

The Stanstead Journal.

VOL. LX—No. 19.

ROCK ISLAND, (STANSTEAD) P. Q., THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1905.

WHOLE No. 3091.

AKIN & HOUSE

New Goods arriving every day, and a better and more complete line of goods was never shown in a general store.
GROCERIES AND DRY GOODS of every description;
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING, Suits, Top Coats, Hats, Caps, Shirts and Neckwear.
A new line of LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS just in.
SHOES for Men, Women and Children, in Patent Leather, Box Calf, Vici or Russet.
FURNITURE, DISHES, WALL PAPER. Don't buy until you see our line. We carry a full stock of Ramsay's Paints, White Lead and Oil. Quality and price guaranteed.

SEEDS

Grass Seed, Red and Alayke Clover, Wheat, Oats, Barley and Sanford Corn. All new and guaranteed to grow.
BOWKER'S FERTILIZER for Potatoes and Corn.
A car load of Pulp Plaster, so can furnish you with any amount.

AKIN & HOUSE.

STANSTEAD METHODIST CHURCH

Pastor, Rev. Wm. Howitt, B.A., B.D.
Sunday Services—10:30 A.M., 7:00 P.M.
Sunday School at the close of Morning Service.
Mid-week Service—Wednesday, 7:30 P.M.

Cash paid for wool, the market is up, bring in early before it declines.
We offer one car of corn at 62½ cts. Corn Meal at \$1.20.

Good quality Timothy Seed, \$2.00 bush. Clover 10 to 16 cts.
Capleton Fertilizer 80c. Bowkers Sure Crop Fertilizer, \$1.35.
A. G. CLOUGH, Ayer's Cliff, Que.

CASSVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Bangs visited friends in Sherbrooke recently.
Miss Susie McVeary closed her school at Lower Cassville on Friday. Miss McVeary is now visiting her uncle, Mr. Young at Mansonville.

Mr. Wm. Chamberlain had the misfortune to have a yearling break two of its legs on Sunday, it is the second one he has lost this spring in the same way.

Mr. and Mrs. John Renihan spent Monday with their daughter, Mrs. B. Hamilton at Beebe Plain.

Miss Mary Thompson went to Stanstead College on Monday.
Messrs. George and Walter Brown from Leadville were in town last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Heath from Rock Island were guests of their daughter, Mrs. M. Henry on Sunday.

Mr. J. W. Morrill from St. Louis, Mo., who was called to Derby Line by the illness of his mother, Mrs. Sarah Morrill called on friends in town last week and has since returned to his home by the way of Boston.

The Ladies Aid will meet in the I. O. G. T. hall on Wednesday evening the 17th. All are invited.

HEATHTON.

The W. C. T. U. will meet this (Wed.) afternoon at 2 p. m. with Mrs. Sarah Hill.

Mr. B. Martin and daughter of Dunham were guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. Gilbert and Mr. and Mrs. E. Clement for a few days recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Flanders Gilbert spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gilbert of Holland.

Mr. and Mrs. Ozro Bean and son of Stanstead were the guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Bean Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Dearborn Cilley and son Colin are spending the week with Mrs. Cilley's sister, Mrs. James Bullock in Derby, Vt.

Miss Ellen Locke is guest of her sister, Mrs. L. Cooper in Stanstead.

Miss O. Gilbert is spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. E. Gilbert.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gilbert were the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Bean, Tuesday.

Mr. John Heath's little daughter Kathleen of Rock Island is spending a few weeks with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Heath.

WE WILL PAY CASH

FOR
Butter, Eggs, Sugar and Pork

Don't give your produce away—we want it.

We will sell Carpeting, Curtains, Rugs, Oil Cloth and Clothing at rock bottom prices. Will give a new hat or a good watch with every suit of clothes free.

Any lady purchasing \$10.00 worth of goods in one day will be given a dress pattern free. 100 patterns to choose from.

Boots and Shoes warranted or your money back.

Headquarters for Royal Household Flour—good cooks will use no other.

New hats the Korreck Style—we can please you.

Just received—big line of Shirt Waists, 49c.

New goods of all descriptions—nothing like them ever shown for the money.

Ask for the New Store, 87 Commercial St.

MERRILL & DIXON.

TOWN TOPICS.

Mr. C. H. Kathan is in Boston.
Mrs. David Morrill who has been seriously ill for some time, is improving.

Garden seeds in packages and bulk, Fodder, Corn and Onion Sets at Melloon's.

Mr. J. W. Morrill of Pacific, Mo., who was called here by the serious illness of his mother, returned home Monday.

Arrangements are being made for Miss Pauline Johnston, the Indian Poetess, and Mr. Walter Macray to give a concert on the 26th inst.

A. H. Tiffin's tomato plants are sure to grow and the fruit ripen early. Don't get left, order them now—also Cabbage, Cauliflower and Celery plants.

The Ladies of the Congregational Church will hold a sale on Friday evening, May 12th. Chafing dish supper, strawberries and cream all for 35 cents.

Call in and see our big assortment of Ladies' Lawn Waists. The greatest display and the best values ever shown. Prices from 50c. to \$2.25. See our "Special" at \$1.25. Frank Melloon.

A quarterly services will be held in Stanstead Methodist Church on Sunday. Love feast in the lecture room at 9.45, preaching at 10.30 followed by the communion service; evening service as usual at 7 p. m.

Mrs. R. W. Saunders has removed to the Worth place, near Mr. Hackett's, where she would be pleased to see all her old customers. She wishes to thank them for past favors and hopes to receive a continuation of their patronage.

Services at the Congregational Church will be held at the usual hours next Sunday. Frontier Lodge, No 56, Ancient Order of United Workmen, will attend the morning service with the pastor Mr. Read, will address them on the subject of "Realizing Life's opportunities." At the evening service the subject of address will be "The Great Decision." All are cordially invited to these services. A meeting of the Congregational Society will be held immediately after the morning service for the consideration of important business.

The marriage of Mr. Edwin R. Whitney, who has figured prominently in some of the American newspapers of late, is announced in a brief New York despatch which appears elsewhere in the JOURNAL. Mr. Whitney, who is a native of the Townships, spent some months at Stanstead a year or two ago, and is well-known by many of our readers. When seen by a resident of this place, who was in New York at Easter, Mr. Whitney admitted his love for the telephone girl, but said their marriage depended somewhat upon the success of certain financial ventures out of which he expected to realize a large amount of money within a few days. The marriage would therefore indicate that his financial hopes had been realized.

Mr. Edward W. Wallace of Providence R. I., was in town last week the guest of Mr. T. W. Nurse. Years ago Mr. Wallace was a "comp" on the JOURNAL, but for some unexplained reason he forsook printing and became a manufacturer of jewelry. Mr. Wallace finds time for considerable philanthropic work and is prominently connected with the Y. M. C. A. in Providence. This association owns extensive grounds and buildings at Lake George, where many Providence lads are taken for the summer's outing, and Mr. Wallace usually goes with them. Each boy is required to pay a portion of the cost of living at the Lake but he gets a wholesome vacation at a very low figure. The plan is a good one.

Failing to secure a renewal of its lease of the grounds used for a number of years, the Sunnyside Golf Club has leased grounds from the Capt. H. E. Foster estate and is now laying out a new nine-hole course in the hill pasture south of the village of Derby Line. While the grounds are not quite so smooth as the old links there are more obstacles—a point appreciated by golfers. A higher altitude gives a broader view and scenery is always an important consideration. There is abundant room for even an eighteen-hole course and \$25 has been agreed upon as the price to be paid for the use of the grounds during the season. In the case of the former grounds the first year's rental was \$15, second year \$50, third year \$75, and fourth year \$100. The annual meeting of the Club will be held at the home of Mrs. William Pike this evening when new officers will be elected and important matters discussed.

TOWN TOPICS.

Tomato, Cabbage, Cauliflower and Celery Plants for sale by A. H. Tiffin, Stanstead.

Mr. S. S. Heath and family have moved from Mrs. Blodgett's tenement to Foster Block.

Mrs. Cobb and Mrs. C. W. Colby, from Montreal, were recently guests at "Carrollcroft."

Miss Amy Davidson of Libbytown, is spending the week with her sister, Mrs. Frank Morrill.

John Armitage is constructing at the Jondro Pond a floating wagon stand for washing buggies.

Miss Minnie Aldrich, formerly with Caswell & O'Rourke, has accepted a situation as clerk at William Spalding's.

Grass Seed, Clover Seed, two and six rowed Barley, Sanford Corn and all kinds of Garden Seeds at William M. Pike's.

Attention is hereby called to the Quebec Central Railway change of time taking effect May 8th, 1905, particulars of which are given in our advertising columns.

The Telford & Chapman Manufacturing Co. have bridged the river back of their factory and their new shoddy mill on the opposite bank is well under way. The walls have been closed in and the roof is on.

Dr. Waldron left Monday night to attend the funeral of his father, Mr. George F. Waldron, who died in Rosindale, May 8th. The late Mr. Waldron was born in Woodstock, Vt., 63 years ago and went to Boston at the age of 21 years. He conducted a successful machine business in Boston for 35 years. The funeral took place at the Church of Our Saviour (Episcopal) in Rosindale, yesterday.

Instead of two commissioners the Township of Stanstead now has some seventy road inspectors under whose direction the "money tax" will be spent. The council has apportioned a certain amount of money to each division and laid down certain rules for its use. Local inspectors are to hire tax-payers who want to work, but are not to employ such unless they render as good service as could be secured in the open market for the same money. A man with shovel will be paid 12½ cts., with horse and cart 20c., with team on road machine 30c. per hour. Inspectors are required to keep exact time of all employes in hours and minutes and make payment with orders on the municipal treasury only. They have been supplied with time books and order forms. The present arrangement has been made in accordance with a popular demand from a large number of tax-payers who objected less to the money tax than to the payment of the commissioner's salaries. It is rather elaborate scheme, and its working will be watched with interest. The mayor and councillors have shown a disposition to carry out their part of the work thoroughly. Apparently they have forestalled any attempt at misusing the people's money.

FITCH BAY.

Little Myrtle Heal is still very ill with typhoid fever.

Walter Holden has returned from his visit to his home in Sutton.

Rev. H. E. Rickard has gone to Washington, D. C., to attend the general conference of the S. D. A. Church. Fred Esta of Mansonville visited friends here last week and attended the May Ball.

Bessie Sylvester, who has been visiting friends here for a few weeks, has returned to her home in Mansonville.

About 35 couples attended the May Ball at the Hovey Hall and all report a good time.

Stephen Baldwin is home from St. Johnsbury, Vt.

Mrs. Fourny of Montreal is visiting her children here.

Mrs. Gregory is at West Derby caring for her father who is ill.

Hamilton Wilson is on the sick list. He is attended by Dr. Fourny.

Fernando Heath of Newport visited at his home here over Sunday.

Morris Longway is improving the looks of the Advent Church with a new coat of paint.

Service at the Advent Church next Sunday will be at 10.30 a. m. Preaching by the pastor. All are invited.

The gross receipts of the Quebec Central Railway in 1904 were \$778,900 and the net earnings \$238,000. In 1888, when the present board took office, the gross receipts were \$229,500 and the net earnings \$49,200. The increase in freight traffic is particularly gratifying. It will be seen that the Q. C. R. has had its share of the prosperity with which the country has been blessed.

For Repair Work—For New Work—For any kind of a place where you need to do any PLASTERING use

Elastic Pulp Plaster

No Lime—No Sand—No Hair—No Mortar—No Mortar Bin—No dirty disagreeable work—No time wasted. Hardens in a few hours—Dries out in a few days—Hard as a board—Can't Crumble—Don't Crack—Your house is worth more when plastered with Pulp Plaster.

It is cooler in summer, warmer in winter, looks better, lasts better. Pulp Plaster won't water soak if your roof leaks.

Put lathery close together and soak thoroughly before using Pulp Plaster. Prices on any quantity and full information furnished by

TRUE & BLANCHARD CO.

General Agents, Newport, Vt.

OR AKIN & HOUSE, Local Agents,
Beebe Plain, P. Q. and Vt.

GEORGEVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred McGowan who have been in California and Arizona for the past year and a half have returned. Mr. McGowan is here visiting his relatives while Mrs. McGowan is at the home of her father, Mr. Harrison Dailey at Derby helping to care for her brother who is very ill with typhoid fever.

Mrs. A. Molson and Miss Molson are at their summer residence "Fern Hill" for the season.

Mr. Hamilton Gault of Montreal was at "Glenbrooke" one day last week showing the place to Mr. Dowell who has taken it for the season.

Dr. Chas. W. Colby, Professor of History at McGill is at his summer residence for a few days.

Judge Newell of Bristol, Conn., was at his summer cottage on Minnow Island for a few days since navigation opened.

Mr. Harold M. Redpath and family of Montreal are at the home of Mr. Newton, Brook house for a few weeks before occupying their own house. They were at Bermuda during the past winter.

Mr. Roswell Fisher and family of Montreal who are now in Switzerland will occupy their summer residence, "Bolton Cliffs," the coming season.

Mr. W. H. Rediker is making extensive repairs and alterations upon his residence.

Mr. A. W. Bullock has been appointed one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace.

The Georgeville cheese factory has started up with a good prospect of increased business this season. Mr. Ryan is the cheese maker.

There will be a benefit concert followed by a social dance in McGowan's hall, Wednesday evening, May 24, in aid of the park. All are invited. Good talent is assured.

Cattle generally are turned out to pasture and grass is looking well. The rainy weather is somewhat of a hindrance to seeding.

NORTH HATLEY.

Mrs. and Master Frank Sweeney of Hatley were guests of their aunt, Mrs. H. N. LeBaron, the first of the week.

Mr. W. E. Loomas has a gang of men painting and arranging his cottage for the summer.

Miss Kataline arrived this morning. She has been with us many seasons.

Mr. and Miss Bond are putting their grounds in order.

Mrs. Ida Bean and Mrs. Ashley Jackson were in Magog Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. C. H. LeBaron and family have moved home for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Almer McClary of Massawippi have arrived to stay with A. P. LeBaron through the summer.

Mr. A. C. Lowell has moved his harness business near T. V. Reed's livery stable.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Brent returned to Baltimore last Friday. They will come to remain the first of June.

Mr. Samuel Botherill has moved to Mansonville where he will keep a public house.

Our post office has been changed to J. B. LeBaron's new block.

Dr. C. J. Edgar is decorating the grounds around his new residence.

The weather keeps cold and wet roads are in bad condition.

Read Melloon's new ad.

EAST STANSTEAD.

Miss Pearl White has gone to Stanstead to attend the convent for a few weeks.

Mr. Charles Smith, who has been living on Carrol Crook's farm in Fairfax has bought the Caswell's farm and has taken possession of it.

Mr. Bullis from Cedarville has moved his family into the house recently vacated by Robert Smith.

Mrs. M. L. D. Hastings has returned home from a week's visit to her friend Mrs. Elsworth Demick, Caswellboro.

Mr. B. F. Kezar is making extensive repairs on his house having repainted and papered the interior and he is now giving the outside a new coat of paint which greatly improves its appearance.

Miss J. Lulu Gould has just closed a very successful term of school here. She and the pupils with a few friends were well sweetened up with hot sugar on snow. After giving out the report cards and presenting the successful pupils to prizes, she was presented with a very nice toilet set as a token of the esteem in which she is held by her pupils.

We understand that Miss Gould is to teach a three month's term this summer at South Barnston.

Miss Blanche Lawton is prepared to do dressmaking at Mrs. G. W. Clark's. Please give her a call.

The South Barnston Ladies Aid meets with Mrs. H. Keeler on Thursday afternoon, May 18. All are welcome to attend.

BARNSTON.

Mrs. W. A. Cramer of Way's Mills, and Mrs. E. R. Cramer of West Derby called on friends in town on the 4th.

Mr. Geo. Knapp has leased the Robert Burnett farm for a term of years.

Mrs. Dresser of Coaticook is visiting her son, L. E. Dresser, and family. Mrs. Dresser has leased Mr. C. J. Cuthing's farm for a year and will occupy the Allen house until Mr. Cuthing's new house is completed.

Mr. John Fraser is engaged in the creamery for the summer.

Miss Lizzie Mills of Montreal arrived at the Methodist parsonage on Monday where she will make her home for the summer.

Mr. Frank Hall who has been taking a course in the Commercial College at Brockville, Ont., arrived home on Saturday accompanied by Mrs. Baldwin, who has been spending the winter in Michigan.

DERBY, VT.

Miss Hester Coburn spent Sunday with Miss Alice Clark.

Prof. Dobson of Stanstead College preached last Sunday morning at the Congregational Church.

Wilder Bros. have purchased of Dr. Clark the store which they have been renting for a number of years.

Mrs. Ralph Kelsey died very suddenly Monday night. The funeral will be Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. (George P. Wilder was in town last week.)

At Harvey & Stowe's you will find over 100 different patterns of Wall Paper to select from. The prices are exceedingly low.

We understand we are to have our streets lighted by electricity. What a difference!

AT A. E. FISH & CO'S, AYER'S CLIFF

FROM MAY FIRST UNTIL SOLD

500 pairs Shoes, Assorted Sizes, at ½ former prices;
100 Suits Clothes at ½ and ⅔ former prices.

This is no humbug; these goods are going to be sold.

We invite inspection of our Seed Grain: Wheat, two and six rowed Barley, Oats, Peas, Timothy and Clover, all at lowest prices.

FERTILIZERS

Pacific Guano, Bradley's, Eclipse, Capleton Brand, Corn Special, &c. Headquarters for FLOUR AND FEED, CORN AND CORN MEAL, both at our mill, Boynton and the store.

WANTED AT ONCE—1 car Dressed Pork, 8¼c. lb. Will pay 6c. live weight.

A. E. FISH & CO.

VERMONT ITEMS.

The Freshman class at the University of Vermont have elected Royden Chickering of St. Johnsbury manager of the class baseball team, and Charles Bailey of Greensboro, treasurer.

Swanton suffered a severe loss by fire April 28th when the entire block from the west end of the iron bridge to the corner of South Main street was wiped out. The loss is estimated at \$15,000 partly covered by insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown.

The birthplace of Admiral George Dewey at Montpelier has just gone on foreclosure to T. J. Deavitt, the mortgagee. When the victory of Manila bay brought fame to Dewey, the owner asked \$10,000 for the house and probably could have secured \$5,000. Now it goes to satisfy a debt of \$2,700.

A large marble deal has been consummated at Rutland, G. C. Underhill in behalf of clients purchasing all the property of the late George E. Royce at West Rutland and Brandon. The property contains one of the most valuable deposits of white marble in the state. The West Rutland lands contain blue marble.

The town of Island Pond has purchased the water works of the Island Pond Water Company from Benjamin Hinman of Newport, and H. B. Stewart of Beebe Plain. As soon as the weather permits the town will build a new reservoir with a capacity of 500,000 gallons will repipe the streets and supplement the present source by the water from another stream, which has been purchased.

Lieut. Robert E. Peary, the arctic explorer, and distinguished the world over as the man who promises to discover the North pole in the near future, will speak in Wilmington Tuesday, May 16. Lieut. Peary comes there because of a long-ago promise made one of the loyal sons of Wilmington and through the courtesy of the naval department.

Chief of police Brown of Barre, raided a car on the Central Vermont tracks the other day and seized sixteen barrels of wine directed to different parties. The car had already been partly unloaded and the truckmen returning to their task after dinner were surprised to find the cargo gone. The warrant was issued by states attorney Jackson.

Preparations are already being made for the 23rd annual camp of Vermont Division Sons of Veterans, which will be held in Richford, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, June 13-15. The division commander is R. C. Smith, the adjutant, C. G. McGaffey and the quartermaster, D. H. Aldrich all of Bethel where headquarters were established at the last annual encampment.

Richard Harvey of South Ryegate is under arrest at Woodsville, N. H., charged with the murder of Perley A. Hartson of Hardwick, who died at a hospital at Woodsville. It is alleged that Harvey had been drinking Thursday night, met Hartson on the street and knocked him down, Hartson's head striking the curbstone, and his skull being fractured. Both men are about thirty-five years old and are farm hands.

On the night of April 28th the members of the Mount Sinai Temple, Ancient and Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, held its spring celebration in Montpelier, about two hundred and fifty persons being present. The degree was conferred on thirty-eight candidates among them being the Rev. E. E. Marggraf and Merrill D. Armstrong of St. Albans. After the meeting a banquet was served, covers being laid for two hundred and thirty persons. Nobles from all the state temples as well as several from Altoppe temple of Boston and other New England points were present.

A bad smashup occurred at Hardwick recently resulting in serious injuries to Mrs. Daniel Nichols. The accident occurred in front of the Congregational Church. Mrs. L. S. Robie, accompanied by Mrs. M. O. Nichols, and Mrs. Thomas, were out driving, when they met Mr. and Mrs. Gove riding in their automobile. Mrs. Robie's horse became frightened and started up the bank in front of the Catholic Church, overturning the surrey and turning the occupants into to the street. Mrs. Nichols and Mrs. Thomas were injured but Mrs. Robie escaped with but few bruises. Mrs. Nichol's right wrist and one rib were broken and it is feared that she is injured internally.

Boy Showed Presence of Mind.
Paul, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Rathbun of Poultney, came near losing his life in that town a few days ago at the Rising & Nelson quarry. He was engaged in running two drums of cylinders which hoist and lower the carriers. An old mitten, which he wore, caught on the wire rope, and drew his arm into the drum, throwing him to the ground. Just as his body was about to be drawn in, with wonderful presence of mind the little fellow reached out with one foot and closed the throttle, hereby shutting off the steam and saving his own life. The leg and his body were considerably bruised, but the boy is out again and as active as ever.

VERMONT ITEMS.

Granite Lodge, No 35, F. & A. M., Barre, is the banner lodge in the state in point of numbers at least, having a membership of 362, and is gaining rapidly.

Several cases of supposed cerebro spinal meningitis have developed at White River Junction and the schools have been closed as a precautionary measure. One death has been reported.

"Spotter" Wilson declines to accept \$1000 in settlement of his suit against P. W. Clement for slander. The settlement was arranged by Wilson's attorneys and it was supposed that the latter acquiesced, but last week he had filed a protest in the United States court at Rutland against the settlement. He wants more money.

A pit has been constructed in Rutland city park for the disposal of the city's rubbish and the same is now in use. The pit is constructed of steel and is not unlike a huge vertical boiler as regards its outside appearance. It is seven feet in diameter and 12 feet high with an 18-inch stack 50 feet in height. In this pit it is intended that all inflammable material shall be burned.

May 19 has been chosen as the date for the debate between Bates College, Lewiston, Me., and the University of Vermont, Burlington. The question for debate will be: "Resolved, that the United States Should Enter Upon and Hold to a Policy of Colonial Expansion." The men representing Vermont are E. V. Perkins, '05, captain, R. H. Perry, '08, and H. W. Stone '07.

W. W. Jones of Benson, began three years ago to cultivate the ginseng root, securing his start from wild roots gathered in the woods. The seeds and plants are both propagated and his beds now will produce thousands of seeds and many hundreds of plants. The expense outside of the labor has been thus far a mere bagatelle. He shades the plants with an artificial bower of boughs, using posts and cross sticks for a frame work. In three years more he will get big returns.

The village of Northfield has unanimously voted to purchase the Andrews-Emerson Aqueduct Co.'s water system for \$18,500 and the offer was accepted by the company, possession to be given May 1st. The village will at once take measures for installing a first class water system for the fire protection and domestic uses. It will be constructed from plans which were drawn by a competent engineer last year and approved by the special water committee.

Prouty not a Candidate.
In a letter to the editor of The St. Albans Messenger regarding the report that he proposed resigning from the interstate commerce commission and becoming a candidate for Congress, the Hon. Charles A. Prouty of Newport, writing from Washington, says:

"Several months ago I stated to some friends from Vermont that if the railroads and other monopolistic interests of this country succeeded in driving me from my position before the expiration of my term, as then seemed probable, I would ask the people of my district to give me a fair chance to try conclusions with these gentlemen. I have thought nothing about it since, and have no idea how the report originated at this time. I am not a candidate and do not expect to be. Vermont in the past has gained immensely by continuing her representatives in Congress for long periods. Personally, I know of no reasons why Colonel Haskins should not succeed himself if he desires to."

The New Trial For Mary Rogers.
New evidence of great strength has been secured in behalf of Mrs. Mary Rogers, according to C. A. McCarthy, of Hoosick Falls, N. Y., one of the counsel for the woman who is under sentence of death June 2 for the murder of her husband. Her counsel are preparing a petition for a new trial, which they will present to the supreme court within a week or ten days. Relative to the petition, Mr. McCarthy says:

"The petition will state, and affidavits supporting the same will show, that there is evidence of insanity in the family of Mary Mabel Rogers, especially in her father's family; that she was weak mentally; that she inherited insanity from both her mother's and father's side; that some relatives have been inmates of an insane asylum in New State. There will also be affidavits of physicians that a few days before the murder she was insane as a result of her physical condition. The confession of Leon Perham that he committed the murder by striking Rogers on the head with a club will be supported by affidavits asserting facts since learned. At the time of the burial of Rogers it was discovered that there was a compound multiple fracture of the skull, corroborating the confession of Perham which fact was not shown at the time of the trial. Petitioners will also show many other facts not brought out the trial. Had they been brought out they would undoubtedly, in the opinion of the present counsel, have resulted in a different verdict."

VERMONT ITEMS.

Irving Isham, of St. George, the man recently fined \$100 in Washington county for illegal shooting of deer has paid his fine and has been discharged. His wife succeeded in raising money by placing a mortgage on their little home.

A gentleman of wealth whose name is not disclosed, authorized the Rev. Dr. Anderson, secretary of the Methodist board of education, to announce during his absence to the Vermont conference at Enosburg Falls that as soon as the debt now hanging over Montpelier seminary is raised, this gentleman will give a large sum to the institution towards an endowment fund. With this inducement held out the Rev. Dr. E. A. Bishop and his co-laborers will, during the coming summer, make a strenuous effort to cancel this debt.

Supreme Court Calendar.
The trial calendar for the May term of supreme court has been made out by Melville E. Smilie, the clerk. Forty-four cases are set for trial and are divided by counties as follows: Addison 1, Bennington 2, Caledonia 9, Chittenden 6, Franklin 6, Grand Isle 1, Orleans 4, Rutland 8, Washington 4, Windham 1, Windsor 2.

Among the important matters are two poisoning cases from Bennington county in which Eugene Sargood figures, and the Windham county case of P. W. Manly vs. the Vermont Mutual Life Insurance Co.

The name of Mary Rogers, for whose benefit the sentence of death for the alleged murder of her husband was postponed by Governor Bell to permit the presentation of new evidence, does not appear, but it probably will be brought before the court by petition.

ANECDOTES OF GEN. LEE.

Advised Especial Care of Dull Students.

"When I had taken my master's degree at Washington and Lee during the Presidency of General Lee," said Professor Charles A. Graves, of the University of Virginia Law school, "I became an instructor in the Law Department. One morning General Lee met me on the campus and, in his kindly way, asked me how I was getting on. I replied that I was making it very well, but made some allusion to the dull boys in the class."

"Mr. Graves," said General Lee, in his quiet serious manner, "I hope you will follow the stage driver's rule."

"What is that?" I asked. I could not see how any rule of the driver of a stage coach could be of value to a law teacher.

"Look out for the poor horses, Sir," replied the General, and he bowed with his usual courtesy and passed on. I have always tried to look out for the "poor horses."

Hundreds of "poor horses" scattered over this country have cause to thank Old Charley, as the boys call Professor Graves, for his conscientious following of the advice given him by Gen. Lee.

General Lee was the most accomplished manager of men, if that be the right term, that I have ever known," said Professor Graves. "I have been walking with him when he would see a student approaching. The General would ask me the name of the young man, where he was from, where his parents were living, and how he was standing in his classes. When the student came up to us, General Lee would speak to him calling him by name, would ask when he heard from his mother—we will say his father was dead—remark he was glad to hear he had shown a recent improvement in his class standing, and urge him to show the same advance the next month, and, wishing him good-day, would pass on. The boy would go his way, wondering that a man at the head of a university having six or seven hundred students should have such detailed information concerning a unit of the student body. This had a powerful effect upon students, the belief that the personal course of each man in the university was being watched with such close interest by the president.—*Louisville (Ky.) Times.*

KNOWLTON DISTRIBUTING HOME

The first party of boys were quickly placed from the Knowlton Home in March. The second party, consisting of boys and girls, will arrive there about the end of May. For all over ten years of age places have already been secured, but there will be a dozen girls and six boys between five and eight years of age, eligible for adoption, for whom Mrs. Birt is seeking to hear of good homes. Photographs will be sent to applicants forwarding a minister's recommendation. Address, Distributing Home, Knowlton, P. Q.

The City Council Monday by a vote of 20 to 14 extended the contract of the Montreal Gas Company fifteen years. The price of lighting gas is to be reduced 5 cents a year per thousand feet for 5 years until it shall be \$1.00 and the price of stove gas at the same rate for two years until it shall be 90 cents.

W. C. T. U.

Mr. Editor:
Will you kindly give me a small space in our dear old JOURNAL that I may send greetings to my fellow workers of the White Ribbon Army in Stanstead County, also stir up their pure minds by way of remembrance. Dear Sisters—Phil. 1st chapter, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, first clause of 7th verse.

We are now standing on the threshold of our annual convention, town and county. We all know what this means to us, both as unions and individual members. I trust reports and plans for future work are being put in proper shape so that each local union may be well reported and get due credit: Let each one feel that the success of the convention depends largely upon that one and act accordingly, then we may be sure of a successful meeting.

I want to throw out a thought for your consideration: If we could arrange to hold both conventions at the same time and place we could economize in time and expense and many little trials of patience be averted. Our town reports could all be taken in charge by town secretary and treasurer which with the town president's address would make an interesting addition to our county programme.

Will the town president consider this proposition? I only give you this thought to consider and act upon as your better judgment directs.

I have missed our monthly meetings since I left Canada but have enjoyed the fellowship of the W. C. T. U. sisters of Boston and Revere. I attended one of their annual meetings and noted their method of conducting the same, which was on a little different plan from ours, yet on the whole, one could see the same noble, Christian spirit which actuates our own dear women. They have the same aims and aspirations, the same sisterly love and devotion to our noble cause.

How grandly beautiful the thought that go where we may we find the Womens Christian Temperance Union the same to lift up the fallen, and to keep others from falling into degeneration and woe is the key-note of our world-wide organization. I was introduced as a Canadian sister and conveyed greetings from Stanstead White Ribboners and told them something about our work and workers.

There is quite a strong move in Greater Boston towards Gospel Temperance work. People are awakening to their responsibilities.

Dr. Dawson the great English evangelist, whose well-earned name for intelligence, benevolence and purity of life, gave the people a great shaking up and brought before the multitudes who gathered to hear him, the duties which no one can afford to shirk, and now remains for the church and temperance people to keep before the public.

This awakening is becoming apparent in many of the American cities.

It may reasonably be doubted if there was ever such a remarkable spectacle presented in a great city as that of all the churches of Philadelphia offering up prayer for the redemption of that city from the evil influences that control it. All creeds meet freely, now in one church, now in another, and every pastor from the Roman Catholic Priest to the Jewish Rabbi is heart and soul in the movement.

Boston is another good subject for united effort, with its one thousand places where intoxicants are sold, and so the good seed sown during the winter is being watered by Divine love, and God's people are looking for showers of blessing when these traps for weary feet will be closed forever. Our own Canadian towns and cities need our best efforts as well.

Be of good cheer beloved and work on until the conflict is ended. Phil. 1, 9-10-11.

CYNTHIA ELLEN PUTNEY,
Pres. Stanstead County W. C. T. U.
212 Bradstreet Ave., Beachmont,
Mass., May 1, 1905.

The cable despatch of April 30, which the censors at Saigon only permitted to pass yesterday says when Admiral Rojestvensky stopped there he was dangerously short of supplies and that the provisioning proceeded under the direction of Prince Lievan, captain of the interned Russian cruiser 'Diana.' Immense quantities of coal and store have been stored there for months, and the fact that Kamranh is a magnificent bay, which is held by the Marquis Bartelmy Pontalis, who is a concessionaire, is allowed to receive cargo and tranship it without passing through the French customs, suggests prearrangement with the knowledge of the French.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

LUCAS COUNTY.
FRANK J. CHERNEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHERNEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHERNEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 5th day of December, A. D. 1895.
A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHERNEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, etc.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Mammoth Store

Is the place to buy your Garden and Field. We also have a complete line of Barbed and Plain.

SEEDS WIRE

To Fence the Fields with after Planting.

Now is the Time to Paint

We have the Celebrated Sherman & Williams Prepared Paints; also Brushes to put them on with—all at right prices. Call and get a Color Card, pick out the color you want and BUY.

Our Stock of Wall Paper and Border

Is way up (one flight.)

Also a complete line of

Floor and Table Oilcloth

one and two yards wide.

Our Stock of Carpeting

Consisting of All-Wool, Unions, Rope, and Straw Mattings. Art Squares in different sizes—just the thing to cover your old floors with.

Just Received, a Nice Line of

Ready-Made Suits and Skirts

Just the thing for the Ladies and at Right Prices.

The accompanying cut represents one of our popular styles.

Ladies have you seen

The New Shirt Waistings

and Trimmings for same? They will wash and not change color. We have them.



All other lines full up and more arriving daily. Come and see us. The real test of cheapness is not so much the price as the quality you are getting.

Kathan & Hopkins.

April 17th, 1905.

Wall Paper!

10c. TO 40c. PER DOUBLE ROLL

**THE RICHEST DESIGNS
LARGEST ASSORTMENT
AND LOWEST PRICES**

IT WILL SOON BE TIME TO PAPER

Wm. M. Pike

NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY AT

F. W. D. MELLOON'S

Ladies are you looking for that dainty Wash Fabric for a

SHIRT WAIST SUIT

We have it in all the latest shades.

Just received to-day, a large consignment of Ladies' Shirt Waists in Silks, Gingham, Voiles, Dimities, and Muslins, also Ladies' Shirt Waist Suits.

We have also a complete line of Agate-ware just arrived.

We are headquarter for

All Kinds of Groceries.

DIAMOND DYES

FOR PERFECT HOME DYEING.

EASY TO USE, BRIGHTEST AND BEST. ASK FOR THE "DIAMOND."

All Druggists and Dealers. TAKE NO OTHERS.

P. A. BISSONNET

SELLING OUT!

Having been in business for 32 years and believing it is long enough for any man to be in the same business, I have decided to sell out. My stock is so large that I must reduce it a great deal before finding a purchaser for the entire stock.

For the above reason I will sell at retail all my goods

AT COST DURING THE MONTH OF APRIL

Not having decided this before now, I had bought many goods for the Spring Trade, consisting of

- \$1000.00 worth of New Dress Goods
- \$3000.00 worth of New Ready-made Clothing
- \$500.00 worth of New Boots & Shoes
- \$300.00 worth of Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, &c.
- \$200.00 worth of Ready-made Costumes & Skirts
- \$100.00 worth of Gents' Furnishings
- Furniture, Parlor and Bedroom Sets
- A Large lot of Wall Paper from 5c. up

Which have all arrived and which will be sold at cost prices together with the balance of my stock which is more than \$20,000.00.

This space being too small to enumerate all the goods we have in stock let it be sufficient to say that everything that is kept in a country store is here and must be sold as soon as possible, and the sooner you come the better bargains you can procure.

The Sale will Begin Saturday, April 8

and will continue until all goods are disposed of.

Do not miss this opportunity, if you want Bargains.

P. A. BISSONNET

FASHIONABLE TAILORING!

OUR Goods and our Workmanship appeal to men of aesthetic taste because they always possess that "just right" appearance so essential to the well dressed man. If you are not satisfied with the work of other tailors try us. We make a specialty of work for particular people. No defective garment is allowed to leave our shop. New stock of goods to choose from.

E. GOBEILLE

Rock Island.

Granite and Marble

We are at all times prepared to offer the buying public the best in the market in the line of Monuments, Headstones, Markers, Posts, Coping, etc., made from native and imported stock. Our line of designs are the latest and we can also prepare special ideas presented by our customers. We make a specialty of doing work so that our patrons can recommend us to others. We quote the lowest prices consistent with the best workmanship and material. We erect work anywhere. If in need of work in our line drop a card to

S. B. NORTON,

Quarries & Works at Graniteville, Post Office, Stanstead Junction, P. Q.

NEW YORK STOCKS

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

3 per cent. margin. Stocks DELIVERED on 3 days notice. Direct private wire. I solicit your speculative and investment accounts.

JAMES W. ABBEY,

STOCK BROKER, STANSTEAD, QUE.

Connected by both Telephones. Office hours 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

TO DISMEMBER BRAZIL

Plot Discovered to Make Cunani Independent.

Twelve Thousand Men Had Been Recruited in Europe to Hold the Country—Spain Arrests Ringleader, Sarrion de Herrera, Who, On Being Interrogated by Madrid Magistrate Denies Conspiracy.

Madrid, May 8.—Sarrion de Herrera, former king-at-arms of the Spanish court, has been arrested at the instance of the Brazilian Minister here on the charge of conspiring with others against the Government of Brazil. A search of the home of Senor de Herrera resulted in the discovery of a number of commissions for officers who were to organize an army in the State of Cunani. The commissions bore the stamp of that state. The Brazilian Minister confirms the discovery of the plot.

The captured documents show that the plot was financed by a committee, with headquarters in London, which had long been working for the independence of the Cunani territory. This territory is between the northern frontier of Brazil and French Guiana. It is said that the committee, with a view to controlling the gold mines of Cunani, had been organizing an insurrection and had recruited men in England, France and Spain, who were represented as colonists, but who in reality were intended eventually to become soldiers.

12,000 Men Already Recruited. Papers taken from De Herrera's house show that the organization of the insurrection was proceeding on a large scale, and that nearly 4,000 men had already been recruited in England, 4,000 in France and 4,000 in Spain, among the last being included many Spanish reserve officers, some of whom are actually serving as active officers. A former revolutionary Spanish captain who headed the rising in Badajoz in 1883 held a commission as colonel in the future army of Cunani, and it is said that he is already receiving pay through an English banking house at which funds are deposited.

De Herrera styled himself Minister plenipotentiary of Spain for the State of Cunani. The Brazilian Government learned of the affair and communicated with its Minister at Madrid. The Spanish authorities were informed. They acted promptly and the arrest of De Herrera followed.

Herrera Denies Conspiracy. Sarrion de Herrera, was interrogated by a magistrate yesterday. De Herrera maintained that Cunani has been recognized as an independent state since 1872, and that the recruiting of men in Europe for the service of that state is perfectly legal. He denied the existence of a plot against Brazil and asserted that the diplomatic relations between Brazil and Cunani are most cordial. He had been residing in Madrid for two years in the capacity of Minister for Cunani to Spain, Morocco and the Holy See.

De Herrera said that a revolutionary colonel named Cazeiro had recently visited London in order to arrive at an understanding with the general committee of the free State of Cunani and to purchase war stores.

ELGIN LOAN AFFAIRS.

No Further Call on Shareholders—Big Sum for Division Among Them.

St. Thomas, May 8.—Mr. Moore, manager of the London and Western Trusts Co., Limited, liquidators of the Elgin Loan and Savings Co., is in town, and makes this statement to shareholders and creditors: "There is still unpaid to ordinary depositors and other creditors 12 1/2 per cent. of their claims, amounting to \$36,500, and to shareholders who are depositors about \$25,500, in all some \$62,000. The liquidators have on hand \$24,500 in cash and other assets, which, taken at a conservative valuation, amount to \$71,300, making with the cash on hand, \$95,800.

In addition to this there are other assets from which the company will likely realize considerable sums, but as they are not finally settled they were not taken into consideration in the above estimate. Among others there is a judgment of \$7,500 against the National Trusts Co. for wrongfully detaining the Dominion Coal stock, which has not yet been paid.

From this statement it is quite clear that there will be no further call upon shareholders who have paid 50 per cent. of their stock, and that after payment of all liabilities there will be a considerable sum for distribution amongst the shareholders.

ADVANTAGE WITH EMPLOYERS.

At Beginning of Third Week of Chicago Teamsters' Strike.

Chicago, May 8.—After a strenuous week, during which street riots were frequent and the calling of troops seemed imminent and at the end of which charges were made against the peace-officers of Chicago, the teamsters' strike today rested at the beginning of its third week with the employers apparently in the advantage. The teamsters now appear to be in position where they must either yield or decide to extend the strike by calling out thousands of other workmen engaged in affiliated union. The Chicago Federation of Labor yesterday took no action looking to extension of the trouble.

Given Two Years.

Brookville, May 8.—In the County Judge's Criminal Court Saturday morning Judge McDonald sentenced John Boyle to a term of two years in the Kingston Penitentiary. He was found guilty of criminally assaulting Karl Jarnack, aged 8 years. The prisoner gives his age at 74.

Couldn't Get Work.

Winnipeg, May 8.—Harold Frederick Anderson, 43 years old, from Copenhagen, Denmark, recently arrived in this country, committed suicide by hanging one mile west of Bergen. Saturday night, owing to failure to secure employment.

THE BISLEY TEAM.

Those Who Have Accepted Positions as Canada's Best Shots.

Ottawa, May 8.—The Canadian rifle team for Bisley, 1905, will be commanded by Lieut.-Colonel A. G. Hession, commanding 1st regiment, Canadian Artillery, Halifax, N. S., with Major W. H. Davidson, 8th regiment, Royal Rifles, Quebec, as adjutant.

The following have accepted places as members: Capt. W. H. Forrest, 6th regiment, D. C. O. R., Vancouver; Sergt. W. Kelly, 10th regiment, Royal Grenadiers, Toronto; Capt. J. M. Jones, 82nd regiment, Pownal, P. E. I.; Pte. G. L. Merrico, 1st regiment, P. W. F., Montreal; Capt. Elliott, 12th regiment, York Rangers, Toronto; Capt. J. Duff Stuart, 6th regiment, D. C. O. R., Vancouver; Pte. Wm. Eastcott, 43rd regiment, D. C. O. R., Ottawa; Sergt. G. W. Russell, G. G. Foot Guards, Ottawa; Band Sergt. Wm. Pugh, R. C. G. A., Quebec; Lieut. G. A. Boulton, 6th regiment, D. C. O. R., Vancouver; Color-Sergt. W. K. Moore, 57th regiment, Peterboro; Sergt. F. Richardson, 5th regiment, Canadian Artillery, Victoria, B. C.; Corp. A. Brayshaw, 5th regiment, Canadian Artillery, Victoria; Sergt. J. H. Simpson, 10th regiment, Royal Grenadiers, Toronto; Staff-Sergt. H. Kerr, 48th regiment, Highlanders, Toronto; O. R. Sergt. J. Phillips, 10th regiment, Royal Grenadiers, Toronto; Capt. W. A. McCrimmon, 7th regiment, Fusiliers, London; Staff-Sergt. C. R. Crowe, 30th regiment, Wellington Rifles, Guelph; Pte. A. Wilson, 43rd regiment, D. C. O. R., Ottawa; Pte. S. G. McConnell, 43rd regiment, D. C. O. R., Ottawa.

Waiting men: Lieut. G. Durrand, 9th regiment, Winnipeg Rifles, Winnipeg; Sergt. G. S. Carr, 5th regiment, Canadian Artillery, Victoria; Major H. Flowers, 1st regiment, Canadian Artillery, Halifax.

KING WANTED TO BE CITIZEN.

His Majesty Shrank From Publicity When in Paris.

Paris, May 8.—The King of England made, while here, desperate efforts to be treated as a private individual, and promised that if his incognito were respected he would come frequently to Paris.

"All I want," he said, "is to be treated like the King of the Belgians or King George of Greece." The French press has done its best to aid him in this by trying to discourage people from standing round the Hotel Bristol, where he was stopping.

The King found that his automobile was the best aid to privacy, as he could put on fourth speed and shake off importunate journalists. The King's dinner at Volain's restaurant on Wednesday was his first visit to a public restaurant since he became King of England.

BREAKING WHEEL KILLS MAN.

Fatality at Waterloo Shoddy Mills—Head Crushed to Pulp.

Berlin, May 8.—A fatal accident occurred in Waterloo Saturday afternoon. About 1.30 o'clock August Hannenberg, an employe of the Waterloo Shoddy Mills, was operating a picking machine. While the machine was in full motion the tire of one of the wheels broke and pieces flew in all directions. One piece struck the unfortunate man on the head, crushing it to a pulp. Hannenberg had been an employe at the mills for nearly three years and was 55 years of age. He leaves a widow and six children.

VETO ANTI-JAP LEGISLATION.

British Columbia Is Given Sharp Rebuke From Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 8.—Three acts of the British Columbia Legislature have been vetoed, of which notice was gazetted Saturday. The chief one is the Immigration Act, aimed at excluding Japanese, of which Consul-General Nosse made complaint. The others are one relating to the Coal Mines Regulation Act, and an act relating to the employment on works carried on under franchises granted by private acts.

Expenditure Increases.

Ottawa, May 8.—The statement of revenues and expenditure of the Dominion for the ten months ending with April shows the revenue to be \$57,130,611, about half a million dollars in excess over the same ten months last year. The expenditure was \$42,337,997, an increase of \$6,535,594 over last year. The capital expenditure was \$9,100,000, an increase of one million and a half over last year. There was an increase of about \$8,000,000 in all classes of expenditures.

Mr. Chamberlain Ill.

Birmingham, Eng., May 8.—Joseph Chamberlain is suffering from a severe chill and was too indisposed to attend the reopening ceremony at Queen's College here Saturday afternoon. Ebenezer Parkes (member for Parliament for the Central Division of Birmingham) announced, however, that Mr. Chamberlain's illness was only temporary and that he will soon be about again in his usual health.

Year For Election Misdemeanor.

London, May 8.—Martin Quinn, acquitted by a jury last winter of having persecuted Frederick Palmer in Ward 4 in the last Dominion election of Hon. C. S. Hyman, was convicted of having taken the oath in Palmer's name at the same booth and at the same election, and was Saturday sentenced to one year in the Central.

Acquitted on Murder Charge.

London, May 8.—After a remarkable trial, in which all the witnesses were criminals, Robert Proctor, the Kentucky negro who stood trial on the charge of having killed Clifton Loomis in August last was allowed to go free. The jury was out for an hour and a half. The prisoner was discharged on Saturday.

Takes Carbolic Acid.

Brantford, May 8.—Herman Vanderlip, a farmer living about two miles from this city, committed suicide early yesterday morning by taking carbolic acid. It is supposed Vanderlip was temporarily insane when he did the act. He was fairly well off and the father of a family.

Premier Roblin Ill.

Winnipeg, May 8.—Premier Roblin is seriously ill here with acute pneumonia.

CREATES ZEMSKY ZOBER

First Russian Assembly May Open November 15 Next.

Plan for Council of Zemstvos Is Complete—Czar Accepts Report of Commission—Organization of 550 Members, Representing Whole Empire—Czar Retains Autocratic Power—Rumors of Jewish Massacre.

St. Petersburg, May 9.—A report defining the form and character of the new branch of the Government to be created in accordance with the imperial rescript of March 3 is current in official circles here, according to which the fruits of the Boulijan commission have taken the form of a recommendation for the creation of a zemsky zober, or council of zemstvos to serve as a connecting link between the Emperor and the people.

Czar Accepts Report.

Emperor Nicholas is said to have accepted the report of the commission, and the date of its proclamation has been tentatively fixed for May 18. The main features of the reported scheme are an organization comprising from 500 to 550 members elected by the zemstvos, the zemstvo system being extended to all parts of the Empire, while the autocratic power of the Emperor will remain undiminished, the assembly's privileges being advisory with the right of interpellating the ministers and discussing the budget when formulated, though the ministers continue to be responsible only to the Emperor, whose will will remain the supreme law. Elections will be held during the summer in order that the first session of the new Assembly may open on November 15.

Rumors of a Massacre.

St. Petersburg, May 9.—Some of the rumors are current here, that there has been a three-days' massacre of Jews at Zhitobir, capital of the Province of Volhynia, in Southern Russia. The rumor has not been confirmed.

Editor May Go to Siberia.

St. Petersburg, May 9.—M. Novitskiy, editor of The Novosty, was arrested yesterday and charged with the publication of statements subversive of the existing form of government. His release on \$500 bail. The extra penalty for the offence is exile to Siberia for three years. The basis of the charge is the publication of a statement of Maxim Gorky's letter lawyer in defence of his client. The case is attracting particular attention, The Novosty being the leading Jewish organ in Russia.

No Sunday Work for Them.

St. Petersburg, May 9.—The printers who struck Sunday, April 23, have won a victory in their demand for the observance of Sundays and holidays by abstention from work, only The Novosty appearing yesterday morning.

MOVE ROJESTVENSKY ALONG.

French Authorities Keep the Russian Squadron on the Way.

Paris, May 9.—An official despatch was received here last night, saying that the Russian Pacific squadron had left Konghai (Kanhhoa or Nhatrang) Bay. This follows the efforts of the French authorities to keep the squadron moving. Its destination is not given.

Together at Last.

St. Petersburg, May 9.—According to the Admiralty news brought to St. Petersburg by the hospital ship Kostroma shows that the junction of Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky and Nebogatov by this time is an accomplished fact. The Admiralty professes ignorance of the present location of the united squadrons.

Mikasa Gone Down.

London, May 9.—The correspondent at Paris of The Times telegraphs: "It is rumored in Russian circles here that the Japanese flagship Mikasa was lost in the Straits of Corea a week ago."

SERIES OF SMALL FIGHTS.

Chanchun, May 9.—All the Japanese army seems to be in motion. It is impossible to tell just what the plans of Marshal Oyama are, as his columns were successfully screened by large bodies of cavalry, operating with small detachments of infantry and horse batteries. The advance since Thursday has been from 12 to 15 miles on the right and left of the army, the centre being practically at a standstill north of Kalyuen on the railway. A series of small engagements have been going on since Thursday morning on a line 60 miles wide, and the superior strength of the Japanese has forced the Russian outposts to abandon several villages on the banks of the Liao River, and also on the Harbin road running northeast to the railway.

Small Russian divisions, far advanced on the right and left flank, have been forced to retire. On Thursday the Japanese in force attacked Paotun, Sanlin and Batzya, on the right flank east of the Liao River and successively captured these villages after severe fighting. On Friday night they advanced half a brigade west of Shadodai, near the railroad north of Shantung, and while hold stubbornly for three hours by a division of Gen. Biderling's corps, finally captured all the intrenchments and the road leading northwest of this city.

The Japanese burned Shadodai and captured a train of Russian supplies. News came last night that a force estimated at 12,000, including three squadrons of cavalry, dislodged the Russians from Naishan on the Sungari river on Friday night, and on Saturday morning captured the advanced position on the road to Jingchen. This indicates a wide turning movement on the left of the Russian army. The attack on the Liao River side would indicate Harbin as the objective, but the latest news from the left proves a turning movement of great strength on Kirin. The main Russian army is not in action, but the outposts are falling back on the fortified camps. The best information is that Marshal Oyama has 348 battalions, or 390,000 men.

Won't Fix a Limit.

St. Petersburg, May 9.—Japan has refused to agree to a definition of the limits of the war zone on Mongolia west.

COLLISION IN FOG.

One Life Lost Off Massachusetts Coast—Steamer Sinks.

Vineyard Haven, Mass., May 9.—The Joy Line steamer Aransas, bound for Boston for New York, was struck early Sunday morning by the coal laden barge Glendower, in tow from Philadelphia for Boston, and sunk within 15 minutes, but out of thirty-seven passengers and a crew of twenty-nine on the steamer, most of whom were asleep at the time of the collision, only one life was lost, Miss Maud Kelly, 27 years of age. The scene of the collision was about a mile and a half southeast of Pollock Rip shoals light-ship. Although the accident happened at 11.30 o'clock Sunday morning, and at a point only thirty-three miles distant from this port, the survivors did not arrive here until early yesterday, the thick fog which prevailed necessitating slow navigation.

Mate Crocker remembers having assisted Miss Kelly to the ladder leading to the life-boats. Whether she lost her balance and fell overboard, or whether she returned to her state-room to get some forgotten article and was carried down with the steamer will never be known.

The Aransas was a twin screw steamer of 1,156 gross tonnage and 673 tons net. She was built in 1877 at Wilmington, Del., and was formerly owned by the Southern Pacific Railway Co.

LEG CUT OFF BY ELEVATOR.

Terrible Accident Which Ends in Death of James Bushby.

Toronto, May 9.—James H. Bushby died in the Emergency at noon yesterday. He was the night watchman for Ralph, Clark & Co., and his leg was so badly crushed in the elevator early yesterday morning that amputation was necessary.

He was going up on the elevator and in some way got caught in the gate after the carriage began to move. He managed to jerk himself free, but his leg was frightfuly cut and crushed in the struggle.

In spite of this Bushby contrived to crawl over to a window, and after a time to attract the attention of a couple of policemen and inform them of his condition. The constables had the man conveyed to the Emergency Hospital. The leg was amputated, but Bushby had lost too much blood, and this, combined with the shock, proved fatal.

The dead man was about 44 years of age. He lived at 48 Smith street, with a widow and two daughters survive him.

MARRIED TELEPHONE GIRL.

Millionaire Whitney of Montreal Takes a Bride in New York.

New York, May 9.—In the Chapel of St. Cecilia's Church, Brooklyn, were married E. R. Whitney, a wealthy promoter of Montreal, and Miss Annie Bennett, formerly a telephone operator at the Grand Union Hotel. The bridegroom is 70 years, the bride gives her age as 23.

Mr. and Mrs. Whitney, after the honeymoon at Atlantic City, will take a trip to Europe. On their return they will live in New York. Mr. Whitney's best man was to have been his son, but the latter, who is abroad, found it impossible to return in time.

TOWNS THREATENED.

67 Miles Already Laid Waste By Forest Fires.

Plymouth, Mass., May 9.—One thousand men yesterday struggled with the forest fire, started near here four days ago, and which has been extended into four towns, threatening first one settlement, then another.

Last night the front of the fire extended for two miles, while its side lines reached six miles in the rear. It has laid waste 67 miles and is beyond control. Nothing but a soaking rain will check the flames.

City Hall Clerk Forgers.

Montreal, May 9.—Considerable sensation was caused at the City Hall yesterday morning by the arrest of two young employes of the city on the charge of issuing forged cheques. The men are C. Trempe of the arrears department, and A. R. Brunet of the controllers' department. They are charged with having stolen eight blank Banque de Hochelaga cheques and cashed one for \$45 to a false name, forging the names of the assistant treasurer and the city cashier.

Heart Fails and Man Drowns.

Lion Head, May 9.—Early yesterday morning William Sensabaugh was drowned in Gillies Lake, 18 miles north of here. He had been operating a small tug in connection with Pedwell's lumbering interests. The rest of the crew went ashore and on their return Sensabaugh was missing. His body was found in six feet of water. An attack of heart failure, to which he was subject, was likely the cause of his falling overboard.

Teamster's Horrible Death.

Hamilton, May 9.—John Alford, a teamster, met a horrible death yesterday. He was employed by E. N. Farmer, and was driving a load of furniture in a van over Ghent's crossing, near the Beach. In some way he fell from the seat in front of the van, and one of the wheels passed over his neck and face. He died a few minutes after. He was 23 years of age.

Guards' Officers Resign.

Ottawa, May 9.—The trouble between Lieut.-Col. Roper, commanding the Governor-General's Foot Guards, and the officers of the regiment, culminated yesterday in the resignation of several of the officers. Among the officers who resigned are mentioned Capt. MacLenn, O'Hara, Cunningham, MacLaren, Major Street and others.

Fell From Bridge and Drowns.

Paris, May 9.—Fred J. Worron, aged 21, an employe of the Walkerville Bridge Co., fell backwards off a new steel bridge on the G. T. R., near Paris, yesterday morning and was drowned. He is a son of William N. Worron, 478 North Hughson street, Hamilton.

Mr. Greenway Bereaved.

Ottawa, May 9.—Hon. Thomas Greenway received word last night that his sister had died in Exeter, Ont., and immediately left for that town.

TO BE SEEN IN LONDON

TREASURY OF BRONZES AND VASES IS BRITISH MUSEUM.

Alma Mater For the instruction of the Student in Art—Egyptian Bronzes Remarkable For Theosophical Meaning and Fascinating Form—Babylonian and Assyrian Relics in Bronze—Specimens of Greek Art.

Not only is the British Museum a treasury for the researches of the archaeologist; it is likewise an Alma Mater for the instruction of the student of art. The antiquary can inspect wonderful vestiges of vanished empires, the artist the most exquisite examples of his own craft. It is especially exemplified in the opulent store of bronzes and vases.

Many of the Egyptian bronzes are remarkable for theosophical meaning and fascinating form. The third room, devoted to memorials of that ancient people, contains a rare collection of figures representing gods. Foremost in beautiful craftsmanship is the Osiris, with the eyes, beard, and collar embellished in gold. Another figure of the same deity shows him enveloped in feather work, formed by the wings of the hawk god, Horus; and another striking work is the Khonsu studded with gold, wearing disk and lunar crescent and horns. Also can be seen the gods Nefer-Atmu, wearing on his head a cluster of papyrus plants; Lem-hetep, seated and holding an unfolded roll of papyrus on his knees; and Ptah, inlaid with gold. Notable examples of Egyptian skill in bronze work are the human-headed hawk, emblematic of the soul wearing the solar disk, with eyes and collar, gold decorated; and the kneeling figures of kings. In the wall cases, 119-122, filled with bronzes of the gods, one feels the profound sentiment that permeated the heart and mind of the ancient Egyptian in relation to his conception of the Divine government of the world. The cases 127-130 concentrate exceptional interest on Osiris, and those whom Dr. Budge describes as the gods' "Divine company." Poetic ideas and artistic skill mingle in the representations. There is a seated figure of Isis suckling her son Horus, with an inscription on the pedestal, "great one, good mother," very captivating.

The Babylonian, like the Assyrian, has left his name on bronze. At a remote period the older race attained skill in fashioning metal for various uses. A relic of the second empire of Babylon possesses deep interest in its historic and artistic association. This



PARIS (FROM THE PORTLAND VASE).

is part of a flight of steps in the temple of Ezida at Borsippa, inscribed on the edge with the name and titles of Nebuchadnezzar II. From the bronze and other writings on brick posterity learns the ruler was patron of two temples and the eldest son of Nabopolassar, a Babylonian king. The rosette designs on the doorpost indicate skill and refinement. Most interesting, too, is the figure of Arad-Sin, son of Kudur-Mabug, who ruled in Babylon two thousand three hundred years before the rise of Christianity. Yet the Assyrian artistically transcended his forerunners, alike in strength, grandeur, and refinement. In the latter features, proof is afforded in the beaten patterns of shields, bowls, and other vessels. Well worthy study is a group of helmets, framework for the side of a throne, and a bronze slab which formed part of the model of a castle, showing the position of embrasures and battlements. Noteworthy were bronze reliefs brought to modern light from Nimrud by the magic of the mattock. Among them are various bells, dagger, sickle, spearhead, and sword sheath, heads of the Demon of the south-west wind, and the foot of a throne in the form of a lion's feet. Of special interest, likewise, are mirrors, sceptre head silver plated, two-pronged fork, and admirably designed bowls.

But Assyrian decorative art in bronze has a culminating masterpiece in the ornaments of the temple gates built at Tell-Balawat by Shalmaneser II., and which were discovered in 1879 by Haruzd Rassam. The site laid to the south-east of Nineveh, and the king, whose battles and conquests the decorators recorded, reigned from 860 to 825 prior to the birth of Christ, contemporary with Ahab and Jehu. The designs form remarkable pictures, and embrace the subjects, in addition to others, of the siege of a city of Ararat, the expedition of Shalmaneser to the land of Nairi, reception of the tribute of ships from Tyre and Sidon, passage of the Assyrians over the Euphrates, and a captured city in flames. There is genius in the way these "small masters" of bronze convey impressions of processional movement and the energy of men in battle, as great as that of the sculptors of the scenic slabs depicting the wars of Ashurnasir-pal.

In the Bronze room proper will be found exquisite, and also many impressive, examples of classic art. The Greek specimens contain nothing finer than the entrancing head generally identified with Aphrodite, from Trebizond, noticeable for its life-like expression. Among the statuettes should be noticed a fascinating figure of a woman with diamonds in the eyes and drapery inlaid with silver. The winged head, generally supposed to be the god of sleep, is a masterpiece of beauty. There is in the finest Greek style a youthful heroic figure, seated, and Greek mirrors, supported on the heads of women, all fascinating

to the connoisseur. Other impressive works are the statue of Apollo, the satyr Marsyas, Silenus standing on a triangular base, bearing on his head a basket florally decorated; the Bacchus from the Payne-Knight collection, and the right leg of a statue wearing a greave, with a Gorgon's head in relief. In the cases 44-47, among other noteworthy specimens, are Venus stooping over her sandal; a charming Bacchus; Hercules in the Hesperides garden; a bust of the Emperor Lucius Verus; and another of the Emperor Claudius. A people, the Etruscans, who lived near Rome, won fame as workers in bronze, and their labors in that and other forms of art, according to tradition, "spread over land and sea." But it arose under Greek influence, and much of it executed by the same people. The Roman hand in bronze is richly represented. When noticing the Waddesdon bequest reference was made to the bronze medallions, full of Greek genius, representing female heads in high relief. Kindred artistic resource appears in the same collection on Italian work. It consists of two door-knockers, one representing in the centre Neptune between sea horses; the other satyrs on dolphins, both of the 16th century. A recent acquisition should on no account be missed. It is a work of superb art, a piece from Epirus, the "Two Love Gods, Anchises and Aphrodite, on Mount Ida," a bronze scarcely to be surpassed for poetic sentiment and exquisite workmanship.

How far the ancient Greek was penetrated and inspired by a sense of beauty in his art can have no greater proof than in the vases he shaped and embellished. The collection at Bloomsbury is perfect in its variety and aesthetic charm. Examples shown in the rooms specially devoted to the beautiful treasures have been discovered in the course of excavations at Athens and other places in Greece proper, but chiefly on those islands and shores of the Mediterranean peopled by natives of the mother country in, or before, the sixth century prior to the Christian era. Numbers of vases came from Rhodes, Cyprus, Cyrene and Naucratis. Subsequently an active manufacturing sprang up in the Greek cities of southern Italy. Studious attention soon gives at Bloomsbury a knowledge of the evolution of this striking and exquisite branch of Grecian art. The arrangements at the British Museum in every way conduce to this object. The first vase room shows the beginnings of the potter's art in Greek lands. The second gallery contains examples of a development of a single style of Athenian skill practised in black figures on a red ground. The fourth chamber includes specimens of the later examples of Athens, and the somewhat meretricious specimens of the Italian potters.

In the third room will be found some of the finest specimens of Greek art. Here their vases possess matchless simplicity of drawing, and delightful grace of form. The examples, indeed, are "things of beauty." Stories and scenes depicted from mythology and life are given with the greatest feeling and airiness of touch. Most striking are the faces on the kylix (drinking cup) signed Pamphalos, of the winged figures raising the body of a dead warrior; and on the vessel formed like a knucklebone, a group of girls seeming to hover in the air, is represented with fascinating spontaneous power. A very noticeable example is the rhyton (drinking horn), representing a seated sphinx in the most delicate colors—red, vermilion white and gold. A charming cup is that giving the story of Glaucus and Polydorus, full of poetic sentiment and grace. One of the finest masterpieces is an Athenian vase of the fifth century, presenting the story of Peleus surprising Thetis in the sea, remarkable for the remains of vivid colors, white, blue, green and gold. The hydria (pitcher for carrying water), which embodies the tale of Castor and Pollux carrying away the daughter of Leukippos, is worthy of special study for its fine and elaborate drawing. The work is by Melidias, an Athenian artist, and is in wonderful preservation. A design abounding in poetic feeling and exceptionally fine drawing occurs in a cup showing Venus riding on a swan and bearing a graceful tendril and flowers, one of the rarest treasures in this unique collection of ancient Grecian art. Another striking specimen of rare mind and hand is the large lekythos (slim jug with narrow neck), representing mourners at the tomb, with delightful harmonious effects in black, green, blue, red and yellow. In the vase representing an armed youth seated on the steps of a tomb, there is draughtsmanship wonderfully firm, and yet strikingly delicate. The suggestion for "The Apotheosis of Homer," by Flaxman and Wedgwood, will be found in the crater (widemouthed vessel), with the picture of a lyre player in the presence of Athene.

One of the most splendidly ornamented vessels is the one pictorially adorned with a battle of gods and giants, and one of the very impressive of the kylix with the pictorial series of the labors of Theseus. Other rare samples are the rhyton modelled in the form of a satyr's head and a Macnad's, placed back to back; the red figure vase with the birth of Athene, and the crater with Hermes confiding the infant Dionysos to the nymphs. In these and the other vase rooms one shares the poet's vision of seeing "the grand pale phantoms of an elder time fixed by consummate art for evermore."

The celebrated Portland vase is deposited in the room of gold ornaments and gems. The masterpiece of beauty is mentioned because our illustration has been taken from the figure at the bottom of the vase.

The Land of Thunder. Java is said to be the region of the globe where it thunders oftentimes, having thunder storms 97 days in the year. After it are Sumatra, with 86 days, Hindostan with 66, Borneo with 54, the Gold Coast with 52, and Rio de Janeiro with 51. In Europe, Italy occupies the first place with 38 days of thunder, while France and Southern Russia have 16 days. Great Britain and Switzerland have each seven days, and Norway has four. Thunder is rare at Cairo, being heard only three days in the year, and extremely rare in Northern Turkestan and the Polar regions.

MOTHER OF A GREAT HOUSE.

Dowager Duchess of Abercorn, Queen Victoria's Oldest Friend.

The Dowager Duchess of Abercorn (who was Louisa Jane Russell, daughter of the sixth Duke of Bedford, died recently of gastritis at Coates Castle, Sussex.

The Dowager Duchess of Abercorn, the "Mother of the Hamiltons," bore the same relation to the British peerage through her family connections as did Queen Victoria to the Royal families of Europe. At the coronation of King Edward and Queen Alexandra serving of her descendants of the third



DOWAGER DUCHESS OF ABERCORN.

and fourth generations acted as court pages. She was born July 8, 1812, and was consequently in her 93rd year. Last year on her birthday she received the congratulations of 146 of her 205 direct descendants, and she has seen her great great-grandson, the infant son of Lord Douglas. She was married in 1832 to the first Duke of Abercorn, whose Irish estates at Newtown Stewart, County Tyrone, are among the finest in Ireland. She had 14 children, of whom 10 survive, the Marchioness of Lansdowne being one of the daughters. Among her 65 grandchildren are the Duke of Marlborough, the Duchess of Leeds, the Marchioness of Waterford, the Marquis of Hamilton, and the Earls of Durham, Dalkeith, Lichfield, and Kerry. She herself was a Russell, the second daughter of John, sixth Duke of Bedford, who was born in 1766.

The family gathering on her birthdays were interesting occasions, as more than once the duchess' descendants assembled to offer their congratulations to the venerable lady, many traveling from distant parts of the globe to file before her, headed by her eldest daughter, the Dowager Duchess of Lichfield, with 13 children and 13 grandchildren, followed by the 13 children and 15 grandchildren of the late Countess of Durham. The duchess was regarded with great affection, not only in her own family, but in the wide spreading circle beyond it, and she continued to the last to enjoy her alert and active qualities, which were enhanced by her powers of bright conversation.

Wider notice in the English press of the wonderful cures effected of myopia, astigmatism and other defects of the eyes without the use of glasses by Dr. Stephen Smith, surgeon to the eye department of the Battersea Hospital, London, have placed him in a prominent position in the public eye, and great interest has been evinced the world over in his methods. His mode

London's Famous Eye Surgeon.

Wider notice in the English press of the wonderful cures effected of myopia, astigmatism and other defects of the eyes without the use of glasses by Dr. Stephen Smith, surgeon to the eye department of the Battersea Hospital, London, have placed him in a prominent position in the public eye, and great interest has been evinced the world over in his methods. His mode



DR. STEPHEN SMITH.

of curing errors of refraction consists in manipulation and directly applied pressure on the affected portion of the eye structure. Describing his methods, he said recently: "My treatment may be briefly described as a manipulation of the eye, the massage varying with the affection. Myopia is treated in one way, hypermetropia in another, while the various kinds of fastigmatism require special means adequate to each. The process is so genial and gradual that not the least pain offends, and there is never the slightest injurious effect. The patient is treated only a few minutes daily. Some are cured in a few days. Occasionally there is no improvement for two weeks, and then amelioration is rapid."

Growth of the Hair.

It is a curious fact that a boy's hair grows one-half slower than a girl's. In boys the average rate of growth is three feet three inches in six years, being an average of .108 inch a day. During the 21st and 24th years a man's hair grows quicker than at any other period. It takes an eyelash 20 weeks to reach a length of .429 inch, and then its life is from 100 to 150 days. By means of a camera, the wink of an eyelid has been measured, and it was found that 20 winks can be made in four seconds.

Japan's Population.

The population of Japan totals at least 5,000,000 more than that of Great Britain. If you include Formosa and the other annexations the Japanese people numbered 46,500,000 six years ago, and they were then increasing by nearly 500,000 a year. Japan also has some very big towns. Tokyo has a population of about 1,500,000, Osaka between 800,000 and 900,000, and there are about 20 others with a population of more than 50,000.

RACE SUICIDE.

London Doctor Says It May Be Nature's Economic Agent.

The questions raised by the growing inability of the modern mother to nurse her own children were discussed at a conference held the other day at the Sanitary Institute, London. They are causing distinct alarm among medical men and sociologists, for it is considered that such inability as this must have a profound effect upon the future of town dwelling humanity.

Prof. Bunge, of Basel, in the course of exhaustive inquiries into the subject, came to the conclusion that the diminution in the function of naturally feeding children was increasing throughout civilized Europe. The difficulty at present is to find a cause and a cure. An eminent doctor who not only is connected with one of London's greatest hospitals but is much sought after as a consultant said: "My experience seems to point to the fact that, however a mother may be fed, her own nourishment has no effect upon her power of nursing her children."

"During the siege of Paris women who were in a state of semi-starvation were able properly to nurse their babies, and again the tall, healthy, athletic modern matron of the better classes is markedly failing in her power in this direction. One might almost trace a connection between the improved physique of the modern woman and the diminution in this important function, but statistics to prove this never have been compiled. My own impression is the cause is deeper and more subtle. It may be nature's protest against the unnatural town life, or it may be connected with the decreasing birth rate and prove that England being fully populated, nature wishes by these means to prevent over-crowding. The most alarming aspect of the situation is the fact that breast fed children undoubtedly have the best chance of surviving. They escape the many dangers that the artificially fed infant is subjected to, and when the mother's milk is suitable usually are healthier."

"I have noticed that Jewish women in the east end not only have large families but are, as a race, perfectly capable of nursing their children. Again, the explanation is difficult unless it lies in the elaborate and scientifically conducted hygienic code of that race. The Irish peasant women, too, as a body are able to nurse their children, and they also have large families. They lead a more natural and less sophisticated life than the town women, and this also points to the city dwelling as a factor in the mischief."

Poor "Old Aristocracy."

Never before have there been for rent so many mansions of the great nobility in London, and magnificent old country places in the Provinces. Life nowadays in the United Kingdom is so frightfully expensive, with all the numerous calls of one kind and another on the purse, that the old aristocracy finds it almost impossible to keep their various country places. There is an authentic instance of an English duke with a large nominal income—a quarter of a million dollars a year—who actually offered to let his immense and historic country seat in the midlands, not merely rent free but likewise to pay his tenant \$50,000 a year, provided the lessee would undertake to keep the place up properly and in thorough repair. His offer has been investigated by several men of considerable wealth, who, however, when they realized the expense involved by the maintenance of the place, with its regiment of servants and army corps of gardeners, farm hands, laborers, and estate office clerks, bailiffs, etc., and the acres of roofs to be kept in repair, hastened to decline, without even thanks.

In fact, the day of these grand old country places has gone by. They lack the modern comforts and luxuries, which are regarded as necessities by the new multi-millionaires, who alone have money to keep them up, which their present owners are too poor to do any longer. Before many years they will have disappeared. Many fires that have taken place during the last two or three years, resulting from defective insulation of electric wires, among tinder like old wooden paneling and draperies, involving the destruction of grand old country places, have been blessings in disguise and far less of a loss to the owners than has generally been realized. For not only were they in a measure recouped by the insurance, but they also were relieved of what had constituted their most frightful drain upon their resources—the maintenance and keeping in repair of a great country place.

Old Trees.

An old yew tree stands in the churchyard at Fortingal, in Perthshire, which De Candolle, nearly a century ago, proved to be the satisfaction of botanists to be twenty-five centuries old, and another is still standing at Hedor, in Bucias, which is 3,240 years old. How De Candolle arrived at an apparently correct estimate of the enormous age of these living trees is a simple thing, and the principle is doubtless well known to-day to all. The yew, like most other trees, adds one line about the tenth of an inch to its circumference each year. But the oldest living thing in the world to-day, so far as known, is a cypress tree in Chapultepec, Mexico, that is 6,260 years old—New York Tribune.

Flag Commander at the Nore.

Commander W. Lumsden, who has just taken up his appointment as Flag Commander to the Commander-in-Chief at the Nore, Sir Hugo Pearson, says The London Star, is a promising officer in the navy. He was present at the bombardment of Alexandria, where he was slightly wounded, and took part in the Egyptian war. He is the eldest surviving son of Mr. Henry Lumsden of Pitcairne Castle, Aberdeen. Like so many naval officers, he is married to an Australian, whom he met when he was in command of the Royal Arthur, the flagship of the Australian Squadron. She is a Melbourne girl, daughter of Sir Thomas Fitzgerald, the most famous surgeons under the Southern Cross.

Not True to Nature.

Artist—So you are not satisfied with my portrait of your wife, eh? What's wrong. Wedderly—It isn't life-like. Too much repose about the mouth.

A TRAINED NURSE

After Years of Experience, Advises Women in Regard to Their Health.

Mrs. Martha Pohlman of 55 Chester Avenue, Newark, N. J., who is a Graduate Nurse from the Blockley Training School, at Philadelphia, and for six years Chief Clinic Nurse at the Philadelphia Hospital, writes the letter printed below. She has the advantage of personal experience, besides her professional education, and what she has to say may be absolutely relied upon.



Mrs. Martha Pohlman.

Many other women are afflicted as she was. They can regain health in the same way. It is prudent to heed such advice from such a source. Mrs. Pohlman writes: "I am firmly persuaded, after eight years of experience with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that it is the safest and best medicine for any suffering woman to use."

"Immediately after my marriage I found that my health began to fail me. I became weak and pale, with severe bearing-down pains, fearful backaches and frequent dizzy spells. The doctors prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I would lose out eating and frequently become nauseated. I had an acid discharge and pains down through my limbs so I could hardly walk. It was as bad a case of female trouble as I have ever known. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, however, cured me within four months. Since that time I have had occasion to recommend it to a number of patients suffering from all forms of female difficulties, and I find that while it is considered unprofessional to recommend a patent medicine, I can honestly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for I have found that it cures female ills, where all other medicine fails. It is a grand medicine for sick women."

Money cannot buy such testimony as this—merit alone can produce such results, and the ablest specialists now agree that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most universally successful remedy for all female diseases known to medicine.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhoea, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility indigestion, and nervous prostration or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness,

fatigue, faintness, lassitude, nervous irritability, nervousness, depression, melancholy, "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles.

The needless suffering of women from diseases peculiar to their sex is terrible to see. The money which they pay to doctors who do not help them is an enormous waste. The pain is cured and the money is saved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Experience has proved this.

It is well for women who are ill to write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. In her great experience, which covers many years, she has probably had to deal with dozens of cases just like yours. Her advice is free and confidential.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OVER

Four Million Dollars

Great strength, long experience and thorough equipment enable this Bank to offer prompt and efficient service in every branch of the Banking Business.

3 per cent Interest on Savings Accounts.

Eastern Townships Bank.

ESTABLISHED 1850.

BOSTON & MAINE RAILROAD.

Stanstead & Derby Line Branch.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

In Effect Monday, Oct. 10, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE STANSTEAD:

For North—5:31 a.m., 1:03 and 6:30 p.m.

For South—6:00 a.m., 1:35 a.m., 10:20 p.m.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT STANSTEAD:

From North—6:00 a.m., 1:54, and 7:10 p.m.

From South—6:40 a.m., 12:05 and 10:55 p.m.

TRAINS LEAVE ROCK ISLAND AND DERBY LINE:

5:35 a.m. for Sherbrooke, Montreal (G. T. & Q. C.).

6:15 a.m. for Boston and New York, for Montreal (G. T. & Q. C.).

1:30 a.m. for South.

1:03 p.m. for Sherbrooke, Island Pond and Montreal (G. T. & Q. C.).

6:43 p.m. for Montreal (G. T. & Q. C.) Quebec (G. T. & Q. C.).

10:24 p.m. for Boston and New York.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT ROCK ISLAND AND DERBY LINE:

From South—5:55 a.m., 1:50, and 7:06 p.m.

From North—6:50 a.m., 12:05 and 10:58 p.m.

D. J. FLANDERS, G.P. & T. A.

NEW MATERIALS FOR RAIN COATS

FOR BOTH LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

SUITS AND JACKETS

FOR LADIES

Spring Suits & Overcoats for Men

Very Newest Styles.

Perfect Fit and Superior Workmanship Guaranteed.

FOR SALE.

1 Ladies' Rain Coat, size 36.
1 Ladies' Rain Coat, size 38.
Will be sold at a Bargain.

J. A. BEGIN

Fashionable Tailor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

I now offer at a bargain, one of the BEST FARMS IN DERBY.

The Henry C. Woolley Farm,

situated midway between the villages of Derby Center and Newport on good roads, and near the best of schools and markets; only 2 miles from railroad.

One hundred acres of land with suitable buildings in good repair; running water at house and barn; tillage land level free from stones and very fertile; sugar orchard of 120 more trees fully rigged.

No Waste Land.

One of the prettiest and most desirable farms in this section. Price \$18,500 of which a reasonable amount may remain on mortgage. Must be sold very soon to close estate.

Also, the premises known as the

Webber Place,

within ten minutes' walk of Derby Center post office, schools, churches, etc., and consisting of 15 acres of land with comfortable buildings; a desirable home for someone wanting a large place with land to earn an income. This also must be sold soon.

Don't miss these opportunities.

Call on or address, W. S. ROBERTS, Administrator.

85 1/2

D. R. PARSONS

OPTICIAN

Rock Island, P. Q. and Derby Line, Vt.

FOR SALE.

1 extra Driving Horse, 1 General purpose Horse, both four years old.

80 1/2 F. J. WILKINSON, Wag. Mails.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS

DESIGNS & C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description will

officially ascertain our opinion free whether an

invention is probably patentable. Handbook on

Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing

patents taken through Munn & Co. receive

the special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A constantly illustrated weekly. Terms: \$3 a

month in advance. Single copies, 10 cents.

Published by Munn & Co., 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 47 St. Washington, D. C.

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events in Few Words For Busy Readers.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hour's Enjoyment in Paragraphs.

CANADIAN.

Toronto, May 5.—E. B. Osler, M. P., chairman of the committee, acknowledged the receipt for this fund of \$20,000.

Quebec, May 5.—Emile Rioux, fifteen years of age, was electrocuted before his mother's eyes at Roberval, having climbed one of the poles of the electric company to amuse a young sister.

London, May 5.—William Boyd and Hugh Stevenson, found guilty of conspiracy to defraud Hugh M. Douglas in a fake foot race, were sentenced yesterday morning to the Central Prison at Toronto for one year.

Montreal, May 5.—Miss Katherine Dunn, 23 years of age, who set fire to her clothes three months ago with a pair of hot curling tongs, died from the result of her injuries at the Royal Victoria Hospital Thursday night.

Toronto, May 5.—The Canadian Manufacturers' Association has booked 255 members for the excursion to England by the steamer Victoria, leaving Montreal on June 9. Hotel accommodation has been reserved in London for the party.

Montreal, May 5.—One of the best-known figures in local newspaper circles passed away yesterday, James Harper, late city editor of The Montreal Daily Witness. Mr. Harper was in journalism for over a quarter of a century.

Montreal, May 5.—There are now a full dozen or more steamships in the river between Quebec and Martin River, 258 miles below. This will mean that by Saturday or Sunday every available bit of harbor frontage will be utilized.

Aurora, May 5.—A little boy, the son of A. Turner, Gurnett street, was accidentally drowned by falling headfirst into a tub of water last evening. The little fellow got out of the yard, and, it is supposed, while playing around the tub, fell headfirst into it.

Windsor, May 5.—James L. Harcourt, for five years manager of the Windsor branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, resigning three months ago, on account of ill-health, died yesterday afternoon. He was a brother of Richard Harcourt, M. P. P.

Brandon, May 5.—The coroner's inquest, held yesterday afternoon, on the death of James Kirvan, who early Tuesday morning was found dead in his burning house, returned a verdict of death by suffocation, the origin of the fire unknown, and attaching blame to no one.

Tara, May 5.—John Currie of the Township of Elderslie, while out hunting, was accidentally shot yesterday morning. When climbing over a fence the gun was discharged, the contents lodging in his breast. He died within a few minutes. He leaves a wife and 10 children.

Winnipeg, May 5.—The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., on the subject of wheat in farmers' hands yet to market, stated yesterday that late and complete returns received from buyers and inspectors indicated not more than 2,500,000 bushels for sale after providing for the necessary seed.

Toronto Junction, May 5.—Harry Gibson and wife, of Western avenue, had a narrow escape from being suffocated on Tuesday night owing to gas escaping from the stove. Although unable to be around Wednesday, they were out of danger yesterday.

Duntroon, Ont., May 5.—During a severe thunderstorm yesterday morning the stable of James Carlisle was struck by lightning and completely destroyed, with all contents. Chas. McKay perished in the building, having gone in to try and save his brother's gun, which was in the stable.

Preston, May 5.—A special train bearing "The Babes of Twiland" Show Co. crashed into a bakery rig at a street crossing here yesterday morning. The wagon was wrecked, and the horse killed, while the driver, Ralph Clemens, aged 14 years, was thrown from his seat and sustained but slight injuries.

Montreal, May 5.—Dr. Francis Wayland Campbell, dean of the medical faculty of Bishop's College, and one of the best known medical practitioners in Montreal, died at noon yesterday after an illness extending over several months. Within a year he had been bereaved by the death of two sons, Dr. Rollo Campbell and F. W. Campbell, Jr. The deceased was in his 67th year, and leaves a wife and daughter.

Brandon, May 5.—Death came to Walter Murray in a most peculiar manner. Over a week ago Murray purchased a pair of new shoes, which were somewhat tight-fitting. His foot became inflamed, but he paid little attention to it till Wednesday of this week, when a doctor was called in. It was too late to save the man's life, as blood poisoning had set in. Murray lived near this city and was 32 years of age.

Montreal, May 5.—Plans for what will be the biggest and best equipped convent building in North America were filed yesterday morning at the City Hall by the Sisters of the Notre Dame Congregation for approval. The new building will be situated on Sherbrooke street; it will be 578 feet long by 50 deep, and will cover 57,416 square feet, and will be five stories high. The building will cost over a million and a half, exclusive of equipment.

Calgary, N. W. T., May 5.—The dead body of a Galician named Sadouvery, who disappeared mysteriously last September, was found in Bow River, and every indication points to his murder, which has always been suspected. He had \$130 on him when last seen alive and a fellow countryman named Ruseak is suspected of the crime, and has always been under surveillance. Sadouvery's head had been split open and his body concealed under the stones in the river.

UNITED STATES.

Newark, N. J., May 5.—The New London tug Gertrude put into Newport harbor yesterday and reported the loss of the barge Moonbeam off Point Judith Wednesday night, with all on

board, including the captain, engineer, steward and two children of the captain.

Albany, May 5.—Yesterday afternoon the Senate passed the Stevens committee bill, permitting New York City to utilize its water supply to generate electricity for city use.

Pittsburg, May 5.—An order was received at the Wabash office here yesterday that there must be no liquors sold in the new Wabash station here. The order came direct from George Gould.

Duluth, Minn., May 5.—The Fifth Avenue Hotel, in the wholesale district of Duluth, was destroyed by fire early yesterday. Three lives were lost and two men are missing. The hotel was a wooden structure.

Syracuse, May 5.—The bottom dropped out of the Oneida Creek aqueduct that carries the Erie Canal across the stream separating Oneida and Durhamville early yesterday. The break will drain the level between Utica and Syracuse.

Utica, May 5.—John McLaughlin, a wealthy contractor, residing at Massena, and John Gleason of Ontario, Canada, a foreman employed by McLaughlin, were drowned near Carthage yesterday. While rowing across the stream to repair a guy wire, the boat hit a cable and was overturned, precipitating both men in the river. John Orr, who was with McLaughlin and Gleason in the boat, grabbed the guy wire and hung in the water until rescued. Gleason leaves a wife and two children in Canada.

Tiflis, Caucasasia, May 6.—About 10,000 domestic servants and waiters of this city struck yesterday.

Havana, May 5.—The effort of Great Britain to secure a favored nation treaty with Cuba has ended by State Secretary O'Riarrill and Minister Carden signing a treaty of friendship and commerce, from which a favored nation clause offered by Great Britain has been expunged.

Paris, May 5.—King Edward left Paris at noon yesterday for London. He was accompanied to the depot by representatives of President Loubet and Foreign Minister Delcasse and other officials. His Majesty bestowed a number of decorations of the Order of Victoria and expressed the great satisfaction which he had experienced from his sojourn in France.

London, May 5.—(C. P. A.)—Owing to weight and construction, the Canadian Government's agricultural exhibition car will not be allowed to travel faster than five miles per hour.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

London, May 5.—(C. P. A.)—Owing to weight and construction, the Canadian Government's agricultural exhibition car will not be allowed to travel faster than five miles per hour.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Financial Measures of Importance Introduced by the Treasurer.

Toronto, May 2.—Hon. Mr. Matheson explained in the Legislature today the terms of the new loan to redeem treasury bills issued by the old Government. Mr. Hanna promised an investigation into the issuing of West Kent licenses. A number of bills were read a first time. An estimate was given out of the Temiskaming road would pay \$60,000 a year.

Toronto, May 3.—In the House today Mr. Preston withdrew his bill to label prison-made goods, and Mr. Crawford did likewise with his bill to compel the dehorning of cattle during their first year. Other bills were sent to special committees, and some new ones were introduced. Mr. Downey's bill to develop wood lots by exempting them from taxation was read a second time. Mr. Crawford withdrew his License Act amendments in view of the Hon. Mr. Hanna's promise that after the present session the Government would have the whole question under consideration.

Toronto, May 4.—The feature of this afternoon's session of the Legislature was Col. Matheson's explanation of the steps the Government have taken to provide for loans for the completion of the Temiskaming Railway and for other purposes. The resolution and the two bills providing the machinery for floating these loans were taken up in turn. Mr. Barker's bill to widen sleigh runners was sent to the municipal committee. Mr. Lackner's bill to provide for the repayment of municipal debentures in equal annual instalments was read a second time.

Toronto, May 5.—Today was devoted by the Legislature to clearing up odds and ends of legislation. A number of private bills were introduced, and read a first time. Some questions were answered, and the House adjourned till Monday.

Suicided at Louisville.

Hamilton, May 6.—A dispatch from Louisville, Ky., says that the body of Fred Myers was found in Shawnee Park Tuesday morning with evidences of strychnine poisoning. A note was found asking that his brother, John Myers, 187 Northwest avenue, Hamilton, be notified. Myers was buried in Louisville yesterday. Until a few months ago he had been employed as a salesman at Oak Hall. His wife is living with her parents in Toronto.

Year For Election Misdemeanor.

London, May 5.—Martin Quinn, acquitted by a jury last winter of having personated Frederick Palmer in Ward 4 in the last Dominion election of Hon. C. S. Hyman, was convicted of having taken the oath in Palmer's name at the same booth and at the same election, and was Saturday sentenced to one year in the Central.

Acquitted on Murder Charge.

London, May 5.—After a remarkable trial, in which all the witnesses were criminals, Robert Proctor, the Kentucky negro who stood trial on the charge of having killed Clifton Loomis in August last, was allowed to go free. The jury was out for an hour and a half. The prisoner was discharged on Saturday.

Turn First Sod of G. T. P.

Montreal, May 6.—It is understood that Dominion Day will be celebrated this year in Fort William by the turning of the first sod of the Grand Trunk Pacific branch, which is to connect the main line with the waters of Lake Superior, at a distance of 200 miles.

Premier Roblin Ill.

Winnipeg, May 5.—Premier Roblin is seriously ill here with acute pneumonia.

OUT IN THE AIR.

Jes' gittin' out in the air's a boon. Jes' gittin' out in the air. When the peace of God in the mornin' time.

Lis' round you everywhere, An' the brain of the powers an' grass is like An' the incense an' a pray'r.

The smell an' the feel an' the sense of things, The song, the shine an' the hue Seem to sort of git in a full 'n' soul An' to wash it clean an' new. You feel like you 'uz a part of them An' they 'uz a part of you.

They ain't no use of misery An' they ain't no use of wrong; They're both jes' disorders, an' they don't.

To the skeem of things belong, Git your soul in tune with the world an' God, An' life grows like a song.

The hills an' the trees to him on high Sing one eternal psalm; The great wide rumpus of earth an' sky Are filled with a raiment of calm. An' the scent an' freshness out of the field, Breathe over the soul a balm.

The cup of blessin' overflow; They's gladness enough to spare To every creature beneath the sun— Why rob yourself of a share? Go, drink your fill in the mornin' time By gittin' out in the air.

MR. SIFTON'S CAREER.

Sketch of the Life of a Man in the Public Eye.

The Hon. Clifford Sifton, Irish by descent, was born in the township of London, Ont., on March 10, 1861, the son of John W. Sifton, formerly speaker of the Manitoba Legislative Assembly, and his wife, Catharine Watkins. Educated at the high school of London, at the Boys' College, Dundas, and Victoria University, Cobourg, he graduated B. A. and Prince of Wales medalist in 1880, and was called to the Manitoba bar in 1882. Removing from Winnipeg to Brandon, where he commenced the practice of his profession, he became city solicitor and solicitor to the Western Judicial Board, and in 1885 was created Queen's counsel by Lord Aberdeen.

In 1888 he entered the Manitoba Legislative Assembly as member for North Brandon, and joined the Greenway administration on May 14, 1891, as Attorney-General and Minister of Education. During his tenure of office he codified the law relating to civil procedure in Manitoba and conducted the negotiations with the Dominion Government on the Manitoba school question. He was one of the representatives of the Province at the Ottawa Reform convention of June, 1892, being elected a vice-chairman, acted as Premier during Mr. Greenway's illness in 1895, and in June of the latter year introduced in the Legislature the resolution refusing to carry out the Dominion Government's order of council for the restoration of separate school privileges to the Catholics of Manitoba.

In February, 1896, he introduced the resolution protesting against the passage of Parliament of the Manitoba remedial bill and in March was appointed a commissioner to meet in conference with the Dominion delegates to discuss the school question.

On November 17, 1896, Mr. Sifton retired from the Manitoba Government and entered Sir Wilfrid Laurier's administration as Minister of the Interior and Superintendent General of Indian affairs. In the same month he was returned for Brandon by acclamation on the vacation of the seat by Dalton McCarthy and in the autumn of 1897 personally inspected the various inlets to the Yukon region. On his return Mr. Sifton visited Washington and negotiated the arrangement made with the United States Government for the freer passage of Canadian goods into the Yukon. He acted as agent of the British Government before the Alaska Boundary tribunal in 1903 and throughout his official career has devoted special attention to increasing immigration to Canada. Mr. Sifton was re-elected member for Brandon in 1900 and again at the last Dominion elections. He is a vice-president of the Dominion Educational Association and a member of the Methodist Church. Mr. Sifton was married in August, 1884, to Elizabeth Arma, daughter of H. T. Burrows, of Ottawa. In politics he is a "life-long Liberal."

Sometimes there is a gorgeous pyrotechnic display when the iron is first fed into the rolls. Sparks fly to the roof, and the natural fireworks are often more brilliant and beautiful than the artificial variety. This is particularly true of certain qualities of iron, which, when entering the grooves of the rolls, make a crashing noise like the roar of a cannon.

There's Danger in It. The men who handle these bars of iron must be quick and careful, for a twist or a turn of a red-hot bar might put a scar on a man for life. Men who throw hot iron about must have iron nerve.

The iron rolled out so neatly is all made from scrap, which is sold to the mill by junk dealers. A large proportion of the water needed is also great, for the rollers must be fed with water, and the rolls must be kept cool. There is almost a net work of water and steam pipes in the mill.

It is very important that the rolls be kept true. The least variation spoils the size of the bars. Sometimes it happens that the iron is too big for the grooves, and it comes out into a long narrow box, where it must run straight. Then the men come along with their tongs and lay it out to cool on a floor of iron plates. When it is cold enough to handle, each long bar is cut into lengths of fourteen feet, and afterwards carted to the bolt works at Swansea.

25 Tons of Coal a Day. Twenty-five tons of coal burned every day is the record of the mill for the past few weeks of cold weather, when it was harder than usual to keep steam up.

The rolling mill, in point of heat in the summer months, is probably only second to Hades itself. "We open her up, then, though," said the Manager, referring to this point, and meaning by that statement that the sides of the mill were opened as much as possible, and that the mill consisted mainly of a roof when the weather was very warm. It is not zero weather that the men in the mill dread most. It is the sweltering heat of the dog days that kills them.

Electric Ears For Ships. Ships will soon have ears—ears that will hear the approach of a torpedo boat that the captain cannot see or that will hear the sound of the fog bell or the waves beating against a dangerous rock on a stormy night. These electrical ears are more sensitive than human ears, because the sounds they will hear are sounds which travel under water, a medium which transmits sound better than air. It is this superiority of the water as a sound transmitter that has brought about the new invention.

Think of your streets with the poles wiped out. The wires for electric utilities will never be put underground until it has to be done, and then it will be done right away quick.

With regard to dwellings, he thought each house should cover a certain minimum of square feet, and a bylaw should be passed to prevent cramped buildings. The made ground and dumps he described as so many typhoid fever traps. "The Health of the People the Beginning of Happiness" was the motto adopted from the Brookline public bath.

LIFE IN A ROLLING MILL.

Handling Big Chunks of White Hot Metal and Rolling It into Bars is Strenuous Work.

Do you love the strenuous life. Would you like a taste of it? Then go to a rolling mill, get to work, and you will find the real article that so many people talk about, and so few really like to live.

Only men of might and muscle, men who are quick to think and quick to act, can "make good" in a place where great chunks of iron are heated in huge furnaces until they are white hot, and then by the process of rolling are converted into symmetrical bars or rods, and made ready for the bolt-maker.

Windows Wide Open.

There is no place like a rolling mill for building up a rugged and hardy physique. It makes men tough. When a Toronto Star man took a walk through the mill of the Toronto Bolt and Forging Co. at Sunnyside one day recently the men were at work, and evidently keeping warm, although some of them were clad only in a single suit of underwear, trousers, boots, and hat. The mill is no hot-house, for it is open to the winds on all sides, and the mercury was hovering about ten or twelve degrees below the zero mark, yet these sturdy, hardy fellows were evidently unconcerned by the bitings of Jack Frost.

The men in the mill get to work about 5.30 in the morning, and they are generally through at 4 or 4.30 in the afternoon. They prefer to get an early start, and as they have to work almost continuously, they eat their luncheon whenever they get a chance.

A Picturesque Process.

The process of rolling out the iron into bars and rods is a most picturesque one, particularly at night, when the glare of the red-hot work seems brighter than usual. The work is done so swiftly that the iron, after passing and repassing through the rollers some sixteen times, is almost as hot as when taken in a chunk from the furnace. There are two mills through which it passes, the "roughing" and the "finishing" mill. It goes into the first a solid block, about six or eight inches thick and two feet long. In the mills there are a number of grooves, and a man stands at each side of the machine, armed with long tongs. The iron is fed back and forth from one side to the other into grooves of decreasing size, until when it leaves the roughing mill it is perhaps eight or ten feet long and much thinner than before. Then it is fed into the finishing mill, and squeezed to still greater length, sometimes even to 100 feet. The average length is 60 or 70 feet.

Iron Like a Rope. When passing through these finer rolls the iron becomes almost like a rope. Pliable, twisting, turning, it runs like a worm between the rapidly revolving rollers, and stretches itself, sometimes in coils, on the floor. Finally it is passed into the groove of the required size, and comes out into a long narrow box, where it must run straight. Then the men come along with their tongs and lay it out to cool on a floor of iron plates. When it is cold enough to handle, each long bar is cut into lengths of fourteen feet, and afterwards carted to the bolt works at Swansea.

Sometimes there is a gorgeous pyrotechnic display when the iron is first fed into the rolls. Sparks fly to the roof, and the natural fireworks are often more brilliant and beautiful than the artificial variety. This is particularly true of certain qualities of iron, which, when entering the grooves of the rolls, make a crashing noise like the roar of a cannon.

There's Danger in It. The men who handle these bars of iron must be quick and careful, for a twist or a turn of a red-hot bar might put a scar on a man for life. Men who throw hot iron about must have iron nerve.

The iron rolled out so neatly is all made from scrap, which is sold to the mill by junk dealers. A large proportion of the water needed is also great, for the rollers must be fed with water, and the rolls must be kept cool. There is almost a net work of water and steam pipes in the mill.

It is very important that the rolls be kept true. The least variation spoils the size of the bars. Sometimes it happens that the iron is too big for the grooves, and it comes out into a long narrow box, where it must run straight. Then the men come along with their tongs and lay it out to cool on a floor of iron plates. When it is cold enough to handle, each long bar is cut into lengths of fourteen feet, and afterwards carted to the bolt works at Swansea.

25 Tons of Coal a Day. Twenty-five tons of coal burned every day is the record of the mill for the past few weeks of cold weather, when it was harder than usual to keep steam up.

The rolling mill, in point of heat in the summer months, is probably only second to Hades itself. "We open her up, then, though," said the Manager, referring to this point, and meaning by that statement that the sides of the mill were opened as much as possible, and that the mill consisted mainly of a roof when the weather was very warm. It is not zero weather that the men in the mill dread most. It is the sweltering heat of the dog days that kills them.

Electric Ears For Ships. Ships will soon have ears—ears that will hear the approach of a torpedo boat that the captain cannot see or that will hear the sound of the fog bell or the waves beating against a dangerous rock on a stormy night. These electrical ears are more sensitive than human ears, because the sounds they will hear are sounds which travel under water, a medium which transmits sound better than air. It is this superiority of the water as a sound transmitter that has brought about the new invention.

Mindoe Nose Key.

"It is considered an insult and extremely indelicate in India to refer to a woman's nose ring, but so many ask me, 'What is that flower they hold in their mouth?' that I must tell what it shouldn't," says Edmund Russell. "It is the badge of wifehood, even more sacred than our wedding ring—set always with the costliest and most beautiful jewels a woman possesses and the last she will part with. A ruby with two pearls is the favorite, as symbolizing a heart between two guardians of purity. This is somewhat going out of fashion under English influence. The Somali ladies and Zoroastrian sisters do not wear them, but every orthodox Hindoo woman has her pak chabi, or 'nose key,' as it is also called, usually two, one of precious jewels and costly pearls; the other a little plain gold safety pin, which is slipped in just as the great circle is being drawn out, for the nose must never for a moment be left free."

Jewel Crafts of India.

Cold Blooded Man. "Man is the coldest blooded animal there is," said a well known doctor. "Man's low temperature," the doctor went on, "is responsible for more than half his ailments. Your normal temperature is 98.6 degrees F. It is only when you have a bad temperature that you get as warm as any of the lower animals—that is so say, when you are in a high fever, with a temperature of 102, you are at the normal heat of the cat, the dog, the ox, the rat, and so on. In the coldest of seas the porpoise is never cooler than 100 degrees. The bat, the rabbit, the guinea pig, the hare and the elephant likewise are all cool at 100 degrees. The hen has the highest temperature of all the lower creatures, and it is a good deal warmer, too, than a chicken. Its temperature then is as high as 111, but age and experience cool its blood by 3 degrees."

The Old Japanese Mail.

In the days before the ports of Japan were opened to foreigners, before telegraphs, railroads and electricity had found their way into the island empire, the infrequent mails were carried by post runners, who wore the merest apology of a loin cloth and blue and white rags around their heads. They wore for the most part an elaborate suit of tattoo, with a red star on each shoulder, the mark of their calling. The letters were incased in a waterproof package and secured to the end of a bamboo pole. With this over his shoulder and a pair of fragile sandals on his feet the runner started on his long journey, making from 75 to 100 miles per day. The distance they covered seems incredible, but the men were trained to speed and had remarkable endurance.

Hill of the Poison Plant. Close to the frontier of Nepal is the mountain of Sandook-Phu, which means in the Tibetan language "the hill of the poison plant," or aconite. This plant is so abundant and so deadly in its effects that all sheep and cattle passing over the mountain are muzzled by their drivers. An English traveler saw at its foot great heaps of discarded bamboo muzzles. Curiously enough, only those cattle that are newly imported from the plains are fatally affected. The natives believe that the sheep of the district learn to shun the youngest leaves, which are the most virulent. A more likely explanation is that they grow habituated to the drug by taking it in small quantities.

Royal Night Bodyguards.

For more than 400 years a body of men known as the Monteros de Espinosa have enjoyed the exclusive privilege of watching over the slumbers of the kings and queens of Spain. They are bound by tradition to be natives of Espinosa and to have served with distinction in the army. One of these is on guard at the door of the bedroom of each royal personage in the palace, and the others, armed with huge halberds and wearing felt soled shoes, tread silently all through the night along the corridors and halls. Their service begins at midnight and ceases at 7 in the morning.

Crass Ignorance.

An east side kindergarten was about to give her class a lesson, with "The Kitten" as the subject. She began by saying: "Our lesson this morning will be all about the kitten. Now, can any little boy or girl tell me which grows on the kitten, fur or feathers?"

A dead silence followed for a minute, when one little boy said in a loud voice: "G-o-o-d gracious! Hain't you never seen a kitten?"

An Exception.

A New York banker tells the story of two Irishmen who discussed the "nationality of the American states." Said Pat, "Faith an' be jabbers if this great country ain't overrun wid th' Irish, an' yit out of all th' states in th' Union not wan has an Irish name." "Sure an' yer wrong," replied Mike. "What's the matter wid O'Regon?"

Ancestors.

"My ancestors," said the man whose name happened to be Endicott, "came over in the Mayflower."

"And mine," observed the man whose name was Adams, "were the original occupants of the garden of Eden."

Enthusiasm.

Nothing is so contagious as enthusiasm. It is the real allegory of the tale of Orpheus; it moves stones; it charms brutes. Enthusiasm is the genius of sincerity, and truth accomplishes no victories without it.

To make knowledge valuable you must have the cheerfulness of wisdom.—Emerson.

FALSE ECONOMY.

It Stands the Table to Be Lavish With Doctors and Drugs.

A woman has recently written an article in which she tells of an experiment which was made in reducing the cost of living, and it was found that people in a family might be fed at an average cost of 70 cents per week for each individual. Such experiments in food and feeding may be interesting to those who make them, and they doubtless bring money to the writers of such schemes, but whether they do anything more than that is rather doubtful. If a person can be nourished on oatmeal, prunes, vegetable soups, salt codfish and round steak, there's no reason for believing that the majority of people are willing to live on such food for any great length of time. The appetite, which is the first essential of health, needs attention as well as the purse. The man who goes forth to labor in the business world needs good nourishing food and needs it three times a day. If he finds the same economical dishes set before him day after day he'll soon lose all appetite for food at home, and the irregularity of his meals will soon tell on his constitution. There's a false economy which denies money for the table and later spends it for nurses, doctors and medicines. It is just the same with all lines of economy. The woman who tries to do without a maid and wears herself out in the attempt, the laundry work and is consequently obliged to spend a day or two in bed each week, and many others are among the people who do not know the meaning of the word economy and cannot tell the first essentials of the habit of economy. The saving of health and strength should be the first thing considered in either the individual or the family life. After these have been properly cared for other things may be allowed to fall into line and receive their share of attention.—Brockton Times.

FOR BRIDAL TREASURES.

Pretty Little Trunk in Which to Hoard the Keepsakes.

The importance that the German maid attaches to her trousseau and to everything else that pertains to her wedding is indicated by the care that she takes of all the little things as well as the big ones connected with her wedding day. For the safe keeping of her bridal treasures a small trunk, a facsimile of which is here illustrated,

is the correct repository, and it is an exceedingly decorative safe. The covering is of velvet or brocaded silk, banded with velvet or satin in a contrasting or harmonizing tint and further adorned with bowknits of gauze, spangled in gold or silver. Into this ornate miniature trunk are placed one of the engraved notices of the ceremony, with at home cards, etc., letters of congratulation, correspondence between the bride and groom and any other token that sentiment or fancy dictates the saving. A top of all are placed the bridal veil and the accompanying floral spray or wreath. A tiny lock, with a golden or silver key, fastens the chest, and the bride is the keeper of the key.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Baking and Jarring.

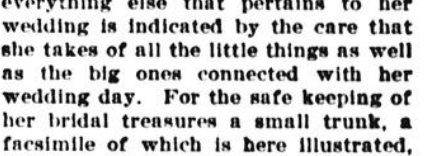
The idea that a sudden jar or rap on the oven door will cause cake to fall while baking is often acouted as "an old woman's notion," but evidence given by a correspondent of Good Housekeeping certainly goes to prove "there's something in it." She had a cake in the oven which was rising nicely when the groceryman dropped a barrel of flour in the kitchen. Next time she looked at her cake it was "flat as a pancake." It stands to reason that a heavy jar at a critical moment, when the dough is just at the stage where the small air bubbles that make it light are rising and expanding, will cause these bubbles to fall, and once fallen of course the dough, whether cake or bread, will be flat. After the baking has progressed to a point where the crust has formed the dough will not be so readily affected.

Too Many Gowns.

"I wish," said a woman who always looks well dressed, "that I could impress upon women in ordinary circumstances the folly of having too many frocks at one time. A sudden change of style will put them among the back numbers, though they were fresh from the dressmaker's hands a few months ago. One well made frock, worn every day in the season, is a good investment, and a pretty bodice and skirt and an evening dress are necessary when women go about a little bit. More clothing is an extravagance for those who have not the means to live up to them in a social sense. When a modest wardrobe has done its duty one feels no compunctions at discarding it."

Juvenile Literature.

It is the duty of every parent to provide the best and purest literature to be obtained for his children. If the parent desires to inspire his children with thoughts that build mental and moral character, he will not fill the home with the sensational newspapers and trashy periodical literature that are now flooding the country.—Maxwell's Teller.



TRUNK FOR BRIDAL TREASURES.

BRYANT VS. HOLMES.

In the Superior Court at Sherbrooke on the 1st inst. judgment was rendered by His Lordship Mr. Justice Lemieux in the case of Dame Alice Bryant (Mrs. Holmes) vs. Charles W. Holmes, and also on the incidental cross-demand of Holmes vs. Bryant. The decision is given below:

The Court having heard the parties in this cause as well as the merits of the action for separation from bed and board on the part of the Plaintiff against her husband, Charles W. Holmes, as on the incidental cross-demand on the part of the said Charles W. Holmes also in separation from bed and board against his said wife, the parties having agreed that the evidence taken in this cause be common to both issues, having examined the literal and testimonial evidence and the several documents of record and on the whole deliberated:

ON THE PRINCIPAL ACTION.

Considering that the Defendant, Charles W. Holmes, was justifiable, on the ninth of September 1904, by reason of the compromising and deplorable conduct of the Plaintiff with one John E. C. Tomkins, physician, heretofore living and practising in the Village of Rock Island, not to receive plaintiff, his wife, at the common domicile, and not to bestow upon her the deferential regards due a woman alive to her own personal dignity and respectful of her husband, of her children and of the conjugal domicile;

Considering that the intimation made in September last by the plaintiff to defendant to receive her in the conjugal domicile was simulated, not sincere, and apparently made with a view of securing a legal recourse against her husband as previously, i. e. in June, she had formally declared that she abandoned him forever on account of the love she professed towards the said Tomkins;

Considering the plaintiff's behavior is hereinafter exposed in the judgment on the incidental cross-demand;

Considering the defendant's conduct has been towards his wife, until the time when her misconduct became known to him, that of a good husband and that he had always had till then deferential regards for her;

Considering that since the institution of the present action by the plaintiff, the latter has, without the authorization of the Court, left the domicile assigned to her by the tribunal and has departed without said authorization for parts unknown, from where she has corresponded to certain persons in Canada only through third parties, so as to foil all searches as to her domicile; that she was not present in Court this day, and that her Attorney himself has stated at the audience that he did not know where she was;

Considering that the said action is unfounded in law and in fact; Wherefore the Court doth reject the said action with costs against Plaintiff.

ON THE MERITS OF THE INCIDENTAL CROSS-DEMAND.

Considering that the parties are married under the regime of legal community of property;

Considering that previous to the month of June 1904 incidental defendant had assiduous, steady and compromising relations with the said John E. C. Tomkins who visited her during the day and at night, at her home and even in her bed-room, specially during the absence of her husband; that during his said visits the said Tomkins would take the incidental defendant on his lap and would kiss and caress her;

Considering that the said Tomkins, a married man and father of a family, has left and abandoned his domicile since the summer of 1904 to cast, so to speak, his fortune and destiny with that of the defendant; that both of them have traveled together through several cities of the United States, among others Buffalo (Boston?); that there they registered at the same hotel, occupied the same room or rooms communicating with each other;

Considering, moreover, that during that period of time, the said defendant and the said Tomkins have traveled together on board of a ship in the United States, that they occupied the same cabin or cabins communicating with each other, and that they acted or behaved in such a way as to be considered as husband and wife;

Considering that the said defendant and the said Tomkins have left their respective domiciles in Canada since nearly six months;

Considering that the defendant, mother of an only child, issue of her marriage with plaintiff, has never cared for said child since her departure with said Tomkins, never inquired about him, and is in apparent inability to provide for him and take care of him;

Considering that both from a moral and physical standpoint it is better that the custody of the child, Francis Dennison Holmes, be given to the father as the child is but five years old, the father has much affection for him, and the child's grandmother, Mrs. Holmes, has taken particular care of him for a long time;

Considering that the defendant's conduct as above related may give

rise to violent, precise and concordant presumptions of the commission of adultery by the defendant, according to the doctrine established in *re St. Laurent vs. Hamel* L. R. J. C. (K. B.) 438;

Considering however that in the interest of the child and relatives, and also for the husband's honor it is better that the purview or dispositif of the judgment be not based on the ground of adultery;

Considering that the defendant's conduct has been a cause of affliction, humiliation, and of great distress and constitutes on the part of the defendant toward her said husband an outrage and an insult for which he has a right to ask a separation from bed and board and for which only separation from bed and board must be granted;

Wherefore the Court doth maintain the said Incidental Cross-Demand and doth order and decree the separation from bed and board and the separation of property of plaintiff from his wife, doth dissolve the community of property heretofore existing between plaintiff and his wife, so that each of the parties have the control and administration of their own property, or of their respective share in the community, and to that end doth name and appoint A. N. Thompson, Esq., Clerk of the Circuit Court of Stanstead Plain, as practicien to examine into the affairs of the said community and to report thereon to this Court.

The Court doth give the custody of the said child, Francis Dennison Holmes, to the father the incidental plaintiff, permitting to the defendant to visit the child, twice a week, in the afternoon, at the domicile of the incidental plaintiff, or at any other place where the said child may be left or detained pursuant to the orders and instructions of the incidental plaintiff, —the whole with costs against the Defendant.

C. H. Mansur acted as attorney for Mr. Holmes with H. B. Brown, K. C., as counsel. M. F. Hackett, K. C., for Mrs. Holmes.

LAW OF SUCCESSION.

An important change in the law is at present before the Legislature at Quebec in the shape of a bill introduced by Hon. Mr. Perodeau to amend the Civil Code in respect to the law of succession. The main feature of the bill is embodied in two articles, which it is proposed to add to the code, and which read as follows:—

64a. The wife succeeds to her husband; and the husband to his wife, when the deceased leaves no issue and has no father or mother living.

64b. If the deceased leave a consort and one child they inherit in equal portions. If he leave a consort and more than one child the consort takes one-third, and the children the other two-thirds between them in equal shares.

If the deceased has died without issue, but has left a consort and a father and mother, the latter take one-third of the estate and the consort the other two-thirds. In such a case, if there be only a father or a mother living the share of the pre-deceased in the third devolves to the survivor.

If there is issue or a father or mother or both, the wife cannot succeed to her husband unless she first abandon all her rights in any community of property that may have existed between them and all rights of survivorship accruing to her from him under marriage contract or by law including dower, nor can the husband succeed to his wife unless he makes a like abandonment.

The above articles, of course, in no way interfere with the liberty of wills but only apply in the case of a consort dying without having made any testamentary disposition of his or her property. Under the present provision of our law the husband or wife inherits from a deceased consort when there are no relatives to take the succession the law preferring even a sixth cousin to the surviving consort. The reason for this is that the law of this province, being based on the old French law, makes very elaborate provisions as to the financial relations between the consorts intending in the main that each consort should have half of any property made during the continuance of the marriage, and that at the death of one of the consorts the survivor should take the half belonging to him and the relations of the deceased the other half. Though these provisions are theoretically excellent they often work considerable hardship in practice, as it not so infrequently happens that a young business man who may happen to be in community of property with his wife, should she die, is forced to sell his furniture and business interests, in order that the wife's relatives may receive the amount coming to them from her succession.

Field Marshall Oyama has been pushing his columns forward all along the line under cover of a screen of cavalry and Chinese bandits. He has already begun operations against Gen. Linevitch's left and is reported ready to assume the offensive on a large scale. The force at his disposal now numbers three hundred and ninety thousand men.

ABOUT OUR NEIGHBORS.

J. Flannigan, sr., of Turkey Hill, died on the 2nd inst., aged 87 years.

A Lebean has sold his hotel property at Sutton to F. A. Olmstead for \$12,000.

Mrs. Moses Kelsey died at her home in Derby Tuesday and was buried there to-day.

On the Cowansville board Saturday butter brought 19¹/₂ cents and cheese 9¹/₂ cents per lb.

A. H. Gingras of Waterloo has been appointed secretary of the Shefford Farmers' Club succeeding S. J. A. Brouillette resigned.

E. P. Stevens of Knowlton has secured the secretaryship of the Delorimer Park Racing Association and will take up his abode in Montreal for the summer.

The remains of Norman W. Bingham, who died in Somerville, Mass., last February, were brought to Derby Center for interment yesterday. Deceased was a native of Derby.

Lewis Grigg, tenant on the Goddard farm, East Farnham, committed suicide, April 28th, by placing a noose around his neck, hitching the rope to a well sweep and jumping down the well.

The Principalship of Bishop's College, Lennoxville, has been offered to Rev. T. D. Waitt, M.A., Vicar of St. Jude Church, Bristol, England. Mr. Waitt's application was supported by strong testimonials.

Subscription lists for the John McIntosh memorial fund are being numerously signad. The movement was started by H. S. Foster of Knowlton and he has offered to raise one-half the amount required by subscription in the District of Bedford.

Mrs. Mary Heath, widow of the late George L. Heath of Derby, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John R. Feltus in Springfield, Mass., Sunday. The remains were brought to Derby for burial Tuesday, being accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Feltus, and Miss M. Feltus.

A rather peculiar customs case is reported from Beebe Plain. Recently John Lacasse bought some land on the American side and had a lot of refuse granite hauled there, from the Stanstead quarries. This was to be put into the foundation of some new buildings shortly afterwards an American Customs officer appeared upon the scene demanding payment of 12¹/₂ cents per cubic foot for the stone, the specific duty upon perfect granite entering the United States. This refuse is regarded as worthless at the quarries and Mr. Lacasse's next move was to get some one to haul the stone back into Canada.

All Sherbrooke hotel keepers have signed an agreement to observe clause in the license law prohibiting the sale of liquor, except to guests in the hotel between 11 p. m. Saturday, and 7 a. m. Monday. The law has been openly ignored in the past and the City Council recently passed a special order directing the chief of police to enforce the letter of the license law in this respect. Some of the hotel keepers claimed that while they would like to "close tight" on Sundays they could not afford to do so if others pursued the open side door policy. Something had to be done and the agreement in question went into force Sunday. Throughout the day hotels were besieged by divers thirsty mortals, but those who could not drink water were obliged to go dry. The proprietors displayed copies of the agreement and declared their intentions of standing by it.

After a three days' search by an army of men from Fordyce, Beranger, East Farnham and Cowansville, the lifeless body of Marie Louise Timney, aged four years, was found in the woods late Friday afternoon. Tuesday the little girl went out to watch the fires made by her uncles, Peter and Moses Julius, formerly of Cowansville, who were clearing land on their father's farm near Fordyce Corner. While they were making the rounds of the fires their little guest disappeared from the rock where she had been left. Fifty or sixty neighbors searched for her until 2 a. m., beginning again at daylight and keeping up a fruitless search all day in the rain. Then High Constable Boisvert, directing the search, asked for 150 men and at the request of Mayor John Murphy of East Farnham the desired number was raised. The little girl had wandered about a mile and a quarter through seemingly impenetrable thickets, over wire fences, swamps and ditches and it was only by the most painstaking search that the body was found.

A remarkable disaster is reported off the coast of Massachusetts at 1.30 Monday morning. The Joy Line steamer, 'Arkansas', from Boston for New York was struck by the coal-laden barge 'Glendower' in tow from Philadelphia from Boston, and sunk within fifteen minutes. But out of thirty-seven passengers and a crew of twenty-nine on the steamer most of whom were asleep at the time of the collision, only one passenger was lost.

CANADIAN RUBBER COMPANY OF MONTREAL.

Extensive Additions and Improvements to this Company's Factories.

The extension of the manufacturing field in many Canadian industries has been a noteworthy feature of the last few years. This has been brought about in a measure by the rapid access of population, and also by a realization of the great possibilities of the Dominion's future expansion by public and private corporations.

The growth of the rubber industry in Canada up to a score of years ago, was of a very slow nature, but during more recent years the great demand for rubber goods of all kinds has impelled the extension of the manufacturing facilities in this as in many other industries.

Over fifty years ago, The Canadian Rubber Company commenced operations on the banks of the St. Lawrence River, each year increasing gradually the size of their plant and the variety of their product. At the present time the factories of this Company at Montreal cover over 12 acres of space, and it is great evidence of the vast strides the Dominion is making in this industry as in others, when it is mentioned that even this enormous space for manufacturing purposes is found at the present time entirely insufficient.

For years The Canadian Rubber Company have been leaders and originators in many of the progressive manufacturing and distributing methods that have made Montreal famous as a commercial centre, and they have always aimed to not only to keep up with the rapid growth of the Dominion, but also to anticipate the great expansion of the future.

It may be mentioned that during the year 1904, over \$240,000.00 was spent by the management on additions and improvements to the factories.

The statement is now given out by Mr. D. Lorne McGibbon, General Manager of the Company, that during the year 1905, no less a sum than \$250,000.00 has been allocated by the Directors for the purpose of not only improving the present plant in the way of additional machinery, etc., but in the erection of new factories for the manufacture of many lines of goods at present being handled in a restricted way—but for which there is a great possibility in this country.

It is anticipated by the management that the new factory and additions to the existing plant will increase the present producing capacity by at least 50 p. c.

The completion of these additions and improvements will make it possible to employ a large additional force of work people in the Montreal factories, and all concerned in the progress of the Dominion will be interested to know of this great projected expansion of the manufacturing facilities of The Canadian Rubber Company.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has been made a member of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association.

The Lieutenant-Governor of the new province of Alberta will be sworn in at Edmonton on July 1.

The teamsters' strike in Chicago has opened its third week with the advantage apparently in favor of the employers.

The 'Victorian,' the new Allan line triple screw, turbine, royal mail steamer, arrived on her first trip to Montreal Monday evening.

The act respecting the Male Institution for the Catholic Deaf and Dumb of the Province of Quebec has passed its third reading in the Legislature.

In the strike riots in Chicago Monday three men were fatally injured. Business went on almost as usual, and strikers and employers each claim a victory.

Hon. James Sutherland, minister of Public Works, died at Woodstock, Ont., on the 3rd inst. He had been ill over a year and his death was not unexpected.

William Pollick, the octogenarian prisoner charged with setting fire to a bridge near Terrebonne, has been released on bail, after waiting eight months for trial.

The French government has ordered the civil and naval authorities in French Indo-China not to permit the Junction of the two Russian fleets within French waters.

Japan refuses to agree to a definition of the war zone in Mongolia west of the present position of the armies.

The Emperor William, in a speech on Mar. 9, not before reported, said it must not be inferred from the Japanese victories that Buddha was superior to Christ. Rather, if Russia were beaten it would be because the Christianity of Russia was of such an inferior quality, while the Japanese displayed many Christian virtues. The Japanese were a scourge of God, like Attila or Napoleon, and the Germans must see to it that God did not some day have to chastise them with such a scourge.



SAVE MONEY ON A BICYCLE

By purchasing of the

ROCK ISLAND HARDWARE CO.

WATERMAN & HUNT, Mgrs.

Job Printing at the Journal Office.

The People's Telephone Company

\$25,000 is the amount of preferred six per cent. stock the People's Telephone Company are authorized to issue. \$12,000 of this amount has already been taken up. \$13,000 can now be had by any person, provided the allotment called for is not less than four shares of \$25 each. Ten per cent. will be payable when the stock is subscribed for, and ten per cent monthly until the whole is paid.

This stock has priority over common stock and is entitled to a dividend of six per cent., to be paid out of the earnings of the company.

The following is a list of names who have taken up the \$12,000. Largest holders listed first and continued as they rank in amount.

Wm. Farwell	T. B. Rider	A. Trudeau
C. H. Fletcher	C. A. Jenkins	Taylor J. Little
D. McManamy	C. Skinner	Thos. J. Little
J. S. Mitchell	D. H. A. Meagher	David T. Johnston
B. Quinn	A. W. Sykes	A. L. Buck
A. A. Briggs	Fuller & Wiggert	J. Pender
E. A. Baldwin	Thomas Little	E. St. Dizier
C. R. Ruiter	H. A. A. Kennedy	B. C. Howard
Fred Young	J. J. B. Verrett	John Brown & Son
Dr. T. D. Whiteher	J. Gauthier	J. A. Begin
W. S. Comstock	C. A. Young	F. Paquette
Thos. D. Ward	G. I. Pool	J. Proulx
C. H. Kathan	W. K. Baldwin	G. Roy

MELLOON'S

We invite public attention to the varied assortment of new goods we are now showing. We have particularly good values to offer in the lines mentioned below, but they do not by any means constitute our complete list of bargains for Spring and Summer.

Dress Goods

Fashionable Spring and Summer Fabrics, all shades and all patterns, from 15 cts. to 35 cts. a yard. All new and excellent values.

Corsets

All styles and lengths. We have several styles at 50 cts., all of which are good bargains.

Men's Clothing

We have some special values in Men's pure English Worsted Suits at \$10; All-Wool Tweed Suits at \$6.50 and \$7.50. Cheaper Suits for those who want them. Also Boy's Suits at bargain prices.

Sample Shirts

We are offering a line of Sample Shirts for men, some worth \$1.25, some \$1.00, some 75 cents, all at 48 cents.

Hats & Caps

Men's Straw and Canvas Hats, new line just in, also Boy's Hats and Caps.

Men's Hose

Our line of Cashmere Hose at 25 cts. is especially attractive; also cheaper grades of these goods.

Shoes

We have a good line of these goods for Ladies, Misses, Men and Boys.

All of these goods are New and Up-To-Date. We are not afraid to match them against city offerings, quality for quality, price for price.

FRANK MELLOON.