ine and Warm

DAILY WITNESS

Fine and Warm

Vol. L., No. 152. MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1909. PRICE ONE CENT.

R. W. McINTYRE KILLED IN AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT.

essrs. W. S. Weldon and Percy P. Cowans Seriously Injured in Smash-up at Dixie Last Night.

In an automobile accident at Dixie, ... o'clock last night, Mr. William ... McIntyre, one of the leading business men of this city, was almost instantly killed, Mr. W. S. Weldon, managing director of the Windsor Hotel, had several ribs broken, Mr. Percy Cowans was badly hurt about the head; and Peter Larose, the chauffeur, sustained minor injuries to the head and body. Mr. H. ... and Molson, who had been with the party in the automobile, alighted at ... nce on the lake shore, just ... to the accident.

... car belonged to Mr. McIntyre, ... had taken a party of his friends ... as far as the Forest and Stream ... at Dorval. The accident occurred ... opposite the entrance to the Golf ... grounds at Dixie, when the return ... was being made. At that ... the car was speeding down the ... at a rapid pace, with Mr. Duncan Martin's car just ahead of it, and James Reid Wilson's car following. ... McIntyre's car had overtaken that ... Mr. McMartin's, and the latter had ... on into the side to allow it to pass. ... this point there is a sharp grade in ... road, and a curve, and in turning ... to the side to pass the other ... Mr. McIntyre's machine skidded. ... an instant it had crashed sideways ... a telegraph pole, which was broken off by the impact, and then into a ..., which brought it to a standstill. The four occupants were scattered over the road, and needless to say the car was wrecked, a curious feature being that while the back part of the car was smashed out of all recognition, the fore part was nothing like so badly damaged.

The occupants of the other two cars and a number of passers-by hastened to the assistance of the injured men. Mr. McIntyre and Mr. Cowans were lying on the road, but Mr. Weldon immediately struggled to his feet, while Larose, the chauffeur, who was under the car, also showed signs of life.

It was at once seen that Mr. McIntyre had sustained terrible injuries, but hoping against hope, his body was taken by Mr. Reid Wilson and Mr. Herbert Molson in an automobile to Dr. J. D. ..., at Lachine. He at once pronounced life to be extinct. The side of his head was crushed in—probably by contact with the telegraph pole, and he had sustained other injuries. He died ... on the way to Lachine.

Dr. Dixon immediately went back to the aid of the other men, and in the meantime, Dr. Valois, also of Lachine, had arrived. They found Mr. Cowans in the club house with a wound on his head, and unconscious, while Mr. Weldon and Larose were so badly shaken up that for some time they could give no connected account of the accident.

After first aid had been administered, Messrs. Weldon and Cowans were taken to the station, and, accompanied by Dr. Valois, were conveyed to Montreal on a Grand Trunk train. Mr. Cowans recovering consciousness just as the train drew into Bonaventure Station, where an ambulance from the General Hospital was awaiting them. The chauffeur was left at the Golf Club, and returned to the city this morning. He was badly bruised, but his injuries were not serious enough to necessitate hospital treatment.

The body of Mr McIntyre was brought from the city to Armstrong's undertaking establishment, to await an inquest.

EXPLANATIONS OF ACCIDENT.

... Duncan McMartin, whose car was ahead of Mr. McIntyre's, said he saw the latter approaching rapidly, and his chauffeur to pull into the side of the road in order that it might have plenty of room to pass. Just at the entrance to the Golf Club gates at Dixie they heard a crash. About this time the car was about 100 yards ahead, ... he and his chauffeur rushed back to the scene of the accident. They found the car had crashed sideways into a telegraph pole, which had snapped off, such was the force of the impact, that the car had plunged some further ahead and had struck a tree. Mr. McIntyre was found lying with the telegraph pole across his back, while the other occupant of the rear seat, Mr. Cowans, appeared to be badly ... ed.

... the chauffeur, was only able to explain the accident by saying the steering gear had failed in making the turn to pass the car in front. Then it crashed into the telegraph pole, and he remembered ... more.

... the hospital this morning it was found that Mr. Percy Cowans' injuries were much more serious than was at first thought to be the case. Since his arrival at the General Hospital he had relapsed into unconsciousness, and is now regarded as being in a critical ...

... Weldon is also so badly shaken up that the doctors have given orders that nobody is to be allowed to see him. His condition, however, is not regarded as serious. He is found to have had several ribs broken, besides numerous bruises. He is unable to-day to give any explanation of the accident. He and the chauffeur were sitting in the front seats, and Mr. McIntyre and Mr. Cowans were behind. They had, he says, been driving fast, but had slowed down at the time of the accident. All he knows of the circumstances of the accident is that he felt the machine swerve. The rest he says, is a blank.



THE LATE MR. W. C. McINTYRE.

Mr. James Reid Wilson, who was riding in his automobile a short distance behind the McIntyre car when the accident occurred, said this morning that he had taken a run out to the Forest and Stream Club, and chatted there for about ten minutes with the members of the McIntyre party, all of whom were friends of his.

'They left a few minutes before I did,' he said, 'but my car caught them up, because they stopped on the road to drop Mr. Markland Molson and Mr. George Cains. My son was with me in the car, and was driving. We were going at about fifteen miles an hour, and presently two cars passed us, the first being, I believe, Mr. McMartin's, and the second Mr. McIntyre's. The latter was travelling at about twenty-five miles an hour—perhaps even faster. We arrived at the scene of the accident almost immediately after it occurred. It was evident that the car struck the telegraph pole with terrific force, for the pole was a very big one—over a foot in diameter—and it was cut clean through, a couple of feet from the ground. It was lying all across the road, and Mr. McIntyre was lying beside it. He had a terrible wound on one side of his face, and was breathing heavily and moaning. We lifted the



MR. W. S. WELDON.

telegraph wires up so as to allow my car to pass through, and then took Mr. McIntyre at once on to Lachine, only to find when we got there that he was dead.'

'Have you got any idea as to the cause of the accident?' Mr. Wilson was asked.

'Probably,' he said, 'nobody will ever know exactly what caused it. The chauffeur, who seemed to be the least injured of those who were in the car, said that the machine skidded. Mr. Weldon was quite dazed, and could only talk incoherently.'

'Was the road greasy?'

'I don't think so. The road, as far as I know, was in excellent condition.'

'Was the car racing with another?'

'I don't think it was; but, really, I don't know. It certainly was going rapidly—faster than I care to drive. It was a big sixty-horse-power car, and a car like that is a great temptation to a man to drive at high speed. Personally, I have no use at all for such high-power cars. It seemed quite evident that the car had skidded, but what caused it to skid I don't know. It is possible that one of the wheels may have come off, for we found one of them lying in the road.'

Mr. Luttrell, book-keeper, at Smeaton Brothers, photo-engravers, was an eye-witness of the accident. He stated this morning that he was walking along the road, with his wife and son, and saw four lights abreast of each other, approaching the bend.

'Then in the dim light,' he said, 'I saw two automobiles racing along the road.'

'You are sure they were racing?' he was asked.

'There is no doubt in my mind,' he replied. 'They were going at from at least 35 to 40 miles an hour. In fact, the speed was so terrific that it frightened my wife, and she ran into the side of the road thinking they'd be bound to rush over the sidewalk. When I saw that they did not slow up on approaching the bend I knew in a moment that an accident was inevitable. One car was just a little ahead of the other. The road at that point is overhung with trees and was very dark. I think the chauffeur in Mr. McIntyre's car, the one that was just a little behind, could hardly have known there was a bend in the road till he was right on it. The other car was on the right side of the road, and managed to negotiate the bend all right, but Mr. McIntyre's car, rushing along between it and the sidewalk, had no room to make such a sharp turn at so great a speed. The chauffeur turned it quickly to try to get round the corner, but the momentum of the car was too great, and the only result of the attempt to steer it was to hurl it with a terrible crash against a telegraph pole, and then into one of the trees between the sidewalk and the road. You can judge the speed of the car for yourself when I say that the pole was not smashed off, but snapped off, through the concussion, above where the car struck it. You know the rest. Let me add,' said Mr. Luttrell, 'that the speed at which these automobiles were racing was not only of the greatest danger to the occupants, but a danger to everybody else on the road. Even if it had been possible for two automobiles running side by side to get round the bend, imagine what would have happened if they had met another vehicle—say a farmer's cart. On that dark road it would have been extremely difficult for a cart to get by, and if a cart had met them without warning at the bend a terrible collision would have been the inevitable result.'

MR. McINTYRE'S CAREER.

Mr. William C. McIntyre was forty-eight years of age, and is survived by his mother, Mrs. Duncan McIntyre, and three brothers, Messrs. Duncan, J. N., and Charlie C. McIntyre. He was unmarried.

The deceased occupied a prominent place in the business life of the city. He was president of the McIntyre, Son & Co., Limited; president of the Mount Royal Spinning Company; president of the Canadian Transfer Company; director of the Molsons Bank; vice-president of the Dominion Bridge Company; director of the Structural Steel Company; president of the Windsor Hotel Company, and actively connected with the Robert Syndicate, as well as other industrial concerns.

He was a member of the Mount Royal and St. James Clubs, and took an active interest in sports. He was a Liberal in politics.

Mr. McIntyre was greatly liked by his friends and employees, and his conduct of the McIntyre firm since the death of his father, Mr. Duncan McIntyre, had shown him to be one of the ablest business men in the city. The McIntyre firm has branches both in London and Paris, and Mr. McIntyre was quite as much at home in those offices as in the block on Victoria square.

INQUEST OPENED THIS AFTERNOON.

The inquest on the body of Mr. McIntyre, who was killed in an automobile accident at Dixie last night, was opened at 2.15 this afternoon at the morgue, before Coroner McMahon, and a special jury, composed of Messrs. H. Markland Molson, W. G. Ross, and others.

The coroner said the doctor's examination showed that Mr. McIntyre's death was caused by fracture of the skull. What the jury now had to find out, was whether anyone was criminally responsible. According to law, nobody could take life, even is asked to do so. In this case, the chauffeur, he understood, had admitted that he was driving the car at a rate of 45 miles an hour. Such a speed was absolutely condemned by the authorities of the country, and if it was true the chauffeur was driving at that speed, then the jury had no other course but to declare him responsible for Mr. McIntyre's death, even if he had been asked by Mr. McIntyre to go at that speed.

'In such circumstances,' said the coroner, 'we can do nothing else but declare the chauffeur guilty of manslaughter. If asked to go at such a speed he ought to have refused, even if he were to lose his position.'

Mr. John McIntyre, brother of deceased, gave evidence of identification, and Mr. McMartin was then called. He said he was driving his car home from Dixie last night. He heard another car coming behind, and heard a crash. He at once went back to render assistance. Asked if the road was narrow, witness said it was not so narrow but that Mr. McIntyre's automobile might have passed.

'What speed were you going?' asked the coroner.

'I couldn't say,' he replied, 'because I was not paying any attention to it. Perhaps between fifteen and twenty miles an hour. The boy in my car said that when he heard the other automobile coming he threw off the power, so as to give the other one the road.'

'Was the other car coming at more than reasonable speed?'

'I couldn't say, because I was looking ahead, and only heard the crash, but I should say they were going pretty fast.'

ST. ELOI MAN SAYS HE PAID $250 TO JOIN CITY POLICE FORCE.

The first definite proof that a money payment has been made for a position on the city police force was established before the Royal Commission this morning by the evidence of Joseph Martin, a carpenter from St. Eloi, who said he paid $250 to Joseph Desautels, a hotel waiter, who by his own admissions has acted as the go-between for so many candidates for positions in the fire brigade.

Previous testimony in regard to alleged toll for entry into the police force has been given by men who said they had been asked to pay, or had paid money to an outside party, who failed to get the position desired and thereupon returned the money.

In Martin's case, however, the 'goods were actually delivered,' as the popular phrase puts it. After seven months' service he left the force, convinced that he could earn a better living as a carpenter, working at his own trade. He knew that two other St. Eloi men had been appointed in the force, the two Pettigrews, who were nominated through the additional intervention of Joseph Godbout.

Godbout was again called to the witness stand and asked if his memory had yet recovered its lapse relative to what he had done with $175 or $200 which Alfred Albert last Friday swore that he had given to the witness for an appointment as fireman.

Godbout said he really did not remember that he had received any such amount from Albert.

'But if I did receive the money,' he added, 'it was given by me to the late Alderman Robert.'

Questioned by his own counsel, Mr. G. Desaulniers, the witness said that as a matter of fact he never paid money to anyone except to the late Mr. Robert.

The Commissioner remarked that he found the replies of the witness very unsatisfactory, while Mr. Perron, counsel for the Citizens' Committee, complained that Godbout was 'playing with the oath.'

Counsel later on, in referring to the evidence generally before the court, asserted that perjury had been committed wholesale.

The Commissioner agreed that it had been committed in certai ninstances.

In proceeding to further question Godbout, whose whispered replies could be heard only with great difficulty, Mr. Perron established the fact that witness had paid to Mr. Maillet, a veterinary surgeon, two sums of $200 for two men who were appointed on the police force.

When asked how he reconciled this statement with his answer to Mr. Desaulniers that he paid money to nobody excepting ex-Ald. Robert, the witness said his reply to his counsel referred only to entries into the fire brigade.

'Mr. Maillet told me,' added the witness, 'that the money I gave to him was for ex-Alderman Robert, and after then I dealt direct with Mr. Robert, because I considered it would be better for my own advancement. Altogether, I obtained positions for four men in the police force (including the two Brothers Pettigrew) two through the intervention of Mr. Maillet and two through ex-Ald. Robert direct. I placed no firemen in the brigade through Mr. Maillet.'

Mr. Perron — But Mr. Robert was not in the Council in 1902? How do you explain your assertion that he could place men in the fire brigade when he was not an alderman?

Witness—Well, I suppose he had a certain influence after he left the Council.

PAID TOLL TO JOIN POLICE FORCE.

Joseph Martin, carpenter and a native of St. Eloi, recounted to the commission the circumstances of his entry into the city police in May, 1906.

'I went to see Joseph Desautels at No. 6 fire station,' he said. 'He told me he could get me placed in the police force, and then gave me a letter to take to Ald. Proulx.'

'And did you pay for this?' asked the Commissioner.

'I did,' replied Martin. 'I paid $250 to Desautels. This was before he gave me the letter for Ald. Proulx. After I delivered the letter, Ald. Proulx read it, and then took me to the City Hall, where I was introduced to Chief Campeau. I was afterwards appointed a constable, but served in the force for only seven months. I had some trouble with my superior officers, and, feeling certain I could earn a better living at my trade, I left the force.'

Mr. L. Johnson, engineer, was called by Mr. Leblanc to give evidence as counter proof in relation to the police administration. His testimony was to the effect that during the strike at the Angus shops the police, under Inspector Lamouche, had rendered good service to the C. P. R. Company.

Ald. Nault went into the witness-box and, in reply to the evidence of Fireman Montpetit yesterday afternoon, denied that he told Montpetit that he must pay to enter the fire brigade. He said he did not know the fireman in question. There never was a question of payment between him and any man for whom he had exercised any influence in order to find a position.

Ald. L. A. Lapointe appeared before the Commission and asked that the complaints that had been made against him as chairman of the Finance Committee, and his colleagues should be at once heard in regard to the raising of the city's two million dollar loan last year, the engagement of counsel in the recent quo warranto proceedings and the appointments of Messrs. L. Demontigny and Frank C. Smith on the 'Municipal Gazette.' Ald. Lapointe said an injustice would be done to the members of the Finance Committee if these complaints, which had not been sworn to, were unanswered. Mr. Jules Helbrouner, who made the complaints against the committee, said he had registered no accusation against anyone, but simply desired an exposure of the facts.

The Commissioner said it would be physically impossible for him to do more than complete his investigation into the fire and police departments before he adjourned the court next week, and made his report to the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council on July 15. However, the parties concerned in the complaints against the Finance Committee might, in the meantime, have access to the report of the expert concerning the two million dollar loan.

Ald. L. A. Lapointe at once referred to this report, which stated that all the formalities of the charter had been complied with in regard to the loan.

CHEAPER CABLE RATES THROUGHOUT THE EMPIRE.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, June 30.—The committee of the Imperial Press Conference appointed to wait upon Mr. Asquith in regard to the question of cable rates, met the Premier in the House of Commons this afternoon.

The Hon. H. L. Lawson introduced the deputation, and having pointed out that the government spent a quarter of a million pounds annually in cables, said the Imperial news service was now poor, dry and bloodless, and cheapnese in rates was only possible through government action. Canada had expressed her anxiety for the co-operation of the Imperial Government, and he understood from a very highly placed official now in London that Canada's enthusiasm had not diminished. Concluding, Mr. Lawson remarked that the Imperial Press Conference did not wish to prejudice the issue between wireless cables, adding that Canada's subvention to Mr. Marconi was a valuable precedent.

Mr. P. D. Ross, of Ottawa, speaking for the Canadian delegates, referred to the combination amongst cable companies, pointing out that a reduction of rates through Canada to Australia would inevitably reduce rates the other way. It had been stated that government action would be unfair to private companies, but the Imperial Press Conference did not want any government to run a state line of electric communication at a loss; it must be on a commercial basis.

If the governments made the line pay, then the companies must be ready to meet their competition, as well as that of private companies. Mr. Ross then pointed out that the British Government paid sixty million pounds yearly on the army and navy, and the small outlay necessary for greater facilities of communication throughout the Empire would be well spent. The Canadian delegates, on their return, hoped to persuade the government to meet the Imperial Government half way. The Hon. Mr. Lemieux had not changed his mind.

Delegates from the other portion of the Empire also laid their views before the Premier.

In reply, Mr. Asquith said that towards the general objects of the deputation the government was entirely sympathetic. The Pacific Cable Board's reduction in rates had the full concurrence of the Imperial Government.

As regards Canada, Mr. Buxton, the Postmaster-General for Great Britain, and the Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, Postmaster-General for Canada, had been in communication for a considerable time on the question of a reduction in the Atlantic cable rates, and if nothing had been done it was certainly not the Home Government's fault, because it was at the request of Mr. Lemieux that any action had been postponed. He had hopes that a satisfactory arrangement would ultimately be reached.

Respecting the cable companies the means of action at the disposal of the Imperial Government were very limited, but its influence would be used as far as it was possible in the reduction of rates. The cable companies were commercial bodies, and the most powerful argument for a reduction of rates would be the assurance of a largely increased service.

The development of wireless telegraphy was a matter which could not be left out of sight, especially in connection with the suggestion to lay a state cable and the progress of the invention might considerably alter the carrying capacity of the cables, and thus change the existing circumstances. The government department would keep in touch with the standing committee of the Imperial Press Conference, and this would be a very solid result of the conference.

In conclusion, Mr. Asquit hdeclared that one of the first requisites of the Empire would be a cheap, certain, constant, convenient and universally accessible system of electric communication.

A vote of thanks to the Premier concluded the proceedings.

Mr. Buxton and Col. Seeley were present.

NO 'WITNESS' TO-MORROW

To-morrow being Dominion Day, the national holiday, the 'Witness' will not be published.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

In Macao yesterday fifty Chinese pirates were captured in an untenanted house, and with them were found a number of women and several kidnapped children.

To-day's cricket matches in England resulted as follows: Kent beat Gloucester by 32 runs; Hampshire beat Leicester by 7 wickets.

Walter Wellman and the other members of the expedition that is planning to reach the North Pole this summer by airship, left Tromsoe, Norway, this morning on the steamer 'Arctic,' with a large quantity of material for the rebuilding of the balloon shed at Spitzbergen that was destroyed last winter by a storm.

A band of Russian prisoners near Yakutsk, Siberia, has killed its guard, destroyed an Esquimaux village, whose men refused them supplies, and are on their way to Behring Strait, whence they hope to escape to Alaska.

The militant suffragists yesterday made another charge on the House of Commons in an attempt to present a petition to Mr. Asquith, and 112 of them, led by Mrs. Pankhurst, were arrested. This attack, as well as the twelve that have already been made, was preceded by a mass meeting in Caxton Hall. Among the notable men and women at this meeting were: Mrs. Israel Zangwill, Miss Beatrice Forbes-Robertson, Miss Elizabeth Bobins and Miss Beatrice Harraden, besides all the well-known suffragette leaders. Among those arrested are the following well-known women: Mrs. Solomon, Miss Margesson, Mrs. Haverfield, Miss Joachim, Mrs. Mansell, wife of Colonel Mansell and granddaughter of the late Lord Wimborne; Mrs. Frank Corbett, sister-in-law of the late member of the House, and Miss Neligan, who is 79 years old, and Mrs. Rose Massey, wife of Colonel Massey.

The Kaiser told a member of the French Parliamentary Arbitration Group at Kiel the other day that the battles of the future would be in fields of economics, not in war, and that England's present nervousness would disappear as soon as she realized that she could regain her lost economic ground not by war, but by more productive activity.

Mrs. Marie Bakhtadze, a well-known agent of the political police at Tiflis, was killed yesterday by a bomb. The missile had been sent to her in the police station concealed in a basket of cherries.

Lieut.-Col. J. Alexander Pusses, of the Nicaragnan Army, was annoyed in New Orleans yesterday by being mistaken by the police for Leon Ling, and declares he will bring the matter before his government.

President Taft took part in the commencement day ceremonies at Yale not as president of the United States, but as a graduate and a fellow of the University.

Mr. Mackenzie King, the Canadian Minister of Labor, was to-day at Harvard given the honorary degree of Ph.D.

The police investigating the murder of Elsie Sigel now believe that Chung Sin, in his story of what he knew of the murder, has tricked them at every point, and that the most important half of what he really knows of the matter has not yet been told.

The Chicago police to-day sent out in a tug a load of nearly 600 revolvers, sling shots, dirks and other murderous weapons captured from criminals during the past six months, and had them thrown into the lake.

Dr. Eliot, former president of Harvard, was yesterday elected president emeritus. This is the first election of the kind in the history of the university. Reports were current throughout the alumni meetings and class reunions that Dr. Eliot will tomorrow be presented with a fund, the proportions of which are said to have reached nearly $500,000. The subscriptions have been secured from graduates and undergraduates of the college since a few weeks after Dr. Eliot's resignation was first announced.

Rumors of strike at the Sydney coal mines continue, but Mr. Moffatt, grand secretary of the P.W.A., says he knows no reason why the U.M.W. members should strike, much less why they should expect the P. W. A. members to cease work, and that public opinion will be strongly against the strikers.'

Mr. George Caldwell, who three years ago left Cape Fullerton above the Chesterfield Inlet on Hudson's Bay, on the way to the Coppermine and Mackenzie Rivers with only two Eskimos, has since last fall been given up as lost. This week, however, letters have been received at Ottawa reporting that as late as March last he had been seen by Eskimos near Baker Lake, at the head of Chesterfield Inlet, on his way back to Fort Churchill.

Serious forest fires are again burning near Annapolis, N.S.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extensions to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occuring in their immediate families free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

BOAKE — On June 15, 1909, at Aberffraw, Loughton, Essex, England, the wife of Edmond J. Boake, of a daughter.

BUCKLAND — At South Barnston, Que., a son to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Buckland.

DeGRUCHY — At Cape Cove, Que., on June 20, 1909, the wife of P. C. J. De Gruchy, a daughter.

MACDONALD — At 414 Bourgeois street, Montreal, on Sunday, June 27, 1909, to the Rev. K. J. and Mrs. Macdonald, a son.

McKENZIE — At Marsboro, Que., on June 28, 1909, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Murdo D. McKenzie.

SCOTT — At Colombo, Ceylon, on May 23, 1909, to Mr. and Mrs. Reginald T. M. Scott, of Ottawa, a son.

SMITH — At 'Pleasant Valley,' Central Park, B.C., on June 1, 1909, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. C. Smith, a son.

SNOWDEN — On June 21, 1909, to Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Snowden, a daughter.

THOMPSON — At Sawyerville, Que., on June 27, 1909, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. R. Thompson.

MARRIED.

CHAPLIN — MacMARTIN — On Tuesday, June 29, 1909, by the Rev. Jos. Sullivan, M.A., Ida May, third daughter of the late Finlay MacMartin, to Francis L. M. Chaplin, both of Montreal.

CHURCH — DART — At St. Barnabas Church, St. Lambert, by the Rev. Rural Dean Dart, on Wednesday, June 30, 1909, Herbert J. Church, of Toronto, to Mabel Constance, youngest daughter of the Rev. W. J. Dart, of St. Lambert.

CLARK — JOHNSON — At St. Matthias Church, Westmount, on Tuesday, June 22, 1909, by the Rev. Ed. Bushell and the Ven. Archdeacon Ker, D.D., Bernice, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. Mackenzie Johnson, to Robert, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Clark, of Montreal.

FAIR — BARKER — On June 24, 1909, at the residence of the bride's mother, 442 Logan avenue, Toronto, by the Rev. J. McP. Scott, assisted by the Rev. E. Barker, Henry F. Fair, of Pte. a la Garde, Quebec, to Muriel Annie, daughter of the late Rev. Joseph Barker.

FISHER — LITTLE — At the residence of the bride's parents, on Wednesday, June 16, 1909, by the Rev. R. MacNabb, William John Fisher, son of the late Mr. Samuel Fisher, to Mary Ballie Little, daughter of Mr. Alexander Little, all of the Township of Osgoode, Ont.

GREENE — SHEPPARD — At St. Martin's Church, on June 28, 1909, by the Rev. G. Osborne Troop, rector, Gertrude A., only daughter of the late Chas. S. Sheppard, jr., to Whately Stokes Greene, son of the late David Greene, M.D., L.R.C.S.I.

McTAVISH — COMRIE — At the residence of the bride's father, on Wednesday, June 23, 1909, by the Rev. R. MacNabb, Alexander Duncan McTavish, son of the late Mr. Archibald L. McTavish, to Jessie Comrie, daughter of Mr. Peter Comrie, all of Kenmore, Ont.

TAYLOR — PETERSON — On June 26, 1909, at the residence of the bride's father, 99 Church street, St. Catharines, Ont., by the Rev. Robert Ker, rector of St. George's Church, Dorcas Louise, daughter of Richard Peterson, Esq., to Mr. Alexander W. Taylor, of New York City.

DIED.

ELLIOT — On the evening of June 29, 1909, after a long illness, borne with Christian fortitude, Laura Metcalfe, wife of James Elliot, aged 47 years and 9 months.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 6 West End avenue, Outremont, on Thursday, July 1st, at 2 p.m., to Bonaventure station, thence to Riverfield. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

North-West papers please copy.

'And I shall see Him face to face,
And know the fulness of His grace.'

KINSELLA — Accidentally killed at Mount Forest, Ont., Harry Kinsella, of Toronto, in his 29th year.

MACKAY — Very suddenly, at her residence, 267 Assiniboine avenue, Winnipeg, on June 24, 1909, Mary E., widow of the late Donald L. Mackay, in her 56th year.

MACKEY — At Westbury, Que., on June 24, 1909, Robert Mackey, aged 72 years.

McLEAN — At Belleville, Ont., on June 27, 1909, at the residence of her brother, Neil McLean, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the late Hon. Archibald McLean, Chief Justice of Upper Canada.

McINTYRE — Accidentally killed at Dixie, on the 29th inst., William Cassils McIntyre, in his 48th year.

Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

MOORE — At Hartford, Kentucky, on June 27, 1909, Elinor Josephene, beloved wife of William Duke Moore, and youngest daughter of Henry White, Portage du Fort, Quebec, Canada.

Interment at Hartford.

SINCLAIR — At Oil City., Ont., on June 26, 1909, after a lingering illness, James Herbert Sinclair, only son of the late Judge Sinclair, of Hamilton.

WILLIAMS — Suddenly, at Chambly Canton, on June 27, 1909, the Rev. Thomas Grange Williams, D.D.

Funeral on Wednesday, June 30, at 2 p.m., from 116 Arlington avenue, to Douglas Methodist Church, thence to Mount Royal Cemetery.

IN MEMORIAM.

TAYLOR — In loving memory of Robert A. Taylor, accidentally drowned on July 1, 1905.

Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 8.

Those sending notices for the above columns may send with them a list of names of interested friends together with a one-cent stamp for each address, and marked copies of the 'Witness' containing the notice will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required.

THE S. CARSLEY Co. LIMITED

Downtown Store, Notre Dame St. West Wednesday, June 30, 1909.

To-Morrow, Dominion Day, This Store will be Closed

EARLY CLOSING--JULY and AUGUST!

During the months of July and August, this store will close at 5.30 o'clock every day—except Saturdays, when it will close at 1 o'clock.

The Sale That Montreal Has Waited for!

THE BIG DOWNTOWN STORE'S

ANNUAL JULY CLEARANCE SALE!

Commencing Friday, July 2nd.

The aim and reason of this great event is so well known, that little explanation is needed here.

It's the logical way of cleaning up our Spring and Summer stocks, and preparing for the fall and winter business.

We simply make it worth your while to buy NOW—even if you do not need the goods for some time to come.

In other words, we pay you a premium to take the goods out of our way—that we may have room, and a "free hand" for the fall activity.

READ THE DAILY ADVERTISEMENTS—VISIT THE STORE OFTEN—WATCH FOR THE RED JULY SALE TICKETS.

A Clearance of 1200 Ladies' Summer Dresses and Suits at Half Price

35 LADIES' WHITE DUCK COSTUMES, some slightly soiled, coats are made in semi-fitting style, some with smart blue collar and cuffs and fancy buttons, skirts cut wide and finished with fold. Regular price, $4.99. July Sale Price.. .. .. $2.49

$1.25 to $2.50 Lawn and Percale Dresses, 79c

800 Ladies' Shirt Waist Jumper and One-piece Dresses of white lawn, muslin and percale, an immense variety of designs, far too many to describe each—blue and red fancy dots, blue, red and black stripes, etc., etc. Regular prices, $1.10 to $1.60. July Sale Price.. .. .. 79c

$2.00 to $3.00 Jumper and Shirt Waist Suits $1.39

400 Ladies' Jumper Sailor Blouses, Shirtwaist and One-piece Dresses, of white lawn, percale and mercerized duck, some trimmed with embroidery and tucks, so many designs that it is impossible to give detailed description. Regular, $2.00 to $3.00. July Sale Price.. .. .. $1.39

Summer Shirt Waists Reduced

120 Ladies' Fancy Checked Gingham Tailormade Shirtwaists, front with 1-4 inch tucks and pearl buttons, white laundered collar. Reg. price, $1.65. July Sale Price.. .. .. $1.25

240 Fine White Lawn Shirtwaists, entire front of open work, embroidered with tucks, long tucked sleeves, edged with lace. Regular value, $1.95. July Sale Price.. .. .. $1.39

Ladies' 80c Night Dress 48c

500 Ladies' Strong White Cambric Slipover Nightdress, wide embroidered round yoke and ribbon beading, 3-4 sleeves, with ribbon extra wide. Regular, 80c. July Sale.. .. .. .. 48c

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Hats, $1.99

60 only, Ladies' Ready-to-wear Hats, an extraordinary purchase. Regular, $3.75 to $7.00 Hats. Friday, for.. .. .. ay, for.. .. ..

2000 Yards Black Dress Goods

480 yards Black Stripe and Figured Grenadine, best English and French makes, first-class dye and finish. Regular, 40c. July Sale.. .. .. 23c

560 yards Black Striped Bordered Panama, 50 inches wide, summer weight, a quality sold this season at $1.25 yd. July Sale Price 57c

BLACK ALL WOOL LLAMA, regular 52c; July price.. .. .. 42c
BLACK NUNS' VEILING, regular, 35c; July price.. .. .. 23c
BLACK VOILE, soft finish, regular, 50c; July price 32c

Sample Whitewear One Third off

A magnificent stock of samples: Nightdresses, Corset Covers, Underskirts and Drawers—all to sell at the same price as the maker's regular price to the trade—33 1-3 per cent reduction.

18c Ribbon, 10c

1,000 yards Plain Double-face Satin Ribbon, very heavy, 2 to 4 inches wide, most beautiful shades. Regular, 18c, a yard. July Sale Price.. .. .. .. 10c

Men's $2.25 Trousers

200 Pairs Men's Trousers, in medium grey shades, well made throughout. reg., $2.25. July Sale Price.. .. .. .. $1.39

Boys' 55c Pants

500 pairs Boys' Knee Pants, light weight tweeds, lined throughout, from 22 to 31 waist, regular value, 55c. July Sale Price.. .. .. .. 34c

Men's Straw Hats

25 Dozen Men's Large Size Straw Hats, fancy or plain. Reg. values from $1.00. July Sale price.. .. .. .. 7c

Clearance in Manchester Department

This department is being changed around considerably—giving a double cause for clearance prices.

100 Pieces 36-inch White Cotton, fine weave. Regular, 9c a yard. July Sale Price.. .. .. 6½c

150 Dozen Irish Linen Huck Towels, fringed or hemmed, plain or colored border, size, 18 x 36 inches. Regular price 30c pair; July Sale Price, 9 1-2c each, or per pair 18c

38 Pieces Fine Scotch Muslin, 42 inches wide, for dresses and aprons, extra fine texture. Regular, 23c yard. July Sale Price.. .. .. 14½c

5000 Yds. 15c to 22c Muslin for 8½c

Fancy Figured Muslins, Grenadines, Batiste, Grasset Lawns, etc., the leading color effects of the season. Regular values, 15c to 22c; for

1200 Yards 36 in. Jap. Silks, 29c

A purchase of 1,200 yards of 36-inch Japanese Silks, in black, cream, navy, sky, green, pink and yellow, new goods, fine quality, with extra finish. Regular value, 50c yard. An unprecedented value at the July Sale price. Per yard.. .. .. 29c

Black Silks

Black Silk Taffeta 33c
Black Paillette.. .. .. 40c
Black Jap. Silk.. .. .. 23c

A Gigantic Clearance of Summer Dress Goods at 29c

Shepherd's Checks, Black and White Broken Checks, All Wool, Panama Cloth, Cold, All Wool Voile, All Wool, Nuns' Veiling, French All Wool Challies, etc., etc., etc.

The season's popular colorings and weaves. Reg., 50c. qualities. July Sale price, per yd., 29c

Childrens' 89c to $1.50 Dresses, for 69c

216 Children's Dresses—odd lines, made of prints, percales, ginghams and chambrays, neatly trimmed and well made in every regard, reg. values 89c to $1.50. July Sale Price 69c

Ladies' $1.75 Corsets, for 98c

100 pairs only, Ladies' Latest Style Long Directoire Corsets, fine French Percale, 4 garters attached, regular $1.75 value. July Sale Price.. .. .. .. 98c

$2.00 Bread Trays, $1.29

12 only, Fine Silver-Plated Bread Tray, satin finish, heavy embossed ends; reg. $2.00. July Sale.. .. .. $1.29

Wash Belts, 9c

500 Fine White French Madras Wash Belts, detachable gilt or silver buckle, reg. 23c. July Sale Price 9c

35c Lisle Hose, 23c

Ladies' Plain Colored French Lisle Hose, reg. 35c value. July Sale Price pair 23c

30c Cotton Vests, 19c

Ladies' White Ribbed Cotton Vests, low neck, no sleeve or half sleeve; regular 30c.. July Sale Price 19c

THE GROCERY TAKES ITS PART

IN MAKING FRIDAY A RECORD BARGAIN DAY.

	Reg.	Fri.
Finest Creamery Butter		24c
Gran. Sugar, 20 lbs. $1.10		97c
Assorted Jams, C. & B.	25c	20c
Assorted Jellies, 3 pkgs.	30c	25c
Shredded Wheat, 2 pkgs. for.		25c
Corn Flake, 3 pkgs.	30c	25c
Soda Biscuits, 3 lbs.	30c	27c
Mixed Biscuits, 2 lbs.	25c	20c
Lyle's Golden Syrup	18c	16c
Ham or Tongue, 1 lb.	35c	30c

	Reg.	Fri.
Large Lemons, 3 doz.		30c
Finest Canadian Cheese	18c	15c
Corn Meal, Split Peas, Pot Barley, Whole White Peas, Rice, Graham Flour, Wheatine, 7 lbs. of any one of the above, for		25c
Grape Juice, 2 bottles	30c	25c
Lemonade Powder	15c	10c
Tomatoes, 1 doz. cans $1.10		95c

THE S. CARSLEY Co. LIMITED

LAST DAYS OF CONGRESS.

Journalism, Pure Food Supplies, and Forestry Among the Subjects Discussed

Toronto, June 30.—The climax of interest at the Congress of Women appeared to be attained yesterday.

Owing to the extraordinary interest manifested in the addresses to be delivered in the Literature Section, the audience yesterday afternoon was four or five times greater than the capacity of the hall first allotted for the section, and an adjournment was made to the spacious Convocation Hall, which was speedily crowded.

JOURNALISM IN AMERICA.

Mr. Arthur Stringer, a Canadian author, now resident in New York, gave his opinions upon newspaper editors. In opening, he said, 'When I told my wife that I was going to tell the Congress what I thought of editors, I received the startling reply, 'But how can you, Arthur, when ladies will be present.' (Laughter.)

The speaker said that in his view news editors were too near to the commercial editors to have ideals. The publications were issued as business enterprises. A New York editor told him that his idea of paradise would be 'to lie in bed on a Sunday morning, hear the birds sing, and know that we had the best and biggest murder in New York.'

Miss Agnes Laut, another Canadian from New York, said American editors had but two objects, to make their publications dollar producers, and influential. The first was regarded as imperative. The women of New York had found the way to influence the big papers. When a certain class of news was objected to in one case, the influential women waited on the management of some of the big departmental stores, who were induced to threaten to cancel their advertisements if the objectionable attitude of the papers was not changed. The women won the day by that effort.

PURE FOOD AND WATER.

Mrs. Edwin Gray, president of the National Council of Great Britain and Ireland, York, England, addressed the Health Department upon food values. Mrs. Gray exhibited a chart of food values for a scientific diet.

Attention was also called to the energy value attributed to alcohol. 'It will be seen,' said Mrs. Gray, 'that whiskey contains no true food stuff, and that beer contains very little. One pound of bread contains as much nourishment as a gallon of beer. It is now ascertained that alcohol, although consumed in the body, by dilation of the surface blood vessels causes a loss of heat which largely counterbalances its energy value. Alcohol is, correctly speaking, a narcotic poison, the use of which, even in the case of the milder drinks—especially apart from meals—is attended with injurious results. It is a mistake to think that stimulants are necessary to those doing hard work.'

Dr. Chas. Hodgetts read a paper written by Dr. Starkey, Montreal, emphasizing the dangers to public health of water pollution.

Mrs. Huestis, Toronto, gave an account of the assistance given by the Toronto Women's Council in securing water filtration for Toronto.

WOMEN'S INTEREST IN THE FORESTS.

In the careers for women section, light agricultural pursuits were advocated.

Mr. James Lawlor, secretary of the Canadian Forestry Association, said that at first sight it might appear that forestry was entirely outside of women's sphere, because of the rough character of the work in the woods. But in another aspect forestry appeals to women quite as much as men. Forestry means the development of the forest resources to their highest point of productiveness, and along with that the saving of the streams and the soil by regulating the flow of the water from the hills; it means the saving of water powers and the protection of inland navigation. Thus forestry directly affects the home, with its need of plentiful supply of pure water, of cheap light and heat (which we are to get more and more through the development of water powers), of cheap food supplies, and because of the use of wood in the structure of the home itself and its furnishings. In the United States these facts have so powerfully affected a number of women that they have gone out as pioneers in the new work of conservation.

The speaker strongly urged that immediate, concerted and determined action be taken by women to conserve the valuable forests of Canada.

BOARD OF CONTROL

REFERENDUM PROPOSAL TO BE LAID BEFORE CITY COUNCIL NEXT MONDAY.

The most important question relating to municipal affairs that has come up in Montreal in years will be brought to the fore at next Monday's meeting of the City Council, when Ald. L. A. Lapointe will move that the necessary steps be taken to refer the proposal to establish a civic board of control to the electors on Sept. 20.

In accordance with the act passed in the Legislature last spring, the three important questions to be submitted to the public are.

'Are you in favor of the reduction of the number of aldermen from two to one in each ward?'

'Are you in favor of a board of control elected by the people?'

'Are you in favor of a municipal board of public works appointed by the City Council?'

AFTER THE BANDITS

Men Who Killed Constable De... er Tracked to Old Mine.

Asheroft, B.C., June 30 (... probably two of the robbers ... up the Canadian P... ago at Ducks, ... rounded at a ... Asheroft. When ... the robbers ... Thompson River ... ed Asheroft, there ... One or three ... with a constable, ... his escape after ... officer, who died ... When the boat was ... day it contained three ... one disembarked above A... terday when the ... man from the boat ... was followed for four ... where he was appre... the third man. The ... been tracked to an ... at Red Gulch and they ... ably make their last ... probably well armed ... ed by bloodhounds ... tective Draper, of Sp... robber is a stranger ... He wore a hat he ... clothing house. ... valise full of dynamite ... the men intended to ... train.

Kamloops, B.C., June 30 ... and armed posse ... south of Asheroft to ... the bandit who shot ... stable Decker. He ... ment, as he is ... of hasty retreat. ... will fight to a finish, ... armed.

A woman named Clara ... police that she saw the ... ashore about two miles ... croft, and the police ... other hold up was on foot.

HONORED BY HARVARD

DEGREE OF PH.D. CONFERRED ON THE HON. W. L. MACKENZIE KING.

Cambridge, Mass., June 30.—... thousands of loyal alumni assembled ... with the first president emeritus in attendance, commencement at Harvard University today was a notable occasion. The lawns were thronged with graduates, students, teachers, and



THE HON. W. L. MACKENZIE KING.

parents and friends of the young men who today completed their studies ... the university. The usual ideal Harvard commencement weather prevailed.

The candidates for degrees in ... numbered 859. Among the ... ones was the Hon. W. L. ... King, Canadian Minister ... who received the degree of Ph.D. ... he earned.

Mr. King is accompanied ... bridge by Mr. F. A. ..., Deputy Minister of Labor in Canada, and they will together make a tour of the various labor departments in New England States before returning to Ottawa.

THOUGHT HE WAS LEON LING

OFFICER IN NICARAGUAN ARMY IS HIGHLY INSULTED.

New Orleans, June 30.—Lieut.-Colonel J. Alexander Pasos, of the Nicaraguan Army, who was mistaken for Leon Ling, the alleged slayer of Elsie Sigel and arrested here yesterday, declared that he will report the matter to the Nicaraguan Minister in Washington. Colonel Pasos arrived here yesterday from Washington, where he states he has been the guest of the Nicaraguan Minister.

CHINESE PIRATES CAPTURED

Honckong, June 30.—Fifty Chinese pirates were captured yesterday by the police in an untenanted house at Macao after a sharp fight, in which two pirates were wounded. A number of women were included in the number captured, and several kidnapped children were recovered.

TEES & CO.
Funeral Directors,
912 ST. CATHERINE W.
(Note change of Address.)

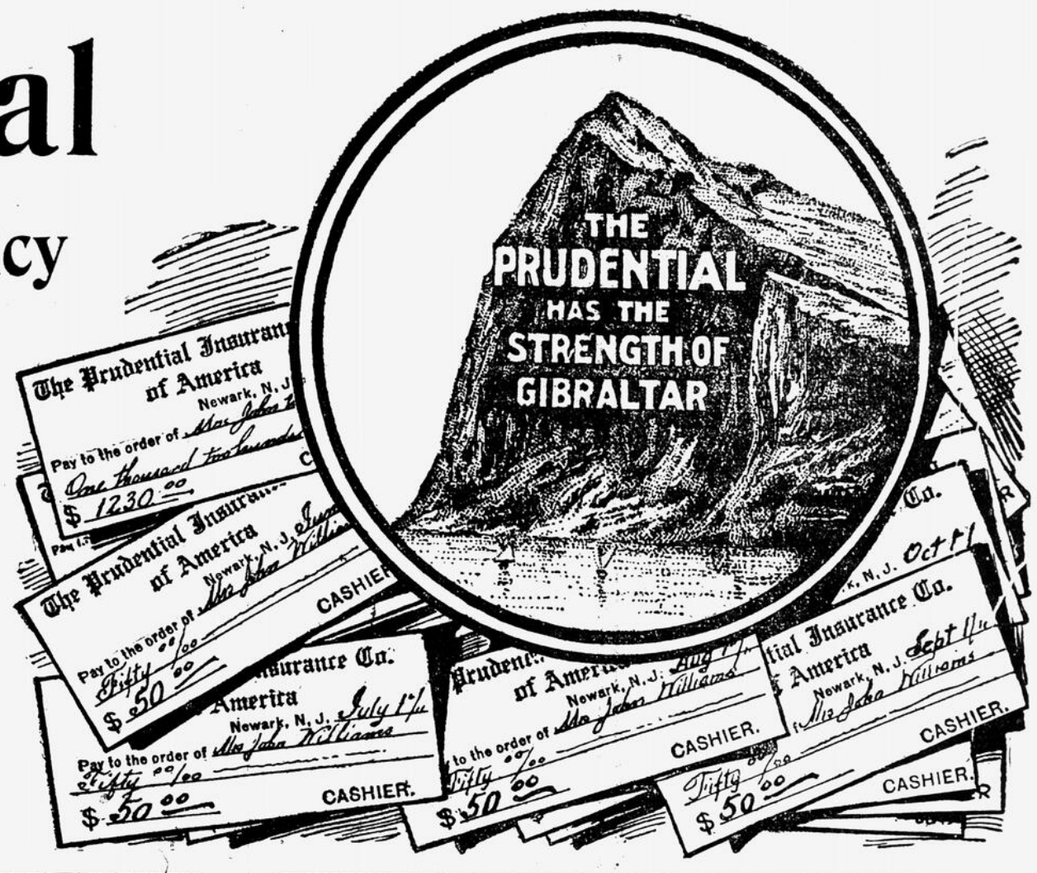
The Prudential

Newest Monthly Income Policy

Provides a Cash Payment at Death of Insured
and then
A Monthly Income to the Beneficiary for Life.

Income is paid for 20 Years, in any case, even though Beneficiary does not live that long.

The Greatest Life Insurance Protection Ever Offered to the Family.



The one kind of Life Insurance Policy of most practical value to Women and Children. It is the policy your wife would like, because it gives her a SURE MONTHLY INCOME FOR LIFE. This is the safest way to leave your life insurance. The Monthly Income can not be encumbered or depreciated. The principal can not be lost. All worry about safe investment is eliminated. The Income can be arranged for in multiples of $10 per month, up. Write for particulars and cost for you. Give both your age and age of beneficiary.

$1,230 cash and $50 a month for life,
Costs,
If age of Insured is 30, and Age of Beneficiary 25,
$221.40 per Year,
An average saving of $18.45 per month NOW

Ordinary and Industrial policies.
Ages 1 to 70.
Both sexes.
Amounts, $15 to $100,000.

THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA
Incorporated as a Stock Company by the State of New Jersey.
JOHN F. DRYDEN, President. HOME OFFICE, NEWARK, N.J.
Agents Wanted to write Industrial and Ordinary Life Insurance.
Good Income—Promotion—Best Opportunities—Now!

BRANCH OFFICES IN MONTREAL.
C. G. McAron, Supt., Eastern Townships Bank Building, Victoria Square, Montreal.
H. H. Decelles, Acting Supt., Suites 11 & 12, First Floor, "La Patrie" Building, Montreal. 123

Prudential Agents are now canvassing in this vicinity. They have a most vital story to tell of how Life Insurance has saved the home, protected the widow, and educated the children. Let them tell it to you.

HOW TO SPEND DOMINION DAY.

There are no public functions in Montreal for Dominion Day beyond the firing of a salute of twenty-one guns from the top of Mount Royal at noon, by the 2nd Battery of the Canadian Artillery. But numerous facilities are offered for spending an ideal holiday, picnics, and excursions without end being the order of the day.

The following are some of the attractions offering:—

THE DAY IN THE CITY.

There are special attractions at Dominion Park for Dominion Day. The International Order of Good Templars is holding a picnic on Mount Royal in the afternoon. Other picnic parties are announced for Ile Gros Bois, Bout de l'Ile, St. Helen's Island and other nearby re-

...ER ...S.

Richelieu & Ontario Navigation ...pany offers a very attractive pro... at reduced fares. Return tickets will be sold to all points on the line of the company at single first-class rates, leaving June 30 and July 1, and return limit July 2. Among the outings ... mentioned that to Lanoraie, the ...ious steamer 'Berthier' leaving ... on Dominion Day and returning Montreal at 8 p.m. The steamer ...dosme' will also leave for Vercheres at 2.30 p.m. on July 1, calling at Boucherville and Varennes, returning to the city at 8 p.m. The only special excursion of the year to the far-famed Saguenay river will be made on the steamer 'Irene,' leaving Montreal at 8 p.m. on June 30, and returning to the city at 6 p.m. on July 3, after a daylight sail up the river from Quebec.

EXCURSIONS BY RAIL.

The Intercolonial, Grand Trunk, and Canadian Pacific Railways are all offering round-trip tickets at single fare for the Dominion Day holiday, good going on June 30 and July 1, and returning July 2. On the Grand Trunk the train leaving Montreal at 8 a.m. and the one returning here at 7 p.m. will stop at Otterburn Park for the accommodation of picnickers. On the Canadian Pacific there will be special trains on the Ste. Agathe line, one leaving Windsor station at 8.45 a.m., and another at 9.15 a.m., with a return train arriving at Montreal at 10.30 the same day.

SPORTS OF THE DAY.

At 10.45 a.m., the baseball match between Rochester and Montreal will be commenced at Atwater Park. At two o'clock wickets will be pitched on the M.A.A.A. grounds in the league cricket match of Montreal vs. Victoria.

MORE McGILL DEGREES

NEW COURSES IN AGRICULTURE AND MUSIC THE FEATURE FOR NEXT SESSION.

...newly-issued calendar of McGill ...sity for the session of 1909-10 ... that in future, instead of sixteen ... in course and one honorary, ... will be now seventeen in course ... one honorary, the new degree being ... of Bachelor of Agricultural Science ... from Macdonald College, and ...entiate Diploma in Music.

...degrees, therefore, which can be ... at McGill now, are as follows:— ... B.Sc., M.A., M.Sc., B.Arch., B. ... M.D., C.M., M.D.S., D.D.S., ... Ph.D., D.Sc., D.Litt., Mus. ... Mus. Doc., B.S.A., all in course, ...the honorary LL.D.,

...the new degree in agriculture the ...date must take the full four ... course in agriculture, with all ...dant examinations. There are ... students at Macdonald College ...tend going on to this degree ...sion.

...degree of Mus. Bac. the candidate must have passed the following examinations:—(1) The matriculation examination; (2) the first examination in music, at the end of the first year; (3) the second examination in music, at the end of the second year; (4) the final examination.

For the degree of Mus. Doc. the candidate must be a Mus. Bac. of at least three years' standing, and may then proceed to the degree of Doctor of Music, the requirement for which is a composition in extended form, such as an oratorio, opera or cantata. This exercise must contain eight part writing and fugal treatment, and must be scored for a full orchestra, which original and unaided composition, if approved of, may be publicly performed by the candidate in the university or some other fit and proper place, at the discretion of the university. In addition, an examination in the higher forms of composition shall be necessary, together with a critical knowledge of the full scores of certain prescribed works.

Besides these, two musical degrees, there is a new diploma of licentiate in music obtainable. Candidates for this diploma may elect to be examined either in theodetical subjects and composition, practical subjects are performers, both theory and practice as teachers. The candidate must pass three examinations.

Besides English, French, German, the classics (Latin and Greek), and Hebrew, it is possible to study Sanscrit, Arabic, Italian and Spanish.

The session opens in all faculties and in the Conservatorium of Music on October 1, instead of, as in previous years, on September 21, while convocation will take place on May 11, instead of April 30. As usual, the annual university lecture will be delivered on the anniversary of the founder's birthday, October 6.

SECRETARY OF CONSERVATORIUM.

Mr. M. Waring Davis has resigned the secretaryship of the McGill Conservatorium of Music in order to practice as an optician. He is succeeded by M. C. M. MacFarlane, who is a graduate in arts of McGill University, having taken first-class honors and a special certificate in 1904.

UNITED STATES MONEY.

Some Street Car Conductors Refuse it Because Company Will Not Take it.

COMPANY DOES NOT HANDLE IT, BECAUSE BANKS WILL NOT ACCEPT IT AT PAR.

The inconvenience caused by the circulation of United States silver coin in this city is, perhaps, nowhere more apparent than on the street cars. Passengers are frequently heard expressing indignation and threatening to complain when the conductor shakes his head at a Yankee 'quarter,' and says, 'no good' in a tone that precludes all argument. But the limit of the passenger's self-control is often reached when the conductor, in making change for a bill that has been tendered to replace the rejected 'quarter,' sometimes slips in some of the foreign coin himself. Then there is likely to be a scene, because, as a rule, the passenger is ignorant of the trials of the custodian of the fare box.

On the complaint of a 'Witness' reader, inquiry was made at the street railway offices as to their present attitude towards United States money in view of the conditions above described.

It was stated that there is no rule laid down by the company forbidding its employees to take United States money, but the company will not accept it from the conductors in their returns, and this is just as effective. To save time and trouble the conductor often takes the forbidden token without protest, but he knows that he must give it out in change or replace it out of his own pocket, and on a busy run in summer, when the American tourists are numerous, it does not take him long to get stocked up to his capacity with American money. The first thing he does is to stop taking any more, and the next is to try to pass some of it off on somebody else, but if he applies both remedies to the same person, and that person happens to have an observing eye and a hasty temper, well——!

A street railway official, after stating the company's side of the question this morning, said that the only solution of the difficulty would be for the banks to accept United States coin at par, as they did for a while a year or two ago. The company is compelled to refuse or accept it at its face value from the conductors, as it has to pay a discount in presenting it at the bank.

THINKS SWEARING ALL RIGHT,

Providing the provocation equals the offence of Jones stepping on Smith's corns. Far better to use Putnam's Corn Extractor; it does cure corns and warts in one day without pain. Try 'Putnam's free from acids, and painless.

MYSTERY IN SALAD DRESSING.

(Chicago 'Post.')

In Washington the recent death of George W. Harvey, known since Lincoln's day for the rare food of his famous 'oyster house,' has recalled the following anecdote: 'On one occasion Mr. Harvey visited New York and his praises were sung by some of the prominent men who were his friends. A dispute ensued as to the merits of certain dishes, and a contest was arranged between Mr. Harvey and several famous New York chefs. The competition centred upon the mixing of a salad dressing. The jolly, fat judges watched the preparation carefully and observed that Mr. Harvey as a finishing touch took from his pocket a tiny vial, carefully uncorked it, poured a few drops into the dressing and set it before the arbiters. They tasted each dressing in turn, smacked their lips and puckered their brows. Then they declared that all the dressings were very fine, the most delectable that they had ever put to palate, but that about Mr. Harvey's dressing there was 'an—ah—indefinable something' which caused them to award it the prize.

'"George, what was it you put in that dressing?" asked one of Mr. Harvey's friends later.

'"Only water," he replied. 'I knew a little mystery would get 'em."'

AERIAL NAVIGATION

Count de Lambert Will Use a Wright Aeroplane in Crossing the Channel.

THE FIRST NEWSPAPER PRINTED IN A BALLOON.

Calais, France, June 29.—In the coming attempts to cross the English Channel, Count De Lambert will make use of a Wright aeroplane. Mr. Farman will use a new machine, like the one with which he made his celebrated flight from Chalons to Rheims, except that he has introduced an arrangement by which the alighting wheels give way and allow skids to bear the shock of the impact. He has introduced also lateral fine similar to those used by Latham on his monoplane. These insure greater stability. Latham will use his monoplane with which he recently has made a number of successful flights. He purposes starting from the top of a cliff, near Calais, and heading straight for the Admiralty pier at Dover.

The distance as the crow flies is 21.73 miles. There is much rivalry between the three aviators as to who will start first.

Hamilton, Ohio, June 29.—The first newspaper ever printed in a balloon was received in Butler county this afternoon, when a balloon from Dayton, passed over the western part of this county. The bag was equipped with a corps of newspaper men, and a printing press by a Dayton, Ohio, paper, and as it soared over the towns miniature copies of the paper printed in the balloon basket, were thrown to the ground.

When the balloon reached Wood's Station, eight miles east of Hamilton, copies were sent down, telling of an exciting experience four miles from Wood's Station, when it was said farmers fired at the balloon.

St. Louis, Mo., June 29.—While the big balloon 'Melba' was whipped helplessly to and fro by a sixty-mile gale in a dense cloud, 1,000 feet above the ear, John Berry and M. A. Heimann clung to the basket, and finally descended safely at Dock Hill, ten miles from St. Louis, whence they ascended.

Berry won the Indianapolis Distance Cup, while Heimann is learning to be a balloon pilot. On ascending they were carried swiftly to an altitude of 10,000 feet into a thunder-cloud, where the bag was dashed about. At times the balloon lay on a level with the basket as the wicker was pitched again by the careening gas bag. The balloonists pulled the emergency valve, and although the bag almost collapsed, the balloon was held up by the gale. Suddenly the wind ceased, and then the empty envelope shot downward, then formed a parachute and let the men to earth safely, except that Heimann sprained an ankle.

Washington, June 29.—After making three unsuccessful efforts to get his new aeroplane into the air today, Orville Wright made a short flight, encircling the fort Meyer aerodrome.

Lack of power, due to a loose sparker, was finally determined upon by the two Wrights as the cause of the refusal of the machine to fly for more than a few hundred feet beyond the end of the starting rail.

At 7.45 the final trial was started, and the machine rose to a height of about 15 or 20 feet, encircled the field, remaining in the air about fifty seconds, and landed almost immediately in front of the starting tracks.

MUSIC AND TYPEWRITERS.

(New York 'Times.')

Two days after the fire-proofing agent rented deskroom in the office of the patent medicine concern, he complained that he couldn't stand the noise.

'It isn't the noise from the street that bothers me so much,' he said. 'It's that confounded music box at the other end of the room.'

The manufacturer of patent medicines looked grave.

'When you malign that music box,' he said, 'you are slandering one of my most valuable assets. Without that my expenses would be increased at least $10 a week. I'd have to hire another typewriter. As an incentive to speed, music has no equal. It puts lightning into a girl's fingers. Of course, I am speaking of the right kind of music. I don't want any dead marches in Saul played around this establishment. I'd have to hire two extra clerks then instead of one, for slow music is sure to produce a soporific effect on the girls at the machine. It is the quick, and devilish tunes that make them knock stars out of a typewriter. Usually they keep time with the music and accomplish half as much again.

'I found out about the potency of music when I had an office next door to a phonograph exhibition room. Under the influence of the lively pieces played there my girls did stunts that were astonishing. When we moved away they slumped terribly. It took me some time to figure out that the music had been the source of their inspiration. As soon as I learned that, I bought this music box. It has been a profitable investment. Of course, if you are willing to pay a big enough rent to enable me to hire extra help—'

But the agent closed the conversation.

Weekly Calendar.

DOMINION PARK Fifty-seven varieties of fun to choose from.

TUG OF-WAR TO-NIGHT.—Royal Highlanders, No. 4 vs. National Breweries; Canada Car vs. Angus Locomotive.

DOMINION NIGHT.—Grand Display of Fireworks.
See "*FUN ON A BROOM HANDLE*". Street Cars run to gate.

TEN CENTS ADMISSION TEN CENTS.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30.

ART ASSOCIATION

Galleries of Paintings

—AND—

Work by Canadian Artists.

9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Admission 25c.

FUTURE MEETINGS.



Loyal Montreal Lodge

No. 3115 I. O. O. F., M. U.

On account of Dominion Day our Regular meeting will be held on July 8th, instead of July 1st.

By Order of the N.G.

MAILS FOR GREAT BRITAIN, EUROPE, ETC., CLOSED AT MONTREAL.

June.
30 9.00 a.m. La Provence, G.T. Atlantic.
* 6.15 p.m. " Supplementary.
July.
2 9.00 a.m. Philadelphia, American.
* 2 6.15 p.m. " Supplementary.
** 2 6.00 p.m. Empress of Ireland, C.P.R
** 3 12.30 p.m. Megantic, Dominion.

*Letters may be posted up to 6 p.m.; Other matter should be posted before 5 p.m.

**Letters are forwarded by these steamers; latest time of mailing is 5 p.m. on Friday and 11.45 a.m. on Saturday.

Letters for the above mails may be posted at Station B up to within 15 minutes, and at Station C up to within 30 minutes of the above mentioned hours of closing.

* Letters for Registration should be posted half an hour before closing of mail.

THE THRILLS OF LION HUNTING.

In the last three months two men have lost arms, and almost their lives, riding lions. In both cases the same mistake was made. They pressed the beast too closely. No horse can turn or stop as can a cat. I have seen a cheetah I was riding—an animal very much faster than any lion—actually stop in its very stride. It was as though its claws were glued to the earth. It did not seem possible that such a sudden halt could be made by anything that ran. Nor can any other beast show the desperate speed of a cat for a few yards' distance. Mr. Percivale, the game warden of the Protectorate, who has probably ridden more lions than any other man in the country, tells me that he, though well mounted, was once almost pulled down by a lion that he had ridden into cover. He, too, on that occasion came too close, the lion for some reason or other dispensed with all the usual preliminaries and rushed at him. He turned his horse as quickly as he could and rode for his life. He had quite fifty yards' start, and yet he believes that, had he not fired his heavy revolver into the face of the lion when it was almost on his horse's hind quarters, both he and the horse would have been pulled down. Mr. Percivale was alone. There was no other horse or hunter near to divide the lion's attention. This perhaps, may account for its very unusually rapid and deadly attack.

Hoey was attacked by three lionesses, near the Rock. The only provocation he had given them was that two hours before he had shot the lion of the band. He was riding back to his camp, unarmed, having left his rifle with his gunbearer, who was skinning the lion he had killed. The three saw him from a distance of quite two hundred yards, and pressed him hard for a quarter of a mile. He was riding the same fast mule that I rode, and so outran them.

There are one or two things that any man riding lions would do well to remember.

First, it is not well to follow a lion or lions into cover if you are on horseback, not even into thin cover. Once you have chased a lion, it is very different from the beast that rapidly slinks away from you, when you are hunting on foot. In this last case it instinctively knows it can get away if it cares to. In the former it finds you have its pace, and, resenting that, will attack with determination. The second lion Hoey and I rode had every chance to walk into the impenetrable stronghold of the river grass if it had wanted to. The grass grew thickly not twenty yards from where the lion was first hit. But it did not want to do anything of the sort, and, angered by the long, hard chase, cast all idea of further retreat behind and came boldly away from the covert it had striven so strenuously to gain.

Secondly, the man who does the shooting must dismount without delay or hesitation. He must quickly choose his place, fixing it in his mind as he gallops us—if possible, a spot from which he can command the lion for a few yards every way, and on which he can plump down. If there is no such place, of course, he must stand up and shoot. All delay is dangerous. Get the beast before it rushes in. Any cool hunter can knock a standing lion out with one shot at one hundred yards or less. No living man can be sure of hitting a charging, snarling embodiment of death. —Dr. W. S. Rainsford, in the 'World's Work.'

SILENT TREAD OF THE TIGER

WHEN HE KILLS—EFFECT OF HIS ROAR ON SMALLER BEASTS.

(Algernon Durand, in London 'Times.')

I have seen a tiger sitting up a hundred yards from me in the sunlight washing his face like a cat, move a couple of steps into the shade and fade away like the Cheshire Cat in 'Alice in Wonderland'; but what is more extraordinary is that he can 'move without some dry leaf or stalk crackling to betray him.'

Often in a beat in the middle of the hot season the inexperienced sportsman's heart is in his mouth as he hears the crushing of a dead leaf, the slow, stealthy tread of what seems some heavy animal, but it is only 'moa,' the peacock, the first to move ahead of the beaters. Then after a period of strained watching, when the eye can and does detect the move of the tiniest bird, the quiver of a leaf, suddenly without a sound the great beast stands before you. He does not always care to move quietly, but when he does death is not more silent.

The question of how a white or otherwise abnormally marked tiger can take its prey is simplified by the fact that as a general rule the tiger kills at night or at dawn or dusk and that it is only the cattle killing tiger who takes his lordly toll of the village cattle by day.

Again that wonderful voice, the most mournful sound in captivity, 'which literally hushes the jungle and fills the twilight with horror,' is a powerful aid to him in his hunting. Often as I have heard it, the memory of one occasion is as vivid as the moment when it held me spellbound. I was stalking sambhur in the evening in a glade in the forest when suddenly from not fifty yards above me rang out a long, low, penetrating moan which seemed to fill the jungle with a terrifying thrill and for a moment made the heart stand still.

The native shikari, knew something of jungle ways, believes that the deer, hearing the tiger's voice and unable from the reverberating nature of the sound to locate the position of their enemy, stand or lie still and so give him the chance of stalking his prey. There is probably some truth in this, for unless you are following the tiger and have seen him it is almost impossible from the sound alone to tell with any certainty where he is.

AUTOMOBILE RACES

PROGRAMME FOR FORTHCOMING MEETING AT BLUE BONNETS RACE COURSE.

The following is the programme of events to take place at the automobile race meeting, to be held at the Blue Bonnets race course on Friday, July 9 and Saturday, July 10:

Friday—July 9.

Event No. 1—Time trials against world's mile record of 51 seconds.

Event No. 2—Three miles, gasoline stock cars, selling, $1,200 or less.

Event No. 3—Five miles, gasoline stock cars, selling, $2,001 and including $3,000.

Event No. 4—Five miles, gasoline stock cars, selling, $3,001 to and including $4,000.

Event No. 5—Ten mile handicap, gasoline stock cars.

Event No. 6—Five miles, gasoline stock cars, selling, $4,001 and over.

Event No. 7—Five miles, free-for-all, best two out of three heats, not more than three cars to compete in each heat.

Event No. 8—Five mile handicap, open to members of Automobile Club of Canada.

Event No. 9—Twenty-five miles, gasoline stock cassis, 60 horse power and under.

Saturday—July 10.

Event No. 10—Time trials against world's mile record of 51 seconds.

Event No. 11—Three miles, gasoline stock cars, selling, $1,200 or less.

Event No. 12—Ten miles, gasoline stock cars, selling, $4,001 and over.

Event No. 13—Free-for-all, best two out of three heats, not more than three cars to compete in a heat.

Event No. 14—Five miles, gasoline stock cars, selling, $2,001 to and including $3,000.

Event No. 15—100 miles, gasoline stock chaissis, 60 horse power and under.

The committee for the races consists of the following: Mr. Clarence F. Smith, chairman, and Messrs. F. H. Anson and Wm. Carruthers. Mr. Geo. A. McNamee, secretary-treasurer.

Mr. U. H. Dandurand, vice-president of the Automobile Club of Canada, has been appointed to be one of the judges at the races.

STARS WILL PLAY IN HULL

For the match with Hull to-morrow, the Star A. A. A. Baseball Club will leave Windsor Station by the 8.30 o'clock train to-morrow morning.

Readers can have the 'Daily Witness' at summer resorts in Canada or the United States for only 25 cts. per month.

SPORTING NEWS

ROYALS WON BOTH GAMES

Yesterday's Victory Moved Locals Up Another Peg.

The Royals won both games of the double header with Toronto at Atwater Park yesterday afternoon, making five straight from the Maple Leafs.

By the double victory the Royals passed Toronto in the race, and now they are only two games below Buffalo in second place.

Keefe's pitching feat in the first game was the feature of the double victory. Not a hit was made off his sharp curves till after one man was out in the ninth inning.

Montreal secured a flying start in the second game by timely hitting, followed by Kellogg's wildness. After being five runs behind Toronto came strong towards the finish, getting four singles and a triple in the last two innings, but Savidge stopped the rally when another hit would have done a lot of damage.

A telegram from President Powers, incidentally suspending the Toronto Club's manager because of his treatment of Umpire Stafford on his home grounds last Saturday kept Kelly in the background yesterday, and he watched the games from the club house.

Score by innings, first game—
Toronto .. ..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Montreal .. ..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 x—2

Summary—Two base hits, Colvin, Krichell; first base on errors, Toronto, 2; Montreal, 1; left on bases, Toronto, 4; Montreal, 3; stolen bases, O'Neil, Mullen; sacrifice hits, Joyce, Casey, Keefe; struck out, by Keefe, 5; by Rudolph, 2; hit by pitcher, by Keefe, 2; passed ball, Krichell, 1. Time, 1.45.

Score by innings, second game—
Toronto .. ..0 0 1 0 0 0 0 3 0—4
Montreal .. ..3 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 x—6

Summary—Three base hits, Frick, Grimshaw; two base hits, Casey, Savidge, O'Neil; first base on errors, Montreal, 1; left on bases, Toronto, 6; Montreal, 9; double plays, Corcoran to Colvin to Cockill, Kellogg to Houser; sacrifice hits, Jones, Cockill, Savidge; struck out, by Kellogg, 3; by Savidge, 2; bases on balls, off Kellogg, 5; off Savidge, 1; wild pitch, Kellogg; passed ball, Starnagle. Time, 2 hours. Umpire, Stafford. Attendance, 2,100.

EASTERN LEAGUE RESULTS.
Rochester 6, Buffalo 1.
Baltimore 4, Newark 3.
Newark 7, Baltimore 2.
Providence 6, Jersey City 3.

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Rochester	35	22	.614
Buffalo	31	29	.517
Newark	29	28	.509
Baltimore	31	30	.508
Providence	27	28	.491
Montreal	27	29	.482
Toronto	27	33	.450
Jersey City	24	32	.429

TO-DAY'S GAMES.
Toronto at Montreal.
Buffalo at Rochester.
Jersey City at Providence.

AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS.
Detroit 3, Cleveland 2; Philadelphia 9, Boston 0; St. Louis 2, Chicago 1; Washington 3, New York 1; New York 11, Washington 3.

Standing—Detroit, Philadelphia, Boston, Cleveland, New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS.
Pittsburg 8, Chicago 1; Philadelphia 4, Boston 3; New York 4, Brooklyn 2.

Standing—Pittsburg, Chicago, New York, Cincinnati, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Brooklyn, Boston.

YALE WON FROM HARVARD.
Yale beat Harvard 4 to 0 yesterday afternoon, and the tie for the championship will be played off in New York on Saturday.

RACE HORSES IDLE

AS RESULT OF ANTI-GAMBLING CRUSADE IN JAPAN.

San Francisco, June 29.—The anti-gambling crusade which has swept over Japan and caused the closing of sixteen racetracks, has left hundreds of high class horses stranded. These facts are given by Mr. J. J. M. Carst, a business man of Yokohama, just arrived in this city.

'After the war racing became very popular in Japan, and in the other Oriental countries,' he said; 'in Japan the game was played on a large scale. At some of the race meetings a million dollars would pass through the hands of the bookmakers. Then came the crusade followed by the decree forbidding gambling on race tracks. The horse owners were hard hit.'

Plans have been made to have meetings at Vladivostok, where betting is still permitted.

KAISER'S YACHT WON

THE 'METEOR' STEERED BY HIS MAJESTY IN RACE AT ECKERNFOERDE.

Kiel, June 29.—The Emperor William's 'Meteor,' steered part of the time by His Majesty himself, won the fifty-one mile race to Eckernfoerde to-day, covering the distance in 5 hours and 10 minutes. 'Germania' was second in 5 hours and 30 minutes, and 'Iduna,' owned by the Empress, was third. The racers were accompanied by a large fleet of yachts.

SPORTS AT KNOWLTON

TO BE HELD TO-MORROW, WHEN TWO LONG DISTANCE RACES WILL BE RUN.

Sports will be held at Knowlton to-morrow, the chief events to be decided being the three mile race at 10 a.m. and the 8 5-8 mile race an hour later. Runners and friends of the Independent Harrier League, who are going to Knowlton, and who miss this afternoon's train, can catch the 7.25 Halifax Express from Windsor Station, leaving this train at Foster and from there driving by vehicle to Knowlton.

MINTO CUP RETAINED

By New Westminster Who Again Beat Tecumsehs Yesterday.

Vancouver, B.C., June 29.—By scoring a total of twelve goals against nine in two matches, the champion New Westminster lacrosse twelve retains the Minto cup, emblematic of the world's championship. On Saturday last they defeated the famous Tecumsehs, of Toronto, champions of the National Lacrosse Union, by a score of 6 goals to 4, and this afternoon they scored another half dozen goals, while the Indians failed to overcome the lead, though scoring to within one of Westminster's total to-day.

After the match was over, Charlie Querrie, manager of the Tecumsehs, was the first man to congratule the champion Royals. 'We have no excuses to offer,' declared Querrie to the newspaper men. Continuing, he said: 'The best team won, and they deserve to keep the trophy. We did our best, that's all there is to it, and I don't think any other club will get that mug for a while to come. They are the fastest men we have ever played against.'

The match, while brilliant at times, was not as fast as Saturday's exhibition, which was probably due to the fact that the checking was closer, and the players put up a stubborn game throughout. The defence held their checking down closely, and it was only the ability of the New Westminster field to carry the ball in on the Tecumsehs' defence that saved the day for the Westerners. The men in the field accomplished the trick, although the Indians displayed better all round form to-day, and made the champions extend themselves to the limit.

The match was very clean, and although six men were ruled off, the offences were not serious. The second and third quarters were the fastest of the match, both teams doing some great fielding, while the combination at times was marvellous, and the dazzling work of both homes had the opposing defences guessing.

Tecumsehs' efforts in the last half were brilliant. They attempted everything in an effort to get within range of goal, but the Royals' defence was too steady.

LACROSSE MATCHES

SHAMROCKS TO PLAY CAPITALS, AND MONTREAL OPPOSE CORNWALL TO-MORROW.

The match between Shamrock and Capitals, to take place at Ottawa to-morrow, is exciting great interest, although in Montreal it is generally believed that the Irishmen will vanquish their old opponents.

What change will be made in the Shamrock team is not yet definitely known, but it is stated that Brennan will be moved to outside home, while Hogan or Hyland may be removed from their present playing positions.

On Saturday the Shamrocks play on their own grounds with Toronto as their opponents.

Referees have not been decided on yet, but the Shamrocks have submitted the names of Desse Brown, J. Mercier, J. Shea and W. Foran.

Cornwall, June 29.—The Cornwall lacrosse team, while stunned by last Saturday's avalanche of goals from the Toronto team, are bracing up to have another shot at the N.L.U. championship. Their position to-day is no worse than it was a year ago, and they hope to have no more off days. At this afternoon's practice no less than ten of last Saturday's team fwere in uniform, and had a good workout in the sun. It is reported that a couple of the players have hung up their sticks for good. The Montreal team will play here on Thursday afternoon, and this game will show whether Cornwall had an off day last Saturday or are going back. Before the game there will be 10 mile ree open to all amateurs. This will start at 2.15 pm. sharp. There will be a regatta in the evening.

CYCLIST RODE TOO FAST

Salt Lake City, June 29.—Harley Giles, the holder of five amateur bicycle records, is dead, at his home here from heart trouble, caused, the doctors believe, by the strain of his track work. Giles was 22 years old.

COMING TO MONTREAL

WINNIPEG'S POLO TEAM TO TAKE PART IN TOURNAMENT IN SEPTEMBER.

Winnipeg, Man., June 29.—Winnipeg will hold a polo tournament early in September for the trophy presented to the Winnipeg Club by the Earl of Winterton. Eastern teams are expected to compete, and after the tournament a strong team will be sent to Montreal to represent Winnipeg there in the tournament at the end of September.

DOMINION DAY CRICKET

LEAGUE MATCH BETWEEN MONTREAL AND VICTORIA ON M.A.A.A. GROUNDS.

In the league cricket match to be played on the M.A.A.A. grounds to-morrow between Montreal and Victoria, the following will represent the city club:

E. P. Wallace (Capt.), O. Wallace, E. H. Thompson, C. N. Racker, E. C. Smith, F. Guard, T. Stinson, G. MacDermot, T. B. Motherwell, G. Morris and J. De Pass.

Wickets will be pitched at two o'clock.

ACOOSE DEFEATED

BY MEADOWS IN FIFTEEN MILE RACE AT WINNIPEG.

Winnipeg, June 29. — Meadows, of Guelph, Ont., to-night succeeded in beating Paul Acoose, the Indian from Grenfell, Sask., in a 15 mile race by nearly 200 yards. Sellen, of Toronto, went away at the start at a fast clip, and maintained the lead till the thirteenth mile was passed. Meadows then shot to the front, and held his lead to the end. Acoose finished strong, but Meadows had too big a lead.

THE GOLF CHAMPIONSHIPS

'Witness' Readers May Have Results Telegraphed Direct From the Links.

In connection with the forthcoming Dominion Golf Championships which are taking place on the links of the Toronto Golf Club, June 25 to July 3, inclusive, the 'Witness' has arranged to forward the result of both the amateur and the open championships to any golfer direct from the links immediately on the conclusion of each event. Secretaries of golf clubs and others interested may thus have the desired information a few minutes after the events have been decided, by forwarding name and address with express money order to defray telegraph tolls, to 'The Sporting Editor, Montreal 'Daily Witness,' care of C.P.R. Telegraph Company, Toronto.

The result of the open championship will be known about five o'clock on Saturday, July 3.

Toronto Golf Club, June 30.—With the defeat of T. B. Reith, of Beaconsfield, yesterday afternoon by the large margin of 7 up and 5 to play, the last hope of eastern golfers has vanished, and the championship final is left to be played by two Toronto clubmen, W. Legge and G. L. Moss. Reith's defeat was hardly unexpected, as rumor had gained ground that in his match with his club mate, E. R. L. Henry-Anderson, in the morning, he was playing a rather unsteady game.

The morning rounds furnished several surprises, G. L. Moss being 4 up and 2 on A. E. Austin. Yet Mr. Moss is playing splendid golf at present, and many thought that he would win. T. B. Reith gained a big victory from E. R. L. Henry-Anderson, but was lucky in winning as he did. W. M. Rickie's win from the Royal Montreal player, C. B. Grier, was also expected. But the match of the morning was between the two Toronto clubmen, E. Legge and W. G. Laird. It was carried to the twenty-first hole before being concluded, and fine golf was witnessed.

In the afternoon the gallery followed the second match, that between Legge and Rickie, and it was a fine game to watch. T. B. Reith fell easily before L. G. Moss, who played perfect golf. He at once took command with a run three at the first, and although Reith made attempts to hold him, nothing could stop the victor, and after gaining the eighth hole in four Reith could do nothing, and Moss won by 7 and 5 on the thirteenth green.

The other match, between Legge and Rickie, was a different affair. The match started off in a disappointing manner, the Toronto player securing the first four holes before Rickie managed to stay him. Rickie was in trouble at all those holes, being in the rough at all of them, and driving out of bounds at the third. At the 'Punch bowl' Legge was on the green from the tee, Rickie being short and failing to get up. At the fifth the Lambton man was able to hold his own for the first time, managing to secure a half here. The sixth was also halved in five, both missing short putts, the feature being a magnificent drive and brassy by Legge. Legge sliced badly, going to the seventh. He got a lucky kick though and remained on the course. Rickie was o nthe green in his drive, and Legge gave up the hole. Rickie had luck at the eighth. His ball would have been out of bounds but it struck the fence, and bounded out. He was in the 'Armchair' in his second, and Legge failed to get up. He just missed a long putt for a half, however, and the hole went to Laird.

Rickie sliced going to the ninth, but was not punished. His second was short. He approached well, and his putt just rimmed the hole. Legge got well away, and playing carefully got down handily in four. Legge 3 up at the turn.

The tenth was a half in five, both players getting into trouble. Leckie was in the trap on his second, while Rickie was in the rough beyond the hole. Both recovered well and were down in two strokes more.

The eleventh fell to Rickie. Both were well up in three, but Legge missed a putt for a half in five. Legge 2 up.

Both got into the rough at the twelfth and Legge took three strokes to get to the fair green, from the fence Rickie's ball was clear and Legge gave up the hole. Legge 1 up.

Legge took the next owing to faulty putting on the part of Rickie, and was 2 up. The next hole found both players in trouble, and a half in six was the result.

Legge was irresistible at the fifteenth, laying his approach putt dead, and he won handily in three, getting ory three on the match.

The match came to a sudden conclusion by Rickie losing his ball in the gulley, which lost him the hole, and the result was: Legge, 4 up and 2 to play.

The day's results were as follows:—

Morning—Championship:

G. L. Moss, Toronto, beat A. E. Austin, Lambton, 4 up and 2 to play.

T. B. Reith, Beaconsfield, beat E. R. L. Henry-Anderson, Beaconsfield, 6 up and 4 to play.

W. M. Rickie, Lambton, beat C. B. Grier, Royal Montreal.

E. Legge beat W. G. Laird, on the twenty-first green.

First consolation:
Gerald Lee, Orillia, beat Saunders, Rosedale, 3 up and 2 to play.
C. E. Levesconte, Montreal, beat Gordon, Quebec, 4 up and 3 to play.
H. W. Edgar, Toronto, beat Robinson, Rosedale, 3 up and 2 to play.
Second consolation:
J. Ferguson, Lambton, beat Ross, Toronto, 3 up and 2 to play.
J. C. Brown, Montreal, beat Grier, Outremont, 2 up and 1 to play.
Alex Watson, Lambton, beat H. Angus, Montreal, 3 up and 2 to play.
F. G. Peters, Toronto, beat J. O. Mitchell, Montreal, 2 up and 1 to play.
Third consolation:
J. E. Bastin, Beaconsfield, beat Powell, St. Catharines, 3 up and 2 to play.
Afternoon—Championship:
G. L. Moss, Toronto, beat Beaconsfield, by 7 up and 5 to play.
E. Legge, Toronto, beat Lambton, by 4 up and 3 to play.
Other afternoon matches were:
First consolation:
Gerald Lee, Orillia, beat Jr., Rosedale, 4 up and 3 to play.
C. E. Levesconte, Montreal, beat Gordon, Quebec, 4 up and 2 to play.
H. W. Edgar, Toronto, beat Second consolation:
J. E. Bastin, Beaconsfield, beat Lambton, 3 up and 2 to play.
G. Peters, Toronto, beat will take results in the

THE ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Royal Montreal Golf Association will be held this evening in the club house. The hearts for the election of officers and on other business connected with the club, will be received up to the date of the meeting, which will be held at the club house. Those in favor of the proposed change believe that the club will benefit by the change, as the close of the golf season will be earlier, and financial matters will be settled earlier, and the annual meeting would be held at an earlier date. The original date will be fixed for the second Thursday in October, as there is strong opposition to the present date, as the last two quarters, and the hard roads in November and December. Dec. 1 is certainly an unfavorable date, as contended by those who favor the present date, as the course is left as they stand at the end of November, when there is usually more variable weather to be met with.

RANELAGH GOLF CLUB

The handicap committee of the Ranelagh Golf Club announces the following events:

July 1—Qualifying round.
July 3—First round of match play.
July 10—Second round of match play.
July 17—Third round of match play.
July 24—Final round of match play.
July 31—Pewter competition.
Aug. 7—Qualifying round, Wayagamack cup.
Aug. 14—First round, Wayagamack cup.
Aug. 21—Second round, Wayagamack cup.
Aug. 28—Third round, Wayagamack cup.
Sept. 4—Final round, Wayagamack cup.
Sept. 11—Pewter competition.

The committee also hopes to be able to arrange for a match with another club in September.

OUTREMONT MAPLE LEAF A.A.A.

The first weekly handicaps of the Outremont Maple Leaf A.A.A. were held on Monday evening, and although there were not very many entries, all the events were very closely contested. In the 100 yards event, Burke beat out Adamson by inches only. There was a large attendance of the supporters of the club, both ladies and gentlemen.

The following is a summary of the events:

100 yards, handicap: 1, W. S. Adamson; 2, A. R. Graham.

Standing broad jump: 1, H. W. McKenzie; 2, A. R. Graham; 3, W. S. Adamson. Distance, 9 ft 6 in., handicap.

880 yards, handicap: 1, W. S. Adamson; 2, H. W. McKenzie; 3, W. J. Adamson.

The officials were: Starter, Mr. H. W. McKenzie; Mr. J. H. S. Parkin; Mr. J. N. McCuaig; clerk of course, Mr. Harvey Graham; judges, Mr. L. A. McKenzie and Mr. Harvey Graham.

CAPABLANCA'S MASTERY

DEFEATED TWELVE AND DREW WITH THREE AT WESTMOUNT CHESS CLUB.

At the Westmount Chess Club last night, Jose R. Capablanca, the great chess expert, played fifteen games, winning twelve and drawing three.

The players who succeeded in getting draws were Mrs. Cole, F. Munn and Dr. Carter. Among those defeated was Mr. Joseph Sawyer, Canadian champion, the others being Messrs. A. Cartier, W. Wheeler, Luther, C. R. Davis, E. Pare, Fulton, R. Cabana, J. S. Lee, W. Sy and W. Spaull.

Mr. Capablanca will play again to-night at the rooms of the Westmount Club in Victoria Hall.

ENGLISH
DRY GINGER ALE
—AND—
SODA WATER.
SCHWEPPES
IS THE ORIGINAL AND UNIVERSAL BRAND.

VIRMOUNT SCHOOL CLOSING

Virmount Model School (Montreal ...) closing exercises took place on different days this year. The increase in the number of pupils made it impossible to have an assembly room large enough for a general ... so the kindergarten department one day, the primary the next, and elementary the third. The proceedings commenced at 2 p.m. Mr. ..., one of the trustees, presided ... primary closing, and Mr. H. ..., chairman of the board, presided at the elementary closing. Mr. ..., the other trustee, also being ... on the third day. Thirteen ... were given—all for punctuality. ... first prize, a valuable fountain pen, ... awarded to Miss Mabel Neville, ... daughter of Councillor Neville, for a record of "never late and never absent in five years." The other twelve prizes consisted of volumes of poetry by Longfellow, Burns and Tennyson. Following are the results of the June examinations in elementary and primary grades in order of merit by marks. Those whose marks do not appear passed unranked:

ELEMENTARY IV.

(Maximum marks, 1,100.)

... Bromby, 1,087; Harry Bowen, ... Muriel Jackson and Fanny Rat... 1,067; Edna Bowden, 1,054; Iris ... 1,053; Marguerite Ritchie, 1,... Frank Redfern, 1,040; Bessie Sav... 1,036; Stewart McFarland, 1,033; ... Corran and Annie Hounslow, ... Edith Darbyson, 1,023; Roy Mel... 1,020; Gerald Goodchild, 1,017; ... Ramsay, 1,016; Max Goldman, ... Ralph Smart, 1,006; Emma Simp... 998; Harold Brown, 992; Gay ... and Dorothy Vipond, 984; ... Cully, 975; Cherry Lloyd, 974; ... Belair, 969; Bertie Snyder, 959; ... McKenzie, 957; Olga Massey, ... Gordon Candlish, 936; Leslie Buck... 935; Warren Demerse, 932; ... Dumeresq, 928; Clinton Clark, 924; ... Bruneau, 918; Grace Shill, 912; ... Champion, 906; Robert Robertson, ... Hazel Trott, 888; Ruth MacDonald, ... Ethelyn Chaffee and Charlie Whit... 885; Dorothy Owen, 884; Stuart ... 872; Edith Gordon and Fran... Haberer, 853; Ettie Graham, Al... Beeler, Thelma Wheeler, Dorothy ... burg.

GRADE III.—ELEMENTARY.

(Maximum, 1,100.)

... Rorke, 1,060; Jessie Smith, ... Edith Damaresq, 1,018; Isaac Peoz... 1,037; Mabel Barlow, 1,036; Elea... Millar, 1,033; Elna Lagowitz, 1,032; ... Finlayson, 1,024; Jennie David... 1,024; Agnes Thompson, 1,020; Iso... Binning, 1,010; Lida Wand, 1,014; ... Maxbury, 1009; Harold Clendin... 1,003; Richard Keep, 1,002; James ... 992; Nellie McDonald, 990; Hazel ... 988; Daisy Hawker, 985; Elfreda ... 984; Myrtle Carmichael, 981; ... Stinson, 981; Violet Little, 980; ... Small, 977; Jack Cairns, 977; ... Shapiro, 976; Cecil Champion, 975; ... Rough, 974; Ruby Kerr, 973; ... Sharpe, 970; Sam. Fleishman, 970; ... Bowen, 968; Allan Robinson, 968; ... Heissner, 963; Arthur Rogerson, ... Norma Cooper, 959; Florence Car... 954; Harry Benewick, 952; Gladys ... 946; Benjamin Yatkowsky, ... Walter Stuart, 938; Clarence Mor... 933; Muriel Huckle, 932; Muriel Ea... 927; James Wighton, 924; Herbert ... 923; Maud Riddell, 922; Lloyd ... 916; Herman Bodie, 913; Harold ... 911; John Furgesson, 908; Vio... Smallman, 908; Jacob Sussman, 907; ... Wilson, 905; John Weeks, 899; ... Hobson, 898; Jacob Tarantow, ... Vera Sportsman, 893; Harold Mer... 881; Ethel Lang, 875; George Moo... 872; Diamonds Camp, 859; Gordon Osborne, 840; Irving Barry, 812; Jane Monette.

GRADE II.—ELEMENTARY.

(Maximum marks, 1,000.)

Edgar Hasley, 980; Isobel Young, 979; Edith Staines, 972; Edith Gibbons, 965; Carl Jackson, 965; Winnie Rorke, 957; Thelma Rough, 951; Eric Swift, 949; Ralph Boardman, 949; Florence Tomalty, 945; John Paton, 944; Reggie Webb, 944; Irene Butler, 942; Fred Hrt, 941; Frank Mott, 936; Harold Ashdown, 936; Lloyd Miller, 934; Annie Simpson, 931; Frank Buckle, 931 Willie Watts, 928; Clifford Murphy, 928; Adolph Epstein, 928; Donald McLeod, 923; Ritchie Hayward, 922; Lloyd Howard, 921; Bertie Darbyson, 920; Maurice Peiler, 917; Dorothy Keep, 917; Lorne Eaton, 914; Percy Watson, 914; Joe Druker, 912; Violet Conway, 912; Georgia Randall, 912; Ruby Macaulay, 910; Fred Mann, 910; Louisa Fraser, 903; Regina Herschofitch, 901; Lillian Philpot, 901; Elsie Vipond, 897; Edna Bowden, 895; Milton Percy, 894; Vivian Strachan, 894; Marion Walsh, 890; Russell Stone, 890; Pearle Rowell, 887; Ruby Rowell, 886; Harry Morrant, 878; Holly Goodbody, 878; Willie Walsh, 869; Allan Cuthbert, 869; Lillian Lewthwaite, 867; Emidie Mundato, 867; Lilly Shaw, 866; Israel Sandelofsky, 858; Ranona Granda, 854; Ada Kerr, 844; Aldythe Brown, 844; Walter Belair, 839; Willie Gumley, 833; Annie Torontow, 833; John Pounden, 824; Willie Richardson, 820; Earl Ledden, 819; Beatrice Lillay, 804; Thomas Pounden, 801; Charlie Lewis, 799; Charles Herschofitch, 770; Rachel Abraham, 744; Annie Monette, 744; Dora Sussman, 736; George Smallman, 703; Muriel Murphy, Philemon Bouelin, Donald Hamilton, Dorothy Bancroft, Wilfred Earle.

GRADE I.—ELEMENTARY.

(Maximum 1,100.)

Nettie Kirsch, 1,090; Kathleen Lockwood, 1,081; Gladys Clapham, 1,066; Leslie Batho, 1,065; Douglas Belair, 1,056; Stanley Coté, 1,053; Joseph Shapiro, 1050; Elsie McNeil, 1,049; Mary Finnie, 1,048; Victor Demers, 1,046; Lillian Cole, 1,043; jFIUIH fiiatletaom Dorothy Jones, 1,046; Lillian Cole, 1,043; Cecil Carmichael, 1,043; Marjory Blachford, 1,043; Lilly Hamilton, 1,043; Myrtle Cardiff, 1,042; Ethelwyn Holland, 1,041; Max Plotnick, 1,040; Lila Muir, 1,038; Nora Goodchild, 1,037; Charlotte Hart, 1,037; Paul Detlefs, 1,034; Minnie Epstein, 1,034; Harry Sharpe, 1,032; Ruth Graham, 1,032; Russell Midgley, 1,031; Florence Barlow, 1,031; Fletcher Haskett, 1,030; Charles Smith, 1,929; Willie Dance, 1,025; Farley Martin, 1,022; Lillian Pickering, 1,021; Roy Cameron, 1,020; Louis Hardman, 1,018; Joe Burnett, 1,018; Nellie Dickson, 1,017; Eddie Katz, 1,017; Irene Webb, 1,015; Stanley Phillips, 1,013; Annie Davis, 1,010; Irving Duff, 1,009; John Stevenson, 1,007; Donald Stuart, 1,007; Louis Davis, 1,002; Charlie Norton, 1,001; Gordon Davies, 999; Katie Jones, 998; Robert Corran, 995; Clarence Church, 992; Thos. Martin, 990; Lillian Allan, 986; Worsley Redfern, 986; Eric Hanson, 981; Jean Burlangett, 975; Henry Peters, 973; Stuart Parke, 972; Jack Staines, 971; Chester Boyd, 970; Scott Vautier, 969; Leonard Gumbley, 968; Douglas Dennis, 968; Arthur Buckle, 966; George Crozier, 964; Dorothy McKee, 962; Mildred Baker, 960; Maggie Roberts, 959; Cherry Shaw, 959; Walter Jones, 952; George Prinz, 944; Louise Lord, 934; Harold McFarland, 934; Jacob Salzman, 928; Elsie Fraser, 924; Edith Robinson, 919; Pauline Lord, 919; Nora Hugkulstone, 918; Ruby Belair, 916; Elwood Greenleese, 914; Emma Simpson, 914; Ina Eason, 914; Jacob Yatkowsky, 912; Barney Sandelofsky, 909; Gordon Creegeen, 901; Maud Vipond, 880; David Richardson, 863; Doris Melville, 857; Walter Gumbley, 814; Harry Scott, 808; Sadie Freedman, 775; Joe Solomon, 722; Gordon Smallman, 715; Rosa Prand, Winnie Flanagan, Douglas Hamilton, Ralph Grace, Leah Freedman, Albert George, Elsie Kerr, Mildred Baker, Nellie Shih, Bert Sloman, Ralph Taylor.

PREPARATORY B.

(Maximum, 700.)

Herbert Humphreys, 683; Harrison Langton, 673; Evelyn Clapham, 671; Lillian Batho, 669; May Best, 669; John Dovolos, 661; Edythe Hamilton, 660; M. Cazarinsky, 660; Dora Awerback, 653; Florence Seeds, 646; Anna Whitsel, 642; Mabel Nash, 641; Cretchen Peters, 637; Dorothy Swift, 632; Moses Borden, 630; Archie Finlayson, 630; Gertrude Petersen, 629; Jennie McLeod, 629; Julius Shapero, 629; Edna Mitchell, 628; David Berzansky, 628; Lillian Palmer, 628; Robert Manson, 628; Anna McPherson, 626; Herbert Baker, 620; Marie Saul, 618; Jack Smith, 617; Muriel Collins, 614; Bessie Andrews, 613; Nelson Blore, 613; Olive Paul, 611; Harry Pope, 607; Douglas Hamilton, 604; Stuart Finlayson, 603; Charlie Rooke, 602; Mary Taylor, 601; Israel Blackman, 598; Donald McNeil, 597; Hazel Hamilton, 596; Ornestine Monet, 594; Hubert Griffiths, 593; Paul Mulligan, 592; Olive Candlish, 588; Eric Hamilton, 586; Bruce Gilmore, 583; Gladys Harris, 583; Geoffrey Simpson, 581; Hazel Wilson, 580; Edna Bernstein, 580; Margaret Slater, 579; Alice Ford, 578; Edgar Millar, 575; Christie McFarland, 569; Percy Haake, 568; Ethel Randal, 568; W. Willie Ramsay, 568; Clarence Percy, 567; Dorothy Mead, 567; Albert Simpson, 564; Alex. Maybury, 561; Bessie Redfern, 560; Willie Rooke, 560; Nancy Shawe, 556; John Buller, 556; Marjorie Johnston, 555; May Landow, 555; Dorothy McAdam, 553; Ella Shlakman, 546; Robert Binning, 545; Helen Brown, 541; Willie Carson, 540; Douglas Millar, 539; Mabel Moreland, 539; Douglas Walker, 539; Mabel Nash, 533; Muriel McDonald, 533; Dorothy Burlangett, 530; Campbell Wadsworth, 526; Clarence Pickering, 523; Jessie Gibbs, 523; Harry Keep, 521; Cora Beauchamp, 521; Daniel White, 520; Donald Vincent, 520.

PREP. A.

Eddie Ashdown, Claire Blanchette, Cecile Blanchette, Solomon Blackman, Reggie Belair, Gordon Blore, Harold Bromby, Lillian Cowan, Bella Cohen, Sarah Cupton, Ruth Cunningham, Lloyd Campbell, Helen Church Hilliard Cameron, Douglas Carr, Garner Cairns, Edwin Coombs; B., Sam Bernstein, Michael Balzaro Edgar Buckle, Florrie Blake, George Carson, Muriel Benson, D. Druker, Milton Demers, John Davidson Stuart Finlayson, Jack Friedman, George Fry, Mary Field, Mildred Filling, ham, Willie Finnie, Celia Freedman, Therese eurentino, Charlie Grace, Gisele Gauthier, Mariette Gauthier, Louis Goldslager, Elsa Heberer, Jennie Hamilton, Leslie Harvey, George Haldiniand, Frank Hyland, Bertie Hamilton, Harry Huckle, Georgina Hogglestone, Margaret Johnstone, James Kerr, Lily Kinnear, Sadie Keith, Cedric Lawrence, Arthur Lennon, Evelyn Lewthwaite, Tom Lilley, Austin Murphy, Alex. Maybury, Fred Mulligan, Anna McPherson, Anna McDonald, Willie Mitchell, Mona Patton, Dollie Patton, Laura Pearce, Isaac Potofsky, Alex. Pratt, Helen Partridge, Charlie Pounden, Raymond Petrie, Freda Pevzner, Marjorie Pick, Ella Quintana, Harry Rosenthal, Auoey Rittenberg, Willie Rennie, Isobel Richardson, Abe Solomon Morisoni Smart, Jennie Smart, Harry Shetter, Dora Simpson, R. Stanley Roberson, R. Queenie Rowland, Joe Salzman, David Shawe, Nathan Sussman, Guy Sussman, Harris Taranto Gwennie Toller, Victor Shlakman Annie Valinsky, Rita Weiper Edith Walsh, Susie Walsh Gordon ilson, Harley Wilson, Sadie Yatosky.

FIRST PREPARATORY—HALF DAY.

Stanley Aird, Catherine Alexander, Mamie Beauchamp, Evelyn Brunett, Gertie Bush, Georgie Barlow, Willie Bromby, Franklyn Cross, Ross Cuthbert, Katie Creegeen, Noel Componovo, Flora Duff, Bella Duncan, Ree D'Olloque, Ethel Earle, Rosie Epstein, Arthur Fitch, Doris Ferguson, Mabel Fitch, Earle Forbes, Ernest Freedman, Diana Freedman, Michael Feurintino, Frank Gallagher, Roberta Gardiner, Arthur Goodwin, Frances Greenspun, Donald Gordon, Wallace Glen, Bertie Griffiths, Jimmie Haward, Harry Hercovitch, Gordon Hamilton, Pearle Holden, Carl Heissner, Dorothy Isles, Marion Jones, Lucy Jones, Clarence Johnstone, Howard Murphy, Douglas Melville, Marjorie Miller, Joseph Lang, Esmond McWood, Albert Lapointe, Eleanor Morell, Norman Martin, Charlie Lanctot, Mabel Kermode, Dorothy Mount, Norah Massey, Sarah Rabinet, Annie Shapero, Douglas Smith, Roberta Poulin, Annie Saul, Elsie Steel, Annie Saul, Elmira Sempson, Ettie Solomon, Walter Nash, Walter Pelley, Ruby Sherwood, Kathleen Smith, Harold Scott, Johnnie Millar, Bertha Philips, Vera Ritchie, Cecil Tomalty, Leonie Taylor, Arthur Wilson, Robert Young, Mary Young, Joe Wener, Harry Wolfe.

CHILD FELL THREE STORIES.

Robert Alexander, three and a half years old, whose parents reside at 36 Selby avenue, Westmount, was taken to the Royal Victoria Hospital yesterday badly shaken up but with no bones broken, through falling from a second story window, a distance of eighteen feet.

Bloated Stomach Indigestion.

No Means of Instant Relief and Certain Cure to Compare with "NERVILINE."

It's not a difficult matter to diagnose a real case of indigestion, usually ... is a feeling of a weight in the ... the throat seems full and tight, the stomach feels uncomfortable, head is apt to ache, breath is bad, appetite poor.

Nerviline is the cure, it's the only remedy that strengthens weak stomach, overcomes digestive disorders and keeps you in fine form.

"For two years I suffered untold discomfort with indigestion," writes Mr. J. P. Huxley, of Great Barrington. "After meals I experienced a feeling of Nausea, my stomach was sour, I belched gas, food fermented. My head ached continually and I ran down in flesh, looked pale and sickly. I used Nerviline after meals and was helped at once. I wouldn't think of being without Nerviline now. It's useful for a hundred ailments. Not only will it cure the stomach of its ills, but for headache, biliousness, flatulence, cramps, etc., I have found it simply wonderful."

NERVILINE CURES DYSPEPSIA

Every home should have **Nerviline** on hand, it's a health-saver and makes ... doctor bills. Insist on **Nerviline** only and beware of the substitutor. Large 25c. bottles at all dealers.

Getting Things in Readiness
For the Changes That Are Coming

With the assurance of a big New Addition under way, we cannot help but be enthusiastic. Every department is keyed up to concert pitch in the effort to reduce stocks quickly and get things in readiness for the changes that are coming.

The standard we are working up to will lift this business head and shoulders above the average. Every mercantile force and power is centred on providing you with the world's best in dry goods, at prices that prove a happy release from extravagance.

This store is unlike any other business in its methods, its goods, and its treatment of customers. Perhaps you have found that out? Enough new trade is coming to us right along to make larger room and facilities imperative.

We have a store here with the spirit of a home—filled with genuinely good things at fair prices, and surrounded with every courtesy, regardless of whether or no you are ready to buy.

Any success that has come to us is because of definite purpose. No circumstances can ever arise to change our standard of quality. We do the best we possibly can for each and every customer and make it worth their while to come back again and bring their friends.

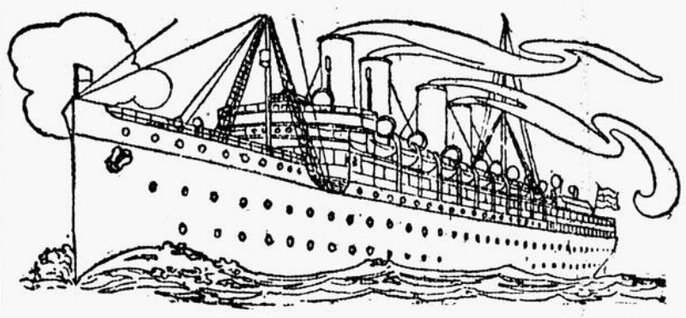
Women's Fabric Gloves

300 pairs, wrist length; silk gloves and lisle gloves; black and colors; values, .35, .40 and .50. July sale price.. .. .. .25

White lisle and lace gloves; all wrist length; sold special at .18, then at .15; now clearing at .12½

White Parasols

A small lot of 20 making up in quality what they lack in numbers. Heavily embroidered linen they are, with natural wood handles and brass rust proof ribs, the kind you would be willing to pay $3.00 for. Friday each.. .. ..$1.75



HERE ARE SOME OF THE JULY SALE PRICES OF OUR TRAVELLING RUGS.

A full range of Steamer Rugs in the plaid designs of leading Scotch clans.

LOT 1—Clans Douglas, Gordon, Black Watch, McKenzie and Gunn; "Reversible." July Sale Price, - $4,00.

LOT 2—Plain backs in clans McDonald Stewart, Duke of York, McDonald of Glengarry, Hay and Leith, Forty Second, Forty Fifth, Forty Sixth, Fifty Second, and Fifty Third. July Sale Prices, $6.00 and $7.50.

Men's Socks

A small lot of fancy lisles and lesser quantity of cashmeres; mostly colors, but some black among them: were .50 in the first place; clearing during last few days of June at .25. July sale price.. .19

Dress Nets

600 yards remain of a special purchase of imitation tucked dress nets; imitation Baby Irish Dress nets; also some white Oriental nets and some plain colored nets in taupe, sky, butter, mauve, and old rose. We know it to be worth .75 and .90. We have been selling it special, very special at .35. Now it must go at.. .. .. .. .25

Semi Made Robes

27 of them go on sale Friday morning at this price for the first time.. .. ..$2.95

10 of them are Swiss embroidered ones.

17 of them are Irish hand-embroidered ones of linen finished material.

We justly claim them to be worth $10.00 when made up (and 2 hours' needle-work will do it). We sold them very, very special at $4.45. Now we are clearing them finally at.. .. ..$2.95

$2.50 Ladies' Umbrellas $1.59

Opened up for the first time Friday, 60 ladies' umbrellas of good gloria made with fancy bamboo handles mounted with gold plating (some also with pearl) good steel rod, bulb runner, paragon frames and silk tassels; 5 styles all $2.50 values; Friday.. .. ..$1.59

There are but 60 of them remember.

Collars and Jabots

Gibson collars in good imitation of Baby Irish Lace that were .25; some also of our .35 line, these latter slightly soiled. July sale price.. .. .. .15

Swiss Gibson stock collars embroidered on sheer muslin. Should be .25 each. July sale price.. .15

Lace bows, lace jabots with muslin backs; also bows of lace with jabot attached. Should be .25. July sale price.. .. .. .. .15

The Wind Up of These Waist Oddments

What are left to-day (and there should be many, unless all sales records are broken), of those white mercerized poplin waists in tailored effect; those tailored blouses of openwork muslin; those white satin-striped tailored effects and all those lingerie blouses with the ¾ sleeves, we purpose to clear right out, at each.. .. .. .. .79

This Store Will Be Closed on Dominion Day.

Store closes Daily at 5.30 p.m.

The John Murphy Company Limited

Wednesday, June 30th, 1909.

BIG STRIKE AT UTICA, N.Y.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER WORKS CLOSED—2,100 EMPLOYEES IDLE.

Utica, N.Y., June 29.— Notice was posted in the Remington typewriter works at Ilion to-day that, commencing with July 1, the establishment would be closed until further notice. The typewriter works employ 2,100 people, mostly men, and the weekly pay roll is about $30,000. Some time ago the company attempted to introduce a machine for accomplishing a part of the work of aligning the letters on the type bars of the machine. The men engaged in aligning objected to this, and struck, and shortly thereafter the assemblers quit work. Conferences have been held between the company and the striking workmen, but they have not resulted in healing the differences, and the shutdown is the result. It is not believed that the company will again open the factory until it can do so under its own plan.

SIR JOHN BOYD ILL.

Toronto, June 29.— Chancellor Sir John Boyd fell fainting at the station this afternoon just after alighting from the C. P. R. train from Hamilton. He soon recovered, however, and was placed in a carriage and taken to his home.

BRANDENBURG ACQUITTED

New York, June 29.—Broughton Brandenburg was acquitted to-day on the charge of grand larceny growing out of the sale to the New York 'Times' of an article purporting to have been signed by the late Mr. Grover Cleveland. He was at one time arrested on a charge of kidnapping his step-son, James Shepard Cabanne, in St. Louis.

WOMAN'S THIGH BROKEN.

Mrs. Kate Harwood, 60 years of age, residing at 39 Butler avenue, Point St. Charles, had her left thigh broken by falling through a trap door at her home, at 10.30 o'clock last night. She was removed in the ambulance to the Royal Victoria Hospital.

WILL HOLD CONFIRMATION.

Bishop Farthing will hold a confirmation service at St. James Church, Hull, on Sunday. Twenty-six candidates will be presented.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

The Daily Witness.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

'Daily Witness' .. .. ..12 mos.	$3.00
'Weekly Witness' .. ..12 mos.	1.00
'World Wide' .. ..12 mos.	1.50
'Northern Messenger' .12 mos.	.40

CLUBBING RATES.

Two or three publications to the same address:

	worth	only
"Daily Witness' and 'World Wide'	$4.50	$3.50
'Daily Witness' and 'Messenger'	3.40	3.10
'Daily,' 'World Wide' and 'Messenger'	4.30	3.40
'Weekly Witness' and 'World Wide'	2.00	2.00
'Weekly Witness' and Messenger'	1.40	1.20
'Weekly,' 'World Wide' and 'Messenger'	2.30	2.20

Postage included for Canada (Montreal and suburbs excepted), Newfoundland and the British Isles; also for Bahamas, Barbadoes, Bermuda, British Guiana, British Honduras, British North Borneo, Ceylon, Cyprus, Falkland Islands, Fiji, Gambia, Gibraltar, Hongkong, Jamaica, Leeward Islands, Malta, Mauritius, New Zealand, Northern Nigeria, Sarawak, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Southern Nigeria, Transvaal, Trinidad, Tobago, Turk's Island and Zanzibar.

Postage for United States, Alaska, Hawaiian and Philippine Islands; 'Weekly Witness,' 25 cents extra; 'Northern Messenger,' 10c per copy for individual subscriptions, 15c per copy in clubs to one address; 'World Wide,' in clubs, 15c extra postage. ('World Wide' alone at $1.50 is postpaid the world over.) No extra postage on the 'Daily Witness' to the United States and its dependencies.

Foreign postage extra to all countries not named in the above list as follows: 'Daily Witness,' $3.50 extra; 'Weekly Witness,' $1 extra; 'Northern Messenger,' 60c extra.

The last edition of the 'Daily Witness' is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4.00 per annum, and 'World Wide' at $1.00 per annum.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Dougall & Son, 'Witness Office, Montreal.' All letters to the Editor should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.'

While the publishers of the 'Witness' exclude from its columns all financial and other advertisements which they consider calculated or intended to take advantage of or injure the reader, it must be understood that they in no way guarantee advertisements, and must leave their readers to exercise their own discretion in the way of putting faith in them. It is, of course, impossible to know much about mining advertising, which offers probably the most speculative, and, therefore, the most risky of all investments. The great chances of gain are balanced by the great chances of loss, and no one should invest in a very speculative property more than he can afford to lose.

○ F.M. 3 ◑ L.Q. 10	JUNE	● N.M. 17 ◐ F.Q. 25				
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
..	..	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1909.

A purely fictitious story has been going the rounds of the papers in the west about Sir Wilfrid Laurier's relations with the 'Witness,' and honors offered its editor by him. It is true that Sir Wilfrid has been twice or perhaps thrice at the 'Witness' office. The last occasion was regarded as so notable an event that it was duly celebrated by a photograph of him, which we preserve with interest. A similar note was taken of Mr. R. L. Borden's visit about the same time. The rest of the story, which we need not repeat here, is pure invention.

The death of Mr. William C. McIntyre, so tragic and so sudden, will sadden a very wide circle of acquaintances and friends both here and in Europe. Many less wealthy, seeing his magnificent automobile, worth the price of a mansion, have doubtless envied him the luxury and the means of exhilarating travel that such a machine represented. Yet in it lurked death and destruction. Mr. McIntyre was a man of many business interests, some inherited, and some of his own creation, and his sudden death will create a wide gap in Montreal's business life.

The Citizens' Committee has concluded all the proof it has available in regard to the system that has been followed in the Fire Department, in making appointments and promotions. That this system has been one of cruel and wicked bribery there can be no shadow of a doubt, and yesterday's evidence pointed directly to Mr. Z. Benoit, the former chief of the brigade, as one of the men who received some of this ill-gotten money. To establish his innocence, Mr. Benoit should, of course, go into the box at once, and reply to the man Munday's testimony. If Mr. Benoit did not receive the amounts himself he might be able to give the Commissioner some very appreciable help in tracing this flow of money, which was kept up by continued payments for firemen's positions. The secret is surely not buried in the graves of the late Aldermen Marsolais and Robert. Mr. Benoit has been treated very liberally by the city, and it is right he should come forward and render the city some service now in helping to make its administration smell sweeter in the nostrils of the public. Mr. Benoit retired from his position as chief of the Fire Department, and since the Royal Commission has been sitting he has received a cheque for $3,500, equivalent to a year's salary, in recognition of his past service to the city. A majority of the City Council voted in favor of a resolution to this effect in November last, 'subject to the approval of the Legislature,' but the Civic Legislation Committee declined to include the motion in the bill of charter amendments. Mr. Benoit, however, had friends, who were influential enough at Quebec to get a clause added to the bill when it was before the Legislative Council, and as it was passed the City Council was advised by the City Attorney that it could not do other than pay the amount to the ex-chief. That is why the grant was voted by the Council some weeks ago.

If the specimen lines of Rudyard Kipling's latest poem, cabled across the Atlantic, are the best in it, which they probably are, his admirers will be sadly struck with the decadence of his muse. When a popular poet, whose Imperialism in his higher flights was an inspiration to his countrymen, becomes a partisan calamityhowler, he falls among the common ruck and loses his influence. As was said of a greater genius:

Who, born for the Universe, narrowed his mind,
And to party gave up what was meant for mankind.

At times when a nation is passing through a period of stress and strain, its true poet should give forth with trumpet voice lines that would express in lofty terms the spirit of unconquerable patriotism, the faith and hope of a great people, the determination to overcome all obstacles, trusting in God, serene in the confidence begotten of conscious rectitude. Despairing pessimists, who would play the Dead March for soldiers going into action, would be more likely to be kicked into the ditch than applauded by the rank and file. In the conflicts of life men want inspiring music, not dismal strains of disaster and ruin. Yet, scanning Kipling's lines, anyone must see that they apply with much greater truth and force to the Opposition than to the party in power. Who are 'the eaters of other 'men's bread, the exempted from hardship?' Not those who are toiling to lead the nation safely through a crisis, but the Tory 'excusers of impotence 'fled, abdicating their wardship.' As for the state passing 'from the roll of 'the nations in headlong surrender.' the line sounds more like the demission of a popular poet and the downfall of an idol than the wreck of a great empire. Instead of helping his friends in Opposition, Kipling has made them and himself, as their rhyming champion, ridiculous in the eyes of all sensible men. His lines though neither literature nor sense, have a boomerang quality.

Mr. Weir, provincial treasurer, has made the pleasing announcement that there will be a surplus of $500,000 at the end of the fiscal year, June 30. The finances of the province appear to have been better managed by the Gouin cabinet than by any previous administration. The surplus is not so large as that of last year, which is explained by the fact that the subsidy was then untouched. Existing conditions, however, are highly favorable. The province was never more prosperous than it is at present. There are fair prospects of a good harvest, though the season has been somewhat backward. Money is plentiful and all branches of business are flourishing. Mr. Weir has, therefore, an encouraging outlook for the coming year, in addition to the record of gratifying progress in the past. The recent depression, which only to a small extent affected this part of the Dominion, has passed away, and we may anticipate a season of continuous expansion in all lines of industry. It is always satisfactory to have the balance on the right side of the ledger, and we congratulate the Treasurer on his anticipated good showing. There are many important matters requiring expenditure to meet the growing needs of the province, that of education particularly, and we hope the finances will be in a condition to meet them generously, so that Quebec may not be behind other provinces in intellectual as well as material progress.

DOMINION DAY.

'Our Lady of the Sunshine,' proud as she is of her winter, appropriately celebrates her birthday when the sun is painting her cheek a richer color, when her breath is laden with the balm of summer; when 'her brow is crowned with 'gleaming emerald, and her form girdled 'by living and laughing waters.' To-morrow will be Dominion Day, 'when our people are reminded each year in a special manner of their country's glory and beauty; when we are led to think of ourselves as a nation rather than as a group of rival communities; and when, if we have a thought at all above the material, we feel our hearts beating quicker at the thought of our privileges, our duties and our destiny. Dominion Day is very fitly a holiday, and in some ways the great holiday of the year. It is perfectly true that 'the trivial round, the common task' is a means of grace without which we would be much less happy, and even much less worthy than we are. But it is a mistake that it should be expected to 'furnish all we ought to ask.' The great lawgivers and prophets of ancient times were wise when they sought to perpetuate the memory of national events by the establishment of holidays, for it is sometimes true that only when a man can 'take his nose off the grindstone' of daily strenuous toil for a while he can altogether discover himself, his family and his country. For this discovery Dominion Day gives us special opportunities. Thousands to-night will leave city and town to visit the beauty spots with which our land is studded.' Many thousands more to-morrow—such as those that will throng our mountain—may perhaps find even more intense enjoyment and surprise in discovering the beauty spots that lie within reach of their own doors. Dominion Day is in fact the only summer vacation that many of us have, and so is hailed with delight and remembered with gratitude through the length and breadth of the Dominion. Birthdays of nations, as well as of individuals (besides having festive character and associations) naturally awaken thoughts as to the way which has been traversed in the years that have fallen behind. This is a healthy custom as long as the retrospect is indulged in with faith and optimism. With these the history whether of individual or nation is full of delight and inspiration.

Between tercentenary celebrations, St. Jean Baptiste anniversaries, and one observance or another, we have recently had our attention drawn quite frequently to the early days of Canadian history. Study of this period richly repays the student, and not only the old days, but those which have followed, have been full of romance and thrilling with interest for those who examine them intelligently. 'There is,' says Mr. Frank Basil Tracy, in opening his History of Canada, 'no more interesting or absorbing tale in the annals 'of mankind than the story of the Canadian people. However one may 'delight in ancient records of classic 'lands and the myths of the Greeks 'and the Scandinavians, or in the tales 'of China, India or Persia, or in the 'astonishing growth of civilization in 'the past half century, he will find 'in none of these lands or times figures 'and events surpassing in continuity of 'interest the three centuries of Canadian 'life from Champlain to Laurier.' And the best of it is that this romantic history is still in the making. It is not like the stories of Egypt, Persia, Greece and Rome, glorious in their ruins, finished—not even 'as a tale that is told' but as a tale that ends in a sad and confused murmur. Our history is a living thing, and we are as truly integral parts of it, as were Champlain or Cartier, Dollard, Maisonneuve or Frontenac, Montcalm, Wolfe or Brock, Papineau, Baldwin or Lafontaine.

We are fond of saying that the twentieth century is going to be 'Canada's century.' If this is so, the destiny of the country and in any event the destiny of our country, depends on us and on how we rise to our responsibilities. There is a shiftiness, a worship of expediency, a supine subservience to party in our politics, as well as an insane thirst for pleasure, a vulgar struggle for wealth and a careless neglect of public duty in private life. If we are to become the nation we hope to be, we must strangle these monsters as the infant Hercules did the serpents which came to destroy him. We have patriotism enough of a sort, let it be that once described by Mr. Joseph Chamberlain: 'Let us freely recognize 'the truth of Bolingbroke's axiom, 'however ill he may have applied it, '"Patriotism must be founded on great 'principles and supported by great virtues. It involves duties as well as 'privileges, and these duties arise in 'connection with the domestic relations 'of a citizen to his country, as well as 'in all that concerns the attitude of the 'country to foreign nations. In both 'cases the idea of patriotism involves 'that of personal sacrifice. Our obligations do not end with obedience to 'the law and the payment of taxes. 'These things are compulsory.....as 'the police insist on the one and the 'treasury takes good care of the other. 'We give a free and additional proof of 'patriotism in taking our full share of 'public work, and responsibility, including the performance of those municipal 'obligations on the due fulfilment of 'which the comfort, the health, and 'the lives of the community so largely 'depend.....To leave politics to the 'politicians, whether in national or 'municipal work, is as fatal to the best 'interests of the State as to leave to 'mercenaries the defence of its territories."'

MURDER THEIR GUARDS

Russian Convicts Escape in Yakutsk District Siberia.

THEY MAKE DESPERATE EFFORTS TO CROSS BEHRING STRAIT TO ALASKA.

Seattle, June 30.—A cable despatch from Nome, Alaska, says: Advices from Vladimir station, of the Northern Siberian Company across Behring Strait, state that a band of prisoners in the Yakutsk district have revolted, killed the guards, and started on a retreat of 2,000 miles for East Cape, where they plan to take small boats and make the mainland of Alaska, 36 miles away.

Captain Kalinnikoff, acting governor of the district, ordered Cossacks to take the prisoners. The fugitives in ambush killed four Cossacks and wounded twelve others, forcing them to retreat.

Approaching an Esquimaux village, the convicts pressed the natives into their service, and confiscated food, clothing and tools. When the Esquimaux resisted, a number were shot and the camp was left desolate.

Captain Kalinnikoff sent a warning by special messenger to East Cape and that place was garrisoned against attack. The report reaching here is that the convicts expected to try to make Diomedes Island, in the centre of Behring Strait. A Russian cruiser is expected daily at Vladimir, and may intercept the fugitives.

Captain Kalinnikoff says the convicts are murderers and criminals of the worst sort.

LIMITED COMPANIES

MUST INDICATE LIABILITY, BUT 'INFORMERS' NEED NOT PROSECUTE.

An important case was decided by Mr. Justice Davidson, in the Practice Court, yesterday. A clause of the federal companies' act provides that every company incorporated under the provisions of that act must have its name with the word 'limited' affixed in conspicuous characters on the outside of every office or place in which the business of the company is carried on, as well as on their business and banking paper. The statute provides for a penalty of $20 a day against all incorporated companies which neglect to so announce their name, and half of the penalties so enforced go to the informer.

Under this act, about a score of cases were taken against Montreal commercial companies because they had neglected to have the word 'Limited' added to their name in the signs on their places of business. Among these actions was one against the Grosvenor Apartment Company for $5,340. Messrs. Hickson & Campbell, who appeared for the company, raised a number of preliminary objections, among others that the action was badly taken by the complainant, who under the statue acts as a 'common informer.' And also that error had been made by him in describing himself as 'acting for His Majesty the King.'

In rendering judgment, yesterday, Mr. Justice Davidson held that these objections were well founded, and decided that they were fatal to the action, which he accordingly dismissed with costs.

A movement is being talked of amongst business men to ask parliament to alter the clause, so as to make it less drastic.

I. O. G. T. LECTURE.

A meeting was held last evening in Delorimier Protestant School House, under the auspices of Thistle Lodge, I. O. G. T., the speaker being the Rev. J. E. Brown, grand lodge organizer. Mr. Brown said that the good templar order was no small body. Since its organization it had reformed 400,000 drunkards, had given the pledge to millions of people, and now numbered between 700,000 and 800,000 members in its adult and juvenile branches. A lodge worthy of the name was active in improving the laws and in seeing that existing laws were enforced. Almost every saloonkeeper was an Anarchist—not that he dealt in bombs, but that he had little or no respect for laws and would violate those intended to keep his business within check. The only safe remedy for the evils of the traffic was prohibition. This could be enforced if the authorities had any backbone. When prohibition came into force in a town near his home in New York state, the hotel men said that 'grass would grow in the streets,' but since then, in a very few years the town had doubled in population, had increased in prosperity, new churches, houses and schools had been built, and cement sidewalks had taken the place of the old wooden ones. Prohibition could be enforced in large centres of population. The other side of the good templar's work was with the individual. A lodge should never despair of anyone, but should initiate him again and again if necessary. This was acting in the spirit of Christ, and such a strong, loving and hopeful spirit would meet with assured success.

THE NEW JAIL.

Good Progress Being Made on Institution at Bordeaux.

AUTHORITIES PLAN TO HAVE THE MOST MODERN PRISON IN THE WORLD.

Through the courtesy of Mr. J. B. Pauze, general contractor for the construction of the new Montreal jail, representatives of city newspapers were given an automobile drive to Bordeaux, yesterday, to witness the progress of the work. Besides the journalists, the party included Mr. Pauze, Governor Vallee, Mr. Marchand, the architect; Mr. Lanoie, president of the Banque Nationale, and Mr. Pettigrew, of Quebec.

The plans of the new jail have already been fully described and explained in the 'Witness.' The contracts given out so far provide for the construction of four of the six wings of the main building, the foundations and ground floor of the two other wings, the administration building, the power house, the workshops, the high outside wall, and the water supply and drainage systems.

The masonry and brick work of the wings under contract have all been completed, and the excavation work is well under way for the foundations of the other buildings, the trenches having to be dug very deep in several places before solid ground is reached.

Three of the wings are already covered, the iron structure therein all finished, and the cells divided. The iron dome over the large, central rotunda is erected and will be covered in a few days.

The underground work for the laying of pipes and drains to the river has been completed, and the huge well in the centre of the grounds has reached a great depth in the solid rock.

The activity of the army of nearly three hundred men at present employed on the works is a sight worth seeing. On the grounds, in the shops, and in the buildings themselves, the operations are being carried on in a perfect systematical and businesslike manner, under the direction of expert foremen and the supervision of the government superintendent, Mr. Blaiklock.

One of the most interesting things seen yesterday was a locking device invented by a local locksmith, Mr. Cleophas Gosselin. It has been mentioned before that the cells will be provided with the most modern means of opening and closing, either collectively or separately. Each cell can be opened or closed with a key, but Mr. Gosselin has added to the lock a special device by means of which any cell closed by a private key held by the governor alone can be opened only by means of that key. This places every prisoner under the immediate control of the governor, and in the event of any plot for escaping with the connivance of a guard, coming to his knowledge, he can prevent the carrying out of the project, even without the guard suspecting it.

An important feature in the new jail will be the doing away of processions in case of capital punishment. A special balcony has been erected between two wings, in the immediate vicinity of the cells of prisoners under the death sentence, and this is designed to take the place of the usual gallows.

Another great improvement is the insulation of all piping, so that the prisoners cannot communicate with one another by means of sounds.

The pay list of the men employed on the works represents a weekly sum of between $6,700 and $7,000. The new jail will be ready for occupation in about two years, and it is said that it will be the most perfect institution of the kind in the whole world.

The excursionists were entertained at dinner at Peloquin's Hotel, and the pressmen congratulated Sir Lomer and his government, Governor Vallée, who suggested the improvements, Messrs. Marchand and Brossard, who prepared the plans, and Mr. Pauzé, who is carrying them out, for providing Montreal with such a model house of correction, and carrying out the work in such an efficient manner. On the return trip it was remarked that tourists visiting the metropolis could not take a more pleasant drive than one to Bordeaux, where they will always be welcome to visit the site of the new jail.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES

Manila, June 30.—Word has been received here that three more of the Lanao mutineers have been killed in a running fight with troops. Of the company of native constabulary that mutinied on the Island of Mindanao several weeks ago, only 13 are still at large. One company of the 23rd Infantry and three companies of constabulary are in pursuit with orders to capture or destroy the entire band.

Grand Forks, N.D., June 30.—Scores of people were injured, and 25 farm buildings within a radius of sixteen square miles were destroyed as a result of a series of tornadoes which swept over an area near Niles, Benson county, last night. Unconfirmed reports from Leeds state that eight persons were killed, and a report was received from Minnewaukee that one woman was killed, several were injured, and the town was destroyed.

KILLED BY A FALLING BRICK.

As the result of injuries received on June 3, a laborer named Carriere, of St. Marthe, died at his home yesterday afternoon. He was working on Windsor street, pulling down old buildings near the Windsor station, when a falling brick struck him on the head. He did not then appear to be seriously injured and went to his home. The facts were reported to the Coroner and he will hold an inquest.

THE KAISER'S VIEWS

Declares He is a Man of Peace - Great Britain's Acute Nervousness.

HIS MAJESTY THINKS DIRIGIBLE BALLOONS HAVE ADVANTAGE OVER AEROPLANES.

Paris, June 30.—The [illegible] publishes an account of [illegible] between the Emperor William and D'Estournelles de Constant, [illegible] of the French Parliamentary [illegible] tion group, meeting recently.

In this talk the Emperor [illegible] his policy was one of peace, [illegible] that the battles of the future would be in the economic, industrial and financial fields. Great Britain was devising a period of [illegible] but he predicted that [illegible] appear when the country [illegible] it could regain its [illegible] not by a destructive war, [illegible] crease in its productivity. He showed great interest in aerial experiments in general, and believed that the dirigible balloons had more [illegible] over aeroplanes.

JUST OUT

The following are the contents of to-day's 'World Wide':

ALL THE WORLD OVER.

The Colonies and the Navy — Discussion at the Colonial Conference in the Daily Graphic.
The Naval Need of the Moment — Times.
Wireless News Service — The Engineering Supplement, London.
Two Principles — Westminster Gazette.
Australia's Last Word Concerning Economy—Globe and Commercial Review, New York.
The Grammar of Free Trade — Spectator, London.
Dr. Theodor Barth's Manifesto.
Fighting the Mad Mullah — Daily Chronicle, London.
Impressions of Constantinople — In the Westminster Gazette.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE ARTS.

An Elusive Fantasy — The Symbolism of the 'Swanwhite' of August Strindberg — Springfield 'Republican.'
Frans Hals: A Dutch Master of Genre — Hind, in the Daily Chronicle, London.

CONCERNING THINGS LITERARY.

The Way of Life — St. John G. Ervine in the 'Nation,' London.
Prose, Verse, and Poetry — The Bookman, New York.
The Provençal Strain — The Spectator, London.
The Battle of the Philosophers — Prof. James's 'Pluralistic Universe' — The Westminster Gazette.
America Considered — The Spectator, London.

HINTS OF THE PROGRESS OF KNOWLEDGE.

Fuel and Profit — Farmers' Bulletin, Grounds — The Working Man — Popular Interest in Civics — The Congregationalist and Christian World.'
Evolution in Applied Chemistry — 'Times,' London.
The Farmer and the Press — Letter in the 'Outlook,' New York.
Chloroform—Westminster Gazette.

PASSING EVENTS.

THINGS NEW AND OLD.

So many men, so many minds — Every man in his own way — Terence.
World Wide is a weekly digest of the more important and interesting articles and reviews reflecting the current thought of both hemispheres.
Price a year to any point within the postal union, $1.00. With the Weekly Witness, only $2.00 a year to any point in Canada or British Isles. See [illegible] on another page. Address 'World Wide,' John Dougall & Son, Publishers, Montreal, Canada.

WHAT 'WORLD WIDE' SUBSCRIBERS SAY.

With renewal subscription to 'World Wide'—I have taken 'World Wide' for two years, and I consider it the best eclectic publication anywhere.—R. W. SHANNON, Sr., Sask.

FINE AND WARM

June, with sunshine in her eyes,
Passed her hand across the skies,
Then, with archly smiling lips,
Blew upon her finger tips.
Soon the air grew wondrous sweet,
Overhead, and under feet,
Under feet, and overhead
Trooped the roses, white and red;
Trooped the roses—crimson, white,
Pink and yellow, pale and bright—
Till they perfumed earth and air,
Roses, roses everywhere.
Wearied then, she shook her head,
And the petals, white and red,
All the petals—crimson, white,
Pink and yellow, pale and bright,
Fluttered slowly, softly down
To the border of her gown.
Half dismayed to see them fall,
Quick she turned to leave them all,
Looking back to say goodbye,
She met the warm glance of July.
—Anna J. Granniss.

Toronto, June 30—Victoria, 74, 56; Vancouver, 82, 54; Edmonton, 66, 52; Battleford, 72, 54; Prince Albert, 70, 50; Calgary, 70, 50; Qu'Appelle, 74, 52; Winnipeg, 74, 52; Port Arthur, 70, 56; Parry Sound, 74, 50; Toronto, 76, 56; Ottawa, 74, 54; Montreal, 74, 60; Quebec, 70, 50; St. John, 62, 48; Halifax, 64, 48.

Light to moderate winds, generally fair and warm, but a few scattered thunderstorms to-day. Thursday, fine and warm.

Showers and local thunderstorms have occurred again in the western provinces, elsewhere in Canada the weather has been for the most part fine.

16-12 Notre Dame street West — Montreal, June 30, 1909. Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at [illegible]

Yesterday, 30.07; 11 a.m. to-day, 30.[illegible]

Temperature.	Max.	Min.
To-day	[illegible]	[illegible]
Yesterday	76	[illegible]

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

[We invite questions on all possible subjects of general interest, to which we shall do our best to obtain correct answers, and shall insert such queries and replies as we can make room for. This must not be used, however, as an advertising column or as an enquiry bureau for matters not of public interest. Every query must be accompanied with the name and postal address of the writer, and no notice will be taken of anonymous communications.]

GENERAL.

THE 'CURFEW' BALLAD.

Mrs. T.E.—The selection 'Curfew Must Not Ring To-night,' which you were good enough to send, was too long to re-print.

LONG, LONG AGO.

The following temperance verses, asked for by A.K., Winnipeg, have been sent promptly by Mr. Edward Bray, Nashville, Ont.:

Where are the friends that to me were so dear,
Long, long ago?
Where are the hopes my heart used to cheer,
Long, long ago?
Friends that I loved in the grave are laid low,
Hopes that I cherished are fled from me now,
I'm ruin-ingled, for rum was my foe
Long, long ago!

My wife, bowed her beautiful head,
Long, long ago.
How I wept when I found she was dead,
Long, long ago.
She was an angel, my love and my pride,
She tried to save me from ruin she tried,
My broken heart, it, was well that she died,
Long, long ago!

Let me look back on the days of my youth,
Long, long ago;
I was no stranger to virtue and truth
Long, long ago.
For the joys that were pure as the day,
For the hopes that were brighter than they,
For the hours I have squandered away,
Long, long ago!

CALEB'S COURTSHIP.

The following selection has been kindly sent by F. M. Harper, Oak Bay Mills, for W. C. Mc.

Waren't no time for courtin' when I was young an' spry,
Waal, with workin' an' savin', I let the years go by,
Fust I was buyin' an' buildin'—an' farm work never gits done—
At last I counted my birthdays, an' found I was fifty-one.
'Time,' sez I, 'to be choosin' a suitable partner for life.'
I just sot down an' considered where I'd better look fer a wife.

I wanted her young an' harnsome, of course, an' steady an' neat,
Smart at bakin' an' churnin', quick with her hands an' feet,
Not slow with her tongue (for talkin' jest wastes a woman's time,)
Nor savin' with every penny, as ef 'twas a silver dime;
Nor ef she was good at mendin' and scrubbin' an' cleanin' house,
I made up my mind to take her, ef she was poor as a mouse.

Waal it cost some time an' trouble to discover a gal to my mind,—
There was lots on 'em to choose from, but the best was hard to find.
At last after lookin' an' thinkin', I settled on Eunice Stout,
The deacon's youngest darter, nineteen or thereabout.
Pretty? yes, as a picter; an' made the best butter, too,
That ever was sent to markit, sez I, 'I guess she'll do.'

Whenever I stopped to the deacon's, she's as busy as a bee,
Wuss'n workin' an' doin'—yes, that's the wife for me!
Waal, now that I've done my choosin', I sez to myself 'what next?'
I didn't know much 'bout wimmen, an' I'll own I was some perplexed;
So I asked advice of a neighbor—that was the biggest mistake—
Things mightn't hev gone so crooked ef I'd never said nothin' to Jake.

But he was twenty year younger, an' the gals all liked him ye see,
So I asked his advice about Eunice—just like a fool as I be!
Sez he, 'Why, man it's as easy! You must take her out to ride;
You must bring her home from meetin', an' stick close to her beside;
You must go to see her of evenings, you must buy her some pretty things,
A book or a breastpin, maybe, some ribbon or some rings.
Then tell her her cheeks is rosy, tell her her eyes is bright,
Tell her you love her dearly, and dream of her at night;
Tell her'—but here I stopped him, 'It's easy talkin',' sez I,
'But I never did no courtin', an' I'm half afeared to try,
I'll make you an offer, Jacob; ef you'll go with me to-night,
Kinder keep up my courage, an' see that things go right,
Tackle the deacon, mebbe, an' show me how to begin,
I'll give ye a yearlin' calf, as sure as sin is sin!'

Waal the bargain was struck. Me an' Jacob went to see Eunice together.
Jake, he talked to the deacon, 'bout crops an' cattle an' weather;
Eunice, she kep' very quiet, just sot an' knitted away,
An' I sot close beside her a-thinkin' of something to say.

Many an evenin' I noticed, when she went for apples an' cake,
Inter the pantry, 'twas allus, 'come hold the candle, Jake,'
As if she counted him nobody; then she'd give me a smile,
Soon's I offered to help her, an' say 'twarnt worth my while.
I'll own 'twas quite surprisin' how long they'd have to stay
A-pickin' out those apples, but Jacob told me one day
They was tryin' to find the best ones, so's she could give 'em to me,
An' surely that was flatterin' as any one could see.
Once I bought her a ribbon—Jake said it oughter be blue,
But a brown one's far more lastin', an' this one was cheaper, too,
An' once I took her a-ridin', but that wasted half a day,
An' I made up my mind that walkin' was pleasanter anyway.

Waal, I'd been six months courtin', when I sez to Jake, sez I,
'It's time that we were married, here's Thanksgivin' drawin' nigh—
A first-rate day for a weddin', an' besides, to say the least,
I can make that Thanksgivin' turkey do fer part o' the weddin' feast,'
So that night I screwed up my courage to very stickin' pint,
(You wouldn't never mistrusted that I shook in every jint.)

We was comin' along from meetin'. Sez I, 'I'd like ye to say,
That you hain't no objections, Eunice, to be married Thanksgivin' Day.'
She turned and looked at me, smilin' an' blushin' jest as sweet,
(I skursely knew for a minit if I stood on my head or my feet):
Then, 'I hevn't the least objection,' sez she, as I opened the gate;
But she didn't ask me to stop; she sez, only, 'It's ruther late.'

I looked all around for Jacob, but he'd kinder slipped out o' my sight;
So I figured the cost of a weddin' as I went along home that night;
Waal, I got my house all ready, an' spoke to the parson beside,
An' early Thanksgivin' mornin' I started to hev the knot tied;
But before I came to the deacon's—I was walkin' along quite spry,
All rigged in my Sunday best—of course—a sleigh came dashin' by.

Thar was that Jacob a drivin'; an' Eunice sot at his side,
An' he stops an' sez: 'Allow me to introduce my bride.'
So that was the end o my courtin'; you see I started wrong,
Askin' advice of Jacob, and takin' him along;
Fer a team may be better fer ploughin' an' hayin' an' all the rest,
But when it comes to courtin', why a single hoss is the best.

'TWO CHILDREN AT PLAY.'

Mies Frances E. Conley, Bowmanville, and Mrs. George Wilson, McGarry, Ont., are cordially thanked for sending the poem asked for by a 'Witness' reader, at Barnet, England. A copy has been forwarded to the address.

THE ISLESMEN OF THE WEST.

Mr. John Myers, Brantford, is cordially thanked for sending a copy of the following poem asked for by M.P., Manitoba. Mr. Myers writes that he copied the poem from a Dublin University magazine about thirty-five years ago.

There is mustering on the Danube's banks
such as earth ne'er saw before,
Though she may rifle where she may her
glory-page of yore;
The bravest of her children, proud Europe
stands to-day,
All battle harnessed for the strife, and
panting for the fray.
No jewelled robe is round her flung, no
glove is on her hand,
But visor down and clasped in steel, her
gauntlet grasps the brand;
Oh! lordly is the greeting as she rises
from the rest,
And summons to the front of fight the
Islesmen of the West.

No braver on this earth of ours, no matter
where you go,
Than they whose boast was aye to bear
the battle's sternest blow;
No braver than that gallant host, who
wait with hearts of fire
To bridle with an iron bit the Muscovite's
desire.
Ho! gallant hearts, remember well the
glories of the past,
And answer with your island shout the
Russian's trumpet blast!
Ho! gallant hearts, together stand, and
who shall dare molest,
The bristling hem of battle's robe, the
Islesmen of the West.

Brave are the chivalry of France as ever
reined a steed,
Or wrung from out the jaws of death some
bold heroic deed;
A hundred fields have proved it well from
Neva to the Po,
When kings have knelt to kiss the hand
that smote their souls with woe.
And worthy are the sons to-day of that
Titanic breed,
Who spoke in thunders to the earth that
glory was their creed;
Ay, worthy are the sons of France, in
valor's lap caress'd,
To-night beside their foes of old, the Islesmen of the West.

Oh England! in your proudest time you
ne'er saw such a sight
As when you flung your gauntlet down to
battle for the right:
What are the Scimlan plains for us, the
wild Caffranian kloof,
That glory may be bought too dear that
bring's a world's reproof.
The brightest deed of glory is to help the
poor and weak,
And shield from the oppressor's grasp the
lowly and the meek;
And that thou'lt do—for, never yet, you
raised your lion's crest,
But victory has blessed your sons, the
Islesmen of the West.

Who are those haughty Islesmen now
who hold the keys of earth
And plant beside the crescent moon the
banner of their birth;
Who are those scarlet ranks that pass the
Frenchman and the Turk,
With lighteome step and gladsome hearts,
like reapers to their work?
The sons of Merry England they, reared
in her fertile lands,
From Michael's Mount to stout Carlisle,
from Thames to Mersey's sands;
From every corner of the Isle where valor
was the guest,
That cradled in the freedman's shield the
Islesmen of the West.

The stormers of the breach pass on, the
daring sons of Eire,
Light hearted in the bayonet strife as in
the country fair;
The mountaineer who woke the lark on
Tipperary's hills,
And he who kissed his sweetheart last by
Shannon's silver rills,
The rangers of our western land who own
that battle shout,
That brings the 'flag-an bealag' blow, and
seals the carnage rout;
Those Septs of our old Celtic land, who
stand with death abreast,
And prove how glorious is the fame of
Islesmen of the West.

The tartan plaid and waving plume, the
brave and brawny knee,
Whose proudest bend is when it kneels to
front an enemy;
The pulse of battle beating fast in every
pibroch swell—
Oh! God, assoilzie them who hear their
highland battle yell.
Those Campbell and those Gordon men,
who fought for auld lang syne,
And bring old Scotland's broad sword
through the proudest battle line;
You have done it oft before, old hearts,
when fronted by the best,
And where's the serf to-day dare stand
those Islesmen of the West.

Speak! from your brietling sides, ye ships,
as Nelson spoke before—
Speak! whilst the world is waiting for
your thunderburst of yore;
Speak! whilst your Islesmen stand before
each hot and smoking gun
That rends the granite from the front of
forts that must be won.
Unroll that grand old ocean flag above the
smoke of fight,
And let each broadside thunder well the
Islesmen's battle might.
Roll out, ye drums, one glory peal; 'tis
liberty's behest,
That summons to the front of fight the
Islesmen of the West.

THE TURKISH REVOLUTION.

M.E.C., Ottawa.—Please give an account of the recent events in Turkey and what led up to them. Ans.—Since last year there have been in Turkey a revolution attempted reaction, and the final triumph of the progressive or reform party with the establishment of a constitution and the deposition of the Sultan. The Young Turk movement has existed for years. About four years ago a secret committee of Union and Progress was formed, with headquarters at Salonika, and began to work in common with the Young Turks. In the committee were government officials, military and civil, who, like patriotic Ottomans throughout the country, felt that Turkey was humiliated before other Powers by the corrupt and inefficient government. Under the despotic rule of the Sultan, Abdul Hamid, massacres were of common occurrence, and no individual could count himself safe and secure. The country was without intelligent agriculture or encouragement to commerce and industry; it was, as a Young Turk circular said, either suicide or revolution. A remarkable revolution without bloodshed took place last year. The first aim of the secret committee was to win over the army, and use it to force the concession of constitutional and representative government. The propaganda was pushed successfully in many directions, when the palace spies discovered the movement, and their attempts to seize the leaders hastened the outbreak of revolt. A demand for a representative constitution was proclaimed in the name of the committee. The leaders of the movement let it be known that unless the Sultan yielded it was the intention to march troops on Constantinople. The Young Turkey committee assumed executive power, and along with other acts dismissed the Grand Vizier, appointing another in his stead. Then came the announcement that the Sultan had issued a proclamation restoring the constitution, and ordering the election of Deputies and the assembling of the Chamber. The hated clique of the Palace, the Minister of Police and the organizer of the spy system, were driven out of the country. There was great rejoicing throughout the country, and in the general enthusiasm the Sultan's years of oppression and tyranny were forgiven, if not forgotten. But while the Sultan appeared to accept the new state of affairs cheerfully, he was secretly plotting to get absolute power in his own hands again. By bribery and promises, he won over the rank and file of the soldiers in Constantinople, and the troops mutinied against their officers who remained loyal to the progessive party. On April 13 of this year they seized the Parliament House, and several leaders were killed among them the Minister of Justice. The Sultan's secretary read an irade announcing that the 'resignation' of the Cabinet was 'accepted.' It looked as though the Committee of Union and Progress had been overthrown, and that despotism was again to rule. But the feeling of the country was against Abdul Hamid. The Young Turks gathered a large force of troops outside of Constantinople loyal to the movement, and on April 23, marched against the capital. There was some hard fighting, but in a few hours the Young Turk party had complete possession of the city. The Sultan was declared incapable of directing the destiny of Turkey and was charged with conspiracy and a long list of crimes. He was deposed, and his brother, Prince Mehemmed Rechad, was made Sultan.

FROSTING GLASS.

W.I.—Kindly tell me how to make a solution for frosting glass, and the mode of applying it? Ans.—After thoroughly cleaning the windows, moisten the portion you wish to frost with hydrofluoric acid. When sufficiently frosted, wash thoroughly. The above method is given in the 'Scientific Encyclopedia':—A common way of 'frosting,' or making glass semi-opaque, is to paint it with white paint, by a stippling process, using the end of the brush. Epsom salts, in ale, is sometimes used.

THE UNION JACK.

A Montreal 'Witness' Reader asks if some one would be good enough to supply the poem beginning:

'It's only an old bit of bunting,
It's only an old colored rag.'

We have published it before, but have not a copy at hand.

WHY AM I ILL?

HOW TO TELL.

Does every cold affect your back, and cause a feeling of chilliness, followed by disturbance of the kidney action.

Does the use of spirits, tea or beer excite the kidneys? Are you easily worried and annoyed over trifles? Are the feet and hands cold? Circulation bad? Do the feet and legs swell? Is there puffiness under the eyes? Do you have rheumatism, poor eyesight, headaches and backaches? Is there gravel or any unnatural action of the kidneys?

If you have any of the above symptoms your kidneys are either weak or diseased, and these symptoms are warnings of more serious troubles to follow; Bright's Disease, Diabetes or Dropsy.

Whatever you do, whatever you think your disease is, look well to your kidneys at the first sign of anything wrong. Give them just the aid they require in Doan's Kidney Pills, the Great Quaker Kidney Medicine, and see how well and fit you feel after even a few doses.

Mrs. O. Warren, Radisson, Sask., writes: "I was troubled with very severe pains in my back for years. I tried everything I could think of but they did me no good. A friend told me about Doan's Kidney Pills and after taking two boxes, I have not been troubled since."

Price 50 cents per box, or 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers or The T. Milburn Co. Limited, Toronto.

In ordering specify "Doan's."

UPPER LAKE SERVICE

Commencing Monday, July 5th, and on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday thereafter, the Canadian Pacific Steamer will leave Owen Sound for Sault Ste. Marie and Fort William, after arrival of steamship express leaving Toronto at 1 p.m.

LEGAL.

QUEBEC.

NOTICE BY TENANT.

June.—Is a three months' notice required in this province in the case of a tenant who has occupied the house for over a year without a written lease? Ans.—Three months' notice is required where the rent is payable at periods of three months or over.

ONTARIO.

AN OLD MORTGAGE.

Old Subscriber, Ont.—A gave a mortgage in 1897 for $1,000 on village property, to run for five years. At the end of the term he sold part of the property, and paid $500, leaving $500 on the remainder. He always paid interest till 1907, but through unfavorable circumstances is now unable to do so. The mortgage has now been running for seven years beyond the time for which it was drawn. Is it necessary to renew it in order to keep it in force? He acknowledges the debt and promises to pay when able. Ans.—No; it could, if necessary, be allowed to stand without renewal, or even payment of interest until 1912.

MUST GIVE SIX MONTH'S NOTICE.

Admirer, Ont.—Kindly say (1) if A can give B six months' notice from present date (June 8) to get out on Nov. 1, or (2) if B can sit till April 1, until he has fed his straw? Copy of Agreement:—This is to certify that I, A., have let my farm in the Township of H———, in the County of N———, in the Province of Ontario, for a term of three years, beginning April 1st, 1908, and ending April 1st, 1911, on shares to Mr. B, on the following terms: Mr. B to have possession on or about Nov. 1st, 1907, to work land in a workmanlike manner, to have all the pasture for the stock he winters, to have all the turnips and corn to feed said stock, to have two-thirds of all the grain, potatoes and hay he raises, and to have one-half of the apples, said apples to be sold agreeable to both parties, I, A, to pay taxes, and said B, to do roadwork; I, A, to do necessary repairing on buildings, and furnish material for fencing, said B to do the work; orchards to be kept under cultivation. We, the undersigned, agree to the above terms, and also that this agreement may be terminated at any time, by either party giving the other six months' notice (Signed) A.....; B..... Ans.—1. No. 2. B is entitled to the full six months' notice, but must leave at the expiration of the period if such notice is duly served therewith.

REALIZING UPON MORTGAGE.

J.V.B., Ont.—1. If A buys a farm subject to mortgage, payable in five years, can he immediately remove the buildings, cut down the sugar bush and all saleable trees? 2. A sold B some property and took a second mortgage on one of B's farms in security. If B does not pay when due and A sells B's farm subject to mortgage, can A come on B's other property for the balance? Ans.—Not without permission from the mortgagee. 2. Yes; by obtaining judgment againt B, and issuing execution and placing same in the sheriff's hands, A may reach such other property for satisfaction of his claim.

MAINTENANCE OF WIDOW.

O.B., Ont.—A man dies leaving an estate worth $10,000. His wife accepts a small income, $200 per annum. At her death his money goes to relatives and the church. A neighbor cares for her, she being 85 years of age, gives her daily food and daily attendance. Can a fair charge be made and at her death collected from his estate? Ans.—Judging, as we must, from the foregoing statement alone, we should say, no.

PARTNERSHIP PROPERTY.

An Old Subscriber, Sask.—My daughter and I have a house and lot on shares. She bought the lot and paid cash for it, receiving the contract. I built the house on it, and paid cash for it. We made the bargain when the house was sold. She received the money over and above the cost. The house not being sold and she going to marry, 1. What can I do to keep myself and my share safe? 2. And if she refuses to sell could I move the house off the lot? Ans.—1. It is a matter which calls for careful conveyancing and a solicitor should be instructed to attend to same accordingly. 2. No.

MEDICAL.

[Letters for this department should be addressed "Medical Editor 'Witness,' Montreal." Should a subscriber ask any question which is not suitable for publication, a reply will be sent by mail if a stamped addressed envelope and $1, physician's fee, be enclosed with such question.]

HAIR TONIC.

J.S. asks for a recipe that has been proved to be useful in stimulating the growth of the hair. Also, if croton oil is too strong. Ans.—If the trouble is due to dandruff, frequent washing, say, once or twice a week, is necessary to keep the scalp clean. Massage the scalp with the tips of the fingers every day. The following is a good tonic: Tincture of cantharides, two drachms; resorcin, three drachms; salicylic acid, twenty grains; castor oil, two ounces; bay rum, one ounce; rectified spirits to make eight ounces. Apply once daily, rubbing well in to the roots of the hair. Croton oil is much too strong to use.

CONGESTION OF THE LIVER.

A.L. asks what are the causes of congestion of the liver. Ans.—The most important cause of congestion of the liver is valvular disease of the heart. Lung affections, such as 'broken-wind,' chronic fibrosis and tuberculosis, may cause it indirectly. Next to these causes, errors in diet are important. Alcohol, rich and highly spiced foods, fats, and sugars, when indulged in freely, are particularly bad. Constipation should also be avoided.

RHEUMATISM.

O.B. is a man, weighing 165 pounds. He has severe rheumatism in the feet. Has always had good health, and does not smoke or drink. Ans.—Many causes of so-called 'rheumatism' in the feet are due to flat-foot, owing to standing about, and a run-down system. In such cases, special insoles are to be worn in the boots to raise the instep. Bad cases need more than this. If the pain is really rheumatic, bathing in very hot water would be beneficial, and rubbing afterwards with a good stimulating liniment.

CONSTIPATION.

'Constant Reader' is a young man who has been troubled with constipation for a good while. He wishes to have advice about diet and treatment. Ans.—Diet is of great importance in all forms of constipation. The teeth must be kept in good order, and the food chewed well. Diet must be mixed, and not too concentrated. Oatmeal, Graham bread, meat, soups, fresh vegetable and fruits, especially figs and prunes; all sweetstuffs tend to keep the bowels open. Then, it is necessary to drink a sufficient amount of fluid. Take a tumblerful of water immediately on rising. Eat fruit first thing at breakfast. Drink only a small amount with your meals, and never milk. About two hours after each meal drink a small glassful of pure water. Exercise in the open air is essential.

NASAL DOUCHE.

A.S.F. asks if a nasal douche, composed of a quarter of a teaspoonful of borax and a pinch of salt in one quarter of a cupful of warm water, used night and day is harmless. Ans.—Yes, such a douche could not hurt you

TRISCUIT

Growing in Popularity

on its merits. An appetizing and dainty, easily served dish for luncheon, tea, and supper. Contains all the nourishment of the whole wheat. Easily digested.

At all Grocers.

1448

THE D.R.A. MATCHES

NUMBER OF IMPORTANT CHANGES ANNOUNCED.

Ottawa, June 29.—A number of important changes in conditions for the Dominion Rifle Association competition, which will be held at the Rockliffe Rifle Ranges from Aug. 23 to 28, were announced to-day by the D. R. A. secretary, Captain R. Birdwhistle. A new time limit for shooting is provided. The time limit in which each competition must fire a shot has been placed at forty seconds instead of one minute, as heretofore, in order to provide more rapid firing. In some of the matches new targets, colored so as to represent natural surroundings, such as grass, are to be used. The matches to be shot are: Tyro, McDougall, School Cadets, President's, Governor-General's, Walker, Dominion, Borden, Coates, London Merchants, Burland, Judging Distance, General Lake Service, Bisley Aggregate, British Challenge Shield, Caron Cup, Dundonald Cup, Extra Series, Gibson Time Match, Gordon Highlanders, Gillespie Cup, Gzowski Cup, Kirkpatrick, Lansdown Aggregate, Transvaal Cup, Running man, Revolver Matches.

ANOTHER AUTO FATALITY

A POLICEMAN KILLED AND ANOTHER MAN FATALLY INJURED ON WAY TO CONEY ISLAND.

New York, June 30.—Thomas B. McEnroe, a policeman, was instantly killed and four other men injured, one fatally, when a borrowed automobile, in which they were riding was overturned while on the way to Coney Island to-day. The car had been borrowed by George Olney from his cousin, Miss Clara Kreyer, of Brooklyn, its owner, and Olney was given the other men a ride.

The car was going at high speed when a passenger stepped from a trolley car directly in front of it. A sudden twist of the steering wheel to avoid the passenger sent the automobile skidding against the curb the car was overturned, and its occupants thrown out or pinned under it. McEnroe's neck was broken, and John Brohan, another of the riders, suffered concussion of the brain, and internal injuries, from which he may not recover. Three other men were painfully bruised, but Olney escaped injury and disappeared. The car was wrecked.

DEADLY WEAPONS

TO BE DROPPED INTO LAKE MICHIGAN BY CHICAGO POLICE.

Chicago, June 30.—Nearly 600 deadly weapons, which the police have confiscated in the last six months, will be cast into the lake to-day. The city tug will take the police department custodian beyond the three-mile limit and he will drop overboard the revolvers, dirks, slingshots, knives and other deadly weapons in thirty feet of water. This disposition of the weapons is prescribed by the city code.

BISHOP OF PEORIA.

Rome, June 30.— The Pope to-day confirmed the election of the Rev. Edmund Michael Dunne, Chancellor of the Archdiocese of Chicago, to be Bishop of Peoria, in succession to the Right Rev. John L. Spalding, resigned.

MARRIAGE LICENCES
MONEY TO LEND
CUSHING & BARRON
Notaries and Commissioners
Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Building
112 St. James Street.

IF the **QUESTION** is Staple or Fancy Groceries, Fine Fruits or Provisions, the **ANSWER** is PAUL'S. Try him with your Country or Seaside Order, and there will be no regrets.

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461 St. Catherine St. West and 80 University St.

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LIMITED
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World Wide Business

Losses collected in last 7 years exceed $55,000,000.

TERCENTENARY, LAKE CHAMPLAIN.

On July 6th and 8th the Grand Trunk Railway System will sell round-trip excursion tickets to Burlington, Vt., at the low rate of $1.50—good returning until following day. Also special trains will leave Montreal at 9 a.m. on the above dates, stopping at St. Henri and Point St. Charles. Returning, leave Burlington at 8 p.m. same day. From July 1st to 8th the rate will be $2.95, good going by all regular trains on above dates and returning until July 19.

MME. BAKHTADZE KILLED

Bomb Sent to Her Concealed in Basket of Cherries.

RUSSIAN WOMAN POLICE AGENT HAD BEEN SEEKING TO AVENGE HER HUSBAND'S MURDER.

Tiflis, June 30. — Marie Bakhtadze, who had been prominent as an agent of the political police at Tiflis, was killed here yesterday by a bomb that had been sent to her by an unknown person in a basket of cherries. Madame Bakhtadze was the widow of a man who formerly was prominent among the revolutionists. He turned traitor, however, betrayed many of the revolutionary leaders and then entered the police service, and was killed last autumn. Out of revenge his widow became a spy and devoted herself to hunting down every one responsible for her husband's death. For several weeks past she had not ventured outside the police station.

HERVEY INSTITUTE AT DOMINION PARK.

Yesterday Dominion Park was given up for the benefit of the Hervey Institute. About ten thousand persons, it is estimated, passed through the gates during the afternoon and evening. Had the 'day' been arranged a little earlier in the season, no doubt this number would have been greatly increased, for at this time of the year many of the generous patrons of the Hervey, and other philanthropic institutions, are out of town. All the many attractions had their fair share of patronage, and it is hoped that a substantial sum will have been realized for this deserving object.

Readers can have the 'Daily Witness' at summer resorts in Canada or the United States for only 25 cts. per month.

HIGHEST TENDERER GETS ALL.

What Aldermen Carter and Ward Discovered About Road Committee's Resolutions.

Aldermen Ward and Carter were at the City Hall yesterday afternoon for the purpose of making themselves more familiar with the details of some of the permanent sidewalk contracts passed and those now reported to council by the Roads Committee.

At the interview with our reporter they say as regards cement sidewalks already awarded the question was asked Mr. Barlow if he would explain why the cement sidewalks were not given to the lowest tenderer. He referred the two aldermen to the following remarkable resolutions passed by the Road Committee, both at the same meeting on May 18, which read as follows:—

The first: Proposed by Ald. Duquette, and resolved, that the city surveyor be instructed to give no orders for the purchase of material and supplies without the consent of the chairman of the committee.

The second: On motion of Ald. Major, it was resolved that the chairman be authorized to have the city surveyor, or his assistant, give all the orders for material and for all permanent work which may be authorized by council without any delay, so as to proceed with the work of the department more expeditiously; therefore Mr. Barlow claims that he had no discretion in the matter, as the above resolution placed all authority in the hands of the chairman of the Road Committee, who gave him orders what to do.

As a matter of fact they ascertained that all the cement sidewalk contracts so far awarded have been given to the highest tenderer, the Modern Paving Company, at $2.22 per yard, whilst the committee had another tender, from the E. D. Hofeller Company, at $1.86 per yard.

Mr. Barlow was asked to give an opinion as to the merits of the two tenders in quality, and without hesitation he stated that the Hofeller Company's was the best in every respect, according to the advertised specifications, and he also stated that the Modern Paving Company's tender did not follow the specifications called for by the city.

The difference between the tenders as shown above is 36 cents per square yard, or about twenty percent extra, which is a very serious matter, and the ratepayers who are directly interested should be made aware of the present state of affairs.

Incidentally Aldermen Gallery and Major, present members of the Road Committee, happened to drop in during Aldermen Ward and Carter's visit to the Road Department, and were asked why such extensive powers were conferred on their chairman, and both expressed much surprise that the chairman had given instructions to give contracts to the highest tenderer, and further, they stated that the resolution referred to above was only intended to apply for securing certain small articles that were required, or would be required, in the near future for immediate use. These two aldermen further stated that in every case the lowest tender for all contract work should be accepted.

Ald. Major seemed to be under the impression that some members of the Road Committee believed that the Hofeller Company's tender had not complied with the specifications, but Aldermen Carter and Ward pointed out that the tender of this firm had fully complied with all the conditions, and that the Road Committee at the time must have known such was the case as both tenders had been duly accepted, but the work all given to the highest tenderers.

ST. LOUIS COUNCIL.

Councillors to Examine Property to be Expropriated.

DISCUSSION OVER THE TOWN ENGINEER'S REMUNERATION BROKE UP THE MEETING.

The meeting of the Council of St. Louis was attended by a fairly large audience last night, composed mostly of proprietors and all the councillors were present. In the absence of the mayor, the chair was occupied by Acting Mayor Jubinville.

A proprietor on Mance street addressed the Council on the changes which had been made in the level of the street. Mance street is now built up from Fairmount avenue to Van Horne avenue, and the new level given to the street will necessitate lowering the sidewalk in many places. In one place the the sidewalk will have to be lowered as much as ten feet, according to the statement of this proprietor, who wanted to know who would have to pay the bill for making the necessary changes in the drains and gas connections, etc.

Acting-Mayor Jubinville asked if the proprietor who put the question represented any other proprietors besides himself, and being informed that he spoke for himself alone the acting-mayor said this was a matter which would have to be considered later, when the question came up regularly before the Council.

The Council then decided that permanent sidewalks should be laid on the following streets: On the east side of Park avenue, from Fairmount avenue to the Laurence property; on the east side of Mance street from Mount Royal avenue to Villeneuve street; on both sides of Fairmount avenue, from Waverley to St. Urbain street; and all along Mount Royal avenue. On Sanguinet street, from the C.P.R. track northward, a wooden sidewalk will be laid.

A report by the town engineer showed the total cost of drains to date, under the Bastien contract, to be $531.961, and of laying water pipes, $125.176.

The work of laying curb-stones on St. Lawrence boulevard from Mount Royal avenue to the Canadian Pacific railway track, is almost complete and it is proposed to proceed with the construction of the permanent sidewalks immediately. On the east side of the boulevard, however, it will be necessary to expropriate a number of shops and dwelling houses which at present encroach on the line of the street. These properties are situated between Mount Royal avenue, and Boulevard St. Joseph, and these expropriations will be made, if possible by consent, and without litigation. A delegation consisting of all the members of the Council, will visit the property this afternoon to study the question on the spot.

Before adjournment, Mr. Vanier, town engineer, handed to the secretary the plans and specifications for the permanent sidewalks, and Councillors Desjardins and Grignon asked to be allowed to take communication of them, so as to be prepared to vote when the matter comes up again at next meeting. The request of Councillors Desjardins and Grignon was not acceded to, as there is a notice of motion by Councillor Berube calling in question the right of the town engineer to collect the fee of 5 percent on specifications over and above his fixed annual salary as town engineer. Mr. Berube's motion will come up at next Tuesday's meeting, and until the question of the engineer's right to collect these extra fees has been decided by a vote of the Council, no one is to be allowed to take communication of the specifications.

The refusal of Mr. Desjardins's request gave rise to a heated altercation between Messrs. Desjardins, Gauthier and Acting Mayor Jubinville, during which Mr. Berube left the Council and the meeting broke up.

Special Allowance NOW On Your Old Piano

Perhaps you have in mind purchasing a new piano when you return to town after the summer vacation.

It is to our interest to take in exchanged pianos before the fall season sets in, and we, therefore, make it to your interest to let us have the old instrument now, so as to help in keeping our repair shops busy during the summer months.

'Phone uptown 2664—Nordheimer's, Limited, 589 St. Catherine street west, sole agency for Steinway and Pianola-Pianos.

CANADA AND THE NAVY

MANCHESTER 'GUARDIAN' SAYS CENTRALIZATION IS OPPOSED TO COLONIAL SPIRIT.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, June 30.— The Manchester 'Guardian,' commenting to-day on Canada and the Navy, says centralization, whether it takes the form of a centralized navy or a formal Imperial federation, is opposed to Canadian spirit and opposed to colonial spirit generally, and attempts to scare Canada into a way of centralization or into cultivating a spurious imperialism, may make Canadians doubt whether Englishmen are not losing their antique steadfastness and sense of humor. But it is unlikely to deflect Canada from a policy upon which it is set, and the sooner that fact is appreciated by England the saner will be our expectations of the practical work from the approaching defence conference.

MR. LUMSDEN'S RESIGNATION

Ottawa, June 30.—The Hon. G. P. Graham, Minister of Railways and Canals, arrived in the city this morning, and had a conference with Sir Wilfrid Laurier in respect to the resignation of Mr. Hugh Lumsden, chief engineer of the National Transcontinental Railway. The resignation has not yet been dealt with by the minister, and as Mr. Graham leaves for England on Friday, the task of appointing a successor will fall upon the shoulders of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Until a successor is named, Mr. Lumsden will continue to fulfil the duties of engineer.

Mr. Graham leaves for Quebec tonight and will sail on Friday.

INTERNATIONAL POLO

London, June 30.—The rainy weather has made necessary a second postponement of the polo match between the English and American teams for the American cup, that was to have been played to-morrow. The game now is scheduled for July 5.

SASKETCHEWAN UNIVERSITY

Saskatoon, June 30.—Saskatchewan's new university is to cost a million dollars.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Thompson and family left the city for St. Andrews, N.B., last night.

The Hon. Rodolphe and Mrs. Lemieux and family left on Thursday for Murray Bay to spend the summer.

The Hon. Justice Girouard, Mrs. Girouard and Miss Eleanor are sailing on July 23 for England, and will spend the next three months abroad.

Mr. John Nichols left yesterday for Eagle Island, Brome Lake, where he is camping with a number of friends for the next two weeks.

Sir Mortimer and Lady Clark entertained at dinner on Monday, in honor of their Excellencies the Countess Grey and the Countess of Aberdeen.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hague, of 'Rotherwood,' Redpath street, have gone to occupy their house, 'Fairmount Lodge,' at St. Agathe des Monts, for the summer season. Mr. Hague is somewhat improved in health.

The Rev. Rural Dean Beamish, rector of St. Thomas' Church, Belleville, and Miss Mary Jessie Ackerell, daughter of Dr. D. H. Ackerell, were married in St. Thomas's Church this morning. The Lord Bishop of Ontario performed the ceremony. The church was crowded to the doors.

At St. Barnabas Church, St. Lambert, this morning, Miss Mabel Constance Dart, youngest daughter of Rural Dean Dart, the rector of St. Barnabas Church, was united in marriage to Mr. Herbert John Church, of Bristol, England. The bride was given away by her brother, Mr. William A. Dart, the marriage service being conducted by her father. Mr. and Mrs. Church left immediately after the ceremony for Toronto, where they will reside.

St. John's Episcopal Church, St. John, N.B., was the scene of a wedding at half-past three o'clock this afternoon, when Miss Constance Gordon Smith, daughter of the late George F. Smith, was married to Mr. Guy DeLancey Robinson, at one time of Montreal, now stationed at Toronto as assistant export and import freight agent of the C. P. R. The Rev. G. A. Kuhring performed the ceremony. The bridesmaids were Miss Mary Warner, Miss Mary Harrison, Miss White and Miss M. L. Smith, sister of the bride. Major B. R. Armstrong was groomsman, and the ushers were W. H. Adams, New York; Allan Magee, Montreal; Alex. McMillan, Heber Vroom, K. G. Harrison, F. M. Keaton and F. W. Fraser. After the ceremony a nuptial reception was held at the bride's home. The honeymoon will be spent at Maine seashore resorts.

At the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Finlay McMartin, 83 Fort street, the marriage took place quietly at six o'clock yesterday, of Miss Ida May McMartin, to Mr. Francis L. M. Chaplin. The Rev. Joseph Sullivan performed the ceremony. The house was effectively decorated with palms and flowers. The bride, who was given away by her brother, Mr. E. W. McMartin, wore a white lingerie princess gown and a tulle veil caught with a wreath of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of white roses and was attended by a maid of honor, Miss Maud McKergow, wearing a pink lingerie gown and carrying a bouquet of pink roses. Her two little nieces, Margaret Brown and Nancy McMartin, were flower girls, in white muslin frocks, and carrying baskets of pink flowers. Mr. Ormond R. McMartin, the bride's brother, was best man. The groom's gift to the bride was a handsome peridot and pearl pendant. Mr. and Mrs. Chaplin have left to spend their honeymoon on the Maine coast. On their return they will take up their residence at 70 Columbia avenue, Westmount. The bride went away in a reseda rajah silk suit and hat to match.

At St. Leo's Church, Westmount, the marriage took place quietly this morning of Miss Gertrude Dillon Lawrence, daughter of the late Mr. T. Lawrence, and granddaughter of the late Mr. John Dillon (and niece of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Tabb, with whom she resided) to Mr. I. Van Oost, son of Mr. Van Oost, of Bruges, Belgium. The Rev. Father Gauthier performed the ceremony. The bride, who was given away by her brother, Mr. George Dillon Lawrence, wore a trained princess gown of brocade silk, trimmed with fringe and duchess lace; a coronet of orange blossoms was arranged on her tulle veil. She carried a shower bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley, and wore the groom's gift, diamond and opal earrings and a sunburst of diamonds and opals. She was attended by her youngest sister, Annie Beatrice Tabb Lawrence, wearing a white lingerie frock, over pink taffeta, and a large pink bonnet and carrying pink carnations. Among the out-of-town guests was Mr. Joseph Dillon-Kelly, of Westmeath, son of Dr. Dillon-Kelly, of Dublin, and nephew of General Kenney-Kelly, cousin of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Van Oost have left for Atlantic City, and will go later to Europe. The bride travelled in a white broadcloth suit and hat to match.

MINISTERS GOING TO EUROPE

HON. MESSRS. BRODEUR AND BORDEN SAIL ON 'EMPRESS OF IRELAND.'

The Hon. L. P. Brodeur, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, will arrive from Ottawa this evening. He will leave Montreal on board the 'Lady Grey' tomorrow morning, and after inspecting the channel as far down as Quebec, will take passage on board the 'Empress of Ireland,' on Friday next, accompanied by his eldest son, Mr. R. Brodeur, and his private secretary, Mr. Morisset.

Sir Frederick Borden, Minister of Militia and Defence, who is now with his family at Canning, N.S., will embark on the 'Empress of Ireland,' at Rimouski, on Saturday.

PREVOST-KELLY CHARGES.

Mr. Weir, as Chairman of Commission of Inquiry, Nips a Wordy War in the Bud.

Quebec, June 30.—The Prevost-Kelly investigation, which was continued this morning before the special commission, took a rather stormy turn at the opening of the sitting. Mr. Prevost, with his characteristic aggressiveness, began by voicing a series of complaints, among which was that Mr. Kelly had access to all the documents of the Crown Lands Department, which he (Mr. Prevost) considered irregular, maintaining that any documents to be produced should be ordered by the commission.

Mr. Kelly replied to the objections, and, as the clash between the accuser and the accused promised to be rather lengthy and somewhat stormy, Mr. Weir, as chairman, remarked that the object of the commission was not to listen to speeches and harangues, but to have evidence adduced.

Mr. Prevost complained that all the documents asked for by the resolution of the commission had not been produced, and he said that while Mr. E. E. Taché had said that his department had not time to make duplicates of the documents demanded, he noticed that copies had been made of documents which were not asked for at all.

Among those he mentioned the documents relative to the resignation of Mr. Dumas, as Crown lands agent at Bonaventure, but he stated on looking over the documents that they would prove very useful to him, and he even moved that a special copy be made.

Mr. Roy objected to Mr. Prevost carrying on an investigation into the affairs of the Crown Lands Department, and considered that when the accuser asked for documents he should state the necessity of such.

Mr. Prevost became very angry and declared that if he could not have all the documents that he demanded he would return to his home and refuse to appear before the commission until all the documents had been produced.

The first witness heard this morning was Mr. Charles Lavoie, superintendent of the sales branch of the Crown Lands Department. He was questioned by Mr. Prevost relative to the monthly reports of the Crown lands agents of Bonaventure in the years 1905 and 1906 concerning the sale of lots in the townships of Cox and Hamilton, which he maintained had a particular bearing upon the accusations which he had made.

The remainder of the sitting was taken up with the production of documents each of which was submitted to Mr. Prevost for inspection and that gentleman stated whether or not they were useful to him.

In the course of the sitting Mr. Roy objected strongly to the manner in which some newspapers had reported the work of the investigation, and he mentioned the 'Evenement,' which, he said, contained a statement to the effect that Mr. Kelley was conducting the investigation as he wished.

Mr. Roy declared that such an attitude was unfair, while the statement which was published in the 'Evenement' was emphatically denied by Mr. Kelly.

The commission adjourned at 1 o'clock, and will meet again next Tuesday morning at ten o'clock.

LAST DAYS OF CONGRESS

(See also page 2.)

Toronto, June 30.—The great closing meeting of the International Council of Women, held in the Convocation Hall last night, will be memorable to the vast audience who participated. On the platform were leaders from many nations, eminent for their services to humanity.

Frau Stritt, the German leader, presided. Fraulein Ida Kirch, of Germany, told how legal aid was furnished to the poor by the trades union organizations; Protestant legal aid, Roman Catholic legal aid, legal aid societies for women by women, public welfare societies, political organizations and municipal legal aid societies. In 1907 one million cases were dealt with by these societies. From the first the women took part in the work.

'In our work we hold it essential that a woman should stand face to face with a woman, as she can enter into her case as a man cannot do,' said the speaker.

In marriage contracts and in guardianships of poor children, much useful advice was given, and male barristers and judges gave much assistance. The speaker made a warm appeal to the women of Canada and the United States for the establishment of municipal legal aid offices under the direction of men and women lawyers.

Miss Janes described the success of co-partnership in housing in England, whereby garden suburbs and garden cities have been formed. It was evident that the death rate was proportionate to the amount of air, sunlight, vegetation and overcrowding. At Hampstead estate great success had been achieved, and Montreal had shown its appreciation by presenting a pulpit to the garden village church. She thought the use of private capital as an economic power to forward the aims of reconstruction socially was a strong argument for the co-operation village.

Miss Chrystal Macmillan described legal disabilities of the mother as a parent under common law. A mother has practically no status as against the father, and law ignores the fact that she has any interest in her children. A woman brought an anti-vaccination certificate for her child, signed by herself as mother to the official. 'This is no good,' he said, 'it must be signed by the parent. You are not the parent.'

Even after divorce a guilty father may claim the children if the material conditions appear to present advantages.

Dr. Morton, New York, gave an encouraging survey of the work being done by 7,000 women doctors in the Republic.

SHIPPING NEWS



ARRIVALS.

Steamship.	At.	From.
Oceanic.....	New York	Southampton

THE 'ATHENIA'S' CABIN LIST.

The following are cabin passengers on the T.S.S. 'Athenia,' Robert Reford Co., W. McNeill, commander, sailing from Montreal for Glasgow at daybreak tomorrow: Miss Alders; Mr. Charles Andersch, Minneapolis; Mr. Ralph L. Aldrich, Mrs. Ralph L. Aldrich, Master J. G. Aldrich, Master R. L. Aldrich, Detroit; Mrs. Georgia A. Bennett, St. Louis; Miss Hattie C. Bradford, Oklahoma City, Okl.; Miss Anna C. Brady, Mr. William L. Balson, Mrs. William L. Balson, Miss Eva L. Balson, St. Louis, Mo.; Mrs. Brydon, Glasgow; Mr. Robert L. Barton, Mrs. Robert L. Barton, St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. R. A. Burns, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Miss Elsie Burns, New York; Mrs. Bescoby, Toronto; Miss Grace Begle, Mrs. Sarah Begle, Mr. Ned G. Begle, Detroit; Miss Tina Cassell; Mr. H. H. Clark, Lennoxville; Mr. Francis E. Cook, St. Louis; Miss Cullen, Toronto; Miss Jane Cooper, Chicago; Miss Ivey Cluley, Miss Laura Cluley, Pittsburg, Pa.; Mr. L. H. Clark, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Mr. W. R. Carnegie, Mrs. Carnegie, Miss Carnegie, Master Carnegie, Detroit; Miss Catherine F. Crocker, Chicago; Mr. W. R. Croft, Miss Marian Croft, Toledo; Mrs. Wm. Cowie, Montreal; Miss E. M. Dixon, Miss J. Dixon, Mr. H. G. Donaldson, Toronto; the Rev. F. M. Dewey, Montreal; Miss Ella Eversfield, Miss J. Eadie, Mrs. Dr. Eadie, Miss Isobel Eadie, Miss C. Eadie, Master George Eadie, Toronto; Miss Ethel Fuller; Miss Laura Fischer, Chicago; Mrs. D. Frey, Miss B. Beryl Frey, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss Julia E. Ferguson, Evanston, Ill.; Miss Forbes, Miss Forbes, Miss Forbes, Mr. Allen Forbes, Mr. Wm. T. Forbes, Mrs. Forbes, Worcester, Mass.; Master Chas. Fraser, Mrs. Chas. Fraser, Montreal; Prof. F. O. Grover, Miss Eulalie O. Grover, Miss Anna Grover, Oberlin, O.; Mr. J. Gamell, Mr. W. Greig, Mrs. A. Gill, Miss Gill, Master Gill, Montreal; Miss Annie E. Gall, Miss Marie E. Gall, Toronto; Miss Alice Herthol, Miss Hall; Miss Lillian Hall, Marshall, Tex.; Miss Dimple Hacker, Cairo, Ill.; Miss Eliz. Hall, Cleveland, O.; Mr. Ross Humphrey, Toronto; Miss Agnes Hendry, Mrs. Robert Hendry, Montreal; Mr. J. B. Henderson, Toronto; Miss O. M. Imhoff, Madison, Wis.; Dr. Alex. Jamieson, Glasgow; Miss Constance M. Jackson, Montreal; Mr. W. K. Jewett, Lincoln, Neb.; Mrs. Jewett, Lincoln, Neb.; Miss Mary Klein, the Rev. Robert Knowles, Toronto; Mr. John Kidd, Mrs. John Kidd, Fort Wayne, Ind.; Miss Frances Long; Prof. E. D. Luckey, Mr. B. C. Luckey, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss J. I. Luther, Evanston, Ill.; Miss Maud G. Lewis, Pittsburg, Pa.; Miss Mulford; Miss G. Pearl Mulberry, Cairo, Ill.; Miss Maizie Moss, Miss Bessie C. Moss, Clayton, Mo.; Miss Mason, Toronto; Mr. J. C. Murray, Winnipeg; Miss Z. K. Miller, Madison, Wis.; Miss M. E. R. Martin, Bournemouth, England; Dr. Mason, Mrs. Mason, Toronto; Miss Agness Mitchell, Montreal; Miss Maitland, Mr. John Maitland, San Francisco, Cal.; Miss Malloy, Toronto; Miss M. M. McGingen; Mr. J. J. McRoberts, Mrs. J. J. McRoberts, Master Jas. McRoberts, Miss Ida McRoberts, Miss Sarah McRoberts, Master Henry McRoberts, St. Louis; Prof. S. F. McLennan, Cleveland, O.; Mr. A. M. Mackay, Montreal; Mrs. John MacIntosh, Montreal; Mrs. P. C. Macgregor, Almonte, Ont.; Miss Annie Macgregor, Arthur, Ont.; Miss Emma Gean Olmstead, Springfield, Ill.; the Rev. Ernest N. Orr, St. Louis, Mo.; the Rev. Prof. James Orr, D.D., Mrs. Orr, Glasgow; Miss Myra K. Peters; Mrs. Julia A. Pettit, Portland O.; Dr. Jas. M. Patton, Mrs. Patton, Lincoln, Neb.; Miss M. Pringle, Winnipeg; Mr. V. Plant, Montreal; Miss Julia A. Risch, St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. Eno W. Richardson, Mrs. Nellie L. Richardson; Mrs. Eliz. Ross, Miss Nita Ross, Miss Gladys Ross, Toronto; Mr. John Runcie, Chicago; Mr. Garrand Strode, Mrs. Garrard Strode, Mr. Warren D. Strode, Mrs. Johanna S. Schrader, Master Kirk Schrader, Miss Marie Stracke, St. Louis, Mo.; Mrs. J. H. Smythe, Chicago; Miss Margaret J. Sanborn, Montreal; Mr. F. Somers, Mrs. Somers, Master Frank Somers, Toronto; Miss June Toohey, Sioux Falls, S.D.; Mr. Philip Tidy, Mr. Charles Tidy, Toronto; Mrs. John Twigg, Montreal; Miss Annie C. Thompson, Pittsburg, Pa.; Miss Claude Weatherer; Miss Margaret Wilson, Cairo, Ill.; Miss Emma L. Warr, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss Louise C. Webber, St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. George Stuart Whyte, Mrs. G. Stuart Whyte, Miss Jessie Whyte, Chicago; Miss Wheeler, Toronto; Dr. Earle B. Woodward, Mrs. Woodward, Lincoln, Neb.; Mr. George E. Wrench, Bellevue, O.; Mr. W. B. Wells, Chatham, Ont.

BOATS FOR TERCENTENARY.

Several launches and sailing boats passed down the river to-day on their way to attend the Champlain Tercentenary celebrations. The craft arranged to meet at Vianville at 1.30 today, and proceed on to Sorel, and St. Johns, which place they are scheduled to reach to-morrow evening. There they will take part in a regatta to be held on Friday afternoon. From St. Johns they go to Burlington. Among the boats that left to-day are Mr. H. Gerth's steam yacht, Monada; Mr. H. M. Molson's Arcadia; Mr. F. Smith's, Thorella II., and Mr. A. A. Hanna's, Red Feather. The Government yacht, Masson[illegible] also passed down on her way to Burlington.

The SS. 'Virginian,' of the Allan Line, from Liverpool for Quebec and Montreal, was reported 140 miles southeast of Cape Race at 2 a.m. to-day. She is due in Quebec at 4 a.m. Friday, and Montreal the same evening.

The SS. 'Pomeranian,' of the Allan Line, sailed from Havre for Quebec and Montreal on June 28, with 60 cabin and 72 third class passengers.

The Canada Line SS. 'Prince Albert,' from Hamburg, Bremen and Rotterdam for Quebec and Montreal, was reported by Marconigram 110 miles east of Cape Race at 6.30 p.m. yesterday. She is due at Quebec on Friday evening.

The SS. 'Trinidad,' of the Quebec Line, which is to take the place of the steamed 'Campana,' passed Father Point at 8.20 a.m. to-day.

The SS. 'Bellona,' of the Thomson Line, passed Martin River at 8 a.m. to-day.

The SS. 'Manchester Mariner' passed Cape Magdeline at 9 a.m. to-day.

GULF REPORT.

Father Point—Cloudy, south-west wind; inward at 8.30 a.m., Trinidad.

Martin River—Clear; strong north-west wind; inward at 6.30 a.m., Bornu; 8 a.m., Bellona.

Cape Magdalen—Clear; north-west wind; inward at 6.30 a.m., Hero, 9 a.m., Manchester Mariner.

Heath Point—Cloudy; north-east wind.

Cape Ray —Cloudy; strong north-west wind; outward yesterday at 8 p.m., [illegible]er.

Cape Race—Cloudy; north-west wind; bergs everywhere; Virginian 140 miles at 3.50 a.m.

Point Amour—Cloudy; east wind; [illegible] open ice eastward as far as can be seen; also, numerous bergs.

Belle Isle—Cloudy; north wind; [illegible] bergs in sight.

MOVING PICTURE SHOWS

TWENTY-SIX PROPRIETORS [illegible] DEMNED FOR KEEPING THEIR OPEN ON SUNDAY.

Twenty-six proprietors of moving picture shows were condemned in the Police Court yesterday to pay a fine of $10 and costs each for keeping their halls open on Sunday, May 23. A number of the moving picture shows are now shut on Sundays, and it is understood that those that hereafter defy the law will have to pay a penalty, or go to court.

THE 'DON DE DIEU'

Quebec, June 30.—The craft 'Don Dieu,' which took such a prominent part in the tercentenary celebration last summer, has been sent to Lake Champlain, where she will be moored during the pageant which will be repeated there. Captain Gagnon will be in charge of the vessel, with a crew of eight men. Sheriff Langelier left to-morrow for Plattsburg, N.Y., where he will take the part of Champlain in the tercentenary representation.

BOY KILLED BY TRAIN.

Coroner McMahon yesterday afternoon held an inquest at Lachine on the body of John McMillan, six years, of Lachine, who was killed the day before by a train. The young lad was walking the track, when a Delaware train passed over him, severing his head and the right arm. Accidental death was the verdict.

Attention

To the little details of Dress marks the well dressed man

In buying we give as much thought and care to the selection of **Ties, Hose Shirts, Handkerchiefs** and **Suspenders** as we do to **Clothes**.

DO YOU?

If you have forgotten anything for Dominion Day this is to remind you of it and us. How about that pair of **White Duck Pants?**

Wm. Currie

CLOTHIER,

423 Notre Dame St. W.

ROOMS — STRATHCONA CAFE [illegible] perance House, 50 rooms, family [illegible] modated. Special to transients; [illegible] dining rooms in connection; [illegible] shopping district. 5, 7 and 9 McGill College avenue.

END OF FIRST SIX MONTHS FINDS CANADA HAPPY

As Result of Financial and Industrial Expansion—Cause for Optimism on all Sides.

The first six months of the present year are proclaimed by Canadians as a period of marked and unquestionable progress in financial and commercial conditions. On the eve of our natal day the Dominion is showing a splendid revival in trade. This is not confined to any particular line of industry, for the whole country rings with the activity, increased traffic and myriad signs of busy industrial life.

New mills, of different kinds and dimensions are being erected throughout the country, and particularly is this noticeable in the west.

Railways are extending their facilities of operation in all directions, and are rendering valuable service in building up the country. Settlers are crowding into the country to take up a permanent home and to convert the crude and virgin fertile, productive soil, the western lands are teeming with energy, and the onward march of progress was never so conspicuous.

The undeveloped resources of forests, mines and fisheries are to-day the object of envy of outside countries. Foreigners see in Canada a land of promise and opportunity, and it is not surprising that our fame is being discussed on several continents.

Our expansion, financially, commercially, and industrially, has been rapid, more especially is this true during the past half year. Canadians are not pessimistic. They have confidence in the Dominion, and they are not afraid to stake their reputation and money in expansion and development work. The result of this is seen on every side. Increased bank clearings, rapidly growing railway and steamship returns, larger earnings by commercial and industrial enterprises, together with an abundance of money in our banking institutions are probably the most striking indications of Canada's present happy position. At the back of all this strength and development stands the prosperous Canadian farmer. From Halifax to Vancouver is a continuous belt of land whose vast extent holds for the thrifty and persevering farmer a rich reward for his application. Evidence of a bountiful harvest is shown on every side, and such activity in other departments of business life, the tiller of the soil has every reason to look forward with confidence and buoyancy.

Here and there is heard a discordant note in financial circles, but serious consequences are not anticipated. Skilled and unskilled labor is finding fair employment, and there is a feeling of general contentment among the industrially toilers.

As to the future, it presents much encouragement for Canadians, and with a continuation of business expansion, noted during the first of the year to date, the second half of 1909 will, no doubt, prove more than a counterpart.

UNITED STATES STEEL WILL EARN $28,000,000

For Quarter Ended June 30—Company Now Operating About 82 p.c. of its Capacity

Pittsburg, June 30.—The recent movement in the steel industry has made necessary a revision upward in estimates of net earnings of the United States Steel Corporation for the current quarter, and is now figured that the net for the June quarter will be in the neighborhood of $28,000,000. Estimates of earnings made a month ago, based largely on deliveries at the low prices prevailing in March and April, were as low as $21,000,000. Since that time, there has been a very satisfactory advance in prices, and this on top of an increased production has made it necessary to revise former estimates.

At present the Steel Corporation is operating about 82 percent of its capacity, which is the highest level reached since the improvement in the steel industry began, and compares with less than 50 percent at the low point of the depression.

Net of $28,000,000 for the June quarter compares with $20,265,000 for the corresponding quarter of 1908, and with $23,600,000 in the first quarter of the present year. This makes a total of $51,000,000 for the current half year ended with June 30, as against but $28,494,000 for the first half of 1908, and $34,626,000 for the first half of 1907, which was the largest half year in the company's history.

Money on Call

New York, June 30.—Noon — Money on call steady at 1 7-8 percent. Prime mercantile paper, 3½ to 4 percent. Sterling exchanges, $286,010,649.

FLOYD AND UNION PACIFIC COBALT EAGERLY PURCHASED

Two showers of Floyd and Union Pacific Cobalt issues on the local mining exchange this morning was a feature. The former quickly mounted up to 14½, and the latter showed an inherent tendency to rise to higher prices before very long. The rest of the list was inclined to show better results. The following are the noon closing quotations, specially furnished to the 'Witness' by Fisher & Dorrkoslere, stock brokers, 91 St. Francois Xavier street:

	Bid.	Asked.
North American	9	9½
South Lake	14½	14¾
Ophir Central	35½	36½
New Reserve xd	330	335
City of Cobalt	40	40½
Crown	14¼	14¾
Foster	25	26
Frances Meehan	12	14
Green Black Mining	—	19½
Kerr Lake	776	787½
La Rose	812½	818¾
Little Nipissing	26	26½
McKinley	85	87
Nipissing	1012½	1037½
Nova Scotia	38	38½
Otisse Lake	25½	26
Red Queen	35½	36
Right Leaf	113¼	12¼
Silverway	128	139
Temiskaming	89	89½
Trethewey	33	35
Watts Lake	28¾	29

MORNING SALES.

Crown—6800 at 13½, 2000 at 14½, 30 days, 1000 at 14, 2000 at 14½.

La Rose—500 at 813¾, 100 at 812½.

Watts Lake—2000 at 28, 5000 at 28½, 1500 at 29, 2000 at 29, 3000 at 28¾.

Right Leaf—500 at 11¾.

Trethewey—100 at 128.

Members Ferland—100 at 52.

UNLISTED.

Union Pacific Cobalt—8500 at 6¾, 100 at 6¾, 100 at 6¾.

RECORD EARNING FOR MAY SHOWN BY CUBA RAILWAY

Figures for Eleven Months of Fiscal Year Large—Comparisons With Other Periods.

The Cuba Railway Company continues to show remarkable financial progress. The statement of earnings for May, and the 11 months of the fiscal year issued this morning will come no doubt as an agreeable surprise to those who are following the development of this young, but enterprising corporation, which has at its head, no less a financial genius than Sir William Van Horne.

Gross earnings for last month are given at $193,540, as compared with $173,515 for May a year ago. Working expenses, it will be noted, are smaller for last month, amounting to $104,674, as against $112,638 for the same period in 1908. This is a splendid evidence of the economy practised, also the capable manner in which the company is being managed, in the face of extensive improvements to the whole system.

Net earnings for May show the handsome total of $88,865, as compared with $60,876 for the same month last year, an increase of nearly $28,000.

For the eleven months of the fiscal year, the net result is just as encouraging. Gross earnings from July 1, 1908, to May 31, 1909, amounted to $1,960,460, and after allowing for expense account, the net for the eleven months is given at $858,441, as compared with $668,383 for the corresponding period last year, leaving an increase in favor of 1909 or over $190,000. These figures speak for themselves.

No Dividend Advance, But Special Rights on New Stock

The directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway meet early in July to decide on dividend payments for October, and it is thought that the same rate from the proceeds of land sales, as well as the same rate of dividend will be maintained.

Early in the year many had the idea there might be a large distribution from land sales, but the opinion among interests close to the company is that shareholders will get additional rights on new stock before they receive a higher rate of dividend.

London Holding Firm

London, June 30.—The local exchange closed a shade below recent quotations, with consols for money at 84 1-8 and for account 84 1-4. Canadian Pacific was very firm at 186 7-8, while Grand Trunk was quoted at 23 1-2.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

Reported by W. P. O'Brien, 57 St. Francois Xavier Street. Tel. Main 632.

	Sellers	Buyers		Sellers	Buyers
Bell Tel. Co. xd	147	145	Dom. I. & S.	44½	44⅜
B.C.Pk.As.A.	....	94	" pfd. xd	126	125
B.C.Pk.As.B.	....	94	Duluth com	....	....
Can. Con.	43	41	" pfd.	....	....
Can. Pac. Ry.	182½	182	Halifax Ry. xd	115	....
Crown Reserve xd	3.40	3.38	Hav. Elec.	59	....
Detroit Elec.	60¾	60¼	" pfd.	91	88
D. Coal com. xd	73	72	Mex. L. & P	69	67
" pfd	....	114¾	" pfd.	....	....
Ill. Trac. xd	94	92½	M. & St. Paul	140⅝	140¼
Int. Coal	79	76	" pfd. xd	....	....
Int. C'l. Com	....	....	Mt. L. H. & P	125¼	123¾
Int. Port. C's	160	158¾	Mont. St. Ry.	218¾	216
L. W'ds. com	....	....	New St. Ry.	....	....
" pfd. xd	....	....	Mont. Steel xd	90	83½
Laur. Paper	....	....	" pfd xd	....	....
" pfd. xd	....	123	Mont. Tel.	160	154
Mackay com. xd	80½	80	Nipissing xd	11¾	10½
" pfd. xd	75	74	Sao Paulo xd	....	....
Nor. Ohio	29	....	Shaw W. & P.	95½	....
N.S. Steel	68	67½	St. John Ry.	....	....
" pfd	....	....	Toledo	10	....
N.W. Land	....	....	Toronto xd	124	123½
Ogilvie com	125	124½	Tri City pfd.	....	85⅛
pfd.	....	125	Twin City	....	103⅝
Penmn's Ltd.	54	53½	West India	....	....
" pfd	90	85	Winnipeg xd	....	....
R. & O. Nav.	84	81⅛			

BANKS

B.N.A.	155	....	Nationale	....	....
Com'erce	184	183	New Brns'k xd	....	274
Dom.	....	....	N. Scotia	....	....
East. T.	....	....	Ottawa	....	....
Hamilton	....	....	Quebec	....	....
Hoch'laga	....	....	Royal xd	....	....
Imperial	....	....	Standard	....	....
Merch.	167	162	Toronto	220	....
Molson xd	....	200	Union	136	....
Montreal	252	251			

COTTONS.

Can. C. Cot.	54½	54	Dom. Tex. pf	106	104½
D. Tex. com xd	72	71	Montreal	130	127½

IONS

Bell Tel.	5	....	....	Keewat'n Mills	....	....
Can. C. Col.	6	....	....	L. of Woods	....	....
Can. Con.	5	....	....	Laur. Paper	6	113	110
Cable	....	....	....	Mag. Is. Dev.	6	....	....
Dom. Coal	5	97½	97	Mex. E. L. Co.	5	....	....
Dom. Cot.	6	100¾	....	Mex. L. & P.	5	87⅜	....
D. I. & S.	5	95	94	Mt. L. H. & P.	4½	....	....
Halifax Tr.	5	....	....	Sao Paulo	5	....	....
Hav. El. Ry	5	....	....	St. John Ry.	5	....	....
Mt. St. Ry.	4½	100½	100	Textile Ser. A.	6	....	95
M. Warch.	4	....	....	" " B	6	98¼	96¼
N.S.S. & C.	5	....	....	" " C	6	95¼	95
N. Sco. Con.	6	110	109	" " D	6	....	....
Ogilvie Mill	6	....	....	T. York Rad.	5	....	....
Series B.	6	....	....	West India	5	....	....
Price Bros.	6	....	....	Win. Elec.	5½	....	....
Rio de Jan.	5	94¼	....	Wind. Hotel	4	....	....

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Specially reported for the 'Witness' by J.D. Monke Hospital St., Local Manager of J. S. Bach & Co., New York, by direct wire

Stocks	Op'g.	Clos.	Stocks.	Opg.,	Close
Amal. Cop. xd.	82¾	82¼	Kan. T. pfd. xd	46	46
Amer. Loco. xd	60⅛	60¼	L. & Nash.	141	140⅞
pfd. xd	....	....	Mis. Pac.	73	73
Am. Sugar xd.	127½	126⅞	M. St. P. xd.	140	140½
do pfd. xd.	....	....	do. pfd. xd.	....	....
Am Smelt. xd	92⅜	92⅛	Mex. Cent.	....	....
Am. Car Fy.	56⅝	57	N. Y. Cent. xd	133¼	133
Am. S'l. F. com	....	....	Erie Rail'd.	36⅞	36¼
do. do. pfs.	....	....	do. 1 pfd.	....	53
Am. Wool	34⅝	34½	do. 11 pfd.	43	43
Anaconda xd	49	49	N. Y. O. & W.	53	53
Atchiso xd.	115⅝	115¼	North Pac. xd.	152½	152
do. pfd.	....	104½	Nor. & West.	....	....
Balt. & Ohio.	118	117⅝	Pac. Mail	....	....
do. pfd.	....	....	Penn. R.R.	136½	136⅞
Brooklyn R. xd	79⅝	79¼	Pressed Steel.	43⅜	43⅝
Can. Leather.	....	....	do pfd. xd.	103¼	103⅜
do. pfd.	....	....	People's Gas xd	114⅞	114¾
Can. Pac.	182⅝	182⅜	Phila. & Read	155⅞	155¾
Chgo G. Wes.	2⅛	2⅛	do .... xd	....	....
Can. South.	....	....	do	....	....
Ches. & Ohio.	77	77	Rock Island.	33	32⅝
Chic. & Alt.	69	68	Railway SS.	43¾	43⅜
Chic. & N. W.	183	183	R. Iron & S. com	31⅝	31⅜
C.M. & S.P. xd	154⅛	153¾	do. do. pfd.	....	104½
Col. South.	....	....	South Ry.	31	31⅛
Con. Gas xd.	140½	140¼	do. pfd.	....	....
Col. Fuel	44½	44¼	South Pac. xd.	132¼	132⅝
Corn Prod.	....	....	Sloss Sheffi'd xd	83¼	83¼
do. pfd.	....	....	Tenn C. & I.	38⅛	38¼
Detroit U.	....	....	Texas Pacific.	34⅛	34⅜
Del & W. xd.	....	....	Tol. R. & L.	....	8⅝
Del & Hud. xd	194⅜	194⅝	Twin City xd.	....	....
Den. & Rio G	48¼	48	U. S. Steel xd	69⅝	68¼
do. pfd.	....	....	pfd. xd.	126	125⅞
Dul. S. S.	....	16½	U. S. Rubber	....	....
do. pfd.	....	32	do pfd. xd	115¾	115¼
G.N.R. pfd xd	149⅝	149⅜	Union Pac. xd.	193¾	193¼
Gen. Elec.	161½	161	do pfd.	102¾	102¾
Havana Elec.	....	....	Wabash	21¾	21⅜
Iowa Central	....	....	do. pfd.	57¾	57⅛
Ill. Cent.	....	....	Wis. Cen. com.	....	....
Inter. Pump.	39¼	39¼	do. pfd. xd	....	....
Inter. Met. com.	16⅝	16¼			
" pfd.	51	50⅝			
Kan. Tex.	41⅛	41¼			

COLOSSAL PROPORTIONS OF BANK CLEARINGS

Illustrates Canada's Financia Soundness in an Unequivocal Way—Comparisons.

The bank clearings for the month ending June 30 cannot but afford much pleasure and gratification to those of the community who have the welfare of Canada and its financial progress at heart. The clearings, which amount to $169,031,230, are unexpectedly large, and show a most substantial increase over those of the previous year, as well as the year before. Its large advance over June, 1907, is very significant of our actual gains since that spacious period.

The total clearings for the six months of the present year are also very inspiriting, as showing the cumulative process of Canada on a large scale. The figures which almost reach to $835,000,000, are collossal, and form one more definite argument in favor of successful evolution of Canadian finance and industry.

Following are the comparisons:

Total for month ending June 30, 1909	$169,031,230
Corresponding month, June 30, 1908	121,366,912
Corresponding month, June 30, 1907	123,589,767
Total for six months ending June 30, 1909	$834,881,724
Corresponding six months, June 30, 1908	669,532,021
Corresponding six months, June 30, 1907	737,122,578

John Black Mining Company Held a Special Meeting

A meeting of the shareholders of the John Black Mines was held in the Mining Exchange on Monday afternoon, with Mr. John Black in the chair, and after calling the meeting to order, Mr. W. T. Enright, the company's solicitor, addressed the meeting.

The company owns seven properties of 40 acres each in the Gowganda and Miller Lake districts, upon which it has commenced prospecting operations.

The directors' report, covering the organization, showed cash in hand of over $20,000, with which to commence operations.

Bar Silver and Rates

London, June 30.—Bar silver steady at 24 pence per ounce. Money, 1⅝ to 2¼ percent. Discount rate, short bills and 3-months bills, 1½ to 9-16 percent.

Wall Street Closing

New York, June 30.—The local stock exchange closed barely steady this afternoon. C.P.R. was quoted at 182⅜, Soo common at 140¼, Reading at 156¼, Southern Pacific at 132½, Union Pacific at 193¾, and Steel common at 56¼.

Southern Railway

The earnings of the Southern Railway for May show a net increase of 189,000, and for the eleven month at net increase of $3,690,000.

Wisconsin Central

Minneapolis, June 30. —The Wisconsin Central directors have authorized an issue of $3,500,000, 4 percent refunding bonds to provide for expenditures on terminals at Duluth and for improvements and for equipment.

Northern Pacific Ry.

The earnings of the Northern Pacific Railway for May show a net decrease of $233,119, and fo rthe eleven months a net decrease of $742,561.

Stock Exchange Holidays

The Stock Exchange will be closed to-morrow, Dominion Day, and also on Saturday morning, July 3 next. The exchange will be open for business on Friday as usual.

Colorado and Southern

Colorado and Southern will show 4 4-5 percent on its common stock, after allowing for preferred dividends.

CHICAGO MARKETS

Messrs. J. S. Bache & Co., Bell Telephone Building, report the closing prices in Chicago to-day as follows:

	Open.	High	Low.	Close.
What, July	115⅝	116⅜	115½	116
Sept	111½	112⅜	111⅜	111⅞
Corn, July	.70½	71½	70⅝	——
Sept	.67½	68	67¼	67⅞
Oats, July	.49¼	49⅝	48⅞	49⅛
Sept	43⅝	44	——	43⅞
Pork, July	.20.05	20.40	20.05	20.22
Sept	20.30	20.70	20.30	20.42
Lard, July	11.70	——	——	11.70
Sept	11.80	——	——	11.75
Sh Ribs, July	11.07	11.12	11.00	11.00
Sept	11.00	11.05	10.92	11.00

LIVE STOCK MARKET, June 30.

About 950 head of butchers' cattle, 80 milch cows, 1300 calves, 600 sheep and lambs and 800 fat hogs were offered for sale at the East End Abattoir to-day. The excessive supplies of all kinds of live stock had a depressing effect on prices, the drovers claiming that good cattle declined half a cent per lb., and the common stock have declined nearly one cent per lb. since last Wednesday's market. There was only one load of really prime stall-fed cattle on the market, and these were held at 6 1-4c per lb., but without sales. The other cattle sold at 2 1-4c to 5½c per lb., but a large number will not be sold to-day. A large bull, weighing over 1800 lbs., was sold for $71. Milch cows sold at $25 to $50 each. Calves sold at $2.50 to $8 each. Sheep sold at 3½c to 4c per lb.; lambs at $3.50 to $5.50 each. Good lots of fat hogs sold at 8½c to 8 3-4c per lb

BETTER TONE TO MARKET WITH STOCKS MUCH FIRMER

Volume of Trading Larger Than Previous Days—Predictions as to High Levels Made.

Unexpected strength was displayed in several of the leading stocks on the exchange this morning. There was a markel improvement in the volume of trading over previous sessions, with 'Soo' common and Iron securities leading. Fair sales in Toronto Rails, Scotia and Rio were noted. 'Soo' on favorable earnings advanced to 140½, while Canadian Pacific was firm at 182½. Power was much stronger and sold up to 123. Scotia showed more life and it was purchased at 67 3-4. Rio was steady at 84½.

Traction stocks continue to hold very firm. Montreal Street is in a fine position financially and is selling at 218, with Toronto Rails at 124; Detroit United at 60 3-4 and Illinois preferred at 92 3-4.

Iron issues have made new advances, the common selling at 44½ and the preferred at 125 3-4. There is evidently another move about due for these securities, which it is believed will carry them up to new high levels. Coal was quiet, but very steady. There was a much better bond market, while bank securities were quietly dealt in at no appreciable change over recent quotations.

New York, June 30.—Transactions have been about the same scale up to noon. The only feature of note has been the realizing in Steel under cover of an advance in Un. Pacific and Southern Pacific. It is generall believed that the so-called Morgan pool are active in advancing, and protecting the price of Steel pending their negotiations for listing on the Paris Bourse.

There was no news of interest; the trading was of a highly professional nature, the market being in the shade of the coming holidays. The tone for the market has been from steady to strong. Sales to noon 270,000.

MORNING BOARD.

Rio—85 at 84½, 50 at 84⅜.
Sao Paulo—1 at 143⅞.
Toronto Railway—25 at 123¾, 165 at 124, 'Soo' common—400 at 140, 25 at 140½, 85 at 140⅜, 125 at 140½, 25 at 140⅝.
Coal pref—50 at 115.
Scotia—100 at 67½, 50 at 67¾.
Iron—125 at 44¼, 50 at 44 1-8, 10 at 44, 50 at 44⅜, 190 at 44½.
Rubber pref—25 at 118.
Asbestos—75 at 92½.
C.P.R.—50 at 182½.
Mackay pref—25 at 74.
M.S.R.—4 at 217, 1 at 217½, 30 at 218.
Power—35 at 123.
Porto Rico—35 at 44½.
Illinois pref—20 at 92¾, 10 at 93, 5 at 92⅝.
Nipissing—100 at 10 1-8.
Crown Reserve—500 at 3.50 cash, 500 at 3.35.
Iron pref—50 at 125¼, 50 at 125½, 75 at 125¾.
Ogilvie pref—20 at 125.
Detroit—25 at 60¾.
Merchants Bank—1 at 163.
Bank of Montreal—7 at 251, 20 at 251¼.
Rubber bonds—$4000 at 37½, $2000 at 100 flat.
Iron bonds—$15,000 at 93⅝ flat, $13,000 at 94 flat.
Bank of Commerce—36 at 184.

AFTERNOON SALES.

Soo common—75 at 140½, 50 at 140⅜, 75 at 140½, 50 at 140⅝.
Iron pref—25 at 126, 185 at 125¾, 50 at 125⅝.
Iron—225 at 44¼.
M.S.R.—50 at 218, 15 at 218¼.
Power—10 at 123.
Coal—50 at 72.
Crown Reserve—700 at 3.50 Cum. Div.; 100 at 3.37.
Rubber bonds—$11,000 at 98.
Iron bonds—$3000 at 94 flat.
Ban kof Nova Scotia—10 at 277¼.
Textile bonds—$1000 at 97½ B.

Big Mines in Favor

The big dividend paying Cobalt stocks are holding very firm. Crown Reserve was quoted at 3.50 to 3.52, with 3.53 asked. La Rose continues to attract attention around 8.08 to 8.10, while Nipissing is quiet but steady at 10 1-2 ex-dividend.

Business is Improving

Allis-Chalmers plants are now running about 75 percent of normal capacity, with a steady improvement in demand.

Crown Reserve Mining Co. LIMITED.

Dividend No. 4.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 6 percent for the three months ending 30th June, 1909, and a bonus in addition of 9 percent for the same term, making a total payment of 15 percent, has been declared, and will be payable on the 15th July, 1909, to Shareholders of record, 30th June, 1909.

Transfer Books will be closed from the 1st July to the 15th July, 1909, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.

JAMES COOPER, Secretary.

Montreal, June 17th, 1909.

BRYANT BROTHERS & CO.
84-88 St. Francois Xavier St. Montreal.
BANKERS and BROKERS
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DEALERS IN
COBALT STOCKS,
Branch Office - - - - Cobalt.

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40 Hospital St. Tel. Main 2308

RECORD OUTPUT OF COAL FROM DOMINION MINES

Much Credit is Reflected on the Management for Having Achieved This.

In despite of the threatened strike, and the worrying dissensions at the collieries of the Dominion Coal Company, which would, one might think, act as a deterrent and clog to the operations at the mines, the total output of coal for June will reach at least 355,000 tons, which is a record. When compared with 343,000 tons, which constitutes the output for the same month of 1908, it muse be seen that much praise is due to the management of the company, in the admirable way in which they must have administered their affairs, to have produced such excellent results.

At Sydney, it appears that the black clouds are now showing their silver lining, and that there is more than a possible chance of the trouble being averted, or at least rendered less calamitous, and union and harmony being restored. This is much to be desired, and should there be such a favorable outcome of the difficulties, the prospects before the Dominion Coal Company would be of sunset tinge.

PINEAPPLES AND LEMONS AT HIGHER PRICES

Strawberries at a Reasonable Price---Local Dealers Active in Dominion Day Trade.

Dominion Day trade in fruit circles is active and profitable. Orders are pouring in, and dealers are kept constantly busy.

Pineapples and lemons are higher in price, but other quotations are little changed. Lemons in the United States are said to be selling at exorbitant prices.

Following are prices according to the Peterson Fruit Company: Florida pineapples at $3, for 24, 30 or 36s; Sorrento oranges, 160 to 200, at $2.75 per box; Messina ovals at $1.75 per half case of 80 to 100, and $3.50 for 200s; Valencia oranges, 714s, at $5.50 per case, and Jumbos, half case of 300, at $3.

Green and loose bananas quote at $1.65 to $1.85 per bunch; Jamaicas, packed, at $2.25; cocoanuts, $4.25 per 100; fancy Marconi lemons, 300s, at $2.50, and 360s, at $2.50; dates at 4 cents per pound; California cherries at $2; watermelons, 55c each, and cantaloupes at $6 per crate. Peaches quote at $1.75 to $2 per box; plums at $2.75 to $3, and apricots at $2.25. Strawberries sell at 9c per box, which is a reduced and quite reasonable price.

Flour Quotations

Manitoba spring wheat patents, firsts, $6.30 per barrel; seconds, $5.80; winter wheat patents, $6.40 to $6.50; ninety percent, $6.30; in bags at $3.10 to $3.20, and extras at $2.85 to $3.

Liverpool Market Prices

Liverpool, June 30.—Wheat, spot No. 2 red western winter nominal, futures firm: July 9s 4d, September 8s 8½d, December 8s 6¾d. Corn, spot new American mixed, via Galveston, steady, 6s 5½d, futures are quiet. July 5s 8d, September 5s 8d.

Bacon, short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs., firm, 59s. Lard, American refined, in pails, quiet. Turpentine, spirits, quiet, 33s.

Cheese and Butter

The local market is a shade easier, with westerns quoted at 11⅝c to 11¾c, and easterns at 11⅜c to 11½c.

Butter is quoted at 22½ to 23 cents per pound.

BOUNTIFUL HARVESTS ARE PROMISED CANADIANS

If Weather Conditions Continue Favorable—Agricultural Prosperity is Remarkable.

In commenting on the unusually fine weather which lingered on throughout the country, many were of the opinion that it was too good to last. Some individuals, who have an intimate interest in agriculture, even went so far as to prophesy dire things in the way of a reaction of obligating weather. It is now apparent to all that such feeling merely arose from a pardonable anxiety. For it is rather unusual such ideal growing weather should continue so long without check, and it is equally remarkable that the whole country shares this blessing.

Various reports from the western wheat growing provinces come to hand, and all seem to concur in stating that grain is farther advanced than it was this time last year, that growing weather is longer retained, that the acreage of all grains, in the ensemble, is far greater than the previous year, and that the crops should be very large. The total harvest of oats is expected to be exceptionally large this season. Ontario's contribution will be a bountiful one.

The total yield of fruit will undoubtedly be great. Small damage has been caused by slugs and moths. Winter varieties of apples have blossomed heavily, and a big yield is promised. British Columbia will show a maximum of fruit, and is determined to be known as a fruit producing province of no second rank. Pears will be gathered in moderate to large quantities, and peaches give warrant of a large gleaning. Grapes will bear in an average way at least. The smaller fruits, such as red and black currants, gooseberries and so forth give excellent promise.

CANADIAN WESTERN OATS LOWER—GRAIN AND FLOUR

Toronto, June 30.—The foreign situation is again the dominating force in the grain market to-day. Liverpool cables are from 1d to 2d higher, and prices at Chicago this morning were quite firm. The Winnipeg market was steady in wheat, and local quotations for No. 1 and 3 northern are unchanged. Canada western oats are quoted a little lower on weaker western quotations. The prices are now 58c for No. 2, and 57c for No. 3, with No. 1 extra feed selling at 57½c.

Trading in Ontario grain and flour lacks any identifying feature. Very few transactions have transpired and although there seem to be free offerings in certain cereals, no one is willing to buy.

Local dealers' quotations — Manitoba wheat, No. 1 northern, $1.38; No. 2 northern, $1.36; No. 3 northern, $1.33, on track, lake ports. Ontario wheat, No. 2 red, white or mixed, $1.35 to $1.40. Corn, American No. 2 yellow, 81c to 81½c, Toronto freights; Canadian, 75c to 76c, Toronto freights. Oats, No. 2 white, 57½c to 58½c, on track, Toronto; No. 2, white, 54c to 55c; No. 3 white, 53c to 54c outside. Canada western No. 2, 58c; No. 1 extra feed, 57½c; No. 3, 57c. Barley, No. 2 nominal, 62c to 63c; No. 3 extra, 62c; No. 2, 60c to 61c. Buckwheat, No. 2, 74c to 75c.

Manitoba flour, quotations at Toronto are—First patents, $6.20; second patents, at $5.70; strong bakers, $5.50. Ontario flour, ninety percent winter wheat patents at $5.75 to $6.25 in buyers' sacks, on track, Toronto; $5.50 to $6 cutside. Manitoba bran, $23 to $24 per ton; shorts, $24 to $25 on track, Toronto. Ontario, bran, $25; shorts, $26, on track, Toronto.

Potato Prices

Green Mountans, in car lots, on track, are selling at $1.02½ to $1.05, and in a jobbing way at $1.15 to $1.20 per bag.

Quebec varieties, in car lots, on track, have sold at 95c to $1, and in a small way at $1.05 per bag.

Railway Earnings

The Minneapolis and St. Louis Railway earnings for May show a net increase of $49,500, and for th eleven months $14,000.

McCuaig Bros. & Co.
Members Montreal Stock Exchange
Our weekly circular of the 23rd inst., deals with the following company:
DOMINION IRON & STEEL
Copy mailed on application.
Telephone Main 923-924. 157 ST. JAMES STREET

Are you an investor? We gladly supply safe investments in the denominations of $100, $500, and $1,000. If you send us your name we shall be pleased to mail you our offerings from time to time.
W. GRAHAM BROWNE & CO.
Dealers in High Grade Bonds. Montreal.

BIG FIND ON MARCELL!!
RICHEST ORE IN JAMES TOWNSHIP. Cutting Devlin and Lucky Godfrey veins. First issue outsold.
We have some pooled stock at an attractive price. Buy some now, and make money. Low capitalization producing the stuff!
GET IN NOW.
WRITE, WIRE OR PHONE,
W. W. MacCUAIG,
TEL. M. 2685; E. 2986. ROOM 71, CITY AND DISTRICT BANK, MONTREAL.

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DOMINION DAY. REDUCED FARES

To all points on Line at Single First-Class Rate.

Going dates June 30 to July 1. Return Limit, July 2, 190

PLEASANT OUTINGS ON THE RIVER, THURSDAY, July 1.

2 p.m., Str. BERTHIER sails for Lanoraie and returns to city at 8 p.m. Fare **60c.**

2.30 p.m., Str. TERREBONNE sails for Vercheres, calling at Boucherville and Varennes, and returns to city at 8 p.m. Fare, **60c.**

REFRESHMENTS ON BOARD AT CITY PRICES.

THE TRIP OF THE SEASON.

A DELIGHTFUL TRIP will be made on the Fine Steamer ST. IRENEE, sailing from Montreal on the evening of June 30, at 8 p.m., for the LOWER ST. LAWRENCE AND THE MARVELLOUS SAGUENAY, returning July 3, at 6 p.m., after a daylight sail from Quebec to Montreal. This will be the only special excursion of the year to the Saguenay River. FARE, ONLY **$16.25**, including meals and stateroom berth.

TICKET OFFICE 126-128 ST. JAMES STREET, Opposite Post Office.

Summer Resorts

GASPE BASIN,

The favorite Spot for Health and Sport.

Charming Resort for Sportsmen and Pleasure Seekers

The vicinity affords beautiful scenery, fine sea bathing and unexcelled fishing. Guests have the privilege of salmon and trout fishing in connection with the house. Salmon and Trout Fishing par excellence.

BAKER'S HOTEL,

(Now Open)

so long and favorably known, offers first-class accommodation for tourists, with all the comforts of home.

Before making your plans for your summer outing, be sure to write for terms and other information to

BAKER'S HOTEL, Gaspe, Que.

AVENUE HOUSE

PEAK'S ISLAND, Portland Harbor, Me. This popular seaside House is now open to summer travel. Special rates to families. Correspondence solicited.

M. C. STERLING, Prop.

ABENAKIS SPRINGS

A most delightful Summer Resort

Dancing, Driving, Lawn Games

Boating, Fishing, Bathing

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Over 300 students enrolled annually, ½ of whom are young ladies.

Highest advantages in all Departments.

Buildings heated by steam and lighted by electricity.

Will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 7th, 1909.

For Calendar or Rooms, address:

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Write for Booklet to the Secretary, St. Margaret's College, Toronto.

A BOMB OUTRAGE

SIX PERSONS KILLED IN HOME OF RICH SPANISH LAND-OWNER.

Paris, June 29.—A special despatch from Lisbon says that six persons were killed and four desperately injured by a bomb, which was thrown into a window in the home of a rich land-owner named Morgador, at Navia, Spain, while a large party was at dinner. The force of the explosion was terrific and the room was completely wrecked. It is believed the act was one of a political revenge.

COAL STRIKE AGREEMENT

Calgary, June 29.—The coal miners' strike is over, provided that the miners, in referendum, vote in favor of the proposition that has been placed before them, and it is now certain that they will do so. The agreement is in the form of a compromise. The men do not insist upon the union shop, and the operators can hire and discharge whomsoever they please. On the other hand, the operators give in on their contention for lower wages in mining pillars and some other forms of mining.

OTTAWA RIVER N.A.V. Co.

DOMINION DAY

Excursion to Ottawa $2.50

Tickets to go 30th June and 1st July, return 5th July.

EXCURSION To CARILLON

$1.25 (For Dominion Day Only).

THIS IS THE FINEST TRIP OF ALL

Take 8 A.M. G.T.R. train for Lachine Wharf.

HUDSON and RAPIDS—Take 1.30 p.m. C.P.R. train, Windsor Station. Trip, **$1.**

ST. ANNE'S and RAPIDS—Take 1.30 p.m. G.T.R. or C.P.R. train. Trip, **80** cents.

LACHINE and RAPIDS—Take 5 p.m. train, G.T.R. Trip, **50** cents.

TICKETS at Grand Trunk Station or Office, 130 St. James street. Offices, 178 and 286 St. James street, and Windsor Hotel.

A CHARMING TRIP

Down the Gulf of St. Lawrence

SS. "LADY OF GASPE"

(1,200 tons.)

$30.00,

Montreal to Gaspe and Return.

The above rates include meals and berth.

People desirous to escape from the dust and hurry of city life during the hot months of the summer, should take the trip from Montreal to Gaspe, on the well fitted and comfortable iron steamer 'Lady of Gaspe,' sailing from Montreal every two weeks.

This trip of seven hundred miles, is almost equal to a transatlantic one, without the discomfort of seasickness. The steamer supplies a first-class bill of fare, and the officer are most obliging.

Leaves MONTREAL, Victoria Pier, at 2 o'clock p.m. on TUESDAY,

June 15.	Aug. 10.
June 29.	Aug. 24.
July 13.	Sept. 7.
July 27.	Sept. 21.

For Freight or Passage, etc., apply, A. LEMIEUX, Agent, 409 Board of Trade Building.

Main 35.

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ST. LAWRENCE CANADIAN NAVIGATION CO. Limited

MONTREAL and QUEBEC.

Steamers leave daily at 5 p.m., except Sundays.

Fare single $3.00. Return $5.00.

SUNDAY RIVER CRUISE TO SOREL

Leaving Montreal at .. ..9.00 a.m.

Returning at ....7.30 p.m.

Price round trip 75c.

Ticket Office, 58 Notre Dame street East. Tel. Main 974; Bonsecours Wharf, Tel. Main 3168.

HAVE YOU GOT A COLD

Get a box of HARTE'S GRIPPE WAFERS. Cures a cold in twenty-four hours. PRICE 25c.

HOW ABOUT THAT COUGH

Try a bottle of HARTE'S COUGH MIXTURE. PRICE 25c.

WINTER FLUID

For Chapped Hands and Lips, they prove a favorite remedy. PRICE 25c.

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329 NOTRE DAME STREET WEST.

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We clean golf, tennis and other Summer suits to the satisfaction of particular people. WE GIVE SATISFACTION.

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Dyers and Cleaners, Montreal, Que.

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Phones—(Up) 3041 and 3223. (Main) 1397

CHINESE IN OTTAWA

ANGLICAN WOMEN TEACHERS TO BE REPLACED BY MEN.

Ottawa, June 29.—Every Anglican church in the city will replace the women Sunday-school teachers of the local Chinese students with young men teachers. The change will come into effect next fall, when the Chinese classes reopen for the winter. The decision was reached last night at the quarterly meeting of the local assembly of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, which body has jurisdiction over the Chinese work of every Anglican church in the city. Representatives were present from all the Anglican churches.



ALLAN LINE.

Royal Mail Service

MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL

		From Montreal.	From Quebec.
CORSICAN . .	July 2	2.30 a.m.	1.00 p.m.
VIRGINIAN . .	July 9	6.00 a.m.	5.30 p.m.
TUNISIAN.. .	July 16	3.00 a.m.	1.00 p.m.
VICTORIAN .	July 23	5.30 a.m.	4.00 p.m.

SALOON—$77.50 and up. The Turbiners, $67.50 and up.

SECOND CABIN: $45 and $47.50 and upwards; London, $2.50 additional.

THIRD CLASS: Liverpool, Glasgow, London, Belfast or Londonderry, $27.50 and $28.75, according to steamer.

MONTREAL TO GLASGOW

IONIAN	July 3	July 31	Aug. 28
GRAMPIAN . .	July 10	Aug. 7	Sept. 4
PRETORIAN .	July 17	Aug. 14	Sept. 11
HESPERIAN.. .	July 24	Aug. 21	Sept 18

Saloon, $67.50 and up; Second Cabin, $45 and up. Ionian and Pretorian one-class cabin, called Second Cabin, $42.50 and up. Third Class, $27.50.

MONTREAL TO HAVRE AND LONDON

MODERATE RATE SERVICE.

SARDINIAN . .	July 3	Aug. 21	Oct. 2
POMERANIAN .	July 17	Aug. 28	Oct. 9
SICILIAN	July 31	Sept. 11	Oct. 23
CORINTHIAN.. .	Aug. 14	Sept 25	Nov. 6

ONE CLASS—SECOND CABIN. Rate — London, $40; Havre, $45 and $50; Paris, $48.65, and up.

THIRD CLASS—London, $26.50; Havre, $31.00; Paris, $33.50.

All the steamers on the above services—Liverpool, Glasgow, London and Havre, are fitted with cold storage.

H. & A. ALLAN, MONTREAL.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP Company, Limited.

RIVER AND GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE

Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes

THE WELL and favorably known SS. 'TRINIDAD,' 2,600 tons, lighted by electricity, and with all modern comforts, leaves Montreal, on Mondays, at 4 p.m., 5th and 19th July, 2nd, 16th, 30th August, and 13th September, for Pictou, N.S., calling at Quebec, Gaspé, Mal Bay, Perce, Grand River, and Charlottetown, P.E.I.

BERMUDA

Summer excursions, $20 to $90 by the twin-screw SS. 'Bermudian,' 5,500 tons, sailings from New York, 7th, 17th, and 28th July, and every 10 days thereafter. Temperature, cooled by sea breezes, seldom rises above 80 degrees. The finest trips of the season for health and comfort.

ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.

For freight, passage and Staterooms, apply to

J. G. BROCK & CO., Agents, 211 Commissioners street, City.

BLACK DIAMOND LINE

S.S. "BONAVISTA"

Leaves Montreal about every two weeks for

CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I., SYDNEY, C.B. and ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland.

For sailing rates, etc.,

Phone Main 2155 Victoria Pier.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, at the next session of the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, application will be made by THE LAURENTIAN SOCIETY FOR THE TREATMENT AND CONTROL OF TUBERCULOSIS, incorporated under the provisions of the Revised Statutes of the Province of Quebec, Title VIII., Chapter First, Section 3066 et seq. for the purpose of making provision for those afflicted by tuberculosis, for maintaining Sanitaria for the relief of such persons, and for disseminating knowledge and information pertaining to such disease, and to obtain funds for the carrying on of such objects by means of voluntary contributions, subscriptions, gifts or donations from the members of the Society and from the public, for a Special Act to enlarge its powers, to own and hold real estate for the purposes of the said Society, and to mortgage and alienate the same, and for other purposes.

DATED at Montreal, the 28th day of June, 1909.

McGIBBON, CASGRAIN, MITCHELL & WELDON, Attorneys for Applicant.

Province of Quebec,
District of Montreal.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT
No. 2412.

The Great North-Western Telegraph Company, a body politic and corporate, duly incorporated, having its head office and principal place of business in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, and having its head office for the Province of Quebec in the City of Montreal, Plaintiff,

vs.

A. G. Congdon, of the City and District of Montreal, Defendant.

By order of the Honorable Justice Davidson, the Defendant is ordered to appear within eight days.

J. A. GIRARD, Dep. Prothonotary.

Montreal, 25th June, 1909.

CENTS FOR SALE AT THE 'WITNESS' OFFICE.



WHITE STAR-DOMINION

Royal Mail Steamships

MONTREAL-QUEBEC to LIVERPOOL

R. M. S. "MEGANTIC"

Twin Screw, 14,878 tons.

SATURDAY, JULY 3rd.

R. M. S. "LAURENTIC"

Triple Screw, 14,892 tons.

SATURDAY, JULY 24th.

Largest and most modern steamers on the St. Lawrence Route.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First Class, $90.00 and upwards.

Second Class, $48.75 and upwards.

Third Class, $28.75 to principal British Ports.

Full information furnished by Local Agents, or at

COMPANY'S OFFICES, 118 Notre Dame Street West, Montreal



To	LIVERPOOL	From
July	2—EMPRESS OF IRELAND.	June 18
July	10—LAKE CHAMPLAIN . .	June 23
July	16—EMPRESS OF BRITAIN	July 2
July	24—LAKE ERIE	July 7
July	30—EMPRESS OF IRELAND	July 16
Aug.	7—LAKE MANITOBA . . .	July 21
Aug.	13—EMPRESS OF BRITAIN	July 30
Aug.	21—LAKE CHAMPLAIN .	Aug. 4
Aug.	27—EMPRESS OF IRELAND	Aug. 13
Sept.	4—LAKE ERIE	Aug. 27

REFORD AGENCIES

DONALDSON LINE to GLASGOW.

SAILING FROM MONTREAL.

SS. ATHENIA (cold storage)	July 1
SS. PARTHENIA (cold storage) ..	July 8
SS. SALACIA	July 15
SS. CASSANDRA (cold storage).....	July 22

PASSAGE RATES—One class Cabin (called Second), $42.50 and upwards; Third-Class, Eastbound, $26.50; Prepaid, westbound, $27.50.

THOMSON LINE to LONDON.

SAILING FROM MONTREAL.

SS. HURONA	July 3
(Cold Storage and Cool Air.)	
SS. DEVONA	July 10
(Cold Storage and Cool Air.)	
SS. CERVONA	July 17
(Cold Storage and Cool Air.)	

DUNDEE SERVICE.

SS. JACONA	July 10

NEWCASTLE SERVICE.

SS. BELLONA	July 8

LEITH SERVICE.

SS. BELLONA	July 8
SS. JACONA	July 10

THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited

Montreal, Toronto, Quebec, St. John, N.B., Portland, Me.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

DOMINION DAY

Round Trip Tickets will be sold at

SINGLE FARE

Going Dates, June 30th to July 1.
Return Limit, July 2, 1909.

SUMMER TIME TABLE

In Effect June 27th.

MARITIME EXPRESS

8.15 a.m. Daily — for St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Levis, Quebec, River Ouelle, Murray Bay, Riviere du Loup, Cacouna, Little Metis, Metapedia, Campbellton.

8.15 a.m. Daily except Saturday. — For the above named stations and through to Chatham, Moncton, St. John, and Halifax.

OCEAN LIMITED.

7.30 p.m. Daily Except Saturday — For St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Levis, Quebec, River Ouelle, Murray Bay, Riviere du Loup, Little Metis, Campbellton, Moncton, St. John and Halifax. Through connection at Truro for Sydney and Newfoundland.

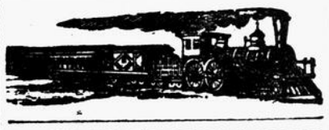
ON SATURDAYS ONLY.

11.45 p.m. — St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Levis, Quebec and intermediate Stations. Sleeper ready at 9 p.m.

CITY TICKET OFFICE,

130 St. James St. Tel. Bell M. 615

H. A. PRICE, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. GEO. STRUBBE, City Ticket Agt.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

DOMINION DAY.

REDUCED FARES

Quebec.....	$4.90	Peterboro'	$7.85
Sherbrooke.	3.20	Hamilton....	10.65
Ottawa.....	3.35	London.....	12.95
St. Johns..	.90	Toronto....	$10.00

And all other points in Canada and return at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going Dates, June 30th to July 1.
Return Limit, July 2, 1909.

OTTERBURN PARK, FARE 85c

Train No. 2, leaving Montreal at 8 a.m., and Train No. 3, arriving here at 7 p.m., will stop at Otterburn Park on Dominion Day for the accommodation of picnickers who wish to spend the day at this popular resort.

TERCENTENARY

DISCOVERY LAKE CHAMPLAIN, 1609--1909.

For above round-trip, Excursion tickets will be issued from Montreal to:

Plattsburg, N.Y.	$2.35
Fort Frederick, N.Y.	3.85
Burlington, Vt.	2.95
St. Albans, Vt.	2.15

Tickets good going from: July 1st to 5th, inclusive. Return limit, July 10, 1909.

SPECIAL TRAINS—BURLINGTON, VT.

On Tuesday, July 6th, and Thursday, July 8th, special trains will leave Montreal at 9.00 a.m. for Burlington, Vt., stopping at St. Henri and Point St. Charles. Returning, leave Burlington 8.00 p.m. same dates. Special fare, $1.60.

ALASKA-YUKON PACIFIC EXPOSITION.

Seattle, Wash., June 1st to Oct. 16th, 1909.

Round Trip First-class tickets will be sold from May 25th to September 30th, 1909, from Montreal to

VANCOUVER, B.C. VICTORIA, B.C. SEATTLE, Wash. TACOMA, Wash. PORTLAND, Ore. } **$89.00**

Going via any regular direct route, returning via same or any other regular direct route.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. LOS ANGELES, Cal. } **$104.25**

Choice of routes to San Francisco, returning via Portland, Oregon, and any regular direct route therefrom, or vice-versa.

This affords a splendid opportunity of visiting the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition, and such famous resorts as the Yellowstone Park, Grand Canyon of Arizona, Yosemite Valley, Fairwood, Hot Springs, and many other points of interest.

Good to return until Oct. 31st, 1909.

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS!

Double track, perfect roadbed, modern equipment, free library, beautiful scenery and fresh breezes along the shores of Lake Ontario. Fast trains operated by Block Signal System. Courteous and careful employees.

See the magnificent electrical installation in use on Grand Trunk passenger trains in passing through the St. Clair International Tunnel.

Everything possible to secure the utmost comfort and satisfaction for patrons. Red Cap porters always on hand to meet and assist passengers.

4 Trains for the West Daily

International Limited — Fast Night Express

9 A.M. Express trains 9.45 a.m., 7.30 p.m. **10.30 P.M.**

International Limited

CANADA'S FINEST AND FASTEST TRAIN

has through Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Car, Montreal to Chicago; also Grand Trunk Parlor, Library, Cafe Car, and through Coach, Montreal to Toronto and Detroit. Meals and refreshments en route.

Pullman Sleeping Cars on night trains.

CHANGES IN TIME TABLE

Effective Sunday, June 27, 1909.

MONTREAL—NEW YORK.

Leave Montreal 7.16 a.m., and 10.05 a.m., 7.00 p.m., 8.01 p.m., week days, and 7 p.m. and 8.01 p.m. daily.

MONTREAL—BOSTON, VIA C.V.R.

Leave Montreal 8.31 a.m. and 8.10 p.m. daily.

MONTREAL—WATERLOO.

Sunday train leaves Montreal 8.32 a.m. for Chambly, Marieville, Granby and Waterloo. Returning, leave Waterloo 5.50 p.m. same day.

MONTREAL—ST. JOHNS.

Leave Montreal 7.16 a.m., 8.31 a.m., 10.05 a.m., 4.50 p.m., 5.30 p.m., 7.00 p.m., 8.01 p.m., 8.10 p.m., week days; 8.31 a.m., 7.00 p.m., 8.01 p.m., 8.10 p.m., Sundays; 1.35 p.m., Saturday only; 2.25 p.m. except Saturday and Sunday.

MONTREAL—OTTAWA.

Leave Montreal at 8.30 a.m., 9.35 a.m., 8.55 p.m. and 8 p.m. week days, and 8.30 a.m. and 8 p.m. daily.

MONTREAL LEVIS (Quebec).

Leave Montreal 8.00 a.m. week days, and 8.15 p.m. daily. Pullman sleeping car on night trains, and parlor car on day trains. All G. T. Ry. trains arrive at and depart from I.C.R. Station, Levis.

SLEEPING AND PARLOR CAR SERVICE. MONTREAL-PORTLAND-OLD ORCHARD-KENNEBUNKPORT, Me.

Sleeping and Parlor Car service between Montreal and Portland will be extended to Old Orchard and Kennebunkport as follows:

First-Sleeping Car will leave Montreal at 8.15 p.m. Sunday, June 27. First Parlor Car will leave Montreal at 8 a.m., Monday, June 28. Sleeping Car leaving Montreal on Saturday night will run to Kennebunk only on Sunday morning. Passengers for Kennebunkport will take electric cars at Kennebunk.

FAMOUS ALGONQUIN PARK, PARRY SOUND, HIGHLANDS OF ONTARIO.

Those desiring to visit the famous Algonquin Park, Parry Sound and the Highlands of Ontario, can leave Montreal at 8.30 a.m. week days, arriving at Algonquin Park 5.45 p.m., and Depot Harbor at 6.25 p.m., returning, leave Depot Harbor at 7.00 a.m., and Algonquin Park 10.45 a.m., week days, arriving Montreal at 7.55 p.m. Direct connection at South Junction for Penetanguishene Bay. Through Parlor Buffet Cars on above trains, between Montreal and Algonquin Park.

Pullman Sleeping Cars on Night Trains. Parlor Cars on Day Trains.

For Tickets, Berth, Maps, Sleeping Car and Parlor Car reservations, and all information, apply to

CITY TICKET OFFICES

130 St. James st., Tel. Main 460, Main 6907, or Bonaventure Station.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DOMINION DAY

Round Trip Tickets will be sold at

SINGLE FARE

to all points in Canada in Ontario and East. Good going June 30th. Good for return until July 5th.

SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE. DOMINION DAY.

Train leaving Place Viger Station at 8.30 a.m. will run through to Ste. Agathe, arriving there at 10.30 a.m. Returning, leave Ste. Agathe at 6.00 p.m., arriving Montreal at 8.00 p.m.

UPPER LAKE SERVICE

Steamers leave Owen Sound daily, Thursday and Saturday excepted.

Commencing Monday, July 5th, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday thereafter Steamers leave Owen Sound for Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur and Fort William after arrival of trains leaving Toronto 1.00 p.m.

Montreal-Portland-Old Orchard-Kennebunkport, Me.

VIA THE WHITE MOUNTAINS.

The Scenic Route to the Maine Coast.

Sleeping Car leaves Montreal at 7.45 p.m. Parlor car leaves Montreal 8.30 a.m., except Sunday at 9.00 a.m.

The Short Line to St. John, N.B., Moncton, Truro and Halifax.

Fast Trains, Through Sleepers, Dining Car Service unsurpassed.

Montreal to St. John, N.B., Saturdays.

Commencing Saturday, July 3rd, leaving Windsor Station at 7.25 p.m. for run to St. John, N.B., daily, including Saturdays.

Montreal to Toronto

Two Trains daily, including Sunday. Lv. Windsor St. Station 8.30 a.m. and 9.00 p.m.

ST. ANDREWS BY-THE-SEA

Through Sleeping Cars leave Windsor Station on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, at 7.25 p.m.

CALEDONIA SPRINGS Saturday-Monday

ADDITIONAL TRAIN SERVICE

Commencing Saturday, July 3rd, leaving Windsor St. Station at 12.15 p.m. will run through to Caledonia Springs. Management on Saturday only, and returning will arrive St. Henri at 8.00 a.m., on Mondays only.

ALASKA-YUKON PACIFIC EXPOSITION

Seattle, Wash., until Oct. 16th, 1909.

Round Trip First-Class Tickets will be sold until September 30th, 1909, from Montreal to

VANCOUVER, B.C. VICTORIA, B.C. SEATTLE, Wash. TACOMA, Wash. PORTLAND, Ore. } **$89.00**

Going via any regular direct route, returning via same or any other regular direct route.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. LOS ANGELES, Cal. } **$104.25**

Going via any regular direct route to San Francisco, returning via Portland, Oregon, and any regular direct route therefrom, or vice-versa.

Good to return until Oct. 31st, 1909.

CITY TICKET OFFICE

129 ST. JAMES STREET, Next Post Office.



Synopsis of Canadian North-west Land Regulations.

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the three years required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

CENTS FOR SALE AT THE 'WITNESS' OFFICE

PATHS OF THE RIGHTEOUS

BY

L. DOUGALL,

Author of

Beggars All,' 'The Mormon Prophet,' 'The Madonna of a Day,' 'The Zeit Geist,' 'The Earthly Purgatory,' etc., etc.

SUMMARY OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.

[illegible]dian couple, Mr. and [illegible] great responsibility as [illegible]an unexpected fortune [illegible]me acquainted with [illegible] Mr. Ward's nephew, [illegible] the little town of [illegible]d, Nathaniel Pye, [illegible]gy at Oxford, who [illegible]s to Mosford, as a [illegible]acher, attempts to [illegible] John Compton a [illegible] bigoted churchman, but well meaning. They deter[illegible] the fact of their wealth [illegible] in order to see the [illegible] their nephew and his wife, [illegible] kindly welcome Prof. Pye [illegible] introduction to Miss Ken[illegible]ance, Oriane Graham. Miss [illegible], in spite of her appreciation [illegible] worth, had for social [illegible] effectually prevented any [illegible] for her niece during [illegible] Mosford, determines to atone [illegible] if possible by her treat[illegible] couple. The news of their [illegible] dismay to Ethel Compton, [illegible] wife, who, as a grand-niece of [illegible] Sarum, felt that it would [illegible] socially, and as a churchwo[illegible] two such rabid Baptists would be [illegible] to the spiritual good of Mosford. [illegible] Latimer, and his artist son, [illegible] were already rather lax in [illegible]. Her hostility was deeper [illegible] feeling at the time over the [illegible] and was frankly indicated. [illegible] Oriane and Ethel out for [illegible] and Mr. Ward make a [illegible] his wealth, and Ethel slipped [illegible] away. Oriane remained and ex[illegible] Mr. Ward promising to mention [illegible]ledge to no one. As for Ethel, [illegible] heartsearchings over her own [illegible] God's seeming injustice led her [illegible] conclusion that she had been [illegible] overmuch.' Her veiled confes[illegible] quite misunderstood by old Mr. [illegible] who thought her only unwell, but [illegible] satisfied the demands of Ethel's [illegible] and cleared the road for the [illegible] of her new tactics, starting with [illegible] to remove her husband's pre[illegible] The bitterness of the political par[illegible] intensified the churches [illegible] for the Anglicans after the [illegible] Liberal victory, in harsh at[illegible] the supporters of the Education [illegible] matters Ethel tries to get [illegible] with Mrs. Cole, the Methodist [illegible] wife, and old Mr. Ward at[illegible] persuade first his nephew, then [illegible] to accompany him to some special [illegible] the deepening of spiritual life, [illegible] unwilling Oriane goes with him [illegible] Prof. Pye. During a conversa[illegible] tells her that if he had a large [illegible] of money he could undertake some [illegible] organization, and that he could [illegible] the money for the asking.

BOOK V.

ORIANE'S PERVERSION.

CHAPTER XXXI.—Continued.

'It is Mr. Ward of whom you speak,' said. 'Are there not men who would [illegible] money for your purpose who would [illegible] give it to the missionary efforts [illegible] Ward helps? Is it not your duty [illegible] to them first?

'A public appeal would bring no satisfactory result. I believe I could gain [illegible] talents with money which at present may be only gaining five; but that [illegible] my personal opinion. Many religious people would not agree with me. [illegible] supposing my digging were successful and about that, to begin with, [illegible] is risk.'

She had no means of knowing what [illegible] Ward possessed. The sum required [illegible] amounted to her likely to equal half his [illegible]une. 'If I were the Comptons,' said [illegible] 'I should think you ought not to [illegible] Then, feeling obliged to give her [illegible] reason for dissuading him, she [illegible] 'It is not a case of honor there [illegible] be nothing dishonorable in your [illegible] for it; even the Comptons could not say that—but what men who care only about honor might do, it seems to me you, who are trying to live a life of apostolic faith, cannot do.' Lamely and hastily she added, 'Of course I know most religious people make a virtue of getting money that way for good objects; but you—God can send you what He wants you to have; you cannot beg.'

'Thank you,' he said.

He showed no emotion; yet she knew, or thought she knew, that this scheme was the dearest thing on earth to him. Nevertheless she was eager that he should not fall from his high estate by asking for money. He sat beside her, making, at intervals, a few remarks about pictures. They both felt their community of worship and of ideal.

Very soon Mr. Ward woke up cheerily, and the three went out again to the hall of conference.

Oriane found herself wondering whether it would be an effort to her former lover to preach in her presence. When he began to preach she forgot him in his subject as entirely as she forgot herself.

[illegible] took as his text the prayer attributed to Moses, 'If thou go not with us, carry us not up hence.' He described in some detail an ancient world in which all men believed in gods who belonged to the land. When men went forth 'on trek' they were forced, he said, to think they had to leave behind the god they loved. He spoke of the religious necessity which first pushed into speech in such a prayer as the text. The true heart of man must think of his God as too precious and too powerful to be left behind. Simple human affection, attributing itself to God, thought out a deity who loved His people too well to remain behind when they went forward. The preacher described this need developed and spiritualized by the religious experience of centuries and embodied in the young Christian Church, unable to conceive of its Saviour as a mere creature of time and space. His argument was that a true human instinct, seen recurring again and again in the highest emotions of the race, is of itself proof of the Divine response. God must be more than man's highest hopes, and must fulfil such human need. Towards the end Oriane's attention turned to a muse on what had been said. Then she was aware of hearing him say, 'The human need to-day is not a Christ that is a mere human ideal—everything, everywhere, that a man may chance to desiderate, nothing that he does not naturally admire. Our ideas mould us. If we mould them, if no other hand be laid upon them to do violence to our puny dreams and coerce them into grandeur, it is ill for us. It is a transcendental Christ, the personal Jesus whom we require—one who, going with us, will offer resistance to our wishes and make us greater than we are. We cannot hark back to the past for any final letter or final institute. All history shows that when a religion begins to look backward to its golden day it is decadent. Yet let us not go into a future unless He goes with us—Jesus of Nazareth, who will as surely contradict our ideals as He contradicted the ideals of His time.'

Oriane's enthusiam over this utterance was heightened by that of the congregation about her more than she was at all aware of. The speaker's extremely quiet manner led her to suppose that she was forming an independent opinion. She thought she had found in this doctrine a clue to all the mazes of Christian dogma.

CHAPTER XXXII.

THE NIGHT RIDE.

The heart is apt to be light when a crowd in heartfelt chorus pours forth its doxology. Till the meeting was over Oriane had felt reckless about the return journey to Mosford; but she was immediately forced to recognize that she was not accustomed to driving in the dark. Mr. Ward had no fears; it had not occurred to him that they could not speed home as easily now as in the daylight, and Oriane saw nothing to be gained by distressing him. As is so common in an English winter, the cloud wrack which obscured the sun had vanished along with the light and warmth of day, and the moon, dimmed by the city smoke, hung clear, giving promise of all her light on the country roads. But this was not enough to satisfy Oriane's prudence. She had realized that Mr. Ward ought to be cared for rather than leaned upon. She tried to hire a chauffeur at the garage, but the occasion was unfortunate; no trustworthy man was available that night. She looked into the street, troubled now, not knowing in the least where courage ended and foolhardiness began. Then she spoke guardedly to Mr. Ward, who was patiently awaiting her pleasure.

'You are very tired—shall we stay all night at the "Queen's"?'

He looked down with a smile. 'This benighted country of yours—incredible as it seems—affords us no means of telegraphing until morning. Alack, that in my old age I should ever have to come to such a backwoods settlement—no telegraph office open, and not one telephone wire to Mosford!'

'When you wired, did you say we should come?'

'I never thought of anything else; so now, unless it is impossible, we ought to go. Your aunt and my wife will be hunting the roads for our scattered remains if we don't turn up.'

'It is a benighted country, I admit.' She looked about, not knowing where to turn or whom to ask.

As they stood in colloquy the old man did not need to make the gracious droop of head and shoulders that was his natural attitude in speaking to women. Oriane stood straight and tall, like a youth ready for some athletic game. Her long fur-lined coat, open and thrown back, made a rich frame for the firm, rounded curves of her slender figure. Against the sable of the collar her golden hair shone in the lamplight. Her fair face was crowned only by a small hat of folded cloth. All that she wore was brown, except the long, white veil she absently held in her hand. The deep rose bloom of her fair cheek, the brightness of her eye, spoke the stir of emotion within. Some one who was then approaching did not fail to observe every line and tint of the picture she made.

Down a long passage between the hotel and the garage she saw an ungainly figure coming at a fast, businesslike trot, and she recognized the preacher. Her heart leaped. It was a moment when she, usually so independent, was ready to appreciate a guardian oversight.

(To be Continued.)

Skin Diseases.

A diseased or disfigured skin will always have its stamp on the mind of the individual. Many people suffering from disfiguring skin diseases avoid society and lose all pride in their personal appearance. When the skin breaks out in eruptions it is due entirely to an impure condition of the blood.

In all such cases Burdock Blood Bitters will quickly purify the blood and drive all the impurities out of the system.

ITCHING RASH CURED.

Mrs. J. J. Magee, Jr., Kinmount, Ont., writes: "In the spring of 1906 I was troubled with a Rash that broke out all over me. It was worst on my face and head, had a scaly top, and when I would get warm it would become very itchy. I tried doctor's medicine but it did me no good. I then got one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters and before it was all used the Rash was entirely gone."

SORES ON FACE.

Mrs. Harvey Barkhouse, Gold River, N.S., writes: "I was greatly troubled with Sores on my face and finally became so bad I had to go to a doctor about it, but he could do nothing to help me.

I thought about Burdock Blood Bitters and decided to try a bottle. I cannot recommend B.B.B. enough, as I had not used all the bottle before my face was healed."

For sale by all druggists and dealers.

An Ounce of Prevention

is better than a pound of Chronic Dyspepsia. Take

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there? Only a little white, sorry paw sticking out through a rat-hole in the side of the box that the radiator slips into!

'Oh, what shall we do?' cried mamma. 'We'll have to let that beautiful new floor be ripped up! You naughty, naughty cat!'

So the father took a small saw and tried to cut away the boards, oh, so carefully! The children took turns in holding poor Coatee's paw so that he would not feel frightened and would not get hurt.

At last, with patient sawing and coaxing, the board fell away, and there was the house cat all cuddled up on the rafter.

And was he not pleased to get out? And were the children not glad to have him? But mamma said, as she smoothed his ruffled fur, 'Don't you ever, ever do that again, Coatee!'—Selected.

FOUR T'S.

There are four T's too apt to run,
'Tis best to set a watch upon:
Our Thoughts,
Oft when alone they take them wings,
And light upon forbidden things.

Our Temper,
Who in the family guards it best,
Soon has control of all the rest.

Our Tongue,
Knows when to speak, yet be content
When silence is most eloquent.

Our Time,
Once lost, ne'er found; yet who can say
He's overtaken yesterday?

—Selected.

BIBLE LESSONS.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30.

THE DEITY OF JESUS CHRIST.

If Jesus was a mere man He could not be Lord of King David. Jehovah said to my Lord, sit at my right hand till I make thine enemies thy footstool (Ps. cx., 1. See also Matt. xxii., 42). At His birth the name given Him was 'Jesus, the Lord, the Saviour. In Matt. iii., 3 John proclaimed the coming Lord. Read carefully the ministry of John and that of Jesus, and we find a vast difference between the two. (See Matt. iii. and John i., 19-27, and Chap. iii., 23-36.) Read through Matthew and note Christ's references to Himself and His work. All power or authority is His in heaven and on earth. He never links Himself with His disciples. He prays alone. He often walks alone and His disciples reverently follow. See His teaching in Matt. vii., 22 to 29. His works of healing were divine. He spoke and it was done. The disciples had no powers of healing, only as derived from Him. It was not till after His ascension that He sent from heaven special gifts, which are described in the Acts of the Apostles, and which were limited to the apostolic age. The Deity of Christ was recognized by demons from the spirit-world (Matt. viii.). He had power to heal, and the right to forgive sins (Matt. ix., 10 and 11). The Son of God alone knows the Father, and He only can reveal Him. Jesus claimed to be greater than the temple and to be the Lord of the Sabbath (Matt xii.). Whosoever does the will of God is brought into relationship with Jesus (Matt. xii., 50). Jesus is the Son of God, and the King of Israel (John i., 49, and xix., 21). King of kings and Lord of lords (I. Tim. vi., 14-16). See Peter's testimony in Acts x., 39-43).

DAILY TEXT.

June 30.

Hearken unto me, O ye children: for blessed are they that keep my ways.—Prov. viii., 32.

Do not my words do good to him that walketh uprightly?—Micah ii., 7.

Let my heart be sound in thy statutes.—Psalm cxix., 80.

It is one of the hardest things in the world to be true to one's self in one's intercourse with others. There is scarcely anything that requires more real courage. How little is there of true freedom from all put-on conversation and manner! The more truly Christian is our spirit, the more truly shall we rise out of this bondage, which is of the earth earthy, to preserve our truth and uprightness of character; to be, in all places, and at all times, and with all people, one and the same,—not equally open and equally communicative, but equally free from what is artificial and constrained, and steadfast in keeping fast hold of those principles and feelings which we know to be according to God's will and law.—From 'Records of a Quiet Life.'

Men are constantly urging the necessity for more light; but the need is not so much for an increase of light, as for a willingness to receive the light God has already given. If God's pleasure were done, there would be no dark places in the world anywhere. He will light the lamp of every human soul that seeks light and make dark places luminous with his presence, for he himself is light. To see this light which God has for the dark places the soul must look with open eyes.

With men it costs to give light, since that which produces light is rapidly consumed, but when God lights the soul's lamp his fuel is never consumed, his light never diminished, while the soul thus kindled has its own illuminating powers greatly increased.

CHILDREN'S CORNER

OUR RADIATOR CAT.

(By Edith Perry Estes.)

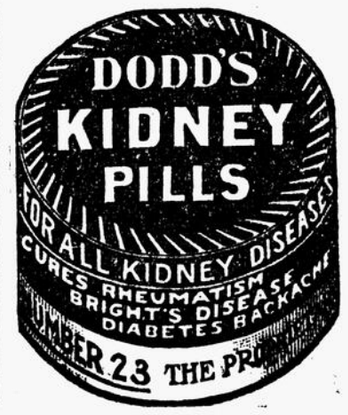
'Mother, where is the cat? He hasn't touched his milk this morning!' called Tommy.

'I thought I heard the cat crying somewhere in this house yesterday afternoon,' cried Theodore, 'but it was not very plain!'

'Hark! What was that?' It sounded very like a far-off, weak 'Meow-ow-ow!' and it sent the three little Macys in every direction to see if he had been shut in anywhere by mistake.

'Look in here, children,' said their father. 'He seems to be in this room,' and as he spoke, Coatee's very voice answered the children's call. 'He must be in the furnace pipe—or the cold-air box.' So he jumped up from his chair and lifted the radiator out of the floor.

And what do you suppose they saw



Wanted

WANTED, A TENT, ABOUT 12 x 14. Address, giving price to P.O. Box 2234, Montreal.

Farms For Sale

STANSTEAD — A LARGE NUMBER OF Fine Farms for sale in this noted farming section, with Stock and Tools. Write to E. W. HAY, Stanstead, Que.

Situation Vacant

WANTED, A WORKING HOUSEKEEPER for an elderly lady and son; seven miles from the city; city conveniences, good home and wages to the right party. Address SUBURBAN, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, GOOD GENERAL OFFICE ASsistant; good at figures, and willing to assist with stock, etc.; salary $45.00 per month. Address N. 795, 'Witness' Office.

Employment Wanted

WANTED, POSITION AS STENOGRAPHER or private secretary by young man, with five years of splendid office training throughout. Best of references. Address M.W.P., 'Witness' Office.

EXPERT PICTURE FRAME JOINER DESires employment. First class references. Reply G.M., 'Witness' Office.

NURSE ATTENDANT (MALE) WANTS private nursing; good lifter; excellent references; abstainer; certificated; London, England. E. T. McLEAN, Portage du Fort, Quebec.

YOUNG COLLEGE WOMAN, CLERGYman's daughter, desires position in country home, July and August, with family of refinement. References as to character, ability to do light housework well, travel as companion, or suggest new ideas for summer entertaining, arranging rooms, preparing dainty luncheons for picnics, etc., cheerfully furnished. Address L.D.V., 'Witness' Office.

Teachers Wanted

TWO PROTESTANT TEACHERS WANTed for Schools Nos. 1 and 2, St. Laurent, P.Q.; must have a first class Elementary diploma; salary $26 per month for ten months; duties to commence Sept 1st; board near school. Apply with reference, to T. S. TASSE, St. Laurent, P.Q.

WANTED, TEACHER FOR THE LEEDS Village Model School for year 1909-1910. Plese state salary wanted. Apply to C. W. JIGGENS, Secretary-Treasurer.

LADY TEACHER WANTED — TEACHER of Mathematics and Science for Trafalgar Institute, Montreal. Candidates must be graduates of a University. Apply, A. F. RIDDELL, Secretary, 80 St. Francois-Xavier street, Montreal.

TWO PROTESTANT TEACHERS WANTed for schools Nos. 3 and 4, Eardley, Wright County, Que. Must have Advanced Elementary or Model Diplomas; salary, $25 per month, paid monthly. Apply to JAMES S. BEBEE, Secretary-Treasurer, Steadman P.O., Wright Co., Que.

WANTED, TEACHER FOR MATRICULAtion subjects in a boarding school for boys and girls, near Montreal. Experience required. Male teacher, and Presbyterian preferred. Duty to begin on October next. Apply to 'GALLUS, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, A TEACHER HOLDING A first class Elementary Diploma, for No. 1 school; Protestant; salary, $22.00 per month, for ten months; duties to commence September 1st. Board near school. Applications received to July 15th. Apply W. A. GRAHAM, Secretary-Treasurer, Brookdale, Ponsonby, Que., County of Labelle.

WANTED, PROTESTANT TEACHER with Model diploma for Grenville Village School, No. 2; salary, $30.00 per month. Term commences Sept. 1st, 1909. Apply, with references, to N. LOUGHREN, Sec.-Treasurer, Grenville, Que.

Veteran Land Grants

SOUTH AFRICAN VETERAN LAND Warrants—Highest price paid for South African Veteran Land Warrants. Apply to LEO L. LEET, Room 307, Merchants Bank Building, 205 St. James street. Tel. Main 789.

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Apply 'Witness' Office.

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UPPER FLAT, TWO ROOMS AND KITchen, suitable for a small family, at Montreal South. Apply Box F.A. 42, 'Witness' Office.

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SUMMER COTTAGE FOR SALE, IN THE Laurentians, 8 miles from St. Margaret's, surrounded with beautiful small lakes and a river, all full of trout. The house is completely furnished, and will accommodate 12. Two canoes and three boats. Apply to Box 407, P.O.

For Sale

A FRONT DOOR WITH ORNAMENTAL iron work, and one door for vestibule; a table, suitable for an office, 6 feet long, very cheap. 112 Union avenue, city.

FOR SALE — GUINEA FOWL, $2.50 PER pair. Apply to ANDREW GRAY, Dorval, P.Q.

ROYAL STANDARD TYPEWRITERS $50. There is no better machine; it is better than the higher priced. JOHN LIVINGSTONE, Curator, Room 111, 189 St. James street.

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FOR SALE

Two Copying Presses, 3 Fire-Proof Safes 1 Roll Top Desk, 1 Flat Top Desk.

THE TIMMIS NOBLE CO., Stationers, 315 St. James street, Montreal.

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FOR SALE, CHEAP, some new Canadian Standard Oliver Typewriters, of Number 2, 3 and 4 Models, fully guaranteed, worth $97.50, to be sold for $35 while they last, to make room for new models. Splendid opportunity. Call or write at once.

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ANY ONE NOT BEING ABLE TO GET a 'Witness' at his newsdealers will oblige the publishers by notifying the Subscription Department by telephone Main 4090, or by postcard. JOHN DOUGALL & SON, 'Witness' Building, Montreal.

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WONISH LAKE — THE BEST PLACE TO spend your vacation; good board and splendid accommodation, surrounded by fifteen lakes. G. LOUCH, 16 Island Lake.

THE SUMMER HOME

—OF THE—

Young Women's Christian Association

AT LACHINE

IS NOW OPEN. Rates for board, $3.50 to $4.00 per week. Saturday to Monday, $1.25. For further particulars, apply at 502 Dorchester street West.

Country Board Wanted

WANTED, BY LADY WITH THREE children, aged 6, 3 and 1½ years. Bright room and good, plain board on a farm within 40 miles of Montreal, with week-end accommodation for gentleman. Willing to pay about $30.00 per month. State full particulars to B.S. 64, 'Witness' Office.

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may be left with

A. T. Chapman, Bookseller, 513 St. Catherine street west, or with R. Turner, Grocer, Point St. Charles, 601 Wellington street, West of Subway.

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Postage Stamps will be Accepted.

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No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five agate lines space.

CANADA'S LOAN

OVER $30,000 BORROWED BY MR. FIELDING IN LONDON.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, June 29. The Bank of Montreal is underwriting to-day for the issue on July 1 of £6,500,000 inscribed stock 3½ percent at 98½. The price is generally considered highly favorable to the Dominion Government and the successful underwriting of such a large loan, the largest ever issued by any colonial government, reflects credit on the Hon. W. S. Fielding, the Canadian Minister of Finance, and is an achievement of which his advisers, the Bank of Montreal, and in natural sequence, Canada, may well be proud.

The fruit season is here, and with it the demand for SUGAR.

When purchasing, insist upon having

Redpath

CANADA'S STANDARD

MADE FROM PURE CANE SUGAR.

MANUFACTURED BY

THE CANADA SUGAR REFINING CO., Ltd.

MONTREAL.

JUST OUT!

DOMINION DAY NUMBER

OF THE

CANADIAN PICTORIAL

SPECIAL COVER DESIGN,

Canada's Governor-General, Earl Grey, in Full Uniform.

Portrait of the Countess Grey.

Fathers of Confederation at the session which made Canada a Dominion a reproduction of a historic painting).

The Two Surviving 'Fathers of Confederation.'

The Premiers of Canada since Confederation.

Some of the **OTHER PICTURES** are as follows:

The Federal Parliament.

Parliaments of the Provinces.

Premiers of the Various Provinces.

A Canadian Military Camp. Scenes at Petawawa.

Canadian Indians in London.

Lord Strathcona and the Duke of Argyll (who as Marquis of Lorne was Governor-General of Canada) at the opening of the International Exhibition at London.

The Leaders of the International Congress of Women, now being held in Toronto.

A Great League Baseball Game in Montreal. Remarkable Pictures of Balloon Races.

How a Mosquito Stings, Etc., Etc.

Music of the month:

Canadian Patriotic Song, 'THE MAPLE LEAF' (words and music complete).

A good story, well edited departments, jokes, fashions, etc., fill up the cup of interest.

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WHO WON SCHOLARSHIPS

FORTY-ONE BOYS AND GIRLS RECEIVE REWARD FOR HARD WORK.

The following are the names of the forty-one pupils, who have been awarded commissioners' scholarships on the results of the final examinations held in the Protestant public schools of Montreal in Jan. and June, 1909. These scholarships entitle the holders to free tuition for four years in the High Schools, under the control of the Protestant Board of School Commissioners of Montreal:

JANUARY.

(Boys.)

Moses Myerson, Aberdeen School.
Jacob Yaphe, Aberdeen School.
Wm. Mazur, Dufferin School.
Harry Silverman, Lansdowne School
Mathew Graham, Lorne School.
Harry Budyk, Mount Royal School.
William F. Berry, Mount Royal School.
Eddie Chauvin, Riverside School.

(Girls.)

Sarah K. Talpis, Aberdeen School.
Jennie Weinstein, Aberdeen School.
Beatrice Morris, Berthelet School.
Alice M. Murphy, Berthelet School.
Sarah Valinsky, Dufferin School.
Annie Mathews, Lansdowne School.
Emma C. Latham, Lorne School.
Martha Tilley, Mount Royal School.
Hazel Scott, Riverside School.
Kathleen McConnell, Royal Arthur School.

JUNE.

(Boys.)

Lazarus Phillips, Aberdeen School.
Basil Tippett, Aberdeen School.
Ernest Cockfield, Aberdeen School.
Harold Heasley, Berelet School.
Solomon Rinkof, Dufferin School.
Frank Dougherty, Lansdowne School.
Arthur Read, Lorne School.
Sydney Davies, Mount Royal School.
Munro Dobson, Mount Royal School.
Wallace Henry, Riverside School.
Alvin Heron, Victoria School.
Harold McGarry, Victoria School.

(Girls.)

Lillian Meadows, Aberdeen School.
Mary Valinsky, Aberdeen School.
Corine Lamert, Aberdeen School.
Lillian G. Dixon, Belmont School.
E. Ruth Patton, Berthelet School.
Rachel Kishner, Dufferin School.
Kathleen Bassett, Mount Royal School
Esther Issen, Mount Royal School.
Bessie Radley, Royal Arthur School.
Florence Aylen, Victoria School.
Marguerite Robertson, Victoria School.

As no scholarship remains unassigned, it has not been possible to consider the case of other eligible candidates as provided for in the Board's Regulation concerning Reserve Scholarships.

SETTLER SHOT BY INDIANS

BODY MUTILATED AND THROWN INTO THE SKEENA RIVER.

Hazelton, B.C., June 29.—The finding of the lacerated body of a white settler near Clear Water, murdered by disgruntled Indians, has caused great feeling here and in the valley generally, and a serious clash between whites and Indians may result. The body, which has not been identified, was found floating in the Skeena river yesterday. It was destitute of clothing, with two bullet wounds, one in the breast and one in the hip. The face was terribly slashed by some sharp weapon, and the arms and hands bore evidence of a grim, unequal fight for life.

The Indians are openly defiant and it is asserted that they are to blame for the tragedy. The man is thirty-five years old and was a settler. It is thought he was from the Kitsumgoium River, where the Indians have been particularly threatening of late. The remains will be sent to Port Essington, and a constable has already left to pick up the slender threads that may lead to the murderer. His mission among the Indians will be a difficult one.

ODDFELLOWS OFFICIAL VISIT.

W. W. Smith, P.G.M., accompanied by J. H. Lawson, D.G.M.; G. W. Hardisty, P.C.S., and R. T. Gardner, G.G., all of Montreal, paid an official visit to Loyal Palmerston Lodge, Manchester Unity Oddfellows, at Valleyfield, on Monday evening. Bro. Taylor, N.G., presided over a large gathering of brethren, who extended to the visitors a cordial welcome, and after the business meeting they were given a banquet at the Grand Central Hotel, at which several interesting addresses were delivered. The Grand Master congratulated Loyal Palmerston Lodge upon its numerical strength of one hundred members, and its financial standing.

INJURED IN COLLISION.

With a badly injured back, Napoleon Barry, a driver in the employ of the Imperial Ice Cream Company, was taken to the General Hospital yesterday afternoon. While driving along West Dorchester and Benoit streets, Barry's wagon collided with another vehicle, and he was thrown to the ground. He is 37 years of age, and lives at 149 St. Margaret street.

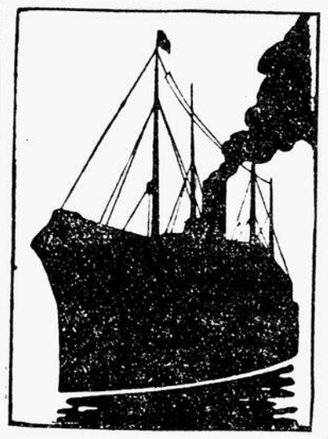
KILLED BY FALLING INTO HOLD.

Thomas Maher, a son of Mr. Charles Maher, of this city, who was employed as a night steward on the 'Sardinian,' of the Allan line fell down the hold and was killed, as the steamer was leaving Havre for London, on her last homeward voyage. Deceased, who had served on various ships of the Allan line, was 39 years of age.

AMERICAN SOLDIER IMPRISONED.

St. Catharines, Ont., June 29.—Judge Carman sentenced Joseph Sharpe, the United States soldier who pleaded guilty to bringing stolen goods into Canada, to four months' imprisonment. The prisoner was previously remanded until to-day in the expectation that he would be extradited, but the American officers did not arrive.

SHIPPING NEWS



ARRIVALS.

Steamship.	At.	From.
Jonian	Montreal	Glasgow
Kronprinz Wilhelm	New York	Bremen
Caronia	New York	Liverpool
Cambrian	London	Boston
Campania	Queenstown	New York
Pretorian	Glasgow	Montreal
Kais. Wilhelm der Grosse	Cherbourg	New York
Athenia	Naples	New York
Florida	Naples	New York
Germania	Marseilles	New York
Principe di Piedmonte	Genoa	New York
Devonian	Liverpool	Boston
Friesland	Liverpol	Philadelphia
Furnesia	Glasgow	New York

THE CORSICAN'S PASSENGERS.

The SS. Corsican, of the Allan line, sails for Liverpool on Friday morning, with the following first-class passengers:— Brook Adams, Mrs. Brook Adams, Miss Sarah C. Adams, Miss Grace Allen, Mr. Atwater, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Brennan, Mrs. Biggar, Miss Biggar, Mrs. Breithaupt, Miss Breithaupt, Miss Brook, Miss Bell, Miss Ethel Brown, Chas. W. Barton, Mr. Belsbury, Miss Helen Barton, Mrs. Bastedo, the Rev. Dr. E. W. Barton, Fred. B. Barton, Robert S. Barton, Jos. E. Beaudry, Mrs. Beaudry, Mrs. Barrett, Miss Barrett, Mrs. Brophy, A. Butterfield, Mrs. Butterfield, Mr. Brown, Mrs. Cochran, Mrs. Cann, Miss Cann, Miss C. Cann, Mrs. Natalée Cushing, Miss Cooper, Miss Christie, Mr. Dodge, Miss Helen Davis, Miss Daland, W. B. Dickson, Mrs. Dickson, J. H. Evans, Mr. Edwards, Miss Evans, Miss Fraser, Senator Wm. Gibson, Mrs. Gibson, Miss Gibson, J. S. H. Guest, Mrs. Guest, Miss Graham, H. F. Gwalkin, Mr. Garneau, John Grieve, Mrs. Howitt, Miss Harris, Miss Edith Hill, Mrs. J. C. Hoitt, W. F. Howard, Mr. Hemmes, Mr. Hall, Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Hutchinson, Miss Hume, Miss M. A. Jay, J. H. H. Jury, Mrs. Jury, Gordon Jury, Miss M. Jury, Miss Irene Jones, Miss G. Jackson, Roy Lawson, Mrs. Lawson, Miss Livingstone, W. J. Lawrence, Mrs. Lawrence, Mrs. Lord, Miss I. Lantz, Alex. Laing, Miss Lynn, Madame Moore, Mrs. F. L. Maylag, Miss Louise Maylag, Miss Louise M. Maylag, R. Marrus, F. W. Moore, Miss Nettie Mallon, Allan P. Matthew, Mrs. Metzel, Jeffrey C. Metzel, Mrs. McDougall, Miss McKinnon, Alex. McNeil, Malcolm McNeil, Mrs. McLean, E. J. Neale, Chas. New, Miss Adeline Olson, Mr. Payne, Mrs. Payne, Mrs. Perrin, Miss Pringle, Mr. Pousland, Miss Rahtjen, Mrs. Rutherford, F. H. Ripley, Mrs. Robertson, Miss Edith K. Rowland, Dr. Rowan, Mrs. Rowan, Thos. Rowland, Mrs. Rowland, Mrs. Stoneman, Mrs. Stewart, Miss M. Smith, Jas. Sunwall, G. A. Smith, A. P. Stoneman, Mrs. A. E. Schmidt, G. H. Smith, A. E. Schmidt, Mrs. Thomson, Miss Turner, Miss N. Tremble, Miss Mary Trimble, Miss M. Trimble, Miss E. Trimble, Miss Veal, the Rev. B. A. Wilmott, Miss Withrow, Mrs. P. E. Wilson, Miss Stella Wilson, W. E. Williams, A. Whitman, Mr. White, Mr. West.

RACED ON THE LAKES.

Detroit, Mich., June 29.—A remarkable race on the Great Lakes finished at Point Lake Erie last night, between the Steel Trust steamers 'Thomas Lynch' and 'Henry Rogers.' The vessels left Cleveland on the night of June 21; they passed Detroit almost abreast at 8.25 a.m., June 22. At the Soo the 'Lynch' was promptly locked through the Canadian canal, but the 'Rogers' lost three hours at the American locks. The vessels passed Port Huron abreast at 11.20 o'clock on Monday. The 'Rogers' still had a few minutes' lead at the point where they changed their courses, the 'Rogers' going to Ashtabula and the 'Lynch' to Lorain. The race covers more than 1,600 miles, and is probably the longest contest that ever took place on the inland seas.

PASSING THROUGH THE STRAITS.

The SS. 'Jacona,' of the Thomson line, has passed through the Straits of Belle Isle, being reported passing Point Amour at 4 p.m. yesterday. She is the third Thomson boat that has navigated the straits during the last few days, the 'Devona' and 'Bellona' being the other two. The Thomson line boats are generally among the first to take the shorter passage.

SAILORS' INSTITUTE CONCERT.

The orchestra of the R. M. S. 'Megantic' opened the concert at the Sailors' Institute, playing an overture from Raymond, and responding to an encore with a pretty waltz. Later in the evening they played a series of Scotch selections entitled 'The Thistle.' Others from the 'Megantic' who took part were W. G. Asleck, who recited, and E. G. Brook, who played 'Liszt Rhapsody' on the piano. Harold Watson, of the 'Corsican,' danced, and was joined by 'Wee' McGregor, of the 'Athenia,' in a humorous duet, 'The Irish Harvesters.' 'Billie' Williams was good in female impersonations. Albert Mason sang, and Charles Curley, of the 'Montfort,' danced and recited. The citizens' portion was arranged by Mr. J. M. Walker, who had assisting him Mrs. Walker, Masters Leslie and Harry Walker, Mr. George Munn, Mr. Liveck, and Mr. Dan Skinner. Miss Meyers played the accompaniments. Mr. George Hodge presided.

MANY SAW THE 'MEGANTIC'

A large number of people took the opportunity offered by the Sailors' Institute and the Sailors' Club, of visiting the R.M.S. 'Megantic,' of the White Star-Dominion line, yesterday afternoon. From two to five o'clock the ship was thrown open to persons holding tickets of admission, the proceeds of which go to the benefit of the two societies. The 'Megantic' was specially decorated for the occasion, a continuous line of flags flying from bow to stern. The visitors were shown round the ship by the stewards. Mr. J. Ritchie Bell, manager of the Sailors' Institute, stated last night that there were 483 paid admissions.

A SNEAK'S ACT

CHINAMAN ARRESTED WHILE TAKING A RIDE ON AN INTERNATIONAL CAR.

St. Stephens, N.B., June 29.—Two Chinamen who were arrested recently in Calais, Maine, have been taken to Bangor, and what at first seemed to be but a trivial affair has become to them an important matter. The captured men are Tom Shang and Hong Tom. Tom Shang, who has been employed in St. John for some time, came to St. Stephen last Wednesday in response to a telephone message from the proprietor of a Chinese laundry here to work for him. Sunday afternoon was very hot, and the two men decided to cool off by taking a car ride, as many citizens do. The electric line here is a belt line running through the two mill towns, Calais and St. Stephen. They took the car on the streets of St. Stephen, and in taking a ride had to cross the international bridge. On this particular car was a customs and immigration official, Mr. Ed. Welch, who, instead of warning these Chinamen from entering the United States, waited until they were well across the bridge, then he stopped the car and ordered the Chinamen to alight, which they did after some reluctance. They were locked up in Calais, and on Monday morning were sent to Bangor. From Bangor the Chinamen will be sent to the detention station at Richmond, Vermont. Mr. J. W. Richardson has been employed by the Chinese proprietor here to look after the interests of his two friends.

PILES

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for each and every form of Itching, bleeding and protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbours about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 60c, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT



Keep The Little Tin Cows Handy.



A can of

'Reindeer' Milk (Sweetened or 'Jersey' Cream (Unsweetened

can't be beaten for tea or coffee.

Always ready—never fails you.

Richer—by Dominion Government analysis—more [illegible] and finer flavored than any other brands sold in Can[illegible]

See that you get them.

The Truro Condensed Milk Co., Ltd.

TRURO, N.S.

TRURO QUALITY BRAND

Installed in our New Showrooms

We cordially invite our many friends and patrons to visit them. The larger and better premises enable us to carry a much larger selection of

ELECTRIC LIGHTING FIXTURES

than ever before, and to display them to advantage.

There is quite an evolution in the style of Electric Fixtures. Our factories enable us to always show the very latest designs.

McDonald & Willson,

99 DRUMMOND STREET,

Tel. UP 1758. (Just above St. Catherine).

FARMERS' EXCURSION OF THE FERTILE LAKE ST. JOHN REGION.

On Monday, July 5, 1909, [illegible] the Canadian Northern Quebec [illegible] (Morgan Street Station) [illegible] interval, 30-day return limit, [illegible] $7.15; second class, $5.8[illegible]

An opportunity to visit the north country at very low rates.

TRAVELLING SCHOLARSHIPS

FURTHER DETAILS OF [illegible] ANNOUNCED LAST [illegible]

London, June 29. [illegible] the scheme [illegible] every student [illegible] States, Canada [illegible] dens, [illegible] [illegible] tabishment [illegible] [illegible] Cecil Rhodes [illegible] The idea, which [illegible] mercial [illegible] Right Hon. H. H. [illegible] ister, and Lord [illegible] missioner of [illegible] heads of the [illegible] United Kingdom [illegible] also of the [illegible] American universities [illegible] opportunities to [illegible] countries to obtain [illegible] into the life [illegible] other nations. [illegible] convenience [illegible] at the best [illegible] promoters suggest [illegible] ham travelling [illegible] for which [illegible] the Rhodes [illegible] candidate [illegible] qualifications [illegible] known as [illegible] all [illegible]

Twenty-eight [illegible] are proposed, [illegible] for universities [illegible] ton for America [illegible] The total cost [illegible] the experiment [illegible] it is proposed [illegible] shall contribute [illegible] States $25,000 [illegible] committee [illegible] been given [illegible] proposes to provide [illegible] as the amount [illegible] Kingdom is guaranteed.

CLARK'S CRUISES OF THE "OLE VELAN" (Hamburg-American)

18,000 tons, brand new, superbly fitted.

ROUND THE WORLD

From New York October 30, 1909, [illegible] cisco Feb. 5, 1910, nearly four [illegible] $650 AND UP, including [illegible] others.

SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, India, Ceylon, Burma, Java, Philippines, Japan. An unusual to visit unusually attractive places.

12th Annual Orient Cruise, Feb. by North German Lloyd S.S. [illegible] 75 days, including 24 days' [illegible] $400 up.

FRANK C. CLARK, TIMES BLDG.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS.



THE GREAT WAR OF 19—.

Major: 'I'm pretty certain we shall have to fight 'em in the course of the next few years.'
Colonel: 'Well, let's hope it'll come between the polo and the huntin'.'—'Punch.'

SANDY PIKE'S BOYCOTT.

'These Turks are barbarous people,' remarked the cottage housewife as she got out a rhubarb pie.

'Yes, mum,' responded Sandy Pikes, with a low bow; 'to show my antipathy for dem I have formed a boycott.'

'A boycott, my poor man?'

'Yes, mum; I have promised meself never to use a Turkish towel or take a Turkish bath.'—Chicago 'News.'

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought
CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought
CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

AN EFFORT OF MEMORY.

Sir Frederick Pollock relates a curious incident arising at a dinner at which Thomas Campbell and Lord Nugent were present, and the conversation drifted from the use of Latin words in English to monosyllabic verse. Someone expressed a doubt whether two consecutive lines composed of words of one syllable could be found in our language. Lord Nugent at once quoted:—

'By that dread name we wave the sword on high,
And swear for her to live—with her to die.'

Campbell said he did not believe in the lines, and asked where they came from. Lord Nugent said: 'From your own "Pleasures of Hope."' 'How do you know that?' asked the poet. 'I know it all by heart, replied Nugent. 'I'll bet you a guinea you can't repeat it,' said Campbell. The bet was taken, and Nugent started declaiming. The poet soon got tired, and said, 'I see you know the poem; don't go any further.' The other insisted upon repeating the whole poem or claiming double stakes, and Campbell paid the extra guinea in order to be spared the recital of the poem which had made him famous—which he had forgotten.

TEN DOLLARS
For One Photograph

Have you sent your entry for the Camera Contest, which closes on August 1st?

The Competition is for the most interesting picture.

Artistic merit will, of course, be considered, but the general interest of the photograph will be the chief factor in the contest.

There will be seven prizes as follows: 1st, $10.00; 2nd, $7.00; 3rd, $4.00; and the next four, $1.00 each.

Send prints, which need not be mounted, as early as possible, securely protected by cardboard, and enclose a slip with a full description of the subject of the photograph.

Mark "Photo Contest," and address:

Managing Editor, CANADIAN PICTORIAL,
142 St. Peter Street, Montreal.

"PALE AND DEPRESSED"
Anaemia, Bad Blood, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Dizziness.
Success of Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

For her life and health Mrs. E. K. Wilkinson is indebted to the marvellous curative properties of Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Her brightness, activity and present good looks are due to nothing else but the enormous benefit she derived from using this grand medicine.

From her home in Newton where she resides with her large family, Mrs. Wilkinson writes: 'For years I was pale, anaemic and lacking in vitality. I was a constant sufferer from indigestion, and the distress and pain it caused me, coupled with ever-increasing anaemia made me weaker day by day. Constant headaches, specks before the eyes and attacks of dizziness made me feel as if life were not worth living. My constitution was completely undermined and the constant pallor and dulness in my eyes showed what a sick woman I was. I began to take Dr. Hamilton's Pills and the improvement although slow was sure. I gradually got back my strength and my appetite grew much stronger and I enjoyed my meals thoroughly. I felt happier and more contented and the sickly pallor of my face was replaced by a bright, rosy color which proved that a strong medicine was at work. In a few months Dr. Hamilton's Pills brought me from a condition of deathly despair to robust health.'

You can obtain the same results by using Dr. Hamilton's Pills—beware of the substitutor that offers you anything except Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25c. per box, or five boxes for $1.00, at all dealers or The Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

BOYS! GIRLS!
FUN for the SUMMER
WATER-WINGS. WATER-WINGS.

Never so popular as this year. A simple device made of stout cotton that you can carry in your pocket, yet ready for use in a moment by merely inflating them.

They will easily keep afloat even a heavy person, and are a wonderful help in learning to swim.

The bathing season is now on, and these wings will provide you no end of fun, as well as real help in acquiring a useful art.

How to get a Pair at once.

Sell eight copies of the 'Canadian Pictorial' at ten cents each and the trick is done! You can either send the eighty cents in advance and get the water-wings and the 'Pictorials' by return post, or you can send for the 'Pictorials (we will trust you), sell them and send us the money. As soon as we receive the eighty cents we send on the water-wings, post paid. Or send ONE NEW Annual Subscription (not your own) to the 'Canadian Pictorial' at $1.00, to go to any address in Canada outside Montreal and suburbs, and we will send the water-wings to you at once.

At the Summer Resorts.

Boys or girls who go to either seashore or inland summer resorts, have a grand chance to sell 'Pictorials' or to get subscriptions among other summer visitors. They can earn not only water-wings, but many other fine premiums. Write us and hear all about them, but remember, now is the time to get those wings! Plenty for all! Write us to-day!

THE PICTORIAL PUBLISHING CO.,
142 St. Peter Street, Montreal.

In Montreal city, boys please call for supplies at our office.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

PERSONALITY AT THE CONGRESS

One point, not a minor one, that the great International Congress has made clear, is that a woman may be a leader in a strenuous movement for some reform, may even be an out-and-out suffragist, without losing a whit of what is beautiful and gracious and altogether 'womanly' in her nature; that she may be versed in sciences and arts and 'ologies, and yet wear pretty and becoming clothes, and be fond of them, too.

Those of us who saw and heard Frau Stritt, the president of the German National Council, when she spoke for a few minutes in the Art Gallery, on the occasion of the reception to the delegates, will quite agree with a looker on at the Congress, who writes: 'Frau Stritt, with her perfect language, her perfect fitting gown, her perfect composure of manner, and her perfect featured face, suggested none of the agitation for radical reforms in which she has been the leader in Dresden, Germany. She was a figure around which the mind would instinctively conjure up a soft drawing-room background. Little exclamations of admiration were whispered on all sides as she rose at the request of the chair.'

The same looker on says: 'Fraulein Dr. Alice Salomon, secretary of the German National Council, and Mrs. Ogilvie Gordon, secretary of the International Council, embodied a strong refutation of the contention that great brains in women involve a misconception of sartorial demands. The former was attired in a white accordeon plaited gown, with a deep rose color scarf draped most picturesquely over her shoulders, and an equally picturesque black be-plumed hat crowning her clever face. Mrs. Ogilvie-Gordon was in a smart pink dress of some crepey stuff, with a flowered chapeau.' Dr. Salomon holds a Ph.D. degree from Berlin University. She comes of a good family of ample means, and devotes her life chiefly to philanthropic work. She is also much interested in political economy. Mrs. Ogilvie Gordon is a Doctor of Science, and a very clever and able woman. One of the subjects on which she spoke at the Congress was 'The training of girls for future careers.'

Marchesa Bourbon del Monte, who spoke for Italy 'did it very gracefully, and wore an exquisite lace evening frock and some beautiful diamonds.'

After all, personality goes a long way in winning doubters or the indifferent to a cause. 'The Woman in the audience goes to hear Froken Gad, of Denmark, in the section devoted to Social Work and Moral Reform, not because she is interested in the discusson on Settlement work, but because she has taken a fancy to Froken Gad's whole-hearted, quaintly-phrased enthusiasm for things. She goes to hear Dr. Anna Shaw on 'Parliamentary and Municipal Enfranchisement of Women,' not because she is attracted by the suffrage question, but because she is attracted by Dr. Shaw's benign and beautiful face, and feels she will be told only what is reasonable and right.

MADAME DE STAEL

An English committee has been formed, with Lady Grove as president, to co-operate with a French movement for erecting a statue in Paris to Mme. de Stael. Certainly that great thinker and ardent politician deserves recognition, the more so as she was the subject of much insult and suffered exile and loss in her own day because of her patriotism and commanding mental ability. The insults were chiefly directed to her appearance. She seems not to have been at all beautiful. Nature is no cruel stepmother who concentrates all gifts on one favored child—the beauty is rarely of brilliant intellect, and vice versa. The men of Mme. de Stael's day, all the same, found it the easiest stone to throw at her when opposed to her opinions, that she was not lovely to look upon. When she made her chief friend of the most beautiful woman of her time Mme. Recamier, the greatness of soul and superiority to petty jealousy thus indicated was not admitted, but it was declared merely to be an illustration of her vanity. Yet it is to the credit of the men of her own day that there were not wanting a considerable number ready to admit the superior attractiveness of such a great and active intellect over mere prettiness of face. She married a second time, too, when she was nearly forty-five, a very handsome young man of twenty-three, and, in the recently published Memoirs of her friend, the Comtesse de Boigne, we are assured that, strange as it may appear, all the love was on his side; Mme. de Stael felt only gratitude at the affection offered to her; and when she died, after six years of marriage, he was inconsolable. Her luminous and thoughtful writings have placed her in so high a position in French literature that it is a wonder that she has not earlier been 'immortalized.'—'Illustrated London News.'

HANDICRAFTS AND SETTLEMENT WORK

The relation of national handicrafts to the problems of immigration was shown in a new light in the address by Miss Jane Addams, of Hull House, Chicago, before a meeting of the Women's Congress last week.

Hull House, Chicago, sits in a locality where twenty-two nationalities may be found touching elbows, and it is the aim of the settlement to interpret these people to the rest of the city and to each other. Great care has to be taken that the children do not contract a superficial Americanism and learn to despise their parents.

It was one of the beautiful points of the address, Miss Addams's illustration of the consistent efforts made to reveal the parents to their own children. The settlement workers have established a labor museum, where Italian and Greek and Assyrian and Irish and Dutch and all the other men and women place examples of the handicrafts of their own peasant days. Those who can weave or spin, and dye, the workers in pottery, wood, metal, show something of the charm of their native background, in which the life of American cities is so sadly lacking.

A little daughter waking up to find that her mother could spin finer thread than any one else in America was an incident related so as to touch every heart. In the music school children are taught to compose, so that when they hear a folk song or a hymn, or a fine strain from a cantor in one of the synagogues, they write it down and bring it to the school. Then, at the concerts these things are sung and the whole hardness and tenseness breaks down among the visitors.

'We get back to the folk music and the poetry from which we all sprung, without which we shall all quickly perish,' said Miss Addams.

A SERVANTS' ASSOCIATION

Is Denmark on the way to solving the domestic service problem? In that country there is a movement among the servants themselves, not to get away from service altogether, as seems to be the aim in this and some other countries, but to improve their condition and qualifications, and raise the standard of domestic service generally.

The Copenhagen Domestic Servants' Association was founded in 1899 by Marie Christensen, a servant girl, with the object of helping servants to enlightenment and domestic training, and through that to better conditions of life. A committee of seven manages the affairs of the association. Froken Marie Pedersen, one of the seven, was a delegate to the International Congress in Toronto. She told of the beginning and growth of the association, and of how, by means of public meetings and a fortnightly paper they set forth their programme: 1. Work at a fixed time; 2, leisure at a fixed time; 3, good accommodation.

The girls certainly are not immoderate in their requests. They are willing to be on duty twelve hours a day. The hours are from six in the morning till seven in the evening, with a break of one hour in the middle of the day. Work after seven is paid extra. Every other Sunday is free from two o'clock, and, moreover, two weekly evenings from seven. In order to exact the fulfilment of these demands, they have contracts to be signed by the mistresses as well as by the servants.

The association was looked on with distrust from the greater part of the housewives. Some, however, sympathized with the movement, and supported it with yearly contributions. This money was the beginning of the fund for training school and home. More and more servants joined the association, and after two years they were able to take three rooms, which were used for employment office in the morning and teaching in the evening. The servants were taught Danish literature and composition, as well as English, singing, cutting out, and sewing.

But what grew more and more evident to all parties concerned was the necessity of a domestic training school for servants, if they were to give them high wages and fixed leisure. The Domestic Servants' Association has now come to be recognized as an important organization in Copenhagen, and on the commission nominated by the Government of Denmark to inquire into and propose reforms in the conditions of servants in that country, the leader of the association had a place.

THE ART OF KEEPING QUIET

If every woman realized the blessed art of keeping quiet when it is necessary for her health to do so she would be a wiser and stronger woman. One of the worst symptoms of a nevous breakdown is the inability to let go. When a woman is so tired, mentally and physically, that she really should be in bed she holds on to activity as a man does to a live wire. She can't be torn from the very thing that is undermining her entire life. The more she goes, the more she feels she has to go. She loses all sense of the proportion of rest and action that must exist if one would keep sound and sane.

The great experts in the art of keeping health, which is different from getting health, lay emphasis on the art of keeping quiet. The woman who relinquishes all gayety, all activity, all vital touch with the outer world makes a mistake. She becomes a vegetable. She loses interest for herself and others. The one who spends her entire life in the limelight, rushing to and fro and being constantly amused, becomes almost as tiresome to herself as to others. She soon lacks poise. She gets a nervous, restless look in the eyes and talks in a chattering way that lacks dignity and sense. She ceases to think; she only repeats what she has seen and heard. The balance of power lies between the two. The woman who would enjoy life must have good nerves and a good digestion, and to have both she must know when it is time to play and when it is time to be quiet.

No doctor can do as much for a nervous woman as she can do for herself. The A B C of learning self-control is to know how to keep quiet. Many say it, but few practice it. Absolute repose is a condition of mind, nerves, and muscles. It is not gained in a day nor mastered in a month. When one does have hold of it one looks back with terror upon the unquiet hours she has passed. The word 'relax' has become as famous as 'strenuous.' The latter is natural; the former is acquired. The woman who has learned both has gone far on the road of health and happiness.

There is no time better for learning these lessons and practicing them than in summer. The climate itself acts as a guard against over-exertion. If one learns to sit and think, to move quietly, to cater to the tired nerves, the winter will dawn with far more interest and happiness than a tired woman thinks it possible. By October she will have learned the first symptoms of fatigue and over-exertion. She will know the folly of letting her nerves drive her on to disaster. She will realize the importance of checking the first signs of restless excitement, and with this knowledge she will be able to guide herself serenely toward a safe and sane life.—New York 'Times.'

EMBROIDERY FOR SUMMER FURNISHINGS

Do not make the mistake of using fine work on Summer furnishings. It takes too much time, and is not so effective as bold, dashing, quickly worked designs. Conventional patterns are generally chosen, often in detached figures, again in conventional floral borders or in the favorite Greek key motif. Couching, applique, Wallachian, or cording are all good methods for the embroidery. Very dashing effects can be had with nothing but heavy outlining done in heavy rope silks, or, what is cheaper and washes better, mercerized cottons. Suitable materials are crash, art linen, burlaps, ginghams, madras, etc.

A bold embroidery for summer covers is of inlaid applique. A natural colored linen could have an inlay of pink or green linen, while a brown linen would look well appliqued in a delicate yellow or ecru.

The work is quickly done. Choose a conventional design of detached figures or a border specially arranged for applique. Be sure to see it is not a plain embroidery pattern you get. Baste the linen for inlaying on the back of material with the right side of the applique against the wrong side of the cover to be worked. Turn the piece to the outside and follow the outline of the design with fine running stitches in white cotton. This can be done on the machine with a loose tension. Be sure to have the inlay linen wider than the design by at least half an inch.

Cover the outline with a firm, soft cord of a harmonizing color and couch it securely to the cover, taking the over-and-over stitch through both linens. After the couching is finished, cut out the top linen with small, sharp-pointed scissors, leaving the under linen as an inlaid applique.

THE 'WITNESS' DAILY MODEL

The home dressmaker should keep a little catalogue scrap book of the daily pattern cuts. These will be found very useful to refer to from time to time.



LADIES' OPEN DRAWERS.
Paris Pattern No. 2924.

Developed in nainsook, thin cambric, batiste, Persian or linen lawn, this garment is very easily made. The drawer portions, which are open, are attached to a deep round yoke, closing at the back with buttons and buttonholes. There is absolutely no fulness around the hips, and the deep ruffles of the material are inset with narrow insertions of fine valenciennes lace and finished with a narrow edging of similar lace. The pattern is in 8 sizes, 22 to 36 inches, waist measure. For 26 waist the drawers with straight ruffles require 2 3-8 yards of material 36 inches wide, or 2 1-8 yards 42 inches wide, with 8¾ yards of insertion and 3 1-4 yards of edging; with circular ruffles they need 2¾ yards 36 inches wide, or 2½ yards 42 inches wide.

PATTERN COUPON

Please send the above-mentioned pattern as per directions given below.

No.....

Size.....

Name.....

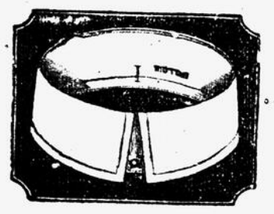
Address in full:

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N.B.—Be sure to cut out the illustration and send with the coupon, carefully filled out. The pattern cannot reach you in less than a week. Price 10 cents, in cash, postal note, or stamps. Address, 'Witness' Pattern Department, 'Witness' Block, Montreal.



R. J. Tooke's Motor.

2 inches deep.

12½ cts. each.

QUICK SELLING.

The quick selling of our new Shirts proves splendid values, and appreciated styles. We couldn't keep on selling more shirts than anyone else in town, if we didn't sell better shirts than anyone else. Could we? New Colored Shirts, 85c, $1.00, $1.25.

R. J. TOOKE, 177 St. James Street. 493 St. Catherine St. W. 473 St. Catherine St. E.

FIREMEN NOT THE ONLY CIVIC EMPLOYEES WHO PAID FOR POSITIONS, SAYS MR. LAFLAMME.

Official in Building Inspector's Office Paid $100 When Nominated—Royal Commissioner is Asked to Inquire Further into Police Appointments.

In terminating the proof concerning the past system of making appointments, and promotions in the city fire brigade, Mr. N. K. Laflamme declared before the Royal Commission yesterday afternoon that he is informed that some of the methods which he claimed to have proved against the fire department had been practised in regard to the appointment of police constables. As Mr. Justice Cannon had reserved his right to call certain witnesses before him after the case for the Citizens' Committee had closed, counsel expressed a hope that opportunity might be furnished to ascertain if this latest information was true. He also asked that Judge Choquet and Mr. Recorder Weir might be allowed to appear and make such statements as may be considered helpful to the inquiry.

Mr. Justice Cannon intimated that he intended to call a certain number of witness before him next week in regard to the appointments of police constables, and he would also be glad to hear anything that Judge Choquet and two recorders desired to say.

Yesteray afternoon's evidence was of a character which showed loose administration in the fire department, and ineffectiveness in the building inspector's department, where one of the officials, according to his own admission, had paid one hundred dollars at the time he was appointed. He said he did not know for what purpose he paid the money.

BUILDING INSPECTION NOT PERFECT.

Mr. A. Chaussé, the city building inspector, continuing the evidence commenced yesterday morning, admitted that the administration in his department was not perfectly effective. There was a continual pressure being brought to bear on him to pass irregularities in building conditions, and he mentioned specially St. Lawrence St., where he said there were buildings which did not conform to the city by-laws, and, as a matter of fact, the city itself was an offender inasmuch as it ignored the law by the non-provision of fire escapes at the City Hall. The matter was now before the Finance Committee on an application for funds to provide such escapes.

Mr. Perron—Is it not a fact that there is no effective administration in your department?

Witness—I certainly need more liberty and assistance in order to make the administration as effective as it ought to be.

Examined briefly as regards No. 13 police station and No. 5 fire station, Mr. Chaussé admitted that the former 'did not meet all the requirements of the by-laws,' and the latter——

'Is a monument,' suggested Mr. Perron.

'It is a fine building,' replied Mr. Chaussé.

PAID $100 ON NOMINATION.

Mr. A. Decarrie, assistant in the city building inspector's office, said he had paid $100 to Mr. Cree, his brother-in-law.

'For your nomination?' asked Mr. Perron.

'I do not know,' replied witness.

'Do you mean to tell us you do not know what you paid $100 for?' asked the Commissioner, with some surprise.

Decarrie reaffirmed that he had no recollection as to the reason why he paid the money eighteen years ago.

The Commissioner—Was it about the time of your nomination?

Witness—Yes.

Mr. Perron—Your Lordship will be able to appreciate the evidence, and I will leave it.

Mr. Champagne, chief boiler inspector of the city, was called, and according to his testimony, the civic department of which he is the head is above suspicion. He did not go so far as to assert that there was no room for improvement, 'for there is nothing perfect in this world.' He, however, said he was master in his office, and the aldermen had never on one single occasion intervened between him and his duty. He found everybody willing to co-operate with him to prevent smoke nuisances, and as a result he claimed that Montreal was a model city in this respect.

Further evidence was given relative to the fire department. This included additional corroboration of Captain Naud's testimony that after the return of what was known as the Reform Party to the City Council in 1900, Sub-Chief Dubois asserted in the presence of a number of members of the brigade that, notwithstanding Alderman Ames and others, positions would still be bought, and when this was questioned, he asserted that Ald. Martineau would be able to do something in the way of effecting a promotion for a sum of fifty dollars.

Fireman A. Nadeau said his brother went to see Sub-Chief Dubois in order to enter the fire brigade, and was told by him that as it was election time, it would be easier to get a position if he 'put up' $75. Witness's brother had not the money, and he was not appointed.

Albert Montpetit said he had applied to enter the fire brigade, and Alderman Nault, he alleged, told him he would have to 'grease the wheels.'

And did you 'grease' them?

No, sir, replied the witness.

Were you appointed?

No, sir.

Captain Blain was recalled and he reaffirmed his assertion that he had not paid for any of his promotions. He was uncle of 'Pit' Blain but he knew little or nothing of the matter spoken of by the latter on Friday last, relative to the loan of $100 to Fireman Bourdon to pay for entry into the brigade.

When he heard that this money had been asked from Bourdon, witness had not reported the matter to Chief Benoit. He had not wished to get 'mixed up' in the affair.

Mr. Marechal (counsel for ex-Chief Benoit and Sub-Chief Dubois)—You merely heard that this money had been asked for? Can you swear the money was paid.

Witness—No.

FITTED UP CHIEF'S CARD-PLAYING ROOM.

Foreman Sanscartier, engaged in the fire department workshops at the corner of Ontario street and City Hall avenue, admitted that he and two or three other men, working in the shops, had been engaged in fitting up what Mr. Laflamme called a card-room, which was situate over ex-Chief Benoit's stable. He asserted that this work was done in the men's own time, but he did not know where the wood employed in the work was obtained from. This was two years ago. The witness said he was certain a card table in this room was not made, in the fire department's repair shop.

Captain Naud was called in order to reply to Sub-Chief Dubois' evidence, alleging that Fireman Seneeal was negligent in some of his duties. Naud, under whom Seneeal has directly acted, gave the fireman an excellent character in every respect.

Mr. Fleetwood H. Ward, assistant manager of the Canadian Rubber Company, said his firm had sold fire hose, salvage covers, etc., to the city fire department the amount of business done being worth seven or eight thousand dollars a year. Mr. Beck, as the company's sale's agent, in regard to these transactions, looked after the tenders for this business, and he was paid twelve and a half percent commission on the transaction. Witness would not admit that an agent could be dispensed with in relation to these orders, and so effect either a saving to the city of this twelve an a half percent, or else an extra profit to the company to this extent. He said Mr. Beck was a capable salesman, and if the company did not employ him, they would have to engage someone else for the same work.

Mr. Laflamme—We are informed that a third party was engaged in this matter for a special reason. Is this true?

Witness—The engagement is a necessary and a legitimate business engagement.

Mr. Lamoureux, tailor, was called to give evidence in regard to certain contracts he had secured from the Fire Committee, but in the absence of all the books Mr. Laflamme needed, his testimony in this respect was postponed. In the meantime, he was asked if he had not taken such an interest in some appointments that, fearing to be questioned on this subject, he had told someone that he had lost sleep in consequence.

Witness replied that he had not been interested in any appointments, that in consequence he had nothing to fear. He had never spoken to anyone in the sense mentioned by Mr. Laflamme, and he had never lost a wink of sleep.

Charles Lapare, fireman, spoke of the loose discipline that had been the rule at No. 4 fire station, where women had been entertained and singing and dancing indulged in. A 'ball' had been held there as recently as St. Jean Baptiste Day.

Messrs. W. Hickey and Thomas Moll, contractors, stated that they executed some work at No. 2 fire station four years ago. Ald. Sauvageau had given orders for the work, and in consequence the city had not been permitted to pay the accounts. Mr. Hickey is still waiting for a settlement, but Mr. Moll entered an action against Ald. Sauvageau, who then paid the money ($117) due to him.

The investigation was adjourned at this morning.

VICTORIA RIFLES MATCHES

ANNUAL SHOOTING COMPETITION AT POINTE-AUX-TREMBLES ON SATURDAY.

The 3rd Victoria Rifles will hold their thirty-fifth annual rifle matches on Saturday at Pointe-aux-Trembles. The programme is an attractive one, good prizes being offered to all classes of riflemen, and the young shot being especially well looked after. The Vic's believe in encouraging the tyro, which no doubt is the reason for the large turnout from the regiment at the P.Q.R.A. matches and at Ottawa. The following is the programme in detail:

The matches begin at 9 a.m., starting with the typro match, 5 shots at 200 yards, 15 prizes, $30. One team prize, the G. H. Matthews challenge cup. Second is the 'Association match,' 7 shots at 200, 500 and 600 yards, 15 prizes for ordinary shots and 10 prizes for tyros, $43.00. One team prize, the 'Queen's Own' challenge cup, to be competed for by teams of five from each company. Third is the challenge match, 7 shots at 600 yards, 15 prizes for ordinary shots and 10 for tyros, $43.00. One team prize, the 'Sims' challenge shield, to be competed for by teams of five from each company. Fourth, in the afternoon, is the extra series, open, 5 shots at 600 yards, 12 prizes, $24.00. Fifth, the 'open match,' 10 shots at 600 yards, 22 prizes for ordinary shots, 5 for V.R.C. tyros, $55.00. Four team prizes, $25.00. There are 3 aggregate prizes for first-class shots, consisting of the regimental championship badge, and two P.Q.R.A. badges, also the D.R.A. silver medal for the aggregate of matches 2 and 3. The tyro aggregate prizes are three free entries to the P.Q.R.A. matches, value $8.75 each, and a D.R.A. bronze medal. There is a special prize offered to the officer making the highest score in matches 1, 2, and 3. The Keeling cup and the Stewart picture are also aggregate prizes for tyros. The two tyros of each company making the highest aggregate scores will win free entry to the D.R.A. matches at Ottawa.

The Dominion Rifle Association, in view of the number of new sights that have lately been placed on the market, have adopted the following rule for the coming matches at Ottawa this year:

'That no sight be permitted that cannot be placed on the sight bed of the rifle as issued, or that brings the sighting point closer to the eye.'

The P.Q.R.R. will adopt the same rule for their matches.

UNKNOWN FOUND DROWNED.

The badly decomposed body of a man, that had apparently been in the water since last fall, was found floating in the river early this morning at the foot of Beaudry street, and was taken to the morgue. The clothing consisted of a black suit and grey fall overcoat, and it is only by these that the remains can be identified as there was nothing found in the pockets.

THE SUFFRAGETTES

They Make a Wild Charge on the House of Commons—112 Women Arrested.

MRS. PANKHURST SLAPS AN INSPECTOR'S FACE, AND THE CROWD CRIED 'SHAME!'

London, June 29.—The thirteenth vain attempt of the suffragettes to obtain access to Mr. Asquith, the Premier, by deputation, resulted in exciting scenes in Parliament Square and the arrest of more than 100 women. The plan of campaign followed the lines previously employed by the suffragettes. The women's parliament assembled in Caxton Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening and sent a deputation, headed by Mrs. Pankhurst, to endeavor to see the Prime Minister, who had previously decided not to receive the deputation. Enormous crowds of onlookers assembled in the vicinity of Parliament hours before the time set for the raid, upon the House, around which large bodies of police, numbering several thousand, had taken up strategic positions. The first noteworthy incident was the arrest, after a great deal of trouble, of a buxom equestrian suffragette, who tried to penetrate the police cordon to take a message to the Premier. Next appeared the deputation under command of Mrs. Pankhurst, and it was received by the crowd with wild cheers. Escorted by the police, the deputation arrived at the Stephen's entrance to Parliament, where it was met by Chief Inspector Scanlebury, who handed Mrs. Pankhurst a letter from the Premier, regretting his inability to receive the deputation.

Angrily throwing the letter on the ground Mrs. Pankhurst exclaimed: 'I stand on my rights as the King's subject to enter the House,' and she endeavored to force an entrance.

The police tried to induce the women to disperse quietly, and then began to take the members of the deputation by the arms and lead them away. To the surprise of spectators, who were massed around the entrance, Mrs. Pankhurst slapped Inspector Jarvis in the face, knocking his cap in the mud. There were cries of shame, and several of the spectators told the Suffragette leader that she had no provocation to do such a thing. A moment later another of the deputation, Mrs. Saul Solomon, knocked off the inspector's cap a second time, while others made determined attempts to rush the cordon of police. Eventually the entire deputation was placed under arrest. By this time a second deputation had left Caxton Hall, accompanied by some hundreds of suffragettes and others, and an attempt was made to reach the House of Commons through the underground passage leading from Westminster Bridge. This, too, was unsuccessful, but for two hours the whole district was in an uproar, the police dispersing the crowds and arresting women by the wholesale. The windows of many of the Government buildings were smashed by stones wrapped in paper.

Altogether 112 women were arrested, including Mrs. Pankhurst, Mrs. Solomon, the Hon. Mrs. Haverfield, daughter of Lord Abinger; Mrs. Margesson, daughter of Lady Margesson; Miss Maud Joachim, niece of the violinist, and many other prominent women.

London is becoming accustomed to suffragette raids on Parliament, but the idea that a more determined attempt than ever was to be made tonight to force Premier Asquith's hand attracted an enormous crowd to the Parliament buildings. Probably 50,000 people gathered at the scene, but the authorities had made ample provision to deal with the situation. All avenues of approach were cordoned by police, and ambulances were provided to deal with cases of accident. Within the cordon were a very large number of members of both houses of Parliament watching the scene and scores of ladies in dinner wraps and men in evening dress. Among these were Lord and Lady Granard, Lord Morley, Lord Wolverhampton and Lord Althrop. Just after this the Prime Minister himself drove away from the House unobserved by the crowd. At Caxton Hall were Mrs. Israel Zangwill, Miss Beatrice Forbes-Robertson, Miss Elizabeth Ribbins and Miss Beatrice Harraden, besides all the well-known suffragette leaders.

Great excitement was caused by the movement of the equestrian suffragette, Miss Vera Howe, who, in riding habit and bowler hat, rode backwards and forwards, carrying messages between the different deputations, and who ultimately was arrested.

Throughout the demonstration the police behaved with the utmost forbearance, but the suffragettes in many cases forced them to some amount of rough handling. There was much screaming, and in some cases fainting and many women had to be taken to the hospitals in a state of collapse.

The great crowds indulged in considerable horseplay, but generally no active sympathy was extended to the suffragettes. At 9 o'clock, the police had orders to clear the whole vicinity of Parliament, and they gradually pressed the women back. One policeman's horse was stabbed by a man in the crowd, and a constable was badly injured. The first deputation, comprised of Mrs. Pankhurst, Mrs. Solomon, Miss Margesson, Mrs. Haverfield, Miss Joachim; Mrs. Mansell, wife of Colonel Mansell and grand-daughter of the late Lord Wimborne; Mrs. Frank Corbett, sister-in-law of the late member of the House, and Miss Neligan, who is 79 years old. These were all arrested: Another placed under arrest was Mrs. Rose Massey, wife of Colonel Massey.

According to one report, Inspector Jarvis will bring a charge of assault against Mrs. Pankhurst. When the latter resolutely declined to budge from the entrance to the House, the Inspector pressed forward his arms and pushed the woman away. Mrs. Pankhurst struck him in the face, according to some witnesses, more than once. The inspector quietly picked up his helmet and continued pressing the deputation back. Mrs. Solomon then struck him. Dr. Clifford, one of the supporters of the suffragette movement, and several members of the House who witnessed the scene, cried 'Shame.' Dr. Clifford, in an interview afterwards, said that he greatly regretted Mrs. Pankhurst's action. Such things, he said, helped to lock the lips of the advocates of woman's rights. 'I have supported women's suffrage for many years,' he added, 'but when I see such scenes as this, how can I say anything?'

THE SIGEL MURDER

Evidence of Express Man Goes to Show that Leon Ling Had Accomplices

New York, June 29.—Information is at hand which, for the first time since the discovery of the murder of Elsie Sigel, eleven days ago, definitely establishing the fact that Leon Ling must have had accomplices, and that, though a telegram signed with his name, and in his writing, was sent in from Washington, he could not have been there when the message was sent. The police have also accounted in detail for the hurried movement of the body hither and thither in a panic after the crime, up to the moment of its discovery over an Eighth avenue chop suey restaurant. But though the detective force has a dozen men in neighboring towns of New Jersey, and Inspector McCafferty reiterated to-night his confidence that the murderer would be captured, nothing is known publicly by which it may be inferred that the murderer is nearer capture than he has been at any time during the past week. The facts as to the movement of the body in New York, now added to the details previously unearthed, concerning the trip to New York, came out through Arthur Logan, an expressman in the employ of the Constitution Express Company, of this city, who told this afternoon that at 3 p.m. on June 9, the day of the murder, a lean, light-colored Chinaman, agreeing perfectly with the description of Leon Ling, called at his office and told him that he wanted a trunk carted from the top floor of 782 Eighth avenue to the address of a Chinese laundry, which his book entry shows as Wah Kee, 370 West 126th street.

When Logan entered the Eighth avenue house, shortly afterward, he found Leon Ling waiting for him at the top of the fourth flight of stairs. The door to his room stood open, but it was so dark that the place looked to the expressman like a cave. All the shades were drawn. In fact, he did not see the trunk until he stumbled on it, but he noticed that the door to the adjoining room was ajar, and that four Chinamen who wore queues were moving about in the obscurity. This is so, for Chung Sin, Leon Ling's intimate, who is detained as a witness, has sworn was closed.

Logan lifted the trunk, with the help of his regular assistant, and, though he is a strong man, found it heavy. He noticed that it was steadily roped. It was one o'clock in the afternoon when he left the house, and four o'clock before he got to the Harlem address. There he found Wah Kee waiting for him.

'Thunk? Thunk?' said Wah. 'All lite. Fifty cents?' Fifty cents had been the charge agreed upon with Leon Ling. Wah Kee knew of it in advance, so the expressman thinks, and his views are shared by the police. There was no hesitancy about accepting the terms. Wah Kee ordered it carried through the laundry to the kitchen, and a sleeping room in the rear, where Logan left it. The expressman does no appear in the case again.

Nearly eight hours later a well dressed Japanese, as the starter of the New York Taxicab Company then thought him, called at the company's branch office at the corner of 125th street and Eighth avenue, and asked how much it would cost him for a taxicab to Newark. He was told twelve dollars, and instructed the driver Martin Lauria to call at Wah Kee's laundry for 'somebody.' When Lauria got to the laundry, at 11.55 p.m., he found that the heavier part of his fare was 'something' not 'somebody'—a stoutly corded trunk. Leon Ling, for so Lauria has subsequently identified him, was pacing the street nervously while the trunk was being lifted to the front seat, and insisted that it be tightly lashed, lest it fall and break open. The trunk secured, he stepped into the taxi himself, and pulled all the shades. Not once on the journey to Newark did he put his head out of the window, except at the ferry, to pay the tolls.

To the restaurant at 64 Market street, Newark, he had been told to drive, and when he arrived there, at 2 o'clock in the morning of June 10, Li Sing, the proprietor, met him at the door and helped him carry the trunk to a rear room. He was paid, and drove back to New York.

The foregoing facts accounting for how the body got to Newark, came out for the first time to-day, through the taxicab driver himself Martin Lauria. His narrative dovetails with the testimony of James Halstead, a Newark coroner, who took the body and Leon Ling back to the Eighth avenue room on the afternoon of the same day, where the body stayed until found by the police. Leon Ling vanished in the meantime.

It seems clear that to have been at the various places mentioned Leon could not have spared the time for a trip to Washington. His hosts all showed suspicious foreknowledge of his coming, and Chung Sin, when he swore the trunk was in the Eighth avenue house on the night of June 9, and that the door between his room and that of Leon Ling

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