The Montreal Daily Star

VOL. XVIII., NO. 200. MONTREAL, THURSDAY, AUGUST 26, 1886. PRICE ONE CENT.

ALEXANDER RECALLED.

The Bulgarian Rebel Ministry Overthrown.

Imprisonment of Its Chief Members—The Old Ministry Reinstated—The People Demand Alexander's Restoration—The Prince Released and en Route to Germany—Sofia Besieged.

SOFIA, August 25.—The provisional Government created by the revolutionists has been overthrown. M. Clement, M. Groueff and M. Saukoff, three of its members, have been arrested and thrown into prison and the old ministry reinstated. The deception practised upon them by the circulation of a report that Prince Alexander voluntarily abdicated has exasperated the troops and civilians alike, and a revolution of popular feeling in favor of the deposed ruler is as general as it is intense. A deputation has started out to find the Prince and assure him of the loyalty of the Bulgarian people and army and to endeavor to persuade him to return.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT'S PROCLAMATION.

TIRNOVA, August 25.—The following proclamation has been issued: "In the name of Prince Alexander and the Bulgarian Parliament, I hereby declare that I have assumed the direction of the provisional Government at Sofia. Persons failing to conform therewith will be dealt with by military law. I appoint Col. Mouttkaroff, commander-in-chief of the army, with full civil and military powers. I appeal to Bulgarians to defend the crown or their fatherland against the traitors seeking to dethrone our heroic and beloved prince, who was chosen by the people as their ruler. Long live Alexander." The proclamation is signed "Stambuloff" and countersigned "Mouttkaroff."

ALEXANDER NOT A PRISONER.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 25.—It is announced that Prince Alexander arrived at Reni yesterday, that he immediately proceeded to Austria and that he was in nowise a prisoner.

BUCHAREST, August 25.—The commander of the yacht on which it has been stated Prince Alexander is kept prisoner has telegraphed from Reni to Sofia asking for instructions. He asserts that he immediately received orders to convey the Prince back to Sofia. Despatches from Widdin state the counter revolution has been successful.

BUCHAREST, August 25.—Prince Alexander has left Reni for either Darmstadt or Berlin. His yacht has proceeded to Galatz. The direction of affairs at Sofia has been entrusted to Major Panoff. The fall of the rebel cabinet at Sofia is confirmed. It is reported that the leaders of the revolution are fleeing to Servia. The ministerial *Vountza* states that Russia forbade Alexander to land in Russian territory. The Rutschuk garrison has declared its loyalty to the Stambuloff cabinet. Meetings are being held everywhere in Bulgaria in favor of Alexander. If he does not return to Bulgaria speedily a regency will be proclaimed.

All accounts agree that Alexander was in the hands of Russian plotters until Reni was reached, when he was released and told to go wherever he liked. It is stated that Alexander absolutely refused to sign the deed of abdication.

BULGARIAN PATRIOTS SUMMONED.

PHILIPPOPOLIS, August 25.—Colonel Montkouroff, commander of the Eastern Roumelian troops, has issued a proclamation summoning "Patriots to defend the honor of Prince Alexander and Bulgaria." Soldiers everywhere throughout eastern Roumelia are declaring for Alexander, but so far there has been no disorder.

LONDON, August 25.—The garrison of Rustchuk, which remains loyal to Alexander, is marching to Sofia. Loyalists are besieging the latter town.

RUSSIA'S DESIGNS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 25.—Diplomatists believe that Russia will not permit Alexander to return to Bulgaria, even if the counter revolutionist troops be successful in his favor. Russia will rather, diplomatists insist, that the Bulgarian assembly shall choose a new ruler. The Powers undoubtedly desire to localize the question, but a demand upon the Czar to allow the return of Alexander might result in making the whole matter an international affair.

VIENNA, August 25.—The *Tagsblatt* says the Russian ministers of war and marine have been summoned to St. Petersburg. The Black Sea fleet has been ordered to be in readiness for a cruise. Several Russian steamship companies have been ordered to equip troop transports.

The *Nouvelle Vedomiosti* of St. Petersburg agree that the state of anarchy existing in Bulgaria has rendered Russian intervention more necessary to prevent its spread to the whole Balkan peninsula. The *Vedomiosti* says: "We do not advocate the occupation of Bulgaria by Russia. That is not worth the fresh bloodshed it would entail."

A DEPRESSED STOCK MARKET.

LONDON, August 25.—The stock market closed flat on the serious aspect of the situation in Bulgaria and in anticipation of a higher bank rate to-morrow.

PARIS, August 25. The bourse was depressed at the closing owing to the reported restoration of the Alexander ministry in Bulgaria.

BERLIN, August 25. The bourse closed to-day with a general decline, owing to the gloomy views of the political situation expressed by the English and Russian press.

MR. GLADSTONE'S OPINION.

Mr. Gladstone who arrived at Brussels last evening, told a journalist that he believed Prince Alexander would not return to Bulgaria, but in the present state of affairs it was difficult to form an opinion.

NEWS OF THE WORLD CONDENSED.

Cable.

The firemen succeeded in confining the fire in the warehouse of J. B. Melladen, Neptune street, Liverpool, to the upper floors. Loss heavy.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher is ill, and has cancelled his lecture engagement at New Brighton for next Friday, and has gone to the Hydropathic Institute at Moxat, Lunaleeshire, Scotland.

By the collapse of a wall of a steel ingot warehouse at Sheffield, Eng., yesterday, a number of children who had been playing on the pavement were killed and injured. Seven dead bodies have already been recovered from the ruins.

On August 14th the British corvette "Diamond" took possession in the name of the British Crown of the Kermadec Islands in the South Pacific ocean. They include Macaulay Island, lat. 30, 16 S.; long. 178.32 W.; curtis Island, Raoul, Hayres and many others. They are fruitful and inhabited.

The Mikado of Japan has expressed his intentions to the British and German ministers of presenting imperial orders to the Prince of Wales and the Crown Prince Frederick William. The German minister has been decorated by the Mikado with the insignia of the order of the Rising Sun of the first class. The same honor was offered to the British minister, but, owing to the regulations of his country he could not accept it. The conferring of these honors is due to the efforts of the British and German ministers in bringing a revision of the treaties with their respective Governments to a satisfactory conclusion.

American.

Primus Funde, colored, aged 103, is dead at Syracuse, N. Y.

Meerebeke, the bicyclist, has arrived at Los Angeles, Cal., from New York, en route to San Francisco.

Mayor Grace, of New York, yesterday appointed Gen. John Newton, U. S. A. commissioner of public works, vice Squire, removed.

Ex-Councilman Chambers, of Pittsburg, Pa., proposes to go through the Niagara whirlpool without a cork jacket, a barrel or anything else.

The people of the Texas counties Callahan, Coleman, Eastland, Stephens, Young, and parts of Brown and Jack, will starve soon if not aided. The farmers want seed.

Near Windsor, Vt., last evening a carriage containing Senator Evarts, of New York, Charles C. Perkins, of Boston, and the daughter of Judge Stanley Matthews, of Ohio, was overturned, killing Perkins instantly and severely bruising but not dangerously injuring Senator Evarts and Miss Matthews.

Parsons, the Chicago anarchist, challenges Mr. Powderly to truthfully say that Parsons ever advocated and counselled the destruction of life and property. He says the foundation principle of Socialism is the same as that of the Knights of Labor, viz., the abolition of the wages system, and the substitution in its stead of an industrial system of universal co-operation.

Yesterday afternoon part of a construction train on the Asheville & Spartanburg railway while ascending a heavy grade on the mountain section, between Tryon City and Saluda, N. C., broke loose, flying down the mountain with frightful speed. Over-seer Swift and four convicts, were hurled from the flat cars and killed. A guard was seriously injured and seven convicts were wounded.

Rev. James C. Beecher, of Coscob, Conn., brother of Henry Ward Beecher and Rev. Thos. K. Beecher, of Elmira, N. Y., committed suicide at the latter city, Elmira, last evening by shootin' himself through the head with a small rifle. He had been suffering under severe mental troubles for a number of years, and for a time was under treatment at Middletown asylum, in New York state. He went to Elmira recently in care of special attendants.

C. Curtis, a retired sea captain, living on Clinton place, New York city, called at the sanitary headquarters and complained that he was suffering from sickness due to poisoning by ailanthus trees, which abound in his neighborhood. "Few people know," said the captain, "how poisonous the pollen is that flies from the trees in July and August. It causes much sickness every Summer, and any number of cases of alleged malaria are simply cases of ailanthus poisoning." Captain Curtis is a friend of ex-President Arthur, and when he read of how after his final trips in the park he always had relapsed with a returning nausea, he went to his house to see if there was an ailanthus near. There were rows of them on the avenue in front of Gen. Arthur's house and three in the backyard. The captain told him he was breathing poison. The ex-President was so impressed with the captain's information that he went to New London, where he began to improve at once.

Canadian.

A fire at Albert, N. B., destroyed Oulton Hall and other property valued at $20,000.

Tuesday was the hottest day ever known in the North-West. The thermometer registered 100 in the shade at Winnipeg and 105 at some points west.

Stephen Pollock, aged 65 years, employed in the Intercolonial car-shops, was run over by a running engine at Richmond, N. S., and killed. Both his legs were cut off and he was otherwise terribly mangled.

The craze for descending waterfalls in barrels has struck Ottawa. A young man there proposes to go over the Chaudiere falls in a barrel on Monday next if any one will give him $100 for doing so.

A deputation waited upon Sir John Macdonald at Winnipeg and asked him to use his influence in securing the establishment in the city of an Imperial military station. Sir John promised to do all he could in the matter.

Chief McRobie, of the Winnipeg Fire Brigade, and formerly of Montreal Fire Brigade, has been suspended by the Fire Committee, pending an investigation into charges of intemperance and inattention to duty preferred against him.

Bears are reported to be plentiful and very bold in the woods along the Upper Ottawa, and quite frequently make their appearance at the farm houses in the district. Each week for some time past the residents and lumbermen are reported to have killed several.

At a meeting of the creditors of James Ramsay & Co., dry goods merchants, of Brampton, Ont., it was decided that the firm should make an assignment. Their liabilities are $15,000 with assets at $15,000. The creditors are all in Toronto and Montreal.

Advices just received at Toronto from England state that the act regarding medical education which passed the Imperial Parliament previous to its dissolution, removes grievances about which the medical profession in Ontario have been making loud complaints for some years. After June 1st of next year it will be necessary for all English, as well as all other Incentiates, to pass the examination required by the Ontario College of Physicians and Surgeons before they can practise in the province of Ontario, and not as heretofore demand registration without it.

WANDERERS AND OUTCASTS.

The Attempts of Riel's Half-breeds to Obtain Land in the United States, and their Failure.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—During and after the Riel rebellion in the North-West a large number of the mutinous half-breeds, finding their cause lost, made a general exodus from Canada to Dakota, fearing arrest and imprisonment. Arrived upon this side of the line, they attempted to take up claims under the United States land laws, and several hundred of them presented themselves at the Devil's Lake land office to make their filings. Register Lord was in doubt as to their rights under the law and appealed to the Secretary of the Interior for instructions. He was informed that the half-breeds, being Indians within the meaning of the laws, were not entitled to participating in the rights of citizenship and could not make entry of public lands. The half-breeds, disappointed in their intentions in Dakota and losing their fear of the Dominion Government, have been drifting back over the border and are preparing to take up land again in Manitoba and the North-West Territory. The Dominion Government, it appears, does not desire the return of these turbulent spirits, and on June 29th last, Minister West addressed Mr. Bayard a note desiring, for the Dominion Government, information as to whether these half-breeds were really taking up land here, and whether they had declared (as was necessary, preliminary to entry) their intention of actually becoming citizens of the United States. The Canadian Government desired this information, to use it in opposition to the attempts of these half-breeds to settle on Canadian lands. Secretary Bayard turned Minister West's letter over to the Secretary of the Interior for reply, and through the Indian bureau the information has been obtained, and was sent to the English Minister to-day. It is substantially that given above, that these half-breeds, being Indians, could acquire no right on this side of the line. The Dominion Government will not, it is understood, allow these half-breeds to settle on Canadian land, and for their participation in the Riel outbreak they must henceforth be outcasts and wanderers, with a constantly growing spirit for discontent and revenge.—*Boston Advertiser.*

STARTED BY ELECTRICITY.

The Machinery of the Minneapolis Fair Set in Motion with Electricity by Mrs. Cleveland from her Adirondack Hotel.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., August 23.—The industrial exposition was opened this afternoon, and its machinery was set in motion with electricity by the hand of Mrs. Cleveland from the Prospect House in the Adirondack mountains. A procession of people nearly a mile long, and containing the officers of the exposition, the speakers of the occasion, municipal officers of the twin cities, Gen. Bugor and staff, and other prominent people, marched from the West Hotel to the Exposition building shortly after 2 p. m. The exercises at the building were opened by a salute of seventeen guns. Bishop Ireland offered prayer, and speeches were made by the mayor, S. C. Gale and the Hon. H. B. Washburn; ex-Gov. C. K. Davis delivered an oration. At the close of the oration a telegram sent by President Cleveland in reply to a telegram from the exposition managers, and congratulating them upon the inauguration of the exposition, was read. Telegraphic connection was then made between the building and the Minneapolis office of the Western Union, thence through Chicago, Cleveland, and New York City with Upper Saranac Lake, and at 4.30 p. m., responding to the pressure of Mrs. Cleveland's finger, many hundred miles away, the machinery suddenly awoke into life and the exposition was declared open.

SOME LIVELY SCENES.

Sharp Passages at Arms in the House of Commons.

Major Saunderson Resumes the Debate on the Address and Makes Some Damaging Statements, Which are Denied by the Parnellites—Chamberlain Adjourns the Debate.

LONDON, August 25.—The debate on the address in reply to the Queen's speech was continued this evening in the House of Commons. William Redmond, Nationalist, said it was useless to discuss land settlement now. The question was whether the landlords would be allowed to evict tenants for not paying impossible rents, and whether the English would allow the Irish to be cast into the roadside during the coming Winter. If the re-nit was bloodshed, misery and outrages, the responsibility would rest with the Government, whose only panacea was the appointment of royal commissions.

Mr. Balfour, Secretary for Scotland, accused Mr. Parnell of trying to make government impossible by promoting a general anti-rent strike. The Parnellites, he said, did not wish a settlement between the landlords and tenants, but wished to keep open the agrarian sore.

Mr. Stuart, M. P. for Shoreditch, on behalf of the Democrats of England, denounced evictions and said the democracy would not tolerate coercion. Ireland must be autonomous.

SAUNDERSON SPEAKS.

Major Saunderson (Conservative), M. P. for North Armagh, said he would speak as a landlord to refute the Parnellite charge that the Irish landlords, or bloodsuckers as they were pleased to call the landlords (Parnellite cheers), were afraid to make their voices heard in the House of Commons. He (Mr. Saunderson) accepted the challenge. (Conservative cheers.) The Irish landlords, he said, were not afraid to accept a Parnellite challenge on this or any other question. (Conservative cheers and Parnellite laughter.) Major Saunderson quoted an extract from a speech made in October, 1880, by Matthew Harris, member for East Galway, in which the latter said that if farmers shot landlords like partridges he would not blame them.

A LIVELY RECONTRE.

At this point Mr. Harris entered the House in obedience to a summons, and immediately asked Major Saunderson to repeat his quotation.

Major Saunderson replied: "With the greatest pleasure," and again read the extract from Mr. Harris' speech.

Mr. Harris—Will Major Saunderson read what I said leading up to the extract?

Major Saunderson—This is the only portion of the speech worth repeating. (Conservative laughter and loud Parnellite cries of "Order!")

After an excited discussion, the Speaker allowed Mr. Harris to make an explanation.

Mr. Harris commenced a discursive statement to the effect that in 1884 he went into the Ribbon lodges in West Meath and elsewhere in an endeavor to put down agrarian crime.

The Speaker interposed, saying Mr. Harris, by the indulgence of the House, was allowed to make a personal explanation, but not to make an argument or a live speech. (Cheers.)

Major Saunderson, resuming, said—Mr. Harris does not deny the accuracy of the extract.

Mr. Harris (excitedly)—I do. Read the context.

Major Saunderson—Mr. Harris has informed the House of

AN INTERESTING FACT

that I was unaware of before, that he belongs to the Riband order. (Conservative laughter and Parnellite shouts.)

Mr. Harris excitedly rose and made a remark that was inaudible, owing to the cries of the Parnellites.

Mr. Dillon rose to a point of order. He asked whether one member was entitled to accuse another of belonging to the Riband order. (Parnellite cheers.)

The Speaker—It is a statement, the truth of which Mr. Harris has admitted. The House must judge.

Mr. Dillon denied that Mr. Harris had admitted anything of the kind. (Shouts of "order!" and Parnellite cheers.)

The Speaker—The hon. members have heard the statement. Doubtless Major Saunderson will accept a denial.

Mr. Harris—I repudiate it as an infamous falsehood. (Cries of "Order.")

The Speaker—Mr. Harris will withdraw that expression unreservedly.

Mr. Harris obeyed, but further bickering ensued, the Speaker rebuking the disorderly members and said he hoped personal allusions would cease. (Cheers.)

PARNELL'S NEW CANON.

Major Saunderson, resuming his speech, said that Mr. Parnell had formulated a new canon—"Thou shalt ask no rent." All classes and trades in Ireland were in a more or less depressed condition, except the professional Irish politicians. (Laughter.) That occupation was never in a more flourishing condition. The Parnellites were trying to exterminate the landlords by terrorism. He instanced the cases at Gweedore, where tenants paid each other as much as £100 for the tenant right, but refused to pay the landlords 15 shillings yearly rent because the parish priest, who was president of the local branch of the National league, had quarrelled with these landlords. Concerning threats and outrages during the Winter, Mr. Parnell was like an engineer who could run on or shut off the steam at will. Parnell held the throttle valve of crime in Ireland. He had opened the valve before and could do it again. It he pleased. (Conservative cheers and Parnellite cries of "Order.")

Mr. Redmond rose to a point of order, and after some discussion Major Saunderson said he would withdraw the objectionable expression, but at the same time would maintain his private opinion. In conclusion, Major Saunderson said the Parnellites would find before long that they were not dealing with a craven Government, and that the Government would not let the control of Ireland fall into the hands of the league.

The debate was adjourned on the motion of Mr. Chamberlain.

CHAMBERLAIN'S DECLARATION.

LONDON, August 25.—In an interview with Mr. Chamberlain, he laughed at the statements made in some quarters of a misunderstanding between the Government and the union Radicals. "There is no foundation for these statements," he said. "The only criticism I would have to make on the Chancellor of the exchequer would be if he went, perhaps, too far in promising to maintain the rents fixed under Mr. Gladstone's lead while announcing the intention to re-examine those rents and the present condition of agriculture in Ireland. This is, however, merely a secondary criticism, and there need be no doubt that on the main question, which the Home Rulers are disposed to revive, they will find the union Liberals and union Radicals solidly with the Government. Home rule is dead and cannot be revived." At least one well known union Liberal has offered to join the commission on the land question in Ireland should his services be required.

THE NEW YORK CAR STRIKE.

No Compromise Likely—Cars Turned Over by Strikers, but Righted by the Police.

NEW YORK, August 25.—The police have dispersed several mobs who have endeavored to obstruct the passage of the street cars. The Broadway company decided to take in all its cars before 6 o'clock, so as not to press too hard on the police. Large crowds of angry looking men remained in the vicinity of the depot throughout the afternoon. Superintendent Newell said he expected to have all the cars running soon. There would not be any conferences with the strikers. They had refused to do the work, and new men must be hired to do it. At 2 o'clock this afternoon the executive committee of the Knights of Labor met in consultation with the president of the Belt line, but the conference was abortive. The men demanded a return to the old time table and rates of pay, and asked that the books of the company be handed over to the State Board of Arbitration. They said they would abide by the decision of the board. The president of the company, said they had been losing money at the rate of $80,000 a year and that it was impossible to return to the old schedule. A crowd of fifteen or twenty strikers seized one of the Third avenue cars as it was passing 47th street this afternoon, and after driving the passengers out turned it over on its side. An open car which followed was next attacked and upset. When the driver showed fight a revolver was pointed at him. Great excitement attended these acts. On the approach of a policeman the rioting strikers fled, but only one, Ed McEver, a conductor, was overtaken. He was locked up in default of $1000 bail. A *posse* of police arrived and set the cars right, after which travel was resumed.

DISASTROUS SHIPWRECKS

Along the Nova Scotian Coast—Loss of Life

HALIFAX, N. S., August 25.—Reports of Monday's gale are beginning to come in from ports alongshore. A despatch from Barrington says a 750 ton barquentine, name unknown, laden with rum and sugar, bound for the western coast of Africa, is ashore at Seal Island, off Cape Sable. The packet "Dexter," from Boston, arrived at Liverpool this morning, and reports that on Sunday night, when in the vicinity of Brown's bank, she encountered the gale, a heavy sea swept over her, washed Albert Chandler, a seaman, overboard, and split and carried away the vessel's sails. The Lockeport fishing schooner "Millie B.," owned by C. Locke & Co., homeward bound, from the banks with a full fare of codfish, ran ashore on Port Matauun island on Sunday night and is a total wreck. As she dashed on the rocks the main boom crashed and fell, frightfully mangling and killing Capt. Downie. The spot was only a few miles from the captain's home, where his wife and children awaited his coming. Benjamin Downie, believed to be a brother of the captain, bravely volunteered to carry a line ashore and was drowned in the attempt. How the rest of the crew got ashore in the darkness is a mystery. The vessel smashed up into match wood during the night.

—For the convenience of families returning from the seaside there will be a steamer leaving Cap à l'Aigle on Tuesday, 31st inst. at 6.30 a. m. and Murray Bay at 8 a. m., for Quebec and Montreal.

• • • • Delicate Diseases, affecting male or female, however induced, speedily and permanently cured. Illustrated book for 10 cents in stamps. World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street. Buffalo, N. Y.

Frederic Harrison who raised such a shindy with Herbert Spencer last year, starts early next month on a voyage to Australia He will return by way of the United States.

Baking Powder.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low tests, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N.Y.

ARMOUR & CO., STAR HAMS. STAR BACON.

Delicious Flavor. No pains are spared to make these meats THE BEST that can be produced. People of EPICUREAN TASTES are highly pleased with them.

If your Grocer or Marketman do not keep them, send direct to Armour & Co Chicago.

THE Holmes Electric Protection Co. FOR CANADA (Limited).

Head Office, - - - 162 St. James street, MONTREAL.

Toronto Office, 29 King St., West.

The company are prepared to make contracts with Bankers, General Merchants and others, to fit and protect their premises with their Electrical System for the prevention of burglary.

Gentlemen building will do well to see our system of Electric Call Bells, before adopting other systems or the ordinary call bell.

No Private Residence should be without our Electric Alarm Annunciator.

162 *ST. JAMES ST, (Up Elevator).*

M. C. WRIGHT, Supt. Toronto Office. F. A. PUCOCK, Supt. Montreal Office

J. B. WOOD, General Manager. 1098 tf

STEEL WIRE DOOR MATS.

These beautiful and everlasting MATS are the best foot cleaners ever produced, will not rust or damage by exposure, require no shaking to remove the dust. Inspection invited, where a full assortment of sizes can be seen

J. B. MACDONALD, 17 St. John St.,

General Agent for the TORONTO STEEL WIRE MAT COMPANY. 150z

OAKLANDS KOUMISS.

In Health and Disease, a refreshing and invigorating Beverage made from Milk. Athletes use it. Dyspeptics assimilate it. Consumptives make flesh on it. A prevalescente gain strength rapidly. It is Meat and Drink.

KOUMISS IS PREDIGESTED MILK FOOD, READY FOR IMMEDIATE ABSORPTION AND ASSIMILATION. IT IS A NUTRIENT AND A TONIC. PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND IT.

JAMES CHEESMAN, 78 St. Francois Xa. St. 1705

Medical.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents: five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York City.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not sending me your case. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address DR. H. G. ROOT,

Branch Office, 37 Yonge St., Toronto.

CURE FOR THE DEAF

PECK'S PATENT IMPROVED CUSHIONED EAR DRUMS PERFECTLY RESTORE THE HEARING and perform the work of the natural drum, invisible, comfortable and always in position. All conversation and even whisper heard distinctly. Send for illustrated book with testimonials, FREE. Address F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, N.Y.

LOST VIGOR Exhausted Vitality, Nervous Debility, and Weaknesses in Men, resulting from Excesses, cured without Stomach Medication by Dr. Marston Bolus. Sealed book sent for 2 stamps. Marston Remedy Co., 19 Park Place, New York.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address.

DR. T. A. SLOCUM, Branch Office, 37 Yonge St., Toronto

Railroads.

HARVEST EXCURSIONS —TO— Minnesota & Dakota, AT LOW RATES.

Leaving Chicago via the GREAT ROCK ISLAND AND ALBERT LEA ROUTES,

AUGUST 18th, SEPTEMBER 8th, and SEPTEMBER 22nd.

RETURN TICKETS to all principal points in DAKOTA and MINNESOTA will be issued on the above dates at specially REDUCED RATES.

Farmers & Intending Settlers

Should take advantage of this opportunity to visit the

FARM LANDS —OF THE— GOLDEN NORTH-WEST.

For rates and all information, address

C. E. McPHERSON, General Agent C. R. I. & P. Ry., 23 York street, Toronto.

E. A. HOLBROOK, G. T. & P. A., Chicago. 180zeod

CENTRAL VERMONT RAILROAD.

Trains Leave Montreal.

7.45 A.M.—Express arriving Cantaan, 9.23 a.m., Granby Junction, Waterloo 10.45 a.m., Magog 11.30 a.m., Sherbrooke 12.15 p.m. This train makes close connections at Magog, with Steamer "Mountain Maid" for Georgetown, Newport, Vt., and all points on Lake Memphremagog.

5.30 P.M.—Night Express, arriving at St. Albans 10.50 p.m., Burlington 11.25 p.m., Rutland 12.55 a.m., Troy 5.25 a.m., Albany 6.30 a.m., New York 8.00 a.m. Worcester, 6.40 a.m., Boston 6.40 a.m., via Rutland. Below Palls and Fitchburg. Wagner Sleepers Montreal to New York and Palliman Sleepers St. Albans to Boston.

Through cars on this train arriving Waterloo 8.15 p.m., Magog 8.12 p.m., and Sherbrooke 9.55 p.m.

8.30 P.M.—Night Express, arriving St. Albans, 10.45 p.m. White River Junction 3.16 a.m., Manchester 6.25 a.m., Nashua 7.00 a.m., Boston, via Lowell 8.30 a.m., via Fitchburg, 9.35 a.m., New York via Northampton, Holyoke, Springfield, New Haven 11.45 a.m., close connection at Nashua and Winchenden, for Worcester, Providence and all points on Shore Line and New England Railroads. Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars to Boston and Springfield.

Tickets, Time Tables and all information, apply at Windsor Hotel and Grand Trunk Offices, or at the Company's office, 136 St. James street.

A. C. STONEHAVE, J. W. HOBART, Canadian Passenger Agent. Gen. Manager. S. W. CUMMINGS, July 7th, 1886. Gen. Pass. Agent.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. Commencing 14th June, 1886.

THROUGH EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS RUN DAILY (Sunday excepted) as follows:

Leave Levis	8.15 A.M.
Arrive Riviere du Loup	11.50 A.M.
Trois Pistoles	12.50 P.M.
Rimouski	2.40 "
Little Metis	3.36 "
Campbellton	6.00 "
Dalhousie Junction	7.33 "
Bathurst	8.25 "
Newcastle	10.50 P.M.
Moncton	1.40 A.M.
St. John	5.30 "
Halifax	8.10 A.M.

The Grand Trunk Trains leaving Montreal at 10.15 p.m. connect at Point Levis with these trains.

The Trains to Halifax and St. John run through to their destinations on Sundays.

The Sleeping Car leaving Montreal on Monday, Wednesday and Friday runs through to Halifax, and the one leaving on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday to St. John.

All trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

THROUGH TICKETS may be obtained via rail and steamer to all points on the lower St. Lawrence and in the Maritime Provinces.

For tickets and all information in regard to passenger fares, rates of freight, train arrangements, &c., apply to

C. J. BRYDGES, Eastern Freight and Passenger Agent. 1389½ ST. JAMES STREET (Opposite St. Lawrence Hall). MONTREAL.

D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent. Railway Office, Moncton, N.B., June 12th, 1886. 149z

HEALTH AND VIGOR QUICKLY RESTORED to Men! Send for our new book on the cure of wasting weakness, debility and decay, mailed FREE to all sufferers. Address The Clarke Medical Co., East Haddam, Conn. 180z

Specific Articles.

AH! DELORMIER, THE SHIRTMAKER, has just received a full assortment of Cambric, Marseille and Silk Scarfs, from 5c., 10c., 15c. and 25c. each. Shirts and Collars made to order. 1,100 NOTRE DAME STREET, 2nd door east of French Church. 1044

DRAIN PIPES!—PORTLAND, ROMAN and Canada Cements; Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, White Bricks, &c., &c. ALEX. BREMNER, 50 Bleury street. 249z

JUST RECEIVED, EX SS. PARISIAN, A large quantity of assorted Crates of English Crockery, 2nd quality, from the very best makers. Fine selection, good assortment, low prices. Wholesale only. Z. GRAVEL, 204 St. Paul street, Montreal. 170ztf

Pupils Wanted.

MRS. GODWIN, The well known player and teacher of Piano and Organ, will take a few more pupils. Terms $2 a month. 1390 St. Catherine, opposite English Cathedral. 195z

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE —OF— ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

1886—SUMMER SERVICE—1886

From Liverpool,	STEAMSHIPS.	From Quebec.
July 22	Peruvian	Aug. 13
" 29	Caledonian	" 18
Aug. 6	Circassian	" 25
" 12	Polynesian	Sept. 2
" 19	Corinthian	" 8
" 27	Sarmatian	" 17

From Glasgow.	STEAMSHIPS.	From Montreal
July 22	Corean	August 10
" 29	Wheelman	" 18
Aug. 5	Buenos Ayrean	" 25
" 12	Laverne	" 31
" 19	Norwegian	Sept. 7
" 26	Nestorian	" 14

From Glasgow.	STEAMSHIPS.	From Montreal to London on or about
July 22	Nestorian	August 17
" 29	Grecian	" 24

From Liverpool.	STEAMSHIPS.	From Halifax.
July 20	Carthaginian	August 10
Aug. 3	Nova Scotian	" 30
" 17	Caspian	Sept. 13

From Glasgow.	STEAMSHIPS.	From Boston
July 21	Prussian	August 7
" 28	Waldensian	" 14
August 11	Canadian	" 21

FOR PASSAGE CERTIFICATES and other information apply to H. BOURLIER, 136 ST. JAMES STREET, opposite St. Lawrence Hall. Or H. & A. ALLAN, 25 Common Street, - Montreal. 30 State Street, - Boston. 231z

Dominion Line Royal Mail Steamers.

Liverpool Service. SAILING DATES FROM QUEBEC.

*VANCOUVER	23rd August, Thursday
*ARMA	3rd Sept., Friday
MONTREAL	10th Sept., Friday
OREGON	16th Sept., Thursday
TORONTO	24th Sept., Friday

Bristol Service (for Avonmouth Dock). SAILING DATES FROM MONTREAL.

ONTARIO	27th August, Friday
DOMINION	10th Sept., Friday
QUEBEC	24th Sept., Friday

Rates of Passage from Quebec, $50 to $80, according to steamer and accommodation. Second Cabin, $30. Steerage at lowest rates.

*These steamers have saloon, state-room, music-room, smoking-room and bath-rooms amidships, where motion is felt, and carry neither cattle nor sheep.

Passengers for SS. MONTREAL, TORONTO and SARNIA can embark at Montreal, also those for the steamers sailing to Avonmouth.

Apply to H. BOURLIER, 143 St. James Street, or D. TORRANCE & Co., Hospital Street.

Black Diamond Line

SUMMER EXCURSIONS IN THE RIVER AND GULF.

5000 miles and 18 days, on salt water.....$50
1500 " " 10 " " 35

Meals and Berth included.

The SS. "RONAVISTA," Friday, September 3rd.
The SS. "COMA," Saturday, September 11th.

Will call for Charlottetown, P. E. I., Pictou, N. S., and St. John's, Nfld.

Every accommodation has been provided for passengers' comfort; Elegant saloons, Ladies' Cabins, Bath-rooms, Smoking-room, &c. Each vessel carries an experienced stewardess. For further particulars apply to

KINGMAN, BROWN & CO., 192zeod 14 Custom House Square, Montreal.

Miscellaneous.

W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO., 109 GREY NUN STREET. —IMPORTERS OF— SCOTCH GLAZED DRAIN PIPES. Chimney Tops, Vent Linings, Flue Covers, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, Portland Cement, Roman Cement, Canada Cement, Water Lime, Whiting, Plaster of Paris, Borax, China Clay, &c., &c. Manufacturers of RESSEMER STEEL, SOFA, CHAIR AND BED SPRINGS. A large stock always on hand. 28z

WANTED—To RENT for a SOCIETY a HALL for 200 persons. For particulars address A. Trouillard, 48 St. Urbain street. 198 3

TRY THE BEST SOAPS.

THE BLUE MOTTLED SOAP.

THE RED MOTTLED SOAP.

THE IMPERIAL LAUNDRY SOAP.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS:

J. BARSALOU & CO., St. Catherine & Plessis sts. 195zff

SPORTSMEN—If you require Fire Arms, Ammunition, Sporting Goods or Fishing Tackle, send for our large 1886 Illustrated Catalogues and Price Lists. BURTON & IRVING, 351 Wellington street, Ottawa, Can. 188z eod

Second hand pianos wanted in exchange for new instruments. Apply to C. W. Lindsay, 1352 St. Catherine st. 200 29

Stores, Hotels, &c., to Let.

TO PROFESSIONAL MEN.

Offices to let in STAR Office Building, 163 and 165 St. James St., now in process of alteration.

Suites of offices will be arranged to suit desirable tenants. Plans may be seen at STAR Office, 158 St. James street. 130 tf

STORES TO LET—IN THE NEW BALMORAL BUILDINGS; brand new and lofty. Apply to 46 tf 1100, LEGGET, 1885 Notre Dame St.

TO LET—STORE, Nos. 1 AND 3 DEBRESPIES street, in whole or in part. Apply to the Hotel Dieu, or 16 Place d'Armes. C. Laurin. 193 6

Houses to Let.

TO LET—FROM 1ST OF JULY, A SMALL House, comfortably furnished, until 30th September, West end, convenient to Bonaventure Depot and Windsor Hotel. Address "A 1252," STAR office. 139tf

TO LET—No. 1660 SHERBROOKE ST., West, corner Elm Avenue

The Daily Star.

GRAHAM & Co., Proprietors.
184 St. James Street.

THE DAILY STAR is sent to any part of the United States or Canada, postage free, at $3 a year, $1.50 for six months, and 90c for three months.

☞ We believe the circulation of THE STAR exceeds the combined issue of all the other English newspapers published in the city of Montreal. ☜

London, Eng., Office—American Agency, 446 Strand, W. C. R. F. Noah, correspondent and agent for advertising.

Correspondent and agent for French and Belgian advertising in THE STAR—Mons. A. Lorette, 61 Rue Caumartin, Paris, France.

CIRCULATION OF THE DAILY STAR FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 21, 1886.

Monday	24,370
Tuesday	24,932
Wednesday	24,808
Thursday	25,099
Friday	24,856
Saturday	26,901
Total	150,976

PRESENT DAILY AVERAGE

25,163.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 26, 1886.

THE Haligonians are intensely pleased with the "Acadia," the new Canadian cruiser. She ought to be a good one, as those sons of the sea are competent judges.

IN New York, work will be begun next Monday to place the electric wires underground in conduits. It would be advisable for our city fathers to consider the matter for this city.

ALEXANDER KRAPOTKINE, brother of Prince Krapotkine, has committed suicide at Tomsk. He had translated Herbert Spencer's works into Russian. A verdict was rendered accordingly.

IT becomes unmistakable that the Ministerialists will have to work with a will to carry the Provincial elections. Won't there be a squabbling for places should the Liberal-Nationalist-Castor-Independent party carry the day?

A MAUDLIN sentiment attracts numerous persons to the cells of the Anarchists in Chicago. Many of them are of the gentler sex, but we fail to see wherein the Anarchists, who are opposed to all chivalry of thought and act, even to women, are deserving of sympathy.

GERONIMO has not been caught yet. He has had the effrontery to offer his services to Mexico, provided he was allowed to use that country as a base of operations against the United States. His offer has not yet been accepted, and of course will not. The Apaches are very slippery customers, and Geronimo one of the wiliest.

MORE than a score of persons were poisoned recently at Chicago by eating pressed beef. The difficulty with these prepared meats is that great temptations exist to use inferior and diseased meat. Reputable dealers will not of course do such things, but, even in their case, a very close surveillance over the process of manufacture is absolutely necessary.

AS was expected, it has been found necessary to give orders to kill and cremate additional cattle in the Levis quarantine. We are glad to note that the veterinary officials are bound to stamp out the disease, and, by making the first loss the only loss, save the Dominion a large amount of money. It must not be allowed to spread from the quarantine. This is almost as important a matter for the Province as the elections. In fact if we lost a few politicians it might be a direct gain to the Province.

IT is reported that Cutting, released by the Mexican authorities, will come north and lecture. It will be a cutting rebuke to Mexico, doubtless, but lectures, like advice, seldom do much good. Cutting says he has resided in Mexico for two years, more or less; he was a long time finding out that the Mexicans were excitable and peppery. In fact so peppery are they said to be that it is alleged that a coyote, which will eat anything from a steel spur to an iron rail will not eat a dead Mexican.

MR. ROLLIN M. SQUIRE, the Boston poetaster and public works commissioner of New York city, is defunct; that is in a Pickwickian sense. Governor Hill has approved his removal, so we may regard it as a *fait accompli*. He was merely a tool in the hands of others, but not an innocent tool by any means. So ends another cleaning out of the Augean stable of corruption so prevalent in New York city. There must be something in the climate there to make corporation officials so regularly dishonest. And nearly all of them are importations.

MR. PARNELL is reported to have made a very effective speech in Parliament in moving his amendment to the address. He was somewhat facetious when he said the Irish wanted to help themselves—this will prove a great deal to the London *Standard*. But Mr. Parnell's forte does not lie in oratory. He is a cold, dispassionate speaker, there is no warmth or glow in his manner. There is determination, action, skill and strategy in his brain and by these he holds the Irish members to him. His speeches are like dagger thrusts, quick, effective and to the point, but there is no grace in their delivery. They tell, however.

DR. CAMERON.

The address of Dr. Cameron, which we published yesterday, is a manly, straightforward, logical statement. It is a pity that there are not more like the worthy doctor in both parties. He has risen superior to party and taken an honorable stand, not shirking the Riel issue but meeting it boldly and fairly. All credit to him. If the Liberals cannot claim him, no more can the Conservatives. We fear that Dr. Cameron, like the Hon. H. G. Joly, is cast in too honest a mould for provincial politics, but whatever his political future, he will have the respect of all those whose good opinion is worth having.

BLAINE OF MAINE.

Mr. Blaine, of Maine, who distinguished himself by Anglophobia when in the United States Cabinet some years ago, evidently feels that way still. His characterization at Sebago Lake, yesterday, of the Fisheries dispute as "Canadian outrage upon American fishermen," was in accord with his previous reputation. Possibly we have reason to thank our stars that Blaine is not President of the United States, nor even a member of the United States executive.

New England fishermen, whose living has been chiefly made in Canadian waters, may be excused for taking one-sided views of the Fisheries disagreement between the United States and Canada. New England congressmen, whose constituents these fishermen are, and who have no reputation outside of New England to lose by championing the fishermen in their folly, may be ignored when they snap at us. But Blaine, although not credited by anybody except Maine people with being a statesman, has generally been supposed to be a politician ambitious of covering enough ground to escape being considered a fool. The general supposition seems to be a mistake. If correctly reported, Mr. Blaine is fool enough to believe that fifty millions of Americans are patiently enduring outrage from five million Canadians, and that this outrage upon the Americans is winked at by thirty million Englishmen who will have to do the fighting should the Americans get mad.

Blaine is still the village politician; the man whose ideal statesmanship is the attainment of popularity and spoils.

"Facts About Anticosti" and "Gulling the British Public."

To the Editor of THE STAR:

SIR,—In your issue of August the 19th under the heading of "Facts about Anticosti," your Quebec correspondent gives an account of an interview with Mr. J. U. Gregory, of the Department of Marine and Fisheries. Permit me in reply to draw your attention to a letter written by Mr. Gregory on the same subject in 1874, which letter was published in a pamphlet entitled "Letters, etc., on the resources of the Island of Anticosti."

MR. GREGORY'S LETTER.

Quebec Branch, Department of Marine and Fisheries.

QUEBEC, 7th March, 1874.

MY DEAR SIR,—I duly received your letter of the 6th instant, and note contents.

Referring to that portion, which requests me to express my views of the advantages of the Island of Anticosti to settlers, I can only repeat, what I have already said to many, viz: Anticosti is the heart of the Gulf of St. Lawrence! Look at the map, and judge for yourself, east, west, north and south, are the great fishing fields so much boasted of, and held in such high estimation, as to be the most important international question affecting this Dominion. Consequently, as a trading post, Anticosti has no rival. As a fishing station I can only refer you to the Annual Reports of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, wherein the results of the few resident fishermen's operations are recorded, and which clearly show what can be done. You must bear in mind, that the few people on the Island, have not hitherto had any right to settle there; but thousands visit its shores, whose catch of fish is credited in the statistics of Gaspé, Magdalen Islands and other points.

What more can I say? I have gone all round the Island, and for ten years past have been in constant communication with the lighthouse keepers and others, and can fully corroborate all that the Anticosti Association's pamphlet says of it. I have also visited every fishing station on the Labrador coast. I consider Anticosti a perfect paradise, in comparison to the shores on which are established the trading posts of the wealthy Jersey merchants, who are really reaping the profits of our mines of wealth in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

As to emigration you need not be anxious. Let the people know that they can make a home on the Island, and they will be glad to settle there by thousands, for they have no such spot in other quarters, where the fishing is considered anything approaching to it.

I am, etc., etc.,
(Signed), J. U. GREGORY.

JAMES A. WALKER,
Montreal.

With regard to the opinions of Mr. Faucher de St. Maurice and Mr. Davie, I would simply suggest that the opinions of these gentlemen (though possibly all sufficient unto themselves and to your correspondents), do not carry the same weight as the official reports of Government, the statements of actual settlers and the evidence of the fertility of the soil of Anticosti as furnished by the samples of wheat, barley, rye, oats, timothy, clover, vegetables, etc., etc., grown there, together with the samples of timber, which samples have been examined by many well known Montrealers. Again in your issue of August the 21st under the heading of "Gulling the British Public" you publish a long letter from your "special commissioner at the "Colonial and Indian Exhibition" in which he ridicules the idea of one million dollars being asked for Anticosti by the Messrs. Stockwell, and otherwise decries the island in a hap-hazard sort of way. He omits to mention, however, a somewhat important point under the circumstances, viz: that *the title of the Messrs. Stockwell to Anticosti is in dispute.* Now, although I am not in favor of the Stockwell scheme and I have not the least objection to the hanging, drawing, and quartering of the Messrs. Stockwell, I must protest against unreasoning prejudice and merely sensational criticism as regards the resources of the Island.

Yours, etc.,
W. L. FORSYTH.

Pharmaceutical Association.

At a meeting of the Council of the Pharmaceutical Association held yesterday the following were elected as the Central Board of Examiners:—D. L. Ambrose, and P. Mathie, chemistry; Henry R. Gray, materia medica; H. F. Jackson, practical dispensing, etc.; A. Manson, weights and measures, etc.; R. W. Williams, botany, and assistant examiner in practical dispensing; S. Lachance, chairman of the Board ex-officio; William Ahern, secretary of the Board ex-officio.

Preliminary examining boards were also appointed as follows: For Montreal, C. J. Coverston, L. R. Baridon, and Wm. Ahern. For Quebec, P. Mathie, Jos. E. Morrison and Alf. Leclerc.

Mr. Joun A. Nicolls was elected to fill the vacancy on the Council caused by the resignation of Mr. R. H. Bryson.

Knights of Labor Picnic.

One of the most enjoyable picnics of the season will be that of the Knights of Labor, which is to be held at Ormstown next Saturday. The tickets are being disposed of very rapidly, over 3000 having already been sold. No intoxicating liquors are to be allowed on the grounds, and the committee promise to be indefatigable in their endeavors to furnish fun to the picnickers. The sports will begin at eleven a. m. sharp, and some very handsome prizes are to be presented to the successful competitors. The three labor candidates, Messrs. Robertson, Keys and Gravel, will act as judges. Dancing will also be indulged in. Trams will leave Bonaventure depot at 8.30 a. m. and 1.30 p. m. Tickets sell for 60c; children, half price.

A Canadian's Success in England.

Mr. J. D. Allen, son of Mr. Joseph Allen, managing partner of the British American Dyeing Company, who left for England about a year ago to attend a course of studies as a technical chemical dyer in Yorkshire college, Leed is distinguishing himself. He has not only gained a first class certificate, but stands at the head of his college, winning first prize, and this by the professor's annual report in the largest and best attended senior class since the college opened in this branch of the sciences twelve years ago, and the highest average of marks ever attained.

A New Synagogue.

The Portuguese synagogue, on Chenneville street, are about to erect a more commodious place of worship somewhere in the west end. The site has not yet been chosen, but a building committee has been appointed and architects are at work preparing plans for the building. The cost will be in the neighborhood of $75,000.

Business Notice.

A petition was presented in Chambers yesterday asking that Laurent Audette, boot and shoe manufacturer, an absent debtor, should be summoned by public notice to appear before the Court on the 31st instant, and that a curator be appointed to the estate if he fails to answer the summons. The petition was granted.

THE INUNDATIONS.

The Special Committee Meet to Discuss the Plan of the Proposed Levee—Letters From the G. T. R. and C. P. R.

The special Inundation Committee met yesterday afternoon. Present: Ald. Donovan, Mooney, Hamelin, Rolland and Stevenson. Sir A. T. Galt was also in attendance. In the absence of the Chairman, Ald. Donovan was moved in the chair.

In answer to the letters sent by the City Clerk asking for co-operation in the construction of the proposed dyke, the following letters were read:

THE GOVERNMENT.

OTTAWA, August 24.

As soon as the members of the Privy Council return to town your letters in re St. Gabriel Levee will be laid before them.

(Signed), G. O. GOBEIL,
Secretary Public Works Department.

THE G. T. R.:

DEAR SIR: I have had the pleasure to receive your favor of the 20th. I fear unless some arrangement should be made, under which the supposed levee or dyke could be used by the Grand Trunk Company for railway purposes, it would not be practicable for the Company to render any financial aid towards its construction, as to do so would be going beyond the powers conferred upon the Company by Parliament.

How far the Company could assist should the project be utilized for railway purposes, would, of course, depend very much upon the character of the arrangements proposed to be made.

I shall be most happy to afford the committee of the Council any information which I can give on the subject of the work, and to personally assist them in any manner which it is within my power to do.

I have the honor to be etc.,
J. HICKSON,
General Manager G. T. R.

C. GLACKMEYER, Esq.,
City Clerk.

THE C. P. R.

August 23, 1886.

SIR,—In reply to your favor of the 20th instant, addressed to the secretary of this company, on the subject of the proposed dyke or levee along the river bank. I beg to say that if a comprehensive scheme should be decided upon by which railway connection may be made from the western end of the dyke along the entire city front as far down as Barrack street, the company would be glad to co-operate in the matter, but it is the opinion of our directors that the construction only of a dyke west of Tate's dry dock, or of any dyke that would not afford an opportunity of connecting railway tracks throughout the city front, would be of very little, if any, use for railway purposes. A system of railway tracks along the city front would add enormously to the commercial advantages of Montreal, and as such year will add to the expence of making such a connection, the directors of this company hope that the dyke scheme now under consideration may be so enlarged as to provide for it.

I have the honor, etc.,
W. C. VAN HORNE,
Vice-President Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

A letter was also read from the clerk of the municipality of Verdun, informing the committee that their letter would be submitted to a meeting of the council to be held at an early date.

The plan of the proposed dyke was

SUBMITTED TO THE MEETING

and discussed at length. The greatest objections made to the plan were these: 1st, That the dyke running inside the Nun's farm would do it more harm than good, and that this fact would deprive the promoters of a land grant.

2nd, That the municipality of Verdun was deprived of the benefits of the dyke, and therefore no assistance could be had from that quarter.

3rd, That the dyke would only protect Point St. Charles from the annual floods, and made no provision for Griffintown.

Sir A. T. Galt expressed himself thoroughly dissatisfied with the plan and thought that a much more comprehensive one would have to be made. In the meantime they must not forget that work must be commenced before the 30th of this month, if they wished to save the charter, as it was stipulated that work had to be commenced three months after the granting of the charter and finished by January 1st.

After a good deal of discussion it was agreed that the levee to have as far as practical usefulness must be continued along the high ground along the bank of the river to the old two-mile stone on the ground above the highest flood level.

It was resolved that the chairman and Ald. Rolland should visit the nuns, owners of the nuns' farm, and lay the projected plans before them.

The committee decided to meet again on Friday afternoon and drive over the line of the proposed levee and that another meeting would be held on Wednesday, at which Sir A. T. Galt would be present. The meeting then adjourned.

MARCHING ON SOFIA.

Bulgarian Troops Leaving the Servian Frontier—Various Rumours Concerning Alexander—The Prince said to Have Been Handed Over to the Russian Authorities.

LONDON, August 26.—It is stated that 10,000 Bulgarian troops, who have been stationed on the Servian frontier, are marching toward Sofia to support Prince Alexander.

Prince Bismarck is said to be surprised at the anti-Russianism displayed by the Austrian and Hungarian press.

The *Standard* says that Prince Alexander is travelling from Lemberg, Galicia, by railway to Darmstadt.

The Queen telegraphed to Bucharest yesterday for news of Prince Alexander.

Conflicts have taken place in the streets of Sofia between the Loyalists and Supporters of Zankoff. Prince Alexander's adherents are still in prison.

The Russian captain in command of Prince Alexander's yacht has telegraphed to Bucharest that Prince Alexander was handed over to the Russian authorities.

Prince Bismarck's unusual course in visiting M. Deckiers is much commented upon. It is the general opinion that Russia will not allow Prince Alexander to reascend the throne.

VIENNA, August 26.—The statement that Prince Alexander had been released is little credited here.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 26.—M. Nelidoff, Russian Ambassador, informed his colleagues that in event of serious disorders in Bulgaria, Russia would, with the other Powers, consider the necessary measures for interfering.

BUCHAREST, August 26.—A rumor is current that Prince Alexander is being conveyed to St. Petersburg.

MORE DISORDERS.

The Belfast Mob Again Stones the Police—Another Tavern Wrecked.

BELFAST, August 25.—An attempt was made this evening to replace the police in the Protestant quarters of the city from which they had been withdrawn after the beginning of the riots. Fifty constables tried to patrol Shankhill road. A mob stoned the police and the latter, after vainly charging the mob, were forced to retreat. Several were injured. The streets were finally cleared by troops. Six arrests were made.

BELFAST, August 26.—1 a. m.—Daly's tavern on Peter's hill has again been wrecked. The mob last night placed chains across the Shankhill road which tripped the police and troops when they charged the mob. Twenty arrests have been made. The police were terribly stoned.

CHINAMEN GOING HOME.

NEW YORK, August 26.—Forty Chinamen from Havana passed through here yesterday for home via San Francisco. All were well dressed, some wore diamonds and rings, and carried gold watches. One man had $20,000 with him. Last week a party of twenty-three Chinamen from Cuba passed through. They possessed altogether $200,000. The reason so many are going home from Cuba this year is that the Spanish eight year contracts for Chinese labor are expiring. All the Mongolians seem to have saved money there.

GENERAL BULLER'S IRISH MISSION.

LONDON, August 26.—General Sir Redvers Buller will start on his Irish mission to-day. Mr. Edward Russell, Liberal, will move the adjournment of the debate on the address in the Commons in order to elicit the exact functions and powers of General Buller. Mr. Russell will have the support of the Parnellites and prominent Radicals. A section of the Opposition believes that the selection of General Buller for the Irish mission is the first step toward placing Ireland under martial law.

She Was Saved

From days of agony and discomfort, not by great interpositions, but by the use of the only sure-pop corn cure—Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. Tender, painful corns are removed by its use in a few days, without the slightest discomfort. Many substitutes in the market make it necessary that only "Putnam's" should be asked for and taken. Sure, safe, harmless.

Book Agent—I have here the "Life and Glorious Triumphs of Parnell," which I should like to—

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, billiousness or constipation you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take; all druggists sell them.

Our Cook—"Tis of Frinch extraction I am; but ye're shure to sell wan of thim to the Oirish servants next door.

One trial of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will convince you that it has no equal as a worm medicine. Buy a bottle, and see if it does not please you.

Military Examiner: "What must a man be to be buried with military honors?"—Recruit: "Dead."

Horsford's Acid Phosphate,

For Overworked Females.

Dr. J. P. Cowan, Ashland, O., says: "It proves satisfactory as a nerve tonic; also in dyspeptic conditions of the stomach, with general debility, such as we find in overworked females, with nervous headache and its accompaniments."

If we could read the secret history of our enemies, we should find in each man's life sorrow and suffering enough to disarm all hostility.

MRS. E. H. Perkins, Creek Centre, Warren Co., N. Y., writes: She has been troubled with asthma for four years, had to sit up night after night with it. She has taken two bottles of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, and is perfectly cured. She strongly recommends it, and wishes to act as agent among her neighbors.

Fish are so plenty in some parts of Canada that in order to tell a first-class lie the sportsman has to swear he did not catch any.—*Texas Siftings.*

Mr. C. E. Riggins, Beamsville, writes: "A customer who tried a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery says it is the best thing he ever used; to quote his own words, 'It just seems to touch the spot affected.' About a year ago he had an attack of bilious fever, and was afraid he was in for another, when I recommended this valuable medicine with such happy results."

Special Notice.

In Bad Humor.

A year ago my head was covered with sores, and the eruption covered my face also, and spread even until the backs of my hands were sore. I became weak and ill. Finding no cure I tried Burdock Blood Bitters. Two bottles perfectly cured me." Statement of Miss Minnie Stevenson, Cocagne, N. B.

Angostura Bitters.

The world-renowned appetizer and invigorator. Used now over the whole civilized world. Try it, but beware of imitations. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

On the Rise.

"Leaves have their time to fall," says the poet, but Wild Strawberry leaves are on the rise just now, being utilized in such enormous quantities in making Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry—the infallible remedy for Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa and other Summer Complaints.

Typhoid Fever.

The hospital physicians state that typhoid fever is more than usually prevalent in the city. There have been more cases admitted to the General Hospital lately than there have been for the last few years. The doctors attribute the cause to the Spring floods, which left behind so much stagnant matter thus germinating disease. The best preventive against which is the free use of reliable disinfectants, and when epidemic was in our midst, last Autumn, the health authorities recommended the use of "Mater's No. 5 Carbolic Acid," which may be purchased from all chemists in 25 and 50 cent bottles. 199 6

GILMOUR BROTHERS,

87 ST. PETER STREET,

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods & Smallwares,

Wholesale.

JOB LINE CHECK SUMMER SILKS.

BLACK SILKS.

WOOL SHAWLS.

BREAKFAST SHAWLS.

BLACK KID GLOVES.

UNDRESSED KID GLOVES.

DRIVING GLOVES.

LARGE STOCK HEMP CARPETS.

TAPESTRY CARPETS.

JOB LINES IN ALBUMS.

FRENCH BLACKING.

BRASS POLISH.

CLOCKS & WATCHES.

POUND PRINTS. MAGOG PRINTS.

COTTON YARN.

GILMOUR BROTHERS.

195 tf

GAS FIXTURES

—AND—

FANCY GLOBES.

—IN—

GREAT VARIETY.

ROBERT MITCHELL & CO.,

COR. ST. PETER AND CRAIG STREETS

89 eod tf

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets by grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. 130 eod

DISTRICT DE MONTREAL — COUR Supericure, No. 2470.—Dame Josephine ——eage wife of Charles Cadotte, Boot & Shoe Manufacturer of the City and District of Montreal, has instituted Against her husband an action for separation as to property.

H. JEANNOTTE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Montreal, 31st July, 1886. 187 S

Educational.

PROTESTANT BOARD OF SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

All Schools under control of this Board will re-open on

WEDNESDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER.

The new Berthelet Street School will be ready for occupation. Residents in the district bounded by St. Urbain st., St. Charles Borromee st., St. Catherine st., (as far as Bleury), Dorchester st., (West from Bleury), and Mountain street, will be admitted to it on application to the Head Master at the School.

E. W. ARTHY,
198 7 SECRETARY.

ST. HILAIRE CONVENT, P.Q.

The system of education of this Institution, pleasantly situated at the foot of the beautiful Mountains of St. Hilaire, affords every advantage for acquiring a solid English and French Education. Terms per annum, paid per session, in advance; Board and Tuition, $60; Music, $20, Washing, $10; Bed and Bedding, $10.

The classes will re-open on the first MONDAY of SEPTEMBER next. For further particulars, address

MOTHER SUPERIOR.
198 3

McGill Normal and Model Schools.

These institutions will be opened on

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1st.

AT NINE A.M.

Names of Candidates for Admission as teachers in training, will be enrolled on Wednesday. Examinations for entrance will be held on the 2nd and following days.

S. P. ROBINS, LL.D.,
196 5eod Principal.

LINCOLN COLLEGE, SOREL, P.Q.

The Fall term of the above institution will open on Wednesday, the 1st September. Applications should be made early to the undersigned from whom all information as to terms, &c., can be obtained.

HENRY J. LYALL,
182 23 Principal.

ROSE BANK,

COTE ST. ANTOINE.

The MISSES SAMUEL will re-open their classes on Tuesday, 7th September.

197 6

MRS. MERCER'S BOARDING AND DAY School, for young ladies and children, will re-open on September the 8th, for the 17th Session. Special arrangements made for attending either the whole, or partial course at McGill College. A French governess resident. Apply for school catalogue, references, etc., personally and by letter, to Mrs. MERCER, 9 Prince of Wales Terrace, 903 Sherbrooke street. 196 6

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, KINDERgarten Froebel System, for Children Conducted by Mrs. Wright, 1127 Sherbrooke street. The Fall Term of the above School will re-open on Wednesday, 15th September. Pupils can be prepared for University if desired. After September 4th Mrs. Wright will be at home every afternoon to receive applications. 196 6

The MISSES FORNERET'S

BOARDING & DAY SCHOOL,

For Young Ladies and Children, at 21 Berri street, will re-open SEPTEMBER 2nd. Application personally or by letter to the MISSES FORNERET, at Home after Aug. 29. 196 eod6

THE MONTREAL MUSIC SCHOOL, 1464 St. Catherine street, will re-open on Wednesday, 1st September.

The prospectus is inserted on page, 273 of Lovell's City Directory, or may be had from the Principal, Professor W. Bohrer, and Assistant Principal, Max. Bohrer, who will be at the school daily after 21st August. 12 z 190

MISS CRONIN'S ACADEMY.

21 Montcalm street. Classes will be resumed on Monday, August 30. 197 6eod

LADIES' SCHOOL,

186 BLEURY STREET,

Conducted by Mrs. STONE.

Will re-open 1st SEPTEMBER, 1886. Evening Classes. 190 12

CONGREGATION NOTRE DAME, MOUNT ST. MARY.

The classes of this establishment will re-open on SEPTEMBER 2ND. 199 3

MISS FOSTER'S CLASS

WILL RE-OPEN

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9th.

190 12 32 FORT STREET.

THE ARCHBISHOP'S ACADEMY,

35 St. Margaret street, will re-open on Wednesday, September 1st. 197 13

Summer Resorts.

THE

IROQUOIS HOUSE,

ON THE BELŒIL MOUNTAINS,

ST. HILAIRE, P. Q.

ACCOMMODATION FOR 300 GUESTS.

Only 57 minutes from Montreal by G. T. R. R.

Lv. MONTREAL by G.T.R.,	Arrive at ST. HILAIRE.
7.45 a.m.	8.55 a.m.
8.10 a.m.	8.57 a.m.
1.50 p.m. (Saturdays only).	2.45 p.m.
3.15 p.m.	4.12 p.m.
5.20 p.m.	6.10 p.m.
10.15 p.m.	11.23 p.m.
Leave ST. HILAIRE.	Arrive in MONTREAL.
6.45 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
7.53 a.m.	8.35 a.m.
11.07 a.m.	11.55 a.m.
6.04 p.m.	6.35 p.m.
6.45 p.m. (Saturdays only).	8.10 p.m.
8.42 p.m.	9.40 p.m.

Fare to Iroquois House and return $1.25. 167

ABENAKIS SPRINGS, P. Q.

Famous Mineral Water. Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Diseases of Liver, &c. Fresh water bathing, hot and cold Mineral water baths. Fishing in River St. Francis and Lake St. Peter, hunting, boating, carriage drives, croquet, billiards, Concert Hall, Music, &c.

House commodious and recently built, cuisine excellent. Terms $8.00 per week; children half-price.

Steamer Three Rivers leaves Montreal for Springs, Tuesdays and Fridays, at 1.30 p.m.; Quebec Boats, Saturdays, at 7 p.m. Steamer Three Rivers leaves Springs, Wednesdays and Sundays, at 4 p.m., arriving at Montreal 11 p.m. Return Tickets, $1.50. S. E. Ry. daily, via Actonvale to Yamaska Station. Send for circulars. 190z

HOTEL WINDSOR!

Rouses Point, New York.

At the foot of Lake Champlain within one and half hour of Montreal on G. T. R. R.

The healthiest and most delightful family Summer Resort.

The best fishing grounds for Black Bass, Pickerel and Pike. Hunting, Boating and Driving.

Mountain and water scenery from Piazzas of unsurpassed beauty. Now open.

Send for circulars.

127 eod CHAS. F. BECK, Prop.

Caledonia Springs!

GRAND HOTEL NOW OPEN.

Rheumatism. Dyspepsia. Family Resort: moderate rates. Sanitation unqualifiedly perfect. Superior accommodation. Send for guide. 154 z

ST. LEON SPRINGS HOUSE.

This house will be open June 1st. Terms as usual. Dr. Johnson, of Philadelphia, will reside at the Springs. Sanitary arrangements first-class. Good stabling and attendance for horses. Baths at all times. Water a sure cure for rheumatism, salt rheum and dyspepsia.

JAMES K. GILMAN,
President and Manager.
124 z St. Leon Springs Co.

NEW POPULAR SUMMER RESORT.

THE CHATEAUGAY CHASM,

NEAR CHATEAUGAY, N. Y.

Special rates from Montreal as follows: Via G. T. R. R. via Huntingdon, thence Hunter's stage (10 miles), leaving on arrival of evening train, round trip, fare $2.90; also via Rouses Point to Chateaugay, thence about thirty minutes' ride to the Chasm House, round trip $3.00. All tickets good for 10 days limit. A good hotel at entrance of Chasm entertains at popular rates, by meal, day or week. Delsie may read all Huntingdon and return by Rouses Point, at $3.00. Apply at 143 ST. JAMES ST.

For information regarding entertainment and scenery, apply to R. A. JACKSON, Manager. P. O. address, Chateaugay, N. Y. 156 m

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets by grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. 130 eod

CHAMARD'S LORNE HOUSE!

MURRAY BAY.

Your patronage solicited.

149 z WM. CHAMARD & Co.

McLEAN'S HOTEL,

now open for visitors, offers exceptional facilities to Sportsmen, and those seeking Health and Fine Scenery. 154 1m

PARK HOUSE, MAGOG, QUE.

This hotel is now open for Summer boarders. Prices from Five to Six Dollars per week. Reduction for families.

137 W. JAMESON, Proprietor.

Du Berger's CENTRAL House,

Murray Bay.....now opened to Visitors.

166 GEORGE DU BERGER, Prop.

Educational.

The Montreal Business College.

Corner Notre Dame and Place d'Armes.

Is now open. Seats should be secured without delay. Students can begin any time. No entrance examination.

The course of instruction is a short, sharp, and thorough drill, in practical education for business purposes. It includes, Bookkeeping in all its forms, Commercial and Mental Arithmetic, Penmanship and Business Correspondence, Commercial Law and Business Forms, English, French and Shorthand. The actual Business Department is a characteristic feature of this college. It is thorough and complete in every detail, and gives the student actual practice and experience, in the various branches of business.

For particulars, apply at the College, or send for circular containing full description of the course, terms, etc.

Address, DAVIS & RUE
180 tf

BISHOPS COLLEGE AND BISHOPS COLLEGE SCHOOL,

LENNOXVILLE.

MICHAELMAS TERM.

These Institutions will re-open on Tuesday, the 14th September next.

Lectures will begin in the College on the 16th inst.

The Reid Scholarship, Bursary, and Matriculation Examinations will be held on the 14th inst.

For Calendars and full information, apply to The REV. DR. ADAMS, Principal and Rector, or to the Secretary.

EDWARD CHAPMAN,
Secretary.

BISHOPS COLLEGE,
Lennoxville, 25th Aug., 1886. 199 17

MRS. MILLAR'S & MISS PITT'S

ENGLISH AND FRENCH FINISHING AND PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR THE BOARD AND EDUCATION OF YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN.

No. 4 Prince of Wales Terrace,

893 Sherbrooke St., Montreal.

This School re-opens for its seventh session, in new premises, on September 15th.

Professors and competent teachers in all departments. Musical rehearsals, Literary conversazione, Shakspeare evenings, Lectures on Art, Science, Literature, and History form distinctive features of the Senior Classes. Preparatory department is well suited to the wants of young children. Special care and time is devoted to the study of Music and Painting. At home after the 6th Sept.

Circulars on application. 188 z

MONTREAL ACADEMY.

60, MACKAY STREET.

Rector: Rev. J. Williamson (of Glasgow and Edinburgh Universities). Mathematical Assistant: T. Bidlor Davies, B.A. (Trinity Hall, Cambridge), with assistants for French and other branches.

Boys prepared for Royal Military College, Kingston, and for entering the *second* year of the Arts and Science Faculties at McGill, Queen's, and other Universities.

Bursary of £50 a year, tenable for 3 years, for competition to pupils joining class IV.

The Rector receives 2 boys as boarders.

The next session begins on Monday, 6th September, at 10 o'clock.

Prospectus on application. 190

COMPTON LADIES' COLLEGE.

The Fall Term will commence on the 13th September next.

An efficient staff of teachers has been engaged. The buildings are undergoing thorough repairs and will be airy and comfortable.

A thoroughly competent Lady Matron has been secured. She will be personally responsible for the Boarding Department, and will spare no pains to secure the health, happiness, and comfort of the pupils.

Fees, including Board, and tuition in French, Latin, and the usual English Branches, $150 per annum.

All communications should be addressed to REV. G. J. PARKER, Bursar, Compton, Que.; or REV. JOHN FOSTER, Secretary, Coaticook, Que. Send for a Prospectus. 193z

MISS LAWDER'S SCHOOL,

110 MANSFIELD STREET,

Will be re-opened on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 13TH.

Circulars may be obtained at C. Ashford's and Dawson Brothers', St. Catherine street.

After September 1st, Miss Lawder will be at home every afternoon, to receive visitors on school business. 187 tf

AMERICAN PHONOGRAPHIC SCHOOL.

Miss Nella Dixon and Miss M. Florence Case, of New York, will open a Phonographic Evening School the 1st September, for the purpose of teaching Graham's Standard Phonography, the most popular system of shorthand now in use.

Pupils thoroughly taught.

Terms $5 per month.

Full and satisfactory circulars on application. All students taught to use the Type-writer free of charge.

NELLA DIXON.
M. FLORENCE CASE.
200 z3 1358 St. Catherine st., City.

BOARD OF THE

Roman Catholic School Commissioners

OF MONTREAL.

The reopening of the classes of the Polytechnic School, Plateau Academy, and of all the other schools under the control of the Board, will take place on

MONDAY, Aug. 30th.

The Evening Class of the Commercial Academy will open on MONDAY, October 4th.

For particulars apply to the Principal or the Director of each school. 190 18z

School of St. John the Evangelist,

270 ST. URBAIN STREET.

REV. EDMUND WOOD, M. A., Durham, Rector.

REV. ARTHUR FRENCH, B. A., Oxford, Headmaster, with competent assistants.

School will meet (D. V.) on Wednesday, September 8th. Boys are thoroughly grounded in all the branches of an English and classical education. The masters seek to impart to the boys a healthy, moral tone. The numbers are limited. A few boarders are received z190

MACKAY INSTITUTION

—FOR—

PROTESTANT DEAF MUTES & THE BLIND

NOTRE DAME DE GRACE, MONTREAL.

The Managers will re-open School on Wednesday, September 8th.

Articulation and Speech Reading a specialty.

PHILIP S. ROSS,
Secretary.

HARRIET E. McGANN,
Superintendent.

199

THE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, conducted by Miss Symmers and Miss Smith, will re-open on Wednesday, the 15th September. In addition to the ordinary school classes, special instruction will be provided for young ladies who desire to prepare for the McGill University Examinations for Matriculation, or for the Certificate of Associate in Arts.

After Monday, the 6th September, Miss Symmers and Miss Smith will be at home daily, from ten till six, to receive visitors on school business.

193z 916 SHERBROOKE ST.

MRS. LAY'S ESTABLISHMENT.

FOR THE

BOARD AND EDUCATION OF YOUNG LADIES

1736 and 1738 St. Catherine Street West

This school will re-open SEPTEMBER 15th. Music and the FRENCH LANGUAGE specialties. Resident French Governess. Pupils can be prepared for the University if desired. The attention of families residing at the West End is called to the advantages offered by this school, of which a well-organized Primary Department, suited to the wants of young children, is an important feature. Application personally or by letter to Mrs. LAY. 190 z

KINDERGARTEN — FROEBEL'S SYStem and Preparatory School.

The Misses McIntosh, will re-open the Kindergarten and Preparatory School on Thurs

BIRTHS.

McHARG—179 Mignonne street, August 23, the wife of T. J. McHarg, of a son. 199 2

ROSS—At Lachine, Monday, August 23, the wife of William Ross, of a son.

SCHLATTER—Thursday, August 19, at 175 Mansfield street, city: the wife of J. G. Schlatter of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BRAKE-WILLIAMS—On August 23, at Point St. Charles Methodist Church, by Rev. D. Saunders, Jonah Brake to Lizzie Williams, eldest daughter of Albert Williams, Point St. Charles. 199 2

COLLINS-HANNEY—February 22, 1886, by Rev. Father Catulle, Daniel Collins of Hamilton, Ont., to Kate, youngest daughter of Bernard Hanney of this city. (Manitoba and Hamilton papers please copy.)

FARRELL-MURPHY—At St. Patrick's Church, by the Rev. Father Toupin, Richard Farrell to Emily Murphy, both of this city.

McLEAN-BULL—At Toronto, Ont., Aug. 23, William McLean to Emily Bull.

SUTHERLAND-FOWLER — At St. Ann's Church, Richmond, Que., August 24, by the Rev. H. S. Fuller, M. A., John C. Sutherland, of Richmond, to Frances M., fourth daughter of the late W. Hollingworth Fowler, M. D. 199 2

DEATHS.

ANDERSON—At Pollett River, Westmoreland Co., N. B., August 21, Eliza Anderson, 41 years.

BLANCHARD—At Truro, N. S., August 22, Jonathan Blanchard, 73 years.

BEVAN—At Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 24, Martha Bevan, 83 years.

CASWELL—At Kingston, August 24, Mrs. Caswell, aged 66, mother of Mrs. J. D. Davis.

EVANS—At Hamilton, Ont., August 24, Isabella Evans, 79 years.

GODWIN—At Aylmer, Que., on Sunday August 15, Bessie Clarissa, infant and only daughter of E. R. Godwin, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, aged 6 months and 17 days. 199 2

GRAY—At Halifax, N. S., August 21, John Gray, 68 years.

KING—In this city, August 26, Mary Hoey, relict of Patrick King, aged 80 years. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 109 St. André street, on Saturday, August 28, 7.30 a. m., to the St. Patrick's Church, thence to the R. C. Cemetery. 200 2

LEFEBVER—In this city, August 26, 1886, Fabien Lefebvre, aged 75 years, formerly of St. Johns, P. Q. Funeral from 41 Cotte street, Saturday, 6.30 a.m. Friends and acquaintances will please to attend without further notice. (Chicago, Ill., papers please copy.)

MANNING—At Falmouth, Hants Co., N. S., August 19, Elizabeth Manning, 82 years.

McGINLEY—At St. John, N. B., Aug. 22, Ann McGinley, 66 years.

McNEILL—At Milford, N. B., Aug. 23, Elizabeth McNeil, 58 years.

O'HEARN—In this city, August 25, Bridget Florence, youngest daughter of William O'Hearn, aged 7 months. Funeral from her father's residence, 216 St. George street, Friday morning, 10 o'clock.

PYKE—At Hudson, Que., August 25, Edith, youngest child of Jas. W. Pyke, age 10 months. 199 3

PEACOCK—At Portland, N. B., Aug. 23, James Peacock, 85 years.

ROUSSEAU—Ste. Cunegonde, Aug. 25, at the age of 5 months and 15 days, Eglantine Yonne Blanca, daughter of Avila Rousseau. Funeral on Saturday, Aug. 28, at 2.30 p. m. from 924 St. Joseph street, Ste. Cunegonde.

RIEPERT—In this city, August 25, Elizabeth Klamberg, aged 63 years, relict of the late William Riepert. Funeral will take place from her late residence, 15 Shuter street, on Friday, August 27, at 3 p. m. Friends will please accept this intimation. 199 3

ROSS—At Lachine, August 23, infant son of William Ross.

SCOTT—At Charing Cross, Ont., August 22, Mary, wife of Rev. E. E. Scott, 30 years.

SNOOK—At Toronto, Ont., August 23, Ann Snook, 47 years.

SKINNER—At Winnipeg, Man., August 23 Mrs. Skinner, relic of the late Hugh Skinner, 87 years.

TOBIN—At Halifax, N. S., August 22, Maurice Tobin, 67 years.

VERGE—At Westport, N. S., August 15, Andrew Verge, 35 years.

The Weather.

1 a.m.—Probabilities for the next 24 hours: South to west winds; fair weather; slightly higher temperature.

READINGS BY HEARN & HARRISON'S Standard Thermometer this day: Max., 78°; Min., 60°; same date last year: Max. 61.°; min., 47°.

Barometer readings to-day: 8 a. m. 29.89 12 m., 29.85; 3 p. m., 29.82.

Appointments this Evening.

Theatre Royal—"A Cold Day."

St. Martin Street.—Mass meeting of Labor Candidates.

Steamer "Berthier"—Moonlight Excursion.

It Doesn't Keep.

Housekeeper (to new cook just imported)—"Bridget, how do things keep in the new refrigerator?"

Bridget—"Well, mum, they all seem to kape poorty well, barrin' the oice, which 'pears to milt ivery blissed day."—*Harper's Bazar.*

Our American Mahogany Bedroom Sets are selling fast because they are the best value in the city. From 10 to 20 per cent. cheaper than any other house. WM. KING & CO., Furniture Warerooms, 652 Craig Street. 199 4

WHITE COTTONS.

WHITE COTTONS.

:o:

The effect of a slack season during the months of July and August, has not been experienced by us this Season.

We attribute this to the good value we have been giving in our Cotton department.

We are just as busy selling these goods to-day, as we were the first day we received them.

Cottons at "Mill Prices," is an old advertisement, therefore we leave it out, and let ladies judge the value for themselves.

—:o:—

JAS. A. OGILVY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

203 & 205 ST. ANTOINE ST., AND

144, 146, 148 & 150 MOUNTAIN ST.

200 1 Telephone No. 967.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

As age gives value to many articles of commerce, our long experience now enables us to meet the wants and wishes of our customers and that portion of the public who so liberally patronized us during the past 40 years. Our present stock of Parlor, Dining-room, Library and Chamber Furniture, requires to be seen to be sufficiently appreciated, having added to our already large assortment of Parlor suites some of the very newest and nicest styles of Mahogany, Black Walnut, Cherry, Mahoganized and Ebonized Suites, covered in the latest styles of the various new shades of covering, with a full stock of the very best and latest designs of Rattan Furniture, and with our new passenger elevator each flat of our six large showrooms can be reached with ease. Our many advantages enable us to buy largely and get the best discounts, as we purchase every article of our stock for net cash, thereby enabling us to mark our goods at and below what they cost many in our line, and which have secured for us the largest sales yet made by any house in our line in the Dominion. A call or inspection of our stock and prices at our oldest, largest, and quality considered, cheapest Wholesale and Retail Furniture House in the city.

OWEN McGARVEY & SON,

Nos. 1249, 1851 & 1853 NOTRE DAME STREET, Cor. McGill Street. 199 3

Remember that KING & CO.'S is the cheapest furniture house in the city, and that they always give satisfaction. Big discount for cash. 199 4

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 26, 1886.

SALE.

CONTINUATION OF OUR GREAT SALE.

We shall continue our Great Sale for some time, to make room for our Fall Goods, which are coming in daily. All Goods marked down, and those parties who require first-class goods at low prices, must come direct to

S. CARSLEY'S.

Fancy All Wool Tweeds, only 45c.
Fancy All Wool Tweeds, only 48c.
Fancy All Wool Tweeds, only 53c.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Men's Navy Boating Shirts.
Men's White Flannel Laced Shirts.
Men's fancy Flannel Shirts.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Men's Regatta Shirts, only 75c.
Men's White Dressed Shirts, only 75c.
Men's French Cambric Shirts, only 75c.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Men's Cotton Night Shirts, only 75c.
Men's fine White Cotton Night Shirts.
Men's fancy Cotton Night Shirts.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Men's fine Balbriggan Underwear.
Men's fine Cashmere Underwear.
Men's Summer Merino Underwear.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Men's Silk Underwear, in all weights.
Men's Silk Underwear, in all qualities.
Men's Silk Underwear, at lowest prices.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Men's fancy Cotton Socks.
Men's Lisle Thread Socks.
Men's Silk Socks, in best qualities.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Men's Summer Merino Socks.
Men's Fine Cashmere Socks.
Men's Lambs' Wool Socks.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Men's Driving Dog-skin Gloves.
Men's Chevrette Gloves, all Colors.
Men's Kid Gloves, at lowest prices.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Pure Flax Table Linen.
Pure Flax Table Linen.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Scotch Double Damask.
Scotch Double Damask.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Barnsley Cream Table Linen.
Barnsley Cream Table Linen.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Scotch Loom Table Linen.
Scotch Loom Table Linen.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Linen Napkins. Linen Napkins.
Barnsley Napkins. Barnsley Napkins.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Tray Cloths. Tray Cloths.
Sideboard Covers. Sideboard Covers.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Towellings. Towellings.
Terry Cloth. Terry Cloth.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

Bath Towels. Bath Towels.
Face Cloths. Face Cloths.

At S. CARSLEY'S.

MANCHESTER GOODS.
MANCHESTER GOODS.
MANCHESTER GOODS.
MANCHESTER GOODS.

Every description of Loom Goods, made in the great world's centre of industry and enterprise, Manchester, England, will be found at

S. CARSLEY'S.

MANCHESTER COTTONS.
MANCHESTER FLANNELS.
MANCHESTER QUILTS.
MANCHESTER CORDS.
MANCHESTER JACONETTES.
MANCHESTER YARNS.
MANCHESTER WEBBINGS.
MANCHESTER PRINTS.
MANCHESTER MUSLINS.
MANCHESTER VELVETEENS.
MANCHESTER CLOTH.
MANCHESTER DRESS GOODS.
MANCHESTER UMBRELLAS.
MANCHESTER TICKING.
MANCHESTER LINEN.

All Goods received direct from Manchester, England.

S. CARSLEY.

JONAS BROOKS & BROS.

Parties requiring the very best Sawing Cotton, for Hand or Machine use, should ask for Brooks' Spool Cotton. It is the popular sewing Cotton in England for manufacturing purposes and private use, and has been for generations past. Ever since Messrs. Brooks Bros. have reduced the price to the same as ordinary spool cotton the demand has kept steadily increasing.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S ADVERTISEMENT.

LARGER THAN EVER.

It will be our determination for the coming Season (which opens next week), to do a larger business than on any former Season.

WE MUST DO IT.

Our purchases are larger in every department, therefore we must do a much larger trade, and to reduce our stock in Season we will mark all lines at prices that will, we are sure, meet with public favor.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Mantles.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Dress Goods.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Flannels.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Linen Goods.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Cotton Goods.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Hosiery.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Gloves.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Trimmings.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Laces.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Buttons and Small Wares.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Ladies' Waterproofs.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Ladies' Jerseys.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Cloakings.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Shawls.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Umbrellas.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Ladies' Cotton Underclothing.

We are headquarters for all kinds of Dry Goods, in all the newest materials, newest colors and newest designs.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,

1781 & 1783 NOTRE DAME ST.,

105, 107, 109, 111 ST. PETER ST.

Terms Cash and only One Price. 200

The best Stove Polish in the World.

This Black Lead has become the favorite stove polish, being the best, cleanest, and most economical now in use. The quality never varies, as it is always made from the best materials.

For sale by all grocers throughout the Dominion. Trade mark secured

TELLIER ROTHWELL & CO., Sole Makers, Montreal.

194 tood

H. F. POIRIER'S ADVERTISEMENT.

My Store is like a Co-operative Store, the more encouragement I get the cheaper I sell, with the only difference that there are no shareholders and therefore nothing for my customers to lose.

H. F. POIRIER.

GREY FLANNELS.

Come direct to H. F. P. for your Flannels. All wool grey Flannels in light and dark shades, plain and twilled, for 20c per yard. Extra quality, wide grey Flannels for 23c per yard.

SCARLET FLANNELS.

The cheapest Red Flannels to be had in the city are to be found at Poirier's, prices from 13c to 60c, for 30c I sell a fine heavy Flannel and extra wide.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

House Furnishings can be bought here cheaper than anywhere else. Roller Linen, Table Linen, Plain and Twilled Sheetings in both bleached and unbleached, Pillow Cottons, Pillow Linens, Napkins, Marseilles Quilts, Honeycomb Quilts, Cotton and Linen Towels, all goods sold at the lowest possible cash prices.

H. F. POIRIER,

1311 & 1313

ST. CATHERINE STREET, WEST.

QUEEN'S HALL BLOCK. 200

BOISSEAU BROTHERS,

SHIRT, COLLAR AND CUFF MANUFACTURERS,

235—&—237

ST. LAWRENCE STREET.

MONTREAL.

FURTHER IMPROVEMENT IN THIS DEPARTMENT.

We have for the convenience of our customers opened a fitting-room down stairs, for trying on Gents' Suits, or sporting Shirts, Cardigan Jackets, &c., &c., and not forgetting Boys' Flannel Shirts, so much used by the youths of our city—a great saving of time and trouble to mothers not knowing the right size of shirts they can be fitted—and, we have just received full stock of Boys', Youths' and Men's Underclothing, and all at the old prices, thus saving the advance of twenty-five per cent.

All Canadian made Shirts and Drawers we are selling at 10 advance on mill prices. Ask any wholesale house about our prices and they will say we beat the trade. 200

WM. KING & CO. have on hand a very large stock of furniture coverings, fresh from Europe. Suites made to order from $45 to $300. Work guaranteed. Warerooms, 652 Craig Street. 199 4

FRAGRANT AND DELICATE

Sunflower Oil Soap

MADE BY

The Albert Toilet Soap Co'y.

Third Edition.

SIR JOHN AND BIG BEAR.

The Indian Chief Appeals to Lady Macdonald to Use Her Influence to Secure His Liberty — The Premier's Doings.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

TORONTO, August 26.—The *Mail's* special, dated Winnipeg, August 25, says: During Sir John Macdonald's visit to Stoney Mountain penitentiary on Monday the great attraction of course was Big Bear, who was found weeding in the garden. The old Indian apparently did not know who his visitors were. Sir John attempted to have a little talk with him, and informed him of the death of Little Poplar. The old chief adopted a know-nothing look and professed ignorance of the lately defunct red skin. After Sir John had left a half-breed informed Big Bear of the character of his visitors. Thereupon the Indian approached Lady Macdonald and said that Little Poplar was his son-in-law, and he was very sorry to hear of his death. He also told her that she was a great lady, and that her husband was a great man. Having thus paved the way he implored her influence to secure his liberty. He stated that he had no idea of the power of the white men. He had thought the white men insignificant; but they had come up on him like mosquitoes, and he was now satisfied that the Indians could not cope with them. He was desirous of living on peaceful terms with the white men, and promised to do so if given his liberty.

Last night, after the inspection of the 90th Battalion, Sir John and Lady Macdonald had a reception at Government house, which was largely availed of. To-day Sir John lunched with Sir Donald Smith on Silver Heights. He also received an address from the Icelandic settlers, to which he made a suitable reply. In the evening Sir John attended the opening of the Provincial Liberal Conservative Convention, and was presented with addresses from the senior and junior Liberal Conservative Associations and the Scandinavian society, replying at considerable length. Sir John will leave to-morrow afternoon for Port Arthur, where he will remain a day and a half and will make a trip out on the lake. It is understood that the idea of returning east by boat has been abandoned.

OPENING THE CAMPAIGN.

Mr. Blaine Fires the First Gun—The Fisheries Dispute and Other Matters Discussed.

PORTLAND, Me., August 24.—Mr. James G. Blaine addressed an immense gathering at Sebago Lake this afternoon, opening the Republican state campaign and incidentally his own presidential campaign for 1888. He came here on the morning train from Augusta, but did not drive to the city proper, preferring to stop at the transfer junction for the train over the Portland & Ogdensburg railroad to the lake. He was accompanied from Augusta by Col. S. S. Osgood, his trusted lieutenant in many a state campaign. Mr. Blaine was received at the lake by a crowd of leading Republicans and escorted to the hotel. About one thousand people went up from Portland, and the people came in from all the surrounding country. The farming class predominated. The catch word, "Blaine of Maine," took the fancy of the honest graziers apparently, and it could be heard on every hand. That in some way "Blaine of Maine" was opening his own campaign and was running for the Presidency was a prevalent idea. This idea Mr. Blaine rather gave color and strength to when he spoke. He confined himself to five topics—tariff, labor agitation, fishery dispute, Mexican question and prohibition. He attacked the Democratic as the party of free trade, maintained that the panacea for the labor difficulties is protection, criticized Secretary Bayard's "patient endurance of Canadian outrage toward American fishermen" on the one hand and his "unnecessary and undignified display of insolence and bravado toward Mexico" on the other, and finally coming to the main issue in the State canvass assured the Prohibitionists that the true party of Prohibition is the Republican.

THE FISHERIES DISPUTE.

Discussing the question of the fisheries, Mr. Blaine criticised Secretary Bayard's action of June 19, 1885, giving to Mr. West, British Minister, in consideration of the fact that American fishermen should enjoy the privileges assured to them under the Washington treaty, for six months after the abrogation of that treaty, a pledge that the President would at the next session of Congress "recommend the appointment of a commission in which the Governments of the United States and Great Britain shall be respectively represented, charged with the consideration and settlement upon a just, equitable and honorable basis of the entire questions of the fishing rights of the two Governments and of their respective citizens on the coasts of the United States and British North America." Mr. Blaine criticised President Cleveland also for fulfilling this pledge and characterized the transaction throughout as most extraordinary and unprecedented. As soon as it became evident that Congress would not accept the proposal for a new commission, Mr. Blaine continued, the Government of the Dominion of Canada, with the presumed approval of the Imperial Government, began a series of outrages upon American fishing vessels and crews, seeking in every way to destroy their business and to deprive them of their rights. That course continues to this day.

THE TREATY OF 1818.

Admitting at the outset that the fisheries are now governed by the treaty of 1818, Mr. Blaine reviewed the history of the struggle over the definition of the three mile limit in that treaty, and the efforts made by the British Government to have it mean the waters three miles outside of the line drawn from headland to headland of bays. He then went on to say that the humility of our situation has been gratuitously increased by a vote of a majority of the Democratic party in the House of Representatives to throw open the markets of the United States to British and Canadian fishermen without duty or charge, and without securing to American fishermen the right to fish in British and Canadian waters. This, he said, is an act of such unaccountable, rancorous hostility to the fishing interest of New England that it is difficult even to comprehend its motive.

THE FATAL DEEP.

Three Vessels Wrecked and Many Lives Lost on the Newfoundland Coast.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., August 26.—A St. Pierre, Miquelon, despatch says: "The French ship "Letvile" struck on Kalaus island yesterday morning in a dense fog and boisterous sea and was shattered to pieces. She was laden with fish and carried a crew of twenty-one men. Twelve of the crew were drowned."

A fishing vessel at Port Degrave was also lost. Capt. Butler, his son and all hands perished.

The Gloucester schooner "Howard," Capt. Roberts, drove from her moorings at Portugal Cove during Tuesday's storm. The ship and her cargo of fish are a total loss. The Captain and crew barely saved their lives amid the breakers.

CROP REPORTS.

EDINBURGH, August 25.—The warm, brilliant weather which has prevailed during the past ten days has hastened the ripening of the crops in Scotland, where they promise to exceed the average.

LONDON, August 25.—Advices from Adelaide state that the wheat crop in South Australia will yield, according to the latest estimates, an average of seven bushels to the acre. There have been copious rains throughout the wheat growing region and the rain continues.

CHARGED WITH SPREADING HERESIES

ST. PETERSBURG, August 26.—Conradi, who was recently arrested at Simferopol for spreading heresies, has been released as the result of the interposition of M. Lothrap, the United States Minister, and has been ordered to leave Russia. His offence was baptizing persons of the Lutheran faith

HOT WAVE IN THE NORTH-WEST.

ST. PAUL, Minn., August 26.—Intense heat prevailed over the entire North-West during the past three days. At Winnipeg the thermometer registered 105 yesterday, and a terrific simoon from the Montana desert had a terribly depressing effect.

PETITION AGAINST EVICTIONS.

DUBLIN, August 26.—Cork merchants are signing a petition to Lord Salisbury praying for legislation to prevent unjust evictions on account of the depression in the agricultural industry.

NOTHING HEARD OF THE PRINCE.

The Whereabouts of Prince Alexander Unknown — The British Foreign Minister at Work.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, August 26.—The Government has received news confirming the report that Prince Alexander landed at Reni, but nothing has been heard of him since. The Earl of Iddesleigh worked in his office until late last evening. He exchanged telegrams all day with the Marquis of Salisbury, who was in his laboratory, at Hatfield House, experimenting with an electric invention of his own for driving agricultural machinery. Lord Salisbury returned to London at 7 p. m., and was met at the station by messengers with bundles of despatches, which the Premier read forthwith.

FASTING FOR THIRTY DAYS.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, August 26.—Giovanni Succi, a gentleman residing in Milan, aged 45 years, professed to have discovered a liquor, a small quantity of which will enable anybody to fast from thirty days to two months. Succi, as an experiment, agreed to fast thirty days, and began his task on the 18th inst. A committee is watching him day and night.

COUNT DE PARIS ASKED TO PAY UP.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

PARIS, August 26.—In consequence of the refusal of the Count de Paris, while in exile, to pay donations which he promised to the church at Eu and to the town of Treport for the improvement of the harbor, the Council of Rouen has resolved to call upon the prefect to take legal steps to compel the Count to fulfil his engagements.

A GERMAN EXPELLED FROM FRANCE.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

PARIS, August 26.—A German named Kitschendorff has been expelled from France on the ground that he co-operated with Drought, the English clergyman, in raising a protest against the expulsion of the Duc d'Aumale.

BRITISH POLICE NOT KILLED.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

DURBAN, August 26.—Lieut. Bethell and a trooper of the British police in Bechuanaland, who were reported killed by Kaffirs, are alive.

TO WORRY THE GOVERNMENT.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, August 26.—The Radicals intend to worry the Government as much as possible during Mr. Gladstone's absence.

REDUCTION IN WAGES.

LONDON, August 26.—The Master Cotton Spinners Association of Bolton, representing five million spindles, have unanimously resolved to make a five per cent. reduction in wages, providing three-quarters of the spinners of Ashton and Oldhame agree to do likewise. The reduction, if made, will affect 60,000 operatives. The operatives threaten to strike if their wages are reduced.

AMERICAN NOTES.

The stone moulders of the entire Schuylkell Valley have decided to demand 10 per cent advance in wages from September 1st.

Last night an armed mob broke open the gaol at Magnolia, La., took therefrom John and Leander Nelson, (colored), charged with murder, and hung them.

DON CARLOS' OFFER.

MADRID, August 26.—Don Carlos has published a programme in which he says he will give Catatonia the privileges of an independent state. The Catatonians themselves are loudest in ridiculing this promise. They assert that Don Carlos is injuring his own cause. They are indignant at being taken for such fools.

TENANTS PURCHASE THEIR HOLDINGS.

DUBLIN, August 26.—Four tenants on Keating's estate at Kilrush have purchased their holdings for £1230, under the Ashbourne act of 1885. The time of payment extends over 49 years.

THE ISLAND PARK.

Meeting of the Parks and Ferries Committee.

The Parks and Ferries Committee met yesterday afternoon. Present: Ald. Dubuc (in the chair), Ald. Gauthier, Farrell, Dufresne and Stevenson.

A letter was read from Messrs. Busted & White, advocates for the promoters of the island coasting railway, asking for the right to erect on the island an elevated railroad, with undulating curves from some one point to another, and enquiring under what conditions such right could be granted. The letter was laid on the table.

Permission was granted to run two extra boats in the evening to the Montreal Field Battery camp, on Ald. Stevenson presenting a letter from the Militia Department agreeing to that application.

It was resolved to visit the Island on Thursday to inspect the work done so far. After signing accounts, the Committee adjourned.

Dr. Howard on "L'Etendard."

To the Editor of THE STAR:

SIR,—I thank you for your kindness in drawing public attention to the accusations made against me by the editor of *L'Etendard*. Pseudo metaphysicist as he is, he believes it right to bear false witness against his neighbor, particularly when that neighbor is an Irish Catholic, who speaks the truth. But poor honorable editor, he is no more guilty than is the majority of criminals. To thus speak falsely is the phenomenon or conduct of his physical organization. Poor fellow, all his conduct shows that he is not a purely physiological man.

Dr. Howard, he says, "is persecuting the Sisters of the Providence." Lie No. 1. The honorable member knows, and the Sisters know, I never did anything with the intention of persecuting them, or any one else. I live in obedience to nature's second law, "Do unto others as you would have others do to you."

"The Government had ordered the Sisters to hand him (the idiot boy) over to the officer of the Government, who was Dr. Howard. Dr. Howard at once handed the child to the police." Lie No. 2. The Government gave her no orders. In obedience to act Vict 48, the Government ordered me to have the boy discharged, and in obedience to the law and the Government I instructed her to have the boy discharged. I gave her, the reverend superior, similar instructions regarding patients since the 1st of January, 1886, fifty-three times, all of which she obeyed without ever sending one to me except the idiot boy.

L'Etendard again says: "Dr. Howard's contention that the institution is a provincial one is not right, since it is exclusively owned by the Sisters." Could any intellectual man write such teratological folly? I have nothing whatever to do with the question. I was not the Legislative Assembly that passed Vic. 48, Chap. 34. If the only persecution he can bring against the Government be, because I am their obedient employé, the miserable creature has not a heavy accusation; and his untruthfulness will bear no fruit. Society, bad as it is, will see that he continues to "bear false witness against his (Irish) neighbor." I have the honor to be, Mr. Editor,

Your obedient servant,

HENRY HOWARD, M. R. C. S. L. England,
Medical Superintendent, A. S. J. de D.
Montreal, 96 University street, August, 26, 1886.

PERSONAL.

His Grace Archbishop Fabre will lay the corner stone of a new church at L'Epiphanie on the 31st inst.

Mr. M. P. Ryan, Collector of Customs, is going to enjoy a short holiday on the shores of Lake Memphremagog.

Hon. Mr. Chapleau passed through the city yesterday *en route* to Shoal Island, New Hampshire, to join Madame Chapleau.

OFF TO THE POLE.

Col. Gilder in the City—His Arctic Expedition—Its Plan, Objects and Leader.

The Associated Press is, in many respects, an admirable institution. It is not always careful, however, as to the exactness of the impressions likely to be produced by its accounts of men and events. Lately it has introduced to a large number of Canadians —Colonel Gilder. Not to all, because he has already earned fame, and must have been known to many in this Dominion before he conceived the idea of cutting his name upon the North Pole. The Associated Press has been unjust to this daring gentleman, in that it has led people to dub him crank, and class him with the crack-brained notoriety hunters, who risk, or lose their purposeless lives in the mighty rush of Niagara.

Colonel Gilder is not of this class. Rather is he a man possessed with that consuming restlessness, which three centuries ago drove bold spirits into all the unknown nooks of the world, seeking new lands or eldorado. He is a newspaper man, backed in his present as in former ventures, by the prestige and treasure of the *New York Herald*. For that paper he accompanied two Arctic expeditions—that of Schwatka, and the "Jeannette" relief party led by Ingers. In the interests of the same paper, he described the ravages of the cholera in France, and the ruin made by the earthquakes in Spain.

Col. Gilder arrived in Montreal yesterday, en route to the Arctic regions via Winnipeg and Hudson Bay. For his present enterprise Col. Gilder has

SPECIAL QUALIFICATIONS.

With Lieut. Schwatka he spent three years in the Arctic regions and in that time made himself thoroughly familiar with the peculiar difficulties of northern exploration. He also learned the Eskimo language thoroughly, and succeeded in establishing entirely friendly relations with the peoples of the region. On these things the success of his present attempt will largely depend. His plan is to perform the various stages of the latter part of his journey with the assistance of the several Eskimo tribes. These are not expected to turn to and help out of pure love. Colonel Gilder carries with him a store of the articles which he knows are, in those ice-bound countries, most coveted, viz., arms and ammunition, and various implements useful in the chase or household. In return for these, he feels sure the natives will convey him up to the much sought-after crown of the earth. He carries next to no provisions. Extraordinary as it appears, it is a well authenticated fact that the Arctic seas teem with animal life. With the aid of his native allies, the explorer expects to support his party on game, until the game limit is reached. Beyond that he will depend upon the stores cached by his predecessors. At Fort Conger the northernmost point reached by white men, less than 400 miles from the pole, there lie, safely hidden at present, provisions for twenty-five men for a year. Supplies, therefore, give the gallant explorer little concern. Nor has he much more uneasiness over his prospects of securing natives to bring him to

HIS JOURNEY'S END,

For, in all probability, some of them have unwittingly been there. At any rate, as near to the pole as civilized men have gone, they have found traces of Eskimos in the round circles of stones used for securing the lower ends of the tents carried about on hunting expeditions. To the technically unlearned the scheme looks feasible enough, and it has received the endorsement of high authorities, including Sergeant Brainerd, of the Greely expedition, who is himself shortly to return to the frozen country on discovery bent. If Col. Gilder does reach the pole he is determined that his story of success shall be believed. It is probably to this end that he has associated with him, Mr. W. R. Griffith, a graduate of Cornell University, who has hitherto done most of his travelling in the tropical regions of Africa, but is, nevertheless, eager to brave the other climatic extreme. Colonel Gilder is wise in his generation, he

TAKES NO LIQUOR WITH HIM

beyond the verge of civilization; not because he is a teetotaller, but so that his indigenous northern friends may not be tempted to possess themselves of the stock, and thereby lose their heads. This last statement regarding the "ardent" is made with considerable hesitation. Consideration for the worthy Colonel precludes the publication of anything which may interfere with the complete success of his expedition. However, as there are not more than a score or so of Eskimo names on THE STAR'S list of subscribers, the chances are that the majority of those interesting people will never read this betrayal of the Colonel's distrust in their discretion.

What is to be the object of this lengthy, and as it needs must be, terrible journey? Well, it is necessary to the peace of mind of scientists that the pole should be discovered. Only then will they be able to arrive at exact knowledge of many physical phenomena which now are only accounted for by plausible theory. To correct these theories will require the services of a large corps of observers. Therefore Colonel Gilder himself does not propose to pass any length of time in gathering scientific data. From his experience he believes it possible for him to plant his foot right over the spot where the pole should is ick out. His expedition, which, in going and returning,

WILL OCCUPY THREE YEARS,

is undertaken solely to demonstrate the truth of his belief. Once he gets there, others will not be long in following. He is the more confident of success because his project avoids the mistakes made by other seekers. It was upon their own resources that his predecessors relied; he means to depend upon the skill of the natives, in the management of whom he expects to find scope for all his tact and energy, leaving natural obstacles to be overcome by their perseverance, stimulated by the hope of large reward.

By this time the adventurous reader, who has struggled thus far, must be full of curiosity to know what the explorer is like. If so, he had better at once dismiss his preconceived notions, if he has any. Colonel Gilder is rather under, than over, medium height, but compactly, broadly and strongly built. He is fair, fat, and forty. Wears short red moustache and small side whiskers. Altogether looks more a *bon vivant* than anything else. Dresses well, and has a partiality for good jewellery. In his talk he is modest, but somehow carries with him a subtle atmosphere of complacency, as of a man

CONSCIOUS OF PROVED STRENGTH.

A brilliant conversationalist, equipped with a fund of anecdotes, which he relates with humorous zest, even when, as not infrequently occurs, the story is against himself. Of course he is brimful of his expedition, but, nevertheless, avoids becoming tedious over it, and readily follows a lead to other topics. To the chance acquaintance the impression he produces is that usually made by a clever, good-natured gentleman. It is even possible to mildly chaff him about the fair lady in New York, who was so desperately resolved to keep him at home that, on the eve of his sailing, she caused him to be arrested on a trumped up charge of stealing a $100 bond from her. The charge, of course, was dismissed, but the Colonel had to change his route, through losing his ship, and take the longer way round by Winnipeg and the Hudson Bay.

Colonel Gilder belongs to a literary family, being brother to the gentleman who edits the *Century*, and also to the lady who fills the same office for the *Critic*. He himself was an artist, before he became a journalist and traveller.

Not to be Wound Up.

Yesterday afternoon, Mr. S. Cross, the solicitor of the Briton Medical Life Assurance Company received word from England that by a decision of Hon. Justice Kay, of the Court of Chancery, it has been decided to continue the business of the Association on a reduction of contracts. To a STAR reporter, this morning, Mr. M. M. Tait, Q. C., who represents some of the creditors, stated that he was now awaiting further instructions from his clients in Quebec. It what had been reported to Mr. Cross were correct, the nature claims against the Association would be paid up and his suit might be discontinued, thereby avoiding the heavy expenses which would necessarily have caused a winding up.

CITY ITEMS.

—Mr. F. Bayard has succeeded Mr. Lavigne as manager of L'Union des Abattoirs.

—A number of American gentlemen with some servants are camping out at Lachine where they are having a good time boating and fishing.

RUINED BY ISAACS.

Gardner, of Brantford, Loses all Through Isaacs—He Will Repudiate the Notes Signed by His Wife.

Mr. W. H. Parsons, who at the request of the creditors of Leopold Isaacs, proceeded to Brantford for the purpose of examining the affairs of Gardner, who is a heavy endorser on accommodation paper issued by Isaacs, has returned. "Gardner," remarked Mr. Parsons to a STAR reporter this morning, "is absolutely ruined by Isaacs, and his estate won't pay a cent on the dollar. His only hope is that he may succeed in contesting his liability on the $20,000 of accommodation notes signed by his wife and given to Isaacs, on the ground that the power of attorney his wife held only applied to notes given to the Bank of Commerce. The only liability Gardner has outside of the Isaac notes is $5000.

Isaacs has been heard from, but in his letters he does not say where he is. One of his creditors says if he does not come back voluntarily he will bring him back as a criminal. It appears he has been obtaining money under false pretences.

Mr. Parsons believes his liabilities are much heavier than some of the creditors attempt to make out, while the assets, which are not hypothecated, are nill. He has also, it appears, been discounting in Ontario.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Lacrosse.

The Irish lacrosse team are having a good time in Ottawa. Yesterday they played the Capitals, who won the match by 5 games to 4.

The Cornwalls came to Montreal last evening to play a practice match with the Montreals, who are training hard for their great match with the Torontos on Saturday.

Aquatics.

The Lake St. Louis Canoe Club at a meeting on Tuesday decided that the yacht race which was postponed at the regatta should be held next Saturday, the 28th, at 1 p.m. The boats entered are "Seud," St. Lambert; "Violet," Longueuil; "Zoe," Lachine; "Petrel," Dorval; "Zephyr," Lachine; "Eolus," Ste. Anne's; "Pinafore," Lachine.

The members of the Valois Boating Club gave a banquet on Tuesday night to the village dug-out crew, who were victorious at the Lachine regatta last Saturday. A select party of friends were invited, and a most enjoyable evening was spent. Speeches were made and toasts responded to by Messrs. Ross, W. C. Ross, Capt. A. Lowe, Swift, Stephenson and Geo. Blaiklock. Songs were sung by Messrs. D. Ross, E. A. Simon and Fred. Barlow.

THE "MAYFLOWER" WINS.

NEW YORK, August 25.—The second race in the series to decide as to which of the crack American yachts shall sail against the "Galatea" came off to-day, the wind being fresh from the east north-east. The start was made as follows:

	H.	M.	S.
Atlantic	12	09	15
Puritan	12	10	30
Priscilla	12	11	08
Mayflower	12	14	15

The stake was turned as follows:

Last Edition.

MONTREAL'S PROGRESS.

Her Supremacy in the Markets of the World.

Facts and Figures to be Forthcoming.

The marked revival of all the industrial interests of Montreal during the season of 1886 to date, has so attracted the attention of careful observers at home and abroad as to create and justify the impression that Montreal is on the eve of a phenomenal period of business activity and progress. Nearly every department of manufacturing, wholesaling and general trade has taken its place as representing the leading and largest market in British America. With the end in view of giving this fact as wide a distribution throughout all sections of the Canadas and the United States as possible, THE DAILY STAR will issue in a few days a mammoth eight page number of its regular edition, embracing a full, comprehensive and graphic review of the manufacturing, wholesale and other important industrial interests of the metropolis, together with the annual exports and imports for the fiscal year. Much other information calculated to faithfully represent the commercial interests of Montreal will also be prepared and published. It is desired by THE STAR to publish in the same issue interviews and carefully prepared articles in the various trade interests of the city; merchants and others interested in the commercial welfare of our city may show their appreciation by subscribing for copies of this edition at a special price per 100 copies, for distribution among the trade. For this special trade edition a magnificent picture of the city and harbor will be added as a supplement giving a better idea of the extent and importance of Montreal than anything heretofore published.

MUSTER AT BERTHIER.

Departure of a Montreal Contingent—The Premier Says the Date of the Elections is Not Fixed.

A big political meeting is being held at Berthier to-day in the interests of the candidature of Mr. Robillard, M. P. P. At half-past ten o'clock this morning the "Cultivateur" left the Jacques Cartier wharf with about 300 people who are going to attend the meeting. Among those noticed on board were: Hon. Dr. Ross, Hon. Mr. Flynn, Messrs. Jos. Tassé, M. P., Charlebois, M. P. P., Bergevin, M. P. P., Leblanc, M. P. P., S. Rivard, J. L. Archambault, Marcil, M. P. P., J. P. Whelan, Pit. Pelletier and Col. Brosseau. At Berthier they will be met by Hon. Mr. Taillon, Messrs. Tarte, Desjardins, M. P. P., and others. Hon. Mr. Mercier, Messrs. Bergeron, M. P., Prefontaine, M. P., and Cloran, who addressed a meeting of Nationalists at Beauceour, in Nicolet County, yesterday, are to be present, as they have been invited so far, as to tap Ex. A few days ago he entered Mr. J. Bussoul's tobacco store, Notre Dame street, purchased a cigar and sat down comfortably apparently to read the paper. When the only person in the store, a young girl, had her back turned he sneaked behind the counter and pocketed two dollars, which was all the till contained. He has left the city.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

Arrest of an Accountant on the Charge of Forging a Bank Cheque.

Detective Fahey, last evening, arrested J. L. Smith, accountant, residing at 26 Berthelet street, on the charge of forgery. He was taken before the Police Magistrate this morning, and remanded until to-morrow. Smith, who is a married man, and has hitherto enjoyed a good reputation, was, until lately, in the employ of Mr. Walter Paul, the well known grocer of St. Catherine street west. Yesterday afternoon, about one o'clock, it is stated he went to the Toronto Bank, and presented a cheque signed by Mr. Paul for $86.40, and dated the 31st of July. The ledger keeper noticed at the time that the ink used for the signature was hardly dry, and so remarked to Smith. The money was paid, however, but as soon as Smith was gone, the bank officer telephoned to St. Paul's establishment, acquainting them of what had occurred. The cheque was at once pronounced a forgery, and the bank officials took out a warrant immediately for his arrest. In less than two hours, Smith had been run in. On being searched two other cheques similar to the one which he had presented were found on his person, together with some wine cards, etc.

Music on Dominion Square.

To-morrow evening, at 8.15, the band of the Victoria Rifles will perform the following programme on Dominion Square:

1. March. "Le Vainqueur".....Caniveg
2. Waltz. "Le Bien Leman".....Gunod
3. Fantasia, "*Zaire de Nella*".....Rossini
   Cornet solo, M. P. A. Marrié.
4. Marche, "Turque".....Mozart
5. Selection, "*Madame Archidue*".....Offenbach
6. Concert Polka for two cornets.....Renard
7. Waltz, "La Berceuse,".....Waldteufel
8. Galop, "Au Revoir".....Corbin
   Vive la Canadienne.
   God Save the Queen.

In case of rain the concert will take place on Saturday.

A Convention of Insurance Men.

The Canadian agents of the New York Life Insurance Company are at present holding a convention in this city under the presidency of Mr. David Burke, the Canadian manager. Between twenty and thirty agents are present, and Dr. H. Tuck, the Vice-President of the Company, Mr. Thornton, Assistant Superintendent, and Mr. J. W. Gulteau, Statistician, have come specially from New York to attend. Mr. Burke last evening entertained those attending the convention, as well as a number of prominent citizens, to dinner at the Windsor Hotel.

Alleged Incendiarism.

The authorities have been informed that no less than four cases of incendiarism have occurred at Riviere des Prairies during the last few days. The night before last a barn and stable valued at $1200, the property of a man named Louis Leonard, were burned to the ground. In the three other instances outbuildings were destroyed. All these surrounded an unoccupied hotel which it is said certain people are anxious to destroy.

Look Out For Him.

A gentlemanly looking fellow, rather tall with red whiskers, and wearing a white plug hat is going round the residences of people who are passing the Summer months in the country, informing the party in charge he has been sent to remove the silverware for repairs. One house where he went to yesterday afternoon he got the bounce from a buxom cook who was in charge.

Business Notes.

Mr. L. N. Paré, watchmaker, of this city, has made an official abandonment of his estate in the hands of Mr. C. Desmarteau, assignee. His liabilities amount to $2500 and his assets to $1800.

A Bank for Vancouver.

Messrs. W. J. Buchanan, General Manager, and E. S. Clouston, Local Manager of the Bank of Montreal, left for Vancouver last evening for the purpose of establishing a branch there.

THE WALTER BRIBERY CASE.

Mr. Macmaster, M. P., Makes a Statement to the Police Magistrate.

The following letter has been sent to the Police Magistrate by Mr. Macmaster, M. P. Montreal 26th August, 1886.

M. C. Desnoyers, Esquire, Police Magistrate, Montreal.

QUEEN VS. WALTERS.

DEAR SIR,—On my return to town late last night after an absence of three weeks I saw in yesterday's newspapers that the prosecutor, Mr. Brosseau, testifies that Mr. Walters informed him he had appointments with me and that "there was a good ten thousand dollars in Mr. Macmaster's hands for the books" of Messrs. Ayer & Co. Mr. Brosseau also adds "he (Walters) did not state he was authorized by Mr. Macmaster or any one else to make that statement."

Though the last remark is sufficiently explicit I do not wish to leave room for the slightest doubt upon this matter, as my name has been most unwarrantably mentioned in connection with it.

My object in at once addressing you is to tender my oath in the case now pending—if you deem it in the interest of justice to take my testimony.

I never made or had any appointment with Mr. Walters, or had any communication with him, and do not know the man, even by sight.

There never was $10,000 in my hands from Messrs. Ayer & Co. for the above or any other purpose.

The purloining of these books would be the worst thing that could happen Ayer's case. It would not only create a damaging suspicion against them, but it would give the Crown the right to make necessary evidence of the contents of the books. Even if these books could have been surrendered without taint of fraud, I would not have advised my clients to pay five dollars for them.

There may be those who think the books are worth something in ready cash, but my clients are not investing in that way.

Some weeks ago I received a letter from the Ayer Company, enclosing a copy of one from Mr. Walters, stating that he could be of service to them in their case, but that he did not wish to communicate with their Montreal lawyer. My advice was asked upon the letter. I at once answered that I did not know Mr. Walters, and that I did not see what service he could be to them. They thanked me for my letter, and did not answer Mr. Walters or communicate with him in any way.

I am quite satisfied that whatever may be the origin of the matters involved in this prosecution, Messrs. Ayer have had no connection directly or indirectly with them.

I advised them from the outset that upon the facts put before me and the law as I know it, the Customs authorities could not sustain their position. Within a few days after the final decision of the Department of Customs was rendered, I wrote on Messrs. Ayer's behalf that they would not accept the decision, and that they were prepared to contest it in a court of justice.

I am, and have been, the only one in Canada authorized to represent the Messrs. Ayer in the present Customs matter, and am. and have been, ready to accept service of process for them.

I have sent copies of this letter to C. J. Doherty, Esquire, counsel for Mr. Walters, and to Messrs. Abbott, Tait, Abbotts & Campbell, counsel for the prosecutor.

Your obedient servant,

(Signed) DONALD MACMASTER.

HE HAS DECAMPED.

The Dishonesty of a Young English Immigrant Named Pocklington.

A young Englishman, named J. R. Pocklington, who recently arrived here, after committing numerous peculiarities, has decamped. Pocklington arrived in Montreal from Bristol, Eng., some time last April with excellent letters of recommendation. He found work with Mr. Shallow, of the *Moniteur du Commerce*, as canvasser for advertisements with a salary and commission. Last month Mr. Shallow became suspicious that all the "ads" he turned in were not *bona fide*. He made enquiries and found that he had drawn a commission on bogus "ads." He dismissed him immediately, but took pity on him shortly afterwards when he stated that he was without employment, and that he repented his past bad behaviour, and reinstated him in his position.

He acted straightforward until a few days ago, when he attempted to draw his commission on a bogus $300 advertisement. It was then found that he had been collecting accounts when he was not authorized to do so and borrowing money from almost everyone he knew. He also swindled his boarding mistress, a poor widow, and left her house without paying a large board bill. He even went so far as to tap Ex. A few days ago he entered Mr. J. Bussoul's tobacco store, Notre Dame street, purchased a cigar and sat down comfortably apparently to read the paper. When the only person in the store, a young girl, had her back turned he sneaked behind the counter and pocketed two dollars, which was all the till contained. He has left the city.

PROTECTION FOR THE POLICE.

The Recorder Imposes a Heavy Fine on a Man Who Assaulted a Constable.

This morning the case of Jos. Carriere, laborer, charged with assaulting Constable Demers on Friday night on the corner of Visitation and Craig streets, came up for hearing before the Police Magistrate. The accused was defended by Mr. U. Prieur, and several witnesses were heard on both sides. From the evidence it appeared that on Friday evening Constable Demers was on duty on Craig street when on arriving at the corner of Visitation street he met with a crowd of rowdies whom he ordered away. They refused to go and three of them, among whom was Carriere, set on the policeman and assaulted him very severely. Gus Lambert, the noted boxer who was passing at the time came to the rescue of the policeman and assisted him in arresting Carriere. The other two escaped. The Recorder in giving his decision said it was necessary to make an example of rowdies who attack the police and consequently he would fine the accused $50 and costs or three months.

"LA PRESSE'S" ATTITUDE.

A Slight Change of Front on the Part of the Parti National Organ.

The rumor was circulated on the street this afternoon that *La Presse*, which has been up to the present the leading organ of the *Parti National*, had gone over to the Government. A STAR reporter called upon Mr. Blumhart, the editor, who said: "I leave for Europe, on Thursday, by the steamer 'Sarnia,' for the benefit of my health. During my absence, *La Presse* will maintain an independent attitude as it did previous to the 16th of November last. Since that time owing to the extraordinary events which occurred, the journal departed somewhat from the line of conduct which we had traced for ourselves and took a political initiative. In future it will be a independent national organ."

This determination of Mr. Blumhart is received with regret among the Liberals, who feel that they are losing a powerful ally.

An Alleged Miracle.

About 1000 pilgrims from Ste. Anne de Beaupré arrived in the city to-day and proceed to Ottawa this afternoon. The pilgrims are jubilant over an alleged miracle at the shrine. The Rev. Father A. Brunet, P. P. of Portage du Fort, on the Ottawa river, told a STAR reporter that one of his parishioners, a young girl of twenty years, named Mary Ann McGinty, had been paralyzed in her legs for 7 years, and the last 2 years had been unable to move without crutches. Yesterday morning she was carried to the holy shrine by two men, and back again to her seat. Afterwards Father Brunet saw her walking round the church smiling to her young companion, who was moved to tears in sympathy with her friend's pleasure in recovering the use of her limbs. She walked with hesitation, but this morning she received Holy Communion at the Church of Notre Dame de Lourdes and was walking quite well.

Fatal Railway Accident.

Telesphore Coallier dit Noiron, a young man of 18 years, employed on the Montreal and Sorel railway was run over on Tuesday by a ballast train and instantly killed. The train was just starting and the young fellow who had been lying, resting himself on the platform, jumped up to reach his coat and overbalancing himself fell between the cars and met his death. He was a steady young man and the sole support of his aged mother.

Going to Rome.

The Rev. Father Fafard, curé of Chicoutimi, and Father Tremblay, curé of St. Fidèle, sailed by the "Vancouver" to-day en route for Rome, in connection with the transaction of some important business relating to their parishes.

An Action for Separation.

Dame A. Lespérance has entered an action for a separation as to property from her husband, Mr. H. Morel.

EVERETT FRAZAR.

The Tribute Paid the Canadian Pacific Railway by the Great Tea Firm of Frazar & Co.—Canada's National Highway to Eclipse the Suez Canal.

Mr. Everett Frazar, the senior member of the extensive tea firm of Frazar & Co., of Japan, China and New York, has been staying at the St. Lawrence Hall for the last few days, and leaves to-night with Mr. Van Horne for the Pacific terminus for the purpose of arranging for the delivery of the east-bound freight from Japan and China.

The steamer "Flint" has already arrived at Vancouver and discharged her cargo, and within the next 60 days four more ships will arrive, the total freight of which will be 100,000 packages of Japan tea, rice and general cargo valued at $2,000,000.

Mr. Frazar told a STAR reporter to-day that he is a great believer in the future of the C. P. R. He thinks the superiority of the route consists in the easy distribution of freight along the Canadian route into the States, and secondly the shortness of time occupied in transit, which has eclipsed any other record, viz., 17 days to Montreal from Yokohama, and 19 to New York. The rates are very low and are in close competition with the Suez Canal route, which is £3.10 sterling per ton of 40 feet. Previously about three-fourths of total imports have come by the canal route, but now the figures will probably be reversed, and the bulk of the teas come by the C. P. R. There is no doubt, he says, of the superiority of the C. P. R. route, and when the line of steamships is established, a large increase of traffic will occur. These steamers will be constructed to make the passage from Vancouver to Japan easily in 13 days, the journey at present from San Francisco occupying from 18 to 21 days. One great advantage is the certainty of despatch and delivery on contract sales, both in Canada and the States. The uncertainty by the Suez route makes it impossible to calculate the time without giving a margin of from 5 to 10 days and the transhipment expenses of extra handling and additional costs are considerable.

One important feature is that although a considerable portion of the teas will be shipped to the States, yet the Canadian consignments can be dropped at their destinations all along the route, thus saving extra handling and avoiding duties and extra charges. The western distribution into the States is made from Winnipeg to Glyndon on the Northern Pacific Railway 224 miles and 10 hours in transit. The eastern distribution is made from Brockville, crossing the St. Lawrence to Morristown *via* Utica to New York, and to Boston and New England cities *via* Burlington, Vt.

"Exclusive of the tea trade, what do you think of the future of the road?" queried the reporter.

"I look upon the C. P. R. as the transcontinental route for the future tourist to the East, particularly when the lines of modern steamers are established, replete with every comfort and convenience. It is preferable to the Suez Canal route, both as regards scenery and comfort, and any one who has suffered from the intense tropical heat as I have done, would never hesitate for a moment between the two routes. I also believe it will be used as a military route by the Imperial authorities in forwarding troops and supplies to the East.

VAUDREUIL.

How the Summer Residents Enjoy Themselves—An Interesting Game of Lacrosse.

The Summer residents of Vaudreuil, feeling the necessity of finding a legitimate vent for the great amount of surplus muscle and brawn accumulated by their residences in that beautiful and health giving locality, decided upon playing a match at Canada's game. A challenge was given, resulting in a match between the residents of the north side of the railroad track and those residing on the south. The team from the south side was organized and captained in a masterly manner by Mr. Hutchison, whose players were H. L. Boisseau, goal; George Lamb, point, J. B. Hutchison, cover point, and captain (*a la Pooh Bah*) G. W. Sadler, centre field; J. Baillie, J. F. Stewart, home; W. M. Ahern, N. E. Hamilton, Hy. Hamilton, R. Jamieson, M. Kendal, Ahern, fielders. Their doughty and weighty opponents were: Panet, captain, R. Harwood, goal, E. Panet, cover point, E. Bastien, point, D. Allen, T. Allen, F. X. Archambault, J. Steel, C. A. Geoffrion, field, J. Tough, home; Hubert, A. Harwood, Harper, home. The game began at 4.30 and was to be decided in favor of the side winning most games in one and a half hour's play. There was a large audience of the elite of Vaudreuil whose comfort was well provided for by the committee of arrangements, who had erected a magnificent grand stand, special arrangements also having been made for the accommodation of the press, consisting of a rush bottomed chair and a soap box. The comfort of the players was also well provided for, consisting principally of a liberal supply of red and blue caps, a stretcher and a large bottle labelled "Arnica". There was, however, lamentable failure in the medical supply department, as after one of the players, who had received the inevitable crack on the crown, had been liberally doused and rubbed with the contents of the bottle so ostentatiously labeled, judge of the disgust of the attending physician, and the feelings of a sympathetic audience, composed principally of ladies, when the bottle was found to contain nothing more deadly than cold tea. The only redeeming feature in this unfortunate part of the arrangements is that it speaks well for the temperance principles of the Committee. The referee, John Lewis, Esq., was specially imported for the occasion, and discharged his duties in his usual able and satisfactory manner, notwithstanding his intense suffering from a wounded limb, the result of former duties; he was ably assisted by the stout cane that forms a part of his referee's uniform, and his running across the field was the admiration of all. Mr. W. A. Stevenson of St. Anne's was umpire for the west side and Aid. Rainville for the north side. There was some talk of one of the umpires being bribed by an offer to go and wipe out St. Anne's, but of course it is *en regle* to have umpires who give the game away (to the winning side). Jon falls in an attempt to describe the various features of this interesting and exciting match, but judging from the number of the audience who were seen holding their hands to their sides, as well as several, gentlemen who were seen rolling on the grass apparently in convulsions, the players must have acquitted themselves in a most satisfactory manner. A number of the players expressed an opinion that they could have done better if the grass had been softer, and apparently attempted to attain the desirable degree of softness by violently pounding the field with their bodies, the result of which innovation in lacrosse tactics will doubtless be felt by the players in the very near future. The first game was won in twenty minutes by E. Panet, the second by same player in thirty-five minutes, the third by Wallace in fifteen, and the fourth by John Tough in twenty minutes, all for the North side. The play of Mr. Archambault was particularly distinguished by grace and vigor, as a runnist he is a success. Mr. Hutchison's tobying, dodging and pitching was surprising, but then he is a well known athlete, and could do no less. Mr. Sadler was great in body checking, that is, his body was frequently checked by the ground, some said if he had got a size larger shoes he would have stood it better but of course that was intended for sarcasm. Mr. Geoffrion was always forward with his advice, and the reason of his popularity with all those requiring such is no longer a secret. Great things are expected from him in the future (in the law). Mr. Tough did not belie his name, and did it in a most gentlemanly manner. These are only a few of the most notable points of this most interesting game which will long be remembered by all who saw it. At the conclusion the usual cheers were given, and the ladies presented Mr. J. B. Hutcheson, captain of the losing team, with a handsome bouquet, they evidently believing in acting upon the old adage that "none but the brave deserve the fair."

Got Over the Wall.

A prisoner named Camille Dupuis incarcerated in the Joliette gaol awaiting his trial for highway robbery escaped yesterday by means of a ladder which he ran up against the rear wall. He has not as yet been captured.

Railroad Changes.

Mr. W. Van Waters has been appointed Passenger and Freight agent for the C. P. R. Railway Company, with headquarters at Seattle, W. T. His jurisdiction will extend over all United States ports on Puget Sound. His appointment takes effect from August 11th.

SS. "Donan," from Bremen, and "Belgenland," from Antwerp, have arrived at New York

THE EDMONTON STAGE ROBBERY.

The Robbers Evidently Now at Their Work —A Murder Supposed to Have Been Committed by Them.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

WINNIPEG, August 26.—A Calgary despatch of yesterday gives full particulars of the stage robbery. At a quarter to one, the Edmonton stage was stopped by two masked men on the road eighteen miles from Calgary. There were in the stage Pete Campbell, the driver, J. Burns, traveller for Mr. Ashdown, of Winnipeg, Massey & Company's traveller and a Frenchman, name unknown. The masked men wore stripes from the Union Jack over their faces and carried carbines and two forty-five calibre revolvers. They were on foot and jumped out of the long grass on their feet in front of the horses, which they stopped and ordered the party to descend. They then marched their prisoners into a *coulee*, where they went through their pockets. Mr. Burns lost $70, but Mr. Ashdown who had $70 on him, was overlooked. Massey's traveller lost $30, the Frenchman $125 and the stage driver $200. The robbers then turned their attention to the stage and went through the luggage and opened the mail bags, but the mail bag containing registered letters was overlooked. The stage horses were taken out and driven away, and the highway men disappeared. They were evidently new at the business and nervous. They took none of the passengers' watches. Last night 25 mounted police went out to search for them, but up till now no trace has been discovered.

Another despatch says: Clinker Scott was found murdered in a hack near Shagarappi Point to-day. The murder is supposed to have been done by the Edmonton stage robbers, as he had considerable money about him. He was the original discoverer of Silver City, was aged 30, and leaves a wife and one child.

THE FISHERIES DISPUTE.

The Policy of the Republican Party as Outlined by Mr. Blaine.

NEW YORK, August 26.—Hon. James G. Blaine has agreed to deliver five speeches during the campaign in Maine. The first was delivered a few days ago and bore particular reference to the fishery embroglio His second campaign speech was delivered at North Berwick, Maine, yesterday afternoon, and was principally devoted to state affairs. He said that he was strongly opposed to having the fishery interest used to force upon this country a so-called reciprocity with Canada. It seems apparent that the policy of Mr. Blaine and the Republican party following him, is to force the Democrats into the espousal of the Canadian side of the argument.

The Republican convention of the State of Ohio last evening adopted resolutions closely in line with the tone of Mr. Blaine's first speech. The wording would almost indicate that the resolutions were an *epitome* of the Maine statesmanship. The Ohio resolutions condemn President Cleveland's administration, which, they say, "Has proven itself incapable of securing an honorable adjustment of the fisheries question, and has, with seeming indifference, subjected us to the humiliation of seeing our flag insulted, our seamen seized, and vessels of our citizens confiscated by the authorities of Canada, while, with rash haste and blundering, it has involved us in unjustifiable complications with our friendly neighbor, the sister Republic of Mexico."

PRINCE ALEXANDER'S WHEREABOUTS.

More Contradictory Reports—He is said to be safe and free on his way to Darmstadt.

RENI, August 26.—The Czar has ordered Prince Alexander to be forwarded to Kissoneff. If he refuses to accept, his abdication is an accomplished fact.

The towns of Bulgaria are decked with flags, and there is general rejoicing over the overthrow of the rebels.

VIENNA, August 26.—The Czar has permitted Prince Alexander to proceed to Germany by way of Odessa.

LONDON, August 26.—The British foreign office has been informed that Prince Alexander is both safe and free, on his way to his home in Darmstadt. After being conveyed out of Bulgaria the Prince was set free at Reni. It is believed that when the Prince learns of the counter revolution in his favor he will return at once to Sofia. His presence there will, it is believed, quell all disorder and restore peace to the country.

DR. KANE AGAIN.

BELFAST, August 26. — Everything is quiet. Huge paving stones and broken glass mark the scene of last night's riots. Rev. Dr. Kane, the Protestant clergyman who declared that unless the police were immediately disarmed 200,000 Orangemen would relieve them of their weapons, is again out with a declaration charging the magistrates of Belfast with "criminal parleying with lawlessness."

FATAL RAILWAY COLLISION.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, August 26.—About midnight, at Milford Centre, a Panhandle freight train was standing on the track, when a bee line through passenger train from Cincinnati dashed into it at full speed. Mr. Marshal, of Milford Centre, was killed. Two passengers are reported killed and several severely wounded. The fireman of the passenger train is supposed to be beneath the wreck.

PREPARING FOR THE DIVISION.

LONDON, August 26.—A whip has been issued urging the Tory members to attend the meeting of the Commons to-night and defeat Mr. Parnell's amendment to the address in reply to the Queen's speech in relation to the Irish land question.

ENGINE SHOPS BURNED.

LONDON, August 26.—The engine shops of the Great North Railway Company, at Boston, Lincolnshire, were burned to-day. Several hundred persons were thrown out of employment in consequence.

SIR JOHN LEAVES WINNIPEG.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

WINNIPEG, August 26.—Sir John Macdonald leaves this afternoon for Port Arthur, where he will stay a day or so.

THE HONDURAS REVOLUTION.

LA LIBERTAD, August 26.—The revolution in Honduras, headed by General Del Gado, is a fiasco and will result in making President Bogranz' position much stronger.

PROTECTED BY THE POLICE.

NEW YORK, August 26.—Two cars are running on the Broadway line with strong police protection.

A BANKRUPT BARONET.

LONDON, August 26.—Sir John William Cardock Hartopp has been declared bankrupt.

THE BECANCOUR MEETING.

A Large Gathering and a Well Contested Debate.

An important meeting was held yesterday at Becancour, Nicolet County. Two thousand five hundred people were present. The proceedings were carried on peaceably. The meeting was opened at 1.30, and speechifying was continued until half-past nine o'clock in the evening. Mayor Desilet, of Becancour, presided. Three candidates presented themselves and addressed the meeting as follows: Mr. Dorais, ex-M. P. P. (Conservative) Houde, ex-M. P., (Independent Nationalist); Dr. Turcotte (Nationlist). The speakers on the Government side were: Mr. Thos. Chapais, Pelletier, Methot, M. P., Hon. L. O. Taillon and Dorais. The Opposition speakers were Senator Boiteroso, Messrs. Gaudet, M. P., Bergeron, M. P., Cloran, Prefontaine, M. P., Hon. Messrs. Laurier, Mercier and Turcotte, Mr. Houde and Dr. Turcotte. Both parties claim a victory.

Saturday's Lacrosse Match.

To the Editor of THE STAR:

SIR.—Would it not be a good idea to ask our retail houses to close on Saturday afternoon, for at least two or three hours, in order that the retail clerks would have an opportunity of seeing one of the greatest matches of lacrosse that has been played for the past ten years.

Yours, etc.,
LACROSSE.

Special Notice.

Boarding School requisites, Japanned Dressing Cases with or without furnishings, Iron Bedsteads, Spring Mattresses, Table Sets, Penknives, Scissors, etc. — L. J. A. Surveyer, 1588 Notre Dame st. 198 eodx1

FINANCIAL.

MORNING SALES.—72 Commerce, 122¾, ½ do, 122; 700 Richelieu, 80; 150 Telegraph, 135; 125 do, 129½; 50 Gas, 218; 500 do, 214⅝; 300 do, 214⅝; 50 City Pass., 188; 150 do, 187⅞; 250 do, 187⅛; 150 do, 187⅜; 100 Canada Pacific, 65¾; 700 do, 65¼; 50 Canada Paper, 140; 25 Montreal Cotton, 118; 50 Merchants Mfg. Cotton Co., 65; 50 Dundas Cotton, 77½; 24 do, 73; 60 do, 74; $6000 Canada Cotton Bonds, 103½.

AFTERNOON SALES.—50 Bank of Montreal, 219; 50 Toronto 204; 250 Telegraph 129½; 25 Richelieu 80, 125 do 80½, 50 do 80¾; 150 Gas 215; 25 City Pass, 187¾, 5 do 187⅞; $2300 stg., Canada Central bonds 112; 40 Canada Shipping Co., 40; 25 Canada Cotton 90; 75 Dundas Cotton 73¾, 10 do 73.

London Consols opened and closed at 100 13-16. Canada Pacific started at 67¾ and dropped to 66⅞ at close. Paris Bourse opened at 82.52½, and advanced to 82.65 at close. Money in London 2¾ to 3 per cent. Bank of England rate of interest 3½ per cent.

NEW YORK STOCKS BY MEREDITH & MONK.—It was expected this morning that the advance in the Bank of England rate to 3½ per cent would have a depressing effect on stocks, but the market, although extremely dull, has kept comparatively firm throughout the day. Railroad returns still continue to show increases, and the outlook is favorable. North-West earnings increased $80,000.

COMMERCIAL

LOCAL

There were no sales reported on 'Change to-day, but the enquiry for fresh ground Spring Extra and grades above for export was brisk, and orders could not be filled owing to scarcity of stock; a fair jobbing trade is noted outside in broken lots at prices within range of quotations. The grain market is quiet, but steady, firm prices. Eggs in quarters unchanged. Western States markets show a drop of ⅞ to ¾ of a cent on wheat, and ⅛c to ¼c on corn.

GRAIN—Wheat, Spring, 83 to 85c; do, red Winter, 84 to 86c; do, white Winter, 82 to 84c; corn, 53 to 56c; oats, 31 to 32c; rye, 57 to 58c; peas, 72c to 73c; barley, 55 to 58c.

FLOUR—Patents, $4 15 to 4 65; choice superfor extra, $4 05 to 4 10; superior extra, $4; extra superfine, $3 75 to 3 80; fancy, $3 50 to 3 60; Spring extra, $3 40 to 3 50; superfine, $3 10 to 3 25; Canada Strong Bakers', $4 10 to 4 20; Manitoba do, $4 60; American do, $4 60 to 4 70; fine, $2 90; middlings, $2 75; pollards, $2 60; Ontario bags, medium, $1 75 to 1 80; do, Spring extra, $1 65 to 1 70; do, superfine, $1 50; city bags, delivered, $2 25 to 2 30; oatmeal, bris., $4 10 to 4 20; do, granulated, $4 40 to 4 60.

DAILY RECEIPTS.—Wheat, 10,486 bush; peas, 680 bus; oats, 17,540 bus; flour, 625 brls; ashes, 2 brls; butter, 775 pkgs; cheese, 4406 boxes; leather, 9 rolls; spirits, 20 casks.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN.

BEERBOHM reports: Cargoes off coast, wheat, firmer; corn, nothing offering. Cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat, dull and barr; prices a shade higher; corn, good demand for Russian, but American neglected. Liverpool, wheat, spot, rather easier; do, corn firmer; do, red American Spring wheat, 6s 10½d.

Liverpool, 3.30 p. m.: Bacon S. R., 31s 6d; shoulders, 33s.

The Liverpool public cable says: Wheat firm, for demand, offering sparingly; corn firm, poor demand.

CHICAGO MARKET.—(By Doran & Wright Co.) The political situation abroad was regarded as of no account to-day and buyers who bought on that sold out. Market hardened on Milwaukee, reducing her stocks, charges from 3c every ten days to 1c every 15 days. Paris cables report weaker markets; Antwerp, firmer markets; English markets, firm; corn, easier, closing quiet.

Wholesale Produce, Provisions, etc.

CHEESE—The cheese market is far from active, although a little more animation was manifested to-day and some sales are reported on the basis of 8¼ to 8¾c for finest, and ordinary at 7¾ to 8c. Buyers' and sellers' views are about 4 of a cent apart. Reports from the largest factories, however, indicate the quantity and quality of the August make, so far, is very fair. The tone or position of the local market is very little changed, and may be called firm. The Montreal markets are reported at 43s 6d per cwt. We repeat quotations as follows: 8½ to 8¾c for finest, 7 to 8c for medium to fine, and 6 to 7c for lower grades.

BUTTER—There is an moderately steady demand for choice creamery and selected E. T. dairy butter for export, on the basis of 20c for the former, and 15¾ to 16c for the latter. A lot of choice Western has been sold at 14c, all fine grades are firm, and steadily in tone, the stocks of such being light, the home trade is fairly active, for fine goods at full prices in jobbing lots. We quote: Creamery, 19 to 20½c, Townships, 15 to 17c; Morrisburgh and Brockville, 13 to 15½c; Western, 12 to 15c.

EGGS.—The market is nominally unchanged for good fresh stock there is a fair local demand. We quote strictly fresh in case lots 14c, and ordinary 13 to 13½c; per doz.

SALT FISH.—We quote: Labrador sa'mon, No. 1, $13; do, No. 2, $12; do, No. 3, $11; do, British Columbia, $3 to 3 50; Labrador herrings, per brl, $3 25 to 3 50; lake trout, half-brl, $3 75.

ASHES.—The market is quiet; we quote: Pots, firsts, $3 35 to 3 40; seconds, $3 to 3 10 and pearls, $5 to 5 10 per cwt.

TALLOW.—4¼ to 4¾c.

LARD is firm; sales of Western are reported at 10c, and Canadian at 9c. The local jobbing trade is fairly active. We quote: Fairbanks at 9¾ to 10c, and Canadian 8¾ to 9c in pails.

PORK.—A fair business is doing, sales are chiefly in small lots for local requirements, and prices are firm. Hams and bacon are in good enquiry for retail trade. Quotations are as follows: Chicago mess pork, new, $15 50 to $14; clear short cut, new, $14 to 14 50; smoked hams, 12 to 13c; do, canvassed, 12¼ to 14c; breakfast bacon, 10½ to 11c.

PAINTS.—The market is well supplied in the leading lines of fruit for which the demand is fairly active with the exception of pears which are difficult to dispose off owing to the market being glutted at the present. We quote: Apples, new cans of 3 lbs, 75c; Messina and Palermo lemons, $9 50 to $10 per box; Naples lemons, $10 to $11 per case; yellow bananas, Jamaica, $1 50 to $2; red do, per bunch, 50 cents; Baldwin apples, 5c per lb; Spanish onions, $5 per case; California grapes, $3 50 per case; Jersey peaches, $2 75 to 3 50 per crate; do, in carriers, $4 to $6; plums, $1 50 to 3 50, per crate, as to size; Southern grapes, 10 to 12c per lb; California Bartlett pears, $6 to 6 50 per box; New York do do, $2 50 to $4 per keg and $4 to $7 per bbl; bell pears, $4 to $6 per brl; cocoanuts, $6 per 100; watermelons, 30 to 40c each.

Toronto Produce Market.

Market inactive. Oats sold at 36c. Barley nominal.

Wheat, Autumn, No. 2, 78 to 80; Spring, No. 2, 79 to 80c; red Winter, 79 to 80c; Peas, No. 2, 58 to 60c. Oats, No. 2, 35 to 37c. Flour, superior, $3 65; extra, $3 55; Spring extra, $3 30.

LIVERPOOL—LATEST PRICES CURRENT, August 26.

	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.
Spring Wheat	6 9 to 6 11	Pork.....	57 6 to 0 0
Red W. do.....	6 9 " 6 11	Lard.....	35 3 " 0 0
No. 1 Cal'a...	7 0 " 7 1	Bacon, Lo.....	35 6 " 0 0
No. 2.....	0 0 " 0 0	do. S. C.....	35 6 " 0 0
Corn (new)...	4 4 " 0 0	Tallow.....	23 3 " 0 0
Peas.....	5 5 " 0 0	Cheese.....	43 6 " 0 0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported by Macdougall Bros., Stock Brokers, St. Francois Xavier Street, Aug. 26.

	Open'g	Clos'g		Open'g	Clos'g
W.U. Tel.....	65¾	66	Kansas & T.....	30⅜	30⅝
Lake Shore.....	85¼	85¾	Can. South.....	....	43¾
Pacific Mail..	....	50½	L. S. & M. S.....	....	96
Erie.....	31⅝	31⅝	Do Pref.....	....	106¾
Do 2nd.....	19½	19¾	Den. & Rio G.....	....	....
Do Pref.....	73⅝	73⅞	N. Pacific.....	27⅜	27⅜
Ohio & Miss.	....	....	Do Pref.....	58⅞	58⅝
Nor'West.....	113⅝	113⅞	Ont. & West..	19⅜	19⅜
Do. Pref.....	....	....	Ohio Cent.....	....	....
St. Paul.....	91⅛	91⅛	Erie & W.....	....	....
Do. Pref.....	....	120¾	Mon. & Ohio...	....	....
Mich. Central	....	....	Lou. & Nash..	44	43⅞
Jersey Cen..	53¼	53⅝	C. C. C. & I..	....	....
N. Y. Cent..	106⅝	108⅜	Texas Pac.....	14	14⅛
Del. L. & W.	128½	128¾	Cent. Pac.....	....	....
Del. & Hud..	99¾	100¼	Mo. Pac.....	....	....
Rock Island..	....	125¼	St. P. & M.....	....	113¼
Ill. Cent.....	....	....	Pullman Car....	....	....
C. B. & Q.....	....	134⅜	Oregon Trans..	....	31¼
Wabash Pac..	....	18¾	West. U. Tel...	101½	101¾
Do. Pref.....	33	32¾	Can. Pac.....	65	64⅞
Union Pac....	54½	54½	Exchange.....	....	481⅛
Reading.....	25	25	Money.....	....	4

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported for THE STAR by Strathy Bros., Stock Brokers, 11 St Sacrament street, August 26.

Stocks.	Ask'd.	Bid.	Stocks.	Ask'd.	Bid.
Montreal.....	219½	217½	Standard.....	125	124¼
x d.			Hamilton.....	....	135¾
Ontario.....	120½	120	Com. Gas Co....	....	....