

Weather Forecast:
Fine And Very Cold.

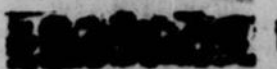
The Quebec Chronicle.

Temperatures:
Min. Zero; Max. 18.

ESTABLISHED 1764.

QUEBEC, TUESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1921.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

Patronized by H.B.H.  the House of Commons
PURE MAPLE SYRUP
Made at the Sugar, heavy, rich in color, and having a very well preserved flavor. Per gallon, \$4.45; per bottle, \$1.50.
PHEZ BRAND LOGANBERRY JUICE
Two sizes at, per bottle 50c and 75c
WELCH GRAPE JUICE
Three sizes at, per bottle 15c, 35c and 70c
A. GRENIER
'Phones 1247-1248. 94-96 ST. JOHN STREET.

BELIEVED HE HOLDS SOLUTION

Chief Detective Lapage Will Not Divulge Motive For Holland Murder

Montreal, Que., Jan. 17.—(Can. Press)—It is believed that Chief of Detectives Lapage holds the solution of the murder of Wm. A. Holland, manager for the stock broking firm of MacDoughall Brothers, who was shot and killed last Friday here, and that he will not divulge its nature until the accused, Major R. M. Griffith, is brought to trial at the next term of the court of King's Bench.

This is the statement made today by a man in close touch with events that preceded the actual shooting.

Chief Lapage, at the headquarters today, said that something was being held in reserve, when he asked Coroner McFadden not to press him too closely for information at the inquest.

E. R. D. Applebath, head of the firm of MacDoughall Brothers, stated today that he had seen the two men at his office in the morning of Friday and had ordered them out. Turning to Mr. Holland, while Griffith and Coffey were still in the room, Mr. Applebath said to his manager: "If you don't have that fellow arrested, I will; he is going to kill you some day."

On going out, Mr. Griffith opened the door with his left hand, his right hand being in his pocket. He turned to close the door with the hand he had used in opening it, and Mr. Applebath said to him: "Never mind that door; I'll see to it."

CLAIM DEFEAT OF GREEK FORCE

By Turkish Nationalists In Pitched Battle Near Eskishehr

Constantinople, Jan. 17.—The defeat of the Greek forces by the Turkish Nationalists in a pitched battle near Eskishehr, the junction of the Bagdad line with the railroad to Angora, is claimed by the Nationalist press at Angora, the Nationalist capital. The engagement occurred at Inosu, 18 miles west of Eskishehr.

The Turks, who had made considerable advances since the beginning of their offensive, some ten days ago, are now reported from Angora to be withdrawing along the entire front.

The Nationalists are reported to have recaptured Bilejak, 35 miles northwest of Eskishehr, taking 600 prisoners and capturing six guns and much material. The Greeks are said to be abandoning the hotly contested ground.

The above reports are considered here to be exaggerated, as the Smyrna have already claimed that the same fighting resulted in victory for their arms.

CONGRESS VOTED TO LIMIT ARMY'S SIZE

In The United States To Force Of 175,000 Enlisted Men

Washington, D.C., Jan. 17.—Congress voted today to limit the size of the regular army of the United States to 175,000 enlisted men.

The Senate, by a vote of 41 to 33, set aside its decision of last week to reduce the army to 150,000 men and then without a record vote, adopted the original joint resolution of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, directing the Secretary of War to cease enlistments until there are not more than 175,000 enlisted men in the regular establishment.

The House vote was 235 to 4.

Congress acted in opposition to the wishes of General Pershing who has informed the Senate Committee on military affairs that an army of 200,000 men constituted the "safety margin."

WILL GO FAR TO MOULD HISTORY

Britain And States On Verge Of Important Diplomatic Exchanges

London, Jan. 17.—The visit of Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador to the United States to London, probably is accounted for by the importance of a full exchange of views between Sir Auckland and the Government in anticipation of the inauguration of the new Administration in Washington, says the Pall Mall Gazette today.

The newspaper thinks the British Government desires the best information and advice of its representative on contingencies which are regarded as possible under the new president.

The Gazette points out that the action of the United States must be of the highest importance for Europe under several headings, including the tariff policy, treatment of the States in the future on armaments, allied debt, the attitude of the United States in the future on armaments and its disposition toward the League of Nations.

"In all these matters we may be on the verge of diplomatic exchanges that will go to mould history," the newspaper says, "and the British Government and its Ambassador are wise in leaving no possibility unexplored against the time when Mr. Harding unfolds the contents of his mental portfolio."

THE LORD'S DAY LEAGUE PROTEST

Against Propaganda Touching So-Called Blue Laws In United States

Boston, Mass., Jan. 17.—Resolutions protesting against the propaganda of misrepresentation and falsification, touching the "so-called Blue Laws which were never enacted or enforced," were adopted at a joint meeting of the Lord's Day League of New England and the Evangelical Alliance of Greater Boston, today.

Rev. H. L. Bowdoy, of New York, General Secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance of the United States, said his organization was not seeking a return to the stringent laws of the Puritans.

He said its concern was to prevent commercial interests from "putting the dollar mark across Sunday," adding "the time has come when men in public offices must draw the line between the Christian Sabbath and the Continental Sunday, which is being foisted on us."

He denied that the Alliance desired the closing of restaurants, stopping of railway traffic, or suspension of newspapers on Sunday.

He opposed Sunday theatrical performances or sacred concerts, "because there's nothing sacred about them; it's the dollar."

Governor Cox told the meeting it was his belief that Sunday should be a day of rest in which worship should have its place and time and thought should be given to making family life stronger. He said there should be consideration for those who were kept indoors during the week and needed open air on Sunday, but urged that people take such outings "as families and in a quiet and orderly way."

EX-GOVERNOR WHITMAN WINS BIG VICTORY

Gains Promise Of Police Assistance In New York Graft Probe

New York, Jan. 17.—Former Governor Whitman, appointed by District Attorney Swann to investigate reports of alleged graft and inefficiency in city and county offices, won his first important victory today when Mayor Hylan and Police Commissioner Enright promised to furnish him with the required police assistance.

The two officials were thereupon excused, for the present, from testifying before the additional grand jury before which they were subpoenaed to appear today. The subpoena followed their refusal to aid in the inquiry on the ground that it was improper for police to investigate the police department.

Meanwhile, reports that Police Commissioner Enright intended to resign, continued to gain circulation, despite the fact that they lacked authentic confirmation.

The police required by Mr. Whitman will report from duty to-morrow.

A STICKLER.

Pupil—What keeps us from falling off the earth when we are up-side-down?

Teacher—The law of gravity.

Pupil—How did the people stay on before that law was passed?

OPPOSITION TO PREMIER DRURY'S MILTON SPEECH

By Leaders In United Farmers Of Ontario Has Been Aroused

BURNABY AND MORRISON

Farmers Will Not Give Up And Return To Former Condition

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 17.—Premier E. C. Drury's speech at Milton last week in which he said he believed that the United Farmers' organization as an organization, should not go to politics, has aroused strong opposition from leaders in the United Farmers of Ontario, notably R. W. E. Burnaby, President of the U. F. O., and J. J. Morrison, U. F. O. Secretary.

Mr. Burnaby is not only head of the United Farmers of Ontario but is President of the Council of Agriculture, whose Headquarters are in Western Canada.

President Burnaby says that while "we agree with Premier Drury that the platform of the United Farmers of Ontario is big enough, broad enough and strong enough to hold all classes of the people, irrespective of their calling, the matter of admitting all and sundry into our ranks is another question."

"Almost daily," President Burnaby says, "we have instances of men trying to get into the U. F. O. organization with the hope of becoming candidates for Parliament for selfish reasons only, and some with no other apparent object than to split up the whole movement."

"I am at a loss to understand Mr. Drury's attitude in this matter. It would appear as though he has been unduly influenced by old politicians or their agents, who smile complacently every time he brings forth his new ideas, because they see in them a cause for disunion in the U. F. O., and the steady return to the old two-party system."

Secretary J. J. Morrison made the following statement:

"The position of the U. F. O. I believe to be quite clear. We have given the country a government; that government must be a government for all the people and it will be returned to power if approved by the people but if it does not hold the support of the farmers it can scarcely succeed. The farmers, I am sure, will not give up their positions and go back to their former condition, where they permitted others to dictate political direction to them."

"Mr. Drury is evidently laboring under a misapprehension. He does not see that his business is to hold the support of the farmers, and make all the other friends in the other classes that he can."

Madison Chosen

Geo. Grant Haskew, M.P.P. for East Hamilton, consented today to accept the position of House Leader of the Labor group in the Legislature, offered to him a short time ago at a conference here of the Labor M.P.P.'s and Executive officers of the Independent Labor Party.

Mr. Haskew's leadership will not extend to the Labor members of the Cabinet, but will be confined to the private members of the House. He presided at a conference of the Labor members of the Legislature here today, when matters in connection with labor legislation were considered.

Household And Fashion Hints.

Household And Fashion Hints. Housing Plan Policy Explained. Loss of Time Shows Decrease. Bible Society Annual Meeting. Thieves Steal Valuable Furs. Conditions Are Being Corrected. Heavenly Body Speeding Past. Anglican Church Vestry Meetings. Drug Importer Receives Fine. Cessation of Conversations. Latin-American Policy of U.S.A. Confession By Woman Bandit. Food Ministry Answers Charge.

Editorial: Press Comment.

Closing Dinner at Spencer Wood. Obsequies of Mr. A. C. Joseph. The Appeal In Remillard Case. Duke at Women's Canadian Club. Powers Bought by School Board. Curling Rink Is Improved. I.O.O.F. Lunch to Duchess. Social And Personal. Women's Work.

Canadians Scored Second Victory. Interest In Coming Scraps. Eight Rinks Have Entered. C.N.R. And Vickers Lost. Canadians Won Twelfth Victory.

For The Home Builder.

Royal Bank Annual Meeting. Better Business Signs Increasing.

Financial And Commercial News.

At The Theatres. Reminiscences of the Past.

TOLEDO POLICE MAKE ARRESTS

In Connection With Robbery And Murder By Six Bandits

Toledo, Ohio, Jan. 17.—Police early to-night arrested Royce Richardson, negro, who is said to have been the driver of the car used by the bandits at noon today in the robbery of A. H. Reed, a New York Central ticket agent of \$12,000, and the shooting to death of two railroad detectives, Louis Schroeder and A. E. Long. The bandits are believed to be surrounded in a house a mile from the scene of the robbery and are preparing to raid the place.

Richardson was bed when arrested. The police found \$2,300 hidden under the mattress and an additional \$125 was found on the negro when he was searched at Police Headquarters. This is about one-sixth of the amount stolen, the police say.

Vivian Larrimore, a negro, with whom Richardson is said to have been intimate, also was placed under arrest. She had \$100 in currency on her person when arrested, according to the police.

Five men were arrested late to-night in connection with the robbery when the police raided a Broadway lunch room less than a mile from the scene of the hold-up.

They are: Ed Surridge, 37, restaurant worker; Harold Stormer, 30, sailor; Jack Smith, 29, engineer; Ed Crab, 28, laborer; Ed. Foley, 18, chauffeur.

Six bandits killed two railroad officers here at noon today after holding up an automobile and seizing \$12,000 belonging to the N. Y. Central R. R. Louis Schroeder and A. E. Long were killed in resisting the highwaymen.

The police intercepted the automobile coming up town from the Union Depot with passenger fare receipts.

The six outlaws in an automobile ran the railroad automobile in to the curb and immediately poured a fusillade upon the railroad officers. Schroeder and Long were drawing their pistols when they were shot down.

TORONTO FIRM BOUGHT ALBERTAN GOLD BONDS

Price Of 96.21 Tendered For Two Million Dollars Worth

Edmonton, Alta., Jan. 17.—Two million dollars of Alberta Government gold bonds were sold today to Wood, Gunley, Company, of Toronto, at a price of 96.21. Nine tenders were submitted for the bonds. The award was made to the Toronto company on a Canadian payment basis.

The next best tender to that of the successful bidder was for American payment at a price of 100.11. This was made by Aemelus Jarvis Company.

On the basis of the accepted tender the province will pay 6.35 percent interest for the money, and the maturity of the bonds will be fifteen years. The province will save about \$15,000 a year in exchange by taking the Canadian instead of the highest amount bid, and it was considered that this, together with the advantage of keeping the business in Canada would more than offset the fact that some \$78,000 would have been realized on the sale to New York bidders.

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SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ISSUED BY LABORITES

Challenges Accuracy Of Government's Accounts Of The "Battle Of Tralee"

FIGMENT OF IMAGINATION

Serious Conflict Claimed Between Commission's Evidence And Fanciful Story

London, Jan. 17.—A supplementary report of the Irish investigating commission of the Labor Party, which recently visited Ireland to investigate conditions in that country, was issued this evening by the Labor Party. It stated that the publication of the testimony of one witness before the investigating commission resulted in a visit to his home by armed men, who, not finding the witness, proceeded to damage the furniture.

The supplementary report challenges the accuracy of the Government's account of the "battle of Tralee," drawing the conclusion that "there is serious conflict between the evidence gathered by the commission and the fanciful, highly colored story of the battle of Tralee presented in the House of Commons by the Chief Secretary."

The document cites what it indicates was a case of the deliberate faking of a photograph portraying a battle scene in order to support accounts given in the House of Commons. The report says the photograph in question has been suppressed, but it recounts how it pictured a wounded cadet and two dead Sinn Féin prisoners in the background.

The report declares that this photograph appeared in many newspapers and was variously labelled as "A picture from the Kerry front" and "An illustration of the battle of Tralee."

"What we wish emphasized," says the report, "is that this photograph purports to have been taken in South-West Ireland."

Attention is then called to a photograph included in the report showing a junction of two roads just outside Dublin City. The report adds that this exact scene, with the addition of the people referred to above, which has appeared as a picture of the battle of Tralee. There is no such scene in the vicinity of the "battleground." We do not know who arranged for the taking of the photograph outside Dublin, but we understand that its publication would give an air of verisimilitude to the story of an encounter as described by Sir Hamar Greenwood (Chief Secretary for Ireland)."

With reference to the attempted victimization of a witness examined by the Commission, the report says: "About 1 o'clock in the morning following the publication of the evidence in the newspapers, we are informed from a trustworthy source that a number of armed men burst into the house where the witness lived. Fortunately for him he was not there; but the men damaged the furniture and other effects in the house, and on leaving, one of them said: 'Tell him we will get him, and when we do we will guarantee that he will give no more evidence. We will make a clean job the next time.'"

"This scandalous incident," the report adds, "illustrates the perils of giving evidence on the goings of the armed forces of the Crown. We regret that an attempt should have been made to victimize a witness, whose only offense was that he told the Commission of his experience with agents of the British Government."

NEWFOUNDLAND TIRED OF ASKING FOR AID

From Colonial Office In Obtaining Markets For Its Fish

London, Jan. 17.—(Can. Am. Press)—Hon. W. Coaker, Minister of Marine and Fisheries for Newfoundland, on landing at Liverpool today on his mission to further the colony's trade in Europe, said that his country was tired of asking the aid of the colonial office in obtaining markets for Newfoundland fish.

"The attitude of the Colonial Office was, he said, courteous but its activities were futile. Portugal has done more for Newfoundland trade in the last ten years than Great Britain in the last hundred years."

Mr. Coaker declared that if a vote were taken in Newfoundland today for a trade treaty with the United States, it would be carried by a two to one majority.

GREAT DIRIGIBLE FOR UNITED STATES

Washington, D.C., Jan. 17.—The great dirigible R-38, building in England for the United States Navy will be completed in March and probably will start across the Atlantic early in July, the House Naval Committee was informed today by Captain T. D. Craven, Director of Naval Aviation. The dirigible at Lakehurst, N.J., which will house the crew, will be ready for occupancy July 1, Captain Craven said.

Today's Events

Rt. Rev. Julius W. Atwood today celebrates his tenth anniversary as Episcopal bishop of Arizona.

Vice President-elect Coolidge has accepted an invitation to speak today before the Vermont Historical Society, at Montpelier.

Patrick M. Neff will be inaugurated governor of Texas today in succession to W. P. Hobby.

TWELVE HUNDRED WAR CEMETERIES

Canadian Soldiers Are Or Will Be Buried In Many Of These

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 17.—(Canadian Press)—Twelve hundred cemeteries scattered across France and Belgium will be constructed by the Imperial War Graves Commission as final resting places for the thousands of soldiers of the British Empire who fell during the war. Some of these cemeteries have been completed under the direction of distinguished architects, but by far the greater number is yet to be constructed. In many of these cemeteries Canadian soldiers are or will be buried, and some of them will be composed largely, if not entirely of Canadian graves. As the record of each cemetery is completed by the military authorities, it is handed over to the Imperial War Graves Commission for marking, beautification and care.

When a cemetery is completed a register is compiled, neatly bound in book form, containing photographs and descriptive matter in regard to the cemetery, and an alphabetical list of the soldiers buried there, with full particulars of rank, regiment, age, date of death, location of grave, names of next of kin. These registers, when complete form a complete roll of the cemetery. One copy, bound in leather, is left at the cemetery, other copies being sent to public libraries and institutions of that nature, while still others have been sold, on application, at the cost of production.

The Canadian Government, having seen samples of the registers and realizing what treasured possessions they will be to relatives of soldiers who are buried in the cemeteries overseas, have decided to purchase sufficient copies of the register of each soldier buried in the cemetery. Arrangements have consequently been made to have supplies sent to Ottawa, as each register is completed. They will be distributed to the nearest relative of each soldier buried in the cemetery. Arrangements have consequently been made to have supplies sent to Ottawa, as each register is completed. They will be distributed to the nearest relative from Ottawa.

REPORT UNFOUNDED

Rome, Jan. 17.—It was semi-officially announced today that there is no foundation in a report from Belgrade that the Italian Government requested the Yugoslav Government to suspend the application of the treaty of Rapallo until late in the spring.

ILLNESS OF EX-EMPEROR

The Hague, Jan. 17.—Dr. Kah, Secretary-General to the Minister of Interior, has gone to the home of former Emperor William of Germany, to discuss certain matters relating to the illness of the former Emperor.

The Weather.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 17.—The disturbance centered over New Brunswick this morning, is moving in a northeast course over Newfoundland tonight, attended by moderate gales with rain and snow over the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the Maritime Provinces. The cold wave is centered tonight over Lake Superior and decidedly cold weather will prevail in Eastern Canada tomorrow.

Temperatures:

	Min.	Max.
Dawson	10	30
Prince Rupert	16	28
Victoria	22	38
Vancouver	32	38
Kamloops	16	26
Calgary	14	2
Edmonton	20	Zero
Battleford	22	2
Prince Albert	22	6
Saskatoon	22	6
Regina	22	4
Winnipeg	32	8
Medicine Hat	8	18
Moose Jaw	15	8
Port Arthur	16	2
White River	24	Zero
Parry Sound	8	Zero
London	13	19
Toronto	7	14
Kingston	4	8
Ottawa	4	6
Montreal	2	14
Quebec	2	Zero
St. John	5	22
Halifax	2	42

(* below zero.)

Forecasts:

Lower Lakes—Moderate northerly winds, fine and decidedly cold.

Georgian Bay—Local snow flurries but mostly fair and decidedly cold.

Ottawa Valley—Upper and Lower St. Lawrence—Moderate north and northwest winds; fine and very cold.

Gulf and North Shore—Decreasing northwest winds, fair and decidedly cold.

Maritime Provinces—Decreasing northwest and west winds, local snow flurries, but mostly fair and decidedly cold.

Lake Superior—Fair and decidedly cold.

Western Provinces—Local snow falls or flurries and not so cold.

BARGAIN DAYS IN FURS

FOUR MORE GROUPS OF FUR COATS

At Specially Attractive Prices

\$150. Electric Seal Coats, made from selected skins. The deep shawl collar and cuffs are also in seal—Various lengths. Formerly Marked \$835. For this week **\$150.**

\$140. Russian Pony Coats, smart little models in 32-inch length, the collars and cuffs are developed in handsome Opossum. Very newest styles. Formerly marked \$295. For this week **\$140.**

\$350. Hudson Seal Coats, large shawl collar and cuffs of Opossum enhance the beauty of these garments, which are some of our most recent models. Formerly priced \$660. For this week **\$350.**

\$400. Hudson Seal Coats, handsome 45-inch models, made from selected soft-pelted skins. Trimmed with Kolinsky, Squirrel or Fitch. Formerly selling \$835. For this week **\$400.**

\$500. The balance of our pretty wash blouses, including a few handmade French blouses. Less.... **50%**

DRESSES Pretty Scotch Gingham, also a few in muslin and voile. Formerly sold for \$12.50 to \$42.50. Now.... **\$7.50**

SPORT SUITS 11 only, sports models, in tricolette, light shades, also a few Shantung Suits. **\$57.50, \$75.00, \$85.00.** For **\$29.50**

SKIRTS In gabardine, poret twill, also in Baronet Satin, Kumsi-kumsa silk and wash satin. **50%** Now less

Equally attractive reductions on all other lines.

Holt, Renfrew & Co. Limited

Practical Silver!

Sheffield Plate is attracting the attention of thrifty home-keepers everywhere because of the wonderful new designs and practical wearing qualities.

For Your Home

Economy is one of the salient features of Sheffield Silver. Being somewhat more substantial than most like pieces in Sterling, it is none the less attractive or durable. We commend our present showing to you for careful consideration.

16 Fabrique Street. Jewellers. Opposite City Hall. 16 Fabrique St. Opp. City Hall

Medals, Cups, Shields, Trophies

Men interested in sporting events will find our stock of prizes attractive.

We have medals or cups suitable for all sports, summer or winter.

Prizes for Euchre, Bridge and Tournaments.

Come in and see our stock, there is always something new for we keep our display up to date.

G. SEIFERT & SONS,

Delegates from six States are expected at Knoxville, Tenn., today for the annual convention of the Lee Highway Association.

The thirty-second annual New York Poultry Show, the greatest held annually in the world, will be opened today in Madison Square Garden.

What constitutes the "well-dressed man" will be one of the topics before the annual convention of the Merchant Tailors Designers' Association, opening today in Chicago.

Today will be celebrated the fifteenth anniversary of the proclamation of the German empire at Versailles, and it is expected that an effort will be made to turn the occasion to the advantage of the monarchy.

Conventions Opening Today: Minneapolis—Northwestern Lumbermen's Association. Knoxville, Tenn.—Lee Highway Association. Des Moines—Iowa Engineering Society. Fargo, N.D.—Tri-State Grain Growers' Association. Reading, Pa.—Pennsylvania Association of Master Painters. New York—Regional Conference of W.C.T.U. Fargo, N.D.—Minnesota State Dairy Societies. Winnipeg—Dominion Agricultural Societies. Winnipeg—Manitoba Bee Keeping Association.

Your Choice Of Our Entire Stock Of Uncalled-For Suits & O'coats

If you want to buy yourself a good dependable Suit or a comfortable Overcoat. And if you want to save a lot of money on the purchase, buy it NOW—TODAY—at our SALE of Uncalled-for Suits and Overcoats.

We don't care what kind of a garment you want, you will most likely find it here. We have conservative and extreme styles, all at one price that is really startling. Obey that impulse—come today.

Any Uncalled-For Suit or O'Coat

\$14
Your Choice
One Price ONLY

All Blue Serge Suits
Values Up to \$45 Included
Odd Coats Odd Vests Odd Pants
Your \$5.95 Choice Your \$1.50 Choice Your \$3.95 Choice

These Prices are Less than the Cost of Material alone
**English & Scotch
Woollen Co.**

288 St. Joseph St., Quebec, Que.

Out-of-Town Men You will save many dollars by attending our Uncalled-For Suits and Overcoat Sale.

A QUAIN SUIT FOR THE LITTLE GIRL



(By GERTRUDE BERSFORD)

This picturesque little suit is originated in French blue Velours de laine. The coat cut with dropped armholes, is cut lined with black velvet ribbon. Around this there is a narrow piping of white leather which adds the novelty of the trimming. Ermine fur is chosen for the collar and cuffs. The dress shows the skirt bound with black velvet ribbon and topped by a piping of the white leather. The bodice is a rather tight-fitting affair. About the collar a very short sleeves the black and white decoration appears again. A hat of black velvet is worn with this suit.

Inexpensive Meat Dishes

(By LORETTO C. LYNCH)
An Acknowledged Expert in All Matters Pertaining to Household Management.

In the colder days, the housewife casts about for substantial meat dishes to serve on the family board. Yet in many parts of our country meat is still high. There are, however, some excellent meat dishes that may be made at a moderate cost.

Select the heart from a healthy beef creature. Wash it thoroughly and then remove arteries and veins, washing it again if necessary, to free it from blood. Make a stuffing of bread crumbs, chopped onion and parsley and a few savory herbs. Moisten the stuffing with water, milk or melted fat. Put the stuffing into the heart and sew it securely.

Brown in an iron pan in a little pork or other fat. Add a sprinkling of well-seasoned flour and brown a moment longer. Partly cover the heart with water. Cover, and cook slowly until tender. Serve with a nice brown gravy made from the liquid in the pot.

Another palatable dish is called "hot pot of mutton and barley." Cut one pound of mutton into small pieces and brown with three cut-up onions in a little of the fat cut from the meat. Pour this into a covered saucepan, add two quarts of water, and one-half cup of pearl barley. Simmer for one and one-half hours and then add four potatoes cut into quarters. Add celery to pand any other seasoning home you desire. Cook one-half hour longer.

From the lamb there are certain by-products that ought to be more frequently called for at the market by the thrifty housewife. Pickled lamb tongues are popular served cold, and the tongues, once cooked, are both delicate and savory. The kidneys are sliced, soaked in cold water and then dressed with onions and carrots a dish very popular in England. The hearts may be stuffed, boiled and browned with salt pork.

The liver is sliced, soaked in salt water and fried as is calf's liver. The brains are often scrambled with eggs. It is best to simmer brains before using them. The addition of a little lemon juice or vinegar will both whiten them and make them firm.

Swiss steak is another economical dish worth trying. But two pounds of round of veal steak, cut two inches in thickness. Pound one-half cup of flour into the meat with a wooden potato masher or the edge of a heavy plate. Heat one-fourth of a cup of ham or bacon drippings. Brown the meat on each side in it and onion, a half cup of green pepper finely chopped, two cups of boiling water and one cup of strained tomatoes.

Cover closely and simmer two hours. Other vegetables as desired may be added. The dish may be cooked in a casserole. A lamb steak may be substituted and a teaspoon of curry added for seasoning. But who does not appreciate a well-made savory beef stew? Select one pound of flank, rump or plate. Have the butcher cut it up into suitable size pieces. Wipe the meat with a cloth wrung out of salt water. Wash the meat in a pan of water or in running water permits decided losses of the food value. Drain the meat with well-seasoned flour. Cut some of the fat into small pieces and heat in the frying pan.

Add the meat and stir constantly until the meat is well-browned. Transfer to a cook pot. Rinse the frying pan with boiling water, boil five minutes, then cook at low temperature until meat is tender (about three hours). Add some carrot, turnip and onion the last hour of cooking. Parboil four potatoes, cut into one-quarter inch cubes, for five minutes, and then add to stew fifteen minutes before taking from the fire. If dumplings are added,

HORSE VALUES HAVE INCREASED

Extraordinary Conditions Now
Prevail in Both England
And France

Thomas Welsh, who recently returned from an extended visit abroad on behalf of Joseph B. Widener, of Philadelphia, for whom he trains found an extraordinary condition in England and in France in connection with the breeding and racing of thoroughbreds. Welsh spent much time in France prior to the war, when Widener maintained a breeding farm and raced an extensive stable there. He has been a patron of the big English sales in search of desirable blood stock for his employer for many years past. In speaking of the Newmarket sales, where values ran to sensational heights, culminating in the payment of the record breaking price of 16,000 guineas for eight-year-old mare Salamandra, by St. Frusquin, out of Electra, by Eager, the dam of Orpheus, the winner of the Champion Stakes, Welsh said:

"The bidding of the lots that were considered desirable was sensational. Values seemed nothing when a certain individual was wanted. Mares that would in ordinary times bring 1,000 guineas went for three, four and even five times that allow fifteen minutes for cooking. To make dumplings for stew, sift together two measuring cups of flour with four level teaspoons of baking powder and one-half teaspoon of salt. Stir in enough milk or water to make a soft dough. Drop spoonfuls of dough on the stew and cook for fifteen minutes in the covered pot.

"Sensational values for thorough-

If You Suffer Take
a course of the famous Beecham's Pills. Prompt relief often follows the first dose. People everywhere are proving the value of BEECHAM'S PILLS. In boxes, 25c, 50c. Largest Sale of any Medicine in the World.

figure. The market appeared to be dominated by an entirely new element—men who had made money during the war and were eager to establish themselves in racing. It was a fortunate thing that American breeders secured so much good blood within the last few years, as present prices are prohibitive.

Magnate Forces Figures.
"The bidding on Salamandra brought into prominence once more the Russian oil magnate, L. A. Mantacheff. He forced her to the record figure for brood mares at auction in any country. Mr. Mantacheff had some horses in training in both England and France prior to the war. Shortly after hostilities began he disappeared.

"His horses were sold for feeding and training bills, and it was thought at one time that he was dead. Now he is back again operating on a larger scale than ever before. There are a lot more like him, especially in France where the only really old-timer that is racing a big stable is James Hennessy, who by the way, has a good horse in Sourbier, by Georges.

"Most of the others taking part in French racing are newly rich. Those of the old regime that are left are conserving their interests and hoping for better days. It is necessary that they should, with the franc worth only a trifle more than 3 cents, as against 20 cents in normal times.

Among the stallions to which subscriptions have been booked are

breeds abroad," resumed Welsh. "are not confined to breeding material. Horses capable of winning races are sky high. There are no more \$1,000 selling platers. Many horses in selling races in England during the Autumn were bid up to \$7,500. Values at home are in the increase, too, and that brings up the matter of racing programs for the coming season.

"There should be races where an owner can run a horse that is between a handicap horse and a cheap selling plater. Races with a top price of \$5,000 or even \$10,000 would fill, and furnish good sport. There should be some of these at all of our tracks.

American Jockey Worried.
"I saw Frankie O'Neill, the crack American rider, several times during my stay in France. He is greatly worried over his suspension by the stewards of the French Jockey Club for getting left at the post on a favorite. He is under contract to ride for Mr. Macomber, and is naturally anxious to know where he stands. He was leaving for Switzerland for the Winter the same day as I left for the English sales. Yes, I visited the Macomber stables, and saw Meddlesome Maid and other members of the string. The mare is reckoned one of the best stayers abroad.

"You know she was bred by Mr. Widener, and I had her in my charge as a youngster. She is a big mare, on the coarse order, and stands with her hocks well back. She can run through, and no route is too long for her. Her sire, old Irish Lad, is still alive and hearty. I am told, at Mrs. Dursey's place in France. Because of the showing of Meddlesome Maid he should be well patronized from now on."

It would appear that Mr. Widener was fortunate in having bought a number of the best mares available in the United States last Fall. They were secured in Kentucky, at prices that now seem trivial in comparison with values at the recent Newmarket sales. The Philadelphia sportsman still has a number of mares in France and England, which will be sent to the best foreign sires.

Among the stallions to which subscriptions have been booked are

RHEUMATISM FOR OVER 16 YEARS

No Return Of The Trouble
Since Taking "Fruit-a-lives"

108 CHURCH ST., MONTREAL.
"I was a great sufferer from Rheumatism for over 16 years. I consulted specialists; took medicine; used lotions; but nothing did me good. Then I began to use 'Fruit-a-lives', and in 15 days the pain was easier and the Rheumatism much better. Gradually, 'Fruit-a-lives' overcame my Rheumatism; and now, for five years, I have had no return of the trouble. I cordially recommend this fruit medicine to all sufferers."

P. H. Mc HUGH.
50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

Rabelais, the sire of many fine horses abroad, and of his own speed, Naturalist, Mares have also been booked to Durbar, the son of Rabelais, with which the late Harry B. Dursey won the English Derby. Harry of Hereford is another good horse that will be patronized. The bulk of Mr. Widener's breeding, however, will be done at his new farm in the heart of the blue grass region in Kentucky.

PRESERVE HUDSON BAY FORT.
Langley Fort, B. C., January 17—Civil authorities have asked for the co-operation of the Art and Historical Association, the Hudson Bay company and the Canadian National Railway in making arrangements to preserve the old Hudson Bay fort here. It is the oldest Hudson Bay fort on the mainland of British Columbia and the scene of the first white settlement.

ON THE SECOND FLOOR OF OUR STORE

In Preceding Advertisements
We Promised You Surprises
Which Pleased You.

Come Tomorrow, and Thereafter, There Are
Other Surprises in Store For You.

House Dresses, valued at \$1.58 from \$2.50 to \$4.00, for	Silk and Serge Dresses, \$9.90 values from \$15. to \$25. for	Silk and Serge Dresses, \$14.90 values \$25. to \$35., for
Muslin and Marquisette Dresses, values from \$10. to \$20. \$3.48 for	Silk and Serge Dresses, extra quality, values from \$35. to \$60., for	Muslin and Marquisette Dresses, values from \$20. to \$35., \$6.48 for

LADIES' DUCK SUITS, values from \$10.00 to \$20.00, \$2.48 for

Plaid Silk Skirts, values from \$20. to \$38., for	Silk Skirts, black and navy blue, values from \$8. to \$15., for	Crepe de Chine Blouses, values from \$6. to \$10., for
Plaid Silk Skirts, values from \$12. to \$25., for	Silk or Poplin Skirts, values from \$6. to \$10., for	Ladies' Serge Suits, value \$12.48 \$30.00, for

Silk Underskirts, values from \$8. to \$10., for	Silk Underskirts, values from \$10. to \$14., for
\$3.48	\$6.48

LADIES' SERGE SUITS, values from \$35. to \$40., \$18.48 for

And the remainder of the assortment at 50% reduction.

LADIES' RAINCOATS, values from \$12.00 to \$20.00, for \$7.90

FRENCH LINGERIE, 50% Discount.

Jules Garvin
183 St. Joseph St.
Representing Semi-ready - - QUEBEC

Classified Advs.

WANTED

SITUATION WANTED

Frenchman, aged 27, single, capable Bookkeeper, Salesman and Correspondent; experienced in Cotton, Wood, Iron, Metal and Machines. Speaking and writing, also good English and German. Replies to "S.W.B." care J. W. Vickers & Co., Ltd., 5 Nicholas Lane, London, S.E., England.

WANTED—For 1st May or sooner, a small house or flat of 6 or 7 rooms unfurnished. Must be in good locality. Address "House" care Chronicle. Jan18x3

High-Class Specialty Salesman Wanted. Apply with references to J.L. care Chronicle. Jan17x3

PROFESSIONAL

Dr. Harry Morell, 56 St. Louis Street. Hours 2-4 and 7-8 p.m. Telephone 330W. Nov19x3

TO LET

HOUSE TO LET.

House No. 142 St. Anne St. (Corner of D'Auteuil and St. Anne Sts.)—in good order,—hot water heating and electric light.

On view daily from 2.30 to 5 P.M.

For particulars and permits to view, apply to

Meredith & Meredith, Notaries Public. Jan12x1w.

TO LET—Dwelling, 6 rooms and bath room, heated, all modern conveniences. Apply 11, Haldimand Apartments, or 25 Mont Carmel, Tel. 7239 or 7242. Jan15x3

TO LET—A two storey brick house, No. 124 Dalhousie Street, suitable for lunch counter and souvenire store, from May 1st, 1921. Apply to Secretary, Harbor Commission, Quebec. Jan15x3

TO LET—Furnished rooms, very centrally located at 10 St. Ursule St., Upper Town, Phone 5231.W. Jan11x3

FURNISHED ROOMS — Light, sunny and comfortable, heated, continuous hot water in the bath room. Location advantageous, good service. Well patronized. Telephone 5252. W. S. RICHARDSON, 138 St. Anne St., Quebec. Sept15x3

OFFICES TO LET—The second and third floors of the Levis Ferry building, Dalhousie St. For particulars apply to Geo. Trudel, City Hall. Sept. 21st.

FOR SALE

HOUSE FOR SALE — Situated No. 3 d'Arny, solid brick house, in good condition, good yard. Price \$3,200.00. Address No. 3 d'Arny. Jan17x6

FOR SALE—Three flat house for sale. Party leaving town. Apply by letter to Box 75, Chronicle Office. Jan17x3

FOR SALE—A house containing 2 dwellings of 5 and 7 rooms respectively at 247-249 St. Oliver street with spacious yard and stable, lot 77x60. Apply to 247 St. Oliver St. Jan15x3

FOR SALE—Residence No. 28 St. Denis Avenue (Cape)—3 rooms, bathroom and pantry. Two built-in black walnut book-cases, furnace, gas, electric light. Apply J. M. Johnston, 29 St. Genevieve Avenue. Phone 760. Jan13x3

HOUSES FOR SALE—No. 323 Grande Allee, nine rooms, fine garden; No. 97 St. Cyrille street, eight rooms; Building lots on Laurier Avenue. For particulars, apply to Meredith & Meredith, 46 Dalhousie St. 11x1w

FOR SALE OR TO LET

An important place of business formerly occupied by the firm of A. Carrier & Fils, Commercial Agent, Levis, opposite the Post Office and the Ferry. Including offices (with vault) on the first two floors, a dwelling on the third, cellar, yard, large four-story shed, equipped with an electric elevator. The whole may be rented in block, or in parts to one or more tenants. Possession on May 1st. Offices may perhaps be available earlier. Apply to Robert Carrier, Post Office, Levis, Que. Jan10x1m

All uncalled for suits and Overcoats from our 30 branches throughout Canada will be sold at \$14.00 each. Odd trousers \$2.95. Odd vests \$1.50. In many cases this price is less than 1-3 their actual value. Merchants buy these goods for resale to their customers. Wise men will buy 2 or 3 suits and an overcoat at this price. For sale at 281 St. Joseph St. ENGLISH & SCOTCH WOOLLEN CO. Dec30x1m.

GOODS FOR SALE

CLOTH, CLOTH, CLOTH—Do your women folks have materials in good quality for their dresses and suits? We have thousands of yards that will be sold as low as \$2.75 per yard, half regular price, in goods 54 to 56 inches wide. This is an excellent opportunity to get materials in better qualities than usually found in women's fabrics and also take care of the children's needs. Call at our store address, 281 St. Joseph St. ENGLISH & SCOTCH WOOLLEN CO. Dec30x1m.

PERSONAL

MARRY—For speedy marriage, absolutely the best, largest in the country, established 16 years; thousands wealthy members, both sexes, wishing early marriage; confidential descriptions free. The Old Reliable Club, Mrs. Wurble, Box 26, Oakland, Calif. Jan15x3

AFFECTIONATE, Wealthy young lady wishes to correspond with a single gentleman; object matrimony Box 73, Arc Stn., Los Angeles, Calif.

MAY APPOINT DANCE CENSOR.
Springfield, Jan. 17.—Agitation over alleged immorality at public dances in this city, the drive starting with criticism of State Army officers by officials of the Y.W.C.A. across the street, reached a climax today when Mayor Leonard announced that he would confer with police chief Quilty to work out a plan to eliminate objectionable features of certain dances.

Mayor Leonard said a private investigation had convinced him that worse conditions existed in hotel private parties than anywhere else. He has under serious consideration the appointment of a dance censor, whose duty it will be to keep track of public dances and see that objectionable features of any such assemblies are eliminated or the dances stopped.

HOUSING PLAN FULLY EXPLAINED

Mr. Oscar Morin Gave Interesting And Instructive Address Here Last Night

A clear, concise and practical explanation of the Federal Housing Loan of twenty five million dollars placed at the disposal of the different provinces of Canada, and more particularly of the sums of \$1,000,000 and \$1,000,000, which are the allotments of the Province and City of Quebec respectively, was made in the Recorder's Court Room at the City Hall last night by Mr. Oscar Morin, Deputy Minister of Municipal Affairs, and Provincial Director of Housing.

Mr. Morin was the guest of the Quebec Tenants' Association, whose President, Mr. J. B. Turbide, occupied the chair and introduced the speaker.

On completing his review of the housing act, Mr. Morin invited these present to ask any questions concerning points upon which they wished further information.

A number of questions were asked by those present which were promptly and satisfactorily answered by Mr. Morin.

Mr. C. J. Lockwell wished to know what had been the cause of failure of the loan in Quebec.

Mr. Morin said that the law had not been a failure. There was still time for action and he was confident that Quebec would eventually wake up. The greatest obstacle to the progress of the movement was undoubtedly the fact that individuals were not permitted to build a house of two dwellings, and coupled with this was the high cost of construction.

In this connection he thought that there was a ray of hope, as there was a chance that the Federal Director of Housing would finally permit the erection by individuals of houses of two dwellings.

Mr. Lockwell suggested that the rate of interest be reduced from 5 percent to 4 percent and that the sinking fund be made payable over a period of forty years instead of twenty years. As the law stood now a working man would have to pay from \$400 to \$450 a year, but with the plan suggested it would not cost an individual more than from \$20 to \$22 a month.

He affirmed that there was a shortage of from 1,200 to 1,500 dwellings in Quebec, and deplored the fact that the working men in general took such little interest in the matter.

Mr. Morin said that to carry out the suggestion made by Mr. Lockwell, the City Charter, the Federal and Provincials Acts, would have to be amended. Several questions asked Mr. Morin pertinent questions and before the meeting adjourned, Mr. Turbide, the Chairman, and Mr. Allyn Tachereau, complimented Mr. Morin on his interesting and instructive discourse.

Mr. Morin assured his audience that they would always find the Minister, the Government and himself ready to do all in their power to have full advantage taken of the housing loan, but he remarked that arrangements had first to be made with the City Council.

Ald. Lesage said that while the Mayor was not present he knew that the Chief Magistrate and the members of the City Council were well disposed to do all in their power to have full advantage taken of the housing loan, but he remarked that arrangements had first to be made with the City Council.

Mr. Morin's Address.

After a few appropriate introductory remarks, Mr. Morin explained that the Federal Government voted a sum of twenty-five millions to be distributed among the Provinces according to population. The share of the Province amounted to \$1,000,000. This money was advanced to the municipalities through the medium of the latter, and in twenty years the latter would have to reimburse Ottawa.

The municipalities in turn were responsible for their share. The report of the Ministry of Municipal Affairs showed that advances had been made to 35 municipalities. This was included in the number of municipalities which had accepted the loan. Twelve municipalities had adopted programs for the employment of the grant:—They were Cap de la Madeleine, Chicoutimi, Drummondville, East Angus, Grand Mere, Montreal East, Point aux Trembles, Ste. Anne de Bellevue, St. Lambert, Sherbrooke, St. Laurent, La Tuque.

About 250 housing units were built in 12 municipalities during the year 1920. In making the grant the Federal Government imposed certain conditions, and among them the one which caused much annoyance and aroused protests, leading many municipalities to either refuse or fail to take advantage of the grant was the condition that no individual could build, with this money, more than one dwelling which he was obliged to occupy with his family.

An individual was not permitted to build two dwellings in flats or otherwise.

The City of Quebec's share of the grant of nearly seven millions made to the Province, was one million dollars. The City had not yet taken the allotment of the City and might be leased or sold by the City.

This was what was done by the towns of Montreal-East, Cap de la Madeleine, Drummondville, Pointe aux Trembles, East Angus and St. Laurent.

2. The municipality may loan to housing companies, specially organized for the purpose, under the authority of the Act 4, George V. Chapter 47. Companies which obtain grants from municipalities may build according to the law and are not affected by the restriction regarding the number of dwellings. They may build several dwellings, either in flats or semi-detached.

When a municipality loans the entire sum to one company it has the same result as if it had loaned the sum to several companies, and must have the necessary organization to administer all the houses, during the twenty years covering the reimbursing of the loan.

The plan was adopted by Grand Mere, Ste. Anne de Bellevue, Sherbrooke, and St. Lambert.

3. Finally, the whole may be distributed in whole or in part, to individuals who apply for it. This plan was adopted by St. Lambert and Grand Mere for a part of the grant, and by La Tuque for the whole grant.

An individual who wishes to build a house and profit by the advantages of the law must proceed as follows: He must apply to the municipal authorities at the City Hall and show that he is solvent and that he wishes to build a house to be occupied by himself and his family.

If the Council accepts, he is entitled to a maximum of 80 percent of \$4,500, or \$3,600 if he intends to build of solid materials. If he does not intend to build of solid materials, he is entitled to 80 percent of \$3,600 or \$2,880, according to the case, and according to the number of rooms.

The individual must contribute, on his part, in money, 20 percent or \$900. He may supply the land and its value will be applied to the 20 percent.

Thus the workman who wishes to build a house costing \$4,500 including the land, will receive from the City \$3,600 and he must contribute the difference, that is, \$900. If he owns a lot worth \$600, he must, before receiving a single cent from the city, pay \$300 to complete the 20 percent exacted by the law.

Nothing prevents a person from building a house costing \$3,000 or \$6,000, but the amount of the loan from the city will not be more than 80 percent of \$4,500 which is the maximum permitted by the law.

When the application of the individual has been agreed to in principle by the City Council, a plan must be submitted and accepted by the municipality and the Director of Housing. A contract must also be passed with the Council in a form that is likewise approved by the Director of Housing.

The work is begun within a period prescribed, and the city advances the money, and an estimate of its architect, according to the work progresses.

Conditions of Loan.

The conditions of the loan are as follows: The interest of the loan is 5% yearly, and the loan is reimbursable in 20 years by means of an annual sinking fund which represents about 2 1/4%, since this sinking fund will be deposited at the office of the Provincial Treasurer who allows 5% on these funds.

The individual agrees to a mortgage on the property in favor of the city to protect the latter on the loan. He must likewise keep the house insured against fire. He must pay the municipal and school taxes and provide for necessary repairs.

All the charges represent about 11% per year of the capital borrowed from the city, divided as follows: Interest, 5%; sinking fund, 2 1/4%; Municipal and school taxes, 2 1/4%; Insurance, 1/4%; maintenance, 1/4%.

Thus, a loan of \$3,600, being the maximum, would cost an individual, \$396, per year, for 20 years; but it must be considered that he pays this capital by means of a sinking fund, and that the said sinking fund nets him the same rate of interest that he pays to the city.

The City may make arrangements with the individual to make the interest and sinking fund payable in allotments months, semi-annually or annually; but for the Government the City must pay the interest on January 1st and on July 1st each year, and the sinking fund on the 1st of January.

ENJOYABLE DANCE AT SANSFIELD CLUB

Most Successful Social Affair Yet Held By Club—Large Assemblage Enjoy "The Time Of Their Lives"

Lovers of a real good time turned out in large number last night to attend the Sansfield dance and to say that everyone had a good time is putting it mildly. The commodious hall was tastefully decorated and illuminated by colored lights, giving a splendid effect. The floor was in fine shape and Harry's Jazz band furnished an excellent programme of dance music. The waltzes especially were all that could be desired.

LOSS OF TIME SHOWS DECREASE

For December 1920 Over 1919 As Result Of Industrial Disputes

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 17.—(Canadian Press).—The time lost due to industrial disputes was less during December 1920 than during the previous month of November, or during December 1919, according to figures published in the Labor Gazette. There were in existence during the past month ten strikes, involving about 1,554 people and resulting in a time loss of 14,684 days. In November 1920 there were double the number of strikes, involving 1,959 people, and resulting in a time loss of 23,542 days, and in December 1919, 22 strikes, 3,296 work people and 51,853 days. At the end of December 1920, there were on record four strikes involving about 379 workers. At the beginning of December, 1920, unemployment among trade unions was 10 per cent of the total membership as compared with 5.99 per cent at the beginning of November, and 3.58 per cent at the beginning of December 1919. According to returns received from about 5,000 firms there was a continued steady decrease in the general average of employment throughout the month.

DRUG IMPORTER RECEIVED FINE

For Having Unlawfully Made Gift To Official Of Government

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 17.—A fine of \$300, was imposed on L. Deglise, a Montreal drug importer, by Mr. Justice Ross, in the Supreme Court of Canada today, after the jury had found Deglise guilty of having unlawfully made a gift to an official of the Department of Trade and Commerce. The judge said it was quite possible to commit a crime under the Statute without having any intention of wrong doing, and consequently he dealt leniently in this case.

Deglise was charged with having made a gift of two boxes of cigars and \$100 to an official of the Government within a year of a time when he had dealing with a Department of the Government. William Gilchrist, formerly in charge of Import Licenses, in the Canadian Trade Commission, stated that when the importation of narcotic drugs was prohibited except by a departmental license, Deglise had made application to him for a license to import drugs from England.

The Department required a statement of previous imports before licenses were issued and was not satisfied with Deglise's statements regarding 8,000 pounds of opium imported the previous year by him. Two licenses were issued for small amounts, but further licenses were refused.

On July 24, 1919, Gilchrist received a parcel containing two boxes of cigars, which he handed over to a messenger to return to Deglise. The messenger opened the parcel and found a hundred dollar bill between the cigars in one box. Some time later Deglise was arrested in Montreal and his trial has been pending for several months.

Will be submitted to Arbitration Board

Canadian Express Co. And Employees Unable To Agree On Scale

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 17.—After several weeks of negotiations between the Canadian Express Company and its employees regarding a revision of the working conditions schedule and wage scale, the matter will be submitted to a board of arbitration for settlement. Two applications were received for the Board, one from the company, nominating P. H. McGuigan as its representative, and the other from the employees, nominating Fred Bancroft, of Toronto. Owing to a meeting of the Hydro Radial Commission, on which Mr. Bancroft is a member, he has notified the Department that he will not be able to act, and James T. Gunn, of Toronto, has been nominated to replace Mr. Bancroft. It is expected that the representatives will meet together and nominate a chairman this week. The sittings of the Board will likely start early next week.

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BIBLE SOCIETY ANNUAL MEETING

Quebec Auxiliary Reports Of Year's Activities Were Very Encouraging

There was a splendid attendance at the 25th Annual Meeting of the Quebec Auxiliary Bible Society, which was held in the Y.M.C.A. Hall, and presided over by Mr. G. B. Ramsay. Among those present were Rev. A. T. Love, Rev. S. J. MacArthur, Rev. F. H. Wentworth, Rev. Isaac Couch, Rev. N. McLaren, Rev. A. Delporte, Rev. G. A. McEwen, Rev. W. Q. Stobo, Vice-President, and Mr. W. C. Beattie, President. The reports of the work accomplished by the Society during the past year were submitted and adopted as satisfactory.

Following a short address on the labors of the Society, by Rev. G. A. MacLennan, District Secretary, the election of officers for the ensuing year took place with the result that Mr. G. B. Ramsay was elected President and Mr. W. Q. Stobo, Vice-President. All ministers who are members of the Society are Vice-Presidents. Associated with the foregoing on the committee of management are Messrs. Arthur Veasey, R. Stanley, W. H. Wiggs, J. Thomson, H. Young, A. S. Fleisher, W. McMillan and W. G. L. Farnham. Auditors: Mr. R. Stanley; Secretary: Rev. N. McLaren.

The President then gave an address in which he spoke of the activities of the Society during the year, and mentioned that in every way the members felt encouraged in carrying out the work.

It was then moved by the Rev. J. Couch, seconded by the Rev. A. Delporte, that: "We, as an Auxiliary Bible Society, express anew our hearty appreciation of the great and growing work of the Canadian Bible Society, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and we pledge ourselves to do our utmost to aid in this much needed work of Bible distribution."

"And be it further resolved: That we voice our gratitude to the Directors of the Upper Canada Society for their continued sympathetic and generous aid through the Canadian Society."

Lieut.-Col. (Rev.) Wm. Beattie in the course of an interesting address, congratulated the local society on the new work it had accomplished, which was undoubtedly encouraging taking into consideration the vast territory to be covered. He was a profound believer in the work of the organization, through the efforts of which a magnificent work is being carried on in Christendom. It was a practical League of Nations as it carried the Christian message of peace and good-will to the world.

His aim was always to attract him, and in fulfilling his duty had printed the word of God in 2-3 languages, and every six weeks it printed a Bible or testament in a new language. If included within its membership, many well-known statesmen, among whom was Lloyd George, who in times of great national stress found time to attend the annual meetings of the British and Foreign Bible Society, and took a deep interest in the work. The speaker compared the Society to a munition factory that kept the front constantly supplied with shells or other ammunition, which it could only have done by concentration on the manufacture of every man killed in the conflict, in the same way the Bible Society was directed by competent men, who saw that all demands made upon it were complied with, if at all possible. Colonel Beattie then dwelt on the power of religion among the men during the war, and said that there were found on nearly every man killed in the conflict, a testament, a photograph, and letters from home. The Bible Society had done good work during the war in keeping the men supplied with testaments, and is fact had met every demand made upon them by the padres at the front. The speaker then related many incidents demonstrating the hold religion had among the men at the front. He concluded by making an appeal to those present to throw every energy into the work of the Society and to support in every possible way.

A vote of thanks to Lieut.-Col. Beattie was proposed by Mr. W. R. MacLennan, seconded by Mr. R. Stanley, and carried by acclamation.

A vote of thanks was also passed to Mr. C. H. Thorn, for furnishing the choir for the occasion.

NEW FRENCH CABINET MET LAST EVENING

Began Consideration Of The Terms Of Ministerial Declaration For Thursday

Paris, Jan. 18.—The new Cabinet met late this evening and began consideration of the terms of the Ministerial declaration which will probably be read in Parliament Thursday.

The Ministry decided upon the suppression of the Department of Food Supplies and also on proposal of M. Doumer, that the Department of liquidation of war stocks be attached to the Ministry of Commerce. Bills authorizing this transfer and creating an Under-Secretary to the Foreign office, will be introduced at an early date.

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THIEVES STEAL VALUABLE FURS

Have Been Operating In The Wholesale District Of New York

New York, Jan. 17.—Thieves operating in the wholesale fur district during the last two weeks have carried away loot valued at more than \$300,000, merchants said today, coinciding with an announcement that police were investigating three burglaries which occurred Sunday.

Three establishments in a six-story building in West Twenty-Fifth Street were entered some time Sunday and furs valued at \$61,000 taken. The thieves, to avoid sounding burglar alarms, scaled fire ladders in the rear of the building and entered the loft through a chimney. They used the elevator to enter the other shops and removed a part of the chimney to carry out their loot.

No trace had been found to-night of two unmasked bandits who this morning entered the foyer of a fashionable apartment house in Park Avenue, beat the assistant manager, and escaped with a pay-roll of \$2,700. Employees waiting in line to be paid, knew nothing of the hold-up until they heard a shot inside the office. The two men brandished revolvers before them and fled.

CESSATION OF CONVERSATIONS

For Irish Truce—Renewal Unlikely For At Least Two Months

London, Jan. 17.—Since the suspension of the negotiations begun by Rathfriland there has been a complete cessation of unofficial conversations for an Irish truce and it is not likely they will be renewed for at least two months. During this interval, the authorities in Ireland will be permitted to tighten up repressive measures and prove their belief that Ireland can in this manner be restored to order and the extremists confounded.

The Government view is that nobody entitled to speak for Sinn Fein has yet come forward to discuss matters with the Government, whose attitude remains unchanged. The Government declines to discuss peace until the claim for political independence and a republic has been withdrawn and the "Republican Army" has surrendered its arms. Furthermore the Government refuses to negotiate except on the Home Rule bill as a basis. On this ground, however, it is generally believed, it would probably be willing to grant complete fiscal autonomy to Southern Ireland if peace could be attained.

The London Times says there is good reason to believe that the free in Cork will be made the subject of another inquiry by another commission which is about to be appointed.

Appeal Heard

Dublin, Jan. 17.—An appeal against the infliction of the death penalty on Joseph Murphy was heard before the Court of Appeals today. Decision was adjourned until January 25 and the execution of the prisoner postponed until January 27.

The law courts lie within the area which is surrounded by the new military cordons. It is understood the courts were included in the area because the military had received information indicating that Sinn Fein were contemplating a raid in order to release Murphy.

The British troops and the troops coming from the north are doing a wide area in North Dublin were removed this afternoon. Sentries were posted on roofs of houses and armored cars patrolled the neighborhood during the withdrawal.

A detachment of soldiers from the Essex Regiment says an announcement from General Headquarters today, surprised a party of men preparing an ambush at Timoleague, County Cork. There was an exchange of firing and twenty-five civilians were captured. The troops suffered no casualties.

LOUD PROTESTS BY CLAIMANTS OF TITLES

Against Royal Decree Issued Last Week In Spain Says Madrid

Madrid, Jan. 17.—Loud protests are uttered in the evening papers today by a number of claimants to titles with reference to the royal decree issued last week making it difficult for Spaniards to assume noble titles which existed in their families years ago, but which have fallen into disuse. The Government has ruled that persons claiming titles of nobility must pay fees for searching the records. It is pointed out by the persons protesting that the fees for the acquisition of titles will prove extremely high, in the case of a count being about 50,000 pesetas. This amount, it is expected, shortly will be raised to 100,000 pesetas, while searches for other titles are becoming proportionately more expensive.

A Madrid dispatch January 11 citing the royal decree providing for the creation of a register of persons claiming nobility, said that at the present time there were nearly

CONDITIONS ARE BEING CORRECTED

At Rockaway Station To Prevent Recurrence Of Recent Flight

Rockaway, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Conditions are being corrected at the Rockaway Naval Air Station so that it no longer will be possible for pilots to float into Canada without discussing details of their proposed flight with their commanding officer.

This testimony was given here today by Captain Damon E. Cummings, Commandant at the opening of the court of inquiry investigating the recent spectacular balloon flight of Lieutenants Kloor, Hinton and Farrell.

Captain Cummings, the first witness, testified that he had taken up his duties only last November and that while he had authorized the flight, he had been so occupied with administrative duties that he had not left flight details to his executive officer, Lieutenant-Commander Archibald H. Douglas.

The Commandant read a report made to him by Lieutenant A. W. Evans, sent to Canada to direct search for the missing aeronauts, in which it was said:

"The trip was intended for a flight into Canada."

Asking for permission to make a comment on this report, Captain Cummings said:

"Under the conditions which were in progress of correction it was possible for a flight to be attempted into Canada from this station without that intention being previously discussed with the commanding officer—a condition not excusable at an air station and which as soon as it was recognized was corrected."

"What steps did you take in reference to the balloon and its possible recovery? The judge-advocate asked.

"I kept the commandant of the district informed," Captain Cummings replied. "I requested assistance in attempts to discover the balloon."

The flight of the airman was intended as one of the "routine hops" from the naval air station and the three lieutenants are expected to remain in the skies overnight. Lieutenants Arthur D. Brewer, Senior Lieutenant-Than-Air Officer, testified.

The gas in the bags had been transferred from the dirigible C. 10 on December 3, ten days before the flight, because of a drop in its hydrogen purity, he added. Lieutenant Brewer said he had left the matter of ratings to Lieutenant Kloor who did not know what food was carried.

Just before they rose from the field the balloons were told by the meteorological officer, Lieutenant Harry T. Stevens, that if they went immediately to an altitude of 2,000 feet, they would enter a southerly wind that would carry the bag into the hands of the next morning, the latter testified.

CONFESSION BY WOMAN BANDIT

Chief Weapons Smile Or Tear—Pearl Handled Revolver For Emergencies

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 17.—Mrs. Cleopatra Hartzman, 23 years old, who until two months ago had spent her life helping run a farm near Wichita Falls, Texas, tonight was quoted by the police as confessing that she was the woman-bandit who had played the leading part in fifty-two hold-ups in sixty days, many of them in the daytime, and who had been sought by the police for several weeks.

"A smile or a tear was my chief weapon," she was quoted as saying, "but I also carried a little pearl-handled revolver for emergency."

Mrs. Hartzman said she was married to Kurt Hartzman two months ago and when his health failed they decided to become bandits.

"I acted as a lure, strolling along the street, and when I met a prosperous-looking person, I told him I was lost and wanted to find a certain address—the number of the room we had taken. When he explained that it was only a few doors distant, I brought forth a smile, and generally he would volunteer to accompany me."

"When the number was reached, I either persuaded him to enter with me—or brought forth the pistol. I was very simple. Some of us held up five or six persons in a day. It made me wonder why I spent twenty three years on a farm, it was so easy."

WIND REACHED HIGH VELOCITY

New York, Jan. 17.—The wind today reached a velocity over New York of 84 miles an hour, resulting in several accidents. One woman was blown into an open man-hole and several persons thrown to the pavement.

Steamship officials reported further delays to vessels at sea as a result of the storm.

Heavy sand storms were reported along the Long Island shores. Exceptionally high tides also were caused by the wind.

5,000 titles lacking direct heirs and that rich persons were seeking to establish claims to them.

HEAVENLY BODY SPEEDING FAST

Dashing Through Space At Velocity Of 2,000 Kilometers Per Second

Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 17.—The Nebula Dreyer No. 584 in the constellation of Cygnus, has broken all known speed records of the heavens. It is dashing through space away from the earth at a velocity of almost 2,000 kilometers a second, the highest speed ever attained by a celestial object. This was the word received at the Harvard College Observatory today from Dr. V. M. Slipher, of the Lowell Observatory, Flagstaff, Arizona, in announcing the result of spectrographic observations there.

With this velocity Dreyer No. 584 is showing its starry heels to the rest of the universe at a rate of speed almost twice as fast as the highest velocity previously known.

Professor Solon I. Bailey, of the Harvard Observatory, said most stars move through the heavens at less than 100 kilometers a second. Run-away stars have been known to gain a momentum of a few hundred kilometers a second, and other objects have been found to go as fast as 1,000 kilometers a second. The highest celestial speed previously recorded was by another nebula and was only 1,180 kilometers a second. The Harvard scientist said, Sun, star, or nebula has never closely approached the speed of Dreyer No. 584 in his opinion. The nebula, which is so faint that it is not visible to the eye, flashes across the lower southern sky in the early evening.

LATIN-AMERICAN POLICY OF U.S.A.

Causes Spanish Delegates To Threaten Bolt From Labor Conference

Mexico City, Jan. 17.—Open threats of a bolt from the Pan-American Federation of Labor Conference by the Spanish-speaking delegates came today at the conclusion of a stormy morning session. The delegates, gathered in the city, were discussing a telegram from the delay of Samuel Gompers in discussing a telegram to President Wilson concerning the United States occupation of Santo Domingo.

At the outset of the morning session, Mr. Gompers was asked by the Santo Domingo delegation to answer whether a telegram protesting against the occupation and demanding an immediate evacuation of the island, had been sent in accordance with the resolution approved by the labor congress last Friday. Mr. Gompers replied that he desired to modify the text of the convention's telegram, inasmuch as the United States Government already had declared itself in favor of evacuation, started a heated argument in which the Latin-American policy of the United States was bitterly criticized by the Dominican, Salvador and Mexican delegates.

Senor Solana, of Salvador, openly declared that his delegation would abandon the congress unless Mr. Gompers immediately sent the telegram. The Dominican and Columbian delegations asserted after the meeting adjourned that they would not budge.

FOOD MINISTRY ANSWERS CHARGE

Canadian Bacon Has Not Been Unfairly Discriminated Against

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 17.—(Can. Press).—Charges that the British Ministry of Food has unfairly discriminated against Canadian bacon are answered in a letter from the Ministry of Food, received by the Department of Trade and Commerce.

"The Ministry of Food," the letter states, "have at all times purchased the whole of the Canadian exportable surplus of bacon whereas purchases in the United States have been strictly limited."

The letter proceeds: "The Ministry has paid for Canadian bacon throughout the present year a higher premium over United States bacon, whether represented in Canadian currency or sterling, than was at any time made by Canadian bacon

The Quebec Chronicle

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QUEBEC, JANUARY 18, 1921.

THE MAINSPRING OF TRADE.

The announcements made at the annual meeting of The Royal Bank of Canada had a particular bearing on the outlook for Canadian trade and industry. On this account they become of special interest.

Banks are not only the custodians of the savings of the people, but the agency by which the business of the country is carried on. Banks, while the mainspring of trade, cannot prosper unless trade prospers, and so the annual reports of these institutions become a reflex of general conditions. In this sense the year recently closed marked a general prosperity throughout Canada. Interest is centered, however, less in what has been than in what is to be. We know that the turning of the road has been reached, that prices have declined, and that confidence cannot longer be felt that purchase of goods at the current price assures sale at a later higher price.

Both Sir Herbert Holt, the President and Mr. Edson L. Pease, the managing director, touched on this subject, and in doing so were able to establish from the accounts that through the period of contraction the bank has given a helping hand to its clients. No other proof of the policy than an increase of \$40,000,000 in current loans at the end as compared with the beginning of the year need be cited. And in this connection it is to be observed, as Sir Herbert Holt emphasized, that the sanctity of contracts is the very basis of stable trade. Credit is sensitive. It is the motive power of commodity exchange; without credit a business calamity would fall; and while not fatal, the repudiation of contracts begins to destroy that confidence called credit upon which commerce is founded.

The addresses at the Royal Bank meeting are instructive and very comprehensive. Few features of the world-wide situation have been overlooked. Matters specific in respect of certain trade, and matters in the large are touched upon, and from the retrospect Sir Herbert Holt turned to the prospect. He sees no need for pessimism, but he does not ignore facts. We may not have reached the end of reaction in prices. Further liquidation is inevitable. The United States moved to better conditions to those which prevail in Canada, sets the pace because of its greater immensity, diversity and influence. Economic history for many generations has proved that as the United States sets the pace, so will Canada follow.

In that country the bound upward preceded the like movement in Canada, and in that country the reaction was first to occur, and to quote the language of Sir Herbert: "I see no escape from the common level." This is to say, we in Canada must lapse in prices to the American level, and not having yet done so the recession with us is not completed. The encouraging view is that in the United States business is reaching rock bottom, that the reaction will not be long deferred, and the hopeful fact is that Canada is in a position to parallel the course of it neighbor without serious distress or impairment of the natural resources upon which its sure foundation rests.

Mr. Edson L. Pease, Vice-President and Managing Director, pointed out that the Trade Commissioner for Brazil, in his reports, had drawn attention to the fact that since the inauguration of the banking facilities which the Royal Bank of Canada had provided and the placing of a direct shipping service by the Dominion, trade between Canada and Brazil, previously of small dimensions, had shown a distinct increase.

The development of foreign trade has long been regarded as the most important development that could occur in Canada, as it would go a long way towards re-establishing our trade balance in a favorable manner. As is well-known in banking circles, this foreign business is entirely self-sustaining and has in no way drawn on the main resources of the Bank. Discussing the development of this outside business, Mr. Pease said:—

"Without exception, the operation of our foreign branches has been satisfactory, and in this connection I desire again to put on record my views as to the advantage of conducting foreign business where possible, through the medium of our own branches, rather than through affiliation with other banks which we do not control. It is only through its own branches that a bank can keep in close touch with its customers and give efficient personal service.

"That the expansion of a bank does not mean a drain on the main organization is something which I have had occasion to point out many times. The figures of our foreign loans and deposits as they stood at November 30th last year, affirm this fact:—

Deposits \$164,000,000
Loans 102,000,000

The Royal Bank is continuing its plans for the development of this outside trade and has established a Foreign Trade Department, which already has been able to render many services to Canadian exporters and importers. In addition, this Department has in many cases placed Canadian exporters in touch with prospective customers, with whom they have later developed a satisfactory business.

THE TRUTH ABOUT MONTENEGRO.

On various occasions during the past few months the Chronicle has discussed the attacks made upon Dr. F. W. E. Burnham, of Winnipeg by the Serbian Consul at Montreal, but we have avoided as much as possible direct reference to the international controversy of which those attacks are an offshoot. So bitter has been the propaganda in Montreal, however, where determined efforts have been made to prevent the public from hearing more than one side of the question, and so much abuse has been heaped by interested parties upon those who, either from their official positions or from an investigation of the facts, have ventured to defend a Canadian citizen against alien aspersions, that it seems desirable to place on record the truth about Montenegro in a series of brief articles in order that our readers may judge for themselves of the merits of the dispute.

First of all, it is interesting to inquire how it has come about that Montenegro should be the only Allied State to emerge from the war with its political autonomy and even its national identity destroyed; while Serbia, in striking contrast, is the only Allied State to emerge with borders two and three times extended by the annexation of territory over which it had no shadow of previous constitutional claim.

While the ultimatum that followed upon the assassination at Sarajevo was only the pretext for carrying out an aggression that had been long and carefully planned, the fact remains that Serbia was the immediate cause of the world war and that, for over four years, she would have been thankful indeed, to escape without loss of territory and with unimpaired autonomy.

When Mr. Pachitch, President of the Serbian Council, received the famous Austrian ultimatum referred to above, July 25, 1914, he immediately advised the Montenegrin Government. Three hours later he received from the latter the following telegram: "It is difficult to say what reply should be given to Austria-Hungary. Our opinion is that it is necessary to act in entire conformity with the views of Russia. In any event, Montenegro will share, today as always, good fortune and misfortune with Serbia. Your fate shall be our own." The same day Mr. Pachitch inquired of Cetinje by despatch: "Can Serbia count on the fraternal and unlimited assistance of Montenegro in this critical moment for the Serbian people, as for all others?"

Montenegro immediately mobilized all men from the ages 18 to 61 who had survived the Balkan War and, in all the Austrian attacks against Serbia in 1914-15, the Montenegrin army fought at the side of the Serbian army. These are not matters of controversy but of historic record. Montenegro, in short, entered a war from which nothing could be gained, on the same basis as Belgium; because she would not permit a friendly State to be attacked through her territory. Like Belgium also, it would have been very easy for her to have made terms with the enemy had she preferred her safety to her honor. Surely Montenegro has been somewhat poorly rewarded and Serbia overloaded with favors in comparison with their respective deserts? Tomorrow we shall discuss who the Montenegris are.

LIGHT OF HUMAN HISTORY.

Fresh light on the history of the human race is declared to have been thrown by two fossilized human skulls from Java, recently described to the Royal Society of Amsterdam by their discoverer, Dr. Eugene Dubois. More correctly, perhaps, it should be said of the human races, for several extinct human types are now recognized, as sharply differentiated from existing black, yellow or white men as the chimpanzee is, for instance, from the gorilla.

Dr. Dubois himself discovered the most notable of these, also in the rocks of Java, a low-browed creature, definitely human, and yet so apelike that the designation Pithecanthropus erectus, the "erect ape-man," was coined for it. He found the portions of the skull and thighbone, on which all our knowledge is based, in the early nineties, but had also brought back two larger and more complete skulls found some years before. In 1916 Dr. S. A. Smith, of the University of Sydney, published an account of a fossil human skull from Pleistocene beds in Queensland, showing that man was present in Australia in the remote age when Great Britain was covered by ice. This skull had anatomical features akin to those of existing Australian natives, but it was more robust, with a larger brain-cavity and a very massive jaw.

Dr. Dubois, reading this description, remembered his Javan skulls, it is said, took them from their cabinet, and examined them carefully. They also are of the Australoid type, robust, large-brained, and with massive jaws. They have been associated with a fossil skull from the Transvaal and with a famous skull found at Piltdown in Sussex, seven years ago. These too had unexpectedly large brain cases and massive jaws. The brain of the former might have been larger than that of Bismarck, and the jaws of the latter was so remarkable that an American anatomist "jumped the English claim," and named from it a new species of fossil chimpanzee.

The skulls from Australia, Java, and South Africa have now supplied evidence on which we can dismiss the strange notion that a Sussex gravel pit should have contained a unique human skull without a lower jaw, and a unique chimpanzee's lower jaw without a skull. But they seem to establish the existence and a widespread primitive human type possessing an ape-like lower jaw and a brain at least as large as that of modern man.

Metchnikoff once suggested that man had arisen from the apes as a sudden large-brained "sport." There are other qualities in brains than those dependent merely on size, but mental ability must have been a leading factor in the differentiation of man from animals. The Pleistocene large-brained men may also remind us of many other discoveries establishing the existence of civilization long antecedent to those of which we have historical remains. However proudly we may trace the development of existing institutions, a scientist is led to observe, "we may do well to remember that they have followed other civilizations, possibly as great, possibly as confident of their own permanence."

Some Things the Public Would Like to Know:

Pertinent Questions on Matters of General Public Interest are Invited

When Quebecers will try to do something for themselves instead of extending a perennial itching palm to Ottawa?

Why is it that people can get shut up in asylums who are not insane, while others who would be better under treatment or restraint are permitted to roam at large?

Press Comment.

MR. CHESTERTON.

(New York Times).

We greet with a glad heart the landing of Chesterton, whose banner of whims o'er the world is unrolled. He has a plethora of friends here, who are too much inclined to regard him as the last enchantment of the Middle Ages. He is only a medievalist in the sense that he venerates tradition and continuity, and that to him old things are young and dead things quick. Like Merlin, one of the few historical characters in this universal romance of the World as Fiction, he remembers the oak when it was an acorn and the Thunder Lizard when it was, so to speak, a chicken.

MR. CRERAR AND THE NATIONAL RAILWAYS.
(Ottawa Journal)

Mr. Crerar in his address, attacked the Government railway policy and termed the acquisition of the National Railways, as a striking example of the result of public apathy in politics.

He predicted that a movement would be begun soon for the return of the railways to private ownership.—(Canadian Press Despatch).

For Mr. Crerar's own sake The Journal hopes he has been misreported. The ex-Minister of Agriculture was a member of the Government which took over the National Railways; and the platform of his party endorses what was done.

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Then packs it away in a great big sack
When you're not looking she spins it up
Into Combies, and Nighties, and beautiful Stuff
To make into Frocks and Coats and Things.

Oh! she is a wonderful Fairy!

You'll find her sometimes in a drop of dew.
Perched on a rainbow you'll see her too.
Oh! she is a wonderful Fairy!

Have you seen her dance round a toadstool's rim,
Then pop underneath it and draw in her wing?
Mummy say's she can't see her. I go think it
funny.
'Cos she's here, there, and ev'rywhere like a wee
bunny!

She's the merriest Fairy I've ever seen.

Is this wonderful Jaeger Fairy!

JOHN DARLINGTON, Reg'd.,
Opposite Post Office

FARMER IMMIGRANTS

EXPECTED FROM U. S.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 17.—Manitoba will receive her fair share of farm immigration this year from the United States, according to W. J. White, of the department of immigration Ottawa, a recent visitor to this city. He is superintendent of immigration agencies located in the United States.

Mr. White stated that the move-

ment to Manitoba would be largely influenced by the consistent and uniformly good crops which have been grown in the province.

An interesting feature of the immigration is the fact that many Canadians who had taken up residence in the United States for various reasons, chiefly health, were considering returning. This was particularly noticeable in the southern states, chiefly Florida.

Within the last year or two many American farmers had disposed of their holdings at high prices and were now looking around for some place to locate. They were considering western Canada in a great many cases. Mr. White also expects many American farmers who have been renting land at high prices to come to Canada, and in the most of the cases purchase land.

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CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 4415, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

J. Armand Savareux, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Clerk.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 2940, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

George Slater, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 2930, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Rupert Robinson, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 2909, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Bertram Parson, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 2416, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

William Nother, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 2390, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

John McKean, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 2385, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Donald McLan, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 2380, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

J. Philippe Marsh, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 2375, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Sam P. Murphy, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 2370, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Eugénie Noël, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 2365, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

David Laroc, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

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CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 2229, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

George Liperak, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 2866, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

John Love, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 2873, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

William E. Lavon, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec) er's Court of the District of Quebec) City of Quebec. No. 4360, of 1920. The City of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Gélon Roland, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Plaintiff.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice. THEO. DUBE, Clerk of the Recorder's court, of the City of Quebec.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

PAY YOUR TAXES.

Quebec, Jan. 7th, 1921.

Public notice is hereby given that after the 22nd inst., all unpaid taxes for the year 1920-21 will be handed to the Recorder's Court for procedure. Please remit immediately if you want to avoid costs.
(Signed) P. N. VERGE,
Jan. 8th 21 City Treasurer.

"JACQUES"

ANNUAL CHEAP SALE

20% Per Cent 20% Discount

ON ALL BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS

30 Per Cent Discount
ON ALL BOOTS AND OXFORDS OVER \$12.00

Wm. Jacques & Sons

DIED

LABRANCHE—At Portneuf, on January 16th, 1921, Emma Labranche, wife of Ferdinand Labranche, at the age of 76 years. Funeral service at Portneuf, January 18th, at 10:30 a.m.

RHODES—At Rosemont, Pennsylvania, on the 16th January inst., William Rhodes, third son of the late Colonel Wm. Rhodes, of Benmore, Quebec.

CLOSING DINNER AT SPENCER WOOD

Last Entertainment In Connection With Present Visit Of Vice-Regal Party

The closing entertainment of the visit here of Their Excellencies the Governor General and Duchess of Devonshire was held at Spencer Wood last night when a dinner was given in their honor by the Lieutenant Governor and Lady Fitzpatrick.

The official list of guests is as follows:—
Hon. Premier and Mrs. Taschereau, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Turgeon, Mr. Justice and Mrs. Beaulieu, Hon. Jules and Mrs. Tessier, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Mercier, Sir George and Lady Garneau, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Joly, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Fordeau, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Amyot, Brig.-Gen. and Mrs. Landry, Mr. and Mrs. Amos, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Cannon, Mr. and Mrs. Godfrey Rhodes, Sir William and Lady Price, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Ross, Mr. and Mrs. W. Dobell, Col. and Mrs. Ogilvie, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. J. Joly, Mr. and Mrs. A. Fitzpatrick, Miss Preston, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Price, Lt.-Col. and Mrs. Harris, Mr. Justice and Mrs. Malouin, Mr. Arthur Sauve, Capt. R. P. Landry, Lieut.-Col. John Roy, Major Frank Stanton.

COTE'S CLEAR HAVANA

10's Straight

CONCHAS
THE BEST
HAVANA ON THE MARKET
AT ALL
OUR RETAIL
STORES

BREVA
1 for 25¢
BOUQUET
PERFECT
15¢ straight
CORONA
10¢ straight
CLUB
75¢ each
JOS. COTÉ
IMPORTER AND
WHOLESALE GROCER
QUEBEC

ROYAL RIFLES

OF CANADA

A special course for officers, under Major Vanier, D.S.O., M.C., and N.C.O.'s under Sergeant Major Vaughan, will commence at 8 P.M. tonight at the Drill Hall.

All officers and N.C.O.'s on the strength of the unit are requested to attend, in service dress.

The N.C.O.'s course is open to any man in the unit who would like to qualify as an N.C.O.

M. H. LABBE,
Major and Adjutant.

Grand Euchre

January 31st

Garde Independante Champlain Hall
by
The Brotherhood of Dominion Express Employees, Local No. 5,
of Quebec.

Admission 50 cts

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

OBSEQUIES OF MR. A. C. JOSEPH

Were Conducted In Montreal
--Interment In Spanish And Portuguese Cemetery

The funeral of the late Mr. Andrew C. Joseph, formerly Belgian Consul at Quebec, took place in Montreal yesterday.

The service being conducted by Rev. Dr. Haddad, assisted by the Rev. I. De La Penha. The chief mourners were Messrs. H. Joseph, son, and Montefiore Joseph, brother. Among those present were Mr. Henry Joseph, Mr. Horace Joseph, Mr. A. A. Sandeman, Captain W. Sebago Montefiore, M.C., Mr. F. I. Spielman, Mr. Reginald Hart, Mr. Kenneth Joseph, Dr. Patch, Dr. H. D. Hamilton, Mr. Harry Oswald, R. L. Elm, and Mr. I. S. Goldenstein, President of the Spanish and Portuguese Synagogue.

CURLING RINK IS IMPROVED

Harbor Commissioners Lend Shed 19 To Quebec Club For Bonspiel

Through the courtesy of the Quebec Harbor Commission, shed 19 has been placed at the disposal of the Quebec Curling Club, free of charge to assist it in carrying out the big bonspiel to be opened in this city on Monday next, which will last all week.

In view of the fact that over 200 curlers will arrive from every section of Canada to take part in the important curling matches arranged for the week of play, it was necessary for the Quebec Curling Club, which is being assisted in all arrangements by the Victoria Curling Club, to find a third rink, to accommodate the contestants in the various matches. When the Quebec Curling Club was looking for a suitable building, the Harbor Commission came to the rescue and placed the spacious shed 19 at their disposal. This shed is located on the city side of the Louise Docks, or Point-a-Carey pier, within a stone's throw of the Harbor Commission office building, and will be found quite convenient for the curlers. Last week a number of men were placed at work to convert the interior of the building into a curling rink, which was completed yesterday. This auxiliary curling rink will have six sheets that will permit as many matches to be played, making 18 curlers in the roaring game at the same time. Besides these six sheets it is proposed to have an extra one in the large building in case of emergency. The rinks were all flooded last night and it is expected that after last night's cold dip they will be in excellent condition today, and ready for the bonspiel matches on Monday next.

KENOGAMI NEWS.
A donation to the School for Crippled Children, in Montreal, was heartily given by the Principal and pupils and a few outside friends of Kenogami Model School. It may be stated how this almost unanimous response took place, as it is a long way from Kenogami to Montreal. The special committee who support the School for Crippled Children, sent a circular with all particulars to the Principal, who immediately headed the subscription list, and sympathetically appealed to the pupils of Kenogami to help the crippled, (some for life), boys and girls, of Montreal.

The Principal also described minutely the contrast between the condition of the crippled children, unable to play the usual games, and the happy state of the Kenogami youth, who can romp and play to their hearts content, at skating, hockey, etc., on first-class rinks, provided by Price Bros. and supervised by the leading citizens of the town.

The sum collected was about ten dollars, and it is interesting to note that the motto of the pupils was "Inasmuch as ye have done this unto one of the least of these, ye have done it unto me."

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Groves LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE tablets. The genuine bears the signature of E. W. Groves 30c.

COURT OF SESSIONS.
At the Court of Sessions yesterday Judge Lachance presiding, two liquor dealers were arraigned and pleaded guilty to the charge of violation of the Scott Act. One of the accused, from South Quebec, was fined \$500 and costs, and the other from Lorette, \$350 and costs. Both fines were paid.

A woman accused of vagrancy was sent to gaol and another charged with quarreling with her husband was given a severe reprimand and allowed to return to her home with a caution from the Judge.

Social and Personal

Mr. Howard F. Fraser, of Montreal, is in town.

Mr. J. H. Fortier has returned to town from New York.

Mr. J. E. Barret, of Montreal, is staying at the Chateau.

Mr. J. J. O'Sullivan, is in town, staying at the Chateau.

Mr. Fred W. Bannet, of Montreal, is a guest at the Chateau.

Mr. P. de L. Tache, of Ottawa is spending a few days in town.

Mr. E. A. Conway, of Montreal, is registered at the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. K. Mos are in the city, staying at the Chateau.

Mr. H. Munro, of Toronto, is in town, a guest at the Chateau.

Mr. J. R. Wells, of Montreal, is among the guests at the Chateau.

Mr. J. Durand, is in town from Montreal, a guest at the Chateau.

Miss Adine DesRochers, of Ottawa, is the guest of Mrs. Gaston Pratte.

Miss Marguerite Taschereau is the guest of Miss Gerin Lajoie, of Montreal.

Mr. F. Cathcart, of Hamilton, Ont., is in the city, registered at the Chateau.

Mr. Martin Maloney has returned from Campbellton, N.B., where he spent a week.

Miss Rachel Climon entertained at the residence of her mother, Mrs. (Judge) Canon.

Mr. C. A. Warren, of Holyoke, Mass., is among the guests registered at the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul A. Cusson and their children are visiting Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Basin, St. Foy Road.

Mr. Thomas McCarron, of St. Paterne arrived in the city yesterday, and registered at the Chateau.

Miss Brady, of the Ladies' Wear Department, Holt, Renfrew & Co., Ltd., has left on a business trip to New York.

Madame Liagre and Mr. Raoul Liagre, arrived in town yesterday from Van Bruyssel, and are registered at the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Clarke, have delayed their departure for Europe, in consequence of the serious illness of Mr. Clarke's father.

Miss Pauline Archer, of Montreal, who has been spending some time in town, the guest of Miss Lucienne Hamel, returned home yesterday.

Dr. Frank Coote, of the Royal Victoria Hospital, who spent the week-end in town, the guest of his parents, Dr. and Mrs. P. Coote, has returned to Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Elzear Turcotte have left for New York, whence they will sail in Wednesday on the S.S. "Savoie" for Europe, where they will spend four months.

Lady Rachel Cavendish, Lady Margaret Scott, Miss Kate Ryder, Miss Saunders, Lord Richard Nevill and Captain the Hon. Patrick Kninsird will spend Wednesday in Montreal where with Their Excellencies the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire, and the other members of the Vice-Regal staff they will attend the marriage of the Earl of Minto and Miss Marion Cook. The entire party, accompanied by the Countess of Minto, will return to Ottawa the same evening.

Meetings Today.
Stadacon Chapter, I. O. D. E., at I. O. D. E. Headquarters, 11 a.m.
Parish Helpers, St. Matthew's Parish Room, 2:30 p.m.
Ladies' Aid (Trinity), Parish Hall, 2:30 p.m.
Junior Mission Band, Kirk Hall, Cook Street, 2:30 p.m.
Ladies' Aid, (Methodist) will meet at the residence of Mrs. Charles Thorne, 31 St. Cyrille Street, at 3:30 p.m.
Teachers' meeting, St. Matthew's Parish Room, 7:30 p.m.
Missionary Society, monthly meeting, Kirk Hall, 4 p.m.
Girls' Branch, W.A. (Trinity), Parish Hall, 7:30 p.m.
St. Andrew's Church, Women's Missionary Society, at 4 p.m., in the Kirk Hall. Special offering for the sufferers from the Chinese famine.

Womens' Work.

The meeting today of the Stadacon Chapter, I. O. D. E., is for the purpose of nominating officers for election next month and a large attendance is therefore hoped for.

At the monthly meeting yesterday of the (Baptist) Mission Circle, the subject of the talk was "Lotus Buds" at the termination of which tea was served to those present.

A general meeting of the Women's Branch of the S. P. C. A. will be held on Thursday in Morrin College Hall at eleven o'clock for the transaction of important business.

The first meeting of the Methodist Ladies' Aid since their suspension, some time ago, will be held this afternoon.

CONDOLENCE
At a general meeting held yesterday, by the students of the Law Faculty of Laval. It was proposed by Amédée Caron and seconded by Albert Desjardis and adopted unanimously that a vote of sympathy be offered to Mr. Adj. Rivard, C.R., their distinguished professor of International Law and to his son, Antoine Rivard, student at the Faculty, on the occasion of the death of a beloved wife and mother.

THE APPEAL IN REMILLARD CASE

Heard In Montreal—Claimed Judge Did Not Fully Instruct Jury

The appeal taken on behalf of Mr. Joseph Remillard sentenced to be hanged last June in the Criminal Court of King's Bench in this city, by the presiding judge at the trial that the Duke had accepted the offer of Lucien Morissette, at Levis, was argued yesterday morning before the Court of Appeals, according to a Canadian Press despatch. Hon. Judges Carroll, Dorion, Martin, Guerin and Teller, presiding. The appeal has been taken on the ground that the presiding judge at the trial failed to mention to the jury that the son of the accused, who was the principal in the case and who actually shot Morissette, had been previously tried and found guilty of manslaughter. For this, appellant's son, Romeo Remillard was sentenced to imprisonment for life. His father, the argument showed, had only encouraged his son to kill the victim, and the appellant claims these facts should have been told to the jury at the time the senior's trial took place. Judgment was reserved.

I.O.D.E. LUNCHEON TO THE DUCHESS

Municipal Chapter Entertained Her Excellency In Brilliant Function Yesterday

The luncheon given yesterday in the Chateau Frontenac to Her Excellency the Duchess of Devonshire by the Daughters of the Empire (Municipal Chapter) of this city was a brilliant and successful affair and one long to be remembered by members of the Order.

The Empire Dining Room in which the delicious luncheon was served was filled with some eighteen or twenty tables while a long table of honour at which sat the Duchess of Devonshire, the regents of the various chapters and presidents of some of the important societies ran the length of the room, setting in all 135 of the most socially and patriotically prominent women of the city. The decorations, which were most effective, consisted of tall vases, deep rose carvations and fronds of sword fern laid along the tables, and at Her Excellency's place a corsage bouquet was laid of orchids and sunset roses, as a small gift to her from the Daughters of the Empire.

At one-thirty, luncheon was served after which the guests adjourned to the long Drawing Room where each person present was in turn presented to Her Excellency by the Municipal Regent, Mrs. C. M. de R. Finget.

The Duchess is her usual charming and gracious manner then moved about from group to group chatting with friends and acquaintances until she withdrew, accompanied by Lady Fitzpatrick, Miss Fitzpatrick, Mrs. L. A. Taschereau and Miss Joan Cobbold.

Mrs. Finget presided at the luncheon having the Duchess of Devonshire at her right and Lady Fitzpatrick at her left. The other ladies seated at the table of honour were: Madame Taschereau, Miss Fitzpatrick, Mrs. McLimont, Madame Samson, Madame Amyot, Miss Gihaut, Mrs. Godfrey Rhodes, Mrs. Colin Sewell, Mrs. Alice Strang, Mrs. Richard Turner, Miss Winn, Miss Lajoy, Mrs. F. G. Scott, Mrs. S. R. Peacock, Lady Drummond (Montreal), Mrs. Bursall and Mrs. A. E. Scott.

The list of those present follows: Miss Ray Scott, Miss Cobbold, Mrs. L. A. Taschereau, Miss Lemon, Mrs. Stuart Atkinson, Mrs. Parmelee, Mrs. Shaw, Mrs. Joly de Lotbiniere, Mrs. E. G. Meredith, Mrs. E. L. Sewell, Mrs. V. Boswell, Mrs. Harcourt Smith, Mrs. Frank Ross, Mrs. Stanley Smith, Mrs. G. Tessier, Mrs. A. Tessier, Mrs. B. A. Scott, Mrs. Kirkpatrick, Madame Marois, Denitour, Mrs. J. K. Howell, Mrs. Hubert Neilson, Mrs. Clarke, Miss Lawrence, Miss Breakey, Mrs. Handsomby, Madame Grondin, Lady Forget, Miss Marois, Mrs. J. G. Scott, Miss Lamothe, Mrs. Judge, Mrs. Morrell, Mrs. Warrington, Mrs. A. H. M. Hay, Mrs. Norris, Mrs. Scott, Mrs. Wilkins, Miss Hill-Joseph, Mrs. Cream, Mrs. E. E. Ross, Mrs. Ross, Mrs. G. A. Ross, Mrs. Craik, Mrs. Chateaufort, Miss Kinnear, Miss Cream, Mrs. Boulton, Mrs. Whitehead, Mrs. Home, Mrs. J. A. Scott, Miss Petry, Miss Henderson, Mrs. Smyth, Miss G. Home, Mrs. George Dean, Mrs. George Russell, Mrs. Champion, Miss Judge, Mrs. A. C. Doherty, Mrs. Arthur Price, Miss Parmelee, Miss Dorothy Cook, Mrs. Petry, Mrs. R. Meredith, Mrs. Boswell, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Bancroft, Miss Bancroft, Miss Laird, Miss Rhodes, Mrs. A. R. Kelly, Miss Henshaw, Mrs. Alice Stuart, Mrs. Fitzpatrick, Miss Helen Home, Miss R. Marsh, Miss Ogilvie, Miss McLimont, Miss Wilha Price, Madame Cloutier, Mrs. Denis, Mrs. Porter, Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. T. G. Leonard, Madame Bernier, Mrs. DeCarteret, Mrs. Sheehy, Mrs. Dick, Mrs. Dunlop, Mrs. George, Miss George, Mrs. Young, Mrs. Barnbrooke, Mrs. Shaples, The Misses Henderson, Mrs. Frank Glass, Mrs. Pourtier, Mrs. Greene, Mrs. Thomson, Miss Irvine, The Miss Anderson, Mrs. F. E. Andrews, Mrs. Welch, Mrs. F. E. Gendron, Miss Hall and Miss Shreve.

DUKE AT WOMEN'S CANADIAN CLUB

Delivered Able Address On Subject Of League Of Nations

Yesterday afternoon the Women's Canadian Club had the honor of being addressed at its regular club meeting by His Excellency the Governor-General who spoke in a most interesting and forcible manner on the aim and accomplishments of the League of Nations.

The Governor-General who was introduced to the audience by the president of the Club, Madame Chapais, was attended by Captains BaMour and Lloyd, Aides-de-Camp. Among the guests in the distinguished audience there were noticed Her Excellency the Duchess of Devonshire; Sir Charles and Lady Fitzpatrick; the Premier of the Province and Madame Taschereau; Monsieur Chapais, Col. and Canon Scott, Dr. Parmelee, Senator Tessier and Col. Roy, A.I.C.

In introducing the Governor-General, Madame Chapais welcomed both their Excellencies, expressed the pleasure and honour felt by the Club that the Duke had accepted its invitation to speak and said that although he had existed only eleven years the annals of the Club showed that already many distinguished men had spoken before its members.

The Duke, speaking of his tenure of office in Canada spoke with appreciation of the character of the Canadian people, which he said, he thought he might now claim to understand, and said that he was proud to have been associated with them through the dark days of the war to the peace we now enjoy. If there was one thing that struck him more particularly in this connection than any other it was the spirit manifested by them in those dark days of 1918 when lulled by a false sense of security and a mistaken idea that whatever else happened the enemy could not now break through our lines, the Germans launched the greatest offensive that had ever been known. The result was that he was a stiffening of determination, a concentration of effort, and an exhibition of grit that made him proud to be in such close association with the country. Now that peace had come and brought with it the problems of reconstruction, the serious social and economic unrest, the depreciated currency and attendant evils Canadians, he knew by exhibiting the same strong characteristics that they had shown in the stress of war might bring their country safely and even advantageously through this troublous time.

But more than this is asked of them. It is not only necessary to think of and work for the present but also for the future, and in reconstructing the country it must be done in such a way that no such catastrophe as the late war can again overwhelm us, for if such a war does come it will be more dreadful and more cruel in every way than that which we have just ended. To make such a recurrence impossible every individual must lend the weight of his influence and opinion to the only means so far devised to prevent it, the League of Nations. He was aware the League of Nations had come in for much criticism, but no man-made machine is ever perfect, and the League not only welcomed criticism but sought it. It is easy to say that the League cannot succeed in preventing war, but there is certainly nothing else that can, and awful as the last war was, the next one could be ten times worse when the clash and the crash came as it certainly would if there were nothing done to prevent it. When one remembers that the determining factor in the late war was the blockade of Germany, one realizes how serious an economic blockade would be to a nation that by its own action had outlawed itself not only from enemy nations but all the other powers that compose the League which now comprises 41 States and 74 per cent. of the population of the entire world.

It is too early to dwell on this subject, but there is reason to hope that the great nation to the south of us will soon join the League for which we shall feel only gratitude and appreciation, and for which we shall do anything that may be of help. (Applause.)
Sir George Foster, who has just returned to Ottawa from his first meeting of the League held in Geneva, where he was accredited representative of Canada, gave glowing accounts of the progress already made and said that the harmonious relations and united efforts of the delegates were noticeable, and that they seemed agreed by the highest and most unselfish ideals. It is often argued that the League will make us sacrifice some of our rights. This is quite possible, but just as in our municipalities we are forced to forego many small personal liberties to the common good, so may we be obliged to sacrifice national rights for the sake of the whole community. We had not suffered from such curtailment of one liberty, as our laws enforce, and so let us make what national sacrifices may be required of us willingly and for the common good.

A vote of thanks was moved in French by Madame Jules Tessier who in a brief historical recapitulation affirmed that the French-Canadians were loyal adherents to the Crown, and ended by saying that as present representative in Canada, one of the old aristocracy of England which had never neglected its national duties, had himself well lived up to the motto of "Noblesse Oblige."
Mrs. J. C. McLimont in seconding the vote of thanks spoke of the pleasure of the Quebecers in coming to know their Excellencies more personally and the honour they felt in doing so, and hoped that pleasant recollections would now be carried away by them of the people of Quebec and the old city itself.



PEPS

will promptly STOP Your CHILD'S COUGH

WHEN a child starts coughing mother's duty is to give the little sufferer a Peps tablet, and thus prevent any weakening of the lungs. As the tablet dissolves in the child's mouth, the soothing medicinal fumes given off pass through the tender breathing passages straight to the lungs and bring immediate comfort and relief.

Peps contain no opium or other harmful drugs, and can be given to a child (either whole or crushed to a powder) with the assurance of absolute benefit.

One little Peps at night will clear the breathing passages and let the little one's sleep be unbroken by coughing fits. A Peps before starting for school in bad weather is also an invaluable safeguard for the children's throats and chests. All dealers, 50c. box.

FREE TRIAL
Send this advert., name of paper and I.C. stamp (for return postage) to Peps Co., Toronto and free trial package will be sent you.

POWERS SOUGHT BY SCHOOL BOARD

Catholic Commission Want To Borrow Until Debt Reaches Three Million Dollars

In view of the keen interest manifested here in the borrowing powers sought by the City and the Catholic School Commission it may prove enlightening to the rate-payers to know just what the bill of the Board of Catholic School Commissioners, now before the legislature, contains.

The clause referring to borrowing powers reads as follows:—
"1. The Roman Catholic Board of School Commissioners of the city of Quebec, notwithstanding the provisions to the contrary contained in section 35 of the act 32 Victoria, chapter 14, may, for the purpose of building, enlarging and improving school houses in the city of Quebec, issue, from time to time, according to the needs of the board, bonds redeemable in not more than fifty years by annuities or semi-annuities in any other manner which it may deem advisable, provided the whole amount of the said debt shall not exceed (three millions) dollars.

Nevertheless the said Commission may, in any other way, temporarily borrow any part of the amount above authorized, provided it does not exceed one hundred thousand dollars."

PROVINCIAL CIVIL SERVANTS HOLD MEETING

The meeting of the Provincial Civil Servants Association was held last evening, presided over by Colonel O. E. Talbot, was well attended.

A proposed petition to be communicated to the members of Legislative Society was read and adopted. The Committee in charge of the forthcoming Euche reported that every progress was being made in the matter.

The by-laws of the Association were amended to enable the meetings to be held twice a month instead of once, as has been previously the case.
A resolution was adopted agreeing to send delegates to Three Rivers and Sherbrooke to organize the Civil Servants residing in those cities.

IN HELD ON A GRIEVOUS CHARGE

Olivia Tessier, aged 25 years, has been brought to the city from a luncheon camp near La Tuque, and is held on the charge of attempted murder. The victim was Sylvia Germain, who is now in hospital at La Tuque.

JANUARY CLEARANCE SALES

Discounts of 10 to 50% in All Departments

Dress Goods 20%	Flannellettes 15%
Silks 25%	Bleached and Unbleached Cottons .. 15%
Fancy Goods 25%	Yarns 15%
Embroideries 20%	Overalls 15%
Laces 20%	Underwear for Men .. 20%
Ribbons 20%	Serge and Tweeds ... 20%
Gaiters 33 1-3%	Ready Made Clothing 25%
Woollen Stockings .. 25%	Carpets and Oilcloth. 15%
Silk Stockings 20%	Sateens and Linens .. 15%
Cashmere Stockings . 15%	Boudoir Slippers ... 20%
Fancy Neckwear and Handkerchiefs .. 15%	Felt Slippers 25%
Gloves 20%	Blankets 25%
Sweaters, Men's and Boys' 33 1-3%	Dresses, latest styles 15%
Prints 25%	Mitts and Scarves ... 25%
Eiderdown Quilts ... 25%	Moccasins 20%

Auto Lottery Tickets Free on All Purchases.

Date of Raffle, February the 10th

Faguy, Lepinay & Frere

254 to 264 St. John Street Tel. 8300

CANADIENS NINE
ST. PATS FIVECANADIENS GOT SECOND
VICTORY IN THREE DAYS
BY DEFEATING ST. PATS

Flying Frenchmen Toyed With Toronto Defence And Captured Match By Count Of Nine To Five—St. Pats Got Disorganized—Killing Pace Maintained Throughout

Montreal, Jan. 17.—(Canadian Press)—Playing back to the form displayed in their Saturday match, Canadiens, scored an easy win over St. Patrick's to-night, by nine to five. The Flying Frenchmen toyed with the Toronto defence and outplayed the opposing team at will. The latter became so disorganized at the end of play that they crowded back on their goal-keeper in an effort to avert the debacle. They showed little or no combination play and were outskated and outgeneraled at almost all times.

The old plan of frequent change was again used by the Canadiens who were thus enabled to keep up a killing pace throughout. The Pats were hard up for substitutes.

Stewart, the Amherst player, did not make much of an impression and was weak on the defensive. Canadiens skated circles round him.

Canadiens outscored their opponents 2 to 1 almost all through the game. There was no particularly outstanding play and the game served Canadiens largely as a work-out for their next two games.

Line-up—
Position. Canadiens.
Goal. Vezina.
Defence. Corbeau.
Defence. Munnery.
Centre. LaLonde.
R. Wing. Berlinguette.
L. Wing. Pitre.
Substitutes.
MacDonald.
Cleghorn.
Referee: R. Hyland.

First Period.
Noble out-drew LaLonde at face-off and went in close and shot. Vezina saved and LaLonde carried play to Toronto's end and forced Forbes to save twice. Noble was checked by LaLonde, who shot from far out. From face-off after off-side, Dye shot and Munnery cleared. LaLonde carried the play up the ice and shot. Forbes stopped but before he could clear, Munnery, who had come up the ice with LaLonde, scored Canadiens' first goal.

Canadiens kept forcing the play with LaLonde, scored Canadiens' first goal.
Canadiens kept forcing the play with LaLonde, leading each attack.
Pitre checked Dye near the Toronto net. He started up the ice and sending the St. Patrick's defence men, went in close and shot. Forbes missed the shot and Canadiens' lead was increased. Shortly after the goal, Munnery was given a minor for tripping. Noble missed a chance to score when LaLonde checked him. Dye got away from LaLonde and was inside Canadiens' defence. He scored, beat Vezina making the score 2 to 1. Noble worked his way in but failed to beat Vezina and Dye missed a chance on a rebound. Corbeau cleared on one of Vezina's saves and went the length of the rink. Corbeau passed to Berlinguette who shot from the side and on the rebound Corbeau scored, making it 3 to 1. Canadiens kept fooling the Toronto defence, passing them at almost all stages. Dye and Stewart broke away and played combination. Stewart shot and scored. Shortly after the face-off Munnery took a long shot and scored. Toronto players became disorganized and bunched around Forbes rather than checking their opponents. St. Patrick's were playing such ragged hockey that any of the local city league teams could have beaten them.

Summary First Period:—
1—Canadiens, Munnery, 4:20.
2—Canadiens, Pitre, 3:10.
3—St. Patrick's, Dye, 3:10.
4—Canadiens, Corbeau, 1:50.
5—St. Patrick's, Stewart, 1:20.
6—Canadiens, Munnery, 1:20.

Second Period.
St. Patrick's started with Denenno on the line in place of Smylie and Canadiens with Cleghorn in place of LaLonde. Dye opened the attack, but shot wild. Cameron and Denenno combined and Cameron missed his shot but upon the rebound Dye scored. St. Patrick's showed improved form with Denenno on the line and continued on the offensive. Noble shot and missed and Munnery cleared. Dye kept boring in and shooting with Vezina making some clever saves. LaLonde replaced Pitre and Smylie replaced Denenno. LaLonde forced an attack and Forbes saved from a shot of LaLonde. Arthur replaced Cleghorn. Three Toronto players fumbled a play, losing a chance to score. Dye outskated and feinted to the ice after shooting. He was taken out and Denenno replaced him. End-to-end rushes featured the play of both teams and both shot wild. Forbes made several clever saves and cleared well from successive shots off Arthur and LaLonde. Canadiens started a more defensive game, LaLonde dropping back Pitre broke through twice but shot high and wide.

St. Patrick's engineered a three-man combination play and failed to score. Pitre took the puck from a pass and skated past the Toronto defence and scored, making it six to three.

Cleghorn replaced Pitre and shortly after the change Berlinguette scored on a rebound off Cleghorn's shot. St. Patrick's at-

C.N.R. LOST, AND
SO DID WIGERLoyola Won Six To One,
While St. Charles Got Last Minute Victory

The Loyola team, last year's champions of the Ligue Nationale, continued on their victorious march towards this year's title by trimming the Vigier team last evening at the Arena by the score of 6 to 1.

As the count indicates, the play favored Loyola practically from the start, and the game Vigier put up was as disappointing as it had been brilliant the week previous, when they defeated St. Valier by 5-1.

C. Cantin opened the scoring for Loyola eight minutes from the start, while he was followed in quick succession by Pouliat. The center player of the Loyola, made the score 3 to 0 before the period ended, when he bulged the net.

In the second session, both teams scored once, Leblanc doing the trick for the leaders, and getting their only goal of the match, and C. Cantin adding another for Loyola. With the score standing 4 to 1, the bell rang.

The last twenty saw the winners run in two more points, the while holding their opponents scoreless. Desjardins and P. Cantin did the trick.

In the second match, in which a surprise shot that hopped over the goal's stick and scored the winning goal, the St. Charles outfit defeated C. N. R. by 3 to 2. This match was the feature event of the evening, and although the hockey was strenuous, it was practically free from roughness.

Zinck opened the scoring for C. N. R. eleven minutes from the start of the initial period, but, soon after, Lapointe tied the score for the Saints. This was all the scoring that took place in the first twenty.

The middle stanza saw Pouliot count the only point of the period, it falling to the C. N. R. who thus led by the score of 2 to 1. Lapointe was the hero for the creation of hostilities.

Thirteen minutes from the resumption of play in the final session, Lapointe tied the score, and for two minutes both teams battled furiously for the winning goal. Finally, Lapointe secured the puck near the center of the arena, and going straight down, shot while crossing the defence. The puck took a sort of carom off the ice just in front of the goal, hopped over his stick, and struck the net for what proved to be the winning goal of the game.

The two tried hard for another goal, the Railroaders to tie up the score and their rivals to add another point and put the match on ice, but the efforts of both sextettes were of no avail.

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INTEREST IN THE
COMING SCRAPSProposed Bouts At Drill Hall
Next Week Arousing Considerable Enthusiasm

The scraps at the Drill Hall next Monday are already arousing considerable enthusiasm, and although six more days remain before the men will be seen in action, a request has gone round already for tickets for the event.

Every indication that there will be an overflow hour to witness the bill of fare is shown by the local boxing fans, and as there has been no boxing in the Ancient Capital for over a month, the lovers of the fist art in Quebec are right hungry, and will welcome the opportunity of indulging in their favorite sport.

Charlie White with Badoud, and Legare with Badoud are two of the scraps mentioned as on the card of bouts, while it is possible that Joe Montminy will meet Joe Williams in one of the preliminaries, while another bill is also to be booked.

The Badoud who meets Legare is no mean scrapper, having gained quite considerable attention over in La Belle France a couple of years back, where he was considered as being one of the top-notchers in his class.

His brother is also said to be a great little boxer, and as White is well and favorably known here, being a local product, their bout should produce excitement galore. Just who the referee will be is not announced yet, but this much is known, that the scraps will take place, and that the said place is the Drill Hall, and the date and time Monday, January 24, at 8.30 P.M.

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EIGHT RINKS
HAVE ENTEREDFor Big Curling Bonspiel That
Starts On Monday Next—
Pouring In

More entries for the big Bonspiel with which the Quebec Curling Club will celebrate their hundredth birthday next week are rolling in, and yesterday eight rinks sent in their forms, three being from the Montreal Curling Club, two from La Chino, two from Howick and one from Ottawa.

The remainder of the Montreal clubs are to be heard from yet, but it is expected that they will be represented at the Bonspiel by a full quota of eighteen rinks. Ottawa is expected to send in another rink, while many other places will undoubtedly send in their entries to-day.

The Bonspiel has awakened a lot of interest in outside cities, and requests for details about it are pouring in every day on the secretaries of the clubs here, so that it is easy to see that the coming event will prove to be the biggest ever held in Eastern Canada, and one that will live for ever in the annals of curling in Quebec.

In all there are some sixty rinks expected to be on hand when play starts next Monday morning, and as there will be increased ice space, everything is going to go off like clockwork, without a single hitch.

The competitions for which the various rinks may enter are more numerous than ever before, while the number of prizes is much bigger and more valuable than ever seen in a Bonspiel in Eastern Canada.

The Bonspiel will start on Monday morning next, January 24th, and will continue right through until Saturday, January 29th. There are some very handsome and valuable trophies hung up for competition, and besides, individual prizes will be awarded to the various winning rinks.

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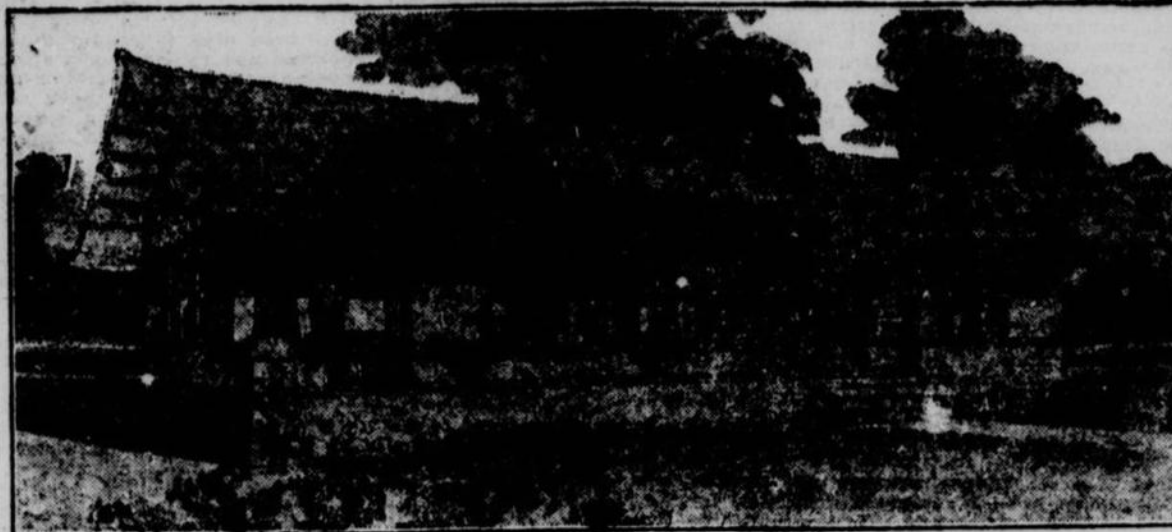
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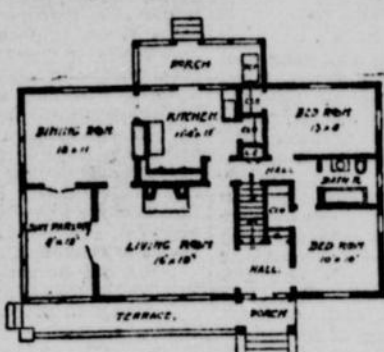
PHONE 5502

A Japanese Style Bungalow

DESIGNED BY CHARLES S. SEDGWICK



SUNNY Japan and cherry blossoms—one instinctively thinks of them when one looks at this most attractive little five room bungalow. Pointed roofs and gentle sloping lines give this unique design an artistic touch which place this plan in a class all to itself. For sheer artistic beauty, this little home cannot be surpassed and built of stucco with concrete foundation, and with shingle roof stained a russet brown to harmonize with the trunks of the trees and earth toward which it is inclined to nestle, this bungalow is one that would instantly be pointed out as unusual and distinctive by passerby. Looking at it one can easily visualize it set down in a bewitching garden in which cherry and apple trees are all a-bloom, and one can catch their sweet fragrance wafted by caressing winds through the quaint latticed windows through which one glimpses distant blue



mountains which rise mistily in the background.

But let's go inside a minute! From the tiny hallway from which the stairway ascends to either unfinished attic or a nicely fitted up sleeping apartment, according to the owner's

taste and incidentally, his pocket-book, one steps into the living room with its three windows grouped together and an open fireplace. The sun parlor which could be made an open air porch in summer time, is directly off from the living room as is also the dining room in which is a built-in sideboard. The kitchen is fully equipped and there is space on the service porch for the refrigerator. Two bedrooms and a bath, separated from the rest of the house by a tiny passageway, complete this charming and convenient floor plan. One of the unique features of this home is the front terrace which could be so attractively furnished for outdoor entertaining. Washington fir finished with mission stain is used and the flooring is of oak. The estimated cost, exclusive of plumbing and heating, is between \$8,000 and \$7,000.

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Trade Expansion Reviewed At Royal Bank Annual Meeting

Sir Herbert Holt, President, States That Considering the Times, Canadians Are a Fortunate People—Government Ownership of Railways and Fleet More Expensive Than Pension Charges and Other Legacies of War.

Edson L. Pease, Vice-President and Managing Director, Points Out That Business Is Being Brought Down to a New and Sounder Basis—Foreign Branches Important Factor in Building Up Foreign Trade of the Dominion.

C. E. Neill, General Manager, Reviews Most Successful Year in History of the Bank—Total Assets Now Stand at \$594,670,013, an Increase for the Year of \$61,022,928.

The fifty-second annual meeting of the Royal Bank of Canada, held at the Head Office of the Bank, brought together a very large number of shareholders and was attended by members of the Board of Directors from all over the Dominion.

During the past year, there have been many developments throughout the world that have had a direct bearing on trade and financial conditions. On this account, there was special interest in the addresses submitted by Sir Herbert Holt, the President, Edson L. Pease, the Vice-President and Managing Director and C. E. Neill, the General Manager.

Sir Herbert also referred in a very interesting manner to the unfortunate results that were being shown by the Government operation of railways and the mercantile fleet, pointing out that this system of Government operation was likely to be more expensive for the tax payers of Canada than all the pension charges and other legacies of the war combined. He insisted that what the country needed most of all was a business-like administration of its assets. If this could be afforded, Canada could face her problems with added confidence.

Sir Herbert also dealt very fully with the situation in Cuba, where financial disturbances have occurred as a result of the changed conditions, as applied to the sugar crop. Summing up the situation in that country, Sir Herbert said:

"Thanks to the precautions taken by our management in early warning our officers in Cuba of the inevitable reaction that would follow the excessively high prices and instructing them to adhere to our policy of making no advance for speculative purposes, I am pleased to tell you that we have made no loss, and do not anticipate making any loss, as the result of the present financial disturbances; in any case, full provision has been made for unforeseen contingencies. We are conducting business as usual, not taking advantage of the moratorium, being satisfied, after an experience of over twenty years, that there is no safer banking field than Cuba."

ADVANTAGE OF FOREIGN BRANCHES.

Edson L. Pease, Vice-President and Managing Director devoted particular attention to the constructive co-operation which the Bank has given to the development of the export and import trade of the Dominion and referred particularly to the advantages of the larger banks having their branches at outside points, in order to keep in close touch with its customers and to be able to give efficient personal service. In this connection, Mr. Pease said:

"Without exception, the operation of our foreign branches has been satisfactory, and in this connection I desire again to put on record my views as to the advantage of conducting foreign business where possible through the medium of our branches rather than through affiliations with other banks, which we do not control. It is only through its own branches that a Bank can keep in close touch with its customers and give efficient personal service."

"That the expansion of a bank does not mean a drain on the main organization is something which I have had occasion to point out many times. The figures of our foreign loans and deposits, as they stood at November 30th last year, affirm this fact."

Deposits \$164,000,000
Loans 102,000,000

"The Commerce Reports of the Dominion have year by year afforded ample testimony of the national service rendered by the Bank in extending our markets abroad. Wherever we have opened branches, trade with Canada has been stimulated. This statement is emphasized by a recent report in which the Trade Commissioner for Brazil draws attention to the fact that since the inauguration of a direct shipping service by the Dominion and of the banking facilities which The Royal Bank of Canada has provided, trade between Canada and Brazil, previously of small dimensions, has shown a distinct increase."

Mr. Pease also dealt in a very efficient manner with the question of trade relations between Canada and the United States and gave interesting particulars regarding the tremendous increase in the purchases being made by Canadians in the neighboring Republic. He pointed out, however, that while we were being penalized through the discount of the Canadian dollar, Canada was in a better position in this respect than any other country.

CAREFUL REVALUATION OF ASSETS.

C. E. Neill, General Manager, dealt with the features of the growth and development of the Bank during the past year. He said, in part:—

"The substantial growth in the bank's resources has resulted in a satisfactory increase in earnings, the net profits being \$4,253,649.24, equal to 23.7% on our capital, or 12.91% on our combined capital and reserve."

"The usual dividends and an additional bonus of 2% have been paid to shareholders, and a balance of \$545,928.20 is carried forward in Profit and Loss Account."

"I desire to draw particular attention to the fact that in addition to writing off all bad debts, the fullest provision has been made for any loans of a doubtful character."

"In view of existing conditions, a particularly careful revaluation of the assets of the bank has been made, and it is gratifying to know that our position is a very satisfactory one. In this connection I wish to draw special attention to the fact that the loans of the bank are very widely distributed and that we have no unusually large individual advances of any kind on our books."

"Our loyal and efficient staff has rendered particularly good service during the past year."

GENERAL MANAGER'S ADDRESS.

The Statement submitted to you today records another year of substantial growth. The total assets of the bank are now \$594,670,013.43, an increase of \$61,022,928.60 for the year. Total deposits are \$465,017,387.02, the growth being \$41,463,259.74.

It will be noted that there is a shrinkage in free deposits, which is accounted for by the fact that on November 30, 1919, we had large deposits in connection with subscriptions to the Victory Loan.

The substantial increase in interest-bearing deposits is a particularly satisfactory feature, inasmuch as deposits of this class to a considerable extent represent the savings of the people.

The cash circulation of the bank continues to expand.

An increase of no less than \$52,951,930 in current loans is the result of our policy of affording legitimate assistance to clients of the bank during a period of great trade expansion. The percentage of current loans to total assets of the bank is now 43.14.

The substantial reduction in our holding of Government securities is due chiefly to repayment of loans granted to the Imperial Government for war purposes.

In view of the heavy demands made on us by commercial borrowers, it is satisfactory to note that the liquid position of the bank is well maintained, liquid assets being 50.56% of liabilities to the public, our actual cash and deposits in the bank being over 30% of our total liabilities.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL AND RESERVE.

The capital of the bank has been increased during the year by the issue of 34,000 shares to our shareholders at \$150 per share. Although the final instalment is not due until April 11th, only \$265,990 remains to be paid on account of the new issue.

The Reserve Fund now equals the capital, having been increased through the year by premium received on new stock and by an appropriation from profits.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

Sir Herbert S. Holt, in moving the adoption of the Directors' Report, said:

"It affords me great pleasure to move the adoption of the report. In a year marked by world-wide economic disturbances, our profits have been very large, enabling us to make liberal distributions."

Credit inflation and increased prices for all commodities continued up to three months ago when we entered upon the last and most difficult stage of reconstruction, the lowering of abnormal prices to natural levels. We stated at our last Annual Meeting that such a re-adjustment was inevitable, and all the efforts of the bank have been directed to a quiet and orderly transition with the least possible injury to trade and industry. An increase in our current loans of \$40,000,000 proves that we have been at all times ready to extend reasonable assistance to the business community."

The precipitous decline in the price of practically all commodities has been followed by an epidemic of cancellation of contracts, not widespread in Canada, but very prevalent abroad. I consider this a very dangerous symptom. To seek to escape payment for merchandise at

prices which now indicate a loss is dishonorable. Our entire business structure is based on integrity, and has developed only as business morality has developed. Creditors should, wherever possible, give longer time to those of their customers who have to realize on goods bought at inflated prices. In return, the customers should stick to their agreements. Any other procedure is fatal to good business."

Our trade continues to grow in volume, but during the year just ended imports have exceeded exports to the extent of some \$50,000,000. This adverse balance of trade is disquieting, and the outflow of returns on foreign capital adds to the difficulties of the situation. The steady increase of American investments in Canada is an equalizing factor, but inadequate. Only by increasing the sale of Canadian commodities can we avoid increasing our foreign indebtedness. Never, even in war time, was it so essential to increase our exports. A duty falls on manufacturers to produce articles of a quality and price which will compare favorably with foreign makes, and in our agricultural interests to increase production."

CANADA'S POSITION SOUND.

The position of Canada is fundamentally sound. Considering the times, we are a fortunate people. No nation has escaped the aftermath of the war, and throughout the world there is disturbance or unrest. In China famine spreads desolation, confusion and terror reign in Russia, while Europe is grappling with complex problems. Even in progressive Japan, industry is paralyzed. Contrast this with our condition. Our crops are the most valuable in our history, even at the reduced prices obtainable; bank deposits have doubled since 1913; most merchants have set aside reserves in the years of plenty to tide them over a lean period, and a great part of the bonded indebtedness of the country is held within the Dominion. Moreover, our friendly relations with our neighbors render unnecessary the expenditure for armaments which is strangling Europe. Unemployment is less, and business failures are fewer, comparatively, than in the United States, and when our war liquidation is over, we should be among the first to enter upon a new era of national prosperity."

Already there are signs of improvement in Great Britain. She is rapidly regaining strength, and reducing her foreign financial obligations. Those to the Canadian banks will be repaid in instalments within eighteen months. During the last twelve months the instalments of the pound sterling have made an average advance of thirty per cent. In the ten principal markets of the world, its present low value in the United States and Canada is not an index of British conditions but of the additional weight of finance borne for other European nations."

The world needs an end to the war and we have followed with pride the action of our representatives at the first meeting of the League of Nations. They have voiced our resolve to maintain the position won through great sacrifice. We cannot hope to resume normal trade relations with Europe until settled conditions are restored. In the meantime, it is well for us that our Empire offers so wide a market, with adequate means of payment, and assurance that trade contracts will be respected."

HIGH COST OF GOVERNMENT OPERATION.

Government control has practically disappeared during the year just past—wheat, paper and sugar being the commodities to be freed from regulation. Government ownership of transportation systems has developed. Without any advantage to the public in efficiency or rates, the operation of our national railways during the last twelve months has resulted in a loss which will probably reach a total of \$5,000,000.00. Collected on Excess Profits and Income Taxes for the year 1919. Unless Government methods of operation are more efficient in this country than they have been in others, tax payers in Canada may find the maintenance of their railroads and fleet more expensive than pension charges and other legacies of the war, combining a total of \$5,400,000.00 spent by the United States during the last year, 1,037,000,000 went to pay the cost incurred by the Government in its control of the railroads. The present waste is obvious and the remedy should be speedy and effective. The needs of the country call for business-like administration of its assets. If this be afforded, we can attack our problems with added confidence."

Our subscription of \$250,000 to the recent Campaign Fund of McGill University—payment of which is spread over a period of five years—will, I am confident, meet with your hearty approbation. Our country, with its undeveloped natural resources, its vast stretches of unutilized far lands and its growing trade, needs the services of skilled men and women such as McGill and Macdonald send forth. In years to come the expenditure will yield a manifold return to the nation, and through the nation to the bank."

SITUATION IN CUBA.

You will doubtless wish to hear how we fared in Cuba, in view of the recent financial disturbances in that island, and our interests there. The business of Cuba is bound up in sugar. Production has season as some 700,000 tons less than estimated, and prices naturally rose abnormally, reaching over 23% last May. A sugar famine in the United States appeared inevitable, when from an unexpected source financial disturbances in the Far East, and the sudden fall in the silver exchanges, led to the curtailment of Far Eastern purchases of sugar in the Java market. This sugar was available for the United States, and it is estimated that that country purchased altogether 500,000 tons of Java and other sugars, nearly the same extent as that of wholesale prices in October last, were caused only partly by losses in sugar. The main reason was probably over-extension of its business. On its suspension the Cuban Government declared a moratorium."

While I see no need for pessimism at this time, we should look the situation in the face. The present reaction is a temporary set-back only, but before normal business activity is restored, further liquidation is inevitable. In the United States this liquidation has proceeded far more rapidly than here, and the fall in prices has been much greater than with us. I see no escape from the common belief that the financial and economic business losses of curtailment of manufacturing and artificial unemployment of labor. Trade will then be placed on a sounder and surer basis. There is comfort in the thought that a return to normal prices will bring relief from the high cost of living which has become so intolerable."

THE VICE-PRESIDENT.

Mr. E. L. Pease, Vice-President and Managing Director, in seconding the motion for the adoption of the Directors' report, spoke as follows:—

The past year has been an eventful one. Within the last few months we have seen the period of rising prices brought to an end. The high water mark of the year was reached in May, when the average price of wheat was 15% above the price of 1913. In the United States there was a decline of 34%, thirteen per cent of which occurred in the month of November. For the majority, the cost of living is governed, not by wholesale, but by retail prices, and the average of these in Canada and elsewhere has not yet reached the level of 1913. The cost of living in this country is probably quite up to normal, while buying power has weakened, therefore retail price reductions are to be expected now that the holiday season is over."

The character of our foreign trade has also changed sharply. The year ending November 30, 1919, showed a total of \$56,000,000.00 compared with a favorable balance for the year ending November 30, 1918, of \$330,000,000. Exports during the past year were well maintained at slightly above the level of the previous year, but imports showed an increase of \$425,000,000. Our imports from the United States amounted to \$225,000,000, an increase of \$100,000,000 over the year ending November 30, 1918. The percentage of exports to the United States to imports from the United States averaged 49%. Since then the percentage has improved, and will probably be 58% for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1920. The substantial increase in the value of our exports last year was notably supported by sales of lumber, pulp and paper. On the other hand, the consumption of those articles for the supply of which we are largely dependent upon the United States, is increasing with the growth of the country. Iron and steel products imported during the six months ending September 30, 1919, were valued at \$10,000,000, compared with \$7,000,000 in 1918. The year's purchases of cotton and its products in the United States were \$70,000,000, compared with \$17,000,000; automobiles 11,000 as against 8,000; \$12,500,000 worth of automobile parts compared with less than a million dollars. We consumed 300,000,000 gallons of United States petroleum, gasoline and lubricating oils, as against 190,000,000 in 1918."

NECESSITY OF INCREASED EXPORTS.

Is it any wonder we are suffering from adverse exchange rates? The only correctives are, we repeat, the curtailment of imports of non-essential articles and the increase of exports. So far as a country's currency is at all affected, the cost of imports is increased, and with the result tend to change legitimate business into speculation. We in Canada have been fortunate in that our exchange relations with the United States have been fairly stable compared with those of other countries with the United States. The premium on American funds ranged from eight to nineteen per cent, during the past year and is now 15%. Contrast this with the discount on other currencies in New York on December 31st: Sterling 27%, French exchange 69% and Italian exchange 82%."

Difficulties incident to a period of falling prices in Canada and abroad have been lessened by the fact that this year's field crop in the Dominion has been abundant, and are estimated to represent in value a total of one hundred and eighty-four million dollars over the previous year, this despite the fact that the acreage sown to wheat in 1920 was about a million acres less than the previous year, and the average price for wheat is low compared with the price paid by the Government last year for the entire crop, viz: \$2.63 per bushel. The partial abstention of the British Royal Commission from buying new crop wheat has been an unfortunate feature, but their place in the market has been taken to a certain extent by the United States Government's purchase of wheat last year. Between September 1st and the close of navigation on December 14th, 85 million bushels of wheat were shipped by water from Port Arthur and Fort William, of which 57 million bushels went to United States ports, and 28 million bushels to Canadian ports. These shipments compare with 52 million bushels for the same period in 1919, 56 million in 1918, and 47 million in 1917. It is evident that the quantity of wheat sold by the farmers this season is much greater than last, the increase in sales being probably in excess of 20 million bushels, in spite of delays in threshing and transportation difficulties."

A favorable feature, and one likely to have considerable effect on the future production of the Western Provinces, is the development of the Soldiers' Settlement scheme. The Board in charge of this scheme reports that in the Western Provinces alone, returned men have taken up a total of 3,100,000 acres of land; of these, two million acres are free lands granted to veterans, 8,000 of whom have availed themselves of soldiers' grants under the Act. Nearly 14,000 loans, amounting together to \$5 million dollars, have been made by the Board to settlers in the three Prairie Provinces. In all Canada, there were 20,000 loans effected, totaling \$50,000,000."

DEVELOPMENT OF FOREIGN TRADE.

Despite the generally unsatisfactory condition of international trade, due to impaired buying power and depreciation in exchanges, we have every reason to be thankful for the results and the quality of the busi-

ness we have built up in the countries where we are represented. Our branches in South America are making steady progress, and we are well pleased with the outcome of our first year's operations there. We are moving slowly, taking no undue risks. It must not be supposed that a bank's interests in a foreign country are necessarily jeopardized in consequence of weak exchanges. As a matter of fact we are not affected by the wide up and down movements in exchange, since our position in the exchange market is covered daily by sales against purchases and vice versa."

Without exception, the operation of our foreign branches has been satisfactory, and in this connection I desire again to put on record my views as to the advantage of conducting foreign business where possible, through the medium of our own branches rather than through affiliations with other banks, which we do not control. It is only through its own branches that a bank can keep in close touch with its customers and give efficient personal service."

That the expansion of a bank does not mean a drain on the main organization is something which I have had occasion to point out many times. The figures of our foreign loans and deposits, as they stood at November 30th last year affirm this fact."

Deposits \$164,000,000
Loans 102,000,000

The Commerce Reports of the Dominion have year by year afforded ample testimony of the national service rendered by the bank in extending our markets abroad. Wherever we have opened branches, trade with Canada has been stimulated. This statement is emphasized by a recent report in which the Trade Commissioner for Brazil draws attention to the fact that since the inauguration of a direct shipping service by the Dominion and the banking facilities which The Royal Bank of Canada has provided, trade between Canada and Brazil, previously of small dimensions, has shown a distinct increase."

I referred last year to our intention of establishing a department which would provide enquirers with any special information desired. The Foreign Trade Department has now been in operation for nearly a year, and during the time has been able to render many services to Canadian exporters and importers, and to our clients abroad. In addition to providing general information on foreign markets, this department has in many cases placed Canadian exporters in touch with prospective customers with whom they have later developed a satisfactory business. In the early part of the year it was frequently impossible to find Canadian producers who were in a position to consider the many orders, which came from other countries; Canadian conditions are now changing, but in view of conditions abroad we are advising exporters to proceed with caution. We think that in the years to come our intelligence department will prove of great utility."

The department also compiles and publishes a Monthly Commercial Letter reviewing trade and business conditions in Canada and the countries where we are established. This letter has been much appreciated by those who receive it. We further published, a few months ago, a booklet on Canada's position, which had a large circulation among manufacturers and business men in the United States, and to a lesser degree in England."

PREFERENTIAL TARIFF WITH BRITISH WEST INDIES.

The preferential tariff agreement between Canada and the British Colonies in the Caribbean, which now awaits ratification by the Dominion Parliament, will not only result in trade advantages, but will serve to strengthen the movement for closer union. A most gratifying feature is that Jamaica, British Honduras, Bermuda and the Bahamas, which did not join in the old pact of 1912, are parties to the new arrangement. Canadian trade with these British colonies, which was increasing steadily under the influence of the preferential tariff arranged in 1912, will receive fresh impetus from the very favorable conditions now in prospect. The trade of the British West Indies reaches surprisingly large figures, the total value of their 1919 imports and exports being about 250 million dollars. Of this amount, a little over 100 million dollars is represented by imports, one-third of which is supplied by the United States."

Summing up the general business situation, while I feel that casual optimism is out of place, and that we ought all to recognize the fact that business is being brought down to a new sounder basis, I think that undue pessimism is just as bad as the other extreme. Whatever the difficulties we have to face in the near future, the fundamentals of Canada's position are sound, granted that the Canadian people work hard and exercise reasonable economy."

In the period we are thus looking forward to, I feel confident that this bank will play no small part."

I beg to second the Motion for the adoption of the Report."

AUDITORS.

Mr. S. R. Mitchell, Mr. James G. Ross and Mr. W. Garth, Thomson were appointed Auditors for the ensuing year.

THE STAFF.

A vote of thanks was passed to the President, Vice-President and Directors; also to the General Manager and staff. In replying to the latter Mr. C. E. Neill, General Manager, said:

"On behalf of the officers of the bank and myself I thank you for this expression of appreciation of our services. We have a most efficient staff, and I can assure you the thanks of the shareholders, tendered at this Annual Meeting, are relayed by all with the greatest possible pride and pleasure. I cannot speak too highly of the efforts of all officers to advance the interests of the bank, and their loyalty and devotion are outstanding features of our service."

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The following were elected Directors for the ensuing year:—

Sir Herbert S. Holt, K.B.; E. L. Pease, Jas. Redmond, G. R. Crowe, D. K. Elliott, Hon. W. H. Thomas, Hugh Paton, A. J. Brown, K.C., W. J. Sheppard, C. E. Wilcox, A. E. Dymont, C. E. Neill, Sir Mortimer B. Davis, K.B., G. H. Dugan, C. C. Blackader, J. T. Ross, R. Mac Farlane, W. McWilliams, Capt. Wm. Robinson, A. McTavish Campbell, Robt. Adair, T. Sherman Rogers, K.C.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, Sir Herbert S. Holt, was unanimously re-elected President, and managing Director.

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"SOLEIL"

Sur-Extra Fins. Extra-Fins and Tres-Fins



Are generally served "au naturel" that is without cooking or adding anything to them. They are already cooked, ready to serve. Just open the can drain the contents, heat slightly, add a small piece of butter and a pinch of sugar—that's all.

French Peas are the epicure's delight, nothing replaces them, and for the connoisseur no other brand equals that of "Petits Pois Soleil". Sur Extra Fins, Extra-Fins and Tres-Fins.

Those who during the war missed the so delicious French Peas may now obtain them through their grocer.

Their quality is up to the standard of their high reputation.

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The millionaire cannot buy better flour than

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BETTER BUSINESS SIGNS INCREASING

Facts And Figures Dissipate

Negative Surface Indica-

tions, Say Financial Men

(Christian Science Monitor)

Convincing and reassuring "facts and figures that are still in favor of progress and prosperity," continue to accumulate as the new year advances, some surface conditions to the contrary notwithstanding. A few of the significant and fundamental indications of the advance toward more normal times observed and weighed at their fairer value by those whose view is not clouded by transient and superficial flares have been noted in the past week. Among the more important developments are the strong advances in foreign exchange, the easing of money rates, more business resuming operation, continued fall in prices, and the increased buying of railroad equipment that means more business in essential industries."

A summary follows giving condensed views of some of the leading business men and financiers whose words reflect their actions in doing their share in restoring to 100 per cent business conditions that are viewed with disproportionate alarm by those who magnify a lost 5 per cent as greater than the 95 per cent retained.

Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, says, in his most recent statement on the business outlook, "I think I am justified in saying, so far as my opinion extends, there is nothing unfavorable on the business horizon. Certainly at present the tendency is toward improved business conditions."

"The country has passed through the worst of deflation and the elements of progress once more are visible," said George M. Raynolds, president of the Continental & Commercial National Bank of Chicago.

John J. Mitchell, chairman of the notes merchants group of banks, says:

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Saxonia, Jan. 20, Feb. 3
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Saxonia, Mar. 30, Apr. 12
Saxonia, Apr. 20, May 3

New York—Glasgow (Via Montreal)
Feb. 19, Mar. 26, Apr. 23, Columbia
New York—Liverpool
Jan. 29, Mar. 5, Apr. 16, Carmania
Mar. 16, Apr. 23, May 21, Caronia
Mar. 22, Apr. 29, May 27, Caronia
New York, Cherbourg, Southampton

Jan. 20, Mar. 10, Imperator
Feb. 3, Mar. 26, Apr. 23, Columbia
Jan. 17, May 12, June 9, Mauretania
N.Y. Plymouth, Cherbourg and London

Feb. 1, Mar. 15, Apr. 19, Albania
N.Y. Plymouth, Cherbourg, Hamburg
Jan. 22, Mar. 6, Apr. 13, Saxonia
New York, Piraeus, Dubrovnik and Trieste

Jan. 18, Pannonia
New York to Vigo (Spain) Patras
Dubrovnik and Trieste
Jan. 25, Italy

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PORTLAND-HALIFAX—
LIVERPOOL
From Portland, Me., Halifax, N.S.
Canada, Jan. 22, Feb. 26, Mar. 23
Canada, Feb. 26, Mar. 23, Apr. 23
Haverford, Feb. 26, Mar. 23, Apr. 23
Haverford, Apr. 23, May 23, Apr. 23
Haverford, May 23, Apr. 23, Apr. 23
HALIFAX, HAMBURG, DANZIG,
(DIRECT)
Gothenland, Jan. 22, Feb. 26, Mar. 23

AMERICAN LINE
NEW YORK—PLYMOUTH—
CHERBOURG
*Zealand, Jan. 22, Feb. 26, Apr. 2
*Kronland, Jan. 22, Feb. 26, Apr. 2
*Lapland, Jan. 22, Feb. 26, Apr. 2
*Finland, Jan. 22, Feb. 26, Apr. 2
*Red Star Line Steamers on route
Antwerp.

RED STAR LINE
N.Y.—PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—
ANTWERP
Zealand, Jan. 22, Feb. 26, Apr. 2
Kronland, Jan. 22, Feb. 26, Apr. 2
Lapland, Jan. 22, Feb. 26, Apr. 2
Finland, Jan. 22, Feb. 26, Apr. 2

WHITE STAR LINE
N.Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTH-
AMPTON
Adriatic, Jan. 10, Feb. 16, Apr. 6
Olympic, Mar. 19, Apr. 20, May 14
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Cedric, (new) Jan. 26, (3rd class only)
Cedric, Feb. 26, Mar. 23, Apr. 16
Cedric, Feb. 26, Mar. 23, Apr. 16

GBRAITAR—NAPLES—GENOA
Cretic, Mar. 8, May 3
Canopic, Mar. 22, May 17
Full information at:
W. M. Macpherson, 53 Dalhousie St.
Quebec, or Local Agents.
O.7xtu, that to D.39

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Panama Canal, South America
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COMPAGNIE GÉNÉRALE TRANSATLANTIQUE
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—HAVRE—PARIS
France, Jan. 20, Feb. 17, Mar. 17
La Savoie, Jan. 29, Feb. 26, Mar. 26
La Lorraine, Feb. 3, Apr. 3, Apr. 30
Chicago, Feb. 15, Mar. 19, Apr. 26
Leopoldine, Feb. 16, Mar. 19, Apr. 26
Rochambeau, Mar. 8, Apr. 12, May 19
La Touraine, Mar. 12, Apr. 12, May 19

HAMBURG DIRECT
N.Y. Mar. 12, Apr. 12, May 19
F. S. Stocking, 12 Du Fort St. C. A.
Langvin, 30 St. John St., Quebec.

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PREMIUM
WE ACCEPT CANADIAN
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FRENCH LINE
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the 15% to 20% Premium.

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Tel. 82 - 12 Du Fort St.

"Review of the Bond Market in Canada for 1920"

BY J. W. MITCHELL, Vice-President
THE DOMINION SECURITIES
CORPORATION LIMITED.

Mailed free on request

CONTENTS

Canadian financial conditions
in retrospect: Comparative
Statistics of Canadian bond
sales in the United States and
Canada: the Course of Effects
of Foreign Exchange on
Security Values: Canadian
Victory Loan/Market Commit-
tee discontinues its operations:
the "Embargo" on importation
of Securities: January 1st,
1921, finds the prices of Cana-
dian Investment Securities at
the most attractive levels
in a quarter century.

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Pres. Vice-Pres.
J. H. Boisvert, N.P., Managing
Director.

Jan. 18xtu, that to D.39

The Next Change

When will business reverse?
And why?
What has happened to
business?
The underlying facts that
answer these questions are
set forth in the January
Greenfields Review.

This Review has for ten
years correctly interpreted
the current business
position and the probable
future trend.

A request on your letter-
head will bring you a copy.
Write to-day.

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89 Wall St., New York

MCDUGALL & COWAN

Stock Brokers

116 Mountain Hill
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Victory Bonds
Telephones 1402-1403

LEGAL NOTICE.

Canada.
Province of Quebec.
District of Quebec.
No. 3238. SUPERIOR COURT.
Dame Augustine Lemay, wife
common as to property of Joseph
Cauchon, of St. Marc des
Carriers, duly authorized to enter
in justice by a court order, plaintiff,
vs. The Said Joseph Cauchon, of
St. Marc des Carriers, Defendant.
NOTICE.
An action for separation as to
property has been entered in this
case, on the first of October, one
thousand nine hundred and twenty,
Quebec, December 20, 1920.
(Signed) BEDARD & FLYNN,
Jan. 18xtu, Att. for Plaintiff.

Commercial and Financial News

CLOSING LETTERS BY THE CANADIAN PRESS

(By Canadian Press)

New York, Jan. 17.—Variable gains
among industrial, utility and spe-
cialized, particularly those under pro-
fessional control, and moderate re-
actions in the rails measured the
extent of today's very dull and in-
conclusive session of the stock mar-
ket. Sales of \$55,000,000 shares rep-
resented the finalist dealings in a
number of weeks.

Local traction owed their strength
to prospects of State legislation pro-
viding for higher fares and the cop-
pers developed firmness on rumors
of a probable merger or consolida-
tion of several of the prominent pro-
ducing companies.

Financial and industrial happen-
ings over the week-end were of the
same confusing character as those
which have influenced or governed
market values for the first fort-
night of the new year. Improvement
in the Federal Reserve Bank posi-
tion was neutralized by the deficit
in actual reserves revealed last Sat-
urday by local associated banks, al-
though this is subject to speedy cor-
rection.

Western points reported further
increase in railway tonnage and a
sluggish investment market, but
advice from more remote sections
in the West and South-West indi-
cated a pronounced turn for the better
in general business and credit con-
ditions.

The foreign exchange market was
strong, especially Continental Euro-
pean rates. French, Belgian, Italian,
Dutch and Spanish remittances
registered material gains, as well as
the German rate. The advance was
largely attributed to the forthcoming
meeting of the Reparations Com-
mission.

Money quotations were unaltered,
all the day's call loans being made
at 6 per cent, with a stiffening of
outside quotations. More funds
were buyers of mercantile paper.

The demand for bonds was irregu-
lar, with consequent uncertainty of
price, especially in the foreign divi-
sion, where French issues seemed
Liberty bonds were active and mostly
substantially higher. Total sales
(par value) aggregated \$18,350,000.
Old United States bonds were un-
changed on call.

NEW YORK MARKET

(By Brunau & Dupuis)

Allis Chalmers... 35 1/2
Am Bosh Mag... 52
Am Can... 27 1/2
Am Car & F... 124 1/2
Am Inter Corp... 45 1/2
Am Locomotive... 83 1/2
Am Smelting... 38
Am Sugar... 92
Am Sumatra Tob... 77 1/2
Am Woolen... 68 1/2
Anaconda Copper... 37
Atchafalca... 83 1/2
Baldwin Loco... 92 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio... 36 1/2
Beth Steel (B)... 59 1/2
Brooklyn R T... 11 1/2
Canadian Pacific... 117
Central Leather... 38 1/2
Chandler Motors... 68 1/2
Ches & Ohio... 60 1/2
Chicago M & S P... 29
do Pfd... 44
Chic R Island... 27 1/2
Corn Products... 70 1/2
Crucible Steel... 97 1/2
Cuba Cane Sugar... 23
Erie Railroad... 14 1/2
General Motors... 14 1/2
Goodrich... 41
Great Nor Pfd... 76 1/2
Inspiration Copper... 35
Internat Nickel... 15 1/2
Inter Merc Marine... 14 1/2
do Pfd... 55 1/2
Internat Paper... 59 1/2
Kennecott Copper... 19 1/2
Key Tire & Rub... 10 1/2
Lehigh Valley... 54 1/2
Maxwell Motors... 5 1/2
Mexican Petrol... 14 1/2
Missouri Pacific... 18 1/2
do Pfd... 49
New Haven... 22 1/2
N Y Central... 73 1/2
Norfolk & Wes... 101 1/2
Northern Pac... 84
Ont. Western... 18
Pan Am Petrol... 76
Penn R... 43 1/2
Pierce Arrow... 33 1/2
Reading... 88 1/2
Republic I & S... 70
Royal Dutch... 68
St. Louis & S F... 22 1/2
Sinaloa Oil Cons... 24
Southern Pacific... 98
Southern Ry... 23 1/2
Studebaker... 52
Texas Oil... 43 1/2
Tob Products... 56 1/2
Union Pacific... 119 1/2
Uni Retail Stores... 66
U S Ind Alcohol... 68 1/2
U S Steel... 83 1/2
U S Rubber... 67 1/2
Utah Copper... 53 1/2
Van Steel... 39 1/2
White Motor... 38 1/2
Willys-Overland... 73 1/2

THE TORONTO

PRODUCT MARKET

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 17.—Manitoba
oats, No. 2 Canadian Western, 55
1-8c; No. 3 51 3-8c; extra No. 1 feed
51 3-8c; No. 1 feed 49 1-8c; No. 2
feed 49 1-8c, all in store Fort Wil-
liam.

American corn, No. 2 yellow, 11.15,
nominal, track Toronto, prompt
shipped.

Canadian corn, feed, nominal.
Manitoba barley, in store Fort
William, No. 2 96c, No. 4 80c; re-
jects 69c; No. 1 feed 69c.

Barley, Ontario malting 85c to
90c, outside.
Ontario wheat, No. 2 1.18 to
1.19, f. o. b. shipping points, ac-
cording to freight; No. 2 spring
1.18 to 1.19.

Ontario oats, No. 2 white, nomi-
nal, 50c to 55c according to freight
outside.

Peas, No. 2 1.17 to 1.18, accord-
ing to freight outside.
Buckwheat, nominal, 1.00 to
1.05.

Ontario flour, 90 per cent patents
\$9.00, bulk seaboard.
Manitoba flour, track Toronto, cash
prices, first patents, \$11.10; second
patents \$10.60.

Milled, carload, delivered Mont-
real, freight and bags included:
bran, per ton, \$38. to \$40. to \$42. to
per ton, \$42. to \$44. to \$46. to
\$3.00 per bag.

Hay, No. 1 per ton, loose \$35. to
\$37. to \$39. to \$41. to \$43. to
\$30.00.

Wheat, March, 1.17; May 1.19
1-4.
Corn, May 71 3-8c; July 72 3-8c.
Oats, May 46c; July 45 5-8c.
Pork, January \$24.50; May \$24.15.
Lard, January \$18.25; May \$18.25.
Ribs, January \$12.20; May \$12.25.

C. P. R. EARNINGS
Montreal, Jan. 17.—Canadian Pa-
cific Railway earnings for week
ending January 14, \$3,376,000 de-
crease \$55,000.

DAILY GOSSIP ON THE LEADING STOCKS

The American Locomotive Com-
pany plans to build a large plant in
St. Louis at a cost which may reach
\$25,000,000. The initial outlay will
be between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000.

Dispatches from Milwaukee say
the larger industries in and around
that city during the present week
will re-employ between 1000 and
1500 men.

France plans to bring out a 400-
000,000-franc issue of new bronze
and aluminum alloy subsidiary coin-
age in 2, 1 1-2 and 1 franc pieces, to
replace the paper money issued dur-
ing the war in the same denomina-
tions. It is expected that comple-
tion of the issue will take two or
three years.

The price of fuel oil is now quoted
1 cent lower by the Standard Oil
Company of New York. The price
is now 22 1-2 cents compared with
23 1-2 cents formerly for 28 and 31
degrees.

The Chamber of Deputies at San-
tiago, Chile, approved the propo-
sal reducing to \$5,000,000 in gold
the amount of the proposed loan on
behalf of the state railways.

A despatch from London is as fol-
lows: German competition is now ac-
tive, and a recent report states that
a German engineering firm has ob-
tained the contract of 40 sets of
engines for a British Dominion. Some
of the best British engineering firms
were invited to compete, but the best
home price was \$180,000 against the
price of \$400,000. Moreover, the
German firm offered speedy delivery,
whereas home engineers said they
could not guarantee delivery owing
to labor conditions. This is the first
important engineering contract
awarded from the country by the
Germans since the armistice.

Swift & Co's sales during 1920
were over \$1,000,000,000, a decrease
from the previous year, according to
the report of President Louis F.
Swift, to the stockholders at their
annual meeting.

During the year Swift & Co. added
to its surplus \$5,170,382.45 and
paid dividends of 8 per cent totaling
\$12,000,000. The company has, ac-
cording to Mr. Swift's report, 400,
000 shareholders, of whom over 13,
000 are employees.

The balance sheet as of October
30, 1920, shows total assets and li-
abilities of \$450,905,553.

For the year which ended October
30, 1920, Swift & Co. earned \$3.44
a share on the \$150,000,000 stock.
The balance of the \$4 paid in divid-
ends was drawn from the surplus.
The company has now paid divid-
ends of not less than 6 per cent
since 1888, so that it is wholly to be
expected that the company would
use its surplus of rising \$80,000,000,
or \$5 a share, to bridge over a
period of recession in earning power.

THE CHICAGO

PRODUCE MARKET

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 17.—Persistent
export demand led to a material ad-
vance today in the value of wheat.
Prices closed strong at 2 1-4 to 3 1-4
cent higher. Corn gained 3-8 to 1-4
cent and oats a shade to 1-4 cent.
In provisions the outcome varied
from 10 cent decline to 60 cents ad-
vance.

Wheat, March, 1.17; May 1.19
1-4.
Corn, May 71 3-8c; July 72 3-8c.
Oats, May 46c; July 45 5-8c.
Pork, January \$24.50; May \$24.15.
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C. P. R. EARNINGS
Montreal, Jan. 17.—Canadian Pa-
cific Railway earnings for week
ending January 14, \$3,376,000 de-
crease \$55,000.

CLOSING LETTERS BY THE LOCAL BROKERS

(By Brunau & Dupuis)

New York, Jan. 17.—The market
is doing extremely as it should do
according to precedent and running
true to form it has had an extraor-
dinary long period of decline, then
quite a nice rally, now we come to
the time when the shorts having
covered to a sufficient degree to do
way with their nervousness. The
market is left to drift and as it
would seem to the apparent that this
swing has reached its climax, the
various accounts also have been
helped through during the period of
stress by relative friends, banks, etc.,
commence to let go the stocks they
were taken over at the time of ex-
treme weakness and we have a drag-
ging, sagging and unsatisfactory sit-
uation, such as at present. It is
hard to diagnose of predict how long
this period may last, for some times
they are just dragged out. We be-
lieve that we have seen bottom pri-
ces, but the situation abroad is far
from satisfactory and we are inclin-
ed to think that the market will
drag down until we some some-
where near the low level and the
market thus makes, as is were a
second bottom. We could not buy
now, but would rather take profit
and wait as the market is not very
far from top figures, even today.
Sales, 477,600.

(By Breen, Gourdeau & Charlebois)

New York, Jan. 17.—Crucible Steel
and the transaction shares recorded
good sized advances from last week's
final prices at the opening in a mar-
ket that was otherwise featureless.
Price changes were decidedly irregu-
lar and fractional, dealings were
on a small scale and no trend was
apparent. Floor traders picked out
certain specialties at various inter-
vals during the forenoon, such as
General Asphalt, American Woolen
and Kelly-Springfield to bid up and
sell, but would rather take profit
and wait as the market is not very
far from top figures, even today.
Sales, 477,600.

(By L. G. Beaubien & Co.)

New York, Jan. 17.—The only en-
livening feature to a very dull mar-
ket this afternoon was a development
quite a little strength in the cop-
per stocks attributed both to reports
of a combination of several com-
panies and a rise in the continental
foreign exchanges which aroused
hopes of a better foreign demand
for materials. Anaconda Copper,
Inspiration Copper, Utah Copper and
American Smelters were all a point
or so higher.

On the other hand railroad issues
continued to sag off, led by Reading
and Southern Pacific each of which
suffered a loss of two points or more.
The steel stocks had a recovery in
the early afternoon but suffered a
reaction again before the close.

There was also profit taking in
other industrial quarters so that the
final tone was rather heavy.

EGG MARKET

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 17.—The market
for fresh eggs is slightly
firmer although receipts are in-
creasing at various Ontario centers.
There are very few storage eggs,
however, now available and a de-
crease in cost of fresh has caused a
corresponding increase in consump-
tion.

Toronto specials jobbing 50c to
52c; extra 75c to 80c; frills 74c to
75c; seconds 60c. Country shippers
report paying 70c to 72c and making
sales at 75c to 78c 1-2c, f. o. b.

Montreal specials 80c to 82c; ex-
tra 75c; frills 70c.

OILS.

London, Jan. 17.—Close:
Calcutta Unseed 122 10s.
Lined oil, 34s. 5d.
Sperm oil, 150.

Petroleum American refined 2s.
3 1-4d. Spirits 2s. 4 1-4d.
Turpentine spirits 100s.
Rosin, American strained 34s.
type "B" 35s. 6d.
Tallow, Australian 51s.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 17.—Turpenti-
ne quiet, 92 1-2; receipts
47; shipments 20; stock 15,601.
Rosin, quiet; no sales; receipts
293; shipments none; stock 33,396.

SUGAR MARKET

New York, Jan. 17.—Raw sugar
was steady early at 4 1-2 cents for
Cubans cast and freight, equal to 5 1/2
for centrifugal.
Refined steady with a fair inquiry
at 7 1/2 for fine granulated.
Futures opened quiet and prices at
midday were about two to four
points net higher on covering.

J. ALLEYN,

MAIL, TEXT AND
AWNING MAKER
225 ST. PAUL STREET
Telephone 76, Quebec

MONTREAL EXCHANGE

Montreal, January 17.—On the
whole the market on the local Stock
Exchange today trended downwards
with the papers inclined to sag
from neglect. No stock stood out
prominently by reason of activity,
but here and there stocks were pro-
minently strong, one or two advan-
ces being particularly large.

The largest gains were made by
Ogilvie, which on 50-share turn-
over, sold 20 points higher at 200.
Next on the list was an advance of
7 points by Canada Car Preferred
and one of the points by the Com-
mon. Four other issues scored gains
of over a point, viz: Cement, Glass
Preferred, Lyall and Royal Bank.

Several stocks gained a fraction
including sugar at 31 1/2 Bell Tele-
phone at 100 1/2; Bridge at 88 1/2 and
Bank of Montreal at 21 1/2. Steam-
ship Preferred, Laurentide and Que-
bec Railway held unchanged.

The largest losses were scored by
Howard-Smith, down 7 points at par.
This was followed by a loss of 3 1/4
points by Wayagmack at 78 1/2.
Abitibi lost a fraction at 56 1/2.
Brompton a fraction at 52 1/2; Rio-
rion a point at 128; Spanish River
lost 1 1/2 at 33 and the preferred a
point at 90. Other losses included
Steel of Canada's one point at 62;
Shawinigan's one at 106; B. C.
Fishing's 1 1/2 at 41 and MacDonald's
one at 55 1/2. In the bond list only
the 1931 old war loan and the 1922
Victory showed a stronger trend,
the former gaining 1 1/4 points at 93 1/2
and the latter a fraction at 98 1/2.
The remaining Government bonds
were lower.

Total sales, listed 5,457 shares;
Bonds \$357,750.

(By Breen, Gourdeau & Charlebois)

Ames	Bid	Ames
Abitibi	55 1/2	55 1/2
Bell	100 1/2	100 1/2
Brazilian	33 1/2	33 1/2
Brompton	52 1/2	52 1/2
Bridge	88 1/2	88 1/2
Brompton	52 1/2	52 1/2
Cannons		

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Also a wonderful healer for Burns, Scalds, Cuts and all Sore Wounds and Injuries. Of chemists 50c per box or direct from Zam-Buk Co., Dupont St., Toronto. Trial sample in stamp.

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Yarmouth, N.S.

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J. A. JOL-COEUR

ADVOCATE
48 St. Peter St.
Phone: 6418; Res. 1918.

At The Theatres

"813" Will Be Shown at The Classic Today—"Velvet Fingers," the New Serial, Was the Best Yet Seen

**"Humoresque" Is Wonderful Picture-- Record Crowds See It At The Victoria**

The answer to the critics who lament the artificiality of motion pictures is "Humoresque." This photoplay is real life faithful portrayed. It has an intense appeal to the heart, equalled by few works of literature, and few stage productions. Last night's audience at the Victoria Theatre, where "Humoresque" opened a four day's run, was accurately moved to laughter and something closely akin to tears. The picture has the humor of "Folash and Perimeter" and the pathos of "The Music Master."

Fannie Hurst, author of the novel upon which the picture is based, shows in "Humoresque" why she is one of the highest-paid and most popular writers in the country. The story is simplicity itself in plot. Leon Kantor, a child of New York's humble East Side with a soul for music, is the central figure. Under the watchful and loving eye of his mother he develops into a world-known musician. At the height of his popularity he goes to war and returns with a wounded shoulder that, the doctors tell him, will prevent him from ever playing a violin again. Music is Leon's life. Without it, he becomes morose and, believing himself a cripple for life, is unwilling to marry the girl he loves. But in a wonderful manner the clouds clear away and he is once again made happy.

Alma Rubens, Vera Gordon, Gaston Glass and Dore Davidson in the chief roles in the picture could not be improved upon. Frank Borzage, the director, also deserves honorable mention. "Humoresque" is a Cosmopolitan production released by Paramount Artcraft. The musical program as arranged by Mr. Clapperton, the musical director, is one of the finest ever offered. The comedy "Kiss Me Caroline" is a knockout.

No Small Town Show at the Auditorium This Week

The kind of attractions the Auditorium is putting on these days is certainly not of the small town variety and the vaudeville and pictures offered this week again, booked through the B. F. Keith Vaudeville Exchange in New York proved most pleasing yesterday to the hundreds of show fans that crowded the Auditorium at all performances.

The show, in fact, is far better yet than the bill that was given last week and which was by no means weak. This week's vaudeville beats the best shows that have been given this Fall at any house in the city and this is saying some.

There are also a fine variety of pictures including Douglas Fairbanks in a half-dozen series of adventures depicted in a piping hot feature entitled "The Modysville." There is also a comedy with real comedy in it, clean through to the very end. Other attractions close the show.

The same programme will be given all this week.

Chronicle Files 100 Years Ago

The Ursuline Convent
Much alarm has prevailed in this city for some days past, on account of repeated attempts in the night time, to set fire to the Ursuline Nunnery. From the awkward nature of the attempts, they appear to us to be the work of some insane person, or of some one more desirous of creating an alarm, for some interested purposes, than of actually occasioning a conflagration. A reward of fifty pounds is offered for the discovery of the offender.

A Good Price
London.—At the sale of the late Mr. Hindley's library at Evans in Pall Mall, a collection of single poems

What Every Woman Ought to Know

THAT DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS MAKE HEALTHY KIDNEYS.

And that Healthy Kidneys by Straining the Impurities out of the Blood Make for Good Health all Over the Body.

Carmichael, Sask., Jan. 17.—(Special).—Miss Hazel Mace, a well-known and highly respected resident here is numbered among the many friends Dodd's Kidney Pills have made on the Prairies. "I have found Dodd's Kidney Pills the best I ever used," she stated, "I would not use any other kind. 'Yes, you may publish what I say,' she concluded. 'I only hope it will help other sufferers.'"

Thousands of women, not only on the Prairies, but all over Canada look on Dodd's Kidney Pills as a friend in need. They are purely a Kidney remedy. By toning up the Kidneys to do their full work of straining the impurities out of the blood they strike right at the root of the disease.

Pure blood coursing through the veins speedily relieves that weariness and weakness so many women know. It brings in their place a health that is the foundation of happiness. Healthy Kidneys are an absolute necessity if the body is to be healthy. If you haven't used Dodd's Kidney Pills for any kind of Kidney trouble ask your neighbors about them.

WAS STARTLED AT RING OF DOOR BELL

Three Rivers Woman Overcomes Nervousness And Other Troubles By Taking Tanlac

"Since Tanlac has helped me so much, I am not surprised that so many people are praising it, and I want to say a good word for it myself," was the statement made recently by Mrs. J. B. Laframboise, Cape Madeleine, Three Rivers, Canada.

"For over three years I suffered from indigestion and became badly run down and very weak. I had no appetite, and at times even the smell of food cooking would make me sick. Nothing agreed with me, and after each meal the gas from my undigested food bloated me until I could hardly breathe, and often I became so dizzy I had to sit down or hold to something to keep from falling. My back ached terribly, at times, and my nerves were in such a bad condition that the ring of the door bell or rustling of a newspaper made me jump and I could scarcely sleep any. Mornings and, in fact, all the time, I felt completely tired out, and as nothing I tried helped me the least bit, I finally became very much discouraged, and lost almost all hope of ever being well again.

"But I heard Tanlac praised so highly I decided to try it, and it certainly is surprising the way it brought me out. I soon had a splendid appetite, and now I am eating just anything I want without suffering the least bit afterward. The pains have disappeared from my back and my nerves are perfectly quiet, so that I sleep like a child and wake up feeling refreshed and ready to enjoy a hearty breakfast. Tanlac is just grand, and everybody ought to know about it."

"Tanlac is sold by Martel & Dion and Joliveau's Pharmacy."

A Ready-Cooked Food for breakfast lunch or supper Grape-Nuts

Crisp granules of wheat and malted barley "sweet as a nut" from special processing and long baking.

"There's a Reason" At grocers everywhere

THE BANKRUPTCY ACT

AUCTION SALE.

In the matter of Aux Nouveaux "J. A. A. Patry" Millinery, St. Joseph, Beauce, Authorized Assignor.

Notice is hereby given that on FRIDAY, 21st JANUARY 1921 AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M.

Will be sold at our office, 101 St. Peter St., Quebec, the assets of this estate as follows:

A—Stock in Trade.....\$2104.19

Store Fixtures.....192.00

2294.19

B—One Auto "Pulman".....400.00

The sale will be made for each item separately.

The inventory may be seen at our office.

The Store will be opened for inspection of stock, etc., THURSDAY, JANUARY 20th 1921.

Terms of sale: CASH.

BEDARD & BELANGER, Authorized Trustees.

Office: 101 St. Peter St., Quebec, January 16th, 1921.

Jan. 14, 18, 20, 23.

THE BANKRUPTCY ACT

AUCTION SALE.

In the matter of Hypolite Dufour, General Merchant, La Malbaie, Authorized Assignor.

Notice is hereby given that on FRIDAY, 21st JANUARY 1921 AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M.

Will be sold at our office, 101 St. Peter St., Quebec, the assets of this estate as follows:

A—Stock in Trade.....\$4304.90

Store Fixtures.....16.00

\$4320.90

B—Book debts according to list.....\$26.43

The sale will be made for each item separately.

The inventory and list of book debts may be seen at our office.

The store will be opened for inspection of stock, etc., on WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19th 1921.

Terms of sale: CASH.

BEDARD & BELANGER, Authorized Trustees.

Office: 101 St. Peter St., Quebec, January 16th, 1921.

Jan. 14, 18, 20, 23.

CAPTAIN REPORTS

BAD WEATHER

Halifax, N.S., Jan. 16—"It was the worst weather I have ever experienced," said Captain Davies, Master of the White Star-Dominion liner Canada, when that ship arrived in port this morning, nine days and fourteen hours from Liverpool. The ship's course was changed last Wednesday to go to the assistance of the Norwegian steamer Ontonada, then sending out S.O.S. calls.

HORLICK'S Malted Milk for Invalids

A nourishing and digestible diet. Contains rich milk and malted grain extract. A powder soluble in water.

Our
Great White Sale
Is Now Going On
Eclipse Whitewear
Greatly Reduced

At our great whitewear sale, which is now going on, we are making large reductions on all white underclothing. White blouses, white waists, white laces, white embroidery, and all kinds of white goods.

White Blouse Waists—33 1-3 Percent Off.

Ladies' Night Gowns, trimmed with lace and embroidery, \$1.10 for 88c, \$1.50 for \$1.20, \$1.75 for \$1.40, \$2.50 for\$2.00

White Skirts, trimmed, lace and embroidery, \$1.25 now \$1.00, \$1.65 now \$1.35, \$2.25 now \$1.80, \$2.45 now\$2.00

Ladies' Drawers, trimmed, embroidery and lace, 98c now 79c, \$1.10 now 88c, \$1.25 now \$1.00, \$1.55 now\$1.25

Envelope Chemise, trimmed, lace and embroidery, \$1.50 for \$1.20, \$1.75 for \$1.40, \$2.15 now \$1.73, \$2.45 for\$1.99

Flannellette Night Gowns, good quality flannellette, \$2.45 now \$1.99, \$2.65 now \$2.12, \$2.25 now\$2.00

LINENS, SHEETING, TOWELS, QUILTS, SHEETS, NAPKINS, DOWN QUILTS.

All 20% Off

Simons & Co.

Tel. 338 20 Fabrique Street, Quebec

IMPORTED WINES

FRENCH AND FOREIGN CHOICE LIQUEURS.

JOHN I. La ROCHE

316 St. Paul Street, Quebec

Firm Renowned For The Quality Of Its Products.

Please send Doctor's Certificate with your order.

A VISIT SOLICITED.

LIPTON'S TEA

Nothing is more pleasing than a good cup of tea.

Lipton's afternoon tea is stimulating and will suit the most particular epicure. We have a fresh stock done up in quarter, half one and five pound packages. Also in two pound tin boxes.

Try a tin or package of this famous blend in your next order.

We have always on hand the best wines and liquors.

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22 FABRIQUE STREET, QUEBEC. PHONE: 6400

20% Discount

on all our enormous stock of

OILCLOTHS
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