

The Montreal Herald

EIGHTY-FOURTH YEAR. NO. 72

MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25, 1891.

3 CENTS PER YEAR

LINKS IN A CHAIN

Of Circumstances That May Lead to the Discovery of Jeweller Swenson's Body.

TWO HERALD MEN AT WORK.

A Man's Hand—Suspicious Spots of Blood in the Snow—A Slipper.

BY OUR OWN REPORTERS.

It is now six weeks since Carl Swenson, the Craig-street jeweller, disappeared and as yet his whereabouts remain enveloped in mystery. Speculation has been rife as to how he could have been taken away leaving no scrap of paper or other clue by which he in any manner could be traced. Various theories have been advanced but one theory has been as good as another so far as being supported by tangible evidence is concerned. One theory is that while under the influence of drink he wandered away and perished. This is supported by the statement that he was in the habit of drinking rather too freely and frequently took long walks; in addition to this it is also said that lately he manifested some uneasiness about certain speculations. Again it is said by a taciturn mind he suddenly took to travel, and closed his shop, purchased a ticket, and quietly stole away and is now in some part of the American continent quietly perusing the papers and smiling to himself over the fuss they are making about his mysterious disappearance. Another, and what would seem in the light of more recent revelations to be the more plausible theory is that he was either enticed to some lonely spot and foully murdered for his money and jewelry which he carried upon his person or was waylaid while strolling along the streets at about half past eight. In support of this it is asserted that he was in the habit of carrying large sums of money about with him, a fact which was generally known, and he wore upon his fingers two very valuable diamond rings which were quite enough to excite the cupidity of well intentioned persons.

The story of the finding of a human hand in the upper part of Rivard-street, in Cote St. Louis, on Saturday last, and which was related in Monday's Herald led two Herald commissioners to further investigate the mystery surrounding this discovery the result of which is detailed below.

It will be remembered that the hand in question was found in a yard back of a house at 847 Rivard-street, having been brought there by a dog. The hand was picked up by Mrs. Beaupre, taken into the house and sewed into the stove. When the police learned of the affair, they went to the house and recovered the charred bones and took them to No. 12 station where they still remain.

The detectives were seen concerning the matter, but on Saturday last, the two commissioners yesterday visited the place where the hand was found, held an interview with Mrs. Beaupre and from what they learned were sufficiently convinced of the importance of the discovery to engage in an extended search for a possible body to which it might belong. Just back of the house where the hand was found is a wide expanse of field, which forms a part of Mount Royal Park, and which extends out into the open country. It will be remembered that at the time it was found it was not stated whether the hand was that of a man or a woman.

Upon further questioning Mrs. Beaupre said that about six weeks ago upon rising in the morning and looking out of the window into the street she saw a lot of blood on the snow which seemed to have been dropped from something which was carried along. On going to the back of the house she discovered the same thing there, both on the ground and on a low gallery. There were foot tracks in the snow but not being well at the time, and no suspicion of foul play arising in her mind she did not go down to further inspect the suspicious circumstance.

Another peculiar thing which may, however, be only a coincidence is that her dog disappeared on Saturday night and has not since turned up.

A FREE COUNTRY

Southerners Who Have Not Heard of Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation.

THE "NIGGER" WAS SHOT DOWN

He Swore He Would Bring the D—d Black Rascals Back or Kill Them.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

LITTLE ROCK, March 24.—Yesterday morning a planter claiming to belong to the first families of Louisiana boarded a train on the Valley Route Railway at Tulaski, near the State line. He said that he was looking for a family of negroes who had left his plantation for Oklahoma and that he intended bringing the black rascals back or kill them. When the train reached Parkdale a well-dressed negro man, accompanied by his wife and three children, boarded the train. The planter told the negro that he was under contract to work for him during the year, and that unless he returned at once to the plantation he would kill him. The negro replied that this was a free country and that he was going to Oklahoma. With an oath the planter drew a revolver and shot the negro through the head, killing him instantly. The planter then walked out of the train and after assuring the many spectators present on the platform that that was the only way to break up "the damn negro stampede in Oklahoma," returned to his home in Louisiana. The name of the planter is not known.

MILLIONS LOST BY THE FLOODS.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

NEW ORLEANS, March 24.—The crevasse now pouring their waters over a dozen parishes of Louisiana will prove little, if any, less destructive than those of last year. The break at Concordia, East Carroll parish, is now 600 feet wide and will flood the same section that was overflowed by the great Raleigh crevasse in 1890.

As destructive as the Concordia crevasse will prove, it will probably not do a tithe of the injury that will result from the Ames crevasse, just opposite the city, which will affect the parishes of Ascension, St. James, St. John St. Charles, Jefferson, Plaquemine, Lafourche and Terrebonne, in fact, the entire basin between the Mississippi and Lafourche rivers.

The crevasse is now over 400 feet wide and 25 feet deep. The section that will be affected consists of sugar and rice plantations, and the sugar crop at least is likely to prove a total loss, as the water will remain on the land for several weeks and completely destroy the growing cane.

The full extent of the damage will not be felt for three or four weeks yet as the great basin in which the water flows will fill up slowly, but as the inflow cannot be checked until the river falls within its banks, which is not expected until June, and as the crevasse widens daily and the volume of water pouring through is constantly increasing, it is only a question of time when the basin will be full of overflowing and the plantations will be submerged by the back water.

IT WILL TAKE ITS COURSE.

The View of Merchants in the Newfoundland Trade.

THEY ARE ASKING FOR DELAY.

There Will Be no Further Progress in the Matter in the Imperial Parliament Till After Easter.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

LONDON, March 24.—Mr. William Henry Smith, First Lord of the Treasury and Government leader in the Commons, has been waited upon by a deputation of merchants engaged in the Newfoundland trade, who appeared before him to urge delay on the part of the Imperial Government in forcing through Parliament the bill introduced into the House of Lords last week by Lord Knutsford, secretary for the colonies, and which seeks to make operative upon Newfoundland the provisions of the *modus vivendi* entered into between France and Great Britain relative to the rights of the former upon the colony. The bill is one which is most bitterly opposed by the Newfoundlanders. Replying to the representations of the deputation, Mr. Smith informed his visitors that while the question was one of paramount importance and of extreme urgency it would nevertheless have to undergo a delay of 26 days between the time of the introduction of the bill and the date for its second reading. This interval would afford plenty of time to permit of the opponents of the measure presenting their objections to its passage. After Mr. Smith's reply in the House of Commons yesterday Sir J. P. Hennessy decided to postpone any further questioning of the Government on the Newfoundland imbroglio till after Easter.

Miners Hang a Thief.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va., March 24.—A miner named Bela was found hanging to a tree near Flat Top on Saturday. He had been lynched by fellow-miners for breaking open the trunk of one of their number and robbing it of several hundred dollars. Numerous arrests have been made and it is thought that all the lynchings will be in custody this week.

Healthy Children.

Dyer's Improved Food for Infants is a pure preparation of Pearl Barley highly nutritious, easily digested and once tried will always be used—endorsed by leading physicians, price 25cts. Drugists keep it. W. A. Dyer & Co. Montreal.

THE ELEPHANT ON TOP.

Old "Tip's" Rage and Keeper Snyder's Struggle for Life.

LOTTERY RAIDED.

The Milwaukee Police Make a Descent Upon the Louisiana Crowd.

ALL THE BOOKS CAPTURED.

A Full List of the Subscribers Is Now in the Hands of the Police.

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MILWAUKEE, March 24.—Postal inspectors to-day raided the headquarters of the agents of the Louisiana State Lottery and the Mexican Lottery, capturing all the books and list of subscribers and correspondence. The agents, Benj. Hoteller and Mrs. Fannie Neubauer, and the messenger, Alfred Smith, (colored) were arrested and held in \$2500 each.

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A Breezy Budget From the "Fores City" of the West.

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LONDON, March 24.—Rev. R. Hicks, formerly curate of St. Paul's Cathedral, has received a call to the rectory of Simcoe, held by the late Rev. John Gemmer. Mr. Hicks is a graduate of Huron College and has been connected with St. Paul's for about five years. He is a general favorite with the congregation.

A DANGEROUS CLIFF.

It Has a Dangerous Aspect and May Come Down at Any Moment.

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BRUSH WIERS AN ERROR.

The Fish Dealers Are Complaining.

THE BAY OF FUNDY HERRING.

Hundreds of the Young Ones Have Been Killed Off by the Existence of the Brush Wiers.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

ST. JOHN, N. B., March 24.—Fish dealers here are protesting strongly against brush wiers, which they affirm are killing off all young herring in the Bay of Fundy. Hundreds of these wiers are set along the New Brunswick coast and of course Maine, with the result that the herring are getting smaller every year. This season was a dead failure. The petition will be sent to Parliament praying for a law against brush wiers, for loss of herring means loss of food, as well, and scarcity of the former is now attributed directly to the fact that the wiers have killed off millions of young herring during the last few years.

THE FIRE RECORD.

PITTSBURG, March 24.—The South Side market house was burned at midnight last night. Loss \$100,000.

WALLACEBURG, Ont., March 24.—About 4 o'clock this evening fire was discovered in the kitchen of P. Thompson's house, in South Wallaceburg. Before the fire engine could reach the building on account of the deep mud in the streets the fire had made considerable headway, and the building is a wreck. Loss about \$600, insurance \$400 in the Guardian, and \$200 in the Queens on the furniture, which was somewhat damaged in removal. Cause of fire unknown.

Immigration Increasing.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The report of the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics shows that during February 19,089 immigrants arrived in United States ports from foreign countries other than Canada and Mexico. This is 2116 in excess of the number arriving during February of last year. The total of such immigration during eight months ending Feb. 28, is 264,765, which is an increase of 45,412 over the corresponding eight months of 1890-91.

The Harriers.

Mr. E. F. Painter, of the London, Eng., Athletic Club and Ranelagh Harriers, suffered from a strained tendon, and no remedy he tried did him any good until he used St. Jacob's Oil, which soon enabled him to resume his running and sports. It is the remedy preferred by all athletes.

Guiltily of Arson.

WALKERTON, Ont., March 24.—At the assizes to-day Donald McLeod, jr., of Kincairdine township was found guilty of arson in having set fire and caused destruction of barns of Silvester McKim. Several barns have been burned in the township and the prisoner's punishment was made exemplary the judge giving him 14 years.

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DISTRESS SIGNALS

A Captain Who Did Not Learn the Full Extent of the Damage.

A STEAMER IN DISTRESS.

She is Allowed to Proceed on Her Way, But Presumably Not Rejoicing.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Capt. H. Richter of the North German Lloyd steamer Saale which arrived here to-day from Bremen reports that on March 19 in latitude 46 long 37 he passed the British steamer Critic which was flying signals, indicating that she had been in collision. Capt. Richter did not learn the extent of the damage done to the Critic but thinks it could not be dangerous as she did not ask for assistance. It was at 2 o'clock in the afternoon when she was passed. The Critic is a "tramp" British vessel, iron, 1780 tons, which left this port on March 11 with cargo for Leith. She was commanded by Capt. Davies and carried a crew of 47 men. Her agents in this city are Simpson, Spencer & Young.

WATER IN HIS FACE.

A Slight Idea of How Politics are Carried on in the Far West.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

WINNIPEG, March 24.—At the meeting of Mr. Garland who is opposing Attorney General Martin for election to the local house, exciting scenes were enacted last night. W. J. Cooper, one of Garland's supporters attempted to denounce Martin, when one of the latter's friends rushed at him and a fierce fight ensued. Order being somewhat restored after a long time, Cooper started again to denounce Martin, when a Mr. Smith rushed at him with a full pail of water, throwing pail and all in his face. This broke up the meeting.

Believed He Will be Brought Back.

A Halifax despatch last night says that Tanner, late United States consul at Picton, who fled from Nova Scotia to escape prosecution on a charge of attempted assault on a little girl, is reported to be under arrest in Boston and it is supposed the Federal authorities will take steps to bring him back for trial.

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT.

Jailor Payette is seriously ill.

Wm. Shirling, of Troy, N. Y., is guest at the Balmoral.

Thos. Wallace, of New York, is registered at the Balmoral.

Frank Baker, and R. Walker, of Toronto are at the Balmoral.

John F. Wood, M. P. of Brockville, is stopping at the Windsor last night.

E. A. Olinch, of Sarnia, P. Q., is among the arrivals at the Windsor.

Robert Stewart, of New York, is among the arrivals at the Windsor.

J. C. Steele, of Brockville, is among the guests at the Balmoral.

Chief Justice Meredith, of Toronto, is visiting his brothers in this city.

J. Freacy, wife and daughter, of Sherbrooke, are at the Balmoral.

John A. Fraser, of Kalkith, Ont., and Mrs. Fraser, are at the Balmoral.

F. A. Olinch, of Sarnia, P. Q., is among the arrivals at the Balmoral.

H. D. W. Armstrong, of Toronto, is among the arrivals at the Windsor.

Ald. Malone went to Ottawa yesterday to attend the funeral of his sister.

Geo. K. Dean, of Kingston, and T. S. Sincott, of Brantford, are at the Balmoral.

Major and Miss Bond returned home yesterday after a pleasant holiday in England.

Wm. Kille, and H. N. G. Hopkins, of London, Eng., are registered at the Windsor.

Geo. A. Mountain, Chief Engineer of the Canada Atlantic Railway, and Mrs. Mountain, are at the Windsor.

Sub-Chief Keough is gradually improving.

He is now able to be about his room and is expected soon to return to his duties at the Central Station.

Among the guests at the Riensden are J. A. Roy, St. Cyr, Jos. DeLaurier, Beauharnois, Nellie Lebel, Boston; John Nault, Chicago; Wm. Leclerc, and J. DeLaurier, Chippewa Falls; T. B. Desrosiers, Roxton.

D. C. Freeman, Rochester; Wm. E. Campbell, Mattawa; James Corcoran, Westport, Mass.; Mr. Davidson and James Morrison, Toronto; J. Bassett, Monroo, Carleton Place; L. E. Spear and wife, Springfield; R. G. Barr, Norwood, are stopping at the Richelieu.

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THE OLD SYSTEM

The Montrealers are in Favor of the Challenge Style Being Reverted to.

THE SHAMROCK'S NEW CAPTAIN.

Mr. McNulty Accepts the Offer—The N.A.L.A. Annual Meeting on April 10.

The annual report of the Montreal Lacrosse club will be submitted at the annual meeting to be held on April 10, a lengthy one, dealing with the workings of the team since the opening of the season till the trip in the winter to the States. Amongst other statements it goes on to say: "Our American cousins are taking hold of the game with fresh energy and the coming season will witness games played between teams from Brooklyn, Manhattan, New York, Staten Island, the Druids and others. In the near future international matches will be the rule and not an exception." The report announces that H. R. H. Prince George of Wales has become a life member of the club. The captains of the team are specially thanked for their services. The question of having an official timekeeper is raised and also the matter of amateur standing. The report recommends the following: "The question of having an official time-keeper for matches played under the two hour system might be looked into with advantage as a referee generally has his time fully occupied looking after the players. The deciding of amateur standing of players should be left, as it now is, with the A. A. of C., this being the proper body to refer all charges of professionalism to; and we trust no change will be made in this respect. At the approaching convention of the N. A. L. A. to be held on April 10, in Montreal, notice has been given that the motion will be made to revoke Rule XIII of the Laws of Lacrosse relating to the senior championship, the old challenge system to be reverted to. This would not affect the senior league matches and would increase the number of matches to be played here, as no doubt the Shamrocks and Montreal would play for this championship. The following were the members of the team who played in championship matches last season: E. Sheppard played 4, captured 3; R. Cheyne 8, A. Cameron 8, J. Wilkinson 7, J. Patterson 8, W. Springers 8, T. Carlin 8, J. Carlin 2, A. E. McNaughton 8, T. L. Paton 4, captured 1; George Baird 8, W. Geraghty 8, W. J. Cleghorn 1, captured 1; Dr. Shanks 6, J. A. Michaud 4, E. H. Brown captured 1, W. D. Aird captured 1, S. G. Waldron 1, J. Louson 2, C. King 1, F. M. Larmouth captured 1. The committee were of opinion that the supply of sticks should be ordered at once and everything put in shape for early practicing, so that a big push be made for first place this season. The club have been invited to play with the team of the New York Athletic Club. They will meet them during the trip to New York, when they go down to play at the opening of the Manhattan new grounds. There seems, however, to be a great deal of opposition in some quarters to the challenge system coming in once again, and it is very probable that the game will be conducted similar to last year. Mr. McNulty Accepts to Captain the Shamrocks. As stated in yesterday morning's Herald the Shamrock Lacrosse Club would be in new hands this coming season as Mr. T. W. McNulty, captain of the Crescents of last year, has accepted the captaincy of the team and it is certain he will make every effort to lead the club to victory. He gave his answer to the committee yesterday afternoon and at to-night's meeting he will be unanimously accepted. Several persons were spoken to in reference to the naming of the new captain and all expressed themselves, as being more than satisfied with the proposed appointment of Mr. McNulty. St. Gabriel Club Meeting. The annual meeting of the St. Gabriel Lacrosse Club will be held to-night for election of officers and transaction of other business. The saints expect to put a strong team in the field again and will try hard for the junior championship. A Junior League in Toronto. A junior lacrosse league has been organized in Toronto. The clubs represented at the meeting held on Monday night were: Young Canadian, Maitland, Upper Canada College, Dominion, Tecumseh, Maple Leaf, Oriole, Athletics Second, Toronto Second. A committee was appointed to define a junior, and this report was presented, which was adopted—"A junior is a player who has never taken part in a district, intermediate, or senior championship match." After a lengthy discussion it was decided to limit the league's membership to seven clubs and to elect by ballot. On the first ballot Toronto second was dropped, and on the next ballot Upper Canada College met a similar fate, thus leaving in these clubs: Young Canadian, Maitland, Dominion, Tecumseh, Maple Leaf, Oriole, Athletics. A committee was appointed to report a name and the officers of the organization. "The Toronto Junior Lacrosse League" was the title suggested, and the officers that of president, vice-president, to be filled by outsiders; secretary-treasurer and a committee of seven, composed of one member from each club. The C. L. A. rules, with the exception of its definition of a junior, were also recommended for adoption. The report was adopted. The election of officers was postponed until the next meeting, which will be held in a week. AQUATICS. A Very Favorable Outlook for Rowing This Season. H. W. Garfield of Albany, president of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen, says: "The outlook for rowing this year, so far as can be judged at this early day, is extremely favorable. There seems to be indications of a genuine revival of inte-

rest in aquatics. The usual regattas will be held at the usual dates. The deplorable dispute between the Passaic River Association and the Harlem Regatta Association is to May 20 seems in a fair way of being amicably settled. The newly elected president of the Harlem Association is an active, energetic and popular gentleman, and it is generally believed he will be able to infuse new life into this time-honored organization. At Newark new houses have been constructed, old and efficient officers re-elected, and the prospects of a season of rare sport were never better in that locality. The Memorial day races it is expected will attract more entries than ever, and the Middle States Association, one of the latest and one of the strongest of the prominent associations, which showed so phenomenal an entry list at its first regatta last summer, promised to more than repeat its first success. In Washington, where for years the three clubs have lived in a state of armed truce, a better state of feeling prevails and the Columbia Athletic, the Potomac Athletic and the Annapolis clubs have united in an invitation to the National Association to hold the annual races on the Potomac. Consequently the national regatta will be held at Washington during the month of August. The official announcement of the dates has not yet been made, but inasmuch as the executive committee of the national association formally voted in favor of Washington, when overtures were made by the District of Columbia Club at the January meeting, it is little doubt the national championship races will be rowed at the capital. O'Connor Willing and Ready to Race Toomer Any Time. Toronto, March 24.—"Billy" O'Connor was rather warm under the collar yesterday when he read in the morning papers of Toomer's challenge to row him at Point of Pines on May 30 for \$1,000 a side. "A sharp dodge on Toomer's part to advertise his race at that course with Hanlan," said the champion when commenting on the challenge. "Toomer knows he can get on a race with me without leaving a drop of sweat on his forehead. I am ready and willing to make a match, but you can rest assured it won't be rowed under Thayer's management at the Point of Pines. I am surprised and indignant at Toomer's boldness, but the public can clearly see that Toomer's idea is to boom his forthcoming race at that place by bringing my name into what looks like a previously arranged affair."

PEDESTRIANISM. Guerrero Says he Will Withdraw Because he Has a Bad Cold. The New York Sun says: Gus Guerrero and his trainer, "Happy" Jack, John Burns, Noremac, and several others who had taken part in the 6-day go-as-you-please burlesque were found at the Putnam House yesterday afternoon. Guerrero had a bad cold, and he seemed to be thoroughly posted as to the future plans of the walkers, and had more to say than any of the others. He said he was hardly at all doubtful that the \$10,000 or what remained of it after paying some minor expenses would be divided according to the agreement made with the entries. The \$30,000 more or less would be paid over at 3 p.m. to-day. After this matter is settled, Guerrero and his trainer are going to Boston to engage in the 6-day walk which is to begin there on April 13. John Hughes, the winner, is the only one of the walkers who is not already in excellent condition. He has suffered a little with his feet, and was not able to leave his bed yesterday. THE RING. The Big Mill Will be Decided at Troy on March 31. BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE. Boston, March 24.—The next big mill to be decided is that between George Dixon and "Cal" McCarthy at the Troy Club, March 31. Dixon is doing his training in this city, and during the past week has worked hard getting down his weight. Yesterday he weighed 116 pounds and was fit to fight for his life. His system of training is the same that he has been using since he came under the management of Tom O'Rourke. In the morning he runs and walks about 10 miles, and in the afternoon he punches the ball and exercises with light dumb-bells. He is thoroughly rubbed after his morning and afternoon work. There has been no betting as yet on the contest, but two prominent New Yorkers and several Boston men are offering to bet \$100 to \$200 on the colored lad. Those same New York men offered to back Dixon for \$10,000 against Cal McCarthy in a six-fight series, but the latter could not raise any backing. The club where the match is to be decided is making extensive preparations for the affair, and it will cost it \$8000 to open the doors of the big hall which has been leased and fitted up for the occasion. General Sporting Gossip. The report from Rock Lodge, Fla., that Michael F. Dwyer, the junior member of the club of Dwyer Brothers, has bought the Indian River Hotel property of J. M. Lee for \$100,000 gives credence to the statement that he is to retire from the turf. Mr. Dwyer will make it one of the best resorts in the South outside of the Ponce de Leon and a few others. Joe Chovinski, the California heavyweight pugilist, now in Australia, is receiving great praise for the showing he made in his recent battle with Joe Goddard, the Barrier champion, who bested Jackson in eight rounds. The Australian steamer arrived in Brisbane yesterday, bringing details of the battle, which indicate that it was one of the most desperate fights on record. Chovinski is matched to fight Mick Dooley at Melbourne next month for a \$1750 purse. The Canadian Government is having a number of pigeons trained for use in conveying intelligence of wrecks on Sable Island.—Boston Globe. Austin Gibbons, the Paterson lightweight, will probably postpone his trip to England, as a New York bookmaker offers to hang up a \$1500 purse for a fight between him and Mike McLaughlin. He will also bet \$500 or \$1000 that McLaughlin wins. Mr. T. S. Saunders, of Hamilton, one of the best cricketers and Rugby football players in America, will leave for British Columbia next week, having been transferred to one of the Pacific coast branches of the Bank of Montreal. Neil Matterson and C. Stephenson, the Australian scullers, are in the Parramatta, a complete gymnasium. Mr. Warby, a patron of rowing, has proposed that Matterson, Stephenson, Dutch, Couche and Brown should each put \$20 in a sweepstakes of \$100 and he would back the winner for \$200 to row McLean for the championship of the world next May. Sherrill of Yale has made his regular annual announcement that he will not compete this year. This same old story has come from New Haven every year since 1888. H. Piper, the Morrisburg wing shot, met Frank Elliott at Marion on Saturday afternoon. Piper offered to match Frank Class against Elliott for \$250 a side. Elliott was willing and the match will probably be decided on next Saturday afternoon. The Wellington Stables, Toronto, has bought from J. H. Lewis, Jr., the horse of the best of the English blood, the out of Carr's McC. The horse was purchased for \$2500. He won two races over the jumps and one on the flat last season. Of last year's intercollegiate champions, Downs of Harvard, the winner of the half-mile and broad jump, and Hinman and Walek of Columbia, the hammer-thrower and pole-vaulter, have been graduated. The entry of Harry Fredericks, the jumper, who is going to the old country with the Manhattan Athletic Club team, will be refused by the English club. Fredericks accompanied Myers on his trip to Australia and ran professional races there. Not being a success as a "pro" the Amateur Athletic Union very kindly made him an amateur again. Babeuf comes first in Boston. For

the league club the salary roll foots up to \$58,600 and the association \$44,900. Jim Corbett is satisfied that he can defeat Jake Kilrain, and might easily say, as that says he: "I staked all about that if Kilrain defeated Godfrey I would give him a chance for another 'go' at me, and I meant what I said. If he wants to try me again I'll give him an opportunity and a good whipping, besides." Prof. Reid, the Toronto sportsman, is figuring as "the champion of Pennsylvania," has made a match with Capt. John W. Graham, for the mounted broadsword championship. It is to be decided at Newark, N. J., on Saturday of next week. The entries for the Sheffield Easter Handicap are announced, and six Americans—Budd, Ernest, Donlan, O'Brien, Tom Kerr, of Pittsburg, the latter supposed to be a "ringer" of Chris O'Brien,—are in. George Grant, England's short distance champion, is on scratch. Harry Hatches, the last winner, is not entered. A four round fight has been arranged at the California Athletic Club between Jim Hall, the Australian, and Charles Turner, the colored middleweight of Stockton. The club has decided to pay Young Mitchell \$2000 for his services in the late Mitchell-LaBlanche fight. Prominent horsemen, of Toledo, O., have organized a \$100,000 trotting and pacing association. It is their intention to build a kite-shaped track and arrange for an early race meeting. The New York Times suggests a sensational stake for two-year-olds at Morris Park as the appropriate chief feature of the autumn racing season. The features outlined are \$25,000 added for a mile dash for such five-year-olds as have won stake races; the entrance to be at least \$500. Such a stake would attract an enormous attendance to the track and the autumn season would be hailed the unquestioned winner of the age and year. It is said that champion John Owen, of Detroit, will not try sprinting this year, but will take up quarter-mile running.

THE WHEELMAN. The Wheelmen Approve of Becoming Affiliated to the A.A.U. Since the National Assembly meeting of the League of American Wheelmen held last month, when James R. Dunn was re-elected president of that organization, bicyclists have been displaying unusual activity as to the movements of the head of that body in the way of his selection of officers. It was understood that C. S. Davol had declined to accept the office of chairman of the Racing Board for another term, and as this position is one of the most important in the league it was thought that Mr. Dunn would exercise great discretion in his selection of a substitute for Mr. Davol, but the announcement in the Sun of yesterday of the appointment of C. S. Randall to the position, while verifying the rumor which has been going the rounds, is condemned by the eastern wheelmen. Mr. Randall is a resident of Chicago, while it was the impression that, in the face of the difficulties which he is racing men in the east and the management of an alliance with the A. U. and L. A. W., all of which will have to be adjusted by the Racing Board, Mr. Dunn would have given the preference to a man in this locality. It is now the hope that Mr. Randall will select for his constant aid on the Racing Board men who are thoroughly familiar with the existing difficulties surrounding the L. A. W. While no action has been taken by the League of American Wheelmen on the matter of an alliance with the Amateur Athletic Union, on account of the absence of President Dunn, it is the general impression among the wheelmen that the form of alliance as proposed by the A. A. U. is a very fair one and should be adopted by the league. This is not a step toward an amalgamation scheme, as supposed, but on the contrary is simply a movement for the adjustment of suspensions and other difficulties which may arise between the two bodies.—Sun.

Notice to Wheelmen. Now is your time to order the famous "RUDGE" Cushion & Solid Tyre Safetys. Also the Rudge Light National has just arrived and can be seen at the AGENTS' OFFICE. Call and see them the best wheels in the market, low prices, also a few Rudge second hand wheels at good bargains. LOUIS RUBENSTEIN, Sole Agent for Montreal 537 CRAIG STREET. T-1

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READY FOR THE FAY. It is expected that the Board of Trade Meeting will be a lively one.

Mr. A. C. Hutchinson, a member of the Architects' Association, told the Herald that that body will not support Mr. Walbank in his action against the Building Committee at this afternoon's meeting of the Board of Trade.

Mr. Walbank says that he and those who are working with him have strong supporters among the members of the Board of Trade who are not architects.

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The Montreal Herald.

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AGATE MEASUREMENT—14 LINES TO THE INCH. Ordinary advertisements, 10 cents per line. Advertisements appearing under the heading of "special notices" 25 per cent, advance on above rates.

TELEPHONES. Business Office—Bell 543. Federal 102. Editorial Rooms—Bell 751.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 25.

THE NEWS.

The P. E. Island Legislature meets on April 30.

Mr. Alex. Robillard, M. P. for Russell, is seriously ill.

The Newfoundland seal-fishing of this season is reported excellent.

It may be a trifle cooler to-day, but there will be no great change.

Sir Patrick Colquhoun, who was some years ago a noted diplomatist, is dead.

The Montreal & Ottawa Valley Railway has been run up within 20 miles of Ottawa.

The grip epidemic is unabated in Chicago, and the mortality continues appalling.

Lord Salisbury yesterday left for Beaulieu, his recently purchased villa at San Remo, Italy.

The city corporation of Quebec spent the sum of \$84,289 in excess of its appropriations last year.

The coal agents in New York have decided to reduce stove coal 40, egg 30 and chestnut 25 cents per ton, to take effect April 1.

The bill prohibiting the bringing of detectives into the State of Ohio to do police or military duty which recently passed the House has been defeated in the Senate.

Anderson, Green & Co., one of the largest dry goods houses in the South, doing business in Nashville, assigned yesterday.

Ex-Alderman Bland, of Quebec, who was recently unseated by the courts, was yesterday re-elected by acclamation for St. Roch's ward.

The remains of Lawrence Barrett, the actor, were laid alongside the bodies of his father and mother in the family plot in the Central Cemetery at Cohasset yesterday.

A Berlin despatch says that the Kaiser is reported to have offered the Chancellorship of the Empire to Count Waldersee and that the count has the subject under consideration.

A new Government steamer for the British Columbia marine and lighthouse service is now under construction at Paisley, Scotland. It will sail for Victoria via Cape Horn about July 1.

Rev. Wm. Morton, one of the oldest Methodist ministers in Ontario, died at his residence at Hamilton last evening of pneumonia. He was 74 years of age, and was superannuated in the year 1885.

Considerable excitement prevails in Munich over the repeated prosecution of The Munich Post for publication of articles inciting to violence against the Government. The paper has been sued five times within a week.

Three Polish tailors, who were arrested on a charge of attempting to fire a home in New York, were discharged from custody, the fire marshal being satisfied that the oil lamp had accidentally fallen from the bracket and exploded.

The grand jury reported in the case of the Queen against John P. Chetwynd of Halifax, charged with perjury in connection with the passage of goods through the custom shous, that they could not find true bills in either of the cases submitted to them.

A resolution has been presented in the Ohio Legislature calling for a committee to investigate Prof. Edward Orton, State geologist. It is claimed he has circulated reports which have influenced capitalists not to invest in the gas and oil belt in Northwestern Ohio.

Hon. Richard Harcourt, provincial treasurer of Ontario, delivered his first budget speech yesterday. Speaking for an hour and forty minutes and presenting an exhaustive re-sume of the financial progress of the Province during the last four years, he showed that the actual receipts for the past year exceeded the estimate by \$44,454.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER AND THE GRAND TRUNK.

No one will ascribe to us a disposition to favor the Grand Trunk, but justice demands that we should express our opinion of the conduct of Sir Charles Tupper and his outrageous statements in reference to that institution. That this gentleman, who is a paid employe of the Government, should deliberately leave his office in London and launch himself into the contest in a Dominion election and be justified in so doing can scarcely be believed by any dispassionate man. But he has done it and has villified in a most unjustifiable way an institution that has done great service to Canada—interfering with the liberty of the electors of the country. It is well-known that we are no special friends of the Grand Trunk, but in common justice to that company we must say that the course pursued by Mr. Seargeant in refusing to mix up his company in a political contest is one that the public justifies. One thing the public should demand and, that is the immediate removal of Sir Charles Tupper from his present position, for his outrageous course in the recent elections. As a matter of justice to the Grand Trunk we, who have opposed them for years, give this as our honest opinion.

A NEW POLITICAL FORCE.

It appears that one of the objects of the new Conservative club recently organized in Montreal, is the purification of election contests—a very praiseworthy object to have in view. One of the methods to be adopted, it is said, will be the exclusion from membership of the Tory heeler who organized the opposition to Sir Donald Smith in the recent election campaign. No doubt the experience of the last election has vividly impressed upon the members of the club the need of reform in political campaigns. As at present conducted, even apart from illegitimate expenditures, they are entirely too costly to candidates and their friends. The plan of making candidates pay handsomely for their seats in Parliament has several bad effects. First, it opens wide the doors of Parliament to unscrupulous men whose only qualifications may be their wealth or their having a "pull" upon the party. When men of this stamp find their way into Parliament and pay handsomely for it, they generally devise some way of getting their money back and directly or indirectly are reimbursed out of the public treasury or are allowed to boodle it out of the public domain—the inside history of the Cypress Hills timber limits furnishing a very pertinent and interesting illustration. Representatives of that kind bring disgrace upon Parliament and the country and generally are the men who are ready to sacrifice the interests of the people at the nod of the wealthy monopolist. Their motto is, "make hay while the sun shines," the country footing the bill. The value of such men as representatives is infinitesimal. Another evil connected with the vicious methods in vogue in election contests is that they demoralize the elector, actually teaching them to look upon the franchise privilege as a merchantable commodity, instead of being regarded, as it is, a sacred trust, for the honest and honorable exercise of which every man should realize his responsibility. It is needless to dwell upon this point.

Compelling candidates to pay handsomely for getting into Parliament, apart from the moral enormity of the practice, is very short-sighted. In nine cases out of ten such men can hardly be expected to give the people honest representation. Their first and natural care will be to look out for themselves, and even their legitimate efforts on behalf of their constituents will be warped by their being obliged to keep a vigilant eye on the main chance—the prospects of their own candidature. If the people want honest representation—if they want to see booting and corrupt wire-pulling and all the unscrupulous methods to which they have given rise, eliminated from Canadian public life, they must elect their representatives free of expense, or at least comparatively so. If it is necessary to spend one, two or three thousand dollars for legitimate purposes in an election contest, the party, not the candidate, should furnish the money. If this principle were acted upon by political parties—and the active and influential men of parties can enforce it if they will—and if personal canvassing were placed under the ban of the election law as an illegal practice, a great step forward would be taken in the purification of election contests.

But then what will be the use of the active and influential men of political parties adopting such methods, if the Government of the country is to be permitted to do by wholesale the work of corruptly influencing the electorate—promising expenditures of public money on public works in constituencies in return for political support, or threatening to withhold legitimate expenditure because political support is refused. That is one of the most infamous of all illegitimate election methods because it is one which the law cannot reach. Take two striking examples. When the election campaign of 1887 opened Sir Charles Tupper saw that the Government were in danger of losing three counties in Nova Scotia—Pictou, Colchester and Cumberland—because promises made in connection with the Oxford-New Glasgow railway enterprise

had not been carried out. Tupper was equal to the emergency. He pledged the Government to build that railway and defray the cost out of the public treasury. The bait took; the three counties remained Tory and the country has had to foot the bill for a purely local line to the amount of \$3,000,000. There is no need to comment on so indefensible a transaction as that. Then take the last election campaign. In the addresses of candidates, particularly those on the Conservative side of politics, it will be found that nine out of ten candidates who appealed to "the free and independent" made their principal plank, the securing of some new public work for the advantage of their coveted constituents. It is quite probable that many of the pledges, owing to the defeat of the persons who volunteered them, are non-fulfillable. There is, for example, the note of hand of Mr. Chateaufort, in Quebec city, for the removal of the million dollar incubus upon the North Shore Railway—engagements which were not made without the knowledge, if not the sanction, of the Government. Then there was Sir Charles Tupper's promise that Quebec would be made the terminus of the fast Atlantic mail service, though it is a notorious fact that a similar promise had been previously made to Halifax and St. John. The object of making such a promise was to secure the defeat of Mr. Langelier and the election of Mr. Chateaufort. The professed bribe having failed no doubt the Government will hold itself absolved from carrying out Sir Charles Tupper's promise—at least that will be in strict accordance with their views of political morality. It is no new thing to find Tupper's political notes of hand going to protest; numbers of them have gone that way since 1878.

If the new Conservative club of Montreal is going to enter honestly and heartily into the work of purifying elections, it is to be hoped it will place under its ban the illegitimate and corrupt election methods pursued by Sir John Macdonald's Government in bribing constituents by wholesale, or as Sir John himself put it, bribing the people with three money—a few pertinent illustrations of which we have given above.

THE LAND QUESTION.

British Columbia has a land question. It is the old case of speculating syndicates being allowed to purchase large tracts of land, ostensibly for stock-raising purposes, which has led to immense sections being almost depopulated. The Vancouver Daily News-Advertiser charges the Government with discriminating in favor of the large speculator or stockman, as against the farmer and settler, and substantiates the charge by showing that while in the bill now before the Legislature amending the land laws it is proposed to raise the price of agricultural land to \$5 per acre, or to just double the present price, the amount to be paid for pastoral grazing lands remains as at present at \$1 an acre. The obvious effect of such legislation must be to hinder the settlement of farmers and to lock up large tracts of the public domain in the hands of speculators. So far as stock-raising purposes are concerned it would be very much better for the British Columbia Government to lease the land, subject to sale for agricultural purposes with reasonable compensation to lessees. This system of disposing of large tracts of grazing land at a nominal price is a very vicious one from two points of view. The steady increase in price which must result from the growth of population and other causes inures to the benefit of the speculators, not of the public treasury, while the Government having absolutely parted forever with control of the land loses the opportunity of placing settlers on it. Our Vancouver contemporary points out that these evils can be avoided by leasing, not selling, land for grazing purposes. It claims that these lands can be leased at a rental which will bring in a larger revenue than the interest which would be derived by the Government on the amount obtained for the sale of the land, while at the same time the stockman gets the use of it at a less cost than if he had been compelled to purchase it. When a lease expires, it can either be renewed at the same or a larger rental or the land can be opened for subdivision or settlement as the circumstances may seem to show is the most desirable in the public interests. There can be no doubt that the Vancouver paper is right. It is probable that most of the Provinces have suffered to some extent from having valuable agricultural lands locked up in the hands of speculators, and if it can be the British Columbia Legislature should guard against such an unwise policy being fastened upon that Province, Manitoba and the Northwest furnish very pertinent illustrations of the evils of such a policy. Large tracts of land are in the hands of railway companies which seem to be doing very little to promote steady and rapid settlement; while speculators who have got control of large tracts of farming and wooded land are holding it for fancy prices and thus very effectively blocking settlement. This point was noted and very severely criticized in an interview by one of the British farmer-delegates who visited the Northwest last autumn.

TRADE WITH HAWAII.

According to a San Francisco despatch there is likely to be a disagreement between the United States and Hawaii over the new commercial treaty, and the Queen and her Cabinet are said to be looking to Canada and Australia with a view to arranging with those countries a treaty on lines similar to the old treaty between the United States and Hawaii. The Canadian Government might do

worse than give this matter some attention. The trade between the United States and Hawaii has been very profitable to both countries, and if Canada could secure the trade of those islands it would probably be of more value to us than all the trade we can get with the West Indies under existing circumstances. Just now, however, Sir John is probably too busy in figuring out how he is going to keep his hungry and quarrelling family in order, and speculating whether or not it is worth while to send reciprocity delegates to Washington on what several Tory organs say will be a wild-goose chase; while several Cabinet Ministers are spending half their time in making vicious passes with sharp instruments at each other's political throats. While these performances are going on trade with Hawaii, Newfoundland and the United States can wait.

UNJUSTIFIABLE EXPENDITURES.

The Auditor General's report, as already noted, contains some interesting details of expenditure. It reveals the fact that not only did the people of Canada pay Sir Charles Tupper's subscriptions to the Ashburn Gardens and Colonial Institute in London, to the amount of \$20,000, but also that the Chief Superintendent of the Intercolonial Railway had his club dues paid by the country, swelling the deficit on that road by the amount so paid—\$30 to the Halifax Club and \$25 to the Rideau Club. Now, if it is right that the club dues of Sir Charles Tupper and the Chief Superintendent of the I.C.R., should be paid out of the Dominion Treasury, how can the Government refuse to pay the club dues of any other public official who secures admission into such institutions? It may be said that amounts of this kind are comparatively small, but they represent abuses which have been creeping into the public expenditures for years past, and if transactions of this kind are not exposed and checked, the whole vicious system will be aggravated. Why should the taxpayers of Canada be compelled to pay for such luxuries for public officials who are in the receipt of handsome salaries, who have house rent and furnishings free, and have also every cent of their travelling expenses—even the "tips" to the hotel waiters—paid out of the treasury out of the money wrung by taxation from the pockets of the people? Expenditures of this kind are a swindle upon the people of Canada. It is to be hoped that they will get a thorough raking up at the approaching session of Parliament.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

THINGS must be getting somewhat mixed in Tory circles, we mean, at Ottawa, when prominent Conservatives suggest with approval the possibility of a coalition Government on the lines laid out in Blak's Durham letter. HAMILTON SPECTATOR: We challenge The Herald to produce any reasonable testimony in support of the idea that any treaty of reciprocity with the United States could be made except on condition that the tariffs of the two countries would be identical, and that the United States would have the advantage of their superior wettin in making those tariffs. Sir Charles Tupper, on the other hand, says a satisfactory treaty can be secured, but that Sir Charles is a well, a great stretcher. If the Spectator believes what it says it should at once ask Sir John Macdonald to send Sir Charles Tupper back to London and to keep Sir John Thompson and Hon. Mr. Foster at home for the present. THE GAZETTE: The Winnipeg Commercial says a number of Ontario farmers and their families, who settled in South Dakota some eight years ago, passed through Winnipeg last week on their way to Yorkton, Assiniboia Territory, with six cartloads of stock. The Commercial adds that one hundred families of these Canadians are expected from Dakota in three weeks, bound for Yorkton. These are the people, or some of them, who were driven out of Manitoba and the Northwest by the infamous administration of Sir John Macdonald's extraordinary land laws in 1880 to 1884 and everybody will be pleased to know that they are coming back. But unfortunately the exodus from Eastern Canada and particularly from the Maritime Provinces continues and threatens to assume larger proportions than ever. How desperate was the attempt made to secure the election of ex-Senator Howland in Prince County, P.E.I., is shown by a fact which recently came to light. Not only was the attempt made to bribe the Province en bloc with the tunnel project, but a strong effort was made to induce Mr. Perry to retire. Mr. Perry, who is comparatively speaking, a poor man, stated that after he had been formally placed in the field by the Liberals he was offered a senatorship, the office of paymaster in the P. E. Island railway—a Government work—and also \$1000 in cash if he would retire from the contest. This was in line with the attempt made to bribe Dr. Mousseau to retire from the contest in Solongues, and with the offer of a Senatorship made to a Liberal candidate in Manitoba for a similar purpose. Mr. Perry spurned the bribes and the people elected him by a 300 majority.

CURRENT CHRONICLES.

The despatches tell of the action of a number of British merchants engaged in the Newfoundland trade in respect to the modus vivendi. This should not be taken as in any degree representing the views of the people of Newfoundland. I happen to know something of that section of country and I know that the views of the British merchants are very apt to be opposed to those of the islanders.

The people of Newfoundland have been almost from time immemorial tributary to the merchants of Great Britain, who have controlled the trade of the island. Now the people are beginning to wake up, and the action of the merchants in waiting on the British Government is an indication that they are beginning to realize this fact.

Sir Richard Cartwright's majority in South Oxford as finally declared is 734. In 1883 it was 1112. The Knight of the Dolorous Tale does not improve on acquaintance and even a Grit hive will turn.—Montreal Gazette.

As the lists on which the election was held were four or five years old it is scarcely to be wondered at that the total vote should be reduced. Another consideration is that South Oxford is one of the "Grit hives," where the return of the Liberal candidate is so far taken for granted that hundreds stay away from the polls and do not pester themselves with elections.

The Utopia was the name of the ship which carried something like 600 people to the bottom of the sea. This is not the popular idea of the location of Utopia.

A sponge trust is about to be organized. It ought to absorb all the watered stock.

An American has been granted a patent for the manufacture of eggs and promises to drive hens quiet out of the market.—Hamilton Herald.

Artificial eggs were made years ago, and every chemist who has passed his elementary year knows the formula.

A despatch from Toronto says that an Indian conference will be held in that city, May 15, to discuss with their white brethren their present position as a people and their future prospects. It can "call the turn" on that. If Dr. Oronby-atekha is not at the bottom of it I will apologise to him the first time I see him for making the insinuation. He is now, as for years past, "working" the Dominion Government.

The Herald's sporting columns of yesterday told how, in the opinion of "Pendragon," of The London Referee, sprint races were "faked" a quarter of a century ago. "Pendragon" is right enough, and could make his remarks apply to the present day as well and be "within the mark."

He tells how men were drugged. I could tell, if I wished, how a man can be made stupid inside of five minutes. The process is known as "doping," but no good purpose could be served by making public the easy means by which it can be accomplished, and some harm might result.

Lord Tennyson has declined to write the opening ode for the world's fair. To most people the wonder will be why he was ever asked to do so.

A member of the New York Board of Health is reported as saying that the outlook for the spread of la grippe is decidedly favorable. It is hard to see how the spread of the disease can be favorable to anybody but the doctors.

In his annual report the Minister of Militia advocates, speaking of the manufacture of projectiles, "adding a few men at low wages to the number of employees." Is this one of the results of the National Policy?

The despatches of last night tell of a man who claims to be able to cure rheumatism and kindred diseases by the laying on of hands. The despatch goes on to say:

"On Sunday he instantly cured two conductors of rheumatisms at their hotel by rubbing their limbs. A crippled stable boy at the same hotel was treated by Brown, and in a few minutes was dancing about apparently cured. A well-known judge was also treated for an ailment, and expressed himself as greatly surprised."

Now, to all of this, you can say anything you like, but the word "rats" will convey the idea as well as anything else. The judge who expressed himself as greatly surprised had the most sense. I am willing to bet that his surprise was caused by the other people having so little sense as to be fooled by such a lot of transparent rubbish.

I will undertake to fool any man on earth, but I will give him very little credit for common sense if he does not see I am humbugging.

The result of the election in Hamilton county is not a surprise, and, owing to the attitude of Mr. Scriver on the trade question, is the bitterest pill the Opposition have had to swallow since March 5.—Toronto Empire.

Oh, well, if it does not surprise you it is all right, and if you can swallow the pill we can.

Statistics from Washington show that the number of cattle exported from the United States during 1890 numbered 124,935.—Toronto Empire.

Now, think that over quietly, and then say in what respect unrestricted reciprocity would injure the trade in Canadian cattle.

If the writer of the paragraph in The Empire can show me how he is more clever than anybody I have ever talked to, and I have talked to some of the cleverest people of this continent, in one way or the other.

FOR THE PASSOVER

We respectfully beg to notify our customers and the JEWELRY COMMUNITY of Montreal in general that we are importing the following goods for the approaching PASSOVER Holidays: Goodman's—New York. BERLINER TEA MATZOTHS. BERLINER PATENT MEAL in 5 lb bags. GOLDMAN'S, New York—Strictly Kosher. FRANKFURTER SAUSAGES, RING SAUSAGES, THICK BOLOGNA, LONG BOLOGNA, FRESH SALAMI SAUSAGES, SMOKED TONGUES, CORNED BEEF. We are Sole Agents in Canada for Mr. J. Goldman, New York. We are also importing the following additional specialties: Granda—Kosher—Cheese, with the Rabbi's Certificate. Spanish Queen Olives, in kegs and casks. Dutch Cucumbers, in bottles, etc. In connection with the above, we beg to state that we will have a special department in our store for the proper and exclusive execution of all orders entrusted to our care for the ensuing Passover. FRASER, VIGOR CO., GROCERS, ITALIAN WAREHOUSE, 169 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

Bonssecours Market Tenders for Repairs

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Repairs, Bonssecours Market," will be received at the City Clerk's Office, City Hall, until noon on TUESDAY, the 23rd inst. The repairs rendered necessary by the recent fire at Bonssecours Market, as per specification to be seen in the office of the Inspector of Buildings, City Hall. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque of \$2500, payable to the City Treasurer. That accompanying the successful tender will be retained by the Treasurer until the completion of the works as a guarantee for their due performance. The other cheques to be returned to their respective owners as soon as the contract has been awarded. The Market Committee will not necessarily accept the lowest or any of the tenders. By order, CHS. GLACKMEYER, City Clerk. City Clerk's Office, City Hall, Montreal, March 24, 1891. 72-b

St. Lawrence Street (2ND SECTION)

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the special roll of assessment for the widening of St. Lawrence-street, between Craig and Sherbrooke-streets, (2nd section) in the St. Lawrence Ward, of the City of Montreal, is completed, and is now deposited in the office of the undersigned, in the City Hall. All persons whose names appear therein as liable for the payment of any part of the said assessment, are hereby required to pay the amount thereof to the undersigned at his said office, on May 1, 1891, without further notice. WILLIAM ROBB, City Treasurer. City Hall, Montreal, March 20, 1891. (This notice to be inserted in The Herald and Gazette on the 21, 23, 24 and 25th March instant.)

PINE-AVENUE

SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION OF Building Materials

Will be sold by Public Auction on THURSDAY the 28th of MARCH INST. at 10 o'clock on the premises at TEN o'clock a. m. All the building materials on the lots of ground and residues of lots recently acquired by the City for the purpose of opening Pine-avenue from St. Denis-street to Cote des Neiges Road. The whole consisting of brick, stone and wooden buildings, fences, etc. The lots of land authorized to be sold at the present sale will be sold at a future date which will be made public in due time.

The sale will begin as it has been previously announced at the corner of St. Denis-street and Pine-avenue. Terms and conditions—Payment cash. A deposit of 10 per cent will be required on adjudication, the balance to be paid on the same day in the hands of the City Treasurer at the City Hall. The building materials must not be removed nor the houses demolished before the 5th of May next and will have to be removed before the 24th of the same month.

CHS. GLACKMEYER, City Clerk. JAS. STEWART & CO., Auctioneers. City Hall, Montreal, March 21, 1891. 71

ASK FOR "LAMINERA"

BEST—5c—CIGAR

Armour's Pork Beef

Canned and Smoked Meats, Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor. Held in Stock, Free and in Bond, by JAMES ALLEN, Sole Agent Armour & Co., Chicago. WHOLESALE TRADE ONLY SUPPLIED Office and Warehouse: Cutten House Sq., Montreal.

Havana Cigars!

Mrs. Preciado Rothschilds, M. de Monteha Reina Victoria, Newtons, Escurros. These cigars are fresh this day from Havana. TELEPHONE 750. PHILIP HENRY, 134 St. James-street.

DARTNER WANTED in a well established and very profitable manufacturing and commercial business in this city. Capital required about \$5,000. A good opening for an office man. Apply to B. HUTCHINS & Co., New York Life Building.

AMUSEMENTS ACADEMY OF MUSIC

HENRY THOMAS, Lessee & Manager. The Most Successful Farce Comedy Aunt -:- Jack! Supported by a Company of Players organized by A. M. Palmer and H. S. Taylor. Seats now on sale at Nordheimer's.

Academy of Music HENRY THOMAS, Lessee and Manager. Week commencing Monday April 6. Messrs. Abley & Gray leave to announce the engagement for one week only. Mme SARAH BERNHARDT Monday—FEDORA. Tuesday—JEANNE D'ARC. Wednesday—TOSCA. Thursday—CAMILLE. Friday—TOSCA. Saturday—FROU FROU. Scale of seats will be duly announced. Prices—\$3, \$2.50, \$2.

SPARROW & JACOBS' Theatre Royal

Mr. Brady's Scenic Production AFTER DARK! Dion Boucicault's Masterpiece London by night—The Gambling, Den Raid—The Railroad Sensation—London Music Hall—The Starling—The Beautiful Scenery—The Vaudeville Stars. Prices of admission—10, 30 and 50c. Reserved seats for extra. Plan at the theatre from 9 a.m. till 10 p.m. Coming—Lilly Clay's Burlesque Company.

Art Association of Montreal PHILLIP'S SQUARE

Special-Loan-Collection Oil Paintings and Water Color Drawings MARCH 10th to 28th. Open daily 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. and 8 to 10 p.m. Music Saturday afternoon. General admission, 25 cents. Members, Free.

12th ANNUAL DERBY SWEEP

8000 Tickets, \$5 Each. 266 HORSE ENTRIES. 824 PRIZES. Chances 1 in 10. 1st Horse, four prizes, \$250 each. 2d do do do, 150 do. 3d do do do, 100 do. Divided Equally Among Other Starters. 5000 Prizes. Divided Equally Among Non-starters. Draw, May 25th. Races, May 27th. Result of Drawing mailed to all subscribers outside of Montreal. Cash taking 25 per cent, or more allowed if desired. 15-241. EBBITT & BRAND, Windsor, Montreal.

MAY-MAZEPPA!

Has a regular monthly dividend of one and one-quarter—1 1/4—per cent. LITTLE RULE P 3/8 a regular monthly dividend of two per cent. CLAY COUNTY Pays a monthly dividend of two per cent. Shares in these well-known gold and silver-lead mines of Colorado can be obtained by application to LEWIS A. HART, NOTARY, Investment Securities, 107 St. James-street, Montreal.

The Montreal Gas Co

The Annual General Meeting of the Montreal Gas Company will be held at No. 100 Ottawa-street, on MONDAY the 6th of April, 1891, at ONE o'clock p. m. A dividend of six per cent on the paid-up capital stock of the Company, has been declared, and will be payable at the Company's Office on and after the 15th April next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 1st to the 15th prox., both days inclusive. By order of the Board, J. F. SCHIVER, Manager and Secretary, Montreal, March 24, 1891.

To the Debtors of Joseph Dagenais

Notice is hereby given that all debts which Mr. Joseph Dagenais, insolvent, hold against you for merchandise sold to you by him, have been sold and handed over to Mr. Gastard Desrosiers, accountant of Montreal, in virtue of an act under private seal, made in Montreal, February 13, 1891, by Messrs. Kent & Throette, the duly appointed curators to the estate of said Joseph Dagenais the 27th January, 1891, and that a copy of said contract of said debts has been duly lodged in the office of the Prothonotary of the District of Montreal, as required by law. Montreal, March 24, 1891. G. DESPERRER, 72-b 58 St. James-street, Montreal.

NOTICE

We will apply to the Corporation of the City of Montreal for permission to erect a steam engine for a boat and shoe factory, on our premises northwest corner of Latour and St. Genevieve-streets. Montreal, March 24, 1891. COCHRANE, GASSIS & CO. 72-b WANTED—Smart man as City traveller and collector for dry goods house. Address "Traveller" Box 1075, City. 72-b

SIZING UP TUPPER.

English Railway and Financial Journals Discuss Our High Commissioner.

THE DIRECT MEAT CO. SCANDAL.

Tupper's Connection With That Unsavory Business Effectively Ventilated.

The attack which Sir Charles Tupper recently thought fit to make on the Grand Trunk Railway management in connection with the recent elections and which called forth a vigorous reply from Sir Henry Tyler, president of the G.T.R., has received some attention at the hands of prominent English journals.

The London Statist, The Railway News and Herald, the Railway and Commercial Journal, of March 14, all devote considerable space to discussion of the subject, in which they handle Canada's High Commissioner without gloves.

And now a word as to Sir Charles Tupper, who seems to be deeply concerned for the welfare of the English shareholders in the Grand Trunk Railway. What is Sir Charles Tupper's record in this country? Has he ever warned investors against the many worthless Canadian schemes which have from time to time been placed in this country? We do not remember ever having heard his voice except on one occasion, and that was in a case in which we ourselves took some interest.

At Victoria-street, Westminster, S. W. Nov. 16, 1890.

DEAR MR. ISAACS—In reply to your letter of yesterday, I beg to say that, although the position I occupy precludes my expressing an opinion upon any proposed company, I cannot but regard with interest the proposal to bring the great meat supply of Canada into production in more immediate contact with the consumers in this country.

Considering the cost of meat in Canada, and the price here, it is not surprising that the idea of producing it in this country should have been suggested. Acting upon the information which we had in our possession, we publicly denounced this company. On the very day that the prospectus was advertised the following letter from Sir Charles Tupper appeared in a daily contemporary.

It should be mentioned that Sir Hector Langevin, a member of the Canadian Government, was named on the prospectus as one of the managing committee of the "Direct" Meat Company in Canada.

We commend the attention of our readers to the concluding sentence, "Wishing you every success in this important enterprise." In consequence of the warning article which appeared in the Statist, two of the promoters, or rather one of the directors and the solicitor of the company—were sent out to Canada to investigate the truth of our remarks.

It is interesting to note that Sir William Marriott being in the chair, we were vigorously denounced, and refused admission to the meeting, which resolved to investigate the statements we made, but the "missionaries" who were sent out to Canada did not take very long to discover that everything we had said about "this important enterprise" was absolutely true, and on their return they advised the immediate liquidation of the company.

Unfortunately, before our remarks were thoroughly appreciated, this country about 200,000 calls out of the total capital of \$350,000 had been paid in, the whole of the \$350,000 having been taken up by the public, and we have no doubt that Sir Charles Tupper's letter had a great deal to do with this success. Fortunately, as we have shown, only \$24,000 was paid in, and of this amount we believe that about half was parted with very hastily to the vendor, who was to receive \$150,000 out of the total capital of \$350,000 for his precious concession of 100 acres of land along the St. Lawrence River. This "concession," we believe, has since been offered to another company for \$500,000, its original cost to the vendor being just nothing.

In liquidation proceedings last week in the Court of Chancery a curious revelation was made. It seems that out of the \$150,000 in cash and fully-paid shares which was to be paid to the vendor "dear Mr. Isaacs" was to receive \$250,000 in cash and 270,000 in shares, \$120,000 altogether. It will, therefore, be seen how very valuable Sir Charles Tupper's letter was likely to prove to Mr. Isaacs, and it is well known this letter was thoroughly well used by those who were inviting subscriptions for the shares.

We think that before the Grand Trunk shareholders allow their minds to be influenced by the attacks of Sir Charles Tupper upon their company they had better read between the lines, and ascertain for themselves in whose interests he is now attacking the Grand Trunk Company.

If the effect of Mr. Seargeant's manifesto is to promote a friendly feeling between the United States Government and the Grand Trunk Railway Company, the interests of the Grand Trunk shareholders will be better served than they would have been had Mr. Seargeant held his hand.

not be better for Canada to have unrestricted reciprocity with the United States with a moderate tariff at the seaboard. Far be it from us to recommend such a view while the McKinley tariff lasts; but the McKinley tariff is not a thing which will last very long, and we venture to entertain the view that with unrestricted reciprocity Canada would prosper, and she would become even a better customer to Great Britain than she is to-day. So far as the Canadian railways are concerned, unrestricted interchange of business would probably double their American traffic. This is the direction in which things are tending, whether we like it or not, and a peaceful solution of this great question would not only be a blessing to Canada, but also to the Mother Country.

CANADIAN RAILWAYS AND THE ELECTIONS.

From The Railway News. The following letter from Sir Henry Tyler, dealing with the unmerited attack of Sir Charles Tupper on the Grand Trunk Railway, has been forwarded to us for publication.

The Editor of The Railway News, Sir, I have read the "bitter attack," as it is properly termed, which Sir Charles Tupper, the Canadian High Commissioner, who recently left this country to assist in the Canadian elections, made on the Grand Trunk Railway in a speech delivered at Amherst, Nova Scotia, on March 15th.

Speaking four days after the elections, and still laboring evidently under considerable excitement, he alleges, if he is correctly reported, that I and the office and servants of the company, whom he calls "raven Grand Trunk creatures," have "united with the enemies of Canada, in the United States and out of them, to play the game of the United States to destroy Canada"; and he says much more in the same sense.

This "flash and outbreak of a fiery mind" might be almost pardoned during the heat of an election, but rather savours of "a mind diseased" when the battle has been fought and won. After such remarks, even the distinguished politicians, and all sensible statesmen, must forget any extravagances of expression, and cease to dwell upon annoyances, either supposal or real.

I must now ask for enough of your space to express the inaccuracies to which Sir Charles Tupper is reported to have committed himself. I shall, however, be fully prepared to reply to them at the proper time and on a suitable occasion. As regards the votes which may have been given by the officers and employees of the company, I have no information; but I have before me a document, just received from Canada, which affords a clue to Sir Charles Tupper's excessive indignation, in the shape of a practical verbatim report of an interview between Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Seargeant, the general manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, a week before the elections.

Sir Charles Tupper called on Mr. Seargeant at his house in Montreal at 1 o'clock on Feb. 25, representing how true a friend he had been and continued to be, to the Grand Trunk Company, stating that he had complimentarily referred to it as the pioneer company in recent addresses, and whenever an occasion occurred, on the other side of the Atlantic. But there was now, he stated, a great issue before the country, and it was extremely desirable that the Grand Trunk Company should announce its policy to sustain the present Government, inasmuch as there had been an idea that the feeling of the employees of the Grand Trunk Company was not altogether in that direction, and it would be very gratifying to him (Sir Charles Tupper) if Mr. Seargeant would say that this was a mistake, and that, on the contrary, the Government had the sympathy of himself and the employees of the company. Mr. Seargeant explained that, personally, if he had any leaning in its course, of his business career, he had been a Conservative (which Sir Charles Tupper was delighted to hear), but in his present position his politics were Grand Trunk politics, and he had clearly before him that the only course which he could take consistently with the feeling of the board was one of non-intervention (from which Sir Charles Tupper dissented).

Mr. Seargeant referred to the petition which had been made to the Government by 11,000 shareholders of the Grand Trunk Company, and he did not think that it would be politic or proper for him to issue any definite instructions on behalf of the board to the officers and employees of the company. He suggested that such instructions would in all probability be resented by them, and might lead to results the opposite of those which were contemplated. Mr. Seargeant added that he was aware that the Canadian Pacific Company had taken direct and pronounced action in support of the Government, and he had even been informed that in connection with at least one election an order had been issued on behalf of that company to vote for the Government candidate under the pain of dismissal from their service, certainly could not take such a course, either from his own standpoint, or having regard to the non-interference policy of the board.

The question of the coal duties was discussed at this interview. Sir Charles Tupper admitted that they were no doubt onerous on the company. Mr. Seargeant informed him that they involved a payment of \$300,000 to \$400,000 (say \$200,000 to \$300,000) a year, an amount which, if taken off, enabled the company handsomely to increase its dividends; and he pointed out that, if that duty were taken off, the eastern coal-owners might have a much larger market, and might be able to compete with the United States competition along the coast as far as, at least, Boston, and at interior New England points, and at Portland, where there was a demand for coal at the present time. Coal was also required on the Atlantic division of the Grand Trunk, and a very large market might be opened to eastern coal proprietors, whilst the Grand Trunk and manufacturing industries of Canada would be largely benefited. Sir Charles Tupper stated that he knew Sir John Macdonald was in favor of the removal of the coal duty, but was obliged to admit that his son (Mr. Tupper, the Minister of Fisheries) had differed from Sir John on that point, and added, "You must remember that he was at the time addressing an audience interested in the retention of the duty."

The question of railway fares has been constructed in New Brunswick in the Grand Trunk interest, with the view to a connection with Halifax and St. John, was also referred to. Sir Charles Tupper stating that no personal pledge could be given on the subject further than that the matter would be brought before the cabinet on the first occasion of their meeting, which would be after the elections.

After a long discussion Sir Charles Tupper concluded with "a warm appeal for the support of the Grand Trunk Company in the present emergency, and promised that the company should, in the event of the present Government being sustained, receive the fullest and most friendly support if and when it should be required."

This interview and Mr. Seargeant's report upon it would never have been again referred to if Sir Charles Tupper had not thought proper to deliver the speech under discussion, and I much regret that I am now compelled to refer to it.

To put the matter in the mildest light, it reveals the too obvious ruses which actuated Sir Charles Tupper in making his speech. Sir Charles Tupper comes, it will be seen, cap in hand to Mr. Seargeant a few days before the elections, saying everything which is complimentary to the Grand Trunk, and representing himself as his true friend, in the hope of inducing Mr. Seargeant to issue instructions to his officers and employees to vote for the Government, and because Mr. Seargeant, though expressing his personal predilection as in favor of the Conservative policy, could not consistently with the instructions of the board and his duty to the company consent to issue the instructions they required of him. Sir Charles Tupper delivers, a few days after the elections, a speech condemning, on false premises, the whole action of the Grand Trunk Company for many years past, and smiting the company, "hip and thigh" with all the invective of which he is so able a master.

Without further laboring the subject, I will only say in conclusion that Her Majesty has no more loyal subjects in the Dominion than the officers and employees of the Grand Trunk Company; that I personally—and I may say the same of my co-directors—have no other politics in Canada than those of the Grand Trunk; and that I have never to my knowledge ever seen or heard of any other man who would affect him badly, either denouncing him or blinding him for a moment or two, when the man with the drugged gloves would have time and the opportunity to either knock his man out or gain a lead which would be next to impossible for the drugged man to overcome. Some who read this may smile and say that this method of tampering with the gloves would be next to impossible in its accomplishment without being observed by the eyes of the public. It is easy to say, as when the principal is in his corner and his seconds are working on him it would be possible for the second to pour the contents, or a portion of it, of a half-ounce vial upon the pugilist's side or thigh. Then what would be more natural than for the man to rub or scratch his side or thigh with the end of his glove.

As a matter of course it is unfair when two boxers are clinched for either one of them to strike when breaking away. It is often done intentionally and is passed over by the referee on the supposition that frequently a man in the excitement of the moment forgets himself and delivers the blow without the least intention of doing anything unfair. Now, in my battle with Jack Dempsey, and when we were breaking away, he hit me, but I firmly believe it was an unintentional blow, and he immediately excused himself. Unlike him, however, there are pugilists who strike the blow intentionally every time they get a chance, and then say it was an accident.

Then there are many tricks which can be done with the elbow or knee. Of course they are foul and should be claimed by the man upon whom they are practised. Nevertheless, unscrupulous pugilists often use the elbow when clinched, placing it against their opponent's throat and forcing his head back, or in the pit of his stomach and pressing it with all their strength right at the point where it will do the most damage to their antagonist's wind. It is at close quarters also that the knee is used, and a blow from it often results in the injury of the knee of the outsiders and the referee, or is done so adroitly that it looks as if it were an accident.

Another trick which has been used very successfully by some boxers when contesting under London prize-ring rules, is when wrestling with an opponent to make it a point to fall heavily on top of him, crushing the wind out of him as much as possible. Then some tricky fighters, when they feel tired and want to gain time and wind, will fall down when only the faintest suspicion of a blow is struck, and sometimes will out being struck at all, thereby being enabled to take their ten seconds on the floor and get just too much rest.

I consider feinting the greatest of all the legitimate tricks of the ring, and it is a proficiency in feinting which makes a pugilist clever more than anything else. There are an almost numberless variety of feints—in fact they are too numerous to describe, and I don't know as they are describable, so that a person so unaccustomed to seeing sparring would be able to understand what was meant. Feinting can only be learned by practice and experience. It can be feints with both hands—at the head, at the stomach, at the heart, etc.

Such blows as the pivot and the shift I consider tricks of the ring and they are very good tricks, too, if one knows how to do them well, and the blows delivered by these two methods are among the most powerful and effective that can be hit.

What is known as the shift to boxers can be accomplished in several ways. The first is to feint with your left, then step in toward your opponent, placing the right foot in front of the left, and at the same time change the position of the arms, bringing the right up across the face with the elbow pointed toward your opponent. The left should have been brought back when you stepped in with your right, and should immediately be let go at your antagonist's head or stomach, whichever you think can be reached the easiest. As you strike, the Puritan and Old Cham Plug Out Smoking Tobacco.

The increase in sales of these two brands is enormous. Proof that a superior article will force itself to the front. D. RICHIE & CO., Oldest Cut Tobacco Mfrs. in Canada. Smoke Noisy Boys 890 Cigars. Smoke Noisy Boys 1890 Cigars. Smoke Noisy Boys 1890 Cigars.

HOW TO USE YOUR FISTS.

CHAMPION FITZSIMMONS DESCRIBES SOME TRICKS OF PUGILISTS.

How Unscrupulous Fighters Sometimes Turn the Tide of Battle in Their Own Favor—Tampering With the Gloves—Elbow and Knee Tricks.

There are probably hundreds of tricks of the ring, by the use of some of which unscrupulous fighters may often turn the tide of the battle in their favor; and there are other tricks which may be used to advantage by honest and square boxers. This latter class of tricks of cleverness, however, are not prohibited by any of the rules governing sparring contests, and so can be practiced with impunity by those who know and are disposed to take advantage of them.

When a contest is for a large amount of money there is a great temptation to some of these who have money at stake to try and give their favorite the advantage in some way. Often this is done by tampering with the gloves. A boxer cannot be too careful in regard to this, and both he and his seconds should keep an eye on the opponent's corner to see that nothing is done to the gloves. One of the commonest methods of tampering with gloves is that known as "bringing them." This is done by working one of the hair away from the centre and into the fingers and back of the glove. This leaves it so that when the hand is closed there is very little hair covering the hitting portion of the hand. If the gloves are four-ounce ones and are well "wringed" there will not be as much hair covering the knuckles as there would ordinarily be in two-ounce gloves. Consequently the blows delivered, not being cushioned, will do more damage.

Perhaps the easiest as well as the most dangerous method of tampering with the gloves is by placing some sort of drug upon them which when placed against either the eye or nostril of the other man will affect him badly, either denouncing him or blinding him for a moment or two, when the man with the drugged gloves would have time and the opportunity to either knock his man out or gain a lead which would be next to impossible for the drugged man to overcome. Some who read this may smile and say that this method of tampering with the gloves would be next to impossible in its accomplishment without being observed by the eyes of the public. It is easy to say, as when the principal is in his corner and his seconds are working on him it would be possible for the second to pour the contents, or a portion of it, of a half-ounce vial upon the pugilist's side or thigh. Then what would be more natural than for the man to rub or scratch his side or thigh with the end of his glove.

LOVE AND THEFT.

A German Bookkeeper Swindles His Employers Out of an Immense Sum.

Few sensational trials have attracted so much attention in the country as that of H. Vetter, son of the sub-mayor of Chemnitz and a lieutenant of the reserves, for the embezzlement of 1,627,000 marks, says a Berlin letter to the New York Tribune. The trial was brought to a close last week in Bremen, where it daily drew crowds of anxious people. In 1878, Vetter, then 24 years old, was appointed cashier and head bookkeeper of the firm of Plump & Heyde, the wholesale grain-dealers of the former Hanseatic city. He resided in the house of Mrs. Henrietta Cohn, a dressmaker who had been separated from her husband a few years before.

Vetter soon fell in love with his landlady and determined to marry her. Although he traveled as far as Heligoland, he was unable to get permission to make the divorced woman his wife. Vetter's family connections placed him above suspicion. His employers, who did an enormous business, had boundless confidence in his honesty, and placed no restrictions upon his management. Mrs. Cohn's venture was unsuccessful. Her continual losses aroused the pity of Vetter. He decided to stand high in her favor and determined to relieve her. There was only one way to do this in the face of his small salary. He decided upon that way. In 1881 he embezzled 20,000 marks. The first step only was beset with difficulties. It was a matter of ease for Vetter to increase his theft in 1882 to 32,900 marks. To steal soon became a second nature with the man. In 1883, he stole 47,000 marks; in 1884, 80,000 marks; in 1885, 95,000 marks; in 1886, 140,000 marks; in 1887, 200,000 marks; in 1888, 434,000 marks; in 1889, 470,200; and in 1890, 111,400 marks.

The command of such large sums of money enabled Mrs. Cohn to live in luxury. She moved into a beautiful house in one of the principal avenues, where she dispensed a lavish hospitality. She enlarged her business and soon stood at the head of the finest establishment in Bremen. More than fifty girls acted as her clerks. In addition to large salaries which they received, she presented them with sums of money and sent them repeatedly on trips of pleasure at her expense. There were no fixed prices in her shop. She purchased at any price and sold at the offer of the customer. Other dealers were unable to compete with the "wealthy" proprietor, and people began to wonder why she continued the expensive luxury. She kept no accounts and had no books. Figures and clerks ran wild. She lived as a princess, and her carriages and servants were the envy of the town. But the end came. By mere accident, the eyes of the guileless firm were opened. Vetter was detected in his crime. With Mrs. Cohn, who professed to believe that he had inherited a large fortune, the man was arrested. After an impartial trial the judge sentenced the defaulter to ten years' imprisonment. His accomplice will spend seven years within penitentiary walls. In consideration of the enormous sum stolen, the sentences are light; for only a few thousand marks of the 1,600,000 were found in possession of the prisoners.

All who suffer from coughs, colds, irritation of the bronchial tubes, or tendency to consumption, will find in Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry a remedy as agreeable to the palate as effective in removing disease. The Balsam is a pleasant, safe, powerful and speedy remedy; it is a remedy that cures.

left foot should be lifted from the ground and your body swinging with the blow will give it great force, while your left foot is brought back into its proper position as the body is swung around toward the right. The head should be slightly bent forward in doing the shift.

The second method is to wait until your opponent leads with his left, then immediately bringing the left foot behind the right, pointing the right elbow as before, with the left hand in front of the stomach. Strike at once with the left for the face or stomach, at the same time bringing up the left foot to its proper position.

Another way is when you are inflighting, place your head close to your opponent's breast. Take your time and change your position slowly, as practiced by the old masters. You will not hurt your much while your head is close to his breast. The blow you give in this case is a half-arm cross upper-cut for the right point of adversary's chin. In every case where the shift blow is delivered the body should turn to the right, with the head slightly bent forward, as the blow is struck. The knees should be well bent while the body is swinging with the blow, and the teeth should be tightly closed.

Regarding the pivot blow, I want to say first of all that it is a very dangerous blow, and should never be practiced with a sparring with a friend. If it is done properly there is nothing in the rules which prohibits its use, but if one does not know how to do it right he had best not attempt it at all, as he will only hurt himself and perhaps commit a bad foul. I say the best way is to wait until your adversary leads with his left, instantly strike it with your left, and as you stop it turn or pivot with the right arm slightly bent and the palm of the hand turned down and the hand closed. If you have calculated right the right side of the right hand should land good and hard on the right side of your adversary's jaw or on his jugular. A different way of delivering the blow is by trying to get your opponent to run after you. Let him get as close as possible, and when within reach spin around as quickly as possible. This is the way, I believe, that Jack Dempsey was defeated by George La Blanche.

The proper way to pivot is to turn or spin around on the ball of the left foot, lifting the right foot from the ground and swing it around. This will add force to your blow. If you should miss the pivot blow you will find yourself in a splendid position to deliver the shift.

Above all things make your opponent do all the walking backward possible, as it will tire him out quicker than anything else. At present I can't think of any more tricks of the ring to tell about.—Robert Fitzsimmons.

CLARETS AND SAUTERNES, Finest Imported.

GUINNESS'S STOUT. Bull Dog Brand. FINE OLD BLEND.

SCOTCH WHISKY. Cockburn's Very Old Highland. Stewart's Glenlivet.

Bouillier G. Briand & Co. FINE OLD BRANDY.

J. & R. McLEA, Sole Agents for the Dominion.

Carsley's Advertisement. Wednesday, March 25.

New Printed Sateens. Choice Selected Designs | Latest Novelties.

The Printed Sateens shown this season at S. Carsley's far surpass in beauty of design and colorings anything ever imported before.

New Check Gingham. Special This Week. 159—Pieces—159.

Rich Scotch Gingham. GRAND DISPLAY.

Plain in all shades. Snowflake Mixtures. Invisible Checks. Rich Shaded Stripes. Latest Designs in Checks.

Clapperton's Spool Cotton. Always use Clapperton's Thread. Then you are sure of the best thread in the market.

S. CARSLEY, 1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775 1777, 1779. Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

LOUIS ROEREDER. GRAND VIN SEC CHAMPAGNE. BRUT, the Perfection of Dry Champagne.

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EVERYBODY READS THE BIRTH MARRIAGE AND DEATH ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE HERALD. 50 CENTS EACH INSERTION.

S. ALLSOPP & SONS, (LIMITED.) No. 1 India Pale Ale.

IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR BAKING POWDER. PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST, CONTAINS NO ALUM, AMMONIA, LIME, PHOSPHATE, or any injurious material.

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Bar and Band Iron FORGINGS. EVERY DESCRIPTION. ALSO PLAIN FIS H & ANGLE PLATES.

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Manufacturer of Cutting Dies of every description, Steel Shafts, Gutter Springs, Glove Spring Fasteners, etc., etc. Boot and Shoe Machinery a Specialty. Machines Knives ground by Automatic Process.

MUNGO, THE PUREST MUNGO, THE SAFEST MUNGO, THE SWEETEST MUNGO, SMOKE Millions Sold Annually.

S. DAVIS & SONS. MONTREAL. Largest Cigar Manufacturers in the Dominion.

ASK FOR "LA MINERVA" BEST-5c-CIGAR.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

FINANCIAL.

HERALD OFFICE, TUESDAY EVENING.

Transactions on exchange were a little more lively with a generally firmer feeling. No business in banks transpired, but figures were put up by sellers in several instances. The asking price for Montreal was to-day 227, Toronto 220 and Hochelaga 112. A few shares Montreal Telegraph changed hands, the last sale being at 106 3/4, showing the very substantial gain of 3 1/4 for the month past during which this stock has been steadily appreciating. Richelieu and Ontario changed hands at 54 and 53. Montreal Gas sold steadily at 213 and New Gas at 200. Canadian Pacific stiffened considerably; the last sale yesterday being reported at 79 1/2, but the first sale this morning was made at 77 1/2 after which 77 1/2 was the figure for the next five transactions, the closing sales being made at 77 1/2. C.P.R. stock seems slowly and quietly creeping into the public confidence and in spite of an occasional set back its advances are held most tenaciously.

The following were the day's sale in detail: MORNING BOARD. 25 Montreal Telegraph 106 3/4 25 Rich. & Ont. Nav 106 100 25 Montreal Gas 213 25 New Gas 200 25 Bell Telephone 109 50 Canada Pacific Ry 77 1/2 50 Bell Telephone Bonds 100

AFTERNOON BOARD. 25 Montreal Gas 213 10 25 Canada Pacific Ry 77 1/2 50 Canada Pacific Ry 77 1/2 25 " 77 1/2 25 " 77 1/2 25 " 77 1/2 27 1/2 " 77 1/2 27 1/2 " 77 1/2

Messrs. D. L. McDougall & Co 10 St. Sacrament-street report the closing prices as follows:

Table with columns: Stocks, Values of Alberta, Values of Ontario, Values of Quebec, Values of New Brunswick, Values of Nova Scotia, Values of Prince Edward Island, Values of Newfoundland, Values of British Columbia, Values of Vancouver Island, Values of British Columbia, Values of Vancouver Island.

Table with columns: Banks, Values of Montreal, Values of Toronto, Values of Quebec, Values of New Brunswick, Values of Nova Scotia, Values of Prince Edward Island, Values of Newfoundland, Values of British Columbia, Values of Vancouver Island.

Table with columns: Miscellaneous, Values of Coal, Values of Oil, Values of Gas, Values of Iron, Values of Steel, Values of Copper, Values of Lead, Values of Zinc, Values of Tin, Values of Silver, Values of Gold.

Table with columns: Exchange, Values of London, Values of New York, Values of San Francisco, Values of Hong Kong, Values of Shanghai, Values of Canton, Values of Hankow, Values of Peking, Values of Tientsin, Values of Harbin, Values of Vladivostok.

Table with columns: Between Banks, Values of Montreal, Values of Toronto, Values of Quebec, Values of New Brunswick, Values of Nova Scotia, Values of Prince Edward Island, Values of Newfoundland, Values of British Columbia, Values of Vancouver Island.

Table with columns: Notes, Values of Montreal, Values of Toronto, Values of Quebec, Values of New Brunswick, Values of Nova Scotia, Values of Prince Edward Island, Values of Newfoundland, Values of British Columbia, Values of Vancouver Island.

Table with columns: Consols, Values of Montreal, Values of Toronto, Values of Quebec, Values of New Brunswick, Values of Nova Scotia, Values of Prince Edward Island, Values of Newfoundland, Values of British Columbia, Values of Vancouver Island.

Table with columns: New York, Values of Montreal, Values of Toronto, Values of Quebec, Values of New Brunswick, Values of Nova Scotia, Values of Prince Edward Island, Values of Newfoundland, Values of British Columbia, Values of Vancouver Island.

Table with columns: Exchange, Values of London, Values of New York, Values of San Francisco, Values of Hong Kong, Values of Shanghai, Values of Canton, Values of Hankow, Values of Peking, Values of Tientsin, Values of Harbin, Values of Vladivostok.

Table with columns: Exchange, Values of London, Values of New York, Values of San Francisco, Values of Hong Kong, Values of Shanghai, Values of Canton, Values of Hankow, Values of Peking, Values of Tientsin, Values of Harbin, Values of Vladivostok.

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PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS

MONTREAL MARKETS.

HERALD OFFICE, TUESDAY EVENING.

There is no change to note. The firm feeling is strengthened by all outside advances and it looks as if higher prices would rule by the time of opening navigation. We hear of no present sales for export but the local demand continues very active. The continued thaw is again interfering with deliveries and it is difficult to say whether city or country roads are the worst for traffic. Quotations are as follows:

Table with columns: Cents, Creamery, Early made creamery, City creamery, Morrisburg, Brockville, Western, Old butter, Hay and Straw, The markets were not quite so lively but a brisk business was doing.

The market to-day is somewhat unsettled by the advices from Chicago. The market there for wheat has been in a most excited state with constant fluctuations, closing for May delivery 2 1/2 points less than the highest point reached. Wheat has been forced up by a big corner, and now the corner has gone up itself, in which case some lively times are ahead. More conservative holders, however, are satisfied from their survey of the world's markets, and taking into account visible supply and other factors to be reckoned with at this season, that the present figures are none too high, and whatever may be the efforts of speculators they cannot pull them down. Trading on spot is steady. For oats and peas there is a good demand. Our quotations are:

Table with columns: No. 2 hard wheat, White winter wheat per bu., Red winter wheat per bu., Oats, Ontario, per 34 lbs., Oats, Manitoba, per 34 lbs., Peas, per 66 lbs., Corn, per bush., Barley, per bush. (malting), Barley, feed., Buckwheat, per bush., Rye, per bush., Western beans per 60 lbs., Common beans, 1.00 @ 1.25

GENERAL JOHNSTONE'S FUNERAL. The Services Were Very Simple in Their Character. BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE. WASHINGTON, March 24.—The funeral services at St. John's Church to-day over the remains of the late Gen. Joseph E. Johnston were plain and simple. Though the funeral was without military features the church was crowded with veterans of both armies. The pall-bearers were members of the ex-Confederate Association of Washington and the honorary pall-bearers comprised federal and confederate soldiers alike, including Senators Morgan and Daniels, Hon. J. L. M. Curry, Gen. Walker, C. S. A.; Hon. J. C. Bagley, Davis, Gen. H. G. Wright, Rear Admiral Rogers and others. Vice-President Morton, Justice Lamar, Senators Hawley, Butler, Hampton and other prominent men were present. The remains were taken to Baltimore by train.

A RESULT OF THE STORM. A Boat That Had Four Wrecking Pumps on Her Deck. BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE. NEW BEDFORD, Mass., March 24.—The steamer Hercules arrived here this morning. She has four steam wrecking pumps on her deck. Three large hawsers in her side, and it will be necessary to lay her up for some time for repairs.

He Knows Nothing of the Letter. The attention of Ald. Wilson, chairman of the Foundation Committee, was called yesterday to the statement made a few days ago by Mr. Henry Bulmer, chairman of the Harbor Commissioners, to the effect that it was not the Harbor Commissioners who were to blame for the inactivity in proceeding with the preliminary arrangements for going on with the harbor improvements.

"But," said Ald. Wilson, "they are not ready for us and they have not made arrangements for their share of the necessary money yet." It was pointed out to him that Mr. Bulmer states that they have already all the money they want for the present and are only waiting for an answer to their letter asking for a conference with the Civic Committee.

"I never heard of any such letter having been received by the city, but however we will have the conference shortly. Some members of my committee who I am anxious to have at the conference, have been away a good deal lately on political business but now that the thing is all settled we will have the conference. But I never heard anything about that letter," added the alderman as he departed.

SOLID FACTS FOR SMOKERS. Reasons Why S. Davis & Sons Maintain the Quality of Their Brands. It has taken the best part of a lifetime to establish them. They have spent thousands upon thousands of dollars to introduce them. Having obtained the confidence of the public they wish to merit a continuance of same.

A deterioration of quality in their brands would not alone destroy the structure upon which they have spent their time, money and labor, but would result in a loss of that confidence the public have favored them with that money spent in advertising new brands could not purchase.

Therefore it is to be supposed that any sane business man would be so foolish as to destroy in a short time what it has taken so long to establish? Their brands, "Cable," "Mungo," "El Padre" and "Madre e Hijo," are undoubtedly the best value, the safest and most reliable smoke and cost no more to the consumer than cigars of much inferior quality.

Why smoke other brands and permit dealers (for the sake of additional gain) to sell you those that you are in most cases familiar with?

New York, March 24.—Money close 1 3/4 per cent; the highest was 3/4 and lowest 2 1/4. Exchange closed steady; posted rates 487 1/2 @ 489 1/2. Actual rates 486 1/2 @ 488 1/2 for 60 days; 484 1/2 @ 486 1/2 for demand.

The volume of trading on the stock exchange this morning was smaller than

was taken off this market. Several negotiations are still in progress and it is expected that sales of a good many lots will be closed to-day. For higher grades there is no trouble whatever, all good lots are readily placed at outside prices and the market all round is getting into a good, sound, healthy condition.

Table with columns: Cents, Creamery, Early made creamery, City creamery, Morrisburg, Brockville, Western, Old butter, Hay and Straw, The markets were not quite so lively but a brisk business was doing.

The markets were not quite so lively but a brisk business was doing. The question of the ice bridge is now the feature of the hay market and some of the south side farmers are beginning to get shy about it. The supply which has been coming in so freely from that quarter may be expected to decrease.

There is no slackening to the demand and prices are kept at about top rates. Bran was in good demand at \$17.50 per ton; shorts at \$10 per ton. Middlings \$25. Mouille No. 1 was bringing \$25 to \$26, and No. 2 \$20 to \$23.

A fair trade was again passing through bad roads are interfering to some extent. Prices continue about steady. We quote: Oranges, Valencia, per case, \$4.25 to 4.50. Oranges, Messina, per box, \$2.50 to 3.00. Oranges, Florida, \$3 to 4.

There is again a big advance in oatmeal. The high price of oats and the shutting down of so many mills because of their scarcity, as well as a little manipulation by the oatmeal millers combine to have all contributed to this end. We have advanced our quotations for oatmeal and also for split peas and pot barley both of which are higher in sympathy with advances on the grain market. We quote:

Table with columns: Rolled oats, bris, Standard, bris, Split peas, bris, Pot barley, bris, Rolled wheat, bris, Buckwheat flour, Oatmeal, There is again a big advance in oatmeal.

The market is now active every mall bringing in large orders. Quotations are unchanged. Canadian Timothy, \$1.90 @ 2.00. American, 1.65 @ 1.70. Red clover, 1.85 @ 2.00. Mammoth Clover, 9.00 @ 9.50. White clover, 14.00 @ 15.00. Alsike, 12.00 @ 16.00. Oats, 60 @ 0.40. Kustling corn, 90 @ 1.00. Barley, 2-row, 75 @ 1.80. Beans, 1.70 @ 1.80.

There is quite an active demand for every description of canned meats for which we quote Armour's prices as follows: 1 lb Corned-beef, 2 doz per case, 2.50. 2 lb Corned-beef, 1 doz per case, 2.50. 4 lb Corned-beef, 1 doz per case, 2.50. 8 lb Corned-beef, 1 doz per case, 2.50. 1 lb Corned-beef, 1 doz per case, 2.50. 2 lb Corned-beef, 1 doz per case, 2.50. 4 lb Corned-beef, 1 doz per case, 2.50. 8 lb Corned-beef, 1 doz per case, 2.50.

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HEALTH FOR ALL.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS. They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incident to Females of all ages. For children and the aged they are priceless.

Of the produce brought to market there is little to be said. There was no great abundance of any particular article and nothing outside the general run to note. Eggs were in much greater number than last market, and prices were lower, as 26 was the highest I heard asked, and most transactions were at 25c. Some fairly good butter was brought and was soon snapped up at fair prices. Vegetables were not selling briskly at all, and what people are buying on in this week of rigorous fasting is a bit of a puzzle. Not on meat-for butchers are almost idle. Not on vegetables-for vegetables were not in very large supply and selling slowly. Not on fish-for the fish dealers did not seem very too busy from the wholesale markets we saw that bread stuffs, molasses, and lard are all in active demand, and prices going up. Perhaps that solves the mystery.

MCINTYRE, SON & CO

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURER'S AGENTS. Have in stock the best value to be had in SCOTCH AND IRISH LINENS. FANCY PLAID DRESS GOODS. VELVETEENS. ULSTERINGS. BLACK CASHMERE HOSE, all sizes. SMALL WARES.

ROUILLON'S KID GLOVES, Josephine & Jouvin cut. 13 VICTORIA SQUARE, Montreal.

Moneton Sugar Refining Co. (Lt'd)

MONCTON, N.B. All Grades of Refined Sugars and Syrups. We Guarantee our Sugar to be Absolutely Pure and no Adulteration of any kind used in their manufacture.

JOHN L. HARRIS, President. C. P. HARRIS, Treasurer. JOHN MCKENZIE, Secretary. MONCTON, NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC LOTTERY

AUTHORISED BY THE LEGISLATURE. TENTH MONTHLY DRAWING, APRIL 8, 1891. 3134 PRIZES Worth \$52,740.00. CAPITAL PRIZE Worth \$15,000.00. Tickets, - - - \$1.00. 11 " " " " \$10.00.

ESTABLISHED 1825. NEAVE'S FOOD. BEST AND CHEAPEST. FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS, AND THE AGED.

FORGING - AHEAD

The Montreal Herald is becoming the most Popular Newspaper in Canada. New features are being constantly added, and are causing a rapid increase in the circulation. The Herald is one of the best advertising mediums in Canada.

FOR MEN ONLY!

VIGOR, the best of all health and strength. Weakness of Body and Mind. Vigor is the best of all health and strength. Weakness of Body and Mind. Vigor is the best of all health and strength. Weakness of Body and Mind.

J. RIELLE, Land Surveyor, 97 ST JAMES STREET. HOLLAND BROS. & URQUHART, STENOGRAPHERS, Room 77, TEMPLE BUILDING, Bell Telephone No. 283.

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS

Chicago Provisions. Chicago, March 24.—Wheat—After an exciting advance of two cents finally closed 1/2c lower than last night. The advance was caused by large exports of flour, the strength of cash wheat at midnight and a falling off in receipts. The subsequent break was due to heavy selling out by longs and selling by scalpers for a reaction. Receipts, 182 cars. Corn, advanced 2c and also declined where longs disposed of theirs. Bidding prices at the close were unchanged. Liverpool was reported excitedly higher, and the cash demand good. Receipts—349 cars; oats followed, wheat and corn advancing 2c, but finally closed unchanged. Receipts—267 cars. Provisions were excited in the early trading advancing rapidly in the early dealers but declined later on. The early advance was helped by small receipts of hogs and higher prices for them. Closing: Wheat—March, \$1.01 1/2; May, \$1.03 1/2; July, \$1.01 1/2. Corn—March 65c; May 68c; July 67c. Oats—May 55c; July 62c. Pork—March \$12.08; May \$12.20; July \$12.60. Lard—May \$6.75 @ 6.77 1/2; July \$7.02 1/2. Ribs—March \$5.50; May \$9; June \$6.30.

Chicago Prices. The following table gives highest and lowest, opening and closing prices at Chicago for to-day:

Table with columns: Month, Opening, Highest, Lowest, Closing. Rows include Wheat, Corn, Oats, Pork, Lard, Ribs.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 24. The following are to-day's quotations compared with yesterday's:

Table with columns: March 23, March 24. Rows include Spring wheat, Red wheat, No. 1 Calcutta, No. 2 Calcutta, Corn, New, Foss, Pork, Lard, Bacon, Tallow, Cheese.

Reerholm's Report.

Cargoes of coast, wheat stronger, corn nil. Cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat and corn, active and higher. California wheat promptly to be shipped, 40s 3d. Do nearly due, 41s 3d. On passage to continue: Wheat, 1,374,000 qrs., corn, 116,000 qrs.; last week, wheat, 1,219,000 qrs., corn, 106,000 qrs. On passage to United Kingdom, wheat and flour, 2,271,000 qrs., corn, 351,000 qrs.; last week, wheat and flour, 2,572,000 qrs., corn, 347,000 qrs. Liverpool wheat and corn, spot, strong. Liverpool Standard California wheat, 5s 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2 Id. Do Kansas wheat, 8s 3 1/2 Id. Do Michigan wheat, 8s 1 1/2 Id. Liverpool mixed maize, 5s 8 1/2 Id. Canadian peas, 6s 6d. Weather in England rather warmer, Minnesota first bakers flour, 28s 0d. No. 2 Club Calcutta wheat, ex-ship, 37s 6d. present and following month, 38s 0d. Danubian maize, ex-ship, 2s 9d. prompt, 2s 6d. Minneapolis straight flour, 2s 0d. Number of wheat cargoes waiting, one. Australian wheat of coast, 41s 0d. present and following month, 40s 3d. Walla Walla wheat of coast, 39s 9d. present and following month, 39s 0d. The Liverpool public cable says: Wheat strong, demand improving, holders offering sparingly. Corn strong, fair demand. Receipts of wheat during the past three days 141,000 centals, including 27,000 centals American. Receipts of American corn during the same time, 71,200 centals. Weather cold with more or less rain.

The Liverpool Cheese and Butter Market.

Messrs. Hodgson Bros., of Liverpool, under date March 14, write as follows: Cheese has been in good demand, and holders have obtained a further advance of quite 1s per cwt. over last week's values. Finest (September-October) Canadians, colored or white, have sold readily at 55s to 56s per cwt., and finest States, 53s to 54s. Low to medium grades, from 10s to 45s, have been in fair demand; the market closes with a decidedly firm tendency. Butter—Choice parcels of American and Canadian creameries are very scarce and bring outside values from 90s to 98s per cwt.; and medium state butter is in small compass and wanted at 48s to 60s, according to freshness. We quote Irish butter: Cork firsts; 12s per cwt.; seconds, 12s, and third, 11s.

The Cotton Market.

Liverpool, March 24.—Cotton free supply offering; American middlings, 4 15-16d. New York, March 24.—Cotton quiet; uplands, 9; Orleans, 9 7-10; futures, steady; March, 8.65; April, 8.67; May, 8.78; June, 8.87.

Epp's Cocoa—Grateful and Comforting.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets, by grocers, labelled: "JAMES EPPS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, Eng."

Fatal Accidents and Large Fires so often occur that should be avoided by using more caution. The same with your health; it can be preserved by using Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder. Sold by all grocers, Manufactured by E. W. GILBERT, Toronto, Ont.

"PERSIAN LOTION"



For whitening the complexion, imparting or preserving its rosiness, or removing freckles, the weak and other spots on the skin, and for removing pimples and all other eruptions. THE PERSIAN LOTION is a bona fide preparation, unique of its kind. It is a true specific for the skin. It is not a white powder suspended in water, or perfume. The PERSIAN LOTION, on the contrary is a medicinal preparation, inapparent and limpid like water. When the skin is beset by the sun, the PERSIAN LOTION promptly restores its freshness, and rosy hue, by adding a seasonal every morning to the water used for the toilet. The PERSIAN LOTION is sold in all respectable Drug stores in the Dominion, at 50 cents per bottle. Beware of imitations.

S. LACHANCE, proprietor, 1538 and 1540 St. Catherine St., Montreal.

STATIONERY, PRINTING ETC

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS WILL BE FOUND AT J. Theo. Robinson's

New Stationery Store

CORNER OF Notre Dame and St. Peter

EVERYTHING NEW NO OLD STOCKS

Prices away below what you have been paying.

ENVELOPES

At and Under Cost 250,000 Envelopes, white and colored, No. 6 and No. 7, at One Dollar per 1000

Worth Double the Money

MORTON, PHILLIPS & CO.

Stationers, Blank Book Makers and Printers, 1755 & 1757 Notre Dame-st. MONTREAL.

FURNITURE AND BEDDING

Large Assortment, Low Prices

RENAUD, KING & PATTERSON,

652 Craig Street. Factory—62 College-street.

Imperial Buildings

Place d'Armes. P. O. Box 396.

WELLS LIGHT

A Soft White, Portable Light, of Great Brilliance and Power

ENGINEERS, MINES,

Iron Founders, Boiler Makers, Rolling Mills, etc., etc.

JAMES COOPER, MANUFACTURER.

204 St. James Street, MONTREAL.

Richelieu! Richelieu!

PURE, SPARKLING REFRESHING. The PRINCE of Table WATERS.

Endorsed by the leading physicians of the country. For sale at the Clubs, Restaurants and principal Grocers. Bell Telephone, 1198. Federal Telephone, 554.

J. A. HASTE DRUGGIST, 780 Notre Dame street

J. McLEOD, HOLIDAY & BRO.

Commission Merchants and Manufacturers Agents, 266 Portage-Avenue, Winnipeg

THE EMPIRE CLOTHING



SUPERIOR NOVELTIES

COR. KING & JOHN STREETS, TORONTO.

SEASONABLE CLOTHING

AT THE Leading Clothiers

TAILOR-MADE OVERCOATS

Bright New Patterns and Styles Manufactured from the Cream of the Market

British and American Designs Made and Trimmed Equal to Custom Work

SUITS :: SUITS

Harmless Pistol with Vacuum Tipped Arrow presented Free with each Suit

irrespective of Price at

THE EMPIRE CHILDREN'S CLOTHING PARLOR

226 1/2 St. Catherine-st. WEST

Open from 7.30 a.m. to 6 p.m. Saturdays 10 p.m.

GEORGE S. ROONEY, Manager.

Stetly Asphaltum Paving Company

Montreal

Idewalks, Cellars Floors, Yards, etc. Paved with Limerock Road Asphalt Mastic.

Streets Paved with Best Italian Rock Asphalt

At lowest prices and work guaranteed. Send for circulars and prices.

OFFICE AND MILLS: 10, 12 & 14 Mill-street

THE KEY INDEMNITY CO.

OF CANADA.

H. H. DATE, Manager, 654 CRAIG-ST., Montreal.

The object of the Key Indemnity Company is to facilitate the recovery of accidentally lost keys. And as it secures as far as possible no desirable end, with little or no trouble or expense to the loser, the promoters of the enterprise feel confident that its usefulness will secure general patronage. Each member will be furnished with a Metal Tag with in script as follows:

Finder returns to Key Indemnity Company, 654 Craig-street, Montreal, and receive general patronage. Each member will be furnished with a Metal Tag with in script as follows:

Terms of membership, 50c. per annum.

M. NOLAN de LISLE,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Room No. 23 Fraser Building, No. 45 St. Saerament Street

THE INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY

AND STEAM-NAVIGATION GUIDE (PUBLISHED MONTHLY)

THE ONLY RECOGNIZED RAILWAY GUIDE OF THE DOMINION

Contains the Latest TIME TABLES from Official Sources; also a reliable and accurate

GAZETTEER OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA

Being an Alphabetical List of Railway, Steamship and Stage Points, in which are designated Towns with Express and Telegraph Offices, Money Order Offices, P.O. Savings Banks, etc., giving Population, Location, etc., making the Guide invaluable for

TRAVELERS, TOURISTS, SHIPPERS, BANKERS, Etc.

\$500 ACCIDENT INSURANCE \$500 FREE TO ALL SUBSCRIBERS AND FREE PURCHASERS.

For Sale by Newsdealers and Booksellers, and by News Agents on Trains and Steamers. PRICE, 25 CENTS

Annual Subscription, \$2.50. Payable in Advance.

THE INTERNATIONAL GUIDE CO., PUBLISHERS

6 BEAVER HILL, MONTREAL, P. O. Box 869

The Royal Electric Co.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the Royal Electric Company will be held at the Company's office, No. 38 Wellington-street, Montreal, on

Tuesday the 7th day of April

at 2.30 o'clock p.m., for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

The transfer book of the Company will be closed from the 31st instant until the 7th day of April next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board, CHAS. W. HAGAR, Manager and Secretary.

Montreal, March 23, 1891.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.



THE ARLINGTON

COR. KING & JOHN STREETS, TORONTO.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL

QUEBEC.

This hotel, which is unrivalled for size and location in Quebec, has just been completely transformed and modernized throughout, being refitted with new system of drainage and ventilation, passenger elevators, electric bells and lights, &c. In fact, all the modern ingenuity and practical science is devised to promote the comfort and convenience of guests has been supplied.

CHATEAU ST. LOUIS HOTEL CO., PROPRIETORS.

THE EXCHANGE RESTAURANT

95 St. Francois Xavier-street.

The most popular restaurant in the city. Meals served à la Carte. The best of liquors on hand. All at moderate prices.

ED. C. LALONDE Prop.

ROSSMORE-HOUSE

CORNWALL Ont.

The best \$2.00 Hotel in Canada—75 finely furnished Rooms, Electric Light, Gas, hot and cold baths, everything new and first class.

GEO. ROSS, Proprietor.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

135 to 139 St James Street, MONTREAL.

HENRY HOGAN, Proprietor

The best known Hotel in the Dominion

A FULL DINNER FOR 25c.

How Can You Do It?

Is the question asked by hundreds who dine at St. Elmo. E.M.M. answers in numbers pay. Try you want a really first-class dinner call at the

St. Elmo Restaurant

Corner McGill and Recollet-street. T. A. LYNCH, Prop.

RIENDEAU'S HOTEL,

(Late St. Nicholas Hotel.)

68 and 60 JACQUES CARTIER SQUARE

The new Riendeau Hotel is in close proximity to the R. & O. Navigation Co.'s steamers, the City Hotel and Court House.

The rooms are large, airy and elegantly furnished.

JOS. RIENDEAU.

THE RUSSELL,

OTTAWA

The Palace Hotel of Canada.

This magnificent new Hotel, fitted up in the most modern style, is now open. The Russell contains accommodations for over FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS, with passenger and baggage elevators, and commands a splendid view of the city, Parliamentar buildings, river and canal. Visitors to the Capital having business with the Government find it most convenient to stop at the Russell, where they can always meet leading Public men. The entire Hotel to supplied with escape and in case of fire there would not be any confusion or danger.

Every attention paid to guests.

KENLEY & ST. JACQUES, Proprietors.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK

Fifth Avenue, New York

This most fashionable and centrally located hotel has been renovated from top to bottom, and is now re-opened under the management of R. H. Southgate upon the American and European plans. This hotel is the favorite resort for Canada.

MITCHELL, KINZLER SOUTHGATE, Proprietors

Comfortable Rooms, \$ per day; Board, \$2 per day.

THE SHAREHOLDERS OF

THE MOLSONS BANK

Are hereby Notified that a Dividend of Four Per Cent

upon the capital stock has been declared for the Current Half Year, and that the same will be payable at the office of ARMSTRONG, & Co. in Montreal, and its branches on and after the

First Day of April Next

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st MARCH.

By order of the Board, F. WOLFEKSTAN THOMAS, General Manager.

Montreal, 29th February, 1891.

ARMSTRONG'S ELECTRIC INHALES.

A Cures Whooping Cough, Croup, Sore Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all other forms of Catarrh in a few applications. Free trial at 49 Chaboullier-street, or sent by any address to W. W. ARMSTRONG, 49 Chaboullier-street, Montreal.

TO FARMERS

FOR SALE at a bargain—If purchased at once—one of the finest Farms in Ontario, situated in the County of Welland, Township of Thorold, and within three miles of the Town of Thorold, containing about 230 acres most of which is under cultivation.

For further particulars, address or apply to James C. Ramsay, Herald Office, Montreal.

POST-OFFICE TIME TABLE FOR MARCH 1891.

Table with columns: DELIVERED, MAILS, CLOSING. Rows include Ontario and West, States, Ottawa by R.W., etc.



ROSSIN HOUSE TORONTO

Modeled and refurnished. The most complete, luxuriously and liberally managed hotel in Toronto. Immunity from malarious gases and malaria guaranteed by the most perfect system of ventilation traps and thorough plumbing known to sanitary science.



JOHN OSBORN, SON & CO.

Sole Agent for United States and Canada.



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