The Leading Perfume of the Age.
FROM FRESH-CULLED FLOWERS.

MURRAY & LANMANS'
CELEBRATED
Florida Water.

This exquisite Perfume is prepared direct from Blooming Tropical Flowers, of surpassing fragrance. Its aroma is almost inexhaustible; while its influence on the SKIN is most refreshing, imparting a Delightful Buoyancy to the over-taxed Body and Mind, particularly when mixed with the water of the Bath. For

Fainting Turns,
Nervousness,
Headache,
Debility,
AND
Hysteria,

it is a sure and speedy relief. With the very elite of fashion it has for 25 years maintained its ascendancy over all other perfumes, throughout the West Indies, Cuba, Mexico, and Central and South America, and we confidently recommend it as an article which, for soft delicacy of Flavor, richness of bouquet, and permanency, has no equal. It will also remove from the skin

Roughness,
Blotches,
Sun Burn,
Freckles,
AND
Pimples.

It is as delicious as the Otto of Roses, and lends freshness and beautiful transparency to the complexion. Diluted with water it makes the best dentifrice, imparting a pearly whiteness to the teeth; it also removes all smarting or pain after shaving.

Counterfeits.

Beware of imitations. Look for the name of Murray & Lanman on the bottle, wrapper and ornamented label.

Prepared only by
LANMAN & KEMP,
Wholesale Druggists,
New York.

The GENUINE to be had at the following Agents for Quebec:—J. Musson & Co., J. S. Bowen, J. E. Burke, Bowles & McLeod, E. Giroux, O. Giroux, W. R. Brunet, R. Dugal, J. H. Marsh, J. W. McLeod, J. B. Martel & Co., and for sale by all the leading druggists and first-class perfumers throughout the world.
March 21, 1864. 12m

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA,
IN LARGE BOTTLES,

The Great Purifier of the Blood,
Is particularly recommended for use during
SPRING AND SUMMER,
When the blood is thick, the circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful, detergent cleanses every portion of the system, and should be used daily as
A DIET DRINK
by all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine and original preparation for
THE PERMANENT CURE
OF THE
MOST DANGEROUS & CONFIRMED CASES
OF
Scrofula or any other Evil, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,
And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions
It is also a sure and reliable remedy for Salt Rheum, Ring Worm, Tetter, Scald Head, Scurvy White Swellings and Neuralgic Affections Nervous and General Debility of the system, Loss of Appetite, Languor, Dissiness and all Affections of the Liver, Fever and Ague, Bilious Fevers, Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague and Jaundice.
It is guaranteed to be the
Purest and Most Powerful Preparation
OF
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA.
And is the only
TRUE & RELIABLE CURE FOR SYPHILIS,
Even in its worst forms.
It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood.

The afflicted may rest assured that there is NOT THE LEAST PARTICLE OF MINERAL MERCURIAL, or any other poisonous substance in this medicine. It is perfectly harmless and may be administered to persons in the very weakest stages of sickness or to the most helpless infants without doing the least injury.

Full directions how to take this most valuable medicine will be found around each bottle; and to guard against counterfeits, and that the written signature of Lanman & Kemp is upon the blue label.

The GENUINE to be had at the following Agents for Quebec:—J. Musson & Co., J. S. Bowen, J. E. Burke, Bowles & McLeod, E. Giroux, O. Giroux, R. Dugal and J. B. Martel & Co.

For Sale by all respectable Druggists.
March 21, 1864. 12m

ROWLANDS' MACASSAR OIL.

THIS elegant and fragrant Oil is universally in high repute for its unprecedented success in promoting the Growth, Restoring, Improving, and Beautifying the Human Hair. It prevents Hair from falling off or turning grey, strengthens weak hair, cleanses it from Scurf and Dandriff, and makes it beautifully pliable, and glossy. For Children it is especially recommended as forming the basis of a beautiful head of hair.

ROWLANDS' KALYDOR,
An Oriental Botanical Preparation for improving and beautifying the Complexion and Skin. This royally-patronised and Ladies-esteemed Specific realises a healthy purity of Complexion, and renders the Skin Soft, Clear, and Blooming. It also exerts the most soothing, cooling, and purifying action on the Skin, and eradicates Freckles, Tan, Pimples, Spots, Discolorations, and other Cutaneous Visitations.

WHITE AND SOUND TEETH
Are indispensable to PERSONAL ATTRACTION, and to health and longevity by the proper mastication of food.

ROWLANDS' ODONTO,
OR PEARL DENTIFRICE,
Compounded of Oriental Ingredients, is of inestimable value in preserving and beautifying the Teeth, strengthening the gums, and in giving a pleasing fragrance to the Breath. It eradicates Tartar from the Teeth, removes spots of incipient decay, and polishes and preserves the enamel, to which it imparts a PEARL-LIKE Whiteness.

Sold wholesale by F. ROYSE; and retail by all Druggists.
*** Ask for ROWLANDS' articles.
April 11 12m-law

CLEANLINESS.
A Stove most brilliantly polished in two minutes for less than one farthing.
W. G. NIXEY'S
CELEBRATED REGISTERED
Black Lead!
A NEW DOMESTIC DISCOVERY,
Cannot be wasted, and is a preservative of Furniture from the injurious effects of the common article now in use, as it creates no dust, and requires comparatively no labour.

Sold everywhere, in Solid Blocks, 1d., 2d. 4d. & 1s.

The Advantages of this Elegant Chemical Preparation are great saving of time, cleanliness of application, smallness of quantity required, and the prevention of waste, dust, and its destructive consequences. Further, it ultimately produces a pure metallic coating of a high degree of brilliancy and durability, reflecting both light and heat.

(See specimen on the sides of each block.)
10 SOHO SQUARE, LONDON
12m-law

Morning Chronicle

AND COMMERCIAL

AND SHIPPING GAZETTE.

XIX.] QUEBEC, MONDAY, APRIL 10TH, 1865. [NO. 7843

Royal Insurance Company

Capital, TWO MILLIONS Sterling,
AND LARGE RESERVE FUNDS.

Fire Department.

THIS Company continues to INSURE Buildings and all other descriptions of Property against LOSS or DAMAGE by FIRE, on the most favourable terms, and at the lowest rates charged by any good English Company.

All just losses promptly settled, without deduction or discount, and without reference to England.

The large Capital and judicious management of this Company insures the most perfect safety to the assured.

No charge for Policies or Transfers.

Life Department.

The following advantages, amongst numerous others, are offered by this Company to parties intending to insure their lives:—

Perfect security for the fulfilment of its engagements to Policy holders:

Favorable Rates of Premium.

A high reputation for Prudence and Judgment, and the most liberal consideration of all questions connected with the interests of the assured:

THIRTY DAYS GRACE ALLOWED FOR PAYMENT OF RENEWAL PREMIUMS, and no forfeiture of policy from unintentional mistake.

Policies lapsed by non-payment of premiums may be renewed within three months, by paying the premium, with a fine of ten shillings per cent. on the production of satisfactory evidence of the good state of health of the life assured.

Participation of profits by the assured, amounting to two-thirds of its net amount.

Large Bonus declared 1855, amounting to £2 per cent. per annum on the sum assured, being on ages from twenty to forty, 80 per cent. on the premium. Next division of profits in 1865.

Stamps and Policies not charged for.

All Medical Fees paid by the Company.

MEDICAL REFEREE:—DR. ROWAND.

FORSYTH, BELL & CO.,
AGENTS.

Quebec, April 28, 1863

Life and Guarantee ASSURANCE.

The European Assurance Society
OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH
Empowered by Special Acts of British and Canadian Parliaments for Life Assurance and the granting of Security for persons in Situations of Trust.

THE BONDS of the EUROPEAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY are authorised by *Special Act of the Canadian Parliament* to be accepted as *Security* from *Officers* in all departments of the *Provincial Parliament*.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Persons for whom this Society is security can Assure their lives at considerably reduced rates.

Life Policy-holders in this Society can avail themselves of the Society's Suretyship to a proportionate amount at any time—*free of expense*.

HEAD OFFICE IN CANADA:
69 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
EDWARD RAWLINGS,
Secretary.
R. S. CASSELS,
Agent for Quebec.
DAVID DAVIDSON,
Agent, South Quebec.
Quebec, Oct. 15, 1864.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the Corporation of the Town of Levis will apply to the Legislature, at its next Session, for amendments to its Act of Incorporation.

By order,
LEON ROY,
Secy. Treas.
Quebec, Nov. 25, 1864. tf

CASEY & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND BROKERS,
CHAMPLAIN MARKET HALL,
LOWER TOWN,
AND
Ross's Buildings, St. John Stree
UPPER TOWN.

SALES of every description of Merchandise effected. Sales of Household Furniture and Effects attended to in all parts of the City. Prompt and satisfactory returns in all cases.
Quebec, March 27, 1863.

S. & C. PETERS

HAVE established their office in the Brick Building on their premises,
Corner of Grant and Queen Streets,
St. Roch's.
☞ ENTRANCE ON QUEEN STREET. ☜
Quebec, Aug. 15, 1864.

Lindsay & McQuire,
SURVEYORS
FOR UPPER & LOWER CANADA
Civil Engineers and Land Agents,
(OFFICE NEAR G. T. RAILWAY STATION)
SOUTH QUEBEC.
Surveys of all kinds sold any extent executed;
☞ Information given, and plans to be seen, of Chaudiere Gold Lands and Eastern Townships, at the above office.
Quebec, Feby. 25, 1864. 12m

WILLIAM COOK,
ADVOCATE
OFFICE:—Commercial Chambers,
ST. PETER STREET.
Quebec, Aug. 31 64.

HENRY R. GETHINGS,
BROKER,
Office:—No. 3, St. Lawrence Chambers,
QUEBEC.
☞ Bank Stocks, Exchange, &c., negociated.
Quebec, April 29, 1864. 12m

M. A. HEARN,
ADVOCATE,
HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE TO
No. 31, St. Louis Stree.
Quebec, May 4, 1864.

BOSSE & COOK,
ADVOCATES,
OFFICE:—Commercial Chambers,
ST. PETER STREET.
uebec Aug. 31, 1864.

Glassware.

THE subscriber has just received from England, and is now ready for inspection and sale, in Champlain Market Hall, at the west end, opposite Mr. Wm. Doran's stall, a large stock of GLASSWARE of all description, which will be sold for cash to defy competition.

☞ An inspection solicited.
GEORGE IXON.

STRAIT OF CANSO
Marine Railway

Capacity, 1000 Tons Register Tonnage.

THIS Railway is now completed, and ready for hauling vessels to clean or repair, and being operated by steam, quick despatch will be given. For vessels of 50 tons and under, there will be a uniform charge of $7.50. For all vessels over 50 tons, 15 cents per ton will be charged for hauling, and 24 hours on the ways. Fishing and coasting vessels under 150 tons, not occupying the ways more than three hours, will be charged only two-thirds of the above rate, or 10 cents per ton. Steamboats will be charged 15 cents per ton register tonnage, and 15 cents per horse power in addition.

Application to be made to the Superintendent at the works at Port Hawkesbury, Strait of Canso, Cape Breton Island, or to
HENRY N. PAINT,
Secretary, Halifax, N.S.

The Rules and Regulations of the Company, and any other information, can be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

LEMESURIER, GRANT & CO.,
St. Peter Street.
Quebec, Sept. 12, 1864. 12m

Bazaar.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH,
POINT LEVY.

THE Ladies of St. Andrew's Church, Point Levi, intend holding a Bazaar for the purpose of paying off the debt on the Manse and Church property, in the early part of June next.

Donations in Cash, Materials or Work will be most thankfully received by the undermentioned Ladies:—

Mrs. James Patton,	Mrs. Lambie,
" James Dean,	" A. Macbean,
" J. W. Henry,	" Fraser,
" Downes,	" Davidson,
" White,	" Ramsay,
" W. Todd,	" Wilson,
" Pierson,	" Anderson,
Miss Atkinson,	Miss Davie,
" Breakey,	" Russell.

☞ Mrs. W. G. Russell, Mrs. Hughes and Mrs. Scott will take charge of the Refreshment Table.

By order,
MRS. J. G. SCOTT,
Secretary.
Quebec, Feby. 14, 1865. 1aw

J. G. BARTHE,
ADVOCATE,
Office: opposite the New Market Hall,
POINT LEVY.
Jany. 17, 1865. tmay1

Ammunition

TARGET
12 FEET SQUARE.
Represents average shooting at 500 yards, with
ELEY'S
BEST
ENFIELD
CARTRIDGES.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
For Sporting or Military Purposes.

Double Waterproof Central Fire caps, Felt Waddings to prevent the leading of Guns, Wire Cartridges for killing Game, &c., at long distances, Breech Loading Cartridge Cases of superior quality for Shot Guns and Rifles, Pin Cartridges for "Lefaucheux" Revolvers of 7, 9, and 12 millimetres.

Jacob's Rifle Shell Tubes, Cartridges and Caps for Colt's, Deane's, Tranter's, Adams', and other Revolvers.

BALL CARTRIDGES
For Enfield, Whitworth, and Henry's Rifles, also for Westley Richard's, Terry's, Wilson's, Prince's, Deane's, and other Breech Loaders.

Bullets of uniform weight made by compression from soft Refined Lead.

ELEY BROS.,
Gray's-Inn-Road, London, W. C.
☞ WHOLESALE ONLY.
June 18, 1864. 12m 1s

FOR SALE,
BAY HORSE, 16 hands,
A Bay Mare, 15 "
Each 7 years old, black points, warranted sound, and to go in harness and under saddle. The mare, in particular, is a splendid saddle beast. The horse is very fast, either for a journey or a short distance, and a beautiful temper.
A Covered Waggon, almost new,
An Open Waggon, together with three Sleighs, one with very low seat and runners, with a front driving-seat, extremely difficult to upset,
Two Sets of Harness, Robes, Aprons and Back Robe (bear skin),
A Scotch Cart, &c.
☞ For further particulars apply at this office.
Quebec, Oct. 21, 1864.

In the Press, and will be Issued next Week:
THE RELATIONS
OF THE
Industry of Canada
WITH THE
Mother Country and the United States
BEING A SPEECH BY
ISAAC BUCHANAN, Esq., M.P.,
As delivered at the late demonstration to the Parliamentary Opposition at Toronto,—together with a series of articles in defence of the NATIONAL SENTIMENTS CONTAINED THEREIN, which originally appeared in the columns of the "Hamilton Spectator," from the pen of Mr. Buchanan, to which is added a speech delivered by him at the Dinner given to the PIONEERS OF UPPER CANADA, at London, Canada West, 10th December, 1863.
Now first published in a complete and collected form, with copious notes and annotations,—besides an extended introductory explanation, and an appendix containing various valuable documents.
Bound in Cloth, $1.00.
Edited by HENRY J. MORGAN.
Publisher: JOHN LOVELL, Montreal.

Dinneford's Pure Fluid Magnesia
Has been, during 35 years, emphatically sanctioned by the Medical Profession, and universally accepted by the Public as the BEST REMEDY for
Acidity of the Stomach, Heartburn, Headache, Gout and Indigestion,
And as a MILD APERIENT for delicate constitutions, more especially for Ladies and Children, combined with the
Acidulated Lemon Syrup.
It forms an *agreeable Effervescing Draught*, in which its aperient qualities are much increased. During HOT SEASONS and in HOT CLIMATES, the regular use of this simple and elegant remedy has been found highly beneficial.
Manufactured by
DINNEFORD & CO.,
172, New Bond Street, London;
And Sold by all respectable Chemists throughout the World.
☞ For Sale by BOWLES & McLEOD, Medical Hall, Quebec.
N. B.—Ask for DINNEFORD'S Magnesia.
Dec. 31 1864. 1y-law

"LE CANADIEN,"
A Political, Literary, Scientific, Commercial, Industrial and Agricultural Journal,
PUBLISHED AT QUEBEC,
LOWER CANADA.
Le Canadien is the oldest and largest French newspaper in Canada. It has also the most extensive circulation among the commercial classes, and among the French population, which forms two-thirds of that of Lower Canada. It is the best advertising medium in the French language at Quebec.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines, first insertion	$0.50
Each subsequent insertion	0.12½
Ten lines and under, first insertion	0.66
Each subsequent insertion	0.17
For each line over ten lines, first insertion	0.08
Each subsequent insertion, per line	0.02

For advertisements of long date, the terms are much easier, and a liberal discount will be granted.

All communications should be addressed to the Editors-Proprietors, J. N. DUQUET & Co., 21, MOUNTAIN STREET, Lower Town, Quebec, Lower Canada.
Quebec, Dec. 30, 1864.

Benzole.

10 CASES Finest Benzole.
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.
Quebec, Jany. 21, 1865.

For Sale,

THE following CHOICE BRANDS OF FLOUR:
Tyrone Mills, Extra.
Bowmanville Mills, Extra.
Tinto, Extra Cream Laid.
Stouffville, Extra.
Tehidy Mills, Extra.
—ALSO—
Glencoe, Imperial, Milton, Port Newcastle, Viaduct, Dundera, Charleville, Thames Valley, Hampton, Watertown, Orono, and other Brands, No. 1 Superfine.
Apply to
ROBT. MITCHELL,
No. 24 St. Sacrament street.
Montreal, Dec. 8, 1864.

JUST PUBLISHED:
THE
Canadians of Old!
By Philippe Aubert De Gaspé,
TRANSLATED
BY GEORGIANA M. PENNÉE.

THIS is a most interesting narrative, founded on History, and enriched with historical notes, hitherto unedited. For sale by booksellers generally, and by
G. & G. E. DESBARATS,
Publishers.
Price, $1.00; Extra Cloth, $1.25; Do. Gilt Sides, very elegant, $1.50.
Quebec, Aug. 16, 1864.

In the Press and will be Issued on Tuesday next,
The Canadian Parliamentary
COMPANION,
3RD EDITION,
EDITED BY
HENRY J. MORGAN,
PRICE 50 CENTS.
For Sale at the Book Store of Hollwell & Alexander, opposite the Post Office.
Quebec, March 11 1864

For Sale,

BALLAST and BUILDING STONE.
Enquire of
JOSEPH ARCHER,
Jan. 6, 1864. Cape

New Medicines.
The Greatest Success of the Age.

DISEASES of the Chest. Syrup of Hypophosphite of Lime, manufactured by Grimault and Co., chemists, 7, rue de la Feuillade, Paris. This new medicine, delicious to the palate, is a sovereign remedy for coughs, colds, irritation of the lungs, and is also an excellent remedy in cases of consumption. Under its influence, the cough abates, nocturnal prespirations cease and the patient rapidly recovers health and flesh.

ELIXIR of Pepsine, prepared by Grimault and Co., chemists, 7, rue de la Feuillade, Paris, according to the formula of Dr. Corvisart, knight of the Legion of Honour, physician to H. M. the Emperor of the French. Pepsine is the gastric juice itself, or rather the digestive principle purified, which digests food in the stomach. When from various causes the supply of the digestive fluid is too small, the inevitable consequences are bad digestion, gastritis, gastralgia, inflammation of the mucous coats of the stomach and bowels, heartburn, anæmia, loss of strength, and in females, general derangement. The Elixir of Pepsine, which is sanctioned by the approbation of the Paris Academy of Medicine, speedily cures all diseases, and prevents vomiting during pregnancy.

VEGETABLE Matico Injection and Capsules, prepared by Grimault and Co., apothecaries in Paris. This new remedy is prepared from the leaves of the Matico, a tree of Peru, for the prompt and infallible cure of gonorrhœa without fear of stricture of the urethra or inflammation of the bowels. The celebrated Dr. Ricord, of Paris, ceased to prescribe all other medicaments as soon as Matico was discovered. The Injection is used at the commencement of the discharge; the Capsules in chronic and inveterate cases, which have retarted the preparations of copaiba, cubebs, and injections of a metallic basis.

NO more Cod Liver Oil. Syrup of Iodized Horse-Radish, of Grimault and Co., Apocaries chemists, 7, rue de la Feuillade, Paris. According to the certificates of the physicians of the Paris Hospitals detailed in the prospectus, and with the approbation of several Academies, this Syrup is employed with the greatest success in place of Cod Liver Oil, to which it is really superior. It cures diseases of the chest, scrofula, lymphatic disorders, green sickness, muscular atony, and loss of appetite, it regenerates the constitution by purifying the blood, and is, in a word, the most powerful depurative known. It never fatigues the stomach and bowels like the iodide of potassium and the iodide of iron, and is administered with the greatest efficacy to young children subject to humours, or obstruction of the glands. Dr. Casenave, of St. Louis hospital, Paris, recommends it particularly in cutaneous diseases conjointly with the pills which bear his name.

PHOSPHATE of Iron De Leras, apothecary doctor of science, 7, rue de la Feuillade, Paris,—This new ferruginous medicine contains the elements of the bones and blood, and iron in a liquid state. From observations made in the Paris hospitals and detailed in the prospectus, it is superior to ferruginous pills, lactate of iron, iron reduced by hydrogen, pills and syrup of the iodide of iron, and cures rapidly, stomach complaints, painful digestion, poverty of the blood, loss of strength and appetite, and the diseases incident to females. It is the best adjunct to Cod-Liver Oil, and the best preserver in health in tropical climates. General Depot: of London, at Newbery and Sons, 45 St. Paul's Churchyard; in Calcutta, at Percy Douglas and Co.; and every good druggist of India.

No more Copaiba or Cubebs.
Capsules of Matico Vegetalis.
Also, liquid extract of Matico.

THESE elegant preparations effect rapid and extraordinary cures of recent and old and severe cases of disease. They are used in all the Hospitals of Paris by the celebrated Dr. Ricord, and are found greatly superior to all preparations of Copaiba, Cubebs, ecs., and mineral remedies. The liquid extract is used in recent cases, and the Capsules in the more chronic; and where all other medicines have failed, these preparations will always effect a cure.

JOHN MUSSON & CO.,
Sole Agents for B. N. A.,
Head of Mountain Hill,
Next door to Post Office, Quebec.
Oct, 1864. 12m

PRINCE'S HAIR DRESSERS.
CHRISTMAS
AND
NEW YEAR!
Toys! Toys!
AND
USEFUL ORNAMENTS
FOR THE MILLION!
CALL AND EXAMINE
H. & W. BANSLEY'S
EXTENSIVE STOCK OF
TOYS,
Fancy & Cabinet Ware
CHINA ORNAMENTS,
OF THE BEST
French, English and German
MANUFACTURE,
RECEIVED PER LAST STEAMERS
FROM EUROPE.
Everything New and Novel.
Remember No. 10, ST. JOHN STREET.
Quebec, Dec. 24, 1864.

Dexter's Hotel,
ST. JOHN STREET,
UPPER TOWN,
QUEBEC.
Quebec, Feby. 6, 1865. t

Dancing, Calisthenics!
Department, French Drill, &c.

MR. A. R. McDONALD, Teacher of the above Arts, will open Classes on the 2nd November, at the TEMPERANCE HALL, St. Francis street.

ADULT CLASS on Mondays and Wednesdays from 6 to 9 o'clock P. M.

JUVENILE CLASS on Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 4 to 6 o'clock P. M.

All orders left at Mr. SINCLAIR'S Book Store, St. John street, will receive prompt attention as to arrangement of Classes, &c. Schools attended to on reasonable terms.
Quebec, Oct. 11, 1864.

BISHOP'S
GRANULAR
Effervescent Citrate of Magnesia,
Introduced and Prepared by
ALFRED BISHOP, Manufacturing Chemist,
17 & 18, SPROT'S FIELDS, Mile End New Town, London.

THIS perfectly white and delicately clean granulated preparation possesses remarkable effervescent qualities, which far surpasses the ordinary Seidlitz Powder in its COOLING, REFRESHING, and MILD APERIENT properties, as well as in flavour as a SALINE draught. It is particularly well adapted for *women* and *young children*, on account of its most agreeable flavour and mild effect.

N. B.—The genuine has the name BISHOP upon the Bottle, also the Name and Trade Mark upon the Label, and is sold in convenient sizes, and secured in so perfect a manner that it may be shipped with safety to any part of the world.

Manufacturer also of Granulated and Effervescent Carbonate of Iron, Citrate of Iron, Citrate of Quinine, Citrate of Quinine and Iron, Carbonate of Lithia in tubes, Citrate of Lithia, Vichy Salt, Seidlitz Mixture, and all other Granulated Preparations.
Dec. 7, 1864. 52-law

BEAUTIFUL CLEAN LINEN.
W. G. NIXEY'S
CRYSTALLISED
Extract of Fuller's Earth!
Is the Cheapest and Best Article
For washing and beautifying Linen, Woollen, Lace, Lawn, Muslin, &c.; possesses unequalled efficacy in removing Grease, Stains, and the smoke-like colour of linen produced from bad washing, the excessive use of Soda, Lime, and other preparations of Caustic Alkali.

"THE EXTRACT OF FULLER'S EARTH is the quickest and most effective article ever introduced, incapable of injury to the hands or the finest fabric, and requires only to be tried to be appreciated."—*Times*, Aug. 27, 1854.

☞ *May be obtained through any respectable Tradesman.*

Sample Packets, with full Directions for use, price 1d. and 6d.
12 SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.
May 5 1864 2m-law

"*Any one can use them.*"
A basin of water is all that is required to produce the most brilliant and fashionable colours on Silks, Woollens, Cottons, Ribbons, &c., in ten minutes, by the use of

Judson's Simple Dyes.
Cerise, Canary, Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Orange, Green, Blue, Brown, Crimson, and Pink.
Price 6d., 9d. and 1s. per Bottle.

These Dyes will also be found useful for imparting Colour to Feathers, Fibres, Grasses, Seaweed, Ivory, Bone, Wood, Willow-shavings, Paper; also for tinting Photographs, and for Illuminating.

May be had of Chemists throughout the United Kingdom and British Colonies.

DEPOT—19A, COLEMAN STREET, LONDON.
Liberal Allowance to Dealers.
Feby. 14, 1865. 26-law

SAUCE.
LEA AND PERRINS'
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
PRONOUNCED
BY
CONNOISSEURS
"TO BE THE
Only Good Sauce,
And applicable to every variety of Dish.

Extract of a letter from a medical gentleman at Madras to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851.

"Tell Lea and Perrins that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made.

CAUTION.
LEA & PERRINS
Beg to caution the Public against spurious imitations of their celebrated
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

L. & P. have discovered that several of the Foreign Markets have been supplied with SPURIOUS IMITATIONS, the labels closely resembling those of the genuine Sauce, and in one or more instances the name of L. and P. *forged*.

L. and P. will proceed against any one who may manufacture or vend such imitations, and have instructed their correspondents, in the various parts of the world, to advise them of any infringement of their rights.

Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce,
*** Sold Wholesale and for Export, by the Proprietors, Worcester; Messrs. CROSSE and BLACKWELL; Messrs. Barclay and Sons, London; &c., &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.
-law

For Sale or to Let.

For Sale or to Let.

BEAUVOIR, a comfortable family residence, with suitable grounds attached, situated on the Saint Louis Road, four miles distant from town.
For particulars, apply to
ALEXANDER LINDSAY, Esq.,
N. P.
Quebec, March 17, 1865. 3w-2o

TO BE LET,
—FROM 1st MAY NEXT,—
A COMFORTABLE COTTAGE on the north bank of the River St. Charles, with Stable and Garden, &c., about 1¼ miles from Toll Gate. Will be let for 6 months, if required.
H. C. AUSTIN,
Notary.
Quebec, March 6, 1865. 1m-3aw

TO LET,
TWO STORY BRICK DWELLINGS, Nos. 2 and 7 Montcalm Buildings Amable Street, Montcalm Ward.
Store and Dwelling in Cul-de-Sac Street, now occupied by J. A. Label.
Two-story Stone Store facing Champlain Market.
Two-story Brick Dwelling in Cul-de-Sac and Champlain Streets.
Irvine Wharf, with Offices thereon.
Apply to
A. JOSEPH.
or E. G. CANNON,
N. P.
Quebec, March 16, 1865. 3o

FOR SALE,
A COMFORTABLE TWO STORY DOUBLE HOUSE in the Town of Levis, Wolfe Street, opposite Mrs. Nicholson's, and near the English Church, with Stable, &c., and sufficient ground attached for 2 building lots of 50 x 120. Will be disposed of on reasonable terms.
Apply on the premises, to
J. TILLEY,
or H. C. AUSTIN,
Notary.
Levis, March 14, 1865. 1mp-3o

House for Sale or to Let in Levis.

A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, belonging to Mr. Létourneau, pleasantly situated on the eminency of the cape, now occupied by Mr. Barthe, Advocate.
Apply on the premises, or to Mr. ROUILLARD, in Sous-le-Fort Street, Quebec.
MR. LETOURNEAU.
Quebec, April 6, 1865. 2wp-3o

Cottage to Let.

BY the year or for the summer months, the COTTAGE, together with Stables and Garden, belonging to Mr. Gerocold, lately occupied by Col. de Salaberry, on the Little River Road, three and a half miles from the Upper Town.
Enquire of
Messrs. CASAULT & LANGLOIS,
Advocates.
Quebec, April 1, 1865. 1m-3o

TO BE LET,
THAT comfortable two-story Fire Brick Building, pleasantly situated in St. Charles and St. Paul Streets, directly opposite Messrs. McCallum's Brewery.
Apply to
MESSRS. J. W. TWEDDELL & CO.,
Quebec Foundry,
Champlain Street.
Quebec, Feby. 24, 1865.

To Let,
FROM the first of May next, in the house occupied by Mr. Adam Watters, St. John Street, FOUR EXCELLENT ROOMS and KITCHEN, with every convenience.
For further particulars, apply to DR. MARSDEN, President Quebec Library Association.
J. H. LAWLOR,
Secretary.
Quebec, Feby. 20, 1865.

TO LET,
THAT large, commodious and well known Hotel, known as MOUNTAIN HILL HOUSE, acknowledged to be one of the best paying Hotel situations in Quebec.
For further particulars, apply to
DR. MOFFATT,
or E. G. CANNON.
Quebec, Feby. 10, 1865. tf

TO LET,
THE Large House situate near the Church of Beauport, formerly the residence of P. A. DeBlois, Esq.
Enquire from
FRANCOIS PARENT,
or P. A. DeBLOIS.
Quebec, Feby. 13, 1865. 2aw

To Let,
THE two-story House, Upper Town, Rampart Street, residence of P. A. Shaw.
ED. G. DeBLOIS.
Quebec, Feby. 3, 1865. 2aw

To Let,
HOUSE and SHOP Cul-de-Sac Street, occupied for many years by Mr. John Hearn, as Provision and Grocery, with Fire-proof Vault attached.
Apply to
CHAS. McDONALD & SON.
Quebec, Feby. 6, 1865.

TO LET,
FROM the first of May next, that well-known Building, the TEMPERANCE HALL, St. Francis Street a lease will be given if required for one or more years.
Apply to No. 23, St. Ursule Street; or to
E. G. CANNON,
Notary,
Quebec, Feby. 5, 1864

For Sale,
THREE LOTS of LAND in the Township of Ham, Range B, with good specimens of copper.
Apply to
T. B. BEDARD,
Advocate,
Garden Street, Quebec
Quebec, May 27, 1863. tf

To Let,
FIRST-CLASS WINE VAULTS, adjoining Commercial Chambers, and opening on Peter Street.
Apply to
H. ATKINSON, Jr.,
17, St. James Street.
Quebec, April 12, 1864. 2aw-tf

Rooms to Let.
TWO or THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with LODGINGS, with or without Breakfast, in a convenient locality in the Upper Town.
Apply at this office.
Quebec, March 23, 1864. tf

3 Valuable Farms for Sale,
SITUATE at BOURG LOUIS, County of Portneuf, for many years occupied by J. BERN, Esq., consisting of 360 acres, of which about 100 are clear, with dwelling house, barn, &c., &c.
Apply to B. CAMPBELL, No. 118, St. Valier Street, St. Roch, Quebec.
N. B.—The proprietor would exchange for property in Quebec. B. C.
Jany. 28 '65. law-ny&3awtjy

For Sale, at St. Gervais,
THAT SPLENDID FARM, belonging to the late Dr. Guay, situated a short distance from the Parish Church, containing 3 acres in width and 40 in depth, with maple sugary; also, a meadow adjoining, containing 45 acres, a large commodious house, barn, stable, woodhouse, piggery, recently built. All the buildings well supplied with water.
Also for Sale, at St. Lazarre,
A BUSH FARM of about 150 acres. Terms reasonable.
For further information, apply to
Mr. GEORGE COUTURE,
Merchant, Levis.
Quebec, March 21, 1865. 3w-1o

To Agriculturists & Breeders
FOR SALE,
A FEW Short-Horn Calves, Hampshire Down Lambs, and Berkshire Pigs—all from imported stock.
Apply to
JOHN ASHWORTH,
St. Foy Road.
Quebec, March 21, 1865. 2m-1o

For Sale,
"BLUNDELL'S" Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil,
White Lead,
Paints, assorted colours,
Putty.
C. & W. WURTELE,
St. Paul Street.
Quebec, Feby. 16, 1865. 2m-3aw

Yellow Metal
FOR SALE.
BOLTS, all sizes.
BUTT BOLTS.
SHEATHING and NAILS.
C. & W. WURTELE,
St. Paul street.
Quebec, Feby. 16, 1865. 2m-3aw

Newall's Wire Rope.
ALL SIZES, guaranteed to bear Admiralty test.
For sale by
C. & W. WURTELE,
St. Paul Street.
Quebec, Feby. 16, 1865. 2m-3aw

Bonnets and Hats.
MRS. PARNELL having received the Spring Fashions, is prepared to clean, alter and dye Felt, Beaver and Straw Bonnets and Hats. Feathers cleaned and curled.
2 GLACIS STREET, outside John's Gate.
Quebec, March 3, 1865. 3m-law

Bright Sugars.
50 HHDS. Choice Bright Sugar,
50 Puncheons Bright Cienfugos Molasses,
25 do do Barbadoes do
For sale by
LANE, GIBB & CO.
Quebec, Feby. 21, 1865. 1m

For Sale,
100 BARRELS Jamaica Root Ginger,
100 Bags Sifted Pepper,
50 Bales Cloves,
15 Cases Nutmegs,
500 Cases Pints and Quarts Olive Oil.
LANE, GIBB & CO.
Quebec, Feby. 21, 1865. 1m

FOR SALE
AT
PORTNEUF!
THAT valuable and beautifully situated FARM, fronting on the St. Lawrence, formerly the residence of the late Edward Hale, Esquire, with Houses, Barns, Stables and other buildings thereon erected. The property is within four miles of the Protestant Church and settlement of Halesborough, and half a mile of the Parish Church, Grist, Saw and Paper Mills, and Steamboat Landing.
G. C. HALE,
Executor.
Quebec, Jany. 16, 1865. tf

NOTICE.
THE undersigned has just been appointed manage the Insurance business of the LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY for South Quebec and lower District.
Office:—opposite New Market Hall, at Lower Ferry, Point Levy.
J. G. BARTHE.
Point Levy, Jany. 17, 1865. tmay1

Notice.
THE undersigned have, this day, entered into Partnership as GENERAL and COMMISSION MERCHANTS, under the firm and style of FORSYTH & PEMBERTON.
JOSEPH BELL FORSYTH,
G. TUDOR PEMBERTON.
Quebec, April 13, 1864.

High Wines in Bond in QUEBEC.
110 PUNCHEONS 50 O.P., on hand and for Sale, in bond or duty paid.
Apply to
J. T. CLAYTON,
32, Saint Peter Street,
Montreal.
Dec. 17, 1864.

DAY AND MARTIN'S
**REAL JAPA

ADVERTISEMENTS.

No Old Advertisements Inserted in this List.

American Invoices—R S M Bouchette.
British America Insurance Company—J Laird.
St. Andrew's School.
Farewell Concert—R H Browne.
Do Do
Insolvent Act—H Glass.
James Macnider, Real Estate Agent.
Corporation of Montreal—P Macquisten.
House to Let—Jean Buell.
Wet Nurse Wanted—Dr Bowand.
Notice—Paquet & Boivin.
Wanted—Housemaid and Nursemaid.
Special and Important Notice—H W Welch.
Fresh Arrivals—M Gibson & Co.
Notice—S Tozer.
Literary and Historical Society—W Couper.
Sale of Household Furniture—A J Maxham.
Sale of Hotel Furniture—Casey & Co.
Do Do Do

QUEBEC POST OFFICE,

31st of March, 1865.

MAILS for the United Kingdom per Canadian Line during the month of APRIL will be closed at this Office every FRIDAY, at.....4.30 p.m.

Supplementary Bag at.....6.15 p.m.

Per Cunard Line, via New York, on SATURDAYS, the 1st, 15th and 29th of April, at.....5.00 p.m.

And via Boston, with Mails for Halifax, Newfoundland and Bermuda on Saturdays, the 8th and 22nd of April, at.....5.00 p.m

All letters posted for Supplementary Bags must be prepaid by Stamps.

All registered letters must be posted fifteen minutes before the hours at which mails are advertised to be closed.

J. SEWELL,
Postmaster.

Quebec, April 1, 1865.

Morning Chronicle.

QUEBEC, APRIL 10, 1865

THE CHRONICLE is for sale at Mr. Holliwell's, opposite the Post Office; Mr. Miller's, Peter Street; Mr. Gale's, George Street; at Mr. A. G. Barns's, 83 John street, without; and at Mrs. Wenley's, Post Office, South Quebec.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Midnight Despatch.

PRES'T. DAVIS AND LEADING GENERALS ABOUT TO RETREAT TO GEORGIA.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE FROM MEXICO.

NEW YORK, April 8th.—The *Post's* Washington of the 8th says: Mr. Plonty, District-Atty. of Florida, arrived here this morning. He saw at Savannah a prominent member of the Georgia Legislature, who had just left Augusta.

The leading members of the Legislature admitted that the rebellion was near its end.

The opinion prevailed that Lee, Johnston and Jeff. Davis would retreat to Georgia and then across the Mississippi River.

The United States District Court at Key West has condemned 25,000 dollars worth of property since March 1st.

The steamship *Arago* with General Anderson and some 300 other distinguished persons sailed for Charleston this morning.

Four other steamers for the same destination sailed, crowded with passengers.

The steamers *City of Manchester* and *America* sailed to-day for Europe, taking $400,000 in specie.

SAN FRANCISCO, 7th.—The steamer *John L. Stephens*, from Masatlan, brings $93,000 in specie, and a thousand bags of silver ore.

The Masatlan *Times*, imperialist organ, gives a report that Juarez was *en route* for St. Lucas, whence he would sail for San Francisco on his way to Washington.

A French naval expedition sailed, it is supposed for Guaymas.

An Imperial force has moved to the Pacific.

A correspondent of the San Francisco *Bulletin*, writing from Masatlan, March 30, says that Juarez is still at Chihuahua, with his Ministers, raising troops, though cash, arms and ammunition are scarce.

The French war steamer *Victoria* and transport *Du Rhine* are at Santa Barbara, on the coast of California. They hope to obtain supplies of coal at San Francisco.

Hon. Mr. McGee left town on Friday evening for Montreal. He is expected to return before leaving for Europe.

Hon. Mr. Howland left for Upper Canada on Saturday. The Postmaster General, we learn, will be absent for some time.

The *Official Gazette*, of Saturday, contains the following announcements:—His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to appoint the Honorable Thomas D'Arcy McGee, Minister of Agriculture, Commissioner on behalf of this Province, to the Dublin Exhibition.

The Reverend William Agar Adamson, D. C.L., and Thomas Devine, Esq., F.R.G.S., Surveyor in Chief for Upper Canada, Honorary Commissioners to the said Exhibition.

The most ardent sympathizers with the South will scarcely venture to deny that clouds lower heavily over the fortunes of the Confederacy. The military situation appears to be dangerous if not desperate, and something very like disorganization has fallen upon the Confederate Administration. Bad as the prospects are we are not disposed to think, as the *Times* and *Herald* would fain persuade us, that the Southerners are wholly subdued, or that they are prepared to give up their leaders to the vengeance of the North. These people have endured much and sacrificed all for a common cause which they believed not only involved their domestic and political rights, but also their material welfare. There is nothing for them now to save by submission. If they now return to their old allegiance they will do so from coercion, like whipt spaniels, and must, as a conquered people, accept terms such as it shall please their conquerors to grant. There are many, doubtless, amongst them of faint resolution, whom hardships and losses may have vanquished; many whose personal interests or whose proclivities were not identical with or dependent upon the principles which first led to secession; but the length and magnitude of the struggle, the manful determination to abide by the consequences of defection from the old union, the matchless intrepidity which undauntly coped with overwhelming odds, and the stern resolve to do or die, ought to be sufficient grounds that whatever else betide it will not be the abandonment of those who lead that will conduce to a suppression of this unparralleled war. If the North will offer no better terms than such as will demand a holocaust to Nemesis, every experience of the great strife induces to the belief that the end is not yet. We have fallen over the opinion of an intelligent foreign officer who served with Sherman in Georgia, which strongly confirms our view in these words:—

"To sum up, I will say: No nation has yet perished with a hundred thousand men in the field, and a territory vast enough to feed ten times their number; no people have yet been conquered for want of railroads, for the great battles of this century have been fought without railroads; no community has yet been brought to terms which was resolved, as unanimously as the South is, to conquer its independence, and who enjoyed such resources. That in the long run, after four more years of a bloody war, the Confederates should be subjugated, is possible, but by no means certain; that they can be subjugated sooner, I do not believe; nor is it the opinion of Gen. Sherman himself, who talks freely on the subject."

The *Caina* brings us the information that Canadian interests have again been before both Houses of the Imperial Legislature. In the Lords, Earl Russell, and in the Commons, Lord Hartington, has laid upon the table the two-fold notice of lake armament and the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty. The former of these notified changes has reference solely to our situation in regard to safety in case of any further contemplated hostility; while the latter affects only existing commercial relations with our neighbors. The delegation from the Government of Canada, about to proceed to England, ostensibly on the subject of the Confederation of all the Provinces of British North America, charges itself also with the consideration of both the subjects to which these notices have reference; and somewhat especially with the adjustment of reciprocal free trade between the United States and Canada. It will, then, not be inopportune to recall what is the exact position of the reciprocity question.

On the fifth day of June, 1854, a treaty was signed by Lord Elgin and Mr. Marcy, the then Secretary of State for the United States, on behalf of their respective Governments, giving what were conceived to be reciprocal commercial advantages. This treaty comprised seven articles. The first of which gave the right of the sea-fisheries on "the sea-coasts and shores and in the bays, harbors and creeks of Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island and of the "several islands thereunto adjacent," with permission to land and cure the fish, and so on. Article the second defines the intention contained in the first. It is, however, the third article of this treaty with its schedule which forms the gist of the so-called Reciprocity, which much as the Yankees have cried out has been from first to last a thoroughly one-sided business in their favor, and the Massachusetts people well know this, as do also the grain men of the West. The third section of the fourth article of the treaty stipulates for the right of Canadians to navigate the State canals, a power which has never been conceded, nor has there been the slightest intention to permit it. The very wording of the treaty is one-sided, and shows how slovenly these things are done when the interest of the colonies are alone concerned. Had Canada treated for herself her negotiators would, we are certain, have taken care that reciprocity should in practical effect have been what it purported to be in the treaty. The marrow of the reciprocal commerce lies in the following extract from the treaty:

"It is agreed that the articles enumerated in the schedule hereunto annexed, being the growth and produce of the aforesaid British colonies or of the United States, shall be admitted into each country respectively free of duty:

SCHEDULE.

Grain, flour, and breadstuffs of all kinds, animals of all kinds, fresh, smoked and salted meats, cotton-wool, seeds and vegetables, undried fruits, dried fruits, fish of all kinds, products of fish and of all other creatures living in the water, poultry, eggs, hides, furs, skins or tails undressed, stone or marble in its crude or unwrought state, slate, butter, cheese, tallow, lard, horns, manures, ores of metals of all kinds, coal, pitch, tar, turpentine, ashes, timber and lumber of all kinds, round, hewed, sawed, unmanufactured in whole or in part, firewood, plants, shrubs and trees, pelts, wool, fish-oil, rice, broomcorn, and bark, gypsum, ground or unground, hewn or wrought or unwrought burr or grindstones, dye-stuffs, flax, hemp, and tow unmanufactured, unmanufactured tobacco, rags.

These articles have passed free of duty since the commencement of 1855, and are to continue until one year after the notice now given expires, which, as we understand it, will be on the seventeenth of March of next year. It is not our intention to notice at present the enormous advantage which the United States have had in the Gulf and coast fisheries, amounting to annual millions, the whole of which has been lost to Canada. But this is precisely what always happens in these colonial arrangements when dealt with by an Imperial Commissioner, either utterly ignorant of the subject with which he is dealing or solely guided by Imperial interests irrespective of the dependency. The public men of the United States understand this, and they abet the present outcry about the disadvantages under which the treaty has placed the interests of their people in order to throw dust in the eyes of the colonial office. Let us look for a moment at this movement for abrogating the present treaty, and we shall see clearly enough that there is no real intention of breaking up this reciprocal trade—except, perhaps, by a few Buffalo and New York forwarders, whose interests would be served by a change. These persons have been enabled to get up lobbying influence, and, aided by the strong anti-British feeling prevailing, have induced Congress to adopt their views. The Senate gave a majority of twenty-three for abrogation, it is true, but every Board of Trade in the districts directly affected by the treaty have pronounced in favor of its continuance. Mr. Morrill, a high protectionist himself, desires his neighbors to open their markets free to him and his copatriots. This may be all right for him, and as far as raw material goes Canada offers no objection, but when he desires to send in manufactures free, also, we very naturally demur. A joint resolution was agreed to by the United States legislature founded upon the most erroneous basis. We find it thus referred to in one of the leading commercial journals of New York:

The original joint resolution in relation to the Reciprocity Treaty was reported by Representative Elijah Ward, of New York, from the Committee on Commerce, last April. The preamble only was at that time acted on; and this, among other things, declares that nearly all the articles which Canada has to sell are admitted into the United States free of duty; while heavy duties are now imposed upon many of those articles which the people of the United States have to sell, with the intention of excluding them from the Canadian markets; and further, that the President of the United States during the first session of the thirty-sixth Congress caused to be submitted to the House an official report setting forth the inequality and injustice existing in our present intercourse with Canada, subversive of the true intent of the treaty, owing to the subsequent legislation of Canada with the view of carrying on commercial intercourse reciprocally beneficial and satisfactory, to both parties. A resolution was appended authorising and requiring the President to give notice to the British Government that it is the wish and intention of the government of the United States to terminate the treaty, unless a new convention shall, before the end of ten years from the negotiation of this treaty be concluded between the two governments, by which the provisions shall be so modified as to be mutually satisfactory to both governments; also authorising the President to appoint three commissioners for the revision of the treaty, and to confer with other commissioners duly authorized therefor, whenever it shall appear to be the wish of the government of Great Britain to negotiate a new treaty.

The preamble, to which allusion is made, is wholly false in its insinuation of subversion of the spirit of the treaty. The Canadian tariff does not nor can it interfere with the imports under the treaty, inasmuch as the articles enumerated in the schedule are in nowise affected by the tariff, and are distinctly named whereby mistake or cavil at what was or was not intended to be free under the Canadian tariff was rendered impossible. The fisheries alone are worth to the Americans treble the advantage that Canadians reap from the whole trade; and they well understand this "down-east." But the manufacturers of the States are using the forwarders' grievance to assist their own scheme of gaining concessions for their productions. Now, it is well known that the custom house officers on the frontier have been scrupulously nice in the admission of goods into the States from Canada under the treaty. They have even been so punctilious as to exact duties upon the insignificant article of shingles, because the edges have been cut with a knife instead of being sawed; and many other instances could be adduced to show how far from liberal has been the working out the spirit of the treaty by the Americans. And yet, forsooth, they talk about the imposition of duties upon articles which they have to sell whilst as they too truly say nearly all that Canadians have to sell is admitted into the States free. But, why is this? Unfortunately, because we have no manufactures to sell. We have nothing but our raw produce named in the treaty, and to get a market for this we are and have, to the detriment of our own people, been giving away in our fisheries millions annually. The total imports from the United States in 1855, the year in which the treaty first came into operation was only five millions two hundred thousand, of which two millions three hundred thousand were free; but in 1862 the imports exceed twenty-five millions, of which sixteen millions and a half were free. It is worth observing also that there are two descriptions of free entry; certain goods having that privilege previous to the existence of the treaty. This class already amounted in 1855 to about one million five hundred thousand, and has remained thereabouts up to the present time, having undergone no increase. Wherefore it follows that this amount being deducted from the $16,514,000 of free goods, imported from the States in 1862, leaves an export trade, built up for the advantage of the American exporter to this Province, between the years 1855 and 1862, of fifteen millions, which did not and would not exist but for the treaty which Mr. Sumner called "unilateral," and which Mr. Morrill desires to abolish.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE ICE-BRIDGE.—Persons were still crossing the ice-bridge on foot yesterday.

THE WEATHER.—Saturday and yesterday were fine and clear, but much colder than the average temperature of the last week or ten days.

ECLIPSE, TO-NIGHT.—There will be a partial eclipse of the moon to-night, beginning at eleven o'clock, and ending at 46 minutes past midnight.

FIRE IN ST. LEWIS SUBURBS.—A stable situated in rear of St. Augustin street, St. Lewis Suburbs, was destroyed by fire on Friday night.

QUEBEC MILITARY SCHOOL.—Mr. Charles L. Thompson, of this city, has obtained a second-class certificate at the Military School of Instruction in this city.

FAREWELL CONCERT TO MR. PEARCE.—Attention is directed to the advertisement in other columns announcing the complimentary farewell concert to Mr. Pearce, to take place on Monday, 24th inst.

INDIAN WORK.—The Chief of the Lorette Indians is about to send a choice collection of specimens of Indian workmanship to the Dublin Exhibition.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN MONTCALM.—We regret to learn that the saw-mills in Montcalm belonging to Mr. Joseph Dufresne, M.P.P., have been destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $6,000. There was no insurance.

THE SPECIAL TAX.—The *Journal* of Saturday evening says it is the intention of a number of leading citizens to resist the payment of the special tax about to be levied, on grounds which will be made known before the proper tribunal.

ARRIVAL OF THE "NOVA SCOTIAN."—The Canadian mail steamship *Nova Scotian*, from Liverpool on the 23rd and Londonderry on the 24th ult., reached Portland on Saturday at 7.45 a. m. Her mails reached this city, and were distributed at the Post Office yesterday.

IS IT TRUE?—A paragraph is going the rounds of our Provincial contemporaries to the effect that one of the St. Albans' raiders, who escaped re-arrest after his discharge on Judge Coursol's decision, passed some time in Quebec disguised in female attire!

THE DEPUTY REGISTRARSHIP.—The *Canada Gazette* of Saturday contains the official announcement that His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to appoint George Henry Lane, Esq., to be Deputy Provincial Registrar of the Province of Canada.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE CONFEDERATION DEBATE.—The official report of the debate in both Houses of Parliament on Confederation has already reached five hundred and eighty-four pages! This only comes down to the close of the Hon. Mr. Cauchon's speech.

NEW MAGISTRATES.—The *Canada Gazette* of Saturday announces that His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to associate the following gentlemen in the Commission of the Peace in and for the District of Beauce: Jean Baptiste Fortier, Francois Chabot, Joseph Théodore Fortier, Louis Langlois, junr., all of Ste. Claire.

INSPECTION OF LEATHER.—In the Recorder's Court on Saturday morning, the Recorder, by his judgment in a case already referred to in our Recorder's Court report, decided that no person except the Leather Inspector has a right to stamp leather. The defendant in the case was therefore condemned to pay the fine and costs.

ANOTHER THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE.—"Her Majesty's Servants" of the 25th (K. O. B.) Regiment announce another select musical and dramatic performance, to take place at the Music Hall on the 20th. The programme comprises the musical burlesque of "Aladdin or the Wonderful Scamp," and the farce of "Little Toddlekins." We wish them success.

PERFORMANCE ON THE ORGAN.—Mr. Pearce's performance of selections on the organ at the English Cathedral, on Saturday afternoon, attracted a very large attendance, not only of the Cathedral congregations, but of the friends of Mr. Pearce and amateurs generally. Every seat in the sacred edifice was occupied. Connoisseurs speak highly of the merits of the performance.

PRIZE-CATTLE.—Among the magnificent cattle exhibited by Mr. Thomas Delaney, on the Champlain Market, on Saturday morning, were the following:—A pair of five-year old steers, weighing 6,600 lbs., fed by Mr. T. Delaney; a heifer, that took four first-prizes in Upper Canada, weighing 2,850 lbs.; and a two-year old heifer weighing 1400 lbs. These were the most notable of the lot, but all were extremely good and attracted hosts of spectators. The beef will be offered for sale on Easter Saturday at Mr. Delaney's stall, Champlain Market.

MILITARY.—The *London Gazette* announces the following appointments, promotions, &c., in regiments serving in Canada:—5th Foot—Evan John Christian, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Henry Kemble, transferred to the 30th Foot; March 21. 30th Foot—Capt. William John Brook to be Major, by purchase, vice Brevet Lieut. Col. Francis Topping Alcherlay, who retires; Lieut. William Glascott to be Captain, by purchase, vice Brook; Ensign Thomas Brown Stewart to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Glascott; Ensign Henry Kemble, from the 25th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Stewart; March 21.

DAMAGE BY THE ICE.—Considerable damage has been done at Varrennes, by the breaking up of the ice. A great portion of the parish is inundated. Communication had only been had in some places by means of canoes. Archambault's wharf was covered with ice carried up by the flood, at the latest accounts, and a barn also belonging to Mr. Archambault was partially demolished. Out-buildings belonging to Messrs. Joseph Lavigne, A. Bachamp and H. Maiepart were also damaged. The whole Island of St. Thérese is flooded, and fears are entertained for the safety of the houses upon it.

INTERESTING RIFLE-MATCH ON SATURDAY.

THE CIVIL SERVICE vs. THE WELLINGTONS.

An interesting rifle-match took place on the Beauport Flats on Saturday afternoon, between twenty members of the Civil Service Rifle corps and an equal number of the Wellington Rifles, and resulted in favor of the former, who won by 24 points. We subjoin the score:—

CIVIL SERVICE RIFLES.

Names.	200 *yds. Total.*	400 *yds. Total.*
Lieut. Anderson	3 4 3 3 2 15	2 2 0 4 0 8 23
Sergt. White.....	3 2 0 0 2 7	2 2 0 2 0 4 11
" Cambie..	0 0 3 0 0 3	3 2 2 0 3 10 13
Corp. Cary.....	2 4 3 2 4 15	2 2 3 4 3 14 29
Priv. Alexander	2 0 2 3 2 9	0 4 2 3 0 9 18
" Benjamin...	3 0 0 2 0 5	0 4 2 2 0 8 13
" Drinkwater	0 3 2 0 0 5	0 2 2 4 0 8 13
" Dufort.....	3 3 0 4 1 13	0 2 2 2 0 4 17
" Cotton, H..	3 3 4 3 4 17	3 0 0 3 2 8 25
" Cotton, F...	3 4 2 2 4 15	3 4 0 4 4 15 30
" Hay.....	3 3 4 2 2 14	4 3 0 3 3 13 27
" Hayden.....	0 3 3 0 0 6	3 0 0 0 0 3 9
" Mackelie...	3 4 2 3 4 17	2 2 2 3 0 9 26
" Russell.....	0 3 0 3 2 8	2 3 3 3 3 14 22
" Ryan.....	3 3 0 3 2 11	2 0 0 3 3 8 19
" Smith, H...	2 2 2 3 3 12	0 3 0 0 0 3 15
" Stewart.....	0 3 3 2 3 11	0 2 2 3 0 7 18
" Vansittart..	0 2 2 2 0 6	0 0 0 0 0 0 6
" Walsh.....	2 4 0 3 2 11	2 3 0 2 3 10 21
" Wright.....	2 4 4 3 2 15	2 3 3 4 1 15 30
Total,	216	168 384

WELLINGTON RIFLES.

Names.	200 *yds. Total.*	400 *yds. Total.*
Ens'g. Cochrane	2 3 3 0 2 10	2 4 2 0 2 9 19
S-Majr. O'Neill..	3 4 2 2 2 13	2 2 2 4 3 15 28
Corp. Delmage..	4 2 2 3 2 13	0 0 2 4 4 10 23
Private Bailey..	2 0 2 4 3 11	2 4 4 3 4 17 28
" Barber.....	3 0 2 2 4 11	0 0 0 0 0 0 11
" Baxter.....	3 0 0 2 3 8	0 2 3 4 4 13 21
" Bell	0 2 2 0 3 7	4 2 2 2 0 10 17
" Parnell.....	2 2 3 3 3 13	2 3 3 0 3 11 24
" Hawkins..	0 3 3 0 2 8	3 0 0 3 0 6 14
" Houghton	4 2 0 3 0 9	2 0 0 0 0 2 11
" Morgan...	2 3 2 0 2 9	3 0 0 3 3 9 18
" Morton....	3 2 2 0 2 9	3 0 0 2 2 7 16
" McDonald	2 0 2 3 3 10	0 0 0 0 3 0 13
" McNaugh	0 2 0 0 2 4	3 0 0 0 3 6 10
" Parnell....	2 2 4 3 4 15	3 3 3 4 0 13 28
" Raison....	2 3 0 3 3 11	2 2 0 2 0 6 17
" Samson	0 2 0 3 0 5	0 2 4 0 3 9 14
" Sears.....	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 3 0 2 0 5 5
" Webb.....	2 2 3 0 4 11	3 2 0 0 4 9 20
" Woodley..	0 2 3 2 3 10	2 3 2 2 2 9 19
Total,	187	173 360

Mr. Thomas Johnston, of Cayuga, fell into the Grand River on the evening of the 29th, and was drowned.

A young lad, the son of Jonathan Hodgson, Esq., of Mariposa, was lately kicked in the face by a colt, and so seriously injured that he died a few days afterwards.

A horrible murder is reported near Phillipsburg, Md. A farmer had received a thousand dollars, and in his absence three persons came to the house, murdered his wife and three daughters, and took his money. On his return, he met a peddler who had a pistol, and, discovering the murderers, shot two and killed the other with a spade.

The President's proclamation, granting full pardon to all deserters who shall report within 60 days from March 11th, to any provost marshal, is having an excellent effect. Men are returning from the Canadas, and coming in from their fastnesses and hiding places in the country and city, and giving themselves up. They are provided with clothing, rations and transportation, and are received back into the army on exactly the old footing, being required only to serve out their original time, and, in addition, a period equal to that lost by desertion.—*Buffalo Courier, 28th.*

By TELEGRAPH.

Latest War News!!

RUMORS OF AN AMNESTY TO ALL THE RANK AND FILE OF THE CONFEDERATE ARMY.

OVER A MILLION DOLLARS WORTH OF PROPERTY BURNED IN RICHMOND.

NEW YORK, April 8th.—The *Tribune's* special correspondent says the rumor that the President will offer a generous amnesty to the Confederate rank and file gains credence.

In influential quarters it is known that Secretary Seward was to meet the President at Richmond, on the day of his accident, by a summons from the latter.

Grant also telegraphed the Secretary of War requesting that no one be permitted to visit the city of Richmond for the present, while rumor asserts that commissioners, official or self constituted, from Alabama, Georgia and North Carolina are in that city, or in conference with the President.

The *Herald's* Natchez correspondent of the 31st March says, the *Mark P. Cheek*, with 180 bales of cotton, was burned at the mouth of the Buffalo Bayou, it is supposed by some of the Confederates.

Several expeditions have lately went out of Natchez, one of which, under Genl. Farrar, met with important success in the vicinity of Trinity, La., where a Confederate camp was surprised, 30 prisoners captured, and 40 horses taken in a camp.

The *Herald's* correspondent from the front of Mobile, March 24th, says that the whole of Gen. Granger's corps arrived at Danby's Mills on the 23rd. On the evening of the 24th the 16th corps received orders to march the next morning, which was received with cheers by the troops. The 13th corps, together with Gen. Canbey and staff, were to go with them. This correspondent relates an incident of military etiquette seldom occuring in this war at least. A regiment of cavalry were sent out on a reconnoissance, and soon met nearly 200 Confederate cavalry situated on a knoll a short distance in advance. The officer in command of our men gave orders not to fire if it could possibly be avoided, and they continued advancing toward the Confederates who probably had received the same order, when within 100 yards they stood looking at each other a few seconds, and then the commanding officer of the Confederates rode boldly forward and saluted our men; determined not to be outdone several of our officers rode forward and returned the salute; both commands then rode off.

Hy. S. Foote, late of the Confederate Congress, who arrived here the other day in an emigrant ship from Europe, has been ordered to be kept in confinement in this city; he has violated some agreement with the State Department.

The *Times'* Washington special gives an extract from a N. C. letter which says Col. Cal. Wooley, of the 26th Ohio, arrived in that city a few days ago with important despatches to the Government, supposed to look toward a peace movement on the part of that State.

The *Herald's* special says Hancock, with infantry, artillery and cavalry, moved to head off Lee, on the 4th. The troops were well equipped and supplied for a long march.

The *World's* Washington special says: A letter from Goldsborough, of the 4th, says that Sherman had not yet moved. The army had, however, been fully supplied with clothing and provisions, and ready for any emergency.

An interview with Wade Hampton, under a flag-of-truce, had taken place, but for what purpose was not known.

Johnston's main force was about 12 miles north-west of Goldsborough. There were no indications, however, that he intended to make a stand there.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: The Confederate Gen. Barrington arrived there, and, through a written order from President Lincoln, had an interview with the Secretary of War.

The *Times'* City Point special says: The Southside Railroad is being reconstructed at the rate of six or seven miles per day and is already used to carry supplies to our army in the field.

The *Times'* Richmond correspondent says that the destruction of property by the fire there will amount to a million of dollars. It is positively asserted that Breckenridge gave the order to start the fire.

Communication with City Point was to be established at once.

The city is perfectly quiet and the conduct of our troops admirable.

The *Tribune's* Richmond correspondent says: When Davis received Lee's despatch, in church, he rose much agitated and left the church, all eyes centred upon him.

When the services were concluded the Minister was handed a note, and he too hastened off as speedy as possible.

There were seven distinct lines of fortifications surrounding Richmond, protected by a new style of most formidable *chevaux de frize*. They consist of sharp-hewn stakes, projecting like spokes from a hub, so close that they cannot be crawled through.

Among the first to seek an interview with the President was Judge Campbell. He was with him half an hour, and again longer the next day, on the part of the citizens.

There is generally a disposition to acquiesce in a return to the Union.

WASHINGTON, April 9th.—The Richmond *Whig*, of Thursday evening, says: The transition from enormous prices and a depreciated currency to real money has come so suddenly upon the citizens that it will be some time before the people can realise the change. Butter that was scarce at $25 a pound is now plentiful at 50 and 60 cents a pound. Eggs that were bid away at $25 per dozen, come out readily at 30 cents. Other commodities were at an equal ratio.

On Monday morning, during the excitement and confusion growing out of the evacuation of the city by the Confederate Government, the 350 odd convicts confined in the State Penitentiary, managed to effect a grand jail delivery of themselves; but on Thursday morning over 100 of them were recaptured and returned to the prison.

Military Governor Shipley has authorized a detail of colored men to clear away the *debris* of the ruins of the great fire, so as to expose the broken gas pipes, with a view to their repair and speedy furnishing of that kind of light to the citizens.

Sutlers' stores are springing up like a pleasant oasis, all over the business part of the city left unscathed by the fire, and old times are being revived by a sight of the substantials and luxuries enjoyed before the war, which put them beyond the reach of the citizens of Richmond.

We understand from the proper milltary authority (Gen. Ripley) that no difficulty now exists in regard to mail communication by citizens with their friends in the Northern States, and all sections within Union lines, provided the letter be stamped with the legitimate postage.

A mail is made up daily at the capital, closing at five o'clock in the morning and going by steamer via City Point, Fortress Monroe and Annapolis. The northern return mail will arrive in the evening.

The functions of the Mayor and police have been suspended for the present, and military law governs the city in the present unsettled state of affairs. This is, perhaps, proper, and highly necessary.

In time we may look for the restoration of our municipal rule upon a Union foundation, and the resumption of the *Whig* gives additional particulars of the evacuation, which had been going on for a month, but the people were blinded, and refused to believe that removal meant evacuation, and all declared that the measures were only precautionary.

On Sunday morning, the gold and silver coin belonging to the Louisiana banks and recently appropriated by Congress, was run down to the Danville train with hot haste, as also was the specie of the Richmond banks. Then the programme for the departure of the officials was arranged.

IMPORTANT FROM HONDURAS.

ENGLISH TROOPS LANDED AT BELIZE TO OPPOSE MAXIMILIAN'S ANNEXATION DECREE.

(From the N. Y. Herald's Correspondent.)

BELIZE, Hond., March 24, 1865.

The English man-of-war steamer *Cordelia*, from Jamaica, arrived on the 20th inst., with troops for the garrison here, and it is reported that the whole force at Jamaica is ordered to be in readiness for immediate embarkation. This is doubtless in anticipation of an attempt on the part of Maximilian to enforce his decree absorbing this colony into his empire.

Whether the column of four thousand Belgian and Mexican troops lately arrived at Merida, for the avowed purpose of capturing Bacalar and that portion of Yucatan held by the Mageual Indians, is really intended for that purpose, or for the ulterior one of enforcing Maximilian's decrees in relation to this colony, and driving out the few mahogany cutters mentioned in his proclamation, remains to be seen. This government are evidently in anticipation of some movement to this end, and are prepared for it. They will not surrender the colony without a fight; and in such an event Maximilian's chances are slim.

New complications have also grown out of the efforts of the colonial government to extend the northern boundaries some one hundred and twenty miles further into Yucatan. This is done by changing the original course of the Rio Hondo river to one of its branches. All the old charts—both government and private—make the left hand branch (ascending) the Rio Hondo, and the boundary line, on Faden's chart (geographer to the King), published in London in 1787, the right hand is called the upper branch, and located in Yucatan. The boundary line claimed by the English government, and acceded to by Guatemala in the treaty of 1860, is from a point on the Siboon river, latitude about 16 05, longitude 89 12, running a little east of north to Garbutt Falls, on the Belize, or old river, latitude about 17 04, longitude 89 07, thence running due north to the Rio Hondo.

It is not generally known that in the recent attempt to run this line by the English commissioners it was found that a large number of mahogany works, belonging to a wealthy English company, were outside the limits of the colony, and in Guatemala, and that at the solicitations of this company the survey was abandoned on the plea of obstructions, to save their property; and now the attempt is made to extend the northern boundary some one hundred and twenty miles into Yucatan to accommodate this and another company who have occupied works between the main river and Blue creek, or the upper branch, and which there cannot be one shadow of doubt belongs to Yucatan.

The Mageual Indians have notified the cutters that they cannot be longer occupied without consent, and a commissioner has been sent to treat with them in relation to it. Without the slightest regard to territorial boundaries or justice England gradually encroaches on her weaker neighbours, and piece by piece absorbs their territories. Truly it may be said of her policy "might makes right."

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

THURSDAY, March 23rd.

THE FORTIFICATIONS OF QUEBEC.

The House went into Committee of Supply. The Marquis of Hartington, in proposing a vote of £811,424 for works and buildings, including £30 000 for the defences of Quebec, part of a sum of £200,000 for the defences of Canada, observed that these works were rendered necessary in consequence of the United States having, within the last four years, become a great military power. There was not the slightest expection entertained by Her Majesty's Government that the United States were contemplating an immediate attack; but in the changed circumstances of the two countries, there was every reason why we should do what all continental nations had done, and put our frontier in a position of security. (Hear, hear.) He explained that the number of men required to garrison Quebec and Montreal was 12,000; but that in case of attack it would be desirable to have at least 35,000, and a further moveable force of 25,000 to act upon the enemy. (Hear, hear.) Thus the total force for Montreal and Quebec would amount to 60,000 men; in addition to which the colony had 20,000 enrolled volunteers. Of course, he did not deem it possible to defend the whole frontier, but only the more vital points. (Hear hear.)

The Hon. Mr. Bentinck objected to the proposed vote so far as the defences of Quebec were concerned. Admitting that it was the duty of the Imperial Government to defend Canada against invasion, he thought that in the event of war with the United States this was not the right mode of protecting the frontier; that Canada could only be defended by sea; and that any attempt to defend her by land was nothing more than a wasteful expenditure. (Hear, hear.) Moreover, he regarded the construction of fortifications as more likely to create irritation and precipitate rather than prevent hostilities. Iron-clad gunboats were, no doubt, an essential part of the scheme of defence, and he called upon the Government to give an assurance that these were in preparation, so that when the fortifications were completed we should have at least a sufficient force on the lakes to play their part in the defence of the colony. The hon. member concluded by moving the ommission of the item of £50,000 for commencing the works at Quebec. (Hear, hear.)

General Peel was utterly opposed to the policy, advocated by some persons, of abandoning the Canadians to their fate, and seeking some other battle-field on which to avenge their cause. So long as the colonists continued faithful subjects of the Queen, and were prepared to defend themselves against aggression, we were bound by every consideration that could actuate a great nation to assist them—(hear, hear.) The value he attached to the vote was that it was a declaration on the part of the House of Commons, and therefore of the country, that if Canada were attacked she would not be left to bear the brunt of the conflict alone—(hear, hear.)

Mr. B. Johnstone said that if there were to be a war with America, we ought to be prepared to attack her on the Pacific coast, where she was most vulnerable, and to adopt effective measures for the protection of all our colonies.

Major Anson was of opinion that, for the purpose of keeping open communications between the several forts, instead of a force of 60,000 men, we must have 100,000 between Quebec and Montreal, and another 100,000 for the Upper Canadian line of frontier—(hear, hear.) As to the ability of this country to protect Canada, the United States would have hundreds of thousands of veteran troops ready to pour over the frontier at any moment, and a force of artillery that we could never think of competing with. If the Canadians wanted a standing army, let them provide it for themselves, and be content with the Militime and other aid with which we could furnish them; but we were not called upon by our honour or any other considerations to fight with our soldiers in Canada. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Adderley cordially assented to the vote, and discussing the probability of a war with the United States argued that, if any lesson were to be drawn from the undoubted sagacity of the Americans themselves in fortifying their seaboard and frontier, it was to take similar steps in contemplation of the possibility of a rupture. His only regret was that the vote was not proposed a year ago, but, in saying this, he attributed no blame to the Secretary for the Colonies. It was rather the result of the indifference or apathy of the Canadians themselves. (Hear, hear.) With regard to gunboats on the Lakes, it was for the Canadians to construct dock-yards, and with such assistance as we could furnish them, in the shape of artificers and other means, to make the gunboats that were required. (Hear, hear.)

Lord Bury supported the vote.

Mr. Watkin did not agree with the policy of the vote or the vote itself; for it went too far, and yet did not go far enough. It did not go sufficiently far to inspire confidence in the strength of the British Empire, but it went far enough to excite a feeling of irritation against us. (Hear, hear.) Referring to the Reciprocity Treaty and the convention limiting the force on the Lakes, he suggested that before asking for a vote of public money the government ought to have entered upon negotiations with the authorities at Washington for the purpose of effecting a renewal of these arrangements in a modified form. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Haliburton, having lived 60 years in Canada, wished to disabuse the minds of hon. gentlemen with regard to the probability of an American war. For his part he had not the least idea that the Americans either desired or intended a war with England. They were too sagacious a people for that. They knew their own interest too well, and their utter inability to achieve the annexation of the British Provinces. (Cheers.)

Mr. Lefevre, regarding the question as purely Canadian, had determined to support the amendment.

After some remarks from Lord R. Montague, Mr. C. Fortescue, and Sir F. Smith.

Mr. Lowe once more called attention to the possibility of our defending Canada, and contended that, as the Americans had the power by several lines of railway to fling any number of men they pleased upon the southern bank of the St. Lawrence, and thus to carry on a winter campaign, our troops would have no chance of long holding out in those fortifications against such means of aggresion as the Americans possessed. (Hear, hear.) He considered, then, that it was not the duty of this country to expose its soldiers to certain destruction. We ought to tell Canada that we saw no chance of efficiently defending her on her own ground, and that if she chose to maintain British connection it would be at the risk of having to protect herself against American invasion, but if success crowned our arms she should be our first object in making a treaty of peace. (Hear, hear); that it was open to her, if she pleased, to establish her

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In re THOMAS TAYLOR, of the city of Quebec, merchant, an Insolvent.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned assignee of the estate and effects of the insolvent will cause to be put up for sale by Public Auction, by Samuel J. Glackmeyer, Notary, at his Office, in the Lower Town of Quebec, St. Peter street, No. 23, on MONDAY, the FOURTEENTH day of AUGUST next, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon, the following property made over by the insolvent to the said assignee according to law, that is to say:

1. A certain piece of land situated in the parish of Sainte Claire, in the district of Quebec, forming about one arpent in superficies, bounded to the southwest, south, and northeast by Robert Buchanan or his representatives, and on the north by the River *des Abenaquis*—together with the saw-mill constructed on the south side of the said River *des Abenaquis*, with all and every the fixtures and machinery thereof.

2. An emplacement situate in the said parish of Sainte Claire, on the north side of the River *des Abenaquis*, containing nine perches of front by six perches and a half in depth; bounded to the north by the said Robert Buchanan or his representatives, and to the south to Michel Blais, representing Marguerite Savache dit Rouleau—together with the saw-mill thereon erected and built, and all and every the fixtures, machinery and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

3. A lot of land situated, lying and being in the seigniory of Joliet, in the said parish of Sainte Claire, in the first range, on the northeast side of the River Etchemin, of one arpent and a half in front or thereabouts by thirty arpents in depth; bounded in front, on the south-west by the said River Etchemin, in depth on the north-east by the end of the said thirty arpents, joining on one side to the northwest, to Julien Savache, and at the other side to the south east to Joseph Fournier.

4. A lot of land two arpents and a fourth in front by twenty-five arpents more or less in depth, situate and being in the aforesaid parish of Ste. Claire, River *des Abenaquis*, bounded in front by the Queen's highway, in rear by the said depth, on one side, to the north, by Augustus Rousseau, and on the south by Michel Blais, with all and every the buildings thereon erected and being.

5. A lot of ground containing one arpent in superficies situated in the said parish of Ste. Claire, in that part of the seigniory of Joliet, belonging to the Honorable Jean Thomas Taschereau, representing the late James Gibb, Esquire, in the concession on the north-east of the River Etchemin, near the River *des Abenaquis*, near a small island in the said River *des Abenaquis*, between the two points; bounded on the north by the land of Antoine Goay, on the south by the River *des Abenaquis*, in the south-west by the fall and the ground of the seignior, on the north by the emplacement of Baptiste Bedard or representatives—with a saw-mill thereon erected, with all its machinery, *tournants et travaillants*.

And lastly a lot of land situated in the parish and seigniory of St. Claire and Joliet, on the south side of the River *des Abenaquis* containing half an arpent in superficies, bounded in front on the north by the said river *des Abenaquis* in depth, on the south by one Julien Savache dit Rouleau, on one side to the south-east by the Queen's highway, and on the other side to the south-west by the said Savache dit Rouleau—together with a saw mill thereon erected, and all its machinery fixtures, *tournants et travaillants*.

All persons having claims on the said property which the Registrar is not bound to include in his certificate under chapter thirty-six of the Consolidated Statutes for Lower Canada, are hereby required to make them known according to law to the undersigned; all oppositions *afin d'annuler, afin de distraire* or *afin de charge* are required to be filed with the undersigned at his office, previous to fifteen days next preceding the day of sale; oppositions *afin de conserver* may be filed at any time within six day next after the day of sale.

HENRY GLASS,
Assignee.

Quebec, April 10, 1865.

NEW SPRING
DRY GOODS,
AT
T. LAIDLAW & Co.'s,
23 *ST. JOHN STREET.*

NEWEST STYLES IN FANCY DRESS GOODS.
New Lace and Tissue Shawls,
Parasols and Sun Shades,
Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Flowers and Ribbons,
Silk, Merino and Cotton Hosiery,
Gauntlet and Plain Taffatta, Silk and Lesh Gloves,
New Prints and Shirting Cottons,
Much lower than last Season.

A lot of remnants in Dress Materials, suitable lengths for children's dresses, was sold from 3s per yard and under, to be sold at 1s per yard,
GREAT BARGAINS.
NEW CLOTHS, TWEEDS and DOESKINS.
Alexander Kid GLOVES.

Quebec, April 8, 1865. 12n

NEW
Dry Goods!
SPRING 1865.
Just Opened:
NEW
Straw Bonnets.
NEW
STRAW AND FELT HATS.
NEW
Bonnet Ribbons.
NEW
Spring Dress Goods!!
NEW
DRESS TRIMMINGS.
&c., &c., &c.
LAIRD & TELFER.

Quebec, April 8, 1865.

WANTED,

A SMART BOY. Apply at "MERCANTILE RESTAURANT," Sault-au-Matelot Street.

Quebec, April 8, 1865. 3p

Young Man Wanted.

WANTED, a JUNIOR ASSISTANT for the Dry Goods business. One who can speak both languages and come well recommended. Address Box 321, Post Office.

Quebec, April 8, 1865. 2p

ESTATE OF THE LATE
C. P. PELLETIER.

THE undersigned has been duly appointed Curator to the vacant Estate of the late C. P. Pelletier. All persons having claims against said Estate are requested to file the same at once, and those owing said Estate are respectfully requested to pay the amounts due by them to the undersigned, at his Office, St. Peter street, without further delay, to facilitate the winding up of the Estate.

M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, April 8, 1865.

ESTATE OF THE LATE
C. P. PELLETIER.

COMMENCING on MONDAY next, the 10th instant, to be continued for ONE WEEK only, will be sold by private sale, in lots to suit, the entire Stock in Trade of the above Estate, consisting of Choice Wines, Brandies, Cordials, &c., &c., together with a very choice lot of "Real Havanna Cigars," direct importation.

M. G. MOUNTAIN,
Curator.

Quebec, April 8, 1865.

WM. WRIGHT,

MOUNTAIN HILL Tailoring ESTABLISHMENT, 2 Mountain Hill, LOWER TOWN.

MOUNTAIN HILL Tailoring ESTABLISHMENT, 2 Mountain Hill, LOWER TOWN.

Merchant Tailor,
QUEBEC.
NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.
A CALL RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

Quebec, April 5, 1865.

New Goods
PER S.S. "BELGIAN,"
VIA PORTLAND.
JUST MARKED OFF:
New Fancy Dress Goods,
In a variety of Patterns, from 11d. per yard up.
New Rich Black Glacé and Corded Silks, Cheap.
New Fancy and Scarlet
FLANNELS!
New Welsh and Saxony Flannels!
New Cotton & Linen Goods!
Considerably under last season's prices.
And expected to arrive this week:
STRAW
HATS AND BONNETS!
And a variety of other Goods.
O'DOHERTY & CO.,
16, Fabrique Street.

Quebec, March 22, 1865.

Hoop Skirts.

BRADLEY'S BEST HOOP SKIRTS, at
O'DOHERTY & CO.'S,
Fabrique Street.

Quebec, March 22, 1865.

Fresh Seeds!
GROWTH 1864.

THE Subscribers have received from the best Seedsmen in England, a large assortment of Fresh SEEDS, which they can recommend as being true to name, and of superior quality, and comprising:—

PEAS,
BEANS,
CABBAGE,
CARROTS,
ONIONS,
RADISHES,
TURNIPS, all in many varieties.
CUCUMBERS,
CAULIFLOWER,
MELONS,
BEETS,
TOMATO,
And others too numerous to mention.

A choice collection of Flower Seeds, comprising: Everlastings and Ornamental Grasses, now so popular for winter Bouquets, and 12 papers of which will be sent to any part of the Province, post free, for 50 cents, or 25 papers for $1.

BOWLES & McLEOD,
Medical Hall,
Upper Town Market Place.

Quebec, April 8, 1865.

Church of England Young Men's Mutual Improvement Association.

A STATED MEETING of the Association will be held on TUESDAY evening next, 11th inst., in the NATIONAL SCHOOL.

SUBJECT FOR DISCUSSION:
Is the Pulpit or the Press more potent in the present day?

The Chair will be taken at EIGHT o'clock.

R. H. BROWNE,
Secretary.

Quebec, April 8, 1865.

Strayed,

FROM the premises of Mr. W. H. TILSTONE, St. Foy Road, on Thursday morning, a large Black Newfoundland Dog. Had on a brown leather Collar—answers to the name of "Captain." Whoever brings him back will be rewarded.

Quebec, April 8, 1865. 2

FOR SALE.

A VERY GOOD HORSE, a Waggon built by GUNDAS, and a Single Harness—the two latter new last Summer.

J. S. NOAD,
5 Haldimand street, Cape.

Quebec, April 8, 1865. 4

CARREL & JOHNSTON,
Near the Quebec Bank,
2 JAMES STREET,

HAVE just received from the West, a choice lot of EASTER BUTTER, in Tinnets and Kegs, varying in weight from 78 lbs upwards.

Daily Expected:
A consignment of WHITE BEANS, which will be offered to the trade at a reasonable rate.

CARREL & JOHNSTON.

Quebec, April 8, 1865. 3

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of
DAMASE GUIMONT,
of Cap St. Ignace,
An Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent are notified that he has made an assignment of his estate and effects, under the above Act, to me, the undersigned Assignee, and they are required to furnish me, within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it; and if none, stating the fact; the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers in support of such claims.

PEMBERTON PATERSON,
Official Assignee.

Quebec, April 8, 1865. 2w

Caps, Caps.

BOYS', Youths' and Gentlemen's Spring and Summer Caps, from 1s 3d upwards. The cheapest goods in Canada, to be purchased at St. John Street Auction Store.

CASEY & CO.

Quebec, April 8, 1865 5

Butter.

30 TINNETS and 10 KEGS } DAIRY BUTTER.

Just received and for sale by
HUNT, BROCK & CO.,
Hunt's Wharf.

Quebec, April 8, 1865. 5

LONDON HOUSE,
NEXT TO
ROSS'S BUILDING,
JOHN STREET, (WITHIN.)

The undersigned begs to inform the Ladies of Quebec and its vicinity that he will

OPEN
AS A DRY GOODS STORE,
The above establishment, in JOHN STREET, on or about
The 10th of APRIL,
WITH AN
Entire New Stock,
Imported expressly for him from the European Markets, comprising
Every Variety of Materials
—FOR—
LADIES' USE

Having been for a number of years associated with the extensive establishments of the Messrs. Benjamins, of this City and Montreal, has had every experience in this particular branch of trade.

W. B. JONES.

Quebec, April 6, 1865. 10

Gardener Wanted,

Apply at No. 19, Esplanade.

Quebec, April 7, 1865.

Furnished House
TO BE LET,
ON THE ESPLANADE.

Apply at the Registry Office, Court House.

Quebec, April 7, 1865.

Wanted,

TWO, three or four comfortable UNFURNISHED ROOMS, in the Upper Town.

Address "B. B." Post Office.

Quebec, April 7, 1865. 3p

FARM
For Sale or to be Let.

MARL HILL FARM, formerly in the occupation of R. Freeman, Esq., at Lorette, about six miles from Quebec, on the Ormiere (Macadamized) Road. It contains about 100 acres thoroughly underdrained, and in a high state of cultivation; with a stone dwelling house, farm houses, barn 185 feet in length, and other buildings thereon. The farm fronts on the River St. Charles, with valuable water privilege, having twenty-three feet fall of water.

Apply to Messrs. ANDERSON and PARKIN, Advocates, or to

W. HOSSACK,
5, Hamel Street.

Quebec, April 5, 1865.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
Spencer Cottage,
ST. LEWIS ROAD,
Principal—The Rev. W. S. Vial.

A First Class English Commercial and Classical education is given in the above School.

French by a Parisian gentleman.
Vocal Music is part of the course.
The school will be re-organised and fresh classes formed after Easter. On the 1st of May there will be accommodation for three more boarders.
Reference kindly permitted to Col. Rhodes and other gentlemen whose sons are in the school.
There is a large play ground.

Quebec, April 7, 1865. 4p

SHEFFIELD HOUSE.

NEW JET JEWELLERY,
BROOCHES, EAR-RINGS,
BRACELETS, CHAINS,
Necklets, Crosses and Ornaments.
Fine Gold Jewellery,
ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,
Cruets, Salvers, Fruit Stands, Flower Stands
Cake and Card Baskets, Table Cuttlery, &c.
HENRY SMEATON & CO.,
3, Fabrique Street.

Quebec, April 7, 1865.

JOSEPH R. RACEY,
ADVOCATE,
OFFICE: QUEBEC CHAMBERS,
10, *St. Peter Street, L. T.*

Quebec, April 7, 1865. 2m

PAINTS.

WHITE LEAD,
ZINC,
BLACK,
COLORS,
All in tins of 28 lbs.
For sale by
LEMESURIER & CHAMPION.

Quebec, April 7, 1865. 3

Best Wire Rope,
HUTCHINS' LONDON,
Sole Makers to the Admiralty,
In coils, 4½ inches down.
For sale by
LEMESURIER & CHAMPION.

Quebec, April 7, 1865. 3

CORDAGE.

MANILLA—imported and Canadian.
Tarred Cordage, do do.
Boltrope, do do.
For Sale by
LEMESURIER & CHAMPION.

Quebec, April 7, 1865. 3

CANVASS.

FULL supply of various qualities.
For Sale by
LEMESURIER & CHAMPION.

Quebec, April 7, 1865. 3

AUCTION SALES
BY CASEY & CO.
EXTENSIVE SALE OF
Hotel Furniture and Effects,
—ON—
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,
—AT THE—
LONDON COFFEE HOUSE,
Cul-de-Sac Street, Lower Town, Quebec.

WE have instructions from Madame CHARTRAIN to dispose of the whole of the Furniture and Effects of the above Establishment, comprising the contents of 30 bed-rooms, drawing and dining rooms, parlours, office, bar rooms and kitchen furniture—superior feather beds, curled hair mattrasses, spring mattrasses, single and double bedsteads, linen and cotton sheets, blankets, counterpanes, pillows and bolsters, toilet stands, wash-stands imperial and other carpets, superior floor oil cloth, fancy stoves, damask window curtains, table cloths, towels, cut glassware electro-plated ware, earthen and China ware, table cutlery, centre and card tables, large mirrors, fine steel engravings, inlaid ivory chess table and men, vases of wax, fruit, flowers, &c., sofas, lounges, chairs, gas chandeliers, beer pumps, iron safe, bar glassware, cut decanters and mirrors, bar fixtures, a lot of old wines, liquors, segars, preserves, kitchen range, coppers, cooking utensils, &c., &c.

☞ Goods on view on Friday and Saturday next.

Sale to commence each day at 1 o'clock.

CASEY & CO.,
A. & B.

Quebec, April 10, 1865.

AUCTION SALE OF
Household Furniture,
&c., &c., &c.

On WEDNESDAY, 12th instant, at Mr. TURCOT'S HOTEL, facing the Champlain Market, who is giving up Hotel keeping—

THE whole of his Furniture, including Bedding and Spring Mattrasses, Dining-room and Bar furniture, Chairs, Tables, Oil Cloth, Cooking and Box Stoves, Glass and Earthenware, &c., &c.

Sale at ONE o'clock.

CASEY & CO.,
A. & B.

Quebec, April 10, 1865.

G. & H. GIBSONE.
Hats! Hats! Hats!

BY Auction will shortly be offered, at the Subscribers' Stores, a large and choice assortment of HATS,

—COMPRISING:—
SILK and SATIN HATS of the Latest Styles, and manufactured with the greatest care for this market.
FELT HATS in all the different Styles worn.
PARAMATTA HATS, &c., &c.

☞ Due notice will be given by circulars of the day of Sale, &c.

G. & H. GIBSONE.

Quebec, March 30, 1865.

HAMS.

300 FINEST St. Louis and Cincinnati Canvassed Sugar Cured HAMS.

For sale by
GIBB, LAIRD & ROSS.

Quebec, April 8, 1865. 5

For Sale,

500 HALF-BOXES Window Glass, assorted sizes, from 6½ x 7½ to 18 x 36.
10 Hhds. Blundel's Double Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil,
15 Barrels do do do do
200 Kegs Blundel's No. 1 & X White Lead
100 Tins do Zinc Paint,
10 Barrels Putty,
7 do Lard Oil.

By GIBB, LAIRD & ROSS.

Quebec, April 8, 1865.

Paper.

500 REAMS Grey Wrapping, assorted sizes,
300 Reams Drab Wrapping, assorted sizes,
50 do White Tea, do

For sale by
GIBB, LAIRD & ROSS.

Quebec, April 8, 1865. 5

Public Notice

IS hereby given that the STALLS of the MARKET HALL, at Levis, will be publicly rented, by auction, on the premises, MONDAY, the SEVENTEENTH day of APRIL instant, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon, for one year, to date from the 1st May.

By order,
LEON ROY,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Levis, April 8, 1865. 3

Scotch Ling.

A Choice lot of the finest quality, imported direct, and
For sale by
ADAM WATTERS,
11 & 13 John Street.

Quebec, April 8, 1865.

Haddies! Haddies!!
McEwan's Curing.

A Fresh Supply, just received, and
For sale by
ADAM WATTERS,
11 & 13 John Street.

Quebec, April 8, 1865.

Oysters!! Oysters!!

DAILY Supplies now being received, and
For Sale by
ADAM WATTERS,
11 & 13 John Street.

Quebec, April 8, 1865.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of LEMESURIER, GRANT & CO., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All persons indebted to the said firm are requested to pay the amounts due by them unto JOHN LEMESURIER, by whom the affairs of the late firm will be liquidated.

JOHN LEMESURIER,
THOS. H. GRANT.

Quebec, April 1, 1865.

THE undersigned begs to inform his friends and the public that he will carry on the business of the late firm of LEMESURIER, GRANT & CO., upon the same premises, in his own name, and for his own account, and he solicits from them a continuance of their liberal support, and at the same time tendering his most sincere thanks for past favors.

JOHN LEMESURIER.

Quebec, April 4, 1865.

April 5, 1865. 1y-3-od&w-jn17

AUCTION SALE.
BY A. J. MAXHAM & CO.
AUCTION SALE.
—OF—
Valuable Property.

The undersigned have been instructed to sell at
AUCTION,
ON
TUESDAY,
The 25th instant,
AT THEIR OFFICE
ST. PETER STREET.

THAT most delightfully situated Villa residence, known as ASYLE CHAMPETRE, on St. Louis Road, containing a spacious dwelling House, in first rate order, about two arpents of land, in a high state of cultivation, beautifully laid out in Flower and Kitchen Gardens, fine Fruit Trees, and forming altogether, one of the most desirable residences in the neighborhood of the city.

Plans and Specifications of the property may be seen at the office of the subscribers.

A complete title will be given, and half the purchase money will be allowed to remain on the property at 6 per cent.

Sale at TWO, P.M.

A. J. MAXHAM & CO.,
A. & B.

Quebec, April 8, 1865.

AUCTION SALE
OF
NEW
Household Furniture
Brussels Carpets, New Piano,
Desert and Tea Setts, Setts Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Cariole Robes, Carriage, &c.

BY AUCTION, WILL BE SOLD,
ON
TUESDAY,
Next the ELEVENTH instant,
At the residence of
Robert Richardson, Esq.,
No. 8, D'Auteuil Street, Esplanade.

THE whole of the Household Furniture, viz:—
DRAWING ROOM—Rosewood Sofas, Chairs covered with figured Damask, Centre and Card Tables, to match.
NEW PIANO FORTE.
DINING ROOM—Handsome Dining Table, with leaves, Chairs, hair seated, Brussels Carpet, Engravings.
Bed Room and Kitchen Furniture, China and Glassware, Sleigh and Robes, Carriages, &c.

☞ Catalogues will be prepared, and the above will be on view on Saturday and Monday, previous to the sale.

Sale at ONE o'clock, precisely.

A. J. MAXHAM & CO.,
A. & B.

Quebec, April 7, 1865.

Leather.

250 SIDES No. 1 Inspected Spanish Sole,
250 do do do Slaughter.

LANGLOIS & GLASS,
16, Peter Street.

Quebec, April 5, 1865. 6

Sails.

TWO NEW SAILS—Mizen Top Sail and Royal—for a vessel of 1000 tons.

For sale by
HUNT, BROCK & CO.,
Hunt's Wharf.

Quebec, April 5, 1865. 6

Navy Canvass.

NOS. 1 to 5 BEST NAVY CANVASS.

For sale by
D. D. YOUNG & CO.

Quebec, April 4, 1865. 6

Books.

THE subscriber begs to inform the public that, business calling him away from Quebec, he has left instructions with Mr. HALL, Auctioneer, to dispose of the balance of his STOCK of BOOKS, which will be sold at very low figures, between this and the first of May.

R. WORTHINGTON.

Quebec, April 4, 1865. 6

Tea! Tea!

For Sale, to close an amount, about
100,000 lbs. Green Teas
10,000 " Black "

THESE TEAS having been wet with sea water, have been carefully dried, and put up carefully in packages, being part of the Cargo of the Ship "Bettern," wrecked at Cape Breton. Parties wishing to purchase at private contract will apply to the Subscribers. If not disposed of before 20TH APRIL, the Tea will be sold on that day at Public Auction, at the office of

B. WIER & CO.

Halifax, N.S., March 21, 1865. 1m

Dairy Butter.

50 TINNETS CHOICE DAIRY BUTTER,
25 KEGS do do do.

For sale by
LANE, GIBB & CO.

Quebec, March 9, 1865. 2w

NOTICE.
Quebec Bank.

A DEPARTMENT has been established in the QUEBEC BANK, where parties can make DEPOSITS IN SILVER, and draw out the same as required by checks, payable in silver only.

Check-Books will be supplied to depositors.

J. STEVENSON,
Cashier.

Quebec, March 1, 1865.

Old Feathers
MADE NEW.
White Feathers dyed any Colour asked for.
White Feathers Cleaned and Curled to perfection.
Black and Coloured Feathers redyed and Curled.
J. B. PELLETIER
Informs his friends and numerous customers that he is daily receiving, and will continue to receive, FEATHERS of all kinds, to be repaired according to instructions.

J. B. PELLETIER,
No. 51, St. John Street.

Quebec, March 28, 1865. 1m

AUCTION SALE.
BY A. J. MAXHAM & CO.
IMPORTANT SALE
—OF—
New Household Furniture,
Piano, China, Glassware, Iron Bedsteds, Paintings, Engravings, Brussels Carpets, &c., &c.

BY AUCTION WILL BE SOLD,
—ON—
TUESDAY,
The 18th instant,
AT THE RESIDENCE OF
J. S. NOAD, Esquire,
No. 5, Haldimand Street, Cape,

THE whole of his Household Furniture and effects, consisting of:—
DRAWING ROOM—Handsome Black-walnut (complete sett) covered with Crimson damask to match, Curtains, handsome mantle Ornaments, Paintings, Engravings and Chromolithographs.
DINING ROOM—Mahogany Chairs, covered with Morocco, Black-walnut Bookcase, Escritoire, complete, Sofa and Arm Chair, covered with green Repp.
Bed Rooms and Kitchen Furniture:
Brussels and Tapestry Carpets,
China and Glassware, Silver,
Table Ornaments, Iron Bedsteads,
Paintings, Engravings and Chromolithographs.
Stoves, English Oil Cloth.
Superior Rosewood Piano, (Stoddart's.)

The above will be on view on Monday from 12 to 4 o'clock, and on Tuesday to the hour of Sale.

Catalogues may be had at the office of the undersigned, St. Peter Street.

Sale at ONE o'clock, P.M.

A J MAXHAM & CO.,
A & B

Quebec, April 10, 1865.

Cape Cod.

JUST RECEIVED,
Cape Cod, by Henry D. Thoreau.
Too Strange not to be True—A Tale, by Lady Georgiana Fullerton.
Christian's Mistake, by the author of "John Halifax, gentleman," &c.
The Hand Book of Dining, or Corpulency and Leanness scientifically considered. By Brillat Sevarin.
Uncle Silas, by J. S. LeFanu.
House and Home, by Harriet Beecher Stowe.
Poems, by R. W. Emerson.
Canada and its defences, &c., by W. H. Russell.
Exiles in Babylon, or Children of Light, by A. L. O. E.
The two Vocations, by the author of the "Cotta Family."
Freaks on the Fells, by R. M. Ballantyne.
Fort Lafayette Life—1863-4.

For sale by
MIDDLETON & DAWSON,
Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, April 7, 1865.

Board and Lodging.

WANTED, for 1st May next, by a gentleman and his wife, furnished Bed-Room and Dressing-Room, with Board. The Upper Town (within Walls) preferred.

Address (post-paid), stating terms, to Box 13, Post Office.

Quebec, April 6, 1865. tf

Seasoned Lumber
FOR SALE.

A WELL assorted stock of Pine and Spruce Sawed Lumber on Clint's Wharf, St. Paul Street—to be sold on reasonable terms.

Apply on the premises,
or to W. WALKER,
Official Assignee to the Estate,
Victoria Chambers,
St. Peter Street.

Quebec, April 6, 1865. 6

WANTED.

AN intelligent and well educated YOUTH to act as Junior Clerk in a Merchant's office.

Address in handwriting of applicant, X. Y. Z., Post Office.

Quebec, April 7, 1865.

Sealed Tenders,

ADDRESSED to the undersigned, will be received at this office until THURSDAY, the TWENTY-SEVENTH instant, at NOON, for the ERECTION of

A JAIL
—AT THE—
TOWN OF SHERBROOKE.

Plans and specifications of the proposed building can be seen at this office on and after SATURDAY, the FIFTEENTH instant.

Tenders must be endorsed "Tender for a Jail at Sherbrooke."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, and also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due performance of the contract.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any of the Tenders.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Quebec, April 3, 1865. td

Ship-Yard to Let.

THE SHIP-YARD formerly belonging to the late John Munn, Esq.

Apply to
S. I GLACKEMEYER,
Notary.

Quebec, Febv. 23, 1865. tf

English Cheese.

CHEDDAR, Double Berkely and Gloster Cheese, for sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, March 21, 1865.

To Proprietors.

WANTED—A HOUSE OR A VACANT LOT, situated on the Cape or Batteries, which will command full view of the Port.

Apply Cash at this office.

Quebec, Febv. 25, 1865. 3m

New Crop Sugars
Ex "Luther," via Portland.

100 HOGSHEADS Extra Choice Bright Sugar,
100 Cases do do do
50 Puncheons Muscovado Syrup,
20 Puncheons Jamaica Rum,
10 Tierces Honey,
10 Cases Havana Sweetmeats,
25,000 Choice Havana Segars, very superior assorted brands.

For Sale by
LANE, GIBB & CO.

Quebec, March 20, 1865. 1m

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of
JOHN HENRY CLINT,
An Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the said Insolvent are hereby required to meet at the office of the undersigned, at the corner of St. Paul and St. Peter Streets, Lower Town of Quebec, on MONDAY, the 17th of APRIL, at TWO o'clock, P.M., for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of cancelling a certain deed of sale, made by J. J. Lowndes and Hy. Lowndes, Esquires, to the Insolvent, of a certain property in the Lower Town of Quebec, between St. Paul Street and the River St. Charles, for the public examination of the Insolvent, and for the ordering of the affairs of the estate generally.

WM. WALKER,
Official Assignee.

Quebec, April 1, 1865.

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of
JOHN LILL,
An Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent are notified to attend a meeting at the office of the Assignee, Dalhousie Street, Quebec, on the FIFTEENTH day of APRIL, at TWO o'clock P.M., for the public examination of the Insolvent and other persons relative to his estate and effects; also for the ordering of the affairs of the estate generally.

PEMBERTON PATERSON,
Assignee.

Quebec, March 29, 1865.

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of
WILLIAM HENRY FORREST,
An Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent are notified that he has made an Assignment of his Estate and Effects, under the above Act, to me, the undersigned Assignee, and they are required to furnish me, within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it; and if none, stating the fact; the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers, in support of such claims.

PEMBERTON PATERSON,
Official Assignee.

Quebec, March 27, 1865. m28-tap14

Insolvent Act of 1864

In the matter of
FORREST & OLIVER,
Insolvents.

THE Creditors of the Insolvents are notified that they have made an assignment of their Estate and Effects, under the above Act, to me, the undersigned Assignee, and they are required to furnish me, within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it and if none, stating the fact; the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers in support of such claims.

PEMBERTON PATERSON,
Official Assignee.

Quebec, March 27, 1865 m28-tap14

SEWELL & OLIVER,
Commission Merchants
—AND—
Dealers in all kinds of Produce, &c.
OFFICE AND STORE:
Corner of Arthur & Dalhousie Streets
QUEBEC.

Quebec, April 4, 1865. 1mp

ALFRED E. LANGEVIN,
BROKER
—AND—
General Commission Agent,
GILLESPIE'S WHARF,
QUEBEC.

Bank Stocks, Exchange, &c., Negotiated.

Quebec, April 7, 1865. 1m

Furnished Lodgings.

MRS. MICHAELLETTI respectfully announces to the citizens of Quebec and strangers that she has taken that commodious house, No. 6 Esplanade, next door to the Stadacona Club, and will be prepared, on the 1st of May, to let FURNISHED ROOMS (without board), singly or in suite.

An early application is recommended to secure a choice of rooms.

Apply at Mrs. Michaelletti's residence, 21 St. Lewis Street, until the first of May.

Quebec, April 6, 1865. 1m

Preserved Salmon.

20 CASES 1 lb. tins, hermetically sealed.

For Sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, March 10, 1865.

FOR SALE,

IRON, round, flat and square,
Yellow Metal Rods,
Coal Tar,
Stockholm Tar,
Canadian Pitch and Tar,
English Pitch,
Best English Oakum.
—ALSO—
Inspected Beef.

by DINNING & WEBSTER.

Quebec, March 30, 1865.

FOR SALE,

100 CASKS Raw and Boiled Linseed Oil,
Barrels Spirits of Turpentine,
Do Black Varnish,
Do Pitch.
—ALSO—
White and Black Paint.

by ROSS & CO.

Quebec, April 4, 1865. 2w

HOT-BED SEEDS!
Hot-Bed Seeds! Hot-Bed Seeds!

JUST OPENED:
Early York Cabbage,
Large York Cabbage,
Early Paris Cauliflower,
London Cauliflower,
Radishes,
Lettuce,
Early Frame Cucumber,
London Beet,
Cole's Crystal Celery.
Daily Expected:
200 lbs. Large Red American Onion, to be sold cheap.

JOHN W. McLEOD,
St. John's Gate,
Quebec.

Quebec, March 29, 1865.

For Sale,

PRIME MESS BEEF.
PRIME PORK.
—AND—
PATENT HAND SPUN OAKUM.

ALLAN GILMOUR & CO.

Quebec, April 3, 1865.

Pontoons for Sale.

TWO substantial and well constructed Pontoons, one of which has been in use for a short time, the other has a large shed on it, over 120 feet long, both well adapted for either shipping or discharging any kind of merchandise, &c., &c.

Apply to
CASEY & CO.,
A & B.

Quebec, March 10, 1865.

NEW GOODS
NEW GOODS!
JUST RECEIVED:
Handsome selection of Jewellery,
Steel Goods in all varieties,
Fancy Gilt, Coral and Pearl Combs,
Opera Glasses in all styles,
Ladies' and Gents' Dressing Cases,
Stereoscopes and Views,
Backgammon Boards and Dice Boxes,
Dominoes and Loto,
Cigar Stands, Merschaum Pipes and Cigar Holders,
Courrier Bags and Ladies' Companions,
Fine assortment Jet Goods,
Plate and Plated Ware, China and Glass in all the newest designs and styles, at
MRS. SIMON LEVY'S,
1, JOHN STREET.

Quebec, March 20, 1865.

NOTICE.
Quebec Bank.

THE SAVINGS' DEPARTMENT has been REMOVED from the Office in St. James Street to the general BANKING ROOM. Entrance ST. PETER STREET, where the business will be carried on as usual.

J. STEVENSON,
Cashier.

Quebec, March 1, 1865.

Ladies & Gentlemen's
FURS
At Very Low Prices from this Date.
—ALSO—
Snow-shoes, Moccasins, Toboggans,
Sleigh Robes.
HENDERSON, RENFREW & CO.

Quebec, Jany. 27, 1865.

"British Columbia."

PUBLISHED by request, and to be sold for the benefit of the Church of England Young Men's Mutual Improvement Association, A LECTURE ON BRITISH COLUMBIA, delivered by the Hon. MALCOLM CAMERON before the Association on 17th January, 1865. Price 12½ cents.

For Sale at Sinclair & Son's, St. John Street, and Middleton & Dawson's, Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Febv. 28, 1865.

New Teas.

Ex St. David and North American:
150 CHESTS Superior Souchong and Congou Tea,
283 Half-chests Fine Colored and Uncolored Japans.

IN STORE:
Fine Hysons, Young Hyson, Gunpowders, Imperials and Hyson Twankay, ex "Lettice Catherine."

LANE, GIBB & CO.

Quebec, Febv. 21, 1865 1m

HOME AND COLONIAL
Assurance Company
(LIMITED.)

Authorised Capital, £2,000,000 Stg., in 40,000 Shares of £50 Stg. each, with power of increase. £1,000,000 Stg. issued.

Chief Offices, 69, Cornhill, London.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCES.

CANADIAN BRANCH.
Chief Offices, MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, Montreal.
TAYLOR BROS., Managers.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.
RISKS undertaken on all descriptions of property, at the lowest rates charged by first-class Companies; and Claims settled promptly and liberally, without reference to England.

Agents,
ROBERT SHAW & CO.,
Quebec.

March 1, 1865.

Vine Growers' Brandy,

IN Hhds., Qr.-casks, Octaves and Cases—Pale and Dark, various grades—in bond or duty paid.

LANE, GIBB & CO.,
Agents.

Quebec, Febv. 21, 1865. 1m

The New York *Tribune* says, "the reason why Drake's Plantation Bitters are so universally used and have such an immense sale, is that they are always made up to the original standard, of highly invigorating material and of pure quality, although the prices have so largely advanced," &c.

The *Tribune* just hits the nail on the head. The Plantation Bitters are not only made of pure material, but the people are told what it is. The Recipe is published around each Bottle, and the bottles are not reduced in size. At least twenty imitations and counterfeits have sprung up. They impose upon the people once and that's the last of them.

The Plantation Bitters are now used in all the Government Hospitals, are recommended by the best physicians, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. Facts are stubborn things.

"..... I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.
REV. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, N. Y."

"..... Thou wilt send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefited by their use.
Thy Friend, ASA CURRIN,
Philadelphia, Pa."

"..... I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. ..... The Plantation Bitters have cured me.
REV. J. S. CATHORN, Rochester, N.Y."

"..... Send us twenty-four dozen more of your Plantation Bitters, the popularity of which are daily increasing with the guests of our house.
SYKES, CHADWICK & CO.,
Proprietors, Willard's Hotel, Washington, D.C.

"..... I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.
G. W. D. ANDREWS,
Superintendent Soldiers' Home, Cincinnati, O."

"..... The Plantation Bitters have cured me of liver complaint, with which I was laid up prostrate and had to abandon my business.
H. B KINGSLEY, Cleveland, O.

"..... The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the kidneys and the urinary organs that has distressed me for years. It acts like a charm.
C. C. MOORE, 254 Broadway."

NEW-BEDFORD, MASS., Nov. 24, 1863.
DEAR SIR:—I have been afflicted many years with severe prostrating cramps in my limbs, cold feet and hands, and a general disordered system. Physicians and medicine failed to relieve me. Some friends in New York, who were using Plantation Bitters, prevailed upon me to try them. I commenced with a small wine-glassful after dinner. Feeling better by degrees, in a few days I was astonished to find the coldness and cramps had entirely left me, and I could sleep the night through, which I had not done for years. I feel like another being. My appetite and strength have also greatly improved by the use of the Plantation Bitters.

Respectfully, JUDITH RUSSELL."

Are You in Agony?

A WELL-SPRING OF HOPE

FOR ALL

CAN BE FOUND IN

Holloway's Pills

Be of Good Cheer! The Sinking may be Saved!

BY THE USE OF

Holloway's Ointment.

The history of these great Remedies is the most wonderful medical revelation that the world has ever known. It establishes the all-important fact that WHEREVER, and in WHATEVER SHAPE internal disease exists, the disinfecting, searching and healing properties of the Pills are fully equal to its subjection and cure, and that, with the Ointment, they are

The Great Ambassadors of Health to all Mankind.

This is not a history written by one man, or even derived from the experience of one nation. It consists of a compilation of testimonials from the sick of every country—an unimpeachable record, the like of which has never been adduced in favor of any discovery or invention since time began.

These Mighty Healers, World Known and World Tried, are a Boon to the Sick.

The want of a sterling medicinal to meet the ills and necessities of the suffering portion of humanity, and one entirely free from mineral and other deleterious particles, was felt till this all powerful medicine was given into the world; HOLLOWAY'S INVALUABLE PILLS have become the HOUSEHOLD TREASURE of all nations. Their attribute is to PURIFY AS well as to CURE; they attack the EVIL OR SEAT of the complaint, and thus, by removing the hidden cause of disease, re-invigorate and restore the drooping energies of the system, assisting nature in her task of VITAL AND FUNCTIONARY RESTORATION.

Disorders of the Stomach

Are the sources of the deadliest maladies. Their effect is to vitiate all the fluids of the body, and to send a poisoned stream through all the channels of circulation. Now, what is the operation of the Pills? They cleanse the bowels, regulate the liver, bring the relaxed or irritated stomach into a natural condition, and, acting through the secretive organs, upon the BLOOD ITSELF, change the state of the system from sickness to health, by exercising a simultaneous and wholesome effect upon all its parts and functions.

Woman in all her Difficulties

Is invited to test the regulating and restorative powers of this harmless but effective preparation. At the two epochs of life in which the female system undergoes the most important and critical changes, the Pills will prove a positive safeguard against evil consequences. They are also confidently recommended as a specific in every disorder to which females are exclusively subject.

Be it Understood,

That the above statements can at all times be verified by the written testimony (extending through a quarter of a century) of tens of thousands of unimpeachable witnesses.

Bilious Maladies, &c.,&c.

In whatever form disease attacks the liver, it is repelled an l exterminated by this searching, painless, and irresistible curative. Bilious remittents, bilious purging, and all the ordinary disorders of the organ, indicated by pain in the right side and between the shoulders, yellowness of the whites of the eyes, weakness and debility, &c., are relieved and removed by the remedy, with a celerity which astonishes the sufferers and their friends. Let the sick, whom the faculty have abandoned, resort with confidence to this powerful antibilious agent, and a restoration to health and activity will be a unvarying result.

Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Weakness, &c.

The terrible bodily and mental pangs which characterise Dyspepsia are at once mitigated by the Pills. Diarrhœa, constipation, headache, physical prostration, nervous tremors, hot flushes, spasms, affections of the kidneys, hemorrhoids or piles, and, in fact, all internal complaints, from whatever cause arising, give way before the salutary influence of this extraordinary remedy. As a specific for dyspepsia, and the disorders connected with it, or growing out of it, the Pills are always to be relied on when every other medicine and mode of treatment has utterly failed.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:

Asthma,	Headaches,
Bowel Complaints,	Indigestion,
Coughs	Influenza,
Colds,	Inflammation,
Chest Diseases,	Inward Weakness,
Costiveness,	Liver Complaints,
Dyspepsia,	Lowness of Spirits
Diarrhœa,	Piles,
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Debility,	Secondary Symptoms,
Fever and Ague,	Venereal Affections,
Female Complaints,	Worms of all kinds.

Caution!

If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit on them as on other persons' make.

None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernible as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and the civilized world, in boxes, at 25 cents, 88 cents and $1.40 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

1y&dw

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

By Royal Letters Patent, under the special sanction of Her Majesty's Government, and the Chiefs of the Faculté de France.

THERAPION:—or CURE OF CURES; This successful and highly popular medicament, as employed in the continental hospitals by Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desideratia to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed. Devoid of all taste, odour, and appearance of medicine, it can be left or carried anywhere, and taken from time to time without exciting suspicion. Each package contains full instructions for every case.

THERAPION, No. 1, in three days only—removes gonorrhœa, gleet, and all discharges; effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief, where other well-tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION, No. 2, for syphilis, disease of the bones, sore throat, threatened destruction of the nose and palate; impurity of blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth; and ruin of health. Under this medicine every vestige of disease rapidly disappears; and the skin assumes the pleasing softness of infancy.

THERAPION, No. 3, for relaxation, spermatorrhœa, and all the distressing consequences arising from early abuse, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated. To those who are prevented entering the marriage state by the consequences of early error, it will render essential aid by subduing all disqualifications; and restoring the lost tone to the system. Therapion may be procured at 11s., and 33s. per package, through all medicine vendors, or in 45 packages for foreign shipment, direct from London only, by which £1 12s. are saved; and £10 package for the more inveterate cases, by which a still greater saving is effected. In ordering the above, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires.

HER MAJESTY'S HON. COMMISSIONERS have graciously permitted the government stamp bearing the word "Therapion" in white letters, to be attached to each packet; thus insuring the public against fraudulent imitations, and securing to the proprietor the sole right of supply throughout her dominions; and any infringement of which they will prosecute with the utmost severity.

AGENTS FOR ENGLAND, Thomas & Co., 7, Upper St. Martin's-lane; Barclay & Co., Farringdon street; Edwards & Co. and Newbery & Sons, St. Paul's-churchyard; Sutton & Co., Bow-church-yard, London; Raimes & Co., Liverpool; Apothecaries Comp., Glasgow; Ferris & Co., Bristol; Cornish & Co., Plymouth; Cowen, Devonport; Randall & Co., Southampton; and obtainable through all medicine vendors in the known world, or in case of difficulty, by enclosing a draft or P.O.O. for 45s. or 90s. according to the number of the case, payable in London to Messrs. Thomas & Co., as above, a large package will be sent by return mail, carefully secured from observation or accident.

PREMATURE DECAY OF THE SYSTEM and its perfect restoration, whether arising from youthful imprudence, or the excesses of adult life, infection, climate, &c. Observations on marriage, the prevention and removal of certain disqualifications. Rules and numerous prescriptions for self-cure without. Sufferers who are prevented from matrimony by the consequences of imprudence, should read this work, as pointing out the sure way to restoration of health. Sent post free in an envelope on receipt of a stamp by Mr Lawes, Medical Publisher, 14, Hand Court, Holborn.

The Cause & Cure of Premature Decline.

Sold by all the Agents for Dr. De Roos' Medicines, or sent post free, secure from observation, direct from the Author for 2s. 6d.

THE MEDICAL ADVISER, on the modern treatment of mental and physical incapacity, syphilis, stricture, &c.; with unfailing rules and prescriptions for the speedy cure, by very simple means, of all the more common diseases and supposed incurable maladies of the sexual system. By Dr. W. De Roos, M. D., &c., of the Ecole de Medecine, Paris, Graduate in Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery; Licentiate of the Royal Society of Apothecaries, &c.

Reviews and Notices.

"To be your own counsel or your own doctor, entails risks that have become proverbial to a degree that prevents much good resolution from taking any benefit or advantage when reasonably offered. Suspicion begets irresolution, and where there is no confidence good results seldom follow. Medical books are a field for the family alone, and the public act wisely in refraining from their study. 'Drink deep or taste not the Pierian spring,' is good advice where the uninformed mind, listening to its own apprehensions, is oftener ready to imagine than use its good judgment. There is one class of medical lore, however that stands in a position somewhat exceptional to our remark, and which treats on diseases and irregularities in which morality is offended. For this reason the patient too often suffers in secret, or pursues in ignorance practices that daily bring him into a more hopeless condition for want of friendly advice. To such we recommend a perusal of the 'Medical Adviser' of Walter De Roos, M.D., of London, an established Physician, graduate, and licentiate of all the regular institutions of London and Paris; and who has made nervous disorders and their beneficial origin his particular study, and obtained such a practice in this branch of therapeutics, as qualifies him to be a safe and competent adviser."—County Chronicle, May 7th, 1861.

"The MEDICAL ADVISER, by WALTER DE ROOS, M.D., for the class of diseases upon which it treats, is undoubtedly the best and most soundly practical book which has come under our notice. The Author is a man of most enlarged experience."—Derby Telegraph, June 29th, 1861.

"To those who contemplate marriage its perusal is especially recommended."—Bap. Mag. "The knowledge it imparts must come somewhere, and happy they who do not possess it too late."—Politician. "Cure is certain in every curable case, and few indeed are they which are not so."—Methodist Review. "Is calculated to effect a complete revolution in the treatment of these complaints."—Med. Gaz. "Simple and inexpensive, every sufferer may cure himself speedily, privately, and at the least possible cost."—Scalpel.

From long practical observation of the treatment pursued in the most famous Institutions of this country and the continent, for those diseases referred to in the above work, the Proprietor has had somewhat unusual facilities for acquiring that uniform success which has hitherto characterized his practice, in which the distressing consequences resulting from the injurious employment of mercury, capsyl, sarsaparilla, and similar dangerous medicines, are entirely obviated. Lasting benefit in these cases can only be reasonably expected at the hands of those who devote their chief attention to such diseases; and to such only can confidence be safely extended. Dr. De R. refers with pride to the numbers he has been instrumental in restoring to health and happiness; whilst to all who need such aid he offers every assurance of speedy restoration.

FOREIGN RESIDENTS can be successfully treated by correspondence, on sending the detail of their case; with a Bank note or Bill on a London house for £5 or £10, in order that a package of medicines to meet the exigencies of the case, may be sent out by next mail; thus avoiding the protracted suffering and unnecessary loss of valuable time, which must otherwise occur.

DR. DE ROOS' GUTTÆ VITÆ OR LIFE DROPS; Protected by Royal Letters Patent of England; Brevets of the Empire of France; Royal College of Prussia, &c.; have in numberless cases proved their superiority over every other advertised remedy for spermatorrhœa; langour; lassitude; depression of spirits; irritability; anger; excitement; needless fear; distaste and incapacity for society, study or business; indigestion, pains in the side, palpitation of the heart; giddiness, noises in the head; impotency, impediments to marriage, &c. This medicine strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles and nerves, thus speedily removes nervous complaints, renovates he impaired powers of life, and invigorates the most shattered constitution. For skin eruptions, sore throats, pains in the bones, and all those diseases in which mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., are too often employed in vain, to the serious detriment of health, its surprising efficacy has only to be tested to be appreciated.

As these complaints, if neglected, become "chronic" or incurable, sufferers will do well before they waste valuable time in seeking aid from instruments, and other absurdities professing to supercede medicine; to make fair trial of a remedy, which connected on unerring scientific principles cannot fail; and may be carried about the person, or left upon the toilet table, without exciting a suspicion of its nature. Price 11s., and four times the quantity at 33s., per bottle. The 45 packages containing twelve in quantities, by which a saving of £1 19s. is effected, will be sent from 25, Bedford Place, only, on receipt of the amount per draft on a London house or otherwise.

Extracts from letters which can be seen by any one. "I am happy to say that I am now quite well, thanks to you and your medicine of medicines."—D. P. St. Asaph. "I am happy to say that I shall not require more, thank God, and hope He will reward you for what you have done for me."—A. G., Hartlepool. "If my tongue could speak, or my pen could write to express my gratitude for you, I should fail in both, but neither tongue nor pen of mine can do so."—H. A., Birmingham. "Without you I should have been in my grave, but now I am a happy man again."—R. P., Inverness. "I can never thank you sufficiently; had I never read of the Guttæ Vitæ, where or what I might have been now, I cannot tell."—W. G., West Felton.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS, BLADDER, &c. DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS are a most safe and speedy Remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally, which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in an agonizing death. They agree with the most delicate stomach, and in three days effect a cure when capivi, cubebs, &c., have utterly failed. 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s. and 33s. per box. The superiority of these celebrated medicines over everything of the kind is universally acknowledged, and the extraordinary demand for them without proof to the contrary.

Many there are, who from natural diffidence, or fear of discovery, would willingly bear their affliction, rather than apply for aid to those from whom they may reasonably expect relief. With the above remedies the sufferer may, without the knowledge of a second person, cure himself speedily, privately, and at the least possible expense.

"I have taken your Pills and always derive great benefit from them."—W. H., Queen's College, Cambridge. "I have taken your Pills with the most happy result."—E. H., Cork. "Your Pills do me great good. I feel better this last twelve months than for years before."—P. G., Wareham, Ashford. "Your Pills did me more good than anything I have taken."—M. J. Dursley. "I have tried your Pills, and derived the greatest benefit therefrom."—Y. G., Navy Hotel, St. Helier's.

Sold wholesale by Barclay & Sons, 95, Farringdon street, London; Agents in North America: Langley & Johnson, Hollis-street, Halifax, Nova Scotia; Hazard, Charlotte Town, Prince Edward Island; J. Ward, Esq., News Office, Sydney, Cape Breton; E. H. Parker, late Palmer & Co., Kingston, Canada West; Strickland & Co., Mobile; M. F. Decouge and Edward Guillot, New Orleans; Munson & Co., Quebec; C. A. & J. Langley, Yates-street, San Francisco; Leportier, Mexico; Mr. McMordo, Druggist, and J. McConbrey, Esq., St. John's, Newfoundland; Thomas Walker & Sons, St. John's, New Brunswick; Lyman & Co., Toronto; Lyman & Co., Savage & Co., Montreal, of whom also may be had "THE MEDICAL ADVISER," or should difficulty arise in procuring any of the above, enclose the amount by draft or otherwise, to 25, Bedford Place, Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C., and they will be sent securely packed per return.

CAUTION.—Sufferers should guard against the recommendation of useless imitations by dishonest venders, who thereby obtain a larger profit. The genuine have the words "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," printed in white letters on the Government Stamp, by order of HER MAJESTY'S HON. COMMISSIONERS, to imitate which is felony.

STRICTURE OF THE URETHRA; its nature, consequences, varieties, and speedy cure, without the pain and risks of laceration, cutting, or other irrational measures. Sent post free for 2s. 6d. by Johnson & Co. Publishers to, Brooke Street, Holborn London and obtainable th Booksellers.

NOT A RUM DRINK

A Highly Concentrated

VEGETABLE EXTRACT.

A PURE TONIC,

THAT WILL RELIEVE THE AFFLICTED, AND

NOT MAKE DRUNKARDS.

DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

PREPARED BY

DR. C. M. JACKSON,

Philadelphia, Pa.,

Will Effectually and Most Certainly

CURE ALL DISEASES

ARISING FROM A

DISORDERED LIVER, STOMACH, OR KIDNEYS;

Hoofland's German Bitters

Will Cure Every Case of

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Disease of the Kidneys, and Diseases arising from a Disordered Stomach.

Observe the following Symptoms,

Resulting from Disorders of the DIGESTIVE ORGANS:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness or Blood to the Head, Adicity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

There are many preparations sold under the same of Bitters, put up in Quart Bottles, compounded of the cheapest whiskey or common rum, costing from 20 to 40 cents per gallon, the taste disguised by Anise or Coriander Seed.

This class of Bitters has caused and will continue to cause, as long as they can be sold, hundreds to die the death of the drunkard. By their use the system is kept continually under the influence of Alcoholic Stimulants of the worst kind, the desire for Liquor is created and kept up and the result is all the horrors attendant upon a drunkard's life and death.

For those who desire and *will have* a Liquor Bitters, we publish the following receipt:—Get *One Bottle Hoofland's German Bitters*, and mix with *Three Quarts of Good Brandy or Whiskey*, and the result will be a preparation that will *far excel* in medicinal virtues and in excellence any of the numerous Liquor Bitters in the market, and will *cost much less*. You will have all the virtues of *Hoofland's Bitters* in connection with a *good* article of Liquor, at a much less price than these inferior preparations will cost you.

Hoofland's German Bitters

Will give you

A GOOD APPETITE,

Will give you

STRONG HEALTHY NERVES,

Will give you

SOUND ENERGETIC FEELINGS,

Will enable you to

SLEEP WELL,

And will positively prevent

Yellow Fever, Bilious Fever, &c.

Those suffering from

Broken down and Delicate Constitutions,

From whatever cause, either

MALE OR FEMALE,

Will find in

Hoofland's German Bitters

A REMEDY

That will restore them to their usual health. Such has been the case in thousands of instances, and a fair trial is but required to prove the assertion.

REMEMBER

THAT THESE BITTERS ARE

NOT ALCOHOLIC,

And NOT intended as a

Beverage.

Diseases of Kidneys and Bladder,

In Young or Aged, Male or Female,

are speedily removed, and the patient restored to health.

DELICATE CHILDREN,

Those suffering from MARASMUS, wasting away, with scarcely any flesh on their bones, are cured in a very short time; one bottle in such cases, will have a most surprising effect.

PARENTS

Having suffering children as above, and wishing to raise them, will never regret the day they commenced with these Bitters.

LITERARY MEN, STUDENTS,

And those working hard with their brains, should always keep a bottle of Hoofland's Bitters near them, as they will find much benefit from its use, to both mind and body, invigorating and not depressing.

It is not a Liquor Stimulant,

And leaves no prostration.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

See that the Signature of "C. M. JACKSON" is on the Wrapper of each Bottle.

Price per Bottle $1.00.

Or Half Doz. for $5.00.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed, by express.

Principal Office & Manufactory,

No. 631 ARCH. ST.

ONES & EVANS,

(Successors to C. M. Jackson & Co.,)

Proprietors.

☞ FOR SALE by Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States and British Provinces.

Sold in Quebec by Jno. Musson & Co., J. E. Burke, J. S. Bowen, Bowles & McLeod, O. Giroux, E. Giroux, J. H. Marsh, J. W. McLeod, W. E. Brunet and R. Dugal &

JOHN F. HENRY & CO.,
303 St. Paul Street
Montreal, C. E.,
Sole Wholesale Agents for Canada.

1868 12m

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS.

DR. RADWAY'S

PILLS.

NEWLY DISCOVERED PRINCIPLES IN PURGATION

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS ARE THE BEST PURGATIVE Pills in the World, and the only Vegetable Substitute for Calomel or Mercury ever discovered.

Composed of Vegetable Extracts of Gums, Plants, Herbs, Roots and Flowers.

They Purge—Cleanse—Purify—Heal—Soothe—Calm—Strengthen—Invigorate—and Regulate the System.

IN SUDDEN ATTACKS OF

INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS, BILIOUS CHOLIC, BILIOUS FEVER, ERYSIPELAS, CONGESTIVE FEVER, SMALL POX, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER,

SIX TO EIGHT PILLS

Will purge the disease from the system in

SIX HOURS.

If seized with either of the above-named diseases, take six or eight of Dr. Radway's PILLS be taken at once. The *single dose* will carry the patient out of danger. Their continued use, in smaller doses, will work a cure.

COATED WITH GUM,

They are pleasant to take. They operate pleasantly, naturally, and *thoroughly*. Every dose that is taken *imparts strength* to the enfeebled system. Being *perfect purgatives* they do not leave the *bowels costive*, or the patient weak.

ONE OR TWO OF DR. RADWAY'S PILLS

Will secure a good appetite and healthy digestion.

TO THOSE WHO TAKE PILLS,

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS will be found an improvement on all purgative or cathartic pills in use. One or two pills will be found sufficient to keep the bowels regular; and in cases where a brisk operation is desired, SIX to EIGHT will in *six hours thoroughly purge*.

ONE TO SIX BOXES WILL CURE

COSTIVENESS,	DYSPEPSIA,
CONSTIPATION,	MEASLES,
CONGESTION,	MELANCHOLY,
HEART DISEASES,	HYSTERICS,
DISEASES OF KIDNEY AND BLADDER,	AMENORRHŒA,
DISEASES OF LIVER,	FAINTING,
BILIOUSNESS,	DIZZINESS,
TYPHUS FEVER,	RUSH OF BLOOD TO THE HEAD,
CHIP FEVER,	OBSTRUCTIONS,
MALIGNANT FEVER,	RETENTION OF URINE
LOSS OF APPETITE,	DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	ACUTE ERYSIPELAS.
INFLAMMATION,	HEADACHE,
PALPITATIONS,	BAD BREATH,
SCARLET FEVER,	INFLAMMATION OF THE INTESTINES,
BILIOUS FEVER,	APOPLEXY,
JAUNDICE,	ENLARGEMENT OF THE SPEEN,
CONGESTIVE FEVER,	SCURVY,
SLEEPLESSNESS,	WHOOPING COUGH,
GENERAL DEBILITY,	WORMS,
OF SIGHT,	BAD DREAMS,
LOWNESS OF SPIRITS,	PLEURISY,
QUINSEY,	

As also all Complaints of Women, such as Hysterics, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Weakening Discharges, Chlorosis, Irregularities, Suppression of the Menses, Inflammation of the Womb or Bladder, Difficult Menstruation, and all other Diseases or Complaints produced by excessive discharges or suppression of the Menses.

Ladies who desire to avoid the sufferings and inconvenience of those irregularities, or organic obstructions, should not omit to regulate their systems by means of one or two of RADWAY'S PILLS, every night for a week, and thus be free from the many pains and great inconveniences to which ladies are generally subject.

WEIGH FACTS.

DOCTOR RADWAY invites the attention of the intelligent reader to the *facts* here presented, showing the superiority of his PILLS, as purgatives, over all other pills or purgative medicines in use.

THEIR GREAT COMBINATIONS.

They are Aperient, Tonic, Laxative, Alterative, Stimulant, Counter Irritant, Sudorific.

AS EVACUANTS,

They are more certain and thorough than the Drastic Pills of Aloes, or Croton and Harlem Oil, or Elaterium; and more soothing and healing than Senna, or Rhubarb, or Tamarinds, or Castor Oil.

AS ALTERATIVES,

They exercise a more powerful influence over the liver and its secretions than calomel, mercury, blue pill, hence their importance in cases of Liver Complaints and Sedentary Difficulties, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Bilious Attacks, Headache, &c. In the treatment of Fevers, either Bilious, Yellow, Typhoid, and other reducing Fevers, they are superior to quinine. Their influence extends over the entire system, controlling, strengthening, and bringing up the relaxed and wasting energies, and regulating all the secretions to the natural performance of their duties cleansing and purifying the blood, expelling from the system all diseased deposits and impure humors.

THE CAUSE OF PILES.

A large dose of the Drastic Pills will, by irritating the mucous membrane, produce a violent expulsion of the contents in the bowels, but in so doing other secretions are suspended. In such cases, the stools will be found to be light-colored and watery, and attended with severe griping pains, nausea, sickness. By this increased unnatural action of the bowels, the secretions of the kidneys and pancreas are diminished, followed by affections of the kidneys, bladder, urethra, piles, tenesmus, general prostration, costiveness, and indigestion.

Why Radway's Pills Cure Small Pox.

In Small Pox, Scarlet Fever, Erysipelas, Yellow, Typhoid and other *reducing Fevers*, PURGATION is highly *essential*. But to administer a dose of Drastic Pills the irritation they would produce, and the relaxation and depletion that would follow, would be likely to prove fatal. If physicians, in these cases, would give RADWAY'S PILLS, they would always cure their patients in these diseases. A *mild, searching, healing* and *purifying* stimulating laxative is required, which is secured by RADWAY'S PILLS.

Why Imperfect Pills Gripe.

The cause of griping, nausea, sickness, tenesmus and debility, that is induced by a dose of drastic pills, is owing to their imperfect operation. If will be found that the diseased humors, left circulating in the system, were expelled by these pills, there would be but little pain or griping. It is the absence of the bile and other humors which the imperfect pills fail to purge out of the system that occasion the pain. By examining the stools evacuated after severe griping they will be found thin and watery.

THE TRUE PILLS TO TAKE.

The only safe pills to take are Dr. Radway's, because they are the only pills that secure purgation without depletion, and expel diseased humors from the system.

CASE OF DYSPEPSIA CURED.

For many years I have been afflicted with one of the most complaint, called Dyspepsia—my sufferings have been a constant succession of horrors. I have spent thousands of dollars with the hope of realizing a little comfort and tranquillity. All medication failed to relieve me, until I commenced to act upon the judicious advice you gave me on the 6th of April, 1865. And now, after using your Pills, I feel like a new man. God bless you, and may this letter induce other suffering victims to the same course. Yours fervently,

F. CARPENTIER.

CARPENTERVILLE, N. J., April 16th, 1865.
Messrs. Radway & Co., N. Y. City.

Letter from Dr. Salmon Skinner.

NEW YORK, January, 1865.

Dr. Radway & Co.:

I have, during the past four years, used your remedies, and have recommended them to others for Bilious Complaints, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, &c. I consider the Ready Relief and Regulating Pills unequaled. The Regulating Pills are mild, but effectual, operatives and thoroughly effective.

The first dose should be large enough to purge, say four or five, and each subsequent dose be diminished one pill, until reduced to one, and then repeated every day for a week or ten days. A permanent cure will surely follow. Yours, &c.,

DR. S. SKINNER.

☞ Dr. Radway's Pills are sold by Druggists and Store-Keepers in general. Each box containing 36 Pills. Price 25 cts. per Box

BOWLES & McLEOD,
and J. MUSSON & CO.,
Agents in Quebec.

Jany. 10 1864.

DINNEFORD'S Pure Fluid Magnesia

Has been, during twenty-five years, emphatically sanctioned by the Medical Profession, and universally accepted by the Public, as the

BEST REMEDY for

ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION,

and as a MILD APERIENT for delicate constitutions, more especially for Ladies and Children

Combined with the

ACIDULATED LEMON SYRUP,

it forms an *agreeable Effervescing Draught* in which its aperient qualities are much increased. During HOT SEASONS and in HOT CLIMATES, the regular use of this simple and elegant remedy has been found highly beneficial.

Manufactured (with the utmost attention to strength and purity,) by

DINNEFORD & Co.,
172, New Bond Street, London;

And Sold by all respectable Chemists throughout the World.

For Sale by

BOWLES & McLEOD,
Medical Hall,
Quebec.

Quebec, Jany. 12, 1864. 12m 2aw

Cramp, Suter & Co.'s Fine Sherries.

THE undersigned has been appointed Agent for Quebec for the sale of the above well-known and favorite SHERRY WINES, and is prepared to take orders from the Trade for direct shipment from CADIZ. Samples recently received per S.S. "Moravian," to which the inspection of the Trade is invited.

M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, March 10, 1865.

WISTAR'S BALSAM

—OF—

WILD CHERRY

HAS BEEN USED FOR NEARLY

HALF A CENTURY,

With the most astonishing success in curing

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, and every affection of

The Throat, Lungs and Chest,

INCLUDING EVEN

CONSUMPTION.

There is scarcely one individual in the community who wholly escapes, during a season, from some one, however slightly developed, of the above symptoms—a neglect of which might lead to the last named, and most to be dreaded disease in the whole catalogue. The power of the "medicinal gum" of the Wild Cherry Tree over this class of complaints is well known; so great is the good it has performed, and so great the popularity it has acquired.

In this preparation, besides the virtues of the Cherry, there are commingled with it other ingredients of like value, thus increasing its value ten fold, and forming a Remedy whose power to soothe, to heal, to relieve, and to cure disease, exists in no other medicine yet discovered.

Seasonable Festivities.

Whether attending, in solemn duty, to religious service, at the lecture, the concert, or at any social gathering, we find at this period that coughs and colds are very prevalent: unpleasant alike to those who suffer as well as to those who have aural demonstration of the fact. Many an impressive discourse, many a choice selection of music, has been marred by a din of coughing that seems at times contagious. To remedy this our readers should get and recommend *Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, one of the best medicines in the world for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, and all throat and chest affections.—*Montreal Transcript.*

A Cure for Whooping Cough.

ST. HYACINTHE, C. E., Aug. 21, 1856.

MESSRS. SETH W. FOWLE & CO.

Gentlemen:—Several months since a little daughter of mine, ten years of age, was taken with *Whooping Cough* in a very aggravated form, and nothing we could do for her seemed in any way to relieve her suffering. We at length decided to try a bottle of your *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*. In three hours after she had commenced using it, she was greatly relieved, and in less than three days was entirely cured, and is now well. I have since recommended the Balsam to many of my neighbours, who have used it, and in no case have I known it fail of effecting a speedy cure.

You are at liberty to make any use of the above you think proper. If it shall induce any body to use your Balsam I shall be glad, for I have great confidence in it.

Yours, P. GUITTE,
Proprietor of the *Courrier de St. Hyacinthe.*

Certificate from L. J. Racine, Esq., of the Minerve.

MONTREAL, L. C., Oct. 20, 1858.

S. W. FOWLE & Co., Boston,—

Gentlemen:—Having experienced the most gratifying results from the use of *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, I am induced to express the great confidence which I have in its efficacy. For nine months I was most cruelly afflicted with a severe and obstinate cough, accompanied with acute pain in the side, which did not leave me, summer or winter. In October the symptoms increased alarmingly, and so reduced was I that I could walk but a few steps without resting to recover from the pain and fatigue which so slight an exertion occasioned. At this juncture I commenced taking the Balsam, from which I found *immediate relief*, and after having used four bottles I was completely restored to health. I have also used the Balsam in my family, and administered it to my children with the happiest results. I am sure that such Canadians as use the Balsam can but speak in its favor. It is a preparation which has only to be tried to be acknowledged as the remedy *par excellence*.

Your obedient servant,

L. J. RACINE.

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

This sterling remedy appears to be working wonders. We have so long heard of its superior merit in diseases of the Throat and Lungs that we doubt not its claim of being "the *Great remedy.*" Many of our most respected citizens who appreciate its uncommon worth from personal use, have attested to the fact by their written testimonials. These are *strong recommendations*, and should certainly prompt all who suffer from pulmonary complaints in its various forms, to give it a trial.—*Ottawa Citizen.*

☞ Caution to purchasers The *genuine* WISTAR'S BALSAM has always the signature of I. BUTTS, and the printed name of the Proprietors on the outer wrapper. Purchase no other.

Prepared by

SETH W. FOWLE & CO.,
Boston.

Sold at wholesale by John F. Henry & Co, and Lymans, Clare & Co., at Montreal.

For Sale in Quebec by Bowles & McLeod, John Musson & Co., J. E. Burke, J. H. Marsh, Jno. S. Bowen; Edmond Giroux, Lower Town W. E. Brunet, St. Roch.

Dec. 11 1863. 12m-d&w

1863. SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE CITIZENS OF

QUEBEC

AND VICINITY.

THE undersigned would respectfully ask attention to the preparations known as

HUNNEWELL'S

Universal Cough Remedy,

For all *Throat and Lung Complaints.*

Hunnewell's Tolu Anodyne,

The great Neuralgic, Rheumatic, Headache, Tooth-Ache, Loss of Sleep, and General Nervous Remedy. Also for the Pains in Monthly Menstruations a perfect relief.

Hunnewell's Eclectic Pills,

The most perfect form of Cathartic ever given to the public, which never require more than *two* and seldom but *one* for a dose, act without the least griping, and cure

INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS LIVER COMPAINTS, PILES, WORMS,

and all derangements of stomach or bowels.

The above preparations, of such unbounded reputation in New England, have the confidence of, and are used by, great numbers of Physicians, and at prices within reach of all, are worthy the attention of invalids, who will find them a strict conformity to nature in medicine.

Without resorting to the common method of columns of advertising, I would ask *confidence* to test them, which will be sacred.

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL,
Proprietor,
Practical Chemist, Boston, Mass.

☞ For sale by all Wholesale and Retail Dealers.

☞ The greatest freedom of correspondence solicited.

☞ Dealers of good references supplied on Commission.

☞ Sold in Quebec by O. Giroux, Jas. H. Marsh, Jos. Bowles.

☞ Wholesale Agents.

J. MUSSON & CO.

Aug. 1, 1863. 12m d&w

PRIZE MEDAL.

Crinolines and Corsets.

The only Prize Medal for Excellence of Workmanship and New Combinations in

STAYS, CRINOLINES, AND CORSETS,

was awarded to

A. SALOMONS.

35, OLD CHANGE, LONDON.

THE CARDINIBUS PATENT JUPON

COLLAPSES at the slightest pressure, and resumes its shape when the pressure is removed.

Spiral Crinoline, Steel & Bronze.

Skirts (Patent), will not break, folded into the smallest compass.

SMITH'S

Patent Harmozon Corset,

(Self Adjusting)

obtained a Prize Medal, and is the very best Stay ever invented.

CASELEY'S PATENT VENTILATING CORSET, invaluable for the Ball Room, Equestrian Exercise, and Warm Climates.

To be had, retail, of all Drapers, Milliners, and Dress Makers; and wholesale only of

A. SALOMONS,
35, OLD CHANGE, LONDON.

12m-law

Dyspepsia,

AND

DISEASES RESULTING FROM

Disorders of the Liver

And Digestive Organs,

ARE CURED BY

HOOFLAND'S German Bitters,

THE GREAT STRENGTHENING

Tonic,

These Bitters have performed more Cures!

GIVE BETTER SATISFACTION!

Have more Testimony!

HAVE MORE RESPECTABLE PEOPLE TO VOUCH FOR THEM!

Than any other article in the market.

We defy any One to contradict this Assertion

And will Pay $1000

To any one that will produce a Certificate published by us that is not GENUINE.

Hoofland's German Bitters

Will cure every case of

Chronic or Nervous Debility, diseases of the Kidneys, and Diseases arising from a disordered Stomach.

Observe the following Symptoms:

Resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of