DAILY WITNESS

VOL. XXX. No. 31. MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1889. PRICE ONE CENT.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths invariably must be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Verses and extended obituary notices are charged for at regular rates

BIRTHS.

TOWERS.—At 3 Torrance avenue, on Feb. 3rd, the wife of John J. Towers, of a son, stillborn.

MARRIED.

ROBINSON—STACEY.—On Tuesday, Jan. 22nd, at St. Matthew's Church, Edwardstown, by the Rev. E. G. Sutton, Libbie, third daughter of Thomas Stacey, Esq., to Francis Robinson, all of Williamstown, P.Q.

Ontario papers please copy.

BUCHANAN—FREEZE.—At Cornwall, on December 31st, 1856, by the Rector of Cornwall, S. Percy Buchanan, son of W. O. Buchanan, Esq., of Montreal, to Minnie B. Freeze, of Moncton, N.B.

MILLER—HAINES.—On Tuesday, Jan. 1st, at the residence of the bride's father, Culross, by the Rev. Mr Crowle, of Enniskillen, Mr. James H. Miller, to Hannah, daughter of James Haines, both of the Township of Culross.

WHEELER—THOMSON.—At the residence of the bride's mother, 196 Adelphi street, Brooklyn, N.Y., on the 4th Feb., by the Rev. William D. Perry, of the North Reformed Church, Brooklyn, F. M. Wheeler, to Maggie, eldest daughter of the late John Thomson, of Montreal.

DIED.

McRAE.—On the 4th February, at her father's residence, St. Elmo, Mary Sinclair, beloved wife of D. A. McRae, of Galt, aged 47 years.

TEES.—At Lawrence Kirk, Scotland, on the 14th Jan., 1889, Samuel Tees, only surviving son of Allen Tees, of this city.

MOODIE.—Suddenly, at his late residence, Windermere avenue, Toronto, on Sunday, 3rd Feb., Robert Baldwin Moodie, youngest son of the late J. W. Dunbar Moodie, aged 45 years and 7 months.

GRAHAME.—On Thursday, 31st Jan., at Oakville, Ont., Henrietta Burgess, the beloved wife of the Rev. W. E. Grahame, late Rector of Thorold, and second daughter of the late Rev. Prebendary Caswall, of Figheldean, England, aged 48 years.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SECOND to none, the durable Soap "Justice."

THE BOOK FOR THE BOYS and girls during the holidays is Reprinted Stories, 158 large pages with numerous illustration. Price, fifty cents. John Dougall & Son, Publishers, *Witness* Office.

LET YOUR FRIENDS KNOW that you have arrived at the Carnival by sending them the *Witness* Carnival Number, full of the most interesting Carnival pictures, local views and other interesting matter, and containing the official programme. In wrappers ready for mailing, 20 cents. Write your name on the wrapper.

CARNIVAL VISITORS from New York, Boston and other musical centres have examined at the piano rooms of Mr. C. W. Lindsay, 2270 St. Catherine street, specimens of Upright pianos manufactured by the popular Canadian maker Heintzman Co., (of Toronto) and admitted they were equal to the best made on their side of the line.

Hess Brothers, Furniture Manufacturers, Listowel and Toronto. Eastern Agency, 1804 Notre Dame street, Hugh Russell, Manager.

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No Fans or Iced Drinks Required!

It wouldn't be easy to boom fly traps this weather; but we're so busy selling to our visitors and our own people

Warm Wool Underwear,
Warm Wool Socks,
Warm Wool-lined Gloves,
Warm Mufflers,

that we haven't time to write advertisements.

Just as expected, our visitors didn't bring their sporting requisites with them; but we are supplying them with

Snowshoes,
Moccasins,
Overstockings,
Sashes,
Tuques.

Latest expositions of taste and fashion in

DRESS SHIRTS.
DRESS COLLARS.
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DRESS GLOVES.

Splendid range of Silk and Cambric Handkerchiefs.

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Importer of Gent's Fine Furnishings,

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Printed in plain black on white ground; 25 assorted, suitable for Sunday-schools, Meeting Halls &c. 8 12 inches. Sent on receipt of 15 cents.

JOHN DOUGALL & SON.

WEATHER REPORT, Feb 6, 1889, 11 a.m. METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, TORONTO. Special to S. CARSLEY. PROBABILITIES FOR THE NEXT 24 HOURS.—Lakes and Upper St. Lawrence—From Lake St. Peter to Bay of Quinté—Fresh north and north-west winds; fair and very cold; snow flurries in some localities.

S. CARSLEY.

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NEW WRAPPER FLANNEL
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Flannel for Ladies' Morning Gowns just to hand. Very handsome patterns, light and dark shades.

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Flannel for Gentlemen's wear, all the latest patterns in dark shades.

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For Infants' Winter Wear, double and single widths, bright and dark colors.

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For Ladies' Spring Suits, all the newest shades and patterns to select from.

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For table linen of every description go to S. Carsley's and select from the best stock in the market.—*Copied.*

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Just to hand, very choice line of English Flannel for Gentlemen's Winter and Spring Shirts.

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Heavy Lancashire Flannel for Ladies' Suits, good fast colors.

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Every style, quality and price in Infants' Christening Hoods, both English and American styles, to match Cloaks, richly embroidered on Silk and Cashmere.

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Just received the new stock of Infants' Christening Cloaks. Newest American styles in choice Embroidered Cashmere. All prices.

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An immense stock of Infants' wear. Every requisite to complete Infants' Trousseaux. Also every quality and price to select from.

S. CARSLEY.

GOOD FOR CLAPPERTON'S.

Last year was a great success for Clapperton's Spool Cotton. Free from knots and the whole spool being in one length is what pleases the ladies.

REALLY WONDERFUL.

It is really wonderful how the public discern the merits of any good article placed in the market, and how prompt and practical consumers show their appreciation. The Corticelli Sewing Silks and Florence Knitting Silk lately offered to the Canadian public are being purchased freely and asked for again by the same customers.

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NOTRE DAME STREET,

MONTREAL.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S ADVERTISEMENT.

1889.

FOR EVENING WEAR.

Lace Jap Silk Mitts for evening wear, the latest novelties, in the following colors:—Black, White, Cream, Pink, Sky, Cardinal, Heliotrope, Old Gold and Bois.

Ladies, call and see our Lace Jap Mitts.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

FOR EVENING WEAR.

Undressed Kid Gloves for evening wear, in the following colors:—White, Cream, Pink, Salmon, Pearl and Tan.

Ladies will find we have the finest assortment of Undressed Kid Gloves in the city, in all lengths from 4-button to 24-button length, and in all sizes.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

FOR EVENING WEAR.

Silk Mitts for Evening Wear, in the following colors:—Black, Cream, Pink, Tan, Bois, Old Gold and Slate.

Ladies, we have a full assortment of Silk Mitts for Evening Wear in all lengths.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

FOR EVENING WEAR.

Chenille Spotted Silk Nets, for Evening Wear, in the following colors:—White, Cream, Sky, Pink, Orange, Heliotrope and Bois.

Ladies will find that we have the finest assortment of Nets for Evening Wear in the trade.

Chenille Spotted Nets, with Plain to match, 54 inches wide.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

FOR EVENING WEAR.

White Pearl, Spotted, for Evening Wear. White Fancy Net for Evening Wear.

Ladies, call and see our stock of Evening Wear. It is the finest in the city.

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FOR EVENING WEAR.

Pongee Silks, in all light shades.
Surah Silks, in all light shades.
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ORANGES AND LEMONS, 10c per doz.; $2.50 per case.

APPLES! APPLES!

ALL KINDS,

ONLY $2.60 PER BRL.

BANANAS! Only 25c per doz. BANANAS!

4 lbs. NEW PRUNES for 25c. CHERRIES in tins, 10c, or $1.15 per doz. SARDINES, $1 per doz, tins. NEW FIGS, 10c per box, or $1 per doz.

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50 tubs just arrived. The finest in Montreal. Try it

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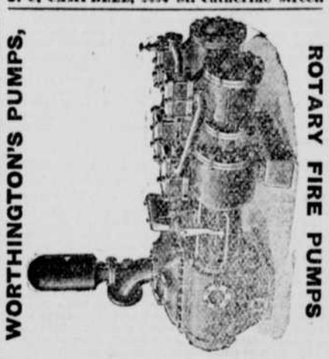

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HOSE and FIRE SUPPLIES, CHAPMAN VALVES.

MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS.

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203 ST. ANTOINE STREET.

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Should not neglect to visit our Store for the best value to be found in

All kinds of Dry Goods in Household Linens.

Our Stock and value cannot be beaten anywhere.

Just received, a range of very fine

BLEACHED DAMASK CLOTHS, Slightly Imperfect.

Sizes from 2½ to 4 yards long.

Prices from $2.00 to $21.00 each.

Regular Prices 25 Percent More.

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Special value this week in Towels, Table Napkins, &c.

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UNEQUALLED

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CONTINENT

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JOHN DOUGALL & SON.

PUBLISHERS,

Montreal, P.Q.

The Daily Witness.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, FEB.

Last Edition

THE TRANSFER OF SALARIES.

It is claimed that the city is exceeding its powers in seeking to legalize the proposed act forbidding civic employes to transfer their salaries to others, and that it was such acts as this that Judge Jetté recently had in view when he delivered his judgment animadverting on the exorbitant right of civic corporations. No corporation, say the opponents of the new by-law, has the right to forbid what is perfectly legal.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

CABLE.

RUDOLF'S OBSEQUIES.

THE LAST SCENE IN THE TRAGEDY.

VIENNA IN MOURNING.

VIENNA, Feb. 5.—The city was to-day entirely given over to mourning. All places of business were closed and the shops throughout the city put up their shutters early in the forenoon. Many streets wore a deserted look. On the thoroughfares leading to the Hofburg numberless emblems of mourning floated from the roofs or drooped from the windows. Busts of the Crown Prince surrounded with flowers gleamed amid the sable adornments of the balconies. Enormous crowds commenced to assemble outside the court chapel early this morning. Perfect order prevailed. The admission of the public to the chapel ceased at 10 o'clock, when troops barred the streets. The Emperor and Empress and Crown Princess attended a requiem mass in the oratory of the palace at which a *Miserere* was sung by the court choir. The services ended at noon. The church bells then tolled. The lid of the coffin was fastened at two o'clock and the key was confided to Prince Hohenlohe, court marshal.

A LAST FAREWELL.

Soon afterward the gates of the chapel were closed and the Imperial family gathered around the catafalque to take farewell of the remains. The Imperial guard had taken position in the Franz Ensring and the mourners invited were arriving. Just before 4 o'clock the Imperial family, who left the chapel, stopped at the side entrance of the Capuchin church in the Kaiser Gasse, where they were received by Prince Hohenlohe, Prince Hunyadi, chief master of ceremonies, and the father guardian, accompanied by priests of the community bearing lighted tapers. The Imperial party passed through the cloisters to the church. The interior of the church was entirely draped in black. The benches and seats were covered in sable cloth and the floor was carpeted with black. Three rows of benches stretched from the entrance along the nave on the left or gospel side, while the rest of the space on the side nearer the high altar was filled by a dais with three rows of *prie-dieux*. The first row was for the Emperor and the King and Queen of the Belgians and the other two rows for the archdukes and archduchesses. The catafalque was erected in the middle of the church and was surrounded by massive candelabra. Near the catafalque was a tabouret for Archbishop Ganglbauer, who celebrated a pontifical mass. To the right of the main aisle, on the epistle side, and opposite the imperial dais were *prie-dieux* for the use of Monsigner Galimberti, the Papal nuncio, and the other bishops.

THE PROCESSION.

On the stroke of four the coffin was lifted from the bier, blessed and carried to the funeral car. The cortège then started from the Hofburg. Upon reaching the Augustine church the priests placed themselves at the head of the procession and were followed by the Court and State officials and the municipal authorities. When the car bearing the body arrived at the cloister gates Emperor Francis Joseph and the King and Queen of the Belgians, followed by the other mourners, entered the body of the church. The Ministers of the empire, headed by Count Kalnoky, Count von Taafe and Herr von Tisza, and, accompanied by the Privy Councillors, took up a position to the right of the catafalque. Next to them came in order the presidents and vice-presidents of the Reichsrath, the Hungarian Diet and the Provincial Committee of Lower Austria, the burgomasters of Vienna and Pesth, the delegates of both capitals and other deputations. In three rows of seats to the left of the entrance the chief court officials took their places, including the captains of the guard, the Emperor's adjutant general, the mistress of the Emperor's household, the principal court ladies, Stephanie's court marshal and Rudolf's adjutants.

THE EMPEROR PRAYS.

Archbishop Ganglbauer, with the cathedral chapter, awaited the coffin at the entrance of the church and preceded it to the interior. Amid a solemn silence he blessed the remains, sprinkling holy water on the coffin, upon which the Emperor during the whole ceremony kept a fixed gaze in deep abstraction. Presently the thrilling strains of "Libera me, Domine," sung by the court choir, broke the impressive hush. When the choral was over, and just as the chamberlains were preparing to carry the coffin to the vault, the Emperor, stepping up to the bier, knelt in prayer.

AT THE VAULT.

On arising he was joined by Archduke Charles, Prince Francis of Este, Prince Leopold of Bavaria and Prince Philip of Coburg, and all followed the coffin to the vault, where, after the final blessing, Prince Hohenlohe delivered the remains to the charge of the father guardian. The Empress, Crown Princess, Princess Gisela and Archduchess Marie Valerie did not attend the funeral, passing the time in prayer within the Hofburg. Although an immense crowd assembled in the streets to witness the cortège, complete order was preserved.

THE PANAMA CANAL.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—The public is utterly despondent regarding the chances of a new Panama Canal Company. M. DeLesseps states that if all the 60,000 bonds issued through the Banque Parisienne are not taken the enterprise must be abandoned, and a foreign nation will, for a morsel, get a gigantic work which is nearly finished and upon which French investors expended over a milliard. The bonds remain untaken.

A CONFERENCE AGREED TO.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—A Berlin correspondent understands that the United States has consented that the Samoan conference be continued in Berlin.

THE MILKMAN RE-ARRESTED.

Barrett, the milkman, has been re-arrested at Bradford on the strength of the verdict of the coroner's jury, which charges him with the murder of the boy John Gill.

FAMINE-STRICKEN CHINA.

SHANGHAI, February 6.—The severity of the winter is increasing the distress caused by the famine in Shantung and Manchooria. It is estimated that 250,000 persons are starving in Chen-Kiang.

MR. SMITH TO BE A LORD.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Although the Right Hon Wm. Henry Smith will resume the Government leadership in the House of Commons upon the reassembling of Parliament, it is now certain that he will very shortly be elevated to the peerage, thus making way for a stronger man where one is sadly needed by the Government. Before Mr. Smith's transfer to the House of Lords the firm of Smith & Sons, news-vendors, of which he is the head, will become a limited company under a new name.

NELLIE GRANT'S HUSBAND.

By the terms of the will of Mr. Edward Sartoris, father of Mr. Algernon Sartoris, the husband of Nellie Grant, his entire fortune valued at £145,000 is bequeathed to his son during his life and at his death to his wife absolutely.

THE IMPERIAL MYSTERY.

THE VERY LATEST STORY OF RUDOLF'S TRAGIC END.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The *Daily News* to day published the following story of the manner in which the Austrian Crown Prince met his death. This version of the incident comes from Munich, and the *News* vouches for its correctness. According to this version, on Tuesday afternoon, a young lady, handsome and of aristocratic parentage arrived at Meyerling and occupied a room in the gamekeeper's lodge, which was quite near the castle, and at midnight Rudolf visited her and remained an hour. When the forester called at the lodge and asked the gamekeeper for instructions as to the hunt for next day, the latter went to the door of the room occupied by the Prince and knocked. Just then a man opened a window, jumped out, and started to run, and the forester fired at the fugitive, who dropped, having been shot in the shoulder. The forester then called for help, and an attendant came when the two carried the wounded man into the gamekeeper's lodge, and it was discovered that the wounded man was Prince Rudolf. The Baroness saw what had taken place, went into another room and took from her travelling bag something which she swallowed, and in a few moments died. Afterwards Rudolf, who was not fatally hurt, regained consciousness, ordered his attendants to take him to the castle, and when his valet began to ask questions, the Prince ordered him away. When the valet had gone Rudolf locked his room door, placed himself before a large mirror, and fired the fatal shot. The unfortunate lady who killed herself was buried on Thursday at Heiligenkreuz, in the grounds of the convent, where the dead of her family are buried. The poor forester was so overcome with grief at the series of awful disasters, to which he considered himself in some measure accessory, that he went into the forest and blew his brains out.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—The *Journal des Debats* has a similar story, but says Rudolf was mortally wounded by the forester and died in half an hour. The gamekeeper then went into the woods and shot himself.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—A Vienna correspondent says the Emperor to-day gave audience to the gamekeeper who it was alleged committed suicide after shooting Rudolf.

CLERICAL SCRUPLES.

VIENNA, Feb. 6.—Some Austrian and Hungarian prelates, in accordance with the dictates of the church, refuse to hold memorial services, on the ground that Rudolf committed suicide, while leading bishops and archbishops order services on the ground that Rudolf was temporarily insane when he committed the act. It is reported the Pope will take the latter view and issue instructions accordingly.

AN IMPERIAL ADDRESS.

It is rumored the Emperor will shortly publish an address to the people.

THE WIDOW.

The Emperor has decided to devote the capital of four million florins to the maintenance of Crown Princess Stephanie.

A ROYAL PEST AT WORK.

MADRID, Feb. 6.—Don Carlos has approved a scheme for the re organization of his party. A commission of notables will be established in each district. The Carlists will henceforth take part in constitutional struggles using legal weapons pending a chance for military activity.

BERESFORD IN BERLIN.

BERLIN, Feb. 6.—Lord Charles Beresford spent several hours yesterday in an interview with Prince Bismarck and afterwards dined with Count Herbert Bismarck. The conversation between Prince Bismarck and Lord Beresford is said to have been exceedingly frank. Lord Charles was treated with great consideration by all who met him.

A GERMAN SPY.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—A German spy named Schmidt has been arrested at Chambery with plans on his person of forts on the Italian frontier.

CABLE NOTES.

Gen. Greisenau of Berlin, is dead.

It is reported that Gen. Boulanger has applied to the Pope for a divorce, on the ground that his marriage was irregular.

Sir Morell Mackenzie denies that he either wrote or inspired the article on the Bismarck dynasty.

(Via C. P. R. Telegraph.)

LABOUCHERE'S LETTER.

THE AUSTRIAN TRAGEDY.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Mr. Henry Labouchere cables to the *World*:—The death of Rudolf is without doubt of immense advantage Princeto Bismarck. But one should not for that reason conclude that the unfortunate Prince was "removed." It is nearly certain, however, that he did not commit suicide and it is almost as certain that he was "suicided." We all know that he did not make a love match. Crown Princess Stephanie has, so to speak, no eyes. Her husband called them eyes incapable of expressing any feelings but those of wariness and suspicion. He conceived positive aversion for his wife when she began to show herself jealous, and great as was her prudence she was unable to conceal her bitterness of soul. A correspondent writes to me to point out that in the list which has been published here of sovereigns, ex-sovereigns and princes who have died mysteriously the name of Napoleon III. has been included. The latter, though I believe the fact has never been publicly stated, died while under chloroform which had been administered to him when he was about to undergo a painful operation.

AN UNWELCOME VISITOR.

The approaching visit of the Shah to England is causing much embarrassment to Court officials. He comes to all the European courts as a guest and expects to be received with, at least, the same honors which were accorded to him in 1873. The Czar is preparing to give Nasir-Ed-Din a magnificent reception both at Moscow and at St. Petersburg, and it is already arranged that the greatest review of troops which has ever been held in Russia should take place during his stay. What is to be done with His Majesty in England has not yet been settled. The Queen has decided not to give him quarters at Buckingham Palace again, having decided that there is to be no repetition of the Oriental orgies which took place there in 1873 when every room which had been occupied by the Persians had to be entirely repainted, redecorated, reparquetted and refurnished in consequence of their eccentricities. It is proposed to engage a residence for the Shah whose visit it is earnestly hoped will not exceed a week.

A ROYAL PUNISHMENT.

I hear that the Queen has issued orders that any noblemen or gentlemen of light and leading who may be considered to have misconducted themselves, but whose offences have not been such as to justify their exclusion from Court, are to be punished by not being invited to state balls and state concerts.

AMERICAN.

A DISGRACEFUL BLUNDER.

NEW YORK, February 6.—The friends of Gustave A. Friedrich, late editor of the Pittsburg *Volksblatt*, and a prominent member of various German societies, are very indignant over a blunder by the authorities, by whom Mr. Friederich's body was sent to the Potter's Field for interment. Mr. Friederich died on Sunday at Bellevue Hospital, where he had been under treatment for kidney disease. Members of the Schuetzenbund arrange with the hospital authorities to retain the body until Tuesday to allow time for the funeral preparations. In calling for the body yesterday afternoon it was found that the officials of the morgue adjoining the hospital, where the body had been deposited for safe-keeping, had sent it to Harts Island for burial, instead of the body of a pauper destined for that purpose. The funeral cortège, consisting of two hundred members of the Schnetzenbund in carriages was disbanded, and Commissioner Porter was called upon for an explanation. He expressed great chagrin and by using the telegraph between the city and Harts Island, was able to prevent the actual interment of the body there and to order it shipped back. The funeral will take place to-day, the interment being at the Lutheran Cemetery.

THE HORRORS OF A PENITENTIARY.

SEVERE PUNISHMENT IN ORDER FOR INFAMOUS OFFICIALS.

BUFFALO, N.Y., Feb. 6.—A Pittsburg (Pa.) special says investigation into the Riverside penitentiary management is in progress. After reading the charges and testimony of the previous meeting, prisoner James McPhillimay, who preferred the charges against the Hospital steward, Dr. Mabarnecke, called several witnesses. The testimony disclosed a startling state of affairs in the institution, and in the main substantiated the allegations. Several witnesses testified to having been the victims of cruelty and extortion while sick in the hospital. Insane prisoners had been placed in the straight jacket and electric currents applied to their heads until the blood ran from their noses. Others had been whipped with leather straps with a heavy buckle attached. An insane prisoner had been ducked in cold water and scrubbed with a broom until the flesh was torn from his body.

THE WAR IN HAYTI.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—The steamship "Harold," from Hayti, reports that she was at St. Marc on January 16th, when Legitime's vessels bombarded the place. The bombardment caused great havoc, and it is said over one hundred people were killed.

CENTRAL AMERICAN HORRORS.

CRIMES LIKE THOSE OF WHITECHAPEL.

MANAGUA, NICARAGUA, VIA NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.—Either "Jack the Ripper" of Whitechapel has emigrated from the scene of his ghastly murders, or he has found one or more imitators in this part of Central America. The people have been greatly aroused by six of the most atrocious murders ever committed within the limits of this city. The assassin has vanished and left no traces for his identification. All the victims were women of the character who met their fate at the hands of the London murderer. They were found murdered just as mysteriously and the evidence points to almost identical methods. Two were found butchered out of all recognition, even their faces were horribly slashed, and in the cases of all the others the persons were frightfully disfigured. Like "Jack the Ripper's" victims they have been found in out of the way places.

CANADIAN.

THE QUEEN CITY.

(Special to the Witness Feb. 6.)

THE REV. CANON STREET, of Chicago, who died lately in Florida, was the uncle of Judge Street here and brother of the wife of the Rev. Dr. Reid, general agent of the Presbyterian Church.

MR. W. F. MCLEAN, of the *World*, was, yesterday, committed to stand his trial on a criminal charge of libel brought on by Mr. Adam Armstrong, Chairman of the Licensse Commission, under the Crooks Act in Toronto. The *World* called Mr. Armstrong a "boodler."

THE BAILIFFS' Association of Ontario met yesterday and discussed matters relating to their calling. The Division Court Inspector gave an address on the manner in which the bailiffs of their courts should discharge their duties.

THE YORK PIONEERS are moving in the matter of erecting a monument to Governor Simcoe in front of the new Parliament buildings.

THE ONTARIO ARTILLERY ASSOCIATION at its annual meeting yesterday resolved to ask the Dominion Government for a grant similar to the one given to the Provincial Rifle Association.

DR. CLARKE, of Toronto Lunatic Asylum, addressed 800 young men last night in Association Hall on "An hour in an insane asylum." He attributed ten percent of all cases of insanity to drinking and believed smoking tobacco to be a source of injury to the nerve centres.

THE R. C. SEPARATE SCHOOL BOARD last night resolved to open two kindergarten rooms in their schools.

THE CENTRAL FARMERS' INSTITUTE met here yesterday and was presided over by Mr. Valancy E. Fuller. At the conclusion of his very practical address he intimated that it would be necessary for him to retire from the position owing to financial difficulties, and Mr. N. Awrey, M.P.P. for South Wentworth, was elected in his stead. There was a discussion last evening in the Institute of the statute labor question. Motions to abolish and to modify the present system of road repair were voted down and an amendment to leave the system as it is was carried.

THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

(Special to the Witness.)

ORONTO 6.

In the Legislative Assembly yesterday the chief business was passing Mr. Fraser's voters list's act through committee of the whole house. A large number of clauses were disposed of amidst a running fire of discussion.

Mayor Clarke who has been laid up for a few days took his seat in the Assembly for the first time yesterday.

There is some talk of attempting to put a stop to plumping at municipal elections by declaring single vote ballots to be bad.

THE FULLER FAILURE.

HAMILTON, Ont., February 5.—A meeting of the creditors of V. E. Fuller and H. H. Fuller was held yesterday afternoon and was largely attended. Nothing definite was done, as Mr. V. E. Fuller refused to assign unless the creditors agreed to pay his employees in full, some of whom had large amounts in back pay due to them. One of them put in a claim for $2,400, including salary and expenses for fourteen months, and a committee was appointed to examine into this claim. Another meeting will be held February 11. It is estimated that Valancy E. Fuller's personal liabilities amount to $300,000 and the joint liability of V.E. Fuller, H. H. Fuller and Cynthia Fuller to about $1,000,000.

A STRONG ORANGE PROTEST.

THE JESUITS BILL AND THE MUTILATION OF THE BIBLE DENOUNCED.

(Special to the Witness.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 6.—At the annual meeting of the County Orange Lodge at Bell's Corners yesterday resolutions were unanimously adopted expressing regret that the hasty action of the Dominion Government in signifying its decision to allow the Jesuits Act to become law prevented the presentation of the Orange petition against it. This meeting, the resolution continued, cannot fail to recognize the baneful influence of the papacy on both of the two great political parties. The incorporation and endowment of the sworn foes to liberty of conscience, the Jesuits, and the mutilation of the Bible in the schools of Ontario render it the duty of all loyal Protestants to vote only for men pledged to set principle above party and to be guard over the glorious Protestant liberties, even at the cost of party defeat.

RECIPROCITY AGAIN ENDORSED.

(Special to the Witness.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—At the Opposition caucus to-day the reciprocity policy was reaffirmed with great enthusiasm and an aggressive fight on this line determined on.

WEATHER REPORT.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, TORONTO, Feb 5, 11 p.m.—The disturbance which was over Michigan last night now covers New England, and the anti-cyclone is central over Manitoba. The weather has cleared and become decidedly colder in the Lake region, and along the St. Lawrence r heavy snowstorm has prevailed. Minimum temperature—Minnedosa, 46 below zero; Winnipeg, 42 below; Port Arthur, 26 below; White River, 38 below; Toronto, 3 below; Quebec, 4 below; Montreal, zero; Halifax, 22. Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours:—Lakes—Fresh north and north-west winds, fair and very cold, snow flurries in some localities. St. Lawrence, Upper—Fresh north to north-west winds, generally fair and colder, with snow flurries in some localities. St. Lawrence, Lower—Strong north-east to north west winds cloudy, with snow, followed by clearing colder. Gulf—Strong winds and gales from east and north, cloudy, with snow. Maritime—Strong winds and gales from the east and south, cloudy, with snow and rain.

QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

MR. LYNCH'S REPLY TO THE PROVINCIAL SECRETARY.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

QUEBEC, Feb. 5.

Before the regular business of the Assembly was taken up this afternoon, nearly two hours of the sitting were lost in the discussion of certain points of form with respect to petitions for private bills, which resulted in a vote of 34 for to 14 against, extending the delay for receiving such petitions to the 7th inst.

NEW LEGISLATION.

Bills to amend the game laws, the law respecting land surveyors and the survey of lands, and the law respecting interments and disinterments were introduced by Colonel Rhodes, and other members of the Government.

INFORMATION.

Various questions were put to Ministers, but none of them were of any general public importance, except one by Mr. Desjardins, who asked what was the total amount paid to January 1st inst., under the Act 51 52 Vic., respecting railway subsidies, and was told by Mr. Mercier that it was $940,948.

MR. LYNCH'S REPLY TO MR. GAGNON.

At 5.30 the order was called for resuming the adjourned debate on the Government's Land Bill, when the Hon. W. W. Lynch rose and addressed the House until recess at six, in a very powerful speech, which elicited repeated applause from the Opposition. He indignantly repudiated the charge that in his administration of the Crown Lands' Department, he had favored the lumbermen, who, he pointed out, were far from being all friends of his party. He contended that, in all his administrative acts, he had been influenced by an honest desire to do his duty to the Province and to all men. He had never acted, he said, more in the interests of the lumberman than of the settler and the country generally, and the policy which he had endeavored to carry out with regard to our forests was identical with the policy favored by that true lover of his country, Hon. H. G. Joly. The member for Brome will continue his speech after recess.

NOTES.

Mr. Beausoleil, M.P., was in town to-day.

Col. Rhodes has consented to take the chair at the lecture to be delivered here to-morrow evening at the National School Hall by Mr. George Moore, of Montreal, on "Horticulture and Agriculture."

Mr. McShane, who left for Montreal this afternoon, has taken the seat in the House next to Dr. Cameron's on the cross benches on the Ministerial side. His old seat is occupied by Col. Rhodes.

The Matane Railway Charter Bill and the bill to incorporate the Northern Central Railway (one of the links in the alleged Northern Pacific line) passed the Railway Committee, with some amendments, this morning; one of which provides that work shall be commenced and at least ten miles of the road built within two years.

An action for libel, damages laid at $5,000, was served to-day on the publishers of *Le Canadien* at the suit of Dr. Mackay, of the Belmont Asylum, with whom the Government lately entered into a contract for the care of the insane. Dr. Mackay complains that he has been grossly slandered and maligned by articles commenting on the contract lately published in *Le Canadien*.

Dr. de Grosbois, M.P.P., is confined to his room by illness.

Mr. Lemieux intends to assert the claim of the Huron Indians of Lorette to a portion of the indemnity voted in settlement of the Jesuits' estates question, on account of the claims and rights of said tribe to certain lands within the seigniories granted to the Jesuits.

Mr. Lussier wants to know if the Government intend to compel the Montreal & Sorel Railway Company to work said road, and Hon. Mr. Blanchet will ask whether it is the intention this session to grant an additional subsidy to the Quebec Central Railway to complete its road to the frontier; and also whether the Government intend to amend the Act respecting the constitution of the Court of Appeals, so as to leave that Court only appellate jurisdiction in civil and criminal matters. Mr. Lemieux also wants the Government to send talented young men to Europe at the expense of the Province to perfect themselves in arts, letters and sciences, by following the course of lectures given in the capitals.

It seems that the disqualification of Mr. Chagnon, of Three Rivers, was not an outcome of the contestation of the Hon. Mr. Turcotte's election last year, but of one of a batch of penal actions taken against him and other parties on both sides of politics after the general elections of 1887. He won his case in the first instance, and will now appeal from the judgment of the Court of Review.

THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

QUEBEC, Feb. 5.

THE STORM.

Another violent storm of wind and snow from the eastward has been raging here since morning, and at the time of writing, this evening, seems to be increasing in fury. There is every prospect of the outgoing and incoming trains to-night being seriously delayed, if not blocked. The Montreal express this afternoon was nearly three hours late.

IS IT A MURDER?

A woman named Morin died in the Hotel Dieu Hospital this morning. It is said that her death was the result of injuries received in a row in a house of ill repute in the suburbs kept by one Rose Decoteaux. An inquest is to be held.

ALBANI LEAVES FO

NEWS.

TRANSATLANTIC.

M. Guyot Dessaigne succeeds M. Ferrouillat as French Minister of Justice.

The report that Sir Julian Pauncefote has been appointed British Minister to Washington is officially contradicted.

The workmen in the glass works at Charleroi have struck. Several collisions occurred between the police and the strikers and many persons were wounded.

It is semi-officially announced that Great Britain having recognized Legitime as President of Hayti, France will do likewise. The French envoy at Hayti has been ordered to present his credentials to Legitime.

The judgment of the Edinburgh Court dismissing Mr. Parnell's suit against the *Times* was given on the ground that Mr. Walter being one of the co-partners owning the *Times*, arrestments against him as an individual would be invalid.

Advices from Burmah announce that Mandalay has been visited by two immense conflagrations. In the first the flames destroyed 632 houses, a bazaar and a Buddhist monastery. In the second five hundred houses were burned. Both were accidental.

GEFFCKEN AGAIN MALIGNED.

BERLIN, Feb. 5.—In the Reichstag to-day, on the third reading of the budget, Herr Munckel, a Progressist, contended that the publication of the indictment against Prof. Geffcken at the instance of Prince Bismarck was incompatible with the laws. Herr Von Schelling, the new Minister of Justice, stated that the Progressist journals clamored for the publication of the indictment. It was only by giving publicity to the document that the country could see that the imperial tribunal regarded the objective existence of treason as proved. If there was any flaw in the indictment it was due to there being no law to bring the accused to justice for committing an unexampled breach of trust.

BOULANGISTS TO BE REPRESSED.

PARIS, February 5.—A meeting of the Cabinet was held to-night. It is reported the ministers decided to take active measures for repression of the Boulangists. General Riu has been placed under arrest for fifteen days for making a speech against the Government.

THE DIPHTHERIA MICROBE.

PARIS, February 5.—The *Figaro* says two professors connected with the Pasteur Institute have succeeded in identifying the generative microbe of diphtheria. The discovery of a preventive of this disease by means of vaccine virus is expected to follow.

A SILLY SCOFFER IN HIGH PLACE.

ROME, February 5.—In the debate to-day in the Chamber of Deputies on the address in reply to the King's speech, Prime Minister Crispi scoffed at the Peace Society. It was childish, he said, to propose that Italy should disarm when all the other European nations were increasing their armaments.

ENERGETIC ALLOCUTION.

ROME, February 5.—According to *Italia*, at the Papal consistory on the 11th inst., the Pope will pronounce an energetic allocution against the Italian Government.

AMERICAN.

The proposition to modify the naturalization laws is not likely to come to anything at this session of the United States Congress.

THE STREET CAR STRIKE OVER.

ONE MAN LOSES HIS LIFE AND SEVERAL OTHERS ARE INJURED.

NEW YORK, February 5.—After receipt of reports from the local assemblies the great tie-up on the street railways here was to night officially declared off by the executive committee in charge of the strike. This afternoon a party of men, presumably strikers, attacked a car at Sixty-fifth street and the Boulevard, and began pelting it with stones. The passengers left the car and the officer in charge of it, Thomas K. Snyder, having been hit in the face by one of the stones, fired into the crowd. The bullet went whizzing through the brain of one of the men named James McGowan. He died while being removed to the hospital. The officer who did the shooting was placed under arrest. Officer Snyder had his lower teeth knocked down his throat by a stone and his helmet crushed over his eyes before he fired. He fired two shots in the air, but the strikers rushed madly upon him and he fired three shots point blank at the crowd. Two men besides McGowan were hit, one in the neck and the other in the leg, but they were carried home by their friends. The strikers stopped a car by running two gravel trucks on the track. They stoned the car and then stoned the officer. At Police headquarters Snyder stated that the mob numbered 1,000. He shot at the foremost of the rioters, he said, and both the conductor and driver also emptied their revolvers. He did not know whether or not it was his shot that killed McGowan. At the Police Court, where he was later arraigned, however, Lewis Brennan, brother of the Commissioner of Charities and Correction, who was an eye witness, said the conductor of the car shot the striker. "It was the hottest battle I ever saw," said Mr. Brennan. "The conductor's life was in danger. He was down and the crowd was on top of him. He drew a revolver and struggled to get away from his assailants." Justice Paterson discharged the officer. Later, the conductor and driver were arrested charged with firing the fatal shot.

A TREATY WITH INDIANS.

WASHINGTON, February 5.—The President transmitted to Congress for ratification an agreement by the terms of which the Creek Nation cedes to the United States the entire western half of the domain of the nation. The United States agrees to pay the Indians $2,280,857. $280,857 to be paid to the national treasurer of the nation, and $2,000,000 to remain in the United States treasury to the credit of the nation and bear five percent interest. The nation agrees to devote $50,000 annually for educational purposes. The President says the ratification of the agreement will benefit the Government, and it is entirely free from any suspicion of unfairness or injustice towards the Indians. In order to become effective the agreement must be ratified before July 1.

A DROWNING DISASTER.

CANAJOHARIE, N.Y., Feb. 5.—The following information has been received here regarding an accident at Pine Lake, Fulton County: Twenty-four teams were engaged in drawing logs across the ice, regarding the safety of which no fears were felt. The ice gave way after seven drivers and teams reached shore, and the remaining drivers and horses broke through the ice and sank out of sight. No bodies have been recovered.

FIRES IN CANADA.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 5.—The Canadian Pacific railway station at Headingly was burned through the section men leaving an unguarded stove. Loss $500. Weather very cold.

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—At half-past two o'clock this afternoon dense clouds of smoke were seen issuing from the upper story above Mr. R. Uglow's book store, Sparks street, and the brigade was called out. By the time the firemen arrived, the flames had crept along the boarded second flight and penetrated most of the offices, with which the second story is made up. The brigade promptly got to work and subdued the fire after the second and third flats had been gutted. The firemen encountered much difficulty owing to the iron roof. The chief sufferers are R. Uglow, books and stationery; McGibbin, clothing, and P. Green, tobacco. Mr. and Mrs. Selwyn, insurance and dress-making, who have an office above, suffer more or less damage, as also the office of A. G. Ingals, solicitor of patents. Mr. Uglow's stock was particularly perishable and suffered much. The occupants of the building are all insured, some of them in half a dozen companies. The total loss is put at $5,000. The fire is supposed to have originated in a small room above Mr. Uglow's place of business.

THE PARNELL COMMISSION.

SOME HARD THINGS AGAINST PARNELL—IF TRUE.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—At to-day's session of the Parnell Commission the witness Beach, a self-avowed Fenian, continued his testimony, saying Egan told him many payments were made by the League which it was impossible to make public, and he instanced the paying of Dutch officers sent from Amsterdam to assist the Boers during the Transvaal war. The witness had two interviews with Parnell. The first was held in the house of A. M. Sullivan at Clapham and the next in the lobby of the House of Commons, where, after conversing with O'Kelly and Parnell together, he had a talk with Parnell alone. Parnell said it rested wholly with the leaders of the revolutionary party to bring both parties into line. He asked witness to get Devoy to meet him in Paris, and offered to defray Devoy's expenses. He also desired to meet Alexander Sullivan, Hines and others. "Doctor," he said to Beach, who is a physician, "I have long since ceased to believe that anything but force of arms can ever bring about the redemption of Ireland." Parnell also said he did not see why a successful insurrection should not happen in Ireland, adding, "I think we will have at the end of the year £100,000 in the League treasury. That's a pretty good nucleus. You people might do something more." On seeing Parnell a third time, witness conversed with him for a few seconds only, and on bidding him good-bye he got his photograph signed "Yours truly, C. S. Parnell," as a memento. He would produce the photograph.

A CONSPIRACY IN KILMAINHAM.

Witness then went to Dublin bearing letters of introduction to Mr. Kenny, M.P., and others of the League. He discussed an open movement with Messrs. Sexton and Kenny. He was driven by Mr. Kenny to Kilmainham gaol, where he saw Messrs. Dillon, Sheridan and Boynton. He returned to New York in June, 1881, and tried to see Devoy and Carney with Parnell's message. He met Breslin who, with Hines and Devoy, formed the revolutionary directory. Breslin expressed a willingness to bring both parties into line, so also did Sullivan, Hines and Devoy whom he met in Chicago. Dr. Carroll expressed himself as pleased to see that Parnell was returning to his senses on the revolution question, but he objected to any coalition between organizations.

BEACH'S BIOGRAPHY.

Witness was introduced to Parnell and others of his party as Major Lecaron, under which name he had been known for the past twenty-eight years. He attained the rank of major in the Federal army during the civil war. He was also a major in the Irish Republican army. He graduated M. D. after the failure of the raid on Canada. When he returned to America he got a circular from the "V.C.," meaning the executive council of the Clan-Na-Gael, announcing that it had been decided to call up the 25 percent D fund or camp subscriptions to expedite military preparations. The Commission adjourned till to-morrow.

THE AUSTRIAN THRONE.

A CONFLICT LOOMING UP OVER THE SUCCESSION.

BERLIN, February 5.—The question of the succession to the Austrian throne is causing increasing excitement in official and diplomatic circles. An article in the *Italia*, the official journal of Signor Crispi, the Italian Prime Minister, declares that the Salic law has been virtually abolished in Austria-Hungary since the Pragmatic Sanction; therefore, Prince Rudolf's daughter is heir to the throne. Archduke Karl and his son Franz are ultra-Catholics for the house of Savoy, and enemies of Italian unity. The Government organ at Pesth, the *Pester Lloyd*, vaguely suggested yesterday the right of Princess Elizabeth to succeed to the throne. The Vienna press treats the right of Archduke Karl as incontestable. Rudolf's death involves a possibility of a formidable conflict over the succession.

OBITUARY.

READING, Pa., Feb. 5.—Michael Heller, known as the "Snake Bite Doctor," died yesterday, aged 89. He possessed a remedy for the cure of snake bites, which he secured from his grandfather on his death bed fifty years ago, and before his death yesterday he imparted the secret to his son. Heller cured hundreds of people.

LONDON, Ont., Feb. 6.—Mrs. Little, mother of Mr. John W. Little, formerly of Montreal, now of the firm of Robinson & Little, one of the largest wholesale houses in the West, died last night, aged 65.

THEY LOVE TO BE SLAVES.

BELLEVILLE, Ont., February 5.—The city council has rejected, by a vote of 13 to 7, a petition for a reduction of the number of tavern licenses from 27 to 20. It was signed by 800 persons and was supported by deputations from the Women's Christian Temperance Union and the Ministerial Association.

FINES FOR TREATING.

HARRISBURG, Pa., February 5.—In the House to-day a bill was introduced making it an offence punishable by a fine of not less than $50 or over $100 for anyone to treat another to intoxicating liquors.

O'BRIEN WEARS HIS OWN CLOTHES.

DUBLIN, Feb. 5.—The prison officials at Clonmel have returned to Mr. William O'Brien the civilian clothing that was forcibly removed from him, and it was immediately donned by the prisoner. Mr. O'Brien was removed to the infirmary.

THE NEXT GENERAL ELECTION.

It is Sir John Macdonald's policy to spring elections when the opposition least expects them. Pursuant to this plan he caught Mr. Blake when he was nicely opening a campaign in 1882, and again in 1887 he brought on a contest that, according to the time-table, was not yet due. In all probability the suddenness with which the last two general elections were precipitated is the ground for the suspicion that a third may be announced out of due season. The intentions of the Government, however, will be more apparent as the work of the session proceeds. If the subsidies are large, and the concessions to the various interests important, it will be clear that an election is intended. It is the path of wisdom to demand from the recipients of favors evidences of their gratitude before their willingness to reciprocate has cooled. Something, however, depends upon another consideration—namely, the gerrymander. The census will be taken in 1891, and it will be impossible to redistribute until the end of that year at the earliest, or until the beginning of 1892. The last election took place in February, 1887. By February, 1892, the present Parliament will have run its course. If Sir John decides upon a general election during the present year he will, provided he be successful, be able to attend to the redistribution at the third session of the coming parliament, and to take advantage of it at the polls in the following year or the year after that. But if he should determine now to go on to the end of the present constitutional term he will either have to appeal to the country early in 1892 without a redistribution to help him, or to call a sixth session at the end of 1891 for the sole purpose of pushing the redistribution through. The sixth session squeezed into the five-year limit will be an extraordinary occurrence; but it can be legally held. In fact Parliament could follow session by session in constant succession were it so disposed, provided it did not sit beyond the five years from the date of its election to which its life is restricted. The situation then is this: There will be a remarkably early election or an extremely late one. Though the prospects are eagerly canvassed among the politicians, it is quite probable that the Premier has not yet considered them.—*Toronto Mail.*

OUR DOMINION FLAG.

(To the Editor of the Witness.)

SIR,—In an editorial in a recent issue you express dissatisfaction with the "bastard heraldry" that constituted our Dominion Ensign and ask for suggestions for a national flag.

Many hours have I spent devising and lamenting our lack of a national flag.

If any of the readers of the *Witness* can offer a simpler, more appropriate or suggestive design than a red maple leaf in the upper left hand corner of a white banner, I would be most pleased to hear from them.

J. M. WALTON,

Kettleby, Ont.

HABITANT GOING TO MARKET

BONSECOURS MARKET.

ONE OF THE GREAT SIGHTS OF MONTREAL.

WHAT VISITORS DO NOT SEE THERE—THE HABITANT AND HIS LONG JOURNEY.

Probably there is no place about Montreal where the visitor from Western Ontario or the United States can get so much useful information, as well as amusement, in a couple of hours as by visiting Bonsecours Market on market days,—Tuesdays and Fridays—when the roads and weather are favorable, and when the farmers are not engaged at home with seeding or harvest work. Except when viewed from the river, there is nothing particularly striking about the exterior of the building itself, and to the visitor entering it from St. Paul street the numerous butcher stalls which occupy nearly the whole of this flat, present nothing unusually attractive, except for a few days before Christmas and Easter, when they are hung with the choicest bits of beef, mutton and pork, decorated with artificial flowers and ribbons. At the east end of this flat there is a place fitted up with long benches, which on market days are crowded with boxes, baskets and bags containing print butter, eggs, dead poultry, honey, pork pieces, and various kinds of grey and red puddings. In winter there is generally to be found here considerable quantities of

FROZEN MILK AND CREAM.

Outside the market on St. Paul street, extending from near the C. P. R. station to Jacques Cartier square, and up both sides of the square to Notre Dame street, there are hundreds of farmers' sleighs, some of them pretty old fashioned vehicles, packed side by side, and in most cases the horses are absent feeding in some of the many adjacent stables. Many of these sleighs, when the weather and roads are favorable, have come long distances,—thirty, forty, fifty, and, in some cases, even sixty miles—from the country lying north and north-west of Montreal. The farmers living south of the St. Lawrence seldom come long distances with their teams, as they have had convenient railway communication for a number of years, and the crossing of the river is often attended with considerable inconvenience as well as expense. The habitant dwelling in the far north, among the Laurentides, does not often come to the city markets, for, in too many cases, he has not much to sell there, and has to depend largely on work done in the lumber shanties to furnish the ready cash to buy the limited amount of dry goods and groceries his family may require or have to put up with. In most cases the backwoods habitant and his better half have a custom of coming to the city at least once in summer and once in the winter time to make their purchases, and on these occasions they bring a load of produce to the market. When the distance to come is

FIFTY MILES OR MORE

for more than a week before the journey is made the hardy little pony gets an extra allowance of oats, the better to prepare him for the hardships he may have to endure by the way. The habitant employs his Sunday afternoon fixing up things and loading his sleigh, preparatory to an early start on Monday morning. The bottom of the sleigh is well littered with hay for the horse's feed during the journey, and also to form a comfortable seat for the husband and wife on the return journey, should the weather prove too cold or boisterous to sit with comfort on a higher and more exposed seat.

In addition to the ordinary load, there is a bag with oats for the horse, and another with provisions for the bipeds, and on top of all there are several home-made woollen quilts and other wraps to keep out the cold, for our habitant does not want to get off and run after the sleigh to warm himself when cold, as Ottawa and Ontario teamsters do. By making a very early start on Monday the team usually gets to within eight or ten miles of the sixty and puts up at some stopping place for the night,—or rather for a part of it, as it is several hours after dark when he arrives and he leaves again

AT LEAST TWO HOURS BEFORE DAYLIGHT

in order to reach the market in time to secure a favorable location for his load. Having reached the market the pony is put away in a stable and the load is disposed of to the best advantage, when the pair start off to complete their shopping in time to make eight or ten miles of the return journey that evening. Seated on the hay in the bottom of the high box-sleigh, well wrapped in thick quilts, they do not care for a cold snap, but should a heavy fall of snow and severe drifts come on, the farmer and his nag, especially the latter, often have to endure considerable hardships before they again reach their humble home among the northern mountains.

Of course the visitor to the market sees nothing of these road adventures, but if he can *parler Francais* he may get some habitant more communicative than the others, who will tell him all about them.

But to return to the Bonsecours Market. The visitor coming along Commissioner street may enter by one of the doors one of the most unique shops on the Continent, if not in the world. In addition to enormous quantities of fruits and vegetables, exotic and native, there is a bewildering display of trinkets of all sorts and kinds, and not a few articles can be purchased here which are not to be found in any other shop in the city. It is rather singular that although the civic authorities have established half a dozen other markets in the city, yet at none of them, nor even at the whole of them combined, is there more than a fraction of the trade done that is done at the "old Bonsecours."

A GENEROUS FRENCHWOMAN.

The Duchess de Galliera, who died recently at her historical mansion in Paris, in the Faubourg St. Germain, was as large-hearted and as open-handed as the late Madame Boucicault, though perhaps less judicious in the use she made of one of the largest fortunes of this age. The Duke of Galliera was one of the continental railway kings, and a keen and venturesome speculator. He died, leaving personalty in France alone amounting to £11,000,000, and in Italy over £3,000,000. The *Univers* gives the following list of her well-known deeds of generosity: £400 a year to the poor of the Seventh Arrondissement; £800 a year to the poor of all Paris; £250 a year to the poor of her own parish; for the Brignole-Galliera Museum, near the Trocadero, £250,000; for the creation of an orphanage at Meudon, £560,000; for the support of that institution, £400,000; for the building of three working-class lodging-houses in Paris, £80 000. To deepen the port of Genoa she gave £340,000; to the present Pope, $100,000; to build two hospitals, £380,000. Besides the above donations she gave Genoa the palace called the Palazzo Rossa, with its art furniture and pictures, comprising a collection of ancestral portraits by Rubens and Vandyke. The gift of a palace and estate at Bologna to the Duc de Montpensier can hardly be called a charity. Her last great benefactions were the founding of two asylums, one for 200 old men and 100 old women, and another for Christian Brothers too old or broken down in health to teach. It was at the opening of the former at which she caught cold, which, degenerating into inflammation of the lungs, killed her. How she disposed of the remnant of her vast fortune is not yet known. The Duchesse had an idea that she was insulting the poor to ask them to live in meanly constructed almshouses. She therefore created palaces for them. —*N. Y. Independent.*

A PLAGUE OF TIGERS IN JAVA.

According to the administration report of Java, recently laid before the Dutch Chambers, portions of that island are being depopulated through tigers. In 1882 the population of a village in the south-west of the Bantam province was removed and transferred to an island off the coast in consequence of the trouble caused to the people by tigers. These animals have now become an intolerable pest in parts of the same province. The total population is about 600,000, and in 1887 61 were killed by tigers, and in consequence of the dread existing among the people it has been proposed to deport the inhabitants of the villages most threatened to other parts of the country where tigers are not so common, and where they can pursue their agricultural occupations with a greater degree of security. At present they fear to go anywhere near the borders of the forest. The people at present seem disinclined, or they lack the means and courage, to attack and destroy their enemy, although considerable rewards are offered by Government for the destruction of beasts of prey. In 1888 the reward for killing a royal tiger was raised to 200 florins. It appears also that the immunity of the tiger is in part due to superstition, for it is considered wrong to kill one unless he attacks first or otherwise does injury. Moreover, guns were always very rare in this particular district and since a rising a few years ago, have been taken away by the authorities altogether.—*London Times.*

CROSSING THE RIVER.

BURIED ALIVE

(Paris Dispatch to the London Daily Telegraph.)

A gendarme was buried alive the other day in a village near Grenoble. The man had become intoxicated on potato brandy, and fell into a profound sleep. After 20 hours passed in slumber his friends considered him to be dead, particularly as his body assumed the usual rigidity of a corpse. When the sexton, however, was lowering the remains of the ill fated gendarme into the grave he heard moans and knocks proceeding from the interior of the "four boards." He immediately bored holes in the sides of the coffin to let in air, and then knocked off the lid. The gendarme had, however, ceased to live, having horribly mutilated his head in his frantic but futile efforts to burst his coffin open. So terrible a case of premature burial has hardly ever before been reported in this country, where hasty interments are only too common.

The Montreal *Witness* is out with a splendid Carnival Number, including one four page illustration in colors, of the procession, something like the New Orleans papers about Mardi Gras times. It is an exceeding creditable production. —*Brantford Expositor.*

The Montreal *Witness* has issued a very creditable Carnival Number. The illustrations are numerous and good.—*News Argus, Stirling, Ont.*

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS.

(We invite questions on all possible subjects of general interest, to which we shall do our best to obtain correct answers and shall insert such queries and replies as we can make room for. This must not be used, however, as an advertising column or as an enquiry bureau for matters not of public interest, and no notice will be taken of anonymous communications. Correspondents will please notice rules given on page 4. Attention to these rules is necessary to ensure answers.)

LEGAL.

(ONTARIO.)

THE ATTESTATION OF A WILL.

OLD SUBSCRIBER, Ontario.—Q.—My husband made his will four years ago. There were three in the room at the time, my husband, the person who drew the will, and one witness. Would you please inform me if one witness is sufficient. Ans.—One is not. A will to be valid must be executed in the presence of at least two witnesses present at the same time, and such witnesses must attest and subscribe the will in the presence of the party making it.

PROCURING STATUTE BOOKS—ISSUERS OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

CONSTANT READER OF "WITNESS," Millbank, Ont.—Q.—1. How can I obtain the "Revised Statutes of Ontario," and what would be the cost? 2. How can I obtain the "Revised Criminal Law of Canada," and what would be the probable cost? 3. How can I become an issuer of marriage licenses? Ans.—1 and 2. They may be procured through any bookseller—the former at the price of about seven dollars, we think; and the latter at something like two dollars. 3. If at all, it would be by appointment of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. Your application should go through the Provincial Secretary.

THE LEGALITY OF A CHATTEL MORTGAGE.

J. P., Paris, Ont.—Q.—A gives B a mortgage on his chattels for $500, but only owes B $400; is that mortgage legal? They both swear that $500 is the amount of debt when the mortgage is given. Could B collect his $400 by that mortgage if A should prove ugly about it? Would there be any penalty on both parties? If the mortgage should be renewed for $400, could it then be collected, if not before? Ans.—We must know more of the circumstances before we can venture to pronounce upon these questions of mortgage and of how the parties stand before the criminal law.

HUSBAND AND WIFE—SEPARATION—DOWER.

INQUISITIVE, Windsor, Ont.—Q.—A man and wife separated legally and had papers made out to that effect. The wife for her share got some town property; and the husband kept for himself a farm, and she (the wife) signed off her dower and all claims to the farm. After a month or two they arranged to live together again, and have done so for over a year. Can she claim her dower out of his property the same as if they had never separated? Of course she still holds her town property. Ans.—We should say that she cannot.

COLLECTION OF AN OVERDUE NOTE.

SUBSCRIBER, Stratford, Ont.—Q.—Four years ago I lent to a friend of mine $50 with 10 percent interest. He gave me his note for it for six months. Can I collect that amount now after the note is run out? Ans. We could not undertake to say definitely without seeing the note, or at least a copy, in order, as is necessary, to get at the exact wording of it. From what you say merely, our opinion must be that, if nothing has been paid upon the paper, you are entitled to make collection of the principal amount with interest thereon for the six months at the ten percent, and subsequently at six percent per annum.

DIVISION OF ESTATE OF A DECEASED MARRIED WOMAN—USURY.

C.H.S., Queensboro, Ont.—Q.—B marries a wife in 1879. She dies intestate in 1880, being possessed of notes for money from her father's estate. The husband gets the notes renewed, payable to himself and then sells them. 1. Can her brothers and sisters make the husband pay a part of the money to them? She has no children—no father or mother living. 2. Can they make him give back her beds, bedding and household furniture which she had before she married him? 3. If so, what part of the money can they claim? 4. What part of goods? 5. If a man gives another a note in 1886 at 15 percent for one year, and the note is not paid for over two years—only part of interest—and then paid in full with interest up to time of payment at 15 percent per annum, can the one who gave the note make the other pay back a part of the interest, as it is more than lawful interest? Ans.—1. Yes. 2. Yes—as to portion of same or proceeds. 3 and 4. One half of her whole net estate, of which both the note, moneys and the furniture and household stuff must be considered part. 5. It does not appear to us from the facts stated that he can legally do so. He certainly could not reasonably hope to succeed in an action brought for the purpose upon the ground mentioned.

HOLIDAY PRIVILEGES.

J.L., Wicklow, Ont.—Q.—How many legal holidays can a hired man claim; and which are they? Ans.—It depends upon the terms of the agreement between the parties, the nature of the services contracted for and the circumstances of the case generally. The statutory holidays are Sundays, New Year's Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday and Christmas Day, Dominion Day, the days appointed for the celebration of the birthday of Her Majesty and of her royal successors, and any day appointed by proclamation of the Governor-General or Lieutenant-Governor as a public holiday or for a general fast or thanksgiving; and assuming that the "hired man" is a "farm hand," and that there has been no agreement to the contrary, it is probable that such would be the holidays that he could legally claim—subject, however, to the obvious necessity of his attending on those days as well to the every day routine work of the place, that is to say the "chores," and perhaps, too, to other and special duties, such as might be called for by the peculiar circumstances of the particular case.

AN OFFENCE AGAINST PUBLIC MORALS—THE RECOVERY OF A LOST BIBLE.

MRS. McR., Maxville, Ont.—Q.—1. Does the law of Canada tolerate or give license to houses of ill fame? 2. If a person leaves a Bible in church and it is lost, and after some time is seen with a person, and there being no other in the place of the same make, can it be reclaimed? 3. If so what proceedings should be taken? No name was on the book. Ans.—1. No. Keepers and inmates of houses of that kind, and persons in the habit of frequenting such houses, not giving a satisfactory account of themselves, are liable upon summary conviction before justices of the peace to be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and held liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars or to imprisonment, with or without hard labor, for any term not exceeding six months, or to both. 2. Yes. 3. Its return should first be requested. In the event of non-compliance with that, demand then, and if you should really feel disposed to take such a course for the recovery of property of such a nature, it might be replevined through the Division Court.

(QUEBEC.)

COMPENSATION FOR IMPROVEMENTS

A READER, Pontiac, Que.—Q.—A owns an absentee lot. B owns and is living on an adjoining lot and having made improvements by clearing and fencing on A's land for thirty-five years. C claims to have purchased the land. Can A sell the land to C without notifying B? B desirous of purchasing, or does B's improvements entitle him to any claim? Ans.—A can sell without notifying B who has only a right to compensation for improvements according to whether he possessed in good or bad faith. The question is indistinctly worded, and you had better consult a lawyer and explain the facts more fully.

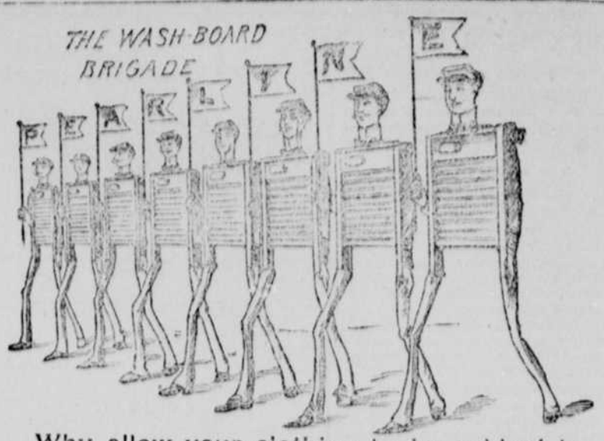
QUESTION BETWEEN MILLER AND FARMER.

CONSTANT READER, Quebec.—Q.—A bought eight bushels of good, clean oats from B. A and C measured six bushels, heaped measure, that would weigh about forty pounds to the bushel. C took it and left it at the mill for meal. A went after the meal when it was ground, and the miller, who is the owner of the mill, pointed to a bag and said, "That's your meal." A asked him to weigh it. It weighed seventy-two pounds of very inferior meal. A said "I ought to have more meal than that from six bushels of good clean oats." The miller said, "I must have made a mistake and given your meal to some one else, but I will hunt it up and send it to you." He did not send it and about a week later I went back, but the miller said, "That is your meal, you can take it or leave it." Now, I would like to know what course shall A pursue to recover an equivalent of oats or a fair quantity of good meal and the bags I sent to the mill. Ans.—The question is simply one of proof. You can recover your bags and the meal produced from your oats. We presume that the amount of meal produced from the same quantity of oats would vary greatly in different seasons. You would have to prove clearly the quality of your oats and what they ought to yield.

A QUESTION OF COMMUNITY.

ENQUIRER, Montreal.—Q.—1. Does money in bank, and household furniture come under the head of the community of property laws? 2. In case of death of either husband or wife (there being no surviving issue) can the friends of the deceased claim a division of the property? 3. If they can, what is the proper course to pursue in order to secure to the survivor the full and peaceable possession of the whole of the fruits of their united labor and industry? 4. Would the necessary document be legal if written by the parties themselves, or should they be drawn up by a notary public? 5. Should it in any case be registered? 6. About what would be the cost of such a document, each being desirous of securing the other? The estate in question is not large. Ans.—1. The money and furniture, unless given or bequeathed under the condition that it should not fall into the hands of the community, would be community property? 2. In case of the death of husband or wife, the heirs of the deceased could claim deceased's share in the community property. 3. To prevent this, husband and wife should make their wills leaving each to the other all his or her share. 4. A will may be legally made by the party writing it altogether himself and signing it. This is called a holograph will. It may also be made and signed before two witnesses who cannot be interested under the will, or it may be made before a notary and witnesses. Wills made in the latter form do not require to be presented for probate. 5. If it affect real estate it should be registered after the testator's death. 6. The cost would depend upon the length of the will and the amount of the estate if made by a notary. It would, under the circumstances mentioned, probably not exceed three or four dollars for each will. The notaries do not usually charge as high as their tariff would allow.

ADVERTISEMENTS.



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are passing fancies which please the vision for the moment only, but
A VISIT TO ICHI BAN
WILL REMAIN
A Joy Forever,
and open up a storehouse of information and wonder.
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Apply at the "WITNESS" OFFICE.

McDONALD & COMPANY,
BUILDERS.

(*Annie Howells Frechette in Harper's Bazar.*)

"Why, Molly, you're a first-rate boy," he said, cheerily, as he drew on his coat. It had done him good to hear other sounds than those he made, and to feel that there was life in the empty house. He talked of his affairs as they went home, and he experienced the relief of a divided burden, and when they entered the warm bright kitchen, he was the first to tell of Molly's experiment.

That night, after the girls had gone to their room, as Molly stood meditatively tilting the arnica bottle upon her bruised fingers, she said, "I've made up my mind to work regularly with father as long as there is a thing I can do, and though I do bang my fingers awfully, they'll just have to stand it. Father will grumble a little at first, but I'll be firm with him, and he'll let me have my own way. I know him."

"I'll gladly do your share of the work, for it does seem to cheer him up to have you there."

And Molly did go. A short talk with her mother as they were getting breakfast next morning settled matters satisfactorily.

Before the day was over, the carpenter was thoroughly proud of his daughter, especially when he called her away from her lathing to help him take some measurements, "and she seemed to know by instinct just how to do it," he told his wife that night. After that he made no objection when he saw her preparing to go with him, and as a cold rain had set in, they took their dinners with them, and Molly used to build a fire on the hearth to warm their tea, and the light played over the bright clean floor in a cosy contrast to the sheets of rain that poured down the windows. They did not talk much as they worked, for thoughtful workmen never do, but the man felt the comfort of companionship, and now again Molly was rejoiced to hear a few softly whistled notes as she paused to fill the pockets of her kitchen apron with nails.

She had not heard her father whistle since that awful day when poor George was picked up dead from under the overturned load of lumber he was bringing from the mill.

"I tell you, Julia," began Molly McDonald one night as she was undressing, "I believe it was an inspiration direct from heaven that made me go over to the new house that afternoon to visit with father. He's not the same man he was three weeks ago, and I know I've helped him with the work too. He was behind with it, and so discouraged that he did not know what to do. And to-day, when that old skinflint of a Monroe came, I was so thankful that we had the plasterers in! I think he had made up his mind that father was going to be away behind with the work, and was prepared to be disagreeable accordingly. His wife and her sister were with him. The sister was one of your enthusiastic ones—quite went off over my doing the lathing, and helping to lay the attic floor, and putting up those shelves in the pantry. Mrs. Monroe acted as if she thought it very foolish to make such a fuss over me, and so it was, of course, but there's one thing she can thank me for, she won't have to go up a ladder to reach the hooks every time she wants a dress out of her closet. I caught tall father just in the act of putting them up at a convenient height for himself. There are lots of things a woman can do about building a house. I wish father would teach me the trade outright; the joining is fascinating; and it's not half as hard as washing and ironing and cooking."

II.

The next morning the proprietor of the new house came again, and again his sister in-law was with him. She was, as Molly had described her to her sister, overflowing with enthusiasm on almost all subjects. And as she had never done a day's work in her life, she was unduly impressed by the apprenticeship of the carpenter's daughter, and she declared to that young woman that she hadn't slept the night before through thinking of it.

"I've worked out a plan for you which I want you to fall in with. I want you to come to New York this winter and learn wood-carving. You know there is so much carving used in our houses now, you could make your fortune, you're such a genius."

"Oh no, I'm not that," protested Molly blushing: "but I'd like to learn wood carving. I love drawing, I was taught it at school, and I know I could soon learn. But it's no use; I know I can't go"—in a tone of regret.

"Your father will not need you. Why can't you go?"

"No, he will not need me; but I'm afraid he cannot afford it."

"But think of the advantage? After I've had a talk with your father, I think he will decide to let you go," answered the young widow, confidently. "This evening I am going to submit the plans of a cottage to him, which I want built next year. I see he is an excellent workman, and my plan is full of dainty details which I think he can carry out. In the estimates which I received from my architect I see that the interior is by far the most expensive part. There is to be a good deal of carving, so you see it would be to your father's advantage to have you taught to do it, instead of bringing an expensive workman from the city."

"That seems to make it more likely. Still, I don't see where the money is to come from." She drew a long breath as she stood, hammer in hand. "I can't tell you how glad I'd be to go, besides its being a great pleasure to learn that kind of work. I think there is no doubt that I could help poor father. I'd like to have him look upon me as he used to upon my brother. Oh, if I only could!" And here, although of Scotch stock transplanted to New England, the girl's feelings overcame her, and in the sympathetic presence of her new friend she indulged herself in the luxury of a "good cry" as she went on to tell of the death of her brother, of whom they had been so proud, and she also told of the trouble in which she found her father when she came to his assistance.

"His assistance! I call it his rescue. It's in just such straits as that, that men break down. If you hadn't come that afternoon, if you'd even stopped to wash your dishes" (Mrs. Arnold liked to be very exact), "your father would have been on a bed of sickness by this time. And at this season and in this climate he'd have probably gone into consumption, so you may feel that you saved his life." And in the excess of her admiration she took her heroine into her arms and kissed her—a proceeding which rather embarrassed the heroine, who did not believe she had saved her father's life. But that evening on their way home she told her father about the conversation she had had with Mrs. Arnold, and clinched her argument that she should be allowed to learn a trade by saying, "You know you owe your life to me, and since I didn't take it, the least you can do is to deliver up your money."

After much consultation and studying of plans and making of estimates, it was finally settled that McDonald should build the pretty cottage, which was to overlook the sea from one of the low bluffs. And Mrs. Arnold showed her belief in his daughter by offering to advance money sufficient to send her to New York.

(*To be Continued.*)

AN AMERICAN WRITER is said to regret that the liquor dealer's customers do not live long enough for his purpose. They die just when they begin to be most profitable to him—that is just when the temptation to drink is irresistible. "One goes by liver disease, another by kidney trouble, rheumatism settles one, and softening of the brain kills another."

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

THE LOST FIVE DOLLAR BILL.

CHAPTER I.

"Is your trunk packed, Adrian?"

"Yes, mamma."

"And you are ready to go back to school to Mr. Stephen, and to study?"

"Well, it is rather tough, after vacation; but still I shall have fun."

Adrian looked up and saw that his mother's eyes were full of tears.

"Although I am going to sunny Italy with papa, my winter will be long and dreary without you, my boy," said she.

Adrian drew near and kissed her.

"I suppose it has to be done?" said he inquiringly.

"Yes," said she, running her soft hand through his thick curly hair. "Home is a point of departure for boys at your age. I want to say one word of praise, my boy, before we part, and to thank you for your help this summer to Wilcox Brown. You have enabled him to go to Mr. Stephen's school, and that is a great thing."

"Mamma, Wilcox is a very clever boy. I never saw such a head for figures. Nurse Brown has always called him her 'lightning calculator.' It only needed that I should give him a few evenings a week, and to help him with his Latin to enable him to enter our primary class."

"I do not like the boy's face, Adrain. I hope that your kindness may be rewarded; but no matter whether it is or not, we do not do good things to be rewarded. I am glad, my boy, that you have helped Wilcox, and I trust he may do well at school."

"Mamma, I thought you always liked nurse Brown?" said Adrian, wondering; for he had never heard his mother before speak ill of anybody.

"So I do, my child. She has been a most valuable servant; but she had a very bad, unworthy husband, and some days I think I see his expression in Wilcox. However, I got her a place as housekeeper to Mr. Stephen so her good influence will be over her son all the time. Now go round to her room and take her these flannel shirts which I have bought for Wilcox, and then come back and spend your last hour with me."

Adrian bounded off to that distant wing of his father's large country-house where nurse Brown and her son, and her little invalid daughter Alice, lived.

Mr. and Mrs. Carpenter, Adrian's father and mother, were going off to Europe, Alice was going to an aunt's and, as we have heard, nurse Brown, Wilcox and Adrian were all going over to Mr. Stephen's great school at St. Christopher's.

As he entered, he saw Wilcox showing some little foxes to Alice.

"Wilcox, I think you look like a fox," said Alice, as the cunning little animals put out their heads.

"I wish I was half as smart," said the keen-eyed, sharp looking boy.

Nurse Brown was an Englishwoman who had not forgotten her good breeding and her respectful love for employers. She was tearful and grateful as Adrian gave her the nice flannel shirts for Wilcox.

"Indeed, sir, but your mother is good!" said she, "and Wilcox and I are most grateful, I am sure."

"They are just the kind we wear to row in, to play ball in, to live in, in fact," said Adrian, regarding the shirts with favor himself.

"Look, Wilcox," said his mother; "just as good as Mr. Adrian's own."

"Why shouldn't they be!" said Wilcox in a sullen, disagreeable tone.

Nurse Brown answered this rude speech with a sound box on the ear.

"You disrespectful, ungrateful boy!" said his mother, deep red with mortification.

It seemed to Adrian as if the world were in a conspiracy against his friend and pupil, so he adroitly turned the subject by talking of the foxes to Alice.

"Mr. Stephen is a naturalist," said he, "and Wilcox has such a talent for catching the animals, they will be sure to be great friends. Why, that white owl that Wilcox sent him by me last year is his greatest pet, and I know these foxes will delight him. Well, good-by, Alice; you must get well and strong this winter. You, nurse Brown and Wilcox, please be ready in an hour, when the train waggon will be at the door;" and he bounded off to have a last sacred moment with his mother.

CHAPTER II.

Mr. Stephen's school was a queer institution and except that he turned out the best Latin and Greek scholars, and the best mathematicians, after Exeter, people would have said he was a crazy man. For his school was a sort of family party, where every one was happy, and where each boy found his level according to his merit.

There was a large aviary, a pigeon cot, a preserve of foxes, racoons and wood-chucks; there were domestic fowls by the hundreds, and there were dogs enough to found a county hunt; there were cats, Persian and Angora; there were pets, like canaries, and mocking-birds, and owls, and a very learned parrot who spoke Greek, and there was a peacock who perpetually taught the boys by the force of example not to be egotistical.

Mr. Stephen had large barns and outhouses where these animals were all well cared for, and his boys were the keepers. He bore with great composure his neighbor's laughter. They called it "Stephen's menagerie;" but as he taught the boys natural history, along with giving them much innocent amusement, no one was the worse.

Adrian was one of the best scholars, and a most popular and beloved boy; he could run, play ball, fight, sing, row a boat with anybody, and when it was known that Wilcox was a protege of his, there was no doubt of his being well received.

Wilcox, in addition to his bright mind, had, as Adrian had said, a great talent with animals, and his present of young foxes was as grateful to Mr. Stephen as the gift of a province would have been to an Eastern potentate.

However, as the winter went on, the popularity of Wilcox did not increase; Adrian could not understand why. One day he found him kicking and maltreating an unoffending dog and he said to him, "Why, Wilcox! I wouldn't do that;" but the boy had some story to tell of the dog's misdemeanor which made it seem proper.

Adrian, like all generous people, loved the boy he had helped. Many a study-hour did he go over and help Wilcox, as the early business of a new school troubled him. In return Wilcox did little for him but to occasionally remind him of home; but a happy and prosperous and clever boy like Adrian neither needed nor asked for return.

Except a few fights and some trifling misdemeanors Wilcox got on, however, passably. His abilities were great, and Mr. Stephen would sometimes put down the owl which perched on his fore finger, and silence the parrot as he heard the lessons of Wilcox, and look at him admiringly.

"We shall have a scholar here for the higher mathematics," said he one day to his assistant; "I wish I liked him better."

"A sly boy, a sly-boots," said Mr. Marlow, who hated Wilcox.

Meantime nurse Brown had made an admirable housekeeper for Mr. Stephen. Her broad, clean room, where a teapot seemed to be sending up perpetual steam, was the perfection of comfort; her well-trained housemaid, under-housemaid and cook, all testified to her English breeding as a good manager. They all obeyed her implicitly. Never were boys so well fed, and Mr. Stephen often paused in his walks to compliment her.

"You must not woo away my owl, Mrs. Brown," said he playfully, as he saw the grave bird sitting on the window-sill near nurse Brown's clean table.

"Oh, sir, not at all!" said she, rising and curtseying respectfully. "The owl lived with me a few months after Wilcox caught him, and he remembers me a little. I have no chance against you, sir, I am sure.

And nurse Brown resumed her seat, highly flattered by Mr. Stephen's notice.

CHAPTER III.

After a winter of hard study, and after the Easter vacation, the boys returned for the spring term, when boating was added to their other sports.

The neighboring college of St. Joseph had challenged St. Christopher to a match, and a great deal of enthusiasm followed. The higher and the lower classes were to have a new boat, and each a new uniform.

A contribution was to be sent to an old scholar, William Merriman, in New York, who was to purchase these important factors in the coming race.

Now, to save the feelings of the poorer boys, each boy was to send what he pleased in a letter to Merriman and no one was to know what the other sent. When Merriman had received enough he was to write back.

This plan pleased everybody, and Mr. Stephen, who knew that Adrian would probably give the most, thought that he saw his hand in the ingenious device, which placed the boy who sent one dollar on the same plane as the boy who sent twenty. Boys are noble, far more noble sometimes than men, on these subjects, and the mere matter of wealth does not touch their unspoiled and generous hearts.

The first payment which reached Merriman was acknowledged promptly; but for some time Adrian got no answer to his second letter. When he did, Merriman wrote:

"Sorry to be disobliging, old fellow, but you forgot to put in your last fiver—please remember next."

Adrian had one fault which his father and mother could never correct. He was very careless about money. He carried it in his vest pocket, in his watch-fob—in his shoes his mother sometimes thought. He tried to cure himself, but in vain. He had always had a great deal; that, perhaps, had made him careless, although it sometimes makes people very mean to have a great deal. He sat down and thought a moment. "Could I," said he, "have been so careless? Well, I suppose I didn't put in the last five-dollar bill, yet I remember that I took it out of a fresh pile I had just got at the bank—I could swear that I did put it in."

Just then the parrot screamed: "Swear not at all! swear not at all! swear not at all! Pretty Poll, pretty Poll, pretty Poll!"

"I won't, Polly," said Adrian; "I will send another letter, and another five!"

So he wrote to Merriman, and enclosed his five dollars.

He took this letter down and laid it on nurse Brown's table, where the letters were always put for Michael, who gathered them in a bag to take up to the post. The kitchen was empty, and he looked up at the clock, which ticked loudly.

"An hour yet to post-time," thought Adrian; "how-de-do, old Aristophanes" (this was the owl who sat on the window-seat); "you look wise but you are foolish. Fly up into your old pine tree! I would if I were you!"

And he went off, gayly singing and leaving the owl and his letter together.

(*To be Continued.*)

SHE GAINED A CUSTOMER.

"I don't seem to find just what I want," said a lady to a clerk in one of the large Boston stores.

"I'm sorry," answered the clerk, politely; "perhaps another time we may have a better supply."

"Possibly;" and the lady picked up her hand-bag and walked away, without even a word of thanks, although the saleswoman had been showing her laces for half an hour, and had taken down box after box for her examination.

"Well, Helen," said a companion clerk, as the customer passed out of hearing, "if I'd been in your place I'd given the fussy old thing a snub; bothering so long and not buying after all!"

"I wish she had bought," said Helen, "but at any rate I did my duty."

"Duty? yes, and very likely got a black mark from the floor-walker for not making a sale. I detest shoppers!"

"But another time she may buy something. Who knows? So I tried to be polite to her though it does seem too bad to spend so much time and sell nothing."

"Yes; and it shows so on your books," answered her companion. "You ought to have sent her off long ago. You might have sold two or three customers, for we had quite a rush one while."

A week later the same lady came again to the lace counter, and declining to be served by one of the other clerks, waited several minutes for Helen to get through with another customer. Then she asked to see laces again. Helen was attentive and courteous; the customer made a small purchase and went out.

"Sold again by Madame Fussiness?" said one of the other clerks, laughing.

"Not quite," smiled Helen; "and I hope she'll come again."

Within a few days she did come again, this time bringing a friend with her; and to Helen's great satisfaction both of them bought liberally.

When they had gone the floor-walker came to Helen and said:

"You've done well. That lady dressed so plainly was Mrs. S——. She's immensely rich, and awfully fussy. Her patronage will be worth a good deal to the store. The superintendent shall hear how well you got on with her."

Patience and politeness had their reward, and it is to be hoped that the other clerks learned a lesson.—*Harper's Young People.*

WORD FOR THE DAY.

Wednesday, February 6.

HUMBLENESS OF HEART.

Let not the wise man glory in his wisdom. Neither let the mighty man glory in his might, let not the rich man glory in his riches.—Jer. 9: 23.

Sad it is to be weak,
And sadder to be wrong,
But if the strong God's statutes break
'Tis saddest to be strong.

Grant me, Lord, the wisdom to be humble in Thy presence who alone art the All-Wise; the might that is gentle as Thou art gentle, oh most mightiest; the spirit that useth as Thou usest them, O Creator of all and most bountiful Father. Amen.

DOUBTLESS MANY PARENTS who read this are connected with churches where the envelope system is used for benevolent contributions. Already they are laying plans for proportioning their gifts the coming year. By all means let the older children, at least, share in these councils, and if possible let each have an envelope of his own. There is no better way for interesting them in the benevolent work of the denomination than by letting them feel an individual responsibility concerning its different branches. Whenever practicable, the children should have a weekly allowance of spending money, and be taught to set apart a portion, no matter how small, for an offering in the Lord's house. Let them learn, from hearing the subject discussed at home, something of the relative needs of various fields, and become familiar with the names of representative workers.—*Selected.*

Business Cards.

PHILLIPS'
PHOSPHO-MURIATE of QUININE COMP'D.
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PHILLIPS' PHOSPHO-MURIATE OF QUININE COMPOUND IS A PREPARATION OF THE PHOSPHATES (POTASH, MAGNESIA AND LIME) SUCH AS ARE FURNISHED BY NATURE IN HER MOST NOURISHING FOODS, BEEF, WHEAT OR MILK; WITH MURIATE OF QUININE, PHOSPHATE OF IRON, AND STRYCHNIA. THE PHOSPHATES ARE ESSENTIAL TO SUPPLY THE WASTE OF BONE, BRAIN AND NERVE TISSUE.—THE TONIC AND ANTIPERIODIC PROPERTIES OF QUININE ARE TOO WELL KNOWN TO REQUIRE EXPLANATION.—PHOSPHATE OF IRON IS AN ESSENTIAL CONSTITUENT OF GOOD BLOOD.—WHILE STRYCHNIA IS ONE OF THE MOST POTENT NERVE TONICS WE HAVE. THIS COMBINATION IS THEREFORE CONFIDENTLY RECOMMENDED IN SCROFULA, RACHITIS, MOLLITIES OSSIUM,—IN ORGANIC AND FUNCTIONAL DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS,—TYPHOID AND OTHER FEVERS AND CONVALESCENCE,—AS WELL AS NERVOUS DISORDERS AND DISEASES DUE TO MALARIAL POISONING. IT WILL BE FOUND PARTICULARLY EFFICACEOUS IN CONSUMPTION. THE QUININE REDUCING THE FEVER AND CHECKING THE EXHAUSTIVE NIGHT SWEATS.—WHILE THE PHOSPHATES FURNISH THE REQUISITE ELEMENTS FOR THE FORMATION OF NEW TISSUE, BY WHICH WASTE IS RETARDED. IT IS OF UNEQUALLED MERIT AS A GENERAL TONIC IN THE EXHAUSTION AND DEBILITY OF THE SPRING AND SUMMER MONTHS, AND ITS APPLICABILITY TO MANY OTHER PATHOLOGICAL CONDITIONS WILL SUGGEST ITSELF TO PHYSICIANS WHO ARE PARTICULARLY REQUESTED TO EXAMINE THE PREPARATION WHICH IS AGREEABLE TO THE TASTE, AND ALWAYS UNIFORM.

PHILLIPS' WHEAT PHOSPHATES, {Food for Brain and Nerve, Tonic, digestive and highly nutritive.
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At our Wholesale and Retail Furniture Warerooms will be found on examination by all our CARNIVAL VISITORS, whom we have invited to inspect our new five flats of Showrooms and additions to our building, including the new suite of Art Rooms, fitted up as Parlor, Dining Room, Bedroom, Passage and Ante Room, all furnished as in a private house. Our Visitors can thus see the exact effect of any goods either by day or gaslight.

The First Floor is used for Sideboards from $25 to $250. Dining Tables from $25 to $125. Bookcases from $30 to $125. Wardrobes from $35 to $150. Hall Stands from $25 to $300.

The First Floor, west side of building, contains same class of goods, but price and quality 50 percent lower.

The Second Floor only contains first-class Parlor Suites and the different new styles of Fancy Chairs, Etageres, Corner and Window Chairs, with Cabinets, Easels, Fancy Statuette Tables, Desks, Stands, Plush-top Centre, Side, Card and Folding Fancy Tables.

The Third Floor contains every style of Rattan Chairs, Lounges, Sofas, Swing Cots, Cribs, High and Low Chairs, Gilt, with embossed Illuminated Leather Covering; Dining, Library and Hall Chairs, Lounges, Reclining Chairs, and the latest patent 4-position Easy Chairs, varying in price from $25 to $175.

The Fourth Floor is occupied exclusively with the finest assortment of Chamber Suites in Mahogany, Oak, Cherry, African Ash and Black Walnut, with some of the newest Solid Brass Bedsteads, Swinging Cots, Cribs and Reclining Chairs, convertible into Gentlemen's Easy Chair.

The Fifth Floor is used for Upholstering and Polishing, and the basement is used for the common stock of Iron and Wood Bedsteads, Cribs and other goods necessary to complete the furnishing of attic and basement flats of houses we furnish throughout.

We now invite all Carnival Visitors to call and examine our new Showrooms and latest improvements, and we ask our many customers who reside from one end of the Dominion to the other, including British Columbia and the North-West, to give a fair, impartial verdict as to whether our Showrooms, stock and different new modern improvements suitable to the largest Wholesale and Retail Furniture Warerooms (including our new Elevator) is equal to any Furniture Establishment in the Dominion, or surpassed by any in the United States. Telephone No. 1375.

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First steamer DIRECT TO MONTREAL will sail from Hamburg about 10th April, and from Antwerp about 12th April.
Subsequent departures from Hamburg every 3rd and 13th, and from Antwerp every 10th and 25th of each month till close of navigation. Through bills of lading granted in Hamburg and Antwerp to points east and west, in connection with the Canadian railways.
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CITY OF BERLIN.....Saturday, Feb. 9, 1.00 p.m.
CITY OF RICHMOND..Saturday, Feb. 16, 5.30 a.m.
CITY OF CHESTER.....Saturday, Feb. 23, 11.30 a.m.
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Intermediate passage, $30. Round trip, $60.
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*VANCOUVER	Thursday, 17 Jan.	Saturday, 19 Jan.
*BARNIA	Thursday, 31 Jan.	Saturday, 2 Feb.
*ORE ROOY	Thursday, 14 Feb.	Saturday, 16 Feb.
*VANCOUVER	Thursday, 28 Feb.	Saturday, 2 Mar.

BRISTOL SERVICE (for Avonmouth Dock):—
TEXAS, from Portland, about Saturday, 2nd Feb.
Rates of passage, Portland or Halifax to Liverpool, $60, $65 and $75; return, $100, $125 and $150, according to position of stateroom, with equal saloon privileges; Second Cabin, $30. Steerage, $20.
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Saloon Rates, $30 upwards; Steerage at lowest rates.
Send for pamphlet or call at my new address, 174 St. James street, corner St. John, City and District Telegraph Co.'s Building, Montreal.
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J. J. LOMAN, Secretary.

MONTREAL SNOW-SHOE CLUB.

Members are URGENTLY REQUESTED to meet at the GYMNASIUM in SNOW-SHOE COSTUME at 7.30 p.m. SHARP, on WEDNESDAY, to take part in the Torchlight Procession and Storming of the Ice Palace.

We have always had the biggest turn-out and it rests with you if we keep the record or not. ALL UP!

ALEX. STEWART, Secretary.

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Wednesday Evening,

7.30 sharp.

Full muster is requested.

Uniform, with shoes.

Members having seats on Club car for fancy drive will muster at Barnjum's Gymnasium, Thursday, 1.30 p.m.

W. M. KNOWLES, Hon. Sec.-Treas.

VICTORIA SKATING CLUB.

Special Notice to Strangers.

PROGRAMME FOR CARNIVAL WEEK

MONDAY, February 4th—AFTERNOON—Band and 5 o'clock Tea.
MONDAY, February 4th—EVENING—Band and Hockey Match.
TUESDAY, February 5th—MORNING—Band and Skating.
TUESDAY, February 5th—AFTERNOON—Rink Closed.
TUESDAY, February 5th—EVENING—Children's Fancy Dress Carnival, introducing many novel and amusing features.
WEDNESDAY, February 6th—MORNING—Band and Skating.
WEDNESDAY, February 6th—AFTERNOON—Band and 5 o'clock tea.
THURSDAY, February 7th—MORNING—Band.
THURSDAY, February 7th—AFTERNOON—Rink Closed.
THURSDAY, February 7th—EVENING—Grand Fancy Dress Carnival.
FRIDAY, February 8th—Championship Fancy Skating Tournament, under the auspices of the Amateur Skating Association of Canada.
FRIDAY, February 8th—AFTERNOON—Band and Skating.
FRIDAY, February 8th—EVENING—Championship Races and Games, under the auspices of the Amateur Skating Association of Canada.
SATURDAY, February 9th—AFTERNOON—Band and 5 o'clock Tea.
SATURDAY, February 9th—EVENING—Hockey Match.

The magnificent Band of the Victoria Rifles of Canada, under the leadership of Mr. Edmond Hardy, will play on all the above occasions.

Special membership tickets (Gentlemen $3.00, Ladies $2.00, good for all entertainments during Carnival Week, will be issued to strangers. Holders of these tickets are admitted to all the privileges of the Rink, and are cordially invited to participate (subject to the costume regulations of the Board) in the Fancy Dress Entertainments.

Tickets can also be purchased for any of the separate entertainments.

Tickets are procurable at the Secretary's Office, No. 93 St. Francois Xavier street, and at the Rink, Drummond street.

Tickets will be sold at the wicket office on the evenings of the entertainments, provided the limited number of tickets has not previously been sold.

Tickets for reserved seats will be for sale at the Secretary's Office only, on and after Saturday, 2nd inst., from 2 p.m.

On Tuesday and Thursday evenings those in Costume will enter by the main door on Drummond street. Spectators will be admitted by the side doors.

The President and Directors of the Club will be most happy to meet any ladies or gentlemen who hold the special membership tickets above referred to at the 5 o'clock tea in the Club Reception Rooms.

Members desiring to appear in Negro Costume at either of the Fancy Dress Entertainments will require to make personal application to the Secretary before 11 a.m. on Monday, the 4th Feb.

Snow-shoers, Hockey or Toboggan Costumes will not be permitted.

W. ALEX. CALDWELL, Sec.-Treasurer.

Montreal, January 30, 1889.

THE USUAL MONTHLY MEETING of the Y. W. C. T. U. will be held on THURSDAY, 14th Feb., at three o'clock p.m., in the Evangelistic Hall, 2254 St. Catherine street, instead of Thursday, Feb. 7th. Prayer-meeting at 2.30.

A cordial welcome is extend d to all.

MIZPAH LODGE, No. 3, I.O.O.F.

The Regular Weekly Meeting of the Lodge will be held to-morrow (THURSDAY) evening, at EIGHT o'clock, in the Oddfellows' Hall, 92½ Craig street.

Visitors cordially welcome. By order of the N. G.

IF YOU WANT TO SPEND A pleasant and profitable evening come to Sherbrooke Street Church, corner St. Charles Borromeo and Sherbrooke streets, THURSDAY, the 7th, at 8 p.m. Good Singing, Speeches, Readings, &c. No collection.

GRAND CYCLORAMA OF JERUSALEM ON THE DAY OF THE CRUCIFIXION.

OPEN DAILY 9 A.M. TO 10.30 P.M.

Corner St. Catherine and St. Urbain street.

EVERY VISITOR SHOULD SEE OUR BEAUTIFUL CITY IN HER SUMMER DRESS.

NOW ON EXHIBITION

—AT THE—

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY'S HALL

Corner University and Cathcart streets,

BISHOP'S MAMMOTH VIEW OF MONTREAL.

ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

ART ASSOCIATION OF MONTREAL, PHILLIPS SQUARE.

During the Carnival, in addition to the Permanent Collection, a small exhibition of works by Messrs. L. R. O'Brien, P.R.C.A., Wm. Brymner, F. M. Bell-Smith, R. Harris and Percy Woodcock, R. C. Academicians, is on view, 9 a.m. to dusk, and 7.30 to 9.30 p.m.

Admission to non-subscribers, 25 cents.

THE SHEDDEN COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Shedden Company (limited), will be held at the Head Offices of the Company, 188 St. James street, Montreal, on

Wednesday, the 13th of February next, at three o'clock.

HUGH PATON, Manager and Secretary.

TO ANNUL THEIR ELECTIONS.

Messrs. Robidoux & Fortin have filed in court a petition signed by a certain number of electors of Maisonneuve, asking that the election of Councillors Louis Champagne and Hubert Prevost be annulled on the ground that the first mentioned has not the necessary real estate qualification, and that the other has an indirect contract with the Council, his son being merely a *prête nom* in an enterprise for the municipality.

BRINGING BABIES TO CHURCH.

An interesting ceremony took place at Hochelaga on Monday, when all the young children of the parish, including babies in their mothers' arms, were brought to the church to receive the priest's blessing. At the close of the ceremony a number of ladies distributed candles among the little ones at the church door.

ADVERTISING RATES.

DAILY WITNESS.

Five lines and upward, 10c per line. Contracts on favorable terms.

WEEKLY WITNESS.

With large type or cuts, 20c per line. One-third reduction if set in our usual small advertising type. Special contract rates.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, $3.00; Weekly Witness, $1.00; with reductions to Clubs. Northern Messenger, 30c; 10 copies to one address, $2.25; 20, $4.00; 50, $10.00; 100, $20.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The date printed on each paper denotes the time when the subscription will expire.

The Daily Witness.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1889.

A POLICEMAN committed suicide in Toronto out of grief for unrequited affection, and though followed to the tomb by a multitude of respectful acquaintances, was, because of his unholy act, condemned by his church to an unblessed grave. The Crown Prince of Austria seems, from all accounts, to have taken his own life, under the most shameful circumstances, but all the rites the church can perform for him are celebrated around his exalted coffin. Will heaven also make a difference between the royal and the low sinner? Will the front door gates have to be opened for him because he is a Hapsburg?

THE MOST CONTRADICTORY ADVICES continue to be received from equatorial Africa. The latest report brought to Suakim is that the Egyptian garrison stationed at Fashoda, in the country of the Shilnaks, defeated the dervishes, as the troops of the Mahdi are called, and that the latter fled to Obeid in Kordofan. Now, Fashada is on the White Nile river, about three hundred miles as the crow flies north of Emin Bey's province, so that it is unlikely, if this latest story is true, that the Mahdi's generals have ever got near Emin Bey. The report, which is brought by pilgrims, may be false, and probably is inaccurate.

THE LONDON *Times* has sneaked out of Mr. Parnell's Scotch suit in the meanest way possible. It has certainly libelled Mr. Parnell persistently and destructively. Its only plea is justification, and on that plea it has made a great show of patriotic courage for having taken the risks of publicly accusing many notable men of treason and the basest crimes. Yet when Mr. Parnell enters his action, according to the best legal advice he can obtain, against the most responsible, and that time the generally supposed sole proprietor of the *Times*, that gentleman enters the plea that he is not the proprietor, only a stockholder, and the court dismisses Mr. Parnell's suit with probably enormous costs and expense. In Canada, and we supposed in all countries, whoever publishes a paper has to register himself as the responsible publisher and also to print his name as such publisher in every issue, so that there may be no mistake as to where to look for redress, in case any one feels himself injured. The time is surely past in England for anonymous libels, whether at the hands of the leading paper or of the most scurrilous organ of the slums.

THE ENGLISH LIBERALS feel more encouraged by the results of the County Council elections than even by the extraordinary victory in Govan, where a Tory majority of nearly four hundred was changed into a Liberal majority of over a thousand. London, which sends seventy members to Parliament, sent only about ten Liberals at the last general election. In contrast to this, the County Council is Liberal by a good majority. In the County of Cumberland the local government was in old times in the hands of one hundred and eighty justices, of whom only between twenty and thirty were Liberals. The newly elected council which succeeds to these powers numbers sixty members, of whom thirty are Liberals, twenty-four are Conservatives, and six are Liberal-Unionists. The elections were not fought out on National political issues but all the same the influence of Liberal representatives in local offices which were before filled with Conservatives cannot but tell upon the results of the parliamentary elections.

THE TESTIMONY of an American named Beach, given before the Parnell Commission, is probably the most damaging yet brought out. Beach's evidence appears on the face of it probable, something which cannot be said of the evidence of the Irish Invincible by which it was sought to connect Mr. Parnell with the assassination of Lord F. Cavendish and Mr. Burke. His testimony is to the effect that Mr. Parnell, during his visit to America, pronounced in favor of resorting to force in Ireland, and was willing to amalgamate the various organizations with that purpose. Mr. Parnell is represented as having changed his mind and come to his senses in regard to the use of force. Throughout Mr. Parnell is represented as negotiating with Fenians in matters of general policy and the evidence suggests the thoughtful, deliberate action which is so characteristic of Mr. Parnell. The evidence, however, will have to be corroborated before it can be accepted. Beach has for years been known by a false name and has apparently been called "Doctor" and "Major," impartially. Beach brings in so many names in his evidence that it seems probable that corroborative evidence will be offered. The counsel for the *Times* made a half promise to bring the matter of the Parnell letters before the court this week, but, instead, he has begun with the American part of the case, so that the end is not yet in sight. So much was made of the letters at the time of the *Times'* exposure that more importance is attached to them in England than any other part of the case.

OUR TRADE AND COMMERCE.

In his maiden speech moving the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne in the Senate, Mr. Drummond gave some interesting statistics and calculations in regard to the trade and commerce of the country, a subject on which no one is a better authority than himself. Mr. Drummond wanted the Senate to judge of the respective values to Canada of her trade with the United States and with Great Britain by the comparative statistics of our total exports to these countries for the years 1868 and 1887. He pointed out "that in 1868, of our total exports, principally farming products, sixty-one percent went to the United States and thirty-four percent went direct to England. In 1887 the position was reversed: thirty-five percent only went direct to England." We do not know Mr. Drummond's authority for the statistics regarding Canada's exports as the trade and navigation returns do not coincide with those given by him for 1887, the exports to Great Britain being, according to them, forty nine percent and to the United States forty-two percent. According to these statistics a comparison between 1887 and 1888 shows the condition to have been once more reversed. In 1888, of our total exports forty-seven percent went to the United States and forty-four percent only went to Great Britain. As Mr. Drummond declares, the services of the United States as a middleman forwarding our products to Great Britain have been dispensed with, the figures of 1888 have much more significance than those of 1868 and prove that the United States' market was last year, after long years of the National Policy, a more valuable one to Canada than was the British market. The conditions are reversed as regards our import trade also. In 1873, the earliest year given, in the Trade and Navigation Report of this year of our total imports fifty-three percent were from Great Britain and thirty-seven percent were from the United States, while in 1888, only thirty-five percent were from Great Britain and forty-four percent from the United States. Is this also the effect of the National Policy?"

EXTRADITION.

Professor Shaler, of Harvard University, in the very able and suggestive article upon the relations subsisting between the United States and Canada, which appears in the current number of the *Universal Review*, an article which is the most emphatic answer to the cry that commercial union means political union, that has yet appeared in print, lays stress upon the fact that much irritation is caused in the United States by the existing unsatisfactory arrangements for the extradition of criminals. He regards the unfortunate fact that Canada is a city of refuge for American defaulters, embezzlers and boodlers, as being one of the most serious obstacles to the existence of that amity between the two countries which he, in common with all fair-minded and reasonable men on both sides of the boundary line, regards as essential to the best interest of both. Although he does not, in so many words, charge Canada with being responsible for the present most unsatisfactory condition of affairs, he yet implies that such is the case, and that the American people have good cause to feel that in this Canada is acting in an unfriendly manner. There is certainly a very widespread feeling in the United States that the Canadians are not at all averse to welcoming American defaulters and their money, but that it should, in the face of the well known facts of the case, be held by a man of such wide views as Professor Shaler, is very remarkable. The existing extradition treaty between the United States and Great Britain was negotiated at a time when embezzlement was not a common or a serious crime. This treaty has always been interpreted by the Canadian and British courts in the widest and most liberal sense. That it has not been superseded by a treaty more in accordance with the conditions that now exist is due not to an unwillingness on the part of either Great Britain or Canada to enter into a new arrangement, but because the Senate of the United States will not ratify a new treaty. Within the last few days it has indignantly thrown out a treaty which the Executive of the United States had assisted in framing and assented to, and it did this, as far as can be judged, on purely partisan grounds. That Canada is far from anxious to become the place of refuge for embezzlers is sufficiently proved by the fact that it has by legislation made it a criminal offence to bring stolen money into it and that this law can be and has been enforced, and that the Canadian Courts stand constantly ready to enforce it. Canada has in the views of legal authorities done everything she rightly can to prevent American thieves from obtaining shelter from justice within her bounds. Whether Canada might stretch her home laws further or not is an open question. She has done all in that direction which her neighbors have done. And they should certainly be the last to express irritation on the score of extradition while she has treated and continues to treat every overture made in that direction with insulting contempt.

IN MARKET COMMITTEE.

THE QUESTION OF COLLECTING A TAX ON HORSES SOLD OUTSIDE THE MARKET—THE SUSPENDED CLERK—GAMBLING AND LOAFING IN THE CLERKS' OFFICES—FIRE-PROOF SAFES ORDERED.

The Market Committee yesterday received a request from Mr. J. B. Roy who wished to be granted the privilege for a stated sum to collect 25 cents per head on all horses sold in the city outside the present horse market.

The City Attorney, however, gave an opinion to the effect that the city could not legally grant the right and the question was deferred in order to have a clause inserted in the new charter, when tenders will be asked for the privilege.

The suspended clerk (Mr. Robert) wrote asking that his investigation be gone on with at once, and that he be granted two months' salary. He considered—justly enough—that he should be given a hearing and either condemned or reinstated. Left over.

The Recorder was requested to enforce the law which forbids private butchers' stalls within 500 yards of any public market.

The Chairman reported as having been told that certain clerks allowed gambling in their offices. The Committee decided that such must be discontinued, it being contrary to the by-laws and that only parties having business be allowed in the offices in future.

Fire proof safes for each market clerk were ordered.

The clerk of the St. Lawrence market having been censured for ordering repairs to the building without authority, the bill for the same was ordered to be paid, the rule being laid down that in future only repairs approved by the Committee before being undertaken would be paid.

THE TUQUE BLEUE TOBOGGAN SLIDE.

(Opened yesterday by His Excellency the Governor-General.)

THE FIRE BRIGADE.

NEAT AND SERVICEABLE SAMPLES OF UNIFORM PROPOSED FOR THE MEN AND GUARDIANS.

A *Witness* reporter has been shown by Chief Benoit samples of the styles of uniform that he proposes for the brigade. These are from designs by Messrs. Hobson & Sons, army contractors, of London, England. The designs are smart and serviceable. For the men a blue-black cloth tunic (single breasted) of waterproof cloth is suggested, fastened at the neck with a brass cross-axe and buttons to match. Scarlet patch on collar, similar piping down front, Austrian knot on sleeve, body and sleeves of coat lined with serge. For guardians—a similar dress, except that the tunic is double breasted and the collar all scarlet. For Chief and sub chiefs—tunic double-breasted, of superior black waterproof cloth, double epaulettes in white metal, gorgette with chain and ornament of white metal.

The Firemen's Benevolent Association held its adjourned annual meeting on Monday evening in their rooms, Craig street, the president, Sub Chief McCulloch, in the chair.

The secretary's report showed numerous accidents last year—sixteen being on the sick list at one time, after the St. James street fire on January 21st. The number of cases relieved were 22, and the amount of sick benefit paid, $355. A list of donations to the funds during the year is also exhibited in the report, which expresses the thanks of the Association to the citizens named for their handsome donations to the funds. There are six widows on the funds, and six new members joined last year.

The treasurer's report shows the amount of general receipts to be $6,136.22, and disbursements $6,007.62. After a vote of thanks to the secretary and treasurer the following were elected officers for the ensuing year:

President, Sub-Chief McCulloch; vice president, Mr. Joseph St. Pierre; secretary, Capt. John Beckingham; assistant secretary, Mr. P. Richard; treasurer, Mr. Wm. Patton, ex-Chief Fire Department. The different committees were then elected.

After a vote of thanks to the scrutineers the meeting adjourned.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE SOCIETIES.

OFFICERS ELECTED FOR VARIOUS SECTIONS.

The St. Jean Baptiste Society of St. Joseph's parish has elected the following officers for the ensuing year:—President, P. Poulin; 1st vice president, Andre Desjardins; 2nd vice-president, M. Lafontaine; secretary, M. Belanger; treasurer, M. Cyrille Renaud; marshal M. Nault.

The following officers have been elected for the St. Jean Baptiste Ward section:—President, E. Girard; 1st vice-president, T. Grothe; 2nd vice-president, E. Dallaire; secretary, Dr. D. Caisse; treasurer, A Lesage; marshall, F. Fafard.

For the Hochelaga section the following are the names of the new officers:—President, Jules Allard; 1st vice-president, A. A. Gibeau; 2nd vice-president, J. Trempe; secretary, C. Beaupre; treasurer, A. Charest; marshal; A. Brouillette; assistant marshal, H. Tremblay.

THE BUTCHERS' ANNUAL DRIVE.

A special meeting of the Butchers' Association was held yesterday evening to complete the organization for the annual drive, to be followed by a banquet and ball at the Balmoral Hotel on the 26th inst. The president and vice-president with Messrs. J. B. Deslauriers, J. B. Bourassa and Jos. Laviolette, jr., were named as the Banquet Committee, and the Drive Committee was organized with Messrs. Ls. Delorme, jr., Octave Hogue and Chas. Charbonneau as members.

MEDDLING WITH THE METERS.

The Water Department has in the past been frequently bothered by engineers disconnecting water meters in order to repair motors. Seals have been broken in many instances without authority, and the Department has accordingly ordered a notice to be published that prompt and energetic measures will be taken to bring to justice and punish all persons detected in such violation of the law.

CITY HALL RECOMMENDATIONS.

The sub-City Hall Committee has decided to recommend that the new elevator be placed in the well at the right hand side of the vestibule. They also recommend building a subway between the police cells on the ground floor and the Recorder's dock, in order to avoid mixing up prisoners and public as at present is inevitable.

THE PROTECTION OF NOTRE DAME.

The Rev. Curé Sentenne has had an interview with Chief Benoit requesting him to examine Notre Dame Church and the Seminary buildings. Father Sentenne does this in order to get a report on the efficiency of the precautions taken against fire, which he believes are admirable, there being, among other things, a hydrant in the church itself. If all is reported in good order, the Seminary will try to get a reduction of the annual premium now paid,—$2,100 for a risk of $300,000,—which they think high.

MR. WHITE WILL NOT RUN.

We are authorized to state that Ald. White will not be a candidate for re-election in the West Ward.—*Gazette.*]

Major Freeman, 1st vice-president; Mr. J. L. Wiseman, 2nd vice-president; and Messrs. J. Sutherland, J. Taylor, A. Walsh, W. Bruce, (secretary). F. Larmonth, J. Paton, D. Watson, and W. Geraghty. As said before, these gentlemen received him warmly. In fact they bounced him.

THEY BOUNCED HIM FOUR TIMES.

One time he went up nearly as high as the top of the poplar, and the Governor-General is no light weight to bounce. In addition to the weight of his dignity his avoirdupois is quite respectable. He liked it; at least he said he did, and he might have had some more only that it kept on snowing. He was then presented with a toboggan and taken to the top of the hill and shown the declivity. But his courage did not fail him. He had been bounced and was ready for anything now. Death did not appear to have any terrors for him. He got on the toboggan, and Major Freeman got on behind to keep the thing from getting out of the track. Down the slide glided His Excellency keeping his head well down to escape the drift of the storm, and stopping just at the lodge. Then down came in quick succession Count Gleichen, steered by Mr. Wiseman; Captain McMahon, by Mr. Sutherland; and the Hon. Victor and Edward Stanley, under the fatherly care of Mr. Paton. These gentlemen all entered heartily into the sport, and even demanded and were accorded the distinguished privilege of hauling the toboggans up the incline before sliding down again.

Before his departure His Excellency heartily thanked the members of the Club for the pleasure he had enjoyed, and said he would let his toboggan remain in the club house that he might use it during a return visit he proposed to make to the slide.

And everybody was happy, and everybody went home delighted. Thus was perseverance rewarded and so may it ever be!

CARNIVAL!

A FIGHT WITH THE SNOW.

THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OPENS THE TUQUE BLEUE SLIDE IN A HOWLING STORM.

TOBOGGANING UNDER DIFFICULTIES—"NEVER SAY DIE," THE MOTTO OF THE OLD TUQUE BLEUE.

The committee of the Tuque Bleue slide left it for home well pleased on Monday evening. It was the pink, or, perhaps, more properly speaking, the ice of perfection. The speed down the natural slide was terrific. Express trains, ice boats and other modes of locomotion could not fitly illustrate it. Even old veterans "held their breath for a while," as they glided down it, not stopping until they had gone half a mile. The anticipations of the morrow, when it was to be formally opened by the Governor-General, were bright.

But with the morrow came grief. Before sunrise, or rather the hour when the almanac says the sun rises, the snow began to fall rapidly, and the high wind that prevailed began to pile it up in drifts. But the Tuque Bleue men are no-

The Tuque Bleue Toboggan Club Shanty.

thing if not energetic. They engaged fifty muscular men, and arming them with shovels and brooms set them at work on one slide. Then the fight began which lasted all day. At first it seemed a hopeless one, for hardly was a shovelful lifted than the storm covered the place again. It seemed almost as hopeless a task as the traditional endeavor to

DIP OUT THE OCEAN WITH A TEASPOON.

But as the day passed the fifty brawny workers gained, and finally they disclosed the long ice-coated trench, with very steep decline down the hill slide and gradual elevation to the level ground, under the arch and on to the plain, and then the brooms were plied, and now and again a toboggan made a slow trip down with a speed which, compared with that of the night before was like an accommodation train with an ice boat.

Three o'clock was the hour appointed for the Governor-General's visit. Long before that time anxious officers and committee men of the slide were on the ground to see that everything was in as good condition as possible. The men were busy with their shovels and brooms at short intervals apart, sweeping away the snow

Our Artist at Work.

as it fell, and it fell with undiminished vigor. A telephone message was sent to the Windsor, and a reply received that His Excellency would be present without fail. They were hopeful, and congratulated themselves on the reward of their energy and perseverance.

By three o'clock quite a little crowd had assembled at the foot of the slide, and the rustic club house was filled with ladies who feared neither snow nor wind, and presented a pretty sight in their picturesque snow-shoe costumes, their eyes beaming with excitement and merriment, and their cheeks blooming with health. Shortly after three o'clock His Excellency drove up and was warmly received by the committee—

CHILDREN OF THE ICE.

THE EXQUISITE SPECTACLE OF THE CHILDREN'S FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL.

"Oh, isn't the little jockey with the light red jacket and the plain black skirt, the close little velvet cap and the brown flowing hair—sweet, isn't she just sweet?"

"See that little mite there in front. Why, she can't be more than five years old. There, she's down. Dear little thing; ain't she 'cute?"

"Look at the little toddler with the long dress and the big bustle."

"Yes; what a conscious air of maturity."

"Do look at the little man with the frock coat and the tall hat."

"I see him; he's splendid: see how he puts his thumbs in the arm holes of his vest, and with careful carelessness strokes his moustache."

The newspaper man heard the foregoing and many other gratified remarks from a party of Americans in the reserved section of the Victoria Rink last evening.

It was the children's fancy skating carnival. The ice invited by its wholeness and dazzling gleam. The rink was ablaze with light. You can have the ideal for next to nothing when you think of it. The flags and the crossed rows

of evergreen, and the red baize that draped the gallery, and the bits of red paper that, shading the electric light, introduced at once warmth and poetry, and the coats of arms which relieved the bareness of the supporting columns, and the bright colors of the viceregal seat at the north end—these did not cost the price of a rare exotic plant; but they were the essential accessories of a fairy tale dramatized from one of Hans Andersen's delicious child pictures.

THERE WAS A BIG CROWD

above and below. All was in readiness. The calcium lights were got in readiness. The overseer of the same is a sober-looking man with spectacles, and he didn't seem to have any notion that in arranging for the artistic alternation of colored slides he was making poetry. He just said to his assistants, "When the music starts I want the electric lights turned off; then you'll focus the colors." And when this was subsequently done, and floods of pale green, and gold, and red, and yellow lights poured over the grotesque little fairies on the ice, and a general shriek of delight smote the air and fluttered the flags, he just looked a little more serious. Being aware that the splendors were only chemical, he may have indulged in a little cynicism.

But there goes the whistle. The response is two long rows of whimsical figures, which, issuing from the dressing rooms, mingle in the centre of the rink. The band plays. It's something soft and long drawn out. The electric lights go out with startling suddenness. The calcium glories bathe the scene in supernal splendors. The spell is complete. It's a bit of the ideal dropped into the world of common-place. It's a child's dream in dazzling embodiment.

and the prose of trade and the dulness of use and wont confess its triumphant magic. Do you hear the notes? Why, this is a child's song. The tones are clear and joyous. By-and-by, it may be, the song will have a little breaking sob in it. The complacency with which conventionalism accepts the ideal is a demonstration of the latent poetry of the general heart.

IF THE MOST HARDENED CYNIC

did not soften a little last evening, his case is hopeless. Grey-haired men and elderly ladies, if delighted looks and animated pursuit of the vari-colored phantasmagoria count for anything, renewed their youth.

Juvenility is an elastic term. It begins with the little tot whose dress doesn't cover the knee. It comprehends that epoch when, though the dress is lengthened, a bustle would be an impertinence; but it probably ends with a saucy suggestion of that adjunct to the toilet.

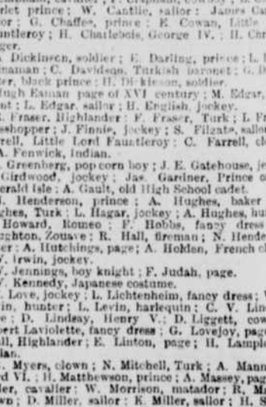
Everybody fell in love with the milkmaids. They were sweet. "Night," with the gold stars and the mythical moon, and the "sweet girl graduate," perhaps pall a little by familiarity. The nurses of the "Red Cross" were diminutive and dainty. "Mother Hubbard" was 'cute. "Our Baby," with a prodigious rattle, was a general favorite. Of course, there were fortune tellers and Italian girls and housemaids. The shepherdesses were in force with their long crooks tied with blue ribbon. They were pretty and innocent and demure. The days of Queen Anne were revived. We want to say that

THAT LITTLE JOCKEY,

referred to by our American friends, was the sweetest little figure on the rink. To start with, she was pretty, which is a good commencement. To go on with, she had a delightfully shy air, a well poised little head, set off with a dainty jockey's velvet cap with peak, a mass of brown hair flowing free behind, a close-fitting red jacket and a plain black skirt. Draperies and furbelows would have spoiled the little figure, as they spoil a great many other figures, but the plain skirt, not too short and not too long, and the tight jacket, and the close little cap, and the bright cheeks,—yes, she was just sweet. Little Red Riding Hood was there, and little Bo-Peep sly. "Winter" was cold but determined. To be sure, there were Mephistopheles in very suggestive scarlet, and fierce Turks and Bashi Bazouks in fierce moustaches and abundant pigment. There was a tiny Chinese fellow with a tray covered with home made biscuits, who was eager to serve everybody. He got knocked down and his biscuits got scattered about, but he bobbed up serenely. The "Little Midshipmite" with the wide pants and the gold lace and the sanguinary sword, was characteristically saucy. The precocious little urchin who represented the

"HOWLING SWELL"

was a great favorite with the ladies. He had the character down fine. The "gorgonizing" stare which he fixed upon the ladies as they passed with the studied aid of an enormous eye-glass, the elaborate manner in which he twirls



the ends of his moustache, put his hands in his pockets, and looked as *blasé* and cynical as was possible to an innocent boyish face—were killing. There were negroes, and soldiers, and firemen, and bakers, and Indians and sailors—all jumbled together in variegated hodge-podge.

The little people went round and round. Then they would rest a little bit. Then the band would play and bring them all out again, and put music and fresh energy into the impatient little feet. And then there would be a little spill, and every little voice would shriek out in delight in the highest treble key. Several of the little ladies were haughty and refused partners, but the more matured naturally gravitated towards the boys. Little parties were formed, and it was the pride of the cavalier to whirl his fair charge round and round at such a speed as to distance all competitors. The audience missed the larger and more complicated movements of grown people; but the frank, fresh, childish appeal of the spectacle left, it may be hoped, not one nature unaffected. There was just one pang in it. That was the clock. You can't put sentiment into a clock. The hands made remorseless indication; the band played "God Save the Queen," and the familiar bars had a sad sound: the calcium light man made the world commonplace once more.

It was all over; and all these tired but happy little people went home to bed and dreamt it all over again.

BOYS.

Percy Armstrong, jester; Douglas Acer, hunter; Edgar Armstrong, bonnie Prince Charlie; S. G. Archibald, student; H. Ansley, baker; Jas. Angus, Neapolitan fisher boy; W. Angus, Mexican caballero.

R. Bowie, clown; S. Bishop, cowboy; F. Burnett, page; A. Baile, fancy dress; F. Bailey, guardsman; W. Brodie, fancy dress; G. Birch, jester; L. Jones, baby; E. Browne, clown; H. Bulmer; W. Bishop, Oriental costume; W. Barlow, Black Prince; L. Bond, Count Kloski; W. Baptist, Tyrolese shepherd; Fred Brun, ghost; G. C. Bush, hunter; A. Bussell, squire; F. Becket, knight; W. Bowie, fancy dress; H. Brown, page; W. Bailey, fancy dress.

R. Cameron, jockey; A. F. Craig, Chang Foo; H. Cuthbert, page; Ed. Clare, jockey; C. Campbell, Polish prince; E. Clark; S. Clifford, Evening Star; J. Clapham, cavalier; F. Clapham, cowboy; R. Chew, scarlet prince; W. Cantlie, sailor; James Cantlie, sailor; G. Chaffee, prince; E. Cowan, Little Lord Fauntleroy; H. Charlebois, George IV.; H. Christmyer.

A. Dickinson, soldier; E. Darling, prince; L. Dow, Chinaman; C. Davidson, Turkish introne; G. Drinkwater, black prince; H. Dickinson, soldier.

Hugh Eaman page of XVI century; M. Edgar, Jack Point; L. Edgar, sailor; H. English, jockey.

R. Fraser, Highlander; F. Fraser, Turk; L. Frost, grasshopper; J. Finnie, jockey; H. Filgiano, sailor; G. Farrell, Little Lord Fauntleroy; C. Farrell, clown; J. A. Fenwick, Indian.

S. Greenberg, pop corn boy; J. E. Gatehouse, jester; E. Girdwood, jockey; Jas. Gardiner, Prince of the Emerald Isle; A. Gault, old High School cadet.

H. Henderson, prince; A. Hughes, baker; B. Hughes, Turk; L. Hagar, jockey; A. Hughes, hunter; F. Howard, Romeo; F. Hobbs, fancy dress; A. Houghton, Zouave; R. Hall, fireman; N. Henderson, jester; A. Hutchings, page; A. Holden, French clown; W. Irwin, jockey.

W. Jennings, boy knight; F. Judah, page.

W. Kennedy, Japanese costume.

F. Love, jockey; L. Lichtenheim, fancy dress; W. Levin, hunter; L. Levin, harlequin; C. V. Lindsay, page; D. Lindsay, Henry V.; D. Liggett, cowboy; Robert Laviolette, fancy dress; G. Lovejoy, page; H. Lyall, Highlander; E. Linton, page; H. Lamplough, Indian.

B. Myers, clown; N. Mitchell, Turk; A. Mann, Edward VI.; H. Matthewson, prince; A. Massey, page; A. Miller, cavalier; W. Morrison, matador; R. Martin, clown; D. Miller, sailor; K. Miller, sailor; H. S. Mc-Donald, baker; H. Molson, Karl des Schwarswald; H. Malley, baker; R. Maley, page; S. Mine, courtier.

C. McIntyre, fancy dress; A. McBride, Turk; S. McGibbon, jockey; A. McIntyre, page; L. McFarlane, page; C. McLean, Highlander; J. McLean, page; E. McNider, nobleman of fourteenth century; L. McIntyre, prince; A. Mackenzie, Spanish peasant; G. McFarlane, page; G. Mackay, prince; Jas. McDonald, soldier; W. B. McPherson, Gascon.

J. Nelson, king's jester; C. Nelson, page; E. Norris, Alpine mountaineer.

N. Ogilvie, Indian chief; L. Ogilvie, "The latest"; C. Ogilvie, Indian; C. Ogilvie, Texas ranger; G. Ogilvie, Jack Point; W. Oman, jockey; J. Oman, jockey.

L. Prince, page; W. J. Plymister, fancy dress; F. Picard, naval officer; W. Phillips, Mephistopheles.

E. H. Quinn, Charles II.

I. Rodgers, little prince; F. Rodgers, conundrum; F. Reid, surgeon of the British army; R. Reid, Mexican gentleman; L. Richardson, monkey; G. Z. Reynolds, butcher boy; P. Rae, Spanish grandee; R. Robertson, page; R. L. Richards, Mikado; H. Robinson, prince.

J. Stevenson, sailor; C. Stroud, page; J. Spence, clown; N. Smith, Indian; J. Sherritt, jockey; C. Smith, Mikado; J. Smaill, Nauwigewauk; G. Seybold, bon-bon; G. Stephenson, Zouave; H. Seybold, Prince Rupert; G. Strathy, sailor; R. Smart, colored gentleman; O. Smyth, page; L. W. Smart, prince; C. Stewart, harlequin; Geo. Stone, jockey; W. J. Sadler, baker; A. E. Small, clown; W. Smith, Robinson Crusoe.

G. Tooke, page; W. M. Turton, sprite; C. P. Thayer, joker; R. Taylor, fancy dress; F. Tooke, nigger dude; C. Utley, American fireman.

Jas. Venables; E. Venner, page.

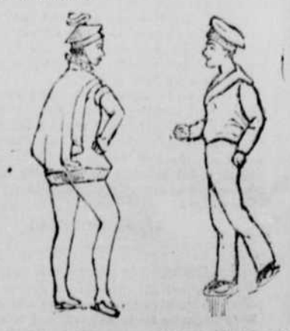
E. Wilson, clown; F. Walker, page; F. Winn, cavalier; F. Wilkins, page; Geo. Wilkins, king of diamonds; Walter Wilkins, Irish boy; Fred. Whitley, gymnast; H. Whitley, gymnast; Robt. Wilson, prince; Jas. Wilson, monkey; R. Watson, page.

GIRLS.

Miss E. Adams, fancy dress; Miss A. Adams, milkmaid; Miss M. Allan, fairy queen; Miss B. Allen, snowball.

Miss M. Briggs, Cinderella; Miss G. Booth, Italian girl; Miss G. Barlow, fancy dress; Miss M. Boyd, Serpolitte; Miss A. Barrington, Red Cross Nurse; Miss H. Brodie, games; Miss E. Boyd, fancy dress; Miss M. Briggs, jockey; Miss D. Briggs, Highland lassie.

Miss M. Cromwell, Red Riding Hood; Miss M. Cowen, shepherdess; Miss J. Cameron, Scotch lassie; Miss J. Carmochen, flower girl; Miss L. Carmochen, gypsy; Miss M. Campbell, housemaid; Miss O. Clegett, Polish lady.



Miss S. Dolan, gypsy; Miss G. Davison, flower girl; Miss B. Dyer, Castinet girl; Miss V. Desbarats, folly; Miss F. Dowling, court lady of the sixteenth century.

Miss D. Eaves, Swiss flower girl.

Miss L. Fraser, Dutch waiting maid; Miss. L. Fisher, Italian girl; Miss M. Finnie, fairy; Miss G. Fairbanks, queen of the gypsies; Miss N. Fatt, tambourine

girl; Miss M. Fabian, games; Miss L. Farrell, fancy dress.

Miss M. Gascoigne, the Jack; Miss E. Gault, Peg Woffington; Miss G. Gelinéau, jockey; Miss B. Graham, Highland lassie; Miss F. Grace, French peasant.

Miss A. Hagar, jockey costume; Miss K. Hobbs, Highland lassie; Miss G. Hobbs, fancy dress; Miss E. Hanna, jockey; Miss G. Hyman, baby; Miss S. Hyman, Priscilla; Miss M. E. Henderson, Poudre; Miss E. Houghton, country cousin; Miss F. Hutchinson, night.

Miss A. Johnson, Red Cross nurse.

Miss A. Kingston, Portuguese peasant.

Miss I. Lovelace, gypsy; Miss M. Lynch, housemaid; Miss L. Liggett, castinet girl; Miss L. Lee, jockey; Miss E. Law, Watteau shepherdess.

Miss G. Mann, Spanish girl; Miss A. Munro, Italian peasant; Miss M. Morrison, Swiss flower girl; Miss F. Martin, flower girl; Miss R. Morrison, Italian peasant; Miss K. Mudge, gypsy; Miss F. Miller, Red Riding Hood; Miss G. Murray, Little Bo-Peep; Miss L. Mitchell, Little Bo-Peep; Miss A. Miles, Watteau shepherdess; Miss M. Mitchell, pink of perfection; Miss M. Montgomery, daughter of the regiment; Miss F. Moffat, Red Riding Hood; Miss K. Morris, business directory; Miss M. A. Mitchell, student; Miss F. Morris, peasant.

Miss B. McGowan, Swiss peasant; Miss M. McGavin, gypsy; Miss M. McFarlane, La Fille du Regiment; Miss L. Mcklenon, Normandy peasant; Miss L. Molntosh, court lady; Miss N. McDonald, fancy dress; Miss H. M. Pherson, Pastorella.

Miss G. Norris, "good-night."

Miss M. O'Brien, tambourine girl.

Miss L. Pell, fancy dress; Miss L. Potter, Red Riding Hood; Miss G. Parkin, Swiss peasant.

Miss B. Routh, Italian peasant; Miss L. Rees, Swiss girl; Miss R. Rees, sailor lass; Miss E. Rugan, fairy; Miss K. Bedford, Dresden China; Miss R. Rae, tambourine girl; Miss L. Robertson, princess.

Miss S. Sanctuary, fancy dress; Miss E. Sadler, milkmaid; Miss M. Sadler, Red Riding Hood; Miss L. Smardon, sailor; Miss E. Smardon, sailor; Miss E. Street, Normandy peasant; Miss G. Stephenson, night; Miss M. Schultz, flower girl; Miss A. L. Smith, Polish girl; Miss M. Smith, night; Miss A. Stevenson, country cousin; Miss M. Saunderson, fancy dress; Miss L. Schultz, Red Riding Hood; Miss N. Sadler, hospital nurse; Miss E. Small, flower girl; Miss G. Starnes, Poudre; Miss M. Sexton, Zingara; Miss L. Smyth, fairy queen; Miss F. J. Summerhayes, Yum Yum; Miss J. Scott, of Quebec, Poudre.

Miss C. Tooke, gypsy; Miss A. Turton, tambourine girl; Miss E. Thornton, Swiss peasant; Miss F. Tooke, Highland lassie; Miss L. Taylor, Little Miss Gamp; Miss O. Tait, flower girl; Miss J. Tyre, Pastorella.

Miss L. Walker, night; Miss F. Walker, gypsy; Miss E. Woods, Highland lassie; Miss Wilkins, folly; Miss G. Walker, Maid of Alibaran; Miss M. Wait, harvest; Miss L. Wilson, fortune teller; Miss M. Williams, evening star; Miss L. Wilson, Red Riding Hood; Miss H. Watson, gleaner; Miss M. Wilson, snow flake.

WITH THE ST. GEORGE'S.

HOW THE HOSPITALITY OF THE RED CROSS SNOW-SHOERS BRIMMED OVER LAST NIGHT.

FIVE HUNDRED MEMBERS AND GUESTS THRONG THE CLUB HOUSE AT COTE ST. ANTOINE—A PRESENT FROM THE NORTH-WEST.

"How cling we to a thing
Our hearts have nursed!"

What is there that can excel in innocent pleasure the delightful Canadian winter sport of snow-shoeing? We all love "the beautiful." We revel in its presence. We do not feel Canadians without it. To be without a blanket suit in the winter time is an anomalous position which we do not tolerate. With assiduity we cultivate the acquaintance and friendship of the stranger who is open to our hospitality, and who has no serious objection to wearing the toque and snow-shoes. We make him feel at home right away, and if he cares to visit us on a club night he will get a tolerably good idea of what snow-shoers can do towards making one and all feel happy.

The St. George's boys are about as good at this as anybody in Canada. They have an established reputation for this kind of thing. Their club rendezvous is a home to the stranger as well as to the citizen. They know how to entertain. They have a fine perception of what sociability really means. When it was announced that they were to have one of their characteristic club nights, there was no end to the clamor for badges. These were dealt out with judicious care, and no stranger or visiting snow-shoer was forgotten.

Long before the hour advertised for the tramp the Windsor rotunda—where the meet took place—was crammed with picturesque blanket costumes, vastly varying in color. Invitations had been issued to representatives of all the various clubs in the city, and these were taken advantage of.

THE BLUE STOCKINGS

were in the majority, while the red made a very good showing. The boys looked thoroughly Canadian. With their shoes strapped deftly round their backs, their tuques placed jauntily on their heads, and a smile for everybody, they were the envy of all the spectators and guests of the Windsor who had gathered to see the boys set out.

The ladies made pleasant and flattering remarks in a voice never intended for a whisper. "What a splendid set of young fellows, and how jolly they are!" was a remark passed by a fair American damsel whose countenance was wreathed in smiles sufficient to captivate the heart of the most frozen-hearted of snow-shoers. But there can be too much even of a very good thing; and the boys forgot all about the hour, so deeply were they impressed with the encomiums heaped upon them by our cousins from across the border,—and it was not until half-past eight that the word "fall in!" resounded through the hall.

As the boys passed out they had some difficulty in pressing through the crowds which had gathered around the doors and on Peel street. Once out, however, the shoes were strapped on, and in single file the march began.

Besides those who went out in sleighs—and there were a large number—seventy-eight tramped on snow-shoes. The route taken was up Peel and along Sherbrooke street to Green

A Broken Shoe.

avenue, at the top of which the club house is situated. When the former street was reached two young gentlemen who had been bold enough to

START OUT WITHOUT THE SNOW-SHOES

had to succumb to the snowstorm which was then prevailing. After many undignified attempts to tramp through the many feet of snow with ordinary every-day moccasins, they were compelled, after a severe struggle, to bow to the inevitable. But they got there all the same, or this would never have been recorded. During the tramp out the boys passed jokes down their ranks, and made the streets resound with hearty laughter as one after the other experienced some exasperating difficulty with his means of locomotion. The roads were heavy, and the soft snow made progress slow. Every now and then some one would venture a joke, which was cruelly killed by a lusty roar of "chestnuts." Then they tried singing, but not until the old Club favorite was trotted out was there any success. It was sung heartily, and all joined in the chorus, with the familiar air of "Marching through Georgia."

Strap the snow-shoes on, my boys, we'll have another run;
Never was there on the earth a sport with so much fun;
For, with the frost and falling snow, our pleasures have begun
As we are tramping on snow-shoes.

Chorus:
Hurrah! Hurrah! it's jolly on the snow,
Hurrah! Hurrah! the stiffest storm may blow,
But we face it with a will that snow-shoers only know,
As we are tramping on snow-shoes.

When the cold is nipping and the frost is on the pane,
Then's the time you'll hear the hardy snow-shoer's refrain;
Other sports may lure him, but their tempting will be vain,
As they are tramping on snow-shoes.
Chorus:

If you're overworked or worried, if you're in the blues,
Come and tramp it on the snow, upon the swift snow-shoes;
Then the troubles of your life will turn tail if you choose,
As you are tramping on snow-shoes.
Chorus:

THE BOUNCE.

In a nation's pluck and prowess there's a mighty charm
To protect the honor of our flag and Queen from harm;
So on the snow-shoes we will train the sturdy limb and arm,
As we are tramping on snow-shoes.
Chorus:

Ladies, when you woo the winter under sun or moon,
Never marry fop or fellow who would dare impugn
Men who wear the blanket coat, the whits and purple tuque,
As they are tramping on snow-shoes.
Chorus:

On nearing the rendezvous it was very evident that there was a "big time" on. As rocket after rocket was sent into the air, spreading myriads upon myriads of sparks in all the alternating and glorious colors of the rainbow, it lent an additional charm to the kaleidoscopic brilliance caused by the burning of bonfires and colored lanterns which

BLAZED AROUND THE CLUB HOUSE

on the top of the hill. The whole scene was one of indescribable beauty, which was not lessened by the cloudy sky and atmospheric conditions. The Union Jack floated proudly from the top of the Club house, notwithstanding the nature of the gathering, and our cousins who affect the Stars and Strips sat under it without apparent inconvenience. Besides the St. George boys and other local clubs represented, six of the Oritani Snow-shoe Club of New York, and twenty five of the Winnipeg and Port Arthur branches of the old St. George, had tramped out on the shoes, and were heartily received. Over five hundred guests were present, but the Club maintained its good name and had royally provided for each and all. A strong committee watched for strangers, and were ubiquitous in all their duties. The various rooms had been thrown open and every comfort provided for the visitors.

It was not until about half past nine that the popular and energetic president, Mr. R. J. Ross, mounted the platform, and in a neat little speech, brimming over with kind allusions to the visitors, welcomed everybody in the name of the St. George's Snow-shoe Club, of Montreal. Mr. Anderson, president of the Winnipeg branch, responded in a few well chosen words, remarking the pleasure it had given him and his fellow club men to come from their far Western home to participate in the fun, and to meet once again the members of the Club from which they had sprung. Mr. Henderson, also of the Winnipeg Club, presented to the Club house on behalf of the Western boys a very

FINE MOUNTAIN SHEEP'S HEAD,

splendidly mounted, for an ornament to the club-house room. This graceful compliment was loudly cheered, and again three rounds were given for the visitors. Mr. Duncan McIntyre sang with good effect the "Gospel Train," and the members joined in the chorus. Mr. Verner's solo was rendered with exquisite feeling, while Mr. Barclay's recitation contained a good moral. Mr. Robert Lloyd sang with ability "The Gallants of England" and "True Till Death," and received a deserved encore. Mr. Tough gave a touching recitation with admirable dramatic effect. A French duet by Messrs. Beaudry and Cusson elicited hearty applause. Mr. Bowden's comic song, although sung in a different key to each verse, was very clever and witty. Mr. Fred Cushing, who, by-the-by, had charge of the pyrotechnic display, danced a fling very gracefully, while two of the western boys, Messrs. Bannerman and Low gave an exhibition of a Red River jig.

Mr. Dunbar, President of the Quebec Snow-shoe Club, made a few remarks during the evening, as did Mr. Chambers on behalf of the Oritani club. Each of these gentlemen extended a

CORDIAL INVITATION TO THE ST. GEORGES

to visit them. The Hon. President, Mr. F. Henshaw, in a most kindly way, told how glad the clubmen were to have all the visitors come and see them during Carnival or at any other time. They would always be made welcome.

At intervals during the programme a number of visitors were enthusiastically bounced, much to the amusement of the ladies. Everyone present seemed to enjoy him or herself thoroughly, and when it came to time for closing, nearly midnight, many declared that they had seldom seen such fun at any gathering, and promised if another opportunity offered that they would not miss the chance to come again.

Hot coffee and refreshments were plentifully supplied during the evening.

Mr. Ross, the president, was bounced no less than four times, which speaks well for his physical as well as his genial nature.

The boys who had come out on snow-shoes went home by the same means.

Much indignation was expressed on all sides at the exorbitant rate charged by the carters to the slide and return. They asked five dollars for the trip, and got it in many cases, while several took the walk and saved their money.

CARNIVAL NOTES.

THE DINNER TO THE VISITING PRESSMEN

yesterday afternoon was a splendid welcome by the Balmoral Hotel, and Mr. Woodruff, the manager, excelled himself in his attention to those who sat down, to the number of about thirty. Mr. Pirie, the president of the Press Committee, was in the chair, Mr. Sauvalle in the vice-chair, and for an hour the board resounded with the fraternal gossip of members of the press. Australia, France, the United States and the Sandwich Islands were represented. Thanks were voted to the manager of the hotel, and the party left to visit the Toque Bleue Slide at 3 45.

The following named gentlemen sat down:—P. Spanjaardt, secretary, G. H. Flint, A. C. Wurtele, J. Harper, P. M. Sauvalle and H. S. Stafford, members of the Press Reception Committee; S. S. Pratt, Philadelphia *Ledger*; O. Cypiot, New York *World*; John A. Johnson, Philadelphia *Ledger*; Albert Bunn, New York *Graphic*; J. J. Kane, Cohoes (N.Y.) *News*; W. A. Ritchie, Montreal *Herald*; Oscar C. Bass, Montreal *Gazette*; E. S. Mathews, Boston *Globe*; C. A. de l'Aubiniere, *Le Soir*, Paris, France; Henry Harvey, *Trade Review*, and President of the Province of Quebec Press Association; Fred. G. H. Williams, Winnipeg *Call*; John P. Roche, New York *World*; James McCredie, Albany *Argus*; R. L. Banks, jr., Albany; Alex. Scarlet, Tyrone *Constitution*; R. N. O'Brien Boston *Journal*; Joseph H. Reville, Brantford *Courier*; John F. Norris, Toronto *Globe*; C. W. Eastty, Hartford *Courant*; Douglas Sladen, Boston *Herald*.

Mr. Cypiot is a Montreal boy, brother-in-law of Mr. E. J. Barbeau, of the Credit Foncier, and well known in our financial world. Mr. Cypiot entered life in the *Herald*, when Messrs. Kinnear, Penny and Wilson were the editors and proprietors, and the only survivor in the *Herald* to-day of those times is Mr. Alex. Dunlop, who was assistant foreman in 1856 or 1857.

THE HUNT CLUB BALL

given at the Kennels last night, was a brilliant affair. The Club rooms had been gaily decorated for the occasion, and the toilets of the ladies were bright to correspond. The Vicaregal party arrived at ten o'clock, when the set of honor was formed as follows:—The Governor-General and Mrs. Crawford, Mr. John Crawford and Lady Stanley, Prince Dhuleep Singh and Miss Lister, Capt. McMahon, A.D.C., and Mrs. Hickson, Hon. Edward Stanley and Mrs. Colville, Capt. Bagot and Lady Alice Stanley. The guests were received by Mrs. Crawford and Mr. Crawford, the master of the Hunt. During the evening a sumptuous supper was served, and the following was the order of entry to the dining room:—Mr. John Crawford and Lady Stanley, His Excellency the Governor-General and Mrs. Crawford, Mr. J. A. Stevenson and Mrs. Colville, Sir John Ross and Mrs. Hickson, Mr. L. H. Gault and Mrs. Bagot, Capt. Colville and Mrs. Strathy, Mr. E. J. Major and Lady A. Stanley, Capt. Bagot and Mrs. Paton, Mr. C. McEachran and Miss Lister, Capt. McMahon and Mrs. Kirkpatrick, Count Gleichen and Mrs. A. R. Allan, Hon. E. Stanley and Miss Angus.

HE REMEMBERED THE LANSDOWNE.

A stranger was met walking up Park avenue, toward Fletcher's Field, and meeting a wayfarer he asked, "Is there not a toboggan slide up here called the Lansdowne slide?" "There is no slide here except the natural hill," was the reply. "But there was when I was here at the carnival once before. Can you tell me where there are slides to be found?" "Yes; there are the Park slides on the top of the mountain, and the Tuque Bleue slide in the western part of the city, two miles away." "Are there none near by? When I was here before, there were slides in this part of the city. Now I have to look for them. There's no fun about that. Where's the Carnival, anyway?" He went on in the dark, however, and found a few dozen sliders on Fletcher's hill.

THE SKATING RACES.

The 10-mile skating race at the Dominion Rink last night attracted a big crowd of visitors. There were three competitors—Bellefleur, Latremouille and Levasseur, and a good race ensued; but the latter had the misfortune to break one of his skates and had to fall out just before a hundred laps had been placed to his credit. In the later laps of the last mile, Latremouille spurted, and, although Bellefleur tried his hardest to pass him, came in an easy winner, the time being 40 mins. 56 secs., as against 39 mins. 30 secs. on the previous night.

An American visitor, who was driving around the city, found the cold so intense that he requested the jehu to exchange his old fur cap for his own new silk hat. The bargain was agreed to, and the silk hat was at once perched over and above the high collar of the raccoon coat, while the American felt comfortable with the old lamb cap.

The Fire Brigade, it is learned, has been given the hindermost position in the fandy drive, and some of the men are not at all pleased with this arrangement.

Detective Cullen was in the Magistrate's office yesterday, while Mr. Dugas was on the bench. That magistrate called Mr. Cullen and said, "If you know of any thieves in the city, come to me for warrants, and I will have them arrested under the Vagrancy Act. That is the best way to afford protection."

Another snow lion made its appearance at St. Lambert yesterday, executed by Messrs. Cooke & Crooke, and can be seen near the Grand Trunk Railway track.

A fierce lion cut in ice reclines in front of a saloon, and while looking at it a stranger said to a group of boys:—"Boys, that looks fierce. But that's nothing to the tiger in the bottles he has in his saloon." "The tiger?" ejaculated the boys. "Yes, the tiger is the whiskey he sells. Don't ever touch any of it." "Oh," said the boys in a breath, "now we know what the tiger means."

The Carnival Number of the Montreal *Witness* has been received, and is an admirable publication. It is all the more creditable from the fact that the work has been entirely done by Canadian artists.—*Winnipeg Daily Call*.

Whilst employed in sweeping the Tuque Blanc slide yesterday, Thomas Fullerton, an inmate of the Protestant House of Refuge was knocked down by a running tobogzan, and had his right leg broken. He was warned not to turn his back on the chute.

The activity in the Windsor Hotel rotunda was heightened last night by a vigilant policeman who bounced out of the bar room with a youth in each hand, and their feet hardly touched the ground until they were through the crowd and outside. In a few minutes another youth was unceremoniously bounced out.

A SPLENDID NUMBER.

Le *Witness* de Montréal a publié un splendide numéro de fantaisie a l'occasion du Carnaval. Ce numéro, qui n'a pas moins de 24 pages, est magnifiquement illustré, et fait honneur à l'esprit d'enterprise du journal Montréalais.—*Le Journal, Waterloo.*

AULD SCOTLAND'S "ROARIN' GAME."

BY H. SHANKS.

Gae bring to me my guid broom cowe,
The cowe I made yestreen,
For I wad play ae ither game
While frost hauds strange an' keen,
Let warldly care stand by, my lads,
This day I maun be free
To join the jovial curlin' core
Wha meet around the tee;
Then pledge Auld Scotland's roarin' game
Wi' a' the honors three.

I've played at golf, I've played at bowls,
At cricket, an' footba';
I've played the sportsman in my time,
But curlin' dings them a';
It is the game o' games, my lad,
The hame o' mirth an' glee.
An' worth an' skill an' freendship tak'
First honors at the tee;
Then pledge Auld Scotland's roarin' game
Wi' three times three an' three.

Some like to hear the bagpipes skirl,
An' bugle soundin' clear;
Some think the fiddle an' the flute
Mair charming to the ear;
But far awa', abune them a',
The sweetest sound to me
Is music o' the channel-stane
Gaun currin' to the tee;
Then pledge Auld Scotland's roarin' game
Wi' thretty-three times three.

Wi' foot firm planted on the ice,
In neive his guid broom cowe,
The curler feels the greatest bliss
That mortals ken, I trow.
Till day I dee, believe me, lads,
Life's ae delight shall be
The wavin' cowe an' channel-stane,
The glorious rink an' tee;
Then pledge Auld Scotland's roarin' game
Wi' a' a curler's glee.

CRIMES AND CRIMINALS.

THAT PROFANE YOUNG CONVICT.

An effort is being made to have Ruddle, the boy burglar who swore at Judge Desnoyers, transferred from the penitentiary to the reformatory.

SACRILEGIOUS JUVENILES.

J. B. Fontaine, 10; F. Beaupre, 8; and E. Lafrancois, 11, were sent to the Reformatory for five years each for stealing two crucifixes, a relic case, and several vases from the Church of St. Vincent de Paul, Hochelaga.

ONE OF A GANG.

James McNulty, of the "Conreville street gang," was fined $20 or two months for assaulting one Napoleon Dufresne, while the latter was under the influence.

AMERICAN HORSE THIEVES.

A few days ago three farmers of Pie, County of Bagot, were victimized by American dealers who bought horses from them and paid for them with counterfeit bank bills. Fortunately the farmers were notified in time, and giving chase to the robbers recovered their horses at Granby. The two Americans made good their escape.

THE MARCH ASSIZES.

Judge Church will preside at the March term of the Queen's Bench. The calendar includes two murder cases,—Benson and Belanger.

ALLEGED PERJURY.

Melvin Smith has been committed to the Court of Queen's Bench on a charge of perjury already reported.

A COSTLY DRINK.

A laborer at Ste. Cunegonde while taking a drink yesterday was robbed of $123, which he intended would have carried him over the winter. Chief Page is working up the case.

CHANDLER'S ATTEMPTED MURDER.

Chandler has again been remanded for eight days without being brought from the gaol. The officials smile at the enterprise of a journalist who on the previous remand described Chandler's demeanor to court as "just as desperate as ever," while, as a matter of fact, Chandler was quietly in the cells down at the gaol all day, never having left that building since his committal. Mr. Dugas says that Mr. Sheffield is expected at the Court to make his deposition at the expiration of the present remand.

LICENSED DEBAUCHERS OF YOUTH.

Frederic Campeau, aged 14, and E. Gravel, 18, having been arrested drunk, gave the name of the respective saloon-keepers who sold them liquor, and the two licensed debauchers of youth will have to answer for it before the Recorder. The youth Gravel, in addition to being charged with being drunk, remains in gaol for eight days to await the result of a blow which he struck his aged mother, who is, in consequence, too ill to leave her house.

LOOKING FOR A SIX FOOTER.

James Riley, of the New York Produce Exchange, who is short $193,000, is supposed to be in the city among the Carnival visitors. He is a six footer with a heavy black moustache. The detectives are keeping a sharp look out for him.

THE FOOL AND HIS MONEY.

John Cummings, a Nebraska cattle man, came to Carnival with $800 and two gold watches. After visiting saloons with one Trayner he is minus all. Trayner is under arrest.

GREAT EASTERN RAILWAY.

At the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Great Eastern Railway the following were elected directors:—James Cooper, F. Vanasse, C. Tetu, T. T. Turnbull, A. B. Chaffee, C. B. Carter, M. S. Lonergan. Mr. James Cooper was re-elected president and Mr. A. B. Chaffee vice-president.

THE CITY'S BILL.

Mayor Abbott, it is understood, goes to Quebec to see the city's bill through, as well as Messrs. Roy, Glackmeyer and the members of the special committee.

The City Attorney says that there is still plenty of time to insert any number of clauses in the bill, on the dyke or any other subject.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

TESTED BY TIME.—FOR THROAT DISEASES, Colds and Coughs, Brown's Bronchial Troches have proved their efficacy by a test of many years. The good effects resulting from the use of the Troches have brought out many worthless imitations. Obtain only Brown's Bronchial Troches. 25 cts. a box.

THE HUNT CLUB used at their ball last evening a superb Heintzman Upright Piano loaned from Mr. C. W. Lindsay's piano rooms, 2270 St. Catherine street. The instrument is a fac simile of the piano Lady Stanley has at the Windsor for her personal use, and will be played upon again this evening at the Snow-Shoe concert in the Gymnasium, Mansfield street.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SKIN, SCALP AND BLOOD

Diseases Cured by Cuticura Remedies when Hot Springs, Doctors and all other Medicines fail.

Having been a sufferer for two years and a half from a disease caused by a bruise on the leg and having been cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES when all other methods and remedies failed, I deem it my duty to recommend them. I visited Hot Springs to no avail, and tried several doctors without success, and at last our principal druggist, Mr. John P. Finlay (to whom I shall ever feel grateful), spoke to me about CUTICURA, and I consented to give them a trial, with the result that I am perfectly cured. There is now no sore about me. I think I can show the largest surface where my sufferings sprang from of any one in the State. The CUTICURA REMEDIES are the best blood and skin cures manufactured. I refer to druggist John P. Finlay and Dr. D. C. Montgomery, both of this place, and to Dr. Smith, of Lake Lee, Miss.

ALEXANDER BEACH, Greenville, Miss.

Mr. Beach used the CUTICURA REMEDIES, at our request, with results as above stated.

A. B. FINLAY & CO., Druggists.

SCROFULA 7 YEARS CURED.

I have been troubled with scrofula seven years, which first started on the top of my head, giving me infinite trouble, with constant itching, casting off of dry scales, and a watery liquid exuded from under the scales. I treated it for seven years unsuccessfully, and was unable to check it until I found your CUTICURA REMEDIES. One box CUTICURA, one cake CUTICURA SOAP, and one bottle CUTICURA RESOLVENT completely cured me, my skin becoming perfectly clear and smooth.

S. J. DAVIS,
Arteaia, Los Angeles Co., Cal.

SKIN DISEASE 5 YEARS CURED.

YOUR CUTICURA REMEDIES did wonderful things for me. They cured my skin disease, which has been of five years' standing, after hundreds of dollars had been spent in trying to cure it. Nothing did me any good until I commenced the use of the CUTICURA REMEDIES. Our house will never be without them.

MRS. ROSA KELLY,
Rockwell City, Calhoun Co., Ia.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 75c; SOAP, 35c; RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA SOAP.

NO RHEUMATIZ ABOUT ME! IN ONE MINUTE THE CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER relieves Rheumatic, Sciatic, sudden, sharp and nervous Pains, Strains and Weaknesses. The first and only pain-killing Plaster. 30 cents.

WATER WORKS
DEPARTMENT.
PUBLIC NOTICE
To Water Meter Tenants.

As it is found that many persons supplied with water by meter, do, in direct contravention of the by-law, meddle with the meters on their premises, disconnecting and connecting them again; therefore notice is hereby given that prompt and energetic measures will be taken to bring to justice and punish all persons detected in such violation of the law.

B. D. McCONNELL,
Assistant Supt. M. W. W.

CITY HALL,
Montreal, Feb. 5th, 1889.

THE MONTREAL
"WEEKLY WITNESS"

of February 6th contains the portrait of Prince Rudolf, with full details of his sad death; a cut of the Ice Carnival on the Thames of Charles II. times; "The Germans in Samoa;" THE OPENING OF THE DOMINION PARLIAMENT; News from Ottawa; Articles; Commercial Reports, and the General News of the Week. In wrappers ready for mailing, only four cents, at the *Witness* office.

WRAPPING PAPERS.
Old newspapers, good for wrapping purposes sold at unusually low prices for large lots. Address or apply at "Witness" Office.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

HIGH CLASS Instruments. 25 YEARS' Experience.

BELL
PIANOS AND ORGANS

Are acknowledged by the best musical authorities everywhere to be the *Standard Instruments* for *Tone* and *Durability*. New and practical ideas in construction giving the best results are used, placing the "BELL" ahead of all competitors.

Send for Catalogue to

WILLIS & CO., Sole Agents,
Wholesale and Retail,
1824 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL, P.Q.

SNOWED UNDER FOR GOOD!

Who?
What?
Which?
The Toboggan Slides?
O dear no, they will come to light again.
The Living Arch?
No,—unfortunately.

The Railway Tracks?
Not a bit of it!
No, it is the people who have tried to intrude their miserable adulterated imitations in competition with Strachan's Gilt Edge Soap, and who are being snowed under by an avalanche of public ridicule.

PERFECT MUSIC BOOKS
For Choirs, for Classes, for Conventions,
Are perhaps impossible,—but DITSON & CO.'S matchless books are just on the line.

EMERSON'S EASY ANTHEMS (50 cts., $7.20 per dozen) are 49 in number,—quite new,—give about one for each Sunday in the year, and are full of grace and beauty.

SONG HARMONY (60 cts., $5 per doz.) by L. O. Emerson, is a new and very "perfect" book for Singing Classes, perhaps the best of a long series of books by the same author.

THE GRADED SINGING SCHOOL (50 cents, $4.50 per doz.), by D. F. Hodges, is a sensible, practical method, by a very sensible, practical teacher, and is fully furnished with good material for successful work.

JEHOVAH'S PRAISE ($1, or $9 per dozen) by L. O. Emerson, is a full size Church Music Book, with a large number of Anthems and Tunes for choirs, also Glees, Part Songs, and a multitude of melodious exercises for classes.

TEMPLE CHIMES (35 cents, $3.60 doz.), by Evangelist Luther, just published, is a very superior collection of new Gospel Songs, of Hymns and Tunes.

PRAISE IN SONG (40 cents, $4.20 doz.), by L. O. and E. U. Emerson, is a new Sunday-school and Praise Book, full of uncommonly good music and hymns. A very "perfect" book for vestry singing.

Any book mailed for retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.

C. H. DITSON & Co. 867 Broadway, New York.

★ WEDDING ★
—AND—
COMPLIMENTARY PRESENTS,

USEFUL, FASHIONABLE and at very moderate prices.

New Goods arriving regularly.

ELECTRO-PLATE, a very large and choice selection of the latest designs.

Table Ware, Cutlery and Plate Cabinets.

FISH EATERS, DESSERTS,
SPOONS AND FORKS.
CARVERS, etc.
ONYX and MARBLE CLOCKS,
PIANO, BANQUET and TABLE LAMPS, &c.

ART POTTERY,

In DOULTON, GOBELIN TAPESTRY, CARLSBAD, etc., very choice styles.

GONGS, FANS,
OPERA GLASSES,
FIRE SCREENS, &c.

Intending purchasers cordially invited to call and examine our stock.

RETAIL AT LOWEST CASH PRICES.

WATSON & PELTON,
53 St. Sulpice street, 53.

ICE PLOUGHS
And all kinds of ICE TOOLS for harvesting ice.
E. DONALDSON,
29 McGILL STREET

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

FOR ALDERMAN
WEST WARD
G. W. STEPHENS.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In the matter of
A. D. McDONALD & CO.,
ALEXANDRIA, ONT.,
Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given, that an assignment of the above estate has been made to me, in trust, for the general benefit of Creditors, under 48 Victoria, Chapter 26 Ontario and Amending Acts, and the Creditors are hereby notified to meet at the office of John McD. Hains, Chartered Accountant, Fraser Buildings, 45 St. Sacrament street, Montreal, on MONDAY, 18th instant, at the hour of four o'clock p.m., for the purpose of receiving statements of affairs, appointing Inspectors, and for ordering affairs of the Estate generally.

Creditors having claims against the said Insolvent are required to file them with the said John McD. Hains, on or before the date of said meeting.

JAMES T. TENNANT,
Trustee.

Brockville, Feb. 2nd, 1889.

GAS METERS.
Money Saved by Purchasing your Meters from us.

We are now supplying the public with Gas Meters of our own manufacture, equal to any made, bearing the Government Inspector's Seal, and guaranteed for five years.

The Gas Company remove their Meters without question and have no objection to consumers connecting one of our make.

IT IS CHEAPER TO BUY THAN TO PAY RENT.

ROBERT MITCHELL & CO.,
Cor. Craig and St. Peter sts.

NO PRE-ADAMITE JOB LOTS
ALL FRESH NEW STOCK
—AT—
McVEY'S PARLOR SHOE STORE.

199 ST. ANTOINE STREET
(Near Mountain street.)

FINE BOOTS AND SHOES,
SKATING BOOTS, MOOSE MOCCASINS,
SPRING HEEL BOOTS AND RUBBERS,
RUBBERS AND OVERSHOES AND NEVER SLIP PLATES,
ANKLE SUPPORTER FOR WEAK ANKLES.

WOOD ENGRAVING,
ELECTROTYPING and STEREOTYPING,
DONE TO PERFECTION!
At the "Witness" Office.
JOHN DOUGALL & SON,
MONTREAL.

Auction Sales.

Duff & Fraser.

ONE VERY SUPERIOR "GUILD CHURCH & CO." Pianoforte, 7⅓ octaves, one Hood do., a fine instrument, full 7 octaves, both in perfect order, several good quality Tapestry Carpets, latest patterns, large assortment New and Second-hand Household Furniture and effects. Hall and Cooking Stoves, etc. Large weekly sale at our Rooms, 239 St. James street,

NEXT FRIDAY, 8th inst., at 10 a.m.
DUFF & FRASER,
Auctioneers.

400 KEGS AND FIRKINS
PRIME LOCH FYNE HERRINGS.

We are instructed to sell without reserve to close consignments at our Rooms, 239 ST. JAMES STREET,

On FRIDAY MORNING, 8th inst.,

400 KEGS AND FIRKINS LOCH FYNE HERRINGS in prime condition; latest importation, fall 1888.

Sale at TEN o'clock.
DUFF & FRASER,
Auctioneers.

BRICK COTTAGES AT AUCTION.

We are instructed by the representatives of the late William Kingstone to sell by auction, without reserve, at our rooms, No. 239 St. James street,

On TUESDAY, 12th February,

that very desirable property, being Nos. 177 and 179 Bourgeois street, Point St. Charles, with two Brick Cottages and Frame Outbuildings. The lot is about 44 feet front and about 96 feet deep; and, as the value of real estate in this part of the city is advancing rapidly, it is sure to prove a profitable investment.

Further particulars can be had on application.

Sale at TWELVE o'clock noon.

DUFF & FRASER,
Auctioneers.

M. Hicks & Co.

ATTRACTIVE SALE
—OF—
WATER-COLOR DRAWINGS,

by the following talented young Canadian Artists:—R. HEADFORD, H. CARTER, A. BERNARD, E. CARYER, F. BRYAN, and others,

representing Canadian Scenery, Landscapes, Habitants Going to Market, Drawing Ice, Hucksters, Bakers' Waggons, Street Scenes, Point Claire, St. Ann's, Don River, &c., &c.

Sale to be held at the subscribers' rooms, Nos. 1821 AND 1823 NOTRE DAME STREET,

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, February 8th, At Two O'CLOCK.

M. HICKS & CO.,
Auctioneers.

OIL PAINTINGS,
WATER-COLOR DRAWINGS,
ETCHINGS AND FINE ENGRAVINGS,
AT PRIVATE SALE.

Visit the subscribers' rooms, Nos. 1821 and 1823 Notre Dame street, and view the Collection of Paintings, by OLD AND MODERN MASTERS,

among which are a few Paintings by KERSHOFF, A. VOGT, ALLAN EDSON, D. E. GRASS, WILLIAMSON, &c.

Also a Burnt Picture by SMILLIE, of "The Misers."

M. HICKS & CO.,
Auctioneers.

ORIENTAL ART.
During Carnival Week. The subscribers will offer at PRIVATE SALE a special consignment of
EASTERN RUGS,
—FROM—
TURKEY, INDIA AND PERSIA.
—ALSO,—
A choice collection of
FINE JAPANESE ART OBJECTS,
—IN—
Bronze, Enamels, Ivory and Porcelain.

The above are all fine Goods, and consigned to us direct for unreserved sale.

PRIVATE SALE PRICES LESS THAN AUCTION.

M. HICKS & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Nos. 1821 and 1823 Notre Dame street.

FINE ART FURNITURE
From Leading Ontario and American Manufacturers.

Strangers visiting the city during Carnival Week are invited to call and view our magnificent collection of ART FURNITURE.

Comprising Drawing-room Suites, Fancy Odd Chairs, Divans, Sofas, etc.; also, Bedroom, Dining-Library and Vestibule Suites.

The most select assortment in the city, and a saving of 50 percent guaranteed from regular city prices.

At private sale only.

M. HICKS & CO.,
Auctioneers,
Nos. 1821 and 1823 Notre Dame street.

SPRING 1889.
AUCTION SALES AT
PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

The Subscribers beg to announce that their Lists for March and April are now open, and would respectfully ask those who intend favoring them with the sale of their Household Effects to give early intimation in order to secure choice of date.

M. HICKS & CO.,
Auctioneers.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

USE MACDONNELL'S
"GRITZ"
FOR PORRIDGE.
To be had at all grocers.

REEDS' ROSIN CEMENT
ROOFING.

GEORGE W. REED,
SLATE, METAL AND GRAVEL ROOFER,
783 and 785 Craig street, Montreal.

$2.75!

A HANDSOME ENAMELLED AND COLORED TEA SET OF 44 PIECES
For $2 75.
THE BEST BARGAIN YET OFFERED.
One crate just received and for sale during Carnival week only.
NOW IS YO

Last Edition

THE CARNIVAL.

A BLUSTERING DAY, BUT VISITORS UNDAUNTED.

The Executive are not feeling in the best of spirits. It was admitted on all hands that this was Canadian weather, but then it was anxiously asked,—"Did our visitors come for Canadian weather or did they come for the Carnival?"

It was asked this morning if the tobogganing appointments were postponed. Yes, they were, and there was the announcement on the wall. Not merely were the slides choked, in spite of all efforts to keep them open, but the approaches thereto had been rendered impassable. And the trotting races? Yes, they too were postponed. The track was too heavy, and the drifts had piled up.

"What about the storming of the Ice Castle?"

"Oh, that will be all right," Mr. Trimble said.

"The storm may abate," remarked Mr. Rae, "but should it continue it will mar the effect."

At the last moment, it is understood that the procession will pass down Mackay street, despite the statement of Mr. Byrd and Mr. Lomer, and Mr. Lockerby states that the street is being levelled for that purpose. So there!

STICK TO THE PROGRAMME.

It is to be hoped that the Carnival Fancy Drive Committee will see that the programme for to-morrow's procession is strictly carried out, and that the pageant passes complete through all the streets announced. Two years ago a number of residents on St. James street west who had invited friends for the occasion felt greatly annoyed when they saw that the procession had partly broken off before reaching them.

THE FIRE BRIGADE

will form to-morrow in three sections, namely, the Northern section at Ontario street, near Bleury; the Central and Eastern sections on Craig street at the Champ de Mars, and the Western at Victoria square; No. 1 Station will be left fully equipped—except for the Merryweather—in case of an alarm, and every other station will have at least two men in it. The western half of the salvage corps will also remain at home ready for a call, and the Chief will have runners ready at each station near the route, with instructions to immediately report an alarm to him or the sub-chiefs in the procession.

LEVELLING THE ROUTE.

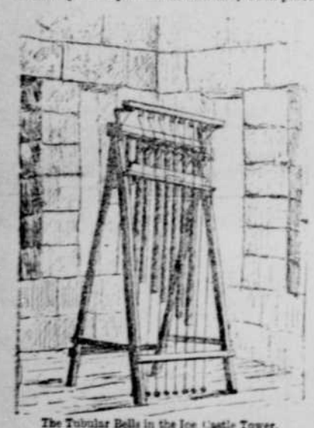
Chief Benoit this morning asked the City Surveyor to do what he could in improving the roads along the route of to morrow's drive, as he feared he would never get the heavy appliances, such as the Clapp & Jones engine, the Hayes, Dorval and Langevin Ladders, through the streets, even if he attached four horses to each instead of three.

Mr. St. George had, however, already seen the necessity of fixing these streets, and had ordered Messrs. Rousseau and Griffin, the foremen of the sections in question, to take four snow ploughs, the rollers, and every man available, and put the route in the best possible order between this and to-morrow afternoon.

THE TUBULAR BELLS.

The tubular bells were put up in the Ice Castle yesterday, and last evening Mr. Foster played "Home, Sweet Home," "Blue Bells of Scotland," "Vive La Canadienne," and other airs, which were heard with great distinctness.

Mr. Foster, who is in charge of the tubular bells, said to a *Witness* reporter to-day that the bells had been placed too low to be heard as distinctly as they would be had they been placed



The Tubular Bells in the Ice Castle Tower.

in the belfry of the central tower. They were too much enclosed, and there was too much ice on top of them. The heavy atmosphere and the falling snow were against the travelling of the sounds. He rang the bells to-day at two o'clock and they will be heard every hour until the Carnival is over. Captain Clapham, who has proved quite an adept at ringing, will relieve Mr. Foster in the evenings.

The tubes are struck with little hammers, tipped with hardened india-rubber, pulled by strings, or they can be manipulated by a keyboard.

THE SNOW-SHOE RACES.

The Carnival snow-shoe races are taking place at three o'clock this afternoon, on the Montreal grounds, Cote St. Antoine, under the patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General and Lady Stanley. The following are the entries:

Two mile—C. W. Boon, A. Lamb, H. Waldron, J. Laplane, F. Wheeler, Cokers and Wm. Corkey.

220 yards—Jos. Laplane, J. W. Hughes, M. J. Scanlan, A. A. Barnhardt, S. R. Wilson.

Half mile—C. W. Boon, J. Lumsden, F. Johnston, Wm. Corkey.

Quarter mile—J. Lumsden, H. Waldron, Wm. Davis, J. W. Hughes, T. A. Beauchamp, A. A. Barnhardt.

100 yards—W. A. Cameron, W. D. Mason, Jos. Laplane, J. W. Hughes, T. A. Beauchamp, W. S. Scanlan, A. A. Barnhardt, D. Stewart, B. W. Lockerby, G. S. Gordon.

120 yards (hurdle)—J. S. Lumsden, W. D. Mason, M. J. Scanlan, D. Stewart, R. W. Lockerby, G. R. Gordon.

One mile—J. S. Lumsden, H. Waldron, W. D. Mason, A. Taylor, W. Taylor, W. Davis, F. Johnston, Cokers, Wm. Corkey.

CARNIVAL NOTES.

CARNIVAL MUSIC.

Mr. George J. Sheppard has published a pretty Carnival series of "Frosted Leaves," a march and waltz, both written by Mr. Fred. W. Holland, well known in local musical circles. The march is in a stirring lively strain, and has a touch of original thought about it difficult to give now-a-days. The waltz is crisp and fresh, and both are gotten up in an exceedingly creditable fashion, giving a picture of the ice castle and a curling and a sleighing scene.

ANOTHER BLUNDER.

There was no fancy skating in the Victoria Rink this morning as announced on the Carnival programme. Friday forenoon has been reserved for this event. The ice, however, was covered with graceful skaters, and the sides with many visitors, who enjoyed the scene immensely.

THE VISITING PRESS LIST

has been further augmented by the following gentlemen, who came to Montreal this morning and were provided with badges:—George Stewart *Chronicle*, Quebec; F. A. Garret, *Daily Saratogan*; A. E. McCall, *Plaindealer*, Bath; R. M. Young, Cornwall *Freeholder*.

NO PARK SLIDE OPENING.

The arrangements at the Park slide for the Governor-General's visit this afternoon have all been cancelled, and will not now take place, owing to the storm and His Excellency's short stay in the city. As soon as the storm subsides the slide will be cleared.

THE WEATHER.

Mr. Charles Hosmer, manager of the C.P.R. telegraph, received the following telegram at noon to-day from Mr. Carpmael, of Toronto:—"Strong west and north-west winds, generally fair and colder, with snow flurries. Temperature will fall considerably below zero." It continues cold in the west with big snow drifts.

THE STORM AND THE TRAINS.

Visitors are still pouring into the city, and are not a little surprised to find us in the full enjoyment of what they call a blizzard. Of course all trains were late this morning, some of them by four or five hours, and at both the depots the officials were almost distracted at the delay. Drivers of incoming trains report the roads heavily blocked with snow for many miles out, and the snow ploughs have been kept constantly at work. There was another large contingent of New Englanders this morning by the Delaware & Hudson route.

LOST $400.

Mr. Charles Lionais, a financier, well-known in exchange circles, was crossing a few steps from his office to Mr. James Baxter's office, at about 2.30 this afternoon. He had not fifty yards to go. In his hip pocket he carried four hundred dollars cash and a cheque for $375. When he got there his pocket was bare. Some adroit thief had picked his pocket. How it was done Mr. Lionais could not tell. "I had the money when I started. It was gone when I got there." That was all he could say about it.

NOTES.

An effort is to be made to man the arch to-morrow afternoon, and with this purpose in view the assistance of Mr. Binks, of the Tobogan Committee, has been invoked.

There were several cases of frost-bite to-day.

The ice castle and St. Peter's Cathedral were visited to-day by considerable numbers, despite the gale which tore across the square in long fierce gusts.

The drifts on Dominion square were dreadful this morning, but snow ploughs and rollers have levelled them pretty well.

The attack upon the castle commences at nine o'clock.

We have received a copy of the Montreal *Witness* Carnival number, and are not surprised that the paper is meeting with an enormous sale. Its illustrations are magnificent, and the press work equally good.—*Bedford Times.*

The ladies of the Governor-General's party have been unable to leave their hotel in consequence of the storm, and several projected sleighing trips in and around the city have had to be postponed.

The storming of the Ice Castle to-night will be witnessed by the Vicegregal party from the central windows of the Windsor Hotel.

Chief Hughes, on horseback, will command the police force at the storming to night. To-morrow a constable will be stationed at each corner along the route chosen to guard against accidents during the fancy drive.

The *Witness* Carnival Number is received and is very good and has had a large sale.—*Sherbrooke Examiner.*

Seventy five visitors arrived at the St. Lawrence Hall this forenoon. The total number now is about 400, and they still continue to come in. The Balmoral has nearly 500, and has made accommodation for 200 more. Sixty-five arrived this forenoon.

ROBBED ON THE CARS.

THE DESPERADOES FOLLOWED, BUT THREATEN TO SHOOT THEIR VICTIM.

Mr. James Innes, the bookbinder, well-known in commercial circles, was attacked while on a street sleigh of the City Passenger Railway Company, last evening, on the way home. There was a crowd in the car, and one of Mr. Innes' assailants threw his arm around him and the other two jostled him roughly. Mr. Innes did not learn until afterwards that he had been robbed of $48. Meantime the three thieves had left the cars. Mr. Innes took a return car and identified the thieves at the door of the Academy of Music, doubtless looking for a fresh victim. As soon as the men found themselves recognized they decamped. Mr. Innes asked a policeman's help, but the policeman said he would have to get more assistance, and, quite disgusted, Mr. Innes followed them for some distance, until one of them stopped and threatened to shoot him if he went a step further. While he sought another policeman the men escaped.

HOSTILITIES RESUMED

BETWEEN THE CITY AND THE LOGAN'S FARM "SQUATTER"—SOMETHING THAT THE CITY SURVEYOR WOULD LIKE TO KNOW.

Hostilities have been resumed between the Road Department and Mr. Desmarteau, the Logan's farm "squatter." On Saturday last, Mr. St. George received word that Mr. Desmarteau was drawing building material on to the lot—occupied by the city as part of Logan's Park—at the upper corner of Papineau Road and Sherbrooke street. Mr. Rousseau, the foreman, was at once despatched with peremptory orders to remove the building material and prevent work on Mr. Desmarteau's part. He had no sooner arrived and begun to remove the stone than Mrs. Desmarteau appeared with an axe and threatened all and sundry who should dare to touch her property. The merry work went on, however, the material finally removed, and a summons taken out in the Recorder's Court against the woman.

From some cause or other, the Recorder has not yet seen fit to go on with the case, and Mr. St. George to day wrote to the Road Committee stating that justice must either take its course against these squatters or he must be relieved of the responsibility of looking after Logan's Park.

The Government has several times been notified of Desmarteau's occupation of part of its property below Sherbrooke street, but has never taken any action to evict. Desmarteau has connected his house there with the city's sewer on Papineau road, the city not daring to charge him for the privilege, lest by doing so it should in any way countenance his claim to the location.

TERREBONNE FARMERS.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF THE COUNTY OF TERREBONNE.

At a meeting of the members of this Society, held in Terrebonne on the 19th of last December, the following were elected directors:—M. M. Dumoss Limoges and Frs. Blouin, for St. Elmo; Jas. V. Gadbois and Mathias Moody, of Terrebonne, Frs. Dion and Alb. Garth, for St. Therese; Jas. F. Forget and Joseph Desjardins, of St. Janvier, Louis Labelle and Stanislas Huot, for St. Jerome; Charles O. Maunier and James Furze, for St. Sophia and New Glasgow.

At a meeting of the directors, held at St. Sophia on the 31st of January last, Mr. Damase Limoges, was elected president, Mr. Jas. V. Gadbois vice president, and F. Villeneuve, notary of St. Anne des Plaines, secretary-treasurer of the Society.

POINTE CLAIRE'S ELECTION.

On the 14th of January there was a great demonstration by the electors of Pointe Claire after they had re-elected Mr. Louis Leclerc by acclamation, and Dr. G. Madore by a large majority. After the official proclamation of the successful candidates, the electors gathered in large numbers at the Canada hotel, where Dr. Madore thanked them for their constant sympathy and the honor they had bestowed upon him. They then formed in procession, and with unfurled flags and singing patriotic songs drove through the principal streets of the village, amidst great enthusiasm. At a general meeting of the council, held on the 4th of February, Dr. G. Madore was unanimously re elected (for the eighth time) Mayor of Pointe Claire. Mr. Moise Leclerc, postmaster, was again chosen as secretary-treasurer.

COMMERCIAL NOTES.

Messrs. Bilodeau & Renaud have been appointed curators to the insolvent estate of Mr. Andre Fontaine. Messrs. Kent & Turcotte have been named for the same office for the insolvent estates of Messrs. Mathieu & Gagnon and Mr. J. C. Dansereau. Mr. Chas. Desmarteau is appointed curator to the insolvent estates of Mr. Antoine Gauthier and Mr. Chas. Robitaille and Mr. A. W. Stevenson is liquidator for the insolvent estate of Mr. Ovila Chartrand.

MONTREAL, Feb. 6, 1889.

Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon to-day, 29.44; yesterday, 29.51. To-day—Temperature: Max., 4°; Min. 0°. Yesterday—Temperature: Max., 30°; Min., 9°.

LICENSES WANTED

TO SELL LIQUOR BY THE BOTTLE.

Edward Quinn, 140 Manufacturers.
Napoleon Foucrault, 23 Papineau road.
Francis St. Marthe, 959 St. Dominique.
Francis Belanger, 328 Maple.
Camille Hogue, 611 St. Hypolite.
Alfred Laporte, 423 St. Hypolite.
J. H. Lalonde, corner Rachel and Rivard.
Charles Fortier, 88 St. Jean Baptiste.
O. Cartier, 78 St. Jean Baptiste.
Philias Collin, 155 Desire
Samuel Rousseau, 99 Desire,
Rossire Monat, 320 Notre Dame.
Adolphe D. Paquette, 297 Notre Dame.
Chas. A. L. Malboeuf, 32 Papineau square.
Joseph Theoin, 89 Maisonneave.
Francis Lagorte, 384 Panet.
Hermis Lepine, 131 Panet.
Osee B. Ranger, 1019 Ontario.
Aug. Archambault, 285 Lafontaine.
J. A. Pelletier, 914 Mignonne.
Jos. Pelletier, 612 Mignonne.
J. H. Giguere, 971 St. Catherine.
Alphonse Dulude, 731 St. Catherine.
Philomene Racette, 134 Lagauchetiere.
John Purcell, 114 Lagauchetiere.
T. E. Langevin, 112 Craig.
J. A. Dubrule, 252 Visitation.
Nap. Poulette, 164 Visitation.
Gustave Beaubien, 17 Beaudry.
Firmin Legault, 444 Montcalm.
O. Archambault, 264 Montcalm.
C. Chevalier, 246 Montcalm.
Eugene Lambert, 246½ Amherst.
J. L. Laurier, 209 St. Hubert.
Ed. D'Amour, 44 Labelle.
Denis Tracey, 421 Wellington.
Hermis Laporte, 2476 Notre Dame.
Alex Houle, 268 McCord.
Bridget Collins, 454 Colborne.
Noel Emond, 37 Payette.
Margaret Dunphy, 167 Ottawa.
J. B. Beaudoin, 124 Congregation.
Wm. Vaux, 109 Congregation.
James Manning, 3 and 5 St. Antoine.
Octave Allard, 163 St. Antoine.
Wm. V. Gordon, 2230 St. Catherine.
Auguste Dionne, 2264 St. Catherine.
Auguste Dionne, 2266 St. Catherine.
Martial Gagnon, 78 Lusignan.
John Robertson, 12 Philippe square.
Louis M. Soury, 344 Richmond.
Mich Kilkenny, 701 Craig.
Alexr A. Pallochand, 1474 Vitre.
Phil Boisseau, 1591 Mignonne.
Ferdinand Filiatrault, 172 St. Lawrence.
Michael Scanlon, 34 Charles Borrommee.
David Mahony, 34 St. Philippe.
Jacob Hirsch, 46-50 St. Sacrament.
Chas. Lacaille, 229 St. Paul.
Henry Jones, 10 DeBresoles.
Ed. L. Furnes, 51 St. Jean Baptiste.
H. Gariepy, 159 S. Paul.
L. W. Tolmesse, 242 St. Paul.
Victor Mathyl, 47 St. Louis.
M. Lambert, 1259 Mignonne.
J. N. Grosler, 1270 Mignonne.
Albert Racicot, 58 Courville.
Arthur Burdon, 127 St. Lawrence.
Hubert Larose, 409½ St. Lawrence.
Alex. Gauthier, 575 St. Lawrence.
Adelard Dussault, 29½ St. Lawrence.
Joseph Renaud, 1370 Ontario.
Alph. Beauchamp, 1267 Ontario.
Edouard Houle, 1241 Ontario.
Medard Payette, 1264 Ontario.
Cyrille Colin, 1218 Ontario.
Joseph Marchand, 1249 Ontario.
W. Roy, 367 Dorchester.
F. X. Dugas, 201 Dorchester.
J. J. Audair, 228 Dorchester.
Lewis A. Houde, 1191 Notre Dame.
F. Decary, 60 Cadieux.
A. Fournier, 38 St. Dominique.
Louis Ouellette, 18½ St. Dominique street.

THE TAX WAS PAID FOR HIM.

At the Board of Revisors this morning the St. Ann's Ward lists were attended to. Ald. Conroy objected to the name of Mr. McElroy, gas works foreman, remaining on the lists, on the grounds that Mr. McElroy had not paid his water rate. On enquiry this was found to be true, the rate having been paid for Mr. McElroy by the Gas Company. The question was referred to the City Attorney, who sustained Ald. Conroy. Ald. P. Kennedy, however, objected to the City Attorney's ruling, and the case was postponed for Mr. McElroy's attendance to-morrow morning.

"HIGHLY RECOMMENDED."

The most recent names mentioned in political circles for the vacant Legislative Councillorship are Messrs. Charles Chaput, of Chaput, Fils, and Dr. E. P. Lachapelle, chairman of the Provincial Board of Health. The latter, it is said, has been recommended by as high a personage as Cardinal Taschereau himself, Dr. Lachapelle being a leading professor of Laval University. Mr. Chaput, it is said, has the Jesuit Fathers on his side. Mr. Mercier will be in something of a dilemma.

THE SMITH HABEAS CORPUS.

Argument was heard before Judge Gill in chambers this morning on the habeas corpus to release Frederick Smith, now imprisoned for keeping a house of ill repute. The habeas corpus is asked on the ground of alleged illegality in the commitment. Mr. Globensky appeared for the prisoner and Mr. St. Jean for the Crown. Judgment to-morrow.

AN ABSENT HOTEL-KEEPER

Judge Gill has granted a petition presented by Mr. J. A. St. Julien, asking that Avila Dubois, hotel keeper, an absentee debtor, be called through the press to attend a meeting of his creditors on the 20th inst. Two seizures have also been taken against the same individual,—one for $132, for rent, by Mr. W. W. Proud, and the other by Mr. Chas. Bruchesi, on notes for $285.

THE UPTON HORROR.

The man Beland, arrested on suspicion of being guilty of the murderous attack upon Mrs. Davis at St. Ephrem d'Upton, is to be released, as there is not sufficient evidence against him.

WHY THEY WERE ABSENT.

Aldermen Wilson and Thompson, it is understood, were unable to attend the Council meeting on Monday owing to sickness. Both gentlemen are still unable to leave their homes.

CITY ITEMS.

Mr. Camille Leclerc has been elected Mayor of Ste. Rose.

Mr. Viau, partner with Ald. Jeannotte, is mentioned as the future secretary to Chief Hughes.

Mr. Alfred Senez, of Beloeil, has been arrested on a capias for $46.96, at the instance of Mr. Amedee Morin.

Mr. Xiste Viger, founder, of Longueuil, has been arrested on a capias for $87, at the instance of Messrs. Fee & Martin, of this city.

Mr. Enoch James, of the Montreal Roofing Company, is spoken of as an opponent of Ald. W. Kennedy in St. Lawrence Ward.

Mr. Boruchs Hert, of North Nation Mills, has been arrested on a capias for $320, at the instance of Messrs. G. F. Burnett & Co., wholesale clothiers.

Judge Mathieu this morning issued an order confirming the liquidator's report and ordering the distribution of the assets of the Briton Medical Life Association.

St. Jean Baptiste electors are looking for an opponent to Ald. Villeneuve. Three names, it is said, will shortly be submitted at a public meeting and one selected.

The number of patients treated at the Montreal General Hospital for the week ending February 3rd are as follows, out-door patients relieved, 586; in door average daily, 151.

Dr. Laberge has received from Mr. Hall, M.P.P., a copy of the Lachine bill. The clause which seeks the right to drain into the River St. Pierre relates to surface and not house drainage.

Instead of the usual lecture in St. Paul's church lecture room on Monday evening next a concert will be given, Miss Marguerite Sims presiding at the piano. Other ladies and gentlemen will also take part.

A book has been prepared at the Fire Department Office, in which the name of every member of the Brigade will be entered, together with the age, nationality, date of entry, promotion, change of station, time of leaving service, etc.

The Gas Company has applied to the Road Department for leave to open St. James street opposite the Bank of British North America. The Company is seeking the location of a leak, and may have to cut up not only the granolithic sidewalk, but the asphalt roadway also.

The Notre Dame section of the St. Jean Baptiste Society has elected the following officers for the ensuing year:—President, E. A. Martineau; 1st vice president, L. G. A. Cresse; 2nd vice-president, J. B. R. Dufresne; treasurer, P. D. Roiland; secretary, L. Legris; marshall, F. A. Lapointe.

FILTER OR SETTLE?

WHAT IT WOULD COST TO CLEAN OUR DRINKING WATER.

The question whether a process of artificial filtration or a settling basin would be most advantageous for Montreal, in view of her expected immediate outlay for an addition to her water supply, was discussed at a recent committee meeting. To a *Witness* reporter interviewing Mr. McConnell, Acting Superintendent, that gentleman said: "Some years ago Mr. Lesage favored a settling basin, but later on he seemed to favor filtering our water by a mechanical process."

"Do you favor filtering?"

"I am not prepared to say yet. So far, I have not heard of any attempt to filter artificially on anything like so large a scale as Montreal would require, say, 20,000,000 gals. per day. In fact I have yet to learn of any place filtering that uses anything approaching our present average consumption (13,000,000 gallons). At Atlanta, Ga., 4,500,000 gallons is the daily output, at Long Branch, the Hyatt filters have a capacity of only 3,000,000 and at Newport, R.I., a capacity of 6,000,000 gallons. These, it should be remembered, are United States and not Imperial gallons. The Hyatt Company, however, claim that they could give us a plant capable of filtering 100,000,000 gallons per day. But you can read what they say for themselves," and Mr. McConnell handed out a roll of printed matter containing descriptive notices, testimonials, etc. The system, it is claimed, eliminates every trace of organic matter, the water passing through (at Long Branch) eight cisterns looking outside like miniature gasometers, in which the filtration is accomplished. These cisterns are ten feet in diameter, all connected by a common inlet and outlet pipe. The water is relieved, after aeration and coagulation, of all objectionable constituents by issuing through a series of wire-bound outlet screens. Once a day, the arrested impurities are thrown off from the beds of filtering material into a waste pipe, each filter being renovated independently while the others are working. The cleaning of a filter occupies about ten minutes. Water, with 8.03 of total solid on entering, contained 3.60 on leaving the filters. The total cost of filtering 40,000,000 gallons per day is placed by the Washington engineer's report at $18,000 per anum.

BRADLEY BARLOW'S ASSETS.

HIS CREDITORS TRYING HARD TO FIND THEM.

Messrs. McKechnie & Bertram, of Dundas, Ont., have taken a seizure after judgment against the South Eastern Railway Company and Bradley Barlow, in the hands of Sir Geo. Stephen, Sir Donald A. Smith, and Messrs. R. B. Angus and D. McIntyre, to have them come and declare what movable property they have belonging to Bradley Barlow or what moneys they owe him or will have to pay to him,—the object being to obtain payment of a judgment which plaintiffs have against defendant for $10,725.

TIRED OF LIFE.

The wife of a hard-working mechanic, the mother of five children, was found by the police lying drunk last night on Juniors street. She had for wraps but a thin cloud over her head, and appeared to be frozen. She has only been out of gaol a few weeks, and is a slave of whiskey. This morning she told the Police Matron that she would commit suicide on the first chance.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE,
Wednesday, Feb. 6.

FINANCIAL.

Money is unchanged.

Sterling Exchange is a shade easier at 109½ for 60-day bills and 109¾ to 109 15-16 for demand bills. Currency ¼ premium. Counter rates ¼ higher.

The stock market was active and strong to-day. The strength of Bank of Montreal is said to be owing to quite a loop line of short interest distributed over the street, and very small offerings of the stock, which is being manipulated by one or two "bull" breakers, who, in the absence of any outside selling, easily advance the price. Bank of Commerce is more active and large trades at ½ to 1 percent over the closing price of yesterday are recorded. Recent buying of this stock has been by investors, as it offered better inducements at former prices than any other stock on the list, owing to some large speculative orders in the market and the selling in large amounts of this stock this last week by brokers who are supposed to act for one large capitalist have prevented a large rise in the price though the offerings are easily absorbed. There is a good deal of talk of an advance to take place in sympathy with the rise in the rest of the market, and brokers are recommending their customers to buy this stock. Gas and Telegraph were also both active and higher, and points are given out that these stocks will sell higher in the near future.

To-day's Sales—56 Bank of Montreal, 250; 25 at 204½; 7 Ontario, 128; 14 Toronto, 215; 165 Commerce, 118½; 150 at 119; 8 at 118½; 91 at 118½; 5 at 118½; 50 Montreal Telegraph, 90½; 75 at 90¾; 1 at 90; 65 at 91; 175 at 91½; 100 at 91; 100 Gas, 201; 25 at 201½; 125 at 202; 25 at 201½; 25 at 201¾.

The prices at the close of the Board to-day reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler, Stock Brokers, corner St. Francois Xavier and Notre Dame streets, were as follows:—

Stocks.	Sellers per $100.	Buyers per $100.	Stocks.	Sellers per $100.	Buyers per $100.
Banks.			*Miscellaneous.*		
Montreal	231½	230½	Montreal Tel.	91	90½
Ontario	130	129	Rich. & Ont. Nav.	57	56
Peoples	108	104	City Pass. Ry.	195	187½
Molsons	165	160	City Gas Co.	201½	201¼
Toronto		213	M. Loan & Mort.		
Jac. Cartier	95	92	Canada Cotton.	40	30
Merchants	140	137½	Mont. Cotton		80
Quebec		116	Dundas Cotton		
Nationale		83	St. Henri	82½	70
E. Townships		106	Stormont Cot'n.	85	
Union	97	93	Hudon Cot.	145	135
Commerce	119	118½	S. Paul M. & M Ry.		
Federal			Can. N.W. Land.	66	65
Hochelaga	95	90	Can. Pac. Ry.	53	52
Ville Marie					

NEW YORK STOCK LIST—FEB. 6.
(*Furnished by J. R. Mosker.*)
13 St. Sacrament street.

Opening and Closing Prices—10.20 a.m. and 3.40 p.m.

Stg. Demand			St. P., M. & M.		
" 60 days			M. O. Pac.		73½
C. B. & Q.	108	107½	Nor. Pac.	29½	
Can. Pacific			Nor. Pac. pfd.	61½	
N. Y. Central			Nor. West.	107½	107½
Cen. Pac.		35½	Manhattan		
Can. South.	54½		Omaha Com.		
Del. & Hudson	136		O. & Trans. Cont.	32½	33
D. L. & West.	141½	141½	Pac. Mail		
Erie	29½	29½	Reading	48¾	48½
Oil			St Paul	64½	64½
N. Y. & N. Eng.	46½	46¾	Tex. Pac.		
N. J. Central	97½		Union Pacific		
Kan. & Texas			W. U. Tel.	86¾	86½
Louis & Nash.	59¾	60¼	Atchison		53½
L. Shore	104¾	104½	Money		
Mich. Central	90½				

CHICAGO, Feb. 6, 1.15 p.m.—Closing.—Wheat, 97c nominal Feb.; $1.00¼ asked May; 96¾c June; 89½c July. Corn, 35c bid Feb.; 35½c March; 35½c April; 36½c to 36¾ May; 36c bid June; 36½c July. Pork, $11.27½ nom. Feb.; $11.37½ March; $11.57½ May; $11.67½ June; $11.77½ July. Lard, $6.90 Feb.; $6.90 March; $7.00 May; $7.02½ June; $7.07½ July; $7.17½ Sept.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 6, 1.15 p.m.—Wheat, 89½c cash; 97½c sellers May.

TOLEDO, Feb. 6, 1.15 p.m.—Wheat, 96½c to $1.00 cash; 96½c May; 88½c July.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6, 2.17 p.m.—Closing—Wheat, 94½c Feb.; 95½c March; 97c April; 98½c May; 98½c June; 98½c bid July; 91½c bid Dec. Corn, 44c nom. Feb.; 44½c May; 44½c May; 44½c June.

LONDON, Feb. 6, 4.00 p.m.—Consols, 98 15-16 for money and 99¼ on account.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 6, 11.30 a. m.—Spring wheat, 7s 9d; Red Winter, 7s 7d; No. 1 Cal., 7s 9d; Corn, 4s 1d; Peas, 5s 9d; Pork, 70s; Lard, 36s 9d; Bacon, 33s to 34s; tallow, 30s; cheese, 58s.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

The Rev. H. J. Evans begs thankfully to acknowledge the receipt of $88.54 from Mrs. Phelps, now residing in England, in memory of her husband, the late Rev. Robert Phelps, M.A., formerly of Christ Church Cathedral, to assist in the erection of the Anglican Mission Church at the corner of St. Denis and Mary Anne streets.

Rev J. H. Dixon gratefully acknowledges the receipt of $5.00 for St. Jude's Church from Wellington Mathews, Esq., of Counsel street, a sum tendered to him by the children of G. A. Grier for a beautiful snow lion so kindly carved out for them in front of 58 Hospital street.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

THE LAW OF CHEQUES AND BILLS OF EXCHANGE—NEW MEMBERS AND WHO THEY ARE.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 4.

Two new members were introduced this afternoon, Mr. Waldie, of Halton, Ont., and Mr. Lariviere, of Provencher, Man., the former by Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. Patterson, of Brant, and the latter by Mr. Macdowall and Mr. Joncas. Why no Cabinet Minister, not even Sir Hector Langevin, would father Mr. Lariviere's introduction to the House may be surmised. It is significant, because the custom is that at least one member of the Ministry introduces a new supporter, and Mr. Lariviere's case is the only departure this session. If the record of the Hon. A. A. C. Lariviere is so unclean that Sir John Macdonald relegates his introduction into the hands of a private member it must be bad indeed. The insult to Mr. Lariviere from his party leaders is almost unprecedented.

WHO MR. LARIVIERE IS.

Mr. Lariviere, who enters the House of Commons for the first time, is a native of Montreal, where he was born in 1842. He was president of the Board of Arts and Manufactures for Quebec, of the Institut des Artisans Canadiens, and of the Cercle St. Pierre of Montreal. He went to Manitoba as a Dominion Lands agent, and entered journalism. He became the leader in Manitoba of the French Canadians there, and entered the Legislature for St. Boniface, rising to the Cabinet and holding several different and important portfolios under Mr. Norquay, with whom he went down. He was superintendent of Catholic schools, and a member of the Council of the University of Manitoba. He calls himself a "Liberal-Conservative."

MR. WALDIE.

John Waldie is an Englishman, 55 years old. He is a lumber manufacturer, and will be heard from with advantage on the trade question. He has been warden of the county of Halton and sat in the Commons during the session of 1887, was unseated and retired, but when a Tory won the seat in a bye-election and was in turn unseated Mr. Waldie again entered the field and emerged victorious.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

The Minister of Justice introduced a bill relating to bills of exchange, cheques and promissory notes. The object of the bill, as explained, is to render uniform in all these matters the various laws at present bearing on them. The only exception to uniformity is that respect is paid to holidays in Quebec. The custom is retained that when the last day of grace falls on a holiday the bill falls due next day. In England a signature on a blank stamped paper delivered by the signer in order that it may be converted into a bill is *prima facie* authority to fill it up for any amount the stamp will justify. The proposed bill adopted the same principle. It is proposed also that a bill could be made payable to two or more payees jointly, or in the alternative to one of two, or one or some of several payees, or to the holder of an office for the time being. A bill would be payable to order which did not contain words prohibiting transfer or indicating an intention that it should not be transferrable. In case of bills coming from a foreign country undated it is proposed to throw any possible inconvenience arising therefrom on the negligent party who omitted to date the bill or acceptance. In order to settle the moot question whether presentment of a bill to a person, if any, named therein as referee in case of need, a section is inserted declaring it optional with the holder to resort to the referee in case of need. With regard to bills indorsed conditionally, the present law made the acceptor pay it at his peril if the condition was not fulfilled. This was considered a hardship and this bill declares that the condition might be disregarded by the payer and payment to the endorsee would be valid whether the condition had been fulfilled or not. The bill also makes the present commercial custom declaratory that the acceptor of a stale cheque takes it at his peril. The length of time necessary for staleness would be a question of a fact. Another moot point was settled by altering the existing law and declaring that where the holder of a bill drawn payable elsewhere than at the place of business or residence of drawee, had not time to present the bill for acceptance before presenting for payment on the day of maturity, the delay caused by presenting for acceptance before presenting for payment was excused and did not discharge the drawer and endorsers. In the case of a cheque which is not presented within reasonable time and the drawer suffers actual damage by the delay as, for instance, by the failure of the bank, it was proposed that he should be absolutely discharged to the extent of such damage. In certain cases of protest, as where a bill or note was required to be protested within a specified time, or before some further proceeding was taken, it would be sufficient that the bill had been simply noted for protest within the specified time, and the formal protest might be extended at any time thereafter, as of the date of the noting. In the absence of a notary any justice of the peace may act. The bill, Sir John Thompson said, was to a large extent declaratory of the common law and the usages of the mercantile community and it was not to come into force until September 1st next. The bill was then read the first time.

THE FRANCHISE ACT.

The Minister of Justice introduced the amendments to the Franchise Act referred to in the Speech from the Throne. It was substantially the same as that of last session which was dropped for want of time. It was now proposed that immediately after the 1st of June the revising officer shall proceed with his revision, and shall make supplementary lists of voters and send them to the Queen's printer who shall return them to the revising officer for public posting. On a fixed day objections will be heard and corrections made and inserted in the list by the Government printing officer. This corrected list shall be final as to the qualification of voters. The polling districts shall be sub divided so that from time to time they shall not exceed 250 voters instead of 300 as at present. Other minor changes were proposed. The bill was read the first time.

CONSUMPTION OF LIQUOR.

The Hon. John Costigan explained the error that had crept into the Inland Revenue report as to the consumption of liquor per head in Ontario last year. The correct figures were in the main body of the report, but an error had been made by Mr. F. R. E. Campau, assistant accountant in the Department, in making out the abstract. The matter had been remedied. The correct percentage of the consumption of liquors was about three fourths of a gallon per head.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S WARRANTS.

A statement of Governor General's warrants issued since last session shows that they amounted in the fiscal year, 1888, to $155,072 and $623,660 in 1889. Last year $5,621 were expended on the Scott Act, on excise contingencies $10,000, on the preventive service, $8,000. For 1888 9 the amount of warrant on account of North-West Rebellion for distribution of seed grain in the North-West by the Militia Department was $8,100, of which $5,300 were expended. The warrant for the Labor Commission was $20,000 and the expenditure $7,684. The expenditure on the Murray Canal was $100,000. Of the warrant for $30,000 expenses of C. P. R. arbitration over the British Columbia section, $28,000 was expended.

THE ADDRESS IN THE SENATE.

In the Senate, the Hon. Mr. Reid, of British Columbia, was introduced and took his seat. The address was moved by Senator Drummond and seconded by Senator Perley. The Hon. R. W. Scott attracted the trade policy of the Government. Mr. Drummond discussed commercial union, and Mr. Scott averred that not one per cent of the people favored commercial union, but he believed sixty-five percent favored unrestricted reciprocity. He charged that the annexationists in Ontario were all Tories.

THE TRADE POLICY.

Sir Richard Cartwright was in his place to-day for the first time. He is full of facts and arguments to be adduced at the proper time in support of the Opposition's trade policy. It is remarked that Lord Lorne, in his contributions to the *Forum*, declares that "free commercial intercourse with the United States is desired in Canada." This is what Lord Dufferin also learned.

Mr. Denison will move on Wednesday for a select committee to enquire into the advisability of the Government acquiring all the telegraph wires in Canada.

Mr. Wallace will present his Combines Bill to the House on Wednesday.

Mr. Laurier will bring up the dismissal of the Hon. Wm. Ross, collector at Halifax, on Wednesday, by moving for all the papers.

Mr. Curran is curious about the recent examination of candidates for the office of inspector of hides, Montreal, and will move on Wednesday for the papers.

Mr. Ives will move on Wednesday for a select committee to consider measures to make Canada independent of the lines of transit passing through any portions of the United States.

The Auditor-General's report shows the following sums paid last year to some Montreal newspapers:—*Gazette*, $8,322; *Herald*, $1,377; *Minerve*, $4,250; *Monde*, $780; *Star*, $770; *Witness*, $31.

The Auditor-General last year refused to pass an $800 account for "linen" for Rideau Hall, but the Minister of Justice ordered its payment as a proper public charge.

LAST WORDS BY WIRE.

CABLE NOTES.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

NOT SUPERSTITIOUS.

Hostess (excitedly, as guests are about to take their seats)—Mercy! there are thirteen here.

Chorus—Never mind! Don't be afraid! Don't be superstitious!

Hostess—Oh, it's not that. But there are only twelve plates laid. How awkward! But there is little harm done, as none of them know who was forgotten.—*Dominion Illustrated.*

WHY WILL YOU COUGH when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10c., 50c and $1. Sold by B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame street, Laviolette & Nelson, 1605 Notre Dame street, and J. T. Lyons, corner Craig and Bleury streets.

CLOUD WITH A SILVER LINING.

A teacher in the infant department of an Eighth ward Sunday-school recently observed a five-year-old girl in the class making desparate efforts to suppress an exhibition of something which seemed to please her wonderfully. Thinking that relieving her mind might quiet the child, the teacher inquired the cause of her merriment.

"Why," exclaimed the girl, "my dramma's dead and papa's doin' to let me sing at de funeral dis afternoon." *Minneapolis Review.*

SO RAPIDLY does lung irritation spread and deepen, that often in a few weeks a simple cough culminates in tubercular consumption. Give heed to a cough, there is always danger in delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and cure yourself. It is a medicine unsurpassed for all throat and lung troubles. It is compounded from several herbs, each one of which stands at the head of the list as exerting a wonderful influence in curing consumption and all lung diseases.

MEXICAN DELICACY.

Mexicans have a nice, delicate way of saying even unpleasant things. A young Mexican lady, talking with a prisoner in the penitentiary, politely asked: "How long do you expect to be away from home?"

A lawyer in Mexico writes, politely, of a certain senor:

"I have written to Senor —— about the documents, and I am awaiting his reply. He has not answered, although there has been plenty of time, I hear he is in gaol, and that, of course, handicaps him to some extent."—*Youth's Companion.*

MIRACULOUS.—"My miraculous cure was that I had suffered from kidney disease for about two years, was off work all that time. A friend told me of B.B.B., I tried it, and am happy to say that I was cured by two bottles." Wm. Tiers, St. Mary's, Ont.

SECRET SOCIETY'S SECRETS.

Wife (11.30 p.m.)—"What's that horrid odor? Smells like alcohol."

Husband—"Yes, my dear; we use alcohol at the lodge for initiations. Take some alcohol, light it, put salt in the flame, and it gives a ghastly yellow light; makes folks look like ghosts, you know."

"But that odor comes from your breath."

"Yes, my dear; in the thirty-seventh degree I personate the chief demon, with flames coming from his mouth. I take a mouthful of alcohol and a swallow of salt, and then set fire to it. But m'dear, you musn't tell these things. Secret society secrets very sacred, you know."—*Philadelphia Record.*

CARDS, circulars, bill heads, statements, handbills, envelopes, tags, etc., etc., executed with neatness and despatch, by W. H. Eaton, Job Printer, 568 Craig street, corner Place d'Armes Hill.

HOME, SWEET HOME.—"I suppose," said Upton meekly to the real estate agent, "that if I hire this flat from you, I will be allowed to sleep in it when I'm tired." "Well, yes," returned the autocrat, adding a new clause to the conditions of the lease, "provided you don't snore."—*Puck.*

NO, I WON'T go tobogganing to-night, George, my hands get so fearfully chapped. Well, I will get you a tube of Dyer's Cucumber and Rose Jelly. It's first-rate for chapped hands. Druggists keep it.

HAD KNOWN PRIVATIONS.

"Have you got any evidence?" asked a lawyer of a colored client.

"Deed I hasn't. Times is so hah'd dat I'se bin 'bliged to do waffout a good deal ob de neclssitashusness of life lef' alone de luxuralishnesses."

CASWELL, MASSEY & CO.'s Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Pepsine and Quinine has given far greater satisfaction and lasting results in throat and lung complaints than any other preparation of Cod Liver Oil known. Sold by all druggists. W. A. Dyer & Co., manufacturers for the Dominion.

SETTLING THE DUST.

Mr. Winks—"Oh! Look there where the sun comes do, and see the cloud of dust floating in the room."

Mrs. Winks—"Dear me! Marie! Come, lower this curtain."

IF A FEW grains of common sense could be infused into the thick noddles of those who perpetually and alternately irritate and weaken their stomachs and bowels with drastic purgatives, they would use the highly accredited and healthful laxative and tonic, Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, which causes "good digestion to wait on appetite, and health on both."

THE HORSE—noblest of the brute creation—when suffering from a cut, abrasion, or sore, derives as much benefit as his master in a like predicament, from the healing, soothing action of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Lameness, swelling of the neck, stiffness of the joints, throat and lungs are relieved by it.

THE RULE.

Miss De Culture—"Mother, I dreamt last night that we were living in a log cabin."

Mrs. De Culture—"Well, my dear, you know dreams, like weather predictions, go by contraries."—*New York Weekly.*

JOHN WARD, PREACHER, the book which has created such a furore in the United States, having run through six editions in as many weeks, and of which *Harper's Monthly* says: "it is a greater book than 'Robert Elsmere' has been published in cheap form by J. Theo. Robinson and can be bought at any book store for 40 cents.

SCOTCH DELIBERATION.

A Scotch country lad went up to a man who was ploughing in a field near the highway, and said, "I say, man, I've coupit ma cairt." "Coupit your cairt! that's a pity; where is it and what was on it?" "It's doun on the road vonner, an' it was a cairt o' hay. Div ye think ye can come and help me to lift it?" "Oh, yes, I'll come as soon as I can, but I canna leave my horses here in the middle o' the field; as soon as I can get to the head rig, I'll come and help you." "Div ye no think ye can come the noo?" he said scratching his head. "No, I'm sorry, but I'll come as soon as I can." "Aweel," he said, in a tone of resignation, "I maun just wait then, but I wad hae likit that ye could hae come the noo, for the hanged thing is that ma father's below't!"

LOOK OUT FOR IT.—If you are troubled with a cough or cold, however light the attack, look out for it, do not allow it to settle on the lungs; break up the cough by loosening the tough phlegm with Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker Mouth. Sold by B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame street; Laviolette & Nelson, 1605 Notre Dame street, and J. T. Lyons, corner Craig and Bleury streets.

IN A CURLING RINK.

THE ROARIN' GAME OF AULD SCOTLAND

NOW THOROUGHLY ACCLIMATIZED IN CANADA.

What tobogganing and bobsleighing, skating and hockey, snow-shoeing and driving, are to young Canada, both male and female, curling is to middle-aged Canada—or rather the male portion thereof. When the "lad" pulls on his blanket coat, twists a sash tight about him, straps on the shoes and is "off over the mountain," his father struggles into a heavy overcoat and walks off to the "rink" as calmly as if he were going back to warehouse or office. If because the curler sets out for his evening or afternoon sport as if he were on a most serious errand bent, you labor under the delusion that curling is a "stupid old fogey sort of a game," follow this staid, respectable house father until you arrive at a long low erection on a vacant lot, generally on a side street. Don't be afraid of the awful rumpus that is going on inside. That deep rumble is only an iron flying along the ice, that mighty smash, the effect of its arrival at the tee, that wild shout a sure token that some one has made a good shot, or tumbled down in his anxiety to do too much, or made a good or bad joke.

Push through the hospitable swinging door, and go in. Coming out of the dark passage-way you see—what?

IN A CURLING RINK.

A POLISHED MIRROR,

over a hundred feet long, as true as a sheet of plate glass. Dark it is, and hard; you never saw a truer or finer piece of ice outside of a curling rink. At either end, the light thrown down upon the ice by great reflectors, is as bright as day; but towards the centre of the rink there is a shimmer of reflected side lights on the ice, which is almost mysterious. Now, look well at the bearded faces around you. Where will you find finer?

The game is almost finished; there are but three shots more to be played, and that small, nervous-looking man is about to play. With one foot in the hack he is calmly brushing the bottoms of his stones, while at the farther end the gray-haired "skip" is reviewing the position of affairs with a studied air of coolness;—in fact, too studied an air. The man who has just thrown his last stone, which was a laggard and did not quite stop up a fine port, twines his arm round a post, as if to keep himself together; he is more than slightly anxious. Brooms in hand, the other four players—for, of course, both skips are at the tee—stand along the glittering ice.

Down the long rink comes in thunderous tones from the gray-haired skip the question, "Johnnie, my mon, d'ye see the butt o' my broom?"

"Yes. Ay, ay," says Johnnie; remembering his "Scotch" just in time.

"Well, mon, play for it wi' the out turn. Ye must just gi' her power eneuch to knock that chap out o' harm's way, and pit yourself as near the tee as ye can, d'ye mind!"

The player's form stiffens, his right arm trembles for a moment, back goes his body and the stone with it, and then, with a graceful swing, the heavy stone

GOES RUMBLING DOWN THE ICE,

settling gradually down with a steady humming noise, as it moves swiftly on.

A moment of silence and suspense follows as all breathlessly watch the progress of the iron. Suddenly, the old skip, with a roar that would not discredit an eighty-one-ton gun, shouts "she's a bonnie one, if she's got the power; sweep, ye loons, sweep her, sweep her!" Then the riot begins. The sweepers ply their brooms as if they wanted to sweep away the ice, yelling "swoop her up" like fiends, while the old skip dances an entirely new description of the Highland Fling and roars like a Highland bull.

Crash! And that unfortunate stone that did not quite do its duty is hurled from the sacred ring, and the conqueror, now running in quite a new direction, settles calmly down upon the tee itself. Then a shout goes up that raises the roof, or that would raise it if it were not accustomed to that sort of thing.

The skip of the other rink is positively wolfish, before the cheering has come to an end he has sent his stone flying down the ice with the speed of a comet, and with a mighty crash it takes out the only stone that would have given him a chance to count a point!

"And all stood still who saw that stroke,
While men might count a score."

Then there is another yell, and it's a different sort of a yell, too. With a grim smile

THE OLD SKIP TAKES HIS SHOT,

and deftly drops a stone into the opening made by his opponent. Then scores are made up, and it is found that the last three shots have decided the matter.

Can you understand now why any man, who is a man, delights in a curling match, and that the old Scotch game has become the game of Canadian men? Until you have actually played, and that in a match, you cannot understand why it is that right reverend divines, busy merchants and solid financiers become boys again under the magic influence of the roaring game, and shout and laugh, exert themselves to the very limit of their powers, and forget everything but the glory of the triumph, or the honor of feeling that although defeated they had done their best.

A "TONIC" EXPOSURE.

Some curious revelations on the subject of tonics and bitters are made in a report which has been presented to the Board of Health of Massachusetts. These liquids, like many other things in the world, are not what they seem. Professedly non-intoxicating, they yet contain a very large infusion of alcohol. Of 47 different samples which were examined, 46 were found to contain alcohol in quantities varying from 6 to 47.5 percent. The average was 21.5 percent., which represents a greater alcoholic strength than that of sherry. A "cocoa-beef tonic" had 23.2 percent of spirit, while sherry has only 18 to 20 percent. "A purely vegetable extract," which is much recommended as "a stimulus to the body without intoxicating qualities," had 41.6 percent of alcohol, while whiskey has only about 50 percent. This particular decoction is especially pressed upon inebriates who are struggling to reform. A bitter said to be distilled from seaweed, and to be quite harmless and free from alcohol, has 19.5 percent. Certain "sulphur bitters" are perfectly innocent of sulphur, and though sold as free from alcohol actually contain 20.5 percent. One maker's "sherry wine bitters" has 47.5 percent of alcohol, or about two percent less than brandy.

YOUNG CANADIAN CHRISTIANS.

THEIR DUTY TO THEIR FELLOWS AND THEIR COUNTRY.

FORCIBLE ADDRESSES BEFORE THE Y.M.C.A. CONVENTION.

(*From an Occasional Correspondent.*)

OTTAWA, Feb. 4.

At the Saturday morning session Mr. P. W. Corbett, from Montreal, read a very interesting paper on the subject, "Junior Departments; how best to be organized and managed." In pressing the claim of the boys he said that we all as Christians would acknowledge that we find ourselves handicapped by matters that would not at all have hindered us if we had commenced Christian work earlier in life. As in physical development those that commenced to practise when young became more proficient, so in Christian work, most of those that did most work for Christ were those that commenced early in life. In conclusion, he said that in this work, as in everything else in the Christian life, we should remember that of ourselves we can do nothing. We should always forget self, and do everything for the glory of the Master.

The afternoon session commenced with devotional exercises. Then some time was taken up quoting Scriptures alphabetically. An address was given by Mr. Geo. Hague, of Montreal, on "The Christian Young Man as a Patriotic Citizen." Mr. Hague, in referring to those Christians who adopted the theory that as their ultimate home was in heaven they had no business to interfere in the politics of the country in which they live, said that such theories were contrary to Scripture and common sense. We ought to recognize ourselves as members of a secular community as well as a Christian community. In referring to the Old Country and its place among the nations he said that it was not the constitution that made the people what they are, but it is the people that made the constitution. He urged upon young men to read the history of the nations in general, and of Canada in particular. It was a most interesting history. Ever young Canadian should have Parkman's history of Canada by heart. He recommends young men to study the biography of the Earl of Shaftesbury. He mentioned also several other books, among them the "Life of William Lyon Mackenzie." These were all men of a high Christian standing, but they were men who had a great deal to do with making Canada what it is at present. These were the kind of men who helped to make Canada a country where Christ would ultimately reign.

The next item was a paper by Mr. McCallum, of McGill College, on "The relation of the college Y.M.C.A. to the question of Foreign Missions." First a Christian and then a scholar, should be the motto of every one who aspires to be a foreign missionary. In referring to students in colleges in heathen lands the great difference was that they had the same temptations as students in Christian lands, but they did not know the Saviour that many students in Christian lands knew. Those that were most interested in foreign missions were those that were most interested in home missions. The basis of true enthusiasm was knowledge. The Bible should always be kept to the front. The Bible was the best missionary text book. The light that shines farthest shines brightest at home.

Mr. McBurney, of the International Committee, mentioned the fact that a judge of the highest Court of Appeal in Japan came to America to examine the system of courts of justice, and spent the time he was in New York as the guest of Mr. Morse that he might learn the working of the Y.M.C.A.

The last session of the Convention was opened on Saturday evening, at 7.30, Mr. D. A. Budge, of Montreal, in the chair. The first item was a paper by Mr. C. Falconer, Ottawa, on "The Young Men's Meeting—How best to make it efficient." He said that a good and earnest Christian worker would not take any less interest in the work, though not appointed to the highest office. To have a live meeting you must have live men to work it. Make every one to feel his responsibility. Do not make apologies for want of preparation. Don't let your lips get ahead of your heart. Talk like a man. Avoid cant. Souls were never born in smiles. Let prayers be short. Look out for the hobbyist and the long talker. A hearty shake of the hand might make an impression that might never be forgotten. Make use of the newspapers. Don't be afraid of printer's ink. The reporters are fellows that are always willing to do you a good turn. Be not weary in well doing. Never be content with anything short of winning them for Christ. Let the address be brief, pointed and practical. Let Christ always be present. Whatever else we might do, if this was not done, all our labors amounted to nothing.

Mr. T. K. Cree, of New York, next gave an account of the work done among the young men on the Continent of Europe, in France, Spain, &c. In prefacing his remarks the speaker paid a high compliment to the Earl of Shaftesbury. One of the good results of the World's Conference at Stockholm was the interest taken in foreign missions as a result of that Conference.

The Emperor William was a patron of the Y.M.C.A. The Paris (France) Association was started in 1852, and after 30 years existence they only got as far as a membership of 30.

A unanimous vote of thanks was given to the citizens of Ottawa for their kindness in entertaining the delegates, and also to the Ottawa Y.M.C.A. for placing their building at the disposal of the Convention. Also to the press for their kindness in giving such full reports of the meetings. The papers represented were the local papers and the Montreal *Witness*. A vote of thanks was also passed to the Rev. Dr. McTavish, of Toronto, for his excellent addresses. Thus ended a very interesting convention.

Most of the city churches have made arrangements to have some one of the delegates conduct the services to-morrow.

PERSONAL.

Dr. James R. Taylor, of New York City, has arrived in Montreal and is the guest of Mr. D. Yuile, 239 Drummond street.

Mr. Jas. McCredie, of the Albany *Argus*, and Mr. R. L. Banks, jr., son of General Banks, Albany, are at the Windsor.

Mr. J. W. Richards, M.P.P., of Prince Edward Island, and Mr. T. P. Rose Richards, of Swansea, Wales, are the guests of Mr. W. McLea Walbank at 212 Peel street.

OFFICIAL PROGRAMME

OF THE WINTER CARNIVAL EVENTS.

THIRD DAY, WEDNESDAY, 6TH FEBRUARY.

Forenoon—Championship fancy skating tournament at Victoria Skating Rink, commencing at ten o'clock. Tobogganing at Park and Tuque Bleue slides, commencing at ten o'clock.

Afternoon—Second day of trotting races on the river ice, opposite Jacques Cartier square, commencing at 2 o'clock. Three o'clock—Grand official opening of Park Club toboggan slides by Their Excellencies, and fancy dress toboggan carnival, with 5 o'clock tea. Band, skating and 5 o'clock tea at Victoria Skating Rink. Carnival snow-shoe races on the Montreal Club ground, west end of Sherbrooke street, under the patronage of Their Excellencies, commencing at 2.20 o'clock.

Evening—Commencing at 9 o'clock—storming, defence and capitulation of the ice palace by the allied snow-shoe clubs, advancing from the mountain, under cover of the guns of the Montreal Field Battery; the besieging host commence the attack simultaneously from all sides of the palace; the defence by the garrison and onslaught of the invaders, with the dissolving illumination of the palace previous to the capitulation, forms the grandest spectacular event to be witnessed in any part of the world. Continuation of ten-mile championship races at Dominion Skating Rink. Illumination of public buildings.

FOURTH DAY—THURSDAY, 7TH FEBRUARY.

Forenoon—Skating at Victoria and Dominion skating rinks, from 10 to 12 o'clock. Tobogganing at Park and Tuque Bleue slides, commencing at 10 o'clock.

Afternoon—Civic holiday. Tobogganing at Park and Tuque Bleue slides. Grand fancy Carnival drive, or winter mardi gras, moving westward on Sherbrooke street from Union avenue, at 2.30, introducing equipages of all sorts and conditions, ancient and modern; allegorical cars and club cars, manned by the different clubs in costume, with private sleighs of fantastic design, the whole presenting a wondrous scene of life and merriment never before approached for ludicrous and suggestive incidents by any similar event.

Evening—Tobogganing. Brilliant illumination of the Park and Tuque Bleue slides. Grand special display of fireworks at the Park slides. Grand fancy dress carnival at Victoria Rink, introducing novel electric effects, commencing at 8 o'clock. Fancy dress carnival at Dominion Skating Rink, commencing at 8 o'clock. Illumination of Ice Palace and public buildings.

FIFTH DAY—FRIDAY, 8TH FEBRUARY.

Forenoon—Tobogganing at Park and Tuque Bleue slides, commencing at 10 o'clock. Visit to McGill University, and address to His Excellency by the University, 11 a.m. Skating at Victoria and Dominion Rinks, from 10 to 12 o'clock.

Afternoon—Band and skating at the Victoria Rink, commencing at three o'clock. Tobogganing at Park and Tuque Bleue slides. Toboggan races at three o'clock at the Tuque Bleue slides. Grand citizens' drive, headed and guided by the Montreal Tandem Club, starting from Dominion square at 2.30 o'clock. This drive will embrace the largest turnout of private winter equipages to be seen in any city on the continent.

Evening—Carnival skating races and games at Victoria Skating Rink, at eight o'clock. Tobogganing. Brilliant illumination of the Park and Tuque Bleue slides. Continuation of ten mile championship race at Dominion Rink. The Argyle and Garrison Artillery Snow shoe Clubs' tramp to the Athletic Club House, starting at eight o'clock from McGill College gate. Grand ball at Windsor Hotel. Illumination of Ice Palace and public buildings.

SIXTH DAY—SATURDAY, 9TH FEBRUARY.

Forenoon—Tobogganing, Park and Tuque Bleue slides, commencing at 10 o'clock.

Afternoon—Tobogganing at Park and Tuque Bleue slides. Montreal Snow-shoe Club's annual races, at their grounds, 2.30 o'clock. Band at 5 o'clock tea at Victoria Rink. Third day's trotting races on the river ice,—opposite Jacques Cartier square,—commencing at 2 o'clock.

Evening—Hockey matches at Victoria Skating Rink at 8 o'clock. Tobogganing. Park and Tuque Bleue slides brilliantly illuminated. Montreal Snow-shoe Club's annual dinner and presentation of prizes at Windsor Hotel. Final race for the ten mile skating championship at Dominion Rink. Illumination of ice palace and public buildings, with pyrotechnic display.

For Sale.

FOR SALE, Vose, Hale, Fox, Kater, Marshall & Wendell, Mead, and a large number of other Pianos. Prices, $25 to $250. Terms, $4 to $10 per month. These instruments have been given as part payment for New Heintzman Upright Pianos, and are offered at bargains to immediate purchasers at

C. W. LINDSAY'S Piano Rooms,
2270 St. Catherine street,

Employment Wanted.

Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 50 words, prepaid. Three insertions free

A LOOM FIXER (Crompton Loom) of six years' experience, wants employment. Address G., "Witness" Office.

A YOUNG MAN of nineteen wishes to learn the trade of cabinet-making in Montreal; would like to start with a respectable tradesman in April. For further particulars, address FRANK WATSON, P. O. Box 132, Morrisburg, Ont.

A YOUNG MAN, aged 26 years, a Protestant, and total abstainer, desires a situation as Servant to a gentleman, or family going to Florida, or California, is handy, polite, and willing to make himself generally useful; can furnish good references. Address SOUTH, "Witness" Office.

DEAN CARMICHAEL, 69 Windsor street, desires to hear of a situation for a respectable girl as House or Parlor Maid. Apply by letter to Dean CARMICHAEL.

SITUATION urgently wanted by young Man, any kind, can milk, etc., used to gardening; city reference. Address, G. L. 62, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, by an experienced Dressmaker, Sewing by the day in private families. Address EXPERIENCE, 10, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, by young Lady, of good general education, situation in first-class wholesale or retail fancy goods house, or would take position in the wholesale jewellery business; is a good writer and well up in figures; could assist in office work; first-class references if necessary. Address A. R., "Witness" Office.

WANTED, by a respectable Woman, family's washing at her own home, where no other is done. Apply 178 Chatham street.

WANTED, cleaning or washing by the day by respectable woman, 26 St. Urbain street.

WANTED, Washing and Ironing by the day, by a good Laundress; constant work. Apply, in rear of 38 Alexander street.

WANTED, by a respectable young girl, recently arrived from the North of Ireland, a situation as Housemaid. Apply at 63 Alexander st.

WANTED, situation to Widower with small family, by Protestant Englishwoman, middle-aged. Farmers need not apply. Address ENGLISHWOMAN, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, situation as Gardener; understands grape vines, peaches, stove and greenhouse plants and vegetables, early and late forcing; good reference from present employer; no objections to country. Address 579 St. James street.

WANTED, a situation as Kitchen Girl, or work by the day. Apply at 17 Dowd street.

WANTED, Washing and Ironing, 75c per day. Apply WASHING 36, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, by two or three women, work by the day. Apply at Day Nursery, 174 Mountain street.

WANTED, by a Shorthand Writer, situation, having good experience in office work. (Rate, 12½ words). Address, R. W. "Witness" Office.

WANTED, a situation as Upper Housemaid or mother's help; is a first-class sewer. Address HOUSEMAID, 70, "Witness" Office.

Lost, Strayed and Found.

Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

FOUND, a Bunch of Keys, between Dupre lane and Hibernia street; name Chanteloup on one key. Can be had at 34 St. Henry street.

FOUND, Sunday morning, on Balmoral street, a purse containing a small sum of money. Owner can have it by appplying at 30 Balmoral street.

FOUND, on 28th Jan., a Black and Tan Collie Dog. If not claimed by Saturday 1 p.m., will be sold to defray expenses. 30 Balmoral street.

LOST, last evening, on the train from the West or in Bonaventure Station, a Purse containing a Ticket and Nine Dollars. Finder will please leave same at W. DRYSDALE & CO'S

LOST, on Sunday, 3rd inst., between Salvation Army and Barre, a Lady's Otter Cuff. Finder will please return the same to 17 Barre street and be rewarded.

To Let.

Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

FURNISHED HOUSE, to rent on 1st May, 69 Drummond street, vicinity Windsor and C. P. R. Depot.

HOUSE TO LET,—Furnished House, 226 St. Urbain street, for 6 months or longer; 5 rooms; bath, gas, basement kitchen, dumb waiter, pantry. Price reasonable to careful tenant.

TO LET, in Sunny Side Terrace, Cadieux street, several delightful self-contained Tenements of 5, 6, 7 rooms, with extension kitchens, bathroom and w.c. each, fine large stone cellar, large yard, and sanitary condition perfect; full view of Mountain Park and surroundings; rents only $10, $13 and $15 per month, no taxes; the houses all in perfect order and only one year built; for the quality and size of house they are without doubt the best value in the city; also lower part of a cottage house on Cadieux street; 4 rooms, with extension summer kitchen, wood shed, large yard and stabling for two horses; to a good tenant rent $10 per month. Apply on the premises, 597 Cadieux street; or to the proprietor, JAMES LOWE, 366 St. Lawrence Main street.

TO BE LET, that stone-front House, 692 Sherbrooke street from 1st May next; rent, $500 and taxes. Apply to W. G. MURRAY, 1 Custom House sq.

TO LET, 103 Stanley street; rat proof, drainage and ventilation perfect. Apply to DANL. WILSON, 2353 St. Catherine street, or 7 McGregor street.

TO LET, 381 and 383 St. Dominique street, Upper Tenement, 10 rooms, bath and closet, $18; Lower Tenement, bath and closet, $14. MITCHELL & WILSON, Printers, 1727 Notre Dame street, after six, 79 Cathcart st.

TO LET, Lower Tenement, No. 7 Concord street; $20 per month, including taxes. Apply to 11 Concord st.

TO LET, Room and Power, heated with steam. Apply JAMES MITCHELL, or CHAS. S. ASPINALL, 690 Craig.

TO LET, Notre Dame de Grace, semi-detached, 8 rooms, bath, &c., heated with hot water; city water pressure; will be finished early in January. THOMAS LIGGET, 1884 Notre Dame street.

HOUSE TO LET.

No. 169 Mance street, just above Sherbrooke, a very desirable House; every convenience and heated by "Daisy" Hot Water Boiler.

JOHN PARKSOW, 169 St. James street.

OFFICES TO LET,

TEMPLE BUILDING

(Old St. James Street Methodist Church Site).

MODERATE RENTS. SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS.

The magnificent offices now in course of erection on the site of the old St. James Street Methodist Church will be ready on the first of May next.

Special attention is called to the following advantages which this building will afford, viz.:—

Three elevators of the newest and most approved design in constant use. Eight capacious fire-proof vaults on each floor. The entire building heated by steam and the several offices lighted by ELECTRICITY or GAS at the option of tenants. The greatest care has been taken to secure the best possible LIGHT in all parts of the building and the most perfect VENTILATION. Lavatory accommodation for each separate office. Moderate rents, and which will include all janitorial service, thus relieving tenants of a very great annoyance.

These offices are the most centrally located in the city, and no effort or necessary expense will be spared to render them the most complete in equipment and accommodation. Any reasonable changes will be made to suit banks, insurance companies or other tenants who may wish separate offices or offices *en suite*.

Before making arrangements elsewhere call and examine the plans, which may be seen and all further information obtained at the office of

HANSON BROS.,
MECHANICS' INSTITUTE BUILDING,
204 St. James street.

TO LET, THE HOUSE,

Farlston Cottage,

No. 230 & 232 STANLEY STREET.

Apply to

T. M. TAYLOR,
169 Drummond street,
or Union Buildings.

TO LET

TARA HALL, ST. URBAIN STREET,

Three doors above Sherbrooke street,

New Daisy Furnace, New Drains, Modern Conveniences, Good Stabling, Large Garden attached. Rent, $600 and taxes. If required, long lease.

Apply,

1764 NOTRE DAME STREET.

TO LET—Peel street, 1st door above Sherbrooke street, East side—NICE COTTAGE, 9 rooms, refitted throughout with all modern conveniences heated with Hot Water Furnace, small yard attached. Rent: $300 and taxes. 1764 NOTRE DAME STREET.

TO LET,

OFFICE AND FLATS, centrally located. Apply to

BUSHNELL & CO.,

160 McGILL STREET.

Property.

Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY for sale or to let, with engine, boiler, shafting and belting. An isolated, solidly built brick Factory of two stories, suitable for many sorts of manufacturing purposes, for sale or to let. It is situated in the flourishing village of Ste. Therese, P.Q., twenty miles from Montreal; it is in a good position, being contiguous to the railway station; train from Montreal three times a day. For particulars address FACTORY "Witness" Office.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

STORES, RESIDENCES and SHOPS.

ALSO,

BUILDING LOTS

IN DESIRABLE LOCALITIES.

Apply to

CHARLES HOLLAND,
249 ST. JAMES STREET.

$13,000.

FOR SALE, 130,000 FEET OF LAND,

with a large Stone Building, 70 x 40; three stories high; strong; suitable for heavy machinery; alongside G.T.R. track and canal. Apply to

W. L. MALTBY, Manager,
764 Notre Dame street.

NOTICE.

LANDLORDS AND OTHERS

having Houses to Rent will hear of good Tenants by applying to

CHARLES HOLLAND,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
249 St. James street.

Wanted.

Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 30 words, prepaid.

BOOKS WANTED.—Cannift's "Settlement of Upper Canada and Sabine's "Lives of the United Empire Loyalists." Address, stating price, R. A. S., "Witness" Office.

COTTAGE wanted at Cote St. Antoine, or other easily accessible place not in the city. Rent must be low. First-class tenant. Send full particulars,—number of rooms, &c.—to SCOT, "Witness" Office.

DAILY WITNESS—Wanted, a copy of the *Daily Witness* of Saturday, June 5, 1886. Any person having one, address, with price, J. T. E., 42 Latour street.

HOUSES WANTED.—Proprietors having Houses or Stores to let can obtain good Tenants from the number on my Books if they place their properties in my hands. A. D. McDIARMID, Estate Agent, 118 St. James street.

Business Chances.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

Paper Jobbing and Stationery Business; ten years established; profitable, increasing trade; stand one of the best in city. Stock about $1,500. No bonus. Apply for information to J. C. WILSON & CO., Montreal; or Box 505, Halifax, N.S.

Situations Vacant.

Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 30 words, prepaid.

TEACHER wanted for unexpired time of the present scholastic year. Apply to JOHN DAVIDSON, Sec. Treas., Dundee, P.Q.

WANTED, a Pattern Maker. MOSES PARKER, Iron Founder, 27 Dalhousie st., Montreal.

WANTED, Good General Servant, at 1362 Dorchester street. Good wages to a good girl.

WANTED, Fireman to run Stationary Engine. 293 Visitation street.

WANTED, a Good Cook, immediately. Apply 864 Sherbrooke street.

WANTED, a Housemaid; city references required. 109 Stanley street.

WANTED, a good General Servant (Protestant); good references. Apply 214 Victoria street.

WANTED, a Grocer's Clerk, to go to a city in New Hampshire, U.S.; state age and experience, wages expected; best recommendations for honesty and sobriety required; single person and nativity. Address, by letter only, J. E. RIDER, St. Lawrence Hall.

WANTED, a first-class working Farmer, to manage a farm of 200 acres, about two miles from the city; a thorough knowledge of stock required. ROBERT HAMPSON, 18 Corn Exchange.

WANTED, an experienced Nurse to take charge of a baby. Apply at 1152 Dorchester street.

WANTED, a General Servant (Protestant); references required. Apply at 235 Bleury street.

WANTED, a Cook. References required. Apply at 1127 Dorchester street.

WANTED a first-class Working Farmer and his Wife (Scotch preferred), to take charge of a farm near Montreal, must thoroughly understand high-class farming, care of stock, milk and butter dairy; best of references required. Apply to ROBERT BENNY, 307 St. Paul street, Montreal.

WANTED, a Licentiate of Pharmacy; must be well recommended. Apply P. MATHIE, Druggist, Quebec.

Board and Rooms.

Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 30 words, prepaid.

ALL PERSONS WISHING TO LET ROOMS or obtain Boarders should enter their names in my books. Special list for Carnival week. A. D. McDIARMID, Estate Agent, 118 St. James st.

COMFORTABLE Furnished Room required by a young gentleman, with or without board, private family preferred. Address L. A., 269, "Witness" Office.

EXCEPTIONALLY comfortable and handsomely furnished Front Room, in best uptown situation, with breakfast and tea if desired; family private; references exchanged. Address EDIN, "Witness" Office.

FURNISHED Room to let. 9 Major street.

ROOMS, with or without Board, for Ladies in a quiet, comfortable house during carnival week. 75 Drummond street.

ROOM for a young man, with or without board. 15 Balmoral street.

ROOMS TO LET for Carnival week, parlor bedroom and double bedroom, upper flat. Apply to 55 Victoria street.

ROOMS.—Furnished Bedrooms, 3rd Block from Grand Trunk Railway Depot. 472 St. James street.

ROOM—Comfortably furnished double Room for two gentlemen, bath and w.c.; terms $3.25 per week, at 1551 St. Antoine street.

ROOM—One Double Furnished Room for two gentlemen or married couple on bath room flat; private family. 27 Manoe street.

TO LET, unfurnished front Room, $4.50. Apply at 116 St. Felix street.

TO LET, one furnished front bedroom, warm and comfortable, gas, bath, etc., rent, $6.00. 215 Windsor street.

Specific Articles.

Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 30 words, prepaid.

A. J. C. C. JERSEYS, all ages, prices moderate; write for what you want. ALBERT P. HALL, Ice Farm, Rock Island, Stanstead Co., Que.

ENGLISH MASTIFF DOG for Sale. He is well bred; color, dark fawn, with black points about a beautiful head. For further particulars apply or address ENGLISH MASTIFF, "Witness" Office.

FOR SALE, Masterpieces of German Art, "The Sufferer's Return," "The Cottage Saturday Night," "Tam O'Shanter, &c., illustrated with large steel engravings by John Faed, R.S.A. Novels 15 cents doz. Books for architects, mechanics, &c. Uptown Secondhand Book Store, 2116 St. Catherine, two doors west of Bleury.

FOR SALE, Antique Furniture, Brass Lamp, Brass Fender, &c. Highest price paid for old mahogany furniture. 2116 St. Catherine, two doors west of Bleury.

FOR SALE, Pool and Billiard Table, new and second-hand; all sizes. D. NIGHTINGALE, 1742 Notre Dame.

FOR SALE, cheap, a new Mink-lined Overcoat, Otter Collar and Cuffs; also a Beaver Fur Coat. To be seen at Room 25, 162 St. James street, between 11 a.m. and noon.

Miscellaneous.

Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 30 words, prepaid.

DR. FULTON, 24 Victoria street, cures Piles, Catarrh, Heart Diseases, Skin Diseases, Pimples and Chronic Ailments. Enquiry free.

EVERY DESCRIPTION of Bedding to order. Old Mattresses remade at your residence. WASHINGTON, the Live Yankee Upholsterer, 93 Knox st.

MISS RESSOUCHE, Dressmaker, has just returned from Paris, France, with a full supply of Parisian patterns; is now ready to receive customers. 797 Craig street.

Board and Rooms Wanted.

Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertions, up to 20 words, prepaid.

WANTED, by a young lady employed during the day, a Room, with breakfast, and full board on Sunday, with a quiet English family. Apply, stating terms, R. A. F., "Witness" office.

WANTED, for 1st March, or before, a Sitting and Bedroom, with board, for gentleman and wife; must be good locality. Address Post-office Box 1567.

Educational.

HENRI DE BESSE.—Pupils received for Violin and Pianoforte. Paris and Stuttgart methods. For terms, apply to C. J. SHEPPARD, Music Dealer, 2292 St. Catherine street.

PARLEZ-VOUS FRANCAIS.—Conversation based on explanation. Subjects:—Correspondence and Translation Exercises; Reading; Works of Max O'Rell; Special Course for Intending Visitors to Paris Exhibition; Information of its Hotels, Monuments, Theatres, &c. Address PARIS, "

Last Edition

NO POSTPONEMENT.

It is officially announced that the storm will not be allowed to interfere with the great event of this evening. The Ice Castle will be stormed at nine o'clock. As the storm seems to be dying already, this decision is certainly justified.

A CHURCH'S NEIGHBOR

GRANTED A LICENSE TO SELL LIQUOR.

AFTER INTERESTING EVIDENCE ABOUT SOME OF THE NAMES ON THE APPLICATION—JUDGE DUGAS LETS OFF THE STEAM.

The sitting of the License Board yesterday was a lively one. A large number of applications were granted, and these were refused: E. Robert, 713 St. Catherine street; Leon Cartier, 85 St. Jean Baptiste street, and Hormisdas Courtois, 35 St. Paul street.

Mr. Fred. Hamilton then made a warm attack upon the application made by Elzear Lamoureau, 1045 Notre Dame street, claiming that at least five of the names on the application were those of unqualified persons, and that it should be refused because it was within sixty feet of St. Thomas' Church.

The application was signed by Alderman J. C. Robert and by J. B. Bastien, P. Beaudreau, C. H. Beckett, L. Bouthellier, L. Cadieux, E. Dufresne, N. Desjardins, A. Guilmette, J. Giguere, M. Goulet, E. Grotean, F. Jones, John A. Johnson, E. Labrecque, A. Lamoureaux, P. Lachapelle, T. Louby, J. McKeown, W. Phelan, J. Quevillon, S. Roy, J. Robert, Aug. Robert, G. Rodiere, J. St. Jean, John Wright, F. Lajoie, sr., F. Lajoie, jr.

The Rev. Robert Lindsay proved Mr. Beckett to be a non-resident, and the name was struck off. He also objected to the application because of the proximity of the applicant's saloon to the church of which he was pastor.

The applicant's counsel protested against this point being raised, as it was not mentioned in the written opposition. The Recorder considered that it should have been included in the formal opposition.

Mr. Hamilton contended that it should be taken into consideration, notwithstanding such a technicality, and stated that the Rev.

FATHER LONERGAN WAS ONLY PREVENTED

being present to oppose the same application by sickness.

Ald. Robert was called and testified that he and the other members of the firm were non-residents, though they had a lumber yard in the district which had not been opened for several months.

Judge Dugas ruled that this made the district their place of business, and counted the three names for the saloon-keeper.

The applicant, E. Lamoureaux, was next placed in the box, and tried to get out of the responsibility for his oath—he having sworn that the whole 29, including Mr. Beckett, were to his knowledge resident or had their places of business in the division.

Here Mr. Dugas intervened on behalf of the perplexed and cornered witness, and said that, as he explained last week, if a man's name were on the voters' list an applicant might consider himself entitled to get his signature.

Mr. Dugas then went on in warm style to "repudiate" the Montreal *Witness*. He referred to the report of the proceedings of a week ago in this journal, and said "It is ten years since I have been sitting in this court. I have been misrepresented in the *Witness* malignantly. They

CUT OFF AND CURTAIL MY JUDGMENTS

and twist my words so that I am made to say what I did not say. It was done again yesterday. I repudiate anything I may be reported or made to say by any reporter of the *Witness*. We are but men, and have no objection to fair criticism, but I don't want them to send any party here who is prejudiced against me and wants to wrong me." Under the mistaken impression that a youth who was present at the previous sitting of the Board had reported the proceedings, Mr. Dugas began to indulge in remarks against "a small boy who was not long since a witness in this very Court." Mr. Labourvean checked this, however, by informing the Commissioner that he was mistaken, as the proceedings were reported by an entirely different person. After again "repudiating" the *Witness* in almost the same language as before, Mr. Dugas left the question.

An active and respected temperance worker present said that he was present at the previous sitting of the Board and was prepared to testify that the report in the *Witness* was thoroughly truthful and an honor to the gentleman who wrote it.

Mr. Hamilton said that he would call Labourneux as a witness in another court, when four citizens would be sued for illegally signing.

The Recorder—"I shall be the first to applaud you."

P. Beaudreau was called, and although he had

NOT LIVED WITH HIS WIFE FOR THREE YEARS,

and the latter does business under her maiden name at the address on the list, Mr. Dugas held, the Recorder tacitly assenting, that Beaudreau had his place of business at the place in question. Mr. Dugas himself said that it was "a queer amalgamation."

It was shown that the signature of J. Goulet was wrongly spelt upon the list, but the Board had no hesitation in ruling this in the applicant's favor.

Inspector Holdbrooke, of the Citizens' League, testified that the "dining-room" shown him by the applicant was ten by twelve, and that a cloth on the table was all that denoted meals, while there was a larger room near with a card table in it.

Ald. Robert deposed that there was accommodation for ten persons to dine at one time.

Mr. Dugas said that four constables had reported that the premises were qualified.

Mr. Labourveau said that the report to the Citizens' League was that the accommodation was sufficient.

This apparent divergence between the Secretary and the Inspector of the League occasioned some surprise. It is, perhaps, explainable on the ground that Mr. Holdbrooke was very nervous and almost confused on this his first appearance in the witness box for the League.

The Recorder thanked Mr. Labourveau for his frankness as also did Mr. Dugas. The latter then granted the application, as the personal qualification and that of the premises had been proved. He considered that it would be wrong to destroy an applicant's business on the ground that it was near a church, but that the objection should be considered if the application were for a new license.

The board then adjourned until next Tuesday, at two o'clock.

THE JESUITS' REPLY

TO THE CHALLENGE OF "LA MINERVE"—RESPONSIBILITY DISCLAIMED FOR POLITICAL ATTACKS.

The Rev. Father Hamel, Superior of the Jesuits in Canada, writes to *La Minerve* with reference to its recent article, part of which was reproduced in yesterday's *Witness*. The Rev. Father says:—"Although I recognize for no one, and still less for a masked personage, the right to challenge us in such a manner, I am in no way embarrassed to reply, and my reply will be categorical. The Society of Jesus, from principle, must not meddle with politics; and a proof that we have adhered to this rule, is found in the fact that we have always had sincere and devoted friends among the eminent men of all parties not hostile to the church. We are not, then, to be held responsible in any way for what any political journal may or may not say."

In reply, *La Minerve* says that the Reverend Father has not to deal with a "masked personage," but with the management of the paper, which is not disposed to disavow the article. It then goes on to express its satisfaction that the Jesuit Fathers deny joint liability for what is appearing, for their alleged benefit, in *L'Etendard*, and winds up as follows:—"That journal, then, which likes so much to cover its faults, its exaggerations, its brutalities of language, with an ecclesiastical shield, speaks for itself only, except a few *curés*, who have no authority to govern the diocese, even in the absence of His Lordship the Archbishop of Montreal."

GOING TO CARNIVAL.

HOW JOSIAH WAS SOT ON GOING AND SAMANTHA WENT WITH HIM.

(With apologies to Josiah Allen's Wife.)

It was on Friday night, the day of most peculiar happenins to me. I was settin' down beside the fire and Josiah opposite to me a'thinkin' and a'thinkin', and I was indulgin' in poetry to ease my spirrits, for I felt lonesome somehow. I was just a'sayin' that Josiah was a growin' old and I was a growin' old too; that we had had happy days and sorry days for many a year together, and that altho' he was a hard man to get along with, being so sot in his own opinions, he always cum round right, and as my poetic flights were soarin' and soarin' up till I nearly lost myself he lifted up his hed all of a suddent and says quite short: "Samantha, let's go to the Carnival."

"Sakes alive," says I, "what are you a-thinkin' of, Josiah? Don't you know what a fool you made of yourself at the Centennial, and what dangers you run into then? Don't you remember how you went asleep in the merry go-round, and had to pay 85? and we're gittin' too old, Josiah," I said, pathetically, "to run into the dangers of the frozen north. Not that I have anything against Queen Victoria. She is an uncommon capable woman, and a good mother, and

A GOOD MOTHER-IN-LAW.

The way she looks after her children is a model to all good mothers. I like her, Josiah, I do. If your Mother, Josiah, had looked after me the way Queen Victoria looks after her children, and grandchildren, and great-grandchildren, you wouldn't be there greasin' your boots, Josiah, and I wouldn't be settin' here a-knittin', but we'd have had three or four girls, and a hired man to keep 'em company. No, I haven't any objection to Queen Victoria, and I don't dislike the Canadians. They're good, manly fellows, most of them, though I don't think so much of the wimmin"; there's Susan Jane Flemming. She lived in Quebec two years, and come back speaking French, and all sorts of lingo."

But Josiah was sot on it. He said as how we was a gettin' old, and he had been down to the village, that there was to be great doin's, and that they had a castle made all of ice, with bells a' ringin' in it, and a British lion all made of snow, and that there was to be a fancy drive with great big sleighs with codfish on 'em and dragons and all sorts of funny things. When I found that there was no use arguin' any longer, and that he laughed at the rheumatics and bilious cholic, and Canadian collera and all other diseases, then I said I would go. Then Josiah's face brightened up lively, and he put another lot of grease on his boots and wound up the clock and went to bed.

The next day I made a whole lot of doughnuts, as nice as ever could be. Then I turned my best heavy dress, that I got for Tirza Smither's weddin', and packed my trunks, and by evenin' was all ready.

JOSIAH WAS AS NERVOUS AS HE COULD BE.

He hired Stephen Jones to look after the horses and pigs and cattle till we come back, and went to the village to Lawyer Jones to make his will. I never knew Josiah do so sensible a thing without me tellin' him in his life before. Not that I want him to die. Law me! I think an awful lot of Josiah, even if he is a man and not one common bright.

Well, as I was a-sayin', on Sunday we went to church, and Deacon Jones preached about Jonah in the whale's belly, and it made me kind of skeery, I tell you. And when he spoke of the dangers of travellin', and so on, I gave Josiah an awful kick. Now Josiah has a habit of sleepin' in church. He says he is so accustomed to being talked to of nights without answerin' that when anybody does it, it makes him sleepy. I don't notice the insinuation, but mention it in passin'. Well, as I was a sayin'; I gave Josiah a terrible kick just as he was dreamin' that he was at the Carnival a slidin' down a toboggan and the breath was a goin' from him, and he a runnin' against a stump the way the picture man put it in the *Witness* Carnival Number. Just then, as I was a sayin', I kicked him on his sore bunion, and he commenced a howlin' at the top of his voice that he was killed and wouldn't go to any Carnival any more. The Deacon stopped and the people laffed, and seein' me and thinkin' he was at the toboggan slide he caught me by the waist and began a kissin' of me and sayin' I was a wise woman in tellin' him not to go to the Carnival, and he would go right home.

I WAS SO ASHAMED

that I didn't know what to do with myself. I wanted to sink right down through the floor. But be kept on a yellin' and a hollerin'. At last he cum to himself, and you never saw so 'shamed a man in all your born days.

But Josiah didn't stay at home even after that. You don't know Josiah Allen if you thought he would. He was more sot on it than ever, and on Monday mornin' he hitched up and Stephen Jones druv us over to the station, and we got on the train after waitin' an hour or so.

All this time I was a thinkin' of the pleasant home that we were a leavin' behind us to go on a terrible travel, the end of which nobody knows. But where my Josiah goes, even to death, I will go with him. But leavin' poetry—which I always say is the best way of soothin' a sore and troubled spirit, though I don't care for some poetry much, like Betsey Bibbit's and Tennyson's—as I was sayin', to resume, the train cum on at last a screechin' and a snortin' and a roarin', so that the horses got frightened and Stephen Jones couldn't hold them more than nothin', and they rushed away as hard as they could clatter. I knew they could not do any harm, because the off one is spavined and as slow as Josiah, and the nigh one is nigh on to thirty years old. But they do to go to market with, and I was just saying to Josiah, "Never mind, Josiah, let 'em go, they won't hurt nothin'"—when Josiah started off with one of my best doughnuts in his mouth a-tryin' to yell after them. Just then the doughnut got caught in his throat, and he fell down a chokin'. The brakeman of the train saw it, and a doctor on the train, and they hammered him on the back until he got it up, and yelled out "Whoa!" so loud that it nearly frightened the steam engine. Then we got on the train, which was jammed full. But I am too much tuckered out to write you any more now, and will try to tell you about the rest another time.

SHOCKING MACHINERY ACCIDENT.

Albert Pilon was employed yesterday at Macdougall's factory on Seigneurs street when one of his hands caught in the machinery, and before it could be stopped one of the thumbs was torn from the socket and the muscle ripped out as far as the elbow. He was taken to Notre Dame Hospital.

CITY ITEMS.

Judge Gill has granted a petition that Weir, who is charged with arson, be admitted to bail.

St. Gabriel Ward electors talk of a public meeting in order to hear the explanations of their members absent from Monday's Council.

Some aldermen say that even if it costs 10 percent more they are ready to recommend that a Canadian firm be given the contract for the City Hall elevator.

The Drain Inspector says that another reason why the health of Montreal has improved is that many defects existing in private drains ten years ago have been rectified.

Ald. Prefontaine and Mr. Ayer have gone to Quebec to submit to the Government proposed arrangements for the use of the buildings and grounds at Mile End for a permanent exhibition.

The police last night found a resident of Lachine, named Robert Hyndman, sleeping in the snow, and as his face and feet were badly frostbitten he was removed to the hospital for medical treatment.

The mortality of last week amounted to 102 Catholics and nine Protestants. Total, 111. Among the Catholics one died from diphtheria and one from diphtheritic croup. No fatal cases of contagious diseases among the Protestants.

The property bought by the Bank of Montreal for its uptown branch is at the corner of St. Catherine and Mansfield streets, Argyle Terrace. The price paid is $18,000, or about $6 per foot. One of the best officials at the head office is likely to be put in charge of the branch, which should be open by the 1st of May.

A WINTER STREET SCENE IN MONTREAL.

THE FANCY DRIVE.

THE ORDER OF STARTING AND THE ORDER OF DRIVING.

The accompanying plan shows the route of the fancy drive to-morrow afternoon. The positions to be taken by the various sleighs before the start are as follows:

UNION AVENUE.

1. The Cavalry.
2. Victoria Rifles Mounted Brigade.
3. Band of the 65th.
4. Committee's sleigh.
5. Field Battery car.
6. Argyle Snowshoe Club's car.
7. Victoria College car.
8. Mr. E. Sheppard.
9. Mr. G. G. Pierce.
10. Mr. Lessor.
11. Mr. H. Judah.
12. The Frazer coasting bob and party.

UNIVERSITY STREET.

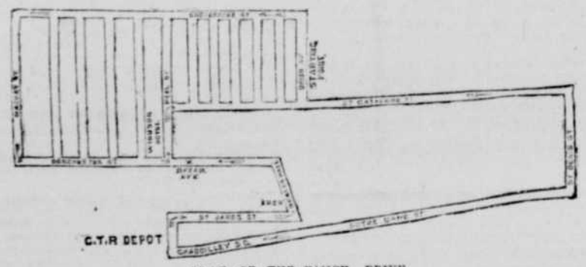
13. M. G. A. Band.
14. M. G. A. Snow-shoe Club's car.
15. M.A.A.A. car.
16. Laval University car.
17. Emerald Snow-shoe Club's car.
18. Junior Lacrosse League's car.
19. High School boys' car.
20. Holly Snow-shoe Club's car.
21. Crescent Snow-shoe Club's car.
22. Caledonia works' car.
23. Mr. J. Best.
24. Messrs. Miller Bros. & Mitchell's car.
25. Mr. L. Leger.

VICTORIA STREET.

26. Vics' band.
27. Teutonia Club's car.
28. St. George's Snow-shoe Club's car.
29. Mr. B. T. Kirkhouse.
30. Mr. S. P. Howard.
31. Mr. R. J. White.
32. Mr. G. M. Smith.
33. 5th Royal Scots and pipers.
34. Chasseurs Canadien car.
35. "Big John," of Caughnawaga, with Indians and canoe.
36. Mr. A. Samuels.
37. Mr. C. Lifflton.

McGILL COLLEGE AVENUE.

38. Canadian Rubber Company and band, with six cars.
39. Mr. J. R. McLaren.
40. McGill College car.



PLAN OF THE FANCY DRIVE.

41. L'Etoile Snow-shoe Club's car.
42. Canadien (of St. Henri) Snow-shoe Club's car.
43. The farmers of petite Cote in twenty sleighs.
44. Little Willie Ketchum drives his trotting dog "Dora."
45. Mr. B. Nicholl.

MANSFIELD STREET.

46. Dominion Skating rink band with Mr. Moore.
47. Les Trappeurs' car.
48. Mr. J. L. Patoo.
49. Mr. A. W. Gardner.
50. Mr. J. Cunningham.
51. The Clerks' Union sleigh, carring the Vocophone band.
52. Mr. A. Dufort.
53. Mr. William Hall.
54. Mr. G. Robert.
55. Mr. E. W. Smith.
56. Mr. T. Howard.
57. Mr. W. Hay.
58. Mr. H. Jones.
59. Mr. W. C. Virtue.
60. The Verywench.
61. Mr. A. Macdonald.
62. Mr. T. J. Stephens.
63. Mr. J. G. Campbell.
64. Mr. M. Henshaw.

METCALFE AND PEEL STREETS

will be occupied by the Fire Brigade in full force.

Capt. Clapham, "Marshal-in-Chief," has issued the following notice:—

Sleighs and cars will approach via Dorchester or St. Catherine streets, facing Sherbrooke street, keeping to the right hand side of the street on which their position is alloted, and must be in line by two o'clock. The drive will start from head of Union Avenue at half-past two, and moving westward, headed by the Cavalry and Committee's sleigh, will be followed by the cars, etc., formed on University street, —the mounted leader and whipper in being responsible at each street, on the approach of the procession, that they are ready to follow the last sleigh of the preceding street. The mounted leaders and whips will be instructed as to the necessary signals, and drivers will please observe their orders. No driver must pass another without permission of the leader.

Drivers will kindly have their horses well in hand, and keep close up to leading car.

Acting Mayor Rainville this morning ordered the removal of the lamp post at the corner of Mackay and Dorchester streets, so that the Carnival cars may have ample room to turn.

I. O. G. T.

Winstanley Lodge, No. 76, on Tuesday evening installed the following officers: Chief Templar, Bro. Alex. Anderson; Vice Templar, Sis. A. G. Hogg; Secretary, Bro. Hood; Treasurer, Bro. Mynard; Chaplain, Bro. S. R. Jennings; Marshal, Bro. Alex. Boyd; Superintendent of Juvenile Templars, Sis. Lee, sr.; Guard, Bro. Gunhouse; Sentinel, Bro. A. Anderson, jr. This lodge has taken a very successful way to enrol new members, that is the offering of prizes to the ones bringing in the most new members to the quarter. Bro. H. Call was successful this last quarter in bringing in 26, and, therefore, received the prize.

COMSTOCK WORK.

For persistency in well doing commend us to Anthony Comstock and the Society for the Suppression of Vice. It held its anniversary last week, and addresses were made by Dr. John Hall and Mr. Chauncey M. Depew, both of whom had received letters warning them not to appear. During the year the Society has expended only $9,523, and yet it has made 94 arrests, secured 101 convictions, seized four tons of immoral books, 328,725 vile pictures, 230 negatives for obscene photographs, 26 copper plates, over 200,000 lottery circulars, 33,200 pool tickets, 674 lottery tickets, besides other gambling instruments. The good done by this Society is very great, and the thanks few. No man in this city gets more curses than Anthony Comstock; but he goes straight forward and the courts sustain him, and so do the churches, and so do all good people.—*New York Independent.*

SOMETHING LIKE A BLIZZARD.

A BIG DRIFTING SNOW-STORM,—BUT NO POSTPONEMENT OF THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

The observers at the City Hall report that the centre of the storm passed over us about midnight, at which time it was nearly calm. The wind rose gradually from 18 miles per hour at 1 a.m. to 27 miles at 3 a.m., 36 miles at 5, and 40 miles per hour between 6 and 7 o'clock. It has not blown so hard since. Snow has been falling continuously since day light yesterday. The temperature at 11 last night was 23°. It had fallen by three o'clock this morning to 9°, and at 10 a.m. had got as far as 3 below zero, and still falling. The prospects are that to-night and to-morrow will be very cold, as Minnedosa reports 44° below and Winnipeg 42° below zero.

The barometer began to fall on Monday at 11 a.m., when it touched 30.634 and continued to fall until about seven o'clock this morning, when it was 29.498. It has been rising since, which indicates that the storm has moved east.

A gentleman who drove from St. Genevieve to Beaconsfield station this morning reports the drifts in many places over the horses' heads.

Such a scene as that in the accompanying sketch is not often seen nowadays, the City Surveyor keeping the snow banks down well; but no City Surveyor is equal to such a storm as this morning's, which would deserve to be called a blizzard if it were colder.

KILLED INSTANTLY.

A fearful accident occurred on St. James street just as we were going to press yesterday afternoon. A carpenter named Patrick Ryan, residing on Desery street, was employed on the sixth story of the new Temple building when he missed his footing and fell to the basement, a distance of nearly 100 feet, nearly cutting off his head with an axe which he tightly held in his hand. On being picked up it was found that all the bones of his face were broken and that the back of his head was smashed in. The ambulance was telephoned; but the unfortunate man was beyond human aid, and Dr. Pringle on arriving said that death must have been instantaneous. An inquest was held this morning before Coroner Jones and a verdict of accidental death returned.

THE CURLERS.

PROGRESS OF THE BRANCH TANKARD COMPETITION

The curling competitions for the branch tank ard began yesterday afternoon. Much interest was taken in the games, which were keen and exciting. The following is the result of yesterday's play:—

CALEDONIAN VS. THISTLE.

(Played on the Montreal ice.)

RINK NO. 1

Caledonian.	*Thistle*
1. R. Finley,	1. W. G. Cameron,
2. R. Peel,	2. J. D. Anderson,
3. G. A. Cock,	3. W. Stewart,
W. H. Boon,	George Brush,
skip—17	skip—27

RINK NO 2

1. J. Tough,	1 J. Cassils,
2. J. Robertson	2. J. M. Kirk,
3. J. Allen,	3. C. McLean,
R. Wilson,	J. S. Archibald,
skip—29	skip—13
47	40

Majority for Caledonian, .

MONTREAL VS. STONY CREEK.

(Played on the Heather ice.)

RINK NO. 1.

Montreal.	*Stoney Creek.*
1. A. J. Hubbard,	1. W. Bryson,
2. R. W. Shepherd, jr.,	2. T. Winter,
3. W. J. Fenwick,	3. R. Mills,
D. Williamson,	F. Reid,
skip—33	skip—15

RINK NO. 2.

1. W. F. Brock,	1. J. Mills,
2. A. A. Riddel,	2. J. Winter,
3. F. Standlife,	3. G. Bryson,
R. W. Tyre,	A. Mills,
skip—18	skip—19
51	4

Majority for Montreal, 17.

The teams which have yet to compete for the international trophy are as follows:

Rink No. 1—G. S. Brush (Thistle); James Stewart, Kingston; W. Wilson (Caledonia); A. C. Hutchinson (Heather) skip.

Rink No. 2.—James Williamson (Montreal); G. W. de C. O'Grady (Rideau); W. Brodie, Quebec; G. S. Scott, Ottawa, skip.

The Heather Club, Cote St. Antoine, played against the Quebec Club yesterday, resulting in the defeat of the Heather by 19 shots.

The various curling rinks were largely patronized last evening, especially by the ladies, who are evidently taking some interest and liking to the roarin' game.

SALVATION ARMY NOTES.

Captain Brooks has taken the command of the barracks on St. Alexander street. On Saturday night, at his first meeting in Montreal, he was somewhat surprised at the quiet, as he had heard so much about the disturbance the previous Captains had had to contend with. He has been stationed at Hamilton since May last, holding remarkably successful meetings. Major Spooner is attending the special meetings to be held here this week.

The 18th instant will be the occasion of a Hallelujah wedding. Commander Coombs is expected to be here at the event.

The French corps also has a new commander, Captain Northey, who is to fill the place of Captain Orchard. Captain Northey left the Montreal Training Home some four months ago, and has been stationed in Quebec since.

RACE AND RELIGION.

A SPIRITED DEBATE IN THE QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

MR. LYNCH FLAGELLATES MR. GAGNON AND MR. MERCIER INSISTS UPON HIS GOVERNMENT'S GOOD WILL TOWARDS THE MINORITY.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

QUEBEC, Feb. 6.

After recess last night, the House sat until nearly three o'clock this morning, the whole time, except about half an hour, devoted to passing some public and private measures, being taken up with the winding up of the debate on the land bill. The discussion was marked by some very interesting and exciting passages. Mr. Lynch again spoke to protest against the language of Mr. Gagnon, reflecting on his administration as a Protestant and English-speaking minister as reported in the *Chronicle*. Mr. Gagnon again explained that he had not intended to reflect on Mr. Lynch on account of his religion and nationality but simply on account of his administration. Mr. Lynch retorted that unfortunately whether meant or not in the sense complained of, the Secretary's words had produced a very painful impression in the House and throughout the country. Such words, he said, were calculated not only to injure the attacker and the attacked, but to do great harm in a mixed community like this, and the public man who endeavored to sow discord among a mixed population was an enemy of the Province. Confederation could only be maintained by perfect harmony between its different elements. In concluding he again denied that he had ever acted with partiality towards any class, race or creed, saying that he had sworn to do his duty and he had done it fearlessly to the best of his ability, and concluding his remarks amid Opposition applause.

THE PREMIER'S POSITION.

Mr. Mercier followed in English. He expressed approval of much that Mr. Lynch had said respecting the necessity of union, and the criminality of those who sowed the seeds of religious and national discord, but he denied its opportuneness because the incident that had given rise to it had been fully explained; at the same time he declared that there was no one more opposed than he was to the practice of sowing dissensions between the different elements of the people, or more prepared than he was either to give to the minority the same privileges as the majority under the freeflag of England. But he emphatically denied that Mr. Lynch had been attacked on religious or national grounds, saying that it was the system and not the Minister which his colleague had assailed. The *Chronicle* had not only ridden the Protestant horse again, but when Mr. Gagnon had made his explanations in the House it had not even done him the justice to publish them. He said the time would come when the Protestants of this Province would admit that he (Mercier) had been their best friend. The Liberal party had always been ready and was still ready to do justice to the minority. It had given the Province a Protestant Prime Minister in 1878 and who were the men who helped to overthrow him—Messrs. Lynch and Flynn—that was to say the minority. No, the Conservatives had no right to say that they were the sole champions of the minority. While not accorded here more than they were entitled to, they were yet treated with very much more consideration than the minority in other provinces were. In support of this proposition he referred to the absence of a French Canadian minister from the Cabinet of Ontario. He also commented severely on the efforts which he said had been made to set the Protestant minority against the Government, a movement which was so far pushed that it was found impossible to find a Protestant at that time to enter the Government (laughter). He said he had no doubt that he would be followed by some who were interested in perpetuating a war of race for their own selfish ends. (Laughter.) The member for Argenteuil, he said, might laugh as he did when the Government brought in the Jesuit Bill. Speaking sarcastically, he said if we are to have a fight of creed and race over again, let us know a few days in advance, in order that we may prepare for it. Then he said he would be found ready to do justice all the same to whomsoever it was shown to be due. He continued to claim a policy of mutual forbearance for his Government and sat down amid Ministerial applause.

MR. HALL LAYS IT ON THE SECRETARY.

Mr. Hall next took up the speaking to deprecate the language attributed to Mr. Gagnon, which he said had been reported in *L'Electeur*, the Government's own organ, substantially in the same manner as in the *Chronicle*. He had difficulty in believing that the secretary's words had not been intended to convey the sense in which they had been taken, and which had been the subject of so much public comment ever since. As he had also used the words *Commercant strangers* (foreign traders) in speaking of the lumbermen who risked their capital in the country. He (Mr. Hall) protested against incendiary language of this kind and insisted that it should be stopped if they wished to avoid trouble in the Province, whose resources and development would be seriously injured by national and religious discord. He also asked why the Premier had stated in Montreal that the Magistrates' Bill has been disallowed because it came from a French and Catholic Province, concluding with an expression of his hope that such language as the Provincial Secretary's would be never again heard in the Legislature.

A NECESSARY PROTEST.

Mr. Owens protested against the frequent use of language calculated to promote sectional feeling and against what he called such outbursts of fanaticism as that of Mr. Gagnon which he also stigmatized as a vile attack upon the English Protestants.

Mr. Gagnon once more indignantly objected to the repeated and hypocritical efforts of the Opposition to give to his words a meaning which he had never intended them to convey, and again declared that there was no man freer from national and religious prejudice than he was.

EXHAUST THE "INCIDENT."

At one o'clock Mr. Nantel moved the adjournment, but this Mr. Mercier refused until the incident was exhausted, whereupon Mr. Nantel continued the debate on the Opposition side followed by Mr. Baldwin, who also recorded his protest against the spirit of Mr. Gagnon's language. Mr. Taillon then summed up, for the Opposition, paying a high tribute to Mr. Lynch's eminent qualities of head and heart, and declaring that under the circumstances Mr. Gagnon's attack upon him was insulting as it was misplaced. Finally, at 2.30 the House divided on Mr. Picard's amendment which was rejected by 31 to 16, and shortly afterwards the adjournment took place.

SPORTS AND GAMES.

HOCKEY.

A hockey match was played in the Crystal rink on Friday afternoon between teams representing the Bank of Montreal and Bank of Toronto. The game ended in favor of Toronto by five to none. Shortly after the game started Atwood, by a splendid run, scored a goal for the Toronto, no more goals being taken during this half. In the second half a good deal of exciting and somewhat amusing play took place. The Bank of Montreal made desperate efforts to score, but they could not get the rubber past the Toronto defence, where Hargraft and Warden were playing in splendid form. In this half Atwood scored one goal and Warden three. Whitelaw, in goal for the Torontos, stopped some beautiful and well aimed shots. For the Bank of Montreal, Nash, Wallace, Campbell and Smith played a fine game.

The following are the names and positions of the teams:—Bank of Montreal—Clouston, goal; Lawford, point; Smith, cover point; Wallace, Campbell, Nash, Oliver, forwards. Bank of Toronto—Whitelaw, goal; Hargraph, point; Warden, cover point; McBrine, Atwood, Pashby, Geale, forwards. Referee, Mr. Grasspp. Umpires, Messrs. Sherwood and Barto.

QUOITS.

The third annual dinner of the Montreal Quoiting Club takes place on Thursday evening, the 14th, instead of the 7th, as previously announced, that date falling on Carnival week. The dinner takes place at Mr. J. B. Graham's, Victoria Chop House, 176 McGill street.

THE N.A.A.A.A. WILL SEND A TEAM TO EUROPE NEXT SUMMER.

Mr. G. L. Sachs, of New York, states that his principal errand to England was to make arrangements for a great international athletic tour through Great Britain and the Continent, during the summer. The National Association of Amateur Athletes of America will hold their championships this year much earlier than usual, in order that the winner of each event may be sent to England in the team, to be known as the N. A. A. A. A. team, to compete in the amateur championships of Great Britain for 1889, and at other amateur meetings in England and on the Continent.

The team will leave New York in the first week of June, and, on arriving at Queenstown, will journey to Belfast where it will take part in the meeting of the Gaelic Athletic Club of Ireland. It will then proceed to Dublin about June 18, and cross to England, where its engagements will occupy a month, thence to Brussels and Paris, finishing up at Amsterdam and London.

CHESS.

The sixth American chess congress opens in New York on March 25th. There are eight prizes, amounting in the aggregate to about four thousand dollars, the first prize being one thousand. Representative players from all parts of the world are expected to be present and participate.

SHIPPING.

The Beaver Line SS. Lake Superior, from Liverpool on the 24th ultimo, arrived at Boston at 11 a.m. Tuesday, the 5th.

The Beaver Line SS. Lake Winnipeg, from Liverpool, arrived at Norfolk on the 3rd instant.

VOICING THEIR PEOPLE'S WISH.

THE PROTESTANT MINISTERS' PETITION FOR CIVIC CONTROL OF LICENSES.

The following petition has been presented by the member for Montreal West, Mr. J. S. Hall, in the Legislature. Similar petitions have been forwarded by the Roman Catholic clergy, and also from the Citizens' League. The Dominion Alliance has also forwarded a resolution favoring the granting of this right to the City of Montreal:—

To the Honorable the Legislative Council of the Province of Quebec.

We, the undersigned Protestant clergy of the city of Montreal, feel deeply the great evil that is being caused by the unlimited number of licenses in the city of Montreal.

Our City Council, when discussing the amended charter, by a unanimous vote, inserted a clause asking for the right to limit the licenses of the liquor traffic.

This right is now held by every rural municipality in the Province of Quebec.

For the moral and spiritual interests of the citizens of Montreal, we entreat that the power to limit the licenses be granted to the City Council of Montreal.

And your petitioners in duty bound will ever pray.

Montreal, 28th January, 1889.

EPISCOPAL.

W. B. Montreal, Bishop	D. Henderson
W. P. Yates	J. Carmichael
J. Ellegood	J. Walker
Robt. Acton	Lewis Evans
J. A. Newnham	T. Everett
J. H. Dixon	J. G. Norton
Geo. Rogers	J. Empson
E. Wood	R. Lindsay
D. Lariviere	G. Osborne Troop.

CONGREGATIONAL.

E. M. Hill, M.A.	Geo. Cornish, LL.D.
Wm. M. Barbour, D.D.	John McKillican
Kenneth M. Fenwick	F. H. Marling

METHODIST.

J. Cooper Antliff, D.D.	John Scanlan
T. G. Williams	Ernest M. Taylor M.A.
Edward deGrouchy	James Henderson
Wm. Hall, M.A.	W. Jackson
S. Bond	M. Sadler
J. Tallman Pitcher	Wm. Wells

PRESBYTERIAN.

D. H. MacVicar, D.D.	James Fleck
G. Colborne Heine	F. M. Dewey
W. J. Smyth, M.A., Ph.D.	Thomas Bennett
R. P. Duclos	Robert H. Warden
A. B. Mackay	M. Stewart Oxley
John Scrimger, M.A.	J. Edgar Hill, M.A., B.D.
Louis H. Jordan, M.A., B.D.	Robert Campbell, D.D.
John Nichols	D. Coussirat
James Patterson	G. H. Wells, D.D.

BAPTIST.

A. L. Therrien

The Superintendent of the Boys' Home gratefully acknowledges the following donations and subscriptions:—Mrs. D. Morrice, Miss Brush, Mrs. John Rankin, J. H. Blackader, Mrs. R. S. Weir, each clothing; Mrs. John Redpath, $10; T. E., a Board of Trade arbitration fee, $10; Mills & Hutchison, $5; Moses Parker, $5; M. Fisher, Son & Co., $5; H. Shorey & Co., $5; R. Rawsay, $5; James Cooper, $5; Alex. Gill, $5; J. R., $2; W. K. Graffety, $2; G. F. C. Smith, $2.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE, Wednesday, Feb. 6.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

The British breadstuffs markets are quiet, but steady. Beerbohm's cable advices for to-day are as follows:—Cargoes off coast, wheat and corn, quiet but steady. Cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat and corn, quiet but steady. California wheat, off coast, 38s; do., promptly to be shipped, 38s 3d; do., nearly due, 38s 6d. French country markets, dull, Liverpool, wheat, spot, dull; corn, do., very flat. Liverpool mixed maize, 5s 1d. Peas, 5s 5½d. Weather in England, unsettled. Mark Lane—English and foreign wheat, steady; do., American and Danubian maize, steady; do., English and American flour, quiet. Australian wheat, off coast, 38s 6d; present and following month, 35s 6d.

The Chicago wheat market is easier to-day. No. 2 wheat, which was closed yesterday at 97½ February, $1.00¼ May, 97c June and 89½c July, opened this morning at $1.00¾ May, and sold down to $1.00¼ May, 96½c June and 89½c July.

GRAIN—Unchanged. We quote:—

Canada Red Winter	0.00	to	$1.18
Canada White Winter	0.00	to	1.18
Canada Spring Wheat	1.14	to	1.15
No. 1 hard Manitoba (new)	1.20	to	1.22½
No. 2 do. do.	1.19	to	1.20
No. 1 Northern (new and old)	0.00	to	1.20
Corn (in bond)	.52	to	.53
Peas (per 66 lbs.)	.75	to	.76
Oats (per 32 lbs.) new	.36	to	.37
Barley	.65	to	.00
Rye	.00	to	.00

FLOUR.—There is no change, business being at a standstill. We quote:—

Patent Winter	$5.90	to	$6.10
Patent Spring	5.90	to	6.05
Straight Roller	5.60	to	5.80
Extra	5.40	to	5.50
Superfine	4.40	to	5.10
Strong Baker's	5.25	to	5.75
Extra (per bag)	2.40	to	2.65
City Strong Bakers', per 140 lbs	5.90	to	6.00

MEALS unchanged. We quote:—

Oatmeal (Standard) brls	$4.50	to	$4.70
" (Granulated) brls	4.75	to	5.00
Cornmeal	nominal.		

EGGS.—The market is very weak indeed. Limed stock is worth about 12c to 13c, held, 14c, fresh 18c to 20c.

HOG PRODUCTS.—Business is very dull to-day; it could hardly help being so because of the storm. We quote:—Canada Short Cut, $16.50 to $17.00; Western Short Cut, $16.50; Western Mess, $16.00 to $16.25; Hams (city cured), 11½c to 12c; Lard (in pails), Western, 10c to 10½c; do., city, 10c; bacon, 11c¼ to 12c; Tallow, common refined 6½c to 6¾c.

DRESSED HOGS.—There has been a somewhat better enquiry of late. We quote carload lots at $6.45 to $6.55; small lots, $6.65 to $6.85.

POULTRY.—There is a fine demand for poultry, and as receipts have incre