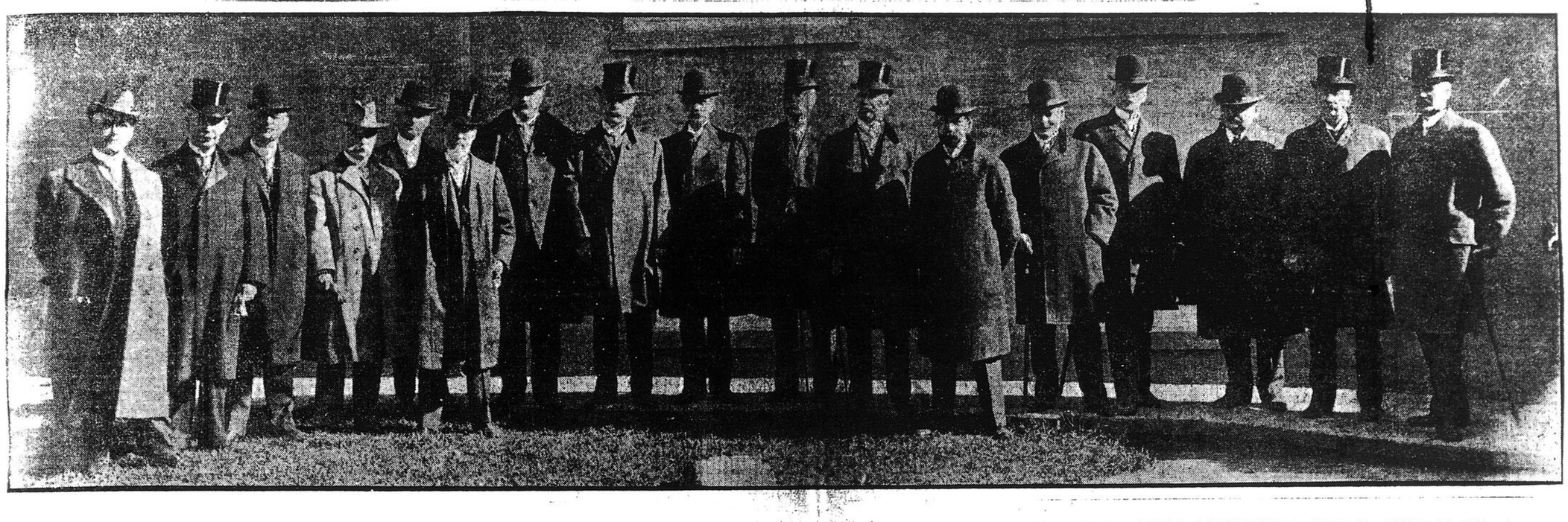
DAILY WITNESS

Watch it Grow

FAIR AND WARM

Vol. LI., No. 239. MONTREAL, CANADA. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1911. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT



A GROUP PHOTOGRAPH OF THE NEW CABINET TAKEN AT RIDEAU HALL YESTERDAY AFTER THE MINISTERS WERE SWORN IN.

From left to right are:—The Hon. Sam Hughes, the Hon. R. Rogers, the Hon. J. D. Reid, the Hon. C. J. Doherty, the Hon. W. J. Roche, the Hon. Geo. E. Foster, the Hon. J. D. Hazen, the Hon. R. L. Borden, the Hon. L. P. Pelletier, the Hon. T. W. Crothers, the Hon. A. E. Kemp, the Hon. Geo. H. Perley, the Hon. Senator Lougheed, the Hon. Frank Cochrane, the Hon. Bruno Nantel, the Hon, F. D. Monk, and the Hon. W. T. White. The only absentee is Mr. Martin Burrell, who has yet to be sworn in as Minister of Agriculture.

GRAND TRUNK PROMOTIONS

Important Changes in Staff of the Freight Traffic Department.

ALL FROM G. T. R. STAFF.

No Outsiders is Policy Carried Out in Filling the Higher Vacancies.

Mr. Dalrymple, vice-president of the Grand Trunk Railway System, on Friday announced several important changes in the staff of the Freight Traffic Department, resulting in promotions of five of the higher officers of the service:

Mr. A. Hayes, who at present is General Freight Agent of the System, on the 16th., be made Freight Traffic Manager, with office at Montreal.

Mr. Robert L. Burnap, at present Assistant General Freight Agent, Chicago, is to be appointed Assistant Freight Traffic Manager, at Chicago.

Mr. Henry C. Martin, now Second Assistant General Freight Agent, Chicago, comes to Montreal as General Freight Agent.

In addition to the above a circular has been issued by the General Freight Agent, Mr. Hayes, and approved by Mr. Dalrymple, announcing the promotion of Mr. A. F. Read, to the position of General Foreign Freight Agent, with office in Montreal, effective 16th instant.

Mr. S. L. Strauss, now chief clerk of the Tariff Department, at Chicago, is promoted to the position of Chief of Tariff Bureau.

All these gentlemen have been in the service of the Grand Trunk Railway System and its affiliated lines, for several years past.

Mr. Hayes, the new Freight Traffic Manager, for ten years was in the service of the Ntional Despatch Line, which is an organization affiliated with Grand Trunk interests, and served in the capacity of manager from 1898 until April 30th, 1903, when he received the appointment of Assistant General Freight Agent, of the Grand Trunk Railway System at Chicago. At the time of Mr. Dalrymple's removal to Winnipeg (viz., May 1st, 1903), Mr. Hayes was brought to Montreal in the position of General Freight Agent, which position he has held since that time.

Mr. Robert L. Burnap first entered railway service with the Central Vermont Railway in 1894, and occupied several positions until February 1st, 1900, when he became Commercial Agent of that Company at New York City. On August 14th, 1905, he was appointed General Freight Agent of the same Company, with office at St. Albans, Vt. On April 9th, 1908, he was removed to Chicago, to the position of Assistant General Freight Agent, succeeding Mr. C. A. Hayes.

Mr. Henry C. Martin first entered the service of the company in the Local Freight Office, at Chicago, and on Sept. 15th, 1890, was transferred to the Tariff Department; has occupied various positions in the Freight Traffic Department, including chief clerk, Chief of Tariff Bureau, and on July 1st, 1909, was appointed Second Assistant General Freight Agent.

Mr. A. F. Read first entered railway service with the Midland Railway (now part of the Grand Trunk Railway System), namely, August 1st, 1884. He has occupied various positions in the District and General Freight Departments, and was appointed Foreign Freight Agent, Montreal March 1st, 1894. He now receives the title of General Foreign Freight Agent, and will be in charge of the export and import branch of the Railway Company's traffic.

Mr. S. L. Strauss has also been in the service of the Grand Trunk Railway System for some years past.

DROPS DEAD ON STREET.

An unknown man dropped dead on the sidewalk opposite 1550 St. Catherine street east at 6 o'clock this morning. A doctor summoned by passers-by pronounced life was extinct, and the body was sent to the morgue, where it will await identity. Deceased was a well-dressed man about 30 years of age. He wore a grey suit, black overcoat, and had only ten cents in his pocket. Heart failure was the cause of death.

MOROCCO DISPUTE

Signatures Will be Affixed When Negotiations Have Been Concluded

Berlin, Oct. 11. — The first part of the Moroccan understanding between France and Germany, was 'initialled,' signifying agreement, by the German Foreign Minister, Herr won Kiderlen-Waechter, and the French Ambassador, M. Cambon, to-day. Their formal signatures will be attached later, when the negotiations which are now proceeding over the second part concerning concessions to Germany in French Congo, have been concluded.

PROPERTY IS SEIZED

Ex-Shah of Persia's Brother Loses Belongings.

Teheran, October 11.—The property of Shua-Es-Sultaneh, brother of the ex-Shah of Persia, was yesterday seized by order of Treasurer-General Shuster. The National Council ordered that the property be confiscated, but gendarmes who were sent to take possession were opposed by a body of Cossacks, headed by two Russian consulate officers, who threatened to open fire.

The matter was then referred to the Russian minister, who was asked to give a decision by 10 o'clock yesterday morning. No decision was forthcoming, and the Treasurer-General, after notifying the minister, despatched one hundred gendarmes, under an American officer, who seized the property. The Cossacks then retired. The Russian consul-general strongly objected to the procedure, stating that the property was mortgaged to a Russian bank.

NEW C. P. R. LINER.

'Princess Alice' Has Completed Successful Tests.

The newest addition to the Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s Steamship fleet is the 'Princess Alice,' which has just completed a series of very successful and exhaustive trials at sea. The 'Princess Alice' has been built by Messrs. Swan, Hunter and Wigham Richardson, Ltd., of Wallsend-on-Tyne, England, whose business interests in Canada are in the hands of Mr. Clarence I. de Sola, of Montreal. The vessel is to be employed in the Pacific Ocean service of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and will run from British Columbian ports.

During the recent trial trips a remarkable high speed was attained and maintained, and the machinery and boilers worked to perfection. The trials were supervised by Captain Mowatt, representing the C. P. R. The length of the vessel is about 300 feet, and the breadth 46 feet. The plans of the ship and her construction have been carefully supervised by the steamship representatives in England of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. The 'Princess Alice' has been built to fulfil the requirements of the Canadian Government for the Pacific Coast and Channel service, and she carries the highest class of Lloyd's registry. An interesting feature of the ship is that she is the first of the Canadian Pacific Railway fleet that has been specially built to carry oil fuel for raising steam in the boilers, though oil burning apparatus has been fitted into several of their old steamers. The furnaces are so constructed that either coal or liquid fuel can be used.

The oil burning apparatus has been supplied by the builders of the engines, namely, the Wallsend Slipway and Engineering Company, Limited, and is of their latest patent system. The installation is extremely simple, the oil being forced into the furnaces through a specially constructed nozzle in a conical spray, when it at once becomes ignited. When burning liquid fuel on this system all brickwork is entirely removed from the furnaces, and the system is so perfect that complete combustion takes place within a foot or two of the furnace front. From the moment of lighting up there is no smoke whatever to be seen from the ship's funnel.

Among the numerous advantages of burning liquid fuel may be mentioned that firemen are dispensed with; there is no handling of ashes, and no coal dust or dirt in the stokehold—in fact the boiler room can be made the cleanest part of the ship.

The main propelling machinery, constructed by the Wallsend Slipway and Engineering Company, consists of a four-cylinder triple expansion engine with four cranks balanced on the well-known Yarrow, Schlick and Tweedy system, which successfully eliminates vibration, thereby greatly adding to the comfort of the passengers. The engine builders also constructed the four single-ended boilers, each with three furnaces.

The passenger accommodation in the 'Princess Alice' embodies all that the experience of the owners and skill of the builders could devise, and the ship will be one of the handsomest in her service.

The 'Princess Alice' will undoubtedly be a notable addition to our Canadian Pacific fleet.

CRUISER LEAVES PORT

Admiral Kingsmill on Way to Meet Duke of Connaught

The Canadian cruiser 'Canada' left Montreal for Quebec early this morning, slipping out of the port as quietly as she entered it on Sunday. Admiral Kingsmill, of the Canadian navy, left with the cruiser this morning, to meet their Royal Highness the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, at Quebec. The ship received a complete painting and cleaning while in port.

ART ASSOCIATION.

An Appeal for Funds for New Art Gallery.

The Montreal Art Association have made a strong appeal to the public for subscriptions to the Building Fund in connection with the new art gallery, which is now in course of erection and expected to be ready for next spring. The following circular has been issued by Mr. Abbott, the secretary:

'The Council appeal to the liberality of the members and friends of the association, and ask them to supplement the generous donations already made by subscribing to the Building Fund for the erection of the new art gallery and schools in Sherbrooke street.

'The plans show a building of simple and dignified form, eminently appropriate to its purpose, spacious and well lighted. The exterior and portions of the hall will be in marble, and the general construction in steel, terra cotta, and reinforced concrete. All the most modern conveniences will be installed, the library and reading room will be large, well equipped and comfortably furnished, and a scheme of interior decoration will be adopted with due regard to the future uses of a building which will be the pride of those who may enjoy the privileges of membership, and a lasting monument to those who may have contributed towards its erection.

'To complete and properly equip such a building is the problem which now confronts the Council; and, though they have already received many generous donations to the Building Fund, much more will be required for the purpose of carrying out the plans decided upon. They now, therefore, urge their members and friends to follow in the footsteps of those whose energy and practical aid have supported the association in the past, by contributing liberally to the fund for the erection and completion of new galleries and schools of art, which will be worthy of the city of Montreal.

THE MEXICAN ELECTIONS.

Mexico City, October 11.—The Catholic presidential electors face the probability of being forced to relinquish the candidacy of President de la Barra for the vice-presidency because of his ineligibility. They have refused to regard his repeated declaration that he would not accept the post and appeared determined to elect him, if possible, in spite of his objections. By the action of Congress, however, de la Barra will doubtless be eliminated. The Senate yesterday approved an amendment to the constitution, making it illegal for a president or a vice-president to be re-elected or chosen for other high office. There is little doubt that the deputies will follow the example of the senators when the measure reaches them. According to the announcement of the Catholic party's central committee, the result will be to throw their support in the electoral college to Francisco Vasquez Gomez.

FOG DELAYS SAILING.

The dense fog of Monday and yesterday morning tied up tightly all vessels on the river. Nothing arrived or departed. As a result a good many 'longshoremen are having a rest to-day.

DATE OF NEW PARLIAMENT

Probability that Members Will be Called Together on November 15.

SESSION TO BE VERY SHORT.

New Minister of Agriculture Will Be Sworn by the Duke of Connaught.

Ottawa, Oct. 11.—The new Parliament will probably be called for the despatch of business on Nov. 15th. This is a Wednesday, and the custom is for a new parliament to be called together for a Wednesday.

The Session will be short, probably running only a few days over a month, and will be devoted to the passing of supply.

After the expiration of thirty days the members will be entitled to their full indemnity.

THE CABINET'S FIRST SITTING.

Ottawa, Oct. 11.—The first sitting of the new Borden Cabinet, which assembled at three o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, lasted for one hour only. The deliberations of the new ministers could not be longer prolonged because of the necessity of their being at the station to say good-bye to Earl Grey.

While it is understood that the matter was discussed, no decision was reached in regard to the date for the bye-elections, which must be held before the ministers will have a right to a seat in the House.

Mr. Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture, will have to do a lot of travelling before he becomes a minister with the right to a seat. It is necessary for him to come to Ottawa to be sworn in, in order to vacate his seat. Then he will have to go west to British Columbia again to seek re-election.

Mr. Burrell will have the distinction of being the only member of the new Cabinet to be sworn in by the Duke of Connaught. Being the only member of the administration who was born in England, this will be quite fitting. Mr. Burrell is not expected to arrive in the capital for a couple of days.

THE WORLD OF POLITICS

CONSERVATIVE CLUB IN LAURIER WARD.

A 'Liberal-Conservative' Club was organized in Laurier Ward last evening at a meeting in the old town hall, addressed by Mr. E. W. Villeneuve. A telegram of congratulation was sent to Mr. Borden, and the following officers were elected. C. A. Duranleau, president; A. Beaudoin, ex-Ald. Tansey, H. Forgues and J. W. Harte, vice-presidents; H. J. Gagne and F. W. Hopwood, joint secretaries; and J. Girard, treasurer, and the following members as an executive committee: Ex-Mayor Gelinas, ex-Mayor L. Villeneuve, ex-Ald. J. Martel, J. A. Shinnick, John Forbes, M. G. Edson, J. Page, Dr. J. Beauchamp, A. Gauthier, P. Murphy, Hector Bisaillon, A. Brossard, J. W. Gilbert, Dr. Michaud, Dr. J. B. Prince, W. G. Guniack, L. Piche and Mr. McLeish.

MR. HAZEN'S LIKELY SUCCESSOR AS PREMIER.

A group of New Brunswickers at the Windsor Hotel last evening expressed themselves confident that the successor of the Hon. J. D. Hazen, to the premiership of that province will be Surveyer-General Grimmer, M.P.P. for Charlotte.

BANQUETS TO MR. GEO. H. BAKER M.P.

Mr. George H. Baker, M.P., has been the guest at two dinners given by his constituents of Brome County. At Knowlton over a hundred guests were present, Dr. Harris being in the chair. On Friday evening his friends and supporters of Potton gave a banquet at the Mansonville House. Covers were laid for over forty. Music was furnished by the North Troy orchestra. On the conclusion of the supper a short patriotic address was given by the chairman, Mr. D. A. Manson, ex-M.P.

PRESENTATION TO DR. PELLETIER.

Sherbrooke, Oct. 10.—The Hon. Dr. P. Pelletier, ex-Speaker of the Legislature, was to-night presented by the citizens of Sherbrooke with a handsome silver and maple smokers' cabinet. The presentation took place in the Art Hall, where a large crowd had gathered. The fund for the purpose of purchasing the cabinet was raised by public subscription, under the auspices of the Board of Trade.

Addresses were delivered by Mayor C. W. Cote, pro-Mayor Ledoux, and Mr. L. H. Hebert, president of La Chambre de Commerce.

The presentation was made by Mr. E. W. Farwell, president, and Mr. J. E. Poutre, vice-president, of the Board of Trade, who read the address in English and French.

Dr. Pelletier replied in a short address, thanking his many friends in Sherbrooke and promising them that he would always have a warm spot in his heart for his home city, no matter where he would be located.

NOMINEE FOR EAST WELLINGTON.

Fergus, Ont., Oct. 11.—A meeting of Conservatives was called here yesterday for the purpose of nominating a candidate to represent East Wellington in the Legislature. The position is at present filled by Lieut.-Col. J. J. Craig, D.S.I. No other name was proposed except that of Mr. Craig, the present member, who in a neat address accepted the nomination, and spoke upon and upheld the actions of the Whitney Government. Mr. Richardson, of Elora, is the nominee of the Liberals.

'PALL MALL' APPROVES OF MR. W. T. WHITE.

(Canadian Associated ress.)

London, Oct. 11.—The 'Pall Mall Gazette' says the accesion of Mr. W. T. White to the Borden ministry is a particularly good omen, since it has been the aloofness of really first rate business men that has prevented Canadian politics reaching a higher level.

ONTARIO TREASURER MAY RESIGN.

Toronto, Oct. 11.—The rumor persists that Col. Matheson, the Provincial Treasurer, is to resign his portfolio and retire from politics. Last winter his health suffered through the strain of work, and he has spent much of this summer recuperating. With a provincial election at hand, to be followed by a session of the Legislature, it is reported that he feels the strain will be too much for him.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES.

London, October 11.—For the purpose of settling industrial disputes the Government has established an industrial council, consisting of the leading representatives of the employers and the workingmen, under the chairmanship of Sir George Ranken Askwith, controller-general of the Commercial, Labor and Statistical departments of the Board of Trade. The council is not invested with compulsory powers.

According to the original plan of Sydney Buxton, president of the Board of Trade, the council was to be composed of ten leading employers and ten prominent labor representatives. These would form a panel from whom an equal number on both sides could be selected to deal with any dispute arising before work was actually stopped. The object aimed at chiefly is to assure permanent peace in the cotton trade.

ACCOUNTANTS MEET.

The annual meeting of the Montreal Chartered Accountants' Association was held yesterday afternoon in the Montreal Club. The membership showed an increase of seven during the year, making a total of fifty-four members. The following officers were appointed for the ensuing year: J. G. Ross, president; A. K. Fisk, first vice-president; A. C. Stead, second vice-president; F. W. Sharp, secretary-treasurer; council, A. W. Stevenson, John Hyde, Geo. C. McDonald, David S. Kerr, Messrs. J. G. Ross and A. W. Stevenson were appointed representatives to council of Dominion Association of Chartered Accountants.

A banquet was held in the evening at the Montreal Club, at which over forty covers were spread. Several speeches were made both by retiring officers and new members.

BATTLE DESCRIBED

Bennett Burleigh, Veteran War Correspondent, Saw it.

London, Oct. 11.—The 'Daily Telegraph' publishes a despatch from its correspondent, Bennett Burleigh, dated Tripoli, in which he says that the Italians won their first land battle in fine shape. The friendly Arabs gave the Italians warning of the probable attack by the Turks. These Arabs said that the Turks would no doubt attempt to enter Tripoli at night.

Ample precautions were taken to reinforce the posts, particularly the new works to the south.

The warships were about four miles off shore.

The Turks were discovered about 1 o'clock in the morning advancing in two columns, supported by field guns. Fortunately it was a bright, moonlight night, and the Italians ashore were judiciously assisted by searchlights.

All night the Turks approached Tripoli in good order. There were thousands, supported by native auxiliaries. When they were within a few hundred yards the marines from the works and trenches poured into their ranks a tremendous rifle fire, supported by machine guns and field artillery.

The intended Turkish surprise entirely failed, but the Ottomans stood to the attack courageously, replying to the intrenched Italians with a heavy fire and striving to press home the action first on the west. The Italian marines, however, were not shaken. They were undaunted and fought most valiantly, firing with steady and deadly accuracy. They beat back every attempt of the enemy. From 1.30 to 2 a.m., the rifle fire was fierce. After that it dwindled and ceased. The enemy retired with several losses.

On the eastern side the attacking column of Turks tried to turn that flank of the Italian defence. They advanced into the palm belt and threw shrapnel which fell near the Esparto factory by the sea. The Italians held fast and drove away every advance on the front flank.

The behavior of the sturdy marines was admirable. It could not have been better among any troops.

The fleet, cleverly arranged, contributed to the success of the battle. When the rifle fire became heavy, several vessels, including the cruisers and battleships, opened up with their minor batteries, directing their shells over the town, so that they might fall among the Turks and cover the Italian front flanks against rushes en masse. The firing of the fleet was deliberate and well placed and was directed by signals and wireless.

After the rifle fire had ceased the ships continued to pursue the retreating foe with shells from their heavier batteries, including the six-inch and twelve-inch guns. The firing continued until 6 a.m. The Italian casualties were slight. People in Tripoli remained indoors and were confident of the Italian victory.

London, Oct. 11.— A despatch to Lloyds from Malta to-day says that an Italian army expedition of three battleships, a cruiser, eight torpedo boat destroyers, and nineteen transports, passed Malta this morning going southeast.

N. Y. LEVY ELECTION LAW.

Albany, N.Y., October 11.—Two of the most important provisions of the Levy election law, especially from a Democratic standpoint, were declared unconstitutional by unanimous decision of the Court of Appeals to-day. One in effect provided that any person nominated by more than one political party or independent party coull have his name appear on the ballot but once. It was contended that this provision wuold tend to discourage and prevent fusion, particularly in New York City. The other required all voters residing in places of under 5,000 inhabitants, which was designed to include all the rural districts of the state, who did not vote at the election last year personally to register to be eligible to vote this year. These two provisions were assailed by the opponents of the measure when it was pending before the Legislature, and it was contended that personal registration in rural districts would help the up-state democracy.

QUIET IN CIVIL COURTS.

A lull seems to have fallen on the civil courts with the conclusion of the Russell case, very little business being done this morning. It was stated today that a judgment in the Russell case was unlikely much before Christmas.

CITY GETS ITS SHARE

Cheque Received From Street Railway To-day for $335,007.87.

PERCENTAGE OF EARNINGS.

Deductions, in City Accountant's Opinion, Form Good Reason For New Charter.

Mr. William Robb, city treasurer, received a cheque for $335,007.87 from the Montreal Street Railway Company this morning as the share of the city in the earnings of the company for the past year.

The company only pays a percentage on earnings of $3,766,719.11. The gross earnings for 1911, total $4,793,042.31, and the company deducts $1,026,323.20, on which it asserts the city has no claim, because the amount of this deduction was collected in the districts of the city, which were annexed since 1892.

Mr. John Campbell, city accountant, was asked by a 'Witness' reporter upon what basis the contribution to the city was based.'

'It was arranged as follows,' he replied: 'The city gets 4 percent on all gross earnings to $1,000,000; 6 percent on the next $500,000; 8 percent on the next $500,000; 10 percent on the next $500,000; 12 percent on the next $500,000, and 15 percent upon all amounts in excess of that figure.

The deductions made by the company, Mr. Campbell said, formed a cogent reason for the securing of a new agreement between the company and the city. He believed that the new charter would be worth having for this matter alone.

The following are the earnings on which the company pays percentages, and the increases since 1905, as compiled by Mr. Campbell:

	Earnings on which Co. pays percentages	Amounts paid to city.
1905..	$2,377,241.02	$147,724.10
1906..	2,646,554.31	177,586.52
1907..	2,947,352.90	213,682.35
1908..	3,146,447.32	241,967.04
1909..	3,261,145.40	259,171.81
1910..	3,377,456.89	276,618.53
1911..	3,766,719.11	$35,007.87

Since 1905 the company has paid to the city $1,651,758.27.

The increase over 1910 is $58,389.34.

The following are the gross earnings and the deductions of the company:

	Gross earnings.	Deductions.
1905..	$2,648,733.95	$271,492.93
1906..	3,008,550.89	361,996.58
1907..	3,468,928.54	2,947,352.90
1908..	3,660,758.11	3,146,447.32
1909..	3,847,459.61	3,261,145.40
1910..	4,281,473.74	3,377,456.89
1911..	4,793,042.31	3,766,719.11

A LONG TRIP

Vessel From New Zealand Will Have Over 10,000 Tons of Cargo to Take Back.

The SS. 'Tokomaru,' of the New Zealand Shipping Company, moored at the Laurier pier late yesterday. She is the largest vessel this company has sailing from Montreal, but a cargo larger than she can hold was awaiting her. Captain Kelley, her commander, has sailed the New Zealand route in sailing and steamships nearly thirty years, and knows the South seas thoroughly.

To a 'Witness' reporter he said that he had never known the trade between that colony and England so good as it is now. The meat trade was growing rapidly, and his cargoes from New Zealand were about 75 percent chilled beef. When he was in port here a year ago he could get but 1,000 tons of freight for Australia and New Zealand. On this occasion at least 10,000 tons will be available.

The 'Tokomaru' had her troubles in London when the strike was on. A big lighter of coal had just made fast to her when the order to cease work came. Later the strikers attempted to remove the lighter, but the ship's officers bound it tightly to the side of their vessel with steel cables, and so saved their coal supply.

EX-ALDERMEN PREPARING TO RE-ENTER LISTS

Will Fight Against Board of Control—Have Called for Account of Work Done by Board.

At a meeting of the former aldermen of the old regime and their friends a few nights ago, it was determined to enter upon a campaign to oust the present City Council and the Board of Control, and to once more assume the power formerly enjoyed. The first attack will be made upon the Board of Control.

Ald. Roux moved in the City Council on Monday for a detailed report of the administration of the Board of Control for the past two years on the ground that the aldermen desired to be in a position to present to their constituents a statement of the achievements of the Councillors and Controllers in order to decide whether the new or old system was the better. The Controllers expect to have a complete report ready in a few days. Aldermen are disposed to believe from these developments that the forces of the former members of the City Council are to be concentrated upon a strong criticism of the usefulness of the Board of Control and upon a platform to abolish that body.

ECUMENICAL METHODIST CONFERENCE AT TORONTO

(From Our Staff Correspondent.)

A resolution moved by Bishop Hendrix and Dr. Henry Haigh, favoring International Arbitration, was read at the Ecumenical Conference yesterday, and was discussed in the afternoon. It suggests the submitting of all disputes to a proper tribunal, and especially commends a treaty between the United States and Great Britain.

The Rev. W. Williams, of Australia, was the chairman at the morning's session. The Rev. Dr. S. D. Chown, general superintendent of the Methodist Church in Canada, addressed the conference on adaptation of the church to the needs of modern life. The Church must increase its activities in the direction of social service. Christianity has gospel for all sorts of suffering as well as sin. The preacher should know the classes and the life of the masses. It is the layman's special function to secure social justice. Human creatures must be treated as though they had human natures. Under stress of modern conditions, a man who conducts his business on the lines of the sermon on the Mount would do more for the Church than the minister could. He said that there should be a note of spiritual authority in the Ministers utterances from the pulpit.

The fundamental beliefs of the Christian Church lie deep in the normal consciousness of the people. The authority of pulpit must be increased, but in harmony with the spirit of the age the inductive method of reasoning attains everywhere now and must be used in connection with theology. He said that theology was not an intimate thing, which can be handed down from generation to generation. It is the ripening influence of thought and its process is never complete. The Church should investigate all truth. Wesley's idea had been that controversy, dogma and doctrine should be lost in an ocean of love. He spoke of the next liberty and perfect sincerity, sincerity is open to reception of truth. Truth is spiritual essence within knowledge that has great power to transform character, though liberty tempered by loyalty and inspired by sincerity was the ideal. The domain of law should be recognized, but the leadership of great magnetic souls was the great thing. We shall get our leaders when we make our young men believe that the Church stands as the greatest stimulant to intellectual breadth.

SIR GEORGE SMITH.

Sir George Smith, of England, said that the church's great commission is reclamation of the world. Its function is to see God and then tell what it sees. The soul of all improvement is the improvement of the soul, and he called upon them not to forget the person in social service.

MR. N. W. ROWELL, K.C.

Mr. N. W. Rowell, K.C., of Toronto, on Inter-denominational co-operation, quoted John Wesley's statement: 'If thy heart be as my heart give me thy hand,' as their best text for inter-denominational co-operation. He said men were not inimical, but indifferent to the church. To reach them there must be men of faith and vision in the pulpit, as the keeping of machinery of the church in motion was not enough. Sincerity and efficiency were demanded of the church, and under the view of the great problems and needs before church the magnifying and perpetuality of non-essential differences would not make strong appeal to men of this time. The churches efficiency is greatly hampered by divisions. Our differences are not due to our perfections, but to our imperfections. When we say we cannot co-operate we mean we will not co-operate. We have demonstrated the practicability of the unity of all branches of Methodism in Canada, and we will demonstrate the practicability of a larger union and it will have the same spiritual influence.

SIR ROBERT PERKS.

Sir Robert Perks, of London, thought interdenominational co-operation would have better results without organic union, each church should preserve its idiosyncrasies for it met a special need.

GOVERNOR WALLACE.

Governor Wallace of California made an appeal for the laboring men, asking why Methodist churches are empty of the men whom John Wesley specially addressed.

CHANCELLOR BURWASH.

Chancellor Burwash, of Victoria University, said that Congregational and Presbyterian churches had come very close to each other in the last fifty years. All believed in separation of the church and state, both were now evangelistic; the spiritual life must be as deep and pure in one as in the others.

REV. DR. W. FLINT.

The Rev. Dr. William Flint, of Capetown, South Africa, called on the Americans to remember the tea in Boston harbor and the British to recognize the freedom of colonial churches to meet local needs in the way they best see it can be done.

SIR WILFRID IN MONTREAL

Had a Conference With the Liberals of the District

The new leader of the Opposition, looking as bright and cheerful as a schoolboy on a holiday, arrived in Montreal Monday night, accompanied by the Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, and in the evening had a conference with several leading Liberals of the district. Yesterday Sir Wilfrid occupied himself principally in paying personal visits, and was in the most cheerful frame of mind as he drove round the city in a cab, calling on his personal friends. He refused, however, to have anything to say regarding the political situation, laughingly turning away all inquiries with the remark that he was on a holiday.

BETTER CAR SERVICE

Aldermen Say Montreal Require a Minute and a Half Car Service.

At a meeting of aldermen yesterday it was determined to send out a request to all the members of the City Council to submit written statements of the alleged deficiencies in the service of the Montreal Street Railway Company to enable the City Council to attempt to secure amendments to the charter of the company in order to provide service suitable to all the needs of the population of Montreal in the way of new lines and extensions to existing ones. These plans are to be executed as soon as possible. It is also proposed to pass a measure with the sanction of the legislature, compelling the company to observe civic ordinances in this line.

Ald. Emard said that instead of two and a half and five minute services the city needed a one and one and a half or two minutes service. The city had the right to appeal to the Public Utilities Commission for orders compelling the company to improve its services. They had examples of the success of the city in several cases. The Gas Company increased its service and the Montreal Light, Heat & Power Company reduced its rates as much as fifty percent in some cases at the instance of the city.

The meeting of the Street Railway Committee, called for this morning, did not materialize owing to the lack of a quorum and the above informal caucus was held. A meeting will be held later to receive suggestions.

ACCEPTS CALL

Dr. Hanson, Belfast, to Come to Erskine Presbyterian Church.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

Belfast, October 10.—Dr. Hanson has accepted the call to Erskine Presbyterian Church, Montreal.

CITY HALL CHANGES

Several Departments Including Claims, Road and Sewer Will be Reorganized

Plans for the reorganization of several departments of the City Hall are being prepared by the Board of Control. The City Council, on report of the board, has voted $750 for the salaries of two additional experts and a clerk for the claims department for three months. The experts are to be paid $1,200 a year and the clerk $600. The intention is to secure later on the services of a medical man and a nurse to look into personal claims for damages through injuries sustained. The reorganization in this case is being taken at the instance of the law department, which represented to the Controllers that it was unable to secure sufficient data for evidence in actions against the city.

The road and sewer departments will also be reorganized. Difficulty has existed in securing statements of the amount of work performed, together with expenditures for permanent improvements and repairs, owing to the habits of time keepers and minor officials in not keeping check of the respective lengths of time spent on these tasks. The returns were frequently sent in a combined statement in which the amounts were not sufficiently clear to secure a concise idea of the amount of work performed in repairs and improvements. City officials say that the extension of work in these branches has been so enormous that the present staff is entirely too small for its office, and that additions to its strength are imperative.

It was claimed to-day that the Medical Health Department would be removed from the City Hall before the end of the month if new quarters can be obtained. It is now believed that the corporation will rent or buy a house near the City Hall which will be used as a temporary lodgment. With this change in location the city is expected to add considerably to the staff of Medical Health Inspectors preparatory to the passing of the new Health By-law which will require a big augmentation in the strength of the department to carry out its provisions.

BRITISH M.P. COMING HERE

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, October 10.—Mr. E. A. Goulding, M.P. for Worcester, is going to Canada, and the 'Manchester Guardian' says he intends interviewing Mr. Borden, the idea being to obtain a pronouncement which will be useful to the Tariff Reformers. Protection is to be disguised partly as an Imperial preference with the result of the Canadian elections as the great object lesson. The 'Guardian' adds that hitherto Mr. Borden has not said a word, and there is no reason to suppose that the new government intends lowering its tariff to please 'our Chamberlainites.'

TO BUILD $35,000 RESIDENCE.

A permit was granted to Mr. A. E. Holt yesterday to erect a four-story dwelling at 564 Pine avenue, at a cost of $35,000.

STANDARD OIL.

Standard oil now selling at 325 to 375.

SIR WILFRID TO MEET DUKE

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—When the official list of those to go down to Quebec to meet His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught was submitted to Mr. Borden, he noticed that the names of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Lady Laurier had been omitted by the State Department. The Premier at once took steps to have the omission rectified, and has placed a Government car at the disposal of Sir Wilfrid. It is probable that the ex-Premier will accept the offer and go to Quebec.

G.T.P. ANNUAL MEETING

Striking Progress Shown in Report, and Future Plans Outlined.

The adjourned annual meeting of the shareholders of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Co. was held yesterday in the board room of the general offices on McGill street at 12 o'clock noon, with Mr. Chas. M. Hays, president, in the chair.

Regarding the progress of construction, the president stated that during the year the track laying on the main line of the western division had been extended from Wolf Creek to Fitzhugh, west of the Athabaska River, in the Rocky Mountains, which is 1,027 miles west of Winnipeg, and will be the divisional point for that section; that the construction work is under full headway, with night and day forces to Tete Jaune Cache, on the Fraser River, beyond Yellowhead Pass, on the western slope of the Rocky Mountains, and it is expected that the track laying will reach this point, which is 1,094 miles west of Winnipeg, before the close of the year.

On all portions of the line which have been sufficiently completed trains are at present in operation, and a daily through freight and passenger service is established on the line between Winnipeg, Edmonton and Edson.

For the purpose of establishing suitable hotel accommodations throughout the country which will be traversed by your company's lines, it is proposed to construct a chain of first-class modern hotels, and with this object in view a contract has been let for the construction of a large hotel in the city of Winnipeg at a cost of $1,-35000,000. As the hotel is also located at the site of old Fort Garry, 'The Fort Garry' has been adopted as its name. Other hotels will be constructed in the near future at Edmonton, and in Jasper Park in the Rocky Mountains, and at Prince Rupert.

The company have been granted a subsidy by the Canadian Government for the construction of a floating dry dock at Prince Rupert at an approximate cost of $2,200,000, on which work has already been commenced, and tenders have also been called for the construction of terminals and station in that city.

The steamer 'Prince John' has been added to the company's fleet on the Pacific Coast, and placed in service between Prince Rupert and the Queen Charlotte Islands.

Good progress has been made in the construction work on the Eastern Division, and the present condition of that work shows a total of 1,223.45 miles of main line track, and 136.50 miles of side track laid, and the remaining portions of this section are all under contract.

In the construction of approximately 5,133 miles of railway undertaken in the first instance, there has been laid at the present time practically 3,300 miles of main line track.

Under your agreements with the government to provide equipment for the operation of the railway, there have been purchased 13,749 freight cars, 173 passenger cars and 129 locomotives.

The terms of office of the directors expires each year when the full board are eligible for re-election. In the representation on the board by members of the board of directors of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada resident in London, these directors serve in turn in alternate years. Mr. Hugh A. Allan, who was a member of the first board of directors, and has served since the organization of the company in 1904, having taken up his residence abroad is unable to continue as an active member of the board, and the company and directors have much regret in parting with his able co-operation and support. The names of the following directors are proposed for re-election: Alfred W. Smithers, Sir Henry Mather ackson, George von Chauvin, Col. Frederick Firebrace, Chas. M. Hays, E. J. Chamberlin, Wm. Wainwright, E. H. Fitzhugh, W. H. Biggar, E. B. Greenshields, the Hon. R. Dandurand, the Hon. Geo. A. Cox, E. R. Wood, J. R. Booth.

Sir William White, a director of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada in London, who is at present in Montreal en route to the Northwest, attended the meeting.

VILLENEUVE LOSES

In Action Against Gingras and Verville for Libel—Case Appealed

The case of Joseph Villeneuve against Alfred Gingras and Joseph Verville for defamation of character by issuing libellous statements and scandalous cartoons directed towards the complainant, who was a candidate on the Conservative ticket for Maisonneuve, and had for its object the defeat of Mr. Villeneuve, was before Judge Bazin yesterday, who, after hearing both sides of the question, dismissed the action.

The Court ruled that as the election laws were contradictory the evidence as presented did not place the charge in the list of criminal cases. The matter will be taken in appeal, warrants being issued for the appearance of both the accused to answer the same charge, as that dismissed yesterday by Judge Bazin, the result looked for being the designation of the offence, whether it is criminal or penal.

LORD STRATHCONA IN LONDON.

London, Oct. 10. — Lord Strathcona, High Commissioner for Canada, returned to London to-day after a trip of fifteen days to Canada. He appears in the best of health and spirits, and will go at once to Scotland.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

Auction Sales. — The auction sales under the management of Le Comptoir Mobilier French Canadien are held twice a week on Tuesdays and Fridays at 2.30 p.m., and not on Wednesdays, as previously advertised. These sales are held in the warerooms of this Company at Nos. 117 and 119 Craig West.

FINANCE

CALL MONEY AT 5 PERCENT AND BROKERS GLAD

The rate on call money is down. Brokers were notified this morning by certain banking houses that call loans could be secured now at five percent, and many were made at ten and twenty days' call to the satisfaction of those who have been anxiously waiting for some lowering of rates.

This cheapening of money will mean much to the stock market situation, as it will bring into actual circulation a large amount of funds heretofore directed into other channels.

It is also accepted as an evidence of abundance of money for legimate business purposes, and testifying to the splendid position of business throughout Canada.

Several leading brokers expressed the opinion at the close of the morning session of the Stock Exchange that the market will certainly respond to such a turn of affairs, and the prediction is made that even lower rates are not an impossibility before very long.

POWER AT 10 P.C. POSSIBLY IN 1912---MARKET

The stock market, this morning, bespoke optimism. There was a large variety of dealings and the course of prices was upwards.

The main feature of the market was Power which rose nearly two points to 169½, and on which many hopes rely. It is stated and believed that holders at present prices will profit richly later on. One good authority stated it privately as his conviction, this morning, that before July of next year this stock would be selling as high as 200, and that it would be paying then ten percent on the common.

Traction issues were in the front row again with Detroit, Toronto Railway and Montreal Street at firm prices. Bonds were active.

New York, Oct. 10.—Speculative interest in stocks was at a low ebb today, and in the absence of any new influences the market became stagnant. An attempt to deceive in the short interest, which is believed to have become considerably enlarged, produced no decided result, and during most of the morning session prices were held firmly. The market was unable to absorb the volume of realizing sales, and prices eased off slightly before noon. Atlantic Coast line lost 1¼ of yesterday's gain, American Beet Sugar lost about as much. Selected stocks continued to move independently of the course of the general market. Bonds were quiet.

Cables from Argentine to-day spoke of the cruel ravages of frost, and the price of wheat responded buoyantly in Chicago. Denials are looked for by the trade to-morrow.

London Consols, Stocks Silver, Money and Rates

London, Oct. 10, 4 p.m.—Closing — Consols for money 77 5-16; do., for account 77 7-16.

C.P.R. 232¾, G.T.R. 26¾.

Bar silver steady 24¼d per ounce.

Money 1½ to 2 p.c.

Discount rate, short bills, 3 5-18 to ¾ percent; three months' bills, 3 7-8 percent.

WALL ST. 3 P.M.

New York, October 10.—Wall street, 3 p.m.—Some selling orders were distributed after two o'clock, and all of the active issues gave way from 1-2 to a point below their high figures at the close. United States Steel and Reading again relapsed to below yesterday's closing. Norfolk and Western was in unusual demand, and improved 2 1-2 to 105 1-2. The market was indifferent.

C.P.R. INCREASE

The earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railway for the first week in October show an increase of $153,000.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON BOARD.

Power—25 at 169, 50 at 169 1-4, 60 at 169, 70 at 169 1-4, 25 at 169 1-4, 50 at 169 1-2, 25 at 168 3-8, 30 at 169 3-8.

Cement Common—100 at 26, 8 at 26 1-8, 3 at 25 3-4.

Cement Preferred—20 at 86 3-4.

Detroit—30 at 71 1-2, 50 at 71 1-2.

Steel Corp.—10 at 58 1-2.

Shawinigan Rls.—45 at 50, 60 at 50, 50 at 50.

Quebec Bonds—500 at 80 3-4.

Commerce Bank—9 at 206 1-2.

N. Scotia Bank—21 at 277 1-2.

Montreal Bank—1 at 252.

Steel of Canada Bonds—500 at 99.

Cement bonds—2,100 at 100.

Richelieu—10 at 121 3-4, 75 at 121 1-4, 50 at 121 1-2, 75 at 121 1-2.

Bell Tel. Rts.—2 at 7 1-4, 17 at 7 1-8.

Nova Scotia—50 at 95 1-2.

Rio, ex-div.—5 at 114.

Ottawa—10 at 146 1-2.

Mackay Pfd.—50 at 73.

Winnipeg Bonds—2,000 at 105.

Crown Reserve—125 at 250, 100 at 249, 25 at 250, 100 at 249, 700 at 249, 1,300 at 250.

Porto Rico—1 at 67.

Toronto—25 at 131 1-2.

Toronto Rights—1 at 6 3-4.

Textile—25 at 66, 25 at 66 1-2.

Street—100 at 230.

HIGH RANGE OF PRICES ON THE PRODUCE LIST

Farmers have little to complain of in the price which they are receiving for their produce. The demand for butter and eggs keeps up in a way which will not at present allow of a drop to normal prices, and there is much contention as to how long these conditions will last.

Supplies of butter are quite liberal, but the demand for local consumption, export and shipment which enables local wholesalers to demand 28 cents for finest creamery in a jobbing way, and 28 1-2 cents for the pound prints.

The same conditions obtain in the egg market, where new laid are now quoted wholesale at 34 cents, while selects are 28 cents, and cooking varieties 24 cents per dozen.

HARRIS & CO. TO OPEN OFFICE IN THIS CITY SOON

Shareholders of the Montreal Street Railway who expressed a wish, at the recent meeting, of participating in the $10,000,000 bond issue which was sold to Messrs. N. W. Harris and Company of Boston, will now have an opportunity of gratifying their desires as a deputy of that firm, in the person of Mr. George E. Wills, has come to Montreal for that express purpose.

Mr. Wills, when seen by the 'Witness' at the Windsor Hotel, this morning, said that, in view of his company's increasing business with Canada, and particularly with Montreal, he was to open up permanent headquarters in this city where the firm had reason to hope for the highest success.

Although the company is not yet operating extensively in Canada, its Canadian deals have been of a very high grade, including the placing of bonds for the Winnipeg Electric, Montreal Light, Heat and Power, Lachine Hydraulic Co., Dominion Power and Transmission. The Harris organizations have extraordinary facilities for distribution, and there is small doubt but that they would be an important and valuable adjunct to our financial establishments.

Money Plentiful and Rates Quiet in London---Brokers Were Busy Over Settlement

London, Oct. 10.—Money was plentiful and discount rates were quiet today.

Traders on the stock exchange were chiefly occupied with the general settlement. Carry over charges for American shares ranged from four to five percent. Business for the new account was moderate. Mexican rails were strong on good traffic returns and home rails improved, but Rio Linto stocks were weak on local and Paris selling due to fears of reduced dividends.

American securities opened quiet, and during the forenoon prices advanced on light covering. A downward movement followed but New York support caused a recovery in the late trading, and the market closed firm.

New $30,000,000 Issue for Big Steel Merger

Pittsburg, Oct. 10. —The announcement is made to-day that the Southern Steel merger provides for an issuance of $30,000,000 securities by the new corporation.

WINNIPEG GRAIN

Following is the course of prices in Winnipeg, this morning, up to 12 o'clock, Winnipeg time:—

	Wheat.			Oats.		
	Oct.	Dec.	May.	Oct.	Dec.	May.
Close—	97⅞	94⅝	99⅜	42¼	39	42¼
Open—	98⅛	94⅞	100⅛	42¼	39	42¼
High—	98⅝	95⅝	100⅝	42½	39¼	42½
Low—	98⅛	94⅞	100⅛	42⅛	39	42¾
Noon—	98½	95½	100½	42⅛	39¼	42½

'SOO' STEEL STOCK.

Lake Superior Corporation Common sold at 24 1-4 on the Philadelphia market to-day.

COPPER DECREASE.

New York, Oct. 10.— Copper producers figures for September show deliveries decreased 21,000,000 pounds from August.

U. S. CROP REPORT.

Washington, Oct. 10.— The Government crop report indicates corn yield of 2,758,348,000 bushels; slight gain over September report.

AMONG THE MEMBERS-ON-CHANGE

There was some talk on 'Change today to the effect that Mr. James Carruthers was to be offered an important position on the Railway Commission. The rumor was lacking, however, in clarity and detail, and although Mr. Carruthers, it is admitted, would be a valuable asset to such a branch of the government, his business is large and occupies all his time.

It is very doubtful if he would take upon himself any further responsibilities. He has never been eager for government preferment, but is only interested in the doings at Ottawa as any patriotic Canadian should.

The formation of the Borden Cabinet was the subject of a considerable comment on 'Change to-day. It is quite natural that some of the selections should prove distasteful, but all admit that the formation of a cabinet is no easy matter.

The following were introduced on 'Change to-day, Mr. William R. Law, of Glasgow, Scotland, by Mr. J. E. Macfarlane, Mr. S. J. Cherry, of Preston, Ont., by Mr. L. J. Smith and Mr. S. W. Furness, M.P. of West Hartlepool, by Mr. J. R. Binning.

Canada Cement Co.

LIMITED

6%

First Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds

DUE OCT. 1st, 1929.

Interest payable April and October.

Price on application.

Royal Securities Corporation, Limited

164 St James Street, Montreal

Toronto Quebec Halifax

London, Eng.

Opinions on Market by New York Press

'SUN'—Distinct strength is shown by American Beet Sugar and American Can among the industrials. It may be said that reasons of an exceptional sort apply to the two industrial companies named, and that they do exist is now thoroughly understood in all well-informed circles in the financial district.

'AMERICAN'—The Government crop report is important only for the fact that it stops all dispute as to the size of the crops which are now officially determined as being the equivalent of about 900,000,000 bushels of grain less than last year.

'TRIBUNE' — Shipments of currency from this centre to the interior are heavier, but the movement does not promise to reach large proportions, owing to the strong position of banks at other reserve centres and the absence of an important mercantile demand for money at out-of-town points.

WILL INSPECT WESTERN COAL AREAS---A DEAL

The work of developing the Lethbridge Collieries, Limited, is to be taken up with renewed vigor, and in order to prepare for an active policy in the development of the huge coal areas in the Province of Alberta, a dleputation of financiers interested in this concern will leave to-night for the West in order to thoroughly inspect the properties.

Among those who are going from Montreal are Messrs. H. A. Lovett and J. N. Greenshields, and it is expected that they will be absent at least ten days or two weeks. They will be accompanied, it is expected, by several leading capitalists from the United States.

There is a movement on foot to bring several of the large western collieries under one management or control, and it is likely that this will be accomplished in the form of the creation of the Canada Coal & Coke Company.

It is expected that a new issue will be made in connection with this enterprise, and that the banking and brokerage firm of R. Forget will handle the financial side of the deal, placing the stock, largely abroad.

UNFILLED ORDERS.

New York, Oct. 10. — Steel tonnage on unfilled orders totalled 3,611,317 tons, on Sept. 30, against 3,695,985 on August 31, and 3,584,085 on July 31. On Sept. 30, 1910, unfilled tonnage was 3,158,106.

BERLIN BOURSE QUIET.

Berlin, Oct. 10.—Trading on the Bourse to-day was quiet, but prices were firm.



Mr. C. B. Gordon is in Toronto.

Mr. Rodolphe Forget, M.P., has returned from Ottawa.

Mr. T. P. Shonts has returned to New York from the Continent.

Mr. G. E. Wills, of Toronto, representing N. W. Harris & Co., Boston, is in the city.

TORONTO SALES

Toronto, Oct. 10.—Sales:—Canners preferred, 5 at 100; Black Lake, 50 at 3; Locomotive, 3 at 32; pfd., 10 at 90¼, 19 at 50; Twin City, 40 at 106, 26 at 106; Bell Tel., 25 at 142¼; Rights, 24 at 7¼, 1 at 7½; Pac. Burt, 5 at 39; pfd., 25 at 89; Rio, 100 at 113⅞, 26 at 113½, 50 at 113⅞, 100 at 113¾, 185 at 113¾; Sawyer Massey pfd., 15 at 89, 35 at 90; Rogers, 30 at 178; Russell M., 150 at 90; B.C. Packers, series A., 25 at 90¼; Electric Dev. pfd., 5 at 66; Toronto Rails, 75 at 136¾, 50 at 136¾, 25 at 136½, 24 at 136⅜; Porto Rico, 165 at 67¼, 125 at 67½; Bonds, $5000 at 92¼; F. N. Burt pfd., 15 at 117, 1 at 116½; Can. Steel bonds, $1000 at 100; Dul. Sup., 15 at 81; Quebec Railway L. and P. bonds, $1000 at 80; Maple Leaf, 2 at 60¼; R. and O., 25 at 121, 25 at 121¼; Col. Loan, 20 at 69; Mackay, 25 at 85; ex-div. Rio de Janeiro L. and O. Company, 1¼ percent.

Big Cobalt Trading

Mining quotations supplied by Gordon & Shorey, Members Montreal Mining Exchange, on Porcupine and Cobalt stocks:

MORNING SALES.

Standard, 5000 at 9, 500 at 9¼, 6000 at 9¾, 90000 at 10, 8000 at 10¼, 14,000 at 10½, 1500 at 11.

Reddick, 10,500 at 8.

Crown Reserve, 500 at 2.50.

Dome Ex., 1000 at 77, 100 at 75, Black, 3000 at 1.

Hollinger, 1000 at 1230.

Crown Chartered, 1500 at 36, 1600 at 36½.

LIVERPOOL CLOSINGS.

Liverpool, Oct. 10.—Closing:—Wheat, spot dull; No. 1 and 3 Man., not quoted; futures steady; Oct., 7s 5¾d; Dec., 7s 6¼d; March, 7s 6¼d. Corn, spot firm; American mixed, 6s 2¼d; futures steady; Jan., 5s 9d; Feb., 5s 8½d. Flour, winter patents, 28s. Hops in London (Pacific coast), £9 to £9 10s. Beef, extra India mess, 93s 9d. Pork, prime mess western, 100s. Hams, short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., 54s. Bacon, Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs., 53s 6d; short rib, 16 to 24 lbs., 56s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., 55s 6d; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs., 59s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs., 59s; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs., 58s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs., 48s 6d; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs., 44s 6d. Lard, prime western in tierces, 45s 9d; American refined in pails, 46s 9d. Cheese—Canadian finest, white, 70s; do. colored, 70s 6d. Tallow, prime city, 33s 6d.

Turpentine spirits, 37s 6d. Rosin, common, 15s 3d. Petroleum refined, 6½d. Linseed oil, 43s 9d.

SALE OF TELEPHONE CO.

Toledo, Ohio, Oct. 10.—Transaction by which Ohio men in one operation sold their holdings in more than 15 independent telephone companies in New York state to American Telephone and Telegraph Company has been completed. It is believed the sale involves more than $3,000,000, to be paid to Ohio people in Bell securities.

SETTLEMENT NEAR.

London, Oct. 10. — It is authoritatively reported that France and Germany have reached substantial agreement on the Moroccan question.

BRIGHT FUTURE FOR PULP & PAPER CO. IS ASSURED

A party of Montreal and Toronto bankers and brokers spent the week inspecting the various plants of the Laurentide Pulp and Paper Mills, Limited, at Espanola, Ont., as the guests of the Dominion Bond Company, of Montreal.

For some time past occasional reports have indicated the tremendous strides which have been made in the pulp industry, and the present trip afforded those who took advantage of it an opportunity to get an accurate idea of just what is being done in the northern districts of Ontario by the Laurentide River Company. The company to the present time has confined its operations to the pulp industry, but in the present time completing a large and fully equipped newsprint paper mill, which at the outset will have a capacity of one hundred tons a day.

The 'Witness,' on Saturday will publish a financial section, give a general description, and views of the various mills.

The inspection of the properties rendered the most profitable by the presence of Mr. A. E. Millington, general manager; Mr. Fielding, the manager of the paper making department, and others of the staff.

Among those who participated in the trip of inspection were: Messrs. J. A. Campbell, R. A. Smith, Edward Gurney, T. O. Anderson, F. H. Deacon, M. Jellett, P. L. Paterson, A. H. Mackenzie, Montreal; H. Ambrose, Montreal; Alex. Christmas, Montreal; W. F. Bee, Toronto; O. E. Harvey, John B. Hall, T. H. Watson, Burnside Robinson, Victor Ross, W. E. Brough, Brockville; H. Cooper, London, England; J. B. Learmont, Montreal; H. P. Robinson, St. John, N.B.; J. Wilson, Fergus; J. Tudhope, Orillia; R. Wade, Orillia.

Representing the Dominion Bond were: G. P. Grant, president, Toronto; B. G. Winans, vice-president, Montreal; F. H. Manley, general manager, Montreal; S. Mann, manager, Toronto; Harcourt and H. C. Anderson, Toronto; P. Barrett, Montreal.

SHIPPING MAN A VISITOR HERE

Mr. Stephen W. Furness, M.P. of West Hartlepool, England, and nephew of Lord Furness, who is honorary president of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, is in the city to-day, and will likely remain here for a few days.

Although it is felt that Mr. S. W. Furness, who is a director of the Furness Withy Co. in England, and also of other shipping corporations, is not here merely to enjoy our autumn weather, it is nevertheless difficult to learn just what his mission is. He is apparently visiting the different offices of the Richelieu Company and gleaning facts here and there from transportation men of all sorts as to conditions here, but he won't talk.

FOREIGN RATES

Berlin, Oct. 10.—Exchange on London, 20 marks 51 pfennigs for cheques. Money, 2½ percent. Private rate of discount, 4 percent.

Paris, Oct. 10.—Prices were heavy on the Bourse to-day. Closing:—Three percent rentes, 94 francs. Exchange on London, 25 francs 19 centimes for cheques. Private rate of discount, 3½ percent.

UNLISTED STOCKS

Sale of unlisted stocks as reported by W. P. O'Brien for the 'Witness':

	Bid.	Asked
Belding Paul com.	32	35
Pref.	90	92
Price Bros. bonds	85	85½
Lachine 5 p.c. bonds	103	103½
Breweries pref	90	97
Bonds	101½	102½
Can. Power stock	47½	48½
Bonds	77½	78½
Tramways	26	27
Hillcrest com	22	26
Pref.	67	—
West Can. Power	56	56½
Bonds	86	87
Mex. N.P. bonds	65	66
Hollinger	1230	1235
Wayagamack com	87	88
Bonds	75½	76

MORNING SALES.

Price Bros. bonds, $800 at 84½.

Spanish River, 55 at 140, 7 at 140¼, 25 at 39.

Wayagamack bonds, $14,000 at 75½.

Mex. Nor., 100 at 20.

Hollinger, 2000 at 1225.

CHEESE AND BUTTER.

The cheese market continues steady with finest western quoted at 14½c to 14⅝c, and easterns at 14¼c to 14⅜c.

The butter market is firm with choicest Township creamery quoted at 26½c to 27c, and seconds at 25½c to 26c.

A Cumulative Preferred

With Common Stock Bonus.

In purchasing this 7% Cumulative Preferred Stock of Tooke Bros., Limited, at $98 a share, the Investor receives a bonus of 35% of Common Stock.

The Preferred Dividend is payable quarterly, 1st December, March, June and September.

The Company is the largest Manufacturer and Importer in Canada of men's goods, including Shirts, Collars and Neckwear.

A Special Circular, containing letter from Mr. Benjamin Tooke, President of the Company, will be mailed on request.

DOMINION BOND COMPANY

Limited,

Merchants Bank Bldg., Montreal.

Toronto Ottawa. London, Eng.

THE ACADIA FIRE INSURANCE CO.

of Halifax, N.S. ESTABLISHED 1862.

Total Assets as at Dec. 31, 1910

$795,544.36

MORRISEY ROBINSON & FREYGANG,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR MONTREAL

402 POWER BUILDING Tel. Main 1768.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS AND STOCKS

NIP' MINE BUSY GOOD RESULTS AND MUCH ORE

...ptember production of Nipissing ...ing Company amounted to 436,694 ...s of silver, having a gross value of ...2. There was shipped ore of es... net value of $239,843. ...orable developments were encoun... at the Meyer vein, No. 148 and ... At the Meyer on the new ...level, which is driving to the east... at a depth of 250 feet below the ..., the last 100 feet has disclosed ... from one to five inches in width ...ging 1200 ounces per ton. Both ...erage value and width are showing ... improvement, with the face now ...ging 1500 ounces for a width of 5 ... Vein 148 is looking particularly well. ... stoping was started at 200 feet ... the surface the vein showed one ... in width for a distance of 10 feet. ... vein has now been stoped upward ... a distance of 70 feet, where there is ... showing two to three inches of 2,... ...unces ore for a distance of 100 feet ...length. This ore averages three to ... inches in width and carries 5000 ...nces per ton. The shoot is getting ...ger and wider as work proceeds. ...On vein 123, a small rich surface ...owing, which was exposed for a dis... of 15 feet on the surface, is now ...isclosing 1500 ounces for a distance of ... feet at the 100 foot level. Drifting ...e vein here is showing improve...ment.

HUDSON BAY CO.

Another dividend is to be paid by the Hudson Bay Company on October 14, the usual 300 percent, representing a disbursement of $23,283. This makes 1,500 percent paid by this company, or $1,451,307 in all.

The Chicago Board of Trade will be closed to-morrow, Thursday, Oct. 12.

WEDNESDAY MORNING BOARD.

Can. Loco. Securities called to-day. Power, 25 at 170, 50 at 169¾, 525 at 170, 75 at 170½, 75 at 170⅝, 1... at ...25 at 170¾, 250 at 171, 10 at ..., 100 at 171, 50 at 170⅞, 310 at 171, 50 at 170⅝, 75 at 170¾, 25 at 170⅝, 25 at 170½. Can. Loco. Com., 2 at 32. Twin City, 10 at 106 Detroit, 50 at 71½. Rich. and Ont., 175 at 121½. Telephone, 3 at 142½, 10 at 142¼, 50 at 142. Algonquin Rights, 486 at .50, 50 at .52. Dom. 145 at 114, 25 at 114⅛, 200 at 114⅜, 25 at 114. Ottawa L. and P., 100 at 146½. Toronto Ry., 25 at 136½, 50 at 136¾. Rio Pfd., 75 at 67⅜, 50 at 67½, 10 at 68. Pacific, 75 at 227 Telephone Rights, 3 at 7⅛, 51 at 7¼, 4 at 7⅜, 72 at 7¼. Toronto Ry., 25 at 136½, 50 at 136¾, 250 at 137, 25 at 137¼, 406 at 137, 10 at 136 and 137, 350 at 137½, 5 at 137¼, 475 at 137½. Algonquin, 50 at 113½, 2 at 114, 50 at 113 5-8, 150 at 113¾, 25 at 113 7-8, 125 at 114. Telegraph, 15 at 146. Packers A, 30 at 90. Tex. pref., 75 at 99. Cement pref., 5 at 87. Steel Corp., 125 at 58½. Sherwin W. pref., 90 at 88. Crown Res., 755 at 2.50. Steel C. of C., 25 at 28. Cement, 1 at 28½, 100 at 26. Iron pref., 5 at 102½. Converters, 2 at 35, 25 at 39. Scotia, 8 at 95 3-8. Asbestos, 1 at 3. Tex. com., 20 at 68, 55 at 69, 25 at 68 7-8, 25 at 69. Dominions, 100 at 57¼. Cement bonds, $20,000 at 100. Rubber bonds, $1000 at 97. Bank of Commerce, 6 at 206¾, 3 at 207. Molsons Bank, 8 at 204½, 24 at 205. Bank of Montreal, 3 at 251, 9 at 252.

CHEESE AND BUTTER.

The cheese market is about steady, with finest westerns quoted at 14½c to 14 5-8c, and easterns at 14c to 14 3-8c. The butter market continues strong, with choicest Townships creamery quoted at 27c to 28c, and seconds at 26c to 26½c.

OATS CONTINUE FIRM.

Oats, No. 2 Canadian western, 47¾c to 48c; extra No. 1 feed oats, 47¼ to 47½c; No. 2 Canadian western, 46¾c to 47c; No. 3 local, 46¼c to 46½c; No. 3 do., 45¾c to 46c; No. 4 do., 45¼c to 45½c.

EASTERNERS TO GET BIG SPOKE IN WEST COAL TRADE

The departure of Mr. H. A. Lovett, K.C., president of the Lethbridge Collieries, Limited, accompanied by Messrs. J. N. Greenshields, K.C., G. H. Duggan and Charles Fergie for the West last evening is considered by the 'Street' as an event of importance if not of portentious meaning. They are bound for Fernie, apparently, and inquiries at their offices elicit the information that they will be away for at least two weeks.



Mr. Lovett.

Whereas, little can be learned at present, the return of these gentlemen will probably be followed by the announcement of some big colliery scheme which will be an addition to the increasing commercial activities of Easterners in the West.

Mr. Lovett is moving rapidly to the forefront in Canadian finance, and as he is ambitious and energetic, something big is expected from him as a result of this trip. Mr. Greenshields' abilities are widely known, and those of the other two gentlemen have at least a local reputation as mining experts.

KERR LAKE DIVIDEND.

Kerr Lake has declared a regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents, payable Dec. 15 to stock of record Dec. 1 next.

Three months ago an extra of 15 cents was declared; six and nine months ago an extra of 25 cents.

Stock Exchange Talks

Certainly there **IS** a good deal of irresponsible talk about Taft's **ANTAGONISM** towards the large business corporations. Those of Taft's accusers who temper their expressions with wisdom and logic will win the respect of the financial community, but those who simply pitch into him without proper discrimination (and there are apparently in the majority) will prove the prevalence of weak-mindedness which, however, scarcely stands in need of proof.

All whose spleen prompts them to attack the president on account of the 'destruction of confidence in business' etc., etc., which he has **TEMPORARILY** brought about, should at least learn the reasons of his actions from his own speeches which are easily accessible.

The other day Mr. Taft said: 'It is unfortunate that the country has got into a condition that requires a remedy like this' (in allusion to the anti-trust campaign). 'A remedy of any evil,' he added, 'was bound to produce for a time, **NOT BUSINESS DISASTER,** but a difficult situation that might make business slow. But, after the solution had been worked out, he saw no reason why the country should not go on to greater and greater prosperity.'

Speaking about the temporary effects of the trust investigations brings to mind the fact that bad effects are often simply the wrong end of good effects which are elsewhere—the one balancing and causing the other.

In respect to the subject of discussion, it is worth mentioning that the sudden development of easy money in Germany—why! Berlin was actually offering gold in Paris last week—is a direct result of these investigations and the transfer of money from American to German securities.

How far corporation managements are justified in maintaining dividends by drawing on accumulated earnings of past years is a question that will be much discussed during the ensuing months. Stockholders in many of the older railroads, in the United States, like New Haven, St. Paul, New York Central, and Atchison, are dependent for their living on their dividends, and hardship would follow reductions. The comfort of this large class of investors—probably 50 percent of them women and estates—is a factor in the equation that gives the managements most concern.

Is it best to hold dividend disbursements within the limits of current earnings or speculate on future income improvements, and thus keep stockholders placated? The proposition is not easy of ethical solution.

ORE SHIPMENTS IN SEPTEMBER SHOW A RECORD

The shipments from the Cobalt camp for the month of September totalled 4,775,040 pounds, which are above the average, and will mean at the end of the year that the total camp shipments will not be far off last year's record output.

A noteworthy fact of last month's shipments is that they are higher by 200 tons than the shipments for the corresponding month of 1910, this being the first month this year that has shown an increase over the corresponding month of 1910.

The following are the shipments for September in pounds:

La Rose, 6 h, 5.1	796,700
McKinley-Darragh, 11 h.	671,575
Cobalt Lake, 1 h, 6 l.	433,920
Nipissing, 4 h, 2 l	409,030
Drummond, 6 l.	360,000
Coniagas, 6 h.	347,590
Townsite, 3 h	266,140
Kerr Lake, 3 h.	182,420
Right of Way, 3 l.	179,060
Crown Reserve, 3h.	157,260
Trethewey, 3h.	150,600
O'Brien, 2h.	134,540
Chambers-Ferland, 1 h. 1 l.	132,900
Hudson Bay, 2 h.	126,130
Buffalo, 2 h.	107,270
City of Cobalt, 1 h.	106,000
Temiskaming, 2 h.	102,540
Beaver, 1 l.	60,785
Provincial, 1 h.	50,280
Total	4,775,040

MANY HELPS AND FEW CHECKS TO BUSINESS HERE

In a letter to the New York 'Evening Sun', Messrs. Greenshields and Company, members of Montreal Stock Exchange, have written an article as indicating the attitude of the Dominion Government as regards corporations. Such an article is particularly interesting at the present time, in view of the very antagonistic policy which the United States Government has adopted against many of the larger corporations in that country.

Messrs. Greenshields and Company, say in part, that there is in Canada neither a public or political sentiment inimical to corporate enterprise; there is no legislation passed, pending, or proposed to act as a check on business, and there is no uncertainty as to what the future will bring in either respect.

On the contrary, railway and industrial growth is being fostered in every way, not only by actual loans of many millions from the Government, by provincial guarantee on bond issues and municipal gifts of land and money, but also by general legislation calculated to strengthen rather than restrict the growth and security of invested capital.

This attitude of the Government toward business is precisely the opposite of that of the United States. It will be interesting to contract with the shrinkage of value of the standard securities of the United States since January 1910, the strikingly different results in Canada under a Government which regards as one of its legitimate ends, concludes Greenshields and Company, the encouragement of business.

TORONTO GRAIN

Toronto, Oct. 11.—There were no material changes on the market and prices were about steady on everything.

Latest quotations—Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, red or mixed, 86c to 87c in car lots outside. Manitoba wheat—No. 1 northern, new, $1.05; No. 2, $1.03; No. 3, $1.01 track bay ports. Western Canadian oats—No. 2, 46½c; No. 3, 45½c track bay ports; Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 42c to 43c on cars at country points, and 45 to 46c on track Toronto. Rolled oats, per bag of 90 pounds, $2.50; per barrel, $5.25 wholesale Windsor to Montreal. Corn—American No. 3 yellow, 73c c.i.f. Midland. Peas—No. 2 87c to 88c for car lots outside. Rye—No. 2, 76c to 78c outside. Barley, 80c to 86c outside, for malting, and 65c to 70c for feed. Buckwheat, nominal at 52c to 54c outside. Mill feed—Manitoba bran, $23 in bags; shorts, $25; Ontario bran, $23 in bags; shorts, $25. Manitoba flour—First patents, $5.30; second patents, $4.80; strong bakers, $4.60; Ontario flour patents, $3.55 to $3.60 Montreal freight.

TORONTO CATTLE PRICES.

Toronto, Oct. 11.—The market was generally firm to-day with a medium quality of stock on offer. Lambs were a shade easier with choice light sheep a little stronger. Choice exporters were almost as steady as yesterday. Hogs were unchanged. Latest quotations:—Export cattle, choice, $6.00 to $6.30; do. medium, $5.75 to $5.95; do. bulls, $4.75 to $5.50; butcher cattle, choice, $5.90 to $6.20; do. good, $5.60 to $5.85; do. medium, $5.20 to $5.50; do. common, $4.50 to $5.00; do. cows, choice, $4.75 to $5.25; do. medium, $4.25 to $4.70; do. common, 3.00 to $4.00; do. canners, $1.50 to $2.25; do. bulls, $3.50 to $5.00; feeders, 850 to 1100 lbs., $4.65 to $5.10; feeding bulls, $3.25 to $3.75; stockers, 800 to 900 lbs., $4.25 to $4.70; do., 700 to 800 lbs., $4.00 to $4.50; do., 550 to 600 lbs., $3.50 to $4.00; milkers, choice, each, $60 to $70; do. common and medium, each, $30 to $50; springers, $35 to $50; calves, $4.00 to $8.00; sheep, heavy, ewes, $3.25 to $3.50; do. light, ewes, $3.75 to $4.10.

Lambs, best, $5.50 to $5.80; bucks and culls, $3.00 to $3.25; hogs, fed and watered, $6.40; f.o.b., $6.15.

WHAT GRAIN MEN HAVE TO SAY

The grain trade is anxious to learn more regarding wheat storage, handling and transportation in Russia. Last year, it is understood, an elaborate programme had been drawn up to be put into effect immediately, by which the great waste of uncared-for grain would be saved. If all the Russian wheat was properly stored the aggregate crop would be enormous.

Great hopes and fears are suspended on the weather of the next few days, which may yet cause much destruction to unthreshed wheat in the west. It is very gratifying to learn that probabilities favor a continuance of fine weather.

Chicago, Oct. 11. — Minnesota and Wisconsin grain rates have been readjusted, becoming effective Nov. 1, so that combination of locals to Minneapolis plus proportionate to Chicago will never make lower through rate than direct rate to Chicago, as has frequently occurred heretofore. Local rates from Minneapolis and Duluth become 15 cents per 1000 pounds of grain or grain products, while proportionate rates fro mthose cities will range from 7½ to 13 cents according to points of origin.

LIVE STOCK MARKET, Oct. 11

About 1200 head of butchers' cattle, 400 calves, 55 milch cows and springers, 1300 sheep and lambs and 2100 hogs were offered for sale at the East End Abattoir to-day. The unusually large supplies of cattle and hogs had a depressing effect on the price, and hogs sold at lower rates than they have done for a couple of years past.

Prime beeves sold at from 5¾c to 6c per lb.; pretty good animals, 4½c to 5½c, and the common stock at 2½c to 4¼c per lb. Milch cows sold at from $30 to $70 each. Calves sold at from 2½c to 4c per lb. for grassers, and from 5c to 6c per lb. for good veals. Sheep sold at 3½c to 3¾c per lb.; lambs at about 5½c per lb.

Hogs sold at from 5½c to 6¼c per lb.

SHIPPING NEWS

OUTWARD.

Tokomaru, arr. Montreal	Oct. 10
Barcelona, arr. Montreal	" 10
Salacia, arr. Montreal	" 10
Fremona, arr. Montreal	" 10
Lake Manitoba, arr. Quebec	" 10
Turcoman, arr. Montreal	" 11
Canada Cape, arr. Quebec	" 10
Berlin, arr. New York	" 10
Kronprinzessin Cecilie, arr. New York	" 10
Rhein, arr. New York	" 10
Kroonland, arr. New York	" 10
Luisiana, arr. New York	" 10
Batavia, arr. Baltimore	" 10
Carthaginian, arr. Philadelphia	" 10
Prinz Oscar, arr. Philadelphia	" 10
Franconia, arr. Boston	" 10
Pomeranian, arr. Montreal	" 11
Numidian, arr. Boston	" 10

INWARD.

Mauretania, arr. Liverpool	Oct. 10
Parisian, arr. Glasgow	" 10
Lake Champlain, arr. Glasgow	" 10
Minneapolis, arr. London	" 10
Kaiser Wilhelm II., arr. Bremen	" 10
Kurst, arr. Rotterdam	" 10
Lake Michigan, arr. Antwerp	" 10
Vaderland, arr. Antwerp	" 10

SAILED FOR CAPE TOWN.

The Elder-Dempster liner Melville sailed yesterday evening from lower river ports for Cape Town, South Africa. A part of her cargo consisted of 239 sheep, 74 cattle, 2 horses and 50 mules.

SAILORS HAD FINE CONCERT.

The Sailors' Institute enjoyed a splendid concert last night. The Rev. Alfred Hall, Canadian representative of the British and Foreign Sailors' Society, was present, and addressed an audience of nearly one thousand people. The orchestra of the Megantic was present, and in addition, songs and recitations were given by sailors from the Victorian, the Bornu and Megantic. Miss Grace Grant was accompanist, and Mr. J. M. M. Duff presided.

ROYAL GEORGE'S PASSENGERS.

An advance list of the passengers arriving by the Royal George this afternoon includes: Mr. F. W. Baker, Dr. K. Digby Bell, Mrs. Bell and child; Captain A. C. Boone, Mrs. Boone, Miss D. Boone, Master G. L. Boone and nurse; Mr. G. A. Buckley, Mrs. C. Cambie, child and nurse, Mr. J. Carr, Mr. J. H. Carroll, Mrs. Carroll, Miss J. Carroll, Miss M. Carroll, Miss E. G. Davie, Lieut.-Colonel J. Dunlop-Gemmill, Miss Dunlop-Gemmill, Miss E. Dunlop-Gemmill and maid, Mr. A. Edmunds, Mrs. Edmunds, Miss E. D. Edmunds, Mr. W. Garrard, Mrs. Gartshore, Mr. J. N. Griffiths, Mr. D. W. Grimmett, Miss Gwyn, Mr. R. D. Hill, Mr. H. C. Hobbins, Dr. G. E. Holmes, Mr. F. G. Isaac, Mr. S. Jones, Mrs. Jones, Mr. M. Joseph, Mr. J. Loteny, Mr. J. Lye, Mr. C. S. Marcean, Mrs. Marcean, Master Marcean, Mr. R. H. Mardon, Mrs. Mardon, Dr. T. M. Crae, Mrs. McCrae, Mr. J. C. Michie, Mrs. Michie, Mr. E. M. Playter, Miss M. Preston, Mrs. A. Slattery, Mr. Smith, Mr. E. M. Smith, Miss M. Smith, Mr. H. J. Stockton, Mrs. Stockton, Mrs. E. Walker, Miss O. Wright.

POMERANIAN'S LIST.

The 'Pomeranian' arrived in Montreal this morning with the following first-class passengers:—Mr. Baskett, Mrs. Baskett, Mrs. H. Brimble and infant, Miss P. and Master J. Brimble, Miss Beatrice Brimble, Miss Annie Brimble, Mr. L. Caley, Mr. L. L. Caley, Miss H. M. Caley, Mr. F. F. Dolby, Mrs. Dolby, Master J. L. Dolby, Master C. P. Dolby, the Rev. Father J. Forbes, Sister Georgina, Mr. C. J. Gurnhill, Miss E. Guppy, Miss Sarah Harper, Miss N. Harvey, Mrs. Ellen Hooson, Masters W. and F. Hooson, Miss L. Hooson and infant, Mr. A. Kleinkramer, Mrs. A. Kleinkramer and infant, Mrs. E. Macartney, Master D. Macartney, Miss F. Macartney, Mr. R. McDonald, Miss Sarah McDougall, Mrs. D. A. Mills, Miss O. I. Mills, Mr. W. OVink, Miss E. Sansbury, Mr. H. Scott, Miss E. Smith, Mr. E. Underwood, Mr. H. L. Ward, Miss Susan Wilson, Miss E. M. Wrigglesworth.

GULF REPORT.

10:30 A.M.

Cape Salmon, 53.—Clear, west; outward at 5 a.m. Isleworth; 6.30 p.m. yesterday Tadousac.

Father Point, 160—Clear, northeast; inward 1 a.m. Gaspesien.

Little Metis, 180—Clear, east; inward at 7.40 a.m. Rosalind.

Cape Chatte, 234—Cloudy, east; inward 6.00 a.m. a D.C. steamer.

Fame Point, 324—Clear, west; inward 7.15 a.m. 53 miles east Ascania.

Flat Point, 584—Cloudy, west; inward 3.30 a.m. Thorsa; outward 5 p.m. yesterday Brynhild; 10 p.m. Chr. Knudsen.

Point Amour, 662—Cloudy, calm; inward 1.20 a.m. Corsican; 4.30 a.m. SS. Empress of Ireland.

Belle Isle, 723—Cloudy, strong northwest; outward at 4 a.m. C.P.R. Montcalm; 5.20 a.m. Montreal.

OFFER BONDS OF REAL ESTATE CO. ---A FEW DETAILS

Messrs. Greenshields & Co., members Montreal Stock Exchange, make the announcement of an offering of the 5 percent bonds of the City Central Real Estate Company, Limited, of Montreal. The bonds, which are being offered at 95, carry with them a bonus of 25 percent of common stock, or one share of common for every $400 of bonds subscribed for.

The City Central Real Estate Company owns one of the most valuable blocks of real estate in the business section of Montreal, now occupied by Freeman's Hotel. It has large frontages on both St. James and Notre Dame streets, the St. James street frontage being directly opposite the million dollar building of the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

The building has been leased for ten years under very favorable terms to the Freeman's Limited, and at the end of that time the company will be in a position to take advantage of the high rentals that are sure to prevail at that time.

The board of directors of the company include Messrs. Rodolphe Forget, M.P., J. N. Greenshields, K.C., J. W. Pyke, H. A. Lovett, K.C., and H. W. Beauclerk.

WINNIPEG GRAIN

Following was the course of prices in Winnipeg, this morning, up to 12 o'clock, Winnipeg time:—

	Wheat.			Oats.		
	Oct.	Dec.	May.	Oct	Dec.	May.
Close—	98⅜	95½	100⅜	42¼	39⅛	42¼
Open—	97⅞	95	100	42⅛	39⅛	—
High—	98	95⅛	100	42¼	39¼	—
Low—	97¾	94⅞	99⅞	42⅛	39	—
Noon—	97¾	95	99⅞	42¼	39⅛	—

EGG MARKET FIRM.

New laid, 34c; selected stocks, round lots, 27c; do., single cases, 28c; No. 1 stock, round lots, 21½c; do., single cases 23c; straight receipts, round lots, 20½c.

OPINIONS on the MARKET

J. S. Bache & Co.—The market, while still in a trading position, gives signs of future improvement. Undoubtedly the announcement of the Tobacco plan will help considerably, and we look for higher prices in the near future.

E. & C. Randolph—President Taft's speech was quite as radical as any of his previous utterances. On this the market declined quite sharply, but there was no liquidation of importance.

Laidlaw & Co.—At no time was the trading of such a character as to give it a pronounced significance. A purely professional movement was the only feature.

SIX MISSIONARIES GOING EAST



MR. AND MRS. G. W. MACKAY.

At the new First Presbyterian church at Mance and Prince Arthur streets, six Canadian missionaries who are going out to the Far East to spread the gospel, will be tendered a fervent God-speed to-morrow night. The six who will be the guests of honor at the meeting to-morrow evening, which is to begin at eight o'clock, are Mr. and Mrs. Duncan McDonald, Miss Cameron, and Miss Drummond and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Mackay.

Mr. Duncan McDonald and his wife go to that unique and successful, if difficult field, among the aboriginal Bhils of India; Misses Cameron and Drummond to evangelistic and hospital work also in Central India, where the workers are now in danger of having their labors doubled by a further famine due to drought. Mrs. Mackay is the daughter of the Rev. John Ross, of Brucefield, Ont., while Mr. George W. Mackay is a second generation missionary, and son of the famous 'Mackay of Formosa' (that 'Beautiful' Island off China with a population of 3,250,000).

The result of Dr. MacKay's labors during thirty years of service, is a church membership of over 2,500 (and the English Presbyterians about as many more in the southern half of the Island) with fully half as many probationers; some sixty-five native preachers, of whom five are ordained, ministering to self-supporting churches, most of the others having the care of stations and chapels.

George W. Mackay has been specially trained for this work at St. Andrew's College and Toronto University, having taken a special course in Pedagogy, with fellowship in psychology in Clark University, Mass.

To-day in Formosa there is also the Mackay Memorial Hospital, the only Christian hospital among a million people, with its amelioriating influence, where Dr. Ferguson last year reported 29,623 treatments, not to mention the estimated '40,000' teeth extracted by Dr. MacKay in earlier years, with great pains as he used to delight to declare.

Dr. Mackay, it will be remembered, died in Formosa in June, 1901, and was laid to rest amongst the graves of native Christians he loved so well. Since the advent of the Japanese in 1895 a new era of material progress has been inaugurated, with every hope of a great fortune for the fertile and beautiful island.

REAL ESTATE HAPPENINGS

ST. MATTHEW STREET.—William S. Thomas has sold house No. 52 St. Matthew street to Alexander S. Cary, for $7,750.

MANSFIELD STREET. — Felix and Samuel Leopold have sold to Chas. Edlington, property on Mansfield street, St. Antoine ward, for $13,000 and other considerations.

LAURIER WARD.—James Demers has sold to E. Gauthier three houses in Laurier ward, for $4,900.

ST. URBAIN STREET.—Ab. A. Levine has sold to T. Bros. houses Nos. 655 to 679 St. Urbain street, for $36,000.

COTE ST. LOUIS.—Alf. Demas has sold to Ad. Goyette a vacant lot fronting on Mance street, Cote St. Louis, for $3,100.

COTE ST. LOUIS.—T. Kovachik has sold to E. Plante and others a property on Waverly street, Cote St. Louis, for $4,000.

UNIVERSITY STREET.—James Cleghorn has sold to the Protestant Board of School Commissioners of Montreal house No. 185 University street, for $100,000.

$150,000 TRANSFER ON ST. TIMOTHEE STREET.

ST. TIMOTHEE STREET.—Mrs. A. Lalonde and others sold three lots, with residences, corner St. Catherine and St. Timothee streets, St. James ward, for $150,000.

'WITH EDGED TOOLS.'

The attraction at the Princess next week will be Henry Scton Merriman's book play, 'With Edged Tools,' which will be presented by the entire original English company. This play, dramatized from one of the most successful novel of any time, was produced four years ago, and has run in Great Britain consistently for 1,079 performances. A prominent English journal estimates that the book has been read by no less than two million people in Great Britain alone, and adds that the vogue in America is almost as great.

THE FALSE ALARM BOGEY.

As a result of a false alarm being rung in on the private alarm of the Canadian Rubber Company's works at noon to-day, the entire north, south, east and centre divisions of the fire department were called out. Chief Mann, in discussing the occurrence with a 'Witness' reporter, said that people with private alarms should be careful in not ringing in alarms for outside fires, as a private alarm from such places is bound to bring out almost the entire brigade.

FLETCHER METHOD IN MUSIC.

A most interesting lecture was delivered by Mrs. Evelyn Fletcher-Capp on modern educational ideals in music to a select gathering of Montreal's music lovers and critics in the hall of the Royal Victoria College last evening. Mrs. Copp, who has come to Montreal from Boston, spoke on behalf of the Fletcher Musical Association of Montreal, and set forth the principles of the Fletcher method, illustrating her remarks with selections on the piano. Mrs. Copp compared the modern method of teaching music with the old, when the child was forced to memorise numerous pieces, and was never taught to use his brain—that is to think in music. 'If a player concentrates his mind on the music which he is playing, it is impossible for him to be nervous,' said Mrs. Copp. Regarding the composing of music by children, she said this was highly practical, and should be fostered and encouraged. To illustrate this she played selections composed by children from the ages of 7 to 14 years. Mrs. Capp's address was listened to with interest and pleasure by all present, who felt that her remarks might be applied to the entire education of the child as well as to music.

WELCOMED TO LACHUTE

Local Clergy, Mayor and Good Templars Favor W.C.T.U. Convention.

FIVE SALOONS IN TOWN.

Hope Expressed That the Convention Will Aid the Town in Temperance Fight.

('Witness' Staff Correspondence.)

(See also page 9.)

Lachute, Oct. 11.—After tea in the basement of the Presbyterian Church, provided by the ladies of Lachute, the evening, or, as the president, Mrs. J. G. Sanderson, termed it, 'the welcome night' session of the Quebec Provincial W.C.T.U., was opened last night.

The church was prettily decorated with W.C.T.U. banners from all parts of the province, and the chair was occupied by the president.

After devotional exercises, conducted by the Rev. Mr. Mitchell, the Presbyterian minister, Miss Barron contributed the sacred solo, 'The King of Love My Shepherd Is.'

Mayor John McGibbon was unable to be present to convey the greetings of the town council to the delegates, but conveyed them by letter, which was read by Mrs. R. W. Lachlan, of Montreal.

An address of welcome, on behalf of the Lachute Union, was read by Mrs. Thomas Christie, and Mrs. Ewing, of Melbourne, responded on behalf of the delegates.

The Rev. Mr. Charters, Episcopal minister, extended greetings on behalf of the denomination he represented. It was a great pleasure for him to be there and take part for the first time in their conference. He said it was a great privilege for the town of Lachute, and an honor to their local W.C.T.U. to have that great meeting of Christian temperance lady workers present with them. He would be sorry when they went away, but hoped they would leave some of their enthusiasm and zeal behind them to encourage and inspire those who were fighting against the liquor traffic in this part of the province. He hoped that the work of the conference would be blessed, and that it might work mightily in the hearts of all present, that it would give them lofty inspirations and high ideals. Everyone who was working on behalf of good works was working for God, and their labor would receive His blessing.

Mr. George Calder extended a welcome on behalf of the Baptists of the town. In a population of 2,500 they had no less than five saloons, and notwithstanding the determined efforts of the temperance workers many were unfortunately becoming slaves of drink. He sincerely hoped and prayed that as a result of this conference, those engaged in fighting the enemy would be encouraged to fresh action, and that much good would come to the town through this visit from the W. C. T. U.

The Rev. Mr. Mitchell also extended a welcome on behalf of the Presbyterian body. The church and all its accommodation was at their disposal. He was glad that they had chose Lachute for their convention, and would pray for God's blessing on their meetings, and that they would at the close of the convention, go from this place encouraged and strengthened to greater efforts in the future.

Mr. J. S. Giles welcomed the convention on behalf of the Good Templars. They were fellow workers in the same cause, and he urged them to go on to conquer until victory would crown their efforts.

The president, Mrs. J. G. Sanderson, in a few words expressed her thanks for the many kind words said and the meeting closed with the pronouncing of the benediction by the Rev. Mr. Charters.

PREFERRED DIVIDEND.

New York, Oct. 11.—Missouri, Kansas & Texas has declared regular semi-annual dividend of 2 percent on the preferred, payable Nov. 10 to stock of record Oct. 20.

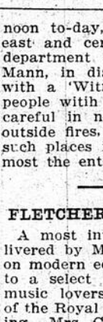
INTELLIGENT WOMEN

Wanted, intelligent young women for our sorting and marking room; good position for bright girls who write well and are quick at figures. **Troy Laundry Co., Limited,** 35 Lower Lachine Road, Verdun.

ENTERPRISING MIDDLE AGED PERSONS, with some means (not for investment, but immediate self support), to make a working agreement or partnership in an established publishing work; must be active, healthy, of executive ability, and wanting to engage in a paying enterprise. No financial reason for this offer. Address, BUSINESS, 153 Cathcart street, Montreal.

TO LET, LARGE TENEMENT, eight rooms, bathroom and furnace. Rent, $26. Apply, 380 St. Urbain street, or Telephone East 2402.

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Boys' Clothing Specialist

Special Agent Dr. Jaeger's Pure Wool Wear and Dr. Deimel's Linen Mesh Underwear.
Boys' Combinations, Jaeger, single or double breast.
Boys' Shirts and Drawers, Jaeger.
Boys' Shirts and Drawers, Dr. Deimel's Linen Mesh.
Boys' Sweater Coats, Jaeger and Knit-to-Fit.
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An opportunity of owning such an interest is afforded the Bond Holders of The City Central Real Estate Co., Limited.

The property owned by the Company the value of which is greatly in excess of the bond issue—is situated on two of the main thoroughfares (Notre Dame and St. James), in the heart of the commercial district of Montreal.

The entire building is leased under favorable terms for a period of ten years. At the end of that time the Company will be in a position to benefit by the increased rentals that should then prevail.

The Board of Directors, composed of successful business men were quick to appreciate the value of the Company's holdings, and who, personally, are large holders of the Company's securities.

The Board includes:—Mr. Rodolphe Forget, M.P., President, Banque Internationale du Canada; J. N. Greenshields, President, Director Banque Internationale du Canada, Quebec Railway, Light & Power Co., National Bridge Co.; J. W. Pyke, President Phœnix Bridge and Iron Works Co, Limited; H. A. Lovett, K.C., Director Montreal Street Ry. Co., and H. W. Beauclerk, Managing Director of Transportation Building Company, Limited, Director and Treasurer National Bridge Co.

Subject to prior sale we are offering a small block of the 5 % Bonds of the above Company with attractive bonus of Common Stock. The Bonds constitute a very attractive investment, while the Common Stock received as a bonus will enable the holder to share in the full enhancement in the value of the property.

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Weekly Calendar

COME AND HEAR
THE SON OF THE
FAMOUS MACKAY of FORMOSA
—AT THE—
FAREWELL MEETING TO SIX YOUNG MISSIONARIES,
—IN THE NEW—
FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 12, AT 8 O'CLOCK.

HIS MAJESTY'S THEATRE All Next Week. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
A FAMOUS STAR AND LAUGH PLAY WITH BIG DRAMATIC MOVEMENTS
Werba and Luescher Present
The Popular Character Comedian
MR. LOUIS
MANN
In His Greatest Dramatic Comedy Success
ELEVATING A HUSBAND
By Clara Lipman & Samuel Shipman

Read What Boston Critics Say of Mr. Mann and His New Play:
"Provides Mr. Mann with admirable opportunities to display his dramatic ability. He is always delightfully entertaining."—GLOBE.
"Mr. Mann's portrayal of Sample deserves the highest praise."—HERALD.
"His audience enjoyed a treat of the highest order."—POST.
"A laughing and a dramatic success. The playing of Mr. Mann and Miss Wellman is superb."—JOURNAL.
"Mr. Mann's interpretation of Charles Sample was one of the best pieces of character acting seen in this city for many seasons."—AMERICAN.

PRICES 25c to $1.50. POPULAR MATINEE WED. 25c to $1.00

PRINCESS ALL WEEK 25c to $1.50
LAWRANCE D'ORSAY
In "THE EARL OF PAWTUCKET."
Pop. Mat. Wed. 25c to $1. Reg. Mat. Sat.
Next Week—"With Edged Tools."

THE **ARENA** Oct. 16th Oct. 17th At 8.15
All-Star Imperial Russian Ballet
Seat Sale, Lindsay's
Tickets, reserved, $1.00 to $3.00.
Boxes, $10.00, $12.00 and $15.00.

Liszt Centenary Anniversary.
MARK HAMBOURG
—IN—
Pianoforte Recital
Under the Auspices of McGill University Conservatorium,
AT WINDSOR HALL,
ON
Monday, October 23rd.
AT 8.30 P.M.
Tickets—$1.50, $1.00 and 75c
Subscription Lists at Lindsay's, Archambault's and at Windsor Hotel Bureau.

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BRITISH AND FOREIGN MAILS.
To be Closed at this Office During the Week Ending Oct. 14, 1911.

Oct.
*11 7.30 a.m., Cedric, White Star.
*11 6.00 p.m., "Supplementary."
11 7.30 a.m., La Lorraine, G. T. Atlantic
*11 6.00 p.m., "Supplementary."
**13 8.30 a.m., Victorian, Allan.
13 7.30 a.m., New York, American.
13 6.00 p.m., Oceanic, White Star.
**14 12.30 p.m., Megantic, White Star-Dominion.

*Letters may be posted up to 6.00 p.m.; other matter should be posted before 5.00 p.m.
**Parcels are forwarded by these steamers; latest time of mailing is Thursday evening for Fridays, and 11.30 a.m. for Saturdays.
Letters for the above mails may be posted at Station 'B' up to within 15 minutes, and at Station 'C' up to within 30 minutes of the above mentioned hours of closing.
*Matter for Registration closes at 5.15 p.m.
*Letters for Registration should be posted three-quarters of an hour before closing of mail.

'THE END OF A GLORIOUS ERA.'

The above is the heading under which the 'Canada' publishes a summary of the Laurier administration.

The article opens as follows: 'In placing the resignation of his government in the hands of the Governor-General, Sir Wilfrid Laurier has closed the most glorious, the most peaceful, the most prosperous and the most progressive era in the history of Canada. That never-to-be-forgotten era lasted a period of fifteen years. What is fifteen years in the history of a nation? It is hardly equivalent to one day in the human life. Nevertheless, what a wonderful metamorphosis has taken place in our Canada during those fifteen years! But in the same way that a few hours of happiness sometimes suffice to make one forget years of distress, the fifteen years of prosperity given Canada by the Laurier Government have probably caused to be forgotten, the previous hard years of adversity.

After giving the broad lines of the work done by the ex-Premier and his colleagues, the article concludes as follows: 'In fifteen years' time the Laurier Government has doubled the population, trebled her agricultural production, quadrupled the production of her industries and commerce, and trebled the wealth of her inhabitants. A Government that leaves such work behind itself may come down from power with a proud countenance, and challenge those who succeed, but will not replace them, to do better.'

D. D.

BUSINESS MEN TOUR HARBOR.

A large party of business men, representing the Producer's and the Corn Exchange, lunched with the Harbor Commissioners on board their tug, the 'Sir Hugh Allan', toured the harbor and river front later, Major G. W. Stephens, president of the Commission, explaining the work the Board was performing.

The Daily Witness

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CORNER CRAIG AND ST. PETER STREETS.

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ADVERTISING AND SUBSCRIPTION DEPARTMENT, MAIN 4090.
EDITORIAL, MAIN 4091.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

'Daily Witness'	12 mos.	$3.00
'Weekly Witness'	12 mos.	1.00
'World Wide'	12 mos.	1.50
'Northern Messenger'	12 mos.	.40

Postage included for Canada (Montreal and suburbs excepted), Newfoundland and the British Isles; also for Bahamas, Barbadoes, Bermuda, British Guiana, British Honduras, British North Borneo, Ceylon, Cyprus, Falkland Islands, Fiji, Gambia, Gibraltar, Hongkong, Jamaica, Leeward Islands, Malta, Mauritius, New Zealand, Northern Nigeria, Sarawak, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Southern Nigeria, Transvaal, Trinidad, Tobago, Turk's Island and Zanzibar.

Postage for United States, Alaska, Hawaiian and Philippine Islands: 'Weekly Witness,' 25 cents extra; 'Northern Messenger,' 10 cents per copy. No extra postage in the 'Daily Witness' to the United States and its dependencies.

Foreign postage extra to all countries not named in the above list as follows:—'Daily Witness,' $6.50 extra; 'Weekly Witness,' $1.50 extra; 'Northern Messenger,' 50c extra.

The last edition of the 'Daily Witness' is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4.00 per annum, and 'World Wide' at $2.00 per annum.

All business communications should be addressed John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal. All letters to the Editor, should be addressed Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.

Readers of the 'Witness' leaving the city for a shorter or longer period, can have the 'Daily Witness' each day of publication, by mail, at twenty-five cents per month, Great Britain and the United States included.

While the publishers of the 'Witness' exclude from its columns all financial and other advertisements which they consider calculated or intended to take advantage of or injure the readers, it must be understood that they in no way guarantee advertisements, and must leave their readers to exercise their own discretion in the way of putting faith in them. It is, of course, impossible to know much about mining advertising, which offers probably the most speculative, and, therefore, the most risky of all investments. The great chances of gain are balanced by the great chances of loss, and no one should invest in a very speculative property more than he can afford to lose.

●F.M. 7 ○L.Q. 14	OCTOBER					○N.M. 21 ●F.Q. 30
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WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1911.

The inclusion of Mr. Monk in the new Cabinet should produce some important and interesting results. Mr. Monk is on record as favoring co-operative legislation, and also legislation to regulate the mergering of companies and to prevent stock watering. Since his party has been returned to power largely by the financial and organized aid of those who would be most affected by the latter measure, Mr. Monk will reveal high qualities as a statesman and patriot if he consummates in office the policy he expressed so warmly and convincingly when he sat on the left of the Speaker. When he introduced his anti-mergering resolution in the House, he quoted many instances of unjust mergering. If he were to introduce a similar resolution to-day, he might study the particulars of what has just been done by the Coast Mountain Lumbermen's Association and tell the House what he thought of that as an instance of restraint of trade. Mr. Monk is also an advocate of proportional voting at elections, a system devised to draw the teeth of party tyranny and to bring the independent voter to his own. We shall accord him all the support we can in the promotion of this and the other great reform. As for the co-operative proposal we favor every essay in that direction, so that out of experience men may learn what co-operation can do and where it will fail. Mr. Borden himself is on record as in favor of Socialistic legislation in the way of public ownership of public utilities. Now that he is in power we shall see what will come out of the clash of these opinions with those of the privileged interests which are so predominantly represented in the party which he leads.

The aldermen have ordered the Board of Control to give an account of its stewardship with the acknowledged purpose, on the part of some of them, of finding cause against the Board and getting rid of it. Since the new civic constitution came into being the improvement in the city's conditions has been surprising. In spite of accumulated and licentious liabilities, in spite of decrepitude in all departments, owing to a system of plundering contracts, which exhausted the city's means without securing it against decay, we have seen street after street repaired, many improvements introduced, and things putting on a new and hopeful aspect. Ever since the plunder system was checked by putting the administration into the hands of honest controllers, there has been ceaseless planning and plotting to restore the old order of things. We might not always have such a thoroughly patriotic Board of Control as we have now. If, however, the Controllers were inclined to any sort of crookedness the crime would be far more easily fixed than under a committee system where there is no one to blame, under which, no matter what iniquities are going on, the executive officers will never say or do a thing to incriminate the boodlers. We have only this to say to those aldermen who want to revel again in patronage and contract mongering, that they will have to buy a great many more votes than they did at the last referendum if they want to secure a verdict of the people on the side of corruption. If the matter could be put to the people to-morrow, whether they wanted aldermen any more, they would probably vote no. They have not been able from reports to discover any good that the present council has done, or any use it has been. It seems to be reduced to schemes for giving away our parks.

BON VOYAGE.

Every one is inclined, when a new cabinet is formed, to wash off the slate of the past and bid the new ministers God speed. Until they have done some positive wrong in their joint capacity they are held to be as white paper unwritten on—newborn babes with all their record to make. Only the good things they have promised will be remembered against them. These indeed they will be vigorously held to. They will have abundant sympathy, too, in the inevitable contentions they will have to face and in the strange companionships they are forced into. There is Mr. Nantel, a very decent man himself, who sat smiling by while Mr. Jean Prevost declared, on his behalf, that Great Britain, in desperation for her position among the nations, had sought alliance with the United States, and, for that, had had to pay Canada as a consideration which Sir Wilfrid Laurier was now handing over. How is a Nationalist so elected going to be seated side by side with that redoubtable imperialist, the gallant Colonel Sam Hughes, the leading feature of the Boer war, if that is the person we are now to recognize under the title of the Honorable Samuel Hughes. The Honorable Samuel, who is henceforth to be our Horse Guards and to manage our War Office, surely represents empire, if any one does. He also represents the church militant, which defeated Sir Wilfrid Laurier in Ontario on the plea that he was the Pope's agent to force the Ne Temere decree on a free people. Is Ne Temere to sleep now?

Then there is Mr. White, who represents the Liberals; he will have his own times. The Liberals will abhor him as the leader of a gang of traitors and the Conservatives as having supplanted in the chief seat at the banquet some score or two of good Tory aspirants to office, who have served the party all their lives, and who deserve far better at its hands than he does. The veteran and beloved Mr. Foster, for instance, has not he been booked as Minister of Finance during sixteen years in which he has been the official financial critic of the Opposition? When Mr. Foster smarts, those who make him smart have an ill time. Then there are the outs. They have always to be considered as a factor in the make-up of a ministry. Did ever a man do better service that Mr. Broder has done? Was he not Mr. Borden's armor bearer among the farmers of the prairies—nay, a warrior more effective in that field than Mr. Borden himself? He is not a man, however, to give trouble. Then there are the varied interests and localities that, under our usages, claim to be represented. A premier in Great Britain has only to consider the men and to some extent the classes. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman got most of his ministers from Scotland. But here every section of the country and of the people claims its proportionate share. The Protestants of Quebec, for instance, are in very high dudgeon at having only Mr. Perley, a very acceptable man, and he with only a corner at the edge of the mat, as representing them, as against three when the Roman Catholic Mr. Laurier made up his first cabinet. While seeing that it is not all plain sailing before the new ministry we note many fine features about it. To take another example from near home, the Irish Catholics of this province could not be better represented than by Mr. Doherty. We must accord the government our best wishes and hope that it will fulfil all its splendid promises of reform.

IMPERIAL DANGER.

We have already said that we should not wonder at anything Great Britain might do in the way of what she calls tariff reform after what we have seen here. We have till now assumed that the elegant irrelevancy of Mr. Balfour would fail to convince a sane people that a country with no native resources to fall back upon could build up her industries by taxation. We can do this to our own loss in Canada. We can force the output of the farmers and the lumbermen, and the miners to pay ultimately for everything at any price. But Great Britain has, with the exception of her coal and iron exports, no surplus products of her own soil to speak of, and both coal and iron can be got at easier, and in equal juxtaposition, in other countries. The one advantage Great Britain has over those better conditions is absolute free trade. How long it will stand her in stead is a question. The United States has it in her power at any time to become as cheap a country as Great Britain; and China is a much cheaper country, and with her Great Britain will soon have to compete. What will come then we do not foresee. Britain has a strong lead that will last her for a time. But to hasten the day when she will be fighting a losing battle by any kind of artificial dearness would be suicide. Yet we can now have no assurance that she will not commit that folly. We have seen a whole nation convinced by a long course of interested indoctrination that commerce with her neighbor would be fatal to her allegiance. What then is impossible under like conditions in Great Britain with a press by large majority enlisted in the cause of protection?

We are not for a moment looking for the 'great results' of which Mr. Balfour expects the Canadian election to be fruitful. He told his Scottish hearers that Canada's great sacrifice of her own interests for the Empire's sake carried with it a determination that commerce should run east and west. The Canadians in so voting followed not an easy path, but a difficult one. They had realized that they must be attached to some greater whole. And he proclaimed that until some British government responded to this, and united Great Britain commercially with her colonies in one great system, the unity of her Empire was seriously imperilled. All this forecast of Mr. Balfour's goes on the assumption that Canada has by her vote signified her intention to come into such a commercial union with Great Britain. It seems that nothing will open the eyes of those who are determined, whatever occurs, to see only in one way. The very reverse is the portent of the Canadian elections. The guiding impulse of them at bottom was not imperialism at all but protectionism. Protection pulled the wires and imperialism danced before the people and pleased them till they were willing to give it the half of their kingdom. The very last thing that those who played this imperial game think of doing, or could possibly be induced to do, would be to give better terms to Great Britain, whether for the sake of empire or for any other cause. So there is no ground for concern about Mr. Balfour's 'idee fixe,' however much we might be pleased to see the Empire a commercial unit.

What is serious is that Mr. Balfour is just such a dancing puppet of imperialism worked by the very same mountebank, namely, protection. He is not a protectionist. He will only go with his party the length of talking commercial union of the Empire, and of asking for tariffs to trade off in reciprocity treaties with other countries. He is necessary to the protectionists in keeping these masks to the front, while protection is working its way in the background. When protection has sufficiently strengthened itself with the people it will throw away its masks. Protection in this country wore the same mask of reciprocity for a score of years. Now it has thrown it off, and trampled it under foot. It has got the country for straight protection. As we have said, this country can stand protection, just as some constitutions will stand a good deal of drink, though they are all along being injured by it. But Great Britain cannot stand protection at all. The introduction of it would mean a break down and disintegration.

CRUELTY TO BIRDS

Mr. J. R. Innes and His Officers Have Keen Eyes for Offenders

Some important cases will shortly come before the courts in connection with the contravention of the laws with regard to the shipment of fowl, which have been investigated by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty, to Animals, stated Mr. J. H. Innes, the secretary of the society, this morning to a 'Witness' reporter.

'We watch very closely these shipments to prevent overcrowding of the boxes in order that the weaker may not be trampled to death by the stronger,' said Mr. Innes. 'If we find a dead fowl the shipper is arrested, and has to answer to the courts for his action.'

Speaking with regard to the slaughter of song birds, which, however, has been pretty effectually stopped by the officers of the society, Mr. Innes stated that the birds which were being seized now were chiefly robins, yellow birds, blue jays, meadow larks, linnets and yellow hammers, although the latter had largely migrated to their winter quarters. Robins for the most part were the chief quarry for the illicet shooting now, as they stay north later than the other birds. The men who are caught killing these birds are chiefly foreigners, very few Canadians so far having been caught. This is due largely to the fact that the Greeks, Italians, Belgians and Spaniards regard these birds as a great table delicacy, for which purpose they are taken. In the Southern European countries great flocks of these birds arrive in the early spring, and the slaughter which goes on cannot appreciably reduce their number, as they come in such huge quantities. In the winter months they breed in the islands of the Pacific Ocean, and travel westward in the spring. In Canada, however, the case is different, as there are only a sufficient number of birds to keep the trees free of caterpillars and other vermin which attacks our vegetation, and consequently there is an economic reason for preserving them purely aside from their value as songsters and things of beauty. In this campaign the functions of the Fish and Game Protective Association and the Society for the Protection of Animals overlap, as the latter society found many birds in the bags of those who were apprehended last Sunday, who had their wings blown off, and were still alive, having to be put out of their misery by the inspectors.

The inspectors of both organizations are extremely busy just now, as the game season is at its height. Five cases of partridges were seized yesterday, which were being shipped into the city, to be disposed of here. The law is that a hunter can take as many birds as he likes, but he must carry them in a quite open manner and not try to conceal them in any way, otherwise he renders himself liable to arrest. If they are shipped in cases, the case must be made in such a way that the inspectors can see the entire contents of the box.

NEWS FROM FAR AND NEAR

SPANISH AMBASSADOR.

Madrid, Oct. 11. — Senor Ramon Pina has been appointed Spanish ambassador to Italy.

PANIC IN STREET CAR.

Toronto, Oct. 11. — In five seconds of confused noise and violent alarm caused by the sudden stopping of a street car on College Street, east of Grosvenor Court, at noon yesterday, a dozen men and women were badly cut and otherwise injured.

TO REPAIR CABLE.

Halifax, N.S., Oct. 11.— The American cable steamer 'C. S. Relay', under charter of the French Cable Company, took on board thirty miles of cable from the French steamer Contra Amiral Coubat' and sailed last evening for the banks of St. Pierre to repair the French cable that was broken in that locality.

SUDDEN DEATHS IN AUSTRALIA.

Melbourne, Oct. 11.—The Hon. E. L. Batchelor, Minister of State for External Affairs, in the Australian cabinet, died suddenly yesterday. He was walking on a mountain near Warburton, when he stumbled and fell dead. Major-General Wood, chief of the general staff in the government of the Commonwealth, also died suddenly yesterday of heart failure.

MR. CARNEGIE HONORED.

St. Albans, Eng., Oct. 11. — The freedom of the city was bestowed yesterday upon Andrew Carnegie. This is the fifty-first municipality to recognize the gift of a library by thus honoring Mr. Carnegie. The American ambassador, Mr. Reid and Mrs. Reid, were present, and the ambassador made a speech.

IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE.

Chatham, Ont., Oct. 11.— Charles Hurst, the negro who killed Thomas Brown as a climax to the first of August emancipation celebration held in Chatham, was last night found guilty of manslaughter, and sentenced by Justice Falconbridge to life imprisonment. Hurst was apparently unmoved by the sentence.

THE WRONG COON SHOT.

Barrie, Ont., Oct. 11. — Fred. Salisbury, employed on the farm of County Treasurer Quinlan, while coon hunting at night, received a charge of shot in his right foot, and it is feared his foot will have to be amputated. One of the party struck at the coon with a stick, the blow discharging the gun in the hands of Salisbury.

RODGERS MAKES A RECORD.

Thompson, Mo., Oct. 11.—On reaching here yesetrday, Aviator C. P. Rodgers had broken the world's record for cross-country aeroplane flights by about sixty miles. Atwood flew 1,265 miles from St. Louis to New Pork. Rodgers has covered 1,325 miles, according to railroad mileage.

STRIKERS RECEIVE PAY.

Chicago, Oct. 11. —The four thousand striking shopmen formerly employed at the Burnside shops of the Illinois Central Railway, were paid their wages for September to-day. The payroll aggregated $200,000, and a large force of clerks was busy a greater part of the day disbursing the cheques. The strikers were paid from four booths which previously had been built in the fence surrounding the plant.

STORMS DESTROY APPLES.

Toronto, Oct. 11. — Recent storms in the province have resulted in the destruction of from 25 to 30 percent of the apple crop, according to reports received by Percy W. Hodgetts, director of the fruit branch of the Ontario Department of Agriculture. Greenings suffered more than any other variety, especially in the Georgian Bay district, where from 30 to 50 percent of the crop will be a total failure.

NEW OIL FIELD.

London, Ont., Oct. 11.—Natural gas and petroleum have been struck by drillers in Delaware township. For some time promoters have been experimenting south of the bridge over the Thames at the village of Delaware ten miles south-west of this city. Recently both oil and gas were found and yesterday the promoters received word that the quality of the petroleum is first class. They are confident that there is a large basin in the neighborhood, and that Middlesex will provide a new oil field of importance.

COAST TO COAST.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 10. — Aviator C. P. Rodgers resumed his coast to coast flight at 8.35 o'clock this morning in weather conditions which promised a high mileage record to-day. He rose from the fair grounds, circled over the city and then departed toward Kansas City, changing the course from that originally planned, which included St. Louis. Rodgers is within a few miles of the American long distance record made by Harry Atwood recently in his flight from St. Louis to New York.

FIRE ON A STEAMER.

Buenor Ayres, Oct. 11.—The Danish steamer 'Canadia,' which arrived here from Gulfport via St. Thomas, has had an outbreak of fire in her bunkers, and the fire has spread to her cargo.

JAMAICA AND PANAMA CANAL.

Kingston, Jamaica, Oct. 11. — The Colonial Office at London is seeking information here as to the possible influence the opening of the Panama Canal will have on the British West Indies. Sir Sydney Oliver, the governor of Jamaica, with this end in view, will pay a visit to the Panama zone in November. He will collect data and make a report to the British secretary of state for the colonies.

GOOD SAILORS VERY SCARCE

English Captains Have Hard Time Getting Crews.

WHY THE MEN COMPLAIN.

Bad Living Accommodations and Low Wages the Usual Causes.

'Who would sell a farm and go to sea?' This bitter summary of experience which has passed into a proverb was quoted to me yesterday by a prominent ship owner, with whom I discussed the attractions of the mercantile marine. 'Economic conditions have radically altered since that proverb took form,' he continued, 'but I believe that even the men of to-day who have no farms to sell express the same distaste for a sea life. In fact, there is not merely a shortage of English sailors in our marine, but there is a decreasing number of available seamen of any nationality.

'The language test put into the merchant shipping act has operated in this direction, and so while the number of ships goes up the supply of seamen goes down. Within twenty years or so we shall be faced with a really serious problem unless some method of satisfactory recruiting is encouraged and put into force. It seems, indeed, that the recent government policy of drawing the naval reserve from short service naval men has somewhat divorced the corporate national interest from the marine, and if the separation of the two services is to become still wider it will be essential to insist that the Board of Trade should support the merchant shipping of the country with investigation and practical help. No action has been taken on the last committee report about the training of boy seamen, and the tone of that report seemed to deprecate action of any kind.

BETTER CHANCES ASHORE.

'But action will have to be taken. For when improvements of all types are taking place in the conditions of shore life you cannot expect seamen to put up with the conditions which satisfied them previously. Indeed, I believe seamen frequently break with the sea because they recognize that they stand more chance of improved and improving surroundings on shore. The industrial world between coasts is awake; it is forcing upon the attention of the state its demands and its rights, or what it supposes to be its rights. But at present the seamen of the marine have no such power, nor do they seem to have the grit and will to do anything more than go out for higher wages. Higher wages cannot be the sole attraction in any profession; good wages under bad conditions are equal to bad wages under good conditions.

'Frankly, the fo'c'sle of a tramp vessel is not a fit place for a self-respecting English man or boy to live in. And yet men will rather go back to a shore life than improve it and keep it clean. Not very long ago an experiment of fitting a ship with good fo'c'sle accommodation, spacious and cleanly, and tried by a ship owner. Well, the men did not seem to care about it. At the end of the voyage they simply left the ship and signed on with some vessel with the cramped fo'c'sle to which they were used.

BOYS DRIVEN OUT.

'Of course, it is just this low level of fo'c'sle condition which drives trained boys out of the marine. They come from a good training ship, where they have been comfortable and well fed, and they are confronted with the ordinary tramp fo'c'sle and the ordinary tramp cooking. Naturally, having been educated in civilized instincts, they cannot fall into line with their adult company which not only does not resent dirt and squalor, but which actually produces it and makes no effort to escape from it. The life of a merchant officer is quite different, and perhaps a boy with staying power and intelligence can adapt himself temporarily to the fo'c'sle till he becomes an officer. But I hardly think that the best kind of British boy would ever be anything but discontented even with the best kind of British tramp fo'c'sle.'

Captain H. T. Jefferys, assistant master of the King Edward VII. Nautical School, expressed the same kind of opinions with a more abrupt emphasis. 'It's a dog's life,' he said. 'A man who remains before the mast has no prospects. The food is bad and the work is dirty. The wages of an A. B. are not more than £4 5s. to £4 10s. a month, and he must be largely away from home. Good conduct and steady work may raise a man to bo'sun, at £6 a month, but there is only one bo'sun to a ship. If one is quartermaster on a good mail line or bo'sun, on an ordinary tramp one has reached a good position in one's profession. But take my own case, I have been all through the marine, and I would not dream of remaining a sailor. There is no prospect, and I do not believe that you will ever get men to remain before the mast, unless they have an idea of becoming officers, without a very drastic alteration of the marine.'

UNDERPAID SAILORS.

An able seaman with whom I had a conversation began with the immediate complaint that the wages of the service were too low. 'We are not paid sufficient value for our labor,' he said; 'in actual money we are worth more. Although we may possibly force wages up by our own action, there will be no improvement in the service while the ships are manned with the present class of men. It is a low class of men. With a few exceptions, in all my years of experience—and I was seventeen years in a sailing ship before I went into steam—I have not met one man of a really fine type.

'English sailors are not the best. The Dutch sailor is the best; he is more reliable and more sober than the English sailor. Men take to the sea because they can do nothing else. All the expert knowledge is possessed by just one or two men, and the rest are useless at splicing, rigging or any other of the routine acts of seamanship. And, after all, steam is largely responsible for this manning by untrained men. How often do sailors have to go aloft on a steamer? The duties of a steamship sailor are duties of cleaning, repairing and so on, which call for no exercise of sailor's craft.

'For instance, in a recent voyage I had to do the work of about twenty-four men; they couldn't splice or do the simplest work. Good men won't be attracted into the marine while the conditions of mere living are so bad and the certified cooking is a farce. Fortunately, on my boat we are signed on again as soon as we are discharged, and the shore captain takes an interest in our continuous employment. But this is exceptional, and the life of a merchant seaman is generally the life of an unskilled casual laborer without any tradition of the sea, taking up this form of employment as a makeshift and a menial necessity.'—Special Correspondent in the London 'Standard.'

The Cause of the Political Turnover.

THE WEIGHT THAT CARRIED IT.

(To the Editor of the 'Witness.')

Sir,—This is my opinion as to why reciprocity did not carry in Canada. Lack of education among the farmers and the laboring men. By education I mean that kind of education which trains men to think for themselves, instead of allowing others, their party papers and their party leaders to form their opinions for them. The recent landslide was not caused by a change of opinion but by weight of votes.

WILL B. CANNT.

THE CAUSE OF THE POLITICAL TURNOVER.

(To the Editor of the 'Witness.')

Sir,—In the first place the adjustment of the tariff between two nations like Canada and the United States would be deep and broad a question for the ordinary voter to settle satisfactorily. Then with all the nonsense of our beautiful paid press ringing in his ears for instance, annexation, disloyalty, selling his country's soul, etc., the voter comes to the conclusion, 'Seeing I don't understand this agreement I will vote to have things just stay as they are. An international transaction of such far reaching effects would be more in keeping with a Royal Commission of five or seven experts who, having studied such matters for years, would be more likely to decide a matter so important to the advantage of the greatest number of our people.

Lastly, but not least, although reciprocity would have undoubtedly benefited a vast majority of the people of Canada, the classes had a million dollars to spend where the masses had one dollar. 'Money makes the mare go whether she has a tail or no.'

VOTER.

Westmount, October 7, 1911.

THE LATE ELECTIONS.

(To the Editor of the 'Witness.')

Sir,—Amongst the various reasons urged for the unlooked for results of the late elections, I have not seen one that, more likely than any other, comes nearer the truth than that which has come so much under my own ken in a considerable area, when Liberals voted freely against reciprocity—not in any way unfriendly to it, but in order to procure a change of government whose extravagance and scandalous methods the country is tired of. Now that it has been got rid of, were the same pact put before the people, the result would show a remarkable difference. Judging from my own standpoint I can honestly sympathize with them and their attitude under the circumstances.

While making this statement it must be said that the general feeling towards Sir W. Laurier is one of profound esteem as a man and a gentleman, but he lacks the quality of firmness in dealing with such men and conditions as he has surrounded himself with. His responsibility for the scandalous if not criminal mismanagement of the Quebec bridge and his puerile and absurd navy bill were enough to bring his career as a statesman to an end, while his willingness to block enquiry into the crooked grafting acts of his G. T. P. contractors, the sawdust wharf and dredging deals, etc., permitted under Pugsley and cognate schemes, and the general laxity in dealing with the public estate as to where it would do most good (to him) could not fail to culminate in the inevitable result we have just seen. Nor has the public forgotten the dismissal of their faithful Auditor General, Mr. McDougall, said at the time to pave the way for much that has since occurred in our largest spending department of the government.

It is to be hoped Mr. Borden will profit by Sir Wilfrid's experience, and keep a firmer grip of his colleagues and their doings, and by a judicious handling of public interests and control of those of his cabinet escape the Scylla that swamped his predecessor, and avoid the equally dangerous Charybdis swirl that is ever ready to do its duty when perfidy or incapacity calls for its interference.

The annexation humbug was too silly for anybody of even green age, and none know it better than those who used it. We hope to see the Conservatives return to their policy of old times with arguments stripped of all meretricious twaddle and carry out a pact they have done so much to overthrow, and so far out of joint with old time principles. The country will watch their course with lively interest and will render a just verdict.

EBONY.

SHIPPING NEWS.

CORINTHIAN'S LIST.

List of passengers on board the SS. Corinthian, which sailed for London at noon yesterday:

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Bovyn, Prof. L. Badin, Miss G. Binnie-Clark, Mr. G. Binnie-Clark, Mrs. F. F. de Grandpre, Miss A. de Grandpre, Miss L. M. Gaud, Mr. John C. Gray, Miss Hodgkinson, Miss Hurliman, Mrs. Jospani, Mr. and Mrs. L. Levee, Mrs. McClelland and infant, Mme. B. Ouellette, Mr. James Scott, Mr. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Turnell and two children.

THE WEATHER

FAIR AND WARM.

Probs.—Light variable winds; fair for the most part.

Thursday, fair; not much change in temperature.

Toronto, Oct. 11.—Showers have occurred in the peninsula of Ontario; otherwise the weather has remained fine in all portions of the Dominion.

FORECASTS:

Lakes, Georgian Bay, Ottawa and Upper St. Lawrence—Light variable winds; fair for the most part; Thursday, fair; not much change in temperature.

Lower St. Lawrence, Gulf and Maritime—Moderate winds, mostly westerly; fine to-day and on Thursday, with about the same temperature.

Superior—Light variable winds, fine to-day and on Thursday.

Manitoba—Fine and warm.

Saskatchewan and Alberta—Fine to-day and on Thursday; stationary or a little higher temperature.

TEMPERATURES.

	Highest 8 a.m. to-day.	Lowest yesterday.
MONTREAL	54	64
Victoria	40	60
Calgary	50	62
Winnipeg	38	58
White River	30	70
Sault Ste. Marie	50	58
Parry Sound	50	66
Toronto	54	64
Kingston	52	64
Ottawa	46	66
Quebec	48	62
St. John, N.B.	54	52
Halifax	54	56
St. John's, Nfld.	46	54
Detroit	52	58
New York	58	68

London, England, 50, cloudy, N.E.
Paris, France, 40, clear, N.E.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Forecast: Western New York—Cloudy to-night; Thursday, fair.

Eastern New York—Cloudy to-night, slightly cooler in southwest portions; Thursday, fair, light variable winds.

New England—Local rains to-night or Thursday; light variable winds.

Hunyadi János
Natural Laxative Water
Quickly Relieves:—
Biliousness,
Sick Headache,
Stomach Disorders,
and
CONSTIPATION



The Summer Season Is Over And Gone;

and families are returning to the city in crowds; they will all require **Groceries** and **Provisions.**

WALTER PAUL
MAINTAINS
at his **Stores** the people will find the **Largest** Stock, the **Greatest** variety, the **Best** quality of all such goods that can be found in any of the retail stores in the city or in the Dominion. Quality guaranteed and prices moderate.
461 ST. CATHERINE WEST.
80 UNIVERSITY ST.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
MONEY TO LEND ON MORTGAGE
BARRON & CUSHING
Notaries and Commissioners,
Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Building
112 St James Street

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING & SUPPLIES
EDWIN JACKSON
149 NOTRE DAME WEST.
Telephones:—Office, Main 3196;
Residence, St. Louis 1092.
'Illuminations, Fans, Irons, Toasters, and all classes of electrical work.'

HAVE YOU GOT A COLD?
Get a box of Harte's Grippe Wafers. Cures a cold in twenty-four hours. Price 25c.
HOW ABOUT THAT COUGH?
Try a bottle of Harte's Cough Mixture. Price 25c.
WINTER FLUID. For Chapped Hands and Lips; fifty years a favorite remedy. Price 25c.
J. A. HARTE, Druggist
150 Notre Dame Street West.

TOWN OF ST. LAMBERT

Tenders For Laying Sewers

TENDERS will be received by the Town of St. Lambert up to 8.30 p.m., **Thursday, Oct. 12th, 1911,** at the Town Hall, for laying concrete sewer pipe on Front Street. Plans and specifications can be had at Offices of Town Engineer and Secretary-Treasurer.

J. B. BEATTY, Sec.-Treasurer,
St. Lambert.

Tenders For Painting

Tenders, sealed and endorsed 'Tender for Painting,' addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on **Tuesday, 17th October, 1911,** for the painting of the whole of the galvanized iron work of Grain Elevator No. 1, and also the lift tower and marine tower.

The specification may be examined upon application to Mr. F. W. COWIE, Chief Engineer.

DAVID SEATH,
Secretary.

TENDERS FOR OAK TIMBER.

Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, sealed and endorsed 'Tender for Timber,' will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on **Tuesday, 17th October, 1911,** for the furnishing of oak timber for ship yards use, according to specification, copy of which may be obtained upon application to Mr. F. W. COWIE, Chief Engineer.

DAVID SEATH,
Secretary.

Montreal, 9th October, 1911.

LEADING SCHOOLS AND COLEGES.

International Business College
198 St. Catherine W., Montreal.
DAY AND EVENING CLASSES ESTABLISHED 1895. Individual instruction. Tel. Main 309.
ANGUS CAZA, Prin.

MONTREAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL
EVENING CLASSES.

Beginning on Nov. 6th next, until April 1st, 1912, evening classes will be held at this school, from eight o'clock to 9.30 in the evening of the days hereinafter mentioned:—

Classes in the French language—
(a) Mathematics, Monday and Wednesday.
(b) Industrial Drawing, Tuesday and Thursday.
(c) Mechanics, Wednesday and Friday.
(d) Electricity, Tuesday and Thursday.
Automobile course, Wednesday and Friday.

Classes in the English language—
(a) Mathematics, Tuesday and Thursday.
(b) Industrial Drawing, Monday and Wednesday.
(c) Mechanics, Tuesday and Thursday.
(d) Electricity, Monday and Friday.

All the classes for the session 1911-12 will be for beginners.

Admission cards to any of the above classes can be had at the rate of one dollar per month for each course, on application at the Secretary's Office, No. 79 Sherbrooke Street West.

A. MACHERAS, Principal.

MISS MAUD MARTIN'S CLASSES for Girls will re-open October 2nd. All information on application. Miss MARTIN will be at home at 25 Stanley Court until 1 o'clock every day after Sept. 18th.

BETTER OFF IN JAIL.

Ernest Grise, 19 years of age, was sentenced by Judge Choquet to two years in the penitentiary yesterday. Grise was arrested on a charge of theft, and an investigation into his character revealed a record of evil doing that precluded mercy being shown the accused by the court. Judge Choquet remarking that clemency would accomplish nothing, as he could find no good in him, 'whereas you can go to the penitentiary and learn a trade,' was the final decision uttered.

COUNSEL'S ARGUMENTS IN THE RUSSELL CASE FINISHED

Mr. Geoffrion Contends that Russell Worried Himself into Imagining a Plot

'COMMITTEE ON SAFETY.'

Mr. Macmaster Describes Aspersions on Plaintiff's Sanity as Monstrous.

The Russell case came to an end shortly before five o'clock yesterday afternoon, and now the matter is in the hands of Judge Archer. Addresses were delivered in the morning by two of the counsel for the plaintiff, who argued that something worse than a conspiracy had been practised on Mr Russell.

The final session was opened after lunch by Mr. Aime Geoffrion, K.C., senior counsel for the defence. He



MR. DONALD McMASTER, K.C., M.P., Counsel for Mr. David Russell.

took the whole matter in detail, and argued that so far as the Patterson affair was concerned the evidence showed that the Pinkertons had acted throughout in good faith, had furnished their reports for what they were worth, as coming from the Merryland Hotel and the persons mentioned, and had offered to make more exact inquiries as to Patterson and the Allen woman. He further claimed that nothing of malice or bad faith had been alleged against the defendants in this matter, but only mismanagement. He therefore argued that the evidence produced was at variance with the allegations of the claim. 'It is preposterous to say that there is any untruth in our reports according to the evidence,' he declared, 'and therefore the whole basis of the first action falls to the ground there.'

Mr. Geoffrion carefully went over the getting of the reports from the Merryland Hotel, and declared that nothing had been done to prevent Mr. Russell from going further to get more reliable information, but on the contrary he had been urged to do so, and this tremendous action was based on such material. He figured that under the circumstances the Pinkertons had done their work properly, and the claim of Mr. Russell would be about twenty-five cents,

MR. AIME GEOFFRION, K.C., Counsel for Pinkerton's Detective Agency.

for the cost of the R. G. Dun report, instead of $52,000.

As to the second phase of the case, with the demand for $200,000 damages, Mr. Geoffrion said that this had as an essential element an attempt to overpower Mr. Russell at New York, and secure his incarceration as insane, and a renewal of this attempt at Montreal. He claimed there was no evidence as to the latter, so the whole thing resolved itself into an attempt at New York to carry out what had been talked of at Montreal on the 20th, an attempt qualified in the claim, he said, by every bad adjective which could be found.

Going through the evidence, Mr. Geoffrion contended that while the claim had made statements of an attempt to put Mr. Russell in a lunatic asylum and brand him as mentally insane, all that had been proved was an attempt to have him examined by the best alienists who could be secured and have him placed in a private sanitarium, if it was found necessary. There was, he argued, a tremendous difference between the allegation and the conditions revealed by the proof—so great that he considered the whole thing had put itself out of court.

Apparently, according to the proof, said Mr. Geoffrion, McNamara had conspired alone for something the plaintiffs could not suggest, and had led the others astray. But the evidence showed that McNamara had spoken to Cochenthaler, Russell's friend, and had suggested getting John Russell, his brother, and secured the advice of Dr. Roddick, an eminent doctor, who had formerly treated Mr. Russell, and other of the best specialists procurable at New York, all of which proved that he was not conspiring, but really working for Mr. Russell's interests. Care had been taken not to consult or inform outsiders, and everything, he argued, had been done in a legitimate manner.

The action in general, argued Mr. Geoffrion, had been taken by Cochenthaler, after consulting with McNamara, Carpenter, and other intimate friends of Russell's, and from his own knowledge. It was preposterous to think that McNamara was the instigator of the whole thing, when four others had come to the same conclusion quite separate from him.

All through this time, Mr. Geoffrion argued, the evidence showed that Mr. Russell had been worrying himself into a condition where he imagined himself persecuted. Others had sworn he seemed sane to them, but they had not seen him under conditions where his real condition would be exhibited. It was suggested that while reasonable on every other subject, he had had a monomania that he was being persecuted and wanted to investigate everybody, and to refuse to believe reports when the results showed nothing, and wanted to get people arrested which might have caused serious trouble to himself.

'It was only these people who saw him nervous and sleepless who were in condition to know that,' said Mr. Geoffrion, 'and the outer world, which only met him on ordinary business, was not in position to say whether he was deranged or not. I say there was probable cause for Cochenthaler and McNamara and the rest taking the action they did in the best interests of Mr. Russell.'

Mr. Kenneth R. Macpherson, K.C., followed, briefly discussing a number of legal points in connection with the defence.

The final word in the hearing was given by Mr. Donald Macmaster in reply. He declared that throughout the whole proceedings it was significant that the only two men who applied the phrase mentally deranged' to Mr. Russell were Cochenthaler and McNamara. They wired this to his brother. Then at New York the evidence showed that McNamara had given Dr. Pritchard, the alienist, to understand that Mr. Russell's mind was deranged.

Mr. Macpherson — 'They had to use some term; it was not his leg or his back which was deranged.'

Mr. Macmaster then dubbed the meeting at Russell's office on Oct. 20 as the 'Committee of Safety,' and said it was remarkable that if anything serious was intended none of those in close touch with Mr. Russell were called in, but that they had neglected his doctor and friend, Dr. Westley, and his counsel, Mr. R. C. Smith, and Mr. James Robinson, his partner, but that the 'ubiquitous McNamara' and Cochenthaler were called in.

'On the whole,' concluded Mr. Macmaster, 'the evidence shows this effort on the part of a man and an agency who were dismissed to ward off the actions threatened against themselves, and if they had succeeded in getting Mr. Russell into a sanatorium or asylum the most effective step possible would have been taken to achieve their object. And even if they had succeeded in having him examined as to his sanity under compulsion, it would have been exceedingly damaging to Mr. Russell, and would have put him in an entirely false position. Such work seems to me monstrous towards a man who has been shown to be in full mental health and strength, and we ask that there should be a condemnation of these people which should have reference to the character of the attack made upon him.'

OTTAWA'S FAREWELL

Thousands Throng Streets to Express Admiration of Departing Governor-General

Ottawa, Oct. 11. — With every evidence of general heart-felt regret, Ottawa said farewell on Tuesday afternoon to His Excellency Earl Grey, Lady Grey, and their two daughters, Lady Evelyn Grey and Lady Violet Grey. It was more than a civic farewell to one of the most distinguished of Canada's Governors General; it was national in scope, for of the thousands who gathered at the Union Station to cheer the great nobleman on his departure, were the Hon. R. L. Borden, the new Premier, with his cabinet, the judges of Canada's Supreme Court and several members of the cabinet which recently went out of office, including the Hon. W. S. Fielding and the Hon. Wm. Patterson. Other prominent people at the station included Sir William Scott, General Otter, Mayor Hopewell and Col. Fred White. Sir Wilfrid Laurier was in Montreal, and could not be present, but a chair near the car platform was occupied by Lady Laurier, who had a beautiful bouquet to present to Lady Grey. Several other bouquets were presented, including three fine ones by the Canadian Pacific Railway.

His Excellency and family were escorted to the station by a smart escort of cavalry provided by the Princess Louise Dragoons. All along the route from Rideau Hall to the station cheering crowds expressed their admiration for the departing Governor General. The occupants of the carriage were kept busy bowing their acknowledgments. When the train pulled out of the station shortly after five o'clock the most affecting scene occurred. With one accord the large crowd of at least three thousand people which jammed the platform and crowded around Earl Grey's car, burst into the old, familiar song, 'Auld Lang Syne,' which lost itself in a roar of cheering as the train pulled out.

Carpet was laid from the station door to the rear of the train, where chairs were placed for the vice-regal party, and on arrival at the station, His Excellency inspected the escort. After passing through the station His Excellency and family were received by the Hon. R. L. and Mrs. Borden, and Mayor Hopewell and Mrs. Hopewell. A bouquet of flowers was presented to Lady Grey by Mrs. Hopewell, while the mayor's daughter presented bouquets to Lady Violet and Lady Evelyn. Going through the crowd Earl Grey and his family shook hands with everybody and said their personal farewells. Earl Grey then passed around the escort of boy scouts who lined the crowd, clapping the boys on the shoulder and complimenting them on their soldierly appearance. The scouts gave three cheers. Premier Borden, stepping on the car platform, called again for three more cheers, and they were given with a will.

Psoriasis Was Cured

After Five Years of Suffering—Three Doctors Failed and Said Case Was Incurable.

Itching and Burning Was Terrible Until Relief and Cure Was Effected by

Dr. Chase's Ointment

Psoriasis is another name for chronic eczema. It is the worst form of this dreadful itching skin disease. Once eczema has reached this stage it is usually considered incurable.

But here is a case which proves again the wonderful healing power of Dr. Chase's Ointment. Not only does relief come quickly, but the resulting benefits are thorough and lasting.

Mrs. Nettie Massey, Consecon, Ont., writes:—"I thought it my duty to write you telling you the great benefit I received from using Dr. Chase's Ointment. For five years I suffered with what three doctors called Psoriasis. I doctored with three different doctors, with no good results, and one of our noted doctors told me if any one offered to guarantee me a cure for $50.00 to keep my money in my pocket, as I could not be cured.

"The disease spread all over me, even on my face and head. The itching and burning was hard to bear. At last my brother read in the paper about Dr. Chase's Ointment as a healer. I used 8 boxes, and I am glad to say I am entirely cured, not a sign of a sore to be seen. I can hardly praise the ointment enough, and you are at liberty to use my testimony, as I hope thereby to induce other sufferers to try the same."

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60c a box, at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

TO DEAL WITH LIBRARY

Committee of City Council Will Meet this Evening

A meeting of the Library Committee of the City Council will be held at the City Hall to-night. Ald. Morin said that he had an interview with Archbishop Bruchesi who, he found, was not opposed to the establishment of such a library, provided that the Roman Catholic religion was protected. No difficulty would be raised to the placing of the library under a commission named by the city, and Laval and McGill Universities. The difficulty would be the devising a plan for the prohibited books. Care would have also to be exercised in the cases of medical books, advanced theological works, and certain types of romances. As a result of his conference with the Archbishop, Ald. Morin said that he would draft a by-law for discussion by the City Council.

C. P. R. PROMOTIONS.

On his return to Winnipeg from Montreal Mr. George Bury, the newly-appointed vice-president of the C. P. R., announced a number of important changes in the organization of his staff. Mr. J. G. Sullivan has been elevated to be chief engineer of western lines, and the post of assistant chief held by Mr. Sullivan has been abolished. Mr. Sullivan was transferred from Montreal last fall. He first became connected with the C. P. R. in 1900 as divisional engineer in charge of western lines construction, which position he held until 1905, when he was appointed assistant engineer of construction on the American Isthmian Canal Commission, Isthmus of Panama.

Some months later he again entered the Canadian Pacific service, holding executive rank. Mr. Sullivan was born in Munroe County, New York, in 1863, and has had long railway engineering experience.

Another promotion is that of Mr. Grant Hall, of Winnipeg, formerly superintendent of motive power, who has been appointed assistant general manager; while Mr. Chas. H. Temple, succeeds Mr. Hall.

FRUIT FROM PRINCE RUPERT.

The Grand Trunk Pacific Railway samples of apples grown in the Kitsumkalum Valley, 90 miles east of Prince Rupert, have been procured by the G. T. R. Railway. These apples are of different varieties, beautiful in their coloring, and the flavor is in every respect up to the perfect brands grown in Ontario, and entirely unlike the inferior flavored fruit grown under irrigation in the more southerly regions, and in practically all of the Pacific Coast States. The specimens came from the orchard of Mr. D. Stewart, who has about fifteen acres under cultivation, and they represent the first grown on the operated line of the Grand Trunk Pacific.

At Prince Rupert this summer strawberries grown along the Skeena River and in the valleys of the Kitsumkalum, Lakelese and Copper Rivers, came into market for the first time in considerable quantities, and the fruit is reported to be superior to anything grown on this continent, being extremely high colored, and as sweet and fine a flavor as wild strawberries, their size was remarkable, running as large as a good size crabapple or a small snow apple.

LATE CONTROLLER DAVIDSON.

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 9.—The funeral of the late Controller James Davidson, who died on Saturday, took place at 2.30 this afternoon, and was one of the most striking tributes ever paid the memory of a departed civic official in Ottawa. At the head of the funeral procession marched the band of the Governor-General's Foot Guards, followed by three hundred employees of the Davidson Mills, detachments from the fire brigade and police force, the Mayor and City Council and hundreds of prominent citizens of the Capital and outside points. All the lumber mills in Ottawa stopped their machinery for half an hour, between 2.30 and 3 o'clock. The pall-bearers were four members of the City Council and four members of the Davidson firm. Interment took place at Beechwood.

THE LATE MR. GEORGE BLACHE

Mr. George Blache, who died yesterday at Bord a Plouffe, was for fourteen years merchant tailor at the Windsor Hotel. He retired last May owing to ill health. He then went to Bord a Plouffe and spent the last five months with his brother. His death came suddenly at the age of fifty-seven years.

$334 FOR A FINGER.

An English jury in the Superior Court Monday, assessed the value of Miss Esther McGiverin's finger at $500, and because of negligence on her part reduced that amount to $334. While travelling on an M. R. R. car a door jammed Miss McGiverin's finger as they were negociating a curve. It had later to be amputated, and the action for $1,999 followed.

'LAST POST' FUND.

The Secy-Treas of the 'Last Post' Fund has received a cheque for $50.00 from the Sergeants' mess of the 5th Royal Highlanders of Canada, being the amount of a subscription raised in their mess in the fund's favor. This is not the first evidence of the Highlander's generosity towards the fund.

LEGISLATION COMMITTEE.

At the first meeting of the Legislation Committee of the City Council for the season at the City Hall on Thursday evening next, amendments to the city charter to be submitted to the coming session of the Legislature will be considered. The modification of the tax regulations will be considered. The committee so far has no definite programme.

HENRY MORGAN & COMPANY LIMITED

Women's Fall Suits Designed In All the Favored Fabrics

Rough Tweeds, Cheviots, Serges, fine Broadcloths, Velvets and Velveteens are the materials in which these Suits are shown. Smart, distinctive styles expressing the most refined innovations for Fall wear---enabling women to select Suits that exactly meet individual requirements. The following brief descriptions and prices should prove of service to those contemplating a purchase.

ROUGH TWEED SUITS—simply tailored, mannish styles lined with silk serge and twilled satin in heather and grey mixtures—$22.50, $25.00, $30.00 and up to $40.00.

SERGE SUITS—rough and smooth serges, beautifully trimmed tailored models, lined with satin, in navy and black—$32.50, $35.00, $40.00 up to $65.00.

VELVET SUITS—rich, luxurious styles, beautifully designed from exclusive models, elaborately trimmed with rich silk braids, cords, silks, etc.; lined with satin and fine silk serge—$27.50, $40.00, $42.50 up to $65.00.

ROUGH CHEVIOT SUITS—especially desirable for business women, smartly tailored, lined with silk serge and twilled satin; shades black, blue, brown, etc. $17.50, $25.00 to $30.00.

BROADCLOTH SUITS—adaptations of smart Parisian styles—distinctively tailored and trimmed, lined with satin; in blue and black—$40.00, $47.00, $50.00 and $55.00.

PANNE VELVET SUITS — unusually stylish in design, carefully tailored from superior striped Panne Velvet in soft shades of blue and green. These suits are lined with fine quality satin to match—$60.00.

TROOPER RUNS AMOK

Shoots Three Persons and Holds Detachment at Bay for Half Hour

Burlington, Vt., October 11.—After killing two persons and fatally wounding a third during a frenzied flight from Fort Ethan Allan yesterday, Matthew Carlisle, a trooper of the Tenth Cavalry (colored), U.S.A., was captured by a detachment of troopers, whom he held at bay for half an hour. Carlisle's victims are all colored people.

The dead:—

Andrew Fox, private of troop D., Tenth Cavalry.

Miss Sarah Washington, aged 19 years.

It was believed to-night that Miss Beatrice Stuart, aged 18 years, who was shot in the chest by Carlisle, could not suvive her wounds. With Carlisle, who received a shot in the leg from the troopers who captured him, she was taken to the post hospital at Fort Ethan Allan for treatment.

Trooper Fox, who is understood to have caused Carlisle's arrest early today for not reporting for morning fatigue duty, was apparently the object of the attack.

As he was under arrest 'in quarters,' Carlisle was allowed the usual custody of his army rifle and ammunition, and when he strolled out shortly, carrying his rifle and with his ammunition belt fastened about him, he attracted no attention. He immediately headed for Private Fox, and firing at close range, blew off the back of his head with a single shot.

Soldiers nearby sprang forward, but were held back by Carlisle, who pointed the loaded rifle at them and ran. He fired once when some one made a motion to give chase. He encountered a smaller group, but was past them before they could intercept him. Once more he fired and fled. Leaving the fort reservation Carlisle ran for half a mile to a building in Burlington much frequented by the negro troopers. Rushing past people on the ground floor, he ran upstairs and into a room in which Miss Sarah Washington was lying in her bed, ill. She was found dead later, shot through the right chest, the left foot and the head.

He ran through this room into another in which several women were. All made their escape safely except Beatrice Stuart, whom the negro shot in the chest. Believing her dead, apparently, he left her. Although wounded so severely that the doctors said to-night death was a matter of only a short time, the young woman dragged herself down stairs and into the nearby woods, where the others had sought refuge.

Meanwhile the guard had been called out at the fort, and after a time surrounded the house where Carlisle was in hiding. He held them off for some time by firing occasionally from a window, but when a bullet from a trooper's rifle entered his leg, he surrendered.

FOUND GUILTY.

Black Hand Man Convicted of Carrying Bomb and May Serve Ten Years for Offence.

New York, October 11.—Giuseppe Constabile, known as 'The Fox,' and reputed leader of the Black Hand here, was yesterday found guilty of carrying a bomb concealed upon his person, and was remanded for sentence. The jury was out less than five minutes, and only one ballot was taken. The Italian may be sentenced to serve from five to ten years in Sing Sing.

Constabile's conviction marks a successful first step in the efforts of the police to break up the so-called 'Black Hand' organization in this city.

WESTERN COAL STRIKE.

Settlement in Sight, and When Details are Arranged Work Will Be Resumed.

Fernie, B.C., Oct. 11.—A mass meeting of Gladstone local is now in progress here, and well defined statements are being made in the street that a basis of settlement has been reached by the coal operators and President White. This proposition runs along the line of the Gordon recommendation, with some slight variation.

It may be taken as positive that some proposition is now under consideration, and that International President White favors its acceptance. Such being the case, a settlement is now in sight, and as soon as details are arranged work will be resumed.

SYMPATHY WITH MR. MONK.

A resolution of condolence to the Hon. F. D. Monk, M.P. for Jacques Cartier, on the death of his wife, was adopted at the general meeting of the Jacques Cartier county council at its general meeting on September 13th. The resolution, which was moved by the mayor of Ste. Genevieve, Mr. Simeon Theoret, and seconded by Mr. Adelard Theoret, mayor of Ile Bizard reads: 'That this council has heard with profound regret of the death of Mrs. F. D. Monk, wife of the member of parliament for Jacques Cartier, and desires that the member and the family of the deceased accept the expression of sympathy, and that a copy of the resolution be sent to Mr. Monk and the press.'

THE RUSSIAN BALLET.

With fame, prestige and popularity that knows no geographical limitations the All-Star Imperial Russian Ballet comes to the Montreal Arena Monday and Tuesday evenings, October 16 and 17, to captivate local amusement seekers, and to establish a new record for all star aggregations of travelling artists. 'Coppelia,' which will be presented here for the first time, is the most opulently staged ballet that was ever thrown before mortal eyes.

DR. WILKIE'S MISSION

A Montreal Board Formed to Extend the Scope of the Work.

A Montreal board to co-operate with the one in Toronto in charge of Dr. Wilkie's mission in Gwalior, Central India, was established at a public meeting at the Bible House, Union Avenue, on Monday afternoon. Mr. G. J. Cuthbertson, who has just removed from Toronto to take charge of the Board of Trade branch of the Bank of Toronto, presided. He has been treasurer of the Mission Board for several years, and, knowing the work thoroughly, explained the objects of the meeting.

The Rev. Dr. Wilkie outlined his plans, which are to make native Christians self-supporting, and to do this required that they should have special training. His comprehensive and practical plan was to purchase land to establish three model villages in which the native Christians would live—they number a thousand already in the one mission—and cultivate the soil, the young people being trained either as farmers, missionaries or artisans. To carry out this plan and provide competent instructors would require $50,000. This sum Dr. Wilkie hopes to secure during his present visit to Canada.

Hearty approval was expressed by those present, and the following were chosen to form the Montreal Board, with power to add to their numbers:

President—Mr. John Murphy.

Hon. Treasurer—Mr. G. J. Cuthbertson.

Hon. Secretary—Mr. C. Gordonsmith.

Members of the Board—Dr. Kelley, Mr. Robert Munro, Mr. A. R. Wightman, Mr. C. W. Davies, Mr. C. H. Sutherland, Mr. Walter Paul, Miss M. B. Brown, and Mrs. David Williamson.

Among the clergymen present were the Rev. Dr. Johnston, the Rev. I. A. Montgomery and the Rev. R. W. Dickie, but in forming the Board it was felt that the ministers had enough to do, and that the burden of this work should be borne by the laymen.

LARGE OIL SHIPMENTS.

Two big tank ships of the Standard Oil Company, No. 6 and No. 86 arrived in port yesterday afternoon with over 25,000 barrels of gas oil in their holds. In a few days No. 87 will arrive on her maiden trip with a cargo of 20,000 barrels. The two ships that arrived to-day left Cleveland on September 30, and should have reached Montreal about Sunday last, but the storms on Lake Erie compelled them to seek shelter for a couple of days. They carry a crew of nine men each, and unlike the vessels engaged in the coal trade are as clean and bright as any ship can be. No. 6 is a two master, and No. 86 a three, while the new one will carry four. Their cargo is consigned to the Imperial Oil Company.

PIANOS PIANOS
STEINWAY
ONE OF THE THREE GREATEST PIANOS
WE ALSO HAVE THE OTHER TWO
CHICKERING AND HEINTZMAN & CO.
C. W. LINDSAY, LIMITED
HEAD WAREROOMS: 512 St. Catherine Street West
EAST WAREROOMS: 394 St. Catherine Street East
ALSO WAREROOMS AT OTTAWA, QUEBEC AND BROCKVILLE.

The 'Witness' is the Peoples' Paper
By patronizing 'Witness' advertisers the people help their paper, the 'Witness.'

The John Murphy Company Limited

OUR TELEPHONE NUMBER UPTOWN 6010

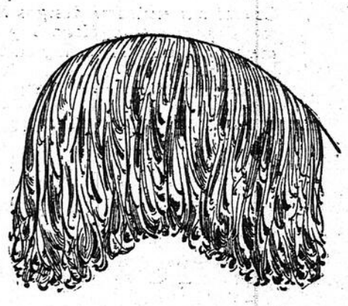
The John Murphy Company Limited

The Woman's Store of Canada

IN THE Millinery Salon

For Thursday we have made extensive preparations to offer 60 of the most charming hats at a very moderate price. These model hats are the latest modes in Millinery, and you will be impressed by the attractive styles, and the price Thursday, ... $15.00

(MILLINERY SALON, 2nd FLOOR)



New Willow Plumes at $9.50 Each

A fortunate purchase of 60 Willow Plumes enables us to offer these at this exceptional price. They are splendid plumes, treble willowed with long glossy and selected fibre from the male stock. Regular value $15.00; Thursday.. .. .. .. **$9.50**

Special Sale of Ladies' Golf Coats in White, Grey, Navy and Brown

Values, $3.50, $4.50, $5.50, $6.50

Thursday, - - - - $2.98

We have 150 Ladies' Golf Coats, being the balance of a special purchase. They are made of pure wool in various styles, and are worth $3.50, $4.50, $5.50 and $6.50. Thursday... .. .. **$2.98**

Basket and Fancy Goods Department

Fancy Wicker "Work Baskets" in oblong, round or square shape, several different sizes, satin lined; colors Olive, Sky, Pink, or Red. Prices from .69 to $5.00 each.

Small Wicker Baskets, for making hair pin receivers, 2 for .05.

Passe-partout pictures, 6½ x 8½, with Dutch scenes, mottoes or landscape designs. Several are copies of world's famous pictures.

Price each.. .. .. .15

DAINTY VESTINGS For Thursday

Just received, a large range of new Vestings, in stripe and fancy designs for Fall wear, very new and dainty goods.
On Sale Thursday.. .. **.25**

A big stock of Fancy Crepe Cloths for house dresses, gowns and dressing jackets in a large range of fancy designs.
On Sale Thursday.. .. **.25**

Dress Gingham. 36 inches wide, in checks, stripes and some plain colors; for children's wear.
On Sale Thursday.. .. **.15**

Many People will soon be Buying Rubbers

And most of them will wait till the very last, then when the streets are turned into miniature lakes their thoughts will return to rubbers. We have Women's and Children's rubbers of the best grade.

Toilet Department

Roger & Gallet's Violette de Parme eau de Toilette; 8-oz. size, .99; 4-oz. size, .69.

Hind's Honey and Almond Cream. Regular .50, for.. .. .. **.39**

Murray & Lanman's Florida Water. Regular .50, for.. .. .. **.39**

Piver's Face Powder, in Violette, Rose, Oeillet, Aeterna and Rosiris. Regular .79 (these come in Blanche, Rose and Rachel), for **.59**

Rose and Almond Cream. Regular .25, for.. .. .. **.19**

Colgate's Ribbon Dental Cream.. .. .. **.20**

Roger & Gallet's Violette de Parma Talcum, per tin .. .. .. **.25**

The Premier Showing of NEW EVENING WEAR FABRICS

FALL, 1911

Many brilliant and Social Functions are expected this coming Season, the splendor of which are most completely reflected in the exquisite fabrics we are showing. We make special mention of the following:—

CLAIR DE LUNE—A rich silk and wool fabric of remarkable beauty, soft, clinging effect. Very lustrous finish, 40 inches wide. Per yard... .. ..$1.00

SALOME—A brilliant silk and wool material of rich, soft texture. A fabric a little heavier than "Clair de Lune." This is one of our most popular fabrics. 44 inches wide. Price per yard.. .. ..$1.00

VOILE DE SOIE—A favorite and fashionable fabric that can be used to make entire robes for veiling or over other material. Very fine and soft finish. 44 inches wide. Price per yard.. .. ..$1.00

The color list of the above fabrics include all the very newest tones that predominate this Fall.

OPERA CLOAKINGS, SPECIAL RICH BROADCLOTHS, in dainty light shades. Bright, lustrous finish; colors are Sky Blue, Nattier Blue, Pink, Champagne, Chamois, Sahara, Shrimp and Cream, 50 and 52 inches wide. Price per yard, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00.

(Dress Goods Section, First Floor.)

Six Important Points Which Make "LA RIVE"

The Best Glove we know of at **$1.25**.

(1) Because it is more carefully put together;
(2) Because the kid is the best;
(3) Because the stitching and finish are equal to the $1.50 glove;
(4) Because every pair is made from selected skins;
(5) Because it fits so well;
(6) Because of its wearing qualities.

"*La Rive*" is not a one-color glove. The Black, White and Tan, Grey and Champagne have all the above points which constitute a good glove.

In colors sizes from 5½ to 7¼ / In Black sizes from 5½ to 8 } Price.. .. .. .. **$1.25**

Special Values in Sheets for Thursday

150 pair Hemmed Sheets, English make, large size, 78 x 99 inches, made from heavy weave Wigan sheeting, very strong and durable.
Special Sale Thursday, per pair.. .. ..$2.19

100 pair fine Hemstitched English Sheets, size 63x90 inches, best quality fine linen finished sheets, deep hemstitched top, beautiful fine quality.
Special Sale Thursday per pair.. .. ..$1.98

15 pairs only, best quality Hemstitched Sheets, English make, largest size 90 x 108, best linen finish Regular value $3.50.
Special Sale Thursday per pair.. .. ..$2.55

Light Weight Cashmere

Specially imported for women who want a wool, light in weight with seamless feet, all wool extra spliced. Sizes 8 to 10.
3 pairs for.. .. .. .. **$1.00**

Children's All Wool Stockings

2-1 rib invisible spliced knee, seamless foot. Stockings we feel sure will give better satisfaction than any you have bought at this price or a higher one. Sizes 6 to 9 inches.
Per pair.. .. .. **.29**

Special Notice Re---The Delineator

The price of subscription has advanced .50 per year. The new prices are—For the "Delineator" delivered to your home, **$2.00**

For the "Delineator" delivered at our Pattern Counter, **$1.50**

We will accept subscriptions at old rates, $1.50 to your home; $1.00 at our counter up to October 30th. Subscribe now and save 50c.

Queen Quality SHOE



Storm Boot of Tan Oil Grain Calf. Waterproofed Welted Sole. Not a luxury a necessity.

SOLE AGENTS, FOR MONTREAL.

Stylish Coats for Women & Misses At $7.95

Once you see these Coats you will be favorably impressed by the styles, materials and colors and the unusually low price.

85 Women's Broadcloth, Beaver and Tweed Coats.
22 Misses' Coats in Beaver, Tweed, Kersey and a few in heavy Cheviot.

Thursday... .. ..**$7.95**

$9.50 Marabout Capes / $10 Marabout Stoles — Each $6.95

Marabout Capes that lie flat and fully over the shoulders, trimmed with long tassels; Grey, Brown, Black. Regular price $9.50; also 94-inch Marabout Stoles, self-joined, exceptionally well made; White, Brown, Grey, Black; genuine $10.00 value.
On Sale at each.. ..**$6.95**

For stylish feather neck apparel, come to our Boa Department.

(Main Floor, Balcony.)

Special Sale of Ladies' Tailored & Lingerie Waists

Worth $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3. Thursday, .79

We have about 150 Waists in Tailored and Lingerie styles, in all this season's goods. They have become broken in sizes and some are slightly soiled through handling. They are mostly in sizes 38, 40 and 42, but there are a few in the small sizes. They have been selling up to now at $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

Thursday.. .. .. **.79**

Dress Trimmings of the Highest Standard

If you wish to procure the best Dress Trimmings you should buy them now. We have practically an unlimited selection only sufficient of each to make them exclusive.

There are beaded trimmings of every description, Fancy Braids, Ornaments, Girdles and Fringes. We wish to mention that for to-morrow we have the narrow fancy edging in the newest of self colors and pretty combination colors, at .45, .50, .60, .75, $1.25 a yard.

Black Silk Fringe, 3 to 7 inches wide, at .35, .50, .75 to $3.00 per yard.

Metal trimming in Silver, Steel, Gold and Old Gold in Banding, Edging and Motifs at .50, .75 up to $7.50 per yard.

CASHMERE STOCKINGS of the Finest Quality

We can recommend both "Llama" and "Indiana" cashmere stockings for their wearing qualities, as they are made from selected wool by one of the best manufacturers in England.

Llama, per pair, .65. Indiana, per pair, .75.

A Great Day to Buy TABLE LINENS

THURSDAY

25 only fine Damask Table Cloths, size 2 x 2½ yards, hemstitched all round, very pretty designs.
Special Sale Thursday, **$4.19**

75 dozen Damask Table Napkins, best Irish make, size 24 x 24 inches, new patterns, bordered all round. Regular value $5.50 a dozen. Special Sale Thursday a dozen, **$4.35**

100 only fine Irish make Table Cloths, size 2 x 2½ yards, pretty bordered designs, all linen. Regular value $2.50.
Special Sale Thursday, **$1.69**

"SALADA" CEYLON TEA

When you're wanting Peerless Teas---
Make a firm demand for these---

Black or Natural Green | Sealed Packets Only

Free Sample mailed on Enquiry. Address 'Salada' Montreal.

James M. Aird's Bread Ad.

Do you eat Bread? Are you sure you do? Some eat dough with a crust on it. Send your order to us and use our good Bread, or ask your grocer for it, and see that you get it.

Tel. MAIN 1025.

MODERN METHODS OF DYEING

This is a very big dyeing and cleaning establishment—the largest in Canada—equipped with all modern machinery and methods. Dye or clean almost anything.

R. PARKER & CO.,
Dyers and Cleaners, Montreal, Que.
620 St. Catherine St. W.
382 Notre Dame St. W.
340 St. Catherine St. E.
Phones, Uptown 4106 and 4107.

ALLAN MAIL SPECIAL

Special Steamship Train will leave Windsor Street Station on Friday, Oct. 13, at 9.45 a.m., for Quebec, for the accommodation of passengers sailing by R.M.S. 'Victorian.'

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Stevens, of Western avenue, have returned from their summer residence in Maine.

Mrs. Sandford Fleming and Miss Grace Fleming arrived at the Windsor yesterday from Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Turpin and their daughters have returned from England, and are staying at the Windsor for the present.

Mrs. Harold Grier, formerly Miss Louise Hays, will receive for the first time since her marriage on Friday afternoon, Oct. 13, at her residence, 269 Bishop street.

Mrs. Lorne Macdougall, Sherbrooke street, and her daughter, Mrs. Walter Bell, of Toronto, also her niece, Miss Edna Stewart, of St. Johns, will sail by the 'Victorian' on Friday for England.

Mrs. H. Baby, accompanied by Miss Jeanne Baby, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Patrick Davis, at Joliette, for a few days, and will afterwards go to the Winchester Club to spend some time.

Mrs. Cecil Tyre held her first reception since her marriage yesterday afternoon at 33 St. Luke street, the residence of Mrs. Tyre, who assisted the bride in receiving. White roses and carnations were used effectively in the decoration of hte tea-table, where Mrs. W. O. H. Dodds and Mrs. E. Bone were in charge. The reception room also was arranged with white flowers and palms.

The marriage of Miss Ella Elizabeth Blakeley and Mr. Stephen Gibbon Newton will be solemnized on Thursday afternoon at half-past four o'clock in St. Matthias Church, Westmount, by the Rev. E. Bushell. The bride will be attended by her sister, Miss Gertrude Blakeley, and Miss Florence Duclos, as bridesmaids, while Mrs. Norris P. Bryant will be matron of honor. Mr. Harold Birks will officiate as best man, the ushers being Mr. Herbert Clarke and Mr. Gerald Woodward.

Miss Elsie Blackader, whose marriage to Mr. James Colin Kemp takes place on the 17th, was the guest of honor at a dinner given on Monday evening by Miss Mary Hickson. Mrs. Howard Ambrose is giving a tea for Miss Blackader this afternoon, and tomorrow Mrs. Arthur Drummond will give a luncheon at the Mount Royal Club. Mrs. Hamilton Gault will entertain at dinner on Friday evening for Miss Blackader. Miss Gault was the hostess at a jam shower last week, for the bride-elect.

A wedding of interest to Montreal friends took place quietly at Holy Trinity, Brompton, London, S.W., at noon on Tuesday, October 3, when Miss Helen J. H. Grier, second daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Brockwill Grier, of Montreal, was united in marriage to Mr. John Mitchell Aimers, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Jeffrey Aimers, of Dublin, Ireland. The bride, who was given away by her cousin, the Rev. Denton Jenner-Fust, wore a costume of dark blue chiffon velvet trimmed with old gold lace and Alaska sable, and a black velvet picture hat with ostrich feather. She carried red roses, and wore a diamond pendant and bar pin, a gift from the groom. The wedding party had luncheon at the Rembrandt Hotel, South Kensington, and subsequently Mr. and Mrs. Aimers left for a motor tour in Devonshire and Cornwall. On their return they will reside at 'Skahard,' Cowper Garden, Dublin, Ireland.

The marriage of Miss Irene Griffin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. I. Griffin, to Mr. Charles E. Stewart, son of Mr. Robert Stewart, ex-M.P., Ottawa, was solemnized at nine o'clock last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, 4346 Westmount avenue. The Rev. Dr. Young, of Douglas Methodist Church, performed the ceremony, which took place in the library, the bridal party standing in front of a bank of palms, ferns and yellow chrysanthemums. The wedding march was played by Miss Holden, and during the service Miss Helen Ferguson, of Ottawa, sang 'A song of thanksgiving.' The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a lovely gown of white duchess satin, veiled in white tulle and spangled with pearls and silver bugles. Her tulle veil was caught at each side with a cluster of orange blossoms fastened by two strands of pearls. She carried pale purple orchids and lilies-of-the-valley. The maid of honor, Miss Hilda Griffin, sister of the bride, and the bridesmaid, Miss Maisie Stewart, the bridegroom's sister, were dressed alike in pale blue duchess satin with pearl-embroidered net tunics and little mob caps made of tulle, edged with tiny yellow rosebuds. Their bouquets were of yellow roses. The bridegroom's gift to the bride was a diamond ring, and to the bridesmaids, he gave silver card cases. Mr. Wentworth J. Warden, of Ottawa, was the best man. At the conclusion of the ceremony a reception was held. Mrs. Griffin, mother of the bride, wore a soft blue satin gown, with embroidered overdress of black tulle fringed with blue, and carried yellow orchids. The bridegroom's mother, Mrs. Robert Stewart, of Ottawa, was attired in black satin, with a tunic of black lace, embroidered in Oriental colors, and carried red roses. Among the out-of-town guests were Mr. Gordon Stewart, a brother of the bridegroom, and Mrs. Stewart, of Ottawa; Mr. Douglas Stewart, another brother, from Ottawa; Mr. and Mrs. C. W. R. Woodland, of Toronto, and Mrs. Paterson, of Lachute. Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Stewart left for Quebec, and will visit New York and other places before taking up their residence in Ottawa. The bride's going-away costume was of sapphire blue cloth, trimmed with velvet, a blue hat with wings to match and pointed fox furs.

A pretty home wedding took place quietly this afternoon at 28 Summerhill avenue, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McGill, when their only daughter, Gertrude, was united in marriage to Mr. Ernest Whitley, son of Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. Whitley. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. I. A. Montgomery, pastor of Knox Church, assisted by the Rev. F. L. Whitley, brother of the groom. The house was decorated attractively for the occasion, white flowers and palms being arranged in the hall, and on the table in the dining-room vases of lilies of the valley. Yellow chrysanthemums were placed about the drawing-room and on the mantels, and the bay window was banked with palms and ferns, before which the bridal party stood during the ceremony. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a graceful gown of white satin, fashioned with front panel embroidered in silks and pearls, and train similarly embroidered, the bodice finished with yoke of embroidered chiffon and pearl garniture. A long tulle veil and orange blossom wreath completed the toilette, and she carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. She also wore the groom's gift, a diamond bar pin set in platinum. The maid of honor, Miss Elsie Whitley, and the bridesmaid, Miss Mabel Williamson, were dressed alike in pale blue crepe de chine and black velvet poke bonnets, trimmed with blue tulle bow and a single pink rose. They carried Killarney roses, and wore aquamarine and pearl pins, gifts from the groom. Mr. Albert Wright and Mr. Bryson McGill were groomsmen. To them the groom gave as souvenirs silver card cases. Following the ceremony, a reception was held. Mrs. McGill, the bride's mother, was wearing a handsome gown of soft blue satin with gold trimmings, and held a bouquet of roses. Mrs. McGill, senior, the bride's grandmother, was gowned in black silk relieved with jet sequins. Mrs. Whitley, mother of the groom, wore white crepe de chine veiled in black Chantilly lace. Among out of town guests were: Mrs. J. Grant McLennan, of Brockville, the bride's aunt, wearing gray voile over blue silk, and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Benning, of New York, Mrs. Benning gowned in sapphire blue velvet. Mr. and Mrs. Whitley leave this evening on their wedding trip, the bride travelling in a brown tweed costume, with brown chiffon blouse embroidered in autumn yellow, and small hat of brown velvet, with wings of the same soft yellow tone. On their return they will reside at 147 St. Luke street.

Of Interest to Women.

The 'Witness' Daily Fashion Hint.



A BEVY OF SMART HATS.

The small hat is the most popular model of this autumn season. Illustrated are four models, each and every one being a close-fitting toque. One is of a beehive shape developed in black fringe and trimmed with a soft feather at the back. Tulle, black velvet and paradise plumes compose another, while a third is composed of soft white wings. The fourth hat depends upon a clever arrangement of shirred silk for its style.

BAZAAR FOR GIRLS' CLUB.

Opened by Mayor Guerin in the V. R. Armory Yesterday.

The Victoria Rifles Armory on Cathcart street is a scene of unwonted activity these days, while vari-colored stalls laden with dainty articles, in charge of ladies and their bevies of girl assistants in white, and busy crowds of visitors, have transformed the interior and taken the place for the time being of the usual military order. The occasion is the four days' fair held in aid of the Catholic Girls' Club. The club, which was opened last spring at Victoria street, has already outgrown its quarters, and the committee interested are coping to raise funds for a larger, permanent club home, where not only can the girls find a pleasant place for recreation and rest, but where also classes for their benefit can be carried on. Hence the bazaar, which is the result of much careful effort on the part of those promoting it.

The fair was officially opened yesterday afternoon by Mayor Guerin. Lady Hingston, the president of the club, received the visitors. Miss Guerin was also present. The convener of the bazaar is Mrs. E. Cornwallis Monk. In the evening there was an excellent programme of music, contributed by Professor Dubois, 'cellist; Miss Mabel Clerk, Miss Dillon--Lawrence, and Mr. Lebel.

An attractive booth at the fair is designed in flowered panels, and is furnished with some charming fancy work, notable among which are Dresden silk bags in delicate colors, of all sizes, embroidered and painted cushions, etc. It is in charge of Mrs. James Cochrane and Mrs. Macdonald McCarthy, assisted by Mrs. De Bay, Mrs. James F. Cuddy, Miss Mansyld, the Misses Cuddy, Miss McCabe, Miss Gethin, Miss Coote, Miss Gertrude Egan, the Misses Carpenter, Miss Irene Reynolds, Miss Brenda Jeffrey, Miss Juliette Timmons, Miss Jeanne Timmons, Miss Irene Cummings, and Miss Stella Cummings. The girls assisting wear white dresses and quaint poke bonnets.

The flower booth is in the appropriate form of a rustic summer house, overhung with vines, autumn foliage and rambler roses. Mrs. Arthur Whitney and Mrs. H. Fortier have charge, assisted by Mrs. S. Cuddy, Mrs. J. F. Campbell, Mrs. G. Dillon, Mrs. J. Barclay, Mrs. H. McKeon, Mrs. C. Deacon, Mrs. McGarr, Mrs. W. Warner, the Misses Carroll Guerin, K. McKenna, M. Coughlin, Fortier, Estelle FitzGibbon, Wilkins, Doherty, Donnelly, and Marie Donnelly.

The platform has been transformed into a cosy tea room, screened by palms, ferns and festoons of laurel and smilax. It is in charge of the Loyola Club, president, Miss Tansey. The young ladies assisting wear white costumes and Dutch caps. The housekeepers' table is draped in mauve and white, and is stocked with tempting jellies, jam, groceries, etc., also towels, maids' aprons. Mrs. M. A. McCrory is convener, assisted by Mesdames Walsh, Davis, McCullough, E. Quinn, Reynolds, the Misses McCrory, McCullough, Bussiere, Gervais, Kavanagh. The Girls' Club table is furnished with pretty and useful little articles, and at one side is a doll in bridal array.

The handkerchief table holds a great many dainty handkerchiefs, from the fine embroidered Swiss to those of generous proportions, also bags, sachets, and other of the many dainty articles that can be made from handkerchiefs. The convener is Mrs. Campbell MacDougall, assisted by Mrs. Lachance and a number of young ladies. There is a booth devoted to cushions, which appear in a variety of attractive designs. The conveners are Mrs. M. J. Casey and Mrs. D. F. Sheehy, assisted by several young ladies.

The Chinese laundry booth is unique, in yellow and white, hung with Chinese lanterns, and providing not only everything in the way of laundry supplies, but also chinaware, dolls, and other articles. Mrs. J. G. McCarthy and Mrs. Trudel are conveners, assisted by Mesdames Payette, J. A. MacDonald, J. J. Gardiner, Fitzjames, Browne, Millette, Harry Jones, Carlin, and the Misses Burtsell, Marguerite Warner, McGillis, Nelson, Pauline Weir, Mabel Weir, Kearns, L. and M. Clerk, Kieley, Alice Conway, Mildred Casey, Rita Kennedy, Alice McKeon, Ursula McCarthy, Jeanne Chevalier, Le Blanc, Mrs. Felix Payette, and young ladies of St. Gabriel's.

The five to fifty cents table holds an extensive variety of articles—tiny dolls doing duty as pinholders, laundry lists, sewing racks, babies' slippers, piece bags, and many other useful or curious articles. Mrs. E. C. Amos is convener, assisted by Mrs. J. T. Walsh, Mrs. H. Kavanagh, Mrs. P. S. Doyle, Mrs. Purcell, Mrs. McGuire, Mrs. Caven, the Misses Doherty, O'Connell, Semple, Boyer, M. Kavanagh, and M. Caven.

At the refreshment table, which is lighted by yellow and filigree shaded candles, are to be found choice cake and other delicacies. The convener is Mrs. Kinsella, assisted by Mrs. Monk, Mrs. Wall, Mrs. Higgins Mrs. Stack, Mrs. Collins, Mrs. Storey, Mrs. Gannon, Mrs. Tabb, Mrs. Van Oost, Mrs. W. Fitzgerald, Mrs. E. D. Paul, Mrs. Bannon, and a large number of young ladies.

There is a palmistry tent, arranged invitingly, presided over by Mrs. J. P. Kavanagh, Mrs. D. R. Murphy, Mrs. C. Coghlin, the Misses Mabel Doyle, Mabel Foley, and Alice Kavanagh.

The fair continues until Saturday.

QUEBEC W. C. T. U.

Annual Convention Opened Yesterday at Lachute.

The twenty-eighth annual convention of the Quebec Provincial W. C. T. U. opened yesterday afternoon, in the Presbyterian Church, Lachute, with a consecration service led by Mrs. John Currie, of Montreal. Among those present were the president, Mrs. J. G. Sanderson, of Danville; corresponding secretary, Mrs. R. W. McLachlan, of Montreal; recording secretary, Miss Loudon, of Montreal; treasurer, Mrs. S. P. Leet, of Montreal, and 'Y' secretary, Mrs. F. H. Waycott, of Montreal; county presidents, Mrs. R. Boa, of Point Fortune;



MRS. J. G. SANDERSON,
Of Danville, President Quebec Provincial W.C.T.U.

Mrs. Robert Scott, of Scotstown; Mrs. Bazin, of Ormstown; Mrs. F. H. Waycott, of Montreal; Mrs. J. Geggie, of Quebec, and Mrs. J. Ewing, of Melbourne; superintendents, Mrs. John Currie, of Montreal; Mrs. W. F. Bowman, of Scotstown; Mrs. G. W. Leet, of Danville; Miss E. Blackwood, of Huntington; Mrs. J. Mabon, of Montreal; Mrs. S. A. Jones, of Sherbrooke, and a large number of delegates.

Mrs. Currie gave a very earnest address, selecting as her subject, Romans, chapter xii., verse 1. The speaker said it would have been fortunate for the church years ago if they had understood properly this word 'brethren.' It did not apply to only the male portion of the race, but to women also. The mercies, compassion and love of God to their organization had been clearly manifested. They had in the past met with many difficulties; it was not so long ago that it was impossible for them to get permission to use such a fine building as they were now in for the purpose of holding their meetings, but people saw now that they were one with the church in their effort to raise the fallen and banish evil from the land.

'Let us not be afraid of the word "holy" mentioned in the text,' said the speaker; 'let us change the spelling of it and make it "wholly," meaning "sound," "complete"; let us do something and let that something be our best, and though it may not be perfect, it will be acceptable.'

Mrs. J. G. Sanderson, of Danville, the president, then expressed her pleasure at seeing so many present. They could not shut their eyes to the conflict that was going on between good and evil. She hoped that none of them would ever feel discouraged at the apparent triumph of evil, for if the forces of evil did gain a triumph it was only a temporary one. Take a lesson from the Master, who never showed a sign of discouragement, but always pressed on continually doing the work for which he was sent. 'We are not in a losing cause,' said Mrs. Sanderson. 'We are working for the redemption of the race, and nothing but the ultimate redemption will satisfy those who are spending their time and energies in this great fight.'

Last night the convention received the greetings of Lachute town council, the ministers of Lachute, and the Good Templars.

HOME-MAKING IN SASKATCHEWAN.

The women of Saskatchewan are to have an opportunity to carry out their own ideas of what constitutes improvement and progress, writes Florence Lidiard in a London paper. Saskatchewan is pre-eminently an agricultural province, but it realizes that there is more in farm life than mere farming, and is providing for the home-makers and housekeepers, so that they may not fall behind in the march of progress. As a consequence, home-making has been made an extension course of the Provincial University. Domestic science and home economics are to be taught in the university just as French and German—in fact before them.

The work is only half begun when it leads to the younger girls and their education along domestic lines. The university courses are too late for the older women who have families to care for. They cannot leave home for so long a period, yet they want to know more about their great profession; they want to keep up with the procession. So home-makers' clubs are being formed all over Saskatchewan. Organization began in December of last year, and already there are more than a score of societies with over three hundred members. These clubs are under the supervision of the university.

Having a common supervisor and a common constitution, any concerted movement made by the women of these clubs will have greater weight with the persons to be influenced. For instance, the questions of a satisfactory substitute for a dower law and of homesteads for women are being considered by all the women of the province, but it will be the home makers' clubs who can put organized effort behind these movements when the time comes. At present the women are informing themselves on these subjects, and busying themselves with attainable things close at hand.

The subjects upon which opinions are exchanged cover a wide range—home nursing and doctoring, sanitary houses, care of children, easy methods of housekeeping, economics, flower and vegetable gardening, school improvement, house architecture, preserving and pickling, cooking, good reading, buying and selling, dressmaking. Everyone knows something about every subject, and has an opportunity to voice it.

THE NEW MOTOR COATS.

The new motor coats are the smartest heavyweight wraps that have been shown since automobiling added to the problems of dress. Never have the handsome and the practical been more admirably combined than they are in the cleverly tailored coats of the double-faced materials of soft imported woollens, tweeds and cheviots in different colors and designs. Some of these coats are extremely good in cut and attractiove in color and detail, built up of the high class imported English and Scottish woollens. Some handsome models are made of double-faced woollen material, the checked facing of which forms the large collar with long revers and the deep cuffs. The coat is fastened at the front with a double row of buttons and cord ornaments. In another style the double-faced material has a striped back. This facing of the material forms the wide cape, collar, cuffs, straps and also a joined piece at the bottom. The coat is fastened at the side front with large horn buttons. Many coats of this type are made of checked material having plain facing. One garment of brown checked material has plain olive-green facing.

There are many beautiful tints in the British cheviot in double faced weavings. For instance, one is of red, flecked with gray, and with gray facings. They are not conspicuous or garish, yet they have a note of warmth and gaiety that makes them appropriate in dull weather. A good looking coat was of red and gray mixture, soft, rough, warm and wonderfully light. The collar and cuffs were of gray. The mixed browns, some of which seem to be a mixture of all the warm autumn tints, with russet brown predominating, are among the most attractive of the motor coat stuffs. Green, red and yellow all enter into the color scheme. One model made of plain brown cheviot has check lining of brown and green. The checked facing forms the large square collar and cuffs. Large buttons, with a glint of orange in them, trim the coat.

A DAILY COOKERY RECIPE.

Chicken Croquettes. — Use half a pound of cold cooked chicken, chopped fine. Season with salt, pepper, half a teaspoon of celery salt, a few grains of cayenne, a teaspoonful of chopped parsley, and a few drops of onion juice. Make a pint bowl full of a thick cream sauce, using four heaping tablespoons of flour and two level tablespoons of butter to the pint of hot cream, cook smooth, and season. When the sauce is taken from the fire, add one beaten egg, and mix the sauce with the chicken, using just enough to make it of the right consistency to be handled. Spread the mixture on a platter to cool, then shape it into croquettes, roll them in fine bread crumbs, then cover with beaten egg and again with crumbs, and fry a minute or so in smoking hot fat. Drain the croquettes from superfluous fat, and serve with a white sauce, garnished with parsley.

THE 'WITNESS' DAILY PATTERN.

The home dressmaker should keep a little catalogue scrap book of the daily pattern cuts. These will be found very useful to refer to from time to time.



8903

8903—AN INFANTS' SET, COMPRISING BONNET, COAT, DRESS AND WRAPPER.

Lawn or nainsook, with lace or embroidery edging will be suitable for the dress. The wrapper will develop nicely in elderdown, flannel, flannelette, cashmere or silk. The coat is suitable for Bedford cord, cashmere, bengaline, silk or poplin, and the cap may be made of lawn or silk. The pattern is cut in one size and requires: For the dress, 2 3-4 yards of 36-inch material; for the coat, 4 1-4 yards of 27-inch material; for the wrapper, 2 5-8 yards of 27-inch material; for the cap, 1-2 yards of 24-inch material.

PATTERN COUPON.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern as per directions given below.

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N.B.—Be sure to cut out the illustration and send with the coupon, carefully filled out. The pattern cannot reach you in less than a week. Price 10 cents each, in cash, postal note or stamps. Address: 'Witness Pattern Department, 'Witness' Block, Montreal.

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New Mink Furs

Graceful Styles in the Finer Qualities of Fur

This point we may urge you to remember—we will gladly take back from you any Furs purchased from us if they do not appear satisfactory, provided they have not been worn.

In spite of the fact that Mink has already enjoyed several seasons of popularity, it is already clearly evident that this Fur is more fashionable than ever. The demand is more particularly for the fine dark qualities, and because of our direct connections with the trappers and traders in the sections from which these dark pelts come, we are able to offer you a collection of Mink Furs that is wonderfully complete.

Some of the prettiest Fur Styles ever illustrated are shown in our new Fur Book. Write for a copy.

A mink tie that would be very desirable for present wear is made with heads crossed at the back, and skins hanging loose over the shoulders. These skins, and the stole fronts, are finished with tails and paws. Prices from $15 to $45.

One of our exclusive designs has the skins crossing diagonally at the back, the heads resting on the left shoulder. Each skin hangs in animal effect, being held together with silk cords. Prices, according to quality, are $75 to $150.

We carry Dent's Gloves.

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COMFORT FOR THE DUKE

C.P.R. Officials Making Things Pleasant for His Arrival

Messrs. W.G. Annable, general passenger agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway's Atlantic steamship lines, and Joseph Apps, chief of the baggage department, will board the incoming 'Empress of Ireland' at Rimouski, to superintend the arrangements being made for the landing of their T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, and his suite at Quebec on Friday, while Mr. Walter Reginald Baker, secretary of the C. P. R. will greet the royal party at Quebec, and accompany them to Ottawa, as the representative of the company.

The passenger lists of the 'Empress,' which have reached Montreal, have the new Governor-General and party entered as follows: Field Marshal His Royal Highness, Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K.G. C. C. M. G., etc., Governor-General-elect of Canada; Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Connaught; the Hon Miss Pelly, lady-in-waiting to H. R. H. Duchess of Connaught; Lieut.-Col. H. C. Lowther, C. M. G., M. V. O., D. S. O., Military Secretary; Captain Walter Long, D.S.O., A.D.C.; Lieut. the Hon. A. Ramsay (ranks as Major in the Army), Naval A. D. C., and nineteen maids and attending the party.

CLYDESDALES FOR THE WEST.

The 'Hesperian' brought to port 78 horses from Glasgow—all of the Clydesdale breed—consigned to Regina and Calgary, Alta.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

Notices of births, marriages and deaths, must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c; marriage notices for 50c; death notices for 25c, prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extensions to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50c per line extra, prepaid.

Annual subscribers, whose names appear on our lists, may have announcements of birth, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should invariably be given.

BIRTHS.

INGELL — At Beaurepaire, Que., on Sept. 4, 1911, a son to Mr. and Mrs. William N. Angell.

BEGGS — At Point Fortune, Que., on Oct. 8, 1911, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Beggs,—still-born.

BRIDGETTE — At the Parsonage, Newington, Ont., on Sept. 29, 1911, a son to the Rev. S. J. and Mrs. Bridgette.

MACPHAIL—At their residence, 38 Somerset St., Ottawa, on Oct. 7, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. John Goodwill Macphail, a daughter.

MARRIED.

CHASE — KNOWLES — At Brookline, Mass., on Oct. 5, 1911, by the Rev. Dulaney Addison, D.D., Florence Marguerite, second daughter of W. M. Knowles, to Victor Hayleigh Chase, U.S. Navy, Kittery, Me.

WHITEHEAD — LABATT — At St. Margaret's, Westminster, London, England, on the 10th instant, Lena, daughter of John Labatt, Esq., of London, Ont., to William T. Whitehead, of Montreal.

DIED.

COURTNEY—At the Jeffrey Hale Hospital, Elizabeth Courtney, aged 70 years.

DAWSON — Suddenly, on Oct. 9, 1911, after a long and painful illness borne with Christian fortitude, Ida, beloved wife of Wallace Dawson, and daughter of the late Samuel Hawksett.
Funeral private.

GUERIN—At her late residence, 29 Caer-Howell street, Toronto, Margaret Guerin, widow of the late Dennis Guerin.

IRISH—On October 10th, Cornelia Lake, widow of the late David T. Irish, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Mackie, 32 Summerhill Avenue.
Funeral private.

McKEE—On Oct. 7, 1911, at Fredericton, New Brunswick, Joseph Armour McKee, brother of A. H. McKee, of Dept. of Railways and Canals, Ottawa.

PROCTOR—At her late residence, 'Millbank,' Brighton, Ontario, on Oct. 7, 1911, Adelaide Victoria Weller, beloved wife of the late John E. Proctor, Esq., in her 76th year.

ROMAIN—At Oakville, Ont., on Oct. 7, 1911, William Francis Romain, aged 93 years.

TODD—At her home, 547 Somerset St., Ottawa, on Oct. 8th, 1911, Harriett Todd, beloved wife of Samuel Todd, in her 75th year.

WEBB — Suddenly, at New Glasgow, Que., on Friday morning, Oct. 6, 1911, Annie Hamilton, dearly beloved wife of George W. S. Webb, aged 65 years.

IN MEMORIAM.

JACKSON — In loving memory of Annie Maud Jackson, who died Oct. 11, 1900.
'Gone, but not forgotten.'

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends, together with a one-cent stamp for each address, and marked copies of the 'Witness' containing the notice will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required.

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Consultations free.
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OLD CARTHAGE BEING PILLAGED.

Unless something is done at once to save it, and this may be achieved for an expenditure of about £150, in ten years there will be little left of old Carthage, says a writer in the 'Revue de Paris.' Every day stones are taken from the ruins for new constructions, and at intervals plots of land are sold.

One buyer has destroyed all the space between the Odeon and St. Cyprian's cross since 1905; another has pulled down the famous staircase of 130 steps; the Bey Ali has built his palace on the site of the Theodore baths and the old forum, and the seminary of the Peres Blancs, the Laiterie orphanage, the cathedral and numerous hotels and villas have been built with material taken from the ruins.

In the past Carthage suffered considerably in this way, for Tunis has practically been built with its temples, the churches of Italy have been enriched with spoils from its ruins, and almost every country has supplied itself with Carthaginian marbles from the time of the Crusades to the present day. For further pillage might, however, be easily avoided by a little energetic intervention on the part of the French Government, for it would be sufficient to have the ancient city fenced in and put under police or military supervision and to forbid any further loot within its limits.

"Dr. Miles' Nervine Raised Me From the Grave"—Mrs. Taylor

This is a strong statement to make, but it is exactly what Mrs. Thomas Taylor, of Blum, Texas, said in expressing her opinion of this remedy.

"Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine raised me from the grave and I have much confidence in it. I can never say enough for your grand medicines. If anyone had offered me $100.00 for the second bottle of Nervine that I used I would have said 'no indeed.'"
MRS. THOMAS TAYLOR,
Blum, Tex.

Nervous exhaustion is a common occurence of modern life. The wear and tear on the nervous system is greater now than at any time since the world began. For sleeplessness, poor appetite and that "run down" feeling, nothing is so good as

Dr. Miles' Nervine

Your nerves are your life and lack of vital energy makes existence a misery. Dr. Miles' Nervine will tone up your nervous system.

Ask any druggist. If the first bottle fails to benefit, your money is returned.
MILES MEDICAL CO., Toronto, Can.

"BED-TIME STORIES"

HOW GOOD IT TASTED.

'I touched the goal first!' cried Carrie, throwing herself down on the grass and fanning herself with her hat. The rest came runing up one by one, all of them just as hot and tired as Carrie.

'I wish I had a drink,' said Clare.

'So do I,' said Rob.

'I think I saw a drinking fountain down at the end of this path,' said mamma. 'Suppose we all go and look for it?'

In a few minutes the children were drinking to their hearts' content, giving the first drink to Bennie and Baby May.

'Isn't it good!' said Carrie. 'It just seemed as if I couldn't wait another minute, my throat was all so dried up, and now I am ready to play again.'

'Yes, indeed, water is one of our best friends,' said mamma. 'What should we do without it.'

'We'd have to drink lemonade,' said Clare.

'But how could we make lemonade without water?' asked Rob, laughing.

'Well, then we could drink milk,' said Clare.

'But the cows would not give milk very long if they did not have nice fresh water to drink,' said mamma.

'And the grass would dry up so they wouldn't have anything to eat,' Rob said very wisely.

Mamma smiled. 'Yes, that is true, Rob. Everything would dry up pretty soon without the rain and the dew which God sends so lovingly. One year when I was a girl we lived in Iowa, and we were in a part of the country where there was never very much water, and that year especially the wells and cisterns became dry all around us. We had to get all our water from a river five miles away, and it was brought in barrels, so you can see it did not taste very fresh when we got it. And then we had to be careful to use as little as we could for cooking and housekeeping and everything. How glad we were when the rains came!'

'I'm glad we have plenty of water right at home,' said Carrie, and all the children thought the same.—'Apples of Gold.'

THE VOWELS.

(Mrs. Barbaul.)

We are the airy little creatures, z
All of differeint form and features;
One of us in glass is set,
And another is in jet;
One of us is set in tin,
And the fourth a box within;
If the fifth you will pursue
It will never run from you.
—'Educational Review.'

THREE WISE CATS.

Pauline had three cats, but the pet among them was Snugbuggledy-doozledum. The other cats were dear, but Snugbuggledy, as Pauline called him for short, was dearest.

He would do all sorts of clever tricks. He would shake hands and play hide-and-seek as long as any one would play with him.

There was one performance, however, in which all three cats joined. Meat was a luxury which was allowed them only three times a week. Other meals were bread and milk or some such simple diet.

Their little mistress would choose a time when her three pets were in the room together. She would then say, in an unconcerned tone, 'I wonder who wants some meat?'

Instantly three pairs of ears would stand up, three pairs of whiskers would twitch, and three cats were on their feet in a twinkling and following her out into the kitchen where the feast was spread.—Selected.

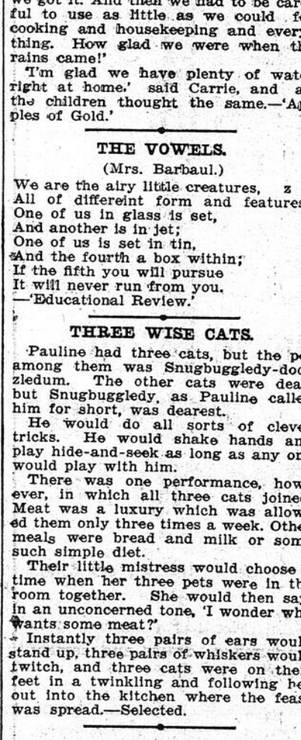
WHAT SAITH THE SCRIPTURE?

October 11.

Behold, I am the Lord, the God of all flesh; is there anything too hard for me?—Jer. xxxii., 27.

I know that thou canst do everything, and that no thought can be withholden from thee.—Job xlii., 2.

Thus saith the Lord; I know the things that come into your mind, every one of them.—Ezek. xi., 5.



TALES OF THE BORDER.

A Story of Wark Castle—The Order of the Garter.

(By John MacKay Wilson, in 'Caledonian.')

(Continued.)

He pressed her hand to his breast—again he cried, 'Farewell!' and, hastening to a troop of horsemen who only waited his commands to sally from the gate upon the camp of their beslegers, the drawbridge was let down, and at head of his followers, he dashed upon the nearest point of the Scottish army. Deadly was the carnage which for a time they spread around; and as they were again driven back and pursued to the gate, their own dead and their wounded were left behind. Frequently and suddenly were such sallies made, as the falcon watcheth its opportunity and darteth on its prey, and as frequently were they driven back, but never without leaving proof to the Scottish monarch at what a desperate price Wark Castle was to be purchased. Frequently, too, as they rushed forth, the Countess eagerly and impatiently beheld them from the turrets; and as the harvest moon broke upon their armor, she seemed to watch every flash of their swords, waving her hand with exultation, or raising her voice in a strain of triumph. But by her side stood Madeline, gazing not less eagerly, but not less interested in the work of danger and despair; but her eyes were fixed upon one only—the young leader of the chivalrous band who braved death for England and their lady's sake. She also watched the flashing of their swords; but her eyes sought those only which glanced where the brightest helmet gleamed and the proudest plume waved. Often the contest was beneath the very walls of the castle, and she could hear her lover's voice and behold him dashing as a thunderbolt into the midst of his enemies.

Obstinate, however, as the resistance of the garrison was, and bloody as the price, indeed, seemed at which the castle was to be purchased, David had too much of the Bruce in his blood to abandon the siege. He began to fill the ditches, and he ordered engines to be prepared to batter down the walls. The ditches were filled, and before the heavy and ponderous blows of the engines a breach was made in the outer wall, and with a wild shout a thousand of the Scottish troops rushed into the outer court.

'Joan Plantagenet disdains ye still!' cried the dauntless Countess. 'Quail not, brave hearts,' she exclaimed, addressing the garrison, who, with deadly aim, continued showering their arrows upon the besiegers; 'before I yield, Wark Castle shall be my funeral pile!'

'And mine!' cried Sir William, as an arrow glanced from his hand and became transfixed in the visor of one of the Scottish leaders.

Madeline glanced towards him, and her eyes yet beaming with courage, seemed to say, 'And mine!'

'And ours!' exclaimed the garrison—'and ours!' they repeated more vehemently; and waving their swords, 'Hurra!' cried they, 'for our ladye, St. George and merry England!'

It was the shout of valiant, but despairing men. Yet, as the danger rose, and as hope became less and less, so rose the determination of the Countess. She was present to animate at every place of assault. She distributed gold amongst them, her very jewels she gave in presents to the bravest; but though they had shed much of the best blood in the Scottish army, their defence was hopeless, and their courage could not save them. Almost their last arrow was expended, and they were repelling their assailants from the inner wall with their spears, when Want, the most formidable enemy of the besieged, began to assail them from within.

It was now that the gentle Madeline, when Sir William endeavored to inspire her with hope, replied, 'I fear not to die—to die with you! but tell me not of hope; it is not to be found in the courage of the brave garrison whom famine is depriving of their strength. There is one hope for us—only one, but it is a desperate hope, and I would rather die than risk the life of another.'

'Nay, name it, dearest,' said Sir William eagerly, 'and if the heart or hand of man can accomplish it, it shall be attempted.'

Madeline hesitated.

'Speak, silly one,' said the Countess, who had overheard them; 'where lies your hope? Could true knight die in nobler cause? Name it; for I wot ye have a wiser head than a bold heart.'

'Name it; do, dear Madeline,' entreated Sir William.

'King Edward is now in Yorkshire,' she replied; 'could a messenger be despatched to him, the castle might hold out until he hastened to our assistance.'

'Sir George! and 'tis a happy thought!' replied the Countess. 'I have not seen my cousin Edward since we were children together; but how know ye that he is in Yorkshire? I expected that ere now he was conquering the hearts of the dark-eyed dames of Erittany, while his arms conquered the country.'

'When I was dressing the wounds of the aged Scottish nobleman,' answered Madeline, 'who was yesterday brought into the castle, he informed me.'

'What think ye of your fair ladye's plan for our deliverance, good brother?' inquired the Countess, addressing the governor.

'Madeline said it would be a desperate attempt,' replied he, thoughtfully, 'and it would indeed be desperate—it is impossible.'

'Out on thy knighthood, man!' rejoined the Countess; is this the farfamed chivalry of Sir William Montague? Why, it is the proposition of your own fair ladye, whom, verily, ye cannot believe chivalrous to a fault. But is it to Joan Plantagenet that ye talk of impossibilities? I will stake thee my dowry against fair Madeline's, I find a hundred men in this poor garrison ready to dare and do what you declare impossible.'

'You find not two, fair sister,' said Sir William proudly.

'Oh, say not one—not one!' whispered Madeline earnestly.

Upon every man in the castle did the Countess urge the dangerous mission—she entreated, she threatened, she offered the most liberal, the most tempting rewards; but the boldest rejected them with dismay.

The Scottish army lay encompassing them around—their sentinels were upon the watch almost at every step, and to venture beyond the gate of the castle seemed but to meet death and to seek it.

'At midnight have my fleetest horse in readiness,' said Sir William, addressing his attendant; 'what no man dare, I will.'

'My brother!—thanks!—thanks!' exclaimed the Countess in a tone of joy.

Madeline clasped her hands together—her cheeks became pale—her voice faltered—she burst into tears.

'Weep not, loved one,' said Sir William; 'the heavens favor the enterprise which my Madeline conceived. Should the storm increase, there is hope—it is possible—it will be accomplished.' And while he yet spoke, the lightning glared along the walls of the castle, and the loud thunder pealed over the battlements. Yet Madeline wept, and repented that she had spoken of the possibility of deliverance.

As it drew towa.ds midnight, the terrors of the storm increased, and the fierce hail poured down in sheets, and rattled upon the earth; the thunder almost incessantly roared louder and more loud; or, when it ceased, the angry wind moaned through the woods like a chained giant in the grasp of an enemy; and the impenetrable darkness was rendered more dismal by the glare of the lightning flashes to and fro.

Silently the castle gate was unbarred; and Sir William, throwing himself into the saddle, dashed his spurs into the sides of his courser, which bounded off at its utmost speed, followed by the adieus of his countrymen and the prayers and the tears of Madeline. The gate was scarce barred behind him ere he was dashing through the midst of the Scottish host. But the noise of the warring elements drowned the trampling of his horse's feet, or, where they were indistinctly heard for a few moments, the sound had ceased, and the horse and its rider were invisible ere the sentinels, who had sought refuge from the fury of the storm in the tents, could perceive them.

He passed through the Scottish lines in safety, and proceeded by way of Morpeth and Newcastle; on the third day he reached the camp of King Edward near Knaresborough. The gay and chivalrous monarch, at the head of a portion of his army, like a true knight, hastened to the relief of his distressed cousin.

David, however, having heard of the approach of Edward at the head of an army more numerous than his own, and his nobles representing to him that the rich and weighty booty which they had taken in their inroad into England, together with the oxen and the horses, would be awkward incumbrances in a battle, he reluctantly abandoned the siege of the castle, and commenced his march toward Jed Forest, about six hours before the arrival of Edward and Sir William Montague.

Madeline took the hand of her lover as he entered, and tears of silent joy fell down her cheeks; but the Countess forgot to thank him in her eagerness to display her beauty and her gratitude in the eyes of her sovereign and kinsman. The young monarch gazed, enraptured, on the fair face of his lovely cousin; and it was evident, while he gazed in her eyes, he thought not of gentle Philippa, the wife of his boyhood; nor was it less evident that she, flattered by the gallantry of her princely relative, forgot her absent husband, though in the presence of his brother. Edward, finding that it would be imprudent to follow the Scottish army, into the forest, addressing the Countess, said, 'Our knights expected, fair coz, to have tried the temper of their lances on the Scottish shields; but as it may not be, in honor of your deliverance, to-morrow we proclaim a tournament to be held in the castle-yard, when each true knight shall prove, on the morion of his antagonist, whose ladye-love is the fairest.'

The eyes of the Countess flashed joy, and she smiled, well pleased at the proposal of the sovereign; but Madeline trembled as she heard it.

Early on the following morning, the castle-yard was fitted up for the tournament. The monarch and the Countess were seated on a dias covered with a purple canopy, and the latter held in her hand a ring which gleaned as a morning star, and which the monarch had taken from his finger, that she might bestow it upon the victor. Near their feet sat Madeline, an unwilling spectator of the conflict. The names of the combatants were known to the pursuivants only, and each entered the lists armed with lance and spear, with their visors down, and having for defence a shield, a sort of cuirass, the helmet, gauntlet and gorget. Several knights had been wounded, and, many dismounted; but the interest of the day turned upon the combat of two who already had each discomfited three. They contended long and keenly; their strength, their skill, their activity seemed equal. Victory hung suspended between them.

'Our ladye!' exclaimed the monarch, rising with delight; 'but they fight bravely! Who may they be? Were it not that he cannot yet be in England, I should say the knight in dark armor is Sir John Aubrey.'

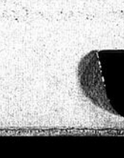
(To be continued.)

MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION

Mr. Rowley Addresses the Fortieth Annual Meeting at the Toronto Board of Trade.

Toronto, Oct. 10.—The fortieth annual meeting of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association was opened in the Board of Trade here this afternoon. The feature of the first session was the address of Mr. Rowley, the president. He touched lightly and diplomatically on the crisis through which Canada had passed, reviewed the prosperous condition of the country. 'Canada had been fortunate in the selection of her political leaders. The government administration had been progressive in some respects, perhaps too progressive. Aside from political considerations there was a plane on which all might find cause for rejoicing, that was the unmistakable evidence of an intense national feeling.'

Concerning the tariff, he said: 'Pray observe that I do not advocte a higher tariff, or even a high tariff. Our association and the individual members who compose it would be ill-advised to ask for a material increase in the rates of duty. The vote of the people cannot be distorted into a building permit to heighten the tariff wall, but it endorses the policy of reasonable, moderate, fair and practical protection. Beyond that it does not go. Some items in our tariff may not be fair. Then let us put them right after ascertaining all the facts, and consulting the interests of all concerned, but once we have the tariff right let it be maintained on a reasonable stable basis, so that our people may be satisfied. A good class of immigration brought in, capital protected, encouragement given to our farmers and our artisans, and a continuance and extension given to old and existing industries, and to the establishment of new ones.'


DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH POWDER 25c.
is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. 25c. blower free. Accept no substitutes. All dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

OBITUARY.

THE VERY REV. STEWART HOUSTON, M.A., D.C.L.

Toronto, Oct. 11.— The Very Rev. Stewart Houston, M.A., D.C.L., Dean of Niagara, is dead here, at the age of 77 years. He was born in Lanark county, and was educated at Trinity University. He preached at Watertown for twenty years, after which he was appointed rector of Christ Church, Niagara Falls. He retained that charge for thirty-one years.

Fourty-four years ago he married the eldest daughter of the late Rev. R. G. Cox, of Brampton, who survives him. He leaves four sons and two daughters— William in Toronto; Edward in Ottawa; Herbert in Port Arthur, and Arthur in Toronto; Mrs. MacLaren, of Hamilton, and Miss Houston. The late Stewart Houston, who was for a number of years manager of Massey Hall, was also a son.

THE PRESS ON THE CABINET

The 'Times' Thinks Mr. Borden's Selection a Strong One.

Newspaper comment on the new Conservative ministry is for the most part favorable; and is pretty well represented by the following:

THE 'TIMES.'

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, October 11.—The 'Times,' commenting on the Cabinet of Mr. Borden, says the Conservative Premier is a man well fitted to wield the great political forces now placed at his disposal. He is a serious thinker, student and man of wide culture and extensive and accurate knowledge. Mr. White's wide knowledge of business conditions eminently qualifies him for the position of minister of finance. The inclusion in the Cabinet of Mr. Monk, who in opposition had some differences of opinion with his leader, may be taken as happy evidence of the closing of the breach in the Conservative ranks. Mr. Cochrane has records of successful work in an analagous position in Ontario. The Government, in short, impresses one as being a very efficient working combination, composed of men well and favorably known for their strength of character and sound public work.

THE LONDON 'DAILY MAIL.'

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, October 10.—The 'Daily Mail' congratulates Premier Borden on his judicious selection of a Cabinet, which contains names which will inspire confidence throughout the Empire. The choice of Mr. White as minister of finance, is an indication of the economic policy of the Government, as it gives assurance that the fiscal and commercial policy of the Dominion will be developed upon Imperial lines. In Mr. Foster, as minister of trade and commerce, we have a guarantee that the question of Imperial preference will be kept well to the front, and that nothing will be left undone to strengthen the Imperial commercial relations. The presence of Mr. Monk in the Conservative cabinet need cause no surprise, though he has been conspicuous as one of the Nationalist leaders, and the ally of Mr. Bourassa. Mr. Monk is by instinct and tradition of the Conservative party, and may be counted on to use a moderating influence with the extreme section of the Nationalists. That the naval and military policy will be imperial is guaranteed by the appointment of Mr. Hazen as minister of marine, and of Colonel Hughes as minister of militia, both of whose attachment to imperial ideals is beyond dispute.

THE TORONTO 'TELEGRAM.'

Toronto, October 10.—The 'Evening Telegram' editorially says in part: 'Ontario has earned the place this province occupies as so much dust and ashes under the triumphant feat of Quebec race and creed prejudices. These prejudices threaten to sway the sceptre in the Anglo-Saxon hands of the Hon. R. L. Borden as truly as they swayed the sceptre in the French-Canadian hands of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. It is not accusation, but admiration that speaks in recognition of Quebec's power to enforce respect for her race and creed ideals. Quebec is a conqueror at Ottawa, but Quebec stands by the men who stand by Quebec's race and creed ideals. Ontario is a cipher at Ottawa, but Ontario deserts the men who stand by Ontario's race and creed ideals. What does Ontario expect to win from a government made up of enthusiasts of the race and creed on the French-Canadian side, and of opportunities who care nothing for the ideals of their race and creed on the other side.

Quebec has reason to be proud of her people, and proud of the men who represent these people in every government, but Quebec does not lean as English-speaking Canada leans, on politicians who have proved their willingness to sacrifice the ideals of their race and creed for the sake of the party. The English-speaking section of the Borden Government is made up of gentlemen who put their principles on the auction block of party when Tupper tried to force clerical schools on Manitoba in 1896, or when Laurier forced clerical schools on Alberta and Saskatchewan in 1905. The dominant figure in the representation of Ontario is the Hon. Frank Cochrane, and those who would see Mr. Cochrane's monument, and realize where Mr. Cochrane stands in relation to the most cherished ideals of Ontario, have only to go to Mr. Cochrane's constituency of Sudbury and look around them. There in public schools perverted into the agencies of a system that makes it impossible for English-speaking parents to educate their children in their own province, they will see the Hon. Frank Cochrane's ideals in action, and realize whether such a truckling opportunist, and other equally truckling opportunists, are the men to grapple with the enthusiasts who always represent the race and creed ideals of Quebec in the Borden Government.

THE TORONTO 'GLOBE.'

Toronto, October 11.—The 'Globe' (Liberal) says this morning:

'There are men in the new ministry in whom the 'Globe' has no confidence, but there are others—the majority of the administration—who have rendered useful public service and who are good and true Canadians.

'Of the Premier it may be said unreservedly that he comes to his high task with an unsullied personal record. That on occasion he has been weak in leadership where he might well have been strong his own supporters have frequently said. But he is an honorable, courteous, clean-minded, and clean-handed man, for whom no Canadian need apologize either at home or abroad. In the formation of his ministry Mr. Borden has again given evidence that self-assertion and pull count far more in his eyes than modest worth.

'There will be criticism enough of his Cabinet from Conservatives to make much from Liberal sources unnecessary. Especially will there be grave objection to the inclusion of Messrs. Rogers, Foster and Monk in the Government. Mr. Rogers brings to Ottawa from the West a sinister reputation as a politician skilled in the human devices that count for far more in the winning of elections than high ideals and patriotic fervor. It would almost seem that Mr. Borden chose him to "carry the bag." If that was the purpose the choice is well made.' The 'Globe' cites its objections to Mr. Foster and Mr. Monk; the former on his record as manager of the Union Trust Company, and the latter as 'the mouthpiece of Mr. Bourassa,' and predicts that there will be neither a Canadian navy nor a contribution to the Imperial navy. Of Mr. White, the 'Globe' says:

'As a Liberal he has supported a moderate tariff, and when the manufacturers, who regarded the recent victory as an opportunity for an increase in their protection, begin to interview Mr. White, matters will become interesting. The big interests who forced him into the Government probably will not profit so much from his elevation to the ministry of finance as they would have done by pinning their hopes upon some "regular" Conservative protectionist like Mr. Kemp or Mr. Ames.'

HOW TORONTO FEELS.

Toronto, Oct. 10.—The announcement of the personnel of the Borden Cabinet has been received with mixed feelings in Toronto. 'It is quite satisfactory to the "News," amuses the 'Star' and angers the 'Telegram.' Mr. W. T. White is the particular bone of contention, and local Conservatives think there may be some difficulty in finding a seat for the new Minister of Finance in Ontario. As Toronto is the storm centre of the opposition, it is not likely that the party will risk opening a seat here.

It is reported that Mr. John J. Carrick, whose seat in Rainy River was an acclamation after a postponement of the election, has positively refused to vacate for any outsider. The leaders of the anti-White movement base their hostility on his opposition to public ownership, while the rank and file of the Conservative party are inclined to resent his inclusion as an outsider and a former Liberal.

The 'Star' says editorially to-night: 'The alliance between Mr. Borden and the Nationalists is apparent in the formation of the Cabinet. Monk, Nantel, Pelletier, all three Nationalists, are taken into the Cabinet, and all have portfolios. Ontario's representation is weak. While Mr. White's appointment will rankle in the hearts of Conservatives, and while Conservatives themselves declare that his whole mental attitude is pro-corporation, he is unquestionably a more able man than either Col. Sam Hughes or Dr. Reid. Although these men have had the political experience which Mr. White altogether lacks, they are not regarded in their own party as men of marked ability. As for Mr. Crothers, his qualifications as a Minister of Labor will be a mystery to the labor movement.'

REVENUES OF ONTARIO.

Toronto, Oct. 11.—That the revenues of the province will show a considerable increase this year over last is almost assured, judging by the way the money is being sent into the H... A. J. Matheson, Provincial Treasur... The supplementary revenue of ... province for eleven months amoun... to $770,000, and by the end of the pr... sent month, which also is the end ... the fiscal year, it is expected t... $800,000 will be received. Col. M... theson's estimate of the supplem... tary revenue was $750,000. Of t... amount received only $34,000 was p... in before the first of September ... the balance since. More than $... 000 has been received since the ... of this month.

The amount received from the ... provincial tax on bars for five mon... of the year will amount to $... and it is expected that the Hyd... Electric Commission will be in a p... tion to pay the interest on the sin... ing fund by next year.

A HIGH PRICED DAILY.

Paris to Start a New Daily Newspaper to Sell at Ten Cents a Copy.

Paris, Oct. 11.—A scheme is on ... to start in Paris the highest pri... daily newspaper of the present ... It is to be called 'Le Journal Intern... tional,' to be published in French, ... to be sold at ten cents a copy.

The object of the publication is ... regard political affairs from a st... ly international standpoint, and ... that purpose an international ed... ory editorial board is to meet on... year to consider the policy of ... journal. Lord Weardale for Gr... Britain, George Brandes for ... mark, Count Albert Apponyi for H... gary, and Baroness von Sutner ... Austria, are members of the boa... and Theodore Stanton, an Ameri... journalist, as editor.

Large premises have been taken ... Paris, and it is stated the newspa... will be started in February.

NEW DIRECTOR.

Mr. Thomas W. Lamont, of J. P. Morgan & Co., has been elected a direc... Northern Pacific, replacing Mr. Geo... W. Perkins, resigned.

حوائج حضرة ده امتنع! نفيس وحقيقي فوق العادة!

The Art Event of the Season

Gigantic Unreserved
Auction Sale
of over $50,000 worth of Rare and High-class
ORIENTAL RUGS

Being personally selected in the Orient by MR. BABAYAN, of COURIAN, BABAYAN & CO.
(Canada's Foremost Rug Importers)

Comprising most exquisite and silky specimens of Royal Kirmanshah, Tabriz, Senna, Sarouk, Fine Keshan, Serebent, Ispahan, Feraghan Kabistan, Shiraz, Kazak, Daghistan, Ardebil, Antique, Rare Boukharas, Afghan, Mahal, Gerovan, etc., etc., Rugs, Carpets, also Silk and Camel's Hair Palace Strips.

In order to show and display this large and elegant collection with its entirety, the large premises have been secured at
No. 600 ST. CATHERINE ST, W.
(Opposite Ogilvy's)
where the sale will take place on THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, October 12th, 13th, 14th, at 2.30 and 8 p.m. each day.

The rug buyers of Montreal should not fail to avail themselves of this excellent opportunity, as every rug in the collection is a connoisseur's dream and the acme of Oriental Art.

Goods on view from Tuesday evening. Catalogues mailed on application.

Mr. L. Babayan, who will be present at this sale, will be pleased to offer his services to his numerous patrons of Montreal during the exhibit and the auction.

FRASER BROS.,
Auctioneers.

THE AUCTION SALE OF A
$25,000 Bankrupt Jewellery Stock
is now on Sale Evenings,
at 66 St. Catherine St., East.

This is your chance of getting your Christmas Present at Auction, and save from 50 to 75 percent on the Dollar.

TO-DAY WE HAVE ON SALE:
Clocks, Jewel Boxes, Watches, Rings, Tea and Coffee Sets, Silver Salad Dishes, Fine China Sets, Fine Umbrellas.

In fact, the Stock is too great to name it all. There are thousands of other lines.

Goods sold on commission in any part of the city at 5 percent. C. C. BRANDT, Auctioneer.

FIRE HOSE COSTS LITTLE, SAVES MUCH
Look into the matter. Get our Samples and Prices 'Phone or send Postal. Our City Salesman will call.
D. K. McLAREN, LIMITED
351 St. James Street.

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UNITED STATES NAVY

Discrepancy of Over $3,228,271 Between Material on Hand and that Shown on Books

Washington, D.C., October 10.—A discrepancy of over $3,288,271 between the material on hand and that called for by the books of the Washington Navy Yard was shown by the inventory of that yard just completed, according to an announcement by Secretary of the Navy Meyer yesterday. This is the first inventory of record made at this yard within the last twenty-five years. The discrepancy is attributed to loose book-keeping methods, which Secretary Meyer set out some time ago to correct.

'In the past,' said Secretary Meyer, 'owing to the faulty methods of book-keeping, materials issued from navy yards were frequently not invoiced for months and even years after their delivery, the consequence being that at any particular time the books of the yard would show material on hand not actually to be found by inventory, while the ships would have on board quantities of material not accompanied by invoices, and therefore not shown on the books. Owing to the high value of many ordinance units, this practice was particularly liable to show large differences between the values of ordnance materials actually on hand and as shown by the books.'

The Navy Department officials stated explicitly that there was no indication whatever that moral turpitude was involved in the discrepancy and that it undoubtedly was due to the antiquated bookkeeping methods.

WESTERN LUMBER PROSPECTS.

Mills Will Close Down For a Year and Throw Thousands Idle.

Calgary, Alta., October 10.—Far-reaching changes were decided on at the conference held in Calgary over the week-end by the members of the Coast Mountain Lumbermen's Association. It was decided among the members that they would close down a large number of their mills this coming season, and in some of the mountain mills not a wheel will turn until 1913. Horses are to be sold off, camp will be abandoned, and, generally, the lumbermen will mark time for about a year.

Another important change which was agreed upon was that the lumber at present in stock in the various mills will be sold through one office, to be located in Calgary. Possibly the mountain and coast associations will have separate offices, but there will not be more than two selling agencies at the outside. It is said that the dealers and mills are all pretty well stocked, and the idea in selling through one office is that the mills will get cleaned out of their surplus lines. As the business has been conducted for the past year, there has been some cutting in prices. If a mill had a large stock of one particular line on hand it would tell its travellers to make a cut of from $1 to $3 a thousand on this particular article.

Under the present arrangement all competition is to be removed. The dealers can only buy from the head office in Calgary and only at one price. The effect of the new arrangement will also be to bring all the mills into the association. It can easily be seen that independent owners will not have any chance against the members of the association, which would put the lumber in at a cut price and put the independent man out of business in short order.

The trade for the past year has been somewhat annoyed by the encroachments of the American mills. It was decided at the meeting on Saturday that the association would meet all cuts that the Americans might make and put them out of business at all costs. In the meantime an effort will be made to have the Government put a duty on American lumber that will give them protection in the rough lines of lumber, in which they have to meet the keenest competition at present.

As a result of the placing of the lumber from one office alone there will be nearly 200 lumber travellers out of employment. The individual salesmen that the millmen had on the road will now be out of employment, as it is anticipated that through the new arrangements probably ten or a dozen travellers will be able to handle all the orders.

Those in close touch with the lumber business say that there is not likely to be any advance in the prices of lumber until next spring at least. It is not known whether there will be even then, but it is reasonable to suppose that when the dealers' yards are fairly cleared and the mills have their surplus stock disposed of, there will be another meeting of the associations and a new price will be set for some at least of their output. In the meantime it will be taken as an assured fact that the list price which the millmen have adopted will be adhered to without any variation.

WHY SNIFFLE AND SNEEZE WITH CATARRHAL COLD?

By Breathing the Healing Vapor of Catarrhozone You Get Relief in Ten Minutes.

Every second person that you meet seems to have a sneeze and stuffed feeling in the forehead and nostrils. To cure promptly, say, in half an hour, there is nothing worth using except Catarrhozone. You inhale its balsamic vapor, and feel as if you were among the Norway pines. This is because Catarrhozone contains a healing medicine, light as pine air which is breathed straight into the lungs and bronchial tubes. Away goes the cold; sneezing and catarrhal cough cease, bronchial irritation stops; in short, you are cured of catarrh by a pleasant, simple remedy, free from sedatives and irritants.

That Catarrhozone is a swift, certain means of destroying colds and catarrh is proved by the following statement of Mr. Pulos, one of Brockville's best known merchants:

"In the fall of 1903," writes Mr. Pulos, "under date of June 10th, 1910, I contracted a very severe cold which developed into Catarrh. At that time I was living in New York State and rated with four different physicians, who afforded me no relief. On coming to Brockville I was advised by a friend to try Catarrhozone. I bought the dollar outfit, and was gratified by the results. I was completely cured by Catarrhozone, and have used it since to check a cold with unfailing results. It is the grandest medicine in existence, and I hope my testimony will be of use to other fellow-sufferers."

(Signed) George Pulos.

An ideal protection for the chest, lungs, nose, and throat is the frequent use of Catarrhozone. Two months' treatment (the large size) costs $1.00, medium size 50c.; at all dealers or the Catarrhozone Co., Brockville, N.Y., and Kingston, Canada.

R & O Nav. Co. LOW RATES TO WEST

INCLUDING MEALS AND BERTH.

To TORONTO - - - $10.00. Return $18.00
To HAMILTON - - $10.50. Return $19.00

Via the BEAUTIFUL THOUSAND ISLANDS AND PICTURESQUE BAY OF QUINTE BY DAYLIGHT.

The fine iron steamer "Belleville" sails from Montreal every Friday at 7 p.m. Steam heat and electric lights throughout and every comfort and convenience for passengers on board.

CITY TICKET OFFICE, 9-11 Victoria Square.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

TORONTO SERVICE

10.48 P.M. DAILY.

YONGE ST. STATION
NORTH TORONTO.

THIS TRAIN HAS NO EQUAL FOR COMFORTABLE TRAVELLING.

Compartment cars of unexcelled superiority, and Sleeping cars.

The only line on which there are Compartment cars.

8.45 a.m. and 10.00 p.m. daily to Union Station.

Fall change in time now in operation. Timetables can be had on application to Ticket Agents.

CALEDONIA SPRINGS

WEEK-END HOLIDAY RESORTS.

CHEAP FARES

GOING FRIDAY and SATURDAY, RETURN UNTIL MONDAY.

HUNTERS' EXCURSIONS

FROM MONTREAL TO

Mattawa to Temiskaming and Kipawa.
Ironsides to Maniwaki, Que.
Aylmer, Que., to Waltham, Que.
St. Adele, Que., to Duhamel, Que.
Riviere a Pierre Jct. to Chicoutimi, Que., including La Tuque and Roberval branches, via Quebec.
Morin Flats to Huberdeau, Que.

AT FIRST-CLASS SINGLE FARE AND ONE-THIRD.

Good going until Nov. 8.
Returning until Dec. 2nd, 1911.

REDUCED FARES

Until Oct. 15th, inclusive.

Second-Class Colonist Fares from Montreal to

Nelson and Spokane, Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, and Portland $47.70

San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego Mexico City, Mex. $49.00

Low rates to many other points.

TICKET OFFICES:

$13 St. James St. Telephones, Main 8721, 1723, or Place Viger and Windsor Street Stations.

CHINESE REVOLUTIONARIES.

Twenty-eight Arrested at Wu Chang and Four Were Publicly Executed.

Hankow, China, October 10.—Twenty-eight Chinese revolutionaries have been arrested at Wu Chang, capital of the Province of Hupeh, and four of the number were beheaded in front of the Viceroy's yamen to-day. The arrests and executions followed the discovery of a revolutionary plot in the Russian concession here. A bomb was exploded whereupon a search revealed a factory for the manufacture of explosives and a plan for an attack on Wu Chang.

EARTHQUAKE RECORDED.

Shock of Considerable Magnitude Which Lasted for Thirty-four Minutes.

New York, October 10—An earthquake, probably not more than a thousand miles distant, and of considerable magnitude was recorded this morning on the seismograph at Brooklyn College. The record began at 8.19 and continued until 8.53, with the maximum disturbance at 8.32. The strongest movement was in the north-south direction. The disturbance was considerably more severe than that recorded by last week's shock in Hayti.

CONTROLLERS IN OPEN MEETING.

The Board of Control held an open meeting yesterday for the first time in many months. Hereafter public sessions will be held twice weekly. A report was received that the top of St. Gabriel's Dyke, Ash avenue, was threatening to fall in, and it was decided to recommend its repair at a cost of $500. Some residence of Bon Rivage street, Longue Pointe asked for new sidewalks. It was decided to favor the building of a kiosk for cab men on Pine avenue and St. Lawrence Boulevard. Dr. Louis Laberge was instructed to disinfect St. James market in order to clear it of cockroaches.

ELECTRIC CRANES TO HARBOR

The policy of the present Harbor Commissioners in erecting two story freight sheds on the wharves has proved a success. When it was proposed to erect sheds of that type many shipping companies prophesied that they would never be used at all, or if they were, the cost of unloading goods into them would be so heavy that the shipping interests of the port would be seriously handicapped. A 'Witness' reporter toured the sheds this morning and found large quantities of the most perishable freight stored in them, and even the box or crate had been placed there by the ship's own tackle, and at no additional cost of unloading. The companies have admitted their error in judgment and use the upper story constantly and without complaint. Then, too, since the construction of the new electric elevator for loaded lorries, their use has increased greatly. Previously, all goods had to be 'shot' down a smooth incline, and loaded on the trucks below. This meant constant blockades of teams in the lower sheds. Now, however, all freight is placed on the delivery waggons in the shed above, and team and load sent down the elevator. The shipping companies would like to see a number of electric unloading cranes placed at the sheds. Complaints are frequently heard that the steam winches and other unloading machinery creates such a noise that life on the water front becomes almost unbearable. It is claimed for the electric crane that it is almost noiseless.

BREAD STAMP TEST CASE.

Two bakers, who came before Mr. Recorder Weir yesterday morning on a charge of breaking the by-law regarding the proper weight stamping of bread, pleaded not guilty and were remanded for trial on Friday.

Mr. Louis Seranger, counsel for defendants, took the ground that the provincial law allows the weight of bread to be marked in quarter-pound fractions, while the city by-law prohibits anything less than half a pound in the fraction of a pound. He gave notice that the case will be made a test one to see under which law the right is invested for bakers to mark their measures and weights. No fault was found regarding the proper amount of bread in the loaf, simply the marking of the same by other than by-law regulations.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

ONLY DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

Between Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton, Niagara Falls, Detroit and Chicago.

7½ HOURS To TORONTO

"International Limited"
(Canada's Railway Greyhound.)
Lvs. Montreal 9 a.m. for Toronto and West.

FOUR EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

Between MONTREAL and TORONTO. 9.00 a.m., 9.45 a.m., 7.30 p.m., 10.30 p.m.

Elegant Dining, Parlor and Library Car Service on Day Train. The Pullman Sleeping Cars operated on Night Trains are electric-lighted, including reading lamps in berths, and are also equipped with electric fans.

Pacific Coast Points.

In effect until October 15th, inclusive.

One Way Second-Class Colonist Fares from Montreal, via Chicago, to

Nelson, Vancouver, Victoria, Westminster, B.C.; Seattle, Spokane, Tacoma, Wash.; Portland, Ore. $47.70

San Francisco, Los Angeles San Diego, Cal.; Mexico City, Mex. $49.00

Low rates to many other points.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.

Leave Montreal for Chicago on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 10.30 p.m. Berths available for accommodation of passengers holding first or second class tickets on payment of nominal charge. Connection made with trains carrying cars of similar style at Chicago.

CITY TICKET OFFICES:
130 St. James Street. 'Phone Main 6905, or Bonaventure Station.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

BONAVENTURE UNION STATION.

Hunters' Excursions

Reduced fares to points in Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.
Good going Oct. 19th to Nov. 11th. Returning up to Dec. 14th, 1911.

TRAIN SERVICE

MARITIME EXPRESS.

8.15 A.M. — for Levis, Quebec, Murray Bay, Riv. du Loup, Cacouna, Little Metis, Campbellton, Moncton, St. John and Halifax, daily except Saturdays. On Saturdays, to Campbellton only.

4.00 P.M. — EXPRESS to St. Hyacinthe and Nicolet and intermediate stations, daily except Sunday.

7.30 P.M. — OCEAN LIMITED, daily, except Saturdays, for Levis, Quebec, Riv. du Loup, Matapedia, Campbellton, Moncton, St. John, Halifax, Prince Edward Island and the Sydneys.

CITY TICKET OFFICE,
132 St. James St. Tel. Bell M. 6?8.
H. A. PRICE, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. GEO. STRUBBE, City Ticket Agt.

MONTREAL MISSION BOARD.

Plans to Make Native Christians Self-supporting.

A Montreal board to co-operate with the one in Toronto in charge of Dr. Wilkie's mission in Gwalior, Central India, was established at a meeting at the Bible House, Union avenue, on Monday afternoon.

The Rev. Dr. Wilkie outlined his plans, which are to make native Christians self-supporting, and to do this required that they should have special training. His comprehensive and practical plan was to purchase land to establish three model villages in which the native Christians would live—they number a thousand already in that one mission—and cultivate the soil, the young people being trained either as farmers, missionaries or artizans. To carry out this plan and provide competent instructors would require $50,000. This sum Dr. Wilkie hopes to secure during his present visit to Canada.

The following were chosen to form the Montreal board, with power to add to their numbers:—

President—Mr. John Murphy.
Hon. treasurer—Mr. G. J. Cuthbertson.
Hon secretary—Mr. C. Gordonsmith.
Members of the board—Dr. Kelley, Mr. Robert Munro, Mr. A. R. Wightman, Mr. C. W. Davies, Mr. C. H. Sutherland, Mr. Walter Paul, Miss M. B. Brown and Mrs. David Williamson.

ROUGH PASSAGE TO KINGSTON.

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 10.—The steamer 'Acadian,' grain laden from Fort William, arrived in port this morning. The crew report the trip one of the roughest of the season. On Lakes Superior and Huron they had an awful siege, but on Lake Erie it was fair. As the result of the bad weather the vessel had a great deal of damaged grain. Nearly all the vessels arriving in port during the past few days have had damaged grain due to rough weather. Owing to low water, vessels have had to lighter a very large amount.

JUVENILE COURT DEED.

Mr. J. L. Archambault, K.C., city attorney, said to-day that he was preparing a deed to be adopted by the City Council defining the position of the City Council and the Provincial Government in the matter of the Juvenile Court. This will set forth the obligations and duties of the city and the province concerning this court, as already announced. Mr. Archambault received a letter from Mr. Charles Lanctot, assistant attorney-general, saying that when this deed was finally accepted the government would appoint a judge for this court.

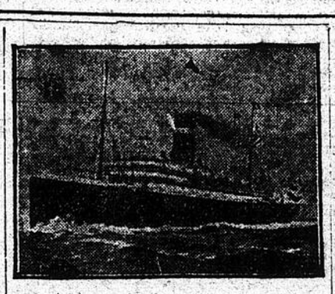
TWO MORE 'BLIND PIGS.'

Mr. Recorder Weir passed a sentence of $100 and costs, or three months in jail, on George Deslauriers, 52 Panet street, and a like sentence on Arthur Goyette, 614 east Craig street, yesterday, when both men pleaded guilty to keeping a blind pig, where liquors could be had at any time.

The arrests took place during a raid by the police of the East Craig street station, and included three disorderly houses. The housekeepers in each instance pleaded not guilty, and were remanded for trial on Friday.

LECTURE ON NATION BUILDING.

At a meeting held on Monday in the lecture hall of the Church of the Ascension, Park avenue, Mr. Wm. Sutton delivered an address on 'Nation Building and the British Empire.' He advocated the strengthening of the bonds of Imperial unity and a more general participation in the work of patriotic associations.



ALLAN LINE.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.
FAST TURBINE STEAMERS.
SHORTEST OCEAN PASSAGE TO LIVERPOOL.

Victorian ..... Oct. 13
Corsican ..... Oct. 20
Virginian ..... Oct. 27
Tunisian ..... Nov. 3

Saloon passage, $80.00 and $90.00, and up.

Second Cabin, $50.00, $52.50 and up. London, $2.50 additional. Third Class, Liverpool, London and Glasgow, $31.25 and $32.50, according to steamer.

TO GLASGOW.

Hesperian ..... Oct. 14
Ionian ..... Oct. 21
Grampian ..... Oct. 28
Scotian ..... Nov. 4

SS. Grampian and Hesperian: Saloon, $70.00, and up. Second Class, $50.00, and up. Other steamers.

One Class Cabin, called second cabin, $47.50 and $50.00, and up. Third Class, $30.25.

TO HAVRE AND LONDON.

Corinthian ..... Oct. 10
*Pomeranian ..... Oct. 15
Lake Erie ..... Oct. 22
Sicilian ..... Oct. 29

*Does not call at Havre.

One Class—Second Cabin Rate—London, $45; Havre, $55.00, and up; Paris, $3.65 additional. Third Class, London, $30.25; Havre, $31.00; Paris, $33.50.

All the steamers on the above services, Liverpool, Glasgow, London, and Havre, are fitted with cold storage.

H. & A. ALLAN, MONTREAL.

DONALDSON LINE

Glasgow Freight and Passenger Service.

From Glasgow. To Montreal.
Sept. 30..SS. SALACIA ..... Oct. 14
Oct. 7..†*T.SS. CASSANDRA, Oct. 21

CHRISTMAS SAILINGS.
From St. John, N.B.
*†T.SS. ATHENIA ..... Dec. 2
*†T.SS. SATURNIA ..... Dec. 9

*Steamers fitted with Refrigerators.
†Passenger steamers.

Passage Rates: Cabin (called Second), $47.50. Third Class, Eastbound, $30.25; Westbound, $31.25.

Special Uptown Agency, Thos. Cook & Son, 530 St. Catherine St. W., or
THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, AGENTS.

CUNARD THOMSON LINE

Joint London Freight Service.

Cold Storage and Cool Air on Steamers Marked *.

SS. FREMONA ..... Oct. 14
* T.SS. ASCANIA ..... Oct. 21
SS. DEVONA ..... Oct. 28

THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, AGENTS.

THOMSON LINE

LEITH SERVICE.

SS. BELLONA (about) ..... Oct. 27

ABERDEEN SERVICE.

SS. BELLONA (about) ..... Oct. 27

NEWCASTLE SERVICE.

SS. CAIRNTORR (about) ..... Oct. 30

For full particulars for all services, apply to
THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, Montreal, Toronto, Quebec, St. John, N.B., and Portland, Me.

CUNARD LINE

Canadian London Passenger Service.

From Southampton. From Montreal for London.
Oct. 3..T.SS. ASCANIA ..... Oct. 21
Oct. 17..T.SS. ALBANIA ..... Nov. 4
Oct. 31..T.SS. AUSONIA ..... Nov. 18

Passage Rates: Cabin (called second), Ascania, $46.25 and upwards; other steamers, $45.00 and upwards. Third Class, British, Eastbound, $30.25. Prepaid, West., $30.00.

Full particulars on application to Special Uptown Agency, Thos. Cook & Son, 530 St. Catherine St. W., or
THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, St. John, N.B., Portland, Me., Winnipeg, Man., and all Cunard Line Agents.

Manchester Liners

(LIMITED).

WEEKLY SAILINGS TO AND FROM MANCHESTER.

From Man. From Montreal.
Sept. 23..MAN. COMMERCE . Oct. 14
Sept. 30..MAN. TRADER ... Oct. 21
Oct. 7..MAN. SHIPPER ... Oct. 28
Oct. 14..MAN. CORPORATION, Nov. 4
Oct. 21..MAN. EXCHANGE .. Nov. 11

Limited number of passengers carried.

FURNESS, WITHY & CO., Limited
Agents - - - MONTREAL.

WHITE STAR DOMINION

LARGEST STEAMERS FROM CANADA

MONTREAL & QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL
EVERY SATURDAY,
S.S. LAURENTIC S.S. MEGANTIC
Passengers in all Classes. Elevators. Orchestras.
Rates: First, $92.50; Second, $53.75 up

S.S. TEUTONIC S.S. CANADA
Only One Class Cabin, (II.) and Third Class.
Rates: Teutonic, $55 up; Canada, $50 up
Third Class at low rates. Closed Rooms only.

XMAS SAILINGS | FROM PORTLAND, Me. AND HALIFAX, N. S.
CANADA; MEGANTIC; TEUTONIC;
DEC. 2; 9; 14

Book early. Secure your Berths now

Ask Agents for particulars, or Company's Office, 118 Notre Dame St. W. Uptown Agy., 530 St. Catherine Street, West.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &c.

ELLIOTT & DAVID
Advocates, Barristers and Solicitors, Commissioners for all the Province And for the States of Massachusetts and New York.
Canada Life Building, 189 St. James st.
Henry J. Elliott, K.C. L. A. David.

SMITH, MARKEY, SKINNER, PUGSLEY & HYDE,
ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, Etc.,
METROPOLITAN BUILDING,
179 ST. JAMES STREET.
ROBT. C. SMITH, K.C., FRED. H. MARKEY, K.C.
WALDO W. SKINNER,
WILLIAM G. PUGSLEY,
G. GORDON HYDE.

MACLENNAN & BAKER,
Advocates, Barristers and Solicitors,
Quebec Bank Building, Montreal.
FARQUHAR S. MACLENNAN, K.C.
WILLIAM A. BAKER, LL.B.

Tel. Main 3960.
PATTERSON & JENKINS,
Advocates, Barristers & Solicitors,
180 St. James Street, Montreal.
W. PATTERSON. J. JENKINS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES
ISSUED BY
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
107 St. James Street. 49 Crescent St.

P.O. Box 356. Tel. M. 4156.
Cables—"Nahac, Montreal."
Codes—Liebers—West. Un.
C. H. CAHAN, K.C.,
BARRISTER
AND
SOLICITOR
Royal Insurance Building, Place d'Armes, MONTREAL.

ASHES

Given away Free. Apply Engineer Witness Office. Easy of access.

PATENT ATTORNEYS.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

We solicit the business of Manufacturers, Engineers and Others who realize the advisability of having their Patent business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Inventor's Adviser sent upon request. Marion & Marion, Quebec Bank Building, Montreal and Washington, D.C., U.S.A.

PATENTS
FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO.
PENNISON & CO

INVENTIONS PATENTED IN ALL COUNTRIES.
OWEN N. EVANS
Merchants Bank Building, Montreal.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations.

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties.—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price, $3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for

NEW ROUTES SOUGHT.

Authority to extend the lines of the Montreal Southern Counties' Railway from Youville square along Grey Nun, St. Paul to Inspector street, Chabolliez square, Cathedral and Metcalfe streets to St. Catherine street west is being asked the city. The previous request of the company was reported upon adversely by City Engineer Barlow because it included some streets on which the Montreal Street Railway Company has right-of-way.

LOAN BY-LAW DEFEATED.

Greenfield Park citizens will have no new roads or sidewalks this year. The Citizens' Committee of that town some time ago petitioned the Council to borrow $25,000 for the purpose of improving the roads and sidewalks, and making other public improvements. Yesterday and the day before the issue was dealt with by the ratepayers themselves, and they pronounced against such an undertaking. The result of the polling was as follows, four people representing a valuation $150,346.62 voted in favor of borrowing the money, and nineteen, representing a valuation of $207,687.74, voted against it. If the citizens had endorsed the loan it would have been expended as follows, $15,000 for roads, $4,000 for sidewalks, $5,000 for water courses, and $1,000 for charter.

MOTHER SEEKS SONS.

Wm. and Chas. Fortier, two young men supposed to be in Montreal or vicinity, are being sought by their mother, Mrs. Joseph Lacy, now a resident of Keokuk, Iowa. In 1900, the boys were placed in the Industrial School at Montfort, and were last heard of in 1907, when one of them spent a few months in a boys' home on Lagauchetiere street. Mrs. Lacy is now in the city and is staying with a relative at 10 Monique avenue.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

ACCOUNTANCY — CHARTERED ACcountant's clerk seeks employment, temporary, otherwise, equal any requirement connection with accounts, or would accept position as bookkeeper. Englishman. Box 98, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, POSITION as Bass Soloist in any choir of Protestant denomination. Address R. S., 750, care of 'Witness' Office.

FOR SALE.

KINDLING WOOD FOR THE MILLION—Kindling, $2.00; Cut Hardwood, $3.00; Mill Blocks, $1.75 per load. J. C. MACDIARMID, 402 William street. Tel. M. 462.

MASON & RISCH UPRIGHT PIANO, walnut case, 7 1-3 octaves, beautiful singing tone. Fine bargain $285. Payable $15 cash and $7 per month. LAYTON BROS., 550 St. Catherine street west (corner Stanley.)

NEWCOMBE SQUARE PIANO, BEAUtiful carved case and legs, 7 1-3 octaves, full metal frame, rich, deep tone. Special bargain, $145, payable $5 cash and $4 monthly. LAYTON BROS., 550 St. Catherine street West (cor. Stanley).

FOR SALE, A FINE AMERICAN RUNabout, very light, rubber tired, ball bearing action, cost price $175; owner selling cheap. To be seen at Stable of J. PEARSON & SON, 209 Panet St. Phone E. 109.

FOR SALE—PRACTICE PIANO, ROSEwood case, good tone and action. May be exchanged within 3 years for new piano. $65. Payable $5 cash and $3 monthly. LAYTON BROS., 550 St. Catherine street west (corner Stanley.)

FOR SALE, CHEAP — ONE RETURN Tubular Boiler, 12 feet by 3½; heater and all fittings complete; also one Leonard automatic engine, 8 x 8, all in first class condition. Address, FRED. J. ARGALL, Three Rivers, Que.

FOR SALE — FINE SADDLE PONY, 6 years old, weight about 550, good driver, perfectly safe, sound and kind, pet. Also, cart, buriol, harness and saddle. Address, C.W.S., Box 21, Rock Island, Que.

TO LET.

FACTORY FLOOR SPACE FOR LIGHT manufacturing, about 4,500 square feet in floors of 1,600 square feet or subdivided. Excellent light. With or without power. Address THE MANAGER, New P.O. Box 3116, Montreal.

Corner Store To Let

Fine Corner Store to Let—With basement and upper flat.
Apply to Manager,
'Witness' Office.

The 'Witness' Block

ACCOMMODATION for one or two tenants—offices or shop. Apply to the MANAGER, 142 St. Peter street.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

ST. DENIS, 1089, RING BELL, FIRST floor in new house; most desirable rooms, single and double; private family; no children; electric light; hot water.

ROOMS TO LET — TO LET, FURNISHed room, double. 68 Beaver Hall Hill.

BUSINESS CARDS.

PAPER HANGING, PAINTING, TINTing. Plastering, etc.; experienced workmen; best materials. Reasonable prices. J. BACON, Decorator, 76 Bruce Avenue. 'Phone, Westmount, 1588.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

CHOICE FARM FOR SALE

163 acres in Richmond, containing good clay and clay loam soil. Hay, grain, corn and roots are the principal crops raised, besides apple trees, raspberries and currants. The house is solid brick with a slate roof. Other buildings attached are kitchen and woodshed, with cellar under kitchen. Good spring water. Possession can be had at once. Lowest cash price, $3,500.

INVESTIGATE NOW.

MACK REALTY COMPANY,
232 St. James Street, Montreal.

Main 6422. Uptown Office, 780 St. Catherine St. West (open evenings). James Sellar, Special Agent. Phone Up. 2937.

THE HEART OF WESTMOUNT Cambridge Ave.

Only a Few Lots Left

This beautiful avenue is now macadamized, drains and cement sidewalks laid down, etc.

Absolute restrictions for detached and semi-detached residences.

Several high-class dwellings to be erected this fall.

Profit by this chance of getting lots in the very Heart of Westmount.

Easy terms of payments at five per cent.

PARENT BROS.,
56 St. James Street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE
The Heart of Westmount

Cambridge Avenue, between Western and Sherbrooke Street. Most desirable and exclusive lots for high class residences. Would exchange for cheaper lots or flats.

PARENT BROS., 56 St. James St.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ELECTRICIAN—YOUNG MAN WHO thoroughly understands house and motor wiring, capable of taking charge of work and putting it through without any hitches. Must furnish good references. Apply Box E. M., 'Witness' Office.

PROBATIONERS WANTED FOR THE training school of the Montreal Foundling & Baby Hospital. Course one year. Full instruction given in the care and feeding of babies. Apply to the SUPT., 43 Argyle Ave.

WANTED, NIGHT WATCHMAN, FOR wholesale firm, at once (English). Must have city references. Post Office Box 1450, city.

WANTED, THREE COMPETENT Waiters; must have best of references. Apply to Steward, St. James's Club, between 8 a.m. and noon.

WANTED, NECKTIE FINISHERS, FOR Bows and Derbies. Work at home or in factory. Apply, GEO. G. FIGG, 715 Wellington street, Point St. Charles.

WANTED, ONE OR TWO LADIES, with strong soprano voices, to sing in West End (Anglican) choir. State remuneration required, and other particulars. Box W.O., 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, GOVERNESS FOR TWO small children; must have references. Apply to Mrs. A. G. NICHOLLS, 972 St. Catherine street West.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED. YOUNG Lady, with good references. Apply to 'Witness' Office.

YOUNG LADY WANTED FOR GENERal office work. Preference given to one who can relieve at switchboard. Apply 'Witness' Office.

WANTED—YOUNG BOY TO LEARN shirt cutting. Apply THE MONTREAL SHIRT & OVERALL COMPANY, LIMITED, 1446 City Hall Ave.

WANTED—PANT MAKERS TO WORK inside, also a few to learn. Apply THE MONTREAL SHIRT & OVERALL COMPANY, LIMITED, 1446 City Hall Ave.

LITHOGRAPHIC TRANSFERRERS wanted. Good wages to first class men. Apply CONSOLIDATED LITHO. & MFG. CO., LTD., 284 Parthenais street.

LABORERS WANTED.

Apply to the Superintendent at the Road Department yards, 298 Delorimier Avenue, 380 De-Fleurimont Street, and 700 Grand Trunk Street.

TEACHERS WANTED.

WANTED—A TEACHER HOLDING A Model Diploma, Protestant, for Denison's Mills, Que. Apply to D. M. ROWET, Richmond, Que.

PUPILS WANTED.

LESSONS IN ITALIAN, BY ITALIAN gentleman, at home. Apply for terms, etc., P.O. Box, 2955, Montreal.

PERSONAL.

MRS. JOHN LIVINGSTONE (formerly Miss Isabella Middlemiss), will receive for the first time since her marriage, on Thursday afternoon and evening, October 12th, at her residence, 87 University street.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

OLD PEOPLE OR CHILDREN GIVEN home and care. Temporary or permanent. References. Box 64, Sutton, Que.

ROOM AND BOARD WANTED.

WANTED, ROOM AND BOARD IN private English family by Italian gentleman, to learn English, where no other boarders are kept. P.O. Box, 2955, Montreal.

VETERAN LAND GRANTS

VETERAN LAND GRANTS WANTED. Ontario or Dominion, located or unlocated. MULHOLLAND & CO., Toronto.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED TO PURCHASE ALL CAST off Clothing, Furniture, Silverware, Plated Ware, Old Gold, Pawn Tickets. Above everybody else's prices paid by MAX FRANK, 15 East Craig Street. Tel. East 3067.

LOST AND FOUND.

REWARD. — TO ANYONE RETURNing large roll of music left in Wellington car at Place d'Armes Square yesterday about 5 o'clock. Name inside. FOX, 'Witness' Office.

The 'Witness' is on sale, among others, at the following suburban agents:—

ST. LAMBERT.
MISS DAVIES, Post Office.
HECTOR BISSAILLON, St. Denis Street.
J. MAXWELL, Victoria Avenue.

MONTREAL SOUTH.
MR. SLATER, Lafayette Ave.

LACHINE.
G. A. RANSOM, 370 St. Joseph St.
G. A. RABEAU, 217b St. Joseph St.

MONTREAL WEST.
JOHN COULTER, Westminster Ave.
D. J. MUNRO, Decarie St.

VERDUN.
J. W. MATTHEWS, 255 Church Ave.
MR. WILLIAMS, Galt Ave.

If your dealer does not sell the 'Witness,' notify us and we will see that he is supplied at once.

CIRCULATION DEPT., MAIN 4090.

WANT ADS.
For
The 'WITNESS.'

MAY BE LEFT WITH

A. T. Chapman, Bookseller, 513 St. Catherine St. West, or with R. Turner, Grocer, Point St. Charles, 801 Wellington Street, West of Subway; J. W. Matthews, 255 Church Avenue, Verdun.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.
CASH TARIFF.

Situation Vacant, Situation Wanted, Pupils Wanted, Rooms To Let, Articles Found; Second-hand Articles Wanted or For Sale.

Property For Sale or To Let.
Other Articles For Sale.
20 Words for 10c.
½c for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.
Postage Stamps Will Be Accepted.

The above rates are Cash with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five agate lines space.

Hockey Magnates Will Consider Toronto's Application To-Night

SENIORS AND INTERMEDIATES AT SIGNAL PRACTICE TO-NIGHT

Final Workout To-morrow Morning Prior to Important Game With the Argonauts on M.A.A.A. Grounds Next Saturday.

KEN WILLIAMS A PROBABLE.

Arrived in Town Yesterday and Will be Seen in Uniform at Practice —Jim Baillie Will Fill Vacancy Caused by 'Dope' Morrison's Retirement.

The Montreal seniors and intermediates will hold a signal practice to-night, in the M. A. A. A. gymnasium, and will have their final workout at 6 a.m. to-morrow prior to the important fixture with the Argonauts on Saturday.

Ken Williams arrived in the city yesterday, and will, in all probability, be on the line up on Saturday. In any case he will be seen out in uniform at to-morrow's practice.

Jim Baillie is said to be the selected to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of Dope Morrison, provided he comes through the final workout fit and well.

Up to the time of going to press the officials had not been decided upon, the officials of the M. A. A. A. not having received a reply to their telegram sent to the secretary of the Argos requesting him to get in touch with Secretary Harris of the Interprovincial Union.

A persual of the up country experts' opinions is fairly conclusive that the Montreal team is a very much stronger one than that seen out in recent years, but they will have to justify this opinion by defeating the Argonauts to maintain local interest in the Big Four championship.

McGill had a practice yesterday afternoon, practically all the senior squad being out, with the exception of Jimmy Lee, who is still on the sick list, and Ross, who is suffering from a stiff neck, but will probably be in the game again to-day, when the first of the really hard practices for the week will be held. The practice will start at four o'clock, and the men will be kept hard at it for three-quarters of an hour or more, and follow this up with a similar workout on Thursday. The line was holding out better yesterday than during the Ottawa College game, taking into consideration the fact that they were not up against such a strong aggregation as on Saturday.

Timmins, who figured on the senior team two years ago, but who dropped out of senior football last year, was out for the first time yesterday, playing in the scrim. Hall took Ross's place on the half-back division. The squad, who were looked after by Trenholme and Gillmore during the practice, had a signal practice on the campus before the workout and another this evening. They also attacked the dummy for a while. Those out yesterday were: Alan Johnson, Billington, Murray, Paisley, Savage, Timmins, Digby (captain of the second team last year), Rogers, Laing, Lewis, Bowie, and Hall, of the senior squad.

Ottawa 'Citizen': There are no flies on that Montreal team. Critics had calculated that they would be demoralized without Ken Williams and Tommie Stinson. And were they? Nothing of the sort. Bill Baillie at centre half put up as good a game as anyone could have played, though his latter fumbles were costly. Art Brophy, whom Martin Kilt regards as one of the best halves in Canada, sustained his reputation by a number of fine runs and kicks. Ross and Smith were both good, the former once getting away for a sixty-yard run. Crankshaw worked like a Tropan at quarter and was dangerous throughout.

Ottawa 'Free Press': Before the game, Coach Art. Ross stated his back line was an experiment, as all the men in that division were young and inexperienced. They proved quite a success, however, despite the fact that they did not have the redoubtable Stinson to boot the ball for them. Bill Baillie is not the same style of punter as Stinson, but he places the ball quite as well and if anything hoists a more useful ball, inasmuch as it is just far enough for his wings to get down with it. The side halves did not make many mistakes, but failed to advance much on some of Baillie and Crankshaw's fine passes for a run.

Binkley, of Argonauts, punted so far that it gave Tiger wings a chance to get back. There will have to be some changes in the scrimmage and on the line for the game against Montreal.

Binkley's drop kick of forty-five yards establishes a record at the Rosedale grounds. Dr. Hendry says it is the longest drop kick he has ever seen scored.

A new star has floated into the Rugby horizon, says the Toronto 'Telegram,' Tommy Dales, the new 'Varsity right half, was the sensation of the game against Queen's. His work in every department was brilliant. He caught surely. He ran sensationally. He tackled like a fiend. He did practically all the punting, and out-kicked Leckie in the first half. In the latter stages Leckie began to come back to his 1910 form. Very few will out-punt him in future games.

Leckie at centre half is the star of this year's Queen's team. The Presbyterians have a heavy line, with speed in the outside positions. The players were short in training when they were beaten by Toronto 'Varsity last Saturday.

Hamilton 'Times': It was a fortunate thing for the Tigers that the Bank of Montreal transferred Stinson to Hamilton, for he is the mainstay of the local back division. Sure, speedy and a good booter, he can be depended upon in any emergency, and he was called upon to carry the ball from behind his own line on several occasions on Saturday. Stinson was probably the fastest man on the field.

SOCCER IN CANADA.

A Retrospective of Britain's National Winter Pastime, as Played Locally.

The game of British association football as played in Canada, commonly known as 'soccer,' will have terminated another season, by the decision of a cup or other, in which only the players, their friends and relations, and possibly a few others will be interested.

The season, judging by the bank balance lying to the credit of the P. Q. F. A., has been a most successful one, thanks to the visit of the Corinthians. From a point of view of providing interesting sport to the spectators, it has been a dismal failure, many matches having been played before a 'gate' consisting of the club officials and very little else.

The average Canadian, who for the want of any other attraction, attended an average soccer match, has come away completely mystified as to how such a game commands the hold and attendance of the hundreds of thousands who each Saturday attend the league games in the Old Country, and arrives at the conclusion, very naturally, that if the British sports will enthuse over soccer football, to the extent they do, they will fall for anything in the way of sport.

He seldom stops to think that there is as much difference between the game as played in Montreal and district, and the real thing by amateur and professional clubs in Great Britain, as a scratch ball team on Fletcher's Field and a major league baseball organization.

There is in both cases tons of enthusiasm and not a little imagination in the former, but that does not produce the scientific excellence of the latter. Soccer football as played under local conditions is a libel on the real thing, and this fact was proved when the Corinthians made such a sorry mess of a picked team from the 'big' league.

It would be charitable to refrain from commenting on the government of the game, beyond stating that in this direction there is a lot to be desired, and the sport suffers in consequence. The dissension and strife which almost continually exists, condemns the governing body as being quite unable to handle soccer even as played in the Province of Quebec. Friction in the administration of any sport is bound to occur from time to time, but there is something 'rotten in the State of Denmark,' when it is there nearly all the time, and this has been the pathetic state of affairs, during the season of this kick and a rush form of British association football, just about to close.

As a healthy, harmless form of recreation, soccer is deserving of all the support, properly managed, it can command. The game finds healthful recreation for a number of players in their leisure hours, but its claims to serious consideration end there, and as played in local circles, it will never command the success as a scientific spectacular sporting attraction to Canadian sportsmen, those who vainly 'boom' the game fondly hope for.

Canadian sport is reduced to too a fine a point of science, to permit of this milk and watery imitation being palmed off as the real thing, and that is the situation in a nutshell!

PROGRAMME OF PHYSICAL CLASSES FOR WINGED WHEEL MEMBERS

Instructor Long Has Modern Ideas and Methods for Improvement of Old and Young—Opening of Season Finds Classes Well Attended.

The programme of the Winged Wheel physical classes is out, and reveals modern ideas and methods for the physical improvement of this great institution's members, under the experienced tuition of Major Long.

'The object of physical training is the strengthening of the vital organs, the increase of lung capacity and power and the training of the nerves so that they act in accordance and instantaneously with the stimuli given to them by the brain; and undoubtedly a system having the principles of military drill embodied in it, necessarily contributes more to physical, intellectual and moral benefit than any other.'

The season commenced about the middle of September, and the following classes were formed:

Special business men.
Regular business men.
Senior members—beginners.
Senior members—advanced.
Junior boys.
Intermediate boys.
Senior boys.
Advanced boys.
Ladies—beginners.
Ladies—advanced.
Senior girls.
Junior girls.

Classes are held twice weekly on the following days and hours.

Special Business Men's Class.

Members are required to be 45 years of age and upwards. The directors have ordered this class to be conducted in private.

Special suitable instruction is given, so that health and general fitness is produced, to enable the body to perform the work required of it without injury to the system.

Meets at 5.30 p.m. on Monday and Thursday.

Regular Business Men's Class.

In this class, the members being younger, the work is carried on to a more advanced stage, the main object being to promote a general state of good health and alertness, and special attention is given to corrective work.

If the brain alone is worked the body suffers, and a healthy body produces a clear brain.

The business man must feel well to think quickly and correctly.

Meets Tuesday and Friday, at 5.20 p.m.

Senior Members.

Evening classes— Beginners, Monday and Thursday, at 8 p.m; advanced, Tuesday and Friday, at 8 p.m.

Fencing Classes.

Fencing classes for men—Beginners and advanced, will meet on Tuesday and Friday, at 9 p.m.

Ladies' Classes.

This branch of training is one of the highest physiological importance, and the instruction and exercises are specially chosen.

The classes are conducted under the strictest regulations, and are held daily, except Saturday, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Ladies' Fencing Classes.

(Beginners and advanced) will be arranged on Monday and Thursday mornings.

Girls' Classes.

These classes are formed according to the age of the members.

Girls from twelve to sixteen are termed Senior Girls and are again divided into beginners and advanced classes; those below this age are classified as Junior Girls.

That too much importance cannot be attached to the physical training of our future women is universally acknowledged by the medical profession, and special care and attention is given to these youthful members; so far excellent results have been obtained.

Senior class meets Wednesday, at 3.15 p.m. and Saturday, at 11.45 a.m.

Junior class meets Wednesday, at 2.45 p.m., and Saturday, at 12.15 p.m.

During the months of September and October girls who cannot swim will be required to attend the swimming classes, under the direction of the swimming instructor, but only under the sanction of the medical director. These classes will be discontinued during the winter months and resumed in the spring.

Boys' Classes.

So much importance do the association directors attach to the early training of the junior members that physical training is compulsory for them.

A record is kept of their work, and boys who are absent from their classes are required to bring a note from their parents or guardians stating the cause.

They are divided into three classes according to age and proficiency, junior, intermediate and senior.

The following are the days and hours of these classes.

Intermediate and Senior Boys.

Wednesday, 4.15 to 5.15 p.m.
Saturday, 9... to 11.80 a.m.

Junior Boys.

Tuesday and Friday, at 4 p.m.

Advanced juniors who are proficient in their physical training will be expected to take part in lacrosse, football, hockey and other outdoor sports in their respective seasons, under the direction of the association's athletic coach, the central idea of this training being to inculcate the spirit of true amateur sportsmanship.

All boys are required to become swimmers, and special classes of instruction for beginners will be arranged.

Proficient swimmers will also receive a course of instruction in life saving and resuscitation.

Boxing and wrestling classes, under the direction of special instructors, will be formed amongst the advanced boys.

All juniors will be examined by the association medical adviser, so that special care can be given to those who are below the standard of health or physique.

Major Long, the physical director, is held responsible for the discipline and training of all junior members, both boys and girls, and prompt and unquestioned obedience to him at all times is required.

Meetings for the organization of classes, attendance at which is of the utmost importance, will be held as follows:—

Boys, Saturday, Sept. 16, at 10 a.m.
Girls, Saturday, Sept. 23, at 12 noon.
Ladies, Monday, Sept. 25, at 11 a.m.
Men, afternoon classes, Monday, Sept. 25, at 5.30 p.m.
Men, evening classes, Monday, Sept. 25, at 8 p.m.

MONTREAL AMATEUR ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

Officers, 1911-12.

Hon. president—Edson L. Pease.
President—Gordon C. Bowie.
Vice-president—Percival Molson.
Hon. director—Alex. Bissett.
Auditor—W. A. Coates.
Managing director—John Davidson.
Secretary-treasurer—R. E. Melville.
Directors—Gordon C. Bowie, W. A. Coates, Percival Molson, Louis Rubenstein, Chas. S. Virtue, J. N. Warmington.
Physical director—Major John Long.

ATHLETICS PITCHERS WERE IN GREAT FORM YESTERDAY

Defeated All Stars by Three to Two in a Ninth Innings Victory —Champions Heavy Hitting Surprised the Crowd

Washington, Oct. 11.— The Athletic pitchers worked in something like their true form yesterday, and the All-Stars went down to defeat by 3 to 2, the winning run coming over in the ninth inning with no one out, on Collins's single and Bakers's double to the right field fence. Coombs pitched the first four innings, and his bases on balls to Milan and Gessler, coupled with Chase's single and Davis's error, gave the All-Stars their two runs. Plank pitched three innings, allowing but one hit, and Bender finished up the game, but one hit being registered off his delivery.

The way the champions hit Walter Johnson surprised the onlookers, as he had all his well known speed and control. Eddie Davis hit three singles, while Harry Davis slammed a fast shoot over the right field fence for a home run. Sensational fielding plays were made by Chase and Elberfeld. Score:

ALL-STARS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Milan, lf	4	1	1	0	0	1
Cobb, cf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Gessler, rf	3	1	0	0	0	0
Chase, 1b	4	0	1	12	1	0
Elberfeld, 2b	4	0	0	4	0	0
Gardner, 3b	2	0	0	0	0	1
McBride, ss	4	0	0	3	3	1
Street, c	3	0	0	4	5	0
Johnson, p	3	0	0	1	7	0
Totals	28	2	3	x24	16	3

ATHLETICS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Lord, lf	4	0	0	2	0	1
Oldring, cf	4	0	1	4	0	0
Collins, 2b	4	1	3	2	2	0
Baker, 3b	4	0	1	2	5	0
Murphy, rf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Davis, 1b	3	1	1	9	0	2
Barry, ss	3	0	1	1	3	1
Lapp, c	1	0	1	2	1	0
Thomas, c	2	0	0	4	0	0
Coombs, p	1	0	0	0	1	0
Plank, p	1	1	0	0	0	0
Bender, p	1	0	1	0	2	0
Totals	31	3	10	27	14	4

x No one out when winning run was scored.

Score by innings—
All-Stars ..... 200000000—2
Athletics ..... 010010001—3

Summary—Two base hit, Baker; home run, Davis; hits off Coombs, 1 in four innings; off Plank, 1 in three innings; off Bender, 1 in two innings; stolen bases, Milan, Chase; sacrifice fly, Gardner; double play, Johnson, McBride and Chase; left on bases, All-Stars, 4; Athletics, 3; base on balls, off Coombs, 3; off Plank 1; first on errors, All Stars 2; Athletics 2; struck out, by Johnson 6, by Coombs 2, by Plank 2, by Bender 2. Time, 1.25. Umpires, Dineen and Egan.

Cincinnati, O., Oct. 11.—Cincinnati defeated Cleveland in the first game of the inter-league series for the championship of Ohio yesterday by a score of 4 to 0. Suggs outpitched Blanding, holding the American Leaguers safe at all times. Jackson and Lajoie, Cleveland's most powerful batters, particularly were at sea.

Outside of Suggs' pitching, the throwing to bases of Catcher O'Neil, of Cleveland, was a feature of the game. Bescher batted hard, getting two doubles. It was announced that owing to the desire of the Cincinnati Club to rush work on its new grand stands, the remainder of the series will be played in Cleveland. Score:—

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland ..... 000000000—0	6	0	
Cincinnati ..... 20001100x—4	9	0	

Batteries:—Blanding, Falkenberg and O'Neil; Suggs and Clarke. Umpires—Rigler and Evans.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn, N.Y., Oct. 11.—Brooklyn closed its 1911 season at home yesterday with a ten-inning victory over New York by a score of 2 to 1. The visitors scored their only run in the first on a fielder's choice, a batter hit and Murray's single, but were blanked by Barger during the remaining innings. Maxwell had a shut-out up to the ninth, when Hummel tripled and tied the score on Barger's single. Score:—

	R.	H.	E.
New York ..... 0000000000—1	5	2	
Brooklyn ..... 0000000011—2	10	0	

Batteries:—Maxwell and Wilson, Hartley; Barger and Erwin.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	98	52	.653
Chicago	92	61	.601
Pittsburg	85	69	.552
Philadelphia	79	73	.520
St. Louis	75	74	.503
Cincinnati	69	83	.454
Brooklyn	62	86	.419
Boston	44	107	.291

Although it has been reported several times that John Ganzel will not manage Rochester next season, it is stated semi-officially that the hero of three pennant-winning fights in the Flower City will be at the helm again in 1912.

While there has been no open rupture between Ganzel and President Chapin, it is said their relations are strained as a result of the latter's interference with the post-season series plans and on account of the treatment accorded the champions by the owners. Ganzel wanted to play the Monday game which caused the row in Rochester, but Chapin would not consent.

The players had been led to believe, it is said, they would receive a bonus of $200 per man for winning the flag but the owners gave each $100, less money by $50 than the champions carried off as souvenirs.

At the conclusion of the 1909 and 1910 races President Chapin had his picture taken surrounded by the champs. This season, it is reported, he made arrangements with a photographer to have another group picture taken, but when the appointed time arrived President Chapin was the only one to appear, the players refusing to be photographed and thereby expressing in a quiet way their opinion of the club's leading owner.

McGILL TRACK NEWS.

Third of the Handicap Series Will be Held To-day.

The third of the series of handicaps will be held on the track today, the following events being decided: Quarter mile, hammer throw, hurdles, three miles and the high jump.

The freshmen will hold a track meeting on Saturday to be run on the lines and including all the events of an intercollegiate meet.

Logan, a Rhodes scholar, who was previously at McGill, and has returned after going through his course at Oxford, looks to be the mainstay in the quarter and the half. He has been running these distances in fast times consistently lately.

N. H. A. WILL MEET TO-NIGHT

Application of Toronto for Admittance to Series Will be Considered.

The National Hockey Association will meet to-night at Kastel's for the first time this season, when the usual perennials will come up for discussion.

The important item on the agenda is the consideration of an application from Toronto for admission to the League, which as 'Witness' readers will be aware is regarded as a foregone conclusion.

The question of salary limit will again be brought up, and there is a rumor current that a mild sensation may be caused during the discussion of this vexed question.

As usual everything will be amicably settled and the hockey fans can look forward to an exciting and entertaining season with the inclusion of a Toronto team to increase the interest in the race for the championship.

Discussing the salary limit with a prominent hockey magnate recently, he informed the 'Witness' sporting editor that this rule had been honored more in the breach than the observance, but of course disclaimed any breach of the rule on his part, and further said that his books were open to the inspection of the League should anything occur to make an inspection necessary.

THE WORLD'S SERIES.

'Muggsy' McGraw Has His Troubles But Condition of Players Will Not be One of Them.

New York, Oct. 11. — 'Managers have their troubles, but the physical condition of the players probably will be the least of them in the world's series of 1911,' remarked John McGraw, manager of the New York Nationals, as he dropped in the club's headquarters on Broadway to-day.

In this respect, at least, the coming games between the Giants and Philadelphia Athletics will be unusual for both teams expect to take the field with their regular line-ups in fine fettle. In other years injuries and ailments of players have had managers on the anxious seat because of the fear that the substitutes might break up the team-play or crack under fire.

If the weather clears the Giants will play Brooklyn a double header to-day, and the games will be nothing more than exercise for those whom McGraw wants to keep on an edge. The New York club has no players who will be incapacitated from crossing bats with the Athletics.

McGraw will probably announce the following batting order for the Giants on Saturday:

Devore, l.f.; Doyle, 2b.; Snodgrass, c.f.; Murray, r.f.; Merkle, 1b.; Herzog, 3b.; Fletcher, ss.; Meyers, c.; Mathewson, p.

Reports from the Athletics camp indicate that first baseman 'Stuffy' McInnes will be back on the bag when the team meets the Giants. McInnes received a severe welt on the wrist from a pitched ball in one of the recent Detroit games. Manager Macks' batting order probably will read, as follows: Lord, l.f.; Oldring, c.f.; Collins, 2b.; Baker, 3b.; Murphy, r.f.; McInnes, 1b.; Barry, ss.; Thomas, c.; Bender, p.

PERELLI AND CAZEAU.

Will Decide Supremacy at Sohmer Park To-night.

Honest John Perelli, the mountain of Italian wrestling humanity and good nature, will meet the excitable Frenchman, Cazeau, in a finish match at Sohmer Park to-night.

Preliminary bouts will be staged prior to the big event, and those who find pleasure and entertainment in the wrestling cult will have an abundance of this form of sport at the rendezvous to-night.

Pedersen, who has gained the title of champion wrestler of Europe, and who arrived in New York a couple of weeks ago, will make his initial appearance in Montreal on Oct. 25. On that date he will meet Cazeau in a finish contest. Should he defeat the Frenchman he will get a contract from George Kennedy, which will locate him in Montreal for at least twelve weeks, when endeavors will be made to bring Gotch, Hackenschmidt, Romanoff and other good men from Europe and across the line to Montreal. If this programme is carried out Montreal will be one of the liveliest wrestling centres of the 1911-12 season.

Cazeau will put up a big fight against Pedersen, if he does not win. The Frenchman is wrestling Perelli to-night at Sohmer Park, and as the Italian is an adept at the tricks of the game, as well as very powerful, a good line can be had on Cazeau, as to his presumed improvement during the past two years.

WIRE TAPPERS TRAPPED.

Caught Outside of Laurel Track — Was Operating in Interests of Washington Pool Rooms.

Laurel, Md., Oct. 11.—A gang of wire-tappers were caught operating outside of the race track here this afternoon. Paul Heintz, alias White, was sentenced to three months in the House of Correction by a local justice. He is alleged to have been operating in the interest of pool rooms in Washington and New York.

RATES TOO HIGH.

Captain Aggrieved at Treatment St. Lawrence Gets From Marine Insurance.

Captain A. T. Creighton, who was for ten years a Donaldson captain sailing from this port, and, also, at one time, a portwarden of this harbor, is visiting old friends in Montreal. Speaking of the present condition prevailing on the river, the Captain could see no justification for marine insurance rates remaining at their present high level. The greatly improved channel and the numerous lights and signals made navigation safe either by day or night. There was absolutely no reason for barring British North America from the best rates of the insurance companies. The route was at least 50 percent safer than it was formerly yet the marine rates are almost the same.

Regarding shipping conditions on the other side of the sea, he said the general public was not very optimistic regarding the success of the commission appointed to investigate the labor situation, and he feared that the old age pension scheme of the government would induce lack of thrift in very many.

ANOTHER AERO. RECORD.

Flew 1,398 Miles and Occasionally Exceeded Speed of 70 Miles Per Hour.

Marshall, Mo., Oct. 11.— Exceeding the world's record for a cross-country aeroplane flight by 133 miles, and speeding at times at the rate of 70 miles an hour, C. P. Rodgers landed here at 4.31 o'clock yesterday afternoon on his air voyage from New York to San Francisco. The former world's record, 1,265 miles, was made by Harry Atwood in a recent flight from St. Louis to New York. Rodgers has flown 1,398 miles according to railroad mileage.

'It was a bully day for a flight,' said Rodgers, as he stepped from his plant. 'If I had started earlier this morning I certainly would have tried to reach Kansas City to-night.'

Rodgers will start for Kansas City, 85 miles distant, to-morrow morning.

From a start made at Springfield, Ill., at 8.35 o'clock this morning, Rodgers flew 214 miles to-day. He made two stops, at Nebo and Thompson, Mo., for gasoline.

ST. THOMAS AQUINAS.

Held Annual Meeting Last Night.

The annual meeting of the St. Thomas Aquinas Hockey Club was held last night. A large number of members were present, and the following were elected officers for the ensuing year. A big surprise was created when none of last year's officers were re-elected. The executive for the year will be: Honorary president, the Rev. T. F. Heffernan; president, Mr. John McBrearty; vice-president, Mr. Harry Kearney; directors, Mr. Wm. Murphy, Mr. Chas. Lortie and Mr. Wm. McCallum; secretary-treasurer, Mr. Henry Couper; coach, Mr. Charles Ellard.

LAURENTIAN BOB-SLEIGH CLUB HAD ANNUAL MEETING

Sleigh Races Will be Feature of Fast Approaching Winter Season—Vote of Thanks to Press Moved and Adopted.

The first annual meeting of the Laurentian Bob Sleigh Club was held on Oct. 7, at the Laurentide Inn. The meeting adopted a vote of thanks to the press for the publicity given and the services rendered to the club during the past season.

Surprising results were obtained by the club last year. All winter long the adepts of this new sport saw their ranks increase daily.

This success was due to the sense of security felt whilst enjoying the exhilarating sensations of the speedy track, skilfully built by experts whose aim it was to see that the 'turns' were well constructed and that no obstacles lay in the path of the sleighs.

Last season also developed a number of able 'captains,' who are looking forward to the coming sports, when sleigh against sleigh, matched in exciting races down the winding tracks, will endeavor to outdo each other in contests of speed and distance.

This year, besides bob-sleighing, great interest will be taken in skiing, skating and curling. Mr. Desbaillets, the pioneer in winter sports at Ste. Agathe des Monts, will erect open-air rinks for curling and fancy skating, and the services of Mr. Emile Cochand, the well-known Swiss professor of skiing and fancy skating have been engaged for the coming season.

It is to be hoped that all the efforts to popularize the winter in the beautiful Laurentides will with splendid success, and that youth and virile age will flock to snow-clad hills and mountains of Agathe, whence they will return a little tired perhaps, but with a heart, a sound mind and the rosy glow of health upon their cheeks obtained by a short stay, inhaling the vivifying air and enjoying the sunny days of our Canadian Switzerland.

The following officers were elected:
Hon. president—Mr. D. Lorne McGibbon.
First vice-president—Mr. C. Clinton.
Second vice-president—Mr. M. Davis.
President—Mr. Huntley Drummond.
First vice-president—Col. R. Starke.
Second vice-president—Dr. Richer.
Secretary-treasurer—Mr. P. Le Mesurier.
Chairman of committee—Mr. E. Desbaillets.

Committee—Messrs. Dr. Patterson, R. Timberlake, G. L. Kerr, C. B. Wilgen, Dr. P. Brown, L. Ekers, G. Hanson, H. Scott, F. A. Vogel.

Slide committee—Messrs. E. Desbaillets, Dr. Paterson, P. Le Mesurier, L. Rambert.



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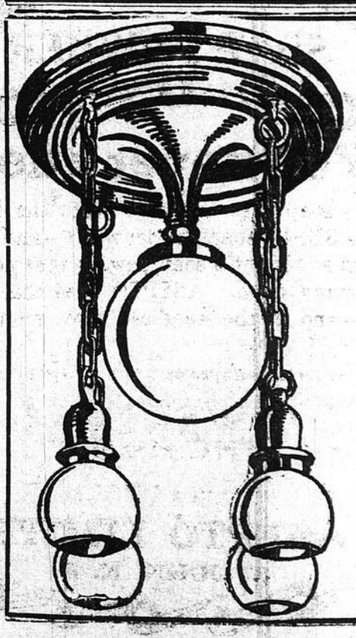
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ECUMENICAL METHODIST CONFERENCE AT TORONTO

Declare that Methodists the World Over are in Favor of and Pledged Itself to Do Everything Possible to Further International Peace.

COMMENDS PROPOSED TREATY BETWEEN BRITAIN AND U. S.

Urges the Christian Nations to Take Legislative Action to Consummate the Arbitration Treaty Signed by Representatives of Great Britain and the United States.

(From Our Staff Correspondent.)

Toronto, Oct. 11.—Methodism the world over through its representatives gathered together at the Fourth Ecumenical Conference here yesterday afternoon, declared itself in favor of, and pledged itself to do everything possible to further international peace. It especially commended the proposed arbitration treaty between Great Britain and the United States as being a splendid forward step in the world's progress towards the ideal of human brotherhood.

With not a single dissentient opinion expressed, various delegates, in the discussion ensuing upon the reading of the resolution, declared their emphatic views and their determination to aid in substituting for the barbarous arrangement of war in international disputes, the dominion of international law. Those great interests of civilization that transcend national boundaries were discussed in a broad statesmanlike spirit, and not a single word was said in the free discussion that tended to exalt one nation unduly over another unless it were the praise of the present attitude of the United States and Great Britain, and the results that would come from it.

What many lesser men have refrained from saying about social and economic injustices, about the needs of international amity, the great men of the Church have said with a courage and a downrightness that must command the respect if not the assent of those who believe otherwise.

The resolution as proposed by Bishop E. R. Hendrix, D.D., LL.D., of Kansas City, Mo., and seconded by the Rev. Henry Haigh, of Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, reads as follows:

'We hail with pleasure and profound gratitude the deepening and growing spirit of good will and peace among the leading nations of Europe and America. The noble work of The Hague Conference, as promoted by the Federal Council of the Church of Christ in America, the Church of England, and the Free Church Council in England, is already bearing fruit in this arbitration treaty, which agrees to submit questions of national honor to the proper tribunals for arbitration. We heartily endorse this signal advance in the interest alike of peace and universal brotherhood. We strongly urge the Christian nations represented in the Ecumenical Conference speedily to take the necessary legislative action to consummate the arbitration treaty which has been signed by the representatives of the British Empire and the United States of America.

'By every proper means we will seek peace and promote it in his holy name, who is the Prince of Peace.

HENRY HAIGH.
JNO. MACLAREN,
EARL CRANSTON.
E. R. HENDRIE.
A. W. WILSON.

The reference to the Church of England was entered at the suggestion of the Rev. Henry Haigh.

Bishop E. R. Hendrie, D.D., of Kansas City, Mo., presided at the afternoon service. The subject of the afternoon was 'The Church and the Nation,' and which was introduced by the singing of 'God Save the King.'

REV. DR. LIDGETT.

The Rev. Dr. J. Scott Lidgett, of London, England, said that catholicity must be the characteristic of any religion that held its sympathies to be as wide as mankind, and made the world its field.

Dr. Lidgett was taking the place of the Right Hon. Walter Runciman, a member of the British Cabinet who was unable to be present. He placed in the forefront of the great things before the world to-day the proposal of President Taft for and the response of Sir Edward Grey to an arbitration treaty to cover questions of national honor as well as of property.

He referred to the Moroccan crisis, and the Turco-Italian war and spoke of how the weaker and more backward races are at the mercy of the greater, richer, and more powerful ones. The Anglo-Japanese alliance he welcomed as showing the development of amicable relations between the east and the west.

The Roman Empire, while it united peoples, it destroyed nations and sacrificed more vital loyalties in order to form the United Empire. The realization of national aims have, however, to-day caused alliances with other nations and have found their fruition in a necessary adjustment of national interests outside their boundaries. The time will soon arrive when this whole world will have been discovered, fought for and exploited. New desires and new powers to satisfy them, are continually coming into being. New desires create new ties and the discovered world becomes the instrument of the commonwealth of mankind. It brings about a far-reaching agreement and makes it the starting-point of a new civilization. The entire world is so bound up together that a new movement anywhere disturbs the balance of the whole.

Race expansion and economic pressure anywhere finds sacrifice somewhere among those too weak to take care of themselves. The collisions of the past were between foreigners, but now that the world is united the foes will be of the same household.

He hoped that international law would banish war as civil law had banished domestic disorder. The lead should be taken by the Christian Churches, because of Christ's teaching with regard to human brotherhood. Human nature must be transformed before warfare in all its forms is changed for peaceful co-operation. Perhaps one of the surest methods of ending war was to so moralize commercial and economic relations that the abatement of unregulated desires in that sphere would remove some of the gravest dangers that front diplomacy.

The Church's way to help in international amity was to develop catholicity, to knit the bonds of fellowship between the members of every denomination, and every race throughout the world, to constitute a league of peace and goodwill, the force of which will be called instantly into action whenever warlike passions burst forth, to place the honor of international comradeship against the ideas of national pride, and to align themselves with the industrial classes in asserting the supreme interest and obligation of peace.

He said they would have to keep a ceaseless watch over the rights of the weak and oppressed. They must get an enthusiasm for humanity and aim at transforming both man's individual and his collective life.

THE REV. DR. W. F. CONNER.

The Rev. Dr. Wm. F. Conner, of Pittsburg, Pa., on 'The Church and Civic Righteousness,' said that in the main, laws are good, and that there is now obvious a greater effort among governments to enforce the good laws they have.

He thought that the Church was spending too much money for bankrupt colleges, forward movements, even missions in India and Brazil, and even for the Ecumenical Conference, and other movements that never arrive anywhere.

Talking about international peace, he said: 'Some of us believe there will never be a permanent world peace as long as there is industrial war, that battles will take place so long as civilization keeps to competitive trade, that the whole commercial system is war, war to the knife and knife to the hilt. The economic system is "The survival of the fittest." Carlyle was right when he said "the cunning man is king, that they should take who have the power and that they should keep who can." The theory and practice of competition is good for the active, the vigilant and the brave, but for the slow and the dull and the timid, they go to the wall, but they are God's children and they are your brothers and they are in the majority.'

ALDERMAN SNAPE.

Ald. Snape, of Liverpool, England, on the Church and the world's peace, called war one of the most formidable obstacles to the development of Christ's Kingdom on the face of the earth, and hoped for the time when united Christendom would advance the world to that millennial dawn when peace is over all the world, and righteousness everywhere.

He said the day was not so far distant as we dream. All weapons are not material or warlike.

'There are implements supplied by the almighty arm and in his strength, whose strength is ours, we can go forward, assured that peace will flow some day as a river and righteousness become as the waves of the sea, and we will go all the more gladly because we wield no murderous battle-axe. Along our line of march there breaks the light of glory, not the roll of guns or the crash of arms with moans and groans surrounding, but with joyful hymns and prayer and praise ascending.'

BISHOP E. R. HENDRIX.

Dr. Simpson Johnston, secretary of the conference, then read with the approval of the business committee the resolution regarding international arbitration as above, and the chairman, Bishop Hendrix, rose to move its adoption.

Bishop Hendrix, in the course of his address, took occasion to pay a tribute to the British judiciary, both in Great Britain and throughout her colonies, as 'the consummate flower of the world's civilization.' Later he spoke of the admirable example set by Canada and the United States to the world, in the century-long peace to be consummated in a celebration at Niagara next year. 'From sea to sea, from the mouth of the St. Lawrence to Vancouver, there are no guns fronting each other on either side of the line which divides the two countries. The spirit of Christ is the peacekeeper of this continent, and may it be on all continents.'

REV. HENRY HAIGH.

The Rev. Henry Haig, of Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, in seconding the resolution, said that he believed he expressed the sentiments not alone of the Methodists but of all England. He thought the part borne by the great Anglican Church should be recognized in the resolution. (Hear, hear.) That church had worked side by side with them, and he personally and officially rejoiced that it should be so. All Christian churches should run together. He believed that the passage of the arbitration treaty in the United States Senate had only been temporarily delayed.

He had been led to believe on the highest authority that it was only held up for a short time on account of a technicality capable of speedy adjustment. He hoped that a strong clear note would go out from the Conference and from all other Christian bodies on the Continent saying, 'Henceforth, please God, we will stand face to face in the conflict of war.' It would be a prodigious step towards ensuring the final peace of the world. 'Let these two nations clasp hands in peace, and any other nation in the world will think twice and again before they challenge that compact.' He believed it to be the dawn of a greater day of co-operation between nations for the ends of civilization.

SIR ROBT. W. PERKS.

Sir Robert W. Perks, Bart., speaking for the commercial classes, said that it was in the interests of capitalists and manufacturers as much as in the interests of the laboring classes to see the dawn of an era of peace. He said that when the newspapers and the manufacturers interested in the manufacture of munitions and the armaments of war begin stirring up the embers of war for their own interests, industry is paralyzed. 'The losses that follow the mere whisper of war are gigantic, and almost immeasurable, and that we should have the absolute pledge that disputes should be submitted to a Board of Arbitration is in the interests of the working classes, the manufacturers and the financial classes of the two communities.' The great ones of the earth, he said, could not fling the battalions across the borders of other nations unless they got the money to do it. 'This is not only a Christian movement,' he told them. 'Two of the greatest Jewish bankers of the two continents are in favor of it. The men who control the finances of the world have to be enlisted in this work. A great authority has pointed out that if the great bankers and financiers would conspire not to make loans to nations thinking of war, war would become impossible. War was stopped the other day between two nations because of the common sense of the people of one of these nations. The workers of this country went to the bank, and drew out their savings from its banking institutions, and the banking institution of one of the countries refused to renew the bills of that country, and the exchequers had to remain empty. They began to ask how they could move and feed their men, and found that without money they could not do it.

'In conclusion,' I wish to protest, and I hope that you will protest against making the Heavens a place for warfare. It was enough, and more than enough, to have soiled the land and discolored the seas, but you should protest strongly against having the sky darkened and disfigured by the muniments of war.'

THE REV. DR. GEO. ELLIOT.

The Rev. Dr. George Elliot said that war was brought about by jingoes, jobbers and journalists. He said that civilization was sometimes forwarded by the powder cart, but woe to the man, who committed the offence.

FRANCE AND THE TREATY.

Bishop Hendrix then read a note from the French delegates, reminding the Conference that a treaty of arbitration was now pending between France and the Anglo-Saxon nations, and the delegates applauded to show their appreciation of the fact.

The resolution was then put to the Conference and passed without a single dissentient voice. It was followed by the singing of 'Blest be the Tie that Binds.'

BISHOP HOSS.

Bishop Hoss, in talking on the relation of the Church to civic questions said, that he was a convinced free-trader, believing that a tariff could only be justified where it limited trade in the interests of public health and public morality. He told of his dilemma as a Democrat at one election where the Democrats advocated free silver, which he regarded as lunacy and the Republicans a protective tariff, which he thought was highway robbery. The chairman's gavel prevented him further elucidating his subject.

THE REV. DR. E. G. B. MANN.

The Rev. Dr. E. G. B. Mann, of Lexington, Kentucky, said that a pure womanhood and a pure church held men on their way in this life. When either show signs of failure, men are discouraged. He said that the church would not more purify politics by going into politics than women would. Womanhood found her greatest sphere of influence in educating and training the young, and it was in educating and training that the Church would find its sphere as well.

MR. M. CAMPBELL.

Mr. Marvin Campbell, of Indiana, said that we elect improper men to execute the laws, and that was the reason that laws were improperly executed. The trouble was not that they did not vote right, but, that they did not select right in the primary caucuses. The ballot was not a privilege, but a responsibility. They should get into the caucuses.

GOVERNOR WALLACE.

Governor A. J. Wallace, of California, said that a more important thing was to do away with caucuses altogether. The candidates of the various parties should be named by the direct ballot, instead of in the indirect way which gave such power to the bosses. Conventions, caucuses and primaries were not necessary. Last year in California, by means of a poor primary law, they had a man selected as governor, who would never have been in caucus or convention.

EVENING SESSION.

Toronto, Oct. 10.—'The Church and the message' was the general subject of yesterday evening's session Mr. Norman W. Helme, M.P., Lancaster, England, presided.

REV. DR. F. N. PARKER.

The Rev. Dr. Franklin N. Parker, of Durham, North Caholina, spoke on 'Ideal Evangelism—Formative and Reformative.' He said that social forces were a large factor of evangelization of the Roman Empire, and he said that an ideal evangelism to-day takes stock of the social needs of the time.

REV. H. T. SMART.

The Rev. H. T. Smart, of London, England, spoke on 'Characteristics of Early Methodist Preaching.' He said that the preaching of the early Methodists was like that of Paul, because it was potent The great early preachers were men of might and power, and they were all intensely evangelistic in spirit. They followed the example of St. Paul and preached nothing else than the word of God. Saving grace, justification by faith, the doctrine of assurance they preached, but they never spoke of the milky way, or subjects such as those. They contented themselves with plucking brands from the burning fire. They preached because they couldn't help it with science until they find that it is walking in the ways of the Almighty; with politics until the lowest man finds it is his opportunity to get justice, until it becomes a theatre where 'to live and let live' is the guiding principle. The type of Christianity that cannot be trusted outside of the church or the confines of the Sabbath day is not worth having. The young are meant to go out into the world and save it, not to be shielded from it.

REV. C. E. WALTERS.

The Rev. C. Ensor Walters, of Sheffield, England, was sorry that the idea had seemed to be given to some that those from England, because they believed in criticism, had not a passionate desire to reach and save the outsider.

ADMIRAL AND OFFICERS ENGAGED IN THE BOMBARDMENT OF TRIPOLI



OMNIBUS DISASTER WHICH CAUSED DEATH OF ELEVEN PASSENGERS



LIFTING MOTOR OMNIBUS FROM THE BED OF THE SEINE. COPYRIGHT

An automobile omnibus, with twenty-five passengers, in trying to avoid a collision with another omnibus coming in the opposite direction, plunged over the Archeveque Bridge, in Paris, and into the River Seine. Eleven persons were drowned and ten others seriously injured.

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CANADA'S FIRST PRESS

A Commemorative Tablet Has Been Affixed in Halifax, N.S., to Mark Site

Halifax, N.S., Oct. 11. — A tablet was affixed yesterday afternoon to a building on the northern end of Grafton Street, which a century ago was the fashionable district of Halifax, marking the site of the first printing press in Canada, established in 1751, and where the Halifax 'Gazette,' the first newspaper in Canada, was published in 1752. The 'Gazette,' now the official organ of the provincial Government, has been published ever since, and is still running as the 'Royal Gazette.' The founder of the first press was Bartholomew Green, jr., who came here from Boston two years after the founding of the city by Cornwallis. The tablet was placed in position to-day by the Nova Scotia Historical Society, the Venerable Archdeacon Armitage, its president, directing the proceedings, and Mayor J. A. Chisholm performing the unveiling ceremony. J. S. MacDonald, a noted historical authority; D. R. Jack, of St. John, and J. W. Regan, were the speakers. The last named gave an interesting sketch of the history of the Associated Press, which he showed had its birth in Halifax. The enterprise of the elder Bennett on behalf of the New York 'Herald' in the early days of news gathering, with Halifax as a centre, was dwelt upon.

TARIFF AND RECIPROCITY

Governor Foss, of Massachusetts, Attacks the Republican Legislature.

Pittsfield, Mass., Oct. 11.—The offering by the state of premiums to encourage cattle raising in Massachusetts was proposed by Gov. Eugene N. Foss in opening the Democratic state campaign here last night. Gov. Foss spoke also on the tariff and reciprocity, and attacked the Republican Legislature on the charge that it had not passed any constructive legislation in the recent session. He was supported by Chairman John F. McDonald, of the Democratic State Committee. Gov. Foss regretted that reciprocity with Canada had failed. The Democratics had done all in their power to carry it in this country, he said, but American trusts, by the expenditure of money in Canada, had defeated the measure across the border. He advocated a general reduction of the tariff, more especially in foodstuffs, and said that better tariff arrangements should be made, not only with Canada, but with all nations.

CHARGED WITH FORGERY.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Oct. 11. — The honeymoon of J. W. Hill, alleged scion of an influential Canadian family, who arrived here last week from Los Angeles, where he married Miss Mary Sweeney, was suddenly interrupted by secret service operatives at Tooele, Utah, just as Hill and his bride were about to board a train for the east.

Presenting warrants charging forgery and the uttering of fraudulent drafts on the Union Bank of Winnipeg, Man., the detectives, after allowing Hill to bid his wife farewell, brought him to this city, where he was lodged in jail to await an order for his extradition.

Hill began his operations nearly six weeks ago in New York, according to the officers who claim to have followed his movements. He was successful in cashing one of the drafts in a New York bank, securing $5,000. It is charged that he disappeared suddenly, being next heard from on the Pacific Coast. Another draft for $5,000, purporting to show funds in the Union Bank of Winnipeg, was presented by Hill in Los Angeles, it is alleged.

THE FREE FRENCH CLASS

Crowd of Eager Learners at the Monument National

On the stage of the large auditorium of the Monument National last night a crowd of men, women and children were gathered, so thick that those on the edge were falling into the orchestra.

'What's this?' asked a 'Witness' reporter at the door.

'Supposed to be a French class,' was the reply, 'but it looks more like a bun-fight.'

'They're going to read the riot act,' observed a Scotchman in the body of the hall, who had come to learn French at the new free class opened by St. Jean Baptiste Society, but had given up hope of getting a place.

An official seated at a table received the dollars, which were thrown into his hands as though they were mere dirt. Several who wished for information clamored around the foot lights. Among them was an old minister who beckoned to the director and expressed a wish to take only conversational work. A young Hebrew approached, bubbling over with joy at the thought of learning French. He could not come on Fridays, he said, did the director think he would stand any show? He might, but by attending only on Thursdays he would miss 15 lessons in the season, he was told.

'Is this an elementary class?' piped another.

'We'll see,' was the reply; 'some may know more than others.'

'How far will you get by the end of the session?'

The director did not know. 'As far as you can,' ventured the man who had asked.

The Hebrew made a suggestion as to the best way of handling big crowds, adding, 'It's hard to please everybody.'

'Will there be much conversation?' came from somewhere.

'If I take one lesson and miss the rest?' asked the Hebrew.

'What shall I have to pay for books?'

The director was literally besieged with inquiries after knowledge. A more varied crowd could not well be imagined. In the line-up were old women, anxious to acquire a new language, but most fastidious as to the way they were going to do it. There were work girls who wished to hold converse with their fellow French workers; Englishmen and Scottishmen from the other side formed the bulk of the applicants. There were men holding prominent positions in trade who could and would pay ten or twenty times the price for the knowledge if available. And everyone was enthusiastic. It was suggested to the director that this big rush came from the lack of facilities in Montreal for learning languages, or at least if such facilities existed they were not available to the working classes at night.

'Surely you will have to divide this lot into classes,' some one remarked. The director answered dryly: 'We'll see if we have any money left; you see we have to pay a professor.'

'Oh, you can pay him out of the money you get from this lot,' was the rejoinder. He was reminded that the dollar paid was returned at the end of the year. 'If you don't miss five classes,' put in a would-be linguist who had learned the rules.

'The idea of that rule is to keep you in the class,' explained the director.' After you have missed four classes you will not miss more for fear of losing your dollar.'

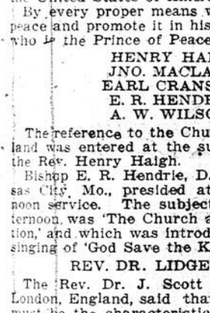
'Oh, a dollar's nothing.'

'No, we ought to have charged ten dollars,' said the director.

A Chinaman was just then seen to pay his dollar.

Mr. Thomas Gauthier, president of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, who are giving this free tuition, said to the reporter, 'The object is to get the English and the French to speak both languages. We wish to teach the English so that they may read our papers and know us through a French source. It is all for better acquaintance, that we may understand ourselves better. We wish it to be feit that is it is only an accident that I was born a Frenchman and you an Englishman. We, of the St. Jean Baptiste Society are Roman Catholics, but we are broad enough to feel that we are all citizens of Canada. It is not long since that if a Frenchman went West he had great difficulty in selling his goods, simply because he was French; things however have changed since then.'

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LAND FORCES NOW ACTIVE IN THE TURCO-ITALIAN WAR

Detachment of 3,000 Turkish Troops March Upon Tripoli to Re-capture Town, But are Driven Back After One Hour's Battle.

THE TURKISH LOSSES ARE REPORTED HEAVY.

Four Hundred and Fifty Criminals Left in Prison on Evacuation of Town, Break Loose and Loot the Valis Palace, Public Buildings and Barracks and Forts.

Tripoli, October 11.—The Turks apparently do not intend to abandon Tripoli to the Italians without further determined resistance. For several days bands of horsemen have been reconnoitering in the vicinity of the Italian outposts. Several times at night they have been discovered by the searchlights of the warships, and then shells drove them back again into the hills.

Early yesterday morning a force of about 3,000 Turkish troops, with field guns, was discovered advancing in two columns, with the evident intention of recapturing the town. A large body of natives marched with the troops, and presented a formidable array. The Italian commander, however, had an intimation that such an attempt would probably be made, and his men were amply prepared.

The Italians guns were well placed, and the Turks were met with a heavy artillery and rifle fire, to which they replied with equal energy. It was moonlight, and the fleet turned the searchlights on the contending forces. When the engagement was at its height, the battleships and cruisers joined in with their smaller batteries, directing the shells to cover the Italian front and flank.

For more than an hour the firing on shore was continuous, then it slackened and gradually ceased. The Turks retired, but in good order, although it is reported that they suffered heavy losses.

Another body of Turks tried to turn the Italians' eastern flank, but without success. The Italian casualties were slight.

The fleet pursued the retreating Turks with a heavy shell-fire until six o'clock in the morning.

The looting by the Arabs, who occupied the town after the bombardment, and disorderly flight of the Turkish troops was to a great extent the work of 450 criminals left in prison, who beat down the doors and escaped. The looters made a clean sweep of the Valis palace, the public buildings, the barracks and the forts. Nothing was left but the bare walls and a great litter of valuable official documents. Even the doors and windows were removed and the powder magazines pillaged.

The Turks appear to have had enormous supplies of ammunition, guns, rifles and projectiles. Quantities of powder, cartridges and shells have since been recovered from the looters, and the Italians have blown up three large powder magazines. Looters and escaped prisoners are constantly being recaptured. Signs of loot are visible on all sides in the incongruous attire worn by miserable negroes and ragged native children, who for the first time in their lives were able to wear boots, and fine clothes, formerly the summer uniforms of the Turkish soldiers.

One of the curious sights of the town is the appearance of the Turkish police and soldiers, who have been enrolled in the Italian service, all clad in Turkish uniforms and wearing Turkish arms, accompanying the Italian governor and other officials and aiding the Italian marines to restore order and arrest criminals.

CAVALRY REPULSED.

London, October 11.—A despatch to the 'Times' from Malta says that on October 8 two hundred Turkish cavalrymen advanced to within two miles and a half of Tripoli and tried to surprise the sentries, but were repulsed. Three Turks were killed.

A majority of the Turkish troops have fled, says the despatch, by the four caravan routes, but 3,500 are concentrating near Ghurian, some distance from Tripoli, behind a chain of hills. They have only four guns, as the others were abandoned in the Tripoli ports, where the Italians found 27, including several Krupps, dated 1875, and some new guns, which had been landed from the 'Dernia.'

The 'Times' Tripoli correspondent, in a despatch dated October 8, describes the Turkish army as being in an unenviable plight, and Munhir Pasha as 'a dear old gentleman incapable of independent action without instructions from Stamboul.'

'He has been marching to and fro in the desert,' continues the correspondent, 'wanting to attack the Italians, but lacking backbone to carry through his splendid intentions. Finally he halted about a day's march outside the town, while the baggage and camels were sent unescorted into the interior. Realizing that the Turkish regime was ended, and that they were not likely to get their pay, the camel men decamped with the camels and loads.'

'Nearly all the local conscripts, as well as the Arabs, who were armed by the local authorities, deserted, and Munhir Pasha in despair opened negotiations with the Italian commander. As the Turks left both artillery and wives in Tripoli there can never be any intention of a serious resistance. The story is one that should whiten Shefket Pasha's hairs with grief.'

A Tripoli despatch to the 'Times,' dated October 10, says: 'Last night the naval outpost line around the town was disturbed by a hostile movement along its front. The Italians fired many volleys, and the warships joined in with shrapnel and shell. No Italian casualties are yet reported.'

The Constantinople correspondent of the 'Times' says: 'The Italian military authorities have seized the offices of the Imperial Public Debt administration in Tripoli and expelled all the officials, who have been given six days in which to quit the country. The council of the Public Debt will protest to Italy and the powers on behalf of the bondholders.'

TURKISH TROOPS LACK PROVISIONS.

London, October 11.—The 'Morning Post's' Tripoli despatch, dated October 10, reports that the Turkish army under Munhir Pasha is in a pitiable state from lack of provisions and water, and that Munhir Pasha has opened negotiations with the Italian commandant.

The 'Chronicle's' Constantinople correspondent says that no Turkish troops will be allowed to pass through Egypt. According to the same correspondent, it is announced that Bulgaria and Roumania have decided on a general mobilization. A run on the branch bank of Rome in Constantinople has resulted in the withdrawal of many millions.

A Tripoli despatch to the 'Daily Mail' says: All American subjects of Turkish race will be expelled from the town within a week. All the Arab reserves, called up by the Turks, have returned to their homes. The Turkish troops are said to be completely demoralized and are living on half rations.'

RAILWAY AND COAL CO.'S.

Another Alleged Violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Law.

Washington, October 11.—Action by the Supreme Court of the United States to stop alleged violations of the Sherman anti-trust law by the principal railways and coal companies in the Pennsylvania anthracite coal region was urged by J. C. McReynolds, special assistant to the Attorney-General, in a three-hour argument to-day before that tribunal. He was followed by Everett Warren, counsel for one of the defendants, the Temple Iron Company. To-morrow Attorney-General Wickersham is expected to address the court in regard to the application of the Sherman law to the facts in the case, and John G. Johnson, the noted Philadelphia corporation lawyer, and others will defend the corporations attacked.

Mr. Reynolds argued that the evidence presented by the Government in the trial of the case in the United States Circuit Court for Eastern Pennsylvania showed that there was a general combination between the railway and coal companies to avoid competition in the production, sale and transportation of anthracite coal. Since 1874, he told the court, the defendant railways had manifested a purpose to effect such a combination. Since the Pennsylvania constitution forbade the railways to engage directly or indirectly in mining, they had, he argued, sought to avoid the law by buying stock in coal companies that did mine coal.

CHINESE REVOLTS

Have Taken Possession of City of Wu Chang After Battle With Loyal Troops.

GOVERNOR KILLED BY BOMB.

Foreign Consuls Have Telegraphed Their Governments Asking For Warships.

Hankow, China, Oct. 11.—The revolutionaries have won a notable victory, gaining possession of the city of Wu Chang after a battle with the loyal troops that began yesterday and continued well into last night.

To-day the foreign residents had not been molested. The revolutionary committee issued a proclamation exhorting its followers not to harm the citizens of other countries. The fact that the wishes of the committee have been respected this far, while reassuring to other nations, is in itself a sinister sign for the government at Pekin, as it indicates that the rebellious movement is now more thoroughly organized.

Earlier outbreaks have assumed the character of rioting, in which the mobs were soon out of the control of intelligent leadership, thus making their defeat by the better directed government troops comparatively easy.

The fear of the officials now is that the disaffection in the troops will spread to this city, and every effort is being made to ward off this danger.

The foreign consuls have telegraphed their governments asking that warships be sent to the scene. Japanese cruisers are expected here to-night, while several gunboats are hastening hither.

As another measure of precaution the merchant vessels in the river are keeping steam up, and women and children will be permitted to go oboard them to-night. Volunteers have surrounded the foreign quarter, and will remain on duty day and night until the safety of all foreigners is secured. It appears that the revolutionaries defeated in Szechuan province, where they for some time besieged the capital Chengtu, transferred their chief activities to Hupeh province, with the intention of making it the base for renewed operations in Szechuen. According to the officials an uprising in Wu Chang was planned for last Monday night. The plot was discovered early that evening, and thirty-two arrests were made.

Desiring to terrorize the revolutionaries, 'four of the prisoners were beheaded in the street before the Viceroy's yamen yesterday.

The energetic action of the authorities does not appear to have had the desired effect. Immediately after the execution a portion of the government artillery forces within the city mutinied and the uprising was precipitated.

The disaffection in the artillery spread to other forces, and the revolutionaries took advantage of the situation. They started fires in many parts of the city, and attacked such of the troops as refused to join them.

The forces that remained loyal were overcome. The Taotai appealed to the foreign consuls to instruct their warships to guard the harbor limits and head off any reinforcements that might be approaching the city from the river to strengthen the rebels. The Viceroy sent a message to Pekin urgently requesting the immediate despatch of warships from Tientsin.

Finally seeing that further resistance was useless, the Viceroy fled the city and found refuge on a private yacht that was lying in the river. His headquarters and those of the provincial treasurer were burned. The military commander was assassinated.

Hankow, China, Oct. 11.—Much firing can be heard this afternoon in the direction of Wu Chang. Communication with that city has been cut off. Several large fires are seen. It is evident that the soldiers have gone over to the revolutionaries, following the execution of four conspirators at Wu Chang earlier to-day.

Pekin, Oct. 11.—News reached this city to-day that the Chinese revolutionaries have captured Wu Chang, the capital of the Province of Hu-Peh, where trouble has been reported for several days. The commander of the troops defending the city was killed by a bomb, and the viceroy escaped only by hasty flight. Five foreign gunboats, stationed along the Yangtse Kiang, are protecting the city of Hankow.

Wu Chang is a walled town of considerable importance. It has a population of 600,000, and is the seat of a great native and foreign trade. Situated just across the Yangtse River from Hankow, it has shared with that city to some extent in adopting the refinements of civilization, and possesses an electric lighting system, a normal school for women, modern cotton mills, a mining plant, etc.

CHURCH NEWS

London, Ont., Oct. 11.—The first Diocesan Eucharistic Congress in Ontario, possibly in Canada, was held in St. Mary's Church yesterday, closing with the benediction of the Blessed Sacrament last night. His Lordship Bishop Fallon preached, and in the course of his sermon made forceful reference to the higher critics. 'To-day,' he said, 'there are so-called Christians crucifying Christ anew. In this very age, at this very hour in Canada, not many hundred miles from London, are men in the pulpit denying the virgin birth. Is not it a hideous thing to think that from Christian pulpits there are men who with one stroke would destroy every possibility of a logical Christianity? In the hurry and bustle of the age you may not realize how serious it is, but they are undermining the faith of the people. I say to you, isn't it a good thing that this is the old Catholic Church left with its faith in the inspired Scriptures?'

The church was richly decorated with the papal colors.

Toronto, Oct. 11.—Knox College is asking the Presbyterian churches of the province of Ontario to contribute $400,000 toward the cost of the land and buildings in connection with the new college buildings on the campus of the University of Toronto. It was at first thought that $300,000 would be sufficient, but the buildings are to have a greater capacity than originally intended. During the past summer $25,000 was collected and the subscriptions received to date amount to $285,000.

SHOOTING FATALITY.

Young Student at Richmond Accidentally Shoots Himself.

Richmond, Que., October 11.—A sad shooting accident occurred here yesterday morning, resulting in the death of Frank Dresser, insurance agent, of this place. The particulars of the shooting have not been learned in full, but one story is that the young man, who intended going shooting, was standing in the kitchen door, when his gun was accidentally discharged. The contents entered his body and he died in a few minutes.

The victim of the shooting was well-known around town, and was a student at St. Francis College, Richmond.

GOOD WHALING SEASON.

(Seattle correspondence Portland 'Oregonian.')

The tug 'Resolute,' the first of the Seattle whaling vessels to return from the north, arrived from Alaska recently and reports the present season the most prosperous ever known. This year the whalers operated principally in Aletak Bay, Marmot Bay, Yakutat Bay and off Cape Omaney, Port Armstrong and Kodiak Island, which includes territory that is practically virgin for the whalers.

Whales were found unusually plentiful in Aletak Bay, where the whalers sometimes killed as many as eight a day.

Contracts for the construction of three fast steam whalers were let to a Seattle shipyard to-day. The new ships will be so speedy nad well equipped that a whale that spouts in sight of one of them cannot escape death. The new boats will go into commission during the winter and will operate in the waters of the North Pacific, off the cost of Washington, British Columbia and Alaska.

NEW DIRECTORS.

New York, Oct. 11.—Thomas W. Lamont and G. F. Baker, jr., have been elected directors of Northern Pacific, to succeed Geo. W. Perkins and Alex. S. Cochran, resigned.

Store Opens at 8 o'clock and Closes at 5.30 p.m.

Goodwins Limited

Owning and Operating A. E. REA & CO., Montreal, Limited

D. LORNE McGIBBON, President. J. W. McCONNELL, Vice-President
W. H. GOODWIN, Vice-President and Managing Director.

From the Blazed Trail of the Hunter to the Cosy Cots of the Little Children

GOODWINS WILL SUPPLY All Kinds of

Blankets

TO-MORROW.

15,000 Pairs of Blankets. — *White Blankets, Grey Blankets, Scarlet Blankets, Blankets for the Miner and prospector. Large Blankets, Small Blankets, Flannelette Blankets, and Most Beautiful of all, the Baby Blankets.* — 15,000 Pairs of Blankets.

All Weights and All Sizes at All Prices.

Thursday of this week will be Blanket Day at Goodwins'. To-morrow those who need any kind of Blankets should be here. The cosy warmth of the whole country will be contained in the blanket parcels which will leave Goodwins' to-morrow, and the purses of our customers will suffer only slightly in consequence.

The intrepid hunter and the keen trapper will find the staunch blanket in which he may wrap himself in front of the camp fire in comfort. The man who chases the caribou or molests the moose may find his nightly share of warmth and cosiness ready for him at this store on Thursday. The housewife who has to please the persons in her care will revel in the bountiful choice of blankets which Goodwins' have prepared. The children who clamour for clothing abundantly warm for their beds will cease to trouble when the Goodwin blanket arrives. The innocent infant of the crib, with its stirring, whirring little legs, will be made the object of much careful attention here to-morrow, where Downy pink, blue and delightfully colored nursery blankets have been selected for the baby's benefit. These little crib covers are ornamented with Little Bo-Peep, Hi-Diddle Diddle, Humpty Dumpty and other nursery rhymes, whilst other little waves of comfort for the baby are made of pure white fleecy wool.

A castle could not contemplate better bed clothing; a cottage cannot conceive anything more becoming at such a season.

Prices will seldom be seen more moderate.

Of all October's offerings, Goodwin blankets are perhaps the greatest necessity.

DARK GREY BLANKETS, with self grey borders, closed ends, 5, 6, 7 and 8 lbs. weight. Per pair ....$2.50 to $4.25

SILVER OR DARK GREY BLANKETS, closed ends. All pure wool. 6, 7 and 8 lbs. weight. Per pair .....$4.50 to $5.95

SCARLET BLANKETS, all pure wool, neat self colored borders, open and closed ends. 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 lbs. weight. Per pair .....$5.25 to $8.50

PURE WHITE ALL WOOL BLANKETS, neat pink or blue borders, summer dried, free from sulphur. 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 lbs. weight. Per pair .....$3.25 to $5.85

If you do not require a pair of blankets, we have lots of single ones, in white, grey, or scarlet, some also soiled, specially reduced for Thursday's selling.

OUR SPECIAL BLANKET, guaranteed best pure English wool, has an extra heavy velvet nap. Wear guaranteed. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 lbs. weight. Per pair .....$4.50 to $8.55

BABY BLANKETS, size 40 x 52 inches, in the following nursery rhyme patterns: Humpty Dumpty, Little-Bo-Peep, Jack and Jill, Teddy Bear, Cat and the Fiddle, etc. Colors, Sky and White, and Pink and White. Thursday, each ..... .95

FLANNELETTE BLANKETS, are equally useful as sheets or blankets. Your choice of either white or grey, with neat pink or blue borders.

Cradle size, per pair	.42
Crib size, per pair	.75
10 x 4, Single bed size, per pair	$1.25
11 x 4, Three-quarter bed size, per pair	$1.50
12 x 4, Largest size made	$1.75

Ground Floor.

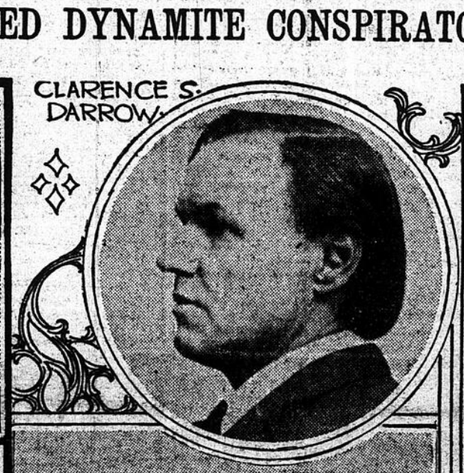
TRIAL OF THE M'NAMARA BROTHERS, ACCUSED DYNAMITE CONSPIRATORS, BEGAN TO-DAY



JOHN J. McNAMARA.



JAMES W. McNAMARA



CLARENCE S. DARROW.



JUDGE WALTER BORDWELL.



THE LOS ANGELES TIMES BUILDING AFTER THE EXPLOSION

UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD PHOTO

Los Angeles, Oct. 11.—To-day begins the fight of the State of California to hold James B. and John J. McNamara responsible for the death of nineteen men in the explosion in the Los Angeles 'Times' plant on Oct. 1, 1910.

A severance of the case against the McNamaras, both of whom were indicted five months ago on twenty-one counts for murder, has been the announced desire of the defence, and the prosecution awaited the formal request in court to-day to that effect before disclosing which of the two brothers it had elected to try first.

Neither of the brothers knew when they awakened to-day which the prosecution would summon. Since April 26 they have been confined in jail, but both reiterated to-day that they were ready.

'Of course we are ready,' said John J., as he pushed his fingers through thick locks of grey hair. 'It does not matter who is tried first.'

Counsel for both sides admitted to day that the examination of witnesses and the taking of evidence would not be approached for some time.

For to-day, therefore, little was anticipated beside the preliminary motions and perfunctory examination of the jurymen.

Of the venire of 125 men summoned on Monday, 47 names still remained, but it was considered not improbable another venire, and possibly a third, would be required from which to make a final selection. The trial will take place on the eighth floor of the newly completed Hall of Records.

Spokane, Washn., Oct. 11.—Approximately two hundred thousand industrial workers of the world and other workmen affiliated with that organization are scheduled to quit work the day the trial of the McNamara brothers begins in Los Angeles as a protest against the arrest and extradition of the prisoners, according to local officials of the order.

HIGHEST GRADE HAND WORK ONLY
THE CROWN LAUNDRY CO.

A P Protection

Collars and cuffs to be proud of, that reflect credit to our exquisite laundry work, and give genuine satisfaction to the wearer.

4218 ST. CATHERINE ST. WEST.
Near Greene Ave.

OBITUARY.

MR. ANDREW BRENNAN.

Cornwall, Ont., Oct. 11.—Mr. Andrew Brennan, ex-president of the Stormont Conservative Association, and a prominent and well-off citizen of the township of Cornwall, was found dead yesterday in bed at his home on the Post road. Mr. Brennan was about sixty years of age and had lived alone for a quarter of a century. The neighbors did not see him since Sunday, and, visiting the premises this morning and, visiting the premises yesterday morning, found that he had evidently passed away in his sleep.

BAKERS, LIKE POLITICIANS,

Use many and varied Methods,

BUT!

WE KEEP THE QUALITY UP

HARRISON

BREAD EXPERT

Mount 3 86. Westmount.

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