

The Mercury, being the only Daily Evening Newspaper in Quebec, and at all times fully up with the very latest Maritime and General Intelligence, offers to the public a most desirable Advertising channel.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

- Richelieu Company—J Deschamps. M O S S Company—Allans, Rae & Co. Opera Choruses—Oliver Ditson & Co. New Song—do. Bimmel's Perfumery. English Papers—Snelair & Son. Temperance Hall—I O O F. Quebec Post Office—John Sewell. American Invoices—Thos Worthington. Quebec Gas Company—P Peables. New Dominion Monthly—Dougall & Son. Mrs S A Allen's Hair Restorer and Dressing. The Civil Code—Middleton & Dawson. Tenders for Supplies—Commisariat. Valentin Rains—John Lemessurier & Co. Young Hyson—do. M O S S Co—Glasgow Line—Allans, Rae & Co. Grapes, &c—A Watters. School Teacher Wanted—Wm R McRae. Time Tables—Middleton & Dawson. Reduction on Summer Stock—Glover & Fry. DeLavan's Imperial Circus. Refrigerators—Anne Kane. American Papers—Snelair & Son.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR of the Province of Quebec will receive persons desirous of seeing him on business, on TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS of each week, from 11 A.M. to 1 P.M., and from 2 P.M. to 4 P.M., until further notice.

ARTHUR TASHIEREAU, A.D.C. The Morning Chronicle, Daily News, and Quebec Gazette please insert twice a week. Quebec, July 19, 1867.

QUEBEC POST OFFICE.

MAILS for the United Kingdom per Canada Line, via the River St. Lawrence, will be closed every SATURDAY in August at 10 o'clock, at 7.00 a.m. Supplemental Bag at 8.00 a.m. Per Canada Line, via New York, on SATURDAYS, the 3rd 17th and 31st of August, at 6.00 p.m. And via Boston, with Mails for Halifax, Newfoundland and Bermuda, on SATURDAYS, the 13th, and 24th of August at 6.00 p.m. Mails for New Brunswick and Nova Scotia via Portland and St. John's, will be closed on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 3.30 P.M. Mails for HALIFAX, via Portland, (Letters 12 cents per 4 oz. Newspapers 3 cents each) on Fridays at 5.30 p.m. Mails for Montreal, Three Rivers, Sorel, &c, per Steamer, at 3.00 p.m. Mails per Grand Trunk, West, for Way Office, Montreal, Canada West, United States, &c, at 6.00 p.m. Supplemental Bag, at 6.30 p.m. Mails per Grand Trunk to Liver d' Loup and East, at 10.30 a.m. Supplemental Bag, at 11.00 a.m. All letters posted for Supplemental Bags must be prepaid by Stamp. Registered letters must be prepaid and posted five minutes before the hours at which mails are advertised to be closed. J. SEWELL, Postmaster. Quebec, Aug. 1, 1867.



Quebec Mercury.

THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 15.

THE VERY LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported for the Quebec Mercury.

THIS EVENING'S DESPACHES.

SIX O'CLOCK.

Very Latest by the Cable.

LONDON, Aug. 15, NOON. Since last despatch there has been copious rains. It is now raining throughout England.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 15, NOON. Cotton quiet. Breadstuffs—The rain checks business. Corn declined to 38s 6d.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15. The ss. Hammonia, from Southampton, has arrived. She has on board the body of Governor Wright, Minister to Prussia. The ss. Denmark, from Liverpool, has also arrived. The Express says: Money dull at 3 to 5 on call. Gold opened firm, but became dull at 40 1/2. Railways all higher; Erie the favorite. Governments dull. Gold bonds 1/2 to 1 lower.

CUSTOM HOUSE RECEIPTS.

The amount collected at the Custom House to-day was \$2935.05.

QUEBEC ELECTIONS.

The nomination of candidates at the city elections for the Legislatures of Canada and of the Province of Quebec, will take place on Saturday, the 24th instant.

TREASONABLE CORRESPONDENCE.

Montreal, with all its loyal thousands, must nevertheless contain a great many disaffected spirits. It is said that a treasonable correspondence on the part of Mr. Lanctot, the rouge candidate for the eastern division, with the government at Washington, has been discovered and will be published by Mr. Cartier's committee.

The fate of Santa Anna seems still curiously doubtful. That he has lost much of his old popularity, if not, also his life appears pretty certain. Moreover, the Indian element appears to be in the ascendant in Mexico at present, and men like Santa Anna, of pure Spanish blood, are likely to be for some time at a discount in what the Yankees love to call "the land of the Montezumas." There are several reasons for this. Spain took part in the expedition to Mexico, though she speedily withdrew from it. Maximilian again was it seems a descendant of Charles the 5th, whose memory, as that of a foreign conqueror, is naturally detested by the Mexicans of Indian descent. Worst of all, the Spanish Mexicans, the pure Caucasian part of the population, have lately procured the re-enactment of "poage" or "viellage," as it was formerly called in England, a state of existence but little removed from slavery, and from which the Indians had been emancipated in law and in name at least as soon as Mexico had gained her independence from Spain.

DISGRACEFUL TREATMENT OF EMIGRANTS ON SHIP BOARD.

The revelations of the treatment to which passengers by the emigrant ship Baccarich were subjected, are of a very distressing character. Attention was drawn to the subject by the excessive mortality on board the vessel, which lately arrived at New York from Antwerp. The number of passengers—German and Swiss emigrants—was originally 180, of whom 18, one tenth died on the passage, and one immediately after arrival. The American Commissioners of Emigration have inquired into the matter, and find that the evidence fully sustains the complaints of the passengers, namely that they were short of provisions; that the water was not drinkable, being kept in petroleum casks; that the bread was moldy; that there was neither tea nor sugar on board; and that the potatoes were rotten. The statements of all the passengers concur in attributing the death of their fellow sufferers to the bad and scanty provisions and to the want of good water. A child of five years was left sole representative of a family of five who sailed from Antwerp in perfect health; his father, brother, and sister, having died on board, and his mother on the hospital-ship soon after reaching Quarantine. This child has also since died. There was neither a doctor nor a drug-store on board. All these outrages and cruelties were committed with the intent to save a few hundred dollars. The emigrants were shipped by A. Strauss & Co., who must be held morally responsible for what has occurred. The Captain of the ship also seems to have been somewhat to blame for not turning back when he discovered the insufficiency of the provisions sent on board for the emigrants; but he appears to have done all that he could to supply the defects of his ship's stores. The Emigration Commissioners are recommended by their agent to solicit from the Governments of Belgium, Austria and Prussia, the withdrawal of their licenses as emigrant forwarders from A. Strauss & Co., against whom German Societies and German emigrants are warned.

PIANOS.

The Paris Exposition has caused much discord as far as pianos are concerned. Steinway is recorded first on the list, Chickering got the cross of the Legion of Honor, and Broadwood took a Grand Prize for the best piano in the world. There are thus three competitors each claiming to be best.

A fine meteoric shower was observed at Pouchkergue, on the Hudson on Monday morning, between two and three o'clock.

The Bishop of Ontario consecrated, on the 30th ult., a handsome church and cemetery at Pembroke; after which, forty candidates for confirmation were confirmed.

The number of passengers ascending and descending the St. Lawrence above Montreal was 6,577 in the month of July last, against 4,817 in the same month of 1866.

The Vienna masons are endeavoring to obtain permission to reconstitute the Lodge of that city. The masonic lodges of Austria have been closed since 1794.

Two bishops—those of Chester and Down—voted in favor of Lord Lyveiden's proposal to make Roman Catholics eligible to the office of Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. Ira Aldridge, whose death is reported by cable, was a negro tragedian, formerly body servant to the old Wallack. He played Othello with much appropriateness. He married a Swedish countess, and amassed considerable wealth by acting on the continent. He was to have appeared at New York this winter.

Steam is rapidly displacing sailing vessels in the transportation of emigrants across the Atlantic. In the year 1863, the proportion of those who emigrated in steam vessels was 45.85 per cent; in 1864 it increased to 53.55 per cent; in 1865 it was 73.50 per cent; and in 1866 the percentage was 81.16.

During a severe thunder storm lately, in Ireland, a labouring man named Corbet, employed by the Rev. Mr. Orr, of Clonmel, was struck by lightning and killed. At Shinrone, on the 12th, 43 lambs were killed by lightning out of a flock of 52, belonging to Mr. Smith of Ballymouna. They were lying in a knot under a tree.

Queen Mary, of Hanover, has left her country under pressure of the Prussian government. Her departure for Marienburg was a very affecting event. The Queen, who was in mourning, and her daughter, shook hands with every one, down to the humblest workman. Flowers were strewn in the road over which the carriage passed. The Queen has now joined her husband, King George, at Hietzing.

THE REFORM BILL.

DEBATE IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

On Monday evening, the 22nd of July, The Earl of Derby rose in the House of Lords to move the second reading of the Reform Bill, which had been sent up from the Commons for approval. He gave a brief and clear history of the reform question in Parliament since 1830; he did not, he said, approach the subject as its illustrious predecessor did 35 years ago, in the midst of popular tumult; "the question was then no less than that of a social revolution in this country—a revolution which, by a sudden and violent process, transferred the whole political power from one portion of the community to another. There was then an exigency which compelled those who proposed that measure to run counter to the feelings, wishes and interests of the great majority of those who had to decide on the question in both Houses of Parliament, and particularly in your lordships' House—which ran counter to the whole power and authority of that class which up to that period had exercised the preponderating power over it; they had not actually a monopoly in the representation of the people." Lord Derby then showed that in 1831 the great contest of industry had not yet taken place in Parliament, and that villages now unknown and without population at all furnished statesmen for the nation, and proceeded to remind his hearers that even that system had its apologists, and perhaps its good points, for the Duke of Wellington thought it so perfect that he would have introduced the same system into a new constitution. There was one advantage, Lord Derby said to the minister of the day, in that time over the present—the demand was general throughout the country for the whole bill and nothing but the bill. Now they had to consider the question with coolness and consideration, and he trusted with a desire as to settle the question in an honest way to destroy all cause for agitation for many years to come. Lord Derby then went through the provisions of the measure, and then proceeded to comment on and condemn the terms of the amendment of which Earl Grey had given notice. In conclusion Lord Derby said: "I could understand an amendment proposing the rejection of the bill, however inexpedient such a proposal might be, but to declare that the bill is faulty and is not calculated to effect a permanent settlement of the question, and yet to vote for the second reading with a view of amending the bill in committee, appears to me to be a gratuitous interposition between your lordships and the discussion of the measure. (Hear, hear.) I do not know whether noble lords opposite intend to support the amendment, but if they do not I have only to apologise to the noble lords behind me for the trouble I have put them to in bringing them from different parts of the world, from Scotland and Ireland, and other places. Your lordships will recollect that the bill which is now under consideration, and which has been passed with the unanimous consent of the House of Commons, after having gone through a laborious committee, and all its details settled without a dissentient voice. The amendment then goes on to declare that the bill is not calculated to effect a permanent settlement of the question, and after giving this slap in the face to the House of Commons, it invites your lordships to do away with some of the faults of the measure. I must declare for myself that I think it would be quite inconsistent with the respect which we ought to show for the House of Commons to send the bill down to a committee with such a stigma affixed to it. (Hear, hear.) Your lordships have a right to discuss all the details of any measure which comes before you, and you have as deep an interest in the measure as the other branch of the Legislature; but I do entreat your lordships, with all respect, not to stultify yourselves by condemning a measure in the first instance, and then sending it down to committee marked with an approbrium which the House of Commons has not a right to expect at your lordships' hands. (Hear, hear.) I have only to express how ready I shall be to attend to any amendments which your lordships may think necessary to propose with a view of improving the details of the bill, which, I think, is a large, and at the same time, a long time effect a satisfactory settlement of a question which, while it remains unsettled, will be an impediment to the progress of other measures." (Cheers.)

Earl Grey then rose to move the amendment of which he had given notice. The principal objection to the bill was that it abolished the principle of compounding for rates, which would render the collection of rates from small householders an impossibility. He also believed as he thought the late Trades' Union investigation proved that the suffrage would be given by this bill to thousands of persons who were incompetent to appreciate it or possibly to use it. He thought the incomplete manner in which the government had dealt with the redistribution of seats justified the expression used in his amendment, viz., that it could not be looked upon as a permanent settlement. The Duke of Rutland would not vote for the amendment, but trusted that the evils of the bill would be remedied in committee. He had come from the Commons a waked household suffrage bill. He trusted they would be able to supply it with some securities and send it back to the Commons. The Earl of Carnarvon would not vote for the amendment, but would prefer to remodel the bill in committee. The noble lord, who it will be recollected, was one of the seeders from the Derby cabinet, made a violent speech against the bill, and was sarcastic upon Mr. Disraeli, its author. In referring to the inconsistency of the conservative party in desiring to pass such a measure, he said: "We have broken down the security of ministerial position. We have broken the security of ministerial consistency into an anxiety of all principal and a total demoralization of party. If hereafter it is simply to be a competition between the two great parties which shall outbid each other—(hear, hear)—what remains of the constitution is no longer secure. I wish I could feel that this bill is a settler, and of the question. The deep misfortune that the evil is not confined to the measure. He must be very blind indeed who does not see already the result in the passion for change which has arisen. The foundations of political faith are broken up; things which have been incontestable a few months ago, are now the subject of entanglement and open debate. There is nothing so sure in the constitution, that it is not already a matter of question. This is a dangerous temper, and has before now been the precursor of revolution. You are hazarding peril upon a country of old traditions, where the area of soil is limited and coveted, whose commerce rests upon a precarious footing, and the conditions of whose society are delicate and artificial.

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WANT OF HOSPITALITY TOWARDS A JUDGE.

The Carnarvon assizes were held last week by the Lord Chief Baron, who has taken the North Wales circuit; and when the first of the grand jury answered the summons, his lordship, addressing him, said that he exceedingly regretted that it was not in his power to attend the first occasion of visiting the country, to extend to him and his brethren the ordinary hospitality of inviting them to dinner. The reason was simply that the High Sheriff had been unable to supply a suitable house wherein to lodge her Majesty's justice of assize. He certainly should have considered it his duty to find the High Sheriff, but he was bound to say that it seemed to him that he had furnished a sufficient explanation of the position in which he had been placed; but if it should again occur that this rich and prosperous county of Carnarvon, with some 70,000 or 80,000 inhabitants, was unable to adjust proper measures to that accommodation to her Majesty's representatives on these important occasions by the law of the land they were entitled, he knew not what course would be pursued, excepting that her Majesty would be compelled to remove the assize from the county, the authorities having failed to pay her representatives respect. He had spoken thus with great pain, but it was on account of the honour due to the office which he held that he considered it his duty to make some remarks upon the fact that the judge of assize in that country had been obliged to resort to a public hotel.

A MARVELLOUS TROTTER IN PARIS.

Gentlemen who have recently returned from Paris, bring news of a capital trotting stallion in France, and as great a wonder as a natural trotter as ever was seen anywhere. The horse is brown, fifteen and a half hands high, and with one hip down. He is very near thorough bred, and has a very long pedigree. He belongs to a wealthy nobleman. We have it from a capital horseman who saw him trot in the vicinity of Paris, that his speed is very great, and that he is the best breaker he has ever seen. The gentleman in question, with a friend, also an American, measured the ground which he trotted over, and found that his horse had trotted over, and found that his horse was 2:25. It was rough going. He is a low wheeled vehicle with very long shafts, and his driver was an artillery soldier. He added that \$100,000 in gold had been offered for him by Mr. Howe, the sewing machineist, but money would not buy him. Taking these statements to be correct, and we have no reason to suppose that they are unfounded, he is a horse that might, on our level tracks, in one of our sulkies, and before one of our professional drivers, well contest the palm with "Dexter" himself.

10,000 PERSONS HAD DIED OF THE PLAGUE AT MURVITUS DURING THE PAST MONTH.

The records of our State Penitentiary in this city show one of its inmates in 1852, to have been a man named Cullison, who was arrested in a swindling operation, and being convicted, was sentenced to fifteen months imprisonment. He is well known in this city; and as he has for a number of years been turning up prominently in other vicinities in conjunction with villainous transactions, the following is something of a historical summary of his proceedings for twenty years back. He went to Cincinnati before coming to Philadelphia, leaving a wife and five children in his former home in Western New York.

A CAREER OF CRIME.

(From the Philadelphia Inquirer.)

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CHOLERA INCREASING IN ITALY.

Further advices from China state that the port of Jamsung, in Japan, had been designated by the Japanese Government for the use of foreigners, and had been thrown open to the commerce of all nations in accordance with the agreement made with the foreign representatives at Osaka.

PESTH, Aug. 14.

The accounts of cholera from various parts of Italy do not improve. They represent that the epidemic is spreading, and is attended with unusual fatality.

LONDON, Aug. 14, EVE.

Consols closed strong at 94 1/2. 5-20's 74. Erie 45 1/2. Atlantic and Great Western 21 1/2.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.

The Herald's special says that the National Intelligencer states it has authority for saying that the report telegraphed that the Postmaster General entertains an intention of resigning is without the least foundation.

THE POLICY TOWARDS THE MILITARY COMMANDERS.

Sheridan will probably be the first victim, and Pope the next.

BUFAALO, Aug. 14.

There was a very large and fashionable assembly at the horse fair this evening to witness the king of the turf, Dexter, trot against time. The first trot was a continuation of yesterday's 2:30 race, and was won by Melton. Dexter in the first heat made the quarter in 33 sec., the half in 1:10, and the mile in 2:20 1/2. In the second trial he made the quarter in 33 1/2 sec., the half in 1:7, and the mile in 2:17 1/2. This is the best time ever made in harness by one and three quarter seconds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.

Havana advices state that the Marva commenced grappling for the lost cable on the 8th, but thus far no success has attended the operation.

THE WAR IN ABYSSINIA.

We understand that, although Sir William Coghlan's plan for operations to be undertaken with a view to effecting the liberation of the prisoners in Abyssinia has been adopted by the Government, the command of the expedition will probably be intrusted either to Sir William Staveley, now commanding a brigade at Poon, or to Colonel Merewether, the political agent at Aden.—The Owl.

PRESENCE OF MIND.

La Liberté gives the following incident in the career of the betrayer of Maximilian of Mexico. Lopez one day fell into an ambush of the enemy. He at once commanded a retreat, during which his horse was shot under him. One of his men then took his colonel up behind him, but the man's horse, proving unable to carry the double weight, slackened its speed. Lopez, perceiving that they must both be captured, drew a pistol from his belt, shot his preserver through the head rolled him out of the saddle, and escaped alone. So, at least, says La Liberté.—Pall-Mall Gazette.

THE CORRECTIONAL TRIBUNE OF LISLE.

Has just given judgment in the affair of M. Pollet banker in that town and at Roubaix, who, after the suicide of the head of the firm, had been prosecuted criminally. He was charged with having defrauded the Bank of France out of about 12,000,000 francs, and various merchants of about 12,000,000 francs more. He has now been convicted and sentenced to the highest penalty enacted by the penal code for such offences, five years imprisonment, 5000 francs fine and to pay the costs.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

A sad and fatal accident occurred in the township of Humberstone, county of Welling, on Saturday evening last, the particulars of which are as follows:—A young man named Anger had been in the Marsh on Sunday, and had with him a revolver. On returning in the evening, he stopped at the house of a friend named Hexamer. Hexamer had a cat which he told Anger he might shoot. The cat was between Anger and the barn, and Anger, in shooting, missed the cat, the ball proceeding on, on entering the barn, and piercing a little girl in the side, causing her death in a few minutes. The name of the little girl was Sherk, who was about ten years of age.

MR. HORACE WHITE, PRINCIPAL PROPRIETOR OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

publishes a card, in which he states that the recent compromise of Gerritt Smith's libel suit was made in his absence, and would not have been made if his associates had known the fact which he possessed. Thereupon Mr. White proceeds to reiterate the retracted "libel," affirming that Gerritt was privy to John Brown's intention of organizing a slave insurrection in Virginia, and that he promoted the enterprise with advice, money and counsel. Now the question is, will Mr. Smith revive his libel suit.

WHAT A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

Is Perry Davis Vegetable Pain Killer! It not only cures the life of the human family, but is also the sure remedy for horses with colic. It has never been known to fail in a cure of the worst cases, and for sprains, galls, &c., it never fails—try it. Sold by druggists generally.—Kenton County (Ky) Democrat.

BY TELEGRAPH FROM BELOW.

Weather clear and warm; no wind. One large inward ton vessel this morning. The Advance outward at 10:40 p.m. Steamer M'garrett, Stevenson, inward at 7 a.m. to-day.

By Telegraph This Day

[Reported for the Daily Mercury.]

MIDNIGHT DESPACHES.

BY THE CABLE.

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Havana advices state that the Marva commenced grappling for the lost cable on the 8th, but thus far no success has attended the operation.

THE WAR IN ABYSSINIA.

We understand that, although Sir William Coghlan's plan for operations to be undertaken with a view to effecting the liberation of the prisoners in Abyssinia has been adopted by the Government, the command of the expedition will probably be intrusted either to Sir William Staveley, now commanding a brigade at Poon, or to Colonel Merewether, the political agent at Aden.—The Owl.

PRESENCE OF MIND.

La Liberté gives the following incident in the career of the betrayer of Maximilian of Mexico. Lopez one day fell into an ambush of the enemy. He at once commanded a retreat, during which his horse was shot under him. One of his men then took his colonel up behind him, but the man's horse, proving unable to carry the double weight, slackened its speed. Lopez, perceiving that they must both be captured, drew a pistol from his belt, shot his preserver through the head rolled him out of the saddle, and escaped alone. So, at least, says La Liberté.—Pall-Mall Gazette.

THE CORRECTIONAL TRIBUNE OF LISLE.

Has just given judgment in the affair of M. Pollet banker in that town and at Roubaix, who, after the suicide of the head of the firm, had been prosecuted criminally. He was charged with having defrauded the Bank of France out of about 12,000,000 francs, and various merchants of about 12,000,000 francs more. He has now been convicted and sentenced to the highest penalty enacted by the penal code for such offences, five years imprisonment, 5000 francs fine and to pay the costs.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

A sad and fatal accident occurred in the township of Humberstone, county of Welling, on Saturday evening last, the particulars of which are as follows:—A young man named Anger had been in the Marsh on Sunday, and had with him a revolver. On returning in the evening, he stopped at the house of a friend named Hexamer. Hexamer had a cat which he told Anger he might shoot. The cat was between Anger and the barn, and Anger, in shooting, missed the cat, the ball proceeding on, on entering the barn, and piercing a little girl in the side, causing her death in a few minutes. The name of the little girl was Sherk, who was about ten years of age.

MR. HORACE WHITE, PRINCIPAL PROPRIETOR OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

publishes a card, in which he states that the recent compromise of Gerritt Smith's libel suit was made in his absence, and would not have been made if his associates had known the fact which he possessed. Thereupon Mr. White proceeds to reiterate the re

PASSENGERS.

Per Mrs. Peruvian, Ballantine, from Liverpool... The steamer Union arrived from Tadoussac at 4.30 p.m.

New Advertisements.

NEW BOOK OF CHORUSES, FORTY FIVE Opera Choruses, Selected and arranged from the works of Rossini, Weber, Bellini, Donizetti, Gounod, Verdi, Flotow, Spontini, Wagner, Herold, Bishop, Balfe, Benedit, and others.

Dr. Ordway's Last Song. "FOR GRAVES OF THE LOVED ONE'S PLANT BEAUTIFUL FLOWERS."

RIMMEL'S IRLAND-IRLAND, or the Flower of Flowers, Lockey, Gilt, Wood Violet, Tea Flowers, Coffee Flowers, & other delicious perfumes.

QUEBEC GAS COMPANY. NOTICE. A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. for Six Months, has been declared by the Directors upon the Capital Stock of this Company.

THE Famous MILD AND BITTER ALES of William Dow & Co., Montreal, bottled by A. CRAWFORD, at the Masonic Hall, Lewis Street, (entrance by Garden street), Quebec.

MEMBERS of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, attached to the Mercantile and Aldion Lodges, favorable to visiting the Order in Quebec, are fraternally invited to meet at the Temperance Hall, on Saturday Evening, the 17th instant, at Half-Past Seven o'clock.

THE New Dominion Monthly, (64 pages, stitched in a handsome cover.) A MAGAZINE of Original and Selected Literature, alike suitable for the fireside, the parlour table, the steamboat and the railway.

REDUCTION -ON- SUMMER STOCK. WE HAVE THIS DAY VERY GREATLY Reduced the Prices of our remaining Summer Stock of

PRINTED MUSLINS, GRENADINE & OTHER DRESS GOODS, LACE SHAWLS, PARASOLS, TRIMMED & UNTRIMMED BONNETS, SILK AND OTHER MANTLES, AND ALSO ALL HOOP-SKIRTS.

COMMERCIAL HOUSE, UPPER TOWN MARKET, BEHAN BROTHERS. IN ORDER to clear out our present Stock of

EVERY SATURDAY, FOR AUGUST 17th. Price 10 cents. Contents—Up Stairs and Down, Fashionable Tippling, Recollections of an Absent Man, In Difficulties—Second Stage, Summer on the Spanish Frontier, The Crequet Lawn, At Dinner in the City, Bullet Marks, The Belgian Reception, Danzig's Mia, Brown's Budget, Foreign Notes, Cheap at a Guinea.

SMOKED SALMON. JUST Received a Choice Lot of FRESH SMOKED SALMON. For Sale by JOHN TEAFFE, 34, John Street, 117

BATHING REQUISITES. Z. FORTIER & CO. have just received a Large and New Assortment of Bathing Requisites, consisting of Bathing Caps, Sponges, Bags, Flesh Brushes, Hair Brushes and Tooth Brushes, &c.

ENGLISH & AMERICAN PAPERS. LESLIE, Harper, Wilkes' Spirit, Waverley Magazine, Pilot, Irish People, Irish American, Chivalry Corner, Literary Album, Every Saturday, Illustrated News, Reynolds' and Lloyd's Weekly.

G. W. DE HAVEN'S IMPERIAL CIRCUS!



THE MANAGEMENT RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE CITIZENS AND PUBLIC generally that, previous to each afternoon's performance, there will be a GRAND FREE EXHIBITION.

MARK THE ARRAY OF TALENT! MR. OLIVER BELL, the world renowned DRAMATIC EQUESTRIAN, will appear in his unsurpassable SCENIC and PANTOMIME ACTS.



MISS ANNIE WORLAND, in her dashing and beautiful Principal Act, the en plus ultra of grace and artistic equestrianism.



L. RIVERS, the Famous Scenic and Pantomime Rider, and THE MOST FAMOUS LEAPER IN THE WORLD, from Charivari's Imperial Circus, Cuba.



LEAPS IN MID-AIR, And Dabot Exercises by the whole Troupe of Gymnasts, Acrobats, Voltigeurs and Tumblers.

MAGNIFICENT TOURNAMENT ENTREE, Led by Mesdames WORLAND and NICHOLAS, in which will be introduced a full Stud of gorgeously caparisoned and finely decorated horses.

On Friday and Saturday, the 16th & 17th August. Quebec, Aug. 8, 1867.

EVERY SATURDAY, BELMONT SPERM CANDLES. B. OXES Price's BELMONT SPERM CANDLES. For Sale by WILLIAM POSTON.

Baking Powder. B. OXES MONTREAL BAKING POWDER. For Sale by WILLIAM POSTON.

HOCK. SPARKLING and SUIV HOCK. Muscat de Frontignan. WOODS & CO.

ARRACAN RICE. Now Landing ex "Chilianwallah": 50 BAGS, 50 Half-Bags, and 100 Quarter-Bags ARRACAN RICE. For Sale by WILLIAM POSTON.

Ginger Wine. Now receiving: OCTAVES GINGER WINE. For Sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN.

CLARET. CASSES ST. JULIEN CLARET. For Sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Houses to Let.

APARTMENTS TO LET. TWO FLATS, partly furnished, adjacent to the Mayor's Office, will be leased for one or two months, to a respectable tenant.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET. TWO ROOMS in the House forming the corner of Ann and St. Stanislas Streets, near the Wesleyan Church. Apply on the premises to W. CHESSAR.

To be Let. A THREE STORY HOUSE, ST. GEORGE STREET, U. T., lately occupied by M. Vallin. Apply to A. B. SIBOIS, Notary, 42

TO BE LET, FROM THE FIRST OF MAY next, several Apartments in the House, No. 4, Palace Street, formerly the property of the late ROBERT SYMES, ESQ., with extensive Yard, Stable, Carriage-House, &c. &c.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, THE CANADA HOTEL. THAT large establishment, so well and favorably known, and one possessing the best run of customers in Montreal, is situated within a short distance of the St. Lawrence and other Steamboats, of the City.

FARM FOR SALE. LA PETITE ANNIE, in her dashing and beautiful Principal Act, the en plus ultra of grace and artistic equestrianism.

LAKE BEAUPORT, CONTAINING Two Hundred and Forty (240) Acres in a good state of cultivation, with a good House, Stable and Frame Barn erected thereon, convenient to both church and school.

MUSIC HALL, QUEBEC. CHAS. LEVI, Manager. FOUR NIGHTS ONLY. Grand Matinee on Wednesday Afternoon, Aug. 17th, at Half-Past Two. Doors open at 2. Tickets 25 cents to all parts of the House to Matinee only.

M. HARTZ, THE ILLUSIONIST, OF St. James' Hall, London, and Hedworth Hall, New York, Inventor of "THE MYSTERY," "A Human Head Floating in the Air."

THE Civil Code! QUEBEC, -OF- A Synopsis of Changes in the Law; THE Authorities as reported by the Commissioners; to the Reports of the Commissioners; A Concordance with the Code Napoleon and the Code de Commerce; Special References for Notaries, Clergymen, Physicians, Merchants, Real Estate Owners, and persons out of Quebec; And a Complete Index.

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED to the undersigned, will be received at this Office, until TUESDAY, the 20th of August next, at Noon, for the Construction of a

LIGHTHOUSE PIER, POINTE ST. LAURENT, ISLAND OF ORLEANS. PLANS and Specifications may be seen at the Office of MR. PIERRE GUYREAU, at Quebec, on and after the 10th AUGUST next, where forms of Tender may also be obtained.

YOUNG HYSON. Now Landing ex S.S. "Thames": 26 HALF-BOXES Superior YOUNG HYSON TEA. For Sale by JOHN LEMESURIER & CO.

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The Misses Machin's Classes. YOUNG LADIES, WILL BE RE-OPENED ON MONDAY, 2nd SEPTEMBER. Vacancies for Three Borders. Quebec, Aug. 13, 1867.

ROSE'S Cathartic Pills. A SPLENDID LOT of the best choice kinds of GRAPES, PEACHES and NECTARINES, received this day from the Nursery of the undersigned, and For Sale by ADAM WATERS, 131 St. John Street, 180

PUBLIC BENEFACTRESS. MRS. S. A. ALLEN, A LADY OF WORL-WIDE REPUTATION.

MR. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S HAIR RESTORER. IS suited to both young and old. It strengthens the hair, prevents its falling or turning grey, and imparts to it a beautiful glossy appearance.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S HAIR DRESSING. OR ZYLOBALEAMUM, alone often restores, and never fails to invigorate, beautify, and freshen the Hair, rendering it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position.

THE RESTORER REPRODUCES AND THE HAIR DRESSING CULTIVATES AND BEAUTIFIES. Sold by all Druggists throughout the World. Principal Sales Office, 136 Greenwich Street, New York City.



COMMISSARIAT. TENDERS will be received by the Senior Commissariat Officer, until NOON ON TUESDAY, THE 20th AUGUST NEXT, FOR THE UNDERMENTIONED SUPPLIES TO MILITARY HOSPITALS, At Quebec, including Levis, from 1st to October, 1867, to 30th September, 1868:

- 1. Bread and Flour, 2. Beef, Mutton, Fish, Fowls, 3. Potatoes, Vegetables, Milk, Butter, 4. Groceries, &c.

J. FUCHS & CO., MERCHANT TAILORS. No. 41, St. John Street No. 41. THE undersigned beg to inform the Public and that they have formed a Partnership, and that they will transact business at the late Establishment of J. FUCHS, and that they will promptly attend all orders left with them.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. THE BUSINESS hitherto carried on between CHARLES E. LEVEY and WILLIAM HERRING, under the name of CHARLES E. LEVEY & CO., is dissolved, this day, by mutual consent. The business for the remainder of the season will be wound up by the late firm.

Board and Education at Levis. MRS. STURTON'S PUPILS will reassemble on MONDAY, the 12th of August. The course of instruction includes all that is necessary for a thorough English Education, with French, &c. Extra—Music, Drawing, Painting and Italian.

Greatest Discovery of the 19th Century! PAIN RELIEVED WITHOUT TAKING MEDICINE. EGYPTIAN OIL RELIEVES PAIN OF EVERY KIND INSTANTLY. Never since the Science of Medicine first dawned upon the world has any preparation been introduced that will so relieve the aches and pains that flesh is heir to, so speedily as the EGYPTIAN OIL.

THE Civil Code! QUEBEC, -OF- A Synopsis of Changes in the Law; THE Authorities as reported by the Commissioners; to the Reports of the Commissioners; A Concordance with the Code Napoleon and the Code de Commerce; Special References for Notaries, Clergymen, Physicians, Merchants, Real Estate Owners, and persons out of Quebec; And a Complete Index.

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