a topic of newspaper discussion, and received a fair share of attention at the hands of the press. Within the last few days, however, it has received the strongest possible significance from the declaration made by the leading inhabitants of Rimouski, in their address to the Governor General, to the effect that "Father "Point affords us at all seasons and in every "weather" a safe and easy access for steamers. This statement, be it remembered, comes from residents of the locality, who, above all others, may be supposed to be thoroughly conversant with the nature of the particular spot recommended. A winter port in Canadian territory would at once place us in a position of independence as regards communication with the sea-board, without the aid of the Intercolonial Railway. It would give a new and powerful impulse to our trade; and leave us—to some extent at least—the whole year for business, instead of our present wretched system of six months' work and six months' inaction. We therefore sincerely trust that, whatever else may be discussed, the winter-port question will not be forgotten.

Our Volunteers may be said to be no longer on active service. They have been relieved from the continuous discharge of military duties; but their organization will be preserved, and everything done to promote their efficiency. During the last three weeks their conduct has been such as to reflect credit upon themselves and the country at large. Called suddenly from their ordinary occupations at the very outset of a period of unusual alarm and excitement, their behavior was in every respect far superior to that which the most sanguine could have expected from citizen-soldiers under such circumstances. It would be vain to deny that the great majority of the force—being poor men with families depending upon them, and existing from day to day by the work of their hands—did not feel keenly the privations to which their wives and little ones were subjected by being thus suddenly deprived of their natural protectors upon whom they relied for support. Feeling, however, that the emergency must be great indeed which prompted the Government to take such an unusual course, they came readily, cheerfully, and without complaint in response to the call. For twenty-three days they were kept in cantonments, away from their homes, subjected to the strictest military discipline authorized by the articles of war, and doing all the duties of regular soldiers. The transformation from the inherent looseness of voluntary service to the iron rule of garrison life was easily effected—indeed few could have anticipated that there would have been so little difficulty. We venture to say that, on the whole, the conduct of the Volunteers, while on active service, was at least equal to that of any similar number of men in Her Majesty's regular army, and the proverbial good character of the latter needs no vindication. Having said so much for the great body of the men, we may add that the staff of this district, and the officers of the various corps, deserve well of their fellow-citizens for the attentive manner in which they discharged their duties. The Assistant Adjutant-General, the Commandant, the Brigade-Major, the acting Quarter-Master of the Force, and other gentlemen in responsible positions, proved by their conduct, their zeal, and their efficiency, their thorough knowledge of their duties. But while the local staff merits every compliment, we must say that an amount of venerable red-tapeism clings to our Provincial war-office, the Militia Department, which should be got rid of as soon as possible. We did not think it opportune to go into details during the crisis; but we shall take an early opportunity of pointing out a number of defects calculated to interfere with the efficiency of the force, which we hope to see removed under the direction of the present thoroughly competent Adjutant-General. Before taking leave of this subject, a few words on the distribution of the Volunteer Fund may not be out of place. We trust the committee of distribution will consider the peculiar difficulties under which our Volunteers labor, and act liberally in the present juncture—indeed we feel sure they will, after even a casual consideration of the facts. It should be borne in mind that the Militia Department did not provide the Volunteers with boots, socks or mits. In many cases they were not even provided with winter-caps; and, indeed, a large proportion of the men only received overcoats, accoutrements and arms. Ordered suddenly to perform the routine duties of garrison or camp life—including drill, marching-out, guard-mounting, night-patrols, &c., such of the poor fellows as were enabled to get an advance or a loan, to be repaid out of their small allowance, in order to procure the necessaries of clothing, were fortunate indeed. Others, who were unable to do so, were compelled to suffer all the rigors of March weather in its worst form, and to wear out their own poor clothing in performing a public service. Those who were lucky enough to get a little money to buy caps or boots must have laid out three or four dollars each, even when purchasing these articles at the cheapest rate. Deduct this sum from four or five dollars allowed the poor Volunteer for the relief of his family, and what a miserable balance will remain? We certainly think the distribution should be sufficiently liberal to cover the cost of any outfit these brave fellows have been obliged to obtain, to procure an outfit for the many who are still unprovided for; and to compensate the families for the loss they have sustained in the three weeks' absence from occupation of those to whom they look for support. If this be done, in a liberal spirit, it will prove to the Volunteers that their patriotic conduct is appreciated at the proper value by their fellow-citizens; and it will serve as an encouragement in case of any future emergency. Should anything remain, we think some public demonstration should be made in honor of the Volunteers. A luncheon at the Grand Allee drill-shed, for instance, would, we think, meet with general approval. In connection with the Volunteer fund, we cannot forbear a word of comment upon a fact which must have forced itself rather unpleasantly upon the attention of any person perusing the subscription-lists. We allude to the fact that the burthen of the contribution was thrown entirely upon people of British origin. We do not see why this should have been the case; but it is, nevertheless, true, that our French Canadian fellow-subjects—in Quebec as well as in Montreal—have certainly not subscribed anything like their fair share in support of a movement in which so many men of their own origin are interested. One thing, however, we are proud to be able to record—namely, that the Volunteer Force of this District, without distinction of class, creed or race—officers, non-missioned officers and men—British-Canadians and French-Canadians—have performed their duty nobly and well.

LOCAL NEWS.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHAPEL.—The Easter Vestry meeting will be held this afternoon at 4:30, instead of evening, as heretofore.

FINLAY ASYLUM.—The Superindent begs to acknowledge a donation of a pair of turkeys from a friend towards the Easter dinner.

CITY COUNCIL, TO NIGHT.—The City Council, adjourned from Friday evening, 23rd ult., will meet to-night at the usual hour, when the budget for 1866-67 will come up for discussion.

BOARD OF TRADE, TO-DAY.—The annual general meeting of the Board of Trade will take place at noon to-day, in the Board Room, Exchange Building, Arthur street.

LEVIS INFANTRY.—The following appointments have been made in this Battalion: No. 1 Company—To be Ensign, F. X. Brunelle, M.S.; No. 4 Company—To be Lieutenant, J. H. Lessard, M.S. —To be Ensign, T. H. Chouinard, M.S.

DIRTY WEATHER.—The weather, during the past three or four days, has been emphatically of the order called dirty. Early on Thursday morning wet, slushy, snow commenced falling. This pleasant state of things continued, almost without interruption, until Saturday, when we had a few hours' sunshine. In the course of the night, however, the sleet began to fall again. Yesterday, by way of variety, it poured rain.

THE ROADS.—The "oldest inhabitant" never saw the roads in the plight in which they have been for the past week. Pools and streams of water in every direction, *cahots* and ruts innumerable go to make up the worst thoroughfares through which a pedestrian waded knee-deep or a horse floundered.

TRINITY CHAPEL.—In reference to the statement in our Saturday's issue to the effect that no collection would be taken up in Trinity Chapel on Easter Sunday, as an offering to the clergymen, we are requested to state that such a collection was taken up on Christmas Day, and given to the Assistant Minister, Rev. Mr. Botwood.

MUSIC HALL—THE PERFORMANCE OF THE QUEBEC HISTRIONIC CLUB.—We have to remind all lovers of the legitimate drama that the Histrionic Club will appear at the Music Hall on Thursday evening next, in Colman's beautiful comedy, "John Bull." Those who have not secured seats and tickets had better do so without delay.

PANIC IN A CHURCH.—St. Patrick's Church was the scene of a fearful panic at high mass yesterday. An unfortunate fellow, suffering, it is said, under some mental ailment, started up suddenly in his seat, during a very solemn part of the service, and commenced waving his arms to and fro and shouting vociferously. The sacred edifice was densely crowded at the time, and a wild alarm immediately spread among the congregation; but fortunately it was not attended by any serious results. The main door was opened and a considerable number rushed out. The cry of "fire" was raised by some excited person, and this brought the panic to a fearful height. Through a singular lack of presence of mind on the part of those who surrounded the cause of the alarm, several minutes were allowed to elapse before he was removed from the church. The reverend pastor did everything in his power to allay the excitement; and the real cause of the disturbance finally became known. Some time, however, elapsed before order and confidence was restored.

VOLUNTEER GARRISON ARTILLERY—CARDS OF THANKS.—We have been requested to publish the following: "To Mr. M. O'Connell—Sir,—We, the members of No. 1 Battery, Volunteer Garrison Artillery, do hereby return our sincere thanks for the kind manner in which we were treated during the time we were billeted in your house, No. 30½ St. Augustin street. St. Lewis suburbs.—Signed,—Sergeant Farrol, Gunner Perry, Gunner Mitchell, Gunner Loughhied, Gunner Stoppsleben, Gunner Cook, Gunner Davis, Gunner Johnston, Gunner Jefferson, Corporal Courtney, Bombadier Stuard, Bombadier McFadden, Wm. Courtney, Bat.-Sergt-Major.—We, the undersigned non-commissioned officers and gunners of No. 1 Battery Volunteer Garrison Artillery, beg to return our sincere thanks to Mr. A. H. Murphy for his kindness to us while billeted in his house: Sergeant J. T. Mahoney, Corporal Reid, Gunner Doyle, Gunner Quart, Gunner Hillman, Gunner Keiler, Gunner Furlong, Gunner Wm. Morton, Gunner Jos. Morton, Gunner Dasey, Gunner Konstrom, Gunner Henry.

THE MARCH-OUT OF THE VOLUNTEER FORCE, ON SATURDAY.—The march-out of the Volunteer Force, on Saturday, was a most successful affair. The sun shone brilliantly; but the roads were in a shocking state, so that, although the display was highly relished by the thousands of spectators who assembled along the line of march, it must have been anything but agreeable to the men compelled to tramp through the water, slush, and melting snow. About two o'clock, the line was formed at the Grande Allee Drill-shed, consisting of the squadron of Quebec Volunteer Cavalry, the Quebec Field Battery, the 8th battalion, Q. V. M. R., and the 9th battalion, Q. V. M. R. The force presented a remarkably fine appearance, and was accompanied by the band of the 10th Brigade, R.A., and the band of the 9th battalion. An immense concourse of spectators was congregated at various points in the streets through which they passed. The column marched through the Upper Town, down Mountain street to the Lower Town, thence to St. Roch's, thence to St. John's suburbs, and back to head-quarters, where the men were dismissed. The display was very good indeed, in every respect.

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN NEWS

DISTILLERY FRAUDS ON THE INTERNAL REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

ATTACK ON AN AMERICAN SCHOONER BY CHINESE PIRATES.

THE COLORED TROOPS TO BE MUSTERED OUT OF SERVICE.

IMPORTANT DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENCE.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Stock market closes firm.

Foreign Exchange has been dull to-day; but little business is doing.

Thaddeaus Scott, a country merchant, was choked to death this afternoon at Taylor's saloon while eating a beef steak.

Theo. Yates was sentenced at Brooklyn to-day to twenty years imprisonment for killing a police officer.

The *Post* states that the American schooner *Alma* was attacked and captured in the China sea by three piratical junks. The captain, mate and part of the crew saved themselves by taking to the boats, after gallantly defending the vessel as long as possible.

Gus Weiss was run over and killed last evening by a steam fire engine.

One hundred and fifteen thousand dollars of the missing bonds, stolen from Mr. Lord, had been recovered, and the remainder was expected to be obtained

The steamer *Helvetia* landed 1020 emigrants from Liverpool at this port to-day.

Business was nearly suspended here to-day by the observation of Good Friday.

WASHINGTON, March 30th.—The *Tribune's* special says that orders have been issued mustering out by the first of May every colored soldier in the service. In view of the possibility of difficulties between the British and American fishermen off the Newfoundland coast, in consequence of the termination of the Reciprocity Treaty, the the *Monitor* and *Miantonah* has been dispatched to the fishing banks to protect the interests of American citizens.

NEW YORK, March 31st.—The *Tribune's* Toronto correspondent writes from New Brunswick:—We learn that the Government of that Province does not intend to submit to Parliament any scheme of Confederation with Canada and the other Provinces.

In the case of the recent distillery frauds on the internal revenue department in this city, some very heavy assessments, one or two as high as one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, have been made, but the defaulting parties profess an inability to meet the demands of the Government.

NEW YORK, March 31st.—The Galveston *Bulletin* says a large part of three companies of the 48th Ohio regiment stacked their arms the other day and refused to do duty on the ground that orders from Washington for their muster out had been disregarded. The colored troops arrested and now guard the insurgents.

An English paper says that Sir M. Peto is unable to attend to his parliamentary duties or to any business in London by an attack of illness of some severity which detains him in the country.

The *Tribune* of this morning publishes two further despatches from Mr. Seward to Mr. Adams. In the first the Secretary of State refers to the anticipation on the part of European Governments of retaliatory measures; he again reviews the grievances of the United States against Great Britain as well calculated to produce an expectation of retaliatory measures, but deprecates any intention on the part of the United States to go to war on account of these grievances. More important is another despatch of March 1st, communicating to Mr. Adams a copy of a despatch from Lyons to the rebel minister in Canada and to Jeff Davis. It gives an account of the endeavors of the Confederate agents in London and Paris to find out on what terms assistance or recognition could be obtained. It seems that these agents were instructed to intimate that an armistice might be concluded between the two belligerent parties in North America for the purpose of undertaking conjointly a foreign war; for instance, for the expulsion of the French from Mexico. The hint was treated in England in the usual unsatisfactory non-committal manner, but in France it at once met with the declaration that no such alliance could be permitted, that the Emperor would punish any attempt to enforce the Monroe doctrine, and that if it could be made sure that the Federal Government was pursuing such a course, France would promptly recognize the Southern Confederacy.

The *Herald's* Washington telegram says a proposition has been made by agents of Maximilian to prominent politicians to give them a contract to collect the revenue of Mexico for the term of five years, upon condition that they would prevent our Government from doing anything on behalf of Juarez and the republicans. During that period, the per centage which they offer to give on the amount collected furnishes a wide margin for a lobby fund to use upon Congress to prevent action.

The report of the Revenue Commissioners on the subject of excessive importations is published. It gives statistics showing that five times as many packages of goods were imported into New York, in the first six weeks of 1866 as in the same period of 1865. The imports of January and February were over 32½ millions. To prevent a panic, the Commissioners recommend the passage by Congress of a resolution increasing the duty on imports 50 per cent. for 90 days, with the single exception of printing paper unsized, used for books and newspapers exclusively.

BOSTON, March 31.—A posse of State constables, under Major Jones, made a decent last night on the gambling house No. 15 Brattle street, and arrested 35 men and seized the implements of the concern.

NEW YORK, March 31st.—The *Commercial* says that Wall street is unsettled and feverish. Speculation is besieged and baffled, and though not panically yet decidedly weak. The bulls in the stock market are carrying a very heavy load and appear to despair of forcing up prices any further, while they fear attempting to realize lest the bears should seize the opportunity and precipitate a heavy fall. The Michigan Southern clique is the only prop sustaining the market, and a break in that quarter would inevitably be succeeded by a sharp decline. At present that combination exhibits great strength and the stock is maintained at 84 to 84¼.

Gold continues excited and firm.

COMMERCIAL.

THE GROCERY TRADE.

We have not much improvement to notice in the General Grocery business since our last, there being few out-of-town buyers in the market, and orders coming in very slowly.

Sugar.—We hear of sales of some 700 hhds of very dark refining sugar on terms which have not transpired, and of about 100 hhds of Grocery at 9c to 9¾c for fair to bright, and 9¾c for ordinary to fair, 9¾ to 9¾c for bright to fair bright, and 9¾ for choice. We hear of the arrival yesterday, at Portland, of the Lizzie J Tapley, with a cargo of about 225 hhds very bright sugars from Ponce, Porto Rico, for Messrs Tiffin, & Co.

The imports of Raw Sugars at this Port to the 20th inst, amounted to 1,264,236 lbls as against 1,276,265 lbs for same time last year.

Molasses.—Very little doing, with no change to make in quotations

Teas.—There have been sales during the week of considerable parcels of fine to choice Young Hyson at from 80 to 85c, and all desirable lots have been taken out of the market. There have also been large transactions in uncolored Japans. We hear of sales of 1400 half chests at from 56c to 60c, all sold to arrive. There has been some enquiry for lower grade Young Hysons, but no transactions have resulted, prices being too high to meet views of buyers.

The Imports of 1866 to March 24th are 366,670 lbs, compared with 322,226 lbs for same period of 1865.

Coffee.—There is little or no demand, and prices are unchanged. The Imports to 24th are 47,169 lbs, against 3073 lbs for same period last year.—*Trade Review.*

WEEKLY SHARE LIST.

QUEBEC, March 31, 1866.

Banks.	Shar's	Paid up.	Div. 6 months.	Closing Price.
Montreal	$200	All.	4 ct. pr.	111 @ 112
Quebec	100	"	3½ "	101 @ 102
B. North America	£50 st.	"	3 "	par.
Nationale	$50	"	4 "	106 @ 106½
Commercial	100	"	3 "	74 @ 74½
City	80	"	4 "	100 @ 100½
U. Canada	50	"		31 @ 32
Molson's	50	"	4 "	
Toronto	100	"	4 "	104 @ 105
Ontario	40	"	4 "	101 @ 102
Du Peuple	50	"	4 "	100½@ 100½
Jacques Cartier	50	"	4 "	107 @ 107½
Gore	40	"	3½ "	98
E. Townships	50	"	3 "	92 @ 94
Mechanics'	100	"	4 "	107 @ 107½
Union L C	$100	20 pc		Par.
Ass. Co.'s				
Que. Fire Ass.	400	32½	$5	£21 @ £22
Marine	100	40	5 pr. ct.	90 @ 95.
Sundries.				
Quebec Gas Co.	200	All.	$4	118 @ 119
Montreal "	40	"		Books closed.
Toronto "	50	"	4 "	96½@ 97
St L T B Co'y	100	"		60 @ 70
Mines.				
Eng & Canadian		$25		$10 @ $12
Megantic		$ 4		$ 1 00
Que. & L. Sup'r		$ 5		25
Rich. Nav. Co.	100	All.	10 pr ct.	110 @ 112
Mont'l Tel. Co.	40	none	5pr ct.	126½@ 127
Do Pass'gr R'y	50	"	None.	72 @ 73
Quebec Str R'y			15pr ct.	102 @ 103
Bonds.				
G D G'y due '72	.....	...	.....	Par @ ¼ pr.
" 5/ " '83

NEW SPRING GOODS

Per S.S. "Moravian," via Portland.

WE ARE NOW OPENING THE

LATEST NOVELTIES

—IN—

NEW SPRING GOODS,

VIZ:

New Straw Bonnets and Hats,
New Bonnet Shapes,
New Ribbons,
New Parasols,
New Dress Goods in great variety,
New Paisley Shawls,
New Prints,
New Delaines,
New Shirtings,
New Belts,
New Dress-Holders,
New Trimmings and Buttons,
New French Stays,
New Hoop Skirts, &c., &c.

O'DOHERTY & CO.

Quebec, March 3, 1866.

Wanted,

A SERVANT MAN, who understands the care of horses and to make himself generally useful.

Apply to
E. J. DALKIN,
Richmond Place,
St. Louis Road.

Quebec, March 31, 1866.

Desirable Opening

—IN—

OTTAWA.

THE undersigned, on account of ill-health, retiring from the business they have carried on for many years in OTTAWA, invite TENDERS to be sent them until the TENTH day of APRIL, for the purchase of their large and valuable Stock of DRY GOODS, an inventory of which can be seen on application; a LEASE of the PREMISES can also be obtained. This affords a most favorable opening for any one wishing to begin business, as the establishment has been long and favorably known.

The Cash Sales have amounted, last year, to nearly $30,000, and could be considerably increased.

Terms of credit liberal.

JAMES BROUGH & CO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1866.

Just Received,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of REVOLVERS, from four to seven shots.

For sale by
CHINIC & BEAUDET.

Quebec, March 31, 1866. 6

NOTICE.

Save your Money and Buy your Papers, &c.,

—AT—

C. E. Holiwell & Co.'s.

Boston Pilot, March 31st, price		3d
N. Y. Ledger, April 7th,	"	3d
N. Y. Mercury, " 7th,	"	3d
N. Y. Weekly, " 5th,	"	3d
Irish People, March 31st,	"	4d
Irish American, " 31st,	"	4d
Irish Canadian, " 31st,	"	4d

—ALSO—

Harper's Weekly, Frank Leslie, Waverly Magazine Clipper, Wilkes' Spirit, Budget of Fun, Funyvest of Fun, Nic Nax, Yankee Notions, &c.

25 per cent. lower than any other Shop.

Remember the Old Stand,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

C. E. Holiwell & Co.

Quebec, March 29, 1866.

Benzole.

20 BARRELS BEST AMERICAN.

For sale by
LEPAGE, LEMOINE & CO.

Quebec, March 29, 1866. 6

MUSIC HALL.

QUEBEC

HISTRIONIC CLUB

COLMAN'S GREAT COMEDY, in Five Acts,

—OR—

John Bull!

—OR, THE—

ENGLISHMAN'S FIRESIDE.

Thursday, 5th April, 1866.

By the kind permission of the Colonel, Lord A. Russell, and Officers, the splendid STRING BAND of the P. C. O. RIFLE BRIGADE will attend.

TICKETS:

Dress Circle..... 75 cts.
Upper Circle..... 50 "

TICKETS may be obtained at the Stores of Sinclair & Son, R. Morgan's Music Store, and C. E. Holiwell & Co.

The BOX PLAN is now on view at the Store of Sinclair & Son, St. John Street, where Seats may be secured.

In consequence of the length of this Comedy, no other piece will be performed. The entertainment will conclude at eleven o'clock.

Doors open at half-past SEVEN. Performance to commence at EIGHT.

HORACE SACKVILLE,
Manager.

Quebec, March 29, 1866.

New Novels.

AGNES, by Mrs Oliphant—3rd supply, 3s 9d
MAXWELL DREWITT— " " 3s 9d
FAIR LILIAS, by Pierce Egan—4th " 7s 6d
The BIGLOW PAPERS—6th supply, 1s 3d

—ALSO—

A good supply of CHRISTIAN'S MISTAKE and NOBLE LIFE—bound in cloth. Price 7s 6d each

FOR SALE BY

C. E. Holiwell & Co.,

Stationers, Printers, &c.,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,

QUEBEC.

Quebec, March 29, 1866.

Auction Sales, Quebec.

G. & H. GIBSONE.

Dry Goods!

BY AUCTION, at the Subscribers' Stores, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th, and THURSDAY the 5th of April. Sale to commence at TWO P.M. each day, precisely.

THE valuable and well assorted Stock of SEASONABLE DRY GOODS, belonging to the Insolvent Estate of GREFFARD & FRERE—by order of I. Thibaudeau, Esq., Assignee.

Terms:—Under £25 Cash. Bankable Funds over that amount, approved notes at 3 months.

G. & H. GIBSONE,
A. & B.

Quebec, March 28, 1866.

English Stationery.

JUST received per Canadian Steamer, a fresh supply of Foolscaps, ruled and plain; Note and Letter Papers, all sizes; Envelopes, all sizes and colors; Pencils, Pens, Holders, Cards, Rubber Bands, Account Books, all sizes and bindings; Blotting Papers, Patent Blotters, Inks and Inkstands, Metalic Mem. Books, &c., &c., &c.

25 per cent. lower than other places.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

C. E. Holiwell & Co.

STATIONERS,

QUEBEC NEWS DEPOT.

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

Quebec, March 29, 1866.

Groom Wanted.

A SINGLE MAN. Testimonials required.

Apply to
JOHN L. GIBB.

Quebec, March 29, 1866.

Notice.

APPLICATION will be made to Parliament, at the next Session, by the St. Lawrence Tow-Boat Company, for the appointment of Auditors, and to reduce the number of Shareholders to form a quorum at General Meetings, and other amendments to their Act of Incorporation.

Quebec March 29, 1866. 2m

CEDAR CAMPHOR

FOR MOTHS. Use it early and you save by killing swarms now in embryo. Sold by every Druggist. HARRIS & CHAPMAN, Boston.

March 29, 1866.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, as Brokers and Exchange Dealers, under the name and firm of FISHER BROTHERS, was, this day, dissolved by mutual consent.

WILLIAM FISHER,
JOHN FISHER.

Quebec, March 29, 1866. 3

Campbell & Hamilton,

ADVOCATES,

Office removed to Quebec Chambers,

No. 10, ST. PETER STREET,

LOWER TOWN.

Quebec, March 28, 1866. 6

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Winter 1865-6.

Passengers Booked to Londonderry, or Liverpool

Return Tickets granted at Reduced Rates.

THIS COMPANY'S LINE is composed of the following First Class Steamships:—

ACADIAN, 2650 tons.....Building.
AUSTRIAN, 2650 tons.....Building.
PERUVIAN, 2600 tons.....Capt. Ballantine.
MORAVIAN, 2650 tons..... " Aitcn.
HIBERNIAN, 2434 tons..... " Dutton.
NOVA SCOTIAN, 2300 tons..... " Wylie.
BELGIAN, 2300 tons..... " Brown.
NORTH AMERICAN, 1784 tons, " Kerr.
DAMASCUS, 1300 tons..... " Watts.

Carrying the Canadian and United States Mails.

Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers from and to Londonderry

Dates of sailing are as follows:—

FROM PORTLAND:

PERUVIAN,.....Saturday, March 31st, '66
MORAVIAN,..... " April 7th, "
DAMASCUS,..... " " 14th, "
NORTH AMERICAN,. " " 21st, "
NOVA SCOTIAN,.... " " 28th, "
HIBERNIAN,..... " May 5th, "

And every succeeding Saturday from Quebec.

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC:

To Londonderry or Liverpool.

Cabin—$72.50, $76.50 and $86.50, according to accommodation.

Steerage—$31.

Berths not secured until paid for.

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.

For further particulars apply to
ALLANS, RAE & CO.,
Agents.

Quebec, March 26, 1866.

Board of Trade

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the CORPORATION of the QUEBEC BOARD OF TRADE will be held in the Board Room, Exchange Building, on MONDAY, 2nd April next, at NOON.

A. FRASER,
Actiug Secretary.

Quebec, March 26, 1866. mch 29

NOTICE

—TO—

Ship-owners.

MESSRS. TOD & McGREGOR have just completed the construction of a

Hydraulic Ship Dock,

Capable of taking on vessels up to 1000 tons register; fitted with every appliance for expeditiously executing the heaviest repairs, either on Wood or Iron Ships.

THEIR EXTENSIVE

Graving Dock

Is in full operation, as formerly, for repairing vessels of the largest class.

MEADOWSIDE PARTICK,
Glasgow, March 27, 1866. 2w

CLOVER SEED.

50 BARRELS FRESH CLOVER SEED.

For sale by
LANE, GIBB & CO.

Quebec, March 20, 1866. 1m

1866.

THE NEW SKIRT.

J. W. BRADLEY'S

Duplex Elliptic

Spring Skirts.

They will not Bend or Break like the single springs, but will Preserve their Graceful and Perfect shape, where three or four ordinary skirts will have been thrown aside as useless. Each Hoop is composed of two finely tempered steel springs, braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, forming the Strongest, most Flexible, and still the Lightest Hoop made. In fact, for the Promenade, or the House, the Church, Theatre, Railroad Cars, Carriages, Crowded Assemblies, &c., &c., they are superior to all others. Combining Comfort, Durability, and Economy, with that Elegance of shape which has made the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC the STANDARD SKIRT of the FASHIONABLE WORLD. For Young Ladies, Misses and Children they are superior to all others.

Inquire for the

Duplex Elliptic (or double) Spring Skirt.

Manufactured exclusively by

WEBB, BRADLEY & CARY,
The Sole Owners of the Patent,
97 Chambers, and 79 & 81 Reade Street,
NEW YORK CITY.

☞ For sale in all first-class Stores throughout the United States, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America, West Indies, and other Countries.

March 13, 1866.

Duplex Elliptic Skirts

J. W. BRADLEY'S

NEW SPRING STYLE

The Pride of the World,
The Empress Trail,
IN ALL SIZES.

For sale by
CLOVER & FRY.

Quebec, March 12, 1866.

SPRING FASHIONS

—IN—

J. W. BRADLEY'S

Duplex Elliptic Skirts!

THE EMPRESS TRAIL

And all other Styles, in great variety of sizes.

For sale by
LAIRD & TELFER.

Quebec, March 12, 1866.

FASHION NOTICE.

NOVELTY OF THE SEASON.

The Empress Trail

—IN—

J. W. BRADLEY'S

Duplex Elliptic Skirts!

ALL SIZES.

For Sale by
O'DOHERTY & CO.

Quebec, March 12, 1866.

Duplex Elliptic Skirts!

THE EMPRESS TRAIL!

THE LATEST FASHION

—IN—

J.W. Bradley's Celebrated Skirts.

For sale by
T. LAIDLAW & CO.

Quebec, March 12, 1866.

NOTMAN'S

Photographic Selection,

2nd SERIES,

Comprising a Choice Collection of 48 Photographs,

Several of which are from nature, characteristic of the country, and celebrated Paintings by Danby, Verheyden, Kreighoff, Way, and others.

Handsomely bound in Morocco, gilt edges—price $30.

WM. NOTMAN,
Publisher,
Montreal.

March 26, 1866 1m

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late ALEXANDER DAVISON BELL, Esquire, in his lifetime of Quebec, Merchant, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to forward the same, duly attested, to

N. H BOWEN, N.P.,
18, St. Peter Street.

Quebec, March 27, 1866. 6

Notice.

ON MONDAY, the 9th of April next, at 11 o'clock, A.M., will be offered for sale the LIBRARY of the late Hon F. LEMIEUX, at the office of Messrs LaRue & Remillard, Advocates, Boade Street.

☞ Catalogues can be obtained at their office.

E S MARD, N.P.

Quebec, March 24, 1866. 3-2o

English Cheese.

NOW receiving ex "Hibernian," via Portland:

5 Baskets Cheddar Cheese,
5 " Queen's Arms "
5 Cases North Wiltshire "

And for sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, March 26, 1866.

NOTICE

—TO—

Ship-owners.

MESSRS. TOD & McGREGOR have just completed the construction of a

Hydraulic Ship Dock,

Capable of taking on vessels up to 1060 tons register; fitted with every appliance for expeditiously executing the heaviest repairs, either on Wood or Iron Ships.

THEIR EXTENSIVE

Graving Dock

Is in full operation, as formerly, for repairing vessels of the largest class.

MEADOWSIDE PARTICK,
Glasgow, March 27, 1866. 2w

Deal Wharf and Timber Pond to Let.

THAT commodious Deal Wharf known as "Lownde's," with Timber Pond attached. For particulars, apply to the subscriber, on the premises.

JAMES DEAN.

Quebec, March 24, 1866. t my

Estate of the late I. U. Hardy.

BY procuration passed before Mtre. Henri Bolduc and his colleague, Notaries, at Quebec, on the 17th of March instant, the undersigned is duly authorised to collect and receive the payment of all sums of money yet due to the estate of the late Mr TIMOTHE HECTOR HARDY, in his lifetime, of Quebec, Stationer. In consequence all persons yet indebted towards the said estate are requested to pay, without delay, into the hands of the undersigned, in default of which they will be immediately prosecuted, without any further notice and without distinction of persons.

The undersigned holds his office at Messrs. Hardy & Malcolm's Stationery, Lower Town, Quebec.

JOS F. HARDY.

Quebec, March 20, 1866. 1m-3o

Wanted,

A STOUT BOY to carry papers.

Apply at this office.

Quebec, March 19, 1866.

Auction Sales, Quebec.

BY A. J. MAXHAM & CO.

IMPORTANT SALE

—OF—

Real Estate.

The undersigned have instructions to SELL at AUCTION, on

THURSDAY,

The 5th April, at the

HIGH SCHOOL,

1st.—That two-story Stone House, No. 41 St. Genevieve Street, Cape, at present occupied by the Rev. Mr. Clarke, and adjoining the Glacis. It is well adapted for a large family, with garden in rear. Size of lot, 44 feet front by 13.

2nd.—The Building in St. Denis Street, Cape, formerly occupied by the High School, with a frontage of 60 feet and depth of 34 feet.

Any information may be obtained on application at the office of the undersigned.

Sale at NOON.

A. J. MAXHAM & CO.,
A. & B.

Quebec, April 2, 1866.

SCOTTISH

Provincial Assurance

COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that parties whose lives are assured with this Company are permitted to join Volunteer and Militia Corps, and to serve in defence of Canada without extra charge.

LANGLOIS & GLASS,
Agents.

Quebec, March 24, 1866. 10

HATS.

George Sot, Renfrew & Co.

20, BUADE STREET,

Offer a fresh Stock of their own importation of all the NEWEST STYLES of

Spring and Summer Hats.

Buyers will find it to their interest to purchase at this establishment, where will be found the largest assortment in the City, and at the lowest prices.

Quebec, March 24, 1866.

NOTICE

—TO—

FARMERS AND GARDENERS,

Fresh Seeds!

Fresh Seeds!

FRESH SEEDS!

THE Subscriber has, this day, received per Steamer "Nova Scotian," a large and complete assortment of GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER SEEDS, warranted the growth of 1865.

JOHN W. McLEOD,
Chemist, Druggist and Seedsman,
55, St. John's Gate, (within.)

Quebec, March 23, 1866.

The Royal

FIRE AND LIFE

Insurance Company

THE Subscribers beg to intimate that all parties whose lives are Assured, or who may now effect Assurances with this Company, are permitted to join Volunteer Rifle, or Artillery Corps, in conformity with endorsement to be made on the policy.

J. BELL FORSYTH & CO.,
Agents.

Quebec, March 21 1866. 1m

Public Notice

IS hereby given that application will be made by the "Turnpike Trust Company of Dorchester," organized in virtue of Chapter 70 of the Consolidated Statutes for Lower Canada, to the Parliament of this Province, at its next Session, for a private bill enlarging the power of the said Company, and preventing the construction of any other macadamized road, which might interfere in the working of the said Company.

LS. NAP. LAROCHELLE,
Secretary.

Quebec, March 17, 1866. mch 21-3m-3o

Highland Rifles,

No. 6 COMPANY.

RECRUITS WANTED. None but able bodied men need apply.

J. B. STEVENSON,
Captain.

Quebec, March 20, 1866.

New Books.

MIDDLETON & DAWSON have just received:—

A Thousand Miles in the Rob Roy Canoe, on the Rivers and Lakes of Europe, by J. Macgregor, M.A.—Illustrations.

The History of Henry the Fifth, King of England, Lord of Ireland, and Hero of France, by Geo. Makepeace Towle, author of "Glimpses of History."

Literature in Letters; or, Manners, Art, Criticism, Biography, History, and Morals, &c., &c., &c. Edited by James P. Holcombe, LL.D.

De Profundis: a Tale of the Social Deposits, by W. Gilbert, author of "Shirley Hall Asylum," &c., &c.

War of the Rebellion: Observations upon the Causes, Course, and Consequences. Henry S. Foote.

An Explanatory and Pronouncing Dictionary of the Noted Names of Fiction, by Wm. A. Wheeler, M.A.

Lights on Art: a Review of Ancient and Modern Pictures, by an Artist

—ALSO—

The Argosy Magazine for March.
Once-a-Week for March.

For sale by
MIDDLETON & DAWSON,
Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, March 20, 1866.

The Colonial Life Assurance Company

BEG to direct attention to the following Rule, with reference to their assured joining Militia or Volunteer Corps:—

"Persons assured are permitted without "payment of extra premiums to join Militia, "Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps, and to perform any military duties required of them in "peace or war in defence of their country."

A. J. MAXHAM,
No. 3 St. Peter Street.

Quebec, March 20, 1866.

Arrican Rice.

JUST received at Portland per "Etowah," arrived there, and daily expected at South Quebec:

150 Bags,
100 half do,
100 Pockets.

And for sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec March 20, 1866.

Auction Sales, Quebec.

BY CASEY & CO.

Household Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Oil Cloth, Plated Ware, &c., &c.

On TUESDAY, 3rd April, will be sold, at the residence of F. BRAUN, No. 18 Joachim Street, (in rear of Rousseille & Piché's Hardware Store, St. John Street, without,)

MAHOGANY and Black Walnut Furniture in Sideboards, Centre and Card Tables, Hair Seat Sofas and Chairs, Cane Seat Chairs, Rockers, Brussels and Imperial Carpets, Glass and Plated Ware, Covered Dishes, Cooking, Fancy and Double Stoves and Pipes, Bed room Furniture, Kitchen Ware, &c.

Sale at ONE o'clock, P.M.

CASEY & CO.,
A. & B.

Quebec, April 2, 1866

Household Furniture, Stoves, Sewing Machine, &c.

On MONDAY, 2nd April, will be sold, at the residence of Mr. O. WIBORG, No 104, St. George Street, St John Suburbs,

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE in Sofas, Chairs, Tables, What Not Engravings, Carpets, Wardrobe, a Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine, Cooking and Double Stoves, Feather Beds, Mattrasses, Bed room and Kitchen Furniture &c.

Sale at ONE o'clock.

CASEY & CO.,
A. & B.

Quebec, March 31, 1866.

BY F. H. HALL.

Books, Books

BY Auction, will be sold, on TUESDAY, the 3rd of APRIL and following evenings, at No. 14, Palace Street, a portion of the extensive library of George Futvoye, Esq., consisting of Law, Medical and other works.

Sale each evening at 7 o'clock.

F. H. HALL,
A. & B.

Quebec, April 2, 1866 2

Onions, Onions, &c.

WILL be sold by Auction, on MONDAY MORNING, at the Stores of Messrs. LANGLOIS & GLASS, St Peter Street, about SEVENTY BARRELS of ONIONS, for and on account of whom it may concern.

Sale at ELEVEN o'clock, A.M.

F. H. HALL,
A. & B.

Quebec, March 31, 1866

Dinning & Webster

Offer for Sale:

BAR IRON, all sizes

Bars Yellow Metal direct from the manufacturers.
Manilla Rope,
Manilla Hawsers,
English Oakum,
Coal Tar,
Pitch—English and Canadian,
Marmalade of 1866

To close a consignment—a small lot of English Tarred Rope.

DINNING & WEBSTER.

Quebec, March 31, 1866.

New Crop Extra Bright Porto Rico Sugar.

117 HOGSHEADS now receiving, and for sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, March 15, 1866.

Arrican Rice.

NOW receiving at Portland, and daily expected at South Quebec:
300 whole, half and quarter bags fine Arrican Rice.

For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN,
St Andrew's Wharf,

Immediately in the rear of his Stores lately destroyed by fire.

Quebec, Jany. 30, 1866.

Dow's Mild and Bitter Ale.

100 DOZ E. I. PALE, } In fine order.
100 Doz. MILD ALE,
For sale by
GEORGE THOMPSON.

Quebec, March 10, 1866 1m-1o

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Bill will be submitted at the next session of the Legislature of Canada, for authorizing the erection of a Swing Bridge, with arches of not less than 70 feet, over the River St. Charles, opposite Hare Point, and that the following Tolls will be exacted:

	s.	d.
For every four-wheeled carriage or other vehicle drawn by one horse, or other animal	0	4½
For each other horse	0	1½
For every carriage or omnibus carrying six persons and not more than sixteen, allowing eighteen inches for each passenger	1	3
For every carriage or omnibus carrying over sixteen passengers	1	8
For every gig, caleche, cab, or two wheeled omnibus carrying less than six passengers drawn by one horse or other animal	0	4
For each additional horse or beast	0	1½
For every spring cart cart or other two wheeled vehicle, other than above, drawn by one horse or other animal	0	3
For each other horse	0	1½
For every sleigh, cariole, dray, berline or other winter vehicle, drawn by one horse or other animal	0	3
For each other horse	0	1½
For every horse, mare, gelding, ass, or mule, with rider	0	2
For every horse, mare, gelding, ass, mule, cow, or other neat cattle	0	1
For every score, (20) sheep, lambs, hogs or swine	0	5

Quebec, Feby. 23, 1866. 3-2m

S. T.—1860—X.

Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try the celebrated

PLANTATION BITTERS,

which are now recommended by the highest medical authorities and warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and must superceded all other tonics where a healthy, gentle stimulant is required.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhœa and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.

They make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya bark, wintergreen, sassafras, roots and herbs, all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix rum. For particulars, see circulars and testimonials around each bottle.

Beware of imposters. Examine every bottle See that it has an unmutilated metal cap over top of each bottle, and green label for exportation, around each neck. See descriptive Circular around each bottle.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
New York.

Sold by all druggists.

JOHN F. HENRY & CO., 303, St. Paul Street, Montreal, Wholesale Agents for Canada.

March 2 1865.

Insolvent Act of 1864.

Province of Canada, } District of Quebec. }

The twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

PRESENT:

The Honorable Mr. Justice ANDREW STUART.

No 56.

William McLimont, of the Banlieue of the City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Esquire Merchant,

Plaintiff;

vs

Eliza Skelton of the City of Quebec, *Marchande Publique*, wife of William Glenn, of the said City of Quebec, Merchant, and the said William Glenn, a party hereto for the purpose of assisting his said wife, and Annie Skelton, of the said City of Quebec, Milliner; the said Eliza Skelton and Annie Skelton carrying on business at Quebec in co-partnership as retail Dry Goods Merchants and Milliners under the name, style and firm of Glenn & Skelton,

Defendants.

HAVING seen the petition presented on the part of the said Plaintiff, praying for the reasons therein set forth, that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Defendants, Insolvents, be had, for the purpose of giving their advice upon the appointment of an Official Assignee as in the said petition prayed

(Certified,)
J. B. R. DUFRESNE,
Dep. P. S. C.

Quebec, March 31, 1866. tf

Insolvent Act of 1864

THE Creditors of the undersigned are notified to meet at THIBAUDEAU, THOMAS & CO'S, in Quebec, on the SIXTEENTH day of APRIL, at THREE o'clock, P.M., for the purpose of receiving statements of their affairs, and of naming an Assignee, to whom they may make an assignment under the above Act.

L. J. N. LEFEBVRE,
ALFRED LORTIE.

Quebec, March 27, 1866. 15

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of
ANDREW MULHOLLAND,
An Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent are notified that he has made an assignment of his estate and effects, under the above Act, to me, the undersigned Assignee, and they are required to furnish me, within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it; and if none, stating the fact; the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers in support of such claims.

A. FRASER,
Official Assignee.

Quebec, March 19, 1866. mch 26

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of
MICHEL DROLET,
An Insolvent.

A DIVIDEND SHEET has been prepared, and will remain open to objection, at the Office of TETU & GARNEAU, until the 16th APRIL next.

P. GARNEAU,
Assignee.

Quebec, March 22, 1866. 21

Insolvent Act of 1864

In the matter of
GREFFARD & FRERE,
Insolvents.

THE Creditors of the Insolvents are notified that they have made an assignment of their estate and effects, under the above Act, to me, the undersigned Assignee, and they are required to furnish me, within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it; and if none, stating the fact; the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers in support of such claims.

I. THIBAUDEAU.

Quebec, March 19, 1866. mch 22 15

Insolvent Act of 1864.

Province of Canada, } District of Quebec }

In the Superior Court.

In the matter of
JACQUES FUCHS,
An Insolvent.

THE undersigned has filed, in the office of PEMBERTON PATERSON, Official Assignee, a deed of composition and discharge, executed by his Creditors, and on the Twenty-sixth day of April next, or as soon thereafter as the case can be brought on, he will apply to the said Court for a confirmation thereof.

J FUCHS

Quebec, March 21, 1866.

Insolvent Act of 1864

In the matter of
HUBERT JALBERT,
An Insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Insolvent has deposited with the undersigned a deed of composition and discharge, executed by a majority of his creditors, for sums of one hundred dollars and upwards, who represent at least three-fourths in value of the liabilities of the Insolvent, subject to be computed in ascertaining such proportion. If no opposition is made by any creditor within six juridical days after the fourth April next, I shall act upon the said deed according to its terms.

WM. WALKER,
Official Assignee.

Quebec, March 21, 1866. 2w

Province of Canada, } District of Quebec. }

In the Superior Court.

Insolvent Act of 1864

In the matter of
W. D. WOOLSEY,
An Insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the ninth day of April next, the undersigned will apply to the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

W. D. WOOLSEY.
LELIEVRE & CARON,
Attorneys for Insolvent.

Quebec, Feby. 8, 1866. 2m

Insolvent Act of 1864

Province of Canada, } District of Quebec }

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

In the matter of
JOHN HENRY CLINT,
An Insolvent

ON the fourth day of April next, the undersigned will apply to the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

J. H. CLINT.
HOLT & IRVINE,
Attorneys for Insolvent.

Quebec, Feby. 2, 1866. 2m

Wanted Immediately

TWO FIRST-CLASS

JOURNEYMEN SAIL MAKERS.

Apply to the undersigned, between the hours of 8 A.M and 6 P.M.

JAMES A HUNT.

Quebec, March 16, 1866. tf

No. 10 Garden Street,

Opposite the English Cathedral,

UPPER TOWN.

PROFESSOR

BRENAN,

ENCOURAGED by the patronage which has been accorded him by the people of Quebec, has in accordance with the request of a large number of the citizens, to whom he returns his most heartfelt thanks for their confidence and good opinion, decided to continue his residence in their venerable and interesting City of Quebec, from whose people he has received a liberal support, of which he anticipates and intends to merit a continuance.

Dr. Brenan has had long success and extensive practice in the treatment of all disorders, but more especially the gravest diseases of the throat and chest, such as bronchitis, asthma, catarrh, and diseases of the heart and pleura, as well as those of the liver, kidneys and generative organs. In the cure of the last named, Professor Brenan has distected, and, by a successful practice, demonstrated those errors of treatment which involve the profuse employment of nauseating and poisonous drugs, which are too commonly employed in ordinary medical practice. Not the less is Professor Brenan peculiarly qualified to deal with the diseases of childhood measles, scarletina, putrid sore throat, croup, whooping cough, &c.

Equally zealous in the service of age and youth, Dr. Brenan pays special attention to rheumatism, gout, neuralgia, &c.

The aged, the feeble and the infirm will be waited on at their residences, if desired.

The Poet has asked: "Who can minister to a mind diseased?" Experience has demonstrated that Truth may reply in a multitude of cases. "Professor Brenan," for modern science, has shown that the mind is often diseased through the medium of the body; this is especially the case in many nervous complaints on which the Doctor has fastened his attention. The long list of such complaints including loss of memory, dimness of vision, weak and tremulous nerves, sleeplessness, indisposition to study, palpitation of the heart, and the various unpleasant sensations, physical and mental, which have their origin in diseases of the nerves. For dealing with complaints of this nature, Professor Brenan is peculiarly well qualified, not only by his long professional experience, but by his knowledge of human nature, improved and exercised as it has been by extensive foreign travel and acquaintance with the principal Cities of Europe and America, no less than by his having acted on the profound axiom of the immortal Pope, that "the proper study of man is man" Impressed with this great truth, and compelled, by the exigencies of his professional life and the demands made upon his services, to enter into the society of all classes, from the highest to the humblest in the land; he is further qualified to maintain the battle of science against disease in every form by a most extensive experience in the hospitals and colleges of the United States in which country he had the rare distinction of being a Clinical Lecturer in the Philadelphia Hospital, an Institution of world-wide celebrity, where every species of disease is treated with remarkable, and, indeed, astonishing success. Dr Brenan's professional capacity, which might have been inferred from antecedents such as these, is now well known by personal intercourse to a vast number of the citizens of Quebec, many of whom have added their testimony to that of thousands of witnesses, whose favorable testimonials and certificates have been and still can be seen by calling on his Secretary.

Dr. Brenan has instruments of the greatest power and of the most accurate and complete description, which enable the practitioner to detect the slightest symptom of disease and to discover its exact locality. Aided by these instruments and his own skill and knowledge, he will describe the cause, symptoms and tendency of disorders, baffling less extensive experience and less consummate skill, and will point out the proper method for prevention and cure.

☞ The poor treated GRATIS.

A word to the Ladies.

Prof. Brenan has had the most extensive experience in the treatment of all female complaints; connected with the Lying-in Charity Hospital in Philadelphia for two years, and also lecturer to the nurses, at the Nurses' Home, New York City.

Attention will be paid to the examination and treatment of such diseases as exist amongst the fair sex in this community.

The ladies may depend upon receiving the most marked attention, and that a most delicate and trustworthy system shall be adopted for the prompt relief and radical cure of their maladies. Separate rooms for ladies and gentlemen.

All diseases of the skin can be cured by Prof. Brenan; also, loss of hair, sore and inflamed eyes, diseases of the joints, tumours, bunions, pimples and excrescences of every description, which mar the beauty and disfigure the person, will be removed without leaving a scar or any inconvenience to the patients whatever.

All persons, and more especially the young, will be advised how they can prevent disease, retain their natural strength and function unimpaired; also how to cultivate the figure, add to the beauty of personal appearance, increase the mental powers, cultivate the memory, strengthen the muscular system, and, in fact, show how the greatest perfection of body and mind can be attained

Prof. Brenan treats many diseases with the most miraculous success by Electro Magnetism; he has cured many diseases in this and other cities of long standing, which have been given up by eminent medical gentlemen, only by a few applications.

To Prof. Paul Brenan

Sir,—I desire to bear testimony to the services rendered me by you, and to which, under Providence, I attribute the preservation of my life. During five years, I had been under medical treatment, almost constantly, by various physicians; finding that I was dying of consumption, and influenced by the natural love of life to make a last effort to prolong my existence, I applied to you. In two weeks I was entirely cured of a disease I had regarded as fatal, and was restored to as perfect health as I had ever known. Influenced by gratitude to make my benefactor the only payment in my power, I desire to certify these facts and wish this letter to be made public.

PATRICK BALDWIN,
Belvidere Road,
Quebec.

Joseph Shea, dealer on the Lower Town Market, cured of bronchitis of three years' standing

Mrs. Widow Lapointe Coteau Sainte Genevieve, cured of humoral asthma, disease of the left lung, inflammation of the bowels and stomach. She had been given up by her physician, and received the last services of her confessor.

Michael Power, Stevelooe, cured of disease of the kidney, shortness of breath and rheumatism.

Prof. Paul M. Brenan's Hair Regerminator,

For promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair. It beautifies, softens and prevents the hair from turning grey.

And also prevents baldness, and will produce the most beautiful head of hair in six months on any person under the age of 45 years; the hair has ever been considered one of the most beautiful ornaments of both men and women.

Mr. Editor—Sir, my hair has been falling for the last year, and, indeed, I was nearly bald when I called on Prof. Brenan two months ago I am now happy to say that, by the use of his Hair Regerminator, my hair has stopped falling, and is growing quite as thick as ever.

J. B. VEZINA.
Clerk at Glover & Fry's.

Prof. Paul M. Brenan's Liquid of Beauty,

For cleansing, preserving, whitening, softening and purifying the complexion.

It removes all eruptions, pimples and blotches,—imparts a remarkable smoothness, brightness and transparency to the skin.

The "Index of the Soul" should be kept as clean, bright and beautiful as possible.

Price: ONE DOLLAR a bottle.

Quebec, March 9, 1866.

Wanted,

A YOUNG MAN, capable of filling the situation of Assistant Book-keeper and Corresponding Clerk Must be versant with the French and English languages, and thoroughly competent in every respect.

Address A. B., Post Office.

Quebec, Feby. 12, 1866. tf

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of Parliament to continue the Corporate powers of the Quebec Fire Assurance Company for a term of years beyond the 1st May, 1868, and to amend their Charter.

Quebec, Feby. 10, 1866. 2m

For Sale or to Let,

To Let,

TWO comfortable small HOUSES on St Amable Street, near Grande Allee. Water introduced. Rent £30. Possession now or on 1st May.

Apply to
H. S. SCOTT,
or E. G. CANNON, N.P.

Quebec, March 31, 1866. tf

For Sale,

NEAR the Cap Santé Church, a large emplacement, with a good and substantial house, hangard, and a never-failing well of water, about five minutes walk from the wharf and half a league from Jacques Cartier.

Apply to
J. M BERNARD.

March 29, 1866 4

To be Let.

SEVERAL GOOD OFFICES to be Let near the New Custom House and the Banks, Lower Town, Quebec.

L. T. MACPHERSON.

Quebec, March 29, 1866. 6

TO LET.

FROM the 1st May next, the HOUSE and SHOP occupied by Mr. Jos. Patry, Gibb's Buildings, St. Paul Street.

Apply to
JOHN L. GIBB.

Quebec, March 28, 1866.

House for Sale

THAT large two-story Stone House and Hangard corner of Grant and Desfosses Streets, south side. For a wholesale or retail shoe or leather store it is one of the best stands in the City. Will be sold a bargain.

Apply to
H. ROSS,
Proprietor;
or F. LANGLOIS,
Notary.

Quebec, March 27 1866. 6-3o

For Sale,

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE at Charlesbourg, with fifteen acres of land. Immediate possession given.

Apply to
H. & H. MERRILL,
No. 23, St. John Street,
Upper Town;
or to E. G. CANNON, N.P.

Quebec, March 27, 1866. tf

To Let,

FROM 1st May next, the HOUSE now occup

THE

Morning Chronicle

PRINTING WORKS.

The Establishment is furnished with all the improved modern machinery, and the collection of

BOOK & FANCY TYPES

will bear favorable comparison with any Establishment in Canada.

Business Cards of every Variety, Style and Cost,

From $3 per 1000 !!

TINTED CARDS !
TINTED CARDS!

TINTED CARDS!
TINTED CARDS!

A new and beautiful Card, for Business Advertising very attractive

BILL HEADINGS!
BILL HEADINGS!

BILL HEADINGS!
BILL HEADINGS!!

Plain and Tinted, of every hue and color, Ruled and Cut to any size or pattern!

CIRCULARS!
CIRCULARS!

CIRCULARS!
CIRCULARS!!

The Selection of MODERN TYPE for Circular Printing cannot be surpassed.

1000 CIRCULARS

Cream Laid Note Paper, neatly printed and folded,

For $4.50 !

Bank Checks, Notes and Bills of Lading'

PRINTED ON PLAIN OR GROUND TINTED PAPER

ENVELOPES!
ENVELOPES!!

ENVELOPES!
ENVELOPES!!

The Stock comprises every description of Style, Color and Size, and can be furnished with Business Card, neatly Printed on the corner, per 1000

From $3.50 !!

FOR FORMS & BLANKS,

of Evidence and Judgment, and every description of Legal Documents, furnished to order.

CIRCULARS!
CIRCULARS!

CIRCULARS!
CIRCULARS!!

Also Bill Heads, Auction Bills Programmes, &c.,

or resembling this Style of Work, the Selection of TYPES in the Morning Chronicle Office, is not surpassed in Canada, and for Style and COMPETITION IS DEFIED.

Fancy, Dry Goods, Groceries Apothecaries, &c.

Printed in the BEAUTIFUL STYLE OF THE

Bronze, Colored, and all other Kinds of Printing.

Executed on the shortest notice and in the most Fastidious manner.

CATALOGUES!
INVOICES!

Bills of Shipping!

&c. &c. &c.

Parties call and examine for yourselves, as none should bear in mind, that the most economical are those who

ADVERTISE

OFTEN!

Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention.

PRINCE'S HAIR DRESSERS.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR!

Toys! Toys!

AND

USEFUL ORNAMENTS FOR THE MILLION!

CALL AND EXAMINE

H. & W. BANSLEY'S

EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

TOYS,

Fancy & Cabinet Ware

CHINA ORNAMENTS,

OF THE BEST

French, English and German MANUFACTURE,

RECEIVED PER LAST STEAMERS FROM EUROPE.

Everything New and Novel.

Remember No. 10, ST. JOHN STREET.

Quebec, Dec. 24, 1864.

Ship-Yard to Let.

THE SHIP-YARD formerly belonging to the late John Munn, Esq.

Apply to

S. I GLACKMEYER, Notary.

Quebec, Febr. 23, 1865.

Office to Let.

A DOUBLE OFFICE in the Commercial Chambers.

Apply to

JOHN L. GIBB.

Quebec, April 2, 1865.

Native Ceylon Coffee.

41 BAGS extra fine Native Ceylon, now landing ex S.S. "Thames."

For sale by

M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, Nov. 17, 1865.

Boiled Linseed Oil.

1000 GALLONS in quarter-casks.

For sale by

M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, Febr. 6, 1866.

Dexter's Hotel,

ST. JOHN STREET,

UPPER TOWN

QUEBEC.

Quebec, Febr 6 1865.

Extra Bright Porto Rico Sugar.

Just Receiving, direct from Ponce:

116 HOGSHEADS Extra Bright Porto Rico Sugars.

For sale by

JOHN LEMESURIER,

No. 33, St. Peter Street

Quebec May 2, 1865

NOTICE.

Chas. Baillargé,

Practising and Consulting Architect,

ENGINEER & LAND SURVEYOR

ESTIMATES, Measurements and Arbitrations undertaken.

Preparatory courses in Mathematics given to persons about to undergo examination for admission to the study or practice of Land Surveying.

St. FRANCIS STREET, U. T., No. 14

Quebec, July 3, 1865. 1mo&lo

BEAUTIFUL CLEAN LINEN.

W. G. NIXEY'S

CRYSTALLISED

Extract of Fuller's Earth

In the Cheapest and Best Article

For washing and beautifying Linen, Woollen Lace, Lawn, Muslin, &c., possesses unequalled efficacy in removing Grease, Stains, and the cream-like colour of linen produced from bad washing, the excessive use of Soda, Lime, and other preparations of Caustic Alkali.

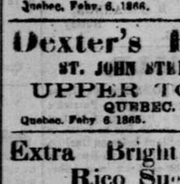
THE EXTRACT OF FULLER'S EARTH is the quickest and most effective article ever introduced, incapable of injury to the hands or the finest fabric, and requires only to be tried to be appreciated."—*Times*, Aug. 27, 1864.

☞ *May be obtained through any respectable Tradesmen.*

Sample Packets, with full Directions for use price 1d. and 6d.

13 SOHO SQUARE LONDON.

Ammunition



TARGET

12 FEET SQUARE.

Represents average shooting at 500 yards, with

ELEY'S

EXTRA

ENFIELD

CARTRIDGES.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

For Sporting or Military Purposes

Double Waterproof Central Fire caps, Felt Waddings to prevent the leading of Guns, Wire Cartridges for killing Game, &c., at long distances, Breech Loading Cartridge Cases of superior quality for Shot Guns and Rifles, Pin Cartridges for "Lefaucheux" Revolvers of 7, 9, and 12 millimetres.

Jacob's Rifle Shell Tubes, Cartridges and Caps for Colt's, Deane's, Tranter's, Adams', and other Revolvers.

BALL CARTRIDGES

For Enfield Rifles, also for Westley Richard's, Terry's, Wilson's, Mont Storm's, Green's, and other Breech-loaders.

Bullets of uniform weight made by compression from soft Refined Lead.

Mechanically fitting projectiles for Rigby's and Henry's Rifles.

ELEY BROS.,

Gray's-Inn-Road, London, W C

☞ WHOLESALE ONLY.

July 2 1865 6m

Dinneford's Pure Fluid Magnesia

Has been, during 35 years, emphatically sanctioned by the Medical Profession, and universally accepted by the Public as the Best REMEDY for

Acidity of the Stomach, Heartburn, Headache, Gout and Indigestion,

And as a MILD APERIENT for delicate constitutions, more especially for Ladies and Children, combined with the

Acidulated Lemon Syrup

It forms an *agreeable Effervescing Draught*, in which its aperient qualities are much increased. During HOT SEASONS and in HOT CLIMATES, the regular use of this simple and elegant remedy has been found highly beneficial.

Manufactured by

DINNEFORD & CO.,

172, New Bond Street, London;

And Sold by all respectable Chemists throughout the World.

☞ For Sale by BOWLES & McLEOD, Medical Hall, Quebec.

N. B.—Ask for DINNEFORD'S Magnesia.

Dec. 3 1864 1y-law

NEW & POPULAR MUSIC,

PUBLISHED BY

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,

473 Broadway, New-York,

And Sold by all the Music Dealers.

SONGS.

THE NATIONAL JUBILEE PRIZE SONG, by Konrad Treuer, with a jubilant and effective chorus. 30 cents.

"To predict popularity for this able production would be superfluous."—*Home Journal.*

"It is unquestionably a superior composition."—*N. Y. Dispatch.*

"The words and melody are very grand and effective."—*N. Y. Courier.*

"This song is destined to be universally popular."—*Musical Review.*

THE GOOD Dispatcher. This song is very spirited, patriotic, and popular. 30 cents.

WE NEVER CAN FORGET IT; or, The Memories of Andersonville Prison-Pens. By Henry Tucker. If you wish your sensibilities awakened with touching words and a rich and plaintive melody, do not fail to procure this song. Every soldier and soldier's friend, especially the friends of our tortured heroes at Andersonville, should hear this exquisite song. 30 cents.

LOVE ON THE BRAIN. By Mrs. Parkhurst. A very amusing and popular song. 30 cents.

THE "NATION IN TEARS." A Dirge to the Memory of Abraham Lincoln. By Konrad Treuer. 30 cents.

OUR SONG OF LIBERTY. With the *Marseillaise* as an introduction. By H. Millard. This song combines a charming melody with very spirited and patriotic words, and pleases everybody. 30 cents.

THE WHIP-POOR-WILL SONG. By H. Millard. A beautiful woodland love-song, with the pathetic and familiar echo of the "Whip-poor-Will." 30 cents.

"KISS ME WHILE I'M SLEEPING." Words by Wild Edgerton. Music by Konrad Treuer. This beautiful and artistic song is one of Miss Morris's favorites, and is sung by her at nearly all her concerts. 30 cents.

DE LORD HE MAKE US FREE. Minstrel Song. By Euan C. Pation. This song has very comic words, and a brilliant melody. No one can fail to be delighted with it. 30 cents.

EVERY BODY'S LOVE-SONG. Words by W Jennings Demorest Music by Konrad Treuer. Comprising the titles of all the popular love-songs, and illustrating love in all its phases. 30 cents.

THE COTTAGE ROUND THE CORNER Words by Mrs. M. A. Kidder. Music by Henry Tucker. This is a very charming song; the words beautiful, and the melody delicious. 30 cents.

MR. CARNEY, NONE OF YOUR BLARNEY. By A Sedgwick. A very comic and beautiful Irish song. 30 cents.

THE BOYS THAT WEAR THE BLUE. By Henry Tucker. A splendid song both in words and melody, and a beautiful and just tribute to our returning heroes. 30 cents.

THE CHAIN OF LOVE. 30 cents.

CHORUS.

We'll brighten up the chain, love,
That binds our hearts in one,
For sweet the kiss
And rare the bliss
In union thus begun.

Any of the above songs will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price, or at discount of one-third when the order amounts to one dollar.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL

Instrumental Music

JUST ISSUED.

BEAU-MONDE QUADRILLE. Respectfully inscribed to Miss. Demorest Arranged by Harvey B Dodworth. Contains principal melodies of the popular songs, "Love on the Brain," "The Good Time has Come, Boys," "The Whipper-poor-Will Song," "Jubilee Prise Song," "De Lord He make us Free," "Our Song of Liberty," and "The Cottage round the Corner" A splendid composition. 40 cents.

THE FESTIVAL MARCH. A very spirited piece. By Charles Fradel. 30 cents.

THE WATER-LILY POLKA. Very fine. By Theodore Moelling. 30 cents.

GRAND INDIAN MARCH. By Konrad Treuer. Contains the beauties and brilliancy of the fourth act of Meyerbeer's splendid opera of the *Africaine*. This piece is not difficult, but very artistic. Figured for fingering. 40 cents.

RECHERCHE POLKA MAZURKA. By Charles Fradel. A real gem. 30 cents.

ANGELS WHISPERING. An impromptu for the piano. By Charles Fradel. An exquisite piano piece, and one of this popular composer's best efforts. 30 cents.

THE GREEN HILLS NOCTURNE. By Harvey B Dodworth. 40 cents. This is one of Dodworth's best efforts, and a great favorite at the Central Park concerts.

A discount of one-third given when the pieces ordered amount to $1 or over. All music sent by mail post free.

We also furnish any music published in the United States, free of postage, when the marked price is included in the order. Address

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,

473 Broadway, New-York.

Dec. 5, 1865.

SAUCE.

LEA AND PERRINS'

Worcestershire SAUCE,

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE *Only Good Sauce,*

And applicable to every variety of Dish.

Extract of a letter from a medical gentleman at Madras to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851.

"Tell Lea and Perrins that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made.

CAUTION

LEA & PERRINS

Beg to caution the Public against spurious imitations of their celebrated

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

L. & P. have discovered that several of the Foreign Markets have been supplied with SPURIOUS IMITATIONS, the labels closely resembling those of the genuine Sauce, and in one or more instances the name of L. and P. *forged.* L. and P. will proceed against any one who may manufacture or vend such imitations, and have instructed their correspondents, in the various parts of the world, to advise them of any infringement of their rights.

ASK FOR

Lea and Perrins' SAUCE.

*** Sold Wholesale and for Export, by the Proprietors, Worcester; Messrs. CROSSE and BLACKWELL; Messrs. Barclay and Sons, London; &c., &c.; by Grocers and Oilmen universally; or of Rimmer, Gunn & Co., Montreal.

Nov. 14, 1865 1y-lo

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE Preparations

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED" COMPOUND

Fluid Extract Buchu

A positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the

Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the powers of digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the matter of calcareous depositions and all unnatural enlargements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation, and is good for men, women and children.

H

Helmbold's Extract Buchu!

For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, attended with the following Symptoms:

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions of the Face, Universal Lassitude, Pallid Countenance, Muscular System.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on (which this Medicine invariably removes), soon follow

FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS, &c.,

in one of which the patient may expire. Who can say they are not frequently followed by those "dreadful diseases,"

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION?

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess. The records of the insane asylums and the melancholy deaths by consumption bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion.

The Constitution, once affected by organic weakness, requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU invariably does. A trial will convince the most sceptical.

E

In many affections peculiar to Females, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequalled by any other remedy, and for all complaints incident to the sex, or in the

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE,

SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

L

Take no Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

Helmbold Extract Buchu

AND

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Cures Secret Diseases

in all their stages at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience, and NO EXPOSURE.

M

USE HELMBOLD'

EXTRACT BUCHU

For all affections and diseases of these organs, whether

EXISTING IN MALE OR FEMALE,

From whatever cause originating, and no matter how long standing. Diseases of these organs require the aid of a diuretic.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu

Is the Great Diuretic.

And it is certain to have the desired effect in all diseases for which it is recommended.

B

Blood! Blood! Blood!

HELMBOLD'S

Highly Concentrated Compound

Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla!

For purifying the Blood, removing all chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erysipelas, and all scaly Eruptions of the Skin

And Beautifying the Complexion.

NOT A FEW

of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect *Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla.* Its cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow at trouble in the blood Such a remedy that could be relied on has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has the virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla added to a pint of water is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is fully equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

O

Helmbold's Rose Wash,

An excellent Lotion for diseases arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu and Sarsaparilla, in such diseases as recommended. Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicines. Also explicit directions for use, *with hundreds of thousands* living witnesses, and upwards of 20,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, Statesmen, &c. The Proprietor has never resorted to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.

The Science of Medicine, like the Doric Column, should stand simple, pure, majestic, having Fact for its basis, Induction for its pillar, and Truth alone for its Capital

L

My Extract Sarsaparilla is a Blood Purifier; my Extract Buchu is a Diuretic, and will act as such in all cases.

Both are prepared on purely scientific principles—in vacuo—and are the most active measures of either that can be made. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the following works:

See Dispensatory of the United States.

See Professor Dawees' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.

See remarks made by the celebrated Dr. PEREIRA, Phila.

See remarks made by Dr. EBERAIN MCDOWELL, a celebrated Physician and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.

See Medico-Chirurgical Review, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.

See most of the standard works of medicine.

D

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

Address letters for information, in confidence, to

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Chemist.

PRINCIPAL DEPOTS:

Helmbold's Drug and Chemical Warehouse,

No. 594 BROADWAY, N. Y

OR TO

Helmbold's Medical Depot,

No. 104 SOUTH TENTH STREET, PHILA

Beware of Counterfeits,

Ask for Helmbold's!

TAKE NO OTHER!

JOHN F. HENRY & CO., 393 St. Paul St., Montreal, Wholesale Agents for the Canadas.

1866

COPY.

CIRCULAR.

Distilling Apparatus,

TO BE USED ON BOARD

PASSENGER SHIPS.

DOWNING STREET,

18th December, 1865.

SIR,—

I have the honor to transmit, for your information, and for insertion in the public papers, the accompanying Copy of an Order of Her Majesty in Council, dated the 5th instant, allowing the Distilling Apparatus of Messrs. Chaplin and company, as well as those of Dr. Normanby and Messrs. Winchester and Graveley, to be used on board Passenger Ships.

I have the honor to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient

Humble servant,

[Signed,] EDWARD CARDWELL

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

[L. S.]

AT THE COURT OF WINDSOR,

The 5th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT:

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, by "The Passengers' Act 1855," it is amongst other things enacted, that before any Passenger Ship shall be cleared out, the Emigration Officer at the port of clearance shall satisfy himself that there is on board a sufficient quantity of pure water, carried in tanks or casks, to secure throughout the intended voyage the issue of three quarts daily to each statute adult, for the use of the passengers, exclusive of the quantity required for cooking:

And whereas, it is also enacted, that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by any Order in Council to prescribe such rules and regulations as to Her Majesty may seem fit, for permitting the use on board passenger ships of an apparatus for distilling water, and for defining in such case the quantity of fresh water to be carried in tanks or casks for the passengers, and such order in Council from time to time to alter, amend and revoke, as occasion may require:

And whereas, Her Majesty, by an order in council, dated the ninth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, prescribed certain rules for permitting the use on board passenger ships, propelled by steam engines of less than a certain power, and on board passenger ships propelled by sails, of a certain apparatus for distilling fresh water from salt water;

And whereas, it is expedient to repeal the said order in council, and to issue in lieu thereof the order hereinafter contained:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty doth, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and in pursuance and in exercise of the authority vested in Her by the said "Passengers' Act, 1855," hereby repeal the said order in council of the ninth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty three, except in so far as the same repeals a certain order in council of the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and doth hereby order as follows:

Any passenger ship propelled by sails only or by steam engines of less power than is sufficient, without the aid of sails, to propel the ship at the rate of five statute miles an hour, may be cleared out and proceed on her voyage having on board, in tanks or casks, only half of the quantity of pure water required by the said Act to be carried for the use of the passengers, provided the following conditions be observed, that is to say:

1. That there be on board such ship an efficient apparatus for distilling fresh water from salt water, of the description commonly known either as Normandy's patent, as Winchester and Graveley's patent, or as Chaplin and company's patent.

2. That the owners, charterers, or master of such ship, before clearance, lodge with such Emigration Officer a certificate from the engineer or surveyor of the Board of Trade, or from some other competent person to be named by such Emigration Officer, declaring that within seven days immediately preceding the date of such certificate, the apparatus has been examined by him, and is then in good working condition, and stating the number of imperial gallons of pure fresh water which it is capable of producing in every twenty-four hours, and further declaring that the apparatus on board is either Normandy's, Winchester and Graveley's, or Chaplin and company's patent, as the case may be.

3. That in every case such Emigration Officer shall be satisfied that the number of gallons of pure water which the apparatus is so certified to be capable of producing is not less than the whole number of persons about to proceed on the intended voyage of such ship, that is to say, the whole number of cabin passengers, passengers and crew.

4. That there is rated on the ship's articles, and that there is on board the ship, some person or persons who, to the satisfaction of the said Emigration Officer, shall be competent for the proper management and repair of such distilling apparatus:

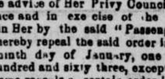
And to prevent all doubts on the construction of this order in council, it is hereby further ordered that the terms "Passenger ship," "Emigration Officer," "Statute Adult" and "Master," shall herein have the same signification as are assigned to them respectively in the said "Passengers' Act, 1855:"

And the Right Honorable Edward Cardwell, one of Her Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

(Signed,)

ARTHUR HELPS.

Ottawa, January 26, 1866.



Government House—Ottawa,

SATURDAY, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 26th April 1853, directing "that Goods bona fide exported to this Province from any country, but passing in transitu through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country, consigned directly to importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

(Signed,)

WM. H. LEE,

C. E. C.

Jany. 27, 1866.

To Parents and Guardians.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills.

Long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable Medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each Box is wrapped in white paper, and has U. KEARSLEY printed on the Government Stamp. Price 2s. 9d. per Box. May be had of all Chemists throughout the World.

Also dilious Headaches and Liver Complaint cured by SANGER'S TASTELESS ANTIBILIOUS POWDERS. Price 1s½ per Packet. Both Medicines may be had of

J. SANGER & SON,

150, Oxford Street, London.

Sept. 8, 1865. 1y-laf

Uncoloured Japan Tea.

250 HALF-CHESTS Uncolored Japan Tea, very fine.

For sale by

LANE, GIBB & CO.

Quebec Dec 5, 1865

Dyspepsia,

AND

DISEASES RESULTING FROM

Disorders of the Liver

And Digestive Organs,

ARE CURED BY

HOOFLAND'S German Bitters.

THE GREAT STRENGTHENING

Tonic,

These Bitters have performed more Cures!

GIVE BETTER SATISFACTION!

Have more Testimony!

HAVE MORE RESPECTABLE PEOPLE TO VOUCH FOR THEM!

Than any other article in the market.

We defy any One to contradict this Assertion

And will Pay $1000

To any one that will produce a Certificate published by us that is not GENUINE.

Hoofland's German Bitters

Will cure every case of

Chronic or Nervous Debility, diseases of the Kidneys, and Diseases arising from a disordered Stomach.

Observe the following Symptoms:

Resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

REMEMBER

That this Bitters is not Alcoholic,

CONTAINS NO RUM OR WHISKEY,

And can't make Drunkards,

But is the BEST TONIC in the WORLD

☞ *Read who says so:* ☜

FROM THE HON. THOMAS B. FLORENCE
FROM THE HON. THOMAS B. FLORENCE
FROM THE HON. THOMAS B. FLORENCE

Washington, Jan. 1st, 1864.

Gentlemen,—Having stated it verbally to you, I have no hesitation in writing the fact that I experienced marked benefit from your Hoofland's German Bitters. During a long and tedious session of Congress, pressing and onerous duties nearly prostrated me. A kind friend suggested the use of the preparation I have named. I took his advice, and the result was improvement of health, renewed energy, and that particular relief I so much needed and obtained. Others may be similarly advantaged if they desire to be.

Truly your friend,

THOMAS B. FLORENCE.

From JOHN B. WICKERSHAM, Esq., firm of Wickersham & Hutchison, the celebrated Manufacturers of Fancy Iron Works, 259 Canal St.

I am the recipient from you of one of the greatest favors that can be conferred upon man, viz., that of health. For many years I suffered from one of the most annoying and debilitating complaints that the human family can be afflicted with, Chronic Diarrhea.

During the long time I was suffering from this disease, I was attended by regular physicians, giving me but temporary relief. The cause seemed to remain until I was induced to try Hoofland's German Bitters. After the use of a few bottles of that valuable medicine, the complaint appeared to be completely eradicated.

I often inwardly thank you for such a valuable specific, and, whenever I have an opportunity, cheerfully recommend it, with full confidence in its reliability.

Truly yours,

JOHN B. WICKERSHAM.

New York, Feb. 2, 1864.

From JULIUS LEE, Esq., firm of Lee & Walker, the most extensive Music Publishers in the United States, No. 722 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

February 8th, 1864.

Messrs Jones & Evans—Gentlemen:—My mother-in-law has been so greatly benefitted by your Hoofland's German Bitters that I concluded to try it myself. I find it to be an invaluable tonic, and unhesitatingly recommend it to all who are suffering from dyspepsia. I have had that disease in its most obstinate form—flatulence—for many years, and your Bitters has given me ease when every thing else had failed.

Yours truly, JULIUS LEE.

From the HON. JACOB BROOM.

Philadelphia, Oct. 7th, 1863.

Gentlemen:—In reply to your inquiry as to the effect produced by the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, in my family, I have no hesitation in saying that it has been highly beneficial. In one instance, a case of dyspepsia of thirteen years' standing, and which had become very distressing, the use of one bottle gave decided relief, the second effecting a cure, and the third, it seems, has confirmed the cure, for there has been no symptoms of its return for the last six years. In my individual use of it, I find it to be an unequalled tonic, and sincerely recommend its use to the sufferers.

Truly yours, JACOB BROOM,

1707 Spruce St.

From REV. W. D. SEIGFRIED, Pastor of 12th Baptist Church.

Philadelphia, December 26th, 1863.

Messrs. Jones & Evans—Gentlemen:—I have recently been laboring under the distressing effects of indigestion, accompanied by a prostration of the nervous system. Numerous remedies were recommended by friends, and some of them tested, but without relief. Your Hoofland's German Bitters were recommended by persons who had tried them, and whose favorable mention of the Bitters induced me also to try them. I must confess that I had an aversion to Patent Medicines, from the "thousand and one quack Bitters," whose only aim seems to be to palm off sweetened and drugged liquor upon the community, in a sly way; and the tendency of which, I fear, is to make many a confirmed drunkard. Upon learning that yours was really a medicinal preparation, I took it with happy effect. Its action not only on the upon the stomach, but upon the nervous system, was prompt and gratifying. I feel that I have derived great and permanent benefit from the use of a few bottles.

Very respectfully yours,

W. D. SEIGFRIED,

No. 354 Shackamaxon St.

From the REV. THOS. WINTER, D.D., Pastor of Roxborough Baptist Church.

Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir:—I feel it due to your excellent preparation, Hoofland's German Bitters, to add my testimony to the deserved reputation it has obtained. I have for years, at times, been troubled with great disorder in my head and nervous system. I was advised by a friend to try a bottle of your German Bitters, I did so, and as a consequence received unexpected relief; my health has since very materially benefitted. I confidently recommend the article where I meet with cases similar to my own, and have been assured by many of their good effects.

Respectfully yours, T. WINTER,

Roxborough, Pa.

From REV. J. S. HERMAN, of the German Reformed Church, Kutztown, Berks County, Pa.

Dr. O. Jackson—Respected Sir:—I have been troubled with Dyspepsia nearly twenty years, and have never used any medicine that did me as much good as Hoofland's Bitters. I am very much improved in health, after having taken five bottles.

Yours, with respect, J. S. HERMAN.

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Dec. 4, 1865.

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