Fourteen Pages

DAILY WITNESS

Winds and Showery

VOL. XLVII., No. 109 MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, MAY 9, 1906. PRICE ONE CENT

CADETS ON PARADE.

Thousands Thronged Champ de Mars and City Hall Square

CHEERS AND ENTHUSIASM GREETED PRINCE ARTHUR YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

Thousands of eight thousand spectators witnessed the review of the Highland Cadets, the Mount St. Louis Cadets, and the Fusilier Brigade by His Royal Highness Prince Arthur of Connaught, on the Champ de Mars yesterday afternoon. The weather had cleared, and the sun shone brilliantly on a bright and most interesting function.

The Prince, who was in the undress uniform of his regiment, the 7th Hussars, and who wore the decoration of the G. C. V. O. and the Star of the Garter, was accompanied by Colonel L. Buchan, C.M.G., A.D.C., commanding the Quebec district; Lieut.-Col. D. C. C. Pelletier, Chief of Staff; Lieut.-Col. W. J. Stewart, and Lieut.-Col. J. S. Dunbar, D.A.A.G., of the Quebec military district; Colonel Hanbury Williams, military secretary to Earl Grey; Capt. Trotter, A.D.C. to the Governor-General; Captain Wyndham equerry to His Royal Highness; Mr. J. Pope, C.M.G., Under-Secretary of State; Sir Montagu Allan, and the Mayor.

There were also present at the saluting base, among others, Lieut.-Col. Patterson, Major Howard, Major Carriere, Major Larochelle, Captain Bisaillon, Paymaster-Captain Grothé, Capt. Stewart, Lieut. Desrosiers, A.S.C., and a number of aldermen and ladies.

As the Prince arrived at the saluting base the flag was hoisted, the brigade, which was drawn up in line, the Highland Cadets in single line, on the Prince's left, and the Mount St. Louis Cadets, two deep, open order, on the right, presented arms, and the Royal salute was given.

The brigade was about four hundred strong, and was under the command of Major Meighen as brigadier, with Capt. Jodoin, 65th Mount Royal Rifles, as brigade major. The Highland Cadets were under the command of Major Fred Lydon, with Capt. C. A. Palmer, adjutant, the other officers on parade being Capt. J. Lydon, Capt. W. Horton, Capt. Donald Sandilands and Capt. H. Gee; Lieut. O. Brissett, Lieut. R. Whytock and Lieut. W. Thompson. The Mount St. Louis Cadets were in two battalions, as follows:— First battalion — Officers, Lieutenant-Colonel H. Porlier; major, A. Cousineau; captain-adjutant, D. Jackson; sergeant-major, G. Brault, and quartermaster, C. Gelinas. 1st company—Captain, E. Latourelle; 1st lieutenant, H. Quintal, and 2nd lieutenant, E. Poitevin. 2nd company—Captain, A. Dufresne; 1st lieutenant, H. Desjardins, and 2nd lieutenant, R. Poirier. 3rd company—Captain, R. Roy; 1st lieutenant, A. Leger, and 2nd lieutenant, J. Kavanagh. 4th company—Captain, W. Coffin; 1st lieutenant, H. Gerin-Lajoie, and 2nd lieutenant, H. Labrecque.

SECOND BATTALION.

Officers:—Lieutenant-Colonel E. Farrell, Major E. Moquin, Captain-Adjutant, A. Gerin-Lajoie, Sergeant-Major J. Laporte, and Quarter-Master J. Beauset. First Company, Captain H. Dupuis, First Lieutenant M. Roy, and Second Lieutenant E. Rolland. Second Company, Captain E. Duverger, First Lieutenant L. Meagher, and Second Lieutenant P. Leclere. Third Company, Captain L. Racette, First Lieutenant M. Dubuc, and Second Lieutenant J. Tasse. Fourth Company, Captain V. Cloutier, First Lieutenant E. Desrosiers, and Second Lieutenant A. Morin.

SMART BOYS WIN APPLAUSE.

The Royal salute over, the brigade was put through various movements, all of which were smartly executed. They marched past the saluting base in review order to give the salute, and returned in quarter-column. The Mount St. Louis Cadets also went through their physical culture drill to music. This they did with a precision, smartness and celerity which won well-deserved applause, the Prince expressing himself delighted with their excellent training. In the march past also the little fellows did wonderfully well, some companies maintaining a considerable better line than the bigger youths in the Highland Cadets.

At the conclusion the officers were called to the front and each personally congratulated by the Prince. The general salute having been given, the brigade marched off.

The fire brigade display then took place, the turn-out being as published in the 'Witness' yesterday. Men, horses, and apparatus presented a trim, business-like appearance, and both Alderman Yates, chairman of the Fire and Light Committee, and Mr. Z. Benoit, chief of the fire brigade, who was presented to the Prince at the saluting base, were congratulated by His Royal Highness.

The Royal party was heartily cheered on driving off.

THE ADDRESS TO HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS.

The text of the address presented by the City Council to His Royal Highness Prince Arthur of Connaugh, yesterday, was as follows :

To His Royal Highness Prince Arthur Frederick Patrick Albert of Connaught, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order, Aide-de-Camp to His Majesty the King, etc., etc.

May it Please Your Royal Highness. —The citizens of Montreal are most pleased to welcome you in their midst, and, especially are they happy in being able to welcome in you the nephew of their beloved sovereign, Edward the VII., and the son of His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, who will always hold a prominent place in the recollections of our people; a prince of the illustrious Royal family of England, the members of which have presided so gloriously over the destinies of the Empire.

Our people are happy in their realization that the princes who belong to your noble family, have not been content with unstinted homage to their birth and rank, but that they have striven to win praise that is due alone to merit, and that they have contributed, with their patriotism and deeds in no small manner to the greatness and prestige of the British Empire.

Canadians, therefore, consider it a duty, as well as a pleasure, when members of the Royal Household of England visit our country, to give them every mark of esteem and affection.

Your Highness, no doubt, has observed, during your progress through our country, that no British possession can boast of deeper loyalty to the Mother Country and to the reigning monarch than can Canada. Your Highness has noticed also, the content and peace of the Canadian people; blessings that have greatly resulted from the wise reign of His Majesty.

Your Highness must have heard with pride that Canadians have not forgotten your noble father, and that his career, since his visit to our country, has awakened the keenest interest. We sincerely appreciate his many fine qualities, exhibited in the important missions of state which have been entrusted to him.

We feel confident that Your Highness will follow in his footsteps; that you will bring new honors to your illustrious family, and to your country. Your travels through the British colonies, and especially through Canada, will, no doubt, impart to you information and knowledge that will prove of the utmost profit both to us and the Empire at large.

We feel confident that Your Highness has realized that in Canada there are elements of wealth and prosperity, which, in the future, will make it one of the richest and most prosperous countries in the world. All who have the interests of the Empire at heart will rejoice in this.

The citizens of Montreal beg to thank Your Highness for the honor extended to them in visiting their city, and they pray that, upon your return to England, you will convey to His Majesty the loyalty and affection felt for him by his Canadian subjects; and we trust that for many years to come His Majesty will be preserved by Divine Providence to reign over his great Empire and still continue the peace and welfare of the world.

Prince Arthur, having acknowledged the receipt of the address, which was beautifully executed in illuminated text on velum and bound in red morocco—the work of Mr. J. Charlebois, read his reply in these terms :—

Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen,—My pleasure in receiving this loyal and cordial address of welcome on behalf of the citizens of Montreal, is qualified only by the thought that it is at once a greeting and a farewell.

It is perhaps fitting, however, that my last impressions of Canada should be derived from its commercial metropolis, which presents in its air of prosperous activity, and in the spectacle it affords of the commingling of the two great races of which the country is composed, an epitome of the whole Dominion.

I have spent upwards of six weeks in this country and have travelled by rail more than seven thousand miles. Everywhere have I found a prosperous and contented people, applying themselves resolutely to the task of building up this continent, under the flag of England, a great and powerful nation.

Everywhere have I witnessed a spirit of loyalty and devotion to the King and of attachment to the principles of constitutional government, which, besides being naturally gratifying to me, is of the highest value, as demonstrating to the world at large the colonizing qualities of the British race.

I shall bear away with me a lasting recollection of what I have seen during my short stay among you—of mountain, prairie, lake and river—of peaceful communities working out their destiny in their several ways, but, above all, a grateful remembrance of the kind hospitality which I have received from the Canadian people, to whom, in bidding adieu, I wish all prosperity and happiness.

Among those present at the ceremony in the City Hall in addition to the aldermen and their relatives and friends, were the Hon. J. A. Ouimet, the Hon. J. I. Tarte, Colonel William H. Oakes, of the 5th Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, and First Lieutenant of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company; Captain F. Cutting, Captain J. D. Nichols, and Major Willis W. Stoner, all of the 5th Massachusetts; Messrs. J. U. Emard, J. R. Bouvier, J. M. M. Duff, N. T. Rielle, and Lieut.-Colonel A. A. Stevenson.

SCHOOLS AND THE FLAG.

'Union Jack' writes:—In honor of the Prince yesterday the High School, Peel street, had a small flag out over main door, upside down! In Westmount not one flag was to be seen on schools or corporation buildings.

SASKATCHEWAN LEGISLATURE

INVITATION EXTENDED TO THE KING AND QUEEN.

Regina, Sask., May 9.—The Legislature yesterday extended an invitation to the King and Queen to visit this province in the event of their coming to Canada. The House at the recommendation of the government also decided upon the appointment of a commissioner of railways who will be virtually a minister without portfolio.



PRINCE ARTHUR AT THE CITY HALL

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT

THE HON. EDWARD BLAKE SPEAKS ON THE EDUCATION BILL.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 9.—During the debate on the Education Bill in the House of Commons last night, the Hon. Edward Blake, in a speech in which he endorsed the views which had been expressed on behalf of the Roman Catholics by Messrs. T. P. O'Connor, Maclean and Evelyn Cecil, said that he had enjoyed the privilege of a long and varied experience in the relations between Roman Catholics and Protestants in their controversies. On this subject he had always taken a stand on broad general principles, and when the Minister of Education had said that all minorities must suffer, he admitted that some suffering might sometimes be inevitable in carrying out a measure of great public policy, but he had always held the view that in these controversies the strong should be generous to the weak. He contended also that the jealousy of the Roman Catholics against interference with their religious views ought to be respected, and, if possible, averted. In the course of the legislation after all, the parent was a member of the state and contributed to the taxes out of which the educational system was maintained; therefore, it was not a benefaction or a subsidy he was asking for. That a share of public control would be demanded in all state schools was foreseen, but it was in the extent, the character, methods of interference, and the inadequacy of the safeguards that he and his friends believed the bill would be fundamentally vicious and to encroach unwarrantedly on rights of the Roman Catholic minority. It was essential to the security of that minority that clause 4 should be made compulsory and not merely permissive. To leave the question whether that clause should come into force or not, to the judgment of each authority, would be to throw into the hands of bigots means of creating religious controversy. In Canada, as preliminary to the new constitution of 1867, it was agreed that the rights of dissentient religious minorities should be secured as the fundamental article of the constitution. The first element of finality in this educational question was to ensure that the protection clause 4 be available, as they knew too well the difficulty in passing acts of parliament to protect the Roman Catholic minority in this country against the Protestant majority.

SPIER A HEAVY LOSER

UNFORTUNATE SPECULATION IN STOCKS STRENGTHENS THEORY OF SUICIDE.

New York, May 8.—With the collection of evidence bearing upon the mysterious shooting of Charles L. Spier, the Staten Island business man and confidential agent of H. H. Rogers, of the Standard Oil Company, who was found yesterday morning by his wife lying in the hallway of their home in New Brighton, with a bullet through his heart, the belief is becoming general that the case is one of suicide and not of murder by a burglar. It was learned to-day from a friend of Mr. Spier that he had been a heavy speculator in Wall Street for some time previous to his death. It is further said that he lost a large sum of money in the recent slump of stocks. Those who hold the suicide theory believe Mr. Spier became discouraged because of his losses and in a fit of remorse took his own life after planning the deed in such a way as to leave the impression that he had been murdered by a burglar. His alleged nervousness for several days preceding his death is a supporting factor. It has also been ascertained that the dead man took out policies in the New York Life Insurance Company aggregating $75,000. In this company, as is well known, policies are not contestable on the ground of the manner of death. Before the insurance policies were finally paid for Mr. Spier changed the beneficiary from his wife to Alfred Lauterbach, his counsel, as trustee.

RESEARCHES OF M. MOROZOFF

NOTED NIHILIST MADE MANY DISCOVERIES IN SCIENCE DURING HIS 25 YEARS' CONFINEMENT.

St. Petersburg, April 25.—One of the most interesting first fruits of the success of the Russian revolution is the coming publication of the results of the scientific work which N. A. Morozoff, one of the Nihilists who participated in the attempt against the life of Alexander II., and who was released last October from the dungeons of the Schlusselburg fortress, carried on during his 25 years' confinement there. Morozoff, who is rated as the man of probably the greatest talent in the old revolution, conducted his work under the greatest difficulties, being allowed at first no books except the Bible and having to obtain writing materials by stealth or connivance of the guards. Later he was allowed to a limited extent the use of other books, pen and paper, and the result of his diligence was an immense compendium of knowledge which, when published, will run almost to a score of volumes. It covers a wide range of subjects, the most valuable portion being that devoted to chemistry, the science in which Morozoff was a devoted expert before being immured in the fortress. He elaborated a theory of the constitution of matter on which he worked for eighteen years, and in the course of his investigation predicted the existence of several elements which were actually discovered and isolated during his confinement in prison. His achievements in the domain of natural science have been rated as of high value by several physicians.

Not the least interesting feature of his work is his theory regarding the meaning of the Apocalypse of St. John. He read the Bible again and again during the long years of his confinement, studying especially the Book of Revelation, which, he decided, had an inner astronomic reason. He identified the animals named by St. John with various constellations and came to the conclusion that the four horses mentioned represented four planets—the Red Mars, the White Jupiter, the Pale Saturn and the Dark Mercury. The animals sitting on the horses, he thought indicated a certain aspect of the Zodiac, which prevailed at the time of the writing of the book, and when, finally, after years he was able to obtain a set of astronomical tables he calculated that the vision on which the book is based must have been seen Sept. 30, 395 A.D. Considering that it must have been written by a man of deep erudition, he ascribed its authorship to John of the Golden Voice, who he declared was the only man with sufficient education among the Christians of that time to have written it.

Morozoff's chief interest in following out this fantastic theory was to confute certain theological dogmas, hoping by proving a late authorship of the Apocalypse to bring the dates of books of early Christian theology down to so late a period as to destroy their authority.

MAXIM GORKY

Moscow, May 8.—In addition to the accusation against Maxim Gorky of engaging in a political propaganda, the procurator has charged him with participation in the December uprising here, and it is rumored that his extradition from the United States will be asked for.

THE TABAH DISPUTE

The Porte Has Not Yet Decided What Course to Pursue

BRITISH FLEET AT PIRAEUS TO BE AUGMENTED BY SECOND CRUISER SQUADRON, UNDER PRINCE LOUIS OF BATTENBERG.

Constantinople, Feb. 9.—Frequent conferences have been held during the last few days between the members of the cabinet in connection with the Anglo-Turkish dispute. An official of the Foreign Office to-day had a long interview with Sir Nicholas O'Connor, the British ambassador, but up to the present there are no indications to show what course the Porte will decide to pursue. The general opinion, however, is that the Turkish troops will evacuate Tabah before the British ultimatum expires.

Athens, May 9.—The British fleet, consisting of twenty-one warships, is lying at Piraeus, with steam up. They will be further augmented to-day by the arrival of the Second Cruiser Squadron, commanded by Rear-Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg.

GREAT LAKES STORM

SCHOONER 'ALGERIA' SINKS AND IT IS FEARED THREE MEN LOST THEIR LIVES.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 9.—The schooner 'Algeria' sank about two miles off the harbor of Cleveland this morning, and it is thought three men lost their lives. The schooner 'Iron Queen' is in a sinking condition outside the breakwater, and the crew of eight was taken off by the members of the life-saving crew.

The storm of last night and early to-day, with the heavy sea it kicked up, was a menace to shipping outside the harbor.

The big steamers that had been tied up there by the strike came inside the breakwater, but the small schooners could not get in. Signals of distress came to the life-saving station and Captain Motley, of the life-saving crew, went out to the 'Iron Queen,' rescuing the eight members of the crew with difficulty.

PHOTOS FROM BALLOONS

UNITED STATES SIGNAL CORPS TAKING PICTURES OF RUINS OF SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, May 9.—The signal corps of the United States Army is photographing San Francisco's ruins from balloons. A series of pictures is being taken, to be kept on file by the War Department in Washington. Several hundred pictures have already been made of the different buildings, and an order sent for three balloons, so that a complete panoramic picture of the city can be had.

WILL OF THE HON. PETER WHITE.

Ottawa, May 8.—The will of the late Hon. Peter White, of Pembroke, which was opened and read by his brother, Mr. W. R. White, K.C., at the family residence immediately after the return of the members of the family from the funeral yesterday afternoon disposes of an estate of from $250,000 to $300,000, which is divided among his four children. The widow is left the family residence, with all its contents, and a sum sufficient to provide an income of $2,000 per annum for life is directed to be set apart for her.

STRIKES IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 9.—The Associated Building Trades, composed of the building trade unions and modelled something after the old Board of Walking Delegates, ordered a number of strikes yesterday on buildings, against the employment of members of new unions formed in place of unions which have violated the arbitration agreement. Only independent contractors were affected by these strikes, so that they are not in violation of the arbitration agreement. About a thousand men quit work, including electrical workers, housesmiths, plasterers and plasterers' laborers, and stone cutters.

WINDS AND SHOWERY

Spring is strong and virtuous,
Broad-sowing, cheerful, plenteous,
Quickening underneath the mould
Grains beyond the price of gold.
So deep and large her bounties are,
That one broad, long midsummer day
Shall to the planet overpay
The ravage of a year of war.
—Emerson—'May-Day,' Line 243.

Toronto, Ont., May 9.—Victoria, 72, 41; Calgary, 74, 36; Edmonton, 66, 30; Prince Albert, 52, 34; Qu'Appelle, 54, 38; Winnipeg, 58, 24; Port Arthur, 42, 26; Toronto, 46, 38; Ottawa, 54, 40; Montreal, 50, 42; Quebec, 56, 38; St. John, 54, 38; Halifax, 58, 34.

Cold and showery. Thursday, strong north-westerly winds; fair. Friday, warmer

1628 Notre Dame street, Montreal, May 9, 1906.—Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon

Yesterday, 30.06 11 a.m. to-day, 29.87.

Temperature—	Max.	Min.
To-day	50	42
Yesterday	49	40

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Ameer of Afghanistan is to visit India next winter, and in view of the political importance of this visit, arrangements have already been begun to give him a fitting welcome.

The Viceroy of Canton has paid to the United States Consul $60,000 as indemnity for the destruction of Presbyterian mission property during the riots in Lien chow last October.

The Czar will leave Peterhof to-day and come by water to the Winter Palace for the opening of the new Russian Parliament to-morrow. The time of his departure and arrival are being kept secret, and the river along the whole route closed to the general public. The new fundamental laws of the empire have been published before the opening of the Douma, an action declared at the Congress of Constitutional Democrats last evening to be a betrayal of the promises of Oct. 30 last, under which the representatives of the people were summoned, and an attempt made to re-establish the obnoxious bureaucracy.

It is rumored in Moscow that a scheme is on foot to ask the United States to expel Maxim Gorky from the country.

The King of Portugal is said to have been responsible for the recent attack of the Lisbon police upon a republican demonstration which led to street rioting, and in revenge for this Queen Amélie was hissed and hooted while attending a bull fight yesterday.

Two more men have been hurt by bombs in Paris. They deny that they are anarchists, but were hurt in the garret of a house while engaged in loading bombs.

It is anonunced that the Emperor William will visit the Emperor Francis Joseph in Vienna on June 6.

The latest strike riot was in Rome yesterday. The strikers attacked shops and shot at the police, and many on both sides were wounded.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, at a banquet to some visiting Australian merchants in London yesterday, made a strong plea for commercial union in the Empire, but such union he believed could only come about by good will and voluntary agreement. One of the greatest colonial statesmen, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, had put in a sentence what every man, wherever he lived, must think: 'Either the different parts of the Empire must come closer together or they must inevitably drift apart.'

Mr. Lloyd George, in the debate on the Education Bill in the British House of Commons, yesterday, said the bill was no attack upon any church. But the people had come to the conclusion that clericalism was their enemy, and had decided to rally round the Bible itself and demand that no man, either ecclesiastic or politician, should be allowed to come between their children and the Great Book that had saved England from darkness.

Over three hundred citizens of Franklin county, Mississippi, including the county sheriff, have been fined $25 each and sentenced to three months' imprisonment on charge of intimidating government homesteaders. They are said to be members of an organization of 'white caps.'

A severe storm swept over the Great Lakes last night. The schooner 'Algeria' was sunk off Cleveland, and three men drowned.

Four Indians of the Duck Lake Reservation are dead and three others seriously ill as a result of a Florida water debauch. The sale of this stuff has reached enormous proportions in this region, greater than the sale of whiskey.

The Presbytery of Winnipeg yesterday passed a resolution endorsing Mr. Fitzpatrick's Lord's Day Bill.

Over eight thousand citizens thronged the Champ de Mars yesterday afternoon to see Prince Arthur of Connaught, and their greeting to him was most enthusiastic.

A crowded meeting was held in Victoria Hall, Westmount, last evening to protest against the action of the Westmount School Commissioners in dismissing Mr. Ernest Smith, principal of King's School. The question was asked why a gentleman who had served honorably and well for six years, and brought the school from being the worst in Westmount to its present efficiency, should be dismissed without reason and without a reference, and a large delegation was appointed to wait upon the School Board on Thursday evening to ask for the reinstatement of Mr. Smith and an investigation of any charges against him.

A motor car, for suburban traffic, carrying a party of C. P. R. officials, made a successful trial trip to Vaudreuil yesterday. It is divided into an engine room, a compartment to seat 40 passengers, a smoking room to hold 16, and a baggage compartment. It weighs 140,000 pounds, and will be able to run with a trailer 35 to 40 miles an hour.

The Horse Show opened in the Arena to-day.

EDWIN BURRIT SMITH.

Chicago, May 9. — Edwin Burritt Smith, one of the best known lawyers in Chicago, died early to-day, at his residence, following an illness extending over a year.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extensions to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occuring in their immediate families free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

RUTHERFORD.—At 4357 Montrose ave., Westmount, on May 1, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Rutherford, a son.

MARRIED.

DRADEE — FITZGERALD — On April 23, 1906, at Pincher Creek, Alberta, Miss Agatha H. Fitzgerald, daughter of James Fitzgerald, of Stittsville, to Mr. John Dradee, of Sarnia, Ont.

KINDER — MILLAR — On May 2, 1906, at the residence of the bride's mother, Willowdale, Oil Springs, Ont., by the Rev. John M. Gunne, Blanche Osborne, fourth daughter of the late Walter Millar, Esq., to the Rev. B. Allan Kinder, B.A., of Dreeden, Ont.

ROOME — WALTHEW—On April 26, 1906, at St. John's Church, Duncan Terrace, London, England, by the Very Rev. Canon Pycke, Sidney Edward Roome, of Upper Clapton, to Louie Walthew, only daughter of Richard F. Walthew, of 38 Highbury Place, N.

RODDICK — GREENAWAY — At the manse, Ormstown, on May 8, 1906, by the Rev. D. W. Morkeon, D.D., Leonard Roddick, Huntingdon, to Isabella Elizabeth, daughter of the late Mr. John Greenaway, Covey Hill.

DIED.

AKINS — At Canora, Sask., on April 29 1906, Ellen Margaret Sharp, beloved wife of the Rev. J. W. Akins, aged 22 years, 2 months and 17 days.

BERTRAM.—At 42 Cluny avenue, Toronto, on May 5, 1906, Douglas Hope Bertram, in his 23rd year.

CAMERON — At Arnprior, Ont., on May 6, 1906, Robina Bryson, wife of W. A. Cameron, M.D.

DRAKE — In this city, on May 8, 1906, Thomas Cleveland Drake, aged 28 years, eldest son of the late Benjamin A. Drake.
Funeral from his mother's residence, 417A St. Antoine street, on Thursday, 10th instant, at 2.30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.
Toronto and Detroit papers kindly copy.

KITTERMASTER — At Bayston Hill, Shrewsbury, England, the Rev. F. W. Kittermaster, father of Mrs. Auden, Upper Canada College, Toronto.

LESTON — At Sillery, Que., on May 5, 1906, Edward Leston, aged 81 years, widower of the late Catherine Enright, a native of Limerick, Ireland.

MACPHERSON — In London, England, on May 5, 1906, David Hamilton Macpherson, younger son of the late Sir David L. and Lady Macpherson, of Chestnut Park, Toronto.

MACDONALD — On May 9, 1906, Donald Wm. Macdonald, son of the late Prof. A. R. Macdonald, aged 30 years.
Funeral private.

MUNDAY — In this city, on May 8, 1906, Mary Eversden, aged 60 years and one month, wife of the late George Munday.
Funeral from her son's residence, 476 Magdalen street, on Thursday, the 10th instant, at 2.30 p.m., to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

QUIBELL.—At 690 Markham street, Toronto, on May 6, 1906, Maria H. Van Norman, beloved wife of William A. Quibell, of Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.

ROSS — At Martintown, Ont., on May 7, 1906, Daniel T. Ross, in his 83rd year.
Funeral on Wednesday at 2 p.m., to North Branch Cemetery.

STREET — At 2597 St. Catherine street, on May 9, 1906, James Randolph (Little Bunnie), second and beloved son of Richard and Emily Street, aged 7 years.

Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 8.

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SOUTHERN CONFERENCE

THE REV. J. W. SPARLING, OF WESLEY COLLEGE, WINNIPEG, SPEAKS AT BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

Birmingham, Ala., May 9.—Before an immense audience of delegates to the Methodist General Conference South, and laymen of Birmingham, the Rev. J. W. Sparling, D.D., president of Wesley College, Winnipeg, Man., and Canada's fraternal delegate to the Conference, delivered his fraternal address to the Conference last night. It was full of stirring words of greeting from the Methodists of Canada to those of the South, and his remarks were frequently applauded.

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED

Wednesday, May 9.

BIGGEST SILK BLOUSE SALE EVER HELD

500 HIGH-CLASS SILK BLOUSES

At Almost Half Price.

Seldom indeed have we been able to offer such a splendid lot of high class silk blouses, every garment is new and beautifully made of rich quality silk, the value beats anything we have yet offered in these high class goods. Extra attendants will ensure prompt service. Do not miss this opportunity whether it rains or shines. Prices of these high class silk blouses :

AT $2.25, Stylish Japanese Silk Waists, in Cream only, made in a pleasing new effect, with deep pleats and cluster of body tucks, tucked collar and cuffs. Regularly worth $3.25. Sale Price **$2.25**

AT $2.40, a beautiful Cream Japanese Silk Waist, made with deep hemstitched pleats, hemstitched collar and cuffs, stylish new elbow sleeves, trimmed with pearl buttons. This natty blouse worth $3.75. Our Special Price **$2.40**

50 Dozen Boys' Summer Shirt Waists

TO BE SOLD AT GREAT REDUCTIONS.

Quite the most important Sale of the season. These Waists are all the newest cut and style that will be most popular this season, all made of good stout percales, each one natty and attractive.

Regular 50c, Russian Shirt Waists, 35c

All the latest styles and very pretty designs and colorings, some mixed Grey and Blue, some Blue and White, Stripes, etc., fancy military belt; sizes, 3 to 7 years. This is certainly one of the greatest values possible, was 50c. Sale Price **35c**

75c Eton Shirt Waists, 59c

Another line of Eton Shirt Waists, in a better quality of fine White Ceylon Cloth, beautiful new collar, neatly made and perfect fitting, the proper thing for warmer weather; sizes 3 to 7 years. Regular value 75c. Our price..... **59c**

THAT GREAT CARPET SALE

Have you attended it yet? Do you want Carpets at Factory prices? If so attend this sale on Thursday. You will not be disappointed. THE EXTRAORDINARY VALUES OFFERED have ATTRACTED PEOPLE FROM ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. In almost every case to see has meant TO BUY.

TAPESTRY CARPET is always a favorite, and our assortment is the most complete in the city. The colorings are beautiful and patterns to suit any room in the house. We have it in many qualities and prices, from **23c**

BRUSSELS CARPET.—The designs for 1906 are more beautiful than ever, the colorings soft and beautifully blended for the bedroom or brighter colors to suit your taste for any apartment. The prices start at 75c to **$1.25**

THE S. CARSLEY CO. Limited. 143 to 151 Notre Dame st. West, 184 to 194 St. James st., MONTREAL.

THE S. CARSLEY CO. Limited. 143 to 151 Notre Dame st. West, 184 to 194 St. James st., MONTREAL.

WHAT PLUCK CAN DO

THE TEMPERANCE CRUSADE IN MAISONNEUVE.

The recent noble conduct of Archbishop Bruchesi in taking personal action against Sunday liquor selling in Maisonneuve has had a most beneficial effect. The local authorities have seriously taken the matter in hand, and on Sunday last the councillors made a personal inspection of the town to see that the law was being observed. They found all the hotels strictly closed, with one exception. Immediate action was taken against this offender, who pleaded not guilty. It appears, however, that a conviction will easily be secured against this man, after which, it is understood, his license will be taken away from him.

The hotelkeeper in whose case the Archbishop had taken action a few Sundays ago, recently called upon the parish priest of Viauville and declared his determination to strictly abide by the law in the future, and on Sunday evening last he had all the lights turned on in his premises, where all the blinds were raised, in accordance with the request made him to do so as an evidence of his good faith.

When addressing his parishioners on Sunday last, the pastor of the Viauville Catholic church referred to this visit, and took advantage of the occasion to once more make an earnest appeal on behalf of the observance of the liquor law regarding Sunday selling.

MONTREAL DISPENSARY

NUMBER OF CASES TREATED LAST YEAR WAS 1,500 MORE THAN IN THE PREVIOUS YEAR.

At the annual meeting of the corporation of the Montreal Dispensary yesterday afternoon, it was announced that 1,500 more consultations had been held than in 1904, and that there was a balance on hand of $150.

The total number of applicants during the past twelve months was 19,195, classed as follows, according to diseases:—General diseases, 9,077; diseases of eye and ear, 2,336; diseases of women, 1,333; diseases of nose and throat, 671; diseases of skin, 2,771; diseases of children, 2,827; dentistry cases, 210.

The secretary's report expressed the regret of the committee at the death during the year of the following governors:—Messrs. Charles Alexander, T. V. R. Brown, W. J. Buchanan, William Francis and James Moore.

The following officers were unanimously elected for the coming year:—Dr. James M. Jack, president; Messrs. Geo. Esplin, first vice-president; G. F. C. Smith, second vice-president; Dr. R. A. Kerry, honorary-treasurer; Dr. H. B. Carmichael, honorary-secretary; committee of management:—Dr. H. D. Hamilton, Dr. Geo. A. Brown, Dr. R. A. Westley, Messrs. C. S. J. Phillips, I. H. Stearns, E. E. Rothwell and W. S. Kerry.

The following were named elective governors:—Mayor Ekers, Messrs. B. T. Shaw and T. de G. Stewart.

Dr. James J. McGovern was elected to the office of assistant physician.

At the close of the annual meeting, a meeting of the committee took place, at which the resignations of Dr. T. D. McGregor, as dentist, and Mr. H. A. Gourley, as apothecary, were accepted.

Dr. M. L. Ship was appointed to Dr. McGregor's position, while the position of apothecary was left over for further applications.

MAN'S NECK WAS BROKEN

HORSE TOOK FRIGHT AND CART WAS OVERTURNED ON THE DRIVER.

Jean Baptiste Martin, twenty-one years of age, employed as a driver by Mr. Vincent Lortie, 348 Papineau avenue, was killed yesterday afternoon near the Imperial Oil Works, Cote St. Paul. Martin and another young man were driving their horses along the road when Martin's horse took fright at a stone crusher that was working on the road. The horse jumped forward, the cart collided with the one in front, and both horse, cart and driver went over into a ditch at the side of the road. Martin fell under the cart and the top of one side caught him across the neck, breaking it and killing him instantly.

An ambulance was called from the General Hospital, but when it arrived physicians could only pronounce the young man dead. The body was brought to the city and taken to the morgue, where an inquest will be held by Coroner McMahon.

ALBERTA LEGISLATURE

PREMIER RUTHERFORD MAKES HIS BUDGET SPEECH.

Edmonton, Alta., May 8.—Yesterday was an eventful day in the Legislature. The first provincial budget speech was delivered, and the first provincial estimates passed.

Premier Rutherford made the budget speech. He did not waste any time on flowery rhetoric, but held himself simply to facts and figures, giving the financial situation of the province and explaining the purpose of the appropriations as he went along. He was followed by Conservative members, who criticised the budget only briefly, and in doing so held themselves almost entirely to comment on the fact that the government, in making an appropriation of $300,000 for roads, trails and bridges, did not specify where the money was to be obtained.

The debate was brief, and the estimates were adopted practically as submitted. The total appropriations by the government to defray the expenses of the province for the year ending Dec. 31, 1906, was $1,968,081.67.

The Daily Witness.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 9.

COUNCIL OF ST. LOUIS

The Last Batch of Grocers' Licenses Issued.

WOOD YARD QUESTION SETTLED —IMPROVED LETTER DELIVERY WANTED.

The Council of St. Louis met last night under the presidency of Mayor Gelinas, all the councillors being present except Mr. Chalifoux.

On the recommendation of the License Committee the remaining applications for grocers' licenses, fourteen in number, were granted, the necessary signatures having been obtained in all cases; and, on motion of Councillor Neville, an appropriation of $200 was voted to the License Committee for expenses in connection with the administration of the license law, and more particularly for the better observance of the clauses against selling liquor on Sunday.

Councillor Jubinville having reported that the special committee had visited the lot sold by the Corporation to Mr. L. Villeneuve, and that the cost of levelling the ground would be $50, an appropriation was made for the purpose and the work will be commenced at once, so as to enable Mr. Villeneuve to discontinue the use as a woodyard of the lot opposite Fairmount School.

Councillor Turcot called attention to the inconvenience of having only two deliveries of letters daily, and suggested that the council should ask the Postmaster-General to appoint one more letter-carrier for the town, so that mail matter could be delivered three times a day, namely, at 8 a.m., 1 p.m., and 5 p.m. He thought an improved service would be greatly appreciated by the public, and particularly by business men.

A long discussion followed on the question as to whether the secretary-treasurer was obliged to prepare the valuation roll.

It appeared from the discussion that when the question came up before the general committee of the council in the afternoon, Mr. Vincent had contended that under his engagement he was not bound to prepare the roll, and the matter had been left undecided by the committee.

Councillor Turcot wished to know what were the duties of the secretary-treasurer?

Mr. Vincent produced his written engagement in which it is stipulated that he shall fulfil the duties of secretary-treasurer of the municipality as the law requires. He read the clauses in the law to show that the preparation of the valuation roll was not mentioned as one of the duties which he had to perform as secretary-treasurer.

Mr. Turcot said that since the work of preparing the valuation roll was not mentioned in the law as one of the duties of the secretary-treasurer, he did not see how Mr. Vincent could be called upon to prepare it.

The Mayor said Mr. Vincent was amply paid to prepare this roll, and even if it is not specifically mentioned in the written engagement, Mr. Vincent should prepare the roll, if the council so desires, without asking for extra pay.

Mr. Turcot dissented from this view as there was a written engagement, and after a long discussion, moved that assessors be appointed to prepare the valuation roll.

Councillor Berubé suggested that the matter be postponed to next meeting, and Mr. Turcot having withdrawn his motion, the council adjourned.

ROYAL TEMPLAR INSURANCE

AN EASTERN TOWNSHIPS MAN WANTS AN INVESTIGATION.

A correspondent of the Sherbrooke 'Daily Record,' signing himself 'E. Townships,' calls for an investigation into the insurance department of the Royal Templars of Temperance. In a recent letter to that paper, he said in part:—

'I notice that a circular has recently been issued to the members of the Royal Templars of Temperance preparing them for an increase in their assessment rates in connection with their insurance department. As this institution has among its members a large number of Eastern Townships' people, I think it is only fair to ask if the working of the society is going to be investigated by the Royal Commission now in session.

'The circular says "we are face to face with the fact that our present income is no longer equal to our expenditure, and that if no change be introduced the disparity between the income and expenditure will become greater each year, so that our surplus must be exhausted in between two and three years."

'"What is the trouble?" the circular asks. In reply amongst other things, it goes on to say: "The trouble is not with our death rate, but with our inadequate income. In the past we have for the most part collected no more than the net current cost of insurance, on members at the early side of the period of expectation, and have made no adequate provision for the one-half of our risks that die beyond that period. Many of our members are not paying one-half of what it costs to carry them from year to year."

'A new scale of rates comes into effect on July 1, this is what the circular says regarding it: "The Dominion Council has applied the appropriate remedy (it was the Dominion Council that also brought into effect the very inadequate assessments condemned above, we must bear in mind) and on July 1 the tide will have turned and our order will rank at once among the safest and best of fraternal societies. It will also be the cheapest. Societies that charge less than we do are on an unsafe basis and must increase their rates or get into serious difficulty."

'I am indeed surprised at such a statement, for I have been told by organizers that the fraternal societies were all on a sound foundation, and that the regular insurance companies were simply robbing the people by their higher rates. I am now at a loss to reconcile these two statements.

'Toward the close of the circular already referred to this is quoted: "The members of the Dominion Council are laboring for the permanent welfare of the order. They place no burden upon you that they must not themselves share. One member (who supported the changes) must pay an increased annual assessment of $55; another $62; another a still higher increase. Do men thus tax themselves to promote a fad? Would they bring themselves to the new tables did they not see it is to be equitable, and a necessity?"

'Is this not an alarming situation and one that emphatically calls for inquiry?'

Mr. J. H. Spicer, grand councillor for the Province of Quebec, when shown this letter, said there was no necessity for anxiety on the part of 'E. Townships.' In the first place the correspondent could get all the explanation he needed as to Royal Templar finances from Mr. T. G. Weston, grand organizer, whose home is in Sherbrooke. Or, he could write to Dr. Emory, Dominion secretary, at Hamilton, who would be pleased to answer any questions. Should this not be satisfactory, Mr. Spicer advises 'Eastern Townships' to write direct to Dr. Hunter. Ontario inspector of insurance, for his opinion on the subject. In fact, Dr. Hunter is quoted in the circular that 'E. Townships' has, in part, quoted from. The paragraph is as follows:—

'We may say that before the meeting of the Dominion Council, the proposals of the Committee on Rates were submitted to Dr. J. Howard Hunter, Registrar of Friendly Societies, and obtained his unqualified and written endorsement. He writes, "The present financial position of the society renders it imperative that the question of elderly lives be dealt with, and taking the whole proposed scheme together. . . it seems to me, under all the circumstances, reasonable and equitable.' Dr. Hunter, at the same time, expressed doubt as to the legality of the 'lien' option. The Dominion Council considered it such a valuable feature to elderly members that it adopted it subject to the determination of its legal status. It should also be stated after the submission of the scheme to Dr. Hunter, some details were modified, but no principle of action was changed, except in the matter of the "lien" option.'

Another paragraph in this circular (which was compiled by the Rev. Wm. Kettlewell, chairman of the Committee on Rates, at the request of the Dominion Council), Mr. Spicer thinks should not have passed 'E. T.' unnoticed. It is this:—

'Your officers have advanced, not as rapidly as they desired, but as fast as you would support them, and cannot justly be held responsible for the inadequacy of our past rates. Neither can those who have pressed for these changes be held to account for the statements of agents and others, made, doubtless in good faith, that the rates of 1900 were adequate, for we distinctly expressed the contrary opinion at the Dominion Council of 1900, and accepted them only as a temporary compromise. Of course these officers could have initiated a systematic agitation in our Select Councils and through the press, but would not such a course have been fatal to the very existence of the order?'

'To fill in another paragraph of the circular from which "E. Townships" has culled, to suit his purposes, the following quotation should be given: "The tables of the National Fraternal Congress, based upon the actual experience of fraternal societies and life insurance companies, would lead us to expect that during the past six years we would lose 453 members by death. Our actual loss has been 380. The experience of the temperance department of the United Kingdom Temperance and General Insurance Company would have led us to expect 385, thus vindicating at once the value of temperance lives and the accuracy of our own forecast. The trouble is not with our death rate, but with our inadequate income," etc.

'If "E. T." wanted to be fair to the public,' added Mr. Spicer, 'he should have stated that the increase in the rates to younger members is trifling, and that the average of rates is not out of reason—in fact, not as high yet as some other similar societies are or will have to be.'

Finally, arrangements have been made for Mr. A. M. Featherston, who is a recognized authority on fraternal insurance, to visit Montreal on May 18 to explain all about the rates for the satisfaction of the members of the order and others who may be interested in the matter. Mr. Featherston will also visit Sherbrooke on May 16 and be prepared to answer all enquiries from 'E. Townships' members of the order and others.

THURSDAY'S

ILLUSTRATED WITNESS.

Pictures of the Prince,

Ravenscrag and Royal Apartments,

The Horse Show,

Her Ladyship's Elephant

and Four Lovers,

A Novelette that will

Delight Everyone.

All the Latest News.

Thursday's Illustrated Witness

Only ONE Cent.

FROM 'WITNESS' FILES

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Referring to the anarchist disturbances in Chicago a few days previously, Archbishop Gibbons (now Cardinal), speaking at the dedication of a new church in Baltimore, said the Government of the United States welcomed to their shores foreigners from every part of Europe, and to all guaranteed equal rights. But while the great bulk of the immigrants were honest, law-abiding men, yet there was a small, dangerous minority, anarchists, socialists, and nihilists, who were land pirates who preyed upon the trade and industry of the country, and who, instead of blessing the mother who opened her arms to receive them, insulted and struck her. Their favorite weapon was dynamite, and if they had their way industry would be paralyzed, honest labor would be unrewarded, and gaunt poverty would stalk over the land. They wished the lion's share for themselves, and would leave only a morsel for others. He exhorted the people to beware of dangerous and forbidden societies, to beware of demagogues, and to be ready to grant to others the same liberty and tolerance they expected for themselves.

FORTY YEARS AGO.

A series of meetings were held in Nova Scotia to protest against Confederation. The minority in both branches of the Legislature agreed on an address to Her Majesty signed by five members of the Council and eighteen members of the Assembly setting forth that the people of Nova Scotia were perfectly contented with their existing institutions, and were indisposed to try rash experiments; that they viewed with just alarm 'a scheme of Confederation arranged by certain gentlemen at Quebec in 1864, without any authority from the Legislatures of the Maritime Provinces, and sought to be forced upon them with indecent haste, and without that deliberate review and general acceptance which can alone reconcile any free people to great constitutional changes.'

ENDED HIS LIFE WHILE INSANE.

Strassburg, Sask., May 8.—On Monday, while Mr. W. Schrooder was hunting for his cattle, he came across a man's body on a bluff about three miles south of the town. Upon investigation, it was found to be that of Mr. Adolph Schmidt, who disappeared from his home in October last. Mr. Schroder reported the matter to Coroner Hotham, and an inquest was held on Tuesday. After hearing the evidence, Mr. G. V. Pollock, chairman of the jury, brought in the verdict that deceased came to his death by hanging himself while temporarily insane.

WILL SPOIL NIAGARA

SO SAYS MR. J. H. McFARLAND, REGARDING PROPOSAL OF WATERWAYS COMMISSION.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 9.—Mr. J. Horace McFarland, of this city, president of the American Civic Association, which organization has lead the effort for the preservation of Niagara Falls, made a statement to-day regarding the report of the International Waterways Commission transmitted to Congress on Monday by President Roosevelt. He said:

'This report merely reiterates the recommendations of the American section of the Waterways Commission as transmitted to Congress on March 27, against which we protested to Mr. Roosevelt on April 4. The report recommends the appropriation of a total diversion of Niagara water of 64,500 cubic feet per second, which is forty percent of the minimum flow of the falls, and would, in the opinion of all but the power companies and the Waterways Commission, seriously damage the great cataract as a scenic feature.

'After careful study, and after consultation with Mr. Roosevelt, this report was disregarded by Mr. Burton, chairman of the Rivers and Harbors Committee of the House of Representatives, who framed the Niagara preservation act, now known as the Burton-Lodge bill. This bill, upon which many hearings have been had, stops the Niagara destruction at the present point, and by prohibiting the importation of Niagara-made electric power from Canada, would restrain Canadian diversion. It would be operative for three years only, giving time for diplomatic action without permitting the destruction of Niagara to continue meanwhile.

'The report of the International Waterways Commission is hard to understand, if the commissioners believe what they assert, that it would be a sacrilege to destroy the scenic effect of Niagara Falls. Saying this, they yet propose to bleed forty percent from the falls, giving full vitality to all existing franchises, except one, and that one an American franchise. It is as if they proposed to allow as many mosquitoes to sting a defenceless man as they thought he could stand without tumbling over.

'We will renew our protest to President Roosevelt at once against this vicious report, so favorable to the Niagara grabbers, and so dangerous to the falls. We have advices from all over America that lead us to believe that the people want the falls preserved unharmed and not tapped for private gain to the danger point, or beyond.'

Mr. McFarland said that letters in his possession assured strong congressional support to the Burton-Lodge bill.

TWO DERELICTS

ONE SCHOONER MENACES ATLANTIC NAVIGATION—ANOTHER IN LAKE ERIE.

Norfolk, Va., May 9.—Captain Abrahamson, of the Norwegian steamer 'Ole Bull,' which arrived in port on Tuesday, has reported at the Hydrographic Office that he passed, twenty miles south by east of Cape Henry, a derelict schooner, whose masts were hanging over the sides of the vessel; that her sails were patched, and that there was no name by which she might be identified. The same wreck has been reported several times, and is one of the most dangerous derelicts that has been in the path of coastwise navigation for some time. The schooner is believed by mariners to have been the victim of one of the fierce storms of last winter. The fate of the crew is unknown.

ANOTHER DERELICT.

Detroit, Mich., May 9.—The steamer 'Robert Wallace,' passing up the river last night, reported a derelict schooner near the South-east Shoal lightship, Lake Erie, which is a menace to passing vessels. The derelict is probably the waterlogged schooner from which the steamer 'Fayette Brown' rescued three men and took them to Erie, Pa.

MANITOBA PRESBYTERIANS

LORD'S DAY BILL ENDORSED—GENERAL ASSEMBLY INVITED TO WINNIPEG IN 1907.

Winnipeg, Man., May 8.—The Presbytery to-day passed a resolution endorsing the Lord's Day Observance Bill which is at present before parliament. They also extended an invitation to the General Assembly to meet here in 1907.

A CHICAGO CHURCH UNION.

Chicago, May 9.—A proposed union of the Congregational denomination with the United Brethren and the Methodist Protestant denominations was the subject of a spirited discussion by delegates to the General Congregational Meeting in Oak Park yesterday. The radical Congregationalists opposed anything that would tend to encroach upon freedom of thought and action in the local councils. The more conservative delegates held that uniform method of co-operation in Congregational church work was needed. A resolution was adopted which provides for a union of the churches along general lines, but with some well defined restrictions.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

The 'Empress' Special Train.—On Saturday, May 19th, a magnificent train, consisting of first and second class coaches and parlor cars, will leave Windsor station at 8.40 a.m., arriving in Quebec at the dock beside the new 'Empress of Britain' at 1.00 p.m. This service will no doubt be much appreciated by the 'Empress' passengers, as it will land them at steamship dock, and they will not be obliged to transfer themselves or their baggage in Quebec city.

PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD

Session Resumed in Knox Church Ottawa

MEMBERS OBJECT TO POSING FOR PHOTO REPRODUCTION IN SUNDAY NEWSPAPER.

(See also Page 7.)

Ottawa, May 9.—The session of the Presbyterian Synod of the districts of Montreal and Ottawa was resumed in Knox Church this morning, the newly-elected moderator, the Rev. Robert Gamble, presiding. As yet business of but minor importance has come up, the various committees not having their reports ready for presentation. The only report presented to-day was that on the Sunday-school work during the past year. The Rev. W. W. Peck, of Arnprior, presented the report. While some aspects of the work showed advancement, general regret was expressed at the small amount given by the Sunday-schools to missions. The total amount was only about six thousand dollars.

The Presbytery of Glengarry made the best showing of any and Brockville next. A recommendation was adopted that steps be taken during the ensuing year to make a much better showing at the next synod meeting.

Before adjournment the suggestion was made that the synod be photographed, as certain newspapers desired it. Objection was raised, however, as one of those mentioned was a Sunday newspaper. The synod expressed itself against being reproduced in any such a paper. The weather, however, interfered and no photograph was possible.

DYNAMITERS AT METZ

MEN ARRESTED AND EXPLOSIVES FOUND NEAR THE GERMAN IMPERIAL PALACE.

London, May 9.—A despatch to the Central News from Berlin says that five anarchists charged with high treason have been arrested at Urville, near Metz. The men had explosives in their possession and a quantity of dynamite was found near the Imperial Palace, where the Emperor William is expected to arrive to-morrow.

SABBATH OBSERVANCE

SPECIAL PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE RECEIVE REPORTS FROM TRANSPORTATION INTERESTS AND LORD'S DAY ALLIANCE.

Ottawa, May 9.—The special committee of parliament on the government's Sunday observance legislation received reports to-day from the transportation interests and representations of the Lord's Day Alliance, showing that these parties found it impossible to reach any common understanding as to the provisions that the bill should contain. The railway representatives reported that 'the Alliance were not prepared to make any practical concessions, and that it was no use prolonging the conference as no tangible results could be attained.'

The Alliance offered to allow all freight trains in transit when Sunday began to continue to their destination. (2) To allow loading and unloading of merchandise at intermediate points for passenger boats and trains. (3) To allow railways to keep their track free of snow and ice and to patrol their tracks. (4) To allow the loading and unloading of ocean steamers so as not to interfere with scheduled sailings. (5) To permit yard crews to work under certain restrictions; and (6) To provide that men working on Sundays be guaranteed by statute one day of rest per week and also double pay for their Sunday work.

The Alliance delegates think these proposals go as far as public opinion would warrant, and would meet with the approval of the public generally, 'which consider the attitude of the transportation companies unreasonable and indefensible. They would be hailed, they added, with great delight by the workmen of the whole country and would tend to keep down to the actual minimum Sunday work classed by employers as 'work of necessity.'

THE PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

MR. G. T. MERVIN, OF MONTREAL, EXAMINED REGARDING LIGHTING SUPPLIES TO MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, May 9.—Mr. George T. Mervin, of Montreal, was examined by the Public Accounts Committee to-day in regard to the sale of some $200,000 worth of lighting supplies to the Marine Department. He represented, he said, a New York firm which handled the only articles of this kind available. The buoys were sold without tenders. Opposition members endeavored to prove by their examination of Mr. Merivin that the prices paid for these supplies were excessive.

SAN DOMINGO AUTHORITIES MISTAKEN.

San Domingo, May 9.—Investigation shows that the authorities were mistaken in believing that they discovered a plot to assassinate President Caceres as he was leaving the theatre. The persons arrested in connection on May 6, with the alleged conspiracy, have been released. Quiet reigns in this city and its vicinity, and business is improving.

INSPECTOR COMING.

An Ottawa despatch says that Mr. Ed. C. Lalone, inspector of accidents for the Railway Commission will visit Montreal this afternoon to hold an investigation into the collision at St. Patrick street crossing between a Montreal street car and a Grand Trunk Railway freight train, which occurred last Saturday.

HORSE SHOW

AWARDS IN FOUR CLASSES THIS MORNING.

There was a very slim attendance at the Arena this morning to witness the judging of the first four classes of the Horse Show. The greatest amount of interest was shown in the last of the classes to be judged, when eleven green hunters were put through their paces and sent over the hurdles. The awards went entirely to Ontario horses in this class.

Class 4, the first on the programme, had only four entries, one from Montreal, two from Howick, Que., and one from River Beaudette, Que. The awards were:—1. ($60) 'The Rejected,' black stallion, exhibited by Robert Ness, Howick, Que. 2. ($30) 'Vivacity,' bay stallion, George D. McRae, River Beaudette, Que. 3. ($15) 'King o' Scotland,' brown stallion, Roch Marien, Montreal.

Class 5—Ten entries.—For the best three-year-old mare or gelding bred in the Province of Quebec, likely to make a saddle horse or hunter:

1. ($30) 'Baby Bunt,' chestnut gelding, exhibited by Walter R. Shields, Vide St. Paul.

2. ($20) 'Mignonette,' chestnut mare, William V. Henderson, Sault au Recollet.

3. ($10) 'Annie Rae,' bay mare, William Newman, Outremont, Que.

Highly commended—'Monarque,' brown gelding, William V. Henderson, Sault au Recollet.

Class 12.—Single light draught horse, best suited for general delivery, to be shown in harness to express waggon.

1. ($25), 'Royal,' bay gelding, exhibited by the Canadian Transfer Company, Ltd.

2. ($15), 'Billy,' bay gelding, Eagle Foundry Co., Montreal.

3. (10), 'General,' chestnut gelding, S. Carsley Co., Ltd.

Highly commended, 'Kitchener,' bay gelding, S. Carsley Co., Ltd.

Class 40.—Green hunters (light weight) up to carrying 150 to 168 pounds to hounds.

1. ($60), 'Land's End,' brown gelding, exhibited by Gordon J. Henderson, of Hamilton.

2. ($30), 'Jenny Lind,' bay mare, Crow and Murray, Toronto.

3. ($15), 'May Queen,' bay mare, Joseph Kilgour, Toronto.

Highly commended, 'Heatherbelle,' bay mare, exhibited by Mrs. Adam Beck, London, Ont.

THE ESCAPE OF CHALABRAN

NO TRACE OF CONVICT MISSING FROM THE KINGSTON PENITENTIARY.

Kingston, Ont., May 9.—No trace, so far, has been obtained of the escaped convict, Chalabran, alias Chartrand, who escaped from the Kingston penitentiary on Tuesday morning. A fuller description of the marks on the man have been issued. A large oval-shaped mark, six inches long, is on his right leg, below the knee, to the right side. He also has a small scar near the crown of the head. The escape of the murderer Chalabran from the penitentiary was the most daring and puzzling that has occurred at the institution in a quarter of a century. The manner in which the convict got away was so plain that the prison authorities can scarcely realize that one shut in a cell could have got clear away as Chalabran did.

On Monday night Guard James A. Fegg was on duty in the insane ward where the murderer was domiciled. Every hour he passed the cell, and wound the clock which is just alongside. Nothing within indicated that the convict was other than asleep on his cot. When it was discovered that the bird had flown it was seen that a kind of dummy had been put in the cot, and this appeared like the sleeper. Just the hour that Chalabran took his departure it would be difficult to say. He may have got away before midnight, or perhaps some hours later. After filing through the window bars, the murderer took off the pulley ropes on which the window worked. These he tied together, and on the end he fastened the handle of his pail, which served as a hook. Placing the hook around one of the solid bars, he let go the rope, and slid down from his third-story window to the ground. Around the insane ward there is an eight-foot wall. This, Chalabran scaled with ease. Then he had to go across the lighted yard to the high western wall, but he succeeded in getting over this, carrying his rope and hook along with him. After getting down from this wall, he was unable to release the rope and hook, and consequently left them to tell the direction of his flight. It is thought that he went inland, and guards have been scouring the district all day. When the detectives were after him before he hid in a swamp, and any swamps in the district will be closely watched. Chalabran was sentenced on Nov. 23, 1904. The convict took with him a shabby old coat that he had been accustomed to wear around. His boots were left on his cot. The lunatic was originally from Montreal. He was half Indian and French. He drifted to Ottawa and then to the 'Soo.'

Inspector Stewart has arrived at the penitentiary to make an investigation, which will be private. A report spread here to-day that Chalabran was seen crossing the St. Lawrence at Brockville. He was very cunning, and immediate capture is considered improbable.

'FINDERS, KEEPERS.'

Kingston, Ont., May 7.—When Feldman, the fur burglar, was changing his clothing at the penitentiary for the prison garb, twenty dollars in bills was found upon his person. When a prisoner secretly carries money into the penitentiary, and if the money be found upon him, it becomes the property of the finder. To the penitentiary tailor belongs the spoil.

INSURANCE ENQUIRY

MESSRS. EVANS AND CARRIE, OF THE UNION LIFE, AGAIN UNDER EXAMINATION.

(See also Page 13.)

Toronto, May 9.—Mr. H. P. Evans, president of the Union Life Company, and Mr. A. H. Carrie, bookkeeper of the company, were again in the witness box at the insurance enquiry this morning.

Mr. Tilley, government counsel, asked Mr. Evans to explain a large number of entries in the ledger in the name of Messrs. Tolten and Armstrong.

The witness said that Mr. Tolten was a shareholder.

'Was the account kept as a sort of clearing house for the National Agency Company?' asked Mr. Tilley.

'Not that I know of,' replied Mr. Evans.

Some of the other entries Mr. Tilley termed the strangest. He thought they should have been put in Mr. Evans's account.

Mr. Carrie explained that the original ledger of the National Agency was the one in court. It had become too crowded as the business increased, and, to save space, the ledger originally opened had been used for entering transfers which were going through. It became a transfer account for accommodation purposes. A new ledger, he said, had been started last January, which cleared up the crowded accounts.

Mr. Kent—'Are there any other accounts which contain items that do not belong to them?'

Mr. Carrie—'Yes.'

Mr. Kent—'Then they may mean anything.'

Witness did not like this deduction, and pointed out that he was only referring to those used as suspense accounts and those not balanced.

Mr. Tilley examined Mr. Evans regarding the by-laws passed by the National Agency Company, particularly about the one which stated that shareholders could not vote by proxy unless they gave a notice of thirty days previous to a general meeting, or that three months' notice must be given if a shareholder wished to pass a resolution. The witness, after much questioning, admitted that the directors wished three months, so that they could consider resolutions beforehand, and know the rating power of the shareholders.

MME. SARAH BERNHARDT

APPEARS IN A BEER AND CONCERT DANCE HALL IN SEATTLE BEFORE 1,500 PERSONS.

Seattle, Wash., May 9.—Sarah Bernhardt played to 1,500 persons in a beer and concert dance hall in Leschi Park, situated three miles out of the city, last night. The first ten rows of seats were chairs, and the remainder camp-stools. The choice of this place as an auditorium was rendered necessary by the fight against the Theatrical Trust, which controls all the theatres in Seattle.

SHERRING'S GREAT VICTORY.

(To the Editor of the 'Witness.')

Sir,—Every Canadian must feel proud of Sherring's great victory. I am sorry he does not belong to Montreal, but belonging to Canada is next best. What rewards his native city and province will shower upon this gritty lad I do not know, but this is, as a national triumph, a matter for the Federal House, and I would suggest that the Dominion Parliament vote him at least ten thousand dollars, and that his homeward trip include London, where our own Strathcona will see that he is properly treated; then have him land at a Canadian port, Montreal preferred, have a strong committee from the Montreal, Shamrock and other athletic associations, combine with our Mayor and Council to give him a welcome here for all Canada, with also some tangible expression of our joy in his (and our) triumph, let us not be mean with this plucky Canadian lad who, in the face of such tremendous odds, carried off this athletic Prix de Luxe and brought honor and glory to his own maple leaf. SANDY.

KING EDWARD AS A GARDEN LOVER.

Close to the entrance to the garden of Osborne House, with its glorious flower-beds, its terraces, lawns, and shady walks, there is (or was some time ago, when the writer saw it) a small tool-house built nearly half a century ago by our present King and his brother, Prince Alfred; and carefully preserved in it are the tools, wheelbarrows, and waggons used by His Majesty, his brothers and sisters, in their enthusiastic gardening days as children, each set of implements bearing the initials of his royal owner.

In those distant days probably no boy in Great Britain took a keener delight in gardening than King Edward; and that this childish taste is as strong as ever to-day was evidenced a few weeks ago, when His Majesty motored down from London to Frogmore to spend a few hours in the magnificent gardens there, and to see the various improvements that have been carried out by his directions.

Probably nowhere in England will you find more beautiful or better-kept gardens than these at Frogmore, in which King Edward spends many a happy summer hour, and which are his own special pride and care. It was in this peaceful and lovely environment that Queen Victoria found her favorite retreat from the world whenever she was in residence at Windsor, and Queen Charlotte, who did so much by the planting of ornamental trees to beautify the place, used to declare it was 'the sweetest and most restful spot' she knew.

Apart from the prodigal and gorgeous display of flowers, especially the King's favorite Malmaisons, violets, and roses, Frogmore supplies in enormous quantities the fruits and vegetables required for the Royal palaces. Some idea of the scale upon which vegetables are grown there may be gathered from the fact that the rows of peas if placed in one continuous line, would stretch from Buckingham Palace to the Tower of London; while the grapes, peaches, nectarines, and other fruits, which are grown literally by the ton, are of almost unrivalled beauty and lusciousness.

The gardens of Buckingham Palace and Marlborough House are stately and beautiful; but for the King they have never possessed a fraction of the fascination of those at Sandringham, which are so full of happy associations for him and the Queen. These gardens are naturally peculiarly dear to their Majesties, for they have grown from infancy to mature beauty under their own fostering care.

'Larger and finer pleasure grounds than those of Sandringham scores of the King's subjects may possess,' writes a Norfolk neighbor, 'but as you pass from the long vista of the mansion, glowing comfortably red amid its variegated creepers, and flanked by noble shrubberies, the winding pathway leads you down to the gracious water which, here widening to bear tree-clustered islands, there narrowing to the span of a rustic bridge, becomes at last a mere hillside trickle, crossed by rough stepping-stones, and fringed even in winter with the feathery grace of bamboos and the warm glow of blooming heather.'

To the loveliness of these peaceful Sandringham gardens there is not space to do any kind of justice—to the exquisite Italian garden, with its lake in a jewelled setting of flowers; to the Alpine garden, with its wealth of rare plants and its artificial rockery, fern-draped and bedewed with water from a cascade which tumbles down the rocks; to the Queen's own garden, with its ivy-clad, rose-clustered dairy, in which the Queen and her daughters spend so many ideally happy mornings in the delights of butter-making, and where the King loves to drink afternoon tea; and to the wild garden from which the gardners are banished so that Nature may have undisturbed sway, and in which Queen Alexandra gathered every morning the primroses she used to send to Queen Victoria, who declared that no primroses were so sweet as those grown at Sandringham.

Then there are the gardens, twenty-four acres in extent, where fruit trees, marvellously trained and trimmed, are now beautiful with blossom, and where vegetables are grown in quantities almost sufficient to feed a small army—two bushels of spinach is the daily quantity required all the year round. In a glass-house, two hundred feet long, are raised violets of every hue; while everywhere are glorious banks of roses. So extremely fond is Queen Alexandra of pink China roses that ten thousand plants of the variety Armosa were planted one recent autumn, and a similar quantity the year before; while from a single bank ten thousand blooms have been gathered in one morning.—London 'Tit-Bits.'

'DONT'S' FROM A STOVE REPAIRER.

A few dont's furnished by a stove dealer, who is frequently called upon for repairs, may assist the novice.

Don't heat a stove rapidly the first time.

Don't pile the coal above the top of the firebox, nor allow the top of the stove to get red hot. It warps and cracks the covers.

Don't let your grate get clogged. Shake often and keep free from cinders and ashes.

Don't let ashes remain in the ash-pan. They absorb the heat, cool the oven, and check the draught.

Don't let clinkers remain fastened in the firebox. If the box is brick-lined drop an oyster shell in the fire occasionally, when burning briskly, and the shell will clean off the brick.

Don't 'rush' the range with the oven draught open. You use too much fuel and burn out the range too fast.

Don't let the smoke draught stand open, except when fresh coal is put on. Heat that goes up the chimney is so much good money burned.

Don't burn the wet garbage in the stove. Dry it first. Otherwise steam is generated, and the moisture will injure the firebox.

Don't set leaky vessels or spill cold water on the range. The cold coming in contact with the heated metal will crack it. To get off spots when there has been a bad 'spill over,' cool the lids by changing them; or putting on coal. Clean with paper and finish with a scraper.

Don't let the reservoir covers stand open, as it rusts the iron and stains the hinges.

Don't let soot accumulate in flue. Scrape off all soot that hangs to the oven bottom. Pull all soot toward you, and be careful not to push it back into the flue.

COLONIAL HOUSE,
PHILLIPS SQUARE

BLANKETS! BLANKETS!

Special purchase of fine Scotch Blankets, very much under present prices.

Silver Department

SPECIALS IN CUTLERY, such as Knives, Forks, Spoons, Meat Carvers, Game and Fish Carvers, Ladles of all kinds, Berry Spoons, Cold Meat Forks, etc., etc., at liberal discounts.

Two Special Tables of goods at Half-Price, consisting of Clocks, Ornaments, Vases, Lamps, etc., etc., suitable for wedding gifts.

A LEADER.—Nickel Lamp, 12 inch, centre draft burner, complete with opal shade, 10 in., at $2.35; complete with green shade, 10 in., at $2.85.

GLASSWARE.

SUITABLE FOR SUMMER RESIDENCES.

Special line of Glass Vases, Dishes, Nappies, etc., etc., Half-Price.

Special Cut Glass Bowl, 8 in., regular $7.00, for $4.00.

Special Cut Glass Bowl, 9 in., regular $10.00, for $6.50.

Full lines of Pressed Glass Ware, such as Butter Dishes, Sugar Bowls, Bowls, Fruit Dishes, etc., etc., at reduced prices.

300 doz. asst. lines of Tumblers, less 25 percent.

China Department

SUITABLE FOR SUMMER RESIDENCES.

Odd lines in Toilet Sets, Dinner Sets, Tea Sets

Odd lines in Fancy Cups and Saucers.

6 Slightly Damaged Dinner Sets, at Half-Price.

3 Special Tables, 50c, $1.00 and $2.00, with greatest values yet offered of discontinued lines of Vases, Ornaments, Dishes, etc.

225 Complete Toilet Sets at Half-Price.

5 Percent Discount for Cash.

HENRY MORGAN & CO.
MONTREAL.

Have You Room For A Grand Piano?

If so, this will interest you.

STEINWAY PARLOR GRAND, 7 Octaves, thoroughly repaired, excellent tone, action in perfect condition. Cost when new, $1,000. Price now $300

CHICKERING PARLOR GRAND, 7 1-3 Octaves, good tone, touch and action in good condition. Cost when new, $900. Price now $200

ROSENCRANZ PARLOR GRAND, 7 1-3 Octaves, good tone, good action. Cost when new, $750. .. .. Price now $175

These are especially adapted for a country home, a music studio, a Musical Society or a Club where music is desired.

NORDHEIMER'S,
Established 1840.
589 St. Catherine Street West.

Weekly Calendar.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 9.

HORSE SHOW.

ARENA  ARENA

NOW OPEN.

MORNINGS at 10.30.	AFTER-NOONS at 2.45.	EVENINGS at 8.15.
Admission. 25c.	Admission. 25c and 50c.	Admission. 25c and 50c. Reserved Seats, $1.00.

Reserved seats and Season Badges now on sale at "Star" Branch office.

Judged TO-NIGHT. Judging Combination Saddle and Harness Horses, Officers' Mounts, Horses and best appointed Runabouts. Horses in Harness (pairs). Jumpers over three successive Jumps—4 feet, 4 feet 6 inches and five feet.

KARN HALL 468 St. Catherine West TEL UP 775.

Summer Season—This Afternoon and Every Afternoon at 2.15. Every Evening at 8.15

"OUIMETOSCOPE"

Up-to-date Moving Pictures Illustrated Songs by "Bob Price."
Prices—Afternoon, 10c, 15c; Evening, 10c, 15c, 25c. 200 seats for Ladies and Children at 10c.

STANLEY HALL.

TO-NIGHT, 8.15 p.m.

COMETA and Her Clever Company.

Prices—25c, 35c, 50c. Mats. 10c and 25c.
Ladies' Matinees, Wednesday and Saturday.
The mystery of mysteries. Ask Cometa anything you want to know. She will find lost friends, money, etc., etc.
Don't miss this.

THURSDAY, MAY 10.

3rd V. R. C.
Orders by the O. C.

The Regiment will parade at the Armory, Cathcart street, on THURSDAY May 10th, at 8.15 p.m., for Commanding Officer's inspection.
Uniform—Review Order.
Both Bands, Maxim Gun Detachment and Stretcher-Bearer Section to attend.
By order,
H. F. C. STIKEMAN,
Captain and Adjutant.

A MOTHERS' PRAYER MEETING

will be held at the Young Women's Christian Association, 502 Dorchester street, west,

On THURSDAY, May 10,

at 10.30 a.m. All women interested in the welfare of the young are cordially invited.

FUTURE MEETINGS.

Art Association

PHILLIPS SQUARE.

COUNTRY SKETCHING CLUB

Under the direction of M. EDMOND DYONNET, R.C.A., will open at STE. ADELE on FRIDAY, May 25th, if a sufficient number of pupils apply; and will close about the 9th June, 1906.
Apply promptly to the Secretary.

MAILS FOR GREAT BRITAIN, and EUROPE, CLOSE AT MONTREAL.

May.			Per SS.	
9	9.30	a.m.	"	Amerika, H. Amer.
a10	6.00	p.m.	"	Virginian, Allan.
11	9.30	a.m.	"	Lucania, Cunard.
14	9.30	a.m.	"	K. Wilhelm der Grosse, N.G. Lloyd.
*14	6.00	p.m.	"	" Supplementary.
15	9.30	a.m.	"	Majestic, White Star.
*15	6.00	p.m.	"	" Supplementary.
16	9.30	a.m.	"	Blucher, H. Amer.
a17	6.00	p.m.	"	Tunisian, Allan.
18	9.30	a.m.	"	Umbria, Cunard.
*18	6.00	p.m.	"	" Supplementary.
21	9.30	a.m.	"	K. Wilhelm II., N.G. Lloyd.
22	9.30	a.m.	"	Oceanic, White Star.
*22	6.00	p.m.	"	" Supplementary.
*23	6.00	p.m.	"	K. Aug. Victoria, H. Amer.
a24	6.00	p.m.	"	Victorian, Allan.
25	9.30	a.m.	"	Campania, Cunard.
*25	6.00	p.m.	"	" Supplementary.
28	9.30	a.m.	"	Teutonic, White Star.
*29	6.00	p.m.	"	" Supplementary.
30	9.30	a.m.	"	Deutschland, H. Amer.
*30	6.00	p.m.	"	" Supplementary.
a31	6.00	p.m.	"	Ionian, Allan.

*Letters may be posted up to 6.00 p.m. Other matter should be posted before 5 p.m. Registered before 5.30 p.m.
(a) Parcels (per Parcel Post) are forwarded by the Allan steamer, the last time of mailing being 5.30 p.m. on Thursdays.

PIANO PEOPLE DINE.

Last evening the city employees of Willis & Co., Limited, to the number of about fifty, assembled in Welsh's banquet hall, St. Peter street, where dinner was served. Mr. A. P. Willis, president, presided, and Mr. R. A. Willis, vice-president, was toast master. The chairman proposed the toast to the King. The toast to the president of the company was spoken to by Messrs. Delfosse, Sharpe, W. A. Willis, Dallaire, Brown, Gilbert, Duncan, and Reyner. 'The Ladies' by Mr. Delfosse and Mr. Sharpe. Messrs. Sharpe, Duncan, Coté, McDowell, Meyer, Hervieux, and Perrault, and Hatch, gave musical selections and sang songs until nearly midnight, when the company broke up.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE

BASEBALL

MONTREALS LOSE THIRD GAME TO NEWARK.

Newark, May 8.—The last game of the series between the local team and Montreal was played this afternoon, the result being three runs to two in favor of Newark. Montreal opened the score in the third when George Bannon put one clean over the left field fence for a home run. Hartman then went to first on balls; Mattern fanned, Jimmy Bannon sent one to the left field fence for two bags, putting Hartman round to third; Wagner and Jim Connor, however, went out without giving him a chance to bring the run in, the former fanning, and the latter putting up an easy catch to Malay.

Newark started to notch in the fourth, two consecutive doubles by Brown and Jones doing the trick.

Two more runs were scored in the fifth; Malay fanned, but Engle lined out a single, and stole second. Cockman was passed up to first; Mahling was out on a fly, and then Gatins was passed up. Brown hit to Jim Connor, who failed to return the ball in time to prevent Engle reaching home, and Brown first base. Then Cockman romped home with what proved to be the winning run.

Montreal showed symptoms of a feverish desire to score in the fifth and seventh. In the latter inning, Massey got to first on four wide ones, Huelsman being already out. Massey, however, was forced out at second on Joe Connor's play, and then G. Bannon fanned.

In the ninth, with one man out, Tuelsman was struck with a pitched ball, and took first base. Massey drove one that Gatins fumbled, and filled up the first two bags. Then Joe Connor flied out, but George Bannon drove one to centre, and scored Huelsman from second.

Th Royals used a new man in the box, Mattern, formerly with Rochester, and later with Indianapolis, in the American Association. But for the errors in the field Mattern would almost certainly have won the game for the Royals. As it was, he showed himself to be a pitcher of considerable control, and has a choice variety of deliveries.

Score:—

NEWARK.

	A.B	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Malay, cf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Engle, rf	3	1	2	2	0	0
Cockman, 3b	3	1	1	1	4	0
Mahling, 2b	4	0	1	2	5	1
Gatins, ss	3	0	0	0	5	1
Brown, 1b	4	1	1	15	0	0
Jones, lf	4	0	2	1	0	0
McCauley, c	4	0	0	4	0	0
Carrick, p	3	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	31	3	7	27	16	2

MONTREAL.

	A.B	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
J. Bannon, cf	4	0	2	1	2	0
Wagner, 3b	4	0	0	2	4	0
Connors, 2b	4	0	0	1	3	1
Huelsman, rf	3	1	0	0	0	0
Massey, 1b	3	0	0	11	1	0
Connor, c	4	0	0	6	0	1
G. Bannon, lf	4	1	3	2	0	0
Hartman, ss	2	0	0	1	3	1
Mattorn, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
xGoode	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	32	2	5	24	13	3

x Batted for Hartman in ninth.

Score by innings—
Newark .. ..0 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 x—3
Montreal .. ..0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—2

Summary—Two base hits, Brown, Jones, J. Bannon. Home runs, G. Bannon. Sacrifice hit, Engle. Stolen bases, Engle, Mahling. Bases on balls, by Carrick, 2; by Mattern, 3. Struck out, by Carrick, 3; by Matern, 5. Hit by pitcher, by Carrick, 1. Bases on errors, Newark, 2; Montreal, 2. Left on bases, Newark, 8; Montreal, 6. Double plays, Carrick to Brown, Gatins to Mahling to Brown. Time, 1.55. Umpire, Moran.

BANNON PAYS UP.

Buffalo, May 8.—President Taylor, of the Eastern League, said to-day that the fine imposed upon Manager Bannon, of the Montreal Club, for taking his team off the field at Jersey City, had been adjusted. He also stated that Catcher Toft, of Toronto, had been fined for using bad language to the umpire in Providence last Sunday.

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

At Jersey City—

			R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1	2	7	3
Buffalo	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2	3	5	3

Batteries—Merritt and Vandergrift; Kissinger and McManus.

At Providence—

			R.	H.	E.
Providence	0	0 3 1 0 0 0 0 x	4	4	0
Toronto	0	0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0	2	12	4

Batteries—Poole and Cooper; Mitchell and Toft.

At Baltimore—

			R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0	2	8	2
Rochester	0	0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0	3	6	2

Batteries—Starkell and Hearne; McLean and Steelman.

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Newark	7	3	.700
Providence	7	3	.700
Buffalo	7	3	.700
Baltimore	5	5	.500
Rochester	4	5	.444
Montreal	4	7	.364
Jersey City	3	6	.333
Toronto	2	7	.222

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At New York—

			R.	H.	E.
Washington	2	0 1 2 0 0 2 1 0	8	12	0
New York	0	1 0 0 0 0 0 2 0	3	7	7

Batteries—Kitson and Kittredge; Leroy, Clarkson and Kleinow. Umpires, Hurst and Evans.

At Boston—

			R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	0	1 2 1 0 7 0 0 0	11	20	3
Boston	0	0 0 1 0 0 0 3 0	4	9	4

Batteries—Coakley and Schreck; Tannehill and Graham. Umpire, Sheridan.

At Cleveland — Cleveland-Detroit game postponed on account of rain.

At Chicago—Chicago-St. Louis game postponed; rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	12	7	.632
Washington	11	8	.579
Detroit	10	8	.556
Cleveland	8	8	.500
New York	9	10	.474
St. Louis	9	10	.474
Chicago	8	9	.471
Boston	6	13	.316

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Brooklyn—

			R.	H.	E.
New York	0	0 0 0 3 0 0 2 0	5	7	1
Brooklyn	0	0 3 0 0 1 0 0 0	4	12	2

Batteries—McGinnity and Marshall; McIntyre, Scanlon and Ritter. Umpire, Mr. O'Day.

At Philadelphia—

			R.	H.	E.
Boston	0	0 0 3 0 0 1 3 0	7	10	2
Philadelphia	0	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	3	3

Batteries—Lindaman and Needham; Ritchie, Pittinger and Dooin. Umpires, Emslie and Conway.

At Pittsburg—

			R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0	2 0 0 0 0 0 1 x	3	3	1
Chicago	0	0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0	2	5	2

Batteries—Leever and Gibson; Wicker, Brown and Kling. Umpire, Johnstone.

At Cincinnati—St. Louis-Cincinnati game postponed; wet grounds.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	16	6	.727
Chicago	16	7	.696
Philadelphia	13	10	.565
Pittsburg	11	10	.524
Boston	10	12	.455
St. Louis	8	17	.421
Cincinnati	9	16	.360
Brooklyn	6	17	.261

ROWING

DURNAN TO GO TO AUSTRALIA IN SEPTEMBER.

Toronto, Ont., May 8.—Oarsman Eddie Durnan to-day received a letter from the Sporting Editor of the Sydney, N.S.W., 'Sun,' telling him that the outlook for him in Australia was exceedingly bright from a financial point of view. Eddie has definitely decided to go in September and row Stansbury for the world's championship.

FOOTBALL

REFEREE'S ASSOCIATION TO MEET THE PARENT BODY.

The officers of the Referees' Association will attend a meeting of the Montreal Football Association on Friday night at the M.A.A.A. when the relations of the two bodies will be thoroughly discussed, and business proceeded with regarding the appointment of referees for Saturday's senior and intermediate games.

Outremont will practice to-morrow night on Fletcher's Field, and afterwards select the two teams to play a double-header with the C.P.R. on Saturday. In view of the importance of this game the executive committee of the club hope that as many as possible will turn up.

JUVENILE LEAGUE SCHEDULE.

The Junior Association Football League, which has been affiliated with the District Association, met last night at the Y.M.C.A., and drew up the following schedule:

May 19—Birks vs. C.P.R. Juniors; Rosemounts vs. Crescents; Rangers vs. Ascension.
May 26—Jersey vs. Birks; Ascension vs. Crescents; Rosemounts vs. Rangers.
June 2—Rangers vs. Birks; Ascension vs. C.P.R.; Crescents vs. Jersey.
June 9—Rosemounts vs. Birks; Rangers vs. C.P.R.
June 16—Ascension vs. Jersey; Crescents vs. C.P.R.
June 23—Birks vs. Ascension; Rangers vs. Jersey; Rosemounts vs. C.P.R.
June 30—Crescents vs. Birks; Rosemounts vs. Jersey.
July 7—Birks vs. Rangers; C.P.R. vs. Ascension.
July 14.—Birks vs. Jersey; Crescents vs. Rangers.
July 21—C.P.R. vs. Birks; Rangers vs. Jersey; Rosemounts vs. Ascension.
July 28—C.P.R. vs. Rangers; Rosemounts vs. Crescents.
Aug. 4—Ascension vs. Rangers; Crescents vs. Jersey; Rosemounts vs. C.P.R.
Aug. 11—Birks vs. Rosemounts; Ascension vs. Jersey.
Aug. 18—Ascension vs. Birks; C.P.R. vs. Crescents.
Aug. 25—Crescents vs. Ascension; Rosemounts vs. Rangers; Jersey vs. C.P.R.
Sept. 1—Birks vs. Crescents; Rosemounts vs. Jersey.
Sept. 8—Crescents vs. Rangers; Jersey vs. C.P.R.
Sept. 15—Ascension vs. Rosemounts.

Any information respecting this league can be obtained from the secretary, Mr. A. G. Cowes, 217 Delorimier avenue.

M.A.A.A. PRACTICE.

The first of the regular evening practices at the M.A.A.A. grounds took place last evening at the grounds at Westmount. Forty players turned out and put in an hour's stiff practice. Many of the old-timers were out, but the majority of the players were new members of the Association. Among them are many players of promise, and there will be some considerable competition to catch places on the two elevens.

Among those out last night the following were noticed:—Edwards, Andrews, Werner, Humphries, Campbell, Reid, Doyle, Kemp, D. M. Wilson, Roberts, Graham, Mathieson, Crombie, Turpin, Davies, Henderson, Jack, Speak, Johnson, Johnston, Patterson, McKrerar, and many others.

LACROSSE

NEW AMATEUR LEAGUE IN MONTREAL.

A new lacrosse organization was successfully launched last night at a meeting held in the M.A.A.A.A., and attended by representatives from Loyola, Westmount A.A.A and Montreal. The body will be known as the Motnreal Amateur Lacrosse League, and will have for its object the development of junior lacrosse players. The league will be run on a purely amateur basis, and will give an opportunity to players who take part in the game simply for the sport it affords them.

Arrangements will be made for a suitable trophy for annual competition at a later date. A schedule was drawn up with the object of having the season close by July 1.

May 19—Loyola vs. Montreal.
May 26—Montreal vs. Westmount.
June 2—Westmount vs. Loyola.
June 9—Montreal vs. Westmount.
June 16—Loyola vs. Westmount.
June 23—Montreal vs. Loyola.

The clubs were represented by the following delegates:—M.A.A.A., F. R. Fulton, M. Putnam and J. C. Riddell; Westmount, W. R. Baillie, J. A. Byrne and C. G. Power; Loyola, J. C. Loughlin and J. R. A. Cloran. The following officers were elected to the executive of the new league:

President—F. R. Fulton.
Vice-president—W. R. Baillie.
Secretary-treasurer—J. R. A. Cloran.

It was decided by the league to give a trophy for annual competition, and arrangements with regard to this trophy will be made at a later meeting. In the drawing up of the schedule the delegates had in view a season which would finish by July 1st.

M.A.A.A. RACES

The first annual swimming competition of the M.A.A.A. will take place on Thursday evening next when the programme of six events will be carried out, silver medals being awarded to the winners and bronze medals to those who take the second place. It is considered probable that next year the M.A.A.A. will apply for permission to hold a Canadian championship meet.

The entries for Thursday night are:

40 yards—C. G. Crowdy, Gordon Cushing, C. W. McLean, N. Lavine, L. S. Tait and A. Walsh.

40 yards, on back—W. R. Berford, C. F. G. Johnson, C. W. McLean and G. deL. Selby.

100 yards—C. H. Crowdy, J. L. Hastings, F. Laverty and A. Walsh.

220 yards—C. G. Fair, L. Laverty, C. W. McLean, and A. Walsh.

440 yards—C. W. McLean, C. G. Fair and F. Laverty.

Diving competition—E. L. Wilson, J. T. Williams, N. Lavine, C. F. G. Johnson, J. R. S. McLean, J. T. Nowes, J. B. Stuart and G. deL. Selby.

SWIMMING

AFFAIRS OF THE MONTREAL SWIMMING CLUB IN GOOD CONDITION.

The annual meeting of the Montreal Swimming Club, held last night at the M.A.A.A., was well attended, and the annual reports were the most satisfactory submitted during the last ten years. Extensive improvements to the bath and



DR. GADBOIS,
Re-elected President Montreal Swimming Club.

dressing rooms at St. Helen's Island, notwithstanding, the financial report showed the club to be in a sound financial condition. During the coming season a water polo club will be organized in connection with the swimming club, and a portion of the bath will be reserved for its use. The officers were elected as follows:

President—Dr. J. P. Gadbois.
First vice-president—A. E. Taylor.
Second vice-president—Geo. Normandin.
Secretary—H. W. Smyth.
Treasurer—T. J. Darling.
Directors—W. F. Hamilton, H. J. Smith, J. A. Berthiaume, L. F. Laflamme, A. Savignac, N. E. Millette, and W. O. H. Percy.

HORSE SHOW

TO-NIGHT'S PROGRAMME.

Nearly all the horses which will be exhibited in the Montreal Horse Show, which opened to-day, have arrived, including those of Mrs. Beck, of London, Ont., and Messrs. Crowe & Murray's and George Pepper's, of Toronto, and some Hamilton horses also.

Th horses to be judged this evening will be those comprised in the following classes:

8.15 p.m.—Judging 17 combination saddle and harness horses, exceeding 15 hands 3 inches.

8.45 p.m.—Judging 7 officers' mounts.

9.25 p.m.—Judging 12 horses and best appointed runabouts.

9.56 p.m.—Judging 8 pairs of horses in harness, over 15 hands 2 inches.

10.10 p.m—Judging 28 jumpers over jumps 4 feet, 4 feet 6 inches and 5 feet.

It had originally been intended that a troop of the Duke of York's Hussars should give an exhibition of lance drill, but it was found that the programme would be too long; under the circumstances the lance drill was dropped.

Music will be furnished under the direction of Bandmaster Knowles.

STRUCK BY A CRICKET BALL

ACCIDENT AT BISHOP RIDLEY COLLEGE.

London, Ont., May 8.—While watching a cricket game about a week ago at Bishop Ridley College, St. Catharines, Versey, son of Major Hume Cronyn, of this city, was struck in the head by a batted ball and was seriously hurt. He was brought home on Sunday night and taken to St. Joseph's Hospital, where an operation was performed. The youth's condition is very serious at present.

TENNIS

GOULD WINS FIRST SET AGAINST MILES.

London, May 9.—In the court tennis championship round to-day, Jay Gould, of Lakewood, N.J., won the first set against Eustace H. Miles, holder of the championship.

SPORTING NOTES

This week and next week will be among the busiest of the year in the sporting world in Montreal. The most important event of the lot of course is the Horse Show, and no sooner will this have closed than the baseball team will come into the limelight in the opening local game at the Baseball Park. Besides these the majority of the minor local games of the season will commence on Saturday.

The junior baseball player and the Association fotball people will start their schedules. The latter have an auspicious list of fixtures for the opening date.

Senior games will be played between M.A.A.A. and Y.M.C.A., Rosemount and Point St. Charles, Westmount and Valleyfield, and C.P.R. and Outremont. The intermediates have three games down, M.A.A.A. vs. Y.M.C.A., C.P.R. and Outremont, Point St. Charles and Rangers.

In addition to these there are a number of games in the Junior League, the schedule of which is published in another column.

The new Amateur Lacrose League, which was organized last night, and which has for its object the fostering of lacrosse among junior players, is deserving the thanks of the senior organizations, for it should prove a valuable recruiting ground. The decision of the affiliated clubs to play on a strictly amateur basis is no doubt a realization of Mr. Muir Edward's statement made a few weeks ago that from that time on the W.A.A.A. would buy no uniforms, and would grant no free membership tickets.

The Nationals were out at practice last night, and had some of their most enthusiastic players on the ground, including L'Heureux, Clement, Poirier, Lecours and Cattaramich. Lacrosse enthusiasts in the East End are watching the prospects of their team with the keenest interest, and it is not too much to say that the stands will be well filled on Saturday, May 26, when the first game will be played with Cornwall.

The Montreal lacrosse team will commence their evening practices to-night. The cold, wet weather has been against lacrosse players so far this spring, but now that the commencement of the season is drawing near they are turning out in large numbers. It is expected that to-night's will be a record turnout at the M.A.A.A. and that Barney Dunphy will have his hands full.

It looks as though water polo is to take a new lease of life in Montreal. The game has been played during the last winter in a more or less desultory manner at the M.A.A.A. and at the Laurentian Baths. Now that the Montreal Swimming Club is to set off a portion of the Island bath for players of the strenuous game it is likely that a three or four club league will be formed.

SHIPPING NEWS.

MOVEMENTS OF VESSELS.

Steamer.	At.	From.
Kroonland	New York	Antwerp
Indiana	Naples	New York
Peruvia	Naples	New York
Moltke	Naples	New York
Minneapolis	London	New York
Finland	Antwerp	New York
Furnessia	Glasgow	New York
Hurona	Montreal	Hull
Athenia	Quebec	Glasgow

THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

The following is the passenger list per Empress of India, which arrived at Vancouver on May 8:—Mr. Anton, Miss Appel, Mr. Arensma, Mrs. T. H. C. Arensma and child, Mr. Baeck, Mrs. Belknap, Miss Bell, Mr. Bewley, Mr. Bishop, Mr. Borthwick, Mrs. Borthwick and child, Mr. D. E. Brown, Mrs. D. E. Brown and child, Lieut. H. Bull, Mr. P. D. Burrows, Mr. J. Charlesworth, Mr. Coulter, Mr. J. W. Crouch, Mr. H. J. Craig, Mr. L. T. Crawford, Mr. W. P. Crowder, Mr. P. J. Cullen, Mrs. P. J. Cullen, Mr. E. B. Curtis, Mrs. E. B. Curtis, Mr. G. H. W. Denley, Mr. W. H. Dickinson, Mr. H. C. Dilano, the Rev. T. S. Donohue, Mrs. E. N. D. Ellis, Mr. Wilcox Edge, Mrs. Wilcox Edge, Mr. W. H. Frye, Mr. H. M. Garton, Mr. O. A. Gibbs, Mr. W. M. Grinnell, Mr. J. P. D. Griffin, Dr. Ham, Mrs. Ham, Mr. H. Hardy, Mr. J. M. L. Henry, Major Hobbs, Mrs. V. A. C. Hawkins, Mr. T. H. Hughes, Col. H. V. Hunt, Mr. L. Hochet, Miss Jifkins, the Rev. Dr. G. John, Mr. E. D. Johnson, Judge E. D. Johnson, Mrs. E. D. Johnson and child, Mr. H. H. Joseph, Mr. D. Klesock, Mr. Longstaff, Capt. Mathews, Mrs. Macken, Miss Macken, Mr. W. M. Macpherson, Mrs. Macpherson and maid, Mrs. McCall, Mr. McCall, Mr. F. McGillivray, Mr. W. H. McGowan, Dr. McMurray, Mr. J. Mencarine, Mr. J. Middleton, Mrs. J. Middleton, Mr. J. R. Milne, Mr. J. G. Mone, Mr. M. Morrison, Mrs. O'Brien, Dr. R. N. O'Keefe, Mr. Orange, Miss Peterson, Capt. G. Pattison, General Pennyguin, Mr. T. Reid, Mr. Rose, Mrs. Ross, Mr. F. Salinger, Mr. M. Sagries, Mr. S. C. Saunderson, Mrs. H. Schneider, Mr. R. O. Sheward, Mr. R. Shewan, Col. F. Shuttleworth and valet, Mrs. F. Shuttleworth, the Rev. Mr. Sparham, Mrs. Sparham and child, Mr. Gordon Stanley, Mrs. Streatfield, Miss Streatfield, Mr. Murray Scott, Miss Geddes, Mr. P. H. Jones, Mr. Bethel, Mrs. Swan and child, Miss Thom, Mrs. Tibbits, Judge Turner, Mrs. Turner, Mrs. M. Van Ruekirk, Mrs. Paul Verrue, the Rev. Mr. Waitex.

THE SS. ATHENIA.

The Donaldson line SS. Athenia, from Glasgow inward at Father Point at 1.35 p.m. yesterday. Captain McNeill reports passing icebergs in long. 57 W., from thence to Cape Rosier. There are on board several valuable Clydesdales, also several cattle. Mr. Ness, Howick, Que., has 17 Clydesdale horses and six Ayrshire cattle. Mr. Hunter, of Mayell, Ont., has 51 Ayrshire cattle. Mr. Carrutts, Manitoba, 11 Clydesdales. Mr. Rae, Vancouver, B.C., 50 Shetland ponies for breeding purposes.

LATONIA SAILED.

Messrs. R. Reford & Co. have received a cablegram stating that the Thomson liner Latonia left Newcastle for this port direct on Sunday. The Latonia is the latest acquisition to the Thomson line, having been fitted with the latest type of cold air and refrigerating chambers for their direct London service. The Latonia is of 4,387 tons, and 400 feet long.

BAVARIAN A TOTAL LOSS.

Captain Armit does not look with favor upon the chances of the Bavarian ever floating again. In his opinion, and he has studied every feature of the ship's position and condition closely, she is a total constructive loss, and is so badly strained and wrenched that practically all the life has gone out of the vessel. While he admits that it would be possible to get her off, Captain Armit declares it would not pay. As he puts it, 'It would be like paying a pound to get ten shillings.'

Regarding the condition of the ill-fated ship, Captain Armit states she is on a mass of ugly boulders, and is pierced through and through. Putting a new bottom on her would not be an extremely difficult task, but it would take a gang of divers three months' hard work to get her into anything like condition for being taken to Quebec. The damage done to the machinery is enormous, and the vessel is terribly strained, and is getting worse with every tide, as the bow rises and falls with the regularity of a pump handle. While the loss of the rudder is not a matter of very serious moment, her stern post has been forced forward, and the tremendous strain which the ship has undergone would necessitate practically the total rebuilding of the vessel.

Captain Armit states he has written to the underwriters to the effect that the cost of getting the Bavarian off would be very great, and, in his opinion, she is a total loss. 'I would be willing to take the job myself,' he added, 'but I can see no money in it.'

THE RATE WAR

EASTERN AND WESTERN TRUNK LINES ENDEAVOR TO COME TO AN AGREEMENT.

New York, May 9.—The 'Journal of Commerce' to-day says: 'A meeting of representatives of eastern and western trunk lines was held in this city yesterday in an endeavor to patch up the war in rates that has been threatening for some time as a result of the differences of opinion between the Wabash, Erie, and Grand Trunk over differentials. It is charged that instead of cutting rates to meet the cut of the Grand Trunk, the Erie has been quietly cutting on immigrant traffic. The Grand Trunk is also under the same indictment.

The trouble originated with the awarding of a differential by the joint passenger committee to the Michigan Central. The Grand Trunk promptly refused to recognize the award, and promptly cut its own differential for that of the net figures of the Michigan Central. The Erie also protested, and for about six months the situation has been an exceedingly serious one. The Erie is itself a differential line, and was unwilling to grant a differential to any line (like the Michigan Central over the Vanderbilt lines) that landed its passengers in Manhattan. The Wabash recently met the Grand Trunk's cut, and this had the effect of bringing the entire matter to a head. It is understood that the proposition under consideration, whereby it is proposed a compromise may be reached, is by a pool of steamship business. The differential taken by the Wabash and the Grand Trunk was $2 between Chicago and New York below the other differential lines; in other words, $16 instead of $18.

THE AMEER OF AFGHANISTAN

TO VISIT INDIA NEXT WINTER, SO REPORT SAYS.

Lahore, Punjab, British India, May 9.—Mohammedans of high rank resident here have been notified that the Ameer of Afghanistan, Habibulla Khan, will visit India next winter. In view of the political importance of the Ameer's journey steps are already being taken to give him a fitting welcome.

BLOODLESS GIRLS

Can Obtain New Health Through the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Anaemia means bloodlessness. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new rich red blood and thus cure anaemia. When the blood is poor the nerves are starved and irritable. Then come hysteria, neuralgia, sleeplessness and other nerve disorders. Headaches, backaches and sideaches wear you out and depress the poor pale victim. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills soon bring rich blood and lively vigor. They soothe the jangled nerves and give new strength to every organ. Miss Winnie Allen, Montreal, says: 'I was so weak and run down that my friends thought I was going into consumption. I was as pale as a corpse, had no appetite and could not sleep well. The least exertion tired me out, and if I walked a few blocks I would be almost breathless. My sister advised me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after using them for a few weeks I am again enjoying good health, and have a good color. I think every weak girl should use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will cure any case of bloodlessness just as surely as they cured Miss Allen. The pale anaemic needs only one thing—new blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make new rich blood with every dose. That is why they cure all common diseases like anaemia, indigestion, neuralgia, palpitation of the heart, headaches and backaches, St. Vitus dance, partial paralyses and the secret troubles that make the lives of thousands of women miserable. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

IS NERVILINE AT HOME?

Scarcely a day passes in a large family without a call for Nerviline. It's the season is simple. Nerviline cures all pains and sickness.

From Willow Creek, Ont., Miss Diegel writes:—'A few days ago I was drenched with rain and got chilled. It was like a steel rod pierced my back. I also had earache, and was filled with pain. To my ear I applied cotton soaked in Nerviline, and rubbed on for the lumbago. Friends said it would take days, but one rubbing gave relief in a few hours. No other treatment but Nerviline could do this. Large 25c bottles sold everywhere.

What the "Canada Lancet" says about Abbey's Effervescent Salt.



"Many physicians of Canada are now prescribing ABBEY'S SALT.

It is particularly useful in cases of obstinate Constipation and chronic liver trouble. It is especially effective in kidney trouble.

It corrects acidity of the stomach, making it a specific in certain forms of dyspepsia and in gout and rheumatism.

Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

We consider Abbey's Salt absolutely the best effervescing salt made in any country."

25c. and 60c. a bottle.

Baby

Knows a good thing when he sees it.



BABY'S OWN SOAP

—MADE BY—

ALBERT SOAPS, Limited,

MONTREAL.

Makers of the Celebrated Albert Toilet Soaps.

TRADE OF MEXICO

EXPORTS SHOW AN INCREASE OF $37,000,000 OVER SIX MONTHS OF LAST YEAR.

Mexico City, May 8.—The imports for the first half of the current fiscal year amount, in standard Mexican currency, to $36,796,214, showing a net decrease of $1,796,751 over the corresponding period of the previous year. Exports for the same time amounted to $131,864,507, showing a net increase of $37,035,284, or nearly forty percent. There was a heavy increase in gold and silver and vegetable exports.

The local branch of the Bank of Montreal opened for business yesterday, Mr. Stewart, manager, having arrived from Canada. It is estimated that the Canadian investment here is now close to fifty million dollars, gold.

Three hundred Chinese laborers who landed at Santa Cruz, the Pacific terminus of the Tehuantepec Railway, left here yesterday over the Mexican Central Railway for Chihuahua, where they will go to work on the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient Railway. This road will bring in several thousand Chinese laborers, being unable to obtain enough native labor.

PLOT DISCOVERED

TO ASSASSINATE PRESIDENT CACERES, OF SAN DOMINGO.

San Domingo, via Hayti, May 8.—It became known to-day that the authorities on Sunday, May 6, discovered a plot to assassinate President Caceres as he was leaving the theatre. Several arrests have been made. Shots were exchanged last night near this city between rural guards and supposed revolutionists. The city and its surroundings are calm this morning.

WANT METRIC SYSTEM.

Winnipeg, Man., May 8.—After hearing Professor McLennan, of Toronto, lecture last night upon the metric system, the business men of the city passed a resolution favoring its adoption in Canada.

ASSIGNMENTS.

E. P. Couture, carrying on business under the name of the Chicago Framing Company, has assigned at the demand of the Standard Coal Company, with liabilities of about $2,500.

Joseph Ouimet, grocer, Maisonneuve, has consented to assign at the demand of Arthur Brossard.

Robert Wall & Co., dealers in boots and shoes, St. James street, have filed a consent to a demand of assignment made upon them on Monday

COMMERCIAL UNION

A PLEA FOR SUCH WITHIN THE EMPIRE MADE BY MR. CHAMBERLAIN.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 8.—At a banquet to the visiting Australasian merchants, Mr. Chamberlain made a plea for commercial union of the Empire, and said that one of the greatest colonial statesmen has put in a sentence what every man must think, whether he lives here or across the ocean. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said: 'Either the different parts of the Empire must come closer together or they will inevitably drift apart.' We will consider the latter most disastrous alternative, said Mr. Chamberlain. We will consider only how can we promote this closer union, which all the wisest, most patriotic statesmen of the Empire recognize to be necessary if we are to continue for generations yet to come the influence which we have hitherto held in the general work of the world. How are we to do it? you say. After careful consideration the first step must be as in similar cases of other empires—closer commercial union must proceed gradually, come to a closer and more definite understanding with regard to commercial matters. Other steps would follow not unnaturally. You would have, I think, almost necessarily to create some Council of the Empire to look after all those details of commercial interest. When you have got such a Council of the Empire for purposes of trade, when it justifies its existence and proves its value, do you suppose that we shall not find other matters of even greater importance, questions affecting laws so far as they touch the common interests, affecting defence, above all, against any combination of hostile powers? May it not be that to such a council these greater questions may also be referred for consideration and discussion, perhaps in the end for settlement? When we have done that, when we have proceeded from a zollverein or commercial union to a reichsrath or imperial council, then the problem will have been solved, and blessed will be those who in the future history of the Empire have taken any part in its solution.

Mr. Chamberlain thought the brethren across the seas too sensitive regarding the word colonists. They were too big to notice such petty things. For himself he preferred to speak of them as sister states of a United Kingdom, equal parts in the great Empire. Closer union could be accomplished only by good-will and voluntary agreement.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT

MR. LLOYD GEORGE DENIES THAT EDUCATION BILL IS AN ATTACK UPON THE CHURCH.

London, May 8.—In the course of to-day's debate on the Educational Bill in the House of Commons, Mr. David Lloyd George, President of the Board of Trade, repudiated the assertion of certain bishops that the bill was an attack upon the Church of England or any church. It was, he declared, merely the counterpart of similar movements occurring in every quarter of the country. The democracy had come to the conclusion that clericalism was their enemy and had decided to rally round the Bible and demand that no ecclesiastic or politician should be allowed to come between their children and the Great Book, which had saved England from darkness.

THE LONGUEUIL TRAMWAY.

In the Practice Court yesterday morning Mr. Justice Fortin granted the motion of Mr. Maurice Perrault, M.P.P., asking that May 21 be the date fixed for the hearing of his petition to annul the by-law passed by the town of Longueuil, granting a franchise to the Longueuil Tramway Company and authorizing it to lay tracks within the limits of the municipality.

THE PREMIER'S MOVEMENTS.

Premier Gouin was at the Government Offices of the city yesterday, on his return from Notre Dame de Lourdes, county of Megantic, where he inaugurated a new bridge across the Becancourt river on Monday. A number of citizens called upon the hon. gentleman during the morning.

Besides the inauguration of the bridge, the Premier also attended the blessing of three new bells by Archbishop Begin, of Quebec, at Notre Dame de Lourdes.

RUSSIAN TERRORISTS

Waiting for an Opportunity to Strike the Czar or Other Marked Men.

EXTRAORDINARY PRECAUTIONS BEING TAKEN TO SAFEGUARD HIS MAJESTY.

St. Petersburg, May 8.—Although there are few surface indications of the fact, an earnest duel is in progress between the police and the terrorists and revolutionists, who are thronging to the capital, alert for any opportunity to strike the Emperor Nicholas or other marked men among the officials gathered here for the opening of the National Parliament. Precautionary measures on an extensive scale have been taken. The police have been reinforced by the keenest men from interior cities. The results are being watched most diligently, but a search of the baggage of the members of the lower branch of the Parliament was the only public incident in a campaign to-day by which several terrorists were so cleverly bagged that the general public was not aware of the arrests. In order to safeguard the Emperor in his passage up the river on Thursday, the time of his arrival and departure is being kept a dead secret. The Nicholas Palace bridges, through draws of which the Imperial yacht must pass, will be closed from daylight of Thursday until the departure of the Emperor. The general public will not be admitted to even a long-distance view of the yacht. Admission to points along the river front will be by ticket only.

An order issued to-day asks the public to keep moving while in the streets, and concludes that in order to avoid encounters which might cast a shadow over the solemn day, processions and the like will not be permitted.

MEETING DISPERSED.

St. Petersburg, May 8.—Troops and the police dispersed another meeting of the Economical Society to-night. Several members of the National Assembly, who protested against the dispersal of the meeting, narrowly escaped being arrested.

PRESIDENT OF COUNCIL.

St. Petersburg, May 8.—Count Solsky has been appointed President of the Council of the Empire.

M. Freesh, a member of the Council of the Empire, has been officially designated to open the Lower House of Parliament.

THE NEW LAWS.

St. Petersburg, May 8.—The publication of the new fundamental laws of the Empire, before the meeting of the Douma was at the instance of M. Stischinsky, Minister of Agriculture, who represents in the Cabinet important personages who dominate Premier Goremykin. Their decision was that the publication must be before and not after the assembling of the Douma, as the initiative in new projects of law must be from them. The independent elected members of the Council of the Empire accept this first act of the ministry, holding it prudent opportunism. The members of the Douma are indignant that such a step was taken on the eve of their assembly. A resolution was passed this evening at a congress of Constitutional Democrats declaring that the fundamental laws are a betrayal of the promises of Oct. 30, 1905, under which the representatives of the people were summoned, and that the congress will defy absolutely this attempt to re-establish the bureaucracy.

TO REORGANIZE THE NAVY.

St. Petersburg, May 8.—The 'Official Messenger' to-day contains an imperial rescript pointing out the necessity of promptly reorganizing the navy on an entirely new system.

ANOTHER CANARD

COUNT IGNATIEFF IS ALIVE AND IN ST. PETERSBURG, NOT KIEFF.

St. Petersburg, May 8.—There is no foundation in fact for the report telegraphed from Kieff to-day that General Count Alexis Pavlovich Ignatieff has been assassinated. General Ignatieff is in St. Petersburg to-night, and not in Kieff.

RIOT IN ITALY

MANY PERSONS WOUNDED IN CONFLICT BETWEEN TROOPS AND STRIKERS AT TURIN.

Rome, May 8.—A big riot resulted today from a strike of twenty thousand employees of the automobile and textile factories in Turin. The strikers attacked the shops, and discharged revolvers and threw stones at the police. The latter eventually fired a volley at the mob. Many on both sides were wounded. The outlook is serious. Troops are being sent to the city.

ESSAY ON CANADA

MR. T. A. BENIANS WINS ADAM SMITH PRIZE AT CAMBRIDGE.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 8.—'The Progress and Settlement of Canada in the Nineteenth Century' was the subject of an essay by Mr. A. T. Benians, which won the Adam Smith prize at Cambridge.

TO RESUME WORK ON THURSDAY.

Convention of Anthracite Miners Ratifies Agreement With Operators.

MR. MITCHELL DECLARES MINERS HAVE TAKEN THE MOST ADVANCED STEP IN HISTORY OF THE MOVEMENT.

Scranton, Pa., May 8.—The convention decided that work is to be resumed by the mine workers throughout the anthracite field on Thursday morning. The repair men and any others necessary to repair the collieries for general operations will report for work to-morrow. The convention also formally ratified the agreement entered into on Monday in New York between the operators and the sub-scale committee.

A few of the radicals once more took the floor when the motion to ratify the Monday agreement was made, and once more urged that the suspension be turned into a strike, but they were hopelessly in the minority, and their remarks were listened to in silence. The convention adopted resolutions condemning the state constabulary, and providing for the mine workers' union as a body for the nomination of candidates and support of political candidates.

When President Mitchell entered the hall he was vociferously applauded, and was called upon for a speech. He said: 'This will probably be the last time that I shall address you, and it might be well for me to say one or two things. Some are inclined to believe that because we have not secured an advance in wages or any improvement in the conditions of employment, that we have not accomplished anything. I want to say that I believe you have taken the most advanced step in the history of this movement.

'You have secured what you have never before secured—a signed agreement with the operators—it is an agreement which is not entered into with the United Mine Workers, but with the officers of that organization.

'I am convinced that if the United Mine Workers maintain the strength and solidarity of their organization, that three years hence the railroad presidents will ask you to make an agreement with them, rather than that you should be forced to ask them to make an agreement with you.

'Last summer I made a tour through this region. I urged the mine workers to come back into the organization. At that time there were only 34,000 members; at the close of that tour there were 80,000 members in the organization. Had that tour not been made, there would have been a reduction in wages, according to reliable information that I have in my possession. My information is that the railroads were ready to increase the working day from nine to ten hours, to require the engineers to work seven days in the week, and to require the firemen to work 12 hours instead of eight. If this is true, then we won a victory.

'In conclusion, let me express the hope that when you go to your homes, you will be as loyal to this union as you have been in the past. As I said before, this may be the last time that I will have the privilege of addressing you. Whether it is or not, you owe it to yourselves, to your families, to your class and to your craft, to be loyal and true to this organization, which has done so much for you. It can, and it will, do more for you if you stand by it and be true to yourselves.'

There was a tremendous outburst of applause when Mr. Mitchell sat down.

The convention adjourned sine die immediately after. Mr. Mitchell will leave here to-morrow afternoon for Indianapolis.

AN INSURANCE TANGLE

SAN FRANCISCO LOSSES CAUSE A SPLIT IN NEW YORK FIRE EXCHANGE.

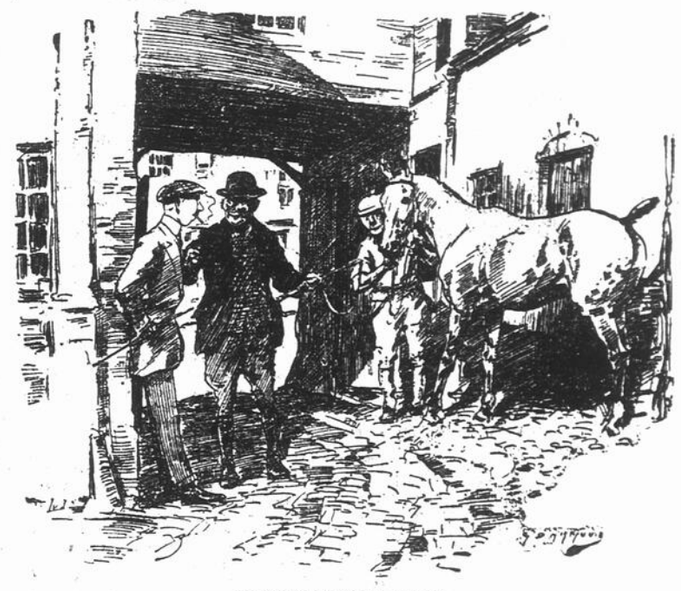
New York, May 8.—Efforts to adjust the losses and protect the reserves of the various insurance companies as a result of the San Francisco disaster have not only resulted in a split in the New York Insurance Exchange, but seems likely to bring about a tangle in the insurance world that will not be straightened out for a long time.

The Continental Insurance Company, through Mr. Henry Evans, its president, has served notice of its withdrawal from the exchange. Further withdrawals are likely and may result in the entire disruption of the exchange, which has maintained an agreement as to rates and commissions, which all the companies doing business in this city pledged themselves not to violate.

At the monthly meeting of the exchange, to be held on Wednesday, there is likely to be some lively discussion. It was learned yesterday that some of the companies hope to be able to take advantage of a California state law, which they believe will relieve them of paying any of the losses by fire or otherwise on contracts which had the earthquake clause in them.

THT ALABAMA MINSTRELS.

St. Gabriel's Catholic Young Men's Society are preparing two performances for May 17 and 18, in Sarsfield Hall, Centre street, which, it is believed, will prove the funniest entertainments given by any local organization in years. As the society possesses no end of musical and dramatic talent, they will give their patrons an evening which will be a continual laugh. Songs, choruses, dances, funny drills, burlesques, stump speeches, etc., will be on the programme. The production is under the direction of Mr. P. J. Shea, who is recognized as being connected with only high class entertainments.



ECONOMY OF LABOR.

Young Softroe (who is trying to pick up bargains in polo ponies)—Nice pony, but seems inclined to rest that foreleg, don't you know.

Irish Coper—And wasn't that phwat I was tellin' ye now! That's a little horse that's always got a leg to spare. Sure, isn't that the very wan he's restin' now against the time he'll be wantin' ut?—'Punch.'

THE KAISER TO VISIT EMPEROR FRANCIS JOSEPH.

IN VIENNESE POLITICAL CIRCLES THE MEETING SAVORS OF THE MOROCCAN CONFERENCE.

Vienna, May 8.—It is announced that the Emperor William will visit the Emperor Francis Joseph in June. He will arrive here on June 6, and will stay two days. The news of the forthcoming visit occasions much comment in political circles here, which attribute it entirely to the Moroccan conference. It is especially emphasized that the visit is due to the Emperor William's initiative, who, in a letter to the Emperor Francis Joseph, expresses his appreciation of Austria-Hungary's attitude at Algeciras, and saying that he wished to pay a personal visit to the Emperor. The latter, replying, expressed the pleasure it would afford him to receive his friend and ally. Arrangements for the visit were made a month ago, but were kept a strict secret, telegrams on the subject passing between the two monarchs before M. Culoschowsky's telegram was made public. The newspapers here discuss the political importance of the approaching meeting of the two emperors at considerable length, referring to probable changes in the relations between the various powers and the isolation of Germany.

On Feb. 24, during the international conference on Moroccan reforms, despatches from Vienna related that Austria had directed her ambasador at Berlin to inform the German Government that Austria could not further support the German demands.

THE FRENCH STRIKE

TWO MEN WOUNDED BY EXPLOSION OF BOMB WHICH THEY WERE LOADING.

Paris, May 8.—A striking carpenter named Habert, and another man were wounded this afternoon by the explosion of a bomb which they were engaged in loading in the garret of a house. After the men had been arrested, M. Lepine, prefect of police, searched the garret and found other bombs. It is believed that the bombs were being prepared for use in connection with an anarchistic plot. At the judicial interrogation this afternoon, the prisoners denied that they were anarchists, but admitted that they were partisans of the strikers.

Stop That Headache.

FOOLISH TO SUFFER WHEN A SIMPLE REMEDY WILL PREVENT AND CURE.

Ever stop to think what caused your headache?

Probably not. Then look to the bowels and stomach and you'll find plenty of cause. Chances are you'll find constipation, liver is sluggish, stomach overburdened with half-digested food.

No wonder you are dull, tired, restless day and night.

You need the cleansing influence of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which cure your condition in short order.

Being composed of natural vegetable remedies, Dr. Hamilton's Pills possess great power, yet they are harmless. They aid all organs connected with the stomach, liver and bowels. In consequence food is properly digested, the blood is pure and nourishing, the body is kept strong and resists disease.

Headaches never known to those who use Dr. Hamilton's Pills, and this fact is vouched for by the Ass't. Mgr. of The Poultry Success Magazine of Springfield, O., Mr. J. H. Callander, who writes:—'No better medicine than Dr. Hamilton's Pills. We use them regularly and know of marvellous cures that resisted everything else. They cleanse the whole system, act as a tonic on the blood, enliven digestion, help the stomach and make you feel strong and well. For headaches, indigestion and stomach disorders, I am confident that the one prescription is Dr. Hamilton's Pills.'

You can rely on Dr. Hamilton's Pills with implicit confidence; their effect is wonderful. As a general family regulation they are unsurpassed. Sold by all dealers. Price 25c. per box, five boxes for $1.00, or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., and Hartford, Conn., U.S.A.

WHEN TO SHOOT IN FRANCE.

They set out together to shoot rabbits, says 'Le Sport,' of Paris, two Frenchmen and an Englishman. All were eager, anxious, active. Suddenly they beheld a rabbit. The Englishman elevated his gun. 'No, no, do not shoot!' cried his companions. 'That is Mimi. We never shoot at Mimi.' The Englishman wondering, disgusted, desisted. Another rabbit. Again the gun of the Englishman was elevated, but it was not permitted of him to fire. 'That is the adorable Lulu,' they cried. 'C'est un vrai bijou! We never shoot at Lulu.' When a third rabbit appeared the Englishman was tired, but his companions cried out: 'Shoot, shoot! That is Alfonso! We always shoot at Alfonso!'

FOUR LOVERS

and a humorous elephant, all in a most comical tangle, are the leading actors in the breezy novelette that begins in to-morrow's 'Illustrated Witness.' The story is by that very witty writer, David Dwight Wells, and that is all that need be said.

'And you say you lost your position by the great earthquake in San Francisco?' inquired the kind lady. 'Yes, mum,' replied Frayed Franklyn. 'What was your position?' 'I wuz asleep in a barn at de time, mum.'—Cleveland 'Leader.'

Your watch cleaned from $1.00, guaranteed for one year. R. Hemsley, Watchmaker, 255 St. James street.

Lawyer—'Did the prisoner strike the complainant in the heat of passion?' Witness—'No, sah; in the solah plexum sah.—Baltimore 'American.'

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

TENDER.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Secretary of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, Ont., and marked on the outside "Tender for works at St. Alexis, P.Q.," will be received up to and including

MONDAY, MAY 14th, 1906,

for the furnishing of materials and work required in the construction of Cribwork and grading and the moving of the Freight Shed at St. Alexis, P.Q.

Plans and specification may be seen at the Station Master's Office, at St. Alexis, P.Q., and at the Office of the Engineer of Maintenance, Moncton, N.B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER, General Manager.

Railway Office,
Moncton, N.B.,
27th April, 1906.

HAVE YOU GOT A COLD?

Then get a box of

HARTE'S GRIPPE WAFERS

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WALTER PAUL

THE GROCER,

is daily receiving new goods of all kinds, but at present he would call special attention to his

FRESH SMOKED SALMON,

DUNN'S CELEBRATED MUSQUASH BACON AND SUGAR-CURED HAMS.

To his REAL NEW LAID EGGS at 20c per dozen.

To a Special Lot of NEW MAPLE SUGAR AND SYRUP, warranted pure, and the finest ever seen in Montreal.

Cor. METCALFE and ST. CATHERINE STS
Phones, Up 1237, 1238.

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Weekly Witness	12 mos.	1.00
World Wide	12 mos.	1.50
Northern Messenger	12 mos.	.40

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	worth	only
'Daily Witness' and 'World Wide'	$4.50	$3.00
'Daily Witness' and 'Messenger'	3.40	3.20
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'Weekly Witness' and 'World Wide'	2.50	2.00
'Weekly Witness' and 'Messenger'	1.40	1.30
Weekly, 'World Wide' and 'Messenger'	2.90	2.30

Postage included for Canada, (Montreal and suburbs excepted), Newfoundland, Great Britain, Malta, Gibraltar, New Zealand, Jamaica, Trinidad, Bahama Island, Transvaal, Barbadoes, Bermuda, British Honduras, Ceylon, Gambia, Sarawak, Zanzibar, Hongkong, Cyprus; also to the United States, Alaska, Cuba, Hawaiian Islands and Philippine Islands.

For postal union countries, excepting those mentioned above, add for postage, $3.50 for 'Daily Witness,' $1.00 for 'Weekly Witness,' 50c for 'Northern Messenger.'

The last edition of the 'Daily Witness' is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4 per annum, and 'World Wide' at $1.50 per annum.

While the publishers of the 'Witness' exercise all possible care in excluding from its columns all financial and other advertisements of a doubtful or suspicious nature, and accepting only such as they believe to be genuine and bona fide, it must be understood that they in no way guarantee these advertisements, and must leave their readers to exercise their own discretion in the way of putting faith in them.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal.' All letters to the Editor, should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness,' of Montreal.'

☽ F.Q. 1 ⊕ F.M. 8			MAY			☾ L.Q. 15 ● N.M. 23 ☽ F.Q. 31
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WEDNESDAY, MAY 9, 1906.

The fact that the coal strike is settled and that an agreement has been signed between the representatives of the men and their employers for another three years, is matter for universal satisfaction. That the great majority of the representatives of the miners should act so conservatively when it came to the last is much to their credit, notwithstanding the fact that a strike was not justified, that the public would have been against it, and that it must have ended in failure, as almost all strikes have done which have outraged public opinion. Radical hot-heads among unionists have very often rejected such considerations with scorn, and have been able to influence older and wiser men to reject them, too. That the conservative side should have proved so strong in this case is therefore no light thing. The coal operators offered, it will be remembered, to continue the scale fixed by the Arbitration Commission appointed by President Roosevelt, and which ran from 1903 till this year; or, they offered to submit the demands of the men and their own side of the case to the arbitration of that Commission. The miners on their side demanded more pay and refused to submit to arbitration unless the commission declared beforehand that their wages were too low. Naturally, the operators would not accept such a one-sided proposal, and now they have won their case, and our coal will not cost us more—that is, it will not do so if we have deferred buying up till now. And perhaps the good, kind coal merchants who charged some of us more, when they thought there was going to be a strike, so as to keep us from being too anxious to fill our coal cellars in April, will now return us the fifty cents or a dollar a ton extra which they charged us. How we should thank them, if they did, and how we would sing their praises to a wondering generation.

A number of Indians and a white man are dead in Saskatchewan, with all the symptoms of wood-alcohol poisoning, from drinking Florida water, which is said to have an enormous sale in those regions. We should presume that these results would put an end to this murderous traffic. With regard to the Indians, the despatch says there was no evidence of foul play. The purpose of this remark is to fix the blame on the Florida, water, but most people will agree that to sell them poison was foul play enough. Florida water is a perfume not meant for internal use. It is hardly to be supposed that in selling it in quantities to Indians and to the scattered whites of a new country there was any thought of such a large consumption for toilet purposes. A two-ounce bottle of Eau de Cologne will last a frontier belle for a year. It is obvious, therefore, that those who sold this poison to Saskatchewan dealers did so in full knowledge that they were dealing death out to human beings for the profit that there was in it, and that the local dealers either possessing that knowledge, or in culpable ignorance of it, sold this poison with the plain intent of evading the liquor laws. Both acts contain the elements of murder, and the local authorities will be culpable if they do not follow up and completely expose this poison traffic, and bring those who have broken the laws to punishment in proportion to the proved seriousness of their offence.

Another form of life insurance that should, we think, be counted within the scope of the Insurance Commission, is that of the friendly societies. A great deal of suspicion and what is vulgarly called kicking, resulted in the Royal Templars organization when it was discovered by experience that the actuarial calculations on which the premiums were based were too low, and that the whole of the premium revenue was being used to meet premature losses, leaving no reserve to pay the policies of those who outlived their expectation, which the members of that organization are very liable to do. Delegates gathered at annual meetings to condemn the increase of premiums needed to avoid insolvency. As a result changes were made that were inadequate for the end in view, and the evil went on increasing, though at a slower rate. Further changes had therefore to be made. A higher rate of premiums had, of course, to be laid on new policies. With regard to the old ones this was not sufficient. As the old policy-holders had heretofore only paid insurance enough to insure them to date, with nothing laid up to reserve, is was necessary to reinsure these not only at the new rates, but also allowing roughly for the age which they had since attained, thus making very considerable increases in the case of the older ones. This is all apparently beyond the comprehension of many of the policy-holders, and we find one of them asking for investigation by the royal commission. Such an investigation would, no doubt, be welcomed by the management, as it would certainly vindicate the course they have been forced to take, and would show that good and honorable men were suffering from the faults of judgment of their predecessors. The investigation of the friendly insurance societies would be all the more useful as the financial history of the Royal Templars is common to most of them everywhere. Rates based upon incorrect actuarial calculations prevail at first, but, as members get older, these rates prove insufficient, and they are raised from time to time. In some cases the lapses are more and more numerous each succeeding year, until finally, in most cases, insolvency puts an end to the unfortunate affair.

REFUSE TO BE STRANGLED.

The importance to Montreal of cheap light, heat and power cannot be too soon or too fully recognized. The public, if it had studied all the facts, would regard those aldermen who seek to renew the franchise with the gas company, on any terms, as enemies of the city. It is the duty of the aldermen to break up the monopoly of which the Gas Company is a part. In no other way can the city be free and able to retain her commercial supremacy. It is a conservative statement, indeed, that if the monopoly of the Montreal Light, Heat & Power is continued many years longer Toronto will be found to have wrested that supremacy from us. Consider the question of electric power alone. The Municipal Power Commission, in a recent report, figuring upon a 100,000 h.p. plant, estimates that Toronto manufacturers can be supplied with power at $14.60 per horse power, and that street lighting can be done at $36.48 per arc light per year. These figures include interest and sinking fund. It is not difficult to see what great advantages will be conferred on Toronto manufacturers when such prices shall be established and Montreal is still in the power of the combine. Except in the small section where it has to compete with the Central Company, the Montreal Light, Heat & Power Company charges rates not based upon cost and a fair profit, but upon what it can extort. Power which is supposed to cost the company $17, it delivers to customers at $80, $90, $100 and over—six and seven times the prospective Toronto rate. The consequence is, the company has not a friend in the city, and there is hardly one of its customers who would not prefer to pay even a trifle more for power from any other source.

The curious thing about the company's arrogance and short-sightedness is that everybody but its executive can see that its own interests lie more in Montreal's extension than in present profits. The company is trying to kill the goose that lays the golden eggs. There is much more care given to the manipulation of its stock on St. Francois Xavier street than to the business-like development of the business of the company. Westmount has started a revolt, she is freeing herself from the monopoly. She is supplying her residents with electric light at three-quarters of a cent per ampere, less thirty-three and a third percent discount, while the Light, Heat & Power Company is charging three-quarters of a cent per ampere, less only five percent discount. In competition with the municipality, however, the company will be compelled to lower its rate. The company has lost its monopoly. Shall Montreal fall behind Westmount and let the Light, Heat & Power Company fasten its tentacles upon us for another two or three generations? The Gas Company's contract is coming to an end. Its plant is out-of-date; it makes no attempt at modern methods. We must have a new plant. At present, two-thirds of the citizens of Montreal use coal oil and coal because they cannot afford gas either for lighting or cooking. With a new municipal plant rates could be cut nearly in two and everybody could use gas. Even according to Mr. Bemiss's timid report, gas can be made and sold for eighty cents at a profit. It costs the same, according to that report, to make and deliver gas in Toronto and Montreal. Yet Toronto gets her gas for eighty cents, the company pays its shareholders ten percent on their investment, its lays aside considerable of its income as a sinking fund—and the people of Toronto pay no meter rent. We pay two prices and two meter rents, so wise and gentle eare we. This matter of meter rents is very important to the company, as will be seen when it is stated that these rents must bring in some $112,500 a year, which of itself is four percent on the total value of the plant, as fixed by Mr. Bemis. What a plum! The only way to free ourselves is to provide a municipal plant. We must do something to free ourselves from monoply taxation, or Toronto, where iron is cheaper, rents are cheaper, coal is cheaper, and living all round is cheaper than here, will inevitably, as we have said, leave us far behind in the race for commercial prosperity. Montrealers should refuse to be strangled outright!

THE BISHOPS AND THE BILL.

Mr. Lloyd George, President of the Board of Trade, in defending the Liberal Government's educational bill, repudiates the charge that the bill is an attack on the Church of England or on any church. He declares that the democracy of England has come to the conclusion that clericalism is its enemy, and now demands that no ecclesiastic or politician shall come between its children and the Bible—the great book which has saved England from darkness. In these remarks Mr. Lloyd George presents somewhat crudely the sentiments of the averange serious-minded Briton, whether churchman or dissenter. This resentment is no new thing. Thirty or forty years ago, when there were no schools but national schools in rural and most urban localities for the poor children of the laboring classes, clericalism of the Anglican pattern was dominant and intolerant. Every schoolteacher had to declare himself or herself an Anglican, and expound the doctrines of that church, with its formularies, and the vicar and curates of the parishes actively interfered in that teaching. To be children of dissenters was to be disliked and snubbed and perhaps actually persecuted. If the working people dislike clericalism, therefore, it has only got itself to blame. In this connection, it has been often remarked that nothing is more surprising to the average man than the hostility shown by a section of the Church of England to the Cowper-Temple teaching, which has been the form of religious instruction given in nearly every board or council school since 1870. The idea of this teaching is that in a Christian country the state may reasonably and properly provide in its schools at the public expense a form of teaching which is based on the Christianity common to all the Christian denominations.

Secularists who have objected to paying rates for religious teaching have been admitted to have reason on their side, but they have to pay in practice all the same. Objections from them are expected; while, on the other hand, clerical objections to the Board schools have taken the form that they are 'godless.' Strangely enough, however, they would now have them more 'godless.' Churchmen are declaring that Bible teaching alone is so distasteful to them that they desire to have it taken out. Thus, the rector of Bath writes to the London 'Standard': 'Let them (the 'Liberal Government) bring in a bill 'for purely secular education and we 'will reverse it at the next election, 'meanwhile having the guarantee that 'at least what is taught in the Sunday-'school will not be undermined by what 'is taught in the dayschool.' It is surely wonderful that a clergyman should hold that Bible teaching 'undermines' the teachings of the Church on Sundays! That such contention is only held by a section of the Anglican Church is shown by the action of Hampshire. Mr. Birrell has referred to an interesting letter written to him by Sir William Portal, vice-president of the Hampshire County Council, as follows:

A carefully selected special committee was appointed for the purpose of recommending to the education committee a religious syllabus for our council schools. It consisted of seven persons—namely, a member of the county council as chairman, two clergymen of the Church of England, two Nonconformists, a Roman Catholic priest, and a lady who took much interest in the subject. In the opinion of many the prospect of agreement in such a committee was small. The committee, however, was unanimous in approving and recommending: (1) regulations as to religious instruction in the council schools; (2) a form of prayer to be used both morning and evening; (3) hymns for daily use. These recommendations were submitted to our education committee, consisting of fifty persons, the large majority of whom were members of the Church of England; and the recommendations were unanimously approved by them before their final submission to the county council. The council was equally unanimous in their approval, and the syllabus was forthwith adopted in the council schools of Hampshire.

The clergyman of the Church of England sitting on that committee can certainly not have thought that the religious instruction of the board school would undermine their Sunday-school teaching.

The Bishop of Birmingham also opposes the bill. He objects strongly to the Cowper-Temple teaching, but on the grounds that it is not Bible teaching, as all religious instruction to be worth anything must be dogmatic and denominational. He says as to this:—

A religion which is worth having for the mass of men must be a religion, such as Scotch Presbyterianism, or Roman Catholicism, or the Churchmanship of the Catechism, or Wesleyanism—a religion of membership, with definite beliefs and definite moral duties and definite religious obligations. It is the exact opposite of this that we are now establishing in our schools, not as a mere expedient for filling up the gaps where nothing better can be provided, but as the kind of religious teaching to which we give the preference, which, as I say, we make the established religion of our schools.

To this the criticism is offered that the Bishop bases his conclusion upon an entire misconception. The state does not profess or assume by providing Cowper-Temple teaching that it is is giving a child 'a' religion. The 'Westminster Gazette' cleverly illustrates this point by taking a parallel case. 'In thousands 'of schools,' it says, 'the child is taught 'the duties of citizenship. Now, just 'as Dr. Gore holds that a child must 'belong to some denomination if it is to 'be really religious, so we hold that the 'truest citizenship is to be found in Lib-'eralism. We do not, however, proceed 'to argue that all teaching as to citizen-'ship is useless or mischievous which 'does not turn the child into a Liberal. 'Just as there is much that is common 'to all parties, so it seems to us that 'there is much that is common to the 'various Christian sects which, combined, 'make up the bulk of the nation. Un-'denominational teaching is no more a 'form of religion than citizenship is a 'form of party. To speak of establish-'ing a religion because the state permits 'Cowper-Temple teaching at the public 'expense seems to us to be saying some-'thing which evokes no response in the 'minds of the great mass of the commu-'nity.' There seems to be no doubt that the large majority of the people of England do not want the schools to be secularized. Mr. Chamberlain thought they did in 1870, but he has since changed his opinion, although he still holds that his 1870 attitude was the logical one. If, however, secularization of the schools ever comes, nothing could have assisted it more than a campaign on the part of the Anglican Church as a whole against Bible teaching in the public schools.

OBITUARY

MRS. GEORGE N. PIGNEY.

Richmond, Que., May 9.—A telegram has been received here from Grant's Pass, Oregon, announcing the death of Agnes M. Barrie, wife of Captain Geo. N. Pigney, late of the United States Federal army, of the Potomac, and daughter of the late Mr. George Barrie, Cleveland. Mrs. Pigney was the only surviving sister of Mr. J. W. Barrié, photographer, of Richmond.

EASTERN TOWNSHIPS BASEBALL.

Richmond, May 8.—Baseball is showing signs of reviving from the long winter lethargy. There will be at least three teams organized to defend the honor of the town on the diamond.

The first baseball match of the season which was played on the baseball grounds at Danville, on Saturday afternoon, between the Richmond Juniors and Danville Seniors, resulted in a win for the senior team, the score being 26 to 6. The return match will be played in Richmond on Saturday, May 12.

A SHAKESPEAREAN HOUR.

On Friday evening next Mr. B. W. Griggs will deliver his celebrated lecture under the auspices of the Young Men's Brotherhood, at Centenary Methodist Church, Point St. Charles, entitled, 'An hour or so with Shakespeare.' Admission free.

REMARKABLE MEETING

UNANIMOUS IN DEMANDING PRINCIPAL SMITH'S REINSTATEMENT.

A large gathering of the ratepayers of Westmount met last night in Victoria Hall to consider the action of the Public School Board in dismissing Mr. Ernest Smith, principal of King's School, without giving that gentleman any reasons, and refusing him a recommendation. The general feeling of the meeting, as expressed by Councillor Galbraith's motion, was that a delegation of parents, who had children in the school, and others who wanted to see fair play, should attend the meeting of the Public School Board to-morrow and should demand reconsideration and reinstatement, besides a subsequent enquiry as to what was the real question at the bottom of it all. All present agreed with the chairman, Mr. D. W. Ross, that whatever was done, should be done in a friendly and orderly way, since he thought that it was but a case of the board being led into the action through some mistaken evidence. They did not criticize the motives of the board, but thought that a mistake had been made which should be rectified.

To begin with, after Mr. Ross had been elected chairman and Mr. Johnson secretary, Mr. Howard explained the purpose of the meeting. Some two hundred requisitions had been signed by interested parents, asking the school board for a reconsideration, and they must now decide upon the next step. He wanted to know why a gentleman like Mr. Smith who had served honorably and efficiently for six years, who had brought the school up from being the worst in Westmount to its present condition, as the equal of any, and for whom in every home Mr. Howard had visited the people had professed the highest esteem and respect, why such a man should be dismissed without reasons being given and without a reference. A letter was then read from Mr. Justice Hutchinson, which was addressed to Mr. Smith, enclosing a reference, stating that, as a school commissioner, he had always known Mr. Smith as a thoroughly efficient principal, and as a conscientious and capable teacher.

Mr. Watson stated that he had two children in King's school and that since there, they had showed a marked improvement in studies and deportment. In all the families he had visited not one word had he heard against Mr. Smith, in fact everywhere there had been highest praise for him as a man and as a principal.

Councillor Arch. McGoun, K.C., said that aside from a personal knowledge of the case, that a man in Mr. Smith's place should have at least fair play and a chance to defend himself and his reputation against charges, if there really were any. It was due to the public and to Mr. Smith that an investigation should take place.

The Rev. A. J. Doull, of the Church of the Advent, testified that he had known Mr. Smith for many years, and that he had always done very creditable work, as much as a man as a schoolmaster. A member of the School Board had told Mr. Doull that they did not consider Mr. Smith qualified to continue in his position, and that to give him a reference would stultify their action in dismissing him.

The Hon. J. K. Ward, one of the school board, informed Mr. Ross that there had been but three commissioners present when the stop was decided, namely, Mr. Thomas Harling (chairman) and Messrs. Macfarlane and Lighthall. The public were quite free to come and make a representation at the next meeting of the board on Thursday, May 10.

Mr. Morrison had seen Mr. Harding in Quebec, and, in talking over the matter, Mr. Harling had said that if the people of Westmount wanted a reconsideration he would do all in his power to have one. He said that King's School was undoubtedly better than it had ever been before. He had nothing against Mr. Smith, King's School was in quite as favorable a condition as was the Academy, and that the board would be very glad to meet a committee to discuss a reconsideration.

Mr. Howard declared that the whole affair was a blot on Mr. Smith's character, which must be removed. The doubt would rest in the minds of the citizens that there was something wrong at bottom unless the affair were probed to the core by public investigation. He had told Mr. Smith how this would all come before the public gaze, and Mr. Smith had replied, 'Mr. Howard, I am innocent, and I want and insist upon a public investigation.'

Councillor Galbraith continued in the same strain, and showed that the board would never have dismissed Mr. Smith if someone had not been making representations about Mr. Smith to its members. It was a question of British fair play, more than a mere matter of bread and butter, and fair play demanded an opportunity for Mr. Smith to face his accusers, if such there were. Mr. Galbraith wanted to get at the fact behind the action, and if the charges were true, he had nothing against the board. He sat down amid loud applause.

Mr. Ross recommended that the first effort to be made was to have Mr. Smith reinstated, and he thought that when the board saw the unanimity of public opinion, that they would concur with public sentiment. After Mr. Smith was reinstated, if they wished, let them in a friendly way enquire into the questions of who gave the information against Mr. Smith, and was it correct?

The meeting then was addressed by several gentlemen to show the relative academic standing of King's to the other schools in Westmount.

Mr. Galbraith declared that no charge of inefficiency was possible, since in the last school reports, King's had outranked the others.

Mr. Jackson, former principal of Lachine Academy, testified to the high and creditable standing which King's scholars had attained in the government examinations.

The meeting then decided to send as large a delegation as possible to the meeting of the School Board on Thursday evening, with Messrs. Ross, Morrison, Doull, Jackson, Baillie and Watson as spokesmen, to ask for reconsideration and reinstatement, and also for the reasons why Mr. Smith had been dismissed, and why he had been refused a recommendation.

Mr. McGoun thought that the unanimous vindication of Mr. Smith's character and ability by so many citizens would influence the board to reinstate him, and that public confidence in the principal would not be weakened, but rather be strengthened, by the whole affair.

RAILWAY COMMITTEE

Bell Telephone Company's Application for Increase of Capital Discussed

Ottawa, May 9.—The Bell Telephone Company's application for an increase of its authorized capital from ten to fifty millions, engaged the attention of the House of Commons Railway Committee to-day. There was a very large attendance of members. A number of municipal delegates were on hand to ask for such modifications in the Bell Company's charter as will ensure the protection of municipal interests.

Mr. Eugene Lafleur, K.C., Montreal, gave estimates showing that the company intended expending some $4,500,000 upon new exchanges and extensions to its present services. The company expected to expend within the next ten years the following sums: Subscribers and exchanges, $21,000,000; underground conduits, $33,000,000; long distance service, $11,000,000; total, $65,000,000.

Mr. W. F. Maclean, M.P., asked if the new stock would be sold to the public at the market prices before it would be given to present shareholders at a fixed rate, as had been done in the past.

Mr. Lafleur answered that the company had been issuing new stock to its shareholders at $125 per share of $100, and was unable to see anything improper in their so doing.

Mr. Maclean contended that the public would suffer by the increase of capital. He believed the Canadian Bell Company was controlled by the American Company, and it was not shown otherwise at the telephone investigation last year.

Mr. Adam Zimmerman, who acted as chairman of last session's Telephone Committee in Sir William Mulock's absence, said it was established that the American Company paid cash for all its stock.

Mr. Cockshutt appealed to the committee not to strengthen the hands of the Bell Company. Before the Bell interests were given more privileges they should surrender their right to run rough-shod over the streets of municipalities.

'Let us hear the evidence first and argument after,' interposed Mr. Miller, M.P.

Mayor Coatsworth, Toronto, recalled the battle between his city and the Bell Company over control of highways. Until the company made concessions, he did not believe parliament would be justified in enlarging its capital. No other corporation had been given such privileges in streets and roadways as this Bell Company, and there was urgent need for such legislation as would give the municipalities the control of their own highways.

Mr. E. B. Osler, M.P., asserted that Dunn avenue, Toronto, one of the handsomest streets in Canada, had been spoiled by the destruction of its magnificent trees by the Bell Telephone Company.

Ald. Dickson, of Hamilton, opposed the bill most emphatically. 'With ten million capital,' he said, 'the Bell Company has practically taken possession of the streets of Hamilton. The situation will be worse still if the company has its capital increased five-fold.'

Mr. E. H. Dewart, K.C., representing Toronto and the Municipal Union of Ontario, contended that the present was the onportune time to regulate the Bell Telephone Company. When an application for increase of forty millions capital was received, it was time to impose new restrictions. The conditions had changed greatly since 1880, when the Bell Company obtained its first charter. The rights exercised over stree's by the Bell Company proved a hardship to cities and towns.

'Have the railways not the same rights,' asked the Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick.

Mr. Dewart replied that the telephone company tore up the streets and honeycombed the highways, while a railway did not do that. He was willing to have the telephone trunk lines controlled as railways, but municipal councils should regulate local conditions.

Mr. Pringle, M.P., recommended that the Railway Commission should be empowered to determine as to the location of telephone wires and poles. It would be unreasonable to allow a municipality to absolutely prevent extension of a telephone system.

Mr. Dewart answered that the municipality should control absolutely.

The Minister of Railways reminded the committee that public utilities should enjoy the right of eminent domain. It might not be practicable to have the trunk lines controlled by the commission and the local service upon which the trunk lines depended subject to municipal control.

It was then one o'clock, and Mr. A. E. Kemp, M.P., Toronto, submitted an amendment embodying the view of those who spoke for the municipalities.

The bill will be further considered next week.

CHINESE PAY INDEMNITY

THE DESTRUCTION OF MISSION BUILDINGS AT LIEN CHOW

Hong Kong, May 9.—The Viceroy of Canton has paid to the American Consul at Canton, Mr. Julius G. Lay, the sum of $60,000 as indemnity for the mission buildings, the personal property of the missionaries and the converts, as a result of the destruction of property during the rioting at Lien Chow in October last. The money will be transferred to the Presbyterian Mission settlement at Lien Chow.

The John Murphy Company Limited

We Close daily at 5.30 p.m. Wednesday, May 9th, 1906.



Ready for the Horse Show.

We are prepared for any emergency this Horse Show Time. We have imported specially for this occasion several Ultra-Exclusive Gowns all ready for immediate service, and which, we have every reason to believe, could be numbered as amongst the most attractive features of the Horse Show, as far as the fashion side of it is concerned. We have also prepared a number of new picture hats, which we are confident cannot be excelled for beauty and good taste by anything that will be seen there.

.65 NEW WAISTINGS, .35

A very fine collection of all wool silk embroidered de Laines, printed de Laines, serge de Laines. in charming 2, 3 and 4 toned combination colorings on grounds of cream, pink, sky, navy, reseda, myrtle, cardinal, etc. Values up to .65.

Thursday .35

SPECIAL VALUES IN ELECTRIC FIXTURES

We have a large assortment of Dining Room and Drawing Room Fixtures which we are selling at

EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICES.

Intending purchasers would do well to visit our showrooms before purchasing elsewhere.

McDONALD & WILLSON,

2458 St. Catherine Street,

Between Drummond and Mountain Sts.

FUNNY FEATURES.

Who has not experienced the joys and blessings of moving day? The Ouimetoscope artist has a clever picture story, true to life, for one of the features in next week's programme at Karn Hall.. 'The Parson's Cooking Lesson,' 'The Ice Cream Eater,' 'A Henpecked Husband,' and 'The Hair Dresser's Victim,' will be among the many comic views to be shown next week. 'Rip Van Winkle' is among the dramatic pieces offered.

A STORY WORTH WAITING FOR.

A story which one critic classes with 'Frank Stocton's cleverest work,' and another describes as 'a delicious chain of absurdities . . . exceedingly amusing' is worth watching for in a world where magazine and newspaper stories seem to vie with each other in dullness. We are glad, therefore, to be able to tell our readers that it is this 'exceedingly amusing' story we have made arrangements to publish as a serial, beginning to-morrow.

PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD

THE REV. R. GAMBLE, OF OTTAWA, CHOSEN AS MODERATOR.

Ottawa, May 8.— The Presbyterian Synod of Montreal and Ottawa opened their annual session here in Knox Church this evening.

The Rev. D. McLaren, from the Glengarry Presbytery, the son of Principal McLaren, of Toronto, a former minister of the church in which the Synod is convened, conducted the opening proceedings and preached a sermon from the words in Isaiah: 'I have set watchmen upon thy walls, O Jerusalem, which shall never hold their peace day nor night. Ye that make mention of the Lord keep not silence and give him no rest till he establish and till he make Jerusalem a praise in the earth.'

The pastor of Knox Church and the clerk of the Synod occupied places on the right and left of the retiring moderator throughout the opening proceedings.

After a short valedictory, the Synod, having been formally constituted, nominations for the moderatorship, four in number, were presented from Presbyteries. The name of the Rev. F. M. Dewey was withdrawn. A vote was taken on the names of the Rev. John M. MacAlister, from the Presbytery of Brockville; the Rev. Dr. Kellock, from the Presbytery of Quebec, and the Rev. R. Gamble, of the Presbytery of Ottawa. The latter was chosen by a majority vote, which was afterwards made unanimous.

The new moderator was conducted by Messrs. Mitchell and Bayne, his mover and seconder, to the robing room and afterwards to the Synod platform, from which he delivered a brief inaugural.

Certain routine arrangements were carried through, which had reference to hours of meeting, appointment for Presbyteries and the order of handling items on the docket.

An appeal by Dr. Watts against a finding of the Presbytery of Glengarry was set for treatment for Wednesday afternoon.

An invitation was presented to the Synod from the Honorable Speaker of the House of Commons and Mrs. Sutherland to an 'At-Home' to-morrow evening from five to half-past six o'clock. The acceptance of the invitation was recorded.

WELCOMED HOME

ARRIVAL OF THE PRINCE AND PRINCESS OF WALES AT PORTSMOUTH AND LONDON.

Portsmouth, England, May 8.—The Prince and Princess of Wales, who arrived here yesterday from India, landed to-day after over six months' absence. They were accorded a great naval welcome. Most of the vessels of the Channel fleet had assembled here and fired salutes as the battleship 'Renown,' with the Prince and Princess on board, entered the harbor. The three elder children of their Royal Highnesses were awaiting their parents. They raced up the gangway of the 'Renown' and were the first shore visitors to board her.

London, May 8.—The Prince and Princess of Wales arrived at Victoria station this evening. They were greeted here by the King, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and Princesses Henry and Ena of Battenberg. The route to Marlborough House, their London residence, was lined by cheering people and guarded by about four thousand police.

DRANK FLORIDA WATER

FOUR INDIANS DEAD AT DUCK LAKE RESERVE.

Rosthern, Sask., May 8.—Four Indians are dead and three others in a serious condition as a result of a Florida water debauch at the Duck Lake Indian Reserve. The water was purchased at Duck Lake on Saturday in large quantities. In the drunk on Sunday night four died, as follows :—Apischapace, Gregoire, Valuator, and Valuator's wife. Coroner Stewart, of Rosthern, after an investigation, found no evidence of foul play, and decided an inquest was unnecessary. Inspector Genereux, of Prince Albert, is investigating the matter for the government.

A similar case to the above occurred near Mistawasis on Saturday. James Dreaver, proprietor of the general store there, returning from a trip to Pelican Lake, is supposed to have taken Florida water. He first complained of pain in the kidneys, and then, being unable to stand the jolting of the rig, he walked quite a distance and finally went blind. He ran into the water among the trees. He died at sundown on Saturday. The sale of Florida water has reached enormous proportions at Duck Lake. It is remarked that more of this fluid is shipped in than whiskey.

FATAL DYNAMITE EXPLOSION

FOUR MEN BLOWN TO PIECES ON JAMES BAY CONSTRUCTION.

Dunchurch, Ont., May 8.—Joseph Caron, foreman, his brother, Anglo, and two other Italians were instantly killed by a dynamite explosion on the James Bay Railway construction, at 6.15 o'clock last night. The bodies were terribly mangled. A shot of two boxes of dynamite had missed fire the previous day and these men were working overtime and accidentally discharged it. Had the accident occurred twenty minutes earlier, in all probability fifteen men would have shared the same fate.

THE SPEED OF AUTOMOBILES.

Alfred Baker and Herbert Dalglish were yesterday each fined twelve and a half dollars for driving their automobiles in the city at a speed greater than six miles an hour.

THE SYNOD EXECUTIVE

HOPES KING WILL COME.

At the quarterly meeting of the executive of the Synod of the Diocese of Montreal, yesterday afternoon, a resolution was passed, on the initiative of the Rev. Dr. Ker, expressing the members' approval of the invitation of parliament to the King and Queen to visit this Dominion, and expressing the hope that it would be possible for Their Majesties to accede to this invitation.

CLERGYMEN'S OUTFITS.

A report from a special committee was read, recommending a grant for outfit to newly ordained clergymen, but the recommendation did not receive the approbation of the meeting.

SAN FRANCISCO CALAMITY.

Letters expressing deep appreciation of the sympathy of the Synod were read from the Bishop of California and from the Mayor of San Francisco. The former added: 'Our double calamity of shock and flame has not broken our courage, and the interest and sympathy of our brethren confirm it not a little.'

A letter from the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, suggesting the establishment of a depository for the sale of the publications of that society, was read, and was referred to the committee on books and tracts.

BRAITHWAITE WILL CASE.

Dr. L. H. Davidson, church advocate, made a report upon the Braithwaite will case, and a resolution was passed giving him authority to take such steps as may be necessary to secure a settlement of the matters still in dispute.

The Bishop Coadjutor presided, and there were also present: Rural Dean Carmichael, Dean Evans, Archdeacon Naylor, Canon Longhurst, Rural Dean Robinson, Rural Dean Jeakins, Archdeacon Ker, Rural Dean Dart, Rural Dean Harris, the Rev. J. H. Bell, the Rev. Archdeacon Norton, the Rev. N. A. F. Bourne, Canon Chambers, Rural Dean Taylor, Rural Dean Sanders, Canon Baylis, Mr. H. J. Mudge, Mr. Richard White, Dr. T. P. Butler, Dr. Alex. Johnson, the Hon. Judge Foster, Mr. Thos. Hunter, Mr. S. O. Shorey, Mr. George Durnford, Col. E. A. Dyer, Dr. L. H. Davidson, Mr. G. F. C. Smith, Mr. Edgar Judge, Mr. E. R. Smith, Mr. Lansing Lewis and Mr. W. L. Bond.

UNCLE SAM'S TROOPS

A MASSACHUSETTS REGIMENT MAY VISIT MONTREAL IN AUGUST.

Arrangements are being made for the visit of a Massachusetts regiment to Montreal in August next, and the necessary permission for the regiment to leave the state has been granted by the commander-in-chief. The reply of the Canadian Government to the application for permission to bring the regiment into Canada has not yet been received from the Dominion authorities.

Colonel W. H. Oakes and Major Stover, of the United States militia, and party were in the city yesterday, and had a conference with the local military authorities, at which certain arrangements were entered into concerning accommodation for the troops during their stay here. No decision was reached regarding the quartering of the troops, but it is probable that official application will be made to the D. O. C. for quarters in the Drill Hall. Certain formalities have to be complied with, and as soon as all official requirements are met, the regiment will proceed to complete its arrangements.

Colonel Oakes and party, who stayed at the Windsor, were the guests of Mayor Ekers in the early part of the afternoon.

RAILWAY APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. A. E. Deguire, who for some years was connected with the Grand Trunk and New York Central passenger department here, has been appointed passenger agent for the Delaware & Hudson, with headquarters at 185 St. James street.

Mr. M. C. Sturtevant, car service agent for the Grand Trunk, has resigned to join the Grand Trunk Pacific, and the office has been abolished, to be supplanted by that of superintendent of car service, to which Mr. Fred. Price has been appointed.

A Purifier of the Blood,

When searching for a blood-purifier in the spring people sometimes forget that the only way by which the blood can be purified is through the filtering process carried on by the liver and kidneys.

It is the special mission of the liver to remove the poisonous bile from the blood, while the kidneys eliminate the uric acid and similar poisons.

Because Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills thoroughly cleanse these filtering organs and set them in healthful activity, they are the most thoroughly satisfactory purifier of the blood you can possibly obtain.

Biliousness, indigestion, headaches, kidney derangements and constipation are among the most common results of torpid action of the liver and kidneys, and with the blood impure you are liable to attack from all sorts of contagious disease. You can thoroughly rid the system of all impurities which poison the blood by using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

FRASER, VIGER & CO., MONTREAL,

Have the reputation of being the Tea and Coffee House of the Dominion.

There is something about the flavor of our Teas that please the palate, a sort of feeling that calls for the second cup, something irresistible after the first trial.

In the United States the majority of the people pin their faith on Coffee, but here in Canada and more especially in the good old Province of Quebec, Tea is the beverage of the masses as well as the classes.

So great a necessity has it become to our existence that ladies declare they can do nothing in the morning till they get their cup of Tea.

We have teas to suit the purse and palate of all. Here they are:

FRASER'S TEAS.

(English Breakfast.)	Pound. Per
Superbly Choicest Lapseng Souchong	$1.00
The "Russian Karavan," very choicest early spring picked Breakfast Congou	1.00
Extra Souchong	75c
Extra Congou	60c
Fraser's Special Blend	45c
English Breakfast	35c
Good Black Tea	25c
FORMOSA OOLONG TEA.	
Royal Dragon, Chop No. 1	$1.00
Royal Dragon, Chop No. 2	75c
INDIA AND CEYLON TEAS.	
Fraser's Golden Tipped Ceylon Tea	50c
Very Finest Ceylon Teas	60c
Choice Ceylon Tea	35c
Fine Ceylon Tea	25c
Finest Scented Orange Pekoe	60c
JAPAN TEAS.	
Very Choicest Japan	60c
Extra Japan	50c
Fine Japan	40c
Choice Japan	30c
GREEN TEAS.	
Finest Young Hyson	75c
Fine Gunpowder Tea	60c

All our Teas for sale in ½-lb. and 1-lb. packages, or fresh packed in 5, 10 and 20-lb. caddies or canisters.

LILAC TEA.

A perfect combination of the choicest Indian and Ceylon Tea sold in packages only.

25 cents per ½-lb. Pkt. 50 cents per Pound Pkt.

FRASER'S COFFEES.

CREAM COFFEE—(Our Special Blend)

Is in demand from Halifax to Vancouver.

It is to-day the most popular high-grade Coffee on the market.

It has won its great popularity entirely on merit, as we give no prizes or use any schemes in fastening the sale of it.

The value is simply in the goods.

CREAM COFFEE—Per Pound 40 Cents.

Put up in 5-lb., 10-lb. and 20-lb. Cans.

SOMETHING NEW.

N. Y. COFFEE.

A combination of the finest Coffees Grown.

N. Y. COFFEE.

A perfect combination of finest Arabian Mocha, Old Government Java, Plantation Ceylon, and other fine Coffees. 40 Cents Per Pound.

ANOTHER FAVORITE.

McEWAN'S (ALBANY) ROYAL DUTCH COFFEE.

ROYAL DUTCH COFFEE is prepared by the Beach Process (Patented), which removes by steam, before roasting, the TANNIC ACID, a powerful astringent, injurious to many, producing headache, biliousness, etc.

ROYAL DUTCH COFFEE prepared by the Beach Process can be drunk by the most delicate without discomfort or injury.

ROYAL DUTCH COFFEE put up in 2-lb. Cans, 90 Cents per Can.

Coffee should always be kept in a closed Tin, if left in a paper bag or exposed in any way it loses both its flavor and its strength.

FRASER, VIGER & CO., ITALIAN WAREHOUSE, ESTABLISHED, ... 1856

THE NORDHEIMER BUILDING, 207, 209 & 211 St. James St. MONTREAL.

EMPLOYING STRIKE BREAKERS

TROUBLE BETWEEN TORONTO RAILWAY COMPANY AND THEIR EMPLOYEES.

Toronto, May 8.—The Toronto Railway Company has agreed to refer to arbitration the dispute between the company and its employees over the action of the company in employing on city cars some of the strike-breakers who went to Winnipeg during the street car strike in that city. The arbitrators selected by the company are Messrs. F. B. Polson, of the Polson Iron Works, and K. J. Dunstan, of the Bell Telephone Company, and the men have selected Messrs. James Simpson and David Carey, well-known labor leaders, as their representatives. Should the four not be able to agree they will select a fifth to decide the differences.

A PACIFIC MISSION

BRITISH ATLANTIC SQUADRON TO HONOR THE QUEEN ON ARRIVAL AT GIBRALTAR.

London, May 8.—A despatch to a news agency from Gibraltar to-day stating that the British Atlantic fleet, which sailed from the Island of Madeira last week, had suddenly been recalled to Gibraltar, created a short-lived sensation this afternoon. Inquiry at the Admiralty, however, showed that the contemplated return of the fleet was not connected with the Anglo-Turkish situation, but was for a wholly pacific purpose, that of honoring Queen Alexandra on her arrival at Gibraltar from Naples.

THE BIOSCOPE AGAIN.

The London Bioscope Company, whose entertainments at the old Windsor Hall earned such a splendid reputation, in this city, will open a week's engagement at the Stanley Hall commencing on Monday next. An excellent programme will be given, including new illustrated songs by Messrs. Al. E. Reed and J. S. Phillips. There will be special matinees on Monday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons.

THE TEMISKAMING RAILWAY.

By the end of the month the locomotives on the Temiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway will be increased from ten to fourteen, and there will also be a substantial increase in the passenger coaches to meet the rapidly increasing traffic.

ST. JOHN TROUBLE SETTLED.

St. John, N.B., May 9.—A strike by the 'Longshoremen's Association here because of the employment of members of the rival society on a steamer under conditions which they felt violated the association's principles, was settled yesterday by the 'Longshoremen's Association signing a three-year agreement with William Thomson & Co., shipping merchants. The agreement gives the association the work on the Furness, Manchester and Battle line steamers, at 35 cents summer rate, for a nine-hour day, 30 cents, winter, 10-hour day; 40 cents for bulk grain, half-pay for waiting time, double pay Sundays. The agreement has been sent to Montreal, and it is said all the principal lines running here in winter will likely sign.

HOUSEWIVES APPRECIATE Cook's Friend BAKING POWDER

Because it Always Gives Satisfaction.

Sold Everywhere.

NEW THEATRE FOR TORONTO.

Toronto, May 8.—Work will begin immediately in getting out the foundations for the new theatre that a local syndicate is under contract to erect in alliance with the Belasco-Fiske-Schubert people of New York. The plans are to be prepared by Messrs. Crearar & Hastings, of New York, the consulting architects of the Traders' Bank Building. The bargain was concluded and the money paid over to-day to Messrs. A. E. Osler & Co., acting for Mr. H. S. Strathy, the owner of the frontage, 100 feet on King street, west, with depth of 186 feet back to Pearl. The purchaser was Mr. M. Mitchell, acting for the local syndicate, and the price was given as in the neighborhood of $45,000. The main entrance to the new theatre will be at the very gateway of old Upper Canada College. The work of building the theatre will be rushed from the start, and it is expected that the house will be ready for opening next fall.

NEW TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Toronto, May 8.— The Independent Long Distance Telephone Company obtained a franchise from the Private Bills Committee of the Legislature to-day. The sum of $200,000 must be spent within one year by the company or the Bell Company will retain the right to make exclusive contracts, and if the sum is not spent within two years the franchise will be forfeited. Mr. McDougall intimated that undue influence had been used upon the committee, and Mr. Geo. Lynch Staunton, on behalf of the Bell Company, repudiated the insinuation.

WEARY AND WORRIED

Old Brewery Mission to Provide Summer Home for Mothers and Children

SUPERINTENDENT REPORTS FAMINE IN LABOR MARKET.

The Old Brewery Mission is arranging to provide a summer home for tired mothers and delicate children. It has decided to engage a nurse-deaconess. It is planning to hold open-air meetings during the summer with the aid of a 'Gospel waggon.' The superintendent declares that there is a labor famine in Montreal at present and hundreds of capable men and women could find work here at the present time.

All this and more interesting information was presented at a meeting of the board of management, held in the parlors of Dominion Square Methodist Church last evening. The president, Mr. J. W. Palmer, presided.

Mr. W. G. Taylor, the superintendent, in his monthly report, said that during the month of April the lodging department of the Old Brewery Mission had provided 212 free beds, 313 work beds, 98 sick beds, and had found 1,091 jobs for men looking for work.

This shows a steady increase in the good work done over the same period in previous years. The income from the restaurant for the month was $445.55. The report on religious work showed an aggregate attendance at indoor meetings of 2,222 persons with forty professed conversions. Among the latter, Mr. Taylor stated that one penitent, recently, while kneeling in prayer, handed him two dangerous-looking knives which he took from his pockets, saying that if he kept them he might do some harm to himself or some one else, as his case was desperate. Another surrendered a bottle of liquor, which was promptly destroyed. These were the kind of men the mission was helping, and the only permanent reforming agency was the Gospel.

Mr. Taylor added that the mission office was being daily besieged with inquiries for male and female help of all kinds. From morning to night the telephone was kept constantly ringing. Railways, factories, laundries, eating houses, contractors, all were calling for hands, and hundreds of trained domestics were needed.

Mr. Taylor reported having taken a collection in aid of the San Francisco sufferers, and when it was found that the United States Government would not accept aid from outside, the amount given, $6.87, was handed to the Salvation Army, which had suffered the loss of all their property in the ill-fated city.

Mr. Taylor made an observation on the number of sick beds provided last month. In addition to the ordinary sick cases—men without homes who were applying for shelter—the hospitals were sending convalescent men to the mission. This was making the need for a larger building more urgent than ever. At the present time the premises afford sleeping accommodation for 135 men nightly, and the restaurant serves 100 meals daily.

Miss Stone, the deaconess, reported having made 138 calls and distributed 135 papers and tracts during the month. She had secured work for seven persons, and led or assisted at a number of meetings besides doing other work. She has arranged to hold the closing exercises in connection with the winter's kitchen-garden classes to-morrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock. She invites all who may be interested in this kind of work, or in the general work of the mission to call and enjoy the closing programme.

The most important matter discussed—at least to some people—was the establishment of a summer rest Home.

Last year this work was proposed, but it was found impossible to do more than give the working women and children a trip or two around the city or mountain in the street cars and an occasional picnic to St. Helen's Island. This year it has been decided to secure a lot, on some lake front, if possible, and establish a Home, or village, perhaps, where women and children may spend a two weeks' holiday in the open-air, with all the advantages and benefits of country life. Several options have been secured by the committee within 20 miles of the city. If a house large enough cannot be secured tents will be provided, and everything possible will be done to make the visitors comfortable. The cost of the enterprise, including furnishings, is estimated at $500, and the board hopes that friends of the mission and of the poor and sick will contribute the necessary funds. Bedding, provisions, utensils, toys, furniture, fruit, etc., will be accepted, as well as money. It is honed, sometime during the summer, a holiday for men may be arranged.

The names of Messrs. J. A. Ogilvy, jr., and J. A. Mathewson were added to the board of management, and the following were named on the advisory board:—Dr. Frank Adams, Mr. George E. Drummond, Mr. H. B. Ames, M.P., and Mr. John Torrance.

The board adjourned to September.

MAY DISQUALIFY ALDERMEN

COURTS BEING APPEALED TO IN INTERESTING CASE.

An interesting case will shortly occupy the attention of the civil courts. Section 37 of the charter forbids any person interested in any claim against the city for damages from sitting as an alderman. This section, it is claimed, has been violated by an alderman who is a shareholder in the Canadian Dairy Supply Company.

The latter company claimed $4,000 from the city in January last for damages caused by flooding, and later obtained $1,027. It is argued that, as a consequence, the alderman in question is thus disqualified. A movement is on foot to unseat him in the courts.

BOY AND REVOLVER

YOUTH OF FOURTEEN YEARS CHARGED WITH ROBBING M. L., H. & POWER COMPANY.

Between Friday and yesterday seven or eight slot meters which have been returned to the Ottawa street store of the Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company, were broken open, and the money boxes robbed of about thirty dollars. In consequence, a watch was kept on the place yesterday, with the result that, last evening, the police were telephoned for, and one of the employees, a boy fourteen years of age, named James Neilan, of Shannon street, was given into custody.

This morning Neilan was arraigned before Mr. Lafontaine charged with having damaged a gas meter to the extent of one dollar and with having stolen a twenty-five cent piece. He was committed for trial on Friday, on the two charges, and remanded to the Recorder's Court to be further charged with having carried a loaded revolver. He had the weapon in his possession when taken into custody.

A WOMAN'S FORGIVENESS

REFUSES TO PROSECUTE MAN WHO STRUCK HER ON THE HEAD WITH AN AXE.

Napoleon Paska, 45 years of age, an Italian residing at 219 Aqueduct street, was arrested last night charged with having assaulted Mary Devine with an axe. The man was arraigned before Mr. Lafontaine this morning when the woman declined to prosecute. She stated that Paska struck her on the forehead with an axe, and showed the magistrate the wound caused by the instrument, but she said she forgave the man, and did not wish to have him punished.

'Very well,' said Mr. Lafontaine, 'let him go.'

However, on the police stating that the man and woman were drinking together and that while they were quarrelling Paska picked up the axe and hit the woman, the magistrate changed his mind and sent the man for trial on Friday, when the police will prosecute. Prisoner said he commited the assault 'for fun.'

DID IT IN GOOD FAITH

HOTELKEEPER FINED FOR SUPPLYING MAYOR AND COUNCILLORS OF POINTE AUX TREMBLES WITH LIQUOR ON SUNDAY.

Adoph Durocher, a hotelkeeper of Pointe aux Trembles, was to-day condemned by Judge Desnoyers to pay a fine of $50 for having sold liquor on Sunday, April 11.

It was stated that the Mayor of Pointe aux Trembles and members of the municipal council met a man at Durocher's hotel on the day in question for the purpose of discussing certain matter in connection with the sale of the local aqueduct, and that the defendant supplied them with refreshment 'in good faith.'

THE 'EMPRESS' SPECIAL.

On Saturday, May 19, the C. P. R. will inaugurate another train to be known as the 'Empress' special, to run from Montreal to Quebec in conjunction with the 'Empress' line of steamers. The train, which will be luxuriously fitted up, will be limited to passengers by the boat. It will leave Montreal at 8.40 a.m., and will run right up to the gangway of the 'Empress of Britain' at Quebec. Quebec will be reached at one o'clock, and the vessel will sail for England at three o'clock the same day.

SUMMER LIBRARY SCHOOL

THE THIRD SESSION AT McGILL WILL COMMENCE ON MAY 30.

The third session of the Summer School of Library Economy at McGill University will begin on Wednesday, May 30, and will continue until Wednesday, June 27. This school, which was initiated by the energetic librarian, Mr. C. H. Gould, has proved of great value to librarians and assistant in smaller libraries.

As in previous years, the course will pre-suppose no knowledge of the subjects of instruction. At the same time the teaching will prove valuable to any one who may desire assistance in special directions, or may wish to obtain a general view of the whole field of library effort. As a matter of fact schools of this sort invariably stimulate and interest the students so that they do a much better class of work after training than they are able to do without th literature that the school supplies. The training in library methods will often enable a library to save a good many dollars by ensuring the use of simple and direct methods that make for economy.

The subjects of study are classification, accessioning, cataloguing, shelf listing and work at the shelves, charging for loan systems, order systems (methods of purchase), and reference work, including elementary bibliography.

The lecturers whose presence have already been arranged for are Dr. James Bain, of the Toronto Public Library; Mr. H. H. Langton of the University Library, Toronto, and Mr. E. A. Hardy, secretary of the Ontario Library Association. Dr. Bain will speak on the subject of reference books suitable for small libraries, and Mr. Hardy will give an illustrated lecture on small library buildings. It is expected that Dr. Dewey, formerly of Albany, whose lecture was so much enjoyed last year, will visit the school, and address the students.

BOY DROWNED IN QUARRY.

Coroner McMahon disposed of the case of Joseph Desnoyers, the seven-year-old boy, who was drowned on Monday in a quarry at St. Louis, without a jury. The little fellow had gone with a companion fishing for minnows, when he fell into the water and was drowned. The quarry was fenced in according to law.

A $40,000 FIRE

Messrs. Ethier & Co., Dry Goods Store, Cutted This Morning

MR. GILBERT GILBEAU, AN EMPLOYEE, TAKEN TO THE HOSPITAL BADLY BURNED.

The dry goods store of Messrs. Ethier & Co., at the corner of St. Catherine and Iberville streets, was totally destroyed by fire this morning, and Mr. Gilbert Gilbeau, one of the employees, was so badly burned about the face and hands that it was found necessary to remove him to the Notre Dame Hospital.

The fire started about ten o'clock, in the basement, and owing to the inflammable quality of the stock the store was within a few minutes one mass of flames. When the fire started, Mr. Gilbeau heroically attempted to put out the flames, but without success, and with the result that he received painful injuries. Mr. Ethier states that he was carrying a $40,000 stock, and was insured for $25,000. The dwellings above the store were damaged by smoke and water.

PLANNING COLLEGE RUSH

McGILL MEDICALS NOT TO BE FOOLED NEXT YEAR.

The McGill medical 'rush' between the first and second year men, which has been handed down as a tradition until last year when it was dispensed with by the mutual consent of the freshmen and the sophomores, will be revived next autumn. This decision was reached at a meeting of the first year medicals specially called for the purpose of considering the reinstitution of the 'rush.'

Last year, shortly after college opened, the freshmen were approached by a delegation of sophomores, who proposed that the rush should be abolished stipulating, however, that the first year men would be expected to contribute a half dollar, for refreshments to be served at an evening entertainment in the medical building at which the two classes were to be present on equal footing, the freshmen agreeing.

The entertainment was duly held, but, it is alleged, did not take place in the manner promised by the sophomores. As each freshman arrived he was locked in the dissecting room until all were herded together. Then one by one they were taken into a lecture room, and compelled to go through certain manoeuvres, which they considered as tending to lower their dignity. However, they submitted to the ordeal and nothing more was heard of the matter until the present.

As time went on the freshmen devised plans by which they might return the compliment to the second year students, but only in a few isolated cases were their ideas carried out as originally conceived.

The 'rush' has for months been the subject of much controversy in the 'Outlook,' the organ of the McGill students, some supporting it as a tradition and others advocating its abolition and the substitution by the social function proposed for this year.

The present freshmen consider that they were shabbily treated by the sophomores, inasmuch as a pledge had been given to them beforehand by the sophomores that at the entertainment already mentioned, both classes would be on a strictly equal footing; but they contend the pledge was grossly violated. Monday's meeting was, therefore, called to decide upon what course should be followed next autumn, when the present first year men expect to be in authority in the capacity of sophomores. More than two-thirds of those at the meeting were in favor of the reestablishment of the 'rush,' and a resolution was passed accordingly. Next year's freshmen will be given to understand that, provided they are unwilling to participate in the rush they must pay a half dollar levy and submit to a programme similar to that put in force by last year's sophomores.

If next year's freshmen are not favorably inclined towards the 'rush,' the present first year medicals are determined that one will take place, even if they have to 'rush' the prospective juniors, as they greatly regret their failure to take advantage of the opportunity presented last autumn and acquiescence in the course dictated.

NOTRE DAME HOSPITAL

MR. FORGET REMAINS ON THE BOARD—DR. LACHAPELLE RETIRES.

A meeting of the board of directors of the Notre Dame Hospital was held yesterday, when the official announcement was made that Mr. Rodolphe Forget had withdrawn his resignation, and that he would continue to act as vice-president, and as a director.

On the other hand, Dr. E. P. Lachapelle, persisting in his decision to retire from the directorate, his resignation was accepted.

The retirement of Dr. Lachapelle creates two vacancies, as he acted in the double capacity of general superintendent and medical superintendent. The medical superintendent is elected by the members of the medical board themselves, and it is expected that the choice of the new officer will be between Drs. De Lotbiniere, Harwood, Foucher, Marsolais and Mercier.

The general superintendent is chosen by the directors, and he need not necessarily be a physician, although a member of the profession will probably be appointed.

The question of the new superintendent was briefly referred to at yesterday's meeting, but in the absence of the vice-president, the matter was left over for future consideration.

PALMAKES EXTRADITION CASE.

A police officer has arrived in Montreal from New York with a warrant and papers for the extradition of C. J. Palmakes, who was arrested here last week charged with having misappropriated $1,800 received by him for the sale of candies on behalf of his patron, Hans Mokher.

NO COLLECTOR AUTHORIZED.

Mr. E. Pelletier, secretary of the Labor Day committee of the Montreal Trades and Labor Council, states that no collectors have been authorized to solicit or receive moneys or prizes for the Labor Day celebration or picnic to be held on Sept. 3.

UNLICENSED LIQUOR-SELLING.

Wilfred Demers was to-day fined $50 by Judges Desnoyers for having sold liquor at Maisonneuve without a license.

PRINCE IN AN AUTOMOBILE

A DRIVE AROUND TOWN AND A VISIT TO THE BANK OF MONTREAL.

(See pages 1 and 14.)

Prince Arthur, with Sir Montagu Allan, Colonel Hanbury-Williams, Captain Trotter, and Captain Wyndham, paid a visit to the Bank of Montreal shortly after twelve o'clock to-day. The party were driven from 'Ravenscrag' to the Bank in automobiles.

On arrival at the bank the Prince was welcomed by Sir George Drummond and Mr. H. Vincent Meredith, and the Royal visitor was shown over the building.

'It is a beautiful building,' said the Prince, after he had looked over the large main office.

Sir George invited the Prince and party to step inside to inspect the vaults. As one of the staff swung open the huge door leading from the general corridor to the private enclosure, Prince Arthur smilingly asked, 'Is it quite safe for us to enter?' Being assured that all was well, the party went over the entire compartments, and as the Prince returned to the main entrance preparatory to his departure, he expressed to Sir George his appreciation of the opportunity afforded him of inspecting the bank, of which he had heard so much. 'Such an institution is a credit to Canadian finance and to the city of Montreal,' remarked Prince Arthur.

A few words more with Sir George Drummond and the Prince and party left the bank to re-enter the automobiles. As the Prince appeared on St. James street, he was given a hearty cheer by a large crowd that had gathered in front of the bank. Entering the huge car, the Prince was again given a cheer, which His Royal Highness acknowledged by repeatedly doffing his hat.

As the party drove off they were cheered all along St. James street.

The party then drove to the Hunt Club for luncheon.

VISITOR'S POCKET PICKED

MANITOBA MAN RELIEVED OF $400 YESTERDAY WHILE WATCHING THE PRINCE.

Mr. Victor Little, of Manitoba, who was on a visit to Montreal yesterday, had a wallet containing $400 stolen from his pocket while he was among the crowd of people who watched the evolutions of the Cadets yesterday afternoon on the Champ de Mars before Prince Arthur of Connaught.

DRINK AND CRIME

MAN WHO COMPLETED SENTENCE IN APRIL SENT BACK TO JAIL.

Frank McPhillips was sent to jail by Mr. Lafontaine this morning for three months for having stolen a coat and two ostrich feathers from the residence of Mr. H. A. Layton, 144 Peel street, last week. Last September McPhillips was sentenced to six months imprisonment, and while serving his sentence he assaulted another prisoner, for which he was condemned in the Court of King's Bench to a further term of a month, so that he only came out of prison towards the end of April. Three days afterwards he took some drink, and while under its influence committed the theft for which he was sentenced.

ALICE CONROY'S DEATH

CORONER'S JURY EXONERATE MOTORMAN FROM ANY BLAME.

Coroner McMahon held an inquest this morning at the Montreal General Hospital on the body of Alice Conroy, 18 years of age, who died of injuries received through being struck by an electric car at Hochelaga last Sunday night.

Dr. Campbell deposed that the girl had succumbed to a compound fracture of the skull.

Seth Jowett, fourteen years of age, residing at 60 Prefontaine street, stated that he was on the C. P. R. subway bridge at Hochelaga at the time of the accident. He saw the little girl cross the road from the south side to the north side, but on returning she stopped in the middle of the track, and the car struck her. He did not believe the motorman could see the child on account of the heavy dust which was flying. After the accident the car went about one hundred feet.

Bella Conroy, sister of the deceased, said that four girls were playing together, and the deceased crossed the track and hid behind a pole. She did not see the accident, but she saw the car, which was going at a fast rate. The motorman was not ringing his bell.

Ernest Briere, conductor, said he saw smomething dark in the roadway and a little girl running towards it. He stopped the car and the motorman and himself went back and found the little girl about three feet from the track, on her back. Witness said the motorman was sober, and he was of the opinion that the dust was responsible for the motorman not seeing the child.

Achille Brosseau, the motorman, stated that he did not know there had been an accident until he was told by the conductor. After leaving Marlborough street he had put on full power to enable him to run his car up the steep slope. He did not ring his bell because there was no crossing or cars or vehicles coming to meet him.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death, attaching no blame to the motorman.

SHIPPING NEWS.

THE TUNISIAN REPORTED.

The Allan line Royal Mail SS. Tunisian, from Liverpool and Moville, for Quebec and Montreal, was reported by Marconigram 100 miles north-east of Cape Race at 10 o'clock this morning.

MINISTER ASSASSINATED

SENOR ALDOLFO ALTAMIRANO OF NICARAGUA DONE TO DEATH.

Washington, May 9.—Senor Corea, the Nicaraguan minister here, to-day received a cablegram stating that Aldolfo Altamirano, the Nicaraguan Minister for Foreign Affairs, has been assassinated.

BRITISH NEWS.

ENGLAND.

The Bradford municipal tramways earned £228,000 during the financial year.

A young lady has secured a scavengering contract under the Freebridge Lynn District Council.

Clubs have been formed at Tilbury and North Woolwich exclusively for the use of Japanese sailors.

A two-hundred-year-old windmill has been burned down at Murrow, on the borders of Lincolnshire and Cambridgeshire.

A chasuble has been presented to St. John's Church, Bath, which it has taken two ladies of the congregation twelve years to make.

Six valuable cattle in the Bourne district have been poisoned by eating fragments of wall paper, which were thrown into the yard.

The Huncoat (Lancashire) Parish Council have resolved to remove the village stocks into a prominent position, in memory of the good old days when people were put in them.'

The conductors of the Metropolitan Railway of London are up in arms against an order that they must carry with them a dustpan, broom, and duster, and 'tidy up' the carriage in their spare time.

A well-known Sussex agriculturist, Mr. Thomas Willshere, of Salehurst, has died as a result of a bite from a rat. He was stopping up a rat-hole on his farm when the animal bit him on the back of the hand.

At West Mersea a Roman watch tower which was discovered some time ago is being broken up, and the massive bricks of which it is composed are being used for borders for gardens and even for metalling garden paths.

Workmen at West Lavington (Wiltshire) who were looking over some thatch taken from the roof of a cottage, found a rusty canister containing twenty-five sovereigns, bearing the date 1715, which were valued by the bank at twenty-three shillings each.

Northwich deserves well of the country—for successful experiments have just been made there with a view of remedying the dust nuisance. During the past few days varying lengths of road have been treated, and although a continual stream of motors, cycles and vehicular traffic traversed the highways, practically no dust has been raised.

The alarming spectacle of a mile of fire was witnessed recently on Shap Fells, Westmorland. The fire broke out on the Earl of Lonsdale's extensive grouse moors about four miles south of Shap, and on the east side of the great north road. A strong south-westerly wind was blowing, and the heather being very dry owing to the long drought, the fire made rapid headway, extending on each side until at one time it was fully a mile long. Dense clouds of smoke could be seen for miles, though the flames were not discernible so far away, the fire being confined to the Wasdale Valley.

The late Marquis of Bute set aside a sum of money, the interest to be devoted to giving a dowry every year to a deserving couple at Cardiff who could not otherwise afford to get married. The choice this year has fallen on a general servant, who is to wed a cab-driver. The bride is the eldest of a family of seven who was left when quite young with a widowed mother. This necessitated her going into service when a young girl in order to help her mother, and by doing so she has been kept in poor circumstances. One of the conditions is that the marriage takes place in April. The amount of the dowry this year is forty pounds, and it is usual for the Lady Mayoress to present the bride with a handsome Bible.

ARCHBISHOPS IN SESSION.

The meeting of the Roman Catholic Archbishops of Canada, which periodically takes place to discuss questions of general interest for the Church, is being held to-day in Ottawa.

Those present are Archbishops Duhamel, Ottawa; Bruchesi, Montreal; Gauthier, Kingston; O'Connor, Toronto; Langevin, St. Boniface; Orth, Victoria, and Bishop Cameron, of Antigonish, representing the See of Halifax.

Archbishop Begin, of Quebec, was unable to attend.

Archbishop Duhamel is presiding over the meeting. An Ottawa despatch states that only general business concerning the internal administration of the various dioceses is being discussed. The question of the calling of a Canadian plenary council may, however, be also taken up.

Mgr. Shoretti, the Papal Delegate, received the archbishops.

COMMERCIAL.

THE WHEAT MARKET

In Chicago light receipts and covering gave a firmer opening to the market, but prices declined later under lower cables.

Corn was weaker with wheat and options declined 1-8.

Oats were stronger and from 1-8 to ⅜ higher.

Wheat was firmer in Winnipeg on bullish news from Alberta and on account of continued lower temperatures. Closing sales were made at 79¼c for cash options, 80½c for July and 76⅞c for October.

FINANCIAL.

LOCAL STOCKS.

AFTERNOON SALES.

Reported by Gordon Strathy & Co., Stock Brokers:

Street Ry.—28 at 266, 50 at 266½, 4 at 268¼.
Twins—100 at 114½.
Toronto Ry.—101 at 115.
Power Co.—5 at 90½, 25 at 91, 10 at 90¾, 6 at 91.
Havana—3 at 50½.
Sov. Bank—27 at 140.
C.B.C.—15 at 179.
Detroit—50 at 94¼, 10 at 94½.
Iron common—25 at 29.
Railway Signal—5 at 89½, 20 at 90.
Dom. Cotton—1,500 at 97½.
Tex.—100 at 94A.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Specially reported for the 'Witness' by C. D. Monk, Hospital street, Local Manager of J. S. Bach & Co., New York by direct wire.

Opening and Closing Prices. May 9

Stocks.	Op'g.	Clos.	Stocks.	Op'g.	Clos.
Amal. Cop.	105⅛	105¾	Miss. Pac.	91¼	91⅞
Amer. Loco.	66	65¼	M. St. P.	158½	158⅞
do. pfd.	....	....	do. pfd.	....	173
Am. Sugar	133¾	134½	N. Y. Cent.	137¼	138¼
do. pfd.	....	....	Erie Rail	42¼	42⅝
Am. Smelt.	153¾	155⅝	do. I pfd.	78	78½
Am. Car. Fy.	40	40	do. II pfd.	68	68½
Am. Wool.	37¼	38¾	Ont. & W.	48⅛	48¼
Anaconda	251	256¾	North. Pac.	199½	202¼
Atchison	89⅞	90⅛	Nor. & Wes.	88¾	88¾
do. pfd.	101¾	101¾	Pac. Mail	....	....
Balt. & Ohio	109	108¾	Penn. R. R.	135⅛	135⅛
do. pfd.	....	....	Pressed St.	51⅝	51¾
Brooklyn R.	82½	82½	do. pfd.	....	....
Can. Leather	42	42¼	P'ple's Gas.	94⅝	94
do. pfd.	....	....	Phila. & Rd.	131¼	130
Can. Pac.	159½	159⅛	do. I pfd.	....	....
Can. South.	....	68¼	do. II pfd.	....	....
Ches. & Ohio	58	58¼	Pullman	....	....
Chic. & Alt.	....	....	Rock Island	25⅜	25⅜
Chic. & N.W.	....	205	Railway S.S.	51¾	38¾
C.M.& St.P.	166½	167⅝	South. Ry.	37¼	37⅜
Col. South.	34	33⅝	do. pfd.	90¾	90¾
do. I pfd.	70	70	South. Pac.	64¼	65
do. II pfd.	....	....	Sloss Sheff'd	77	77½
Con. Gas.	136½	131	Tenn C. & I.	147	147
Col. Fuel.	49¼	51½	Tex. Pac.	31½	31
Corn Prod.	23¼	23½	Tol. R. & L.	....	....
do. pfd.	....	79	Twin City.	114	113
Detroit U.	94½	94¼	U. S. Steel	40⅝	41¼
Del. L. & W.	....	....	do. pfd.	105½	106
Del. & Hud.	206	206½	U.S. Rubber	51¼	51½
Den. Rio G.	40⅝	41¾	do. pfd.	110⅝	110⅝
do. pfd.	....	....	Union Pac.	147¼	148
Dul. S. S.	....	....	do. pfd.	94	94
do. pfd.	....	....	Wabash	....	....
G.N.R. pfd.	295	296½	do. pfd.	....	....
Gen. Elec.	168½	166	West. U. T.	92	92
Hav. Elec.	....	48½	Wis. Cen.	25¼	25¼
Jersey Cen.	....	....	do. pfd.	49¼	49¾
Iowa Cen.	36½	36¾			
do. pfd.	....	51¾			
Kan. & Tex.	31¾	31¾			
do. pfd.	....	67			
Lo'sv. & Nas.	144	144½			
Man. Elev.	152⅜	153			

LONDON QUOTATIONS.

London, May 8, 4 p.m. — Consols for money, 89 7-16; do. for account 89⅝.

Anaconda	12⅛	Erie	44⅛	Reading	67⅛
Atchison	92¼	do. I pfd.	78¾	do I pfd	47
do. pfd.	103¼	do. II pfd.	70½	do II pfd	44
R. & O.	112⅜	Ill. Cen.	176½	South n.	38¼
C. P. R.	165	Lou. & N.	148½	do pfd.	103
Ches. & O.	59¾	Kan. & Tex.	32⅜	South Pc	66¾
Chic. G. W.	20	N. Y. C.	142½	Un. Pac	151⅜
ChicM&S.P	172½	Norf'k & W.	90¾	do. pfd.	98
De Beers	17⅝	do. pfd.	84	U.S.St'l	41⅝
Denv'r R.G	42	Ont. & West	40¾	do. pfd.	110¾
do. pfd.	89½	Penn.	71¾	Wabash	21¾
St. Paul	....	Rand Mines	6	do. pfd.	46

Spanish Flours, 93.

Bar silver steady, 31d per ounce.

Money 3 to ¼ percent.

Discount rate, for short bills, 3⅞ to 4 percent 3 months bills 3⅞ to 4 percent.

McCUAIG BROS. LONDON CABLE.

Hudson's Bay	83½
Grand Trunk, seconds	....
Grand Trunk, thirds	64¾
Grand Trunk, Ordinary	....
Canadian Pacific	166
Atchison	93
Louisville & Nashville	148⅝
Pennsylvania	142½
St. Paul	172¾
Union Pacific	151½
United States Steel common	42⅛
United States Steel pfd	110¾
Amalgamated Copper	....

TORONTO STOCKS.

Morning sales—

Twine—240 at 114.
Mackay—5 at 63⅞, 175 at 64¼, 75 at 64 1-8, 100 at 64.
Sao Paulo—125 at 138⅞, 25 at 138¼, 50 at 138¾.
Richelieu—35 at 79½.
Iron common—15 at 29.
C.P.R. Rights—2 at 12, 40 at 11⅝.
Mex.—5 at 59, 50 at 59¾.
Mex. bonds—$500 at 84.
Gen. Elect—136 at 143, 25 at 143⅜, 30 at 143¼.
Coal—2 at 74.
Detroit—250 at 94⅝.
Northern Nav.—10 at 88.
Scotia—50 at 64, 25 at 63½.
Bank of Commerce—5 at 179.
Traders Bank—25 at 149½.
Imperial Bank—3 at 246, 117 at 249, 30 at 248, 85 at 248 1-8.
Dominion Bank—40 at 268¾, 35 at 269, 130 at 268¾.
Sovereign Bank—20 at 138.
Metropolitan Bank—20 at 200.
Cent. Car—17 at 172, fully paid.
City Dairy—2 at 23½.
City Dairy pref—2 at 84.

CHICAGO MARKETS

The following are the Chicago quotations reported to-day by Messrs. J. S. Bache & Co., Bell Telephone Building, Montreal:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Wheat, May	.81⅞	82⅜	81⅝	81¾
July	.79⅝	80	79⅜	79½
Corn, May	.47⅜	47⅝	46⅞	47⅛
July	.46⅝	46⅞	46½	46
Oats, May	.32¼	32⅝	32¼	32⅝
July	.31¾	31¾	31⅜	31¾
Pork, May	14.80	14.87	14.75	14.75
July	15.17	15.17	14.95	14.95
Lard, July	8.32	8.32	8.27	8.27
July	8.42	8.45	8.37	8.40
Short ribs, May	8.40	8.60	8.52	8.40
July	8.60	8.65	8.57	8.62

CATTLE MARKETS.

Chicago, May 9.—Cattle, receipts, 22,000, steady to 10c lower. Beeves, $4.10 to $6.20; cows and heifers, $1.85 to $5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.90 to $5.00; Texans, $3.90 to $4.75; calves, $4 to $6.

Hogs, receipts, 32,000; steady; mixed and butchers, $6.25 to $6.60, good, heavy, $6.40 to $6.50; rough, heavy, $6.10 to $6.20, light, $6.20 to $6.45; pigs, $5.75 to $6.30; bulk of sales, $6.40 to $6.45.

Sheep receipts, 20,000; strong, sheep $4 to $5.75; lambs, $4.65 to $7.50.

WANTED, GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 1134 Dorchester street.

WANTED, A MILK SHIPPER TO SUPPLY 80 to 100 gallons of milk a day. Address the GUARANTEED PURE MILK CO'Y, 2685 St. Catherine street, Montreal.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

A QUIET MARKET

Local Values Held on Moderate Volume of Business

NEW YORK WEAKER AND PRICES DECLINE.

This morning was a quiet one on the local stock exchange and the trading, though scattered over a wide range taking in most of the active traction industrial and bank stocks, was mostly in small lots. There is an evident lack of confidence in the market and there is very little change in prices since yesterday. Detroit & Iron common were the leaders this morning, the former closing at 94¼, a loss of 1-8, and the latter at 29 which was ¼ over yesterday's close. Mackay gained ½ on a moderate volume of business; Toledo advanced ¼ and Power ⅜. The strength in Havana was maintained, and a lot of 50 shares sold as high as 49⅞, a gain of almost two points from yesterday.

On Wall Street profit-taking on yesterday's rise soon after the opening, resulted in driving the favorite stocks well below yesterday's closing. Some support was offered in the second hour and held prices for a time, but stocks came out in volume again and made a lower average than before. Reading and Delaware and Hudson fell 2 , Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie pfd. 2, St. Louis South-Western pfd. 1¾, Sloss-Sheffield Steel 1⅝, and Penna., Missouri Pacific, Atlantic Coast Line, Wisconsin Central, Republic Steel pfd., Colorado Fuel and General Electric 1; Pullman advanced ½. Bonds were steady.

New York, May 9.—Noon—Money on call steady at 4½ percent. Prime mercantile paper, 5¼ to 5¾ percent. Exchanges, $332,-790,127.

Mr. F. H. Mathewson, manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, and president of the Montreal Board of Trade, sails to-day from New York for a three months' holiday in Europe, during which time he will attend the sixth congress of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire, which is to be held in London in July.

During Mr. Mathewson's absence Mr. V. C. Brown, inspector of the bank, Toronto, will be in charge of the Montreal branch, and the president's duties at the Board of Trade will be assumed by Mr. George Caverhill, the first vice-president.

A New York report says that wheat seeding is practically finished in Minnesota and the Dakotas, and that these States will show a practical gain of from 5 to 10 percent in acreage over 1905.

The Columbia Savings & Trust Company of Pittsburg closed its doors to-day by order of the Commissioner of Banking.

The Hon. Wm. J. Riehl, former Mayor of Pittsburg, is president, and J. B. Votaw, secretary and treasurer. The capital is $145,000; deposits, $200,000; loans, $290,000, and surplus, $5,000.

MORNING EXCHANGE SALES.

Power—75 at 91.
B.C. Pack—12 at 70 B.
Bank of Montreal—50 at 257¾.
Royal Bank—2 at 226.
Richelieu—25 at 80.
M.S.R.—40 at 265½, 5 at 266.
Iron pref—100 at 75.
Bank of Commerce—4 at 178½.
Illinois pref—15 at 94½, 1 at 95, 4 at 94.
C.P.R.—50 at 159⅞, 10 at 160.
Twine—50 at 114 1-8.
Toledo—75 at 31.
Textile bonds—$2,500 at 92¼ A.
Auto. Ry. Sig.—10 at 89 1-8, 15 at 89¾.
Iron—25 at 29, 200 at 28⅞, 235 at 29.
Halifax Railway—5 at 102.
Dom. Cot. bonds—$10,000 at 97½.
Iron bonds—$2,000 at 85.
Coal—50 at 76.
Toronto Railway—7 at 114½, 177 at 115.
Havana—100 at 48¼, 50 at 49⅜.
Detroit—75 at 94¼, 100 at 94½, 225 at 94¼, 25 at 94 1-8, 50 at 94¼.
Mackay—25 at 63¾, 65 at 64, 150 at 64¼.

MORNING CALL.

Reported by McDougall & Cowans, Stockbrokers, Montreal and Quebec, at 12.30 to-day.

	Sellers	Buyers		Sellers	Buyers
Auto. Ry.	....	....	Mex. L. & P.	61	59
Bell Tel.	156	145	M. & St. P.	....	158
B.C. Pack A	74	69	M. L. H. & Pwd	91	90¾
B.C. Pack B	74	69	Mt. L. & M.	....	....
C.P.R. xr.	160⅝	159½	M. S. R.	270	266½
Detroit	94½	94⅜	Mt. Steel	....	....
Coal com.	80	75¾	do. pfd.	112	....
Coal pfd.	119	116	Mont. Tel.	....	....
Dom. I. & S.	29¼	29	Ohio T. & L.	31	29
do. pfd.	80	74⅞	N. S. Steel	64½	63
Duluth com.	18	16	do. prf.	....	....
do. pfd.	37	33	N.W. Land.	....	....
Halifax xd.	106	101	Ogilvie com.	....	250
Hav. Elec.	51	49½	do. pfd.	130	126
do. pfd.	91	....	Rich. & Ont.	80	78½
Ill. Trac. pfd.	....	94	SaoPaulo.	138	137¼
Int'l Coal	....	....	St. John	....	....
do. pfd.	....	....	Toledo	31½	30¾
L.W'd pfd.	112	107	Toronto xr.	115¼	115
do. com.	....	....	Trinidad	90	....
L. Paper	109	....	Twin City xd	114¼	114½
do. pfd.	106	104	West India.	55	47
Mackay	64½	64⅜	Winnipeg	....	....
do. pfd.	72½	72			

BANKS.

B N A xd.	142½	140	N. Scotia.	276	271
Commerce	....	178	Ontario	143	141
Dom.	269¾	265	Ottawa	230	228
East T.	170	162	Quebec	143½	143
Hochelaga	152	150	Royal xd	....	223
Imperial	246	243	Sovereign xd	140	130
Merchants	189	186	Standard	....	243
Molson	227	226	Toronto	248½	246
Montreal	258	257½	Union	155	....
Nationale	....	114½			

COTTONS.

Can. Col.	....	42½	Montreal	125*	....
D. Tex. pfd.	105	102½			

BONDS.

Bell Tel. 5	109	100	Mt. L. & P. 4½	105	101
Can. Col. 6	100	95	Mt. S. Ry. 4½	110	103½
D. Coal 5	101	99	N. S. S. C. 6	110	108¼
D. Cot. 6	98	97½	Ogilvie. 6	120*	118
D. I. & S. 5	85	84½	Sca P. 5	96	90
Hav. E. 5	95½	93	Textile A 6	96	94
L. of Wds 6	112½	111½	" B 6	100	96
L. Paper 6	113	108	" C 6	96½	94
Mex. E. L. 5	79½	78	" D 6	100	97½
Mex. L. P. 5	85	84	Win. E. 5	109	108¾

THE FRUIT MARKET

Trade is Active and Prices Have Advanced in Many Lines—Auction of Oranges and Lemons.

The green fruit trade has been brisk during the past week and dealers report filling more orders than have been received for many months.

An auction sale of part of the cargo of the SS. Bellona, which brought oranges and lemons direct from the Mediterranean, will be held on May 10, but the greater portion of the fruit is owned by local importers who are not offering their stocks at the auction but are holding it for the requirements of their trade.

The receipts of strawberries are in the neighborhood of two car loads per day. They are sold at the Fruit Auction Company's rooms every morning at 9 o'clock, and prices vary all the way from 9c to 18c per box; fine Helfin berries bring, 16c to 18c, other good varieties 13c to 16c and the commoner stock from 9c to 12c.

The following quotations are from the circular issued by Messrs. Geo. Vipond and Company, fruit merchants, of St. Paul street:

Oranges are in good demand and firmer, fresh California navels bring $4 to $4.25 per box; Valencia oranges, $5.50 to $6 per case; Messina ovals, $2.25 per half box, and Messina blood oranges, $2 per half box.

Lemons are higher and fine fresh fruit is held for $2.75 to $3.50 per box, though the common grades may still be had for $2.50 to $2.60.

Pineapples are in strong demand and bring from $2.90 to $3.25 per crate.

Cocoanuts, new Jamaica nuts are selling at $3.50 to $3.75 per hundred.

Bananas are dearer than they have been for some months, and No. 1 bunches are held at $2 to $2.50, and No. 2s at $1.75 to $2.00.

Florida tomatoes are selling at $4.50 to $5 per case.

Onions, there are large quantities of new Egyptian stock on this market, and prices have been considerably reduced. Sales are being made to-day at $1.75 to $2 per bag.

The trade in apples is practically over for the season and only a few scattered lots remain on the market. These, being mostly fine stock, command fancy prices and sales have been recorded at $8 per barrel and over.

MARKET OPINIONS

Laidlaw & Co.—There is nothing in the immediate situation to interfere with the restoration of general confidence which is progressing from day to day, and while some reaction of prices would be natural after so wide a recovery, there seems little reason to expect anything more serious than a lapse into dulness after the peculiar market conditions arising from the San Francisco disaster have become normalized.

J. B. Picken & Co.—Sterling exchange has now advanced where there is little if any profit in importations of gold, but advices from Paris state that should the United States require further remittances the Bank of France will not stand in the way.

MONTREAL CURB MARKET.

Unlisted Securities reported by E. Mackay Edgar & Co., Board of Trade Building Stock Brokers:

Rio de Janeiro Underwriting—90 and 20 and interest asked; stock, 47½ asked, 47 bid; 5 per cent bonds, 80 asked, 79½ and interest bid.

Elec. Dev. 5 percent Bonds—93 asked, 91 flat bid; stock, 58 asked, 56 bid.

Shawinigan—32 bid.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.—May 9.

About 350 head of butchers' cattle, 60 milch cows, 2,600 calves, 150 sheep and lambs, and 200 fat hogs were offered for sale at the East End Abattoir to-day. The wet weather helped to make a dull market, but the prices of cattle were held firmly, while calves, cows and fat hogs were lower in price. A few of the best cattle sold at about 5¼c per lb., but they were not extra; pretty good animals sold at 4c to 5c, and the common stock, 2½c to 3¾c per lb. Milch cows were very slow of sale, and good milchers brought from $5 to $10 less than such cows sold for six weeks ago; prices ranged from $25 to $50 each. Calves sold at from $1.75 to $3 for common, and from $4 to $7 each for good veals. Sheep sold at from 4½c to 5½c per lb., and the spring lambs at $3 to $5 each. Good lots of fat hogs sold at about 7¾c per lb.

RAIL AND CANAL RECEIPTS.

	Rail.	Canal.
Wheat, bush	68,154	148,663
Peas, bush	1,000	——
Oats, bush	8,027	——
Barley, bush	13,006	22,507
Flaxseed, bush	——	55,500
Flour, brls	5,094	——
Meal, brls	1,310	——
Eggs, cases	2,286	10
Butter, pkgs	2,337	25
Cheese, boxes	4,856	248
Lard, pkgs	10,171	....
Beef, brls	112	——
Meats, pkgs	592	——
Hams and Bacon, pkgs	149	——
Leather, rolls	109	——
Raw Hides	33	——

TORONTO MARKETS

Toronto, Ont., May 9.—The small amount of business done on the local Call Board does not give a full range of price on Ontario grains. The following prices are quoted by prominent local dealers:

Flour—Ontario—The market is firmer; exporters are bidding $3.10 for 90 percent patents, buyers' bags, but millers ask more.

Manitoba—First patents are quoted at $4.30 to $4.50, and seconds at $3.90 to $4.

Bran—$17.50 outside.

Barley—Firmly held at 50c outside for No. 2.

Rye in good demand at 70c outside.

On the local board to-day no sales were made, quotations being:

Wheat—Ontario, No. 2, white, 80c bid, C.P.R.; mixed, 81c asked outside.

Wheat—Manitoba, 83c bid for No. 1 Northern; 81½c bid; 82c asked, Point Edward.

Oats—No. 2 white, 36c bid, main line, outside; 38c bid, Toronto; 39c asked, in store, Toronto.

Peas—79½c bid, 80c asked outside.

Buckwheat—51 asked, 48c bid outside.

TURNING THE TIDE

Operations of Alberta Pacific Company Will Encourage the Raising of Wheat for the Orient

Winnipeg, Man., May 8—'Alberta Red' is due to become famous on the other side of the world. The Alberta Pacific Elevator Company, which has been before the Legislature for two or three weeks, asking for a charter, and which was last night put through committee of the whole, has some large plans for the future. The Alberta Pacific proposes nothing less than to divert the trend of the grain trade of the western provinces, making it flow west where it is now flowing east. They have secured from the Canadian Pacific Railway a through rate from the Alberta grain fields to Hongkong, precisely the same rate that the wheat growers of Washington, Idaho and Eastern Oregon are paying from the grain fields of the inland empire to the Orient. This new freight rate should bring the price of 'Alberta Red' in the farmers' market in Calgary and Edmonton up to the price in Winnipeg and Brandon. Heretofore, the export price has not been a great factor in the Northern Alberta wheat market. In future, however, there is certain to be a large surplus over the home demand, which circumstance will bring the price of this grain to an export basis. The company propose commencing at once the construction of a 500,000 bushels cleaning and sorting elevator in Calgary.

During the summer about fifteen or twenty farmers' elevators of 30,000 bushels capacity each will be erected throughout the province. Last year they built fifteen elevators of this class. Calgary is to be the main centre of the grain trade of the company, and all grain for the Orient will go through the Calgary elevator to be cleaned before being shipped across the mountains.

A Vancouver company will commence at once on the construction of an elevator on Burrard Inlet, or Coal Harbor, where this grain will be loaded for export.

Mr. L. C. Strong, the manager of the Alberta Pacific Company, said yesterday that the company's investment in Alberta and on the coast for elevators would not be less than $1,500,000.

DAIRY PRODUCE

There are no new features on the cheese market to-day and prices are firm and unchanged at 11c to 11¼c for white and 10¾c to 11c for colored. There is a fair export trade being worked, but the English market is rather wanting in strength.

In sympathy with the firm prices ruling at the country boards and on account of an active consumptive demand, the butter market is maintaining the recent advance in values and quotations to-day range from 18½c to 18¾c for finest grades of creamery and from 17½c to 18c for underfinest and medium grades.

Campbellford, May 8.—Boarded, 410 boxes of white and 208 boxes of colored cheese; white sold at 10 11-16c and the colored at 10 9-16c.

Sherbrooke, May 8.—The first session for the season of the Sherbrooke butter and cheese board was held here yesterday. The opening session is considered as being very successful and satisfactory; attendance was good, and high prices were realized. There were boarded 474 packages of salted butter, nearly all of which was sold at prices ranging from 18⅞c to 19 1-8c.

GRAIN MARKETS

There is no change in flour to-day but trade is active and prices are firmly held. Ontario patents are particularly strong owing to a good demand at nearby points, and to a good enquiry for export account.

Rolled oats are firm and steady and business is fairly active. Wholesale orders are being filled at $1.95 and small lots are quoted at $2.05 to $2.10 per bag.

Cornmeal is dull but steady at $1.30 to $1.40 per bag.

There is no change in the market for millfeed and business is limited by light supplies. There is no change in quotations to report.

Oats are firm and there is a good demand from local sources for car load lots. No. 2 white are quoted at 41½c per bushel ex-store; No. 3 at 40½c, and No. 4 at 39½c.

The demand for baled hay for both domestic and export account is good and prices are holding firm. The deliveries to this market are well up to the average for the season, but the active passing tarde is effectually preventing any accumulation of stocks.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

The egg market is holding steady on a good enquiry for local consumption, and best selections are quoted unchanged at 15½c to 16c per dozen. Receipts are ample for all requirements, but prices in the country are still holding firmly at a level which prohibits the commencement of packing operations.

Beans are in good demand, and numerous out of town orders are being filled for immediate shipment. There has been no further advance in prices, but stocks are firmly held in the West, and the best quotations obtainable for carload lots show an advance of 2½c over last week. Locally jobbers are asking from $1.60 to $1.65 per bushel for wholesale lots, and from $1.65 to $1.70 in small parcels. Handpicked are firm at $1.80 to $1.85 per bush.

Boiling peas are in good demand, and prices are steady at $1.05 to $1.10 per bushel.

Commission merchants and dealers report maple syrup to be more salable just now, and there are good prospects of being able to pretty well clear the market before the warm weather sets in to kill the demand. Maple sugar is selling fairly well at 8½c to 9c, and syrup is quoted at 6½c per pound in bulk, and from 60c to 65c per wine gallon tin.

There is not much call for honey at present, and the market is quiet, prices holding about steady at 13c to 13½c per pound for white, and 10c to 10½c for buckwheat in the comb; extracts bring 7c to 7½c for white, and 5½c to 6c for buckwheat.

A firm feeling prevails in the market for potash, owing to the small offerings and improved demand.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES

FLOUR—Manitoba spring wheat patents, $4.60; strong bakers, $4.10; winter wheat patents, $4 to $4.25, and straight rollers, $3.85 to $4 in wood; in bags, $1.80 to $1.90 extra, in bags, $1.35 to $1.50.

ROLLED OATS—$2 to $2.10 in bags, 90 or 98 lbs.

CORNMEAL—$1.30 to $1.40 for ordinary, $1.50 for granulated.

MILLFEED—Ontario bran in bulk, $20; shorts in bags, $20 to $20.50; Manitoba bran in bags, $20; shorts, $21.

HAY — No. 1, $9.50 to $10 per ton on track; No. 2, $8.50 to $9; clover, $6; clover mixed, $6.50.

OATS—No. 2, 41½c per bushel; No. 3, 40½c; No. 4, 39½c.

PEAS—Boiling in car load lots, $1.05 to $1.10 per bushel.

POTATOES—65c to 70c per bag.

BEANS—Prime pea beans, $1.70 per bushel; hand picked, $1.80 per bushel.

HONEY—White clover, in comb, 13c to 14c; buckwheat, 10 cto 11c per pound section; extract, 7c to 7½c; buckwheat, 5½c to 6c per pound.

MAPLE SYRUP—60c to 65c per 9 lb. tin; maple sugar, 8½c to 9c per pound.

PROVISIONS — Barrels heavy Canada short cut pork, $22.50; light short cut, $21.50; barrels clear fat back, $22.50; compound lard, 7¼c to 7¾c; Canadian pure lard, 11¾c to 12¼c; kettle rendered, 12½c to 13¼c; hams, 13½c to 15c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 16c to 17c; Windsor bacon, 15c to 15½c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $10.25; alive, $7.75 per hundred pounds.

EGGS—New laid, 15½c to 16c per dozen.

BUTTER — Choicest creamery, 18½c to 18¾c.

CHEESE—Colored, 10¾c to 11c; white, 11c to 11c.

ASHES — First pots, $5.25 to $5.37½; seconds, $4.75; thirds, $3.70; pearls, $6.50 to $6.75 per hundred pounds.

AMERICAN TRUST SATISFIED WITH ITS CANADIAN BUSINESS.

Hamilton, May 9.—Mr. B. A. Kennedy, general superintendent of the International Harvester Company, was here yesterday. He said that while no immediate enlargements are contemplated, the company is well pleased with the business done at the Canadian works, and that enlargements will be necessary in the near future.

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

London May 7.—The April statement of the Board of Trade shows an increase of $18,817,000 in imports, and $14,469,000 in exports.

MONTREAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Reported by J. B. Picken:—

	Between Banks.
New York funds	1-34—1-32
Sterling, 60 days	8 13-32—7-16
Sterling, demand	9 3-16—7-32
Sterling, cables	9⅜
Paris, francs short	5.19⅜

A RECORD SEASON IN KINGSTON.

Kingston, May 9.—The Montreal Transportation Company will have elevated and handled over one and a half million bushels of grain by the end of the week. Navigation has been open for three weeks, and the amount transhipped here is the largest that has ever come from the west so early in the season. To-day over 150,000 bushels arrived, and to-morrow 300,000 bushels will come to port on the steamers 'Fairmount and 'Westmount' and consorts.

CATTLE MARKETS.

East Buffalo, N.Y., May 9.—Cattle, receipts, none, steady, unchanged.

Veals, receipts, 400 head; active; 25 cents higher; $4.50 to $6.25.

Hogs, receipts, 2,100 head; fairly active and shade higher; heavy, mixed and Yorkers and pigs, $6.75 to $6.77; roughs, $6.00 to $6.10; stags, $4.25 to $4.75; dairies, at $6.60 to $6.70.

Sheep and Lambs, receipts, 10,000 head; fairly active; sheep steady; lambs, 5c to 10c higher; lambs, $5.60 to $6.70; yearlings, $5.50 to $5.75; wethers, $5.25 to $5.65; and ewes, $4.75 to $5; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.25. Closing, weaker.

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS.

(We invite questions on all possible subjects of general interest, to which we shall do our best to obtain correct answers, and shall insert such queries and replies as we can make room for. This must not be used, however, as an advertising column or as an enquiry bureau for matters not of public interest. Every query must be accompanied with the name and postal address of the sender, and no notice will be taken of anonymous communications.)

GENERAL.

SCHOOL SONG.

B.D. would like to know where she could get the words and music of an old school song, 'John Brown's Knapsack,' the first verse of which is:

What game's best for playing?
Really there's no saying,
But the game we like the best
We'll quickly show.
Smiling we stand ready,
Heads erect and steady,
Until we to the quaint refrain,
All nodding go.

Chorus:—
John Brown's knapsack's number ninety-two, etc.

TEMPERANCE SONG WANTED.

Prairie, Truro, N.S.—I would like to know if any reader can tell where the words and music of a temperance song entitled 'Crowding Awfully' can be obtained. The first verse is as follows:

These temp'rance folks do crowd us awfully,
You need not think I care;
I'm not the man to lose my liberty,
I hain't a bit to spare.
I'd like to know what's all this fuss about?
Is something smashing through?
They hold their meetings round eternally,
I wonder what they'll do?

Chorus:—
Then, forward boys, hurrah!
We'll join the glorious fray,
We'll hoist our flag and on to victory!
The right shall gain the day.

'THIS IS MY BIBLE.'

Miss Effie A. Johnson, Truro, N.S., to whom many of our correspondents have been indebted for replies to their requests for poems, has kindly sent a copy of the verses asked for by J.H., British Columbia:

This is my Bible—may it guide
Me ever safe by wisdom's side,
To Him who bled for me and died
On Calvary.
This is my Bible—may its light
Illume my path and keep me right
E'en through the shades of sorrow's night
My way to see.

This is my Bible—may it prove
A source of strength, a source of love,
A fountain filled from heaven above,
Whence I may drink.
This is my Bible—may my heart
Find the great gift it doth impart,
And may it ever be my chart
To act and think.
This is my Bible—may it feed
Me with the Bread of Life indeed,
And may my soul its precepts heed,
In grace to grow.
This is my Bible—may my faith
By it be strengthened, and, when death
Shall call, O, may my fleeting breath
Its comforts know.

'HEARTS OF OAK.'

True Briton.—Please publish the words of the song 'Hearts of Oak.' Ans.—David Garrick was the author:

Come, cheer up, my lads, 'tis to glory we steer,
To add something more to this wonderful year,
To honor we call you, not press you like slaves,
For who are so free as the sons of the waves.

Chorus—
Hearts of oak are our ships,
Hearts of oak are our men,
We always are ready,
Steady, boys, steady,
We'll fight and we'll conquer again and again.

We ne'er see our foes but we wish them to stay,
They never see us but they wish us away;
If they run, why we follow and run them ashore,
For if they won't fight us, we cannot do more.

winds, seasons, thunder and lightning, etc. the sea,
Her standard be justice, her watchword 'Be free';
Then, cheer up, my lads, with one heart let us sing
Our soldiers, our sailors, our statesmen, our king.

THE TICHBORNE CASE.

Old Boy.—Did Tichborne's lawyer ever bring the case into parliament? Ans.—Yes, Dr. Kenealy, the claimant's counsel, elected M.P. for Stoke, on April 26, 1875, moved for a Royal Commission to enquire into the trial. This was rejected by a vote of 433 to 3, the other two voting for it being Mr. Whalley and The O'Gorman.

FARM HELP PROBLEM.

Farmer, Quebec.—Farm help is so scarce in this district that it is becoming impossible to find farm hands at all. Kindly inform me if the farmers of Quebec could get some of the immigrants who are arriving, Scotch or Irish preferred. To whom should one apply? Ans.—Apply to Mr. E. Marquette, Provincial Immigration Agency, 813 Craig street, Montreal.

BIRTH-STONES.

A Westmount Reader.—Can you tell me what are the birth-stones for the several months? Ans.—January, garnet, constancy; February, amethyst, sincerity; March, blood-stone, courage; April, diamond, innocence; May, emerald, success in love; June, agate, health and long life; July, cornelian, content; August, sardonyx, conjugal felicity; September, chrysolite, antidote to madness; October, opal, hope; November, topaz, fidelity; December, turquoise, prosperity.

BRITISH GENERALS.

Windermere, Muskoka.—Kindly inform me as to the parentage of Lord Kitchener. 2. Did Lord Roberts's father inherit his title of Baronet? 3. Was the Abercrombie who was repulsed at Ticonderoga related to Sir Ralph Abercrombie who defeated Napoleon in Egypt in 1901? Ans.—1. Lord Kitchener is the eldest son of the late Lieut.-Colonel H. H. Kitchener, of Cosington, Leicestershire, who married Miss Chevallier, of Aspall Hall, Suffolk. 2. No. General Sir Abraham Roberts, father of Lord Roberts of Kandahar, was a G.C.B. (Grand Commander of the Bath), a title not hereditary. 3. We believe not. The names are not spelled the same. The British leader in the unsuccessful attack at Ticonderoga in 1758 was General James 'Abercrombie.' Th victor at Aboukir in 1801 was Sir Ralph 'Abercromby.'

BURIED TREASURE.

A New York Subscriber.—Please print an article about the traditions of treasure buried on land, on the Atlantic Coast or inland. Ans.—Most of the 'buried treasure' traditions date from the days of Captain Kidd, who was hanged at London, on May 23, 1701. One of Captain Kidd's last prizes was the 'Queda Merchant,' a portion of the treasure of which was said to have been buried on Gardiner's Island, N.Y., and not recovered. The pirate captain was also credited with having buried Spanish dollars and other treasure at various places on the north-east coast, near the lower Hudson, and other places. 'The Gold Bug,' by Edgar Allan Poe, and 'Treasure Island,' by Robert Louis Stevenson, are stories founded on the popular traditions.

SPELLING.

Carrie.—I am a young girl who has not had much schooling, and who has not very much time to study. I should like to improve my spelling, as I am a very poor speller. Can you tell me of a good spelling book, one which, perhaps, would help me to pronounce the words and spell by sound? Ans.—As the English language is written at present, spelling by sound is not a particularly helpful accomplishment, but rather leads into error. Many words are not spelled at all as one would suppose from the sound. It matters little whether you can spell orally or not,—one is seldom called upon to spell a word orally, outside of the schoolroom. It is for the purposes of writing that a knowledge of spelling is necessary, and the straightest road to the requirement of such knowledge is by the eye rather than by the ear. The old spelling-book, with column after column of long words, detached from any connection with their significance, and many of which one seldom has occasion to employ in the course of one's life, has been discarded. It is much more useful to take any good literature, in which you will find such words as are in actual everyday use, and notice how such words are spelled. Copying passages correctly is good exercise. You might also commit selections of poetry to memory, then write them down, and compare with the book, correcting any errors you have made. Keep a dictionary where you can refer to it when in doubt, and you will gradually overcome your difficulty with words in ordinary usage.

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QUEBEC SHIP LABORERS

Reports State That Probability of Trouble Increases Daily

C. P. R. OFFICIALS ARE TRYING TO MAKE SATISFACTORY TERMS.

According to private information received in the city from Quebec yesterday, it is evident that serious complications may be expected on the arrival at the Ancient Capital of the SS. 'Empress of Britain,' the new Canadian Pacific Railway Company's steamer, now on her maiden trip across the Atlantic. During the past two days the officials of the Canadian Pacific have, it is said, made every possible effort to arrive at an amicable arrangement with the ship laborers at Quebec, but to no effect, and now, as both sides are determined to carry their point, the situation is regarded as critical. It was rumored in local harbor circles yesterday that the C. P. R. is considering the advisability of sending laborers to Quebec to handle the cargo of the 'Empress,' but, if outside labor is engaged, it is said, there is certain to be serious trouble, as the Ship Laborers' Association claim they will not permit outsiders to do work within the harbor of Quebec.

An official of the C. P. R., in discussing the outlook at Quebec, said that in acting as they are doing the ship laborers are simply spoiling their own future, as the C. P. R. is not prepared to put up with any nonsense when it is a question of interfering with the company's regular traffic.

'Suppose the ship laborers at Quebec hold out against the legitimate offer of the C. P. R., what will be the result from the company's point of view?' the official was asked.

'That I cannot say at the moment,' he replied; 'but, should serious trouble continue we will simply have to bring the new steamer up to Montreal and bear all consequences.'

The C. P. R. is preparing to meet any difficulty that may occur at Quebec on the arrival of the 'Empress.' In the meantime the officials are doing everything possible to arrange the situation so as to have the Quebec laborers handle the cargo.

The Quebec 'Chronicle' in referring to the trouble says:—

'Although it is understood that the concessions asked by the C. P. R. with regard to the reduction of wages and the extension of the hours of labor per day, has been rejected by the Ship Laborers' Society, the 'Chronicle' is informed that there is a committee of the society at present carrying on negotiations with the officials of the C. P. R. line concerning the loading and discharging of the company's steamers at this port. No definite information concerning the result of these negotiations can yet be ascertained, although the wish is expressed on all sides that they will be satisfactory to all concerned.

COURT SETTLES DISPUTE

JUDGMENT RENDERED ON COTTON MILLS SHARES TRANSACTIONS.

Mr. Justice Archibald rendered judgment yesterday in the case of L. C. A. Angers vs. the Dominion Textile Co., and the Dominion Cotton Mills Co., mis-en-cause. By this action Mr. Angers complained that, having signed a promise of sale of shares held by him in the Dominion Cotton Mills Co., to a syndicate formed to organize the Dominion Textile Co., the bonds and securities tendered as consideration for the sale were not in accordance with the terms mentioned in a circular forming the basis of the contract, and he asked a compliance with such terms or a return of his shares.

The Court maintained the action, and ordered the company to comply with the plaintiff's demand, in default of which the company mis-en-cause must pay him $5,000, the value of his shares.

In a case of F. B. Mathys, who also claimed $275 from the Dominion Textile Company for a transfer of Dominion Cotton Company shares, the action was dismissed, on the ground that the shares referred to had already been actually sold to the Textile Company, when the plaintiff became interested in them.

A WOMAN'S BACK IS THE MAINSPRING OF HER PHYSICAL SYSTEM.

The Slightest Backache, if Neglected, is Liable to Cause Years of Terrible Suffering.

No woman can be strong and healthy unless the kidneys are well, and regular in their action. When the kidneys are ill, the whole body is ill, for the poisons which the kidneys ought to have filtered out of the blood are left in the system.

The female constitution is naturally more subject to kidney disease than a man's; and what is more, a women's work is never done—her whole life is one continuous strain.

How many women have you heard say: "My, how my back aches!" Do you know that backache is one of the first signs of kidney trouble? It is, and should be attended to immediately. Other symptoms are frequent thirst, scanty, thick, cloudy or highly colored urine, burning sensation when urinating, frequent urination, puffing under the eyes, swelling of the feet and ankles, floating specks before the eyes, etc.

These symptoms if not taken in time and cured at once, will cause years of terrible kidney suffering. All these symptoms, and in fact, these diseases may be cured by the use of

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

They act directly on the kidneys, and make them strong and healthy.

Mrs. Mary Galley, Auburn, N.S., writes: "For over four months I was troubled with a lame back and was unable to turn in bed without help. I was induced by a friend to try Doan's Kidney Pills. After using two-thirds of a box my back was as well as ever."

Price 50 cents per box or three boxes for $1.25 at all dealers, or sent direct on receipt of price. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

NOT A PURGATIVE-- A GENTLE LAXATIVE.

The Famous Water of Hungary

Hunyadi Janos acts gently, naturally. That is where it differs from drugs. Why should any one weaken the system with powerful cathartics, when they can completely cure Constipation with water? Not ordinary water, of course—but Hunyadi Janos water. This famous health-giving water comes to you, just as the spring in Hungary yields it. Nothing is added—nothing taken away. You take it just as Nature creates it—and just as she intends it should be taken. Hunyadi Janos is the one safe cure for Constipation, Biliousness, Stomach Troubles and Headaches. There is no danger of acquiring the drug habit.

All druggists sell it. Try a small bottle, it costs but a trifle.

Summer Resorts

THOUSAND ISLANDS.

The most beautiful spot on the River St. Lawrence is at

THE INN.

Terms—$2.50 to $4.00 per day, American Plan.

Special rates by the week, month, or year.

For Booklet, etc., address,

A. ARCH. WELSH, Proprietor,
THE INN, GANANOQUE, ONTARIO.
Late of THE BALMORAL CASTLE,
—or—
348 St. Catherine Street West, Montreal.

TROUT FISHING

Season Opens 1st May and the Best Place to catch them is at

ST. FAUSTIN

Fishermen Accommodated and Boats Provided.

SQUARE LAKE HOUSE
St. Faustin Station.
W. C. FYFE,
Manager.

FINE AND COOL.

At Notre Dame du Portage, P.Q., there is good bracing air, and excellent bathing, an ideal place to spend vacation.

THE VILLA DESIREE

offers special low prices for the months of July and August. Unsurpassed site; first-class boarding; Lawn Tennis, Driving, Dancing and other Amusements.

Address, J. P. GASTONGUAY, Prop., Notre Dame du Portage, Temiscouata Co.

ST. LOUIS'S BOOKS

'ASSOCIATION MUNICIPALE' VOTED DOWN A SUGGESTION TO HAVE THEM AUDITED.

The Association Municipale of St. Louis met on Monday in its room on Villeneuve street. Mr. J. F. Vincent, secretary treasurer, and Councillors Godon and Turcot were present. Mr. C. H. Lavallée presided. The question which brought out the debating abilities of the leaders was, 'Should the books and accounts be audited for a period covering the last five years?'

Councillor Turcot was decidedly opposed to the auditing of the books of the municipality, as proposed by Mayor Gelinas, because having made enquiries he found that the cost of an audit for a period extending over five years would be at least twelve thousand dollars. He did not think that an audit of the books was necessary because they had been certified as correct by an auditor each year. He thought that was sufficient and that no useful purpose would be served by another audit.

Councillor Godon declared that if a motion was made in the council to have the books audited he would vote against it.

The meeting being called upon to vote, decided against the auditing of the books and accounts.

Mr. Joseph Perrault explained that the corporation had the right to drain only an area of 282 acres into the city drains.

Mr. Vincent, at the request of Councillor Turcot, read the contract passed in 1892 between the city and the old municipalities of Cote St. Louis and St. Louis du Mile End. By this contract St. Louis obtained the right to drain its territory without any restrictions; but there was another contract based on a later arrangement giving St. Louis the right to drain 282 acres on payment of four thousand dollars, which sum was duly paid. There was only a restriction as to surface drainage.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Nicolet, Que.," will be received at this office until SATURDAY, May 26, 1906, inclusively, for the construction of a Post Office at Nicolet, Que.

Plans and specification can be seen and forms of tender obtained at this Department and on application to the Postmaster at Nicolet.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten percent (10 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

FRED. GELINAS, Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, May 4, 1906.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department, will not be paid for it.

TENDERS FOR DREDGING.

TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed 'Tender for Dredging,' will be received up to and including TUESDAY, May 22, 1906, for dredging required at Batiscan River and River St. Francis, Province of Quebec, during the present year.

Combined specifications and forms of tender can be obtained at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa. Tenders must include the towing of the plant to and from the works. Only dredges can be employed which are registered in Canada at the time of the filing of tenders. Contractors must be ready to begin work within thirty days after the date they have been notified of the acceptance of their tender.

The Department is not bound to accept the lowest or any of the tenders.

By order,

FRED. GELINAS, Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, May 7, 1906.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS.

ANY even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the North-West Provinces, excepting 8 and 26, not reserved, may be homesteaded upon by any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 160 acres, more or less.

Entry must be made personally at the local land office for the district in which the land is situate.

HOMESTEAD DUTIES: A settler who has been granted an entry for a homestead is required to perform the conditions connected therewith under one of the following plans:

(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year during the term of three years.

(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of any person who is eligible to make a homestead entry under the provisions of this Act, resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for by such person as a homestead, the requirements of this Act as to residence prior to obtaining patent may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirements of this Act as to residence may be satisfied by residence upon the said land.

APPLICATION FOR PATENT should be made at the end of three years, before the Local Agent, Sub-Agent or the Homestead Inspector.

Before making application for patent the settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa, of his intenton to do so.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST MINING REGULATIONS.

Coal.—Coal lands may be purchased at $10 per acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz.— A free miner's certificate is granted upon payment in advance of $5 per annum for an individual, and from $50 to $100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,500 x 1,500 ft.

The fee for recording a claim is $5.

At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1 an acre.

The patent provides for the payment of a royalty of 2½ percent on the sales.

PLACER mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee, $5, renewable yearly.

A free miner may obtain two leases to dredge for gold of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rental, $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 2½ percent collected on the output after it exceeds $10,000.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

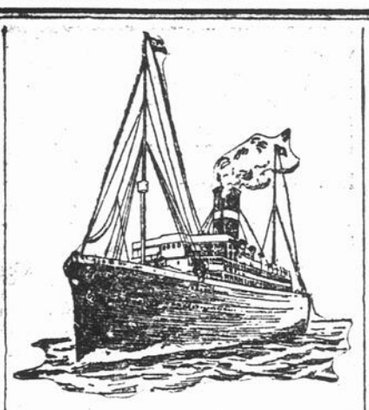
Cement, Drain Pipes, &c

DRAIN PIPES,

PORTLAND CEMENTS,

AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.,
345 St. James Street



DOMINION LINE

STEAMSHIPS

MONTREAL to LIVERPOOL

SOUTHWARK .. ..May 12
CANADA .. ..May 19
KENSINGTON .. ..May 26
OTTAWA .. ..June 2

FIRST CLASS, $70.00-$75.00, according to steamer.

MODERATE RATE SERVICE.

On steamers carrying only one class of Cabin passengers (Second Class), to whom is given the accommodation situated in the best part of the steamer.

$42.50 and $45.00 to Liverpool; $45.00 and $47.50 to London.

Third Class passengers booked to principal points in Great Britain at $27.50, berthed in 2 and 4 berth rooms.

For all information, apply to Local Agents, or to

DOMINION LINE,
17 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.

DONALDSON LINE

SS. "ATHENIA" (Twin Screw)

10,000 TONS,

will take a limited number of Cabin passengers

Montreal to Glasgow

Sailings.....May 17, June 21

Rates, $35 to $42.50.

Apply to

The ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited,
MONTREAL.

FOR THE WINTER GO TO BERMUDA

Frost unknown. Malaria impossible. From New York 48 hours by elegant new steamship "Bermudian." 5,500 tons. Sailings from New York every 10 days.

FOR WINTER TOURS GO TO WEST INDIES

50 days' trip, twenty days in the tropics, St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadeloupe Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbados and Demerara. Tickets for sale at all Principal Ticket Offices. For further particulars, apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents for Quebec SS. Co., 39 Broadway, New York, or J. G. BROCK & CO., 211 Commissioners st., Montreal. ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.



R & O Navigation Co. — Jemlieu Ontario

LOW RATES WEST

THROUGH THE BEAUTIFUL 1000 ISLANDS AND PICTURESQUE BAY OF QUINTE BY DAYLIGHT— Staterooms warm and comfortable.

MONTREAL TO TORONTO, $8.00; RETURN, $15.00.

MONTREAL TO HAMILTON, $8.75; RETURN $16.00, Meals and Stateroom Berth included.

MONTREAL-HAMILTON LINE—Steamers leave on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 2.30 p.m.

MONTREAL-QUEBEC LINE—Daily, except Sunday, at 7 p.m.

SAGUENAY LINE—From Quebec on Tuesdays and Saturdays, at 8.30 a.m.

CITY TICKET OFFICE, 138 ST. JAMES ST., Opp. Post Office.

OTTAWA RIVER NAV. CO.

Market Boats.

STR. PRINCESS, for Carillon and intermediate ports, Wednesdays and Saturdays, at 6 a.m.

STR. MAUDE, for Hawkesbury, Papineauville, Ottawa, etc., on Tuesday and Friday, at 5 p.m.

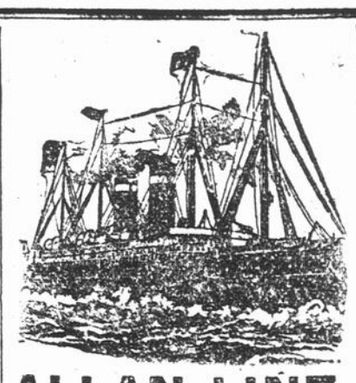
FREIGHT RECEIVED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

STORES, 165 COMMON ST., Canal Basin.

Main 1029.

BENEFIT EXCURSION.

As a benefit for the 'Creche de la Misericorde,' an excursion will take place to St. Ours on June 14. The boat will stop at Pied-du-Comaut and Sorel both going and on its return. Arrangements have already been made for a concert programme on the trip.



ALLAN LINE.

LIVERPOOL VIA MOVILLE.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

From Liverpool.		From Montreal.	From Quebec.
19 Apl.—PARISIAN	..	3 May	9 a.m. 6 p.m.
26 Apl.—VIRGINIAN	..	10 May	4 a.m. 2 p.m.
3 May—TUNISIAN	.	17 May	9 a.m. 8 p.m.
10 May—VICTORIAN		24 May	4 a.m. 1 p.m.

TUNISIAN'S record passage Rimouski to Moville, is 6 days 5 hours.

VIRGINIAN'S record passage Moville to Rimouski is 5 days 20 hours.

VIRGINIAN and VICTORIAN are the largest, finest and fastest pair of Turbine steamers in the world. The engines of His Majesty's yacht and H.M.S. Dreadnought, the largest and most powerful battleships ever constructed, are after the same design as Virginian and Victorian. Their great merit being absolute freedom from vibration.

Midship saloons, spacious promenade decks, electric lights throughout.

FIRST-CLASS $70 and up.
Reduction for round trip tickets.
SECOND-CLASS, Liverpool, Londonderry, $42.50 and up. Return tickets at reduced rates.

THIRD-CLASS Liverpool, London, or Belfast $27.50, and $28.75, according to steamer.

MONTREAL TO GLASGOW.

Numidian . 9 May. Corinthian, 23 May.
Mongolian. 16 May. Sicilian.. . 30 May.

One class cabin called second. Rate $40 and upwards. Third class, $26.50.

Apply to H. & A. ALLAN.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIPS OF THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

FINEST AND FASTEST

"EMPRESSES"

MONTREAL, QUEBEC and LIVERPOOL.

May 10, Thur. .. ..Lake Manitoba
May 19, Sat. .. .. .. Empress of Britain
May 24, Thur. .. ..Lake Champlain
May 31, Thur. .. .. Lake Erie
June 14, Thur. .. .. Lake Manitoba
June 23, Sat. .. ..Empress of Britain
June 30, Sat. .. ..Lake Champlain
July 7, Sat. .. ..Empress of Ireland
July 12, Thur. .. .. Lake Erie
and weekly thereafter.

MONTREAL to LONDON DIRECT.

May 20, Montrose, (One Class) $40.00
May 27, Mount Temple (Third Class) 26.50
June 17, Lake Michigan (Third Class) 26.50
July 1, Montrose (One Class). 40.00
July 8, Mount Temple (Third Class) 26.50

SS. Lake Champlain and Lake Erie carry only One Class of Cabin passengers (Second Class) to whom is given the accommodation situated in the best part of the steamer at $42.50 and $45.00.

Lake Manitoba—1st, $65.00 and upwards; 2nd, $40.00.

Empresses—1st, $80.00 to $500.00; 2nd, $45.00 and $47.50; 3rd, $28.75.

Board of Trade Building, St. Sacrament St.

Reford Agencies.

DONALDSON LINE GLASGOW WEEKLY SERVICE.

FROM MONTREAL.

SS. MARINA (Cold Storage) .... ..May 3
SS. SALICIA .. ..May 10

THOMSON LINE LONDON WEEKLY SERVICE.

FROM MONTREAL.

SS. IONA .... May 5
SS. HURONA .. .. May 12

All steamers fitted with cold storage and cool air.

LORD LINE TO CARDIFF.

LORD IVEAGH .. .. May 8

LEITH SERVICE.

SS. BELLONA ....May 10

THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited.
25 St. Sacrament street, MONTREAL.
WESTERN OFFICE,
Room 110, Union Station, TORONTO.

FURNESS, WITHY & CO., Limited.

PROPOSED SAILINGS.

MANCHESTER LINERS LIMITED,

CANADA AND MANCHESTER.

From Manchester. From Montreal.
Apr. 27—*MANCHESTER COMMERCE ....May 17
May 4—MANCHESTER IMPORTER May 24
May 15—MANCHESTER SHIPPER .June 5

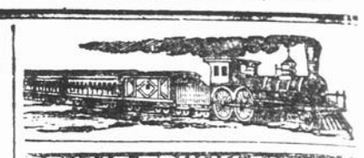
Some of the above steamers have first-class accommodation for a limited number of passengers.

CANADA-SOUTH AFRICA JOINT SERVICE TO CAPE TOWN, PORT ELIZABETH, EAST LONDON AND DURBAN.

*WYANDOTTE .. ..April 25

*Fitted with Cold Storage.
For further particulars apply to
FURNESS, WITHY & CO., LIMITED,
AGENTS .. .. .. MONTREAL.

OLD NEWSPAPERS suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the 'Witness' Office, in 10-lb. packages, at $1 per 100 lbs.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Leave Bonaventure Station.

"INTERNATIONAL LIMITED."
Finest and Fastest Train in Canada.
Daily at 9 a.m., ar. Toronto 4.30 p.m., Hamilton, 5.30 p.m., Niagara Falls, Ont. 6.55 p.m. Buffalo, 8.25 p.m., London, 7.45 p.m., Detroit, 9.45 p.m., Chicago, 7.45 a.m.
Elegant Cafe Service on above train.

MONTREAL-BOSTON

And points in NEW ENGLAND STATES
TWO TRAINS EACH WAY DAILY.
Lve. Montreal 9.01 a.m., 4.45 p.m.
Arr. Boston 6.55 p.m., 5.40 a.m.
Cafe-Parlor cars and through coaches on day trains. Sleeping cars and through coaches on night trains.

FAST OTTAWA SERVICE.

Lv. 8.40 a.m., 7.10 p.m. daily, 4.10 p.m. week days.
Ar. Ottawa 11.40 a.m., 10.10 p.m. daily, 7.10 p.m. week days.

SUBURBAN TRAIN SERVICE
Between
MONTREAL AND VAUDREUIL.
Full summer suburban train service now in effect. For particulars see time cards, to be had on application at Company's offices.

CITY TICKET OFFICES,
137 St. James Street. Telephones Main 460 and 461 or Bonaventure Station.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Double Daily Transcontinental Train Service.

Leave Montreal daily
Imperial Limited ..... 9.40 a.m.
Pacific Express ..... 9.40 p.m.
Arrive Montreal daily
Atlantic Express ..... 7.00 a.m.
Imperial Limited ..... 6.30 p.m.

OTTAWA TRAINS.

LEAVE WINDSOR STATION.

†8.45 a.m., *9.40 a.m., §10.00 a.m.
†4.00 p.m., *9.40 p.m., *10.15 p.m.
Parlor or Sleeping Cars on above trains.

LEAVE PLACE VIGER.

†8.25 a.m., 5.45 p.m.
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. §Sundays only.

MONTREAL-OTTAWA SLEEPING CAR.

Sleeping car is attached to train leaving Windsor Station daily at 10.15 p.m. At Ottawa, passengers for Montreal may board car any time after 9.00 p.m., and remain in sleeper until 9.00 a.m.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE
MONTREAL
—TO—
BOSTON
and New England Points.

Lv. Windsor Station 9.00 a.m. and 7.45 p.m.
Arr. Boston ..... 7.30 a.m. and 8.10 p.m.
Parlor or Sleeping Cars on above trains.

Homeseekers' Excursions.
COLONIST CLASS TO THE
CANADIAN NORTHWEST

JUNE 5th and 19th.. ..... **1906**
JULY 3rd and 17th.....

Winnipeg, Man.	$32.00	Brandon, Man.	$33.55
Mowbray, Man.	33.50	Moosomin, Sask.	34.20
Doloraine, Man.	33.50	Regina, Sask.	35.75
Lyleton, Man.	34.00	Lipton, Sask.	35.75
Estevan, Sask.	35.00	Saskatoon, Sask.	37.25
Souris, Man.	33.50	Moosejaw, Sask.	36.00
Arcola, Sask.	34.50	Pr. Albert, Sask.	38.00
Lenora, Man.	34.00	No. Battleford.	39.00
Miniota, Man.	34.00	Macleod, Alb.	40.00
Binscarth, Man.	34.25	Calgary, Alb.	40.50
Yorkton, Sask.	35.00	Red Deer Alb	41.50
Sheho, Sask.	35.50	Strathcona, Alb	42.50

Proportionately low rates to other stations
City Ticket Office: 129 St. James St.
Next Post Office.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

BONAVENTURE UNION DEPOT

Canada's Famous Train

THE MARITIME EXPRESS.

Leaves Montreal at 12 NOON daily, Saturday excepted, for Levis, Riviere du Loup, Campbellton, Moncton, St. John, Halifax, The Sydneys, and intermediate points.

GASPE & BAY CHALEUR

Navigation now open. Passengers leaving Montreal by the Maritime Express at 12 noon, Tuesdays and Fridays, will connect at Campbellton with SS. Lady Eileen.

QUEBEC SERVICE

Trains leave Montreal at 7.40 a.m. and 3.50 p.m. daily, except Sunday, and at 12 NOON daily, except Saturday.

'Ocean Limited' 'Train De Luxe'

Between Montreal, St. John, and Halifax, will start on the 25th June, to continue until September, and the special car for Matapedia on the 1st June.

ENGLISH MAIL TRAIN.

Leaves Montreal at 7.45 p.m. Thursdays, making direct connection at Halifax with Royal Mail Line Steamers for Liverpool.

All trains of the Intercolonial Railway arrive and depart from the "Bonaventure Union Depot."

CITY TICKET OFFICE
St. Lawrence Hall—141 St. James street, or Bonaventure Depot. Tel. Main 461.
N.B.—Summer reservations to seaside resorts on I.C.R. booked in advance. Apply early. J. J. McCONNELL, City Pass. & Tkt. Agent.

SAINTS IN SOCIETY.

BY MARGARET BAILLIE-SAUNDERS

(All Rights Reserved.)

SYNOPSIS.

[illegible] Henry Vade, fired with the ambition of having a Labor Candidate in Parliament, finds a likely representative in [illegible] Hading, an evangelical printer of [illegible] singing classes, who has been conducting religious meetings in the slums of Southern London, and fighting against the [illegible] of selfish wealth. Mrs. Hading, [illegible] cockney, has little sympathy with her husband's work. Mark is elected [illegible] member. He wholly neglects his religious work, occupying himself chiefly with [illegible] secretary duties. He becomes famous [illegible] and purchases the 'Mercury' [illegible] Vade. Mrs. Hading, assisted [illegible] Deane, still pursues her mission work among the poor children of [illegible] London. She drops her cockney accent, improves wonderfully, learning [illegible] and other accomplishments. Lady [illegible] the sister of Lord Henry Vade, and [illegible] become intimate. Mrs. Hading [illegible] of the situation, but prosecutes her work among the poor people as formerly. Mark [illegible] the scores social triumphs. Hading, who is to address a large meeting of working people at Trafalgar Square, declines at the last moment and attends a social function with Lady Vera. Mrs. Hading deplores. Mark goes to Italy for his health, with Lady Vera. His wife in her discouragement learns of a plot set on foot by her husband. She falls in love with Sir Samuel Crawshay.

CHAPTER XXVII.

The death of the famous newspaper king caused a profound sensation all over Europe. It was said to be due to cardiac failure from over work.

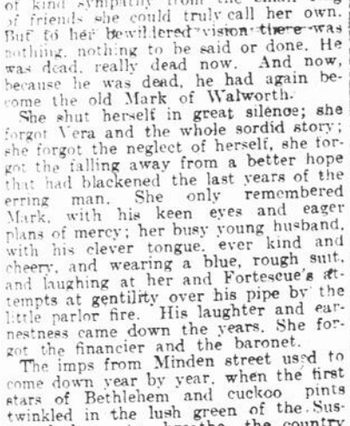
A year after someone wrote a biography of this great man, with interesting allusions to his vast charities, powerful public speeches, and famous dinner-table witticisms and sarcasms, also to his great schemes as to the Labor questions. His early life, which was considered rather low, was slurred gracefully over, partly in consideration for the feelings of his widow. A very fine portrait in Bartolozzi-brown appeared as a frontispiece, and the writer of the thing got some notoriety for his effort, being a rising M.P. himself.

Several hero-worshippers said that the late baronet was a grand character, and that, between ourselves, it was unfortunate that his wife had never been able to quite enter into his greatness. Other people—women—said, 'What could you expect? Poor thing, she did her best, but she was so solemn. Dull creature. And pious. You never get those low-born women to acquire the real thing.' Others—also women—said, 'She bored him, you know.' Others, both men and women, them-elves the possessors of new titles, said, 'Oh! no, not morphia—surely you are altogether mistaken? I happen to know it was heart disease.'

To Clo, in the solemnity of her grief, that awful mysterious solemnity of the physical death of those who have already died long ago, came many offers of kind sympathy from the small ring of friends she could truly call her own. But to her bewildered vision there was nothing, nothing to be said or done. He was dead, really dead now. And now, because he was dead, he had again become the old Mark of Walworth.

She shut herself in great silence; she forgot Vera and the whole sordid story; she forgot the falling away from a better hope that had blackened the last years of the erring man. She only remembered Mark, with his keen eyes and eager plans of mercy; her busy young husband, with his clever tongue, ever kind and cheery, and wearing a blue, rough suit, and laughing at her and Fortescue's attempts at gentility over his pipe by the little parlor fire. His laughter and earnestness came down the years. She forgot the financier and the baronet.

The imps from Minden street used to come down year by year, when the first stars of Bethlehem and cuckoo pints twinkled in the lush green of the Sussex hedges, to breathe the country air. These were the sick imps, the imps whom the doctor exonerated by certificate for a time from school-cramming and starvation. Later on, in the holiday season, the comparatively whole imps followed this batch—those who only had weak eyes or wooden legs and St. Vitus's dance, that is, and so represented health. But the real invalids arrived in May. It was a sweet little village to which they came, only a short way inland from the coast, the same village at which Hading had built a country house; there was a house of mercy to receive them, a big garden, and, joy beyond all joys, a pony that looked over the hedge from a long paddock, day in and day out, with such mild-eyed pertinacity that he had become a feature in the landscape. He was a fascinating pony, dark bay color, with a tow-colored fringe and mane, and very fat sides. His nose was decidedly too long for him, but this gave him a most takingly wise appearance. If you whacked him with a dock leaf he started off for an apparently violent gallop round the field, but suddenly forgot in the middle, and came to another standstill by another hedge, still on the hunt for sugar or apples. The imps adored him. He was really the only pony in the world.



The name of the house was the Hading Children's Home. The widow of a very great man—a very good man—a man who had spent his life for the poor and poor children—had built it in memory of him, said the village gossips. It was a low, wide building, built in a quadrangle, with a green, very cheerful of aspect, something like a pretty block of almshouses, with large, wide windows and a sort of church porch for a front door. Inside it had a playroom and clean-scrubbed floors, and rows of little white beds. There were geraniums and musks in the windows, and dimity curtains. It was intended to give holidays to such as never indulge in these, or hardly even heard of them, for such as die for want of air in cities. The imps came down to it in queer costumes—rags, finery and fancy dress of all descriptions—with queer manners and habits; but its wise rule—it was well staffed—had a wonderful way of mending the habits, and sometimes greatly improving the costumes, either by considerable additions or by the application of the wash-tub. And everybody, while staying there, wore a blue print pinafore.

This was Clo's memorial of the dead Mark, this quiet rearing of the best in the hopeless young. Persistently she had refused to lend countenance to memorials of a larger and showier nature: tablets and marble statues and church windows commemorating him in the glaring noon of his success. Following a tender feeling that had grown in her sad heart as she stood by Mark's ponderous white marble grave in the Sussex churchyard, she had commemorated only the old, dear Mark—only the Mark who had loved his fellows better than himself—only the simple, right-loving workingman, with his great, grand schemes to right his little world. And over the pretty white stone porch of the Home was a very finely-executed figure in a niche also in pure white stone. It was the figure of a printer—a man attired in the robes and cap usually associated with Caxton—holding his printer's paraphernalia in his one hand, and leading a child by the other. The face was Mark's, the fine Dante profile shown sharp to the observer as he turned and looked down gravely and kindly into the eyes of the boy at his side. It was a very beautiful, chaste thing, unpretending in its simple expression of the dead man's best endeavor.

Beneath it were the words:

'SIR MARK HADING,
Printer and Baronet,
Who loved and worked for little children.
Judica me, Deus.'

Lady Hading used to come down from her house in town occasionally and make visits of a whole month at a time to the peaceful place. After her first year's retirement the county called, or began to do so, but was gently discouraged. She had her quarters in the home, a suite of rooms full of sun and musk, but she explained that she was only there in connection with her poor children and should not visit. She sold the great mansion Mark had built, to the scorn of certain of the neighbors, and devoted her country visits solely to her sick babies.

It was one day in May, towards the end of the month, when the time had glided by in such wise for two whole years, that she sat in the grassy garden behind the rambling house with some of her sad babies. The heat was so glowing and the light so magical that objects a little away from the children's lazy eyes appeared to quiver visibly. Even Benjamin, the youngest, a child of two, was quiet, having at last ceased to parade the garden very solemnly, attired in a washed cream flannel cape down to his feet like a priest's cope, and a red woollen brewer's cap stretched tightly over his apparently bald head, above a small white face of extremely pompous expression. One of the sleepy children had thrown a woollen doll at Benjamin quite half an hour ago in a fury of impatience; this had succeeded in upsetting the candle-extinguisher figure of that worthy full on to his face in the grass, but he had immediately recovered himself without even glancing round at his assailant, and got up and proceeded on his pompous perambulations, tightly clutching a flabby india-rubber donkey as usual.

Clo, drowsing in her seat under a big white umbrella, had reproved the mover of this attack.

'Leave him alone, dear,' she said, 'Benjamin will tire himself out quite soon.' And sure enough he had, having suddenly tumbled on to a rug with blue cushions and fallen into a deep sleep, with his mouth wide open and looking quite young again.

The afternoon had so drowsed its hours away that Clo herself shut her eyes and was almost beginning to dream when the voice of the head sister, a bright Scotch girl in a nurse's dress, recalled her to her senses. She heard her name called.

'What did you say, Effie?' she asked, startled out of her dreams and sitting up.

Sister Effie was coming quickly across the lawn from the porch that led to the garden from the back of the house. She looked quite excited. Her rosy face was beaming with eagerness. But who was that following her and stooping under the green trellis with its red japonica to get out of the low portico without ruining his ruddy curls? Out of the porch he came into view. The ruddy curls caught the sunshine and gleamed like gold as he peered out across the garden in search of her face. She rose in a tremor of wild joy. He had found her out after all this time. He came swiftly across the lawn, stepping eagerly over the recumbent children, and took both her hands in his, saying simply, 'Angel!'

'Only think of—of you coming,' was all she said, but her face was like a rose.

He glanced round at the babies, all sitting and staring up at him, Benjamin very sternly, then at the far hill with the turquoise light over it.

'Is that the sea over there?' he said in a breathless kind of voice.

'Yes,' she said, her hands still tight in his, 'that is the sea.' Their eyes met in a hush that has no name, the sweetest hush in the world.

Nervous? There are many causes of nervousness, but poor blood heads the list. The doctors call it anemia. The blood lacks red corpuscles. At your first opportunity, consult your doctor about taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Ask him if he has anything better for weakness, debility, nervousness. If he has, take it. If not, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Get well, that's what you are after. We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines! J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

USE EDDY'S MATCHES.



Since 1851, There hasn't been a minute, EDDY'S Matches weren't in it!

Ask your Grocer for a box of Our "SILENT" Parlors.

PERFECTLY NOISELESS. LIGHTS ON ANY SURFACE.
For Sale by all First-class Dealers.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL
Wall Papers
in immense variety, at
MURPHY & SON'S,
Painters and Decorators,
St. Catherine Street, west of Drummond.

'Come with me,' he said, 'come out there to the heather and the sea. I want to talk to you—my darling, my darling.'

They went away out of the garden with arms locked and heads touching, his ruddy one and her fair one, through the gate into the meadow, bathed gloriously in the level golden glow that turned the world into a radiant magic garden.

They never said a word to the children, who sat in a ring—a ring of blue pinafores and mouths like O's, from the cripple child to Benjamin in the brewer's cap—staring solemnly after them as they glided away, away, heart to heart, along the meadow path, between the foamy hawthorns to the sea.

THE END.

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

MR. RED SQUIRREL.

Mr. Red Squirrel came home late that evening, and Mrs. Red Squirrel naturally wanted to know why.

'My dear,' he sputtered, 'I'd have been home a long time ago, but just as I came to the foot of our tree there was old Mrs. Hen squatting among the roots, with her little ones playing in the grass about her. I tried to explain courteously, but she is not like you, my dear; she wouldn't listen to reason. She thought I had come to kidnap one of her darlings. "Cut, cut, cut and run!" she cried; and she looked so angry, and there were little red rings round her eyes, and her feathers were all fluffed up. I didn't know what to do. The Greyfurs' dooryard, as you know, my dear, is nearest to our own; but I hardly like to climb up their tree, as our families have not been on speaking terms since the fight last February. But while I was peeping from behind a big plantain leaf, and trying to muster up courage to make one dash for home, risking the terrible talons and beak, to my great relief I heard Mrs. Hen calling her little ones to come to bed. And they came up out of the grass—not nearly so steady on their legs, my dear, as our babies—and nestled beneath her; and, when I thought it was quite safe, I tiptoed out from my hiding place. Yes, Mrs. Hen's eyes were closed, quite closed; and she was quietly sleeping. So I just gathered my limbs together, and sprang clean over her, landing on the bark of the tree with claws outstretched; and she jumped up in a rage as I whizzed by; but it was too late. And if you listen, my dear, you can still hear Mrs. Hen scolding me down below there for showering her with little pieces of bark as I scampered up the trunk.—'Christian Register.'

LITTLE BANBEE.

Banbee was a little heathen girl living in India, who had been taught to pray to an ugly idol that was in her house, and to give it food and some of her few treasures. Often when very hungry, the poor little girl would offer all her dinner to the god, thinking it would do her soul good.

One day she hurt her hand with a piece of glass, and when the blood flowed, she became frightened, and ran to the idol, asking it to help her. When her hand grew worse, she laid it on the stiff, wooden fingers of the god, expecting every moment the pain would be gone. But the pain increased, and little Banbee cried, but still through it all she did not lose faith in the god.

At this time a lady missionary was passing, and, hearing someone moaning, she went to the hut where Banbee lived, and there saw a little child, thin and suffering, sitting close to the ugly idol, begging it to stop the pain in her hand. She would hold her little brown hand in the well one, and then lift it close to the great staring eyes, saying words little folks in this country could not understand, but which meant, 'See, see! Help poor Banbee.'

The missionary had medicine with her in a case, for part of her good work was to heal the bodies of the poor heathen, as well as to care for their souls. She went into the hut, and, taking the poor aching hand, said, 'Little girl, I am your friend.' Banbee was not afraid, for she had seen 'the clean mamma,' as they called the missionary, going through the village a number of times. She watched her with interest when she opened a bottle and bathed it, and the pain lessened. Banbee listened to the story of Jesus's great love for little children; how he came to earth to save such little ones as Banbee, and was thus led to him.—The Melbourne 'Spectator.'



DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE ... 25c.
is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanantly cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

DIVINE BREATHINGS.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 9.

A RULE FOR DAILY LIFE.

What simple rule have we to regulate our conduct in everything in life, a principle upon which we can always act? Whatsoever ye do, do all to the glory the honor, the praise, of God. (I. Cor. x., 31.) This rule rests upon the law of love, which is the fulfilling of all law. The one principle of love to God and love to man. If a man does not love his fellow-man, he does not love God in the real meaning of the word. (Matt. v., 44-48.) Love of brethren a proof of discipleship. (Jno. xiii., 35.) Love to all mankind the proof of sonship. (Luke vi., 27-36.) This rule of love will teach us to avoid lawful things if they would cause a weak brother to stumble, and lead us to seek to do him good rather than our own likings. The law of love finds delight in doing because it is right. God does not work from a sense of duty, but from the impulse of love. He loved the world of sinners with such a love that He gave the most precious of all gifts, His only well-beloved son. (Jno. iii., 16.) You can spell 'Gospel' out of the first letter of six words in that verse. Good news, glad tidings to sinful men. Christ came to be the messenger of glad tidings to all people, and to accomplish His purpose freely gave Himself up for us all. So Paul counted not his life dear to himself, if he might only testify the grace of God to men. (Acts. xx., 24.) God so loved us that He gave. Christ loved me and gave Himself for me. What have I given up for God, for Christ, for men?

DAILY TEXT.

May 9.

Jesus increased in wisdom and stature, and in favor with God and man.—Luke ii., 52.

He did not stand on the shore and wait till people floated up to him on the flood tide of prosperity; he himself swam out after them as they floated down from him on the ebb tide of adversity. He came to seek and to save that which is lost. No breaker of bruised reeds was our King; no despiser of storm-shaken souls; no crusher of stumbling hearts; no trampler on prostrate characters.—George Dana Boardman.

The art of life consists in taking each event which befalls us with a contented mind, confident of good. This makes us grow younger as we grow older, for youth and joy come from the soul to the body more than from the body to the soul. With this method and art and temper of life, we live, though we may be dying. We rejoice always, though in the midst of sorrows; and possess all things, though destitute of everything.—James Freeman Clarke.

Teachers Wanted.

WANTED, A TEACHER FOR THE GRANby High School. Salary, $1,000. Apply to J. A. TOMKINS, Secretary-Treasurer.

WANTED, A MODEL SCHOOL TEACHer, (must be willing to teach 1 and 2 Academy), for Ulverton Model School. Apply, giving references, stating salary, and experience, to HENRY R. THOMPSON, Ulverton P.O., P.Q.

WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER for Leeds Model School. An extra fee will be paid for teaching Grade II. Academy. Apply to C. W. JIGGENS, Sec.-Treasurer, Leed Village, Que.

WANTED, FOR WATERLOO ACADEMY, two Teachers for first and second Primary Departments. Apply to R. F. SHAW, Sec'y-Treas.

WANTED, FEMALE TEACHER, FOR Prince Albert School (Model diploma.) Applicants to give references and state experience and salary required. Duties to begin about Sept. 1st. Address T. C. FLEMING, Secretary, 91 Coursol street.

WANTED, TWO TEACHERS, FOR ST. Lambert Academy, having Model School diplomas from McGill Normal School; Primary and Intermediate departments; salary, $250.00 and $300.00, respectively. Address, enclosing testimonials, J. R. BEATTY, Secretary-Treasurer, St. Lambert, Montreal.

For Sale.

FOR SALE — 100 TONS SECOND-HAND telegraph wire, suitable for fencing, price one cent per lb., Montreal, in any small quantity. SYRACUSE SMELTING WORKS, 332 William street.

Miscellaneous.

ANY ONE NOT BEING ABLE TO GET A 'Witness' at his newsdealer's will oblige the publishers by notifying the Subscription Department by telephone Main 4090, or by postcard. JOHN DOUGALL & SON, 'Witness' Building.

Wanted.

WANTED, TO PURCHASE YOURS AND everybody else's cast-off household furniture, clothing, fur coats, capes, old diamonds, gold and silver; best cash prices for good goods promptly called for by MAX FRANK, 493 Craig street. Tel. East 2067.

Furnished Houses to Let

TO LET — FURNISHED HOUSE FOR summer, new, detached, in small garden, 10 rooms, near main car lines. Apply afternoons, 456 Mountain avenue, Westmount. Tel. West 1551.

To Let.

TO LET, LOWER TENEMENT, SELBY street, near Greene ave., extra fine and low rent; Daisy furnace. H. J. ROSS, 190 St. James street.

OFFICE TO LET, FIRST FLOOR, Light, airy and attractive, in 'Witness' Block. Apply to MR. McGLAUGHLIN, 'Witness' Office.

WOOD AVE., near St. Catherine St.

Self-Contained Tenements, 7 rooms, every convenience; immediate possession.

Mansfield St., near Sherbrooke St.

Heated Flats and free of water, 6 and 7 rooms; every convenience; immediate possession.

All above newly tinted and painted, for three years lease.

Apply 309 St. James street.

TO RENT.

A double apartment on the ground floor of the

"GROSVENOR"

Apply to

H. JOSEPH & CO.

Money Wanted.

$100,000 First Mortgage

Wanted on property centrally located. Rents pay over double the interest. Principals only dealt with. Address Mr. McTAVISH, P.O. Box 2234, Montreal.

Property.

PROPERTY FOR SALE — A SUMMER cottage, situated on an island, and other property at St. Agathe. Apply V.B., 29 McGill College avenue.

FOR SALE, CHEAP

That centrally situated property, 776 and 778 Craig street, at present occupied by the Timmis, Noble Co.

Size of lot, 60 x 90 ft., with lane in rear, and entrance on St. James street. Apply to

THE TIMMIS, NOBLE CO.

Property Wanted.

WANTED, TO BUY IN WESTMOUNT, immediately, for Cash, a Building Lot, 25 x 100 or thereabouts. Apply to MRS. J., 152 West, Lagauchetiere street.

Notices.

NOTICE. — APPLICATION HAS BEEN made to the Corporation of the City of Montreal for leave to put in Steam Boiler in premises rear of 508 to 514 Seigneurs street. C. H. MACKEY.

Lost, Strayed and Found.

FOUND, A HAM; OWNER CAN HAVE same by proving property and paying for advt. Apply 'Witness' Office.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED, A YOUNG GIRL TO DO housemaid's work; another maid kept; must be willing to go to the country; Protestant preferred. 4007 Dorchester st.

WANTED, A SCHOOL BOY FOR A COUple of hours during the afternoon, after school hours, to deliver a route of the 'Witness.' Apply at 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, ORGANIST FOR A CITY church (Pres.) Volunteer choir; reed organ; moderate salary. Apply at once. W.D., 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, BRIGHT, JUNIOR CLERK for railway office; salary at start, $25.00 per month. Must have good education, and furnish satisfactory references as to character and ability. Address RAILWAY, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, HOUSE AND TABLE MAID, willing to go to the country. Apply at 130 Mackay street.

WANTED, A USEFUL MAID TO GO TO Ottawa; must be a good needlewoman, for girl of five years; references. Apply 287 University street, Montreal.

WANTED, YOUNG GIRL TO MAKE HERself useful in store and do house work if required; salary, $12.00 per month. Apply 467 Boulevard St. Lawrence.

WANTED, A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS Tablemaid. Apply 340 Peel street.

WANTED, RESPECTABLE BOY FOR office of large wholesale Dry Goods House. Apply by letter, in own handwriting, to F. 12, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, COLPORTEURS, A MAN Fluent in English and French; three months' trial. Also a man, English-speaking, to work amongst immigrants during this season. Send qualifications and testimonials to REV. GEO. H. WILLIAMS, Supt. Bible Society Colportage, 39 Esplanade avenue, Quebec.

WANTED, STRONG, ACTIVE, MIDDLEaged woman, to take position as working housekeeper. References required. Address HOUSEKEEPER, 'Witness' Office.

GIRLS WANTED FOR BINDERY. Apply at 'Witness' Office.

OFFICE BOY WANTED. APPLY AT 'Witness' Office, corner Craig and St. Peter street.

COOKS WANTED.

Competent Second Cooks required for Dining Car Service. Apply Office of Superintendent Dining Cars, Canadian Pacific Railway, Room No. 11, Windsor Street Station.

OFFICE BOY.

Wanted—Bright Boy for Railway Office. Must write good hand.

Apply S. X., 'Witness' Office.

Employment Wanted.

WANTED, BY EDUCATED YOUNG LADY, position as Companion or Nursery Governess. Address 310, 'Witness' Office.

Rooms to Let.

TO LET TWO UNFURNISHED LARGE Rooms in quiet family, 114 Plymouth Grove, head of Canning street.

Bargains.

FOR SALE — SAIL BOAT, CAT-RIGGED, 25 feet long, 8 feet beam, good as new; splendid sea boat and fast; a bargain. Address E. L. ATKINSON, Gananoque, Ont.

FOR SALE, KINDLING WOOD — GOOD dry box cuttings make the cheapest kindling wood; delivered within city limits for $1.75 per load. Call up Phone Main 3647. G. & J. ESPLIN, 126 Duke street.

KINDLING FOR THE MILLION. Kindling, $2.00; Cut Maple, $3.00; Mill Blocks, $1.75; cut any length; also, Anthracite Coal; delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. MACDIARMID, No. 2 Canal Basin, cor. of Guy and William streets. Bell Telephone Main 463.

Houses Wanted.

WANTED TO RENT, A SMALL COUNtry House, furnished or unfurnished, within an hour's journey from the city. Address J.T., 86, 'Witness' Office.

WANT ADS.

FOR THE 'WITNESS,'

may be left with

A. T. CHAPMAN, Bookseller, 2407 St. Catherine st.
WM. DRYSDALE & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 2675 St. Catherine Street.
Or with R. TURNER, Grocer, Point St. Charles, 601 Wellington street, West of Subway.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

CASH TARIFF.

Situation Vacant, Situation Wanted, Pupils Wanted, Rooms To Let, Articles Found, Secondhand Articles Wanted or For sale.

20 Words for 10c.

½c for each additional word. Six insertion for the price of four.

Property For Sale or To Let.
Other Articles For Sale.

25 Words for 25c.

1 cent for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

Personals, Agents Wanted.

25 Words for 50c.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

Postage Stamps will be Accepted.

The above rates are CASH with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five agate lines.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Proposed Gift to San Francisco may be Used to Relieve Distressed Canadians in Stricken City.

MR. OLIVER COMPLAINS THAT HIS DEPARTMENT IS BEING SERIOUSLY DISARRANGED BY OPPOSITION MEMBERS ORDERING SO MANY RETURNS.

Ottawa, May 9.—It looks as though the sum of a hundred thousand dollars that the Canadian Parliament is voting for relief work in San Francisco would be utilized to bring back to this country a number of Canadian residents of the stricken city, some of whom are in great distress. In the House last night the leader of the Opposition and Mr. E. B. Osler, of Toronto, both suggested that the money should be applied to this end.

The Finance Minister answered that the government had already considered this suggestion. The government's first intention had been that the hundred thousand dollars contribution should be available for relief among all classes who suffered by the calamity in San Francisco. In view, however, of President Roosevelt's announcement that no foreign contributions were desired, the Canadian Government was still in a state of hesitation as to what it should do. The government was very anxious to help the distressed city, but it was not in the same position as municipalities and individuals who, notwithstanding President Roosevelt's announcement, were sending their contributions direct to the San Francisco authorities. When the hundred thousand dollar vote was proposed it had been intended for general relief work, but as things now stood, it might be desirable to apply it to the object that had been suggested by Mr. Borden. In any case the intention was to have the money voted so that it may be available for that purpose or as a contribution toward the general relief fund in San Francisco in case the President saw fit to reconsider his first decision.

MR. OLIVER'S COMPLAINT.

Mr. Frank Oliver, Minister of the Interior, complained that the business of his department was being seriously disarranged by the number of returns that had been ordered by members of the Opposition. Returns were now being compiled that would take months to complete, and he was informed by his officers that 15,498 hours work would be required to complete those that are now in hand. It was just as well, he suggested, that the responsibility should be placed where it properly belonged—on those who were abusing the privileges of parliament in this manner.

Mr. George Taylor, the Conservative chief whip, resented what he characterized as a lecture from the Minister of the Interior, and maintained that the House was quite within its rights in asking the information that it had.

WEDNESDAY GOVERNMENT DAY.

On motion of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, it was resolved that government business shall have precedence on Wednesdays from next week on till the end of the session. This is done with the object of helping along the government business of the session, which thus far has progressed but slowly. From now on till prorogation Monday will be the only private members' days in the week. At to-day's sitting the House will conclude the debate on the bills that have been proposed by private members for the repeal of the increased indemnity legislation of last session.

POSTAL RATES ON AMERICAN PERIODICALS.

Mr. W. F. Cockshutt, of Brantford, asked for information concerning the action the Post-Office Department had recently taken in refusing transmission at second-class matter rates of a number of American periodicals.

The Postmaster-General answered that investigation by Sir William Mulock had shown that tons of mail from United States publishing houses were being carried at a loss in this country. This led to an inspection of magazines and papers to secure a better classification. Some of the publications were found to be neither newspapers nor periodicals under the meaning of the Post-Office Act. They had no right, therefore, to transmission at second-class matter rates, and were notified that hereafter they would have to pay a cent an ounce. The scrutiny was still going on.

TO FORBID THE KILLING OF BUFFALO.

Third reading was given the government bill prohibiting the killing of buffalo till 1912. The Minister of the Interior explained that there are very few head left and that careful measures are needed to prevent their complete extinction.

CITIZEN JAMES WEBSTER LEWIS.

The Minister of the Interior put through a bill which enfranchises James Webster Lewis, an Indian of the Moravian band of the Thames. The measure gives civil but not religious rights to the Indian. If the latter wanted to vote he would have to qualify in the same way as any white man.

TIMBER AND GAME IN WESTERN CANADA.

The House gave second reading to the Hon. Mr. Oliver's bill to amend the Unorganized Territories' Game Preservation Act of 1894. This measure provides for the establishment of nine reservations in Saskatchewan, Manitoba and British Columbia, with a total area of about 6,540 acres, in which the forests, animals, game and fish are to be rigidly preserved. The minister amended his bill so as to provide for reserves also in Alberta. The bill was discussed at great length and finally held for further consideration in committee of the public.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The House then passed into committee of supply on the estimates for the Marine Department. In reply to a question by Mr. F. D. Monk, the minister stated that the work of sweeping the St. Lawrence between Montreal and Quebec would begin next week. The estimates now before the House provided for the purchase of a boat to take charge of the sweep below Quebec. Col. Sam. Hughes, Mr. Northrup and several other Conservative members declared that the government had made a mistake in adopting acetylene for its gas buoys and that other countries still found Pintch gas quite good enough for this purpose.

The vote for the ship channel was finally passed and then the committee took up the vote of $175,000 for the purchase of the dredge 'Galveston,' to be brought up from New Orleans, La., and put to work in the St. Lawrence below Quebec.

The vote was carried, also the one providing $100,000 for relief of San Francisco sufferers. The House adjourned at 1.15 a.m.

IN THE SENATE.

Ottawa, May 9.—In the Senate yesterday the Hon. Mr. Beique introduced an amendment to the Railway Act of 1903. It affects mortgages. The old Railway Act made claims for working expenditure a first claim on the rents and revenues of a railway. The act of 1903 added the words 'property' and 'assets' to rents and revenues as the things upon which working expenses have first claim. The object of the bill is to strike out the words property and assets, leaving them subject, as before, to the first claim of bondholders. The words occur in the fifth line of section 112 of the Railway Act of 1903.

Third reading was given an act respecting judges of provincial courts and an act respecting the powers of the Harbor Commissioners. Both are government bills from the Commons.

Senator Macdonald of British Columbia moved for a return of the business done in Canada by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York. He commended the government for having set a commission enquiring into Canadian life insurance. He advised the strengthening of the Insurance Act and the strictest enforcement of the law.

Sir Richard Cartwright advised delay of a general discussion of the important subject of life insurance until the report of the insurance enquiry was before the Senate. Foreign companies were required to put up ample security to cover the policies they wrote in Canada. The government was interested in seeing that ample protection was given policyholders by both Canadian and foreign companies.

Senator McMullen believed the investigation would give Canadians a better standing than foreign companies among Canadian people.

The return was ordered.

JAPANESE FAMINE FUND

The fund inaugurated by the Montreal Board of Trade for the relief of the sufferers by the famine in Japan has been closed, the following being a list of subscriptions received since last acknowledgment :—

Amount previously acknowledged	$2,064.00
Braeside, Ont.	25.00
E. F. Hebden	10.00
J. J. McGill	10.00
J. L. McCulloch	10.00
A. Ramsay	10.00
Hy. Hodgson	10.00
Geo. Durnford	5.00
G. S. Low	5.00
A. B. Whittall	5.00
Hiram Levy	5.00
C. D. Macintosh	5.00
T. H. Christmas	5.00
C. A. Bogert	5.00
J. R. Binning	5.00
D. A. Campbell	5.00
H. W. Reynolds	3.00
F. H. Penniston	3.00
D. C. Macarow	2.00
Masters Temple Hadrill, Victor McFall and Jas. Blaiklock	1.25
Geo. Hall	1.00
H. B. C.	1.00
W. Proulx	1.00
—. Francis	1.00
A. E. Taylor	1.00
S. W. Boyd	1.00
Francis Peacock	1.00
Robert Dun	1.00
J. D. Molson	1.00
J. Hewett	1.00
J. M. Jellett	1.00
A. W. Baillie	1.00
A Friend	1.00
W. Oliver Smith	1.00
W. J. McGowan	1.00
C. A. Morgan	1.00
R. Shaw	1.00
A. D. McLean	1.00
W. O. M. Cross	1.00
H. B. Loucks	1.00
C. N. R.	1.00
C. A. Harcourt	1.00
J. Cunningham	1.00
H. Maculloch	1.00
E. Liersch	1.00
City & District Savings Bank	1.00
Employees St. Catherine Street Branch City & District Savings Bank	1.00
M. Gounne	.50
W. S. Laughland	.50
M. S. Burger	.50
J. A. Ailson	.50
G. B. A. Enard	.50
D. M. Madill	.50
Scott Barlow	.50
N. McNaughton	.50
Chas. R. Stone	.50
H. Liebeck	.50
H. D. Macdonald	.50
Geo. C. Mariott	.50
H. E. Asbury	.50
W. E. Leonard	.50
E. A. Barfoot	.50
Jas. Stapleton	.50
A. E. Massey	.50
J. H. Sweney	.50
W. J. E. Watt	.50
C. H. Tatum	.25
M. S. Graham	.25
W. G. Arthur	.25
E. Jones	.25
Total	$2,229.75

ROCKEFELLER INSTITUTE

CANADIANS INVITED TO ATTEND OPENING IN NEW YORK NEXT FRIDAY.

Dr. Thomas Simpson and Mrs. Simpson are included among the Canadians invited to be present at the opening of the Rockefeller Institute for scientific research in New York on Friday, when Principal Eliot, of Harvard; Principal Butler, of Columbia, and Dr. Welch, of Johns Hopkins University, will deliver addresses. The buildings and equipment are the finest in the world devoted exclusively to medical research.

A TRIPLE ANNIVERSARY.

On Sunday next Canon Ellegood will celebrate a triple anniversary. For fifty-eight years the Canon has been rector of the Church of St. James the Apostle; for forty-four years he has been chaplain of the Victoria Rifles of Canada, and Sunday will also celebrate the forty-second year of the opening of the present church. In the morning the Ven. Archdeacon Ker, D.D., will preach; in the afternoon a military service will be conducted by the chaplain of the Victoria Rifles, and the evening sermon will be given by Bishop Carmichael.

RESTAURANT KEEPER ASSIGNS.

Arthur Toupin, restaurant keeper, has assigned at the demand of C. Robillard & Co., with liabilities of about $8,000.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

Edmonton, May 8.—A. D. McLean, a young homestead seeker from Canyon City, Colorado, who was accidentally shot, while driving near Vegreville on Friday, died yesterday in the hospital, where he had been sent from Vegreville. McLean, in company with another man, was driving, with a loaded shotgun in the waggon. The gun was accidentally discharged, and the contents entered McLean's thigh, inflicting a wound which caused death.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

The treasurer of the Diet Dispensary, 79 Mansfield street, gratefully acknowledges the following donations received in April: City Union of King's Daughters, $45; Sir W. C. Macdonald, $25; Mrs. J. Theodore Bigelow, $15; Miss Dow, Mrs. J. B. Learmont, Mrs. J. H. R. Molson, Mr. James Crathern, Miss Frizzell's patients, each $10; Mrs. A. D. Durnford, Montreal Rolling Mills Co., Mrs. C. Mackay, Mrs. S. H. C. Miner, Mrs. J. P. Dawes, Mrs. Hugh Watson, Thos. Davidson Manufacturing Co., The R. D. Morton Co., each $5; Mrs. J. R. Smith, $3; Mark Bag Co., Arthur P. Tippett & Co., Mrs. Jonathan Brown, Mrs. George Creak, Mrs. J. T. Hagar, American Tobacco Co. of Canada, Mrs. M. H. Gault, Gurney-Massey Co., Ltd., Mr. Geo. R. Starke, Laing Manufacturing Co., Mrs. Robert Mackay, Mrs. Lansing Lewis, Mr. George Hadrill, Dr. F. J. Hackett, each $2; Mrs. Handyside, Mrs. McDougall, Dr. Springle, Mrs. A. D. Evans, Mrs. A. P. Moodie, Mrs. George McDougall, Mrs. F. G. Finley, Mr. Charles Gurd, Dr. A. Lapthorn Smith, Mr. T. J. Fisher, each $1; Mrs. C. M. Hays, 4 bottles Valentine meat juice; the Misses Dow, parcel of clothing from Industrial Rooms, value $10; Mrs. Birks, 2 globes, bottles, hall table; Miss Gould, clothing; Mrs. F. Caverhill, clothing.

Receipts for the East End Branch of the Diet Dispensary since January: Employees of Diamond Glass Co., $52.25; employees of the Angus Workshops, $103.12; Mrs. T. J. Drummond, $6; Miss De Witt, $1; Miss Kerry, $2; Mrs. C. Mackay, $5; Mrs. W. D. Sutherland, $10.

The ladies of the Montreal Day Nursery Committee gratefully acknowledge the following donations and subscriptions through April:—Donations:—Mrs. J. H. Collins, worn baby carriage; 258 St. Antoine street, partially worn clothing; 28 St. Matthew street, worn baby carriage; Mrs. Thomas Walker, one gallon golden syrup; Mrs. David Stewart, partially worn clothing; Mrs. J. B. Learmont, 60 thimbles and one pair of scissors; St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, per Mrs. T. Gardner, a quantity of cake; Y.M.C.A., per Miss Mason, bread; Mrs. Wm. Prentice, half case of oranges; Mrs. E. Holton, two dozen eggs; Mrs. R. A. E. Greenshields, four dozen buns; Mrs. F. N. Southam, partially worn clothing; 664 Sherbrooke street, worn baby carriage; Mrs. Robert Hall, quantity of buns; Misses Greenshields, Limited, 20 pairs of cot blankets; Mrs. Frank Bond, 4 dozen buns; Emmanuel Church, per Mrs. Pedley, cake, bread, butter and meat; Mrs. J. H. Charlton, books and toys; Miss Rothwell, scrap books and pictures; Mr. Henry Gatehouse, fish every week; Mrs. J. J. Riley, four dozen eggs; Mrs. Walter Williams, partially worn clothing.

Subscriptions—John Hope, Esq., $5; Lady Allan, D. Morrice, Sons & Co., $2 each; Mrs. J. H. Birks, Miss Lorgard, H. S. Mussen, Mrs. James Peck, Mrs. Porter, Mrs. J. A. L. Strathy, M.A.H., $2 each; A.L.H., Mrs. R. Adair, Mrs. P. Black, Mrs. A. Balfe, Mrs. W. L. Barnes, Mrs. T. P. Bacon, Mrs. Charles Bird, Mrs. John Cox, Mrs. Daniel Creen, Mrs. F. P. Currie, Mrs. Alex Dougall, Mrs. W. R. Evans, Mrs. E. W. Gnaedinger, Mrs. C. H. Grant, Mrs. Chas. Gurd, Mrs. G. A. Holland, Mrs. A. A. Hodgson, Mrs. S. Hyde, Mrs. C. M. Holt, Mrs. W. C. Hodgson, Mr. A. Joyce, Mrs. A. Kyle, Mrs. Arthur Heward, Miss Lunn, Mrs. J. A. Mathewson, Mrs. H. V. Meredith, Mrs. J. B. McLean, Mrs. Schultz, Mrs. A. C. Woode, Mrs. R. Stanley Weir, Mrs. D. I. Whitehead, the Misses Wand, Mrs. Walton, Mrs. James Walker, a Friend, $1 each; Mrs. A. Harper, $50; Mrs. P. Davidson, 75c; Miss Armstrong, Mrs. James Baylis, Miss M. Cassels, Mrs. C. Hagar, Mr. C. W. Simpson, Mrs. Wurtele, Miss Peel, Mrs. Perrault, $50 each; Mrs. C. Millen, Mrs. Henderson, Mrs. D. W. Nairn, Mrs. Thompson, and four friends, 25c each.



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ALLEGED 'WHITE CAPS.'

THREE HUNDRED CITIZENS OF FRANKLIN COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI, FINED FOR INTIMIDATING HOMESTEADERS.

Jackson, Miss., May 9.—Over three hundred citizens of Franklin County, charged with being members of an alleged 'white cap' organization, pleaded guilty to the charge of intimidating the government homesteaders and were each assessed the minimum fine of twenty-five dollars and three months imprisonment. The imprisonment was suspended pending good behavior. The prosecution has attracted much attention, owing to the prominence of the parties involved. Among those indicted was the sheriff of Franklin County.

COUNCIL OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Mr. P. G. Mackenzie, M. P. P. for Richmond, has been appointed a member of the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction for the Province of Quebec. The appointment of an additional lay member became necessary because of the consecration of the new Bishop of Labrador.

LADY STRATHCONA'S GIFT

TWENTY-SIX FAMILIES OF SALVATIONISTS SAIL FOR CANADA ON THE 'KENSINGTON.'

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 8.—Another Salvation Army party of fourteen hundred leaves on Thursday on the 'Kensington,' and includes twenty-six families for the North-West under the terms of Lady Strathcona's gift.

CONCERT AT OUTREMONT.

A grand concert in aid of the Outremont Mission will be held in the Strathcona school to-morrow evening. As a number of pupils from the Montreal School of Elocution are to be on the programme, an enjoyable time is assured. The Outremont cars, going north on Park avenue, pass the door every ten minutes.

NO GOOD DINNER GOES COFFEELESS

and no coffee can blend to such a degree as does "Madame Huot's Coffee," all that goes to delight a connoisseur: aroma and strength, sweetness and flavor. If you have not tasted it, you have everything to gain by testing it. We deliver it in Montreal in 2-lb. tins on receipt of 75c. We deliver it throughout the Province of Quebec and that of Ontario in quantities of three 2-lb. tins on receipt of $2.25, and we pay the freight. If your dealer does not keep "Madame Huot's Coffee," address directly to

The E. D. MARCEAU CO., LTD., Wholesale Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices, 281-285 St. Paul St., Montreal, Can.

JUNE'S SOVEREIGN PHOTO-CONTEST

KODAK 'HAPPY SITUATIONS.'

A prize of one Sovereign ($4.86) will be awarded to the one sending us at any time during the month of June the best and most interesting photograph of 'A Happy Situation,' (which may include anything from a cat and her kittens, or a bird on her nest to a judge playing golf). Besides the prize, honorable mention will be awarded for all entries of special merit, and the best will appear in the 'Illustrated Witness,' which is published every Thursday. Competitors should not wait till the end of the month to send in their photographs, for in publishing pictures we always give preference to those that record events that have just taken place. Kodakers should 'get busy' at once. The prize is a good one, and the picture will be seen by about fifteen thousand homes in Montreal alone.

Address photos to Editor 'Illustrated Witness,' 'Witness' Building, Montreal, marked 'Sovereign Competition.'

There is no economy in buying low priced Coffees for they lack strength and flavor.

ONE CENT A CUP
is all the cost of
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by actual test.
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IN 1 AND 2 LB AIRTIGHT TINS.

CANADA CLUB'S APPRECIATION

PURSE OF GOLD PRESENTED TO MAJOR C. D'ARCY.

Mr. W. I. Gear, ex-president of the Board of Trade, presided at a meeting of members of the Canada Club yesterday afternoon, at which a presentation of a purse of gold was made to Major C. D'Arcy on his resigning from the position of secretary and manager of the club. The gift was accompanied by the following address.

To Major C. D'Arcy:—

We, the undersigned members of the Canada Club, have learned with deep regret of your resignation of the position of secretary and manager thereof, which you have held since the formation of the club in May, 1904 with so much acceptability to the membership and with such advantage to the club.

The difficulties incident to the starting of a club were well overcome by your business capability and genial personality, and this most desirable combination of qualities has, we believe, been largely instrumental in bringing the club to the strong position it now enjoys.

Nothing that you could do for the comfort of the members has been left undone, and on occasions when you have been a guest at private gatherings of members your efforts towards the entertainment of the party have contributed materially to the enjoyment of the evening.

We ask your acceptance of the accompanying token of our earnest regard and of our wishes for your success in the future, and we hope that your life may be long, happy and prosperous.

George A. Drummond, James Carruthers, William Carruthers, C. B. Esdaile, W. I. Gear, John G. Grant, W. W. Hutchison, E. S. Jaques, R. Meighen, R. M. Ballantyne, J. R. Binning, W. D. Birchall, Frank W. Morse, J. L. McCulloch, Edgar McDougall, E. W. Parker, R. W. Reford, F. Robertson, A. P. Stuart, Norman Wight, James Alexander, G. R. Lighthall, Peter Lyall, H. D. Metcalfe, J. Corbett, W. W. Craig, T. A. Crane, J. A. Cuttle, J. E. Dalrymple, W. C. Finley, Alex. W. Grant, Murray Kennedy, W. M. Kirkpatrick, Barclay McPherson, F. G. O'Grady, Geo. Hadrill, A. F. Read, James Thom, W. W. Vickers, William Cairns, J. A. Gunn, C. R. Taylor.

INSURANCE COMMISSION

EXAMINATION OF MR. EVANS, OF THE UNION LIFE, RESUMED.

Toronto, May 9.—Mr. H. P. Evans, president and manager of the Union Life Insurance Company, and secretary of the National Agency Company, was again in the witness box at yesterday afternoon's sitting of the Insurance Commission. Mr. Tilley, junior Dominion Government counsel, did the afternoon examining.

Mr. Tilley questioned the witness as to the dividends paid by the National Agency Company.

Mr. Evans replied that the company started to pay dividends about eight months after its formation, at the rate of ten percent per annum, or five percent half-yearly. This dividend started about April, 1902. The dividend was reduced a few months ago to seven percent, and the shareholders were promised a three percent bonus some time in the future to make up for the reduction.

He was asked by Mr. Tilley if this reduction would have been made if there had been no insurance investigation.

Mr. Evans answered that possibly it would not.

A resolution was read from the minutes of the executive meeting of the company, held on Feb. 17, 1902, at which Messrs. H. Symons, Millichamp and H. P. Evans were present. In the resolution a dividend of ten percent was declared based on an auditor's certificate.

Mr. Tilley endeavored to have Mr. Evans admit that the auditor based his report on the prospects of the company, because the report referred to a dividend to be made for the six months ending March 31, and the auditor had made his report nearly two months before this date.

Mr. Evans answered that he could not say what was in the auditor's mind any more than expressed by the report.

'Were you anxious to pay a dividend?' asked Mr. Tilley.

'I cannot answer that,' replied the witness.

Mr. Tilley asked if this dividend was paid.

Mr. H. Symons, who was present, explained that he had objected to the dividend at that time not thinking that the company were within their rights, and that a vote was taken from the directors for the amount of it.

DR. BRODEUR ILL.

News has been received that Dr. Azarie Brodeur, Sherbrooke street, whose return from Europe was expected at the beginning of the present week, was taken suddenly ill in Paris two days before the date fixed for his departure, and had consequently to postpone his return.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE

BILL CREATING ONTARIO RAILWAY BOARD PASSES THIRD READING.

Toronto, May 9.—The two government bills dealing with railways were passed through the final committee stage and read a third time in the Legislature yesterday afternoon. One provides for the appointment of an Ontario Railway and Municipal Board. The other bill improves the law relating to street, electric and steam railways.

Mr. P. H. Bowyer, West Kent, Liberal, objected to the clause prohibiting electric railways running on Sundays because the companies went to Ottawa and received charters allowing them to run. He suggested that the government take over all electric lines on the expiry of their twenty-five year charters, and operate them for the public.

Mr. Whitney answered that the government had not yet reached the point where it was prepared to follow such a plan. It would not be wise at present, but might be necessary some time.

Regarding Sunday cars Mr. Whitney declared that public opinion was against Sunday running of cars, but when the opinion changed the law would be changed.

Mr. George W. Ross approved of Mr. Whitney's view.

The bill does not effect lines already having Sunday rights.

The Toronto General Hospital Bill was read a third time. Dr. Currie withdrew his opposition to the clause, which provided that only students of Toronto Medical Schools should receive instruction. Arrangements have been made which will allow others to attend.

A MARVELLOUS ESCAPE

STRUCK BY ENGINE AND PASSED OVER BY TRAIN. GEORGE BURNS WAS PRACTICALLY UNINJURED.

Ingersoll, Ont., May 9.—Struck by the engine of a passenger train on the C. P. R. and thrown between the rails, where he lay until the entire train had passed over him, when it was found that he was practically uninjured, was the experience of George Burns, a young man of this town, on Monday night. Burns was on his way home when the train hit him. It was feared that he had been fatally injured, but the engineer brought the train to a standstill as quickly as possible and the crew went back to investigate. Save for a bruised hip, Burns was uninjured. The distance between the engine pilot and the ground was measured and found to be only eight and a half inches.

HISSED QUEEN AMELIA

TROUBLE AROSE OVER ATTACK BY POLICE ON REPUBLICAN DEMONSTRATION.

Lisbon, May 8.—Queen Amelia was violently hissed and hooted by a section of the public at a bull fight today. Such action is unprecedented. It arose from the angry feeling of the proletariat, caused by a recent attack by the police upon a republican demonstration, which eventually led to street rioting. The King is regarded as having been responsible for the attack, and to avoid a manifestation he absented himself from the bull fight. The Queen was therefore made the butt of the popular resentment. The political situation is ugly, and trouble is expected.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CHARGE.

Waterloo, N. Y., May 8.—The Rev. C. Stuart Bain, pastor of the First Baptist Church of Waterloo, was arraigned today before Police Justice Litsenberger, on the charge of arson in the second degree. It was alleged that he set fire to his church, which was partially destroyed, on March 6 last. The Rev. Mr. Bain pleaded not guilty and waived examination to appear before the grand jury, which meets at Ovid on June 5. The pastor was arrested last Sunday, suspicion having been directed to him by an anonymous letter. He is forty-five years old.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Edmonton, Alta., May 8.—A charge of murder has been preferred against Geo. W. McLean, the companion of Mary Fortier, the young woman who was found dead near Rat Creek, on Friday. McLean, who has been held in custody by the police till his release from the hospital, had a preliminary hearing before Magistrate Wade this afternoon. The coroner's jury implicated McLean as party to the young woman's death.

BLOWN UP WITH DYNAMITE.

Geneva, N.Y., May 8.—J. J. Jones, a farmer living near here, while blowing up stumps with dynamite to-day, was instantly killed by a premature explosion.

SAILORS' INSTITUTE.

Annual Meeting Elects Mr. H. A. Allan as President.

REPORTS SHOW INCREASE IN ALL BRANCHES OF THE WORK.

The forty-fourth annual meeting of the Montreal Sailors' Institute was held last night. There was a large attendance of sailors and citizens interested, and at the close of the business part of the meeting an excellent programme of music was provided.

Among those on the platform were Messrs. James Rodger, J. M. M. Duff, A. F. C. Ross, John W. Ross, James Moffatt, Captain Murray, of the SS. 'Lake Manitoba'; Captain Christie, of the SS. 'Manxman'; Captain Pickford, of the 'Bray Head.' The audience numbered nearly seven hundred.

The constitution was amended by the addition of a by-law providing that no one should be elected to the office of president or vice-president for more than two consecutive years.

The following were elected members of the board of management for the ensuing year:—Mr. Hugh A. Allan, president; the Hon. J. K. Ward and Mr. Richard White, vice-presidents; Mr. A. F. C. Ross, treasurer; Mr. C. T. Williams, secretary; Mr. J. Ritchie Bell, manager; Mrs. Margaret Ritchie Ker, assistant manager.

House committee—Messrs. Thos. Harling, D. W. Campbell, W. I. Gear, B. McLennan, Captain Reid.

Literature and entertainments committee—Messrs. J. M. M. Duff, Captain Walsh, Alex. McKee, William Nivin, George Hodge.

Religious work committee—Messrs. John Dillon, James Rodger, J. C. Holden, Lansing Lewis, Captain Bales.

Finance committee—Messrs. David Morrice, A. F. C. Ross, J. R. Binning, Abner Kingman, James Thom.

The reports of the various committees showed satisfactory growth along all lines. The average daily attendance of sailors has grown from 132 in 1902, to 200 in 1905, and the attendance at the various meetings and entertainments shows a proportionate increase.

The treasurer's statement showed an expenditure for the year 1905 of $4,800. This has been met entirely by the receipts. The endowment and building fund has been increased by a legacy of $500 from the late Mr. Charles Alexander.

The report adds that the present building is proving too small to accommodate the crowds who come to enjoy its privileges, and the problem of increased accommodation has to be faced immediately. A building will have to be erected in the east end of the harbor as soon as finances will permit.

Reference was made to the loss the institute had sustained by the death of Mr. James Cochrane, Mr. James Moore and Mr. Charles Alexander.

During last season £3,300 had been exchanged into currency, or vice versa, over two thousand dollars had been left on deposit, and £800 transmitted to homes and relatives of the sailors.

The report of the house committee stated that during last season 833 vessels visited Montreal, manned by 41,354 sailors. The aggregate attendance at the Institute was 45,760; visits to the reading room, 22,125; attending concerts, 11,350; attending temperance meetings, 2,003; attending religious services, 2,505.

The report of the literary and entertainment committee showed that twenty-nine concerts were held durign the season, with an average attendance of 391 seamen. A revenue of $402 had been derived from these concerts. As in former years, the assistance of choirs of the various churches and other friends had been enjoyed.

The report of the finance committee showed that the receipts had more than met the expenses, and the endowment fund had been increased by the interest on the investments and a special legacy of $500 from the late president. The balance of the mortgage on the present building had been paid off. After all expenses for the year had been paid, a balance was left on hand of $265.92.

The reading of the reports of Mr. Ritchie Bell, the manager, was received with applause.

Mr. J. C. Holden, who, in the absence of the president and vice-presidents, presided, in moving the adoption of the report of the board of management, declared it was a most satisfactory one, and that the work of the Institute was growing in favor with the people of Montreal, and was being supported better and better each year.

Mr. James Rodger, in seconding the motion for the adoption, spoke briefly of the pleasure the committee of management felt at the constantly increasing number of sailors who made use of the advantages extended by the Institute.

An excellent musical programme was rendered by the Y. M. C. A. Glee Club, under the leadership of Mr. Arthur Paterson, and by the following:—Messrs. J. T. Clibbon, Frank Creed, George E. Chrimes, and Messrs. Heasley and Brownson, of the 'Southwark'; Reed, of the 'Sarmatian,' and Owen Edwards, of the 'Virginian,' and Charles Mallon.

DEAD AT 103.

Winnipeg, May 9.—The death has occurred of Mrs. Alexis Carriere, whose maiden name was Susanne Ducharme, at the age of 103 years and seven months. Deceased was the oldest living native of Manitoba, having been born in St. Boniface on Oct. 20, 1802. Her husband, Alexis Carriere, predeceased her sixty-three years ago.

CANADIAN NORTHERN EXPANSION.

According to the plans filed with the Railway Commission the projected line of the Canadian Northern from Toronto to Ottawa, will be located between the Grand Trunk on the south, and the Canadian Pacific on the north. From Ottawa to Montreal the line will hug the south shore of the Ottawa river.

SOME FINE NEW PICTURES OF

The Prince's Tour

His Apartments at "Ravenscrag" while in the City.

SPLENDID HORSE SHOW PICTURES.

IN TO-MORROW'S ILLUSTRATED 'WITNESS.'

ALSO THE

Humorous Novelette

HER LADYSHIP'S ELEPHANT

Four Lovers and Two Exciting Honeymoons.

BY DAVID DWIGHT WELLS

A very humorous story, dealing with English society, growing out of certain experiences of the author while a member of an Embassy in London. The elephant's experiences, also, are based on facts.

The Nation: "He is probably funny because he cannot help it."

Boston Transcript: "The story is on the order of Frank Stockton's cleverest work."

New York Tribune: "Mr. Wells allows his sense of humor to play about the personalities of half a dozen men and women whose lives, for a few, brief, extraordinary days, are inextricably intertwined with the life of the aforesaid monarch of the jungle. . . Smacks of fun which can be created by clever actors placed in excruciatingly droll situations."

New York Commercial Advertiser: "A really delicious chain of absurdities . . . exceedingly amusing."

Chicago Evening Post: "An instantaneous success."

Buffalo Express: "So amusing is the book that the reader is almost too tired to laugh when the elephant puts in his appearance."

Elephant and Lovers are going to entertain 'Witness' readers for a few evenings.

SEE FIRST INSTALMENT IN TO-MORROW'S 'WITNESS.'

Only ONE Cent.

THE RECEPTION AT 'RAVENSCRAG'

In Honor of H.R.H. Prince Arthur of Connaught.

'Ravenscrag' was the scene of a brilliant gathering last night, when Sir Montagu and Lady Allan held a reception in honor of His Royal Highness Prince Arthur of Connaught. The reception began at half-past nine o'clock, and for a considerable time a long succession of carriages rolled up the driveway, through the grounds, where Chinese lanterns suspended among the trees made a picturesque effect.

The entrance hall was flanked on either side with palms and jardinieres of hydrangea in masses of bloom. Within, the rooms were, as was remarked many times during the evening, 'like a scene from fairyland.' Roses, lilies of the valley, carnations and other flowers greeted one with their beauty and fragrance, bowls and vases of flowers being placed about all the rooms.

The long room, which had been erected to serve as a refreshment room for the occasion, was arranged most effectively. Draped throughout in soft green, it was lighted by many electric bulbs concealed within rose-pink and green flowers among the drapery. Ropes of laurel were festooned from the ceiling, and were caught up with baskets of American Beauty roses and foliage, while profusion of spring flowers completed the transformation of the room into a bower of beauty.

Prince Arthur, after his arrival with his host from a dinner at the St. James's Club, received with Sir Montagu and Lady Allan, many of the guests being presented to His Royal Highness. Also receiving with Lady Allan for a part of the time was Mrs. Hanbury-Williams, who is one of the house party at 'Ravenscrag.'

Lady Allan was wearing a beautiful pale green gown, with green net overdress embroidered in shimmering sequins of the same tints. She wore diamond ornaments and had a large bouquet of roses and lilies of the valley.

Mrs. Hanbury-Williams was gowned in pale grey satin, trimmed with sequined embroidery. She wore diamond necklace and tiara, and held a bouquet of pink sweet peas and lilies of the valley.

The reception was very largely attended, the ball-room as well as the reception and drawing rooms being filled with guests, and altogether the event was a most delightful and successful one. An orchestra played selections during the evening. Mrs. Squier (Miss Jeanie Rankin) sang charmingly a solo, and a duet with Mr. Joseph Saucier, who also sang a solo.

Very handsome were the gowns donned to grace the occasion. Mrs. Hector Mackenzie was gowned in black lace, and wore diamond ornaments.

Lady Templeton wore a rich white satin with lace garniture, and diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Joseph Pope (Ottawa), was wearing a white lace gown, with diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Adam Beck, London, Ont., was in all black.

Mrs. Charles McEachran was wearing a handsome black velvet gown, with Limerick lace, and diamond ornaments.

Mrs. G. F. Benson was gowned in white satin, and wore diamond ornaments.

Mrs. A. B. Aylesworth (Ottawa) was wearing a beautiful white satin gown, embroidered in clusters of roses with bow-knot effect of bébé ribbon, and garniture of Brussels lace. Her ornaments were diamonds and emeralds.

Mrs. Rodolph Lemieux wore a pale green gown, made in the Louis XV. mode, embroidered in sequins of the same color, and pearl ornaments.

Lady Hickson was gowned in white satin, veiled in black lace, with garniture of jet and touches of black velvet ribbon; diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Andrew Allan had on a rose-colored chiffon velvet gown, with touches of white lace on the bodice.

Mrs. Allan Mackenzie was wearing a pretty gown of palest pink chiffon, embroidered in sprays of pink roses and touches of silver.

Mrs. G. W. Cook's gown was of pale blue satin, effectively trimmed with Irish point lace.

Mrs. G. L. Cains was daintily gowned in white tulle.

Mrs. George Starke wore a cream lace gown, fashioned in the princess mode.

Mrs. F. E. Meredith was in black, the gown of black net sparkling with sequins.

Mrs. F. N. Beardmore was in white satin, with princess overdress of Limerick lace.

Mrs. Douglas Armour wore a pale blue crepe de Chine gown, with silver girdle, and silver wings in her coiffure.

Mrs. Baumgarten was gowned in peach-colored satin, with garniture of real lace, and embroidered in an elaborate design in sequins.

Mrs. Eugene Lafleur wore a black velvet gown, made in the princess mode.

Mrs. James Bell wore a handsome velvet gown, in one of the new shades of light blue.

Miss Ethel Arnton, a white satin gown, in the princess effect.

Mrs. Fraak May wore a light blue net gown, prettily combined with silver in the trimming. Miss May was in pink taffeta silk, and carried a bouquet of roses.

Mrs. Leslie Gault wore a gown of cream lace over pink; diamond ornaments.

Miss Estelle Holland was in pale blue chiffon.

Miss Eileen Hingston, in white embroidered net over pale blue.

Miss Burnett, flowered chiffon in pale yellow flowers on white, with lace trimming and touches of yellow velvet ribbon.

Miss Betty Burnett, white moire, the bodice finished with fine lace.

Mrs. Herbert Molson was gowned in pale blue chiffon.

Miss Stikeman was wearing a blue satin gown, and Miss Helen Stikeman wore mauve-colored chiffon.

Mrs. F. Orr Lewis wore a dainty gown of white tulle embroidered in pearls and silver, over white moire; diamond ornaments.

Miss Ada Lindsay, a gown of gold tissue, trimmed with white lace and chiffon, and corsage cluster of violets.

Miss Baker wore a white satin dress, in the princess mode, with garniture of baby Irish lace. Miss Marjorie Baker was in pale blue crepe de Chine.

Mrs. Herbert Marler was in black, wearing a black lace gown.

Lady Tait wore a gown of pearl gray chiffon velvet, with garniture of lace, and diamonds.

Mrs. Plunkett McGann (Toronto) was gowned in white lace over pink, and had tiny pink bows in her hair.

Miss Hilda Marler, in pink chiffon, with tiny pink flowers in her hair.

Miss Angus, in a cream-colored gown, heavily embroidered.

Miss Ruby Evans was dressed in white crepe de Chine with chiffon trimming, and carried white roses.

Miss Orian Hays was in pale blue silk, and Miss Louise Hays in pale pink.

Mrs. Huntley Gordon wore a white gown, and had a pink rose in her coiffure.

Mrs. Norton wore a black lace gown, relieved with touches of white.

Mrs. A. J. Doull, in white net and lace.

Mrs. G. M. Bosworth, white satin with lace garniture, and carrying lilies of the valley.

Mrs. E. Hanson wore a black gown with lace garniture.

Mrs. Squier wore a gown of white satin and lace.

Miss K. Sheriff was in white. Miss P. McLennan was in white lace over silk.

Mrs. McNicoll was gowned in black net and lace.

Miss Cairine Mackay, in pale blue and pink silk, with lace garniture.

Those invited to attend the function included:—

Mr. Justice and Mrs. Archibald, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Ashe, Dr. and Mrs. Adami, the Hon. and Mrs. H. Archambault, Mr. H. B. Ames, M.P., and Mrs. Ames, Mr. and the Misses Amos, Mdlle. Auffret, Baron d'Alwyn, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Archer, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Abbott, the Misses and Mr. J. B. Abbott, Mr. Chas. Archer, K.C., and Mrs. Archer, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Angus, the Misses Angus, and Mr. J. Angus, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Angus, Mr. and Mrs. D. Forbes Angus, Mr. and Mrs. Bryce J. Allan (Boston), Mrs. J. S., the Misses, and Mr. Andrew H. Allan, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew A. Allan, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh A. Allan, Mr. Travers Allan, Mrs. Alex. Allan (Brockville), Mr. J. B. Allan, the Messrs. Archibald and R. A. Allan, Miss Alger, Mr. and Mrs. Applegath, the Hon. R., Mrs. and Miss Angers, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Armour, Miss Arnton, the Hon. H. B. and Mrs. Aylesworth (Ottawa), Lord and Lady Aylmer, and the Hon. Winifred Aylmer (Ottawa), Prof and Mrs. Arnaud.

Mrs. and Miss Black, Mr. and Mrs. Burland, Mr. and Mrs. Bowey, Mr. and Mrs. Batley, Mr. and Mrs. Brock, Mr. and Mrs. Bouthillier (Ste. Therese), Mr. C. Bogert, Miss Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. P. Buchanan, Mr. Brymner, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Bethune, the Misses and Mr. Meredith Bethune, Mr. and Mrs. Fayette Brown, Dr. and Mrs. A. A. Brown, Captain and Mrs. Benyon, (Quebec), Dr. and Mrs. James Bell, Mr. Gerald Bogert, Mr. and Mrs. Baumgarten, Mr. H. Borrowdale, Mgr. Bolduc (curé de Cacouna), Miss M. W. Buchan, Mr. and Miss Bedingham, Mgr. Bruchesi, Mr. and Mrs. B. Hal Brown, Mr. and Mrs. G. McL. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Benson, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Blackader, Mr. and Mrs. K. W. Blackwell, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Boyer, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur and the Misses Boyer, Mr. and Mrs. Biggar, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Bosworth, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Barnard, Colonel and Mrs. Buchan, Mr. W. R. and the Misses Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Brainerd, Miss Alice and the Messrs. Brainerd, Mr., Mrs. and Miss Stanley, Dr. and Mrs. H. T. and Miss Bovey, Mr., Mrs. and the Messrs. Beardmore, (Toronto), Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Beardmore, Mr. and Mrs. Lissant Beardmore (Toronto), Mr. Geo. W. and Mr. Alfred P. Beardmore, Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Beaudry, Mr. and Mrs. Beaubien, Mrs. and the Misses de Beaujeu, Senator, Mrs. and Miss Beique, Dr. and Mrs. Barclay, Mr. and Mrs. Bourassa, the Hon. and Mrs. Beaubien, the Hon. Mr. Justice and Miss Baby, Mr. and Mrs. Brodeur, Mr. J. G. H. Bergeron, M.P., and Mrs. Bergeron, Mr. R. Bickerdike, M.P., Mrs. and the Misses Bickerdike, Sir Frederick, Lady, and the Misses Borden, the Hon. L. P. and Mrs. Brodeur, Sir Mackenzie Bowell, the Hon. Adam and Mrs. Beck, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Borden, Mr. Bondin jr.

The Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario and Mrs. Mortimer Clark, Mr. E. S. Clouston, Mrs. and Miss Clouston, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Clouston, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Clouston, Mr. and Mrs. Colin Campbell, Lieut.-Colonel Bruce Campbell, the Misses Campbell, Dr. and Mrs. G. Gordon, Mr. C. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. M. Chevalier, Mr. C. R. Christie, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Crawford, Mr. Justice and Mrs. Curran, Mr. James Crathern, Dr. Robert Craik, Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Cains, Bishop and Mrs. Carmichael, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Cains, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Cook, Mr. J. W. Cook, Mr., Mrs. and Mr. Lockett Coleman, Mr. and Mrs. and Mr. Geo. Cleghorn, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Colby, Mr. and Mrs. G. Stephen Cantlie, Prof., Mrs. and Miss Cox, the Hon. J. P. B. Casgrain and Mrs. and Miss Elaine Casgrain, Mr. James Carruthers, Mr. and Mrs. Cuvillier, Mr. and Mrs. Coristine, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. J. Coll, Mr. and Mrs. T. Chase-Casgrain, Mr. and the Misses Creelman, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. and the Misses Cassils, Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Cameron, Mrs. Frank and Miss Caverhill, Mr. and Mrs. George Caverhill, Mr. and Mrs. Cave-Brown Cave, Dr. W. W. Chipman, Mr. and Mrs. Percy Cowans, Mr. Justice Achille Carrier, Mr. J. R. P. Clancy, the Right Hon. Sir Richard, Lady and the Misses Cartwright, Miss Cook, Colonel and Mrs. Cole, Captain, Mrs. and the Misses Clay, Mr. J. B. Cowan.

Mr. Kenneth Drinkwater, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Drinkwater, Mr. Thornton Davidson, Mr. Shirley Davidson, the Marquis Doria, Mr. C. Desaulles, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. P. Doucet, Mrs. Doucet and Miss Doucet, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Drysdale (Halifax, N.S.), Mr. and Mrs. Peers Davidson, Mr., Mrs. and the Misses Dawes, Sir George and Lady Drummond, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Drummond, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Drummond, Mr. and Mrs. Huntley Drummond, Mr. Justice, Mrs. and the Misses Dunlop, Mr. Andrew Dawes, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Dunlop, Mrs. W. L. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas, Mr. Justice, Mrs. and Miss Davidson, Miss and Mr. Randall Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. and the Misses Duchastel de Montrouge, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hamet Dunn, Mrs. and the Messrs. Denne, the Misses Dow, Mr. and the Misses Dansereau, the Rev. and Mrs. A. J. Doull, Mr. Justice and Mrs. Doherty, Mr. and Mrs. Durnford, Mr. and Mrs. de Struve, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Donner, Miss de Rochblave, the Hon. R., Madame, and the Misses Dandurand, Senator David, Mr. and Miss Drury, the Misses Drury, Mr. and Mrs. Graham Drinkwater, Mr. C. de Lanaudiere (Joliette), Mr. and Mrs. Mortimer Davis.

Dr. and Mrs. Von Eberts, the Rev. Canon Ellegood, the Misses and Mr. Herbert Ewan, Mrs. and Mrs. James Elmsley, Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. Edye, Mayor Ekers, Mrs. and Miss Ekers, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Evans, the Dean of Montreal and Miss Evans, Dr. and Mrs. Evans, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Eadie, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. and Miss Esdaile, the Hon. H. Emmerson, Mr. and Mrs. George, Miss and the Messrs. Eadie.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Fitzhugh, Dr. and Mrs. Freyesleben, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Fisk, Mr. C. J. Fleet, K.C., and Mrs. Fleet, Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Fairbanks, Mr. George Farmer, Mr. and Mrs. Fraser (Halifax), Mr. S. A. Finley, Mr. and Mrs. R. Franksen, Mr. R. Forget, M.P., and Mrs. Forget, the Hon. W. H., Mrs., and the Misses Fielding, the Hon. Sydney Fisher, the Hon. Charles, Mrs., and the Misses Fitzpatrick, the Hon. George E. and Mrs. Foster.

Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Gordon, Mrs. S. Greenshields, Dr. and Mrs. J. J. Gardner, Dr. and Mrs. W. Gardner, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Huntley Gordon, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Greenshields, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. E. Greenshields, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Greenshields, Mrs. John and Miss Greenshields, the Hon. Lionel and Mrs. Guest, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Kirk Green, Miss Green, Major and Mrs. Ernest Gault, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon, Mr. and Mrs. Percy Gault, Mr. and Mrs. A. Hamilton Gault, Mr. and Mrs. Leslie H. Gault, Mr. M. H., Miss and Mr. Gault, Mr. George Gillespie, Mr. N. Barrington Gibbons, Lady and the Misses Galt, Mr., Mrs., and the Misses Gillespie, Mr. T. J. Gillespie, Mr. J. E. and Charles Gaudet, Mr. and Mrs. Aimé Geoffrion, Mrs., Miss, and the Messrs. Garneau, Mr. and Mrs. J. Alex. Gordon, Miss Gage, Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert, Mr. F. Greenish, Mr. Roger Gibb.

Mr. and Mrs., Miss, and the Messrs. Holland, the Hon. Justice, Mrs., and Miss Hall, the Rev. Dr. Edgar Hill, Mrs. and Miss Hill, Mrs. and Miss Heward, Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Hodgson, Prof., Mrs., and Miss Harrington, Mr., Mrs., and Miss Hannah, Ladv. the Misses, and the Messrs. Hickson, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. and the Misses Hays, Mr. and Mrs. George Hague, Mr. and Mrs. Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Holt, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Holt, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Holt, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Hutchison, Mrs. and Miss Hamilton, Miss Alice Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Hampson, Mr. and Mrs. A. Hodgson, Mr. and Mrs. E. and Miss Hanson, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Henshaw, Mr. and Mrs. R. Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Hare, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Heward, Mr. and Mrs. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. H. and the Misses Hendrie, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. and Miss Hebden, Mr. and Mrs. George Hooper, Dr. and Mrs. W. H. P. Hill, Miss Henderson,, Mr. and Mrs. W. Hope, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Hosmer, and Miss Hosmer, Mr. E. Hosmer, Mr. B. M. Humble, Lieut.-Col. F. C. Henshaw, Dr. Donald Hingston, Mr. H. Horan, Mr. G. Helmsley, Mr. C. S. Hoare, Mr. L. B. Hull, Mr. Angus W. Hooper, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Hart, Mr. and Mrs. Hart, Mr. G. M. Hall, Mr. R. T. and Miss Dorothy Heneker, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert, Miss Herbert, the Hon. Charles Hyman, Sir William and Lady Hingston, Miss Hingston, and Mr. B. Hingston, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hamilton, Miss Howard.

Dr. and Mrs. Ibbotson, Mrs. Ingleby.

Mrs. and the Misses Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Jamieson, Mr. and Mrs. Temple Jamieson, Prof., Mrs., the Misses and Mr. Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. H. Joseph, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Joseph, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Johnston, Mr. F. Jennings.

Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Kidd, Mrs. Kingsmill (Toronto).

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Archdeacon and Mrs. Norton, Captain Newton, A.D.C., Mr. and Mrs. Shirley Ogilvie, Mr. Dudley Oliver, Dr. R. B. Owens, the Messrs. O'Meara, Mr. and Mrs. J. Oswald, Mr. and Mrs. I. G. Ogden, Miss E. O'Brien, Miss Florence Ogilvy, the Hon. Frank, Mrs. and the Misses Oliver, Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Paterson, Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Paterson, Prof. and Mrs. D. P. Penhallow, Mrs. D. and Miss Parker, Mr. and Mrs. E. Parker, Mrs., Miss and the Messrs. Peck, Mr., Mrs., and Miss Pitcairn, Mr., Mrs. and Miss Piers, Mr. and Mrs. Porteous, Mr. and Mrs. J. Pangman, Principal and Mrs. Peterson, Mr. and Mrs. R. McD. Paterson, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Paton, Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Pangman, Mr. and Mrs. E. Goff Penny and Mr. T. Penny, Col. and Mrs. Pivost, Dr. and Mrs. Pelletier, Mr. Miss Pereodeau, Dr. and Mrs. Peters, Col. and Mrs. Pelletier, Mrs. H. J. L. and Mr. Papineau, Mr. and Mrs., Miss and the Messrs. Pease, the Hon. William, Mrs. and Miss Paterson, Mr. Louis and Miss Payette, the Hon. Joseph and Mrs. Pope.

Mr. and Mrs. Hayter Reed, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Redpath, Mr. B. Ross, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Riddell, Mr. J. Redmond, Dr. R. F. Ruttan, Mr., Mrs. and Miss Ramsay, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Reford, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Reford, Miss K. and Dr. Lewis Reford, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Redpath, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rolland, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Ross, Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Rowley, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Reid, jr., Mrs. and the Misses Roy, Judge and Mrs. Robidoux, Mr. and Mrs. C. Robin, Mr. Jack Riddell, Dr. and the Misses Roddick, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. L. Ross, Mr. and Mrs. James Ross, Miss Grace and Mr. Robertson, Dr. H. A. Ruttan.

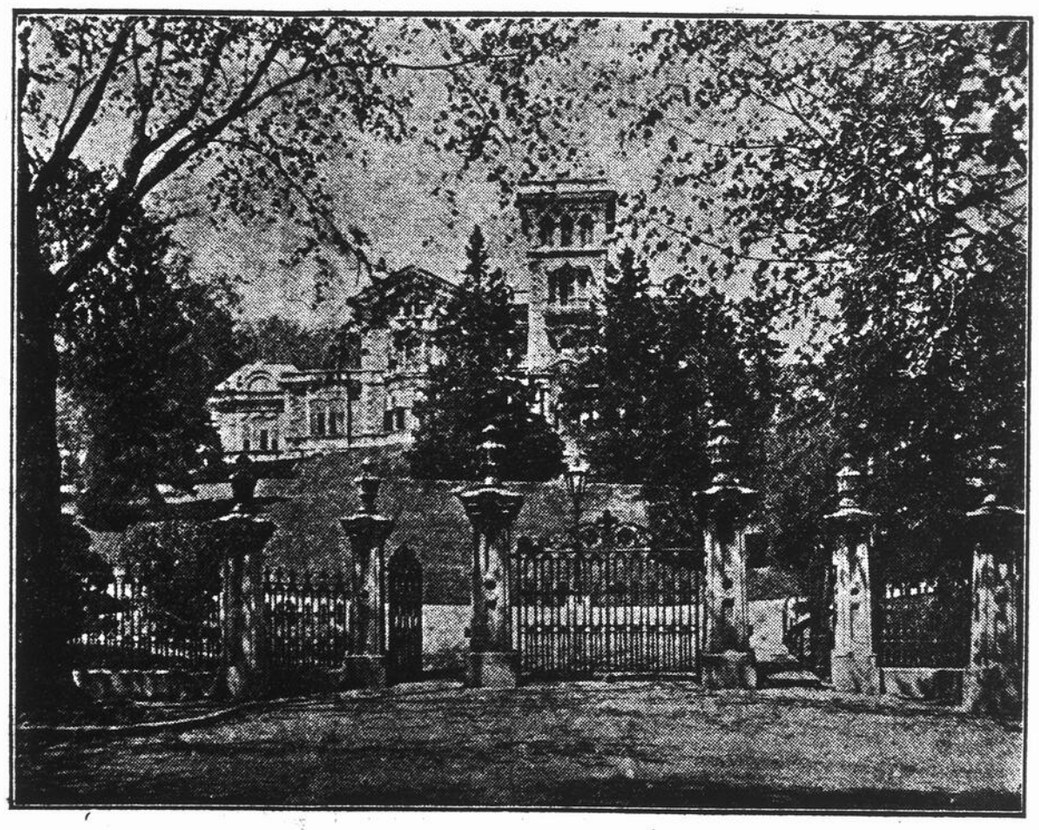
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Lord and Lady Templeton, Mr. and Mrs. Timmerman (Toronto), Mr. and Mrs. Louis Taché, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. and Miss Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Towers, Mr. and Mrs. Thibaudeau, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Torrance, Chief Justice Sir Melmourne and Lady Tait, the Misses Tait, Mrs. and Miss and Mr. Tatumn, Mr. and Mrs. Sutherland Taylor, the Hon. and Mrs. J. Israel Tarte, the Hon. Justice Trenholme, Mr. and Mrs. John Turnbull, Mr. and Mrs. Tylee, Mr., Mrs., and the Misses Tyre, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Trenholme, the Hon. H. and the Misses Taschereau, Mrs. Wolferstan Thomas, the Hon. A. A. and Mrs. Thibaudeau, the Hon. W. and Mrs. Templeman, the Hon Sir E. and Lady Taschereau.

Sir William and Lady Van Horne, Miss and Mr. Van Horne.

Dr. and Mrs. H. B. Yates.

Mr., Mrs., and Miss Wonham, Mrs. and Miss Wheeler, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Wanklyn, Mr. J. Watson, Mr. W. J. White, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Whitehead, Dr. and Mrs. Wylde, Mr. and Mrs. Wonham, Col., Mrs., and the Misses Wilson (Quebec), Mr., Mrs., and the Messrs. Wotherspoon, Mr., Miss and Mr. W. Wainwright, Mrs. Wigmore, Mr. D. A. Watt, Mrs. Wurtele, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Wilson, Miss Mary Willock, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wilson.



'RAVENSCRAG.'

Where the reception in honor of Prince Arthur was held last night.



THE BALL ROOM AT 'RAVENSCRAG.'

THE ROYAL VISIT

PRINCE ARTHUR VISITS THE BANK OF MONTREAL AND ATTENDS LUNCHEON AT THE HUNT CLUB.

A lowering sky and occasional rain spoiled the Prince's programme to-day, which it had been intended to devote to a great extent to pleasant drives. His Royal Highness, however, drove out during the morning, visiting among other places the Bank of Montreal. He also went to Sir George Drummond's house on Sherbrooke street, to see the fine collection of pictures, the Prince being a great lover of art.

Afterwards he drove to the Hunt Club at Outremont, and partook of luncheon there at 1.30. The guests invited to the luncheon were as follows: Captain Wyndham, Colonel Hanbury-Williams, Captain Trotter, Sir Montagu Allan, Mr. W. R. Miller, Mr. A. Baumgarten, Dr. C. McEachran, Mr. Allan Law, Mr. Harold Hampson, Mr. Hartland McDougall, Mr. Bartlett McLennan, Mr. Colin Campbell, Colonel Buchan, Mr. George Gillespie, Mr. Allan Mackenzie, Dr. H. B. Yates, Mr. W. M. Dobell, Mr. W. R. Baker, Mr. Joseph Pope, Mr. Hugh Paton, Mr. R. F. Carman, Mr. A. B. McLea, Mr. H. L. Movious, Mr. J. R. Valentine, Mr. L. Haight, Mr. Robert Graham, Mr. Lessard, Mr. F. M. Beardmore, Mr. Jas. Cochrane, Mr. George Beardmore (Toronto), the Hon. Adam Beck (London, Ont.) and Mr. R. A. Allan.

THE 'DAILY WITNESS' is printed and published at the 'Witness' Building, at the corner of Craig and St. Peter streets, in the city of Montreal, by John Redpath Dougall and Frederick Eugene Dougall, both of Montreal.

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