



The Canadian Gleaner.

HUNTINGDON, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1883.

The election in Jacques Cartier resulted in the return of Mr. Mousseau by a majority of 109—some 200 less than he had before. The result is not unsatisfactory if it leads to the breaking up of the alliance between Mr. Mercier and the Castors. With the Castors we have not the slightest sympathy, and would be sorry to coalesce with them even to change the Administration. Their organ, L'Etendard, is one of the most narrow-minded and bigoted newspapers conceivable, and is doing its best to reawaken those national and religious prejudices that led to the rebellion of 1837-8. The Liberals of Jacques Cartier generally disregarded Mr. Mercier's advice, for they refrained from voting at all, seeing there was little choice between Mr. Mousseau and the nominee of the Castors, Mr. Descaisses.

The attempt of Parnell and his associates to extend their seditious movement into Ulster has aroused the indignation of the loyal men of the North, and forcible efforts have been made at Dungannon and Omagh to counteract them.

It is almost certain that the Syndicate have found an outlet to the Atlantic by the Portland & Ogdensburg railway, the purchase of which they are negotiating. The road will be completed by the New Year from Rouse's Point to Portland, so that all the Syndicate will have to do will be to build the link from the end of their bridge at Lachine to Rouse's Point, which they will do. Whether they will carry out the original scheme of the Portland Company, to get communication with some port on Lake Ontario, remains to be seen. Talking of railway matters, Messrs. Bulch and Stanton, well-known to this District by their negotiations to build a railway some ten years ago, have sued the Canada Atlantic for some \$350,000 damages. They claim that an agreement was made with them to build the road, which was afterwards broken, causing them much direct and indirect loss. The suit in no way interferes with the present contractor, Mr. Linsley, who is slowly but surely completing the line, but may cause some delay in negotiating the bonds about to be issued.

A RIGHTeous judgment was rendered by Judge Jette in the Montreal Superior Court last week. In October 1881 an agent of the notorious Mahan of the Empire Agricultural Works, Montreal, called on a farmer and asked him to become agent for the sale of its implements. The farmer consented, and wrote his signature on a piece of paper for the purpose, as the agent said, of having his correct address. The bit of paper turned out to be a note, which now amounts, with interest, to \$389, and a third party, who bought it, sued for its recovery. The judge dismissed the case with costs, on the ground that the note had been obtained by fraud. If this is not law, it is equity, and will shake the faith of those persons who buy questionable notes under the belief that, in the hands of third parties, they are valid. The farming community is pestered by a horde of agents of one kind or another, who do not work with their hands and who deliberately set out to make a living off the farmers under some specious pretence. The only way to abate the nuisance and drive these parasites away, is for farmers to have no dealings with them.

The official opening of the railway to Huntingdon takes place on Monday, and regular trains will run on Tuesday. The work is being vigorously pushed West of this, and the rails will be laid to Fort Covington in a very short time at the present rate of progress. The bridge across the creek at Major Whyte's is completed, and, like that at Mr. Brown's, is a substantial piece of trestle work.

At the annual meeting of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company yesterday, a more favorable report than anticipated was presented, despite the numerous fires during the year. Mr. McFarlane declining re-election as President, Mr. W. H. Walker was chosen in his stead.

One of Mr. Ness's Clydesdales, the year old horse colt Courtyer, died on the 28th ult. The illness began with influenza and turned into a disease of the blood, which became watery. The loss is a severe one, and shows the risk run by those who venture to import. The colt was a very heavy-boned animal and of good pedigree.

The Frontier Rifle Match was to have opened on the farm of Mr. Cunningham, adjoining this village, on Tuesday, but had to be postponed on account of the rain. It was proceeded with yesterday and will close to-day. We will give the scores next week. The attendance is small.

The Malone Fair was somewhat unfortunate in the weather. The first day, the 25th, was so bad that the opening was postponed to the following, when there was a small turn-out of people. Thursday was favorable, and it was estimated that there were 10,000 visitors. Friday was bleak but dry. Viewed as a farmers' exhibition, the Fair was decidedly poor. In the buildings there were fine exhibits of fancy work and of industrial products. The main purpose of the Fair, that of holding horse-races, received most attention and the course was surrounded by an eager throng during the afternoons. Two persons, one of them an elderly man from Burke, were run over on the track. There was a large attendance from Canada. The Huntingdon Cornet Band played the two first days, and acquitted themselves to the satisfaction of the Society.

THE SHOW OF THE BEAUHARNOIS AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

This, the last of the shows for this season, took place at St. Louis de Gonzague on Thursday. The rain of Tuesday had rendered the roads soft in places, but they were tolerable and the weather was not, despite a strong West wind, unfavorable. The attendance was large and the arrangements and management of the show reflected credit on the Directors and its excellent officers, E. H. Bisson, Esq., President, and Mr. Normandin, Secretary. A roomy and well-finished building had been erected as a dining-hall, the ground-floor containing the kitchen and a room where dinner was served to all-comers during the day at 40 cents, and the upper flat is reserved as a hall for the Society's dinner in the evening, for Beauharnois still adheres to the old custom.

The show was the largest the Society has held, the entries exceeding, especially in horses, those of any previous year. In live stock, excepting pigs, the display was first-class. Other societies, such as Hochelaga and Jacques Cartier, have more classes, but so far as those of Beauharnois go, they could not, as a whole, be surpassed even by them. In heavy-draft horses the show was especially strong, and, leaving out the stallions and one or two of the brood mares at Huntingdon, which were not equalled at St. Louis, they were superior to those of the Huntingdon Fair.

The Ayrshires formed a small class of great merit. The 1st prize bull is of unusual size for an Ayrshire, weighing 1500 lbs. on the only 3 years of age. He is off Benning's stock. The 2nd prize animal is lighter and has some good points. There were also only 2 two-year old bulls. The winner of the 1st prize is a very even beast and finer than its competitor. He is off Drummond's stock, of Petite Cote. Mr. Watson had also much success in the other classes. His 1st prize cow is small, but beautifully shaped, with long, fine horns. His cow in the grades looked equally pure, but having no pedigree could compete. Mr. Sangster's 2-year old bull is of good substance and should bring valuable stock. The bull-calf of T. Hamilton, the smaller than its competitor, which is from Dawes's byres, was placed 1st, being much better bred. The grade cattle, with, we think, only 3 exceptions, were all Ayrshire; many so closely bred that they would pass for pure. The cows were really very fine and inferior only to the 2-year old heifers, which formed the best class. It was a pity to see some little dodges resorted to in order to make the beasts seem better than they really are. Exhibitors ought to know that scraping horns, clipping the hair off the tail, and sending cows with bags half-emptied that morning, deceives nobody. There were a few cows evidently suffering from the unnatural distension of their udders. The yearling heifers were nearly equal to the 2-year olds, and there was not a poor head among them. The calves were unequal, and the 1st prize rightly enough did not go to the largest.

The excellence of the Ayrshires in Beauharnois is largely due to the sacrifices made by David Benning, and the same may be said of the sheep, he having raised the standard of Leicester's very high by his importations. Some say the sheep have fallen back since he left, but we are not so sure of that. The truth probably is, that the rams brought in since he crossed to Glenary have, while giving size and weight, produced coarser wool. Certainly the Society never had heavier or better shaped sheep than it had on its grounds on Thursday. The aged and shearing rams of Thos. Hamilton are extra, and the same is to be said of 3 pair of the shearing ewes and of 2 pair of the ewe lambs. The aged ewes were a fair class. The best pair was ruled out because too old.

The Swine were very ordinary Berkshires. One very large sow, the best exhibited, got nothing, as she had not had a litter. The first two classes of horses brought into the ring were of no merit. Of the 7 heavy stallions entered only 3 came forward, and were poor specimens of sires. The 1st prize one is off Lord Haddo. The light stallions were worse, all being very light in the bone, and out of the ringful the judges were unable to pick enough that were sound to take the prizes. The 1st prize horse is a 5-year old off Sir Colin. The inferiority of the stallions in Beauharnois is accounted for by the number of pure-bred Clydesdales within its bounds, which, getting the cream of the custom, leaves too little to pay farmers to keep good grades on their hands, so all the superior beasts are sold and the culls remain.

The heavy brood mares were an exceptionally fine class and among the colts were several that ran over 600 lb. and one was pointed out for which \$130 had been refused. None, however, equalled Elder's at the Huntingdon Fair, which weighed 675 lb. The colt of the 1st prize mare is off Break O'Day, and Handsome Jack is sire of the foal of the 2nd prize mare, which is off Sir Colin and weighs 1360 lb. The colts of the 4th and 5th prize mares are also off Handsome Jack, and the 3rd and 6th are off Conqueror. The light mares were an exceedingly numerous class, and their colts were little, if any, inferior to those of the heavy. Handsome Jack is sire of the 1st, 2nd, and 6th prize colts, and Lord Haddo of the 3rd. Both classes of 2-year old horse colts were very ordinary. The 1st prize one in the light class is a Lord Haddo. The fillies were ahead of any similar class at any of the other Shows, and might safely have been backed against the Province. The 1st prize-taker in the heavy class is off Conqueror, weighs 1360 lb., and has symmetry as well as size. The 2nd prize went to a filly off Lord Haddo and which weighs 1340 lb. In the light class the 1st prize animal is off Break O'Day, the 2nd and 3rd off Lord Haddo, and the 4th, if we are not mistaken, is off Conqueror.

The competition in heavy-draft teams was small, the 1st prize being again taken by James Tait with his span of Conquerors, which weighed 3090 lb. with harness, and for which he refused last Spring \$600. At this point it was evident that the judges could not possibly finish their work in time, so a second set, composed of Edward Lanctot, Edward Lapense, and Narcisse Picotte, were brought on, and took class about. The 1st prize yearling filly, like many more of Haddo's stock, is a remarkably fine one. The show of Spring colts was astonishing both for number and merit, and demanded more care than the judges could possibly give them. The 1st and 2nd prizes went to Break O'Days, the 3rd to a Conqueror, and the 5th to a Handsome Jack. The carriage teams were so only in name, being really general purpose horses, and having neither the style nor action required. The 1st prize, to the surprise of the

onlookers, went to a pair of greys. Among the single-drivers were several capital ponies.

A reprehensible custom is still in vogue, both at the Chateaugay and Beauharnois Shows, when the classes are small or when there is little choice between the animals, of giving prizes to unsound horses. At the Huntingdon Shows the practice has been pretty well broken up, tho' still, too often, blamished animals get premiums. It ought to be that the very fact of a beast having won a prize is a certificate of soundness, and it is a reflection on any Society that it should be found awarding a prize to an animal that is unsound. Stock is not to be improved by unsound sires or dams, and no matter what their merit may be apart from their weakness, they should be ruled out. It is a fact generally lost sight of by farmers, that mares affected with spavin, ringbone, and almost all other diseases of the bones, will transmit them to their progeny, and that any constitutional disorder or weakness in a stallion will be reproduced in his foals. In several instances on Thursday animals palpably unsound got prizes, and the excuse was that the rules of the Society do not disqualify on that account. This ought to be remedied, and were it the invariable rule of every Society that only sound animals would be eligible for competition, none others would be entered.

The last horses brought into the ring were the 3 Clydesdales belonging to the Society and 2 which Wm. Dunn and Andrew Swanston have lately imported. The Society's horses are in fair keeping condition; none of the 3 are of striking merit. Break O'Day is the best, and did his body correspond with his fore and hind quarters would, barring his reputation as a foal-getter, be a most valuable animal. Handsome Jack is smaller, with stout limbs and a dappled skin that probably gave him his name. 110 tickets were sold for him, and 104 for Lord Haddo, whose reputation grows as his stock develop, and who has already left much money in the county. Of the new-comers, Dunn's is the oldest, 7 years. He is a light chestnut, with white feet, and is a square, strongly-built horse of medium size. He was brought from D. Alston, Edinburgh, and was sired by Rob Roy, after whom he is named. The other Clydesdale is a 2-year old colt, and how he may turn out it is hard to judge. The probability is that he will be as heavy a Clyde as the District has had. He was bought from Mr. Picken of Kilmarnock, and is named Scotland's Glory; he is sired by Loch Ryan. His color is good, a bright bay with greyish hair in the fetlocks. The enterprise shown by these Beauharnois men is creditable to them.

The display at the house was excellent. The vegetables were far ahead of those at the show of Huntingdon No. 1, and only inferior to those of No. 2. The mangolds and beets were the best exhibited at any show this Fall. The cabbage were also of great size. The potatoes were not up to those of Havlock, tho' excellent. One special exhibit was a bag containing 85 large white potatoes, the product of a single potato. The apples were barely average, with the exception of a few plates of St. Lawrence and one of Alexander. The 1st prize went to a collection of 9, which included some undesirable varieties. In the 2nd prize collection there were 12 varieties. The grapes were very good, the Champions especially, and there were several plates of good plums. The honey, both in comb and strained, was excellent, which is more than could be said of the maple sugar and syrup. The judges on preserves and homemade wine had a time of it, reporting that the smell of some jars was sufficient and that much of the so-called wine was vinegar of the poorest kind. An exhibit of bottles of ale and porter by the Montreal Brewing Company seemed strangely out of place, and, stranger still, the Society gave a premium of \$4 to stuff that was not made in their county and which is a curse to society. There was a large competition in butter, which, excepting the 3 first tubs, was very poor, the judges finding difficulty in getting sufficiently good samples to take all the prizes. Some tinner were fraudulently got up, being old summer-made butter with a layer of fresh on top. Others had not the buttermilk worked out, and a few were verging on being rancid. Almost all failed in uniformity of color, being composed of different colored layers, and were too salt. The dairy cheese was good. The 1st prize for factory cheese went to the St. Stanislas factory, and the 2nd to the St. Etienne factory. Both were good; the latter being placed 2nd because its cheese had been kept so long that it was slightly off flavor.

The domestic manufactures were capital; the blankets and druggery being extra. Both flax and linen were shown, and both being of the coarsest kind. So far as taste goes, the quilts with their loud patterns in green and red were a terror. This Society, so admirable in its management, has, strange to relate, never adopted the system of lady judges for ladies' work, so the anomaly of men passing their opinion on sewing, knitting, embroidery, and the rest of it, is still to be found at St. Louis. We hope next year, to see 3 lady judges at work. The fancy work formed a small and awkward assortment, many of the articles reflecting credit on their fair contrivers' skill and taste. The reading of the prize-list will be a disappointment to all of them, for not one article out of six (probably ten would be nearer the mark) got a prize. It is right the farmer should be encouraged, but so should his wife and daughters. Increased excellence on their part means increased taste and comfort in the farm-house, which are as essential to the well-being of the farmer as having the best breeds of live-stock in his yard. We like even to see the boys and girls encouraged, and, if a lad can contrive to put together some useful article of furniture or the like, or a girl to knit a pair of stockings, they should be encouraged. At St. Louis there was a drawing of a dog, of sufficient merit, if by a boy or girl, to have deserved a prize. Among the more prominent exhibits of fancy work, was a box of artificial flowers, so well done that we can hardly suppose that they were by an amateur, and two pieces of drapery, composed of gold-leaf tendrils and flowers laid on gauze. Flowers were represented by a small cactus and a bouquet.

The day passed pleasantly, and the behavior of the visitors was all that could be wished. There were many from a distance, who all expressed themselves pleased with the Show. Mr. John Symons, who, from his indefatigable and prolonged services on its behalf, may be called the Father of the Society, was on the ground during part of the day, and must have been gratified as he saw the result of his labors in what the Society has become from the time

when it was struggling to get a footing and had to contend with the apathy of a then unappreciative community.

After the reading of the prize-list, the members, judges, and guests sat down to a really elegantly got-up dinner; the President, Mr. Bisson, in the chair. After the customary toasts, he proposed the Houses of Parliament, where

Mr. Bergeron, M.P., responded. He expressed his great satisfaction with the Show, which he declared could not be surpassed, and dropped a hint as to the lack of courtesy in sister societies in not inviting him to attend their shows. Both races united at the Show, which was the proper place for them to begin a friendly union. The Canadians of Beauharnois county were largely indebted to the English-speaking settlers, for their example had raised the standard of agriculture, so much so, indeed, that that day the Old Countrymen had, in several instances, been beaten by their pupils. In counties where there were no English-speaking settlers, the Canadian farmers were not so far advanced as in Beauharnois.

Mr. Bergevin, M.P.P., also acknowledged the toast.

The Chairman, in most complimentary terms, proposed the Judges, who had done their work so well that no complaints had been lodged.

Mr. Ness being loudly called for responded. He remarked on the falling-off in stallions, which he said, in one way, was a good indication, for it showed that farmers so patronized pure-breds that grade stallions were not sought for. He hoped the time would soon be, when they would use only pure-bred sires. While the mares and fillies were excellent, he could not agree to what had been said by a speaker, for if Beauharnois was first, Chateaugay would take no second place in horses, but was her equal.

Mr. D. Steel declared the cattle on the grounds that day were second to none at any of the other shows. Their horses and sheep were very good.

To the toast of The Professions, Moise Branchaud, Esq., Q.C., and Drs. Primeau and Brodeur responded.

Other toasts followed, and a pleasant evening was spent.

PRIZE LIST. HORSES.

Judges: Robert Ness, Julien Hebert, and Onesime Lapense.

Draft Stallions of 1300 lbs and over, 7 entries—1st Joseph Brazeau \$5, 2nd Maurice Lavoie \$4, 3rd Narcisse Laberge \$3.

Stallions under 1300 lbs, 14 entries—1st J. Bte Leduc \$5, 2nd Hilaire Leduc \$4, 3rd Pierre Ceire \$3, 4th Gezippe Leduc \$2.

Brood Mares of 1300 lbs and over, 14 entries—1st John J. McEwan \$6, 2nd Wm Young \$5, 3rd Joseph Cousineau \$4, 4th George Young \$3, 5th Gonzague Chate \$2, 6th Andrew Hunter \$1.

Brood Mares under 1300 lbs, 29 entries—1st James Carruthers \$6, 2nd Charles Tait \$5, 3rd Joseph Trudeau \$4, 4th John Howden \$3, 5th Joseph Gagnier \$2, 6th Israel Leduc \$1.

Two-year old Horse Colts of 1100 lbs and over, 4 entries—1st Francois Beaulieu \$5, 2nd Luc Charette \$3, 3rd Henri Monpetit \$2, 4th Hyacinthe Lebeuf \$1.

Two-year old Horse Colts under 1100 lbs, 5 entries—1st Benjamin Legier \$4, 2nd Charles Laberge \$3, 3rd Andre Pilon \$2, 4th John Dunn \$1.

Two-year old Fillies of 1100 lbs and over, 19 entries—1st Andrew Hunter \$4, 2nd Benjamin Ceire \$3, 3rd J. B. Giroard \$2, 4th Seraphin Briere \$1.

Two-year old Fillies under 1100 lbs, 23 entries—1st Firmin Lecavalier \$4, 2nd Wm Sinton \$3, 3rd Paul Normandin \$3, 4th James McChery \$1.

Pair of draft horses of 2400 lbs and over, 8 entries—1st James Tait \$6, 2nd Charles Tait \$5, 3rd Francis Dickson \$4, 4th Thomas Watson \$3.

Pair of draft horses under 2400 lbs, 9 entries—1st Thomas Drysdale \$6, 2nd Thomas Hamilton \$5, 4th Wm Sinton \$3.

One-year old Horse Colts, 14 entries—1st Chas Tait \$4, 2nd John J. McEwan \$3, 3rd William Baird \$2.

One-year old Fillies, 15 entries—1st James Symons \$4, 2nd Wm Young \$3, 3rd John Howden \$2.

Spring Colts, 41 entries—1st Martin Lortie \$6, 2nd John J. McEwan \$5, 3rd Andrew Hunter \$4, 4th Joseph Trudeau \$3, 5th Charles Tait \$2, 6th John Howden \$1.

Pair of Carriage Horses in carriage, 5 entries—1st Estache Berguevin pere \$6, 2nd Israel Lomay \$5, 3rd Patrick Kelly \$4.

Single driving Horses in buggy, 13 entries—1st Duncan Cumming \$4, 2nd John E. Leitch \$3, 3rd Pierre Briere \$2.

CATTLE. Judges: David Steel, Wm. Wright, and C. Lefevre.

Three-year old Bulls and over—1st Wm Young \$6, 2nd James Clark \$5.

Two-year old Bulls—1st Thomas Watson \$5, 2nd Wm Sangster \$4.

One-year old Bulls—1st Thomas Drysdale \$4, 2nd James Carruthers \$3, 3rd Archd Cook \$2.

Bull Calves—1st Thomas Hamilton \$4, 2nd Louis Bezeau \$3.

Milk Cows—1st Thomas Watson \$6, 2nd Thos Hamilton \$5.

Two-year old Heifers—1st Thomas Watson \$5, 2nd Thomas Tait \$4.

One-year old Heifers—1st John Symons \$4, 2nd Thomas Watson \$3.

Heifer Calves—1st Thomas Watson \$4.

Milk Cows, 11 entries—1st Thomas Watson \$5, 2nd L. P. Coutlee \$4, 3rd Wm Young \$3, 4th Thomas Hamilton \$2.

Two-year old Heifers, 16 entries—1st Thomas Watson \$4, 2nd James Tait \$3, 3rd William McArthur \$2, 4th James McChery \$1.

One-year old Heifers, 15 entries—1st John Howden \$3, 2nd William Sinton \$2, 3rd John Watt \$1.

Heifer Calves, 8 entries—1st Chas Tait \$3, 2nd James Clark \$2, 3rd Archd Cook \$1.

SHEEP AND SWINE. Judges: Andrew Cook, Henry Viau and Edward Lanctot.

Aged Rams, 6 entries—1st Thomas Hamilton \$4, 2nd Archd Thomson \$3, 3rd Joseph Braut \$2, 4th John Sawyer \$1.

Boar under 1 year old, 2 entries—1st Francis Turner \$5, 2nd J. B. Myre \$4.

Brood Sow 1 year old and over, 2 entries—1st J. B. Myre \$4, 2nd James Clark \$3.

Brood Sow under 1 year old, 9 entries—1st John Mabon \$4, 2nd John Watt \$3, 3rd A. Desrosseillers \$2, 4th Chas Tait \$1.

DAIRY PRODUCE. VEGETABLES, PRESERVES, ETC. Judges: Peter McFarlane, Robert Robertson, Jr., and Narcisse Beaudin.

Dairy Cheese, 9 entries—1st Wm Sangster \$3, 2nd George Young \$2, 3rd Wm Goodall \$1.

Dairy Butter, 23 entries—1st George Young \$5, 2nd Francois Roy \$4, 3rd Thos Hamilton \$3, 4th Hormidas Lapante \$2, 5th James Clark \$1.

Factory Cheese, 2 entries—1st Thos Lavery \$3, 2nd Walter Patton \$2.

Plums—1st Thos Watson 50c, 2nd S. Leduc 25c, 3rd L. Brousseau 20c.

Onions, 17 entries—1st Pierre Reid \$1, 2nd Antoine Reid 50c, 3rd Etienne Giroard 25c.

Best Collection of Apples, 8 entries—1st Bonaventure Vinette \$2, 2nd Thos Tait \$1, 3rd Wm Goodall 50c, 4th L. Lanier 25c.

Plate of Famous Apples—1st Thos Watson \$1, 2nd James Symons 50c, 3rd B. Vinette 25c.

Plate of St. Lawrence Apples, 10 entries—1st B. Vinette \$1, 2nd L. Lanier 50c, 3rd Thomas Watson 25c.

Tobacco, 8 entries—1st Pascal Bergeron \$1, 2d J. B. Garioux 50c, 3rd J. Bte Roy 25c.

Honey in Comb, 7 entries—1st Thos Watson \$1, 2nd F. Roy 50c, 3rd G. Mahaire \$1.

Soap, 5 entries—1st Neil McMillan \$1, 2nd Maple Sugar, 3 entries—1st Julien Sauve \$1, 2nd J. Brousseau 50c, 3rd Wm Darnin 25c.

Maple Syrup—1st Julien Sauve 75c, 2nd P. Reid 50c, 3rd G. Brosseau 25c.

Pumpkin, 5 entries—1st Joseph David 75c, 2d P. Monpetit 50c, 3rd L. Vachon 25c.

Crooked-neck Squash, 4 entries—1st P. Menard 75c, 2nd Elie Lefevre 50c, 3rd F. Roy 25c.

Melons for preserves, 4 entries—1st Thos Watson 75c, 2nd Andre Pilon 50c, 3rd L. Vachon 25c.

French Melons, 6 entries—1st Ed Lafond 75c, 2nd N. Marleau 50c, 3rd P. Menard 25c.

Water Melons, 4 entries—1st Ed Lafond 75c, 2nd E. L. Normandin 50c, 3rd Thos Watson 25c.

Tomatoes, 7 entries—1st E. L. Normandin 75c, 2nd Ed Lafond 50c, 3rd James Tait 25c.

Table Beets, 22 entries—Ignace Boyer 75c, 2d John Somerville 50c, 3rd Frs Dickson 25c.

Sugar Beets, 7 entries—1st Luc Charette 75c, 2nd F. Laframboise 50c, 3rd M. Poisson 25c.

Mangold Wurtzel, 9 entries—1st E. L. Normandin 75c, 2nd James Tait 50c, 3rd Wm Baird 25c.

Carrots, 18 entries—1st Wm Baird 75c, 2nd E. L. Normandin 50c, 3rd A. Reid 25c.

Potatoes, 26 entries—1st Theophile Lalonde 75c, 2nd A. Reid 50c, 3rd John Gardner 25c.

Corn, 12 entries—1st Benjamin Viau pere 75c, 2nd J. B. Benoit 50c, 3rd A. Reid 25c.

Cabbages, 7 entries—1st P. Menard 75c, 2nd E. Lafond 50c, 3rd N. Laberge 25c.

Blue Plums, 7 entries—1st Wm Baird 75c, 2nd James Tait 50c, 3rd Joseph Houles 25c.

Turnips, 2 entries—1st Ed Lafond 75c, 2nd Narcisse Marleau 50c.

Cauliflower—1st Narcisse Marleau 75c, 2nd Ed Lafond 50c, 3rd P. Menard 25c.

Pickles—1st Euphemia Black 75c, 2nd Wm Sangster 50c, 3rd Pascal Menard 25c.

Extra on Potatoes: Archd Cook 25c, Joseph Houle \$1.

Wm Young: English prunes 20c, Robert Dickson: currant wine 25c.

Euphemia Black: apple preserves 50c, black currant do 50c, plum do 40c, rhubarb do 25c, cat-wasp 25c, bread 50c.

Archd Cook: rhubarb wine 20c, Thos Watson: Flemish preserves 25c, Lombardy plums 50c, green gage do 25c, celery 25c.

George Tennant: apple jelly 50c, raspberry vinegar 50c, James Symons: pears 50c, Wm Sinton: bread 25c.

Wm Sangster: raspberry vinegar 20c, tomato pickles 50c, tomato catsup 50c, Duncan Cumming: grapes 30c, crab-apples 50c.

POULTRY. Geese—1st Robt Dickson \$2, 2nd Archd Thomson 80c, 3rd B. Vinette 50c.

Turkeys—1st Louis Leclere \$1, Ducks—1st Archd Thomson 60c and 40c, 2nd L. Leclere 30c, 3rd J. B. Laberge 25c, 4th L. Leclere 20c.

A. Thomson—Plymouth Rocks \$1, do chickens 50c, hens \$1 and 50c.

John Watt: Plymouth Rocks 25c.

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES. Stoffe: 1st Benjamin Viau pere \$4, 2nd F. St. Denis \$3, 3rd J. Pilon \$2, 4th J. Allard \$1.

VILLAGE MEETING.

On Thursday evening Dr. Cameron, M.P.P., Mayor of Huntingdon, was waited upon by Messrs D. Shanks, Alex. McNaughton, and Cantelo Blachford with a requisition asking him to call a meeting of the villagers "to take into consideration the propriety of celebrating in a becoming manner" the opening of the railway to Huntingdon. The Mayor acceded and issued notices calling a meeting for Saturday evening, when there was a large attendance, owing to the impression that the intention was to ask the Council to defray the expense out of the village funds.

The Mayor, on taking the chair, explained how he had come to call the meeting. The opening of a railway was an important event, and what form the celebration of it should take was not for him to say, and he would call on the gentlemen who had been instrumental in having the meeting to state what they proposed. He would call on Mr. Shanks, whose name was first.

Mr. Shanks said a few had met together to arrange about a celebration and had opened a subscription-list, which he, along with Mr. Hassan and Dr. McPherson, had been appointed to go round with. They found the people generally willing to subscribe, tho' a few had demurred on the ground that, as it was a public matter, the Council should undertake it and bear the expense. At their second meeting, held a few days after the first, it was agreed that a delegation wait on the Mayor to ask him to call a public meeting; a request to which the Mayor had cheerfully acceded and for which they were under obligation to him. The amount subscribed was \$37

The motion was seconded by Major Whyte. Mr Campbell said he had taken it for granted that they were going to have a celebration, and he would propose, therefore, that a committee be appointed to make the necessary arrangements. He would leave it to others to name the committee.

Mr Shanks nominated Dr Shirriff and Mr McNaughton Andrew Somerville.

Mr Third insisted that his motion be put. Mr McNaughton objected, and said that Major Whyte did not belong to the village he could not take part by seconding the motion.

Mr Sellar seconded the motion to adjourn, which was put, and carried by 19 to 8.

THE VILLAGE COUNCIL.
This Council met on Monday evening. Present: the Mayor, Dr Cameron, M.P., and Councillors Burrows, Dinneen, Hunter, Fortune, and Millar.

The following tenders for building the sidewalk to the railway station were read:
Lincoln Johnson..... \$1.25 per rod
Patrick McGovern..... 75c " "
Wm. Sangster..... 40c " "

On motion, Mr Sangster's tender was accepted. Coun Dinneen reported that the freight on the plank from Ottawa to Ormstown was \$108, being at the rate of \$36 per car. The amount was ordered to be paid.

The Secretary reported that \$1000 was necessary to meet what was due on the Plank road, repair of bridges, and sidewalk to the railway station, and \$800 for macadamizing and bridges next season. Including ordinary items of expenditure, about \$2100 would have to be raised. A by-law levying a rate of 3/4 of a cent on the dollar was passed.

The matter of Boyd & Co's new building being on the street came up, and was left over until the Secretary could ascertain from the Secretary of Hinchinbrook the width of road as provided in the original process-verbal.

Permission was given to Dr Marshall to put a lamp-post in front of his house.
Coun Hunter asked that the resolution regarding the presenting of an address to Mr Hickson, left over at last meeting for further consideration, be taken up. The Mayor had refused to put the resolution, adopting the address, on the ground that there was nothing in the Municipal Code authorizing it. That might be so, but there was nothing in the Code forbidding it. We have precedents for adopting complimentary addresses in the action of other Councils, which had done so even when their presentation involved spending considerable money.

It was a hardship to the majority of the members of the Council that this address should not be put, especially as it involved no expenditure.
Mayor—I am still of the same opinion as I was at our last meeting. I hoped that, in postponing consideration of the resolution, Coun Hunter would have been ready now to have advanced reasons why the address should be passed, but he urges none. As I said before, show me an article in the Municipal Code authorizing such an action on the part of the Council, and I will put the resolution at once. That other Councils, as stated by Coun Hunter, have acted irregularly, is no reason why we should do so. He says, if the Code does not authorize such a resolution neither does it prohibit it. Does he mean that this Council is at liberty to do whatever is not expressly prohibited by the Code? If so, we may pass by-laws ordering the ratepayers to go bareheaded or to wear rings in their noses—(laughter)—for there is nothing in the Code to forbid our doing so. The only article in the Code which authorizes action outside its powers is 449, and if Coun Hunter can point out any clause in the laws therein mentioned for such a contingency as this, I will at once consent to put his motion. In face of the fact that no law can be quoted as authority for this resolution, and that it could only be acted upon by common concurrence of the councillors, which it has not got, I cannot put it. This is not a question of order but one of jurisdiction.

Coun Dinneen—I appeal from the decision of the chair.
Mayor—Were it a matter of order, your appeal would be perfectly allowable. But it is not. It is a question of jurisdiction, and from my ruling on that point you must appeal to something higher than this board.
The subject was dropped, and after some conversation as to making the road to the depot passable until it could be macadamized, the Council rose.

GODMANCHESTER COUNCIL.
This Council met on Monday; all the members present.

On the request of James McCartney, John Donaldson was appointed to reappoint the work on the Hall Creek, as new parties had been brought in by a recent amendment to the process verbal.

It was resolved that John McLean be exempted from the Cowan Creek.
Brown's bridge was ordered to be covered anew, John McLean to oversee the work. The Walker bridge was also ordered to be planked, Alex. Gray to superintend.

The Secretary-Treasurer was ordered to pay L. Beauchaine and T. Cousineau the balance due them for Plank Road contracts.
An act of agreement, regarding a water-course made in 1870, between Edward Donnelly, Wm. Dickson, James Hughes and Thos. Harkness, was ratified by the Council.

notice must be served on all persons in arrears. He asked for instructions in the matter.
It was resolved that the time for payment of said rate be extended to the 20th inst., and that after that date all arrears be collected as directed by the Municipal Code.
The Council then adjourned to Saturday, 15th December next, at 2 p.m.

ORMSTOWN COUNCIL.
This Council met on Monday; members all present, except Coun Stewart.

Moved by Coun Cameron, seconded by Coun Tate: That Donald Finlayson be and is hereby appointed special officer over the water discharge between Nos. 7 and 8 in the 1st concession of Ormstown and emptying into Stoney Creek. Carried.

The Secretary-Treasurer read a letter from the Secretary of St Antoine Abbé, regarding the repairing of the new by-road thru the 6th concession of Jamestown; also, a petition from Thomas Brady and 14 other ratepayers of St Antoine Abbé, praying that repairs be done on said road.

Moved by Coun Cameron, seconded by Coun McLaren: That the petition of Thomas Brady and others be received, and laid over for further consideration. Carried.
The Secy-Treas. presented the proces verbal made by John Donaldson, upon the discharge known as the Smith discharge, in the 1st concession of Jamestown, for homologation and confirmation.

Moved by Coun Milloy, seconded by Coun Kilgour: That the above proces verbal be not homologated, and that the expenses be paid by the petitioners. Carried.
Moved by Coun Tate, seconded by Coun Kilgour: That the Secy-Treas. is hereby authorized to notify each road inspector over byroads to have the same sold for the ensuing year, the sale to take place at the office of the council on Saturday, 27th October, at 2 o'clock p.m., except the Howick mill road—the inspector over the said road will sell it on the ground—each inspector to prepare a specification of the work required.

Special superintendent Cairns appeared before the Council and made a verbal report of what he had done on Wellington and Chateaugay streets, and asked for further instructions regarding the removal of certain obstructions on said streets.
Moved by Coun Cameron, seconded by Coun Tate: That special superintendent Cairns receive an answer at the next meeting of the Council, regarding the said obstructions. Carried.

Moved by Coun Tate, seconded by Coun Milloy: That John Donaldson be and is hereby appointed special officer over the discharge known as the Smith discharge, in the 1st concession of Jamestown. Carried.
Moved by Coun Cameron, seconded by Coun Milloy: That the Secy-Treas. is hereby authorized to pay to Alex. Mills the sum of \$47.26, for lumber furnished for the Sadler bridge, 1st concession of Jamestown, and to William Ross the sum of \$16, for labor done on the said bridge.

Daniel Macdonnell appeared before the Council and made complaint that the byroad known as the Durham byroad is not done according to specification and proces verbal.
Moved by Coun Tate, seconded by Coun Kilgour: That the Secy-Treas. notify the road inspector over the said road to have it made and done according to the proces verbal and specification, and to notify Pierre Petelle, road inspector, to have the byroad under his inspection also made and done according to specification and proces verbal. Carried.

ELGIN COUNCIL.
This council met on Monday; all the members, except Coun Wattie, were present.
The application of the Mayor of Godmanchester, W. H. Walker, Esq., for aid towards the Plank Road, which application had been laid over, was taken up and considered, when, on motion of Coun Donnelly, seconded by Coun Brown, it was resolved: That, as this Council does not consider Elgin in any way interested in said road, it does not feel justified in giving anything towards it.

The agreement by the special superintendent, I. I. Crevier, on the petition of James B. Cooper and others, was read, when, after due consideration, it was moved by Coun Elder, seconded by Coun Anderson: That the act of agreement of James B. Cooper and others be not accepted in its present form. Carried.
Mr George French presented a bill for \$2.65 for repairing his wagon, when it was moved by Coun Elder, seconded by Coun Gavin: That the Secy-Treas. pay the amount; also \$12 to Mrs A. Henderson, for a coffin for the late Mrs Bowles, and \$4 to Richard Carr for digging her grave. Carried.

A petition was presented by Wm. G. Morrison and others, praying for a special superintendent to alter or amend a proces verbal for a discharge, dated the 30th April, 1856, passing thru the lands of Wm. G. Morrison and others, when it was moved by Coun Brown, seconded by Coun Donnelly: That George Elder be appointed special superintendent, to report within 30 days. Carried.
Mr Robert Small, senr., appeared, asking the Council to clean the ditch along the byroad opposite his farm, when it was moved by Coun Elder, seconded by Coun Anderson: That he (Mr Small) be allowed the sum of \$5 for cleaning said ditch. Carried.

Moved by Coun Anderson, seconded by Coun Donnelly: That \$500 of the township money now on hand be expended on the roads, and that Robert Patterson, James T. Gillies, and Thomas Cairns be appointed to go over the roads and see where that amount can be most advantageously spent, and to report at next meeting. Carried.
At the request of Mr R. H. Elder, Mr John S. Elder was appointed special overseer over the discharge running thru the lands of Donald McFarlane and others, in place of Alex. Buchanan, who has left the municipality.

DUNDEE SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.
A MEETING was held in the Town Hall on Saturday, 29th ult. Present: N. Farlinger, Chairman, and Commissioners Buchanan, Fraser and Moody.
Moved by Com Fraser, seconded by Com Buchanan: That the financial statement of the schools in this municipality, presented by M. M. Smith, auditor, be received and adopted, and that he be paid \$3.

Moved by Com Moody, seconded by Com Buchanan: That a special rate be and is hereby levied in District No. 5 of this municipality, on all the real property within said District, to pay for the repairs on the schoolhouse in said District, and that the same be paid in the month of October next.

Moved by Com Buchanan, seconded by Com Fraser: That the following engagements of teachers be entered into, viz.: Euphemia Cain in District No. 1, for 7 months, at \$15 per month; Laura McDonald, in District No. 4, for 11 months, at \$15 per month; and Annie Grant, in District No. 6, for 10 months, at \$22 per month.
Moved by Com Buchanan, seconded by Com Moody: That the Secy-Treas. notify the several teachers to inform the scholars that it will be necessary to have the new series of books provided by the 1st of January next, and that no others be used after that date.

Moved by Com Moody, seconded by Com Buchanan: That notices be posted calling for tenders to furnish the following Districts with wood, viz.: No. 1 10 cords; No. 4 12 cords and No. 6 12 cords.
HOWICK SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.
A MEETING was held on the 29th September, all the members were present.
It was resolved that the school fees be as follows: No. 1, 25c per month; No. 2, 10c per month; No. 3, 5c per month, and No. 4 30c per month.

ORMSTOWN.
The ground for the sidewalk to the station has been secured. Mr James Simpson has ordered 36,000 feet of 3-inch pine plank from Grier & Co. of Montreal, and work will be begun at once.
Eleven members of the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance arrived by train Tuesday evening. There were 25 representatives, including those from this District, present at the opening session yesterday morning. The Division continues in session over Thursday.

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VALLEYFIELD.
The Providence Steam & Gas Pipe Company have just completed placing their patent automatic sprinklers thruout the Cotton mill. Should a fire now break out in any part of the building, the possibilities of its gaining any headway are very small, as the sprinklers, upon the application of 150° of heat, will work themselves, and are so numerous as to be capable of discharging an immense quantity of water in a very short time. Electric lights have also been placed thruout the building, and are so arranged that they may be turned on in sections and give a light of 16 or 32 candle power, just as may be required. The men who have been placing the sprinklers and lights in the Cotton mill, left for home Monday week; before going they decided to have a social time with the many friends they have made during their sojourn here, and, accordingly, a large number of young ladies and gentlemen met at the Windsor hotel on Thursday evening last, and spent a very pleasant time.

The Mail steamers are running tri-weekly between Montreal and Hamilton, instead of daily as before, going West Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.
Quite a number of people from the North side of the river passed thru here on Wednesday to attend Beauharnois County Show.
Early Rose potatoes are being shipped in large quantities to Toronto. 45c to 50c per bag is the price here.
Mr Bergeron, M.P., was in town on Friday last.

Mr Leroux, baker, whose place was burned down a short time ago, has built a new bake-house on the site of the old building.
HEMINGFORD.
Mr Scriver's horse, whose sickness was mentioned in last week's Gleaner, died on Thursday last. He died as did one of Mr Thompson's horses (also reported in last week's Gleaner) on the fourteenth day after he became sick. No care nor expense was spared in the effort to save the animal, Mr Scriver having procured the services to treat him, both of Dr McCormick of Ormstown and Mr Baker, Dr McEachern's partner, of Montreal. The horse, no doubt, died of pneumonia. He was an exceedingly fine animal, a grandson of the celebrated trotting horse George W. Patchen. Mr Scriver paid \$900 for him not very long ago. No additional cases of the same disease have made their appearance in the neighborhood and it is to be hoped, therefore, that nothing like an epidemic is going to prevail.

The Model School in the village was opened about the beginning of the second week of September. It is under the charge of Mr Milne, a son of Capt. A. Milne of Covey Hill. Mr Milne is a graduate of the Normal School in Montreal and has taught with great acceptance in some place in the neighborhood of Ottawa. The elementary department of the school is in charge of Miss Rebecca Ferns, a daughter of Mr Robert Ferns of this place. Miss Ferns also has enjoyed the advantage of instruction in the Normal School. It is to be hoped that a great number of the residents of the surrounding neighborhood will patronize the new school.

A very sudden death took place in the village on the morning of Friday last, that of Mrs Bell, widow of the Rev Andrew Bell, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian church at L'Orignal, Ont. Mrs Bell had been in somewhat delicate health for some time past, but there was nothing in her appearance when she retired to rest on Thursday evening last to cause apprehension on the part of her friends. About 6 o'clock on the following morning, she was found to be dead. It was evident, upon examination, that her death took place not long before its discovery was made. Dr Chandler, of Moore's, N.Y., who was called upon to make an examination in the case, gave it as his opinion that death was the result of disease of the heart. It appears that there have been, for several years past, indications in Mrs Bell's condition that she had disease of the heart. Her remains were taken to Montreal on Saturday last for interment in Mount Royal Cemetery. Mrs Bell was a sister of the late William Notman—for some years member of the Parliament of Canada—and the mother of the late Dr John Bell, of Montreal, and of Prof. Robert Bell of the Geological Survey.

The vacancy caused by Dr Glover's removal is likely at last to be filled. A Dr Wilson, formerly a resident of Montreal, but for the last 2 or 3 years settled as a physician in Marbleton, near Sherbrooke, has decided, it is said, to make his home in Hemmingford. Dr Wilson is a graduate of Bishop's College and took high rank as a student in that institution. He is said to have met with good success as a medical practitioner in Marbleton.
Dr Glover returned from Scotland to Montreal several weeks ago, and is still in Montreal. It is said that he has under consideration a proposal, lately made to him, to take charge, as a physician, of the men at work upon a certain portion of the Canadian Pacific Railway line.
Mr Latham has been, for some 6 or 7 weeks past, buying and shipping to New York, a car load (about 200) per week, of lambs. The price in that market has been very variable, and even at the comparatively low prices at which Mr Latham has been buying (\$2.25 to \$2.75 according to quality) he has not found the business specially remunerative. The weight and condition of the lambs do not improve as the season advances. Their average weight is from 5 to 10 lbs less than it has been at the same period in previous years.
A few sales of good dairy butter have been made hereabouts of late at from 18c to 20c. There has been a marked falling off in the supply of milk at the butter and cheese factories, in this part of the country, during the past 2 weeks.

Mission services, extending over 10 evenings, were closed last week at the Episcopal church, Franklin Centre. They were attended, on an average, by from 60 to 80, and the clergymen who conducted them, the Rev Messrs Bareham and Haslam, expressed themselves as grateful for the results. On Sunday a similar mission was opened in St John's, of this place, and will last during the week. Mr Haslam is assisted by the Rev F. H. DuVerne, a son of Rural Dean DuVerne, who was so long incumbent of Hemmingford. Mr DuVerne has just arrived from England, where he had been largely engaged in Evangelistic work, and has been authorized by Bishop Bond as Mission Preacher for the Diocese. At the close of the Mission here, he intends opening one at Herdman, and, afterwards, at Havelock.
St Barbe has bought the old church at St Stanislas for \$200, and are busy removing it to its new site. The lot has been up 24 years, the frame is perfectly sound and was sold dirt cheap. The sacristy of the new church at St Stanislas is finished, and service will be held there until the main body is completed, which will not be for 18 months.

The patrons of Messrs Macpherson and McFarlane have been paid 83 cents per 100lb of milk up to the 11th August and 88 cents for the rest of the month.
The fact of two barges being now at Port Lewis to receive grain, is one result of getting the Plank Road repaired. To be able to get a market equal to Valleyfield by driving only 8 miles is a change for the better.
The first agricultural exhibition ever held at Caughnawaga took place on Friday. The money for prizes and expenses had been subscribed by friends, mostly in the city, and the affair was a decided success. Considering who were the exhibitors, the live-stock was not so bad, and the vegetables, especially corn, was good. Of head-work and of everything made by the Indians there was a large assortment. In one tent were arranged a number of relics illustrative of the past history of the tribe. The Tuscarora, N.Y., brass band was in attendance, and dancing formed a great feature of the affair. The show was wound up on Saturday by a sort of tea-meeting in the old railway freight shed, followed by a ball. Crowds from the city and surrounding country visited the unique exhibition.
Tuesday's rain was most acceptable to most farmers, as it was needed to enable the plow to be started. All the dairy factories report an extraordinary shrinkage in milk.
The 3-inch pine plank for the new sidewalk to the depot cost \$11 1/2 M. board measure. The total cost of the sidewalk will be, at least, \$425. Mr Wm. Sangster has for some time back been receiving lumber by the railway, and, for the first time in the history of the country, has imported into it he block. The boards come from the Eastern Tow, ships, and sell at \$11 the 1000 feet.

Montreal, Sept. 27.—Edward Carter, Q.C., died at 8.15 this evening. He was a man everyone respected. His legal attainments made him strongly marked early in life. He was born at Three Rivers, and was a son of the late Dr Geo. Carter.
Montreal, Oct. 1.—There were only about 100 head of cattle and 300 sheep and lambs offered at Viger market to-day, and as much higher prices were being asked by drovers trade was very slow. Pretty good butchers' cattle were sold at about 4 1/2c per lb, and higher prices would be paid for really good animals, but they were not on the market. The prices of common cattle were from \$1.50 to \$3 per head more today than the same quality of stock would have brought last Thursday. Ordinary sized dry cows in fair condition sold at \$30 to \$35 each, or 3 1/2c to 4c per lb, and 2-year olds sold at from \$15 to \$24 each, or 3c to 4c per lb. R. Nicholson bought 12 small steers at \$40 each, or 4 1/2c per lb. Good lambs were very dear to-day and brought from \$4 to \$5 each and common lambs from \$2.25 to \$3.25 each. J. Richard bought 36 lambs at \$3.40 each and 3 very fine lambs at \$5 each. Live hogs were not so plentiful to-day and prices are quoted at from 5 1/2c to 6 1/2c per lb. Store hogs are being sold at 5 1/2c per lb.

VALLEYFIELD MARKETS.
(By telegraph to the Gleaner.)
Peas, 70lb, 90 to 91c.
No 1 Barley, 50lb, 55c.
No 2 Barley, 50lb, 50c.
Feed Barley, 50lb, 48c.
Beans, 70lb, 1 1/2 to 1 1/4c.
Eggs 1/2 dozen, 17c to 18c.
Potatoes, 1/2 bag, 50c to 52c.
Fresh Butter, 1/2 lb, 20 to 25c.
Tub Butter, 1/2 lb, 18 to 20c.
Onions 1/2 bushel, 45c to 50c.
Apples, 1/2 barrel, \$2.50 to \$3.00.
Honey, 1/2 lb, 10 to 12c.
J. MARION, Market Clerk.

Peas firm, 70 lbs., 90c.
Barley 50 lbs., 50c to 55c.
Oats 40 lbs., 35c to 36c.
Beans, 70 lbs., \$1.20 to \$1.00.
Eggs, 1/2 dozen, \$2.50 to \$3.00.
Butter, 1/2 pound, 20c to 25c.
WILLIAM TODD.

Montreal, Oct. 2.—Best Ontario bag flour \$2.65 to \$2.70. City bag \$3 to \$3.05. Oatmeal \$5.20 to \$5.40. Cornmeal \$3.40 to \$3.60. The demand for good to choice Fall-made Butter continues to improve. Creamery 22 to 23c, good to choice dairy 18 to 21c, fair 17 and 18c, inferior 14 to 16c. Owing to the rise in price in England, cheese is firmer, and August make brings 10 to 10 1/2c, and September 10 1/2 to 11 1/2c. Eggs 21 to 22c.

BIRTHS.
At Dundee village, on the 28th ult., the wife of Joseph Lemay, watchmaker, of a son.
At Dundee village, on the 30th ult., the wife of Alexander Tyo, of a daughter.
At Fort Covington, on the 30th ult., the wife of Guy Mann, of a son.
At Hinchinbrook, River Outard, on the 28th Sept., the wife of David Pringle, of a son.

MARRIED.
At the Manse, Ormstown, on the 27th inst., by the Rev D. W. Morrison, B.A., John McGregor to Christina Wylio, daughter of Mr John Goudrey, both of English River.
At the residence of the bride's father, on the 3rd inst., by the Rev S. Houston, James W. Marshall, farmer, Godmanchester, to Annie H., second daughter of James T. Gillies, Esq., of Elgin.

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 26th September, by the Rev James Patterson, Mr John Sellar, of the Parish of Sherrington, farmer, to Miss Jane Brown, daughter of Mr Matthew Brown, Hemmingford, Que.
On the 27th of September, by the Rev James M. Boyd, B.D., at the residence of Robt. McLean, Chateaugay, George Hall, of Beauharnois, to Nancy, only daughter of the late Andrew Clark, of Hemmingford, and adopted daughter of John Lyon, county of Beauharnois.

DIED.
In Huntingdon, on the 30th ultimo, Isabella McCrean, wife of William Johnston, farmer, late of Trout River, aged 81 years. Deceased was a native of the County Derry, Ireland, and came to this District in 1831.
Important Notice to the Farmers of Godmanchester, Hinchinbrook and Elgin.

THE undersigned will be at the Port Lewis wharf from Friday, the 5th inst. to Thursday, the 11th, with a barge to receive grain, WHERE HE WILL PAY
AT LEAST VALLEYFIELD AND BEAUFORT HARVEST PRICES.

Farmers will be supplied with what SALT they need, at 45 cents. The salt is the best Liverpool coarse, 10 to the ton.
J. F. NICOLSON.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.
THE undersigned has 10 extra RAM LAMBS for sale.
H. R. McCracken.

THE Rev Mr McEwan, pastor of the Cornwall Baptist church, will preach in the Valleyfield Desecrated school building, on Sunday next, 7th October, at 10.30 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.

OPENED! OPENED!!
IN FULL BLAST AGAIN.

IN selecting my stock, every care was taken to get the latest styles at the lowest prices.
AS GOODS WELL BOUGHT ARE HALF SOLD.
DRESS GOODS were selected with the greatest care. I had some difficulty in getting Black Cashmere to suit, but, after looking thru a number of the best wholesale houses, I succeeded in getting the kind and make desired, and bought a very large stock of it. So those who intend to treat themselves to a Black Cashmere Dress this Fall, will do well to see my stock—only too glad to show Goods.
LADIES!
When you want a Black Silk Dress, see my stock.
When you want a colored Cashmere, in any of the newest shades, see my stock.
When you want a Black Velvet, see my stock.
When you want a colored Velvet, in the newest shades, see my stock.
When you want a Wool Costume Cloth, in any of the new shades, see my stock.
When you want a Union Cashmere, in any of the newest shades, see my stock.
When you want a Dress, of any kind, see my stock.
When you want a Shawl, see my stock, which is large and choice, at from \$2 to \$14.

When you want a Month of Winter, see my stock, from \$2 to \$12. Also this time in getting the kind and make desired, and bought a very large stock of it. So those who intend to treat themselves to a Black Cashmere Dress this Fall, will do well to see my stock—only too glad to show Goods.
Gentlemen.
When you want to get the Cloth for a common wearing Suit, try the NEW CASHMERE.
When you want the Cloth for a No. 1 Suit, with trimmings to match, see ASKAS McNAUGHTON'S stock.
I HAVE SOME TWEEDS THAT ARE TAKING FIRST CLASS, PUT UP IN SUIT LENGTHS.
In Ready-made goods, my stock is very large, in Ulsters, Overcoats and Suits, for Men and Boys—all the newest styles. Overcoats from \$2.75 to \$16, including the changeable and button-lined.
In Fur Caps and Gloves, a very fine stock.
In Gentlemen's Underwear, an immense stock. Suits from 75 cents up.
As this is the season that all these goods are wanted, and as you will be in the village looking after them, just call in and see for yourselves. My store is in the centre of the village, immediately opposite the Post Office.
IT WILL PAY YOU TO CALL.

ANGUS McNAUGHTON,
HUNTINGDON.

TEACHER WANTED for District No. 2, municipality of Dundee. Apply to the undersigned by the 13th ultimo. JOHN DAVIDSON, Secretary-Treasurer S.C.

DONALD DOWNIE, B.C.L.,
ADVOCATE, BARRISTER, &c.
44 St James Street, Montreal.
Collections a specialty.

LOST, strayed or taken away from the premises of Samuel Goodfellow, on Sunday evening, 16th inst., about 4 o'clock, the simple old woman, widow of the late Water Barr. To any person or persons giving information as to her whereabouts I will be thankful.
ANDREW GOODFELLOW,
Godmanchester.

Patrick Sullivan of St Anicet exhibited at the Huntingdon Fair a 2-year old entire colt, half Clyde and half French, of dark bay with black extremities, which weighed about 1300lb. The animal is of beautiful form and perfect symmetrical proportions. He is a fine example of what may be produced by crossing these strains which combine all the elements of beauty and strength.—Malone Farmer, 19th Sept.

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At the Manse, Ormstown, on the 27th inst., by the Rev D. W. Morrison, B.A., John McGregor to Christina Wylio, daughter of Mr John Goudrey, both of English River.
At the residence of the bride's father, on the 3rd inst., by the Rev S. Houston, James W. Marshall, farmer, Godmanchester, to Annie H., second daughter of James T. Gillies, Esq., of Elgin.

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 26th September, by the Rev James Patterson, Mr John Sellar, of the Parish of Sherrington, farmer, to Miss Jane Brown, daughter of Mr Matthew Brown, Hemmingford, Que.
On the 27th of September, by the Rev James M. Boyd, B.D., at the residence of Robt. McLean, Chateaugay, George Hall, of Beauharnois, to Nancy, only daughter of the late Andrew Clark, of Hemmingford, and adopted daughter of John Lyon, county of Beauharnois.

DIED.
In Huntingdon, on the 30th ultimo, Isabella McCrean, wife of William Johnston, farmer, late of Trout River, aged 81 years. Deceased was a native of the County Derry, Ireland, and came to this District in 1831.
Important Notice to the Farmers of Godmanchester, Hinchinbrook and Elgin.

THE undersigned will be at the Port Lewis wharf from Friday, the 5th inst. to Thursday, the 11th, with a barge to receive grain, WHERE HE WILL PAY
AT LEAST VALLEYFIELD AND BEAUFORT HARVEST PRICES.

Farmers will be supplied with what SALT they need, at 45 cents. The salt is the best Liverpool coarse, 10 to the ton.
J. F. NICOLSON.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.
THE undersigned has 10 extra RAM LAMBS for sale.
H. R. McCracken.

THE Rev Mr McEwan, pastor of the Cornwall Baptist church, will preach in the Valleyfield Desecrated school building, on Sunday next, 7th October, at 10.30 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.

OPENED! OPENED!!
IN FULL BLAST AGAIN.

IN selecting my stock, every care was taken to get the latest styles at the lowest prices.
AS GOODS WELL BOUGHT ARE HALF SOLD.
DRESS GOODS were selected with the greatest care. I had some difficulty in getting Black Cashmere to suit, but, after looking thru a number of the best wholesale houses, I succeeded in getting the kind and make desired, and bought a very large stock of it. So those who intend to treat themselves to a Black Cashmere Dress this Fall, will do well to see my stock—only too glad to show Goods.
LADIES!
When you want a Black Silk Dress, see my stock.
When you want a colored Cashmere, in any of the newest shades, see my stock.
When you want a Black Velvet, see my stock.
When you want a colored Velvet, in the newest shades, see my stock.
When you want a Wool Costume Cloth, in any of the new shades, see my stock.
When you want a Union Cashmere, in any of the newest shades, see my stock.
When you want a Dress, of any kind, see my stock.
When you want a Shawl, see my stock, which is large and choice, at from \$2 to \$14.

When you want a Month of Winter, see my stock, from \$2 to \$12. Also this time in getting the kind and make desired, and bought a very large stock of it. So those who intend to treat themselves to a Black Cashmere Dress this Fall, will do well to see my stock—only too glad to show Goods.
Gentlemen.
When you want to get the Cloth for a common wearing Suit, try the NEW CASHMERE.
When you want the Cloth for a No. 1 Suit, with trimmings to match, see ASKAS McNAUGHTON'S stock.
I HAVE SOME TWEEDS THAT ARE TAKING FIRST CLASS, PUT UP IN SUIT LENGTHS.
In Ready-made goods, my stock is very large, in Ulsters, Overcoats and Suits, for Men and Boys—all the newest styles. Overcoats from \$2.75 to \$16, including the changeable and button-lined.
In Fur Caps and Gloves, a very fine stock.
In Gentlemen's Underwear, an immense stock. Suits from 75 cents up.
As this is the season that all these goods are wanted, and as you will be in the village looking after them, just call in and see for yourselves. My store is in the centre of the village, immediately opposite the Post Office.
IT WILL PAY YOU TO CALL.

ANGUS McNAUGHTON,
HUNTINGDON.

TEACHER WANTED for District No. 2, municipality of Dundee. Apply to the undersigned by the 13th ultimo. JOHN DAVIDSON, Secretary-Treasurer S.C.

DONALD DOWNIE, B.C.L.,
ADVOCATE, BARRISTER, &c.
44 St James Street, Montreal.
Collections a specialty.

LOST, strayed or taken away from the premises of Samuel Goodfellow, on Sunday evening, 16th inst., about 4 o'clock, the simple old woman, widow of the late Water Barr. To any person or persons giving information as to her whereabouts I will be thankful.
ANDREW GOODFELLOW,
Godmanchester.

A DANGEROUS EXPERIMENT.

CHAPTER III.

But she did not. Oh, no. Before that time had elapsed I found that Denis Smith was necessary to my happiness. After the first few days the foreman and shop boys became accustomed to the sight of a pretty young woman filling the post of foreign correspondent—filling it, too, right well. Punctual in the morning, taking pains and real interest in her work—making, of course, a few blunders to begin with—always ready to admit her mistakes—I found Denis Smith a treasure. No nonsense about her, no affectation, no assumption of coquettish ways; she was characterized by a simple, quiet dignity, which would have become a queen. Often and often I pondered upon the past of this girl, gifted with all her sex's richest dower of beauty, fitted to shine in any society, and wondered what had been the reason which induced her to bury herself from the world as my foreign correspondent. She had suffered, deeply, too. The face told its own story. There was a look in her eyes occasionally which appeared to reveal such a tale of crushed-down passion and misery as must have impressed an observer less anxious than myself to find the wound which had cut so far into her heart. Sometimes I saw her, so far into her heart, looking absent straight before her, giving no sign of anything except weariness—utter weariness of all things. Once or twice she caught me thus looking at her. Her eyes flashed for an instant with a fierce light, then assumed their usual look of enforced calm. She interested me strangely. I wished to break thru the wall of reserve which her cold icy manner raised round her, but I could as soon have had my head cut off with pleasure as have said, 'Denis, I love you; will you marry me?' What lay below that outwardly tranquil manner and quiet face? This question occurred to me as I glanced at her, sitting in the foreign correspondent's room, one bright, sunny Spring afternoon; the hard, bitter expression on her countenance and the wild, lost look of the soft, dark eyes suited so ill with the girlish features. The room was now fitted up cozily with an easy chair, the desk had been made a convenient height for the fair writer, and fresh flowers sweet-scented ones—adorned the desk every day. Each afternoon a little fair-haired lame girl came and waited near my shop for my foreign correspondent. I am ashamed to acknowledge that I, Silas Weeks, did try to bribe that same child to tell me exactly who Denis was, by surreptitiously giving her bonbons and flowers, with, however, no result; but I am not ashamed to acknowledge that scores of times I could have wished I was in that same child's shoes, when sweet Denis Smith put her arm thru hers to assist her steps over a crossing.

I had been talking to Mr Smith, and after some conversation retired to my private room there to cogitate on the answer to the question which had puzzled me, when I imagined I heard a slight scream. My thoughts were all centered on one person—Denis Smith. Had it not been for her untaunting good sense my business must have got into a sad muddle, for money matters and love do not go well hand in hand; but after a few explanations Denis understood my affairs, and worked as tho my interests were her own.

I was not mistaken concerning the scream which I fancied I had heard. Denis Smith had fainted. Her head was leaning forward upon the desk, while her hands clasped a newspaper, already some days old, I had given her to read; and on raising her I found, to my no small fear, that although her eyes were wide open, they only stared at me fixedly, and her lips were covered with a sort of white foam. More alarmed than words can tell, I lifted her into my room, and there laid her on the floor until I should get some water with which to restore her. This brought, I poured some down her throat, and unloosened the button at the top of her dress fastened beneath her collar. Lying on her white neck was a gold chain, to which was affixed a wedding ring and a guard. She was in my arms, the wealth of her dark locks hanging over her shoulders. For a moment I was strongly tempted to kiss the pale upturned face, but I conquered the impulse and laid her gently on the rug. Gradually she came back to herself. I chafed the cold little hands, to which heat slowly returned.

'Where am I?' she asked faintly. 'How did I come here, Mr Weeks?'

'You were not very well,' I answered. 'Denis, dearest, this work is too hard, too confining, for such as you. Help me instead by being my wife.'

'You don't know what you ask,' said she; 'it is impossible that I can ever be any good man's wife.'

'I am not good; I am only a faulty, short-tempered man. Dearest, if you will overlook my faults, I will do the best I can to be a kind husband to you.'

'Without your hearing who or what I am?'

'Yes.'

'I was merely trying to see if you were in earnest, Mr Weeks. As you have been so generous, you shall hear my story. Are you afraid to listen?'

God forgive me, I was afraid. I longed, yet dreaded to know. It was like sacrilege to mistrust; yet, you see, it is a curious world, and there are many queer things in it, which shake one's belief in the existence of truth and purity.

'I am better now, Mr Weeks,' said Denis; 'pull the blind up that you may see my face plainly while I speak. Depend upon it, I will state only facts. I have done nothing to be ashamed of, altho an unhappy woman.'

She turned deathly white, and I thought she would have fallen; however, she revived after I had given her some water to drink and some salts to smell.

'Then he began to stay out late at night, and gambled at a billiard club. He had got into a wild set. I suppose men can never imagine what women endure sitting up waiting for them all alone; I used to be so tired. The money went, too, for his debts of honor, and the tradespeople became rude. Indeed, I was sorry for them; I did hate owing them and not being able to pay the bills. One evening—he was going out as usual—I asked him for some money, which I knew he had, his quarter's salary having been paid that day. 'You will get no money from me,' he said; 'you have no right to it. You are no wife of mine; your marriage is not legal. I wish to get rid of you and marry a rich wife.'

'Brute!' I exclaimed.

'O Frank,' I cried, 'you can't be in earnest. Don't say such hard things to your little wife.' He pushed me from him, repeating that I was no wife of his; that he was a Roman Catholic when he married me, and as we were only married by a clergyman of the Church of England, and not also by a Roman Catholic priest, it was no marriage in the eyes of the law. I did not speak another word, sitting dumb and miserable. He went out, and I have never seen him since. That very evening Nelly and I left Abbot's Hipton and came to Drumboog. Ah, it is a terrible world when you have no friends, and no money. Nelly and I did not want to be separated. At last I could get nothing to do. I sold a ring for seven shillings; it was a wretched sum, but I had no choice. I was in despair, and resolved to drown myself for Nelly's sake. With me she would starve, but if I was dead I thought about to forgive her and take her back. So I set out to drown myself, and should have done it but for you.'

'I?'

'Yes, you, Mr Weeks; you saved me. Life is a doubtful blessing, but you saved me. I left Nelly asleep; then your letter came; she woke and hurried after me. She is lame, you know; I often think an angel must have assisted her to come so quickly—and she was just in time.'

'And your husband—have you heard from him?'

'I heard of him to-day—dear Frank, the announcement of his death is in that paper. Poor fellow! Ah, don't blame him, Mr Weeks; he would have kept right had it not been for his companions,' she exclaimed, her lustrous eyes filling with tears. 'I shall never see him again, and he was so fond of me.'

'Showed it by heavens, in the way he treated you! A fellow like that is good ridance to the earth. He ought to have been hanged, but hanging is too kind for him.'

'For shame!' Mr Weeks, she passionately exclaimed; 'I won't stay here to listen to you saying such things.'

'There is no comprehending these women. Sometimes one would suppose they positively loved men better for behaving badly to them. Is it not a melancholy truth that there never was a man found—let him be as great a rascal as he might—but could persuade a woman to share his lot?'

'I beg your pardon, Denis; my blood boils when I think of that villain—that gentleman. Dearest, we will make the happiness of the future compensate for the past.'

'You still wish to marry me after all I have told you?'

'I do more than wish; I shall.'

'It is a great temptation to accept you, a comfortable, happy home, but it is not right. You will be content only for a time with gratitude. No, no, I cannot do you such a wrong, Mr Weeks.'

'You must, you shall, you will! Think of Nelly. You need never be parted from her again.'

'I saw this artful insinuation about her sister carried more weight with it than anything I had yet said.'

'Nelly is delicate. I went on. 'Ivy Lodge will afford her more comforts than she has in your lodgings. She need not go to school, you can teach her yourself.'

'You are very good, Mr Weeks, too good,' she said, placing both her hands in mine with a smile, the sudden sweetness of which nearly made me lose my head, having never seen her smile before; 'but it is a dangerous experiment to marry a woman who does not love you.'

'Let me hope you will in course of time,' I answered, tightening my hold of the little soft hands in my own broad palms; 'if it be a dangerous experiment, it is one I am willing to risk.'

'My love is buried in Frank, dear Frank's grave; but I will do all I can, Mr Weeks; will that content you?'

'Until I win your love, my dearest.'

So I Silas Weeks, seedsman, and Denis Smith, foreign correspondent, plighted our troth.

Never possessed of much patience, I delayed no longer than was absolutely required by the laws of the land in making the necessary preparations for our wedding. A week I found had unhappily to elapse before the ceremony could take place; no special licenses being procurable in Scotland I was forced to wait until the banns could be proclaimed. Denis thought it best, as she was not a widow, altho she had supposed herself to be Frank Smith's wife, that her maiden name, Denzil, should be used for the publication. My sister, who had kept house for me during a period extending over twenty years, was not best pleased by the intelligence that I was going to be married, while my numerous little nephews and nieces—alto exceedingly fond of 'kind Uncle Silas'—so should I have been fond of an unmarried rich uncle—looked very blue at the news I meant shortly to present them with—Mrs Silas Weeks. Denis wished me to tell my sister the history of her unfortunate marriage; but in this matter I exercised my own judgment, and buried the fact that Denis had ever been called Denis Smith in my own bosom. It is so easy to dash a woman's fair fame. I knew my sister and my world better than to intrust Denis's secret to them, or to admit that she had acted in the capacity of my foreign correspondent. As she had hitherto been known as Smith there would be no difficulty about that.

How shall I describe the happiness of that week, augmented as it was by the thought it had only just begun, and would last as long as there was breath in my body, or as God was pleased to spare us to each other? Every day I took Denis and Nelly for a drive; several

mornings they spent at Ivy Lodge with my sister, and I tore myself away reluctantly to go to my shop. Denis fairly won my sister's heart, and all inconvenient inquiries I stopped by a clever fiction not worth retelling here. We decided to have no marriage trip. The change in my way of life would be sufficient variety for me, and Denis did not care for travelling. She was pleased with Ivy Lodge, her future home. Nelly seemed to grow stronger each time she breathed the fresh country air.

I suppose there are few married men or women who do not remember accurately the sensations they experienced the night before their wedding; I know I can recall mine distinctly. By Denis's desire I redeemed the turquois ring from the jeweler, almost regretting that I had done so, for the sight of the token Frank Smith had given her as a pledge of his love made her burst into a passion of tears. Dead, powerless, in his grave as he was, I hated that man. He came between me and my living love. Lying under the daisied sod, he had more influence over Denis than I sometimes feared I ever should have.

For various reasons it was to be a very quiet wedding. I dislike displays at marriages; besides, Denis had a nervous dread of fuss and ceremony. To me, of course, her slightest wish was law. She and Nelly spent the evening at Ivy Lodge with me and my sister. So charming did Denis make herself that Miss Weeks remarked to me confidentially she was not surprised at my infatuation, 'Denis being the sweetest creature she had ever seen.'

That night I scarcely slept at all, a mingled fever of joy, hope, and fear took possession of me. At last, finding I could not sleep, I rose, dressed myself and went down stairs silently, and out into the quiet street, walking up and down in front of Nelly's lodgings until dawn, when, tired and exhausted, I returned home. Hours before the appointed time I was ready, and was too fitful to eat much breakfast. Denis was an Episcopalian, but I am a Presbyterian; however, a clergyman of her own communion was to perform the service.

The church was deserted save by its guardian, the verger, when my sister and I arrived. It looked very dismal with the altar-cloth carefully rolled up, the hassocks turned upside down, and the blinds like those in a meeting-house, not drawn up. There was a looking-glass in the vestry, wherein I imagine the clergyman contemplated his appearance in his surplice before entering the church. Perhaps it was an unbecoming mirror, but I never saw myself looking so old. Neither had it struck me before how bald I had grown, nor how many crow's feet were cruelly stamped at the corners of my eyes. Alas! alas! My youth had fled. I was not fit match for pretty Denis Denzil in the bloom and beauty of her womanhood. Then the clergyman came with a supercilious individual, acting as lay-reader, and some gawky lads who were to sing 'The voice that breathed o'er Eden.' My sister and I took our places, one at the altar-steps, where the verger had righted the hassocks and drawn up the blinds; Miss Weeks sitting in a high pew just behind me. Presently several persons came into the body of the church. I did not look to see who they were. Would Denis never come? Had anything happened to prevent her arrival? What an absurd custom it is that the bride and bridegroom shall only meet at the altar on their wedding-day! But here she is at last, and how beautiful! I go down the aisle and meet her half way. Offering her my arm, I escort her myself up to the altar, little Nelly, very smart and pleased with her finery, coming behind. The choir begin, 'The voice that breathed o'er Eden' all out of time and tune, the clergyman is waiting for us, big service-book in hand, there is the opening and shutting of the porch door, a heavy tread up the aisle, but I am only conscious of the pale-faced vision of loveliness at my side in white and orange blossom, whose cheeks one moment match her snowy robes, the next are dyed crimson as the bows on Nelly's dress. The clergyman has a funeral to conduct when our wedding is over, therefore he 'scamps' a great portion of the address beginning 'Dearly beloved.'

'I require and charge you both, as ye will answer at the dreadful day of judgment, when the secrets of all hearts shall be disclosed, that if either of you know any impediment why ye may not be lawfully joined together in matrimony ye do now confess it.'

The clergyman makes the usual pause. For my part I know of nothing, and I am sure that Denis does not either. What is the use of delay when I am longing for that supreme moment when Silas Weeks and Denis Denzil shall be pronounced man and wife?

'I forbid this marriage to proceed,' said a voice—a man's voice.

Denis had taken one glance down the long stretch of tall pews. Her face was all aglow with fire and enthusiasm, as she saw some pleasant sight. It did not need her exclamation of 'Frank!' to tell me there had been a mistake somewhere about his death, and that in all probability he was standing in flesh and blood in the church.

'Forbid the marriage repeated the clergyman in stammering, astonished accents. 'On what grounds?'

'Denis is already married,' continued the voice; and then a young man stepped coolly forward to the steps of the altar. Men are seldom judges of each other's beauty, but I could not help admitting that he was an undeniably fine-looking young fellow, far better suited to be the husband of my former foreign correspondent than the commonplace elderly Silas Weeks. He advanced close up to me. I threw my arms round Denis.

'Let me go to him!' she cried. 'O Frank, my darling, I thought you were dead: I saw the announcement in the paper.'

'Verger, turn this man out!' I exclaimed. 'He has no right to prevent the service proceeding.'

'Take away your arms from her,' said Denis's husband. 'She is my wife.'

'No wife of yours; you were not legally married; you told her so, and left her to die alone, you black-hearted villain!' I cried, drawing her nearer and nearer to me. 'Clear out of this, or by heavens I'll make you! I defy you to prevent the marriage!'

'She is my wife!' said he gently. 'Denis, sweet one, listen to me. You were mistaken about the announcement of my death; there are hundreds of Frank Smiths in the world, I dare say, and what you saw must have referred to some namesake of mine. I never was a Roman Catholic, and our marriage is per-

fectly legal. I never imagined you would have believed my foolish angry words, said in a moment of passion. Denis, forgive me! I have searched day and night since you left, and have not known an hour's happiness. Had you only waited five minutes I should have come back to beg your forgiveness, as I did—to find you gone.'

He handed some papers to the clergyman. 'What he says is true, Mr Weeks,' he said slowly, after examining the contents of the papers. 'These are the certificate and bans of marriage between Francis Smith and Denis Denzil. You have no choice but to restore her to her husband.'

I stood stunned, dazed, stupefied, as if turned to stone. I could not speak.

'Give me my wife,' said Frank Smith, wrenching my arms from about Denis. 'Come, my darling.'

I pushed him back, and kissed her for the first and the last time. And then I let her go.

Sometimes little Nelly writes to me. She lives with the Smiths, you know. He has turned over a new leaf, they say, and is doing well. For Denis's sake I hope he is. As to myself, I have not married. I think I have said that I loved Denis Smith.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC JUBILEE.

ONE of the great events of the present year is the completion of the Northern Pacific Railroad, which was celebrated at a point far up in the northwestern corner of Montana, September 8, 1883. The great enterprise of building this trans-continental highway has been prosecuted fitfully and under many difficulties, financial and physical, since 1864, but no actual work was undertaken until the spring of 1870. By the autumn of 1873 the road was completed from Duluth, at the western end of Lake Superior, to Bismarck, on the Missouri River, Dakota, and from Kalama, Washington Territory, to Tacoma, on Puget Sound, the total number of miles of road then in operation being 600.

In the panic of 1873 the great house of Jay Cooke & Co. failed, the sale of Northern Pacific Railroad bonds was stopped, and the work of railroad-building was suspended, until 1877, when unimportant operations were resumed on the Pacific coast. After various changes in the management of the affairs of the company, Frederick Billings became president of the road in 1879, and under his direction work was vigorously pushed on all divisions of the line. In 1881 Mr Henry Villard, who had previously secured control of all sea, river, and railroad transportation lines in Oregon and Washington, obtained a controlling interest in the Northern Pacific Railroad, and was elected president of the company. Since that time the enterprise, which is one of extraordinary magnitude, and is burdened with vast difficulties, has been prosecuted to a successful completion. The last rail was laid and the last spike driven at a point on the line of road which may be described as 1198 miles from Lake Superior and 847 miles from Puget Sound. These figures indicate the length of the road between the two points at which the work was originally begun. But from this spot St Paul, practically the eastern terminus of the line, in 1205 miles away, and Portland, one of the western termini, is 706 miles distant. The place made famous by the driving of the last spike is a lonely interval in the Rocky Mountains, hemmed in by lofty and almost treeless peaks. A decorated roof, supported by columns of timber, was erected between the temporary track used for construction purposes and the road-bed over which the finished line was to run. Westward of this was a pavilion for the ladies of the party, and flanking this was a music stand, in which was posted the Fifth United States Infantry Band, which discoursed excellent music for the occasion. Around were grouped Indians, artisans, miners, country people from distant canons and valleys, and a large company of excursionists from Montana and the East, brought thither by trains of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, and from Oregon by the trains of the Oregon Railroad and Steam-Navigation Company, the Western corporation of Mr Villard's numerous enterprises. Considering the distance of the place from any settlement, the crowd assembled was very large. Some of the people from the adjacent region had travelled fifty or sixty miles to see the show, camping out at night, and now they rejoiced that they were able to behold the iron rails laid in the line that should connect their neighborhoods with the rest of the world.

The principal speeches of the day were made by Messrs Villard, Billings, and William M. Everts. These were worthy contributions to the somewhat voluminous literature of the transcontinental celebration and excursion. But, in order to group together representatives of the various States and Territories traversed by the line, the Governors of Minnesota, Wisconsin, Dakota, Idaho, Montana, Washington, and Oregon were brought out with brief speeches, and General Grant, in answer to uproarious calls, made a few bright and pleasant remarks to the company. A gap of 1200 feet had been left between the eastern and the western ends of the advancing lines of rails. Gangs of track-layers, ten men in each, were stationed at each end of this gap, and at a given signal they went eagerly to work, laying their rails with marvelous rapidity, and advancing toward the last 600 feet distant from each. With prodigious clamor and clatter of iron, and amid cheers from the assembled crowd, the last rail was laid, and then the last spike was driven, first by H. C. Davis, who, when superintendent of construction, had driven the first spike. He struck a blow, then President Villard, Mr Billings, General Grant, and a long line of distinguished men each dealt a tap, until the last spike was fairly driven home, and the great work was completed.

London, Sept. 19.—The Times says O'Donnell, the murderer of Carey, is 45 years old, a native of Merioneth, County Donegal, Ireland, and has been to America several times. He served in the American war, lived in Philadelphia, and kept a public house on the Canadian border. He invested in silver mines and Fenian bonds, lost money and returned to Ireland last May, where he frequented the company of Irish-Americans in Londonderry, carried a revolver, and was considered a strong Nationalist, but opposed to the invincibles. When Carey turned informer, O'Donnell declared he would burn him by inches. He went to the Cape to seek work, because he considered America played out. He had never seen Carey before he took passage, and had no idea that the informer was on board.

CANADA.

On the Bell Farm at Indian Head, N.W.T., the granary and storehouse have a capacity of 30,000 bushels of wheat, besides the stores and implements for the farm. There is now that quantity of pure life wheat stored there. It weighs 67 lbs to the bushel and averages 22 bushels to the acre. Twenty-five portable granaries, to hold 1,000 bushels each are being constructed. The yield of oats on this farm this year is 70,000 bushels. None of this year's wheat will be sold, as it is being held for next year's seed for the farm and for sale to the farmers in that part of the country. The stable—a circular stone building—contains stalls for 36 horses. The cattle shed accommodates 200 head. The dog kennel contains seven setter dogs, one valued at \$1,500, another at \$800 and all first class. The farm has 26 self-binder reaping machines, and 50 sulky plows. Two steam threshing machines are constantly at work. Eighty-seven men are employed, and there are 40 "stations" on the place. The farm owns 99 work horses and 60 milch cows. It is 10 miles square, and next year 10,000 acres will be cropped. An avenue of poplar trees is being planted; it is 10 1/2 miles long and the trees will number 10,000. The company are cutting 800 tons wild hay for winter use. It would cost \$70,000 to fence this farm. They pay their employees \$35 a month and pay them on the 20th of every month. The expenditure on the farm already amounts to \$250,000. The town of Indian Head is owned by the Company. It has a population of 100 to 200. A hotel belonging to the Bell Farming Co. is going up on the surveyed site of the new town, to cost \$10,000, and the town will be beautifully laid out and planted with shade trees by the Farm Company. The improvements on the Farm we may add, only commenced a year ago.

Prof. McEachern, of Montreal, who has just returned from the Bow River-ranching district, states that ranchmen are now selecting their lands as near the United States boundary as possible, in order, if possible, to avoid the severe frosts of the more northerly regions. The loss of cattle on the Cochran ranch last winter, owing to severity of weather, was, he says, considerable, but the season was an exceptionally severe one. Dr McEachern has located the Waldron ranch between the Porcupine Hills and the Livingstone range west of Fort McLeod, placing 4,000 head of cattle on it. The Cochran Range, as at first selected, was too far north. Dr McEachern reports no disease among cattle on ranches.

Fifty dollars were recently abstracted from a letter in the Granby postoffice which was addressed to Mr Rufus Ball, jr. An investigation was made by Mr Edwin King, P. O. inspector who traced the theft to Master George A. Vittie, a younger son of the Postmaster, aged 16 years. Upon being charged with the offence he at first denied it, then confessed and gave up the money. He was afterwards brought before Mr A. Savage, J. P., committed and sent to Sweetsburg for trial. Mr Vittie, the father of the unfortunate young man, and Mr Malcolm Vittie, his elder brother and the deputy postmaster, are among the first citizens of Granby, and are deservedly held in the highest esteem.

The Hochelaga Cotton Factory Company has discharged about 100 hands, mostly single men and boys.

In the Court of Appeals, Montreal, last week judgment was given in the case of Rodier (defendant in the Court below), appellant, and Laberge (plaintiff below), respondent.—The action was brought by the respondent in the Circuit Court at Beauharnois for \$169.50, estimated value for one year of certain rights existing in favor of Marguerite Gelinus, from whom the respondent had a transfer. The defence was that Marguerite Gelinus had made an opposition in her own name, claiming the rights in question, and the transfer had not been signified in time to enable respondent to urge the present claim. The defence was sustained in the Circuit Court, but the case being taken to Review, the first judgment was set aside, and it was held that the signification of the transfer after the sheriff's sale was sufficient to enable the respondent to exercise his rights. The defendant appealed from this judgment. In appeal the court was of opinion to reform the judgment, and the appellant was condemned to pay to the respondent the reduced sum of \$83.55, with costs of an action of that class in the Circuit Court; each party to pay his own costs in Review, and the costs of the appeal in favor of the appellant.

Lumbermen this year are using more beef in connection with their shanties. Some time ago nothing but pork was used, the supplies being drawn principally from Chicago, but since the export trade in cattle has assumed so large proportions farmers in the Ottawa Valley have devoted more time and attention to cattle raising and are now supplying many of the lumber shanties with beef. During the past week several hundred head of cattle have been shipped for the Upper Ottawa, and the prospects are that the pork trade will, in the course of a few years, be seriously affected.

'The Methodist Church' is now the strongest Protestant denomination in the Dominion. The total membership is 739,160, made up as follows:—Methodist Church of Canada, 582,963; Episcopal Methodist, 103,272; Bible Christian, 27,296; Primitive Methodist, 25,680. The Church of England has a membership of 574,818, and the Presbyterian Church 629,280.

LAST CALL.

ALL parties indebted to us, either by Note or Book Account, are requested to make prompt payment and thereby save costs.

Huntingdon, September 25.
BOYD & CO.

FOR SALE, 5 pure-bred Leicester Ram Lambs and Shearing Rams.

CHARLES McDIARMID.
Govey Hill, Sept. 25.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ON Thursday, 18th October, at 2 o'clock p.m., will be sold to the highest bidder, on the premises, the property of the late JAMES CLARK, known and designated under Nos. 61, 62, 94, 95, and 96, on the official plan and in the book of reference of the parish of St Cecilia, containing, in the whole, about 350 arpents in superficies. The property is the best in Valleyfield.

The conditions of the sale will be made known before the sale, at the office of the undersigned or from the testamentary executors of the deceased.

Z. BOYER, Notary.
ALEX. CLARK, } Testamentary Executors.
ANDREW CLARK, }

BEGINNING BUSINESS AT THE OLD STAND.

WE beg respectfully to inform the people of Hemmingford and adjoining municipalities that we have formed a co-partnership, under the name and firm of SCRIVER BROTHERS, and that we propose, on and after the first day of the ensuing month, to carry on business, as General Traders, in the village of Hemmingford, in the premises formerly occupied by John Scriver & Son, subsequently by J. & J. A. Scriver, and for the last ten or twelve years by Mr Tay Edwards.

It is our intention to keep a general and complete assortment as possible of such goods and wares, of every kind, as are ever kept in a general country store; to keep articles of good quality only, and to sell them for cash or on approved credit, at fair and moderate prices.

It is our purpose, also, to keep a good assortment of MILLINERY GOODS, and to employ, at suitable seasons, a competent Milliner. We would call special attention to the fact that we have secured Mr Edwards' whole remaining stock of goods, at a considerable discount from its first cost, and that we will be able to offer the same at VERY LOW PRICES.

We trust that we may have the pleasure of receiving an early call from intending purchasers.

JOHN F. SCRIVER,
CHARLES W. SCRIVER.
Hemmingford, Sept. 20, 1883.

FOR SALE, a village lot, situated on the Front street, Ormstown, with a new brick dwelling-house and store, a back store, shed and stable thereon erected. This stand, adjoining that of Mr Hugh Walsh, on the corner, is central and favorably situated for business. Apply to JOHN LOCKERBY, Proprietor, village of Ormstown.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY give notice to all concerned, that I do not hold myself responsible for any debts contracted by any person outside of my own name.

DONALD SUTHERLAND.
Helena, Sept. 12, 1883.

MODEL SCHOOL, DURHAM, - - - ORMSTOWN.

THIS Educational Institution will open on MONDAY, the 3rd day of September, under the superintendence of Miss NOLAN, for the reception of pupils, when all the higher branches of education will be taught.

AFORDING ALL THE ADVANTAGES THAT CAN BE HAD IN ANY ACADEMY.

The building has been erected at considerable cost and expense.

BOARD CAN BE HAD IN THE VILLAGE AT REASONABLE RATES.

For terms and particulars apply to the undersigned.

A. McEACHERN,
Secy.-Treasr.
Ormstown, July 31, 1883.

FOR SALE, 1 yearling Shropshire Ram, imported, 1 half-bred Shropshire and South-down yearling Ram, bred by Wm. Major, Pickering, Ontario. Apply to D. BRIMS, Athelstan.

STOVES! STOVES!!

Of Every Kind and Description.
PRICES TO SUIT EVERYONE. CALL AND SEE THEM.

First-class Threshing Machines

ALSO FOR SALE. TERMS REASONABLE.

Lumber and Old Iron taken in Exchange.

BOYD & CO.

Huntingdon, Aug. 22.

SHORTEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTE TO THE WEST VIA GRAND TRUNK RR. AND CONNECTIONS.

TICKETS issued to all points in Manitoba, Dakota, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Illinois, Montana, Nevada, California, &c., &c.

For Rates, or any information, apply to W. W. ROBERT, Huntingdon; D. D. BRYSON, Ormstown, or direct to G. H. PHILLIPS, Valleyfield, Q.

1865 DENTISTRY. 1883

H. W. MERRICK,
DENTIST,
FORT COVINGTON, N.Y.

At home the first 25 days of each month, until further notice. Artificial teeth inserted on any of the first class bases now in use and the best of material used. Teeth extracted without pain or danger by the use of liquid Nitrous Oxide gas.

Nothing short of unmistakable benefits conferred upon tens of thousands of sufferers could originate and maintain the reputation which ALEX. SASSARABALLA enjoys. It is a compound of the best vegetable alternatives with the Iodide of Potassium and Iron—all powerful, blood-making, blood-cleansing and life-sustaining—and is the most effectual of all remedies for scrofulous, mercurial, or blood disorders. Uniformly successful and certain, it produces rapid and complete cures of Scrofula, Sores, Bolls, Humors, Pimples, Eruptions, Skin Diseases and all disorders arising from impurity of the blood. By its invigorating effects it always relieves and often cures Liver Complaints, Female Weaknesses and Irregularities, and is a potent renewer of waning vitality. For purifying the blood it has no equal. It tones up the system, restores and preserves the health, and imparts vigor and energy. For forty years it has been in extensive use, and is today the most available medicine for the suffering sick. For sale by all druggists.

LOUDON BROTHERS,

Building Contractors and Dealers in DIMENSION TIMBER, LUMBER, LATHS, SHINGLES, DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS, ETC., VALLEYFIELD, Que.

IN addition to a full line of the usual School Books, the following new textbooks recommended by the Rev Mr Rexford, are kept on hand:—

MORRELL'S MANUAL OF SPELLING, 30 cents.
KIRKLAND & SCOTT'S ELEMENTARY ARITHMETIC, 25 cents.
BEATTY & CLARE'S BOOK-KEEPING, 70 cents.
CHILD'S HISTORY OF CANADA, 30 cents.
CULL'S GLOSSARY DICTIONARY, the cheapest and best published, 75 cents.
Books sent to any address by mail on receipt of price.

GLENER BOOK STORE.

THE CANADIAN GLENER is published every Thursday at noon. Subscription \$1.50 a year in advance, postage free. Single copies, four cents each. One dollar pays for eight months' subscription, two dollars for a year and four months.

ROBT. SELLS, Proprietor, Huntingdon, Que.

James Anderson of Durham is general agent for Chateaugay for the Gleaner, and will receive payment of old or new subscriptions. Subscribe for the Gleaner.

Mr James S. Cowan, tinsmith, of Valleyfield, is authorized to receive subscriptions for the Gleaner and payment of accounts.