MORNING EDITION:
SILVERWARE Bearing this Trade-Mark SIMPSON, HALL, MILLER & CO. QUADRUPLE PLATE for Hollow Ware Is Acknowledged as the Best Made

Montreal Daily Herald

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EIGHTY-EIGHTH YEAR NO. 215. MONTREAL DAILY HERALD, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1895. PRICE ONE CENT.

ARMENIAN ATROCITIES

DISCUSSED BY A CANADIAN PROFESSOR FROM BEYROUT.

DR. HARRIS GRAHAM, FORMERLY OF OTTAWA, IN TOWN.

The Only Means of Preventing Further Outrages Will be to Place Armenia Under the Control of the Great Powers.

Armenia, that portion of Turkey where prodigality and avarice so recently created such frightful atrocities, was described in new and interesting style to a Herald reporter last evening by Dr. Harris Graham, a clever young Canadian, who is now professor of pathology at Beyrout University, Syria. The doctor was in a peaceful holiday mood when seen, and seemed to shrink from even a suggestion of the awful Armenian story, where "all pity was choked by the custom of fell deeds." In short, the doctor had just returned from a visit to his old home in Ottawa, where his mother lives, and where his brother conducts an extensive business in the Baldwin Iron Works.

"Where I live in Turkey," said the doctor, "all is peace, as our country is Lebanon. You know Lebanon, where the great religious revolt took place in 1862, when the Mohammedans stormed with their bigotry and intolerance. That storm has made the educational facilities invogue to-day, for our district has been controlled indirectly by Britain, France and Germany every since, as the Sultan appoint a Christian Governor-General each year, subject to the wishes of these three great powers. But Armenia is next to us, and it is ruled byTurkey absolutely, where the Government is rotten. For instance, I had a friend Lieutenant-Governor of a province in Armenia, who confessed to have paid £250 for a job which commanded a salary of £200.

"There are two sides to these atrocities. There is in existence there a society known as the Armenian Patriotic Association. They distributed seditious papers and pamphlets among the Armenians urging them to revolt against the Turks. Many of the ringleaders in this society were men who had visited America, and who were practically cheap notoriety hunters. This society caused the massacre. The Armenians are a clever and wonderful people, and the Turks fear them. The Minister of Finance in Turkey is an Armenian, but they want government of the Lebanon kind. This is all that will save further disaster there and cause other nations to interfere, as they did in 1862." Then the Doctor cited an instance of villainy which took place only last month. When one of the prominent Armenians refused to join this patriotic association he was murdered.

Travelling in the interior of Turkey meant now trifling with death. Circassian robbers were on every hand, and hydra-headed treason reared its unblushing front everywhere.

The doctor then changed the subject and spoke modestly of his career. He attended Toronto University, and afterwards went to Berlin, Germany, where he took degrees to fit him for a professor's chair at Beyrout.

They had 300 students at his college, and their course, he considered, much harder than that of any Canadian medical college. Egyptian students thronged their schools. He said he was the only Canadian there, but the college was purely English.

Dr. Graham will sail from New York for home September 12.

MONTREAL EXHIBITION.

The directors of the Montreal Exposition Company have decided to prohibit and prevent all kinds of gambling on or within three hundred yards of the exhibition grounds, and any persons who after due notice continue to violate the same shall be dealt with according to law.

It has also been decided that the sale of alcoholic beverages would be totally prohibited; but that light refreshments, including temperance beverages, would be tolerated and sold at the various restaurants on the grounds.

The General Freight Agent of the C. P. R. Co. writes to Mr. S. C. Stevenson to the effect that special instructions in regard to the prompt handling of all exhibition freight, including live stock, at Mile End, have been duly given to the officials of the line, who will comply with the company's requests.

The Freight Agent of the G. T. R. has written to Mr. S. C. Stevenson as follows: "I have your favor of 3rd inst. and beg to state that I have already taken steps to put in effect the same arrangements for getting live stock and other car load freight for the exhibition from Union Jacques Cartier Junction to Mile End, as we had in force during the exhibition of 1893."

The exhibitors are now working in earnest, and from present indications everything will be in readiness for Thursday next, the opening day.

The contract for illuminating and the firework displays has been awarded to a Montreal firm, Messrs. Robitaille & Co., who made such a success of the Fete de Nuit at Boucherville recently.

A large number of Government and civic officials have agreed to visit the exhibition on Thursday next, and will be met at the doors of the grounds by the board of directors, who will accompany them on their official visit to the various buildings.

Mr. E. G. Wilson, druggist, of Morrisville, Vermont, has written to the manager of the Montreal Exposition Company that a large excursion was being organized in and around his locality, and that it would reach Montreal on and after the 16th of September next.

Caught at Last.

For the last twelve months Messrs. Eastman and Peardon, wholesale grocers, of Sweetsburg, in Bedford County, have been missing a large quantity of goods from one of their stores. Try as hard as they could the thieves escaped detention, and as a last resource the firm employed Detective Silas Carpenter to solve the mystery. That astute official, with two of his men, has for the last few days been on a still hunt, which yesterday morning ended successfully. They caught a man named Martin in the act of walking off with a bag of flour and other goods.

Further investigation revealed the fact that he had been assisted by his two brothers-in-law, and that the three families had subsisted for a long time on the goods stolen from Messrs. Eastman and Peardon. The three were lodged in the Sweetsburg jail to await their trial.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.

Visit to the Famous Penitentary by the Grand Jury.

It is a matter of sufficiently rare occurrence when one is permitted to have a realistic view of the practical side of life, as demonstrated in some of our institutions.

All day yesterday was occupied by the Grand Jury of the Queen's Bench in paying a visit to St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary. The Grand Jury have no official right to visit the penitentiary, and the enjoyment of their visit yesterday was due to the courtesy of the genial warden, Mr. Tel. Ouimet.

The visiting party comprised the Grand Jury, Deputy-Sheriff Franchere, Governor Vallee, of the Montreal Jail, and representatives of the press. The deputation were received by Mr. Ouimet and conducted through the entire institution.

A description of the penitentiary would be uncalled for, as it has on various occasions been dealt with by the press. Suffice it to say that some improvements, such as the surrounding guard wall, twenty-seven feet high and six feet thick, is rapidly approaching completion, and will add to the security of the penitentiary, which already bears a splendid record, escapes being rare occurrences in the annals of the institution.

The wonderful manner in which the corridors, etc., are laid out, have facilitated matters so that a guard pacing in the centre rotunda can see in all directions where prisoners are confined, except, of course, the dungeons, which are in the basement.

On the way down one of the corridors, along which, by the way, all the doors may be locked and unlocked automatically, Warden Ouimet stopped in front of a dark cell in which a prisoner was confined.

"Who is there?" asked the warden.

"Bertrand," was the reply.

"You are well known Bertrand and in your proper place," answered Mr. Ouimet, adding as the party left that the prisoner in dark confinement has a serious affinity for fighting with the other convicts.

After touring through endless halls and alleyways the dungeons downstairs were visited. In one of these dungeons was confined a prisoner named Lambert. Foreman Jas. Lowe, jr., of the Grand Jury asked to see him. The outside portal of the cell was swung, and the warden asked Lambert if he had any request to make of the Grand Jury. He replied that he had not, and the party left the basement. Later on, however, by special request of Mr. Lowe, the convict Lambert, who had been put in the dungeon for insolence, was released from his gloomy quarters.

When the tailoring department was entered all eyes were strained eagerly to obtain a glimpse of J. R. Hooper, who was known to be here. Soon all anxiety was relieved by Hooper saluting the warden and engaging Foreman Jas. Lowe in conversation. Hooper is looking well and fat, an appearance borne by all the other convicts, and was seen to present two papers to the foreman of the Grand Jury. These papers turned out to be petitions to the Governor-General and the Grand Jury. Mr. Lowe declined to make known their contents until they had been read before the Grand Jury and the judge. Many other interesting characters were seen. Bridgeman, charged with attempted murder of his wife, and serving fourteen years; Jacobs, the Caughnawaga wife murderer, serving a life sentence; Chandlers, who shot Superintendent Sheffield, of the C.P.R. dining car service. Chandlers, when engaged in conversation at first spoke calmly enough, but soon waxed into a great state of excitement, lavishing great abuse on the Warden and his officials, with the exception of the Deputy-Warden, of whom he spoke well. He said that he did not know where his people were, and requested the Grand Jury to find out for him where they were, and otherwise interest themselves in his regard. Fahey, the ex-detective, who has already served eight years on a fourteen years' sentence, was observed to be in good health, and looking far better than a year ago at the last visit of the Grand Jury.

Many were the points of interest noted throughout the Penitentiary, but these would be difficult of classification, as it is one entire centre of great interest.

Numerous samples of the prisoners' work were examined, and deeply impressed the visitors with the latent genius confined within the walls of the St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary. The visit altogether occupied about two hours, and concluded by a general reassembly in the Warden's office, where in a few well chosen words the foreman of the Grand Jury thanked Mr. Ouimet for his exceeding kindness in escorting them through the Penitentiary. Mr. Lowe added that everything was in good order, and the arrangements throughout had impressed both he and the Grand Jury very much.

Wholesale Grocers' Travelers.

The Montreal Wholesale Grocers' Travellers' Association is the latest organization which proposes to work towards the universal brotherhood of man. It was organized last evening at the house of Mr. E. Massicotte, 215 St. Elizabeth Street. Mr. Massicotte was elected president, Mr. William Duckworth, vice-president, Mr. E. Gounon secretary, and Mr. A. W. Childs treasurer. The directors elected are: Messrs. E. A. Cardinal, P. Grace, J. Ethier, D. Lapointe, A. Lacroix and C. A. Corrigan. Mr. Thomas Gauthier, grocer, was elected honorary president, and Mr. J. O. Levesque, honorary secretary. The society will hold its second meeting at the house of Mr. Massicotte on the 20th inst. Before adjourning the members passed a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. Massicotte for his hospitality.

Resolution of Condolence.

The following minute has been unanimously approved and ordered to be entered by the managers of the Mackay Institute:

"That at this, the first meeting of managers since the demise of the late Mr. R. W. Shepherd, we desire to express our sense of the loss entailed upon the institution by the deprivation of the kindly advice and assistance which had been enjoyed for a period of 15 years. His life was steadfast and consistent, open as the day. His character may be aptly summed up in the following quotation: With malice towards none, with charity for all; with firmness in the right as God gave him to see the right."—Carried.

The G.T.R. President.

Mr. S. Barker, one of the directors of the G.T.R. Co., arrived at the Windsor last evening, having been with the new president of the G.T.R. and the officials out west. He said that Sir Charles Rivers Wilson and the party were in Chicago. He accompanied them to North Bay and then back to Toronto. Their inspection from Chicago would partake of a trip back over the old Great Western service, thence to Niagara Falls and Hamilton, afterwards to Buffalo. It was the intention of the officials, i.e., Sir Charles, Mr. Price and the third director to hurry back to New York by September 19, where an important railway meeting would be held. Sir Charles and Mr. Price were not likely to return to Montreal again this trip.

ARCHBISHOP INCOGNITO.

MGR. CLEARY, OF KINGSTON, PAYS THE CITY A QUIET VISIT.

SHOWN THE FIRE BRIGADE BY LIEUT.-COL. STEVENSON.

Says He Never Saw Anything Half So Fine as the Chaboillez Square Hitchup.

A rather spare-looking old gentleman, in most peculiar clothes, approached about noon yesterday the mahogany counter that shuts the general public out from the office of St. Lawrence Hotel. He told Mr. Hogan that he was tired and wanted to rest. Mr. Hogan, who knows almost everybody, did not know him from the proverbial little red waggon. But the gentleman wore beneath his collar a little red thing that had to Mr. Hogan a look as reminiscent as the visitor's face, which somehow seemed to remind the gentle host of somebody he had seen before somewhere. The old gentleman would not tell who he was, saying jocularly that Mr. Hogan should have recognized him.

It was Archbishop Cleary, of Kingston, as Mr. Hogan subsequently discovered. His Grace, who had been drinking the waters at Caledonia Springs for a few weeks, was travelling incognito. He had not a trace of the archiepiscopal robes on him, if the little red thing already mentioned is excepted. He wore trousers like any common man, and a black lustre coat, and seemed to shrink from observation.

What he did or where he went in the afternoon nobody seems to know, but about the hour of the Angelus he ran across Mr. John B. Murphy at the Hall. Mr. Murphy and Colonel Stevenson had been dining together at the Hall and the former suggested that the Archbishop should see something of the Fire Brigade. To this the chairman of the Fire Committee consented and the party went to the Chaboillez Square Station, where the men and horses went through a couple of "hitch-ups." His Grace, who lives in Kingston, said he had never seen anything half so fine in the way of a fire ladder performance. Thereafter, accompanied by the Colonel, the Captain of the Station, Mr. Murphy and others, of whom there are generally a few on such occasions, the Archbishop went to his train at the Bonaventure Station.

Archbishop Cleary seemed to be in the best of health and those of his friends who had the pleasure of seeing him yesterday predict for him renewed successes in the Episcopal, epistles and the other circles to the circumferences of which he extends his energies.

CHARGED WITH ARSON.

Two Buffalo Men Arrested on a Serious Charge.

Buffalo, N.Y., Sept. 6.—William Vaughn and William Brown Parker, who owned the variety store upstairs over 267 Washington Street, in the Academy of Music block, were arrested to-night on warrants which charged them with arson in starting the fire which burned the Academy of Music last Saturday night. The warrants were sworn out by several insurance companies. It is claimed that the contents of the variety store, which consisted mostly of fakirs' supplies, were not worth more than $400, while they carried insurance to the amount of no less than $17,000. It is also stated that Vaughn and Parker removed a lot of the stock from their store Thursday, and replaced it with empty boxes. It has been discovered that a hole was cut in the partition between the store and the theatre property room, and it is thought that the incendiary crawled through here and fired the property, returning to the street before the blaze was seen. The prisoners refuse to talk.

POST OFFICE ROBBERIES.

Fredericton, N.B., the Scene of Money Letter Pilfering.

Fredericton, N.B., Sept. 6. — Three post office robberies have come to light here within the past few days, involving $5,655. The first loss reported was that of a letter, containing $155, mailed at Cross Creek, Parish of Stanley, by a resident of that place, to the Bank of Nova Scotia, in this city. In the other two cases letters mailed at St. John and Montreal respectively, to the Bank of British North America, in this city, are missing, but bankmen will not give any particulars, and they succeeded in keeping the matter quiet until to-day. It has been learned, however, that both letters were mailed on Saturday, and in due course should have been in the Bank of British North America post office box Monday morning. As Monday was a statutory holiday and all the banks were closed, the messenger of the Bank of British North America did not go to the post office on that day. The letters were not in the mail received Tuesday morning. The St. John letter contained bonds and coupons to the amount of $4,000, while the Montreal letter is said to have contained notes amounting to $1,500. Inspector King is holding an investigation, but up to the present time there is no clue to work on.

OBITUARY.

Cadenabbia, Italy, Sept. 6.—William Henry Hulbut is dead.

Human Heads for Football.

Sullivan, Ind., Sept. 6.—Last night James Ward murdered his father-in-law, Aaron Hunter, and his brother-in-law, John Hunter, cutting off their heads and kicking them around like footballs. The murderer was pursued by a mob and just as he was about to be captured he took his own life.

Toronto Conduit Disaster.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 6.—At a special meeting of the Board of Works, held this morning, called for the purpose of considering the calamity which befell the water works conduit yesterday, City Engineer Keating presented a report of the occurrence, in which he said that although only a very superficial examination of the conduit has so far been possible, the indications so far would lead him to suppose that the accident must have been due to obstructions of some nature in the conduit. The committee, after some discussion, adopted a resolution giving the engineer carte blanche to proceed with the repairs to the conduit without delay, and also instructing him to investigate thoroughly the cause of the trouble.

It having been suspected that the collapse of the conduit pipe was the result of foul play, an investigation was made to-day by a practical machinist. He could find no evidence that the damage had been caused by an explosion or that the man holes had been tampered with.

DENIED BY SIR CHARLES.

Rumor That the G.T.R. Intended Quitting the Central Traffic Association.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 6.—For some days there has been floating around a rumor to the effect that the Grand Trunk road contemplated pulling out of the Central Traffic Association. The alleged reason was that the road would be better able to look after its interests when on the outside than it is now able to do as a member of the association. Sir Charles Wilson, president of the Grand Trunk, arrived in this city, and denied in the most positive manner that any such step had been considered by the officials of the Grand Trunk. He had, he declared, heard nothing about the matter until it was mentioned to him in Chicago.

CANADIAN COPYRIGHT.

Mr. Newcombe is Bringing Back Some Modifications.

London, Sept. 7.—The Times this morning says that Mr. Newcombe, who came to London on behalf of Canada, to secure a change in the copyright law, is carrying home certain modifications of Canada's demand with regard to the Copyright Act. It is understood that these recognize the right of copyright in Canada to every person who has any right to copyright in the United Kingdom. There are also other concessions which it is believed will satisfy Canada's expectations. Hall Caine leaves for Ottawa on Sept. 18, as a delegate from English authors, to confer upon the terms of the proposed reconstructed bill.

THE DANGER OF CITY LIFE.

President Kingsbury at the Science Association.

At the annual meeting of the American Social Science Association at Saratoga F. J. Kingsbury, LL.D., of Waterbury, Conn., president of the association, delivered his annual address on "The Tendency of Men to Live in Cities." In the course of his address President Kingsbury said that a recent writer has said: "The great fact in the social development of the white race at the close of the Nineteenth Century is the tendency all over the world to congregate in great cities." Doubtless this is true, but it is not a new or even a modern tendency. For when the earliest dawn of authentic history sheds its pale light on the darkness which lies beyond it shows us cities as large, as magnificent, as luxurious, as wicked and apparently as old as any that the world has since known. Babylon, Nineveh, Memphis, Thebes, Damascus, were cited by the speaker as examples.

Our earliest literature, too, shows the same prejudices against them in the minds of the people that now exist. These prejudices must then have been very old. Of Cain, it is said, as something apparently to his discredit, "And he builded a city." From that day cities have been severely criticised. They have been regarded as the breeding places of vice and the refuge of crime. Thomas Jefferson called them "ulcers on the body politic." Dr. Andrew D. White says: "They are the rotten spots in our body politic." Max Nordau goes into detail and attributes to them the most debasing and degenerating influences, both moral and physical, on the human race.

The speaker made numerous citations in proof of this position from Nordau and several other authors—some of them in the form of statistics—and Dr. Josiah Strong's works were referred to as containing much more in the same line. Especial reference was made to the corruption of municipal government and the difficulties encountered in any attempt at reform. The inference would seem to be that life in the city was so bad and in every way so dangerous that every man or woman should flee, as Lot did from Sodom, and never look back. Precisely the reverse is true, and an important question is why this is so.

Doubtless one of the strongest forces is the human instinct of gregariousness, which leads people to be willing to sacrifice a great deal of mere physical comfort and many other more distinct advantages for the sake of human society, even when that means more or less of a constant fight, as the prevailing form of social intercourse. Doubtless the increased facilities of travel had much to do with it. But that is simply saying that it is easier for people to get where they desire to be. Modern industrial life tends to concentration as a matter of economy.

This point was illustrated by several examples. Cities, as places of human residence, have been vastly improved in the last half century. Neither New York nor Boston had public water works until about that time, and very few cities had either water or gas. Street cars had not been thought of. Now all small cities are supplied with both water and light, and the improved lift or elevator, the trolley, the telephone, and the bicycle are modifying the whole subject of the distribution of the population. It is by such apparently unimportant or inconspicuous forces that civilization is swayed and wielded in its evolutions, and no man can foresee whither they lead. A good word was also said for cities as nurseries of freemen and champions of liberty; and the poetess Sappho, who wrote 600 years before Christ, was quoted to show the effect even then of city dress and manners.

The summing up was:

1. For economic reasons a large part of the work of the world must be done in cities.

2. Almost all the good things of life are easiest of attainment there.

3. Change from city to country a portion of the year is desirable and attainable.

4. The city is growing a better place to live in year by year.

5. Efforts to relieve the congested condition by deportation of homeless children, etc., are good, but only touch the surface, and city degeneration must mainly be fought on its own ground and on economic and not sentimental lines.

6. Just now the country life needs attention as much as the city. The whole problem, as sociological, is comparatively new, but progress has been made and the future is full of promise.

F. B. Sanborn, of Concord, Mass., presented his annual report, which referred to the organization of the society in Boston in October, 1865, and spoke of the many distinguished men, long since departed, who were connected with it. During the last year John W. Carter passed away. He had expected to preside over the debate on free silver. Another notable death was that of a corresponding member, Prof. Charles Secretan, of the University of Lausanne, Switzerland. Mr. Sanborn also touched upon the business before the several departments during the annual session this week.

INDIGNATION IS GROWING,

OVER THE SEIZURES OF VESSELS MADE BY CAPTAIN HOWARD.

NEWFOUNDLAND WANTS A DISAVOWAL FROM CANADA.

Friendliness Between the Two Colonies Likely to be Destroyed If the Trouble is Not Soon Adjusted.

(Special cable to the Herald.)

St. John's, Nfld., Sept. 6.—Indignation is growing over the Labrador seizures as the full facts are learned. It now transires that Capt. Howard is using his position as a customs officer to make a big speculation. He has armed all his own lobster packers, the lobster season being over, and started out to seize every vessel he can lay hands on. He has a list of 140 Newfoundland vessels, which he threatens to seize. He boasts he will make a fortune out of the transaction.

The anti-Canadian feeling is very bitter among the fishing classes over the seizures. If the Canadian Government does not promptly disavow his action all the friendly feelings of recent years will be eradicated and much mischief will result, if not bloodshed. On the Larbrador coast intelligent people admit that the Canadian Government is not privy to these transactions, but consider it a great pity that an irresponsible individual like Capt. Howard is permitted to embroil two countries. Unless instructions are sent to Howard to release the vessels and conduct himself in a reasonable manner, by the mail steamer Virginia Lake, leaving here Tuesday for Labrador, incalculable harm will be done our fishermen, whose chances of marketing their fish will probably be destroyed. The press of all shades of politics demand redress for the outrages, and call upon our Government to preserve the rights of Newfoundland fishermen and make immediate representations to Canada.

who was Ambassadior there for fifty

SHERBROOKE FAIR.

Results of Yesterday's Races—Thistle Throws Two Riders.

(Special to the Herald.)

Sherbrooke, Que., Sept. 6.—The attendance to-day at the exhibition was not quite as large as yesterday, but still above the same day last year. This may be accounted for by the fact that excursions are over. The programme to-day was the best yet.

Thistle, one of the starters in the handicap hurdle race, fell and threw her rider, who escaped without injury. Mr. C. Finney, the owner, then took the horse and was again thrown. The rider was uninjured, but the horse was badly hurt.

Amongst the many visitors at the fair was Mr. Jose Hood, the superintendent of the equine exhibit at the coming Provincial Fair. Mr. Hood, who has witnessed many fairs this year, is much pleased with the show, and says that the cattle exhibit is the finest he has seen in many years. "Of all the fairs in Canada," said Mr. Hood, "this is the best. Toronto has a very large show, but the horse and cattle exhibit does not come up to this one."

The following are the results of the races:

2.19 class—

Ladt Lee, c.h.m., Henry Ball	2	2	1	1	1
St. Michael Boy, b.g., L. Houde	1	1	2	2	2
Fred Mack, b.s., J. Moulton	3	3	3	3	3
Robert R., b.g., M. Raymond	dis				
Glenora, b.g., Eugene Panneton	dis				

Best time—2.23 1-4.

Dominion Colt Stake, for three-year-olds—

Kate's Best, br.m., John McLeod	1	1	1
Rockfarm Beauty, b.m., Rockfarm	2	2	2
Napoleon, ch.c., A. Lebeau	3	3	3
Myrtle Mack, ch.m., Bryan & Alexander	dis		
Daisy Globe, b.m., B. J. Smith	dis		
Palmlicast, br.h., H. J. Hallan...	dr		
Rockfarm, blk.h., J. H. Lane	dis		
Nellie Lee, br.m., Lee Farm	dis		

Time—2.37 3-4, 2.32 3-4, 2.35.

Handicap Hurdle running—

Duke of Bourbon, br. g., James Minogue	1	2
Crescent, b. g., J. D. Buzzel & Co.	3	4
George Harvet, br. g., C. P. Kempt.	1	3
The Rake, b.g., Colin Sewell	d	
Vermillion, b.s. g., James P. Dawes	d	
Dianthus, b. m., Chas. Finny	d	
Thistle, C. Finny	d	

Mr. L. A. Klein, of Venlo Farm, Maple Grove, Megantic County, has taken the first prize in the following classes: For the best brood mare, the finest imported hackney stallion, for the best yearling hackney and for 1895 foal. In addition to owning some of the finest thoroughbred horses, Mr. Klein has a kennel of the finest imported thoroughbred Dachshunds, and is a prominent member of the kennel club of this section. Mr. Klein will act as judge of this class of dogs during the coming Montreal Exposition.

PEARL STOVES AND RANGES.

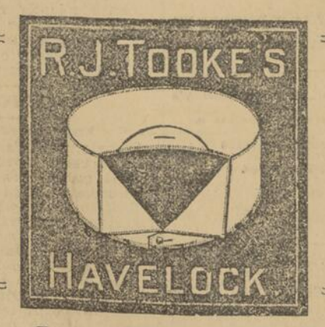
The Moffatt Stove Company's products are made in many sizes. Imperial Pearls are made in six sizes, as are also the Welcome Pearls; the Bright Pearls in three, the Ideal Pearls in three, the Cozy Pearl in one. The ranges also known as the Splendid Pearl, in six sizes. There are also stoves known as Crown Pearl, Matchless Pearl, Home Pearl, Capital, Modern, Daisy, Radiant, Elegant, Magic, and Glen Pearls. Only the best materials and the most skilful labor is employed in making these goods.

The Moffatt Stove Company can compete with any stove company in Canada, not only on account of the superior quality of their products, but because of the convenience in the location of their works. They draw particular attention to this fact in their catalogue, by means of an ingenious map. A copy of the catalogue will be mailed on application to the works at Weston, Ont.

Hungarian Official Murdered.

Buda Pest, Sept. 6.—Herr Fischer, Secretary to the Ministry of the Interior, was found dead to-day in a wood in the outskirts of the city with a bullet wound in his body. It is supposed that he was murdered and, as his watch and chain were gone, it is surmised that the object of the murder was robbery.

15 Cents Each.



15 Cents Each.

Front, 2 3-8; Back, 2 1-8.

Extra quality, four-ply, hand-made button holes. Best value in the city.

R. J. TOOKE, 177 St. James Street.

SAYING and DOING Are DIFFERENT THINGS.

Look into this matter now. To-morrow never comes. * * *

Moral—"INSURE IN THE TRAVELERS."

OFFICE: Temple Building — — — MONTREAL.

FRANK F. PARKINS, Chief Ag't.

WHILE WE STAY

You can have 20 p.c. off regular prices on any fall suits, and ladies can have 10 p.c. off on fall costumes. Our new building is not ready yet, so come while discounts are offered.

J. J. MILLOY, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tailor, 2415 St. Catherine Street.

ENORMOUSLY THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY CIGAR IN CANADA

CAUTION. THE WORDS Stonewall Jackson RIBBON TRADE MARK ARE ON THE (YELLOW) RIBBON

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS WHO ARE SATISFIED WITH A REASONABLE PROFIT

TRY THE Occidental Luncheon

Fifty Cents. Wine included.

NOTHING TO EQUAL IT.

Lagauchetiere St., between Cote and St. Urbain Sts.

...MENU... Sept. 7.

Soups—
Consomme Vermicelle
Mock Tortue
Fish—
Halibut Frit. Sauce Tartare
Entrees—
Escalopes de Veau Milanais
Cervelles au Beurre Noir.
Vegetables—
Pois Sautes Paysanne
Pommes Bouillies
Roast—
Roast Beef
Viande Froide
Dessert—
Glace a la Vanille
Fromages Cafe

GRANT NOT WITHHELD.

Ontario Government and the Ottawa Separate Schools.

Toronto, Sept. 6.—An Ottawa despatch published this evening says: "The Ontario Government is withholding the grant of the separate schools regarding which there has been trouble." With reference to the above the Minister of Education says that the grant will be paid in the ordinary course of business. The reason for the delay is that certain information on which the grant is based has not yet been supplied by the school authorities in Ottawa. The department has no reason for withholding the grant.

Lieut.-Governor Patterson's Movements

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Sept. 6.—Hon. J. C. Patterson, Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba, arrived here by the C. P. R. steamer to-day. He was met by an influential party, with whom he inspected the new canal. He afterwards departed on the steamer Athabasca. His Honor expects to remain in Manitoba about two weeks. He will then return and remove his family to the Government House in Winnipeg.

U.S. Patents to Canadians.

Hanbury A. Budden, advocate and patent solicitor, 517 New York Life Building, Montreal, reports the following patents to have been issued to Canadian inventors in the United States on September 3, 1895: 545,579, car fender, R. Bustin, assignor of two-thirds to W. Vanwart, Fredericton, and J. R. McConnell, Marysville, Canada; 545,771, safety attachment or fender for cable, electric or other cars, R. Bustin, assignor of two-thirds to W. Vanwart, Fredericton, and J. R. McConnell, Marysville; 545,456, triturating and emulsifying machine, W. B. Cowan, Guelph, Ont.; 545,793, perforating machine, William O. Gottwals, Ottawa, Ont.; 545,587, railway switch, Chas. S. Jackson, Bridgeburg; 545,510, yarn protector attachment for spinning machines, Matthias Larner, Milltown.

NOTES FROM QUEBEC.

Quebec, Sept. 6.—The body of the late Mr. P. Mathie was brought to Quebec this morning in charge of Mr. Daniel Sheehan, of New York, one of his friends. The funeral took place this afternoon from Chalmers' Church to Mount Hermon Cemetery. Mr. Mathie was born at Mesheres, France, September 30, 1854, and leaves three children who had left him at Murray Bay on Sunday last to return to school in Quebec. The deceased was much respected in the city, and his death is sincerely regretted.

Mr. E. Stuart, from Simcoe, Ont., Liberal candidate brought out for the next general elections against Dalton McCarthy, is visiting Quebec for the first time.

At this evening's meeting of the City Council, Councillor Misael Thibadeau was chosen as Pro-Mayor for the coming year, in place of Councillor Fiset.

A rumor is current among the St. Rochs boot and shoe factories this evening that a large dongola skin manufacturer outside of Quebec was in financial difficulties.

DOWN ON CHINESE.

Labor Men Requested to Boycott Them in Business.

London, Sept. 6.—The Trades and Labor Congress of Canada finished its eighth annual session this afternoon. Among other things it was decided to ask all members of trades unions to pledge themselves not to deal with Chinese, where the latter enter into competition with labor; to call for the abolition of the offices of Governor-General and Lieutenant-Governors; to request the Presbyterian General Assembly to withdraw its effort to secure the repeal of the Chinese poll tax; to petition the Federal Government to pass an alien labor law similar to that of the United States; to ask that all prison-made goods be stamped; and to ask Trades Councils to unite with the National Council of Women in securing shorter hours and better hygenic protection for working women. The congress declared in favor of the single tax. A letter will be sent to Eugene V. Debs expressing admiration for his stand, and denouncing his confinement as an attempt to strangle liberty.

Unknown Man's Death at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Sept. 6.—An unknown man was found dead in J. R. Booth's lumber yard at the Chaudiere about one o'clock this afternoon. The body was found lying between two lumber piles at the south-eastern corner of the lumber yard, adjoining the C.P.R. freight track. The man was dressed in black coat and vest, a light pair of trousers, and wore a grey hat. He appeared to be about fifty years of age, of dark complexion, although his hair was turning grey. He had a beard, and was thin-faced. There were no indications of foul play. He showed indications of having been drinking.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

Fair, Showers in Some Places.

Toronto, Sept. 6.—The depression mentioned last night now covers Lake Superior, and pressure is high over Eastern Canada, and also over the western portion of the continent. Rain has fallen generally over Manitoba, elsewhere the weather has been fine.

TEMPERATURES.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Calgary, 30—48; Qu'Appelle, 36—46; Winnipeg, 42—62; Parry Sound, 56—82; Toronto, 62—78; Montreal, 62—80; Quebec, 56—74; Halifax, 58—76.

PROBABILITIES.

Lakes — Fresh to strong southerly shifting to westerly and northwesterly winds; showers or thunder storms in some places, but for the most part fair; warm at first, then turning cooler.

Upper St. Lawrence — Showers or thunder storms in some localities, but for the most part fair; warm to-day, cooler to-morrow.

MONTREAL TEMPERATURE.

Temperatures observed by Hearn and Harrison's standard thermometer, 1640 and 1642 Notre Dame Street: 8 a.m., 69; 1 p.m., 75; 6 p.m., 78; max., 80; min., 60; mean, 70. Standard barometer: 8 a.m., 30.12; 1 p.m., 30.03; 6 p.m., 29.95.

BOTH MEN REINSTATED.

CARLETON AND CARSON WILL PLAY IN TO-DAY'S MATCH.

VALKYRIE WILL ALLOW DEFENDER ONLY 29 SECONDS.

The Yachts in Readiness for To-day's Race—Fred. Loughead Smashes a Class "A" Record—Entries for To-day's Events at Quebec—The Golf Tournament.



CARSON and Carleton, of the Caps, have been re-instated and both men will play in the match this afternoon. This information was received in Montreal about 3 o'clock yesterday and it no doubt helped in a measure to persuade a great many people that after all the Caps are not going to play a team of juniors. There is also a probability of Barney Quinn being on the field when Referee Harry Brophy toots his whistle.

The Shamrock team is sure to be a strong one. In fact, apart from Bob Wall being on and P. O'Brien off, the team will probably be the same as that which defeated the Capitals on Labor Day.

The officials will be: Harry Brophy, referee; W. Bramley and Clendenning, umpires.

The game starts at 3 o'clock sharp.

The News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 6.—Now that Geo. Carson and Carleton have been re-instated confidence in the Capitals is restored and a big crowd will go down to see the match to-morrow with wads in their pockets to wager on the Capitals. The team will be picked on the train and it may include Quinn after all, for after a lengthy discussion to-night the executive decided to take him down anyhow.

Montreal Will Not Default.

The story to the effect that the Montreal team will default to the Torontos on Saturday next is just a little premature. The "winged wheel" boys intend to play the match, and from all accounts will make no small efforts to wind up their season with a victory.

THE WHEEL.

Freddy Loughead Collars a Record.

Buffalo, N.Y., Sept. 6.—Another small attendance at the Driving Park witnessed the second day of the State Circuit meet. The mile open, which was left unfinished from yesterday, was finished to-day, and was won by Tom Cooper, of Detroit. As on yesterday the first heat of this event was to-day declared no race by the judges on account of the time limit having been exceeded. The next two heats, which were thus rendered necessary, were reeled off in fair time.

Fred. Loughead, who has been carrying off all the class A events in the recent Canadian meets, was down for an attempt to beat the track record of 2.02 1-5, established Monday by both Johnson and Weinig. The Canadian did not make the attempt for the mile, but he did go a quarter-mile, paced, in 30 1-5 seconds, beating the class A record for the distance by 1 3-5 seconds. He afterwards attempted to lower the world's record of 30 1-5 seconds for the quarter-mile, unpaced, standing start, but failed, his time being 30 4-5. Quite a brisk breeze favored Loughead in both his trials.

Some adverse comment is caused by the absence of Bald from a L.A.W. meet held in his own city, Cooper's friends even declaring that it is fear of the Detroit boy that kept him away. This is indignantly denied by the admirers of the Buffalo rider. Summaries:

One mile, open, class B, unfinished from yesterday, second heat—Tom Cooper, Detroit, won; J. P. Bliss, Chicago, second; A. I. Brown, Chicago, third. Time—2.13 1-5.

Third heat and final — Cooper, won; Bliss, second; Rigby, third. Time — 2.16.

Five mile championship, class A—C. S. Werrick, Buffalo, won; J. MacFarland, Buffalo, second; F. F. Goodman, Lockport, third. Time not given.

Quarter-mile, to beat record — Fred. Loughead, Sarnia, won. Time—30 1-5. Record time, 31 4-5.

One mile, city championship— C. S. Werrick, won; C. V. Bronner, second; A. Longnecker, third. Time—2.18 3-5.

Five mile handicap, class B—L. A. Callahan, Buffalo, 275 yards, won; E. F. Leonert, Buffalo, 250 yards, second; W. J. Helfert, Utica, 200 yards, third. Time —12.31 4-5.

Wanderers' Bicycle Club.

The destination of this afternoon's run is St. Johns, leaving the club rooms at 2 p.m. sharp. Judging from the number of tickets sold for the "officers' night," Tuesday evening, the 10th inst., a large turn-out is expected. Lachine will be the objective point, where supper will be served on arrival. A good programme has been prepared, and all officers are requested to put in an appearance. Members that cannot ride out can take the 8 p.m. train, the last train leaving Lachine at 10.55 p.m.

The Wanderers intend holding a fancy dress and Chinese lantern parade the last week in September, the date to be decided upon later. All city clubs will be invited.

The programme of the week's events are: To-day, 2 p.m., St. Johns; to-night, 8.30 p.m., continuation of euchre competition; Monday, Sept. 9, 8 p.m., as above; Tuesday, Sept. 10, 7.45 p.m., officers' night at Lachine, supper at Harvey's; Thursday, Sept. 12, 8 p.m., committee meeting; Thursday, 9 p.m., conclusion of euchre competition; Saturday, Sept. 14, 1.45 p.m., meet on Champ de Mars to ride to Exhibition grounds; Saturday, Sept. 14, entries close for road race.

Percy Brown is a Red Bird.

Percy Brown's good race on the tandem with Sam Gibbons at Peterboro', led to his being engaged by the Brantford Co., and in the future will wear the all-red of the "Red Bird" team, along with Marshall Wells, Angus McLeod, Sam Gibbons and Harley Davidson.

Radway and Carman Will Try for Records.

A general revision of the list of Canadian records will be necessitated, no doubt, before the month is out. Radway and Carman, of London, are coming down from that city specially to take a try at the hour and 100-mile record, either at the Island or Rosedale tracks. —Toronto Globe.

Concerning the Man Who Challenged Johnson.

Fred. Young, of Toronto, will make a try for the mile record in Toronto on Wednesday next. He will be paced by McIntosh and McCarthy and McLeod and Wells in his attempt against the mile record. He is now in excellent form, and yesterday he reeled off three miles in 7 1-2, the last quarter in 28 3-5. In addition to the record trial, a number of races will be run.

Shabel Still on the Move.

Toronto, Sept. 6.—Ferdinand Shabel, the French long-distance champion, who is riding for a thousand miles unpaced record here, is still pegging away at his big task. In the first twenty-four hours he covered 380 3-4 miles. He would have ridden considerably more than 400 miles had it not been for the slippery nature of the board track during the night hours. A heavy dew fell upon it, making it almost impossible to hold. Shabel fell repeatedly during the night, scraping himself badly several times, but he pluckily re-mounted on each occasion and continued his lonely ride. In the early morning hours he improved his speed, reeling off some twenty miles at better than a three-minute clip. He was off his wheel for the first time at 166 3-4 miles.

CRICKET.

Englishmen in the Lead.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 6.—In magnificent weather the Cambridge-Oxford vs. Canada cricket match was begun at 11 o'clock this morning. The crease was in excellent condition, and a large and fashionable audience was in attendance. For the Canadians, Terry and Wadsworth carried off the batting honors, while Phillips, Robinson and Druce for the visitors made the top scores, they running up 51, 47 and 33 respectively. The fielding of both teams was sharp and clean, and with one or two exceptions not a muff was made. Terry, captain of the Canadians, won the toss and elected to bat, sending in Saunders and A. F. Martin to the bowling of Arkwright and Hartley. Saunders drove Arkwright for one and four, while Martin hit him for two two's. Several singles were added, and with the score at 21 Saunders was stumped by Robinson for 13; one wicket for 21. Goldingham was the new comer, and opened up by hitting each bowler for a double. He then cut Arkwright for three, when Martin was caught at the wickets for 12; two wickets for 40. Terry succeeded Martin. Goldingham got one away for four, and Terry drove Hartley to the boundary. After Terry had scored 20 runs rapidly he was caught by Mortimer; three wickets for 69. Laing came next. He drove Arkwright for two two's, and shortly afterwards Goldingham was caught and bowled by Milligan, after a splendid 19; four wickets for 75. Jaques partnered Laing. Lowe and Hartley started to bowl. After the score had reached 92 an adjournment was had for lunch.

Play was resumed at 2 o'clock. After 97 had been tallied, Laing was caught at the wicket by Robinson for 13. Five wickets for 97.

Wilson joined Jaques, and after Jaques had made 10 he was caught by Mitchell. Six wickets for 108. Wadsworth came in and Wilson was caught for 6. Seven wickets for 111. Boyd came next, and, after making two singles, was caught and bowled by Hartley. Eight wickets for 115. Bristow came next and was stumped by Robinson without scoring. Nine wickets for 115. Lyon came in and, after Wadsworth had made a double and some singles, Lyon was caught at the wicket off Arkwright for 1. Ten wickets for 124. D'Arcy Martin, the last man, succeeded Lyon. Wadsworth drove Hartley for 2, and Arkwright for 3. After Martin had made 4 he was run out. Eleven wickets for 137. Wadsworth not out for 20.

At 3.15 the Englishmen began their first innings. Hill and Mitchell faced the bowling of Laing and Jaques. Runs came slowly, and when 9 were scored Hill was caught by Wadsworth for 2. One wicket for 9. Studd followed and, with the score at 23, Mitchell was bowled by Laing for 19. Two wickets for 23. Druce came next and hit Jaques for 3, and followed with two doubles. Studd drove Laing for 3, and was afterwards caught by Boyd for 8. Three wickets for 64. Phillips followed, and he and Druce ran the score to 78 before being parted. Lyon bowled Druce for 33. Four wickets for 78.

Marriott filled the vacancy. He was run out without scoring. Meanwhile Phillips was batting splendidly. Five wickets for 96. Milligan succeeded Marriott, and Bristow went in to bowl at north end. Phillips hit Bristow for two, and after Milligan made two he was bowled by Laing. Six wickets for 102. Robinson came in, and he and Phillips made the stand of the day. Both batsmen punished the bowling severely, and the fielders had their hands full. The score had reached 177 before the partnership was broken. Goldingham bowled Phillips for a magnificent 51. Seven wickets for 177. Mortimer came in, and after three more had been scored Goldingham shattered Robinson's wicket for a brilliant 47. Eight wickets for 180. Lowe came in, and was caught by Terry after scoring five. Nine wickets for 185. Arkwright next man. Mortimer given out leg before wicket for nothing. Ten wickets for 185. Hartley, the last man, came in, and 183 had been scored, when stumps were drawn for the day, and one wicket to fall.

The following are the full scores:

CANADIANS.
First Innings.

A. F. Martin, c Robinson, b Arkwright	12
Saunder, stumped Robinson, b Hartley	19
Goldingham, c and b Milligan	19
Terry, c Mortimer, b Hartley	20
Laing, c Robinson, b Hartley	18
Jaques, c Mitchell, b Arkwright	10
Wilson, c Marriotte, b Hartley	6
Wadsworth, not out	20
Boyd, c and b Hartley	2
Bristow, stumped out	0
Lyon, c Robinson, b Arkwright	1
D. Martin, run out	4
Extras	12
Total	137

CAMBRIDGE-OXFORD.

Hill, c Wadsworth, b Laing	3
Mitchell, b Laing	19
Studd, c Boyd, b Laing	9
Druce, b Lyon	33
Phillips, b Goldingham	51
Marriott, run out	0
Milligan, b Laing	2
Robinson, b Goldingham	47
Mortimer, lbw	0
Lowe, c Terry, b Goldingham	5
Arkwright, not out	8
Hartley, not out	0
Extras	16
Total	188

BOWLING ANALYSIS.
Canadians.

Name.	O.	M.	R.	W.
Laing	47	48	60	5
Jaques	11	2	40	0
Lyon	7	0	20	1
Bristowe	6	1	15	0
Wadsworth	3	0	20	0
Goldingham	5	1	17	3

Cambridge-Oxford.

Arkwright	31	43	8	2
Hartley	29	61	5	7
Milligan	15	13	7	1
Lowe	2	8	0	0

TURF AND TRACK.

Horses That Will Run To-day at Quebec

Quebec, Sept. 6.—The entries for the Quebec Turf Club races to-morrow are as follows.

Quebec Stakes—Laurel, J. P. Dawes; Beverwick, Lone Star Stables; Flamboro, Mr. Hendrie; Dolly, R. E. W. Turner.

Hack race—Old Dixie, Lone Star Stables, Mylo, R. Campbell.; Sin No More, H. Swift; Dolly, R. E. W. Turner; and two other horses.

Merchants' purse—Golden Marcim, Lone Star Stables; Piper, Mr. Hendrie; Beverwick, Lone Star Stables; Dolly, R. E. W. Turner; Laurel, J. P. Dawes.

Open hurdle—Campayne, Lone Star Stables; Rake, Dr. Sewell; Lord Motley, Mr. Hennan; Inwood, J. P. Dawes.

Bel Air Jockey Club.

The autumn events of the Bel-Air Jockey Club will take place on Thursday and Saturday of next week, and if favored with fine weather, should be one of the most enjoyable outings yet held at this popular course, as the entry list is expected to be thoroughly representative in character and quality. Among the western stables expected here are those of Wm. Hendrie, of Hamilton; T. P. Phelan and Allie Gates, of Toronto; John Flynn, of Prescott, and R. J. Hewitt, of Brighton, Ont., while Dr. C. Sewell and the Lone Star Stables, of Quebec, will figure prominently on the programme for both days. The entries in the various events, with the exception of the Valois Purse, which is for beaten horses at the meeting, close today with the secretary at the Bel-Air Club, room 81, Imperial Building. There will be a steeplechase each day, and on Saturday a popular event undoubtedly will be the contest for the Herald Cup, which is for qualified hunters, gentlemen riders.

Races at Windsor.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 6.—Three favorites and two well-backed second choices won at Windsor to-day. Weather clear, track slow. Summaries:

First race, 5 1-2 furlongs—Cossack won, Killarney second, Miles Standish third. Time— 1.12.

Second race, 5 1-2 furlongs — Sidkel won, Lady Doleful second, Miss Kitty third. Time—59.

Third race, 6 furlongs—Caesar won, Readina second, Pete Kelly third. Time —1.17 3-4.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs—Ligh Test won, Dockstader second, Hanzatic third. Time—1.18.

Fifth race, 1 mile—Logan won, Grannan second, Susie B third. Time — 1.44 3-4.

Fast Racing at Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 6.—Another state record for half-mile tracks was broken to-day at Highland Park, when Jimmie Mac went a mile in 2.12 1-2 in the 2.17 pacing race. In the 2.20 pacing, unfinished yesterday, Zabud won the fourth heat and race in 2.14 1-4.

2.17 pacing, purse $800—Eatch-Eye won first, second and fifth heats and race. Time—2.16 1-4, 2.14 3-4, 2.17 1-4. Jimmie Mac won third and fourth heats in 2.12 1-2, 2.14 1-2. Proctor, Nonpareil, Carrie Strathmore, Sanford L., Trixy Hal, Frank Taylor, Cuckoo, Annie E., Nellie Bruce, Hal Crado and Ira King also started.

2.20, trotting, purse $800—Marie M. won second, third and fourth heats. Time—2.17 1-4, 2.16 3-4, 2.19 1-4. Bessie Wilkes won first heat in 2.19 3-4. Magna, Medium, Strathallen, Col. Briggs, Nancy W., Bad Actor and Lancer also started.

Good Trotting at Tilsonburg.

Tilsonburg, Ont., Sept. 6.—There was a fair attendance and good sport at the closing of the fall meeting here to-day. Riverside was a strong favorite in the 2.17 class, but, after winning the first heat, was unsteady, and the next three heats were won by Tempest.

2.40 class, purse $500—

Fred Darling, A. Bedford, Chatham	2	1	1	1
Sadona, J. Errett, Ottawa	1	3	2	3
Texas Boy, B. Barnes, St. Thomas	5	2	3	2
Little Mac, P. Sinclair, Rodney	3	4	7	4
Molly O., J. B. Mathews, Alvinston	7	7	4	5
Nugget, A. D. Brown, Leamington	4	5	6	d

Time—2.28 1-4, 2.24 1-4, 2.31 1-4, 2.23 3-4.

2.17 class, purse $500—

Tempest, J. M. Lynch, Pt. Robinson	2	1	1	1
Riverside, George McColl, Detroit	1	5	3	5
Pay Rock, Geo. Larkworther, Stratford	7	4	2	3
Billy Brocho, H. C. Knill, Port Huron	3	5	7	2
Dolce, Leobres, Simcoe	4	3	6	4

Time—2.20 1-4, 2.20 3-4, 2.22 1-4, 2.21 3-4.

2.27 class, purse $500—

Senator, E. James, Hamilton	2	1	1	1
Richwood Boy, W. Fitch, Hamilton	1	2	3	2
Postmaster, J. A. Dease, Port Rowan	3	3	2	3
Myronette, W. J. Laughbren, Ottawa	dis			

Time—2.27 1-4, 2.26 1-4, 2.26 1-4, 2.26 1-4.

YACHTING.

Defender Only Gets 29 Seconds.

New York, Sept. 6.—The result of the measurer's work was a great surprise. No good judge thought that the English yacht would give over a minute and a half in a thirty-mile course to the Defender, yet many capable critics said that the challenger would give a minute; but that she should yield less than half a minute was astonishing to all the smart people. However, here are the figures, and they speak for themselves:

Defender—Length on load water line, 88.45; length from after end of main boom to forward point of measurement, 181.79; length from fore side of fore mast to forward point of measurement, 73.55; length extreme of spinnaker boom, 73.36.

Length main gaff, 64.95. Length topmast, 57.42; one-fifth 45.94. Height upper side of main boom to topsail halyard block, 125.48. Sail area, as per rule, 122.26. Sailing length, as per rule, 100.86.

Valkyrie—Length on load water line, 88.85. Length from after end of main boom to forward point of measurement, 186.02. Length from fore-side of foremast to forward point of measurement, 78.94. Length extreme spinnaker boom, same. Length main gaff, 59.50. Length topmast 55.93, one fifth, 44.78. Height upper side of main boom to topsail halyard block, 129.80. Sail area, as per rule, 114.14. Sailing length, as per rule, 101.49.

When Mr. Hyslop brought the measurements to the New York Yacht Club house he said that the Valkyrie would have to allow Defender 29.10 seconds. It was only his business, he added, to turn in the measurements to the Regatta Committee, and let that committee decide what the time allowance would be. Nevertheless he felt that 29.10 seconds was the fair thing. The committee considered the question for a long time, and at 10.25 p.m. posted a notice on the club's bulletin board to the effect that the allowance would be 29 seconds, leaving off Mr. Hyslop's added one-tenth of a second. The races will perhaps be very close, but no tenths of a second will separate the boats at the finish.

It will be noticed that the load water line lengths of the ships only show a difference of forty-hundredths in favor of Defender, and that the length of the Defender's gaff went considerably toward lowering the small advantage gained on the water line. It will also be seen that the sail area does not produce so great a difference as was expected, and that the general rating of 100.36 for Defender as against 101.49 for Valkyrie displays a margin between the boats so small that nobody guessed it. The Regatta Committee of the New York Yacht Club issued the following circular to-night:

"The courses for the America's Cup races will be laid out by Lieut. C. M. Winslow, U.S.N., of the New York Yacht Club, who will be in charge of the tug Edgar Luckenbach. Mr. Winslow took the tug down the bay to-day to adjust compasses and test the patent log. Lieut. R. Morrell, U.S.N:, also of the New York Yacht Club, will be in charge of the Lewis Luckenbach, which has been chartered for the purpose of marking one end of the line in case the start be shifted from the lightship. This tug will also mark the second float in course No. 2, and will assist the patrol fleet when not otherwise engaged."

On hearing what the time allowance would be the betting altered somewhat to-night and went to even money.

A Story of the American Cup.

New York, Sept. 6.—The way in which there came to be an American cup is this: In 1851 the schooner America went to Europe and won the cup, which ever since has borne its name. The cup was the prize in the Royal Squadron regatta at Cowes. The Yankee yacht contended against 14 competitors, several larger than herself, but none rigged as she was. It is related that when the America hove in sight at the finish, Her Majesty the Queen, who was a spectator, turning to her attendant, asked "Who wins?" "The America, Your Majesty," replied the Lord Chamberlain. "And who is second?" continued the Queen, trying to conceal her chagrin.

"Alas, Your Majesty," the Chamberlain answered, with tears in his eyes, "there is no second."

The America afterward sailed in a match with the 100-ton schooner Titania, in a strong breeze, and beat her by more than an hour. Commodore Stevens could not induce anybody else to meet him, and he finally sold the yacht for five thousand dollars. Six years later the surviving members of the syndicate that built the America presented the cup she had won from the British to the New York Yacht Club, in whose hands it has since remained as a trophy for which any country may challenge, but which none yet has been able to win.

The contests that have ensued are briefly recapitulated thus:

1870—Magic beat Cambria.
1871—Columbia and Sappho beat Livonia four out of five.
1876—Madeline beat the Canadian schooner Countess of Dufferin, of Belleville, Ont.
1881—Mischief and Gracie beat the Canadian centreboard sloop Atalanta.
1885—Puritan beat Genesta.
1886—Mayflower beat Galatea.
1887—Volunteer beat Thistle.
1893—Vigilant beat Valkyrie II.

Watson Says he Expects to Lose.

New York, Sept .6.—Designer Watson this morning said: "I am going down to the race to-morrow expecting to lose." He said this seriously, but neither he nor any of the other Valkyrie people look very downcast.

Mr. Watson continued: "I am perfectly well satisfied that Valkyrie is in as good trim as it is possible to get her."

The Valkyrie seems to set much lighter in the water than before she went into dry dock. The top of her water line when she had been relieved of all unnecessary weight seemed to be about four inches above the surface of the water.

Inonia Wins at Plymouth.

Plymouth, Sept. 6.—At the regatta of the Royal Southwestern Yacht Club today, Inonia won, Niagara was second, and Isolde was third.

BASEBALL.

National League.

At Boston—Boston, 9; Chicago, 5.
At New York—New York, 7; Pittsburg, 6.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 2; Cleveland, 1.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 9; St. Louis, 8.
At Baltimore — Baltimore-Louisville game postponed on account of rain.
At Washington—The two Cincinnati-Washington games were not played on account of wet grounds.

Eastern League.

At Syracuse—Syracuse, 1; Springfield 3.
At Toronto—Toronto, 4; Providence, 3.
At Buffalo—Buffalo, 1; Wilkesbarre, 5.

FOOTBALL.

The Mohawks.

The players who were verbally notified to play on the above team against Barre Rangers at Barre will meet at Bonaventure depot to-day at 8.30 a.m.

Thistles vs. Scots.

The Thistle and Scot teams, of the Eastern Canadian Football Association, will meet in an exhibition game this afternoon on the Exhibition grounds. Kick off at 4 o'clock sharp.

Rugby at Quebec.

Quebec, Sept. 6.—A Rugby football match was played this afternoon on the Q.A.A.A. grounds between the Quebec team and the officers of the frigates. Following was the Quebec team: Back, A. Henry; half-backs, F. S. Stocking, C. W. Tofield, Lieut Panet; quarter-back, G. H. Henderson; scrimmage, J. Adair, E. Genest, W. Gibson; wings, A. E. Swift, H. McGreevey, Lieut. Ogilvie, A. J. Turner, F. W. Tofield, H. A. Tofield (capt.) The men-o'-war were beaten by 17 straight.

GOLF.

A Victory for the Canadian Champion.

Niagara-on-the-Lake, Sept. 6.—The international championship in the golf tournament began to-day. The first round resulted as follows: Scott, the Canadian, defaulted the first to Simpson; Mickel, also of Canada, beat his opponent, Harley, of Kingston, handily; Stancliffe defaulted to Upham; A. W. Smith, champion of Canada, defeated R. G. Dixon of the Niagara Club; J. C. Dixon defaulted to Livermore.

The second round was called at 3.30 p.m. C. B. McDonald, of Chicago, beat Hunter; A. W. Smith beat A. L. Livermore, in one of the grandest games seen on the Canadian links.

To-morrow Smith will meet McDonald in the finals.

In the professional match Foulis, of Chicago, easily beat Tucker, of the St. Andrew's Club, with a score of 92.

THE KENNEL.

The Coming Show.

The Bench Show Committee of the Exhibition wish to call the attention of intending exhibitors to the several typographical errors in the class lists. The first prize in class 45, for Irish setters, is $10 instead of $20, and the kennel prize should read $10 instead of $1,000.

All dogs must be registered in the Canadian Kennel Club before entries can be accepted.

Owners who wish to enter their dogs and are not registered can do so by sending $1 for registration and 25 cents for listing to the secretary, G. W. Lanigan, Entries close September 9.

ATHLETICS.

A 100 Yards Run at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Sept. 6.—F. Lee and J. B. Potvin, local junior athletes, to-night ran 100 yards in heats for a $25 medal. Potvin was victorious. Two heats decided the contest, Potvin winning both in 11 1-4 seconds. C. Clendinning was referee, Hugh Carson starter, and T. Cleary and P. Brennan judges. Considerable money changed hands on the result.

Col. Ingersoll Robbed.

Peoria, Ill., Sept. 6.—Thieves relieved Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll of $620 in cash and a draft for $700 at the Elmwood reunion to-day. The draft was found later in the day and returned to the Colonel as he was about to leave the grounds.

Restore the Nelson Monument.

A meeting of officers and ex-officers of the militia will be held at the Military Institute this evening for the purpose of taking some steps for the restoration of the Nelson monument. The shaft is at present in very bad repair, and unless something is done soon serious damage may result.

A Laughable Mistake.

Two ladies entered a book store recently, and the younger asked the clerk for a book called "Favorite Prescription." The puzzled attendant was unable to comply with her request, and she left the store disappointed. Inquiry elicited the fact that she had overheard a conversation between two literary ladies, in which "Favorite Prescription" was mentioned with extravagant praise, and had jumped to the conclusion that it was a book. She now knows that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a sovereign cure for the ills and "weaknesses" peculiar to women, for she has been cured by its use. Send for a free pamphlet, or remit 10 cents in stamps for Book (168 pages) on "Woman and Her Diseases." Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure permanently constipation, sick headache, biliousness, indigestion and kindred ailments.

DELIGHTED DEPEW.

New York's Chauncey Talks About His Continental Tour.

London, Sept. 6.—Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, who has just returned to London, talked in a characteristic way of his experiences, as he sat in a room at the Savoy to-night. Regarding his trip, Mr. Depew said: "I had the usual good time at Homburg, where I dined twice with the Prince of Wales. From there I went to Lourdes and saw a miracle, at least they call it a miracle. I made quite a lengthy tour also in Germany, France and Belgium. There is a great improvement in business manifest in all three of these countries, an dlikewise in England. The whole world will experience an era of prosperity in the next five or six years, the United States, especially. Indeed, it is already started. We hav ejust reaped the greatest crops in our history. Wages are voluntarily being increased, and our securities are increasing in value and are being sought for by foreign investors. I find that Europe is rapidly regaining confidence in American securities."

Mr .Depew was asked by the interviewer what his observation showed to be the status of the Irish question, to which he replied: "I think the Conservatives, who have come into power in England will give Ireland Home Rule in some shape, probably just as good as the Liberals would have given. Like ourselves, the English are peculiar, and want to be fooled. It is not the medicine to which they object, providing the label on the bottle is satisfactory."

Protection Sentiment in England.

London, Sept. 6.—The Right Hon. Jas. Lowther, M.P. for the Isle of Thanet, division of Kent, presided at a meeting to-day, at which it was resolved to address a manifesto to the English people in favor of the adoption of a protective policy, with preferential treatment of the British colonies.

PERSONALS.

Dr. R. Tait McKenzie has returned from a holiday trip to Boston.

Hon. Peter Mitchell was a visitor at the Herald office yesterday. The hon. gentleman looks well after his summer outing in the Maritime Provinces.

Among the arrivals at the Queen's yesterday were: A. F. D. McGuchen, manager of the Bank of Montreal, Lindsay, Ont.; Geo. McQuillan, Toronto.

Dr. Molson will leave to-night for New York, where he will take the steamer on a six-weeks' trip to Europe.

Among the many arrivals at the Hotel Jacques Cartier: N. P. Whitney, Quebec; J. A. McCaffrey, Syracuse; J. D. Nixon, and wife, Niagara Falls; E. F. Noel Daoust, Ottawa; J. McDougall, Toronto; F. O'Dowd, Hamilton.

Mr. F. Stevens, the baker, at the corner of Dorchester and St. Philip's Sts., has recovered sufficiently from his recent illness to take a tour of American cities for the benefit of his health. Accompanied by Mrs. Stevenson, he will leave to-night for New York, Boston, Brooklyn and Philadelphia, returning by Niagara Falls and Toronto.

Grand Union Hotel, Ottawa.

The most popular hotel in the capital city. Finest sample rooms in Canada. Central modern and moderate in charges. Cuisine unexcelled.

The cuisine of the Jacques Cartier Hotel, Jacques Cartier Square, is bringing scores of merchants to dinner there daily. You should be amongst them.

Hotel Victoria, Quebec. The most centrally situated hotel in the city. Fine large sample rooms. First-class in every respect.

NEWS FROM MANITOBA.

Hon. Clarke Wallace's Visit—Great Wheat Yield.

Winnipeg, Sept. 6.—It is understood here that the visit of Hon. Clarke Wallace to Winnipeg at this time is in connection with customs business, and has no reference to the school question.

The wheat yield in the Portage plains district is turning out phenomenal. The tales told by the threshers put all estimates of the yield in the shade. Near Portage la Prairie yesterday Charles Cuthbert, in threshing a field of 21 acres, received 1,193 bushels, or an average of about fifty-seven bushels per acre.

Lieut.-Gov. Chapleau and party will return to Winnipeg about the 17th, and will remain here for a few days.

Governor Patterson, who is now en route to Winnipeg, will only remain a few days, returning east for a couple of months before taking up his residence at Government House. Meantime Sir John Schultz will act as administrator.

Newspaper Waifs.

Feline.—The Younger One—"I wonder if I will lose my looks, too, when I get to your age?" The Elder One.—"You would be lucky if you did."—Washington Star.

A True Friend.—Miss Withers—"What would you do if I should refuse you?" He—"I'd see if I couldn't find another fellow who would be willing to marry you."—Life.

Polynice Oil

Rheumatism, Inflammation of the Lungs, Dyspepsia, etc., etc. Cure guaranteed by Oil Polynice. See the certificates published from day to day.

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with perfect fit is the kind to have. We guarantee ours to be right. An American tailor. American styles with American workm

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Wheels offered at special bargains.
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Hand-made, home-made, thick, warm Scotch golf hose. Genuine, excellent stuff, and the cheapest that have ever been offered here. Now's your chance, $1.25, $1.75, $2.00.

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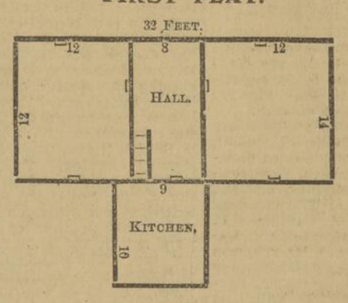
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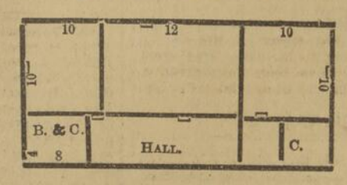
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Everything convenient. Modern improvements. Bath, Closets, etc. Lots 53 x 106. These are no Graveyard Lots.

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Interior divisions made to suit purchasers. Buildings will be put up immediately. . . . . .

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I WAS SUBJECT to frequent attacks of nervousness that seemed to sap all my vitality and left me in a state of weakness and misery. I could not relish food and such a thing as a good night's rest was unknown. In-

BUILDS UP

capable of any exertion and with an ever present tired and despondent feeling life seemed hardly worth the living. Medicines that I took did not do any good; it was a case of gradually becoming weaker and weaker. Hearing of Scott's Sarsaparilla and its success

WEAK WOMEN

with similar cases to mine, I used it, and from the first few doses began to get better, appetite returned, got natural and refreshing sleep. I grew stronger, in fact life seemed to be fanned into activity.

LOTTIE GRAHAM,
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SCOTT'S SKIN SOAP BEGETS CLEAR SKIN
Sold by B. E. McGALE, 2123 Notre Dame St.

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Supplies.

LITTLE'S ribbons for all makes of machines, in all colors, acknowledged to be the best in the market. They do not fill the type even when quite new, never fray at the edges, have stronger, brighter, more permanent colors, and last longer than any other ribbons.

CHAS. COLLICK,
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POPULAR WANT COLUMNS.

The Herald Office will be open every night till ten o'clock, and on Sunday evenings from eight till ten o'clock, to receive advertisements for the morning issue. Ads after that hour should be handed into the Editorial Department, where they will receive proper attention,

THE RIFLE MEETING.

Montreal Association Members' Matches Open To-morrow.

The annual members' matches of the Montreal Rifle Association will take place to-day at Cote St. Luc Ranges. Following are the prizes:

C. H. MATTHEWS' CUP MATCHES.

First Class Match; first stage Sept. 7th; Queen's Ranges; first prize—A sterling silver cup presented by Captain G. H. Matthews for competition among first-class shots in a match of two stages.

1st day—Queen's Ranges, 200, 500 and 600 yards. Seven shots at each range to count on score, but a sighting shot must be taken at each range.

2nd day—800 and 900 yards. Five shots at each range. Sighting shot at each range.

The competitor having the highest aggregate score at the five ranges to take possession of the cup, which becomes his property.

In connection with the above match ten prizes or more will be given, which have been donated by friends of the Montreal Rifle Association, winner to have choice according to score.

All those who have won a prize in the Montreal Rifle Association matches, previous to May 1, 1895, with the exception of the members' match in 1894, to be considered as first-class shots.

G. H. Matthews' Green Cup Match; first stage September 7; Queen's Ranges; first prize—A sterling silver cup presented by Captain G. H. Matthews, for competition among green shots in a match of two stages.

1st day—Queen's Ranges, 200, 500, and 600 yards. Seven shots at each range to count on score, but a sighting shot must be taken at each range.

2nd day—500 and 600 yards. Ten shots at each range. Sighting shot at each range.

The competitor having the highest aggregate score at the five ranges to take possession of the cup, which becomes his property.

In connection with the above match ten prizes or more will be given, which have been donated by friends of the Montreal Rifle Association, winner to have choice according to score.

F. F. PARKINS' CUP COMPETITION.

A handsome sterling silver trophy, donated by Mr. F. F. Parkins, manager for Canada of the Travelers Insurance Co., will be the first prize in this match, which will be a Queen's Ranges, and shot for on September 7, in conjunction with the G. H. Matthews' Cup Matches under the following conditions:

Open to all members of the Montreal Rifle Association who have never made eighty-five points or over at 200, 500 and 600 yards in any open match, battalion match, provincial, Dominion or Government match of any rifle association in this country or elsewhere, and all entering must sign a statement to this effect on the back of the register tickets.

Winner to hold the cup for one year and then return it to the association secretary on the following 1st September.

The cup to be won twice, not necessarily consecutively, before becoming any competitor's absolute property.

There will be no entrance fee charged to this match, and the scores made at Queen's Ranges on the G. H. Matthews' Cup matches will decide the result.

Ten prizes in kind or more will be given to the ten highest scores in this match, these having been donated by friends of the association.

The prizes will be presented at the Victoria Rifles Armory, Wednesday, September 25th.

Switzerland a Model State.

Greater individual liberty exists nowhere; a more complete government of the people by the people is not to be found, and nowhere in the world are the State officers, law makers, and the courts so absolutely the servants of the public as in Switzerland. Unless the people say it, either by their votes or by their silence, the laws of the Swiss Parliament are not laws at all. If a single canton demand the submission of an act of Parliament to the popular vote, it must be submitted; or if even 30,000 people petition for such submission it must be granted. Such petitions are usually placed in the post offices and public buildings, and the securing of the number of signatures required is a matter of no trouble whatever; hence this plebiscite is often resorted to. Frequently a number of laws will be submitted at once, and on some Sunday morning after church—the usual time for voting—the Swiss citizen, with his silent ballot, will defeat a dozen acts of Parliament. In some of the cantons this same practice prevails as to the local laws of the canton government. Under the Swiss system, the President of the Confederacy has no more authority than a member of the Cabinet. The head of the government is a council elected by the Parliament. This council selects a chairman from its members, who thus becomes President of the Republic, and assumes a Cabinet portfolio, usually that of Foreign Affairs. He is clothed with no powers of appointment to office; his co-members of the Cabinet, even the judges of the Supreme Court, are all elected. He can serve but a single year; hence his time and talents, instead of being devoted to filling offices and seeking re-election, are given to the service of his country. He is helped in his efforts for pure and economical government by a corps of trained statesmen.

Demand for the Humble Bee.

Some years ago I paid a visit to my nephew's vicarage in Buckinghamshire. He informed that a new industry had sprung up in his parish—there was a demand for humble bees, which could be sold for fourpence a head. He could not inform me what led to this demand, nor could the villagers who had sold the bees do so. On enquiring who took the bees and paid the money, I was referred to the beemaster of a neighboring village. I found him out on the next day, when he informed me that the growing of red clover in New Zealand had failed for want of a native insect capable of fertilizing the plant. As the humble bee fertilized the red clover in England, it was proposed to send a colony of humble bees over to New Zealand, which he did, but the first lot perished, as was supposed from excess of heat in crossing the equator. A second colony was more fortunate; it took kindly to the islands, and performed the function required of it successfully.

The case is well put by an entomologist: "Many of our English flowers are capable of being fertilized by only one kind of insect. The common red clover is visited by the humble bee, the petals are fused together, forming a narrow tube, surrounding the honey glands and the organs that form the pollen; the long proboscis of the humble bee can reach the honey, but the hive bee's tongue is shorter, and cannot do so. When clover was first grown in Australia it never seeded, because the tongues of the native bees were too short to reach the pollen."—Notes and Queries.

Go to Heron Island Saturday or Sunday. See advertisement.

CURRENT LITERATURE.

Miss Pauline Johnson has published a volume of her collected poems under the title of "The White Wampum." The product of the "Bodley Head" press of John Lane & Co., the little volume is a typographical gem. Its contents are in great part not new; for they include poems that have gone the rounds of the newspaper press, and ballads which Miss Johnson in her elocutionary pilgrimages through the country has made familiar to the public. The first portion of the book is given up to ballads on Indian themes, for Miss Johnson is a chieftainess in the Six Nations Indians, and glories in her descent from a long line of Iroquois warriors. But though these poems have swing and action, we do not think Miss Johnson's fame will find in them a very sure foundation. It is in her "nature poems," where she translates the words of forest, stream and sky into melodious words that she ranks among the band of Canadian singers now growing a goodly one in numbers. Some of these poems are, in their way, perfect. "The Song My Paddle Sings" has long been known as a marvellous word-setting of the music of the waters; and in the same strain, but with a deeper meaning, is "Shadow River, Muskoka."

A stream of tender gladness,
Of filmy sun, and opal tinted skies;
Of warm midsummer air that lightly lies
In mystic rings,
Where softly swings
The music of a thousand wings
That almost tone to sadness.

Midway 'twixt earth and heaven,
A bubble in the pearly air, I seem
To float upon the sapphire floor, a dream
Of clouds of snow,
Above, below,
Drift with my drifting, dim and slow,
As twilight drifts to even.

The little fern-leaf, bending
Upon the brink, its green reflection greets,
And kisses soft the shadow that it meets
With touch so fine,
The border line
The keenest vision can't define;
So perfect is the blending.

The far, fir trees that cover
The brownish hills with needles green and gold,
The arching elms o'erhead, vinegrown and old,
Repictured are
Beneath me far,
Where not a ripple moves to mar
Shades underneath, or over.

Mine is the undertone;
The beauty, strength, and power of the land
Will never stir or bend at my command;
But all the shade
Is marred or made,
If I but dip my paddle blade;
And it is mine alone.

O! pathless world of seeming!
O! pathless life of mine whose deep ideal
Is more my own than ever was the real.
For others Fame
And Love's red flame,
And yellow gold; I only claim
The shadows and the dreaming.

This is exquisite in expression, idea and cadence—the gem of the volume. But there are others showing how near Miss Johnson lives to nature's heart: "The Rainfall"; "The Bird's Lullaby"; "At Sunset"; "Nocturne"; and others. Copp, Clark & Co., of Toronto, are the Canadian publishers.

Macmillan & Co. have included in their series of reprints of old novels James Morier's once famous "Hajji Baba of Ispahan," known in the early days of the century as the Gil Blas of Persia. James Morier, though a British subject, was a thorough Orientalist. The Morier family was of Huguenot origin, and after the revocation of the edict of Nantes fled to Switzerland. Some of the family emigrated to Smyrna, where Isaac Morier, the father of James, was born in 1750. He naturalized himself as a British subject, and he married a daughter of the Dutch consul-general, and from these complicated antecedents came the novelist of Persian life. James was born in Smyrna about 1780, educated at Harrow, and spent his early manhood in travel in Persia and neighboring countries. He and his brothers entered the British diplomatic service, where the name has ever since been an honored one, the late Sir Robert Morier, Great Britain's distinguished Minister to Russia, being a nephew of James Morier.

"Hajji Baba" was written in 1824, while its author was attached to the British Embassy in Mexico; and was for many years very popular. In this book he deals with the characteristics of the Persians. Hajji is by turns a common slave, a barber, a Turcoman raider, a "saka," or water carrier, a vendor of adulterated smoke, which gets him the bastinado, a fraudulent dervish, a physician's assistant, a sub-executioner. Then there is an interval in his misfortunes, during which he inherits a small patrimony. An extraordinary adventure in a public bath makes it necessary for him to assume the identity of a rich man who had accidentally been drowned in a fit, and for a time Hajji plays the part of the wealthy Aga, but the imposture is discovered, and he is thrown on the world again. The wheel of fortune again turns, however, and Hajji Baba returns to his native city of Ispahan a greater man than he left it. The book is enriched with a wealth of Oriental anecdote.

The introduction to this edition is written by Hon. Geo. N. Curzon, a member of Lord Salisbury's administration, who has long been noted for his assiduity in familiarizing himself with the East by study and by personal explorations. Mr. Curzon says of this work: "Even were the Persians to be blotted out of existence as a nation, even though Teheran, Meshed and Shiraz were to share the fate of Persepolis and Susa, it would yet remain as a portrait of unrivalled humor and accuracy of a people, who, though now in their decadence, have played an immense, and still play a not wholly insignificant part in the complex drama of Asiatic politics. It is the picture of a people, light hearted, nimble witted and volatile, but subtle, hypocritical and insincere; metaphysicians and casuists, courtiers and rogues, gentlemen and liars, hommes d'esprit, and yet incurable cowards." The volume is capitally illustrated, as indeed are all the numbers of this series. (Toronto: Copp, Clark & Co.)

Another volume in the same series includes "The Annals of the Parish," and "The Ayrshire Legatees," by John Galt. In John Galt Canadians are naturally interested. He was long a resident of this country, and his name is borne by a flourishing Ontario town. He was the father of Sir A. T. Gault, and of Sir Thos. Galt, of the Ontario Bench; and his Canadian descendants are numerous, and many of them distinguished. There is an introduction by Alfred Ainger, in which he says: "Galt remains, I fear, little more than a name even to the omnivorous novel reader in England. Perhaps had he, like Goldsmith, written but a single story, he would have been long ago a classic, and the incidents and characters of the 'Annals of the Parish,' familiar as household words. It is a noticeable circumstance that the present reprint coincides with a marked revival of interest in Scottish characters and manners. We owe this largely to such admirable pictures of these as Mr. Barrie's, whose masterpiece, 'A Window in Thrums,' owes its success to the dominance of character over plot—character drawn with consummate humor and pathos. It is not too much to hope that Galt's earlier study of life in a Scottish parish, in its different way no less a masterpiece, may once more receive a welcome proportionate to its unquestionable truth and charm." The illustrations are by Charles E. Brock. (Toronto: Copp, Clark & Co.)

Macmillan & Co. have begun the publication of a pocket edition of Charles Kingsley's novels, the place of honor being given, as of right, to "Hypatia," which is certainly the greatest of his works. There will follow at monthly interva's: "Alton Locke," "Westward Ho," 2 vols.; "Two Years Ago," 2 vols.; "Hereward the Wake," "Yeast," "Water Babies," "Heroes," Poems. The volumes are dainty little ones, printed of necessity in small type; just the thing for the pocket. (Toronto: Copp, Clark & Co.) The first edition of "Hypatia" appeared in 1853 in two volumes. It was followed three years later by a single volume edition. Macmillan's first edition was published in 1833, and their second edition in 1850, of which reprints were issued nearly every year from 1872 to 1889. Their third edition (1888) has been reprinted five times. There have been other editions besides these, notably the Eversley and Globe, and the Sixpenny. It is not every author that has such a continuous demand as this.

"The Writer" for September.

Among the features of the Writer (Boston) for September is a practical article on "How to Write Stories for Boys," by William O. Stoddard. In the same number a series of "Editorial Talks With Contributors" is begun by William Hayes Ward, the superintending editor of the Independent, who tells what the Independent wants, and does not want, in the way of MSS. This series will be continued in the Writer monthly by the editors of other leading American periodicals, and will be of the greatest practical value to all periodical contributors. Nothing of the kind has ever before been published. Other interesting features are a complete reference list of literary articles in periodicals, helpful hints and suggestions for writers, answers to literary queries, and live notes of literary news, including announcement of the establishment of new periodicals, the failure or suspension of old ones, and a record of all changes in the publishing world.

Go to Heron Island Saturday or Sunday. See advertisement

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

The twelve year old son of Widow Fitzgerald died yesterday at Halifax of rupture of the bowels as the result of playing leap frog.

Nelson Killmer, a Malahide, Ont., farmer, suicided yesterday by cutting his throat.

Rio Janeiro, Sept. 6.—The British mail steamer Britannia has grounded here. The passengers have been landed and the vessel is lightering.

James Leotan, of Portland, Oregon, was yesterday fined $8,000 for illegally landing Chinese. S. Seidbach was fined $5,000 for a similar offence.

Westminster Church, Minneapolis, was burned yesterday. Loss, $150,000.

During a drunken Indian row at Whetley, Ont., yesaterday, Mrs. Thomas Dodge was killed by Mrs. Jos. Peters.

The National Beekeepers' Association elected the following officers at Toronto yesterday: President, A. I. Robb, Medina, Ont.; vicepresident, Wm. McEnvoy, Woodburn, Ont.; secretary, A. B. Kason, Toledo, Ohio; treasurer, W. E. Hutchinson, Flint, Mich.

A shock of earthquake was felt at Butte, Mont., yesterday. People rushed from buildings greatly alarmed.

The man who threw a bomb in Rothschild's Paris bank refuses to divulge his identity.

New York Central Railway officials are preparing for an attempt to break the English fast railway record of 540 miles in 558 minutes. Empire State Express record is 436 1-2 miles in 439 1-2 minutes.

Are You Nervous?
Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Quiets the nerves and induces sleep.

Karl's Clover Root TEA
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALE BY
B. E. McGALE, 2123 NOTRE DAME STREET.
Branch Store—Next to Balmoral Hotel.

The Shoe That Cripples

The shoe that deforms is the shoe that hurts. Bandage your head unevenly as you do your feet, and soon you wouldn't know the difference between the shoe that cripples and

THE SLATER SHOE.

Ah! there's the shoe for your money. $3 per pair for the best shaped men's footwear in Canada. Made with the Goodyear Welt, of finest imported calfskin. Black or tan—six shapes—all sizes—any width.

Five Dollars' Worth of Comfort—Free!
With every pair of THE SLATER SHOES.
A full line of these popular Shoes, in Black and Tan.

Slater Bros., 249 St. James St.



The Fault of Your Ledger

Need not anger you any more. Lay it aside and get one of our flat-opening, strong-backed, everlasting, can't-break-the-cover ledgers. Not expensive, but we know things about making ledgers that others don't know. Give us an order.

CHAS. F. DAWSON, Stationer,
Sign of the Golden Owl,
226 St. James Street.

FOR SALE.

One of the most elegant Cut Stone Residences on Sherbrooke Street; splendidly finished in hardwood, with all the most modern improvements, and handsome Stone Stable and Coach House. This is admirably adapted for a doctor or other professional gentleman. Very easy terms of payment if desired.

—ALSO—

Two very handsome Cut Stone Residences, pleasantly situated in the best portion of Sherbrooke Street.

These valuable properties should be seen to be appreciated. Call for particulars.

B. HUTCHINS & CO.,
New York Life Building.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

The whole of the Elegant New Furniture and lease of a first-class Stone Residence of 12 rooms and extension; hot water heating and all modern conveniences; stable and coach house, and location good and convenient. As the proprietor is leaving the city, he will sell at a liberal discount on the cost price. Easy terms of payment if required. This is a rare chance to acquire a comfortable home, handsomely furnished, without trouble.

B. HUTCHINS & CO.,
New York Life Building.

FOR SALE—CHEAP.

A fine Frame Residence, 8 rooms, large stable, lot 50x135, located on one of the best avenues in Westmount.

—ALSO—

a fine Brick Cottage, 8 rooms, stable and coach house, lot 50x135; fine garden, with fruit trees, etc., same avenue.

—AND—

a small house, 4 rooms, lot 50x135.

These properties will be sold at a bargain.

B. HUTCHINS & CO.,
New York Life Building.

FOR SALE.

An Elegant New Stone Residence, 12 rooms and extension, h.w. heat and all modern improvements, on Pine Avenue.

Fine Brick Residence, 15 large rooms, marble top wash stands, Daisy furnaces, extension and stables, McGill College Avenue, $10,500.

Several Fine Brown Stone Residences in the West End, very desirable and cheap.

B. HUTCHINS & CO.,
New York Life Building.

PARTNERS WANTED

For several lines of well established business. Capital required from $1,000 to $5,000.

B. HUTCHINS & CO.,
New York Life Building.

MONEY TO LOAN

On City Property and Good Farms.

B. HUTCHINS & CO.,
New York Life Building.

FOUND AT LAST THE OXFORD CAFE

Restaurant, University Street, near St. Catherine Street, where Dow's Ale, wines, etc., can be had with your Chops, Steaks, Oysters, etc. A la Carte till midnight.

The Best Place in Montreal. Telephone 3127.

COVERNTON'S

Aromatic Blackberry Carminative

A safe, easy and effectual cure for Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus and Dysentery, for both Children and Adults. Price 25 cents. For sale by all druggists.

PREPARED BY

C. J. Covernton & Co.,
Cor. Bleury and Dorchester Sts.

CARVING IN STONE

Monuments, tombstones, etc., made and lettered at lowest prices. Call for estimates.

Peter Smith Granite Co.,
290 BLEURY ST.

SITUATIONS VACANT—MALE.

1-2 Cent a Word.

WANTED—CANVASSER WANTED TO call on business men; salary or commission; none but live men need apply. W. H. Fligg, Smith Premier Typewriter Agency, 1721 Notre Dame Street.

WANTED — TOOL MAKERS, FITters and bench hands; good wages to first-class men. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Peterboro, Ont. 219

WANTED — GENTLEMAN TO TEACH Ben. Pittman and Jerome Howard system of shorthand; terms must be moderate. Apply to Box 104, Herald Office. 212

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—BY ACTIVE SINGLE MAN, age 36, a situation as general servant, or some other employment; has a good knowledge of gardening; wages no object. Box 114, Herald Office. 215

WANTED — BY A STEADY, SOBER young man, employment cleaning furnaces or any other work. Apply Box 118, Herald. 216

WANTED — BY AN ENERGETIC young man, work in any capacity; thoroughly practical around furnaces, etc. Address J. Turner, 52 Anderson St. 217

WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN — 25— situation of any kind; steady, willing and obliging; permanent employment more object than salary; good city references. M. W. P., care Y. M. C. A. Building. 217

WANTED — SITUATIONS BY MAN and wife; man as coachman and wife as plain cook; town or country; good references. Apply L. W., Herald Office. 216

WANTED—BY A YOUNG ENGLISHMAN —Situation as groom or coachman. Thoroughly understands horses. Please address to H. C. L., Dorval.

WANTED — BY RESPECTABLE MARried couple, situation as janitor, any place of trust, or in private family; wife good cook, husband to make himself generally useful, etc. Address Box 111, Herald Office. 214

DOG LOST.

An English Fox Terrier, about five months old, with black saddle on back, black nose and ears. The finder will be rewarded by returning him to JAS. MENZIES, Herald Office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE — ONE of the best florist's businesses in Canada; established over thirty years; four greenhouses, with hot water heating; garden crop in high state of cultivation; no opposition; satisfactory reasons for selling. Address Thomas Sinclair & Son, Ingersoll, Ont. 212

WANTED — ALL KINDS OF STOCK bought. Parties in financial difficulties should not fail to call at the Mechanics' Building, 204 St. James St., Room 3. Communications confidential. tf

PARTNER WANTED.

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH CAPItal, to extend the monopoly of "Polynice Oil" in Canada and United States. Apply to Alexandre, 1694 Notre Dame Street. 218

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED TO BUY — A SMALL COFfee roasting machine in good order; capacity, 30 to 40 lbs. Address Roaster, Herald Office. 216

PHOTOGRAPHY.

One Cent a Word.

RICE'S STUDIO, 141 ST. PETER ST.—ELEgant photographs. Telephone 331.

MONEY TO LEND.

WANTED—PARTIES NEEDING MONEY would do well to see Mr. Newmark, a the Mechanics' Institute, 204 St. James Street Room 3. Communications confidential. tf

FOR SALE.

One Cent a Word.

DRY KINDLING WOOD
Large Loads—$2.00.
HENDERSON BROS., 344 William St.
Telephone 8211.

FOR SALE—COMMON SENSE ROACH, Bed Bug and Rat Exterminator, in tins, 25c, 50c and $1; will return money if it does not clean your house. 71 Main Street. 218

FOR SALE—FOR THE MILLION, KILNdried kindling wood, $2; cut maple, $2.50 tamarac blocks, $1.75; mill blocks, stovelengths, $1.50 per load delivered. J. C. Macdiarmid & Co., corner St. James and Guy Streets. Tel. 811

FOR SALE — PNEUMATIC BICYCLE (Comet) in perfect condition; nearly new; cause of selling, owner leaving the country. Can be seen at 27 Alymer Street, Montreal. 216

FOR SALE — MONTREAL BOARD OF Trade certificate of membership. Address Box 110 Herald Office.

FOR SALE — FOR THE MILLION— kindling, $2; cut maple, $2.50; tamarac blocks, $1.75; mill blocks, $1.50 per load, delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. Macdiarmid, Richmond Square. Bell Tel. 3353.

EXPRESS WAGON FOR SALE.

Only used one month. No further use for it. Will be sold at a great reduction from original cost.

231 St. James St.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL.

Superior Court.—No. 2,313.

Dame Emelie Vergegle, wife, property in community, of Francis Soucisse, hotelkeeper, of the City and District of Montreal, duly authorized a ester en justice, Plaintiff, vs. Francis Soucisse, hotelkeeper, of the City and District of Montreal, defendant.

An action en separation des biens has been instituted in this cause, the 15th August, 1895.

GOUIN & LEMIEUX,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Montreal, 6th September, 1895.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF Montreal. Circuit Court. No. 5,181. Madame Marie Louise Panet et vir, Plaintiffs, vs. Robert Beckham, Defendant. On the 17th day of September inst., 1895, at 10 of the clock in the forenoon, at the ancient place of business of the said Defendant, upon a certain piece of land of ninety-four feet in front and one hundred and thirty-one feet and six inches depth, situated on Chatham Street, in the City of Montreal, in St. Antoine Ward, being part of the official number two hundred and twenty (220), will be sold by authority of justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of big express and square wood. Conditions, cash. Alph. St. George, B.S.C. Montreal, this 3rd day of September, 1895.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF Montreal. Circuit Court. No. 4,550. Madame Marie Louise Panet et vir, Plaintiffs, vs. Robert Beckham, Defendant. On the 17th day of September inst., 1895, at 10 of the clock in the forenoon, at the ancient place of business of the said Defendant, upon a certain piece of land of ninety-four feet in front and one hundred and thirty-one feet and six inches depth, situated on Chatham Street, in the City of Montreal, in St. Antoine Ward, being part of the official number two hundred and twenty (220), will be sold by authority of justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of office furniture, etc. Conditions, cash. Alph. St. George, B.S.C. Montreal, this 3rd day of September, 1895.

SITUATIONS VACANT—FEMALE.

1-2 Per Word

WANTED — A ROMAN CATHOLIC female teacher holding first class elementary diploma, able to teach and speak fluently both languages. Duties to commence 1st September. Extent salary offered $200. Wm. J. O'Meara, Secy.-Treasurer, Bryson, Que. ed

WANTED — A GOOD DRAWING-IN girl; good wages to a competent hand; Also weavers for Fancy Crompton Looms. A. Lomas & Son Sherbrooke Que. ed

WANTED—A TIDY GIRL ABOUT 15 or 16 to mind a child; sleep at home. 374 St. James Street. 215

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL SERvant; no washing. Apply at 424 St. Denis Street. 216

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

Three Insertions Free.

WANTED—BY A THOROUGHLY COMpetent young lady position as book keeper or cashier in temperance grocery or other retail store. Address Box 113, Herald. 215

WANTED—BY A GOOD DRESSMAKER, who can make ladies', Misses' and children's dresses, ladies to sew for at their own homes immediately; best city references given. W. X., Herald. 215

WANTED — SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper; town or country; good references. M. N., Herald Office. 216

WANTED — AN ENGAGEMENT AS daily or resident governess; speaks French fluently; highest references for music. Address Box 116, Herald Office. 216

WANTED — AN ENGLISH WOMAN speaking a little French desires employment as housekeeper; quick; good cook; can make butter, care of poultry; educated; English testimonials; city references; able to take charge of hotel. Address E. M. W., 554 St. Denis St. 217

ADVERTISER IS OPEN TO TAKE effective charge of exhibit from absent exhibitor at coming Exposition; city references. Address "Experience," Herald Office. 217

WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, work by the day or week of any kind. Apply 42 Devienne St. 216

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DRESSmaker wishes work at her own house; good cutter and fitter. 48 Victoria Street. 216

WANTED—OFFICE OR STORE CLEANing, or washing by the day. Address 2a Little St. Antoine Street. 215

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WIdow situation as good plain cook or as laundress in house, school or institution, boarding house, etc. Please address M.B., 95 Bleury Street. 215

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY SITUAtion as single entry book keeper or any kind of office work; good experience and city references. Address Box 45, Herald Office. 215

WANTED — WORK BY THE DAY OF any kind by a respectable person. Apply 22 Dowd Street. 216

WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE girl from the country, a situation as general servant. Apply to 351A St. Lawrence Main Street. 215

WANTED — FAMILY WASHING OR gentlemen's underwear, by respectable woman. 494 Centre Street. 215

WANTED—A POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper to one or two gentlemen, without washing. Address Box 115, Herald Office. 215

WANTED — WORK BY THE DAY BY respectable woman. Apply No. 9 St. Charles Borrommee Street. 215

WANTED—BY WIDOW WITH FA... to support work of any kind; washing, house cleaning; good washer; distance no objection. 95 Bleury. 215

WANTED — SITUATION TO WAIT ON table or work of any kind by young woman. Apply 38 Alexander St. 215

MISCELLANIOUS.

YOUNG GENTLEMAN WANTED TO share room with another young gentleman on bathroom flat; terms moderate; house centrally located. Apply Box 91, Herald. 220

LADIES, NOW IS THE TIME TO GET your work done at half price by a first-class upholsterer; work done at your house; or will take it away. Apply 17 Brunswick Street, Montreal.

WANTED — DESK ROOM IN AN OFfice, or would share expenses of a small office; essentials, telephone and central situation. Address "Economy," Herald Office. tf

SAFES AND OFFICE SUNDRIES FOR SALE.

GOLDIE AND McCULLOCH'S FIRE and Burglar proof safes and vault doors, several good second hand safes on hand. Safes moved and repaired. F. M. Sullivan, 308 St. James Street. Telephone 2107.

SCALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION store trucks, alarm money tills from $2 up Scales repaired. F. M. Sullivan, 308 St. James Street. Tel. 2107. tf

ROOMS TO LET.

1-2 Cent Per Word.

ROOM — TO LET — BACK PARLOR bedroom. 144 Peel Street, opposite Dominion Square. 218

ROOMS — TWO SINGLE ROOMS, WITH board, at 92 Union Avenue. 220

ROOMS — FURNISHED AND UNFURnished. John Egger, 85 Bleury St. 222

ROOMS — 6 PHILLIPS' PLACE— nicely furnished suite of rooms, with dressing room attached; hot and cold water; table board; house first-class; also two large double and single rooms. 218

ROOMS — TO LET — 3 FURNISHED rooms, parlor and two bedrooms on first floor, with board, or use of kitchen with attendance. Apply 282 Upper St. Martin Street. 214

ROOMS — COMFORTABLE FURNISHed room to let, with board; heated with hot water and gas. 102 Mansfield Street. 217

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET — LOWER TENEMENT — 377 Berri Street; 8 apartments; newly colored and painted; every convenience; nominal rent to 1st May to good tenant. R. K. Thomas, 174 St. James St. 219

TO LET — HANDSOMELY FINISHED cottage, 27 Bishop Street; 9 apartments; every convenience; low rent for balance of year. R. K. Thomas, 174 St. James Street. 219

TO LET — BACK RIVER — NEAR THE river and close to the station of Electric Railway; large house and grounds; $8.00 per month till 1st May; brick dwellings, 11 rooms each, water in houses, $5.00 per month; half-hour car service. Address F. M. Cole, 1731 Notre Dame Street. 220

TO LET — AT UPPER LACHINE — brick house, furnished, for the winter months; for suitable tenant; very low rent. Address Box 117, Herald. 218

TO LET—NO. 1291 ST. GEORGE STREET lower tenement, 8 rooms, b. and c., hot water boiler; also No. 18 City Councillor Street lower tenement, 6 rooms, b. and c., gas, hot water boiler. Apply to P. O'Neil, 18 A City Councillors Street. 215

AGENTS WANTED.

One Cent a Word.

AGENTS WANTED AT ONCE FOR AN article everyone wants; liberal commission. For particulars address E. C. Avery Concord, Mich.

AGENTS — WE HAVE POSITIVELY the best sellers ever offered; all are household articles of genuine merit; in order that our territory and catalogues may not fall into the hands of children or unreliable parties, we require six cents in stamps to be sent, upon receipt of which we will mail 32-page catalogue with blank applications for territory; postal cards not answered. U. S. Specialty Co., Toronto.

PUPILS WANTED.

PAINTING AND DRAWING — BARON Holmfeld, assisted by Miss S. Eaton and Miss T. Thomas, will open Saturday classes for ladies and children, the 7th of September. Studio, Chateau de Ramezay, 1536 Notre Dame Street. 214

The Montreal Herald

Founded 1808.

PRICE BY MAIL.

MORNING HERALD	
One Year	$3.00
Six Months	1.75
Three Months	1.00
One Month	35
EVENING HERALD.	
One Year	$2.00
Six Months	1.25
Three Months	75
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WEEKLY HERALD.	
One Year	$1.00
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Three Months	1.25
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One Year	$1.25
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CASH IN ADVANCE.

MONTREAL, SEPTEMBER 7.

NOTICE.

Merchants and others are hereby notified not to charge to the account of this Company the account of persons in the Company's service.

This Company will not be responsible for accounts contracted by persons in their service unless upon orders issued expressly to cover purchases made.

THE MONTREAL HERALD CO.

CANADIAN CAPITAL.

In the current number of the Canadian Magazine there is an article on the cash reserves of Canada, in which the author, Mr. James B. Peat, arrives at the conclusion that the slow growth of our industries is due to a scarcity of gold. In reviewing this article, our esteemed contemporary, the Conservative organ, very properly remarks: "Instruments of credit, whether cheques or bank currency, are the form in which capital is supplied for industrial purposes, and the stock of these has gone on increasing at a rapid ratio in Canada for several years past. The failure of capital, therefore, to seek employment in agriculture, mines, fisheries, forest or manufactures to a greater degree than has been the case must be attributed to other causes than a paucity of metallic money."

But here the light goes out. Although the Gazette devotes over a column to the subject, it does not attempt to indicate what is the real reason which prevents capital from seeking investment in Canadian industry. It is not unfair to conclude that it could not do so without striking a blow at the protectionist system, to which it is bound by the ties of party and patronage.

Canadian resources may be developed by foreign or by domestic capital.

By our hostile tariff we have endeavored to restrict the commercial relations which might contribute to invite the attention of foreign capitalists to our country. By adopting a policy which discriminates against England, and which is considered by British business men as unsound and dangerous, we have placed ourselves in disfavor with the community which above all others could best furnish us the capital to develop our natural wealth.

By increasing artificially the cost of living and the cost of production we have reduced the chances of profit-making and deterred to that extent investment in our forests, in our mines, in our fisheries, in our farms and in all our manufacturing industries, which are largely dependent on a foreign market for the sale of their products.

But worse than all else, through the system of protection we have tied up a large proportion of our limited national capital in unremunerative enterprises; and thus we have not only reduced our immediately available resources, but we have impeded the accumulation of profits which make new capital.

After the boom which marked the introduction of the National Policy into the country, when reaction set in, combines had to be formed, a number of mills had to be closed that the others might live, and the capital that had been sunk in these enterprises became unproductive. At the same time experiments were made in various other industries to which protection promised a bounty; and in a great many of these also the capital, which had been taken from industries better adapted to the needs of the country, became often unproductive.

The last census enables us to measure with mathematical precision the extent of this evil.

In 1871 the capital invested in manufacturing was $77,964,020, and the value of the products $221,617,773. In 1891 the capital had increased to the enormous sum of $353,836,817, and the value of the products was only $475,455,705. In 1871, to produce $1,000 of goods only $351 of capital was required; in 1891 it required $744 of capital to produce the same value of goods. In 1871 it required only $415 of capital to give employment to one man; in 1891 it required $962, much more than twice the amount. In 1871 25 per cent. of the product was left to the manufacturer after paying for raw material and labor, and that represented a profit of 72 per cent. on his capital, with which to pay for wear and tear, interest, etc. In 1891 there was still the same proportion of the product left over the the cost of raw material and labor, but in this case 25 per cent. of the product represents a profit of only 34 per cent. on the capital invested.

Protection has reduced the efficiency of capital to such an extent that it takes twice the amount it did under a low tariff to produce the same quantity of wealth and to give employment to the same number of people.

Had the industries of the country been allowed to develop along natural lines Canada would have to-day at least a hundred millions of capital available for investment in her mines, forests and farms, and these again would be a source of continually increasing wealth.

AROUSING NEW YORK.

The long-talked of enlargement of the water channel facilities from New York to the Great Lakes seems now to be entering upon the progressive stage. The New York State Legislature in the early part of this year authorized the taking of the popular vote upon an issue of State bonds for nine millions of dollars, the proceeds to be devoted to "the improving and deepening the Erie, the Oswego, and the Champlain canals." The vote is to be taken on the 5th of November, and as that time is drawing near the press is looking the matter up with the view of educating the popular mind favourably or adversely to the scheme.

The New York Times, perhaps the most reliable newspaper authority amongst our neighbours, enters upon the educative work with a three-column article in double-leaded type, thus shewing its strong sense, first, of the importance of the proposed step, and second, of its utter inadequacy.

The Times does not think that the vote of $9,000,000 authorized by the Legislature should be ratified by the people. It is understood to argue that the Legislature in passing the act did not raise itself to the height of its situation, and further to hold that the proposed work to be effected with this money "is only a halting step towards real and effective canal improvement, and one that can be justified, if at all, only as a temporary expedient."

But our New York contemporary does not throw its great weight into the scale against progress in the direction of canal enlargement. Quite the contrary indeed. The Times discusses the various schemes that are made apparently feasible by the topography of the situation. It quotes the Erie enlargement scheme, for a ship canal of 26 feet draught, at $200,000,000; the Niagara Falls and Oswego scheme at $123,000,000; and treats the Champlain scheme so inconsiderately because an unavoidable part of it is in "a foreign country" that it refrains from quoting any engineering estimate.

It is to be confessed off-hand that the figures given, and that the Times is prepared to accept, and with regard to which it "would engage in a campaign of education to prepare the minds of the voters for favorable action," are expressive of a very large investment in the work of further "extending the facilities of deep sea transportation 1,500 miles inland to the heart of the richest continent in the world." All this is very well of course. New York City and State could doubtless raise the money; but there are things that money cannot do. And there is engineering authority for the demurrer that money cannot supply the necessary water to the higher levels of either the Erie or the Oswego route for a 26-foot channel.

A few weeks ago the Times published a well figured out scheme for the extension of the Ottawa River route from Montreal to the Georgian Bay by way of Lake Nipissing and French River. Had our contemporary unrestrained its view by submitting the Lake Champlain scheme in conjunction with that of the Ottawa River, the two being one from the New York point of view, it would probably have succeeded in doing what it may be said to have signally failed to do. That is, it would have succeeded in submitting a practicable route between the Great Lakes and New York at a cost vastly less than either of the impracticable routes to which it has given adhesion, with a shorter distance by about 67 miles, and with quicker time by the difference between 120 and 350 miles of canal navigation. The cash resources and the ambition of New York, great powers though they be, cannot furnish an effective ship canal channel from the Hudson to the Lakes by any route other than that of Lake Champlain. They can increase the capacity of the existing routes without doubt; but a 26-foot channel if it is to be utilized to the extent indicated by our contemporary will call for a water supply that is not to be had.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The event of the week in local financial circles was the arrival of settling day, the "fourth," as it is familiarly called. Contrary to the expectations of some, the day passed without any serious trouble, no large failures being recorded. A number of demands have been made, but so far no actual assignments have taken place, arising out of settling day. Most of the banks and financial institutions of the city make very favorable reports. They say that paper was with few exceptions taken up very well, although some of the banks will not be able to report definitely for some days yet.

A feature of considerable interest has been the continued plenitude and easiness of money. Large sums have been loaned on call at 4 per cent., although a number of the banks are still asking 4 1-2 per cent. The lower rates are chiefly obtainable from private lenders. Naturally this condition of affairs with respect to the money market, has induced a considerable degree of activity on the Stock Market, and the tendency of prices has again been higher. The bullish feeling that has been so pronounced during the week has had other supporting influences in addition to easy money. These include reports of improving trade in the United States, which have been reflected here to some extent, and the more favorable statements of earnings that are being published by the various railway and transportation companies. Still it is now a moot point whether or not the advances in the prices of certain stocks have not gone far enough. Brokers and bankers, too, should be on their guard, as anything approaching undue inflation should be deprecated.

Some degree of interest was aroused by the statement of a contemporary to the effect that La Banque du Peuple would resume business on October 1st. This report, we can authoritatively say, is devoid of foundation. As matters now stand, the only people who have any right to say whether the bank shall or shall not resume business, are the depositors, and so far they have taken no action. The report of the joint cashiers is not yet quite completed, but it will be in the hands of the directors in a very few days. Nothing definite has been learned with regard to its contents, but we are given to understand that it will not be quite so rosy as casual rumor has been indicating. In addition to the loss of the reserve, it will probably be found that the capital has been substantially impaired. However, it is probable that depositors will be able to receive the amounts due them in full; so that they may defer payment to enable the bank to resume. It is well known that the French banks have about as much business as they can well attend to; and should the depositors of the People's Bank, who stand in the position of privileged creditors, come to satisfactory arrangements with the directors, the bank would soon be in a position to resume business, and, by dint of hard work on the part of the officials, would be likely to recover its position. On the other hand, should no such arrangements be made, the bank would have no recourse but liquidation, and as was proven in the case of the Exchange Bank, and more recently in the case of the Commercial Bank of Manitoba, this is a costly and long drawn out process. Again, so far there has been no actual failure arising out of the suspension of the bank, but should liquidation be decided upon, this good record could hardly be maintained, as a number of accounts that would otherwise be supported would of necessity have to be closed up.

Although there has not been much trading lately on the local Stock Exchange in Wabash securities, still a good deal of interest is felt in the road by local financiers. The gross earnings for the past year were $11,959,839, as against $12,551,448 for the previous year, a decrease of $591,609. This was more than counterbalanced by a decrease of $909,351 in operating expenses, which were $8,921,029 as against $9,830,380 the previous year. The net earnings were $3,038,809, as compared with $2,721,037, an increase last year of $317,742. After paying all charges, including interest on bonds and the rent of the Eel River Railroad, a leased line, there is a deficit of $542,906, as against $671,765 the previous year, a decrease of $28,859. This deficit, it is confidently believed, will be more than made up during the present year, the prospects for the road being very good.

The exchange situation in the United States is still being very anxiously watched. Gold is being exported in as large amounts as ever, and early in the week fears were expressed that the Treasury reserve would fall considerably below the $100,000,000 mark. These fears were set at rest however by the action of the Treasury Bond Syndicate, which again gave evidence of its ability and intention to protect the reserve and keep it above $100,000,000. During the past week the Syndicate has deposited in the Treasury some $5,000,000 to replace amounts withdrawn for export, and at present there is a small margin in excess of the hundred million reserve. Although additional exports are looked for next Saturday, it is generally understood that the Syndicate has further amounts of gold on deposit at the Sub-Treasury in special account, and that this is available at the pleasure of the Syndicate's managers for transer to the Government's regular account in order to make up for redemptions of legal tender and Sherman notes by houses in the business of exporting gold. In financial circles generally there is no question in regard to the ability of the Syndicate to keep the gold reserve from reduction below $100,000,000.

A DILEMMA.

The Gazette quotes the development of the iron industry in the United States during the last decade, and claims that it is all due to protection. Now the most most remarkable progress made by any State in this industry was that of Alabama, which increased its output from 62,336 tons of pig iron in 1880 to 890,482 tons in 1890. But Alabama had no protection against the older and richer manufacturers of Pennsylvania. If protection was not needed against the competition of Pennsylvania, was it needed against the competition of far off England? And if so, why? The Gazette will have to admit either that protection had not the influence it claims for the system, or else that England, being a free trade country, is in a position to produce much more cheaply and to compete much more advantageously with new rivals than poor protected Pennsylvania.

THAT PROVINCIAL DEFICIT.

At last the confession has come. After two weeks of silence and hesitancy, L'Evenement ventures to give an explanation in answer to the Herald correspondent, who announced that the provincial deficit this year would be even greater than that of last year.

Our esteemed contemporary begins by rebuking our correspondent for saying that the Government tried to keep the condition of the finances secret, but it immediately proves the truth of our information by admitting that it has been unable to obtain full information itself.

L'Evenement does not give an official and full statement certified by the Provincial Auditor, such as we challenged the Government to publish, but only incomplete and approximative figures, arranged to suit its purpose.

Yet the Quebec paper begins by confessing that, excluding the amount paid for railway subsidies, the excess of disbursements over receipts will be between $160,000 and $170,000. And then it proceeds to let the cat out of the bag by confessing that in the receipts are included $100,000, representing the proceeds of the sale of the Chateau de Ramezay property. We know, moreover, that the proceeds of the sale of timber limits is counted in the same way.

To include these sums in the revenue is of course absurd. If such a system of book-keeping were admitted the Government might, by selling all the assets of the province, show a surplus over expenditure, no matter how extravagant it might be.

If, then, we deduct these sums from the revenue we find that by L'Evenement's own admission the deficit will be about $300,000 for 1894-95, against $230,000 in 1893-94. This proves the reliable character of the Herald's information.

The Conservative press raises the old objection that in the disbursements are included some items of extraordinary expenditure. That matters little to the public. What the Taillon Government promised to do was that they would restore equilibrium in the Provincial finances, and that with the aid of the new taxes which they imposed they would meet all liabilities with the ordinary revenue, with the sole exception of railway subsidies.

The Conservatives were put in power to accomplish this work. Instead of fulfilling their promise they have been running behind every year; and it was because Hon. J. S. Hall "had lost control" over his colleagues that he resigned.

The annual deficit renders borrowing necessary, new loans bring increased interest charges, and the latter mean the fastening of obnoxious taxes upon the people.

GOOD REASONS FOR DELAY.

The Government organs announced Josiah Wood's elevation to the Senate on August 6. In the same paragraph was conveyed the announcement of the dates of nomination and polling also. Nomination took place on the 17th inst., just 11 days after the advertisement of Mr. Wood's appointment. Why does not the Government follow the same course in the case of West Huron? The answer is easy. The Government thought to take the Opposition napping in Westmoreland. The Liberals had no candidate there, and the Government thought that the prospect of a campaign to extend over about a fortnight only would scare them into letting the Conservative candidate go in by acclamation. In West Huron the case is different. There the Liberals have had a candidate in the field for two years; a candidate who is as sure of carrying the county back to the Liberal fold as we may be sure of anything in this world. Mr. Cameron is waiting for the Government to come on.

Like Job's strong horse, he pauseth in the valley and rejoiceth in his strength. He goeth on to meet the armed men and smelleth the battle afar off. That is to say, Mr. Cameron is simply hungernig for a chance to give the Government candidate a royal hiding in West Huron. That is why the Government does not open West Huron right off. It will be observed also that the Government is not anxious to lock horns with the Opposition in Cardwell; or in Lisgar, or any other place where it cannot afford to lose about 1,500 votes.

CORRESPONDENCE

Give the Young a Chance.

To the Editor of the Herald:

Sir,—You have frequent notices of remembrances from the "Old Men" of Montreal. I am one of the young men; born in Montreal, age 59, with a good memory, and can discredit a number of stories we read from the old men, some of whose names you give, and should know better. Open a column for young and old men, without signatures.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, September 5, 1895.

APPEAL FOR JUSTICE.

Dr. C. F. Reid Writes of the Chinese Missionary Outrages.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 6.—President E. H. Pearce, of Kentucky Wesleyan College, at Winchester, to-day received the following letter from Dr. C. F. Reid, of Shanghai, China, citizen of the United States, and presiding elder of the Shanghai District Methodist Church South.

Shanghai, Aug. 10.

Only two weeks ago to-day I sent you an account of the Szechuen outrages, and to-day I am sending you accounts of the massacre at Ku-Cheng. Had our ministers acted promptly and adequately in the first case, the second would probably not have occurred, and we should have been spared the spectacle of eight young and consecrated women dragged from their beds and brutally massacred, helpless infants hacked to death, and a faithful servant of God burned in his bed.

I am sending you these accounts in the hope that you will use them where they will do the most good. I wish I could put a copy in the hands of every editor, every Congressman and every other man who has an interest in the welfare of the church or the honor of his country. We don't ask for revenge, but we do ask for justice and the protection which every American has the right to demand, and which no civilized nation has a right to withhold from its humblest citizens. Foreigners in China are unanimous in the belief that a little prompt and vigorous action would, at once put an end to those things.

In our opinion the action required at this time is the appointment of a strong commission, with such rank and authority as will enable them to try and fix the guilt of the highest official. To punish a few coolies would be worse than useless. We must go to the source of these troubles, which is found in some of the highest officials in the empire.

(Signed.) C. F. REID.

We have lost all hope of help from the legation at Pekin, and we are now appealing directly to Washington. Will you not help us? Unless something is speedily done we shall have to abandon all our work, which represents so many years of toil and sacrifice.

Washington, Sept. 6. — The United States Government has decided to enter forthwith upon an independent investigation of the Cheng-Tu riots. As at first arranged, the inquiry was to have been made in co-operation with Great Britain, but there has been a change of plan within the past few days. There are understood to be good reasons why the State Department of this Government has decided upon an independent investigation, such as France has already made, and such as Great Britain will make later.

Royal Visit to Stettin.

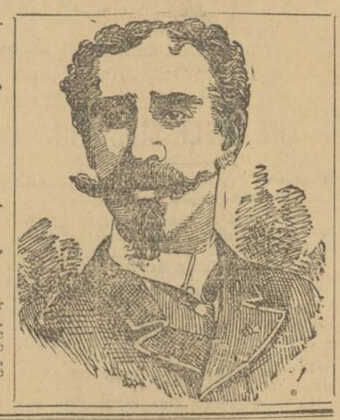
Stettin, Sept. 6.—Emperor William reached this city to-day on board the despatch-boat Grillo. Almost simultaneously the Empress arrived by railway train. The streets were thronged with the people and the boats in the harbor were elaborately decorated in honor of the Imperial visitors. The Emperor and Empress and their suites rode through the principal streets of the city in carriages.

"BELL"
PIANOS & ORGANS
75,000 Made and Sold.
Wholesale and Retail Agents for Central Canada:
WILLIS & CO.,
1824 Notre Dame St., near McGill St
MONTREAL.

AMUSEMENTS.

Academy of Music

HENRY THOMAS, Lessee and Manager.
OPENING OF SEASON.
WEEK—MONDAY, Sept. 9th.
Matinee Saturday Only.
The Napoleon of Necromancers,
HERRMANN
THE GREAT
In his Marvellous Entertainment of
MAGIC, MIRTH AND MYSTERY,
Aided by
Mme. Herrmann
In her Bewildering Spectacular Dance Creations.
PRICES—Evenings...$1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c
—Matinee.....$1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c
Seats now on sale at Theatre; Walker's, Jeweller; and hotels. 'Phone 4401. Box office open from 9 a.m. till 10 p.m.
Sept. 16—HENRY IRVING.



Valkyrie III--Defender
YACHT RACES.
Excursion
Montreal To..... New York And... Return
$12.00—TICKETS FOR THE ROUND TRIP—$12.00
Good to go Sept. 5, 6, 7. Good to return until Sept. 16, 1895.
For Tickets, Parlor and Sleeping Car accommodation, apply to
CENTRAL VERMONT R.R. 136 ST. JAMES STREET.
DELAWARE & HUDSON R.R. 143 ST. JAMES STREET.

Ladies' Day....

The Laurentian Turkish and Swimming Baths will be reserved specially for ladies only on Monday morning next from 9 till 12 o'clock. Experienced lady attendants in charge.

COSTUMES FURNISHED TO BATHERS.

Water at summer temperature. Admission, 25 cents. Girls under 15 years, 15 cents. Ladies returning from the sea side and watering places should keep up their practice and perfect themselves in the art of swimming.

TURKISH BATH DEPARTMENT.

Ladies should try the luxury of a Turkish Bath as given at this establishment; it is unequalled. We have introduced into this Department the latest novelties now the fad amongst European and American society ladies. Turkish Baths, Russian Baths, Perfumed Baths, Alcohol Baths, Roman Baths, Cologne Baths.

Lady spectators admitted free on Monday. Electric cars pass the door.

Matches That Light

in any climate and at any time are the only ones to be relied on. These are just the kind we make—no other—and they are called . . . . . .

"E. B. Eddy's Matches."

To Feel

buoyant and cheerful use ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI after meals. It aids Digestion wonderfully.

Beware of fraudulent imitations.

a1

Hayhurst
The Sharp-Shooter

has been photographed in excellent attitudes as he made his winning record. The picture can be had here at reasonable prices.

H. NOLTON, Photographer,
Tel., 4,653. 10½ Phillips Square.

TO CURE DEBILITY,
Loss of appetite, sleeplessness and all nervous troubles, physicians recommend
Campbell's Quinine Wine.
Do not let your druggist pursuade you that some other is just as good.
K. CAMPBELL & Co., Mfrs., MONTREAL.

Art Association,
PHILLIPS SQUARE.
Classes in water color drawings, under the direction of Mr. Charles E. Moss, will commence on Saturday, September 14. For particulars apply at the Gallery.
GALLERIES OPEN DAILY, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
ADMISSION—25c.

Your Pretty Parlor

is not half as pretty as it would be with one of our Parlor Sets in it.

In solid Mahogany and Curly Birch; three pieces, sofa, arm chair and reception chair, covered in the best silk brocatelle or tapestries, $45 to $65. Some exceptional bargains in the $65 line. Like to see them?

RENAUD, KING & Patterson,
652 Craig St.

Vosburgh & Springle,
DENTISTS.
Rooms 8, 9, 10, 11, Mechanics' Institute Build'g
204 St. James St. Telephone 2939.
J. Barker Vosburgh, L. D. S.
J. H. Springle, D. L. S.

Mattress Wire

TINNED—American Make.
COPPERED STEEL—English Make.
PRICES MODERATE.
A. C. LESLIE & CO.

Nice For Breakfast

First—some of our fresh fruit, plums, peaches, pears or apples then some of our extra fine English-cured Breakfast Bacon.

Thomson & Johnston,
2450 St. Catherine St., Cor. Drummond.

Just for Lunch.

Beardsley's boneless, perfectly clean, odorless herring. Put up loose in tin cans for 15c.

Dufresne & Mongenais
221 St. James Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

Academy of Music. ONE WEEK begining Monday, Sep. 16.
MATINEE SATURDAY.
Seats on sale at the Box Office, Thursday, 9 a.m., for the engagement of
Henry Irving, Miss Ellen Terry
—AND THE—
London Lyceum Theatre Co'y.,
Direction of Abbey, Schoeffel & Grau.
Presenting the following repertoire:
Monday and Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, Faust.
Friday Evening and Saturday Matinee, King Arthur.
Saturday evening, FAREWELL PERFORMANCE, Merchant of Venice
WATERLOO AND THE BELLS.
Prices—Orchestra, Parquette and 3 Balcony rows, $3.00; next 4 rows Balcony, $2.50; remainder, $2.00; Gallery, $1.00; Admission, $1.50.

QUEEN'S THEATRE
OPENING of the SEASON.
Commencing Monday, Sept. 9, Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. A Festival of Laughter. Miss Minerva Dorr, in the new fantastic comedy by Harry and Edward Paulton, authors of "Erminie,"
NIOBE All Laughter, No Tears
Three years in England. 500 nights in Boston and New York. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00 Seats on sale at Theatre, Shaw's, St. James and St. Catherine Sts., and Hotels.
COMING—Jack Barkaway.

THEATRE ROYAL
Week, Sept. 2nd. Sweet Music.
Afternoon and Evening. CLEVER SPECIALTIES.
Nothing but Fun. Pretty Girls.
DELMONICO'S at 6.
POPULAR PRICES—10, 20 and 30 cts. Box office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m.
Coming—THE WHITE RAT.

THEATRE ROYAL, Afternoon and Evening.
Week September 9th.
Columbia Theatre (Boston) success
THE WHITE RAT
A stirring and amusing Comedy Drama of lower New York night life by H. N. Stephens. See the Sailors' Dance Hall, the Chinese Opium Joint, the Salvation Army meeting and many other New York scenes equally picturesque and interesting. Popular prices—10, 20, and 30 cents. Box office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. Coming—FRANK BUSH.

SOHMER PARK.
Open from 1 to 11 p.m. Performances at 3 and 8 p.m.
Thursday, benefit of widows and orphans of l'Union St. Pierre. Friday, benefit of Independent Order of Foresters, Jeanne d'Arc Court.
Greatest Week of the Season.
Miss Pauline Devere, the greatest Lion Tamer, 3 Lions in one cage. The celebrated Jordan Family, Flying Trapeze, 5 in number. Calcedo, the Great Wire King; has no equal in the world. The 3 Bouffons, George, Miss Nealy and Lewis; Contortionists, Barrel, Table feats. Loreno and Levar, of London, England, Comical Acrobatic feats, and several other attractions from New York. Lavigne's Military Band. Admission, 10c. Menagerie, 10c extra. Children 5c, with a ride on carousal, afternoons of week days. See the Crystal Maze.
N.B.—Windsor cars on St. Catherine Street leave Western limits every five minutes between 7 and 8 p.m., direct to Sohmer Park without change.

HERON ISLAND.
STR. ILE HERON will leave the wharf, Point St. Charles, on Saturday and Sunday at 10 a.m. and 2.15 p.m. Cardinal Bros. shoot the Lachine Rapids on Sunday at 4 p.m. Music by Excelsior Quartette. Connection via Wellington Sreet cars to wharf. Don't miss these excursions.

DANCING and DEPORTMENT
Prof. F. H. Norman, Instructor to the family of the Earl and Countess of Aberdeen. This select private Academy is now open for the reception of pupils. Adults, evenings at 8 p.m. Juveniles, afternoon at 4 p.m. Private lessons at any hour. Fancy dances of every description. Send for circular. Tel. 3834.
75 and 77 Drummond St.

Annual Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition
Of the Agricultural Society of Jacques Cartier County, to be held on the Grounds of the Bel-Air Jockey Club,
AT DORVAL
Parish of Lachine,
TUESDAY, 10th Sept., 1895.
Doors open at 6 a.m.
Official opening at 10 a.m.
The Honorable Minister of Agriculture, Quebec, and Canon Racicot, Agricultural Missionary AND THE Honorables J. R. Thibaudeau, Senator Wilfred Provost, Legislative Councillors; MM. D. Girouard and J. A. Descarries, and Mr. S. C. Stevenson,
Have been invited for the occasion.
At 1 o'clock there will be grand races, preceded by a grand parade of trotters and racing horses. Trotting races, flat races, pony races, bicycle races, potato races, baseball games and various other amusements.
Special prizes offered by the Stock Raising Society for Ayrshire breed of cattle of Canada; also by Mr. J. A. Descarries, M.P.P., the President, Mr. Ludger Cousineau, and Mr. Thomas Leclerc, M.P.
The Lachine Band will discourse fine music during the afternoon. Arrangements have been made with the Grand Trunk Railway to stop all their trains at the grounds.
No one should miss visiting this Exhibition, which will not be equalled, and which will eclipse that of Montreal.
By order of the Board of Directors.
J. A. CHAURET, Secretary-Treasurer.

THE Canadian Artistic Society
210 St. Lawrence Street.
Founded for the Purpose of Spreading and Developing the Taste for Music.
CAPITAL, ... $50,000.
2,851 prizes of a total value of $5,008.00 and distributed every two weeks.
1st Capital Prize, $1,000
2nd Prize, . . 400
3rd " . . . 150
and a number of other prizes varying from $1.00 to $50.00.

BELLHOUSE, DILLON & CO.,
30 St. Francois Xavier St., Montrea
Importers of Chemicals, Dyewoods Acids and Aniline and Alizarine Colors . . . . . .
Sole Agents for WM. PICKHARDT & KUTTROFF Full Stock of their Celebrated Colors kept on hand. . . . . .

PICTURES BY TELEGRAPH.

A METHOD DEVISED BY AN INGENIOUS OPERATOR.

PORTRAITS, MAPS OR CHARTS MAY BE TRANSMITTED.

The Useful Scheme Fully Explained and Illustrated by Sketches.

Mr. W. H. Lowd, train despatcher for the Northern Pacific Railroad at Duluth, Minn., has copyrighted an interesting method of sending pictures by telegraph, which is illustrated and described herewith. Mr. Lowd has been a telegrapher for twelve years, nine of which he has spent with the Northern Pacific Company.

He is 28 years of age and hails from the northern part of Minnesota.

The method is a comparatively simple one and should prove of especial value to newspapers in obtaining a map of the scene of a crime, plans of buildings, navy and army manoeuvres and, where telegraph tolls are not too high, portraits and other pictures.

The drawing or sketch which it is desired to transmit by telegraph is traced in an enlarged or reduced form, by means of a pantagraph, on one of Mr. Lowd's cipher charts. A section of the chart is shown in the accompanying illustration, Fig. 1. This chart consists of a sheet of paper on which are ruled 476 blocks about a quarter of an inch square, which

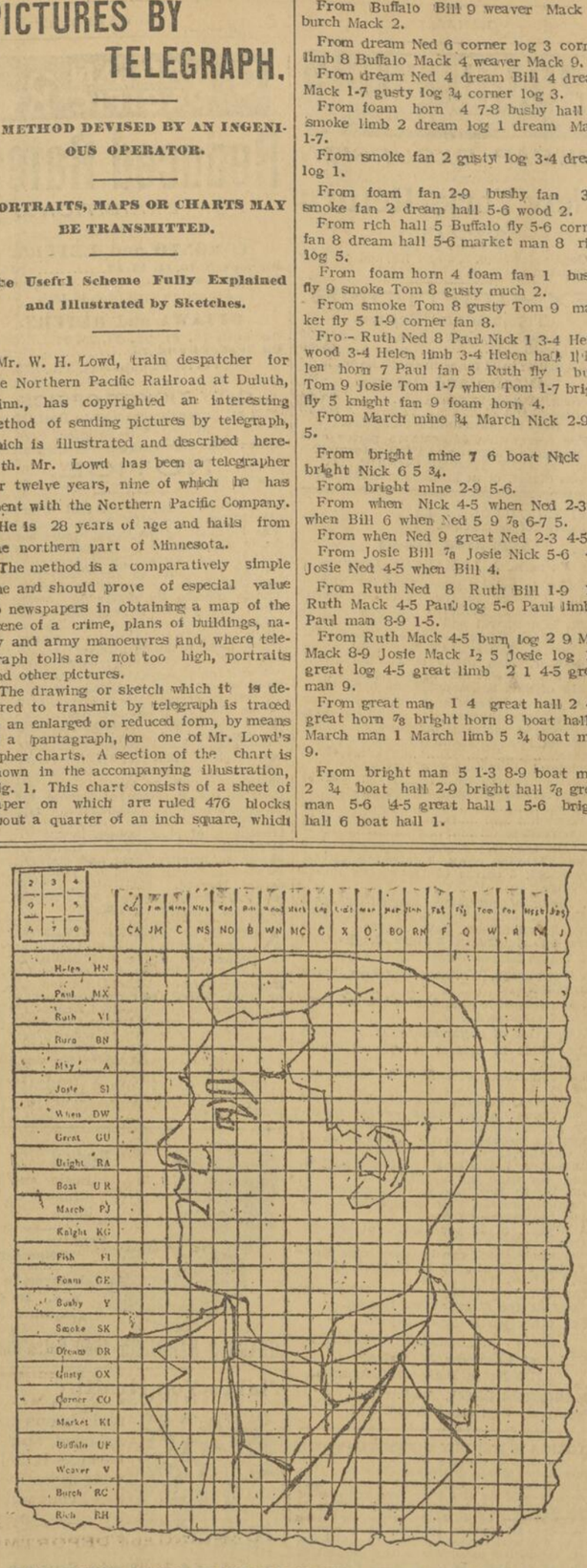


FIG. 1.—LOWD'S CIPHER CHART FOR SENDING PICTURES BY TELEGRAPH.

are each subdivided into nine lesser blocks and squares numbered from one to nine. Across the top and bottom of the chart are letters designating each of the larger blocks, and on either side are like designations of the blocks running across the sheet, similar to the methods employed in atlases for the location of points on maps. The letters are supplemented by short words which can be used instead. The words are preferable in long-distance messages for the simple reason that in frequent transfers they are not so apt to be wrongly sent. In indicating lines passing through the square the fraction is given by using figures which the line divides, as thus, for instance: 2-3, 3-4, 1-4, etc. In sending curves each square is given through which the curve passes. Blocks to be shaded are named, as are also colors.

After the tracing is on the chart it will be found that each line or curve can be very closely located by the cipher giving the two dimensions. The points described by the cipher are then sent by telegraph to the receiving end of the line. The operator there has a similar chart before him and follows with his pencil, the points given in the telegraphic message. When the tracing is completed it is handed over to an artist, who fills in the sketch as required.

Fig. 2 is a portrait of Mr. Lowd drawn from the chart shown in Fig. 1.



FIG. 2.—W. H. LOWD—DRAWING MADE FROM CHART SHOWN IN FIG. 1.

The cipher message from which the tracing on the receiving chart was made is as follows:

The word "from" denotes a new starting point. Keep the pencil on the paper until the word "from" appears again. When figures follow each other (as 1, 5, 1-4, etc.,) they are the ones in the block last indicated by words. The word "to" is understood.

From Ruth Ned 8 "to" May mine 6 Josie Nick 8 when Nick 2 great mine 3 great Jim 6-7 bright Jim 5-6 bright mine 8 7 boat mine 1-4 3-4 March mine 3-4 1-3 knight mine 3-5 fish mine 7 foam mine 3-5 foam Nick 7-8 bushy Ned 3 1-8 bushy Nick 7 smoke Nick 3 smoke can 7.

From bushy wed 3 7 dream Jim 1 gusty mine 5 corner Jim 9 weaver mine 6.

From bushy Ned 7 dream Ned 7 burch Nick 1.

From dream Ned 3 burch Ned 4.

From bushy Ned 3 6 dream Ned 6 6-7 Buffalo Bill 9 weaver Ned 4.

From Buffalo Bill 9 weaver Mack 8 burch Mack 2.

From dream Ned 6 corner log 3 corner limb 8 Buffalo Mack 4 weaver Mack 9.

From dream Ned 4 dream Bill 4 dream Mack 1-7 gusty log ¾ corner log 3.

From foam horn 4 7-8 bushy hall 4 smoke limb 2 dream log 1 dream Mack 1-7.

From smoke fan 2 gusty log 3-4 dream log 1.

From foam fan 2-9 bushy fan 3-9 smoke fan 2 dream hall 5-6 wood 2.

From rich hall 5 Buffalo fly 5-6 corner fan 8 dream hall 5-6 market man 8 rich log 5.

From foam horn 4 foam fan 1 bushy fly 9 smoke Tom 8 gusty much 2.

From smoke Tom 8 gusty Tom 9 market fly 5 1-9 corner fan 8.

From Ruth Ned 8 Paul Nick 1 3-4 Helen wood 3-4 Helen limb 3-4 Helen hall 1 Helen horn 7 Paul fan 5 Ruth fly 1 burn Tom 9 Josie Tom 1-7 when Tom 1-7 bright fly 5 knight fan 9 foam horn 4.

From March mine ¾ March Nick 2-9 6 5.

From bright mine 7 6 boat Nick ¾ bright Nick 6 5 ¾.

From bright mine 2-9 5-6.

From when Nick 4-5 when Ned 2-3 4 when Bill 6 when Ned 5 9 ⅞ 6-7 5.

From when Ned 9 great Ned 2-3 4-5.

From Josie Bill ⅞ Josie Nick 5-6 4-5 Josie Ned 4-5 when Bill 4.

From Ruth Ned 8 Ruth Bill 1-9 1-6 Ruth Mack 4-5 Paul log 5-6 Paul limb 1 Paul man 8-9 1-5.

From Ruth Mack 4-5 burn log 2 9 May Mack 8-9 Josie Mack ½ 5 Josie log 1-6 great log 4-5 great limb 2 1 4-5 great man 9.

From great man 1 4 great hall 2 4-5 great horn ⅞ bright horn 8 boat hall 5 March man 1 March limb 5 ¾ boat man 9.

From bright man 5 1-3 8-9 boat man 2 ¾ boat hall 2-9 bright hall ⅞ great man 5-6 4-5 great hall 1 5-6 bright hall 6 boat hall 1.

From Bushy Ned 3 bushy Bill ½ smoke Bill 1 dream Bill 4.

From corner limb 8-9 corner man 1-9.

From Josie mine 5 3 4.

Hair cut close on back of head and neck. Hair parted and combed forward and up.—Electrical Review.

Burglary at Martintown.

Martintown, Ont., Sept. 6.—Mr. D. T. Cresswell's store here was burglarized last night and a large quantity of ready made clothing, boots and shoes and jewellery stolen therefrom. The burglars forced an entrance by removing four panes of glass and part of the sash from the window of a back room used as a warehouse.

The Care of Lamps.

Some one has said that it takes a woman of intelligence to trim a lamp-wick properly. It is as certain that this small office is one that is often poorly accomplished as it is that it is one on which the comfort of a roomful of persons may depend. The latest readings in lamp regulations precludes any trimming, but instead a scraping off of the charred wick with a visiting card, and a clipping then of any loose strings that may remain. The corners should be clipped off somewhat as the finger nails are shaped by a manicure, and with this daily treatment the wick should give no trouble. Black, sticky burners will be restored to almost pristine freshness by boiling them in vinegar to which two teaspoonfuls of salt have been added. And lastly, polish the chimneys with a cloth dipped in alcohol, touching no water to them.—New York Times.

Go to Heron Island Saturday or Sunday. See advertisement.

French-Canadian Artizans.

The Artisans Canadiens Francaise held its regular semi-annual meeting last evening. Delegates were present from Quebec, Levis, St. Hyacinthe, Sorel, Farnham and Ottawa, and there were besides about a thousand members residing in Montreal, which filled the hall to overflowing.

The most exciting part of the meeting was the discussion of a resolution to amend the articles concerning sick benefits. Heretofore the society has paid benefits as long as a member was disabled, but as the members grow older the surplus in the receipts, which has enabled the society to amass a fund of $165,000, is fast disappearing, and the wiser heads are looking forward to a possible deficit, the board of directors, therefore, proposed that after members have received benefits during twenty weeks in twelve months, the assistance granted to them should be reduced, in case the current disbursements of the society exceeded the current receipts.

After a long discussion the president proceeded to take the vote. This was not an easy task with such a large and impatient crowd. Amidst much confusion the tellers announced that there were 432 for the amendment and 421 against. As a two-thirds majority is necessary to amend the constitution, there was nothing done.

The election of officers gave the following result: President, O. Dufresne; first vice-president, T. A. Grothe; second vice-president, A. P. Vallieres; first marshal, Chas. Hebert; second marshal, H. O. Bronchaud; secretary, J. W. McGown; secretary-treasurer, Henri Roy. Directors—M. Fontaine, N. Lachance, O. Dauphinais, Jas. Thibault, L. S. Gendron. Censors—N. Theoret, N. Lapointe and A. Lambert.

Patronize Citizens' Gas Control Co., 317 St. James Street.

GIRL STUDENTS STRIKE

They Refuse to Exercise Before a Male Instructor.

Alliance, Ohio, Sept. 6.—All the girl students at Mount Union College struck against the order which required them to visit the gymnasium every day. They objected to exercising before a male instructor. A committee was appointed to call upon the faculty. After a discussion they decided to accede to the demand, and the committee was notified that a female instructor would be employed.

NEWS FROM JAPAN.

Cholera Spreading—A Britisher Honored—Chinese Prisoners—Formosa.

Vancouver, B.C., Sept. 6.—By the Empress of China the following advices have been received: Owing to the failure of the Japanese rice crop large quantities are being imported from Rangoon.

According to Japanese papers, Mount Fugiyama is expected to become an active volcano shortly. Smoke has been emitted freely of late, and the sand in the vicinity is hot enough to cook an egg. The locality is known to have been volcanic, and for years past smoke has been emitted. The thermometer registered 92 on the ground.

The Emperor of Japan has conferred on A. G. Hawes, the British Commissioner of Hawaii, the decoration of the Order of the Sacred Treasury.

On the 21st ultimo 827 fresh cases and 498 deaths from cholera were reported in Japan. There were 30 cases and 14 deaths in Tokio, and four cases and two deaths in Yokohama. Cholera is also spreading in Corea. The Japanese Consul at Vladivostock states that cholera of a mild type has broken out there.

The Japanese Foreign Office has received word that on the 24th ultimo the Chinese prisoners from Japan were handed over to the Chinese authorities at Shinijo, and the Japanese officers in charge were entertained at a banquet by Li Hung Chang.

Gen. Viscount Takashima has been appointed vice-commander-in-chief in Formosa. The subjugation of the island still proves a difficult task, and thirty companies of infantry and some siege and mountain artillery are about to be sent forward. The number of troops in the island will then be over 40,000.

TRADES UNION CONGRESS

Condemn Emperor William for Gagging the Press.

Cardiff, Sept. 6.—The Trades Union Congress at its session to-day passed a resolution by an unanimous vote of the delegates protesting against Emperor William's interference with the liberty of the press, and expressing sympathy with the workingmen of Germany in their struggle for liberty.

WALLER'S COURT MARTIAL.

A Trap Laid by the French Authorities.

Washington, D.C., Sept. 6.—The State Department has been advised that the record in the Waller Court Martial, for which the French authorities found it necessary to send to Madagascar, is expected to reach Aden, on the Red Sea, about the twelfth instant. After its arrival there some time will be required for its transmittal to Paris, and still more before it can reach Washington, if it is decided to have it examined here, so that it is expected to be at least a month before the department can be in full possession of the facts in the case. In all probability no further steps will be taken by the department in this matter until the examination will be made. There is a growing feeling in the department that France has purposely sought delay in producing this record in the hope of causing the United States to make a peremptory and unconditional demand for Waller's release. It is believed that if made this demand will be granted, and that if granted, Waller would be deprived of all chance of securing an indemnity and the restoration of his land possession. Without an examination of the record, which could not be demanded after his release, it would be impossible to show that Waller had been unjustly deprived of his property. The department is using every effort to avoid falling into this trap, while at the same time it is determined to protect Waller in all his interests.

How to cure a cough. Use Adams' Horehound Tutti Frutti. Take no imitations.

Court of Queen's Bench.

At the opening of the Court of Queen's Bench yesterday Judge Baby presided, in order to render judgment on the young man, John Taylor, one of the gang who attempted to break into H. R. Ives' office on Queen Street last fall with a view of blowing up the safe, in which was a large sum of money. In view of the fact that prisoner had already spent nine months in jail he was given three months more at hard labor. Judge Wurtele then presided over the court, and the trial of Joseph Larochelle, charged with indecent assault, was continued, and shortly ended by the jury returning a verdict of not guilty. Wm. Lalonde, charged with forging two cheques, is now proceeding.

Judge Wurtele, after taking the point en delibre, yesterday ordered that the $165 found on Frank Labelle's person at the time of his arrest, should be handed over to the prosecutor by the High Constable.

IT IS ABSURD.

It is absurd to try to cure rheumatism with sarsaparillas and the ordinary advertised compounds which are recommended for the cure of almost every disease to which the human flesh is heir.

This disease, as all know, is caused by an acid poison in the blood, and can only be quickly and effectually removed by the use of an internal remedy, which will neutralize it, and thus destroy its irritating properties. The ingredients of South American Rheumatic Cure have not been long known, but are recommended by some of the latest English medical works as being to rheumatism what quinine is to an ague, an absolute specific. The first dose of the remedy gives perfect relief, and it at once begins the chemical process of neutralizing the acid of the blood. It usually cures in one to three days.

The Madagascar Expedition.

Paris, Sept. 5.—The Matin announces to-day that the chambers will, upon reassembling, be asked for an additional credit of 50,000,000 francs, on account of the Madagascar expedition.

AN ALARMING INCREASE.

The Prevalence of Female Complaints Found to Result Largely From the Kidneys.

Saginaw, Mich., Sept. 2.—Doctors are beginning to turn their attention more exclusively to the causes of the great increase of what are known as female complaints during the past ten years, and to the remedies for the same. Many cases have been investigated, and among others that of Mrs. Reany, of Ashland, Wis., who was cured of this form of trouble by the use of a kidney medicine known as Dodd's Kidney Pills, which originated in Canada, but has now become widely known and used throughout the Western States. This and other similar cases go to show that these troubles are largely due to the kidneys, and that the above mentioned remedy is likely to have a great effect in lessening the number of victims to this form of complaint.

We have a large stock of P.N.

CORSETS

With patent cork steel protectors. We have such a large assortment of styles and sizes that we are safe in saying we can

FIT

you satisfactorily. They were 75 cents, reduced to 50 cents.

John Aitken & Co.,
1757 Notre Dame St.

Improve Your Table.

Anything in Fruits or Meats that is possible at this season can be had at low price here.

Windsor Market,
BROWN BROS., Cor. St. Catherine & McGill College Ave.

HERALD TABLE HINTS.

(Specially prepared for the Herald.)

MENUS FOR TO-MORROW.

BREAKFAST.
Cantaloupe and Grapes
Oatmeal and Cream
Codfish Balls
Scrambled Eggs
Sliced Tomatoes French Dressing
Boston Brown Bread
Coffee

DINNER.
Cream of Rice Soup
Boiled Halibut Egg Sauce
Braised Leg of Mutton
Mashed Potatoes Turnips Squash
Onions Beets Celery
Tomato Salad
Wafers
Grapes and Pears
Apple Dowdy
Toasted Biscuit Cheese
Coffee

SUPPER.
Cold Sliced Mutton Cold Beef Tongue
Celery Salad
Peaches and Cream
Sponge Cake
Fruits
Tea Milk

RECIPES.

Codfish Balls.—Pick into small pieces two cupfuls of salt codfish; soak it in cold water for half an hour; then drain and pour over it enough boiling water to cover; let it stand on back part of fire for fifteen minutes. Drain and press out all the water, then mix it with two cupfuls of mashed potatoes, add one tablespoonful of butter, one-fourth cup of cream and one-quarter teaspoonful of pepper. Beat all well. Form into balls, roll first in beaten eggs then in bread crumbs and fry in boiling fat a nice brown. Serve hot.

Boston Brown Bread.—Mix two cups of rye meal and Indian meal together. Dissolve one teaspoonful of soda or saleratus in two tablespoonfuls of boiling water; then add to it one and a half pints of sour milk; add one cup of molasses, mix, and pour it on the meal, add one teaspoonful of salt and mix thoroughly. Pour into a well-greased two quart brown bread mould, put the lid on and steam five hours; then remove the lid, put in the oven and bake thirty minutes. This can be made the day before and warmed up for breakfast.

Braised Leg of Mutton.—Wipe the leg with a damp towel. Slice one carrot, one onion, one turnip, in the bottom of a baking pan, add also two bay leaves, one stalk of celery, four cloves, and a sprig of parsley. Place the leg on top of these vegetables, add one quart of water or stock and one teaspoonful of salt. Put on the lid if you use a braising pan; if a baking pan cover with another baking pan. Put into a quick oven, and braise fifteen minutes to every pound. When done, take out on a heated dish. Put one large tablespoonful of butter in a frying pan and stir over the fire until a nice brown; then add two tablespoonfuls of flour; mix and add one pint of the liquor from the braising pan; stir constantly until it boils; add one tablespoonful of Worcestershire sauce, one tablespoonful of mushroom catsup, salt and pepper to taste. Pour this over and around the leg. Serve with currant jelly.

Apple Dowdy.—Butter a baking dish and line the bottom and sides of it with buttered slices of bread. Fill the dish with sliced apples, grate over them a little nutmeg. Mix a half-cup of water and a half-cup of molasses together, and pour over the apples; sprinkle over this a half cup of brown sugar, cover with more buttered bread. Cover the top of the baking dish with a tin plate, and bake in a moderate oven for two hours. When done loosen the edges with a knife and turn out on a dish. Serve hot with sugar and cream.

Health and Happiness

where they use Cook's Friend Baking Powder.

Ask your grocer for it.

Fine Summer Novelties

In Suitings, just received from England Fancy Flannel Tennis Suits a specialty.

A. E. BATTLE,
150 PEEL STREET, cor. St. Catherine.
From Poole's, Saville Row, London, Eng.

PAINTING
PAPER HANGING

Done to order. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed, and prices the lowest.

Gagnier & Lefebvre,
(Successors to H. A. MILLER)
1996 St. Catherine St.

Typewritists,

When you want the best Ribbon, Carbon, etc., call and see mine—best in Canada. Typewriting accurately and promptly executed at moderate charge. Pupils taught. Call, or Telephone 1714.

MISS GRAHAM,
Temple Building, Room 23.

BIRTHS.

KILGALLEN—At Montreal South, on September 5th, the wife of E. Kilgallen, of a daughter. 215

BAUSSEAU—On the 4th inst., in this city, the wife of Edmond Bausseau, of a son. 215 ed

CHARTRAIN—At Quebec, on the 3rd inst., the wife of Eugene Chartrain, of a daughter. 215 ed

CHARLEBOIS—In this city, on the 4th inst., the wife of Alfred Charlebois, of a daughter. 215 ed

CYPIHOT—In this city, on the 5th inst., the wife of Alfred Cypihot, of a son. 215 ed

DESCHAMPS—In this city, on the 4th inst., the wife of Elzear Deschamps, of a son. 215 ed

FOURNIER—In this city, on the 4th inst., the wife of Laurent Fournier, of a daughter. 215 ed

MARRIAGES.

M'ELCHERAN — HUGHES — On Monday, September 2nd, at Woodstock, by Rev. E. W. Dobson, William Ethridge McElcheran to Emma Blanche Hughes, both of Hamilton. 215 ed

PATERSON—TALBOT — At St. Henry Methodist Church, on Tuesday, September 3rd, by the Rev. C. E. Bland, B.A., B.D., John A. Paterson, of Westmount, to Alice Maud, youngest daughter of the late Wm. Talbot, of St. Henry. No cards. 215 ed

DEATHS.

CARRICK—In this city, on the 5th inst., Mary Finn, widow of the late Richard Carrick, and sister of T. J. Finn, of the Gazette, a native of Castle Connell, Co. Limerick, Ireland, aged 68 years. Funeral from her late residence, 53 Prince Arthur Street, on Sunday afternoon at half-past 2 o'clock, thence to Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. 215

MALLY—In this city, on the 5th inst., Emma, wife of Charles Mally. [Chicago, New York, and Newport, R.I., papers please copy.] 215 ed

SALOIS—On September 6th, 1895, at No. 45 Vinet Street, Margaret Masse, widow of the late Michael Salois, aged 76 years and 5 months. Funeral on Sunday from her son's residence, A. G. Talbot, 45 Vinet Street, at 1.30 p.m., to St. Cunegonde Church, thence to Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are invited without further invitation. 215 ed

LOTHIAN—Adam Lothian, aged 79 years and 5 months, a native of East Saulton, East Lothian, Scotland. Funeral from the Royal Victoria Hospital, Saturday, September 7th, at 3 o'clock, to Mount Royal Cemetery. Relatives and friends please attend without further notice. [Scotland and New York papers please copy.] 215 ed

MOULTON—In this city, on September 5th, 1895, Fidelia Swift, beloved wife of H. A. Moulton. Funeral from her late residence, 648 St. Antoine Street, on Saturday, at 2.30 p.m., to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. 215 ed

AUDET—On the 5th inst., at Quebec, Maria, daughter of Joseph Audet, aged 1 year. 215 ed

PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—Detectives of the most reliable character furnished by the Canadian Secret Service, Temple Building, Montreal. This agency is under contract with the Provincial Government to perform all their criminal detective work. References: The leading banks, corporations and hotels of this city. Silas H. Carpenter, Chief. Office telephone 2131. House telephone 6049.

PERSONAL—Stammering and Stuttering—Miss Haynes has returned to town and will resume her professional duties at 346 Elm Avenue, Westmount. Consultation free. Montreal testimonials of ten years' standing. 217

PERSONAL—Superfluous Hair, Moles, Warts, Pimples, all facial blemishes permanently removed by electricity. Madame Benoit, Office of Dr. Fred. Benoit, 299A Laval Avenue, corner Duluth. 226

PERSONAL—Wanted—Information of the whereabouts of Edward Francis Joseph Williams, now sixteen years of age, who is to come heir to a large sum of money. He came to this city from Quebec two years ago, and has since been lost sight of. Address Mrs. Elizabeth Agnes Williams, General Delivery, Post Office, Montreal.

SHIPMAN & GRIFFITH,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS & EMBALMERS
2356 ST. CATHERINE ST.
MODERATE CHARGES.
ALWAYS OPEN. TELEPHONE 3020.

TELEPHONE 3469
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
R. SEALE & SON
GOR. BEAVER HALL HILL & DORCHESTER ST.

Flannels

are coming right into demand now. We have good warm flannels from 15c per yard up to 55c.

Haycock & Dudgeon,
2401 St. Catherine St.

Why do you drink Butte aux Vents?

Because it is the QUEEN OF MINERAL WATERS. Just you try it. If your grocer hasn't it in stock you can get it from

ARTHUR COOPER,
74 Papineau Avenue.
Sole agent for Canada

Reduced Prices

on Dress Goods and on Men's Furnishings this week. Don't wait—come at once.

Boston Dry Goods Store,
151 St. Lawrence Street
2221 Notre Dame Street.

Something New for Sportsmen in the West End...

The Edward Cavanagh Co. have taken out a Gun Powder license and have on hand a full line of Sportsmen Ammunition, and having bought largely and direct from manufacturers, can sell retail at wholesale prices Come and prove it for yourselves . . . . .

E. CAVANAGH CO.,
2547-53 Notre Dame St.,
COR. SEIGNEURS.
Telephones—Bell, 8025. Merchants, 550.

Colonial House,
PHILLIPS SQUARE.

Shoes. Shoes.

...Shoes...

BOOTS, SHOES,
BOOTS. SHOES,

33 1-3 per cent. off.

During the remainder of this month we will offer some great bargains in LADIES' BOOTS & SHOES. We must make room for Fall Goods and will clear out a lot of new goods at 33 1-3 per cent. discount, and an extra 5 per cent. for cash, making a . . . . . .

$3.00 BOOT.....$1.90 $3.50 BOOT.....$2.23
4.00 BOOT..... 2.54 4.50 BOOT..... 2.85
5.00 BOOT..... 3.18 5.50 BOOT..... 3.49
$6.00 BOOT..... 3.80

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY AND CAREFULLY EXECUTED.

HENRY MORGAN and CO.,
MONTREAL.



Better Carry a Wrap

these days, for the breezes are cool, and the evenings chilly. And if your wrap, be it coat or cape, is lined with

FIBRE CHAMOIS

it will be light to carry, incapable of being crushed or put out of shape by hard usage, graceful and stylish in outline where you put it on, and also **impenetrable to cold and damp winds**, thus furnishing a sure preventative of coughs and colds. Light weight, No. 10, medium, No. 20, heavy, No. 30. It is easy to tell the genuine Fibre Chamois, for it has the **name and number on every yard.**

4 Fast Colors, Black, Brown, Slate & Cream.

PATENTED, JULY 1890, MARCH 1895.

SOLID INVESTMENTS.

St. Catherine St.

Business Corner. Thoroughly built. Stone and Brick. Two Stores 43 x 80—will sell to pay nine per cent.

Craig Street.

Splendid Corner, 77 feet front, rented for $1,110. Will be sold to pay 10 per cent.

Notre Dame Street.

Desirable corner property, 75 feet front; 3 story stone front, business; rented for $3,800. Will give a bargain.

St. Lawrence Main Street.

Down town corner. Three stores, all rented for five years; very desirable investment. Price $40,000. Pays ten per cent.

Craig Street, near Place D'Armes.

Excellent 4 story stone building, 40 x 100. Will be sold at very low price—long time. Price $22,000.

St. James Street.

Substantial building, 4 story, stone front; well rented to pay eight per cent. Price $20,000.

St. James Street (West.)

New, solid stone front corner, 3 stories; well rented to pay ten per cent.

St. Catherine Street.

Central corner. 80 feet front, 4 stores, well rented and desirable—will sell to pay eight per cent.—$35,000.

St. Lawrence Street, near Roy.

Block of four stores, 96 feet front, all rented, Price $20,000.

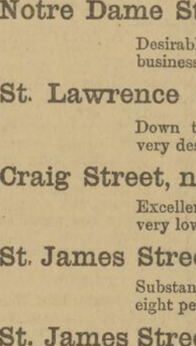
Craig Street, near St. Lawrence.

75 feet front by 110. Good building. Price $25,000.

St. Lawrence, near St. Catherine.

Two elegant stores, first-class; well rented to first-class parties. Price $30,000.

PARENT BROS.,
97 ST. JAMES ST.,
PEOPLE'S BANK BUILDING.



ARTISTIC CHAIRS...

We have some very handsome Parlor Chairs, gilded in real gold leaf, made light but strong, of graceful pattern, seat upholstered in silk brocatelle.

In other lines of Chairs we have everything you want, and prices range from $3.25 to $35.00.

Don't stay away because you have no money, but come and see these Chairs anyway.

H. P. LABELLE & CO.,
1657-1659 Notre Dame Street.

Advertise in the Herald

HERALD MARINE RECORD.

Sept. 6.	Arrived at	From
Lucania	New York	Liverpool
Campania	Liverpool	New York
Columbian	Liverpool	Boston
Damara	London	St. John, N.B.
Obdam	Rotterdam	New York
San Domingo	Fleetwood	North Sydney
Vascongada	Bowling	Portland
Persia	New York	Hamburg
New York	New York	Southampton
Thingvalla	New York	Copenhagen

PORT OF MONTREAL.

Vessels Sailed for Montreal.

Brazilian, London, August 30.
Christiania, Hamburg, August 24.
Grecian, London, August 24.
Hurona, Newcastle, August 23.
Iola, Bristol, August 31.
Mariposa, Liverpool, September 5.
Merrimac, London, August 23.
Numidian, Liverpool, August 30.
Parkmore, Liverpool, August 30.
Sardinian, Liverpool, September 5.
Scotsman, Liverpool, August 30.
Siberian, Glasgow, August 30.
Warwick, Glasgow, August 30.

Arrived—Sept. 6.

SS Wandsworth, Watkins, Sydney, Carbray, Routh & Co., coal.
Schooner Florence, Bouchard, Cap Chatte, Carbray, Routh & Co., spool wood.
Schooner Victoria, Bouchard, Cap Chatte, Carbray, Routh & Co., spool wood.
Schooner Pelican, Bouchard, Cap Chatte, Carbray, Routh & Co., spool wood.
SS Lycia, Jones, Bristol, August 25, Elder, Dempster & Co., general.
SS British Queen, Liverpool, August 24, Wm. Johnston & Co., light.
SS Turret Bay, Klitgaardt, Sydney, Kingman, Brown & Co., coal.
SS Innishowen Head, Smith, Ardrossan, August 25, McLean, Kennedy & Co., general.
SS Durham City, Antwerp, August 16, D. Torrance & Co., general.

Incoming Steamers.

TO-DAY, Sept. 7.—Scotsman, Merrimac, Grecian.

Cleared.

SS Vortigern, Houston, Quebec, McLean, Kennedy & Co., light.
SS Mongolian, Barrett, Liverpool, H. & A. Allan, general. Passenger list printed yesterday.
R. M. S. Vancouver, Williams, Liverpool, D. Torrance & Co., general.
Schooner Pelican, Bouchard, Quebec, Carbray, Routh & Co., light.
Schooner Victoria, Bouchard, Quebec, Carbray, Routh & Co., light.
Schooner Florence, Bouchard, Quebec, Carbray, Routh & Co., light.

Vessels in Port.

Amarynthia, McNeill, R. Reford & Co.
British Queen, Wm. Johnston & Co.
Cynthiana, Wade, D. Torrance & Co.
Durham City, D. Torrance & Co.
Innishowen Head, Smith, McLean, Kennedy & Co.
Lake Ontario, Campbell, D. W. Campbell.
Lycia, Jones, Elder, Dempster & Co.
Magicienne, Clark, Imperial Government.
Norweglan, Christie, H. & A. Allan.
Tiber, Delisle, H. Dobell & Co.
Turret Bay, Klitgaardt, Kingman, Brown & Co.
Wandsworth, Watkins, Carbray, Routh & Co.

Brigantines.

George, Bernier, C. A. Boucher.

Schooners.

Lizzie Lindsay, Howell, J. G. Brock.

Barques.

Strathmuir, McDougall, Anderson & Co.

Notes.

The depth of water in the channel yesterday was 26 feet 1 inch; at Sorel, 27 feet 10 inches; at Lotbiniere, low, 23 feet 3 inches; high, 31 feet 11 inches.

A portion of the passenger list of Dominion Line R. M. S. Vancouver was printed in Thursday's issue, but as several prominent Montrealers have been added to the list, it now reads as follows: Mr. H. C. Boomer, Miss Boomer, Miss Jessie Boomer, Miss Gertrude Boomer, Major M. R. Brady, R.A., Mrs. Emily Collins, Mrs. Currie, Miss Clay, Miss Ephinstone, Miss Agnes Ephinstone, Miss Elizabeth Ephinstone, Mrs. Francis, Rev. Father L. E. Guertin, Mrs. Graham, Mr. H. V. Hocking, Miss Hill, Mr. Warren R. Harrow, Mr. J. R. Hutchins, Miss Kearney, Mrs. Keep and infant, Mr. Jas. Kyle, Miss Ella Kirby, Dr. Wm. Keith, Mr. Arthur L. Joseph, Mr. Gordon Leach, Mrs. James Morgan, Master F. C. Morgan, Master D. Morgan, Master Harold Morgan, Rev. R. Mackay, Miss Mahoney, Mr. W. de M. Marler, Miss Evelyn Marler, Miss Munton, Miss Newman, Rev. J. B. P. Roberts, Mr. J. Stevenson, Miss Eva Sicotte, Mr. Alfred B. Smith, Lord Shand, Mr. John Sharp, Mr. C. Terroux, Major-General J. Thacker, Mr. J. E. Thomas, Mrs. J. K. Verity, Miss Verity, Mrs. Geo. Wait, Miss Wait, Miss Ada Wait, Mr. A. Archibald Welsh, Mrs. Welsh, Mr. Weatherby, Captain Warner.

The Allan Mail SS. Numidian, from Liverpool for Quebec and Montreal, passed Heath Point, Anticosti, at 1.15 o'clock, Friday afternoon.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

Arrived—Sept. 6.

SS Grecian, Nunan, London, mdse., Allans, Rae & Co. After landing local cargo, proceeded for Montreal at noon.
Canal boats Bigelow and Burdett, Hoboken, coal, Bennett & Co.
Barge Bosphore, Whitehall, coal, Pruneau & Co.
SS Turret Cape, Naile, Sydney, coal, and proceeded for Montreal at 9 a.m.

Cleared.

FOREIGN — Canal boat Putnam, Hanegan, Whitehall, John Breakey.

Notes.

Stranded SS Dracona was sold at auction this morning and adjudged to Reid, Craig & Co. for $1,000. The cargo, consisting of coal and pig iron, sold to the same parties for $5. The materials brought up from the wreck sold to different parties.

Mail SS Numidian will reach here to-morrow at midnight.

Dominion Line SS Scotsman is due in port about 6 a.m. to-morrow.

A Montreal pilot reports a steamship inward bound, aground at Grondines when passing there last night. She must, however, subsequently got off and proceeded.

Barque H. J. N. Y., was spoken off Cape Magdalen, all well, on Tuesday by SS Innishowen Head, at this port.

Steamships from Montreal passed down: Concordia, for Glasgow, at noon; Turret Crown, for Sydney, at 4.30 p.m.; Anvers, for London, at 5 p.m.; Memphis, for Bristol, at 7 p.m.

GULF REPORTS.

Sept. 6.

FATHER POINT — Inward, 3.30 p.m., Scotsman.

METIS—Inward, 1 p.m., Cacouna with a tow.

MATANE—Inward, 1 p.m., Bonavista.

THUNDER RIVER — Inward, 2.20 p.m., Otter.

HEATH POINT — Inward, 1.30 p.m., Numidian; outward, 1.30 p.m., Monte Videan; inward, 2 p.m., Hurona; outward, 2 p.m., Scotia; inward, 11 a.m., two-masted steamer, flags illegible; outward, 11 a.m., Lake Winnipeg.

SOUTH POINT — Inward, 2 p.m., Derwent Holme; 3 p.m., Numidian.

BEEFSTEAK AND KIDNEY PUDDING.

An Economical, Satisfactory and Substantial Dish.

Two pounds of lean, juicy beef, free from gristle (the under side of the round or chuck is best). Cut it and two lamb kidneys into pieces no larger than the end of your thumb; roll each piece of meat in flour and season with pepper and salt. For the crust use one pint of sifted flour, three ounces of suet, and water enough to make the dough soft enough to roll out. It should be at least half an inch thick. Grease a quart bowl well, preferably with dripping or suet, and lay the crust in it, bringing it well up on the sides and being careful not to cut it off so close that it may slip. Put in the meat, pour in a gill of cold water and cover the pudding exactly as you would a pie. Some line the bowl and allow the crust to turn over to form the top, but it is better to cut it off and put the top on separately, pinching it down well. Tie the bowl containing the pudding in a floured cloth and boil four hours, observing the same precaution as with other boiled puddings—that is, not removing the lid except to put more water into the pot, and this added water must always be briskly boiling.—September Ladies' Home Journal.

THE FACULTY OF MEDICINE

OF MONTREAL

Erects a Pedestal to Polynice Oil.

Mr. Editor,—Every sensible man will understand that the iniquitous action taken by the Faculty of Medicine against Polynice Oil, or rather against myself, the proprietor of the patent, is nothing more or less than an advertisement which the Faculty wishes to make in favor of the new French Discovery.

This propaganda on its part, which is more or less well intended, is superfluous. The certificates which follow will entirely demonstrate this fact.

No. 1—Testimonial of Col. Hughes, Chief of Police of the city of Montreal: I can recommend Polynice Oil for persons suffering from rheumatism. I have personally experienced the efficiency of this oil, for which I cannot find too much praise.

(Signed) HUGHES, Col.

No. 2—Testimonial of James Strachan, baker, 142 German Street, city: I was suffering a great deal from inflammatory rheumatism. I used Polynice Oil three times and was cured. I recommend this new remedy to all persons suffering from similar illness.

(Signed) JAS. STRACHAN, Baker.

No. 3—Tertimonial from M. Melancon, notary, 278 St .Denis Street, city: I the undersigned, declare and certify that my mother used Polynice Oil for rheumatism, which had confined her to her bed for about fifteen days. After using it three times within three days she was cured. I can warmly recommend Polynice Oil to all sick persons as being a wonderful remedy.

(Signed) J. MELANCON, Notary.

No. 4—Testimonial of the Canada Aluminium Co., 193 St. Urbain Street, Montreal: For about nine years my wife suffered every month from chronic headaches, which kept her confined to her room for three or four days. I had her cared for with Polynice Oil, and I can declare sincerely that it is owing to the use of this remedy that she is now well.

(Signed) FEHR, Mfgr.

No. 5—Testimonial of M. O. Perron, dealer in poultry, Bonsecours Market, Montreal: I cannot speak too highly of the merits of Polynice Oil, through the wonderful powers of which I have been enabled to continue my business, which had been interrupted through my confinement with rheumatism. Every person suffering with rheumatism should use Polynice Oil without hesitation.

(Signed) M. O. PERRON, City.

No. 6—Testimonial of Mme. Legris, nee Fauteaux, mantles and costumes for ladies, 240 St. Lawrence Street, city: May God be praised and may He bless the discoverer of Polynice Oil. For many years I had suffered from chronic rheumatism. I had done everything, and tried everything. Nothing could relieve me. I tried Polynice Oil and I am well. I cannot find expression to recommend it as much as I would like to. Before using Polynice Oil I was confined to my room and utterly unable to go to my store. I do not now feel the least pain, and I can attend to my business. Sick people, have faith in Polynice Oil and you will certainly be cured.

(Signed.) MME. LEGRIS, Nee Fauteaux.

No. 7—Testimonial of Mr. Archambault, notary, 1740 Notre Dame Street, city: I suffered from rheumatism in the back. I used Polynice Oil, and an improvement was immediately felt. It has continued and I am now able to go regularly to my office. This Polynice Oil is highly commendable, and should be used by all persons suffering from rheumatism.

(Signed.) ARCHAMBAULT, Notary.

No. 8—Testimonial of Mr. Frappier, of Berard & Major, carriage makers, 1947 St. Catherine Street, city: I have used Polynice Oil on two different occasions. The first when I was suffering from rheumatism, which confined me to my room. The second time because I suffered from dyspepsia. Three applications of Polynice Oil, within twelve days, completely cured me. I am now perfectly well, and everyone can be the same by using Polynice Oil, for which I cannot find too much praise.

(Signed.) A. FRAPPIER, Carriage maker.

No. 9—Testimonial from Mr. Edmond, No. 139 St. Lawrence Street: To testify to the truth and in the interests of suffering humanity, I affirm and declare that my niece, 18 years of age, while living with me, suffered from chills and violent headaches. She was cured by the use of Polynice Oil, and on the very first day of the application of the remedy she was enabled to leave her room, to which she had previously been confined for some time. I very strongly recommend this wonderful remedy to all sick persons.

(Signed.) EDMOND, Dealer in Coffees.

No. 10—Testimonial of Mr. Bastien, bailiff of the city of Montreal: After using Polynice Oil twice, I was completely cured of rheumatism in the right shoulder, from which I had been suffering for several years. I recommend it to all persons similarly affected, and they will be grateful for this.

(Signed) A. BASTIEN, City Hall.

No. 11—Testimonial of Mme. Pilon, wife of M. Pilon, formerly dealer in dry goods, 1036 Ontario Street: I had been suffering from acute rheumatism, which had become chronic. I used Polynice Oil, and the extreme suffering in my limbs and back disappeared. I recommend that this Polynice Oil should be in every household.

(Signed) MME. A. PILON.

No. 12—Testimonial of Mme. B. Holwell, piano teacher, 261 St. James Street: I was unable to eat or sleep. The little food that I took remained undigested, and I was suffering from general debility. Some doctors told me it was dyspepsia, others assured me that I had all the symptoms of tuberculosis. Finally I dropped all other remedies and began to use Polynice Oil. I am now happy, and can announce to all the world that I am cured, thanks to the efficiency of the blessed oil, which should be used by all sick persons.

(Signed) B. HOLWELL, Teacher of Piano.

No. 13—Testimonial of Mme. Bernard, proprietor of No. 93 St. Denis Street: I had tried everything, and I might even say that I had seen all the doctors, including those of the city of Paris, where I had spent three months for the special purpose of being under medical care. As the result, it seemed that after the doctors must come death! I was to die! According to some, I had inflammation of the lungs; according to others, chronic bronchitis. Well, I am not dead. I am well, and it is to Polynice Oil that I owe my life. Sure, I had been condemned. So, it is with extreme joy that I give this testimonial, and present my sincere congratulations to the discoverer of Polynice Oil.

(Signed) MME. BERNARD.

No. 14—Testimonial from M. N. S. Saunier, contractor and Crown expert, 38 Sanguinet Street, Montreal: I suffered from kidney disease, complicated by liver troubles. After using Polynice Oil five times I was cured. This efficient remedy was the only relief I could find, and I recommend the oil as salvation to all persons who are ill.

(Signed) ERNEST SAUNIER. Crown Expert.

No. 15—Testimonial of Mr. Duclos, assessor, 543 St. Denis Street, city: I had tried every remedy which man could think of to cure me of rheumatism. As a last resort I tried Polynice Oil. I am so well pleased with it that I can say that Polynice Oil is the only cure for rheumatism.

(Signed) JOS. DUCLOS, Assessor.

No. 16—Testimonial of Mr. Janin, Civil Engineer, 1435 Ontario Street, city: The use of Polynice Oil, twice repeated, completely cured me of rheumatic pains in the knees, from which I had suffered for a long time, and for which I had tried many remedies.

(Signed) GEORGE JANIN, Civil Engineer.

No. 17—Testimonial of Mr. Leduc, formerly of the newspaper La Patrie, presently banker, 56 St. James Street: I, the undersigned, declare and certify that being confined to my bed with acute inflammatory rheumatism, and being utterly unable to move arm or leg, I had recourse to Polynice Oil. Twenty-four hours after the application I was not only rid of the pains, from which I had been suffering since the beginning of my illness, but I was enabled on the very next day to begin to attend to my daily work. In fact, I was completely cured. I could not too strongly recommend the use of Polynice Oil to persons suffering from rheumatism as being of wonderful efficiency.

(Signed) LEDUC, Banker.

After reading the above testimonials, signed by some of the leading people of Montreal, it seems to me, Mr. Editor, that your readers will admit that Polynice Oil has legitimately acquired the renown which it has the right to claim, and that it was not necessary for the Faculty of Medicine to recommend in such a strange manner the Polynice Oil—that is, by taking an action against me.

It would be easy to publish a very large quantity of other testimonials. I think that they can all be summarized in the following, which is from Dr. Blackburn, formerly physician of the Civic Hospital, Montreal. I felt bound to produce evidence before a doctor, who is considered to possess great learning, and I could not find a better one than the physician of the Civic Hospital. This testimonial is as follows:

It is a pleasure to me, after having experienced the physiological and therapeutic efficiency of Polynice Oil, to give it my approval in a most conscientious manner. On repeated occasions since last fall I was a witness to the application of Polynice Oil in cases of rheumatism, inflammation of the lungs, cerebral fever, dyspepsia, etc., etc., and really, physician though I am, I must bow and say sincerely, that every time I was astonished with the prompt efficiency of the oil, and the radical manner in which these diseases were cured. I must say, moreover, that this oil can have no deleterious effects whatsoever.

(Signed)

DR. NAIRNE BLACKBURN, 556 Cadieux Street.

As you see, Mr. Editor, from these testimonials, and the propaganda which the Faculty of Medicine has undertaken in my favor, it will be impossible for me to meet all the demands made upon me in the future, and to personally deliver at their houses Polynice Oil to all persons who may require it. So I have resolved from this date to deliver from my medical office, No. 1694 Notre Dame St., near Notre Dame Church, the Polynice Oil, with the ointment used in its application. Consequently, all persons suffering from rheumatism, dyspepsia, inflammation of the lungs and other diseases which it would be unnecessary to enumerate here, and in which Polynice Oil can be used with efficiency, may procure it at this address only. Beware of imitations. The oil, with the instrument indispensable for its use, is sold at $10 and upwards. The difference in the price is due to the differences in the quantity of the oil, and the size of the instrument. The oil will keep for several years. A little pamphlet containing all necessary directions for the use of Polynice Oil will be sent on receipt of 25 cents. Another pamphlet, in French and English, which is more explicit, and which sets forth the merits and virtues of Polynice Oil from a scientific standpoint, its effects, etc., is sold for one dollar.

Accept, Mr. Editor, the assurances of my most distinguished regard.

ALEXANDRE, Parisian Specialist, 1694 Notre Dame St., Montreal.

P.S.—Wanted: First—A young physician having little or no practice; a promising situation. Second—One or several active and intelligent partners with capital, to aid in the introduction of Polynice Oil throughout the United States and Canada. Apply to

THE MEDICAL CABINET, 1694 Notre Dame Street.

From 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.

An Alderman's Seat Attacked.

Mr. Zenophile Barbeau has caused the issue of a writ of quo warranto against Alderman Robert. He alleges that Alderman Robert is not entitled to his seat in the City Council, because for a number of years he has sold lumber to the city through the intermediary of a person named A. Lapointe.

LA REVUE NATIONALE.

The September number, with illustrated cover printed in color, will be for sale in the principal news depots Saturday, the 7th instant.

AUCTION SALES.

By Benning & Barsalou.

TRADE SALE OF

DRY GOODS

ETC., ETC.,

AT AUCTION.

The subscribers will sell at their salesrooms, Nos. 86 and 88 St. Peter Street, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 11TH INSTANT, and following days,

in lots suitable to the wants of the City and Country trade, a complete and general assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, suited to the Fall and Winter trade.

—ALSO,—

45 cases Assorted Goods, comprising:

Foreign and Domestic Woollens, Tweeds, Cottons, Prints, Cashmeres, Silks, Satins, Velvets, French Laced Curtains, Flannels, Calicots, Fancy Blankets, Dress Goods, Shirts and Drawers, Hosiery, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Notions, etc.

—ALSO,—

A Retail Stock Millinery Goods.

—ALSO,—

10 cases Ready-made Clothing.
200 doz. Shirts and Drawers.
5 cases Housekeeping Linens.
Etc., etc.

The whole without any reserve.
Terms liberal.
Sale each day at ten o'clock a.m.

BENNING & BARSALOU, Auctioneers.

In re

LUDGER CONTANT, of St. Jerome,

Insolvent.

The undersigned will sell by Public Auction, at the salesrooms of Marcotte Bros., 69 St. James Street, Montreal, the following movable assets belonging to said insolvent, consisting of

General stock of dry goods, hats and furs	$ 798 03
Fancy goods and millinery	152 09
Shop fixtures	74 30
	$1,024 42
Book debts, as per list	527 05

The store will be open for inspection of stock on Tuesday, the 10th inst. Inventory and list of book debts are at my office.

For other particulars apply to

A. LAMARCHE, Trustee.

Office of Lamarche & Olivier, 1709 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers.

Montreal, 7th September, 1895.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In re. J. A. FONTAINE, of the City and District of Montreal, Grocer, Insolvent.

The undersigned have received instructions from the Curator to sell by public auction at their auction rooms, No. 69 St. James St., on

WEDNESDAY, the 11th SEPTEMBER, 1895,

at 11 a.m., the undermentioned assets of the above named estate, as follows:

Lot 1—Stock of Groceries, etc	$ 311.50
2—Fixtures, etc	141.50
3—Rolling Stock	278.00
4—License to 1st May, 1896	200.00
5—Balance of lease of store to 1st May, 1896	185.00
6—Book Debts	519.76

Terms of sale: Cash.

The store, No. 1350 Notre Dame St., will be open for inspection on the 10th of September, 1895.

The list of book debts may be seen and all information obtained at the office of the Curator.

ROMEO PREVOST, Curator.

MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers.

Office of Romeo Prevost & Co., Accountants, No. 7 New York Life Building, Montreal.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In re. OMER FRECHETTE, dealer in wood and coal, Montreal, insolvent.

The undersigned have received instructions from the curator to sell, by public auction, at the premises lately occupied by the insolvent, No. 963 St. James Street, Montreal, on

MONDAY, THE 16TH OF SEPT., 1895,

at ten o'clock, a.m., the assets of the estate in lots, as follows:

Lot 1—Wood	$ 99.50
2—Fixtures and furniture	139.20
3—Rolling stock, including four horses, waggons, Sleighs, harness, etc., etc.	1,139.90
4—Book debts	698.40
5—Balance of lease to 1st May, 1896	210.00
	$2,287.00

Terms of sale: Cash.

The premises will be open for inspection of the stock, etc., up to the day of sale, and all information may be obtained at the office of the curator.

ROMEO PREVOST, Curator.

MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers.

Office of Romeo Prevost & Co., accountants, No. 7 New York Life Building, Montreal.

Montreal, 6th Sept., 1895.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In the matter of GASPARD BROUILLET, Manufacturer, of the City of Montreal, Insolvent.

The undersigned will sell by Public Auction, at the office of Chas. Desmarteau, No. 1598 Notre Dame Street, Montreal, on

MONDAY, 30TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

1895, at 11 o'clock a.m., the following immovables, viz.:

1. A lot of land known and designated as lot No. six hundred and eighty-three (683) on the official plan and book of reference for St. James' Ward, in the City of Montreal, containing thirty feet in front by seventy-five feet in depth, English measure, more or less; bounded in front by Visitation Street, with buildings thereon erected, and servitudes, according to titles thereof.

2. A piece of ground situated in the City of Montreal, in St. James' Ward, measuring thirty-eight feet in width by sixty-five feet in depth, English measure, more or less, containing the lot No. sixty-two (62), in full, and seventeen feet in width, by the depth heretofore mentioned, of the lot No. sixty-three (63), adjoining the said lot No. sixty-two (62), of the sub-division plan of original lot No. eleven hundred and fifty-five (1155), on the official plan and book of reference for said St. James' Ward; bounded, the said piece of ground, in front by Wolfe Street, in rear by a lane fifteen feet in width, English measure; on one side by a lane of twelve feet in width, English measure, and on the other side by lot No. sixty-one (61); out of the lot No. sixty-three (63), four feet in width by sixty feet in depth, English measure, have not been sold, having been reserved to form part of a lane of twelve feet in width, the eight complementary feet in width of which said lane, by the said depth, forming parts of lots Nos. sixty-four, sixty-five and sixty-six (64, 65 and 66), adjoining the said strip of four feet in width by the depth above mentioned.

3. A lot of land designated under No. sixty-nine (69) of original number three hundred and twenty-nine (329) on the official plan and book of reference of the Village of la Cote St. Louis, in this city, measuring twenty-five feet in width by eighty feet in depth, English measure; bounded in front by Dufferin Street, in rear by a lane with buildings thereon erected; and, moreover, four inches of land in front, by the whole depth of the house erected on the rear part of the lot of land above described, to be taken from the lot No. seventy (70) of the official sub-division of the said original number three hundred and twenty-nine (329), with active and passive servitudes, according to titles thereof.

For conditions of sale or other information apply to

CHAS. DESMARTEAU, Curator, 1598 Notre Dame St.

MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers.

E. R. C. Clarkson,

...ASSIGNEE...

Ontario Bank Chambers, Scott Street, Toronto.

Clarkson & Cross

Chartered Accountants.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that after a month from the present date the heirs of the late Raoul de Beaujeu, in his lifetime gentleman, of the Parish of "St. Ignace du Coteau du Lac," will apply to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec to obtain the passing of an Act authorizing them to sell certain immovables affected by the substitution created by his will.

GEOFFRION, DORION & ALLAN, Attorneys for Petitioners.

Montreal, 7th September, 1895.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, MUNICIPALITY OF DELORIMIER, COUNTY OF HOCHELAGA.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Council of the municipality of DeLorimier at a general session of the Council, held on the third (3rd) of September, inst., has unanimously adopted the following resolution:

Resolved That this Council invites manufacturers to establish themselves in our municipality, and that a remittance of taxes for a period of, say twenty-five years, be given to all manufacturers who shall apply and obtain the privilege from this Council, and that this offer be advertised in English and French papers of Montreal.

ARTHUR YALE, Secretary-Treasurer.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The SS. Lycia, Jones, master, from Bristol, is entered at Customs. Consignees will please pass their entries without delay.

ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO., Agents.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The Allans' SS. Grecian, J. W. Nunan, master, from London, is entered at Customs. Consignees will please pass their entries without delay.

H. & A. ALLAN, Agents.

Genuine Eastern Rugs

The increasing demand for genuine Rugs of good quality and artistic design and color has induced us to pay particular attention to this branch of our business.

A visit to our Rug Room is solicited if you are thinking of covering floors.

W. Scott & Sons,

1737 & 1739 Notre Dame Street.



Suits

To Order at Half Price.

We have a few fine suits and trouser on hand that have not been called for, which we will sell at half price, regardless of cost. One of them will fit you. Call and inspect them.

Dominion Pants Co.

364—366 ST. JAMES STREET

A Warm Time

will be desirable when fall frosts come on. Better get your stoves now. We have the best and cheapest in the city.

Gravel & Boulard,

306 St. Lawrence St.

Just the Old Song

of 35 or 40 years ago, but set to new music—what a Carpet ought to be, is just what our Carpets are, and just what a Carpet ought to cost is what ours do cost. Seen the new ones?

JAMES BAYLIS & SON The Carpet Warehouse 1837 NOTRE DAME STREET near M'GILL

Paper Hangings.

Imported and Domestic.

Extensive range, Latest styles.
Finest qualities. Lowest prices.

Geo C. De Zouche & Sons,

2460—2462 ST CATHERINE ST.

Mount Royal Loan and Savings Society,

83A TEMPLE BUILDING, MONTREAL.

OWN A HOME.

Members of this Society can borrow money to purchase or build a home and repay the loan by small weekly or monthly payments. Shares are of the par value of $100. Monthly dues, 60c. per share. Loans made to the full amount of shares held by member at low rates of interest. If you wish to own a home, call at above address and full information will be given, showing you how to become your own landlord by paying for your property same as rent.

AGENTS WANTED.

RAILWAYS.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

CHEAP EXCURSION

—TO—

New York and Return

$12,00.

Good going Sept. 5, 6 and 7th, and valid for return until Sept. 16.

EXHIBITIONS.

Toronto and Return.

Tickets good going Sept. 8, 10, 11, 12, 13. $10.00
Sept 7 and 9 ..... $7.00

All tickets valid for return until Sept. 16, '95

Ottawa and Return.

On Sept. 20, 21, 22, 23, 25 and 27 ..... $3.50
On Sept. 24 and 25 ..... $2.55

Good to return until Sept. 30, 1895.

For reservation of seats in parlor cars or berths in Pullmans and full information apply at CITY TICKET OFFICE, 143 St. James Street, or at Bonaventure Station.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Terrebonne.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Ex parte, A. LAMARCHE, Curator.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Curator to the vacant estate of Severe Daoust, in his lifetime merchant of St. Benoit, will sell by public auction, at the store of the said late S. Daoust, at St. Benoit, THURSDAY, the 12th day of September, 1895, at 10 o'clock a.m., the following movable assets belonging to the estate of said S. Daoust, consisting of

1. A general assortment of dry goods, hats and furs, etc.	$1,916 26
A general assortment of shoes	258 87
A general assortment of hardware	435 95
A general assortment of groceries and provisions	317 59
A general assortment of stationery	61 84
Crockery	42 00
Store fixtures	147 70

2. All the live stock, consisting of 3 horses, 7 milch cows, 2 calves, 6 calves, 1 year old; 3 calves of the spring and 2 fat hogs.

3. Stock of carriages, consisting of 1 Rockaway, 3 top buggies, double waggons, 7 expresses, new; carts, dump carts, bob sleighs and 4 other sleighs.

4. 7 sets harness, double and single.

5. One plough, Wilkinson; grubber, herse and rakes.

6. 95 cords of hard and mixed wood, lumber and clapboard.

7. One lot of sugar cans, etc.

The whole in perfect order and valued at $1,863.

The conditions of sale will be as follows:

Lot No. 1, general stock, will be sold at so much on the dollar on the inventory prices for cash, or notes at 3 and 6 months, secured to the satisfaction of the Curator, at 7 per cent. interest.

Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 will be sold in detail for cash up to $20, at 3 months from $20 to $100, and at 6 months for all amounts over, with endorsers and interest the same as above.

A deposit of 10 per cent. will be required.

The whole stock can be seen from Monday, the 9th inst., up to the day of the sale.

The inventory book is at my office and a copy at the store at St. Benoit.

For other particulars apply to

A. LAMARCHE, Curator.

Office of Lamarche & Olivier, 1709 Notre Dame St., Montreal.

MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers.

Montreal, September 3, 1895.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Accident Insurance Company of North America has ceased to transact business, that all its risks have expired, and that the said Company will on and after the 22nd day of October, 1895, apply to the Minister of Finance for the release of its securities; on or before which date all persons opposing such release are to file with the said Minister of Finance their opposition to such release. Dated this 16th day of July, 1895. Edward Rawlings President.

RAILWAYS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Reduced Rates

FOR EXHIBITIONS.

TORONTO and RETURN.

On Sept. 8, 10, 11, 12, 13 ..... $10.00
On Sept. 7 and 9 ..... 7.00

Good to return until Sept. 16, 1895.

OTTAWA and RETURN.

On Sept. 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 27 ..... $3.50
On Sept. 24 and 26 ..... 2.55

Good to return until Sept. 30th, 1895.

CITY TICKET OFFICE,
129 St. James Street (next to Post Office).
Windsor Street Station.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that after one month from the date hereof application will be made by the Royal Trust and Fidelity Company to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec for permission to change its name to the "Royal Trust Company," and to amend its charter by adding thereto the following powers, in brief, to wit: To lend money on the security of ground rents, and on certain public securities; to receive money on deposit and to allow interest therefor; to act as tutor, curator, trustee, executor, administrator, sequestrator, liquidator and guardian, etc., upon certain conditions as well as certain other powers, of which notice will be given hereafter. M'GIBBON, DAVIDSON & HOGLE, Solicitors for Applicant. Montreal, August 31, 1895.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT After one month from the date hereof application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec for the incorporation of "Samaritan Hospital for Women," for the gratuitous medical treatment of poor women in the City of Montreal or the suburbs thereof, with power to acquire, hold and convey real estate, and with all other powers incidental thereto. M'GIBBON, DAVIDSON & HOGLE, Attorneys for Applicants. Montreal, August 31, 1895.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT after one month from the date hereof application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec for the incorporation of "The Dominion College of Music," for the purpose of promoting the study of music and of improving the profession of music in the City of Montreal and elsewhere where authorized, with power to hold and convey real estate, conduct examinations, confer degrees, and with all other powers incidental thereto. M'GIBBON, DAVIDSON & HOGLE, Attorneys for Applicants. Montreal, August 31, 1895.



Nautical

Books and Instruments of all kinds.

Repairs A Specialty.

Sole Agents for **U. S. Hydrographic Chart**

HEARN & HARRISON 1640 Notre Dame

Makes You Healthy



and keeps you in good spirits, because it helps your digestion—St. Leon water, by glass, bottle or case.

Depot—54 Victoria Square.

At Home, Eh!

GLAD OF IT, AREN'T YOU? BEEN TO THE SEASHORE OR PERHAPS THE MOUNTAINS OR COUNTRY?

Well, well, well! How did your boarding house or hotel keeper use you? All right? Did you find your meats a kind of tough—sort of hard-to-chew beef? Now, come, let us reason together. I keep the best of good meats—the best of everything which goes to make up the man and woman, and build them up in health and keep them there.

FRESH, GOOD, NATIVE

Beef, Lamb, Pork, Fowl, Vegetables.

All fresh and good naturedly offered in a PRIME STATE, and for the lowest market rates. Give me an opportunity of serving you with your dinner To-morrow, and the rest is assured. The ROAST BEEF—tempting in itself to see in the market, is far ahead of appearance when carved on your table To-morrow. Will you try a Roast or a Pair of nice Chickens?

Peter Henderson,

826 DORCHESTER STREET,

TELEPHONE 4140. SUCCESSOR TO HENDERSON & JEFFREY.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES.. Government Municipal and Other First-Class Bonds.

Suitable for Trust Estates, Banks, Insurance Companies and Permanent Investment, bought and sold by . . .

R. WILSON SMITH, Investment Broker,
British Empire Building,
1724 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
First-class Investments always on hand.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

FINANCIAL.

Friday, Sept. 6.

This morning's session of the local stock exchange was on the whole a dull one, but prices showed little change. The principal trading was in Gas, nearly 1,000 shares changing hands. Opening ¼ higher at 209, this stock made a further half point gain, to 209½, but by noon had relapsed to yesterday's closing figure, 208¾. Montreal Street Railway was fractionally higher, but dull for old stock, while the rest of the miscellaneous list held steady. Bank stocks were neglected. There is no change in the money market.

The afternoon session was about as dull as any seen for some time. The only feature was a fractional recession in Toronto Railway to 84 3-4. The rest of the list closed steady.

The highest, lowest and closing prices, total sales and net changes from yesterday's closing prices for actual sales in the local market were as follows:

MORNING BOARD.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.	Chge.
925	Gas	209¼	208¾	208¾	
50	Cable	166¼	166	166	
170	Richelieu	102	101¾	102	+ ¼
20	Street Ry	213¾	213¾	213¾	+ ¼
450	" new	212¼	212	212¼	
275	Toronto Ry	85	84¾	85	+ ¼
1	Merchants Bank	168¼	168¼	168½	
5	Commerce	137	137	137	

† Advanced. Total shares sold. 1,905.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

50	Gas	208¾	208¾	208¾
100	Cable	166	166	166
15	Pacific	58¾	58¼	58¼
135	Toronto Ry	84¾	84¼	84¼
50	Richelieu	102	102	102
15	Col. Cot	65	65	65
99	People's Bank	20¼	20¼	20½
$500	Col. Cot. Bonds	99¾	99¾	99¾

Total shares sold. 464, and $500 bonds.

SATURDAY'S GOLD SHIPMENTS.

New York, Sept. 6.—Nesslage and Fuller will export $100,000 in gold to-morrow.

Handy and Harmon will export $150,000 in gold to-morrow, and Hard and Rand will export $150,000.

Heidelbach, Ickelheimer and Company will forward 50,000 Napoleons in transit.

W. H. Crossman and Bro. will ship $1,250,000 in gold by the steamship Trave, sailing to-morrow.

Hoskier, Wood and Company state that they will not forward any gold by to-morrow's steamer.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce will forward $100,000 gold to Canada.

ERIE PLAN ACCEPTED.

London, Sept. 6.—At a meeting to-day of mortgage bondholders of the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio Railroad Company, it was decided to authorize foreclosure proceedings and accept the proposition contained in the Erie re-organization plan recently formulated by J. P. Morgan and Company, of New York and London. The chairman expressed the opinion that the bondholders had done well in accepting the Erie's proposition.

MEETING OF AMERICAN BANK PRESIDENTS.

The Wall Street Journal says: We hear that an informal conference of a number of bank presidents was held this week to talk over the currency situation with reference to the coming session of Congress. It is proposed to prepare in advance for a campaign of education on the currency question so that Congress may be prepared to further sound money views and so that political parties may become aware of public sentiment before their platforms are written. It is believed that by this organization such a sentiment for sound money in this country can be created as to mold both political parties into accepting a sound money platform, and insisting that their candidates shall honestly support these platforms.

NEW YORK GOSSIP.

J. S. Bache & Co., New York, wire their local manager, C. D. Monk, as follows:

There are rumors that Jersey Central may lease the Reading. Annual report on St. Paul will be issued this evening, and will show 2 per cent. on the stock. There was considerable realizing on the stock yesterday. Estimated gold exports to-day, $2,000,000.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. have declined to purchase the one and one-half million of Chicago city tax warrants on account of legal opinion against their legality.

Annual report of L.N.A. & Chicago, soon to be issued, will show for the first time that the company is out of debt, and in other respects it will make a very favorable exhibit. One of the interesting points in it is, that on a decreased car mileage, the tonnage and earnings have increased, from which it may be argued that rates have improved as well as the class of traffic.

The suit of the Attorney-General against the American Tobacco Company comes up before Judge Grosscup Monday morning. The suit is instituted to prevent the company from doing business in the State of Illinois, and is similar to the suit instituted by the Attorney-General against the Whisky Trust.

Chicago special: Banks here report large shipments of currency this week into the country. The United States Government has decided to enter at once upon an independent investigation of the Cheng-Tu riots, with the co-operation of a Chinese representative.

It is announced in London that bond holders of the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio have accepted the Erie plan.

The Reading Railroad annual report shows a deficit of $3,657,231.

Regular dividend declared on Sugar.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

TICKER GOSSIP FROM R. MEREDITH.

The reaction in the granger stocks is generally ascribed to the influence of the continued extraordinary depression in American cereals. The low price of wheat is exciting fear lest the crop of 1895 may net less than the yield of last year. The decline in anthracite coal stocks is regarded merely as the result of sales by speculators who had been duped by Wednesday's rumors of an independent settlement. The solution of the coal problem is easy, if managers of these properties inform their subordinates that prices must be advanced and maintained. That such an order will be given some time is believed by nearly everybody, who cannot on any other theory explain the present prices of the coal stocks, when the state of trade does not permit the earnings of dividends. The industrial section of the market is so completely under control of manipulation that intelligent observers, not interested in speculation, would not be surprised at either renewed buoyancy or any sudden collapse.

THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, Sept. 6.—The Evening Post says: London's operations in this market were as confused to-day as on previous days this week. The foreign houses bought sufficiently, however, to start an irregular recovery, and to drive some of the local short sellers out of their position. A few stocks—notably Reading, St. Paul and Louisville—recovered rather sharply on this buying. There were also numerous efforts to bid up the price of specialties. Of this movement General Electric, American Tobacco and one or two others had the benefits. As the day drew to a close the tendency to buy predominated, and in the last half hour the majority of stocks reached highest prices. The movement was light, however, and several conspicuous securities failed to score advances. There was evidently some continued profit-taking in the corn-carrying shares. As usual, the export gold withdrawals had light influence. The treasury bulletin of the afternoon covering Wednesday's actual results showed, as expected, that the federal gold reserve had at once advanced again above $100,000,000. It was still more worthy of notice that Government receipts for the day ran beyond expenditures. The returns thus far this month are not at all unfavorable; even habitual croakers over a "postponed" deficit to close last month can find no fault with them.

THE LONDON SITUATION.

New York, Sept. 6.—The Evening Post's special London cablegram says: Investment business was brisk in the stock market to-day, but speculative operations were restrained by the nearness of the settlement. Americans were dull and featureless. Mercantile troubles are reported in Genoa, but nobody here is implicated to any extent.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

The closing prices on the local stock exchange to-day were reported as follows by Mr. John Low, stock broker, Stock Exchange Building:

Description.	Sept. 6. Ask.	Sept. 6. Bid	Sept. 5. Ask.	Sept. 5. Bid.
Canadian Pacific Railway	58	57	58¼	58¼
Do do Land Bonds	....	107	....	107
D. S. S. A.	7½	7	8	7½
D. S. S. A. pfd.	15½	13	15	14½
Grand Trunk 1st pref.	....	....	....	....
Do do 2nd do	....	....	....	....
Commercial Cable Co.	166	165½	166½	165½
Montreal Telegraph Co	166	165	166	165
Rich and Ont. Nav. Co.	103	101½	102	101½
Montreal Street Railway	214½	213½	213¾	213½
Montreal Street Ry., new	213	212	212¾	212½
Montreal Gas Co.	208¾	208½	208¾	208½
Bell Telephone Co.	159½	158½	160	157
*Royal Electric Co	150	140	132	138
Toronto Street Ry	84¾	84½	84¾	84½
Bank of Montreal	226	222	226	221
Ontario Bank	....	87	....	87
Bank of B.N.A.	....	....	....	....
La Banque du Peuple	21	20½	30	20
Molsons Bank	....	180	....	182½
Bank of Toronto	....	244	....	244
Jacques Cartier	110	100	....	....
Merchants	175	168	175	168
Merchants' Bk. of H'f'x.	163½	159	163	159
Eastern Townships	....	....	....	....
Quebec	....	118	....	118
Nationale	85	76½	8	7
Union	....	....	102	....
Commerce	138	137	138	137½
Ville Marie	100	73	100	73
Hochelaga	130	124	130	124
Intercolonial Coal Co.	35	30	35	30
Do Preferred Stock	75	60	75	60
North West Land	....	....	....	47½
Canada Paper	....	....	....	....
Champl and St. Law. Bonds	99	....	99	....
*Montreal Cottor Co.	128½	124	129	124
Canada Colored Cotton Co.	70	65	70	60
Do do Bonds	99½	99½	99½	99
Merchants M'f'g Co.	140	....	140	....
Dominion Cotton Co.	100	93	....	....
Do do Bonds	....	....	....	....
Montreal Loan and Mort. Co.	140	132½	140	132½
Ottawa Street Ry.	185	....	185	....
Ottawa Electric Co.	143	....	143	....
Western Loan and Trust	....	....	....	....

* Ex-Div.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Messrs. J. S. Bache and Co. report to-day's closing prices in New York by wire to their Montreal manager, C. D. Monk, 16 St. Sacrament Street:

Description.	Sept. 6. Opening.	Sept. 6. Closing Bid.	Sept. 6. Closing Asked.
Am. Cot. Oil	23¾	24	24¾
Am. Tobacco Co.	94½	95¼	95½
do. pref.	....	....	....
Am. Sugar, Refin. Co.	113½	113½	113½
do. pref.	104	102	103½
Atchison, Topeka & S. Fe	21¾	21¾	22
C. B. & Q.	90½	90½	90¾
Balt. & Ohio	66	66	67
Bay State Gas	....	20	20¾
Can. Pac.	....	57¼	58
N. Y. C. and Hudson	103¾	103¾	104
Cleveland, C. C. and St. L.	48¾	48¾	48¾
Chicago Gas	63½	64	64¼
Ches. & Ohio	21¾	21¾	21¾
Canada So	56¾	56	56½
Dist. & C. F.	20¾	20¾	20¾
Den. & Rio G. pref	54	54	54½
Del. & Hud.	133½	133½	134
D. L. & W.	167½	166	170
Duluth	....	7¾	8¼
do. pref.	....	11	16
N. Y., Lake Erie and West	8¾	8¾	9
do. pref.	25	25	26½
Gen'l. Elec.	38¼	39¾	39½
Con. Gas.	145	144½	145½
Hocking Valley	....	24¼	24¾
Jersey Central	114	113½	114
Laclede Gas	....	28	28½
Louis & Nash.	64¾	65¼	65¾
Lake Erie and Western	....	25¾	26¼
do. pref.	....	....	....
Lake Shore	....	150	152
Mich. Cent.	....	102½	102¾
Manhattan Elevated	113¼	112	112½
Missouri Pac.	41¾	41¼	41¾
Nor. Am.	6	5¾	6¼
Nat. Lead	35¾	34½	35¾
do. pref.	....	91	92
U.S. Cordage Co.	7	6¾	6¾
do. 3rd pref.	13½	13¼	14
N. Y. & N. E.	60½	60	63
Nor. Pac.	5¾	5¼	5½
do. pr f.	18¾	19	19½
C. & N. W.	105¾	105¼	105¾
St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha	44¾	44¾	45
N. Y. C. & W.	18¾	18¾	18¾
Pac. Mail	32	32¼	32¾
Phil. & Reading	21	21	21¾
C. R. I. & P.	82¾	82¾	82¾
N. Y. Sus. & W.	13¾	13¾	13¾
do. pref.	36¾	36	36¾
N. Y. C. & St. L.	16¾	16¼	17
C. Mil. & St. P.	77¾	77¾	77¾
Tol. A. A. & N. Mich.	....	2	2¼
Texas & Pac. Trust Rec.	13¾	13¼	13¾
Tenn. Coal and Iron	42	42¼	43¾
Union Pac.	15¾	15¾	15¾
Western Union Tel.	94¼	94¼	94¼
Wabash	9¾	9¾	9¾
do. pref.	25¼	25¾	25¾
Wheeling and Lake Erie	16¼	16¾	16¾
do. pref	51¾	50¾	52
Leather com	....	17¼	17¾
Leather pref	89	87¾	88

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Messrs. MacDougall Bros., stock brokers, 69 St. Francois Xavier Street, were cabled the closing prices of American stocks in London as follows:

STOCKS.	Sept. 6.	Sept. 5.	Sept. 4.
Atchison	22	22¾	22
Canadian Pacific	58¼	58¾	58¾
Com. Cable	....	....	....
Grand Trunk 1st	....	....	....
do do 2nd	....	....	....
Erie	9¼	9½	9¾
do 2nd	80	80½	80½
Illinois Central	108½	108½	108½
Louisville and Nashville	66½	66¾	67½
Lake Shore	....	....	....
Northern Pacific, pfd.	18¾	19¼	....
New York Central	106	106¼	106½
Ontario and Western	....	....	....
Reading	10¾	11	10¾
St. Paul	79	79½	79¾
Union Pacific	15¾	16¼	16¾
Wabash pfd	....	....	....
Bank rate	2	2	2

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Messrs. Nichols & Marler, stock and exchange brokers, corner Notre Dame and St. Francois Xavier streets, report the local Exchange market as follows:

Sept. 6, 1895.

BETWEEN BANKS.

	Buyers.	Sellers.	Counter.
New York funds, 3-16 to 5-32			par. to ¼ pr.
Sterling 60 days..	9 13-16 to 9¾		10 to 10¼
" Demand.	10	to 10 1-16	10¼ to 10⅜
" Cables...	10¼		10⅜

New York, Sept. 6.—3 p.m.—Closing.—Money on call, easy at 1 per cent; last loan, 1 per cent.; closed, 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3 1-2 to 5 1-4 per cent. Sterling exchange, steady. Actual business in bankers' bills for demand, $4.90 to $4.90 1-4; sixty days, $4.89 to $4.89 1-4. Posted rates, $4.89 to $4.90 and $4.90 to $4.91. Commercial bills, $4.88 1-2. Silver certificates, 67 1-8 to 67 3-8; bar silver, 67; Mexican dollars, 53 3-8. Government bonds easier.

New York, Sept. 6.—3 p.m.—The stock market closed irregular.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The rate of discount in the London open market, for short bills, ⅝ per cent.; for three months bills, ⅝ per cent.

Bar silver is quoted in London 30 9-16d.

French rentes sold at 102 frs. 02½c at the opening, and 102 frs. 02½c at the close.

In the local market money on call is quoted at 5½ per cent.

In New York call loans were quoted at 1 per cent.

Berlin, Sept. 6.—Exchange on London eight days sight, 20 marks 43 pfenning.

London, Sept. 6.—Gold is quoted to-day at Buenos Ayres, 222.80.; Madrid, 16.50; Lisbon, 24⅜; St. Petersburg, 50; Athens, 77; Rome, 104.75; Vienna, 103.

The Bank of England's rate of discount remains unchanged at 2 per cent.

Consols in London were quoted at 107 7-16 for money and 107 ½ for the account.

Canadian Pacific in London closed steady at 58¼.

French exchange on London was quoted at 25 frs. 28c for cheques.

COMMERCIAL.

Friday, Sept. 6.

J. S. Bache & Co.'s Chicago letter said:

Wheat opened 1-2c to 3-4c lower owing to weak private cables from Liverpool and Paris, heavy receipts at Minneapolis and Duluth, and to reports of further large engagements of gold for export. The decline was almost recovered on local buying in sympathy with the action of the corn market, but the closing was at nearly 1c decline from last night's quotations, owing to total receipts of nearly 900,000 bushels at western points and export clearances of only 17,000 bushels, exclusive of flour, which caused visions of a bi gincrease in the visible next Monday, and started a lot of liquidation by some newly converted bull speculators.

Corn made a rally of 1-2c to 5-8c for samples and futures on buying influenced by predictions of frosts to-night throughout the Red and upper Missouri Valleys, but closed with advance lost owing to reselling by local operators in sympathy with the weak surrounding markets.

Oats were manipulated for higher prices by the local cash people, who jollied September quotations from 18 1-2c to 19 3-4c and sold what they could through brokers on the bulge.

Provisions were slightly more active, and closed a trifle better all around on fewer and higher hogs than expected, and an unexpected improvement in the shipping demand for side meats.

The estimated receipts for to-morrow in Chicago by cars are as follows: Wheat 65, corn 390, oats 220, hogs 7,000 head.

To-day's receipts by cars in Chicago were: Wheat 83, contract 29; corn 455, contract 424; oats 246, contract 75; hogs 11,000 head.

Liverpool, Sept. 6, 4.15 p.m.—Wheat—Spot quiet; demand moderate; No. 2 red winter, 4s 10 1-2d; No. 2 red spring, 5s 1 1-2d; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s 2 1-2d; No. 1 California, 4s 11 1-2d; futures opened steady with near and distant positions 1-2d to 3-4d lower; business about equally distributed; September, 4s 10 1-2d; October, 4s 10 1-4d; November, 4s 11d; December, 4s 11 1-2d; January, 5s; February, 5s 1-2d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed, new, 3s 6 1-2d; futures opened steady at unchanged prices, and closed steady, with near and distant positions unchanged to 1-4d lower; business about equally distributed; September, 3s 6d; October, 3s 5 3-4d; November, 3s 6d; December, 3s 6 1-4d; January, 3s 4 1-2d; February, 3s 3d. Flour—Steady; demand fair; freely supplied; St. Louis fancy winter, 7s. Peas—Canadian, 4s 11d.

The Winnipeg Commercial says: The oat crop around Winnipeg is so heavy this year that it is thought there will be almost enough oats marketed by farmers right here to supply the city trade. In past years Winnipeg has taken a good many car loads of oats from country points to meet the requirements of the local trade, in addition to the oats marketed directly by farmers in the city. On this account the price of oats has generally ruled about five cents per bushel higher in Winnipeg than in Manitoba country markets, as oats shipped in would be subject to local freight charges.

The weather recently in Holland has been fine and dry, allowing harvest to make excellent progress. An improvement in quality of new grain is expected.

Chicago grain and flour shipments last week were equal to 4,368,000 bushels, and shipments 4,575,000 bushels, against last year's receipts of 6,061,000 bushels and shipments of 3,214,000 bushels.

The official estimates of the crops in Prussia on August 15 shows winter wheat to be 2.7 and rye 3.1, against 2.6 and 3.1 respectively last month. The figure 2 represents a "good" yield and 3 a "fair" yield.

French advices to the Millers' Gazette say that the weather has become much better, and farmers are very active in the ingathering of their harvests. As to the actual amount of damage done to the crops by the prolonged period of rain and storms, it is as yet not possible to form an accurate decision, but there is no dobt that, apart from the delay in ingathering the corn, a considerable amount of damage has been done to the quality of the new grain. Where farmers had not taken the precaution of temporarily thatching their shocks of wheat out in the fields there has been much sprouting, and the quality has generally deteriorated, but according to reports from Paris received yesterday, it was hoped that the crops as a whole may not have suffered so much as had recently been feared. According to information received by the Minister of Agriculture an average crop was expected.

MOVEMENTS OF GRAIN AND FLOUR.

The following table gives the movements of grain and flour at given points:

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Chicago—Wheat, bush.	39,000	12,000
Corn, bush.	217,000	294,000
Oats, bush.	224,000	260,000
Flour, brls.	10,130	10,524
N. Y.—Wheat, bush.	188,500	....
Corn, bush.	145,275	87,795
Oats, bush.	115,700	150
Flour, brls.	13,666	140
Flour, sacks	3,920	14,200
Milwaukee—Wheat bush.	26,000	....
Corn	2,000	....
Toledo—Wheat	34,000	53,000
Corn, bush.	5,000	2,000
St Louis—Wheat, bush.	34,000	8,000
Corn	18,000	105,000
Duluth—Wheat, bush.	362,000	183,000
Detroit—Wheat bush.	23,000	13,000
Minneapolis—Wheat, bush.	316,000	51,000

Grain—Duluth wheat is about on an export basis, and sales of various quantities are reported almost every day. To-day, however, business in this line showed a little falling off, buyers betraying a tendency to hold back on account of the decline in prices on this side. Old oats are nominal, there being few offering. Prices range about 33c to 34 1-2c. In new oats a sale was made to-day at 31 1-2c, to arrive next week, while another car load sold on spot at 32c. Other grades continue dull.

Wheat, No. 1 hard	Nominal.
Wheat, No. 2 hard	Nominal.
Corn, duty paid	Nominal.
Peas, per 66 lbs. in store	72c to 72
Oats, (old) per 34 lbs. in store	33c to 34
Oats, (new)	31½c to 32
Rye, No. 2	60c to 61
Barley, feed	54c to 55
Barley, malting	60c to 00

Flour—The demand generally is better for old flour, while enquiries are still coming in for export. Millers, however, do not feel inclined to accept any offers at present, feeling confident that old flour will continue to fetch premium for new for a couple of months yet.

Straight rollers	$3.65 to $3.75
do, bags	1 60 to 1.75
Superfine	0.00 to 0.00
Fine	0.00 to 0.00
Strong bakers', Man., best brands.	0.00 to 4.00
Spring patents, Man.	0.00 to 4.15
Winter patents, Ont.	4.00 to 4.25

Meal—The demand for both rolled and granulated is slow. Prices are about the same.

Rolled, per bbl	$3.80 to $3.90
Rolled, per bag	1.90 to 1.95
Standard, per bbl	3.80 to 3.90
Standard, per bag	1.85 to 1.90
Granulated, per bbl	3.90 to 4.00
Granulated, per bag	1.90 to 1.95

Feed—Arrivals of bran are continuing pretty heavy at about the following range of prices:

Bran	$15.50 to $16.00
Shorts	18.00 to 19.00
Mouille	00.00 to 23.00

TO-DAY'S RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL.

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.	Canal.	Total.
Oats, bush	5,050	.....	290	5,340
Hay	.....	.....	47	47
Flour, brls	1,240	1,642	3,317	6,199
Hams and bacon pkgs	152	284	.....	436
Canned salmon	.....	2,451	.....	2,451
Spirits & wines	.....	2	.....	2
Leather, rolls	2	.....	.....	2
Eggs, cases	704	418	66	1,188
Cheese, boxes	4,278	3,380	296	7,946
Butter, pkgs	142	1,028	35	1,205
Apples	441	.....	.....	441
Lard, pails	.....	1,000	.....	1,000
Tobacco	29	.....	.....	29

LIVERPOOL MARKET PRICES.

	Sept. 6.	Sept. 5
Spring wheat	5 1½ to 5 2½	5 1½ to 5 2½
Red winter wh't	4 11½ to 5 1	5 0 to 5 1
No. 1 Cali. wh't	4 11½ to 5 1	5 1 to 5 1
Corn	3 6 to 3 4	3 7
Peas	4 11	4 11
Pork	58 9	58 9
Lard	31 0	31 0
Bacon	34 0 to 36 0	34 0 to 36 0
Cheese	37	37 6

CHICAGO CLOSING PRICES.

Messrs. J. S. Bache and Co. report the following quotations from Chicago:

	Month.	Op'g	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat	Sept.	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Dec.	60¼	60¾	59⅝	59⅞
	May.	63¼	64⅝	63½	63¾
Corn	Oct.	32	32⅝	32	32⅜
	Dec.	28¾	29	28¾	28⅝
	May.	29¾	30¼	29½	29¾
Oats	July.	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Oct.	18	18¾	18	18¾
	May.	20¾	21¼	20¾	21
Pork	Sept.	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Oct.	8 47	8 62	8 47	8 60
	Jan.	9 75	9 75	9 70	9 75
Lard	July.	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Sept.	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Oct.	5 97	6 00	5 97	5 97
	Jan.	5 72	5 92	5 72	5 90
Short Ribs	Sept.	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Oct.	5 70	5 72	5 70	5 72
	Jan.	5 02	5 02	5 02	5 02

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.

Cheese—Private cables received to-day by prominent local houses report the situation unchanged in England, and business is very dull and quiet, and it is hard to say when the demand will improve. The public cable does not show any alteration in the quotation given yesterday, and also on Wednesday, and it remains to-day at 37s 6d. No local sales have been noted to-day, and the market is about as dull as it might be, but no further decline has been noted. We again quote 7 1-2c for finest Ontario make, while Quebec is quoted at 7 1-4c to 7 3-8c, and Townships at 7 3-8c.

Liverpool, Sept. 6.—Cheese—Quiet; demand moderate; finest American white, new, 37s; finest American colored, new, 38s. Butter—Finest United States, 70s; good, 60s.

Brantford, Ont., Sept. 6.—At the cheese market here to-day fourteen factories offered 3,455 boxes; sales, 125 boxes at 7 3-8c and 300 boxes at 7 1-2c. Five buyers present. Next market Friday, September 20.

Butter—The butter market is dull and quiet, very little doing on spot at present. Prices are well maintained, and there is a better enquiry for creamery at 17 1-2c. Townships is still quoted at 14c to 14 1-2c, and western at 12c to 13 1-2c, and these figures are well maintained.

Eggs—The egg market has not improved any, but a fair business, principally of a jobbing order, continues to be done on spot at 11 1-2c for lots, and 12 1-2c for single cases in candled stocks, and 9 1-2c to 10c for common sorts.

Provisions—The prices of provisions show no actual change, and the market is fairly active. A firm feeling in lard still exists. We quote:

Canada short cut mess, per brl	$17.00 to $17.50
Canada short cut clear	15.50 to 16.00
Beef, extra mess, per brl	00.00 to 00.00
Beef, plate, per tierce 300 lbs.	00.00 to 00.00
Hams, city cured, per lb	0.09 to 0.11
Bacon, per lb	0.10 to 0.11
Lard, pure Canadian, per lb	0.09½ to 0.10½
Lard, com. refined per lb	0.06½ to 0 07½

LARD...

Guaranteed pure, in 3, 5, 10, 20 and 50 lb. pails.

The GEO. MATTHEWS CO., Ltd
OTTAWA, Ont.

PERSONAL.

The following gentlemen were introduced on 'Change to-day: P. T. Dumois and George P. Dumois, of New York, by J. T. McBride; and J. McWilliams, Father Point, by R. M. Esdaile.

THE IRON TRADE.

Cleveland, Sept. 6.—The Iron Trade Review says to-day:

All-around advances in prices have marked the week just ending. Those on Bessemer pig and billets have made Pittsburg, the Valleys and Cleveland the centres of interest that is far from being coolheaded, At Pittsburg $17 for Bessemer pig and $24 for billets have been passed, and while the large buyers of the former have made it known that they are not in the market on that basis, there are plentiful predictions that considerably higher prices are yet to be seen. The fact that sales at the prices named in the past week are inconsiderable shows that buyers are now inclined to test every step of the way, but it would appear that the wait must be a long one, and its termination is conditioned on the furnaces and mills preceding from the present basis. Considerable Bessemer pig was bought at $16 and $16.25 in the valley last Thursday, and in the next two days $16.50 was done. Since that time there has been little buying, though $17 in the valley has been reported in connection with a small sale. The scarcity of Bessemer pig at Pittsburg has led to a reversal of the movement of months, and several blocks of Bessemer, amounting to 30,000 to 40,000 tons, have been bought in Eastern Pennsylvania for shipment to Pittsburg. The advances in southern iron announced at the end of August came after heavy buying, in which leading sellers closed 50,000 tons in four days. The new price, which is 50 cents to $1 a ton higher at furnaces, added to the 50 cents advance in freight, effective September 15, means that southern irons will be from $1 to $1.50 a ton higher, according to grade. Soft steel in the Wheeling, Pittsburg and Cleveland districts has followed Bessemer iron. Sales have been made at $23.50 at Ohio River Mill, and offers of $23 for the first quarter of 1896 have been promptly turned down in that district. The finished material market gives conflicting reports, indications appearing of hesitation and waiting by some buyers, while others seem to be anticipating wants, desiring to cover before the new raw material basis becomes effective in mill products.

BONSECOURS MARKET.

There was an unusually large attendance at the Bonsecours market this morning, both of farmers and buyers, and the display of produce, etc., was very good, both as regards quantity and quality. In poultry there was a good display, and in fruits apples and pears appeared to predominate, although fine melons, peaches and other kinds were well in evidence. We quote as follows:

Corn, 8c per per dozen; potatoes, 45c per bag; turnips, 30c per basket; celery, 14c to 26c per bunch; onions, 40c to 65c; tomatoes, 15c to 45c per basket; cabbages, 22c per dozen; cauliflowers, 45c to 70c per dozen.

Apples, $1.75 to $2.50 per barrel; pears, $3 to $4.50; blueberries, $1 to $1.25; melons, $1.50 to $6 per dozen; bananas, 70c to 80c; plums, $1.50 per basket.

Cheese, 10c per pound; butter, creamery, 20c; dairy, 18c; western, 14c; eggs, 12c per dozen.

Fowl, 9c; chicken, 8c; pigeon, 20c per pair; teal ducks, 25c; black ducks, 45c; young turkey, $1.25; plover, 50c per pair.

"USE ONLY" A GUARANTEED ARTICLE OF WELL-KNOWN MERIT

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

THE MOST DELICIOUS OF ALL.

LEAD PACKETS ONLY. BLACK OR MIXED. BY ALL GROCERS.

Stores Shaded

with the best window shades with the most effective lettering at very reasonable rates.

B. Hugman & Sons, 1792 Notre Dame Street.

ENGLISH MARKET REPORT.

Cargoes off coast, wheat steady, maize quiet; cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat steadier, maize quiet and steady. Country markets, English easy, French dull; weather in England fine; Liverpool, spot wheat quiet, spot maize quiet; No. 1 standard Cal. wheat, 4s 11 1-2d to 5s 1d; American red western winter wheat, 4s 4 1-2d to 5s 1d; American No. 2 spring wheat, 5s 1 1-2d to 5s 2 1-2d; mixed maize, 3s 6d to 3s 1-4d; Minneapolis first bakers' flour, 17s 6d; Liverpool futures, wheat quiet, Sept. 4s 11 1-2d; Oct. 4s 11 1-2d, Nov. 5s, Dec. 5s 1-2d, Jan. 5s 1d; maize firm, Sept. 3s 6 1-2d, Oct. 3s 6d, Nov. 3s 6 1-4d, Dec. 3s 6d. Jan. 3s 4d, Feb. 3s 4d. Wheat in Paris, Sept. 18.50, Oct. 18.60; flour in Paris, Sept. 42.15, Oct. 42.60.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

Toronto, Sept. 6.—The market is quiet. Wheat—Red, 60 lbs., sold at 59c north and west freights; No. 1 Manitoba hard sold at 80c west. Flour—The decline in wheat this week has shut off the demand, buyers holding off in expectation of lower prices. Straights offered Toronto freights at $2.90. Mill Feed—The low price of coarse grain has affected bran and shorts, both being easy. Bran—Offered, Toronto freights, to-day at $12.50; shorts were quoted at $16. Peas—Sold again north and west freights at 50c. Oats—Mixed sold high freights west at 22 1-2c. Barley—No demand for malting barley as yet. Malt houses will not begin operations for another month yet. Feed sold west at 34c. Rye—One car on the Northern sold at 42c.

New York, Sept. 6.—Flour—Receipts, 16,400 barrels; exports, 10,300 barrels; sales, 33,400 packages.

Wheat—Receipts, 188,500 bushels; sales, 3,510,000 bushels futures; 8,000 bushels spot. Spot, weak and less active. No. 2 red store and elevator, 63 1-8c, afloat, 63 1-8c, canal; f.o.b., 64 1-8c, afloat; No. 1 northern, 64 7-8c, delivered; No. 1 hard, 66 1-8c, delivered. No. 2 January closed 66 1-4c; May, 63 3-8c to 63 1-2c, closed 63c; September, 62 7-8c to 63 5-8c, closed 63 1-8c; October, 63 1-8c to 63 5-8c, closed 63 1-8c; November, closed 64 1-4c; December, 65c to 65 3-4c, closed 65 1-8c.

Corn—Receipts, 145,300 bushels; exports, 81,860 bushels; sales, 690,000 bushels futures, 107,000 bushels spot. Spot quiet, closing easy. No. 2, 39c elevator, 40c; May, 35 1-2c to 35 7-8c, closed 35 1-2c; September, 38 5-8c to 39 1-4c; October, 38 5-8c to 39 1-4c, closed 38 3-4c; December, closed 35 3-4c.

Oats—Receipts, 115,300 bushels; exports, 200 bushels; sales, 110,000 bushels futures, 92,000 bushels spot. Spot quiet and about steady. No. 2, 23 3-4c; No. 2

John Murphy & Co's

ADVERTISEMENT.

OPEN TILL 9.30 THIS EVENING.

BARGAINS FOR MEN.

SHIRTS,

Men's Colored Oxford Shirts, also white shirts with colored Zephyr fronts and cuffs. Original price $1.50, to clear at 75c.

Genuine Scotch Zephyr Shirts, with laundried collars and cuffs, original price $1.50, to clear at 75c.

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS.

Men's Negligee shirts, $1.40 for 50c.
Men's Negligee shirts, $2.20 for 75c.
Men's Negligee shirts $3.20 and $3.50 for $1.00.
Boys' Negligee shirts, 75c for 50c.

TIES ! TIES !

Men's and Boys' Ties, Derbys and knots, regular price 25c to 35c, for 15c.

NIGHT SHIRTS.

Extra value in Men's cotton nightshirts at 75c and $1.00.

WHITE SHIRTS.

Try our perfect fitting open front White Shirts at $1.00.
Men's White Shirts in all sizes from 75c to $1.75.

COLLARS.

Men's Linen Collars in all the leading styles. English collars at $1.50 per doz.

GLOVES.

Special line of Men's Kid Gloves, in tan shades. Original price $1.50, to clear at 45c per pair.

FRENCH BRACES.

Genuine French Guyot Braces, only 35c pair, worth 50c.

All Lines of Men's Furnishings Marked Low.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

2343 St. Catherine Street
Corner Metcalfe Street.
Telephone No. 3833.

See Here, Ladies

Hold up your foot and just imagine how it would look if you wore one of our Women's Dongola French Kid Oxford Shoes, French Heel, Plain Toe, Turned Sole. Regular price, and a low one, too, only $2.50.

SHORT, the Shoeist,
124 St. Lawrence St.
Cor. Lagauchetiere.

Got That Suit Yet ?

Everybody's order will be in before yours, unless you decide soon. We have handsome patterns in fall goods and very low prices. Come in.

M. J. ADLER, Merchant Tailor,
75 Bleury Street.

A BOOT BUTTON

is not very valuable until it drops off just when you need it. We fasten the buttons on all boots free of charge. We have a beautiful ladies' button boot, dongola kid, extension sole, for $1.75. This boot would be a bargain in any other store for $2.00, but we sell for cash and sell cheap, and give you a nickle alarm clock free if you buy $10 worth from us before Nov. 1,

Thos. W. Gales,
Shoe and Trunk Dealer,
Tel. 2980. 137 St. Antoine St.

N. LEVEILLE,

Merchant Tailor.

Employed for eighteen years in the establishment of L. C. DeTannacour.

138 1-2 St. Lawrence Street, Montreal.

Newly received: Cloths, Meltons, French English and Scotch Tweeds for Spring and Summer costumes and clothes.

COME AND SEE.

REMOVAL.

H. SANDERS, Optician,

To 259 ST. JAMES ST.,

Occupied by J. Milloy, Tailor, next door to H. Hamilton's, Dry Goods.

NOTICE.

Banque du Peuple Deposits Bought.

Apply to Post Office Box 1176.

You Can Get...



AT ANY DRUG STORE.
The best 25c investment to be found in a day's travel.

Bargains in Wall Paper,

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

Special Discounts, from 10 to 40 per cent. on our entire stock. An extra 5 per cent. on all cash purchases.

JOHN MURPHY,

Painter and Decorator, opposite the Queen's Theatre.

A CHAPTER FROM HISTORY.

ANOTHER INTERESTING CHAT WITH HON. WALDEGRAVE-LESLIE.

CARRYING DESPATCHES FROM NAPLES TO LONDON.

Reminiscences of Meetings With Great Men and Women—Jenny Lind at Niagara Falls and the Noisy Party in the Next Room,

So great an interest was manifested in the few reminiscences of the Hon. George Waldegrave-Leslie, which were published in the Herald on Thursday, that a reporter called at the Windsor to see him again last night, and found him quite willing to talk over his experiences in many lands. The charm of listening to a man who has seen the making of a half century's history is the more remarkable when it is remembered that he has been no idle spectator, but has taken active part in the events which he describes.

"The life of a man in the diplomatic service is not always the bed of roses which some people imagine," he said. "I have a very vivid recollection of one instance of that. On New Year's Day, 1859, the Emperor Napoleon III. held the usual levee in Paris, at which all the ambassadors were present. At this time relations between France and Austria were uncomfortably strained, and as Baron Huebner, the Austrian Minister, passed before the Emperor the latter said: "Il n'est pas le meme a present entre nous et vous comme autrefois." Of course, this rather enigmatic sentence spread like wildfire, and indeed it was generally thought to be tantamount to a declaration of war. What action Italy would take in such event became of immense importance, and as soon as word reached Naples Lord Odo Russell, the British quasi-representative there, felt it necessary to let Lord Palmerston know as quickly as possible what the feeling in Naples was. I being on the diplomatic staff, Lord Odo Russell (afterwards Lord Ampthill, British Ambassador at Berlin), wished to send some confidential person straight to London, and it fell to my lot to carry the message from Naples to Marseilles, there being no railroad then. It was a terrible journey. It took me eleven days posting day and night, part of the time in deep snow. Anything like decent sleep was out of the question, and you may judge how fatiguing the trip was when I tell you that I lost 14 pounds in weight in accomplishing it. At Marseilles I took the railroad through Paris and thence to London, where I handed my despatch to Lord Palmerston personally."

One phase of his career in which Mr. Waldegrave-Leslie seems to take especial pride was that he was selected to be principal secretary of the British Embassy at Constantinople during the latter portion of the "reign" of the great Elchi, Viscount Stratford de Redcliffe, who was ambassador there for fifty years. It was while in Constantinople that he became acquainted with Baron Ferdinand de Lesseps, with whom he kept up personal relations until the time of the great engineer's death.

"Another great man with whose personal acquaintance I am honored," remarked Mr. Leslie, "is Prince Bismarck. I met him at Frankfort-Am-Main two years ago, shortly after his dismissal by the young Kaiser. In conversation, he expressed the greatest devotion to the Kaiser, and hoped that the reconciliation, which has since been brought about, would be soon to arrive."

So his recollections went on, for Mr. Leslie had been employed by four Prime Ministers in confidential work — by the Earl of Aberdeen, Lord John Russell, Earl of Derby and Viscount Palmerston.

Speaking of newspapers and newspaper work, he came once under the cartoonist's gentle hand himself. It was after he carried Hastings for the first time, when he came in as a Liberal at the head of the poll, that Punch published a cartoon on October 1st (the first day of pheasant shooting), with Lord Palmerston as a hunter. Mr. Waldegrave-Leslie figured as a retriever, and as such he was laying a plump cock pheasant marked "Hastings," at his master's feet. Palmerston's comment was, "Well done, Waldegrave. I thought you'd bring it in."

But it is not only in political and diplomatic life that he has had odd experiences.

"When I was in Canada in 1851,' he said, "I was stopping for some time at the Clifton House, Niagara Falls. It so happened that Jenny Lind was making her American tour then, and the dry atmosphere of this country had so affected her voice that she had lost her upper and lower semi-tones. Her physician advised her to go to Niagara Falls, thinking that the dampness might restore these powers—which, by the way, it did. She was at the Clifton House, but, as luck would have it, she was placed in a room next to which was a very noisy party of young men. She objected, of course, and the landlord said that he would change their room and put them next a quiet young Englishman.

"I," added the old gentleman, with a chuckle, "was 'the quiet young Englishman.' At any rate I became well acquainted with the great singer, and was privileged on several occasions to hear her practice her wonderful trills, to the accompaniment of the deep diapason of the cataract.

"It was nearly twenty years before I saw her again, and this was in London at a dinner party, and was privileged to take her to dinner. She did not seem to remember me, but suddenly in the middle of dinner she turned around in her chair and embraced me, to the amusement of everybody, and cried out, 'Oh, my dear friend of Niagara. I did not recognize you at first, but I know you now.'"

A few days afterwards Mr. Leslie was sitting with Jenny Lind and her husband at one of Charles Dickens' readings. The great novelist was reading the scene from Oliver Twist in which Bill Sykes strangles Nancy. The audience was almost gasping with horror, and the cantatrice, hiding her face, said "Mr. Leslie, that acting is so terrible that you must make the Prime Minister stop it." The Prime Minister was sitting a few seats in front, and after the performance he was introduced to her. She remarked, laughingly, "My Lord, you'll have to account to God for allowing such an exhibition."

"I met Dickens the next day at the Athenaeum Club, and related the incident to him, when he said that he was much gratified, that it was one of the greatest compliments he had ever been paid," said Mr. Leslie, concluding the anecdote.

In finishing the interview Mr. Leslie mentioned the fourteen years that he acted as librarian of the House of Commons, and remarked that he prepared the duplicates for transmission to the Canadian House, where it gave him great pleasure to see them last year so neatly arranged in the Ottawa Parliament House library.

We have just received the latest style materials in Fine Vicunas, Cheviots, Serges and Fancy Suitings. Kelly Bros., 1691-1697 Notre Dame.

TREND OF TRADE.

BRADSTREET'S AND DUN'S REVIEWS OF THE PAST WEEK.

Reaction in the High Prices of Several Staples—Continued Boom in Iron Industries, Bank Clearances and Business Failures.

New York, Sept. 6.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s review says: There is no real reaction in business. Gains which were recognized as temporary are vanishing, but there remains a decided increase over last year at this date, although prices average 8 per cent. lower than a year ago. It needs no keen observer to see that the reaction against rapid advance of prices is strong. Hides were the first to rise, but a decided break has come. Coke was suddenly raised to $1.40, but has recently sold at $1.10. Wheat jumped over 20 cents to 84 cents, but is now slow of sale at about 65. Wool was late in rising, but has lost about an eighth of a cent in average price within the past fortnight. Iron still rises, the miners' strike having hindered shipments of ore, but with troops guarding the ore it begins to move. Cotton is strong, but has paused. The general tendency to curtail purchases where prices have notably advanced grows clearer in boots and shoes, in wool and in some products of iron. The combinations have again advanced prices of bar iron $2 per ton, and of wire nails 20 cents per keg, while Bessemer is quoted at $17.40 at Pittsburg. Special causes are the wholly unprecedented bridge building, the continued demand for buildings in cities, and heavy ship building on the lakes. Consumption already hesitates, and railroads have not much expanded their demand for rails. Copper is also a shade weaker, with large supplies; tin, with 26,390 tons in visible stock, domestic and foreign, and lead, with sales of 1,500 tons domestic.

In the boot and shoe industry many shops are discharging hands, and in woolen manufacture a few works are closing for want of orders.

The brightest feature in all the horizon is the certainty that the crop of corn will be enormous. Frosts now can only affect a small fraction, and the surplus will go into manufacture of meats, because at 35.7 cents at New York, nearly 4c lower than a week ago, there is no other profitable use for corn. The latest reports of wheat threshing induced the best western judges to raise their estimates of yield over 40,000,000 bushels, and with 450,000,000 bushels added to 70,000,000 brought over, the supply will exceed all probable demands. The price has again dropped about 3c, and with western receipts of 4,550,104 bushels, against 5,564,210 last year. Atlantic exports have been only 1,347,352 bushels, flour included, against 2,799,860 last; Pacific shipments continuing large.

Failures for the week have been 186 in the United States, against 219 last year, an din Canada 38, against 47 last year.

Bradstreet's to-morrow, will say: Favorable crop report from nearly all directions, and a continuance of the boom in steel and iron continue to characterize the general trade situation. Latest advices as to the corn crop, have replaced anxiety with confidence in the larger estimates of the size of that crop, and satisfaction with the outlook for trade this autumn. Harvesting and threshing are interfering a little with business in the spring wheat country, yet Duluth, Minneapolis and St. Paul jobbers in general lines are pushing for new business. In South Dakota and Washington, farmers show no disposition to sell their grain. California reports perfect weather for harvesting. The other side to the crop outlook is found in Texas, where worms are said to have seriously damaged cotton in some sections. Iron and steel prices have advanced from $1 to $2 further, and demand at this time continues in excess of the output, which probably almost equals the largest preceding rate of production.

All finished products are beginning to show the effects of higher prices for raw iron and steel in corresponding advances. Western iron and steel mills have orders to keep them busy into 1896, and refuse to name prices for future delivery. Apparently every mill and furnace in the country is at work, and the current fiscal year will probably break the record of production. As nearly all iron makers bought a year's supply of ore at lowest prices, advances in wages and other items of cost to manufacturers have been more than equalled by the advance of prices. Diversity of demand and certainty of heavy requests yet to come forward, point to the iron and steel boom as the greatest on record here.

Exports of wheat from both coasts, United States and Canada, this week amount to 2,260,000 bushels, against 1,871,923 bushels last week, 3,207,000 bushels in the week a year ago, 4,902,000 bushels two years ago, 3,567,000 bushels in the week in 1892, and 4,726,000 bushels in the like week in 1891. Indian corn exports continue to expand. In the third week of August the total sent out was 1,124,000 bushels, and this week it is 1,405,000 bushels, the heaviest week's shipments this year, compared with 127,000 bushels in the week a year ago, and 672,000 bushels two years ago.

Bradstreet's reports the total bank clearings in 85 principal cities of the United States for the week as $914,840,999, an increase of 15.1 per cent. Outside New York city the clearings were $394,697,653, an increase of 1.5 per cent.

The clearings for the Dominion of Canada were: Montreal, $9,476,662, increase 12 per cent.; Toronto, $5,028,092, increase 27 per cent.; Halifax, $940,194, decrease 8.9 per cent.; Winnipeg, $798,483, increase 13.7 per cent.; Hamilton, $512,374, decrease 19 per cent.; totals, $16,785,805, increase 13.5 per cent.

Bradstreet's state of trade says: Fall trade at Toronto has opened quite satisfactorily, the volume of orders placed, particularly on millinery, being ahead of last year. Crops in the Province of Quebec are fairly good. Country merchants have asked for renewals rather more frequently than expected. Montreal reports general trade somewhat behind expectations. Nova Scotia country merchants are buying very conservatively. In New Brunswick crop prospects are fair. There are thirty-three business failures reported from the Dominion of Canada this week, against forty-two last week, twenty-nine in the week a year ago, and twenty-seven two years ago. Bank clearings at Winnipeg, Toronto, Montreal, Hamilton and Halifax amount to $16,785,000 this week, against $16,907,000 last week and $14,876,000 in the week a year ago.

The Society of Arts of Canada, 1668 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Distributions every Wednesday.
Value of prizes ranging from $4 to $5,000, tickets 25 cents.
Value of prizes ranging from $2 to $2,000, tickets 10 cents.

Spanish Minister Resigns.

Madrid, Sept. 6.—The Dia announces that Senor Castellano, Minister for the Colonies, has resigned.

The Only Cigar Store on the Square.

Just received a case of Thomas Gutierrez's "Azucenas" cigars, 10 cents straight, or $8.00 per hundred; also a fine line of tobaccos, including Ross' famous cut plug, and his own importation of "El Progress," "Liliputanos," the smallest and sweetest of all five-cent smokes. Ross, 20 Chaboillez Square.

IT WILL INJURE THEIR PROPERTY.

THE G.T.R. BOATING CLUB CONCERNED ABOUT THE VERDUN DYKE.

THE GUARD PIER CONDEMNED ON SANITARY GROUNDS.

The Gas Question to be Considered at the Next Meeting of Council.

There was a largely attended meeting of the City Council yesterday afternoon. The Mayor presided. Those present were: Aldermen Connaughton, Lefebvre, Turner, Jacques, Grothe, Lyall, Leclerc, Rencault, McBride, Farrell, Hurtubise, Savignac, Brunet, Rainville, Dupre, Prenoveau, Beausoleil, Marsolais, Nolan, Costigan, Stevenson and Robert.

A letter was first read from Mr. S. C. Stevenson, secretary of the Montreal Exposition Company, asking that a civic holiday be proclaimed during exhibition time. This was left for the consideration of the next meeting.

A letter from the Minister of Railways informed the Council that the Street Railway cars could cross the Canadian Pacific Railway tracks on St. Denis Street to-day.

A petition was presented from the General and Notre Dame Hospitals asking for $500 for the maintenance of their ambulance service. This matter was referred to the Finance Committee.

The report of the Provincial Board of Health was next considered. It condemned the guard pier on account of the unsanitary condition of things that it would occasion. This pier would cause the water to become stagnant; already many offices had to be removed from the river front because the water is a menace to the health of citizens. The sewerage pouring into the basin would surely prove very detrimental and dangerous. The report asked the Council to take action.

Alderman Stevenson believed that all the statements made against the basin were not altogether well founded. For the last forty-seven years, that he has had an opportunity to observe it, the water was always foul; and this year it is even somewhat improved, though the dyke is under way. The subject was sent to the Finance and Water Committees for consideration.

The next matter for attention was a petition of the Grand Trunk Boating Club asking that the line of the dyke on the property of the city at Verdun be changed. The club protested strongly against the dyke, and there was a deputation of officers present.

Alderman Jacques moved, seconded by Alderman Turner, "that the municipality of Verdun having decided to build a dyke on the city's ground, now occupied by the Grand Trunk Boating Club, it will destroy the grounds and prevent an exit to the river, and consequently the matter should be referred to the Water and Finance Committees."

Alderman Stevenson was opposed to the intention of sending the matter to any committees. The Council should attend to it at once; otherwise it would never be considered. The line of the dyke would destroy the uses of the club and depreciate the city property. At present the club has beautified the place, and it forms a delightful park, maintained in excellent condition.

Ald. Costigan maintained that it would occasion small cost to change the line, and consequently it would be unnecessary to refer the matter to the Finance Committee. He advised the change of the line.

Ald. McBride wanted the Council to remedy the matter instanter, but Ald. Lyall wanted it to be referred to the Finance Committee.

Ald. Connaughton maintained that the affair would only concern the contractors and the municipality of Verdun. Ald. Stevenson, seconded by Ald. Costigan, moved that the petition be granted and that the line be changed without cost to the city. This was carried.

Ald. Robert asked the Mayor if anything more had been done in the matter of gas. His Worship said that the matter is still in statu quo; but it would be considered at the next monthly meeting of Council.

Ald. Lyall asked the Mayor if anything would be done to entertain the visiting sailors. He was told that the admiral would return next week, and they might be entertained then. Ald. Lyall—"But will any further expense be incurred by the city in regard to the entertainment?"

The Mayor—"Well, the Finance Committee did nothing yesterday. I suppose they will vote something."

The committee then adjourned.

We are now showing the lates in Fancy Suitings, Vestings and Fall Overcoatings. Kelly Bros 1691-1697 Notre Dame.

Gold From Cape Colony.

Capetown, Sept. 6.—The amount of gold exported from Cape Colony during the month of August was £830,623. Yesterday £96,000 in gold was shipped to London.

We are making the best Dress Suits, silk or satin lined, for $35.00. Kelly Bros., 1691-1697 Notre Dame.

A Palliating Circumstance.

"Bumply seems wonderfully well satisfied with himself."

"Yes, there's nothing you can mention that he doesn't think he knows all about."

"Well, I suppose you can't blame him. He has no children old enough to ask questions and take the conceit out of him."—Philadelphia Item.

Don't forget to go to the Jacques Cartier County Fair at Bel-Air Grounds, Dorval, Sept. 10th.

Sociological.

Watts—"I'll bet that if women are allowed the ballot we will have socialism in less than ten years."

Potts—"That is all you know about it. With socialism there would be no business competition and with no business competition there would be no bargain sales. So that settles your notion right from the start."—Exchange.

Don't forget to go to the Jacques Cartier County Fair at Bel-Air Grounds, Dorval, Sept. 10th.

The largest bee hive in the world is probably that at Bee Rock, Cal. It is a granite boulder, rising abruptly from the bed of a little affluent of the Arroyo Alcade, and it is seamed and scored with fissures of divers sizes. They are all inhabited by a vast population of bees and overflow with honey.

CAMPBELL'S QUININE WINE

CURES: Dyspepsia, low spirits, loss of appetite, painful digestion, malaria, and gives tone and vigour to the whole system.

Be sure you get CAMPBELL'S.

EASY TO PLAY

You do not have to be a performer on any instrument to produce the best music ever composed from the AEOLIAN. You can play the Aeolian in a week or two. Come find out all about it at our showrooms.

Ratte Piano Co
1676 Notre Dame Street.

PARLOR Suites, from $20 up.
DINING-ROOM Suites, from $15 up.
LIBRARY-ROOM Suites, from $25 up.
SITTING-ROOM Suites, from $15 up.
BED-ROOM Suites, from $10 up.

Look at our large show windows when passing. They furnish more complete information than can be given in this paper.

Owen McGarvey & Son,
1849 to 1853 Notre Dame St.

We're Mantel Makers

In Latest Designs ! At Smallest Cost !

We're new to you, but cheap to deal with. Fire places, Window Linings, Bath Rooms, Counter Tops, Gas Logs and Grates. We are practical TILE LAYERS. Repairs of all kinds promptly attended to.

MURRAY, BALL & CO.,
40 Bleury St.

FALLING LEAVES.

Even the leaves will turn, and the evening breeze will warn us of a change in temperature. It don't pay to take chances in contracting colds. Be prepared for any change that is liable to present itself. Your Summer Underwear is too light just now; substitute them with a Suit of our fine All-Wool Scotch Underwear, medium weight. We have a large stock of them. All new arrivals. Fall styles. Beautiful effects in Neckwear. Try one of our excellent White Dress Shirts, with Manhattan Neck Band---price, One Dollar. Best in Canada.

Munroe Brothers,
2246 St. Catherine Street.



Hair Switches

15 PER CENT. REDUCTION.

All our Stem Switches must be sold during September. Rare chance for ladies. Do not miss this opportunity.

PALMER'S, - - - - 1745 Notre Dame Street.

Fathers and Mothers

Just think of the awful risk your children and yourselves are running at the present time by drinking impure water.

Don't Drink Poisonous Microbes

Which are floating by the **millions**, but call and see the **Crystal Filter** in operation, the only practical filtering and purifying of water by the new automatic, self-cleaning sectional Filter. We are open Saturday Afternoon.

Correspondence by mail promptly attended to.

CRYSTAL FILTER CO.,
Tel. 1776. Mechanics' Building, 116 St. Peter Street.

Our Fall Opening

of the handsomest fall suitings at low prices is one of the attractions on Notre Dame Street. Come see some suits that are just what you want. Guaranteed to please you.

R. SEATH & SON,
1817 Notre Dame Street.

THESE HIGH GRADE

PIANOS

WILL NOT BE SHOWN AT THE MONTREAL EXHIBITION, BUT IN OUR WAREROOMS, 213 ST. JAMES ST.

WE EXTEND TO VISITORS TO MONTREAL, AND TO OUR CITIZENS GENERALLY, A CORDIAL INVITATION TO COME IN AND HEAR OUR PIANOS.

IF A PIANO IS WANTED, AND WE CAN PLEASE YOU, SO MUCH THE BETTER. IF NOT, YOU WILL BE ENTIRELY WELCOME ANYWAY.

STEINWAY,
CHICKERING,
NORDHEIMER,
EVERETT,
STERLING.

Nordheimers

213 St. James Street, Montreal.

This Way Leads To Fortune...

Take the straight path. All good sidewalks which lead to J. G. Kennedy & Co.'s Clothing Stores. Their clothing is noted for durability of materials, superior workmanship and low prices. A famous range of boys' school suits just received. Don't fail to see them.

J. G. KENNEDY & CO.,
31 St. Lawrence Street and 2588 Notre Dame Street.

Cottage Dinner Sets.

We have a nice line of Dinner Sets which we are offering for $5.25 a set. **Stop to think,** a Dinner Set for $5.25—cheaper than common white ware. We have lots of them. Send for a set.

A. T. WILEY & CO.,
1803 Notre Dame and 2341 St. Catherine Sts.

Correct Observatory Time

J. B. WILLIAMSON,
— IMPORTER OF —



Diamond Rings, set in fine gold, guaranteed, from $7.00 up.
Ladies' Gold Watches from $7.00 up Guaranteed.
Ladies' Silver Watches, $4.00 up.
Jewellery manufactured to order. Designs submitted free of charge.
Ships' Chronometers Rated.
Fine Watch Repairing a Specialty.

J. B. WILLIAMSON,
1741 Notre Dame Street.

5c School Supplies.

Slates, Pencils, etc., Book Bags, from 15c to 35c.

Wm. Semmelhaack,
83 St. Lawrence St.

Don't Do It !

Don't take a poor cigar when it is offered you over a counter, but say "Give me a

Rosatana Cigar,"

and you'll get it.

Havana Cigar Co.

Go Away to School

and get a mattress to take with you. We have several kinds, all cheap—for the worth that's in them.

T. E. & A. Martin,
Furniture Dealer,
1924 Notre Dame St.
Open Evenings.

HELP BUSINESS

Our desks do. Better see us about qualities, workmanship and prices. We compete with any. Price $10 and up.

Tees & Co., Desk Makers.
300 St. James Street

To Postage Stamp Collectors . . .

24 Genuine Japanese Stamps and 4 Post Cards for 25c—Post free, from the Montreal agent of Tokio firm.

A. T. Chapman,
2407 St. Catherine St., Montreal.

Our Big Waggon

is pretty busy with the traffic our money-saving customers bring us, but we can accommodate a few more buyers, and will guarantee you the best at lowest possible figures, on time or cash down.

Bedroom Sets..$10 and up
Dining Sets.....$18 and up
Parlor Sets.....$20 and up

H. A. Wilder & Co.,
232-234 McGill St.

The Montreal Herald is published daily at 603 Craig Street, by the Montreal Herald Company; Edward Holton, President; Alexander McLean, Managing-Director.

PAGES 9 TO 12. **Montreal Daily Herald** PAGES 9 TO 12.

MONTREAL DAILY HERALD, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1895.—12 PAGES.

SPANISH ATROCITIES IN CUBA.

CUBAN WOMEN AND CHILDREN RUTHLESSLY BUTCHERED.

AGE, SEX AND CONDITION WHOLLY DISREGARDED.

A Young Lady Tortured to Death by Degrees.

New York, Sept. 6.—The Press says: Atrocities by Spaniards, as revolting as those committed by the Japanese at Port Arthur, have been reported to the Cuban revolutionary party in New York. Enrique Trujillo, editor of El Porvenir, has received a letter from Juan Maspons Franco, chief of the staff under General Maximo Gomez, the commander-in-chief of the insurgent army, who sends details of the capture and re-capture of the city of Bairo and the massacre of thirty-seven inoffensive Cubans—mostly women and children—by the Spaniards under Commander Garrido.

On Tuesday morning, according to Col. Franco's letter, a company of insurgents under Jose Rabi surprised the Spanish garrison in the fortress commanding the city of Bairo, killing more then seventy men and taking fifty-six prisoners. They captured a large quantity of arms and persuaded the prisoners to enlist in the insurgent ranks.

An hour later three companies of Spanish troops, under Commander Garrido, came up, and after a short, but sharp resistance, the Cubans fled, leaving the fortress again in the hands of the invaders. Soon after the fort had been regarrisoned with Spaniards one of the companies broke loose and began to pillage the city. Commander Garrido himself, Franco states, led the uniformed rioters.

Col. Franco describes graphically the scenes of horror that followed. The Spaniards were wild for the spilling of blood. Every human creature who came in their path was ruthlessly slain. Within five minutes the streets of Bairo were deserted by the panic-stricken natives, but the Spanish followed them into their houses and killed them in their own rooms.

"Age, sex and condition were wholly disregarded by these liveried butchers," says Col. Franco. "Old and young women, children, even infants, were slaughtered one after another.

"Shocking indignities were offered to the unfortunate victims before and after death. The Spanish soldiers stamped on the bodies of those whom they had slain, and ground their heels into the faces of many who were still living.

"Senorita Doloreas Madera, a beautiful girl of 18, betrothed to one of Capt. Rabi's lieutenants, was seized on the street, cruelly beaten, repeatedly stabbed with bayonets and brutally insulted. Commander Garrido was in the neighborhood while this outrage was perpetraded."

One of Garrido's captains commanded the girl to renounce her Cuban sweetheart and swear loyalty to the Spanish Government. She scornfully refused, whereupon the captain struck her across the face with his sword, inflicting a terrible gash. With blood streaming down her face she taunted the Spaniards with their cowardice. Thereupon the maddened soldiers seized her, bound her hands and feet, threw a noose around her neck and hanged her to a tree. The torture of Senorita Madera was prolonged as much as possible. She was drawn up slowly and allowed to strangle by degrees. While she was still alive, but no longer conscious, her body was riddled with bullets.

St. Patrick's Organ

His Grace Mgr. Fabre has kindly consented to take under his distinguished patronage the two sacred concerts to be given on October 1st and 2nd for the inauguration of the new organ of St. Patrick's Church.

Confirmation at Back River.

The Bishop of Montreal will pay his annual visit to St. Andrew's Church, Sault au Recollet, on Sunday, Sept. 8. A confirmation service will be held, commencing at 11.15. Strangers welcomed, all seats being free.

Night Schools.

In reply to "A Reader of the Evening Herald," and for the benefit of others interested, it may be stated that the night schools opened last year on Oct. 8, closing on March 15, 1895. The Government have not as yet declared their intention regarding their continuance, but they will probably be re-opened about the end of this month.

Hostile to the Church.

La Verite of Quebec says: Everyone knows our way of looking at Labor Day; it is an invention of the sects hostile to the church with the aim of replacing religious fetes by civic fetes. Already, as we know, the church has been obliged to diminish the number of its fetes d'obligation. The Chronicle finds that there are still too many of them, but let us keep Labor Day, it says! That is the spirit which is at the bottom of this invention."

Hits of the Traffic.

Judge Dugas presided yesterday in the Court of Special Sessions.

Four disorderly housekeepers named Mary Robertson, May Archibald, Emma Bougie and Minnie Lamarche, respectively, were fined $150 and costs or three months in default. Francis Dansereau, a saloon-keeper, of Varennes, was next fined $75 and costs or three months in default for selling liquor on Sunday.

John McLanagan, restaurant keeper, Mount Royal Park, and Arcade Depatie, restaurant keeper, St. Helen's Island, next pleaded guilty to selling lager on Sunday. They were fined $60 and costs or three months in default. Hugh McMorrow, saloon-keeper, McGill Street, followed suit for selling liquor on Sunday and was fined $75 and costs or three months in default. Catherine Murray, who keeps a grocery shop corner of Richardson and Montmorency Streets, concluded the batch by pleading guilty to selling liquor on draught in her store. She was fined $150 and costs or three in default and her certificate was annulled.

John Nelson, a fireman on board the S.S. Vancouver, was fined $10 or one month hard labor for blacking the eye of a sailor on board the warship Magicienne.

The morning's work was concluded with five fireman on the S.S. Vancouver being fined $1 and costs for absenting themselves without leave.

MEANT MURDER.

DARING BURGLARS HAVE A BUSY NIGHT.

Several Stores Opened in St. James Methodist Church Neighborhood.

Burglars were on the rampage in the neighborgood of St. James Methodist Church yesterday.

About 2.30 a.m. they succeeded in getting into J. J. Keating's grocery store, corner Bleury and Ontario Streets. They ransacked the safe and cash drawer and wound up by taking about $100 worth of choice preserves, sardines, cordials, etc. The visit cost Mr. Keating $150.

"Did you not inform the police?" asked a Herald reporter, and Mr. Keating burst into a fit of laughter.

"Inform the police? Great heavens, no. I'd rather save my time and clear up the store. The police can't catch anything," he declared vehemently.

When the burglars had safely laid away the spoils of their visit they tried the door of Mr. Bridgeman's butcher shop, corner Aylmer and Berthelet Streets, but evidently concluded to first visit the opposite corner where Mr. Baker has a well-stocked grocery store.

As they reached the Baker door Mr. Bridgeman awoke, and strangely enough walked to his bedroom window, where he had a full view of the two men, one carrying a dark lantern, the other a revolver. While the lantern man kept guard the other laid his weapon down, and with a diamond commenced to cut the plate glass in the door window.

To raise an outcry was Mr. Bridgeman's first impulse, but his thoughtful wife reminded him of the revolver. Soon the diamond did its work, and in stepped one of the men. Cautiously he crept around the store for a few moments, then came back and handed to his chum Mr. Baker's cash box.

This was too much for Mr. Bridgeman. "Police! police!" he cried, and Mr. Burglar, startled in his work, sprang to his revolver, and as quickly pointing it blazed away at the witness to the crime. Theatre Royal climaxes were not in it. As a bullet went flying past Mr. Bridgeman bravely ran to another window and shouted to a passing cabman to ring for the police.

The alarm was sounded and with bells clanging and horses snorting the great police carryall came tearing through the streets. Pandemonium was there. People left their beds and screamed murder and Mr. Bridgeman waited patiently for the finest. The patrol dashed up and the men sprang to the ground, but to the amazement of all the burglars had gone.

And they haven't been seen since.

GRANT WITHHELD.

The Ontario Government and the Ottawa Christian Brothers.

(Special to the Herald.)

Ottawa, Sept. 6.—The Ontario Government has for the present withheld its money grant to the Separate School Board. This is an outcome of the trouble over the continued employment of the Christian Brothers by the board, notwithstanding that they are not possessed of the necessary qualifications required by the Ontario school law, as the recent enquiry showed. This will bring the whole question to a speedy settlement.

Inspector McMichael, of Toronto, has been offered the position of commissioner of customs at Ottawa. Mr. Kilvert, of Hamilton, had the first offer, but declined.

THE LEADER ARRESTED.

Fomenter of the Ku-Cheng Anti-Christian Riots Jailed.

Hong Kong, Sept. 6.—The leader of the Ku-Cheng riots, in which a number of English and American missionaries were killed, has been arrested. An attempt was made by Chinese soldiers to kidnap this person in the hope of securing the reward which had been offered for his delivery to the authorities.

The total number of arrests thus far of those concerned in the Ku-Cheng massacre is 130. Twenty-three of the number have been convicted, but up to this time sentence has not been passed upon any of them, the Vice-Roy of Fu-Kien demanding the right to review the evidence adduced at the trials.

GERMAN EVENTS.

Emperor William and the Socialists—Freedom of the Press.

London, Sept. 6.—An editorial in the Times, commenting on Emperor William's appeal to the guards against the Socialists, says: "It is easy to attach exaggerated importance to such phrases uttered in the heat of a patriotic address. The occasion was one of national rejoicing, and it is hardly conceivable that it was meant to convey a direct threat of military action. All the same, it is important as revealing the anxiety of the Imperial mind over the magnitude and vitality of the Socialist party. If the Emperor's speeches shall lead the middle classes to meditate seriously upon the danger of Socialism the question will be settled without invoking the guards or even resorting to the antiquated and futile expedient of press prosecution, except for incitement to crime."

A Berlin despatch to the Times says that the prohibited Sedan Socialist meetings were held yesterday. Herr Auer, in speaking, declared that the Socialists were not the enemies of the Empire, and that if a fresh war were to break out with France on account of the Imperial provinces of Alsace-Lorraine the German Socialists would certainly not agree to the cession of the provinces.

The Vorwaerts declares that it will appeal against a new attack on the freedom of the press.

THE INSURANCE FRAUD.

Dr. Fraker Identified by President Davis of the Kansas.

Topeka, Kansas, Sept. 6.—President J P. Davis, of the Kansas Mutual Life Insurance Company, insists that there is no shadow of doubt that the man arrested at Towers is George W. Fraker and says it will be but a short time before all interested must admit it. The insurance companies, he says, would make no attempt to secure the money until all were satisfied.

Fatal Fight Between Squaws.

Wheatly, Ont., Sept. 6.—Yesterday some Indians living about seven miles east of here went with baskets to Leamington, where they secured liquor and got drunk. After returning home two of the squaws, named Mrs. Jos. Peters and Mrs. Thos. Dodge, got into a fight, which resulted in the former striking the latter on the head with a club, killing her instantly.

WHO CONTROLS THE HORSE?

A QUESTION WHICH THE HEALTH COMMITTEE HAD TO SETTLE.

TROUBLE OVER THE CONTRACT FOR SUPPLYING BRAN.

Some Complaints of the Mayor Investigated—Another Morgue Site Offered.

A meeting of the Health Committee was held yesterday. Ald. Beausoleil presided, and Ald. Hurtubise, Nolan, Brunet, Lyall, Leclerc and Turner were present.

It was agreed that $200 should be offered Mr. Champagne, the boiler inspector, for services rendered the department. The secretary then read the minutes of previous meeting in order to let the committee see whether power had been granted to any one to authorize architects to make plans for the civic hospitals.

Ald. Lyall felt that no alderman should make plans without the authorization of the committee, and it seemed queer to him that an account should be presented to the committee by Perrault and Mann for several thousand dollars.

Ald. Beausoleil said that the committee had asked for plans; they had discussed them, altered and had offered suggestions; the committee could not have expected the architects to do that work for nothing. He would not say that they should be paid, but he wished to show the position of the committee in its true light.

Ald. Leclerc asked that the matter be left on the table till the next meeting. This was done.

Charles Thackray & Co. were awarded $50 for an office that they had erected on Gregory farm, and which will be serviceable to the city.

Joseph Collette, who was awarded the contract for bran, because the lowest tenderer had refused, sent notice to the committee that he also would refuse to furnish the bran. The committee authorized Mr. Morin to purchase the best at the lowest market price.

Mr. Morin was then called in, because Sanitary Engineer Dore complained that Mr. Morin would not cause his horse to be sent to him when he wanted to go anywhere.

The committee allowed Mr. Morin to understand that Mr. Dore is his superior officer, and that he must obey him.

The chairman then asked Mr. Morin if it were true, as the Mayor stated yesterday at the meeting of the Finance Committee that he (Mr. Morin) could save in fodder alone $3,000 to the Health Committee.

Mr. Morin said that he never had anything to do with the mayor and he never gave him any facts or figures.

Ald. Nolan asked him if he had made the statement to any one. Mr. Morin said that he had not done so, and moreover he could operate a saving; to do so would depend on the fluctuations of the market.

The chairman also referred to the statement of the mayor that there are too many employes at the incinerator. The majority of the committee was of the opinion that the staff could not be reduced if an efficient service were to be maintained. To diminish the number would be to cause the men to work twelve hours a day at very severe work, and some aldermen were personally aware of the severe work demanded from the men. Ald. Lyall wanted to give the superintendent a chance to economize, as he said he might be able to do the work with less men, but the committee objected, for the reason above mentioned.

Dr. Laberge made a report on the advisability of buying the building of the School of Medicine and Surgery, situated on Pine Avenue. He said that it was admirably situated in an isolated place, and would answer very well for a morgue. The building is good and well lighted and the rooms are high. There would be sufficient apartments. As regards the locality, the doctor stated that the coroner would be more competent to give an opinion; and as for repairs, he could say nothing, though he believed they would be costly. The building and grounds were offered to the city for a morgue for the sum of $55,000. It is the building of the old Victoria Faculty of Medicine.

The matter was left over, and the committee adjourned.

FROM THE CAPITAL.

A. P. Low's Explorations in Labrador—Strike Settled.

Ottawa, Sept. 5.—A. P. Low, of the Geological Department, has returned after completing his explorations in the interior of Labrador. He and his party started inward from a point opposite Anticosti, going northward about 500 miles. For two months it rained continuously. In making a portage one of the party, an Indian, was drowned. The country through which the party travelled, like the rest of Labrador, is only valuable for its mineral resources. Mr. Low states that there is an abundance of iron ore everywhere, and good beds of copper. Indications of silver were seen; in places there were forests of some size, but the timber is small on account of the severity of the climate.

The following directors have been appointed at a meeting of the Ottawa and Gatineau Railway Company: Mr. H. J. Beemer, Mr. M. S. Lonergan, Mr. J. P. Mullarky, of Montreal; Mr. W. Dale Harris, Mr. J. M. W. Currie, Ottawa; Mr. E. A. Hoare and Harry G. Beemer, Quebec. After the election of officers the meeting adjourned until October 5, in order to give time to prepare the semi-annual reports.

The strike on the Central Counties Railway is now over. The 140 men who struck last week for their arrears in wages have gone back to work. The difficulty has been settled by the Canada Atlantic Railway agreeing to complete the line, taking it altogether out of the hands of the contractors and re-engaging the men. The company, however, do not assumes any of the contractors' indebtedness, but will merely finish the line.

A writ was issued at the Court House to-day by O'Gara, MacTavish & Gemmill, at the instance of John C. McDonald, of the Auditor-General's office, claiming $10,000 damages from the Ottawa Electric Street Railway Company for alleged negligence on the part of the company's servants, whereby he had his leg fractured in two places. The accident occurred on the Civic holiday, while Mr. McDonald was alighting from an electric car on Wellington Street, in front of the Parliament Buildings. Mr. McDonald claims the car did not stop a sufficient length of time to allow him to get off.

A writ has been issued by Mr. P. Larmonth, assignee of the McCullough estate, against George W. and Margaret McCullough, which promises to raise an interesting point. The writ claims that the assignee is entitled to the stock of the Crown Pressed Brick Company, which the insolvent, Mr. G. W. McCullough, signed over to his wife previous to becoming insolvent, and which it is now claimed was bought by Mr. McCullough with his own money. The inspectors of the estate, D. M. Finnie, of the Bank of Ottawa, and N. C. Sparks, instructed Mr. Larmonth as assignee to have the writ issued.

CRAWFORD'S DIVE.

CROWN PROSECUTOR QUINN HAS A FEW WORDS TO SAY.

A Possibility That Scores of Prominent Men Will be Put in the Witness Box.

The Herald's exposure of the Crawford gambling dive was widely discussed on the street and among police and gambling circles.

When Major Bond, president of the Citizens' League, was called upon he was delighted with the exposure. "It is just the thing we want," he said. "The Herald can and is doing an immense amount of good."

Inspector Richardson, of the C. L., was called upon by a Herald reporter, to whom he said: "Yes, I have reason to believe that every line that was in the Herald is true. We are watching the place day and night since your write up."

Messrs. McGibbon and Davidson are ready at a moment's notice to lay the information against the proprietor and his assistants as soon as someone will swear to it. At least three men say they will take an oath that the wheel is there, but it is known that a chance will be given Crawford to close up, so that it will not be necessary to call the men as witnesses whose names have been secured. The Herald list alone numbers forty-two men who have played within the past month.

CROWN PROSECUTOR TALKS.

"Let any citizen come to me and complain of that gambling house, corner of Sherbrooke and St. Dominique Streets, which was so graphically described in the Herald, and I will at once ask the magistrate to take action so that a bill may be laid before the grand jury," sharply remarked Crown Prosecutor Quinn this morning.

"At present my hands and those of my confrere, Mr. Archambault, are tied. We have no power to interfere on our own account. If we had the powers granted to Crown Prosecutors in Ontario you can rest assured the place would at once be raided. I am surprised that such a dangerous dive should have been allowed to exist. The police and detectives must have known of its existence or they are worthless. It is terrible to think that such dens can operate in our midst to the ruin of what otherwise are respectable citizens. The Herald has done noble work in exposing it. As I said before, if we had power and a staff of detectives at our disposal such places would not be allowed to exist 24 hours. Give us the power and they shall be stamped out."

SUGAR BOUNTY DECISION.

Part of the Act of Congress Unconstitutional.

Washington, D.C., Sept. 6.—Comptroller Bowler, at 4 p.m. yesterday, promulgated his decision in the now famous sugar bounty question. He holds that, as comptroller, he has jurisdiction to pass upon the claims for sugar bounties, and also holds that that part of the act of Congress making an appropriation for the payment of sugar bounty claims is unconstitutional.

ILLEGAL CITY WARRANTS.

Chicago's Attempted Issue Falls Through After Investigation.

Chicago, Sept. 6.—The sale by Comptroller Wetherell of $1,500,000 Chicago city warrants is reported to have fallen through. The sale was made to the New York firm of Kuhn, Loeb and Company, and was conditional upon the legality of the issue. According to advices received here, Kuhn, Loeb and Company, after investigation, refused the issue upon advice of Attorney W. B. Hornblower.

HEALYITE BEATEN.

Farrell Elected for Kerry by 1,209 Against 474.

Dublin, Sept. 6.—The Parliamentary election in Kerry, where so much bitterness was caused by the nomination of a candidate by the Healyites in opposition to the candidate previously put forward by the followers of Mr. Justin McCarthy, has resulted in the choice of Farrell, the McCarthyite nominee, by 1,209 votes, against 474 votes cast for Murphy, the Healyite.

ILLEGAL STILL SEIZED.

Two Thousand Gallons of Whisky on the Premises.

(Special to the Herald.)

Quebec, Sept. 6.—Customs Officer Edmond Trudel has succeeded in seizing one of the biggest stills that ever existed in this vicinity. Early this morning the officer went to Jos. Barbeau's residence, tinsmith, No. 26 Sous le Cap Street, Palais Ward, and found the illicit machine, with a big cistern, containing some two thousand gallons of fermenting whisky. A rectificator of the most modern type was also found. Barbeau is away in the country and is expected back to-night.

Insurance in Peru.

Lima, Peru, Sept. 6.—A bill has been presented to Congress to compel foreign life, fire and marine insurance companies to deposit 50,000 sols in government bonds.

Gallagher Knocks Out Turner.

San Francisco, Sept. 6.—Billy Gallagher, of New York; and Charlie Turner (colored) of Stockton, fought last night before the Colma Athletic Club. Turner was knocked out in the fifth round.

Arch-Duke Ladislas Dead.

Buda Pest, Sept. 6.—The Arch-Duke Ladislas died to-day from the injuries which he received by the accidental discharge of his gun while he was hunting in the forest of Agra on Monday.

Escape of a Hardened Criminal.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 6.—George Blackburn, one of the best known criminals in Ohio, and who has been in the penitentiary almost continuously since 1853, has escaped from the penitentiary. His prison suit was found on the bank of Scioto River among the weeds. He was a "trusty."

Terrific Thunderstorm in Michigan.

Ishreming, Mich., Sept. 6.—A fierce thunderstorm attended by a furious gale is raging here. The Carp River District is a lake of fire for more than a mile in length. The entire peat bed must go, and Camp Ishpeming will be demolished. Trees are falling on every hand, and general confusion has supplanted order. Many sleeping colliers have been covered by branches of trees that have gone down before the wind. There are no deaths, but many narrow escapes are reported.

BOMB THROWER CAPTURED.

ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP ROTHSCHILDS' BANK.

THE BROTHER OF PAWELS WHO THREW THE MADELEINE BOMB.

He Defiantly Declares Himself to be an Anarchist.

Paris, Sept. 6.—De Rothschilds' banking house in this city was the scene yesterday of another Nihilistic attempt. At 3.20 o'clock a man entered the bank from the Rue Lafitte. In the vestibule a detective, who was on guard there, saw the stranger trying to light the fuse of a bomb which he carried with a cigarette. The ashes on the cigarette prevented the ready ignition of the fuse, and the man, seeing that he was observed, threw the bomb upon the carpeted floor. The weapon did not explode, and the man was arrested. When he was taken to the police office he boldly avowed himself an Anarchist.

The culprit was miserably dressed, and a razor and brush were found upon him, so it is supposed he is a barber's assistant. He refused to give any pretext for the attempted outrage. His family lived a long time at Montmartre, where active enquiries are proceeding. Upon being further examined, he said the bomb was composed of chloride of potassium and blasting powder, and contained no projectile. His act, he said, was a protest against the proceedings of the bankers. He had travelled through France, never remaining long in the same place, in order not to awaken suspicion. He professes a contempt for work since everyone lives at the expense of society. The news of the outrage spread rapidly through Paris, and many fear that it portends a renewal of an active Anarchist campaign.

The miscreant made a desperate attempt to use a razor before he was overpowered by the detective and a policeman who had come to his assistance. Police officials believe, from the appearance of the culprit, that he is a brother of Pawels, who perpetrated the Madeleine outrage. He is about thirty-three years of age, of medium height, beetle-browed, wears a short moustache, has a sullen stare and is very pale. He has a way of frequently clenching his fist. When taken to the prefecture he refused to give his name or occupation. He was dressed in dark clothes and wore a shirt with red stripes. The bomb was made of a half pound cocoa tin, tied with a string and wound about with wire. A round hole, a quarter of an inch in size, was in the side of the box, and from this fell a whitish powder.

At the police office the man was examined by Inspector Carnette, acting in the absence of Commissary Guerin. He obstinately refused to talk and was taken to the central prison. There he became communicative and openly professed Anarchist theories, declaring that he intended the bomb as an Anarchist demonstration. The recent explosive letter received at De Rothschilds' Bank, and which cost Baron Alphonse De Rothschilds' confidential clerk an eye, the man said was only a hoax, to-day's attempt being expected to have a salutary effect. The man told Commissary Girard that he made the bomb himself. He expressed regret that he had not taken enough precautions to ensure an explosion. He had tried to light the fuse with a cigarette, but the ashes upon the latter interfered. The arrival of the detective had compelled him to throw the bomb hastily, and by that act he had not expected to explode it. He said that the bomb contained chloride of potassium. "However," he added, "you are cunning; open it and satisfy yourself on that point." He spoke clearly and in a decided tone. He will be examined in detail to-morrow. The man was arrested by a policeman named Roger. The bomb has been taken to the municipal laboratory to be examined. Commissary Girard and Prefect Lepine are investigating the case.

AN OFFICIAL BATTLE.

Alleged Engagement Between Cuban Insurgents and Spanish Troops.

Havana, Sept. 6.—According to an official report, a detachment of twenty soldiers from Fort Campechueta were attacked by a force of 300 insurgents. The soldiers, so overwhelmingly out-numbered, made a heroic resistance. Ten of their number were killed and two captains, one sergeant, one corporal and five private soldiers were wounded. The arrival of reinforcements for the survivors compelled the insurgents to retreat. The latter left seven killed, but carried their wounded with them.

WINDOW GLASS MAKERS COMBINE.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 6.—Representatives of 26 window glass manufacturing firms met here yesterday, formed the Pittsburg Window Glass Company, and elected H. Sellers McKee president.

It is said the Indiana Company and the Pittsburg Company will soon join interests for the purpose of fighting foreign competition. Should the union take place the combined capital will be $25,000,000, of which the Pittsburg Company will represent nearly 70 per cent.

A meeting of the manufacturers will be held in Chicago next Monday for the purpose of fixing prices for the season.

STARVING TO DEATH.

Judge Dugas had before him yesterday a most pitious case of starvation, which, according to the evidence of a physician, may end in death.

The party in question is a Mrs. Turner, living at 89 1-2 Canlere Street, with her two young children, aged 2 and 3 years.

From the story given by Capt. de Cormick, of No. 15 Station, the woman's husband, not being able to procure work in this city, left two months ago for the States. No word has been received since by the wife of his whereabouts, and she has subsisted ever since on the charity of neighbors.

Her children were her first care, and the little food left she partook of. It was starvation, pure and simple, but she never complained. This morning when one of the neighbors entered the house she found the poor woman in a dying state, and was under the impression that she had taken poison. The police were notified and a physician called, who, after examination, found she had not taken poison but was dying from starvation. The judge, on hearing the story from the captain, ordered the poor woman and her children to be immediately conveyed to the Notre Dame Hospital, which was done.

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World-wide News

ENGLAND.

One of the most picturesque figures in England is Lucy Lee, the now wealthy and celebrated gypsy, who lives near Brighton. She has told the fortunes of all the members of the Royal Family and most of the nobility. She is remarkably intelligent, dresses neatly and lives in a house during the winter season. She is 62 years old, and has eleven grown-up children.

An English provincial paper says: "An instance often quoted during the last election of what harm the late Government did to the laborer by death duties was that of the present Earl of Pembroke. He, on succeeding a few months ago to his estates, had to pay £100,000 death duties. Naturally Wilton is shut up till the money is paid, the laborers are of necessity dismissed, and the local tradesmen are deprived of the custom of the big house.

At Mme. Tussaud's in London is now to be seen the Gladstone state carriage, presented to Mr. Gladstone by his father more than fifty years ago. The only other carriages in the exhibition are those of Napoleon I. and Napoleon III. Mr. Gladstone sold the carriage in order to obtain the money for a charitable scheme.

Viscount Mountmorres, who is a member of the London County Council, has informed the London press that he is ready to furnish it with contributions at the rate of $1.50 per 2,000 words, if taken by the week, or at lower rates for a longer period. He says that he is "a vivid and graceful writer, of more than ordinary capabilities."

IRELAND.

Mrs. Hobbs, widow of the late Captain Thomas Hobbs, of Barnaby, Kings County, Ireland, formerly of the Ninety-second Highlanders, who fought in the campaigns against Napoleon in the early part of the century, celebrated her one hundred and first birthday recently, and is still vigorous.

Desmond Fitzgerald, the Knight of Glin, died recently at Glin Castle, county Limerick. Like the Knight of Kerry, the Knight of Glin is a hereditary knighthood created by a Fitzgerald of Desmond in the fourteenth century, by his authority as count palatine without the interposition of the Crown.

SCOTLAND.

A petition has been entered against the return of J. E. Gordon, Unionist M.P. for Elgin and Nairn. Bribery and treating is charged.

The death occurred at Dundee of ex-Bailie Alex. Maxwell at the age of seventy-four years. Deceased, who was a Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries of Scotland, was a native of Dundee. For many years he carried on business as a jute and flax spinner.

Sir Donald Smith opened the bazaar at Oban to procure funds for the restoration of the old Cathedral Church of Lismore, which is, next to Iona, the most interesting ecclesiastical edifice in Argyle. He said they had gathered with a view of restoring a relic and preserving and restoring a church which was built as far back as 1220 or 1240. Sir Donald handed over a cheque for £100 to the bazaar.

The Rev. James Chalmers, the well-known New Guinea missionary and explorer, has been presented with the freedom of the Royal burgh of Inveraray, his native town. Inveraray has not been lavish with its honors, twenty-nine years having elapsed since a similar ceremony took place, the last recipient of the freedom being the Marquis of Lorne, who then came of age.

The last of the four panels which grace the base of the George A. Lawson statue of Burns at Ayr was recently unveiled by Mr. Wallace Bruce, formerly United States Consul at Edinburgh. This panel is the gift of twenty-five Americans, subscribing $25 each, representing twelve States of the Union. Those previously inserted are "Tam o'Shanter," "The Cottar's Saturday Night," and "The Jolly Beggars." The subject of the fourth, or corresponding panel, is "The Parting of Burns and Highland Mary."

In a Newcastle shipyard lately a part of the men went on strike. They and their employers agreed to submit the disputed matters to the arbitration of a working blacksmith in the yard. He decided in favor of the employers and the men went back at once to work.

UNITED STATES.

A fisherman at Clinton, Mo., last week caught a thirteen-foot water moccasin snake on a hook baited with a frog.

A Denver man who sought to defraud his creditors deeded $10,000 worth of of property to his typewriter. The latter is willing to deed the property back to him for $2,500 cash, and he is tearing his hair.

A citizen of Bellows Falls, Vt., recently harnessed his team at 2 a.m., put a load of pulp wood on his wagon and drove to the wood pulp mill without accident, having been all the while fast asleep.

Miss Alta Rockefeller, who is heiress to about $40,000,000, and who will be richer than any of the Vanderbilts, spends her summer at the magnificent estate her fasther has recently bought on the Hudson. She is quite as retiring as Miss Gould, and does almost as much good in a quiet and unobtrusive manner.

Mrs. Elizabeth E. Hutter, who was so well known during the war by reason of her labors in behalf of the soldiers in hospitals, died recently in Philadelphia. She was the first woman to cross the line after the battle of Gettysburg. She went by special permission of President Lincoln in a car provided for her use by the president of the Pennsylvania railroad.

The old Dartmouth pine, a tree as well known in Hanover as the Washington elm is known in Cambridge, has given up the struggle for existence and has been cut down. It was about 125 years old, which is a mature age for a New Hampshire pine. It was supposed to have been set out by three Indians as a memorial of their graduation. Each year the graduating class held class-day exercises under it. A president's chair and mantel for Butterfield hall will be made from its wood and the rest of it will be made into souvenirs.

J. W. Hardin, one of the toughest men in Texas, was shot through the head by Constable Sellman while resisting arrest last week. Hardin, at the age of 17, allied himself with the Taylor brothers in the famous Taylor-Sutton feud, which originated in 1868 in De Witt County with the killing of old man Sutton by the Taylors. Hardin was a leader of the Comanche County contingent of the Taylor gang. The counties of Comanche, De Witt and Gonzales were the stamping ground of the two factions, and they had many bloody fights, resulting in the killing of forty men between 1868 and 1874. Hardin is credited with having killed sixteen of the Sutton men in hand-to-hand combats at different times. In 1874-75 Hardin and his gang of outlaws terrorized Comanche County. They would ride into the town of Comanche every night and "shoot it up." In the fall of 1874 Deputy Sheriff Webb, of Brown County, Texas, went to Comanche to arrest one of Hardin's gang, and Hardin killed the officer and defied arrest. He went to Jacksonville, Fla., in the fall of 1875 and was doing a prosperous market business there under the assumed name of Swhane, when he was captured in the spring of 1876. He was brought back to Texas and sent to the penitentiary for twenty-five years for killing Webb. He was pardoned out by Governor Hogg in February, 1894, and immediately went to Pecos City and became mixed up in the Frazier-Miller fights. Hardin always wore a mail shirt, and was the quickest and best shot in the West with a pistol and always carried two. The officers feared him and the citizens of El Paso held him in dread. His body, when undressed by the undertaker, showed the scars of ten old bullet wounds and two knife wounds. Constable Sellman, who killed Hardin, has been an officer on the border for many years and has put an end to the career of six tough characters.

FOREIGN.

M. Chassepot, the inventor of the rifle on which the French relied in the war against Prussia, is now keeping a hotel at Nice.

In spite of its commercial importance, Odessa has no direct telegraphic communication with St. Petersburg. All messages have to go first to Warsaw.

Paganini's body was recently dug up for some reason in the cemetery at Parma where it laid, and the features were found to be well preserved.

Aix in Provence has just erected a statue to Peiresc, who, in the seventeenth century, introduced into France the Angora cat, the oleander and the large-leaved myrtle.

Sveaborg, near Helsingfors, on the Gulf of Finland, has just celebrated the fortieth anniversary of its successful resistance to the bombardment of the British fleet during the Crimean war.

The Anarchist barrister, Gori, of Milan, who defended Caserio, the assassin of President Carnot, has shipped as a sailor before the mast on a Dutch vessel, trading between Norway and America. He has been forbidden to tread on French soil, says Pearson's, and it is said the doors of Italy and Switzerland are equally closed against him.

Madagascar has improved on the Chinese treatment of defeated generals. Ramansonbaya, Governor of Boneni, ran away from Marovosy without resisting the French, and was burnt alive for his cowardice in the outskirts of Antananarivo. Some other Malagasy generals are to be treated in the same way when they are caught.

A great religious change is coming over Milan, according to Signor Giarelli. New churches are rising everywhere, the Cardinal-Archbishop is the man of most influence in the city, and Milan promises soon to become the headquarters of clericalism.

Pesaro, on the Adriatic, where Rossini was born, has a surgeon, Dr. Asiari, who has completed his one hundredth year. He took his diploma seventy-four years ago and became a university professor more than seventy years since.

A census of centenarians recently taken in France gives 213 persons of 100 or over, 147 of them women and sixty-six men. The oldest was a woman who had just died at a village of the department of Haute Garonne. Nearly all the centenarians belonged to the lowest ranks in life.

A small guage light railway is about to be constructed along the coast from Sebastopol to Yalta. The new line will take to the shore after passing through Balaclava. The distance is about eighty miles, and there will be fourteen intermediate stations and six extra platforms. By summer tourists and those visitors who annually go to Yalta for the autumn "grape cure," the new line will be largely patronized in preference to the steamer transit. In spring and autumn this section of the southern coast of the Crimea is surpassingly lovely.

It is possible that the French Code will be altered in its clauses affecting paternity. M. Gustave Rivet, who has been looked upon as a sentimentalist, has converted a score of Socialist Deputies to his new law, which is practically drawn up so as to ensure necessary proof and to punish fraudulent affiliation. In the case of girl minors the parents or guardians take proceedings, which may begin before the birth of the child. No woman over twenty-five will be allowed to sue when the alleged father is under eighteen. Amongst the higher French jurists the opinion prevails that the new measure is the logical sequence of the law of divorce. The Socialists take it as a stepping stone to the civic equality of legitimate and illegitimate children.

The dispute which arose between M. Emile Zola and the Gil Blas newspaper with reference to the payment for the publication of his novel "Lourdes" in that journal has just been disposed of by the Seine Commercial Tribunal. It appears that the proprietors of the Gil Blas agreed to pay M. Zola 50,000f. for the right to publish his story in serial form in that paper, but they subsequently refused to do so on the ground that they understood that they were to have the exclusive rights of publication of the work while it was running in the Gil Blas, whereas not only did M. Zola have it printed simultaneously in a number of English, German, Spanish, Italian and Portuguese newspapers, but he also published it in book form a month before the story was concluded in Gil Blas. In addition he wrote a series of articles for another French paper on the discussion which the book gave rise to, thus detracting attention from the plaintiff's paper. The court found for the defendant, as it considered that the proprietors of Gil Blas ought to have protested at the outset against the publication in foreign newspapers; and moreover the evidence showed that they had given verbal permission for the story to appear in book form when it did.

Vorderthiersee, near Kuptein, in the Bavarian Alps, like Oberammergau, has a passion play which is performed every ten years. It will be played this year every Sunday till the end of September. The man who acts Judas has taken the part five times already, and this year celebrates his "fifty-year Judas jubilee."

Sultan Mohammed Agha Khan of Poona is indignant with the Earl of Dunmore for maligning his grandfather. In a book on the Pamirs the Earl says he granted free passes to heaven by letters addressed to "My Brother Gabriel." This, the Sultan says, is not true, yet the Earl persistently refuses to suppress the statement.

An English missionary near Ispahan, in Persia, recently took home a young native woman, a peasant's wife, whom he had converted. Her relatives found out where she was and asked that she should be given up, but he refused. The Mohammedans then mobbed the mission house, and the governor of the province, the Shah's son, requested the missionary to yield. He would listen neither to him nor to the British agent, who was also called in. Finally the agent, to prevent bloodshed, had the woman taken out of the house and restored to her friends by main force.

A queer Arabian Nights tale comes from the Punjab. A few weeks ago a party of weavers formed a marriage procession and started for a village in Ferozpore. The bridegroom was bald and blind of one eye, and his father feared the bride's parents would refuse him, so the weavers advised them to present a barber's boy, who was with them, as the groom. The barber was dressed in the groom's wedding garments and was accepted. When the marriage was over and they had returned home, the weaver demanded his bride, but the barber refused to give her up, and now they have gone to law to settle the question.

Living in the open air all summer has improved the Pope's health, which was never better than it is now. He is entirely free from the fainting spells that used to come upon him in the spring months and when pressed with business. Dr. Lapponi says: "If nothing unforseen happens, the Holy Father's constitution is so sound that he may well attain his hundredth year."

An important linguistic expedition into Africa has just been completed by the Rev. Charles Robinson, who was sent out by the Haussa Association to find material for a Haussa dictionary. He first went to Tripoli and Tunis, where there are Haussa colonies, and then by way of the Niger and the Benue reached Kano, the commercial centre of Haussa land. In returning from Kano to Egga on the Niger he traversed 425 miles where no European had been. He brought back 3,000 new words for a dictionary, materials for a Haussa grammar, and native manuscripts containing history and historical and religious songs. The Haussa is the most important language of Northern Africa. The people who speak it extend from the Niger region across to Soudan, and cover a territory nearly a thousand miles square; they are very industrious and are the only nation that Mr. Stanley met that esteemed books.

A WONDERFUL REMEDY.

A Young Lady in Elgin County Tells How it Saved Her Life.

The Case Baffled the Family Doctor and He Gave It Up—Relief Came When Hope Had Almost Gone—Health Again Restored.

From the Tilsonburg Observer.

Mr. J. W. Kennedy, who resides on the 8th concession of the township of Bayham, is one of the most respected farmers in the township. Recently an Observer representative visited his home for the purpose of learning the particulars of the recovery of his daughter, Miss Alice Kennedy, from a severe and trying illness, through the use of Dr. William's Pink Pills, after medical assistance had failed. Miss Kennedy now presents the appearance of a healthy and active young woman of twenty and bears no indication of having passed through an illness that baffled the doctors' skill. To the reporter Miss Kennedy said that in the autumn of 1893 she was taken ill and a physician was called in. Despite all the doctor did for her she continued to grow worse. She suffered from severe headaches, became very pale, rapidly lost flesh, and her limbs were cold and swollen. She suffered great pain and it was with much difficulty she could move about, and would sometimes lie for hours in a half stupor. At last the doctor said he could do nothing more for her, and the family asked his advice as to her using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He said he was of the opinion that they would not help her. In spite of this adverse opinion, however, she determined to give them a trial, and before the first box was finished the wisdom of the decision was made manifest. An improvement was noticed and with joy Miss Kennedy continued taking the Pills until she had used fourteen boxes, when she felt that she was completely cured. She has not taken any since the early summer and has not had any recurrence of her old trouble, and never felt better in her life. Indeed Miss Kennedy says that as a result of the Pink Pills treatment she has gained 25 pounds in weight. A short time after she began the use of the Pink Pills the doctor who had previously attended her called and was much surprised at the improvement in the young lady's appearance, and said that if Pink Pills had caused the transformation by all means to continue their use. Miss Kennedy's statements were corroborated by her father and sister, both of whom give all the credit for her marvellous recovery to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are especially valuable to women. They build up the blood, restore the nerves and eradicate those troubles which make the lives of so many women, old and young, a burden. Dizziness, palpitation of the heart; nervous headache and nervous prostration speedily yield to this wonderful medicine. They are also a specific in cases of locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, the after effects of la grippe, etc. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from overwork, mental worry or excesses of any nature. They are sold only in boxes, the trade mark and wrapper printed in red ink, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y.

"Anno Domini" a Good Woman.

A bright young American girl spent last summer with her parents in England. Her father was much interested in charitable work and visited many institutions for the poor and aged on the trip. Most of these buildings, particularly in the provinces, have a square piece of marble inserted in the bricks over the front entrance, giving the year of its building.

The little girl read many of these, and one day she said: "Papa, I think Anno Domini must have been an awfully good woman to have built all these houses for the poor."—New York Herald.

HEART DISEASE YIELDS AN UNTENDED VICTIM.

The Wife of Capt. Chas. Mugger Radically Cured of Heart Disease of Four Years' Standing by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart.

Mrs. Chas. Mugger, Sydney, N.S. "For over four years I was afflicted with severe heart trouble. Smothering and choking sensations, swelled feet and ankles, and pain in left side were my symptoms. I doctored constantly, without benefit, and in fact had despaired of ever again being well. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart was at last tried and to my astonishment gave relief inside of an hour. I have now used three bottles and am completely cured. No one can use too strong language in recommending this remedy, as its powers to cure are truly wonderful."

The Sight of Birds.

Birds are commonly credited with an extraordinary range of vision. Circumstances lend aid to the development of the mental factors in their case. The usual distance at which terrestrial species use their eyes is limited by the ground horizon. But in the case of the soaring birds, such as vultures and eagles, the horizon, the natural limit of sight, is enormously extended. Macgillivray early noted that though birds of prey have orbits of great size—the eyeball of the common buzzard being 1⅛ inches in diameter—they do not, as a rule, soar when seeking their prey.

The eagle, when hunting, flies low, just as do the sparrow-hawk and the hen-harrier. Yet the vultures and condors, birds which admittedly do soar when seeking food, have been proved to find carrion by sight. A carcass was covered with canvas, and some offal placed upon it. The vultures saw this, descened and ate it, and then sat on the covered portion within a few inches of a putrid carcass. When a hole was made in the covering they saw and attacked the flood below. But the rapid congregation of vultures from a distance to a carcass is probably due to their watching their neighbors, each of which is surveying a limited area. Charles Darwin pointed out that in a level country the height of sky commonly noticed by a mounted man is not more than 15 degrees above the horizon; and a vulture on the wing at the height of between 3,000 feet and 4,000 feet would probably be two miles distant, and invisible. Those whirh descend rapidly and appear to have come from beyond the range of human sight, were perhaps hovering vertically over the hunter when he killed his game.—The Spectator.

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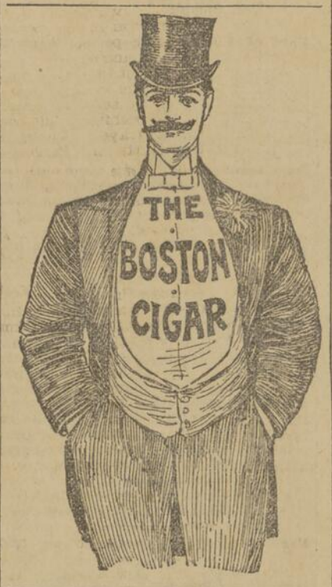
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Lucania	Sat. Oct. 12,	11.00 a.m.
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Scotia	5 Oct.	8 Oct.	30 Oct.
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Liverpool, Londonderry, Quebec and Montreal Royal Mail Service.

From Liverpool	Steamship	From Montreal	From Quebec
22 Aug.	*Mongolian	7 Sept.	7 Sept.
29 Aug.	Numidian	14 Sept.	15 Sept.
5 Sept.	Sardinian	21 Sept.	22 Sept.
12 Sept.	*Laurentian	28 Sept.	28 Sept.
19 Sept.	Parisian	5 Oct.	6 Oct.

Steamers marked thus * do not stop at Rimouski or Moville, touching at Quebec only for passengers at 3 p.m. Saturday.
Laurentian carries first-class passengers only on the eastbound trip.
The Saloons and Staterooms are in the central part, where least motion is felt. Electricity is used for lighting the ships throughout, the lights being at the command of the passengers at any hour of the night. Music Rooms and Smoking Room on the promenade deck. The Saloons and Staterooms are heated by steam
Winter Rates are now in force.
RATES OF PASSAGE. — Cabin—$50 and upwards. A reduction of 10 per cent. is made on Round Trip Tickets except on the lowest rates.
Second Cabin—To or from Liverpool, Glasgow, Belfast or Derry, $30; round trip, $55.
Steerage—To Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast or Londonderry, including every requisite for the voyage, $16.

Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service

From Glasgow	Steamships	From Montreal on or about
16 Aug.	Buenos Ayrean	3 Sept.
23 Aug.	Norwegian	10 Sept.
30 Aug.	*Siberian	17 Sept.
6 Sept.	Pomeranian	24 Sept.

*SPECIAL NOTICE.—The SS. Siberian, from Montreal to Glasgow direct, will sail on Sept. 17. Cabin Passage—Rate—$40 inside rooms, $45 outside rooms.

London, Quebec and Montreal Service

From London	Steamships	From Montreal on or about
17 Aug.	Monte Videan	4 Sept.
24 Aug.	Grecian	11 Sept.
31 Aug.	Brazilian	18 Sept.
7 Sept.	Rosarian	25 Sept.

And weekly thereafter.
No passengers carried by this service.

Glasgow, Londonderry and New York Service.
From new Pier, foot of W. 21st New York

From Glasgow.	Steamships.	From New York
30 Aug.	State of Nebraska	Sept. 11, 11.30 a.m
13 Sept.	State of California	28 Sept. 12.30 p.m

Rates—1st cabin, $40 to $60; 2nd cabin, $25.
Steerage to Glasgow, Belfast or Londonderry at lowest rates.
Outfit for steerage passengers furnished free.
The Steamships State of California and State of Nebraska are not surpassed for their excellent accommodations for all classes of passengers.
The Saloons are forward, Staterooms near the centre of the ships, Promenade deck the entire width of the vessel, and two-thirds of her length. Electric lights throughout, and electric bells in every stateroom. No cattle carried.

Glasgow, L'pool, St. John's and Halifax and Philadelphia Royal Mail Service.

From Glasgow.	From L'pool.	Steamship.	From Phila.	From St. John's
10 Aug.	13 Aug.	Assyrian	2 Sept.	7 Sept.
24 Aug.	27 Aug.	Corean	16 Sept.	21 Sept.

Passengers carried from Liverpool to St. John's and Halifax from Halifax to Philadelphia, and St. John's to Glasgow.
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From Liverpool.	Steamer.	From Montreal
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They are FORTIER'S "CREME DE LA CREME" (10c) and "LA FAYETTE" (5c) CIGARS and CIGARETTES.

ST. PIERRE'S SPEECH

WHAT HE SAID AT THE CHENIER MONUMENT UNVEILING.

A Rebuke to the Bourbons and the Irreconcilables.

The brief reports of Mr. H. C. Saint Pierre's address at the unveiling of the Chenier monument, which appeared in the press having created a great deal of comment, the Herald gives the latter part of the speech in full:

Gentlemen,—He would be sadly in error who would believe that it was the hand of hatred which has erected Chenier's statue, prompted by a desire to perpetuate remembrances of a time now long gone by, remembrances which, in our days, would have no longer any cause to exist. For a period of nearly sixty years the breath of time has blown over the events of those days; a whole generation has disappeared, and after such full and complete reparation as has been extended to our people, what need would there be for us to disturb dust so long accumulated in order to hunt up some sad remnants of events the like of which will never recur again? No, gentlemen, the only sentiment which has inspired the promoters of this public tribute to Chenier's memory has been one of gratitude for the hero who gave his life for the cause of his countrymen, and who thereby secured for them liberty. It is not defeat, with its train of rancour and hatred which Chenier's monument is intended to recall to our memory, but victory, with its joys and its soothing influence; it is the advent of that new era which opened the way for liberty with all her blessings.

Gentlemen, you are all aware of the fact that I am no politician. This plain declaration on my part will not, I trust, lead you to believe that I am for that reason any the less attached to my country and to my French-Canadian countrymen, but it may help to convince you that as I have no political interest to serve I may be considered to be free from any political shackles when I discourse with you about the duties which I deem to be incumbent upon us French-Canadians under the regime by which we are now governed, and which is that of our choice.

We are now forming part of a confederation, and the ancient Province of Lower Canada, now the Province of Quebec, is the only one wherein the French language is the language of the country.

There are to be found among us such as are in constant fear that the French language should become obsolete and who are on the watch on every possible occasion lest we might deviate from the old path and abandon the traditions of our fathers. Nay, more, there is a group, but fortunately an inconsiderable one, I must say, composed of men, who, like the Bourbon princes, have learned nothing and forgotten nothing, and who will now and then turn their eyes towards the mouth of the St. Lawrence River, in the hope of descrying from afar floating under the blue sky, not the modern tricolor flag of France forsooth, but the white ensign with its royal emblem of fleur-de-lys, such as waved in the breeze in the musty old times of Louis XV. For God's sake, gentlemen, do not flatter your fancy with such absurd chimeras. Let those good souls enjoy their dreams if it contributes in any degree to their happiness, but do not allow yourselves to be gulled into such an insane delusion and believe that civilization will some day stop in her career and roll our destinies backward for a period of nearly two hundred years in order that we might again enjoy the more than doubtful blessings of the reign of King Louis XV. Thank God, Louis XV. is dead, and his reign is now forever a thing of the past. As to the tricolor flag of the French Republic, it can hardly be expected that it will ever appear on our borders as an ensign, carrying within its fold any message of disruption for the Dominion of Canada any more than the Bourbon flag has proved to be in the past.

Gentlemen, history tells us that after Chevalier de Levis had redeemed the lustre of the French arms by his brilliant victory on the St. Foy Road, under the walls of Quebec in the spring of 1760, he fortified his camp and awaited the reinforcements which he expected would be sent from the mother country. Day after day his anxious eye plunged far into the misty atmosphere of the St. Lawrence, watching intently in the far distance the sail which was to bring the long looked for hope. But the sail never appeared. It was an English fleet which came instead, and de Levis, sad and disheartened, raised his camp and retreated towards Montreal, where a few months later the French Governor was compelled to capitulate.

For more than a century our fathers, like Chevalier de Levis, have been watching for that sail; but it never came, and like Chevalier de Levis they had to give up all hopes. Gentlemen, it is time that we should rid our mind of this other chimera. You may rest assured that no sail will ever appear in sight. It is time therefore that we should turn our gaze in another direction, and abandon the realm of dreams for the land of actual reality.

A few years ago, being in company with a deputation of aldermen on board of one of those French men-of-war which now and then visit our shores, I was requested to utter a few words of welcome to the commandant of the ship and his officers. I have no intention to inflict upon you a repetition of all I said on that occasion, but there is one part of my address which I desire to make known to you. Taking the itinerary which the ship had followed in its course I first pointed out to the commandant all the spots wherein deeds of valor had been performed by the French in the olden times and I then wound up with the following words: "Commandant, you have seen all those spots and will no doubt treasure up all the glorious reminiscences which you have gathered; but let us not pause half way; you have seen something else also which must not be forgotten nor passed over in silence; at Quebec you have seen the old citadel, garrisoned by soldiers almost every one of whom is a French-Canadian; you have been welcomed in his palace by the Lieutenant-Governor, of the Province of Quebec, a French-Canadian, who addressed you in the French language; you have seen our House of Assembly and our Legislative Council composed for more than three-fourths of French-Canadians, discussing matters of state in the French language. If you have visited our Court Houses, you must have heard lawyers of British origin arguing their cases in French; you have seen the tricolor flag of France floating freely everywhere throughout the whole country. Now, we are the loyal subjects of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, that you are fully aware of; but at the sight of all you saw did it not strike you that if on the one hand we had pledged our loyalty to the Queen, on the other hand we have been well rewarded for it."

In reply, the French commandant, alluding to this passage of my speech, said: "Gentlemen, you have conquered liberty and almost independence, watch carefully over what you have so successfully secured. I know of many a people who would count themselves happy and satisfied if they could enjoy such freedom as you possess." The reply was a frank and honest one, but none other than I had reason to expect from this honorable man.

And I also will tell you: 'You have liberty and almost independence. Keep that well and never feel for a moment tempted to abandon for a mess of pottage what has now become your birthright. This, however, does not entail any necessity on your part to drop your language, your laws and your usages, and customs. Let us be French, but for ourselves only, for our own sake, not for the sake nor for the benefit of France. We owe nothing to France. Our ancestors gave her the best of their blood, and in return the King, who was then the naster of his destinies, ceded and sold our country to England. We must infer from that bargain that France cared indeed very little whether we became Anglicised or not. Our ancestors, however, in spite of all opposition, were faithful to their origin, they remained French, and we also, their children, will remain French, but French for ourselves, French as the French of Belgium, French as the French of Switzerland are French; that is to say, we will first and foremost love our country and our countrymen, no matter what nationality they may have originated from.

"Avant tout, soyons Canadiens."

Are not the Scotch, the English and the Irish with whom we are living, and who are forming with us the population of Canada, proud, like ourselves, of their origin? Do they not every year celebrate the day dedicated to the patron saint of their respective nationalities, as we ourselves celebrate our St. Jean Baptiste Day? Let us be faithful to our laws, to our traditions, to our language, but understand me well, let it not be to the detriment of our interest in the Dominion of Canada. Be careful lest you isolate our province from the remainder of the country, and thereby deprive it of its legitimate sare of influence and control. Let us make it a rule to learn the English language, let that language be taught in every school; it is the essential condition of the continuation of our influence. If our Laurier, of whom we are so legitimately proud, has been raised to the highly honorable station of leader of Her Majesty's Opposition and of leader of the great Liberal party in Canada it is because he has become a master of the English language. Would you believe Laurier to be less of a good French-Canadian because he has learned to speak with propriety the language of the majority? Surely no.

For quite a number among us, it would seem as if the limits of our country were on one side the Baie des Chaleurs, and on the other the boundary lines of the Province of Ontario. French-Canadians, my countrymen, open your eyes; look well around you; your country is that immense expanse of territory which stretches from one ocean to the other. It spans with its compass the dimension of a glorious empire. This is your patrimony. Everywhere in this immense territory you are in your own country, you are at home. I would like to see the denizen of Toronto, of London, of Halifax, feel that he is among his own people when in Quebec, in Montreal or Three-Rivers; in like manner, I would like to see the French-Canadians from Quebec or Montreal greeted as a citizen, as a brother, when in Toronto, London, Hamilton or Halifax.

We have met to-day for the purpose of doing homage to a great patriot, to a devoted friend of liberty, I can think of no truer way by which I may pay this tribute than by imploring my countrymen to profit by the precious advantages which he has conquered for us at the cost of his blood and of his life. In doing so, I feel that I am voicing his own sentiments, for I am convinced that if the bronze which here represents his features were for a moment to become animated with his former spirit and his patriotism, he would tell his countrymen in the language of the poet:

Equal in true vailance,
British and French, now a brotherly band
Let us all join in holy alliance,
And press each other's hand.

Egaux par la vailance,
Anglais, Francais, Celte et Germain,
Peuples, formons une sainte alliance,
Et donnons-nous la main.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION, HAMILTON.

Rev. W. H. Wade, Rector of Hamilton's Leading Episcopal Church, Endorses Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.

A leader of the Episcopal denomination in Canada is the Rev. W. H. Wade, rector of the Church of the Ascension. Among the members of this church are numbers of the most wealthy and fashionable people of the Ambitious City, and beloved indeed is their rector. In his family he has used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder and been more than pleased with the good results obtained. The satisfaction has been such that over his own signature he has frankly said to the people of Canada that this medicine is a good thing, and gives the relief that is claimed for it.

One short puff of the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this Powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves in ten minutes and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis and Deafness. 60 cents. Sample bottle and blower sent on receipt of two three-cent stamps. S. G. Detchon, 44 Church Street, Toronto.

Musical Matters.

Mr. C. A. E. Harriss is home a few days from a flying trip to England, whither he was called by a cablegram from Mr. Vert, the impressario, relative to Madame Albani's tour in America, which commences early in the new year. Montrealers will be especially glad to have the opportunity of again hearing Madame Albani, and her success when she comes here is a matter of certainty. Her reception will be warm, for Canadians are justly proud of her. She is at present resting in Switzerland.

Mr. Harriss only had about a week's stay in London, but it seems to have been a week very full of interest, to judge from the scraps of information he let drop during a snort talk I had with him a few nights ago. He stayed with Watkin Mills at his beautiful home ("Millbrooke," in Putney), and besides the great baritone and his charming wife met many musical notables there, such as Mr. Blair, organist of Worcester Cathedral; Dr. Varley Roberts, organist of Magdalen College, Oxford, and, like Mr. Harriss himself, one of Sir Frederick Ousley's "boys"; Mr. Crowe and others of the artistic circle of a similar stamp, and these people are musicians, it must be remembered, of the first water, though there is not so much advertisement and flourish of trumpets about them as the musicians enjoy on this side of the Atlantic, where an enterprising press chronicles their smallest movements with literary attractiveness.

* * *

Mr. Harriss also met Mme. Antoinette Stirling, the famous ballad singer, at her villa at Tatlow-on-the-Thames, and had a run in her steam launch as far as Cockham, during which he had the pleasure of hearing her in some of her sweetest ballads.

He also attended a rehearsal of the Carl Rosa Opera Company previous to their starting out from London to open the season in Dublin in such operas as "Lohengrin," "Ivanhoe," etc., and he was much struck with Miss Ella Russell, the English prima of the company, who, in a short conversation, expressed her wish to sing in America, which event may not be far distant. He also met George Grossmith, and saw his son act in the "Shop Girl," at the Gaiety, and thinks he is "a chip off the old block."

Grossmith will come to Canada in the spring. Watkin Mills is already booked for the Cincinnati festival, and will fill a number of engagements in Canada and the States in March, April and May.

* * *

To give a brief resume of some of the music Mr. Harriss heard during that short week would show what it is possible to hear there every day, and, which (though they would be "events" here) are taken as a matter of course there and no fuss made about them, and it is enough at the very mention of them to make a musician's mouth water. For instance, at the Queen's Hall, where nightly promenade concerts are given, with an orchestra of 65. (The night in question Watkin Mills sang "She Alone Charmeth My Sadness," from the "Queen of Sheba," which he sang here several times and was not only applauded, but cheered to the echo).

At Earls Court, which is a combination of all kinds of amusements, such as a Ferris wheel (only larger), menagerie, etc., and a fine building which has been improved from being a mere barn of a place into an illuminated palace. He there heard the band of the Grenadier Guards of forty pieces. At Albert Hall he heard the band of the Royal Artillery of 65. This band has a double equipment and can be either a string orchestra or a brass band, so that its members, it will be understood, are of the pick of instrumentalists, as most of them must be able to play two instruments. The night in question they were string, and played a Wagner selection very fine.

* * *

Mr. Harriss feels great satisfaction at having been made a life member of the Ramsden Club. Dr. Ramsden is a very rich man and a great patron of art. He has a magnificent collection of paintings, and started this club to bring together musicians and artists of all classes. There are about 200 members, among whom are Dr. Richter, who is the greatest conductor in the world. Dr. Ramsden asked immediately after Mr. John Ogilvie, of this city, for he had been with him on the Oregon when she went down, as a passenger, and he had a few minutes before the catastrophe sung Dibden's old song, "Down Among the Dead Men," little thinking that in the course of an hour or so they should all be in peril of their lives.

Mr. Harriss came across several Canadians in London quite accidentally, such as Mr. Geo. Percival (at the Criterion), and Mr. Ferguson, Q.C., of Ottawa, (strolling through Burlington Arcade), which is curious indeed in such a short stay in that immense city.

* * *

The French Opera House has undergone complete renovation, and the public will find it worthy of them when they see it. I only hope they will prove worthy of it and support it by their patronage, for over $20,000 subscription money has been put into the enterprise already, and a good company and repertoire have been prepared. I hope also to see that the English speaking public will patronize it liberally. It is a grand opportunity to come into contact with the art of the nation with which we are in such close touch in Canada, and nothing will go so far towards clearing away miserable little elements of racial prejudice as the mutual interchange and enjoyment of the product of the greatest gifts bestowed upon the human race, or stimulate mutual respect for the talents of our sister nation. French art is admirable, and most especially their music, which is superb, and no musical education can be comprehensive or complete without a study of it to enlarge the mental horizon.

* * *

I am glad to learn that Mr. Arthur Bienvenue is going to attend to the press work again this season. This gentleman is an amateur and a cultivated musician, but he possesses a quality rarer still, and that is reliability. The advance notices and critiques he will write can be relied upon as representing things as they are, and there will be no such circus advertising of "the greatest, grandest and world unrivalled aggregation of talent" order such as too often prevents anyone reading an advance notice.

I am personally aware that one disgruntled member of this administration last year, who did not appreciate the qualities of a truthful and incorruptible critic, was much disgusted because Mr. Bienvenu wrote things up as they were and not as they might have been and were not, but the directors in general had a better idea of the value of such attributes, and have treated him with unqualified approval.

* * *

Le Vie Theatrale gives the following interesting figures of the opera in Paris during May and June. In May the opera gave 18 performances, the takings making a total of 326,073 fr., or averaging 18,115 fr. per night; the month of May, 1894, averaging 18,112 fr. a performance. We see the remarkable phenomenon of the level of the average maintained with a difference of three francs from one year to the other. The biggest receipts figure as follows: May 3, "Faust," 21,584 fr.; May 15, 20,906 fr., "Faust;" and "Faust" again on May 31, 19,219 fr. Two performances of "Tannhauser" on May 22 and 29 have brought respectively 23,070 fr. and 22,954 fr. The minimum of receipts has been made with "Otello," to wit, 11,892 fr. There were only fourteen performances in June, averaging 20,390 fr. each. The Opera Comique gave, in May, 33 performances, with an average of 5,182 fr. per performance, or 57 fr. more than the average of last year in May. "La Vivandiere" heads the list of successes with receipts ranging from 6,500 fr. to 8,500 fr.; the lowest ebb has been marked with 2,200 fr. to 2,500 fr. for "Mireille" and "Paul et Virginie."

HARMONY.

WHERE JUSTICE SITS.

The pedestrians who hasten past the Court House every day of the week in this world of the city of Montreal seldom pause to consider what comedies and tragedies of real life are hourly enacted within its walls.

The immaculate whiteness of the interior, the freshness of the renovations from the swinging portals to the graceful dome, seem to accentuate the discord and the pitifulness of the drama of reality, and it seems all the more pitiful that humanity should be so sadly out of gear as this legal beehive would indicate. When Balzac portrayed with his subtle pen the law courts of Paris, when Dickens brought home to us with graphic force the legal structure of mighty London, these masters of thought and expression presented the gloomiest and dingiest structures as the scene of action. But here in this substantial edifice of grey stone only man is vile.

The student of physiognomy who likes to read character in the facial mask finds a rich field in the Court House; the serene countenance of the upright judge, the shrewd face of the lawyer, the harassed visages of the contestants, the curious—and often ignoble—expressions of spectators run the entire range of expression of which humanity is capable. The expert can tell at a glance the man who is accustomed to the routine of the courts and the stranger half bewildered in the presence of the majesty of the law. It is easy to discern the habitue, the idler who haunts the courts as though they were the theatres, the visitor who strays in for almost the first time to witness the dispensation of justice, the evildoer, and the seeker after what is fair and equitable. In the vast and intricate multitude of judges, attorneys, jurymen, plaintiffs, defendants, witnesses that swarm in every department of what may be termed the "union station," each type is discernible. The judge has a distinctive air of self-conscious dignity, either benign or assertive; the lawyer, the badge of all his tribe in the shape of either a cockatoo-like restlessness or the calm reserve force of a gladiator prepared for or emerging from the combat; the juror, the manner of a man whose time is no longer his own, if, indeed, it is not being wasted; the plaintiff, an aggrieved look only matched by the equally injured air of the defendant; while the conventional witness is usually at a nervous tension that distinguishes him from the mere spectator.

One never knows at what moment the interest may develop itself. Counsel have been droning in perfunctory fashion through a dull case in either the Appeal Court or one of the numerous sections of the Superior Court; the spectators in search of a sensation are disappointed. Only the presiding judge is attentive. Suddenly the papers are disposed of or a decision rendered, and a new case comes up.

In a moment the entire atmosphere of the court room is surcharged with human interest akin to electricity. The spectators "sit up," the little groups of witnesses pro and con assemble, the counsel for the plaintiff and the counsel for the defendant prepare to make the "sparks fly," and presently one assists at some revelation of a family skeleton or a business feud that is like a human document torn from the register of contemporaneous society.

It is curious in this little world of the Court House how the atmosphere of the various apartments differ, and how one feels the fall in the social thermometer as one passes gradually from the Court of Appeal through the various departments of the Superior Court to the section in which the criminal cases are disposed of; here there is an evil aspect, close air, (the presence of the great unwashed) formidable representations of low life, and altogether a distinct transition from the higher latitudes. One pities the judge more than the prisoner, provided he is partial to taking untainted air into his lungs.

While these tragedies and comedies are being played to empty benches in the Court of Appeal a case presents itself in the Court of Queen's Bench that possesses all the elements of a romance in real life, one of those domestic dramas that go to prove that French society did not monopolize terrifying cases in the days when Balzac laid bare the emotions of the law courts.

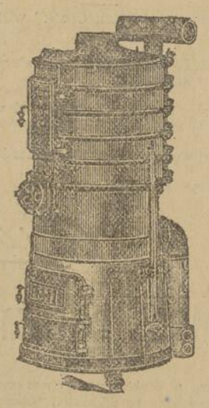
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May cost more horseflesh than it is worth. What constitutes a load? Weight,—draught,—labor. Many grocers load their horses with mere waggon. Some grocers' waggons weigh 1,000 pounds, while one of our 500-pound Latimer Waggons would draw just as much groceries. This means that a Latimer Express Waggon and 500 pounds of groceries would be just as easy to draw as an empty express waggon of the usual sort. Our Waggons have the best kind of material in them—strength—not weight. A chain is just as strong as its weakest link, and the Latimer Waggons are like the Deacon's "One Hoss Shay,"—each part is just as strong as the other—well balanced, you know. Season's partially over; but you'll need a spick and span delivery when your customers return from the country. You can save money on it now. Our 500-pound $80 waggon, capable of drawing a 1,500-pound load, we'll sell for $60. The $100 kind for $80, and our $125 waggon for $100. Give your horse a chance, --he needs it.

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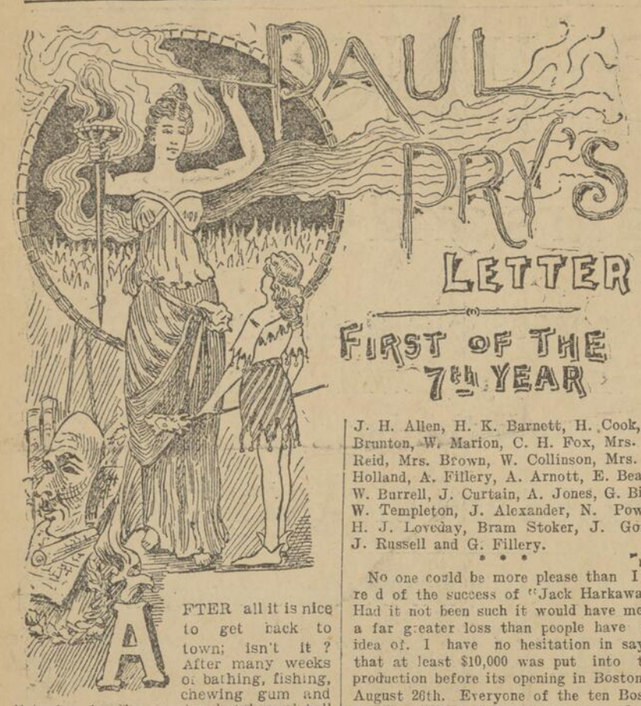
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AFTER all it is nice to get back to town; isn't it? After many weeks of bathing, fishing, chewing gum and listening for the country hotel meal bell it is pleasant to sit in one's home and read with delight and anticipation of the good things that the local managers have provided for the ensuing season.

Such attractions as Irving, Nethersole, Rehan, Hare, Melba and Salvini are rarely promised in cities of Montreal's size in one season. Among the lesser bookings are comedies and dramas that will fill in thirty-five or forty weeks of really good all-round performances.

It is not likely that hypnotism will extend from Trilby into other sober plays, the only other experiment in that way having failed, but we may get it in farcical forms. The first "star" actor to resort to electricity is Stuart Robson, who will play an inventor in a piece by Daniel L. Hart. One of the scenes will contain some electrical effects connected with a model of a war ship. New materialistic melodramas with mechanical effects seem to be scarce, and there will be, happily, no increase in the stage exploitation of pugilists, burglars, and other notorious persons. On the other hand, Shakespeare will get as much attention as usual. Irving, Nethersole, Rehan, Duse, Salvini, and possibly Walker Whitesides, and a few new people will look after that.

• • •

All over the country the curtain may be said to be up. There can be no doubt as to the change for the better in the condition of actors and actresses. Despatches from all parts of the country tell of the eagerness with which new plays were received, and it is gratifying to know that the demand was well met. This is good news, because it gives poof to the generally shared belief that the season now started will be one of the best in the history of the American theatre, from a pecuniary point of view at least. Of course, many blanks will be drawn in the theatrical lottery, but the prizes will be numerous enough to compensate for these.

• • •

Among the many companies now in New York city that are actively preparing for the coming season is that of Alexander Salvini. Manager W. M. Wilkison announces that the coming tour which opens at Worcester, Mass., on September 2nd, will be confined to the Eastern States at least until after the holidays, about which time he has arranged for a long run in New York city. The standard drama of romance will continue to dominate the repertoire, though the elaborate scenic production of Hamlet, which created so much comment last season, will be looked upon as the principal feature of his engagements throughout the country. Mr. Salvini's policy in the future will be the line of work with which his father was so famously identified. The supporting company with this policy in view has been almost entirely changed since last season, and it should prove to be one of the strongest legitimate organizations of the American stage. Mr. Salvini returned but a few days ago from his usual vacation in Europe.

• • •

I notice that Aubrey Boucicault has deserted comic opera, and is now playing A. Cheever Steele, known as "Paul Clifford, the Globe Trotter" in Louis de Lange's new comic play of the name. Boucicault is fast coming to the front in the profession, and is certainly a very industrious and deserving young man, having created three new parts within three weeks previous to joining Rice's Comedy Company for the season. In each of the parts portrayed he made a decidedly favorable impression, and was spoken most favorable of by the New York press.

• • •

The Boston Globe in its stage notes tells how a monster sea serpent was caught at Montreal and that shortly it will be exhibited in a museum in Boston.

I do remember hearing something about a serpent being caught here. What was it, anyway?

• • •

Henry Irving, Miss Ellen Terry and the Lyceum Company of London sailed from Southampton on Aug. 31, and will come at once to Montreal, where Mr. Irving's fifth American season is to begin on Sept. 16. Toronto and Boston are to be visited immediately after the Montreal engagement, but on Oct. 28, Mr. Irving, Miss Terry and their associates will appear in New York at Abbey's Theatre presumably in the new play of "King Arthur," by J. Comyns-Carr. The season is to last until May 16, 1896. The repertoire will include "Macbeth," "King Arthur," "Becket," The Merchant of Venice," "Much Ado About Nothing," "Louis XI.," "Faust," "Charles I." "The Lyons Mail," "The Bells," "The Corsican Brothers," "Don Quixote," "Nance Oldfield," "Journey's End in Lovers' Meeting" and "A Story of Waterloo." Six of those plays have never yet been presented in America by Mr. Irving and his company, and four of them will be new to American audiences. He will visit 28 cities in the course of his tour and will play two engagements in New York, Boston and Philadelphia, closing his season at Abbey's Theatre. The Lyceum organization includes the following persons: Miss Ellen Terry, Miss Julia Arthur, Miss Mary Rorke, Miss Maud Milton, Miss Brenda Gibson, Miss Alice Denvil; Miss May Whitty, Miss Mary Foster, Miss E. de Silva, Miss Ailsa Craig, Miss M. Oakley, Miss D. Ball, Miss M. Holland, Mrs. Cooper, Mrs. Valentine, Mrs. F. Holland Mrs. Lacy, Mrs. Byrne, Mrs. Mellish, Mrs. Howson, Mrs. Allen, Mrs. Barnett, Mrs. Innis, Mrs. Marion, Henry Irving, Frank Cooper, H. Howe, F. H. Macklin, Benjamin Webster, S. Johnson, S. Valentine, F. Tyars, Clarence Hague, J. M. Harvey, Sidney Lacy, Fuller Mellish, John Archer, George Black, Lionel Belmore, Rawson Buckley, T. Reynolds, Herbert Innis, Geoffrey Taylor, K. Rivington, H. Porter, H. Graham, R. P. Tabb, Miss E. Davis, H. W. Cushing, Mrs. Cushing, Mrs. Tabb, Mrs. Belmore, L. Espinosa, W. Stanley, E. Morgan, Miss Espinosa, Miss Brandon, J. Meredith Ball, J. Pitt, Herbert Sayers, Miss R. Phelps, C. E. Howson, E. Hurst, J. H. Allen, H. K. Barnett, H. Cook, W. Brunton, W. Marion, C. H. Fox, Mrs. M. Reid, Mrs. Brown, W. Collinson, Mrs. S. Holland, A. Fillery, A. Arnott, E. Beadle, W. Burrell, J. Curtain, A. Jones, G. Biggs, W. Templeton, J. Alexander, N. Powell, H. J. Loveday, Bram Stoker, J. Gould, J. Russell and G. Fillery.

• • •

No one could be more please than I to read of the success of "Jack Harkaway." Had it not been such it would have meant a far greater loss than people have any idea of. I have no hesitation in saying that at least $10,000 was put into that production before its opening in Boston on August 26th. Everyone of the ten Boston papers which I had the pleasure of receiving spoke in the highest terms of praise, and mind you—not one of those papers had a solitary line of criticism. This is not often the case with a new production, and Mr. Sparrow may be congratulated; he has scored one for Canada.

• • •

Mrs. Langtry is not coming to America this season. Edward Michael has just arrived from London with the authority to cancel all engagements made for her by her manager, T. Henry French. She will be compelled under her contract to pay very large forfeits. Ill-health is given as the reason for her failure to keep her engagements. Mr. French said to a reporter, "I have booked Mrs. Langtry in every part of the country on the most favorable terms, and have not the slightest idea why she wishes to be freed from these contracts. She wishes me to make fresh contracts for her for next year, but I have declined to have anything to do with her business."

• • •

Many theatrical comets there are which flash their brief transit across the stage, and then vanish again to obscurity, but stellar honors sit gracefully upon her, who long ago won them in all but name. Miss Rehan is now a fixed star in the bright galaxy of the American stage. Miss Rehan has been an apt pupil, but her hard work and Mr. Daly's careful tuition are not alone to be be credited with the results she has achieved. She has more than talent. She has genius of an unusual order. By the almost unanimous voice of those who speak with authority on matters dramatic, Miss Rehan has unhesitatingly been given the first place on the list of American actresses, and this home verdict has been more than confirmed by the leading critics of London, who have given unqualified praise to her impersonations of the heroines of Shakespeare. Her art appeals to all who love what is best, most noble and most elevating in the theatre. Men rave over her, women admire her. No actress has struggled harder, worked more faithfully or more conscientiously than has she. What she has accomplished, and what she is, are due to her artistic work on the stage. Within the theatre she has the benefit of the advice and instruction of a great American stage manager.

• • •

I am pleased to be able to give Miss Rehan's Montreal repertoire: Monday, "Lost Word;" Tuesday, "Twelfth Night;" Wednesday, "Railroad of Love;" Thursday, "As You Like it;" Friday and Saturday matinee, "Taming of the Shrew;" Saturday evening, "School for Scandal."

• • •

Lole Fuller has a new dance, which she calls "The Rose," and which has made a great sensation in Europe. It will be one of the features of her American tour, which will open in November, previous to her proposed trip around the world. The new dance is done with the aid of mirrors, and is said to be one of her greatest creations.

• • •

E. S. Willard has sent this telegram to Charles Frohman regarding the reception of "Alabama" in London Monday night: "'Alabama' received with applause throughout, and at the close of the play the audience desired me to congratulate Mr. Thomas on its success. I have much pleasure in carrying out its wishes."

• • •

Della Fox brought out her new opera, "Fleur-de-Lys," at Palmer's Theatre, New York, last week, and scored a success. The Sun says the most interesting thing observable was that Della had succeeded in diminishing her avoirdupois; the next in interest was her exhibit of Hopperian humor and the next was her new piece. The libretto of the work is not as good as the story of the play merits, and the music is not as good as the book, being a succession of commonplaces.

• • •

John Philip Sousa's new comic opera, "El Capitan," on which he is now busily engaged, will be produced by the De Wolf Hopper Opera Company at Boston, in the Tremont Theatre, on April 13, 1896, and will be heard in New York on April 20, one week later. It is written in Sousa's happiest vein, and is full of the characteristic Sousa swing and originality.

• • •

The Leslie Opera Company from the Lyric Theatre, in London, under the direction of H. J. Leslie, begins a tour of the large cities of this country in October. The repertory will include three operas, "Dorothy," "The Red Hussar," and "Doris," Alfred Cellier's latest work, which had a run of one year at the Lyric Theatre. The latter opera will be given its first production in this country early in the season, probably at the Hollis Street Theatre in Boston, with a special cast and costly scenery and accessories. The company of sixty-five people will include a selected chorus of forty, which is to be a strong feature of the organization, and engaged solely on their merits as singers.

• • •

Herrman's programme this season is entirely new and full of startling surprises. Never before has the "Monarch of the Marvelous" presented such a brilliant entertainment. It is brimful of laughter and bewilderment, so I am told. Besides numerous wonderful acts, his programme includes the startling Oriental illusion, "The Asiatic Trunk Mystery," the astonishing biblical miracle, the spectacular magi-comedy "The Artist's Dream," and the national phenomena, "The Columbian Transformation." Madame Herrmann will appear in her latest dance creations, with the use of fourteen calcium light effects.

• • •

Digby Bell has secured Fred Miller's nautical opera, "Nancy Lee," and is to present it this season, opening in Baltimore Oct. 7. The new opera is in three acts, with the scenes laid in Hampton Roads and the city of Portsmouth at the beginning of the rebellion. Mr. Bell will have the part of Gabe Swift, a provost marshal.

• • •

Coquelin is still fighting the authorities of the Comedie Francaise, determined not to part with his hard earned money. He is most anxious to appear in Paris as a star on his own account, and the French theatre is equally determined to prevent their ex-associate from any such lucrative scheme. I am told, however, that there is quite a possibility of his coming to this country in Bernhardt's support.

• • •

Thomas Keene will indulge in the luxury of two leading women. One of them is Mary Timberman, formerly with Robert Mantell; the other is Adele Rippont, a society woman from Buffalo, who has been with Mrs. Potter.

• • •

The costumes to be worn in Sydney R. Ellis' romantic drama, "Bonnie Scotland," are to be a feature. They have all been made under the personal supervision of the author, and while being costly and beautiful, have the added value of being historically correct. There are five different clans appearing in "Bonnie Scotland," the MacFarlane, the Colquhoun, the Buchanan, the Stuart and the McGregor. Each of the clans has a tartan designated by the name of the wearer, and all are characteristic of the name.

• • •

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Questions to be answered the current week should reach me not later than Thursday morning.

"Bluenose" writes: "A" makes a wager with "B" that Sarah Bernhardt is, by religion, a Jewess, while "B" is strongly of the opinion that she is a Roman Catholic. Will you kindly state in Saturday's issue who wins, and oblige.

Bernhardt was born a Jewess, but afterwards became a Catholic.

"Admirer"—"Black Crook" will not be here this season.

"E. M. L."—The men you refer to were not the same.

"Sneeug"—Yes, Virginia Earl will support Al. Hart in "Wang."

"Englishman" asks Bernhardt's own name.

Madame Damala.

Paul Pry

CHESS COLUMN.

[Solutions of problems and chess correspondence should be addressed "Chess Editor, Montreal Herald." Solutions for publication on the following Saturday should be sent in not later than Monday].

Owing to a change in the management of the Chess Column the problems and other matter of interest have not been prepared in time for this week's issue. The column will appear next week.

OLD AGE AND YOUTH

A Kindred Influence Affects Each—Sergeant Willison M. Copp and Mrs. John Dinwoodie.

The Former Under 30 and the Latter Nearly 80 Years of Age—Both Cured of Extreme Nervous Prostration by South American Nervine.

Down by the sea, in the thriving town of Newcastle, N.B., resides Sergeant Willison M. Copp, a creditable representative of the militia of the Maritime Provinces. He is a young man under 30 years of age. This fact, however, did not prevent him a short time since suffering severely from nervous prostration. It took a grip of him that looked as though his days were numbered. Quoting his own words: "Friends and relatives despaired of my life." He was in, finenced, after every other effort had failed, to try South American Nervine, and it effected a complete cure. No wonder he says: "This remedy is the best on earth."

Mrs. John Dinwoodie of Flesherton, Ont., is a lady who has reached well nigh to four score years of age. She has been a resident of Flesherton for forty years. Everybody knows her, and knows that her word is as good as her bond. Three years ago, through the loss of a beloved daughter, she became prostrated with nervous trouble. No medicine or doctors' skill did her any good. Sorrow and age appeared to combine to number her days. But it was not to be so. South American Nervine came to her relief. She took twelve bottles of the medicine, with the result that to-day she is in the enjoyment of the best of health and her shattered nerves have again become healthy and strong. The secret of South American Nervine is that it immediately works on the nerve centres, through which comes all disease, and this being the case it matters not whether one is young or old, this medicine is certain to effect a cure.

A Gentle Dun.

While R. D. Apperson, manager of the Augusta electric light plant, was wiring the residence of Dr. A. M. Henkel, this city, he found in the garret between the roof and the baseboard a number of old papers in a good state of preservation. Among them was a little dun couched in the courteous language of the old school. It was addressed to "Gen. Robert Porterfield, Augusta County, Virginia," and came through the mail, the Norfolk post mark and date being fairly legible. It reads:

Fort Norfolk, Feby. 10th, 1810.

Sir,

After expressing my sorrow to you for the loss of your promising son, and my lieutenants—I would just mention that I left Ten Dollars in his care when he was yet with us and in his health to which lieutenant Patterson & Ensign Stribling was privy. When you came down to Fort Norfolk to take him home I made application by note to him for the money but I suppose his afflictions, &c., put it out of his mind and he did not send it to me. Well acquainted as you must be with the necessities of an old Soldier I hope you will send this money to me in a letter directed to me at this Fort, and the favor shall ever be remembered by

Sir Your's & My Country's faithful Soldier

JOHN STOWE.

Gen. Robert Porterfield.

—The Staunton (Va.) News.

A Ventilating Bolt.

One of the newest practical improvements offered is a ventilating bolt, an ingenious arrangement by which one can lock a door or window securely and at the same time leave either one partly open.

When it is desired to partly open the door, the bolt is detached from the spring slot on the door jamb and extended in a horizontal position, which a hinge permits to be done. The bolt then slips through a latch until the latter engages a milled end, when it remains fixed in that position.

A similar bolt is provided for windows, by means of which the one sash may be kept partly raised and the other partly lowered, thus admitting air at both top and bottom. The bolt locks the sashes in this position.—Philadelphia Times.

WHAT THINK YE ALL OF IT?

Well and Strong After Half a Century of Suffering!

The Cure is a Wonderful One

Wrought by Paine's Celery Compound

The Great Strength and Health-Giver.



MRS. PARSONS.

The memory of the great discoverer of Paine's Celery Compound will ever be sacred to the thousands who have been wonderfully delivered from disease and suffering. The united efforts of this world's medical men will never equal the work, the mighty life-saving results, that have come to sufferers through the virtues of Paine's Celery Compound.

The most difficult, the most distressing, and the seemingly hard and incurable cases, are successfully cured by the great medicine. There is no reason why any man or woman should despair and give up hope, while they can procure the medicine that drives away disease.

Strong and incontrovertible proof—testimony from one who suffered for over fifty years—will give hope and inspiration to many of Canada's sufferers who, up to the present, have been unsuccessful with physicians and the common advertised medicines of the day.

The marvellous and speedy cure of Mrs. A. R. Parsons, of Sutton, P.Q., has created a wonderful sensation in that special section of the Eastern Townships. Professional men, business men, and farmers, have discussed the subject, and today Paine's Celery Compound has a reputation and fame in the district that no other medicine ever possessed.

Mrs. Parsons writes very briefly, but to the point; she says:

"I am delighted to send my testimony regarding your most valuable medicine, Paine's Celery Compound.

"Some time ago I had Grippe, which left me so lame and weak that for six months I could not get up without help. I told my husband that nothing else but Paine's Celery Compound could help me, after other medicines and doctors had failed.

"After taking several bottles of Paine's Celery Compound I feel that I am cured; I can now walk and go up and down stairs with ease, and do all my housework. Under the blessing of God and your Paine's Celery Compound I am now well."

OTTAWA NOTES.

(From an occasional correspondent.)

Ottawa, Sept. 5.—The several newspapers throughout the week prepared the public to expect a celebration on Labor Day that would eclipse every previous labor demonstration. When the eventful day arrived thousands turned out to see the grand parade that was to give the keynote to the day's festivities. Fortunately for the Knights of Labor, it was not the true keynote, because, on the whole, it was a dismal failure. True, some of those taking part made a fine display, notably the Experimental Farm, but the lack of life that was all too prominent was owing to a division in the ranks of the Knights of Labor. The contingency from Hull was headed by Napoleon Fauteux, the leader of the Chaudiere strike three years ago. Driving in the parade were Sir James Grant, M.P., Mayor Borthwick, Ald. McGuire, Grant, Davis, Payment, Champagne, Martelock, Dalglish and Lauzon. The procession wended its way through the streets until it reached Cartier Square, and there Mr. Keith, of the Trades and Labor Council, introduced Mayor Borthwick, who was received with hearty applause. Sir James Grant, M.P., was then called upon, and, in his usual eloquent and effective manner, delivered a stirring patriotic address. Ald. McGuire, "though unaccustomed to public speaking," made a few happy remarks that brought the morning's proceedings to a close. Thousands went out to Lansdowne Park in the afternoon to see the sports and a well-matched game of lacrosse between the Almontes and Prescotts, ending in a victory for the Almontes. The whole demonstration was not much of a success, bearing out the cynical remark of a bystander, "that labor couldn't demonstrate worth a cent when it was well fed." A few weeks ago the Trades and Labor Union wrote to the various clergymen in the city, asking them to make labor the subject of their evening services on Sunday last. Rev. Dr. Saunders, Rev. J. Bogart and Rev. R. E. Knowles were the only ones who found it convenient to respond. A large congregation gathered in the Stewarton Presbyterian Church to hear the Rev. Mr. Knowles. He took for his text, "The rich and poor meet together, the Lord is the maker of them all." He pointed out the common ground to rich and poor in the gifts and endowments which are to both alike. He then made reference to the rights of the working classes, and deplored the inflammatory character of speeches from both ministers and lecturers, emphasizing the breach between capital and labor. "One would think," said Mr. Knowles, "that Jesus Christ had provided the Golden Rule only as a club to be brandished by the poor about the heads of the rich; but it is not so. The rich in many cases are the best friends of the poor. Socialism is as unreasonable as dangerous. God never intended men to be equally endowed, except with equal responsibility for the use of such gifts as they have." Mr. Knowles then emphasized the responsibility which all employers have for the moral interests of their employes, such as that of the Mistress for the Maid, "although," he continued, "coming generations will refer to this age as the age of slavery, except that it may be the slavery of the mistresses." He insisted on the rights of the workingman, the right to work, the right to the higher pleasures of existence, the delights of mind, the pursuit of knowledge, the sweets of domestic life. Mr. Knowles contended that a larger share of the ruling of the country should be in the hands of the workingman. Illustrious precedents prove his ability to govern. Only when labor is fairly represented in the House of Commons will the people be safe from the selfishness of capitalists and monopolists. Parliament has a plethora of lawyers, and why should there be in a country like ours a property qualification for the right to a seat in the Senate. Too many cases have proven that this is no guarantee of capacity, and if the Senate is to live at all it must be by its worth and ability, which are not exclusively the properties of the rich. The avenues to the higher positions should be unblocked to all alike, since God's endowment of fitness to any office means his appointment to its duties. Rev. Dr. Armstrong said that at a later date he would be happy to preach on labor.

Ottawa is again the proud possessor of another champion in Mr. W. T. Lawless, who last week won the amateur swimming championship of Canada in Montreal by beating Percy Evans of that city. Mr. Lawless' victory was only what was expected by all who saw the great aquatic power he showed during the regatta of the Canoe Club.

The D.R.A. matches decided that only two of Ottawa's "shots" should go to Bisley next year annd those two lucky ones were Lieut.-Col. W. P. Anderson, S.L., and Lieut. J. C. Hutcheson. of the 43rd.

At last it looks as though there might be a time somewhere in the near future when the Ottawa River shall be free from its great blemish—the saw dust—for Mr. Olney has invented a process whereby fuel may be manufactured from the sawdust and should this process, now being introduced, be a success the mill owners will have no further excuse for spoiling the river.

THE SUFFERING OF OLD PEOPLE

Finds Simple and Quick Relief in the Use of South American Kidney Cure.

The suffering from kidney troubles endured by men and women who are getting a little up in years is often exceedingly distressing. The annoyance and inconvenience caused by a derangement of the kidneys is only too plain to all who have been troubled in this way. How keen the distress is at times from what is known as prostatic troubles in the old, such as enlargement, inflammation and ulceration of the prostate gland. Without any pretence or after unpleasant effects South American Kidney Cure gives immediate and lasting relief in all such cases. It is a wonderful medicine for kidney trouble of whatever kind. It is essentially a kidney cure and boasts of nothing more. But it is king here every time.

Japanese Fondness for Animals.

The love of animals seems to be implanted in the hearts of the Japanese, and is an exceedingly amiable trait of their character, says a writer in Our Animal Friends. Consideration for the lower orders of beings is probably the result of the kindly tenets of Buddha, who instilled the lesson of divine humanity into his followers, but it may be that the benevolence of the Japanese owes its origin to fear as well as love, since they are believers in transmigration, and Buddha says, "Thy future birth will be unhappy if thou doest cruel things."

The education of the Japanese child is derived in most cases from its mother, who teaches it morality and tenderness while yet an infant. To this beautiful feminine influence may be traced the love of the little ones for flowers, birds and beasts.

Any uneasiness at the stomach or indigestion in any form is absolutely cured by Adams' Tutti Frutti.

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Preliminary Examination for Admission to the Study of Medicine,

The semi-annual examination for the study of medicine will take place THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 19th and 20th of SEPTEMBER, at 9 a. m., in the University of Laval at Quebec.

The fee is $20.00 and must paid to one of the undersigned 10 days before the examination. A certificate of good character is necessary. The candidates who send the fee by mail must give their age.

A. G. BELLEAU, M.D., Quebec.
A. T. BROSSEAU, M.D., Montreal, Secretary.

Montreal, Aug 10, 1895.

College of Physicians and Surgeons
OF THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.
PROVINCIAL MEDICAL BOARD. - - - - SEMI-ANNUAL MEETING.

The semi-annual meeting of the Board of Governors of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the Province of Quebec will be held WEDNESDAY, the 25th of SEPTEMBER, in Quebec, at 10 a.m. Candidates for license must send the fee, which is $40.00, and the certificate of admission to the study of medicine to one of the undersigned. The committee on credentials will meet at the same place Tuesday, the 24th of September, at 10 a.m. All candidates, either for brevet or for license, must be present on that day. Persons desirous of obtaining diplomas as midwives will be examined at the meeting, September 24. The fee is $10.

A. G. BELLEAU, M.D., St. Ursule St., Quebec.
A. T. BROSSEAU, M.D., 138 St, Denis St., Montreal, Secretary.

Montreal, May 10.

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For the Higher Education of Young Women,
With Preparatory Department for Girls between 10 and 13 years.

President, Rev. James Barclay, D.D.
Vice-President, Mr. A. T. Drummond.
Principal, Miss Grace Fairley, M.A., Edinburgh.

The institute will reopen with an efficient staff of 12 resident and visiting teachers, on
Tuesday, 10th September, 1895, at Noon.

The Institute buildings are situated on the mountain side, overlooking the city. The spacious grounds are attractively laid out, and the surroundings are not only beautiful but very healthful.

A limited number of day pupils will be admitted.

For copy of prospectus and other information, apply to the Principal, at the Institute, or to
A. F. Riddell, Sec., 22 St. John St., Montreal

LADIES' SCHOOL,
203 Bleury Street, conducted by Mrs Stone, will reopen Sept. 3rd. ART CLASSES, 203 Bleury Street. Miss Stone will resume her classes in Drawing, Painting, Designing, etc., 2nd September.

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HEAD MASTER:
Mr. T. Ridler Davies, B.A., Cantab
ASSISTED BY
MR. T. F. CRICKMAY, B.A., Hertford College, Oxford; MR. T. HOLMES-ORR, MONS. A. B. SCHOTTE.

Small classes, ensuring individual attention. Preparatory classes for boys of eight years old or upwards.

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There is excellent accommodation for a limited number of boarders. Prospectus can be had on application. The head master can be seen on school business any morning after Aug. 24th. The school reopens Monday, Sept. 9th, at 10 o'clock.

DUNHAM LADIES' COLLEGE,
DUNHAM, QUE.
A Church School for Young Ladies and Girls, 57 miles run on Boston line (C.P.R.) from Montreal to Cowansville, and a drive of 30 to 40 minutes, reaching Dunham in 2½ hours. President, the Lord Bishop of Montreal. Reopens Wednesday, Sept. 11th, 1895. An efficient staff of teachers. Special attention given to French. Home life a marked feature of the institution. The Vice-Principal, Miss L. O'Loane, a lady of large experience in Ladies' Colleges, will have the pupils under her constant supervision. Board, washing and tuition leading to A. A., or entrance into McGill Normal School, $130 per school year. Music and painting extra. Send for particulars to the Principal, REV. N. A. F. BOURNE, Dunham, Que.

Defective Speech, Imperfect Hearing,
Stuttering, Stammering, Etc.
The Mackay Institution for Protestant Deaf Mutes and the Blind, Notre Dame de Grace, Montreal, will reopen on September 11th. Articulation and speech reading given to children born deaf.

The classes for those who are hard of hearing, or who suffer from defective speech, are distinctly separate from the classes for the totally deaf. Subjects taught alike to those in common schools. Thorough instruction is also given in one of the following trades: Printing, chair caning, carpentry, cabinet, shoe, mattress and dressmaking.

H. E. ASHCROFT, Superintendent. G. DURNFORD, Secretary.

BISHOP'S COLLEGE, Lennoxville.
LECTURES IN ARTS and DIVINITY for Michaelmas Term, 1895, begin on Sept. 19.
Matriculation and preliminary examinations on Sept. 16, at 9 a.m.
For Calendars, etc., apply to the REV. T. ADAMS, D.C.L., Principal, or to A. D. NICOLLS, Bursar, Lennoxville.

BISHOP'S COLLEGE SCHOOL.
Michaelmas Term begins on Sept. 10, 1895. For information as to preparation given for University or College training, and generally as to system of residential life and discipline, scientific and physical instruction, games, etc., apply to the headmaster,
H. J. HAMILTON PETRY, M.A.
Or to A. D. NICOLLS, Sec'y, Lennoxville

Protestant Board of School Commissioners
Applicants for admission to the Training School for Kindergarten Teachers are requested to present themselves to Miss Henderson, Director of the School, at the High School Building, Peel Street, between the hours of 9 and 12 o'clock, during the week beginning 26th August.
E. W. ARTHY, Superintendent.

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is the largest, best equipped and most thorough Commercial College in Canada. Send for the Souvenir Prospectus, containing a description of the subjects taught, methods of individual instruction, and photographic views of the departments in which the Theoretical, Practical Courses are taught by nine expert teachers with business experience. The College office will be open on August 26th, and studies will be resumed on September 3rd. Write, call or telephone 2890. Address
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