

### CLASS DAY CELEBRATION.

#### The Closing Session Took Place Yesterday.

#### CLASS POEM, HISTORY AND PROPHECY—TREE PLANTING AND ORATION.

The closing session of the 'Class Day' celebration took place at McGill University yesterday afternoon. It was bright and pleasing in every feature and was thoroughly enjoyed by the large number of people present. The weather was perfect and the campus, more fortunate than the more sheltered lawns of the city, has already taken on a tinge of the fresh green color of new grass. The crowd that assembled near the physics building to witness the planting of the '99 class tree made a very pretty scene, being composed to a large extent of ladies in fresh spring costumes.

Mr. W. C. Ives, Law '99, had been appointed to perform the ceremony of planting the tree and did so with proper gravity and eclat. Then arose, upon the wooden stand, the orator of the occasion, Mr. W. B. Heenev, who delivered in excellent style, amid much laughter and boisterous applause the following oration:

It would scarcely be in keeping with

which has shed sweetness and fragrance over all his after life. But floating on that tide of memories comes the recollection of a joke which passed long years ago—and with the thought we smile again because 'we have been glad of yore.' But with the smile we wake as wakes the dreamer in the night. The spell has passed, the evening gone, and as we hurry off into the busy world again we will turn to take one last fond look at the tree of '99, and lo! the waning moon will shine through its leafy branches and its shadows reach our feet.

**THE CLASS PROPHECY.**  
The gathering adjourned across the lawns and up the avenue to the Molsen Hall, where Mr. J. R. Goodall took the



MR. W. BALL, B.C.L.,  
Class Prophet.

chair and called upon Mr. W. Ball to read the class prophecy.

Mr. Ball certainly seemed to be gifted with second sight, for after a suitable introduction he plunged boldly into a description of a reunion dinner to be held by the members of his class twenty years hence. His hits at the members of the law class were very amusing and the prophecy was voted a clever effort.

**CLASS POEM.**  
Miss Lucy E. Potter's class poem was a very bright composition—her reputation as the bard of the 'East Wing,' was triumphantly sustained, though to tell of all the various adventures of the nineteen maidens of her class in verse was no small task. Miss Potter, however, addressing herself to 'Professors, deans,



MISS LUCY E. POTTER, B.A.,  
Class Poet.

admiring relatives and friends,' told brightly how—

Up the hill to McGill  
One September day  
Nineteen blissful  
Fresh young maids  
Gaily went their way:  
Fine new gowns,  
Trencher too,  
Fees paid to the Dean,  
Books galore, unknown lore  
All so bright and green,  
As Freshmen we first sought McGill's  
classic shades.

And followed with many interesting and witty references to the doings in the east wing, in the library and at class functions.

Among the memories of the class are those of—  
What plays we wrote, what songs we sang,  
What skates

We engineered!  
His brilliance was so dazzling that collapse  
For all was feared.  
But no! The dauntless band marched bravely  
on  
To glorious victory;  
For us the world went round, the old sun  
shone  
For us especially.

The farewell was thus expressed:—  
We've finished now our four years' College  
life.  
We say good-bye  
To College loves and hates, concord and  
strife.

Each binding tie,  
No longer shall our voice the east wing fill,  
And library, too,  
Our glory now departs from old McGill.  
We say 'Adieu.'

One parting hint we give, whereby the com-  
ing years  
May hope to shine,  
Let them try to follow in the footsteps of  
the dears  
Of ninety-nine.

Fair Alma Mater, we our sad good-bye  
extend to thee,  
And pray that all thy daughters of thy  
name,  
May worthy be,  
That we may help to spread abroad thy  
power,  
And great renown

In this our British Empire, where the sun  
Goes never down,  
And show to all the world, how proud we  
feel,  
That 'ere is nothing so matter with us  
as Mageel.

As down the hill, from McGill,  
Sadly now we go,  
We will try to say good-bye;  
Nor let our feelings show.  
We've done our best, we hope the rest  
Will always bear in mind  
That as we succeed, we wish god-speed,  
To those we leave behind.

**CLASS HISTORY.**  
Mr. A. A. Bowman, Science '99, read the class history. Though confined to ten minutes he gave a rapid glance at all the important events in the history of his class during the past four years. The delivery was unusually good, the style graphic, and the whole narrative was in a light vein sprinkled with bits of good-natured sarcasm and puns. Ninety-nine Science was the largest freshman class which had ever entered the faculty. It was a conglomerate mass with individuals of all shapes, sizes and temperaments. The brilliance of their early efforts gave true promise of the genius which professors and friends have since seen develop in the class. Dr. Peterson himself was a freshman of that year and was proud were the other freshmen of his university lecture in the fall of 1895. A member of the class, Mr. W. A. Moore, inaugurated the series of dazzling victories which have perched upon the banners of this class by winning the individual trophy on sports day in his freshman year. The class gaining confidence as its members became mutually acquainted, routed the combined forces of the other junior years in science, and crossing to the arts building utterly routed the freshmen of that faculty in a pitched battle of fifteen minutes duration. The class had subsequently waged war with Science '00, but the fines for each of these performances were so heavy that 'scraps' occur



MR. A. A. BOWMAN, B.Sc.,  
Class Historian.

no more in Science. The class had seen the phenomenal growth of the Science department owing to the munificence of Sir William McDonald, who, said the historian, 'has for his reward only to look around and see what he has made possible, to realize the importance of placing scientific education within reach of the youth and beauty of Canada. He is raising for himself a monument more lasting than stone, more durable than iron—the monument of a great work nobly carried out and from the coal fields of Cape Breton to the far reaches of the Yukon, science graduates thank him for what he has done.

The historian thought that the history of the class should not stop now. The members should continue it by striving to do honor to themselves and to their Alma Mater.

Mr. P. T. Moore varied the proceedings of the afternoon by singing a solo and an encore in his usual excellent style.

#### COMPOSITORS ON STRIKE.

London, April 28.—The 'St. James's Gazette' made its appearance on the street yesterday two hours later than the usual time of its publication. The delay was caused by trouble with the compositors. The proprietors engaged a new staff of compositors on Wednesday, and locked out the entire old force. The new men were hampered by their inexperience with the work, and were necessarily slow. A strong force of police is picketing the office.

#### THE QUEEN OPENS A BRIDGE.

Nice, April 28.—Queen Victoria yesterday opened a new bridge across the Paillon river. There was a large crowd present and much enthusiasm was displayed. The French and British colors were displayed in profusion. The Mayor and the officials of the prefecture presented a bouquet to Her Majesty and thanked her for the honor she had conferred on the city.

#### FAIR TO-MORROW.

Toronto, April 28, 11 a.m.—The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures:—Kamloops, 52, 34; Calgary, 46, 22; Prince Albert, 44, 14; Winnipeg, 68, 36; Port Arthur, 50, 40; Parry Sound, 76, 53; Toronto, 66, 46; Ottawa, 70, 42; Montreal, 66, 48; Quebec, 64, 35; Halifax, 56, 34. Moderate to fresh south-east to south-west winds; warm and partly fair to-day; local showers and thunderstorms to-night; Saturday warm and for the most part fair.

Montreal April 28, 1899.  
Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard  
Barometer at noon to-day, 30.13; yesterday, 30.16. To-day, temperature, max. 64, min. 40; yesterday, max. 60, min. 34.

### A MISSOURI CYCLONE.

#### Two Towns Devastated and Many Lives Lost.

St. Louis, Mo., April 27.—A special to the 'Globe-Democrat' from Kirksville, Mo., says:—A gathering storm that had been threatening all afternoon, broke upon Kirksville at 6.20 o'clock to-night in all the fury of a cyclone. A path a quarter of a mile wide, and as clean as the prairie was swept through the eastern portion of the city, and four hundred buildings, homes and mercantile, were levelled to the ground in scattered ruins.

In the heavy rain that followed, the people who had escaped turned out to rescue the injured. For two hours the streets were a scene of confusion, but by eight o'clock, twenty-eight dead bodies had been taken from the ruins. Almost a thousand people were more or less injured.

#### THE DEAD.

The known dead are as follows:—Mr. Anderson, A. Beall, Edward Beaman, boy; Dr. Billington, Mrs. Bowman, Theodore Brigham, merchant; Mrs. Theodore Bright, Mrs. Condon, James Cunningham, C. A. Gibbs, A. W. Glasce, Mrs. A. S. Glasce, Mrs. Ben. Green, Mrs. W. W. Green, Miss Bessie Green, daughter of Mrs. W. W. Green; Mrs. Melinda Heimen, Mrs. Hills, Wm. B. Howells, Mr. and Mrs. Kirk, Mrs. John Larkin, sr., Col. Little and family of four, Henry Lowe and three children, Mrs. T. Mahaffy, Mrs. Miller, Harry Mitchell, Mrs. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Jean Peneshott, Mr. Peck, A. W. Rainshot, Mrs. A. W. Rainshot, Mrs. W. H. Shearbourne, wife of student, School of Osteopathy; Mrs. C. F. Stevenson, James Weaver, retired contractor; Alma Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Woods, Mrs. C. Woods, Mrs. Leona Whaley, Mrs. Henry Bellington.

Intense darkness prevailed after the cyclone and the rescuers were at a disadvantage for a short time until fire broke out in a dozen places in the ruins and shed light over the scene. No attempt was made to extinguish the flames, partly because the rescuers had no time, and partly because of the need of light. On both sides of the storm's path the debris was piled high and burned fiercely.

The storm first struck the eastern portion of the city near that part occupied by the boarding houses of the students of the American School of Osteopathy, State Normal School, and McWard's Seminary.

The storm then went north-west and wiped out Patterson's Nursery, pulling the trees out of the ground and hurling them through the city. A second section of the cyclone followed the first, twenty minutes later. It came as an inky black cloud, widely distributed and covered the whole town, but passed above the houses, doing no material damage.

Reports coming in from the country districts state that many farmers have suffered severely and that several lives have been lost outside of Kirksville.

#### A SCENE OF DESOLATION.

Kirksville, Mo., April 28.—Kirksville to-day is a scene of desolation and suffering as the result of last evening's tornado. Many of the dead and dying remained in the ruins of their homes during the night; others who had been found and taken to places of shelter died before morning. A small corps of doctors from the Osteopathy College, students and citizens, spent the dark hours in a ceaseless hunt for the unfortunates; the dead are carried away to a selected spot to be cared for when the needs of the injured could be satisfied.

All night rescuers darted here and there among the debris, answering some cry for help or, directed by the sight of some struggling form fighting to escape imprisonment. Here and there fires that had started soon after the tornado passed, and which were allowed to burn, sent up a bright glow and lent aid to the rescuers. It was possible that these same fires had incinerated some of the victims who could not be reached, and only days of search would reveal the true state of affairs. Morning broke bright and beautiful over the area of destruction, and the rambling search of the ruins pursued during the night gave way to systematic work.

Kirksville is the county seat of Adair county, and has a population estimated at 5,000. The state normal school of the first district and business colleges are located here. The town is best known through the teachings of the American School of Osteopathy. Persons afflicted with many diseases visit Kirksville to be treated, and it was in the students and patients' quarters that the tornado wrought havoc.

#### TWENTY KILLED AT NEWTON.

Chillicothe, Mo., April 28.—Reports from Newton, Sullivan county, are that twenty persons were killed in last night's tornado, and between thirty and forty injured. Many of the injured will die. The known dead are:—S. Bedford and wife and five children, L. Evans and two daughters, William Hay, wife and seven children, Unknown man.

The entire eastern half of the town was destroyed. The path of the storm was about five hundred or six hundred yards wide and hardly a dwelling in its

course escaped. Frame houses were lifted from their foundations and crushed like egg shells. The more substantial buildings were partly wrecked and half a hundred persons at least are homeless. The storm blew down the telegraph wires in and about the city and washed away the bridge over Medicine Creek, a small stream just south of the town. Traffic on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul is suspended on account of the destruction of the bridge and the high water.

A terrific electrical storm followed the tornado and the excitement was intense. Women and children ran about the streets shrieking for their parents and friends and men searched the ruins in the drenching rain, hoping to find the bodies of victims. Houses of survivors were thrown open to those who were rendered homeless and everything possible was done for the injured.

Construction trains have left here to repair the track leading into Newton. The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul depot stock yards were completely demolished. Fully a third of the business portion of the city was destroyed.

#### RODE HIS WHEEL TO DEATH.

#### A St. Catherine Street Cyclist Cut to Bits Beneath an Electric Car.

#### THE VICTIM POPULAR IN BOATING CIRCLES.

The first bicycle fatality of the Montreal season occurred at the corner of St. Catherine and Mountain streets last evening, when Mr. Fred T. Sly, butcher in the Queen's market, 2743 St. Catherine street met with an awful death beneath an electric car.

It was about a quarter to eight when the victim of the unfortunate accident, who was an expert bicyclist, locked up his store for what was to be the last time, and started for a spin on his new wheel. When he had got as far as Mountain street, on St. Catherine street, Mr. Sly curved into the centre of the thoroughfare, intending to go north, but losing his balance, he fell directly in front of an east-bound electric car. Ten seconds and the thing was done. The rider's wheel toppled over clear of the track, and his hat was afterwards picked up uninjured, on the other side, but several pedestrians and a carload of passengers stared aghast at the spectacle of a human being sliced to pieces under the heavy truck, and the brains and other remains scattered along the street. Identification was made by means of visiting cards carried in a pocket of the deceased's clothing. Friends were notified, and the body gathered together, and removed to the morgue.

Mr. Sly, who was thirty-five years of age, and unmarried, was a brother of Mr. John Sly, butcher, of 76 Manufacturers street, and was well known and very popular in Point St. Charles, where his quiet and unobtrusive personality will be greatly missed. He was always ready to assist in any undertakings for the general good, and did his full share of the work. He was a life member of the Grand Trunk Boating Club and one of its strongest supporters, taking a keen interest in all that pertained to its welfare. Out of respect to his memory the club flag is flying at half-mast, a floral anchor has been placed on his coffin, and the club is to attend the funeral in a body.

In bicycle circles the dreadful accident has been sympathetically discussed to-day. Cautions riders, it may be said, avoid those streets which are used by the trolley cars, as much as possible; but the majority of riders seem to prefer them, and constantly take the greatest risks. This is especially the case at the crossings, as it is a constant experience to see dozens of riders in the evening darting directly in front of the cars at the junction of the leading streets. Old wheelmen say the wonder is, not that one man is killed in a season, but that dozens do not lose their lives.

An eye witness of the accident drew attention to the fact that had the fender of the car been lower there would have been no fatality. As a fact, the fenders are quite too high, and, instead of saving life, they aid in destroying it. In the instance in question the fender was high enough to admit the man's body between it and the street, with the result that while escape was impossible through the pressure exerted by the iron grating on the body, the wheel came in contact with the victim. It was strongly urged by groups of wheelmen and citizens to-day that the fenders of the cars should be lowered so as to be about two inches above the street. If this change was made, the fender would, in almost every case, throw the body off, instead of pinning it to the ground. It was freely admitted, however, by bicyclists, that there was a criminal recklessness displayed, especially by young people, in riding in the evenings along the crowded streets, upon which there was the constant danger of collision with vehicles or street cars.

### CALUMPIT HAS FALLEN.

#### STRONGHOLD NOW OCCUPIED BY THE AMERICANS—FILIPINO ACTIVITY.

Manilla, April 28.—The Americans yesterday succeeded in driving the Filipinos out of Calumpit, after some hard fighting. Twenty Filipinos, who came to meet the conquerors bearing a white flag, declared heartily that they were sick of fighting, adding that food was very short in their camps. They ate the army rations given to them with an eagerness that testified to the truth of the latter statement. One who had been severely wounded, dragged himself after his comrades, showing remarkable nerve.

Fifty Americans were overcome by the heat, and Colonel Funston dropped, utterly exhausted, after the battle. The men of the Kansas regiment, who were wildly when they went among them. Last night the flames of burning villages and scattered huts gave the horizon a glow as of sunset, and the cracking of the bamboo as they caught fire sounded like musketry in a battle.

#### Manilla, April 28.—11.45 a.m.—The

Washington regiment, which is holding Taguig, engaged a large force of insurgents yesterday in a fight in the jungle. The Americans lost two killed and ten wounded. The Filipinos have been massed at the mouth of the Pasig river, and it is estimated that there are two thousand of them now there. They have mounted two guns—one a three-inch Krupp—and have thrown a number of shells into the American lines.

Yesterday a large force of rebels approached the town, seemingly bent upon luring the Americans from Calumpit. Three companies of the Washington regiment sallied from the town and attacked the natives, and found that they had their hands full. Two other companies of the Washingtons and three of the 12th regulars reinforced them and drove back the enemy, who removed their dead and wounded as they retired, as usual.

Washington, D.C., April 28.—General Otis telegraphs the War Department this morning that the commanding general of the insurgents has received from the insurgent government directions to suspend hostilities pending negotiations for the termination of the war and that insurgent staff officers are now on their way to Manila for that purpose.

General Otis's despatch also says: 'After taking Calumpit MacArthur's division crossed the Rio Grande river in the face of great obstacles, driving the concentrated forces of the enemy back on the railway two miles. MacArthur reports that the passage of the river was a remarkable military achievement, the success of which is due to daring skill and determination of Colonel Funston, and discriminating control of General Wheaton.'

New York, April 28.—A Manila despatch to the 'Evening Journal' says that General Luna, with a large force of insurgents and arms, has surrendered. Luna is the Filipino field commander. FEELING OF RELIEF IN WASHINGTON.

Washington, D.C., April 28.—The despatch from General Otis was immediately telegraphed to President McKinley at Philadelphia. The officials of the War Department all believe that the hostilities are about concluded.

The news from General Otis came just at the beginning of the official day here. There was a feeling of profound relief expressed at once on all sides, for during the last three days the officials have been much depressed by the reports that came from the front. The Associated Press, under bulletin dated at the close of today from Manila, stating that negotiations for peace had not been successful to-day, but that another conference would occur to-morrow, did not have any substantial effect in repressing the expressions of satisfaction.

Secretary Alger was naturally highly gratified at the news. He approved thoroughly of General Otis's reply to the Filipino delegation, but he made it clear that there was no disposition on his part to interfere.

It is stated on the highest authority that under its instructions, the Philippine commission, which has full power, will deal most leniently with the insurgents when once convinced of their intention to cease hostilities.

A MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT  
Philadelphia, Pa., April 28.—Immediately upon receiving the despatch from Washington from General Otis, President McKinley sent the following message of congratulation and thanks to the soldiers in the Philippines:—  
Philadelphia, April 28.

To Otis, Manila:—  
Your message announcing the achievement of MacArthur's division and the proposal by the insurgents of suspension of hostilities most gratifying. Convey to officers and men heartfelt congratulations and gratitude for their signal gallantry and triumph.

(Signed) WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

#### THE PONTON TRIAL.

Kingston, Ont., April 28.—The prisoners Paré and Holden, in Nanapanee jail, have consented to the change of venue and will go to Toronto when the Assizes open in May, to give evidence.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them.

Birth notices are inserted for 10c, marriage notices for 10c, death notices for 10c prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 10c extra; other extension to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra-prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths without extended obituary or verses occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS. ANTLIFF.—At 378 Spence street, Winnipeg, on April 25, 1899, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. William Antliff.

MARRIED. BRADLEY—HOPE.—At Melville Church, Westmount, on April 27, 1899, by the Rev. T. W. Winfield, Tom Bradley, of London, England, to Magdalene Percy, daughter of Wm. H. Hope, of this city.

CARVER—McCORMICK.—In this city, on April 28, 1899, at the residence of Duncan McCormick, of Montreal, assisted by the Rev. J. E. Daniels, of Valleyfield, Francis Eugene Carver, of Albany, N.Y., to Mary, youngest daughter of the late Archibald McCormick, of Valleyfield.

LOCKETT—McARTHUR.—At the residence of the bride's parents, in this city, on April 27, 1899, by the Rev. A. J. Mowatt, Catharine Maria McArthur, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. D. McArthur, to Lawrence Charles Lockett, of Kingston, Ont., son of Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Lockett, of Belleville, Ont.

MACDOUGALL—REFORD.—At St. George's Church, Montreal, on April 25, 1899, by the Bishop of Montreal, assisted by the Rev. Dean Carmichael, Hartland Bridges Macdougall, to Edith, daughter of Robt. Reford, Esq.

McARTHUR—STEWART.—At the residence of the bride, on April 19, 1899, by the Rev. J. H. Higgins, B.A., John McArthur, of Nepean, to Mrs. Robert Stewart, of Mountain, Dundas County, Ontario.

DEATHS. AMOS.—In Exeter, Ont., on April 22, 1899, Laura Ruth Manning, wife of T. A. Amos, Esq., M.D., L.R.C.P.S., Edin., aged 33 years, 8 months and 3 days.

BADDELEY.—On April 28, 1899, at her husband's residence, 175 Montana street, Jane Baddeley, beloved wife of George W. Baddeley. Funeral from above address on Monday, May 1st, at 2:30 p.m., thence to Mount Royal Cemetery.

HAMILTON.—At her residence, 'Dunhill,' Stratford, Ont., on April 25, 1899, Cecelia, widow of the late John Hamilton, Collector H. M. Customs.

MILLER.—At Sherbrooke, Que., on April 25, 1899, Mary Unsworth, wife of Clement Millier, youngest daughter of the late Robert Stanley Unsworth and Mary Hatton, formerly of Liverpool, England.

NICHOLS.—On April 23, 1899, at St. Paul's Rectory, Lock Haven, Pa., Lois Lauther, infant daughter of the Rev. Louis and Fannie Nichols.

SHARPE.—At Rawdon, Que., Sarah Jane, (school teacher), daughter of Capt. Geo. Sharpe, on April 25, 1899, after a long and painful illness, aged 30 years.

SLY.—On April 27, 1899, Fred. T. Sly, aged 39 years (killed by electric car), from his brother's, Mr. John Sly, residence, 75 Manufacturers street, Point St. Charles, at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend. St. Neot's, Huntingdonshire, England, papers please copy.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wonderful bargains in new and second-hand pianos at W. H. Leach's, 49 Metcalfe street, who is removing on Monday or Tuesday to St. Catherine street. No reasonable offers refused from immediate cash or installment purchasers Open evenings until 10:30 o'clock. N.B.—Old pianos accepted in part payment for new ones. Telephone, Up 968.

TEES & CO., UNDERTAKERS, 300 St. James st. Telephone, Main, 327. Uptown, 1501, 8160.

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND OF FIVE PERCENT, for the current half-year (making a total distribution for the year of Ten percent) upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this City, and at its Branches, on and after THURSDAY, the first day of June next.

The TRANSFER BOOKS will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House of the institution on MONDAY, the Fifth day of June next. The chair to be taken at One o'clock.

By order of the Board. E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager. Montreal, 18th April, 1899.

SASH BELT CLASPS. Sterling Silver, Enamel and Cut Steel, 50c to \$3.00. Sterling Silver Violin Holders, \$1.00. Sterling Silver and Crystal Hearts, 50c to \$1.00. Sterling Silver Long Watch Chains, \$1.40 to \$3.50. Jewellery manufactured and repaired. Clocks repaired. Watches cleaned, repaired and warranted.

D. BEATTY, 137 St. Peter Street, Opp. 'Witness' Office.

THE S. CARSLY CO., Limited.

Notre Dame street. Montreal's Greatest Store. April 28, 1899.

BICYCLE SENSATION OF 1899. \$50.00 HIGH-GRADE "STAR" BICYCLES, \$22.95.

The Sensation caused by the selling of this eminently HIGH GRADE BICYCLE at this price has not yet reached its zenith. Every day brings us fresh incidents to talk about; satisfactory ones that tell us how pleased the purchasers are with their new mounts. There is no better, stronger, or more graceful wheel made than 'THE STAR,' handsome in appearance, made of the best cold drawn steel tubing, and with a clear record for stability and reliability, and besides it is fully guaranteed by the maker. A special carload arrived yesterday for 'Saturday's' needs.

Remember, a \$50.00 THOROUGH HIGH GRADE WHEEL for \$22.95.

SPLENDID BICYCLE SUITS FOR MEN. The Clothing Chief has made a special study of MEN'S BICYCLE SUITS, and has succeeded in producing several hundred suits, the merits of which are beyond dispute, made of splendid quality brown and grey diagonal tweed, and thoroughly well finished, cut in newest s.c. style, with neat patch pockets. The knickerbockers are in the latest accepted style, with belt straps, reinforced seats, safety back pocket, strap and buckle at knee. Special price, \$2.95.

Men's Scotch Finish Tweed Bicycle Suits, s.c. style, waterproofed and latest up-to-date improvements, \$4.35.

Men's Bicycle Pants—275 pairs Men's Bicycle Pants, knickerbocker style, in good serviceable diagonal tweed, reinforced seat, belt strap, knee strap and buckles, all sizes, from 30 to 40 inch waist measure. Special price, 95c a pair.

MEN'S FURNISHING SPECIALS. This particular stock commands interest and attention on all sides. The Big Store has by far the largest, best and cheapest-priced stock of Men's Reliable furnishing on this continent.

MEN'S NECKWEAR. Never since it was discovered that the necktie was the richest part of a gentleman's dress have we shown such a beautiful collection as now.

The variety of Men's Neckwear includes all the newest and best styles as worn in London and New York, comprising puffs, knots, flowing ends, four-hand bows, club house and others. There is over 1,000 dozen to select from and the prices are from 15 to 20 percent lower than exclusive furnishing houses. Prices from 10c to 75c each.

THE BATTLE OF THE BOOKS. Increases daily and results always in reduced prices. Here are some books designed specially for week-end reading, the prices of which have been fought down to lowest attainable.

Sheldon's Great Books (the talk of 3 countries), 3 1/2c each. 10,000 Handy Pocket Volumes, of paper fiction and standard, good type, neat binding, ordinary 8c, 4 1/2c.

Write for the New Spring Catalogue just published. MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY FILLED.

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The Daily Witness. PRIZES DISTRIBUTED.

FRENCH METHODIST INSTITUTE CLOSING EXERCISES.

The closing exercises of the First French Methodist Institute were held last night, in the presence of a large concourse of people. The Rev. Dr. Antliff occupied the chair. The Rev. Principal Shaw, Principal Laverriere and the Rev. Messrs. Winter, Graham, De Gruchy, Davis and Massicotte were seated on the platform.

After the singing of a hymn, and a prayer by the president, the principal, the Rev. J. Pinel, read a lengthy and excellent report of the work done by the students during the session. The students' health had been good and the friends who had kindly consented to examine the examination papers declared their appreciation of the high class of work done at the institute. The principal showed the need of a gymnasium and of a larger staff of teachers. This institute, founded in 1880, by the late Rev. L. N. Beaudry, began with twelve pupils; this year they had had eighty-nine, and some thirty had been refused for lack of accommodation.

The report was followed with recitations and singing by the pupils. An oral examination on sacred history then took place. For the pupils, the most interesting part of the programme was the distribution of the prizes. The programme was interspersed by remarks and friendly words of encouragement from the visitors present.

BRITISH WINE DUTIES. INTERESTING STATEMENT BY THE CHANCELLOR OF THE EX-CHEQUER.

Toronto, April 28.—A 'Globe' special cable from London says: 'Besides interviewing the Chancellor of the Exchequer personally the agents-general of the self-governing colonies will send a strong joint memorandum to the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, upon the subject of the wine duties and their incidence upon wines grown in British colonies. However, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, in the House of Commons, last night, replying to a question asked by Sir Howard Vincent, the well-known Imperialist, said

that Victoria and South Australia, the colonies principally interested in requesting the British Government to return to a system of preferential duties, were asking for the inception of a change in the British fiscal system of great importance, and he did not see why a preference should be made in favor of colonies which levy a high protective tariff upon British manufactures. The intimation was received with cheers.

The Hon. William Mulock's cable resolutions are here regarded as having been the final cause of the action by the British Government in granting the annual subsidy to the Pacific cable.

COMMERCIAL. Montreal Wholesale Markets. WITNESS OFFICE, April 28, 1899.

GRAIN. Though the volume of business is not large there is a steady trade passing, and prices show no change. The receipts to-day were 12,000 bushels of wheat, 26,122 bushels of corn, 3,165 bushels of peas and 5,200 bushels of oats.

We quote No. 2 oats at 35c afloat in May, while in the west they are worth 31c to 31 1/2c; straight, 74 1/2c afloat May, and buckwheat at 58 1/2c.

FLOUR. There is a quiet business being done. We quote Manitoba patents at \$3.00 to \$4.05; strong bakers at \$2.70 to \$3.50, winter patents at \$3.75 to \$4; straight rollers, \$3.30 to \$3.60; straight rollers, bags, at \$1.95 to \$1.75; extras at \$1.40 to \$1.60.

PROVISIONS. There is a quiet business being done. Liverpool quotations show no change since yesterday. Chicago hog market is 75c in consequence the small stocks of fall make held here have declined in value about 1/4c. The receipts to-day were 27 barrels of tallow and 7 boxes of hams.

CHEESE. Liverpool cable declined another 6d on both white and colored cheese to 51s 6d and in consequence the small stocks of fall make held here have declined in value about 1/4c. The receipts to-day were 88 boxes.

BUTTER. Creamery is decidedly weaker and selling at 16 1/2c to 17c for Best Eastern. Eastern Township dairy is worth 14c to 15c, while fresh rolls are slow at 12c. The receipts to-day were 848 packages.

EGGS. Eggs sold down to 11 1/2c to-day and the market is very weak, the supply being considerably in excess of the demand. The receipts to-day were 650 cases.

FARMERS' MARKET PRICES.—April 28. There was a good attendance of both farmers and market gardeners in and around Bonsecours market and Jacques Cartier square this forenoon, and nearly all sorts of seasonable truck was offered for sale at declining prices in many cases. Potatoes were very plentiful at \$1.50 to \$2.00 the bag; Quebec turnips, 50c do; other turnips at considerably less; oats at 75c to 80c the bag; carrots at \$1.75 to \$2.25 the barrel; beets at 70c to \$1 do. parsnips at \$1.50 to \$2.25 do.; onions at \$2 to \$2 1/2 the barrel; Egyptian onions at 1 1/2c to 2c per lb.; cabbages at 2c to \$2.50 the barrel; radishes at 20c to 50c the dozen bunches; lettuce at 20c to 40c do.; rhubarb at 20c to 30c do.; shallots were very plentiful at from 15c to 25c the dozen bunches. A few dressed hogs were sold at 6 1/2c per lb.; pork pieces are very plentiful at from 7c to 10c do.; dead turkeys at 12c to 14c do.; geese at 9c to 10c do.; ducks and chickens at 11c to 13c do.; live fowls at 9c to \$1.15 the pair; tub butter at 15c to 17c per lb.; print butter usually sells at about 20c per lb.; a few good from 25c to 30c do.; fresh laid eggs in baskets at 15c to 20c the dozen. There are now three fruit steamships in the harbor, con-

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

SOME OF THE 'CHANCES' OFFERING

—AT OUR—

At Our End of the Month Sale!

Men's Furnishings. TIES—A large lot, consisting of Derby, Puffs, Bows, etc. worth, 20c, 25c, and 35c, for 7c each.

75c UNLAUNDERED SHIRTS for 39c each. Every one should see this line, all sizes, from 12 to 17, hand-made button holes, four ply fronts and bands, endless facings, reinforced fronts from under arm, cut large and roomy. Sold everywhere at 75c. Sale price . . . . . 39c ea

Hosiery Dept. Two of the main snags in this department. 1,200 PAIRS OF MEN'S HALF HOSE. Lisle Thread and Cotton Half Hose; colors, Brown and Tan; all sizes; spliced heels and toes, seamless feet. Nobody could buy better socks at 25c. Sale price 12 1/2c

300 PAIR CHILD'S BLACK CASHMERE HOSE. Spliced heels and toes, double knees and feet; all sizes; they must go at this sale; regular value, 25c; to clear . . . . . 10c

Umbrellas. Ladies' Sterling Silver Mounted Umbrellas; worth easily \$1.35; our special price, only . . . . . 95c

Men's \$1.25 Rod Umbrellas, with crook handles, to go at 95c

JOHN MURPHY & CO., 2343 St. Catherine Street, Corner of Metcalfe Street. Terms Cash. Telephone Up 933.

Gloves. 1,000 pairs of Ladies' 2 Clasp Kid Gloves, with Silk Embroidered Backs; all sizes from 5 1/2 to 7 1/2. These goods were bought by us at away below their regular value. You need some. Now is your time to buy \$1.15 Gloves for 69c pair.

Sheet Music. 10,000 Marches, Songs, Waltzes, etc., etc., to clear at this sale; some of them worth 40c each; others 30c and 20c; sale price . . . . . 1c each.

Fancy Goods. IN RIGHT CENTRE AISLE. Special Table at Half Price. Photo Frames, Ink Wells, Mirrors, Fancy Pencils, etc., 25c ones for 12 1/2c; 50c for 25c, and so on.

Jewellery Dept. CHAIN BRACELETS and such good ones, too; with padlock and key, in gold or silver plate, made to sell at 60c; at this sale . . . 25c

Perfumes. FLORIDA WATER, large 8 oz. bottles, that came out very cheap; so cheap, in fact, that we can sell them less than half price; 40c bottles, at this sale . . . 19c

Special offerings in Dress Goods, Silks, Cottons, Linens, Mantles, Millinery, etc.

Duluth pd.—100 at 11 1/2. Montreal Telegraph—200 at 175. City 7 percent permit—\$2,000 at 180. Windsor Hotel—15 at 105. Republic M. Co. (cash)—4,500 at 135. Dom. Cotton—50 at 112 1/2, 50 at 112 1/2.

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marier, Stock Brokers 1784, Notre Dame St. MORNING BOARD.

Table with columns: Stocks, Sellers, Buyers, Stocks, Sellers, Buyers. Includes entries for Can. Pacific, Duluth Com., Do. Pd., etc.

Table with columns: Montreal St., Montreal New, Halifax, etc. Includes entries for Montreal St. 338, Montreal New 339, Halifax 116, etc.

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### Visit our Dress Goods Department

For your new Dress Goods. Every piece of goods shown here has been selected with care. Our colorings are stylish and thoroughly up-to-date.

#### BLACK DRESS GOODS

Black Voile De Paris, 85c to 1.25 yard, plain, also Black Voile De Paris, in striped and dot effects, 95c to \$1.25 yard.

Black Grenadines, figured and plain, from 49c yard up.

#### MEN'S WHITE SHIRTS.

Our Rattler Unlaundered White Shirt is made of All Cotton, warranted fine linen fronts and bands, all reinforced, with all latest improvements, made in any length sleeve, 31, 32, 33 and 34; Boys' sizes, 12 to 14; Men's, 14 to 18. Best White Shirt in Canada, 50c.

#### RIPLEY'S PILE FINISH

Guaranteed to neither cockle, shrink or spot, especially adapted for travelling dresses.

#### FRENCH POPLINS

In colors that you will admire, marked at popular prices.

Our Leader Laundered White Shirt is made of Fine Cotton, extra fine linen fronts and bands, all reinforced, with all the latest improvements; all sizes; specially good value at 75c, or six for \$3.00.

## Ogilvy's,

ST. CATHERINE AND MOUNTAIN STREETS.

### THE CLASS MADE MERRY.

### ARTS GRADUATING DINNER LAST NIGHT.

Arts '99 class held its graduating dinner in the Carlskake Hotel last evening. A sumptuous feast was placed upon the board.

After the dinner, the president of the year, Mr. Lemuel Robertson, in an appropriate speech, introduced the toasts. The first was "The Queen," proposed by Mr. Robertson. "Canada" was proposed by Mr. W. G. Brown, and "Alma Mater," by Mr. F. S. Patch; "The Principals and Professors," by Mr. J. B. McLeod, responded to by Mr. W. G. Cumming and Mr. E. H. White; "The Undergraduates," by Mr. J. Greig and replied to by Messrs. B. S. McKenzie and R. L. Gardiner; "The Ladies," by Mr. J. A. Lundie, replied to by Mr. T. B. Holland; "The Theologs" was proposed by Mr. E. Laurie and responded to by Mr. H. Rice and Mr. H. J. Keith. Finally, "The Class of '99" was proposed by Mr. W. B. Heeney and responded to by Messrs. T. B. Munro and Chas. Cotton. These were interspersed with piano solos and songs.

Before the last toast, business of the year was attended to, and its affairs wound up. An alumni association was formed, to meet next year. The officers of the past year were re-elected, but on the resignation of the president, Mr. Robertson, Mr. Wainwright was elected to the chair and Mr. W. G. Brown to the vice-presidency, held previously by Mr. Wainwright.

A vote of thanks was unanimously given to the retiring president for so ably fulfilling his duties and Mr. Wainwright was toasted and bounced for his remarkable work in philosophy.

The dinner was brought to a close by singing the National Anthem and "Auld Lang Syne."

### THE BAR ELECTIONS.

### MR. MATTHEW HUTCHINSON A CANDIDATE FOR TREASURER.

Great interest is being taken by the members of the Bar in the election of the officers and council, which takes place on Monday next. It was mentioned some days ago that Mr. W. J. White was a candidate for the office of treasurer, but as some of the lawyers think an older man should have the honor, Mr. Matthew Hutchinson has been brought out. There are several tickets for the council and an interesting contest is anticipated.

### A RECORD BREAKER.

### PASSENGER MEN REFER TO THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK IN GLOWING TERMS.

So far the steamship passenger business this season is a record breaker said Mr. W. H. Henry, the well known representative of several steamship agencies here. The popular New York lines have most of their select berths all booked right up to July. It is difficult indeed to get any berths, and the consequence is that there is a tendency to patronize more our own Canadian lines. The big New York companies have issued circulars detailing what steamers are booked full, and wherever there are vacant berths, note has been made. Why July is fixed as a limit is because after that date the rates will change. So much business has increased that the Cunard Company has transferred one of their steamers, which was intended to have sailed under the change of rates in July, to the schedule under existing rates. Berths on this boat are already nearly taken.

Mr. D. Battersby, one of the most experienced passenger men in the city, said business was "booming" just now, and the improvement in the Canadian service was calling forth many letters

of inquiry from all travellers in different parts. The New York business was simply unprecedented. The new Canadian steamers were being closely watched by tourists and the bookings were beginning early for the best boats. Rates were classified as winter rates before May 15 and after July 14 and summer rate between May 15 until July 14. Inquiry at other important agencies in the city would indicate that tourists are going abroad this year in great numbers.

### 'HYMN OF PRAISE.'

### CREDITABLE PERFORMANCE BY THE PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

There was a fairly good audience at Her Majesty's last night on the occasion of the recital given by Emil Paur's symphony orchestra. Emil Paur himself was absent, having been called away to what proved to be the death of his wife. Mr. Burmeister took his place as pianist, and proved a good substitute. At the end of the piano concerto by Mendelssohn he received such applause that he had to respond to a recall. His work in this number was so true and effective that the audience was enraptured.

Beethoven's symphony No. 5 in C minor, executed by the orchestra under the leadership of Mr. Henry C. Schmidt, was the principal number of the programme. The various parts of this wonderful composition were all rendered in a manner which aroused the enthusiasm of the admirers of the great composer. Professor Couture conducted the cantata, "A hymn of praise," in which the Montreal Philharmonic Society took part, assisted by Anita Rio, New York, Miss Moffatt, Montreal, sopranos, and Mr. G. L. Moore, New York, tenor. Professor Couture fully sustained his reputation as a leader, and the ladies and gentlemen mentioned did their share of the work admirably, and reflected great credit on their conductor.

The programme included the following numbers:—

- Overture, Sakuntala . . . . . Goldmark
- Symphony No. 5, C minor . . . . . Beethoven
- Allegro con brio (C minor).
- Andante con moto (A flat major).
- Scherzo, Allegro (C minor).
- Trio (C major).
- Finale, Allegro (C major).
- Piano concerto, G minor . . . . . Mendelssohn
- Cantata, "A Hymn of Praise."

### THE LANE-CLEARING.

The scavenging department will, as usual, begin the annual cleaning up of the back lanes a few days after the first of May, as they always give time for the refuse of house cleaning and moving to be put out. The city sanitary engineer says that this year he intends to begin this work on Monday week.

### ALDERMEN'S INDEMNITY.

### FIRST PAYMENT ON ACCOUNT OF SALARIES PAID.

The city fathers have received the first instalment of their salaries as provided by section 39 of the new city charter. The salaries will be paid in quarterly instalments and amount to \$800 a year for chairmen and \$600 for other aldermen. As the charter did not come into effect until March 10 only a fraction of the first quarter's salary was paid. All of the aldermen have received the first instalment, except Ald. Rainville, who is in Europe, and Ald. Roy, who is sick.

### WINDSOR HOTEL.

The Windsor Hotel is inaugurating a new carriage service, thoroughly up to date—modern in style and appearance, for the convenience of its guests. This will complete the general renovation which has been in progress for some time past, and which, interiorly, has radically changed and improved the establishment, giving greater comfort and convenience to the guests, and furnishing them in every way with a better service.

### TO PRIVY COUNCIL.

In view of the strong dissent of two of the judges of the Court of Appeal, in the Hogan case, yesterday, the city attorneys intend to advise the Corporation to take the case to the Privy Council.

# AITKEN'S

The right place for newness, quality, fashion, durability, real worth, in LADIES' and CHILDREN'S FURNISHINGS. New importations opening out every day in this store.

#### LADIES' BLOUSES.

We never had as good a stock, and never gave so good value for the money; if you appreciate good BLOUSE values, come and see our stock.

#### LADIES' SKIRTS and SUITS.

In White, Duck and Crash, perfect fitting goods, and unequalled in value.

#### OUR CORSET and WAIST

Department is complete and full of the best and most approved models. The celebrated FERRIS WAIST always on hand, also the BAR LE DUC, R. & G., the P. N. CORSETS, and other first-class makes.

#### CHILDREN'S MILLINERY.

Fresh importations just opened out. Latest styles in CHILDREN'S MUSLIN and SILK HEADWEAR. A varied assortment of the Latest New York Styles in CHILDREN'S HATS, CAPS and BONNETS, in Muslin and Silk. Prices ranging from 15c to \$3.

#### Children's Suits and Dresses, Christening Robes and Cloaks.

The best value in these lines are here. Shoppers know the pre-eminent position this store occupies in this line of goods. We're leaders beyond question, the store headquarters for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S TROUSSEAUX, the best the world's manufacturers produce, and more so this season than ever before. As we are disposing entirely of our Gent's Furnishings, we are giving more and more attention to our Ladies' and Children's Department, to which the whole premises are to be devoted.

## JOHN AITKEN & CO.

1757 Notre Dame Street.

N.B.—In our Closing Sale of GENT'S FURNISHINGS, we have been crowded for the last two weeks, many having taken advantage of the bargains offered. We have still a large balance to dispose of in SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, TIES, COLLARS, &c., all of which are offered at Half Price, 50 per cent. off. We also include in this sale our Fine Stock of LADIES' and CHILDREN'S VESTS, DRAWERS, HOSIERY, &c.

### MONTREAL BASEBALL CLUB

### Official Schedule of Matches For Season 1899.

The Montreal Baseball season will open here on May 13, with Hartford, one of the new additions to the Eastern League of Professional Baseball Clubs, and baseball enthusiasts are anxiously looking forward to this event. The champions of last year are reported in good trim, but of late they have not been much heard of. On May 17, Worcester will be here, but from the schedule it will be seen that Montreal plays its first game at Springfield on April 29, and then to Providence on May 3, and after a three days' stay there, the team will move on to Springfield, and from there to Hartford; then it will journey homeward with Hartford, and the first game here will be a Saturday one.

The following is the official schedule of the Montreal Club.

- Montreal Home Matches.
- May 13, 15, 16, Hartford.
- May 17, 18, 19, Worcester.
- May 20, 22, 23, Providence.
- May 24, 25, Springfield.
- May 26, 27, 28, Toronto.
- June 2, 3, 5, Syracuse.
- June 6, 7, 8, Rochester.
- July 1, Rochester.
- July 6, 7, 8, Worcester.
- July 10, 11, 12, Providence.
- July 13, 14, 15, Springfield.
- July 17, 18, 19, Hartford.
- July 21, 22, 23, Toronto.
- August 1, 2, 3, Rochester.
- August 4, 5, 7, Syracuse.
- August 25, 26, Providence.
- August 28, 29, Worcester.
- August 30, 31, Hartford.
- Sept. 1, 2, Springfield.
- Sept. 5, 6, Syracuse.
- Sept. 8, 9, Toronto.
- Montreal's Matches Away.
- April 29, May 1, 2, Worcester.
- May 3, 5, Providence.
- May 6, 8, 9, Springfield.
- May 10, 11, 12, Hartford.
- May 30, 31, Rochester.
- June 10, 12, 13, Toronto.
- June 14, 15, 16, Syracuse.
- June 17, 19, 20, Providence.
- June 21, 22, 23, Worcester.
- June 24, 25, Hartford.
- June 28, 29, Springfield.
- July 3, 4, Syracuse.
- July 20, 21, 22, Rochester.
- July 24, 25, 26, Toronto.
- August 8, 9, Syracuse.
- August 10, 11, Rochester.
- August 12, 14, Worcester.
- August 15, 16, Providence.
- August 17, 18, 19, Springfield.
- August 22, 23, Hartford.
- Sept. 4, Toronto.

### WHEELING.

WILL WRITE MR. PORTER. Toronto, April 28.—H. B. Donly, secretary of the C.W.A., was in the city yesterday, and at a short informal conference with C.W.A. leaders in the city decided to write a letter to Secretary Porter of the Boston Meet Club, explaining the position of the C.W.A. in the present fight between the L.A.W. and N.C.A.

### AQUATICS.

A FAREWELL TO THE MENLEY CREW. Toronto, April 28.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the Argonaut Rowing Club held yesterday it was decided to hold the spring races on Saturday, June 10. The usual "at home" will be held in connection with the races, and as the men who are to row at the Royal Henley regatta will be leaving for England on Tuesday, following, it will take the form of a farewell.

### FOOTBALL.

GRAND CONCERT TO-NIGHT. To-night a grand concert will take place at O'Brien Hall, Point St. Charles, under the auspices of the Point Association Foot-

ball Club, affiliated with the P.A.A.A., and a large attendance is expected, as a good number of tickets have already been disposed of.

The Rev. D. S. Hamilton will preside, and a splendid miscellaneous programme will be gone through. Among the artists there will be Mr. Harvey, Miss Hattie Beatty, Messrs. T. J. Grant, R. O. Toibke, Fred. Hickey, W. C. Turton, J. Donnelly and H. Robinson. At the close of the concert there will be refreshments and dancing.

### LACROSSE.

A PROPOSED NEW LEAGUE. Kingston, Ont., April 28.—Word comes from Perth that a project is on foot to form a lacrosse league consisting of Chesville, Brockville, Ottawa Athletic Club, Kingston and Perth, under the interprovincial lacrosse union. If the various clubs are agreeable a meeting of delegates will be arranged.

### UNION AVENUE FIRE.

A small fire broke out in the house of Mr. Towle, 49 Union avenue, this morning about four o'clock. The neighborhood was awakened by the reels. Smoke in considerable quantities rose after the firemen began to work, but neither by it nor by fire was there much damage done. The seat of the fire was in the ceiling between the basement and the ground floor.

### A MACHINERY DISPUTE.

Judge Charland rendered judgment this morning in the case of F. X. Craig vs. Alex. Walker. The plaintiff revindicated the possession of certain tools and machinery, which the defendant refused to deliver, on the ground that they formed part of the premises. The Court maintained the plaintiff's pretensions and rendered judgment in his favor.

### THE NEW LOAN.

The Finance Committee meets this afternoon to consider the matter of the issuing of the new loan of \$200,000.

### PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Martin, who have spent the winter in Florida, have returned to the city.

Col. Morehouse, of the Sherbrooke Examiner, was in the city yesterday on business, and spoke very hopefully of the progress of Sherbrooke and prospects. The colonel's name has been mentioned in connection with the vacant postmaster-ship of Sherbrooke, which many of his journalistic friends would like to see him get, though his activity as a journalist has not yet reached the zenith of energy, so to speak.

### SPECIAL NOTICES.

A Famous Wheel.—The "Star" Bicycle has jumped in fame with amazing rapidity. Its stability and reliability are undoubted. Made by the Woodstock Bicycle Company, of the best material and fully guaranteed, it stands as a high grade wheel of considerable merit. The S. Carsley Co. are selling this famous wheel at \$22.95.

\$50.00 Wheels for \$22.95.—This is practically what The Big Store has done for the cyclists of Montreal, by placing the famous "Star" Bicycle on the market at \$22.95. It fills the bill of a thorough high grade wheel in every respect and every one sold carries the makers' guarantee for stability and reliability.

## COLONIAL HOUSE,

Union Avenue and Phillips Square.

# Black Dress Goods.

Black Fabrics are *always* in vogue in Paris, and form part of the wardrobe of every fashionable woman. This has been the case for years, but it is especially true to-day that BLACK has a strong hold on the public taste, largely, no doubt, because there is so much of richness, novelty and beauty in the goods themselves.

### A LARGE COLLECTION OF NOVELTIES.

- Black All Wool Grenadines.
- Black Silk and Wool Grenadines.
- Black Silk and Wool Stripe Grenadines.
- Black Silk Stripe Grenadines.
- Black Silk Check Grenadines.
- Black Brocaded Silk Grenadines.
- Black Wool and Mohair Grenadines
- Black All Wool Canvas.
- Black Silk and Wool Canvas.
- Black Plain Mohair.
- Black Fancy Mohair.
- Black Stripe Mohair.
- Black Spotted Mohair.
- Black Silk and Wool Brocaded French Bengaline, etc., etc.

MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE CAREFUL ATTENTION.

## HENRY MORGAN & CO.

MONTREAL, P. Q.

# AN HONEST TALE

Speeds Best Being Plainly Told.

And honest goods find readiest favor when points such as the following are incorporated in the perfected garment:

*Style, Quality and Workmanship, Elegance, Utility and Durability.*

These combined with cloths of the latest designs from the best makers in Europe and Canada make the Fit-Reform the leading clothing in Canada.



SUITS and OVERCOATS, \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20. TROUSERS, \$3, \$4, \$5, \$6.

Fit-Reform Wardrobe, 2344 ST. CATHERINE ST.

### EDWARD O'BRIEN AUCTIONEERS

Attractive Sale

Household Furniture, AT THE RESIDENCE, No. 29 ST. FAMILLE STREET.

MONDAY MORNING, May 1, at 10 o'clock. The Furniture, Carpets and Furnishings throughout the house are the best. Behr Cabinet Grand Piano, Crystal and Iria's Gasaliers, Fine Pictures, Solid Brass Busted, Fine Turkish Rugs and Hall Strips, French Mahogany Wardrobe, Dinner, Dessert and Tea Sets, Fine Doulton, Crown Derby, Worcester and other China, Old Derby Plates, Cut Glass, Silverware, etc. Billiard Table, 7 x 3 1/2, complete, Laporte Steel Range, Gas Cook Stove, etc., etc. Everything in best condition. House on view on Saturday afternoon.

THE EDWARD O'BRIEN CO., Auctioneers.

### SUING THE SISTERS.

The Town of Westmount has entered an action claiming \$718.32 from the Sisters of the Congregation Nunnery as amount of special assessment due by them for the Sherbrooke street improvements.

### SPRING WEDDINGS.

There is a character about our own copper plate Wedding Invitation "Forms" that you cannot mistake—that you command respect the instant you see them.

We follow the most approved London styles exactly—our engraving is most artistic, and the quality of stationery used is the very finest. Prices and samples will be forwarded on application.

### HENRY BIRKS & SONS,

Phillips Square, Montreal.

### WEDDING BELLS.

Dr. J. B. Martin, of Lachine, was married on Tuesday to Miss Angelina Ouellette, daughter of the late Mr. Ouellette, a pilot. Dr. D. Masson, of this city, was married on Wednesday to Miss Marie Leroy, of Lille, France.

Weekly Calendar.

FRIDAY, APRIL 28.

TO-NIGHT . . 8 P.M. (NO MATINEES TO-DAY)

Of the BIOGRAPH and the Wonderful Animated Pictures of

POPE LEO XIII.

With a change of Miscellaneous Views, WINDSOR HALL, Prices—25c. Reserved Seats, 50c.

Can be secured in advance at the 'Star' Branch office. Children (matinees only), 10 cents.



McGILL UNIVERSITY.

The Annual Public Meeting of Convocation for conferring Degrees in the Faculties of Arts, Applied Science and Law.

Will be held in the Windsor Hall, on Friday, April 28th, at 3.30 p.m.

Members of Convocation and Candidates for Graduation will meet in robes in the ante-rooms of the hall at 3 p.m. (Entrance by Stanley street.) N.B.—The rear part of the hall will be open to the public. Entrance by the eastern door on Cypress street.

W. VAUGHAN, Secretary.

ROYAL CANADIAN ACADEMY.

Last Week

of the 20th Annual Exhibition. In the Galleries of the Art Association, Phillips square. Open daily 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Wednesday evening, 8 to 10. Admission, 25 cents. Music Saturday afternoon.

SATURDAY, APRIL 29.

Mr. S. NIWA,

Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, Tokyo, Japan.

Will speak at the Y.M.C.A. Building, in this city, April 29th and 30th, as follows: SATURDAY, 8 p.m.—YOUNG MEN'S MEETING, on the work of the Association in the city of Tokyo and the College of Japan. SUNDAY, 9.30 a.m.—A conference with those interested in work for young men in foreign lands.

SUNDAY, 3.00 p.m.—Address, "The Victorious Power of Evangelical Christianity," narrating the story of his conversion from Buddhism to Christianity. These meetings will be of special interest. ALL YOUNG MEN CORDIALLY INVITED.

Young Men's Christian Association, Dominion Square.

Japan

Illustrated.

When on a trip through Japan Alderman Ames secured a large number of beautifully colored representative views. In aid of the Librarian Fund of Douglas Sunday-school.

ALDERMAN AMES

has consented to exhibit these views and describe the country through which he passed.

Douglas Hall, Chomedy St. FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 28, 8 O'CLOCK. Admission, 15c; Children, 10c.

Union Teachers' Meeting

Conducted by Rev. Dr. A. B. MACKAY, meets in Crescent Street, Presbyterian Church, EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at a quarter to five o'clock punctually. All Sabbath School Teachers are invited. D. TORRANCE FRASER, Secretary.

GRAND TRUNK BOATING CLUB.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The members of the above club are respectfully requested to attend in a body the funeral of the late Mr. Fred. T. Sly, from his late residence, No. 78, Manufacturers street, on SATURDAY, 29th instant, at 3 p.m. By order, FRANK E. SPARKE, Hon. Secretary.

SUNDAY, APRIL 30.

DOUGLAS CHURCH

Choral Service.

SUNDAY EVENING, April 30, 1899.

Organ (Sonata in A.....Mendelssohn Clock Movement.....Haydn Anthem—As the Hart Pants. Mendelssohn Duet—Tarry With Me.....Nicolaï Anthem—How Long Will Thou Forget Me.....Pfaenger Solo—Guard While I Sleep.....)

MONDAY, MAY 1.

W. C. T. U. (CENTRAL).

The Monthly Public Meeting of this Union will be held on MONDAY, May 1st, at 3 p.m., in Evangelistic Hall.

Weekly Calendar.

PHILIPSBURG RAILWAY AND QUARRY COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that, in accordance with the provisions of the Company's by-laws, the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held on Monday, 1st May proximo, in the Committee Room of the Mechanics Institute, at 3 p.m., for the purpose of the reception of Reports, Election of Directors, and Transaction of General Business. HENRY TIMMIS, Sec.-Treas. Montreal, 15th April, 1899.

TUESDAY, MAY 2.

WESLEYAN THEOLOGICAL COLLEGE.

The ANNUAL CONVOCATION will be held in Dominion Square Church on TUESDAY, May 2, at 8 P.M.

Conferring of Degrees and Awarding of Prizes; Address by the REV. WM. SPARLING, B.A., B.D.; Address to the Graduating Classes by the REV. PROFESSOR HARRIS, M.A., B.D.

The Annual Lectures of the ALMA MATER SOCIETY, by the REV. M. D. BUELL, M.A., S.T.D., Dean of the Divinity School of Boston University, will be delivered on MONDAY, May 1, at 3 p.m., and TUESDAY, May 2, at 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Subject: "A Historical Study of the Epistle to the Galatians." 23

FUTURE MEETINGS.

Her Majesty's Theatre, WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 10th, 1899.

GIBSON'S PICTURES FROM "LIFE."

Under the patronage of His Excellency, the Governor-General and the Countess of Minto, in aid of the

DAY NURSERY, 174 Mountain Street. Reserved Seats from 50c to \$1.50.

The plan will be open at the uptown 'Star' office at 9 a.m. on May 1st and 2nd, to those holding exchange tickets, and after that to the public.

M. A. A. A. NOTICE TO MEMBERS.

Members are hereby notified that in accordance with Article vii., section 5, of the constitution and by-laws, that nominations for the office of Honorary President and their representatives on the Board of Directors for the coming year, shall be made in writing to the Secretary-Treasurer, at least two weeks previous to annual meeting. Nominations must be signed by at least twenty-five members. Annual meeting will be held on MONDAY, May 15th, and nominations will close on Monday, May 1st, 1899. E. HERBERT BROWN, Sec.-Treas.

The Associated Board R.A.M. & R.C.M.

PRESIDENT FOR CANADA.

H. E. The Governor-General, The Right Hon. the Earl of Minto.

Hon. General Representative for Canada, Hon. Col. J. Byrne MacLean, Montreal. Hon. Local Representative for Montreal, Hon. L. J. Forget.

Examinations will be held as follows: The Theory (paper work)—Early in June. The Practical—Between the 10th and 30th June. The exact dates will be duly announced. ENTRIES CLOSE ON MAY 1st.

All information, syllabus, forms of entry, etc., can be obtained of the Hon. Local Representatives in each centre, or from the Central Office, Room 595, Board of Trade Building, Montreal. SAM'L AITKEN, Hon. Secretary.

April 5th, 1899. N.B.—The music, specimen theory papers, etc., can be obtained from the local music sellers, or direct from the Central Office, Montreal.

HONORED BY OTTAWA MASONS.

Ottawa, April 28.—About two hundred Freemasons of the Ottawa district tendered a reception to the grand master, Mr. E. T. Malone, of Toronto, in the Masonic Hall last night. An address of welcome, signed by the D.D.G.M. of the Ottawa district, Bro. George S. May, and the masters of the seven city lodges, was presented to the grand master, who made a suitable reply, congratulating the brethren on the flourishing condition of Masonry in the district. The brethren afterwards sat down to a banquet at which the customary toasts were made.

TWO DISASTROUS FIRES.

Saratoga, N.Y., April 28.—Three thousand dollars' worth of blooded cattle were killed last night by the burning of the barn on the Hiram Cramer farm near Saratoga Lake.

Detroit, Mich., April 28.—A 'Free Press' special from Newaygo, Mich., says:—The entire village of Croton was swept by fire yesterday. It originated in the hotel, burning 15 buildings, including the post-office. The loss is \$60,000, with small insurance.

DR. ANGLIN'S FATHER DEAD.

Kingston, April 28.—Mr. Wm. Anglin, late bursar of Rockwood Hospital, died this morning. He resigned in February and the next day broke his thigh. He lingered until to-day. Deceased was a leading Methodist, was father of Dr. W. G. Anglin, Kingston, and Dr. J. V. Anglin, Montreal. He was city chamberlain a half century ago.

SMALLPOX IN GERMANY.

Berlin, April 27.—Virulent smallpox has appeared simultaneously in various parts of Germany, notably at Iserlohn, Hanover and Moczadko. The Prussian authorities are taking prompt steps to prevent its spread.

CHANGE IN FREIGHT RATES.

Toronto, April 28.—The tariff committee of the Canadian Freight Agents' Association, at a meeting yesterday, made a slight increase in rates on lumber and cord wood.

Table with columns S, M, T, W, T, F, S and rows of numbers for APRIL 28, 1899.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, \$3.00; Weekly Witness, \$1.00; with reductions to clubs: Northern Messenger, 50c; 10 copies to one address, \$2.25; 20, \$4.50; 50, \$10.50; 100, \$20.

ADVERTISING RATES.

DAILY WITNESS. Five lines and upwards, 10c per line. Contract on favorable terms.

WEEKLY WITNESS.

With large type or cut, 25c per line. One-third reduction if set in our usual small advertising type. Special contract rates.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Dougal & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal,' and all letters to the Editor should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.'

The Daily Witness.

FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 1899.

The federal constitutions of Canada and the United States play quite a part in the diplomatic negotiations between the two nations, and though the results are sometimes annoying and vexatious, they are not without their humorous aspect. When the Washington treaty was negotiated the national government of the United States agreed to the desirability of opening their state canals to Canadian boats, on the understanding that Canadian canals should be open to American craft. Our canals were accordingly made open to Americans, but the several states stubbornly refused, and still refuse, to grant the like concession to Canadians. Again quite recently the Province of Ontario made regulations regarding the cutting of timber which have the practical effect of putting a stop to the export of logs, and means, if we may believe the despatches from Washington, ruin for Michigan sawmill interests. So long as Canada was being squeezed our neighbors enjoyed the process with equanimity, but now, when it comes their turn to feel the pressure of provincial legislation, their squeals are truly excruciating. Thus provinces come into conflict with states, and the federal authorities on both sides can only wash their hands with invisible soap in imperceptible water, and protest their inability to coerce states or provinces. It is a very pretty situation, and gives another admirable illustration of the old saw about two playing the same game. All this is very regrettable, of course, but ultimately it may lead to a clearer and better understanding between the two countries. Hitherto all the squeezing and freezing has been endured on this side of the line. A little of the same medicine will do no harm to the United States, for it may bring our neighbors to a realization of the fact that it takes two to make a bargain.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The executive council of the Canadian Bankers' Association at its meeting held in this city last Wednesday put itself on record as opposed to the establishment of a Canadian mint, advancing a number of very cogent arguments. This action has probably been brought about by the report that a member of the House of Commons intended to introduce a resolution favoring a Canadian mint, and no doubt the action of the council will have a deterring influence upon the government in this matter. It cannot be said, however, that the bankers are unanimous on the subject, as two of the ex-presidents of the association have put themselves on record in their annual addresses in favor of a mint in this country. The question of a Canadian mint carries with it the establishment of an assay office and the selection of a gold coin. It includes also the danger of an over-coinage of silver with a view to government profit from the seigniorage and the pressure of silver mining companies to dispose of their product. A Canadian gold coin would no doubt be the capstone of our present system, but the convenience of our present system is great. It is an advantage to have the use of the eagle and the sovereign when our transactions are so large with Great Britain and the United States, and it would at first glance seem a backward step to employ a coin which would have to be re-melted the instant it passed our borders. On the other hand, when the price of exchange

where taxation is heavy, municipal government corrupt, expensive and insufficient are beginning to realize that neither national nor state politics touch them so closely as city politics. Old party affiliations and considerations are giving way before the necessity now put upon them of securing their own comfort, health and general welfare, as well as by the conviction that the era of aldermanic boodling and the selling of public franchises by men elected to serve the people, but who betray them, must be ended. The struggle will be fierce while it lasts, but there can be little doubt as to the way it will end, if the citizens make up their minds to be masters in their own right of their own streets.

PROMOTION BY MERIT.

The righteous remuneration of the civil service of the country is not easy to compass. Under the prolonged régime of the Conservatives the civil servants became mostly Conservatives, and a Conservative government found it pleasant to be complaisant, so a general scale of annual advance was provided for by which the rain fell upon the just and the unjust alike, if not altogether in like measure. For the most part civil servants, whether industrious and painstaking or indolent and careless, were rewarded with a rise, and came to look upon the annual increase as a mere matter of course. The Liberal Government, thinking this method demoralizing, undertook to reward only the deserving, and thus encourage capable and careful service, and has in its first application of its principles been charged in the House by former Conservative ministers with 'favoritism.' The government's reply is that the increases granted were solely on the basis of merit; that the politics of the recipients were for the most part unknown to the government, and that only after inquiry was it learned that nine out of ten of all those who had been given increases were Conservatives. Public opinion will, we think, support the government in the new departure it has taken. In the civil service the hours are short, the work for the most part routine and almost mechanical once it is learned, little risk of dismissal, and certain, if not very high, pay. There are many posts, of course, where great ability and considerable powers of initiative and organization are needed, but these are highly paid. Those who give good service rise in the government employ, though perhaps more slowly than in other employments owing to the pressure upon the government to appoint politicians to the best paid posts. This is the great evil of the civil service, and hinders the development of a really first-class service like the British civil service, where promotion is the rule, and a civil servant starting as a clerk may end in a position of commanding influence in regard even to state policy. If the government made appointments to collectorships of customs, postmasterships of the cities, deputy ministerships of departments, and the like, from among the ablest and most experienced and most careful of the civil servants in the departments, outside or inside, a new spirit would be awakened and developed in the service which would work a revolution beneficial to the country.

Nevertheless, the public is entitled to light upon this point. It is asserted that our Canadian gold is carried to Seattle for assay, and that Vancouver is therefore deprived of many of the advantages it should reap from the presence of returned miners. The banks themselves, however, are undoubtedly quite willing to purchase at Vancouver all the gold that is offered, subject to their own assay, and it becomes merely a question whether a government assay office would give the miner more confidence that he was receiving full value than the present system of bank assaying. In other words, would a government assay office make Vancouver a better selling point for miners, or would they carry their gold, stamped or otherwise, across the line? In our opinion this is a matter into which the government might well inquire very closely without being unduly influenced by the attitude the banks might assume when the subject should come up for discussion.

There is every reason to believe that Mr. Fortin will this session achieve the aim towards which he has been so manfully struggling, and secure the passage of an insolvency law for the Dominion. This province will undoubtedly be the loser in such a case, as its common law on the point is admirable. But, on the other hand, the traders of the province will reap a decided advantage with the rest of the Dominion in the harmonizing and improvement of insolvency legislation in the whole country. The banks and the traders have at last settled their differences, and the Canadian Bankers' Association has declared its sympathy with the effort to secure such legislation.

The points of compromise effected between the banks and the Boards of Trade of Montreal and Toronto lie more particularly in amendments to clauses 46 and 48 of the Fortin bill as presented last year.

Clause 46 as first drawn up authorizes the liquidator to take over any security from a creditor at the valuation which has been placed upon it by the creditor. As, to their sorrow, the banks have known cases when it would have been better to have retained their security and let the estate go, they objected to being compelled to relinquish their security, and as a compromise, which has been accepted, suggested that before the liquidator can compel the relinquishment of a security he shall pay ten percent more than the valuation set upon it. Clause 48 as first drawn up was at entire variance with the usual banking custom, compelling a bank to value its security and rank against the estate only for the balance. This question, which was the rock upon which most of the insolvency bills have split since 1894, has been compromised. The banks are to deduct from their claim any amount actually paid by the other party or parties liable thereon, and may rank for the balance, but so far as voting and other purposes are concerned shall only rank for the claim less a value to be put upon their security. This is the clause of the Senate bill of 1894.

is taken into consideration, it will be found that little, if any, loss would be incurred through the employment of a Canadian gold coin, while the dignity and reputation of the Dominion would be greatly advanced by her entry into the markets of the world with a distinctly national coinage. At present her individuality is entirely swallowed up, so far as gold remittances are concerned, in that of the United States and the motherland. But to have a Canadian gold coinage it is not necessary to set up a Canadian mint.

Whether there is as yet the need of a Canadian mint we may very well leave to the bankers to decide. They are thoroughly acquainted with the currency needs of the country. The amount of specie held by them and the Dominion treasury does not usually exceed \$20,000,000, and it does not seem likely nor desirable that the paper currency, safe and economical as it is, should be to any extent superseded by that of gold. Our paper currency is a most disgustingly soiled one for the most part, and our government and the banks, in view of the profit accruing from the paper issue, might well renew the bills oftener than they do at present. With regard, however, to the establishment of an assay office, for the stamping of gold bars, the bankers have not put themselves on record, although as the purchase of bullion in any form is within the province of banking, we may almost take it for granted that as a body the banks are not likely to recommend the government to enter the field to the extent of competing with the banks' own assayers.

Nevertheless, the public is entitled to light upon this point. It is asserted that our Canadian gold is carried to Seattle for assay, and that Vancouver is therefore deprived of many of the advantages it should reap from the presence of returned miners. The banks themselves, however, are undoubtedly quite willing to purchase at Vancouver all the gold that is offered, subject to their own assay, and it becomes merely a question whether a government assay office would give the miner more confidence that he was receiving full value than the present system of bank assaying. In other words, would a government assay office make Vancouver a better selling point for miners, or would they carry their gold, stamped or otherwise, across the line? In our opinion this is a matter into which the government might well inquire very closely without being unduly influenced by the attitude the banks might assume when the subject should come up for discussion.

The local stock market shows the following changes for the week:

AN ONTARIO GAS DEAL.

Windsor, Ont., April 28.—The Detroit 'Journal' of last evening says: 'The Standard Gas and Oil Company of Essex, has about completed a deal by which it will swallow up the Ontario Gas & Oil Company, of Windsor. (For a favorable reply is received from a few eastern men who have stock in the Ontario company the amalgamation will take place at the end of this month. A greater part of the stock held by the shareholders in the Ontario company has already been purchased by the Standard Company. The Ontario company was established by the late Hiram Walker, and he and his sons held a controlling interest in the company up to the time of his death. Then the bulk of the stock was willed to charitable institutions in Detroit. The heads of the institutions to which the stocks was left preferred the values of the stock in cash, so they asked the Standard Company to buy it. A sale was effected and the transfer took place some days ago.'

NEW CANADIAN JUDGE.

Ottawa, April 28.—Mr. A. E. Richards, barrister, Winnipeg, has been appointed by order-in-council a judge of the Court of Queen's Bench, Manitoba, in the place of Mr. Justice Killam, who recently was promoted to the Chief Justiceship of Manitoba instead of Sir Thomas Taylor, resigned. Mr. Richards is well qualified for a position on the bench, being a prominent member of the bar of Manitoba.

MINISTERS ON THE MOVE.

Ottawa, April 28.—Messrs. Tarte, Hinton and Paterson left for Brantford last night to attend a meeting of Young Liberals to-night.

The condition of trade continues favorable, as is indicated by the trade returns both of Canada and the United States. The returns for March show Canadian exports at \$8,179,000, as against \$7,696,000 last year, and the imports were \$12,412,000, as against \$12,370,000 last year. The prosperity of the United States is shown by the enormous increase of the exports of 1898, which amounted to \$1,210,291,000, an increase of \$173,284,000 over 1897. On the other hand, the imports show a decline of \$148,680,000, which in a country like the United States indicates a continuance of home demand and consumption and supply.

The bank statement for March shows an advance in the note circulation amounting to \$884,000 as compared with February, and of \$2,500,000 as compared with March, 1898. The demand deposits declined \$1,472,000 during the month, due, of course, to the resumption of business on a larger scale, which is also indicated by the increase of \$6,560,000 in the current loans. These changes give the key to the advance in the rate for call loans, as the banks, as a rule, do not sacrifice their commercial customers to the demands of the stock markets, and must have had some difficulty in satisfying all parties, although the item of foreign loans, \$21,383,000, which is usually the fly-wheel of the banks, has scarcely been touched. The amount to the banks' credit in Great Britain is \$11,607,000, a decline of \$1,175,000 during the month, but a considerable increase over 1898, when the amount was \$8,200,000. The banks have been drawing largely upon their credit in that country, their liabilities there being \$5,199,000, as against \$3,245,000 in February. No doubt much of this is in the way of exchange. Altogether the statement shows a decided advance in business, which is confirmed by the increase in the clearings.

It is stated that there is almost a cattle famine in Ontario, which is possibly explained by the reports of very heavy arrivals at Toronto for some months past. It is reported that a Montreal and New York syndicate proposes to establish a slaughter-house at Windsor for the killing and export of cattle to Europe. They would, of course, use the St. Lawrence route. We have frequently urged Canadians to go into the fattening and killing of cattle at home since the British embargo, and this appears to be the first move of importance in this direction.

The grain market has been weak. May wheat opened in Chicago at 74 and closed yesterday at 71 1/2. July wheat closed on Friday at 74 1/2 and yesterday at 72. September wheat closed at 73 1/2 on Friday and at 71 1/2 yesterday.

The local stock market shows the following changes for the week:

Table with columns Open, Close and rows of stock prices for various companies like Canadian Pacific, Montreal street, Royal Electric, etc.

The money markets show no important change, and foreign exchange is steady.

MEMBERS' PASSES.

Bill to Compel Railway Companies to Furnish Free Transportation Killed.

DISMISSAL OF CIVIL SERVICE EMPLOYEES BILL GIVEN THE SIX MONTHS HOIST—QUESTIONS ANSWERED.

Ottawa, April 28.—The House of Commons yesterday killed two public bills promoted by private members—the one to compel railway companies to furnish members of parliament and senators with free transportation over their lines, and the other to amend the civil service law by giving dismissed employees a chance of knowing the charges preferred against them.

Another large batch of petitions were presented in connection with the legislation sought on behalf of the Canada Life Assurance Company. The Solicitor-General moved the first reading of a bill to amend and consolidate the acts relating to the harbor commissioners of Quebec.

BEHRING SEA ARBITRATION. Mr. McIsaac (Antigonish), made inquiry as to the cost to Canada of the Behring Sea arbitration. The total outlay on Canada's part was set down at \$140,830. Ministers' travelling expenses amounted to \$13,903. Private secretaries, messengers and other attendants' expenses reached \$51,177. Three thousand eight hundred and seventy-three dollars was paid to civil servants as additional allowances, and legal expenses reached \$71,877.

INDUCEMENTS TO IMMIGRANTS. Replying to a question by Mr. E. F. Clarke (West Toronto), the Minister of the Interior stated that a bonus of seven shillings for each person over 12, and half that sum to children, was paid British steamship companies bringing immigrants out to Canada. Foreign companies received five dollars for each person over the age of eighteen and nothing for children.

NEWFOUNDLAND BAIT. Mr. Borden (Halifax), asked whether the Minister of Fisheries had heard of a resolution said to have been made by the government of Newfoundland prohibiting the catching of herring bait between March 15 and April 25.

Sir Louis Davits replied that representations to that effect had been made to him within the last couple of days, but the department was not informed as to the issue of such regulations. He could not believe that they had been made, however, but would take steps to ascertain, definitely, the facts.

A SPECIAL COMMITTEE. A special committee composed of the Hon. Messrs. Fisher, Sifton, Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere, Messrs. Rutherford, Douglas, Pettit, Davis (Saskatchewan), Richardson, Oliver, Roche, Campbell, Bourassa, Bain, Rosamond, Bertram and Casgrain was chosen to consider Dr. Douglas's bill to regulate the grain trade of the North-West and Manitoba and to hear all evidence and representations that may be made.

MONTREAL HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS. Mr. Monk (Jacques Cartier), asked whether the plans for the Montreal harbor improvements had been finally agreed to between the harbor commissioners and the Minister of Public Works. Mr. Tarte replied that Plan No. 12a had been approved long ago, and the works were actually in progress.

SCOTT ACT IN BROME. Mr. Pope (Brome), inquired whether any application had been made to the Secretary of State for permission to have an election in Brome county to set aside the Scott act. The Premier replied that such an application had been received on March 3. The Minister of Justice had reported favorably thereon and a recommendation from the secretary of State for the holding of a vote was before the government, which would be disposed of in due course.

FRENCH IN THE TERRITORIES. Mr. Monk inquired whether the Premier had obtained the opinion of the Minister of Justice in regard to the use of the French language in the North-West Territories, and the jurisdiction of the Dominion in regard to the same, as intimated by Sir Wilfrid last session. The Premier replied that he had already obtained such an opinion and would communicate the same to the House on Monday next.

CONCERNING STAMPED ENVELOPES. Mr. Hughes (North Victoria) put to the government a series of questions in connection with the purchase of several thousand green and purple stamped envelopes in Toronto. The Postmaster

General replied that the department had acted in the best of faith and had no knowledge of any cornering of the market.

A CANADIAN MINT. The Minister of Finance, in replying to a question by Mr. Carscallen (North Hastings) stated that the government had not formed any conclusion as to the necessity of a Canadian mint.

A COMPLAINT FROM CHICOUTIMI. Mr. Savard (Chicoutimi and Saguenay) made enquiry as to whether the government was aware that Mr. Justice Gagne, of Chicoutimi and Saguenay, is a director of the Quebec & Lake St. John Railway Company, and that it is a serious inconvenience and considerable cause of outlay to the inhabitants of the district, who have claims against the said company or vice versa inasmuch as Judge Gagne is obliged to decline to act and parties are compelled to proceed to Quebec, a distance of two hundred and twenty miles; also, whether the government proposes calling upon Mr. Justice Gagne to resign his directorship or else vacate his judgeship.

The Premier replied that the government was not aware of the circumstances, but even if the case as stated was correct, he was not quite clear whether the government could call on Mr. Justice Gagne to resign.

RETIREMENT OF LIEUTENANT-COLONELS. The Minister of Militia, replying to a question by Mr. Foster, stated that the age limit for lieutenant-colonels under existing regulations was sixty years, and the term of service five years.

FITZGIBBON-SCHAFHEITLIN CASE. Mr. Foster asked what further action the government proposed taking in the case of Fitzgibbon and Schafheitlin, of Montreal, from whom \$188,274 is claimed in customs duties and penalties. The Solicitor-General replied that the case is now before the Exchequer Court.

RAILWAY PASSES FOR MEMBERS. Mr. Hewitt Bostock proposed the second reading of the bill to compel railway companies to furnish members of parliament and senators with railway passes. In speaking briefly thereto he referred to the feeling in the country that members-to-day are influenced in their votes on railway bills by the acceptance of favors from the company. The acceptance of the principle of his bill would dispel that idea and place members on an independent footing.

Sir Charles Tupper felt that Mr. Bostock could hardly be serious in the proposition which he brought forward. Would he make the Parliament of Canada a laughing stock before the world by adopting a procedure without warrant and without precedent in any country? The railway companies of Canada had themselves, without compulsion, furnished both members and senators with passes and no one seriously charged that the acceptance of passes had prejudiced the opinion of any member on any question coming before parliament.

Mr. Rogers (Patron member for Frontenac) supported the principle of the bill. Mr. McMullen (North Wellington) admitted that there was a sentiment in the country against the existing practice of members drawing their mileage and travelling on passes. He agreed, however, with the leader of the Opposition that Mr. Bostock's proposal would hardly be a fair step for parliament to take toward the railway companies.

Mr. John Ross Robertson (East Toronto) observed that there are members who refuse to avail themselves of the offer of free railway transportation. He could not see that it would be inflicting any burden on the shoulders of the companies to compel them by law to do what they have all along been doing out of the very fulness of their affection for members. In the country at large there was a strong feeling on this question and whether it be true or not that members are influenced in favor of the companies by their holding of passes the present legislation would, it seemed to him, remove every reason for its existence.

THE PREMIER. The Premier could not agree with the statement made by the leader of the Opposition that the proposition involved in this bill was without precedent, for he was informed on very good authority that some such law exists in several states of the American Union. It was therefore entitled to be treated with due respect. At the same time the principle involved was of such a far-reaching nature that the House should have time for full consideration. If railway companies chose to carry passengers free they were acting according to their view of their own interests. In Canada, however, the most minute respect has been paid by parliament to the rights of private ownership and for this reason he did not consider that it would be right to force this provision upon them. It had been felt, and with some reason, that the system of issuing passes has not been altogether free from blame. He could not believe that the charges as to members being influenced thereby had

any foundation in fact and yet it could not be denied that the suspicion existed in the country.

The motion for the second reading of the bill was then rejected.

CIVIL SERVICE BILL. Mr. Monk (Jacques Cartier) moved the second reading of his amendment to the Civil Service Act, the object of which is to provide that all appointments to the Civil Service shall be during pleasure, but whenever such pleasure is exercised in the direction of removing a person employed in such service, the person removed shall, upon application in writing to the head of the department within the thirty days following his removal, be entitled to obtain a certificate setting forth—1, the duration of his employment in the Civil Service of Canada; 2nd, the nature of such employment; 3, the reason of his removal; 4, the number and nature of the complaints made against him; 5, the name or names of all persons who made complaints against him; 6, the decision arrived at by the department upon all complaints so made; 7, a copy of all proceedings had at any inquiry held by or under the direction of the department.

Mr. Monk spoke to his motion at some length, holding that some such legislation was warranted by the practice followed since the change of government.

The Premier found that Mr. Monk had spoken as though the government existed for the Civil Service rather than the Civil Service for the government. The fact is that if this bill became law it would upset our system of Parliamentary government. Mr. Monk had, however, answered his own complaint when he asked that civil servants should be accorded the same treatment as would be given to any ordinary employee. With that proposition he fully agreed. But what would expect from a private employer treatment towards an employee such as he asks from this government? Personally, he was opposed to the principle of the Civil Service taking any part in politics. So far as his memory served him there had been no case since 1896 of dismissal among the inside service here at Ottawa on grounds of offensive partisanship. It was in the outside service that the offences had been committed. In conclusion, he desired to say that he believed the existing system amply sufficient to protect not only the Civil Service but the public at large.

Sir Charles Tupper favored the bill and branded the government with having given itself over to the spoils system. The Premier, it seemed to him, wanted to treat the Civil Service as he would treat his household servant. This government had driven the best men in the Civil Service out of that service. They had taxed the people to pay for able, efficient, valuable servants in order that their own creatures might take their emoluments. Hundreds of men, faithful servants of the Crown in Canada, had been most ruthlessly turned out of office by that tyrannical administration, deprived of their character not because they had not faithfully performed their services, but because they would not become their (the government's) humble servants, and exist only for the purpose of carrying out their objects. Those servants were entitled to the law of British institutions and British fair play. The government had the power, but it had not the right to stand between that act of justice to the faithful servants of the Crown and itself, and he hoped this measure of the hon. member for Jacques Cartier would be passed.

EVENING SESSION. At the evening sitting of the House the discussion was continued by Messrs. Taylor and Bennett, who supported the bill, and Sir Henry Joly de Lotbiniere, who held that the spoils system involved vindictive action on the part of the government, while in Canada no such motive could be attributed. He defended the government's policy generally in the treatment accorded to the service.

A vote was taken on an amendment proposed by the Premier for a six months' hoist, resulting in the defeat of the measure by sixty-four to thirty-nine. Before the House rose, Sir Richard Cartwright intimated that the government's resolution regarding the purchase of the Drummond County Railway would be taken up at to-day's sitting. The House rose at 1.45 p.m.

IN THE SENATE. In the Senate yesterday Senator Ogilvie gave notice that he would move that when the Senate adjourns to-day, that it stands adjourned until Wednesday, May 10. Senator Bernier asked whether any memorandum, communication, or representations have been received within the last twelve months by the Governor-General-in-Council or any member of the government from any person whatsoever bearing on school matters in Manitoba or the North-West. The Hon. David Mills believed that a letter was written some time ago by the Archbishop of Manitoba, who also wrote to the First Minister desiring that for the present, at all events, the letter should remain private and confidential. There were no other communications.

The Hon. David Mills moved that the bill for the preservation of the public health on public works be read a third time. Senator McMillan drew attention to the fact that the bill as it stood allowed only medical men qualified in the province where the public work was being done, to practice on the work. He thought that medical men qualified in any province might be allowed to practice on such works.

The Hon. David Mills said that it was intended in the bill that medical men should not be allowed to practice in provinces where they were not qualified. The bill was read a third time and passed.

On motion of the Hon. David Mills, the consideration in committee of the

bills to amend the Expropriation Act and to amend the Exchequer Court Act, was postponed until Tuesday next.

On motion of Senator Bellerose, the report of the Debates Committee, recommending that Mr. Bouchard be engaged to translate the Senate debates into French was adopted.

In reply to a question by the Minister of Justice, Senator Bellerose said that Mr. Desjardins had been temporarily employed to do the translating, and Sir Mackenzie Bowell remarked that the change was being made, he understood, in the interests of economy.

OUR NEW SERIAL.

THE VILLAGE OF BOURG-MARIE.

'No Canadian writer, we think, has a warmer sympathy with our French fellow subjects, or a keener comprehension of their spirit than Mrs. Harrison. Of this her picturesque poems of French Canadian life are ample demonstration. The account of the impoverished scion of the old Seigneurie reduced to a sort of forest warden, but maintaining the pride and tradition of his house, wins at once our sympathy. The foil to his character is the degenerate French alien in the rushing life of Milwaukee. —'Methodist Magazine.'

THE PARK COMMITTEE.

SUB-COMMITTEES APPOINTED AT YESTERDAY'S MEETING—FLETCHER'S FIELD.

The Parks and Ferries Committee met yesterday afternoon, Alderman Ames in the chair.

Ald. Clearhue produced a letter written by Mr. W. McGibbon, superintendent of Mount Royal Park, to P. Perrin, gardener, reprimanding him for alleged negligence. The tenor of the communication was somewhat severe and rough. Ald. Clearhue said that such a letter should never have been written by the superintendent of a civic department.

Alderman Oulmet complained that Mr. McGibbon neglected to supervise the work of the men on Fletcher's Field.

It was decided to inform Mr. McGibbon that he had better visit his men's work in the different parts of Mount Royal Park, at least once a day; and use softer language in his relations with the employees.

The sub-committees were appointed as follows:— For Mount Royal Park—Ald. Clearhue, Lareau and Oulmet.

For St. Helen's Island—Ald. Gagnon, Laporte and Stevenson.

For Fletcher's Field—Ald. Clearhue and Oulmet.

Chairman Ames is ex-officio member of each of these sub-committees.

It was decided to notify the Exposition Company, whose lease expires at the end of the present month, that the portion of the grounds on the city property (Fletcher's Field), must be clear of buildings by the first of May.

The lease of the Montreal Incline Railway Company is also about expiring, and the committee resolved to communicate with the company with a view to securing lower rates for passengers in consideration of the propositions the company is prepared to make in the event of a five-year renewal of lease, but the committee are not ready to entertain a 25-year lease.

FOR SUMMER TRAVEL.

IMPORTANT CHANGES AND ADDITIONS IN G. T. R. PASSENGER TRAIN SERVICE.

The full suburban service on the Grand Trunk Railway System for the summer, will take effect on Monday, May 1, and will embrace the following changes and additions: The suburban train now leaving Montreal at 5.20 a.m. for Lachine wharf, will leave at 5.16 a.m. for Dorval, returning from there at 5.55 a.m. A new suburban train will leave Montreal at 6.25 a.m. for Vaudreuil, making all intermediate stops west of Lachine. This train will leave Vaudreuil at 7 a.m., reaching Montreal at 8.15 a.m. Train now leaving Vaudreuil at 7.50 a.m., reaching Montreal at 8.20 a.m. Train now leaving Montreal at 7.55 a.m. for Lachine wharf will leave at 8.00 a.m., stopping at Dominion station only. Returning this train will leave Lachine wharf at 8.30 a.m., arriving at Montreal at 8.50 a.m. A new suburban train will leave Montreal at 10.15 a.m., daily, except Sunday, for Dorval, making all intermediate stops, and returning will leave Dorval at 10.45 a.m., reaching Montreal at 11.10 a.m. The 12.10 p.m. suburban now running to Vaudreuil, will run to Dorval, returning leave Dorval at 1.00 p.m., daily, except Sunday. The 1.30 p.m. suburban now running on Saturdays only to Vaudreuil will run daily, making all intermediate stops. This train will return daily except Sunday, leaving Vaudreuil at 2.25 p.m. A suburban train will leave at 1.35 p.m. for Lachine wharf, returning will leave Lachine wharf at 2.00 p.m., for Montreal. The 5.50 p.m. train will leave Montreal at 1.30 p.m. for Vaudreuil and intermediate stations at 9.30 a.m., returning, this train will leave Vaudreuil at 10.55 a.m., reaching Montreal at 11.50 a.m. In addition to present stops, stop at Convent station. A new suburban train will leave Montreal at 7.35 p.m. for Dorval, returning leave Dorval at 9.35 p.m. for Montreal. The suburban train now leaving daily except Sunday at 9.00 p.m. for Dorval and return, will leave at same hour daily for Vaudreuil, returning from there daily at 10.00 p.m. In addition to present stops, stop at Vaudreuil and intermediate stations at 9.30 a.m., returning, this train will leave Vaudreuil at 10.55 a.m., reaching Montreal at 11.50 a.m. In addition to present stops, stop at Vaudreuil and intermediate stations, returning, will leave Vaudreuil at 7.12 p.m., for Montreal, at 9.00 p.m., for Vaudreuil, and Vaudreuil at 10.00 p.m. for Montreal. Express train now leaving at 4.30 p.m. for Hemmingford, Huntingdon and Fort Covington, will leave at 4.00 p.m., returning, this train will reach Montreal at 9.00 a.m., instead of 8.40 a.m.

4.00 p.m. train now running to Island Pond will, in addition, run to Quebec, reaching there at 10.50 p.m. A new train will also leave Levis, Quebec, at 7.30 a.m., reaching Montreal at 1.30 p.m. Ottawa train now leaving Levis, Quebec, daily, except Sunday, at 12.40 p.m., will leave daily at 1.00 p.m. Night express now leaving Levis, Quebec, at 6.30 p.m., daily, will leave Levis, Quebec, at 8.15 p.m., daily, except Sunday. 5.30 p.m. train leaving Montreal for St. Hyacinthe will run daily, except Saturday and Sunday. On Saturdays a train will leave Montreal for St. Hyacinthe at 1.45 p.m. A Sunday train will leave St. Hyacinthe at 8.00 a.m. for Montreal and all intermediate stations, returning, will leave Montreal at 9.45 a.m. for St. Hyacinthe, making all intermediate stops. Toronto express reaching Montreal at 6.00 p.m., will stop at Pointe Claire, Dixie and Lachine. Toronto express reaching Montreal at 6.25 p.m., daily, except Sunday, will stop at Dixie at 6.45 p.m.

The following improved train service will be placed in effect between Montreal and Ottawa: Leave Montreal at 7.30 a.m.; arrive Ottawa, at 11.15 a.m. Leave Montreal at 8.40 a.m., arrive Ottawa at 12.10 p.m. Leave Montreal at 4.45 p.m., arrive at Ottawa at 6.35 p.m. Leave Montreal at 5.50 p.m., arrive Ottawa at 9.00 p.m., 5.55 p.m. trains will run daily. Trains will leave Ottawa as follows: Leave Ottawa at 6.30 a.m., arrive in Montreal at 9.50 a.m. Leave Ottawa at 8.45 a.m., arrive at 11.15 a.m. Leave Ottawa at 4.20 p.m., arrive at 6.50 p.m. Leave Ottawa at 6.35 p.m., arrive in Montreal at 9.45 p.m., 8.45 a.m. train from Ottawa will run daily.

Montreal and St. Laurent service—Trains leaving Montreal at 12.01, noon, and St. Laurent at 12.28 p.m., will be cancelled. All other trains will run as at present. For full particulars of suburban service consult suburban time tables, which will be in the hands of Grand Trunk Railway ticket agents on Friday, April 28.

THE OUTREMENT CASE.

Messrs. R. Newman, T. Scott and A. Hobbs recently entered an action against the town of Outremont, claiming a nuisance. These gentlemen are dairy farmers, who have milk routes in the city, and they allege that on April 12, Rockland avenue was impassable on account of the amount of snow which filled it up. They claimed that the town was bound by law to keep it open, and in a safe condition for general traffic. This it had failed to do, and they were caused great inconvenience in consequence. The street was opened up shortly after the complaint was made, and has been all right for some time now. An investigation of the case was held yesterday afternoon before Mr. Lafontaine. Mr. J. Kruse, secretary-treasurer of Outremont, was present, and the town was represented by Mr. C. P. Beaubien, while Mr. A. G. Croes appeared for the men. Adjourned till to-day.

ST. LOUIS CORPORATION WINS.

The Court of Appeal has confirmed the judgment of the Circuit Court in the case of Wilshire and the Town of St. Louis and the Montreal Water & Power Co. This will be remembered as an action by which Mr. Wilshire, former chairman of the St. Louis Corporation of St. Louis, holding it responsible for the damage suffered by him through the failure of the Water & Power Co. to furnish water to the inhabitants of the municipality. Both courts held that the corporation could not be held responsible and that the plaintiff should have taken his recourse directly against the company.

MINING NOTES.

The Republic Gold Mining and Milling Company's stock will be listed to-day on the Montreal and Toronto stock exchanges. The company starts with a surplus of \$397,000, of which sum \$197,000 is in cash. Mr. Robert Jaffray has been chosen as one of the Canadian directors.

In the recent strike on the property owned by the Bullion Company at Hat Portage, of which the Montreal & London hold a controlling interest, the assays from the diamond drill borings which encountered the mineral veins at a depth of 150 feet, gave the following results:—\$6.20, \$10.35, \$12, \$16, \$16.20, \$16.80, \$18, \$35 and \$53.

The sale of the Velvet is counted an important thing in Rossland. The purchaser is the New Gold Fields of British Columbia, and the consideration £90,000. This news was foreshadowed by the fact that the local holders of stock in the Velvet recently parted with their holdings. The New Gold Fields of British Columbia is the parent company of the Velvet Mines, Limited, and was incorporated in 1888, and has a subsidiary company of the New Gold Fields of British Columbia. The latter company was organized Nov. 20, 1895, with a capital stock of \$250,000. This is the company of which Sir Charles Tupper is the chairman. The Velvet Mines, Limited, since its organization has been engaged in developing the Velvet property. It has spent somewhere in the neighborhood of \$100,000 on developing the property. There has been opened a splendid body of ore in the Velvet that is from ten to thirty-five feet in width that is of a shipping grade, and which makes the Velvet a mine, and it is claimed by any who have recently examined the property that it will be, when more work is done upon it, one of the great ore producers of the camp.

A very rich strike has been made in the Sudbury district. A prospector who has been operating a diamond drill was here this week and interested several of the capitalists concerning the matter. The spot where the strike was made is twenty miles from Sudbury on the 'Soo' branch of the Canadian Pacific, in the township of Britannia. It is not far from the Vermilion gold mine. The prospector found in a ton of ore two ounces of platinum and over three ounces of gold.

An 'Investor' writes the following letter to a contemporary:— Sir,—As brokers charge 1 p.c. per share for buying mining stocks, 10,000 shares of Novoly at, say, 5c a share would cost \$500, plus \$100 brokerage, the broker thus getting 20 percent of the total cost of the stock. As he gets like sum for selling, it follows that an investor can make no profit until after the stock has advanced 40 percent in value. Moreover, as every deal requires both a buyer and a seller, it follows that the two brokers in the transaction get 80 percent of the capital invested before the investment is realized on. In other stocks, brokers get 1/4 of 1 percent of the par value, so that on a sale of five \$100 shares the broker only gets \$1.25, as against \$100 if a like sum were invested in Novoly.

It seems to the writer that these charges are a heavy and oppressive burden upon the odds against them before dealing in low priced mining stocks. It may also account for the price of such stocks not advancing.

The War Eagle have made a big find in having opened up a body of solid ore, six feet wide, at the foot of the main shaft, which is now down 725 feet. Assays from this ore average \$30 per ton. This will be pleasing news for Messrs. Gooderham & Blackstock on their return from England in the course of a few days, and should have long delayed increase in the dividend. The dividend payable May 15 has just been declared at the old rate, but shareholders are looking for better things when the dividend is announced, which will be in about a month's time.

Large blocks of Montreal and London

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ECZEMA And Every Form of Torturing Disfiguring Skin and Scalp Humors Cured by Cuticura

SPEDDY CURE TREATMENT.—Bathe the affected parts thoroughly with HOT WATER and CUTICURA SOAP. Next apply CUTICURA Ointment, the great skin cure, and lastly take a full dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT. This treatment will afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure when all else fails.

For other waters claims as remedial agents may be made, but the old

Caledonia Springs WATERS

For nearly a century have proved their efficacy.

LUXURY and HEALTH

—TO BE FOUND AT THE—

Turkish Bath,

140 ST. MONIQUE STREET.

COOK'S FRIEND

BAKING POWDER

Is the very BEST brand to buy and use. Its components are, beyond all, all wholesome and beneficial.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

ISSUED. MONEY TO LEND.

CUBING, DINTON & BARBER, NOTARIES & COMMISSIONERS.

CHAPPED HANDS

prevented and cure

SOFT DELICATE SKIN

obtained

LANOLINE & WITCH HAZEL CREAM.

THE MEDICAL HALL,

Colonial House.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

ISSUED. MONEY TO LEND.

BY JOHN M. DUFF, ACCOUNTANT AND COMMISSIONER.

107 St. James St. and 845 Prince Arthur St.

stock went into investment during the work, and it is expected so soon as weak holders, who purchased at low rates, sell out, that the stock will advance substantially in price. The 'Insurance and Finance Chronicle' says: 'There is no surer investment on the market to-day than Montreal-London stock at present figures.'

A rich strike has been made on the East Dufferin property in Nova Scotia, which adjoins the Dufferin and which is being developed of the Montreal-London Company. The vein from all appearances contains the same ore which averaged \$5.00 per ton in the Dufferin, and on which the latter worked for many years. This is a very important announcement, and proves the East Dufferin to be a mine. The Dufferin itself is continuing to give satisfactory results from the commencement, and when the additional 20 stamps are installed, it will, it is expected, exceed the estimate formed of it.

The Le Roi mine has paid out in actual profits to shareholders the sum of \$95,000, and will soon resume the payment of dividends, as shipments have actively commenced. A new ore chute six feet wide and averaging 40 per ton has been struck at the 600 foot level.

The Golden Star's last clean-up amounted to \$21,000, and was the result of 25 days' work only. About 750 tons were reduced, and the last three tons yielded \$500 in gold.

Monte Christo shares have strengthened slightly on rumors that development work on the property is to be resumed.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

PIANOS MOVED. Telephone Up 1174 when you want your piano moved. All orders are promptly attended to by careful carters. The D.W. Karn Co., Ltd., Karn Hall Bldg., St. Catherine St.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WOOD'S PILLS. Rose, the torpid liver, and cure biliousness, sick headache, jaundice, nausea, indigestion, etc. They are invaluable to prevent a cold or break up a fever. Mild, gentle, certain, they are worthy your confidence. Purely vegetable, they can be taken by children or delicate women. Price, 25c. at all medicine dealers or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.



LAKE SIMCOE MARSHES. RESIDENTS OF SURROUNDING TOWNSHIPS ANXIOUS TO RECLAIM SUBMERGED LANDS.

Ottawa, April 28.—Some years ago the Manitoba Government took steps towards the recovery of many thousand acres of land which was inundated, with the result that much soil which formerly had been useless was converted into rich farm land. The people of some of the townships surrounding Lake Simcoe have had a like project in hand and yesterday a deputation interviewed the Hon. J. I. Tarte with a view to securing permission to lower the level of the lake and to make thousands of acres of marsh lands fit for cultivation. It was pointed out to the Minister of Public Works that Mr. A. J. Cavanagh, land surveyor, of Orillia, had reported that if the waters of Lake Simcoe were lowered two feet twenty-two thousand acres of marsh lands would be made arable, while with a six-foot lowering the area so produced would be increased to eighty thousand acres. The deputation informed Mr. Tarte that no navigable streams of any commercial importance would be interfered with. The Minister of Public Works said that the government would take into consideration the question of sanctioning the lowering of the lake level.

THE SUIT AGAINST THE MAYOR. (To the Editor of the 'Witness'.)

Sir,—I have before me the financial statement of details upon which the city based its request for authority to borrow a further sum of \$3,344,401, making a total debt for the city of \$27,000,000.

I find amongst the items: For over expenditure of 1897 and 1898. Provisions for the balance of Harbor loan, this amount having been used for other purposes. Floating debt, a detailed list of which I attach.

One item in the list was mentioned in detail as follows: Payment made on the responsibility of the Mayor and Treasurer:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes Road Committee, Health Committee, Water Committee, Police Committee, City Hall Committee, Finance Committee, Market Committee, Parks and Ferries Committee.

Making an aggregate amount of \$122,972.64.

Judgments of Court for damages, Settled claims, Repairs to dyke, Coal for engines, Health Department, Legal advertising, Miscellaneous.

Making total payments of \$228,174.92, all of which appears to have been spent illegally.

There was also filed a detail of the floating debt, the amount being \$508,004.31, making a total amount of \$771,779.23, in excess of appropriations since 1897-8.

Amongst the floating debt, details of which I attach hereto, were trust funds which had been diverted to quite a large extent. In view of this alarming state of affairs, it was with pleasure I welcomed the clause 338 of the new charter which punishes with the loss of his seat any member of the Council who exceeds the appropriations. When I saw that the Chief Magistrate of the city was the first to enforce the law I resolved to try and enforce it.

There was no necessity for the Mayor to depart from the law.

The Mayor admits it himself. There was, he says, on hand \$10,000, received from the Street Railway, he had only to call a meeting of Council and get an appropriation in the legal way.

There is no lack of money, for under article 335 of the charter, the city is authorized to appropriate and expend the sum of \$40,000 for ordinary expenses. He could also have urged upon the Council the necessity of expending the balance of these two sums in continuing the laborers at work on the cleaning of streets.

The whole city is to-day in a disgraceful state of dirt and dust.

I took up the 'Star' to-day and found the following headings:—

'Women of Montreal petition for clean streets.'

'Will squander more money; proposal to expend \$10,000 on the collapsing Civic Hospital.'

'Daily leakage 250,000 gallons from the reservoir.'

I could cite columns of similar evidences of misgovernment. How long are the taxpayers going to bear with this system of waste and disorder? On every side complaints are heard, but no one moves. I have taken the lead, who will follow? The best charter in the world badly administered and disregarded will not avail us. The citizens at large must take hold and change the personnel of the Council.

There is an important section of honest and capable men in the Council. Aldermen Laporte, Martineau, Ames, and their able lieutenants are doing their best to turn the tide, but they must be supported by strong healthy public opinion and sympathy. They did splendid work at Quebec, but the electors must take hearty hold, organize municipal associations in each ward to elect good men and true to the Council. And it is

with this view that I am resolved to try and enforce the law. If the great body of taxpayers do not take hold the city will suffer and it will not be worth while to own property here. For over nine years the city has been governed in utter disregard to the statutes made and provided.

The Mayor, in an interview with a 'Star' reporter, is reported to have said that he will disregard the law. This being the case, it is well that some one should test his powers in this direction. I propose to do so in the interest of the taxpayers. Some of the critics are of opinion that I ought to have sued the Road Committee and Treasurer, who are all equally guilty. I only want to make a test case. I have taken the highest official. Critics may take the others, any ratepayer may follow.

One case may cost me a thousand dollars or so. Why should I take more? G. W. STEPHENS.

FLOATING DEBT AND ENGAGEMENTS.

Table with 2 columns: Description, Amount. Includes Union des Abattoirs, Contractors deposit, Montreal General Hospital, H. W. Horton, Seminary of Montreal, Pirenne's Families Fund, Montreal Street Railway, Unpaid warrants, Unpaid coupons, City bonds, Unpaid coupons, school bonds, Cote St. Louis floating debt, Special taxes collected on rails, cancelled to refund, L'Union des Abattoirs, Ins. acct., Recorder's Court, deposits, Constitutes, Estate Louis, Municipal Loan Fund, Municipality St. Louis du Mile, Erd, Arrears, suspense account, Special deposits, Road Dept., Surplus cash account, Henderson Lumber Company, Deposits, Waterworks Dept., Unclaimed wages, Suspense account, Extra fee on market collections, Dividend suspense account, Appropriated, unexpended balance, Bridge, C.P.R. station, at Lacroix street, in dispute, Contribution to C.P.R., Depot, balance, Pending expropriations, Annual expropriations, 1894, damages, Fire Committee, Water Committee, Market, 3900, Parks, \$121, City Hall (now Finance), Refund on sewers, unexpended appropriation, Refund half cost of curbstone on William street, Refund half cost of curbstone on St. Lawrence street, Refund half cost of curbstone on Ontario street, Price of land on Mance street, Refund on sewers, Beaudry street, Refund on sewers, Jean Baptiste Ward, Refund on sewers, Fullum street, Refund on sewers, Visitation st., Refund on sewers, Beaudry street, Special taxes on city properties, Estimated possible loss on balance of deposit, in Bank du Peuple, Possible difference in estimated amounts collected from proprietors for special assessment.

Property.

FOR SALE OR TO LET. A FINE STONE Cottage in Beauharnois. Apply to A. BRANCHAUD, No. 3 Place d'Armes Hill.

MONTREAL ANNEX, HUTCHISON ST., rear foot, on Outremont side, two or four building lots, special terms to any one who will put up good house on one block. Apply BUILDING LOTS, 'Witness' Office.

Choice Residences FOR SALE.

In the upper western part of the city and at Westmount. Prices varying from \$20,000 to \$50,000. Half commission paid to Real Estate Brokers.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO., 181 ST. JAMES STREET.

\$5,500 WILL BUY

A semi-detached three story house, 28 feet wide, in good order, close to Sherbrooke street, and near the McGill College grounds; \$2,000 to \$4,000 can remain on mortgage. A bargain to a prompt purchaser.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO., 181 St. James Street.

A RARE CHANCE FOR CAPITALISTS.

FOR ELEVATOR SITE OR GENERAL MANUFACTURING, For Sale that Valuable Much Improved Property, COMPRISING ABOUT 49,000 FEET ON MILL ST.

With seven buildings, strongly built, well finished, in the best of order, thereon, suitable for an elevator site, cold storage, factory, or warehouse. Has a water power of about 200 h.p., which can be easily increased to 1,000, at very little expense. The property is adjacent to this favored site, on the Lachine Canal, as also on the Harbor front, abutting directly on the track of the Grand Trunk Railway on the wharf. Buildings could be erected with a chute to connect with seagoing vessels, some of the largest arriving last season had a carrying capacity of 3,000 tons burthen, which could be loaded or unloaded immediately in front and handled either to or from the buildings very easily. These ocean vessels every summer crowd the wharves, only a few feet distant, where the river is only thirty-five feet deep. The unobstructed facilities also offered by the immediately adjacent Lachine Canal in the rear, its unlimited water power and the facilities of an Elevator (partially finished), for putting in or taking out grain, which could be completed at a small cost, gives the rear of this splendid property as great shipping advantages as the front on the river. The Grand Trunk Railway, and the constantly increasing steamship service at the front, in addition to other advantages mentioned, makes this a truly desirable property, whose value is constantly increasing owing to the harbor and other improvements being made adjacent to this favored site. As a whole it comprises a centre for direct shipment to any part of the world by the St. Lawrence River, its canals and the lakes, or railway routes. For further particulars apply or address

THE JAMES ROBERTSON CO., Ltd., William St., Montreal

A CURIOUS DISEASE.

St. John, N.B., April 27.—Ten or fifteen cases of a curious disease among city horsemen is causing much talk. It takes the form of small abscesses or boils in the glands, is very painful and difficult to treat, and is confined to men handling horses affected with a form of equine variola, which manifests itself in a soreness of the tender skin about the animal's ankles. It is thought the disease is communicated through cuts or abrasions of the skin of the hands of the men handling horses.

ITALIAN FINANCES.

Rome, April 27.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day the Minister of the Treasury, Dr. P. Vaccoli, announced that there would undoubtedly be a surplus in the budget for 1898-99.

Rooms and Board.

WANTED, BOARDERS, IN PRIVATE Family, fine locality, five minutes' walk of Grand Trunk Boating Club. Apply, 125 Knox street, Point St. Charles. 28

TWO LARGE FURNISHED (OR UNFURNISHED) bedrooms, en suite, being front and back parlors, very suitable for two friends, with quiet English people, and very central; will let separately if required. 1422 De Montigny street. 27

TO LET, FOUR NICE ROOMS ON SAME flat, bath and w.c. in good condition; suitable for married couple. Apply to 34 Latour street. 25

SUMMER BOARD—NEW FAMILY Hotel on Ottawa River, fine grounds, good boating, fishing, etc. May let; terms moderate. Address J.W., Box 2207, Montreal. 26

WANT ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE 'Witness' may be left at the Wm. Drysdale Company's Uptown Store, 2365 St. Catherine street, or with R. Turner, Grocer, Point St. Charles, 601 Wellington street of Subway, at the same rates as if taken at the 'Witness' Office.

Houses Wanted.

WANTED, TO RENT, FURNISHED House at St. Anne's; rent must be low. Particulars to 4275 Dorchester street, Westmount. 27

Wanted.

WANTED, SOUND HORSE, ABOUT 12 to 13 hundred pounds, six to eight years old, suitable for express work. Address, HORSE, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, Private Customer for 25 lbs. creamery butter per week. GIBBLAND FARM, Abbotsford, Que.

To Let.

HOUSES TO LET. FIRST-CLASS NEIGHBORHOOD. HIGHEST OFFERS ACCEPTED. HAVING JUST BOUGHT THE PROPER TIES, I hereby agree to rent for a year each of the very comfortable Houses, Nos. 15, 18 and 24 Overdale avenue, upper side, between Aqueved and Mackay streets, in good order throughout, to the highest tender for each house.

The Houses have 10 to 12 rooms, and the rear windows overlook Musson's beautiful gardens on Dorchester street. They have recently been repainted and are in the best of order. Keys and information at No. 18 Overdale avenue. C. CUSHING, N.P., 18 Overdale avenue.

TO LET.

PORT STREET, No. 85. Cottages, with extension kitchen, five bedrooms; in good order; will be retinted and painted; rent, \$24 per month; no taxes.

Apply, W. L. MALTBY, 309 St. James street. 25

WESTMOUNT HOUSES TO LET

At Reduced Rentals. Apply C. J. BROWN, 4228 St. Catherine St., Westmount, or L. WILCOCKS, 267 St. James St.

WANT ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE 'Witness' may be left at the Wm. Drysdale Company's Uptown Store, 2365 St. Catherine street, or with R. Turner, Grocer, Point St. Charles, 601 Wellington street of Subway, at the same rates as if taken at the 'Witness' Office.

TO LET.

HOUSE TO LET, AT MUCH REDUCED rent, 93 Mackay street, 13 rooms; possession May 1st. Apply to R. K. THOMAS, 22

LONGUEUIL, WEST END—TO RENT OR sell on easy monthly payments, nice new Winter Cottages, on Gambleville ave. Apply to A. CARDIE, on the ground, or 45, Longueuil. 17

TO LET, COMFORTABLY FURNISHED house, two minutes from corner of Sherbrooke and Green ave., Westmount, four bedrooms, modern heating, and plumbing, as house is almost new; telephone in the house; books and pictures left in care of tenants. To let for five months from middle of April; rent moderate. Apply to J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO., 181 St. James street. 30

HOUSE TO LET PLACARDS IN MANY styles, also lease forms, etc., for sale at the 'Witness' Office. 24

MERLINWOOD COTTAGE, LITTLE METIS, to let for the summer. Beautiful view, fine bathing and boating; clean beach; splendid well water. House has large veranda, is prettily painted, and is in good order and furnished. For full particulars address or apply to Mr. WALLACE, 'Witness' Office. 24

FLATS TO LET—TWO FLATS, 40 x 40 each, adjoining 'Witness' Office; good light; heated by steam; suitable for offices, light manufacturing or warehouse; goods entrance; central location. Apply JOHN DOUGALL & SON, 'Witness' Office. 24

Reduced Rents. We have a few houses on our list for which lower rents will be taken this week. Any reasonable proposition will be submitted. Particulars on application at this office.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO., 181 ST. JAMES STREET.

To Let.

LOWER FLAT, 6 ROOMS, BATH AND w.c., \$7.50; nice light corner flat, 6 rooms, bath and w.c. 157 Roy street, near St. Denis street.

TO LET, 135 BAYLE STREET, STONE front house, kitchen and dining room on ground floor; hot water furnace; ten rooms; rent \$260, including taxes. J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO., 181 St. James street.

TO LET, SELF-CONTAINED HOUSE, No. 778 Dorchester street, 9 rooms, furnace and all modern conveniences; rent moderate to good tenant. Apply to L. D. PERHAM, Registry and Shipping Office, Custom House. 28

TO RENT, 53 TUPPER STREET, STONE front Cottage, eight rooms, in thorough repair; rent \$23 per month; key at 34 Fort street; possession immediately. 25

TO LET OR FOR SALE ON THE LOWER Lachine Road, near the bridge, the property known as 'The Cottage,' for many years occupied by Mr. J. O. Wilgress, Bank of Montreal, Dairy furnace, electric light, b. and w.c., greenhouse, fire stable, coach house and ten acres of land, in the highest state of cultivation. Any further particulars can be had from R. K. THOMAS, 174 St. James street.

STORES TO LET, 646 CRAIG STREET, 4 stories and cement floor basement; depth 125 feet to Fortification lane. 650 Craig street, consisting only of street flat and basement, of similar store. 13 Lemoine street, 4 stories, power hoist, heating apparatus, and all modern conveniences, corner of Vaudreuil street, suitable for printing or manufacturing firm, having storage warehouse in rear; terms moderate. Estate Tiffin, H. H. AUSTIN, 318 St. Paul street. Tel. Main 723. 26

TO LET, A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE, 549 Lansdowne avenue, new and modern, all the conveniences of a flat, without the annoyances; open for inspection. Let 478 St. Urbain street, extension kitchen, garden. MR. BROWN, No. 209 St. James street. 26

LONGUEUIL—HOUSE TO LET, corner of St. John street and river front; key at Mr. Dick's (opposite); rental \$150. BUTLER & ABBOTT, Advocates, Temple Building.

TO LET, A BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED house on Western avenue, Westmount, rear the park, with 8 rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Apply C. J. BROWN, or L. WILCOCKS, 4228 St. Catherine st. and 267 St. James street. 25

TO LET, NICE, NEW HOUSE, WITH 7 rooms, and every convenience, on Bruce avenue, Westmount. Apply C. J. BROWN, 4228 St. Catherine street, or L. WILCOCKS, 267 St. James street. 25

TO LET, 47 WAVERLEY STREET, Montreal Annex, a comfortable six roomed flat, Daisy furnace, tinted to suit, cheap to a desirable tenant. Apply to ROBT. NEVILLE, Jr., 38 Waverley street.

TO LET, UPPER DWELLING, No. 494 Prince Arthur street, 8 large rooms, bath-room and pantry, hot and cold water; will be put in good order; rent \$15.00 per month; no taxes. Apply to 75 Aylmer street. 25

STORE TO LET, TWO FLATS, OFFICE and cellar, No. 10 Lemoine street. JESSE JOSEPH, 18 St. Sacrament street. 25

TO LET, FURNISHED HOUSE OF NINE rooms, Laval avenue, \$25 per month. Apply at 237 St. Urbain street, or Bell Telephone Main 2991, or to HENRY WARD & CO., Toronto Bank Building. 25

TO LET, COTTAGES, 558, 559 Cadieux; also houses 183 and 155 Hutchison streets; contain all modern improvements; rent moderate. For further information apply to J. P. WHELAN, 31 Durocher street, or Temple Building.

TO LET, OF FOR SALE, THORNLEA, summer residence of Mr. Leslie Skelton, delightfully situated, large grounds, beautiful views from wide piazzas, three sides of house, most completely furnished, ice house filled; excellent boating, good train service. Apply at 96 St. Peter street.

TO LET, 84 CATHART STREET, SELF-contained, comfortable, ten rooms, new Daisy furnace, hot water. Apply 90 Cathart street. 15a Bleury street.

TO LET, DWELLING, 2787 St. Catherine street, eight rooms, with bathroom and pantry; Daisy furnace and all modern improvements. H. H. LYMAN, 381 St. Paul street.

TO LET, LOWER TENEMENT, 22 St. Luke street, corner of Buckingham avenue; Large, airy rooms; moderate rent. Apply to 55 St. Monique street.

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J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO., 181 ST. JAMES STREET.

Employment Wanted.

WANTED, WORK BY A PAINTER. Paper hanger, decorator; charges moderate; best references. Apply to A. FELDMAN, 15 St. David Place.

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE Young Girl, a situation as General Servant, in a small family; no objection to Westmount. Apply at 17 Latour street.

WANTED, SITUATION, ALL KINDS OF garden work, pruning plants, shrubs, flowers, laying out gardens, taking care of gardens by hour, day or season, or contract. Apply 73 Hypolite street, or 27 Ontario avenue, Gardeners' Box. 25

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE PERSON a situation as good plain cook, or general servant, in a small family; no washing. Address M.O.N., 11 St. Monique street. 27

A GENTLEMAN, ENGLISH CANADIAN, of wide business experience and information, good accountant; and correspondent, speaks and writes both languages, is open to engagement at reasonable remuneration. Address G., 264 'Witness' Office. 24

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Situations Vacant. Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

WANTED, CARPENTERS. Apply to D. D. SMITH, 133 Lewis ave., Westmount. 23

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT, AT 178 Mance street.

WANTED, AN ASSISTANT TO A DRESS-maker, at once. Apply 39 1/2 Metcalfe st. 23

WANTED, GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, able to do plain cooking, and willing to go to the seaside for summer months; washing given out; good wages; nurse kept. Apply, with references, to 18 Overdale avenue. 28

WANTED, BY WHOLESALE FIRM, a Junior Clerk; must have good education and write a fair hand. Address F.G., 'Witness' Office. 23

WANTED, A GOOD SERVANT GIRL, for farm work. Apply to Riverfield Post-Office, P.O. Box 40. 28

WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED HOUSE and Tablemaid. Apply 734 Drummond street. 28

COMPOSITOR WANTED—A Man of steady habits can hear of a steady job at news and advertising in a provincial town by applying to Mr. BEATTY or the Foreman of the News Room, 'Witness' Office. 27

WANTED, A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Girl; good home to the right party. 50 Laval avenue, St. Louis square. 27

WANTED, A MALE TEACHER, Holding an Academy diploma, to take charge of the Model department of the High School, St. Johns, Que. Address, H. G. PERCHARD, secretary-treasurer.

WANTED, A SERVANT FOR GENERAL housework. Apply to No. 2 Richmond square. 27

BLACKSMITH WANTED; none but steady men need apply. H. R. IVES & CO., Queen street. 27

WANTED, HOUSE AND PARLOR MAID. Apply 6 McGregor street. 27

WANTED, GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSE-work, Apply from one to two, Room L., Temple Building; or mornings and evenings between seven and nine at 83 Avenue street. 27

WANTED, A FIRST-CLASS YOUNG MAN, with a knowledge of figures and acquainted with paper, who is capable of supervising a factory. Apply to the Union Card & Paper Co., Ltd., 9 Bleury street. 27

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, Protestant, must have good references. Apply at 39 Stuyver street, off Greene avenue, Westmount. 28

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, able to do plain cooking, no washing. Protestant preferred. Apply No 158 Mansfield street. 26

WANTED, A GOOD PLAIN COOK. NO washing or ironing, good wages. Apply MRS. KOHL, 60 Rosemount avenue, Westmount. 23

WANTED, APPRENTICE TO THE JEW.ellery trade. Apply D. BEATTY, No. 137 St. Peter street. 11

WANTED—BY THE SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS OF WESTMOUNT, Male Teachers, holding first-class Academy Diplomas; must have a thorough knowledge of and be proficient to teach Drawing, French and Music (Tonic-sol Fa). Also, Lady Teachers, holding first-class Academy Diplomas, with abilities, as above required, together with a knowledge of Kindergarten.

Written applications are required at once, and must be accompanied with testimonials; also state length of experience and salary required.

To be addressed to the secretary-treasurer, E. W. T. HADDON, P. O. Box 315, Westmount.

WANT ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE 'Witness' may be left at the Wm. Drysdale Company's Uptown Store, 2365 St. Catherine street, or with R. Turner, Grocer, Point St. Charles, 601 Wellington street of Subway, at the same rates as if taken at the 'Witness' Office.

Lost, Strayed and Found

LOST, A SILVER MEDAL, WITH DARK blue ribbon, and name, A. W. Eaton, Return to 51 St. Antoine street, and be rewarded. 28

LOST, BETWEEN MOCK'S Stationery Store and 1250 Dorchester, via St. Catherine and Western squares, a Purse, containing small sum of money, postage stamps, and registered letter 'help'. Reward on returning to 1250 Dorchester st. 27

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Classified Advertisements. CASH TARIFF.

Situation Vacant. Situation Wanted. Pupils Wanted. Rooms To Let. Articles Found. Secondhand Articles Wanted or For Sale. Property For Sale or To Let. Other Articles For Sale. Personals Agents Wanted.

20 WORDS FOR 10 CENTS. 1/2c for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

25 WORDS FOR 25 CENTS. 1 cent for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

25 WORDS FOR 50 CENTS.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

Postage Stamps will be accepted. The above rates are CASH with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher. No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five agree lines space.

WANT ADS

FOR THE WITNESS

May be left at THE WM. DRYSDALE COMPANY, UP-TOWN STORE, 2365 St. Catherine street, Between Peel and Mansfield Sts. OR WITH R. TURNER, Grocer, Point St. Charles, 601 Wellington Street, West of Subway.

Bargains.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

FOR SALE—WONDERFUL BARGAINS in New and Second-hand Pianos at W. H. LEACH'S, 49 Metcalfe street, who is removing May 1st. Immediate cash or installment purchasers can dictate their own price. Come and make an offer. Open evenings. Telephone 198.

FOR SALE, McCLARY FAMOUS ACTIVE Range, No. 8, in good order. 477 St. Denis street.

FOR SALE, INVALID CHAIR, ALMOST new. Apply 4508 St. Catherine street. 27

FOR SALE, AT A BARGAIN, Chickering Square Piano, in perfect order, rosewood case. Address CHICKERING, 'Witness' Office.

FOR SALE, SPLENDID Hazelton Piano, 7 1/2 octaves, a good opportunity to buy a first class instrument at a bargain. 300 St. Charles Borromee street.

FOR SALE, UPRIGHT PIANO FOR SALE, at 28 Mance street; only slightly used,



THROUGH THE DARKNESS.

(Mabel Nelson Thurston, in 'The Independent'.)

(Concluded.)

In fifteen minutes she reached Deacon Garnett's and stood knocking at the door; there was no answer. She knocked again; then as the truth dawned upon her she beat at it in a fierce terror; but nobody came, and the sounds seemed to thunder mightily about her in the still, sharp air. She was very cold now; but she sat down on the steps a moment to think. There was but one thing to do; her mother had said that the medicine must get to Cassock's that night; she must get to the town herself. Choking back her sobs she struggled to her feet; even the few minutes on the doorstep had made her stiff. She stood a moment looking pitifully back at the home light; then she turned away and ran, ran—into the shadows of the great night.

Nearly an hour later a man, hurrying from one of the saloons in the town, was stopped by a child's voice:

"Please, sir, can you tell me where Mr. Cassock lives?"

The man had not been drinking much; he stared down at her in amazement. "If 'tain't the parson's kid," he cried, "What are you doing here this time of night?"

The child's weary face looked whitely up at him from the old blue hood. "Papa's sick," she said; "and this medicine had to go to Mamie Cassock, else she'd die. I carried it to Deacon Garnett's; but nobody was there, so I had to come myself. Do you know where he lives?"

With a smothered exclamation the man stooped down and picked the child up. "I guess you've walked fur enough," he exclaimed. "I ain't good fur much in the way of meetings; but I can't let the parson's kid go round town alone. I'll take you to Cassock's, and I'll take you home!"

The child put her arms about his neck and leaned against him with a sigh of content. He was a rough, bad man; but the child trusted him, and he knew it. He held her gently so that she was not shaken by his long strides. In five minutes he was knocking commandingly at the door of a shanty at the end of the street.

Jim Cassock opened the door himself. His eyes were red and swollen, but he had not been drinking; the door swinging back showed a bare room, and a worn, sickly woman holding a child who was moaning feebly.

"What's wanted?" said Jim, fiercely. "I can't see anybody; my child's dying."

"No thanks to you if she doesn't," retorted the other man. "The parson's sick and sent the medicine; this child came walking all the way to town with it." His tone was full of a fine contempt, keener than any rebuke toward the miserable creature before him.

Jim stared at the man uncomprehendingly; but the woman started up with a little cry. She put the child down on the bed and ran across to her husband.

"Don't you understand, Jim?" she sobbed. "The medicine's come—it's come, man!"

Jim rubbed his hand across his forehead and looked from Ruth's tired little face to his own baby. Then, suddenly, he dashed into the other room. He came back in a moment with a pair of gloves which he thrust into the child's hands. "Tell the parson that I couldn't wear 'em, that I ain't touched 'em!" he said, eagerly. "Tell him to put 'em on himself; will you tell him? To put 'em on himself!"

"Yes," answered Ruth, wonderingly; "I'll tell him."

Jim stood at the door a moment; he tried to say something more, but the words stuck in his throat; then his wife called him, and he slammed the door, shutting them out into the night.

Ruth's friend grunted, but made no remark. He picked the child up again, and she nestled contentedly into his arms; she was half asleep from weariness and only had a hazy knowledge of it when he got a horse from somewhere and began riding across the prairie.

The minister had fallen into a troubled sleep; but his wife was walking the floor, beating desperately back the fears that stormed her heart. Nothing could have happened to the child; there was no far to go, and she knew the way perfectly. "Tell Mrs. Garnett; must have kept her until some one could bring her home. She would not worry—she would not. But as the moments lengthened into one hour, and then into another, she could fight her fears no longer. She knelt down by the bed where her husband was tossing, and tried to pray; but only the child's name came to her lips.

Suddenly she started and listened. There was the beating of hoofs across the prairie, nearer—nearer; now they were stopping at the door. She rushed to it and threw it open. In the sudden blaze of light, horse and rider seemed to start up from the ground. She shrank back with a little cry as she saw who the man was. The next minute a

child's face was lifted from his arm, and a child's voice filled her ears.

"Mamma, I was afraid; but I went, and he brought me home. Oh, mamma, it was so—"

The woman caught the child passionately in her arms, and looked up at the man, her eyes full of the gratitude she could not speak.

The man's voice was gruff. "I wa'n't going to see the parson's kid wanderin' round alone, if I knowed it," he said. Then he turned abruptly away and galloped into the darkness.

The sharp blast of cold air woke the minister. Through the doorway he could see into the other room; his wife was taking off the child's wraps, and both the child's face and the woman's were strangely moved. He called weakly:—

"Did Jim Cassock get the medicine, Annie?"

"His wife ran to him, and she had something in her hands. 'Yes, dear, he has it,' she answered; 'and—I wronged him, David. He sent the gloves back to you and wanted you to promise to wear them.'"

"The minister's patient eyes brightened. 'Did Jim do that?' he said, and there was a thrill of gladness in his tired voice. He took the gloves and absently began pulling them on. Suddenly his face changed.

"Annie," he cried, excitedly; "put your hand in here!"

She obeyed him wonderingly, slipping her hand in the warm fleece lining. Then a flash of great joy illumined her worn face. "David!" she cried.

"Take them out," he answered, breathlessly.

She slipped her fingers into one glove-finger after another and laid the pile of bills on the bed; there were ten in all, and each was for ten dollars.

The woman spoke first; the words were common, but it was none the less a thanksgiving. "And now you can have the coffee," she said, "and the children"—she broke off, but her eyes were shining through tears.

Over the old coverlet the minister's hand clasped his wife's; but there were no tears in his eyes.

"Jim Cassock sent it all back," he said; and the words sounded like a psalm.

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

THE LOST SKATES.

(Annie L. Hannah, in 'Presbyterian Banner'.)

(Concluded.)

But the mystery was not cleared up. Katy used the borrowed skates for a few days, till a new fall of snow came to put an end to the sport for a time. "It is always snowing, this winter," some one complained. And, indeed, the drifts never did seem to have a chance to melt, away before more came to pile them up again. "We do nothing but sweep the pond," complained the boys. But finally, toward the end of February, came a fine thaw, and the snow began to vanish, while the surface water ran down over the pond. "If it will only freeze row we shall have such ice as we haven't had this winter," declared the boys in glee. One, two, three days the warm weather continued; then as warm a rain set in to make it perfect.

"It's going to be magnificent, by Saturday, midget!" exclaimed Katy's brother Tom, coming in at nightfall from school. "The rain has stopped and it is growing cold. The mercury will fall twenty degrees before morning, and a day or two of snapping weather as still as this will make the ice like glass!"

But the next morning a strange thing happened. The moment that Katy opened her eyes she jumped out of bed and ran to the window to see if Tom's prophecy had come true. Yes, everything was frozen up hard! and how strange the bare ground looked after the snow which had been there only yesterday. "Why, she hadn't see the ground since December! But what was that, lying down there close to the steps!"

Katy had the strangest feeling all over her. She grew hot and cold by turns. Presently she began to dress, slowly and thoughtfully—going back, back over the past weeks, and finally, when she was quite ready, she left her room and went down stairs. Her mother was watering her plants in the sitting-room. Katy half-paused, as though to go into the room, but then went on to the back entry door, opened it and walked slowly down the steps. She was evidently bent upon an unwelcome errand—one which she would like to avoid or delay. But the steps were but few—the distance round to that spot where the dark object lay but short. Yes, there they were—the long-lost skates! Katy lifted them in her hand and turning, almost ran with them to her mother.

"Mamma," she said, "here are my skates. They have been under the snow all this time! Then, with the blood rushing into her face, but looking bravely up into her mother's eyes: 'I remember all about it now. The last time I had them was one day when it began to snow while we were on the pond. They were wet with the snow and when I got home I flung them down beside the steps while I ran in for a cloth, and then I must have forgotten to go back and get them, and the next day the snow had covered them, and it was a week, you know, before the pond was cleared, and I needed them again. Mamma—I do not believe that I shall ever say again that I am 'quite sure' of anything!"

Her mother kissed her with a happy face. "I think that the lost skates have been the means of a great deal of good," she said cheerfully. "They are quite ruined, I am afraid," taking them in her

hand, "but next winter you shall have a nice, new pair. I think the back of both faults is broken—that my little girl is less careless and less "positive" already than she was a few weeks ago."

BIBLE TRIPLETS.

FRIDAY, APRIL 28.

TOWARD CHRIST IN THREE THINGS.

1. Joined to Christ.—He that establisheth us, with you in (eis, into), Christ is God, II. Cor. i., 21. (Connects us firmly with Christ. Has brought us into an abiding, living union with him. Thus the promises, all of which are yea in him, are made sure to us. Jesus is the truth, the Amen, the faithful one, the Spirit in our hearts is the pledge of all the promises.)

2. A Firm Adherence to Christ.—Beholding the steadfastness (stability) of your faith in (eis, toward) Christ, Col. ii., 5. (Eis is always used—over thirty times—in John's gospel, for believing in, or Jesus. It implies active motion towards him. Represents our relation to him, while 'in Christ,' has to do with his inward relation to us. 'Eis' is more than believing in Jesus—demons do that—it is our abiding attitude towards him.)

3. Unswerving Love to Christ.—I fear lest your minds should be corrupted from the simplicity (simplicity) and the purity that is towards Christ, II. Cor. xi., 3. (Perhaps, 'lest your thoughts should be drawn through evil teaching be drawn from Christ as Eve was beguiled to doubt God by the tempter's lie, and thus become corrupted, depraved, see verse 4.) There are many who preach 'another Jesus,' and a 'different gospel' from the Jesus and the gospel of the New Testament, and thus draw away the affections of even true believers from Christ. All false teaching about the person and work of Jesus leads to moral corruption. Evangelical truth is essential to purity of life and to fidelity to him who loved us to the death and still loveth us, Rev. i., 5.

So here hath been dawning  
Another blue day;  
Think, wilt thou let it  
Slip useless away?

Out of eternity  
This new day is born:  
Into eternity  
At night will return.

Behold it aforeside  
No eye ever did;  
So soon it for ever  
From all eyes is hid.

Here hath been dawning  
Another blue day;  
Think, wilt thou let it  
Slip useless away?  
—Thomas Carlyle.

He who prays in Christ's name must pray Christ's prayer.—Not my will, but thine, be done. And then, though many wishes may be unanswered, and many weak petitions unfulfilled, and many desires unsatisfied, the essential spirit of the prayer will be answered, and his will being done in us, and on us, our wishes will acquiesce in it and desire nothing besides. To him who can thus pray, in Christ's name, in the deepest sense, and after Christ's pattern, every door in God's treasure-house flies open, and he may take as much of the treasure as he desires. The Master bends lovingly over such a soul, and looks him in the eyes, and with outstretched hand, says: "What wilt thou that I should do unto thee? Be it unto thee even as thou wilt." "That your joy may be full," or fulfilled like some jewelled, golden cup, charged to the very brim with rich and quickening wine, so that there is no room for a drop more. Can it be that ever, in this world, men shall be happy up to the very limits of their capacity? Was anybody ever so blessed that he could not be more so? Jesus Christ says that it may be so, and he tells us how it may be so. Bring your desires into harmony with God's, and you will have none unsatisfied amongst them; and so you will be blessed to the full.—Alexander MacLaren.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

DON'T GIVE UP.

Discouraged Citizens Will Find Comfort in the Experience of a Montreal Man.

Don't give up. Discouragement has lost many a life. Fight it out. Try every means. Failure in one case does not mean success is an impossibility. Everybody makes mistakes. Experience is the modern instructor. Profit by the experience of others. It may save your life. The experience of friends and neighbors.

The testimony of Montreal people will bring renewed encouragement. Here is a case in point. The well-known accountant, Mr. Henri LeBlanc, 405 Craig street, says: 'I suffered for a long time with severe pains across my back.

"On using Doan's Kidney Pills the pains disappeared as if by magic, and I heartily recommend them."

Doan's Kidney Pills are without doubt the best remedy in the world for the cure of Bright's disease, diabetes, dropsy, backache, lame or weak back, puffiness and dark circles under the eyes, gravel, sediment in the urine and scalding, rheumatism, stone in the bladder, weakness of the kidneys in children and old people, etc. Price 50 cents a box, or 3 for \$1.25, at all druggists, or sent by mail. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont. Ask for Doan's, and refuse all others.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

900 DROPS  
CASTORIA  
Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN  
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.  
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.  
Fac-Simile Signature of  
NEW YORK.  
35 Doses—35 CENTS  
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-ounce bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

THE BATTLE OF LIFE

is sufficiently severe in this "Age of Progress" without having the chances of success discounted by want of proper nourishment, and

BOVRIL

is Half the Battle to all who desire to have in a highly concentrated and easily digestible form.

PERFECT FOOD For Brain, Blood, Bone and Muscle.

BOVRIL Limited, (Canadian Branch) 30 Farringdon St., LONDON, ENG. 25-27 St. Peter St., MONTREAL, Que.

ROOFING.—Sparham Fireproof Cement Roof

Protected by Trade Mark and Patent. The only reliable roof for our climate—20 years' proof. FIREPROOF. No gravel to fill drains or spouts. Smooth snows blow off it. Any defect located at once, easily repaired. ROOFS GUARANTEED 10 YEARS, \$3.25 per square. ROOFS GUARANTEED 5 YEARS, \$2.75 per square. GUARANTEE. A guarantee is worth only what is behind it to give it value. THE SPARHAM FIREPROOF ROOFING COMPANY, capital \$60,000, gives written guarantee with the roof, and that is substantial. Apply 309 ST. JAMES STREET. THE SPARHAM FIREPROOF ROOFING CO'Y. W. L. MALTEY, Man. Director. CAMPBELL & GILDAY, Agents.

The Best is the Cheapest. 'CRESCENT' STEEL AGATE WARE  
Is made not only to sell, but to stand the hard usage that it is subjected to in the kitchen. Every article bearing our label 'Crescent' is guaranteed not to chip or burn.  
THE THOS. DAVIDSON MFG. Co. Ltd. MONTREAL.

Montreal Water Works. TENDERS FOR SUPPLIES FOR 1899.  
Sealed Tenders, addressed to the City Clerk, and deposited in the office of the City Clerk, City Hall, endorsed with the name of one or any of the articles mentioned hereafter, as the case may be, will be received until 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday, the 16th of May next, for the supply and delivery of the following articles, viz.: Cast Iron Pipes, Special Castings, Lead Pipes, Brass Castings, Pig Lead and Tin, Lumber, General Stores and 12 UNIFORMS  
for the inspectors and constables of the Water Department, to be similar to samples which may be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Water Works, City Hall. The whole in accordance with specifications to be seen and obtained, as well as forms of tender at the office of said superintendent, and any tender not made on the official form or not in conformity with the terms of the specification, will not be considered. Sealed tenders will be opened by the City Clerk, in the presence of the interested parties, at the meeting of the Water Committee, to be held on the 16th of May next, at 2 o'clock p.m. The Water Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tenders. By order, GEO. JANIN, Acting Superintendent M. W. W. Water Works Office, City Hall, Montreal, 26th April, 1899.

Richelieu Renal Mineral Water

Nature's Remedy for the Cure of BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, STONE IN THE BLADDER, CORPULENCY, and all Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder. Recommended by the leading physicians of Montreal. J. A. HARTE, Druggist, 1780 Notre Dame St. CENTS FOR SALE. Apply at 'Witness' Office.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS

KIND OF HORSE HE KEPT. Scene, Bankruptcy Court. The attorney for the assignees, after whispering emphatically with the principal creditor, rises with an air of very great importance, as if about to elicit an astounding revelation. Attorney (to bankrupt)—Now, sir, I have a question to ask you. You keep a horse, do you not? Bankrupt—I do. Attorney—And what might the keep of this horse have cost you? Bankrupt—It has cost me nothing. Attorney—No, of course, it has cost you nothing. Pray, have you ever ridden it? Bankrupt—No, but my little boy has. Attorney—Ah! Have you sold the horse? Bankrupt—No, I have not. Attorney—You have not sold it? Then what is it now? Bankrupt—Well, when I left home I was standing before the fire with a pair of sheets taking an airing on it. (Explanation in court. The attorney looks glibly at the principal creditor, and then, doubtless at the bankrupt, who immediately receives his discharge.—London 'Times'.)

TRONA. A powerful tonic which imparts strength, vigor, health, which cures nervous depression, weakness, tuberculosis, consumption, dyspepsia, stomach, liver and kidney troubles. Sold everywhere. They were talking about the recent fogs, and some one stated that his morning train had stopped every half mile on its way to the city, the fog being so thick that it was impossible to see either of the railway banks. "Oh, that's nothing," said another man, who was of the company. "Down in Lincolnshire the fog is something so thick that the driver has to get out and lead the engine."—'The Times'.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

RICE'S STUDIO. Lantern Slides. Bromide Enlargements. Printing and Finishing for Amateurs. 111 ST. PETER ST. TEL. 311.

FIVE THOUSAND FLORAL AND OTHER STUDIES. Six assorted mailed free for 50 cents. G. W. WILSON, Manufacturers of Mountings and Frames. 688 Craig St., next door to the 'Witness' Office.

JOHNSON & COPPING, Print Sellers! Frame Makers!! Gold Gilders!!! Dealers in Paintings and Water Colors. 743 Craig Street. One door West Victoria Square

BREAD 12 CENTS. If you wish to get a First-Class C-1b. Loaf or any kind of FANCY BREAD for 12 cents, apply to the well known Montreal Cash Bakery 80 and 91 Shannon St. Tel. Bell Main 37. Our drivers carry a full assortment of Cakes

NOW THAT WINTER IS OVER —IS THE TIME TO— PAINT YOUR HOUSE. Don't leave it dingy and commonplace looking all spring and summer. Brighten it up with a coat of

"ISLAND CITY" PAINTS.

Besides their great durability they are economical and unchangeable in color—just the right mixture of lead and zinc with absolutely pure linseed oil. One gallon covers 200 square feet with two coats, and only costs \$1.50. Dealers sell them.

P. D. DODS & CO. Manufacturers, MONTREAL, —AND— 100 BAY ST., Toronto.

PURE ICE. THE CITY ICE COMPANY, Limited. 26 Victoria Square. R. A. BECKET, Manager. Tel. Main 10. ORDERS NOW BEING RECEIVED.

BED FEATHERS and BEDDING Repaired and Disinfected by Steam and Hot Dry Air AT SHORTEST NOTICE. If necessary, Bedding can be Renovated and Returned the Same Day. GIVE YOUR ORDEES EARLY.

MONTREAL FEATHER CO., 476 ST. LAWRENCE STREET. Telephone East 283.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

CANCER ROOTS

The dangerous operation, or the agonizing plaster, may remove the surface trouble, but in a short time the disease returns, as all the roots cannot be removed by either of these methods. Leading physicians who have investigated our methods, are surprised at the remarkable cures, and they are permanent cures. Particulars free. W.M. STOTT & JURY, Bowmansville, Ont.

A BUSY MAN.

INTERESTING TALK WITH MR. A. GIBSON ON RAILWAYS AND COTTON MANUFACTURE.

There has been some talk of the Federal Government purchasing, through Mr. Blair, the Eastern Canada Railway, which runs from Fredericton to Loggieville, a distance of a hundred and thirty-five miles, but Mr. Alexander Gibson, who is the chief proprietor, stated yesterday at the Windsor Hotel, that there was no truth in the rumor.

I will sell a railway, as I will sell a horse or a mill, or any other kind of property. It has been stated that it would be a good thing if the government would buy the Eastern Canada Railway, as there would then be a guarantee for its continuance to serve the people in the district through which it runs, but I have not approached the government on the subject, nor has Mr. Blair made me any proposal. The railway is in good running order, the rolling stock is efficient, and the system earns forty-six thousand dollars a year of clear profit.

Mr. Gibson, though born in New Brunswick, is proud to trace his descent from North of Ireland folk, and he himself appears to have inherited the resolute, pushing qualities of that stock. Mr. Gibson has done a great deal during his long life to make a stir and hum in the industrial domain. He has saw mill interests, cotton mill interests, real estate interests, independent of his railway connections, and in Marysville and about it he has been enabled to see the results of foresight and push, which are highly gratifying. The cotton mill with which he is associated gives employment to six hundred hands, and all that is needed is the augmentation of capital so that fifteen hundred hands could be employed. Having free water power, and being incorporated, there is only a trifling tax to be paid by the concern, which, moreover, is enabled to save a fuel bill by using (in so far as steam is used at all) the refuse from the mill, which supplies the place of coal.

Mr. Gibson is not greatly concerned at the rumor that the government intended to lower the cotton duties, and rather relished the recent article in the 'Witness' dealing with this subject, saying, with a chuckle, that he intended to show it to-day to Mr. Morrice. Indeed, Mr. Gibson takes but little stock in the recent reports issued by a certain combine as to great earnings, and twitted the concern with sending their goods to China to compete against English cottons.

Owing to the favorable conditions mentioned Mr. Gibson was not afraid either of the lowering of the cotton duties or of competition, as they could produce goods at a profit at lower rates than other concerns.

Mr. Gibson has taken an interest in local and federal politics. He believes in the Federal Government spending money, and plenty of money, too, upon objects of a deserving sort, for if nothing be spent and no improvements be effected, the country will stagnate. Stagnation means hopelessness. He desires to see advance. 'We are improving the country for the oncoming generation, and I would let the oncoming generation do the bulk of the paying. This is only fair. What we do now in the way of proper improvement and development the future will enjoy, and the future should pay. But by this I do not mean that we should be extravagant.'

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The fire department of St. Henri is being placed on a more efficient footing, to keep pace with the increasing number of high buildings that are being erected. The latest acquisition is a first-class hose reel for No. 2 station, which was manufactured by Mr. Despoas.

The town hall has undergone a complete renovation. New and handsome opera chairs have been provided for two hundred persons, and elegant gas and electric fixtures decorate the walls and ceiling. Some little damage was done by the explosion of a coal oil stove on the platform on Wednesday, but the fire was extinguished immediately.

The plan was devised by an engineer named MacRae, who, during a several years' residence in Canada, devoted himself to the study of Niagara and the great hydraulic engineering works there. After arriving at some estimate of the value of the waters which now run to waste, he returned to Scotland and surveyed the whole highland lake district, taking levels, and discovered that it was feasible to use the drainage from that district for manufacturing purposes on the coast.

Already a great opposition has developed to the bill, principally from the Glasgow district and the Clyde because the cheapening of power at Ballyhulich will cause manufacturers to leave the Clyde and its neighborhood for Loch Linnhe. Moreover, the inhabitants of East Perth object to reduction of the flow of the Tay, while owners of the forests in the highlands complain that it will injure their forests and deer ranges. However, there is little doubt that the bill will pass, and by its operation will make Ballyhulich one of the greatest manufacturing cities of the kingdom, since there is practically no exhausting the water that drains into the lakes at the head waters. It is the general opinion that MacRae's scheme is most opportune, as the Scotch coal supply is nearing exhaustion, and will be entirely worked out in a century at the farthest, all the easiest procured coal being now well-nigh consumed.

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The company will commence work on its new factory immediately. It is to employ a hundred persons, of whom forty must be heads of families, and all are to reside in Lachine. The amount to be paid in wages is to be \$30,000 annually. The consulting engineers are still at work examining the plans for the new drainage system and will not finish their labors for a fortnight. The feasibility of obtaining motive power from the River St. Lawrence for the aqueduct is also occupying the attention of the council, and the experts are looking into the engineering difficulties of the scheme.

When the liver becomes torpid and sluggish, there is endless suffering from biliousness, sick headache and stomach troubles. The bile goes through the system, poisoning and deranging the organs of the body. Mr. Edouard Biron, Printer, 140 St. Jacques street, Montreal, endured the miseries of liver complaint for many months before he was cured by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. 'I am one of those persons who to-day give praise to Dr. Chase for health restored. After having suffered continually with liver complaint, and loss of vitality, which made me despair of life, I was advised to try Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I did so, and am now grateful for that advice. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have cured me, and I am truly a new man.'

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have a direct action on these delicate organs, and by making them healthy and vigorous, ensure pure healthy blood. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmansons, Bates & Co., Toronto.

When the contract for the new boiler at the upper level pumping station was let a clause was inserted which bound the contractor to have the boiler in operation within fifty days under a penalty of a hundred dollars a day. This time limit has now expired and some of the aldermen think that payment of the penalty should be exacted.

On the other hand it is claimed that the delay is due to the city, which was dilatory about letting the contracts for the stone foundations.

were found on one of the boys, when he was arrested. Gagne and Roy appeared in the Police Court yesterday before Magistrate Lafontaine and were remanded for 8 days. Their enquete will take place when the others shall have been arrested.

ST. HENRI NEWS.

A MEETING OF COUNCIL—THE HOTEL-KEEPERS ORGANIZE.

A short and unimportant meeting of the council was held on Wednesday night, Mayor Guay presiding, and all the councillors being in attendance.

Communications were received from the town attorney with reference to the opening of a new street across the Grand Trunk tracks, from the committee on railways and canals, making an appointment for a hearing on the subject of the proposed bridge over the Lachine canal, and from Mr. Forget, president of the Street Railway, stating in answer to the request of the council, that the company was willing to change the position of its tracks on St. James street, but without prejudice to its rights, as under their charter the placing of the tracks was a matter which should rest with the engineer.

After some discussion, it was decided to leave the question of street railway tracks in the hands of the city attorney. The Jacques Cartier Bank was authorized to pay the coupons on debentures falling due on May 1.

A long discussion followed on the scavenging contract, Mr. Chabot, the lowest tenderer, having neglected to furnish security.

Councillor Taillefer moved that the contract be awarded to Mr. Parent, the former contractor.

It was moved in amendment by Councillor Labrecque that the contract with Mr. Chabot be ratified, a deduction of fifteen percent being made from all payments, and retained as a guarantee. The amendment was lost and the main motion carried.

The report of the license committee was adopted, recommending that the licenses of the following applicants be renewed: Jos. Martin, Giroux, Depatie, Armand, Robidoux, Archambault, Benoit, Lapierre, Muir, Vincent, Cardinal.

The council adjourned.

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Already a great opposition has developed to the bill, principally from the Glasgow district and the Clyde because the cheapening of power at Ballyhulich will cause manufacturers to leave the Clyde and its neighborhood for Loch Linnhe. Moreover, the inhabitants of East Perth object to reduction of the flow of the Tay, while owners of the forests in the highlands complain that it will injure their forests and deer ranges. However, there is little doubt that the bill will pass, and by its operation will make Ballyhulich one of the greatest manufacturing cities of the kingdom, since there is practically no exhausting the water that drains into the lakes at the head waters. It is the general opinion that MacRae's scheme is most opportune, as the Scotch coal supply is nearing exhaustion, and will be entirely worked out in a century at the farthest, all the easiest procured coal being now well-nigh consumed.

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REJECTED THE PAY SHEET.

EXPENSES AT THE INCINERATOR IN EXCESS OF THE APPROPRIATIONS.

When the weekly pay sheet for the wages of the men employed at the incinerator at the Gregory Farm was presented to the City Comptroller, Mr. Dufresne, for his approval on Wednesday, he rejected it and returned it to the Health Department because it exceeded the amount agreed upon in the division of the wage appropriation into weekly amounts. The list was reduced to this amount by cutting off some men's wages, these amounts to be asked for in next week's pay sheets. The difficulty is due principally to the expense incurred in connection with the removal of the clinkers from the incinerator. These clinkers are being dumped in the municipality of St. Paul, and the council of that town insists that the dumping be supervised by inspectors of their own, whom the city has to pay.

A RETURNED MISSIONARY.

Miss Ptolemy, missionary from the Presbyterian College, Indore, Central India, spent Monday with the Rev. U. P. Walker, Westmount. With Miss Chase, a fellow missionary, she had to leave to recruit, both having passed through a severe attack of typhoid fever. Miss Ptolemy stood the long journey well, and is rapidly improving. She came by the 'Dominion' steamer, and left on Tuesday for her home, Binbrook, Ont.

SCOTCH NIAGARA SCHEME.

London, April 25.—The great Scotch 'Niagara Scheme' bill will be reported from the committee to the House of Commons soon, and will, without doubt, become a law. This plan is unique and almost marvellous in its conception, for it is nothing less than a means of providing Scotland with water-power, and thereby electricity sufficient to supply the whole country. It involves the turning of the waters of the great uninhabitable mountain fastnesses which drain into several lakes, principally Lake Erich and Lake Rannoch, into a canal to be dug which will connect the waters with the sea at Ballyhulich, on Loch Linnhe, near the Firth of Lorne, precipitating the waters down a sheer precipice of a thousand feet into Loch Linnhe. It will turn half of the waters of North Perth from the Firth of Tay on the east coast of the Firth of Lorne on the west coast.

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SHOULD MAKE GOOD SOLDIERS.

Ottawa, April 27.—Last night General Hutton attended the drill of the Governor-General's Foot Guards, and after the battalion had been dismissed, visited the sergeants' mess. The General 'circulated' amongst the men who compose 'the backbone of the regiment,' and to one of them he said, 'May I ask what is your occupation, sergeant?'

'I am a bricklayer, sir,' replied the sergeant.

'What salary do you receive, if I may be so inquisitive?' asked the General.

'I get \$3 a day,' replied the sergeant.

'Why, that is big pay,' said the General. 'You are a lucky man to be getting such wages.'

'Oh, that is only ordinary for that class of work,' replied the sergeant.

The General passed on, and asked a similar question of several sergeants. He found that one was a machinist, another a painter and decorator, and another a lawyer. He afterwards remarked that the Canadian sergeants seemed to be a clever class of men, and should make good soldiers.

THE HARRISTON MYSTERY.

THE MURDERED MAN IDENTIFIED.

Harriston, Ont., April 27.—The unknown man found near here on Saturday night, has been identified, and that it is a case of murder is now apparent. The cap found near the body and the shoes on deceased's feet have been identified as those worn by Aaron Noble, who hired on Nov. 4 last, year to work for A. Darrach, Minto Township. He only remained until Nov. 8, when he left before breakfast without his wages. At that time he wore a brown suit of clothes and carried a satchel. The latter is missing, and the high constable who is investigating is certain the man has been murdered and the clothes taken from the corpse and the duck trousers and coat put on. When deceased left Darrach's he had \$60 in his pockets. From an examination of the body, the constable believes the throat had been cut as well as one ear. A medical man made a minute examination on Tuesday night but refuses to say anything yet. The body was buried yesterday.

Yesterday afternoon a bundle of clothes, including a new suit, and a well worn overcoat, in the pockets of which was a copy of the Buffalo 'Express' dated Nov. 21, 1898, were found hidden among the bushes near where the body lay. The high constable thinks these do not belong to the dead man and may be of value as a clue to the murderer.

TWO EGYPTIAN STATUES.

ONE REPRESENTS THE THEBAN GOD AMMON AND IS EIGHTEEN FEET HIGH.

Cairo, Egypt, April 27.—Two of the most remarkable statues ever found have just been unearthed by M. Georges Legrain, a French Egyptologist, from the ruins of the temple at Karnak, on the Upper Nile. One of these is in alabaster, and represents the great Theban god, Ammon. This alabaster god is eighteen feet high, and was originally made from one solid block of stone, the largest alabaster statue in the world. It was found in three pieces, which were easily put together. The artistic finish is perfect.

The second statue is one that was set up by King Usertesen I., in honor of his father, back in the days of Abraham. On the lap of this effigy is a slab, upon which are carved inscriptions, proving the antiquity of the work. Accompanying M. Legrain when he made the discovery was Charles N. Crewdson, corresponding secretary of the Chicago Society of Egyptian Research, who is touring Egypt in the interest of the society he represents.

MR. PELLAND WANTS INDEMNITY.

Ottawa, April 27.—The committee on the official debates of the House met yesterday, and elected Mr. R. L. Richardson chairman. The sub-committee appointed to inquire into the efficiency of the translating staff, reported that a room ought to be found in the Parliament building where the work of translation could be done under the control of the committee. The question of abolishing the revised edition of the Hansard was discussed at some length, but no decision reached. It was, however, decided that only one revision of a speech would be permitted. A sub-committee consisting of the French members of the committee was appointed to take into consideration the ten applications which had been received for the position of translator made vacant by the dismissal of Mr. Pelland. Mr. Pelland put in a claim for \$500, on the ground that he was dismissed without cause, but the committee did not entertain it.

JAPAN AND THE CZAR'S CONFERENCE.

Vancouver, B.C., April 27.—The three Japanese peace conference delegates, Colonel Weyhara and Captains Sakamoto and Nariga, were interviewed here yesterday. The latter asserted that it was by no means a foregone conclusion that they would advocate universal peace. 'We are living in martial times,' said he. 'Great issues are at stake, particularly in the Orient, and the Japanese emperor would not at this critical stage wish to give voice to any sentiment through us which might afterwards embarrass him.'

ADVERTISEMENTS.

—THE— SIRDAR'S REGISTERED MOCHA

PREPARED BY SPECIAL PROCESS AS IN EGYPT, is THE MOST DELICIOUS COFFEE OBTAINABLE.

(Can now be had in Canada.) Satisfy yourself of this fact by trying a cup at Henry Morgan & Co.'s tea room, then buy it from your grocer.

ICE! ICE!

If you want PURE ICE and SATISFACTORY DELIVERY, order your season's supply from

JOS. QUINN & CO., 104 William Street.

A TERRIBLE DEED.

FIVE PEOPLE MURDERED IN MALDEN, MISSOURI.

St. Louis, Mo., April 26.—A special to the 'Post-Despatch' from Malden, a small village in south-eastern Missouri, says Mrs. Jane Tuttleton, widow of Washington Tuttleton, a prominent man of that section, and her four children were murdered last night. The bodies were partially incinerated in their home, which was set on fire by the murderer. J. N. Tuttleton, a son of Washington Tuttleton by his first wife, is under arrest for the crime. A dispute over the division of some property is said to be the cause of the crime.

QUEBEC Y. M. C. A.

Quebec, April 27.—At the meeting of the Y. M. C. A. last night, Mr. G. W. Parnelee, secretary of the Protestant Council of Education, was elected president; Mr. W. H. Wiggs, vice-president; Mr. James Woods, treasurer, Mr. W. G. L. Paxman, librarian, and Mr. T. R. Medley, recording secretary.

A very handsome resolution thanking the retiring president, Mr. W. A. Marsh, for his valuable services and his generosity to the institution, was unanimously adopted.

DEATH OF THE REV. J. C. CATTANACH.

Sherbrooke, Que., April 27.—The Rev. J. C. Cattanaach, at one time pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church in this city, died on Monday last in Boston, of diphtheria. Mr. Cattanaach had gone to Boston and taken a situation as book-keeper, intending to remove there with his family, but his death may alter their plans. Mr. Cattanaach was a singularly gifted man, and was a native of Glengarry county.

ASSAULTED THE CZAR.

London, April 27.—From Japan the death in prison is reported of the fanatic police officer who attempted to assassinate the present Emperor of Russia when he was travelling in Japan, prior to his accession to the throne. The would-be assassin inflicted an ugly sword wound upon the head of Nicholas, who was only saved from instant death through a second blow by the presence of mind of his cousin, Prince George of Greece, who felled the assailant with a terrific blow on the head with a stick which he was carrying.

FAMOUS JAPANESE FANATIC EXPIRES.

Toronto, Ont., April 27.—Several cases of hydrophobia have been reported to the Provincial Board of Health by the authorities of Sombra township, Lambton county. About six weeks ago a vagrant dog went through the township biting everything it came in contact with. Several dogs, cows and one horse were attacked. Since then the horse and one cow have died and the authorities at Sombra ask Dr. Bryce what is to be done with the other animals bitten. The necessary instructions have been sent to Sombra.

EPIDEMIC OF HYDROPHOBIA.

Toronto, Ont., April 27.—The Ontario Government has determined to make an effort to stop American fishing in Ontario waters. The fishing inspectors have been given instructions to confiscate boats and any tackle of Americans fishing in the forbidden waters. The chief attention is being paid to the western part of the province.

NEWS SUMMARY.

The Emperor Nicholas will bestow a dowry of £100,000 upon the Duchess Augusta Charlotte Jutta of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, on the occasion of her marriage to Prince Danilo Alexander, Crown Prince of Montenegro.

According to advices from Bolivia, the city of La Paz, in the department of the same name, which has long been the nominal capital, was formally proclaimed the capital of the victorious revolutionary government on April 15.

Oliver Campbell Fish and wife are under arrest at Dubuque, Iowa, charged with the theft of \$6,000 worth of merchandise from a store at Emsdale, near Parry Sound, Ont. They have agreed to return to Canada without extradition proceedings.

The strike that has been in progress at Bodweis, Bohemia, for some time, culminated on Wednesday in rioting and in the collisions between the troops and the rioters several persons were wounded.

Ore assaying, \$1,000 gold to the ton, has been taken out of the side of the Blow-out Mountain, in Cook County, Arkansas. A terrific wind storm approaching almost the fury of a hurricane, swept over St. Edwards, Neb., on Wednesday night, doing a great deal of damage to property, and injuring several persons. Hail covered the ground to the depth of two inches.

The 'Christian Guardian' of Toronto says the debts upon Methodist churches are not as heavy as generally supposed. Seven conferences in the Dominion contain 406 circuits that report debts of over \$500 and 437 circuits that report properties free from debt, and 305 circuits which report debts as less than \$500.

The United States transport 'Crook' arrived at New York on Wednesday from Ponce, Santiago, and Guantanamo with 356 bodies of soldiers who were killed in battle or died in Puerto Rico and Cuba.

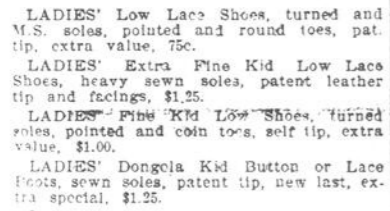
ADVERTISEMENTS.

THERE IS NO Store Like It IN MONTREAL.

Since we have separated our cash business from the old way of selling cash and credit in the same store, we have more than doubled our sales.

Until our new stock is ready, credit buyers will please call on Mr. F. Guibord, 1551 St. Catherine street, who will be pleased to receive old or new customers who will be treated in a very liberal manner.

F. LAPOINTE, 1551 St. Catherine St. (Old Store.) 1447 & 1449 St. Catherine St. (New Store.)



LADIES' Low Lace Shoes, turned and M.S. soles, pointed and round toes, pat. tip, extra value, 75c.

LADIES' Dongola Kid Button or Lace Shoes, sewn soles, patent tip, new last, extra special, \$1.25.

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LADIES' Dongola Kid Button or Lace Shoes, sewn soles, patent tip, new last, extra special, \$1.25.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

WHEELING - LACROSSE - FOOT-BALL - TENNIS - YACHTING.

ATHLETICS.

P.A.A.A. ANNUAL MEETING. In accordance with the by-laws, a general meeting of the Point St. Charles Amateur Athletic Association will be held in the gymnasium on Monday evening next at 9 o'clock for the purpose of nominating directors for the ensuing year, to be elected at the annual meeting of the association, to be held on the following Monday evening, May 8, at eight o'clock.

CURLING.

ORMSTOWN AFFAIRS. At a meeting of the Ormstown Curling Club, held on Thursday night, April 20, the following officers were elected for the season of 1899-1900: Patron and Patroness—Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Mills.

BASEBALL.

Table with columns for National League Games, Philadelphia, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Washington, New York, Baltimore, Brooklyn, Indianapolis, Detroit, and other games.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

THE POINT CLUB. The first out-door practice of the Point St. Charles Football Club has been called for Saturday at 2:30 p.m., on the old ground, in Verdun. It is to be hoped that the present fine weather will prevail.

LACROSSE.

THE GAME AT SHERBROOKE. Sherbrooke, April 27.—At a meeting of the Sherbrooke Lacrosse Club last evening, Mr. T. J. Maguire was appointed captain, and D. McAllister assistant captain.

THE INTERMEDIATE LEAGUE.

A meeting of the Intermediate League, was held on Wednesday, April 26, at Meunier Hotel. The St. Ann's Lacrosse Club being represented, their delegates were given until Tuesday, May 2, to decide whether they would enter the Intermediate League or not.

LAWN TENNIS.

COTE ST. ANTOINE CLUB—ANNUAL MEETING. The annual general meeting of this club held Wednesday evening, April 26, at the Westmount, was presided over by Mr. J. B. Kerr, retiring president. It was very well attended. The new clay courts were reported as being ready and the treasurer's report showed a good balance in the club's favor.

McGILL CLUB.

The University lawn tennis courts will soon be open to the members once more, as by year they are able to take advantage of the two good clay courts built for the club last fall. The annual meeting was held last Friday evening, when the following officers were elected: Hon. president—Professor Capper.

YACHTING.

ROYAL ST. LAWRENCE YACHT CLUB. The club house will be opened on Saturday next, April 29. If weather is favorable and the lake free from ice some boating may possibly take place. There is nothing formal or definitely fixed, however, except that the club house will be opened.

WHEELING.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE C.W.A. HUSTLING. President Rubenstein, of the C.W.A., on Monday went to Three Rivers with a view to forming a new club in connection with the C.W.A., and he was successful.

which Mr. Rubenstein was asked to preside, and eventually the whole affair was left in the hands of Messrs. Alexander, Robitaille and Gouin, and in the course of another week or two a meeting will be held for the election of officers. About fifty cyclists signified their intention of joining the club and it is expected before the season closes to reach nearly two hundred. The racing track is going to be fixed up and next year the club intends making application for the Provincial Meet. Three Rivers can be easily reached by train or boat and would certainly be a good place to hold it.

OLIVER—MASTERMAN.

The marriage took place yesterday afternoon at the American Presbyterian Church of Dr. George W. Oliver and Miss Jessie Masterman, daughter of Mr. W. H. Masterman, of this city. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. T. S. McWilliams, pastor of the church. The bridesmaids were Miss Lillian Price and Miss Mabel Masterman, Mr. A. B. Rattray filling the position of groomsmen. The guests included, amongst others, Mr. and Mrs. Masterman, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Oliver, Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Lindsay, Miss Lindsay, Mr. and Mrs. Bowden, and Miss Bowden. At the conclusion of the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride's father, where the wedding breakfast also took place. Mr. and Mrs. Oliver left the same evening for New York on their wedding trip.

LOCKETT—McARTHUR.

A very pretty and quiet wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. N. D. McArthur, 391 Mance street, on the afternoon of April 27, when the Rev. A. J. Mowatt united in matrimony, their daughter Cassie, to Lawrence C. Lockett, of Kingston, Ont. The bride was attended by her cousin, Miss Lillie M. Newton, of Rutland, Vt., Miss Nettie Lockett, of Belleville, sister of the groom, and Miss Laura McArthur, her sister. The groom's attendant was Mr. E. W. Holton of Quincy, Ill. The bride was dressed in white silk organdie, over a white silk skirt, and her maids wore white also. They made a charming bridal party. The wedding presents were numerous and beautiful, and testified to the esteem in which Mr. and Mrs. Lockett are held. They left by the same evening's train for New York and a trip through the Eastern States.

THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.

Quebec, April 27.—W. H. Childs & Son, bakers, have assigned with \$5,413 of liabilities, and \$3,520 of assets. A local letter-carrier named L. W. Trepanier, was arrested yesterday on the complaint of the police authorities for the alleged stealing of a money letter. It seems that for some time past letters containing money had failed to reach their destinations in this city. Suspicion fell on Trepanier and a trap was set for him. A decoy letter containing three one-dollar bills and a twenty-five-cent piece, was mailed in the usual way with other matter for a St. Roch's firm and given to Trepanier to deliver. He delivered the other matter, but not the money letter. He was accordingly arrested, but neither the missing letter nor the marked money could be found on him or on his premises. His contention is that he must have lost the letter.

The ups and down of life are forcibly illustrated by the history of the Popen-Alford estates here. Once reputed to be worth millions, it has vanished and the last remnants of it are to be sold by the sheriff on Saturday next. A young man named Fournier, aged 24, was drowned a few days ago by breaking through the ice near Gaspé Basin. The Banque Nationale here has arranged to open a branch at Murray Bay on June 1. Most of the lake and up-river ice appears to have now passed out. At all events, the harbor was very clear to-day. The ice has not yet moved out of the Saguenay. The government steamer 'La Canadienne' left this morning to assist in laying down the buoys between Quebec and Montreal. A young man, belonging to a respectable French local family, was arrested today on a charge of stealing rubber coats from the Globe Rubber Company, in whose employ he was. A number of hotel-keepers are also implicated. It is said that over twenty-five coats were stolen and sold to these people for a mere trifle. A movement is said to have been started among the leading boot and shoe manufacturers here looking to the formation of a trust in their line with a view to freeing out the smaller fry, who have been rushing into the business of late years with little experience and less capital, and who have been ruining the trade by cutting prices down to unremunerative figures, with the result that they not only burst up themselves, but they cause great loss to the old and properly conducted houses. Two men named Lemoine and Vezina have been arrested for stealing large quantities of copper wire from the Bell Telephone Company here. It is believed that they have been carrying on their depredations for a long time and that they forwarded their booty to Montreal to be disposed of there.

CAME FROM OTTAWA.

Victor Rheume, alias Jos. Seguin, a young man of 21 who says he comes from Ottawa, was arrested at 12:30 on Wednesday night by Constable Green for breaking a plate glass window at 441 Wellington street a confectionery store occupied by Mr. McKenzie. It would appear that the glass which is valued at \$30 or \$40, was broken by a large stone having been thrown through it. The young man does not appear to be very intelligent, and he was remanded to give the authorities an opportunity to learn his antecedents.

RESULTS IN ARTS.

CORRECTED HONOR AND PASS LISTS.

Passed for the degree of B.A. (in honors), alphabetically arranged: Ernest McLaughlin, First rank—Brown, Walter G.; Ellis, R. Hugh; Finley, Kathleen E.; Henderson, Ernest H.; Holliday, Annie; Keith, Henry J.; MacLachlan, Guy W.; McLaughlin, Robert K.; Patch, Frank S.; Rice, Horace G.; Robertson, Lemuel; Scrimger, Anna M.; Walmsworth, Arnold. Second rank—Hardisty, Richard H. M.; King, Christina C.; King, Ernest; McDougall, Louise; McGill, Winifred; Potter, Lucy E.; Reid, Lena McK.; Thompson, J. E. Ordinary B.A. (in order of merit): Class I.—Scott, F. H. (1); Johnson, H.; Heene, W. B.; Macdonald, P. A. Class II.—Radford, Janet; Armstrong, C.; Cumming, W. G.; Hurst, I. M.; Lundie, J. A.; Brodie, M.; Jackson, Emma (3), equal; Holland, T. B.; Munroe, T. A., equal.

Admitted to the degree of B.A. ad eundem gradum—Oulton, Geo. Johnson. Bachelor of Arts proceeding to the degree of M.A. in course—Cameron, Susan Elizabeth; Hutchinson, Davina; Huetz, Homer M.; Lyman, Katherine T.; Robertson, John C. Admitted to the degree of D.Sc. ad eundem gradum—Nicolson, J. T., D.Sc. (E. B.). Admitted to the degree of LL.D. honoris causa—Douglas, Jas.; Harrington, Bernard J.; Ph.D. (Yate); Bishop, W. Gordon, B.A., Early English Text Society's prize; Meyer, J. B., B.A., the Neil Stewart prize.

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION.

Class I.—Sterns, H. Edgar; McEwen, John R.; Williams, Hy. S., equal; MacNaughton, Wm. G.; Dickson, Norval; Bennett, C. Winifred. Class II.—Barrington, Fred. H., Brown, Edwin O., Copman, Joseph Hodge, Copman, Wm. V., McLeod, Angus B., equal; Molson, Evelyn, Strong, Norman W., equal; Page, Harriet A., Smith, E. (1), equal; Donald, John Tessa, Fred. J., equal; Loohead, Arthur N.; Harper, Robt. J.; Radford, Isabel, equal; McPherson, Thomas. Class III.—Budden, Ellen M.; Reid, C. S. (1), equal; Brown, Albert David; Huetz, Robt. N.; Mitchell, Isiah E.; Fuller, Geo. D.; Lindsay, John E., equal; Moffatt, Chas. F.; Scrimger, Francis A. C.; Stephens, Laurence de K., equal; Boulter, Hy. Budden, Jessie M. (s); Charters, Herbert (s); Chipman, Warwick F. (s); Huxtable, Gertrude M. (s); Molson, Percival (s); Fraser, E. (1) (s); Nicholson, Wm. (1) (s). (s) With supplemental in one subject (arranged alphabetically). Graduating Class—B.A. honors in mathematics and natural history: McLaughlin, K.—First rank honors and Anne Molson gold medal. B.A. honors in classics: Robertson, Lemuel—First rank honors and Chapman gold medal. B.A. honors in geology, mineralogy and palaeontology: Holliday, Annie—First rank honors and Logan gold medal. B.A. honors in history: Huetz, Ernest—First rank honors and Logan prize. Ellis, R. Hugh—First rank honors. Reid, Lena McK.—Second rank honors. B.A. honors in mental and moral philosophy: Walmsworth, Arnold—First rank honors and Prince of Wales gold medal. Scrimger, Anna M.—First rank honors. MacLachlan, Guy W.—First rank honors. Brown, Walter G.—First rank honors. Keith, Henry J.—First rank honors. Laurie, Ernest—Second rank honors. Woodley, Edward—Second rank honors. McGill, I. Winifred—Second rank honors. Thompson, James E.—Second rank honors. B.A. honors in English language, literature and history: Patch, Frank S.—First rank honors and Shakespeare gold medal. McDougall, Louise—Second rank honors. Hardisty, Richard H. M.—Second rank honors. B.A. honors in biology—King, Christina C.—Second rank honors. Cotton, Chas. M.—First rank general standing and gold medal. B.A. honors in modern languages and history: Finley, Kathleen E.—First rank honors and Minto gold medal. B.A. honors in Semitic languages and literature: Rice, Horace G.—First rank honors.

THIRD YEAR.

Marcus, Belle—First rank honors in Natural science; first rank honors and prize in mental and moral philosophy. Radford, E. Allan—First rank honors in natural science; first rank honors in mathematics and natural philosophy; first rank general standing. Ferguson, Colin C.—First rank honors in classics; first rank general standing. MacLachlan, Guy W.—First rank honors in natural science; first rank general standing; prize in physics. Hardy, Charles A.—First rank honors and prize in mental and moral philosophy; first rank general standing; prize in Hebrew. Nutter, J. Appleton—First rank honors and prize in English language, literature and history; first rank general standing. Johnson, J. Guy W.—First rank honors in mathematics and natural philosophy. Willis, Samuel J.—First rank honors in classics; first rank general standing. Newson, William V.—First rank honors in natural science. McGregor, Claire R.—First rank honors in mental and moral philosophy; first rank honors in mental and moral philosophy. Cohen, Abraham—Second rank honors in mental and moral philosophy; first rank general standing. Rorke, Helen—Second rank honors in English language, literature and history. MacMillan, Guy W.—First rank honors in English language, literature and history. DeWitt, Jacob—Second rank honors in English language, literature and history. Jackson, E. Gertrude—Second rank honors in English language, literature and history. Elder, Robert—First rank general standing. Ritchie, Charles F.—Prize in French. Garlick, Edythe A.—Prize in Greek; prize in Latin. Muriel (B.A.)—(Graduate course)—First rank honors standing in English literature. Dover, M. V., B.A.—(Graduate course)—First rank honors standing in mineralogy. Passed the Sessional Examination: Cochran and Gerlick, equal; Dey, Nutter; Bider and Hardy and Johnson (G. J.), equal; Cook, equal; Ferguson, Row. Oll, Marcus; Leo and Woodley, equal; Crack; Crowell and Willis, equal; Grier and MacKinnon and McGregor, equal; Forbes and Jackson and Newson and Scott (G. W.) and Smith, equal; Cooke; Rorke and Winfield, equal; Holman, Ellis, Lundie, MacMil-

ADVERTISEMENTS.

...THE... Wheeling Season

Has now fairly started and we would like to draw your attention to our stock of Rigby Waterproof Cycling Suits, Sweaters and Hose, which we have a nice variety of and at very low prices.



Cycling Hose in Heather Mixtures and Plain colors, from 40c pair. Footless Cycling Hose, from 35c a pair. Men's All Wool Sweaters, in all colors, from \$1.00 each. Also a variety of Boys' Sweaters and Hose very cheap.

RIGBY WATERPROOF CYCLING SUITS.

These are made by H. SHOREY & CO., who have had 40 years experience in making clothing, and are up-to-date in every particular. All this season's Tweed Effects at \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.50 up to \$9.00. Before placing your order, call and have a look at our assortment.

We Are Always Pleased to Show Them.

JOHN W. REID & CO., The Hatters and Hosiers, 2095 ST. CATHERINE ST., SECOND DOOR WEST OF BLEURY STREET.

P.S.—If you need anything in the Furnishing line, from a collar button to a rain-coat, we can supply you at the RIGHT PRICE.

CURTAIN CLEANING.

This is the busy month for Cleaning Curtains. Everybody likes to be in ship-shape before the May blossoms show themselves. The finest and most delicate Lace Curtains are cleaned here in perfect manner.

R. PARKER & CO., Dyers & Cleaners, 1958 Notre Dame St., Montreal, Que.

(k) Munn (W. Clement), Quebec High School. (l) Smith (Miriam G.), Morrisburg College Inst. (m) Warriner (J. Eva), M.G.H.S., and private tuition. (n) Jack (Milton), Montreal Collegiate Inst. (o) Annual value, \$125—Founder, W. C. McDonald, Esq. (p) Annual value, \$125—Donor, Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal. (q) Annual value, \$100. (r) Annual value, \$100—Founder, Barbara Scott. (s) Annual value, \$90—Founder, Charles Alexander, Esq. (t) Annual value, \$90. (u) Annual value, \$125—Donor, George Hague, Esq. (v) Annual value, \$100—Founder, Major Hiram Mills. (w) Annual value, \$200. (x) Annual value, \$120—Donor, Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal. (y) Annual value, \$90—Founder, Mrs. Jan Bedpath. (z) Sir William Dawson exhibition and \$30.

JUDGEMENT REVERSED.

AN INTERESTING INSURANCE CASE. The Court of Appeal yesterday morning reversed the judgment of the Superior Court in the case of Gooley vs. the Standard and Sherbrooke Fire Insurance Company. The plaintiff claimed the amount of insurance on a hotel sold by him to one Mrs. Bourque, but upon which he held a mortgage. Gooley had signed the premium note with the purchaser and the insurance had been made payable to him. However, the creditors of Mrs. Bourque's husband having obtained a judgment annulling the sale of the hotel to Gooley, on the ground that the money paid on it belonged to Mrs. Bourque, the insurance company wrote to the lady informing her of the cancellation of the policy, but before the latter reached its destination the hotel was destroyed by fire. The company resisted Gooley's claim under these circumstances, and hence the present action. The court below held that Gooley was entitled to recover the insurance money, but the Court of Appeal reversed that judgment and dismissed the action on the ground that Mrs. Bourque could not transfer to Gooley rights which she did not possess herself.

AWARD OF SCHOLARSHIPS, EXHIBITIONS AND PRIZES, SEPT., 1898.

I.—Fourth Year—Anne Molson mathematical prize—McClung (Robert K.). II.—Third Year—Scholarships (tenable for two years) and exhibitions (tenable for one year). Mechanical—Radford (E. Alan), schoirship (a); Dey (M. Helena), scholarship (b); Johnson (J. Guy W.), exhibition (c); Brooks (B.), exhibition (c). Natural Science—Cochran (Donald), scholarship (a); Woodley (E. C.), exhibition (g). Classical and Modern Languages—Ferguson (Colin C.), scholarship (e); Nutter (J. Appleton), scholarship (f); Willis (Sam. J.) exhibition (p). III.—Second Year—Exhibitions (tenable for one year). (a) Sterns (H. Edgar), Prince of Wales College, P.E.I. (b) McEwen (John R.), Huntingdon Academy, P.E.I. (c) Brown (Edwin O.), Prince of Wales College, P.E.I. (d) Copman (Joseph Hodge), Quebec H. School. IV.—First Year—Exhibitions (tenable for one year). (a) Muir (Kenneth C.), Huntingdon Academy.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.—Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that it is proposed to construct the above mentioned sewers during the present season, and proprietors in the said streets or sections of streets may avail themselves of the opportunity to have connections of vitrified tile pipes three feet in length located in the position they want for each cadastral lot, having a frontage on the street where the said public sewer is being constructed in conformity with section 3 of By-law No. 25, to amend by-law No. 191, concerning sewers; and proprietors in the said streets or sections of streets who fail to make such application will have a connection three feet in length located by the City Surveyor and built for each cadastral lot. The proprietors will be at liberty to build their own private drains, but only after having obtained the necessary permit from the City Surveyor. Proprietors who may have claims for an existing brick or tile pipe sewer in said streets or sections of streets, are hereby notified that such claims must be filed with the City Surveyor within two months after the completion of the new sewers or sections of sewers.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

BIRKS, CORNER & CO., Wholesale Grocers have removed their Office and Warehouse to 25 COMMISSIONERS STREET, Corner St. Francois Xavier street.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

HALL, CROSS, BROWN, SHARP & COOK, Advocates, will on the 1st May remove to the LONDON EXCHANGE LIFE BUILDING, No. 154 St. James street.

CENTS FOR SALE.

Apply at 'Witness' Office.

## THE FIGHTING IN SAMOA.

## Further Details of the Battle at Vaialasa.

## FEELING GROWING AMONG THE NATIVES IN FAVOR OF ANNEXATION.

Auckland, N.Z., April 27.—Particulars of the fighting in Samoa, contained in the advices received here from Apia under date of April 18, show that the battle between the friendly natives and the rebels took place at Vaialasa and that the latter lost a hundred men in killed and wounded.

Further details of the deaths of Mr. J. R. Monaghan, engineer of the United States cruiser 'Philadelphia,' and Lieut. P. V. Lansdale, of the same vessel, have been received. They show that Monaghan was beheaded before he was dead. A deserter from Mataafa's forces says: Monaghan and Lansdale were retreating when they were discovered by a chief and his wife who were looking for dead men. They gave the alarm and Monaghan was shot while continuing the retreat. Later it appears the rebels returned and killed Lansdale. Monaghan fought until he was wounded and he was then beheaded. The doctor's examination of the remains confirm the statements made. Sutele, the principal rebel chief, ran away and told his people a hundred British had been killed. Mataafa deserts assert that the Germans sent cartridges, in bags of rice and sugar, along the coast in December.

Admiral Kautz, it is asserted in the advices received, fired a blank shot on April 18, across the bows of a German schooner which was leaving Apia without reporting.

The friendly natives, under the command of Lieut. R. A. Gaunt, of the British third-class cruiser 'Porpoise,' was attacked on April 12, from the French mission station at Falea. One of his men was wounded. The rebels were eventually routed with the loss of four men killed.

The Tamasee lines were extended on April 13 to the Vaialasa battlefield. Mataafa attacked the friendlies and Gaunt's brigade joined in the engagement and fought well. Four bodies of slain rebels were recovered. Three others were dragged away. One friendly was killed and beheaded and one was wounded. The rebels had a German flag flying from the forts.

About two thousand women and children have sought refuge at the Maui station of the London Missionary Society.

The rebels are seizing the traders' rifles, cartridges, etc., and the traders are fleeing to Apia. Business is at a standstill and a strong land force is urgently needed.

Von Bulow, formerly a lieutenant in the German army, and the man who organized the forces of Mataafa here, armed with a sword, gun and cartridges, proceeded to Savaii with thirteen boats and four hundred rebels, and the German warship 'Falke' sailed on a secret mission with Herr Rose, the German consul, on board. Captain Leslie C. Stuart, commander of the British third-class cruiser 'Tauranga,' in the absence of Admiral Kautz, who was coaling the 'Philadelphia' at Pago-Pago, wrote to the German consul urging him to secure Von Bulow, and the next day the 'Falke' returned with Von Bulow on board.

The offer of New Zealand to send troops to Samoa caused enthusiasm at Apia. The inhabitants are also unanimous in the belief that the treaty is a failure, and there is a strong feeling in favor of annexation. Prominent American citizens and British subjects say German annexation is preferable to the triple control and that unless Mataafa is subdued another war is inevitable within a year. The British third-class cruiser 'Porpoise' is still engaged in punitive cruises.

On April 15 a battle was fought at a point fifteen miles eastward of Apia. About two hundred rebels attacked a Gaunt landing party, consisting of about a hundred men. The latter were subjected to a hot fire and retreated to the shelving beach, where they defended themselves bravely for a time and afterwards swam off to their boats under a heavy fire.

## GRAND TRUNK CHANGES.

Toronto, April 28.—Mr. McGuigan, General Superintendent of the Grand Trunk Railway, and Messrs. Jones and Tiffin, superintendents, met in the office of the middle superintendent to-day, when Mr. E. H. Fitzlugh, general manager of the Central Vermont, handed over to his successor, Mr. Jones, the cares of his office.

Mr. McGuigan, in speaking about the improvements on the line between Toronto and Montreal, said there would be something done towards double-tracking by connecting short distances. It is expected that during the summer the management will lay about 300 miles of steel rails.

## RUDYARD KIPLING'S PLANS.

New York, April 27.—Rudyard Kipling is to sail for England on May 24, and has already engaged passage on the steamer 'Cymric,' of the White Star line. His rooms at Lakewood, N.J., have been taken until May 7, and after that date it is understood that he will be entertained by friends on Long Island.

## KILLED ON THE TRACK.

Brantford, Ont., April 27.—Mr. Noble Montgomery, aged about seventy-seven, an old and highly respected citizen, was killed this afternoon on the G. T. R. track near the Colborne street station. Deceased had occasion to cross the track at the time a yard engine was shunting cars and the running cars struck him, knocking him down, crushing and killing him almost instantly. He leaves a widow and four daughters and one son, all grown up.

## THE DREYFUS CASE.

## ALLEGED THAT A DOCUMENT EXISTS WHICH PROVES HIM INNOCENT.

Paris, April 28.—Much excitement has followed the publication by the 'Figaro' of the supplemental deposition made before the United Chambers of the Court of Cassation by M. Paleologue, one of the permanent officials of the Foreign Office, whose evidence establishes a new forgery. The 'Soir,' an anti-Dreyfus organ, violently attacks the Minister for Foreign Affairs, M. Delcasse, under whose orders M. Paleologue's second deposition was made. It charges M. Delcasse with giving the 'Figaro' the evidence offered before the court, particularly that of M. Paleologue, declaring that 'nobody else could have had any interest in making it public.'

A rumor circulated early last evening that Colonel du Paty de Clam had been arrested, turns out to be untrue, but it is understood that at his own request he will be examined to-morrow. The 'Temps' will announce to-day that the Court of Cassation has applied to the Minister for the Colonies, M. Georges Guillain, to deliver the document which was found in French Guiana in 1897, among other Dreyfus documents, and sent to the Colonial Office under the strictest precautions. It is alleged that this document absolutely proves the innocence of Dreyfus.

## KAUTZ ADMONISHED.

## TOLD TO BE MORE CAREFUL IN LETTER-WRITING IN FUTURE.

Washington, D.C., April 27.—It has been felt proper to admonish Admiral Kautz to be more careful both in writing such letters as that published yesterday from Cincinnati, and guarding his letters from publicity, and a letter of that character was addressed to him yesterday.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 27.—An authentic statement was made this afternoon, after his arrival in the city, that President McKinley had no intention of removing Captain Coghlan from the command of the United States cruiser 'Raleigh.' It was also learned from the same authentic source that the admiration held by the President for Captain Coghlan's participation with Admiral Dewey in the destruction of the Spanish at Manila completely overshadows any desire on his part to administer rebuke to the 'Raleigh's' gallant commander for his German references.

## BRITAIN'S NAVAL POWER.

## TOO GREAT TO BE WITHSTOOD.

The Russian paper 'Novoe Vremya,' of St. Petersburg, in a recent article upon the political situation, said:—'The consciousness of the real superiority of Great Britain's naval power will certainly prevent the great European powers from taking isolated action to check her encroachments in different parts of the world, and as for common action nobody evidently dreams of it.'

## LIVERPOOL MAIL SERVICE.

## CRITICISMS ANSWERED IN THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

London, April 28.—In the House of Commons yesterday, replying to questions criticising the Liverpool mail service, and especially answering a question relative to the despatch of mails by the White Star line freight steamer 'Cymric' on April 12, which, it is pointed out, arrived in New York three days after the delivery of mails which left Southampton the same day, Mr. Henry Torrns Anstruther, a junior lord of the treasury, explained that the 'Cymric' was merely substituted for the 'Germanic,' of the same line. The fast foreign mail steamers leaving Southampton on the same day as the British mail steamers leave Liverpool generally reached New York first. Continuing, Mr. Anstruther said it should be remembered that correspondence carried from Queenstown included letters posted practically a day later than those taken from Southampton. Besides, by specially directing letters, the senders could have them forwarded by any steamer.

## CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATE CHOSEN.

Waterloo, Ont., April 27.—The Conservatives of North Waterloo met in convention here this afternoon and nominated Dr. Lackner as their candidate to contest the riding in the coming provincial by-election.



THE FREEDOM OF THE CITY OF MONTREAL.

## THE COLOR LINE.

## QUESTION WAS A PROMINENT ONE AT YESTERDAY'S SESSION OF THE INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION.

Atlanta, Ga., April 27.—The race question was a disturbing feature of the morning session of the International Sunday-school convention. It made its appearance in two ways—the endeavor of Georgia and South Carolina negroes to place colored men on the committee on nominations with the whites and by the reason of the fact that the convention in permitting negro delegates to be seated with the whites is violating not only a city ordinance, but a state law, which requires that the whites and blacks be separated in all public gatherings. The police called the attention of Colonel, Asa C. Candler, chairman of the entertainment committee, to the matter, but after a discussion, it was decided to let the delegates sit as they wished.

The naming of the nominating committee precipitated trouble between the blacks and whites. Mr. Nell, of Washington, a colored delegate, made an impassioned plea, asking the delegates not to turn their backs on the black man. Mr. W. S. Witham, who was supported by the whites, was, however, given a seat as a representative from Georgia. The Hon. Hoke Smith was unanimously elected president. The Canadian delegates made a strong argument in favor of Toronto as the place for holding the next convention.

## TWO MORE OUTRAGES.

Leesburg, Ga., April 27.—The body of Mitchell Daniel, a negro, was found in the road near here to-day, riddled with bullets. The man who came in to notify the coroner said he did not know who killed Daniel, but he had heard the shooting at three o'clock this morning.

Daniel and other negroes had recently made inflammatory speeches against a family named Laramore, and others, charging them with complicity in a lynching near here some time ago.

Three negroes, about a week ago, tried to force an entrance into the room occupied by Mrs. Wm. Laramore. Her screams brought help, and the parties ran but dogs trailed them home. Daniel was supposed to be implicated in this affair. Following this outrage the Laramore house was fired into a few days ago.

Montgomery, Ala., April 27.—To-day, in Perry County, this State, Will Milen, a white road-overseer, was shot and killed by three negroes.

## MR. ROBERT GOELET DEAD.

New York, April 27.—Mr. Robert Goelet died in Naples, Italy, to-day. He had been on a yachting cruise. Mrs. George Henry Warren, Mr. Goelet's mother-in-law, received a cablegram to-night with the simple statement, 'Robert died here to-day.' The cablegram was dated Naples. His brother, Mr. Ogden Goelet, died aboard his yacht in the English Channel in 1897.

## CORNWALL BRIDGE CASE.

Toronto, April 27.—The case of Murphy vs. the Phoenix Bridge Company, now in the courts at Osgoode Hall, is an example of the complications of litigation. The plaintiff is the widow of one of the victims of the Cornwall bridge disaster, and she is suing the company for \$10,000 damage. The writ was served on Mr. Kelly, cashier of the company, but the latter body sought to have the service set aside on the ground that Kelly was not an agent for the company. The Master-in-Chambers refused their request and the company appealed to Chief Justice Meredith, who upset the Master's decision. The plaintiff further appealed to the Divisional Court, which reversed the Chief Justice's judgment. The company has now secured permission from Mr. Justice Moss to appeal to the Court of Appeal. Thus the highest court in the Province has been reached without the merits of the case being touched upon at all.

## BRITISH EMBASSY AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, D.C., April 27.—Mr. Reginald Tower, British charge d'affaires during the absence of Sir Julian Pauncefote, arrived here to-day, and later called on Secretary Hay and assumed charge of affairs. Mr. Tower recently left here on six months' leave, but after spending ten days in London, the death of Mr. Bland, the first secretary of the embassy staff, and the despatch of Mr. Elliot, the second secretary to Samoa, and the departure of the ambassador to The Hague, compelled the hurried return of Mr. Tower. His long service here gives him thorough familiarity with all pending questions. He comes back without special instructions, however, on any of the subjects which have engaged attention of late.

## THE FLOOR GAVE WAY.

York, Pa., April 27.—While a sheriff's sale was in progress on the second floor of Mr. J. F. Snyder's implement warehouse at Goldsboro, this county, to-day, the floor gave way and about a hundred men fell to the floor below. A quantity of machinery fell on the men and pinned some of them fast. Twenty-three were slightly injured, and several had limbs broken. John Fetrow, a farmer, had both legs broken, and was otherwise injured, and is still unconscious. It is thought he will die.

## DEATH OF MADAME PAUR.

New York, April 28.—Madame Paur, the wife of Emil Paur, the conductor of the Philharmonic Society, died yesterday, after an illness of six months. Madame Paur was born in Gengenbach, Baden, in 1860. She came to this country six years ago, residing in Boston until last fall, when she moved with her husband to this city. Madame Paur was herself a noted pianist, and had appeared in this and other eastern cities. Her husband, who was to be in Montreal with his orchestra to-night, arrived here only a few minutes before his wife died.

## STAMPEDE FROM DAWSON.

Victoria, B.C., April 27.—The steamer 'Cottage City' brings news of a stampede from Dawson and adjacent mines to Forty Mile. So great was the excitement caused by the reports of rich findings that 800 started for the place in three days. Pans taken at Jack Wade Creek averaged from \$15 to \$18. The trails are breaking up, and no more miners are expected in until navigation opens.

Windsor, Ont., April 28.—The Peninsula Gold Mining Company's expedition which left Leamington for the Klondike a year ago, intending to make its way overland by way of Edmonton, N.W.T., has struck hard luck, and is in desperate straits. A letter just received from Dr. Burke, of Blenheim, who is in command of the party since Major Johnson, of Leamington, returned home, says that unless money or provisions reach the party within a few weeks they will be in danger of starvation.

## A COMBINE EFFECTED.

New York, April 27.—The Amalgamated Copper Company, a combine of a number of the principal copper concerns in the country, effected an organization in Jersey City to-day. The capitalization is \$75,000,000. The following officers were elected: Mr. Marcus Daly, president; Mr. Henry H. Rogers, vice-president; Mr. William Rockefeller, secretary and treasurer. Messrs. Rogers, Rockefeller and Burrage were elected members of the executive committee.

Boston, Mass., April 27.—A trust to control the manufacture of horseshoes in this country, originating in Boston, is in process of formation. The capital stock of the new trust has been fixed at \$7,000,000.

## CHARGES AGAINST A MAGISTRATE.

Delhi, Ont., April 28.—The investigation into the charges against Police Magistrate Griffin regarding the performance of the duties of his office was held at Delhi on April 25. The charges were preferred by Mr. James Leadbeater at the instance of Constable Vanderburg, who has been working up the case against the magistrate for several months past, and were about fifteen in number. The commissioner will report the result of his inquiries and investigation to the government.

## A DIVORCE GRANTED.

New York, April 27.—Mrs. Justin Huntley McCarthy, better known by her stage name, Cissie Loftus, was to-day granted a decree of absolute divorce from her husband, the former member of parliament, and the son of the famous Irish leader.

## MARRIED A CHINAMAN.

London, April 28.—Tseng-Chao-Kung, attached to the Chinese legation, in London, was married very quietly in St. Andrew's Church, Wells street, yesterday, to Miss Mabel Murray Burnett, daughter of Mr. Murray Burnett, and great-granddaughter of Lord James Murray.

## ONTARIO IRISH LIBERALS.

## ROMAN CATHOLIC SECTION WANTS BETTER CABINET REPRESENTATION.

Toronto, April 27.—Irish Catholic Liberal leaders, who are organizing the movement for a convention, met to-day and passed the following resolutions:—

'Whereas, it has been recognized by the Dominion and provincial governments that the Catholic people of Ontario are entitled to fair representation in their respective cabinets, and, whereas, it is desirable, both in the interests of Catholic people and of the Liberal party, that such representation should be the best obtainable; and,

'Whereas, the principle of representation having been conceded it follows that such representation should be the choice of the Catholic electorate of Ontario. Now, therefore, be it

'Resolved, that a convention of Catholic Liberals of Ontario be called to consider their representation in the Dominion and provincial cabinets.'

In pursuance of this resolution an executive committee of twelve was appointed to arrange for the convention. It was subsequently decided to hold a provincial convention in Toronto on May 23, the place and hour to be fixed later. The following officers were appointed by the committee: Chairman, Mr. William Burns; vice-chairman, Mr. W. T. Kernahan; hon. secretaries, Messrs. W. T. J. Lee and Thomas Mulvey; hon. treasurer, Dr. T. F. McMahon.

The following statement is authorized as to the objects of the convention:—Delegates to the number of ten are invited from each riding in the province; the convention is to have an equal representation from all parts of the province, and will meet with no preconceived ideas as to who should be the representatives of the Catholics of Ontario except that the principle on which representation should be based ought to be that laid down in the resolution above mentioned.

The special object aimed at by the Irish Catholic leaders is believed to be the presence of their Cabinet representative in the House of Commons.

## BENEVOLENT SOCIETIES.

## GOVERNMENT TO BE ASKED TO DEFER ITS PROPOSED ACTION.

Toronto, April 28.—Mr. Fielding's new bill regarding benevolent societies was pretty thoroughly discussed last evening by the Fraternal Association, which opened its annual session here yesterday. The association was divided in opinion on the bill, but was agreed on the advisability of petitioning the government to have the bill laid over until it could be brought before the annual meetings of the grand lodges of the societies interested.

## A MUCH WANTED MAN.

Windsor, Ont., April 28.—W. P. Scarfe, a Brantford man now in jail here charged with obtaining money from the landlord of the British American Hotel by false pretences, may have a cell awaiting him at Kingston after he gets through with Windsor. Word has been received from Montreal that in case the charges against Scarfe here are settled to have him re-arrested immediately, as he is badly wanted in Montreal. Several Toronto parties are anxious to get hold of Scarfe for alleged forgeries committed there.

## SWINDLERS SEVERELY PUNISHED.

Rock Rapids, Iowa, April 28.—Robert King, hotelkeeper, of Paisley, Ont., and A. J. Conover, ex-hotelkeeper of Wingham, Ont., were yesterday sentenced to long terms of imprisonment in the Iowa penitentiary for swindling the First National Bank of Rock Rapids by means of forged drafts. King was given seven years, Conover three years for forgery and seven years for uttering forged paper. Conover also gets four years additional imprisonment for violating the condition of an old pardon, making 14 years in all.

## MANITOBA POLITICS.

Winnipeg, April 28.—A largely attended Conservative convention for South Brandon, was held last evening, at Nesbitt, at which Mr. G. R. Caldwell was unanimously chosen as a candidate to contest the riding in the interest of Liberal-Conservatives in the coming election.

The Conservatives of Lakeside met at Portage La Prairie on Saturday to nominate a candidate. The names of Mr. T. A. Newman, of Portage La Prairie, and John Dilworth, of High Bluff, are mentioned in connection with the nomination.

## AMERICAN TENDER REJECTED.

London, April 28.—It is stated that an American tender for forty thousand tons of steel rails for Mr. Rhodes's African Railway has not been accepted owing to a formal irregularity.

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