

Articles of Birth, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or they cannot be inserted. Fees and extended obituaries will be charged for at regular rates.

### BIRTHS.

**WILSON.**—In this city, on the 22nd inst., the wife of George Wilson, of a daughter.

### MARRIED.

**BRITTON—MOORE.**—On Wednesday, Aug. 23rd, by the Rev. Manly Benson, at the residence of the bride's uncle, F. A. Moore, Esq., 157 College street, Toronto, C. H. Britton, M.D., of East Toronto, to Miss J. Moore, formerly of Brockville, daughter of the late George C. Moore, J.P., of Elizabethtown.

### DIED.

**CONROY.**—At Cote St. Antoine, on the 22nd inst., Hannah Conroy, wife of Thomas Conroy. Funeral will take place from her husband's residence, Cote St. Antoine, on Friday afternoon, 24th inst., at 2:30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

**HAYES.**—At Simcoe, Ont., on Friday, Aug. 17th, 1888, Arthur Hayes, only son of James Hayes, M.D., aged 14 years and 5 months.

**ROBERTS.**—At Niagara Falls South, on Sunday, Aug. 19th, the Rev. John Roberts, in his 66th year.

**NETZLER.**—At Halifax, N.S., on the 19th Aug., Harriet Louise, relict of the late Charles E. Metzler, M.D.

**McLEOD.**—At the manse, Thornburn, N.S., on 18th Aug., Jessie Stewart, wife of the Rev. Dr. McLeod, and daughter of the late Duncan Campbell.

**ALKINS.**—On the 21st inst., at Riceville, Ont., Marjorie, daughter of James and Margaret Amy Alkins, aged one month and four days.

**McCAIG.**—At Cote St. George, on the 15th inst., Catherine McNaughton, wife of Donald McCaig, aged 70 years and 8 months.

### ADVERTISEMENTS.

**MUNGOS.**—Mungos, Mungos, Mungos, Mungos, Mungos, Mungos, Mungos, Mungos.

SUBSCRIBERS leaving the City for the summer months can have the Daily Witness sent to their address free of postage for 25c per month.

EVERY FAMILY should adopt Gray's Castor-Fluid as a daily Hair Dressing. Sole manufacturer, Henry R. Gray, Dispensing Chemist, Montreal. For sale at all Chemists, 25c.

**We defy competition. We challenge contradiction. The largest, cheapest, and best assorted stock of furniture in Eastern Canada. Come and see for yourselves. Fee & Martin, 357, 359 and 361 St. James street.**

**BLACKBERRY CARMINATIVE,** A safe and effectual Cure for Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus and Dysentery for both Children and Adults. Price, 25 cents. **C. J. COVERTON & CO.,** Corner of Elzary and Dorchester streets. BRANCH: 452 St. Lawrence street.

### THOMAS LIGGET.

Having purchased from the estate of Ligget & Hamilton their entire stock of **CARPETS AND FURNISHINGS,** I am now prepared to offer special inducements to parties furnishing or renewing their home comforts. **All the Remnants, ODD AND OFF PATTERNS, MUST BE CLEARED.**

The public may depend on special benefits from this clearing sale. I am now concentrating my energies on the purchase and sale of the best and cheapest carpets.

### THE BEST AND CHEAPEST

#### Curtains.

### THE BEST AND CHEAPEST

#### Oilcloths.

### THE BEST AND CHEAPEST

#### Linoleums.

### THE BEST AND CHEAPEST

#### Rugs, Mats and Matting,

in short, upon all descriptions of Floor Coverings.

By giving my undivided attention to these lines of goods I hope to command the confidence and patronage of all who desire to make their homes comfortable and attractive.

### THOMAS LIGGET.

#### Carpets, Oilcloths, Curtains.

### GLENORA BUILDING,

#### 1881 Notre Dame street,

#### MONTREAL.

### SPECIAL NOTICE.

Colleges, Hotels and all institutions requiring **IRON BEDSTRAWS** with Springs combined (English Wrought Iron), **HAIR, MOSS, FIBRE, SEA GRASS** and **WOOL MATTRESSES,** will find it to their advantage in getting our prices before placing their orders elsewhere.

### W. KING & CO.,

Importers of Iron Beds and Manufacturers of Bedding of every grade.

FACTORY, 62 COLLEGE ST. 622 CRAIG ST.

### MONTREAL CASH

**FURNITURE AND BEDDING HOUSE** is the best place to buy your HOUSE FURNISHINGS, BEDROOM, PARLOR and DINING SUITES in endless variety.

### W. KING & CO.,

Furniture and Bedding Manufacturers, FACTORY, 62 COLLEGE ST. 622 CRAIG ST.

**GO TO MILNER'S,** 191 MCGILL STREET. For CHOICE FRUIT.

### CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

**WEATHER REPORT, AUG. 22, 1888, 10 a.m.** METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, TORONTO, Special to S. CARSLEY. PROBABILITIES FOR THE NEXT 24 HOURS:—Lakes and Upper St. Lawrence—From Lake St. Peter to Bay of Quinte:—West end south wind; fine and a little warmer;—fine and warm to-morrow.

S. CARSLEY.

### FREIGHT PREPAID.

We prepay the express charges on all orders amounting to \$5.00 and over, to any railway station between Toronto and River du Loup, or anywhere within 900 miles of Montreal where either the Canadian or Dominion Express Companies deliver parcels.

Some families have purchased their dry goods from us for many years, and in many cases are better pleased than if they made their purchases personally.

S. CARSLEY.

KNITTING YARNS  
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KNITTING YARNS

The stock of Knitting Yarns is now fully complete, with only the best makes. Ask to see the 4-ply Unshrinkable Yarn.

S. CARSLEY.

### S. CARSLEY FOR YARNS.

NOVELTIES IN JERSEYS  
NOVELTIES IN JERSEYS  
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NOVELTIES IN JERSEYS

We are constantly receiving Novelties in Ladies' Jerseys. Ladies requiring Jerseys should not fail to inspect the stock where they will find the latest styles, at lowest prices in the city.

S. CARSLEY.

### S. CARSLEY FOR CORSETS.

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CORSETS

The only house in the city, where such a large assortment French Wove Corsets can be found is

S. CARSLEY'S.

### S. CARSLEY FOR CORSETS.

LOOK AT S. CARSLEY'S  
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MONTREAL, August 22nd, 1888.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN

### JOHN MURPHY & CO'S ADVERTISEMENT.

1888.

### THE LAST WEEK.

The public should remember that this is the last week of our Grand Cheap Sale. We have still some grand bargains to be cleared out. For bargains in all kinds of Dry Goods attend our Cheap Sale.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

### NEW SURAH SILKS.

We have just received a new lot of Surah Silk, making our assortment again complete, without a doubt these are the cheapest silks ever shown in the trade.

Remember the price, only 40c per yard, to be had in all colors.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

### NEW SILK PLOUSES.

Just received, a large shipment of Colored Silk Plouses, the best and cheapest Plouses in Canada, to be had in the following colors: White, Cream, Pink, Sky, Cardinal, Grenet, sultan, Rose, Boreal, Terra Cotta, Navy, Seal, Peacock, Maroon, Myrtle, Black, Loutre, Gobelin, Moldore, Serpent, Olive, Grey, Golden Brown, Slate.

New Silk Plouses, 50c per yard.  
New Silk Plouses, 60c per yard.  
New Silk Plouses, 70c per yard.  
New Silk Plouses, 80c per yard.  
New Silk Plouses, 90c per yard.  
New Silk Plouses, from 50c to \$2.00 per yard, at

JOHN MURPHY & CO'S.

Black Silk Lace Flouncing, 95c.  
Black Silk Lace Flouncing, \$1.00.  
Black Silk Lace Flouncing, \$1.25.  
Black Silk Lace Flouncing, \$1.50.  
Black Silk Lace Flouncing, \$1.75.  
Black Silk Lace Flouncing, \$2.00.  
Black Silk Lace Flouncing, \$2.50.  
Black Silk Lace Flouncing, \$3.00.  
Black Silk Lace Flouncing, \$4.00.  
Black Silk Lace Flouncing, \$5.00.

We have the largest stock of Black Silk, Spanish and Chantilly Lace Flouncings in the trade, imported direct from the makers. Our prices will be found much lower than any other store in the trade.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

### FEATHER TRIMMINGS!

We are now showing the cheapest Feather Trimmings ever offered in the trade, to be had in all colors.

Feather Trimming, in all colors, from 10c per yard up.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,

1181 and 1183 NOTRE DAME STREET, and 105, 107, 109 and 111 St. Peter st. Terms cash and only one price.

### FINEST CANADIAN

AND AMERICAN ROLLER PROCESS FLOUR, For Family use In barrels and half barrels.

### BRODIE & HARVEY,

10 and 12 Bleury street.

### CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS

#### FOR SALE AT

THE "WITNESS" OFFICE.

Denominations on hand, 2c, 5c, 10c and 15c, in packages of one hundred at

#### 5 Percent Discount.

Parties remitting odd amounts by mail should avail themselves of this offer.

### JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS

#### HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Parties returning from the country and requiring anything in house furnishing, will do well to give us a call.

We are prepared to show the largest and best assorted stock in this line to be found in the city.

#### BLEACHED TABLE NAPERY.

consisting of

#### Table Cloths,

#### Napkins,

#### Doylies,

#### Tray Cloths, etc.,

at prices to suit all.

#### A SPECIAL REDUCTION

in one quality of Napkins; two sizes.

1st size reduced from \$4.50 to \$3.45.

2nd size reduced from \$6.40 to \$4.85.

These are very fine goods, the only reason for the reduction being that we are sold out of Table Cloths the same patterns to match.

#### SHEETINGS, SHEETINGS.

The best makes in White and Gray Sheetings, Twilled and Plain; Finlay sheetings, in all makes, always in stock.

#### QUILTS, QUILTS.

Please inspect our stock of White Quilts before purchasing elsewhere. One visit will convince every one that we show the best variety and at the lowest prices.

#### FLANNEL DEPARTMENT.

Just to hand, a lot of new Fancy Shirting Flannels; also, new lines in Scarlet, White and Grey.

For all kinds of Home Furnishings and Dry Goods come to

### JAMES A. OGILVY & SONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRY GOODS, 303 and 305 St. Antoine street, 144, 146, 148 and 150 Mountain street,

Telephone No. 967.

### THIRTY-MONTH TIME

To pay for Stoves, Baby Cabs, Refrigerators, Parlor and Bedroom Sets and all other Furnishing Goods.

#### WM. COLES,

2312 ST. CATHERINE ST. and 338 ST. JAMES ST.

### CURTAINS, POLES, SHADES,

#### CHAINS.

THE NEW GOODS ARE VERY ATTRACTIVE. JAMES HAYLIS & SON, 1837 Notre Dame st.

### The Daily Witness.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, AUG. 23.

### Last Edition

#### SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAY.

Advertisers will please send in their advertisements as early as possible on Friday for Saturday's issue.

#### IN MEMORIAM.

A beautiful memorial window has been placed in the chancel of Christ Church, Rawdon, Que., bearing the following inscription:

"To the Glory of God  
And in loving memory of the  
Reverend Charles Rollit,  
Born January 19th, 1810. Died August 9th, 1885.  
Incumbent of Christ Church, Rawdon, from 1846 to 1862.

And by whose efforts that church was built."

The church, which is a very substantial one, of rough stone from the neighboring Laurentian hills, with buttresses and facings of dressed limestone, was built about thirty years ago, and may still be considered as one of the finest country churches in the diocese. The window is from the stained glass works of Messrs. J. C. Spence & Sons, of this city, and will add very much to the beauty of the church.

#### TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

##### CABLE.

##### AN AFGHAN RISING.

BOMBAY, Aug. 23.—The Indian Government has received news that the rising in northern Afghanistan is serious. Troops have left Herat for Maimana, the seat of the insurrection.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—A despatch from India says the Afghan rising has proved a fiasco. The troops have turned against Ishak Khan, declared in favor of the Amoor and deposed the Governor of Maimana who supported Ishak. The Amoor's authority has been firmly established in Turkestan.

##### DEATH OF AN EX M. P.

DUBLIN, August 22.—Mr. Daly, formerly member of the House of Commons for Cork, died to-day.

##### NO WHITE PASHA.

BERLIN, Aug. 23.—Cairo letters to the *Colonne Gazette* ridicule the stories about "a white pasha" in the Bahr-el-Gebel Province and say the reports are the inventions of Mecca pilgrims.

##### CABLE NOTES.

A boat loaded with reapers was capsized during a hurricane on Balaton Lake, Hungary, and 15 drowned.

The Berlin papers approve the attitude of Signer Crispi toward France. It is reported that Signer Crispi will not reply to M. Goblet's coming note.

The *National Zeitung* of Berlin says: The resurrection of Boulanger, combined with the critical state of the relations between France and Italy, recalls the gravity of the situation to Germans, who must not permit themselves to regard the future with tranquil assurance.

The Italian Government are preparing a review of thirty-five thousand troops combined with naval evolutions, near Civita-Vecchia, in honor of Emperor William's visit.

##### AMERICAN.

##### A FATAL CELEBRATION.

BRADFORD, Pa., Aug. 23.—During a celebration last night in honor of Governor Beaver and the North Western Pennsylvania G. A. R. Association, Edward Duffel, of the Manufacturers Gas Company, was compounded colored fire in a gas pipe, when it exploded and killed him instantly. Robert Herley, who was sitting on a piazza near him, and W. H. Curtis, who was on the other side of the street, were also killed. Half a dozen other persons were badly hurt.

##### TERRIBLE BOILER EXPLOSION.

SIXTEEN KILLED AND EIGHTEEN INJURED.

NEENAH, Wis., Aug. 23.—The boiler of the Whiting paper mill at this place exploded early this morning killing sixteen persons and injuring eighteen others.

##### CANADIAN.

##### TORONTO.

(Special to the Witness, Aug. 23.)

A YOUNG MAN named George Robinson attempted to board the Grand Trunk express about eleven o'clock last night while the train was in motion. His mangled leg will be amputated to-day.

THE BOARD OF TRADE will tender a reception and address to the Governor-General at the Board on his visit to this city.

ALDERMAN DODDS is agitating for a census of the city. He believes the population is fully a hundred and eighty thousand.

THE POLICE enjoyed their annual games at the baseball grounds yesterday.

MR. MCGAW, of the Queen's Hotel, says he employs constantly about thirty colored men, and that the Rev. C. O. Johnson would not have sought accommodation at his hotel had he not desired to obtain a little cheap notoriety.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT of the election of Mr. Waldie in Halton yesterday by a majority of twenty-seven was received by District Lodge of God Templars, then in session, with marked signs of satisfaction. Mr. J. S. Robertson was elected District Chief Templar.

THE HON. MR. LAUBIER has completed his northern tour which has been most successful and enjoyable throughout. Accompanied by Mrs. Laurier he reached Toronto last night and drove to Mr. Edgar's residence. This morning they proceeded to Guelph.

THE STRIKING CIGAR MAKERS are investigating the allegations against certain employers of sending moulds and boxes to Montreal for cigars.

THROUGH THE EFFORTS of two London detectives eleven Guelph hotelkeepers have been fined for violation of the Scott Act and nine from the riding outside.

SCOTT ACT REPEAL PETITIONS are circulating in the midland districts. Efforts are being made to have the voting occur in Peterborough, Northumberland, Durham, Leicestershire and other eastern counties on the same day.

THE "GLOBE" claims Mr. Waldie's election as an undoubted victory for unrestricted reciprocity.

MONTREAL, AUG. 23, 1888.

Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon to-day, 29.86; yesterday, 29.74. To-day—Temperature: Max., 66°; Min., 45°. Yesterday—Temperature: Max., 60°; Min., 36°.

### A GAMBLER SHOT

WHILE RESISTING ARREST AT BEDFORD.

(Special to the Witness.)

BEDFORD, Que., Aug. 23.—A man named Hakey was shot yesterday afternoon at the horse races held on the driving track, two miles north of Bedford, Missisquoi county. For a number of years Hakey has attended the races and fairs as a professional gambler, playing what is known as the "soap and three shell trick," and was thought to have made considerable money out of the questionable business. Yesterday afternoon he was attempting to ply his vocation on the driving track when he was arrested by a special constable named Chagnon, a young man of Bedford. It is said he attempted to escape from the officer, when the latter fired upon him with a revolver. The first shot passed over Hakey's head, but the second hit him in the back below the waist, inflicting what is thought to be a fatal wound, and the man is reported to be dying. Chagnon has been arrested. Both are young men, about 35 years of age, and have lived for a number of years in this neighborhood.

BEDFORD, Aug. 23, 1 p.m.—Hakey is still alive. Dr. Hingston and the local physicians made an examination this morning and decided not to probe for the ball. They consider the case critical. Chagnon is under arrest, and is very much depressed. He claims that the shooting was accidental, that while running with the revolver in his hand he stumbled, discharging the revolver, which was a thirty-two calibre. Hakey was hit on the back just above the left hip. The crowd on the track threatened Chagnon with violence, but he was removed at once to Bedford.

### THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

QUEBEC, August 22.

#### POLITICAL.

It is announced that Dr. W. Thompson, of Kinnear's Mills, has been regularly chosen as the Ministerial candidate for Megantic, and *L'Evenement* says it is rumored that the appointment of President of the Council will be almost immediately made, Mr. Mercier taking the office, and that Mr. Chas. Langford, M.P., will enter the Cabinet.

#### ANOTHER VICTIM.

The carter Dion, who was found asleep in his wagon, and died in a few minutes after being taken to the station house, fell a victim to cerebral congestion from the abuse of alcohol. Such, at least, was the finding of the Coroner's jury to-day, based on the medical evidence.

#### NOTES.

Judge Cross, of Quebec, is at Calgary. Sensitive residents and summer tourists are beginning to migrate homeward.

Lieut. Governor Angers goes to Sherbrooke on the 4th proximo, to open the Exhibition there.

According to the returns of the city assessors, the total taxation of Quebec this year should bring in a revenue of about \$408,000, which is a slight increase over last year.

The local government are evidently determined to put down the illegal fishing practice at Lake St. John with a strong hand. Another large capture of nets has just been made there by their officer, Mr. E. O'Sullivan.

Mr. Woodward, manager of the Quebec Central Railway, claims that the passenger traffic of that road has increased to the extent of 30 per cent. over last year.

Gold mining operations are being prosecuted very vigorously this season. A rich vein was lately struck on the River Dumoulin.

On dit that

NEWS.

TRANSATLANTIC.

Judge Reitz has been nominated for president of the Orange Free State to succeed Sir John Brand, deceased.

General Sir Henry Ponsonby, the Queen's private secretary, has refused to present to Her Majesty a petition signed by the Irishmen of Glasgow, praying for the release from prison of John Dillon.

A club of society women in London is going to start a large poultry farm near London. Bee culture is also included in the scheme.

Canon Sullivan, presiding at the Protestant Synod at Tuam, made a remarkable statement to the effect that the position of the Irish Protestant Church to-day is more satisfactory than it was before the disestablishment.

Herr Richter, speaking at a Progressive reunion, charged the Government papers with making open and covert attacks upon the Emperor, and with aiming, by constant annoyance, to drive that noble woman from the midst of the German people, who had idolized her husband.

It is rumored in Berlin that Gen. von Caprivi's retirement from the Admiralty was due to his opinion that the day of great ironclads is past, and that dependence must be placed on torpedo boats for the defence of ports.

LORD LANSDOWNE IN IRELAND. Mr. Edmund Yates says in the London World: "Lord and Lady Lansdowne have been paying a visit to Deerin, their place in Kerry. I am pleased to hear that Lord Lansdowne's tenants have given him a most cordial reception."

AMERICAN. John H. Martineau, a Kansas City draughtsman, has confessed to killing his employer, Albert H. Kamsden, by hitting him on the head with a brick.

"BOOMING" CANADA. WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—In the Senate today Mr. Sherman, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported a considerable mass of information, accumulated by that Committee in relation to Canada, in execution of instructions of the 26th of March last and asked that as the same had not since been referred to a select committee the Committee on Foreign Relations discharged from its further consideration. It was so ordered.

A RAILWAY WRECK. SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, August 22.—At 6.10 this morning, on the Columbus, Springfield & Cincinnati Railway, at Seven Mile Bridge, east of the city, a mixed train consisting of eight freight and two day passenger cars and two sleepers struck a broken rail and the engine and every car were derailed. The sleepers, both carrying passengers, were the last to leave the track and both rolled down the embankment. They now lie at the foot of the embankment upside down. Four sleeper passengers were injured, but their names have not been obtained.

THE GOLDEN GATE COLLISION. STORY OF THE CATASTROPHE. SAN FRANCISCO, August 22.—One of the most terrible marine disasters that has occurred upon the Pacific coast was that which happened about ten o'clock to-day in the bay of San Francisco, at a short distance from the Golden Gate. The "City of Chester" left her dock at 9.30, and started on her regular trip to Europe on the northern coast of California. An unusually large number of passengers stood on her decks and waved adieu to friends. The "City of Chester" steamed slowly down the bay, and when within two miles of the heads encountered a thick fog. Captain Wallace began to blow his whistle to warn all vessels of his approach. The "City of Chester" proceeded northwards on her course till off Fort Point, when the hoarse sound of another whistle floated across the water. Captain Wallace answered the signal. This warning was evidently misunderstood, for in a moment those forward saw the huge prow of the Occidental and Oriental steamer "Oceanic" emerge from the fog. She had just arrived from Hong Kong and was proceeding up the Bay to her docks. She was so close to the "City of Chester" that there was no possibility of the latter to escape. The cabin passengers were nearly all on deck, and the captain seeing the danger called on them to prepare for the shock. A panic ensued, particularly among the women and children, of whom there was a large number. The "Oceanic" struck the "City of Chester" on the port side at the gangway, and the shock was terrific. Her prow cut into the "City of Chester's" upper works and then crashed down to the bulwarks, tearing the great timbers and breaking into the state rooms and cabin. The wildest confusion prevailed. The bow of the "Oceanic" crashed into the middle section of the "City of Chester" cutting her almost in half. While the vessels were locked several of the "City of Chester's" passengers were passed up over the "Oceanic's" bow. As soon as the larger steamer could clear herself she swung around and began to lower boats. The officers and crew of the "City of Chester" seemed to lose their senses, and several passengers stated afterwards that some of the crew clambered aboard the "Oceanic," leaving the passengers to cut away the boats. One of these was lowered as soon as possible, and several passengers taken off. Others provided themselves with life preservers and jumped overboard. The greater portion were compelled to remain on the steamer, which began to settle soon after the collision. Torrents of water rushed into her hold, and in five minutes after the collision the "City of Chester" had disappeared. She sank in fifty fathoms of water. Those of the passengers and crew who came to the surface were picked up, but the greater number went down in the rushing water and never appeared again. As soon as it was known that the collision had occurred tugs and other boats went to the scene and rendered what service they could in picking up the living and dead floating among the wreckage. The greatest loss of life is believed to have been among the steerage passengers, of whom there were 23 on board, and only two of these were accounted for. The others are regarded as lost. The cabin passengers numbered seventy, and of these ten are lost. None of the survivors were landed until after one o'clock, and at a late hour this afternoon there was still much doubt as to the number lost. The "City of Chester" was an iron steamer, valued at \$150,000.

PILGRIMS TO ST. ANNE. LACONIA, N.H., August 22.—About seventy persons left here last night for the shrine of St. Anne de Beauce, Canada, to be cured of different diseases, upon recommendation of a young lady here who was formerly a cripple, and who returned home a few months ago entirely cured.

CANADIAN.

FIRE.

DONALD, B.C., Aug. 22.—Fire broke out at 2 p.m. at Illecillewaet station. The losses are as follows:—G. O. Buchanan, store and private house, \$2,000; S. Ferland, store, \$3,500; J. Richardson, hotel and house, \$1,500; Mrs. Warren, private house, \$500; J. Grant, house, \$200, and a Chinese laundry. No insurance. The fire is supposed to have ignited from a spark from a saw mill engine.

A BICYCLING BURGLAR.

TORONTO, Aug. 22.—A few days ago a bicycle was stolen from the residence of Mr. A. Taylor, Grosvenor street, and to-day he saw a young man riding it along Wellington street. Detective Burrows captured the rider while he was trying to dispose of the machine. He gave his name as Robert Davis. He was wearing a pair of boots too large for him, and these, it was found, had been stolen from the residence of Mr. W. Lee, Jarvis street, which was burglarized during the absence of the family. Searching the prisoner's room, the detectives found nearly all the articles stolen from Mr. Lee's house. The detectives believe that it was Davis who burglarized two houses on Huntly street the other day.

INCENDIARISM.

This evening an attempt was made to set fire to the City Hall. Flames were discovered in the small rooms occupied by the assessment commissioner and quickly suppressed. This is the second attempt this month. The police and detectives are on the hunt for the incendiaries. It is supposed the object is to destroy some of the valuable papers in the hall which are not under fireproof cover.

A CHURCH TOWER FALLS.

WASHINGTON, August 22.—This morning the tall and beautiful tower of the new Church of the Covenant, Rev. Dr. Hamlin pastor, fell with a tremendous crash, taking with it the entire front of the edifice. The loss is estimated at from \$15,000 to \$20,000. It has not yet been ascertained what the fault in construction was nor where the accountability rests.

THE PRAIRIE PROVINCE.

THE CROPS.

WINNIPEG, August 22.—An inspector of loan companies, who has been throughout the country, reports that the wheat crop will be one-third larger than last year's. Grain men say that little or no damage has been done to the crop, and that harvesting will be pretty general throughout the Province on Monday. The weather continues very warm. It is expected wheat will open at 75 cents.

NOTES.

A Commercial Union Club is to be organized here to disseminate information regarding the matter through Manitoba. Mr. Collingwood Schreiber, who denies that he has been offered a position on the Canadian Pacific Railway, passed out to-night. The Government are considering a proposition to start a deaf mute school here. There are eighty deaf and dumb persons in the province.

It is stated the Hon. Mr. Dewdney may be opposed by Mr. Henderson, formerly clerk of public works in the North West. The Red River Valley Railway is within nine miles of Winnipeg. Liquor will be abolished from the Parliament buildings next session. The Hudson's Bay Railway scheme is hotly opposed by the Sen, which is popularly supposed to represent the views of a section of the Government.

Oil has been struck at Holland. MANITOBA RAILWAY QUESTIONS. THE CONTRACT WITH THE NORTHERN PACIFIC. WINNIPEG, Aug. 22.—There is no doubt now that the contract with the Northern Pacific Railway will be ratified. The Government are assured of a good majority, believing that only three or four of their supporters will oppose it. A Deputation of Reformers, with a sprinkling of Conservatives of the Ashdown stripe, waited on the Government this afternoon and expressed their confidence in the policy of the Government, and, repudiating the action of the Free Press, urged the Government to accept this agreement if no better arrangement could be made. Mr. Greenway, while not discussing the contract, reviewed the whole situation and said the policy on which the Government had been elected would be carried out. Attorney-General Martin gave expression to the idea that any offer of the Manitoba road could not be entertained owing to its past conduct towards the Province. Mr. Smart said he hoped the contract would be ratified by the Legislature. According to interviews with the Northern Pacific officials now here, they showed a little indifference as to the result and expressed surprise that there should be any kicking after the Province had besought them to come in and help in ridding itself of the monopoly. If Manitobans objected to the agreement they were willing to leave it immediately. The Free Press, however, holds that the Liberal cry of free trade in railways should be maintained.

OBITU.

St. JOHN, N.B., August 22.—Senator Ferguson died at five o'clock last evening at his residence in Bathurst. He had been in poor health for a long time. Lieut. Col. John Ferguson was born in Ayrshire, Scotland, in 1813 and settled in Bathurst, N.B. in 1836. He sat in the Legislative Council of New Brunswick from September, 1864, until the Union, and was called to the Senate in 1867. He was a Conservative.

NO BONUS.

FARNHAM, Que., Aug. 22.—The by-law granting a bonus of \$20,000 to the C. P. R. to make this a divisional point and increase their workshops was defeated yesterday. The election was one of the hottest ever held here. Under the charter it requires two-thirds of the property valuation to carry a by-law, and notwithstanding that 65 percent was voted for it the 35 percent won the day.

A TERRIFIC CYCLONE.

DEATH AND DESTRUCTION.

WILMINGTON, Del., August 22.—A terrific cyclone or water spout, or combination of both, wrought terrible havoc in this vicinity about 5.45 last evening. At least \$50,000 worth of property must have been destroyed in this vicinity. Five persons are known to have been killed and seven seriously hurt, while a number were more or less wounded. The killed are:—Theodore Bruce, a blacksmith; William Walker, an employe at Nebler Bros' iron works; John Collins, Samuel Pettit and Charles Johnson; the last three were drowned while sailing up the river to Wilmington. The most seriously injured are William Turner, Mrs. D. Gentz, Charles Cathcart's three-year old child, James McNeill and two children named Foster. The storm came from the south-west, and its path was not over two hundred yards wide. After striking Bruce's Place it hit the dwelling of General J. N. Wilson, the former president of the New York and New England Railway. His beautiful house was completely hidden, a cluster of trees, which were mowed down like grass, and the buildings badly damaged. Chas. Cathcart picked up his child and ran out of the house when the storm came. He was struck by a flying timber and fell upon his child, fracturing his skull. Mr. Cathcart himself was not much hurt.

THE PERILS OF BALLOONING.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The ironclad "Warrior," while steaming up the Channel yesterday, fell in with a wrecked balloon lying in the water. A boat sent to the balloon found the aeronaut and three companions clinging to the ropes. They were taken off and brought on board the man-of-war. They said they ascended from Antwerp on Monday, and on attaining a great altitude found they were being blown out to sea. They endeavored by descending to find a landward current, but they were disappointed. They again ascended, hoping to reach the English shore, but the gas began to escape, and, having exhausted their ballast, they slowly descended to the sea. They were dragged along through the water, half drowned, and were nearly exhausted when picked up by the ship's boat.

CANADA IN ENGLAND.

(Gazette.)

THE ANTI-COPI COMPANY.

LONDON, August 22.—The petition for the winding up of the Anti-Copy Company has been withdrawn, the claim having been settled.

CANADIAN CATTLE.

The operations of the Canadian Cattle Company in importing Canadian stores has aroused much feeling in the Aberdeen district. Col. Innes, chairman of the Company, has resigned his seat on the local board, and has written an open letter declaring that it is perfectly consistent with local patriotism to be associated with importing Canadian healthy and safe stock, which are as much in the best interests of the country as the restriction of Irish and other cattle. Farmers and influential residents express much regret at the bitter attacks upon the Company. Col. Innes will be asked to reconsider his decision to resign. Canadian stock cattle previously imported are highly spoken of by the farmers.

MARKET GARDENING.

(To the Editor of the Witness.)

SIR,—As our railways are extending up country it has occurred to me that a new departure may well be taken by some to their advantage, who are only a few miles from a station.

If market gardeners in old lands can make \$1,000 on an acre, and some have made this on half an acre, might we not go in for high culture and make more money than by toiling over many acres and reaping a scanty crop? If carrots and beets can sell on the street in Toronto in the middle of July at 35 cents a bushel and radishes at 35 cents, surely there is a chance for some to do better. We may travel over many townships and scarcely see a frame for starting plants. We would think that glass was at famine prices. Besides, glass is not even necessary; cheap factory cotton dressed with paint of will do, and there is a cheaper waterproof process even than this.

Where is our ingenuity? Are we to wait till we have gathered small potatoes on August 1st before we can put on our own tables nutritious gatherings from the kitchen garden? Men leave this department to the women; this is not fair. High culture in the garden will bring more comfort, more profit, more ease, more delightful ambition, than many think. Your able agricultural editor can surely help us in this regard.

MILK.

FURIOUS WITH THE CZAR.

I hear that Queen Natalie, of Serbia, is more furious with the Czar than with anybody else in Europe. She requested his interference at Berlin to prevent her expulsion from Germany, but he refused to help her. She went from Wiesbaden to Vienna, intending to proceed to St. Petersburg, but Prince Lobanoff was instructed to inform her that she could not be permitted to enter Russia at present, so she went off to Paris in high dudgeon, and has now taken refuge at Scheveningen, intending to go from there to Florence in October. The real truth is that Queen Natalie has been a useful instrument to Russia in the past, but now that her party is played the Czar, following the usual custom of sovereigns and statesmen under such circumstances, has thrown her over, for he does not intend that King Milan's unpopularity shall be turned to the advantage of the Queen, who will find before long that she has been playing the game of the Prince of Montenegro, who will almost certainly be the next King of Serbia. We may now hear any day of the fall of King Milan.—London Truth.

QUEER DEFINITION OF CHARITY.

The *Defensa Catolica*, a Roman Catholic organ in Mexico, says:—"True charity consists in opposing one's neighbor, in injuring him in his material interests, in insulting him and in taking his life, always supposing it is done for love of God. In the Lord's service, and for love of Him, we must, if need be, grind them and kill them. Such actions are virtuous, and can be performed in the name of Catholic charity."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Summer Medicine

Summer's heat debilitates both nerves and body, and Headache, Sleeplessness, Nervous Prostration, and an "all-played-out" sensation prove that PAINKE'S CEREAL COMPOUND should be used now. This medicine restores health to Nerves, Kidneys, Liver, and Bowels, and imparts life and energy to the heat prostrated system. Vacations or no vacations, PAINKE'S CEREAL COMPOUND is the medicine for this season. It is a scientific combination of the best tonics, and those who use it begin the hot summer days with clear heads, strong nerves, and general good health. PAINKE'S CEREAL COMPOUND is sold by all druggists, \$1 a bottle. Six for \$5.

Hot Weather Invigorator

Summer Resorts.

USABLE CHASM, N.Y. GRANDDEST SCENERY IN AMERICA! On D & H. Railway—Low fares; delightful excursion return same day. LAKE VIEW HOUSE, first-class, reasonable rates. Climate unsurpassed. Every attraction for permanent summer guests. Send for circulars. W. H. TRACY, Usable Chasm P.O., N.Y.

AVENUE HOUSE, PEAK'S ISLAND, PORTLAND HARBOR. This popular seaside hotel will be open for Summer Visitors after July 1st. Special rates to families. Correspondence solicited. M. C. STERLING, Proprietor. J. N. DUNHAM, Clerk.

BENAKIS HOUSE, Abenakis Springs, St. Francois du Lac, Que. Opened for the reception of guests, June 1. Hot and cold mineral water baths. Certain cure for Rheumatism, Indigestion, Kidney and Liver Complaints. Steamer "Three Rivers" from Montreal on Tuesdays and Fridays, at 1 p.m. Return ticket, \$1.50. Also, via M. & N. leaving Bonaventure Depot at 9 a.m. Return tickets to Armstrong station for \$1, thence C.P.R. to Yamaska. Return tickets, 50c. Address KIMPTON & LEITH.

BOARDERS can be accommodated at the CASCO HOUSE, for September. Terms very reasonable. Address, MRS. J. F. HILL, Cousen's Island, Maine. LAKE MEMPHRAGOG—SEA-PORT, VERMONT. Moderate and special weekly rates for limited number of Montreal families will be made on written application, with particulars, to the proprietor. Mileage or season tickets will be sold to guests of the Hotel, for trips or excursions on the splendid steamer plying daily on this magnificent sheet of water. For further information address W. H. WITT, Proprietor.

RAVINE HOUSE, Randolph, N.H. A. N. WATSON. Your special attention invited. Great reduction for boat and team. Weekly terms, \$5 for Sept. and Oct. House fronts Mount Madison and Adams, giving fine views of these noble peaks. Grand autumnal scenery. Large dining room and parlor just completed. Open fire places. Baths, hot and cold. Mail twice daily. "THE GROVE," Beaconsfield. Fronting on Lake St. Louis, 15 miles from Montreal. Good fishing, boating and bathing from the grounds; first-class accommodation for Picnic and Garden Parties; Tennis Lawn, and Dining Room seating one hundred people. Transient Boarders \$1.25 per day. City address, TEMPERANCE DINING ROOM, 233 St. James street, or as above.

STOWE, VT. MOUNT MANSFIELD HOTEL. The largest hotel in the famous Green Mountains. Accommodations for four hundred guests; beautiful walks and drives; rooms large and elegantly furnished. This delightful resort is a haven of refuge to hay-fever patients, the air being of the purest. Fine livery, bowling alleys, rifle range, bicycle track, lawn-tennis grounds, etc. Telephone office in hotel. SUMMIT HOUSE, on the top of Mt. Mansfield, 4565 feet above the level of the sea. The ascent made from Stowe offers the finest scenic panorama in New England. Careful and experienced guides and drivers always in attendance. The above renowned houses have lately come under entire new management, and the present season will be made especially attractive. Good hunting and fishing in the vicinity, and orchestral music for concert and dancing. Open from New Year till October. For particulars address 812 AS GUY, N.E., Gen'l. Manager, Tremont House, up to June 1st; after June 1st Stowe Vt.

Miscellaneous. G. & J. E. GRIMSON, GLASS ETCHERS AND GLASS BENDERS, 39 UNIVERSITY STREET. Ornamental Embossed Stained Glass for door and window lights, etc. DESIGNS ON APPLICATION. PROMPTNESS and neatness are guaranteed to all persons leaving their orders for printing at the "Witness" Job Printing House.

PROHIBITION! Scatter the Dominion "knee deep," with Temperance Literature from the Temperance Literature Depot. Mrs. GALE, 247 Guy street, Montreal. Still a few "Prohibition Bells" at 25c and 50c.

WRAPPING PAPERS. Old newspapers, covers for wrapping purposes sold at unusually low prices for large lots. Address or apply at "Witness" Office.

CLOSED FOR REPAIRS! The Regular Annual Repairs and Renovation of the TURKISH BATH are now under way. It is fully expected the Bath will be open to the public not later than Saturday, the first September, and possibly a day or two before. Due notice, however, will be given. D. B. A. MACBEAN, M.D.

Apothecaries. With Corns and Bunions when you can secure immediate and permanent relief, at small expense, by using MERRILL'S CORN AND BUNION PLASTER, which are sold and recommended by every live Druggist throughout the United States and Canada.

WHY DO YOU SUFFER EVERY DAY? In fevers and other summer diseases it is advisable to purify the sick room daily, and for this purpose nothing excels HYDRONAPHTHOL PASTILLES. These pastilles when burned in the sick room cause no perceptible increase in its temperature, but they impart a fragrance that is agreeable, stimulating, and refreshing to the sick, and neutralizing and eliminating all disagreeable odors and bodily excretions, and rendering the air pure and wholesome. Don't forget BENSUN'S PLASTER for sores and pains.

Educational. RECTORY SCHOOL, FREELIGHTBURG, Que. Re-opens September, 4th, 1888. Church School for boys; home influences; picturesque and healthful surroundings; extensive grounds. Military drill; preparation for College or business. Address CANON DAVIDSON.

THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL, 208 ST. CATHERINE STREET, corner of Green street, will be re-opened on the 3rd of SEPTEMBER. Pupils admitted at all stages and prepared for university or business. Attendance given at the school daily from 9 to 11 a.m., and from 4 to 5.30 p.m. Prospectus on application to W. W. MOWAT, Esq., and Glasgow University; or JOHN ROBERTSON, G.M., and Edinburgh and St. Andrew's University.

THE MISSES FORNERET'S SCHOOL, at 373 Dorchester street, will re-open on MONDAY, the 2nd of September. For circulars apply at the School. The Misses FORNERET will be at home after the 25th of August.

Educational.

MRS. LAY'S FAMILY AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, 2716 and 2718 St. Catherine street. Re-opens THURSDAY, Sept. 13th. Thorough English and Classical Course, or preparation for Latin and French (by the natural method) taught throughout the school without extra charge. Resident French governess. Accomplished Professors for Vocal and Instrumental Music and Art. Resident Pupils have the comforts of home, with the advantage of regular study hours and careful personal supervision. The Primary Department, which furnishes the best preparation for the more advanced classes, is especially commended to the attention of families residing in the WEST END. Ladies not connected with the McGill Union join the French or any of the Advanced Classes at a reasonable charge. Application personally or by letter to Mrs. LAY.

MRS. MILLAR'S and MISS PITT'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, 261 Peel street. Re-opens for its 9th year THURSDAY, 12th September. Professors and competent teachers in every department. French, Needlework, Freshland Drawing and Calligraphy taught in all classes. Music taught by the McGill Union. Young ladies may either graduate in the school or be prepared for matriculation in McGill University. Will continue to be at home daily from 10 to 11 a.m. to receive visitors on school business. 308 SHELBROOKE ST.

THE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, conducted by Miss SYMMER and Miss SMITH, will re-open on THURSDAY, the 23rd September. In addition to the ordinary school classes, special instruction will be provided for young ladies who desire to qualify themselves for the Matriculation Examinations for Matriculation, or for the Certificate of Associate in Arts. After Wednesday, the 5th September, Miss Symmer and Miss Smith will be at home daily from 10 to 11 a.m. to receive visitors on school business. 308 SHELBROOKE ST.

MRS. FLETCHER'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, 142 ELOCH STREET West, Toronto, Canada. Thorough training by experienced teachers in English, Mathematics, Book-keeping, Science, Modern Languages, Classics (if desired), Music and Art, French and German, practically taught. Full terms begin September 10th, 1888. For circular and all information address Mrs. FLETCHER.

THE SPECIAL CLASSES FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, to be held by Miss BARNUM, at the Gymnasium, 19 University street, on TUESDAY, September 25th, and remainder of the week, from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., to give further particulars respecting the classes. Miss Barnum will be at the Gymnasium, on TUESDAY, September 25th, and remainder of the week, from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., to give further particulars respecting the classes.

MONTREAL Commercial School, 8 Phillips square, inner door. A new term of Day School will begin on 3rd September. The course includes grammar, reading, writing, spelling, geography, French, letter writing, book-keeping, and all the branches of book-keeping. Young men who prefer to choose their own specialties, and are taught independently. A special session for Ladies at 3.30. Evening School at 8. Attendance for visitors after 20th August. WM. J. N. TURNER, L. E. C. P.

MACKAY INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB AND THE BLIND. This Educational Institution will be re-opened on WEDNESDAY, the 12th of SEPTEMBER, 1888. Articulation a Specialty. The following trades taught by competent instructors: CARPENTRY, CABINETMAKING, PRINTING AND DRESSMAKING. For further particulars apply to HARRIET E. MCGANN, Superintendent, Notre Dame de Grace, P. O., or to GEO. DURNFORD, Secretary-Treasurer, 133 St. James street, Montreal.

ST. FRANCIS COLLEGE, RICHMOND, QUE. Re-opens September 3rd, 1888. FACULTY OF ARTS.—Five young men passed the intermediate examinations of McGill University last April. ST. FRANCIS COLLEGE SCHOOL, Re-opens September 3rd, 1888. TEACHERS' COURSES.—Three young men passed the examination for Academy Diplomas. UNIVERSITY SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.—Six passed in June. None failed. MATRICULATION WORK.—Six matriculated in Arts and one in Applied Science last year. COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT.—A full and complete business course is provided; and, to successful students, Diplomas containing signatures of the President and the Principal of the College are awarded. No examination required at entrance, and the courses are optional. BOARD AND TUITION.—Boarding Department in College building under the supervision of the Principal. Boys will be carefully and kindly watched and guided. Total per annum only \$100. Young ladies are admitted as day students. For further information address A. W. BANISTER, M.A., Principal.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL. Boys are prepared for Professional life. No pupils are spared to ensure thoroughness and progress. The new buildings (now being erected) will provide all the requisites of a school of the highest rank. The sanitary arrangements are good and have received the approval of competent medical authorities. Examinations, Class Rooms and Play Rooms are designed to secure the comfort and happiness of the pupils. School will be open on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 13th. Apply to the Head Master. Rev. ARTHUR FRENCH, B.A., Oxford, 275 ST. URBAIN STREET, MONTREAL.

THE CLASSES IN MISS LAWLER'S SCHOOL, 110 MANSFIELD ST. will be re-opened on THURSDAY, September 13th. Young Ladies prepared to enter McGill College. After September 1st Miss Lawler will be at home to receive visitors on school business. Previous to her return, educational circulars may be obtained at 105 Mansfield street.

GORDON CHRISTIE, Ex-Professor of the University of Paris, and Professor of Languages at the Jesuits College, Montreal, is prepared to give lessons in French, English and Mathematics, either at his residence or at the houses of his pupils. For terms, &c., address 106 Stanley street. If personally, from 2 to 12 a.m. and 2 to 5 p.m.

ELILOCK SCHOOL, 1113 DORCHESTER STREET (Incorporated under the Joint Stock Companies Act). Rector: Rev. J. WILLIAMSON, of Glasgow and Edinburgh Universities. Directors: President:—J. HICKSON, Esq. Vice-President:—R. B. ANGLU, Esq. Secretary-Treasurer:—Rev. J. WILLIAMSON, Esq. W. V. L'HERGUE, Esq., W. W. OHLIVIE, Esq., R. MACKAY, Esq., G. W. STEPHENS, Esq. The Rector is assisted by a staff of masters, for Mathematics, English, Modern Languages, Science, Latin, &c. Boys are prepared for the Royal Military College, Kingston, the Boston School of Technology, and the second year of Arts in McGill, Queen's and other Universities, as well as for business or professional life. The Rector receives eight resident pupils. The next Session begins on THURSDAY, Sept. 6th, at 10 o'clock. Prospectus on application.

BERTHIER-EN-HAUT, P. Q. The French and English Seminary for Young Ladies re-opens Sept. 15th, 1888 (number of pupils limited). Terms \$20 a year for Board and tuition. Address MADAME CLEMENT or Mlle. AMARON, Principals.

AVELINE;

MARRYING AND GIVING IN MARRIAGE.

BY MRS. MOLESWORTH, Author of "Us," "Mrs. Bouverie," etc.

"No," shuddered Aveline, "I can't marry him. What a fool he is! Why did he not keep on the mask, if it was a mask, a little longer? That is what is torturing me—the not knowing what to do. If it is the case, as his mother said, that last night was accidental? For it is true that Sir Francis is very hard upon him. And, whatever his faults and failings are, he has been straightforward and disinterested to me. Can he have heard any gossip about Mr. Hereward? If so, I don't wonder that he was angry at thinking I was writing to him."

And as the days went on this new idea gathered fresh force. It was strengthened, almost unconsciously to Aveline, by little allusions on her mother's part to hints contained in Lady Ayrton's letters of Wilfred's distress of mind.

"Poor fellow," Lady Christina would murmur; "he has no tact, no savoir faire, as his mother says. He is too bunglingly honest, and gets blamed where a clever man—a man more alive to his own interests, a man of the world in short—would get off scot-free."

"I can't see—" began Aveline, and then she hesitated.

"What, my love?" said her mother, encouragingly.

"A man need not be a selfish man of the world to be gentle and courteous, and to know when he has had as much wine as is good for him," said Aveline, her cheeks flaming.

"Ah," said Lady Christina, slowly, shaking her head, "you are so inexperienced, Aveline. What do you know of those charming, to all appearance chivalrous men, behind the scenes? They will steal a girl's heart with their gentle, courteous ways, and then make fun of her. Ah, no, all is not gold that glitters."

And, though Aveline would have died rather than let her mother know it, the shaft went home.

Mademoiselle de Villers's marriage was to be in ten days. The usual evening party for the signing of the contract took place the day before the return of the Ayrtons from Compiegne, and for this Aveline was grateful, Lady Ayrton and her son would certainly have been invited, and, since her last conversation with Modeste, above all with the consciousness of her own increased misgivings, she shrank with the greatest reluctance from appearing with her fiancé before her quick-eyed and quick-witted friends. She exerted herself to seem particularly bright and lively, so that Lady Christina herself was deceived, and laid her head on her pillow the night of the soirée de fiançailles with the happy conviction that Aveline had come back to her senses.

"The going to Compiegne was an excellent move on Sophia's part," she said to herself; "and this marriage coming on will make Aveline realize what it would be to give up all thoughts of her own."

The next day brought Lady Ayrton. With great tact she asked at once for Miss Verney; Lady Christina, by a happy coincidence, was on the point of going out, and begged Aveline to excuse her to her friend. Aveline hesitated.

"I don't want to see her alone, mamma," she began; but she was quickly interrupted.

"My dear, it is exactly what I wish. I will not interfere in any way, or attempt to influence you. You must judge for yourself, Aveline. It is a thing in which no one can decide for you."

And with these words the girl felt that her fate was again taken out of her hands.

"I can't decide for myself when it is to make other people unhappy—and mamma knows it," thought Aveline, as she opened the drawing-room door.

And had she been far more resolute than was possible for her to be, her decision would have been shaken by the sight of Lady Ayrton's appealing face. She looked white and careworn. Truth to tell, the sojourn at Compiegne had not been a time of peace and sunshine for the poor woman. She had longed for, and yet dreaded the return to Paris, when she must learn the result of Aveline's "thinking things over." She felt, as regarded her son, like a gambler who had staked his all on a last throw.

She was not of a nature to act with much diplomacy, had diplomacy been required. But such was not the case, and no tact or skill could have stood her in such good stead as did the display of her real and intense anxiety. As Aveline entered the room Lady Ayrton rose from her seat and came towards her, both hands extended.

"My dear," she began, "I asked to see you alone. I am so anxious—I have been so unhappy. And Wilfred, too—the words came less easily here—" Wilfred has been so unhappy and so remorseful, and with this Lady Ayrton put her hands on the girl's shoulders and burst into tears.

What could Aveline do, what could any girl in her place and of her nature have done, but soothe the poor woman with words which bore more significance than the speaker fully realized? It is always painful to see the tears of old or even elderly people; to Aveline, unaccustomed to much expression of emotion, it was peculiarly so. And, before she well knew what she was about, there was Lady Ayrton rapturously kissing and thanking her, assuring her that the lesson should be one by which her son should profit as long as he lived; that never should her sweet girl, her daughter-to-be, repent her generosity, her goodness!

"And he may come to see you again, may he?" concluded Wilfred's mother; "or will you come to us, as you used? Would you spend to-morrow with us? Sir Francis is longing to see you," to which proposal Aveline agreed. A reconciliation scene in her mother's presence, and with her mother's remarks and felicitations, would, she felt, have been more than she could stand.

She was not nervous at the idea of meeting Mr. Ayrton now; the worst was over, the die was cast, and there was nothing to do but to walk on, not blindfold, but refusing to see.

And the next day passed much as she had expected. Wilfred was sheepishly subdued, making clumsy efforts to show his regret and gratitude, which, out of a sort of almost grotesque pity, she received graciously enough for him to have recovered before the end of the afternoon his usual bearing of clownishly good-humored satisfaction.

"And this," thought Aveline to herself, with an instinct stronger than the inexperienced one to her mother laid so much weight, "this is to be my life."

Sir Francis was as charming to her as he had always been. But she thought him looking very ill—much worse than when she had last seen him; and more than once she caught his eyes fixed upon her with an expression half-melancholy, half-scrutinizing, which puzzled and yet touched her. It was like, and yet not like, the glances which, from time to time, her father darted at her from under his eyebrow.

"Is he sorry for me, or does he look down upon me?" she asked herself. And, indeed, at this juncture the question was one which Sir Francis Ayrton could not himself have answered.

(To be Continued.)

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

OUT-OF-DOORS ARITHMETIC

Add bright buds, and sun, and flowers, New green leaves and fiftal showers To a bare world, and the sum Of the whole to "Spring" will come.

Multiply these leaves by more, And the flowers by a score; The result—if found aright—Will be "Summer," long and bright.

Then divide the flowers and sun By gray clouds and storms begun, And the quotient found will be "Autumn," over land and sea.

From this then subtract the red Of the leaves up overhead— Also every flower in sight, And you've "Winter," cold and white.

THREE WAYS.

On a stormy evening last December, the most fashionable square in one of our great cities was crowded with carriages. Mrs. Blank, a leader of society, was holding her weekly reception. Her stately dwelling was thrown open and blazing with light, masses of costly flowers lined the corridors, the orchestra was the best that could be procured in the city, the banquet, as usual, was magnificent.

Mrs. Blank had returned from Europe in the autumn, for a brief visit of a few months; she was going back in the spring. She knew scarcely any of her guests, even by sight, and as they came up in an endless procession, bowed and passed on, she felt as if she were playing a part in some wearisome pantomime. What did these people care for her or she for them?

A few blocks from the one in which her house stood, was a quiet, modest dwelling, whose windows also threw a welcoming gleam out into the night. Inside, by a blazing fire, sat a matronly woman and a gray-haired man with a cheerful benignant face. It was the old minister and his wife.

There were guests always coming and going, who sat for an hour beside the pleasant fire, partook of some simple fare, told their tidings or their thoughts and plans to their old friends, received some kindly word of cheer and counsel, and passed on their way strengthened and helped.

Down in a dark alley in the same city, a nameless woman had opened a room that winter, as a refuge for the homeless. It was hot, clean, warm, well-lighted. There was hot soup, strong and nourishing coffee, and thick, generous slices of bread and butter. There came to it every night a crowd of poor, friendless creatures, who had tasted no food that day. No other claim to its comfort was necessary than want.

None of those who were fed and warmed by her bounty knew her name; she never was gratified by the sight of their pleased, happier faces. She was an invalid confined to one room for years, and the money spent for them was earned by her own labor.

These are the three most common forms of hospitality. Which is the best?—*Youth's Companion.*

A YEAR OF BLESSINGS,

AND A BLESSED YEAR.

(Compiled by Rose Porter.)

Thursday, August 23.

"Bless the Lord who crowneth thee with loving-kindness and tender mercies."—Ps. ciii. 4.

"What we receive with God's blessing, we enjoy with a double relish."—He shall bless thy bread, and thy water."

"God sends to His dear children day-strength with day-bread!"

"Since the past with His blessing Has joyfully sped, Thy heart should be quiet In happy content, And in His good service Thy life be spent."

ONCE ADMIT as a working principle that other vocations are intrinsically as sacred as those of missionary service, and Christian living becomes as broad in its range as it is lofty in its aim. Real life illustrates this in grand examples. The elder Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, in his early manhood, desired to choose the ministry instead of the law as his profession. But probably he served God more usefully in the United States Senate, where he was for many years, than the conscience of the whole body—than if he had given his life to a mission to the Zulus. General Havelock believed that he was living for Christ in leading his cavalry to the victories of English civilization in India more efficiently than if he had spent his days in a curacy in the heathendom of London. Who shall say that he was not? The order of his superior in an emergency was, "Turn out Havelock's regiment for that service; they are never drunk, and they never run." That told a grand story of Havelock's moral consecration of his work in India.—*Professor Phelps.*

CHILDREN CRY FOR PITCHER'S CASTORIA.

WOOD ENGRAVING, ELECTROTYPING AND STEREOTYPING.

DONE TO PERFECTION! At the "Witness" Office.

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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WONDERFUL CHEAP MAN,

336,000 WORTH OF FINE AMERICAN CLOTHING, BOUGHT AT THIRTY-EIGHT CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

EVERY GARMENT MUST BE SOLD IN THIRTY DAYS!

SALE OPENS ON WEDNESDAY, 22nd INST., AT No. 1896 NOTRE DAME STREET WEST, BALMORAL HOTEL BLOCK.

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THE MODERN DRINK. Contains no Insoluble, Unassimilable Sediment. DELICIOUS! NUTRITIOUS! Is Supplied to the British House of Commons.

BROKEN SODA BISCUITS,

Fresh and clean and suitable for household use, 3lb per lb, in barrels about 50 lbs. each. Barrels free, delivery in city.

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STICKY FLY PAPER. Anybody putting up or selling an imitation of my Fly Paper shall be prosecuted to the full extent of the law. Joe Beer's customers and unscrupulous druggists take notice and beware. The genuine is sold at \$3.50 a gross, 75c per box of two dozen and 5c a sheet. By mail in Canada free, 50c a box and 5c a sheet. Address: C. D. MORIN, 1286 Notre Dame St.

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For Hearths, Fireplaces, Wall-linings, &c. Large stock of new patterns at low prices.

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JACKSON'S CHAMOMILE PILLS for Indigestion, Headache and Habitual Constipation, 25c per box. Prepared by H. F. JACKSON, Dispensing Chemist 1263 St. Catherine St.

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MANUFACTURING JEWELLER, WATCHMAKER AND ENGRAVER. HAS REMOVED TO 1156 Notre Dame street, doors east of St. John St.

MARK YOUR LINEN, etc., with Jackson's Indelible Marking Ink. It does not wash out. H. F. JACKSON, Dispensing Chemist, 2263 St. Catherine street. Telephone No. 442.

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MCDONALD & MURPHY have just opened with a complete stock, at 2133 ST. CATHERINE ST.

TOWSHEND'S CURLED HAIR and other mattresses (patented for purity), at 234 St. James street only. N.B.—Hardware men and the trade supplied with Down, Goose and Poultry Feathers, Curled Hair, Moss Fibre, &c., &c. Wholesale at 324 St. James street only.

BABY

Can be kept quiet and comfortable by wearing around its little neck one of

Norman's Electric Teething Necklaces.

They are better than all the Soothing Syrup in Christendom. They give no shocks and are comfortable. Price, 50c. Sold by all druggists. Ask for them and take no other.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.

A full stock of ALL KINDS OF WIRE always on hand.

Also, everything in the way of SUPPLIES at the LOWEST PRICES.

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Machinists' Castings made promptly to order, of best iron.

MOSES PARKER.

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STEAMER CHAIRS

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ARMSTRONG'S, Victoria square.

ELECTRIC BATHS.

All kinds of Electric and Medicated Baths, like-wise electrical treatment, good for all chronic diseases, Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Constipation and all nervous diseases. Electric Belts and Appliances cure Back, Kidney and Urinary troubles. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Office, 255 Richmond street. Notre Dame street cars pass the corner close to the office.

W. PATTLE.

GEORGE WOOLLEY,

SUCCESSOR TO JAMES MORICE, 131 Bleury street, Manufacturer Fine Parlor and Dining Room Furniture. Mantels made to order to the newest designs always on hand. Bedroom Suites in Cherry, Walnut and Antique Oak, of the latest styles.

Hair Mattresses made to order and remade. Old Furniture neatly repaired, restuffed and covered. Always in hand a select stock of Furniture Coverings in Brocade, Silk Velours, Mohair and Frieze Finishes, Raw Silks, etc.

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CARPET LAYING, UPHOLSTERING, etc.—Carpet cut, made, laid, lifted and cleaned. Shades, Spring Rollers, etc., supplied and put up. Mattresses can be returned same day. HENRY HAMMOND, 222 and 224 St. Urban St., 15 years with Thos. Mussen, Esq. Furniture repaired and polished. Orders attended to personally.

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427 St. James street, Have a full Stock of Glass, comprising Star, Diamond Star, Double Diamond Star, Colored, Ground, Enamelled and Cathedral Tint. Telephone, 382.

ROOFING!

Sparham Fire-proof Roofing Cement Co. The Sparham Cement Roof is the only roof that has given perfect satisfaction and stood the test of our climate for the past twelve years. All other cement roofs have been failures.

CAUTION.

The Sparham Cement Company hereby warns the public against all cement except the original—Fire-proof Roofing Cement, patented and manufactured only by themselves. The Sparham Company warns the public against all cements used by different routers—called Sparham—as being spurious.

GUARANTEE.

All roofs laid by Campbell & Co have the guarantee of the Sparham Company, which has \$50,000 capital paid up—a substantial guarantee—not on paper.

ROOFS.

Roofs laid in Montreal with our cement TEN YEARS ago are as good to-day as when laid and have had no repairs.

For further information and testimonials apply head office, 209 St. James street, Montreal.

C. L. MALTHEY, Sec.-Treas.

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HAS HAIR MATTRESSES FROM

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Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Portland, Roman and Canada Cement, Plaster Paris, Land Plaster, Salamander Crucibles.

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Special attention given to jobbing, and prices furnished if wanted. Property owners and householders can get their work done during summer months. Address 74 ST. EDWARD ST., cor. Bleury and St. Catherine.

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Old newspapers, good for wrapping purposes, sold at unusually low prices for large lots. Address of applicant "Witness" Office.

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It is an illustrated, eight-page paper, published twice a month, containing much interesting information for week-day and Sunday reading. It is suited to young and to old, and contains especially the week-lessons and what Sunday-school teachers and scholars most want. It is the cheapest paper ever published—Only 30c a year, with reductions to Clubs.

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Passengers take 7.45 a.m. train daily for Lachine to connect with steamer for Ottawa and intermediate ports. Return to Ottawa by Boat, \$4.00. Up by Boat down by Rail, \$5.15.

Shoot the Rapids. Take 1.30 p.m. train (or 2 p.m. Saturdays) to St. Anne's Round Trip, 50c.

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For Excursion Charter—Steamer PRINCESS (rebuilt 1885), steamer DAGMAR (rebuilt 1886), class A21.

R. W. SHEPHERD, Jr., Manager



NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S.S. Co.

FAST EXPRESS STEAMERS. FROM NEW YORK.

For SOUTHAMPTON, LONDON and BREMEN Also taking passengers to Havre and Paris.

HALE.....Wednesday, Aug. 22, 6.00 a.m. FULLA.....Saturday, Aug. 25, 6.00 a.m. TRAVE.....Wednesday, Aug. 29, 11.00 a.m. ELBE.....Saturday, Sept. 1, 1.00 p.m.

These steamers make the run to Southampton in from seven and a half to eight days, and to Bremen in nine days.

PRICES—In First Cabin, \$75, \$80, \$90, \$100 or \$125, according to location; to London, Havre or Bremen in Second Cabin, \$25; Steerage at low rates.

The steamers of this line are celebrated for their speed, comfort, safety and the excellence of their tables. Apply to J. Y. GILMOER & CO., 84 St. Paul St., Montreal

Or to OELRICHS & CO., 1 Bowling Green, New York.

INMAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL. Carrying the United States Mails.

NOTICE—The steamers of this line take Lieutenant MAURER's land routes at all seasons of the year.

CITY OF BERLIN.....Saturday, Aug. 25, 6.00 a.m. CITY OF CHICAGO.....Saturday, Sept. 1, 1.00 a.m. CITY OF RICHMOND.....Saturday, Sept. 15, 1.00 p.m.

From Inman Pier, foot of Grand street, Jersey City. Intermediate passage, \$20. Round trip, \$25. Rates of passage, \$20, \$25 and \$30, according to accommodation, all having equal saloon privileges.

Special Round Trip Rates on application. Children between two and twelve years of age half fare. Steerage \$5.

TICKETS TO LONDON, ST. AND TO PARIS, 15 and \$20 additional according to route selected. STEERAGE AT VERY LOW RATES. Saloon, staterooms, smoking and bathrooms amply.

These steamers do not carry cattle, sheep or pigs. PETER WRIGHT & SON, General Agents, CHAS. O. McFALL, 143 St. James street.

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THE STATE LINE

OF FIRST-CLASS PASSENGER STEAMERS. REGULAR WEEKLY SERVICE BETWEEN

New York, Glasgow, Liverpool and Belfast. STATE OF NEW YORK.....August 23, 11.00 a.m. STATE OF NEW JERSEY.....August 30, 11.00 a.m.

The route of the STATE LINE Steamers is the shortest via the north of Ireland, thus avoiding a turbulent passage across the St. George's Channel. Passengers through to Liverpool may stop over in Scotland for a few days before going on to destination.

All vessels on this line are built under special survey and classed A-1 (highest description) at Lloyd's. They are fitted up with every improvement which experience can suggest for the safety, comfort and convenience of FIRST, SECOND, CABIN and STEERAGE PASSENGERS, and from their fine model and great power, are calculated to maintain speed equal to any of the other first-class lines.

From May 1st to August 1st—First Cabin, \$40 to \$50; Round trip, \$75 to \$90. Steerage at VERY LOW RATES. AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., Sole Agents, 254 St. Paul street, Montreal.

DOMINION LINE

—OF— ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS, LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

Dates of Sailing:— From Montreal. From Quebec. Liverpool, Tuesday, 21 Aug. Thursday, 23 Aug. Toronto, Thursday, 30 Aug.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, 6 Sept. Friday, 7 Sept. OREGON, Wednesday, 11 Sept. Thursday, 13 Sept. MONTREAL, Thursday, 20 Sept.

Bristol Service for Avonmouth Dock. DOMINION, from Montreal about 29th August. ONTARIO, " " " 12th September.

Cabin Rates of passage from Montreal, or Quebec to Liverpool, \$50 to \$80, according to position of stateroom, with equal saloon privileges; Second Cabin, \$20. Steerage at lowest rates.

These steamers have saloons, staterooms, music-rooms and bath-rooms and other conveniences. This motion is felt, and carry neither cattle nor sheep. For Freight or Passage apply in Liverpool to Finn, Main & Montgomery; in Quebec to W. M. Macpherson, at all Grand Trunk Railway Offices.

D. BATTERSBY, 174 St. James street. W. D. O'BRIEN, 143 St. James street. D. TORRANCE & CO., 8 Hospital street.

Meetings, Amusements, &c.

A. O. U. W. (Pays \$2.00 to Beneficiaries) FEDERATION LODGE, 244. Meets THURSDAY, 23rd inst. at No. 13 Victoria street (Academy of Music). Full attendance requested. By order of M. W. J. E. McROBIE, Recorder.

FOURTH ANNUAL Exhibition of the Eastern Townships Agricultural Association will be held at SHEPHERD, 4th, 5th and 6th STS. 1888. Three full days. \$10.00 in Prizes—\$10.00. Most attractive programme of amusements ever offered in this Province, including two grand balloon ascensions, by the famous Aeronaut, Prof. Hogan, of Jackson, Michigan, who has been engaged by the Association to make two ascensions from the Exhibition grounds in his monster balloon, on TUESDAY, the 4th, and THURSDAY, the 6th of September, and will give an acrobatic performance on a single trapeze bar as the balloon ascends hundreds of feet into the clouds. In the Horse Ring the following prizes are offered—Farmers' trotting race, purse of \$50; Three Minute Class, \$100; 2 1/2 class, \$125; Open Running, \$125; Farmers' Hauling, \$50; Open Trotting, \$125; Hurdle Race, \$125. Great and thrilling exhibition by Wild Jim, the Cowboy and Indian Scout, riding and shooting with cowboy attendants. Arrangements have also been made for a grand Rugby Football match—Sherbrooke vs. Montreal, Athletic sports, Tag-of-war, Lacrosse match, etc. Look for full programme of the attractions later. The exhibition will be formally opened by His Honor the Lieut.-Governor of the Province on morning of the first day, and everything will then be completed in all departments, as the Directors intend making this a full three days show. The grounds will be lit with electricity. Entries close 25th August. Lowest rates have been arranged for on all railways for passengers and exhibits. For further particulars apply to E. WINN FARWELL, Sec. Treas., F. P. Buck, President, J. A. Cochran, Vice-President.

ART ASSOCIATION, OF MONTREAL, 17 PHILLIPS SQUARE. The Galleries are open daily from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Members and their families free. Public 25 cents. A fine collection of Oil Paintings and Water Color Drawings for sale are hung in the smaller Gallery. The evening openings are discontinued until further notice.

Excursions, Picnics, &c. MONTREAL CALEDONIAN SOCIETY. THE Grand Annual GATHERING AND ATHLETIC SPORTS, WILL BE HELD ON THE MILITARY GROUNDS, ST. HELEN'S ISLAND, SATURDAY, 25th AUGUST, 1888. PIPE MUSIC. HIGHLAND DANCING. Admission to the Grounds, 25c; Children, 10c. Tickets may be had from the members of Committee, Dr. Dale's, Murray's, St. Catherine street, and at the gate on the day of the Gathering. DAVID ATTON, Sec.

HALTON. MILTON, Ont., August 22.—Mr. Waldie, the Liberal candidate for election to the House of Commons for Halton was elected by a majority of 27 votes. At the general election Waldie's majority was only nine. The following are the full returns:

	Waldie.	Hen- derson.
Levesing, No. 1	33	40
" No. 2	2	..
" No. 3	..	..
" No. 4	43	..
" No. 5	..	11
" No. 6	..	..
Trafalgar, No. 1	15	..
" No. 2	62	..
" No. 3	27	..
" No. 4	..	..
" No. 5	4	..
" No. 6	..	..
Nelson, No. 1	32	..
" No. 2	..	..
" No. 3	..	..
" No. 4	..	..
" No. 5	..	..
" No. 6	..	..
Nassau, No. 1	21	..
" No. 2	..	..
" No. 3	..	..
Georgetown, No. 1	43	..
Adson, No. 1	..	..
Oakville, No. 1	..	..
Burlington, No. 1	..	..
Milton, No. 1	..	..
Totals	310	383
Waldie	283	..
Henderson	27	..

The change in the returns from the last election can only be accounted for through the action of a section of the temperance people.

THE MURDEROUS POACHERS. THE EVIDENCE AGAINST THEM. ST. JOHN, N. B., August 22.—W. M. Day, Frank Trafton and Henry Phillipps, the men arrested for the murder of Mrs. Howes, are in the Andover jail. Day is apparently about 37 years old, while the two others are each about 20 years old. Circumstantial evidence points very closely to these men, especially to the two latter. The arrest was made by constables in the parish of Lorne before six o'clock Sunday evening. The people of Tobique turned out en masse, captured the suspected persons and held them awaiting the arrival of the sheriff. The body of Mrs. Howes was removed to Boston this morning for burial. The inquest is still proceeding.

A gentleman who recently came from Tobique and is well acquainted with the men arrested says they are settlers on the Tobique. They are rough backwoodsmen, who cut lumber in the woods in winter, drive logs in spring and divide the summer between their farms and the salmon pools. They feel that by the leasing of fishing streams to outside parties they are being robbed of their birthrights. This feeling has been constantly growing in intensity and it was only a question of time when the smouldering spark would burst into flame.

PRIEST-BEATERS KILLED. SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—News is received of a terrible occurrence at the village of Antibus, near Manila. A horde of natives started out one day lately to kill the priest. They were engaged in beating him to death when another white man arrived on the scene with a rifle and fifty cartridges. He set quietly to work, and with every cartridge brought down a native. Soon fifty of the mob were killed, and the rest became discouraged and retired. The life of the priest was saved.

THE QUEEN IN GLASGOW. GLASGOW, August 22.—The Queen, accompanied by the Grand Duke of Hesse, and his daughter, the Princess Alice, yesterday opened the New Municipal Buildings, and afterwards visited the Exhibition. In reply to the addresses presented to her, she expressed much pleasure at her visit to Glasgow. The city was illuminated in the evening.

PETITION FOR PARDON. A petition asking for the pardon of Geo. C. Bennett, sentenced last year to the penitentiary for four years for burglary, is being circulated. The petition is based on a medical certificate that Bennett is broken down in health.

ADVERTISING RATES. DAILY WITNESS. Five lines and upward, 10c per line. Contracts a favorable terms. WEEKLY WITNESS. With large type or cuts, 25c per line. One-third reduction if set in our usual small advertising type. SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES. SUBSCRIPTION RATES. Daily Witness, \$5.00; Weekly Witness, \$1.00; with reductions to Clubs. Northern Messenger, 25c; 12 copies to one address, \$2.50; 20, \$4.50; 50, \$10.50; 100, \$20.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS. The date printed on each paper denotes the time when the subscription will expire.

SUBSCRIBERS leaving the city for the summer months can have the Daily Witness sent to their address free of postage for 25c per month.

The Daily Witness. THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 1888.

THE DECISION OF CHIEF HUGHES to prohibit all gambling at picnics in future is satisfactory. Any other course was simply illegal. There certainly should be some greater effort than has yet been made to stop gambling. If the Chief is in earnest, there are, besides the bucket-shops and the wheels of fortune, those so-called club-rooms on St. Lawrence street which a smart detective could easily find out and dislodge. Chief Hughes would have the thanks of many a young wife, as well as of mothers of promising youths if he inaugurated an effective war against this class of evil-doers. Any success the Chief may make in this direction will give him a first place in the hearts of law-abiding citizens.

THE PLEASURE OF PERIL is what ballooning may be called when undertaken as a pastime, or for mere adventure. Frequently the balloonist's flight is to his death. An interesting escape is recorded in the despatches from London this morning, the iron-clad "Warrior" having found a balloon in the water with four persons hanging to its ropes. It had started from Antwerp and was blown to sea. There have been so many rescues of balloonists from these that airships will owe their heavier sisters of the sea a long arraignment of debts when they become serviceable and manageable. Perhaps it is too much to expect in the present generation, but what would our readers say to hear by cable some morning that a cluster of airships had surrounded a sinking ironclad and rescued her sailors?

"WHAT SHOCKING STREETS YOU HAVE," says the English visitor, never afraid to express his mind. "Yes, but look what splendor did houses the people live in," says the citizen, anxious to turn his attention to what he has every reason to admire. "But how very untidy these sidewalks are." "But just look at that magnificent institution." "Why there seems to be no public spirit at all." "Well, you see," says the citizen at last driven into a corner, "we are governed by a City Council, and City Councils know a great deal more about wasting money on contracts than about making cities creditable or comfortable. At least such is the case with the majority of ours. What is done by private enterprise is, as you see, well and often magnificently done, but whatever is done by public authority has too often to be apologized for." This is the story which almost every visitor to this city carries away with him in one form or another, and the only answer of our stolid rulers, with the majority of the voters at their backs is "no funds." What is wanted now is the principle of local taxation for local purposes. That system once in operation would soon make Montreal, like Toronto, a city whose praises every traveller would go about the world sounding.

WHAT IS TO BECOME in the approaching autumn of the streets that require repairs and grading? To say nothing of the actual misery caused by bad roads, it is well understood that roads are a thing in which in a very special way a stitch in time saves nine. Bad weather on a broken road rapidly makes it no road at all. In round figures the City Surveyor asked for seventy thousand dollars for the season's repairs; only forty thousand was voted to him, and of that leaving him a fraction over ten thousand dollars was paid for a stone contract, lars to keep the roads for the year. If our streets are a reproach to us the world over now that this money has just been expended, what will they be before next year's appropriation comes into use. It will take the whole of next year's money to mend the damage that will be done in the meantime. Our position may be very virtuous from the penny-wise point of view, but it looks a little absurd.

LIFE AWAY ON THE NORTH-WEST COAST of Canada, as pictured by the correspondent of the Witness with the Skeena expedition, is neither ideally perfect nor wholly intolerable. Port Essington is so far north that twilight lasts throughout the night, and the snow never melts upon the tops of not very high mountains. The scenery is magnificent and varied, and the tourist would find cool weather at all seasons with lots of sport both with rod and gun. It

is clear, however, that he would have a great deal of rainy weather, just such as people all over Canada have enjoyed or suffered during the last two or three weeks. Some of the local dishes described by our correspondent he would, no doubt, enjoy, at least while in preparation. The sanitary conditions of Port Essington seem to be too much on a par with the lanes of Montreal in April to be pleasant. The Government should at once take steps to compel the cannery owners to dispose of their refuse in such a way as to prevent nuisances which will result some day in an epidemic which will decimate the Indian settlement. Such epidemics are peculiarly fatal to Indians who literally perish during them like flies in fall.

AS IT IS POLITICAL CONSIDERATIONS which decide most matters with the Dominion Government, it will probably be very unwilling to disallow Mr. Mercier's conversion act, notwithstanding the vehement urgency of its organs or even pressure from the British Government and press. Humiliation after humiliation the Dominion Government has brought upon itself in its conflicts with the Province of Ontario, and an exceedingly bitter one was forced upon it by Manitoba. Sir John Macdonald will be wary, therefore, of rushing into a contest after such experiences with a third province like Quebec, which would prove in all probability the most troublesome of all in such a case. Mr. Mercier has found it wise to make public a declaration that he will not resort to compulsory conversion. He declares, indeed, that he never meant to, but, in view of the wording of the act, he has not convinced his opponents on that score. To act in bad faith in the face of the world would, probably, kill him as a public man. It would ruin the credit of the Province, which no responsible statesman, especially in a Province compelled to borrow as often as Quebec does, would knowingly do. Mr. Mercier declares his expectation that he will effect the conversion with the consent of the holders of the bonds, and so save the people of this Province a large sum annually. If the Act is vetoed he cannot do this, and in that case the blame of the loss would be laid very tellingly on the Dominion Government. The Dominion Government organs have made good political capital out of this affair; but by pushing the matter to disallowance they might spoil it all. If Mr. Mercier's scheme is certain to prove a failure, as they declare, they will naturally wish to let Mr. Mercier incur the damage which failure will bring upon him.

THE WHAT-IS-IT.

This was the name under which Mr. Barnum very successfully advertised some animal curiosity. Whatever advantage may be derivable from mystery, Mr. Mercier enjoys. His recent labored statement of his political attitude amounts to no more than this, that his Government has no principles, for the word National means nothing. No interpretation has ever been put upon that word. The French, of course, understand it to have reference not to the Canadian "nation," but to the French-Canadian nationality, the consolidation of which for political purposes is the evident intention of all the nationalist talk among them, and their political aggrandisement is the reward held vaguely before their eyes. All this has, of course, to be very vaguely done lest it should embarrass Mr. Mercier's followers of other races. Other than what may be involved in this catchword "national," Mr. Mercier does not dwell on any principles whatever. What other principles indeed could he announce on which Ultramontanes and Konges would not at once fall out. Of course many give Mr. Mercier credit for having more positive and more patriotic aims than such non-committal expressions evince, but that they may do this he must have the gift of appearing of the color prescribed by the spectacles of each branch of his following. There is the Rouge Mercier who is simply using the Ultramontanes and the National cry to secure him a majority for the time being and hold his place in which, being at heart a Liberal, he means to do nothing but good to the Province and so to consolidate the Liberal cause that he will in time be able to throw off the galling Jesuit fetters. Of course, in the meantime he has to pay the Castors well for their support, but then the money is not got from nous autres, though unfortunately many of the places are. Then there is the Castor Mercier, a pupil of the Jesuits, well versed in their arts, understanding men and able when necessary to feed theorists with chaff while the actual service must in the meantime be rendered to them. If he has principles they need not trouble themselves about them. He is in office by their favor, he will go out the moment they choose and must serve them while there. Of course he is at liberty to amuse the Rouges, but as they would be out in the cold without the Castor vote, they will not kick very much. Then there is the Mercier of the English Liberals, who denounced the Riel execution and talks nationalism and all that, just to please the vanity of his countrymen who are, as a rule, easily satisfied with that cheap sort of thing. If they only get enough of it, while he recognizes that the English prefer solid advantage, and will have to court them with real reforms and practical services. All parties recognize in him not only a consummate politician, but the makings of a great statesman. Mr. Mercier continually appeals to his

administration as his best claim to support, and there is this to be said for it that, setting aside the price paid and the principles sacrificed for the maintenance of his place, it has been generally able and public-spirited.

THE TRUTH HARD TO GET AT.

IT is very extraordinary how the members of a generally truth-telling community will arrive at some sort of tacit agreement that it is best to suggest a falsehood, if not even to suppress the truth in regard to some subjects in which the interests of the community are at stake, if those interests are likely to suffer by the truth. Canadians will tell untruths and tolerate falsehoods regarding Manitoba and the Canadian North-West, in a way which they would regard as simply silly if the subject of the untruths was, say, horse racing or fishing. Those who are truth loving, or who do not hold that Canada's interests depend on an imaginary view of the Canadian North-West and are aware of unpleasant truths regarding it, have been cowed into silence and even into acquiescence in untruth by an overwhelming cry of "traitor," "unpatriotic." This has been carried to such an extreme that even in private conversation people will preface a disagreeable statement concerning Manitoba with a sort of apology for making it, or will before making it take care to impress you with the fact that they are patriotic. "You know," one will say, "that I never was one of those who ran down Manitoba but" and then will come the report or telegram or story which shows that the Canadian North-West is not exactly a paradise, which angels with flaming swords guard lest any evil thing might find an entrance. "It is as much as my life is worth to say 'anything against Manitoba' are words which one of the most prominent supporters of the Government, who has large investments in the North-West, has made familiar to the ears of his acquaintances. A few great monopolistic firms and companies have secured such immense and exclusive privileges and powers that they have been able up to the present time pretty well to prevent all immediate or rapid communication of damaging reports and have managed to overcome for a time truthful alarms. In the long run, of course, the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth prevails. The "land boom" burst, the killing of a whole crop by a severe early frost had to be acknowledged, and the truth could not be concealed concerning "the grain blockade" though the reports were long denied. The falsehoods have been so open and persistent, however, in the past, that people have got into the habit of discrediting in their own minds all the semi-official statements concerning Manitoba and the North-West, which emanate from the interested authorities. A new phase presents itself, however. The time has come when the great monopolistic firms and companies have not identical interests. At present, for instance, the Canadian Pacific Railway and the Government, who have land to sell and want to attract settlers, are anxious to defend the reputation of Manitoba and the North-West as a grain producing country, from tales of disaster from early frosts. The great grain purchasers, millers and others who have large quantities of last year's wheat in their possession are more anxious to see the prices of wheat immediately advanced than they are to defend the ultimate reputation of Manitoba. While, therefore, the Canadian Pacific and the Government declare that the recent frosts have not injured the crops at all, or have injured them only very slightly, the grain men declare that from twenty-five to fifty percent of the wheat crop has been damaged. The Canadian Pacific controls the wires, and so far the more cheerful accounts have been, perhaps out of habit, accepted. It is noticeable, however, that the telegraphic accounts, which first declared that little or no damage had been done, now admit that some has occurred, and that the loss is put at from one and two percent to twenty percent in localities by different authorities. The grain men have taken advantage of this report, or the actual situation in the North-West as known to them, and also of the stronger British advices to advance the quotations of wheat prices at this point seven to nine cents per bushel, which they say they are prepared to pay. It would be interesting to learn that the farmers in the North-West were obtaining their share of this advance in prices on their new wheat. Canadian people should make up their minds to have done with any toleration of falsehoods or half-truths told on one side or the other concerning Manitoba.

ARRIVAL OF MR. DAWSON'S SUCCESSOR.

Mr. W. H. Smith, who is to succeed Mr. J. J. Dawson as the Montreal exponent of the tonic sol-fa singing method, has arrived in the city from Hull, England, and will enter upon his duties at the opening of the schools. Mr. Smith, before his departure, was made the recipient of several handsome illuminated addresses, accompanied by two purses of sovereigns, besides many other tokens of respect and esteem from the various organizations with which he was connected in Hull. The tonic sol-fa system having been established on a sound footing in the city by his predecessor, Mr. Dawson, no doubt the community will give still greater encouragement than in the past.

BOOMING OTTAWA'S SHOW.

We have received a visit from Mr. Victor Belanger, special agent for the Ottawa Exhibition, whose arrival in this city was mentioned in yesterday's Witness. He states that the Ottawa Association, taking advantage of the fact that no exhibition will be held in Montreal or Quebec this year, has spared no trouble or expense to make the fair a decided success, and that ample measures have been taken to secure both pleasure and comfort for visitors. Special rates are to be given in the hotels, and fares on railways and steamers will be reduced. Mr. Belanger is to visit all the large centres of this Province to invite cattle raisers, farmers and manufacturers to send in their products.

FOUND WANDERING.

Lizzie Duggan, an English immigrant girl of 12 years, is at the Sheltering Home. She was found wandering on St. Helen's Island on Tuesday afternoon by two ladies. The child says she was brought out by a New York lady who came by way of Quebec and Montreal, but she professes not to know the name of the ship in which she came.

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION.

Primrose Lodge, No. 49, Sons of England Benevolent Society, enjoyed the pleasures of a moonlight excursion last evening. There were over 600 on board the "Berthier," which went as far as Pointe-aux-Trembles. McKee's band furnished the music.

MEETING OF CREDITORS.

At a meeting of the creditors of Messrs. Grant, McConkey & Co., held yesterday, it was decided to sell the estate in two lots, one being the stock and the other the book debts.

PERSONAL.

The old grand jury room is being fitted up and furnished elaborately for Judge Denoyers. Judge Dugas roves through the Court House as though he had no relish for the ambiguous position in which he just now finds himself.

CITY ITEMS.

Work on the completion of the permanent dyke has had to be temporarily suspended owing to the wet weather.

One Annie Nolan was fined \$75 at the instance of the Revenue Department yesterday for allowing liquors to be sold on her premises.

Two young men complained at police headquarters last night that they had been ejected from the theatre for a noise which they alleged was made by others.

Fifteen trade and labor organizations have already accepted the invitation to assist at the grand parade and picnic of the Cigar Makers' Union, to be held on Labor Day, 3rd of September.

Mr. St. George points to the cleanliness of Wellington street as a sample of what block stone paving does for a thoroughfare in comparison with the macadam on the streets adjacent.

EPISCOPAL APPOINTMENTS.

BISHOP BOND'S VISITS IN HIS DIOCESE. The following appointments are announced by His Lordship Bishop Bond:— ST. ANDREW'S DEANERY. September 8, Saturday, Portland, church-wardens. September 9, Sunday, Buckingham, church-wardens. September 10, Monday, Papineauville, the Rev. E. J. Saphir. September 11 and 12, Montreal. September 13, Thursday, Como, church-wardens. September 14, Friday, St. Andrews, the Rev. R. B. O'Sullivan. September 15, Saturday, Lachute, the Rev. Rural Dean Sanders. September 15, Saturday, Lakefield, the Rev. R. Irwin. September 16, Sunday, Millie Isles, Mr. Taylor, catechist. September 17, Monday, Morin, Mr. Taylor, catechist. September 18, Tuesday, Grenville, etc., church-wardens. The Bishop's address during this visitation will be as follows:— From September 7 to September 9, care church-wardens, Buckingham, Q. From September 9 to September 15, care Rural Dean Sanders, Lachute, Q. From September 15 to September 18, 42 Union avenue, Montreal.

DEANERY OF IBERVILLE.

September 22, Sabrevois, Rev. J. Roy. September 23, Lacolle, Rev. J. G. Garrett. September 24, Hallerton, Mr. Wood, student. September 24, Hemmingford, Mr. Wood, student. September 25, Edwardstown, Rev. E. G. Sutton. September 25, Havelock, Rev. N. P. Yates. September 26, Franklin, Rev. N. P. Yates. September 26, Hinchinbrook, Rev. N. P. Yates. September 27, Huntingdon, Rev. H. Gomery. September 27, Ormstown, Rev. A. D. Lockhart. September 28, Lacadie, Rev. P. B. Lewis, Christieville. September 28, Chambly, Rev. E. McManus.

BROTHER ARNOLD'S RETURN.

A WARM RECEPTION TO THE POPULAR EDUCATIONIST. The Rev. Brother Arnold, President of St. Ann's School, arrived from Europe yesterday evening, and received a most enthusiastic reception. The members of the Shamrock Lacrosse Club and a number of citizens of St. Ann's Parish were in waiting at the Canadian Pacific Station, and when the train arrived at 11 o'clock the rev. Brother was escorted with rousing cheers. He was then escorted to a carriage, from which the horses were taken out, the young men having determined to draw him in triumph to his home. Upon arrival at St. Ann's Hall two addresses were presented to the rev. gentleman, one on behalf of the parishioners and another on behalf of the Shamrock Lacrosse Club, which also presented him with a gold-headed cane. In his reply, the rev. Brother described the warm reception he had met with all over Ireland. The reports of murder and other agrarian crimes said to be rampant there must not be believed. The farmers were happy and contented, but still looked forward to the time when their long struggle for liberty would be ended. He assured those present that he would do all in his power to assist them as much as, if not more than, he had done in the past, and thanked them most heartily for their kindly greeting.

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THE FUTURE OF CANADA.

AMPLE PROOF THAT FREE DISCUSSION IS NO TREASON.

WHAT EMINENT ENGLISH AND CANADIAN STATESMEN HAVE SAID ON THE SUBJECT. (From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, August 21.

Although Sir Richard Cartwright was abused for advising, in his Toronto speech, the discussion of independence, annexation or any other scheme vital to the interests of a free people, even his political opponents now acknowledge by their practice that Sir Richard's was a reasonable proposition. An effort is being made to show that Mr. Blake advocated Imperial federation in his Aurora speech, but a perusal of the text justifies no such conclusion. Mr. Blake announced then, as Mr. Laurier did at Ottawa on Monday, that our present political status cannot long continue, and it was for us to consider, Mr. Blake said, whether we were to take part in the affairs of the Empire or continue to be governed by men in whose election to a continuance in office we had no voice. He intimated the ceding of our canals to a foreign power, Canada's opinion not being asked. Our relations to the Empire was a proper subject for discussion. This was the pith and point of his reference to Imperial federation at Aurora, and the waverer is that public writers will persist in saying that Mr. Blake declared in favor of the scheme.

UNION WITH THE UNITED STATES.

No one is at liberty to object to the discussion of Canada's future. Europe for the Europeans and America for the Americans seems to be the tendency of the age. Mr. Chamberlain told us, aged in the official residence of the Queen's Viceroy at Ottawa, that England would not take the field in behalf of Canada against the United States. He voiced the opinion of the British democracy. John Bright asserted in his place in Parliament that "there is no statesman in England who will venture to bring about the shedding of one drop of blood" in defence of British North America. That same leader cherished the hope that "the whole of that vast continent in America might become one great confederation of States not mixing itself up with the entanglements of Europe, without a custom house inside through the whole length and breadth of the territory." This is annexation, and if Mr. Bright was a Canadian statesman he would be torn to pieces for his sentiments. As it is, when Mr. Bright is sick Her Majesty herself enquires after him. In 1870 Mr. Gladstone viewed the possible separation of Canada from the Empire, referring to the United States as a country "of immense human energy extending itself continuously over that vast continent." This, too, was annexation. Mr. Lowe, as he was then, said in Parliament: "It is our duty to represent to Canada that if after well weighed consideration she thinks it more to her interest to join the great American Republic itself, it is the duty of Canada to deliberate for her own interest and happiness." Mr. Ellis, of St. John, in his recent utterances only echoed Mr. Lowe's words. Lord Russell, when in public life, said: "If the North American colonies showed an anxiety to amalgamate with the United States I do not think it would be wise to resist that desire." The Hon. Joseph Howe, the Nova Scotia statesman, when in England said he heard a noble Marquis say that we "might annex ourselves to the United States if we pleased," and added, "The Marquis made the statement and not a man rose to contradict him." If the North American confederation joins the older federation of the United States English statesmen may not be surprised and perhaps no one need be sorry," spoke the Examiner in reviewing the San Juan award. There have been many voices outspoken for

THE INDEPENDENCE OF CANADA.

As early as 1828 the Colonial Secretary thought "the time had come for the separation of Canada from the mother country, and her assumption of an independent state." At the same time Lord Howick said, "We ought to prepare for colonial separation, not by fortifying the Canadas, but by preparing them to become independent." The Earl of Ellenborough in 1854 said in the House of Lords, "I hope the government will communicate with the North American colonies with a view to separation." This was the same occasion when Lord Brougham said, "I am one of those who desire a separation of Canada from the mother country," an opinion shared by Lords Ashburton and St. Vincent. In 1864 Lord Derby, whose authority our present Governor General will acknowledge, said, "We know that these countries must before long be independent states." Mr. Gladstone, in advocating the separation of these colonies from the empire, said it was no new policy; "persons of authority of every shade of politics have adopted it." In Mr. Gladstone's view they looked upon confederation as a means of getting rid of the heavy charge involved in the defence of Canada. In the House of Lords, in 1870, Lord Grey said that the principles laid down by successive colonial secretaries must necessarily lead to a dissolution of our colonial empire." After Lord Monck returned from the discharge of his duties as Governor-General of Canada, he said in the House of Commons that Canada "should be taught to look forward to independence." The true mission of Canada is to proclaim its independence. Sir George Campbell said: "I believe Canada to be a burden and a risk to us." The Right Hon. W. E. Forster favored imperial federation, but he recognized "a common belief that some day the colonies must become independent." Lord Derby, in 1876, deplored that no workable plan had been devised for a closer Imperial connection. The scheme of Colonial representation in the Imperial Parliament was pronounced by Mr. Gladstone as "altogether visionary." "We cannot, he said, overlook the countless miles of ocean rolling between them and us."

SOME CANADIAN VIEWS.

At Sarnia, in 1875, Hon. Alexander Mackenzie said: "We have now assumed the proportions of a nation." Hon. Edward Blake, in a speech in 1877, said: "The present form of connection is not destined to be perpetual. My opinion is that the day must come when we shall cease to be dependent." At Oakville, on the 13th inst., Sir Richard Cartwright said: "England is more of an Asiatic than a European power," his object being to show that our future cannot be bound up with England. Again Mr. Blake, at Bowmanville, in 1882, said: "I wish to see a Canadian national spirit spread through the Dominion." In 1881, Lord Dufferin, in his Winnipeg speech, said: "I believe the Canadians are well able to take care of their future, and the outside world had better listen to them instead of promulgating weak and mild theories of their own." Was this a hit at the Imperial Federation idea? Now for a slashing opinion to close with. It is from La Minerve in 1884, and hits off one of the Joliette orators of the summer of 1888. "It is important, in considering the future of Canada, to estimate the French element in our population. They would tomorrow be a unit for independence, notwithstanding Sir Hector's utterances of loyalty to British connection." There was never written in Canada a truer line. All this goes to prove, not that Canada's present status could be improved by change, but that it is no treason to discuss either independence or annexation.

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NOTES AND NOTICES.

DO NOT FORGET the cheap excursion to Portland, Me., and return via the Canadian Pacific Railway and the White Mountains, on Aug. 24th & 25th. Tickets on sale now at the C.P.R. Ticket offices, 266 St. James street, Balmoral Hotel, Windsor Hotel, and Quebec Gate Station.

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY is offering a splendid opportunity for a ten-days' excursion to the seaside. Cheap excursion tickets at the low fare of \$6 will be issued from Montreal to Portland and back by the regular train on August 24th and 25th, tickets being valid for return until September 3rd. The Company's agents at Bonaventure station, 143 St. James street, and Windsor and Balmoral Hotels will furnish particulars.

CARE OF THE TEETH.—(American Analyst of New York)—Dr. Flagg, of Philadelphia, said: "I think it not too strong ground to take, that bristle brushes do infinitely more harm than good." Similarly, Dr. Cook, a famous Brooklyn dentist, said: "While bristle brushes, when soft, and properly used, are of great benefit to many people, yet it may be seriously questioned whether they have not, on the whole, been of injury to civilized people." When a bristle brush has been used a short while, the hairs lose their parallel set and become loose. A brush of this sort should be immediately thrown away. The stragglers are apt to perforate the cheeks, gums and palate, and by carrying small pieces of food from between the teeth, to poison the minute perforations. With the felt it is different. It does not come apart, nor does the abrasion make any appreciable loss of substance. It cleanses the teeth, and through the edges reaches the sides and angles where the bristles of the old-fashioned brush do not penetrate. It polishes the enamel rapidly and easily, and when aided by a good dentifrice removes tartar and stains without difficulty or trouble. With the felt brush the felt lasts from one to three weeks, and then can be replaced by a new block. The handle and metal hoop are almost indestructible, so that from an economic standpoint, a felt brush is not one-tenth so dear as any other. In conclusion, it may be stated that no one who has given the new invention a trial will ever go back to the brush of our fathers. The increased ease and comfort of its use, the greater polish, health and beauty of the teeth, and the improved condition of the gums will, in a few days at the farthest, make the bristle brush distasteful and repugnant.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW

IS THE TIME TO HIT IT.

L. BLANCHET.

the fashionable Merchant Tailor, wishes to inform his customers and the public in general that he has just received his Fall Stock of fine

English, French, Scotch and Canadian CLOTHS, SERGES AND TWEEDS, of the latest styles, now ready for inspection.

A HINT TO ALL that are wanting FINE SUITS AND SPRING and FALL OVERCOATS made to order are respectfully invited to examine his establishment before placing your order. If you want a good fit and get what will please you, go to

L. BLANCHET,

for he has a first class Cutter, good workmanship only, and prices to suit everyone.

Ready-made. Ready-made. He has just received a fine stock of Fall Ready-made Clothing for

MEN, YOUTHS AND BOYS, which will be sold at a bargain. Now is the time to buy clothing very cheap. Don't buy until you see his prices.

L. BLANCHET'S

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

A first-class stock of Gent's Furnishing Goods to suit every purchaser; which is retailed at wholesale prices at

L. BLANCHET'S,

19 St. Lawrence street.

RICHELIEU

WATER.

THE PRINCE OF TABLE WATER.

Pure, Sparkling, Refreshing.

For sale at the leading Hotels, Clubs, Restaurants and Grocers.

PROPRIETOR:

J. A. HARTE,

179 NOTRE DAME STREET.

TELEPHONE 1199.

PROMINENT PROFESSIONAL

TESTIMONY. CHICAGO, June 27, 1888.

GENTLEMEN—The

IDEAL FELT TOOTH POLISHER

conforms itself to the surface of the teeth. As a polisher and absorber it is much preferred to the ordinary tooth brush; and to persons using tooth powder, or in cases of acidity of the mouth where prepared chalk is of use, it is an ideal success.

As a nail polisher it has no equal. It requires only the use of it for a few times to convince any one of its merits.

A. L. DE CAMP.

For sale by all Druggists. At wholesale by Lyman, Knox & Co., Montreal. Manufactured by the Horsey Mfg. Co., Utica, N. Y.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Robert Rielle, of the city of Montreal, laborer, petitioner for the appointment of a curator to the vacant succession of the late Catherine Murphy, in her lifetime of the city of Montreal. Having seen the said petition, it is ordered that the relatives and creditors of the said late Catherine Murphy appear before the Prothonotary of the Superior Court, at the Tutelle office at the Court House in the city of Montreal, on Thursday, the 29th day of August instant, at ten o'clock a. m., to give their advice touching the appointment of a curator to the said vacant estate.

E. DESMARAIS, D. P. S. C.

GREENSHIELDS, GUERIN & GREENSHIELDS, Attorneys.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHY IS



JOHNSTON'S

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

Fluid Beef

VASTLY SUPERIOR

TO EVERY OTHER PREPARATION OF MEAT

BECAUSE

REAL NOURISHMENT

That will sustain the strength in sickness and develop

A STRONG ROBUST CONSTITUTION.

It is invaluable in the sick room where its wonderful strength-giving qualities are clearly demonstrated.

HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY THE MEDICAL FACULTY!

NOTICE!

Owing to the rapidly increasing demand in Canada for our

"QUININE CHOCOLATES"

—AND OUR—

EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL WITH PEPSIN AND QUININE.

We have this day authorized their manufacture in Montreal by

Messrs. W. A. DYER & CO., Chemists, Phillips square,

who will in future supply the trade and the public at New York prices.

CASWELL, MASSEY & CO., 1131 Broadway, and 575 Fifth avenue,

New York, April 20th, 1888.

TO CARPENTERS

AND BUILDERS

TENDERS will be received for the

erection of GRAND STAIRS on the

new grounds of the M. A. A. until

AT SATURDAY NOON NEXT.

PLANS can be seen at the office of

Messrs. Hutchison & Steele, architects,

St. James street.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily

accepted.

ROBERT LLOYD,

Sec. Treas.

PAINTING.

TENDERS for Painting of Fences

of the new grounds of the M. A. A.

will be received until SATURDAY

NOON NEXT.

For specifications and information

apply to

ROBERT LLOYD,

Sec. Treas.

S. "GREETLANDS."

St. Johns, Nfld, North and South Sydney,

and Cow Bay, C. B.

Will sail for above ports on or about 18th August.

Good passenger accommodation.

HENRY DOBELL & Co.,

Agents.

CHARCOAL!

BEST HARD WOOD,

FOR BROILING, SILVERSMITHS

TINSMITHS, &c., &c.

Better and cheaper than wood for kindling purposes.

W. L. LEE.

81 McGill street.

TELEPHONE 1112.

CHARMING VILLA LOT

FOR SALE.

Corner Sherbrooke street and McGill College avenue,

about 130 feet square, directly opposite the beautiful

grounds of McGill University.

C. M. MILLAR,

125 St. James st.

McGILL UNIVERSITY.

Applications are invited for the position of Professor

of German Language and Literature.

Testimonials may be sent on or before September

first to the undersigned, of whom all information may

be obtained.

J. W. BRAKENRIDGE, B. C. L.,

Acting Secretary.

Address McGill College.

A BENAKIS WATER,

BY THE GLASS OR GALLON.

SCARFF'S Pharmacy.

ROOFING.

REED'S ROBIN CEMENT ROOFING.

ROOFS OF IT IN THIS CITY HAVE STOOD

20 YEARS.

This is the best guarantee of its being a

first-class roofing.

GEORGE W. REED,

SLATE, METAL AND GRAVEL ROOFER.

783 and 785 Craig street, Montreal.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively Cured by

CARTER'S

LITTLE

LIVER

PILLS.

They also relieve Dis-

tress from Dyspepsia,

Indigestion and Tor-

pidity Eating. A per-

fect remedy for Dis-

ease, Nausea, Drowsi-

ness, Bad Taste in the

Mouth, Coated Tongue,

Pain in the Side, &c.

They regulate the Bow-

els and prevent Consti-

pation and Flies. The smallest and easiest to take.

Only one pill a dose. 40 in a vial. Purely Veg-

etable. Price 25 cents. 6 vials by mail for \$1.00.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., Prop'rs, New York.

Sold by all Druggists.

MONEY TO LOAN

at all times, on first-class city property or farms in

South-western Quebec and Eastern Ontario. Low in-

terest and very favorable terms for repayment.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

OF CANADA.

R. MACAULAY,

Managing Director.

164 St. James street, Montreal.

Auction Sales.

W. H. Arnton.

"SUNNY BRAES" STOCK FARM,

HILLHURST, COMPTON CO., QUE.

Estate Late CHAS. H. CROSSER.

The undersigned has been instructed by the Executors

to sell the above FARM, TOGETHER WITH THE

VALUABLE STOCK AND IMPLEMENTS, comprising

(imported) "Prize of Honor" (1885, vol. VIII (74), vol.

II, 5 CLYDESDALE Mares and other Draught Horses

and Mares, SHETLAND PONIES, &c., &c.; a fine herd

of Thoroughbred JERSEY and Grade Jerseys; 10

Dorset Horned Sheep, the only lot in the Province of

Quebec the most prolific breeders, bred twice a year.

IMPLEMENTS—Everything necessary to run a first-

class farm.

55 tons of HAY.

THE FARM comprises 230 acres of the best farming

land in Compton Co. (the garden of the Eastern Town-

ships), 75 acres in Meadow, the rest in rolling land, all

under the highest cultivation; splendid Orchard, running

water in every pasture as well as in the house, cottage and

all farm buildings, no pumping only three-quarters mile

from railway station.

Sale at Hillhurst, on

THURSDAY, Aug. 30th, 1888, at 10 a.m.

WILLIAM H. ARNTON.

Auctioneer.

Full particulars on application. Catalogue ready.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARRIAGE LICENCES

ISSUED BY

JOHN M. M. DUFF,

COMMISSIONER FOR TAKING AFFIDAVIT

Duff & Fraser's Auction Rooms,

230 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

MARRIAGE LICENCES

ISSUED BY

C. CUMING, H. S. HUNTER & R. A. DUNTON,

NOTARIES, &c.

116 ST. JAMES STREET.

STEWART'S

FURNITURE ESTABLISHMENT.

1828 to 1834 Notre Dame street,

ALL NEW STYLES.

NO OLD STOCK.

If you want to furnish your homes handsomely, at

moderate rates, give me a call.

GEORGE STEWART.

Wedding Presents

PRIZES FOR REGATTAS, PICNICS, &c.

SILVERWARE. OPERA & FIELD GLASSES

CLOCKS. LEATHER GOODS,

CUTLERY. SPOONS AND FORKS,

BRASSWARE. PARLOR LAMPS,

CARVERS IN CASES, DESSERT KNIVES, &c., &c.

Choice Goods at Low Prices.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

INSPECTION INVITED

WATSON & PELTON.

53 ST. SULLIVAN STREET.

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE

Last Edition

A PARCEL FROM ENGLAND: AND AN OBLIGING HYPOCHRITE IN A MONTREAL BOARDING-HOUSE—THE CONFIDENCE GAME IN ANOTHER FORM.

A young gentleman named Mr. E. Leatherby recently arrived from London, England, and took up his abode in a Brunswick street boarding-house. Before leaving London he was entrusted with a valuable parcel which he was to forward from Montreal to Mrs. E. Burdett, Winnipeg. On his immediate arrival in the city a fellow-countryman, and also a boarder in the same house, named Nelson, struck up an acquaintance with the new comer. He made himself extremely affable. He was consulted regarding the best and quickest means for transmitting the parcel. Nelson would not hear of his newly formed acquaintance going to the station; he would probably miss his way—so argued this pseudo-Samaritan. Unsoothed, he offered to take the parcel to the station himself. It was entrusted to him, and on his return he asked for \$1.35, which he said he had to pay for the carriage. This was given him. Shortly after this incident Nelson became missing. It was breathed that he had not acted squarely with several of his boarding-house keepers owing as much as \$200 for board. This caused enquiries to be made at the railway stations, when it was discovered that the parcel had never been handed in. Moreover, there was no such tariff as \$1.35. He must have decamped, as the police, into whose hands the case was entrusted, could not locate him. The young man who brought the parcel from England naturally felt very much chagrined, as it was by his late employers in London that he had been entrusted with the unfortunate package. One boarding-house keeper claims that Nelson owes her \$50.

A "GENTLEMAN" FROM THE STATES WHO DEVOTED HIMSELF TO TAKING IN MONTREAL SOCIETY.

An American "gentleman" recently came from New York and boarded at the Windsor. He was employed as head book-keeper with a firm in the city. He had money with him but he soon went through it, and felt obliged to take humble quarters. He went to the Albion. Then he went to private lodgings on St. Catherine street west. He announced one day to his landlady that he was married, and that his wife was coming from the States. A "lady" came, and the two lived as man and wife in the place for a month. Then the "lady" left, and the "gentleman" followed. He turned up in another part of the town, gave out that he was single, made friends, and ran up a bill of \$100 with his landlady. One day he informed the latter that when he said he was single he was only larking; that he was a married man and that he was about to bring on his wife from the States. The "lady" who had previously posed in this position re-appeared, with a large amount of baggage. The landlady became suspicious; asked to see their certificate of marriage; wanted to know the name of the minister who had performed the ceremony, the church, the date, and asked other embarrassing questions. The pair were overwhelmed. The landlady ordered them out of the house, after first demanding her money. He had no money, or said he had none, so he left a fine suit of clothes, in which he was wont to make "conquests" at fashionable up-town centers.

A PUPIL OF FAHEY. HOW THE MELBOURNE MAIL BOSS GOT AWAY FROM HIS KEEPER.

Further information has been received touching the mail deceptions in the Melbourne Post-Office, an account of which appeared in yesterday's Witness. It seems that the arrest of the young man John S. Scott was effected in his own bedroom late on Tuesday night, and Mr. Madore, of the Post-Office Inspector's office, placed him in charge of Mr. Dyson, the local constable of Richmond. Scott, under some excuse, left the bedroom and made his way out of his boarding-house. Soon afterwards he stole a horse from the stable of Mr. Frank Shaw, some four miles out of Melbourne, and journeyed thither to Waterloo, where he put up at Hume's hotel. Mr. Dyson, who is naturally much chagrined at the easy way in which his prisoner slipped through his hands, is doing what he can in the way of pursuit and enquiry. Among Scott's belongings, a revolver was found. It is also learned that for above a year he had had the advantage of a professional training under Mr. John Fahey, who is now himself in retreat at St. Vincent de Paul. Detectives Robinson and Campeau were sent out this morning to endeavor to arrest Scott.

FINE HARVESTING WEATHER IN MANITOBA AND THE NORTH WEST TERRITORIES—ANOTHER WEEK WILL MAKE THE CROPS SAFE.

The people of Manitoba and the North West Territories are now well begun in their harvesting operations, and it is hardly too much to say that all over Canada there is anxiety about their success which is dependent upon the weather. The following weather report was taken at noon to-day by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's Telegraph service.

It shows lovely harvesting weather all over Manitoba and the North-West. The Company reports that there have been six days of this weather already, and another week of it should place the crop beyond all danger.

ROYAL SCOTS FOR ALBANY. An endeavor is being made to arrange cheap rates for a detachment of the Royal Scots to visit Albany next week for the unveiling of the Burns statue. Sir D. A. Smith is in communication with the Government—that is, asking its permission.

THAT ACCOUNTS FOR IT. Mrs. Langevin, Commissioners street, has been fined \$50 by the Recorder for keeping her bar open on Sundays. It was to obtain evidence in this case that two constables in uniform were seen entering the drinking place in question on a Sunday night, which occasioned comment in the Witness at the time.

MINER'S CONDITION CRITICAL. Mrs. Miner, of 215 College street, the colored woman whose husband was shot the other night, stated to a Witness reporter this afternoon that a consultation of physicians had been held regarding her husband's condition, and it was deemed dangerous to attempt to extract the bullet. She was ordered to let one see the injured man, his condition being critical.

THE MANITOBA CROPS.

WHAT THE LAST PAPERS SAY ABOUT THEM.

EARLY VEGETABLES. We have been shown by Mr. Rowe, of the land office, a sample of cabbage, tomatoes and potatoes grown at Medicine Hat. The cabbage is very fine, weighing nearly six pounds. The potatoes were of the early rose variety and quite at their full growth; the tomatoes were large and ripe. These vegetables were grown in the garden of Mr. J. Denham, which is only one of many other gardens of a like nature in Medicine Hat. Mr. Rowe said that he was informed by Mr. Tweed, M.L.A., that wheat and barley cutting had begun in that district some ten days ago and are turning out a fair crop, the damp season being just the thing for that locality.—Calgary Daily Herald, Aug. 13.

SHEEP RANCHING OF MOOSEJAW. Messrs. J. H. Ross and Martin Bambridge, left-to-day for Montana to purchase sheep for ranching here. Sheep ranching was commenced here last season and has been found profitable.—Calgary Herald, Aug. 13.

WHEAT CUTTING AT NAPINKA. Information reaches us that Mr. Ketcheson, of Napinka, started wheat cutting on Wednesday last. Crops are reported wonderfully good in the neighborhood of Napinka.—Détroit Times, Aug. 15th.

SOME FROST BUT NO DAMAGE. Mr. D. C. Howe, who lives at Union Point, 28 miles from Winnipeg, called last evening, and said that they will be all into the harvest by the middle of next week. Most of the barley is already cut, and the wheat will be ready by the middle of next week. There was some frost on Thursday night, but nothing to damage wheat or any grain. All garden crops are excellent except the cabbage, which is not up to the mark. The tank and windmill of the R. R. V. R. at this place are in full blast. The construction train has reached a point about nine miles south of St. Norbert, and is moving along at about two miles per day.—Winnipeg Free Press, Aug. 15th.

HARVESTING. Harvesting has commenced in this district. Mr. D. Duff, on Monday last, cut a field of oats about as fine as will be found in any district.—Lethbridge News, Aug. 15th.

AN EARLY HARVEST. Mr. T. Pollon has just returned from the Lake Dauphin district, and says haying is very nearly finished there, while barley cutting was commenced, and wheat was almost fit for the reaper. Harvest there will be a couple of weeks earlier than in this section.—Minnesota Tribune, Aug. 15th.

COMPARED WITH FORMER YEARS. The following has been furnished by Thos. Daryl, sr., of High Bluff, Man., of the dates when wheat has been cut on his farm for the past twelve years, which will be an index for this part of the plains:

Table with 3 columns: Year, Date, and Days. Shows harvest dates from 1876 to 1888.

Harvesting will be general here from present appearances in about a week. We had a slight frost last night, but so far as can be learned it has done no damage, even the tender vines of cucumbers, etc., are not hurt. There is a good demand for harvest hands, as the farmers have large crops to take off.—Morning Call, Aug. 15th.

AT SALTCOATS. The settlers at Saltcoats, Man., are putting up large quantities of hay for the winter. Some fields of barley are about ready for cutting. The frost was very slight, not even injuring tomatoes, except in one or two low places. The weather is now bright and warm.—Winnipeg Morning Call, Aug. 15th.

AT PLUM LAKE. Crop prospects were never better than they are at Plum Lake at present. Wheat soon early will be above the average crop, while the later sown and the coarser grains look well and are well advanced.

MOOSEJAW HARVESTING. The barley harvest has begun; wheat will be ripe in ten days more, and in some cases much sooner.—Winnipeg Sun, Aug. 15.

FINE SAMPLES OF WHEAT. Mr. H. W. A. Chambré brought into the office a couple of samples of Russian wheat, grown on the Kinalmesky farm. One sample is Saxanka wheat, and the other Kubanka. Both were sown about the 25th of April, and they have turned yellow, and will be ready to cut in a few days. Mr. Johnson, the manager of the farm, says the wheat is fortnight earlier than the red Fyfe.—Winnipeg Sun, Aug. 15.

THE OLD ROUGE FLAG.

"STRAIGHT LIBERALS" HAVE A CAUCUS. The "straight Ronges" of Montreal seem to feel very keenly Mr. Mercier's recent utterances about those who may not be disposed to follow him right through under the banner of the Nationalist party.

A number of staunch Liberals of the old school held a caucus on the subject at the office of La Patrie yesterday, and it seems that some of the language used was energetic, to say the least.

One of the leaders, when spoken to this morning, said: "Mr. Mercier must not believe that we are disposed to lay aside and despise the old Liberal flag, for which we have fought so long and so vigorously. We do not fear any consequences, and if necessary we are disposed to be found again on the Opposition side."

La Patrie says: "Might there be, perchance, two weights and two measures in the Alliance which constitutes the majority of the Ministerial party in Quebec? We do not believe it."

MAKING BOYS DRUNK.

ONE VIOLATOR OF THE MINOR CLAUSE CONVICTED. Eppy Steers, of Chabouille square, the liquor seller who sold the boy Henri Proudhomme liquor, resulting in the lad's arrest for drunkenness, has pled guilty and been fined \$30 and costs.

A youth 17 years of age, who lives with his father on Lagacherie street, was arrested last night while intoxicated. When before the Police Magistrate this morning he confessed to stealing a coat from his father and giving it to two older companions to sell. They bought a bottle of liquor and the three indulged in a carouse. The one who bought the liquor was 23 years old. The lad arrested begged hard for another chance, and as his father consented sentence was suspended.

THE GRAND TRUNK PRESIDENT.

Sir Henry Tyler, who was expected by the subordinates of the Grand Trunk to arrive in the city this morning from New York, has gone West. Mr. Hickson, General Manager, and Mr. Sargent left on Saturday by the Delaware and Hudson to meet the chief and accompany him. Mr. Hannaford, Chief Engineer; Mr. Wallis, Mechanical Superintendent, and Mr. Stephenson, General Superintendent, have also gone West to meet the President of the Company. It is expected that Sir Henry will make an inspecting tour of all the western divisions and also visit Vancouver before visiting Montreal.

ARRESTED ON CAPIAS.

STARTLING SEQUEL TO A RECENT INSOLVENCY. Mr. James Guest, the wholesale wine merchant, whose assignment was mentioned in the Witness some time ago, has just been arrested on a capias for \$27,823, at the instance of Messrs. Reid, Pye, Cunningham and Campbell, of London, England.

The affidavit is signed by Mr. Reid himself, who alleges among other things, his belief that the defendant instead of getting from his customers, to whom he sold plaintiff's goods, acceptances for the firm of Reid & Co., got them in his own name, afterwards discounting them and using the proceeds for his own benefit or to pay certain creditors in preference to others. Mr. Guest is also charged with securing advances on invoices sent him last spring, and with pledging some of plaintiff's goods to the Molson's Bank, as security for advances which he did not use to remit to plaintiff's firm, as he was obliged to do. The document winds up with the ordinary allegation of sequestration.

The arrest was made late yesterday, when it was impossible to furnish security, and Mr. Guest had to go down gaol, where he still is. His attorney, Mr. Cornellier, Q.C., when seen this morning, said that his client's liability to Messrs. Reid & Co. was far from being the amount mentioned in the capias, as they secured transfers of claims from other firms which at once increased the amount of the action. He further stated that a large proportion of the amount was in reality for payments not yet due in the ordinary course of business, although by the assignment they became immediate claims.

The friends of Mr. Guest are to be convened this afternoon, to divide among themselves in comparatively small amounts the heavy security which has to be given. If this attempt proves successful the security will be offered to-morrow, otherwise Mr. Cornellier proposes to contest the capias at once and further threatens a heavy action of damages, alleging that the proceedings were entirely malicious.

REFUSED PAYMENT.

A LITTLE BILL AGAINST THE MARKET COMMITTEE. Mr. A. Benoit, of St. Henri, has sent the chairman of markets a little bill, \$80, which he claims is still due him for work done at the west end abattoir three years ago during Ald. Beanslobel's chairmanship. Ald. Malone refused to sanction the payment, and asked for the production of a written order requiring Mr. Benoit to make the repairs (a fence, etc.). The latter declined to produce any authorization, and the matter will come up at next meeting of the market committee.

PERSONAL.

Sir Adolphe and Lady Caron are registered at the Windsor.

Judge Monk visited the Court House to-day. He is much better, though not altogether recovered.

Mr. W. E. Lambe, Collector of Provincial Revenue, is rusticating at Little Metis, but will return to the city on Saturday.

Mr. J. M. M. Duff, President of the Young Men's Temperance Electoral League, is expected home from England on the "Parisian," which is due at Quebec on Saturday.

Mr. A. M. Featherston, Dominion Vice-Councillor, Royal Templars, has returned from a trip to Muskoka, Grimsby Park and other Ontario resorts, with his health fully restored.

CITY ITEMS.

Work on several of the new sewers, owing to the quantity of rain, has been partially suspended.

John McCall, fireman in the "Sardinian," is under remand until Monday, charged with threatening the Chief Engineer.

Last evening several stallions on the wharf broke away from their groomers, and two of them were about to commence a fight on Commissioners street when Mr. Kimball deprived the gathering crowd of the spectacle, by parting the equine pugilists.

The French Brothers who are to take charge of the Technical school, erected by the F. H. Beaudry estate, and to whom reference has already been made in the Witness, will not be able to come before the middle of September.

SPORTS AND GAMES.

The Irish Cricketing Team won in the match with the Kingstoners yesterday. They go to Ottawa to play the Rideau Club.

Mr. Fraser's charges of professionalism against the Cornwallis have not been substantiated.

The stockholders of the St. George Club House Company, last evening, confirmed the purchase of 16,000 ft. of joining the Club House for a summer recreation ground.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE, Thursday, Aug. 23. FINANCIAL.

Money is quiet at 3 percent on call and at 6 percent on time.

Sterling exchange is firmer at 109 for sixty-day bills between banks and 109 1/2 for demand. Currency drafts on New York are drawn at 1-16 to 1-10 discount. Counter rates higher.

The stock market was very dull to-day, but values are firm.

Morning sales—2 Bank of Montreal, 224; 30 at 224 1/2; 5 Merchants, 139; 254 Commerce, 117 1/2; 5 Gas, 215; 25 Montreal Cotton, 79.

Afternoon sales—25 Bank of Montreal, 224; 100 Ontario, 124; 25 Commerce, 117 1/2; 5 Montreal Telegraph, 94.

The prices at the close of the Board to-day reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler, Stock Brokers, 175 1/2 Notre Dame street, corner St. Francois Xavier, were as follows:—

Table with 4 columns: Stocks, Sellers per \$100, Buyers per \$100, and Miscellaneous. Lists various stocks and their prices.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST—Aug. 23.

(Furnished by J. R. Mecker.) 15 St. Sacramento Street.

Table with 4 columns: Opening and Closing Prices, 10:30 a.m. and 3:40 p.m. Lists various stocks and their opening and closing prices.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

CABLE NOTES.

The Czar has presented his portrait to Count Herbert Bismarck.

The Russian press regards the visit to Germany of Signor Crispi with indifference. The Novoye Vremya says it cannot seriously influence the course of European events.

Admiral Krantz, Minister of Marine, has given orders for the equipment of eight iron clads to re-inforce the French squadron on the Mediterranean.

"AN INTERNATIONAL CALAMITY." LONDON, Aug. 23.—The Standard says: The rejection of the Fisheries Treaty is an international calamity.

GERMANY AND ZANZIBAR. LONDON, August 23.—Advice from Zanzibar says the action of the German Company in assuming the administration of the Zanzibar coast has greatly irritated the populace. It is reported that an armed force landed at Baginoy from a German gunboat, cut down the Sultan's flagstaff and removed the flag. Armed parties are also said to have been at other points and acted in a similar manner.

CANOEISTS DROWNED. PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 23.—The Rev. E. B. C. Comings, a Presbyterian minister, and Edward C. Orth, a civil engineer, members of the American Canoe Association, were drowned on Tuesday in the Conemaugh river by the upsetting of their boat.

DAMAGED BY FROST. ST. PAUL, Aug. 23.—Mr. Oliver Dalrymple, the bonanza farmer of Dakota, said yesterday that winter wheat has been greatly damaged by early frost and the crop will be short. Farmers will do well to hold their wheat just as long as possible, for it will be worth \$1 a bushel before long. There will be a short crop in Europe, and that, with the deficiency here, will make wheat so up to a high figure.

THE WISCONSIN HORROR. PARTICULARS OF THE DREADFUL CALAMITY. MILWAUKEE, August 23.—A special from Neenah, Wis., says: At 11:30 o'clock last evening three men were on the island between this city and Neenah, was destroyed by fire. While the burning structure was surrounded by a crowd of spectators the battery of boilers exploded. The roof and the walls were thrown outward, sending a shower of bricks and timbers among the spectators. Eighteen persons were killed, seven fatally injured and a number less severely hurt, several of whom shall die. The mill was a three-story structure built four years ago at a cost of \$100,000 and was operated by the large paper mill owned by Mr. George Whiting, situated on the island between this city and Neenah, was destroyed by fire. While the burning structure was surrounded by a crowd of spectators the battery of boilers exploded. The roof and the walls were thrown outward, sending a shower of bricks and timbers among the spectators. 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READABLE PARAGRAPHS.



—Harper's Weekly.

AN AMERICAN PATENT. "One of the most comical things I ever heard was told me in the Caucasus," said Dudley Winston, the young man who accompanied his father on the mission to Persia.

"Dees instrument," he said, "ees medd by ze fay-mous oose of Pat. Aug."

"What house did you say?" "Ze fay-mous 'ouse of Pat. Aug."

"Never heard of it," I said; "I guess you are mistaken."

"Moesteeked? No, sare. I have often heard of ze 'ouse, and I have often seen ze name of ze 'ouse. I will show him to you now. Oh, it is a firm which enjoys great fame here."

WHEN THE TRAIN LEFT. In Austin it is impossible to ascertain when any particular train leaves, without going to the depot and inquiring of the agent how many hours behind time the train is.

MASTER AND SCHOLAR. The Rev. Samuel J. May taught a small school in Nahant, Mass., for one summer, and among his pupils was John Lathrop Motley.

YOU SHOULD USE BANANAS for Piles; it will cure prices fifty cents—and Hannon's Electric Corn Remover—a painless and effective cure; only 15 cents. Ask druggists.

AN UNFORTUNATE FELLOW went to a miser and asked for a garment, saying his object was to have something to remember him by.

ONE THOUSAND large I. M. etchings and engravings given away for the next six weeks. Subjects by the most eminent artists to choose from for the price of the frame.

"Doctor," said a citizen, who was after some free medical advice, "I am restless, and sleep but little. Can you tell me what position I ought to take to obtain rest?"

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.

(Special to the Witness.)

QUEBEC, August 23.

NOTES. The Hon. Peter Mitchell, the Hon. Henry Staines and Senator Casgrain, of Windsor, Ont., have arrived in town.

The two young men who were supposed to have been lost on the river during Sunday's squall have since turned up all right.

The Chronicle predicts a scarcity of tonnage here this fall as few vessels are sailing for this port, although the timber market continues decidedly stronger, and the accounts from Great Britain, and especially from the Clyde, are encouraging.

The late Mr. A. Turcot, who was drowned at Pointe Claire, was interred here this morning in the family lot, the funeral being an exceedingly large one.

THE BROME LAKE FATALITIES.

(Special to the Witness.)

SUTTON, Que., Aug. 23, 2 p.m.—The greatest excitement prevails over the whole district at the tragic occurrence of yesterday, especially as neither of the bodies has yet been recovered.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Employment Wanted. Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

AGARDENER, thoroughly experienced young man, requires situation. First-class references, etc. A. B. C., 11 St. Monique street, city.

RESPECTABLE Young Girl desires an engagement to wait on a lady and children going to England; remuneration expected, passage paid for service rendered during the voyage. Apply at 15 Drummond street.

COMPOSITOR wants employment. Salary not considered so much as steady work. J. C. KENNEDY, 72 Dorchester st.

EMPLOYMENT Wanted, writing or copying, to do at home preferred. Address A. L. B., "Witness" Office.

SITUATION wanted by Man and Wife Man thoroughly understands care of horses, and wife a good cook or general servant. HOESE, 14, "Witness" Office.

SITUATION wanted by a young woman who is a first-class tablemaid. Apply to Mrs. BUTLER, 61 Major st.

VOICE TRAINING.—Young Lady, thoroughly competent to teach the Italian method, will give lessons at her own or pupils' residence. Address C. D., "Witness" Office.

WANTED, situations by two sisters as cook and housemaid; references given. Mrs. BECH, 105 Chevreuil st.

WANTED, by Commercial Traveller, 10 years' experience Ottawa Valley and Central Canada, dry goods, hats, caps or clothing. F. B., Box 50, Ottawa.

Situations Vacant.

Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

DRESSMAKING.—Improvers and Apprentices wanted for first-class work. Mme. BEN YURUP, 46 Cadieux street.

SALESMEN WANTED to canvass for a full line of baby clothing, bonnet, shoes, etc. Homan, energetic men, 25 years of age and over, can find steady work for the next twelve months. No experience needed. Full instructions given. Wm. H. HALL, 241 St. James street, Montreal, Q. J. W. BEALL, Manager. Special inducements to new men. Nurseries—Fossil, Ont. Estab. listed 1842. 405 acres, the largest Nurseries in Canada.

TEACHER Wanted, for Cote St. Ambrose Dissident School; member of Church of England preferred. Salary \$12 per month. Apply to JOSEPH NICKEL, Sec. Treas., New Glasgow, P. Q.

THOROUGH Servant wanted at 49 Clarke avenue, Cote St. Antoine (near cars). No washing or ironing.

WANTED, good plain Cooks, General Servants and young Nurses; also four good Dining Room Girls. Apply Mrs. O'BRIEN, 65 St. Antoine st.

WANTED, two good Waitresses. Apply to Mrs. BECH, 105 Chevreuil st.

WANTED, an experienced Teacher, holding a first-class model school diploma, for Charlton Academy; also a Female Teacher holding a first-class elementary diploma, for the elementary department. Address EDWIN HAY, Sec. Treas., Hatley, Que.

WANTED, a good, general Office hand. HANSON BROS., 42 St. John street.

WANTED, a Female Teacher, Protestant, for St. Urban Dissident School, Co. Chateaugay. Salary \$150 per month. Board \$5.00 per month. Address F. A. WILSON, Canadian Rubber Company, Montreal, P. Q.

WANTED, a Female Teacher, for the Protestant School at Pointe aux Trembles; must hold a diploma from the McGill Normal, and teach French and English. Apply to W. SINNAMON, Pointe-aux-Trembles (en face).

WANTED, a Young Woman, as Nurse for a baby. Apply at 37 Lorne avenue.

WANTED, good plain Cooks, Housemaids, Nurses, General Servants. Apply to Mrs. BIVA, 50 St. Catherine street.

WANTED, young lady as Clerk; must write a good hand and be quick at figures. Address LADY CLERK, 6, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, a respectable little Girl to assist in the care of two children. Apply at 69 Durocher street.

WANTED, good General Servant and Nurse; city references required; family only. Apply Office No. 6, No. 204 St. James st.

WANTED, a General Servant; must be a good plain cook and willing to either wash or iron; references required. Apply at 150 Mance st.

To Let.

Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

FURNISHED HOUSE, nice locality; medium sized, or would lease house and sell furniture. P. O. Box 1789.

TO LET, Furnished house, piano included, from 1st Sept. to May 1st; hot water heating, Gurney Range, etc.; corner house, situation first-class. No. 14 Prince Arthur street, afternoon.

TO LET, 11 roomed house, with parlour, bath and w.c. No. 251 St. Catherine st.

TO LET, Upper Tenement, 45 Lorne avenue; newly renovated; rent low. Apply to R. K. THOMAS, 30 St. John street, or 14 Cathcart.

TO LET, that very desirable, pleasantly situated House, 91 Union avenue; immediate possession. Apply at 77 Cathcart street.

TO LET, that most desirable first-class Dwelling, 91 Union avenue; immediate possession. Apply at 77 Cathcart street.

TO LET, Lower Dwellings of 152, 157 and 161 Mountain street; all in first-class order; drainage perfect. Apply to upper dwellings of each number.

TO LET, House No. 126 Maple street, first street east of St. Denis, above Sherbrooke street; has parlor, dining-room and kitchen on first floor; 3 bed rooms, bath and w.c.; large yard and stable; rent, \$12. Apply 50 Fort street.

HOUSE TO LET, No. 273 ST. CATHERINE STREET. (Two rooms heated by steam, in good condition. Immediate possession. Apply to WARDEN KING & SON, 67 Craig street.

TO LET, 160 MANCE STREET. House in perfect order; first-class in every respect and heated by Daisy hot water furnace. Apply at No. 158.

TO LET, ready for 1st September, SELF-CONTAINED COTTAGE HOUSE, heated with hot water, 10 ROOMS; rent \$25 and taxes. Situate on FEELE STREET, one door above Sherbrooke. Apply W. L. MALTBY, 1764 Notre Dame Street.

Board and Rooms Wanted. Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

BOARD Wanted for gentleman and wife, and four children from ten to fourteen years of age. BOARD "Witness" Office.

MARRIED COUPLE want Room and Board from 1st September. Private family preferred. State terms. Address F. S., "Witness" Office.

WANTED, by a young married couple, two furnished Rooms, near city, on moderate terms. Address H. E. R., Box 125.

WANTED immediately, by a married couple, with a baby, Two Unfurnished Rooms, on moderate terms, on St. George street or thereabouts. State terms. Address ROOMS 25, "Witness" Office.

CENTRAL VERMONT R. R.

Trains Leave Bonaventure Station, Montreal.

1.25 a.m.—Arriving St. Johns 8.35 a.m., Farham 9.55 a.m., Grady 11.20 a.m., Waterloo 12.40 p.m. 3.30 a.m.—White Mountain Express arriving Wells River 2.37 p.m., Littleton 3.37 p.m., Bethlehem 4.25 p.m., J. P. House 4.45 p.m., Tern Mountain House 4.15 p.m., Fayans 4.35 p.m., Crawford House 5 p.m., Summit Mount Washington 6.30 p.m., Portland 8 p.m., Old Orchard Beach 8.30 p.m. Pullman Buffet Parlor Car to Fayans. 8.30 a.m.—Fast Train, arriving at St. Albans 10.50 a.m., Burlington 12.10 p.m., Montpelier 12.50 p.m., White River Junction 2.35 p.m., Boston via Lowell, 7.25 p.m., New York, via Springfield, 10.00 p.m. Pullman Buffet Parlor Car to Boston. 4.30 p.m.—New York Express, daily, arriving at St. Albans 6.50 p.m., Burlington 8.11 p.m., Rutland 10.30 p.m., Troy 2.50 a.m., Albany 3.28 a.m., New York 7.00 a.m., daily (Sunday excepted), arriving Worcester 4.45 a.m., Boston 8.05 a.m., via Holland, Lowell Falls and Ferrisburgh. Wagner's New Palace Sleeping Cars, Montreal to New York, and St. Albans to Boston. 5.50 p.m.—Express arriving Farham 7.07 p.m., Grady 7.42 p.m., Waterloo 8.15 p.m. 8.30 p.m.—Boston Night Express, daily, for St. Albans, White River Junction, Manchester, Nashua, arriving Boston, via Lowell, 8.30 a.m., daily, (except Sunday) for Ferrisburgh arriving 9.35 a.m., New York, via Northampton, Holyoke, Springfield and New Haven, 11.45 a.m. This train makes close connection at Nashua and Wickford for Worcester, Providence, and all points on New York and New England Railroads. Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars to Boston and Springfield. For Tickets, Time Tables and all information, apply at Windsor and Balmoral Hotels, and Grand Trunk Office, or at the Company's Office, 136 St. James st. A. C. STONEGRAVE, Canadian Pass. Agent. J. W. ROBERT, S. W. CUMMINGS, Gen'l. Manager, Gen'l. Pass. Agent. June 25th, 1888.

SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY.

WHERE AND WHEN TO GO, BY RAIL AND RIVER.

The following time tables show at a glance the various places where Montrealers can spend their Saturday half holiday, with the time of leaving and of returning, by train or by steamboat.

Table with columns: Leave Montreal, Place, Arrive Montreal, Arrive Grand Trunk. Rows include Lac Beauport, Dorval, Valois, Pointe Claire, St. Ann's, etc.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Table with columns: Leave Montreal, Place, Arrive Montreal, Arrive Grand Trunk. Rows include Lac Beauport, Dorval, Valois, Pointe Claire, St. Ann's, etc.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Table with columns: Leave Montreal, Place, Arrive Montreal, Arrive Grand Trunk. Rows include Mile End, Sault aux Recollets, St. Martin Junction, etc.

Property.

NOTICE under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY for sale or to let, with engine, boiler, shafting and belting. An isolated solidly built brick factory of two stories, suitable for many sorts of manufacturing purposes, for sale or to let. It is situated in the flourishing village of Ste. Therese, P. Q., twenty miles from Montreal; it is in a good position, being contiguous to the railway station; trains from Montreal three times a day. For particulars address FACTORY, "Witness" Office.

FOR SALE, on reasonable terms, in the village of Lacolle, a Stone Cottage and Outbuildings, and three-quarters of an acre of land. For further particulars apply to TREMBLAY, notary, Lacolle, or to MR. GEORGE GRAHAM, Victoria Square, Montreal.

FOR PROMPT SALE. BUILDING LOT, corner St. James and Mountain sts. Valuable lot—the only one left in this block for sale. R. S. THOMAS, 30 St. John st.

FOR SALE! THE FARM OF THE LATE COL. READY, situated at Melbourn, Que., containing 150 acres of land, 110 of which are cleared and in a high state of cultivation. The finest built house in Melbourn, costing the former proprietor over \$1,500,000. Good barns and outbuildings; two miles from village, two and a half from Richmond station; will be sold at a bargain. Apply to FRED J. PENFOLD, Coaticook, Que.

FOR SALE, at Melbourn, Que., a Farm of 100 acres, nearly all of which is clear and in a high state of cultivation; half a mile from post-office; one mile from Richmond Station; splendid barns, which are 100, outbuildings and farmer's house. For terms apply to FRED J. PENFOLD, Coaticook, Que.

REAL ESTATE. House and Building Lots for Sale in all parts of the City. F. McMANN, Real Estate Agent, 135 St. James street.

TO LET OR FOR SALE. POSSESSION 1st SEPTEMBER. House, 128 Mansfield street, with stabling; cheerful, healthy house; special ventilating shafts through roof; extensive dining room; conservatory of flowers; large sleeping rooms; economical heating apparatus, first-class order. Stabling for three horses, coach house, harness room, etc. Apply W. L. MALTBY, 1764 Notre Dame st.

BLACKSMITH WANTED, for general jobbing. Apply to W. H. CHAPPEL, Fort Stourie, P. Q.

Wanted. Notices under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

INFORMATION wanted concerning WM. PARKER, aged 15 years; came from England per SS. "Circassian" July last, kindly address Rev. ROBERT ACTON, Immigration Chaplain, 313 Craig street.

WANTED, a meeting-room for religious services. Sundays only. Near St. Catherine street preferred. Address J. B. DAVENPORT, 20 McGill College ave. up.

WANTED, a Photographic Camera and View Lens, to make a picture of a 2 1/2 or larger, with extra dark slides and tripod. Address, stating lowest cash price, DARR SLIDE, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, two flats, about 40 feet long, with steam heat. Address, with particulars, JAMES ROSS, 10 Grey Nun street.

WANTED, a first-class Concertina, 25 or 30 keys; must be set in B flat, A flat or G; one of Jeffrey preferred. Address A. BRICE, 20 Alexander st., Montreal.

WANTED, a small furnished House for 1st September. Address Box 777 Post Office.

WANTED—A French Protestant family, in comfortable circumstances, wish to place their daughter in a family near some of the Montreal School Commissioners, and take in exchange a young girl, with the advantage of French education. Apply to MR. PAVAN, 31 St. Jacques.

\$500 Loan wanted on a Farm situated on the first range of Deslatory, Lot No. 6 and 7, containing two hundred acres, with House, Barn and Stables; about thirty acres cleared; 6 or 7 miles from the village of St. Jovite, in the County of Tremblay. Parties having money to loan for a term of ten years, repayable in yearly instalments of fifty dollars of the principal; will give a mortgage; title is clear; I will give reasonable interest. Address W. G. BENNETT, Antoinette, Que.

WANTED TO PURCHASE. A small HOUSE, costing from \$1,000 to \$2,000. G. D. ROSS, Real Estate Agent, 1613 Notre Dame street.

\$13,000 FOR SALE, 130,000 FEET OF LAND, with a large Stone Building, 70 x 40; three stories high; strong; suitable for heavy machinery; alongside G. T. R. track and canal. Apply to W. L. MALTBY, Manager, 1764 Notre Dame street.

Last Edition

SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAY.

Advertisers will please send in their advertisements as early as possible on Friday for Saturday's issue.

THE CANOE CAPSIZED.

TWO YOUNG MONTREALERS DROWNED IN BROME LAKE.

A melancholy double drowning fatality, by which two promising young lives have been cut off, occurred at Knowlton Landing, on Brome Lake, yesterday forenoon at half-past eleven. The victims are two young Montrealers, who were engaged to be married.

Mr. Archibald's family had been spending their holidays down at Knowlton, and last Saturday week were joined by Mr. W. Hilton. The weather had been so disagreeable that not much boating could be indulged in until yesterday, when a boating party was organized.

The sail in the canoe was hoisted, and as there was a fair wind blowing at the time it made good headway and had soon passed the larger boat, which was proceeding slowly. When about half a mile apart a stiff breeze sprang up, and all at once the sail of the canoe was noticed to tip over and the canoe to lurch to one side and then come up again empty.

As soon as he had landed them he went back to the fatal spot, but the storm by this time was such that he could not master the boat, and had to return to the shore. The ladies had in the meantime gone off for assistance, and immediately a boat again set out. The spot where the accident happened was soon reached.

The canoe was floating on its side; the hats of her two occupants were seen floating near to the place. A search for the bodies was soon made, but up to last night without success.

The young couple whose lives have been thus ended were much attached to one another. Miss Archibald was only 21 years of age, and was a general favorite with all who knew her. She was a young lady of accomplishments; a Sunday school teacher in the St. James street Methodist Church, to which they both belonged.

She and her sister took a leading part in the bazaar, held in aid of the church last fall. Mr. Hilton was about the same age, had just passed his first year as a medical student at McGill with much success, and had a fine future before him.

He was a first-rate swimmer, so that either he became entangled, or in trying to support his companion they went down together. The bereaved families are terribly affected by the calamity which has fallen on them. Mr. Archibald's brother-in-law, Mr. Robertson, left last night for Knowlton.

THE HEALTH OF SCHOOL CHILDREN. PROPER BREATHING SPACE NOT YET ASSURED.

"Yes," said Mr. Radford to a Witness reporter, "the city schools will be opening in a few days now."

"Have they all been placed in a thoroughly sanitary condition?"

"No."

"Has the breathing space recommended by the Central Board as necessary for each pupil's health been provided?"

"No. In some cases there is ample space, and no improvements are necessary, but in other there is a great deficiency."

"How about the sanitation?"

"The new system recommended has been placed in the Royal Arthur, the Jubilee and another Protestant school. I shall make a special report shortly, stating what has and what has not been done."

THE NEGOTIATIONS FELL THROUGH. BUT THE BEET SUGAR FACTORY IS EXPECTED TO START WORK THIS FALL.

Baron Seillers, who has been trying to work up the beet sugar enterprise in Canada again, and expected the cooperation of certain rich Americans, hoped to buy the Berthier works for \$50,000, but the sum of \$100,000 is asked of him, with an acceptance of all the Company's obligations to farmers, so the negotiations have fallen through and the Baron goes home.

The present Company, however, has sent an agent to Germany to buy \$1,000 worth of seed, which will be distributed free to farmers. Agents will also be sent to show these farmers how to cultivate the beet most profitably.

The farmers around Berthier have already begun the work of the root, and are expected to furnish the sugar factory with a 900 tons this fall. That will be a beginning, though the factory could take about 40,000 tons. The farmers are expected to raise 15 tons per acre, for which they will get \$4 a ton.

JAMMED BY THE CAR. At half past nine last night, while Owen McDowell, who lived at the rear of 111 Shaw street, was leading his horse round the corner of Craig and Shaw streets, he was jammed between a street-car and his own wagon, which was loaded with wood.

The street-car was stopped by the wood, and McDowell, assisted from between the vehicles, when it was found that he had a bad wound in the side of his head which bled profusely, and three teeth had been knocked out. The Notre Dame ambulance was called, but as the injured man was so near home he preferred to go there.

INTO AN EXCAVATION. This morning an old woman passing along St. Catherine street, near Wolfe street, fell into a ditch, six feet deep, that had been dug across the sidewalk for a drain. Two planks had been laid across, but she missed her footing and the result was a broken leg. She was taken to Notre Dame Hospital in the ambulance.

THE SOREL RAILWAY BRIDGE. Plans of the \$100,000 bridge to be built by the Sorel Railway at that town over the Richelieu have been prepared for submission to the town council, which is expected to pay part of the cost. Soundings have been made at two points.

ON THE NOR WEST COAST.

THE SHIFTING AND RESTLESS INDIANS OF SKEENA.

CHILD-LIKE BUT MANLY RED MEN WHO BEAD CHARACTERS ACCURATELY—MUCH SICKNESS, TROUBLE AND FEW DOMESTIC VIRTUES—THE GREAT SALMON CANNERIES—BAD SANITARY CONDITION—MAGNIFICENT SCENERY.

(From Our Special Correspondent with the Skeena River Expedition.)

PORT ESSINGTON, on the Skeena River, B. C., August 10th, 1888.

Since the departure of the troops and of the special constables, life at Port Essington has resumed its ordinary quiet tenor. The trouble at Hazelton, which was never very serious, though it might easily have become so for the few white people at that settlement, is now a thing of the past. There appears to be little to learn by visiting that place at present, so that I can at least postpone an expensive, tedious voyage by canoe to the Forks. I intend to go further north on the first opportunity that offers, and will visit Metlakahla, the scene of the labours of the famous Mr. Duncan, and thence go to Fort Simpson, further north on the same peninsula, and next across the Sound to Fort Tongas in Alaska, near which the exiled Metlakahlas are now living. I have already seen so much that is interesting, that it is difficult to deal with everything in the small space you are able to devote to the subject.

After leaving the shelter of Vancouver Island and facing for a few hours the humors of the Pacific Ocean, we came to Rivers Inlet and ascended it some 25 miles to the head, where there are large salmon canneries. This industry is by far the largest on the coast, the canneries are extremely picturesque but ill-smelling. One of the Skeena canneries packed 750,000 cans this summer, representing perhaps 180,000 salmon.

The catch seems to average 12 pounds, the spring salmon about 25 pounds, and occasional specimens range from 50 up to 75 pounds. The boats, flat bottomed and unseaworthy, are manned by about equal numbers of whites and Indians who extend nets across the inlets in certain tides. The fish caught in meshes by the gills are taken to the cannery and thrown in a gleaming heap on a raft. They are then conveyed into the building, where Chinamen and Indian women are engaged in cleaning them. The heads and tails are removed and they are then cut, crammed into tins which are made on the spot, soldered and tested, boiled, and then baked. After being again tested, they are finally piled upon a stack, which numbered tens of thousands when I saw them. The cans are ultimately lacquered, labelled and packed in boxes turned out from a neighboring saw mill and factory. They are then shipped to the Victoria market, where the demand exceeds the supply. I consider the actual process cleanly; although some of the canneries are

UNAPPROACHABLE FOR FOULNESS at low tide. Severe measures should be taken by the Government or a fearful outbreak of illness will some day occur. There is a chance on the coast for a certain class of white men, such as Maritime Province fishermen of temperate habits and with moderate families. Pay averages about \$60 a month for the canning season, and the year can be eked out with gardening, wood cutting and hunting. Fish and deer meat are absurdly cheap, and small game and wild fruit fairly plentiful.

NATURE IN HER GRANDUEUR. North of Rivers Inlet the country changes in character, deep mountain-bound channels, cloudy and snowy altitudes, and superb cataracts being the chief features of the scenery. The grandeur of the passes increases with the advance northward. Although the mountains are only three or four thousand feet high at the most, they are impressive when viewed from the small vessel sailing between them over the deep waters in perfect solitude. As we pass from the wide sunny pleasant waters of Tolmie Channel, which divides Princess Royal Island from the mainland, into the solemn abyss of the narrow mountain shadows of the Graham and Fraser Reaches, the declining day darkens the huge and clouded gateways of Grenville Channel between Pitt Island and the coast. The northern twilight, the gloom of impending walls and the heavy shadows of the pinewood, the trailing clouds leaning down over the black waters find a response in our nature and we are silent with awe and reverence.

The mountains are scarred with the marks of avalanches—swathes which begin at the mountain top and run broadening down to the waters edge, cut clean to the naked rock in places, in others left with half grown bushes, with an awful tangle of the dead bodies of pine trees at the bottom, half immersed, black and confused. The streams, even at a comparatively dry season, make numerous and superb waterfalls, varying from a thread of white, two thousand feet or more in height, to the rush of a river from some gap over a precipitous bank of rock.

PORT ESSINGTON. We came to Port Essington early in the morning, before the night mist had lifted from the great mountain bound outlet of the Skeena River. The surrounding scenery is very grand; and the village at a distance spreads low and white under the mountain shadow, resting on a peninsula, above which opens the magnificent vista of the Oxtail Inlet. The surrounding summits are not over 3,000 feet high, but

THE SNOW NEVER MELTS on the high ground. There are several hot mineral springs up the main inlet, and the Indians and whites derive from the nearest one great and constant benefit. They say that last summer a sick man went to sleep in the tank, and remained seven hours in it; he weakened and died in a few days. It is a delightful bath where one can lie looking up into the pine trees, and rest.

THE CANNERIES. There are five canneries on the Skeena; and at Essington, where there are two, there is a saw-mill and a capital trading post, a large Indian village, and Methodist and Anglican missions.

THE DROWNING OF MR. SHELTON. A party of five persons recently travelling in a canoe on the inlet were captured; and, including Mr. Sheldon, the English missionary, and Mrs. Cunningham, who were greatly respected, they were all but one drowned. This disaster has greatly saddened the people.

A SKEENA INDIAN VILLAGE. With the exception of the bad whites, whose example is most pernicious, the people are orderly and well-behaved, and the village—barren—is a pleasant little place where there is much to see among the shifting and restless Indian bands of mixed life under queer primitive conditions. There is an awful lot of sickness and trouble among them, and very little domestic virtue; but the men show manliness and endurance, and they are all very like children in their ways. They are keen judges of character, and know the value of a white man at a glance, respecting or despising him according to his merits. They look upon our race as friendly, and necessary to their well-being.

A PICNIC ON THE SKEENA. Yesterday was marked by one of the jolliest picnics on record, a party of six, including

your correspondent, ascending the Oxtail Inlet for some miles to the We-tim-otza cascade. The scenery improved with every mile, the mountains becoming more precipitous, the water-falls larger and more beautiful, until opposite the cascade reached a climax. We had just passed a precipice 2,000 feet high, and a gem of an inlet, when the crests of a precipitous snow-capped mountain, with walls of 3,000 feet, barred the way. The mountain walls were slate, slashed with silver grey, and far up to the right was a large glacier half hid in cloud. Rounding a point where fine groups of pines stood high over the bright underbrush we came to a bay, and at the far side, landing beside a broad chute, paused above a pool in the woods, and a gravel beach. From the far side poured down a dazzling white cascade some two hundred feet in apparent height, and broadening as it descended from steep ledges, casting only spray and vapor, and drowning the voices of the surrounding hills with a tumult of sound, and calling forth a perpetual echo. Not only does the We-tim-otza rank among

THE GREAT CATARACTS OF CANADA, but it is surrounded by unusual attractions apart from the superb scenery. There are trout and salmon, deer, bears and wild geese. Here is wild fruit in the woods, good bathing and endless chances for pleasant exploration of unvisited places near by. Apart from the rainy climate it would be hard to find a pleasanter camping ground.

SOMETHING ABOUT SKEENA DIETES. The diet here is curious. Salmon is the staple food; the local cow is milked with a can opener; the meat is butchered with the same tool; and the luxuries are oolachan or candle fish, and "le broo," or the suds of soap berry (seen on a paddle shaped stick sitting in a circle round a wash basin in which the suds are brewed with the salmon berry, a common large blueberry, hillyberry, thimble berry and salt berry. Bear and deer meat are also much eaten. The nostrils may also reveal in natural perfumes in the woods, which are a pleasant contrast to those about the villages, which are very pronounced at low tide.

Altogether Skeena River may well be recommended in fine weather to the tourist for sport, scenery and the picturesque, and the people are warm-hearted and hospitable to a degree not often met with. The best time is from the 10th of July to the 10th of August, when the salmon fishing and canning the berries and the fine weather are all in full blast.

By the next boat you shall have an account of the famous Metlakahla and Fort Simpson on the Chimsian peninsula, and at Tonga, Alaska, it will be possible, perhaps, to get some news of the seal fishery trouble on Behring's Sea.

A BRITISH COLUMBIAN VIEW.

THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT BLAMED FOR LEAVING THE INDIANS UNGOVERNED—THE MISSIONARIES NOT TO BLAME.

The British Columbian editorially says:—The Montreal Witness is deserving of credit for its enterprise in employing a special correspondent to visit the Skeena Indian reservation in this province. In its weekly issue of August 1st it exhibits a map of the north-west coast of British Columbia, embracing the principal Indian settlements from Alaska to the southern end of Queen Charlotte's Island. The information given in the Witness, although not new to British Columbians, who have often heard of the difficulties amongst the Indians on a brief but correct statement of the true state of the Indian difficulty, and their probable cause or causes. The people of British Columbia generally have paid very little attention to the reports that at times appeared with regard to the troubles between the various tribes of Indians themselves and the jealousies that have existed between the missionaries who have been engaged in the work of Christian civilization among the benighted red men. Nobody has any right to blame the missionaries for the apparent discontent discovered to exist amongst the Indians, according to the report of the late commission sent by the action of the Dominion and Provincial Governments. While it may be true that the teaching and training by the seemingly antagonistic missionaries may have produced a conflicting state of things, and a feeling of subordination in the minds of the partially civilized and Christianized natives, yet the missionaries are not directly chargeable with the seemingly deplorable state of things found there at present. It would appear, however, to be a deplorable fact that the missionaries have not set a good example of peace and good-will before the natives. In their native shrewdness they must have been puzzled to understand why God sent teachers did not practise more towards one another that good-will and brotherly love which their professed mission indicated. It must be acknowledged that the example furnished by some of the manifestations of bad feeling between the various representatives of Christianity on the northwest coast of British Columbia has not been without its bad effect upon the native tribes. But the chief blame for this state of things at present must be laid at the doors of the Provincial and Dominion Governments, especially the Provincial Government, which deals more directly with the Indians as to civil jurisdiction. The Indians, no doubt, have been educated up in this matter. The fact of the matter seems to be that the spiritual teachers among the Indians were allowed to both teach and govern at will. The local government was only too glad to shirk the responsibility of governing, and left the field to the spiritual teacher and the worldly adventurer, who has not been slack to introduce other kinds of "spirits," which the Indians themselves have often protested against.

THE RETORT COURTEOUS.

WHAT THE SALVATION ARMY ORGAN HAS TO OBSERVE TO CHIEF HUGHES.

The last number of the War Cry has the following editorial note, under the heading, "A Clean Sweeper:—New brooms proverbially sweep clean, and it would appear that the recently appointed Chief Constable at Montreal is determined to assert his right to this qualification. He has been giving in very plain terms his opinion of the Salvation Army, and although we do not know that his ideas affect anyone very much, he is there to do his duty, not to ventilate his opinions and prejudices; we feel bound to notice the very sweeping terms he applies to our comrades in his city. He not only declares that they are a nuisance, but expresses with great earnestness his desire that they were all swept into the St. Lawrence. We have no opinion of the Chief's law upon nuisances, preferring to accept the fiat of the Lord Chief Justice of England—quoted and acted upon more than once, if we mistake not by the Recorder of Montreal—and we have less opinion of his good taste and kindness of disposition, but this, notwithstanding, we must express our regret that any public official occupying so responsible a position in such an important community should have so far forgotten himself, and that instead of magnifying his office he should have degraded it by language, the violence of which is only befitting Joe Beef's canteen or Bonsecours Market.

FOR LEGISLATIVE COUNCILLOR.

The name of the Hon. Mr. Champagne, Legislative Councillor, is being mentioned as probable to receive the appointment of magistrate for the new court to be established at St. Joseph, St. Estache; Dr. Prevost, of St. Jerome, and Mr. T. Lapointe, of Terrebonne, are in their turn spoken of as his probable successors in the Legislative Council.

ON THE UNIVERSITY SITE.

UNBIGHTLY AND ILLEGAL BUILDINGS WHERE LAVAL IS EXPECTED TO RAISE ITS STAFFS HEAD.

The Laval University site, at the corner of Ontario and St. Denis streets, has long been adorned with a butcher's shanty, denominated by the proud owner "the East End Beaver Hall," or some such high sounding name. It was often asked why this unsightly wooden building, contrary to the by-law, was allowed to disgrace so respectable a neighborhood. To-day people are asking why an additional shanty has been erected right at the corner of St. Denis street.

A Witness reporter, in conversation with the Building Inspector, was informed that an action had been entered, in the latter case, against the proprietors of the land,—namely, the University,—for allowing a building contrary to law. It seems that the University itself is not to blame in the matter, but that the unsightly sheds are due to an ex-alderman who has leased the land at a nominal figure from the Laval authorities, and is permitting persons to build temporarily as described. The butcher's shop was duly ordered to be bricked by Mr. Lacroix some time ago, but the ex-alderman in question made it his business to see several members of the Fire Committee, and the order has, consequently, remained in abeyance ever since. The structures are, of course, intended to be temporary, the site being held for the university building. In the meantime the law says that they must be bricked or razed to the ground.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE, Thursday, Aug. 23. WHOLESALE PRICES.

The British grain markets continue strong. Berthel's cable advices to-day are as follows: Carcass of coast, wheat and corn, strong. Carcass on passage and for shipment, wheat improving; corn, strong. California wheat, off coast, 39s 6d; Red Winter wheat, for prompt shipment, 37s; do., present and following month, 37s; do., California wheat, promptly to be shipped, 40s; do., nearly due, 39s 6d. French country markets, generally dearer. Liverpool wheat and corn, spot, strong. Liverpool standard California wheat, including Club white, 7s 4d to 7s 11d; do. fair average Red winter wheat, 7s 8d; do. white Michigan wheat, 7s 8d; do. Red American Spring wheat, 7s 7d; do. Liverpool mixed maize, 7s 8d; Canadian peas, 4s 2d. Weather in England, wet. Minnesota first bakers flour, 25s. Danubian maize, ex ship, 22s 6d; prompt, 22s 6d. Arrivals of wheat cargoes one, waiting four, sold. Number maize cargoes on coast, 20; do. Australian wheat, off coast, 32s 6d; present and following month, 32s; Chilean wheat, do., 27s; present and following month, 27s 6d; Walla Walla wheat, do. 27s 6d; present and following month, 27s 6d.

Liverpool, 2.30 p.m.—Prime Western land, 45s. Flour—Receipts, 2,910 bins. The market is fairly active. A sale of 1,000 bins, straight roller at \$4.50 was reported on "Change to-day." Patent (Winter) \$4.50 to \$5.00; Patent (Spring), \$4.50 to \$5.00; Straight Roller, \$4.70 to \$4.80; Extra, \$4.45 to \$4.50; Superfine, \$3.50 to \$4.00; Stone Bakers', \$4.00 to \$4.75; Ontario barge, \$3.50 to \$4.00; do. Superior, \$1.93. City Strong Bakers', in 140 lb. sacks (delivered), per 100 lbs., \$4.50 to \$4.60.

Maize—Unchanged. We quote—Granulated at \$3.75 to \$3.90; standard, at \$3.55 to \$3.70. GRAIN.—The market is reported firm. No sales were reported to-day. The following are the quotations:—Canada Red Winter wheat, \$1.05; Canada White Winter wheat, \$1.05; Canada Spring nominal; No. 1 hard Manitoba, \$1.07 to \$1.08; No. 2, do., \$1.05 to \$1.06; No. 3, do., \$1.03 to \$1.04; No. 4, do., \$1.01 to \$1.02; No. 5, do., \$1.00 to \$1.01; No. 6, do., \$0.98 to \$0.99; No. 7, do., \$0.96 to \$0.97; No. 8, do., \$0.94 to \$0.95; No. 9, do., \$0.92 to \$0.93; No. 10, do., \$0.90 to \$0.91; No. 11, do., \$0.88 to \$0.89; No. 12, do., \$0.86 to \$0.87; No. 13, do., \$0.84 to \$0.85; No. 14, do., \$0.82 to \$0.83; No. 15, do., \$0.80 to \$0.81; No. 16, do., \$0.78 to \$0.79; No. 17, do., \$0.76 to \$0.77; No. 18, do., \$0.74 to \$0.75; No. 19, do., \$0.72 to \$0.73; No. 20, do., \$0.70 to \$0.71; No. 21, do., \$0.68 to \$0.69; No. 22, do., \$0.66 to \$0.67; No. 23, do., \$0.64 to \$0.65; No. 24, do., \$0.62 to \$0.63; No. 25, do., \$0.60 to \$0.61; No. 26, do., \$0.58 to \$0.59; No. 27, do., \$0.56 to \$0.57; No. 28, do., \$0.54 to \$0.55; No. 29, do., \$0.52 to \$0.53; No. 30, do., \$0.50 to \$0.51; No. 31, do., \$0.48 to \$0.49; No. 32, do., \$0.46 to \$0.47; No. 33, do., \$0.44 to \$0.45; No. 34, do., \$0.42 to \$0.43; No. 35, do., \$0.40 to \$0.41; No. 36, do., \$0.38 to \$0.39; No. 37, do., \$0.36 to \$0.37; No. 38, do., \$0.34 to \$0.35; No. 39, do., \$0.32 to \$0.33; No. 40, do., \$0.30 to \$0.31; No. 41, do., \$0.28 to \$0.29; No. 42, do., \$0.26 to \$0.27; No. 43, do., \$0.24 to \$0.25; No. 44, do., \$0.22 to \$0.23; No. 45, do., \$0.20 to \$0.21; No. 46, do., \$0.18 to \$0.19; No. 47, do., \$0.16 to \$0.17; No. 48, do., \$0.14 to \$0.15; No. 49, do., \$0.12 to \$0.13; No. 50, do., \$0.10 to \$0.11; No. 51, do., \$0.08 to \$0.09; No. 52, do., \$0.06 to \$0.07; No. 53, do., \$0.04 to \$0.05; No. 54, do., \$0.02 to \$0.03; No. 55, do., \$0.00 to \$0.01; No. 56, do., \$0.00 to \$0.01; No. 57, do., \$0.00 to \$0.01; No. 58, do., \$0.00 to \$0.01; No. 59, do., \$0.00 to \$0.01; No. 60, do., \$0.00 to \$0.01; No. 61, do., \$0.00 to \$0.01; No. 62, do., \$0.00 to \$0.01; 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