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DOMINION DESPATCHES.
FROM THE CAPITAL.

Mr. L. A. Senecal's Mills—Personal.
OTTAWA, May 30.—The people in the
vicinity of Gatineau Point, near here, are
complaining of the inability of Mr. L.
A. Senecal to start operations at the mills
which he purchased in that district last
year from Messrs. Hall & Co. In con-
nection with the business there are exten-
sive timber limits up the Gatineau, and
a large number of men are out of employ-
ment owing to the works being at a standstill.
Sir Alex. Campbell returned to-day
from Kingston.

Ottawa is about to prepare to have a
monster demonstration on Dominion Day.
By a runaway accident to the Coteau
Landing stage yesterday morning the only
passenger, Mr. D. C. Linsley, manager
of the Canada Atlantic Railway, was
thrown violently out and suffered a dis-
location of the right shoulder joint, be-
sides other injuries. He is doing well.

QUEBEC.
Lumber for South America—Three
Rivers Diocese not to be Divided—
The Megantic Campaign—Vice-Regal
Dinner—The Vacant Councillorship
—Personal—The Seasonal Indemnity
—Lucky Quebecers.

Special to THE HERALD.
QUEBEC, May 30.—A large quantity of
lumber manufactured for the South
American market along the line of the
Quebec Central Railway during the past
winter is now being brought to this port
for shipment.

A despatch received in town to-day
from Rome announces that the Diocese of
Three Rivers is not to be divided.
A deputation of Conservative electors
from Megantic arrived in town yesterday
and had an interview with Sir Hector
Langelin.

The Governor-General gave a grand
dinner party at the Vice-Regal quarters
on the Citadel to-night.

It is stated this evening that the Hon.
P. Garneau is the successful candidate for
the late Hon. Mr. Panet's councillorship.

Mr. Maguire, Esq., of the firm of D.
& J. Maguire, shipowners, has received
from the Argentine Republic the appoint-
ment of Consul at this port.

The seasonal indemnity of members is
to be fixed for the future at \$600, but
\$700 will be granted in view of the ex-
ceptionally lengthy session.

Two prizes come to Quebec this year
from the London Art Union. Mr. W. A.
Griffith is the fortunate owner of a £10
painting, and Mr. Alex. Russell a set of
designs from English history. Dawson
& Co. are agents here, as well as for the
Scottish Art Union.

ONTARIO.
A Toronto Street Fight—An Obliging
Minister—Mills—Business
Troubles in Toronto.

TORONTO, May 30.—Considerable talk
encountered on the street to-day over an en-
counter between Jno. Pearce, of Gould
street, and Alderman Mitchell. Pearce
suspected Mitchell of being unduly in-
timate with his wife, and meeting them
on Mutual street about 11 last night he
knocked the Alderman down, who, on get-
ting up, fled. Pearce threatens legal pro-
ceedings. Mitchell is a married man and
a large property owner.

Alderman McMurrich, Chairman of the
Semi-Centennial Celebration Committee,
telegraphed the Minister of Militia, yes-
terday, requesting the postponement of
the camp to make it end on the 1st July,
to give the rural battalions an opportu-
nity of participating in the semi-centennial
celebration.

The Government has been ordered.
[The Minister should now order a post-
ponement of the camp, instead of
beginning it on the 1st of June, the
great Canadian fete.—Ed.]

R. C. Bothwell, fancy goods merchant,
on Young street, assigned this morning.
Assets are about \$16,000, but the estate
has a nominal surplus. Losses by bad
debts and hard times are ascribed as the
cause of the assignment.

It was rumored to-day that Barber &
Co., wholesale druggists of Jordan street,
were heavily involved in difficulties and
had assigned. Enquiry elicited the fact
that the assignment had not been made,
but that it will probably occur shortly.
The liabilities are placed at \$80,000, but
the assets are not ascertainable. The cause
of trouble is the shrinkage in the value
of North-West and Manitoba lands in
which the firm invested largely. The
Bank of Montreal holds about \$40,000
business paper which is considered good.

THE MARITIME PROVINCES

Prince George at Halifax—Funeral of
Rev. Father Kearns—The Cumberland
Election.

HALIFAX, May 30.—H. M. war ship
Canada, with Prince George of Wales on
board, arrived this afternoon from Ber-
muda.

A high mass for the repose of the soul
of the late Rev. Richard Kearns was cele-
brated at St. Mary's Cathedral this morn-
ing at 9 o'clock. The church was filled
to overflowing, principally with women
and children. The altars were draped
with black velvet, and presented a sombre
appearance, which was relieved here and
there by crosses of white satin. The casket
was placed on a bier in front of the main
altar; on top of it were a cross, cross and
candle of beautiful flowers and a priest's
hat and the stole of the deceased. High
mass was celebrated by His Grace Arch-
bishop O'Brien, with Rev. T. J. Daly as
assistant priest, Mr. Power as deacon,
Rev. S. S. Biggs as sub-deacon and Rev.
E. F. Murphy master of ceremonies. Be-
sides these there were on the altar, Very
Rev. Canon Woods, Canon Carmody,
Rev. Fathers Scott, Danahar, Mehan,
Desmond, Commaine, Madden, Grace,
Kenny, S. J., Holden, Hamilton
and Bresnau, besides a large num-
ber of altar boys. The services were
unusually impressive, the choir adding
to them greatly by their unusually fine
singing. At the conclusion of mass the
clergy formed a circle round the casket
and the services for the dead were
performed. The funeral procession was one
of the finest seen in Halifax for some
years and took place in a marked manner
to the high esteem in which the deceased
was held by all classes and creeds among
the citizens. All the societies turned out
strong and presented a very creditable
appearance; all having their badges cov-
ered with crepe. The procession extended
from the chapel to near Park street and
at all points of the route crowds of
people were congregated. At the grave
the usual ceremonies were gone through
with in presence of a vast concourse of
people.

The Liberals of Cumberland County
held a convention at Amherst to-day to
nominate a candidate for the seat made
vacant in the House of Commons by the
retirement of Sir Chas. Tupper. The
convention opened at three o'clock and
continued in session till eleven p.m.
Hon. Wm. T. Pipes, Premier of Nova
Scotia, was unanimously chosen as the
candidate of the Liberal party. Mr.
Townsend, the Conservative candidate,
and Mr. Pipes being both members of the
Local Assembly, the convention nomi-
nated two candidates to take their places.
Wm. Oxley, of Oxford, and Chas. Smith,
of Parrsboro. The Liberals claim that
this will be a strong ticket for the next
election.

THE COLD SPELL.
Great Damage to Crops Reported.
ALBANY, May 30.—Ice half an inch
thick formed in this vicinity last night.
Nearly all vegetables and small fruits are
destroyed. Some farmers protected their
strawberry plants by keeping a fire near
them all night.

NORTH WAKEFIELD, Q., May 30.—
Considerable damage was done to grain
crops and meadows in this vicinity by
frost this week.

ALMONT, Ont., May 30.—There were
heavy frosts in this vicinity for the last
three nights, but no serious damage was
done to the crops, hay and clover only
being slightly hurt, but gardens have suf-
fered badly, grapes and fruits of all kinds
being almost totally destroyed.

ATLANTIC, Que., May 30.—Grape vines,
potatoes, peas, beans, corn, tomatoes, and
all garden stuff have been almost entirely
destroyed in this vicinity by the frosts of
the past few nights.

CARLETON PLACE, Ont., May 30.—The
frost has done considerable damage to
clover and fruit crops.

PEMBROKE, Ont., May 30.—Potatoes
and clover are not far enough advanced
to be hurt by the frost. Vegetables,
fruit, &c., are materially injured in some
localities.

KAZABAZU, Q., May 30.—The meadows
are much damaged by frost, especially
clover. Other crops above ground are al-
most all destroyed.

OTTAWA, May 30.—The severe frost the
past two nights played havoc with gar-
dens and fruit bushes. The fruit crop
is utterly destroyed. The peas and
barley have suffered very much from
frosts in this vicinity.

WESTMATH, May 30.—The grain crops
in this section are not far enough ad-
vanced for the frost to injure them.
Fruit will be totally destroyed.

PERTH, Ont., May 30.—There was a
heavy frost here on Tuesday and Wed-
nesday nights, ice forming half an inch
thick on exposed standing water. Owing
to the dry state of the soil and the crops
not being far advanced, it is thought the
damage generally will not be great.
Clover will suffer most and timothy next,
though the state of the latter will not be
known for several days.

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.
A Mother Kills Her Four Children and
Herself.
ALBANY, May 30.—Last night Mrs.
Christophers Schreifer, aged 33, while tem-
porarily insane, cut the throats of her four
little children with a razor. Their ages
were 7, 5 and 3 years and 9 months, the
heads of all being nearly severed. The
woman then seized her 9-year-old daughter
in her arms, ran to the railroad track and
sat on the rails waiting for a train to kill
them. She was found fearfully mangled,
her head, both legs and arm being ampu-
tated. The girl's left foot and left arm
above the wrist was cut off. She was
horribly bruised, but conscious when picked
up. She said she could not get away
from her mother, who threw herself be-
fore the cars, and the locomotive struck
her (the child) and she was thrown from
the track, her left foot and arm falling
along the rails. The child died this
morning. The father, a German black-
smith, aged 35, is nearly crazed with grief.
The woman's insanity is said to be due to
the loss of a savings bank book.

THE PRESIDENCY.

The Republican Convention.
NEW YORK, May 30.—The Herald's
Chicago special says the superb weather
greeted the fast arriving delegates, and all
the indications point to a quiet gathering
on Tuesday next. The probability is the
session of the Convention will be short.
The Tribune's Chicago special says there
were few new developments yesterday.

A good deal of quiet work has been going
on, but on the surface everything appears
to be drifting along quietly. One notice-
able feature is the good feeling that pre-
vails. There is no bitterness, no volcanic
heat, such as shown in 1880. There is
not much talk of dark horses. Each State
will have to organize and select names for
the committees. For New York State
there is a contest going on to see which
side the Independents will combine with.
The only important contest is that from
Virginia. It looks now as though Mr.
Mahone would get half and the other half
Republicans the other half. There will
be 101 colored delegates in the Convention.

CHICAGO, May 30.—The morning trains
brought only a few delegates to the Na-
tional Convention. Large numbers of
politicians from New York, Pennsylvania
and Washington have, however, arrived,
and their presence imparts great life to
the preliminary sketching. Arthur and
Blaine's headquarters were opened this
morning.

The sub-committee of the National
Committee completed its preliminary
labors this evening, and will be able to
report to the full committee which as-
sembles at noon to-morrow. Outside of the
State of Virginia, 10 contested district
delegates will come for action to the sub-
committee. It is not anticipated that any
of these contests will prove a heavy
burden upon the committee except the
State of Virginia. To-day has been the
first tempered with any excitement.
In view of the near approach
of the Convention, headquarters were
thrown open at the leading hotels for the
Arthur, Blaine and Logan forces. Pre-
parations are making in advance of the
arrival of a number of solid State dele-
gates which are expected to begin early
to-morrow. It is estimated to-night that
about 140 delegates arrived, or about one-
sixth the full complement of the conven-
tion. By to-morrow night or Sunday
morning at the latest two-thirds of the
delegates are expected to be on the
grounds so that the activity which is
to occur anterior to the assembling of
the convention will be at its height
during the day of the Grand Pacific
Hotel, in which are the headquarters of
Arthur, Blaine and Logan. The main
head-quarters for Arthur are in the
gentlemen's parlor on the Jackson street
front. Across the folding doors of the
entrance is a large strip of
canvass lettered in black with the
words, "For President, Chester A.
Arthur." It is stated here that the out-
look is cheering, and the President's
friends are growing more confident as the
situation is developed. Blaine's head-
quarters are at the same hotel. A small
placard outside the door and lithograph
portraits inside are the signs that it is
the center of Blaine councils. A gentleman
in charge said this evening while he was
not at liberty to go into par-
ticulars he could say in general
much had been accomplished
the results of which would become ap-
parent later on. The Logan headquarters
are in charge of the chairman and secre-
tary of the Illinois State Committee. It
was claimed here that Logan's friends are
growing in confidence as reports come in
of a nature to indicate the impossibility
of either Blaine or Arthur securing a
majority of the convention. A colored
man, claiming to be Wm. H. Pleasant,
one of the Mahone delegates from Vir-
ginia, has been shown to be an impostor.
Pleasant himself not having yet left
Washington. The headquarters, under
the auspices of the businessmen of Chi-
cago, advocating the candidacy of Arthur,
have been opened at the Palmer House.
The committee will welcome the com-
mittee of businessmen from New York on
their arrival, and tender them the use of
their rooms. An address, similar in sub-
stance to the resolutions passed at the
businessmen's meeting in New York,
has been printed and distributed.

More Delegates For Chicago.
NEW ORLEANS, May 30.—Louisiana de-
legates left this evening for Chicago.
They will be joined at Jackson by the
Mississippi delegation.

Guests of a Railway Company.
WASHINGTON, May 30.—A party of
sixty or more newspaper men represent-
ing journals all over the country left here
this morning for Chicago. They are
guests during the entire trip of the Bal-
timore and Ohio Railroad. The cars will
be for the use of Chicago of those prefer-
ring them to hotels.

A FATAL CRASH.
Several Persons Buried in the Ruins of a
Baltimore Warehouse.
BALTIMORE, Md., May 30.—The weight
of cotton stored in Hocker's building in
this city caused it to collapse this morn-
ing. When the front of the building fell
in three or four persons were in the
counting room, four in the shipping office
and at least fifteen or twenty in the front
of the structure. Men are busily engaged
in removing the debris in order to get
people out. The body of a woman, H.
Linthicum, cashier of the house, was
found packed in between several barrels,
and it was impossible to reach him. A man
named Kelly and a colored boy have also
been found among the ruins. Up to
seven o'clock no more bodies were re-
covered. Edward Down, a colored port-
er of the firm, is known to be in the
wreck, as well as Gilda Hook and Ken-
neth McLean, employes of the firm oc-
cupying the second story room. The
building was erected 25 years ago, and
was supposed to be one of the most sub-
stantial in the city. On what story the
break occurred is not known, as all are
down from the front to within forty feet
of the rear. The ground on which the
building stood was filled in, having been
the river shore. The foundation is said
to have settled and caused the calamity.

DYNAMITE AGAIN.

The Apostles of Civilization at
Work in Scotland Yard,
London.

An Attempt on Nelson's Monu-
ment.

LONDON, May 30.—An explosion of
dynamite occurred outside the detective
office at Scotland Yard this evening. A
corner of the building, composed of thick
brick work, was blown off to a height of
30 feet. Several persons were injured.
[Scotland Yard, in which the above ex-
plosion took place, is the head-quarters
of the large force of police which govern
the metropolis, outside of the city
limits and is situated between Whitehall
and Northumberland Avenue, both large
arteries of traffic. It is familiarly known
to Londoners as "Henderson's Square,"
owing to Col. Henderson being in charge
of the police. The detectives' building,
situated to have been damaged, was a
massive building, between the Commission-
ers' office and the Lost Property Depart-
ment, and, owing to the large number of
parties attached, it is a wonder how the
dynamite did not do more damage.]
A bomb was thrown into the basement
of the Junior Carlton Club House and ex-
ploded this evening and there was an
other explosion near the same building a
few seconds after. The basement of the
club house was shattered and four ser-
vants seriously injured.

An Attempt to Blow Up Nelson's Monu-
ment.
A search results in the discovery that
another explosion was averted in Scotland
Yard by the failure of a fuse to burn.
Several cakes of dynamite have been
found in the vicinity and a canister of
unexploded dynamite in Scotland yard.
Sixteen packets of dynamite, with fuses
attached, were found under the Nelson
monument in Trafalgar Square. This
the police believe is of American manu-
facture.

THE FINANCIAL TROUBLES.
The Home Bank Week.
NEW YORK, May 30.—The receiver of
the Marine Bank says he is as yet igno-
rant of the true condition of the bank.
Not half of the liability items have been
gone through. He says there will be in-
teresting revelations when the investiga-
tion is concluded.

The Comptroller's Opinion.
WASHINGTON, May 30.—The comptrol-
ler of the currency yesterday said he be-
lieved the financial situation was improv-
ing, but unless the McPherson bill or
some other measure giving relief to banks
was passed by Congress there would be a
contraction of the currency during the
summer and early fall.

Another Corrupted Bank.
CHICAGO, Pa., May 30.—The develop-
ment of the currency yesterday said he be-
lieved the financial situation was improv-
ing, but unless the McPherson bill or
some other measure giving relief to banks
was passed by Congress there would be a
contraction of the currency during the
summer and early fall.

Ferdinand Ward Explains.
NEW YORK, May 30.—Ferdinand Ward
was visited in goal to-day by his counsel.
Replying to a question, Ward said, "The
responsibility of General Grant and John
D. Fish in the firm of Grant and Ward
was the same as my own."

The Penn Bank's Affairs.
PITTSBURG, Pa., May 30.—It is stated
that the cheques drawn on the Penn Bank
by mythical firms were signed by Presi-
dent Riddle, who represented them all.
The blind pool lost over four millions in
oil and overdrats on the bank aggregate
of \$1,300,000.

THE EGYPTIAN ENIGMA.
Germany and the Conference.
LONDON, May 30.—The Standard pre-
dicts that Germany's attitude in the com-
ing conference on the Egyptian question
will be determined wholly by England's
policy regarding Germany's pretensions
to the sovereignty in the Anglo-Persian
territory. If England continues to dis-
pute Germany's claims in West Africa
Germany will side with France in opposi-
tion to English supremacy in Egypt.

France Rejects England's Proposals.
LONDON, May 30.—It is reported the
Cabinet has decided to reject England's
proposals regarding Egyptian finances.

THE FENIANS.
Some Leaders Leave Dublin.
LONDON, May 30.—Since the informer
Delaney gave evidence at Sligo in the
Tubbercurry conspiracy examination,
certain well-known Fenians have left
Dublin.

DECORATION DAY.
Better Observed Than Ever Before.
NEW YORK, May 30.—Despatches from
all parts of the country show that the
observance of Decoration Day is more
general than at any time within ten
years. A profusion of flowers within the
graves of the nation's dead in the cemeter-
ies throughout the various States. In
most of the cities business was entirely
suspended.

A Great Fire.
LONDON, May 30.—A serious fire has
occurred at Phumpek, capital of
Cambodia. The whole quarter outside of
the French concession was destroyed.
One hundred and five houses belonging to
the King were burned and three persons
killed.

Rochefort Attacking Grant.
PARIS, May 30.—Rochefort continues
to make violent attacks upon Gen. Grant
in the *Intervenant*. It is reported that
his reason for this is that Grant refused
to receive him when he passed through
America.

American Pictures at the Salon.
PARIS, May 30.—A noisy faction in the
jury of the Salon has hooted down and
prevented every attempt of the judges to
consider the merits of American pictures.

No woman can live without some
share of physical suffering; but many ac-
cept as inevitable a great amount of pain
which can be avoided. Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound was invented by one
who understood its necessity and had the rare
skill to provide a simple, yet admirably
effective remedy.

QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

Third Session—Fifth Parliament.
Special to THE HERALD.
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
QUEBEC, May 30, 1884.

The House met at 11.10 a.m.
THE LUNATIC ASYLUMS.
Mr. ROBERTSON moved the House into
the Committee of Supply, when,
Mr. BOYER moved an amendment in
condemnation of the Lunatic Asylum con-
tract, and contrasted the high rates paid to
the proprietors of the Beauport Asylum
with the figures allowed the Sisters of
Lougue Point. He charged that there
was undue favoritism with respect to the
proprietors of Beauport, while their care
of lunatics was not what it might be. In
this sense he enlarged upon the recent pre-
sentment of the Quebec Grand Jury, which
pointed out an absence of proper guardi-
anship over the insane at Beauport. He
also held that the House had fixed the
minimum number of patients in Beauport
at 650 and that the contract fixed it at 850.
His pretension was that the country lost
\$90,000 on the ten years contract with
Beauport asylum.

Mr. JOLY stated that the duty of the
Government was to oblige the proprietors
of asylums to have a sufficient number of
guardians. He spoke of the admirable
management of similar institutions in
Nova Scotia.
Mr. BLANCHET defended the care of in-
sane at Beauport, and spoke of the praise
accorded to Mr. Vincelle by the grand
jury. He spoke at great length and was
followed by
Mr. MERCIER, who continued the debate
until the House adjourned at 1 p.m., con-
tending that the Beauport Asylum con-
tract had been signed to favor political friends,
though better arrangements could have
been made.

AFTERNOON SESSION.
When the House met again at 3.30 Mr.
MERCIER continued his speech, claiming
that the present contract would keep up
the population of Beauport Asylum to
1,150, which would be an annual loss to
the Province of \$36,800. This could have
been avoided by confining them at Lougue
Point. Several people were making a
living out of the profits of Beauport but
would not object to that if the lunatics
could not have been cared for at a lower
rate by others.

Mr. STEPHENS followed, condemning one
medical man being left in charge of 1100
patients. Mr. Stephens said the contract
was made to favor a political friend. That
was the English of it; he couldn't put it
into French if he tried to. The farming of
the lunatics was a bad policy. If these
most unfortunate of God's creatures were
properly cared for he would consider no
expenditure too heavy with a view to im-
prove their condition. It was a high
crime and misdemeanor to keep 900
patients under the charge of one medical
man. The Opposition was fighting the
matter, not as a party question, but in
the interest of humanity. He charged Mr.
Blanchet with having inserted a clause
in his bill to prevent grand juries from
visiting the institution.

Mr. BLANCHET indignantly denied the
assertion that there was any such clause,
and called upon Mr. Stephens to point it
out.
Mr. STEPHENS having searched the bill
for some time without finding the clause,
said that what he meant to say was that
there was a clause which virtually amount-
ed to the exclusion of grand juries.
The debate was continued by Messrs.
TAILLON, McSHANE and MERCIER, and the
amendment was finally lost by 11 to 33.
The House went into Committee, passed
several items of the estimates and took
recess at 6 p.m.

EVENING SESSION.
The House met at 8 p.m.
WELCOME TO LORD LANSDOWNE.
An address of welcome to Lord Lans-
downe was read, which was sent down
from the Legislative Council for concur-
rence.

Mr. TAILLON, in a few happy remarks,
moved concurrence and Mr. MERCIER
seconded it and announced the pleasure
in having allowed more than two
months of the session to have passed with-
out having laid before the House the final
report of the Civil Service Commission,
which was appointed more than a year ago
and which has entailed such unnecessary heavy
expenditure on the Province without any
practical result. He said, in support of
his motion, that the appointment of the
commission had been objected to by the
Opposition who held that a Parliamentary
Committee would do the work better and
cheaper, whereas now thousands of dollars
had been spent and the dismissals had
only been for appearance's sake, the
employees having been mostly reappointed.
In Montreal Court House, there were far
more officials than were required, Mr. Mer-
cier characterized the commission as a
farce from the beginning to the end.

Mr. STEPHENS said it was time that Par-
liament knew whether or not it could exact
a report from the commission.
The debate was continued by Messrs.
TAILLON, MARTEL, TROTTIER, BLANCHET,
GANNON and PATCHEL, and at 12.30 a vote
was taken, when the amendment was re-
jected by a vote of 13 to 25.

The House went into committee, passed
the remaining items of estimates, and ad-
journed at 1.30 a.m.

WEATHER REPORT.
Meteorological Office,
TORONTO, Ont., May 31, 1 a.m.

To-night the pressure is about normal
throughout Canada. The weather is fine
and in Ontario considerably warmer than
yesterday.

Probabilities.
Lakes and Upper St. Lawrence—Mode-
rate to fresh, south to south west winds,
fine, warmer weather.

Lower St. Lawrence—Moderate winds,
fine, warmer weather.

POPULAR PASTIMES.

Athletics.
THE HIGH SCHOOL SPORTS.

This year a new departure has been
made by the authorities of the High School
in inaugurating a regular athletic prize
meeting as a means of showing what the
High School boys can do in the line of
muscular development. The High School
has long been famed for the magnificent
athletes which it turns out, a very large
proportion of the cracks of this city having
received their education there. Two old
High School boys hold the bicycle and
snowshoe championships respectively,
while in every football and Montreal lac-
rosse teams are to be found names which
have been on the school roll. Yesterday
afternoon the first athletic meeting was
held on the Montreal Lacrosse Grounds,
and was entirely successful. Though the
weather was chilly and un-
comfortable, there was a large at-
tendance, including many ladies, who
evinced the greatest interest in the friends
of their sons, brothers, cousins or friends
as the case might be. The games were
under the charge of a committee com-
posed of Messrs. A. Mitchell, Campbell,
Lucas, Mackay and Jeffrey, who are to be
congratulated on the success which met
their labors. All the events were most
heartily contested, showing that there is
plenty of material in the school to suc-
ceed the present generation of Montreal's cham-
pions. The results of the various events
are appended:—

Kicking the football—Entries, W. Mac-
kay, A. Mitchell, M. Lucas, J. Campbell,
W. W. Mackay.
220 yards race—Won by M. Lucas in 27
sec., with W. Mackay second and A. Mit-
chell third.

Throwing lacrosse ball—There entered
A. Mitchell, M. Lucas, A. Kemp, J. Ross
and G. Brush. Brush won, with Mitchell
second.

For the 440 yards run for boys under 14,
P. Leslie, D. Forbes, Fry, J. Ross, Dodds,
Baillie and H. Kinghorn entered. J. Ross
won easily, with Fry second.

Throwing the cricket ball—J. Campbell
won with a throw of 95 yards, A. Mitchell
second.

One mile run—A. E. Jeffrey won, with
A. F. Mitchell second, M. Lucas third, and
W. M. Mackay fourth.

Putting the shot—There were five en-
tries—B. Buchanan, M. Lucas, W. Mac-
kay, Usher and Vipond. Lucas won,
with Buchanan second.

One hundred yards, (in heats), was won
by M. Lucas, with W. Mackay second,
and A. Mitchell third.

Three-legged race—Galbraith and Gor-
don won, with Muir and Kemp a good sec-
ond.

The next race, 100 yards, for boys under
14, brought out the largest number of en-
tries of the day, eleven. It was won by
Mooney, with Jamieson a good second, and
Ives, Brush second.

For the 440 yards there were seven en-
tries. An exciting race was won by A. E.
Jeffrey, with W. Mackay second.

The half-mile open to the whole school
was won by A. Jeffrey, none of the other
starters finishing.

In the tug of war—Science vs. Classics
—the former won.

A lacrosse match between the first and
second teams was then played for twenty
minutes. The game was a highly en-
thusiastic one and gave great promise for
the future. The first team won by one
goal to nothing. The very successful
afternoon's sports was concluded by a foot-
ball match between the first and second
teams, the first winning by one goal and
one touchdown to nothing.

Lacrosse.
TO-DAY'S CHAMPIONSHIP MATCH.
The following team from the Montreal-
ers will meet the champions in Toronto
to-day to contest for the pennants—W.
D. Aird, W. J. Cleghorn, E. Elliot, R.
Elliot, W. O. Griffin, A. G. Gardner, A.
G. Grant, D. Patterson, J. P. Paterson, T. L.
Paton, A. E. McNaughton, T. F. Tribey;
reserve, N. J. Fraser, E. Sheppard; Cap-
tain, F. C. A. McLeod.

The team left by the Western train last
evening, accompanied by a large number
of friends. There was a crowd at the
old Bonaventure to wish them on *en voyage*.
The team and its friends are very con-
fident that they will show a tough
fight to-day, and will do their best to
capture the pennants. Competent judges
say that while the Montreal team is an
excellent one, the Toronto are in even
better trim than when they defeated the
Shamrocks last fall. The betting last
night was largely in favor of the Toronto,
the Shamrock men especially fancying the
champions against the Montrealers. The
result will be anxiously watched for, not
only by the friends of the Montreal boys,
but also by the Shamrocks, as likely to
show the prospects of their meeting next
month.

THE SHAMROCK MATCHES TO-DAY.
It has been found impossible to com-
plete the improvements to the Shamrock
Lacrosse Grounds in time to enable the
matches to be played there this afternoon.
In order, however, not to disappoint the
public the committee have secured the
Montreal Grounds at considerable expense,
and the matches announced to take place
on their own grounds will be held on the
Montreal's field. The match between the
Young Shamrocks and Le Canadien at the
for the intermediate championship will be
started sharp on time at 2 o'clock, and it
is expected will prove very interesting and
exciting. The match between the senior
Shamrocks and the Caughnawagas will
start at 3 sharp, so that all who wish to
see an excellent exhibition of lacrosse
should be on time. The names of the
teams have already been published in THE
HERALD, and show

TRADE & COMMERCE

BANK DIVIDENDS—SEMI-ANNUAL

Table with columns: Name, Amt., Payable, Date. Lists dividends for various banks like Montreal, Toronto, and Ottawa.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS

Table with columns: Name, Date, Time. Lists annual general meetings for various banks and companies.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS

Dom. Salvage & Wreckage Co., June 3, 2 p.m.

FINANCIAL

THE HERALD OFFICE

Montreal, May 30.

Montreal Stock Market

The feature of bank stocks to-day was firmness, with an improved tendency. The shorts on some stocks were in a dilemma and appeared to be at their wits end.

The following were the day's transactions

Table with columns: Name, Amt., Payable, Date. Lists transactions for various banks and companies.

Loans and Discounts

The money market is easy. Call loans on stock collaterals at our former quotation of 4 per cent.

Foreign Exchange

The market for sterling exchange opened strong this forenoon at 8 1/2 per cent.

Butter and Cheese

The arrivals of butter are now coming in more freely, and holders are desirous of meeting the views of buyers or of inducing buyers to come to terms.

Wheat

The downward tendency still continues, and buyers are acting with more than usual caution. The market is a tone of uncertainty.

General Notes

The latest commercial news by telegraph was found on our first page. There were 148 failures in the United States in the past week.

Railway News

It is said the directors of the Reading Railroad have decided to pay the employees of the Central Railroad in New Jersey in cash.

Produce and Provisions

Flour and Grain. To-day being a general holiday in the United States (Decoration Day) there were no market advices received therefrom.

Large Sales of Land

No better proof of the manner in which the Great North-West is being filled up can be found than the enormous sales which are taking place of the lands of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Imports

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LAW INTELLIGENCE.

FRIDAY, May 30, 1884. SUPERIOR COURT IN REVIEW. Judgments.

Present: The Hon. Justices SCOTT, TORRANCE and CIMON. Contention of Vaudeville election, E. Lalonde vs. F. X. Archambault—Judgment granting election petition as to the annulling of the election in question.

L. Eglagh vs. Montreal and Sorel Railway Company—Judgment for \$100 damages, defendant to deliver over property within 15 days after service of judgment.

Stanislas Filiatrault vs. Jean Baptiste Elie—Judgment for \$181.45, balance of debt of sale.

E. Desrosiers vs. Joseph Lessard—Judgment for \$50 damages and costs of the action as brought.

Charles Santoir vs. Jos. Brunelle—Judgment for \$113.12 on a promissory note.

Henry P. Alden vs. The South Eastern Railway Company—Judgment for \$800 for salary.

Wm. B. Lambe, ex parte vs. The Hamilton Powder Company—Judgment for \$500 for fine in two cases.

C. S. Holiday vs. Maria Considine and Dame M. Kelly, opposant—Opposition dismissed and contestation maintained.

Samuel Carley vs. Dame Mathilda McCartney et vir—Judgment for plaintiff for costs paid for the female defendant.

g. Railroad work and city work. How can the closest co-operation be secured?

9. Religious meetings for railroad men exclusively. How can their efficiency be promoted?

10. The importance of having a German speaking assistant secretary in towns in which German branches have not been established, and his relation to the German speaking young men.

11. How can the general secretary in college towns best promote the interests of the college association work?

12. How can the best results be secured from the visits of the members and representatives of the state and international committees.

13. The general secretaryship as a profession.

14. Inquiry work in meetings exclusively for young men.

(a) The organization should be given at each meeting, and if so, suggest methods.

(b) The relation of the secretary, and his workers, to unconverted young men who manifest a desire to enter the Christian life.

(c) The relation of the secretary and his workers to unconverted young men who do not manifest a desire to enter the Christian life.

ness enfeebled his constitution and hastened his death.

Rev. G. H. Squire, B. A., obituary read by Rev. R. Wilson. Through life his health was feeble, but for nearly twenty years he was able to prosecute the work of the ministry.

Rev. Joseph Mahar, a French-Canadian, who was of Roman Catholic parentage, but embraced the Protestant faith, and in due time entered the Methodist ministry, but he only labored a short time when consumption hastened his end.

The conference adjourned at six o'clock by singing the doxology, after which the benediction was pronounced.—[Toronto Mail.

THE VOLTAIC BELT Co., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dyer's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belt and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men young or old who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and many vigor.

METHODIST CHURCH. Second Day's Proceedings of the Montreal Conference.

BROOKVILLE, May 29—The conference was opened at nine o'clock, the president in the chair. After devotional exercises, led by Rev. W. D. Brown, the minutes of the previous session were read and confirmed.

In yesterday's report the name of Rev. D. C. Sanderson was omitted as transferred from Manitoba to Montreal Conference.

NOMINATION OF COMMITTEES. Rev. J. Kines read the report of the nominating committee, which was adopted, as follows:—

Memorial Committee—Revs. W. Scott, Dr. Potts, H. F. Bland, J. Leech, George Forsey, R. Wilson, H. Krupp, Wm. Timberlake, H. W. Knowles and H. Fowler.

Railways.

CENTRAL VERMONT R. R. "Green Mountain Route." Two Express Trains daily to New York with Pullman and Wagner Sleeping and Parlor Cars attached.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTREAL. 8.30 a.m.—Fast Train leaving at St. Albans 10 a.m.; Burlington 12.30 p.m., Montreal 12.30 p.m., White River Junction 2.40 p.m., and Boston 4.30 p.m.

GOING NORTH. The Night Express via Troy leaves New York at 6.30 p.m., arriving in Montreal at 8.25 a.m.

MAIL LINE DAY STEAMERS BETWEEN Montreal and Ottawa. Passengers for OTTAWA and all intermediate ports take 7 A.M. Train for Lachine daily to connect with Steamer.

FAVORITE ROUTE FOR TOURISTS. Charming Scenery! Well Appointed Steamers! SUMMER EXCURSIONS!

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY Eastern Division. THE OLD RELIABLE. MONTREAL AND OTTAWA. SHORT LINE.

Spring Arrangements. In effect WEDNESDAY, April 23, 1884. TIME TABLE.

THE CELEBRATED CALUMET, LACHINE AND CARILLON. Three of the Grandest Drawing Room Cars in America, are run on the Fast Express Train between Montreal and Ottawa.

MONTREAL AND OTTAWA. Close connections at Ottawa with Trains to and from BROOKVILLE, PERTH, SUBURBY, NORTH BAY, PEMBRIDGE, RENFREW, ARRFRIOR, and all points in the Upper Ottawa Valley.

Steamships.

WHITE CROSS LINE. STEINMANN & LUDWIG. OWNERS AND GENERAL AGENTS, ANTWERP. DIRECT AND REGULAR STEAMSHIP COMMUNICATION BETWEEN CANADA AND ANTWERP.

FROM ANTWERP DIRECT FOR QUEBEC AND MONTREAL. SS. HERMION, on or about 24th July. SS. HELVETIA, on or about 26th July.

FROM MONTREAL TO ANTWERP. SS. HELVETIA, on or about the 20th June. Regular Monthly Communication will be continued throughout the season.

Dampfschiff-Rhederei-Hansa. (HANSAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY) OF HAMBURG. CANADA, ANTWERP AND HAMBURG.

THE QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO. WILL leave Montreal on Monday, the 2nd JUNE, and Quebec on Tuesday, the 3rd JUNE.

THE SS. "MIRAMICHI" will leave Montreal on Monday, the 2nd JUNE, and Quebec on Tuesday, the 3rd JUNE.

THE QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO. Sailing from Pier 47 North River, New York.

GUION LINE. UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS. SAILING WEEKLY BETWEEN New York and Liverpool, calling at Queenstown.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK. Arizona, June 2, 9.00 a.m. Wyoming, June 2, 11.30 a.m.

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE. Under contract with the Governments of Canada and Newfoundland for the conveyance of the CANADIAN and UNITED STATES Mails.

1884--Summer Arrangements--1884. This Company's Lines are composed of the following Double-Engine, Clyde-built IRON STEAMSHIPS.

THE STEAMERS OF THE Liverpool, Londonderry and Quebec Mail Service.

THE STEAMERS OF THE Glasgow and Quebec Service are intended to sail from Quebec for Glasgow as follows:—

THE STEAMERS OF THE Liverpool, Queenstown, St. Johns, Halifax and Baltimore Mail Service.

THE STEAMERS OF THE Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Galway, Queenstown and Boston Service.

THE STEAMERS OF THE INMAN STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED) FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

BEAVER LINE. The Canada Shipping Company's Line of Steamers Montreal and Liverpool.

FURNESS LINE. Comprising the following first-class full-powered Iron Steamships, Classed 100 A.1.

Steamships.

MONTREAL, HALIFAX & BOSTON STEAMSHIP COMPANY. The SS. "TITIAN" will sail from Montreal for Halifax on Saturday, 31st May.

DOMINION LINE. PASSENGER SERVICE. The magnificent Steamers VANCOUVER, SARANIA and ORANGE will form a FORT-NIGHTLY LINE BETWEEN QUEBEC and LIVERPOOL, sailing as under:—

DOMINION LINE. OF STEAMSHIPS. Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL. Carrying the United States Mail.

INMAN STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED) FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL. City of Montreal, April 17, 9.30 a.m.

BEAVER LINE. The Canada Shipping Company's Line of Steamers Montreal and Liverpool.

WHITE STAR LINE. Calling at Cork Harbor, Ireland, CARRYING BRITISH AND AMERICAN MAILS.

BEAVER LINE. The Canada Shipping Company's Line of Steamers Montreal and Liverpool.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL. City of Montreal, April 17, 9.30 a.m.

The Montreal Herald.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 31.

All correspondence for THE HERALD (except business letters) should be addressed to the Editor, Mr. JOHN LIVINGSTON. Business correspondence to be addressed to THE HERALD PRINTING AND PUBLISHING CO. (Limited).

The offices of THE HERALD are in Victoria Block, corner of Victoria Square and St. James St. West.—Editorial Rooms, up one flight of stairs.

APPOINTMENTS.

Academy of Music—Performances at 2 and 8 p.m. Royal Theatre Museum—Performances at 2.30 and 8 p.m. Crystal Palace Opera House—Performances at 2.15 and 8.15. Montreal Lacrosse Grounds—Le Canada vs. Young Shamrocks at 2 p.m.

MARCHING ON.

The Opposition at Quebec are moving on the enemy in a systematic, fearless and able manner. They are traversing the record of the Governments, present and past, who are responsible for the extravagance, the corruption and the maladministration which have brought the Province to its present condition.

Thus the day teaches us of benignity and of a broad comprehension of service. Moreover, it directs our attention to the visible but unarmed body of defenders about us who, if need be, would imitate the unimpeachable service of the invisible company—the men who on land and sea saved the Union and maintained the traditions, common to all nations, of courage and faithfulness, exhibited in the protection of law and liberty.

SEWING MACHINE FIGURES.—The Hamilton Times finds that the import of sewing machines into Canada in recent years has been as follows:—

Table with columns: Years, Sewing Machines Imported, Value.

While the imports have increased the exports have diminished:—

Table with columns: Years, Sewing Machines Exported, Value.

The Hamilton Spectator will, no doubt, reply to the Times, and the sewing machine men will probably take a hand in the controversy themselves. The Times remarks:—

In the fiscal year in which this National Policy came into force there were imported into Canada 9,503 sewing machines and there were exported from Canada 26,850 sewing machines; that is, Canadian workmen had the making of as many sewing machines as were sold and used in Canada last year.

These statements will draw out the figures of the sewing machine manufacturing business in Canada. An interesting question is, what is the total Canadian manufacture in 1884 compared with the product of 1878-9? The home business, we notice, has been vigorously pushed throughout the Dominion, and the additional number of machines now in use is out of all proportion to the increase of population.

It might be claimed that the increased sales were of machines the manufacture of Canada, were it not for the fact that the import for home consumption has increased so greatly since 1878-9.

WE DARE SAY the time will come when it will not be possible for any body and everybody to get married, simply because they desire to do so. The world is witnessing great changes, and restrictions upon matrimonial ventures may yet be in store for certain kinds of people.

The marriage of the "midgets," so called, which is said to have occurred in London, Eng., on Wednesday, would seem to show the necessity of some restraints. The cable tells us that "the midgets, General Mite and Millie Edward, were married this morning in the Registrar's office in Manchester. Both were carried up stairs enveloped in shawls and placed on a low office table. They were perfectly self-possessed and answered the usual questions and repeated the declarations distinctly but in their piping voices. After the marriage they breakfasted at the Grand Hotel. The religious ceremony was performed in the afternoon, according to the Presbyterian rite."

Is this not a burlesque, or something worse, on the marriage relation? Is it, in fact, anything better or more serious than a showman's advertising dodge?

MR. ROBB'S PROPOSITION—placed before the meeting of the representatives of the Protestant Associated Charities yesterday—to abolish religious distinctions in the Female Gaol, is to come up for further discussion at another meeting. Outside of Quebec Province, it would be considered an excellent idea, and it is in accordance with the opinions of a majority of the people of the Dominion.

But the question is, is it practicable in this city of Montreal? Can it be brought about? The division into Protestant and Catholic Female Prisons is a comparatively recent creation. It came since Confederation, and it is a great question whether either the Protestants or Catholics of Montreal would now favor another change. What should be obtained, and what will not be denied if insisted upon, is better accommodation for the inmates of the Protestant Female Prison. There can be no question of the inadequacy of the accommodation, the particulars of which are generally understood, and efforts directed to remedying these defects will, no doubt, have a successful issue in time.

BISHOP USSHER does not take a cheerful view of the immediate future. His sermon of the 18th inst., published in today's HERALD, treats of "The Coming Social Convulsion." The Bishop predicts boldly. The sermon will, no doubt, be very generally read.

AMUSEMENTS. ACADEMY OF MUSIC. HENRY THOMAS, Lessee and Manager. One Week and Saturday Matinee Commencing Monday, May 26. After an absence of one year, the HANLON BROTHERS And Their English-French Comedians, IN LE VOYAGE EN SUISSE!

Fall of the Brightest Sun. Splendid scenery. Starting Action. The Railroad Explosion. One of the most Wonderful and Startling Effects ever produced on any stage. Sale of Seats at Nordheimer's. May 26 125

REV. S. DEWITT TALMAGE! QUEEN'S HALL, Tuesday Evening, June the 3rd, "INGERSOLLISM." Wednesday Evening, June the 4th, "Is the World Better or Worse." All seats reserved at 50c. Plan opens at Prince's May 28th. May 28 128

JOSEFFY The Greatest of Living Pianist. —WILL GIVE— TWO GRAND PIANO RECITALS, At Nordheimer's Hall, Monday & Wednesday, June 2nd & 4th. TICKETS \$1.00. Plan now open for Single Tickets at Nordheimer's Music Store. May 29 129

ROYAL THEATRE MUSEUM. SPARROW & JACOBS Proprietors and Managers. Every Afternoon and Evening next Week. AN ENTIRELY NEW COMPANY—NEW SPECIALTIES 15-ARTISTS—15 The Greatest 10 Cent Show on Earth Admission, 10c; Lower floor, 20c. Performances daily at 2.30 and 8 p.m. May 29 121

CRYSTAL PALACE OPERA HOUSE. Dominion Square, Opposite Windsor Hotel. ROLAND G. J. BARRETT, Lessee and Manager. This THURSDAY Evening, balance of week and Saturday Matinee. PATIENCE! Next week, PIRATES OF PENZANCE and BILLIE TAYLOR. Prices of admission, 15c.; Reserved Seats, 50c, 35c and 25c. Boxes \$5 and \$6. Tickets on sale at Lamplough's and Prince's. May 29 129

TWO CHAMPIONSHIPS TRIPLE Lacrosse Event. LE CANADIEN vs YOUNG SHAMROCK. (Int. Champs.) For Intermediate Championship. At TWO p.m. CAUGHNAWAGA (Best Team) vs. SHAMROCK, At THREE p.m. JUNIOR MONTREAL vs. JUNIOR SHAMROCK, (Junior Champs.) For Junior Championship. At 4.30 p.m. Montreal Lacrosse Grounds, SATURDAY, 31st MAY. Admission as usual. Play rain or shine. Members S. L. C. may obtain books at the grounds of each game of the Montreal-Toronto match, received on the grounds. T. E. MCKENNA, Hon.-Sec. S. L. C. May 29 m 129

FOR SALE 125 BARRELS SPLIT PEAS. L. CHAPUT, FILS & CIE., Wholesale Grocers. May 31 m 131

SEEVANTS WANTED. A man and his wife to take charge of the inside work of a family of two in a country house at the sea shore, from July 15th to October 15th. Good references required. Address: Box 1819, Portland, Maine, U.S.A. May 30 r 130

THE TURKISH BATH. 140 ST. MONIQUE STREET. Dr. MacBean has much pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public that the Turkish Bath will be open on Saturday at 2 p.m., the 31st instant, and that it will be run in its present condition, to accommodate its patrons, for a few weeks, or until arrangements be completed for its thorough renovation. May 30 u 130

OATMEAL! "GRANULATED" AND "STANDARD," In 5 lb. Boxes, MANUFACTURED BY THE MOUNT ROYAL MILLING AND MANUFACTURING COY. FOR SALE BY ROSS, HALL & CO., 65 St. Peter Street. May 15 117

Dividends—Meetings. IN THE MATTER OF THE EXCHANGE BANK OF CANADA, IN LIQUIDATION. The undersigned Liquidators hereby give notice that a third call at the rate of TWENTY PER CENT, upon the amount of the capital stock of the said Bank has been duly made; and that the same is payable at the office of the said Liquidators in the City of Montreal on the Thirtieth day of June next. Montreal, 19th May, 1884. ARCH. CAMPBELL, F. B. MATHEWS, THOS. DARLING, Liquidators of the Exchange Bank of Canada. May 26 r 127

Domion Salvage & Wrecking Company, (LIMITED). A meeting of Shareholders and Creditors is hereby called to be held at the Company's Office, 69 St. Peter street, Montreal, AT 11 P.M. On Tuesday, 3rd June, to consider the affairs of the company, and to ask of creditors an extension of time on their claims and for the consideration of the future course of the company. It is of great importance that each Creditor and Shareholder should be present either in person or by legal proxy. E. L. BATHURRY, President. J. W. CUMMING, Sec.-Treasurer. May 26 u 123

BANQUE VILLE-MARIE. NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of THREE and ONE HALF (3 1/2) PER CENT upon the paid up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its head-office, in Montreal, on and after MONDAY the SECOND day of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to the 31st May next, both days inclusive. THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank on WEDNESDAY, the EIGHTEENTH day of JUNE next. The chair to be taken at TWELVE o'clock noon. By order of the Board. U. GARAND, Cashier. May 1 5,9,15,21,27,31,4,9,13,18 105

BANK OF MONTREAL. NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of Five Per Cent. upon the Paid up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this City and at its Branches on an after MONDAY, the Second Day of JUNE next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st MAY next, both days inclusive. THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Bank on MONDAY, the Second Day of JUNE NEXT. The Chair to be taken at one o'clock. By order of the Board. W. J. BUCHANAN, General Manager. Montreal, April 26, 1884 sw 23 101

ONTARIO BANK. DIVIDEND No. 53. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A DIVIDEND OF THREE PER CENT upon the Capital Stock of this Institution has this day been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the 2nd day of JUNE NEXT. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive. NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN THAT The Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders, for the Election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House in this City, On Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The Chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon, precisely. By order of the Board. C. HOLLAND, General Manager. Toronto, 25th April, 1884 trs 31M 101

BANK OF HAMILTON. DIVIDEND No. 23. NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of FIVE per cent. for the current half year upon the paid up Capital Stock of this institution has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and the Agencies on and after MONDAY, the 2nd day of JUNE next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to 31st May, both days inclusive. The annual General Meeting of the Stockholders for the election of Directors for the ensuing year will be held at their Banking House, in this city, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair to be taken at 12 noon. By order of the Board. E. A. COLQUHOUN, Cashier. Bank of Hamilton, Hamilton, April 24th, 1884. es 101

Wagner Festival Concerts UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THEODORE THOMAS, Victoria Skating Rink, June 26, 27, and 28, AN ENTERPRISE OF UNPARALLELED MAGNIFICENCE! THE CHIEF FEATURES OF THIS GREAT MUSICAL FESTIVAL ARE: 1—THE UNRIVALLED Symphony Orchestra, led by Theodore Thomas. 2—THE GREAT WAGNER TRIO, engaged expressly for these Festivals from the Imperial Court Opera House, Vienna. Frat. Friedrich Materna, Herr Hermann Winkelmann, and Herr Emil Scaria. 3—THE GREAT PRIMA DONNA, Madame Christine Nilsson. 4—THE EMINENT Soloists, Miss Emma Juch, Miss Emily Winant, Mr. Theodore Toedt and Mr. Frantz Remmert. 5—THE EXTRAORDINARY PROGRAMMES, containing scenes from Wagner's most prominent works, orchestral and vocal compositions of Beethoven, Haydn, Bach, Mozart, Schubert, Schumann, Liszt, and selections from the noted French composers Gounod, Gluck, Ambroise Thomas and Saint-Saens, altogether making this the GRANDDEST MUSICAL EVENT EVER HELD IN MONTREAL. THERE WILL BE FIVE CONCERTS—on Thursday, Friday and Saturday Nights, and Friday and Saturday Afternoons, held in the VICTORIA SKATING RINK, one of the largest and finest concert rooms in the whole country and which is to be remodelled for this event and provided with 4,000 sittings. EXCURSION TRAINS at reduced rates are being arranged for on all the roads leading into Montreal, from Quebec, Ottawa, Kingston, Sherbrooke, Rouse's Point and intermediate stations, and special rates will also be given by the steamboats, to all who desire to attend from those places. THE PRICES.—Owing to the large size of the Rink the scales of prices will be much less than those charged in New York, Boston or other cities for performances by the same artists, viz:—Season Tickets, with Reserved Seats to the Five Concerts, \$10.00; Single Concert Tickets, with Reserved Seats, \$2 and \$3 according to location. THE PLAN will be open to subscribers for season tickets on MONDAY, JUNE 2nd, at 10 a.m., at PRINCE'S MUSIC STORE, 223 ST. JAMES ST., and remain during the week. Arrangements have been made to supply subscribers with tickets with all possible speed. Season tickets only will be reserved till Monday, June 9th, when the plan will be opened for the sale of single seats. May 31 u 131

Dining-Room Furniture. Walnut extension tables in the latest design, of which one is now exhibited in my window; sideboards and chairs of description; parlor sets in Mahogany, Walnut or Ebony, fancy chairs, centre tables covered with plush a specialty, and at very moderate prices. I wish to call the attention of the Walnut marble top bedroom sets, containing seven pieces, I sell for \$55.00 only. A visit is respectfully solicited. A. BELANGER, 1672 Notre Dame Street, u 29,31M 129

"EGYPTIAN BEAUTIES!" The Only Real Egyptian High Class Cigarettes. FOR SALE BY NATHAN MICHAELS, 233—MCGILL STREET—233 (One door from St. James Street.) THE FINEST IN THE MARKET.

New Advertisements. SEA BATHING! TADOUSSAC HOTEL. SEA VIEW. And "LORD DUFFERIN'S" HOUSE. The Hotel and Lord Dufferin's House will be opened on Tuesday, June 17th, in full and complete readiness for the reception of guests. The Hotel has undergone a thorough renovation, it being tinted and painted throughout, mattresses and palliasses re-made, and the furniture all put in order. Lord Dufferin's House, containing in all 24 rooms, has three suites of rooms, with open fire place, looking on the water, 14 double and single bed rooms, all well situated, and a beautiful ball room. A thorough man cook, with full staff of assistants, has been engaged to conduct the menu department during the season. The view from both houses cannot be surpassed having a stretch of 27 miles of water, St. Lawrence to Green Island, south shore, while the Bay, pronounced the nicest below Quebec, is within 200 yards of the hotel. Tadoussac being so widely known for its superb trout fishing, yachting and boating, requires no puffing, Yachts, chaloups, canoes, row and sail boats, to be had at shortest notice. Lawn tennis, quoits, football, bowling alley, lacrosse, etc. Telegraph communication direct. In soliciting patronage during the season our aim shall be to comfort our guests and moderate charges. Address JAMES FENNELL, Manager, Tadoussac Hotel, Tadoussac, P. Q. May 31 131

Just Received, Per SS. "CIRASSIAN," Another Shipment of the GENUINE THOMSON PIPE! ONLY TO BE HAD OF A. ANSELL, 1341 ST. CATHERINE STREET May 28 123

NOTICE. The Captain and Owners of the SS. MALABAR will not be responsible for debts contracted by any member of the crew. ROBERT REFORM & CO., Agents. May 30 u 130

THE MONTREAL FLOATING BATH IS NOW OPEN DAILY From 5 a.m. to 9 p.m. DURING THE SEASON. For Tickets and rates of Admission, see Hand Bills, and on board the Bath. M. KILGALLIN. Montreal, May 24th, 1884. 125

WANTED TO PURCHASE—Ladies' and Gent's cast-off clothing; also travellers' samples and job lots of dry goods, hardware, &c. Address ARONSON, 625 Craig Street. April 1 6m 79

WATERWORKS, DRAINAGE, HOUSES, &c.—Designs furnished specifications drawn up and estimates made. Plans of properties prepared and disputed boundaries settled. WM. McLEA WALBANK, B. A. S. P. L. S., Civil and Sanitary Engineer, Architect, &c. 81 TRAVELLER WANTED By a large Manufacturing Company, in the City of Toronto must be energetic and of good address. One having a knowledge of the Jewellery and Hardware Trade preferred. Enclose references, &c., and address to "MANUFACTURER," MONTREAL HERALD. May 23 124

MOUNT ROYAL CEMETERY COY. Proprietors of this Corporation desirous of driving through the Grounds on Sundays are requested to call at the office of the Company and obtain tickets of admission to both entrances. A. M. ESDAILE, Secretary and Treasurer. May 27 31M 127

J. E. A. DUBORD, FASHIONABLE TAILOR, 19—St. Lawrence Main Street—19 (LATE NO. 22 ON SAME STREET.) LATEST PATTERNS IN French, English and Scotch Tweeds. May 14 117

Are requested for the undermentioned descriptions of coal, to be supplied for the use of Government House, Ottawa. Bituminous or soft coal, per ton of 2,000 lbs. 130 Anthracite, "hard" .. 206 Sample of each coal, and each size of hard coal, with the name of the Mine, to be sent in with Tender. This coal before acceptance to be screened, either at the Wharf or Railway Station in the City of Ottawa, through a 1/2 inch coal screen, at the expense of the Contractor. The screenings and dross will neither be accepted nor purchased, and must be removed, if on any Government property, within the week from the screening. The probable quantities will be:— Hard Coal "Stove" .. 130 Bituminous Coal " " .. 206 The Contractor, for any or all of the above-mentioned kinds or descriptions of coal, to state his price delivered in the coal sheds at Rideau Hall grounds, or such other premises within the City of Ottawa or Village of New Edinburgh as may later be pointed out. The Contractor to deliver before 1st August next the whole quantity of both hard and soft coal contracted for. Any delay in the delivery of the same after the above date, will subject the Contractor to a penalty of 10 cents per ton for each day's delay, which sum will be deducted from final estimate. All Coal to be free from rubbish or dirt, and to be weighed, at the expense of the Contractor, in the presence of Mr. Wm. Hutchison, Clerk of Works, Rideau Hall, on such scales as will be named at time of delivery. All Coal will also be subject to inspection of Mr. Hutchison, and must be approved of by him before acceptance. If the quantity and quality is not in accordance with the terms of the contract and quality is not equal to sample, the Governor-General's Secretary shall have power to cancel and annul the same, and to relet or grant the contract, or any part thereof, to another party, at the expense of the Contractor, and this without previous notice, protest, advertisement or suit at law; nor shall the Contractor be thereby entitled to any compensation, indemnity or damage whatever, but will be subject to pay, and reimburse, the Governor-General's Secretary any extra sums or sums paid out over and above contract price agreed on; this to be recovered by usual course of law, if need be. Separate tenders will be received for the hard and soft coal. All tenders will be considered as Customs duty paid by Contractor as no "free entry" will be entertained. The name of the party or parties tendering, with their address in full, must be attached to the Tender. Each Tender for Coal to be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque of \$250, payable to order of the Governor-General's Secretary, which cheque will be forfeited, if party or parties tendering fail to sign contract in one week, after being notified of acceptance of Tender. (Signed) MELGUND, Governor-General's Secretary, Ottawa, 28th May, 1884. "The undersigned hereby agrees to furnish and deliver the following coal strictly in accordance with the terms of the annexed specification and for the price per ton set opposite each kind viz:— Rate. Total. Anthracite [Name of Mine]—Tons of 2000 lbs of "Stove" Bituminous [Name of Mine]—Tons of 2,000 lbs. of "Stove" .. . Name and Residence of party tendering } May 29 m 129

WANTED TO PURCHASE—Ladies' and Gent's cast-off clothing; also travellers' samples and job lots of dry goods, hardware, &c. Address ARONSON, 625 Craig Street. May 24 3m 125

MONEY TO LEND, ON DIAMONDS, Watches, Jewellery, Wearing Apparel and Merchandise. E. C. HUBBARD & CO., Licensed Pawn Brokers, 601 Craig Street, opposite St. Francois Xavier Street. May 6 3m 109

WANTED TO PURCHASE—Ladies' and Gent's cast-off clothing; also travellers' samples and job lots of dry goods, hardware, &c. Address ARONSON, 625 Craig Street. April 1 6m 79

WATERWORKS, DRAINAGE, HOUSES, &c.—Designs furnished specifications drawn up and estimates made. Plans of properties prepared and disputed boundaries settled. WM. McLEA WALBANK, B. A. S. P. L. S., Civil and Sanitary Engineer, Architect, &c. 81 TRAVELLER WANTED By a large Manufacturing Company, in the City of Toronto must be energetic and of good address. One having a knowledge of the Jewellery and Hardware Trade preferred. Enclose references, &c., and address to "MANUFACTURER," MONTREAL HERALD. May 23 124

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LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

All communications intended for this department should be addressed to "MONTREAL LADIES' DEPARTMENT, THIS HERALD."

THE FASHIONS.

The new materials of the season are more beautiful and varied than anything we have ever seen. Brocaded silk appears in a great many new spring and summer dresses. It is combined with plain silk and very often with light woolen materials. Velvet is worn very much, and is often combined with the very lightest and most transparent fabrics.

Shot silks, brocades and fancy velvets of all descriptions are fashionably worn. One of the most beautiful of summer materials is silk embroidered Indian veiling. It is seen in a great variety of colors and patterns. This veiling can be combined with either plain woolen fabrics or with silk.

Light Indian cashmere is most fashionably used for demi-toilettes, it is very often associated with fancy woolen fabrics, brocaded with silk and even with velvet, either plain or covered. Brocaded woollens are much worn, they are seen in most beautiful combinations of shaded tints. Morning and travelling costumes are generally composed of camel's hair tissues. Costumes made of this material are usually composed of brocaded or striped fabric mixed with plain material of one of the colors in the brocade.

Costumes are trimmed according to the material of which they are composed. Light fabrics are very much pleated and draped, while thicker ones are made much plainer. Skirts are generally arranged in puffs and gauzings, or else entirely pleated in wide treble pleats. When skirts are composed of plain fabric, the pleats, each pleat is often ornamented with wide strip of brocaded material, or with a light pattern in embroidery. Skirts of light tissues are often pleated in very fine pleats all the way down. Walking dresses are all made with short round pleats. Bodies are generally made, peaked both in front and at the back; but in some of the new costumes it is peaked in front only, and at the back it is continued into the puff of the skirt.

A very elegant visiting costume is made of dove gray and pink shot silk. The skirt is short, and arranged in fine pleats, it is finished round the foot with a narrow fluting. The tunic is very long in the back and arranged in soft folds and puffs; in the front it is much shorter, and fastened high at the right side, which draws the front drapery into soft folds. The mantle worn with this skirt is of black ottoman, trimmed round the edge with three flounces of black lace; the wide sleeves have also three flounces of lace; the back and fronts are trimmed with lace and pascamenterie ornaments. The bonnet is of gray straw, trimmed with gray silk and pink feathers. A handsome dinner toilet is of ruby ottoman silk and ruby plush. The skirt is of the silk, is short, and pleated; the tunic is also of the silk, it is very short and arranged in straight folds across the front; in the back it is puffed. The body is of the ruby plush, it is cut very tight and pointed back and front; the neck is cut high and is finished with a fichu of coffee colored lace. The sleeves are tight and half short, they are trimmed with a full ruching of lace round the wrist.

Mantles are of all styles and materials this spring. Silk jackets and long cardigans are much worn, as also are small visages, peluches and all description of mantlets and mantles. The visages is a favorite with many, and although it appears always the same, it really lends itself to many and varied combinations. The visage is made of ribbed or brocaded silk, brocaded velvet, on a satin ground, or silk gauze embroidered with fancy patterns in chenille.

Vegetable soup—Take two turnips, two carrots, four potatoes, one large onion, one parsnip, and a few stalks of celery, or some parsley. Cut them all very fine or chop them; put them, with a handful of rice, into three quarts of water and boil the whole three hours. Then strain the soup through a colander into a coarse sieve, return it to the kettle, and put it over the fire; add two ounces of butter, stir the soup till the butter is melted, dredge in a little flour, let it boil up and then serve.

Bread sauce—One pint of milk, one small onion stuck with two cloves, a little seasoning; boil together ten minutes; then take out the onion, add a handful of bread crumbs, one ounce of butter, and a little cream; let it soak but not boil and serve in a tureen.

Walsh Rabbit—Cut a pound of cheese in slices a quarter of an inch thick, put a piece of butter the size of an egg in a small frying-pan, lay in the cheese; let it cook, add two eggs, well beaten, a dessert spoonful of mixed mustard, pepper and salt, stir it up; have ready some slices of buttered toast, spread the cheese over it, and send to table very hot.

Ginger-snaps—One pint of molasses, one coffee-cupful of brown sugar, one coffee-cupful of butter, one tablespoonful of ginger, and one heaping teaspoonful of soda dissolved in one tablespoonful of hot water. Mix very thick with flour and roll them very thin.

Lemon pies—Line two deep tin plates with a paste rolled very thin. Set in a close place until the filling is made. Beat to a froth 1 lb sugar, the rind and juice of three lemons, and the yolks of six eggs; then beat the whites to a stiff froth and stir into the sugar and other ingredients with three tablespoonfuls of milk. Fill the two plates with this mixture, and bake in a moderate oven forty-five minutes. Thorough beating of the mixture and the slow baking are absolutely necessary to the success of the pie.

Cream Cake—Beat two eggs in a tea-cup; fill the cup with thick, sweet cream; add one cup of white sugar, one of flour, one teaspoon of cream tartar, half teaspoon of soda; bake in long pans.

Sago Jelly—Put half a pint of water in a saucepan on the fire; and to it the rind of a lemon cut very thin, the seeds of one lemon, and two ounces of castor sugar; then shake in one ounce of the finest sago, and stir quickly so that it shall not coagulate; let this boil fifteen minutes, keep stirring all the time; when the sago looks clear, pour it into a mould; let it set, and when cold turn it out for use.

Apple Jelly—Cut, quarter and pare one gallon of apples; put them in a steppan with three-quarters of a pint of water; boil until tender; then strain through a sieve; to a pint of juice add three-quarters of a pound of lump sugar and the rind and juice of a lemon; boil gently until it becomes a jelly and pour into moulds for use.

Fried Meat Cakes—Chop lean raw meat as you would for sausage, season with salt, pepper and onions; shape into flat cakes, dip the cakes in egg and bread-crumbs and fry in dripping. Any meat can be used for this dish, but it is particularly nice of beef and the finest portions need not be put to this use. Drain on a strainer; have ready a dish of nicely-mashed potatoes, on which put your beef-cakes and serve.

To Use up Cold Meat—Cut the meat as for hash; fill a deep dish with boiled macaroni, pour over any gravy you may have, on the top of that place the meat, cover it with tomatoes, over which sprinkle bread-crumbs with a little butter; bake until nicely browned.

Steaks of Mutton or Lamb and Cucumbers—Quarter cucumbers and lay them into a deep dish; sprinkle them with salt and pour vinegar over them. Fry the chops of a fine brown and put them into a steppan; drain the cucumbers and put over the steaks; add some sliced onions, pepper and salt; pour hot water or weak broth on them; stew and skim well.

CABIN PASSENGERS. Per Allan Royal mail SS. Sardinian, Captain Joseph E. Dutton, from Quebec to Liverpool, 31st May, 1884—Miss Angus Miss Margaret Angus, Mrs. Graham Bell, Mr. David Bell, Mr. M. Bonnell, Mr. C. W. Carver, Mr. A. Critchley, Mr. S. G. Davidson, Mr. M. E. David, Mr. David, Mr. Thomas Davis, Miss G. Dickinson, Commander Forde, R.N., Mr. Peter Greenhalgh, Captain Herley, Mrs. Herley, Mr. Hills, Captain Douglas Jones, E.A., Mrs. Douglas Jones, Master Crawford, Mrs. Douglas Jones, Master Perry Douglas Jones, Master Walker Douglas Jones, Miss Lillian Douglas Jones, Miss Evelyn Douglas Jones, Master Edwyn Douglas Jones, Miss Hilda Douglas Jones and three maid servants, Miss Lake, Rev. Hugues Lenoir, Mr. W. E. Macartney, Captain T. D. Milburne, Mrs. Milburne, Miss Margaret Milburne, Miss Edith Milburne, Rev. A. B. Mackay, Mrs. Mackay, Master Allan Mackenzie, Miss McGillivray, Mr. C. J. Marriar, Mr. W. G. Roberts, Rev. Pierre Rousseau, Mrs. C. H. Sams and child, Mr. Thomas Spencer, Mrs. J. Stacey, Mr. Wood.

List of cabin passengers per Dominion line steamship Vancouver, Captain Lindal, from Quebec, 31st May, for Liverpool:—Mr. H. C. Burleigh, Mr. Bodwell, Mr. H. Bate, Mr. Emile Bometment, Mrs. Bometment, Mr. E. Denison, Mr. Dickson, Mr. E. B. Forbes, Mrs. Forbes, Mr. N. M. Forbes, Mr. A. H. Harris, Rev. C. A. Harris, Mrs. Harris, Mrs. C. E. James, Miss Journean, Mr. A. Kallister, Mrs. C. J. Lingham, Mr. M. Laing, Mrs. Lamplogh, Miss Lamplogh, Mr. W. S. Low, Mr. C. T. Marshall, Mr. Jas. Milligan, Mr. W. H. Pellow, Mr. M. E. Mather, Mrs. Pryer, Mrs. J. Boyler, Mr. R. B. Somerville, Mrs. S. Somerville, Mr. W. B. Sprague, Mrs. Sprague, Miss E. A. Sutherland, Mr. W. Stewart, Mr. Thos. E. Spence, Rev. F. E. Whitcombe, Mrs. Whitcombe.

Among the passengers by the North German Lloyd steamship Eider, from New York May 25th, are the following:—Mr. J. Astor, Mrs. J. Astor, Mr. Alfred Pell, Mrs. Alfred Pell, Mr. A. N. Kellogg, Mr. W. S. Stanton, Mr. Charles Day, Mrs. Charles Day, Mr. J. Thom, Mr. F. P. Kellogg, Mr. Wm. R. Warner, Mrs. Wm. R. Warner, Mr. S. Brown.

FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS WILL BE GIVEN AWAY. The Splanometer Given Free. To sufferers and the medical profession. My motive is not one of money only, but for showing the world the power of humanity. To convince the public and prove to the sceptical that the Splanometer is the best instrument ever invented for the treatment of diseases of the air passages, and that it is all I have ever claimed for it. Anyone suffering from bronchitis, catarrh, catarrhal deafness, asthma, weak lungs or consumption, who will call at 13 Phillips Square, and consult the surgeon of the International Throat and Lung Institute, can have a Splanometer free the medicines alone to be paid for. I do this to show the confidence I have in the treatment, and to convince the medical profession and others who are still sceptical (notwithstanding the thousands of people who have been cured by it) that the Splanometer I have invented and the medicines used with it will cure a larger percentage of these diseases than any other treatment in the world, and is now being used in the leading hospitals in Europe. If unable to call personally write for list of questions which will enable the surgeon to treat you successfully by letter. M. Souville, ex-aided surgeon of the French army, 13 Phillips Square, Mon real.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Liquidator of the Phenix Electrical Company for Canada. Creditors are requested to file their claims duly attested. ARTHUR J. CLEVELAND, 132 St. James Street, Montreal, May 26th, 1884.

CARPET FELT Saves the Carpets, makes floor all-right, is beaten water, is laid before the carpet, serving pour in the beaten mixture one pint of boiling water. This is good for all kinds of puddings.

Miscellaneous.

ENGLISH WATCHES!

A Real Boom to Canadian Customers

STEWART DAWSON & CO. OF RANELAGH PLACE, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND. The eminent and world-renowned English Lever Watch Manufacturers, have the pleasure to announce that they have opened a Branch Establishment at 15, TORONTO STREET, TORONTO, CANADA.

Where their old and new customers can buy or order by post a single Watch of the finest quality, on the same advantageous terms and conditions as their Watches are sold to hundreds daily, throughout ENGLAND, IRELAND, AND SCOTLAND!

The merits, quality, excellence and value of which have extended the patronage for Stewart Dawson & Co.'s manufacture to all parts of the world, and rendered these invaluable timekeepers a treasure to tens of thousands in every clime; and which has caused a MARVELLOUS REVOLUTION IN THE WATCH TRADE.

The system of levers adopted by S. D. & Co. is simply to sell the very best English Watches manufactured, not through the medium of retail shopkeepers but DIRECT TO THE PUBLIC, at their Canadian Branch, at exactly the same price for a single Watch as if they purchased a wholesale quantity, and S. D. & Co.'s manufacture in England; thus saving to the buyer profits equal to cost. Per cent., as will be apparent to all who compare the Canadian Ship Prices with those charged by the makers:—

STEWART DAWSON & CO., LIVERPOOL ENGLAND, FOR THEIR WORKS AND ENGLISH WATCHES.

Table with 3 columns: Usual Prices, Usual Prices, Usual Prices. Lists various watch models and their prices.

NOTE.—Our prices are nearly half the usual retail rates charged in England, and when compared with the almost prohibitory high prices charged throughout Canada, it is obvious that all will realize the unequalled advantages our system offers to every intending watch buyer throughout the Canadian Dominion.

STEWART DAWSON & CO.'S Splendid ENGLISH HUNTING LEVERS at £4 10s. or \$21.60 are unequalled in quality by any Watch sold in Canada, under £8 8s. Same quality in open-face with high bezel and flat crystal unbreakable glass, £4 or \$19.20, worth retail £7 10s. With ordinary glass £3 10s. or \$16.80, usual price £7 10s. each kind, in three sizes.

Each watch sent on a week's free trial and the full amount returned to any one dissatisfied, all delivered safe and free to the purchaser, carriage paid by us with key, instructions and guarantee enclosed with each watch, the dollar taken in payment at its full value of 4s.2d. against our English prices.

MONTREAL WEEKLY HERALD AD. On receipt of remittance and this COUPON we hereby agree to supply sender with either of our Watches named above, on the conditions stated, by first return of post.

(Signed) STEWART DAWSON & CO., 15, Toronto-St., Toronto Canada, P. O. Orders payable to Stewart Dawson & Co. at the General Post Office, Toronto.

NOTICE.—Don't fail to write for Stewart Dawson & Co.'s Illustrated Pamphlet containing full particulars of all their Watches. 100 pages of valuable and interesting information, 60 pages of most wonderful testimonials from all parts of the world, and illustrations of Gold Silver Albers, Chains, &c., all at strictly wholesale prices. Sent free by mail for 5 cents in stamps, to cover postage.

Address all letters and orders to STEWART DAWSON & CO., 5, TORONTO ST., TORONTO, CANADA WEST

TIMBER LIMITS AND MILLS FOR SALE. Comprising about 300 miles of Timber Limits in the Counties of Joliette and Montcalm, in the Province of Quebec, bearing Spruce, Pine and Cedar, traversed by the La Mareau, Dufresne and other rivers.

About 25 acres of Land at Montreal, on the La Mareau River, 40 miles from Montreal, with fine Water-Power, Saw Mills, Store, Dwelling and Outbuildings.

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HAND BILLS Of Every Description, One, Two, Three and Four Colors, PROMPT DELIVERY. May 9 6m s 113

HERALD PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY (Limited), VICTORIA SQUARE, MONTREAL.

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Miscellaneous.

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THE INTERCOLONIAL COAL MINING COMPANY, 199 Commissioners Street, MONTREAL. December 19 w 302

THE INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY AND STEAM NAVIGATION GUIDE. Published Semi-Monthly, containing the TIME-TABLES AND MAPS of all CANADIAN and the principal AMERICAN RAILWAY and STEAM NAVIGATION LINES.

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DR. ROBERTS'S Celebrated Ointment.

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Prepared only by the Proprietors, BEACH and BARNICOT, at their Dispensary, Bridport, and Sold Wholesale by them and Retail by every respectable Vendor of Medicines in the United Kingdom, the Colonies, &c. 6m s 287

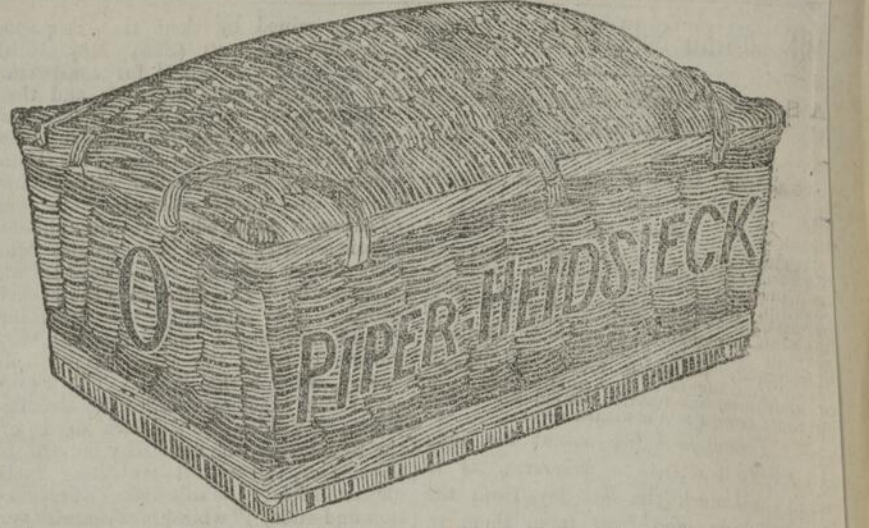
CHLOROXYNE. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROXYNE. Vice-Chancellor Sir W. PAUL WOOD stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of Chloroxyne, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliriously untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to.—Times, July 13, 1884.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chloroxyne is the best and most certain remedy in coughs, colds, asthma, consumption, neuralgia, rheumatism, &c. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chloroxyne.—The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was Chloroxyne.—See Lancet, December 31, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chloroxyne is prescribed by scores of orthodox practitioners of course it would not be thus singularly popular did it not supply a want and fill a place.—Medical Times, January 12, 1866.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chloroxyne is a certain cure for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Colic, &c. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chloroxyne.—Caution.—None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chloroxyne" on the stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole manufacturer J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury, London. Sold in bottles, at 1s. 1d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s.

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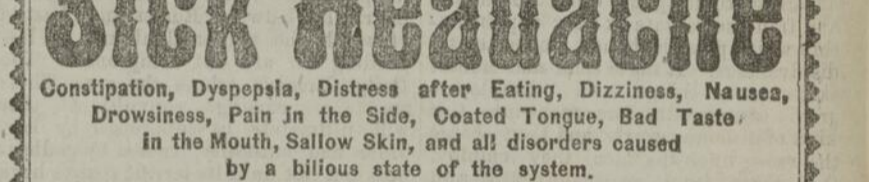
The Company offer lands within the Railway Belt along the main line, and in South ern Manitoba, at prices ranging from \$2.50 PER ACRE upwards, with conditions requiring cultivation.

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Montreal, December, 1883. CHARLES DRINKWATER, Secretary. 6m nr 306



Will Cure Sick Headache

Constipation, Dyspepsia, Distress after Eating, Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Pain in the Side, Coated Tongue, Bad Taste, in the Mouth, Sallow Skin, and all disorders caused by a bilious state of the system.

They do this without disturbing the stomach or purging the bowels, and there is no pain, griping or discomfort attending their use. It is no longer necessary to scour one's insides out with the old fashioned purgative pills, and they are fast giving way to the gentle action of this mild and pleasant remedy.

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Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS, They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For Children and the aged they are priceless.

THE OINTMENT Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal. For Sore Throats, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases it has no rival; and for contracted and stiff joints it acts like a charm.

Manufactured only at Thomas HOLLOWAY'S Establishment, 78 NEW OXFORD STREET (late 533 OXFORD STREET), LONDON, And are sold at 1s. 1d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box or Pot, and may be had of all Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 533 Oxford Street, London, they are spurious. April 12 W 15

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FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES & SAUCES. CAUTION.—Genuine ONLY with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's signature in Blue Ink across Label. The title "Baron Liebig" and his photograph having been lately largely used by dealers having no connection with Baron Liebig, the public are hereby informed that the Liebig Company are the only manufacturers who are able to offer the article with Baron Liebig's guarantee of genuineness.

ANNUAL SALE 8,000,000 JARS. An invaluable tonic in all cases of weak digestion and debility. "It is success and a boon for which Nations should feel grateful."—See Medical Press, Lancet, British Medical Journal, &c. To be had of all Storekeepers, Grocers, and Chemists. Sole Agents for Canada and the United States (wholesale only) G. David & Co., 5, Fenwick Avenue, London, England. May 10 s 113

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE In consequence of Imitations of THE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have to request that Purchasers see that the Label on every bottle bears their Signature thus— without which no bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is genuine. Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper. Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; or by Messrs. Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World. J. M. DOUGLAS & CO. AND ALEX. URQUHART, MONTREAL.

MUNICIPAL MATTERS.

Police Committee. There were present at the meeting of the Police Committee yesterday afternoon Aldermen Jeannotte (Chairman), Dubuc, Prefontaine, Stroud, Hood and Grenier; also Alderman T. Wilson.

The principal business of the meeting was to make some provision for the Italian laborers.

Mr. Cavallo came before the committee on their behalf, asking for assistance either to New York or Brockville.

It was considered too expensive to send them to New York, and after talking the matter over Sergeant Dreifuss was instructed to get them half-rate tickets to Brockville, and send them off by the evening train, giving them each a loaf of bread, Mr. Cavallo being assured that they could get work around Brockville.

A petition was received from the express drivers on Alexander street, asking that a limited number of respectable drivers be allowed to remain there.

The Chief of Police was ordered to divide their number and establish another stand on little Craig street.

The Chief was also instructed to remove the cabmen from the Place d'Armes next week while the Kerneuse should be in operation.

A petition against the cab stand on Metcalfe street was referred to the Chief of Police.

A letter was read from Mr. Kearney, auctioneer, complaining of a yard for the sale of horses in Busby Lane. It was referred to the City Attorney, the Chief being authorized to take whatever action might be advised.

An application from Brosseau & Roehon, truck drivers, for leave to stand at the corner of St. Catherine and St. Hubert streets was rejected.

On motion of Alderman Grenier it was resolved to legalize all outstanding cheques signed by the Chairman and Chief, and ordered that the resolution of April 20, 1877, requiring cheques to be signed by the chairman and a member of the committee be henceforth strictly adhered to.

The application of H. Dulac, license clerk, for three months leave of absence was granted in view of his twenty years service.

It was decided to call for tenders for winter clothing to be opened 20th June.

Chief Trempe was appointed Acting Sergeant of Hochelaga station.

The application of Mr. C. M. Acer for leave to have wheels of fortune on the Montreal Driving Park was referred to the City Attorney.

The committee then adjourned.

Health Committee.

There were present at the meeting of the Health Committee yesterday afternoon, Aldermen Mooney (Chairman), Beau-champ, Gray and Tansey. After routine, the Medical Superintendent read his usual report as follows:—

Having been requested to report with regard to the document of Mr. Henshaw, C.E., referred to your board, and having reference.

1. To the clearing of the back lanes of the city.

2. To the boxes containing the rubbish being constantly turned over and destroyed.

3. To the ventilation of the public and private drains.

4. The ploughing of the snow from the sidewalks during the winter season.

I beg to state as regards the first item that the scavenger has to keep the back lanes cleared according to his contract.

Concerning the boxes containing the refuse and ashes being turned over or disturbed the Board has already taken action in the matter by asking the Council to pass a by-law to prevent the upsetting, the disturbing of receptacles containing refuse set out on the streets, squares, lanes, yards, &c., &c., for removal by the scavenger.

I am of the opinion of Mr. Henshaw that if the police strictly prohibit anybody from wandering in lanes it would have the required effect.

The ventilation through water spouts calls for some consideration, for unless the plan is universally adopted throughout the city, as Mr. Henshaw observes, there would certainly be danger, for as he remarks, if such ventilation was established by single individuals there would be concentration of foul gases which might escape on account of some defects or other, and enter apartments. The suggestion made, in February, 1874, by the late Mr. McQuisten, City Surveyor, which, however, could only be applied to future buildings, would I think, meet with greater approval. It was that means should be adopted to encourage the building of hollow roofs with shafts leading from its centre through the building to the house.

I must, however, say that according to the best authorities on the ventilation of sewers, ventilation by means of main holes with perforated iron plates placed at short intervals, is that which should be adopted.

It was determined not to spend a cent until forced to do so.

The Sanitary Inspector was ordered to notify him again and if no notice was taken thereof, the Board would authorize immediate prosecution at its next meeting.

The committee then adjourned.

Associated Charities.

The question of better accommodation and control of the Protestant section of the female goal was brought up for discussion. I requested a postponement of its consideration till by personal enquiry into the merits of the various complaints I should be able to give an intelligent vote on the subject.

I have since paid a visit to the institution and had conferences with the superior of the Catholic section and the assistant matron of the Protestant division.

The grievances brought before the board were as follows:—

1st. That the portion of the building set held for Protestant prisoners was inadequate to the requirements.

2nd. That these had not the privilege of outdoor work on the grounds, and were indeed excluded from them altogether with the exception of a limited corner for walking.

3rd. That the proper management, discipline and classification of Protestant prisoners was for these and similar reasons rendered impossible.

With regard to the first of these, the facts are as follows:—

The building is composed of what might be called the main prison, and an annex or wing, each three stories high with basement and attic.

The Catholic portion embraces the whole of the main building and the basement and two upper flats of the wing, leaving to the Protestant division only the second and parts [about 1/3] of the third stories of the wing—with neither basement nor cellarage, pantries or laundry, a state of things which leaves no doubt of the inadequacy of the accommodation.

In conversation with the Lady Superior of the Catholic side she informed me that it was quite impossible for them to give up any of the portion now occupied by them; that, in fact, they were short of room themselves, and frequently overcrowded, and it has to be borne in mind that the Catholic prisoners are four or five times as numerous as the Protestant.

On questioning the second complaint, it is a fact that the grounds surrounding the goal are cultivated exclusively by Catholic prisoners, and for the benefit solely of that section of the prison; that the Protestant prisoners have no opportunity of outdoor work, and are confined to a limited space for exercise in the open air.

This state of things arises, however, from the fact that the Government built the female goal on the land belonging to others, without stipulation as to its use, and consequently the owners have the right to dispose of it as they please.

On questioning the Lady Superior as to whether the Order would sell a portion of the ground for the use of the Protestant section, I was assured there was not the least probability of such a thing. And when I pointed out the disadvantages of the Protestant prisoners being deprived of outdoor work, and asked why they should not be dealt with alike in that particular, I was reminded that the Sisters had no control over these, and consequently could not make them amenable to discipline, and that to permit them to work on the ground under a Protestant matron was not practicable.

That the proper management, discipline and classification of the Protestant prisoners is impossible under such circumstances goes without saying, especially when it is borne in mind that there are no separate cells for sleeping, but open dormitories, where all room together.

And now as to the remedy proposed. The proposition is that the government should be asked to buy additional land, build an extension of premises on the Protestant side, and give more thorough and independent control to the Protestant matron.

Here I am compelled to part company with those who advocate this course, inasmuch as, after reflection, I have come to the conclusion that a denominational jail is a mistake, and that to perpetuate and intensify it would be a still greater one.

Prisoners should be sent to jail for the purposes of confinement and discipline, without distinction of religious creed; and the management of such institutions should be devoid of any denominational proclivities.

It ought to be a matter of perfect indifference whether the superintendence be Catholic or Protestant, or neither the one nor the other; but it should be imperative that not the slightest coercion towards any particular faith should be exercised by either.

Fitness for the duty of controlling and governing the criminal classes should be the one paramount qualification, and if the ladies of the various Catholic orders are peculiarly qualified for the duty (and few who have had opportunity of judging will question this aptitude), to them let the duty be assigned if they are willing to assume it, but only on condition that they do so as jailors, pure and simple, and that every prisoner be absolutely free to attend the service she may elect without restriction or coercion.

To do otherwise is for the government to act the part of a proselyting agent, and the awarding of a religious preference to our female goal is probably unequalled in any other part of the world.

Here the prisoner who happens to be Protestant finds that she is subjected to a restriction which is not extended to those who happen to have been born of Catholic parents or who subscribe to the Catholic faith. For the one the Government provides ample space, great conveniences, abundant cellars for the storage of provisions, excellent stable accommodation for cows, &c., and extensive grounds for outdoor work and the cultivation of vegetables, &c.; to the other a portion of two flats without either cellarage, stabling or grounds of their own or even the right to work or walk upon the latter.

To agitate, therefore, for a more complete protestantizing of the Protestant section is but to intensify the anomaly already existing, and to carry it to its logical conclusion to separate division would have to be created for every religious persuasion.

To my mind, therefore, the proper course pursued is to agitate for a prison discipline pure and simple, where the conditions of punishment, the provisions for discipline, the appliances for reform, and the opportunities for outdoor work and exercise shall exist for all alike, and where religious services may be held at stated periods, open to all denominations and free to every prisoner.

I would, therefore, recommend that all the efforts of the association be put forth in this direction. Yours, truly,

WILLIAM ROBBS.

Associated Charities.

The question of the Protestant Section of the Female Goal.

A meeting of the board of the Associated Protestant Charities was held yesterday afternoon, at which there were present Charles Alexander, Vice-President, in the chair, the Rev. Dean Lindsay, Rev. Messrs. Patterson and Nichols, Messrs. Thomas White, M.P., Alderman Stroud, W. Drake, W. Robb, Leo. H. Davidson, T. Ritchie, and others.

After some preliminary discussion on the subject of the Insane Asylum Mr. Robb submitted the following report on the subject of the Female Goal, consideration of which had been deferred for that purpose.

An animated discussion followed, in which the Rev. Dean Lindsay, Leo. H. Davidson, Alderman Stroud and others took different ground from Mr. Robb, while Mr. Thomas White, W. Drake and others coincided, with more or less modification of view.

Finally, it was deemed too important to come to any hasty conclusion on the subject, and the consideration was adjourned till Tuesday next, at which time a large attendance is expected.

A draft of a circular for distribution among the various churches of the city was then submitted, and left in the hands of Mr. Robb to confer with the President, G. W. Stephens, Esq., M.P.P., now in Quebec.

A conversation then ensued on the subject of emigration, and a committee composed of the Rev. Mr. Nichols and Dean Lindsay was appointed to prepare a memorandum setting forth the most desirable class of emigrants to be encouraged to come out, for transmission to newspapers on the other side; after which the meeting adjourned.

The following is Mr. Robb's report on the Female Goal:—

Miscellaneous.

When the question of better accommodation and control of the Protestant section of the female goal was brought up for discussion, I requested a postponement of its consideration till by personal enquiry into the merits of the various complaints I should be able to give an intelligent vote on the subject.

I have since paid a visit to the institution and had conferences with the superior of the Catholic section and the assistant matron of the Protestant division.

The grievances brought before the board were as follows:—

1st. That the portion of the building set held for Protestant prisoners was inadequate to the requirements.

2nd. That these had not the privilege of outdoor work on the grounds, and were indeed excluded from them altogether with the exception of a limited corner for walking.

3rd. That the proper management, discipline and classification of Protestant prisoners was for these and similar reasons rendered impossible.

With regard to the first of these, the facts are as follows:—

The building is composed of what might be called the main prison, and an annex or wing, each three stories high with basement and attic.

The Catholic portion embraces the whole of the main building and the basement and two upper flats of the wing, leaving to the Protestant division only the second and parts [about 1/3] of the third stories of the wing—with neither basement nor cellarage, pantries or laundry, a state of things which leaves no doubt of the inadequacy of the accommodation.

In conversation with the Lady Superior of the Catholic side she informed me that it was quite impossible for them to give up any of the portion now occupied by them; that, in fact, they were short of room themselves, and frequently overcrowded, and it has to be borne in mind that the Catholic prisoners are four or five times as numerous as the Protestant.

On questioning the second complaint, it is a fact that the grounds surrounding the goal are cultivated exclusively by Catholic prisoners, and for the benefit solely of that section of the prison; that the Protestant prisoners have no opportunity of outdoor work, and are confined to a limited space for exercise in the open air.

This state of things arises, however, from the fact that the Government built the female goal on the land belonging to others, without stipulation as to its use, and consequently the owners have the right to dispose of it as they please.

On questioning the Lady Superior as to whether the Order would sell a portion of the ground for the use of the Protestant section, I was assured there was not the least probability of such a thing. And when I pointed out the disadvantages of the Protestant prisoners being deprived of outdoor work, and asked why they should not be dealt with alike in that particular, I was reminded that the Sisters had no control over these, and consequently could not make them amenable to discipline, and that to permit them to work on the ground under a Protestant matron was not practicable.

That the proper management, discipline and classification of the Protestant prisoners is impossible under such circumstances goes without saying, especially when it is borne in mind that there are no separate cells for sleeping, but open dormitories, where all room together.

And now as to the remedy proposed. The proposition is that the government should be asked to buy additional land, build an extension of premises on the Protestant side, and give more thorough and independent control to the Protestant matron.

Here I am compelled to part company with those who advocate this course, inasmuch as, after reflection, I have come to the conclusion that a denominational jail is a mistake, and that to perpetuate and intensify it would be a still greater one.

Prisoners should be sent to jail for the purposes of confinement and discipline, without distinction of religious creed; and the management of such institutions should be devoid of any denominational proclivities.

It ought to be a matter of perfect indifference whether the superintendence be Catholic or Protestant, or neither the one nor the other; but it should be imperative that not the slightest coercion towards any particular faith should be exercised by either.

Fitness for the duty of controlling and governing the criminal classes should be the one paramount qualification, and if the ladies of the various Catholic orders are peculiarly qualified for the duty (and few who have had opportunity of judging will question this aptitude), to them let the duty be assigned if they are willing to assume it, but only on condition that they do so as jailors, pure and simple, and that every prisoner be absolutely free to attend the service she may elect without restriction or coercion.

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Fitness for the duty of controlling and governing the criminal classes should be the one paramount qualification, and if the ladies of the various Catholic orders are peculiarly qualified for the duty (and few who have had opportunity of judging will question this aptitude), to them let the duty be assigned if they are willing to assume it, but only on condition that they do so as jailors, pure and simple, and that every prisoner be absolutely free to attend the service she may elect without restriction or coercion.

To do otherwise is for the government to act the part of a proselyting agent, and the awarding of a religious preference to our female goal is probably unequalled in any other part of the world.

Here the prisoner who happens to be Protestant finds that she is subjected to a restriction which is not extended to those who happen to have been born of Catholic parents or who subscribe to the Catholic faith. For the one the Government provides ample space, great conveniences, abundant cellars for the storage of provisions, excellent stable accommodation for cows, &c., and extensive grounds for outdoor work and the cultivation of vegetables, &c.; to the other a portion of two flats without either cellarage, stabling or grounds of their own or even the right to work or walk upon the latter.

To agitate, therefore, for a more complete protestantizing of the Protestant section is but to intensify the anomaly already existing, and to carry it to its logical conclusion to separate division would have to be created for every religious persuasion.

To my mind, therefore, the proper course pursued is to agitate for a prison discipline pure and simple, where the conditions of punishment, the provisions for discipline, the appliances for reform, and the opportunities for outdoor work and exercise shall exist for all alike, and where religious services may be held at stated periods, open to all denominations and free to every prisoner.

I would, therefore, recommend that all the efforts of the association be put forth in this direction. Yours, truly,

WILLIAM ROBBS.

Miscellaneous.

When the question of better accommodation and control of the Protestant section of the female goal was brought up for discussion, I requested a postponement of its consideration till by personal enquiry into the merits of the various complaints I should be able to give an intelligent vote on the subject.

I have since paid a visit to the institution and had conferences with the superior of the Catholic section and the assistant matron of the Protestant division.

The grievances brought before the board were as follows:—

1st. That the portion of the building set held for Protestant prisoners was inadequate to the requirements.

2nd. That these had not the privilege of outdoor work on the grounds, and were indeed excluded from them altogether with the exception of a limited corner for walking.

3rd. That the proper management, discipline and classification of Protestant prisoners was for these and similar reasons rendered impossible.

With regard to the first of these, the facts are as follows:—

The building is composed of what might be called the main prison, and an annex or wing, each three stories high with basement and attic.

The Catholic portion embraces the whole of the main building and the basement and two upper flats of the wing, leaving to the Protestant division only the second and parts [about 1/3] of the third stories of the wing—with neither basement nor cellarage, pantries or laundry, a state of things which leaves no doubt of the inadequacy of the accommodation.

In conversation with the Lady Superior of the Catholic side she informed me that it was quite impossible for them to give up any of the portion now occupied by them; that, in fact, they were short of room themselves, and frequently overcrowded, and it has to be borne in mind that the Catholic prisoners are four or five times as numerous as the Protestant.

On questioning the second complaint, it is a fact that the grounds surrounding the goal are cultivated exclusively by Catholic prisoners, and for the benefit solely of that section of the prison; that the Protestant prisoners have no opportunity of outdoor work, and are confined to a limited space for exercise in the open air.

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