



ment pending in the Quarter Sessions. It was equally evident that these strong expressions had been drawn out by the questions of the Counsel acting for the Plaintiff in the present action. The Defendant said that he would not believe Plaintiff on his oath, and he would explain his reasons, he expressed himself strongly as some of the witnesses were with a good deal of warmth. But there was nothing in this to show any of the animus of slander. For his own part, he believed that in no case could a witness be held for damages for slander uttered in the course of giving his evidence in Court of Justice. For if he were falsely, his crime was perjury; if he combined with others to take away the character of his neighbour, it was conspiracy; but unless the offence was brought within the criminal law, the witness was protected. That appeared to be the settled doctrine, not only of this country, but also of those from which Canada derived her jurisprudence. Bacon's abridgement verba; Slender, 234; Cenny's Digest; Northwick on Slander; Dalrymple Diet verba; No. 28.

able to meet the claims of all the depositors in full, and therefore that it could not pay some in full without depriving the rest of their rights. No doubt the Savings Bank, under the general law of Banks and co-partnerships was an anomalous institution; but a little reflection would convince all professional men, that its trustees were only mandataires (agents) of the whole body of depositors jointly. The fund had no existence, except as it was created from them. Then it is evident that the liability assumed was not a personal liability; but one which attached to them as the managers for the depositors. They were bound to pay each depositor in full, if they could do so; if not, to render an account, so that each might be paid equally. It could never be contended that they would be justified in paying to one the full amount of his claim, at the expense of the rest. If the conclusions of the Defendant had admitted of it, the Court would have ordered an account, which was what the Plaintiff was liable for to the Defendant; but they could not do so under the pleadings. The judgment must therefore be for the Plaintiff.

QUEBEC, 20th JAN., 1851.

We inserted in our last issue a communication on the subject of the recent sale of Corporation debentures, by the water committee of the council, which, it appears, brought up the matter in that body on Friday night, and will, we trust, lead to still further enquiries. From all that we have been able to learn on the subject, we are satisfied that the sale of these debentures was one of the worst transactions ever perpetrated, even in those nests of corruption, — civic corporations. In the first place, the water committee had no authority from the council to issue any debentures at all. The only mention of the matter in the proceedings of the corporation is the statement that not more than £10,000 would be necessary during the winter to carry on the work. In the second place, we do not know whether it is the practice in the Quebec corporation to permit one of its sub-committees to expend money without submitting their plans to the committee of Finance; but we know that it is not the course followed in any other corporation of which we ever heard. In the third place, we are told that it is the statement of the manager of the water works himself, that only a few hundred pounds will be required during the winter to carry on the work. It follows, as a matter of course, that the committee have borrowed more than enough, expending "a few" to mean five hundred which, we may suppose, he deposited in the bank, who will pay three per cent for its use, while the city is paying seven. In the fourth place, the rate of interest is too high. The act of parliament allows seven per cent to be paid without any breach of the usury laws, in case it should be impossible to get the money lower, and the committee, excellent business men, did not enquire whether it could be had for less, but gave the highest at once. But we are informed that though the committee did not enquire, yet one of their members was informed that the Savings Bank had loaned £100,000 pounds lying by, for which they could not find a borrower, and that the committee might have at six per cent. We are told that the member answered that the committee had plenty of offers at six per cent; — yet they afterwards borrowed at seven. — By this little transaction, the city has lost the sum of £460, to which sum the additional one per cent on £2,300 for twenty years will amount. It is a good round sum to lose, but if the water committee continues its labours, there is no saying to what the extra interest may amount. The works, it is said, will cost £100,000, all to be borrowed, and it is a simple rule of three question. If on £2,300 we pay £460 more than we ought, what will we pay on £100,000. In the fifth place, the dearest part of the cash the money was not borrowed after the public duty given, but the loan was privately divided among the friends of the members of the committee, the manager of the works being actually a participant. It was distributed as follows, we believe: —

Captain Rhodes.....£1000  
Miss Giroux.....400  
Mr. Thomas Lloyd.....300  
£1300

Let us see how all this looks, stripped of the technicalities connected with the statement. The Water Committee, in order to benefit the friends of some of the members, issued debentures, without leave from the Council, or from the Finance Committee, at a higher rate of interest than they were required to give. We know what this conduct might be called, and we sincerely regret that men so generally esteemed as the members of the Water Committee, should have allowed themselves to sanction it. We trust that these really innocent participants in it, will exculpate themselves, and cast the onus on the guilty. We are sorry to say that no such disposition was shewn on Friday night; the members appeared determined to brave the matter out. It is true that Mr. Lloyd made a lot of inquiring into the matter by moving that the Water Committee report on the affair. This is a mere bluff, designed to conceal the facts. The idea of setting the wrong doers to enquire into the wrong is utterly absurd; we wonder that the council should have allowed such a piece of foolery to pass. The finance committee were the proper parties to enquire into the matter, and we hope it will yet be submitted to them. The members of the Committee gave no explanations, but met the attack of one member, Mr. Lampron, by asserting that he had asked too much for a lot of land, on which to place the works. Mr. Lampron setting too high a value on his land, a very common practice on the part of proprietors, by the bye, would not alter the complexion of the other transaction, even if it were true, which was by no means proven. It was said, also, that an agitation on the subject would damage the prospects of the work. We do not understand how such an effect could be produced by a rigid examination into corruption and mismanagement, but we can very easily understand that it might readily follow from suffering them to go uninvestigated. The fact that a gross job had been perpetrated at the very outset, and that it was not even enquired into, would be sufficient to condemn the best scheme.

We have given a communication on the subject in another column, which we received since our article was put in type. We give below another report from the Committee of the Quebec Bar. We learn that since this report was adopted the Bar have come to the determination to absent themselves from Court till the question of the legality of the tariff is decided in the Court of Appeals. As this Court does not sit again till April it follows that there will be a total suspension of legal business for three months longer. We need hardly say that we deeply regret this new step which the Bar has taken. We believe it will be the cause of pecuniary loss to ourselves, and of irreparable injury to their clients. It will, too, have little doubt, rather retard than advance the cause which they have in hand. It is said that the Judges will be intimidated by the resolution and will be ready to come to terms of compromise, but we can see no likelihood of such an event. If the Judges were at all disposed to give way, (of their views of the matter we know nothing,) a threatening movement of the kind would have the effect of confirming them in their former opinion. It would in fact be wrong in them to yield to such intimidation as this, setting aside the personal feeling altogether. If they had felt themselves in the wrong, the Judges would have given way ere now; if their judgments tell them they are in the right, they ought to adhere to their selected course, if the Bar stayed away for three years instead of three months. This refusal of the bar to execute their client's business, will undoubtedly lead to an inquiry into the strict monopoly which is maintained by the legal profession. At one time in Great Britain, and some places on the continent and in the East at the present time, all trades, common and uncommon, learned and unlearned, were under similar regulations to those of our legal and medical bodies. Before being allowed to work at his trade, each man was compelled to serve some years to a master of the craft, to pay such and such fees, and sometimes to pass an examination as to his qualifications. In process of time, in England and her dependencies these rules were abolished in all the ordinary trades, and people were allowed to employ a good workman wherever they could find him, even if he had not served a long apprenticeship, or paid large fees to support the officers of a guild; but the two professions of law and medicine were made special exceptions to their monopoly, and still retained. Whether this was wisely done, we do not intend to decide; we merely wish to point out that no one could set up a defence for its preservation if there was a failure in the supply of legal or medical skill. If the public were well served by the monopoly, there will be few to grumble; but, if they are ill supplied, all will rebel. The bar has struck for wages, and the public cannot employ others to execute their business for them. If they were carpenters or masons, they would be able to do so, but not lawyers. It is absurd that the entire legal business of the country should be at the mercy of a few individuals, that in a moment of passion, they have it in their power to stop all the collection of debts, all redress of civil wrongs, and the execution of the criminal law, for if the bar has the right to absent themselves from the civil courts, they have a right to withdraw from the criminal courts also. We contend that when the public give the bar exclusive privileges, that they have a right to demand, in return, the prompt execution of their business.

Your Committee begs to cite *Poullier* upon this subject, who is of opinion, that provisions such as those contained in the above enactment, are important, dictated by profound wisdom, and in the end compel the Judges to vote separately upon each of the questions; to explain and put an end to the difficulties and opposition which may arise among them upon points of law and fact, in no word to make them agree upon the matters submitted for their decision. It is said, and is so, that in the presentations of the parties, the points conceded from these contested, and in the latter those questions of fact and law which really form the subject matter in dispute, the Judges confine themselves to a consideration of the case in block; instead of resolving the points in dispute, they but see and examine into the sole question — is the action well founded — and if they believe that they agree, from having come to this conclusion unanimously, they are liable to fall into error. For, however simple the case may be, it may, with probability, be asserted that *tertium quid*, each judge has seen and decided a different point; that their apparent unanimity covers, in reality adverse opinions, and it is even possible that the judgment is rendered against the opinion of the majority.

Your Committee has to observe that the obligation to assign in the judgments the reasons upon which they are based, is not peculiar to the legislation of Canada, but a similar law prevails in France, Louisiana, in Scotland, and in almost every other country upon the continent of Europe. Your Committee is convinced that the injunction of the law in this matter is of the first importance in the administration of justice; that it is necessary for the re-establishing of confidence in the tribunals of this Province, which is far from existing, by compelling the judges faithfully to submit to restrictions imposed upon the arbitrary and discretionary powers of judicial functions, the necessity for which is felt to be so urgent, that your Committee believe it to be the especial duty of the Bar, to avail themselves of all means possible to attain this end, and not to relax their exertions until they shall have attained this object. Your Committee has, therefore, to submit for adoption the following resolutions: —

Resolved, — That this Bar have seen with regret that the Judges of the Superior Court, sitting at Quebec, have wilfully disobeyed the enactment above stated, by which the execution of the important duties of their office is regulated. Resolved, — That this Bar considers the injunction imposed by law in this particular, so essential and efficacious in the administration of justice, that they would be wanting in duty towards the public, if they longer abstained from adopting the necessary steps before the Legislature to compel its observance. Resolved, — That the members of the Bar, who are members of the Legislature, be requested to move, at the next session of the Legislature, for a return of all the judgments rendered by the Superior Court at Quebec, in order that an open exposure may be made before the whole Province, of the manner in which the judges of the Superior Court at Quebec, have discharged their duty, and that such ulterior proceedings may be had as may become necessary.

The whole nevertheless respectfully submitted. (Signed) ED. CARON, G. O'KILL STUART, J. CHAPMAN, A. STREET, DUNBAR ROSS, C. ALLEN, R. CHAMBERS, P. BARRIS, J. O. CHAUVEAU.

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ABOLITION OF THE LASH — ITS EFFECT. — A letter to the editor of the *Norfolk Herald*, from a correspondent on board the U. S. Ship St. Mary's, dated Punalu, Nov. 14th, says, "It will be recollected that this ship was the first that sailed from the United States under the new act, abolishing the inhuman practice of flogging in our national vessels. — Thus far our crew have shown that seamen are capable of being better governed by kindness than by the degrading severity of the old law, as not more than two or three cases of violation of discipline have been reported to Captain McGruder, since the ship has been in commission."

RAILROADS IN THE UNITED STATES. — The total number of miles of railroad in operation in the United States, at the beginning of the present year, was 8737, which cost to build them, \$28,455,078. In New York, the number of miles of railroad in operation is 1402, at a cost of \$56,202,069. Pennsylvania, 917 miles, at a cost of \$35,401,035. New Jersey, 259 miles, costing \$8,225,000. In all the New England States there were 2644 miles, costing \$96,946,450.

The total amount of California gold received at Southampton during the past year was near \$3 millions.

British Brothers have admitted as a partner Mr. Russell Sturgis, formerly of Canton.

FRANCE. — The accounts from Paris are to the effect that the Emperor has been excited among the political circles, by a disagreement between the Emperor and the government. The French funds had declined in consequence.

Belgium. — From Brussels we learn that the Belgian government has officially promulgated a law, relative to the discontinuance of gold coinage, the currency of which has put an end to the extent of 14,546,000 francs.

Hesse Cassel. — The news from the continent is not of much importance. The elector of Hesse returned to his capital on the 17th December. He was received with great indifference on the part of the people.

The Dresden conferences were in progress, but the chief business done had been merely of a preliminary nature.

Austria. — We learn that an army of about 150,000 men was about to march into the Duchy, accompanied by a Prussian force of the same strength.

Holstein. — There was no chance of a pacific settlement of the Schleswig-Holstein question.

The new commander-in-chief of the Holstein army had resigned.

The native custom-house officials in Russian Poland, were to be dismissed and replaced by Russians. Other measures for completely Russifying the Polish provinces were being pressed forward with the utmost vigour.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP ASIA.

Four Days later from Europe. NEW YORK, July 18th, 6 1/2 p.m. The Asia arrived at this port at nine o'clock Friday evening. We have Wilmer & Smith's Times of the day of sailing.

No news of importance. The Liverpool Mercury of the 31st says — The U. S. Steamship Captain West left the Mercury on Saturday for New York, with the usual mails and 27 passengers, among whom was Abbot Lawrence, Junr., son of the minister, being a fair complement of passengers.

This is the second American departure since the opening of the shipping season. She was passed during the evening, off the Bellbuoy, by a steamer. A wrecked vessel, cut in two, was passed off Halifax; supposed to have been done by collision with a steamer.

By the steamer which sailed from Southampton, on Thursday, a supply of medicine with able surgeons have been sent to Jamaica.

The cholera had subsided at Port Royal. The country districts are still suffering, and the accounts are most distressing.

No news from the Mediterranean. The English Mediterranean fleet, after a long absence, had returned to Malta.

The Stockholm papers announce that Jenny Lind had sailed to this city \$20,000 to be distributed among the poor.

James Murray Gordon died in London on the 28th December, in the 70th year of his age.

The Rev. Andrew Budson, Rector of Birkenside, and for 27 years the highly esteemed Secretary of the British and Foreign Bible Society, died on the 26th December.

FRANCE. — The Constitutional charges M. Dupin having been rejected in the Chamber of Deputies which accuses the Bonapartists of having plotted the assassination of himself and General Changarnier. This is no slight charge against the man who is President of the Assembly.

The Patrie states that ministers have not the least intention of resigning.

The Bank returns shew that the influx of gold has been stopped.

Hesse Cassel. — Measures of violence and compulsion are now proceeding with a permanent Court Martial is established. Grievous arrests are taking place, and the refractory citizens are subject to corporal punishment.

Count Lennigen the Federal commissioner for Hesse Cassel, has suspended the permanent committee of the Diet of Cassel.

Denmark and the Dutchies. — The free Press says, yesterday a skirmish took place near Woudsland at a distance of a league from Nordstabe.

It is said that the Dames though their forces were very superior were compelled to retire with a considerable loss.

&lt;

Boston, Jan. 18.—The barque Ocean Wave, Captain Carter, from Capetown, Cape of Good Hope, December 1st, arrived this morning.

THE HAVRE packet, which is to sail tomorrow from New York will take from \$120,000 to \$150,000 in American half and quarter dollars.

THE LONDON PORTER BARRELS.—Twice the quantity of porter ready brewed in London in a year would be something like equivalent to the quantity of the Mersey opposite the Pierhead at spring tide.

CONSUMPTION!!! Every body knows, it is a distressing disease. It commences and progresses so insidiously, that before one is aware of it, the lungs are a mass of ulcers, then a sudden exposure or change from heat to cold, produces an inflammation, and in a few days or weeks it is said that he or she has had CONSUMPTION.

TO LET. THOSE SPACIOUS OFFICES, WITH EXTRA LARGE VAULT, at present occupied by the QUEBEC MIXED COMPANY, and for many years previously by the late Messrs. G. & J. G. LAFRANCE, are now to be let without the DWELLING APARTMENT, consisting of SIX ROOMS, as also the WALK and STORES adjoining, if required.

TO LET. ONE OF THE NEW FIRE PROOF STORES, now completing, on the premises adjoining the Union House, with TWO OFFICES adjoining thereto. Apply to HENRY ATKINSON, St. Peter Street.

QUEBEC TONIC. ON THURSDAY EVENING next, the 23rd inst., a LECTURE will be delivered in the HALL OF ASSEMBLY, by the Rev. ARCHIBALD CONNOR, in reference to the question of "WHISKEY VERSUS MORALITY."

NOTICE. THE UNDERSIGNED has been duly authorized and empowered by the Executors of the late WILLIAM CHAPMAN BENSON, Esquire, in his will, to sell by public auction, on Monday, the 21st inst., at six o'clock, the real estate of the said W. C. BENSON.

PLANTAGENET WATER. Among the objects of attraction at the late International Fair, the celebrated Plantagenet Water had a conspicuous position, and its exhibition was attended, on the part of the public, with the most favorable success.

ST. PETER'S WARD. TO PAUL LEPPER, ESQUIRE. WE, the undersigned, Municipal Electors will support the petition of PAUL LEPPER, Esquire, for the representation of said Ward in the City Council, should you consent, we pledge ourselves to give you our undivided support.

James Dinning, P. Leitch, H. J. Shaw, H. O'Connor, C. W. Ross, James Fannin, Thos. Longbrun, W. Hunt, Joseph Tangway, A. Parrot, James Kelly, Murphy & Campbell, D. Downey, Thos. Little, H. J. Neal, Patrick Butler, P. W. Hartigan, Robert Shaw, Wm. Weston, P. Stafford, Alex. Morrison, Louis Malard, Don. Gilloran, J. W. Wyatt, John Waters, Joseph Parent, P. Jennings, Peter Clarke, T. Fitzsimmons, Nicolas Allard, Archd. McDonald, John O'Neil, J. H. Clark, Patrick Hind, P. Roake, J. W. Stokes, J. Harrington, Peter Murphy, Thos. Craig, Thos. Williams, Robert Brown, G. Scott, Willard & Hood, A. J. Maxham, T. H. Oliver, J. Kinsella, J. Gardner, Robert Young, Andre Berache, James O'Brien, Thomas McLean, Wm. Giguere, Hugh Murray, J. Gibb, Junr., Wm. Ramsay, A. Lauro, S. & M. Brown, T. Frowde, Daniel McGie, P. Langlois, Junr., F. J. Paxon, W. H. Day, H. McAdams, GENTLEMEN,

I cannot forbear expressing the gratification I feel in being called upon by so large a number of respectable and influential electors to represent St. Peter's Ward in the City Council, but regret that your choice has not fallen on one of the names appended to the requisition, who are much better qualified to represent your interest than I can pretend to be. Yet I deem it would be wanting in respect to you and to the confidence you evince, to hesitate to comply with your wishes, and I assure you, if returned, whatever may be wanting in ability, will be supplied by honest purpose, application and an earnest desire to advance the interest of St. Peter's Ward and of the City in general.

PAUL LEPPER. Messrs. DIXON, O'CONNOR, LOUGHRAN, HARTMAN, & Co. Quebec, 20th Jan., 1851.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION. PALACE WARD.

THE UNDERSIGNED request a MEETING of the ELECTORS of PALACE WARD, to be held in the COUNCIL CHAMBER of the HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY, on TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, at SEVEN P. M., to make choice of a fit and proper person to represent the said Ward in the City Council.

LECTURE. Quebec Library Association. ON TUESDAY EVENING, 28th inst., at EIGHT o'clock—THE REV. C. CHURCHILL will deliver the INTRODUCTORY LECTURE on "Quebec—Its Commercial position and its capabilities," in the READING ROOM of the Association.

SHOP TO LET. THE SHOP, now occupied by Mr. CASEY, situated at the foot of ST. JOHN'S STREET, together with the DWELLING above, and the STORE in rear. Possession on the 1st May next.

TO LET. THOSE SPACIOUS OFFICES, WITH EXTRA LARGE VAULT, at present occupied by the QUEBEC MIXED COMPANY, and for many years previously by the late Messrs. G. & J. G. LAFRANCE, are now to be let without the DWELLING APARTMENT, consisting of SIX ROOMS, as also the WALK and STORES adjoining, if required.

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PAUL LEPPER. Messrs. DIXON, O'CONNOR, LOUGHRAN, HARTMAN, & Co. Quebec, 20th Jan., 1851.

QUEBEC BUILDING SOCIETY.

The Annual General Meeting of the SOCIETY will be held in the CITY COUNCIL ROOM, PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, ON MONDAY EVENG., the 20th inst., at SEVEN P. M.

THE BALLOT TICKETS, for the election of Directors, which may be had at the Secretary's Office, must be deposited at the office, on SATURDAY, the 18th inst., between the hours of TEN A. M. and THREE P. M., and SEVEN AND NINE AND A QUARTER P. M., between TEN A. M. and ONE P. M., at which hour the ballot will be closed.

QUEBEC GAS COMPANY. STOCK of the above Company WANTED TO PURCHASE. Apply at the Office of this Paper. Quebec, 17th Jan., 1851.

SALE OF VALUABLE MILL SITES, &c. NOTICE is hereby given, that the Hydraulic and other property, on the line of the Lacine Canal, previously advertised, will be disposed of by PUBLIC SALE, at the office of J. B. BERNARD, Esq., Queen's Antechamber, on MONDAY, the 21st day of FEBRUARY next, at ELEVEN o'clock, in the forenoon.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the Board of Notaries of Quebec, to be held at the PARLIAMENT HOUSE, on MONDAY, the 21st day of FEBRUARY next, at TEN o'clock, P. M., in the presence of Messrs. St. Armand, Esq., Queen's Antechamber, on MONDAY, the 21st day of FEBRUARY next, at ELEVEN o'clock, in the forenoon.

EDWARD NOTARIES OF QUEBEC. NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the Board of Notaries of Quebec, to be held at the PARLIAMENT HOUSE, on MONDAY, the 21st day of FEBRUARY next, at TEN o'clock, P. M., in the presence of Messrs. St. Armand, Esq., Queen's Antechamber, on MONDAY, the 21st day of FEBRUARY next, at ELEVEN o'clock, in the forenoon.

FOR SALE. 75 HHDs, Bright Mascovado Sugar, 44 Pine, Mascovado Sugar, 25 Tons No. 1 Salmon, 120 Quaints Dry Codling, 18 Cases of Hubs, Maudlin Wine, 10 Cases of Port and Sherry Wines, 20 Cases Port and Sherry Wines, each 3 dozens.

Receiver General's Office. TORONTO, December 27, 1850. PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the RECEIVER GENERAL is prevented by REBEM to a certain amount all PROVINCIAL DEBITURES chargeable on the Consolidated Fund, which bear interest at six per cent per annum, and mature within five years of maturity, for others at twenty years bearing interest at six per cent, at par, and all those having the same period to run before maturity, bearing five per cent, interest, at a discount of one per cent per annum.

TO WESTERN MERCHANTS. WESTERN MERCHANTS and others importing goods by Quebec, are informed, that the Subscriber will open the opening of the Navigation, receive and forward goods direct to Canada West, delivering them at Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and other parts, should a sufficient quantity be offered, in instant haste, or sailing craft. When the water in Lake St. Peter is low, requiring ships to lighten to proceed to Montreal, the benefit of this mode of conveyance will be apparent. Goods will in all cases, when practicable, be put on board of such craft as will deliver them at their destination, thereby saving the charges of wharfage, cartage, &c., at Montreal, and rendering goods less liable to injury from several transshipments. Ships pay at Quebec the wharfage on goods.

Medicinal Cod Liver Oil, For the Cure of Consumption, Scrofulous Affections, Rheumatism, Gout, &c. &c. THE SUBSCRIBER has received a fresh supply of the above Oil, direct from St. John's, Newfoundland, which he has had carefully prepared for his business, and is now enabled to offer an article to his customers, the quality and excellence of which may be depended upon.

NEW BOOKS. THE SUBSCRIBER has received a few copies of the LIFE OF WASHINGTON, by the Rev. CHARLES W. UPHAM, author of the "Life of Sir Henry Vane." The work is in the form of an Autobiography; the narrative being, to a great extent, composed by Washington himself, in extracts from his own writings.—Price, 7s. 6d., complete in 2 vols. cloth.

FOR SALE. THE JOURNALS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, and HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY—LOWER CANADA.—Apply at this Office, 26, St. Peter St. Jan 1849.

ADVERTISEMENT. BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER. THE COURT OF DIRECTORS hereby give Notice, that a HALF-YEARLY DIVIDEND at the rate of FIVE PER CENT, per Annum on the Capital of the Bank, will become payable to the Proprietors of Shares registered in the Colonies, on and after the TWENTY SEVENTH DAY of JANUARY, 1851, during the usual hours of business at the several Branch Banks.

TO TEACHERS. BRITISH AND CANADIAN SCHOOL. WANTED—A FEMALE TEACHER for the above Institution.—Applications to be addressed to the Undermaster, G. WURTELE, Quebec, 30th Dec., 1850.

Charles E. Levy & Co., offer for Sale. BAR and Bolt Iron, assorted sizes for Ship-Building.

FOR SALE. 75 HHDs, Bright Mascovado Sugar, 44 Pine, Mascovado Sugar, 25 Tons No. 1 Salmon, 120 Quaints Dry Codling, 18 Cases of Hubs, Maudlin Wine, 10 Cases of Port and Sherry Wines, 20 Cases Port and Sherry Wines, each 3 dozens.

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FOR SALE. "Earl Poole" and "India".

16 BALLETS Superior Navy Canvas, Chain Cables, 14 to 18 in., Rigger Chains, 14 to 40 cwt. Anchor, 14 to 40 cwt. Metal Rod, assorted. Assorted Iron for Ship Building, (Swagons & Flat Steel). Fire Bricks, Windlass Purchases, (Petty & Roberts' Patent). Teas, &c. &c. JAMES E. OLIVER, DALHOUSIE STREET, Quebec, May 22nd, 1850.

JUST RECEIVED BY THE SUBSCRIBER. AN ASSORTMENT OF Electro-Plated SPOONS and FORKS. Fenny's Electro-Tempered Warranted Wally-Toe Razors. W. M. BLIGHT, Quebec, 10th October, 1850.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. W. S. HENDERSON & CO., inform the public that their Stock of Goods in WOODEN CLOTHING, (CASSIMERES, BLACK AND FANCY DOESKINS, &c.), is now complete and as no more have been spared to place this department of their business on a footing to vie with any House in the Trade in Canada, they are desirous of inviting competition, being convinced that no Importer on this side the Atlantic can purchase cheaper than they can, or will be satisfied with a smaller profit, as this additional branch of their business involves no extra expense in its management.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN FUR WAREHOUSE. THE SUBSCRIBERS inform the Citizens of Quebec and the Inhabitants of Canada in general, that their STOCK OF GOODS in the FUR LINE, is now complete and as no more have been spared to place this department of their business on a footing to vie with any House in the Trade in Canada, they are desirous of inviting competition, being convinced that no Importer on this side the Atlantic can purchase cheaper than they can, or will be satisfied with a smaller profit, as this additional branch of their business involves no extra expense in its management.

DR. MARSDEN, Removed on the 1st May, 1850, to No. 6, ANNE STREET, the house formerly occupied by R. ROBERTS, Esq., two doors east of Hough's Livery Stables. Quebec, 6th May, 1850.

TO SCHOOLMASTERS. THE SUBSCRIBER has been appointed Agent for the sale of Messrs. R. & A. MILLER'S edition of the NATIONAL SCHOOL BOOKS, comprising the FIRST, SECOND, THIRD and FOURTH BOOKS, with the FIRST BOOK of ARITHMETIC, which is prepared to furnish at VERY LOW PRICES, either wholesale or retail.

Books and Stationery. THE Subscriber begs to intimate to his friends and the public, that he intends to keep always on hand a CHOICE ASSORTMENT of every article in the above line. Every attention will be given to the PRINTING and BOOKBINDING branches of the business; and it is his determination to execute all orders in either department with promptitude and on reasonable terms.

FOR SALE. THE PROPERTY of the late ROBERT ATKINSON, Partner of the Parish of St. Sylvester, County of Lotbiniere, will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the FIFTH DAY of JULY next, by the Undersigned Executors, at the residence of the purchaser, to be paid on the day of sale; the other half to be paid within twelve months from the day of sale.

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TO BE LET. THAT BEAUTIFUL HOUSE.

THAT BEAUTIFUL HOUSE, situated in front of the Esplanade, in Parloir street, near the Ursuline Convent, occupied by C. G. Hout, Esquire. Possession given 1st May next. Enquire at the Ursuline Convent. Quebec, 17th Jan., 1851.

TO BE LET. THOSE TWO VALUABLE DEEP WATER WHARVES, at PRESBYTERIAN VILLAGE, known as MARTIN'S WHARVES, with the DWELLING HOUSE, SHIP and STORES, well adapted for an extensive Ship-Chandlery business. Also, TWO HOUSES on the Wharves, which have always been well tenanted. In rear of the wharves there is a large Garden, which, if required, may be used as a Deal Yard or Coal Depot.

TO BE LET. THAT BEAUTIFUL HOUSE, situated in front of the Esplanade, in Parloir street, near the Ursuline Convent, occupied by C. G. Hout, Esquire. Possession given on the 1st May next. Enquire at the Ursuline Convent. Quebec, 17th Jan., 1851.

TO LET. A LARGE AND PRODUCTIVE GARDEN in the SUBURBS, containing Fruit Trees &c., &c. The ground is in the best order, and immediate possession can be given.

TO LET. THOSE TWO NEARLY NEW STONE HOUSES, forming the Corner of St. Paul and Sault au Marollet Streets. They are well adapted for Hardware, Dry Goods, Groceries or Ship Chandlery's Store, and can be converted to suit almost any branch of business required. Apply to ROBERT CLARK, Proprietor. Quebec, 8th Jan., 1851.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET. THAT ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE, within two miles of the Post Office, known as BRADYVILLE HOUSE, with SEVEN acres of excellent LAND attached, including two Kitchens, well stocked with Fruit Trees. Also, a lower Garden in rear, connecting itself with the Drawing Room in rear. On the ground there is a large Kitchen with a splendid English Kitchen Range, Servants' Room, Dairy, Wine Cellar, and Store Room. The second floor consists of a Dining Room, Library, and Butler's Pantry, also a Drawing Room about 17 feet by 33 feet. On the third floor there are two Bed Rooms, and Servants' Room on the attic. There is an excellent Well of Water on the premises, from which, by a Force Pump, the water is conveyed to Cisterns, one of which is connected with the Kitchen, and the other with the Pump and Cisterns is a Hose, which, in a few moments, can be effectively used in case of fire.

TO LET. A GOOD HOUSE, STABLE and SHEDS, with 50 acres of land, in the Township of LEIDS, convenient to the Court House, well adapted for any kind of business. Address to WM. HARRISON, Proprietor. Quebec, 18th Dec., 1850.

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QUEBEC HISTORICAL RECOLLECTIONS.

IT is proposed to publish by Subscription, a SECOND EDITION of the above, to be ready about the 1st May next. The favourable reception of the 1st Edition of this work by the public has long removed from the shelves of the bookseller every copy for sale, and although no efforts or expense will be spared to render the forthcoming volume of increasing value and interest, the Compiler has not ventured to add a word of its original introduction to the Public as a PROSPECTUS.

A Picture of Quebec and its Environs, With Historical Recollections, Drawn from the most authentic sources: BY A RESIDENT OF QUEBEC. The recently published Picture of Quebec, however respectable, still leaves an opening for a similar work, more comprehensive in plan, and more worthy of the moral and physical grandeur of its subject. Quebec is no ordinary City, and from its historic fame and natural sublimity, must excite the admiration and awe of generous and intelligent minds.

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