LAST EDITION.

The Montreal Daily S[tar]

VOL. XXV—No. 230. MONTREAL, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1893.

RATES FOR CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

SITUATIONS WANTED, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.
PUPILS WANTED, 10 cents for 10 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word each insertion.
All other "WANTED" ads. 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
ROOMS TO LET, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.
BOARD, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.
FOUND, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.
TO LET HOUSES, STORES, ETC., 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
FOR SALE, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
PROPERTY FOR SALE, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
LOST, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
BUSINESS CHANCES, ETC., 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
PERSONALS, page 5, 2 cents per word; minimum 25 cents each insertion.

All advertisements inserted at the above rates must be prepaid.
Out of town advertisers may order through their local newsdealers at the above rates.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Want advertisements received too late for classification will be found on page 10 of to-day's "Star."

WANTED—A COOK (MAN). APPLY GIVING REferences and salary expected, to Garrison Club, Quebec. 212 tf

WANTED—WHEN YOU MEET A MAN OUT OF employment, Energetic, Honest, and all right, ask him to write us for a chance to sell Nursery Stock. We have plenty of Territory on which to place smart men as agents any time. Liberal terms to good men. Stone & Wellington, Nurserymen, Montreal. Jas. W. Beall, Manager. 222 tf

WANTED—SUPERINTENDENT FOR FOUR SET knitting mill. Must be thoroughly practical in all departments, including dyeing, carding, spinning and knitting. Engagement to commence in January next. Apply with references to Almonte Knitting Co., Ltd., Almonte, Ont. 210 tf 2aw

WANTED—$3 A DAY SURE. SEND ME YOUR address and I will show you how to make $3 a day; absolutely sure; I furnish the work and teach you free. You work in the locality where you live. Send me your address and I will explain the business fully. Remember, I guarantee a clear profit of $3 for every day's work; absolutely sure. Don't fail to write to-day. Address A. W. Knowles, Windsor, Ontario. 218 156 eod

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: WE will pay you $8 to $12 per week to do strictly home work for us; no canvassing and prompt payment. G. F. Emmons & Co., Batterymarch and Water sts., Boston, Mass. 226 6

WANTED—A GOOD PLAIN COOK, WILLING TO wash and iron; also a housemaid wanted. Must have satisfactory references. Apply to Mrs. Gaunt, 3035 St. Catherine st., near Greene avenue. 226 6

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT. 195 ST. Hubert st. 227 4

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, EXPERIENCED double entry bookkeeper, accustomed to grocery and wine trade. Must understand Custom House work. None others need apply. Apply with references to Joseph Kavanagh, 336-338 Wellington street, Ottawa. 228 6

WANTED—YOUNG LADY TO TAKE CHARGE of silver plate sample room, wholesale. Must speak and write French and English, and use typewriter. Address "P 4162," STAR office. 228 3

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. SMALL family. No washing or ironing. 2582 St. Catherine street. 228 5

WANTED—LEADING SOPRANO FOR UPTOWN church. Apply stating salary required and enclosing references, to "O 4133," STAR office. 228 3

WANTED—CITY AGENT FOR PROMINENT Fire Insurance Co. An excellent contract awaits the proper person. Must be thoroughly qualified and furnish references and security. P. O. Box 888. 228 3

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT FOR SMALL family, good wages. Apply with references at 72 Victoria st. 228 3

WANTED—THE NORTH AMERICAN LIFE ASsurance Co. wants for its agency field in the city and country, active, energetic representatives to whom liberal terms will be given. The Company's financial position is A 1, and its plans attractive and popular. Apply to Dr. C. Ault, No. 62 St. James street. 228 3

WANTED—PHOTOGRAPH OPERATOR, TO A good workman good salary offered. Address A. R. Roy, 185 St. Joseph street, St. Roch, Quebec. 229 4

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST WITH GENERAL housework. Apply 63 Church street. 229 2

WANTED—AT ONCE, FIRST CLASS VEGETable cook. Apply Chef, Stanley st. entrance, Windsor Hotel. 229 2

WANTED—A GOOD PLAIN COOK. REFERences required. Apply 84 Crescent st. 229 2

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE TO THE DRUG business. Apply with references to H. F. Jackson, Chemist. 229 2

WANTED—EXPERIENCED FUR COAT FINISHers. Apply to Silverman, Boulter & Co., 495 St. Paul street. 229 6

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, PLAIN COOK. CITY references required. Apply 1342 Dorchester st. 229 4

WANTED—A LAD AS PORTER, ABOUT 12 OR 15 years old, French Canadian speaking English. Apply 85 Union avenue. 229 2

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT, AT 233 UNIversity. Apply in the evening or between 9 and 11 in the morning. 229 2

WANTED—DRESSMAKER AND APPRENTICES, at 240 St. Urbain. 229 2

WANTED—HOUSEMAID FOR FAMILY OF three; also girl to sew and assist. Must have references. Apply forenoon or evening, 2 Beaver Hall square, corner Dorchester. 229 2

WANTED—A GIRL FOR SEWING IN UPHOLstering department. R. N. Tombyll, 1665 St. James street, St. Henry. 229 2

WANTED—CLERK. YOUNG MAN WITH SOME office experience, to make himself generally useful. Must write and figure accurately. Application by letter only, giving references. Address Thomas Robertson & Co., 642 Craig st., City. 229 3

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A GENERAL SERvant. Must be a good cook and have good city references. Apply 842 Sherbrooke st. 229 2

WANTED—GOOD COOK OR GENERAL SERvant. Apply in the morning and evening, at 1011 Dorchester st. References required. 229 2

WANTED—A MAN TO TAKE CARE OF HORSE and cow, one who will make himself generally useful. Must be well recommended. Address "S 4245," STAR office. 229 2

WANTED—TWO SERVANTS FOR A SMALL FAmily. References required. 465 Sherbrooke st. 229 2

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT WITH GOOD city references. 345 Prince Arthur st. 229 2

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, AT once. Good wages. 36 Durocher. 229 2

WANTED—AT ST. JAMES'S CLUB, A GOOD BILliard marker. Apply to the manager, between 10 and 11 a. m. 229 tf

WANTED—AT ONCE, TWELVE MASONS. APply at new reservoir on Cote des Neiges Hill. 229 2

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT, NO WASHing. 57 Cathcart st. 229 2

WANTED—TOBACCO STRIPPERS AND BOOKers at the Montero Cigar Factory. 631 Lagauchetiere st. 229 3

WANTED—25 SERVANTS FOR HOTELS, REStaurants, private residences, in city and country. Best of salary. Apply 1572 Notre Dame, opposite Court House. 229 2

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT; AND A young girl for light house-work. Apply at 2506 St. Catherine street. 229 2

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, GOOD GENERAL servant; also nurse. References required. Apply No. 7 Bishop st., 9 to 10 a. m., 7 to 9 p. m. 229 2

WANTED—SMART YOUNG MAN AS STENOgrapher and typewriter (Caligraph). Apply Kingman, Brown & Co., 24 Place Royale. 229 2

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A GOOD THOROUGH servant, able to do plain cooking; also a housemaid fond of children. References required. Apply 72 Berri street. 230 1

WANTED—CAPABLE GIRL TO DO GENERAL service, washing and ironing for small family; no children. Apply 43 Fort st. 230 1

WANTED—A LEADING CANADIAN LIFE COY wants first class solicitor for Montreal and vicinity. Very liberal terms to a good man. P. O. Box 557. 230 1

WANTED—A HOUSE AND TABLEMAID. 17 Shuter st. 230 1

WANTED—A MESSAGE BOY. FRANCIS, 172 Bleury. 230 1

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST IN GENeral housework. Apply at 2642 St. Catherine st. 230 1

WANTED—A LITTLE GIRL OF 13 TO ASSIST IN light housework. Apply at 259 Bleury st. 230 1

WANTED—DRUG CLERK FOR A COUNTRY store, speaking both languages, married man preferred. A good opportunity for a reliable man. Address "C 4508," STAR office. 230 1

WANTED—AT 57 BISHOP STREET, A GENERAL servant. 230 1

WANTED—AS GENERAL SERVANT, A STRONG respectable girl. Apply at 182 Bourgeois st., Pt. St. Charles. 230 1

WANTED—A HOUSEMAID, AT 71 McGILL COLlege avenue. Apply in the evening. 230 2

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—HOUSEMAID WHO CAN SEW. APply 558 Sherbrooke st. 230 1

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT; NO WASHing. Apply Monday, at 82 University st. 230 1

WANTED—WE HAVE AGENTS MAKING $30.00 per day taking advertisements from the leading firms for our Electric Guest Call, which is put in hotels free. No experience needed. Any agent can make big money. For full particulars enclose stamp. The Electric Guest Call Co., Frank O. Smith & Co., Sole Agents, Lacrosse, Wisconsin. 230 13law

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED TABLEMAID, to assist with housemaid's work. Apply with references, at 2 or 8 p. m., at 873 Sherbrooke st. 230 2

WANTED—A COOK AND HOUSEMAID. APply at 74 University st. 230 1

WANTED—GOOD HOUSEMAID. 22 VICTORIA street. 230 1

WANTED—GIRLS TO PRESS CLOTHES. MUST have experience. Apply to the Metropolitan Dyeing & Cleaning Co., 568½ St. Antoine. 230 1

WANTED—AN OFFICE BOY. MUST WRITE A good hand and be quick at figures. Address Steamship, P. O. Box 1077. 230 1

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER. 792 Palace. 230 1

WANTED—ADVERTISER WISHES TO SECURE services of a tutor in mathematics and several courses. Apply by letter to P. O. Box 253. 230 1

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT. SMALL FAmily. No washing. Apply between 10 and 12, Monday morning, 299 St. Denis st. 230 1

WANTED—TEACHER FOR DEAF MUTE, PARtially educated. Moderate salary. Comfortable home. Address "G 3997," STAR office. 230 4 law

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, 40 St. Mark street. 230 1

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS STEAMFITTER. APply S. S. Bain, 66 Beaver Hall Hill. 230 1

WANTED—YOUNG MAN OF 19 OR 20, TO DO odd work about corset factory; one who has knowledge of sewing machines or laundrying preferred. 524 St. Paul st. 230 1

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT. 760 PALACE st. 230 1

WANTED—A SMART YOUNG MAN WITH $200, to join advertiser in a good paying business; guaranteed. References exchanged and will learn business. Address "F 4569," STAR office. 230 1

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT. ADDRESS at No. 2689 Notre Dame st. 230 1

WANTED—OFFICE BOY WITH REFERENCES, good chance of advancement. Address "E 4567," STAR office. 230 1

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT WILLING TO wash and iron. Apply 124 Cote St. Antoine Road. 230 1

WANTED—OFFICE BOY. APPLY BETWEEN 9 and 10 o'clock, on Monday morning, 39 Temple Building. 230 1

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY AS MOTHER'S help. References required. Address "G. 4601," STAR office. 230 3

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT. APPLY 309 Peel street. 230 2

WANTED—BOY TO RUN LIGHT MACHINERY. Apply at 39 William st., upstairs. 230 1

WANTED—SMART, TIDY GIRL, BETWEEN 14 and 16 years, to assist in light housework. Easy place. 65A Beaver Hall Hill. 230 1

WANTED—AT ONCE, YOUNG SALESMAN, speaking English and French; must have experience in dry goods; active and pushing young man required. 137 St. Antoine st. 230 1

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED NURSE, WITH references. Apply in the evening or before 11 a.m., at 84 St. Matthew street. 230 1

WANTED—A SALESMAN FOR BOOTS AND Shoes Dept. Must speak French and English. Apply to Mr. Stuart, at S. Carsley's, Notre Dame street. 230 1

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. NO washing. Small family. Apply at 148 Hutchison street. 230 1

WANTED—FOUR PLUMBERS AND STEAMfitters' apprentices. Apply at McCrae & Watson's, 796 Dorchester street. 230 1

WANTED—A STRONG BOY TO MAKE HIMself generally useful. Apply 1833 Notre Dame st. 230 1

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS SERvant. Apply 29 Belmont street. 230 1

WANTED—LADY BOOKKEEPER. MUST WRITE good business hand, understand double entry, discounts and decimals; state experience. "H 4642," STAR office. 230 1

WANTED—A BOY, ABOUT 14 YEARS, TO MAKE himself useful about a lady's house. Apply at Mrs. Butler's Registry Office, 51 Bertheiet st. 230 1

WANTED—A GOOD LAUNDRESS TO TAKE home a family's washing. Apply at Mrs. Butler's, 51 Bertheiet st. 230 1

WANTED—GOOD COOK ALSO A HOUSEMAID. Small family. Call evenings. 129 Mackay st. 229 3

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT FOR A SMALL family; no washing; good wages; references required. Apply No. 31 St. Famille st. 230 1

WANTED—A HOUSEMAID. APPLY AT 169 UNIversity st. 230 2

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL ABOUT SIXTEEN years of age, to mind a baby. 186 Mance st. 230 1

WANTED—A GOOD PLAIN COOK; NO WASHing. Apply to 97 Mackay st. 230 1

WANTED—COOK FOR FAMILY OF TWO. MRS. Cooper, 869 Sherbrooke st. 230 1

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Twelve dollars with washing or ten dollars without. A good place. 1279 Dorchester st. 230 1

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY ONE OR TWO machinists, married men preferred. Canada Horse Nail Co., 129 Mill st. 230 1

WANTED—A GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEWORK. Apply at once, 16 Droiet st. 230 1

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT AND A CHAMbermaid, with references. 670 Sherbrooke street. 230 1

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS PLUMBER. 40 ST. Antoine st. 230 1

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT FOR A FAMily of 3. Apply at 28 Sussex ave. 230 1

WANTED—A NEAT YOUNG GIRL AS NURSE, between the age of 14 and 17. Must be good tempered, cheerful and fond of children. Apply 62 St. Matthew st. 230 1

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT FOR A small family. Apply 39 St. Luke st. 230 2

PUPILS WANTED.

WANTED—PUPILS FOR FLUTE OR PICCOLO. Terms moderate. Apply 418 Guy st. 226 5

WANTED—PUPILS IN ISAAC PITMAN'S shorthand, by practical stenographer; successful teacher. Individual attention. Terms moderate. Address "J 3974," STAR office. 227 5

WANTED—MESSRS. RANSON & CLAY, GRADUates in Honors, Cambridge University, give private lessons in Mathematics, Classics and Modern Languages. 1143 Dorchester. 227 6

WANTED—PUPILS. AN EXPERIENCED LADY piano accompanist wishes an engagement to accompany singing class, private pupils or at concerts. Address "G 3920," STAR office. 227 4

WANTED—PUPILS FOR THE PIANO BY AN experienced teacher. Apply 275 St. Urbain st. 228 2eod

WANTED—BY PROF. WARNAULT, 157 DULUTH avenue. Successful method in French, at pupil's residence. Five years experience with Ingres Coutellier Schools. 228 3

WANTED—PUPILS. HOME STUDIES CAREfully superintended by master of a city school, pupils (not exceeding four) taken in class; fee $5 a month. Private tuition at moderate rates. Address "T 4304," STAR office. 229 2

WANTED—PUPILS, DRAWING AND PAINTING. A lady teacher wishes for pupils at their own homes. Address "X 4382," STAR office. 230 1

WANTED—PIANO PUPILS, $1.00 A MONTH; two lessons a week. Apply at 101A Canning st. 230 1

WANTED—PUPILS AT THOMPSON'S COLLEGE of business, 239 St. James st. Are you a good penman? Do you understand bookkeeping? Do you understand telegraphy? Do you understand shorthand and typewriting? Do you understand arithmetic? To qualify yourselves for such subjects, attend the day or evening classes at the above institution. 230 1

LOST.

LOST—BABY CARRIAGE TAKEN FROM UNDER steps of 63 Church street. Anybody giving information as to whereabouts of same will be rewarded. Address 63 Church st. 229 2

LOST—ABOUT 15TH AUGUST, A SABLE COLLIE dog pup, no collar, white on breast, white tip on end of tail. Return and be rewarded, W. Johnston, 47 Prince Arthur st. 229 2

LOST—ON MONDAY NIGHT AT ST. HENRI, black and white setter dog, with name J. Beatty, St. Lambert, on the collar. Finder will please return to 24 St. Sacrament st., Montreal, between 10 a. m. and 5 p. m., or to 3444 Notre Dame and be rewarded. 229 2

LOST—ON FRIDAY, 29TH INSTANT, PUG DOG, with collar and tag. Finder will be rewarded by returning same at 1963 Notre Dame st. 230 1

LOST—21ST SEPTEMBER, PURSE, BETWEEN Beaver Hall and St. James. Return to Sharpe's Express, St. James st., and receive reward, as party is known. 230 1

LOST—A FOX TERRIER DOG, BROWN HEAD and tail, with brown spot on back; leather collar and plate with "Prince" marked on it. Return to 103 Inspector or 57 Shuter st., and be rewarded. 230 1

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR BOOKKEEPERS, clerks, storemen, messengers, janitors, coachmen, etc. Apply to Employment Bureau, Young Men's Christian Association. 109 tf

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR BOOKKEEPERS, clerks, storemen, messengers, janitors, coachmen, etc. Apply to Employment Bureau, Young Men's Christian Association. 106 tf

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG LADIES, SISTERS, daughters of lawyer, positions as companions or nursery governesses. No objection to travel. Address "E. G.," 138 Ann st., Quebec City. 223 8

WANTED—BY A MAN, FURNACES TO ATTEND, to put up double windows and clean windows. Address F. S., 312 Atwater avenue. 223 12

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER, by widow lady, who has had experience as housekeeper and care of children. Can furnish best references. Address "J 3994," STAR office. 227 6

WANTED—ENGAGEMENTS FOR DANCES, BY expert pianist. Apply 828 Lagauchetiere st. 228 6eod

WANTED—BY STEADY SOBER MAN, SITUAtion as storeman or handy man, handy at carpentering. E. B., No. 37 St. Monique st. 228 3

WANTED—SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as general servant or plain cook. 95 Cathedral street. 228 3

WANTED—A POSITION AS VISITING GOVERness or tutoring by a lady graduate of McGill University. Address "P 4163," STAR office. 228 3

WANTED—SITUATION FOR A SMART REliable young man, accustomed to horses. Apply to Thomas Wilson, 30 St. Francois Xavier st. 228 3

WANTED—MANAGEMENT OF CIGAR AND TObacco store, 12 years experience, speaks French and English fluently. References and good security can be furnished. Address "S 4260," STAR office. 228 3

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, IN GENtleman's family, English; good city references. Address 837 Wellington st., Point St. Charles. 228 3

WANTED—SITUATION BY MAN AND WIFE, without children; man coachman and general work, wife good laundress and plain cook. Prefers laundry work. Good references. Wm. Codling, Compton, Que. 229 3

WANTED—BY DRESSMAKER, WORK IN PRIvate families by the day. Address "T 4305," STAR office. 229 2

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY OR WEEK, BY a respectable woman, washing, ironing, house cleaning, willing to do anything. Address 14 Gain st.; or family's washing at her own home. 229 2

WANTED—SITUATION BY FIRST CLASS stableman. Apply T. Thomas, 36 Vallee st. 229 2

WANTED—BY DRESSMAKER, WORK BY THE day in private families, children's clothes a specialty. Apply 59 Aylmer st. 229 2

WANTED—BY COMPETENT TRAINER, DRIVER and veterinarian, employment in any capacity in stable of trotting horses or on stock farm. Address "T 4299," STAR office. 229 6

WANTED—BY YOUNG SMART GERMAN clerk, obliging and willing, situation. Good references. Please address Edward, 485½ Craig st. 229 2

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED nurse, the care of one or two children; good references. Address "T 4303," STAR office. 229 2

WANTED—POSITION BY HIGHLY RESPECTable English person, housekeeper, companion to invalid or mother's help; experienced; salary moderate; object, home; good references. Address "Y 4392," STAR office, Montreal. 229 4

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG MAN, work of any kind. Best of references; strictly sober. Not afraid of work. Address "Y 4402," STAR office. 229 2

WANTED—SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a young married man. Good references. Address "Y 4404," STAR office. 229 3

WANTED—A SITUATION AS UPPER HOUSEmaid, able to sew well. Address "B 4469," STAR office. 229 3

WANTED—BY YOUNG GERMAN ENGINEER, situation in factory, is competent in all sorts of machine work where his services would be required. Best of references. Address "A 4434," STAR office. 229 2

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, SITUATION IN office as bookkeeper and clerk. Two years experience. Answer H., P. O. Box 1785. 230 1

WANTED—BY ENGLISHMAN, SITUATION, watchman or generally useful, reliable, honest; two years' references; total abstainer; speaks French. Not particular wages start, being sadly in want. No education. Married. Worked in factories. Cooper, 308 Plessis street. 230 1

WANTED—SITUATION BY COMPETENT TRAVeller in hats and furs or other lines, steady, sober and pushing; west of Montreal. Best references. Address for two days, "O 4145," STAR office. 230 1

WANTED—BY INDUSTRIOUS MAN AND WIFE, situation, man coachman and generally useful about house, wife good cook, best of references. "D 4545," STAR office. 230 2

WANTED—BY MARRIED COUPLE WITHOUT children, speaking English and French, educated, situations as caretakers in offices or bank or other institutions. Address "D 4513," STAR office. 230 1

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, SITUATION AS storeman or shipper, has also had some experience in packing; references if required. Address "D 4531," STAR office. 230 3

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, washing at her home. Apply 194½ St. George st. 230 1

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG MAN, OVER nine years experience in manufacturing business. Address "B 4471," STAR office. 230 2

WANTED—BY A TRUSTWORTHY WOMAN, A child to care at her own home. Address 155 St. Urbain street. 230 1

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUTH, WHO UNderstands the care of horses; willing to be generally useful. Apply 8 St. Monique st. 230 1

WANTED—GARDENING, PRUNING, TRANSplanting, turfing, etc., by a thorough gardener. References given. Call or address Gardener, 65 Berthelet street. 230 2

WANTED—BY RESPECTABLE WOMAN, situation as general servant in small family; good references. Apply 11 Josephine lane. 230 2

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG MAN IN wholesale or retail store; thoroughly understands grocery business; speaks French and English. Best references. M. T., 26 Mountain Hill, Quebec. 230 2

WANTED—SITUATION AS GROOM OR COACHman, married, one child. Good references if required. F. Bullock, Danville, P. Q. 230 2

WANTED—BY EXPERT STENOGRAPHER AND typewriter operator, a position as private secretary, or otherwise. Best of references. Address "H 4651," STAR office. 230 6

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE. PARTIES WISHing to dispose of secondhand furniture, carpets, stoves, etc., will find cash buyer, 404 St. James st. Telephone 1139. 224 7

WANTED—ONE SECONDHAND PILE DRIVER hammer about eighteen hundred pounds. Apply to Box 97, St. Hyacinthe. 228 3

WANTED—A WELL TRAINED WATER OR cocker spaniel, thoroughly broken to partridge shooting. Address "A, 4445," STAR office. 229 2

WANTED—TO BUY A SECONDHAND COUNTER. Address "C 4488," STAR office. 230 1

WANTED—TO PURCHASE LADIES' AND gent's cast off clothing. Highest price paid. Apply to Jacob Morris, 697 Craig st., or by mail. 230 2

WANTED—NEW OR SECONDHAND FOOT power polishing lathe, with or without brushes. Address Manager, 897 Notre Dame. 230 1

WANTED—TO PURCHASE LADIES' AND GENtlemen's cast off clothing, furs. Highest prices given. H. Pearson, 685 Craig street, near Bleury. Orders by mail promptly attended to. 230 1

WANTED—TO PURCHASE, TELEGRAPH INstrument, complete; must be cheap. Address "H, 4632," STAR office. 230 1

WANTED—TO PURCHASE HOUSEHOLD FURniture of all kinds. Highest cash price paid. P. J. Kearney, 16 Victoria square. 230 1

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE FARM, SITUATED ON Trout River, near Huntingdon, P. Que., contains about 190 acres rich clay loam soil, highly cultivated; buildings complete; first class fencing, drainage, etc.; good apple orchard; also 4000 sugar trees, with complete attachments. Price $8000. Terms to suit. Address 31 Colborne street. 222 12

PARTNERS WANTED.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH 3 TO 5 THOUSAND dollars, to extend a tobacco manufacturing business of several years standing. Preferred one who could take charge of sales. This is an A1 investment and will bear investigation. Address "S 4243," STAR office. 228 3

WANTED—A PARTNER CAPABLE OF INVESTing 500 dollars in a good line of business. Central locality. Address "A 4430," STAR office. 229 3

WANTED TO BORROW.

WANTED—A LOAN OF $30 TO $50,000 ON CITY property, first mortgage. Apply to J. B. Lapointe, 121 Vitre st., between 1 and 2 o'clock. 229 2

WANTED—A LOAN OF SEVENTEEN THOUsand, $17,000, on city property, valued at over twenty-five thousand, $25,000; well situated; constantly increasing in value. Interest 5 to 5½ per cent. For particulars address "D 4527," STAR office. 230 1

HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED—TO RENT, MEDIUM SIZED MODERate priced houses, furnished or unfurnished. Apply H. M. Simpson, 30 St. John st. 227 4

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—100,000 FT. NEW RUBBER BELTING, 50 and 20 discount; 1200 pulleys, 50 to 60 discount; 10 engines, boilers, 5 to 40 h. power; hangers, shafting, drills, lathes, planers, moulders, tenon, mortising, boring and sawing machinery. Mullin & Co., Papineau sq. 277 tf

FOR SALE—FOR THE MILLION, KILN-DRIED kindling wood, $2; cut maple, $2.50; tamarac blocks, $1.75; mill blocks, $1.50 per load. J. C. Macdiarmid & Co., corner St. James and Guy. Telephone 8119. 206 tf

FOR SALE—POULTRY. I HAVE TOO MANY pure bred cockerels left and will close them out at one dollar each, light Brahmas, R. C. White Leghorns, R. C. Brown Leghorns, barred Plymouth Rocks. I have no more pullets to sell. J. B. Goodhue, Rock Island, P. Q. 221 9 2aw

FOR SALE—ST. BERNARDS OF PUREST BREED, ing from pedigreed stock at reasonable prices. A few choice puppies for sale. H. Gorman, Sarnia, Ont. 221 4 2aw

FOR SALE—RELIABLE FIRE PROOF SAFES, from $20.00 upwards, with combination locks, special sizes for family use. Write for illustrated circulars, at E. D. Collerel, 522½ Craig st. 226 5

FOR SALE—A CLENDINNENG LEADER COOKing stove, round pot; nearly new. Address 21 Vercheres ave. 229 2

FOR SALE—GASALIERS, BRACKETS, HALL lamps and pendants; a complete, new stock just received. For cheap gas fixtures, call on George Henders, 377 St. Lawrence st. 229 2

FOR SALE—BOILERS. TWO HORIZONTAL TUBular boilers, 60 inches x 16 feet. One horizontal tubular Boiler, 84 inches x 14 feet. One horizontal tubular Boiler 50 inches x 13 feet 6 inches. One horizontal tubular Boiler 48 inches x 14 feet. One locomotive Boiler, shell 36 inches diameter, 13 feet 6 inches long. One marine type Boiler (new), 5 x 9 feet. One horizontal tubular Boiler, 60 inches x 14 feet, containing 51 4 inch tubes. One vertical tubular Boiler, 7 feet high, 36 inches diameter. One new horizontal steel tubular Boiler, 44 inches x 12 feet. One new horizontal steel tubular Boiler, 50 inches x 10 feet. One new horizontal steel tubular Boiler, 56 inches diameter, 8 feet long. The above boilers are in first class shape and will be sold cheap for cash. For further particulars address the Jenckes Machine Co., Sherbrooke, or apply at the Montreal Office, 16 Victoria square. 230 3 2aw

FOR SALE — TWO FULL DRESS SUITS OF clothes, suitable for waiters. A. Reeves, tailor, 162 St. Antoine st. 230 1

FOR SALE—A SMALL STOVE IN GOOD ORDER. Will be sold cheap. Address No. 6 Towers st. 230 1

FOR SALE—300 NEW AND SECONDHAND HALL and kitchen stoves; also ranges for sale or exchange. Alfred House, 489 St. Lawrence st. 230 1

FOR SALE—GOOD PRACTISING PIANO, SWEET tone and in perfect order; guaranteed. Price $75.00. Apply P. E. Layton & Bro., 2387 St. Catherine st., corner of Peel and Windsor. 230 1

FOR SALE—A NO. 24 McCLARY ROYAL HALL stove, at half price. Owner now using furnace. Apply 493 St. Urbain st. 230 1

FOR SALE—CHEAP, SAFETY BICYCLE, RUDGE pneumatic, 1892 pattern. Apply at 356 St. Dominique st. 230 1

FOR SALE—STEAM LAUNCH, 30X6, SPEED TEN miles; compound engine 3x6x6, independent air pump. F. W. G. Johnson, Sorel. 230 1

FOR SALE—CANOE YAWL, NEW THIS SPRING, 17x5 ft 7, steel plate centreboard, two masts and sails complete; also 15 foot ducking skiff, fan centreboard, drop rudder. A bargain to prompt purchaser. F. W. G. Johnson, Sorel. 230 1

FOR SALE—SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS AND organs at greatly reduced prices. Easy terms. Newcombe Piano Warerooms, 2354 St. Catherine st. 230 2eod

FOR SALE—SEVERAL HEINTZMAN UPRIGHT pianos, good as new, with exception of the cases. Tempting prices and easy terms of payment. Apply to C. W. Lindsay, 2268, 2270 and 2272 St. Catherine st. See our assortment of new pianos and organs. 230 1

FOR SALE—TWO BLACK SPANIELS, MALE AND female, one year old, also a large dog house. 107 St. Hypolite st. 230 1

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN, PARLOR SET 7 PIECES, modern style, in good order. Price $18.50. 13 De Vercheres avenue, off St. Charles Borromee. 230 1

FOR SALE—TAILOR'S SHEARS, EXTRA GOOD, price $5.00, cost $10.00. Apply 25 St. Lawrence st. 230 1

FOR SALE—CONCERTINA, ENGLISH, 39 KEYS, in good condition; cheap, cost $30. Hird, 3529 Notre Dame st., St. Henry. 230 1

FOR SALE — TWO GENTLEMEN'S AND FEW ladies' diamond rings at a bargain. Address "C 4492," STAR office. 230 1

FOR SALE—ENGLISH FOX HOUNDS, PEDIGREE stock, five and ten dollars. 364 St. James st. 230 1

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS HALL STOVE IN GOOD order. 10 Victoria st. 230 1

FOR SALE—A COAL BURNER, IN FIRST-CLASS order, Harmony. Cheap to a quick purchaser. 158 St. George st. 230 1

FOR SALE—FOX TERRIER PUPS, TWO MONTHS old, cheap. 90 Durocher street. 230 1

FOR SALE—CHEAP, TWO SELF-FEEDING HALL stoves. Can be seen at 1747 Notre Dame st. J. Palmer & Son. 230 1

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—RARE BUSINESS CHANCE. PLANE and plane iron shop, saw mill, and residences, all in first class order. The only business of its kind in Canada, and with prosperous record of 36 years, commanding practical monopoly of this important branch of industry. Apply to S. Dalpe, Roxton Pond, Que. 182 13 law

FOR SALE—STOCK AND GOOD WILL OF GROcery, established 12 years; best of customers; thickly populated district; license for grocery and butcher shop paid. Address "O 4151," STAR office. 228 6

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE, IN A RAILROAD town, within fifty miles of Montreal. For particulars apply with stamp, to W. D., P. O. Box 1388, Montreal. A good chance for a young licentiate. 229 3 3aw

FOR SALE—90C ON THE DOLLAR, STOCK AND good will of a first class boot and shoe business on the best thoroughfare, established 10 years, part cash, balance on easy terms. Address "T 4301," STAR office. 229 2

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST SALOONS IN the city, good business; good reasons for selling. "Y 4405," STAR office. 229 2

FOR SALE—LICENSED RESTAURANT, ON ST. Catherine street. Reason for selling, ill health. Apply 1528 St. Catherine street. 230 3

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN, FRUIT, CANDY AND oyster store, established. 464 St. James st. 230 1

FOR SALE—ONE OR TWO YOUNG MEN, WITH experience in groceries, will hear of a good west end cash business for sale or exchange for a small suburban property. Good reasons given for selling. For particulars address "C 4507," STAR office. 230 2

FOR SALE—A GROCERY STORE, DOING A GOOD cash business, one of the best stands in the city. Address "C 4504," STAR office. 230 1

FOR SALE—HOTELS, SALOONS, CIGAR, FRUIT and confectionery stores, and other kinds of business. Houses, stores, rooms to let. L. Harris, 1988 St. Catherine st. 230 6

FOR SALE—FRUIT AND CANDY STORE; GOOD reasons for selling. Address "F 4598," STAR office. 230 1

FOR SALE—DINING ROOM, DOING FIRST class business; rent low; central locality. Will be sold cheap; good reasons for selling. Address "G 4609," STAR Office. 230 2

FOR SALE—THE KNAPP HOUSE, FORMERLY Duncan House, corner of St. Charles Borromee and Lagauchetiere sts. Weekly average 160 dollars. To be sold with or without stock, cheap. Present owner taking Road House. W. H. Knapp. 230 1

TO LET—OR FOR SALE A LARGE BOARDING house. Furnished throughout. Address "F 3898," STAR Office. 229 2

HORSES AND CARRIAGES, ETC.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME GRAY COB, 4 YEARS old, safe for a lady and not afraid of electric cars, stands about 15 hands; a most useful little horse and sold as owner has no further use for him. Prize winner last year. Apply H. G. Strathy, 9 St. Sacrament st. 205 tf

FOR SALE—THAT CELEBRATED LITTLE ENGlish cob "Dick," 13 hands, perfect pony for a boy. Took 4 prizes at exhibition last year; color bay with black points; grand pony for a boy who wishes to follow the hounds. Apply H. G. Strathy, 9 St. Sacrament st. 205 tf

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS VICTORIA, MADE by "Ritchot," has only been used once; reason for selling, party has no further use for same. Can be seen and full particulars at Ritchot's, Carriage Builder, St. Antoine st. 217 tf

FOR SALE—A COMPLETE RIG, HORSE, HARness and dog cart, very cheap, as it must be sold at once. Apply 774 Craig st. 221 tf

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS PAIR OF CHESTnut cobs; can road in three minutes. These horses will be sold a bargain, as the owner is going to England. Any lady can drive them. Can be seen at Osborne & Hardy's Stable, cor. Metcalfe and Burnside sts. 228 3

FOR SALE—HORSE SIX YEARS OLD, SOUND, quiet and nice driver. Will be sold cheap to an immediate buyer. Call at 116 Champ de Mars st. 230 1

FOR SALE—HORSE 5 YEARS OLD, HARNESS and Gladstone buggy. 65 St. Lawrence. 230 1

FOR SALE — CHEAP, TWO THOROUGHBRED fillies, 2 and 3 years, sound, handsome; two year old sired by Terror. Two Standard and registered fillies, 1 and 3 years. Address E. Phelps Ball, Lee Farm, Rock Island, Que. 230 2

FOR SALE—BAY MARE WITH BLACK POINTS, height 15.3, perfectly sound, guaranteed to trot mile 2.50 or better, kind in harness, any lady can drive her. Apply A. Beaucanal. 230 1

FLATS WANTED.

WANTED—TO RENT, FLAT OF 3 OR 4 ROOMS, unfurnished or furnished, for light housekeeping. Address "B 4481," STAR office. 229 2

PROPERTY FOR SALE, ETC.

FOR SALE—TWO HOUSES AND ONE BUILDING lot, central locality, for $25,500, rental $2,916. Terms easy. Apply No. 1899 St. Catherine st. 229 4

FOR SALE — TENEMENT HOUSE, 46 AND 48 Prince Arthur street. Bargain for quick purchaser. E. D. Wintle, 11 Hospital street. 230 1

FOR SALE—AT BOUCHERVILLE, A LARGE stone house and outbuildings, an area of 28,500 feet, easily divided in lots. Apply Room 18, Imperial Building. 230 1

FOR SALE—AT LONGUEUIL, A SPLENDID mansion, 45x20, hot water furnace, baths and closets and outbuildings; area 50,000 feet. Apply Room 18, Imperial Building. 230 1

FOR SALE—AT LAPRAIRIE, A FIRST CLASS house and outbuilding and large number of building lots; central locality. Apply Room 18, Imperial Building. 230 1

FOR SALE—ONE SPLENDID STORE, 259 COMmissioners street, corner St. Francois Xavier, area 2307 feet. Apply Room 18, Imperial Building. 230 1

FOR SALE—TWO LARGE STORES AND WAREhouses in rear 415 to 417 St. Paul street, suitable to wholesale or manufacture. Apply Room 18, Imperial Building. 230 1

FOR SALE—TWO NEW STONE FRONT HOUSES, on the lower Lachine Road, just outside city limits, beautiful shade trees, good boating, three minutes walk from street cars. Price only $3000 each. Very easy terms. Henry Ward & Co., 207 St. James st. 230 1

FOR SALE—I WILL EXCHANGE SOLID BRICK tenements, giving good returns, for merchandise, also excellent properties to exchange for farms without mortgages. Wm. Thompson, 39 Temple Building. 230 1

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES FOR SALE BY JOHN MORRIS, 125 St. James st.

ST. DENIS STREET, RESIDENCE FOR SALE, above Rachel st. (10,000 feet of land). The house is highly finished, 11 rooms, unfinished basement, "Daisy" furnace, etc. Owner's reason for selling, house too large for his requirements. 230 1

CRAIG STREET, NEXT TO CORNER OF street. Size of lot 42x36.3. Two tenants. Estimated rental $216. Price $2250. 230 1

STONE FRONT BLOCK OF TENEMENTS, NEAR corner of Cadieux st., 4 story solid brick and stone buildings, first class roofs, galvanized iron. Price $4,500 each. Good solid investment property. 230 1

BRICK COTTAGE FOR SALE ON DROLET ST., near Roy st., dbl. roof, brick division walls, well finished in graining and decorating. Possession at once if required. A bargain at $2000. 230 1

ST. LAWRENCE ST., STORE AND DWELLING below Pine avenue, well rented, price $5000. Call at office for further particulars. 230 1

MONTREAL JUNCTION, OPPOSITE R. R. STAtion, fine brick house for sale, only built about a year ago, water and drainage system almost complete; price $3000, $1000 cash, balance $20 per month, interest at 6 per cent. 230 1

PRINCE ARTHUR ST., STONE FRONT COTTAGE for sale, near University, delightful situation, price $5000, $2000 cash and balance at 6 per cent. 230 1

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE —BY— JOHN MORRIS, 125 St. James street.

2 CHOICE LOTS, ST. DENIS ST., ABOVE RACHEL st., each lot 25x95. 230 1

PANTALEON STREET, A LITTLE ABOVE SHERbrooke st., each about 22x69, with lane in rear, just the thing for cottages or tenements. No loss of land in building. 230 1

1 LOT ON ST. HUBERT STREET, NEXT CHERrier st., size 25x109. 9. 230 1

ST. DENIS ST., NEXT ROY STREET (1 LOT ONLY), 25x95, built on each side, very desirable lot. 230 1

LARGE LOT ON ST. URBAIN ST., NEXT TO Rachel st., size 61x117. Price reasonable. 230 1

SANGUINET STREET, JUST ABOVE ST. LOUIS Park, 2 lots, each 24x72 to a lane. 230 1

BOARD.

BOARD—AND ROOMS FOR LADIES DURING confinement, private. Mrs. Bohme, 151 Cadieux st. near Dorchester. 201 48

BOARD—MRS. SEARL, LADIES' DOCTRESS, PRIvate accommodation for ladies, with professional attendance; ladies attended at their home. 135 St. George street. 224 10

BOARD—AND ROOM, 1ST CLASS IN EVERY respect, with Canadian family. Apply 18 Berri st., near Viger square. 226 6

BOARD—AND ROOMS, CONVENIENT LOCALity; also excellent table board, at 2424 St. Catherine, near Peel. 226 5

BOARD—AND ROOM VACANCIES, HOT WATER heated, all first class, at 25 McGill College avenue. 226 5

BOARD — BOARD AND ROOM TO LET, 1ST. class, private and no children, at No. 710 Sherbrooke st. 227 5

BOARD—DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOM, WITH board, in a strictly private French family, terms moderate. Apply 105 St. Hubert street. 227 4

BOARD—AND ROOMS, ALSO TABLE BOARD. 17 Hanover st. 227 5

BOARD — FRENCH TEMPERANCE RESTAURant, 185 St. Paul street. 6 tickets $1.00; first class menu. Board by the week and month at reduced rates. 228 5

BOARD—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED PARLOR and bedroom adjoining; also single rooms, between Hutchison and Durocher. Board if required. 725 Sherbrooke st. 229 3

BOARD—AND ROOM, DOUBLE OR SINGLE, bathroom, hot and cold water. 30 Mance. 229 3

BOARD — AND ROOMS. PARTIES WISHING comfortable room, with good board; also table board, will find at 832 Dorchester. 229 2

BOARD—FURNISHED ROOM, WITH BOARD. 91 Cathedral st. 229 2

BOARD—ONE OR TWO YOUNG GENTLEMEN wishing to room together can have board and room. Terms moderate, at 99 Amherst st. 230 1

BOARD — BEAVER HALL CHAMBERS, 55 Beaver Hall Hill, first class accommodations for transit and permanent boarders; hot water heating. Terms moderate and centrally situated. 230 1

BOARD—A PRIVATE FAMILY RESIDING NEAR St. Mark st. would rent furnished bedroom and sitting room, with or without breakfast, to a gentleman. Address "Y 4414," STAR office. 230 1

BOARD—TWO RENT TO 2 GENTLEMEN OR A married couple, bedroom and sitting room en suite, with first class board. References exchanged. 719 Sherbrooke st. 230 1

BOARD — $3.50 AND $3.00 PER WEEK; ALSO large furnished room, reasonable. 659 St. Paul st. 230 1

ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—BY SINGLE GENTLEMAN, PARLOR (with open fire), and small bedroom, near Turkish Baths, in house with few occupants. Permanency. Address "R 4117," STAR office. 227 4

WANTED — TWO UNFURNISHED SIZABLE rooms, on bathroom flat, for light housekeeping, between Victoria and Crescent streets, near St. Catherine street. Address "Room," 56 University street, city. 230 2

WANTED—LARGE BEDROOM OR BED AND sittingroom, en suite, with breakfast, in neighborhood of Hutchison or Church street. State terms and position of apartments. "E 4562," STAR office. 230 1

WANTED—ONE OR TWO BACHELORS' ROOMS, west of Bleury st., unfurnished, but properly heated. Apply stating rent. Address "D 4544," STAR office. 230 1

WANTED—TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS, FAMily of three, no children; private family preferred. Address "F 4570," STAR office. 230 1

WANTED—ROOM (LARGE), UNFURNISHED, with use of kitchen; east of St. Lawrence st. J. G., 126 Berri st. 230 1

BOARD AND ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, ROOM and board for the winter, in private family, vicinity Dominion Square. State terms. Reply to "A 4418," STAR office. 222 2

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GENTLEMAN, A comfortable room, with board, in private family. Address, stating terms, "G 4617," STAR Office. 230 1

WANTED—BY AMERICAN GENTLEMAN AND wife, board and room, in private family. Good pay for suitable accommodations. Address "J 4667," STAR office. 230 1

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD, PERMANENT, CHEAP, BY an elderly man, would do some work as part payment. State charge. Address Andrew Grace, General Post Office, Montreal. 230 1

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—WATCH OR CLOCK HONESTLY cleaned by expert workman and warranted, 50 cts. English watch and Grandfather clock repairing a specialty. 70 Victoria square. 230 1

WANTED — A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH woman, married, no family, seeks light employment where she could have unfurnished rooms rent free, etc.; could act as housekeeper, caretaker, domesticated and good sewer. Address "E 4558," STAR office. 230 2

WANTED—GROCERY LICENSE, IF NECESsary, stock will be bought. L. Harris, 1988 St. Catherine, near St. Urbain. 230 4

TO RENT—UPRIGHT PIANO, QUITE NEW, superior in tone. Will rent at low figure. Apply 32 McGill College ave. 230 1

HOUSES TO [LET]

TO LET—AT $8 PER MO[NTH] Upper tenement, 6 room[s]... painted, No. 1215 St. Lawren[ce] E. Cooper, 165 St. James st.

TO LET—THAT COMFO[RTABLE] tenement, No. 1215 St. ... taining 6 rooms, newly tinted be rented low to a desirable te[nant] E. Cooper, 165 St. James st.

TO LET—COMFORTABLE ... winter, 8 rooms, $10 a mon[th] ... house. Address Box 44, St. Lan[...]

TO RENT—27 ARGYLE AVE... rooms, immediate possession. office of F. McMann, 178 St. James st.

TO LET—NO. 1 WINNING S[T.] ... cau st.); central locality; ... w. c. Rent $12 per month. Appl[y]

TO LET—COTTAGE, NO. 6... st., 10 rooms; modern im[provements] ... ply to Jas. McCrory, 87 Ottawa[...]

TO LET—SELF-CONTAINE[D] ... three, four and five roo[ms] well lighted, large yards. A[pply] ... street, or 14 Victoria street, ev[...]

TO LET—HOUSE, 73 Mc[...] avenue, close to Sherbro[oke] ... Rent low. Apply 71 McGill C[ollege]

TO LET—COMFORTABLE ... ment, on St. Antoine str[eet] ... ee. Apply to J. Cradock Sim[pson] ... James st.

TO LET — HOUSE, 3... street, newly papered and ... out; hot water heating. Apply ... & Sons, 181 Notre Dame street.

TO LET — SELF-CONTAI[NED] near Victoria square, 7 roo[ms] ... Address "N 4511," STAR office.

TO LET—LONGUEUIL, A P[...] ly built house, two stories, ... cony; modern improvements. B[...] Apply Mrs. Dumas, St. Thoma[s] ... gueuil.

TO LET—HOUSE CONTAININ[G] ... with good stable; also house ... rooms which could be let, or suit[...] Immediate possession; rent very che[ap] ... Apply to F. A. McRae, 563 St. Urba[in]

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUS[E] ... versity street, close to McGill ... and within a few minutes of ... Front door and steps, etc., will be ... everything put in first class order. Widmer Nelles & Bro., 303 St. James

TO LET—LOWER TENEMENT, ... street, in good order. Rent ... ance of the year. Apply No. 1 Sh[...]

TO LET—LOWER TENEMEN[T] ... avenue, 7 apartments and ... iences. Apply 268 Roy, or Lev[...] Vincent st.

TO LET—COTTAGE, 8 ... painted, etc., through ... Rent low. Apply to Doher[ty] ... Bank Bldg.

TO LET—HOUSE, ... papered and paint[ed] ... cold water; gas fixtures ... dieux street, with exten[sion] ... just below Prince Arth[ur] ... tric cars. Rent modera[te] ... grocer, corner St. Hyp[olite] ... T. James Claxton, 180 ...

TO LET—PRETTY ... on St. Catherine ... newly furnished, heat[ed] ... firegrate. Address "...

TO LET—AT R[...] tages and te[...] Alexander, St. Urb[ain] ... Christophe streets. ... James street.

TO LET—FURN[ISHED] ... ed house, No. 7 ... Aylmer. Apply to J... or G. de Sola, 3 St. S...

TO LET—HOUSE ... Rent $5. App[ly] ... Louis.

TO LET—MONTR[EAL] ... house near C. ... water. Apply to J. ... St. James street.

TO LET—HOUS[E] ... flats, renting ... Henry Ward & Co.

TO LET—NO. 6 ... grates in parlo[r] ... painted; hot-water h[eating] ... able tenant. Self-co[ntained] ... vieve street, near Dor[chester] ... Post Office, 5 from de[pot] ... Apply 8 Hanover st.

TO LET—SMALL I... dollars; also emp... mond st.

TO LET—ON NOT[RE DAME ...] fortable dwelling ... hall, w. c., good order ... Apply to J. M. Boudre[au]

TO LET—THAT CO[MFORTABLE] house, No. 14 ... cheap for the winter to a ... that neat brick cottage. ... terms. Apply to R. Wa[...]

FURNISHED HOU[SES]

TO LET—FURNISHED ... M. Doherty's residence ... near (above) Sherbrooke st.; ... nace; all in perfect order. En[quire] ... Chambers.

TO LET—FURNISHED, ... modern house with exten[sion] ... situated; view unsurpassed; ... bles. Reason for renting, own[er] ... Apply H. M. Simpson, 30 St. John

TO LET — COMFORTABLY ... dwelling, 138 Metcalfe st. All ... veniences. Apply 96 St. Peter st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, 50 FORT ... below St. Catherine st., convenie[nt] ... hot water heating; 13 rooms. Mrs. ... Tupper st., or H. F. Jackson, 3017 St. C... street.

TO LET—ON MACKAY ST., A WE[LL FUR]nished house of 12 rooms, gas, ... modern conveniences. Address P. O.

TO LET—HOUSE, 129 ST. CHRIS[TOPHE] flat of four rooms, furnished ... Immediate possession. Apply 87 ...

FLATS TO LET

TO LET—FLATS, WEST ... ments, separate entrance ... and gas stoves provided; fur[...] rent low. Immediate possessi[on] ... 32 Overdale ave., extension kit[chen] ... nace; rent $15. James Stewa[rt] ... Building.

OFFICES TO [LET]

TO LET — TWO HAN[DSOME] floor offices, with goo[d] ... street. Mr. Lewis, office 13, ...

STORES, HOTELS, [ETC.]

TO LET — STORE at 212 Magdalen ... first house from Welling[ton] ... lington st.

FURNISHED H[OUSES WANTED]

WANTED—FROM ... 1st next, furnished ... servant's room. No ... West of Bleury and north ... red. Address "P 4168," ...

OFFI[CES WANTED]

WANTED—DE[SK ROOM] office by ... with privileges of ... moderate. Addres[s] ...

SUM[MER RESORTS]

BOARD—AT ... opposite the ... nished rooms; ... Dame Grenier.

[Torn overlay of a story printed over the column:]

...ne to my hearing," ...el. "It happened ... Mrs. Quigley, who ... the "Jeannette," ad... d by Anton Sanchez, ... eident she overheard ... yourself and the sick ... oul! that was a most ... le sequel to the story ... t diamond." ... the Captain with a ... be spoiled," pursued ... ast learned that the ... beautiful sister left ... ght of their arrival, ... at the two were not ... ented themselves to ... spicious, to say the ... act that the two de... nd unexpected man... the diamond you re... at swindler is not ... examined by an ex... eturned the Cap... a very clever imi... ... d I have just re... sick passenger, ... departure, which ... ght upon the af... ded the letter he ... onel, who took it ... ..., Sept. 14, 18— ... DSON,—The sud... precluded my bid... However, I now ... me assure you of ... ne little services ... leasant voyage on ... wish to offer you ... kind attentions ... which you favored ... ness had led you to ... The five hundred ... ness of heart and ... place in my pos... iamond, which in ... I had made you ... n had lost some ... wards compensat... elf-reproach I may ... upon your credu... y to say that I ... rding the route I ... tterly useless for ... ny whereabouts. ... ing some risk in ... remember your ... I feel that it ... e to leave with... warm regard I ... I feel in thus ... most pleasant ... ... BRIGHT.)" ... drop from his ... al!" he cried ... d he dare act ... er. But by ... what might ... affecting ro... ... id," he said, ... ust what they ... help feeling a ... drel Anton and ... foning look at his ... the Captain, "it's ... z and his wife are ... ized band of bogus ... d a large reward is ... ehension. I have been ... months, but they have ... me till I found them... tte." I don't mind telling ... ad of being merely a re... m a detective. I would ... and his wife under ar... landed, but there were ... rs of the gang that we ... he same time; so, I detail... most trusted assistants ... to till they should reach ... h was done, and a de... just received informs me ... een arrested along with two ... g and safely locked in gaol. ... to Anton was all in marked ... und in his possession, so it ... to me as soon as I reach St. ... shall soon go to testify ... y parties." ... ement escaped the lips of ... exclaimed, "this is a most ... ement to the little affair. ... the story you told of your ... simply a bit of imagination ... which I threw out, and as ... e it, it was gobbled up at ... ke a fresh cigar, Colonel."†

...ibition Commission.

...mission on the liquor traf... sittings in Brockville on ... the members of the com... to hold sittings in the pro... in the following places: ...ay, October 2, at 10 a. m.; ...sday, October 4, at 10 a. ...day, October 6, at 10 a. m.; ...y, October 9, at 3 p. m.; ...day, October 11, at 10 a. ...y, October 13, at 10 a. m.; October 16, at 3 p. m.; ...y, October 18, at 10 a. m.; ...y, October 20, at 10 a. ...day, October 23, at 10 ...ockville will be held in ...ouse, and probably in ... in other places.

...a Perjurer.

...tember 30.—At Dart... Lunn was arraigned ... intent to kill. She ... her husband found ... h a man named ... n caught hold ... a revolver at ... ould kill her, ... and Lunn was ... the shooting was ... rs. Lunn swore ... sband were in ... uestion. Her ... e magistrate ... oth husband ... reme Court

...ANTED ... men who ... and suf... r weak and ... ed. And, to ... uch woman, ... s guaranteed ... octor Pierce's ... rite Prescrip... For young ... just entering ... manhood; wo... at the critical ... en approaching ... mothers; and ev... -down" or over... that builds up, ... lates, no matter ... the system. ... restorative tonic, ... g nervine, and the ... edy for "female ... knesses. In bear... periodical pains, ... ion, and every kin... er fails to benefit or money back.

...HURCHES. JEWISH. ...EL. Stanley street, below St. ... Eve of Assembly 8.15 p.m. ... olo, "By the Waters of Babylon," Haydn's "And the Spirit of God" ... Cunningham, "The Heavens are ... orning at 10, Feast of Assembly. ... Hymn, "One Sweetly Solemn ... by Miss Silverman, "Angels Ever ... Miss Reyner, "O Rest in the Lord," Chopin's "March Funerbère."

...ENOMINATIONAL. ...ALL MISSION, 247 St. Antoine street, ...ersailles street. Gospel meeting Sun... 15. ... THOUSE OF INDUSTRY AND HOME ... ointe. Service, 2.30 p. m., Rev. J. H. ... CHRIST (SCIENTIST). Harmony Hall, ... therine street. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 ... ANDINAVIAN-LUTHERAN. ... FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET. Com... bas service at 10.30 a.m. Service on Sundays ... Sunday-school at 10 a.m. All Scandina... ... dially invited. Rev. A. W. Hvistendahl,

THE CHURCHES.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 1st.

EIGHTEENTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL. Holy Communion, 8.00 a. m. Cathedral Service and Holy Communion at 11 a. m. Choral Litany, 4.15 p.m. Cathedral Service at 7 p.m., preacher, Very Rev. Dean Carmichael. All seats free at 7 p.m. Friday (St. Michael's day), Holy Communion at 10 a.m. Daily service at 5 p.m. Rev. J. G. Norton, D. D., Rector of Montreal.

S. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, corner of Ontario and St. Urbain sts. Holy Communion, 7.45 and 11 a.m., Choral with sermon. Matins, 10.15 a. m. Evensong at 7 p.m. All seats free and unappropriated. Rev. E. Wood, M. A., Rector.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH. Very Rev. Dean Carmichael, Rector. Holy Communion at 9.30 a.m. and after morning service. Morning Prayer, 11.05 a.m., Preacher, Dean Carmichael. Sunday-school 3 p.m. Evening Prayer, 7.05, preacher, Rev. L. N. Tucker. All strangers and non-seat-holders entering by front door at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. will be directed to seats before Divine service begins.

ST. JAMES THE APOSTLE. Holy Communion at 8.00 a.m. and at the morning service at 11. Preacher, Canon Ellegood, M.A. Evening service at 7. Preacher, Rev. G. Abbott Smith, B. A. Canon Ellegood, Rector.

TRINITY CHURCH, St. Denis Street, opposite Viger Sq. Morning Service and Holy Communion at 11 a.m. Preacher Rev. Canon Mills, B. D. Sunday-school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Evening service at 7. Preacher, Rev. Canon Mills, Rector, who will resume series of sermons on the Miracles.

ST. MARY'S. Prefontaine street, Hochelaga. Service at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. Alfred Bareham, rector.

MAISONNEUVE MISSION, 631 Notre Dame street. Service at 7 p.m. Incumbent, Rev. Alfred Bareham. Service conducted by Mr. W. Curran.

ST. MARTIN'S. Rev. Geo. Osborne Troop, M.A., Rector. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Holy Communion at 11 a.m. Sunday school at 3 p.m. All seats free.

GRACE CHURCH, Point St. Charles. 8 a.m., Holy Communion. 11 a.m., Holy Communion and sermon. 7 p.m., evening prayer; preacher, Rev. Dr. Saunders. Rev. Jno. Ker, B.D., Rector.

ST. STEPHEN'S. Morning at 11, Holy Communion. Evening at 7; preacher, Ven. Archdeacon Evans, M. A., Rector.

ST. THOMAS' Notre Dame Street. 11 a.m. (Holy Communion), evening service at 7 p. m. Rev. J. F. Renaud, rector, will preach at both services.

ALL SAINTS' Church, corner of Marianne and St. Denis streets. 11 a.m., Holy Communion, and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Rev. H. J. Evans, M.A., Incumbent. Seats free.

ST. LUKE'S, corner of Dorchester and Champlain streets, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., Rev. T. E. Cunningham, Rector.

EGLISE DU REDEMPTEUR (Rue Chatham), 11 a. m. et 7 p. m. D. Lariviere, B. A., Pasteur.

ST. MATTHIAS, Cote St. Antoine. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. Edward Bushell, M. A., Rector.

ST. JUDE'S, Coursol Street. Services at 11 a. m., preacher, Rev. L. N. Tucker. 7 p.m., preacher, the Rector. Sunday School and Bible Classes at 3 p.m. Boys' Brigade, Monday, at 8 p.m. Service, Wednesday, at 8 p.m., followed by Sunday-school teachers' meeting. Boys' meeting, Saturday, at 7.30 p.m. Seats free. Strangers welcome. Rev. J. H. Dixon, rector.

ST. BARNABAS, St. Lambert. 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. W. J. Dart, M.A.

ST. STEPHEN'S, Lachine. 11 a.m., Holy Communion; 7 p.m., Special Thanksgiving service. Subject: "The goodness of God." Rev. R. Hewton, M. A.

ST. MARK'S, Longueuil. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. J. G. Baylis, B. D.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, corner of St. Luke st. and Wood avenue. 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m. All seats free. Rev. C. Cameron Waller, curate in charge.

CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER, Cote St. Paul, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., L. H. Davidson, lay reader in charge.

RICHMOND SQUARE Mission Rooms. Service 7 p. m.

OUTREMONT MUNICIPAL HALL, 7 p. m. J. Irwin Strong in charge. W. Henderson, Principal.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Sault au Recollet, Divine service at 11.15 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. E. McManus, Incumbent.

ST. PHILIP'S CHURCH, Montreal Junction. 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Rev. Geo. Johnson, Incumbent.

ST. SIMON'S CHURCH, corner St. Joseph and St. Elizabeth avenue, St. Henri. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. Samuel Massey.

VALOIS, Divine Service in boat house 11 a. m. during the summer months, Rev. Mr. Rochester officiating.

PRESBYTERIAN.

ST. ANDREW'S (Church of Scotland). Morning service at 11 a. m. Preacher, Rev. Principal Barbour, D. D. Evening service at 7. Preacher, Rev. W. H. Warriner. Sunday-school at 3. Rev. J. Edgar Hill, M. A., B. D., pastor.

MOUNT ROYAL VALE. Union Mission Church, Service at 4 p. m.

STANLEY STREET. 11 a.m. 7 p.m. Rev. F. M. Dewey, M. A., pastor.

AMERICAN. 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. The Pastor, Rev. T. S. McWilliams, M. A., will preach at both services.

AMERICAN, INSPECTOR ST. BRANCH. 411 St. James st. Mr. J. H. Collins, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school at 3.15 p.m.

ERSKINE. Rev. A. J. Mowatt, pastor. 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

CRESCENT STREET. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. A. B. Mackay, D. D., pastor, will preach at both services. Sabbath-school and Bible classes at 3 p. m.

CHALMERS'. Rev. Colborne Heine, B. A., pastor. Services, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

ST. JOHN'S. (French Presbyterian) old Russell Hall, St. Catherine street, 11 a. m. and 7. m., Rev. Mr. Morin, pastor.

LAPRAIRIE. ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH. 11 a. m. and 3 p. m. every Sunday. Wm. McCuaig, Missionary.

ST. MATTHEW'S, Point St. Charles, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. W. R. Cruikshank, B. A., pastor. Sabbath-school and Bible Class at 3 p.m.

MAISONNEUVE MISSION. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

KNOX. Rev. James Fleck, B.A., pastor, 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Sunday services are being held in the High School, Peel street.

ST. PAUL'S. Rev. James Barclay, M.A., D.D., pastor, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Sunday-school at 3 p. m.

ST. MARK'S. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., Rev. John Nichols, pastor.

ST. GABRIEL. The Rev. Robert Campbell, D.D., pastor. Rev. W. Forlong at 11 a.m. Rev. Principal MacVicar, D.D., LL.D., at 7 p.m.

L'EGLISE DE ST. SAUVEUR, Canning street, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

COTE DES NEIGES. 11 a. m. Rev. J. Myles Crombie.

COTE ST. LOUIS NEW CHURCH, corner of St. Denis and Carriere sts. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. W. T. Morison.

NORWOOD. (Back River.) 3 p. m. Rev. J. Myles Crombie.

ST. LAURENT. 7 p. m., Rev. J. Myles Crombie.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Lachine. Rev. Charles Ross, pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

WESTMINSTER PRESB CONGREGATION—HALL corner of Atwater Ave. and St. Antoine Street, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. M. Stewart Oxley, B. A., pastor.

MELVILLE CHURCH, Cote St. Antoine. Rev. Prof. Ross, M. A., B. D., will preach at both services. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath-school and Bible class conducted by Rev. Prof. Fenwick at 3 p. m.

ST. CUTHBERT'S, St. Lambert. Rev. Murray Watson, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath-school and pastor's Bible class at 3 p. m.

CALVIN—Rev. W. J. Smyth, Ph. D., pastor. Communion service at 11 a. m. Evening service at 7. Ordination service at 8.30 p. m.

METHODIST.

ST. JAMES METHODIST CHURCH. Rev. W. J. Hunter, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

DOMINION SQUARE. Rev. A. C. Courtice, B. A., B. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m.

SHERBROOKE STREET, Corner St. Lawrence st. Rev. S. D. Chown, pastor, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Subject for the morning, "Fallow Ground"; for the evening, "The Bible, What is it? Why preach it?"

DOUGLAS CHURCH. St. Catherine st. west. Rev. S. P. Rose, D. D., Pastor. Opening of new school room. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., preacher, Rev. Jesse L. Hurlbut, D.D., of New York.

COTE ST. ANTOINE. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. J. D. Ellis, B. A., pastor.

HOCHELAGA METHODIST. (Marlborough st.) Pastor, Rev. Thomas Brown. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

MONTREAL SOUTH. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., Rev. A. E. Pates, pastor.

COTE ST. LOUIS. (Corner Mount Royal ave. and Berri street.) 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Rev. J. H. Ainsworth.

OUTREMONT. 11 a.m., Mr. H. A. Moulton.

CENTENARY—POINT ST. CHARLES. Rev. J. Tallman Pitcher, pastor. 11 a.m. and 7 p. m.

DORCHESTER STREET METHODIST CHURCH, corner Dorchester and St. Urbain streets. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., Rev. A. G. Robertson, pastor.

COTE ST. PAUL. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., Rev. R. G. Peever.

ADVENT CHRISTIAN.

ASSEMBLY HALL, 2269 St. Catherine street. Service at 7 p. m., Mr. Charles Robertson. Subject: "Churchism and its effect on morality."

BAPTIST.

OLIVET. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. W. B. Hinson, Pastor.

FIRST. The pastor, Rev. Donald Grant will preach at both services. Missionary prayer meeting, led by Mr. L. H. Packard, at 10 a.m. 11 a.m., subject, "Christian Stewardship." The Lord's supper will be administered at the close of the morning service. 7 p.m., Evening service.

EAST END BAPTIST MISSION. 6 Craig street. Sunday, preaching service at 7 p.m. Sunday-school, at 3 p. m. Thursday, prayer meeting at 8 p. m. A hearty welcome to all. Henry J. Haysom, preacher.

OLIVET MISSIONS. Winstanley Hall, 142 Delisle street, 7 p. m. Olivet Baptist Chapel, corner Grand Trunk and Montmorenci streets, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

GRACE. Elm Avenue, Cote St. Antoine, Rev. W. T. Graham, pastor. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

COTE ST. LOUIS BAPTIST MISSION. Protestant Dissentient Schoolhouse, 52 Stuart street, Cote St. Louis. Preaching Service, 7 p. m.

CONGREGATIONAL.

CALVARY, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., Rev. Edmund M. Hill, M. A., Pastor.

ZION. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. W. H. Warriner, B. A., B. D., Pastor.

EMMANUEL. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. J. B. Silcox, pastor, will preach at both services. Evening subject, "From mud to marble."

POINT ST. CHARLES, Congregational Church, 185 Congregation street. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., Rev. T. Hall, Pastor.

UNITARIAN.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Rev. W. S. Barnes, pastor. Sunday-school resumed.

GERMAN LUTHERAN.

GERMAN LUTHERAN CHURCH, ST. DOMINIQUE Street, Rev. F. Riedel, pastor. Service, every Sunday at 11 a. m. All Germans kindly invited.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev W. D. Stevens, rector.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

A1 A Perfect Article.

COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER

The purest quality of Cream Tartar, finest re-crystallized Bi-Carbonate of Soda are used in its preparation. It has stood A1 with housekeepers for the past 30 years, and is now (if possible) better than ever.

All the best Grocers sell it. 57

PRESENTATION ADDRESSES! HANDSOMELY ILLUMINATED. EDWIN COX & CO., 114 St. Frs. Xavier street.

KOFF NO MORE.

Watson's Cough Drops will give positive and instant relief to those suffering from Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, etc., and are invaluable to Orators and Vocalists. "R & T. W." stamped on each drop. 80

FITS. All Fits stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No Fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch st., Phila., Pa. J. A. Harte, 1780 Notre Dame St. 91

BOECKH'S CELEBRATED Painting Brushes, Round, Oval and Flat, with Flexible Bridles attached ready for use. For sale by all leading houses. 193

ANGOSTURA BITTERS, THE WORLD REnowned South American appetizer, cures dyspepsia, &c. Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, sole manufacturers. At all druggists. 225

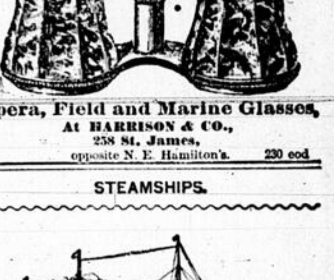
WHEN GOING TO CHICAGO FAIR, CARRY Travellers' Cheques of American Express Coy. No identification required. For sale at 84 St. Francois Xavier. 224 law

LADIES' CUTTING ACADEMY. Established in 1891

The Courses comprise, Designing of Patterns, Cutting, Joining, Fitting, Altering, Draping Skirts, Mantles, Dolmans, etc.

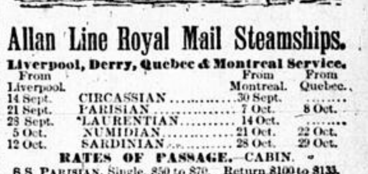
MRS. E. L. ETHIER, Principal, 88 St. Denis St., Montreal. 206 Dalhousie St., Ottawa. 114 eod

AN ABSOLUTE CURE ADAMS' PEPSIN TUTTI FRUTTI FOR INDIGESTION. SEE THAT TUTTI FRUTTI IS ON EACH 5¢ PACKAGE.



Opera, Field and Marine Glasses, At HARRISON & CO., 258 St. James, opposite N. E. Hamilton's. 230 eod

STEAMSHIPS.



Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.

Liverpool, Derry, Quebec & Montreal Service.

From Liverpool.		From Montreal.	From Quebec.
14 Sept.	CIRCASSIAN	30 Sept.	....
21 Sept.	PARISIAN	7 Oct.	8 Oct.
28 Sept.	*LAURENTIAN	14 Oct.	....
5 Oct.	NUMIDIAN	21 Oct.	22 Oct.
12 Oct.	SARDINIAN	28 Oct.	29 Oct.

RATES OF PASSAGE.—CABIN.

S.S. PARISIAN, Single, $50 to $70. Return $100 to $135.
S.S. SARDINIAN.
Single, $50 to $60. Return, $100 to $130.
By OTHER STEAMERS.
Single, $45 and $50. Return, $95 and $100.
Rates are in accordance with location of stateroom, and number of persons occupying same.
Second Cabin, $30 and $35. Steerage, $24.
Steamers are despatched from Montreal at daylight on the day of sailing. Passengers go on board between 8 and 10 o'clock on Friday evening. Steamers with an * will not stop at Quebec, Rimouski, or Derry.

Glasgow, Londonderry and N. Y. Service.

From Glasgow.	STEAMSHIPS.	From New York.
8 Sept.	*GRECIAN	28 Sept.
15 Sept.	STATE OF NEBRASKA	5 Oct. 2 p.m.
22 Sept.	*PERUVIAN	12 Oct.
29 Sept.	*NORWEGIAN	19th Oct.

Steamers with a * will not carry passengers from New York. Cabin passengers $40 and upwards, single; $80 and upwards, return; according to location of berth. Second Cabin, $30. Steerage at lowest rates.
Nearly all the staterooms are situated on the saloon deck, thus ensuring perfect ventilation. All the Steamers of both services are fitted throughout with the incandescent electric light. For freight, passage, or further information apply to H. & A. ALLAN, Montreal, Boston or Philadelphia, or to AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., 53 Broadway, N.Y.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAMSHIP CO.

NEW YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, BREMEN.

Aller, Tues., Oct. 3, 11 a.m.	Ems, Sat., Oct. 21, 7 a.m.
Saale, Sat., Oct. 7, 7 a.m.	Havel, Tues., Oct. 24, 9 a.m.
Spree, Tues., Oct. 10, 11 a.m.	Elbe, Sat., Oct. 28, 9 a.m.
Lahn, Tues. Oct. 17, 10 a.m.	Aller, Tues., Oct. 31, 10 a.m.

FAST ROUTE TO THE MEDITERRANEAN. Direct line to South of France, Riviera and Italy, touching at Gibraltar to land passengers to Spain.

NEW YORK TO GENOA LESS THAN 11 DAYS.

Werra, Sat., Oct. 14, 2 p.m.	Fulda, Sat. Dec. 9, 10 a.m.
Kaiser, Sat., Oct. 21, 2 p.m.	Werra, Sat. Dec. 30, 2 p.m.
Fulda, Sat., Nov. 4, 2 p.m.	Kaiser, Sat., Jan. 6, 9 a.m.
Werra, Sat., Nov. 18, 2 p.m.	Spree, Tues., Jan. 16, 1 p.m.
Kaiser, Sat., Nov. 25, noon.	Fulda, Sat., Jan. 27, 10 a.m.

Passage $100, $125, or $150 a berth first cabin.
OELRICHS & CO., 2 Bowling Green, New York.
J. Y. GILMOUR & CO., 356 St. Paul Street,
DOUGLAS BATTERSBY, 178 St. James Street,
W. L. S. JACKSON, 1761 Notre Dame Street,
89z Agents for Montreal.

DOMINION LINE

Royal Mail Steamships.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

Steamer	From Montreal.		From Quebec.
Labrador	Sept. 30,	Daylight,	Oct. 1.
Sarnia	Oct. 7,	11 p.m.	....
Vancouver	Oct. 14,	Daylight,	Oct. 15.
Oregon	Oct. 21,	11 p.m.	....
Toronto	Oct. 28,	11 p.m.	....

Montreal or Quebec to Liverpool or Londonderry—First cabin, $45 to $70; return, $95 to $150, according to steamer and berth. Second cabin, to Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown, Belfast or Glasgow, $30 and $35, return $65. Steerage, to Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Queenstown, Belfast or Glasgow, $24.
The saloons are large and airy, and amidships. Ladies' Rooms and Smoking rooms have been placed in the most convenient positions. Promenade decks are very spacious and every attention is paid to the comfort of passengers. S. S. Vancouver and Labrador do not carry cattle.
For further information apply to any agent of the company, or to DAVID TORRANCE & CO., 17 St. Sacrament Street, General Agents, Montreal.
114

BOUDAULT'S PEPSINE WINE.

The only one recommended by DR. CORVISART and approved by the Academy of Medicine of Paris. This Wine, of a very agreeable taste, has been used with the greatest success for 30 years in cases of

Dyspepsia, Gastralgia, Want of Appetite, Disgust at Meals, Slow and Painful Digestion, and other Troubles of the Stomach.

BOUDAULT'S PEPSINE (in Powder) is also recommended in some cases.

Paris:—HOTTOT-BOUDAULT. 3 rue Dauphine.

LYMAN SONS & CO., Wholesale Dealers, 386 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

LEGAL CARDS.

McGibbon & Davidson

ADVOCATES, &c.

NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING,

MONTREAL.

R. D McGibbon, Q.C. 2ll Peers Davidson

THE SIXTY-FIRST ANNIVERSARY.

History of Zion Congregational Church.

THE PARENT OF ALL THE OTHER CONGREGATIONAL CHURCHES IN THE CITY.

The Present Edifice to be Enlarged.

Zion Congregational Church is sixty-one years of age, and services to commemorate the anniversary will be held to-morrow and Monday. It is the parent church from which all the other Congregational churches in the city have sprung. Through many vicissitudes and ups and downs the old church, the name of which is a household word among Congregationalists all over Canada, has continued steadfast, and it is now in a most satisfactory condition.

It was on the first Sunday of October, 1831, that a few Christians gathered together and began the worship of God under Congregational methods, laying the foundation of the Church whose anniversary is about to be celebrated. The place of meeting was a room on McGill street, and on

REV. W. H. WARRINER, B. A., The Present Pastor.

July 6th of the year following the mission was organized as a church and the Rev. Richard Miles was inducted to the pastorate. Mr. Joseph Savage was the superintendent of the first Sunday school. In 1835 a building was erected on St. Maurice street, and the congregation moved there, where they worshipped for eleven years. In 1836 the Rev. Richard Miles was succeeded by the late Dr. Wilkes, who remained as the active pastor of the church for over thirty-four years. Seven years after the induction of Dr. Wilkes to the pastorate, a second church was formed by the transfer of seventeen members from Zion Church. The parent church still flourished, however, and in 1846 a substantial edifice was built on Beaver Hall Hill. An interesting fact in connection with the opening of that building is that from the very first it was decided that all seats should be free and unappropriated, Zion Church at this early date introducing the system which has gained so much in public favor, of late years. Twenty years after the church was destroyed by fire but was speedily rebuilt, more beautiful and commodious than ever. Several times since that has it suffered from the ravages of the fire fiend and at present little of it remains save the blackened walls of a building which has been in its turn, church, theatre and newspaper office. But in the meantime one of the several missions which the church at that time conducted, had grown to such an extent as to warrant its formation into a separate church, and the Eastern Church was organized on Amherst street in 1869. The year following the pastor, Dr. Wilkes, was appointed principal of the Congregational College of British North America, which necessitated his withdrawal from the active duties of pastor, though until the time of his death he always maintained the deepest interest in the welfare of the Church. In 1871 the Rev. C. Chapman, M.A., now of Plymouth, England, was called to the pastorate and three years afterwards Calvary Church was organized, another branch of the present Church. The year following one hundred and eleven members withdrew and formed Emmanuel Church, as there had been for some time previous a feeling in favor of an up-town Congregational Church. The Rev. Dr. Stevenson, who had been co-pastor with Mr. Chapman for some time, was placed in charge of the new church. Shortly after this Mr. Chapman resigned and was succeeded by the Rev. A. J. Bray, during whose pastorate the church on Beaver Hall Hill was sold and public worship was held in the Queen's Hall, St. Catherine street, and afterwards in what is now the St. Gabriel's Presbyterian Church. When the building was purchased by the Presbyterians, the Congregationalists moved into a small hall on St. Catherine street. Mr. Bray resigned in 1884 and was followed by Rev. H. McIntyre, who was in turn succeeded by the Rev. Professor Fenwick. The present building at the corner of Mance and Milton streets, was erected in 1889, and in the following January the present minister, the Rev. W. H. Warriner, B. A., B. D., was inducted to the pastorate.

Professor Warriner was born in Gainsborough, England, in 1853, and is consequently forty years of age. When a youth he came to this country and entered the office of a legal firm, but found time to continue his theological studies, and in the autumn of 1873 he matriculated at McGill University and was received as a student at the Congregational College, continuing a successful career.

In his third year in McGill he won the Science scholarship, and in the following year the Shakespearian gold medal in English literature; and, in graduating from the Theological College, the "Calvary" medal, so called after the church which founded it.

His first pastorate was in North Toronto, where he labored for four years, leaving to go to Bowmanville, where he remained eight years. During the last three years of his residence in Bowmanville he came to Montreal periodically to lecture in the College. When an additional chair was formed in the College he was chosen Professor of Hebrew and Greek Exegesis and Biblical Literature, which position he has since occupied in conjunction with his pastoral duties. He is a deep thinker and an earnest, practical preacher, and as a personal friend he enjoys to the full the confidence of his people. During his pastorate the church has progressed so thoroughly that although it was enlarged in the autumn of 1891, it is again too small, and it is now proposed to carry out the original plan of building up above and using the present church as a basement to the completed edifice. The land and present building have already cost $18,000 and it is proposed to raise $20,000 more for the purpose. To this end special efforts will be made during the coming winter, beginning with the special services of to-morrow and Monday. The programme for these services is as follows:

Sunday services.—Morning—Sermon by the Rev. W. H. Warriner, pastor.

Afternoon—Young People's Meeting, an open session. Addresses by Mr. C. T. Williams, Mr. Theo. Lyman, Rev. J. B. Silcox, of Emmanuel Church.

Evening—Sermon by the Rev. Principal Barbour, D.D. To be followed by a Consecration and Communion service.

Monday social.—Supper served at 7 p.m. To be followed by addresses by former members of Zion Church, the pastors of the sister churches and Principal Barbour.

It is desired to make the Monday gathering a reunion of all the present and former members

of Zion, and to ma[...] ing returned from St.
tunity for augmenti[...]
church.
It is a growing c[...] lieu, whither he had
populous district, a[...] mains of his father,
are deeply intere[...] osiers. The deceased
solemn form of ser[...] his eightieth year,
church, taking a[...] his profession for
foreign field. Fro[...] consequently one of
bers many have go[...] ers in the province. He
ing to go as foreig[...] bout three months ago
The present off[...] at whose residence on
Pastor, Rev. Pre[...] ied on Friday last.
Hon. deacons,
George Perry.
Deacons, Messr[...] JCK SHOOTING.
Moodie, H. T. Gar[...]
Treasurer and S[...] ! Quack! Quack!
School, Mr. Thos.
Secretary, Mr. J[...]
Board of Truste[...] h Railway," desirous of
H. Woodley, Th[...] reputation, landed us at
James Leslie, Th[...] Friday night over half
Organist, Mr. I[...] we had learnt from expe
ON [...] ared for delays and were
ndwiches, etc., a good deal
leaving the train we were
The Rev. Mr[...] well known voice of one of
gationalis[...] had driven over for us. He
as [...] traps" in the waggon and
drive we found ourselves
The Congreg[...] ion, a small farm-house on
gurated the wi[...] ver and the moon shining
rally meeting[...] her brightness, or as the
night. Mr. C[...] ark, "The moon was full."
dresses were[...] ated at a comfortable table
Barbour, E. M[...] supper. After that a few
C. Gunn, Co[...] gs, old friends, then a pipe,
Mr. T. D. Wi[...] ccompaniment, whilst we
with the pro[...] rangements for the morn-
and the merit[...] e were all in bed, and ex-
The Rev. Mr. S[...] ere too excited about the
spoke on the morning's sport, soon
His address[...] ve were aroused, our lamps
As he said him[...] a quarter of an hour
"slosh" around[...] sed and looking out
other in the eye[...] way the wind came.
could not hit a[...] of it and the worst we
his hearers to[...] ut enough to lift the mist.
the time had[...] milk and a slice of home-
humanity shoul[...] butter composed our first
with that of div[...] ry soon we were in our
to pose as earne[...] npanied by his favorite
or the relatio[...] There was just light
should now re[...] ater to enable us to direct
hitherto mon[...] rses up or down the river.
good was[...] Un the rushes were just be-
interfere to
injustice an[...] HE THE COMING MORN.
man had sa[...] on the shore, a bell at the
ful city, full[...] a splash of a fish or some-
its municipa[...] at, were the sounds we heard
company a[...] along under the still starlit
rob and opp[...] t an hour we are all hidden
good were[...] rious "blinds," our live decoys
something[...] innocently as possible, and
evils as t[...] quite contented by being well
point out s[...] o being anchored out as lures.
be employ[...] te streaks of dawn" were ap-
material[...] e east. The finishing touches
were wha[...] npleted about the blind, I was
where th[...] load my gun. My guide sitting
and cond[...] d just got one shell of No. 3
his surro[...] was feeling in his bag for
where th[...] hen we heard the ducks com-
they we[...] n behind. Joe did not hesitate.
main in a[...] gun, a No. 10, and how it did
result of[...] over my head, then down
The time h[...] black ducks out of the
socialism.[...] more who took that early
the Church b[...] s more than disappointed
the Church ha[...] nce at this flock. They
affairs.[...] it's always that way with

LITTLE SITS[...] de off your guard at any
your pipe or some-
just then you lose
he day. However, its
Sketch of a Flou[...] spilt milk." We are
City—Their Mi[...] log has brought in
pleased with the
the Need[...] In a few minutes
coming up the river;
for th[...] Nearer and nearer
12-bore for a right
ne almost among
His Lordship Archb[...] well over the other
ciate at the consecrat[...] ng only wounded,
the Little Sisters of th[...] hides till our re-
9.30 a.m., and Pontific[...] r on in the day,
brated. The Home wi[...] , a long shot, but
and benefactors from 1[...] ittern's curiosity
Benediction will take[...] ards a long wait,
and the Rev. Father St[...] art for breakfast
preach the sermon.[...] considering we
The other boats
The Little Sisters[...] day too fine for
have erected a lar[...] a few birds and
convent on Seigneurs st[...] ile we enjoy our
ter, on a very pleasar[...] clock it is sug-
mands a beautiful view[...] snipe grounds in
rounding country. The[...] are soon ready
135 feet by 46 feet, very[...] isappointed: the
a nice style of architect[...] near the river,
finished in the best of[...] elds, but where,
tremely plain and simp[...] Then it is pro-
ornamentation or decor[...] ree woodcock,
is bright and cheerful a[...] ver just outside
many modern improv[...] ls are so thick,
proof, although not[...] vork this lovely
tached plan. There[...] ot over-quick in
halls for the use[...] ggestion, but we
people for whom t[...] that we won't
a home, together with[...] We hear the
fectories. All present[...] nd fly towards
ance, being scrupulo[...] We cannot fol-
Additions will be ma[...] he farm-house to
soon as the wants[...] t of ducks. This
require it. The ch[...] h, the weather is
consecrated on Sund[...] too early in the
of architecture, and r[...] , and the summer
chapel of Notre Dame[...] te on this particu-
we return to the
This Order of th[...] ss" and that gladly,
Poor was founded[...] uncomfortable to
town in Brittany,[...] on a hot day. We
population of the[...] chickens, pies, etc.,
and hazardous livi[...] back to the "sta-
and this accounts f[...] e hurry, for we have
destitute old peo[...] r meal listening to
leur was called to[...] s of the day's sport.
ceived the idea of[...] marvellous "racon-
table work in[...] by telling us that last
the tangible[...] fat heron for dinner,
a help for eith[...] er than duck. The
tute old people[...] d find with it was
however, but[...] not wash the smell of
phans, whom[...] off the plates and knives
friends and[...] h she had tried her best
same commu[...] cun a son gout"—after all
occupations a[...] hurried off to the train, for
on the sea-sh[...] The very amiable station-
There they[...] any apologies and offered
sidered the[...] irs and other conveniences
them. It[...] We reached home without
with kind[...] h, after all, our wives thought
ill and[...] desideratum. We have since
comes[...] leep and feel well disposed to-
whole[...] thing and everybody and are
Other[...] king forward to the next day's
St. Th[...] ing.
took

woma[...] ALLAS IN COURT.
The n[...]
at last[...] chist Defiant and Insulting.
first wo[...]
plans wa[...] , September 30.—The Anar-
she is reg[...] who threw two bombs at Capt.
woman[...] nez de Campos last Saturday,
former wa[...] rtialed yesterday. Pallas
der. The[...] y unconcerned for his fate.
who was[...] g of the charge, Pallas de-
Mother Ma[...] hat he would commit the
crowned by[...] hundred times, if he
charitable an[...] nity. He was alone in
These Sisto[...] for the deed, and was
can only eat[...] ot killed Campos. His
they are oblig[...] when questioned caused
have nothing,[...] have him removed from
tend to their[...] most of the hearing was
in religion.[...] las was brought back to
go out to beg[...] or's address. When the
with their blac[...] ed "in the name of out-
St. Ann's paris[...] or the sake of civiliza-
riage," and whi[...] er be sentenced to the
the city, and h[...] d: "Agreed, there are
work.[...] nue the work." His
By the end of[...] for clemency on the
three self-suppo[...] oner's mind had been
fifteen or sixte[...] alizing literature and
votion of the L[...] The decision was
capable of giving
youth, their comfo[...]
necessary.[...] een Returned.
In 1851 there wer[...] ted in Chambers on
taining and cheerin[...] elin and his wife,
life lingering in[...] he return of two
France. The Sovere[...] . It is said that
cree bearing date[...] nto the nunnery
proved this commun[...] known parents."
on the 9th January,[...] aken care of by
been admitted to enjo[...] t is alleged, had
benefits of a legal rec[...] y. Petitioners
according to the rule[...] onsented to allow
their constitutions we[...] f the children.
brief of Leo XIII in 187[...] s to the nuns
269 houses of this com[...]
the world, containing 39,[...]
are cared for by 4800 n[...] Choir.
convent on Seigneurs str[...] Caledonian
sisters and 3 postulants w[...] 1893-4, took
wants of 122 destitute o[...] he St. An-
tionalities. The only novit[...] . A large
at present is in Brooklyn,[...] rned out to
soon be one for Canada.[...] R. Craw-
members
The annual general meetin[...] the choir
Benevolent Society will be h[...] ween con-
afternoon next, at three o'clo[...] o reserve
later on

EXTORTIONATE BAKERS.

HOW THE BAKER CONTRIVES TO MAKE ENOUGH TO LIVE ON.

Eighty and One Hundred Per Cent. Profit on Cost of Making Bread—Attempts to Explain Why Toronto Bread is Cheaper.

The price of bread is the question of the hour, and it is truly wonderful how much commotion the display of two small loaves in the STAR window has excited. How is it that the Toronto citizen can purchase his bread at about half the price the Montreal consumer pays? It is a mystery which the bakers of this city profess to be unable to solve. They hint darkly at short weight, inferior quality, cut-throat competition in the Queen City, and so on; but they know of no advantages that Toronto possesses over Montreal for the production of bread, except that Toronto is nearer to the great grain centres of the West and that therefore there might be a saving in freight charges. As the difference in freight charges between the two cities would not amount to one cent per hundred pounds, this proffered explanation is not considered as altogether satisfactory, especially when one learns that in the Old Country also, where they use Canadian flour, bread is six and seven cents per four pound loaf cheaper than here. The price of flour has fallen considerably of late, and so, to preserve the equilibrium, no doubt, up has gone the price of bread. Several bakers were visited by a representative of this paper recently, in order, if possible, to obtain some reliable information on this important subject. A visit, first of all, to a well known charitable institution resulted in the securing of some interesting figures relative to the cost of producing bread. One hundred pounds of flour can be purchased at present for $1.95. This quantity is sufficient for twenty-two six pound loaves, or 132 pounds of bread; that is to say, the raw material costs a cent and a half a pound. Now, a skilled man, receiving two dollars a day wages, can make one hundred four-pound loaves in that time, so that the labor employed brings the price up to eight cents for the four-pound loaf. Fuel costs something, of course; but it was estimated that, allowing for everything, a baker could sell a four-pound loaf of "white" bread for ten cents, and make a profit. That is an impartial estimate. Of the bakers interviewed very few cared to discuss the subject. One, however, went into a detailed calculation to show how fair present prices were. He figured as follows: Flour at the present time costs $3.80 per bag of 195 lbs. One such bag provides sufficient flour to make sixty-four pound loaves, or 252 lbs.; therefore the flour used in making a four pound lofa costs just six cents. Add the cost of labor, and the price rises to eight cents. Pay a man $1.75 a day for delivering one hundred and fifty loaves, and it rises to nine and one-sixth cents. Then it takes two horses to deliver the aforesaid hundred and fifty loaves. Two horses cost, say, seventy-five cents a day; that adds half a cent a loaf, so that the cost is now nine cents and two-thirds of a cent. Then it appears that there are a great many little things that help to increase the cost of production; what these little things are that oblige a man to charge sixteen cents for a staple article, the manufacture and delivery of which has cost less than ten cents, is not satisfactorily pointed out. Yet, sixteen cents is the price this baker charges, and in some portions of the city the price is eighteen cents. Of course, the baker wants to live, as one said; but as one of his customers, who was present, remarked, it was hardly fair to live by receiving such an undue share of support from the staff of life.

FREE AT LAST.

The Court of Review delivered judgment this morning in the case of Chartrand *versus* Campeau, confirming the decision of Judge Taschereau, ordering the liberation of Evangeliste Campeau, the particulars of whose case have already been published.

A Reform in Assessing Real Estate.
To the Editor of the STAR:

SIR,—An advertisement in to-day's STAR offers various parcels of real estate in Montreal at the city valuation and below. In so far as the assessors this year have sought to make their appraisals correspond to market prices, their course is just. In so far as their valuations exceed market prices, as in the case of the lands offered for sale in your journal, injustice has been done, and doubtless redress will be had. The assessors have access to deeds of sale, and these, though in many cases dated three to six years ago, have supplied the figures now presented as valuations on the municipal tax-bills. Leases, however, are as important as deeds of sale in endeavoring to ascertain the worth of property; as years elapse they indicate how values rise and fall, and should therefore, equally with deeds of sale, be placed at the service of the assessors. Nor should these gentlemen lack memoranda of property unleased.

Better, however, than any official assessor as a judge of the value of property is the man who owns it; and, what is of decided importance, from a civic point of view, he usually takes a quite rosy view of that value—if he be asked to sell. Why not then let him be his own assessor? By the first of May in each year let every proprietor in the city be required formally to declare the value he places upon his property. In cases where the property is leased let it be agreed that he will accept this valuation plus, say, ten per cent. as a purchase price if tendered any time before the first of the next May by a bona fide buyer. In cases of homesteads, and of business premises occupied by owners, let the percentage be as much as, say, thirty, so as to protect Naboths from dispossessing Ahabs. In all cases the valuations to have the utmost publicity.

With the total of these valuations before it, the authority charged with fixing the rate of assessment would simply enquire as to the amount necessary to be raised, and then proceed to work out a sum in rule of three.

Among other advantages, this plan would insure the city, railroad, and other corporations against being fleeced when expropriating or buying real estate for some boldly conceived public improvement.

GEORGE ILES.

Montreal, Sept. 28, 1893.

St. Patrick's Church.

Monday last, September 25, was the fiftieth anniversary of the blessing of the corner stone of St. Patrick's Church, and in honor of the occasion a full musical mass will be sung next Sunday. Fareconnier's mass is the one selected, and the following gentlemen will be the soloists: Mr. J. J. Rowan and Mr. Frank Feron. At the offertory Mr. P. Hammill will sing Pergetti's Salve-Regina. At 7.30 p.m., sermon and benediction, with congregational singing. Mr. Hainault will sing the miserere by Adrudella. The choir will render "Toto pulchra-es," by Melvil, and "Tantum ergo," by Verdussen. Mr. P. F. McCaffrey, conductor, and Prof. F. A. Fowler, organist and director.

Ready to Hear the Tenants.

The expropriation commissioners for the widening of Common and Commissioners streets have finished with the proprietors and are now ready to hear the tenants. Any one having any claims in this connection should file them within the next two days.

That Train-wrecking Scare.

The report that a gang of American train-wreckers have crossed into Canada with the object of carrying on operations is discredited in railway circles.

Vice-President Shaughnessy, of the C. P. R., speaking about it to-day, said: "Why, the story is simply ridiculous. The C. P. R., as a matter of fact, is not taking any extra precautions as alleged in a local newspaper. A few days an attempt was made near Quebec to wreck one of our trains by placing a rail across the track. Fortunately, this object was discovered in time.

Our detectives made an investigation and from an examination of the foot-prints near the track, is satisfied that it was the work of a tramp. But this incident does not mean that American train wreckers have been set loose in Canada.

A NEW PUMPING ENGINE.

Its Purchase Recommended by the Finance Committee.

Ald. Hurteau presided at a meeting of the Finance Committee yesterday afternoon, when a large number of claims for damages were considered. The first was that of ex-Ald. O. Robert, who appeared in person to urge a claim of $3100 for damages alleged to have been caused to his house, at the corner of Sherbrooke and Wolfe streets, through the lowering of the level of the street. One architect who had examined the house stated that it would require $2261 to put the house into perfect condition, and another $950; while the City Surveyor says that the city is not liable for all the damages, and that $300 will cover all losses for which it can be held responsible. The matter was referred to a sub-committee.

Mr. W. F. Lighthall, who owns property on St. Sophie lane, had already recovered $500 through the courts for damages on account of the raising of the level of the street there, and had a claim for a similar amount now for loss of rent. However, he would renounce his rights and pay half the cost, estimated at $519, if the city would pave it. The matter was referred to the City Attorney.

Mr. Drouin appeared on behalf of some St. Lawrence street proprietors for damages caused by the flooding of their cellars in 1891. It was decided to pay three-fourths of the amount of the claims, the same as had been paid to the others.

Mr. A. H. Sims' claim for compensation for a private sewer in Pine avenue was, on motion of Ald. McBride, referred to the City Surveyor.

The Committee decided to recommend to the Council the purchase of the Worthington pumping engine now in operation at the World's Fair. It has a capacity of 10,000,000 imperial gallons, and has been offered for $55,000.

The sum of $10,000 was voted to macadamize Cedar avenue, and several reports from other committees were concurred in. The sum of $9200 was granted for additional paving on Centre street, $6000 for Murray street, and $5100 for the streets surrounding the Grand Trunk offices.

THE COMMERCIAL TAX.

Sixty Cases Already on Hand and More Expected.

The Government Attorneys, Messrs. Archibald & Beaudin, will be fully occupied for some time yet in looking after the cases which have been entrusted to them in connection with the non-payment of the commercial tax. They have something like sixty cases on hand just now and it is possible that they may have yet more. The principal ground upon which opposition to the new tax is based is that the measure imposing it is *ultra vires* of the provincial legislature. In another case it is contended that the wording of the Act gives the impression that it does not come into effect until October 1893, and that it is not retroactive, wherefore merchants cannot be called upon to pay until October, 1894. The case of Lambe vs. Fortier, which is looked upon as a test case by the citizens, and which will probably come ultimately before the British Privy Council, will shortly come up for hearing. Meantime the Government recognizes no test case, but will go ahead and sue each individual trader who fails to pay within the stipulated delay.

CITY ITEMS.

The Rev. Mr. Silcox will speak on Sociology at the Congregational rally at Emmanuel Church this evening.

The Rev. A. J. Mowat, pastor of Erskine Church, will lecture on Sunday at the Young Men's Christian Association.

The Presbytery of Montreal meet at Calvin Presbyterian Church, Notre Dame street, on Sabbath evening next, at 8.30 o'clock, to ordain Rev. Mr. St. Aubin as French Protestant minister.

A meeting of the City Council will be held on Monday afternoon next. Among the matters likely to come up for discussion is the City Attorney's opinion on the Bayard incinerator site purchase.

The following milk dealers have been fined ten dollars and costs each, for selling milk below the standard: D. Lapierre, Mount Royal Vale; Gilbert Gregoire, Mile End, and Isaac Gagnon, Shaw street, city.

A concert is to be given in the St. Mary's College Hall on Monday, October 16, for the benefit of the Catholic Sailors' Club. The object is to raise funds to meet the expenditure involved in maintaining this worthy institution.

While George Wright, employed by the Bell Telephone Company, was fixing some wires opposite 243 Drummond street, he fell from the tree, on which he was working, about twenty-five feet, and landed on his head. The General Hospital ambulance was telephoned for and he was taken to that institution in a very serious condition.

Commencing Monday, October 2, the Delaware & Hudson day express for New York will leave at 8.40 a. m. daily, except Sunday, with Wagner parlor car Montreal to New York. The 10.00 a. m. train will be discontinued. The night express will leave at 6.10 p. m. daily, as at present, with Wagner buffet vestibule sleeping car through to New York.

Students at the Presbyterian College are making application at present for admittance. There will be thirty-six new men, and this number will exceed that of the last two years put together. The students of all the years will number fully one hundred, and the building can only contain eighty. Twenty at least will be obliged to find quarters outside the College.

The Council of Ste. Cunegonde met last night and resolved to send a delegation to the Montreal Street Railway Company to arrange for the laying of tracks and the paving of Notre Dame street this autumn. The number of arrests in this municipality during September was 43, of which 17 for drunkenness, 11 for vagrancy and 6 for assault. The revenue of the Recorder's Court for that month was $110.75.

Proposed Reorganization of the Law Courts.

A meeting of the Bar was held this morning for the purpose of discussing the committee's report, which read as follows:

"That your committee have carefully considered the bill entitled 'An Act for the Reorganization of the Law Courts,' and beg to report that after discussion and careful consideration your committee are of opinion that it would be unwise to change the present system of the province, and if any evils exist it is not in the system, but rather in the procedure before the courts."

Owing to the smallness of the attendance it was decided to adjourn till Tuesday next at 3 p. m., and to notify members by circular.

The "Circassian's" Passengers.

The R.M.S. "Circassian," which left for Liverpool this morning, had the following passengers on board: Miss Brown, Mr. R. B. Brimer, Mrs. Brimer, Miss Burgess, Mr. E. A. Dunn, Mr. G. Graham, Miss S. M. Gurney, Miss M. C. Gurney, Miss E. L. Gurney, Mr. Matthew Harvey, Mr. C. T. Mundy, Mrs. Pellatt, Mr. John Riddell, Mr. Steinthal, Mr. Salt, Mrs. Salt, Mr. S. B. Smith.

The "Labrador's" Passengers.

The Dominion Line Royal Mail steamship "Labrador," Captain J. McAuley, sailed at daylight this morning for Liverpool. The saloon passenger list is as follows:

Mrs. Arnott, Mr. S. Baker, jr., Lieut. F. E. L. Barker, R. A., Mr. Emilio Boizier, Miss Byrd, Mr. Thomas Brophy, Mr. O. A. Barette, Mr. Henry Cooke, Mrs. Cooke, Mr. G. W. Cornwall, Mr. Victor Chayer, Mrs. Chayer, Mr. J. M. Campbell, Mr. Alex. Crossman, Miss Dunlop, Colonel Dale, Mrs. Dale, Mr. Eagles, Mrs. Eagles, Miss Eagles, Master Eagles, Mr. A. Evans, Mr. G. T. Fulford, Mrs. Fulford, Miss Fulford, Master Fulford, Mr. F. X. Garneau, Mr. J. W. Godfrey, Miss Hutchison, Mr. W. S. Hawkshaw, Mr. Robert Henderson, Mr. A. H. Hardy, Mr. R. A. A. Jones, Mr. J. D. Keenleyside, Mr. J. Studdy Leigh, Mr. La Rue, Mr. E. S. C. Leach, Mr. A. B. Macpherson, Mr. W. H. Mahon, Mr. J. Masson, Mr. D. Masson, Mr. Henry Macartney, Mr. J. O. Marchand, Mr. E. Marpole, Mr. E. Marlpole, jr., Mr. P. H. Morton, Lieut. D. S. MacInnes, Miss Macnider, Mr. J. C. McLimont, Rev. James Nimmo, Miss Adeline Nimmo, Mr. Robert A. Nimmo, Miss Olyphant, Mr. A. B. Owen, Mr. Ed. O'Brien, Mrs. Perry, Miss Ida Perry, Master Perry, Mr. R. H. Puckle, Mrs. Puckle, Miss M. Puckle, Miss Struthers, Master Percy Stacey, Mr. H. G. Sweet, Mrs. Sweet, Mr. F. Lynch Stanton, Mr. Smith, Professor H. Tanner, Mr. Frank Tovey, Lieut.-Gen. Ward, Miss Ward, Mrs. F. Wallace and infant, Mr. J. Wiener, Mrs. Wiseman, Mr. H. W. Young.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Effect of Non-repeal.

Mr. Henry Clews, banker, of New York, in an intelligent, able manner, discusses the action of the U. S. Senate and the silver bill. He says: "The delay in voting on the Repeal Bill brought business almost to a stand-still, and the large traders showed no disposition to come to the relief until they received assurances that the Senate will soon act. The same may also be said of the London market. In view of this, prices for several days have been sagging, although one noticeable feature is that long stock does not come out, and the bears, while they indulge in their usual pessimistic talk, do not care to add materially to their outstanding short contracts. I regard the repeal of the Sherman Act as inevitable within a comparatively short period. After having withstood its dangers for so many months and years, a few days' extra delay is of small consequence, except to ultra sensitive individuals whose nervousness unsettles their judgment.

RAILROADS GENERALLY ARE STILL SHOWING LOSSES

in gross earnings as compared with last year, but considerable improvement when compared with the last two or three weeks, which is taken as an evidence that the tide has turned and that all kinds of freight will soon assume its wonted activity. It could not be otherwise than that the railroads should suffer from the late depression in business. It is equally natural, therefore, that they should now reflect the improvement in the business situation, and that as factories resume and goods begin to move more freely into consumption, the gross returns will return to normal figures. Whether they will continue to maintain the large increases which they had previously shown or not, it would be rash to predict. It must be remembered that the movement of wheat, cotton, corn, provisions and other agricultural products has been very backward. For various reasons, though largely because of low prices, farmers have held back their products as much as possible. The Farmers' Alliance has undoubtedly influenced many farmers in this course. Whatever the reasons, therefore, it is evident that the products of the soil, of which we have an abundance, must soon begin to move more freely, and thus bring business to the railroads."

Big Bank Increase.

Advices from New York this morning to Meredith & O'Brien state London market ¼ lower throughout the list. The Government directors of the Union Pacific report the system in excellent condition, but earnings have decreased on account of general conditions. The Counsel for Alfred Sully has filed a bill in Philadelphia asking for the appointment of receivers to take charge of the Reading property, and enjoining the present receivers from interfering. The street looks for a vote on repeal between October 9 and 13. There is still some talk of a compromise, however, and there is doubt if a vote will be reached soon. The Bank statement will show over 6 millions increase.

Increasing the Stock.

NEW YORK, September 29.—At a meeting of the directors of Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company held yesterday a resolution was adopted recommending the stock holders to increase the stock of the Company to the amount of $5,000,000; making the amount of capital stock $60,000,000.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Specially reported for the STAR by MacDougall Bros. Stock Brokers, 69 St. Francois Xavier street.

	Sept. 30. Op'g.	Sept. 30. 11.40.	Sept. 29. Op'g.	Sept. 29. Close.
Am. Cotton Oil	....	....	....	35¼
Atchison	20¾	20⅞	19¾	20¾
C. B. & Q.	82⅜	83	81¾	82⅜
Canadian Pacific	....	....	....	....
C. C. C. & I.	35¼	....	....	....
New York Central	101¾	....	....	....
Chicago Gas	57½	57⅜	57	57½
C. Southern	....	....	....	....
Del. & Hudson	....	....	119	....
Del., L. & W.	149¾	149¾	147	149¾
Erie	14¾	14⅝	14¾	14¾
Do 1st pref.	....	....	....	....
Do 2nd pref.	....	....	....	....
N. Y. & N. E.	29⅝	29⅞	28⅝	29¾
Erie & West.	....	....	....	....
Ill. Central	....	....	....	....
Jersey Central	....	....	....	109
Lou. & Nash.	51⅛	51¾	50¾	....
Lake Shore	122⅝	122¾	....	122¾
Mich. Central	....	....	....	....
St. P. M. & Man.	....	....	....	....
Man. Elev.	....	....	....	125¾
Miss. Pacific	23	23½	23	23⅜
Lead Trust	28	....	....	....
N. Pacific	....	....	7¾	....
Do pref.	21¾	....	....	....
Chic. & N. West.	....	....	98¾	....
Do pref.	....	....	....	....
Ohio & Mis.	....	....	....	....
St. P. & Omaha	34⅛	34½	33¾	....
Do pref.	....	....	....	....
North American	....	....	....	....
Ont. & Western	15	....	14¾	15
Pacific Mail	15	15¼	13¾	....
Pullman Car	168	....	167½	168
Reading	17⅛	17	16⅛	17⅜
Rock Island	62⅝	64⅛	62¾	64¾
Rich. & Term.	3⅜	....	....	3⅜
St. Paul, xd.	59¾	59⅞	59¼	60¼
Do pref.	....	....	....	....
Sugar R.	90	89⅛	87¾	89¾
Do pref.	....	....	86⅞	87
Texas Pacific	....	....	....	7
Union Pacific	21¾	20⅝	21¾	21¾
West. Union	81¾	82⅛	80⅝	81⅝
Wabash	....	....	....	....
Do pref.	....	....	15⅛	....
Wheeling	....	....	....	....
Sterling Ex.	485½	....	485½	....
Money	....	....	....	....
Pac. in London	77	....	76⅝	....
Nat. Cordage	....	....	....	....
Duluth	....	....	....	....
Do pref.	....	....	....	....
Dist. Cattle F'd'g.	25⅞	26⅜	23⅛	25⅝

MONTREAL EXCHANGE MARKET.

Reported for the STAR by Messrs. W. L. S. Jackson & Co., Foreign Exchange brokers, 1761 Notre Dame street, Montreal. 1 p. m., September 30, 1893.

	Between Banks. Buyers.	Between Banks. Sellers.	Counter.
New York Funds	1-16 dis	@ Par.	⅛ prm. @ ¼
Sterling, 60 days	8⅞	@ 9⅛	9¼ @ ½
Sterling, demand	9⅝	@ ¾	9¾ @ ⅞
Sterling, Cables		@	10 @ ¼
Paris Cheques	5.19⅝	@ 5.18¾	5.15 @ 5.12½

Guilders, 3 days, 38¾ @ 39. Documentary, 60 days, 8¼ @ ¾. Reichmarks, 3 days, 93¾ @ 94¼. Cattle bills, 3 days 8¾ @ 9. Money in London 1¾. Bank of England rate, 3½ per cent. Market dull and heavy.

London Stock Market.

Messrs. Meredith & O'Brien report the London market at 2 p.m. to-day as follows:

Stocks.	London prices.	New York equiv.
Atchison	....	....
Can. Pacific	76⅞	74⅞
Erie	14⅜	14
Kan. & Texas	11⅞	11⅛
Louisville & N.	52⅞	50⅞
Lake Shore	125	121⅛
Northern Pac. Pr.	22⅛	21⅜
Ont. & Western	15⅜	15
Reading	9	17½
St. Paul	61⅛	59⅛
Union Pacific	22⅞	21⅛
Wabash Pr.	15⅞	15⅛

BRITISH MARKETS.

Grain and Provisions, Etc.

BEERBOHM'S REPORT, Saturday, September 30, 1893, says: Cargoes off coast, wheat quiet but steady; maize nil. Cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat and corn, steady. Australian wheat off coast, 28s 9d; present and following month, 29s 6d. Walla Walla wheat off coast, 27s 3d; present and following month, 28s 3d. Cala wheat promptly to be shipped, 29s 6d; nearly due, 28s 9d. Liverpool wheat, spot, turn dearer; do maize, steadier.

LIVERPOOL LATEST PRICES CURRENT, September 30, 1893.

Spring wheat	5	7½	to	5	8	Pork	86	3	to	0	0
Red winter	5	6	to	5	7	Lard	48	0	to	0	0
No. 1 Cala.	5	9	to	5	10	Bacon	55	0	to	57	0
No. 2 Cala.	0	0	to	0	0	Tallow	27	0	to	0	0
Corn	4	1½	to	0	0	Cheese, W.	49	6	to	0	0
Peas	5	5	to	0	0	Cheese C.	49	6	to	0	0

Chicago Hog Market.

UNION STOCK YARDS, September 30, 1893.—The estimated receipts of hogs were 6000. The official report of yesterday was 21,573, of which 7753 were shipped and 11,000 left over. The quotations to-day were: Light mixed, $6.00 to $6.05; mixed packing, $6 05 to $6 80; heavy shipping, $5 85 to $6 65; rough grades, $5 85 to $6 10. Receipts of cattle were 2000, including 1000 Texans. Market steady.

Toronto Produce Market.

TORONTO, Ont., September 30.—Market decidedly dull. Quotations: Straight roller flour, $2.95 to $3.00; extra, $2.50 to $2.72; white wheat, 60½c; spring, No. 2, 58c; red winter, 60½c; goose, 57c; No. 2 Manitoba hard, 75c; No. 3, do, 68c to 70c; No. 1, frosted, 65c to 66c; peas, No. 2, 54c; feed, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2, 29c to 30c. Sales: Red wheat outside at 60c. Peas outside at 53 to 54c. Oats outside at 29 to 30½c.

A Quebec Failure.
[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

QUEBEC, September 30.—D. Drolet & Cie, dry goods merchants of this city, have assigned on demand of P. Garneau, Sons & Co. The assets are placed at $25,000 and liabilities about $26,000. Mr. H. A. Bedard has been named provisional guardian and the meeting of creditors is fixed for the 13th of October next. The principal Montreal creditors are John MacRean & Co., $1283; Wm. Agnew & Co., $946; A. Racine & Co., $751; Kyle, Cheesbrough & Co., $440; J. W. Vineberg & Co., $341; F. and J. Leclaire & Cie., $273; H. Duserger, $243; Wilson, Garratt & Co., $242; Green & Sons & Co., $229.

A Little Daughter

Of a Church of England minister cured of a distressing rash, by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Mr. RICHARD BIRKS, the well-known Druggist, 207 McGill st., Montreal, P. Q., says:

I have sold Ayer's Family Medicines for 40 years, and have heard nothing but good said of them. I know of many

Wonderful Cures

performed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one in particular being that of a little daughter of a Church of England minister. The child was literally covered from head to foot with a red and exceedingly troublesome rash, from which she had suffered for two or three years, in spite of the best medical treatment available. Her father was in great distress about the case, and, at my recommendation, at last began to administer Ayer's Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which effected a complete cure, much to her relief and her father's delight. I am sure, were he here to-day, he would testify in the strongest terms as to the merits of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

THE CANADA
Sugar Refining Co.
(Limited), MONTREAL.
MANUFACTURERS OF REFINED SUGARS OF THE WELL KNOWN BRAND
Redpath
Of the Highest Quality and Purity.
Made by the Latest Processes, and Newest and Best Machinery, not surpassed anywhere.
LUMP SUGAR, In 50 and 100 lb. boxes.
"CROWN" Granulated, Special Brand, the finest which can be made.
EXTRA GRANULATED, Very Superior Quality.
CREAM SUGARS (Not dried).
YELLOW SUGARS Of all Grades and Standards.
SYRUPS Of all Grades in Barrels and Half Barrels.
SOLE MAKERS Of high class Syrups, in Tins 2 lb. and 8 lb. each. 137*law

HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named.
They cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS. CURES.	PRICES.
1—Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations	.25
2—Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3—Teething; Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4—Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
7—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8—Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9—Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10—Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation	.25
11—Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12—Whites, Too Profuse Periods	.25
13—Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	.25
14—Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15—Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague	.25
19—Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20—Whooping Cough	.25
27—Kidney Diseases	.25
28—Nervous Debility	1.00
30—Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.25

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL, The Pile Ointment.—Trial Size, 25 Cts.

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (144 pages,) MAILED FREE.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK.

SPECIFICS.

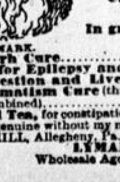
[TRADE MARK REGISTERED.] "INDAPO MADE A WELL MAN OF ME."

INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS in 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases, Failing Memory, Paresis, Sleeplessness, Weakness, etc., caused by past abuses and quickly but surely restores Lost Manhood in old or young. Easily carried in vest pocket. Price $1.00 a package. Six for $5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't let any unprincipled druggist sell you any kind of imitation. Insist on having INDAPO—none other. If he has not got it, we will send it by mail upon receipt of price. Pamphlet in sealed envelope free. Address Oriental Medical Co., 56 Plymouth Place, Chicago, Ill.

SOLD by Dr. J. Leduc & Co., 2033 Notre Dame St., C. O. Dacier, Cor. St. Denis St. and Duluth Ave. MONTREAL, and other Leading Druggists.

BLOOD POISON

New Secret Remedy Absolutely Unknown to the profession. Permanent Cures in 15 to 35 Days Guaranteed or MONEY REFUNDED. You can be treated at home for the same price and the same guarantees; with those who prefer to come here we will contract to cure them or pay expense of coming, railroad and hotel bills, and Make no Charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians with the old remedies. For eight years we have made a specialty of treating this disease with our CYPHILENE and we have $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., Third Floor, Room 307, Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill. CYPHILENE CANNOT be OBTAINED Elsewhere



TRADE MARK

Father Mollinger's Great Remedies CONQUER DISEASE.
Cured thousands in his lifetime.
In great demand since his death.

Catarrh Cure	$1.00
Cure for Epilepsy and St. Vitus Dance	1.00
Indigestion and Liver Complaint Cure	1.00
Rheumatism Cure (three separate prescriptions combined)	2.50
Blood Tea, for constipation and purifying the blood	.25

None genuine without my name on each package: A. F. SAWHILL, Allegheny, Pa. For sale by all druggists.
LYMAN, KNOX & CO., Wholesale Agents, Montreal and Toronto.

RAILROADS

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
THE GREAT INTERNATIONAL
St. Clair Tunnel Double Track Route

WORLD'S FAIR
DAILY EXCURSIONS
Thirty Day limit $24.00
Good until Nov. 15th 28.80
WEEKLY EXCURSIONS
$18.00.

Going Dates—	Return Limit—
Sept. 29, 30	Oct. 11
Oct. 6, 7	Oct. 18
Oct. 13, 14	Oct. 25
Oct. 20, 21	Nov. 1
Oct. 27, 28	Nov. 8

Proportionately low rates from other Grand Trunk stations.
Tickets at 143 St. James St., and St. James Street Union Station (Bonaventure Station). 230

CHANGE OF TIME.

The 2 p.m. Train (Suburban) for St. Lambert and Longueuil will run on Saturdays only after 30th inst.
Commencing Sunday, October 1st, Express Train for Coteau and Adirondack & St. Lawrence Railway, will leave Montreal at 4.05 P. M., instead of 4.40 P. M.
Commencing Monday, October 2nd, Day Train for Rouse's Point, and Delaware & Hudson Railway, will leave Montreal at 8.40 A. M., instead of 7.15 A. M.
Commencing Monday, October 2nd, Evening Train for Ottawa, via Grand Trunk and Canada Atlantic Railways, will leave at 4.30 P. M., instead of 7.20 P. M.
L. J. SEARGEANT, General Manager.
MONTREAL, September 28, 1893. 228 3 3aw

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
WORLD'S FAIR LINE.
WEEKLY EXCURSIONS.
MONTREAL —TO— CHICAGO And Return $18

GOOD GOING	September 29 and 30. October 6 and 7. October 13 and 14. October 20 and 21. October 27 and 28.	RETURN UNTIL	October 11. October 18. October 25. November 1. November 8.

Through TOURIST SLEEPING CARS to Chicago, leave Montreal Windsor Street Station, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 8.25 a.m. RATE PER BERTH, $1.50.

OTTAWA EXHIBITION
Ottawa and return, Sept. 29th $3.50
Sept. 28th 2.55
Tickets valid for return until Oct. 2nd.
CITY TICKET OFFICE—129 St. James Street, Next to Post Office. 228tf

SCOTCH DRAIN PIPES - - PORTLAND CEMENT.
In Stock and to Arrive at Lowest Market Prices.
W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO., 100 Grey Nun Street. 290

Errors of Youth.
SUFFERERS FROM
Nervous Debility, Youthful Indiscretions, Lost Manhood,
BE YOUR OWN PHYSICIAN!

Many men, from the effects of youthful imprudence, have brought about a state of weakness that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever being suspected, they are doctored for everything but the right one. Notwithstanding the many valuable remedies that medical science has produced for the relief of this class of patients, none of the ordinary modes of treatment effect a cure. During our extensive college and hospital practice we have experimented with and discovered new and concentrated remedies. The accompanying prescription is offered as a CERTAIN AND SPEEDY CURE, as hundreds of cases in our practice have been restored to perfect health by its use after all other remedies failed. Perfectly pure ingredients must be used in the preparation of this prescription.
R—Erythroxylon coca, ½ drachm.
Jerubebin, ½ drachm.
Helonias Dioica, ½ drachm.
Gelsemin, 8 grains.
Ext. ignatiae amarae (alcoholic), 2 grains.
Ext. leptandra, 2 scruples.
Glycerine, q. s. Mix.
Make 60 pills. Take 1 pill at 6 p.m., and another on going to bed. In some cases it will be necessary for the patient to take two pills at bedtime, making the number three a day. This remedy is adapted to every condition of nervous debility and weakness in either sex, and especially in those cases resulting from imprudence. The recuperative powers of this restorative are truly astonishing, and its use continued for a short time changes the languid, debilitated, nerveless condition to one of renewed life and vigor.
As we are constantly in receipt of letters of inquiry relative to this remedy, we would say to those who would prefer to obtain it of us, by remitting $1 a securely sealed package containing 60 pills, carefully compounded, will be sent by return mail from our private laboratory, or we will furnish 6 packages, which will cure most cases, for $5.
Address or call on
NEW ENGLAND MEDICAL INSTITUTE.
24 TREMONT ROW, Boston, Mass.
Copyright, 1889, by F. B. HILLER.

"Complete Manhood AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT."
At Last a Medical Work That Tells the Causes, Describes the Effects, Points the Remedy.
This is scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful, medical book that has appeared for years; 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tints. Some of the subjects treated are
Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Varicocele.
The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc.
Every man who would know the grand truth, the plain facts, the old secrets and the new discoveries of medical science as applied to married life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls should write for this wonderful little book. It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts.
ADDRESS THE PUBLISHERS,
ERIE MEDICAL CO.'Y, Buffalo, N. Y. 73tf

The Great English Prescription
A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures Dizziness, Nervous Weakness and all diseases caused by abuse, indiscretion, or over-exertion. Six Packages Guaranteed to Cure, when all others fail. Ask your Druggist for The Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for pamphlet. Address
EUREKA Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.
For sale by B. E. McGALE, 2123 Notre Dame Street MONTREAL. 94zeod

NERVE BEANS
NERVE BEANS are a new discovery that cure the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Lost Vigor and Failing Manhood; restores the Weakness of Body or Mind caused by overwork, or the errors and excesses of youth. This remedy absolutely cures the most obstinate cases when all other TREATMENTS have failed even to relieve. Sold by druggists at $1 per package, or 6 for $5; or sent by mail on receipt of price. Write for pamphlet. Sold in Montreal by B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame st., and John T Lyons, cor. Bleury and Craig sts. 136eodtf

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

A1 A Perfect Article.
COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER.
The purest quality of Cream Tartar, finest re-crystallized Bi-Carbonate of Soda are used in its preparation. It has stood A1 with housekeepers for the past 30 years, and is now (if possible) better than ever.
All the best Grocers sell it. 57

PRESENTATION ADDRESSES! HANDSOMELY ILLUMINATED.
EDWIN COX & CO., 114 St. Frs. Xavier street

KOFF NO MORE.
Watson's Cough Drops will give positive and instant relief to those suffering from Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, etc., and are invaluable to Orators and Vocalists. "R & T. W." stamped on each drop. 80

FITS. All Fits stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No Fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch st., Phila., Pa. J. A. Harte, 1780 Notre Dame St. 91

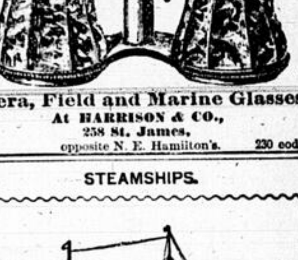
BOECKH'S CELEBRATED Painting Brushes, Round, Oval and Flat, with Flexible Bridles attached ready for use. For sale by all leading houses. 193

ANGOSTURA BITTERS, THE WORLD RENOWNED South American appetizer, cures dyspepsia, Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, sole manufacturers. At druggists. 225

WHEN GOING TO CHICAGO FAIR, CARRY Travellers' Cheques of American Express Coy. No identification required. For sale at 84 St. Francois Xavier. 224 law

LADIES' CUTTING ACADEMY.
Established in 1891
The Courses comprise. Designing of Patterns, Cutting, Joining, Fitting, Altering, Draping Skirts, Mantles, Dolmans, etc.
MRS. E. L. ETHIER, Principal, 88 St. Denis St., Montreal. 206 Dalhousie St., Ottawa. 114 eod

AN ABSOLUTE CURE
ADAMS' PEPSIN TUTTI FRUTTI
FOR INDIGESTION.
SEE THAT TUTTI FRUTTI IS ON EACH 5¢ PACKAGE.



Opera, Field and Marine Glasses, At HARRISON & CO., 258 St. James, opposite N. E. Hamilton's. 230 eod

STEAMSHIPS.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.
Liverpool, Derry, Quebec & Montreal Service.

From Liverpool.		From Montreal.	From Quebec.
Sept.	CIRCASSIAN	30 Sept.	......
Sept.	PARISIAN	7 Oct.	8 Oct.
Sept.	*LAURENTIAN	14 Oct.	......
Sept.	NUMIDIAN	21 Oct.	22 Oct.
Oct.	SARDINIAN	28 Oct.	29 Oct.

RATES OF PASSAGE.—CABIN.
S.S. PARISIAN, Single, $50 to $70. Return $100 to $135.
S.S. SARDINIAN.
Single, $50 to $60. Return, $100 to $130.
By OTHER STEAMERS.
Single, $45 and $50. Return, $95 and $100.
Rates are in accordance with location of stateroom, and number of persons occupying same.
Second Cabin, $30 and $35. Steerage, $24.
Steamers are despatched from Montreal at daylight on the day of sailing. Passengers go on board between 8 and 10 o'clock on Friday evening. Steamers with an * will not stop at Quebec, Rimouski, or Derry.

Glasgow, Londonderry and N. Y. Service.

From Glasgow.	STEAMSHIPS.	From New York.
Sept.	*GRECIAN	28 Sept.
Sept.	STATE OF NEBRASKA	5 Oct. 2 p.m.
Sept.	*PERUVIAN	12 Oct.
Sept.	*NORWEGIAN	26th Oct.

Steamers with a * will not carry passengers from New York. Cabin passengers $40 and upwards, single; $80 and upwards, return; according to location of berth. Second Cabin, $30. Steerage at lowest rates.
Nearly all the staterooms are situated on the saloon deck, thus ensuring perfect ventilation. All the Steamers of both services are fitted throughout with the incandescent electric light. For freight, passage, or further information apply to H. & A. ALLAN, Montreal, Boston or Philadelphia, or to AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., 53 Broadway, N.Y.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAMSHIP CO.
NEW YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, BREMEN.

Aller, Tues., Oct. 3, 11 a.m.	Ems, Sat., Oct. 21, 7 a.m.
Saale, Sat., Oct. 7, 7 a.m.	Havel, Tues., Oct. 24, 9 a.m.
Spree, Tues., Oct. 10, 11 a.m.	Elbe, Sat., Oct. 28, 9 a.m.
Lahn, Tues. Oct. 17, 10 a.m.	Aller, Tues., Oct. 31, 10 a.m.

FAST ROUTE TO THE MEDITERRANEAN.
Direct line to south of France, Riviera and Italy, touching at Gibraltar to land passengers to Spain.
NEW YORK TO GENOA LESS THAN 11 DAYS.

Werra, Sat., Oct. 14, 2 p.m.	Fulda, Sat. Dec. 9, 10 a.m.
Kaiser, Sat., Oct. 21, 2 p.m.	Werra, Sat. Dec. 30, 2 p.m.
Fulda, Sat., Nov. 4, 2 p.m.	Kaiser, Sat., Jan. 6, 9 a.m.
Werra, Sat., Nov. 18, 2 p.m.	Spree, Tues., Jan. 16, 1 p.m.
Kaiser, Sat., Nov. 25, noon.	Fulda, Sat., Jan. 27, 10 a.m.

Passage $100, $125, or $150 a berth first cabin.
OELRICHS & CO., 2 Bowling Green, New York.
J. Y. GILMOUR & CO., 356 St. Paul Street,
DOUGLAS BATTERSBY, 178 St. James Street.
W. L. S. JACKSON, 1761 Notre Dame Street,
Agents for Montreal. 89z

DOMINION LINE
Royal Mail Steamships.
LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

Steamer		From Montreal.	From Quebec.
Labrador	Sept. 30,	Daylight,	Oct. 1.
Sarnia	Oct. 7,	11 p.m.	
Vancouver	Oct. 14,	Daylight,	Oct. 15.
Oregon	Oct. 21,	11 p.m.	
Toronto	Oct. 28,	11 p.m.	

Montreal or Quebec to Liverpool or Londonderry—First cabin, $45 to $70; return, $95 to $130, according to steamer and berth. Second cabin, to Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown, Belfast or Glasgow, $30 and $35, return $65. Steerage, to Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Queenstown, Belfast or Glasgow, $24.
The saloons are large and airy, and amidships. Ladies' Rooms and Smoking rooms have been placed in the most convenient positions. Promenade decks are very spacious and every attention is paid to the comfort of passengers. S. S. Vancouver and Labrador do not carry cattle.
For further information apply to any agent of the company, or to DAVID TORRANCE & CO., 17 St. Sacrament Street, General Agents, Montreal. 114

BOUDAULT'S PEPSINE WINE.
The only one recommended by DR. CORVISART and approved by the Academy of Medicine of Paris. This Wine, of a very agreeable taste, has been used with the greatest success for 30 years in cases of
Dyspepsia, Gastralgia, Want of Appetite, Disgust at Meals, Slow and Painful Digestion, and other Troubles of the Stomach.
BOUDAULT'S PEPSINE (in Powder) is also recommended in some cases.
Paris:—HOTTOT-BOUDAULT. 3 rue Dauphine.
LYMAN SONS & CO., Wholesale Dealers, 386 St. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

LEGAL CARDS.

McGibbon & Davidson
ADVOCATES, &c.
NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING,
MONTREAL.
R. D. McGibbon, Q.C. 221 Peers Davidson

THE SIXTY-FIRST ANNIVERSARY.

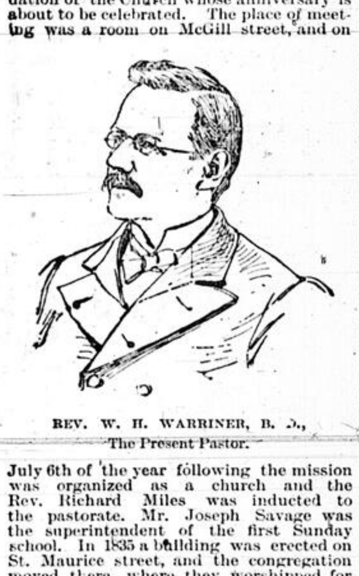
History of Zion Congregational Church.

THE PARENT OF ALL THE OTHER CONGREGATIONAL CHURCHES IN THE CITY.

The Present Edifice to be Enlarged.

Zion Congregational Church is sixty-one years of age, and services to commemorate the anniversary will be held to-morrow and Monday. It is the parent church from which all the other Congregational churches in the city have sprung. Through many vicissitudes and ups and downs the old church, the name of which is a household word among Congregationalists all over Canada, has continued steadfast, and it is now in a most satisfactory condition.

It was on the first Sunday of October, 1831, that a few Christians gathered together and began the worship of God under Congregational methods, laying the foundation of the Church whose anniversary is about to be celebrated. The place of meeting was a room on McGill street, and on



REV. W. H. WARRINER, B. D.,
The Present Pastor.

July 6th of the year following the mission was organized as a church and the Rev. Richard Miles was inducted to the pastorate. Mr. Joseph Savage was the superintendent of the first Sunday school. In 1835 a building was erected on St. Maurice street, and the congregation moved there, where they worshipped for eleven years. In 1836 the Rev. Richard Miles was succeeded by the late Dr. Wilkes, who remained as the active pastor of the church for over thirty-four years. Seven years after the induction of Dr. Wilkes to the pastorate, a second church was formed by the transfer of seventeen members from Zion Church. The parent church still flourished, however, and in 1846 a substantial edifice was built on Beaver Hall Hill. An interesting fact in connection with the opening of that building is that from the very first it was decided that all seats should be free and unappropriated, Zion Church at this early date introducing the system which has gained so much in public favor, of late years. Twenty years after the church was destroyed by fire but was speedily rebuilt, more beautiful and commodious than ever. Several times since that has it suffered from the ravages of the fire fiend and at present little of it remains save the blackened walls of a building which has been in its turn, church, theatre and newspaper office. But in the meantime one of the several missions which the church at that time conducted, had grown to such an extent as to warrant its formation into a separate church, and the Eastern Church was organized on Amherst street in 1869. The year following the pastor, Dr. Wilkes, was appointed principal of the Congregational College of British North America, which necessitated his withdrawal from the active duties of pastor, though until the time of his death he always maintained the deepest interest in the welfare of the Church. In 1871 the Rev. C. Chapman, M.A., now of Plymouth, England, was called to the pastorate and three years afterwards Calvary Church was organized, another branch of the present Church. The year following one hundred and eleven members withdrew and formed Emmanuel Church, as there had been for some time previous a feeling in favor of an up-town Congregational Church. The Rev. Dr. Stevenson, who had been co-pastor with Mr. Chapman for some time, was placed in charge of the new church. Shortly after this Mr. Chapman resigned and was succeeded by the Rev. A. J. Bray, during whose pastorate the church on Beaver Hall Hill was sold and public worship was held in the Queen's Hall, St. Catherine street, and afterwards in what is now the St. Gabriel's Presbyterian Church. When the building was purchased by the Presbyterians, the Congregationalists moved into a small hall on St. Catherine street. Mr. Bray resigned in 1884 and was followed by Rev. H. McIntyre, who was in turn succeeded by the Rev. Professor Fenwick. The present building at the corner of Mance and Milton streets, was erected in 1889, and in the following January the present minister, the Rev. W. H. Warriner, B. A., B. D., was inducted to the pastorate.

Professor Warriner was born in Gainsborough, England, in 1853, and is consequently forty years of age. When a youth he came to this country and entered the office of a legal firm, but found time to continue his theological studies, and in the autumn of 1873 he matriculated at McGill University and was received as a student at the Congregational College, continuing a successful career.

In his third year in McGill he won the Science scholarship, and in the following year the Shakespearian gold medal in English literature; and, in graduating from the Theological College, the "Calvary" medal, so called after the church which founded it.

His first pastorate was in North Toronto, where he labored for four years, leaving to go to Bowmanville, where he remained eight years. During the last three years of his residence in Bowmanville he came to Montreal periodically to lecture in the College. When an additional chair was formed in the College he was chosen Professor of Hebrew and Greek Exegesis and Biblical Literature, which position he has since occupied in conjunction with his pastoral duties. He is a deep thinker and an earnest, practical preacher, and as a personal friend he enjoys to the full the confidence of his people. During his pastorate the church has progressed so thoroughly that although it was enlarged in the autumn of 1891, it is again too small, and it is now proposed to carry out the original plan of building up above and using the present church as a basement to the completed edifice. The land and present building have already cost $18,000 and it is proposed to raise $20,000 more for the purpose. To this end special efforts will be made during the coming winter, beginning with the special services of to-morrow and Monday. The programme for these services is as follows:

Sunday services.—Morning—Sermon by the Rev. W. H. Warriner, pastor.

Afternoon—Young People's Meeting, an open session. Addresses by Mr. C. T. Williams, Mr. Theo. Lyman, Rev. J. B. Silcox, of Emmanuel Church.

Evening—Sermon by the Rev. Principal Barbour, D.D. To be followed by a Consecration and Communion service.

Monday social.—Supper served at 7 p.m. To be followed by addresses by former members of Zion Church, the pastors of the sister churches and Principal Barbour.

It is desired to make the Monday gathering a reunion of all the present and former members of Zion, and to make the occasion an opportunity for augmenting the building fund of the church.

It is a growing church in the midst of a populous district, attracting to it many who are deeply interested in its simple but solemn form of service. It is a missionary church, taking a lively interest in the foreign field. From the ranks of its members many have gone, and more are preparing to go as foreign missionaries.

The present officers of the church are: Pastor, Rev. Prof. Warriner.
Hon. deacons, Messrs. J. Findlay and George Perry.
Deacons, Messrs. Wm. Johnson, Thomas Moodie, H. T. Garlick and S. P. Leet.
Treasurer and Superintendent of Sunday-School, Mr. Thos. Moodie.
Secretary, Mr. H. T. Garlick.
Board of Trustees, Messrs. J. K. Lindsay, H. Woodley, Thos. Moodie, John Leslie, James Leslie, Thomas Costen and W. Seath.
Organist, Mr. R. Stanley Weir.

ON SOCIOLOGY.

The Rev. Mr. Silcox Urges Congregationalists to Study Humanity as Well as Divinity.

The Congregationalists of the city inaugurated the winter season by holding a large rally meeting in Emmanuel Church last night. Mr. C. Cushing presided, and addresses were delivered by the Rev. Dr. Barbour, E. M. Hill, W. H. Warriner, H. C. Gunn, Cowansville, and Silcox, and Mr. T. D. Williams. The speakers dealt with the progress of Congregationalism and the merits of that form of worship. The Rev. Mr. Silcox, pastor of the church, spoke on the subject of "Sociology." His address was an impromptu one. As he said himself, he was just going to "slosh" around, like the man that hit the other in the eye "by accident," and see if he could not hit a point or two. He wanted his hearers to note in the first place that the time had come when the subject of humanity should be studied side by side with that of divinity by those who desired to pose as earnest Christians. "Sociology," or the relations between man and man, should now receive a share of the attention hitherto monopolized by theology. What good was the Church if it did not interfere to protect the people from injustice and spoliation? An eminent man had said of Montreal: "It is a beautiful city, full of magnificent churches; but its municipal council has given a street car company a franchise which enables it to rob and oppress the citizens." Now, what good were churches if they could not do something to remedy or prevent such evils as that? The speaker proceeded to point out some of the methods which might be employed as a means of improving the material condition of the people. Men were what they were because they were where they were. A man's character and conduct were largely influenced by his surroundings. Conversely men were where they were because they were what they were. A man's being obliged to remain in an unsuitable sphere was often the result of his own apathy and indolence. The time has come for Christians to study socialism. The socialists had abandoned the Church because they had found that the Church had shown no interest in their affairs.

LITTLE SITSERS OF THE POOR.

Sketch of a Flourishing Order in the City—Their Mission to Shelter the Needy and Care for the Sick.

His Lordship Archbishop Fabre will officiate at the consecration of the Chapel of the Little Sisters of the Poor to-morrow at 9.30 a.m., and Pontifical Mass will be celebrated. The Home will be open to friends and benefactors from 1 o'clock until 5 p.m. Benediction will take place at 2.30 p.m., and the Rev. Father Strubbe, C.S.S.R., will preach the sermon.

The Little Sisters of the Poor have erected a large and beautiful convent on Seigneurs street, near Dorchester, on a very pleasant site which commands a beautiful view of the city and surrounding country. The building is of stone; 135 feet by 40 feet, very commodious and of a nice style of architecture. The interior is finished in the best of material, but extremely plain and simple, with very little ornamentation or decoration. The convent is bright and cheerful and contains a great many modern improvements; it is fire-proof, although not built on the detached plan. There are several large halls for the use of the poor old people for whom the Sisters provide a home, together with dormitories and refectories. All present a very nice appearance, being scrupulously neat and clean. Additions will be made to this edifice as soon as the wants of the Community require it. The chapel which is to be consecrated on Sunday, is a very fine piece of architecture, and almost as large as the chapel of Notre Dame de Pitie.

This Order of the Little Sisters of the Poor was founded at St. Servan, a small town in Brittany, opposite St. Malo. The population of the town gain a precarious and hazardous living chiefly from the sea, and this accounts for the preponderance of destitute old people. The Abbé le Pailleur was called to this place and he conceived the idea of the creation of a charitable work in his parish, which took the tangible form of a shelter and a help for either body or soul of destitute old people. He was without means, however, but one day he found two orphans, whom he counselled to become friends and to live together as if in the same community. They went about their occupations all week and met on Sundays on the sea-shore sheltered by some rocks. There they spoke of holy things and considered the rule which the Abbé had given them. It ran thus: "We must always act with kindness towards old people who are ill and infirm whenever an opportunity comes in our way." In this consists the whole life of the Little Sisters of the Poor.

Other holy women soon joined them, and on St. Theresa's Day, 1840, these good women took into their attic the first poor blind woman that the Order has had to care for. The new society continued to grow until at last they rented a ground floor. The first woman to whom the Abbé spoke of his plans was Mother Marie Augustine, and she is regarded as the foundress. The other woman was Mother Marie Thérèse. The former was the first superioress of the Order. The third woman who joined, and who was given the office of beggar, was Mother Marie de la Croix, and she was crowned by the French Academy for her charitable and noble work.

These Sisters, according to their rule, can only eat after their poor are fed, and they are obliged to fast if the old people have nothing. They dress the old people, attend to their infirmities, and instruct them in religion. They are also obliged to go out to beg alms and everyone is familiar with their black covered waggon, which, in St. Ann's parish, is called "God's own carriage," and which takes two sisters around the city, and holds the fruit of their day's work.

By the end of the year 1846 this order had three self-supporting houses, managed by fifteen or sixteen nuns. The zeal and devotion of the Little Sisters renders them capable of giving up their own tastes, their youth, their comforts and their health, if necessary.

In 1851 there were 300 Little Sisters sustaining and cheering the small remnant of life lingering in 1500 old people in France. The Sovereign Pontiff, by a decree bearing date July 9, 1854, approved this community, and by a decree on the 9th January, 1856, the society has been admitted to enjoy in France all the benefits of a legal recognition. They live according to the rule of St. Augustin, and their constitutions were sanctioned by a brief of Leo XIII in 1879. Now there are 269 houses of this community throughout the world, containing 39,000 old people, who are cared for by 4800 nuns. In the new convent on Seigneurs street there are 11 sisters and 3 postulants who look after the wants of 122 destitute old folks of all nationalities. The only novitiate of the Order at present is in Brooklyn, but there may soon be one for Canada.

The annual general meeting of the Ladies' Benevolent Society will be held on Tuesday afternoon next, at three o'clock.

The Captain's Story.

The voyage from Havana to New Orleans threatened to be a slow and tedious one. When only one day out, the "Jeannette" lay becalmed on the glassy surface of the sea, and little or no headway could be made. But, fortunately, there were few passengers aboard, and they were inclined to take matters philosophically, and instead of spending their time in fretting over what could not be remedied, they set about to enjoy the voyage in the best manner possible. Music, dancing by moonlight, and cards were indulged in, and there was not one aboard the "Jeannette" who did not enter with zest into the sports excepting the sickly passenger.

He was a man of some forty years, tall, slim and dark, with a pallor upon his thin face. He rarely left his berth, and seemed to care little for intercourse with his fellow-passengers. He had come aboard at Havana with a very beautiful girl of not more than seventeen, whose wondrous beauty and charming manners readily captivated all the male passengers on the "Jeannette." It was soon learned that the young girl was the sick man's sister, instead of his daughter, as was at first supposed. Juanita Sanchez was Spanish in looks as well as name, and the dark skin and black eyes of her brother Anton gave indications of Spanish blood in his veins.

Among those impressed by the rare charms of the fair Juanita was Captain Judson, a retired sea-captain, who had taken passage aboard the "Jeannette." He was a man of some thirty-six years, of pleasing address, and the marked attentions he paid to Juanita made it plain to all on board that he was deeply in love with the little Spanish beauty. Although, as before stated, Anton rarely left his cabin; not so with Juanita. She was the central figure in the gay crowd, and the rich sweet tones of her voice as she sang the quaint ballads of old Spain filled her hearers with rapture. With her looks and matchless voice, she might have won fame and fortune in the great cities.

But like some wild birds whose delicious melody trills and dies on the desert winds, she seemed all unconscious of her powers. Yet in spite of her careless and happy ways, there were times when she would grow strangely silent, while a look of sadness would settle on her lovely face. But what it was that occasioned those spells of melancholy was only a matter of conjecture. She never spoke of herself or alluded to her past history.

It was near the end of the voyage that the first of a succession of events occurred which served to throw some light upon the past life of the strange beauty and her invalid brother.

One night while the "Jeannette" lay becalmed, the captain and a little crowd of passengers were gathered on the moonlit deck indulging in the pastime of story-telling. When, at last, Captain Judson was called upon to relate a story, he told the following:

"It was back in the seventies," he began, "and during the time of the great excitement over the South African diamond fields. I was but a stripling of eighteen then and was a sailor aboard the "Merry Gull," plying between Southampton and Cape Town. We reached the Cape just at the time when the excitement over the discovery of diamonds at Kimberly was at its highest pitch. Of course the sailors aboard the "Merry Gull" had heard the marvellous stories of rich finds that were being made in the new fields, and nearly half the crew deserted the ship and fled to Kimberly.

"This left the "Merry Gull" without sufficient hands to sail her, and there she was compelled to lay at anchor till more sailors could be obtained. Joseph Danfield, an uncle of mine, was captain of the "Merry Gull," and it had been through his solicitations that I had gone to sea. Now, like every one aboard, I became fired with the diamond fever and begged my uncle to be allowed to quit the ship and seek my fortune among the diamond mines. At first he would not hear to such a proposition, but by dint of much persuasion I at last prevailed upon him to give his consent; but before he did so, however, he exacted a promise from me that I would return to the Cape in three months' time. The next day I started for Kimberly.

"The railroad was only completed to Beaufort at that time, and the journey from that point—a matter of 600 miles—had to be made by stage or ox-cart. I chose the former, and after a weary journey that lasted over two weeks, I arrived in Kimberly.

"Of course there was no chance for a poor man to engage in diamond-mining at the dry diggings at that place, so, like all other poor prospectors who had come there to seek their fortune, I procured an outfit and went to the 'river diggings,' some eight miles from the town. I took me a claim, paid the amount of one pound rent exacted each month by the British government, and went to work.

"For the next month I worked as I had never worked before. From the time that the first streaks of day were visible in the morning till dark I toiled, hardly taking time to eat. My labor was only rewarded by the discovery of a few small diamonds, the sale of which barely sufficed to pay my expenses. By the middle of the second month, the ardor of my enthusiasm was much abated, and I began to realize that fortunes were not to be picked up every day, even in the richest diamond fields.

"As the days went by I now became more and more discouraged with my ill-luck, and finally made a vow that should I discover a diamond of any great value, to dispose of it and my claim at once and quit the diamond fields. Just three days later—as if to test the sincerity of my new determination—I found myself standing looking in amazement and joy at a large diamond which I had just picked up from a load of gravel taken from the stream. I stood looking at the precious stone in a vague, half-stupefied manner, hardly able to credit the evidence of my senses. Was it really a diamond? Yes, there could be no mistake—there was that peculiar 'soapy' feeling which characterizes all diamonds in the rough. How long I stood gazing at the precious bit of stone I can never tell. I soon found myself surrounded by an eager, excited crowd of miners, who almost fell over each other in their hasty efforts to get a look at the jewel. As soon as I had in a manner recovered from my surprise, I hurried to my cabin. Two hours later I had sold my claim for a thousand pounds and was on my way to Kimberly.

"The value of the diamond I carried with me was variously estimated by those who examined it from three thousand to five thousand pounds sterling, and as soon as I arrived in Kimberly I was besieged by a score of diamond-brokers and merchants who were desirous of purchasing the stone. The first offer I received was four thousand five hundred pounds, which was made by Terrill & Co., bankers and diamond merchants, of London. This bid was soon raised to five thousand pounds by a Paris company of diamond merchants. But I was in no hurry to sell, and was determined to give all buyers a chance to bid before accepting any offer.

"During the next few days there was some spirited bidding between the different diamond merchants, which resulted in Terrill & Co. outstripping them all by making the offer of seven thousand pounds. At this point the others retired, and I had about made up my mind to accept the offer of Terrill & Co., when another buyer appeared on the scene—a Mr. Pennington, of the firm of Pennington, Gray & Co., bankers, of Dresden.

"Mr. Pennington came to my hotel very early in the morning, and after introducing himself and making his business known, he asked to see my diamond. He made a long and careful examination of it, and when he had finished he said abruptly:

"'I will give you ten thousand pounds for the stone; this is every shilling it is worth, and this is the last and only offer I shall make.' Then he proceeded to unfold to me a most surprising piece of information. All the diamond merchants, excepting his own company, he said had formed a kind of pool, and had agreed to pay only certain prices for diamonds, and though there would be an appearance of rivalry kept up between them, each would share alike in the profits of the diamonds purchased. In this way, he stated, they had been able to purchase diamonds to the amount of half a million for less than two-thirds of their actual value.

"He asked me to accompany him to his office, which had just been fitted up, a few blocks away, where he might confer with his partners. Highly elated at the good fortune my meeting with Mr. Pennington had brought, I accompanied him to his place of business at once. We entered his office, and passed through a door of ground glass into a small apartment containing a safe, two desks, littered with papers, and other furniture necessary to a well-equipped office, where I was introduced to a Mr. Bright, a man with a black bushy beard, who was sitting at one of the desks. As soon as I had been introduced to the stranger, Pennington stated that I had a very valuable diamond to dispose of, and asked where Mr. Dick was. Bright, who was evidently a clerk, replied that that gentleman had just gone out.

"Meantime Pennington had taken the diamond, and was examining it by the aid of a powerful magnifying glass. After scrutinizing it closely for some time, he laid it on the desk, when it was taken up by Bright, who also began to examine it. Crossing the room, Pennington opened a cabinet, and displayed several large specimens of garnet and amethyst, which he invited me to examine. I was occupied several minutes in looking over the stones, and when at last I turned from the cabinet, I discovered that Bright had disappeared, taking the diamond with him. A sudden feeling and suspicion and alarm swept over me. I cast a quick, questioning glance at Pennington.

"'Why what has become of Bright?' he said, in a brisk, nervous tone. He stepped hastily to a door leading into another apartment as he spoke. I followed close at his heels, but on glancing into the room, I perceived that it was empty.

"'Will you explain what this means?' I said, confronting Pennington.

"'Why, what can he mean by playing such a trick!' he cried. 'Surely, he would not dare attempt to make off with your diamond!'

"A dreadful suspicion of the truth that I was the victim of swindlers came over me. I grasped the man roughly by the collar.

"'Look here!' I said, fiercely. "If this is a trick of yours, your life will pay the forfeit!"

"He threw me off with a quick movement, and drew a pistol as he did so.

"'You had better go slow, my fine fellow, he said, coolly. 'This man Bright was only an employe in the office, and it will avail you nothing to attempt to implicate me in this affair. He may return in a few moments, and if not we'll call the police and put them on his track.'

"As he ceased speaking he stepped quickly into the next room and closed the door and locked it. I threw my whole weight against it, but it would not yield. With the sudden, sickening sensation that I had been duped, robbed, I turned hastily and ran through a narrow passage toward the front door. As I did so, I perceived a blonde wig and false whiskers lying in a corner, and in an instant I recognized them as having been worn by the man Bright. There was no longer any doubt now in my mind that I had been robbed of my diamond. I reached the front door to find it locked. I now ran back to the office, and fetching a chair, I dashed it through the glass front and stepped into the street.

"Calling a policeman I stated what had occurred, but a search of the premises failed to discover either of the swindlers, nor could any trace of them be found in the city. Nothing was known of them save that they had rented rooms formerly occupied by a broker, leasing the furniture as well, so when they disappeared they left nothing belonging to them behind.

"To cut a long story short, I never again saw either of the swindlers, as far as I know, nor my diamond. Some weeks later I returned to the Cape, where I found the "Merry Gull" still at anchor, and I was content to accept my old berth and return to the river a great deal wiser, and richer, I might add, by nearly five thousand dollars. Yet the thought of how I was duped out of a fortune, is to this day a source of the most vexing and unpleasant reflections."

Then ended the captain's story.

Among those who had listened with breathless interest to the story was Anton Sanchez. He sat as if spell-bound till the story was finished, then rose hastily and entered his stateroom. The next day he did not appear on deck, and in the afternoon he sent a message to Captain Judson, asking an interview. The captain found the sick man looking very pale, and apparently greatly agitated. He motioned Judson to a seat and for some time he said nothing. At last he broke the silence.

"Captain," he said in a weak voice, "it is well known to me that my days are numbered. But before I go I have a confession to make, and a secret of great importance to reveal."

He paused here while a look of curious surprise came over the captain's face.

"I will confess that my life has not been as it should have been," went on the sick man slowly; "but it is my purpose to make amends for some of the crimes I have committed, as far as it is in my power to do so. But above all it is my desire that the secret of my ill-doing may never be revealed to my beloved sister Juanita. She has never suspected that I ever led anything but an honest and blameless life, and should the knowledge which I am now about to impart reach her ears, she would die of a broken heart. Before I go further, promise me that you will keep my secret from her."

"I promise," said the captain, the look of surprise still upon his face.

"Several years ago," continued the sick man, "I was connected with a band of diamond swindlers in South Africa; I was then known by the name of Bright; and through the aid of my associate, Pennington, you were swindled out of a diamond worth a small fortune!"

"What!—you—you the one who did that?" cried the captain, starting from his chair.

"Yes," continued Anton, "I am that man. But you were not the only one we swindled, though the diamond we obtained from you was by far the most valuable that came into our possession. We knew that owing to its great size it would be dangerous to handle, so when we returned to London we had it cut in two pieces. One I still have in my possession, the other was taken by Pennington. I had my part of the diamond cut, but somehow I have never had the courage to offer it for sale, though I might have disposed of it for twenty thousand dollars long ago. I am now thankful that I have kept it, for I now have a chance of returning it to its rightful owner."

He drew a small case from beneath his pillow and opened it, displaying a most brilliant and beautiful stone lying within the plush-lined box.

An exclamation of amazement came from the lips of the captain.

"Keep it, it is yours," went on Anton; "and God forbid that I should ever again be guilty of the crime of taking that which does not belong to me."

"This is a noble and worthy act," said the captain, visibly affected as he clasped the sick man's hand, "and may you be spared to live a long and useful life."

"Ah, but that can never be. Only a few months—perhaps weeks—and I shall be no more. I am a poor man with poverty, and even want, staring me in the face; but I feel that this punishment is what I deserved, yet—God knows it is hard to bear when I reflect that my misery and privation must be shared by my devoted sister, Juanita. Almost the last dollar I had was the five hundred I paid to have the diamond cut which I stole from you. I ought not to ask you to repay this amount to me, but it is not for my own sake——"

"I should be worse than ungrateful if I did not willingly repay you what you have paid out on the stone," broke in the captain, hastily drawing a roll of bills from his pocket and thrusting them into the sick man's hand.

"May heaven bless you for your kindness and generosity," said Anton, with emotion, turning his face upon the pillow.

As the captain left the stateroom, a few moments later, he met Juanita. Although there was a look of sadness upon her face, a swift coloring rose to her cheeks as the eyes of the two met; and if what passed between the two as they stood there together could have been witnessed by the other passengers aboard the "Jeannette," they would have had additional reason for suspecting that the two were the most devoted lovers.

The next day when the "Jeannette" reached her destination and the passengers were taking leave of each other, Captain Judson and Juanita stood apart from the rest, conversing in low tones. Then as Anton and his sister entered a carriage, to be driven to their hotel, they united in giving the Captain a pressing invitation to call on them at his earliest pleasure.

Captain Judson was seized with a sudden illness that evening which kept him confined to his room till the evening of the following day. It was about dusk when Colonel Judson had made during the voyage, came into the room to inquire after the Captain's health.

He found Judson quite recovered and sitting by the window, calmly smoking a cigar, an open letter which he had just received in his hand.

"Glad to see you; be seated and take a cigar," said the Captain, cordially.

Harper then threw himself into an easy chair, took a cigar from the extended case, and lit it.

"By the way, Captain," he said, after a pause, "that was quite a romantic incident that affair of yours with the sick passenger and his charming sister."

The Captain nodded, but remained silent.

"It was quite accidental that the particulars of the affair came to my hearing," went on the Colonel. "It happened that the stateroom of a Mrs. Quigley, who was a passenger on the "Jeannette," adjoined the one occupied by Anton Sanchez, and by the merest accident she overheard the interview between yourself and the sick passenger. By my soul! that was a most surprising and romantic sequel to the story you told about the lost diamond."

"So it was," affirmed the Captain with a nod.

"But, after all, it may be spoiled," pursued the Colonel. "I have just learned that the sick passenger and his beautiful sister left the city on the very night of their arrival, and it is rumored that the two were not just what they represented themselves to be. It looks rather suspicious, to say the least, in view of the fact that the two departed in a very secret and unexpected manner. Are you sure that the diamond you received from the repentant swindler is not bogus after all?"

"I have had the stone examined by an expert in such matters," returned the Captain, "and it proves to be a very clever imitation of a diamond."

"Yes," he continued, "and I have just received a letter from the sick passenger, written since his sudden departure, which will throw still greater light upon the affair." As he spoke he handed the letter he held in his hand to the Colonel, who took it and read as follows;

"ON THE ROAD——, Sept. 14,18—

"MY DEAR CAPTAIN JUDSON,—The suddenness of my departure precluded my bidding you a formal good-bye. However, I now do so, and at the same time assure you of my lasting gratitude for the little services rendered me during our pleasant voyage on the "Jeannette." I also wish to offer you my sincere thanks for the kind attentions and marked regard with which you favored my *wife*, whom my baseness had led you to believe was my sister. The five-hundred dollars which your kindness of heart and generosity induced you to place in my possession for the bogus diamond, which in the foulness of *my* heart I had made you believe was the one you had lost some years ago, will go far towards compensating me for any feeling of self-reproach I may suffer for having imposed upon your credulity. It is hardly necessary to say that I have so laid my plans regarding the route I shall travel that it will be utterly useless for you to attempt to discover my whereabouts. It may be that I am running some risk in writing this, yet when I remember your kindness to me and mine, I feel that it would be almost brutal in me to leave without some expression of the warm regard I hold for you and the regret I feel in thus abruptly ending our brief but most pleasant acquaintance.

"ANTON SANCHEZ, (ALIAS MR. BRIGHT.)"

Colonel Harper let the letter drop from his hand.

"Why, the impudent rascal!" he cried with vehemence. "How could he dare act in such a high-handed manner. But by George! Captain; that spoils what might have been a very pretty and affecting romance."

The Captain nodded gravely.

"This is a hard, cruel world," he said, "and people are not always just what they seem, but after all I cannot help feeling a touch of pity for that scoundrel Anton and his beautiful sister."

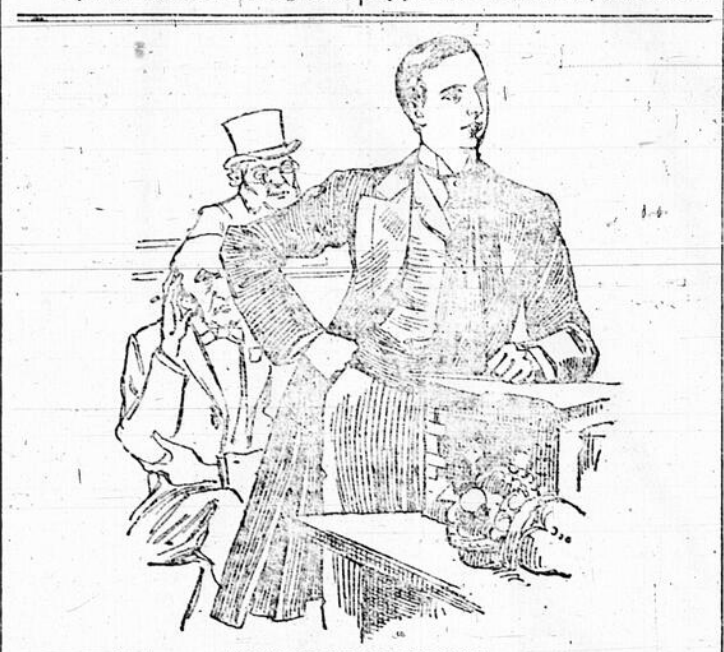
The Colonel cast a questioning look at his companion.

"You see," went on the Captain, "it's like this—Anton Sanchez and his wife are at the head of an organized band of bogus diamond swindlers, and a large reward is offered for their apprehension. I have been on their trail for six months, but they have managed to escape me till I found them aboard the "Jeannette." I don't mind telling you now, that instead of being merely a retired sea-captain I am a detective. I would have placed Anton and his wife under arrest as soon as we landed, but there were two other members of the gang that we wished to get at the same time; so I detailed two of my most trusted assistants to shadow the two till they should reach St. Louis, which was done, and a despatch which I just received informs me that they have been arrested along with two others of the gang and safely locked in gaol. The money I gave to Anton was all in marked bills, and was found in his possession, so it will be returned to me as soon as I reach St. Louis, where I shall soon go to testify against the guilty parties."

A cry of amazement escaped the lips of Colonel Harper.

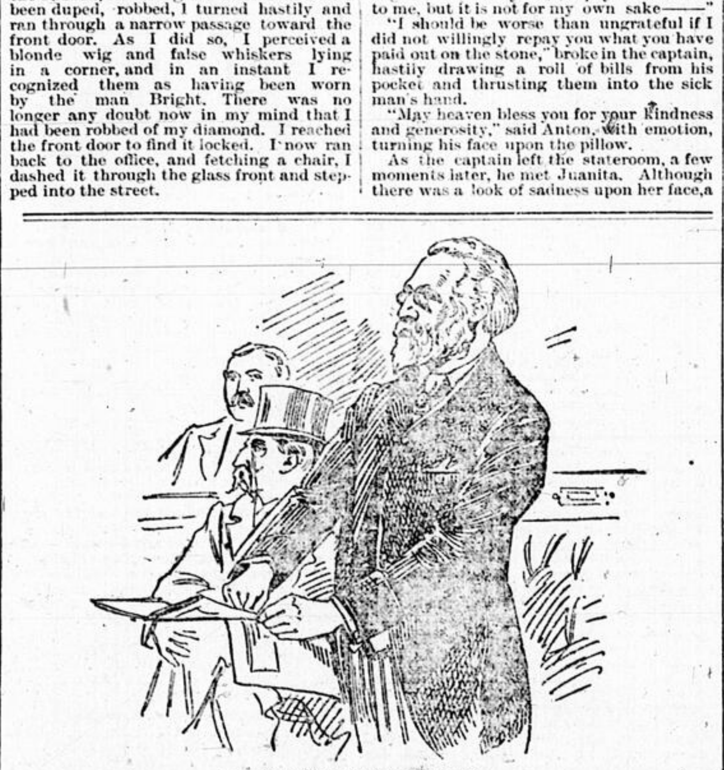
"By Jove!" he exclaimed, "this is a most amazing dénouement to the little affair. But how about the story you told of your lost diamond?"

"Oh, that was simply a bit of imagination—a little bait which I threw out, and as luck would have it, it was gobbled up at once. Here—take a fresh cigar, Colonel."†



THE HOME RULE DEBATE.

Sir Edward Grey, M.P., the representative of Lord Rosebery in the House of Commons, said: "He believed in the good results that would follow, not only in its passage, but in the future results and working of it in Ireland and the principles upon which it was founded." The Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs looks even younger than he is, and his little awkardnesses emphasize this boyish appearance. For all that he has satisfied the House that he possesses courage and capacity, and when he has outgrown these superficial defects he will make an effective speaker.



THE HOME RULE DEBATE.

On the night of the division, Mr. Justin McCarthy, M.P., leader of the anti-Parnellite party, said: "They took the Bill at Mr. Gladstone's hands, and they were glad that it was at his hands they had got it."

The Prohibition Commission.

The Royal Commission on the liquor traffic will resume its sittings in Brockville on Monday next. The members of the commission propose to hold sittings in the province of Ontario in the following places: Brockville, Monday, October 2, at 10 a. m.; Peterboro, Wednesday, October 4, at 10 a. m.; Hamilton, Friday, October 6, at 10 a. m.; Woodstock, Monday, October 9, at 3 p. m.; Windsor, Wednesday, October 11, at 10 a. m.; London, Friday, October 13, at 10 a. m.; Berlin, Monday, October 16, at 3 p. m.; Guelph, Wednesday, October 18, at 10 a. m.; Owen Sound, Friday, October 20, at 10 a. m.; Toronto, Monday, October 23, at 10 a. m.

The meeting in Brockville will be held in the county court house, and probably in the city or town hall in other places.

Mrs. Lunn a Perjurer.

HALIFAX, N. S., September 30.—At Dartmouth Thursday John Lunn was arraigned for firing at his wife with intent to kill. She had left her home, and her husband found her in Dartmouth with a man named Lee. Thereupon Lunn caught hold of her, and pointing a revolver at her head, said he would kill her, and fired. She escaped, and Lunn was arrested. The evidence of the shooting was given by four witnesses. Mrs. Lunn swore that neither she nor her husband were in Dartmouth on the night in question. Her perjury was so glaring that the magistrate instantly sent her to gaol. Both husband and wife were sent to the Supreme Court for trial.

HELP IS WANTED

by the women who are ailing and suffering, or weak and exhausted. And, to every such woman, help is *guaranteed* by Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. For young girls just entering womanhood; women at the critical "change of life"; women approaching confinement; nursing mothers; and every woman who is "run-down" or overworked, it is a medicine that builds up, strengthens, and regulates, no matter what the condition of the system.

It's an invigorating, restorative tonic, a soothing and bracing nervine, and the only *guaranteed* remedy for "female complaints" and weaknesses. In bearing-down sensations, periodical pains, ulceration, inflammation, and every kindred ailment, if it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

THE CHURCHES.

JEWISH.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, Stanley street, below St. Catherine street. Eve of Assembly 8.15 p.m. (Shemin Atzereth) Solo, "By the Waters of Babylon," Miss Ada Moylan; Haydn's "And the Spirit of God" (with solo by Mr. A. G. Cunningham), "The Heavens are Telling." Monday morning at 10, Feast of Assembly. Brief Memorial Service. Hymn, "One Sweetly Solemn Thought," with solo by Miss Silverman, "Angels Ever Bright and Fair," Miss Reyner, "O Rest in the Lord," Miss Ada Moylan, Chopin's "March Funerbere."

UNDENOMINATIONAL.

WELCOME HALL MISSION, 247 St. Antoine street, opposite Versailles street. Gospel meeting Sunday evening, at 8.15.

PROTESTANT HOUSE OF INDUSTRY AND HOME Longue Pointe. Service, 2.30 p. m., Rev. J. H. Dixon.

CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST), Harmony Hall, 2456 St. Catherine street. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Seats free.

SCANDINAVIAN-LUTHERAN.

41 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET. Communion service at 10.30 a.m. Service on Sundays at 11 a.m. Sunday school at 10 a.m. All Scandinavians are cordially invited. Rev. A. W. Hvistendahl, pastor.

THE CHURCHES.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 1st.

EIGHTEENTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL. Holy Communion, 8.00 a. m. Cathedral Service and Holy Communion at 11 a. m. Choral Litany, 4.15 p.m. Cathedral Service at 7 p.m., preacher, Very Rev. Dean Carmichael. All seats free at 7 p.m. Friday (St. Michael's day), Holy Communion at 10 a.m. Daily service at 5 p.m. Rev. J. G. Norton, D. D., Rector of Montreal.

S. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, corner of Ontario and St. Urbain sts. Holy Communion, 7.45 and 11 a.m., Choral with sermon. Matins, 10.15 a. m. Evensong at 7 p.m. All seats free and unappropriated. Rev. E. Wood, M. A., Rector.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH. Very Rev. Dean Carmichael, Rector. Holy Communion at 9.30 a.m. and after morning service. Morning Prayer, 11.00 a.m., Preacher, Dean Carmichael. Sunday-school 3 p.m. Evening Prayer, 7.00, preacher, Rev. L. N. Tucker. All strangers and non-seat-holders entering by front door at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. will be directed to seats before Divine service begins.

ST. JAMES THE APOSTLE. Holy Communion at 8.00 a.m. and at the morning service at 11. Preacher, Canon Ellegood, M.A. Evening service at 7. Preacher, Rev. G. Abbott Smith, B. A. Canon Ellegood, Rector.

TRINITY CHURCH, St. Denis Street, opposite Viger Sq. Morning Service and Holy Communion at 11 a.m. Preacher Rev. Canon Mills, B. D. Sunday-school and Bible class at 3 p.m. Evening service at 7. Preacher, Rev. Canon Mills, Rector, who will resume series of sermons on the Miracles.

ST. MARY'S. Prefontaine street, Hochelaga. Service at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. Alfred Bareham, rector.

MAISONNEUVE MISSION, 631 Notre Dame street. Service at 7 p.m. Incumbent, Rev. Alfred Bareham. Service conducted by Mr. W. Curran.

ST. MARTIN'S. Rev. Geo. Osborne Troop, M.A., Rector. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Holy Communion at 11 a.m. Sunday school at 3 p.m. All seats free.

GRACE CHURCH, Point St. Charles. 8 a.m., Holy Communion. 11 a.m., Holy Communion and sermon. 7 p.m., evening prayer; preacher, Rev. Dr. Saunders. Rev. Jno. Ker, B.D., Rector.

ST. STEPHEN'S. Morning at 11, Holy Communion. Evening at 7; preacher, Ven. Archdeacon Evans, M. A., Rector.

ST. THOMAS' Notre Dame Street. 11 a.m. (Holy Communion), evening service at 7 p. m. Rev. J. F. Renaud, rector, will preach at both services.

ALL SAINTS' Church, corner of Marianne and St. Denis streets. 11 a.m., Holy Communion, and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Rev. H. J. Evans, M.A., Incumbent. Seats free.

ST. LUKE'S, corner of Dorchester and Champlain streets, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., Rev. T. E. Cunningham, Rector.

EGLISE DU REDEMPTEUR (Rue Chatham), 11 a. m. et 7 p. m. D. Lariviere, B. A., Pasteur.

ST. MATTHIAS', Cote St. Antoine. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. Edward Bushell, M. A., Rector.

ST. JUDE'S, Coursol Street. Services at 11 a. m., preacher, Rev. L. N. Tucker. 7 p.m., preacher, the Rector. Sunday School and Bible Classes at 3 p.m. Boys' Brigade, Monday, at 8 p.m. Service, Wednesday, at 8 p.m., followed by Sunday-school teachers' meeting. Boys' meeting, Saturday, at 7.30 p.m. Seats free. Strangers welcome. Rev. J. H. Dixon, rector.

ST. BARNABAS, St. Lambert. 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. W. J. Dart, M.A.

ST. STEPHEN'S, Lachine. 11 a.m., Holy Communion; 7 p.m., Special Thanksgiving service. Subject: "The goodness of God." Rev. R. Hewton, M. A.

ST. MARK'S, Longueuil. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. J. G. Baylis, B. D.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, corner of St. Luke st. and Wood avenue. 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m. All seats free. Rev. C. Cameron Waller, curate in charge.

CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER, Cote St. Paul, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., L. H. Davidson, lay reader in charge.

RICHMOND SQUARE Mission Rooms. Service 7 p. m.

OUTREMONT MUNICIPAL HALL, 7 p. m. J. Irwin Strong in charge. W. Henderson, Principal.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Sault au Recollet, Divine service at 11.15 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. E. McManus, Incumbent.

ST. PHILIP'S CHURCH, Montreal Junction. 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Rev. Geo. Johnson, Incumbent.

ST. SIMON'S CHURCH, corner St. Joseph and St. Elizabeth avenue, St. Henri. 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Rev. Samuel Massey.

VALOIS, Divine Service in boat-house 11 a. m. during the summer months, Rev. Mr. Rochester officiating.

PRESBYTERIAN.

ST. ANDREW'S (Church of Scotland). Morning service at 11 a.m. Preacher, Rev. Principal Barbour, D. D. Evening service at 7. Preacher, Rev. W. H. Warriner. Sunday-school at 3. Rev. J. Edgar Hill, M. A., B. D., pastor.

MOUNT ROYAL VALE. Union Mission Church. Service at 4 p. m.

STANLEY STREET. 11 a.m. 7 p.m. Rev. F. M. Dewey, M. A., pastor.

AMERICAN. 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. The Pastor, Rev. T. S. McWilliams, M. A., will preach at both services.

AMERICAN, INSPECTOR ST. BRANCH. 411 St. James st. Mr. J. H. Collins, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 3.15 p.m.

ERSKINE. Rev. A. J. Mowatt, pastor. 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

CRESCENT STREET. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. A. B. Mackay, D. D., pastor, will preach at both services. Sabbath-school and Bible classes at 3 p. m.

CHALMERS'. Rev. Colborne Heine, B. A., pastor. Services, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

ST. JOHN'S. (French Presbyterian) old Russell Hall, St. Catherine street, 11 a. m. and 7. m., Rev Mr. Morin, pastor.

LAPRAIRIE. ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH. 11 a. m. and 3 p. m. every Sunday. Wm. McCuaig, Missionary.

ST. MATTHEW'S, Point St. Charles, 11 a. m., and 7 p. m. Rev. W. R. Cruikshank, B. A., pastor. Sabbath-school and Bible Class at 3 p.m.

MAISONNEUVE MISSION. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

KNOX. Rev. James Fleck, B.A., pastor, 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Sunday services are being held in the High School, Peel street.

ST. PAUL'S. Rev. James Barclay, M.A., D.D., pastor, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday-school at 3 p. m.

ST. MARK'S. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., Rev. John Nichols, pastor.

ST. GABRIEL. The Rev. Robert Campbell, D.D., pastor. Rev. W. Forlong at 11 a.m. Rev. Principal MacVicar, D.D., LL.D., at 7 p.m.

L'EGLISE DE ST. SAUVEUR, Canning street, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

COTE DES NEIGES. 11 a. m. Rev. J. Myles Crombie.

COTE ST. LOUIS NEW CHURCH, corner of St. Denis and Carriere sts. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., W. T. Morison.

NORWOOD. (Back River.) 3 p. m. Rev. J. Myles Crombie.

ST. LAURENT. 7 p. m., Rev. J. Myles Crombie.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Lachine. Rev. Charles Ross, pastor. Services 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

WESTMINSTER PRESB CONGREGATION—HALL corner of Atwater Ave. and St. Antoine Street, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. M. Stewart Oxley, B. A., pastor.

MELVILLE CHURCH, Cote St. Antoine. Rev. Prof. Ross, M. A., B. D., will preach at both services. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath-school and Bible class conducted by Rev. Prof. Fenwick at 3 p. m.

ST. CUTHBERT'S, St. Lambert. Rev. Murray Watson, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath-school and pastor's Bible class at 3 p. m.

CALVIN—Rev. W. J. Smyth, Ph. D., pastor. Communion service at 11 a. m. Evening service at 7. Ordination service at 8.30 p. m.

METHODIST.

ST. JAMES METHODIST CHURCH. Rev. W. J. Hunter, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

DOMINION SQUARE. Rev. A. C. Courtice, B. A., B. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m.

SHERBROOKE STREET. Corner St. Lawrence st. Rev. S. D. Chown, pastor, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Subject for the morning, "Fallow Ground"; for the evening, "The Bible, What is it? Why preach it?"

DOUGLAS CHURCH. St. Catherine st. west. Rev. S. P. Rose, D. D., Pastor. Opening of new school room. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., preacher, Rev. Jesse L. Hurlbut, D.D., of New York.

COTE ST. ANTOINE. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. J. D. Ellis, B. A., pastor.

HOCHELAGA METHODIST. (Marlborough st.), Pastor, Rev. Thomas Brown. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

MONTREAL SOUTH. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., Rev. A. E. Pates, pastor.

COTE ST. LOUIS. (Corner, Mount Royal ave. and Berri street.) 11 a. m., and 7 p.m. Rev. J. H. Ainsworth.

OUTREMONT. 11 a.m., Mr. H. A. Moulton.

CENTENARY—POINT ST. CHARLES. Rev. J. Tallman Pitcher, pastor. 11 a.m. and 7 p. m.

DORCHESTER STREET METHODIST CHURCH, corner Dorchester and St. Urbain streets. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., Rev. A. G. Robertson, pastor.

COTE ST. PAUL. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., Rev. R. G. Peever.

ADVENT CHRISTIAN.

ASSEMBLY HALL, 2269 St. Catherine street. Service at 7 p. m., Mr. Charles Robertson. Subject: "Churchism and its effect on morality."

BAPTIST.

OLIVET. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. W. B. Hinson, Pastor.

FIRST. The pastor, Rev. Donald Grant will preach at both services. Missionary prayer meeting, led by Mr. L. H. Packard, at 10 a.m. 11 a.m., subject, "Christian Stewardship." The Lord's supper will be administered at the close of the morning service. 7 p.m., Evening service.

EAST END BAPTIST MISSION. 6 Craig street. Sunday, preaching service at 7 p.m. Sunday-school, at 3 p. m. Thursday, prayer meeting at 8 p. m. A hearty welcome to all. Henry J. Hayson, preacher.

OLIVET MISSIONS. Winstanley Hall, 142 Delisle street, 7 p. m. Olivet Baptist Chapel, corner Grand Trunk and Montmorenci streets, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

GRACE. Elm Avenue, Cote St. Antoine, Rev. W. T. Graham, pastor. 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

COTE ST. LOUIS BAPTIST MISSION. Protestant Dissentient Schoolhouse, 52 Stuart street, Cote St. Louis. Preaching Service, 7 p. m.

CONGREGATIONAL.

CALVARY, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., Rev. Edmund M. Hill, M. A., Pastor.

ZION. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. W. H. Warriner, B. A., B. D., Pastor.

EMMANUEL. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. J. B. Silcox, pastor, will preach at both services. Evening subject, "From mud to marble."

POINT ST. CHARLES, Congregational Church, 185 Congregation street. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., Rev. T. Hall, Pastor.

UNITARIAN.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Rev. W. S. Barnes, pastor. Sunday-school resumed.

GERMAN LUTHERAN.

GERMAN LUTHERAN CHURCH, ST. DOMINIQUE Street, Rev. F. Riedel, pastor. Service every Sunday at 11 a. m. All Germans kindly invited.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S. 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. W. D. Stevens, rector.

PECIFIC ARTICLES.

A1 A Perfect Article.

COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER.

The purest quality of Cream Tartar, finest re-crystallized Bi-Carbonate of Soda are used in its preparation. It has stood A1 with housekeepers for the past 30 years, and is now (if possible) better than ever.

All the best Grocers sell it. 57

PRESENTATION ADDRESSES! HANDSOMELY ILLUMINATED. EDWIN COX & CO., 114 St. Fra. Xavier street

KOFF NO MORE.

Watson's Cough Drops will give positive and instant relief to those suffering from Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, etc., and are invaluable to Orators and Vocalists. "R & T. W." stamped on each drop. 83

FITS. All Fits stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No Fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch st., Phila., Pa. J. A. Harte, 1780 Notre Dame St. 91

BOECKH'S CELEBRATED **Painting Brushes,** Round, Oval and Flat, with Flexible Bridles attached ready for use. For sale by all leading houses. 193

ANGOSTURA BITTERS, THE WORLD RENOWNED South American appetizer, cures dyspepsia, &c. Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, sole manufacturers. At all druggists. 225

WHEN GOING TO CHICAGO FAIR, CARRY Travellers' Cheques of American Express Coy. No identification required. For sale at 84 St. Francois Xavier. 224 law

LADIES' CUTTING ACADEMY.
Established in 1891

The Courses comprise, **Designing of Patterns, Cutting, Joining, Fitting, Altering, Draping Skirts, Mantles, Dolmans, etc.**

MRS. E. L. ETHIER, Principal, 88 St. Denis St., Montreal. 206 Dalhousie St., Ottawa. 114 eod

AN ABSOLUTE CURE
ADAMS' PEPSIN TUTTI FRUTTI
FOR INDIGESTION.
SEE THAT TUTTI FRUTTI IS ON EACH 5¢ PACKAGE.

Opera, Field and Marine Glasses,
At HARRISON & CO.,
258 St. James,
opposite N. E. Hamilton's. 230 eod

STEAMSHIPS.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.

Liverpool, Derry, Quebec & Montreal Service.

From Liverpool.		From Montreal.	From Quebec.
14 Sept.	CIRCASSIAN	30 Sept.	
21 Sept.	PARISIAN	7 Oct.	8 Oct.
28 Sept.	*LAURENTIAN	14 Oct.	
5 Oct.	NUMIDIAN	21 Oct.	22 Oct.
12 Oct.	SARDINIAN	28 Oct.	29 Oct.

RATES OF PASSAGE.—CABIN.
S.S. PARISIAN, Single, $50 to $70. Return $100 to $135.
S.S. SARDINIAN.
Single, $50 to $60. Return, $100 to $130.
BY OTHER STEAMERS.
Single, $45 and $50. Return, $95 and $100.
Rates are in accordance with location of stateroom, and number of persons occupying same.
Second Cabin, $30 and $35. Steerage, $24.
Steamers are despatched from Montreal at daylight on the day of sailing. Passengers go on board between 8 and 10 o'clock on Friday evening. Steamers with an * will not stop at Quebec, Rimouski, or Derry.

Glasgow, Londonderry and N. Y. Service.

From Glasgow.	STEAMSHIPS.	From New York.	
8 Sept.	*GRECIAN	28 Sept.	
15 Sept.	STATE OF NEBRASKA	5 Oct.	2 p.m.
22 Sept.	*PERUVIAN	12 Oct.	
29 Sept.	*NORWEGIAN	19th Oct.	

Steamers with a * will not carry passengers from New York. Cabin passengers $40 and upwards, single; $80 and upwards, return, according to location of berth. Second Cabin, $30. Steerage at lowest rates.
Nearly all the staterooms are situated on the saloon deck, thus ensuring perfect ventilation. All the Steamers of both services are fitted throughout with the incandescent electric light. For freight, passage, or further information apply to **H. & A. ALLAN, Montreal, Boston or Philadelphia, or to AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., 53 Broadway, N.Y.**

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAMSHIP CO.

NEW YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, BREMEN.

Aller, Tues., Oct. 3, 11 a.m.	Ems, Sat., Oct. 21, 7 a.m.
Saale, Sat., Oct. 7, 7 a.m.	Havel, Tues., Oct. 24, 9 a.m.
Spree, Tues., Oct. 10, 11 a.m.	Elbe, Sat., Oct. 28, 9 a.m.
Lahn, Tues. Oct. 17, 10 a.m.	Aller, Tues., Oct. 31, 10 a.m.

FAST ROUTE TO THE MEDITERRANEAN.
Direct line to south of France, Riviera and Italy, touching at Gibraltar to land passengers to Spain.

NEW YORK TO GENOA LESS THAN 11 DAYS.

Werra, Sat., Oct. 14, 2 p.m.	Fulda, Sat. Dec. 9, 10 a.m.
Kaiser, Sat., Oct. 21, 2 p.m.	Werra, Sat. Dec. 30, 2 p.m.
Fulda, Sat., Nov. 4, 2 p.m.	Kaiser, Sat., Jan. 6, 9 a.m.
Werra, Sat., Nov. 18, 2 p.m.	Spree, Tues., Jan. 16, 1 p.m.
Kaiser, Sat., Nov. 25, noon.	Fulda, Sat., Jan. 27, 10 a.m.

Passage $100, $125, or $150 a berth first cabin.
OELRICHS & CO., 2 Bowling Green, New York.
J. Y. GILMOUR & CO., 356 St. Paul Street,
DOUGLAS BATTERSBY, 178 St. James Street.
W. L. S. JACKSON, 1761 Notre Dame Street,
89z **Agents for Montreal.**

DOMINION LINE
Royal Mail Steamships,
LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

Steamer		From Montreal.	From Quebec.
Labrador	Sept. 30,	Daylight,	Oct. 1.
Sarnia	Oct. 7,	11 p.m.	
Vancouver	Oct. 14,	Daylight,	Oct. 15.
Oregon	Oct. 21,	11 p.m.	
Toronto	Oct. 28,	11 p.m.	

Montreal or Quebec to Liverpool or Londonderry—First cabin, $45 to $70; return, $95 to $130, according to steamer and berth. Second cabin, to Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown, Belfast or Glasgow, $30 and $35, return $65. Steerage, to Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Queenstown, Belfast or Glasgow, $24.
The saloons are large and airy, and amidships. Ladies' rooms and Smoking rooms have been placed in the most convenient positions. Promenade decks are very spacious and every attention is paid to the comfort of passengers. S. S. Vancouver and Labrador do not carry cattle.
For further information apply to any agent of the company, or to **DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,** 17 St. Sacrament Street, 114 General Agents, Montreal.

BOUDAULT'S
PEPSINE WINE.
The only one recommended by DR. CORVISART and approved by the Academy of Medicine of Paris. This Wine, of a very agreeable taste, has been used with the greatest success for 30 years in cases of
Dyspepsia, Gastralgia, Want of Appetite, Disgust at Meals, Slow and Painful Digestion, and other Troubles of the Stomach.
BOUDAULT'S PEPSINE (in Powder) is also recommended in some cases.
Paris:—HOTTOT-BOUDAULT. 3 rue Dauphine.
LYMAN SONS & CO., Wholesale Dealers, 386 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

LEGAL CARDS.

McGibbon & Davidson
ADVOCATES, &c.
NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING,
MONTREAL.
R. D. McGibbon, Q.C. 231 Peers Davidson

The Daily Star.

GRAHAM & CO., Proprietors.
163 and 165 St. James Street.

THE DAILY STAR is sent to any part of the United States or Canada, postage free, at $3 a year $1.60 for six months, and 90c. for three months.

☞ We believe the circulation of THE STAR exceeds the combined issue of all the other English newspapers published in the city of Montreal. ☜

Agents for French Advertising are Messrs. Amedee Prince & Cie., No. 34 Rue de Provence, corner of Lafayette and St. Georges, Paris, France.

CIRCULATION OF THE DAILY STAR

For week ending 23rd Sept., 1893.

Monday	37,046
Tuesday	36,662
Wednesday	35,853
Thursday	37,399
Friday	37,243
Saturday	40,000
Total	224,203

Present Daily Average for Week
— ENDING —
SEPT. 23rd, 1893.
37,367.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1893.

COUPON No. 84.

FOR ESTIMATE OF DAILY STAR CIRCULATION.

MONTREAL............, 1893.

To the Publishers DAILY STAR, Montreal.

I estimate that the Montreal DAILY STAR will have reached a daily average circulation of 38,000 a day, taking the average of the week ending Saturday, the ...., and I compete for the Gold Watch in making this estimate on the terms laid down in the STAR.

Name.................................
Street.................................
P.O.................................

A MERRY MUDDLE.

A horrific crisis has arisen in American politics. For a time people have ceased to wonder how much longer the "silvern" Senators will labor to prove their kinship with "speech;" and the Wilson tariff committee has rung off its connection with the protesting manufacturers with considerable impunity. Nor is this deafness and blindness to passing events for naught! The attention of every free American citizen is rivetted upon the great Van Alen scandal, which has set that remarkable collection of incarnate feuds, known as the New York Democracy, jangling like a consignment of bells in a railway accident. It seems that James J. Van Alen is a Rhode Island politician, possessed of a fair share of the goods of this world. During the Cleveland-Harrison campaign he subscribed handsomely to the Democratic funds. This much Mr. W. C. Whitney admits, though he declines to give the amount, which is stated by others to have been $50,000. At the present time there lies before the American Senate a recommendation from President Cleveland, that Mr. James J. Van Alen be appointed Consul to Italy from the United States. Wicked critics of the appointment charge that this is only the fulfilment of a bargain made by Mr. W. C. Whitney with Mr. Van Alen when he put his name down for the aforesaid $50,000. This is the Van Alen scandal; and there is a simplicity, a directness, a leering and impudent corruptness about it that attracts attention.

The first spicy feature it presents is that the charges are made by the New York *World*, a journal that supported Mr. Cleveland at the last elections. The Republicans have done nothing thus far but echo the *World's* charges and be exceedingly grateful for the dissensions of their enemies. The *Daily America*, another Democratic paper which campaigns against the *World* with diurnal malignity, supports the appointment; and the New York *Sun*, a third Democratic journal, says pleasantly of its two colleagues: "The *Daily America*, Mr. Croker's horse-racing and Tammany publication, argues that Van Alen ought to be sent to Rome as Ambassador because Joseph Pulitzer, owner of the *World*, is against him." "It is true that Pulitzer is a person of dishonest and unwholesome reputation, as the *Daily America* avers;" it continues; "but that does not afford a sufficient reason why President Cleveland should proceed to consummate the delivery of a public office to a person who is not fit to hold it, solely because he has paid fifty thousand dollars for it." Thus does the Democratic menagerie growl in harmony.

Mr. W. C. Whitney contributes to the product of the party orchestra a flat contradiction that he entered into any bargain whatsoever with Mr. Van Alen, and produces as evidence the letter that he wrote to President Cleveland in support of the appointment. This document is in itself worthy of a place in literature, cheek by jowl with Daniel O'Connell's pacific counsel. "There is the horse-pond, boys. Don't put him in it!" The letter reads:

NEW YORK, June 20, 1893.

Dear Mr. President: I enclose a clipping from the New York *Sun*, which covers what purports to be an interview with me regarding the candidacy of Mr. Van Alen for the mission to Italy. The interview is substantially correct. I think, in justice to Mr. Van Alen, I ought to say more. With the main facts, as stated in this interview, you should be familiar. I made it clear to everybody in the campaign that I would assume no obligations, tacit or expressed, as to offices or appointments, and you are quite aware that you have not been asked to perform any contracts of this nature, so far as I know. Mr. Van Alen is a gentleman, and gave what he contributed to the campaign freely and from an interest in the success of the party. He had previously identified himself warmly with the party in Rhode Island; his candidacy has the support of nearly every prominent party man in his state. I have been called upon by these men to see that his warm support of our party should not militate against his candidacy.

I therefore break the silence which I have heretofore maintained since the inauguration to say that I know Mr. Van Allen well, and that he is, in my judgment, in every way adapted to the position which he seeks, and that I sincerely hope that the malicious stories which have found their way into print will not affect him adversely. There is no obligation upon you to appoint him to any office; but there is the additional reason for appointing him that as the result of a very patriotic, generous and cordial support of the party in the last campaign, when friends were few and calls were great, he has been accused of dishonorable bargaining. This, as you know, is the first time you have been approached by me on the subject of appointments.

Very sincerely yours,
W. C. WHITNEY.

To Hon. Grover Cleveland, Washington, D. C.

Still it is impossible not to accept the denial of a gentleman of Mr. Whitney's standing in spite of the evidence he produces on his own behalf. There was surely no vulgar bargain that he was concerned in. Now although this burlesque stage is reasonably full of Democrats, two more come on and win a way at once to the foot-lights. These twain are Mr. Horace White, editor of the New York *Post*, and Mr. Richard Watson Gilder, poet and Mugwump. Both are warm personal friends of Mr. Cleveland and, being grieved at the scandal that seemed likely to cast some of its shadow upon his name, are said to have set out upon the generous, if Quixotic, errand of raising $50,000 to pay Mr. Van Alen back and thus relieve the President of all necessity of making the doubtful appointment. The money was forthcoming, but the haughty Van Alen would not take it—so the story runs—and put in Mr. Whitney's possession a letter in which he most emphatically denied that any bargain had ever been made. "I should be a combination of knave, fool and liar to have made such a statement," he said, "for there was absolutely no understanding between myself and any one that I should have any office under the government." Still it is not probable that Mr. Whitney's plea that Mr. Van Alen should not be handicapped because of his loyalty to the party, was unheeded.

And this amusing complication is the reason why the silver question has lost its brightness, and tariff revision its interest. The pressing issue is: Will Mr. Van Alen represent the great American nation in beautiful Italy, or will the possessors of other $50,000 be discouraged from dropping them in the slot? Will "loyalty" go unrewarded, and will it be necessary hereafter for contributors to insist on written agreements? Let once the impression get abroad that the "slot machine" is out of order, and the pennies will cease to flow down its throat; but, on the other hand, if the "slot" principle is made a permanent part of the American diplomatist factory, the standing of its consular service in the slow-going European world—where such new ideas make way with difficulty—will not be improved.

A REVENUE TARIFF.

Since the Ottawa Convention, Canadian Liberalism has been busily massing itself behind the revenue tariff banner. Under that flag the Democrats won a decisive victory over McKinleyism in the United States, and the party out of power in this country are plainly minded to try the same plan of campaign here. They have, however, over-looked the fact that, while the Democrats appealed to a people exasperated by the extension of an already high protective tariff into the intolerable class legislation to which McKinley gave his name, they must fight their battle against a tariff that is even now comparatively moderate, and will be—if the Ministers have not taken leave of their seven senses—radically reformed before election day. Mr. Blake's Malvern platform would have been a much safer position for them to have occupied, especially when they see how exceedingly difficult Chairman Wilson, of the Ways and Means Committee of Congress, is finding it to draft a tariff free from protective features. The New York *Sun* (Democratic) says that he is going about it in the wrong way and lays down some principles on which a revenue tariff should be constructed that will not be uninteresting to Canadians in view of the attitude of our own Opposition.

The *Sun* says that the hearing of the representatives of home industries which has been going on at Washington, is diametrically contrary to the spirit which should govern the preparation of a revenue tariff. That sort of thing, it contends, is a part of the forbidden protective system, and may be useful in preparing a tariff for the fostering of home industries; but "it is altogether different with a constitutional tariff for revenue only and for the express purpose of getting rid of the whole robbery of protection." The making of a revenue tariff is a matter of arithmetic, not of consultation. "Nobody needs to be heard with regard to it," says the *Sun*. "Justice to the interests of no particular industry, require that its favor should be sought or its objections considered; for the bill is not to be framed with reference to the promotion of any special industrial interests." This is fairly explicit; but another definition from the same paper may make it plainer. It reads:

A tariff for revenue only, if conceived in uprightness and framed in honesty, will levy an equal duty upon all articles whatever, whether the like of them can be produced in this country or not. Of course, under such a tariff wool cannot be made free, nor can anything be made free. A tariff with a free list is not a revenue tariff; it is a discriminating tariff, designed for the protection of special interests or special classes.

Thus will the difference between free trade as it is practised in Britain, and a revenue tariff as the *Sun* understands it, be plainly seen. One has as large a free list as possible, levying duties only on a few articles for the sake of revenue; while the other imposes a dead level duty on everything. We have no desire to impose this definition of a revenue tariff upon any one, but it is interesting as, at any rate, one journal's opinion as to how a revenue tariff should be constructed. It attacks Congressman Harter, for example, for proposing to put flour and agricultural implements on the free list. "It is distressing," it says, "to find a man of Mr. Harter's intelligence, a man who has studied the tariff question as carefully and closely as he has, still wallowing in the mire of protection." And all because he wanted to remove the duty from flour and agricultural implements! It may be that Mr. Dana is poking fun at a tariff policy that he is not suspected of believing in; but, however that may be, he has struck the most philosophical theory of a revenue tariff. And it is not to be easily improved, except by moving nearer to either free trade or protection. A free list may be established, but this is looking either the one way or the other according as the articles put in it are chosen from the raw materials of the finished products. Duties may be arranged so as to incidentally help home industries, but this is the introduction of the leaven of protection. The Liberals might tell us how they would go about the task if called to power.

AUSTRALIAN WOOL.

Australia is rapidly fitting itself to control the wool trade of the world. The New York *Journal of Commerce* furnishes some figures showing how enormously the production of wool in the island continent has increased during the last few decades. In 1861, the number of sheep on the island totalled 23,741,000; and in 1890 the number was 116,041,000. No such growth of the population is shown, thus making it evident that the people of Australia have gone in for wool production with a vim. At the present time, too, the price of Australian wool is much lower than that of the United States, for instance. "Fine Ohio washed," for example, brings 28 cents a pound, while "Point Phillip washed" (Australian) sells at 24 cents. Ohio scoured is put at 62½ cents as compared with only 37 cents for Australian scoured. No wonder the wool growers of Ohio dread "free wool."

This is an article, too, that, what with our subsidised steamers to Australia and the sending of Hon. Mr. Bowell out there in the interests of mutual trade we should be able to import very largely. Last year we bought from the United States wool to the value of nearly $700,000, and presumably paid a good price for it. From Australia we received only $264,000 worth, but our facilities for securing wool from the antipodes are now much better. Britain sent us wool valued at $575,000, and it is quite possible that some of this was of Australian growth. Our total importation of wool was $1,694,702—room for a very considerable development of this line of trade. We could pay them for their wool in wood, thus mutually benefitting two of the leading industries in both countries.

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE.

The opening of the Board of Trade Building was a most auspicious occasion for the introduction of Lord Aberdeen to the people of Montreal. Our people are rather proud of the building (especially perhaps those who did not contribute much towards its erection), and its inauguration gave the new Governor-General an excellent opportunity for saying the pretty things that are expected of Governors-General, governor-generally. Having that characteristic northern virtue, "a good conceit of ourselves" we all accept His Excellency's compliments in much the same spirit that he must have accepted our gratitude to him for being a Scotchman, without troubling ourselves individually to any great extent as to whether or not we were personally entitled to any credit in the connection. However, although in varying degree, we all have a right to feel proud of the building, which is a worthy monument to Montreal's commercial vigor. The very existence of such a building indicates an era of considerable commercial prosperity. But while we are all shaking hands with ourselves and with each other on the consummation of this important work it should not be forgotten that somebody is entitled to the special credit of actually initiating and bringing the work to a successful completion. The new Board of Trade Building was dreamt about and talked about for many years before it came within the sphere of "practical politics." Five or six years ago it was only a castle in the air and probably would only have been a castle in the air to-day but for the pluck, determination and activity of one man. Certainly it would not have been what it is nor where it is but for an heroic fight by that one man against determined opposition and continuous discouragement. Giving due credit to all who have assisted in any way, it is to Mr. Robert Archer that Montreal's thanks are owing for bringing the scheme from the condition of a mere hazy project to a practical and successful issue. When in 1888 he was elected chairman of the Board of Trade Committee on sites there was a plentiful lack of unanimity among the members of the Board as to what kind of building should be erected and as to where it should be located. Everybody knew exactly where it should be built (especially those who had land to sell or to be improved), but unfortunately they did not coincide. We do not think anybody suggested the top of the mountain as a suitable site (perhaps because nobody had any land for sale up there) but with that exception advocates might have been found for almost any equally undesirable location. Mr. Archer insisted upon placing the building as near as possible to the business centre, instead of the outskirts, and the building shows how well he carried his point. Then there was a strong prejudice in favor of a cheap structure, especially among those who would be expected to "chip in." Mr. Archer had larger ideas. He believed in the possibility of erecting a building worthy of the city and he devoted a solid year's work to the ungrateful and altogether disagreeable work of canvassing the merchants of Montreal for the money to erect a building fit for them to occupy. He carried his point only after a most determined struggle. Many men to be benefitted most by having the Board of Trade building where it now is refused to assist in the floating of the bonds because they knew that Mr. Archer's determination would finally secure the money without them. These men will not refuse to accept more than their share of glory, while Mr. Archer takes a back seat and contents himself with his success. He served as second vice-president in 1889, as first vice-president in 1890, as president in 1891 and then after having by his own exertions floated the bonds, after the land was bought and the plans accepted, after the contracts were signed and all the money needed practically provided, he retired from office. The new Board of Trade Building is very creditable to the merchants of Montreal generally, but it is also a monument to the public spirit, energy and perseverance of Mr. Robert Archer.

GUILTY OF TREASON.

Balmaceda's Cabinet Members Found Guilty of Grave Charges.

NEW YORK, September 30.—The *Herald's* correspondent at Santiago, Chili, telegraphs that the Senate, after considering the matter for two weeks, has declared that the members of the last Balmaceda Cabinet are guilty of treason.

This decision is based upon charges that the ministry diverted public funds from their proper channels. Other grave accusations were made against the Cabinet officers. All the documents in the case will be now sent to the Supreme Court, which will declare what penalty the accused persons will pay.

Poachers Get Their Dues.

PORT DOVER, September 30.—Unlicensed American fishermen had their guns and apparatus seized near here yesterday by a custom officer who surprised them ashore. Their yacht, valued at $9000, took fire and was burned to the water's edge meantime. The men came from Erie, and were sent home after a reprimand.

Weighing Cheese.

The matter ought to be brought up in dairy conventions and the agitation continued until either the Board of Trade or Parliament intervenes. The real point at stake has been largely lost sight of through raising side issues and the introduction of personal charges. Standing beam weight, shrinkage of weight during keeping and weight of cheese cloth are independent of the point at issue, which is this, that while the farmers sell their cheese by weight, the weight by which they are paid is not the actual weight, but a fictitious weight. Pile thirty cheese on a scale and they will be found to weigh a ton. When reweighed in Montreal a certificate will be sent up that they weigh a number of pounds less. The city weight is arrived at by picking out five cheese, weighing each one separately and taking no account of fractions of pounds. By the weight of the five cheese weighed individually and in this peculiar manner, the remainder are averaged. In other words, the seller loses whatever is over even pounds in each cheese. On a hundred cheese, by actual experiment, the loss is found to range from 50 to 80 pounds. If, by some revolution in the trade, small cheese came into favor, the loss would be doubled on 25 or 30 lb. cheese. The contention of the farmer is that as he is not selling by the cheese, but by the lot, he is entitled to be paid by its weight. He holds means should be taken by the trade to ascertain as closely as convenient the actual weight of the lot he delivers, and that the present fictitious mode be discarded. The excuse of the middleman, that cheese shrinks, does not justify the prevalent dockage. The cheese is sold as it stands, and what it weighs when it passes into the hands of the buyer is the weight the farmers should be paid for. The buyer may vary his price according to the greenness of the cheese, but he has no right to recoup himself by a crooked method of weighing.—*Huntingdon Gleaner.*

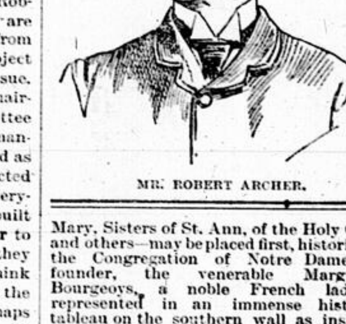
QUEBEC AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

The Educational Exhibit is Specially Lauded, as Are Also Certain Other Branches of Fine Arts.

"Canada has attracted great attention and admiration among World's Fair visitors in the departments of minerals, agriculture, fisheries, and of education—especially the latter, a visit to which will amply repay the student of progress who wends his way down the long west galleries of the Liberal Arts Building," says the Chicago *Tribune*. The department's arrangement has been under the direction of the Rev. Canon Bruchesi of the Archbishop's Palace, Montreal, and right economically has he had every available inch of his two sections of 36 x 20 feet utilized for the display of works from over 400 schools. Represented there notably are the schools of the Christian Brothers, an order founded at Rheims in 1640 and introduced to America by four brothers in Canada in 1837, but now found in almost every large city on the continent. The Marist Brothers College, of St. Laurent, Montreal College, Joliette College, Laval Normal, and Laval University are finely represented in special lines that invite instructive attention. Old "McGill" University, with its memorial halls and splendid records, has seen fit to honor the section with a photograph of its historic buildings and spacious grounds, considering nothing further needful, possibly.

Conventual Exhibits.

So intimately connected with its growth and development are the colleges and female institutions of learning in the province of Quebec, whose annals are the history of Canada itself. At the head of the song list of convents which have sent contributions—Ursulines, Sisters of Jesus and



MR. ROBERT ARCHER.

Mary, Sisters of St. Ann, of the Holy Cross, and others—may be placed first, historically, the Congregation of Notre Dame. Its founder, the venerable Marguerite Bourgeoys, a noble French lady, is represented in an immense historical tableau on the southern wall as instructing the young children of Indians and early French settlers in 1680 in the streets of "Ville Marie," the site of Montreal. From this modest beginning sprang the order which now numbers 24,000 pupils in its various institutions. In all the schools represented in the section English and French are taught equally. In the higher grades all living languages, the classics, Latin and Greek, as a matter-of-course. The business colleges give much attention to their special lines, as is evinced in all their exhibits. The specimens of drawing, linear penetration, projection, architectural, freehand, and shadow "bosse," are particularly fine, and the "relief geographical charts," made under instruction of Brother Pelerinus, to whose courtesy visitors to the "Province of Quebec" are much indebted, are studies in themselves. A clever model, the work of Brother Orestus, made in "relief," of a landscape so arranged with silken threads as to be an object lesson to surveyors in taking levels, etc., is specially worthy of attention.

BEAUTIFUL PENMANSHIP.

If the "pen is mightier than the sword," we shall have to be on guard perpetually against our Northern neighbors. Good penmanship, whether suffering from the advent of stenography and typewriting, or what not, threatens with us to become one of the lost arts; but it is certainly not so in the province of Quebec, so exceedingly fine are the specimens of writing shown from the different schools and convents. The delegates from the French Government who recently visited the Fair took home many samples of them to compile a memorial volume—such as was formed as samples of American school methods in France after the Centennial at Philadelphia. The pen and ink work of the Cercle La Salle of Quebec, is most commendable. An address with "encadrement," very properly kept under glass cover, from the pen of M. Montminy, is a work of art, as are also an aquarelle medallion and a memorial panel representing the great discoverer under the protection of the white-faced Genius of Religion, from the pen of the same artist. The Hon. Joseph A. Chapleau permits his two commissions, one of Secretary of State, the other of his Lieutenant-Governorship, done by M. Arcand of the Cercle La Salle, to be hung in the outer corridor. Besides the finesse of M. Arcand's illustrative work the affixed autographs of "Stanley of Preston" and "Sir John Thompson" lend possibly a trifle more interest to the valuable documents, which bear the huge scarlet seal of "Victoria Regina." "Asile Nazareth, an institution for the blind under the care of the Grey Nuns, Montreal, adopts the Braille system. The results are marvellous. Typewriting, penmanship, fancy work of all descriptions and of highly creditable order are among them.

Clever Work of the Deaf Mutes.

The deaf mutes' work, fancy and useful, is meritorious. A head of Vandyke by one of them shows considerable genius. The convent in which these last unfortunates are cared for is also supervised by the Sisters of La Providence, and receive but little governmental support. In all the numerous "albums," where the handiwork of womankind is shown, sewing that looks as though fairy fingers had plied the needle, old-fashioned lace, "crochet à la fourche," etc., homely and ornamental in design, are shown attention and love of detail and perfect finish that make one pause and ask if the advent of machine work has done so very much good after all! The specimens of water-colors, crayons, and oil paintings from the different convents are uniformly good, and artistically arranged "herbariums," wherein one counted 1800 botanical specimens, show conclusively that if Canada is voted hyperborean by those who know her not such an accusation is libelous. Her flora will be the greatest vindication of her charm of climate and richness of soil, as her educational exhibit will place her in enviable rank among the competitors."

OUR PARISIAN COMMISSIONER.

OUR RELATIONS WITH THE FORMER MOTHER COUNTRY.

France and Canada Are Politically Separated, But Patriotically United—An Immigration Outlook.

Hon. Hector Fabre, Canadian Commissioner in Paris, and brother of Archbishop Fabre, after an absence of eleven years is again in Montreal and stopping with his mother, Madame Fabre, on Lagauchetiere street. Though Mr. Fabre has somewhat aged he seems as lively as ever and is enjoying good health. "I have come to Canada," he said, "partly on business and to visit relative and friends. I am to confer with both the Provincial and Dominion Governments and am awaiting Sir John Thompson's return at Ottawa. In the meantime I will spend a week with the Lieut-Governor at Spencerwood, going there on Monday morning. I came out with Mr. Foursin-Escande, who is one of the founders of "La Societe Fonciere du Canada." The object of this Society is to assist French settlers in the North-West. They have organized a French village at Wolseley, N.W.T., and have named it

HON. HECTOR FABRE,
Canadian Commissioner at Paris.

Montmartre. They have assisted some thirty families to settle there, making about 150 people. The company advances them 3000 francs, which they are to reimburse in five years."

"Is French emigration to Canada making any headway?"

"There is no doubt of that. I have received applications upon all sides. This is due largely to the agricultural crisis that is now existing in France. The difficulty is that the peasants cannot dispose of their lands at sufficiently good prices and enable them to come over. With more companies similar to the one I have mentioned, emigration from France to Canada can be increased to 20,000 per year. Of course the Canadian Government are not spending any money for that purpose in France and all that is done is by French people themselves. The present Company has a capital of 100,000 francs, and its directors are Messrs. Foursin, Heyman, Charretier and Goupil. There are already four important French settlements in the North-West. Some sons of very good families have settled in the North-West, among them being sons of Lefebvre-Pontalis, a former deputy, and Auguste Nicholas, the author. A son of Admiral de Cuverville is organizing a company at present in Paris. When we have shown that we can secure an important emigration from France we expect that the Canadian Government and the C. P. R. will help us along. We claim that the French settler is the best in the world. From 2000 to 3000 of them came to Canada last year."

"You have been charged with uttering disloyal sentiments during your trip in Normandy?"

"How ridiculous. What would be against my sentiments and against my duties. The demonstrations at Saintes and La Rochelle were most successful. On all hands the deepest sympathy for Canada was manifested. With that country it has truly been said that we are "Politically saperated but patriotically united."

"What are the prospects for increased business relations?"

"The new steamship line has been organized by sound business men, and should it succeed it will do much to increase business relations. They are to purchase two new boats at an early date. They are satisfied with the first trip. The existence of such a line cannot but benefit both countries."

"What about Canada in Paris."

"Our position has very materially improved lately. We are fortunate in having a good friend of Canada in Lord Dufferin. He has remained under the charm of his residence in Canada. He has always looked upon his administration here as the starting point in his career. Canada and Canadians can always rely upon him."

"What about Behring Sea?"

"The impression in Paris is that Canada scored a victory before the international tribunal. Sir John Thompson created a great impression upon Baron de Courcel as well as the other arbitrators. The Baron has made great eulogies of Canada's Premier. Sir John himself seemed delighted with Paris, and was most courteous and attentive to Canadians. We have a regular Canadian colony, among whom are some forty young men studying medicine and art. The medical students are much appreciated by the medical authorities, and are given positions of much responsibility. They all live in the Latin quarter. The Canadian agency has become the rallying point of all our compatriots."

"Are we going to have the visit of French notables?"

"I believe Paul Bourget should be here shortly. He comes with letters of introduction to the Mayor and others, and will make a special study of Canadian society. The story about Zola, Coffee and others coming is not true."

Mr. Fabre has been invited to deliver an address at the Monument National. A dinner, it is understood, will be tendered to him previous to his return to France.

Union Baptist Meeting.

Last night a Union meeting of the Baptist Young People's Societies of this city was held in the First Baptist Church, at the corner of St. Catherine and City Councillors streets.

Mr. P. B. Motley, ex-president of the Young People's Society, presided, and the Rev. W. T. Graham opened the meeting with prayer. Short addresses were delivered by city pastors on the subject of missions to a very large audience. Mr. H. J. Hayson dwelt eloquently on the subject of city missions. Mr. Therrien, jr., spoke in a very interesting manner on the Grande Ligne Mission, whilst Mr. J. B. Warnicker dilated on the subject of Home Missions.

Mr. Blackaller spoke feelingly of the foreign missions, and dwelt on the departure of the missionaries for the East Indies.

Rev. Jas. Green, who travelled throughout Canada for the last forty-three years, and who did a great deal for the Baptist Church in this country, congratulated all the Baptist congregations of the city on their good *entente*, and trusted that it would continue. He favored the idea of holding reunions of all the congregations as often as possible, for it allowed them to concert plans for the success of their work.

After the singing of hymns, the pastor of the First Baptist Church, the Rev. Dr. Grant, pronounced the benediction, and the meeting rose.

Douglas Church.

There will be a dedicatory service of the new Sunday-school building of Douglas Church, at the corner of St. Catherine and Chomedy streets, to-morrow at 3 o'clock. There will be addresses by Dr. Hurlbut of New York and others, and appropriate music by the school. The chairman will be Mr. John Coates of London. A collection in aid of the Building Fund of the new school will be taken up. The Rev. S. P. Rose, D.D., is Pastor of Douglas Church. The structure is a very fine piece of architecture and it contains all modern improvements. It is one of the finest and best appointed of its kind in this city, now having school accommodation for seven to eight hundred scholars, in addition to ample church parlors for ladies and gentlemen and reception and reading rooms. Mr. Charles Morton is the superintendent. On Monday evening Dr. Hurlbut will lecture on "Venice, the Sea Queen."

CATHOLIC RELIGIOUS NEWS.

A Two Hundredth Anniversary Celebration—Other Notes.

The Congregation of the Men of Ville Marie will celebrate the two hundredth anniversary of the foundation of the Congregation at Notre Dame Church to-morrow. The Congregation was founded by M. Dollier de Casson, Superior of the Seminary of Montreal in 1690. The Jesuit Fathers were the spiritual directors of the order from 1693 until the end of the last century. Mgr. Decelles, the new Coadjutor Bishop of St. Hyacinthe, will officiate pontifically at High Mass and preside over the procession. In the evening His Lordship, as delegate of the Archbishop of Montreal, will impart the Papal benediction to all the congregations of the city united at Notre Dame.

Three new bells intended for St. Peter's Cathedral have arrived out. The largest weighs one ton and the two others 1800 pounds each.

The Archbishop of Montreal will say low mass on Monday morning at the noviciate of the Brothers of the Sacred Heart, and on Wednesday morning at seven o'clock at the Church of Notre Dame des Anges.

Mgr. Fabre will hold his customary monthly reception to-morrow evening.

Rev. F. X. Leclerc, for seventeen years chaplain of the St. Jean de Dieu Asylum, has retired, owing to ill-health. On the occasion of his departure a farewell address was presented to him.

Rev. J. B. Darivage has been appointed parish priest of Lachenaie. The new church of Lachenaie was consecrated last Wednesday by Mgr. Fabre. There was a very large attendance. Rev. V. Villeneuve, procurator of the College of L'Assomption, officiated at High Mass, assisted by Rev. O. Guimond, as deacon, and Rev. W. Morache, as subdeacon. All three are natives of the parish. Rev. M. Lauzon, curé of St. Henri de Mascouche, preached the sermon.

Mgr. Fabre ordained the following gentlemen at the Seminary of Ste. Thesese last Sunday:

Tonsure—J. L. Valiquette, E. Lefebvre, A. David, S. Lonergan, J. Roussil, Montreal.

Minor orders—V. Therrien, A. Desjardins, C. Villeneuve, Montreal.

Deacons, N. Dubois and A. Renaud, Montreal.

Biliousness, dizziness, nausea, headache, are relieved by small doses of Carter's Little Liver Pills.

A new Great Seal for Ireland has just been ordered at a cost of £440.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla contains no harmful ingredients, and is the best blood purifier.

Special Notices.

Amherst Park Lots can be secured at the office of the Amherst Park Land Co., 116 St. James street. Fred. R. Alley, Manager. 228tf

Mr. Whiteside, the tragedian, has selected Hamlet, Othello, Richelieu and Merchant of Venice as his repertoire at the Queen's next week, mounting them with special scenery.

Special.

Busy! Busy! at the Berlin House, 1810 and 1812 Notre Dame st., marking new Mantles, Dress Goods and Silks at special low prices for the great opening next week.

Fine 7 1-3 Octave Piano, $150.

Easy payments. New York Square Piano, carved legs, rosewood case, fine tone, and in perfect order; also other bargains in Upright Pianos, $50 to $250.

All newest effects in Fall and Winter Dress Fabrics now being exhibited at S. Carsley's, Notre Dame street.

A few evenings ago a London clerk named Charles Powell, laughing heartily at a joke told him by his cousin, suddenly turned red in the face, threw his head back, and expired.

IF YOU USE SUNLIGHT YOU'RE RIGHT.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD SOAP

A downright good Soap, so good that you can use it for all purposes without risk to skin or fabric, no matter how tender or delicate

SUNLIGHT Soap IS AT YOUR SERVICE AT YOUR GROCERS

This Soap has been in use in Windsor Castle for over three years, and the manufacturers have been appointed by special Royal Warrant

SOAP MAKERS TO THE QUEEN

"SUNLIGHT" has received 11 Gold Medals for purity and excellence

Sunlight Soap Depot for Quebec Province,
FRANK MAGOR & CO., - - MONTREAL.

EDUCATIONAL.

School of Art and Applied Design.
SHEPPARD'S STUDIOS,
2274 St. Catherine Street.
Miss Mary M. Phillips, Principal.
Classes will begin October 2nd.

CHILDREN'S CLASSES—Special training in accordance with the methods of English, Swedish and American Schools.
ART CLASSES—Drawing, Painting in Oil and Water Color, Illustrating, Modelling.
DESIGN—Historical and Technical, as applied to Carpets, Oil Cloths, Wall Papers, etc.
INDUSTRIAL ART—Wood Carving and Modelling.
MISS WHITNEY will resume her classes in China Painting and Austrian Glass Decoration. Special attention will be given to firing for both pupils and amateurs.
For further particulars apply to the Principal between 9 a.m. and 1 p.m., on and after September 18. 230 3

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

EMMANUEL CHURCH,
Corner St. Catherine and Stanley.
The pastor, REV. J. B. SILCOX, will preach at each service.
Evening Theme: "FROM MUD TO MARBLE."
Special Musical Service. Young Men specially invited. 230 1

Douglas Methodist Sunday School
ST. CATHERINE STREET, WEST.
The Opening of the New Sunday School Building will take place
Sunday, October 1st, '93,
When Services will be held as follows:
At 11 a.m.—Preacher: Rev. JESSE L. HURLBUT, D.D. (of New York).
At 3 p.m.—Open Session and Dedicatory Service—Chairman: JOHN COATES, Esq., of London, Eng. Speakers: Rev. Dr. HURLBUT and others.
At 7 p.m.—Preacher: Rev. Dr. HURLBUT.
Collection at each Service in aid of Building Fund.
On MONDAY, OCTOBER 2nd, 1893,
At 8 p.m.,
A LECTURE, illustrated with Stereopticon Views, will be delivered by Rev. JESSE L. HURLBUT, D.D. Subject: "Venice, the Sea Queen."
ADMISSION, - - - - - 25 Cents.
Tickets may be purchased at the New York Piano Rooms or at the door. 229 2

61st Anniversary
ZION CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH
Corner of Mance and Milton Streets.
Special Anniversary Services will be held in this Church
TO-MORROW
as follows:—11 a.m., sermon by the Pastor, the Rev. W. H. Warriner, B.D.
3 p.m., Young People's Service. Addresses by the Rev. J. B. Silcox and Messrs. C. T. Williams and Theodore Lyman.
7 p.m., sermon by the Rev. Principal Barbour, D.D. To be followed by a Communion and Consecration Service.
All are invited. 230 1

WINDSOR HALL.
Grand Concert,
Tuesday, 10th Oct,
THE MENDELSSOHN QUINTETTE CLUB, of Boston.
MISS LILA JUEL, Prima Donna.
Under the auspices of the ST. GEORGE SNOW-SHOE CLUB.
Tickets can be had from the members of the Committee, and at Sheppard's Music Store and Windsor Hotel.
S. JACKSON, Sec. Treas. St. G. S. S. C.
230 9

JUNIOR CONSERVATIVE CLUB.
The Annual General Meeting of the Junior Conservative Club will be held at the WINDSOR HOTEL,
On MONDAY EVENING, the 2nd OCTOBER,
At Eight p.m.
A full attendance of members is specially requested.
By order,
O'HARA BAYNES, Hon. Sec'y.
229 3

Montreal Philharmonic Society.
First weekly Rehearsal of the Season will take place at FRASER HALL, on MONDAY Evening, 9th October, at 8 p.m.
Members of chorus can secure their seats on and after 2nd October, at Secretary's office, or at Fraser Hall on Evenings of Rehearsal.
Ladies and gentlemen desirous of becoming members are invited to call on the Conductor, Mr. G. Couture, 58 University street, any day from 1.30 to 3 p.m. and from 5 to 6 p.m. Further particulars of the secretary.
A. BROWNING, Sec.-Treas.,
218 3 3amo Room 15, 1724 Notre Dame Street.

MONTREAL MATERNITY.
The Annual Meeting of the members and friends of the Montreal Maternity will be held on FRIDAY, the sixth of October, at 3 p.m., at the Institution, 93 St. Urbain street, for the purpose of receiving the Annual Reports for the election of office bearers and other business.
The meeting will adjourn to FRIDAY, 3rd November.
230 1 F. DRUMMOND, Secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.
ORGAN AND VOCAL RECITAL.
TUESDAY, OCT. 3RD, AT 8 P. M.
ORGANIST—Mr. C. E. B. Price.
TENOR—Mr. A. Sabiston.
BARITONE—Mr. Herbert Patton.
BASS—Mr. A. G. Cunningham.
Admission Free. 230 3

AT THE LAST MEETING OF
ST. LAWRENCE COURT,
No. 263, C.O.F.,
Brother JNO. SCANLAN presiding, the following resolutions, expressing the Court's regret at the death of their esteemed Brother, MARTIN CASSIDY, were unanimously passed:
Moved by Bros. Howard, Meagher and Grant, and seconded by Bros. A. L. Brault, Holland and Maddock:
"Whereas, Almighty God, in His infinite wisdom, has been pleased to call from our midst our esteemed Bro. Martin Cassidy, a worthy member of this order,
Be it therefore resolved:
That this Court tender its sincere and heartfelt sympathy to the widow and relatives of our deceased Brother.
That our Charter be draped in mourning for a period of not less than three months.
That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the relatives and given to the press for publication.
JNO. SCANLAN, C.R.
ARCH. J. GRANT, Sec.
M. M. J. FLANAGAN, JAS. J. BRADY, W. P. MEAGHER, } Committee.
230 1

St Patrick's Society.
The monthly Meeting of the above Society will be held in the ST. PATRICK'S HALL, 223 McGill street, on
Monday Evening, 2nd October,
at 8 o'clock. By order,
S. CROSS, Rec. Sec.
230 2

ROYAL SCOTS OF CANADA.
ADJUTANT'S DRILL.
The usual drill for N. C. officers and men will be held on MONDAY NEXT and every Monday till further orders, at 8 p.m. Drill order.
230 1 By order, FRED. LYDON, Capt. & Adjt. R.S. of C.

M. G. A.
The Non-Com. Officers are notified that a Class of Instruction, under Staff-Sergt. Jno. W. Fellows, will be formed on FRIDAY EVENING, 6th October, at 8.00 o'clock. All Non-Com. Officers are requested to attend. Plain clothes. By order,
230 3 R. H. RIED, Capt. and Adjt.

THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING
Of the English Workingmen will be held at 1863 Notre Dame street, on MONDAY, the 2nd OCT. Full attendance of members requested, as business of importance is to be discussed.
230 1 JAMES BACON, Financial Secretary.

FIRE ONLY— —FIRE ONLY.
INSURE WITH THE
PHŒNIX
INSURANCE CO., HARTFORD.
Cash Capital.........$2,000,000.00
FULL DEPOSIT WITH THE DOMINION GOVERNMENT.
GERALD E. HART, Gen'l M'g'r,
Canada Branch, Montreal.
G. MAITLAND SMITH and GUSTAVER FABRE } Montreal Agents.
C. E. JOBIN, CHAS. POIRIER, J. A. MERCIER Sub. Agents.
GARIAS & PERRAS, Special Agents for St. Cunegonde and St. Henri.
Montreal Office - - 114 St. James Street.
Fire Policies issued at low rates in French and English.
Losses paid to date exceed Thirty Million Dollars, including Chicago, Boston, ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, Conflagrations. 35eod

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—HENRY THOMAS, Lessee and Manager. Week commencing MONDAY, SEPT. 25th, and Saturday Matinee.
EDWARD VROOM,
Under the management of Edwin D. Miner, Supported by an excellent company, including Mr. Joseph Wheelock, in Victor Hugo's masterpiece
RUY BLAS.
Mr. Vroom in the dual role of Ruy Blas and Don Cesar. A grand scenic production. Seats now on sale at Nordheimer's and Allan's, the Jeweller, St. Catherine street. Coming—DeWolf Hopper and his merry band in PANJANDRUM. 225 6

ACADEMY, NEXT WEEK.
DeWOLF - - - **HOPPER,**
And His Merry Company, presenting the reigning Comic Opera success,
PANJANDRUM!!
Seats now on sale at Nordheimer's and Allan's. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.
Seats now on sale at Nordheimer's and Allan's, Jeweler, St. Catherine street. 230 1

THE QUEEN'S.
THIS WEEK—To-night and Matinee Saturday. The greatest of Comic Operas.
"WANG."
Next Week—With Wednesday and Saturday matinees. Walker Whiteside, Tragedian, in Hamlet, Othello, Merchant of Venice and Richard III. Seats on sale at Theatre, N.Y. Piano Co., Sheppard's and Hotels. 229 3

THEATRE ROYAL.—Every Afternoon and Evening this Week—Mr. DAN McCARTHY, and his own Company.
The RAMBLER from CLARE.
New Songs, Jigs and Reels. A real Irish piper. The funniest of all Irish plays. Admission 10, 20 and 30 cts. Reserved seats, 10c extra. Plan at the Theatre from 9 a.m. till 10 p.m. COMING—The Still Alarm. 225 6

THEATRE ROYAL.
Week commencing Monday, October 2.
Afternoon and Evening.
THE STILL ALARM.
Don't be deceived by plays of similar title. This is the original, which ran two hundred consecutive nights in New York, one hundred nights in London. Same great cast. First time at popular prices.
Admission 10, 20 and 30 cents. Reserved seats 10c. extra. Plan at the Theatre from 9 a.m. till 10 p.m.
Coming—Rogers Bros'. "Fun Makers." 230 1

SOHMER PARK
Afternoon at 3. Evening at 8.
Extraordinary Attractions this week.
Sherman and Morrissey, comical trapeze acrobats; Alice Reich, cornet virtuose; Martha Reich, luphonium Voloist; Mons. Maurice Val, celebrated French tenor; The Muelhman trio, Tyrolian Singers; Mrs. Elaine Gryce, Soprano, and Lavigne's Military Band. 225 6

CYCLORAMA!
Jerusalem and the Time of the Crucifixion.
CORNER ST. CATHERINE AND ST. URBAIN STS.
Open daily 9 a.m. to 10.30 p.m. Admission 25c.
160* tf

PROF. DURKEE'S
First class for beginners in dancing will open, Tuesday and Friday evenings, Sept 26 and 29. Subscribe early!
For further particulars apply, afternoon or evening, at the Academy, 2269 St. Catherine st. 221 tf

DANCING.—13 LATOUR ST. MRS. M. OWLER will re-open her classes for new beginners on Friday, Sept. 15th. Advanced class Wednesday, Sept. 20th. Afternoon class Tuesdays and Thursdays, from 2 to 4 o'clock. Private lessons given to suit pupils. 214 26

STEAMBOATS.

The Richelieu and Ontario NAVIGATION CO.
WESTERN LINE.
The steamers of this Company will continue their regular trips between Toronto and Montreal until the 3rd Oct., inclusive (Sundays excepted). After that date the Toronto Line will be discontinued, and until further notice will run daily between Kingston and Montreal, Sundays excepted from Montreal, and Mondays excepted from Kingston.
Steamer MAGNET leaves Canal Basin every Friday at 4 p.m. for Toronto, Hamilton, and all Bay of Quinte ports.
MONTREAL-QUEBEC LINE.
Steamers leave for Quebec daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 p.m., until Oct. 1st. After that date steamers leave daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 p.m. instead of 7 p.m., calling at Sorel, Three Rivers and Batiscan.
SAGUENAY LINE.
From September 20th to November 14th, Steamer SAGUENAY will leave Quebec on Tuesdays and Fridays at 7.30 a.m., for Chicoutimi, calling at all intermediate ports.
For further information apply to
J. CHABOT, General Manager.
City Ticket Office, 128 St. James street. 227

FOR WEAK LUNGS
—USE WINCHESTER'S—
HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME AND SODA.
For Chronic Bronchitis, Nervous Prostration, Dyspepsia, Loss of Vigor and Appetite, and diseases arising from Poverty of the Blood. It is unequaled as a *Vitalizing Tonic, Brain, Nerve and Blood Food.*
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.
WINCHESTER & CO., Chemists,
162 William St., New York.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

WINDSOR STREET STATION.

Day Express for St. Johns, Farnham, Newport, Portland, Manchester, Nashua, Boston and New England Points, via Montreal and Boston Air Line.
Leave 9.00 a. m. | Arrive 8.25 p. m.

Fast Express for Brockville, Smith's Falls, Peterboro, Kingston, Toronto, and Chicago.
Leave 8.25 a. m. | Arrive 7.20 p. m.

Local Express for St. Johns, Farnham, Sherbrooke, St. Hyacinthe, &c.
Leave 4.05 p. m. | Arrive 11.20 a. m.

Night Express for St. Johns, Farnham, Newport, (r) Portland, Concord, Manchester, Nashua, Lowell, Boston and New England Points.
Leave †8.20 p. m. | Arrive †7.20 a. m.

Local Express for St. Anne's, Vaudreuil, Point Fortune and all intermediate stations.
Leave 1.30 p. m. Saturdays only, 6.15 p.m. | Arrive 8.30 a. m.

Dorval, Valois, Beaconsfield, St. Anne's, Vaudreuil.
Leave 8.25 a. m., 6.15. | Arrive 8.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 7.20 p. m.

Western Express for Smith's Falls, Peterboro, Kingston, Toronto, St. Thomas, London, Detroit, Chicago and all Points in Ontario and Western States.
Leave †9.00 p. m. | Arrive †7.40 a. m.

Sherbrooke, St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., &c.
Leave 8.40 p. m. except Saturdays. | Arrive 4.20 p. m. except Sundays.

Ottawa, Sault Ste. Marie, St. Paul, &c.
Leave †9.20 p. m. | Arrive †8.10 a. m.

Ottawa.
Leave †4.45 p.m | Arrive †8.35 p.m.

Ottawa, Winnipeg, Vancouver, &c.
Leave †9.20 p.m. | Arrive †12.20 p.m.

DALHOUSIE SQUARE STATION.

Fast Express for Berthierville, Louiseville, Three Rivers, Quebec, &c.
Leave 8.10 a. m., 10.30 p. m. | Arrive 6.30 a. m. 8.05 p. m.

Fast Express for Lachute, Ottawa, etc.
Leave 8.50 a. m. | Arrive 11.10 a.m.

For Ste. Therese, St. Rose, etc.
Leave 8.50 a. m., x 1.30 p. m., 5.30 p. m., 6.35 p. m. | Arrive 8.20, 9.15 a. m., 11.10 a. m., 8.20 p. m.

Local Express for Lachute, etc.
Leave 8.50 a. m., 6.35 p. m. | Arrive 11.10 a. m., 8.30 p. m.

Local for Joliette, St. Gabriel, and Three Rivers.
Leave 5.15 p. m. | Arrive 8.30 a. m.

For St. Therese and St. Jerome, St. Lin and St. Eustache Branches and intermediate stations.
Leave 5.30 p. m. | Arrive 8.20 a. m.

Express for Three Rivers, Quebec and Points on the Intercolonial Railway to Campbellton.
Leave 8.10 a. m. (Sundays only), 3.30 p.m. | Arrive 6.30 a. m.

†Runs daily, Sundays included.
‡Runs daily except Saturdays and Sundays.
xRuns Saturday only.
The 3.30 p.m. train for Quebec runs on Sundays only.
r No connection for Portland, leaving Montreal Saturday night.

CENTS FOR SALE
—AT THE—
"STAR" Office.

WHAT THEY HAVE COST THE CITY.

The Municipalities Annexed in Recent Years.

HOCHELAGA WARD TAKES FIRST PLACE.

Nearly Three Hundred Thousand Dollars for Permanent Work in One Year.

The condition in which the three municipalities which have in recent years been annexed to the city and now form separate wards, were when the annexation took place, and what has been expended on them by the city since, forms interesting reading, especially in view of the fact that at the present time, so soon as the municipality of Coteau St. Louis accepts the annexation by-law which has passed its second reading in the City Council, it will come up for a third reading and will, in all likelihood, be adopted as it at present stands. This will make it a separate and distinct ward of itself, although efforts were made by some of the aldermen to have it form part of St. Jean Baptiste Ward, as was provided in the by-law annexing that municipality to the city in 1886, and, failing that, to have a clause inserted providing that when the municipality of St. Louis de Mile End should become a part of the city it and Cote St. Louis should form one ward.

HOCHELAGA WARD.

The first of the three municipalities to seek admission to the city was Hochelaga, and even then it was divided up in order that only part of it should come in at the time, the balance remaining out to form an additional ward at some future time and taking the name of Maisonneuve. What is now known as Hochelaga Ward became a part and parcel of the city about 1883, and the subjoined summary of its financial condition, as submitted by the secretary-treasurer at the time, gives in brief form the position of affairs. Following is the statement:

LIABILITIES.

Debentures issued in 1876 and redeemable in 1896	$60,000 00
Debentures issued in 1879 and redeemable in 1904	30,000 00
Open accounts	7,523 19
	$97,523 19

ASSETS.

Water Works	$41,737 00
Drainage	17,608 00
Municipal property—Market, City Hall and weigh-house and market in course of erection	23,946 00
Fire Department property	1,000 00
	$84,291 00

In addition to which there were arrears of assessment, $7885, and cash accounts of some $14,000, but these latter sums were practically balanced by a liability of some $12,000 for sinking fund and $7000 of outstanding accounts, which had been omitted, but which had subsequently to be liquidated by the city of Montreal.

Beginning in 1884, the repairs which have been necessary to the roadways, sidewalks, crossings, sewers and street gullies amounted up to December 31, 1892, to $68,864. In fact, all the figures that are here quoted only include the expenditure up to the end of last year, the last annual statement published only including the amount spent up to that date. There was no separate account kept of the cost of the main and lateral sewers up to 1891, but a look at the Road Department annual reports for nine years shows that 9562 lineal yards of sewers have been constructed. In 1891 there appears a sum of $28,000 for 1802 lineal yards of sewers. Of course, in the case of the small sewers the proprietors pay the greater proportion, in some cases nearly all, the city doing the work and afterwards collecting the proportion to be paid by the proprietors. In the line of street widening and extent the sum of $5934 has been paid for land, in addition to what was ceded gratuitously. But it is in the line of

PERMANENT STREET IMPROVEMENT

that Hochelaga has made inroads upon the civic treasury. This permanent work, which is paid for by loan, was commenced only a few years ago, but Hochelaga made a start. In 1889 the sum of $6733 was paid out for this purpose, but in 1890 a big jump was made, the City Treasurer's statement showing the large sum of $278,151. This was followed in 1891 with $11,600 and $37,295 in 1892. At the present time block stone is being laid on St. Catherine street from Harbor to the first street east of the bridge at a cost of some $20,000. The sum of $73,000 was voted by the Council for the St. Catherine street bridge, of which $60,000 has been expended, and $90,000 was voted for the Ontario street subway, of which $52,000 has been expended. The Water Department has also expended for pipe-laying, etc., the sum of $106,274, and the ward has been presented with a $15,000 police station as well. These sums, of course, are all in addition to the share which the Ward costs for the general administration of the various city departments. The area of the ward is 1230 acres, and the assessed value of its taxable property in 1892 was 3 per cent. of the total assessed value of the taxable property in the whole city.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE WARD.

The municipality of St. Jean Baptiste became a part of the city in 1886, and the first expenditure appears in the departmental reports of the city the following year. At the time of its annexation the municipality furnished a statement of its financial position to the city, of which the following is a summary:

LIABILITIES.

Standard Life Assurance Co. loan at 7 per cent., payable in 1898	$35,000 00
Society B. de Notre Dame de Bonsecours, loan at 7 per cent., payable May 1, 1893	11,500 00
Provincial Government	3,420 00
Estate Lionais	300 00
	$50,220 00

In addition to this there were: Bills payable, $4612 91; Turnpike Trust, $200; Gas Co., $632 24; miscellaneous, $1311 28. Total, $6776 43.

ASSETS.

City Hall and Market property	$20,000 00
Fire Station	4,000 00
Cherrier Park	4,000 00
Lot No. 165	400 00
School Commissioners	13,430 00
Fire Department apparatus	5,000 00
	$46,830 00

In addition to this there were arrears of assessment, etc., amounting to $10,141.22.

The repairs to the roadways, sidewalks, crossings, sewers and street gullies in this ward during the six years amounted to $87,202. There was 14,076 lineal yards of main and lateral sewers, some $15,000 appearing in 1891-92 for 2868 yards. The sum of $4406 has been paid for properties which were purchased for street widening and extension; in addition to this a large number of proprietors ceded small parcels of land gratuitously to the city for this purpose, on the usual conditions of taking over the property and improving the streets. In 1886 Berri and St. Hubert streets were extended to the ward. No permanent street improvements appear to have been paid out of the loan until 1892, when $2500 was expended. The water pipes laid in this ward have cost $112,609.45. When the ward was annexed it had one fire station, on which the city has since spent five thousand dollars in addition to building a $40,000 fire and police station on Amherst street.

The assessed value of of the taxable property of the ward forms 3.33 per cent. of the whole city.

ST. GABRIEL WARD.

The municipality of St. Gabriel was the last to be taken into the city, this being accomplished in the year 1887. The only thing which the municipality gave to the city in the way of assets was the little building in which the Municipal Council held its meetings, which amounted, to use an alderman's own words, "to only a pinch of snuff." No statement of liabilities was submitted at the time, but, notwithstanding this, the city treasury had subsequently to disburse some forty thousand dollars to pay outstanding claims. The sum of $80,912 have been expended for repairs to roadways, sidewalks, crossings, sewers and street gullies. From 1889 to 1892 there were 6671 lineal yards of main and lateral sewers constructed. The street improvements paid for out of the permanent loan fund amounted to some $13,000, and the water pipes laid cost $97,056. The ward has been presented with a fire station at a cost of some $15,000. The assessed value of its taxable property amounts to 2.21 per cent. of the whole city. St. Gabriel has an area of 330 acres.

And now another municipality is practically added to the city—that of Coteau St. Louis, the by-law having been read a second time in the City Council. The following is a summary of the financial statement submitted by the secretary-treasurer of the municipality to the City Annexation Committee:

ASSETS.

Cash on hand and in bank	$ 52 36
Sinking fund	14,411 69
Assessments and interest	5,851 41
Real estate—Town Hall, weighhouse and lot	26,400 00
Office furniture, steam engines, reels, etc	4,800 00
Water meters	3,072 00
Drains	38,138 70
Interest on drain assessments and arrears	2,435 71
Street property	8,679 67
Drain property, value on part belonging to town	92,412 80
Mortgage, judgment and sundry accounts	5,265 67
Total assets	$201,519 41

LIABILITIES.

Loans on debentures and interest	$127,265 33
Miscellaneous obligations and interest	65,513 74
Temporary loans	4,000 00
Bills payable	5,284 84
Sundry accounts	1,775 19
Total liabilities	$203,838 10
Total assets	201,519 41
Deficiency	$ 2,318 69

The value of the taxable property of the municipality is $1,440,905. The secretary-treasurer placed the revenue for 1892-93 at $25,371 and the expenditure at $22,563, and Mayor Landry, speaking of the matter yesterday, stated that the position was practically unchanged. Cote St. Louis covers 720 acres, and the population at the present time is about 3,500. It is bounded on the west by St. Louis de Mile End, the boundary line being between Robin and Drolet streets, on the south by Mount Royal Avenue, on the east by Papineau road, and on the north by the parish of Sault au Recollet. The by-law now passed by the City Council give it three representatives.

CALVERLEY'S AWFUL FALL.

His Terrible Injuries May Result Fatally.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

TORONTO, September 30.—The probability is that Clifford Calverley, of this city, champion high wire walker of the world, has made his last appearance in that capacity.

Particulars of the accident at Trenton, N.J., have been received, which indicate that Calverley's injuries are of such a nature that, should he recover, which is doubtful, he will be unable to give any more performances. While adjusting one of the stay ropes he lost his balance and fell a distance of fifty-seven feet to the ground. As he fell, he tried to grasp his cable, but was too far on one side to enable him to do so. The shrieks of the thousands present, as his body, attired in his ordinary street apparel, descended were terrible, and when he reached the ground he rebounded and they lay as dead. He was immediately conveyed to his dressing tent, where several doctors gave him prompt attention, and he was conveyed to the St. Francois Hospital. Both his arms, close to the wrist, were broken, the right so badly that it is feared he will lose his hand. His right ankle was also badly fractured and in addition to other injuries he was suffering from concussion of the brain. It is impossible to say, as yet, whether he will recover.

ALLIES FOR SILVER MEN.

Pennsylvania Protectionists Join Them in Return For Aid in Fighting Tariff Reform.

WASHINGTON, September 30.—A few days ago in the Senate Senator Cameron (Pennsylvania) made a speech in favor of the silver filibusters in the Senate. Then came the petition of Mr. Wharton Baker, and a large number of business firms in Philadelphia, asking for legislation to preserve protection and the integrity of silver for money-making. It appears that the Pennsylvania peoples' action has strengthened the hands of the free silver men, so that a compromise from unconditional repeal of the Sherman law is possible. Presumably, too, the silver men, in gaining thus the support of the protectionists, have promised their aid in preventing any radical demolition of the McKinley bill. Mr. Barker's letter accompanying the petition thus touches on the money question, after stating that the Democratic promise to reform the tariff and not the Sherman Act is responsible for the prevailing depression.

The United States must continue to use gold and silver as money at an agreed ratio, and must maintain their parity. To abandon silver would be to enslave its people to the money lenders of European capitalist nations.

Under these circumstances the people appeal to you, gentlemen, so to legislate as to preserve the protective character of the tariff, and the integrity of silver as a money metal.

As to the former, your assurance of the maintenance of existing customs duties will restore confidence, re-establish industrial activity, re-employ the hosts of idle workpeople, and preserve the home market for home products. The country, at this tremendous crisis, needs to have its industrial system conserved and not assailed.

As to silver, I propose to you these practical measures:

1. That the United States shall admit silver bullion from American mines to coinage in its mints upon the payment by the owner, of a seigniorage absorbing three-fourths of the difference between the market (London) price of the bullion and its value when coined.

2. That foreign silver shall be admitted only for coinage purposes at a seigniorage absorbing all of this difference between the market (London) price of its value when coined.

3. That the United States shall invite at once a conference with those nations of the world which have not committed themselves to gold monometallism. This would include especially the nations of North and South America, Japan and China; and in Europe, France, Russia and others. These nations are deeply interested, as we are, in resisting the attempts to increase the power of gold through degradation of the power of silver, and many of them, particularly those of America and eastern Asia, are those to whom we may most easily and advantageously sell the excess of our manufacturing industries.

Such a conference should exclude England and Germany; its conclusion without them would direct the money policy of the world, preserve the integrity of bi-metallism and prevent the enslavement of the United States and others by the capitalist classes of the two great creditor nations.

The silver men are greatly encouraged at the turn affairs have taken.

Found an Infernal Machine.

PRAGUE, September 30.—An infernal machine with a lighted fuse attached to it was found last night on the sill of a basement window in the central police office.

Of the men who caused disturbance on the evening of the Emperor's birthday, sixty-nine have been arrested. All will be tried for high treason. An officer in the Reserves named Stepanek was arrested for having used insulting language as to the Emperor.

August's Trade Returns.

OTTAWA, September 30.—The Trade returns for the month of August show that the total value of exports for the month was $13,572,817, an increase of $324,210 over the same month last year. The value of goods entered for consumption was $11,375,862, a decrease of $1,142,713 from last year. The duty collected was $2,033,472, an increase of $15,717.

RELIGION AND SCIENCE.

SIR WILLIAM DAWSON'S ADDRESS AT CHICAGO

Before the Parliament of Religion—Science Seems to Have No Place For Agnosticism—Animals Actuated by Instinct.

At the Parliament of Religions in Chicago the Rev. Marie Newton Snell read a paper from Sir William Dawson. The Principal spoke as follows:

Prevented by age and infirm health from being present at the Parliament of Religion, I accede to the request of the chairman, the Rev. Dr. Barrows, to prepare a short summary of my matured conclusions on the relation of natural science to religion. I feel that little that is new can be said, and that in the space at my disposal, I can merely state general principles suitable perhaps to constitute a basis for discussion.

For such a purpose the term natural science may be held to include our arranged and systematized knowledge of the earth and its living inhabitants. It will thus comprise not only geology and biological sciences but anthropology and psychology. On the other hand, one may take religion in its widest sense, as covering the beliefs common to all the more important faiths, and more especially those general ideas which belong to all races of men, and are usually included under the term natural religion, though this, as we shall see, graduates imperceptibly into that which is revealed.

Natural religion, if thereby we understand the beliefs fairly deducible from the facts of nature, is in truth closely allied to natural science, and, if reduced to a system, may even be considered as a part of it. Our principal enquiry, therefore, should be not so much "How do scientific results agree with religious beliefs, or any special form of them?" but rather, "How much and what particular portion of that which is held as religious belief is inseparable from or fairly deducible from the results of natural science?"

All scientific men are probably prepared to admit that there must be a first cause for the

PHENOMENA OF THE UNIVERSE.

We cannot, without violating all scientific probability, suppose these to be causeless, self-caused or eternal. Some may, however, hold that the first cause, being an ultimate fact, must on that account be unknowable. Though this may be true of the first cause as to origin and essence, it cannot be true altogether as to qualities. The first cause must be antecedent to all phenomena. The first cause must be potent to produce all resulting effects, and must include potentially the whole fabric of the universe. The first cause must be immaterial, independent and in some sense self-contained or individual. These properties, which reason requires us to assign to the first cause, are not very remote from the theological idea of a self-existent, all-powerful, and personal creator.

Even if we fail to apprehend these properties of the first clause, we are not necessarily shut up to absolute agnosticism, for science is familiar with the idea that causes may be entirely unknown to us in themselves, yet well-known to us in their laws and their effects. Since then, the whole universe must in some sense be an illustration and development of its first cause, it must all reflect light on this primitive power, which must thus be known to us at least in the same manner in which such agencies as gravitation and the ethereal medium occupying space are known.

That mutual attraction of bodies at a distance, which we call gravitation, is unknown to us in its origin and nature, and indeed unthinkable as to its manner of operation; but we know well its all-prevailing laws and effects. The ether, which seems to occupy all space, and which transmits to us by its undulations the light of the heavenly bodies, is at present in its nature and constitution not only unknown but inconceivable; yet science would not justify us in assuming the position of agnostics either

WITH REFERENCE TO GRAVITATION OR ETHER.

Nor can we interpret these analogies in a pantheistic sense. The all is itself a product of the first cause, which must have existed previously, and of which we cannot affirm any extension in a material sense. The extension is rather like that of the human will, which, though individual and personal, may control and animate a vast number of persons and agencies—may, for example, pervade and regulate every portion of a great army or of a great empire. Here again we are brought near to theological doctrine, and perceive that the first cause may be the will of an almighty being, or at least something which, relating to an eternal and infinite existence, may be compared with what will is in the lesser sphere of human consciousness. In this way we can at least form a conception of a power all-pervading, yet personal; free, yet determined by its own innate constitution.

Thus science seems to have no place for agnosticism, except in that sense in which the essence of all energies and even of matter is unknown; and it has no place for pantheism, except in that sense in which energies, like gravitation, apparently localized in a central body, are extended in their effects throughout the universe. In this way science merges into rational theism and its first cause becomes the will of a divine being, inscrutable in essence, yet universal in influence, and manifested in His works. In this way science tends to be not only theistic, but monotheistic, and connects those ideas of unity which it derives from the uniformity and universality of natural laws with the will of one lawmaker. Nor does law exclude volition. It becomes the expression of the unchanging will of infinite wisdom and foresight. Otherwise we should have to believe that the laws of nature are either necessary or fortuitous, and we know that neither of these alternatives is possible.

ALL ANIMALS ARE ACTUATED BY INSTINCTS

adapted to their needs and place in nature, and we have a right to consider such instincts as in accordance with the will of their Creator. Should we not regard the intuitions of man in the same light, and also what may be called his religious and moral instincts? Of these, perhaps one of the most universal, next to the belief in a god or gods, is that in a future life. It seems to have been implanted in those antediluvian men whose remains are found in caverns and alluvial deposits, and it has continued to actuate their descendants ever since. This instinct of immortality should surely be recognized by science as constituting one of the inherent and essential characters of humanity. So far in the direction of religion the science of nature may logically carry us without revelation, and we may agree with the Apostle Paul that even the heathen may learn God's power and divinity from the things that he has made. In point of fact, without the aid of either formal science or theology, and in so far as known without any direct revelation, the belief in God and immortality has actually been the common property of all men, in some form more or less crude and imperfect. But there are special points in revealed religion respecting which the study of nature may give some testimony. When natural science leaves merely material things and animal instincts, and acquaints itself with the rational and ethical nature of man, it raises new questions with reference to the first cause. This must include potentially all that is developed from it. Hence the rational and moral powers of man must be emanations from those inherent in the first cause, which thus becomes a divinity, having a rational and moral nature comparable with that of man

BUT INFINITELY HIGHER.

On this point a strange confusion, produced apparently by the philosophy of evolution, seems to have affected some scientific thinkers, who seek to read back moral ideas into the history of the world at a time when no mundane moral agent is known to have been in existence. They forget that it is no more immoral for a wolf to eat a lamb than for the lamb to eat grass, and regarding man as if he were derived by the 'Cosmic process' of struggle for existence from savage wild beasts rather than, as Darwin has it, from harmless apes, represent him as engaged in an almost hopeless and endless struggle against an inherited "Cosmic nature, evil and immoral. This absurd and atheistic exaggeration of the theological idea of original sin, and the pessimism which springs from it, have absolutely no foundation in natural science. Even on the principle of evolution, no moral distinctions could be set up until men acquired a moral sense, and if, as Darwin held, they originated in apes, the descent from the simple habits and inoffensive ways of these animals to war and violence and injustice would be as much a 'fall of man' as that recorded in the Bible, and could have no connection with a previous inheritance of evil. But such notions are merely the outcome of distorted philosophical ideas and have no affinity with science properly so called.

Natural science, does, however, perceive a discord between man, and especially his artificial contrivances, and nature, and a cruel tyranny of man over lower beings and interference with natural harmony and symmetry. In other words, the independent will, free agency and inventive powers of man have set themselves to subvert the nice and delicate adjustments of natural things in a way to cause much evil and suffering to lower creatures, and ultimately to man himself. How this has occurred science has not the means of knowing, except conjecturally, and it can do little by way of remedy. Indeed, the practical results of scientific knowledge seem in the first instance usually to aggravate the evil, though in some directions at least they diminish the woes of humanity. Science sees moreover a great moral need which it cannot supply, and for which it can appeal only to

THE RELIGIOUS IDEA OF A DIVINE REDEMPTION.

On this account, if no other, science should welcome the belief in a divine revelation to humanity. On other grounds also it can see no objection to the idea of divine inspiration. The first cause manifests himself hourly before our eyes, in the instincts of the lower animals, which are regulated by his laws. It is the inspiration of the Almighty which gives man his rational nature. Is it probable then that the mind of man is the only part of nature shut out from the agency and communication of the all-prevading mind? This is evidently improbable. If so have we not the right to believe that divine inspiration is present in genius and inventive power, and that in a higher degree it may animate the prophet and the seer, or that God himself may have been directly manifested as a divine teacher? Science cannot assure us of this, but it makes no objection to it. This, however, raises the question of miracle and the supernatural; but in opposition to these science cannot consistently place itself. It has by its own discoveries made us familiar with the fact that every new acquisition of knowledge of nature confers powers which, if exercised previously, would have been miraculous; that is, would have been evidence of, for the time, superhuman powers. We know no limit to this as to the agency of intelligences higher than man, or as to God himself. Nor does miracle in this aspect counteract natural law. The scope for the miraculous within the limits of natural law, and the properties of natural objects, is thus practically infinite. All the metaphysical arguments of the last generation against the possibility of miracles have in fact been destroyed by the progress of science, and no limit can be set to divine agency in this respect, provided the end is worthy of the means. On the other hand science has rendered human imitations of divine miracles impostures

TOO TRANSPARENT TO BE CREDITED BY INTELLIGENT PERSONS.

For these reasons the attitude of science to divine revelation is not one of antagonism, except in so far as any professed revelation is contrary to natural facts and laws. This is a question on which I do not propose to enter, but may state my conviction, which I have elsewhere endeavored to vindicate, that the Old and New Testaments of the Christian faith, while true to nature in their references to it, infinitely transcend its teaching in their sublime revelations respecting God and his purposes toward man.

Finally, we have thus seen that natural science is hostile to the old materialistic worship of natural objects, as well as to the worship of ancestors and heroes, of humanity generally, and of the state, or indeed of anything short of the great first cause of all. It is also hostile to that agnosticism which professes to be unable to recognize a first cause, and to pantheism, which confounds the primary cause with the Cosmos resulting from his action. On the contrary, it has nothing to say against the belief in a divine Frst Cause, against divine miracle or inspiration, against the idea of a future life, or against any moral or spiritual means for restoring man to harmony with God and nature. As a consequence, it will be found that a large proportion of the most distinguished scientific men have been good and pious in their lives, and friends of religion.

Sailors' Concert.

The weekly Sailors' Institute concert was given last night by the choir of Chalmers' Church, under the leadership of Mr. H. A. Baker. The following took part: Misses Bain, Turner, Chatwin, Guthrie, Rose and Stewart, and Messrs. Dettmers, Baker, McGill and Rev. G. C. Heine, in addition to the choir. The ships furnished the following talent: Walter Jack, steamship "Amarynthia;" Fred Powers, Ed. Hughes, John Malone and John Leason, steamship "Lake Superior," and Horatio Taylor, steamship "Labrador." The Rev. G. C. Heine occupied the chair.

THE GENERAL HOSPITAL.

Number of Patients Treated Since the Year 1858.

The following table, just supplied, shows the number of patients treated at the Montreal General Hospital since 1858 and the expenditure each year since that date.

Summary of patients treated in Outdoor Department from May 1, 1877, till April 30, 1893, inclusive:

Year.	Roman Catholics.	Protestants.	Total.
1877-78	6,384	4,267	10,651
1879-80	6,194	4,071	10,265
1880-81	4,484	2,096	6,580
1881-82	7,116	2,751	9,867
1882-83	5,648	2,887	8,535
1883-84	5,179	2,699	7,878
1884-85	2,309	1,434	3,743
1885-86	2,780	1,574	4,354
1886-87	3,902	2,355	6,257
1887-88	5,091	2,945	8,036
1888-89	5,315	3,050	8,365
1889-90	6,763	3,450	10,213
1890-91	6,648	3,429	10,077
1891-92	8,023	3,812	11,835
1892-93	7,575	3,507	11,082
Total	84,411	44,327	128,733

The table following shows the number of outdoor patients treated since May 1, 1877

Year.	Income.	Expenditure.	Total number of patients treated	Outdoor patients—Roman Catholics	Outdoor patients—Protestants	Indoor Roman Catholic patients treated	Indoor Protestant patients treated	Other denominations	Funds contributed by Roman Catholics	Funds contributed by Protestants	Funds contributed by Seminary of St. Sulpice	Funds contributed by City & D. S. Bank
1858	$12,230	$12,510	5,919	3,806	1,135	455	452	12	$ 44	$ 3,071	$ —	$ —
1859	12,391	12,995	6,762	3,805	1,067	445	421	13	169	12,231	—	—
1860	12,716	12,538	7,410	5,677	968	420	369	2	78	12,638	40	100
1861	12,735	13,145	7,251	5,302	967	449	469	6	32	2,617	40	100
1862	15,187	15,591	9,057	6,243	1,546	554	601	4	122	2,952	40	200
1863	14,320	13,076	8,857	4,925	2,625	540	676	2	136	2,846	40	200
1864	15,534	15,040	8,940	5,996	1,653	568	625	—	193	2,644	40	600
1865	15,051	18,642	8,694	5,699	1,305	634	644	—	141	4,777	—	600
1866	16,547	17,744	8,404	5,640	1,547	550	557	—	250	3,836	40	800
1867	17,276	18,231	8,223	5,843	1,778	553	670	—	429	1,529	59	300
1868	16,908	19,096	9,836	6,717	1,702	628	675	—	271	5,114	80	300
1869	17,047	22,029	11,700	7,845	2,347	648	738	—	546	5,763	200	600
1870	20,741	19,727	13,305	9,830	2,083	626	645	—	274	7,957	200	600
1871	25,812	25,489	12,905	8,860	2,486	652	797	—	733	10,632	—	600
1872	28,771	22,413	12,711	—	—	669	810	—	681	14,578	200	600
1873	32,342	24,423	13,171	8,882	2,467	743	971	—	1,386	11,069	200	600
1874	29,916	33,797	15,035	10,093	2,534	827	954	—	1,786	14,870	200	450
1875	40,748	34,073	17,691	12,595	3,131	825	991	—	863	13,553	200	450
1876	30,199	38,206	17,658	12,554	3,139	835	993	—	620	13,743	200	450
1877	35,790	42,861	20,705	14,587	3,801	744	1,024	1	738	20,200	—	450
1878	34,136	34,074	20,751	—	—		—		644	17,802	—	450
1879	30,934	33,687	17,775	—	—	746	796	6	839	14,194	—	450
1880	35,374	32,816	17,105	—	—	806	861	7	878	18,853	—	450
1881	35,329	36,870	21,541	—	—	857	999	—	789	18,573	—	450
1882	38,068	36,902	14,142	—	—	910	998	—	1,129	19,833	—	450
1883	38,485	39,714	12,642	—	—	874	1,115	28	948	19,532	—	500
1884	39,657	40,713	13,287	—	—	809	1,065	26	1,175	18,954	—	500
1885	39,308	40,910	13,425	—	—	894	1,120	63	1,235	18,294	—	500
1886	38,457	37,940	15,671	—	—	794	1,044	16	1,293	17,532	—	500
1887	39,771	38,275	17,870	—	—	921	1,184	31	939	18,487	—	500
1888	42,436	41,483	17,363	—	—	896	1,207	41	1,104	18,786	—	500
1889	42,161	50,637	19,131	—	—	961	1,404	36	1,580	16,140	—	500
1890	47,290	49,281	19,519	—	—	858	1,395	26	2,103	20,056	—	500
1891	57,237	55,361	20,966	—	—	738	1,252	25	2,389	22,238	—	500
1892	50,469	55,012	26,227	—	—	943	1,309	77	2,747	20,386	—	500
	$1,031,391	$1,055,903	494,745	....	..	24,392	29,832	522	$29,306	$449,241	$1,800	$15,250

A BAD SCALP DISEASE

Scaly Eruptions on Head. Bleeding When Hair Was Combed. Physicians Tried. No Success. Cured by Cuticura.

Our little daughter of four years was troubled with a disease of the scalp. It looked at first like a heavy dandruff which we undertook to comb off, but found that these lumps would start bleeding. We applied to different physicians without success, until at last tried the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and by using your CUTICURA with CUTICURA SOAP, this scaly raised eruption entirely disappeared after three applications, and had no more trouble with it for a year, when it showed up again. We applied it as before, after which it has never given us any more trouble. Am well pleased with the success we had with the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and would cheerfully recommend them in similar cases.

EDWARD KRANICH, Plantsville, Conn.

ITCHING AND BURNING

I have been troubled with Eczema for years, had the best medical help in Boston, and all failed to give me relief from that intense itching and burning. The first application of CUTICURA gave me immediate relief, and at the end of a week the sores were well.

MARIETTA DURGIN, 30 Tremont Street, Chelsea, Mass.

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS

CUTICURA REMEDIES cleanse the system by external and internal medication of every eruption, impurity and disease, and constitute the most effective treatment of modern times.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 75c.; SOAP, 35c.; RESOLVENT, $1.50. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Proprietors, Boston.

"How to Cure Skin Diseases," mailed free.

PIMPLES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

ACHING SIDES AND BACK, Hip, kidney, and uterine pains and weaknesses relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-killing plaster.

FAILURE RECORD.

Canada and Uncle Sam Compared, to The Former's Great Advantage.

NEW YORK, September 30.—*Bradstreet's* to-day publishes a record of the business failures in Canada and Newfoundland for the first nine months of the present year. It shows that the number of failures increased 36, as compared with the number for the corresponding nine months of 1892. The increase in liabilities for the nine months of the present year, as compared with the nine months of 1893, is 41 per cent. while the increase in assets has been 88 per cent. Following is the record by provinces:

	Failures. 1893.	Failures. 1892.	Liabilities. 1893.	Liabilities. 1892.	Assets. 1893.	Assets. 1892.
Ontario	568	555	$ 5,102,298	$ 2,855,707	$2,306,062	$1,195,351
Quebec	441	424	3,960,720	4,253,701	1,427,201	1,536,231
N. Brunswick	56	65	402,068	463,092	217,640	294,180
Nova Scotia	94	119	736,155	822,907	384,088	428,440
P. E. Island	19	6	117,550	85,000	53,450	48,100
Manitoba	53	63	1,804,353	430,430	2,186,444	246,868
N. W. T.	21	14	126,753	46,521	45,962	25,402
B. Columbia	60	49	400,150	296,191	211,200	106,531
Newfoundland	10	3	911,650	37,000	669,410	19,000
Totals	1323	1297	$13,102,843	$ 9,290,033	$7,552,157	$3,900,873

The number of failures for the nine months of 1893 in the United States was 11,174, an increase of 51 per cent. over the total for the corresponding months of 1892. The liabilities were $324,087,000, four times what they were in 1892, and 64 per cent. more than they were in the last year of a financial panic, 1884. The number of failures for the nine months, 11,174, is greater than the total recorded for the twelve months of any year since 1884.

The Scavenging Department.

The superintendent of the city scavenging department stated this morning that, although all the residents of the new section in the West End had been notified by card of the change in the night of the removal of the garbage to Wednesdays and Saturdays, a great many did not put out their barrels until last night, with the result that he had to send the waggons round to collect it this morning, and the department was put to considerable inconvenience in consequence. The change, he said, had been made in order to distribute the work more evenly throughout the week, and he hoped the residents would fall in with it. This district extends from McGill street to the city limits west, between St. Antoine and St. James street, and includes all the cross streets to the Grand Trunk track, west of Bonaventure Station. The nights are Wednesdays and Saturdays.

The Dominion Alliance.

At a meeting of the Provincial Executive of the Dominion Alliance yesterday afternoon a request from the Dominion Executive, that Mr. Carson, the secretary, be allowed to proceed through Ontario with the Royal Commission, was granted. The secretary reported that, in answer to his letter to the Government complaining that the fines for selling liquor on Sunday, June 24, had never been collected, he had simply received a formal acknowledgment. He also reported that, in spite of Ald. Prefontaine's promise given two weeks ago, to call the Early Closing Committee "early next week," no meeting had yet been called.

A Joint Tax Report.

At the meeting of the Chambre de Commerce yesterday afternoon a committee was appointed to frame suggestions on Provincial taxation. The Board of Trade is to be invited to appoint a committee to co-operate so that a joint report can be made to be fyled before the next meeting of the Legislature.

Benning & Barsalous Sales.

TEN PACKAGES DAMAGED ALIZARINE COLORS

—AT AUCTION.—

The subscribers have received instructions to sell at their stores, Nos. 86 and 88 St. Peter st., on

MONDAY, the 2nd OCTOBER,

For account of underwriters or others concerned,

10 Packages Alizarine Colors,

Damaged by water on voyage ex SS. Wandrahm.

Sale at TWELVE O'CLOCK (noon).

BENNING & BARSALOU, Auctioneers.

229 2

CEMENT.

7,000 Barrels of GENUINE WHITE'S and other best London brands in stock and to arrive. Also Fire Brick, Drain Pipes, best quality and lowest prices.

F. HYDE & CO.,

31 Wellington Street.

142*3aw tf

You Will Save Money

By purchasing

Your Fall and Winter Clothing

— at the —

Model Clothing House

126 St. Lawrence Main Street.

229 2

RADWAY'S PILLS,

An Excellent and Mild Cathartic.

Perfect Purgatives, Soothing Aperients, Act Without Pain, Always Reliable and Natural in Their Operation.

Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Cause perfect Digestion, complete absorption and healthful regularity. For the cure of all disorders of the stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases.

Loss of Appetite,
Sick Headache,
Indigestion,
Dizzy Feelings,
Biliousness,
Constipation,
Dyspepsia.

Observe the following Symptoms resulting from Disease of the Digestive Organs: Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fulness or Weight in the stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering of the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs and Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above named disorders.

Price 25 cts. per box. Sold by all druggists.

Send a letter stamp to DR. RADWAY & CO., 419 St. James St., Montreal. Information worth thousands will be sent to you.

TO THE PUBLIC: Be sure and ask for RADWAYS and see that the name "RADWAY" is on what you buy. (2)

PANJANDRUM AT THE ACADEMY.

WALKER WHITESIDE, THE TRAGEDIAN, AT THE QUEEN'S.

A New Comic Opera to be Produced—"The Still Alarm" at the Royal—Gossip of the Stage.

De Wolf Hopper and his company of merry makers, presenting the comic opera success "Panjandrum," will form the great attraction at the Academy of Music next week. The initial presentation of "Panjandrum" in this city will be given on next Monday evening. The comedian's supporting company, which comprises all of its original members, is headed by Miss Della Fox. The other principal members are Miss Grace Golden, Marion Singer, Samuel Reed, Edmund Stanley, Alfred Klein and others. "Panjandrum" will be elaborately staged and brilliantly costumed, and the production will be identically the same as when presented in New York City.

At the Queen's Theatre.

Mr. Walker Whiteside, who appears at the Queen's Theatre next week in a repertoire of Shakespearean plays, is thus spoken of by an exchange: "Mr. Walker Whiteside is a very agreeable surprise. Unknown as an actor, his name unfamiliar even to those in whose keeping the record of matters theatrical is placed, it was hardly doing him an injustice to anticipate a performance devoid of either merit or interest. His Hamlet, considered by itself, was a very interesting performance. It is an impersonation of extraordinary value. Mr. Whiteside is evidently a young man of intelligence and of observation. His Hamlet is conceived in conventional lines. He adopts the natural idea of the character—that of simulated madness—and ignores the metaphysical one which was once so popular, far-fetched as it was." On Monday evening Mr. Whiteside will be seen in "Hamlet."

"The Still Alarm" at the Royal.

The attraction at the Royal Theatre next week will be Joseph Arthur's drama, "The Still Alarm." The piece tells the story of a brave young fireman's life and its many thrilling episodes. Several startingly realistic effects are shown, including a real fire engine in operation, and the entire workings of the firemen from the moment the alarm strikes to the extinguishing of the flames. The company is said to be a strong and capable one. Will. S. Harkins, who has played the part of "Jack Hanley," the hero, for several seasons, again heads the cast, and two trained horses are carried by the company.

Stage Gossip.

"Tuxedo," which has successfully toured America for four years, will be produced at the Queen's Theatre shortly, for the first time in the Dominion.

Sol Smith Russell's World's Fair engagement is the most prosperous ever played in Chicago. His receipts for seventeen weeks are upward of $100,000. Russell's affidavit to this statement would be in order.

The other day an officer of the Gerry Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children called at Niblo's to make inquiries about Ludwig Merkel, the new and extremely small Liliput, who beats a drum in "A Trip to Mars" which is bigger than himself. Merkel has the size and appearance of a baby less than three years old, but the fact is that at the next presidential election he will cast his vote for the candidate of his choice.

The Savoy Company in London is rehearsing the new Gilbert and Sullivan opera, which is expected to be produced the first week in October. The scene of the opera is laid in a tropical island in the South Pacific, where a native chief (played by Barrington) sends his daughter (played by the American Miss MacIntosh) to Girton College. She returns with a miscellaneous company of English people, who endeavor to reconstruct the government of the island on the English model.

The attempt to introduce scenes from "The School for Scandal" into a music hall programme was recently tried with disastrous results at the Canterbury, London. Miss Clare Greet, a capable actress, was the Lady Teazle, and William Farren, one of a long line of famous Sir Peter Teazles, filled that character, but the audience would not have Sheridan at any price, and after an ignominious run of one consecutive night the attempt to educate the music hall contingent was abandoned.

"Lady Windermere's Fan" will be played at the Harlem Opera House during the week of October 2. This will be the first appearance in the cast of the company specially selected by Charles Frohman to present Oscar Wilde's play this season. After its preliminary week here the company will go to Chicago to play a long engagement at the Schiller Theatre there. The company which has just been completed includes, besides Virginia Harned, Mrs. E. J. Phillips, Frank Gillmore, Howell Hansel, J. C. Saville, Edward Abeles, G. Marburg, J. Watson, Evelyn Campbell, and Fanny Jackson.

Mr. Pinero's denial that his successful play, "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray," was founded either on Augier's "Le Mariage d'Olympe" or Dr. Paul Lindau's "Der Schatten," is not to be accepted without question. Mr. Emanuel Lederer, of New York, insists that Pinero's masterpiece is a bold steal from Lindau's drama. He even goes so far as to say that if Pinero never saw the piece in question, then Mr. Kendal, who was familiar with the plot, told it to him, and with that as a basis he wrote the play that the London critics, with one exception, have declared to be the greatest drama of modern times. In the London *World* of September 19, Mr. William Archer makes an analytical comparison of the Pinero and Lindau plays, and proves beyond question that there is absolutely no truth in the charge that the English playwright owes anything to his German confrere. Whenever a man writes a successful piece it is the signal for some one to charge him with plagiarism. Mr. Pinero's position, however, is established, and indiscriminate charges are not likely to affect it in the slightest. "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" will be acted at the Queen's Theatre here.

C. E. Thurston's Sales.

The Montreal Fruit Auction Co'y

Will sell by Auction, within their Salesroom, 208 and 210 McGill Street, on

Monday, 2nd October,

AT 2.30 O'CLOCK,

One Car California Peaches

(Extra Choice).

BY CATALOGUE.

C. E. THURSTON, Auctioneer.

N.B.—Sale will begin sharp at 2.30. 229 2

WHERE THERE'S A "UNIVERSAL" OR "LEADER" STOVE USED THERE'S HOPE. WHERE OTHER STOVES ARE USED IT'S MOSTLY SMOKE.

FACT!

WM. CLENDINNENG & SON.

226 2awtf*

THE "CALIGRAPH"

Typewriter.

The only Typewriter used by the Official Reporters of the "House of Commons, Ottawa."

We are now replacing SEVEN that have been used there for years.

The Chief of the Department says:—"I find no Machine equal to it." Send for a Descriptive Price List.

MORTON, PHILLIPS & CO., Agents for Quebec and Eastern Ontario, 1755 Notre Dame St., Montreal.

194*3aw

T. A. MORRISON & CO.,

118 St. Peter Street.

Building Bricks,
Bevelled Bricks.
Porous Terra Cotta.
Bostwick Metal Lath.

229 2

ESTATE MRS. A. HENDERSON, LIQUIDATION SALE.

A desirable property in the Village of Huntingdon, belonging to above Estate.

1. A substantial stone Grist Mill, 2½ stories high, Roller process, capacity 75 bbls., also Feed Stone, Oatmeal Kiln and stone, etc.; all in first-class order, having been rebuilt in 1886.
2. Saw Mill, Circular Saw, Shingle Machine, etc.
3. Brick Sash and Door Factory, Improved Machinery. Dry Kiln, etc.
4. Warehouse, Granary, Office, etc.
5. 1½ Story Brick Dwelling, used as a miller's house.
6. Undertaking Business, including a first-class Hearse.

The Estate owns both sides of the river and has full control of the water power.

This property is situated on the Chateauguay river, which is a large, steady stream, giving a good power during the whole year.

Will also be sold the residence of the late Mrs. A. Henderson, containing about nine acres of land beautifully situated on the bank of the Chateauguay river. The house is 1½ story, built of stone—well finished throughout, with good out-buildings; also two cottages now occupied at a good rental. This is a good opportunity to purchase a paying property. The surrounding country is the finest farming land in this Province. The water power is capable of being developed so as to run more machinery than is at present used. For particulars apply to

F. H. HENDERSON, W. S. MACLAREN, } Executors, Huntingdon, Que.

MACLAREN, LEET, SMITH & SMITH, Solicitors, City.

Huntingdon, June 28, 1893. 227 12 2aw

NOTICE.

Estate of late JOHN COX, Esqr., of Montreal.

All persons having claims against said Estate, are requested to file them duly attested without delay.

And those indebted to said Estate are requested to pay without delay, to the undersigned, H. F. Kerrin, es quality. Apply No. 140 McGill street.

H. F. KERRIN, W. H. COX, Testamentary Executors.

Montreal, 28th September, 1893. 228 4 2aw

Fraser Bros.' Sales.

IMPORTANT SALE—VALUABLE PAIR CARRIAGE HORSES, DRIVING AND DRAUGHT HORSES, VERY BEST CARRIAGES AND WAGGONS, ALL MADE TO ORDER, SPLENDID SINGLE AND DOUBLE HARNESS, FINE FARM IMPLEMENTS, NEW YORK UPRIGHT PIANO, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Etc.

For Estate Late H. A. Brown, at the Park Farm, Cote St. Laurent, Back River Road,

On MONDAY MORNING, 2nd October,

Comprising in part: Pair Exceedingly Handsome Carriage Horses, color Dark Brown, 6 and 7 years old, 16 hands high. Black Horse, "Prince," 8 years old, fine gait, pair Draught Horses, weight about 3000 lbs. First-class Workers, Single or Double, Splendid Pair Dappled Gray Draught Horses, First-Class Market Team, Fine Milch Cow. Beautiful Light Covered Carriage. Fine Quebec Waggon, three First-class Market Waggons, Fine Double Milk Waggon and Sleigh, Splendid Family Sleigh, Dog Cart Sleigh and Cracholr, Set Splendid Double Carriage Harness, cost $175 last March, two Sets Fine Single Driving Harness, 2 Sets Brass Mounted Double Market Harness, 3 Sets Cart Harness, 3 Sets Plough Harness, Three Ploughs, Harrows, Grubbers, 3 Very Fine Scotch Carts, New Paris Green Sprinkler, Single and Double Working Sleighs, Hay Carts, Roller, Reaping Machine, Hay Rake, Root Cutter, Platform Scales, Lot Loose Hay, 60 Bushels Seed Potatoes, Wheelbarrows, 60 Cow Chains, Boiler, Force Pump, Grindstone, etc. Also the Neat Household Furniture, New York Upright Piano, Neat Parlor Suit, Brussels Carpet, Very Fine "Burns" Cooking Range, etc., etc.

This will be one of the most important sales ever held in the vicinity of Montreal. There is no better equipped Farm in the Province, everything is first-class and in perfect condition.

LUNCH WILL BE SERVED. SALE AT 10 O'CLOCK.

224 tf FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

Important Auction Sale of Dry Goods.

In the matter of BEDARD & CO., Ottawa.

Will be sold by Public Auction on the premises, No. 59 Rideau Street, Ottawa,

On THURSDAY, 5th OCTOBER, 1893,

The whole of the stock in trade and Shop Furniture belonging to Estate of above named Insolvents.

Stock in trade consisting of a very fine assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, the bulk of the stock being Staple Dry Goods. Amounts as per Inventory to about $12,600 00; Shop Furniture 350 00; $12,950 00.

Inventory and stock may be seen on the premises.

SALE AT 2 P. M.

P. LARMONTH, Assignee.

A. B. MACDONALD, Auctioneer.

228 3

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In the matter of BELAND & MORRIER, Capelton, P. Q.

The undersigned will sell by auction at the office of Royer & Burrage in the city of Sherbrooke, P. Q., on

TUESDAY, THE 3rd OCTOBER, 1893, AT TEN O'CLOCK,

The assets of the estate as under:

Stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Etc. $4328 03; Fixtures 82 95; Rolling stock 105 00; 4515 98; Book debts per list 1547 59.

Inventory can be seen at the office of Kent & Turcotte, No. 7 Place d'Armes. Store will be open on 2nd October.

J. P. ROYER, A. TURCOTTE, } Joint Curator.

H. A. ODELL, Auctioneer.

228 4

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

The undersigned will sell by auction under the instructions of Mr. J. M. Boudreau, at the store, No. 2300 Notre Dame Street,

TUESDAY, 3rd OCTOBER, 1893,

A large and well assorted stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, amounting per inventory to $17,794 00; Fixtures 578 05; $18,372 05.

The stock is in first-class condition. The purchaser can have the store to 1st April next, at a reasonable rate. Terms of payment 3, 6 and 9 months with interest, secured to the satisfaction of the vendors.

SALE AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK.

KENT & TURCOTTE, Accountants.

MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers.

227 5

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In the matter of JULES ALLIN, Comestible Merchant.

The undersigned will sell by pubuc auction at No. 116 St. Lawrence Street, on

Monday, 2nd Oct., 1893, at 2.30 o'clock p. m.,

the assets of the insolvent, consisting of, viz:

Canned Meats, Shop Fixtures, Marble Counter and Tables, Mirrors, Crystal Gasaliers, a Range and accessories, a Sausage and Meat Machine, and other utensils.

For inventory and inspection of stock apply to

AMEDEE LAMARCHE, Assignee, 1709 Notre Dame Street.

MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers.

Montreal, 28th September, 1893. 228 2eod

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In the matter of L. P. BELAIR, Montreal.

The undersigned will sell by auction at No. 1974 Notre Dame Street, Montreal, on

Friday, 6th October, 1893, at 11 o'clock,

the assets of the estate as under:

Stock and fixtures of a Restaurant, Restaurant License.

KENT & TURCOTTE, 7 Place d'Armes, Montreal.

MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers.

228 3 2aw

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In the mattor of SIGEFROY CARTIER, Merchant, St. Francois du Lac.

The undersigned will sell by Public Auction,

On TUESDAY, the 3rd OCTOBER, 1893,

at 11 o'clock a. m., at the Salesrooms of Marcotte Brothers, 69 St. James street, Montreal, the assets of the Insolvent, consisting of

Stock Dry Goods $923.31; Hardware 440.76; Groceries 408.76; Boots and Shoes, Hats and Furs 222.94; Crockery 26.27; Fixtures and Rolling Stock 103.50; $2125.54; Book Debts, as per list 926.73.

The store will be open for inspection of stock on Saturday, the 30th Sept. Inventory and list of Book Debts are at my office, No. 1709 Notre Dame st.

AMEDEE LAMARCHE, Curator.

MONTREAL, 26th September, 1893. 227 2 2aw

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In the matter of DOMINIQUE D. DIDIER, Three Rivers.

The undersigned will sell by public auction, at the store of the Insolvent, No. 17 PLATON ST., Three Rivers,

TUESDAY, the 3rd OCTOBER, 1893, At Ten o'clock a.m.,

All the Assets abandoned in this matter and consisting of—

Stock of Jewellery, Clocks, etc. $2277.76; Fixtures (Safe) 390.75; $2668.51.

The Inventory can be seen at the office of the Curator, No. 42 Platon Street, Three Rivers. The store will be open on the 2nd October.

JOHN RYAN, Auctioneer.

F. VALENTINE, Curator.

229 3

IN THE SENATE OF CANADA. Notice of application for divorce. Notice is hereby given that James St. George Dillon, of the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Merchant, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Dame Marie Catherine Charlotte Adrienne Barron, of the same place, on the ground of adultery. Dated at the City and District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, this sixteenth day of September, eighteen hundred and ninety-three.

McGIBBON & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for applicant.

MONTREAL, Sept. 16th, 1893. 26 law

COMING CHANGES IN FASHIONS.

Stiffening of the Skirts Discarded by Parisian Dressmakers.

WOOLLEN MATERIALS HAVING A FASHIONABLE SUCCESS.

Whip Cords Much in Favor—Laces and Ribbons on Tea Gowns.

There are plenty of changes in store in the immediate future in regard to styles; the Louis XIII styles are becoming more and more the mode of great ladies and leaders of fashion, and no fashion can show to greater advantage the splendid brocades and other rich materials of the present day, while the large lace collars, the aiguilettes of ribbon, the little round basque of that period, the skirts open over tabliers fastened by *choux* or bows of ribbon, are almost universally becoming. Let us hope that these *façons* will be reserved to dressmakers and their clients who have the artistic taste as well as knowledge to make and reproduce them only in such *fabrics* as are suitable and not attempt to adapt them to inexpensive and common-place materials. But the Louis XIII, pure and simple, is by no means the only type that will find favor in the coming months, and do so, too, without completely banishing some of the fashions at present worn. Two of the principal Paris couterriers made slightly draped skirts. Here they are. A navy-blue foulard with yellow spots, the round skirt trimmed with two bands of yellow satin ribbon covered with black lace; the skirt, a very little raised on each hip, showed a petticoat to match, just clearing the ground. The skirt, worn over the bodice, had a band of ribbon and lace covering the upper edge, braces of the same attached to it, passing over the shoulders.

Another draped skirt was of white *glacé*

PLATE III.

silk with shaded stripes, deepening from light mauve to "dahlia" violet; the skirt had two plaits at the centre of the front, forming panier folds at the sides, and the back was in two *boufants;* an under skirt of "dahlia" violet silk was slightly shown by the draping of the overskirt. The bodice, a little pointed in front, had a small basque cut *en forme* in square tabs. A large collar of old lace

COMPLETED THE ELEGANT EFFECT

of this gown, and was a little draped on each shoulder by *choux* of "dahlia" velvet, large *pouf* sleeves ending at the elbow, with *jabot* frills of lace. When such fashions as these—the open skirt over a different one, of the Louis XIII period, the 1830 (rapidly becoming vulgarised), the plain moderately full skirt flowing easily and gracefully—of which we have already introduced several varieties—and the *cloche* skirt, plain or with its flounce, or flounces, cut to shape, the skirt flounced to the waist, and the double skirt—all make their appearance at the same time, certainly all tastes may be suited, and yet their wearers remain more or less in the fashion. The skirts are of moderate dimensions, decidedly clearing the ground all round if for walking wear, just touching it for simple indoor wear, and a trifle longer for afternoon dress, and will remain in favor all the autumn and winter for all kinds of materials and classes of gowns. The more elaborate fashions such as we have described, are beginning to make their appearance, and will be reserved by women of taste, at least, for more *habilles* gowns and richer fabrics. All the leading Paris and London dressmakers have discarded the stiffening of the skirts; these are allowed to hang naturally; when any support is given, this is due entirely to the underskirt.

SERGE IS, OF COURSE, MUCH WORN.

It is, indeed, an absolute necessity in a wardrobe—but there are many newer woollen materials that are having a very fashionable success, among them the "Hopsacking" fabrics, especially the glace varieties in mixtures of black and red, violet and green, brown and gold, black and blue, etc. "Drap changeant" is a very effective material; it is a species of coarse woollen crape, and is produced in many colorings, old rose and green, *pêche* and green, green and red, and other combinations. The shot Cheviots are much liked; some of the newest have a marbled appearance; the Jacquard cheviots, with plaited designs in blue and fawn, green and red, black and blue, also make up well. There are some diagonals with shot silk spots that are novel in effect, and there are many varieties of basket cloths in which the basket-weaving is distinctly seen; these are always in mixed colorings, such as electric and brown, violet and green, red, and steel gray.

The whipcords are much in favor; many smart dresses are made of them, well trimmed; these and other fabrics of fine makes are suited to more elaborate treating than the coarse and roughly-woven ones. Indeed, during the coming month a vast number of materials will be worn, ranging from *mousselines de soies*, silk crépons, Pompadour muslin, white-spotted muslins, with delicately-colored floral designs, to cloths and other woollens, velvets and *velours Anglais*, and those between such extremes, such as taffetas glacé—very fashionably worn—surah and foulards, shot silk *a deessin*, Irish silk popilins, *peau de soie*, and a variety of silks, brocaded, striped, spotted, on plain or shot grounds.

THE GREATEST NOVELTY OF THE DAY

in corsages, and one that met with great favor at once, is a basque bodice of a totally different type to any that has been seen for some time. This is the "Corsage Montespan;" it buttons down the front, and has a basque covering the hips, and sitting a little away from them; the back is a trifle longer and pointed; it is open up the centre nearly to the waist; at the seam of the side bodice next the back the basque is cut sufficiently wider than the seam to allow of the material forming a double box-plait, the lower edge running with "Cascade" out-line into the basque; the double folds are fastened outside the basque, just below the waist, under a Montespan rosette. The upper part of the corsage is cut away to an inch above the shoulder, forming a wide short V at the back and a rather deeper one in front. The edge is finished

PLATE I.

with a shaped rever covering the tiny piece above the shoulder, widening as it descends down the back, when it is open to correspond with the basque, with a double box plait each side, the two brought together in the centre under a "Montespan" bow. The front *garniture* corresponds. The sleeve is a long drooping *pouf*, turned under above the elbow and open on the outside of the arm to half the height of the *pouf*. The fitting bodice worn under the "Corsage Montespan" to complete it for day wear is of brocade, with *pouf* sleeves over fitting ones of the same, the brocade *pouf* showing in the opening of the *pouf* sleeve of the corsage proper.

ANOTHER VERY PRETTY CORSAGE,

in this case suited for a young girl as well as young married women, while the Montespan would be too elaborate in *façon* for the former, is called the "Aureole," and is made in soft silk, foulard, or crepeline of silk and wool, of plain or shot color; the round-waisted bodice laces behind, and comes half way up the bust like a corselet, a narrow strap passes over the shoulder from the front and back of the armhole; this supports a round *pouf* sleeve ending in the closely-fitting basqued bodices, they will both reign in perfect amity over their subjects; the draped bodice, with as few seams as possible, mounted on a perfectly-fitting lining—made with all the care of an ordinary bodice, shaped and bowed in the same manner—is so graceful in itself, and can be made to fit so becomingly over the figure—as in the hands of an artist the material can be strained in one place when the *contours* are worth showing, and draped when any imperfection exists, that there is no danger of its being totally abandoned for the *corsage a basques* with its exactions and disclosures.

BELTS AND GIRDLES

play a larger part than ever in the toilette just now. Parisian dress makers are lavishing laces and ribbons on all tea gowns and dishabille costumes. It is said that ermine is again to be worn as a trimming for voluminous evening cloaks of velvet and ribbon bows are much worn for hats and bonnets in Paris. Black and white is still a popular combination for these *chapeaux* and little wings still stand up in the front of them. All bodices, however varied the *façon*, tend towards making the waist look round

PLATE II.

a band over the elbow; an accordion frill turning towards the shoulder covers the strap, and a slightly wider and fuller one edges the bodice, from which it stands out en "*vertugadin*." This bodice may be worn over guimpes and sleeves of *mousseline de laine*, or any material corresponding with the skirt, and is very pretty for evening wear over lace, fine muslin or chiffon on a low or high silk lining. Basques are certainly coming into fashion rapidly; for coat bodices, open or closed, the long basques are cut with the bodice, or added a trifle below the waist—in this case they are cut *en forme*, and small, but not to any exaggerated extent, and the shoulders wide, but not high, the berthes, epaulettes, shoulder folds, revers, and other ornaments in vogue all conduce to the effect desired, which is again aided by the sleeves; these are large in the armhole, and stand away from the shoulder, or droop towards the elbow—either style being attainable by the sleeve cut with full upper parts and shaped to the arm below, or the *pouf*, drooping, *button*, or *bébé*, worn over a fitting sleeve. Some sleeves with double *poufs* have these separated by ribbons, *galons*, or lace insertions—a similar ornament being placed below the lower *pouf*—others have the one *pouf* fastened in the centre to simulate two *poufs*, while one of the prettiest *façons* in this way is the *bébé pouf* drawn up on the shoulder; this is exceedingly graceful with *habillées* gowns, the *pouf* of one material over the sleeve of another, or for low or open bodices, the draping of the *pouf* showing a handsome fringe, a frill, or a lace below. The sleeve, formed of a series

PLATE IV.

of little frills, is light-looking in summer materials, but is unsuited for any thick fabric, and is indeed becoming to very few figures.

FOR EVENING DRESS

all sleeves end above the elbow, some are finished with a *sabot* of lace narrower at the bend of the arm; all the varieties of sleeves we have mentioned above are adaptable for evening wear by omitting the portion below the elbow. Some of the very latest novelties in sleeves will be seen in the plates in this number; that with the straps over the lower *pouf* is exceedingly picturesque. Two of the latest novelties in "Colleta" have been produced this week, one in shot bengaline, the other in shot velvet. The former, of shot pink and moss green bengaline, ends above the waist, and consists of a straight flounce gathered to a round yoke, the latter covered by a second flounce; the lower edge of this is cut in long leaf-shaped points, of which there are six, long enough to hang below the shoulders; between the points are much wider points less than half the length of the others, these are folded in a box plait each side of the short central points—the line running from these into jackets and the longer form of jacket, the redingote, are it is reported to be much worn during the coming winter. They are to be heavily trimmed with furs, passementeries and beads and the backs are to be ornamented as much as the fronts, so say the Paris authorities. So far as the shapes are yet revealed they will be tight-fitting and the

PLATE V.

skirt of the jacket quite full. The round collars are very much pulled and gathered on the shoulders. Capes are still worn, but it is not certain that they will survive the autumn days.

M. O.

HOUSEHOLD RECEIPTS.

Apple Pie.

Pare and slice the apples which should be tart, and arrange a layer upon a pie-plate lined with crust. Sprinkle with sugar, and flavor with a little nutmeg or cinnamon. Add more apples and sugar, and lastly a tea-spoonful of butter cut in small pieces, cover with crust, and bake half an hour, or until done. Eat warm.

Sweet-Apple Pie.

Pare and grate sufficient sweet apples to fill a pie-plate. Line the plate with crust, fill with the grated apple, adding sugar to taste and a flavoring of the grated rind and juice of half a lemon. Bake without an upper crust. While the pie is baking make a meringue of the whites of two eggs beaten stiff with two heaping tablespoonfuls of sugar, spread upon the pie when done, and brown lightly.

Apple Custard Pie.

To one cupfuls of stewed and strained apples, add one cupful of sugar and the juice and grated rind of half a lemon. Beat one egg thoroughly, add to it three-quarters of a cupful of milk, and stir into the prepared apples. Line a pie-plate with crust, fill with the mixture, and bake. If liked, an upper crust may be added, or a lattice-work of strips of paste.

Baked Apple Omelet.

To two cupfuls of stewed and strained apples, add the yolks of three well-beaten eggs, one cupful of sugar, and the juice of half a lemon, and lastly the well-beaten whites. Brown a cupful of fine light bread-crumbs with a tablespoonful of butter in a small frying-pan, butter a pudding-dish thickly with cold butter and sprinkle over the bottom and sides as many as will adhere of the browned crumbs. Fill the dish with the prepared apple, cover with buttered crumbs, and bake twenty minutes. Allow the omelet to cool, turn out upon a platter, and serve with cream or boiled custard. If preferred the omelet can be eaten hot from the dish in which it was baked.

Baked Apple Pudding.

Ingredients.—Five fine tart apples, three eggs, three tablespoonfuls of flour, two cupfuls of milk, two tablespoonfuls of finely-chopped beef-suet, a pinch of salt, grated nutmeg to taste. Mix the flour to a smooth cream with a little of the milk, add the remainder, with the well-beaten eggs, the salt and flavoring, and pour into a buttered pudding-dish. Core and halve the apples, but do not pare them; lay them in the batter, rind uppermost, shake over the suet, and bake about an hour. Serve hot, with sugar and cream.

Apple Snow.

Ingredients.—Three large sour apples, the whites of three eggs, half a cupful of sugar. Stew the apples as dry as possible and strain them. Beat the whites of the eggs very stiff, add the sugar gradually, then the apples, and beat the mixture till it looks like snow. Pile lightly on a glass dish, garnish with dots of bright-colored jelly—crab-apple is very nice—and serve with boiled custard made with the yolks of the eggs, two cupfuls of milk, and half a cupful of sugar.

Apple Johnny Cake.

Ingredients.—Two cupfuls of Indian meal, two tablespoonfuls of salt, a heaping teaspoonful of baking-powder, milk to mix quite soft, three tart apples, pared, cored, and sliced. Bake in a shallow oblong tin about half an hour.

MOTHERS' CORNER.

Hush-a-by Sweet.

Hush-a-by, Sweet,
Dewdrops are falling,
Gathering lightly on bush and tree;
Little Bopeep her sheep is calling,
And my wee lamb must sheltered be.

Hush-a-by, Sweet,
Angels are watching
Thy infant slumbers with loving eye,
While over all the stars are matching
Silver and blue in a cloudless sky.

Hush-a-by, Sweet,
In rosy splendor
The baby moon sinks low in the west;
And my wee queen, with kisses tender,
Closes her eyes, and sleeps on my breast.

—*Mrs. Annie Douglas Bell.*

Cheerful Obedience and Industry.

A parent, next to maintaining a child's health, should cultivate his will to cheerful obedience and industry. These are the qualities which it is first possible for a child to acquire; and acquired qualities are those which bring the most training and are the most praiseworthy.

To Stop Bleeding at the Nose.

The only reliable remedy for bleeding at the nose is to move the jaws rapidly. This has been known for years, but a modern fad has made it much more easy to adhere to the prescription. If a person who is suffering from severe hemorrhage of this character will chew gum viciously for a minute or two the bleeding will entirely cease, and it is important for him to keep some gum in his pocket so that when the feeling of fulness which precedes the renewal of attack comes on he can avert the danger in a few minutes.—*Chicago Herald.*

How to Spoil Children.

Laugh at their faults; encourage white lies; give them their own way; tell them petty untruths; give them what they cry for; shout at the top of your voice at them; never encourage their efforts to do better; fly into a passion with them several times a day; punish them if they break some trifle by accident; don't enter into their games; when they ask for information tell them to be quiet; let them think the streets are the best place to play; never take any notice of their childish sorrows; don't have any toys or playthings tossed around the house; don't bother yourself about whose house they go to; don't trouble inviting their companions to your house; always take part against their teachers; and try to forget as much as possible that you were once young yourself.

The Care of Infants.

Why, asks Dr. Andrew Wilson in *Health*, do so many infants die during the first year of life? I should startle you if I gave you the exact figures, but I may tell you that the risks of death for infants under one year old are simply tremendous. It is in these warm months that infant-diarrhœa attacks its helpless little victims. Let every mother nursing her child, therefore, be specially careful over its welfare in the hot weather. Let her see to the purity of the milk it gets, and to this end see also that milk is never kept near sinks or closets, or in any place where it can absorb bad gases from drains, or turn sour and rancid from being allowed to remain in a heated place. It is this souring of milk which is at the root of much infant illness, and dirty feeding bottles, and tubes not properly scalded out (and washed out with a little bicarbonate of soda dissolved in the water) are also fertile causes of many infant troubles.

Baby's Wardrobe.

At an early period of baby's existence, when it has to be thought of entirely in the matter of dress; when it is a subject of indifference to the tiny stranger whether arrayed in the daintiest laces and wools or the plainest cotton, the child of well-to-do parents nevertheless has its place in fashion's world, and engages a certain amount of the attention of those whose business it is to provide for such needs. The baby, as a new-comer in the family, has to undergo a considerable amount of inspection and criticism, and it is quite natural that its mother should desire its infant charms to be enchanced by the attractions of dress. This being a foregone conclusion, it is not difficult to understand how every mother trys to make her baby's wardrobe and surroundings as near her own ideal of comfort and beauty as possible.

For the most part, the baby of the present period is dressed in miniature reflection of its elders, modified, of course, in a very great degree, yet sufficiently in keeping with the prevailing fashion to have sometimes very short waists, at others, quite long; one year, pointed waists; another, square. But of one thing the present generation should be thankful, and that is that at no period have babies been so comfortably and becomingly dressed as the present.

Special establishments are at work manufacturing goods and garments for the use of infants, so dainty and lovely in fabric as to delight every mother's heart, and what is of great importance to many, so cheap that a complete outfit is within the means of all. Of course, these clothes are made in various qualities, and at widely varying prices, but all with an eye to comfort and beauty, and the little darlings look quite as sweet in plain, neatly-made robes and soft wool cloak, as they would bedecked with costly laces and ribbons.

For the wise mother, who would care for her own health, thus giving the baby strength and vigor to begin life with, the purchase of ready-made outfits for the little stranger, thereby saving days and weeks of labor to herself, is a seeming extravagance that will repay her a hundred-fold, and the subject should be given due consideration by every woman.

How Children Educate Their Parents.

"One never knows how ignorant and helpless she is," exclaimed a young matron not long ago, "until she begins to train her first child."

She might have added, had she thought a little longer, that no human being ever does so much for others in an educational way as the first baby. His little hands guide his father and mother in a way of which they neither know nor dream. Often their first real lesson in responsibility is given them by their little one. The transformation effected by the dimpled darling in the crib is akin to the miraculous. This young mother, so careful about everything that can directly or remotely affect her baby's well-being, so heedless of her own comfort, so ready to lose rest and sleep in his behalf, was, you would have said a year ago, a giddy flitting thing, a mere butterfly whirling here and there, caring for fun and for pleasure, for pretty gowns, for the last waltz, for her eat and her dog, for anything which promised a good time. But the baby has already made her aware of what life's supremest meaning is; she has entered into the holy of holies by way of the altar of sacrifice; she is responsible for another never-ending life.

So with the young father. He feels the throbbing of a manliness quite new. He works in the shop or on the farm with a greater resolution, a more definite purpose; he tells of "that boy of mine," and looks an inch taller. This son is a hostage, to fortune; he is a pledge that a good old name is to be handed down in honor and pride.

The little one trains the mother in patience. If her temper was formerly quick or petulant, capricious or whimsical, she cannot now indulge it; for it will not do to set the baby a bad example. Her tones, her expression of face, are suited to the tiny bit of herself. For mother's eyes are baby's skies. She learns to be brave where once she was timorous, for she does not wish her child to be afraid of thunderstorms, nor of cows, nor of beetles and centipedes. Father and mother try to be more truthful than ever. They want their boy to be true. They learn that every promise must be kept religiously that they must not allow so much as a doubt of their word, once given. They acquire bit by bit a feeling of responsibility, unlike anything they have ever known before.

Children educate their parents psychologically too. In the hurry and din of the world's market men and women lower their standards of value; they grow complex as to motive; they think upon loss and gain, and value the pitiful dross of meterial success unduly. Children, left to themselves, are straightforward and simple; they go directly to the heart of things; they are wonderfully clear-sighted and keen. "Trailing clouds of glory do they come," and so their fancies are vivid and sweet, their imaginations active. Sometimes they baffle older people by statements which cannot be verified in our customary scales, but this is only because they are nearer the angels than we, and hear whispers to which our ears are deaf.

A child can suffer as keenly over a deprivation or a disappointment as a man over the loss of a fortune. Therefore, it is worth while for parents to learn sympathy with children in children's trials, not calling that a trifle which deeply wounds a little loving heart.—*Harper's Bazar.*

ETIQUETTE DEPARTMENT.

Editor Etiquette Department:

Are colored shoes still in favor? W. M.

ANS.—They are very much so for house use. Black Oxford ties are the only low shoes thought to be in good taste for the street. A pretty novelty in white is also much worn. The latter are more suitable wear for young people.

Editor Etiquette Department:

Is it bad taste or not to praise a particular dish at table and to ask the hostess to give you the receipt? QUESTIONER.

ANS.—It is not usual to make such a remark or request except when on terms of intimacy with the hostess, such terms as allow of "friendly unconventionalities."

Editor Etiquette Department:

Which is thought to be best form when a lady is introducing one of her sons to another person, to introduce him by his surname or by his Christian name, the introduction taking place away from his own house where no other brothers are residents? REGINA.

ANS.—As he is the only son with her for the time being, and there is no opportunity for mistaking him for one of his brothers, she should introduce him as "My son, Mr. ——," otherwise, and if at home with the rest of her sons, as "My son Mr. A or B."

Editor Etiquette Department:

When leaving a place where we have been on a visit, and wishing to show our appreciation of the kindness of our hostess by making her a little present, is it better taste to give it before leaving or to send it after we return home? DAISY.

ANS.—This is optional, either way would be right; you can consult your own wish and convenience. If a choice has to be made we might give the preference to the latter, as a present from another place will very probably have the additional charm of novelty, be different to anything already seen by the recipient.

Editor Etiquette Department:

At an hotel if a lady a transient guest, is placed at the same table as the proprietor, and he is introduced to her by a member of her family who is a boarder there, should she merely make a ceremonious recognition or enter into conversation with him? Would doing the latter seem wanting in dignity on her part? R. T. G.

ANS.—A really well-bred woman never compromises her dignity by acting in a courteous manner. A few polite remarks on ordinary matter, would do her no harm and would probably put him at his ease. A little matter of this kind not only shows good breeding but good feeling.

Editor Etiquette Department:

1. To settle a little household uncertainty, is it good taste or not to have table napkins folded? 2. Should bananas be peeled before serving them at table? KITA.

ANS.—1. It is not considered the best form to have them folded, though some who are so inclined will do so. This style is not now adopted at the best appointed tables; the perfectly smooth unhandled damasked has a very nice appearance. 2. No, when served whole they are usually left with the skin on, but we think the nicest way of serving them is to remove the skin and cut them in small thin slices, to be eaten with sugar and lemon.

Editor Etiquette Department:

Do you think there is cause for "making remarks" on two young ladies who go together to an evening concert without a chaperon, she having unavoidably failed them when it was too late for them to procure the companionship of another one? SOPHIE.

ANS.—No, under the circumstances these are uncalled for. We see no reason why young ladies whose conduct proves that they are such, should be debarred the pleasure of an evening's amusement, especially one like this, which always comes to an end at an early and reasonable hour.

Editor Etiquette Department:

What is the meaning of "early and late," which we are told, is sometimes put on fashionable invitation cards? Have you seen any of these? FASHION.

ANS.—We have never seen the cards to which you refer, but understand they have lately come into use. The meaning of the apparent contradiction is that the entertainment is to be varied and prolonged. It will commence early with a "musicale," a little comedy or something of that kind; after which a supper, finishing up with a cotillion or some other favorite dance. You may go early or late, and yet find yourself "not badly arrived."

By Cable and Wire.

QUEBEC, September 30.—Jos. Brie, aged 18, was killed Wednesday in Price Bros. & Co.'s sawmill at Cap St. Ignace, by a plank springing from the saw, striking him on the neck and tearing open an artery.

MADRID, September 30.—Amid a display of unwonted enthusiasm the Queen Regent Christiana and King Alfonso reached here Thursday from San Sebastian. The warmth of the reception was intended to offset Anarchist activity.

WARSAW, September 30. — Nine dead bodies and one hundred injured people was the record of casualties caused by a false alarm of fire in a Russian synagogue at Kalwarya. Fifteen persons, it is said, may die of their wounds.

Imitation is the Sincerest Flattery. Why is Pearline the mark for every soap powder, or so-called washing compound, which is brought out? Everything is called "the same as" or "as good as" Pearline. None of them say "better"—they cannot. They should not say "as good as"—they are not. The simple fact that Pearline is so largely imitated would be enough to prove it the best.

And when a poor washing compound can do so much damage, do you want anything but the best? 369 JAMES PYLE, N. Y.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER,

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 40 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the hauton ton a patient: "As you ladies will use them, I recommend Gouraud's Cream as the least harmful of all the Skin Preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U.S., Canada, and Europe.

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Proprietor, 37 Great Jones St., N.Y.

WHOLESALE MILLINERY!!

LINDSAY, RICHARDSON & CO.

Have Just Received

Case of Paris Novelties,

Which Will be Ready for Inspection

ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 2nd.

—ALSO—

A Nice Lot of Black —and— White OSTRICH TIPS.

11 St. Helen Street.

STERLING SOAP.

Best and goes farthest.

Manufactured By

WM. LOGAN,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

LADIES!

You wear corsets to give you comfort, grace and elegance of figure. The only way to obtain all these and many other advantages, is to wear The Improved All-Featherbone Corset. For sale by leading Dr. Goods Houses throughout Canada.

6 cts. In Stamps or 5 cts. in Silver will pay for our Pamphlet, telling how to Cure CANCER AND TUMORS WITHOUT KNIFE OR PLASTER.

Investigate the claims of this pleasant home treatment. We can furnish testimonials from all parts of America.

STOTT & JURY, Bowmanville, Ont.

Mention STAR. McDawtf

ANCHOR WEAKNESS TRADE MARK CURE

ONE FOOT IN THE GRAVE!

A great number of people, men, women and children, suffer from diseases which are constantly getting more and more aggravated, the fault of a curable remedy. If they were aware of the marvellous curative powers of the great tonic known under the name of "ANCHOR WEAKNESS CURE," which has really created

A Thousand Miracles

In cases of Weak Stomach, Weak Lungs, and Poor Blood they would not wish to take anything else. If you are suffering and your doctor cannot better your health, try the ANCHOR remedy with confidence. It will surely cure you. It has cured the most aggravated cases.

Price, $1.00 a large bottle, in all the good drug stores.

SOLE AGENT IN MONTREAL,

E. F. G. DANIEL,

218 6 2aw Opposite the Court House.

Our Sole Bottlers—C. ROBILLARD & CO., 27 St. Andre Street.

I WILL PRAISE ST. LEON AS LONG AS I LIVE!

Seventeen years ago I was full of rheumatism and lay flat on my back with three doctors attending me. I was so stiff they carried me like a baby to and from the cars to St. Leon Springs. After sixteen days drinking and bathing in St. Leon I returned home supple in every joint and could run. I have remained well ever since and send numbers to the Springs to get cured.

L. A. LANCTOT, Rock Island, Que.

This celebrated Water is for sale by all leading Grocers and Druggists and Wholesale and Retail by

THE ST. LEON WATER COMPANY, 54 Victoria Square.

Telephone 1432. 230 1

THE NEWCOMBE Piano.

Fine Styles in Stock. Duplicates of

World's Fair Exhibit

See later papers for account of honors received at the great

EXHIBITION

Large Stocks. Moderate Prices. Easy terms for purchase or rental.

Tuning and Repairing a Specialty.

Warerooms: 2344 St. Catherine St. 230 2

I have some splendid properties for sale. Amongst others the Victoria Sq. and St. James street corner, with the buildings; the corner Craig and Alexander streets, and some Extra Choice Lots at Cote St. Antoine. Alfred Benn,

60 Temple Building

[S]ERMONS WORTH KEEPING.

[Th]e Church of England in Canada.

[GREA]T OPPORTUNITIES FOR USEFULNESS IN THE DOMINION.

[Th]e Very Rev. Dean Carmichael's Sermon at Grace Church.

[L]et us rise and build—Nehemiah, ii. 18.

Th[e] representative Church of England [a]ssembly lately held in Toronto, with the [ob]ject of consolidating all Church of England [in]terests in Canada into one supreme [le]gislative body, binding the Church in one [fr]om to Atlantic to the Pacific, remarked [th]e very reverend preacher, was unquestionably the most important meeting that has ever been held in connection with the [C]hurch of England in this country. Entered on with varied ideas as to its outcome the way in which it was guided was something remarkable. Never, I fancy, was a great organization perfected more easily, with more unanimity and freedom from angry discussion. There were conflicts of opinion, but no conflict ever passed outside of the bounds of regulated and reliable debate, and as a rule all great fundamental resolution passed unanimously. The Church of England in Canada is now one church, a branch of the Church of England, but a free and independent Church, with a great missionary bishop at its head, a leader that any Church might be proud to follow—great in labors, noble in character, and with a record in the past that augurs the brightest days before us in the future. I look for great results. I may be over-sanguine, but I would sooner be crushed as an optimist than stand erect on the pedestal of mournful prophecy in the character of a miserable pessimist. If the Church of England in this country can only wake up to the glory of the mission which lies before it, to the reality of the work it has to do, all will be well. If making a fresh start in church history, we strive to tune our methods in greater harmony with our surroundings, realize that for purposes of evangelization we are not a solitary institution in the country, but only one force in the midst of many, and, God helping us, ready to sacrifice petty things that we may be foremost amongst the many, if we can only do these things as one body, surely all will be well. And if, depending on God for divine impulse, we follow

THE BETTER PROMPTINGS OF OUR NATURE,

and as we fill the treasury of God's Church, as we have never done before, and feel that there is laid on us the burden of taking our share in this vast country's regeneration; and bend our backs to the burden gratefully as called by God and chosen—if we do these things we need have no fear but that He who has often made the weak strong and laggards leaders, will be on our side, that God will be on our side, that God "will be merciful unto us and bless us," and show us the "light of His countenance and be merciful unto us."

We have a magnificent country to possess for God, though I often think that both nationally and religiously we are slow to recognize the fact. I am, as all of you are, British to my heart's core; but I long to see the day when, beginning at our own Jerusalem, altars of distinctive patriotism will blaze upon our own soil, kindled by fires taken from our own Mother Land, and that, realizing the splendor of our heritage, we should glory in the land we live in, and do our best each one, humble though our best may be, to build up our nations destiny on lines of patriotic righteousness. Much surely of this we have yet to learn, as the wide stretches of one of the richest countries in the world lie before us, and the voice of God and destiny says, "Rise up and enter in and possess the land that I have given you." And if this be true of the nation, largely is it true of the Church of the nation, to which we belong. Again I would say that I would give to none a superior claim to loyalty toward our Mother Church beyond that which I trust I possess myself. I reverence and love it for its time-honored history of devotion to Christ before the name of England was known to Britain. I love it for its strong grip of evangelical truth and apostolic order; held fast midst the storm and tempest of reforming hours, when chaos seemed to rule, and some of the clearest marks of the Church of God were lost to others in the darkness. I reverence it for the magnificent roll of sanctified intelligences which have cast an apostolic lustre on its time-honored literature, for its company of martyrs and confessors and heroes of the fray and fight of truth; for its magnificent liberality to the cause of God; and last, though by no means least, for the Mother's care and Mother's prayers and Mother's bounty, poured forth with lavish love on the once struggling Infant; that to-day we can in honest truth say to the Canadian branch of the Church of England: "If I forget thee, O Jerusalem! let my right hand forget her cunning, and let my tongue cleave to the roof of my mouth." I am ready "to be a doorkeeper in the house of my God," but no man will push me from the front rank of those who are ready to pay every sign of fealty and devotion at the feet of her who gave us birth.

But whilst these feelings are strong within me, there are other feelings equally strong, and yet, between them I have no mental perception of clashing. I cling with loyal fealty to the Church of England, but naturally my strongest feelings go out towards the Church of England in Canada.

[W]ITHOUT JEALOUSY OF OTHERS WORKING FOR GOD,

with earnestness I long to see foremost in the onward sweep and rush of missionary and churchly effort the Church nearest and dearest to my heart. But never will we accomplish this till that devotion towards the Church which loyalty should ever develop towards the State, lives and burns in the hearts of the masses of our people, leading them spontaneously and naturally to determine that, by God's help, whoever lags behind, the Church of England shall be foremost; and this not from a spirit of church rivalry, but from an overwhelming realization that it should be foremost in all good works. Even as yet we have to cultivate the burning spirit of a national patriotism that would give to Canada the first-fruits of the harvest of national affection. So in the Church we require yet to cultivate that faith in her destiny, that belief in her opportunity, that loyalty to her defined and authorized teaching, which alone can make her triumphantly successful. We have everything on our side if only we are faithful and unite as one to speed on our branch of that divine Church, which, springing from the heart of Jesus Christ, can never perish whilst Jesus lives.

As we look round on others separated from us, we cannot fail to notice that this churchly devotion in men, women and children is strongly and forcibly developed, and that where palpable success lies wholly outside of ourselves this element of loyalty to that organization is strikingly apparent. Let us learn everywhere and from everything, and let us not pass by this teaching lightly. If we wish to be a lasting power for good in this wide Dominion, if we desire to keep our own and win through honest teaching the consciences of others, if we desire to meet with bountiful provision our side of the needs of this growing land, and earn fairly the foremost place in Canadian missionary effort; if we long to transplant to Canadian soil the fire and vigor of the Mother Church, and seek to emulate her in her daring enthusiasm in all that is good and holy; if, in a word—we desire to rise to the opportunity of the moment and refuse, under God, to believe in failure—then we must believe in our Church, and love her and through any darkness trust her, believing that God has a purpose for her in this land, and that He will see it accomplished.

IT APPALS ONE

to look at our opportunity, and to realize the increased power, force and spiritual energy that we must put forth if we would rise to meet it. Whilst older countries are in a state of national congestion, thinning their ranks for room to breathe, we can give breathing space to millions of their faces turned towards us; whatever emigration we have is so vastly in favor of the Church of England, that one might almost say it possesses the field, and, coupled with this marked advantage, are all influences of the older country turning the faces of the children of the Mother Church towards the teaching and influences of the daughter. Within the bounds of our vast Dominion we have all the opportunity and the responsibility of a wide field both of foreign and domestic missions. We have not to cross oceans to bring blessings to the heathen. We have our heathen in our very midst—104,000 Indians, the bulk of which are heathen; some 20,000 Eskimo, and heathen Chinee in thousands, worshipping in heathen Joss houses, built on Canadian soil. Nay, we need not leave Canada to look for heathen missions; the field for them exists within our own bounds, and will continue to exist, decreasing yearly if Christ is to be glorified through our efforts—increasing if we remain, as many of us are, utterly careless to our responsibility, or, as others are, sentimentally devoted, ready to die to bring souls to light in China, and ignoring or forgetting the degrading heathenism of the Chinese in Canada. O God, we need all the strength and power that Thou canst pour into us. "Awake, awake, put on Thy strength, O arm of the Lord; awake, as in the ancient days, in the generations of old." Let us rise and build.

Yes, we have the opportunity, and we are standing on the verge of the first moments when the power under God to rise to it, seems within reach of our hand. Behind us lies the honest, faithful labor and loyalty of priests and people in the past, who rested not from churchly devotion, till, one by one, they found the rest of Paradise. Leaders of missionary effort in the frozen north, passing the dreary Arctic circle in their labors, are at this moment devoted bishops of our church, as truly apostolic as the bearers of the name; and all around us everywhere are the elements of future prosperity and the scattered seeds of Christlike power that await maturing. Are we worthy of these things? Is there force within us, energy and power sufficient to rise to meet them, and making them our own, have we the courage and the self-denial and the devotion of munificence, which will enable to "go forth conquering and to conquer?" Never, I believe, till one in heart and spirit as well as in outward name, we unite as one to do God's work. Perish all pettiness and paltriness and let us rise and build. For our work is great and our day at least is short. We have no time to waste on small things—let us rise and build, whilst sun gives heat and daylight lasts.

GEMS OF THOUGHT.

Be fit for more than the one thing you are now doing.

The saddest failures in life come from the not putting forth the power to succeed.

Those who come to you to talk about others are the ones who go to others to talk about you.

It is not in our open exposed deeds that we need the still voice of the silent monitor but in the small secret every-day acts of life.

A face which is always serene possesses a mysterious and powerful attraction; sad hearts come to it as to the sun to warm themselves again.

Work paves the only way leading to knowledge. The way is a long one, and the difficulties in it are many, but step by step it can be traversed, if labor be the guide.

Some man says that when one reads a medical book he fancies he has every disease described, but when he reads the work of a moralist he discovers all the faults he points out in others.

In every person who comes near you look for what is good and strong; honor that; rejoice in it; and, as you can, try to imitate it; and your faults will drop off, like dead leaves, when their time comes.

Our doing or not doing in life does not depend so much upon great opportunity or great ability as it does upon our readiness to profit by the ordinary opportunities and the measure of talent that we possess.

The man who will not execute his resolutions when they are fresh upon him can have no hope from them afterwards; they will be dissipated, lost, stifled in the bustle of the world, or swamped in the slough of indolence.

Do not seek to get away from the common, every-day things of life. In them is found the happiness and peace of mind that it may be you are looking for in opportunities and circumstances which lie in times and places now far removed.

Society is not only as we make it, but as we see it. It is not necessary to enter society and leave sincerity behind. There may be falseness and extravagance in social circles, but these are part and parcel of man's inherent weakness and to be met everywhere, in the church, at the bar, and in the teacher's sphere. But there is a vast array of brave, sturdy, intellectual men, of virtuous and graceful women, who hate deceits of all kind, and whose atmosphere is as sweet as crushed violets after rain.

A Faithful Servant.

It would ofttimes help us bear our trials were we to reflect that we are God's servants rather than his guests. This does not degrade us, for the work of all the world is carried forward by underlings. No monarch saves a state, no commander wins a battle, no captain sails a ship, no trader amasses a fortune, but by the fidelity of his servants. To be God's servants, is faithful, is to be the world's redeemers.

But no house is builded with special reference to the servant's chamber. No table is spread with particular attention to him ignoring the proprietor. His is not the reception-room, the boudoir, the conservatory, or the art-gallery. It is built for purposes foreign to himself, to his needs, his wishes, his understanding even. If therefore the affairs of this world seem to us at times more than out of joint it may be worth while to consider that the world was not built for our pleasing but for divine purposes. Its owner and creator has intents and aims into which we cannot be expected to enter understandingly. Not ignoring us, he nevertheless built it as we build our homes, for himself rather than for those whom he employs.

And the qualities of a faithful servant are such that he may make everything succeed which otherwise would fail. It is in the power of a scullion to ruin the comforts of a palace. The maid who knows more than her mistress, in her own estimation; the stable-boy who prefers his own judgment to that of his master, each brings many a wise project to grief. It is hard sometimes for the servant to realize that his best grace is fidelty, his most valuable wisdom, submission.

But Gospel truths are as sweet as they are strong. The parables which begin with duties end with promises. It is the faithful servant who eventually enters into the joys of his Lord. The parable which begins with girding ends with crowns. He who is faithful in service is at last seated upon a throne. He who was a subaltern in the household becomes a ruler in the city. There is a chariot at last for God's every Cinderella; and he who knows how and when to abase the haughty, is certain in his own good time to exalt them of low degree. That man is most sure to become a ruler over many things who has proved his fidelity over few.—*Interior.*

"Thy Will Be Done."

To do, or not to do; to have,
Or not to have, I leave with Thee—
To be, or not to be, I leave;
Let but Thy will be done in me,—
All my requests are lost in one,—
"Father, Thy will be done."

Welcome alike the crown or cross;
Trouble I cannot ask, but peace;
Nor toil, nor rest; nor gain or loss;
Nor joy, nor grief; nor pain or ease;
Nor life, nor death; one thing alone,
"Father, Thy will be done!"

EMIN PASHA'S MURDER.

A CIRCUMSTANTIAL ACCOUNT GIVEN OF HIS DEATH.

Implicitly Believed in By All the Arabs—An Account of His Life—At Khartoum With Gordon—Exploration of the Victoria Nyanza.

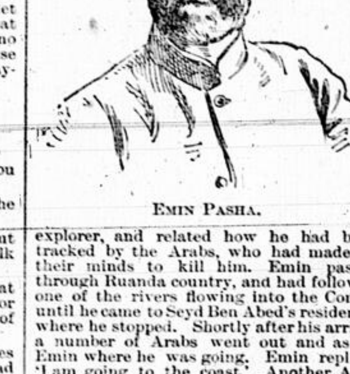
All doubt concerning the death of Emin Pasha now seems to be removed by the circumstantial account of his murder given to Mr. A. J. Swann, in Ujiji. This gentleman, who for 10 years has been working on the London Missionary Society's staff on Lake Tanganyika in Ujiji, has just reached London, accompanied by his wife, the only European lady who has ever visited that country.

Speaking of Emin Pasha's death, Mr. Swann said:

"As to the death of Emin, there is no question. In the interior it is accepted as a fact, but some uncertainty prevails on the subject at the coast. Personally I am as certain that Emin is a dead man, as I am that I am sitting here. The report of his death came to me at Ujiji in consequence of a letter which had been received there, asking what should be done with Emin's effects. I at once made enquiries, and was told that he had been killed in the Manyema country by Seyd Ben Abed, and that his following of 50 Nubian soldiers had been killed and eaten.

"This report, which was of a most circumstantial character, reached me from four different sources in Ujiji, and, to my mind, is as conclusive as anything can be in Africa. It is implicitly believed by all the Arabs, who seem very well pleased to have at last got rid of Emin.

"One of my informants was an Arab who had been travelling on Emin's route. This Arab not only described Emin's journey, but, although he had probably never seen a map in his life, sketched on a piece of paper the various places touched by the German



EMIN PASHA.

explorer, and related how he had been tracked by the Arabs, who had made up their minds to kill him. Emin passed through Ruanda country, and had followed one of the rivers flowing into the Congo, until he came to Seyd Ben Abed's residence, where he stopped. Shortly after his arrival a number of Arabs went out and asked Emin where he was going. Emin replied, 'I am going to the coast.' Another Arab then went forth and said,

"'You are Emin Pasha, who killed the Arabs at the Victoria Nyanza. I will kill you.' He then took a large curved Arab knife from his belt, and, brandishing it aloft, struck off Emin's head. His body was at once thrown to the Manyema, his Nubian followers being afterwards killed and eaten.

"In taking into account the credibility of this report," said Mr. Swann, "it must be remembered that Ujiji is the nearest spot to that where Emin had last been heard of. Emin was on his way to the West Coast. So much impressed was I with the account that I ordered Rumaliza to get any papers or letters left by Emin, and he promised to do so. The greatest uncertainty is felt on the subject at the coast, but the fact that Emin has never been seen or heard of since he reached Tuanda speaks volumes."

Emin Pasha was born in Neisse, in Silesia, a little over 53 years ago. He was of Jewish birth, his real name being Isaac Schnitzer.

"THE FAITHFUL."

In the Gymnasium at Neisse he received his elementary education, afterwards proceeding to Breslau and Berlin for the study of medicine. In 1864 he obtained his diploma. From his earliest youth he had manifested a strong desire for travel, especially in Oriental lands, and as soon as he had passed his University examinations he shook the dust of his native land from his feet. In 1865 already we find him established at Antivari, in Albania, as a quarantine doctor.

By reason of his remarkable linguistic attainments—he is said to have spoken fluently at this period not only his native German, but also French, Italian, English, Turkish, Albanian, Arabic, Persian, and a variety of Slavonic dialects—he became exceedingly useful to Hakki Pasha, who took him with him to Trebizond, where he was transferred to the Governorship of that city. With Hakki he travelled extensively in Arabia and Armenia, and when in 1874 his friend and patron died he entered the service of the Khedive Ismail of Egypt under the name of Dr. Emin Effendi. Ismail, at this period, was striving might and main to extend his southern frontiers, and for this purpose he was anxious to enlist the services of Europeans. Very shortly after Emin entered his service he received orders to proceed to the Soudan.

AT KHARTOUM WITH GORDON.

The Governor of the Equatorial Province was Charles Gordon—the famous "Gordon of Khartoum"—and with him Emin was soon established on the friendliest footing. Gordon stood in no need of Emin's medical assistance, although the latter had been appointed to act as his body physician, and he found other work for him to do in missions to the surrounding tribes. He sent him to Uganda and Unyoro, and the German doctor, through his remarkable knowledge of languages and some subtle sympathy with the native character, proved a singularly capable ambassador. In Khartoum itself Emin distinguished himself by the rare self-abnegation and devotion with which he visited and relieved the sick poor. With Gordon he explored the Victoria Nyanza region, and in 1877 ascended the Nile from Lado to Magungo, and crossed the country of the Magungos as far as Meruli. In 1878 Gordon gave up the governorship, and on his recommendation Emin was appointed to succeed him with the title of Bey. For 10 years he ruled the Soudan province—an area as large as Germany, France, and Austria combined—and, in spite of unexampled difficulties, achieved the most fruitful results. In April, 1883, the Mahdist rebellion was preached throughout Equatoria, and when Emin attempted to return from Lado to Khartoum he found his route cut off by the hostile dervishes.

THE RESCUE FROM WADELAI.

For three years Emin tried ineffectually to get out of the trap in which he found himself, and had he chosen to desert his companions he might easily have saved himself. Junker, who was with him at the time of the revolt, managed to reach the coast. Two expeditions were sent to rescue him in 1885, but failed to reach him, and in the following year he concentrated himself at Wadelai. His position here in the heart of Africa strongly appealed to public sympathy in Europe, and at the instance of Dr. Felkin and the late Sir William Mackinnon, the Scotch Geographical Society fitted out a strong expedition for his relief. Pecuniary support was obtained from a number of capitalists and the Egyptian Government, and the leadership was confided to Mr. Stanley. In February, 1887, the expedition left Zanzibar, and after terrible trials, the story of which is still fresh in the public mind, found Emin Pasha at the Albert Nyanza in April, 1888. To Stanley's surprise Emin was not anxious to leave his fort, and only after considerable persuasion, and not a few quarrels, he consented to proceed with his "rescuer" to Zanzibar. His decision was hastened by a mutiny of his own troops. He arrived in Zanzibar almost blind and much shaken in health and then proceeded to Cairo. After a short stay in Egypt he resolved to return to Central Africa in command of another exploring expedition, and much disappointment was caused in England by his taking service with the Germans for this purpose instead of with the British East Africa Company, who had made him tempting offers. Since then his death has frequently been reported, but until Mr. Swann's detailed account reached London these rumours were discredited.

Emin, who married the widow of Hakki Pasha, leaves one daughter, Ferida, who is now being educated in Germany.

NEWS FROM IRELAND.

A Letter From the Countess of Aberdeen on the Blarney Stone—Terrible Tragedy in County Wexford.

The following letter appeared in a recent issue of the Dublin *Daily Express*: SIR,—We have suffered so much during the terrible struggle through which we are passing from the frequent and continued misstatement of facts, that, on behalf of the minority, I hope you will allow me to protest against one that has been, and is constantly being made, even by those who belong to us, and which is especially calculated to lead Englishmen astray. Take as an example the speech of Lord Roberts on receiving the freedom of the city of Waterford. Anything said by him is most naturally and justly read by the English people with the closest interest. Well, he spoke eloquently of the services rendered to the Empire by eminent Irishmen—Napier, Lawrence, Mayo, Dufferin and Wolseley. These and many others were the examples he gave to show that Ireland has contributed her share and even more than her equal share, to the roll of England's worthies. But, as reported, he did not mention that these men were found exclusively amongst the loyal minority in Ireland. Now in former times it was perhaps well to let this fact remain concealed. At all events, from a feeling of politeness and graciousness, it has not been insisted upon by us. But I submit that now, when we find that this omission has been and is being used for the purpose of inducing the English to crush the very men who have furnished them with these great leaders, it is time that the truth should be told, and that the English people should know that those to whom Mr. Gladstone proposes to entrust the Government of our country have not sent forth these great men. I do trust, therefore, that all public speakers in future will not refuse to give us—the loyal minority—the credit which is justly our due.

Yours, etc.,
JAS. WILSON.
Currygrane, Edgeworthstown.

The following effusion, voicing the exultation of the Ulstermen at the rejection of the Home Rule Bill by the House of Lords, appeared in a recent issue of the Armagh *Standard:*

VICTORY.

Raise high a loyal pæan,
Ireland is free—
Free from that threatened stain
On liberty;
Free from an unjust rule,
Scheme of a doting fool,
Racked by a servile school—
Echo the strain.

Let every patriot join
In the glad song,
From the rich banks of Boyne
Northwards along
To where the surges rave,
Hurled by Atlantic wave
Into resounding cave—
Pass the note on.

Play on the organs loud
Anthems of praise;
Chant, with the joyful crowd,
Heart stirring lays;
Let brethren, far and near,
Now free from boding fear,
Join in a swelling cheer—
Loyal and proud.

In the dark past were seen
Stars through the night;
Words from our leaders keen,
Messages bright;
Now they have fought and won,
Now the hard race is run,
Now shines the victor's sun—
God Save the Queen.

The following extract from a speech made by Mr. Parnell at Liverpool, on November 10, 1885, and recently republished, is of interest at the present moment: He (Mr. Parnell) was speaking entirely from a practical point of view when he said that it appeared to him that if they took Mr. Gladstone at his word, voted for his candidates, and gave him a large majority independent of the Irish party which he claimed to be necessary for any English Ministry before it could consider the Irish national question, they would find themselves in this position. They would present their claims for consideration to Mr. Gladstone, and if he agreed with them he would probably bring in a bill which, after passing the House of Commons, would go up to the Lords, who would say to Mr. Gladstone, "You never submitted the principles or the details of the bill to the judgment of the electors at the general election, and we consider it is right, in a question of such enormous gravity as this, of the national relations between England and Ireland, that the electors of England and Scotland should have an opportunity of passing judgment upon it, and we will throw out this bill and compel you to dissolve Parliament." That would be a very abortive result of the general election, but under the circumstances it appeared to him that the House of Lords would only be carrying out their constitutional right by rejecting a bill the details of which had not been before the country at the general election.

A terrible tragedy occurred on September 13 at Screen, county Wexford. A man named Kavanagh had been in Wexford selling pigs. On his return home to the house of his brother-in-law, a farmer named Coughlan, he found the place apparently empty. On searching the house what was his horror to find Mrs. Coughlan lying in bed in a pool of blood. On a closer inspection he found that the unfortunate woman's skull had been chopped in pieces. Beside the bed was a hatchet covered with blood, evidently the weapon with which the terrible deed had been committed. Horror-stricken and full of suspicion, Mr. Kavanagh called out for the husband, but Coughlan was nowhere to be found. The police were at once communicated with, and a thorough search was made for the missing man. At noon he was found in a marl hole, which contained several feet of water. When taken out he was still alive, but though every effort was made to resuscitate him, life soon became extinct. Recently Coughlan had been developing symptoms of insanity, but had never shown any disposition towards violence. Coughlan was 47 years of age, and was a well-to-do farmer. His wife was about 40 years. When Coughlan was discovered cheques and gold to the amount of £200 were found upon him.

A few days ago a contractor's engine on the West Kerry new line of railway, with a number of carriages, trucks, and upwards of 400 passengers (workingmen,) was proceeding from Kilorglin to Cahirciveen. As the train was approaching a deep ravine beyond the Mountain Stage, the fireman went out on the footplate of the engine to oil the wheels. When travelling round the front of the engine he noticed a dark object lying across the track about fifty yards in advance of the train. He immediately shouted to the driver to pull up, and the latter had only just brought the engine to a standstill when the front wheels struck against a large bar of iron, which had been placed on the rails with the intention of upsetting the train. The train was travelling at a very slow rate of speed at the time, and this enabled the driver to stop the engine quicker than he otherwise could have done

Lady Aberdeen has written to Sir George Colthurst, proprietor of Blarney Castle, in contradiction of the statements circulated that the Blarney stone had been removed to the World's Fair at Chicago. She states that in the Irish Village, erected by the Irish Association at the Fair, an exact reproduction of Blarney Castle, two-thirds of the size, was put up, and a reproduction of the Blarney stone was also placed in the same position as that occupied by the original. It was true they approached Sir George Colthurst for a loan of the stone before the Exhibition opened, but he, not unnaturally, objected to any such idea.

NOTES, QUERIES AND ANSWERS.

MEANING OF A PASSAGE IN SUETONIUS.

Two Strange Questions—Correct Date of the Battle of the Boyne—A Moidore and Value—Newfoundland an Independent Island.

A Passage in Suetonius.

L. S. (Montreal) has consulted me about the meaning of the word *psyllos* in the following passage of Suetonius: *Cleopatræ, quam servatam triumpho magnoperè cupiebat, etiam psyllos ad movit, qui venenum ac virus exsugerent: quod per iisse morsu aspidis putabatur.*

This sentence, which occurs in Book II, chap. 17, of "The Lives of the Twelve Cæsars," by Suetonius, *i.e.*, in the life of Octavius Cæsar Augustus, may be literally translated as follows: "Augustus anxiously wished Cleopatra to be saved for his triumph; and, because she was thought to have died from the bite of an asp, he even sent for some Psylli to suck out the poison and the venom." The trouble in the passage arose from the fact that an edition of Suetonius (both in Latin and in French, which was the only one at hand for the moment) had the proper name *Psylli*, spelt with a small "p," and at first sight most people would have thought the translation to be: "Augustus applied leeches (or something equivalent) to the breast of Cleopatra, etc." Smith's Latin dictionary gave no clue to the meaning, and there was no other edition in the house where the passage was the subject of discussion. As there are only two Latin words for "a leech," viz., *sanguisuga* (the French *sangsue*, "blood-sucker") and *hirudo*, it seemed evident that ordinary *leeches* were not in question; and subsequent investigation proved that human leeches were meant in the persons of the Psylli, an African tribe. It may be noticed, by the way, that the word "leech" originally meant a "healer," and was in old times a synonym of "physician;" and, also, that the aquatic blood-sucking worm derived its name from the human healer, and did not give its name to him, as is often supposed. But to return to the Psylli. At p. 112 of the Delphin edition entitled: "*Caius Suetonius Tranquillus. Opera omnia quæ extant interpretatione et notis illustravit Augustinus Babelonius, Jussu Christianissimi Regis aid usum Serenissimi Delphini.*" (Londini, M.DCC., XVIII), the editor writes: "*Psylli, Libyæ populi, qui serpentium morsibus, venenum ore trahentes, medebantur. Marmaridas, quorum hodiè regio Barcha dicitur, Lucanus appellat: 'Gens unica terras incolit a sævo serpentum innoxia morsu,' etc.;*" that is to say: "The Psylli are a people of Libya, who extracting the venom by their mouths, used to heal the wounds caused by serpents. Their country to-day is named Barca, and Lucan calls them Marmaridæ, 'the only nation inhabiting the world, that suffers no harm from the cruel bite of serpents.'" So much from the notes of the learned Jesuit Father. A few more details are added from other sources that I have consulted.

Pliny in his "Natural History," Book vii., chap 2, writes: "Crates of Pergamus relates that there formerly existed in the vicinity of Parium, in the Hellespont, a race of men whom he called Ophiogenes, and that by their touch they were able to cure those who had been stung by serpents, extracting the poison by the mere imposition of the hand. Varro tells us that there are still a few individuals in that district, whose saliva effectually cures the stings of serpents. The same too was the case with the tribe of the Psylli, in Africa, according to the account of Agatharchides. These people received their name from Psyllus, one of their kings, whose tomb is in existence in the district of the Greater Syrtes. In the bodies of these people there was by nature a certain kind of poison which was fatal to serpents, and the odor of which overpowered them with torpor. With them it was a custom to expose children immediately after their birth to the fiercest serpents, and in this manner to make proof of the fidelity of their wives, the serpents not being repelled by such children as were the offspring of adultery. This nation, however, was almost entirely extirpated by the slaughter made of them by the Nasamones, who now occupy their territory." Pliny adds, farther on in the same chapter: "The fact is that all men possess in their bodies a poison which acts on serpents; and the human saliva, it is said, makes them take to flight as though they had been touched with boiling water." In Book xxviii, chap. 6, Pliny also states that: "In some men, the whole of the body is endowed with remarkable properties, as in those families, for instance, which are a terror to serpents, it being in their power to cure persons when stung, either by the touch or a slight suction of the wound. To this class belong the Psylli, the Marsi and the people called Ophiogenes (the serpent-born) in the island of Cyprus."

Dr. Bostock in a note to Pliny (Book vii, Chap. 2), adds: "In a country where serpents abound, there have been at all times jugglers, who profess to have a supernatural power, by which they are rendered insensible to the poison of these animals. This is the case with the Egyptians, and some of the oriental nations. * * * * These jugglers were, also, in the habit, much to the surprise of the ignorant spectators, of sucking the poison from the wounds produced by the bite of the serpent, which they accompanied by various ceremonies and incantations; but it is a well-known fact that this may be done with perfect safety, in reference to poisons of all kinds, provided there be no breach in the cuticle of the mouth or lips."

Probably the best account of the Psylli is found in Lucan's "Pharsalia," Book ix., 890, et seq. Dr. Andrews in his "New Latin Dictionary," revised by Drs. Lewis and Short, writes: "Psylli—Greek *Psulloi*. An African people southwest of the Syrtis Major, celebrated as serpent-charmers." They are mentioned in Celsus, Pliny, Suetonius, Lucan and other writers. In the translation of Suetonius by Dr. Alexander Thomson, revised and corrected by Mr. T. Forester (Bohn's edition) there is the following note at p. 81: "The Psylli were a people of Africa, celebrated for sucking the poison from wounds inflicted by serpents, with which that country anciently abounded. They pretended to be endowed with an antidote, which rendered their bodies insensible to the virulence of that species of poison; and the ignorance of those times gave credence to the physical immunity which they arrogated. But Celsus, who flourished about 50 years after the period we speak of, has exploded the vulgar prejudice which prevailed in their favor. He justly observed that the venom of serpents, like some other kinds of poisons, proves noxious only when applied to the naked fibre; and that, provided there is no ulcer in the gums or palate, the poison may be received into the mouth with perfect safety."

Newfoundland.

To the Editor of Notes and Queries:

SIR,—(1) Having had a discussion with a friend whether Newfoundland is in Canada, geographically speaking, I should be obliged if you would in your valued paper inform me whether it is correct to speak of Newfoundland as Canadian soil or whether it is a country of itself, (2) and if you would call an inhabitant of Newfoundland a Canadian.

Thanking you in anticipation,
(Montreal.) AN ENGLISHMAN.

Newfoundland is an independent island and its inhabitants are not called Canadians.

Two Strange Questions.

To the Editor of Notes and Queries:

SIR,—Will you kindly let me know in next Saturday's STAR:

1. What the New Testament was written on! Was it porphyry?

2. Has a nephew who is named after his uncle a right to junior, or is it only a son?

By answering at your earliest convenience, you will greatly oblige, "R. SEEN."
(Montreal.)

I. As "porphyry" (literally, through the Greek, a purple-colored precious stone) was originally applied to a red igneous rock found in Upper Egypt, though now employed by geologists to denote any rock of any color containing embedded crystals distinct from the main mass or matrix, I fail to see how the New Testament could possibly be supposed to have been written on porphyry. I, therefore, thought to myself, "Could any other similar sounding word have been meant by my correspondent?" and I have come to the conclusion that she meant to use the term *papyri*. Papyrus is a kind of reed very abundant in the valley of the Nile, of which the ancients made the paper or material on which they wrote. The plural of this word (papyri) is a name applied to certain MSS. made of the papyrus, found in various places, especially in Egypt. This, then, I think is the word that my correspondent wished to employ.

II. I see no reason why a nephew who is named after his uncle (say Edward Irving) should not call himself E. I., Junior, in order to prevent confusion, as regards letters, etc.; if they are living near each other. Should the uncle have a son with the same name as himself the case might be different. Otherwise, it is a mere matter of family arrangement, and, with mutual consent, there can be no possible objection. If the nephew were a scapegrace, as might happen, a valid objection might naturally be made by the uncle. I do not remember to have noticed the occurrence of the case.

Date of Battle of the Boyne.

To the Editor of Notes and Queries:

SIR,—Why is the 12th of July celebrated in honor of the "Battle of the Boyne," instead of the 1st of July? Please answer in Saturday's STAR.

(Ontario.) LILLIE ANDREWS.

On July 1, 1690, William III defeated James II. The difference between July 1 and July 12 is owing to a reform of the calendar. Pope Gregory XIII, in order to rectify the errors of the current calendar, published a new one, in which ten days were omitted—October 5, 1582, becoming October 15. The "New Style" was adopted in France, Italy, Spain, Denmark, Holland, Flanders and Portugal in 1582; in Germany in 1584, in Switzerland in 1583, in Hungary in 1587, and in Great Britain in 1751. The difference between the old and new style after 1700 was 11 days, and according to this July 1 became July 12. Hadyn, in his "Dictionary of Dates," states that after 1800 the difference between the two styles was 12 days. This would make the date of the Battle of the Boyne July 13. The matter is not of much importance to anybody.

A Moidore.

"Exchange" (Toronto) asks me for some information about a moidore. The English have borrowed the word from the French, the French from the Portuguese *moeda d'ouro*, while the Portuguese is from the Latin *moneta de auro*, i. e., golden coin or money. The Portuguese gold coin is valued at £1 7s sterling, or nearly seven dollars. Our words *money and mint* are derived from the Latin *moneta*. Derived from *monere*, to bring to one's recollection, *moneta* is merely a translation of the Greek *Mnemosune*, the mother of the Muses. It became a surname of Juno, in whose temple at Rome (as we learn from Cicero and other writers) money was coined. Subsequently, the word by transference denoted the *mint*, and finally (in the poets and post-Augustan prose) *coin* or *money*. *Moneta probata*, for *current money*, is found in the Vulgate: Genesis xxiii., 16.

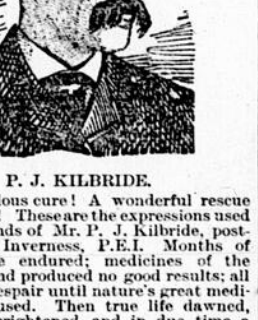
Special Notices.

ON THE BRINK OF INSANITY!

A Wonderful Deliverance!

A POSTMASTER SAVED!

Paine's Celery Compound Drags a Victim from the Open Grave!



P. J. KILBRIDE.

A marvellous cure! A wonderful rescue from death! These are the expressions used by the friends of Mr. P. J. Kilbride, postmaster, of Inverness, P.E.I. Months of agony were endured; medicines of the ordinary kind produced no good results; all was dark despair until nature's great medicine was used. Then true life dawned, hope was brightened, and in due time a perfect cure was effected. Mr. Kilbride writes as follows:—

"I now write you about Paine's Celery Compound, having just finished the fifth bottle. It is impossible for me to say sufficient, or find words strong enough, to praise Paine's Celery Compound as I ought.

To-day I feel myself a new man. Six months ago I was on the brink of insanity; my nervous system was completely broken down; I could not sleep more than one or two hours at night, and often did not sleep for four nights in succession. Oh! I never can describe the agony I suffered. I was almost reduced to a skeleton; could only work an hour, when I was so fatigued I would be obliged to lie down and rest before I could resume work.

The use of your Compound has given me rest and sweet sleep, and I can now work all day. To tell the honest, candid truth, I have not felt so well for fourteen years. When I commenced taking Paine's Celery Compound my weight was 144 lbs.; now I weigh 168 lbs. I am gaining in flesh every day; my friends are all surprised at my wonderful cure and changed appearance. Oh! if I had only known of this life-saving remedy years ago, I would have escaped many days and nights of terrible pain and agony. Thank God the terrible times have passed, I I hope never to return. How I wish I could reach the ear of every man in Canada—those who are suffering as I once suffered—how I would plead with them—yes, on my knees I would ask them to give Paine's Celery Compound a fair trial; and I feel confident they would bless me afterwards for my recommendation.

Young men, take my truthful and candid advice; if you are suffering from a broken-down nervous system, use Paine's Celery Compound; it will thoroughly restore you physically and otherwise.

I am now in perfect health through no other agency than Paine's Celery Compound. You may use this statement as you choose."

Rheumatism Cured In a Day.

South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. First dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Warranted by B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame st., and Laviolette and Nelson, 1600 Notre Dame street.

Dr. Roberts Before the British Medical Society.

Dr. Roberts, of Manchester, England addressing the British Medical Society, said: "The effects of diet are important and far-reaching, and cannot be over-estimated. The present indications are that a change in the relation of food and medicine is slowly taking place. The tendency among our best physicians is largely to substitute food instead of medicine in the treatment of disease is not to be looked upon as a mere fashion. The dietetic movement has a wider and deeper meaning."

In the large majority of cases infants are dosed too much with dangerous drugs to relieve pain and cause sleep. It is not medicine the babies require; their lives depend upon proper daily diet—food that is pure, nourishing and life-building. It is now an established fact that infants fed on Lactated Food never become sick; they are saved from colic, dysentery, diarrhœa, and all other ailments so fatal to the young. Mothers are sending in cheering reports every day regarding the grand work that is being done by Lactated Food. This wonderful "saver of babies' lives" is the result of scientific medical research, and has no equal. Give it a trial, ye mothers, whose babes are weak, puny and sickly.

The management of the Balmoral Hotel will take pleasure in showing rooms to parties intending to board for the coming winter. The house has been thoroughly refitted and is lighted throughout by electricity. The large and well lighted corridors and landings make the house especially desirable for families. 209tf

Severe Diarrhœa Cured.

GENTLEMEN,—I was troubled with chronic diarrhœa for over three years and received no benefit from all the medicine I tried. I was unable to work from two to four days every week. Hearing of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry I began to use it. Am now all right.

JOHN STILES, Bracebridge, Ont.

Investors and speculators, invest in Amherst Park lots now and double your money next summer.

A most distressing ailment is toothache, a sure and instant cure is Gibbons' Toothache Gum. 178 eod

The Legislative Council of New Zealand recently passed clauses in the Electoral Reform Act conferring the franchise on women.

The blood is the source of health. Keep it pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is peculiar.

MUSIC TEACHERS.

SIGNOR RUBINI,
Late Principal Professor of Singing at the London Academy, London (England), now a resident in Montreal.
Pupils prepared for the operatic stage and concert hall. Voice training from its infancy to the last stage of perfection.
STUDIO—Y. M. C. A. BUILDING,
Dominion Square.
For terms and all particulars address 23 Victoria street, Montreal. 218 12eod

PROF. W. BOHRER'S
Singing Society meets every Tuesday at 8 p. m., at 28 Mackay st. Membership, one dollar per month.
Mr. W. Bohrer has also resumed his tuition in voice culture and piano (German System). Beginners under his special supervision $3.00 per month.
Applications received at 28 Mackay st.
TELEPHONE 4374. 229 8

T. A. SIMPSON,
95½ Alexander Street,
Teacher of the Banjo, Bandola, Mandolin and Guitar. Clubs instructed, music arranged, etc. 228 6

SIGNOR RUBINI,
Singing Master.
STUDIO: 727 SHERBROOKE STREET.
RECEPTION HOURS: 4 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m. daily. 230 6

MR. HERBERT PATTON,
Organist St. James Methodist Church. Piano and singing lessons, $3.00 per month.
223 12 43 MAYOR ST.

PROF. PAUL LETONDAL
has returned from Europe, and is ready to receive pupils for PIANO and SINGING,
at his new residence, 2441 St. Catherine St. 206 1mo eod

M. Arthur Letondal,
Late of Paris and Brussels Conservatoires.
Modern Technique of the Piano, Harmony and Counterpoint.
Studio: Sheppard's Music Store, 2274 St. Catherine, and residence, 2441 St. Catherine Street. 206 1mo eod

Mrs. H. O. WILSON,
Instruction in Pianoforte, Harmony and Counterpoint.
208 1mo eod 74 St. Famille St.

MISS LERICHE,
TEACHER OF SINGING (ITALIAN METHOD),
1924 St. Catherine Street. 214 1mo eod

MR. J. HERBERT MARCEAU,
VOCAL CULTURE.
Special rates for classes. Voices tested free.
138 PEEL STREET. 218 26

SEPTIMUS FRASER,
Teacher of Pianoforte,
32 McGILL COLLEGE AVE.
Special Normal Course of Instruction afforded those wishing to thoroughly qualify themselves as teachers. 229 6

Mons. D. Ducharme
Has resumed piano teaching (French and German Schools), at 153 Bleury street. Mons. Ducharme gives special attention to the training of beginners, as well as advanced pupils. 220 12

F. GRUENWALD, Jr.,
Has resumed his VIOLIN, VIOLA and MANDOLIN instruction and is now prepared to receive pupils at his residence, 53 McGill College ave. 230 6

MISS AGNES MICHAUD,
Laureate of the Academy Music of Quebec, has resumed her piano and harmony lessons. 131B St. Lawrence st., and at Sheppard's Music Store. 206 26

MADAME DESSANE
And her daughter, Madame Adam. Singing and piano lessons. 470 St. Hubert. 229 6

MONS. J. J. GOULET, 131 Mansfield Street,
Has resumed his Violin lessons. 216 26

EDUCATIONAL.

MRS. HERBERT D. MARTIN,
DECORATIVE ARTIST,
Pupil of the School of Technical Design, N.Y.
Studio: Room 1, Karn Piano Building,
2241 ST. CATHERINE STREET.
Burned Wood Etching, Hand Decorated Leathers, Suggestions for Interior Decoration and House Furnishing, Free during October.
Class and Private Lessons—Open October 4th, Afternoons. 130 6

ART ASSOCIATION of MONTREAL
Phillips Square.
ART SCHOOL, SESSIONS 1893-94.
Classes will commence in the Association's new rooms, Monday, October 16th, under the direction of Mr. Wm. Brymner, R.C.A.
Students are granted the privileges of Associate members during the session. Two Scholarships for Competition. For further information apply to the secretary. 225 30

AFTERNOON SEWING CLASS.
An afternoon sewing class, for young girls from six to fifteen years of age, will be held at the Young Women's Christian Association, 101 METCALFE STREET,
Every Tuesday Afternoon, From 3 to 4 O'Clock, Beginning October 10th.
Application for admission to the class, and all further information can be obtained at the Office.
H. E. TENNEY,
230 4aw6 General Secretary.

DAY AND EVENING LESSONS
—RESUMED AT—
Thompson's
COLLEGE OF BUSINESS, 239 St. James St.
Book-Keeping, Shorthand, Penmanship, Telegraphy, and Typewriting. Your choice or all for $5.00 per month. Evening Classes, $3.50. 187 2mos

Mr. E. Dyonnet, A. R. C. A.
Will resume his drawing and painting classes on
TUESDAY, OCTOBER 3RD,
In the rooms of the Council of Arts and Manufactures St. Gabriel St.
For further information apply at his Studio:
Art Gallery, Phillips Square. 225 12

EDUCATIONAL.

An Investment For Young Men!
A Membership Ticket in the Young Men's Christian Association.

ITS WORTH		ITS COST.
Reading Room and Library	$2	All for 5 Dollars.
Educational Classes, choice of a six months course in eight branches	10	
20 Lectures and Social entertainments	5	
Gymnasium with instruction	5	
Shower and Plunge Bath	5	
Other Privileges	3	
	$30	

Call or write to the office, Dominion Square for application blank and further particulars.
D. A. BUDGE, Secretary.
206 9 2aw

EVENING CLASSES
—AT—
The Montreal Business College
On Corner Victoria Sqr. and Craig st.
COMMENCE on MONDAY, OCT. 2nd.
THE SUBJECTS TAUGHT ARE:
Bookkeeping, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Correspondence, English and French, Typewriting and Shorthand in both languages.
Civil Service candidates prepared for examinations. Eight teachers devote their time and ability to the students of this institution. The Classes are held on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday Evenings.
Correspondence and inspection solicited.
DAVIS & BUIE, 42 Victoria Sq., Montreal.
TELEPHONE, 2890. 227tf

THE WEST END BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
2716-18 St. Catherine St.,
MONTREAL,
For Young Ladies, conducted by Miss Lawder and Mrs. Rice, re-opened on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 14th.
This school has been well and favorably known for the past twenty years. An efficient staff of teachers is employed. While all the English branches are thoroughly taught, Music and French receive special attention. As the number of resident pupils is limited every effort is made to make school life as home-like as possible.
By applying to Miss Lawder at the above address circulars will be sent and further information given if required. 219 12

SHORTHAND INSTITUTE
—AND—
REMINGTON SCHOOL OF TYPEWRITING.
Class rooms, Temple Building, 185 St. James street, Montreal.
Principal, Mrs. J. Bullock.
EVENING CLASSES.
Commencing October 2nd, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 7.30 to 9.30.
Subjects: Shorthand (in both languages), Typewriting, Bookkeeping, French and Penmanship.
The French language will be taught by Mr. Dougados, who was for ten years a teacher and Superintendent of several high class schools in France.
Bookkeeping will be taught by a practical accountant and bookkeeper.
Terms moderate. For circulars apply at the Class Rooms. 229 6

ABINGDON SCHOOL, MONTREAL,
397 and 399 Mountain Street.
HEAD MASTER:
MR. T. RIDLER DAVIES, B.A.,
Trinity Hall, Cambridge (Mathematical Honours)
assisted by
MR. F. ARBLASTER, B.A.,
Clare College, Cambridge (Classical Honours)
MR. T. HOLMES-ORR, and
M. MAXIME INGRES (of the Ingres-Coutellier Schools).
The private school for boys will open September 5. Boys thoroughly prepared for university or commercial life. Special class for boys intending to study science. Evening preparation class. Preparatory school for young boys. Accommodation for limited number of boarders. Prospectus on application. Mr. Davies can be seen any morning after August 15. 205 26

University of Bishop's College.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE,
MONTREAL.
Session 1893-1894.
Lectures of the Winter Session
will be resumed on Monday, 2nd October, and continued regularly until end of March, the usual Christmas vacation intervening.
Dental students will be received as heretofore and a special examination will be given at end of session to such students.
Calendars and all information regarding details of the work may be obtained on application to the undersigned.
GEO. T. ROSS, M.D.,
208 1mo eod Registrar.

FETTES COLLEGE SCHOOL,
1265 Dorchester Street,
Corner of Essex Avenue, - - - MONTREAL.
Session 1893-94 opened on September 8th. Courses of Study: Classical, Mathematical, and Commercial. The Kindergarten and Junior Schools are each placed under a teacher of experience and ability; while the Senior School is wholly under the charge of the Headmaster, &c. Preparation of Students into every department of a University course certified to by the parents of those who have successfully passed, since the foundation of the school. N.B.—Mr. Claude Doucet, who (last June) passed a brilliant examination at Kingston Military College, stood fourth on the whole list, and first of this Province. Dr. Wm. Burnett, Gold Medallist and Valedictorian (last year) at Bishop's College, and Mr. P. Simpson, who, (when over three hundred students were rejected) passed the examination at Boston Technology with distinction, were all prepared at Fettes College. Circulars on application to TRAILL OMAN, M.A., and 1st Class Honor Certificates for Education, Mathematics, and Philosophy at Edinburgh University. 218 1m 3aw

Young Women's Christian Asso'n,
101 METCALFE STREET.
Evening Classes........Hours 7 to 9.
Fall Session, Oct. 2nd to Dec. 8, 1893.
Subjects—Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Typewriting, Physical Culture, French, Dressmaking.
Fees—One dollar per term for each class. For the use of the typewriter for one hour's daily practice, two dollars per month.
Associate membership tickets, fifty cents per year, dating from Oct. 2nd, and entitling associate members to the following classes and privileges—Bible Lectures, Workers Training Employment, Singing, Sewing, Library. Membership tickets and all further information can be obtained at the office. H. E. TENNEY,
230 4eod General Secretary.

ART CLASSES,
91 AYLMER STREET (near Sherbrooke).
Miss Harriette J. MacDonnell will be prepared to receive pupils after OCTOBER 1st.
Drawing, Painting in Oil and Water Color.
Pen and Ink for Illustration.
Pyrography or Burnt Wood Etching.
Special classes for Children.
After WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20th, Miss MacDonnell will be at home daily from 10 a.m. to p.m.
Telephone 3290. 212 2mos eod

THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
Berthier en haut, P. Q.
A thoroughly first-class boarding school. Preparation for Commercial Life or the Universities. Conversational French. Military Drill by Lt.-Col. Hanson. Re-opens Sept. 11th. Prospectus on application.
182 2mo MAX. LIEBICH, Principal.

W. RAPHAEL'S ART CLASSES
Will commence on the 3rd October. Students desirous of a thorough training in Drawing and Painting from Nature will please apply at Studio, 2204 ST. CATHERINE STREET. 213 26

China Painting—Glass Decorating.
MISS ALICE LIVINGSTON,
Pupil of Sevres,
Will resume her classes in China Painting, Water Colors and Drawing after October 12th. Studio—Room 125, Turkish Bath Hotel. Miss Livingston will be at home after Oct. 9 from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. 215 26

ST. MARY'S COLLEGE,
Bleury Street, Montreal.
French and English Classical Courses will be resumed on THURSDAY, SEPT. 7TH, at 9 a. m. 196 3mos

MISS M. GORDON
Will resume her classes in drawing and painting from nature, also decorative art, Oct. 2nd, 877 Dorchester st.
237 4

THE ENQUIRY AT PORT HOPE

Postponed at the Request of Detective Carpenter.

RELATIVES OF MRS. HOOPER TESTIFY ABOUT HER.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

PORT HOPE, Ont., September 30.—The inquest in the Hooper case took place yesterday afternoon. Dr. Corbett, the coroner, ordered the body of the late Mrs. Hooper to be exhumed in accordance with the request of her husband, J. R. Hooper, for the purpose above stated. The body was taken to the premises of Alfred George, undertaker, and the inquest was held in the parlors of his establishment, Dr. Corbett, coroner, presiding. The following jurymen were impanelled: Messrs. J. B. White, F. E. Gaudrit, William G. Allan, James Milne, John Wickett, Samuel Small, John Elliott, James Reynolds, P. J. Connell, William Ray, Charles Merrifield, Alex. McLennan, James Walker, Thomas Singleton, J. F. Clarke, W. Williamson, Robt. Gray, J. S. Irwin, H. Fulford, J. Plumley.

Mr. W. F. Kerr represented the Crown in the absence of Mr. John Kerr, County Crown Attorney, and acted most ably in this capacity.

The first duty of the jurymen, after being sworn, was to view the remains. They proceeded to the apartment where the body lay, and when the lid of the coffin was removed they witnessed a most revolting sight. The body was crushed in a coffin which was too small, and it lay in the clothes in which the

UNFORTUNATE WOMAN HAD DIED,

boots and all.

The remains were decomposed and the sight was ghastly. The coroner informed the jury, on their return, that the first responsibility was to establish the cause of death. Drs. Douglas, of Cobourg, and R. T. Corbett, of Port Hope, were instructed accordingly to make an examination.

J. R. Hooper, husband of the deceased, was present, and the case was ably watched in his behalf by his solicitor, Mr. H. A. Ward. The evidence was proceeded with by witnesses to establish the identification of the corpse. Mrs. Kate Baulch, sister-in-law of the deceased, on being shown the body, identified it as that of her late sister-in-law, Mrs. Georgina Malo Hooper. She was familiar with the deceased, as she had lived with her in Port Hope during her husband's absence on duty in the rebellion of 1885. She recognized the body by the features, the forehead and eyes, although the face was much decomposed. She believed her sister-in-law to have died from cancer, as she knew she suffered from that disease, her mother having attended her during the illness. Her sister-in-law had never herself alluded to the dread disease, and had never written to her, because she did not write good English. Herbert Clegg, the undertaker's assistant, was the next witness. Owing to the officiating undertaker being in Chicago, he said in compliance with instructions, Mr. George had conducted the funeral of the late Mrs. Hooper on the 20th September, from the Grand Trunk Railway to the Welcome Cemetery. They had opened the coffin at the grave because they were not sure which was the head or foot. He saw the corpse; he knew it to be

THE SAME AS THE BODY

then on the premises. Mr. Hooper arrived at the grave in a cab accompanied by his sisters, Mrs. Baulch and Mrs. Duffis. After they had opened the coffin Mr. Hooper said the religious service had been held at Terrebonne. There was no religious ceremony at the grave.

Mr. Troop, of this town, gave slight evidence regarding the identity of the corpse. He thought beyond a doubt it was Mrs. Hooper. The Coroner then adjourned the inquest until Tuesday evening at six-thirty, in deference to the following telegram:

Montreal, Sept. 29.

To John Douglas, Chief Constable, Port Hope, Ont.:

Kindly have inquest postponed pending instructions from Attorney-General.

(Signed,) SILAS CARPENTER,
Government Detective.

LONDON'S LORD MAYOR.

The Rites and Ceremonies For His Selection.

LONDON, September 30.—The ceremonies attending the installation and election of the Lord Mayor of London are interesting. Yesterday, Michaelmas day, and in accordance with the usual custom the livery men of the various guilds of the city of London assembled in the Guildhall for the purpose of electing a Lord Mayor in succession to Sir Stuart Knill, whose term of office expires on November 9 next. The Lord Mayor, who was accompanied by the two sheriffs of London, Aldermen Joseph Renats and Walter Henry Wilkins and their under sheriffs and chaplains, and attended by the sword and mace bearers and the City Marshal, went from the Mansion house, the Lord Mayor's official residence, preceded by trumpeters to take part in the ceremony. When the Lord Mayor and his party arrived at the Guildhall they were met by the aldermen, the Recorder, the Chamberlain and the other high officers of the corporation, all of whom were attired in court dress and their robes of office. The civic dignitaries, conducted by the City Marshal, then walked in procession to the Church of St. Lawrence, Jewry, where divine service was held. At the conclusion of the service the party returned in procession to the Guildhall and passed to the hustings in the great hall, which, according to ancient usage, was decorated with sweet herbs. The regular election proceedings then began, the common crier directing all persons who were not liverymen to depart from the hall on pain of imprisonment. The Recorder then formally informed the liverymen of the occasion of their meeting, and stated that in order that their choice might be free and unfettered the Lord Mayor and aldermen would withdraw. The common sergeant informed the liverymen as to the aldermen who had served in the office of sheriff, a condition precedent to election to the lord mayoralty. Among the aldermen so named was George Robert Tyler, alderman for Queenhithe, who, upon the return of the Lord Mayor to the hall, was declared by the recorder to have been elected. The Lord Mayor-elect then made a brief speech, thanking the liverymen for the honor conferred upon him, and the proceedings were at an end. In the evening Lord Mayor Knill gave a dinner party to the Lord Mayor-elect.

Miss Briggs a Deaconess.

NEW YORK, September 30.—The *World* says: A daughter of Prof. Briggs of the Union Theological Seminary has resolved to enter the New York training school for deaconesses. At least, such is the report in religious circles, and Prof. Briggs makes no denial. This institution belongs to the Protestant Episcopal faith. The school will open on October 4, and the name of Miss Briggs appears upon the list of applicants. The course involves practical work in the hospitals, so that its graduates will be properly trained to be "set apart" by the bishop to engage in work among the poor.

The Premier's Progress.

DURHAM, Ont., September 30.—A bright clear morning gladdened the hearts of the good Conservatives of this town and this district, who began assembling at an early hour to welcome Sir John Thompson. The town was gaily decorated with handsome evergreen arches and bunting and mottoes of every description. About 12.30 the special train arrived amid the cheers of the crowd, who had become almost impatient at the long wait. The Premier and party were met by the Reception Committee of the Liberal-Conservative Association and escorted to a carriage and driven to the Town Hall, from the front steps of which the address of welcome from the mayor and corporation was read, to which Sir John briefly replied. The party were then taken to the residence of Dr. Jamieson for luncheon. At 1.30 a procession was formed, which paraded the principal streets to the skating rink, where the address from the Liberal-Conservative Association was presented by Mr. A. E. Wilkes, secretary. The spacious rink was well filled, there being upwards of 2000 people present, including a great many ladies.

Addresses were delivered by Sir John Thompson, Hon. Messrs. Foster, Haggart, Wallace, Montague, Sproule, Mason and others. At 7.30 a torchlight procession paraded the streets to the Town Hall, where the ladies had prepared a banquet, at which 200 people sat down.

OVERWHELMED BY WATER.

Details of the Michigan Mining Horror.

CRYSTAL FALLS, Mich., September 30.—With a terrific rush the water of the Michigan river broke through a bed, weakened by mining, into the Mastield mine between nine and ten o'clock Thursday night, drowning twenty-eight men who were at work directly under the cave-in.

There were forty-six men in the mine when the accident occurred, but eighteen of them who were working in the lower levels managed to escape. None of the bodies have been recovered, and it is believed it will be necessary to dive in the channel of the river before they can be secured. When the night shift went on duty it was noticed that more water was coming into the mine than usual, but no alarm was felt by the men at the pumps as they managed to keep the drifts free. The miners pursued their work as usual. Suddenly, a few minutes after nine o'clock, there was a loud report and rush of water and the men were overwhelmed by an avalanche of mud, ore and water. So fast came the flood that it is doubtful whether the men on the upper levels had time to drop their tools and run for their lives to the old shaft. Had any of them reached the perpendicular opening, however, it would have availed them nothing, for the shaft known as "Old No. 1" collapsed as soon as the water reached and undermined its base.

This occurred at 9.30 and it was then known to those in charge of the mine that the men in the upper levels had been trapped and drowned like rats by an accident which had long been expected. The men at work in the lower levels were warned in time to escape. The news of the disaster spread throughout the little hamlet, and a wild cry of alarm was voiced by the inhabitants as they rushed from their homes and gathered about the shaft just as the last one of the eighteen men was brought to the surface. There was a call for volunteers, which was at once answered, to descend the only available shaft and succor, if possible, any miners who might possibly be found alive. But it was of no avail, for the waters had already reached the lower level shaft, and the angry roar which greeted the would-be rescuers as they peered over into the dark channel at once precluded all hopes of rescue, and the 28 men were given up. The Mastield mine is situated on the banks of the Michigan river, about six miles east of Crystal Falls, the county seat of Iron county. It has been worked between three and four years, and has shipped 600,000 tons of Bessemer bre.

THE BATTLE CREEK PITCH-IN.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

DETROIT, Mich., September 30.—A despatch received here from Chicago stated but meagrely that a terrible accident had occurred at Battle Creek, in which a number of lives had been lost. The receipt of this news in Detroit, so closely following the terrible disaster at Bellevue on the Grand Trunk last Tuesday morning, created intense excitement on Griswold street among the bankers and brokers, as it was naturally feared that some of the representative business men of this city had been killed or injured as in the wreck of Tuesday. Later and more reliable information told that the accident was a freight wreck at Marcellus, a small station on the Grand Trunk. A freight train was running in two sections when the coupling pin of a car broke, letting part of the second section crash into the first section. Ten empty cars were wrecked, but no lives were lost. The track was cleared away in an hour.

THE DERBYSHIRE STRIKERS.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, September 29.—At a meeting of the Miners' Federation, held in Chesterfield, Derbyshire, yesterday, Benjamin Pickard, the member of the Commons, who for years worked in the mines, presided. Among the matters debated was the question of meeting the mine owners to discuss the proposed reduction of wages.

It was finally decided to refuse to meet the masters. A resolution was adopted, declaring the striking miners would be allowed to resume work at the old rate of wages whenever the chance offered.

SAULT STE. MARIE BRIDGE.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

HAMILTON, September 30.—An Ottawa telegram announces that the contract for the steel superstructure of the railway bridge across the Sault Ste. Marie Canal has been awarded to the Hamilton Bridge Company. The contract price is understood to be in the neighborhood of $25,000.

DROWNED IN A WELL.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

HALIFAX, September 30.—Mrs. Elizabeth Nichlam, of Port Mouton, was drowned in a well which only contained a foot of water on Sunday morning. It is supposed she lost her balance and fell headlong into the well while attempting to get a pitcher of water.

To Blow Up Derelicts.

NEW YORK, September 30.—The Government has started a campaign against derelicts. The United States ship "Kearsage" left the Navy Yard on Wednesday to blow up all waterlogged and abandoned vessels wherever she finds them. The mission of the "Kearsage" has been begun none too soon. In the last few months there have been more dangerous derelicts drifting about the steamship lanes than there have been for many years. Scarcely a vessel comes into port without making a complaint about some dismasted and abandoned craft, which may at any time cause a terrible ocean catastrophe. Only a few days ago the White Star steamer "Teutonic" reported a dangerous derelict in the course of westward bound ocean liners.

Increased Values, Decreased Population.

TORONTO, September 30.—The city's total assessment for 1894 shows a total of $153,459,000, an increase of $1,540,332 over last year. The population as taken by the assessors is 160,582, a decrease of 2517 since last year.

OTTAWA, September 30. — Sir Adolphe Caron will leave for the West on Sunday night, speaking at Lucan on Monday, Mitchell on Tuesday, and other places through the week, returning to Ottawa probably on Sunday morning next. He will subsequently address a meeting of his constituents at Matane.

Shot a 400 Pound Bear.

QUEBEC, September 30.—Mr. Telephore Simard, a land surveyor of Levis, killed a 400 pound bear on Thursday. He hunted the animals in the vicinity of Chateau Richer, using a cub he had captured to decoy the older bears. The cub's mother, when she discovered the hunter with her offspring, tried to reach Mr. Simard, but he shot the enraged animal dead.

The "Coquitalan."

WASHINGTON, September 30.—A telegram was received at the Treasury Department yesterday, stating that the revenue cutter "E. Rush" reached San Francisco last night. She brought the news that the British vessel "Coquitalan" and her cargo had been condemned to confiscation by the United States Circuit Court of Sitka.

"The Beautiful" in Massachusetts.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., September 30.—Snow fell here very briskly for half an hour yesterday.

Chenipodium Album.

LAMB'S QUARTERS.

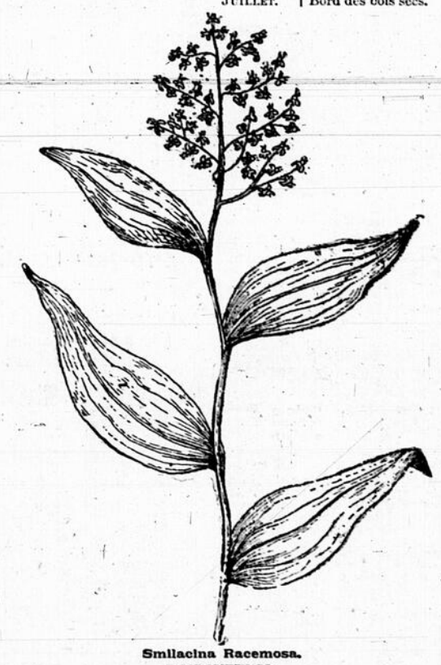
"Lamb's quarters," as a pot herb, are well known; they grow by roadside and in lanes. If gathered when about six inches high they make (boiled) a palatable dish, not unlike spinach in taste. The stem is upright, branching; leaves variable, mostly rhombic-ovate, bluntly toothed, have a dusty or mealy look about them; the flowers on long peduncles, very dense, small, and look as if dusted with shining spots. Under a high power they shine like little gems, stem and flower alike. JULY.

Anserine.

CHENOPODIUM.

Herbes annuelles à feuille généralement petiolées, triangulaires-rhomboides ou hastées. Fleurs sessiles, en glomerules formant des épis paniculés. Pres des habitations.

A. blanche, chou gras. C. album L. Feuilles blanchatres en-dessous, sinuées, grossierement dentees. JUILLET.



Smilacina Racemosa.

FALSE SPIKENARD.

Flower of the waste! the heath-fowl shuns
For thee the brake and tangled wood—
To thy protecting shade she runs,
Thy tender buds supply her food;
Her young forsake her downy plumes,
To rest upon thy opening blooms.
MRS. GRANT.

This member of the smilacina family is the largest and most showy of the lot. The stems are often 3 feet long, leaves large, oblong, tapering. The flowers are at the ends of the stems in compound racemes, white and pretty. The stem is slightly twisted by the setting of the leaves as in Streptopus rosens. The berries are red and aromatic. In open bush. JUNE.

Smilacina.

SMILACINA.

Rhizome rampant; feuilles alternes; fleurs blanches, souvent odorantes.

S. a grappe. Baisinette. S. racemosa. Fleurs en grappe serrée, très nombreuses; etamines 6, plus longues que les divisions du périanthe; fruit rouge, aromatique. Lieux humides. JUIN.

Nabalus Alba.

RATTLESNAKE ROOT.

Spake full well, in language quaint and olden,
One who dwelleth by the castled Rhine
When he calls the flowers, so blue and golden,
Stars that in earth's firmament do shine.
H. W. LONGFELLOW.

A stately plant from 3 to 5 feet high and often higher. Leaves large, dark green, triangular shaped and often lobed, the upper or stem leaves oblong; the flowers in groups, mostly at the top of the stem, bell like drooping, of a light grayish purple above, pale yellow underneath. Borders of rich woods. AUGUST.

N. blanc. N. albus. Involucre glabra composé de 8 écailles puperines. Bord des [illegible] riches. AOUT.

Hieracium Scabrum.

HAWKWEED.

Thee hath the August sun
Looked on with hot, and fierce, and brassy face;
And still and lazily run,
Scarce whispering in their pace,
The half-dried rivulets, that lately sent
A shout of gladness up, as on they went.
HENRIETTA A. HADLY.

A plant growing from 12 to 15 inches high, leaves alternate, sessile, the stem is hairy; both stem and peduncles of the small yellow flowers are very hairy. Borders of woods and fences. AUGUST.

Eperviere.

HIERACIUM.

Herbes vivaces à feuilles entières ou dentées; capitules jaunes, solitaires ou en panicule; involucre plus ou moins imbrigué.

R. scabre! Iqvolucre à pein imbrigué, couvert de poils sombres, deuses; tige rude, à feuilles sessiles, entières ou presque entières; Bord des bois secs. AOUT.

Ranunculus Fascicularis.

EARLY CROWFOOT.

This member of the Ranunculus family grows from 6 to 9 inches high, with many leaves each on its own stem. The flowering stem, which is thick and downy, has many yellow flowers, borne one above the other at the top, branching. The leaves are dark, lighter on the under side, all the stems being joined at the root from a thick bunch. In woods. APRIL to JUNE.

Renoncule.

RANUNCULUS.

R. fasciculée. R. fascicularis. Tige dressée de 5-9 pouces; racines fasciculées. Bois pierreux. AVRIL-JUIN.

Asclepias Cornuti.

SILKWEED. MILKWEED.

Hold one of us lightly,
See from what a sleider
Stalk we bow'd in heavy blooms,
And roundness rich and tender. LEIGH HUNT.

A very tall and showy plant with large leaves, not unlike those of the India rubber plant, but emerald green until after flowering time, when they turn a dark olive. The flowers are pinkish or pale purple and very interesting in their formation. The entire plant is milky and sticky. The flowers throw off a perfume that may be felt some feet away; they surround the stout stem, drooping, and are exceedingly pretty. The seed pods are large and coarse, and opened carefully display the shining silky interior to view. Are frequently 3 feet high. Grow in rich soil all over the mountain terraces and fields. JUNE.

Asclepiade.

ASCLEPIAS L.

Herbes dressées, vivaces; fleurs en ombelle simple.

A. du cornut. Cottonnier. A. cornuti. Ombelle globuleuse de 20-100 fleurs, roses et odorantes; follicules cottonneuses, armées d'épines flexibles; grains entourées de longs filaments soyeux que l'on utilise pour le fabrication des matelas ou même des tissus. Bord des chemins. JUIN.

Delphinium Ajacis.

LARKSPUR.

The larkspur is a stray from cultivation. It is to be found in many localities growing among tall weeds in profusion; stem stout and rough; leaves linear, in whorls; stem branching; flowers often as many as 8 or 10 on bending sprays, mostly yellow; height from 2 to 3 feet; plentiful in Ontario. Waste places. JUNE.

CANADIAN WILD FLOWERS

The Clustering Flowers, the Velvet Green,

CRY, "HOW BEAUTIFUL IS THIS WORLD."

Stars are They in Earth's Firmament.—Nos. 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229.

By Mr. J. H. ROSS, Montreal.

KITTY'S FATHER.

CHAPTER XLVIII.

AT LAST KITTY AND HER FATHER MEET.

Jack was standing in the porch when I got down to the yard.

"What is it?" he asked, as I came quickly to him, seeing by my face and manners that something had happened.

"Yorke is here, sleeping like a log in the hay-loft. Singleton has stopped Shepherd, It's all over."

"Calm yourself a bit, Dick," said he gently, as he slipped his hand through mine, and led me slowly towards the orchard. "We must not frighten Kitty out of her wits by a sudden shock."

"She can't be kept in the dark much longer."

"It is scarcely advisable that she should be. But we must prepare her for the event."

"There's but little time. Yorke expects something to happen shortly. He told me to call him at nine." Jack looked at his watch.

"Good. I will call him. He is in the loft, you say?"

"Yes. If you could persuade him, Jack, to do nothing desperate. I think he meditates suicide."

"He wouldn't sleep if that were his intention, I think. Why should he come here for such a purpose? It is more probable that his object is to see Kitty before going to the other side of the world. That is another reason for preparing her."

"How is that to be done?"

"Leave it to me. I will go to Yorke at nine, and come to an understanding with him. There will be time enough after that to prepare Kitty." After a minute's pause he added:

"I hear her step behind us. If you can look a little less as if you were standing for your photograph, Dick, for Heaven's sake, do. Think of your breakfast, and pretend to have an appetite. We ought to begin at once, there's no time to lose."

A little cough in our rear obliged us to turn. Kitty, smiling, and looking just as fresh and sweet as the morning in her light dress, was coming towards us.

"Have you come to tell us breakfast is ready?" I asked, smacking my lips.

I really did act my part well at the table—so well that Kitty's cheerful flow of spirits received no check, and we seemed to enjoy our breakfast as much as if Yorke were a thousand miles away. Jack was the first to rise, and, as the old clock on the stairs struck nine, he quietly left the room, while Kitty, who was already developing the habits of an admirable little housewife, occupied herself in putting away the serviettes in the corner press, and like matters.

Mrs. Bailey had not yet cleared the table, and I, still playing my part, lingered there, when Jack, coming to the open window, said:

"Bring a basket, Kitty, and help me pick up the windfalls. You can leave the table as it is for half an hour."

"That will please uncle scarcely less than it pleases me," she replied; and having fetched a basket from the kitchen she joined Jack, and they went off, with their arms closely linked, towards the orchard. I watched them out of sight from the window, and then, turning my eye to the coach-house, I saw Yorke coming from behind the trap. I ran out to the door and met him there. He looked very grave. In his hand he carried a black knapsack; he was still dressed in the cyclist's suit he wore on Saturday.

Pushing past me, he entered the breakfast-room, and standing by the table, he helped himself to some food, which he ate ravenously.

"If there's a cup of tea left, let me have it," he said with his mouth full.

I poured him out a cup of tea, too agitated to ask questions. He drank it off at a draught, and taking another slice of bread and butter said, as he made his way towards the door:

"Show me your room. A wash now will set me right."

I took him upstairs and led him into my room. He slipped off his jacket and opened the throat of his gray woollen shirt, running his eye round the chamber as he did so.

"Where does that door lead?" he asked.

"Into Kitty's room," I replied.

"Lock the door and give me the key."

I did as he bade me. He slipped the key into his pocket and filled the basin with water, still eating.

"Get your shaving tackle ready, and give my coat a brush." These orders I obeyed in silence, while he soused his head in the water, and proceeded to soap and scrub himself vigorously. It was impossible to get an answer to the question or two I put from time to time. He could not or would not hear me. As he began to dry himself with the towel, his eyes again ran round the room.

"I want a couple of yards of cord," said he, and as I put my finger to my forehead to think where I might find such a thing, he added, "box cord will do."

That reminded me that there was a cord round Kitty's empty box in the garret above. I ran up for it; when I returned, Yorke was shaving himself before the glass.

"That will do," said he, after a glance at it. "Now, open my knapsack and empty it."

I undid the straps of the knapsack, wondering what it could contain. There was a suit of clothes, each garment tightly folded up; at the bottom was a felt hat.

"Oh, Lord," said I to myself, "another disguise."

"Shake 'em out, and lay the things smoothly on the bed."

I unfolded them and put the hat into shape. It was his clerical make-up.

"What the devil are you going to do now, Bob?" I asked, with an uncontrollable accent of impatience.

"Haven't you got a better razor than this?" was the only thing he vouchsafed in reply.

I found my best razor and laid it on the table before him in silence. He grunted approval, still rasping his chin with the other.

"What's the time now?" he asked, closing the razor with a snap.

"Half-past nine, nearly."

He paused in brushing his hair to listen, and then in a twinkling finished his toilette, and whipped on his jacket. With one more glance round the room, he went to the door, closed it as soon as I had passed out, locked it, and put the key carefully in his outer pocket.

I followed him, as he ran quickly downstairs; Jack's voice came from the breakfast-room.

The door was open; we went in, and Kitty and her father at length stood face to face.

She was by the window with Jack; her face was terribly pale. For an instant both stood motionless and silent, as if overcome by the emotion of this meeting; then Yorke strode forward with his hands stretched out, and she, tottering forward, murmured almost inaudibly, "My father."

He would have taken her hands; but she, with an impulsive outburst of feeling, flung her arms round his neck, and laid her cheek upon his breast, sobbing convulsively.

Jack took my arm, and leading me softly out of the room, softly closed the door upon a scene which was not for us to see.

"What is he going to do?" I asked, when we were in the garden.

"I can no more answer that question than you," Jack replied. "I have not the slightest idea what his plans are; I only know that he expects Singleton and the police to turn up me some time this morning; and he has asked to keep an eye on the road, and warn him when the enemy is in sight. We can sit down here and smoke a pipe, Dick. We have a fair stretch of the road in view; probably they will come over in a conveyance. I can see nothing in the road, can you?"

I replied briefly in the negative, and, seating myself on the low wall beside him, pulled out my pipe in silence.

Seeing that I was mortified by his reserve Jack, after lighting his pipe, said, with kindly sympathy in his voice:

"Feel a bit hurt, Dick?"

"Yes," I answered. "Yorke has not given me one word of explanation; that doesn't surprise or wound me much, for he's used me pretty roughly all through; but I can see that you know more than you care to tell me and it's the first time, Jack, that you have ever treated me as though I were untrustworthy."

"Yorke has told me no more than I had already conjectured. He has simply confirmed a supposition that has been floating in my mind for some little time past. In three words—no more than three words, I explained the whole mystery; but, as I exacted a promise that I would repeat the words to no one but Kitty, you must not ascribe a want of kindness to my silence. Though, to be candid, Dick," headded, after a minute's reflection, "if I had given my promise I should still think it advisable to keep you in ignorance a little longer."

I liked Jack none the less for this honest and characteristic admission, and felt that he was more far-sighted and wiser than I, and that in consequence the course which seemed best to him was the best for others also. I resigned myself with a good grace to my forced condition of ignorance, and watched the road, trying to find out for myself what those three words were which explained everything.

And now, while I am supposed to be waiting for the arrival of Singleton and the police, I will venture again to take a liberty with the form of my narrative, and tell what happened to prevent Mr. Shepherd leaving London as he intended on Sunday—the facts having since been given to me by Singleton himself.

Half an hour before the train was to start Mr. Shepherd was in the booking office at Victoria, waiting for the pay-box to open, his Gladstone bag in one hand, his fare accurately counted in the other, when Singleton tapped him on the shoulder.

(To be Continued.)

GOOD Food — Digestion — Complexion

are all intimately connected—practically inseparable. Though the fact is often ignored it is nevertheless true that a good complexion is an impossibility without good digestion, which in turn depends on good food.

There is no more common cause of indigestion than lard. Let the bright housekeeper use

COTTOLENE

The New Vegetable Shortening and substitute for lard, and her cheeks, with those of her family, will be far more likely to be "Like a rose in the snow."

COTTOLENE is clean, delicate, healthful and popular. Try it.

Made only by
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,
Wellington and Ann Streets,
MONTREAL

LUBY'S

LUBY'S promotes the growth of the hair and stops its falling out.

LUBY'S prevents the scurf and stops the hair falling out.

LUBY'S cures irritation of the scalp and keeps it free from Dandruff.

LUBY'S for the whisker and moustache has no equal. Sold everywhere, 50c bot.

FLOOR PAINT

Dries in 6 Hours.

Island City Pure Prepared House Paints.

26 BEAUTIFUL SHADES

For outside and inside work. The Best is the Cheapest.

P. D. DODS & CO.,
188 and 190 McGill st.

GENUINE only with the signature of Justus von Liebig in blue ink across the label, thus:

Liebig

It is almost unnecessary to add that this refers to the world-known

Liebig COMPANY'S Extract of Beef.

For delicious refreshing Beef Tea. For improved and economic cookery.

REMOVAL.

ROBT. MITCHELL & CO. Have Removed

TO THEIR NEW PREMISES,

No. 8 BLEURY ST.,

Where they are showing a fine selection of

Gas and Electric Light Fixtures!

All New Designs and at Prices to Suit.

GLOBES IN GREAT VARIETY. 129tn*eod

PILES ITCHING PILES SWAYNE'S OINTMENT

ABSOLUTELY CURES.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form and protrude, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops itching and bleeding, absorbs the tumors. Sold by druggists.

Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents.

WORMS FOR the removal of worms of all kinds from children or adults use Dr. SMITH'S GERMAN WORM LOZENGES. Always prompt, reliable, safe and pleasant, requiring no after medicine. Never failing. Leave no bad after effects. Price, 25 cents per Box

CENTS FOR SALE

—AT THE—

"STAR" Office.

"VALKYRIE" AND "VIGILANT."

Their Preparations for the Race.

YACHTING MEMORIES OF THE PAST REVIVED.

What It Costs to Be a Cup Defender---Miscellaneous Sporting News.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The sails on the "Valkyrie" since her trial have been subject to much criticism.

The mainsail seems to be a fairly setting sail, but it was not hauled out to the end of the boom, and if the necessary pressure had been put on it the slack canvas would have disappeared. It is a good sail, say what any one may; but it did not have any battens in, as it was supposed it would, nor any pockets for the reception of these stiffening pieces of wood. Still, pockets may be sewed on in half an hour by expert sail-makers, and it will not be surprising if that is done.

The jib is a handsome sail—in fact, beautifully fitting and nearly perfect. It has special reinforcements at the head, foot and clew, just where the greatest strain comes.

The club topsail is made after the American fashion and has no trace of the English ideas seen in all these sails in former cup challengers, all of which proves that the "Navahoe's" visit abroad at least taught English yachtsmen something, and that is, the American fashioned club topsail is infinitely superior to their own. The "Valkyrie's" club topsail is not tremendously large and it is made of light canvas.

One thing is quite beyond the comprehension of the average American amateur, and that is that the "Valkyrie" should bend a new mainsail at this late day, for she will only have to-day and to-morrow

TO TAKE ADDITIONAL SPINS.

So if this mainsail is used in the races it may be so stretched as to set badly. All new sails act in this manner.

It was observed that the outer gaff end was drooping, which, of course, should be adjusted, as in a light breeze it must be a serious defect.

The "Vigilant," the "America's" Cup defender, was towed down to City Island from New Rochelle yesterday morning and hauled out on Hawkins's ways. Her topmast was housed, and she had her new hollow boom and gaff on. Her Tobin bronze bottom, in spite of nearly four weeks' contact with the water, looked quite clean.

As soon as she was clear of the water her crew began to wash and scrub her top sides, and later in the day they went to work on her Tobin bronze bottom. As soon as her bottom had been thoroughly cleaned and smooth and her top sides enamelled, it is said she will be put in the water again. This will be on Monday or Tuesday. It is said she will have one more trial spin before the first cup race, on Thursday, but this is hardly probable, as she will come down to Brooklyn on Wednesday to be measured.

Capt. Hansen said they had not lightened her any, and that the only changes that had been made in her were some slight alterations to her head sails. He said: "We have had some trouble about her jibs, but we are all right now, as both Sawyer and Wilson have made us a spare jib apiece. They both fit so well we don't know which one to use."

Capt. Hansen says that the Sandy Hook course will suit him just as well as the Scotland one, and that it was as fair for one as the other. He added that he thought the "Vigilant" would make quite as good weather as the "Valkyrie" in a heavy sea.

Capt. Terry, who will assist Capt. Hansen in the cup races, is looking after the "Vigilant's" canvas, and thinks it was never in as good shape as it is to-day.

Lieut. Henn, who owned and raced the cutter "Galatea" in her races against the "Mayflower," arrived on the "Germanic" last night. He came over for the purpose of seeing the cup races.

Capt. Crocker, who took Charley Barr's place on Royal Phelps Carroll's yacht "Navahoe," arrived yesterday morning on the "Aller" from Southampton.

The steamboat inspectors have dug up an old law which says that all vessels going outside Sandy Hook

MUST CARRY A CANNON

and two projectiles. It is their intention, so it was stated yesterday, to insist on the enforcement of this law in the coming international yacht races.

The Captain of the "Magenta," the side-wheel steamer that saw a whooping big waterspout down the bay a few days ago, went around yesterday trying to borrow a cannon to conform to the law, and to be ready for more whooping big waterspouts in case any get after her on the days of the races.

Everything on the "Vigilant" is in the finest possible shape. She had her new hollow boom and hollow gaff slung. They are beautiful spars. The boom was made by Piepgras, and is said to have come up to requirements. Mr. C. Oliver Iselin went down with the boat and in the afternoon went back to New Rochelle in the launch.

The "Vigilant," like the "Valkyrie," has a mascot. It is a fox terrier owned by Mr. Iselin. Capt. Hansen would as soon think of going out without a spinnaker as to go out without the mascot. He is no common dog. He was bred at Mr. August Belmont's kennels, and has in his veins the blood of the most aristocratic fox terriers of England. He is a great pet with the sailors.

According to the present arrangements, the first cup race is to be sailed on Thursday, October 5, the second on Saturday, October 7, and the third on Monday, October 9. This arrangement is not in conformity with the deed of gift, which expressly states that one week day must elapse between each race. There is no week day between the day set for the second race and the date set for the third race. Perhaps this was arranged for at the conference Lord Dunraven had with the Cup Committee, and the arrangement will be announced when the Cup Committee sees fit to give out any news about the race, which certainly is just now of national interest. The crew of the "Valkyrie" does not work on Sundays, and if an accident should happen to her in the second race she would not be ready for the third race on Monday, and Lord Dunraven could claim a postponement under the deed of gift.

The Cost of Cup Defenders.

NEW YORK, September 29.—Yachting costs money. The expenses, direct and indirect, of the trial races and the final effort to keep the America's cup in this country will be stupendous. This expense is borne by about a dozen millionaires, but it is a strain even on their purses.

There are yachts and yachts. Some can be bought as cheap as $200. But if a man wants something nice in the way of a steam craft he will pay about $100,000 for it, while the Astors and Vanderbilts spend $500,000 and get the finest things afloat.

When even a millionaire talks of a sailboat he hardly expects to put out more than $25,000 or $30,000. Sometimes as much as $50,000 or $75,000 is spent for a large schooner, but in that event she is always intended as a racing machine, built for the purpose of winning cups and bringing purses to the pocket and pride to the heart of her owner.

Within the past week there were four yachts in the harbor which were fine specimens of American yacht building. Each was "the fastest boat afloat" until the trial races, when the "Vigilant" outsailed all competitors and proved her position.

To see her sail up the bay one would hardly think that she represents any great amount in value. If at night, bound for port, she happened to pass a signal station without displaying signals, she would simply be reported as "an unknown sloop bound in." She might possibly be

RATED AS AN OYSTER BOAT

but under no consideration would be raised to the dignity of a fishing smack. $80,000 the first cost.

And yet this boat, designed and built to defend the American yachting interest against those of England, cost the syndicate that built her over $80,000 before she left the ways, and will cost, before the international contest is decided, between $110,000 and $125,000. More than $100,000 was expended by the time the trial race was won.

Take the three other yachts, the "Colonia," "Jubilee" and "Pilgrim," all of which were built especially as cup defenders, and the cost of the acceptance of the challenge is quadrupled. This means that half a million dollars have come out of the pockets of American yachtsmen in the hope of holding the cup here.

And the cup if not won by the Earl of Dunraven's "Valkyrie" will not become the property of the owners of the "Vigilant." In the deed of gift of George B. Schuyler, the owner of the cup, to the New York Yacht Club is the clause:

"It is to be distinctly understood that the cup is to be the property of the club and not of the members thereof, or owners of the vessel winning it in a match, and that the condition of keeping it open to be sailed for by yacht clubs of all foreign countries upon the terms (of the deed of gift) laid down shall forever attach to it, thus making it perpetually a challenge cup for friendly competition between foreign countries."

The exact figures of the cost of the "Vigilant" are

NOT KNOWN AT PRESENT

even to Mr. C. Oliver Iselin, who is practically the backbone of the syndicate which ordered and paid for her. Mr. Iselin has been so busy looking after the yacht that he has had no time to look out for money, yet he was able to give a rough estimate of what the boat has and will cost.

The bulk of the cost of the cup defender is in the hull, which has footed up about $65,000.

The sails of the yacht cost $15,000, which is the second largest sum in the expense of building and equipping the "Vigilant". A good hull is all right if there is a good suit of sails. Without them the yacht might be a dismal failure. Wilson made the sails for the cup defender that is to compete with the "Valkyrie," and got the price named for two sets on condition, it is said, that he would not make sails for any other cup defender.

Uniforms for the regular crew of forty men and also for the additional twenty-five which are used on race days has been another expense which means about $2500. The white duck suits which looks so pretty and make the sight of the yacht under sail, with her crew lying on deck, look like a picture, were made by one firm, which furnished 130 of them. Each man has two suits. The uniform also includes white duck hats, white canvas shoes with rubber soles, white sweaters and black neckscarfs.

The "Vigilant" syndicate does not believe that good work can be done

ON AN EMPTY STOMACH,

and for that reason the cost of feeding the crew while the yacht is in commission will come to about $3500. A steam tender always accompanies the "Vigilant," carrying an extra suit of sails and spars, and always ready in case the necessity of towing is on hand. Forty dollars a day is the cost of this luxury.

The crew of the "Vigilant" receives more money than the usual yacht sailors. They are all picked men, mostly Scandinavians, who know their business and are well disciplined. If it blows hard, and it becomes necessary to send a man out on the boom, no matter if it ploughs five feet under water, any one of these Scandinavians will go, and not say a word about it.

THEY RECEIVE $35 A MONTH.

Prize money is quite an item in the bill of expenses. In order to get the best work out of the men, it is usual to incite them by paying bonuses. Each man in that way knows that if his yacht wins he gets something more durable than praise, and he will make an effort to do what he ought to without loss of time. One man out of position, or a little slow in obeying an order, might result in the loss of the race. In order that they may not be satisfied with anything short of winning, the prize money is divided in three grades. When a yacht wins each man gets $4, when she comes in second he gets $2, and when she is third the portion for each of the crew is $1.

Thus far the syndicate has paid out nearly $2000 in prize money, and if the "Vigilant" is successful in holding the "America's" Cup in this country, the crew will probably get something in addition to the regular prize money.

Memories of Yachting.

The following Reminiscences of early yachting will prove interesting in connection with this year's great race. The history of early yachting can be stated briefly. The first organized yacht club is said to have been the Royal Yacht Squadron, organized in England in 1815. In 1820 the Royal Cork Yacht Club of Ireland was organized.

The first yacht race sailed in the United States worthy of notice was between the yacht "Wave," modeled by Robert F. Stevens, one of the founders of the New York Yacht Club, and a Boston yacht called the "Sylyh," off Nantucket shoals, in 1835. In 1844 the New York Yacht Club was organized, with nine members and nine yachts. The anchorage was on the North river off the Elysian Fields, Hoboken, N. J. In that year Mr. Stevens designed the famous sloop "Maria," which was, I believe, at that time the fastest sloop yacht that sailed in smooth waters. She was 110 feet over all, 26 feet 9 inches beam. Her draught was 6 feet aft, decreasing from midships to 4 feet 6 inches. Her model was not unlike that of a large Fair Haven sharpie flat. She carried two centreboards, one aft to keep her from griping and yawing, and to ease her on the helm when blowing hard. Like most vessels of her day she steered with a long tiller which has almost gone out of existence, except in small boats. The "Maria" was the wonder of the age. Her jib was 71 feet and laid on a boom. Her main boom, 96 feet long and 36 inches in diameter, was a hollow spar strengthened by iron hoops and rods. Mr. Stephens placed the mast nearly half way from her cutwater to the stern post—a departure from the old rule of placing it well forward.

SHE WAS THE FIRST YACHT

there is any record of that carried outside lead ballast, which was fastened to her keel, extending 25 feet on either side thereof. She lay 17 knots or over 20 miles an hour in smooth water under command of Captain Augustus Morrell. I think it was in 1867 she was altered into a coasting schooner for the pine wood trade. During one of her voyages she foundered in a gale in the Gulf Stream.

The world renowned "America," was an improvement on the Sandy Hook pilot boat "Maddie," built by Mr. George Steers for Mr. John Stevens of Hoboken, Commodore of the New York Yacht Club, and others. She was schooner rigged, had three lower sails and a flying gaff topsail, which set from the deck. Her mast rake was two and a half inches to the foot; her foresail was known as a lug with no boom, and sheeted abaft the main mast when on the wind. But naval architects have since learned and sience has taught the nautical world that raking masts do not help to get the best speed out of a vessel. The "America," now carries nine sails in ordinary cruising trim.

In 1851, at the time of the International Exhibition of London, England, the Royal Yacht Club of England sent out a challenge to the world to sail for the Queen's Cup. The story of the "America's" part in that contest, as told by Captain Richard Brown, sailing master of the "America," and also by Nelson Comstock, mate, is as follows:

"We made the run to the coast of France in 22 days 6 hours, of which time she was becalmed five days and did not make eight miles a day. We were met in the English Channel by a pilot boat showing French colors. The "America" was at once hove to, and as soon as the supposed French pilot came aboard, Captain Brown said, 'I at once commence to size the fellow up, and said to Commodore Stevens that the fellow was no French pilot. I then stepped up to the fellow, and in very emphatic tones said that I did not believe he was a French pilot, and if he ran the yacht ashore he was a dead man. As the "America" neared the harbor of Havre, whither we were bound, the fellow admitted his inability to take her into port, and signaled his boat, which had been trying the speed of the "America." He hurried aboard the bogus pilot-boat and made the best time possible for Ryde, the headquarters of the Royal Yacht Club, with the news that the Yankee yacht was

THE FASTEST VESSEL AFLOAT.

At Havre sails, spars and rigging were put in perfect order, and then we sailed for Portsmouth, where we docked and put her bottom in good order for the international race which was to be sailed on the 22nd of August, 1851. Captain Brown had mortgaged his pilotboat to Mr. Stevens for $3000 before leaving New York so as to have money to bet with on the race, every dollar of which he was willing to put on the "America." The whole party had gone over with plenty of money to back the yacht, but they could not get a bet even when they offered 2 to 1. We then found out that the bogus French pilot had betrayed us. Who could be so contemptible as to employ such a spy? was the question Commodore Stevens asked.

"On the night before the race at 11 o'clock, Mr. Stevens, a member of the New York Yacht Club, who had brought his yacht over 3000 miles to sail in the Royal Yacht Club regatta, received notice that the "America" would not be allowed to enter for the Queen's Cup, as it was the rule of the Royal Club that each foreign yacht must be owned by but one man, and the "America" had several owners. But Mr. Stevens made up his mind to go into the race. Next day, ten minutes after the last yacht had crossed the line, the "America" romped across the starting line. The wind-up of that contest is well known. But the best account of it is perhaps that which appeared in the London *Times* of Augustt 23, 1851.

COWES, Friday, 10.30 p. m.

"The £100 cup for all nations was run for to-day, and after a most exciting contest was won by the "America," which beat all her competitors with the greatest ease. The day was fine, and at the start there was not much wind. Eighteen vessels entered for the cruise, and went off at 10 o'clock. At the Nab

THE "AMERICA" SHOT AHEAD,

and at the Needles she was nearly eight miles in advance of all competitors. The Queen went off to the Needles to see the race, and the royal steamer ran a part of the way home with the "America," which rounded the Needles at 6.08 o'clock. The "America" was loudly cheered by all ashore and afloat. After the "America" came to anchor at Ryde the Queen, Prince Albert and Albert Edward paid their compliments to her with a visit on board where the royal party were served with refreshments. When about to take her leave, the Queen asked how many of a crew came over, and on being informed she counted from her purse a guinea for each of the crew, and with a polite invitation to the "America's" crew to visit her at Osborne she took her leave."

The next time Commodore Stevens heard from the Queen she had duplicated the Queen's Cup, precisely the same as the one the "America" had gone 3,000 miles to sail but had been ruled out of. The duplicate is the cup that Commodore Stevens brought home with him and deposited with the New York Yacht Club, and the original Queen's Cup still remains with the Royal Yacht Club of England. The contest between the "Valkyrie" and the "Vigilant" will be for the duplicate cup.—Captain F. H. Ward, Founder of the American Licensed Officer and Steamer Navigation Association, New York, Sept. 20.

A Novelty at Longueuil.

In view of the closing of the boating season a number of members of the Longueuil Boating Club have started a movement to organize an athletic club with gymnasium and room for chess, draughts, etc. A numerously attended meeting was held on Friday evening when the action of the organizers was confirmed and the following officers chosen: Mr. J. Hamilton, honorary president: Sidney B. Smith, president; C. A. Thompson, vice-president; W. A. Sutherland, secretary-treasurer and Messrs. O. Sutherland, Percy Smith and C. M. Shaw, committee. A room 70x30 has been secured and a number of members are already enrolled.

Model Yachting.

In the STAR window this day is exhibited a model of a yacht built by Mr. Robert N. O. Harrington, general superintendent's office C. P. R. It would not be a bad idea if some of the local leading yachtsmen took the matter in hand and organized a model yacht club amongst their young friends for next season, say at Lachine or some other convenient spot which would afford a considerable amount of amusement.

In England, Scotland and Ireland there are a number of such Clubs, especially those at Kensington and on the Serpentine, London, also in New York.

Mr. Harrington has not been a sailor himself, but has travelled over a great portion of the globe, and from personal observation has built the model which is certainly a very fine piece of work for an amateur. A young English enthusiast writes: Model yacht racing is an English sport which has not been favored much thus far on this side of the Atlantic. The rules are almost the same as in yacht racing. The largest model yacht clubs sail on the Serpentine, the Thames, London, at Oxford and on the Mersey. One of the largest model yacht clubs in Ireland is the Cork Model Yacht Club.

LACROSSE.

Mechanics vs. Oarsmen.

What gives promise of being not only an exciting, but an interesting game of lacrosse, will take place on the Beaver grounds, Point St. Charles, this afternoon, between the "Never-Sweats" and the "Wanderers." The former team is picked from the Grand Trunk workshops, and the latter team from the Grand Trunk Boating Club. The mechanics are confident of victory; so are the oarsmen, and a lively struggle is looked for. No fouls will be allowed. The teams extend a cordial invitation to lovers of the national game and the public to be present on the occasion. The following compose the teams:

"Never-Sweats."	Positions.	"Wanderers."
J. Turnbull	Goal	W. J. E. Wall
G. Green	Point	R. J. Kell
J. Birse	Cover Point	D. W. Davis
B. Neal	Defence Field	Walter Laing
W. Nixon	"	W. D. Mason
H. Ritchie	"	Jno. O'Connell
A. Surgeon	Centre	Thos. Wall
J. Currie	Home Field	A.P. Drummond
C. Jenkins	"	Geo Surgeon
J. Mullins	"	Jas. Kiely
J. Perrie	Outside Home	Jno. Beattie
P. Currie	Inside Home	R. Starke
Mr. J. Myers	Captains	Mr. P. Brien
W. Modler	Umpires	Jas. Ogilvie

CRICKET.

Arranging for the Australian Visit.

NEW YORK, September 29.—All the arrangements for the coming game between the Australian cricketers and All-New York have been completed. The meeting ratified the action of the sub-committee in selecting the New York team and in accepting the new arrangements proposed by the Australians' manager for a two-day in place of a three-day game. The eighteen players who will represent New York in the game will meet at Bergen Point, Saturday, for practice in "out-cricket," the team fielding and bowling against all-comers. The Australians are expected to arrive to-morrow, and a committee from Philadelphia will go down the bay in a tug to greet the famous Antipodeans.

After their second game in Philadelphia the Australians will play two-day matches in Boston, Detroit, Toronto, Chicago and San Francisco, if the weather is not too cold. They will hardly, however, risk their lives as Lord Hawke's team did when they played in a snow storm in Ottawa and had to wear their top coats in Boston.

Before the meeting adjourned a date was fixed for playing off the game between the first club in the second section and the last club in the first, and the Victorias and Newarks will contest this game at Bergen Point on Oct. 14.

ATHLETICS.

M. A. A. A. Gymnastic Classes.

The above classes open for the season to-night at 8 o'clock, when Mr. W. A. Doig, instructor, and Mr. T. J. Foster, chairman of that department, will be on hand to welcome both the old and new faces. A big effort is going to be made to make this season a very memorsble one in the annals of the Gymnasium, and to that end Mr. Doig wants the co-operation of his old pupils. The new autumn membership of the M. A. A. A. is very large and many of the new members will be seen in the classes.

One thing a beginner can count upon in the M. A. A. A. gymnasium is plenty of the right sort of encouragement. He is never made to feel that he is awkward, but everybody joins in making such a one feel perfectly at ease with himself, and by the time he has attended two or three nights he is bound to feel himself quite at home and "one of the boys."

Mr. Doig, the instructor, is a well tried man, and his instruction cannot fail to be of benefit to his pupils.

The chairman and instructor earnestly request the assistance of the old members, particularly on Saturday the opening night. The exercises will be gone through to the strains of music which is always a very welcome addition. The "Gym" has been thoroughly repaired and all the apparatus put in good order and all is now ready for a good opening, which is confidently looked forward to. We particularly commend the attendance at these classes to new members, as there is no department of the Association where one can get better acquainted with his fellow members.

The Governor Will be There.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

TORONTO, September 30.—The weather promises to be fine to-day for the Canadian Amateur Athletic Association championship contests which starts at 2.30 p. m. The invited guests are His Honor the Lt.-Governor, Mrs. Kirkpatrick and the Government House party, Hon. John Beverly Robinson, Prof. Goldwin Smith, Col. Pope and Captain Harry Brock, ex-pressident of the Association. The first event of the card is the 16 lb. shot, to be followed by the preliminary heats of the 100 yards race. Gifford, Montreal's fast half mile man, arrived yesterday. He was met by Carr, who, with Moffatt, repaired to the Rosedale grounds, where Gifford made some very speedy trials at his distance. He is in excellent condition. Most of the athletes have arrived.

To-day's Championship Meet.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

TORONTO, September 30.—The Canadian Amateur Athletic Association games at Rosedale to-day will be well contested. All the events, with the exception of the jumps, are well filled. The sprints will likely be the best ever run in Canada. Stage, the Cleveland wonder; Harry Car, of Montreal, and Sterling, of Woodstock, are all on the entries in the 100 and 220. The quarter and half mile dash will likely be a toss up between Gifford, of Montreal, and Nathaniel Guthrie, of the Toronto police force.

Montreal men are entered for the following contests: 100 yards, H. D. Carr. 220 yards, H. D. Carr, J. O. Tees. 440 yards, A. W. Gifford. 120 yards, hurdle, Geo. Moffatt. Broad jump, E. H. Courtemanche. 880 yards, A. W. Gifford. Throwing 56 pound, J. Storey.

The bicyclists were out to-day and did excellent work. Wells and McQuillan are riding very strong and are in fine condition. A very fast man is coming from New Haven, Conn., for the 100 yards, in the person of G. P. Sanford, and he will give Carr and Stage a hot fight for the first place. The Woodstock people are still confident in their own boy, Sterling, and are placing money freely upon him. Knowing ones say he will not be in it however.

The jumping entries are very slim, only locals being entered. Carbold will take the pole vault if no Americans should show up, and his only opponent will be Richardson, another Toronto man. It has been decided to accept post entries up till noon to-day (Saturday) on account of some of the jumps not filling as well as expected.

BASEBALL.

National League Games.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 29.—Following are the results of the National League games played throughout the country to-day:

		R.	H.	E.
At Pittsburg—				
New York	200000010	3	6	1
Pittsburg	21001000x	4	9	0

Batteries—Runie and Milligan; Colcolough and Mack. Umpire, Lynch.

		R.	H.	E.
At Cleveland—				
Philadelphia	101000001	3	6	2
Cleveland	00330202x	10	15	0

Batteries—Casey and Clements; Boyle, Young and O'Connor. Umpire, Hurst.

		R.	H.	E.
At Cincinnati—				
Washington	022000000	4	10	3
Cincinnati	22600000x	10	9	2

Batteries—Maul and O'Rourke; Parrot and Vaughn. Umpire, Gaffney.

		R.	H.	E.
At Chicago—				
Chicago	030	3	0	0
Brooklyn	300	3	0	0

Batteries—Griffith and Schrivot; Kennedy and Con. Daily. Umpire, Emslie.
Game called on account of rain.

		R.	H.	E.
At Louisville—				
Louisville	00402	6	7	0
Baltimore	00000	0	3	5

Batteries—Kilroy and Grim; Hawke and Robinson. Umpire, Hernung.
Called on account of rain.

At St. Louis—
No game on account of wet grounds.

How the Clubs Stands.

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Percentage
Boston	86	42	.671
Pittsburg	80	48	.625
Cleveland	73	54	.574
Philadelphia	71	57	.554
New York	68	63	.519
Brooklyn	64	63	.503
Cincinnati	65	62	.511
Baltimore	60	69	.465
Chicago	57	71	.445
St. Louis	55	75	.423
Louisville	49	75	.395
Washington	40	89	.310

THE TURF.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

OTTAWA, September 29.—The last day's races to-day at the Central Canada Fair were well contested. In the free for all Mr. J. M. Morgan's horse made his first bow to a Canadian public in a race. He acted very badly, more particularly when in company with his horses, and the result was that he was easily beaten. "Money Maid" made no mistake in the entire race, and she won in straight heats. The time was slow, but the track was tremendously heavy.

Free for all—			
M. Patterson, Almonte, Money Maid	1	1	1
A. Laforce, Montreal, Little Pitt	4	2	2
M. Plouffe, Ottawa, Bon B	2	3	3
J. Morgan, Ottawa, Ambrosiol	3	4	4

Time, 2.28, 2.29, 2.29.

Running race, 1¼ miles—	
A. McDonald's Leith	1
A. Lascelle's, Australand	2
J. Erratt's Temiscamanque	3

Time, 2.24.

In the jumping exhibition, the first prize was given to C. Pepper's "Maud." He also won the second with a brown gelding, and Lt. Brown's "King Cole" was third.

A Toronto Man Breaks His Neck.

LEXINGTON, Ky.—At the race track yesterday Bradley Bros. "Miss Roslyn" ran into a young thoroughbred owned by Eugene Leigh and ridden by George Field. Field was thrown and his neck broken. His parents live in Toronto, Ont.

The Drugging was Fatal.

HAMILTON, Ont., September 29.—The 3 year old pacer "White Wings," owned by D. J. Lynch, of Hagersville, which was drugged in her stable on Thursday night, died last night. Her owner refused $900 for "White Wings" and she was valued at $1500. She was considered a probable winner in the 3 year old pacers stake race of yesterday and her trainer was approached by parties who wanted to buy the race or mare. She was considered a promising mare, had a record of 2.22 and went a trial heat here in 2.18.

Yesterday morning a ball of aloes and croton oil was found in her stall and she was no doubt drugged. The Association offer a reward of $50 for the arrests of the guilty parties, and her owners offer as much more. The detectives are now working on the case.

The directors of the Hamilton Jockey Club are indignant at the talk of crooked work in connection with the trotting meeting here this year, and threaten to prohibit trotting races on the Jockey Club grounds in future.

RACKETS.

A Meeting of Shareholders.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Montreal Racket Club will be held in the Club House, Concord street, on Monday, October 2, 1893, at 5 o'clock p.m.

FOOTBALL.

Upper St. Urbains vs. Argyles.

The above teams will meet on Fletcher's Field this afternoon to play off their draw. Ball to be kicked off at 4 o'clock. The following will represent the St. Urbains: Goal, E. Denman; backs, G. Hearle, G. Dernstang; half-backs, C. Sobie, F. Hearle, W. Turner; forwards, B. Turner, W. Scott, E. Steve, S. Smith, H. Eaton. The St. Urbain team are in fine condition and are confident of winning by a large score.

THE WHEEL.

The Montreal Club Fixtures.

Following are the fixtures for the week for the Montreal Bicycle club:

Saturday, September 30, 7.30 p. m.—Lachine, via lower road.
Tuesday, October 3, 7.30 p. m.—Athletic Club house.
Thursday, October 5, 7.30 p. m.—City ride.

Wanderers Bicycle Club.

The destination for to-day is Valois, and all members are requested to bring their lamps. The club fixtures for the ensuing week are as follows:

September 30, Saturday, 3 p. m.—Valois.
October 2, Monday, 6 a. m.—Mountain summit.
October 5, Thursday, 8. p. m.—Outremont.
October 7, Saturday, 3 p. m.—Back River.

SNOWSHOEING.

St. George's Grand Concert.

Mr. Jackson, the affable hon. secretary of the St. George's Snowshoe Club has decided to make his debut as an impressario next week, when he will once more introduce to the music lovers of Montreal, under the auspices of the St. George's Snowshoe Club, the Mendelssohn Quintette Club, of Boston. They will appear in the Windsor Hotel on October 10th.

McGill University have purchased from Mr. C. W. Lindsay, 2268, 2270 and 2272 St. Catherine street, a Heintzman upright piano, which is for the use of the students of Applied Science.

The last census shows that 23,010,000 inhabitants of the United States are supported by agriculture, 11,520,000 by manufactures, and 15,620,000 by commerce.

FREE—On application to Esterbrook Steel Pen Co., 26 John st., New York—their book of forty-eight prize poems on the pen.

In a friendly contest recently to see who could eat the largest number of ears of corn, a New Haven woman got away with eighteen ears, and suffered no subsequent discomfort.

When the head feels dull and heavy, the skin appears sallow and greasy, and the stomach refuses food, take Carter's Little Liver Pills. Don't forget this.

In digging a well in Carroll County, Mo., the other day, a farmer found at a depth of ten feet a stream of water in which were floating numbers of white walnuts, together with leaves from the trees.

Ladies admire Ayer's Hair Vigor, for the rich lustre it gives the hair. It restores original color.

Special Notices.

One of the greatest theatrical surprises in years will be Walker Whiteside's appearance at the Queen's, next week.

Looked Like a Skeleton.

GENTLEMEN,—Last summer my baby was so bad with summer complaint that he looked like a skeleton. Although I had not much faith in it, I took a friend's advice and tried Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. He soon got better. I truly believe it saved his life.

MRS. HARVEY STEEVES,
Hillsborough, N.B

Special.

Ladies who visited the Berlin House, 1810 and 1812 Notre Dame street, during the past few days were loud in their admiration of the stock as well as astonished at the bargains obtained and advise their friends to pay the establishment a visit before the choice of Mantles, Dress Goods and Silks are all sold.

Before securing your Fall Jackets and mantles, call and inspect the enormous stock at S. Carsley's; every novelty from Europe now on Exhibition.

The Montreal Street Railway Electric Cars will bring you to Amherst Park in fifteen minutes from Craig street. Buy now.

Heintzman Upright Pianos are built for people who don't object to paying a reasonable price for a first-class article. Call at Mr. C. W. Lindsay's warerooms, 2268, 2270 and 2272 St. Catherine street, and see and hear the new style 18 and 19.

A splendid line of Silk Velvets in all the leading shades of the season at only $1.35 per yard at S. Carsley's.

Special.

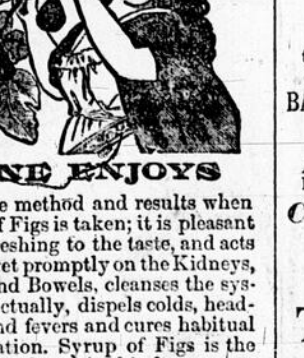
The largest stock of choice Mantles and Dress Goods, "French Fabrics," at low prices, is to be found at the Berlin House, 1810 and 1812 Notre Dame st.

St. Mary's College Suits made of the best materials and well made, only $11.00 per suit, at S. Carsley's, Notre Dame street.

AN Old and Well-tried Remedy.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething should always be used for children while teething it softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. 88eod

According to evidence recently given before the Scottish Deer Forests Commission the Duke of Sutherland's estates in the county of Sutherland extend to an area of 1,176,454 acres.



Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

We Advise The Public
To purchase
Their Fall and Winter Clothing
— at the —
Model Clothing House
126 St. Lawrence Main Street. 229 2

"VERY SATISFACTORY
IN EVERY RESPECT."

THE BUFFALO
Hot Water Heater
Manufactured by
H. R. IVES & CO.,
Queen Street, Montreal,

Is proving itself equal to any Heater now in the market, and is making new friends every day.

IT LEADS ALL OTHERS

In economy of Fuel; Steadiness and volume of Heat; Ease of Management, Design and Workmanship.

READ what the well-known firm of Engineers and practical Machinists write us regarding our Boiler;

MONTREAL, 19th July, 1893.

Messrs. H. R. Ives & Co., City,

DEAR SIRS.—With reference to "Buffalo" Hot Water Heater purchased from you last year, we are pleased to say that we find the same **very satisfactory in every respect.**

Yours respectfully,
(Signed) DARLING BROTHERS,
Engineers and Machinists, Reliance Works, Montreal.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST. 230x1

YOU WON'T

BE FLOORED FOR A BARGAIN IF YOU COME AND LOOK AT OUR STOCK OF NEWLY IMPORTED CARPETS.

WE HAVE WORKED UP ONE OF THE FINEST CARPET TRADES THAT IS DONE IN ANY COUNTRY, AND IT IS ALL THROUGH HAVING THE RIGHT KIND OF GOODS AT THE RIGHT PRICE.

LARGE CAPITAL IN THE BUSINESS ENABLES US TO BRING ON LARGE STOCK, AND WE ARE RECOGNIZED BY ENGLISH CARPET MAKERS AS BEING AMONGST THE LARGEST CARPET BUYERS ON THIS CONTINENT, AND PERHAPS WHEN IT IS KNOWN THAT WE HAVE TWO HUNDRED STORES, ONE IN EVERY LARGE CITY FROM THE ATLANTIC TO THE PACIFIC OCEAN, IT CAN BE UNDERSTOOD HOW MUCH OUR CUSTOM IS WORTH TO THE MAKERS.

WITH OUR CUSTOMERS IT NEEDS NO GREAT PREPARATION TO PROVIDE PLENTY OF CASH TO TAKE PART IN OUR SALE OF NECESSARY THINGS WHEREWITH TO FURNISH THE HOME.

A LITTLE CASH AT A TIME WILL GRADUALLY MAKE THE HOME COMFORTABLE WITH CARPETS, CURTAINS, BEDDING, PARLOR SUITS, SIDEBOARDS, EXTENSION TABLES, BEDROOM SUITS, COOKING-RANGES, SELF-FEEDERS, AND ALL SUCH NECESSARY ARTICLES AS ARE REQUIRED IN THE HOME.

NEW GOODS ARRIVING EVERY DAY. EVERY THING ON CREDIT AT LOWEST FIGURES.

Metropolitan Manufacturing Co.,
1678 & 1680 NOTRE DAME ST.
T. A. EMMANS, Manager. 226 13eod

CARPETS

This fall are opening up in beautiful effects. A large range of fine Wilton Carpets, a fine range of

Axminster Carpets

Russian Velvets in Artistic effects.
Brussels in a variety of prices, patterns and colourings.
Tapestry from best makers.
BALMORAL TAPESTRY,
WINDSOR TAPESTRY.

And a large range of medium and low priced Tapestry Carpets.

Curtains and Shades

Portiers, poles and mountings.
Wool Carpets and Art Squares.
Rugs, Mats and Mattings.

THOMAS LIGGET,
1884 Notre Dame St. 230 1

Wedding Souvenirs.

Sterling Silver Spoons, Bonbonieres, Salt Cellars, 5 O'Clock Sets, Berry Forks, Butter Knives and Picks, &c. Marble Clocks, Presentation Cabinets of Plate, Joseph Rodgers & Sons' Cutlery, Spoons and Forks, &c. Watches, Jewellery, Diamond Rings, Pendants. Jewellery made to order to any design.

WATSON & DICKSON,
1791 Notre Dame St.,
Corner opposite John Murphy's. 227 t 5 4aw

First Class Men's and Youth's Suits and Overcoats can be had at very low prices at the Model Clothing House, 126 St. Lawrence Main st. 229 2

HEADQUARTERS FOR
LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S and CHILDREN'S FINE FURS

LATEST FASHIONS!
CHOICEST QUALITIES!
AND POPULAR PRICES!
Cor. Notre Dame and St. Lambert Sts. 230y1

Shaw's Weekly List of bargains in

PIANOS

We have a number of slightly used instruments of the following makers, which we offer at special prices and terms. Call and see these instruments at our store, or write for full description.

STEINWAY, New York	$250
CABINET GRAND Upright	250
HAZELTON, New York	200
HEINTZMAN, Upright	210
WALNUT Upright	225
COTTAGE, Upright	165
VOSE & SONS, Boston	190
LADD, Boston	160
PIERSON, New York, Square	180
ALMAINE, Upright	100
COTTAGE, Upright	50
WARREN, Square, Small	60
ORGAN, New, 11 stops	60

TERMS—$4, $5 to $10 monthly. Always on hand a fine stock of new pianos of the following makers, at lowest prices, and terms as low as $10 monthly:

MASON & RISCH,
SOHMER and SHAW PIANOS
J. W. SHAW & CO.,
1811 Notre Dame Street,
Few doors west of St. Peter Street. 230n1

HEARN & HARRISON

1640 Notre Dame St.

FALL ANNOUNCEMENT
—OF THE—
BIG 3 | 3 | BIG 3
Clothing Establishments.

M. SAXE & SONS,

Cor. St. Catherine and St. Lawrence Main streets.
Cor. Craig and St. Lawrence Main streets.
Cor. Montcalm and St. Catherine streets, East.

Having just completed manufacturing the largest and most complete stock for Fall and Winter of Fine Ready-Made Clothing ever before attempted by us, we are prepared to show you Ready-Made Clothing that are the exact duplicates as those made by the high priced Custom Tailors, while at the same time not costing half what they charge.

Being the proprietors of the 3 largest Retail Tailoring Establishments in the city, we buy and manufacture enormous quantities of goods, and are always in a position to show larger assortments at lower prices than can be found elsewhere.

For the present cool weather we are showing a splendid range of MEN'S FALL OVERCOATS, made from All-Wool English Worsted, in all the most fashionable shades that are made, in the exact style as shown on the latest fashion plates, that we are selling at $8.00, $10.00 and $12.00.

Another beautiful line that can not be beat are our Men's Winter Overcoats, made from All-Wool Blue or Black Beaver, with wool lining—our price being only $10.00.

In Men's Frieze Overcoats we show all the different shades made, with large storm collars, double breasted and extra long, with tweed lining. We have them as low as $8.00, and an extra good value is our line of $12.00. Must be seen to be appreciated.

For Boys we make a specialty, and by visiting our stores you will find much larger assortments at lower prices than what you have been accustomed to pay elsewhere. Boys' Single and Double Breasted Suits, Reefers, Pea Coats and Overcoats, from as low as $2.00 up.

We have a most experienced staff of Custom Cutters and Tailors, and are in a position to turn out the finest custom-made clothes at prices that are 25 per cent. cheaper than are charged by those stores that only do a limited custom trade.

Get one of our celebrated Custom Made Fall Overcoats to order, only $15.00. Cannot be duplicated elsewhere for less than $25.00.

INSPECT OUR WINDOWS.

M. SAXE & SONS.
230x1

HORSE BLANKETS

The largest manufacturers of Horse Blankets in Canada. All qualities.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY,
CARRIAGES AND SLEIGHS.

Everything for the Horse and Stable.
Goods direct from Maker to Buyer.
Prices guaranteed lower than elsewhere.

337 ST. PAUL STREET,
MONTREAL.
216 21x3aw E. N. HENEY & CO.

A Very Large Assortment Of
Overcoats and Suits
in all qualities, shades and sizes,
Neatly Made,
at very reasonable prices, to be had at the
Model Clothing House
126 St. Lawrence Main St. 229 2

POSITIVELY NO IMPURITY
—IN THE—
Caledonia Waters.
Superior to all others in Every Respect.
At all Hotels, Grocers, etc., and Gurd & Co., 43 Jurors street. 229a

KILLED SOME ENGLISHMEN.

Matabeles on the Warpath in South Africa.

SETTLERS ARE FLEEING TO THE FORTS WHICH ARE ALSO THREATENED.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

CAPETOWN, September 30.—The followers of the King of the Matabeles, who have revolted against the English Government, are raiding in force sixty miles west of Fort Salisbury. English settlers have been killed, their houses burned, their women maltreated, crops destroyed and their cattle driven away. Attacks are expected on Fort Salisbury and Victoria. The settlers are fleeing to the forts leaving all their possessions behind. At the forts all the available men are being armed and drilled for a battle. The natives are gathering on the border in large companies and are evidently preparing for a determined attack upon the forts.

The settlers are indignant at the inaction of the chartered company officials and the laxity of the Government in suppressing the revolt. Matabele army power consists of only fifteen thousand men, but the population at Matabeland is about two hundred thousand and every man among them capable of bearing arms is a well drilled soldier.

NEW FUEL-SAVING PLAN.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, September 30.—The North German Lloyds and the Hamburg-American steamship lines, it is declared, are about to utilise a recent fuel-saving invertion on their steamers. The system prevails in New York and in many German factories, and consists of blowing ignited coal dust into a chamber beneath the boilers by jets of compressed air or steam. Every particle of dust is consumed, producing an intense heat. Ample coal dust is available in Germany at the rate of a dollar for four tons, and in view of the rising price of coal, the saving will be immense.

LADY THOMPSON'S MOVEMENTS

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, September 30.—The "Majestic," which took out Joseph Chamberlain on Thursday, also carried Mr. and Mrs. Kendall, Justice Harlan, D. R. Plunket, M. P., and the Duke of Alba.

Lady Thompson, wife of the Canadian Premier, with her daughter, sailed on the Allan steamer "Laurentian." The Chamberlains intend to proceed to the Bahamas.

CHANCE FOR CANADA'S ROWERS

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, September 30.—Col. Sweney, President of the Aquatic Rowing Association of Canada, is now in England, consulting with Astley Cooper on the representation of Canadian oarsmen at the proposed Pan-Britannic athletic gathering. Cooper advised him that the Canadians could not do better than enter for the Grand Challenge Cup at Henley, he desiring that the Pan-Britannic gathering should always take place in Henley week.

THE CHICAGO WHEAT MARKET.

Feeling Against the Senate—Business is Dull but Millions of Bushels Change Hands Daily—The Situation is a "Boar" One.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

CHICAGO, September 30.—Wheat at Chicago has been in the hands of the "bear" element some little time, and advices and circumstances have caused the hitherto timid "bruins" to put on a bold front and claim the world as their own. When the "bulls" and the "bears" are equally divided, in the big wheat pit on the floor of the Chicago Board of Trade the excitement is at times intense, but during the last week or ten days there has only been a few instances where it reminded one of "ye olden times." And, although business has fallen off materially, and the market was comparatively quiet, it could not be called dull, as millions and millions of bushels of the leading cereal of the world changed hands daily. The cloud which so persistently hung over the financial horizon has entirely disappeared. Money is still accumulating in our banks, and a general feeling of confidence prevails.

With these conditions it is only natural to look to the United States Senate for the one cause which is stopping the way to a pronounced increase in the business activity, which set in two or three weeks ago. The Senate's delay in disposing of the silver question

IS ANYTHING BUT CREDITABLE TO THAT BODY,

and bitter complaints are made against those who are clogging the wheels of progress in this connection, as it is seriously interfering with the prosperity of the country.

The export movement of wheat has been unusually liberal for this season of the year, and so far as the farmer is concerned the crops are moving satisfactorily. The daily receipts at the North-West—Minneapolis and Duluth—exceeds those of last year, and nearly equal those of 1891. This fact alone has prevented any of the bulls from loading up with big lines of wheat; and a market without bulls, and good strong ones too, is not unlike a ship without a rudder. The principal bear factor, however, has been the breaking of the drought in the winter wheat section, which has permitted of ploughing and seeding, which means a good acreage, where the drought had previously threatened a curtailment. Other drawbacks have prevented wheat values from hardening. English cables have not been of an encouraging character. The amount of wheat on ocean passage has increased very materially, the shipments from India have increased, and those from Russia and Australia have continued heavy, and the visible supply in the United States and Canada showed an increase of 1,362,000 bushels, and the total supply is reported at 68,695,000 bushels, while a year ago it was but 44,957,000 bushels. The stock of wheat held here in this market has continued to grow until it now reaches over 22,000,000 bushels, of which 17,000,000 bushels is of the contract grade. We are not in it when it comes to exporting wheat, as we are 3 to 4 cents above Duluth and other competing points. To sum the matter up in a nutshell, the situation in Chicago just now is a bear one, yet there are a great many operators who will stand up and talk bullish until their wind gives out, but these very men are not willing to take on a big line of wheat and back up their opinion with their bank account. We have in our market a plunger named Ed. Pardridge. This man Pardridge has, for many moons, been a perpetual bear, but a few weeks ago he took unto himself a line of wheat that reached up into seven figures, and he still has the wheat. There is a disposition on the part of a great many operators to prevent Pardridge from throwing his line of wheat overboard by keeping the price down so that he will be forced to sell it at a loss, if he sells it at all. Considerable long wheat has been thrown upon the market, some of it at a profit and some at a loss. Prices have been irregular and unsettled, yet the market has been a narrow one. December is the month speculated in more freely than all the others combined. There has been good buying below 69½, but when it gets up to seventy or a shade higher,

SELLERS COME OUT OF THEIR HOLES

like a lot of bees, and fairly deluge the market with wheat. This is why prices have been kept down. Values may harden some in the next week, but the advance will not be marked until the situation here and at the North-West is changed. What Chicago wants just now, and what we must have in order to put prices up, is a few rampant bulls with plenty of backbone, "ginger" and money. With these in our midst, values would enjoy advances, but without them no perceptible hardening in values can be expected. As viewed from a disinterested standpoint, the holders of wheat in this market do not care to get rid of it, but keep it merely for the carrying charges that there is in it. It pays them better than to ship it out. They hold the wheat and speculate against it, changing the months so that the carrying charges pays them very handsome profits.

USED RED LEAD FOR RIVETS.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, September 30.—Some sensation has been caused by the announcement that a boiler-maker in Chatham dockyard has been discovered filling holes with red lead instead of rivets. If this scamping of work has been practised generally in the Government dockyards, it is suggested that the many leakages and collapses of boilers in British warships is easily explicable. The newspapers declare that the culprit ought to be punished more adequately than by mere dismissal.

THE QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

QUEBEC, September 30.—A STAR correspondent learns from a reliable source that the provincial legislature will meet for the transaction of business on November 9 next.

Many forms of nervous debility in men yield to the use of Carter's Little Liver Pills. Valuable for nervous weakness, night sweats. Try them.

Special Notice.

Ladies' Waterproof Cloaks in all the latest and best English styles and makes now in stock at S. Carsley's.

Mr. Walker Whiteside, who opens in Hamlet at the Queen's, Monday, has a voice excellently modulated, resonant and vibrant; he uses it with a discretion rare to one of 28 years. His elocution is of a high order.

ROOMS TO LET.

ROOMS—TWO OR THREE ROOMS, IN PRIVATE family, new house, gas, hot water heating. 81 St. Famille st. 230 1

ROOM—COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOM TO let at 46 Cathcart st. 230 2

ROOM—LARGE FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, suitable for one or two gentlemen or married couple. 32 Jurors st., 1st door east of Bleury. 230 1

ROOMS—TO LET, TWO UNFURNISHED FRONT rooms, in bright dry basement. Private entrance. Terms moderate. 319 St. Urbain street. 230 1

ROOMS—TO LET, FURNISHED ROOMS, GAS AND hot water. 10 Victoria st., opposite Academy of Music. 230 1

ROOM—A CLEAN COMFORTABLE ROOM, HOT and cold water; private family. 128 Durocher st. 230 1

ROOM—LARGE WELL FURNISHED ROOM SUITable for married couple or two gentlemen, with or without board, in private family. 10 Evans street. 230 1

ROOMS—THREE UNFURNISHED, SUITABLE for housekeeping. 133 St. Alexander st. 230 1

ROOM—TO LET, FURNISHED, ONE LARGE double room, suitable for two gentlemen or married couple; with board. 26 Park ave. 230 1

ROOM—FIRST CLASS FURNISHED FRONT room, for a gentleman, in private house. 24 Belmont st. 230 1

ROOMS—A SINGLE AND LARGE FRONT ROOM, for one or two gentlemen. 9 McGill College ave. 230 2

ROOMS—TO LET, AT 43 VICTORIA STREET. 230 1

ROOM—FURNISHED ROOM, NO. 9 CLOSSE street. 230 1

ROOMS—TO LET, 6 VICTORIA STREET, 2 LARGE double rooms, nicely furnished, with board and every convenience. Terms moderate. 230 1

ROOM FURNISHED TO LET, SUITABLE FOR a married couple or two gentlemen; convenient to Beaver Hall Hill. 744 Lagauchetiere st. 230 1

ROOMS—TWO FRONT ROOMS, ONE FURNISHed. 162 Versailles street. 230 1

ROOMS—FURNISHED ROOMS ON BATHROOM flat, all modern conveniences; gentlemen only. 103 Union ave. 230 2

ROOMS—TO LET, FURNISHED, WITH OR WITHout board. 83 Aylmer st. 230 2

ROOM—FURNISHED, ON BATHROOM FLAT, hot and cold water. 6 Mance st. 230 1

PARTNERS WANTED.

WANTED—A RELIABLE AND STEADY MIDDLE age man, well connected, having twenty-five years experience in the wholesale and retail trade, would like to join with some lady requiring a partner or a confidential man; knows English and French perfectly well. First class references. Address "J 4673," STAR office. 230 2

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—AT ONCE, FOR A COUNTRY TOWN, a first class sewing tailor, to take charge of work shop. A good right party and good wages will be paid. Apply Monday morning, to A. M. Allan & Co., Merchant Tailors, 2105 St. Catherine st. 230 1

WANTED—COMPETENT GENERAL SERVANT for family of two; small house. Apply with references. 1414 Stanley st. 230 1

WANTED—A VERY GOOD PLAIN COOK, AT Mrs. Owen's, 990 Sherbrooke street. References required. 230 1

WANTED—A HOUSEMAID. APPLY AT 77 DUrocher street. 230 2

WANTED—A THOROUGH GENERAL SERVANT. Small family. Apply Mrs. Davis, 74 Hutchison st. 230 1

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG MAN, AGE 22, any capacity, shorthand writer and good penman, quick at figures, has had 5 years good office experience in lumber trade. Address W. Thomas, 27 Mansfield st. 230 2

WANTED—SITUATION AS PLAIN COOK. Apply in the rear of No. 42½ Aylmer st. 230 1

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL BICYCLE, IMPORTed from Paris, Clement's work, pneumatics tyres Michelin. 64 St. Gabriel st. Telephone 9299. 230 1

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET—A MIDDLE FLAT OF 5 ROOMS, No. 287 Bleury st. Apply to H. H. Curtis, 291 Bleury. 230 1

TO LET—27 ARGYLE AVENUE, SEMI-detached, solid brick, 10 rooms, modern conveniences; rent moderate; central location. F. McMann, 178 St. James st. 230 4 2aw

HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED—FOR THE WINTER BY MARRIED couple, no children, furnished self-contained cottage with modern improvements, in central locality. Address "J 4631," STAR office. 230 1

STABLES TO LET.

TO LET—TWO STALL STABLE WITH coachhouse to let. Apply 102 St. Felix street. 230 1

Auer Incandescent Light Manufacturing Co., Limited.

The annual meeting of shareholders of the above company will be held at the company's office, No. 2 St. James street, Montreal, at 3 p. m., on Wednesday, October 11th, 1893.

By order of the Board of Directors.

229 2 F. F. DOODY, A. Secretary.

Protestant Hospital for the Insane.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Governors of this Hospital will be held in the city office on Tuesday, 3rd Oct., at 4 o'clock p. m.

ROBERT REID, 230 2 Hon. Secy.

EXTENSIVE SALE

Bankrupt Stock of Dry Goods

—AT AUCTION—

The subscribers have been instructed by the curators to sell at their stores, Nos. 86 and 88 St. Peter street, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 4TH OCTOBER,

In lots suitable to the wants of the city and country trade,

A large and important stock of Dry Goods, suited to the Fall and Winter trade, comprising: 500 pieces Assorted Tweeds, Coatings, Naps, Serges; 500 pieces Dress Goods, Flannels, Blanket Cloths; 300 pieces Prints, Lindas, Wincey's, Ginghams; 500 pieces Table Linens, Crash, Shoe Duck; 2000 dozen Assorted Linen Towels, Table Cloths; 500 dozen Braces; 150 dozen Shirts and Drawers; Umbrellas, Gloves, Ties, Shirts and Collars, Curtains, Yarns, Hosiery, Ribbons, Laces, Shawls, Braids, Notions, and a general assortment of staple and Fancy Goods, Plushes, Silks, Cashmeres, English and Scotch Tweeds, Dress Goods, Muslins, Jerseys, Circulars, Underwear, Mens, Ladies and Children's, and a variety of other goods.

Also, about 300 lots Ready-Made Clothing.

Also, 40 barrels Herrings.

☞ The attention of the trade is invited.

Terms liberal.

SALE AT TEN O'CLOCK A. M.

230 3 BENNING & BARSALOU, Auctioneers.

SALE OF

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE PROPERTY

—AT AUCTION—

The subscribers have received instructions to sell at their Salesrooms,

Nos. 86 AND 88 ST. PETER STREET,

On WEDNESDAY, the 4th OCTOBER NEXT,

The following properties:

Corner of Notre Dame Street and Longueuil Ferry Road,

Nos. 630, 632, 634, St. Mary's ward, frontage 173 feet on Notre Dame street by a depth of about 110 feet on Longueuil Ferry Road, containing an area of 18,320 feet with the stone and other buildings thereon erected. This property to be sold in one or two lots.

North East Corner of Notre Dame and Dufresne Streets,

Nos. 687, 689 St. Mary's ward, frontage on Notre Dame street about 42 feet by a depth of about 100 feet on Dufresne street, containing an area of 4252 feet, with brick and stone buildings thereon erected.

Nos. 780 and 782 ST. HUBERT STREET,

Frontage 25 feet on St. Hubert street, depth 110 feet with a 2 story brick house newly finished and other buildings thereon erected.

—ALSO—

An Island opposite Boucherville, known as Lavioletteʼs Island, and a share in the Lacombe's Island of the same place.

Plans and full particulars can be obtained at the Auctioneers' office.

SALE AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A.M.

230 3 BENNING & BARSALOU, Auctioneers.

DRIVING AND DRAUGHT HORSES, large assortment of New and Second-hand Carriages, beautiful new Quebec Waggon, 5 good Second hand Buggies, nearly new Glade stone Waggon, Kensington and Sandringham Traps, beautiful new Pony Cart, stylish English style Dog Cart, Village Cart, splendid Covered Express Waggon, etc., etc. Also, New and Second-hand Driving and Express Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Rugs, etc., etc. Important Regular Weekly Auction at our depository, No. 320 and 322 St. James Street.

On Tuesday Afternoon, 3rd Oct., at 2.30.

Cash advances made. These sales are largely patronized. Consignors can rely upon fair and prompt cash returns. Excellent stabling for horses sent in for sale.

230 2 FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

SALE MONDAY, 2ND OCT., VALUABLE Driving and Draught Horses (none better on the island), splendid Carriages, Market Waggons, Milk Waggons, Fine Modern Farm Implements, Single and Double Carriage and Working Harness, all made to order; Stylish Driving—lehjist everything the very best and equal to new; also the Fine Upright Piano, Carpets, Household Furniture, Etc., Etc. Sale for Estate Late H. A. Brown, Esq., Park Farm, Cote St. Laurent, Back River Road (only a half hour's drive from the city, out St. Lawrence Main st.), on

MONDAY, 2ND OCT., AT TEN O'CLOCK.

See particulars in auction column.

FRASER BROS.,

230 1 Auctioneers.

VERY DESIRABLE INVESTMENT.

Solid Brick Tenement, stone foundation, 71 and 73 Menai st., corner Conway st., Point St. Charles. Size of house 22x30, lot 25x75, good situation, near G. T. R. offices and workshops, Street Railway almost at the door, exceedingly well built and finished, and in fine order, Mansard roof, the drained throughout, never vacant, good rental, perfect title. Liberal terms.

SALE ON THE PREMISES,

SATURDAY, 7th OCT., 1893, at THREE o'clock.

230 6 FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

AUTUMN AUCTION SALES.—THIS year our September Sales have been far in advance in number and importance of any previous September. Our large premises are situated in the most central part of the city, being near the Banks and Insurance offices on one side and G. T. R. and C. P. R. Depots on the other. We give special attention to the Auction business in all its departments, rendering the best possible satisfaction to our numerous clients.

FRASER BROS., Auctioneers,

230 1 230 St. James Street.

NEW AND SECOND HOUSEHOLD Furniture of every description, Carpets, Fine Upright Pianos, large assortment of good Modern Hall and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, Dry Goods, Curtains, Pictures, Bedding, Etc., Etc., Extensive regular weekly auction at our Salesroom, No. 320 St. James st., on

FRIDAY MORNING, 6TH OCT., at 10 o'clock.

Consignors can depend upon fair prices and immediate cash returns. Advances made.

FRASER BROS.,

230 4 Auctioneers.

VERY FINE EXPRESS WAGGON, nearly new, and two sets first class Brass Mounted Express Harness. Will be sold for Estate Late Mr. Laliberte, Butcher, at our depository, 320 ST. JAMES ST.,

ON TUESDAY, 3RD OCT., AT 2.30.

230 2 FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

DAMAGED FISH AND OIL AT AUCTION "for account of whom it may concern," ex S.S. "Beaver," 2 Casks Cod Oil, 5 Brls. Green Cod Fish, 2 Brls. Herrings. Sale at Austin & Ruot's warehouse, 157 Commissioners street, on

Tuesday, Oct. 3rd, at eleven o'clock a.m.

JAMES STEWART & CO.,

230 2 Auctioneers.

THE PEOPLE'S AUCTIONEERS

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

High Class Furniture, House Furnishing Goods, Hall and Door Mats, Rugs, Portieres, Lace Curtains, Bric-a-Brac, Etc., Etc.

The subscribers will hold a clearing sale of American Furniture, etc., at their rooms, Nos. 241 and 243 St. James street,

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, OCTOBER 3rd,

Bedroom Sets in the newest designs, Sideboards, Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Leather-covered Dining Chairs, Hall Stands, Bookcases, Cylinder Desks, Parlor Suites in figured plush, Brocatelle and Hair Cloth, Wilton Rug Drawing Room Suites, Fancy and Wire Back Chairs, Cushion Lounges, Sofa Beds, etc., etc. Also Hall and Door Rugs, Squares, Linoleums, Oilcloths, Lace Curtains, Chenille Portieres, Quilts, Linens, Bronzes, Marble Clocks, etc., with a lot of Secondhand Furniture.

SALE AT TWO O'CLOCK.

230 2 RAE & DONNELLY, Auctioneers.

STAMINAL

supplies the feeding qualities of

BEEF and WHEAT,

and the tonic qualities of

HYPOPHOSPHITES

combined in the form of a

PALATABLE :-: BEEF :-: TEA.

A Valuable Food and Tonic. 230 1

Wanted—Two Colored Men,

As porters; uniforms furnished; must have references. Apply 2 and 4 Bleury Street, between 10 and 11 o'clock a.m., at once. 230 1

QUEENS AUCTIONEERS

TURKISH RUGS

CARPETS AND EMBROIDERIES,

14th Annual Fall Sale.

The Subscribers will shortly announce the place and date

Of their annual sale of Oriental Art production. We have been authorized by the owners to state that none but the best class of goods have been selected for this consignment, many of which are entirely different from any heretofore sent to this City, displaying the splendor, luxuriousness and richness of the East.

Full particulars shortly announced.

230 2 M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers.

QUEENS AUCTIONEERS

SALE OF HANDSOME NEW

Cabinet and Upholstered FURNITURE,

Beautiful Drawing Room Suites, Fancy Odd Chairs, Sofas, Divans, Lounges and Rockers, Parlor Sets, Large Wire Back Easy Chairs.

BEDROOM SETS

In Oak, White Maple, Walnut, Cherry and Ash, Sideboards, Dining Tables, Leather Dining Chairs, Hall Stands, Cabinets, Fancy Tables, and other odd pieces of

FANCY HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

At our Rooms,

Nos. 1821 and 1823 NOTRE DAME ST.,

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, OCTOBER 6th,

AT 2.30 O'CLOCK.

M. HICKS & CO.,

230 5 Auctioneers.

QUEENS AUCTIONEERS

LARGE CARPET SALE.

The subscribers have received from one of the most extensive Carpet Manufacturers of England

—A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF—

Brussels and Tapestry Carpets made up into squares, with borders to match.

Kensington and Glen Art Carpets, Stair Carpets, Matting, &c.

To be sold by Auction at our rooms, Nos. 1821 and 1823 Notre Dame Street,

TUESDAY, OCT. 3RD,

AT 2.30 O'CLOCK.

On View Saturday and Monday.

M. HICKS & CO.,

230 2 Auctioneers.

QUEENS AUCTIONEERS

IMPORTANT SALE OF BEST ENGLISH CUTLERY.

We are instructed by a Sheffield manufacturer to sell at our Rooms, Nos. 1821 and 1823 Notre Dame Street,

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, OCT. 5th,

A large Consignment of Best English Cutlery,

—CONSISTING OF—

Dinner and Dessert Knives with African Ivory, Stag, Buck and bone handles, Meat and Game Carvers, Forks and Steels, Bread Knives, Cabinets with complete set of Cutlery, Cabinets of Carvers, Fish and Fruit Sets, &c., &c.

☞ Gentlemen—Also a large assortment of Pocket Cutlery and sportsmen's Sets.

All warranted first-class Goods.

On view Tuesday and Wednesday.

SALE AT 2.30 O'CLOCK.

M. HICKS & CO.,

230 4 Auctioneers.

QUEENS AUCTIONEERS

GREAT CURTAIN SALE.

The undersigned are pleased to announce a consignment from Brussels

—OF—

REAL LACE CURTAINS

Guipure d'Art, Cluny, Renaissance, Swiss Embroidered, Tamboured, Point, Duchesse, and Flanders Lace Curtains.

Guipure, Cluny and Applique Bed Coverlets, Embroidered Holland Window Blinds, and a large assortment of

NOTTINGHAM ART LACE CURTAINS.

Sale at our Rooms,

NOS. 1821 and 1823 NOTRE DAME ST.,

WEDNESDAY Afternoon, OCTOBER 4th,

AT 2.30 O'CLOCK.

M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers.

☞ Goods on view Monday and Tuesday. 230 3

TRADE SALE

—OF—

MILLINERY, FANCY GOODS AND TOYS,

At our rooms, 69 St. James street,

ON TUESDAY, 3rd OCTOBER, at TEN A.M.,

by order of curators, without reserve, and in lots to suit the trade, two bankrupt stocks of Millinery, amounting to $3000, Velvets, Plush, Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, Hat Shapes, Trimmings, Silk, Lace, Embroidery, Muslin, Velling, Handkerchiefs, Etc., Etc. Also a large stock of Toys in every variety, valued at $6500, comprising, Dolls, Wood and Tin Horses, Plush Boxes, Trumpets, Musics, Noah's Arks, Tea Banks, Whips, Carriages, Games of all Kinds, Purses, Glass and Chinaware, Toys, Cups and Saucers, Tea Sets, Etc., Etc. Also 34 cases of Smoking Tobacco in Packages, and a large quantity of Gray and Black Persian Lamb Skins, assorted. Everything to be sold without reserve to make room for the Wednesday and Thursday's sale.

MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers.

230 2

AUCTION TRADE SALE.

We will sell at our rooms, 69 ST. JAMES ST.,

On WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, 4th and 5th OCTOBER,

A bankrupt stock of Dry Goods, suitable to the Fall and Winter Trade: Beavers, Tweeds, Meltons, Serges, Suitings, Pantings, Dress Goods, Plaid, Underwear, White and Gray Blankets, Ready-made Clothing, Linings, Canvas, Quilts, Cashmere and Wool Hosiery for men, women and children, Velvet, Umbrellas, Braces, Top Shirts, Wool Mitts, Gloves, Farmer's Satin, Wool Yarn, Hats and Caps, Comforters, Mufflers, Collars, Etc., Etc. A large quantity of Millinery and Fancy Goods, Purses, Buttons, Etc., Etc. Also a large consignment of Boots and Shoes of all kinds, Buff, Split, Kip, Felt, Buttoned or Lace, Shoes, Slippers, Etc.

Positively without reserve and in lots to suit Merchants.

SALE AT 10 A.M.

MARCOTTE BROS.,

230 3 Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE.

The undersigned will sell at their rooms, 1671 Notre Dame Street, on

TUESDAY, 3RD OCTOBER NEXT,

without reserve, a large quantity of Fine Furniture, New and Second-hand, comprising Upright Pianos, Parlor Sets in Turkish Rug, Hatfield and Plush, Dining-room Sets, in Black Walnut and Oak, Sideboards, Leather-covered Chairs and Lounges, Extension Tables, Bedroom Sets in *Black* Walnut, *Oak, Ash* and Cherry, Marble Tops and Plain, Hat Stands, Hall and Fancy Chairs and Tables, Centre Tables, Cradles, a large collection of Fine Engravings and Parlor Mirrors, Mattresses, Spring Beds, Bedsteads, Rockers, Bureaus, Chiffoniers, Sofas, Carpets, Desks, Whatnots, Crockery, Glassware, Clocks and many other goods. Special attention is called upon this sale, as everything is to be sold without reserve, at 2 p.m.

230 2 MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE

OF FINE REAL ESTATE.

We have received instructions to sell at our rooms, 69 St. James street, on

WEDNESDAY, 4TH OCTOBER, AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK,

The house and lot bearing numbers 113 and 115 Drolet street, frame and brick-encased, stone foundations, two dwellings, with sheds and lane in rear. The above must be sold positively without reserve to close an estate. Terms will be given on the day of the sale.

230 2 MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers.

THE

"FAMOUS" PARLOR HALL STOVE.

Patent Duplex and Anti-Clinker Grate. Revolving Round Fire Pot.

Perfect Flue Construction. Handsome Design. Artistic Nickel Trimmings.

TRIPLE FLUE AND DOUBLE HEATER.

The "FAMOUS" Parlor Stove has proved to users to be the

MOST POWERFUL HEATER MADE.

Giving the largest amount of heat for coal used.

FRANKLIN GRATES, GLOBE HEATERS, PARLOR COOKS, and every variety of Wood Heaters.

R. & W. KERR,

1895 Notre Dame. **Uptown: 2230 St. Catherine.**

N.B.—Old Stoves taken in exchange and for sale cheap. BARGAINS to be had.

230 1

FALL CLOTHING

BOYS' OVERCOATS, $2.00, $3.00, $4.50, $5.00, $6.00.

BOYS' ULSTERS, $4.50, $5.00, $6.50, $8.50.

BOYS' REEFERS, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $4.50.

BOYS' SUITS in endless variety, at prices too varied to cite.

HEAVY ALL-WOOL MELTON OVERCOATS, at $10.00.

FALL OVERCOATS, $5.00, $7.50, $8.50, $10.00.

ULSTERS for Men, $5.00, $7.50, $10.00, $12.00, $14.00.

TROUSERS.

BOYS' TROUSERS, 65c, 75c, $1.00 up

MEN'S TROUSERS; see our Heavy Weight at $2.00 and $3.00 per pair,

Everything in Boys' and Men's All-Wool Clothing, can be found with

WILLIAM CURRIE,

Clothier, Hatter and Haberdasher,

1953, 1955, 1957 NOTRE DAME ST.

230 1

FUR SEASON, 1893.

The American Fur Store

Is again to the fore, and as usual this establishment is giving its customers the benefit of buying retail at wholesale prices. The reason is simply this—we manufacture largely for the trade, and in doing so we have to buy direct in large quantities and on closest terms. We are therefore at all times in full control of a more than ordinary retail stock. We are thus enabled to sell at rock bottom prices.

Now in stock a full line of

FUR CAPES, BOAS, MUFFS, RUFFS, CAPS, TRIMMINGS, Etc., Etc.

In all the Fashionable Furs.

OUR REPAIRING DEPARTMENT is booming just now. Send in your Fur Repairs without delay.

THE AMERICAN FUR STORE,

Manufacturing Furriers,

Wholesale and Retail,

27 and 29 ST. LAWRENCE ST.,

Branch Store—2257 St. Catherine St.

Between Victoria St. and McGill College Ave. 230 2

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

CALLING IN CREDITORS.

Province of Quebec, District of Montreal, in the Superior Court for the Province of Quebec,

No. 162.

In the matter of HENRY A. MADLEY, of the city and district of Montreal, printer, Insolvent.

The creditors of said insolvent are hereby ordered to appear before one of the judges of this Court, in the Insolvency Office, in the Court House, at Montreal, on the

SEVENTH DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT,

AT TEN OF THE CLOCK IN THE FORENOON, in order to give their advice touching the appointment of a curator to the property of the said insolvent and on such other matters as may lawfully be submitted to them.

H. COLLARD,

Deputy Prothonotary, S. C.

Montreal, 29th September, 1893. 230 1

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In the matter of H. PEPIN, Montreal.

The undersigned will sell by auction at No. 803 Notre Dame street, Montreal, on

MONDAY, THE 9TH OCTOBER, 1893,

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK,

The assets of the estate as under:

Stock of Contractor's Supplies, Hardware, Sashes and Doors, Sawn Lumber, Tools, Etc., Etc., about	$2500 00
4 Horses, Sleighs, Buggies, Harness, Etc	650 00
Household Furniture	500 00

KENT & TURCOTTE,

7 Place d'Armes, Montreal.

MARCOTTE BROS.,

230 4 3aw Auctioneers.

BAILIFF'S SALE—PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal.—No. 4612.—Circuit Court, De. M. McCarthy, Plaintiffs, vs R. Ogaws, Defendant. On the 16th day of October, 1893, at 2 of the clock in the forenoon, at the business place of the said Defendant, No. 21 Beaver Hall Hill, in the City of Montreal, will be sold, by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of household goods. Terms cash. JOSEPH BERUX, B. S. C. Montreal, 30th Sept., 1893. 230 1

The Ideal Food for Infants.

By Royal Letters Patent. [REGISTERED.]

MILK GRANULES.

The Perfect Equivalent of Mother's Milk.

It is the solids of pure cow's milk of the very best quality so treated that, when dissolved in the proper amount of water, it yields a product which is practically identical in composition, re-action, taste and appearance with mother's milk. It is absolutely free from starchy matter, which is present in barley, flour and other infant foods, and contains no glucose and no cane sugar. 230y11

Delaware & Hudson

RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Commencing Monday, October 2nd, the Day Express for New York will leave at 8.40 a.m., daily, except Sunday, with Wagner Parlor Car Montreal to New York.

The 10.00 a.m. train will be discontinued.

The Night Express will leave at 6.10 p.m. daily, as at present, with Wagner Buffet Vestibule Sleeping Car through to New York.

230 1

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

is the product of

Ox Beef of Prime Quality.

It supplies the life principles of Beef in a form

EASY OF DIGESTION.

The : Great : Strength : Giver.

Colonial House,

PHILLIPS SQUARE.

BOYS' and YOUTHS' CLOTHING.

We are showing the largest and best assorted stock of Boys' and Youth's Clothing that we have yet shown.

In BOYS' and YOUTHS' REEFER and SACQUE SUITS

A very complete assortment in all sizes; in Tweed, Serge, Cheviot, Venthac, &c., &c., the fit and finish equal to ordered goods.

In OVERCOATS and ULSTERS,

Our assortment is very large, all made in the leading styles and the best materials.

We wish to Direct Special Attention to our

FRIEZE ULSTER,

With large Storm Collar, the most desirable Coat for Winter wear. We keep a line of these Ulsters for Gentlemen, in the leading shades.

A Great Variety of BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS and SAILOR SUITS,

In Navy Serge, Tweed, Jersey Cloth, Velvet, &c. Man O' War Suits, in Navy Serge, regulation.

REEFER JACKETS,

For Children, Boys and Youths, in Nap and plain Beaver.

BLANKET COATS,

Our own make, in the best All-Wool Blanketing.

We are giving 25 p. c. Discount off all Overcoats and Ulsters left over from last season, 33⅓ p. c. off a large lot of Children's School Suits. 20 p. c. off Boys' Suits, carried over from last season.

Henry Morgan & Co.,

MONTREAL.

A LA VILLE DE MONTREAL.

Autumn Dress Goods!

New Serge, in all colors, 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c, 75c.
New Shot Effects, 30c, 50c, 75c.
Shot Basket Cloth, 50c, 75c, 97c.
Amazone Cloth, 55c, 75c, $1.10.
New Whip Cord, in all shades.
New Plaid in all prices.
The Latest Shades in Cashmere, 25c, 33c, 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c, $1.00.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

Black Serge, 40c, 45c, 50c, 58c, 65c, 75c.
Black Diagonal, 39c, 50c, 58c, 70c, 90c, $1.10.
Black Cheviot, 50c, 58c, 70c, 90c, $1.00.
Black Whip Cord, 50c, 75c.
Black Brocaded, 60c, 75c, 80c, 90c.
Black Cashmere, 25c up to $1.60.

CARPETS, CURTAINS AND OILCLOTHS.

Tapestry Carpets.
Brussels Carpets.
Woollen Carpets.
French Abusson Carpets.
Cord Carpets.
Crossley Carpets.
Carpets and Rugs.

Lace Curtains.
Muslin Curtains.
Chenille Curtains.
Silk Curtains.
Creton Curtains.
Fancy Decorated Window Curtains.
Damask Silk Curtains.
Plush Curtains.
Japanese Silk Curtains.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN OILCLOTHS, POLES, STAIRCASE ORNAMENTS, and CURTAIN CHAINS.

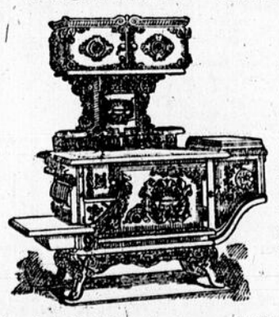
OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST IN THE CITY.

CIE GENERALE DES BAZARDS,

Corner St. Lawrence, St. Catherine and St. Chas. Borromee Streets.

230 eod

THE ACTIVE RANGE.



Duplex Grate, Draw-out Oven, Shelf, large, Ashpan, Flue Construction Perfect, Handsome Design, Nickel Trimmings.

Extra Heavy Rimmed Covers, Double Lined Interlocking Centres. The heaviest and most durable cast iron Range in the market.

Made in 18 Styles and Sizes.

Guaranteed for baking unsurpassed.

N.B.—Old Stoves, taken in Exchange, For Sale Cheap.

R. & W. KERR, 1895 Notre Dame Street.

UPTOWN—2230 St. Catherine Street. 227

BIRTHS.

BEDARD—On the 26th, at 51 Labelle street, Montreal, the wife of G. G. Bédard, of a daughter. (Victoria, B. C., and Lachute papers please copy.)

CURLE—On the 26th September, at 50 Hutchison street, the wife of David A. Curle, of a son. 229 2

CHISWELL—On the 25th inst., at 259 Richmond street, the wife of Samuel Chiswell, of a son.

CLARKE—At Lakeview, Kingston, September 26, the wife of Esmonde L. Clarke, of a daughter. 230 2

EVANS—On the 28th inst., at the Blue Bonnets, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Evans.

GORGES—At 419 Mance street, on the 15th inst., the wife of Edward Howard Gorges, of a daughter.

HAUBRICH—On the 29th September, at 84 St. Luke street, to Mr. and Mrs. Haubrich, a daughter.

KIRWAN—On the 21st instant, at 1024 St. James street, the wife of David J. Kirwan, of a son.

PEARSE—At 21 Marlborough street, September 29th, wife of E. Pearse, of a son.

STRUTHERS—At Sudbury, Ont., on the 28th inst., the wife of Dr. R. B. Struthers, of a son.

WILDER—In New York, on September 27th, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wilder. 230 2

MARRIAGES.

CHEVALIER-MATHIEU—On the 27th inst., at Notre Dame Church, by the Rev. Father Marre, Arthur Chevalier to Marie Louise Mathieu.

CAMPBRIGE-DIOTTE—At Notre Dame Church, on the 26th inst., by the Rev. Father Marre, Joseph Campbrige to Alice Diotte.

CHOUINARD-ELIE—On the 26th inst., at Notre Dame Church, by the Rev. Father Marre, Sylva Chouinard to Rosina Elie, both of this city.

FRECHETTE-MALENFANT—At Notre Dame Church, on the 27th inst., by the Rev. Father Marre, Joseph Frechette to Vitaline Malenfant.

McLEOD-McLENNAN—At Laggan, Ont., September 27, by the Rev. D. Mackenzie, Mr. John A. McLeod to Maggie, daughter of Mr. Roderick F. McLennan, both of Laggan.

MacALLISTER-FABIAN—At St. Martin's Church, 27th September, by Rev. Mr. Garth, Blanche Harriet, third daughter of Edwin Fabian, to T. MacAllister, of Rockford, Ills.

SICOTTE-BLAIS—On the 28th inst., at Notre Dame Church, by the Rev. Father Marre, Alexandre Sicotte to Eladie Blais.

STEWART-BOWIE—In St. John's Church, Ottawa, Thursday, 28th inst., Fred. W. Stewart to Lizzie, youngest daughter of Capt. A. Bowie, Ottawa. 229 2

DEATHS.

BRUCHESI—On September 30th, at 48 Berri street, Marie Jean Leon, infant son of Charles Bruchesi, advocate, aged two months. Funeral on Monday morning, 2nd October, at 9 a.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

CAZAVAN—In this city, on the 29th September, at the age of 48 years, Arsene Cazavan, bookkeeper. Funeral from his late residence, No. 184 Cadieux street, on Monday, 2nd October, at 7.45 a.m., to Notre Dame Church and from thence to Cote des Neiges Cemetery. 229 2

CHERRY—In this city, on September 29th, Mary (Pollie) Dwyer, widow of the late Robert Cherry. Funeral will take place from her mother's residence, 111 Mansfield street, on Sunday afternoon, October 1st, at 2.30 o'clock, to Cote des Neiges cemetery. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation. 229 2

JOHNSON—At 5 Alexander street, on the 28th inst., Harold Thomas, infant son of J. B. Johnson. (Funeral private.)

KELLY—In this city, 28th inst., Margaret Maher, beloved wife of John Kelly, aged 36 years and six months. Funeral from her residence, No. 84 Craig street, Saturday morning, 30th, at 7.30 a.m., to St. Mary's Church, thence to R. C. cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. 229 2

PERSONAL—DETECTIVES OF THE MOST RELIable character furnished by the Canadian Secret Service, Temple Building, Montreal. This Agency is under contract with the Provincial Government to perform all their criminal detective work. References: The leading banks, corporations and hotels of this city. Silas H. Carpenter, Chief. Office telephone 2131. House telephone 6949. 102tf

PERSONAL—WM. BYRD, CONTRACTOR, 683, Lagauchetiere street (telephone 390; house telephone 7280), is prepared to give estimates for all classes of woodwork, alterations, repairs, shop and office fittings, etc. 201 tf

PERSONAL—LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES, FROM $1,000 to $100,000 if negotiable by law, may be immediately converted into cash. Edmund Scholfield, P. O. Box 1820, office 157 St. James street, Montreal. 217 tf

PERSONAL—FALL MILLINERY—MISS DWYER, 2330 St. Catherine street, corner of Mansfield, invites inspection of her stock of Fall millinery, which is now complete. No cards issued. 224 7

PERSONAL—WILL "C. B." PLEASE CALL FOR his effects left at No. 7 Burnside place. If not called for in three days they will be sold to pay expenses. 229 2

PERSONAL—USE DORENWEND'S "HAIR MAGIC" for restoring gray or faded hair to its natural color Price $1.00. All druggists. (2)

PERSONAL—WHY SUFFER WITH TOOTHACHE when one application of **NERVOL** will instantly cure you; cures also headache and neuralgia; 25 cts. a bottle at all druggists, or John T. Lyons, cor. Craig and Bleury streets. 32 Jantf

PERSONAL—CARD OF THANKS. THE UNDERsigned begs to return sincere thanks to Mr. C. W. Lindsay for the prompt delivery of the Dogherty organ won by her on the 15th inst. for the correct answers to three puzzles. Miss R. A. Legallee, teacher of the piano, 674a Lagauchetiere st. 230 1

PERSONAL—THE GLOBE PORTRAIT CO. OF 380 St. Lawrence st. hereby notify the public not to pay money to any person claiming to be an agent for our company, as we have no agent authorized to collect money for us. C. Anderson, Mgr. 230 1

PERSONAL—MASSAGE, SWEDISH MOVEMENT Cure and Medical Gymnastics on scientific principles and by safe and effective methods. Respectfully, F. Dubois. Address 21 Cathcart st. 230 1

PERSONAL—ALFRED S. GRIFFITH, OPTICIAN, has removed to Scarff's Drug store, 2262 St. Catherine street. 230 1

PERSONAL—WOULD PARTIES WHO WITNESSed accident (gut man in cab), on St. Denis st., corner McGill and St. James, 6.45 a. m., 20th inst., kindly communicate 31E Drolet st. 230 1

PERSONAL—MRS. SEARL, LADIES' DOCTRESS, private accommodation, with professional attendance. 135 St. George street. 230 1

Steamer Persia

J. H. SCOTT, Master.

Sails Every FRIDAY at 7 P.M.

Fare to TORONTO - - $ 7.50
Fare to ST. CATHARINES - 8.00
Fare to NIAGARA FALLS - 8.50
ST. CATHARINES and Return, 14.00

MEALS AND BERTH INCLUDED.

D. BATTERSBY, 178 St. James street.
G. E. JACQUES & CO., 110 Common Street.

1221a

ROYAL

INSURANCE CO. OF ENGLAND

LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED

Capital.....$10,000,000
Reserve Fund..... 35,000,000
Annual Income, upwards of... 8,000,000
Investments in Canada for Protection of Canadian Policy-Holders (chiefly with Government) exceed $1,000,000.

Every description of property insured at moderate rates of premium.

Life assurance granted in all the most approved forms.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:
ROYAL INSURANCE BUILDING, MONTREAL.
W. TATLEY, Chief Agent.
E. HURTUBISE, ALFRED ST. CYR, } Special Agents French Department.
JAMES ALLIN, W. S. ROBERTSON, } Special Agents English Department.
R. G. Robertson & Sons. 254

HAVE YOU

Inspected our stock and compared our prices?

It means CASH in your pockets.

RENAUD, KING & PATTERSON,
Furniture and Bedding,
652 CRAIG STREET.

2301f

S. CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

NEW JACKETS!
NEW JACKETS!

Trimmed With Military Braid.
Trimmed With Fur.
With Flounced Skirts.
With Umbrella Skirts.
With Ripple Skirts.
With Plain Skirts.

NEW FALL JACKETS

In New Cloths.
In New Shades.

Jackets Lined With Fur

Jackets in Stylish Lengths.
Jackets in All Sizes.

S. CARSLEY, } Notre Dame Street.
S. CARSLEY, }

Ladies' Waterproofs!
Ladies' Waterproofs!

Best English Makes in Ladies' Waterproof Cloaks, which for lightness, comfort and durability cannot be excelled.

LADIES' INVERNESS CLOAKS

Made in all new pattern Waterproof Tweeds.
Waterproof Cloaks with Long Capes, for walking or driving.

LADIES' RIGBY CLOAKS

In all new Pattern Tweeds.
Shower Proof Cloaks of all kinds

S. CARSLEY, } Notre Dame Street.
S. CARSLEY, }

LINEN GOODS
LINEN GOODS

S. CARSLEY'S

FOR LINENS.

Irish Table Damasks
Scotch Table Damasks
English Table Damasks
In All Qualities

S. CARSLEY, } Notre Dame Street.
S. CARSLEY, }

Hem-stitched
TABLE NAPERY

Hem-Stitched Damask Tablecloths
In All Sizes

Hem-Stitched Table Napkins
Hem-Stitched Table Doylies
Hem-Stitched Tray Cloths
Hem-Stitched Carvers' Cloths
Hem-Stitched Sideboard Cloths
Hem-Stitched Table Mats
Knotted Fringed

TABLE NAPERY

The Largest and Best Assortment of High Class Table Napery to select from.

S. CARSLEY, } Notre Dame Street.
S. CARSLEY, }

LINEN TOWELS
LINEN TOWELS

Linen Damask Towels
In All Sizes.
Linen Huckaback Towels
With Fringed and Colored Ends.

Fells Hygienic Towels

Equal to Flesh Brushes; retain their roughness, wet or dry.

Linen Bath Towels.
Linen Bath Sheets.
In Brown and White.

Household Towels of every description and all sizes.

S. CARSLEY, } Notre Dame Street.
S. CARSLEY, }

NEXT WEEK'S PLEASURE!

If it is a pleasure to see Handsome, Stylish Goods at Moderate Prices,

THEN CALL NEXT WEEK
THEN CALL NEXT WEEK
THEN CALL NEXT WEEK
THEN CALL NEXT WEEK
THEN CALL NEXT WEEK

At S. CARSLEY'S, } Notre Dame Street.
At S. CARSLEY'S, }

And see the New
And see the New
And see the New

MANTLES AND JACKETS
MANTLES AND JACKETS
MANTLES AND JACKETS
MANTLES AND JACKETS
MANTLES AND JACKETS

In S. CARSLEY'S, } Show Rooms.
In S. CARSLEY'S, }

Also See
Also See
Also See
Also See
Also See

S. CARSLEY'S FUR CAPES
S. CARSLEY'S FUR CAPES

and

S. CARSLEY'S NEW FUR RUFFS
S. CARSLEY'S NEW FUR RUFFS

At Same Time

SEE THE NEW
SEE THE NEW
SEE THE NEW
SEE THE NEW
SEE THE NEW

Winter Dress Goods
Winter Dress Goods

At S. CARSLEY'S, } Notre Dame Street.
At S. CARSLEY'S, }

. . WEST END . .
Millinery Establishment,

2693 St. Catherine Street.

MISS NAGLE

will hold her Autumn Opening **Thursday, 28th inst.,** and following days.

A very choice selection of the latest style in

Paris Hats and Bonnets.

Large assortment of

Millinery Novelties.

DRESSMAKING in all its branches done in connection with above. **Perfect fit and finish guaranteed.**

N.B.—No cards issued this season.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS,

2693 ST. CATHERINE STREET,
Near Mark Street.

2261 10

THE
Canadian General Electric
COMPANY (Limited).

HEAD OFFICE:

65 to 71 Front Street West,
TORONTO, Ont.

Capital, - $1,500,000.

FACTORIES—PETERBOROUGH, Ont.

Branch Office and Warerooms,

1802 Notre Dame st., MONTREAL.

Thomson-Houston Street Railway Generators and Motors.

Thomson-Houston Systems of Alternating Current Apparatus for Incandescent Lighting.

Edison Systems of Low Tension Direct Current Apparatus for Incandescent Lighting.

Electric Arc Lighting Apparatus.

Electric Mining Apparatus.

Apparatus for Long Distance Transmission of Power.

228 100

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S

ADVERTISEMENT.

EAST AND WEST

From one end of the city to the other, the goods that leave our Mantle Department carry the tidings of its success. It has always been to the front, but this season, according to the expressed opinion of the ladies, it is right away ahead.

The latest styles and designs, imported direct from the great centres of fashion, marked at and below wholesale prices, is the secret of the whole.

Monday and every day next week will be "a field day," and as we expect an unusual rush we would earnestly request all who can to come early in the forenoon, so as to avoid the afternoon "crush."

We guarantee to satisfy every comer,

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

We also call special attention to our Fancy Goods Department, which has always been a favorite counter with the ladies.

The latest consignment put to stock is 150 pieces of

New Cut Jet Edgings and Trimmings

All Widths, All Qualities,
And new Patterns.

The prices are 5c, 7c, 8c, 9c, 10c, 11c, 12c, 15c, 17c, 19c, 20c, 22c, 25c, up to $10.75 per yard.

Our Stock of Trimming Braids.

Our extensive assortment of new Trimming Braids has been considerably increased since last week with the very latest designs, as worn in London and Berlin.

The prices range from 4c to $1.35 per yard. Be sure you see them.

New Velvet Trimming

That lot of 12,000 yards of fine Velvet Trimming, with red satin back, is selling extremely fast. Order at once and secure the shade you require. Some shades are already sold out.

Remember the prices: 5c, 7c and 10c per yard, worth exactly 12c, 18c and 25c a yard.

Country orders receive careful and prompt attention.

Purses, Satchels and Shopping Bags.

A Solid Leather Purse for 17c.
A Beautiful Shopping Bag, 50c.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,
1781 & 1783 Notre Dame St.
And 105, 107, 109 and 111 St. Peter Street.
Terms Cash and only One Price. 2301

Jas. A. Ogilvy & Sons'

ADVERTISEMENT.

Whis week we have added our SECOND SHIPMENT of

Irish Point Lace Curtains
Irish Point Lace Sash Curtains
Irish Point Lace Bed Sets.

SWISS TAMBOURED MUSLIN CURTAINS,
SASH CURTAINS and BED SETS.
SWISS EMBROIDERED PILLOW SHAMS.
HEMSTITCHED PILLOW SHAMS.

The above are all of the NEWEST DESIGNS and the value will be found the best in the City.

New Table Covers.

New Table Covers in 6-4, 8-4, 8-10 8-12 sizes, a very rich display of these goods at reasonable prices.

New Cretonnes, New Sateens.

In new Coloring and Designs for the Newest and freshest Curtains and Window Draperies. See the stock of

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS,
The Family & Linen Drapery House,
203 to 207 St. Antoine Street,
144 to 150 Mountain Street.
Telephone 8225.
BRANCH St. Catherine St., Cor. Buckingham Ave.
Telephone 3335. 2301

DONT HESITATE A MOMENT.

A lower range of prices than has been touched before. It is not always prudent to buy simply because prices are low; but we don't know when our $12.50 Bedroom Suites will be so cheap again, if ever. All our Suites are proportionately low. Owen McGarvey & Son, 1849 to 1853 Notre Dame street. 23011

CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, CURTAINS.

Direct Importation.

The Choicest Assortment of
Brussels, Imperial and Tapestry Carpets.

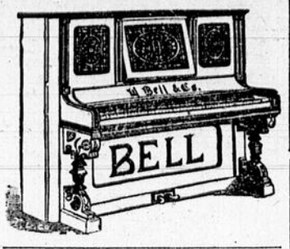
ENGLISH and AMERICAN OILCLOTHS,
Linoleums, Stair Carpets, etc.

CURTAINS of all Kinds.
POLES AND ORNAMENTS.

All GOODS RETAILED at WHOLESALE PRICES
Strictly One Price.

DUPUIS FRERES.

2301



BELL PIANOS

AND

BELL ORGANS

are universal favorites in all parts of the civilized world.

They Bewilder Competitors and they Delight Customers.

Terms easy. Prices Reasonable. Satisfaction absolute. Send for catalogues to the sole agents,

WILLIS & CO.,
1824 Notre Dame St.,
(Near McGill St.)
MONTREAL.

Depot for I. SUCKLING & SON'S music publications. 2301

SPECIAL!

New B. R. Suits, A. 1 workmanship, very choice designs.

$40, $50 and $60.

These Suits are worthy of the attention of intending buyers.

RENAUD, KING & PATTERSON,
Furniture and Bedding,
652 CRAIG STREET.
23012

A GRAND

Millinery Opening.

300 PATTERN BONNETS just imported from Paris will be on exhibition.

Nothing as stylish and handsome has yet been seen.

Even if you have already bought your Hats you are requested to call and visit this Great Exposition.

This Grand Millinery Opening

will take place on

MONDAY MORNING, October the 2nd,

At 10 o'clock, and will be kept on all the Week.

We shall also show a very large choice of Flowers, Feathers, Fancy Ribbons, Ornaments and a variety of French Trimmings for Hats.

Our Customers will kindly accept this advertisement as an invitation to the GREAT MILLINERY EXPOSITION, which commences on MONDAY MORNING. We are not addressing any cards, the time being too limited now for their distribution.

BOISSEAU BROS.,
235-237 St. Lawrence Street.

23011

Au Bon Marche.

MAISON VALIQUETTE and VALIQUETTE,

1883-1885 Notre Dame Street. Opposite Balmoral Block.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

MANTLES.—If you are looking for Mantles, Dolmans, Ulsters and Jackets, visit our Mantle Department and compare our prices. They are 25 per cent. lower than anywhere else.

DRESS GOODS.—We have a very desirable stock of Dress Goods, Cashmeres, Henriettas and Serges, also a full stock of Black Goods. We are now offering Great Bargains in All-Wool Colored Dress Goods.

UNDERWEAR.—Ladies' and Children's Scotch Wool Underwear, at 90c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.40 and $1.50.
Special Heavy All-Wool White BLANKETS, at $1.90.

SEALETTES.—Best value in Sealettes, from $5.50 to $12.00. All orders for Mantles promptly executed.

TWEED.—A fine selection of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweed. A first-class tailor on the premises.

CARPETS.—Great Bargains in Carpets, Oilcloths, Matts, Mattings, Curtains and general Household Furnishings.
Remnants in every department sold at Half-Price.

ALPHONSE VALIQUETTE | ALFRED A. VALIQUETTE

1883-1885 NOTRE DAME STREET.

23013 OPPOSITE BALMORAL

FRESH IN.

McEWAN'S FINNAN HADDIES,
And the Very Finest
Saguenay Sugar Cured Salmon.
Choice, selected, large fat fish.
FRASER, VIGER & CO.

Middles of the Finest Ingersoll Bacon.
Wiltshire, English Style. A splendid lot just received.

—ALSO—

100 INGERSOLL CHEDDAR CHEESE,
10 to 12 lbs. each.
Ingersoll Hams and Ingersoll Bacon
English cure in parchment paper.
Lawry's (Hamilton) Best Hams
and Lawry's (Hamilton) Best Boneless Breakfast Bacon.
All fresh cured and fresh from the smoke-house.
FRASER, VIGER & CO.

Mrs. Parson's Culdaff Farm
CELEBRATED ENGLISH STILTON CHEESE
In Prime Order.
FRASER, VIGER & CO.

CHATEAU MALLERET CLARET,
Vintage of 1881.
In quarts, $10 per case. In pints, $11 per case.
ST. JULIEN CLARET,
1884 vintage. In pints only. $9 per case.
FRASER, VIGER & CO.

LITTLE PIG HAMS.
Seven to ten pounds each. Fresh from the Ferris Smoke Houses.
MEDIUM HAMS.
Twelve to fifteen pounds each. Just the thing for slicing, for frying or broiling. Fresh from the Ferris Smoke Houses.
FERRIS' BONELESS BREAKFAST BACON.
Fresh from the Ferris Smoke Houses.
The Ferris extra large Sugar Cured Smoked Tongues.
FRASER, VIGER & CO.

BOSTON TIVOLI BEER.
From the Burkhardt Brewing Co.
Boston Tivoli Beer, $1.50 per dozen pints. Packed in eight dozen casks.
GILMOUR'S HOP BITTER ALE.
(Non-intoxicating.)
Brewed in England.
Gilmour's Hop Bitter Ale, $1.35 per dozen pints.
Gilmour's Hop Bitter Ale, $1.25 per dozen, in eight dozen casks.
FRASER, VIGER & CO.

Dewar's Perth Highland Malt Whiskies.

	Per bottle.	Per case.
Dewar's Extra Special	$1 00	$10 00
Dewar's special Liqueur (as supplied to Her Majesty the Queen)	$1 25	$13 00

FRASER, VIGER & CO.,
IMPORTERS,
FAMILY GROCERS AND WINE MERCHANTS
ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,
199 ST. JAMES STREET. 23011

FINANCIAL.

(Incorporated under New York State Laws.)
CAPITAL $150,000.00.

The Monroe Miller Co.

16 & 18 Broad Street, New York, N.Y.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Transactions for cash, or on margin. Interest allowed on balances. Deposits subject to sight draft. Direct wires to all Exchanges. Information on all classes of securities promptly furnished. Daily Market Review on application. 220

CARSLEY BROTHERS,

St. Catherine Street.

NOVELTIES IN MANTLES & JACKETS!

Arrived Yesterday,

ANOTHER LARGE SHIPMENT
—OF—

LADIES' COATS and CAPES.

The Very Latest Novelties From Berlin.

PRICES REASONABLE.

CARSLEY BROS., St. Catherine St.

DRESSMAKING
A Specialty.

GIRLS' SCHOOL ULSTERS in Scotch Effects.
MAIDS' COATS in Great Variety.
Novelties in LADIES' ULSTERS.

CARSLEY BROTHERS,

1547 and 1549, East, 2342 and 2342a, West,

ST. CATHERINE STREET.

23011

HENRY & N. E. HAMILTON'S

NEW DRESS GOODS

are very much admired by the ladies, and as a natural consequence in this Department we are now very busy:

NEW SHOT MATTELASSE TWEEDS
NEW SHOT HOPSACK TWEEDS
NEW BASKET TWEEDS
NEW ORLEAN TWEEDS
NEW HUDSON BAY TWEEDS
} All in the latest COLORINGS, DESIGNS, and EFFECTS.

We believe we are the only house in Montreal showing the new Dress Goods "TWEED TURC," a beautiful combination of silk and wool. The effect is very distingue.

OUR GLOVE DEPARTMENT

is in splendid trim for the fall trade. We keep only the best and most reliable makes. Our assortment of SILK, CASHMERE, WOOL and KID GLOVES is now very complete. The Kid Glove with large Pearl buttons and fancy stitched back is the novelty for this season. We have them in all colors.

SPECIAL—We are offering a line of Kid Gloves in TANS, BROWN and BLACK, worth $1.25 for 75c.

OUR HOSIERY DEPARTMENT

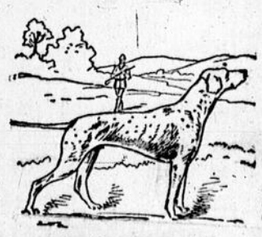
is very heavily stocked with new goods. LADIES' BLACK CASHMERE HOSE at 25c., 30c., 35c., 40., 45c., 55c., 70c., 85c., $1.00, from the best English Hosiery manufacturers. OUR SPECIALS are a line at 35c., or 3 pairs for $1.00. Another line at 45c., or 3 pairs for $1.25. They are extra heavy, extra good, and extra value. Ladies' and Children's VESTS, DRAWERS and COMBINATIONS in Cashmere, Lamb's Wool, Natural Wool, and Shetland. Ribbed and plain. Medium and heavy weights.

OUR RIBBON DEPARTMENT

is one of the busiest in our house. We have an immense stock of SILK, SATIN and VELVET RIBBONS in all widths, colors and qualities. JOB—1½ inch Satin Ribbon in all colors to clear 4c. 2½ inch Satin Ribbon in all colors to clear 8c. Double Face Satin Ribbon, splendid quality, to clear 12c. and 15c. About 250 yards of Fancy Velvet Ribbons, regular price 80c., to clear at 15c.

SEE OUR RIBBON WINDOW.

HENRY & N. E. HAMILTON,
St. James Street and Victoria Square. 23011



A POINTER.

Let us give the sportsman a Pointer that will be of service to him, and that is, that THE MASTER MECHANIC'S EXTRAORDINARY SOAP is invaluable for removing all stains of powder, dirt and grease, fish scales, etc., and also heal the hands from bruises, burns, cuts, etc.

23011

ENGLAND'S IDLE MINING MEN.

Twenty Thousand to Resume Work Monday.

HIGH PRICES FOR COAL, AND CHILDREN WITHOUT FOOD.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, September 30.—The result of yesterday's miners' conference, permitting the men to resume work where the old rates are obtainable, will mean the opening of numbers of small collieries on Monday; but the majority of the large mine owners are determined not to open their pits until a reduction has been arranged.

It is calculated that twenty thousand miners will resume on Monday, all of whom will pay one shilling daily to assist the strikers.

The increase of five shillings a ton for coal in London yesterday, makes a total rise of sixteen shillings since the beginning of the strike. Coal was retailed at two shillings per cwt., the usual price being thirteen pence. It is stated that all the coal in the Midlands have been cornered.

In the cotton trade, factories are working on short time, and more than ten thousand operatives have been idle." Many relief funds have been started for the miners' starving families.

Emile Zola, in contributing two pounds writes: "I have seen on the spot the pitiful sufferings of wives and children on such occasions, and have wept for them. Let peace be made in the name of the little children and mothers."

In Chesterfield alone, 1700 children are being fed every day, and fifteen hundred families are assisted with food. The Mayor of Sheffield has convened a meeting of the Mayors of Leeds, Bradford, Nottingham, Derby and Barnsley to discuss the situation, and endeavor to formulate a scheme likely to be acceptable to the miners and employers.

PARIS, September 30.—A few mines were opened yesterday in the Pas de Calais district, but 42,000 men are still on strike.

WILL FONDLE THE RUSSIANS.

France's Official Programme For the Czar's Naval Officers Visit.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE STAR.]

PARIS, September 30.—The official programme of the Franco-Russian *fetes* is published.

On Friday, October 13, the Russian squadron will arrive at Toulon and after an official welcome, the Russian officers will visit the arsenal and the Town Hall and take dinner in the evening, given by the Minister of Marine. On Saturday the French Admiral Boissoudy will give a dinner and a ball on board the "Formidable." On Sunday a breakfast will be given by the municipality, and there will be a battle of flowers, and a gala performance of the opera. On Monday there will be an inspection of the arsenal, and a breakfast will be given by Admiral Jaille, commander of the French Mediterranean reserve fleet. Afterwards the guests will depart for Paris. On Tuesday they will have an audience with President Carno, to be followed by a dinner and ball at the Elysee. On Wednesday there will be a breakfast and a reception given by the Russian ambassador, a dinner in the Town Hall, and a torchlight procession. On Thursday there will be a drive through Paris, a municipal luncheon and a ball in the Town Hall. Friday will see a breakfast, reception and dance at the Foreign Ministry, and on Saturday a breakfast and reception will be given by the President and Council, followed by a gala soiree at the Opera and a supper at the Military Club. On Sunday there will be a breakfast at the Ministry of War, a reception by General Saussiere, a military tournament, a press banquet in the Champ de Mars and fireworks on the Eiffel tower. On Monday there will be a breakfast with the Military Club and grand display at Versailles, with a dinner and reception at the Ministry of Marine, while on Tuesday President Carnot will give a breakfast and a farewell reception at the Elysee.

VIENNA, September 30.—M. de Giers, Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, has informed the governments of Austria, Hungary, Germany and Italy that the visit of the Russian squadron at Toulon next month will be simply and solely a response to the visit of the French fleet at Cronstadt. No other significance whatever, he said, should be attached to the incident, as Russia will decline to have any other character lent to the reception of the Russian officers in France.

CHINESE IMMIGRATION.

No Changes Shall be Made in the Present Regulations.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

OTTAWA, September 30.—In replying to the repeated demands of the Trades and Labor Council of British Columbia to prohibit Chinese immigration, the Government here has sent out to the petitioners a copy of an Order-in-Council, passed on September 4, explaining their reasons for not complying with the demands of the Labor organizations. The Order-in-Council in question reads as follows:

"The sub-committee of Council have had under consideration a copy of a resolution adopted by the Dominion Labor and Trades Congress on the subject of Chinese immigration, praying for consideration and such relief in the premises as His Excellency may deem just and right.

The sub-committee observe that this question, by reasons of divers interests and conflicting opinions, has been frequently brought to the attention of the Government of the Dominion of Canada, and has engaged its most thoughtful and considerate attention, and such action has been taken by it in relation thereto as has been considered best in the interests of all concerned, keeping in view at all times Canada's bounden duty, under treaty obligations existing between Great Britain and China. Whatever sympathies may exist, and whatever views may be held on the subject generally or more particularly with reference to Chinese exclusion, or to such restrictions as are demanded by the petitioners, they must, in the opinion of the sub-committee, in so far, at least, as exclusion is concerned, be held to be subordinate to the obligations solemnly entered into between two great and friendly nations and that no action should be taken which could be inimical to or considered as infringing upon treaty rights. The sub-committee are also of the opinion that in view of the commercial relations of Canada with China, it is not expedient to change the provisions of the Chinese Immigration Act. The committee of the Privy Council concur in the above report and advise that a certified copy of this minute, if approved, be forwarded to the secretary of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada.

At the Court House Once More.

The Police Court was in a state of chaos this morning. Last evening it was removed from the quarters which have been occupied for some weeks past in the Laval University building. It is now in the former place in the east end of the Court House, but the fixtures have not been arranged, and this morning law books, blank warrants, complaints, deposition forms and ink stands were scattered all over the Court room. In spite of all these difficulties, however, Judge Desnoyers administered justice, and sentenced William Russell to fifteen days in gaol for stealing a whip from a carriage on St. Paul street. Charles Lefebvre pleaded not guilty to the charge of stealing a roll of wire worth ten dollars, from the Montreal Street Railway Company. A boy named Stanley Cooper was remanded for sentence on a charge of stealing a bottle of beer from a waggon belonging to Madame Delorimier, of St. Leonard. A youth named Napoleon Morcau was given a parcel to carry for the Sisters of Mercy. He admitted having stolen it, but promised to recover it.

THE MASTER'S BREAKFAST.

MEMBERS OF THE HUNT GO BY TRAIN TO BEL-AIR.

The Hounds to Have a Run Near Dorval—The Majority of Members will Attend the Races Afterwards.

Bonaventure station was unusually gay this morning with pink hunters' coats and bewitching autumn costumes.

The members of the Montreal Hunt went out to Bel-Air.

The Master, Mr. H. Montagu Allan, gave a breakfast and the number who availed themselves of the invitation was very large. It was hardly what could be called ideal hunting weather, but the day was such a perfect one in every other respect that the hunting members were mollified and almost forgot their disappointment at the lack of the cloudy sky which is so dear to their hearts. A special train was in waiting, and it was a very merry party that went out in it. The majority of those who went will attend the second day of the Bel-Air autumn races.

Amongst those present were Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Coghlin, Miss Coghlin, the Misses Abbott, Judge Roddy Pringle, of Toronto; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hope, Mr. J. S. Evans, Mr. S. Coulson, Miss Bryne, of New York; Miss Gault, Miss Boyer, Miss Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. F. Hilton Green, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hope, Mrs. Gillespie, the Misses Gillespie, the Misses Scott, Prof. and Mrs. Moyse, Mrs. Smith and Miss Walsh, Mr. Wm. Henry, jr., of Hamilton; Mrs. McKenzie, Mrs. Andrew Bell, Mr. E. A. Small, Mr. J. S. Bullick, Mr. Fred. Cushing, Mrs. H. and Miss Mackenzie, Mr. Chas. McEachran, Mr. T. D. Bell, Mr. F. A. Cushing, Mr. Augus Hooper, Miss McDougall.

Amongst those mounted were Dr. Craik; the Master, Mr. H. Montagu Allan, on "Melton," Mr. H. Guy on "Poppy," Mr. A. Galarneau on "Slickaway," Mr. H. Lapierre on "Magistrate," Mr. W. Miller on "Nora," Mr. H. Fiske, on "Killarney," Mr. Duncan McIntyre, jr., on "Dean," Mr. R. B. Ross, on "Dancing Master," Mr. E. Major, on "Senator," Mr. F. Hilton Green on "Margery," Mr. A. Whitley, Mr. T. D. Bell; Mr. J. D. Heresonat on "Georgia," Mr. W. E. Price on "Venus," Mr. J. Spackman on "Cupid," Mr. J. H. Evans on "Bismarck," Mr. Baumgarten on "Senator," Mr. W. H. Evans, of Buffalo, on "Clifton," Mr. Allan on "Hampton," Mr. A. E. Ogilvie on "Cigarette," Dr. Charles McEachran on "Mr. Waiter," Mr. H. McLennan on "Red Cloud," Mr. J. H. Smith on "Glengarry."

HOOPER'S ARREST ORDERED.

The Attorney-General of Ontario Sends Instructions.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

PORT HOPE, Ont., September 30.—The Attorney-General has telegraphed Coroner Corbett to arrest J. H. Hooper.

The warrant will be served at once.

The examining physicians who had charge of the remains of Mrs. Hooper, have forwarded the stomach to Prof. Ellis, Toronto, for analysis. They refuse to give any particulars as to result of the examinations. It will be remembered that, on the evidence of Mrs. Bawlch, sister-in-law of the deceased, Mrs. Hooper was supposed to have died from cancer. It will, therefore, be an important feature of the case to learn whether or not the woman died from that disease.

The physicians are very guarded in what they say and will scarcely speak on the subject, but a STAR correspondent gathers from the tone of incidental remarks, that whatever she died of, she did not die of cancer.

A STAR correspondent viewed the corpse at the undertaking establishment of Mr. George yesterday and noted that the almost inevitable evidence of death from cancer, the sinking in of the eyes, were not characterized on the countenance of the dead woman. Mr. Hooper, who is at present in town, has asked the coroner to bring the father and mother of the deceased woman here for the inquest.

The evidence for the Crown will be supplied by Detective Silas Carpenter.

A Fakir Abroad.

The public are warned against a "fakir" who goes around representing himself as an inspector of the Montreal Gas Company and who is nothing but a sneak thief.

Sir Charles Tupper.

Sir Charles Tupper will arrive in town tomorrow and remain here until Tuesday night.

PERSONALS.

Mr. Chas. Fitzpatrick, advocate, of Quebec, is a guest at the Windsor.

The Hon. R. M. Ward and Miss Ward, of England, are at the Windsor.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Gray, of New York, have registered at the Windsor.

Messrs. K. C. Beaton and H. C. Graham, of Orillia, are at the Windsor.

Mr. E. A. Lathrop, of Hartford, Conn., is in the city and staying at the Windsor.

Judge and Miss Cross left last evening by the C. P. R., on a trip to the North-West.

Dr. D. J. Brown and Mrs. Brown, of Springfield, Mass., are staying at the Windsor.

Sir Adolphe Caron has been elected honorary president of the Ottawa College Athletic Association.

Mrs. Dr. Caldwell, of New York, and her niece, Countess Cadieux de Courville, are at the Windsor.

Mr. Delafontaine and wife, Paris, France, F. Mequaire and wife, Paris, France, are guests at the Richelieu Hotel.

Chief Detective Walsh, of Quebec, is in the city. He will leave next week to bring back Carrier from Colorado.

The Hon. L. Tourville, Mrs. Tourville, Dr. S. E. Globensky and Mrs. Globensky, left Monday night for a two week's visit to the World's Fair.

Mr. John C. Donnelly, father of Mr. Donnelly, of Messrs. Rae & Donnelly of this city, has just been elevated to the Irish Bench by the Imperial Government.

Mr. J. Fortier, stationer, with Mrs. Fortier, left last week for Chicago to visit the World's Fair. They are accompanied by Mrs. John Rose and Miss Scott, of St. Famille street.

Mr. C. N. de Quetteville, bookkeeper of the St. Louis Hotel, who has obtained a similar position in the C. P. R. Hotel in this city, left Quebec last night for Montreal. On the occasion of his departure he was suitably remembered by Messrs. W. G. O'Neil and G. Hough.

Dr. J. E. Tremblay, formerly of the Police Court, and who has been residing at Anticosti for three years, having been appointed by the Government to look after the poor, is at present in the city on business. He returns in a fortnight. Fishing has been very good this year, especially salmon.

BIRTHS.

DRYSDALE—On the 29th September, 1893, at No. 305 St. Denis street, city, the wife of Mr. Henry Drysdale, of a son.

For Financial and Commercial and other Late News see Page 2.

STAY ON THE FARM.

Governor Flower Indicates How it Can Be Made Profitable to the Boys.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., September 30.—Thursday was Governor's day at the Dutchess County Fair. Governor Flower talked to the farmers on "How to Keep the Boy on the Farm." Among other things he said:

"Our high-priced lands yielded over $23 an acre in corn on an average from 1870 to 1880, and only $18 an acre from 1880 to 1890. The average value of our wheat yield from 1870 to 1880 was $20 an acre, and between 1880 and 1890 it had fallen one-quarter, to $15 an acre. "I know some farmers' boys in another part of the State who make $50 an acre by raising sweet corn for canning purposes. Why can't a number of farmers club together and establish a canning factory, out of which they can make large profit in furnishing the vegetables or fruits. No better apples, no better peaches, no better berries, hardly any better grapes are grown anywhere than those raised in New York.

Another suggestion in this line. Build cold-storage houses if you can afford them; if you can't, get a number of your neighbors to join with you and build one, charging each farmer who uses it a small price in proportion to the extent of his use. Then put in the cold-storage all the fruit you can't dispose of during the season, and along in the winter or spring bring out that fruit and sell it at the fancy prices which will then prevail in our city markets. I know farmers who keep apples in this way, and along in the winter ship them to London for splendid prices. Out at the World's Fair, in June last, I saw 110 varieties of New York apples which had been kept sound and hard in a cold-storage house since last September. I saw also a great many varieties of grapes preserved in the same way. The demand for eggs and chickens for food is almost unlimited. Get the boy an incubator, and let him hatch chickens by the wholesale. Give him all the profits he makes, and you won't find him anxious to leave the farm. Many of you farmers, I dare say, have a cold spring on your farms. Utilize it for trout ponds. This is splendid work for your boys. You can get plenty of trout to stock it with from the State Fish Commission. After the ponds are once built and stocked they will not be much care. Your boy can catch a fine mess of trout now and then, pack them in ice, ship them to New York and get a fancy price for them."

Sugar Famine Confronts Chicago.

CHICAGO, September 30.—The *Tribune* says: "Sugar is scarce in Chicago, so scarce, in fact, that a famine confronts the housewives of Chicago. The representatives of the Sugar Trust say the market is short over 1,000,000 barrels of sugar, and no relief can be looked for in the near future."

THE WEATHER.

11 a. m.—Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours: Northerly to easterly winds; fine today, becoming unsettled to-morrow, with rain.

Minimum and maximum temperatures during the past twenty-four hours: Calgary, 36, 56; Qu'Appelle, 46, 64; Winnipeg, 44, 58; Toronto, 49, 56; Montreal, 38, 56; Quebec, 32, 52; Halifax, 48, 50.

September 30, 1893.

Sun rises	5.56 a.m
Sun sets	5.43 p.m.
Last quarter moon	2nd October.
New moon	9th October.

"Star" Weather Report.

Readings by Harrison & Co.'s Standard Instruments. September 30. Thermo. Barometer.

Midnight	41°	30.18
Six a. m	43°	30.18
Noon	42°	30.20

A wealthy French merchant of St. Paul st. has just purchased the beautiful Evans Bros. carved piano that was exhibited at the Montreal Exhibition.

P. E. Layton & Bro. are the sole agents for these celebrated instruments, which are acknowledged by all experts to be the finest pianos manufactured in the Dominion. Warerooms, 2387 St. Catherine st.

Special Notices.

In pose, gesture, delivery of lines, greatness of soul, and almost lofty simplicity, Mr. Walker Whiteside's Hamlet stands out strongly. He presents it at the Queen's Monday.

Shamrocks vs. Capitals.

The decision of the league concerning last Saturday's match was published this week, but it omitted to say that the meeting had found that what had greatly contributed to the victory of the Capitals was the constant use of Kneipp's Coffee (the great modern strengthener) principally between each game on the ground. Positively this coffee must be a *Capital* article.

Take St. Denis street cars to Amherst Park. Our agents are on the grounds every day and all day. 228tf

The finest rubies come from Burmah, beryls from Russia, and turquoises from Persia.

Rich Red Blood

Is the natural result of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mrs. Mary F. Toms, of Niantic, Conn., author of a very beautiful volume of poems, entitled "Sacred Songs," says: "I find that for feeling of deadness of the limbs, constipation and poor circulation of the blood, Hood's Sarsaparilla has no rival. I have been troubled severely with a fibroid tumor, besides seven fatty tumours on my left arm. My blood was in very poor condition, watery and deficient in color. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I have good rich red blood, and do not bloat as I used to.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved its merit to me as it will to all who take it fairly."

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c. 230 1

CRYSTAL GASALIERS FOR SALE.

Two very handsome 4 light Gasaliers for private sale, may be seen at **98 St. Luke Street,** from 2 to 12 o'clock a. m., and from 6 to 8 o'clock p.m. 228x3

CLOCKS

Are useful and ornamental

WEDDING GIFTS

Whether it be a small travelling clock, a beautiful onyx or marble timepiece, or a . . . . . .

STATELY GRANDFATHER'S CLOCK,

It will find a place and be a WELCOME GUEST in the new home.

HENRY BIRKS & SONS,

235-7 St. James Street, MONTREAL.

230x1

20 PER CENT DISCOUNT.

Retiring From Business.

Gold and Silver Watches and Chains, for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Pearl and Diamond Jewellery, all the newest designs.
Sterling Silver and Electro-Plated Table Ware.
Sterling Silver and Electro-Plated Toilet Articles.
Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, Opera Glasses.
Parasols and Canes with Gold and Silver Heads.

This is a splendid chance to get a first-class article at a bargain.

W. S. WALKER,

209, 211 St. James Street.

228x3

CAN YOU BELIEVE IT?

We know it is hard to believe, and yet it is true, that every day, persons who ask for CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, have handed out to them something which looks like C-A-R-T-E-R'-S, and yet is not.

They are put up in a RED wrapper, and they closely imitate "C-A-R-T-E-R'-S" in general appearance. But it is a fraud!!!

The unsuspecting purchaser, who wants CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, because he knows their merit, and is sure of their virtues, goes home with a fraud and imitation in his pocket.

HEED THE WARNING

Don't be deceived and do not be imposed upon with an imitation of what you want. You want CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, because you know their value, and their merit. THEY NEVER FAIL.

When you go to buy a bottle of CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, ask for "C-A-R-T-E-R-S," be sure you get "C-A-R-T-E-R-S," and take nothing but the genuine CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

A positive cure for Sick Headache.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

(7)

OPERA FRANCAIS.

Opening of the Theatrical Season.
MONDAY, OCTOBER 2nd,
First "Gala Evening" offered to the subscribers.

La Fille du Tambour Major.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5th,
Second "Gala Evening."

Le Voyage de Mr. Perrichon.

Saturday: Matinee popular prices.
In rehearsal: Les Cloches de Corneville & la Grace de Dieu.
Box office: 1637 Notre Dame. Hardy's music store.
P.S. The subscriptions for the "Gala evenings" only are transferable. 230tf

SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE

CONDUCTED BY
REV. JESSE L. HURLBUT, D. D.,
—IN THE—
Y. M. C. A. Building,
OCTOBER 2nd, 3rd and 4th Next.
Monday, 4 p.m., Tuesday, 4 and 8 p.m., Wednesday, 4 p.m.

☞ Please come 15 MINUTES EARLIER at each meeting for Prayer and Praise Service.
All Welcome.
230 2 R. H. BUCHANAN, Chairman Ex. Com.

THE LADIES OF THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF THE MONTREAL FOUNDLING and INFANTS NURSERY,

Purpose holding a Sale of useful and Fancy Articles, at the Y. M. C. A. Hall in November for the benefit of the Nursery. Contributions for the Sale are earnestly solicited and may be sent to Mrs. Evans, 133 Metcalfe street, President of the Committee for the Sale.

230 1 **S. M. EVANS,** Secretary.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

REDPATH AVE., above Sherbrooke st., Beautiful residence and grounds	$35,000
DORCHESTER STREET WEST—New double House	18,000
BISHOP STREET—Charming Residence, near Sherbrooke st	15,000
ST. CATHERINE STREET WEST	$10,000 and 5,000
GLADSTONE AVE	5,000
GREENE AVE	$4,000 and 4,800
DORCHESTER AVE	3,300
MANCE ST., near Sherbrooke st	6,000
ST. HYPOLITE ST., No. 94, solid brick, 10 rooms	2,700
A great bargain. Only	

—ALSO—

Fine Country Residence, west of Cote St. Antoine. 30,000 feet; choice grapes and apple trees. Only $2,500.

JOHN A. TEES & CO.,
223x3 1724 Notre Dame Street.

CROCKERY!

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF ODDS AND ENDS.

334 St. Paul Street.

In addition to DINNER, TEA and TOILET WARE, GLASSWARE, LAMPS, Etc., we offer

THIS WEEK,

To make room, balances of richly decorated **CHINA TEA SETS, at Cost of Importation.**

JOHN L. CASSIDY & CO.,
226x3 339 & 341 St. Paul Street.

See our Parlor, Dining-room and Bedroom Furniture before placing your orders. Low prices. T. E. & A. Martin, 1924 Notre Dame st. (west of Balmoral Hotel). 229x3

Cote St. Antoine Property.

5 ARPENTS

At $1,500 Per Arpent, AND A FEW LOTS at 6 cts. per foot.

Don't miss this chance for a bargain.

JOHN A. TEES & CO.,
225x 6 1724 Notre Dame Street.

ABBE KNEIPP'S HYGIENIC COFFEE,

30 Cents per Lb. Tin.

Moet & Chandon's Best Imperial	Qts.	$34.00.	Pts.	$36.00
Moet & Chandon's White Seal	"	$31.00.	"	$33.00

A Special Consignment of this Wine has just been received.

Deinhard's Hocks.

	Qts.	Pts.
Laubenheim	$ 7.50	$ 8.50
Nierstein	8.50	9.50
Walportzheim	12.50	13.50
Rudesheim	15.50	16.50
Liebfraumilch	16.50	17.50
Hockheim	17.00	18.00
Johannesberg Castle	22.00	23.00

Deinhard's Moselle.

Steinwein	11.00	12.00

Chauvenet's Sparkling Burgundy

Ultra Sec	18.50	20.00

N. Johnston & Son's

	Qts.	Pts.
Chateau Chamfleuri	$4.50	$ —
St. Loube's	5.75	6.75
Medoc	6.00	7.00
Margaux	6.50	7.50
St. Julien	7.50	8.50
St. Estephe	8.50	9.50
Chateau Dauzac	11.00	12.00
St. Emilon	12.00	13.00
Sup. Margaux	13.00	14.00
Pontet Canet	12.50	13.50
Chateau Larose, 1885	23.00	24.00
Chateau Leoville, 1877	22.50	23.50
Chateau Margaux, 1887	27.00	28.00
Chateau Lafitte, 1887	28.00	29.00

CAVIAR OYSTERS, CRABS AND SHRIMPS. Blue Point Oysters (spiced), pint bottles, from Morgan Bros., New York. Russischer Caviar, pint tins, from N. Schirokoff. Astrachan Baratavia Shrimps. Dunbar, New Orleans, Deviled Crabs, with shells, from Hampton, Va.

Marshall's Fresh Herrings from Aberdeen. Marshall's Fresh Herrings, in Tomato Sauce, from Aberdeen.
Marshall's Yarmouth Bloaters " Marshall's Kippered Herrings from Aberdeen.

LABRADOR SMOKED SALMON, sugar cured, received twice a week, 30c per lb.

Dufresne & Mongenais

Branch Store—257 St. Lawrence Street. 221 ST. JAMES STREET.

230x1

Kensington

Montreal's West End.

The Home Seekers Opportunity

Comfort—Profit—

What $170 May Do.
Lot on Grand Boulevard.
Size, 85 x 100.
Total cost, $680
Payable in cash, $170
Payable in one year, $170
Payable in two years, $170
Balance in three years, $170
The above would give purchaser a large lot, beautifully situated, plenty of room for large lawn and garden, for an outlay of $170.00.

What $37.50 May Do.
On streets north of Sherbrooke street.
Lot 25 x 100
Total cost of lot, $150
Mortgage for 10 years at 5½ p.c. $112.50
Cash payment, $37.50
Payable in three years, $37.50
Payable in two years, $37.50
Payable in one year, $37.50
Estimated value in three years, $225.00
Payable in two years, $112.50
Payable in three years, $112.50
This low estimate, a profit of $112.50 in three years on a present outlay of $37.50.

Homes among Orchards
Sunny Sites on Grand Boulevards.
Steam Cars and Electric Road.
High Class Residential Suburb.

First Subdivision west of Cote St. Antoine
Lots high, dry, with Sandy Soil.
All sizes, prices & terms
Splendid Investment

AS AN INVESTMENT. KENSINGTON Has No Rival To-day. The advance in land values in Kensington will surely surpass those of Cote St. Antoine.

REASONS.

Montreal has now entered on an era of suburban Extension. Heavy taxes in the city limits, and the cheapness of suburban property are the principal reasons which have made a migration to the suburbs so popular. Every lot in Kensington possesses a frontage on a graded street, and is within a few minutes' walk of the electric cars. It is the first subdivision west of Cote St. Antoine, and possesses the same natural advantages as that popular district. Montreal's progress is westward, and Kensington is bound to be the favorite residential district. Lots are being sold on easy terms, and the property will be built upon by Ladies in their own names.

PARTICULARS & PLANS AT KENSINGTON SYNDICATE'S LAND OFFICE, 62 TEMPLE BUILDING, NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING.

TEMPLE BUILDING C.J. & E.H. BROWN

WEST END PROVISION STORE,

2699 St. Catherine Street.

J. H. E. DAVIS begs to return thanks for the patronage he has received, also to notify the public that his partner having retired from the business, it will in future be carried on by him alone, and that he will continue to keep the choicest stock of Groceries and Provisions in the West End; Hams, Bacon, Butter and Eggs a specialty. He hopes that very moderate prices and careful attention to the wants of his customers will secure him a large patronage.

J. H. E. DAVIS,
2699 St. Catherine St.,
Between St. Mathew and St. Mark sts. 230 6

DON'T PAY RENT.

Call and see what we offer. Our land is cheap, and only 12 minutes by Electric Car to Post Offices.

Apply

G. W. BADGLEY, Agent
The Montreal Freehold Co.,
TEMPLE BUILDING,
TELEPHONE 9365. 226x 3eod

Factory For Sale,

With Water Power.

Good buildings; water wheel, etc.; about 60 horse power property fronting on Lachine Canal, near St. Gabriel Locks.

Area 36,625 Feet.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO.,
181 ST. JAMES STREET,
MONTREAL. 230x1

TO LET.

UPPER TENEMENT.
No. 1215 St. Lawrence Street.
Containing 6 rooms, newly tinted and painted, with W.C. Rent low to a desirable tenant. Apply to
W. E. COOPER,
163 St. James Street.
Telephone 379. 196x tf

SHE WANTS A HOME

Poor woman! She has so little amusement cooped up with the children in that horrid tenement all day and all night. No yard for them to play in. No park close at hand. That is why you should buy one of those fine large lots in Durocher, Mance or Hutchison Street, or if you can afford it, in Park Avenue, which you can reach in less than 15 minutes by the Park Avenue Electric from Craig Street, and thus secure a home of your own. If you have a little money saved, come and see us, and we will show you how to do it.

McCUAIG & MAINWARING,

147 St. James Street.

21stfeod

When needing a basin, a tub or a pail,
Whether fibre or wood, be sure and don't fail,
If you want a real good one, from bottom to bail,

To Ask For **EDDY'S.**

If you want, as you do, a reliable match,
A match that will light at the very first scratch,
Just mind what I tell you, remember this catch

And Ask For **EDDY'S.**

And what is more, see that you get them.

Sticks

THE MONTREAL DAILY STAR, printed at the corner of St. George Street and Fortification Lane, is published by Hugh Graham, resident in Montreal. Publishing office, 169 and 169½ St. James street.

PROPERTY FOR SALE

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, MONTREAL, CANADA.

The Academy of Music is the best theatre in Montreal; located on ground floor; handsome, modern and conveniently situated, seating capacity nearly 2,000; area, 10,688 superficial feet. For particulars apply to

J. Cradock Simpson & Co.

Real Estate Agents,

MONTREAL, - - - CANADA.

230x1

REAL ESTATE

WE ARE INSTRUCTED TO SELL

BY AUCTION

That Comfortable Stone Front House and Outbuildings

76 ST. FAMILLE STREET.

Sale at our Rooms, 181 St. James street,

Wednesday, October 4,

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO.

228x 2eod **Real Estate Auctioneers.**

REAL ESTATE

The following property will be sold

BY AUCTION

At the Rooms, 181 St. James Street,

Wednesday, 4th October,

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK.

SUSSEX STREET.

Four very desirable building lots, having a frontage of 21 feet, 8 inches each, by a depth of 107 feet to a lane in rear. Medium sized houses on this street rent well. Easy terms.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO.

Real Estate Auctioneers. 228x 3

MONTREAL JUNCTION.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE

BY AUCTION

At the Rooms 181 St. James Street,

Wednesday, 4th October,

Lots on Gazette, Herald, Percival, Bedbrooke and Campbell Avenues.

SALE AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO.,

Real Estate Auctioneers, 228x 3

ST. GERMAIN

Sub-Division,

COTE ST. ANTOINE.

LOTS

12½

Cents per Foot.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO.

181 ST. JAMES STREET. 230x1

ST. LUKE STREET

LOTS

COTE ST. ANTOINE.

The only shallow lots in the market. These lots are practically in the City and should command City prices. We are selling them at Cote St. Antoine prices. There you avoid the excessive City taxation.

J. Cradock Simpson & Co.

181 ST. JAMES STREET. 230x1

HOUSE TO LET

Sherbrooke Street.

A first-class house with all modern conveniences, situated on the best part of Sherbrooke street (West End). Rent $750 and taxes.

Possession 1st November.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO.,
181 St. James Street.

229x4

Crescent St. House

FOR SALE.

Near Sherbrooke street.

Assessors' Valuation, - $9,500
Will Sell For - - - $8,000

Must be sold.

J. Cradock Simpson & Co.,

181 ST. JAMES STREET. 228x3

HOUSES TO LET.
OFFICES TO LET.
WAREHOUSES TO LET.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO.

181 ST. JAMES STREET. 224x6eo

Money to Lend.

5 P. C. TO 6 P. C.

FIRST MORTGAGES.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO.,

181 St. James Street. 224x6eo