

# The Stanstead Journal.

VOL. LIX—No. 38.

ROCK ISLAND, (STANSTEAD) P. Q., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1904.

WHOLE No. 3058.

**STANSTEAD METHODIST CHURCH**  
Pastor, Rev. Wm. Howitt, B.A., B.D.  
Sunday Services—10.30 A.M., 7.00 P.M.  
Sunday School at the close of Morning Service.  
Mid-week Service—Wednesday, 7.30 P.M.

## TOWN TOPICS.

Ready-to-wear hats at the Misses Parsons's.

Rev. Mr. Davis of Cookshire was in town Tuesday.

Miss Mary Hall is up from Boston for a few weeks.

Mrs. E. Phaneuf is visiting her mother in Quechee, Vt.

Now is the time to get your sleigh varnished. J. Allard, jr.

J. A. Begin has an up-to-date line of furs for lining and trimming coats.

Mrs. J. A. Roy is opening up a branch millinery store at Barton, Vt.

The brand of Indian summer we are getting could be greatly improved on.

Mrs. Mary Darling of East Milton, Mass., is staying at the Derby Line Hotel.

Messrs. Roy Flint and Winthrop Harding have returned to their studies at "Old McGill".

Mr. Carlos T. Pierce, who has been spending the summer here, returned to Dartmouth College Tuesday.

Mrs. Henry Hubbard who has been spending the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. N. Hill, returned to her home in Plainfield, N. J., Monday night.

Capt. M. E. Cook of the Salvation Army, together with other members of the army from West Derby will conduct a service at the Odd Fellows' Hall on Wednesday evening, Sept. 28.

Mr. Chas. W. Stevens of Elizabeth, N. J., with his daughter and young son were in town Tuesday. Mr. Stevens has been at Waterville for the past few days and will visit relatives at Island Pond before returning home.

Mr. J. F. Paquette has presented the R. C. Boys School with a handsome gold watch which is to be raffled off and the proceeds used for the purpose of installing electric lights in the school.

Mr. Murray Brooks who was at the College last year, spent a few days the first of the week the guest of that institution. On Tuesday Mr. Brooks and Mr. J. Arlington Flanders left for Montreal where they are attending McGill College.

Services at the Universalist Church next Sunday morning and evening. Morning service at 10.45. The pastor will preach. Subject, Spiritual Power. Sunday school at noon. In the evening at 7, the weekly devotional service of the Y. P. C. U. will be held. Subject, Reverence. All are welcome to these services.

Mr. J. F. Telford of the Telford & Chapman Mfg. Co., left Monday morning on a business trip to Winnipeg and the Pacific coast. The firm of which Mr. Telford is the senior member, already does an extensive business in the West, but it is safe to say that before Mr. Telford returns home the goods which they manufacture will have found new markets in the land of the future.

A team of crack shots from the Coaticook Rifle Club will meet a team of local "bulls eye" men at the ranges at Stanstead next Saturday afternoon. The members of the Stanstead Rifle Club have been doing some excellent shooting this season and although the Coaticook Club have some seasoned experts with the rifle the contest will doubtless be interesting and close. The visitors will be entertained at supper after the shoot.

The Eastern Townships Bank Medals which were awarded, one to Miss Mabel Stevenson of Stanstead Wesleyan College, and the other to Miss Gracia Latourneau of the Ursuline Convent, were presented to them by the Manager of the local branch of the Bank last Friday. The medal is a handsome silver piece 2 1/2 inches across the face. On one side is the coat of arms of the bank with its motto "Industria et Fidelitas" and the words "Eastern Townships Bank Sherbrooke" around the outer edge. On the other side is the following inscription "Presented by the Eastern Townships Bank through the department of Public Instruction to—" then the name of the person to whom the honor is bestowed appears, the Provincial Coat of Arms is at the top and around the edge there is a wreath of maple leaves. The medal is presented to the student winning first place in the second year of the Academic course. We congratulate the two young ladies who have won this distinction and carried off the worthy honor which the Eastern Townships Bank is so nobly seeking to promote.

## TOWN TOPICS.

Providence River Oysters at the Little Butcher's.

Dr. and Mrs. Chas. Colby have returned to Montreal.

Miss Ethel Foot is spending a few weeks in East Angus.

50 pairs good styles, all sizes, Corsets on our 25c. counter. Caswell & O'Rourke.

Miss Kathleen Parsons is in Boston selecting a line of millinery for the fall opening.

Mr. A. S. Dennison of Enterprise, Florida, was the guest of Mrs. M. J. Hunt the first of the week.

The man who has made a success of managing a church choir ought to be able to manage anything.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. C. McNally of Montreal are visiting Mrs. McNally's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Daly.

Miss Atwood has resumed her duties with Miss H. M. Hepworth, having attended the millinery openings in New York and Boston.

Dr. Ralph M. Canfield of Boston, who has been spending a few weeks at Stanstead, was called home by telegram last evening for professional services.

The annual harvest Thanksgiving service of the congregation of Christ Church will be held in the Church on Friday (to-morrow) evening, the 23rd, at 7.30 o'clock. The Rev. Philip Calis M. A., the successor of the Rector of Christ Church, in the Parish of Newport, will be the special preacher. All are cordially invited to this service.

While U. S. Customs Officer Brainerd was waiting at the Junction Wednesday of last week on his regular afternoon trip to Newport he espied a team being loaded with merchandise of a suspicious looking character and on keeping his eye upon it he noticed it took Uncle Sam's road from the Junction and so he started in pursuit of it on his bicycle. On overtaking it he ordered its driver, a man named Joe Nabaris, to stop, which he at first refused to do, but he soon realized that the Customs Official meant business, so he jumped from the rig and over the fence to the "land of the maple" and made good his escape leaving the U. S. official in possession of the team and its contents. It proved to be a consignment of whiskey and was evidently making its way to the famous line house.

## LENOXVILLE.

Dr. and Mrs. Whitney have returned to Bishop's College after spending two months in Europe.

Mr. Elliott, an old resident of Lennoxville, passed away on Saturday at the age of 71 years. The deceased leaves a wife and three daughters to mourn his loss. The funeral took place Tuesday at the Universalist Church, Huntingville.

On Saturday the Misses Florence and Clara Mallory were thrown from their carriage while driving near Sherbrooke. The horse was captured after running about a mile. Fortunately neither of the ladies sustained serious injuries.

Miss Lydia Shaw of Kingsey is the guest of Mrs. Findley.

The Lord Bishop of Quebec formally inducted the Rev. R. W. E. Wright on Friday evening to the rectorship of St. George's Church.

About 8 young women are preparing to enter the Arts classes at Bishop's College this week.

All the clergy of the diocese met as one body at Bishop's College last week, the guest of His Lordship Bishop Dunn of Quebec.

## FAIRFAX.

Our school reopened last Monday with Miss Amy Davidson as teacher. There is a good attendance of scholars.

Mr. V. E. Morrill of Sherbrooke, spent a day last week with relatives here.

Mrs. E. G. Davidson and Mrs. Mary Lincoln visited at the home of Mr. Davis, Boynton, on Saturday.

Miss Mabel Libby still continues very poorly. She is attended by Dr. Waldron.

There are seven farms for sale in Fairfax.

Miss Lizzie Bradley has accepted a situation in C. A. Bailey's store at Sherbrooke.

Harry Wheeler is reported quite seriously ill at this writing. He is attended by Dr. Brown.

Messrs. John and Albert Cameron of Sherbrooke, and Miss Lena Brown were the guests of Mrs. E. G. Davidson over Sunday.

Mrs. Jennie Cleveland, Mrs. Gale and sister, are visiting at Robert Crook's.

## BEEBE PLAIN.

Customs officer Fred Bellam spent a couple of days the past week with his parents at Moe's River.

J. I. Parker of Newport spent Sunday with his little daughter Beatrice at H. W. Elder's.

Hotel Beebe Plain has again changed proprietors, Mr. Squires having sold out his lease to Mr. Miles of Sheffield, Vt., who has already taken possession. Mr. Squires, we understand, will go to Newport. Mr. Miles is said to be a hotel man and the house will be without doubt first class and up-to-date.

Miss Annie Whitecher is at King's Hall, Compton Ladies' College, where she intends remaining through the school year.

H. B. Stewart and Will Bean left on Monday for Marlow, Beauce County, on their annual hunting expedition.

Mrs. B. N. Gillilan of Barnet, Vt., came up on Tuesday to attend the funeral of her grandfather, Mr. J. L. House.

Miss Ramsay, who has been spending a month with Mrs. H. B. Stewart, returned to her home in Boston last Saturday.

Mrs. C. R. Ruiter and her sister, Mrs. Quimby of Boynton, were in Sherbrooke Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Yetter returned from Hardwick, Vt., last Friday.

C. H. McClintock was in Compton last Wednesday. He accompanied Miss Annie Whitecher to King's Hall.

Mrs. D. L. House, who has been spending a month with relatives and friends in Massachusetts, returned home last Friday.

Aubrey Reed, who has been engaged with Wm. Haselton at his granite shop, Stanstead Junction, has closed his labors there and accepted a position with the Boston & Maine Railroad Company.

Mr. L. B. Jenkins of Waterloo spent a few hours with his father, Mr. Thos. Jenkins, on Tuesday.

Mrs. Wellington Ruiter is visiting relatives and friends in Haverhill, N. H., for the present.

Mr. H. W. Elder is in New York selecting stock for the autumn delivery of nursery goods.

Harry Stratton of West Derby is staying in the place at present working with his father, Mr. Wm. Stratton, painting.

Mrs. Brodie has purchased a building lot on Rock Island street and has already commenced the erection of a residence for herself and mother, Mrs. Elijah Reed.

Mrs. Laura Comstock is having a large barn built on her vacant lot near her residence.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Gardine of Fitch Bay spent a few days with their daughter, Mrs. Leslie Monroe, the past week.

Mrs. Luther House has been quite ill the past week but is reported better at this writing.

Mrs. Poulter of Greenfield, Mass., is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Austin Bodwell.

Mr. E. G. Bodwell, who has been seriously ill with typhoid fever the past three weeks, is said to be improving.

Mr. J. L. House, one of the most highly respected residents of the place and probably the oldest person in town, being in his ninety-fourth year, died at his home here last Sunday. Mr. House was a life-long resident of Beebe Plain. He was its first postmaster having been appointed in 1861 holding the office until 1899 when he resigned and was succeeded by his son, George. He was, in fact, the first postmaster in the west part of Stanstead. He was for many years engaged in mercantile business and financially was eminently successful having accumulated quite a property. He leaves a wife, one daughter, Mrs. McClintock, wife of C. H. McClintock, Collector of Customs, two sons, Mr. D. L. House, a prominent business man in the place, and George of the firm of Miller & House, nurserymen. Funeral services were held at his late residence Tuesday, Rev. Mr. Smith officiating, and he was buried in the family lot in the village cemetery.

Mr. Davies, a granite cutter in the Stanstead Granite Company's shops here, died at his home in the place last Tuesday after an illness of about one month. Funeral services will be held on Friday, Rev. Mr. Smith officiating and the interment will be in the cemetery here. Mr. Davies leaves a wife and one child to mourn their loss. They have the sincere sympathy of the entire community.

During the past month Mr. and Mrs. Austin Bodwell have entertained the following guests: Mrs. Googins and daughter of Bar Harbor, Me., Mr. and Mrs. Cordery of Montreal, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Carter and daughter of Old Concord, and Mr. and Mrs. George Bagley of Lowell, Mass.

## GEORGEVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Rexford of Lowell, Mass., are guests of Mr. John H. Holland. They are intending to visit relatives in Granby before returning home.

Miss Minnie Tuck, who has been here during the summer, has returned to her home at Newport, R. I.

Mrs. W. H. Rediker has returned from Montreal where she has been visiting friends for a few weeks.

The young son of Mr. Walter McGowan is quite ill.

Miss Eva Williamson of Topsfield, Mass., who with her mother and brother came here on a three weeks' visit to her grandmother and aunts, is now having a run of typhoid fever after having the measles and tonsillitis. Her father, Arthur Williamson is now here again.

Mr. Trevor Evans of Montreal is the guest of Mrs. A. G. Sheriff at the "Shak."

Only a few of the summer visitors are lingering here. The maples are commencing to show the beautiful tints of the autumn and soon only leafless branches will remain. There has not been sufficient frost to kill the squash and cucumber vines.

Mr. Nelson Smith has moved to the Burbank house from the Geor house and Mr. Modest Chaput has moved from the R. L. Ayer tenement house to the Perkins house now owned by Mr. M. L. Williams.

A short but lively storm of wind and rain visited this locality last Sunday afternoon at half past three. Broken fruit and shade trees marked its path, not only here but in other places.

## NORTH HATLEY.

Mr. W. W. Reed has built a lean-to to his large barn.

Mr. W. B. Rubilee of Minton has newly shingled his house.

Dr. Brown of Ayer's Cliff was in town last Saturday.

G. A. LeBaron of Glen Villa, has decided that his pet bears' hide, meat and oil were worth more divided so he had them killed.

Mr. and Mrs. Embury of Oliver Corner were here last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Adelbert Brunning of Barton, Vt., are spending their honeymoon here with his aunt Mrs. Al LeBaron.

The funeral of Wm. Lord son of Melvin Lord of Suffolk, the young man aged 19 years who was suddenly killed by taking hold of an electric light to move it in the barn while doing chores for W. W. Reed, was held on Sunday the 19th. His remains were laid to rest in the North Hatley cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Woodward drove to McConnell on Sunday, guests of Mrs. Chauncey Kezar.

Mr. Wm. Geroux of Barnston was in town the first of the week.

Miss Bernice Kezar who spent the summer at C. H. LeBaron's has gone home to McConnell.

We regret to say that Mr. Fred Elliott of Lennoxville, was buried today, (Tuesday) at Huntingville, Rev. J. W. McLaughlin officiating.

Mr. and Mrs. Willie Reed of Ayer's Cliff called on friends here Tuesday.

It rains nearly every day with heavy winds.

## FITCH BAY.

Norman Gustin has gone to Boston, Mass., where he has a position on the electric cars.

Mrs. Lydia Smith spent some days last week visiting relatives and friends in Georgeville.

Mr. E. A. Paul of Boston, Mass., was in town visiting his wife and daughter on Monday.

Ezra Rider has returned to College in Montreal.

Willie Merrill, who has spent the summer here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Justin Merrill, has returned to Nashua, N. H.

A social dance was held in Hovey's hall on Monday evening in honor of the boys who were leaving town on Tuesday.

Christie Gustin was home from Stanstead College over Sunday.

Miss Carrie Seymour has closed her labors for Mr. L. H. Rand and is staying with her mother at present.

Miss Lillie Huckins is working at L. H. Rand's.

Listen for the wedding bells.

Mrs. Noble has been entertaining her father, Mr. Hill, also a sister, Mrs. Clark from California and another sister, Mrs. Regan of New York City.

Mr. Thomas Blackwood is enjoying a visit with his brother of Galt, Ont. The brothers have not met for thirty years and each has many experiences to relate which makes the visit most enjoyable.

There are some straw hats that yesterday's snow storm didn't discourage.

## TRUE & BLANCHARD CO.

Solicit the privilege of showing to any who may be interested, their choice line of

## WEDDING GIFTS

From our very extensive line of bright, new up-to-date goods, we are positive that you can make a selection that will highly please you. Sterling Silver, Cut Glass, Fruit Plates, Art Goods, Choice China and Fancy Clocks, are only a few of our attractive lines.

We esteem it a pleasure to show these goods, knowing that we are in a position to give most satisfactory service and values.

## Go to True & Blanchard Co., Newport, for FIRE ARMS AND AMMUNITION

First Class, Close Shooting, Breech-Loading, Neatly Finished Shot Gun, 83.48; Loaded Shells, 45c. box. Great line Rifles, Double Guns, and Ammunition.

## GRANITEVILLE.

The Ladies Aid will hold their annual Harvest Home and Chicken Pie supper at the home of Mr. D. W. Moir on Sept. 30th. The entertainment will be given in the Church. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Wyman of Fitch Bay visited Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hill on Wednesday.

Mr. Chas. Stevens and daughter, Minnie and son Ross, of Elizabeth, N. J., made a flying visit here on Tuesday and Wednesday. It is needless to say their many friends were pleased to see them.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Lamothe went to Leadville on Saturday to visit his parents returning home on Monday.

A very severe thunder and wind storm visited this place on Sunday evening doing considerable damage.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Taylor went to Ayer's Cliff Saturday to visit his parents returning home on Monday.

Mr. Geo. Reynolds returned home from a trip to Maine and New Brunswick on Wednesday in the interest of Miller & House Nurseries.

Mrs. Stephen Tryon of Magog, is spending a week here visiting relatives.

Mrs. Daniel Tryon, who has spent the summer here visiting her children, returned to her home in Magog Saturday. Her son and wife, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Tryon, and sister, Mrs. E. P. Davis, accompanied her home.

We are very sorry to report the serious illness of Mrs. Gustin Salls, who went to Troy to attend her sister, Mrs. Jas. Sisco, and was taken ill. Her friends are very anxious in regard to her condition.

Miss Beatrice Weir left for Montreal Tuesday after spending the summer very pleasantly at their pleasant summer home, "The Cedars," Cedarville.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lee of Rock Island spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Daniel Campbell, Lake Shore.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Taylor of Island Pond, Vt., visited relatives here a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jaynes of Enosburg Falls, Vt., are spending a few days with her brother, Mr. Harry Hutchins, at Province Island.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McKenzie and daughter Helen, who have been visiting relatives in St. Johnsbury, Vt., the past two weeks, returned to their home at Lineboro last week.

## MCCONNELL.

One year ago we were having an uncommon spell of dry weather and now we are getting the other extreme.

Potatoes are rotting badly.

An electrical storm of great violence passed over here last Sunday afternoon doing considerable damage. Mr. Lynden Ayer had a long shed blown down; part of a roof of a barn belonging to Mrs. Parnell was removed; Mr. H. Hibbard's barn was somewhat damaged; fences in many places were blown down and many trees overturned.

Rev. Abram Tilson was in the place and preached very acceptably last Sunday.

Prospers of the question of good roads,—it seems as though a little better provision might easily and with a small outlay be made for the animals that serve us so faithfully, by providing convenient watering places along the highway. Near Elmwood Park nature provides a good stream conveniently located by the roadside and all that is needed is some receptacle to hold it. A year or two ago some charitably inclined person put a barrel there, but since that has failed horses look wistfully but in vain. It surely is not too much to ask that those who have the charge of road affairs should see that this long-felt want is filled. "A word to the wise is sufficient. Perhaps a suggestion is all that is needed to set the ball rolling.

## MASSAWIPPI.

On Sunday afternoon a fearful storm passed over this place. The wind blew a gale and strong trees swayed and were broken down like slender saplings; branches covered the ground and apples fell like rain.

The storm was accompanied by lightning which did damage in different sections. In the early morning a storm also of a severe kind raged during which a bolt of lightning killed a fine thoroughbred heifer at "Lake-side Farm" belonging to Mr. E. St. Dizier; so altogether the day seemed a wild one. On Monday it was succeeded by a beautiful, sunny, calm day in which all nature smiled. Thus it is in our beautiful land, storm and sunshine chase each other and we must bear the one and enjoy the other.

Last Friday evening the church social, which had been duly announced, was held at the commodious home of Mr. Hollis Hitchcock and to which convened one hundred people making a merry crowd of young and old, who in different ways enjoyed together the games, programme of music, recitations and refreshments provided leaving the sum of \$10 as testimony to the same. The special invitation to friends at Ayer's Cliff was responded to by a goodly number, some of whom kindly assisted in the programme to the pleasure of all. It was past the hour of midnight before the social came to an end and all dispersed to their homes.

Mr. Roy Hovey of Boston and Mr. E. Hovey passed Sunday with their mother and family at "Broadview Farm." All are glad to see Roy occasionally this way when he can spare a day.

The W. C. T. U. will hold their regular meeting with Mrs. Lyford Call on Wednesday, Sept. 28, at 2.30 o'clock. Supper will be served at the close. As it is Crusade Day for the Province, it is suggested that special efforts be made to secure new members.

Mr. Rolf of Ascot Corner was at Mr. J. Coit's last Saturday.

Miss Geneva Stevenson and brother left Thursday for Stanstead intending to go in company with Mr. McMullen home to Boston on Saturday.

Mrs. Samuel Robinson has been in Lennoxville a few days past staying with Mrs. Fred Elliott to assist her in the care of Mr. Elliott who has now passed away. His funeral was Monday. For many years he was a resident of this place and his occasional visits here since have always been enjoyed by himself and his friends. Our sympathy is extended to his bereaved family.

Mr. E. Bean, Harold and Miss Mabel Bean visited at Mr. Greer's, Abbott Corner, on Sunday.

Miss Edson has returned from "Glenville" and intends going south about October 1, with Miss Chilson of Newport to do table work in a hotel.

Last Friday Miss E. Stevenson and Mrs. St. Dizier availed themselves of the opportunity to take a ride through the lake on the snug steamer "Pocahontas," before its last trip for the season. Those who have lived by the lake for years and enjoyed its beautiful scenery, can appreciate it still better by taking the ride through, as the general view is much changed. One seems to be almost transplanted to some distant place at times. The new steamer is a great acquisition and we wish the owner, Mr. Sampson, all success in his undertaking to fill the much needed requirement.

The Ladies Aid society of Kingscroft will hold a sale beginning the evening of the 26th and the three following evenings, in and for the new chapel being erected. Bishop La Rocque of Sherbrooke will assist at the opening, the 26th. Supper served each evening at eight o'clock. All are invited.



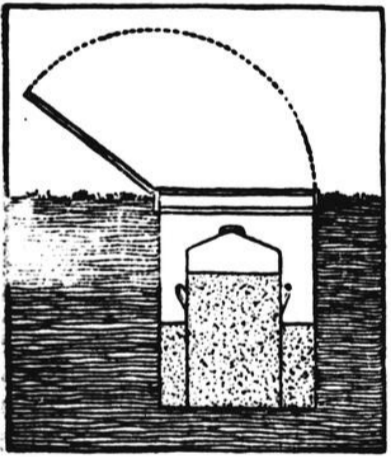
Milk is a product subject to remarkable changes in the system, says a correspondent of the New York Tribune. Fright, anger, pain, etc., leave their traces in the milk secretions. So marked has this sometimes been in the human mother that by anger, fright, excitement, pain, etc., a poison has been infused into the milk that has resulted in convulsions and death of the nursing child. No doubt the same causes produce a similar effect among animals. Experiments prove that one side of the udder of a cow may be milked and then the cow be frightened or greatly excited, and the other side be immediately milked, and a marked change will be seen to have taken place in the milk. There will be a material reduction in the per cent of fat, besides other changes.

All this we know by experiment and experience, but now the milk is secreted, and by what process it is deposited in the udder the most skilled anatomist has failed to inform us. Some claim it to be a nerve production, others say it is secreted by the blood, while still others assert that it is an independent production, each giving apparently good reasons for his position.

The fact that in a single minute by fright or anger the character of the milk may be changed shows that the nerve system exercises a powerful control over it. The large quantity of blood passing from the udder to the heart through the milk veins tends to prove that, in some way, blood is an active factor in milk production, while the quantity of milk secreted is such as to render the method mysterious, as (so far as any writer whose works I have read has said) no trace of this milk is found in the blood. If in the blood, the quantity secreted in twenty-four hours is so great it would form a large portion of the blood flowing from the heart to the udder. With all the investigation that has been made up to this time we are compelled to confess that we know very little about it. Some breeds of cows produce a large butter fat globule highly colored; others a small and light colored one. This feature is largely fixed by breeding.

**The Dairy Steer.**  
Suppose the steers raised from cows bred to dairy bulls are worth a great deal less than those from cows bred to beef bulls, which they are, what steer will bring a profit of \$50 over and above the feed it will take to get him ready for the market in two and one-half years? And yet this is what he would have to do in order to make the beef combination as profitable as the dairy type, even though the dairy steers were given away, provided we are correct in saying that dairy sires would raise the average butter yield from 150 to 250 pounds, and we certainly believe this to be a conservative estimate.—*Twentieth Century Farmer.*

**A Homemade Separator.**  
A dairyman from Prince Edward Island, Canada, thus describes a homemade cream separator which has given splendid results. He says: My sub-erth cream separator is simply a strong cask sawed to about two feet from the bottom and sunk in the ground, so that the top of the cask is



SUB-ERTH CREAM SEPARATOR.

four inches below the surface. A square frame of inch boards is made on the surface and a cover hinged to it, so as to cover close.

It is situated near the well, handy to fill with water. There is no hole in the bottom, but the water when necessary to be changed is bailed out and answers for hog water. This tank is cool in the summer and warm in the winter. Even with the thermometer 3 degrees below zero, as it was one day last winter, the water and milk did not freeze. The milk is allowed to stand in this tank thirty-six hours. That good butter can be made with homemade appliances is evidenced by its ready sale at creamery prices. In fact, our neighbors are taking most of our make these days.

**How Much the Cow is Worth.**

Professor A. H. Wheaton is credited with saying that a cow which produces less than 300 pounds of butter in a year is worth no more than she will bring for beef. Here are some of the professor's appraisements of larger producers:

Cows that make 325 pounds butter.....	\$80
Cows that make 320 pounds butter.....	75
Cows that make 315 pounds butter.....	70
Cows that make 310 pounds butter.....	65
Cows that make 305 pounds butter.....	60
Cows that make 300 pounds butter.....	55
Cows that make 295 pounds butter.....	50
Cows that make 290 pounds butter.....	45
Cows that make 285 pounds butter.....	40
Cows that make 280 pounds butter.....	35
Cows that make 275 pounds butter.....	30
Cows that make 270 pounds butter.....	25
Cows that make 265 pounds butter.....	20
Cows that make 260 pounds butter.....	15
Cows that make 255 pounds butter.....	10
Cows that make 250 pounds butter.....	5

—*Farmer's Advocate.*

**THE DAIRY COW.**

**Her Temperament the Most Important Point to Consider.**

Professor T. L. Haecker of the Minnesota station, in an address on dairy cows, said: "I have now a full and complete record, covering twelve consecutive years, of a herd of cows which has contained all the dairy breeds, some of the beef breeds and some natives. The record covers every day's transaction—the amount and kind of feed consumed and dairy products yielded. It is the only American herd of which such record has been kept. Not only has a constant record been kept of feed consumed and dairy products returned, but note has also been taken of the conformation and other peculiarities of each animal that has been in the herd during the time stated. So far as I am informed, it is the only herd, either in this or any other country, where so full a record has been kept for so long a time.

"I have been led to conclude that temperament is of primary importance. Temperament in a cow is the pivotal point upon which her adaptability for dairy work depends. The points indicating spare, angular conformation show that the nervous system or temperament is dominant and that there is no disposition to convert feed into body tissue or fat, and also minimizing the needs for maintenance of body. So an animal intended for dairy work must have a strong nervous system, which is indicated by (1) full eye, expressive; (2) face clean, rather long, nostrils large and open; (3) neck light, rather long, 'ewe necked'; (4) withers sharp; (5) shoulders light, spare; (6) spinal column prominent; (7) croup high, strong and sharp; (8) hook points and pin bones sharp; (9) thighs spare and incurving."

**Cost of Making Butter.**

According to the Iowa dairy commissioner the cost of making a pound of butter at the various creameries of that state varies from 1.2 cents to 6 cents per pound. The butter that cost 1.2 cents to make was in a co-operative creamery that made annually about half a million pounds of butter from whole milk. The average cost for making butter, taking the state as a whole, was 2 1/4 cents per pound. Separating the creameries into groups, the cost was found to be as follows: In creameries making not more than 50,000 pounds, 3.14 cents; between 50,000 and 100,000 pounds, 2.36 cents; between 100,000 and 150,000 pounds, 1.99 cents; between 150,000 and 200,000 pounds, 1.78 cents; between 200,000 and 300,000 pounds, 1.71 cents.

**Guesswork in the Dairy.**

What a wonderful impetus it would give to the dairy business, not alone in Wisconsin, but all through the country, if every dairyman would give up guesswork and commence to keep records so that he would have an authoritative basis for determining whether the Daisies or the Bessies were really better cows, and when this was ascertained have the courage to send the Daisies to the butcher.—*Hoard's Dairyman.*

**HINTS ABOUT MILKING**

Have the stable clean and have the cow clean or you can't get clean milk. Whitewash for walls and posts is a good thing. Land plaster is a good absorbent in the stable.

**Manipulate the Udder.**  
Before commencing to milk brush all loose dirt from the sides and udder of the cow. After a little manipulation of the teats and udder the milk is ready to "come down." Then is the time to take it, and do not delay.

**Please the Cow.**  
No definite rule can be given as to how the teats should be handled in milking, as cows differ and hands differ so much, but be sure of one thing—please the cow if possible. There should always be a friendly feeling between the cow and the milker, and milkers should not be changed if it can be avoided. A cow will not "give down" her milk to a milker she hates or is afraid of and what she does give will be deficient in butter fat.

**Regularity in Milking.**  
Always milk a cow in the same manner, at about the same time and speed. Any change will tend to irritate and excite her. Always milk in the same order and at the same time of day. If you disappoint her and milk half an hour late, the chances are that you will get less and poorer milk than if you milked at the proper time.

**Get All the Milk.**  
Always milk the cow dry before leaving her, but do not continue stripping after the milk is all drawn. If part of the milk is left at each milking in the udder nature will soon stop providing it because it is not taken. The last milk drawn from a cow is much richer than the first. The last quart usually contains more than three times as much butter as the first.

**Dairy Bacteria.**  
Over 200 different kinds of dairy bacteria are found in milk and its products, new and old. Many of these have not been completely described and will require much more study before their characteristics are fully understood.

**For practical purposes dairy bacteria may be separated into three classes, as follows: (1) Harmless bacteria; (2) useful bacteria; (3) harmful bacteria.—*Farmer's Bulletin.***

**Churn by the Clock.**  
Let the churn revolve punctually. You can plan subsidiary work with mathematical precision and enjoy the pleasure of knowing when you will finish. The pigs will know to a minute when the fresh buttermilk will reach them. The folks will know to a "T" when to set the table.

**CLOTHES MANAGEMENT.**

**The Plain One Girl Follows to Insure Economical Dressing.**

Perhaps my plan to manage my clothes on next to nothing a year may interest you and help some other girls. To begin with, let me tell you how one dress lasted me for three years at an average cost of \$4 a year. I bought a soft dark India silk in the spring for a best street dress, for church and to wear now and then when I paid friendly calls. I made it very simply with tucks and a few stitched bands of taffeta, and then I wore with it separate stock collars of imitation Irish crochet lace and a fancy high girde belt of taffeta. The next year, when the folds had lost their first luster, I covered the worn edges with very narrow black gimp braid, and I used this remodeled dress for a business suit. Of course I had to shorten the skirt. That was the only alteration I made. For my evening dresses I buy each year two new ones, one of lawn and one of silk muslin, using them in the summer for my best dresses, and I easily make them do for two years. I put all my capital into the material and not into extra trimmings, as these are not necessary on a simple dress, the task of trimming them being accomplished by the effective way in which they are put together and the arrangement of the tucks. I spend about \$18 for these dresses. This includes the dressmaker's bill. In a case where a girl can make her own dresses it would bring the cost to about \$5 for each dress.—*Exchange.*

**WEDDING PRESENTS.**

**Linens are Something That is Always Sure to be Appreciated.**

A writer in the House Beautiful has many sensible things to say on the subject of wedding presents. Every married woman remembers a number of absolutely useless or worse than useless presents sent her by her well meaning friends. One bride recently received no less than eight clocks. Her modest little apartment boasting only six rooms, kitchen included, she had to put away some of them, and this is embarrassing when the donors call. In the articles mentioned it is wisely suggested that some account be taken of the plans of the prospective bride. If she is not going to keep house refrain from sending her cut glass and china. Furniture will be a nuisance in a boarding house. Make the gift a personal one. A bit of old jewelry, a piece of lace, books, etc.; Russian brass jars, candlesticks or a samovar are sure to be appreciated. There are many delightful bits of porcelain to be had. If silver is sent, better let it be knives and forks, for the simple reason that nearly every one else will send spoons. Best of all, choose odd pieces, little pitchers and sugar bowls, tea caddies, strainers, nut and bonbon dishes. Avoid sending pictures unless you know the taste of the recipients. Linen is sure to be appreciated. No bride ever has too much.

**BEAUTY DON'TS.**

Don't walk five miles one day and stay at home all the next.  
Don't shut your bedroom window. Fresh air is necessary for health.

Don't eat your meals quickly. This causes indigestion and a red nose.

Don't wash your face in hot water. This encourages superfluous hair.

Don't read till midnight. One hour's sleep before 12 is worth five afterward.

Don't get in the habit of always smiling. It brings wrinkles round the mouth and eyes.

Don't expect physic and tonics to keep you well if you neglect the laws of health and hygiene.

Don't dry your face in a hurry. A quick, anyhow rub coarsens the skin and injures its beauty.

Don't experiment on your skin with different creams and powders. Find good ones and stick to them.

**Children's Noses.**

One of the most prominent physicians in town has been giving me a bit of homely advice for the benefit of mothers.

"If children were taught to blow their noses properly," says he, "the work ear specialists have to do would be reduced by half at least. Next to learning how to gargle the knowledge of how to blow the nose without injuring the ears is the most important thing a child can be taught. The violent blowing of the nose when a child has a cold is very likely to strain the drums of the ears and to set up painful troubles which frequently result in permanent deafness. Every child and every grown person, too, for that matter, should be taught to blow one nostril at a time only. In this way the ear drum is not endangered. It isn't an elegant thing to include in the infant curriculum, but the child who learns it will be spared a great deal of pain and will be far less likely to have his hearing impaired."—*Washington Post.*

**Laundry Logic.**

There are many substances which may be added to starch to help produce a luster. Among these substances are sugar, salt, borax, spermaceti and paraffin wax. I have found paraffin wax and salt very good. Make the starch in this manner: Mix one tablespoonful of starch with four tablespoonfuls of cold water and pour on this three quarts of boiling water. Boil for twenty minutes, then add one teaspoonful of salt and paraffin wax half the size of a nutmeg. Stir until the wax is dissolved, then cool and strain through cheesecloth. Have the table linen wrung dry and work well in the starch. Pass through the wringer and dry in the sun. When dry make very damp and roll in a damp cloth.—*Ladies' Home Journal.*

**A MODEL OF CAUTION.**

**Yet an Innocent Remark Was the Cause of His Death.**

The father of Gueau de Reverseaux had been a distinguished lawyer, and through his influence he held important offices under the government. When the revolution began he gave up his office at La Rochelle and retired to Chartres.

From the time that the revolution began Gueau de Reverseaux devoted his attention exclusively to preserving his own safety. He wrote no letters. He would receive no letters. He saw no visitors and paid no visits. He spoke to no person and allowed no one to come near him. It would have been impossible to be more prudent than he was.

However, he wanted some sheds built on his farm near Chartres and ventured to consult a carpenter. The carpenter told him that he could not undertake the work immediately, as Gueau de Reverseaux wished, because most of his workmen were drafted to join the army at once.

Gueau de Reverseaux replied: "The workmen need not go. They can send substitutes."

This remark was heard by the workmen, but only the first phrase made any impression on them. They reported everywhere that M. Gueau de Reverseaux, who must be good authority, had said that they need not go. The news went to headquarters that Gueau de Reverseaux declared that the drafted workmen need not obey the government. This was considered to be conspiracy, and he was condemned to death and executed.

**A BID FOR SILENCE.**

**Five Million Dollars was the Sum Offered and Rejected.**

Immediately it became known to the Tweed ring that the proofs of its guilt were in possession of the Times an effort was made to buy them. A carefully verified report of this attempt was published in Harper's Weekly for Feb. 22, 1890:

"A tenant in the same building (the Times building) sent for Mr. Jones to come to his office, as he wished to see him on an important matter. Mr. Jones went to the lawyer's office and, being ushered into a private room, was confronted by Comptroller Connolly.

"I don't want to see this man," said Mr. Jones, and he turned to go.

"For God's sake," exclaimed Connolly, "let me say one word to you!"

"At this appeal Mr. Jones stopped. Connolly then made him a proposition to forego the publication of the documents he had in his possession and offered him the enormous sum of \$5,000,000 to do this. As Connolly waited for the answer, Mr. Jones said:

"I don't think the devil will ever make a higher bid for me than that."

"Connolly began to plead and drew a graphic picture of what one could do with \$5,000,000. He ended by saying:

"Why, with that sum you can go to Europe and live like a prince."

"Yes," said Mr. Jones, "but I should know that I was a rascal. I cannot consider your offer or any offer not to publish the facts in my possession."

—From "Thomas Nast" in Pearson's.

**The Frolicsome Scallop.**

The scallop takes life less seriously and servilely than his cousins, the clams and oysters. The oyster can't move from his place; the clam can, but rarely does. The scallop is as free as a bird almost to the end of his days. Then, again, the scallop has temperament. He exhibits the frolicsomeness of childhood, as higher animals do. We see little scallops by tens and dozens darting swiftly here and there in the water by a quick opening and shutting of the two valves of their shells. They are as graceful as a flock of snowbirds and as vivacious. Capture one, lay it on the sand, and it snaps its valves, impatient of the interruption, if we intercept the signs aught. It is altogether happy if put back in the pool.—*Country Life in America.*

**Her Case Exactly.**

It is related of a clergyman who was the happy father of a charming and beautiful daughter that one day while preparing his Sunday discourse he was suddenly called from his desk on a mission of mercy. The sentence at which he left off was this: "I never see a young man of splendid physique and the promise of a glorious manhood almost realized but my heart is filled with rapture and delight."

His daughter, happening to enter the study, saw the sermon and read the words.

Sitting down, she wrote underneath, "Them's my sentiments, papa, exactly."

**Dr. Fuller's Memory.**

Among those who have performed great feats of memory may be mentioned Dr. Fuller, author of the "Worthies of England." He could repeat another man's sermon after hearing it once and could repeat 500 words in an unknown language after hearing them twice. He one day attempted to walk from Temple Bar to the farthest end of Champs-elysees and to repeat on his return every sign on either side of the way in the order of their occurrence, and he did it easily.—*London Mail.*

**Comforting.**

It is very comforting to a man who is just recovering from a lingering illness and has managed to crawl out on a warm, sunny day to get air to have a neighbor come along and shout cheerily: "Hello! Been away, haven't you? Had a good time? You are looking well!"

Many a tongue shakes out its master's undoing.—*Shakespeare.*

**FATTENING CHICKENS.**

**Profitable Age for Ordinary Market Conditions—Feeding in Crates—The Best Rations—Full Equipment.**

In order to have the chickens plump and well fitted for market when they are at the most profitable age, they should be placed in the fattening crates when they are three months old. It is not meant by this that chickens cannot be fattened profitably when they are more than three months old. Suitable market chickens of any age will show gains in the crates. In selecting chickens for fattening, those should be fattened that have a good constitution, denoted by short strong beak, head wide between the eyes, lively appearance and that are of medium size, and are of a broad square set well apart.

Equipment for Fattening.—In fattening chickens for market, it is advisable to use the fattening crates recommended by the Poultry Division, Ottawa. If only a small number of chickens are to be fattened, packing boxes of suitable dimensions can be adapted for the purpose. The open top of the box should become the bottom of the crate, and one side should be removed for the front. Laths should be nailed up and down the front, and also lengthways of the crate to form the floor. The laths are placed the same distance apart as recommended in the construction of the fattening crate. A board should be loosened in the top of the crate to remove the chickens from, and a feed trough arranged in front. A shaping board and shipping boxes are also required.

Fattening Rations. A satisfactory fattening ration is one that is palatable and that will produce white colored flesh. Ground oats, finely ground or with the coarser hulls sifted out, should form the basis of all the grain mixtures. Ground corn, fed in excess will result in a yellow-colored flesh of inferior quality; ground peas impart a hardness to the flesh that is not desirable. Ground oats, ground buckwheat, ground barley, and low grade flour are the most suitable meals for fattening.

Satisfactory Meal Mixtures:—

- (1) Ground oats (coarser hulls removed).
- (2) Siftings from rolled oats (no hulling dust should be included).
- (3) Two parts ground oats, two parts ground buckwheat, one part ground corn.
- (4) Two parts ground barley, two parts low grade flour, one part wheat bran.

The ground meal should be mixed to a thin porridge with sour skim-milk or buttermilk. On the average, 10 pounds of meal require from 15 to 17 pounds of sour skim-milk. A small quantity of salt should be added to the mash.

When sufficient skim-milk or buttermilk cannot be obtained for mixing washes, a quantity of animal and raw vegetable food should be added to the fattening ration.

The chickens should remain in the fattening crates for a period of 24 days, more or less depending on the condition of the birds. Before they are placed in the crates they should be well dusted with sulphur to kill the lice. They should be again sulphured three days before they are killed.

The First Week.—It is necessary to feed the chickens lightly the first week they are in the crates. A small quantity of the fattening food should be spread along the troughs, and as this is eaten more food is added, but not as much as the chickens would consume. The food should be given three times a day, and after feeding the troughs should be cleaned and turned over. The chickens should receive fresh water twice a day, and grit two or three times a week while in the crates.

The Second Week.—The chickens should be given twice a day as much food as they will eat. Half an hour after feeding the troughs should be cleaned and turned over.

The Last Ten Days.—At the commencement of this period one pound of tallow a day should be added to the mash for every 70 chickens. The quantity of tallow should be gradually increased so that at the latter part of the period one pound of tallow is fed to 50 chickens. The chickens should receive the fattening food twice a day.

Mr. Stewart Galbraith.

Mr. Stewart Galbraith, a 1904 graduate of the Ontario Agricultural College, has been appointed Exper-

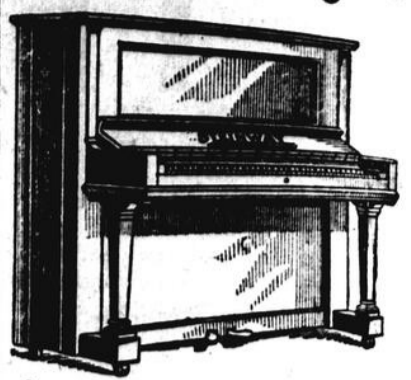


mentalist in Agriculture in the Orange River Colony. He will reside at Bloemfontein.

**Study the Soil.**

Study soil and climate in your immediate vicinity and grow crops which conditions justify.—*Farm and Ranch.*

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And any other goods in the general line I will sell you at prices to defeat competition.

In carpets I have everything desirable to sell at a reduction.

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Call and see for yourselves.

**P. A. BISSENET**  
Stanstead, Que.

**QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY**

**SUMMER TIME TABLE.**

In Effect Monday, June 27, 1904.

**LEAVING SHERBROOKE.**

**NEW YORK EXPRESS**—Leave Sherbrooke 8:50 a. m.; arrive Lewis 1:00 p. m.; arrive Quebec 1:15 p. m. Pullman Palace Buffet Cars New York to Quebec. Leave Sherbrooke daily, except Monday.

**BOSTON EXPRESS**—Leave Sherbrooke 7:00 a. m.; arrive Lewis 12:00 noon; arrive Quebec 12:15 p. m. Pullman Palace Buffet Cars Boston to Quebec daily, except Sunday.

**PASSENGER**—Leave Sherbrooke 3:50 p. m.; arrive Lewis 8:55 p. m.; arrive Quebec 9:00 p. m. Pullman Buffet Cars Portland to Quebec daily, except Sunday.

**ACCOMMODATION**—Leave Sherbrooke 11:45 p. m.; arrive Lewis 3:20 a. m.; arrive Quebec 3:30 a. m. Daily, except Sunday.

Also connecting trains on Megantic Division.

**ARRIVING AT SHERBROOKE.**

**NEW YORK EXPRESS**—Leave Quebec 2:00 p. m.; arrive Lewis 2:15 p. m.; arrive Sherbrooke 6:40 p. m. Pullman Palace Buffet Cars Quebec to New York. Leave Lewis daily, except Saturday.

**BOSTON EXPRESS**—Leave Quebec 3:30 p. m.; arrive Lewis 8:50 p. m.; arrive Sherbrooke 9:20 p. m. Pullman Buffet Cars Quebec to Boston daily, except Sunday.

**PASSENGER**—Leave Quebec 7:30 a. m.; arrive Lewis 8:00 a. m.; arrive Sherbrooke 1:05 p. m. Pullman Buffet Cars Quebec to Portland daily, except Sunday.

**ACCOMMODATION**—Leave Quebec 7:45 p. m.; arrive Lewis 3:15 p. m.; arrive Sherbrooke 8:40 a. m. Leave Lewis daily, except Sunday.

Also connecting trains on Megantic Division. For time tables, addresses and any other information apply to any of the Company's Agents.

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For Gentlemen, I will make a specialty of Good Clothing, such as Campbell's Clothing, also Ready-made Clothing at all prices for Men, Boys and Youths, Shirts, Neckwear, Hosiery, Underwear, etc., etc., as well as KING QUALITY Shoes for Men, Boys and other Shoes as wanted.

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## EXPERTS ON THE COON

TWO CITY MEN WHO TELL SOME GOOD STORIES OF THE ANIMAL.

Natural Idiosyncrasies Will Have Their Way Even If the Environment is Not of the Most Fortunate—Nature Study in Its Most Practical Form—Fond of Crawfish, But They Vary As to His Alleged Call.

Charles H. Armstrong, of Toronto, who is one of the Canadian Institute authorities on entomology and small deer generally, says he has often seen the coons in Rosedale and the Don Valley at night. He used to take out a lantern and set it on a log, behind which he ambushed himself and waited results. Mr. Armstrong describes in a highly interesting manner, into the little circle of light out of the all-comprehending darkness emerge creatures of every description—birds, beasts, insects and creeping things of the field. The shy and shy little coons would come peering up with their cunning eyes and wise little snouts, and the stately skunk would sometimes pace leisurely past, flaunting his graceful tail. He has the right of way and nothing bids him nay.

Mr. Armstrong has watched the coons in the Don Valley at all hours and seasons. Their call is not confined to any one season, and is somewhat infrequent, he says, and he was not aware what call was under discussion just now, but thought the coon cry might attract more notice at the present time of the year than others.

**Cry When Food is Found.**  
The coons go down to the river for the crawfish, which come out, as all crustacea do, to dry their shells on the stones. Mr. Coon waits around till one appears, when he promptly grabs it. The remains may be found in the morning lying among the rocks. Some years ago, says Mr. Armstrong, a coon was shot in the vicinity, and its stomach found to be full of intestinal worms, the same worm which was then known to be infecting the crawfish, and causing their destruction. When food is found, the coon sets up his call, which is an assembly call, directed to the tribe in general, Mr. Armstrong says.

"You will get no one to contradict that," he stated.  
The raccoon is singularly wary of trespassing where men are about, though not apparently shunning their neighborhood. They are quick to take any hint or warning of danger, and seem to know just how far it is safe to go in the corn-patch or the chicken-pen. To this is attributable the fact that they have braved the dangers of civilization, and remained among the haunts of men when all the other creatures of the wild have disappeared.

**Collie Cockburn Talks.**  
Another great authority on coons is Collie Cockburn, who is, says John Burns, about the best bush shot in the country, and has known coons all his life, says a writer in The Toronto World. Emerson Dolly, dead these dozen years, was the only other shot to be reckoned with Cockburn. Old Isaac Dolly, Emerson's father, "still stays with the shooting," but is of a generation beyond, and tells of the chase of half a century ago. Cockburn was born in Newmarket 50 years ago next April. Coons have not varied in that time.

"The man who says that a coon calls at this time of the year or any other is crazy," he said. "It is a little tiny bit of a barn owl that does it," and he gave a gurgling whistle with nine or ten descending notes which fools nearly all the farmers in the land, and has spoiled the reputation of more good coon dogs than anything else.

"I've followed them all night many a time," he continued, "and coon hunters will follow that cry with their dogs for hours. They'll say, 'There, do you hear that one. There's another one over there, and when the dog can't get track of a coon they say the dog's no good. The coon will call, but you can't hear it six rods away. It is something like a slight whistle with a purr at the end of it, and you couldn't hear him across the road, but the owl you can hear half a mile away."

**Never Heard a Call.**  
"It's the small owl that is calling the coon into the corn-patch, maybe, but Mr. Coon gives no call on the top of earth when he is going into a corn-field. He says nothing but saws wood. I've hunted coons all my life and never heard one call yet.

with an old coon dog, half bull and quarter stag hound. There was Frank Babe and Emerson Dolly and Dan Blain and Bob Harris and Chris. Sinclair. We used to be cutting down trees right in the fields and dodging farmers for the coons. The old dog used to wait till the tree was falling and he'd be up the trunk as it fell and into the top-most limb, and you'd hear a coon squeal ten seconds after the tree was down. Sometimes there would be as high as five in one elm on the old Black Creek flats. But Emerson used to shoot them off the branches, and every time a coon dropped out of the tree the old dog would look at us utterly disgusted, as much as to say: Why don't you cut down the tree and let me have my fun? But he would have nothing to do with a coon that was shot.

**A Coon Story.**  
"One night Willie Boucher, who was about 16 or 17 then, came running to me and said, Mr. Cockburn, the old dog has got a coon away down the creek somewhere. I went out and whistled, but no dog. Come and listen, says Willie, and, by gosh, O could hear the old dog a mile away. Well, old Jonathan Scott was the most enthusiastic coon hunter you ever saw. He would pull off his boots and go up a hill barefooted so as not to make a noise. So I called on old Jonathan, and says: The dog has a coon, are you game? We picked up Dan Sinclair and one of the Whitefields and others till there were seven of us. We went away up north of old Carlton and west of the Weston road, and here was the old dog up under a big black cherry tree, where a man had a big meadow, and the tree leaning over into the field.

"The old dog must have been there three or four hours, and there was a coon in the tree all right. Now just see what young devils will do, and think of the idea of cutting down a big cherry tree to fall into a man's meadow to get a coon. We built a big fire out in the field. The clover had been cut, and the second crop had come up, maybe four inches long.

**A Narrow Escape.**  
"Well, here I am chopping, and all of a sudden I said: How many of us are there? Seven, says one of them, and I said: There's four more than that, and that's too many for me. Old Jonathan starts to climb the fence. I jumped the fence with my coat under my arm, and the old dog went over alongside of me. Here those fellows made a rush to catch us coon hunters. Some of them ran away, but three of us laid right down under the fence and I put my arm round the old dog and says: 'Listen Jeff, and he never let a whimper out of him. The farmers came and looked right over the fence where we were lying under their noses, and we heard them say it was this one and that one, but they never mentioned our names, and I never heard a word about it after. When they went away we crept off a bit and lay for an hour, and the only thing I regretted was leaving the coon in the tree. We went on then, and the dog got another tree. Old Jonathan said he'd be his life there was a coon up the tree, and we waited there till daylight. Chris Sinclair started shooting before we were awake, and we got five coons—two old ones and three three-quarters grown. But the old dog looked ashamed of us for shooting.

**When Joe Got Help.**  
"Another night the dog treed a coon in a big basswood tree, right in the middle of a corn field. It was a tree with four or five saw-logs in it, but it shows what we'd do for a coon. We lit two fires, one on each side of the place the tree was to fall, and I was chopping away, when a man comes up and says: 'That's a nice thing to cut a tree down on a man's farm.' I turns and saw it was Joe Warden. Oh, says I, there's a coon up the tree, and what else can we do? Says he, 'I'm saying that tree for saw-logs.' Take the ax, says I, I'm tired. Off goes his coat and he started in himself. He took half-a-dozen strokes and then he turns to us, 'Boys you'll have to come tomorrow and help cut down this corn'."

**Canada's Marine.**  
The total number of vessels on the register books of the Dominion on the 31st December, 1903, including old and new vessels, sailing vessels, steamers and barges, was 7,020, measuring 683,147 tons, register tonnage, being an increase of 184 vessels, and an increase of 30,534 tons register as compared with 1902. The number of steamers on the registry books on the same date was 2,419, with a gross tonnage of 338,251 tons. Assuming the average value to be \$30 per ton, the value of the registered tonnage of Canada on the 31st December last would be \$20,495,410. The number of new vessels built in the Dominion of Canada during the last year was 328 measuring 30,323 tons register tonnage. Estimating the value of the new tonnage at \$45 per ton it gives a total value of \$1,364,535 for new vessels. The 7,020 ships and steamers are divided by Provinces as follows: Ontario, 1,778; Quebec, 1,288; Nova Scotia, 2,069; New Brunswick, 969; British Columbia, 639; Prince Edward Island, 164; Manitoba, 139; Yukon, 14.

**Scheme to Rob the Farmer.**  
The following is the latest scheme to do the farmer, according to The Delhi Reporter: A well-dressed chap stops at a farm house and informs the occupants that he has lost a valuable diamond pin. He and the farmer make diligent search but fail to find the article. The well-dressed chap tells the farmer on going away that he will give \$100 for the return of the jewel. A week or so afterwards a tramp comes in and tells the farmer he had found a diamond pin. The farmer, after some dicker-ing, gets the pin for \$25. After waiting some time the pin is taken to the jeweler, when it is found that 15c. is a big price for the diamond.

## RELIC FROM THE STONE AGE

**A Body From the Prehistoric Burying Places of England.**  
In Somersetshire, England, may be seen many "barrows," burying places of prehistoric man. Long ages ago, when the elephant and rhinoceros, the lion and bear, the hyena and wolf, the great elk and the reindeer were among the common animals of England, primitive man and savage beasts lived in caves in this region.

At the entrance to these caves the aborigines, clad in skins, kept fires burning for warmth and for protection from the wild beasts. It was here that they made flint hatchets, knives and arrowheads. Not long ago a trench was being dug within the mouth of one of these caves for the purpose of draining.

It was found necessary to break up a stalagmite floor of two thick layers. Between the layers was a deposit of cave earth and stones, in which was discovered the skeleton of a man of very great antiquity in an excellent state of preservation. With it were found several flint knives and flakes. Experts who made a careful examination of the skull, which has projecting brows and receding front bone, have decided that it belongs to the stone age and is of a type intermediate between the paleolithic and neolithic ages.

Apparently the body had been placed in a small passage leading off from the great passages to the summit of the cave and had been prevented from descending by stones piled around it. The stalagmite floor had formed over it all, effectively preserving it to the present day.

**Animals in Battle.**  
**The Gorilla's Powerful Arms Make It a Formidable Foe.**  
Fishing is a most popular sport in Siam. The two fish, trained from the age of six months to fight, are placed in a large glass bottle. It is most curious to note each fish's attitude when it becomes aware of its adversary's presence in the bottle. Swelling with rage and pride, they sail around and around the narrow space, pretending not to notice each other until suddenly one fish makes a savage dart at its unwelcome companion, biting its fins and body. The fight continues until the referee sees that the issue is no longer in doubt, when the contest is stopped.

Horses use either their teeth or their hoofs as a mode of defense. A curious instance of the effectiveness of these weapons once occurred at Sheffield park. A bulldog, barking and snarling, chased a horse turned loose around and around a meadow, not with angry intent, but purely from excess of high spirits. After galloping around the field several times the horse stopped dead and, turning sharply around, lashed out at the yelping dog, with a fatal result, for its skull was cloven.

**Waste of Energy.**  
If you hold your fist as tight as you can hold it for fifteen minutes the fatigue you will feel when it relaxes is a clear proof of the energy you have been wasting, and if the waste is so great in the useless tightening of a fist it is still greater in the extended and continuous contraction of brain and nerves in useless fears, and the energy saved through dropping the fears and the accompanying tension can bring in the same proportion a vigor unknown before and at the same time afford protection against the very things we feared. The fear of taking cold is so strong in many people that a draft of fresh air becomes a bugaboo to their contracted, sensitive nerves. Drafts are imagined as existing everywhere, and the contraction which immediately follows the sensation of a draft is the best means of preparing to catch a cold.

**Luck.**  
Persons who believe in luck and signs will doubtless agree that it is unlucky to be struck by lightning on Monday, or take hold of a circular saw in motion on Tuesday, or tumble downstairs with a coal scuttle on Wednesday, or be hit by a trolley car on Thursday, or fall overboard on Friday, or marry on Saturday, or be one of thirteen to dinner on Sunday when there is food for only ten.

**Groundless Fear.**  
Cholly—I did think of going in for politics, but I was afraid I wouldn't know just how to treat my infernals, don't y' know. Peppery—Your infernals! Oh, you wouldn't be likely to meet any of them.

**The Sword.**  
A sword is out of place in time of peace, and it is of very little consequence in time of war, except to adorn a big general or a lodge man in a parade.



## THE DIVING LIGHT.

**Trick of Burning a Candle in a Glass of Water.**  
If you were to announce some evening that you could stick a lighted candle into a glass of water until it was submerged almost up to the wick and that the candle would not go out, but would burn down to the very end of its wick instead, wouldn't everybody laugh at you?



Get a candle and drive a very small nail into the bottom end. The candle should be about three inches long. Fill a glass with water, light the candle and stick it into the glass. The candle floats and the nail weighs down the end, which results in the candle floating perpendicularly, as shown in the illustration.

But what is to prevent it from burning down to the surface of the water and going out?  
That is the secret of the trick, and not one person in a hundred would think of the true cause, which is very simple and natural.  
The candle loses its weight as it burns. The remaining portion, growing lighter, keeps rising to the top, pulling the nail up with it. The water maintains the same distance from the wick it had in the beginning of the experiment, and the candle burns merrily away until it reaches the end of its wick, when there will still be enough tallow left to support the nail—if it is small enough—and then it is your turn to laugh.—New York Mail.

**DEN OF WILD BEASTS.**  
**A Game That Gives Plenty of Fun and Lots of Exercise.**  
In the game of "the den of wild beasts" each player represents some ferocious wild animal, such as panther, wolf, lion or bear. Each chooses a tree or post or stone for his particular den. As a signal for the game to commence all make a terrible noise, imitating the animals they pretend to be.

The most venturesome then leaves his den and advances toward the middle of the playground, where he dances around, trying to entice the other animals from their lairs. Suppose the wolf comes out first. Perhaps a lion and a tiger will immediately follow. Then the wolf calls out, "I'm after the lion!" The wolf starts in pursuit, and the lion tries to get home to his den before being caught. If the wolf catches him he takes him back to his own lair, and there the lion has to stay throughout the rest of the game unless the wolf himself is caught.

No two are allowed to chase the same animal at the same time, and the chase belongs to the one who first calls "I'm after so and so." No animal can be taken while he is bringing a captive home.

It often happens that all the animals are in the field at the same time, each in pursuit of his prey. Then it is most exciting. Whenever the captor of an animal is himself captured the prisoner is free to leave the den and go back to his own lair. The game ends only when all the animals are caught and imprisoned in one den.

**Fire Under Water.**  
Fire under water may be produced by placing some small pieces of phosphorus in a conical shaped tumbler and then covering them with the crystals of chlorate of potash. Next fill the glass with water and then add a few drops of sulphuric acid, the acid to be applied directly to the phosphorus and potash crystals by means of a long tube. If the experiment is properly carried out tongues of bright red flame can be seen flashing up through the water, the intense chemical heat produced by the action of the sulphuric acid on the potash and phosphorus being sufficient to inflame the latter, although entirely covered with water.

**When Pussy Boiled.**  
"Come here, right away, quick," shouted Louise, aged three, to her mother. "Pussy is going to make tea." "What makes you think so?" asked her mother.  
Pointing to the cat, who was purring loudly, Louise said:  
"Listen, mother, she's now beginning to boil."

**The Fish Are Cured.**  
"Why," said Bobby to his elder brother, "do herring have so many more illnesses than other fish?"  
"Who says they do?" asked the youth addressed.  
"Why, this book says that thousands upon thousands of them are cured every day."

The Stanstead Journal.

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CONVENTION INVITATION.

Dear Friends of the Eastern Townships:

The Universalist Convention of the State of Vermont and Province of Quebec meets in annual session next week in the Universalist Church of Springfield, Vermont. The State Young People's Christian Union Convention meets Monday evening, Sept. 26, at 7.30 o'clock and lasts through till the next day at 4 p. m. Tuesday evening, Sept. 27, the church convention begins and continues through till Thursday noon, Sept. 29. All who will to come and who will let us know their intention will be furnished lodging and breakfast free. Springfield is a town of four thousand people on a trolley line six miles from Charlestown, N. H. Charlestown is a station on the Boston & Maine between Bellows Falls and White River Junction, being 8 miles from Bellows Falls.

At the Y. P. C. U. Convention Mr. Harry Adams Hersey, of Boston, general Secretary of the Y. P. C. U. will be present. At the convention proper there will be several prominent speakers, including Rev. Isaac M. Atwood, D.D., of Rochester, N. Y., general superintendent of the Universalist Churches in the United States and Canada, Rev. John Coleman Adams, D.D., of Hartford, Conn., an officer of the Universalist general convention, and many others.

It pleases me much to be able to ask my home people to come to a convention in my own church and I wish to add my personal invitation to them to attend. We will endeavor to give a good and profitable session and entertainment.

Yours Truly, CHAS. H. PENNOYER.

THE MILITIA CHANGE.

The Government has evidently decided to change the headquarters organization of the militia. It was stated some days ago that Colonel Lord Aylmer was to be appointed inspector-general, and now it is semi-officially announced that Colonel Lake has accepted the position of chief of the General Staff. Both of these positions are new. They are provided for in the Militia Act passed at the last session of Parliament, evidently with a view to putting an end to the office of major-general commanding, the filling of which has been made permissive instead of mandatory. Lord Dundonald will therefore likely be remembered for a long time as the last officer of the British army to command the Canadian militia. The sequel to the appointments referred to will be the creation at an early day of an "army council," or board, of which the minister, the deputy minister, the chief of the General Staff, and other officials, civil and military, will be members. The new arrangement will be a change from the awkward system of things which has existed for some years, under which every good officer secured for the command of the Canadian militia has left before his time was up. Dundonald, Hutton, Gascoigne, Herbert, Luard—there has been a long list of them; and the better their record elsewhere the shorter as a rule has been their stay in Canada. The tendency of the new plan will be to increase the power of the minister of the day in all matters pertaining to the force. There will henceforth be no opportunity for such a protest as Lord Dundonald was the cause of when Mr. Fisher undertook to prevent his political opponents from obtaining commission in the Scottish Light Dragoons. Such unfortunate interference, under a partisan minister, will go as a matter of course. The council, too, will not make awkward reports, in which unpleasant truths will be told to the country to the shaming of those responsible for what is defective in the organization. It is doubtful if the change will in any way make for efficiency, while it may make in some ways for inefficiency.—Montreal Gazette.

KINGSCROFT.

Mr. Wm. McClary has raised his house and newly clapboarded it and is making it one of the finest residences in this vicinity. Hamilton Corey is putting up a new veranda to his house. Our Catholic friends are going to have a bassar in their new church on Sept. 26, 27, 28 and 29. Supper each evening at 8 o'clock. Bishop and the Roman Catholic clergy with a band from Oatbrook are expected on the 26th. All cordially welcome.

Japanese soldiers get 45 cents a month. Russian soldiers get more, but they are not worth it.

THE RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR.

The Japanese seem to have abandoned the costly attempt to carry Port Arthur by assaulting the outlying forts. The immediate need of taking the place at any price ceased when General Kuropatkin was driven so far back into Manchuria that it was no longer practical for him to send the garrison effective aid. Probably, too, the Japanese generals are beginning to understand that the saving of their own may be as important as the wailing of the enemy's men. It is only a question of time when a thoroughly beleaguered fortress must fall for lack of food and fighting material, and just now the Russians do not seem to be getting anything into Port Arthur more substantial than proclamations.

A SECOND MANCHURIAN ARMY.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 19.—Acting upon the advice of his military advisers, Emperor Nicholas has decided to form a second Manchurian army. It will be formed of the corps which are being sent to the Far East. Lieutenant-General Linevitch probably will be given the command of the second army. General Kuropatkin will become chief of both armies, but probably without the title of commander-in-chief. It is this impending re-organization which seems to have led to the countless rumors and reports afloat of Kuropatkin's supercession of Viceroy Alexeieff as commander-in-chief of the army, the latter's resignation, etc.; but, the Associated Press investigation indicates that the above is the real situation. The Associated Press is informed that Alexeieff will continue to be Viceroy and that as such he could not be subordinated in title to the commanding general, which would happen if Kuropatkin was given the title of commander-in-chief. Nevertheless, the Associated Press is informed, Kuropatkin virtually will be in complete, untrammelled command.

As has been heretofore stated on high authority the stories of Alexeieff's interference with Kuropatkin are entirely without foundation. On the contrary Alexeieff has always shown the utmost appreciation of the peculiar delicacy of his position as Kuropatkin's superior, studiously avoiding even the semblance of interference with the operations of the Manchurian army. The Associated Press is authorized to again deny absolutely the story that Rear-Admiral Prince Ouktomsky has been court martialed. It is positively stated that he has never been under arrest at Port Arthur and that there has never been a question of his trial by court martial. He has simply been superceded by Rear-Admiral Wren in the temporary command of the Port Arthur squadron, which Ouktomsky took over when the late Admiral Withoff fell. This does not necessarily mean that the Admiralty is dissatisfied with Rear-Admiral Ouktomsky. On the contrary, his shortcomings are recognized, leading to the decision to place Rear-Admiral Wren in command.

The latest despatches received by the War Office here leave the situation at the front practically unchanged. There is no truth in the report cabled to the "Express" of London from Tokio that a battle is progressing at Mukden. There is nothing yet to show that Field Marshal Oyama has begun to move in force. The reported fighting between the Japanese and Major-General Mitchenko's Cossacks probably refers to the sharp skirmish south-east of Mukden, news of which has already been cabled to the Associated Press.

SORTIE FROM PORT ARTHUR.

London, September 19.—A despatch from Tokio as a news agency says:—"A strong Russian force made a sortie from Port Arthur the afternoon of September 18, and attacked the Etsehon fort, which was recently captured by the Japanese. Fighting lasted some hours, and the Russians eventually were repulsed with heavy loss."

STOSSEL'S REPORT.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 20.—The text of General Stossel's despatch is as follows:—"Port Arthur, Sept. 16.

The enemy continues daily to bombard the forts and batteries inside the fortress, but still without showing any great activity.

The wounded are recovering and eagerly resume their places in the ranks. They are heroes.

The troops are in excellent spirits. At about three this morning at least one Japanese battalion attacked the redoubt protecting the water works. The garrisons of the redoubt repulsed the attack but the enemy received reinforcements and renewed the attack after half an hour. The garrison again repulsed them with rifles and machine guns supported by artillery. The Japanese sustained great losses and did not again attempt to take the offensive.

Sub-Lieutenant Philip Poff chiefly distinguished himself, showing the greatest bravery.

A GENERAL ATTACK.

One too, Sept. 20, 5.30 p. m.—Authoritative information has been received here of a general attack upon Port Arthur by the Japanese force which began yesterday and continued until dark. All indications point to an effort to capture certain of the north-east main forts.

NEW YORK CITY.

Through the Deerfield Valley & Hoosac Mountains. Steamer Sail Down the Hudson River to New York; Back by Steamer and Train. All For \$5.00

The vacation season in New England takes a new start in the fall of the year. The early vacationists have a desire to secure one more respite from the cares of business for a day or two, and a great many have made their preparations for a trip during autumn, when nature adorns in her most beautiful colors the foliage; when the song birds are whistling their farewell refrains; when the atmosphere is invigorating and healthful and the orchards are rosy in their display of mellow and ruddy fruit. This is the month when the Boston & Maine Railroad announces its grand annual New York Excursion from Boston, on October 6th, and from Providence, Worcester, Waltham, Concord, Ayer, Fitchburg, Athol, Gardner, Orange, Millers Falls and Greenfield, October 5th.

Going from Boston the train passes through Cambridge, Waltham, Concord and other beautiful and historical towns, noted for their scenic beauty and their historic and colonial association, on to Fitchburg and Gardner, passing through a region famed for its pastoral beauty, and finally entering into the famed Deerfield Valley. The view from the passing train is perfect; winding along the course of the silvery Connecticut, the train follows towards the lofty mountains which we are gradually approaching. We enter the Hoosac Tunnel, and, emerging, Mt. Greylock, overlooking the town of North Adams, greets us. Williamstown, the site of Williams College, next appears to view, and here the Berkshire Hills in all their beauty may be witnessed to advantage. On we go through New York State, rushing through the busy city of Troy, and crossing the river to Albany. At Albany the train journey is ended. Embarking you can stop over night in Albany and visit the numerous interesting sights and take the Day Line Steamer sail down the Hudson, or go down on the night line boats the same night, viewing the Hudson River scenery by searchlight and moonlight.

The inspiring and magnificent vision of the Hudson River flowing calmly and serenely at the foot of the giant Catskills is perhaps one of the most beautiful landscape pictures in this country. The steamer passes Rondout, Kingston, Esopus, made famous by Judge Parker's debut into politics, West Point, Poughkeepsie, sailing under the noted bridge, and from the decks of the steamer, you can look up at the remnants of the Old Palisades; at the cliffs of Dunderberg and the rocky promontory of historic Stony Point the busy appearance of the bay is a scene worth witnessing—hundreds of crafts of every description, darting back and forth, or weighed at anchor, while their cargoes are busily being cared for, present a scene wholly unknown except to voyagers in New York Bay. The boat docks at Desbrosses Street and you are in a great Metropolis. New York has attractions too varied to mention; and everybody knows just what he likes best—some for the parks; the stores; the theatres; the museums; or a trip to Coney Island. You can stop in New York until Oct. 8th on Boston tickets and until Oct. 7th on other tickets. If you desire, a stop-over of ten days may be had by payment of \$2.00 at the Pier Line Office and depositing your ticket before the final limit of extension. Leaving New York, the palatial steamers of the Fall River & Providence Lines, according to destination, carry the passengers for return trip. \$5.00 via the Boston & Maine Railroad pays for the round trip.

Tickets will be on sale at Boston City Ticket Office, 322 Washington Street, and at Union Station, Boston, on and after September 24th, 1904, also at above mentioned stations. A beautiful illustrated souvenir and guide booklet, telling all about the trip and describing the interesting points passed, will be mailed to any address, free, by General Passenger Department, Boston & Maine Railroad, Boston. Send your address requesting one and it will be mailed to you.

That Baltic fleet struck a lot of high grade rumors before it was two days' sail from home.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

ABOUT OUR NEIGHBORS.

David Galbraith of Sherbrooke has purchased the Bolton Spring House and will considerably enlarge it. The Liberals of Compton County will choose their candidate on the 30th inst. for the coming elections.

Rev. R. W. E. Wright was formally installed as rector of St. George's Church, Lennoxville, last Friday evening.

A lively coal oil war is on in Granby between the Imperial Oil Co. and the local dealers who are handling the Standard Oil Co. product.

A moose weighing about 1000 lbs. was shot in the village of Sawyerville last Sunday. It had been hanging around the village for a week.

The six years old son of Mr. L. Racicote, C. P. R. agent at Waterloo, while playing, fell from a box car and broke his leg between the hip and knee one day last week.

Mr. William Farwell, president of the E. T. Bank, and Miss Farwell, who have been in England during the past two months, returned to Sherbrooke last Friday.

While driving to the Sherbrooke market through Waterville Saturday morning, Mr. Dudley Spafford drove into one of the Water Company's ditches at that place and killed one of his horses.

Mr. H. S. C. Miner of Granby, organizer and president of the Granby Mining and Smelting Co. of Phoenix, B. C., has sold out his controlling interest in that company to Mr. J. J. Hill.

Mr. F. G. Gale of Waterville has been asked by a delegation of prominent Compton County Liberals to place his name in nomination for the Liberal candidature for that County. Mr. Gale will give his answer later.

Before Judge Mulvena in the District Magistrate's Court held at Sherbrooke last Friday Albert Turcotte of Stoke Centre was fined \$30.00 and costs for selling liquor without a license and Alexandrine Chapin of Ascoct was fined \$40.00 and costs or three months for selling liquor without a license at one of the booths on the Sherbrooke Exhibition Grounds.

The C. V. R. train was blocked in a cut about half a mile from Waterloo one evening last week by a band of gypsies who were driving on the track. They were in the cut when the train came along and the engineer was unable to stop until he had overtaken the rear team which was badly smashed and the occupants shaken up badly, but nobody was injured.

C. P. R. engineers have been making surveys through the Bolton Pass for the purpose of finding a better route from Brigham to Newport the present line being difficult and expensive to operate on account of the heavy grades from Sweeteburg to North Troy. If a new route is selected the existing road will be run to meet the requirements of the local passenger and freight traffic only.

The office of Fletcher & Ross, lumber dealers of Sherbrooke, was broken into by burglars last Saturday night. No explosives were used but the safe was successfully broken into and the books belonging to the firm and a cheque belonging to one of the members of the firm together with a returned bank cheque were taken. About \$400 in cash lying in one of the drawers of the safe was not touched.

A number of Sherbrooke men, who are interested in oil fields in the State of Kansas, propose to visit their holdings early next month. They have chartered a special car which will convey them through the oil fields of Kansas. They will also go to Indian Territory where they have a holding and will visit the St. Louis Fair before returning. The party will include Messrs. C. A. French, J. A. Gauthier, C. A. Martyn, T. W. Fuller and J. D. Kennedy. It is their present intention to start on Oct. 1.

"An idea of the magnitude of the buildings now under construction in St. Johns," says the News, "for the Singer Sewing Machine Co., may be gleaned from the fact that upwards of 8 miles of railway track have already been laid on the premises and that upwards of 100 carloads of material have arrived upon the scene within a few days. The huge iron grinders are now being placed into position in the main building and when this is done the work of bricklaying will be pushed with vigor. Nine millions of brick will be used and 100,000 barrels of cement in the process of construction."

BORN.

HOLMES—At Derby Line, Vt., Sept. 15, 1904, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Holmes. BREWER—At Marlinton, Sept. 14, 1904, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Brewer. MORUEN—At Mack's Mills, Sept. 2nd, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. John Moruen.

AUCTION SALE.

Will be sold at Public Auction at the residence of Mrs. Lorenzo Magoon, one mile west of Fitch Bay, Sept. 26, 1904 at 1 p. m. 19 Cows, 6 calves, 1 Blood Suck, 4 Pigs, 3 Horses, 1 Light Driving Wagon, 1 pair Work Horses, Express Wagon, Egg Wagon, Farming Tools, 5 Fat Hogs, set Heavy Double Work Harness, 24 horse power Gasoline Engine, nearly new, 1 lot of Household Furnishings. Terms made known on the day of sale. EDWIN HOWE, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.

I shall sell for Mrs. M. Wyman, four miles east from Ayer's Cliff, on the Riley Wyman farm on Thursday, Oct. 6, 1904, at 1 p. m. as follows: 30 Cows and Heifers, five to calve this fall, 1 Fat Cow, 2 Holstein Bulls, one set two years old, Two years old and yearling Heifers, 1 Steer, 6 Calves, 11 Shoats, 30 bus. Oats, 103 bus. Barley, 75 bus. Peas, 125 bus. Corn in ear, 43 tons Hay, lot of Straw, Floughs, Harrows, Buggy Wagon, Milk Wagon, etc., etc. For terms, etc., see posters. 5822 EDWIN HOWE, Auctioneer.

CANADA.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, Municipality of the Township of Stanstead.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Is hereby given that a meeting of the School Commissioners of this municipality will be held at the hall of Edward Vancour, Smith's Mills, Que., on Friday the 30th (thirtieth) day of Sept. 17th. For Order of E. W. HERRILL, Chairman. C. A. JENKINS, Secretary-Treasurer. Smith's Mills, Que., Sept. 21, 1904.

CANADA.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, Municipality of the Township of Stanstead.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Is hereby given by the undersigned, C. A. Jenkins, Secretary-Treasurer of the aforesaid Municipality, that the list of persons who, according to the Valuation Roll of the said municipality now in power, have a right to vote at an election for a member of the Legislative Assembly of this Province, has been prepared according to law, that a Duplicate of said list has been deposited in my office at the disposition and for the information of all persons interested. That a revision and examination of said list by the municipal council will take place at its usual place of meeting on October 8th, 1904. C. A. JENKINS, Secretary-Treasurer. Smith's Mills, Sept. 13, 1904.

AUCTION SALE.

I shall sell for Harry Wheeler at his farm, Fairfax, on Wednesday, Sept. 28, 1904, at one o'clock the following property: 15 Milch Cows, yearling registered Ayrshire Bull, 1 thoroughbred Ayrshire Bull, Calf seven weeks old, Stanford Mare, extra driver, 1 registered Berkshire Boar, nine months old, 1 registered Berkshire Boar, four months, a number of thoroughbred Berkshire Pigs, six weeks old, 1 Lumber Wagon, 1 Milk Wagon, 1 Delaval Separator, 10 tons of Hay. This sale is on account of the illness of Mr. Wheeler. TERMS:—\$10.00 and under Cash; over \$10.00 six months' approved endorsed Bank Notes with interest at 1 per cent. or 2 per cent. off for cash on sums over \$10.00. EDWIN HOWE, Auctioneer.

COVERTON'S Iron Blood Pills. Cure all Female weakness, suppressors of the Period, general debility, headaches, back-aches, build up the nervous, tone up your digestive organs and give you an appetite. Price 25 cts. 5 boxes \$1.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price. D. WATSON & CO. Agents 444 St. Paul St., Montreal.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Chuncey Morgan, born Oct. 13, 1793. Amos Morgan, born Nov. 26, 1796, sons of Joshua and Lucinda (Baldwin) Morgan of Tolland, Conn. About 1797 the family removed to Weatherford, Vermont, subsequent to 1830 there two sons were born in Stanstead or Stanstead County. Any information relating to them or their descendants will be gratefully received. MRS. B. F. SEVERANCE, Greenfield, Mass., Aug., 1904.

NOTICE.

The 6th Annual General Meeting of the Stanstead Granite Quarries Co., Ltd., will be held at No. 14 Wellington St., West, Toronto, Sept. 30, 1904, at 2 p. m. F. W. HEARLE, Sec.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

It taken before Nov. 1st. HATLEY HOTEL. Good little business where summer boarders can be had, or would rent to right party. For particulars apply to. H. W. PERRY, Hatley, P. Q.

WANTED.

At the College two first-class now milch cows and six shoats. 54

CANADA.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, In the Superior Court, District of St. Francis.

DAME LYDIA ANN PAUL (nee Keet) of the Township of Stanstead in the District of Saint Francis, wife of Erastus Leslie Paul of Stanstead aforesaid. PLAINTIFF: vs. ERASTUS LESLIE PAUL of the Township of Stanstead in the District of Saint Francis. DEFENDANT.

The Plaintiff has this day instituted an action for separation of property from the said Defendant. Sherbrooke, September 1, 1904.

CATE, WELLS & WHITE, Attorneys for Plaintiff. 59w5

CANADA.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, In the Superior Court, District of St. Francis.

The sixth day of September, 1904. Before Genest & Fraser, P. S. C.

DAME LYDIA ANN PAUL (nee Keet) of the Township of Stanstead in the District of Saint Francis, wife of Erastus Leslie Paul of Stanstead aforesaid. PLAINTIFF: vs. ERASTUS LESLIE PAUL of the Township of Stanstead in the District of Saint Francis. DEFENDANT.

The Defendant is ordered to appear within one month. GENEST & FRASER, P. S. C. CATE, WELLS & WHITE, Attorneys for Plaintiff. 59w2

FOR SALE.

The Webster Martin Farm in Township of Stanstead, five miles from Stanstead Plain on Hatley road, consisting of 100 acres of good cleared, balance well wooded and timbered, sugar place and modern equipment, good or 240000 and good barn. For particulars apply to W. A. CRAMER, Way's Mills, Que. 59w4

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

District of St. Francis, SUPERIOR COURT. No. 589.

DAME SARAH JANE DWYER, of the Township of Stanstead in the District of Saint Francis, wife common as to property of Orson A. Parker of the same place, Farmer and Manufacturer, judicially authorized to enter on justice in this behalf. PLAINTIFF: vs. THE SAID ORSON A. PARKER. DEFENDANT.

An action for separation as to property has been this day instituted in this cause. Sherbrooke, Aug. 19, 1904.

H. M. HOVEY, Attorney for Plaintiff. 59w5

PUBLIC NOTICE.

All persons are hereby forbidden to fish in my brook or pond at my farm in the Township of Stanstead. Trespassers will be prosecuted. J. J. LIBBY, Stanstead, May 11, 1904. 59w3

FOR SALE.

Wagon suitable for hauling horse power, also Dry Block Wood. CHAS. N. HILL.

PIGS FOR SALE.

Extra Fine Chester Whites. From imported and home bred stock. Pigs from 5 to 8 weeks old. Pedigrees guaranteed. Prices low. Address, 599 S. A. GUSTIN, Fitch Bay, P. Q.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that I am succeeding Mr. Edwin Howe as Secretary-Treasurer of the Township of Hatley and that I shall open an office at my home at "Fairview Farm" where I shall be pleased to meet all parties having business with the Sec. Treas. of the corporation on Friday and Saturday of each week from 8 a. m. to 7 p. m. JOHN P. BOWEN, Sec. Treas. of Hatley. Sept. 6th, 1904.

SCHEDULE OF CHARGES.

Table with 2 columns: Description of service and corresponding fee amount. Includes charges for medicine extra, ordinary visit, mileage, prescriptions, and various surgical procedures.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

District of St. Francis, SUPERIOR COURT. No. 590.

DAME MARY LACKWOOD CHILSON of the Township of Hatley, in the District of Saint Francis, wife of George M. Sevrens of the same place, Farmer, judicially authorized to enter on justice in this behalf. PLAINTIFF: vs. GEORGE M. SEVRENS of the said Township of Hatley. DEFENDANT.

An action in separation de corps has this day been instituted in this cause. Sherbrooke, August 10, 1904.

M. F. HACKETT, Attorney for Plaintiff. 59w5

EDWARD C. EARLE

Piano Tuning and Repairs. In "Three Villages" first Wednesday and Thursday of each month. Beginning August 3rd and 4th. Orders may be left at the JOURNAL OFFICE. Permanent Address: Box 64, Lennoxville, Vt.

**Business and Professional Cards.**

**DR. C. L. BROWN, B. A.,**  
Physician and Surgeon,  
Ayer's Cliff, Que. People's 'Phone.

**DR. H. P. STOCKWELL,**  
Stamstead Plain, Que.  
Office and residence: First door South of  
Christ Church.  
Bell and People's Telephones.

**DR. C. A. FRELIGH,**  
Office at Derby Line Hotel.  
Electrical Treatment for Rheumatism,  
Paralysis, and Nervous Diseases of all kinds.  
Office Hours: 8 to 9 a.m., 1 to 3 and 6.30 to 8 p.m.  
Bell and People's Telephones.

**J. C. GILFILLAN, M. D.,**  
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon,  
Beebe Plain, Que.

**DR. GEO. F. WALDRON,**  
Office and residence opposite the Bank Place.  
Office Hours: Until 9 a.m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p.m.  
People's and Bell Telephones.

**F. W. FOURNEY, B.A., M.D., C.M.,**  
Physician and Surgeon,  
Fitch Bay, Que. People's 'Phone.

**R. O. ROSS, B. A., M. D., C. M.,**  
Office, two doors South of Convent, Stamstead.  
Bell and People's Telephones.

**T. D. WHITCHER, M. D.,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Beebe Plain, P. Q.  
Office at Residence. Bell and People's 'Phones.

**C. I. MOULTON, L. D. S.,**  
Dentist,  
Stamstead Plain, Que.

**ERASTUS P. BALL,**  
Veterinary Surgeon.  
Graduate of Montreal Veterinary College.  
Office at Lee Farm, Rock Island, Que.  
U. S. P. O. Address: Derby Line, Vermont.

**CHAS. H. MANSUR,**  
Advocate,  
Rock Island, P. Q.  
Office over Wm. M. Pike's Store.

**M. F. HACKETT,**  
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.,  
Stamstead Plain, Que.  
Will attend all courts in the District. Collec-  
tions a specialty.

**H. M. HOVEY,**  
Advocate,  
Rock Island, Que.  
U. S. P. O. Address: Derby Line, Vt.

**EDWARD AUDINWOOD,**  
Undertaker & Embalmer,  
Derby Line, Vt., and Rock Island, P. Q.

**\$5.00 TRIP THROUGH THE  
HOOSAC COUNTRY AND  
DEERFIELD VALLEY.**

A Sail Down the Hudson to New York  
City and Back via Fall River Line—A  
Beautiful Guide and Souvenir Book  
Free.

October, the select month of the  
year, when all the Autumn splendor  
of nature is visible, is the time for a  
trip in the country. If you have failed  
to select your vacation haunt, or if  
you desire to again get in touch with  
the outside world, just select October  
6, the date of the excursion from Bos-  
ton to New York City through the  
Hoosac Country and Deerfield Valley  
to Albany, N. Y., and then via the  
Hudson River to New York City back  
Fall River Line to Boston. The round  
trip rate is only \$5.00.

Send to the General Passenger De-  
partment, Boston & Maine Railroad,  
Boston, Mass., for their illustrated  
booklet and souvenir guide of the  
New York Excursion. It will be  
mailed to any address free.

**NEW TEACHERS ASSOCIATION.**

Meeting to be Held in October.

The Teachers Association which  
was formed at Lennoxville at the end  
of last June, will hold its first meeting  
at Bishop's College, Lennoxville, on  
Saturday, Oct. 8. The programme  
will include the adoption of a consti-  
tution, the discussion of the report of  
the committee appointed to consider  
Mr. Truell's scheme for a leaving ex-  
amination for the Elementary schools  
and other useful and interesting sub-  
jects. Fuller details will be published  
next week. Teachers are requested  
to accept this notice, as the secretary  
has found it impossible at this early  
date to obtain the addresses of all the  
members in order to forward notices  
to each individual.

**CASWELL'S MILLS.**

The King's Daughters met with  
Mrs. A. E. Jacobs last Thursday.  
Mr. Wilbur Wallace has sold his  
farm and has moved back into one of  
Caswell's tenements.  
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Moulton who  
have been visiting in town returned  
to their home in St. Johnsbury last  
week.  
Mrs. Geo. Webber was in Island  
Pond last Sunday.  
Mrs. Lizzie Parker of Island Pond is  
visiting in town.  
Elder G. W. Tabor of Morrisville  
was in town last week.  
Mrs. Cyrus Luce of Manchester, N.  
H., who has been visiting Mrs. Rice,  
is now in Sherbrooke.  
Miss Mae Goddard of Manchester,  
N. H., is visiting relatives and friends  
in town.  
Mr. Daniel Fox and Mrs. Sarah Ra-  
cine of South Barnston, were united  
in marriage Sept. 7th at the parson-  
age by Elder S. M. Wales.  
Mr. Chas. Bean and daughter Win-  
ona who have been visiting in town  
returned to their home in Gosstown,  
N. H., last Tuesday.

**CASSVILLE.**

Mr. Nelson Bartlett returned to his  
home in Manchester, N. H., this week.  
While here he painted his barn and  
made other improvements.  
Mr. and Mrs. Milton Henry spent  
Sunday with her parents, Mr. and  
Mrs. Anson Heath at Rock Island.  
Mr. Frank McVeay returned from  
Huntington this week.  
Miss Nellie Pomeroy returned from  
her visit in Lyndonville recently.  
Miss Mamie Precourt is staying in  
Sherbrooke at present.  
Mr. Eli Bangs and family passed  
through town last week when moving  
from Rock Island to Ayer's Cliff.  
We are sorry to state that Mr. Wm.  
Broadstock is in poor health and un-  
able to work.  
Miss Maria Cass from Ayer's Cliff  
visited at Henry Smith's last week.  
Mr. and Mrs. Hall from Libbytown  
were the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wells  
Martindale on Sunday.  
Mr. Nelson Bartlett has returned to  
his home in Boston, Mass.  
Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Chamberlain  
from Mr. Austin Libby's last week.  
While here Mr. Chamberlain visited  
the I. O. G. T.  
Mrs. Henry Smith and Mr. Nelson  
Bartlett visited their cousin, Mrs.  
Wesley Cass at Ayer's Cliff, Sunday.  
Miss Ruth Libby is attending Stan-  
stead College.  
Quite a number from this place at-  
tended the funeral of Mr. Hollis  
Wheeler at Barnston last Thursday.  
Miss Mary Jane Lincoln from Boy-  
nton visited Mrs. Jason Heath recently.

**GRIFFIN.**

The ladies in this place will give  
their annual harvest supper in the  
Union Church Friday evening, Sept.  
30. A good program is being pre-  
pared. Supper served from six to  
eight o'clock. All are welcome.  
Mr. Willard Miller and daughter  
Mattie returned Monday from Len-  
noxville where they had spent a few  
days visiting friends.  
*Intended for last week.*  
Mrs. Forbes and Sam Ralph are vis-  
iting Mrs. Forbes's mother, Mrs. H.  
O. White.  
Mr. Frank Murray, whose health  
has been failing for some time, passed  
peacefully away Thursday, Sept. 8.  
He leaves one son to mourn his loss,  
his wife having died some nine years  
ago. Funeral was held in Griffin  
Church Saturday morning, which was  
largely attended. Rev. Mr. Brill  
preached from the text: "If a man  
die, shall he live again?"  
Sunday morning this community  
was shocked to learn that Henry Sou-  
friere, the eldest son of George Sou-  
friere of this place, had died after an  
illness of only a few days. Funeral  
services in the Griffin Church, Tues-  
day, were conducted by the Rev. Mr.  
Moore of Stanstead. The church was  
draped beautifully in white and a large  
display of flowers. The family has  
the sympathy of the entire commu-  
nity in this sad and sudden bereave-  
ment.

**APPLE GROVE.**

Mrs. R. D. Brodie and child of Iber-  
ville is visiting her sister, Mrs. Ray-  
mond Bissell.  
Mrs. T. B. Rider and Mrs. Abby  
Rider of Fitch Bay spent one day last  
week at Mr. E. B. Harvey's.  
Mrs. C. P. Davis visited at Bay  
View Farm Saturday.  
Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Howard of Sher-  
brooke were the guests of Mr. and  
Mrs. A. B. Harvey one day last week.  
Miss Mary Drew who has been  
spending the past week with her  
parents, returned to Burlington, Vt.,  
Monday.  
Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Ives and chil-  
dren of Georgeville spent Sunday at  
Mr. L. G. Drew's.  
Mr. W. F. Lane and his mother of  
Lowell, Mass., were guests of Mr. and  
Mrs. Geo. Harvey Sunday.

**Men of Oak**

Timbers of oak keep the old  
homestead standing through  
the years. It pays to use the  
right stuff.  
"Men of oak" are men in  
rugged health, men whose  
bodies are made of the sound-  
est materials.  
Childhood is the time to lay  
the foundation for a sturdy con-  
stitution that will last for years.  
Scott's Emulsion is the right  
stuff.  
Scott's Emulsion stimulates  
the growing powers of children,  
helps them build a firm  
foundation for a sturdy consti-  
tution.  
Send for free sample.  
**SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,**  
Toronto, Ontario.  
50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

**WAY'S MILLS.**

Mr. Orson Shorey of Montreal was  
in town last week to attend the ob-  
sequies of his uncle.  
Miss Mand Gould who has been vis-  
iting relatives and friends in Boston,  
Lowell and other points for the last  
three months, returned home last  
Saturday night. She reports having a  
very delightful time.  
Mr. Albert Currier and Miss Mae  
Fisher of Boston, Mass., visited his  
sister, Mrs. F. L. Brown, Sunday and  
Monday.  
Mr. Herbert Bishop of Lowell, Mass.,  
is spending a few days at Mr. Ira  
Gould's.  
Miss Gertrude Richardson of Ruit-  
er's Corner, is the guest of her for-  
mer teacher, Miss Myrtle Chadsey.  
The Misses Claudine and Shirley  
Smith of Stanstead called on friends  
here recently.  
Mrs. Clara Hayes and daughter Miss  
Grace Boynton of Lowell, Mass., after  
spending a part of the summer here  
had returned to their home but were  
called back last week by the sad news  
of the death of Mrs. Hayes's father,  
the late Mr. Hollis Wheeler.

*From another correspondent.*

Mr. Hollis Wheeler, whose illness  
has been mentioned from time to time  
through the summer, died on Tues-  
day, Sept. 13, at his late home. Death  
came to him as a welcome release  
from the severe suffering of many  
weeks, through which he has been  
faithfully attended and cared for by  
his daughter, Mrs. Clara Hayes of Lo-  
well, Mass., and also his sons who re-  
side here. The late Mr. Wheeler was  
born in Barnston March 26, 1818 and  
he with his brother John of this town  
were the only surviving members of a  
large family, children of the late Elias  
Wheeler. Having spent his lifetime  
here, Mr. Wheeler was well-known  
and from all are heard only words  
of regard and esteem and his familiar  
face and cheerful friendliness will long  
be missed among neighbors and ac-  
quaintances, old and young, many of  
whom feel that they have lost a per-  
sonal friend. He, with his late wife,  
Louisa Bacon of the town of Hatley,  
and who nearly twenty years ago pre-  
ceded him to her long rest, were for  
many years professed followers of  
Christ in fellowship with the A. C.  
Church. The funeral service was con-  
ducted by Rev. B. Watson, who spoke  
timely words of both warning and  
comfort from the text: "Lord, now  
lettest thou thy servant depart in  
peace." Among the mourning rela-  
tives present were Mr. and Mrs. Hiram  
Wheeler and family, Mr. and Mrs.  
Fred Wheeler and family, Mrs. Clara  
Wheeler-Hayes and daughter of Lo-  
well, Mass., Mr. John Wheeler and  
son Henry of Barnston Corner, Mr.  
Orson Shorey of Montreal, Mr. and  
Mrs. Hiram Howe of Barnston Corner  
and others. On the casket were a  
sheaf of wheat and beautiful hot house  
flowers, the gifts of his daughter, Mrs.  
Hayes, his granddaughter, Miss Grace  
Boynton and other Lowell friends,  
among whom were Mrs. Ella Parsons,  
besides garden flowers from friends  
here. The bearers were the brother-  
sons, grandsons, and nephews of de-  
ceased and he was laid to rest in the  
Buckland cemetery.  
After many years of patient doing  
The dear hands are folded across his breast.  
His eyes are closed in a peaceful slumber  
He sleeps as a weary child might rest.  
The quiet form, the folded hands  
Speak of rest and work all done—  
Of pain and sickness, nevermore—  
Of trials forgot in victories won.  
With a lingering look at his dear, kind face.  
An ache in our heart no words can tell,  
Slowly and tenderly we bear him hence  
Children and friends who loved him well.  
But we'll meet again in the land above  
Our dear ones gone before  
And through God's love united be,  
Where death parts nevermore.

**HEATHTON.**

Mr. and Mrs. James Bullock and two  
sons of Derby, Vt., were the guests of  
Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Cille last Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. John Heath and  
daughter Kathleen of Rock Island  
were guests at Mr. W. W. Heath's  
Sunday.  
Edith Conner of Stanstead is the  
guest of Mrs. E. W. Horne this week.  
The last meeting of the Ladies Aid  
was at the home of Mrs. E. Gilbert.  
The next one will be with Mrs. Oren  
Pratt the first Thursday afternoon in  
Oct. The Aid are having the Metho-  
dist Church painted this week, Messrs.  
E. McDougal and Lunderville of Stan-  
stead are doing the painting.

**AYER'S CLIFF.**

The barn on Mr. George Bowen's  
farm was struck by lightning Sunday  
afternoon and burned with its entire  
contents. A large quantity of hay  
owned by Mr. Fred Richardson and  
Mr. Bowen was destroyed.  
Mr. Roosevelt, nephew of President  
Roosevelt, who has been the guest of  
Mrs. Beckman and sons at their cot-  
tage at Bacon's Bay for several weeks,  
returned with them to New York.  
The Jimenez Remedy Company will  
entertain at the County hall this week.  
The high wind last Sunday did much  
damage, blowing down a shed for Mr.  
Lindon Ayer and breaking down fruit  
trees for several parties.  
Mrs. Lamb and three children of  
Buffalo, N. Y., are the guests of Mrs.  
Richard Hibbard.  
Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Clough, who  
were guests of Mrs. H. Berry, have  
returned to Derby.  
Mrs. R. G. Ayer recently visited  
friends at Compton.  
Miss May Upston of Milford, Mass.,  
is guest of Mrs. W. Cass.  
A party from Compton have been  
enjoying camp life at Elmwood Park  
this week. These beautiful autumn  
days are quite as pleasant as the hot  
summer.  
We are glad to state Mrs. Winnie  
Robinson is much better.  
Mr. Colin Campbell of Huntingdon,  
who was the guest of his nephew, Dr.  
C. L. Brown, has returned to his home.  
Mr. Irvin Slack picked several  
bunches of ripe strawberries to-day,  
(Wednesday).  
Mr. and Mrs. E. Bangs have rented  
and moved into Mr. McCoy's new  
house.  
There will be service as usual in the  
church next Sunday morning and at  
Boynton in the afternoon.  
The first snow of the season is fall-  
ing this (Wednesday) afternoon.

**CURRIERS.**

Mr. and Mrs. Wood and Mr. Juby of  
Knowlton were guests of Mr. and Mrs.  
A. Stone for a few days returning  
home Monday.  
Mrs. Geo. Willard had the misfor-  
tune to sprain her ankle recently.  
Miss Lucy J. Kimpton and Miss El-  
len Blake arrived from Abenakis  
Springs on Saturday and are the  
guests of Mrs. Manning.  
Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Williams of  
Frost Village visited relatives in the  
place the last of the week.  
Mr. Albert Currier of Boston is vis-  
iting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H.  
Currier.  
Miss Jennie Colburn of Magog is  
spending a few days with her aunt,  
Miss Maggie Stone.  
Mrs. Channell and Mrs. Manning  
attended the Ladies Aid at Mrs. Shon-  
yo's last Wednesday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Currier visited  
friends at Waterloo last week.  
Mr. Ralph Hoyt of West Union, Ia.,  
visited relatives and friends last  
week.  
Mr. and Mrs. A. Stone were agree-  
ably surprised by about fifty of their  
friends gathering at their home last  
Friday to remind them that twenty-  
five years had rolled by since their  
wedding day. Dinner was served by  
the ladies to which all did justice.  
Rev. D. D. Elliott presented Mr. and  
Mrs. Stone a purse of money in behalf  
of the friends assembled. Mr. Stone  
replied in appropriate terms. Soon  
after this the company dispersed hav-  
ing spent an enjoyable day.

**ABBOTT CORNER.**

Mr. M. Doyle of Sherbrooke and Mr.  
J. Placey of Dunham were guests of  
Mr. and Mrs. J. Johnson Friday.  
Mrs. Inez Bean and granddaughter,  
Miss Kathleen Brown of Springfield,  
Mass., are spending a few days with  
Mr. and Mrs. J. Johnson.  
Miss Lily Spriggins is in Montreal  
visiting her brother, Mr. Chas. Sprig-  
gins.  
Mr. Newell Lowell is remodeling  
Mr. A. Pond's outbuildings.  
Mr. J. W. McKay has installed a  
mill at the creamery for the manufac-  
ture of cider.  
Mr. and Mrs. Merritt LeBaron were  
in Sherbrooke Saturday calling on  
friends.  
Mrs. Robert Smith spent the latter  
part of the week in Sherbrooke with  
friends.  
Mr. and Mrs. D. Smith late of Plain-  
field, Vt., were at the Smith home-  
stead last week for a farewell visit on  
the occasion of their removal to Ke-  
wannel, Ill., where they will make  
their home in the future.  
Miss Sylvia Bean of Waterville, is  
teaching at the Curtis school house.  
Mr. G. B. Wells of Waterville was  
in town Friday on business.  
The barn belonging to Mrs. F. Lun-  
deberg, containing about eight tons  
of hay, was burned last Thursday.  
The fire is said to have been caused  
by boys playing with matches.  
Mr. Gallagher is improving his stock  
barn with a cemented basement floor.  
The war in the East costs Russia  
three times as much a month as it  
does Japan and she isn't getting her  
money's worth at that.  
According to the Jap. plans, if cor-  
rectly reported, Port Arthur isn't go-  
ing to fall this time, but rise. They  
are going to blow it up.

Highly recommended in these trying times  
Yerth, it disinfects the place, cleanses and re-  
freshes the mouth and hardens the gums. For  
sale by all Druggists.

**COVERTON'S  
Carbolic Tooth Wash**

Price 25 cts., 50 cts., \$1.00  
Be sure that you get COVERTON'S.  
D. WATSON & CO. Agents  
444 St. Paul St., Montreal.

**WANTED.**  
At the Derby Line Hotel, a table girl. w1

**FOR SALE.**  
Comfortable house with modern improve-  
ments, three barns and about two acres of  
land, containing several desirable building  
lots. Barns could be used for a livery or might  
be converted into tenements which would  
yield handsome returns in rents. All build-  
ings in good repair. For particulars apply to  
Mrs. M. C. Sweeney, Rock Island.



Instead of going to the doctor  
for a prescription, go to the drug-  
gist and ask for  
**Zutoo**  
to cure the effects of over-eating or  
drinking. Zutoo never fails to  
knock out a  
**Headache**  
in 20 minutes, whatever caused it.  
Sold in tablet form, 25c. box—24 tablets. All  
druggists, or mailed direct by B. W. Robinson &  
Co., sole owners for Canada and the United  
States, Cornwall, Que.

ARE YOU GOING TO WEAR A

**FUR LINED COAT**

AND BE COMFORTABLE THIS WINTER?  
I have just gotten in a new line of stylish furs for making and trimming  
them and can fix you, up-to-date, at a price that is far cheaper than it would  
be to catch cold. Call and see for yourself.

**J. A. BEGIN,**  
Fashionable Tailor - Rock Island.

**WHY NOT  
WEAR THE BEST?**

A NEW LINE OF  
"Queen-Quality" and "Walk-Over"  
**SHOES**  
EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED.  
**O. F. CASWELL.**

**CASWELL & O'ROURKE.**

**Hardware Department**

Special Prices on Seasonable Goods in this Line.

We carry the largest stock of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and Lumbermen's  
Supplies in this vicinity, and would be pleased to quote you prices.

Nails, per 100 lbs.,	\$2.50	X Cut Saws,	\$1.15
Lanterns,	.48	Hand Saws,	50c. to 2.00
Cold Blast Lanterns,	.75	Best Steel Shovels,	.50
Axes, in great variety, 60c., 75c.,	1.00	Good Washing Machine,	3.50
Oak Axe Handle,	.10	Horton's all Galvanized Iron, Washing Machine, the best,	7.50
Cant Hooks,	1.25	Butcher Knives of all kinds, 15c. to	.50
Apple Pearsers,	.48	Horse Blankets,	98c. to 5.00
8 in. Flat Files, perfect, 10c., 3 for	.25	Low prices on Traps.	
10 in. Flat Files, perfect, 2 for	.25	Bissell's Carpet Sweepers.	
Three-corner Files,	.05	House Trimmings—We are prepared to fill all your wants in this line, Knobs, Locks, Hinges, Door Bells, etc.	

The Celebrated Flint Kote Roofing Paper for Sale Here.

**CASWELL & O'ROURKE.**

**\$4.00 - FOUR DOLLARS - \$4.00**

Buy this Iver Johnson, Single Barrel Shot Gun, 12 Gauge,  
30 inch Barrel—Has Automatic Shell Ejector.



Safest, Strongest and Best Shooting Gun on the Market  
at any Price.

**\$4.00 - FOUR DOLLARS - \$4.00**

Sold by **J. T. FLINT,** Derby Line, Vt.

**TO LET.**

TWO COTTAGES at Lake Park to let for the  
balance of the season. Possession given for  
any desired length of time. Apply to  
BUTTS, IRLD & CO.

**FARM FOR SALE.**

In Stamstead, two miles from Griffin, 115  
acres with good buildings, sugar place, and  
plenty of other timber, good pasture and til-  
lage land, well watered and fenced. Price  
reasonable, terms easy. For particulars in-  
quire of K. Wilkinson on premises. 5-13

Canada,  
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,  
District of St. Francis.

Superior Court.  
No. 589.  
DAME OPHELIA A. CIRCUIT of the Town-  
ship of Stanstead in the District of Saint  
Francis, wife separate as to property of Da-  
vid Peebles of the same place, former judi-  
cially authorized to enter on justice in this be-  
half. PLAINTIFF;  
vs.  
DAVID PEEBLES of the same place. DEFENDANT.

An action on separation of corps has this  
day been instituted in this cause.  
Sherbrooke, July 19, 1904.  
M. P. HACKETT,  
Attorney for Plaintiff.

**TOUGH**

There may be some tough things  
in the Three Villages but you can  
bet your last cent, it isn't meat  
from our market. We carry the  
kind you can chew without teeth.  
Call on us and see if it isn't so.

**T. A. VALLEE.**

# PAINFUL PERIODS



MISS AGNES MILLER

While no woman is entirely free from periodical suffering, it does not seem to have been the plan of nature that woman should suffer so severely. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most thorough female regulator known to medical science. It relieves the condition which produces so much discomfort and robs menstruation of its terror.

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular menstruation, backache, bloating (or flatulence), leucorrhoea, falling, inflammation or ulceration of the uterus, ovarian troubles, that "bearing-down" feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, nervous prostration or the blues, should take immediate action to ward off the serious consequences, and be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and then write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for further free advice. Thousands have been cured by so doing, and by the use of

## Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered for six years with dysmenorrhoea (painful periods), so much so that I dreaded every month, as I knew it meant three or four days of intense pain. The doctor said this was due to an inflamed condition of the uterine appendages caused by repeated and neglected colds.

"If young girls only realized how dangerous it is to take cold at this critical time, much suffering would be spared them. Thank God for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that was the only medicine that helped me any. Within three weeks after I started to take it, I noticed a marked improvement in my general health, and at the time of my next monthly period the pain had diminished considerably. I kept up the treatment, and was cured a month later. I am like another person since. I am in perfect health, my eyes are brighter, I have added 12 pounds to my weight, my color is good, and I feel light and happy."—Miss AGNES MILLER, 26 Potomac Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—A while ago my health began to fail because of female troubles. The doctor did not help me. I remembered that my mother had used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound on many occasions for irregularities and uterine troubles, and I felt sure that it could not

"I was certainly glad to find that within a week I felt much better. The terrible pains in the back and side were beginning to cease, and at the time of menstruation I did not have nearly as serious a time as heretofore, so I continued its use for two months, and at the end of that time I was like a new woman. I really have never felt better in my life, have not had a sick headache since, and weigh 30 pounds more than I ever did. So I unhesitatingly recommend your medicine."—Mrs. MAY HAULE, Edgerton, Wis., President Household Economics Club.

**\$5000** FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original notes and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.



MRS. MAY HAULE.

### VERMONT ITEMS.

Freeman Farnam was elected representative in Lowell on the twenty-seventh ballot.

Dr. George T. Adams, Republican, will contest the election of ex-Gov. Josiah Grout as town representative in Derby on the ground that the ballot box was turned before the time fixed by law.

R. C. Smith, commander of the Vermont division, Sons of Veterans, U. S. A., will soon re-organize the camp at Essex Junction and is planning to institute several other camps in different parts of the State. There are now 26 camps in the division.

The annual meeting of the Orleans County Union Sunday School Association was held in the Methodist Church at Barton Tuesday and Wednesday, September 20 and 21. The Rev. E. M. Fuller of Burlington, the field secretary, was present.

The Rt. Rev. A. C. A. Hall of Burlington, bishop of Vermont, who has been passing three months in Italy and the Austrian Tyrol for the benefit of his health, writes that his health is greatly improved and he expects to reach Burlington about the 23rd.

No-license seems to be working very satisfactorily in Bellows Falls, says the Times. The no-license feature of the law is proving an improvement on prohibition, and a marked improvement over license. Those who are looking for regulation which will reduce public drunkenness to the minimum are very well satisfied with the present arrangement.

A representative from the Interstate Commerce Commission of Washington, has been in Burlington in consultation with J. E. Cushman, Commissioner of Taxes. He was desirous of learning Mr. Cushman's method of appraising the railroads of the State, and spoke in terms of the highest appreciation of the manner in which the business is conducted.

A request was recently made to the probate office in Burlington for a copy of the estate of Thomas Chittenden of Williston, the first governor of Vermont. The inventory was filed in 1799 and contains many odd items and much peculiar phraseology. An item of a "stun gugg" valued at three shillings, caused some perplexity, but it was finally translated to mean a stone jug. The estate inventoried at 12,735 pounds, 2 s., 4 d., or \$41,450.40, a considerable amount of wealth for that time.

Had it not been for timely interference a shocking tragedy would have occurred in Granville recently. Mr. Williams of South Poultney was visiting his sister. Mr. Williams is affected with a disease which at times renders him insane. Wednesday he had one of these attacks and sought to stab himself with a pair of shears. These were taken away from him and members of the household guarded him. Later in the day he secured possession of a large, sharp table knife and seizing his sister attempted to cut her throat. A struggle ensued and the cries for help were responded to by a number of persons, including the owner of the building, W. J. Burtis. The man was finally overpowered and the knife taken away from him. In the struggle Mr. Burtis received a severe and painful cut in his left hand. Friends from South Poultney conveyed Mr. Williams home and he will probably be taken to an asylum.

### VERMONT ITEMS.

Charles Taylor, the veteran horseman, drove in the races at the fair at Waterbury. He is 99 years old.

Porcival Clement was elected September 5 by the board of alderman in Rutland to the board of license commissioners, vice J. P. Sawyer resigned.

The water level of Lake Champlain was lowered several inches during the month of August, and the 31st, it was 15 1/2 inches above the extreme low water mark of October 18, 1890.

Nearly complete returns from the congressional vote indicate a plurality of 13,850 for D. J. Foster in the first district and of 16,900 for Kittredge Haskins in the second district.

Among the members of the legislature who may be candidates for the speakership of the House are F. D. Proctor of Proctor, Justus Dartt of Springfield, J. H. Merrifield of Newfane, and F. W. Agan of Ludlow.

Rev. William S. Hazen of Northfield has resigned as pastor of the Congregational Church. He was ordained 41 years ago and has been pastor of that church ever since. He will retire from active work.

Prof. G. H. Perkins of Burlington, State geologist, has handed over his report on the geology of Vermont to the printers. The report will have to be printed before the meeting of the next legislature. Among the special features in the report is an elaborate account of the geology of Grand Isle County, with a colored map. An extensive article will also appear on lignite or brown coal deposit, with plates and a description of the fossils. Professor Hitchcock, geologist at Dartmouth College, Hanover, N. H., has furnished a paper on the glacial action of the Green Mountain range. Professor Marters has furnished a paper on the asbestos rock of Vermont and Professor Perkins has contributed an extensive article on the drinking water of Vermont.

### A Point of Law.

A hearing was held at Montpelier, Monday, Sept. 5, before Interstate Commerce Commissioner C. A. Prouty in the case of the Capital Gas Co. of Montpelier vs. the Central Vermont Railway and the Rutland Railroad companies. The point at issue is whether railroads have a right to discriminate in freight rates between individuals and corporations. The case grows out of freight rates on coal between Montpelier and Norwood, N. Y., the charge being made that the Montpelier & Wells River Railroad Co. was charged 87 cents a ton, while the Capital Gas Co. was compelled to pay \$1.85 a ton. Testimony showed that the Gas Co. was using about 100 tons of coal each month. Mr. Prouty said the case hinged on a point of law, whether it was lawful to charge a railroad company a lower rate than that granted for commercial purposes. He gave the plaintiff 30 days in which to file a brief and the defendant 20 days for the same purpose. If a cheaper rate in coal could be secured the company could furnish gas to Montpelier people much cheaper, they state.

### For Over Sixty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferers immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

### MCCONNELL.

Intended for last week.

Dr. F. M. R. and Mrs. Spendlove and son of Montreal visited their brother at the old home here recently.

Leon Parnell has captured a white woodchuck. It is a pretty little fellow and quite a curiosity.

Mr. Oris Brown had a very narrow escape from being shot by a stray rifle ball while working in his field last week with his horse. He thinks the ball would have struck him, had he not just moved when it went whistling by. It is not known who fired the shot. There are two other people nearby who claim to have had a similar experience within a few weeks. It seems as though somebody should learn to be more careful in handling firearms.

Mrs. Wright Worthen of Manchester was calling on friends here last week also Mrs. Algie (Worthen) Allen of Lake Weedon, who drove the distance, sixty-five miles, alone.

It is a pleasure to report that Georgie Rexford is very much improved in health.

James Kay of Minton visited his friend, Garland Conner, last week.

### GEORGEVILLE.

(Not from our Regular Correspondent.)

Miss Perry of Montreal is visiting Mrs. Daniel Camber for a few days before returning to her home in Montreal for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Q. Flanders visited his aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. D. Camber, on their wedding trip before leaving for the St. Louis Fair.

Mr. Irwin Camber visited his aunt and uncle Sunday.

Miss C. E. Camber is at home after spending the summer at Beechwood.

A very pleasant evening was spent at Boynton school house Saturday at a harvest home social given by Miss Daisy Smith of Georgeville. Selections were given on the Phonograph kindly lent by Mr. Lenney; also a selection given by Mr. R. Talbot on the harmonica. Every one seemed to enjoy it.

Miss M. Perry and Mr. E. Alla visited Mrs. Lloyd of Elton Bay Sunday.

Mr. David Camber is building a steam yacht.

Mr. D. Amos Camber had a great surprise Saturday. He was the recipient of a very nice Edison Phonograph given by his friends in Montreal.

### OFF FOR THE NORTHLAND.

To the strains of 'Auld Lang Syne,' 'Life on the Ocean Wave,' 'The Girl I Left Behind Me,' and National airs rendered by the R. C. G. A. band, the cheers of hundreds of people gathered on the pontoon, and with the flutterings of many handkerchiefs and raising of hats, the government steamer 'Arotic,' in tow of the steamer 'Druid,' pulled away from the King's wharf at a quarter to one o'clock on Saturday afternoon and sailed down the St. Lawrence on her way to the Hudson's Bay on the three year cruise the 'Druid' accompanying the vessel some distance down the river.

The King's wharf was crowded with people all morning long, and hundreds remained until the steamer passed around the point out of sight, waving handkerchiefs in adieu to friends leaving for the far north on the expedition.

### AN ECHO OF FASHODA.

Colonel Marchand's Interesting Narrative.

Colonel Marchand has given to the "Figaro" the following story of his interview with Viscount Kitchener at Fashoda: After the usual preliminaries Lord Kitchener said, 'I am the Sirdar of the Egyptian Army, Commandant of the Sublime Porte in the name of the Khedive. I have come to take possession again of the territories which belong to the Khedive.

The Col. replied, 'I am Marchand and I have come at the command of the French Government.'

Viscount Kitchener again said, 'I am the Sirdar of the Egyptian Army on behalf of His Highness the Khedive of the Sublime Porte, who has reconquered these lands, and I have come to plant here the Egyptian flag.

The Colonel then said that Egypt had abandoned the territories and had renounced all rights of sovereignty over them.

'What are your intentions?' the Sirdar asked.

'I await instructions from my government.'

'It is long since you had news from France, is it not?'

'Some months, but my orders are to wait here.'

Viscount Kitchener then proposed to place boats at the Colonel's disposal to permit of his returning to Europe by the Nile.

'I thank you,' replied Col. Marchand 'but I cannot accept your offer, I await orders.'

'I must hoist the Khedive's flag at Fashoda,' said the Sirdar.

'I intend hoisting my own flag over the village,' said Colonel Marchand.

'I mean over the fort.'

'That I cannot permit,' objected the Colonel, 'since the French flag is already there.'

'But my instructions were to hoist the Khedive's flag over the fort.'

'To that I must object.'

'Are you aware,' said the Sirdar, 'that this may lead to a war between France and England?'

'I bowed without replying,' says the Colonel, and Lord Kitchener rose, very pale.

'Supremacy —,' said the Sirdar, 'Military supremacy,' I interrupted, 'can be established only by war.'

'You are right; nevertheless, I must hoist the Khedive's flag over the fort. Do you object?'

'Impossible. Place it over the village.'

'I think, Major,' said the Sirdar, 'our official conversation is over.'

'As you please.'

'Then,' said he, recovering his good humor, 'let us have a whiskey and soda.'

'And we took a whiskey and soda.'

### HEATHTON.

Intended for last week.

Mrs. E. W. Horne has returned from Barton Landing, Vt., after spending a week very pleasantly with her sister, Mrs. O. W. Heath and family. She found them very pleasantly situated and enjoying their new home very much. Mr. Heath had one hundred tons of hay in his very large nice barn and was cutting the second crop on several acres. Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Heath were very cozily situated.

### LOST IN THE WOODS.

As Such a Case Fear Is One's Most Dangerous Enemy.

Every woodman—yes, every Indian—gets lost at some time—that is, loses his bearings and has difficulty in getting to camp. As a matter of fact, the wild birds and beasts will sometimes get lost, although they are wonderfully equipped for finding their way home.

The worst thing a person lost in the woods can do is to get frightened. The truly dangerous enemy is not the cold or the hunger so much as the fear. It is fear that robs the wanderer of his judgment and of his limb power; it is fear that turns the passing experience into a final tragedy. Only keep cool, and all will be well.

A man of little experience usually sets out at a run when he is lost. He wishes to travel twice as fast as usual, and of course that merely wears him out and sends him farther astray. If he sits down calmly he will not only spare himself, but will help his friends to find him, and this he can do by shouting at intervals and, above all, by getting on as high and open a place as possible and there making two smoke fires, the recognized signal, "I am lost."—Ernest Thompson Seton in Country Life in America.

### ECLIPSE FORECASTS.

The First One Was Made by Thales to the Egyptians.

The eclipse of May 28, 585 B. C. (total in the east of Asia Minor), is the first that can be fixed with certainty. The prediction of it by Thales to the Ionians brought him lasting fame and excited among the Hellenes the love of science. Its occurrence during a great battle ended a five years' war between the Medes and the Lydians and led to a permanent peace.

The Chinese boast of a series of eclipses recorded in their annals extending over 3,858 years. But these are of very doubtful character. The Egyptians said they had accurately observed 873 eclipses of the sun and 832 of the moon before the time of Alexander the Great, who died 323 B. C. An eclipse observed at Nineveh, June 15, 763 B. C., is recorded on an Assyrian tablet now in the British museum. A lunar eclipse, occurring at 8:40 p. m., March 19, 721 B. C., was observed, according to Ptolemy, with much accuracy at Babylon. Each central eclipse visible in our time is one of an unbroken series, extending from the earliest historic times to the present and recurring at regular intervals.

### THE FIRST ENVELOPES.

They Were Used in a Private Penny Post in Paris.

The first mention of envelopes occurs in 1653, when M. de Valayer set up, under royal patronage, a private penny post in Paris, and boxes were placed at street corners for the reception of letters wrapped in post paid envelopes.

The earliest uses of the word in English were by Bishop Burnet in 1714 and Dean Swift in 1720. That the "little bags called envelopes," as Rowland Hill described them, were nothing but a revival and were in use as a covering for postal purposes long before 1840, when his postal reform was established, is evident from the following: Under date July 21, 1627, Secretary Conway gives an account of his "opening a letter in the presence of the king, which contained a blank sheet." Lamb mentions them in 1825, and in "Harry Lorrequer," published by Charles Lever in 1837, we find, "The waiter entered with a small note in an envelope." The early covers were probably rude enough, as machine made envelopes were unknown before 1840, and the "back of the gum" did not make its appearance till the succeeding year.

### D. R. PARONS OPTICIAN

Rock Island, P. Q. and Derby Line, Vt.

**PUBLIC NOTICE.**  
All persons are hereby forbidden to fish in my brook or pond at my farm in the Township of Stanstead. Trespassers will be prosecuted.  
F. J. LIBBY.  
Stanstead, May 11, 1904.

### The Stallion "Kastro," 29823.

SEASON 1904.  
THE SIRE OF KASTRO—KREMLIN, 2073, champion trotter of 1892; he by Lord Russell, brother of Maud S., queen of the high wheel sulky.  
KREMLIN, 2073; sire of Kavel, 2075; sire Kavel, 2075; Kamas, Kurran, 2121; Alenka, 2184; Kalevala, 2145; and 32 others.  
THE DAM OF KASTRO—MYSTIC, half sister to Fred Kohl, 2074; Mystic, 2174, by Egghat, 2225; sire of Goozen, 2082; the conqueror, 2124; and 46 others. Son of Electioneer.  
Second Dam, Mystic, dam of Fred Kohl, 2074; Mystic, 2174; Som Axworthy, 2287; by Nutwood, 2192.  
Third dam, Emma Arterburn by Mambino Patchen.  
Fourth to ninth dam, Thoroughbred.  
KASTRO, 29823—Foaled May 10, 1897; color, br. w.; stands 15.1 hands, weighs 123 lbs.  
KASTRO will stand at my barns in Derby, Vt. KASTRO will be limited to 50 mares this season at \$10.00 to warrant a mare in foal, payable at foaling time.  
All mares changing ownership or leaving the state will be considered in foal.  
C. A. DOODY, Owner.  
40w9 Derby, Vt.

### BOSTON & MAINE RAILROAD.

Stanstead & Derby Line Branch.

### SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

In Effect Monday, June 27, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE STANSTEAD:  
For North—5:07 a. m., 1:27 and 9:31 p. m.  
For South—6:06 a. m., 12:20, 3:36 and 10:26 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT STANSTEAD:  
From South—5:57 and 8:25 a. m., 1:57, 7:33 and 10:02 p. m.  
From North—7:00 a. m., 12:52 and 10:57 p. m.

TRAINS LEAVE ROCK ISLAND AND DERBY LINE:  
5:11 a. m. for Sherbrooke, Montreal (G. T.) Quebec (G. T. & C. P.)  
6:10 a. m. for Boston and New York, for Montreal (C. P.)  
7:20 a. m. (freight station 7:30) for Sherbrooke (mixed).  
12:24 p. m. for South.  
1:31 p. m. for Sherbrooke, Island Pond and Montreal (C. P.)  
3:30 p. m. for South, (accommodation) and Montreal (C. P.)  
9:35 p. m. for Montreal (G. T.) Quebec (G. T. & C. P.)  
10:30 p. m. for Boston and New York.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT ROCK ISLAND AND DERBY LINE:  
From South—5:38 and 8:22 a. m., 1:33, 6:56 and 9:58 p. m.  
From North—6:38 a. m., 12:48 and 10:53 p. m.  
D. J. FLANDERS, G.P. & T. A.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

# PATENTS

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DESIGNS  
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether a patent can be secured. Our offices are located at Washington, D. C., and New York, N. Y.

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any patent journal. Terms, \$3 a year in advance. Send for particulars to Munn & Co., 311 Broadway, New York.

# THE MAMMOTH STORE

## For That Summer Dress

Champagne shades in mercerized novelties above all others. Here are the first few patterns we have been able to get this season. Women all over the country are so anxious for it that the mills are weeks behind on their orders. We don't believe there is anything prettier for a frock or shirt waist. The figures are small and woven in. Solid colors, 20c., 25c., 35c. and 50c.

**THIS CREPE PRIMROSE** is a light filmy stuff, fine black pin stripes over which are coin dots here and there, 40c. yard.

**COTTON ETAMINES**—Its the woolen idea and fully as dressy as the woolens; solid colors, cream and dark colored grounds, small, unconventional designs, 30c. yard.

**IMPORTED ORGANDIES**—for evening frocks and costumes. Designs are mostly large floral ideas, 25c., 35c., 40c. and 50c.

**OUTING CLOTHS**—Heavy enough to make you think of coverts, and yet light enough for the warmest day wearing. It's wonderful how pretty they can make them and yet use only the colors that the sun and dust won't hurt. Green, blue, gray and tan grounds, 10c. and 12½c.

If you want a value could you want anything better than this **DOTTED SWISS** at 20c. and 25c. And almost no end to the different colors and patterns.

**DRESS GINGHAMS**, 10c. and 12c.—Stacks and stacks of them, ever shade, almost every kind of a check, stripe or plaid you can think of. Goods of standard, every day merit.

Plenty of **APRON CHECK GINGHAMS** at 8c., 10c. and 12½c., but you will have to hurry for them.

### It's Voiles That Make the Pretty Summer Costumes

There are enough variations in the weaves to suit any fancy. Here's a fine, soft mesh one, as thin as paper and as soft as silk, 44 inches wide; and another like an *etamine*, quite, wiry, quite dressy, black and only 50c. and 75c. a yard, 42 and 44 inches wide. Another close member of the voile family is this Silk Grenadine, *crepe de Paris*, a French stuff, but you would know that from its style, \$16.00 to \$20.00 a pattern.

### Fancy Ribbons

More Stirring Prices. 5 inch. wide only 20c. Call and investigate.

### Corset Notice

We are glad to print. All lovers of Her Ladyship Corset will be glad to read it.

### Now is the Time to Fence the Earth

and we have the wire to do it with, Barbed and Plain, Black and Galvanized, also Poultry Netting 2, 4, 6, ft. wide. Screen Doors different sizes and prices.

### OUR LINE OF BUILDERS HARDWARE IS COMPLETE

One car of Lime, two of Cement and more to follow.

OUR STANDARD THE HIGHEST!

OUR STOCK THE LARGEST!

OUR PRICES ABSOLUTELY THE LOWEST!

## KATHAN & HOPKINS.

# GOOD FURNITURE

Is a Lasting Comfort to the Possessor!

Money spent in making the home attractive and comfortable brings more real enjoyment than almost any other investment. We have lately received large additions to our line of Furniture and have some good values to offer

White Enamelled Iron Bedsteads,  
White Enamelled Dressers & Commodes to match,  
and White Enamelled Chiffoniers,  
Also Mahogany & Golden Finish Dressers & Commodes,  
Modern, Sanitary, Common Sense Articles.

BEDROOM SETS, MATTRESSES AND SPRINGS.

### Special Values in Willow Chairs

Green, Red and Natural—with or without Rockers—\$2.48.

Dining Chairs, Cobbler Seat Rockers, Sideboards  
and Parlor Tables.

### HAMMOCKS

Just received—a nice line of these goods.

Prices \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75,  
\$2.25, \$2.75, \$3.00 and \$3.50.

All good values for the money.

Croquet Sets with 4, 6 or 8 balls at popular prices.

### Baby Carriages and Go Carts.

If you need anything in this line we would be pleased to supply you. Remember no matter what you need our prices are right.

## F. W. D. MELLOON

### PATIENCE.

"They are such dear familiar feet that go along the path with ours—feet fast or slow.  
And trying to keep pace. If they mistake,  
Or tread upon some flower that we would take  
Upon our breast or bruise some reed,  
Or crush poor hope until it bleed,  
We may be mute:  
Not turning quickly to impute  
Gave fault, for they and we  
Have such a little way to go, can be  
Together such a little while along the way  
We will have patience while we may.  
We see them—for not blind is love—  
We see them, but if you and I  
Perhaps remember them some bye-and-bye,  
They will not be  
Faults then, grave faults, to you and me,  
But just odd ways, mistakes, or even less.  
Remembrances to bless the way we go,  
Days change so many things—yes, hours;  
We see so differently in sun and showers,  
Mistaken words to-night  
May be so cherished by to-morrow's light!  
We may be patient, for we know  
There's such a little way to go."

### COMING TO CANADA.

Miss Florence Lewes, Rifle Expert and Prize Marksman of Bisley.

The meeting of the National Rifle Association at Bisley was noteworthy this year for the advent of markswomen, who have graced the ranges, says a London writer. One of them has in a remarkable way proved her prowess. There has been no serious lady competitor at Bisley since Miss Leale of Guernsey invaded the firing point during the early nineties. Women, it is true, have since appeared on the range from year to year, but they have been more noticeable for their novel costumes than their performances. The feminine expert, however, has come again at last, and the champion is Miss Florence Vivian Lewes of Staines. She is young, tall and handsome, and her figure, athletic but graceful, has added an interest to the ranges where usually man holds undisputed sway.

Miss Lewes shoots in a brown costume, belted at the waist, and her jacket is fitted with leather elbow patches. A white shooting cap fits closely to her head, and in this serviceable kit she is finding work for the markers in patching up the bull's eye. Soon after gun-fire Miss Lewes rides up on her bicycle from Pirbright village, where she is a guest in a pretty villa. Seated on the range, she prepares her rifle in the orthodox fashion, without assistance.

A glance at the flags tells her how much allowance to make for wind, and from her satchel is produced a vernier and pencil, with which the aiming line is carefully drawn on the back-sight bar. All being ready, Miss Lewes invades the enclosure. A small, white hand tapers a sweep-stake card to the sergeant register-keeper, and it gives him pause. With an upward glance at the serious face, he gallantly prepares the firing mat for the fair competitor. Miss Lewes soon settles to the shooting, and it is quite evident that she enjoys it keenly. She has the steady nerve and the clear eye of the born shot, and as she covered her target at 200 yards on Saturday quite a host of shooting men halted in their course to watch her scoring bulls. She missed the centre ring only three times, and in each case the shot was the closest possible inner. The score of 32 out of 35 was, on the day's tricky wind, a highly creditable performance, which many male competitors failed to equal.

Miss Lewes' entry into the ranks of the shootists was prompted by a sound, practical motive. "You see, I am going to Canada to settle there," she explained to a well known shot. "Out on the open I expect to lead a delightful life, but I know that it is necessary to be a good horsewoman and to know how to use the rifle."

"I therefore joined the South London Rifle Club. I was the first lady member, but my example has been followed. Before that I had never handled a rifle. I placed myself under the tuition of Private Gray of the London Scottish, and I cannot tell you what I owe to that fine marksman. He is a wonderful teacher. The courtesy and encouragement of the other members were never-failing."

"For two months I shot regularly at the Staines ranges, and was very successful in the weekly matches held there. I possess nine spoons as trophies."

With a smile Miss Lewes added that if she felt any approach to nervousness at Bisley it was simply due to the consciousness, not that people were watching her, but that she was shooting in a competition and might fail.

"In my short experience at the targets," she said, "I have always found a tell-tale evidence of having been in any degree hurried in the form of leaving behind me at the ranges little things among the necessary impediments of a person who shoots. I forgot nothing to-day. I was wonderfully lucky at the 200 yards' range, scoring 32."

Miss Lewes also shoots at 500 and 600 yards, where her scores vary from 22 points to 28 out of a possible 35. She is unquestionably the best lady shot since the day of Miss Leale.

### Journalism in Newfoundland.

"Editor" Mott's mental equipment is about as nimble as a pig of lead and as fertile as a stone quarry. His crimes against the English language are as great as his intellect is small, and he overworks his limited vocabulary till the result is one to provoke pity for such an imbecile display. With the monotonous mechanical regularity of a barrel-organ he grinds out every week or so the same stereotyped phrases about a "dirty bird" and a "despicable creature," his diatribes lacking even the saving grace of originality. Lord Lytton once observed that the fool is the most dangerous of all animals, and The News man would assuredly be dangerous only that our people already properly understand him.—St. John's Herald.

Goldborough—You may say what you like about Ricketts, but he's as good as his word.  
Poindexter—But consider how many bad words he uses.

### THE DEVON LANES.

Canadian Woman Writer Who Discovers Appreciatively an Old English Landscape—The Devon Milkmaid.

After some weeks of London, it seems good to get out to the quiet of the country, writes Jean Blewitt in The Toronto News. The clover fields are heavy with fragrance, the wheat is in head, the hedges are gay with honeysuckle, and dog roses. The strawberries are red ripe, and there is no cream like the Devon cream. The Devon cow seems aware of her own importance. She has a stately tread, a superior air, a supercilious twist to her tail. It is all on account of the cream.

Every morning a score or more of bottles filled with it goes to a health resort some miles away. The sick folks are getting well on it, the thin folks are getting fat on it, the farmer is getting rich on it. No wonder the Devon cow takes on airs.

The Devon milkmaid is worth looking at, as she steps out of the kitchen door, pail in hand. Her gingham skirt is turned up, and pinned about her waist, her short petticoat comes to her sturdy ankles. Her feet are encased in strong leather shoes. From beneath the frill of her lilac sunbonnet shines out a full moon face of a complexion many a city dame would give her jewels and lace to possess, pure pink and white.

Her diet is brown bread and sweet milk, three times a day. No wonder she goes to bed when the sun gets out of sight behind the trees, and is up with the lark in the morning. Twice a week there is a change in this program. On Wednesday and Sundays she walks out with her young man or young men, as the case may be. Our milkmaid is a belle, by reason of her plumpness and her complexion, and has followers aplenty. The favorite is a farm hand, a more lad, so shy he blushes if a sheep looks inquiringly at him, and so quiet his fellows call him "Dumb-bell."

They look ill at ease and uncomfortable together. Judging by appearances, they both long to be somewhere else, anywhere else in fact. She turns her face away from him even while she takes the arm he offers grudgingly. Silently, gloomily, they go along. I used to watch them plying. I don't any more. Sunday afternoon I sat on a hillock in one of the Devon lanes. It was a pretty scene. The grass was golden, the elder bushes white with bloom. The elms on one side of the lane reached over and mixed in friendly fashion with the elms on the other side, the sunbeams crept through where they could. In the city people were suffering from the heat, here was coolness, freshness, and quiet. The very rustle of the leaves breathed rest.

True, there were people, but what of that? You wanted people. These Devon lanes are a paradise, and only a mean soul would keep paradise to itself.

Couples after couples strolled by. It was evidently a favorite walk for lovers. And such lovers! When two went past me hand in hand I looked away. When other two did not pass at all, but stood beside my particular hillocks to admire the view, and, incidentally, to kiss each other, I actually blushed. Afterward I was ashamed of that blush. These were happy couples, honestly in love, openly proud of being in love. There was no false modesty about them. This lovely lane was the courting place—the courting their own affair entirely. One or two of the "Arriets" vouchsafed me a nod or smile, but most of them were too engrossed in their own pleasant pastime to pay the least attention.

Presently I heard a gay little laugh. It had a familiar ring to it. Only that I knew in my own mind that our milkmaid never enjoyed herself when out a walking, I would have said that was her laugh. It was hers. She was sitting on a stile and the lad christened "Dumb-Bell" was telling her something. Their heads were very close together, and every once in a while her laughter mingled with his deeper tones. I had to pass that stile. They both gave me a cherry greeting, and asked me to take a seat.

He kept fast hold of her brown hand, and as soon as I went by the laughter and talk continued. What had he done with his bashfulness? The very next time they walked out together, which was on the following Wednesday evening after the milking, and chores for the day had been attended to, they wore the same air of discomfort. But I wasted no pity on them, knowing that once they reached the Devon lanes, where the elms formed a canopy, the elder bushes waved their white blossoms lazily, and the dog roses made a glint of color among the green of the hedge, they would be as happy as the stream rushing down the hill, and as gregarious.

### A Motor Torpedo Boat.

The British Admiralty has decided upon having a motor torpedo boat built. The vessel will be 130 feet long and carry on her deck a tube that can be trained all round. It is proposed that the motors should be placed below the water line and covered with a protective deck. One advantage the motor boat possesses over the steam propelled one is that it has no funnel and makes no smoke. This renders it more difficult of detection at night and of course more effective for use in an attack made under cover of darkness.

### A Curious Bridge.

One of the most curious bridges ever built was that made by the British troops in 1860. They were marching on Peking, but found their progress barred by a flooded river of considerable width and depth. A timber party was formed, but found nothing to cut down or borrow suitable for a bridge. At last a huge store of coffins was discovered in the village, and with these the soldiers built their bridge and crossed alive over the receptacles for the dead.

### ODD BURIAL CUSTOMS.

Some Strange Observances Among Australian Tribes.

There are some queer customs observed by the native Australians, their modes of disposing of the dead being noticeable and varied. When a mother loses a favorite child she carries the dead body about with her in a box or casing of bark until decomposition forces her to dispose of it either by burial or fire.

In the case of some prominent person of the tribe dying his nearest relatives cut off his hands and keep them as sacred remembrances, only parting with them after the odor from the dead members has become unendurable. Then they are thrown into a stream, hidden in a hollow tree or burned.

Women are held in such contempt among the Australian tribes that often they receive no burial at all, and it is a rare thing to see one mourned for by family and friends. But at the funeral of a man or boy the lamentations are loud and long, the female mourners being the most demonstrative.

With some of the tribes the practice of throwing the bodies of the dead over the branches of trees and leaving them for nature to dispose of is observed.

### SLUGGISH RIVERS.

The Volga Falls Only About Three Inches Per Mile.

Considering its length the Volga is the most sluggish river. In 2,325 miles it falls only 665 feet, or slightly over three inches per mile, while at one point about the middle of its course the bed is fully fifty feet below sea level. Thus all the water to that height above the bottom must be still, save when stirred by floods.

The Volga also is singular among great rivers in having no mountainous course. It rises among marshes and lakes, and is so sluggish even then that a dam has been erected, which makes it navigable from its sixty-fifth mile onward. Almost within the historic period it must have been an offshoot from the Caspian, which then stretched far into the interior of Russia, drying up into a series of river connected lakes. The Volga has taken the place of these, along with many of their characteristics, including a general sluggishness.

The Scheidt is proverbially a slow river and is practically lost in a maze of canals, but its fall from source to sea is about fourteen inches in its total length of 240 miles.

### THE NAME BLACKGUARD.

It Was Originally Applied to Link Boys and Servants.

The earliest record of the term blackguard is in the churchwarden's account of St. Mary-at-Hill, London, where, under date 1532, is, "Item, received for IIIJ Torchets of the Black Guard IIId." This and the following old lines seem to show that the name was then applied to linkboys:

Her Cupid is a blackguard boy  
That rubs his link full in your face.

The name was also given to menial servants in the king's kitchen. In the "Calendar of State Papers" is the following entry: "Aug. 17, 1535, Sir William Fitzwilliam to Mr. Secretary Cromwell—Refusal of the workmen to work for less than sixpence a day. Two of the ringleaders had been for some of the time blackguards of the king's kitchen." These "blackguards" were responsible for all cooking utensils and coals.

According to Miss Strickland, the historian, the scullions of the royal kitchen were for many centuries clad in black and were called the blackguards of England.

### Lead Voiced Africans.

The timbre of the voices among central Africans is usually good—deep and strong in the men, very melodious and sweet in the women. One notable peculiarity about the people is the forced key in which they always carry on conversation. The ordinary quiet tones of civilized speech are scarcely ever heard among them. They literally shout, and, such being their habit, it is a matter of indifference to them whether the person to whom they are speaking is close by or twenty yards away. "They are most tireless chatterers," says a traveler. "I doubt whether any other people in the world talk so much or laugh so much. Their laughter is particularly healthy, natural and unrestrained, a most exhilarating sound."

### The Roman Forum.

There were many forums in Rome, but the oldest and most famous was not created like a building at a certain time. The Forum Romanum was originally the lowlands between the Palatine, Capitoline and Quirinal hills, used as a meeting place for barter and politics by the tribes living on the hills named and on other hills near by. The development of this crude trading place and neutral ground into the Roman forum of later times was very gradual and irregular.

### Unable to Compare.

He—Miss Kitty, I've heard it said that a kiss without a mustache is like an egg without salt. Is that so? She—Well, really I don't know. I can't tell, for in my life I never— He—Now, now, Miss Kitty! She—Never ate an egg without salt.

### Time's Changes.

"Is the story you have written a historic novel?"  
"No," answered the litterateur in hard luck. "It's a modern novel now. But I guess it will be historic before I get it published."

You never know how long a man's memory is until you have offended him.—Athens Globe.

## PROGRESS OF BIG WORK

WHAT IS BEING DONE IN THE CAPE TO CAIRO RAILWAY.

Can Be Completed for Twelve Million Pounds Sterling—Will Open Up a Great and Fertile Country—A Network of Railways in the Future—Progress in Stamping Out the Cattle Disease—Line of Working.

Sir Charles Metcalfe, who recently arrived in London, was interviewed by a representative of South Africa, with regard to the subjects of the Cape to Cairo Railway and the industrial prospects of Rhodesia.

"Well," Sir Charles said, in reply to a question as to what progress had been made with the Cape to Cairo line during the past few months, "to go back a little way the line has been open right up to the Victoria Falls since June 20, and the hotel we have built there for the accommodation of visitors is a very comfortable one. It possesses every modern convenience, and from it there is obtained a beautiful view of the Zambesi Gorge. The cable-way across the gorge is working satisfactorily. The foundations of the bridge were being put in when I left and the steel work is now being erected. The line on the other side is being constructed, and we hope to have the bridge itself completed by the end of the year. By that time, too, the rails should be near Kalamo, which is about 100 miles north of Victoria Falls, and is the present seat of the Government of Northwest Rhodesia."

"The line has been surveyed for some distance beyond Kalamo, has it not, Sir Charles?"

"Yes. The surveyors are making for the Broken Hill country, 360 miles beyond the falls. The line will cross the Kafue River at a point where there is no flooding."

"Then the continuation of the line still further north, beyond Broken Hill, will enable you to tap the Katanga copper country, will it not?"

"It will do so presently. Broken Hill is still some distance from the rich deposits of copper in the Katanga country."

"Gordon Forbes, the leader of the Rhodesian delegates, informed me the other day that the people of Bulawayo and Salisbury objected to the profits earned by the Southern Rhodesia Railways being used for the extension of the line beyond the falls, because they contend that such profits should be applied to the reduction of rates, which they say are now very excessive."

"I am afraid those people who object to the extension do not look far enough ahead. They objected to the line going beyond Bulawayo, but, since the section from Bulawayo to the falls was completed in June last, at least 1,000 visitors have passed through Bulawayo, and that means that a great deal of money has been spent in that town. We don't make the railways to do nothing with them. We hope that each section will pay its own expenses. Each section of the railway is built on common-sense lines, and with a distinct objective."

"In linking up the Rhodesian railways with the line from Khartoum, Sir Charles, do you anticipate any serious engineering difficulties?"

"As far as I know, there is nothing to stop us from an engineering point of view. We are very lucky, in respect to bridges, for the only big bridge we shall have to build for many hundreds of miles after crossing the Zambesi will be the one over the Kafue River. After we get to Broken Hill a great deal will depend upon the direction which the line takes, but there are no insurmountable difficulties before us."

"Then the other portion of the route has not yet been settled?"

"Not yet, because we don't make lines without a distinct purpose. We only build them through the districts which we see offer the best chance of giving us a remunerative traffic. If the Egyptian Government carry out the scheme of making a dam at Rosaire, they would probably extend the line from Khartoum to Rosaire, and this no doubt will eventually be joined up with the Uganda Railway, and a line six hundred miles in length would connect up the Uganda line and the Rhodesia line, ending at Lake Tanganyika, and when that is done the Cape to Cairo line will be practically complete."

"It will take a great deal of time and much money to complete the line from the Cape to Cairo, I suppose?"

"I think the line could be completed for twelve millions more—a moderate sum as compared with what has been spent on other transcontinental railways. Unthinking people sometimes ask, 'But will it pay?' Look at the map. There is a line through a fertile country which is from four to five thousand feet above sea level in a continent nearly two thousand miles wide. A hundred years hence there will be a network of railways. We in Rhodesia have followed the old advice, *Festina lente*, and have only constructed such lines as had a good objective and were necessary for the country. Rhodesia cannot make the full progress of which it is capable without a complete railway system."

"The prospects of the colony appear to be improving, Sir Charles?"

"Yes, they are."

"What has been the effect of the recent depression?"

"The depression has been a very good thing for Rhodesia, because it has made everybody study economy, and has compelled a great number of people to go upon the land. When a new country is laid out on the lines of Rhodesia, everybody wants and expects to make £3,000 a year from the beginning; now no new country can be made upon that basis. The small holders of 160-acre lots make the present wealth of America; and with the railway facilities we now have in Rhodesia that colony is getting ripe for the advent of the small holder also. We want men out there who will settle

## ANTS' NOSES.

There Are Five of Them, and Each Has Its Own Duty.

In their antennae, or feelers, ants have five noses, each of which has its own duties to perform.

One nose tells the ant whether it is in its own nest or that of an enemy; another nose discriminates between odors of ants of the same species, but of different colonies; a third nasal organ serves the purpose of discerning the scent laid down by the ant's own feet, so that it may be able to retrace the way quite easily; a fourth nose smells the larvae and pupae, and the fifth nose detects the presence of an enemy.

If an ant be deprived of a certain nose, it will live peacefully with enemies, but if it retains its fifth nose it will fight the alien to the death. There is a difference in the functions of nose one and nose five, although they appear to be somewhat alike.

This sense of smell does not come till the ants are three days old. If, therefore, ants only twelve hours old are placed among others belonging to different colonies, they will grow up quite amicably and not understand that they are a mixed lot, because they will have grown up with ideas of scent in accordance with their surroundings. The sense of smell to them is as important as the sense of sight to human beings.

## EARTH LIGHT.

Evidences That Our Planet Possesses a Luminous Quality.

In proof that the earth does emit light Humboldt (1808) points to the aurora borealis. The light produced by this luminous arch is distinct from that received from the sun, and its intensity slightly exceeds that of the moon's light in her first quarter. At the poles this glow continues with scarcely a break, reminding us of the planet Venus, whose side turned away from the sun often gives forth a feeble phosphorescent light.

Humboldt goes on to argue that other planets also may possess a similar luminous quality, and in our atmosphere there are other evidences of this emission of light from the earth itself. Such were the famous dry fogs of 1783 and of 1831, which gave forth light perceptible at night, and such is that diffused glimmer which guides our steps in the nights of autumn and winter, when clouds hide the stars and the earth is not covered with snow.

It is therefore not entirely true that, as Sir Norman Lockyer puts it, "the earth cannot give out more light than a cold poker can."

## GENIUS AT WORK.

Curious Postures of Some Men to See a Flow of Ideas.

Lombroso says that some men of genius in order to give themselves up to meditation even put themselves artificially into a state of cerebral semi-congestion. Schiller worked best with his feet plunged into ice. Descartes buried his head in a sofa while meditating, while Milton composed with his head leaning over his easy chair.

Paisiello composed beneath a mountain of bedclothes, and Rossini found bed the best place for his best works. Cujas worked lying prone on the carpet, and Liebnitz is said to have been obliged to assume the horizontal to meditate at all satisfactorily. Rousseau worked with his head in the full glare of the sun, Shelley on the hearth rug with his head close to the fire, and Boesuet, retiring to a cold room, wrapped his head in hot cloths.

It is possible that some of these devices increased the flow of arterial blood to the head, just as many can think best when exhilarated by rapid exercise or by walking up and down a room.

## Whistler and His Tailor.

"Curious enough," wrote Mortimer Menpes, "whenever one came in contact with Whistler one entirely forgot one's own affairs and became completely occupied with his. The fit of the master's coat was far more important to me than my own artistic work. At the tailor's Whistler would give an elaborate description of how a certain coat was to be made, and the tailor would carry out his directions literally. But no sooner had the man accomplished the work than Whistler would say: 'This is all wrong. How dare you say that it is what I told you to do? I am a painter. It is not my business to make coats. That is your province. Therefore you should have led me to do what you knew to be right.'"

## Right to the Point.

To do even the most humble work worthily and well something more than blind mechanical service must be given. A young mistress once asked her cook about a certain recipe. "Just how much flour do you put in, Mary?" "Law, mum, you don't follow any rule; you just use your judgment!" "But suppose you don't have any judgment," returned the puzzled mistress. "Then don't cook!" was the reply, succinct and to the point.

## Bunching It.

"How long have you been married?" asked the prima donna. "Only six months this time," replied the beautiful soubrette; "but, putting them all together, I suppose I've been a wife for three or four years at least."—Exchange.

## A Soother.

He—He's put a good many to sleep in his time. She—Doctor or pugilist? He—Neither; he's a preacher.

The cocooned pain has leaves nearly thirty feet long.

on the land and make a good living out of it, and make the colony their home."

"We all firmly believe that Rhodesia offers peculiar advantages to the small settler who has a little capital and is not afraid to work."

"Just so. One great advantage which Rhodesia affords to small settlers lies in the fact that it is pre-eminently a produce country, and that in all kinds it will be able to export all kinds of products."

"Cotton and tobacco, for instance?"

"Yes, we can grow the very finest tobacco and cotton. As to the tobacco, what I am very pleased about is that we are able to produce the very best leaves—really cigar wrapper leaves—and the finest kind of Turkish cigarette tobacco. It grows admirably out there and there is a great future before the industry. And what is true of tobacco is true of the cotton also."

"How are the efforts to stamp out the cattle disease progressing, Sir Charles?"

"Very well indeed. The farmers, especially in the eastern districts of Rhodesia, are dipping and spraying their cattle and horses constantly, with the result that they are cleaning the veld of every sort of 'tick.'"

"And the effect of these precautions will be—?"

"The effect will be that presently we shall hear no more about cattle disease, and once the veld has been thoroughly cleaned, the dipping and spraying can be discontinued for a while."

The authorities at home took very drastic measures for the stamping out of cattle disease when the latter was prevalent in England some years ago. Sir Charles, but other methods appear to be adopted in Rhodesia."

"Yes. What happened in England was this. The authorities' only idea of stopping disease was by exterminating all diseased animals. In Africa we try to find a remedy. We were successful in doing so in the case of rinderpest and hope to be equally successful in dealing with other diseases. We don't propose to destroy thousands of valuable cattle if there is any hope of finding an effective cure for the evil, and I think there is every prospect of stamping out cattle disease in Rhodesia without having recourse to such drastic measures as were adopted in England when foot-and-mouth disease and swine fever raged in the old country."

## The Heir of Aberdeen.

Lord Haddo, who has been recommended for adoption by the executive of the East Berks Liberal Association as the candidate for that division at the next general election, comes of a family in which the Gladstonian cult finds expression even in baptismal nomenclature.

Four baronets, of which Haddo stood first, the Viscount of Formartine, and the Earl of Aberdeen rewarded in 1682 the loyalty of Sir George Gordon, third baronet of a creation of 1642. His father, the first baronet, had withstood the Covenant in his house at Kelly and had been beheaded at Edinburgh. The dignity had been under forfeiture till the Restoration. Merged in the earldom, the present Sir John Campbell Gordon, seventh earl, has no mind that it shall be submerged.

Haddo, as a style, has been much more unfortunate. The first earl's first son who bore it died unmarried, and v.p., before 1708. George Gordon, Lord Haddo, son and heir apparent of the third earl, born in 1764, died v.p. at Formartine House, 1791. So it was that the earldom developed upon a grandson. He was the statesman who, over the signature of the Treaty of Paris, 1814, got the U. K. peerage, and whose eventful premiership of 1852-5 made him one of the few K. G.'s who have been allowed to retain their K. T.

But his first son and heir apparent had borne the style of Lord Haddo for but a few hours when he died in 1810. And the sixth earl, born in 1841, and styled Lord Haddo from 1881 to 1884, died unmarried, in 1870, drowned while serving on the Heron in the course of his voyage from Boston to Melbourne. The present earl, who recently celebrated his fifty-seventh birthday, succeeded as only surviving brother.

Hitherto Haddo has not figured extensively in Parliamentary annals. The fifth earl was M. P. for Aberdeenshire, 1854-60. The third earl was a representative peer. The second earl was elected for Aberdeenshire in 1708, but was declared by the House of Commons to be incapable of sitting for any shire or borough in Scotland as the eldest son of a Scots peer. Such eldest sons, it was held, was themselves peers. Presumably, this prohibition does not hold good in the case of English shires and boroughs.

## Funch's Significant Cartoon.

It is an old saying in England that the leading cartoon in Funch represents current opinion better than any other manifestation in the public press. If this be so, then the world can understand the intensity of feeling among the British people over the continued interference by Russia with British commerce when it is stated that this week Funch has a cartoon entitled "The Mistress of the Sea." It represents Britannia with her trident, sitting on the steps of a quay, mournfully contemplating bales of British goods which await shipment. Neptune, in a barge, labelled "Neptune & Company, Ocean Carriers," and laden with the best German goods, is just starting for the Far East. He says, "You are not sending your goods to the Far East just now, ma'am. How's that?" Britannia meekly answers, "I'm not allowed to."

Father Neptune rejoins, "Not allowed? Why, I thought you had a navy?"

## For Both.

"I can forgive but never forget this whipping," said Tommy. "That is just what I want you to do," said his mother.

## JUDD'S MILLS.

Parties seem to be the order of the day.

Miss Lillian Welch has returned to her home after spending six weeks in this place caring for Mrs. Edward Vaughan. Mrs. Vaughan is gaining slowly.

The many friends of Mrs. Pardon Baldwin are pleased to hear she is gaining slowly.

The young people of this place attended the surprise party at Mrs. Cooper's last Friday evening and all report a fine time.

Mr. Nelson Wilcox is on the sick list.

Miss Blanche Baldwin is attending school at Stanstead College.

## ST. SWITHIN'S DAY.

The Venerable Superstition That is Associated With July 15.

St. Swithin's day falls on July 15, and in England there is a superstition that if it rains on that date the succeeding forty days will be wet, and if, on the contrary, St. Swithin's day be fair then the succeeding twoscore days will likewise be pleasant. The superstition is venerable, for one old historian remarks that "St. Swithin, a holy bishop of Winchester, about the year 800 was called the weeping St. Swithin, for that about his feast Praesepe and Aselli, rainy constellations, arise cosmically and commonly cause rain."

Another version of the story is that the good bishop left orders at his death that he should be buried in the open churchyard and not in the chancel. The monks, however, disobeyed the wishes of their dead and laid him to rest on July 15 within the minster, whereupon rain fell heavily and continually till on the fortieth day the offending priests became alarmed and hastened to fulfill their dead bishop's request.

Statistics furnished by the officials at Greenwich observatory discredit the accuracy of the whole tale. The figures for one period of twenty years go to show that the greater number of rainy days after St. Swithin's day followed a dry July 15.

## A PAINTER'S ARTIFICE.

The Secret of the Color in One of Turner's Pictures.

The late Mr. Horsley, R. A., has recorded that at one time he studied almost daily one of Turner's finest water colors, called "The Snowdon Range," admiring especially the tender warmth of the light clouds encircling the moon. He tried all sorts of glasses to see if he could discover how the particular glow was gained, but without success.

Chance revealed the secret. The picture began to buckle from its mount, and its owner, Sir Seymour Haden, put it into the hands of a noted expert to be remounted. When he had successfully removed it from its old mount the expert sent for the owner to show him what he had discovered. A circle of orange vermilion had been plastered on the back with an ivory palette knife where the artist wanted the effect and then worked off sufficiently far through the pores of the previously wetted paper to give the show of color, while retaining the smooth surface, without a trace of workmanship on the right side.

This may have led Mr. Horsley himself to use, as he did, brilliant orange as the foundation for a white muslin dress.

## OPEN AIR STATE JAIL.

Primitive Place of Confinement in Montenegro.

The open air state jail of Cetinje, Montenegro, is unique in Europe. This primitive place of confinement is situated in the principal public square of the Montenegrin capital. Persons guilty of such minor offenses as assault or petty thefts are sentenced to imprisonment in the open air jail. The prisoners are allowed to roam about the square at will, the mere fact that they have been deprived of their weapons being considered appropriate punishment. At night the prisoners are removed to a room in the town hall, where they have far more comfortable quarters than they would have at home. The thought of escaping from their open air jail seldom occurs to them, and even if it did there is no place where they could find refuge. The Montenegrins are, above all, men of honor, and were a prisoner to escape the population of Cetinje would soon be at the heels of the fugitive guilty of having broken his promise not to attempt to escape.

## A Clock Without Works.

In the courtyard of the palace of Versailles is a clock with one hand, called L'Horloge de la Mort du Roi. It contains no works, but consists merely of a face in the form of a sun, surrounded by rays. On the death of a king the hand is set to the moment of his demise and remains unaltered till his successor has joined him in the grave. This custom originated under Louis XIII, and continued till the revolution. It was revived on the death of Louis XVIII, and the hand still continues fixed on the precise moment of that monarch's death.

## Appearance a Protection.

"Appearances are deceitful" is an old saying, which was illustrated by an old lady in one of our banks a few days ago.

She drew out a sum very near the \$1,000 mark. The banker kindly asked her if she did not wish an escort to her destination in order to insure protection for the large amount. Looking calmly at the banker, she replied, "Why, nobody would think I had more than \$1.25."

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