Imperial Institute
Trafalgar Square
London SW ENG

DAILY WITNESS

Last Edition.

Vol. XXXVII., No. 30. MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1896. PRICE ONE CENT.

PHOTOGRAPHING THE INVISIBLE.

Experiments by Professor Cox of McGill University Confirm Professor Roentgen's Discovery

WITH CATHODE LIGHT.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE RAYS THAT REMAIN TO BE DISCOVERED.

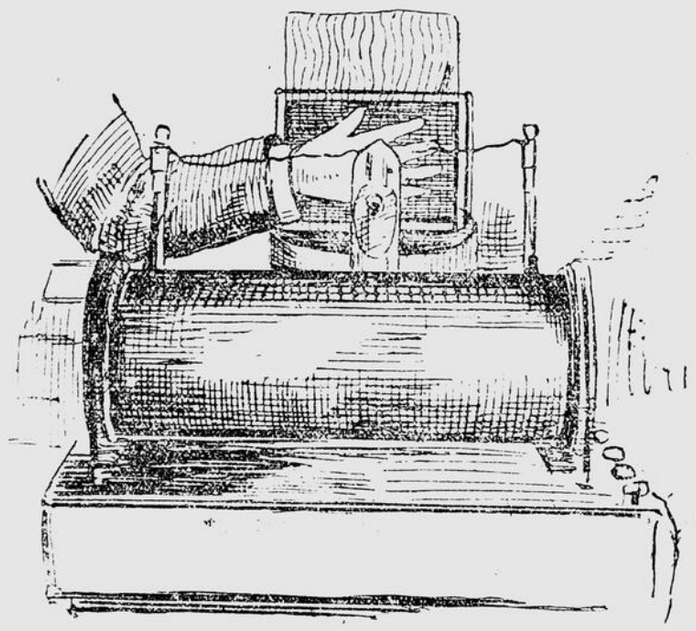
Many years ago when Daguerre discovered the means of photography and by the long and tedious process he secured an imperfect picture of a subject, it seemed by many scientists of the day that the acme of physics had been reached and daguerreotypes were looked upon as the summum totum of science. Since then they are relegated to realms of fable, and other obsolete affairs; in a word a perfect photograph is secured and not only that but colors are reproduced by the magic influence of light and nitrate of silver and the art of lithography revoluttionized. These steps towards perfection are very gratifying but in this age they are only recognized as steps. But when it was heralded recently that Professor Roentgen, of Wurzburg, Germany, had succeeded in photographing objects behind opaque bodies by the use of cathode rays, or, in other words, photographing objects invisible to the eye, scientific men all over the world gave a cheer. That such a scientific triumph as is scored has not only been verified by other learned German professors but Professor Cox, of McGill College, has, by two different experiments, demonstrated that another wonderful sphere has been added to the science of photography and also that of light.

In making the photographs of invisible objects a highly sensitized plate is placed in an ordinary photographic plate holder. Right in front of it is placed the object to be photographed. Next to the object to be photographed is placed a high vacuum tube, technically known as Crooke's



PROFESSOR COX.

tube, in which there is an almost perfect vacuum. At the upper end of this tube the cathode or negative pole of the battery is attached, the positive pole being attached to the lower end of the tube and both poles being connected with an induction coil giving out very high potential discharges.



HOW THE PHOTOGRAPHING WAS DONE.

When the object to be photographed has been for a short time before the sensitized plate the latter is removed and developed like any other photograph and prints of the impression on it can be made to any number desired.

With all the apparati necessary in the McDonald Science building for the testing of the experiment, and some six hundred Crooke's tubes to fall back upon, Professor Cox the other day photographed a hand of Mr. N. N. Evans. The result was satisfactory inasmuch as it showed that the cathode rays worked, but the hand was rather indistinct in the photograph. The rays in that case passed through one-eighth of an inch of mahogany.

Yesterday afternoon Professor Cox determined to make another experiment in the same line. His audience was three reporters. Upon a high stool next to the huge slate-covered table in the lecture room was placed a large square block of wood. Against this Professor Cox rested a tightly closed mahogany camera plate-holder containing a Stanley sensitized dry plate, sensitometer, 50, the most sensitive of all plates, and by size 8½ by 6½ inches, the sensitized side of the plate being turned towards the object to be reproduced. A small sized Crooke's tube was then placed about seven inches from the plate. Professor Cox then placed his right hand squarely upon the side of the camera plate-holder and his assistant, Mr. Pitcher, turned on the current of electricity. Instantly the Crocke's tube, which is simply a glass vacuum tube with a metallic disc at the end of the wire of each pole, became lighted up with a strange florescent light varying in color from a light violet tint to a greenish blue, the latter being the color which is said to throw out the strongest cathode rays. The tube, however, had been already used in one experiement and owing to the strength of the current of electricity it had been blackened in the inside. The light was very intermittent, so much so that Professor Cox thought it might not do. The current now on was one of vast strength, no less than 100,000 volts. This potential was such that Professor Cox cautioned the spectators not to touch the wires as they would regret it. Advice which was entirely unnecessary, for the sinister snapping and growling of the battery and a series of miniature flashes of lightning when the electricity leaped in its hurry and energy, from one wire to the other, checked any desire of an onlooker to touch any part of the mysterious outfit. Occasionally a small forked flash of blue lightning would draw a zigzag line in the air and disappear in the back of the professor's hand, causing him to ejaculate a sudden 'Oh!' but it was no doubt intended as a joke on the part of the battery and taken as such. Still, the voltage in use was awful when it is remembered that the number of volts used to execute criminals in Sing Sing never exceeds 1,700, while here were 100,000 volts indulging in pranks within a few feet of the spectators. The Crooke's tube gave such an intermittent light, however, and the lightning flashes became so frequent that after two minutes use, Professor Cox determined to change the tube for another. The latter was a tube of somewhat similar form, a foot in length and about two inches in diameter, with a barium painted mica disc at one end. This tube acted perfectly, and a peculiar greenish-blue light pervaded it. For twenty minutes Professor Cox sat with his hand glued to the plate-holder, after which Mr. Pitcher turned off the electricity.

'I don't know whether it will be a success, for I never tried that Crooke's tube before, but I hope it will prove so,' remarked Professor Cox, as he walked away with the plate to the dark room to develop it.

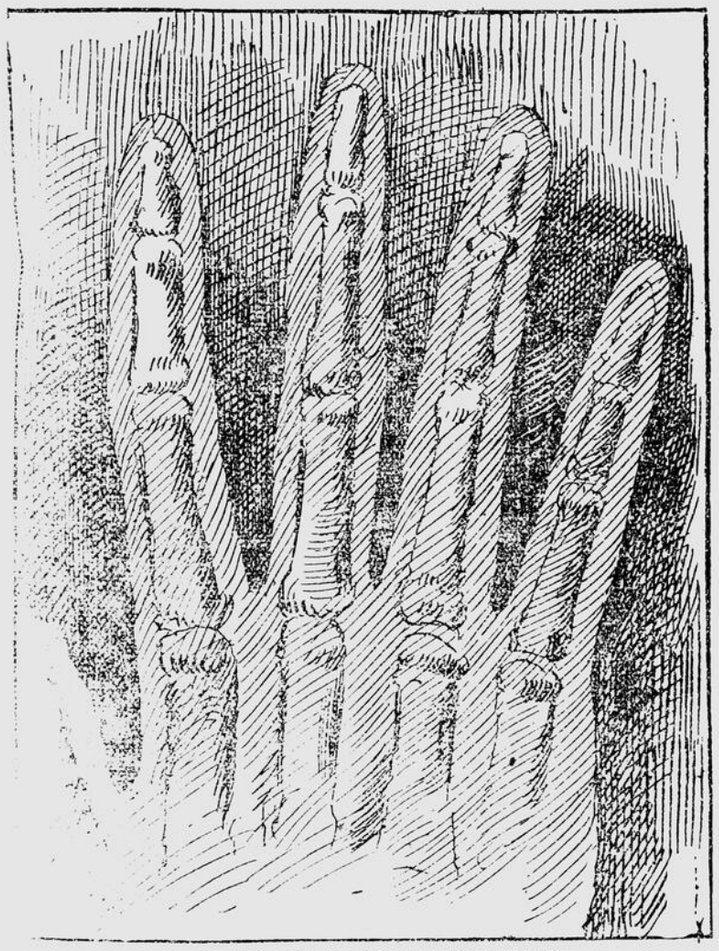
The result was a complete success. There, on the plate was the picture, Professor Cox's hand, clear and distinct: but it was a gruesome hand, for under the influence of the mysterious cathode rays the flesh had almost disappeared and the weird, uncanny long hand, similar to that of a human being long dead, stood out in grim distinctness. A shadowy haze surrounded the bony framework and this was the flesh which had surrounded the bones and which had not yet entirely disappeared. Had Professor Cox waited a few minutes longer this shadow would have disappeared altogether. The experiment was undoubtedly a success; the mysterious element called the cathode rays, invisible to the naked eye, had gone through the hand of the professor and through more than one-eighth of an inch of mahogany and left imprinted upon the plate a picture of the bony framework, causing the flesh to disappear like the evanescing of a dissolving view.

Just what this element is scientists are unable to say. All they know thus far is that it is invisible to the human eye and can penetrate wooden partitions, books, purses, human members and other organic substances with the same facility as the sunlight penetrates glass, but that it meets with opposition on striking inorganic substances such as metals, except aluminum. No glass lenses are used in this photography. The light simply emanates from the Crooke's tube and performs its subtle work without the aid of magnifying influences. Speaking of this peculiar power Edison says:—

'Scientifically stated, the results of this discovery show that there is a form of energy which has been supposed to exist and is now demonstrated. The technical description of the cause that produces this effect is that it is a "disturbance of the ether." Do not ask me what ether is, for I do not know; but just as sound travels through grosser material air, so do light, electricity and magnetism travel through ether. All of these agents are undulatory in their movements from point to point; while the movement of the cathode ray is vibratory only. For example, take a piece of rope and fasten one end to a wall, then go off a certain distance and shake it. It will move in waves; that is the undulatory vibration. Now pull the same rope taut and it vibrates but does not undulate.'

Professor Cox this morning put the wonderful cathode rays to a practical use. A patient from the General Hospital was taken to his lecture room. The man broke his hip bone some months ago and the bone has refused to mend. A large extra senstitive plate was received from Notman's and the patient was stood up against it for fifty-eight minutes while the rays from the Crooke's tube used yesterday were applied to his hip. The plate was then sent away for development.

(Continued on Page Eleven.)



PROF. COX'S HAND AS PHOTOGRAPHED.



ELECTIONEERING IN CAPE BRETON.

A NEW BANK DIRECTOR.

Mr. G. N. Ducharme has been elected a director of the Jacques Cartier Bank to fill the vacancy left on the board by the death of the late Mr. Joel Leduc. Mr. Ducharme is well known in business circles, especially in connection with the municipal council of Ste. Cunegonde, of which he was for many years secretary-treasurer, becoming afterwards a councillor and subsequently Mayor of the municipality.

HARD TO MOVE.

(To the Editor of the 'Witness.')

Sir,—For the past two weeks it has been our privilege to telephone every second day to the Health Department of our City Hall to ask them to remove a dead dog from our back premises. The replies are always of the same apologetic nature which is characteristic of this department, the only virtue which they seem to possess. Will you inform me through your valuable columns whether it will be necessary to apply to the Quebec Government for an order for the dog's removal.

JAMES MACGILLIVRAY.

84 Hutchison street, Feb. 5.

TURKS GROWING DESPERATE.

FRESH OUTRAGES THREATENED IF THE ARMENIANS IN ZEITOUN REFUSE TO SURRENDER.

London, Feb. 5.—A despatch from the correspondent of the United Press at Constantinople, dated Feb. 4, says a telegram received from Aintab asserts that massacres at Aintab and Marash are probable if the negotiations for the surrender of the town of Zeitoun by the Armenians should fail to put that place in possession of the Turks.

AN ENTIRE FAMILY DEAD.

RICHARD KLOETTKE OF CHICAGO KILLS HIS FATHER, MOTHER, WIFE AND THREE DAUGHTERS.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—An entire family, of seven persons was found dead this morning, the result of murderous work and suicide last night of Richard Kloettke, a carpenter, residing at 207 Berteau avenue. The dead are: Richard Kloettke, aged 37; Kaye Kloettke, his wife; John Kloettke, his father, aged 73; Mina Kloettke, his mother, aged 71; Mina Kloettke, his daughter, aged 9; Anna Kloettke, daughter, aged 8; Emma Kloettke, daughter, aged 7. The discovery was made at 7.30 o'clock this morning by a neighbor who called at the Kloettke residence to get some work done. The victims were all killed by shots from a revolver, which was found by Kloettke's side. Kloettke had been out of work for some time, had no money and no prospects of getting work.

THE CONVERSION OF PRINCE BORIS

CREATING MUCH INTERREST IN ST. PETERSBURG

New York, Feb. 5.—The 'Herald's' St. Petersburg special, says:—The conversion of Prince Boris of Bulgaria is the topic of the hour and excites the greatest interest in political and diplomatic circles. An eminent authority declares that even if the present ruler of Bulgaria should be excommunicated by the Pope there was a reassuring precedent for such an event in the case of King Victor Emanuel of Italy, who suffered the same fate with equanimity.

The 'Novoe Vremya' prints a despatch which says that Prince Ferdinand has signed a proclamation to be issued today. Editorially it remarks: 'The orthodoxy of Prince Boris will kill Russian indifference to Bulgaria, and Bulgaria is coming back to the terms of the treaty of Berlin.

SITUATION IN THE TRANSVAAL.

New York, Feb. 5.—A London cable to the 'World' says: 'The 'Times' intimates to-day that the situation in the Transvaal is much more serious than it appears to be on the surface. It calls attention to the fact that the appeals against the Boers and the despatches stating that there is imminent danger cabled to it by Uitlanders, are sent from points under British rule, thus showing an absolute censorship of telegrams by the Transvaal authorities, as the Eastern Cable Company reports that the lines are all right.

VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—The Hemming Bros. Co., Ltd., wholesale fancy goods, etc., York street, has gone into voluntary liquidation. The firm are not in any financial trouble, but found when their yearly returns were made up that the business was falling off, and there was no likelihood of a revival. The assets are said to be fully double the amount of the liabilities.

PAN-AMERICAN CONGRESS.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Senor Carbo, the new Minister from Ecuador to the United States has made public the circular addressed by Ignacio Robles, Ecuadorian Minister of Foreign Affairs, to the diplomatic representatives of the South American and Central American States suggesting the holding of a pan-American Congress during the coming summer.

MRS. COLCHEUGH'S LECTURE.

Mrs. Colcheugh's lecture at Association Hall on Friday evening, will furnish a good supplement to Mr. Stringer's lecture, 'Among the Esquimaux.' Almost the entire four months spent journeying in the Mackenzie river country, Bishop Reeve and Mrs. Colcleugh were fellow-voyagers, and the missions in his diocese were all visited. Her collection of curios includes some beautiful native work, and Esquimaux carvings in ivory, etc.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Ont., Feb. 5, 11 a.m.—The following are the minimum temperatures: Calgary, 24; Qu'Appelle, 6 below; Winnipeg, zero; Parry Sound, 24; Toronto, 28; Ottawa, 20; Montreal, 20; Quebec, 20; Halifax, 24. Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours: Cloudy, with light snowfalls; stationary or a little higher temperature.

GRAND TRUNK CHANGES.

MR. SPICER CONFIRMS THE REPORT OF HIS RETIREMENT.

MR. M'GUIGAN WILL SUPERINTEND THE MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT.

Yesterday Mr. Hays, general manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, through his representative, Mr. Fitzhugh, denied the rumor that Mr. J. W. Spicer, the general manager of the Chicago and Grand Trunk Railway, was about to resign this position, in order to further the plan of amalgamation which looke to the supreme management by Mr. Hays of the entire system from Portland to Chicago, with headquarters in Montreal.

About the same time, in New York city, Mr. Spicer was dictating an interview, which appears on another page of the 'Witness,' in which he announced to the public that he had resigned his position in consequence of the decision of the board as to the plan of amalgamation.

Mr. Spicer has severed his connection with the Grand Trunk and the new scheme is being got under way.

When Mr. and Mrs. Spicer arrived this morning, they were driven to the residence of Mr. Robert Cowans, 1025 Dorchester street, and subsequently Mr. Spicer drove out to the Grand Trunk



MR. W. J. SPICER.

omces, where he had a conference with Mr. Hays and Mr. Wainwright. Seen in the office of the latter by a 'Witness' representative, Mr. Spicer confirmed the statement as to his retirement, by the order of the board, and referred to the interview which he dictated yesterday in New York.

'That statement is authoritative, and amply covers the ground. I have nothing to add to it. The facts set forth there represent the situation. I have said all I desire to say to the press in the premises. I made that single statement because I thought it due to myself and the public, and as this covers all the ground, nothing more need be said.'

It may be said that several other changes are contemplated, such as the resignation of Mr. Wallis, the head of the mechanical department, whose place would be filled by Mr. McGuigan, who would look after this department as well as superintend the entire system. There is a feeling of unrest at the general offices. Those of a facetious turn ask, when they meet one another suddenly, in the corridor or on the stairs—'Well, who's next?' Others profess to be thinking seriously of looking for other positions, in anticipation of decapitation, while the alterations going on in several of the offices lend color to the idea of change and replacement.

The work of amalgamation is proceeding in earnest, and before very long the two systems will be one, with Mr. Hays as the supreme head.

All this, of course, was decided on during the visit of Sir Charles Wilson, the president, last year, though doubtless many of the details were left to Mr. Hays, who, it is understood, stipulated for a free hand in dealing with the new institution. It is certain that he has the power to appoint his own men, without reference to the Board in London, which, through the president, has given him its confidence. The Grand Trunk will be speedily Americanized as far as working methods are concerned. If Mr. McGuigan becomes general superintendent, as it is generally believed, he will introduce the American system of train despatching and running, and, in other ways, revolutionize the old working of the system.

There is talk of changes in station agencies; several clerks have been moved about; and there is no doubt that a feeling of apprehension exists in the minds of those who have served the Grand Trunk faithfully and well for many years.

Montreal, Feb. 5, 1896.

Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon to-day, 29.88; yesterday, 29.87. To-day, temperature, max. 36, min. 20; yesterday, max. 22, min. 8.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extension to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

ROBINSON—At 61 St. Luke street, on the 2nd instant, the wife of Wm. Robinson, of a daughter. 1

MARRIED.

BROWN—HEALY.—On Feb. 3, 1896, at St. Matthew's Church, Quebec, by the Rev. Lennox Williams, T. G. Brown, of Montreal, to Eleanor Florence (Nellie), daughter of Fred Healy. 5

DURRANT—McEACHERN—At the residence of the bride's mother, on Jan. 29, 1896, by the Rev. H. McKellar, Mr. John Durrant, 12th concession Egremont, to Miss Flora McEachern, daughter of the late Gilbert McEachern, of the Township of Egremont, County of Grey, Ontario. 5

STRADER—BELL.—At the Methodist parsonage, Morrisburg, on Jan. 29, 1896, by the Rev. W. Timberlake, Rufus Strader to Nettie, daughter of John Alex. Bell, both of Matilda Qnty. 31

VANIER—GUYON.—This morning, at the Chapel of the Sacred Heart, Notre Dame Church, by the Rev. Mr. Marre, P.S.S., Justinien Vanier, merchant, to Corinne, eldest daughter of Oscar Guyon, of Montreal. No cards. 5

WILSON—MILLER.—On Jan. 30, 1896, in the Presbyterian Church, Millerton, Miramichi, N.B., by the Rev. T. G. Johnstone, Dr. R. D. Wilson, of Derby, to Jeanie McL., daughter of the late Thos. Miller. 5

DIED.

BAXTER.—At Jersey City, on Jan. 31, 1896, Alexander W., third son of David Baxter, of North Georgetown, and beloved husband of Margaret M. Baxter, aged 27 years and 4 months. 5

BLUE—At Metis, Que., on Jan. 25, 1896, the beloved wife of Dugald Blue, sr., fell asleep in Jesus, aged 67 years. He giveth his beloved sleep.

BROWN—At his residence, 80 St. Patrick street, Toronto, on Feb. 1, 1896, Peter J. Brown, of Osgoode Hall, in the 56th year of his age. 4

BURNS—On Feb. 1, 1896, at 47 Bleeker st., Toronto, Alfred Tyler, son of the Rev. Nelson Burns, aged 28 years.

COCKBURN—On the 4th instant, Jennie McLaughlin, widow of the late Robert Cockburn, aged 44 years.
Funeral from her late residence, 116 Abbott avenue, Westmount, on Thursday, 6th instant, at 2.30 p.m. Friends will please accept this intimation. 4

GEDDES.—At Dalhousie Lake, Ont., on Friday, Jan. 3, 1896, of brain fever, Maggie Ada (Ada), only child of Walter and Violet Geddes, aged 1 year, 9 months and 19 days. 'He carrieth the lambs in His arms.' 5

LITTLEJOHN—At Quebec, on Feb. 2, 1896, Edward Littlejohn, in his 77th year.

LOYNACHAN — Fell asleep in Jesus, at Beech Ridge, Argenteuil County, on Feb. 2, 1896, Angus Loynachan, in the 79th year of his age, native of Argyleshire, Scotland.
Funeral on Tuesday, Feb. 4, at 2 p.m., from his late residence. His end was peace. 'Triumphant in his grace.'
Toronto and Gananoque papers please copy. 5

McDONALD.—At St. Peters, C.B., on the 29th inst., of meningitis, Catherine Ellen, aged 11 months, child of Dr. John A. McDonald. 5

MILLER.—At Megantic, P.Q., on Wednesday morning, Jan. 22, 1896, Andrew Miller, jr., at his father's residence, on his 25th birthday. 5

PORTER—In this city, on the 4th Feb., 1896, Henry Porter, aged 57 years.
Funeral will take place from his late residence, 385 Sherbrooke street, on Thursday, the 6th instant, at 2.30 p.m., to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation. 4

SPAIN.—On Feb. 5, May, only daughter of Louis Spain, aged 6 years and 9 months.
Funeral from her father's residence, 39 Peris street, at 2.30 p.m., on Feb. 7, to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.
Barrow-in-Furness (Eng.), Boston and Providence (R.I.) papers please copy. 3

TELFORD.—At Toronto, on Feb. 1, Alexander Telford, aged 82 years, a native of County Antrim, Ireland.
Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery, on Feb. 3. 5

TWEED.—After a long and painful illness, borne with Christian fortitude, Mary (Minnie) Alberta, eldest daughter of W. W. Tweed, Vankleek Hill, Ont. 5

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends. Marked copies of the 'Witness' containing such notice will be sent free to any address in Canada Montreal excepted.

Notices received too late for this column are usually placed on the 6th page.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Shaw's Piano Store Moving Uptown.—In March J. W. Shaw & Co. are moving their entire business from St. James street to their uptown branch, 2274 St. Catherine street, which is being enlarged to accommodate their whole business. Great Bargains in pianos and organs are offered for thirty days. $50 to $100 off pianos and organs.

YORKSHIRE
WASH TUBS

The only strictly sanitary Tub in the market. . . .

— SEE THEM —

FIBER BATH TUBS,

PLENISHED COPPER LINED.

Prices Reduced.

JORDAN & LOCKER,
1749 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 4

CENTS FOR SALE.
Apply at the "WITNESS" OFFICE

The S. Carsley Co.

LIMITED, Montreal.

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame street.

MONTREAL'S GREATEST STORE.

EVERY DAY PRODUCES ITS OWN

Business Items

READ REGARDING THURSDAY'S STORE NEWS.

LINEN GOODS.

LADIES BY BUYING THEIR

LINENS

— AT —

MONTREAL'S GREATEST STORE

THE NEXT THREE DAYS,

For our sale terminates Saturday, Feb. 8, 1896, will save 10 percent to 20 percent to what they would if they bought later on in the spring.

Advice to Ladies.

BUY YOUR LINEN GOODS FOR THE SPRING

THE NEXT THREE DAYS

— AT —

The S. CARSLEY CO., Ltd.

—AND—

SAVE 10 P.C. TO 20 P.C. DISCOUNT.

TABLE NAPKINS
TABLE NAPKINS

200 dozen 5-8 White Damask Table Napkins. Sale price, 43c doz.

275 dozen 5-8 White Linen Damask Table Napkins. Sale price, 77c doz.

173 dozen 5-8 White Linen Damask Table Napkins good patterns. Sale price, $1.08 dozen.

99 dozen 3-4 White Linen Damask Table Napkins, extra quality. Sale price, $2.03 doz.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LTD.

TOWELS
TOWELS

33 dozen White Cotton Honeycomb Towels, Red Border and Fringed Ends, useful size. S. Carsley's Sale price, 3½c each.

57 dozen Linen Huckaback Towels and Checked Linen Glass Towels, fringed ends. S. Carsley's price, 3½c ea.

25 dozen Heavy Linen Huckaback Towels, colored borders and fringed ends. S. Carsley's Sale Price, 9c each.

WHITE QUILTS
WHITE QUILTS

White Honey Comb Bed Quilts, size 10-4, fringed. Sale Price, 79c each.

White Honey Comb Bed Quilts, size 11-4, fringed. Sale Price, $1.35 each.

White Marcella Bed Quilts, size 10-4, choice patterns. Sale Price, $1.26 each.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LTD.

TABLE DAMASKS
TABLE DAMASKS

750 yards Unbleached Table Damasks, good pattern. Sale Price, 16c yd.

490 yards Unbleached Linen Table Damask, extra wide. Sale price, 29c.

500 yards White Table Damask in good patterns. Sale price, 23c yd.

TABLE DOYLIES
TABLE DOYLIES

100 Dozen Round and Square Damask Table Doylies, Fringed. Sale price, 2c each.

57 Dozen Useful Size Round and Square Damask Table Doylies. Sale price, 4c each.

75 Dozen White Damask Table Doylies, 12 inches square. Sale price, 5c ea.

25 Dozen Oval White Damask Doylies, Large size. Sale price, 8c each.

33 Dozen Extra Large Size White Damask Table Doylies. Sale price 11c ea.

DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS
DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS

17 Dozen 6-4 Hand Loom Linen Damask Table Cloths, useful patterns. Sale Price, 54c.

13 Dozen 8-4 Hand Loom Linen Damask Table Cloths, extra quality. Sale Price, $1.08.

20 Dozen 6-4 Useful Quality White Linen Damask Table Cloths. Sale Price 70c.

10 Dozen 8-4 Extra Quality White Linen Damask Table Cloths. Sale price $1.85.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LTD.

Mail orders promptly and carefully filled.

The S. Carsley Co.
LIMITED,
1765 to 1783 Notre Dame street, Montreal.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S
ADVERTISEMENT.

Great Sale of COTTONS

Special Sale of **COTTONS**, Bleached and Unbleached, in all Qualities, during the balance of this week.

25 Pairs only left of our **SPECIAL WHITE WOOL BLANKET**, worth $2.75. Special Price only **$2.10** per pair.

500 WHITE BED QUILTS, in all the best makes. Cheap Sale Prices from **65c**, and Extra Discount of **10** Percent off all prices.

Best Makes in **EIDER DOWN QUILTS**, all Ventilated and filled with best of Down. Special Cheap Sale Prices from only **$4.85**, and **10** Percent Extra Discount.

500 Yds CURTAIN DAMASK DRAPERY, in all the Art Colors, 54 inches wide, worth $1.00. Special Sale Discount, **33⅓** off.

SILK CURTAIN DRAPERY, in all Art Shades, 54 inches wide, worth $1.25. Special Sale Discount of **25** Percent off this line.

ALL WOOL GRANET CLOTH, for Curtains, &c., all Colors, worth $1.50 Less Special Sale Discount of **33⅓** Percent or **$1.00** per yard.

All our stock of **FURNITURE FRINGES**, all Wool and Silk and Wool, in all Colors. Special Sale Discount **25** Percent off all lines.

Remember the Great Sale of TABLE LINENS

BLEACHED TABLE CLOTHS in all sizes.
BLEACHED LINEN TABLE DAMASK.
UNBLEACHED LINEN TABLE DAMASK.
REMNANTS of TABLE LINEN, from 1½ to 5 yards.

All the above are the best Irish Linens, and will be sold at about HALF THE REGULAR VALUE.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,
2343 St. Catherine Street.
Corner Metcafe St. Telephone, No. 3833.

ENDING FEBY. 8th.

The most Successful CHEAP SALE ever experienced in the history of our firm.

DURING the few remaining days we will offer Special Inducements, on many lines. **ODD** quantities we will allow **33 1-3**. Regular stock, 20 P.C. and 25 P.C.

RENAUD, KING & PATTERSON,
Furniture and Bedding,
652 CRAIG STREET.



Spectacles,
Eye Glasses
Accurately Fitted.

Solid Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses from $4.
Rolled Gold Spectacles and Eyeglasses for $2. Regular Price, $3.
Solid Nickel Spectacles and Eyeglasses for $1. Regular price, $1.50.

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery Repaired. Watches Cleaned, Repaired and Warranted for one year, $1.00; main spring and cleaning, $1.50. Clocks called for and delivered.

D. BEATTY,
Watchmaker and Jeweller,
137 ST. PETERST., opposite Witness Office
29

TEES & CO.,
THE
UNDERTAKERS,
300 St. James St.
15

GENERAL BAZAAR.

2,000 Bottles Perfume, now 5c each.
Large Cups and Saucers, 12½c.
Black Wool Stockings, 15c, worth 25c.
Grey Sheeting, 2 yds. wide, 12½c.
Remnants Table Linen, all Reduced.
Remnants Butcher Linen.
Remnants Toweling.
Lace Curtains, 3½ yds., $1.00 pair.
Scalette Reduced, $1.75.
All-Wool Tweeds, 25c yard.
Wide Shaker Flannel, 8c yard.
Beaver Cloth reduced, 75c yard.
Grey Fur Trimming, 10c yard.
Grey Cotton, 3½c yard.

ROWELL'S GENERAL BAZAAR,
1397 Notre Dame Street,
Between St. Lambert Hill and Court House.

ARMSTRONG
THE UNDERTAKER
VICTORIA SQUARE

ALL
BUSINESS
PRINTING
And ART WORK.
WITNESS PRINTING HOUSE.

The Daily Witness.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, FEB. 5.

MISS BARTON SETS SAIL.

SHE WILL UNDERTAKE THE DISTRIBUTION OF RELIEF TO THE ARMENIAN SUFFERERS.

London, Feb. 5.—Miss Clara Barton, resident representative of the American Red Cross Society; Mr. Pullman, her secretary, and the rest of her party left Victoria station this morning en route for Constantinople. The railway company reserved a carriage for the exclusive use of the party and a cabin was also reserved in the Channel steamer. In addition to this the steamer wired its agent in Calais instructing him to show the party every possible courtesy. Miss Barton will remain in Paris a few days, and will also make a brief halt in Geneva. She will then go to Vienna where she will take a brief rest and consult with Mr. Tripp, United States Minister. At Vienna she will take the Orient express and go through to Constantinople.

The London office of the 'United Press' wired the United States Minister, Mr. Terrell, at Constantinople, asking if he would appoint Miss Barton and her comrades in the capacity of individual members of the Red Cross Society as bearers of relief to the Armenians, to which inquiry Mr. Terrell replied that he would but that he would appoint no Armenian who had been naturalized as an American citizen, nor would he appoint any newspaper representatives. Upon the strength of this answer Miss Barton decided to start for Constantinople at once. During her stay in London a number of friends of Armenia called upon Miss Barton, who improved the opportunity thus afforded to acquire all the information possible concerning the situation in Armenia. Miss Barton declined the honor of a public reception which was offered to her. On Saturday she took luncheon with Lady Henry Somerset and last evening she dined with Canon Wilberforce at the Canonry of Westminster Abbey. Among the guests present were Canon McColl, Lady Henry Somerset and Mrs. Pearsall Smith.

FREIGHT TRAINS COLLIDE.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 5.—Freight trains No. 97 and 70 collided yesterday at Carpenter, Ills., a station on the Wabash Railway, thirty miles north-east of St. Louis, causing a serious wreck and killing the fireman of train No. 70. The engineer and brakeman of train No. 70 were severely injured. The accident was caused by train No. 97 being ahead of time.

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS'
ADVERTISEMENT.

Discount Sale!

MUST CLOSE ON SATURDAY.

Down Comforters

ONLY 30 LEFT.

Will clear the lot at a discount of 20 percent.

Prices range from $5 to $25.

Silk Covered Cushions,

16" x 16", for 77c.

16" x 16" Frilled for 90c.

20" x 20" Frilled Special for $2.

BLEACHED COTTONS.

We are offering exceptional value in Standard Domestic Cottons at 7c, 7½c, 9c, 10c, 12½c and 13c per yard, and Twilled at 10c and 12½c per yard.

Also Horrockses 14c and 17½c per yard.

LONSDALE CAMBRIC

at 9½c per yard, worth 12½c; better qualities 12½c and 13½c per yard.

Also, CREWDSON'S ENGLISH CAMBRICS at 18c and 20c per yard.

The whole of the above claims the attention of every close buyer. THESE PRICES HOLD GOOD TILL SATURDAY ONLY.

STOCKTAKING.

Odds and Ends

In every department at 50 p.c. Discounts.

Just put in stock our first shipment of Spring

PRINTS AND SATEENS

NEW COLORINGS and NEAT DESIGNS.

At our WELL RECOGNIZED LOW PRICES compatible with first-class Goods.

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS,

THE FAMILY LINEN AND DRAPERY HOUSE,

203 to 207 ST. ANTOINE STREET,
144 to 150 Mountain street.
Telephone, 8225.

BRANCH: ST. CATHERINE STREET,
Cor. Buckingham avenue.
Telephone 3335.

THE MIXING OF SCOURED WHEAT.

A PROTEST FROM A WINNIPEG PAPER.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 5.—A Winnipeg paper says: 'The mixing of scoured wheat with clean grades is still a subject of discussion, because no matter what is done with it there is loss to the farmer on its account. The solution is easy. Let there be no smutted wheat. Sir William Van Horne has promised that there shall be for sale at all the C. P. R. stations this coming spring a supply of pure bluestone, which farmers can get at about cost price. The best authorities agree that bluestone treatment properly applied is a sure preventive of smut. Intelligent and thorough treatment of seed wheat will remove the problem of grading the scoured article.'

WINNIPEG BOARD OF TRADE.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 5.—The annual banquet of the Winnipeg Board of Trade took place at the Hotel Manitoba last night, three hundred leading business men of Winnipeg and the west participating. Lieut.-Governor Patterson was unable to be present owing to a death in his household. Mr. Frank Mathewson, manager of the Bank of Commerce here, has been chosen president of the board.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE,
Wednesday, Feb. 5, 1896.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Cable advices to the Board of Trade this morning are as follows:—London, Wednesday, Feb. 5, 1896.—Cargoes off coast, wheat and maize, nothing doing. Cargoes on passage, wheat weak; maize quiet. English country markets, wheat steady. Liverpool spot wheat and maize quiet. Minneapolis first bakers flour, 19s 3d.

Futures, wheat easy, 5s 9¼d Feb., 5s 10d March, 5s 9¾d April and May and June; maize quiet; 3s 2d Feb., 3s 2¼d March, 3s 2d April, 3s 2½d May, 3s 3d June. Paris, wheat, 18.90 Feb., 19.10 March; flour, 40.65 Feb., 41.15 March. French country markets, quiet and steady:

In Milwaukee wheat opened at 65c Feb., and 67c May.

In Duluth wheat opened at 64c May.

In Detroit wheat opened at 75c Feb., and 76c May.

In Toledo wheat opened at 74½c Feb., 76c May and 71½c July.

In St. Louis wheat opened at 68½c for July.

In New York wheat opened at 73c May, and 72¼c to 72⅝c July; corn opened at 36⅝c May and 37⅜c July.

Grain—Trading is somewhat more active, and the strength of the outside markets is reflected here. We quote:—

Oats, No. 2, per 34 lbs	30c	to 30¼c
Peas, per 60 lbs.	61c	to 00c
Corn, duty paid	45c	to 47c
Buckwheat, per 48 lbs	38c	to 39c
Barley, feed	38c	to 39c

Flour—The market is firm at late advances, but the volume of business is small. We quote:—

Spring patents	$4.00	to $4.10
Manitoba strong bakers	3.90	to 0.00
Winter patents	4.10	to 4.25
Straight rollers	3.90	to 4.00

Feed—The market is steady and moderately active in a jobbing way. We quote as follows:—

Bran	$14.00	to $15.00
Shorts	15.00	to 16.00

Provisions—Smoked meats and lard are firm at late prices. We quote as follows today:—

Best Canadian short cut, heavy	$15.00	to $15.50
Hams, city cured per lb.	00.09	to 00.10
Lard, compound	00.06¾	to 00.06¾
Lard, pure	00.08½	to 00.09
Bacon,	00.08½	to 00.10

Meal — The market is firm to Standard is on a par with ... owing to scarcity. We quote as ...:—

Standard, brls	$...
Granulated, brls	...
Rolled oats, brls	...

Cheese—The situation is unchanged; market is dull and nominal.

Butter—Finest creamery is ... with fair sales, but there is little ... ether directions.

Eggs—The market is steady ... best boiling stock, 20c to 22c ... ed at 14c to 16c; western limed ... fresh at 13½c to 14c.

Ashes—Business is slow and ... We quote first pots at $3.0... and pearls at $5. The ... date are: Ashes, 195; pearls ...

Dressed Hogs—The dressed ... now about over, although an ... is arriving. The cost laid ... from $5.40 to $5.50. Live ... at 4½c.

MOVEMENTS OF GRAIN ...

At Chicago—

	Receipts	Shipments
Wheat, bush	...	...
Corn, bush	...	...
Oats, bush	...	...
Flour, brls	...	...
At New York—		
Wheat, bush	...	...
Corn, bush	...	...
Oats, bush	...	...
Flour, brls	...	...
Flour, sacks	...	...
At Milwaukee—		
Wheat, bush	...	...
At Duluth—		
Wheat, bush	...	...
At Detroit—		
Wheat, bush	...	...
At St. Louis—		
Wheat, bush	...	...
At Toledo—		
Wheat, bush	...	5...

RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL.

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.	C...
Wheat, bush	....	35057	....
Oats, bush	1900	1000	....
Flour, brls	....	755	....
Ashes, brls	1	....	....
Butter, pkgs	39	123	....
Lard, tierces	....	40	....
Eggs, cases	50	....	....
Dressed Hogs	....	21	....
Leather, rolls	9	....	....
Raw Hides	22	....	....
Petroleum, brls	92	....	....

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

Jan. 2...

Bacon—Our last week's quotations ... on the whole about unchanged, but ... mand has fallen off, buyers only sup... immediate wants; but if American quota... are sustained, holders here will be able ... maintain the recent advance. Danish ... are plentiful and cheap; Wiltshire cut ... selling at 34s per cwt. We quote ... Cumberland, 20 to 24 lbs., at 32s to 34s; 25 to 30 lbs., at 31s to 33s; long mild rib-in, scarce and dearer, worth 36s ... according to size; Wiltshire cut, Ame... and Canadian, 50 to 56 lbs., at 33s to ... light, 40 to 45 lbs., at 35s to 38s; Staff... lean on, and Birmingham cuts, 30 to 40 ... at 30s to 32s; N. Y. or clear Staffords, ... 50 lbs., 30s to 31s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 ... in salt, at 32s to 36s; rib-in bellies, at ... 32s; short middles, rib-in, 25 to 30 lbs., at 29s to 31s; short clear backs, lean on ... 20 lbs., at 28s to 29s 6d; long clear, 2... lbs., at 30s; 45 lbs., at 28s 6d to 29s ... lbs., at 28s; short clear, 55 lbs., ... shoulders unchanged; square ... lbs., at 27s 6d to 28s 6d; N.Y. ... at 27s 6d to 28s 6d per cwt.

Hams—The advance of ... is well maintained, and ... demand. Holders are firm. W... long cut, 8 to 10 lbs., at 44s to 46s ... lbs., at 41s to 43s; 14 to 17 lbs., 4... short cut and A.C., 8 to 10 lbs., 44s to ... 12 to 14 lbs., 42s to 45s; 18 to 20 lbs., 4... cwt.

Beef is unchanged but demand is ... buyers paying the advance rel... quote extra India mess at 65s to 75s ... and packet at 55s to 67s 6d per 200 lbs.

Pork—There is a good enquiry and ... are now dearer. Finest prime mess ... quoted at 45s to 55s per 200 lbs.

Lard.—The market is quieter, and last week's advance has been lost. We quote prime Western, in tierces, 6d lower, ... 29s 6d to 29s 9d per cwt. Firkins, 30s, ... 30s 6d to 31s.

Cheese.—The market continues firm ... a moderate steady demand, last week's quotations being fully sustained. We quote ... day finest fall make, colored or white, ... to 46s 6d per cwt., and good ripe summer ... 30s to 38s.

Butter has been in quieter request this week for all grades, the sales being only to a limited extent at prices favoring buyers. We quote finest American and Canadian creamery at 90s to 100s per cwt., and grades under this class 60s to 85s, as in quality. Finest Danish is offered at 114s to 116s, and choice Australian, 108s to 110s. We quote Irish butter—Cork firsts, 115s per cwt.; seconds, 109s; thirds, 94s.

Flour and Wheat.—These markets have been firm all the week, and with light offerings wheat has brought 2d per cental advance. Flour is unchanged in value. Indian corn is 1d per cental lower. We quote to-day, Canadian wheat, none; American red, 5s 5d to 5s 6d per 100 lbs.; spring none; Bombay white, 5s 6d to 5s 7d; Californian, 5s 8d to 5s 9d; Oregon, none. Flour: Extra States and Canadian, 19s to 22s per 280 lbs.; patent, 23s to 24s. Indian corn mixed, 3s 2½ to 3s 3d per 100 lbs. Canadian peas, 4s 9d to 4s 10d per 100 lbs.—Hodgson Brothers' Report.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Feb. 5, 18... Hogs — To-day's estimated receipts, ... yesterday's receipts according to official returns, 17,297; shipments, 3,878; left over, 500; light mixed, $3.95 to $4.27; mixed packing, $3.95 to $4.25; heavy shipping, $... $4.25; rough grades $3.95 to $4. The ... of cattle were 13,000; market quiet ... prices are steady.

LIVERPOOL MARKET PRICES CURRENT.

Liverpool, Feb. 5, 1896. — Spring wheat, 5s 10d to 5s 10½d; red winter, 5s 10d to 5s 11d; No. 1 Cala., 5s 10½d to 5s ... 3s 2¼d; peas, 4s 9½d; pork, 53s ... 28s 9d; tallow, 21s 3d; bacon, heavy ... light, 27s; cheese, 45s 6d.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Feb. 5, 12.30 p.m. — Consols — Money and account, 103 3-16.

TORONTO PROVISION MARKET.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—The market is ... Flour firmer; sales of straight rollers ... Toronto freights, and a bid of $3.85 for ... tents. Bran firm at $11.75 west and ... at $13 to $14. Wheat, offerings of Ontario very limited; white and red sold west ... 80c high freights and white at 82c nea... on the northern; white worth 82c to ... Toronto; No. 1 Manitoba hard at ... west, lake and rail, and sold at 74c ... at Midland; No. 2 hard quoted at 7... Bay. Barley; the market is quiet with ... 1 quoted at 45c and extra at 47c. ... 40c, and feed at 29c to 30c. Oats ... quiet and prices unchanged; white sold at 23c outside and mixed sold west at ... Peas, the market is dull and heavy ... out buyers; quotation, 50c to 51c ... Buckwheat, the market is unchanged ... quoted outside at 33c. Oatmeal, ... quiet with prices unchanged at $2.90 ... on track and small lots at $3.25. Corn, ... ket is steady; offerings outside at 32c. Rye ... dull at 46c bid outside.

PRINCE HENRY.

Remains Interred in Whippingham Church, Osborne.

[illegible]—The funeral of Prince [illegible] took place in Whippingham, Osborne, to-day. There was [illegible] prevailing at sunrise but [illegible] cleared away showing [illegible] and nearly every [illegible] flying flags at half-[illegible] other marks of res-[illegible] The Royal yacht 'Alberta' [illegible] the body from [illegible] upon which [illegible] night, was covered [illegible] military guard [illegible] throughout the [illegible] opened, as the [illegible] owing to



WHIPPINGHAM CHURCH,
Where the remains of Prince Henry of Battenberg were interred.

[illegible] which elapsed between Prince [illegible] death and the arrival of the [illegible] a place where embalming fa-[illegible]ce available. The Princess [illegible] and her children arrived at the [illegible]ten o'clock and immediately [illegible]oard the 'Alberta.' They were [illegible] soon after by the Duke of Con-[illegible] and the Marchioness of Lorne [illegible]ness Louise) and at noon the Queen [illegible]rived from Osborne House. A special [illegible]n left Waterloo station, London, hav-[illegible] on board Viscount Cross, Lord Privy [illegible]; Mr. Arthur J. Balfour, First Lord [illegible]the Treasury; Mr. Joseph Chamber-[illegible] Secretary of State for the Colonies; [illegible]G. J. Goschen, First Lord of the Ad-[illegible]alty and the foreign diplomats, or in [illegible]r stead the naval and military at-[illegible]s of their respective embassies and [illegible]ions.

THE PROCESSION.

[illegible]noon the coffin, covered with [illegible]bs, was taken from the 'Alberta' [illegible]d placed upon a gun carriage, draped [illegible] Union Jack. The Prince of [illegible]s and the Royal family in carriages [illegible]dies ahead of the coffin, and the [illegible]ession started. The various military [illegible]chments followed the body and the [illegible]ge slowly and solemnly took its way [illegible]Whippingham Church, which edifice [illegible]designed by the Prince Consort, fa-[illegible]r the Princess Beatrice, and in [illegible]e Princess and Prince Henry [illegible]married in 1885. The Royal prin-[illegible]e procession and proceeded [illegible]arriages by a shorter route to [illegible]ch, where they were seated in [illegible]s when the coffin arrived. The [illegible]e conducted by the Right [illegible]ell Thomas Davidson, D.D., [illegible]Winchester, and the music was [illegible]e Princess Beatrice herself.

MEMORIAL SERVICE AT LONDON.

[illegible]Feb. 5.—Concurrent with the [illegible]s a memorial service was [illegible]Westminster Abbey. A large [illegible]distinguished persons were [illegible]ding United States Ambas-[illegible]nd many other foreign di-[illegible] large attendance of prom-[illegible]ic and political person-

THE 'NINEVEH' SAFE.

[illegible]o, Feb. 5.—The schooner [illegible]ed last evening with the [illegible]British ship 'Nineveh' on [illegible]were picked up south of [illegible] having deserted the ves-[illegible]s in a sinking condition. [illegible]wreck being a menace to [illegible]s[illegible] on fire and burned to [illegible]. The 'Nineveh' left [illegible] Washington, on Jan. 24. [illegible]g day a hurricane was en-[illegible] strained the vessel [illegible] and caused her to leak [illegible]ing above deck was swept [illegible] the crew were injured [illegible]g seas. The water con-[illegible]n the pumps and the [illegible]ed, when the 'Compeer' [illegible]n the night of Jan. 26. [illegible] sinking vessel were [illegible]ed to the schooner and [illegible] was fired. She carried [illegible]mber.

THROWING IN LISBON.

[illegible]5.—A bomb was thrown [illegible] the house of the doctor [illegible]ed to the insanity of the [illegible] Jan. 29 threw a stone [illegible]s as the King was driving [illegible]riage. The house was [illegible]damaged. Ten arrests have [illegible]n connection with the bomb-

THE BLACK KNIGHT AT QUEBEC.

Quebec, Feb. 5.—The W. C. T. U. have done much to strengthen the temperance movement in Quebec by bringing the 'Black Knight,' the Rev. J. H. Hector, here to lecture. At all his appearances in public since Sunday last, beginning with the Methodist Church and ending at the Y. M. C. A. hall, he has been listened to by crowded and deeply interested audiences, whom he convinced by his powerful logic and enlivened by his broad humor, which he only used, however when it helped to make a point or teach a moral. In introducing the famous lecturer at the Y. M. C. A. hall the Rev. E. J. Stobo spoke of total abstinence as consonant with the gospel and of the religion of Jesus Christ as a religion of the body as well as of the soul. He spoke of the two great factors in deliverance from the drink evil as the home and the pulpit, and declared that these two in harmony would soon suppress the traffic by cutting off its resources and that our legislation would eventually have to bow to Christian public opinion. The 'Black Knight' was received with prolonged applause on rising and proved himself a forcible and taking speaker, whose utterances are marked by a great deal of strong logic and good sense, enlivened by anecdote and humor. He selected as the subject of his discourse, 'The slavery that was and the slavery that is,' African slavery and the slavery of whiskey, drawing a parallel between the two and showing their legal, moral and economic resemblance. He commented strongly on the slavery of drink usages of the day and on the drink traffic which was worse than African slavery in the blight, blot and curse which it stamped upon society. He spoke for nearly two hours and not only drove home but clinched his arguments in favor of total abstinence from intoxicants and the legal suppression of the drink traffic.

CONSERVATIVES FALL OUT.

Kingston, Ont., Feb. 5.—The Conservative party in this city can now be said to be divided squarely on the remedial legislation question. This is made apparent to-day. One wing, the Conservative Association, last night elected Mr. James Swift, a Roman Catholic, as its president, and the government's policy was endorsed. At the county Orange lodge, Mr. Edward Bennett, a hitherto unvanquished Tory, was made county master. The meeting endorsed Mr. N. Clarke Wallace and commended his earnest consideration and true conviction in leaving a government bent on forcing on our sister Province of Manitoba legislation of a coercive character, as the proposed remedial legislation. They promised constant opposition to the extension to Manitoba of any system of separate schools and will oppose the return of any and every candidate who will not pledge himself to oppose interference with Manitoba.

NORTH GREY CONVENTION.

Owen Sound, Ont., Feb. 5.—At the Liberal-Conservative convention held here yesterday afternoon Mr. James McLaughlin, of Owen Sound, was nominated on the first ballot to contest North Grey at the next Dominion election. The nomination was made unanimous.

A STEAMER ASHORE.

New York, Feb. 5.—A steamer, believed to be the 'Lamington,' Captain Duff, from Gibraltar to New York with fruit, is ashore fifteen miles east of Fire Island. The life saving crews are landing the crew in the breeches buoy. The vessel lies easy, and is making no water.

THE LOUDON EXTRADITION CASE.

In the extradition proceedings against Adolphe Loudon, of Leipsic, Germany, who is wanted by Emperor William's agents for having defrauded his creditors in the Fatherland, previous to his coming to Canada, Judge Dugas reviewed the legal arguments made by Mr. Crankshaw in Loudon's behalf, but dismissed them. Loudon was then formally committed for extradition. The committal was postponed, however, in order that certain papers and moneys found on Loudon's person be examined, as it is presumed they belong to his creditors. Loudon has yet fifteen days to take the proceedings to a higher court.

THE BUTCHERS' ANNUAL BANQUET.

The annual banquet of the Butchers' Association was held, at the Richelieu Hotel last night. Mr. P. Bedard presided, Mr. F. Baillard acted as treasurer, and Mr. Daoust was master of ceremonies. Amongst those present were Aldermen Beausoleil, Ouimet, Dupre, Grothe, and Marsolais, Dr. Gendreau, L. D., S. E. Maurault, L. E. Carufel, J. A. Mercier, M. A. Campeau, and J. W. Poitras.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

MONARCH CEYLON TEA

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

THE INSTALLATION OF THE REV. CALVIN E. AMARON.

The Montreal Presbytery met last night at St. John's French Presbyterian Church for the purpose of installing the Rev. Calvin E. Amaron as pastor over the congregation. There were present Principal MacVicar, Drs. Scrimger, Coussirat and Chiniquy, and the Revs. S. J. Taylor, J. Bennett, J. Patterson, E. Scott, R. P. Duclos, Dr. A. B. Mackay, the Rev. J. L. Morin, and the Rev. Theo. Lafleur.

Mr. Amaron has had charge of the congregation since Dec. 1, but the installation services were deferred until such time as the lecture room of the new church would be ready for occupation. Last night the room presented a most pleasing appearance. On the pulpit were the words: 'Blessed is he who cometh in the name of the Lord.' Every available seat was occupied, and a large number of Roman Catholic friends, who had come in late, were obliged to stand during the interesting services.

The Rev. Dr. Coussirat presided. After the opening hymn, which was sung with heart and voice by the large congregation, appropriate selections of scripture were read, and Dr. Mackay offered the opening prayer.

The Rev. J. L. Morin, the former pastor, who remains an active member of the congregation over which he ministered so acceptably for eight years, preached an able and instructive sermon on the distinctive principles of the Protestant Evangelical Church. The Word of God, the only rule of faith and practice, spiritual teaching directed at the heart and conscience, producing change in the entire man, as opposed to externalism, liberty of conscience, and of thought, with due respect to authority. The discourse produced a profound impression on all present. The pastor-elect was then asked the usual questions by the Moderator, Dr. Coussirat, who also offered the installation prayer. The venerable Dr. Chiniquy addressed a few words of counsel and Christian advice to the new pastor, urging him to remember what an honor God was conferring upon him in calling him to minister in holy things to so important and influential a church. He urged him to be a man of faith and prayer, to care for the poor as well as the rich, and to be very kind to the lambs of the fold.

The Rev. R. P. Duclos, at the last moment, kindly consented to address the congregation in the place of the Rev. J. Bourgoin, of Pointe-aux-Trembles, who was not well enough to be present.

Mr. Duclos, in a few well chosen words, congratulated St. John's Church, first on the choice of their new pastor, providentially placed in their way at the most important period of their history. He was a man in the prime of life, possessing special gifts for his pulpit work, of a serious character, and anxious to lead souls to Christ. He also congratulated the congregation on having entered the lecture room of their new church. They were already strong numerically; they had several families able and willing to support the church in its work, but the great power on which they should rely for permanent success, was spirituality, consecration, to God and duty.

This closed the formal services. But there was a strong desire to hear a few words from other brethren. Dr. Coussirat yielding to this desire, invited Principal MacVicar to speak. He also congratulated the church on its choice. He knew of no church that was so highly honored. It counted among its members the Rev. J. L. Morin, the Rev. Dr. Coussirat, and that hero who had been more insulted and honored than any other man in Canada, Dr. Chiniquy. Dr. MacVicar asked the people to help their new pastor by speaking of him and his work. There was enough of good to be said without saying any evil. They could repeat his sermons among their friends, and they could pray much for him. Dr. Mackay said that all difficulties, financial or others, would disappear, if they were a praying church. The Rev. Theo. Lafleur, of the Baptist Church, was present, and was asked to say a few words. He was glad to join in this solemn and important service. He had learned to know his brother and friend Amaron, and wished every success to this congregation, already large, but which under the blessing of God, would soon be much larger and effective in God's cause.

The new pastor was called upon to pronounce the benediction, and the congregation enjoyed an hour of pleasant social intercourse, during which the ladies of the church served refreshments. It is felt that St. John's Church enters upon a new era of growth and prosperity, united as it is in the work of the Lord.

WHERE IS PATRICK HART?

A letter has arrived in Montreal, addressed to 'The War Department,' which does not exist, from Miss Julia Hart, now resident at 8 East Forty-third street, New York, asking some information of her uncle, Patrick Hart, who served in the British army in some light infantry regiment stationed here in 1848. His niece is not aware whether her uncle is living or dead, and would very much like to have some news of him.

ASSIGNMENT.

Samuel Lewis, merchant tailor, has assigned at the demand of Charles Mignault, with liabilities of about $3,500.

MEETINGS AND SOCIETIES.

MONTREAL SOUTH.

The Montreal South Football Club will hold a concert in Unity Hall, on Thursday evening. A good programme is provided. 'Buses will leave the Victoria square at 7.15 o'clock.

ST. LAMBERT W. C. T. U.

The St. Lambert W.C.T.U. was partially organized in December, but the work was not completed until yesterday (Tuesday), when an enthusiastic meeting was held in the Methodist school house for that purpose. Mrs. Rosevear, president, was in the chair and Miss Dougall, county president for Hochelaga, and Mrs. Radford, secretary, were present to make suggestions. After an animated discussion of the Provincial pledge it was decided to add the words 'as a beverage,' and thus amended the pledge was adopted with the model constitution. A number of new members were added to the list and as Miss Doudlet was obliged to resign the office of treasurer, Mrs. J. S. Gorley was elected in her place, and Mrs. Locke was made first vice-president. This union starts under specially favorable auspices as the ministers of St. Lambert have from the first taken great interest in the white ribbon work, and at this meeting the Rev. E. Richardson Kelly was present and read a paper containing their carefully prepared suggestions as to lines of work open to the union. Among these were Sunday afternoon gospel temperance meetings, a temperance coffee house, a series of lectures on temperance from medical men and temperance libraries for the day schools. Mrs. Ramsay was appointed superintendent for gospel temperance meetings, Mrs. Locke for temperance literature, and Miss Wright for juvenile temperance work.

QUEENS AUCTIONEERS

Seargeant's Sale.

TO-MORROW, (Thursday) at 10 o'clock, the balance of the Household Furniture will be sold and at 2.30 o'clock the Horses, Carriages, Sleighs, Robes, Harness, Saddle, Milch Cow, &c., also a Gent's man's Sealskin Coat, with Sea Otter Collar and Cuffs, and Cap to match, cost $500.

M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers.



GREEN BONES,

Ground suitable for Hens and Chickens, will increase the supply of eggs. For sale by

M. HENRICHON, 3643 Notre Dame st.

THE ARBITRATION COMMISSION.

THE DISPUTE BETWEEN THE DOMINION AND THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

The Hon. Chancellor Boyd, Chief Justice Sir L. N. Casault, and Judge Burbidge, the arbitrators on the disputed and unsettled accounts between the Dominion Government and the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, held a sitting in this city this morning. Mr. W. D. Hogg, Q.C., appeared for the Dominion Government; the Hon. J. S. Hall for the Quebec Government, and the Hon. Emilius Irving, Q.C., the Hon. Richard Harcourt and Mr. J. W. Clark for the Ontario Government.

The first question that came up was the discussion of a report on the Province of Quebec account, but this report having only just been handed to the different attorneys they were not ready to discuss the matter, and consequently this point was deferred to March 6, when it will again be taken up, in this city.

The next question brought up was the Common School Fund, and the parties not having been able to come to an agreement on this point, requested the arbitrators to make an award with reference thereto. There being no other business before the tribunal, the proceedings adjourned, the arbitrators expressing the hope to be able to make their award on the school fund by to-morrow.

THE CIVIC COMMITTEES.

SEVERAL CHANGES WILL LIKELY BE MADE.

Already there is a good deal of quiet scheming going on among the old aldermen as to who shall be given charge of the committees. It is well known that Aldermen Rainville and Prefontaine are making desperate efforts to maintain their present chairmanships—Ald. Prefontaine the Roads, and Ald. Rainville the Finance. Many of the aldermen think, however, that considering the aptitude Ald. Prefontaine has developed for costly improvements that it would be wise to have him replaced.

Considering that Ald. Savignac has been a member of the Finance Committee longer than Ald. Rainville, it is thought, too, that he should be given the chairmanship of this the most important committee. Ald. Rainville, however, will not let this position slip through his fingers if he can possibly help it.

There is little doubt but that Ald. Stevenson will again be appointed chairman of the Fire Committee.

Ald. Lefebvre and Grothe would like to be appointed to the chairmanship of the Police Committee.

To-morrow afternoon a caucus will be held to discuss the scheme of reducing the eleven committees either to seven or eight.

The object of the reduction is to reduce expenses. It is said some of the members will vigorously protest against any reduction of committees.

THE WESTMOUNT W.C.T.U.

The general monthly meeting of the Westmount W.C.T.U. took place yesterday afternoon in the room of the Heather Chess Club over the Merchants' Bank of Halifax, Westmount. Mrs. Jones, president of the Union occupied the chair, and a large number of ladies were present. A letter was read by the secretary from Mrs. Huldah S. Rockwell, Dominion superintendent of legislation and petitions, asking for the Westmount branch to commence work in connection with the prohibition question. Ultimately it was unanimously decided to inform the county president that they could not undertake the work alone, but were of the opinion that a united meeting should be called in Montreal so that special arrangements might be made for the carrying on of work in unison. The question of the branch grocery stores was a matter of much heated discussion, but it was agreed that they would not, on any account, deal with any branch grocery store in Westmount which sold liquors in the city.

FELL UNDER A CAR.

MISS PICARD RECEIVES INJURIES WHICH PROVE FATAL.

Miss Ermiline Picard, fourteen years of age, of 78 Havre street, died at Notre Dame Hospital at midnight yesterday from injuries received earlier in the evening under a car of the Montreal Street Railway at the corner of St. Catherine and Harbor streets. Miss Picard missed her footing and fell under the wheels while trying to board a trailer, sustaining a compound fracture of the right leg, fracture of the left thigh, compound fracture of the elbow and internal hemorrhage.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

COLONIAL HOUSE,
Phillips Square.

GREAT
ANNUAL DISCOUNT SALE!

HALF PRICE GOODS

Advertised Friday and Saturday at same figure until the end of this week.

In addition to above we offer the following special inducements.

Carpet Dept.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN MADE UP SQUARES.

We have only about 36 left in WILTON and BRUSSELS, and these we have decided to clear at 50 percent off.
All our DOOR MATS and HEARTH RUGS, 20 percent.
JAPANESE RUGS, extra quality and all sizes, 20 percent.
TURKISH AND PERSIAN RUGS 20 percent.
Short lengths STAIR CARPETS 25 percent off.
Special designs in WILTONS AND BRUSSELS, 15 percent and 20 percent.
Special designs in CROSSLEY'S BEST TAPESTRY, 15 percent.
CARPET SWEEPERS, 10 percent.

Colored Dress Goods.

Our entire stock of RICH COLORED CREPONS at 65c, 75c, $1.25, $1.40, $1.60.

TO CLEAR AT HALF PRICE.

One table of CHEVIOT SERGES, VICUNA CLOTHS, TWEEDS, etc.

33 1-3 P.C. Off

Our stock of BEAUTIFUL CASHMERES at $1.10 per yard.

To Clear at 33 1-3 P.C. Off.

All Remnants at Half Price.

Silk Dept.

BLOUSE SILKS in Colored Stripes, 60c, less 20 percent.
Black and White Stripes, $1, less 20 percent.
32 inch ART SILKS, good assortment left, 75c, less 20 percent.
BLACK SURAH SILKS, 75c, 90c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, 20 percent.
BLACK GROUND CHINA SILK, best quality, $1.50, less 33⅓ percent.
Remnants of Silks and Velvets, 50 percent.

Youths' and Boys' Ready-made Clothing.

OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS, 25 percent.
All our regular stock of CHILDREN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING 20 percent.

5 Percent Extra for Cash.

Stationery.

WRITING TABLETS, ruled or plain, rough or smooth surface ..... 20 P.C.

SHOPPING AND CHATELAINE BAGS—another lot to clear at prices as under;

CHATELAINE BAG at $4.25 for 95c.
CHATELAINE BAG at $3.25 for 75c.
CHATELAINE BAG at $2.25 for 50c.
CHATELAINE BAG at $1.25 for 25c.

Purses, Grips, Card Cases, 20 P.C.

NOTE PAPERS, special lines, HALF PRICE.

House Furnishing Dept.

BASEMENT.

Special Tables, 5c, 10c, 25c, 50c, $1.00.
GREAT REDUCTIONS on all lines in this Department for another week.

Men's Furnishing Dept.

MEN'S BUCK GLOVES, in Wool and Lambskin Linings, 20 percent.
MEN'S TWO-FINGER BUCK GLOVES, for driving, 20 percent.
MEN'S WOOL GLOVES, ranging in price from 45c to $1.00, less 20 percent.
We have also added a fresh lot of MEN'S NECKWEAR to our 15c and 25c Tables, which includes all the various shapes.

Ladies' and Children's Hosiery.

One Lot CHILDREN'S COTTON HOSE, 5c pair.
One Lot LADIES' COTTON HOSE, 15c pair.
LADIES' BLACK COTTON HOSE, 22c pair.
LADIES' TAN COTTON HOSE, 25c pair.
LADIES' TAN THREAD HOSE, 20c pair.
LADIES' WHITE RIBBED THREAD VESTS, 19c each.
LADIES' RIBBED WOOL VESTS, 38c each.
LADIES' COLORED SILK HOSE, 57c pair.
LADIES' RIBBED WOOL DRAWERS, 38c pair.
MISSES' BLACK SCOTCH CASHMERE HOSE, Half Price.
20 percent off all WINTER UNDERWEAR.
20 percent off all LADIES' COLORED SILK HOSE.

☞ Now is the time to Subscribe to

"Butterick's Delineator" for 1896.

Commence with the January Number.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $1.00. SINGLE COPY, 15c.

Henry Morgan & Co.
MONTREAL.

Weekly Calendar.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5.

POULTRY SHOW
OF THE
MONTREAL POULTRY ASSOCIATION,
VICTORIA ARMORY, CATHCART ST.,
FEB. 4, 5, 6, 7.

Large entries have been made to compete for the Lady Aberdeen Medal and Sir D. A. Smith Challenge Cup. Winners of the above prizes will be placed in special coops.

Tickets, 25c, Children, 10c.

M. A. SUTHERLAND,
Sec.-Treas.
1

MONTREAL
SNOW-SHOE CLUB.

"VETERANS" NIGHT,
Athletic Club House, Cote des Neiges,
Wednesday, Feb. 5th.

The Club will tramp as usual, leaving Gymnasium at 8 o'clock sharp. Veterans will muster at 7.45 sharp.

"JUBILEE CUP RACE"

will be run on same evening. Competitors must appear in Club costumes.

ANNUAL DINNER

at Windsor Hotel on SATURDAY EVENING, 8th inst., at 7 o'clock.

E. R. JARVIS, Hon.-Sec.

ART ASSOCIATION,
PHILLIPS SQUARE.

ART CLASSES.

The Second Term of the ART CLASSES will commence on WEDNESDAY, FEB. 5. Two scholarships for competition. Intending students please communicate with the secretary.

Galleries open daily from 9 a.m. to dusk.
ADMISSION, 25 cents.
SATURDAY FREE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6.

MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT
WILL BE GIVEN IN THE
EVANGELISTIC HALL, 2424 St. Catherine street.
BY
Mr. HUBERT A. BAKER,
And Members of the Chalmers Church Choir,
THURSDAY Evening, February 6, 1896,
At 8 o'clock.
ADMISSION, - - - - - 10 cents.
Proceeds toward paying for Piano in the Hall.
4

ST. JAMES METHODIST
CHURCH.
THURSDAY Evening, February 6, 1896,
FARMER'S MASS IN B FLAT.

Miss Louise Daly (soprano), Mrs. Kellond (contralto), Mr. E. Lebel (tenor), Mr. J. Marshall Williams (basso), Mr. E. Broome (organist), Mr. Charles Reichling (leader of orchestra); Mr. W. J. Birks (director).

Chorus of Fifty Voices.

Silver Collection — not less than ten cents from each person received at door.
1

MONTREAL CAMERA CLUB.
LECTURE ON INDIA.
OVER 100 LIMELIGHT VIEWS.
BY
Mrs. CHARLES LESTER, late of India.
At the Y.M.C.A., Dominion Square.
On THURSDAY, Feb. 6, at 8 p.m.
Tickets, 25c, admitting one adult or two children.
4

MIZPAH LODGE,
No. 3, I.O.O.F.

The Regular Weekly Meeting of the Lodge will be held To-morrow Evening, at 8 o'clock, in their Lodge Room, the Academy of Music, 13 Victoria street. By order of the N.G.

A. E. ESDON, Rec.-Secy.
29

Y. W. C. T. U.

The Regular Business Meeting will be held on THURSDAY, Feb. 6, at 3 p.m., in the Evangelistic Hall, 2424 St. Catherine street. Prayer meeting at 2.30 p.m. Topic: 'Peter's Public Discourse.' All members and friends are cordially invited to be present.

ELLA V. LEDERS,
Recording Secretary.
5

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7.

INSIDE THE ARCTIC CIRCLE
Under the Hudson Bay Company's Flag.
ILLUSTRATED LECTURE BY
Mrs. EMMA SHAW COLCLEUGH.
Chair will be occupied by
SIR DONALD A. SMITH.
Y.M.C.A. HALL,
FRIDAY, February 7, at 8 p.m.
Admission - - 25 cents.
4

Postponement.

The entertainment under the auspices of the West End Methodist Choir, advertised for Feb. 7th, owing to the continuance of the special services has been postponed until

TUESDAY, February 18.

5

CALEDONIAN SOCIETY.
LITERARY COURSE.

The fourth lecture in the Literary Series will be delivered in St. Andrew's Home, FRIDAY Evening, Feb. 7, at 8 p.m., by Mr. SACKVILLE S. BAIN.

Subject:—**'SCOTTISH SONG AND MUSIC.' (Illustrated.)**

Members and their friends cordially invited.

J. T. MITCHELL, Hon.-Sec.
5

AN ENTERTAINMENT.

An Entertainment that is worth going to, should always be heralded in the 'Witness' Calendar of Meetings and Amusements.

19

Weekly Calendar.

FUTURE MEETINGS.

WINDSOR HALL,
HAYDN'S "CREATION,"
By the Montreal Philharmonic Society,
On TUESDAY, 11th February, 1896.
ARTISTS:
Soprano—Miss CHARLOTTE MACONDA, New York.
Tenor—Mr. J. C. BARTLETT, Boston.
Basso—Dr. CARL E. DUFFT, New York.
Chorus of 300 Voices
Orchestra of 35 Musicians.

All seats reserved at $1.00, 75c and 50c, at Nordheimer's, St. James street (Tel. 811), and at Shaw's, St. Catherine street (Tel. 4410).

Doors open at 7.30. Concert at 8.15 p.m.

A. BROWNING,
Sec.-Treasurer.
G. COUTURE,
Conductor.
31

COCHRANE'S AUDITORIUM,
PRINCE ARTHUR RINK.

Annual Races, to be held on TUESDAY, Feb. 11, 1896.

1—Snowshoe race, 2 rounds.
2—Half-mile (members only).
3—Ladies, half-mile (members only).
4—One mile, open.
5—Half-mile backwards, open.
6—Boys' race, one mile, open, 15 years and under.
7—Three-mile, open.
8—Barrel race, open, two rounds.
9—Five-mile, open.
10—Hurdle race, open, hurdles 27 inches high, two rounds.

Entries close on Monday, Feb. 10, 1896.
Entry fees, 25c for each event.
Band every Tuesday and Saturday evening.
General admission, 10c.
Band night—Gents, 25c; Ladies and Boys, 15c.

A. E. WAND, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, $3.00, Weekly Witness, $1.00; with reductions to clubs: Northern Messenger, 30c; 10 copies to one address, $2.25; 20, $4.40; 50, $10.50; 100, $20.

For Great Britain add $1.04 per annum for postage on Weekly Witness; 28c on Northern Messenger; $3.60 on Daily Witness.

The last edition of the DAILY WITNESS is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4.00 per annum.

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DAILY WITNESS.

Five lines and upwards, 10c per line. Contract on favorable terms.

WEEKLY WITNESS.

With large type or cuts, 20c per line. One-third reduction if set in our usual small advertising types. Special contract rates.

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The Daily Witness.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1896.

The hysterical and vociferous jubilations of the clerical coercionist party over the victory of Sir Charles Tupper shows two things: First, that they were in an agony of dread of defeat, and, secondly, that they have got beyond shame as to the disgraceful means used to secure this result, and ignore the fearful cost at which the victory was won. In addition to the open exploitation of wage-earners and open offers of local rewards for docility on this occasion, which have become too customary to awake a blush, there has been added a clerical act of the most desperate recklessness. Does the country realize that the Roman Catholic hierarchy, in order to have a discredited majority in a superannuated House of Commons, has pawned the loyalty of one-half of its adherents; that a bishop has deliberately called the whole Liberal party 'hell-inspired hypocrites' and other terms too trenchant to be forgotten in a generation? Twenty years ago for much milder follies than this, even the impracticable Pius IX. found it necessary to send out a liberal and statesmanlike prelate to bid the clergy peremptorily to keep out of politics. By that process he postponed for twenty years the disaster which is now in the senility of his successor being precipitated. The cost to the Conservative party of this move is obviously realized by its organs, which in their shoutings carefully omit all reference to their cursing bishop.

The 'Gazette' says: 'It is to be remembered also that outside of Quebec there has been nothing in the by-elections to encourage the Opposition.' This in spite of the fact that the Opposition won Antigonish, N.S., the seat of the late prime minister, by a considerable majority; that it reduced the Conservative majority in Westmoreland, N.B., from 2,148 in 1891 to 728 in 1895; that it reduced the Conservative majority in Victoria, B.C., from 612 to 100; that in Ontario it won West Huron by a large majority, which in 1891 elected a Conservative minister; that in spite of the fact that two Opposition candidates ran in Cardwell, one of them was elected in place of a government supporter; that the government was shown to be in a numerical minority in North Ontario, where it had long enjoyed control; that the Opposition has carried the city of Winnipeg in a by-election since the last general election. There is not a province in the Dominion which has not indicated in the clearest manner that the majority of its people are opposed to the government and its policy. If, however, the government believes that the Opposition in the country is not strong, why has it drawn back twice from the brink of general elections, and why is it still trying to postpone as long as possible the ordeal of facing the people?

THE CAPE BRETON ELECTION.

With all the power of the Roman Catholic Church at his back, in a constituency with a large Roman Catholic population; with all the assistance a great mining company in a county in which mining is the great industry could afford him; with all the prestige of a colleague of Sir John Macdonald and of a past and present minister of the crown, and, in effect, the prime minister of the country, Sir Charles Tupper has managed to secure his election in Cape Breton by an increase of seventeen votes in the majority given to a Conservative candidate without any prestige or any extraordinary assistance. It seems now that had not Bishop Cameron issued his epistle in which he cursed the Liberals as 'hell-inspired hypocrites,' who were acting 'in defiance of God,' Sir Charles Tupper would have been, if elected at all, elected by only a very small majority. Had the contest been between Messrs. Murray and McKeen, the two local candidates in a general election, there is every reason to believe that Mr. Murray would have been elected. In by-elections the government of the day has hitherto been always able to secure immensely increased majorities, yet, after resorting to the most desperate courses, it has in this case, with everything in its favor, just held its own. The government counted upon a majority of anywhere from 800 to 1,400, and that before Bishop Cameron issued his violent mandement; yet after that document had done its work among the Roman Catholics, the government has carried it by 745 votes. The victory is a poor one, but small as it is it has been won at a great cost to the Conservative party, or else the Conservative Protestants of Ontario and the other provinces are more complacent than we imagine them to be. If Bishop Cameron's mandement does not do the Conservatives more harm, not only in Protestant but also in Roman Catholic constituencies, than it has done them good in electing Sir Charles Tupper we shall be much astonished. The course of the Roman Catholic bishops in regard to the Manitoba school affair has been simply outrageous. One of them has told how the influence of the Vatican was brought to bear upon the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, who were sitting as judges in the case. We do not believe for one moment that the Vatican or the Roman Catholic bishops of Canada had the slightest influence upon the Privy Council, but that they attempted to influence it we have their own words for; and they boast that they succeeded, and that the result was owing to their influence. Now they are found issuing roorback mandements in support of the government which threatens, in spite of the opposition of the great majority of the people of Canada, to coerce Manitoba into submitting to have a separate school system foisted upon her by a moribund parliament, made up of representatives who do not dare to face the electors. The great majority of the people of Canada will at the first opportunity afforded them sweep from office the incapable set of men who are attempting at the dictate of the Roman Catholic Church to rush through a dying parliament coercive legislation which would be utterly rejected by a parliament fresh from the people.

TUPPER WINS IN CAPE BRETON.

It Was a Memorable Struggle and the Liberals Fought Magnificently.

Sydney, C.B., Feb. 5.—Sir Charles Tupper was yesterday elected the representative in the House of Commons of the County of Cape Breton in the by-election caused by the retirement of Mr. MacKeen. Sir Charles arrived in Sydney this evening from Sydney Mines, where he has been spending the past few days, and received an ovation from his friends.

The Liberals put up a magnificent fight with the result that a heavy vote was polled and their candidate received a better vote than in any previous contest. The total figures are: Tupper, 3,705; Murray, 2,981. The corresponding figures in the last general election were 2,889 and 2,161. It is quite apparent that the Liberals have lost no ground in the present contest. When it is remembered that since 1878 the constituency has been a pronounced Conservative one and the powerful influences which were at work during the campaign just closed are reckoned, it is not at all wonderful that the dominant party managed nearly to hold its own. If the influence of the Dominion Coal Company officials and the strong stand taken by the Catholic clergy had been things unknown it is reasonable to suppose that Sir Charles Tupper's majority would have been largely reduced.

Mr. George H. Murray, the defeated Liberal candidate, spent the day at Boularderie, and consequently did not get back to North Sydney until some time after the result was known. He took the verdict good naturedly, and spoke of the causes to which he felt were due the defeat. At Sydney Mines to-day Mr. E. Gregory refuted a statement alleged to have been made by Mr. Devlin, that Mr. Clarke Wallace was antagonistic to Sir Charles Tupper, by producing a letter from Mr. Wallace to Sir Charles Tupper, introducing a Mr. Walsh, who he thought, might be of some service in his campaign. It may be added that the Liberal executive looked upon Mr. Walsh with considerable suspicion, and his movements were carefully noted by a detective.

HOW THE VOTE STOOD.

	Tupper.	Murray
Sydney	217	260
North Sydney	150	332
Sydney Mines	175	283
Little Glace Bay	396	167
Port Morien	241	208
Hillside	130	35
Forks	110	117
Main-a-dieu	92	80
Louisburg	135	100
Gabarus	143	144
East Bay, south side	80	71
Boisdale, W.	118	46
Boularderie	117	119
Big Pond	70	45
Grand Narrows	213	66
Catalone	112	72
Trout Brook	157	35
Grand Mira	103	32
Victoria	123	134
East Bay, north	188	54
Lingan	63	64
Loch Lomond	19	51
Leitchie's Creek	137	89
Ball's Creek	78	126
Little Bras d'Or	58	88
Bridgeport	180	90
Reserve	100	82
Total	3705	2,981

Majority for Tupper, 724.

Sydney, Feb. 5.—Both the Liberals and Conservatives held meetings to-night after the returns were all in. Attorney-General Longley spoke at the Liberal meeting congratulating Cape Breton Liberals on the magnificent fight they had made against overwhelming odds. He also severely criticised the coercive manner in which the Roman Catholic clergy had interfered on behalf of Sir Charles in their churches, which he considered was inimical to the best interests of religion. At the Conservative meeting Sir Charles said the Conservative party of the Dominion owed a debt of gratitude to Cape Breton county for electing him. He said the Liberal party regarded him as the leader of the Conservative party and predicted his victory would pave the way for Conservative success at the general elections and sounded the death knell of the Liberal party for the next five years.

Halifax, N.S., Feb. 4.—Tremendous excitement prevailed in the city to-night over the by-election in Cape Breton County. Complete returns give Sir Charles Tupper 3,715 and the Hon. Mr. Murray, 2,981; a majority for Sir Charles of 734.

FEELING IN HALIFAX.

Halifax, N.S., Feb. 5.—An examination of the returns from Cape Breton clearly show Sir Charles Tupper won his victory through the coercion of the Dominion Coal Company's officials and the interference of priests and Bishop Cameron with the rights of Roman Catholic electors. Without these two interferences his majority would have been exceedingly small, if any at all. There was not that jubilation in Conservative circles in this city usual over their victories. Large crowds assembled in front of the telegraph offices or hotels and other public places to receive returns which only seemed to give satisfaction to a limited number of persons. It looked as if the bulk of the city Conservatives were disappointed over the returns and the conclusions to be drawn are that Sir Charles Tupper has very few friends in Halifax. There was no demonstration of any kind although crowds hung around till ten o'clock, when the last returns were received. The people then departed in silence. The feeling against Bishop Cameron seems to be steadily increasing.

OTTAWA LIBERALS SATISFIED.

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—The Liberals in parliament say they are satisfied with the result in Cape Breton because if Sir Charles Tupper had represented a good government or a popular cause he would have had a thousand majority. The Liberal candidate was sorely handicapped by the Roman Catholic bishop and priests coming out strong for Sir Charles Tupper and the effect of this can be imagined when it is stated that out of a total population of 34,244 the Roman Catholics number 17,944, or more than half. It is admitted now by Conservatives that Bishop Labrecque's action in Charlevoix knocked four hundred off the Liberal candidate's majority, so if that is so the action of the Roman Catholic Church in Cape Breton would easily add eight hundred to the government vote.

'OH! THE EYES!'

Under the above heading, the 'Patrie' says: 'What do you think of that good Curé Quinn, who found the truth in the eyes of that old dog, Sir Charles Tupper, sr.? Sir Charles could not lie to him, because he looked into his eyes. Go now and try to impose upon that cunning curé. He is not the man to be fooled. We are anxious to see the face of that good Irish curé, when Sir Charles presents his bill "of the mildest kind." But pshaw! he will once more put on his blue spectacles and proclaim that it is the best law that could be given us under the circumstances. Go on, then, Messrs. Orangemen; why make ceremonies? You are sure to be pardoned, even without confession.'

A FRENCH CONSERVATIVE VIEW.

Referring to Sir Charles Tupper's victory, the 'Minerve' says: 'This majority of over eight hundred votes, in the contest just ended, indicates a two thousand majority at the general elections for the man who will then be Prime minister of Canada, under whose firm direction the constitution will then have recovered the majesty of its supremacy, and the Manitoba minority the possession of their too long violated rights. On this point, we are happy to see that the very clear and precise instructions of the Bishop of Antigonish have borne wholesome fruit. All the Catholic portions of Cape Breton have freely and generously given the support of their votes to the champion of the remedial order. Honor binds and confidence as well! Even had not Sir Charles Tupper so clearly indicated his attitude on this important constitutional question, we are quite certain that he would fully understand the bearing of the mandate which he has just received. We are not less assured that the mass of the Conservative party and of the sound elements of the Opposition will equally realize what that victory means. In this brilliant triumph, then, we greet much less the success of the Conservative candidate than the dawn of the approaching day when equal justice on behalf of the minorities, according to our national constitution, will reconquer and see consecrated its indefeasible rights.'

KINGSTON CONSERVATIVES.

Kingston, Ont., Feb. 5.—The annual meeting of the Conservative Association took place last night and was largely attended. The officers elected were:—President, Mr. J. Swift; first vice-president, Mr. G. Richardson; second vice-president, Mr. W. Dunlop; third vice-president, Dr. Walkam; fourth vice-president, Mr. M. Shaw; treasurer, Mr. J. Muckleston; secretary, Mr. C. F. Smith; assistant secretaries, Messrs. J. P. Oram and M. Webster.

THE BOYS' BRIGADE.

The Growth of the Movement in Canada.

LORD ABERDEEN PRESIDES AT AN INFORMAL CONFERENCE.

An informal conference on the work of the Boys' Brigade in Canada was held in the cosy parlors of the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon, Lord Aberdeen, brigade president, presiding. Attending His Excellency was Deputy-Adjutant General Strathy, his aide. Ranged in a semicircle on either side of the president's table were, amongst others, Sir Joseph Hickson, Mr. George Hague, the Rev. Canon Norton, the Rev. W. J. Hunter, the Rev. W. J. Dart, battalion president; the Rev. Canon Dixon, vice-president; the Rev. Thomas Bennet, the Rev. J. Frederick Renaud, Mr. Fred. J. Walker, battalion secretary; Mr. J. R. Dougall, Mr. D. A. Budge, Mrs. Walker, Miss Phillips and Miss McCulloch.

His Excellency asked that the conference take the form of a general conversation, and after a few words laudatory of the movement, called on Mr. Walker for an account of the progress of the work in Montreal.

Until after Mr. W. A. Smith's visit, Mr. Walker said, it had been hard to set the ball rolling in this city. There was then a company at St. Jude's Church, and one had been in existence for five years in connection with St. Barnabas Church, St. Lambert. Now, besides the latter company, there are seven organizations in the city, all working actively except one. Many excellent results of the work were of such a nature that they were not seen, a case only being noticed here and there, but everywhere lives were being shaped for future usefulness.

Mr. Bennet said that he would like to bear testimony to the good work of the Boys' Brigade in the East End. He had twenty boys of his company attending the church services every Sunday morning, and all were fast learning habits of obedience, reverence, discipline, self-respect and all that tends towards a true Christian manliness.

'Very gratifying, indeed,' His Excellency observed.

Canon Dixon thought that the movement should have attained much greater proportions than it had. It was not an expensive matter to get the uniform. The clause in the constitution providing that the boys must regularly attend church and Sunday-school he considered an excellent one. From fifteen to thirty of his company greeted him at Bible-class every Sunday morning.

Canon Norton referred to the Boys' Brigade in connection with the Cathedral Band of Hope, which is carried on on unsectarian lines, attended by members from thirteen churches. Not the slightest effort was ever made, he said, to tamper with the religious principles of the boys who go there, or to interfere with their church [illegible] much to say in [illegible] tion agreeing with [illegible] testimony of the [illegible] boys into Sunday-[illegible] there; that it [illegible] of their attendance [illegible] discipline of the [illegible] in the boys a love [illegible] while it also draws [illegible] the churches close [illegible]

Lord Aberdeen [illegible] he began to feel [illegible] twenty or thirty [illegible] unless they had [illegible] them was of little [illegible] ed that there was [illegible] ty for young men [illegible] work, and to re[illegible] selves while trying [illegible] J. R. Dougall was [illegible] on this phase of [illegible]

Mr. Dougall said [illegible] Excellency had [illegible] important thing [illegible] find suitable men [illegible] who were not only [illegible] the boys but who [illegible] Christ. What [illegible] how to develop of[illegible]

Mr. Budge gave [illegible] the work of the [illegible] Y. M. C. A., who [illegible] out many compet[illegible] school workers. [illegible] Brigade, it was [illegible] the work unless [illegible] Rev. Mr. Parr s[illegible] of the movement, at[illegible] Nisbet, brigade [illegible] various features of the [illegible] ingly remarked that he say he hardly knew which [illegible] Lord Aberdeen reminded [illegible] would have another chance [illegible] ing. Among other things [illegible] earnest appeal for funds [illegible] necessary expenses connected [illegible] headquarters work. Of the [illegible] for to meet the expenses of [illegible] year, which ends in March [illegible] to be received.

At the close of the [illegible] Excellency accepted an invitation [illegible] Mr. Budge to visit the gymnasium [illegible] he was greeted with rousing cheers [illegible] the boys.

THE BOYS' BRIGADE CONCERT.

The first annual concert of the Brigade in Canada was held [illegible] the High School Assembly Hall [illegible] audience was present and the [illegible] taken by His Excellency the Governor-General, who was accompanied by Lady Aberdeen. Troop 'A' of the Governor-General's Body Guard Cavalry formed a guard of honor for His Excellency.

The proceedings opened with the singing of 'Onward, Christian Soldiers,' after which prayer was offered by the Rev. W. J. Dart.

Lord Aberdeen confined his remarks to a word of welcome to the visitors present and requested that the programme might be immediately proceeded with.

Miss Wilshire contributed two songs, 'Dreamland' and 'Lights and Shadows,' which were exquisitely rendered. Two recitations by Miss Belle Boyd elicited much applause. Exhibitions of various kinds of military drill were given by the brigade boys and were all gone through. Troop 'A' of the Montreal Cavalry delighted the audience with the sword drill and Sergt. Walker gave an amazing series of fancy sword exercises. Mr. Macduff greatly amused all present with his musical sketch, 'A Silver Wedding', and roars of laughter were occasioned by Mr. Spicer's comic reading.

The Right Rev. Bishop Bond addressed the boys reminding them that their aim in life, both as British subjects and as soldiers of the Cross, should be to do their duty. He left with them three points to lay to heart, firstly, always look to God for guidance; secondly, never to deviate from the path which they had chosen, and lastly, to remember that they must be a leader of others, it being impossible for any man to get to heaven alone.

Mr. T. W. Nesbitt, the secretary, reviewed the work of the brigade. It has a membership of over four thousand in the Dominion, although it has only been established here for six years. The object of the brigade is the extension of Christ's kingdom among boys. Mr. Nesbitt made mention of the objections that had been raised to the military drill which the boys were taught. However, considered it advisable to foster a spirit of patriotism among those who were to be our future citizens.

The event of the evening was the presentation of medals by Lord Aberdeen. His Excellency remarked that some fifteen months ago he had promised to award two bronze medals to the most qualified lads in the brigade. The promise he was not prepared to fulfil with exactitude. He had, so far, come away from it as to have had two silver medals prepared which were engraved with the names of the prize winners. He had much pleasure in presenting to Sergt. W. D. Young and Corporal W. [illegible] both of the 1st Montreal Company. The sergeant's medal was affixed to Lord Aberdeen, while His Excellency presented the young corporal. The ribbons of the medals were of the patterns of the Aberdeen tartan. Continuing, His Excellency thanked all present for their attendance and particularly the Montreal Cavalry members, who had formed a most efficient guard of honor. His Excellency felt sure that the brigade would prove a far-reaching value. Those who objected to its semi-military character would be glad enough to find defenders for their homes should danger ever threaten their beloved country. He would [illegible] boys that nothing worth doing could be done without trouble. They had seen the wonderful feats of Sergt. Walker and knew that continual practice was necessary for their performance. He would advise the boys to continue to practice their principles and stick to the work which they had begun.

To live, said His Excellency, not only for the betterment of themselves, but they should also endeavor to raise others to the level to which they were entitled to attain. He would leave them with a motto, the old saying: 'Trust in God and keep your powder dry.'

A vote of thanks to their Excellencies was proposed by Mayor Wilson-Smith and seconded by Sir William Hingston, who addressed the boys in a few words of language, telling them that they should not only train themselves to be good citizens but gentlemen then indeed would they be the grandest soldiers of the most glorious cause.

The proceedings terminated with 'God Save the Queen.'

WARDING OFF THE EVIL DAY.

The Government Obstructing Legislation for its Own Purpose.

...ARTIN INTRODUCES HIS IN...EN'Y BILL YESTERDAY.

...—The feature of yes... the Commons was the ... leader of the Oppo... of the Minister of ... Mr. Martin, of ... insolvency bill ... demand of the ... Toronto and ... he pretence of ... past at passing ... and held that it was ... interests of commerce to ... Dominion law on this ... a debate the bill was ... time.

...ition resisted a motion by ... to take Thursday's for gov... Mr. Laurier remind... that aside from the delay ... the resignations of the minis... had been only eighteen days of ... actually forty days elapsed be... motion prevailed. He argued ... was no reason for it. So far ... ernment business was concerned ... paper was a blank, while it ... loaded with other business, in... a score of most important public ... Although the session was called ... particular purpose no remedial bill ... been brough down. The militia ... re mentioned in the Speech from ...rone had not been heard of. The ... was one designed to block use... legislation and gag members ... House. He appealed to the sense ... on both sides of the House. ... also said that this was an ex... session and the ordinary con... would not apply. Mr. Lau... said, held that this parliament ... April 25 and this meant that ... ernment must get through its ... before that date. The motion ... to facilitate the passage ... so as to clear the way for the ... bill. The government intended ... for supplies. The Opposition ... the impression that it was ... tention not to allow any busi... transacted except the remedial ... that was another reason for press... tion. If the Opposition would ... on with the Budget debate ... to day he would postpone the ... otherwise the government would ... motion with all the force at ... mand.

...ells pointed out in reply that the ... parliament were framed in the ... interest and founded on experi... ...or Mr. Foster proposed to set the ...es of parliament at defiance. He re... ...ded the House that the redress of ...vances should precede supplies. The ...ernment said there were grievances ...alled a session specially to deal ... them; yet before the measure of ... was submitted to the House the ...rnment were asking for supplies. ... supplies were the only check the ... had on the government for they ... not be trusted to be guided by ... inasmuch as in 1891 with re... to the issue of writs and their re... government had shamefully dis... the law.

Richard Cartwright declared the ... had no right to call this ... at all because two-thirds of the ... of Canada were not represented ...House. The province of Manitoba ... be perfectly justified in con... ...tly disregarding any interfering ...sed by this House for the rea... ...e since 1891 this House ceased ... Manitoba, and so it had with ... New Brunswick and Nova ... the representation of all these ... being either below or above ...

...er Tupper charged the Oppo... ...h obstructing tactics and in... the introduction of Mr. Martin's ... bill, and the debate on it as ... of these tactics. The gov... ...ill bring the remedial bill ... course.

...—Bring it down and then ...der this motion favorably.

...Tupper—The leader of the ...es not control the House. ...ening.

...ible discussion followed, the ...rvously opposing the mo... hard Cartwright even stat... was willing to forego his ... Budget in order to vindi... ...e. During the debate the ...frequently to intervene to ... Mr. Davin was inter... ...es on points of order and ...sion was ordered by the ...withdraw offensive and un... expressions. He charged ...cies and withdrew the ex... charged cowardice, and ...back. He then spoke of ...the Opposition as cowardly ...had to withdraw the ex... charged discreditable con... of the Opposition and ...draw the expression. Mr. ...speak to the motion at all ...self open to the charge of ...

... who followed, referred to ...as a wild-eyed son of des... ...ed a point against the ... had summoned parlia... of a minority by asking ...y in this House had no ...greed with Mr. Foster that ...extraordinary session, be... was being kept here be... form by a government ...usurping office.

... Lavergne, Choquette ...and spoken, Mr. Foster ca... ...posed that if Thursdays ... the budget debate he ... his motion.

... once agreed to this and ...ended.

... the budget which was ... yesterday will therefore ...until to-morrow.

...djourned at midnight.

THE BALLOTS.

THE RETURNS OF SATURDAY VERY LITTLE ALTERED.

The city clerk concluded his inspection of the ballots at the City Hall yesterday afternoon.

The majority of a hundred for Ald. Wilson is not altered in Hochelaga Ward. There were fifteen ballots rejected and eighteen spoiled.

In St. Ann's Ward, there were found 193 rejected ballots and twenty-six spoiled. The majorities are the same as on Saturday.

In St. Lawrence Ward the majority for Ald. Harper has been raised from 614 to 620. In this ward it was found that twenty-four ballots had been spoiled and forty-five rejected.

NO CLAIM ON GAMBLING CONTRACTS

Judge Purcell yesterday dismissed an action taken to recover thirteen dollars loaned on chips during the course of a game of cards between two individuals. Money lost in gambling contracts cannot be recovered by legal process.

MEETINGS AND SOCIETIES.

A QUOTATION SOCIAL.

The young people of Dominion Square Methodist Church are again to the front with one of their original socials. Last Friday evening they held what was termed a 'Quotation Social,' which proved of unusual interest, as will be seen from the following description. Quotations were selected from the bible as well as from English, French and Latin proverbs, and were arranged in the form of acrostics, so that the initial letters on each of the cards, formed one of the following words, and the quotations embodied as nearly as possible the thought conveyed in the sum:—Epworth League, Christian Endeavor Society, Dominion Square Methodist Church, Montreal.'

On entering the room each guest was met by the 'Welcome Committee,' and ushered to the registration table, receiving there a card on which was one ink-written quotation, with their name placed opposite in red ink. The printed instructions on each card were brief, but explicit, and also acrostically arranged as follows:—

'Exchange quotations with those having papers of similar initial letters.

'Look quotations be obtained only from persons named in roll.

'Complete your list, and deposit with examiners soon as possible.

'Endeavor faithfully to earn the prizes to be awarded to-night.'

It was an easy matter, therefore, for the guests to ascertain what was expected of them; and they at once began moving about the room in quest of those persons named in roll, with each of whom they were entitled to exchange one question. This, of course, necessitated conversing with, and receiving the autograph of a great many, which appeared to be the object the committee had in view. The readiness with which all fell into line, left nothing for the 'get up' committee to do, save furnish information to late comers. After the distribution of prizes to the successful competitors, and the addition of a short musical programme, refreshments were served.

THE RAILWAYMEN'S NIGHT.

Railwaymen off duty last evening, congregated in the East End Hall, 6 Craig street, and spent a pleasant and profitable time at the entertainment prepared by the East End branch of the Canadian Railwaymen's Christian Association. In addition to the trainmen, a large number of friends interested in the work of this railway mission were present and thoroughly appreciated the varied and interesting programme. The superintendent, Mr. W. J. Reid, presided. Mr. Blackaller, vice-president of the association, gave a brief, practical address, pointing out the necessity of united action in their endeavors to benefit and aid their fellow workmen who are out on the road. The following persons ably assisted on the programme:—Misses Feathers, Blackaller, Rath, Cook; Mrs. Tuddenham; Messrs. G. H. McLeod, Evans and T. Hutchinson. Miss A. Noble presided at the piano. After the usual votes of thanks, the audience sang the National Anthem' and dispersed.

A. O. U. W., AT HUDSON, P. Q.

An address was given by Past Grand Master Workman, Thos. Chambers, of Prince George Lodge, A.O.U.W., in Cavagnol Hall, Hudson, (Bro. W. F. Halcio, of Prince Arthur Lodge, in the chair), on Friday evening, Jan. 31, on the 'Aims, Objects and Constitution of the Order.' A very attentive and interested audience of ladies and gentlemen listened to the speaker with much pleasure and during the evening some lantern views of the trip across the Rockies to Salt Lake City, Yellowstone Park, etc., of the Supreme Lodge representatives, were shown. The other workmen present were: Bro. W. Hoy of Prince Arthur Lodge and Bro. Geo. Pyke of Woodstock Lodge. The meeting had in view the formation of a lodge of the order in this locality, which was well received and the near future will show a progressive and up-to-date lodge of the A.O.U.W. of material of a decidedly high order.

YOUNG FOLKS' GUILD.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the young people of Zion Church and congregation was held last evening in the church parlors for the organization of a Young Folks' Guild. The pastor, the Rev. W. H. Warriner, presided. A constitution and by-laws were adopted after a very merry and harmonious debate, the objects of the Guild being tersely stated as follows:

'To do all the good we can
In all the ways we can
To all the people we can.'

The officers were next elected as follows:—President, Mr. George Wilson; vice-presidents, Mrs. R. Stanley Weir and Mr. Charles Adams; treasurer, Miss M. Allan. The appointment of reception, social, membership and programme committees was deferred until next meeting. A short and interesting paper on 'Guilds' was read by Mr. Adams, and bright recitations were delivered by Messrs. O'Hara and White.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Return of traffic week ending Feb. 1, 1896:

	1896.	1895.
Passenger train earnings..	$ 87,917	$ 85,518
Freight train earnings	214,319	183,144
	$302,236	$268,662

Increase, $33,574.

Miss Susan Fenimore Cooper, the daughter of the great novelist, died recently. She had been her father's amanu-

great ambition had been to write his biography. Mr. Cooper, however, embittered by the strictures that had been visited upon him for his criticisms of American ways, had, on his deathbed, forbidden any history of himself to be published. Says the New York 'Evangelist': 'Miss Cooper then, twenty-two years ago, humbly turned to another work. She founded a modest orphanage in a little cottage in Cooperstown, New York, where five little orphans were all she could accommodate at first, but latterly one hundred orphans were sheltered, fed and educated. In their midst she lived and died. Who can doubt that her personal disappointment was a crown laid upon her Redeemer's brow?'

THE HEATHER CURLERS

DEFEAT THE ST. LAWRENCE CURLERS IN THE SMITH CUP CONTEST.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE ST. LAWRENCE ROYAL YACHT CLUB.

The finish of the first drawing for the Smith cup between the Heather and St. Lawrence Clubs took place last night. Two games were played at the St. Lawrence, and two at the Heather rinks.

The games resulted as follows:—

Heather Ice.
Rink No. 1.

Heather.		St. Lawrence.
W. B. Hutchison, sk		D. Anderson, skip.
17		10
Rink No. 2.		
W. F. Smith, skip.		W. M. Kearns, skip.
16		9
33		19

St. Lawrence Ice.

Heather.		St. Lawrence.
Rink No. 1.		
A. C. Hutchison, skip		H. J. Miller, skip.
16		17
Rink No. 2.		
— Cornell, skip.		W. G. Goodhugh, skip
16		16
32		33

Total for Heather Club on Monday night, 35. Total for St. Lawrence Club on Monday night, 14. Grand total for Heathers, 100; grand total for St. Lawrence, 66. Majority for Heather, 34.

SNOWSHOEING.

THE GARRISON GREEN STEEPLECHASE.

The Garrison Artillery Snowshoe Club's green steeplechase will take place this evening at 8.30, starting from the corner of Sherbrooke and McTavish streets. The following are the entries and officials:—W. H. Peard, J. Brophy, C. Charters, A. Morrison, R. Kyle, J. Height and H. Duff. Starter, Sergeant-Major Fellows; referee, Captain W. A. Collins; judge, Captain, J. H. Wynne.

The club steeplechase will be held on the following Wednesday. The prizes for both events will be presented at the championship tug-of-war contest in the M.G.A. Armory, on Tuesday, Feb. 25.

MONTREAL SNOWSHOE CLUB.

The annual 'Veterans' tramp' will take place to-night, when the Jubilee Cup will be ran for, in costume. The usual large turn out of 'veterans' for this tramp, is looked for, and, as a good programme at the Athletic Club House is arranged, it will probably be one of the biggest tramps of the season.

HOCKEY.

THE ARENAS AND GRANITES.

The Arenas and Granites will play at the Crystal Rink this evening from 10 to 11 o'clock, and the friends of both teams are looking for a lively match.

THE RETAIL DRUGGISTS WON.

A hockey match was played last evening between a team of local retail druggists, and the employees of Messrs. Kerry, Watson & Co. The retail druggists won by four to one.

BOWLING.

ST. GEORGES DEFEAT GRANITES.

Following is the result of the St. George-Granite match, played at the Y.M.C.A. last evening:—

Granite.

H. Field	244
E. McBean	291
C. Powter	290
W. Jarrett	264
Total	1089

St. George.

C. Porter	320
O. Mowat	298
S. McGarity	266
C. O'Hara	272
Total	1162

YACHTING.

THE DUNRAVEN CHARGES.

London, Feb. 4.—The 'Chronicle' will tomorrow say that the Prince of Wales, who is commodore of the Royal Yacht Squadron, has earnestly counselled Lord Dunraven to keep well in mind the desirability of promoting friendship between the representatives of sports and peoples. The Prince considers that the terms of the finding of the Committee of Enquiry of the New York Yacht Club offer great encouragement in this direction. There is reason to believe that action leading to a very happy ending of the trouble will shortly be taken. Lord Dunraven, it is said, visited the Prince of Wales at Sandringham for the purpose of seeking his advice as to the course he should pursue in view of the verdict of the committee which investigated the charges he made against the 'Defender' syndicate.

ICE BOATING.

A VERY FAST TRIP.

Kingston, Ont., Feb. 4.—Yesterday Kendall Bros.' steamboat captains made a lightning run from Clayton, N.Y., to Kingston, 22 miles, on the ice-boat 'Siren.' The distance was covered in 46 minutes. This is considered very fast time for such a distance.

YACHTING.

THE ROYAL ST. LAWRENCE YACHT CLUB.

The general annual meeting of the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club was held at the club rooms, 2204 St. Catherine street. The election of officers resulted as follows:—

Honorary Commodore — Sir Donald A. Smith.

Commodore—Mr. James Ross.

Vice-Commodore — Mr. George W. Hamilton.

Rear-Commodore — Mr. Robert Fitz-Gibbon.

Secretary—Mr. W. Arthur C. Hamilton.

Measurers—Messrs. J. C. C. Almon, G.A. C. Hamilton and Fred. P. Shearwood.

Committee—Messrs. L. J. Smith, S. Jackson, G. Herrick Duggan, D. De Sola, G. H. Labbe, W. McLea Walbank, A. F. Riddell, and Wm. Davidson.

The eighth annual report was presented. It stated, among other things, that the season's racing proved interesting; there being a greater number of entries than usual, and good contests were enjoyed. Twenty-one races were held on twelve different days, of which two cruising races were pleasant features.

Sixty new members were elected during the year, of which 52 were seniors, 3 juniors and 5 non-resident. There were 28 names removed from the roll of membership, 26 resignations, one withdrawal, one delinquent ruled off for non-payment of dues, besides the club having to mourn the death of one, the late Mr. W. H. Meredith, leaving a total membership of 430, or 32 more than last year.

The following eleven gentlemen, on the payment of $100, or its equivalent, became life members of the club:—Messrs. G. L. Cains, S. Carsley, jr., E. S. Clouston, G. W. Eadie, M. K. Greene, P. Lyall, J. M. McIntyre, W. C. McIntyre, L. J. Smith, S. White and J. R. Wilson.

After the close of the Seawanhaka international races, instant action was taken, and this club, on behalf of Messrs. Duggan and Shearwood, forwarded a challenge. The club may congratulate itself on its promptness, as some half a dozen challenges have followed ours, which, being first on the list, was accepted. Being among the first to acknowledge the good points of the small two-man boat, our club is equally fortunate in securing a try for the coveted trophy, as well as having so able a representative willing to undertake the trip.

The absence of Mr. James G. Monk, the secretary-treasurer, has been much felt by the committee, and it earnestly hopes for his recovery from the serious illness that has lately overtaken him.

THE 'VALKYRIE' ORDERED HOME?

London, Feb. 3.—The New York 'World's' Glasgow correspondent telegraphs that the 'Valkyrie' has been ordered from New York to the Clyde preparatory to the earlier English regatta, and that it is expected that the 'Defender' will cross and race the 'Valkyrie' in British waters.

Glasgow yachtsmen, he adds, are not surprised at the decision of the committee, the report being regarded as courteous and conclusive. The feeling is strong that Lord Dunraven should withdraw the charges and the unfortunate business be forgotten forever.

The 'World's' Cowes correspondent writes supplementary to this telegram already cabled, that Secretary Grant, of the Royal Yacht Squadron, received his official copy of the report this morning, but had only scanned it. He says that some of the evidence is very conflicting, but on the whole it is a satisfactory explanation. He was asked whether he considered it sufficiently explanatory and satisfactory to dispel the dark cloud which Lord Dunraven's charges had cast over two continents. His reply was that until he had gone thoroughly into the report, he was unable to say, but no doubt Lord Dunraven would reply to it.

Reginald Wynn, of the British Yachtsmen's Association, has chartered the yacht 'White Feather' just given up by the German Emperor for Whitaker Wright, an Australian millionnaire. He has been authorized by his association to offer a prize valued at £100 for a race between big yachts in the Mediterranean in March.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

The Board of Out-Door Relief acknowledges with thanks from Mrs. Francis Scholes a donation of $20.

The treasurer of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge acknowledges with thanks from Mr. Alfred W. Hadrill, a donation of $10.

The chairman of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society acknowledges with thanks the following additional donations to the charitable funds of the Society:—Samuel Bell, $25; G. B. Burland, $25; Jas. Coristine & Co., $20; S. H. Ewing, A. S. Ewing, Jas. Linton & Co., Robt. Reford, R. Wilson Smith, $10 each; Thos. Ligget, F. M. Evans, John Carson, A. T. Higginson, R. R. Stevenson, Robt. Linton D. Nightingale, F. Jordan, Chas. H. Dobbin, A. W. Acheson, Tees & Co., Francis Scholes, James Nelson, W. T. Costigan, J. Hagar, $5 each; Forbes Bros, R. Wilton, Henry Millen, John H. Jones, E. E. Rothwell, $2 each; D. T. Tees, $1.00.

The ladies of the Protestant Infants' Home acknowledge with thanks donations for December:—P. A. Malette, a box of sweet potatoes; G. & J. Esplin, a load of kindling; H. Russell, 48 lbs. of corn beef, 'Our Home'; Mr. David Morrice, piece of grey flannel, and a piece of sheeting; Mrs. Murray, three pair of hose and one pair of gloves; Ladies' Aid of Erskine Church, seven flannelette nighties for infants, five pairs of flannel drawers and three petticoats; Mr. Francis, a glass sautern; Mrs. Ross, a parcel of magazines; H. Gatehouse, 7¾ lbs. of fish; one 'Boys' Own Paper'; Robinson & Co., a basket of buns and doughnuts; Mrs. Williamson, a basket of apples; Mrs. Haldane, three knitted shirts for babies; St. Paul's Dorcas Society, six flannel dresses and twelve pairs of flannel bloomers; Mrs. Eaton, plate of very nice cake; from Industrial bazaar, $3.00 worth purchased by Mrs. W. A. Ogilvie and Miss Ogilvie; $5 worth, Mrs. W. W. Ogilvie, and $6 by Lady Hickson; six flannel nighties, six flannelette nighties, six flannel barrows, three flannel dresses, one quilt and two night gowns for women; Mrs. James Hutton, a ham for Christmas; Mrs. E. G. Penny, sweet milk daily; H. Gatehouse, 6½ lbs. of fish; Master Clarke Reid, two shirts and can of Nestle's Food; Lady Hickson, one turkey; American Presbyterian Church Sewing Circle, four pairs of canton flannel drawers for women, four pairs of flannel bloomers for children, two flannelette petticoats for children, and eight flannelette dresses for babies; D. A. McPherson, a cheese; Ladies' Aid of Crescent Street Presbyterian Church, four pairs flannel bloomers, two cotton chemises for children, flannel petticoat; Mrs. D. A. Fleming, five flannel barrow coats, two flannel nighties, four knitted shirts, nine bibs, one dozen balls of colored knitting cotton, some samples of cloth and two pairs of bloomers; Mrs. Harte, a turkey and a basket of apples; Mrs. Reid, 21 napkins, three lbs. of sweet biscuits and old linen; Mrs. Starke, one dozen cookies, one dozen patty cakes, two loaves of brown bread and a box of candles; G. Bridgeman, a nice box of meat; Mrs. Wright, 1½ dozen bags of candles, balls, rattles and dolls; Erskine Church, three gallons of milk; Mrs. Sanders, a fruit cake; Mrs. J. G. Ross, 2½ dozen of oranges, two dozen bags of candies, a hanging basket, 7 lbs. of bacon, and a very large quantity of toys of all kinds; Mrs. Shearer, parcel of cakes for Christmas; J. A. Ogilvie, box of toys for Christmas; Ross, Hall & Co., bag of rice; James McKeown, a fruit cake and two cakes of short bread; Mrs. Davis, two splendid plum puddings; H. Gatehouse, fresh fish every Friday; P. A. Mallette, 6 lbs. of dried peaches; the Lang Manufacturing Company, four bxs. of biscuits; Mrs. Brophy, five cot quilts; A. Watt, 4½ dozen of buns; Mrs. F. E. Gilman, bottle of ink and steel pens; Mrs. Williams, two turkeys and old linen; Hodgson Brothers, six turkeys; Mrs. Hannaford, a basket of toys; Mrs. H. Wallis, six dozen of oranges; Mrs. D. Gordon, one turkey and a roast of mutton; Mrs. R. R. Stevenson, box of toys and two chairs for babies; Mrs. Buchanan, one turkey; Mrs. Y. A. Rodger, one turkey; Mrs. Wm. Wilson, one large cheese; C. Mock, three dozen lemons, four lbs. of sausages, and a box of apples; T. Coughtry, bag of flour; Mrs. Ward, six dolls for children; Mrs. R. Holden, a box of toys; Mrs. Eadie, four tea caddies, two dozen of cookies, box of candies; Mrs. Wanklyn, lot of toys; Brown Bros., two chickens and a box of meat; Mrs. J. Linton, one goose and a roast of beef; Mrs. Greenshields, 'Isaleigh Grange,' a dressed sheep; P. A. Mallette, box of sweet biscuits; Montreal Quilting Co. 14 yards of quilting; Miss Glass, pair of sheets; Miss Dow, one turkey and three dozen oranges; Stanley Street Presbyterian Church Willing Workers, 19 dresses for little folks, one dozen little nighties, three shirts and six petticoats; Mrs. Brush, a goose; Mrs. Thompson, a parcel of worn clothing, five pairs of hand knitted hose, six flannelette nighties, two flannel nighties, 6 lbs. of biscuits and one quart and a pint of jelly; Samaritan Society, Church of the Messiah, four dozen flannel dresses; 8 fancy flannelette and two babies' sheets; Mrs. D. Gurd, four pairs of boots, one pair of shoes for babies; Misses Dow, a parcel of toys for Christmas; C. Mock, bunch of holly; Mrs. Rawlings, side of mutton; A. S. & W. H. Masterman, two hams and 10 lbs. of sausages; Mrs. D. Morrice, one turkey and a roast of beef; Master Ashworth, a parcel of books for children for Christmas; Mrs. Molson, two turkeys and some apples; Mrs. Lamb, two dolls; G. H. Wray, one turkey.

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HEADQUARTERS for GOLD SPECTACLES, GOLD EYE GLASSES, FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.
Store closes at 6 p.m.
HENRY GRANT & SON, Opticians,
72 Beaver Hall, cor. Dorchester street.
2

TO THE STRANGER
In a Strange Place
—THE—
CALEDONIA SPRINGS WATERS
Are a Boon. There is safety in drinking them.
Sold by leading grocers, hotels, druggists, etc., and
CHAS. GURD & CO., 43 Jurors st.
30

R. A. DICKSON & CO
Watches, Jewellery, Electro Plate, etc.
Next Door to Carsley's.
Our Inventory forcibly teaches us that we have too many goods. The store is 'fairly crammed' with a display which cannot be surpassed. For a limited period we are offering extraordinary inducements. Prices never before heard of, many of our lines being cut to cost. Other goods, the merest fraction in excess of cost price. 1

WASHING WON'T FILL THE BILL
Especially is this the case with persons of sedentary habits. They may wash and bathe in the ordinary way as much as they please, but the Turkish Bath is required for a thorough purification. Go to
140 ST. MONIQUE STREET,
Turkish Bath Hotel.
for a Turkish Bath, perfect in every respect. There is no place in the world where you can get a better bath. 3

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE
MEDICAL HALL
(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1833.)
KENNETH CAMPBELL & CO.,
COLONIAL HOUSE,
PHILLIPS SQUARE,
Importer of Drugs, Chemicals, Perfumery and Toilet Articles.
Prescriptions promptly and carefully prepared.
CHARGES MODERATE

SAVE TROUBLE
WORRY AND MONEY
Don't spoil good materials by using inferior Baking Powder, use the Tried and Best.
The Cook's Friend
BAKING POWDER.

MONEY TO LEND
At Low Rate of interest and on favorable terms, on first-class property.
SUN LIFE ASSURANCE CO. of Canada

MARRIAGE LICENSES
ISSUED.
MONEY TO LEND.
—BY—
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
ACCOUNTANT AND COMMISSIONER.
107 St. James st. and 345 Prince Arthur st.
3

ARTISTIC PRINTING IS DONE AT THE WITNESS PRINTING HOUSE.

OLD NEWSPAPERS
Suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the 'Witness' Office, in 10-lb. packages, at $1 per 100 lbs. 5

The GILT EDGE Cyclist.



Washing day
With Gilt Edge Soap,
Leaves time enough for play
And gives us cycling folks some scope
For pleasure every day.
That's why we all use
STRACHAN'S
GILT EDGE
SOAP.

CHAMPIONSHIP HOCKEY!
. . SHAMROCK VS. MONTREAL . .
Victoria Rink, WEDNESDAY, 5th instant, at 8.30 p.m.
Admission, non-subscribers, 25c; Reserved Seats in Gallery, 50c, and 25c. Boxes (5 seats), $3. Sale of seats opens Wednesday morning (9 o'clock) at Rink Ticket Office, 128 St. James st.
S. JACKSON, Sec.-Treas.

ORANGEMEN EXCITED.

GRAND MASTER HUGHES HISSED AT A COUNTY GATHERING.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—A sensation was caused in Orange circles by the hissing of Grand Master Hughes at the County Lodge last night owing to his recent manifesto attacking Messrs. Dalton McCarthy and N. Clarke Wallace. A prominent Orangeman has informed the 'Witness' correspondent that Mr. Hughes censured the members of the county lodge for this hostile reception and said: 'Respect the Grand Master if you will not Brother Hughes.'

Mr. Dalton McCarthy cannot attend the reception at Ottawa to Mr. Clarke Wallace, but has sent a hearty letter of regret.

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—Mr. N. Clarke Wallace was asked what he thought of the resolution of the Exeter Orange Lodge disapproving of his resignation from the government. Mr. Wallace replied that of the two thousand Orange lodges in Canada that was the only lodge that had not upheld his action. He had already received between four and five hundred resolutions from different Orange bodies approving of his stand on the Manitoba school question.

BRUTAL ATTEMPT AT MURDER.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 5.—An attempt at murder was made at an early hour this morning at Fort Rouge, a suburb of this city. William Smith, who comes from Quebec, and John Nankerville, an old resident, were going to rob a house and got into an altercation. Nankerville having confessed that he tried to shoot Mr. Grenwright, superintendent of the Electric Railway, some weeks ago. For fear Smith might tell, Nankerville shot him this morning and buried him in the snow. When he was leaving Smith unconsciously kicked his legs and Nankerville, noticing it, returned and fired three more shots at him, and taking out a knife stabbed him thrice about the neck and pounded him about the head with the revolver, covered him with snow and left him for dead. Smith came to life again and shouting, got assistance. He was sent to the hospital where the bullets were extracted and his wounds dressed. There is a bare possibility that he may recover. Nankerville was arrested and after a preliminary hearing sent up for trial.

CAPE BRETON ELECTION.

GOOD WORK OF THE 'HELL INSPIRED HYPOCRITES.'

The 'Patrie' says that although 1,700 more votes were given yesterday than at the previous election in Cape Breton, the Liberals did not lose one single inch of ground which proves that the 'hell-inspired hypocrites' made a good figure after all, and it then adds: 'They had to fight against the combines, against money and even against sermons, and mandements. While Bishop Cameron, Abbe Quinan and others were preaching in favor of the election of Tupper, there were in the county three or four Orange chiefs who were stimulating at the same time the sons of William of Orange.' Further on, the article says that Sir Charles carried on the contest with a holy water sprinkler in one hand and an Orange flag in the other, and it winds up by stating that the Liberals must now take the bull by the horns and force the government to come out with the famous remedial order which, although not yet known to anyone, is already wreathed with pastoral letters.

AN OLD MAN'S FIGHT.

After referring to the odds and difficulties with which Sir Charles Tupper had to contend, the 'Presse' says: 'That is what an old man of seventy-five years had to fight, in a winter campaign, with inclement weather and bad roads. That is not the act of an ordinary athlete, and the old lion may be proud of his work.' The 'Presse' gives the following as a specimen of the expressions of opinion uttered by the Liberals when the news reached Montreal:—'That is again the fault of those cursed curés; we must put an end to them once for all.'

ANGERS VS. PACAUD LIBEL CASE.

THE SUPERIOR COURT JUDGMENT CONFIRMED BY THE COURT OF APPEALS.

Quebec, Feb. 5.—The Court of Apeals, presided over by Sir Alexander Lacoste, Chief Justice, confirmed the Superior Court judgment in regard to the Angers vs. Pacaud libel case. Mr. Ernest Pacaud, proprietor of the 'Electeur', was sued by the Hon. A. R. Angers for slander. Judgment was secured for $5,000 against Mr. Pacaud. The latter brought the case in the Court of Review where the amount was reduced to $2,000. The Hon. A. R. Angers appealed and had the former judgment confirmed with costs against Mr. Pacaud. It is said that the case will be carried to the Supreme Court.

OIL COMPANIES AT WAR.

Glasgow, Feb. 5.—The combination of Scotch oil traders, established some time ago with the object of sustaining rates, has been broken and rate cutting has begun. The Standard Oil Company is flooding the market with its products.

MR. HAYS VISITING THE STATIONS.

The G. T. R. manager, Mr. Hays, went over to-day and visited the St. Lambert, Montreal South and Longueuil station. The residents say this is the first visit they have had from a G. T. R. manager.

PERSONAL.

The last member of the Goethe family died on Dec. 27, at Weimar, being Count Leo H. Von Donnersmarck. He was born on Jan. 8, 1829, in Morseburg, his great-aunt being Otillie Von Goethe. A large number of interesting and valuable relics of the poet are bequeathed to the Goethe Museum at Frankfort-on-the-Main.

THE EXCHEQUER COURT.

There will be a sitting of the Exchequer Court in this city on Monday next, when a customs case and a claim of the Montreal Rolling Mills will be the business brought before the court.

TO ANNUL AN ELECTION.

A petition to annul the election of Councillor Hubert Morin, of Ste. Cunegonde, has been filed in the Circuit Court. The petition is based on the allegation that when Mr. Morin was proclaimed elected by acclamation the returning officer illegally took upon himself to decide upon a protest filed against the nomination of an opposition candidate.

THE CRIMES OF A YEAR.

THE REPORT OF THE CLERK OF THE RECORDER'S COURT.

The annual report of the clerk of the Recorder's Court for the year 1895 is now complete. It is almost entirely due to the indefatigable efforts of Mr. Lucien Forget, Clerk of the Court, that this work, which is of some magnitude, is prepared for publication at this comparatively early date. Early and late, every day, since the first of the year, Mr. Forget has been toiling away with commendable energy, and is the first of the department heads, as usual, to put the result of the year's work into proper tabulated form. Following is the report:—There were 453 summary trials of indictable offences and juvenile offenders, with 418 convictions; 147 paid their fines, 139 were committed, sentences suspended in 82 cases, with nine commitments not yet executed. Of the above convictions, 141 were for assaulting constables while in performance of their duty. There were 432 convictions for common assault and battery; in 1894 there were 524 convictions for this offence. Disturbing religious meetings, 18; carrying offensive weapons, loaded revolvers, etc., 23; cruelty to animals, 50; malicious damage to real or personal property, 168; using threatening language and bound over to keep the peace, 64.

For being drunk and disorderly in the street, obstructing the sidewalks and kindred misdemeanors there were 5,396 convictions; there were 5,698 in 1894. Drunkenness alone in 1895, 3,398; in 1894, 3,875, a gratifying decrease. Altogether the total number of convictions under the Summary Trials act was 5,992, of which 2,549 paid their fines; 2,503 committed, 806 released on suspended sentence and 34 commitments not yet issued. In 1894 there was 6,755 convictions.

Eleven boys and five girls were sent to certified reformatory schools. Juvenile crime is evidently decreasing as in 1894 55 offenders were sent to the reformatory, 44 males and 11 females. Of the uncarded for children, 129 males were sent to the schools of industry, and 40 females. At the present time the city is paying an annual sum of $10,752 for the maintenance of children in industrial schools, and $1,092 for those in reformatory schools. There were 38 convictions for offences against the Quebec License law. Of these 33 were for selling liquor without license and five for selling to minors.

In 1895 there were 1,639 complaints of offences against the by-laws, in 1894, 1,511. Carters' neglect to procure licenses for themselves was responsible for 421 of these cases, 105 of them were convicted of driving without numbers and pocket numbers; 25 of them were fined for not having their lamps lighted; 85 were arrested for loitering off their stands; 21 were absent from their vehicles. For fast and reckless driving and turning corners at too swift a gait 53 persons were arrested. Eighty-three persons refused to pay their carters' fare. Using wheel vehicles on winter roads resulted in two persons being fined.

Sixty-six butchers were fined for exposing meat for sale in private stalls without license. There were 12 cases of unlicensed traders on markets. Ninety-nine unlicensed peddlers were brought to task, as also were 160 owners of unlicensed dogs. One man was fined for neglecting to destroy an offensive dog. Eight unlicensed hand organ players were mulcted. Encumbering streets and sidewalks or other public places, 15; ringing bells, playing ball and lacrosse, 7; having unharnessed horses in the street without having competent persons to care for them, 9; throwing snowballs, 4; sliding and skating on the street; 5; neglecting to remove snow from the sidewalks, 66; do. from roof, 1; trotting a horse on a bridge, 2; driving in prohibited part of public parks, 3; bathing in the canal or in the river opposite the city, 22; injuring grass and trees in public parks, 3; barber shops open on Sunday, 10; firing a revolver in the city, 1; building without notifying the Building Inspector, 16; erecting on the new line of Bleury street building with wooden, instead of stone or iron front, 1; erecting wooden buildings, not encased with brick without stone foundation, 8; covering roof with combustible material, 1; refusing to have chimney swept, 6; conveying persons suffering from dangerous infectious disorders, 1; neglecting to clean dirty yards, 12; lots of land kept in offensively filthy condition, 12; depositing manure in uncovered boxes, 6; wasting the city water, 1; selling loaves or deficient weight, 12; apprentices, servants or journeymen, guilty of desertion or absent without leave, ill behavior, refusing to obey, etc., 12; enticing servant to desert his employ, 1; false alarms, 4; offering for sale milk not up to the standard, 13; Montreal Street Railway for overcrowding its cars, 2; obstructing tracks of the same, 2; the total number of convictions under the by-laws, 1,380, is divided up as follows: 974 paid, 41 committed, 275 sentence suspended, 75 commitments issued, 12 executions suspended, and 3 writs of certiorari.

In 1895 there were 21,680 civil prosecutions, made up as follows: Actions issued for wages of servants, etc., 104; actions in ejectment, 529; oppositions afin d'annuler or distraire, 20; writs of possession, 26; petitions to revise assessors' decisions; warrants issued to recover assessments, personal taxes and water rates, 21,000. In 1894 there were 18,662 civil prosecutions.

The grand total of cases disposed of in the Recorder's Court is for 1895, 30,159; 1894, 27,545.

The revenue of the court is: Amount of fines and costs received by the Clerk of the Recorder's Court, $14,844.99; costs received by the city treasurer, $166.45; total, $15,011.44.

The total revenue for 1894, was $20,382.03.



I was monarch of all I su vey
But my right there s one to d spute.
On the sand by the shore of the sea
I discover the mark of his boot.

MRS. WILSON'S CONCERT.

A very successful concert was given last night in St. Gabriel Presbyterian Church by Mrs. H. O. Wilson, who was assisted by Messrs. Arnold Jones and Messrs. William Reed, J. J. Goulet, C. E. Richards, and J. Stewart Blanford. Mr. Reed began the entertainment with an organ solo from Guilmant. He afterwards gave a 'melody' by Salome, and the Grand March 'Reine de Saba,' from Guonod. Mrs. H. O. Wilson rendered the solo 'The Shepherd of the Fold,' in a very effective style. Mr. J. Stewart Blanford's Recit Aria 'Comfort Ye,' and 'Sing Ye Praise,' was much appreciated. Mr. J. J. Goulet received much applause for his violin solos. Mrs. Arnold Jones stirred the religious sympathies of the audience in her solos 'I know that my Redeemer Liveth,' and 'There is a Green Hill.' Mr. Richards's deep tones in 'Jerusalem,' and 'Honor and Arms,' were very imposing. The music was chiefly of a sacred character The audience was large and appreciative.

THE CANADIAN ROYAL ART UNION CASE.

In the Police Court this morning Judge Dugas dismissed the case against the managers of the Canadian Royal Art Union, W. C. and Jesse France for being players in a common gambling house. His Honor remarked when giving judgment that although he himself was of the opinion that the defendants were carrying on an illegal business, the evidence adduced would not warrant his convicting them. It was pointed out to Mr. McGibbon, Q. C., who prosecuted, that the detective, Hilliard, was not only contradicted by others, but actually contradicted by himself. Under the circumstances, Judge Dugas said he would have to throw the case out, but intimated that if another case was brought, more completely prepared, it might result in a conviction.

MEETINGS AND SOCIETIES.

A FRENCH REVIVAL MEETING.

The Rev. Edward De Gruchy, pastor of the First French Methodist Church, Craig street, assisted by the Rev. T. Roy, pastor of the West End French Methodist Church, closed last Sunday evening, a series of revival meetings, at which a number of persons were converted. The meetings during the two weeks were well attended, and each night a goodly number asked to be prayed for, while others were seriously seeking for pardon, and among the seekers were a number of Roman Catholics. Last Sunday night during the service three persons were baptized, and about thirty partook of the Lord's Supper. The meetings are continued by both pastors at Point St. Charles in Hope Chapel, near the corner of Ryde and Charlevoix streets, every evening this week and next at 8 o'clock. The pastors would be delighted to see the few English Methodists who can speak French attend and help. All are welcome.

DIPLOMATIC LYING.

A writer in the 'Review of Reviews' has given a careful sketch of Francesco Crispi. Cripi is conceded to be not only the foremost statesman in Italy, but perhaps the most accomplished manager of governments in the world. His opinion on any subject pertaining to the influencing of men and nations may therefore be taken as authoritative. Like strategy or spying in war, lying has been held to be a necessity in diplomatic affairs. Between men, truth is a matter of honor; but between nations it has not been considered necessary, or even possible.

Signor Crispi is said to be a disagreeable person with whom to carry on negotiations. Perhaps the following opinions that he expressed to a friend may explain why he has none of the suavity such as is ordinarily expected of the successful diplomatist. Crispi said in substance, when the subject of falsehood in politics came up in a conversation.

'Falsehood in politics belongs to the old school. It is an arm out of date, to be consigned to the arsenal of tricks out of fashion. One should never lie.'

Some one interrupted:

'But there are great falsehoods, the necessary falsehoods, the sublime falsehoods—the falsehoods which settle difficult questions, which decide the lot of a people.' Afted quietly listening the prime minister replied: 'One should never lie.'

'But in presence of an indiscreet question, or a captious one, how shall we avoid the difficulty?'

With an impatient exclamation Crispi answered, tersely: 'Say nothing.'

Ths conversation was reported to Prince Bismarck, the narrator saying that Signor Crispi absolutely refused to admit falsehood in any case.'

'In my opinion,' said Bismarck, 'all question of morality apart, falsehood is in itself generally awkward and clumsy.'

Count Herbert intervened: 'But, pardon, Excellence, in certain cases one would be much embarrassed. You have sometimes to deal with people who ask you questions with an indiscretion which puts you with your back to the wall. What can you do then?'

'Escape the question,' answered Bismarck.

'That betrays the embarrassment.'

'Be silent.'

'That is sometimes an avowal.'

The foremost man in the German Empire turned his keen eyes upon the company, and said, closing the discussion:

'I do not like to lie; falschood is to me odious.'

Such is the testimony of the most successful of modern diplomatists. We are less surprised at this when we learn that the Italian prime minister is called by those who know him well, a religious man. Religious principle always 'tells' on a man's views of worldly affairs. No one living has been put in a harder or more complicated position than Crispi. If he can manage Italy without falsehoods, surely truth must suffice for our simple lives.

A great modern poet described a truthful man as one who 'honored his word as if it were his God.' What a word this would be, if we could say in the words of Holy Writ:

My covenant I will not break,
Nor alter the thing that is gone out of my lips.
Once have I sworn by my holiness
That I will not lie unto David.

ALFRED AUSTIN ON ALFRED TENNYSON.

A correspondent calls our attention to Mr. Austin's criticism of Tennyson's poetry which appeared in his volume 'The Poetry of the Period,' published by Messrs. Bentley in 1870. If we quote some sentences, it is not with the purpose of annoying Mr. Austin; it is simply to show he has no right to complain of expressions equally frank being applied to himself, with a thousand times more reason. His appointment to the laureateship is not a serious matter, provided it is clearly understood that he has no poetical talents, and that nobody worth speaking about maintains that he has. Otherwise, our children might blame us, for having lost all sense of poetry and al discernment of what is good in literature. It is not so bad as that. Now for the extracts. Mr. Austin says: 'What I wish to emphasize is that his (Tennyson's) being a great poet is now regarded as an established fact. . . I am going not only to challenge, but to deny it altogether, and to implore the age, while there is yet time, to save itself, by a seasonable recantation, from posthumous ridicule and contempt. . . . My proposition is that Mr. Tennyson is not a great poet, unquestionably not a poet of the front rank all but unquestionably not a poet of the second rank, and probably, though no contemporary perhaps can settle that, not even at the head of poets of the third rank, among whom he must inevitably take his place. The prevailing and universal expression is that he is a great poet, a very great poet, perhaps as great a poet as ever lived. This is the opinion I challenge and denounce, the opinion that will make posterity shriek with laughter and flout us to scorn. . . Let not the age make itself the laughing-stock of an irreverent posterity. We laugh at the contemporaries of Hayley. Do we want to be laughed at by our grandchildren? Mr. Tennyson is much more of a poet than Hayley, no doubt, but then Hayley was never belauded as Mr. Tennyson is by us.' This shows that Mr. Austin stands as a critic exactly where he stands as a poet. Another correspondent has misunderstood our reference to Mr. William Watson. When we expressed the hope that Mr. Watson would return to his critical studies, we did not mean that he should confine himself to prose. It seems to us that the best part of his poetical work hitherto consists of critical studies, and that he is making a truer addition to English literature by working in these than he would be by writing official verses.—'British Weekly.'

THE SIDEWALK WAS DEFECTIVE.

At the inquest this afternoon on the body of Ermiline Picard, killed last evening by a street car, evidence was given by the girl's father laying the blame for her death on a neglected sidewalk on Harbor street, which he said was a ridge of ice. The girl slipped on this sidewalk and rolled under the wheels of a passing trainer. Mr. Cunningham and his solicitor, Mr. Archer, were present at the inquest on behalf of the company, while Mr. Lamarche represented the girl's parents.

RECOUNTS GRANTED.

Re-counts were asked on behalf of Messrs. Tansey and Fournier this morning and were granted by Judge Davidson

The re-count in the Fournier case is fixed for next Friday, and in the Tansey case for next Saturday.

LOCAL STOCKS INACTIVE.

LARGE BLOCKS OF BANK OF MONTREAL STOCKS CHANGING HANDS.

WITNESS OFFICE,
Wednesday, Feb. 5, 1895.

On the local stock exchange this morning the market was again inactive with prices steady, the feature being again a sale of Bank of Montreal stock, namely, 216 shares at 218. In the three past days, 436 shares of this stock have changed hands, representing a sum of $225,848. The increase of $97,000 in the earnings of Canadian Pacific Railway stock, comparing last week with same date last year and the generally improved financial condition of the road have their legitimate influences and the stock is considered good security at present prices. Duluth closed a trifle under the best late prices.

The sales at the morning board were:—150 Can. Pac. at 58¾, 3 Cable at 157, 100 at 157½, 50 at 157¾, 150 M.S.R. at 217, 216 Bank of Montreal at 218, 3 Commerce at 134¾, 50 Duluth Common at 6, 125 Preferred at 14, 25 at 13¾.

The afternoon market was inactive and firm. The sales were:—25 Cable at 158¼, 25 at 155½, 30 Telephone at 157½, 7 Bank of Montreal at 218, 1 at 217½.

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler.

	Between Banks Buyers.	Sellers.	Counter.	
New York Funds	3-16 dis.	⅛ dis.	par.	⅛ prem.
Sterling, 60 days	9⅝	9½	9¾	9⅞
Sterling, demand	9⅝	9 11-16	10	10⅛
Sterling, cables	9¾	9⅞	10¼	

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler, Stock Brokers, corner Notre Dame and St. Francois Xavier streets.

Stocks.	Sellers per $100.	Buyers per $100
Canadian Pacific	59½	58¾
Do. do. Land Bonds	....	....
Duluth S.S. & Atlantic	6½	6
Do. do. do. Pref.	15	14
Grand Trunk 1st Pref.	....	....
Do. do. 2nd Pref.	....	....
Commercial Cable	159	158¾
Montreal Telegraph	165	164
Richelieu & Ont. Nav. Co.	100	87½
Montreal Street Railway Co.	217	216½
Montreal Gas Co.	199½	195
Bell Telephone Co.	....	....
Do. do. Bonds	....	....
Royal Electric	140	130
Bank of Montreal	220	217
Ontario Bank	....	....
Bank of British North America	....	....
La Banque du Peuple	5	2
Molsons Bank	177	170
Bank of Toronto	240	220
La Banque Jacques Cartier	140	....
Merchants' Bank	169	164
Do. do. of Halifax	....	....
Eastern Townships Bank	....	....
Quebec Bank	....	....
La Banque Nationale	....	....
Union Bank	100	....
Canadian Bank of Commerce	135	130
La Banque Ville Marie	100	72½
Hochelaga Bank	....	....
Intercolonial Coal	....	....
Do Pref. Stock	....	....
North-West Land	....	....
Canada Shipping Co.	....	....
Canada Paper	....	....
Champlain & St. Lawrence Bonds	92½	....
Montreal Cotton	130	125
Can. Col. Cot. Mills Co.	55	45
Do. do. Bonds	....	....
Merchants Manufacturing Co.	....	....
Dominion Cotton Mills Co.	96	90
Do. do. Bonds	....	....
Loan & Mortgage Co.	....	....
Toronto Street Railway	75½	74¾

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

(Furnished by J. R. Mecker.)

Opening and Closing Prices—10 a.m. and 3 p.m.

Atchison	15⅞	16¼
Can. Pacific	....	....
Can. Southern	49¾	49¾
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	78½	78¾
Clev. C.C. & St. Louis	33½	37⅛
Com. Cable	....	....
Del. & Hud.	129	129¼
Del., Lack. & West.	....	....
Erie	....	....
Ill. Central	....	....
Louis. & Nash.	47⅞	48
Lake Shore	146⅝	147½
Manhattan Consolidated	106¾	107⅛
Missouri Pacific	23½	24
North American	....	....
Nor. Pacific	....	....
Nor. Pac. pfd.	15⅞	16
New Jersey Central	103	103¾
Nor. West.	101½	102¼
N. Y. & N. Eng.	....	....
N. Y. Central	98	98
Omaha, Common	38	39
Pacific Mail	23¾	24¼
Reading, Philadelphia	14½	14⅝
Richmond Terminal	....	....
Rock Island Chico. & Pac.	72	73
St. Paul, Chico. & Minn.	74	75¼
St. Paul, Minn & Man.	....	....
Texas Pacific	....	....
Union Pacific	7⅞	7⅝
Wabash Com.	....	....
Wabash pfd.	17⅞	17¾
Western Union Tel.	84⅜	85⅛
Sugar	109¼	109⅝
Lead	26½	26¾
Gas, Chicago	65	65¾
Gen. Electric	29¼	29
Toledo, Ann Arbor & Nor. Mich.	....	....
Rubber	27	27⅝

CHICAGO MARKETS.

The following table shows the range of prices in Chicago to-day, and the closing quotations as compared with those of yesterday:—

	Yesterday's Close.	To-day's Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—					
Feb.	64⅝	....	....	....	65⅜
May	66⅝	67	68½	66¾	67⅝
July	66⅛	66¾	68	66⅝	67¼
Corn—					
Feb.	27⅞	....	....	....	27⅝
May	30	30¼	20⅝	30¼	30¼
Oats—					
Feb.	19¼	....	....	....	13⅜
May	21⅞	21½	21½	21¾	20¼
Pork—					
Feb.	10.15	....	....	....	10.25
May	10.40	10.35	10.60	10.35	10.45
Lard—					
Feb.	5.60	....	....	....	5.77
May	5.80	5.80	5.82	5.75	5.77
Short ribs—					
Feb.	5.10	....	....	....	5.15
May	5.30	5.30	5.37	5.30	5.35

WHEAT VERY ACTIVE.

CLOSES STRONGER AFTER AN UNUSUALLY HEAVY DAY'S BUSINESS.

In Chicago this morning wheat was about ⅜ of a cent higher on cables from New York, and after declining again of 1⅞c at 68¼c May, closing of 66⅝c. The market declined on heavy selling by houses to 67¾c, recovered afterwards sold down to 66⅝c May. The trading was Bradstreet's reports wheat decrease, 884,000 bushels. Cables were dull. Corn stronger. Provisions

Milwaukee, Feb. 5, 1.15 p.m. 64⅞c Feb., 66⅝c May.

Duluth, Feb. 5, 1.15 p.m. Northern, 66¾c Feb., hard, 61¾c cash.

Toledo, Feb. 5, 1.20 p.m. Feb., 70¼c May.

St. Louis, Feb. 5, 1.20 p.m. Feb., 68¾c May.

New York, Feb. 5. Wheat, 74½c Feb., 75c corn, 37c Feb., 39½c M

SHIPPING

THE AUSTRALIAN

In consequence of delay at Sydney, the schedule of and departure of the Aus- at and from various ports be two weeks later than the or instead of one as formerly

New York, Feb. 5.—Arrived Aristerdam from Rotterdam.

Southampton, Feb. 5.—Arrived from New York.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

The Board of Outdoor Relief with thanks from Mr. Alfred W. donation of $25, and from Messrs. thewson & Co., two boxes of soap.

The Board of Outdoor Relief with thanks from Balloch, $25; Wm. Vincent, $5; Mrs. Robertson, $10; Mrs. Charles R. Hosmer, section of $10; Mrs. Thomas D. Higgins, donation of $5; a Friend, $5; Mr. King, $25; Mr. James Ferrier, $10; Tithe, $1.

The Society for the Protection of and Children gratefully acknowledges following subscriptions:—J. A. U. Beaty, Thomas Davis Manufacturing (limited), $5; Lieut.-Colonel Hughes, Greene & Sons Co., $10; R. D. Mc- Q.C., $5; J. Craddock Simpson, $10; Wilson-Smith, $5; J. L. Smith & Son, H. McLennan, $5; J. M. Kingston, & Finley, $10.

The superintendent of the Boys' gratefully acknowledges the following tions and subscriptions:—Mr. Allatt pies; Mrs. F. L. Benedict, magazine Wadsworth, Mrs. L. A. Winter, Mrs. Mr. G. B. Cramp, Mrs. Sybold, Fisher, each clothing; Geo. Nicholson meat; Capt. Clay, tracts, etc.; Miss bell, magazines; Thos. Lamb, $10 worth of shirts, part proceeds Industrial Bazaar, from the ladies Hughes, papers; Mrs. E. jams and cake; Willis & C. at New Year; Dr. Hut G. Hooper, one turke M'f'g Co., four boxes clothing; David Mer Phillips Co., one mat room; Lieut.-Col. Jeffers books for library. Sub Laing, $25; Jas. M. Ar $10; W. & D. Yuile, $ $5; Moses Parker, $5; A. H. Shorey & Co., $5; La Reed, $5; Alex. Craig, Co., $5; D. Bentley, $5; G. F. C. Smith, $2.

The superintendent of the of Industry and Refuge thanks the following the Poor, two parcels Hickson, two parcels Miller, Mrs. Angus, Mrs. Mrs. David Morrice, Mr. Mr. J. Norris, each a Mrs. M. Allan, parcel Miss Maclean, large quantity ter; Messrs. J. A. Mathews figs and a load of potatoes; two loads of wood; Mr. James boxes of sausages; Mr. H. tea; Mr. A. F. Gault, six and drawers, ten pairs of yards of flannel; Mr. G. pounds of tea; Canadian two cases of rubbers; Mount and Manufacturing Company, rice; Messrs. Viau & Frere, and a box of biscuits; Mr. T. Mr. D. Harrison, two bars Colin Morgan, Maisonneuve, flannel shirts and a package old ladies at the Country Home, tor Mackenzie, two shirts, ers and ten shirts, purchased trial Rooms; Messrs. John ten boxes of soap; Earnest ciety of Boys and Girls, St. per Miss M. R. Moseley, presents for the children.

The treasurer of the Notre Dame acknowledges with thanks the follow nations—Messrs. Mackay Brothers, Meagher Brothers & Co., Alfred Wright, C. J. Chisholm, Watson, Co., Lieut.-Colonel F. C. Henshaw, Wadding Company, J. K. Ward, the Rolling Mills Company, Robin, Haworth, C. A. Briggs, O. Dufresne Frere, J. B. A. Mongenais, $10 each Marchand, Flav. Filiatrault, Renaud & Patterson, Robert Mitchell, Wm Bailey, R. C. Jamieson & Co., E. A. Holden & Co., Glassford & Hilton-Green, J. Fortin, G. & J. Whitham & Co., C. D. Monk, W erford & Sons, Aquin & Itzweiler charme, H. Morin, J. & B. Cavanagh, A. Leblanc, B. Charlebois, P. Vanier, $5 each F. Gross, $4 each; L. Cousineau A. Balle, J. Thibault, $3 each Joseph Luttrell, Joseph Leblanc, E. nayne, E. Lemire, Cresse & Davis, J. J. Vipond & Co., Wm. W. L. Haldimand & Co., Mr. & Co., P. P. Mailloux, $2 each dins, P. O. Tremblay, M. B. Flynn, St. Germain & Dragon, Cherrier, J. Arthur Franchere, Lanctot, Ths. Chivé, J. Doherty real Biscuit Company, $1 each, St. Denis, a piece of grey cotton.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

(RECEIVED TOO LATE TO BE CLASSIFIED).

TO LET, GOOD STORE, CENTRAL ity, with yard and cellar; $20 J. CRADOCK SIMPSON, 151 street.

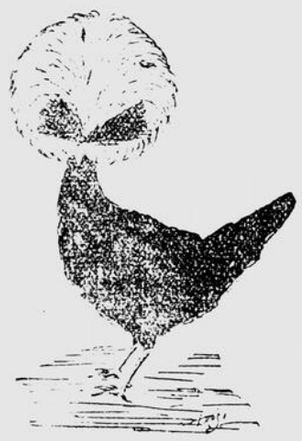
TO LET, COTTAGE, 112 DUR street, heated by Daisy furn 304 Prince Arthur street.

TO LET, STORES, 796 and 7 street, corner Brunswick; also corner store and house 17 Brunswick Apply at 1780 Notre Dame street.

THE POULTRY SHOW.

FINAL OF THE PRIZE WINNERS ANNOUNCED.

Judges are hard at work at the [illegible]. Mr. Utley, the president of [illegible] well pleased with the attendance. Large crowds up to



CUPPED POLAND HEN.

[illegible] the exhibition. There are in [illegible] hundred birds on exhibition [illegible] by the sounds which proceed [illegible] armory, it would appear that [illegible]ident of Cathcart street was [illegible]rtunity of rising at cock- [illegible] morning. Every possible denizen [illegible] the poultry yard is represented, [illegible] gigantic gobbler to the diminutive [illegible]am and a goodly array of pig-



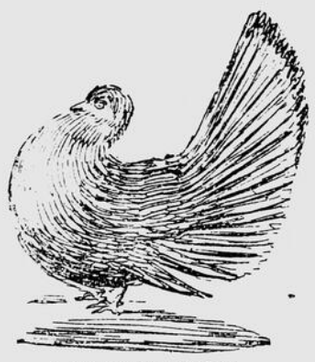
WEIGHING THE FOWLS.

[illegible] also on view. All interested in [illegible]red world should certainly visit [illegible]. The exhibits are excellently [illegible]ed and the association is to be [illegible]ngratulated on having a thoroughly [illegible]representative exhibition.

The following are the prize-winners to [illegible]ate:

PLYMOUTH ROCKS—CLASS 1.

[illegible]ired cock—W. C. Fyfe, Montreal West, [illegible]Oldrieve & Wilkinson, Kingston, 2. [illegible]ired hens—W. Grace, city, 2; Oldrieve [illegible] Wilkinson, 3. [illegible]kerels, class 1.—Oldrieve & Wilkinson, [illegible]. C. Fyfe, 2 and 3. [illegible]ets, class 1.—W. C. Fyfe, 1; A. Bryce, [illegible]fine, 2; A. Woodworth, Danville, 3. [illegible]White Plymouth Rocks, class 1.—(Cock)— [illegible] Virtue, city, 1. White Plymouth Rock, class 1, hens.—



A FANTAIL PIGEON.

[illegible]rtue, 1; T. Costen, city, 2; T. Cos- [illegible]class 1.—T. J. Virtue, 1; T. J. [illegible]Beardin, city, 3. [illegible]mouth Rocks, pullets, class 1.— [illegible]. T. J. Virtue, 2; A. Wood- [illegible]outh Rocks, breeding pens—T. Thomas Hall, 3, T. Costen, 3. WYANDOTTES. [illegible]ndottes, class 2—R. W. She- [illegible]ttes, class 2—Oldrieve & Wil- [illegible]Alexander Drummond. Petite [illegible]iettes, cockerels—A. Drum- [illegible]Junod, 2; R. W. Reford, 3. [illegible]ettes, pullets—A. Drummond, [illegible]1, 2; Avila Lecompte, city, 3. [illegible]ettes, breeding pen—Alexan- [illegible]1; R. W. Reford, 2; Avila [illegible]ettes, cock — Oldrieve & [illegible]ck fos, hens—S. Nesbitt, 3. [illegible]ettes, cockerels—Oldrieve & [illegible]Nesbitt, 2 and 3. [illegible]ettes, pullets—S. Nesbitt, 1; [illegible]n, 2; S. Nesbitt, 3. [illegible]ette, breeding pen—Oldrieve

PIGEONS.

[illegible]ith won the first prize in [illegible]ing classes—Pouters, fan- [illegible]owls, turbits, magpies, ja- [illegible]nuns and archangels; he [illegible]rize for swallows. [illegible]k Dr. Wesley Mills, 1; hen, [illegible]; Stetler, 1; Dr. Wesley [illegible]ock, 1; H. Smith, 2; [illegible]H. Smith, 1. [illegible]resume their work this

[illegible]KES IN THE WEST.

[illegible], Feb. 5.—A slight earth- [illegible]ake felt here, at 6 o'clock,

[illegible], Feb. 5.—Earthquake [illegible]s generally over North- [illegible]n early yesterday. About [illegible]ock of this place, the [illegible]ground and in some places [illegible]ock is so intense that it

ADVERTISEMENTS.

— THE —

LAING PACKING & PROVISION CO. LTD.

RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

No Doubt About our SAUSAGE

ALWAYS RELIABLE.

Made of the Finest Fresh Meat. Perfectly clean.

7c PER LB.

We sell 3 lbs for 20c of our PORK.

CAMBRIDGE or FARMER'S SAUSAGE, And our Delicious

SMOKED SAVELOY Only 9c per lb.

5

Property.

FOR SALE, THE SAW AND PLANING Mills on Carriere street, Cote St. Louis, lately occupied by N. Vermette. The engine and boiler are new, and the mill is in the near vicinity of the Canadian Pacific Railway Station. There are about 12,000 feet of land and the building is 50x50, and suitable for any kind of manufacture. This property will be sold low to a prompt buyer. Apply to W. S. EVANS, No. 1862 Notre Dame street. 3

SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO, HAVING water power now developed, becoming a manufacturing centre; new lumbering region opening up; all makes excellent market for produce. Lands for sale near the town. Apply to W. H. LAIRD, 514 Mount Morris Park, West, New York. 30

PROPERTY WANTED—THERE IS QUITE a demand for houses to rent, ranging from three to five hundred dollars in good localities. Landlords listing their properties to rent or for sale early, will secure desirable tenants, at F. HUSTON'S Office, 204 St. James street. 3

CHANCES FOR SMALL CAPITALISTS.

PRICES FOR THIS MONTH.

Terms to suit Purchasers.

47 to 49 LATOUR STREET (near Victoria square). Lot about 25 x 100 feet.

$3,300 — BRICK ENCASED BUILDING on first-class Stone Foundation, occupied as a store, and two dwellings, new. Stables in rear.

—o—

18 CADIEUX STREET, opposite Drill Shed, and near Craig street.

$6,500 — FACTORY, with Engine, Boiler, Shafting, &c., light and entry on three sides. Lot 50 x 70.

—o—

99 CARRIERE ROAD, near Rivard st.

$1,600 — LARGE BRICK ENCASED BUILDING, with 10 foot, cellar, on strong stone foundation, suitable for Store, Bakery, or Ginger Ale Factory. Building and lot 21 x 57.

—o—

APPLY:

1:63 NOTRE DAME STREET, Cor. St. John. 18

HOUSES FOR SALE.

Bishop street	$10,500
Mackay street	14,000
Bishop street	15,000
WESTMOUNT:	
Wood avenue	$9,000
Elm avenue	7,500
Clarke avenue, with 12,500 feet of land, 12 rooms	15,000
Clarke avenue, with 6,400 feet of land, 12 rooms	12,000

Also, a NEW HOUSE, $2,000, 6 rooms, and 5,750 feet of land, north-west of Westmount.

JOHN A. TEES & CO.

Board of Trade Building.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Real Estate.

We are instructed to sell by Auction on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 18th,

The property on Osborne street, corner of Drummond, including the large double residence, with sandstone trimmings.

No. 69 OSBORNE ST.

The property of the late Robert L. Gault. The land has a frontage on Osborne street of about 150 feet and on Drummond street of about 100 feet, and contains an area of about 16,000 square feet.

The house is 40 feet square, and in good order throughout, the land on either side being available for building purposes.

Sale at our rooms, 181 ST. JAMES ST., at ELEVEN O'CLOCK.

TERMS EASY.

J. CHADOCK SIMPSON & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEERS. 31

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LEND

AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES.

First Mortgage, first-class property, west end preferred.

CUSHING, DUNTON & BARRON.

McGILL UNIVERSITY.

MONEY TO LEND on First Mortgage at moderate rates. Security must be first-class in every respect. No commission.

Apply to

J. W. BRAXENRIDGE, Acting Bursar

2

To Let.

TO LET, NO. 3 PARIS STREET, LOWER Tenement; 4 rooms; rent $7.00; also No. 7 Paris street, 5 rooms, rent $8.00. Apply to ROBERT GEEN, 43 St. Antoine street. 5

TO LET, ON TUPPER AND CLOSSE streets, very nice small lower and upper Tenements of 4 and 5 rooms. THOMAS COLLINS, 32 Chomedy street. 5

TO PHOTOGRAPHERS.—TO LET, THAT well-known Studio, No. 15 Bleury street, lately occupied by Wm. Notman & Son; heated throughout with hot water. Apply to 1150 Sherbrooke street, or 637 Craig street. 5

TO LET, TWO NEWLY FITTED AND well lighted Stores on Bleury street, Nos. 15 and 17b; heated with hot water; suited for tailoring, dry goods or similar line of business. Apply to 1150 Sherbrooke street, or 637 Craig street. 5

TO LET, HOUSES 3, 4, 6 and 7 ROOMS, from 202 to 220 St. George street, in good order; rent moderate. Apply JOHN ALLAN, 33 City Councillors street. 5

TO LET, CUT STONE HOUSE, 104 Union avenue; 12 rooms, 'Daisy' furnace; extension dining room; dumb waiter; coal cellar in house; choice locality; just below Sherbrooke street. F. HUSTON, 204 St. James street. 4

STORES TO RENT — LARGE STORE, corner of St. Peter and Lemoine street; newly fitted up. Corner store, McGill and William. No. 88 McGill. 513 St. Paul, upper part No. 10 Lemoine st.; 532 Craig street. G. DE SOLA, 5 St. Sacrament st. 4

TO LET, NO. 70 CITY COUNCILLORS St., that handsome brick cottage with bow window, 8 rooms, extension kitchen, and hot water furnace; bath and w.c. Apply to T. GILDAY, 369 St. James street. 4

TO LET, ON LAVAL AVENUE, 4 AND 5 roomed flats, with w.c.; rent $6.50, $6.00 and $5.50. Apply J. W. McCOY, 196 Bleury street. 4

TO LET, THOSE HIGH-CLASS FLATS forming the corner of Wood avenue and St. Luke street, finished in best style and heated by Daisy furnaces; dimensions, 30 x 95 feet, giving much more room than a cottage. The view from the front and gable windows is superb. Rental, $40 per month. Apply to A. G. ROSS & CO., Standard Building. 27

TO LET, ON MANSFIELD STREET, Lower tenement, $17.50 per month; no taxes Apply 104 Temple Building. 1

DWELLING TO LET—LOWER PART NO. 700 Lagauchetiere street, west of Bleury street, containing six rooms and out kitchen, bath and w.c.; nice little yard; rent $15 month. Apply next door, 698 Lagauchetiere street. 31

TO LET, LOWER TENEMENT, SEVEN rooms, heated by hot water. Apply 17 Belmont Park. 1

TO LET, NEW FLATS, CORNER OF ST. Antoine and Greene avenue, 7 rooms, hot water heating; rent, $15 to $18; also that cottage, No. 7 Souvenir; 9 rooms; 'Daisy' furnace, and all modern improvements. Apply to 637 St. Antoine street. 4

TO LET, A LOWER TENEMENT, on Lorne avenue; 6 large rooms; h. and c. water; will put in 'Daisy' furnace, and renovate for desirable tenant; rent low. Apply for permit to 14 Cathcart street. 4

TO LET, THE WELL-KNOWN STORE, corner Mountain and St. Antoine street (McGarry's old stand), now occupied by D. STEWART, Grocer. Apply on the premises, or to GEO. McGARRY, 26 St. Peter street. 3

TO LET, AT ST. LAMBERT, A HOUSE situated on the bank of the river, containing seven apartments. Water is supplied by pipes from the river and the use of a spring well can be had if required. Rent moderate. Apply to G. BEATTY, Contractor, St. Lambert, or to J. BEATTY, 'Witness' Office, Montreal. 3

TO LET, AT ST. LAMBERT, A SOLID brick house, situated on the bank of the river and known as 'The Lilacs.' It contains nine apartments and a well-lighted basement where there is a Daisy furnace. Water is supplied by pipes from the river, and a bath, sink and wash basin are connected. A garden, containing fruit trees, etc., is attached, and the use of a spring well, ice house and stable can be had if required. Rent moderate. Apply to G. BEATTY, Contractor, St. Lambert, or J. BEATTY, 'Witness' Office, Montreal. 3

TO LET, OR FOR SALE, NO. 4051 DORchester street, handsome red stone front house, 10 rooms, extension kitchen, servants' rooms, hard wood floors, stationary wash tubs, Daisy furnace. Choice locality; just outside city limits. Half taxes. Immediate possession. F. HUSTON, 204 St. James street. 3

TO LET, SELF CONTAINED HOUSE, ten rooms, extension kitchen; heated by hot water. Apply 47 Belmont Park. 1

FLATS, NEW, UPPER AND LOWER, ON Arcade street; airy and healthy. Apply, 215 Pine avenue. 4

TO LET, BRICK COTTAGE, AT ST. LAMberts; 7 rooms; rent, $12 per month. Apply 277 St. Urbain street. 4

TO LET, NEW UPPER AND LOWER Tenements 26 and 30 Guilbault street; six and eight rooms, bath, hot water, etc. MILLER & BREMNER, 35 Bleury street. Tel. 1495. 4

TO LET, NICE FLATS ON TUPPER ST., Nos. 90 and 92; 6 rooms; 'Daisy' furnace; also flats on Graene avenue; Nos. 17, 19 and 64; rent $11 and $12 and $13; all oak graining. Apply to 469 St. Antoine street. 4

TO LET, OR FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS two Cottages at Montreal Junction. Apply to D. S. LEACH, Mechanics' Institute. 4

People of Principle.

People of principle make better employers and better employees than unprincipled people.

'Watch the "Witness"

SITUATION COLUMNS.

TO LET, NO. 114 QUEEN STREET, FLAT with Steam Power, Heat, Shafting, Pulleys, Belting, etc. Apply to H. R. IVES & CO. 9

TO LET, TWO STORES, Nos. 247 and 249 Bleury street; rent, $25 per month. Apply to H. S. HILL, 116 Crescent street. 4

TO LET, 1st MAY.

Two 12-room residences, 273 and 277 St. URBAIN, above Ontario street; 'Daisy' heaters.

One comfortable lower dwelling, 267 ST. URBAIN STREET. Stove heat.

Two 12-room residences, 1722 and 1724 ONTARIO STREET. Stove heat.

Very comfortable lower dwelling, 1720 ONTARIO STREET. 'Daisy' heater.

Large upper dwelling, 1720½ ONTARIO STREET. Stove heat.

Two self-contained houses, 12 and 23 Montcalm street, near river front. Moderate rents to good tenants.

All in satisfactory order, or will be made so.

APPLY TO

H. H. AUSTIN, Agent Estate John Tiffin, 318 St. Paul Street.

TO LET.

11 TOWERS STREET, Stone Front Cottage, bay window, extension kitchen, six bedrooms, hot water furnace, etc., and all modern conveniences; rent, $200 and taxes.

89 FORT STREET, Stone Front Cottage, extension kitchen, 5 bedrooms, hot water furnace, etc., and all modern conveniences; rent $280 and taxes.

12 TOWERS STREET, Stone Front Cottage, extension kitchen, five bedrooms, hot water furnace, etc., and all modern conveniences; rent, $300 and taxes. All to be limed and varnished.

Houses to be seen 3 to 5 p.m., Sundays excepted. Apply to

C. L. MALTBY, 309 St. James st. 31

TO LET

Comfortable and Centrally Situated STONE FRONT TENEMENT, No. 271 St. Hubert street. Eight rooms.

RENT, $15 PER MONTH. Free of Taxes.

For further particulars, address

A. E. PLANTE, 1763 Notre Dame street. 29

Property.

FOR SALE: $2,800

Will buy a Cottage on Cathcart street. Apply at once.

R. K. THOMAS. 174 St. James Street. 3

TO LET, HOUSE, WITH TEN ROOMS, $450 per year; no taxes; No. 5 Buckingham ave. Apply, No. 3 Buckingham avenue. 30

TO LET, FLATS CONTAINING 4 ROOMS, bath, w.c., wash basin and wash tub, hot and cold water, and heated; rent, 10, 11 and 12 dollars per month; 2 doors east of St. Denis, on Ontario street. Apply to 120 Mansfield street. Immediate possession, if required. 4

TO LET.

The attractive semi-detached stone front 2½ story dwelling, containing 11 rooms, with high semi-basement, Dumb Waiter, Furnace; commodious and convenient Pantries, Clothes Closets, w.c.; Coal Cellar, and wide Verandahs overlooking large yard.

No. 38 DUROCHER STREET.

A good tenant desiring a permanent, cozy home, may lease for $450 per annum, free of taxes, by making early application to

JAMES BAYLIS & SON.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS, WE HAVE POSITIVELY THE best sellers ever offered; all are household articles of genuine merit; in order that our territory and catalogues may not fall into the hands of children or unreliable parties, we require six cents in stamps to be sent, upon receipt of which we will mail 32-page catalogue with blank application for territory; postal cards not answered. U. S. SPECIALTY CO., Toronto. 21

WANTED, AGENTS, ENGLISH AND French, for the largest Nursery in Canada. There is money in this business for hustlers. Write for terms now and secure territory. Name 'Witness.' STONE & WELLINGTON, Montreal, Que. 25

For Sale.

FOR $20, A SPLENDID 120 EGG 'MONITOR INCUBATOR,' in perfect condition; manufactured by A. F. Williams. Apply to G. A. ROSS, 4619 St. Catherine street. 4

FOR SALE, IRISH SETTER PUPS, FOUR months old; good pedigree on both sides. Can be seen at 809 Dorchester street. 1

HEN CANARIES FOR SALE, IN GOOD condition, at 75 cents each; green ones, which are considered the best for hatching, 50 cents each. Address CANARIES, 'Witness' Office. 28

FOR SALE, FOR THE MILLION, KINDling, $2; Cut Maple, $2.50; Tamarac Blocks, $1.75; Hardwood Blocks, $1.50; cut any length; delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. McDIARMID, Richmond square. Bell telephone 8353. 11

ANY PERSON REPLYING TO ADVERtisements in the 'Witness' will oblige both the advertisers and the publishers by saying that they saw the advertisement in the 'Witness.' 11

DRY KINDLING WOOD

LARGE LOADS, $2.

HENDERSON BROS.

Telephone 8211. 344 William street.

Employment Wanted.

Domestics.

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW, washing by the day; first-class washer. Please leave address 15 Balmoral street. 5

WANTED, BY FIRST CLASS LAUNDRESS family washing at her own home, by the washing or dozen; good references. 44½ Aylmer street. 4

WANTED, AT THE OLD RELIABLE 'SERvants' Exchange,' ladies to hire Servants of every kind, with references; no delay. 103 St. Alexander street.

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW, work of any kind; house cleaning, scrubbing, or office work. Apply to No. 24 Dowd street, in rear. 4

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, kitchen work in a hotel or boarding house. Apply in rear of No. 14 Dowd street.

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as General Servant. Apply personally to 29 Bourbonniere avenue, Maisonneuve. 1

WANTED, BY A MIDDLE AGED SINGLE Person, a situation as a good plain cook, or General Servant. Apply 128 St. George street. 1

ANY PERSON REPLYING TO ADVERtisements in the 'Witness' will oblige both the advertisers and the publishers by saying that they saw the advertisement in the 'Witness.'

Dressmakers, Milliners, &c.

WANTED, BY A YOUNG GIRL, SEWING by the day. Apply 34 Latour street. 4

Mechanics.

PIANO TUNING — PRACTICAL PIANO Tuner; ten years' experience in Hamburg, Germany. Will tune Pianos at $1. Pianos repaired and polished at reasonable rates. Country orders promptly attended to. Apply by letter to 290 Roy street. 4

ANY PERSON REPLYING TO ADVERtisements in the 'Witness' will oblige both the advertisers and the publishers by saying that they saw the advertisement in the 'Witness.'

'Ladies' Companions,' Housekeepers, &c.

WANTED, BY RESPECTABLE WIDOW, situation as working housekeeper or plain cook, where she could have her little girl with her. Apply to 46 St. George street. 4

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW situation as working housekeeper; Scotch; Protestant; good references. Address 53 Desrivieres avenue, city. 1

Rooms and Board.

LARGE ROOM, COMFORTABLY FURNISHed, with board. 104 Mansfield street. 4

TO LET, COMFORTABLY FURNISHED Rooms, 13 Latour street. 3

FURNISHED ROOM, HOT WATER HEATing; gas, baths, etc., close proximity to Bleury. 2072 St. Catherine street. 1

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM TO LET, on bathroom flat; gas; hot water; telephone. 3 McGill College avenue. 1

PLEASANT FRONT ROOM ON BATHroom flat, with board, suitable for married couple, or two of quiet habits; English family; central. 21 St. Edward street. 1

ROOMS—TWO LARGE COMFORTABLY furnished roms on bathroom flat; all modern conveniences; quiet family. 106 Union avenue.

ROOM, NICELY FURNISHED, WELL heated; terms very moderate. 168 Peel st. 31

ROOMS TO LET, DOUBLE AND SINGLE, all conveniences; well furnished; to gentlemen only; private residence. No. 2 McGill College avenue. 30

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMOdated with breakfast and tea, and a pleasant front bedroom, nicely furnished, bath and w.c. on same flat; private family, where there are no children, boarders or lodgers; a comfortable home; terms very reasonable. Apply before 10 a.m., or from 6 to 9 p.m. at 562 St. Antoine street, a few doors west of Atwater avenue

A GENTLEMAN CAN BE ACCOMMODATed with a pleasant front bedroom, nicely furnished, second floor, Auer light, steam heat, bath and w.c., same flat; terms reasonable. Apply at No. 8 Mance street. 21

ANY PERSON REPLYING TO ADVERtisements in the 'Witness' will oblige both the advertisers and the publishers by saying that they saw the advertisement in the 'Witness.'

"The (Ogden) Andrews Home."

(CHURCH OF ENGLAND.)

46 BELMONT PARK, Off Belmont st., Montreal.

This HOME is now open to receive Church of England immigrants.

During the winter months respectable English girls will be received as Boarders at moderate rates, and subject to the Rules and discipline of the Home.

In the Special Department for Boys and Young Lads engaged in work, there are now a few vacancies for boarders at small charge per week, and subject to the Rules of the Home.

Apply to

Rev. J. F. RENAUD, Secretary and Immigrant Chaplain. 21

Houses Wanted.

WANTED, FOR 1st of MAY, SMALL UNfurnished modern flat (four or five rooms), within ten minutes' walk of 'Witness' Office; rent not to exceed $12 or $14. Address FLAT, 'Witness' Office. 4

WANTED TO RENT FOR ONE YEAR A furnished house (to include everything), 8 or 9 rooms; state terms, which must be moderate. Address HOUSE 864, 'Witness' Office. 4

WANTED, FLAT, WEST END; 4 or 5 rooms; state rent. Address 118 Mansfield street. 4

WANTED, AT ST. LAMBERT, A WARM House with sound roof, good plaster, dry cellar, weather proof foundation and water, free from odor and impurities. Address TRUTH, 'Witness' Office. 3

Financial.

WANTED, $2,000, TO RETIRE PRESENT mortgage on Westmount property, which is due on Feb. 23, at 5½ to 6 percent; principals only; no commission. Address H., 'Witness' Office. 4

TARIFF

FOR

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

SITUATIONS WANTED — 10 cents for 20 words or less; three insertions, 25 cents; over 20 words, ½ cent per extra word per insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT — 10 cents for 20 words each insertion; additional words, ½ cent per extra word per insertion.

PUPILS WANTED—10 cents for 20 words; 3 insertions, 25 cents; 6 insertions, 40c; over 20 words, ½ cent per extra word per insertion.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES (second-hand) — 10 cents for 20 words; 3 insertions, 25c; 6 insertions, 40 cents. Second-hand dealers come under 'Business Cards.'

LOST ARTICLES—10 cents for 20 words; 3 insertions, 25c; 6 insertions, 40c.

FOUND ARTICLES—25 cents for 25 words, each insertion. When found articles can be left at office as security for charges compensation will be looked for to person claiming property.

BOARD AND ROOMS TO LET or WANTED —10 cents for 20 words; 3 insertions, 25c.

HOUSES AND REAL ESTATE—20 cents for 20 words; 6 insertions, $1.

SWAPS—10 cents for 20 words; 3 insertions, 25 cents.

FINANCIAL—25 cents for 25 words; 6 insertions, $1.25.

BUSINESS CHANCES—25 cts for 25 words; 6 insertions, $1.25.

BUSINESS CARDS—25 cents for 25 words, 6 insertions, $1.25.

MEDICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—50 cents for 20 words; 6 insertions, $3.50.

ALL OTHER 'WANTED' ADVERTISEMENTS, 25 cents for 25 words, each insertion.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

The above rates are NET CASH with order. When advertisements are sent in without being prepaid, numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

The above-mentioned charge is always the minimum, even though the advertisement does not contain the number of words allowed. Additional words may be had pro rata. 7

Situations Vacant.

SITUATIONS VACANT.— EMPLOYMENT secured, Canada and United States, for men and women, skilled and unskilled. Application forms mailed. Enclose postage. Toronto Employment Agency, King street, Toronto. 1

WANTED—THERE ARE TWO VACANcies for Ladies in Christ Church Cathedral Choir. Apply to the Organist, Mr. JOHN B. NORTON, 67 University street, on Wednesday evening, Feb. 5, 1896, between 7 and 9 o'clock. 3

Domestics.

WANTED, A TABLEMAID. APPLY AT 896 Dorchester street, at seven o'clock in the evening. 5

WANTED, TWO GENERAL SERVANTS; $8 and $10 per month; constant place and good home; for this spring, or at once. WM. MADDER, Medford, Manitoba.

WANTED, YOUNG GIRL AS GENERAL Servant, for a small family; 15 minutes out of the city; must be clean and tidy; country girl preferred. Adress E.E..., 'Witness' Office. 4

WANTED, MAN AND WIFE; WIFE AS Cook; Man to make himself generally useful around the house. Apply between 6 and 7 p.m., at 1780 Notre Dame street.

ANY PERSON REPLYING TO ADVERtisements in the 'Witness' will oblige both the advertisers and the publishers by saying that they saw the advertisement in the 'Witness.'

Gardeners, Farm Laborers, Laborers, Coachmen, &c.

WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED LANDscape Gardener and handy man about the house to take charge of small grounds on suburbs of this city. INQUIRE 3, 283 St. Patrick street.

Miscellaneous.

A MONTREAL CLERGYMAN, WHO knows Britain well, would take charge of a party of youths who wish to spend July and August there under a safe and pleasant guide. Address BRITAIN, 1896, 'Witness' Office. 13

ANY PERSON REPLYING TO ADVERtisements in the 'Witness' will oblige both the advertisers and the publishers by saying that they saw the advertisement in the 'Witness.' 11

PERSONAL—BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS, 1856 Notre Dame. Beautiful Sets of Teeth for Ten Dollars. Fit and quality guaranteed. Painless extracting a specialty. Office, open evenings. 13

LUCAS HOUSE — TEMPERANCE —AT new City Hall, Toronto; eighty rooms; modern improvements; library; reading room; quiet home; dollar day up; Yonge cars to Louisa. 23

Lost, Strayed and Found

FOUND, A FOX TERRIER DOG. OWNER apply at Police Office, Westmount. 5

LOST, PAIR OF GOLD GLASSES, in case, stamped 'Chapman,' yesterday afternoon (3rd instant). Finder will be rewarded by leaving them at Mr. Harrison's Store, 258 St. James street. 4

Board and Rooms Wanted.

WANTED, BY TWO LADIES EMPLOYED during the day, two unfurnished rooms by April 15; locality must be central and terms moderate. Address ROOMS 18, 'Witness' Office. 5

A LADY ENGAGED DURING THE DAY, requires furnished room; lounge bed preferred, as the use of general sitting room is not desired. Please state terms, which must be moderate; locality central. Address CENTRAL, 'Witness' Office.

Wanted.

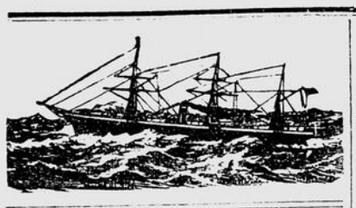
WANTED, A LIGHT CUTTER, 3 feet wide; must be cheap for cash. ARLINGTON HOUSE, 778 Craig street, city. 5

WANTED—TO PURCHASE, LADIES' AND Gentlemen's cast-off clothing, furs, musical instruments, fire arms. Good prices paid on account of having great demand. Address to M. FRANK, 569 Craig street. 15

ANY PERSON REPLYING TO ADVERtisements in the 'Witness' will oblige both the advertisers and the publishers by saying that they saw the advertisement in the 'Witness.'

LADIES' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

WANTED, Coats, Cloaks, and Clouds, for the children of the Ladies' Benevolent Society, to wear in the play grounds.



DOMINION LINE
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

Steamer.	From Portland.	From Halifax.
Vancouver	Feb. 13, 1 p.m.	Feb. 15, 2 p.m.
Labrador	Feb. 27, 1 p.m.	Feb. 29, 2 p.m.
Scotsman	Mar 12, 1 p.m.	Mar. 14, 2 p.m.
Vancouver	Mar 26, 1 p.m.	Mar. 28, 2 p.m.
SS. Canada		Building.

Rates of passage: First cabin, Portland or Halifax to Liverpool or Londonderry, $50 to $70, return, $100 to $140, according to steamer and berth. Second cabin to Liverpool, Londonderry, Belfast or Glasgow, $30; return, $55. Steerage to Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Queenstown, Belfast or Glasgow, including outfit, $24.50 and $25.50.

Midship saloons, electric light, spacious promenade decks.

For further information apply to any agent of the Company, or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
General Agents, Montreal.
17 St. Sacrament street. 20

BEAVER LINE STEAMERS.
WINTER SERVICE.
Direct Sailings Between
ST. JOHN, N.B., AND LIVERPOOL.

From LIVERPOOL.	STEAMER.	From ST. JOHN N.B.
Sat., Feb. 1	Lake Winnipeg	Wed., Feb. 19
Sat., Feb. 15	Lake Superior	Wed., Mar. 4
Sat., Feb. 29	Lake Ontario	Wed., Mar. 18
Sat., Mar. 14	Lake Winnipeg	Wed., Apr. 1
Sat., Mar. 28	Lake Superior	Wed., Apr. 15

WINTER RATES OF PASSAGE.
St. John to Liverpool.

FIRST CABIN—$40 and $45. Round trip, $80 and $85, according to steamer and accommodation.

SECOND CABIN—To Liverpool, Londonderry, Belfast and Glasgow, $20.00; round trip, $35.00. To London, $33.00; round trip, $61.00.

STEERAGE—To Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast, $24.50.

NOTE.—Steerage passengers by the Beaver Line are provided with the use of bedding, and eating and drinking utensils, free of charge.

Specially low rail rates from Montreal and all points from St. John via Short Line.

Steamers sail after arrival C. P. R'y Express, due at 1.30 p.m.

Freight carried at lowest rates and to all important points both in Canada and Great Britain, on through bills lading. Special facilities provided for the carriage of butter, cheese and perishable freight.

For further particulars as to freight or passage, apply to

D. & C. MACIVER, Tower Buildings, Liverpool.
D. W. CAMPBELL, Manager, 18 Hospital st., Montreal.
31

EUROPE, EUROPE, EUROPE.
TICKETS BY ALL LINES.
ALLAN, DOMINION, and BEAVER LINES via Montreal.
NETHERLANDS, GUION, HAMBURG-AMERICAN, WHITE STAR, CUNARD, AMERICAN, NORTH-GERMAN LLOYD, GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC, STATE, ANCHOR, TRANSPORT and RED STAR Lines, via NEW YORK.
Also to SOUTH AFRICA, FLORIDA, WEST INDIES, &c.
☞ Call or write for lowest quotations before looking elsewhere.
Saloon rates, $40 upwards; steerage at lowest rates.
☞ Send for new pamphlet of rates and sailings or call at my new address, 184 St. James street, opposite Temple Building. My special winter rates MONTREAL to LONDON and back, weekly, via NEW YORK, 1st Saloon and rail, only $50.
D. BATTERSBY, Agent.
Office Telephone, No. 1507. House Telephone, 3081.
1

AMERICAN LINE.
NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON.
From Pier 14, North River, New York,
(Foot of Fulton street.)

New York	Wed., Feb. 12, 11 a.m.
St. Paul	Wed., Feb. 19, 11 a.m.
Paris	Wed., Feb. 26, 11 a.m.
New York	Wed., Mar. 4, 11 a.m.
St. Paul	Wed., Mar. 11, 11 a.m.

Shortest and most convenient route to London. No transfer by tender. No tidal delay. Close connection at Southampton for Havre and Paris by special fast twin-screw Channel steamers.
Rates of passage to Southampton, London or Havre, $60 and upwards.
Second cabin passage, $35 to $50.
SPECIAL ROUND TRIP TICKETS AT REDUCED RATES.
Steerage at Very Low Rates.
For Freight or passage apply to
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION CO.,
No. 6 Bowling Green, New York.
W. H. HENRY, 143 St. James street.
W. F. EGG, 129 St. James st., Montreal.
J. Y. GILMOUR & CO.,
354 St. Paul street, Montreal 5

Housefurnishings, &c.

J. E. TOWNSHEND,
EST. 24 YEARS.
PURE BEDDING PATENTED.
Call or ring up 1906 and get prices for Remaking Mattresses, Pillows, &c., before removing. Also every description of Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Cots, &c., Hair, Moss and Wool Mattresses.
1 LITTLE ST. ANTOINE STREET,
Cor. St. James street, only.
TO BRANCH STORES

CARPETS! CARPETS!
BRUSSELS and TAPESTRY CARPETS, WOOL and UNION CARPETS, ART SQUARES, RUGS and MATS, BORDERED CHENILLE and LACE CURTAINS, EMBROIDERED FELT and CHENILLE TABLE COVERS.
Bargains in all lines before annual stock taking. Goods are of reliable quality and New Patterns.
W. & J. M. FARQUHAR, 354 St. James st
13

GET TO THE BOTTOM OF IT.
Sickness, perhaps death, lurks in an insanitary mattress. Have it examined and re-made at the
CANADIAN BEDDING MANUFACTORY,
1170 ST. LAWRENCE ST. Bell Tel. 6585.
Mattresses and Pillows, Curled Hair, Moss and African Fibre kept in stock. Feathers cleaned and purified. COWPER, (late Mgr Canada Fibre Co.)
30

HOUSEKEEPERS' NOTICE.
BARGAINS IN CARPETS.
ALL NEW PATTERNS.
Carpe and Upholstering work in all its branches neatly and promptly executed. Carpets beaten.
HENRY HAMMOND, 222 & 224 St. Urbain st.
TELEPHONE 1749. 1

Paints, Oils, &c.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF
Tinting, Painting, &c., Cheap.
H. JONES, 4113 St. Catherine st.
Send for prices.



CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
CHEAP EXCURSION
—TO—
Ottawa & Return
$2.00.

Good to go on p.m. trains FEBRUARY 7TH, all trains FEBRUARY 8TH, and good to return, leaving destination not later than FEBRUARY 10TH, 1896.

Trains for Ottawa leave Windsor Street Station at 9.50 a.m. and 9.10 p.m.; Dalhousie Street Station at 8.30 a.m. and 6.05 p.m.

City Ticket and Telegraph Office,
129 ST. JAMES STREET, Next to Post Office.
3

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
VICTORIA HOCKEY CLUB
EXCURSION
—TO
OTTAWA
$2.00.
GRAND DOUBLE EVENT.

Victoria (Seniors) vs. Ottawa (Seniors.)
Ottawa (Intermed.) vs. Victoria (Intermed.)

SATURDAY, February 8, 1896.

Tickets good going by p.m. trains Feb. 7th and all trains Feb. 8th, and valid to return not later than Feb. 10th.

Regular trains leave Montreal 9.10 a.m. and 4.15 p.m., and Ottawa for Montreal at 8.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m. and 6.45 p.m., (8.00 a.m. train runs daily.)

CLUB SPECIAL February 8.

With teams on board and consisting of 1st Class Day Coaches and Pullmans will leave Bonaventure Station at 2.30 p.m., Saturday, reaching Ottawa shortly after 5 p.m., returning, this special will leave Ottawa at 2 a.m., Feb. 9, reaching Montreal at 5 a.m.

City Ticket Office, 143 St. James street, and at Bonaventure station.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

MONTREAL
WEEKLY WITNESS.

READY FOR MAILING TO FRIENDS FROM HOME.

TWENTY PAGES OF EXCELLENT READING AND ILLUSTRATIONS.

PERSECUTED ARMENIANS AND BRITAIN'S POLICY CRITICIZED.

LORD SALISBURY'S DECLARATION OF IMPOTENCY.

WILLIAM WATSON'S POETIC APPEALS FOR ARMENIA.

BISHOP CAMERON'S INTERFERENCE IN CAPE BRETON.

'WITNESS' JUBILEE STORIES OF FIFTY YEARS AGO.

THE BRITISH ARMY'S ATTACK UPON THE ASHANTEES.

'KEARSARGE' AND 'ALABAMA' BATTLE.

QUEBEC'S GREAT WINTER CARNIVAL.

WONDERS OF PHOTOGRAPHY AT McGILL UNIVERSITY.

Other Articles—'The Highway of Sorrow' —Socialism—Japan Missionaries—'Jerry,' a Story—What a Boy Can Do—Antlers Locked —Literary Review—Swinford Old Manor — Scheme for Tenement House Reform—Home Department—Healthful Dress—New Woman as Housekeeper—Household Hints — Bishop Cameron's Bargain—Abdul, the Reformer—Fast Canadian Service—Pitt and Splendid Isolation—Charlevoix Election — Montreal's Decay in Trade—A Greek View of Venezuelan Jingoism—Mr. Harrison's Engagement—Evangelical Alliance—Glengarry Farmers' Institute—Jews in Jerusalem—Canadians, no Cowards — Johannesburg Prisoners — The Twins are Free—An Awful Explosion—Cuba's Captain General—The Rev. J. A. Vernon—Undues Influence in Elections — Scottish Indignation at the Kaiser — Mr. Joseph Hobson— Commercial, Financial and other departments—Ontario Patrons—Knox College and Principal Caven, &c.

PRICE, IN WRAPPERS, READY FOR MAIL, FIVE CENTS.

BOOK-WORK
executed with neatness and despatch at the 'WITNESS' PRINTING & PUBLISHING HOUSE.

Plumbing, &c.

IF YOU WANT WORK DONE REASONABLE
In the line of Plumbing, Gas or Steam Fitting, go to
FRANK F. TAYLOR,
Hardware, Paints and Oils, etc.
295 St. Antoine st., west Guy
13

ADVERTISEMENTS.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Art of Printing
Is well understood at the WITNESS PRINTING HOUSE. Chromatic Work and all kinds of Commercial Printing our Specialties.
JOHN DOUGALL & SON.

LOTS FOR SALE
Of Choice DOUGHNUTS made only with pure lard (no compound).
Something new, our CORN BREAD, it is delicious.
ICE CREAM in quantities to order. Only Pure Cream used.
GRAHAM BROS., Cor. GUY and ST. ANTOINE Sts. Tel. 8133.

BABY'S OWN SOAP
IS DELICATE, FRAGRANT AND CLEANSING.
Beware of Imitations.



WHAT BRINGS RELEASE FROM DIRT AND GREASE? WHY, DON'T YOU KNOW?
SAPOLIO

TO POULTRY KEEPERS.
OUR 'SILICA GRIT' IS BEST AND cheapest on the market for all kinds of Poultry.
SILICA SAND AND GRAVEL CO.
15 MILL STREET, MONTREAL.
Telephone 2444.

OLD NEWSPAPERS
Suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the 'Witness' Office, in 10-lb. packages, at $1 per 100 lbs. 5

THE MONTREAL MACHINE BREAD CO'S BREAD
Strengthens man's heart and therefore is called the
"STAFF OF LIFE."
Tel. 2227. Drop us a postal.

MONOPOLIZING STORES.

At present there is much complaint among small dealers with a merely neighborhood trade that these great establishments are drawing away their business. Of course, it is so; but the reason why such concerns are monopolizing trade is not that they are using any unfair means to absorb the patronage of their petty rivals. They have no monopoly of the method by which they draw to themselves the trade formerly distributed among great numbers of little shops. There is no secret about the cause of their vastly larger volume of business. The way to it is open to everybody else. The profitable distinction they enjoy was secured by advertising. Except for it every one of them would now be doing a comparatively, and even an actually, petty trade. Their names would be unknown beyond a limited neighborhood and by a small number of customers. Their gain, also, thus obtained, has been for the public advantage, for the concentration of business, brought about because of the distinction secured by advertising, has tended directly to the lowering of prices. They are able to conduct their vastly increased business with a much smaller percentage of cost. Buying in great quantities, they can buy cheaper.

It is useless, therefore, and it is contrary to the public interest, to attempt to resist this tendency to concentration and absorption. The houses that secure fame for their business by conspicuous and persistent advertising, will go on absorbing the trade of their competitors who do not use that means of obtaining publicity and distinction. That is inevitable, and it is irresistible.—New York 'Sun.'

MISS LILLIAN BLAUVELT.

Miss Blauvelt, who is to assist Franz Ondricek at the concert to be given under the auspices of the Ladies' Morning Musical Club, is spoken of in the following terms by the New York 'Post: 'Miss Blauvelt sang the mad scene from Ambroise Thomas's 'Hamlet' with the beautiful voice and tasteful method for which she is already famous and as an encore she substituted Greig's magnificent but very Schumannesque song 'Ich liebe dich.'

MARRIED IN LONDON.

London, Feb. 4.—Mr. Cecil Browne Cave, a relative of Sir Myles Cave-Browne-Cave, was married in St. George's Church, Hanover Square to-day to Miss Sarah Eleanor Nicholson, daughter of the late J.W. Nicholson, of St. John, N.B. The honeymoon of the couple will be spent in the Riviera.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

DOES ITS WORK IN SIX HOURS.

A Medicine that will Relieve Distressing Kidney and Bladder Disease in Six Hours, Deserves your Attention.

Those who suffer from Kidney troubles suffer acutely. Where some kinds of sickness can be borne with fortitude, it is no easy matter to exercise this virtue when one is a sufferer from kidney troubles. Hope may sustain a person when a medicine is being used that doctors say will eventually effect a cure. But who wants to continue an agonizing course of treatment when a medicine like South American Kidney Cure is within the reach of everyone and that is so speedy as well as certain in its effect? This new remedy has been thoroughly tested by learned physicians, and stands to-day ahead of any medicine used for this purpose. It does not pretend to cure anything else, but it does cure kidney disease.

Sold by B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame street, and Laviolette & Nelson, 1605 Notre Dame street.
5

Bargains

IN FURNITURE THAT NO HOME SHOULD MISS. MANY A HOUSE WIFE, WHO IS CLEAR-SIGHTED ENOUGH TO KNOW A FURNITURE BARGAIN WHEN IT IS OFFERED, WOULD LIKE IT; BUT READY CASH HAS BEEN THE BARRIER BETWEEN THE HOME AND THE FURNITURE. THAT IMPEDIMENT IS SET ASIDE BY THE CREDIT SYSTEM OF THIS STORE.

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE HONESTLY MADE, BEAUTIFULLY DESIGNED AND FINISHED, BROUGHT TO LIGHT BY STOCK-TAKING, WE ARE OFFERING TO ANY HOME ON CREDIT AT MARVELLOUSLY CHEAP PRICES.

COME AND SEE WHAT SWEEPING REDUCTIONS WE ARE MAKING IN ALL LINES OF HOME FURNISHINGS, SUCH AS CARPET, OILCLOTH, KITCHEN, BEDROOM AND PARLOR FURNITURE; IN FACT, ANYTHING TO MAKE THE HOME ATTRACTIVE. THESE BARGAINS WILL NOT LAST; THOSE WHO COME FIRST, WILL GET THE CHOICE.

THE AMERICAN WRINGER CO.,
Successors to Metropolitan Manufacturing Co.,
1678 and 1680 Notre Dame street.
T. A. EMMANS, Manager.

Notices.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal.
SUPERIOR COURT.
A. W. SEMMENS et al., Plaintiffs,
WILLIAM SEALE, Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that I, JOHN HYDE, of the City of Montreal, Chartered Accountant, was by Judgment of the Hon. Mr. Justice Davidson, appointed Curator of the property of the said William Seale, the whole as by law provided.

The Creditors of the said William Seale are hereby notified to file their claims with me within a delay of thirty days.

Montreal, Feb. 4, 1896.
JOHN HYDE, Curator.
Office of JOHN HYDE, Chartered Accountant and Trustee, Guardian Assurance Chambers, 181 St. James street, Montreal. 4

THE HIGHWAY OF SORROW

A NOVEL

BY HESBA STRETTON AND [illegible]
(All Rights Reserved)

CHAPTER XXXI [illegible]

'Why don't you go h[ome] kamera?' asked the [illegible] must not stay here bare[headed].

'That is nothing,' she [replied] child is a little better [now].

When in about a quar[ter] hour Valerian appeared [with] little creature quite re[vived].

'He is quite well [now]. ining the baby; it ne[eds] the foul air that made [him] ill.

'But cannot you [give] medicine?' she asked [as] peasants do, that [is] for every ailment [and] through the night w[ill] 'He wants nothing [but] Taking Mironov on [one] to him in an earne[st] 'A thousand times [over] Mironov in a loud voi[ce] me into trouble with [you]. I've broken the rules [which] you ask means connivan[ce] accompanying her husba[nd] mon criminal, and she mu[st] same kamera with him. [Take] from one kamera to another [is] ly forbidden. Go back, y[ou] man,' he added, turning to [her] 'you've seen the doctor, and [there's] all I can do.'

He opened the door; but [the] stench, after breathing the f[resh] was so horrible to her, she f[elt] she were being thrust into a s[ink]

'I can't go!' she exclaime[d]. me stay outside all night.'

'Nonsense! you'd freeze to [death]. Get in!' said Mironov, giving [her a] push, and quickly fastening the [door] behind her. Paul and Stepan [ap]proached her anxiously. But for [the] first minute she could hardly br[eathe] and almost fainted. Then re[mem]bering her child, she roused he[rself] and made her way to her place [by] the 'nari' which Kilina had kept [for] her. Paul, satisfied by her re[port] of what Valerian said, fell asl[eep] again. The child, too, was sleeping peacefully. Halya sat upon [the] 'nari' absorbed in one thought—[how] to live through that awful night [and] escape out of this loathsome [place]. Her head was dizzy; and incoherent fragments of thoughts and memories whirled through her brain. She felt herself losing her reason. Kilina yawned and opened [her] lowsy eyelids.

'Why don't you go to sleep, my dear?' she said good-naturedly. 'Are you unhappy about the baby? It is very hard to go on etape with children. How many of them die. God knows! You are not the first, and won't be the last.'

'It is cruel to talk like that,' answered Halya, sobbing.

'I don't mean any harm,' said Kilina; 'I do not wish him any evil. But I say it because I see he is dying.'

The lamp flashed up for a moment, and a thick cloud of smoke followed the glare. The baby began to gasp again; opened his eyes and shut them, breathing heavily with his exhausted lungs. Halya watched his movements with an aching heart.

'The morning! Oh, Lord! let the morning come soon,' she prayed.

But the morning was far off yet, and the sun did not hasten his rising to come to her help. The window with its thick bars looked like a black abyss.

The small oil lamp, which seemed smothered by the weight of the polluted atmosphere, struggled along with the darkness. It threw a purple glimmering light upon the dirty walls and reeking ceiling, from which drops of congealed moisture fell from time to time upon the slimy floor with its throng of human beings in the half death of sleep. Paul was near her, leaning against the wooden support, with his head falling on his chest. She had seen a picture of the Crucifixion of Christ, with the thorn-crowned head in a similar position. She wondered, in her bewildered brain, if they had crucified Paul.

Two card-players were still at it. One of them, whose face she could not see, had lost all his money, his rations for the next day, and his prison dress, for which, when he reached Irkoutsk he would get a severe flogging. But still he wanted to go on.

'Enough!' said his companion, flinging down the cards, and throwing himself backwards with a loud yawn. He was Kilina's husband, a small red-haired man, apparently an artisan.

'One game more, you devil!' cried the loser.

'How many last ones have we had?' asked the other; 'it is time to sleep.'

'Ah! you cursed swindler! You cheat me, and then—sleep.'

The face of the red-haired man was distorted with fury. Without saying a word he plucked out of his big boot a long and glittering knife, which, in spite of many searches, he had managed to keep in his possession. Halya caught the baby to her breast to save him in any emergency. But at the same time she wished that he would make such a row as to compel the officer to open the door, and bring in a rush of fresh air.

The canteen keeper, however, caught Kilina's husband by the col-

...and shook him so fiercely that ... knife fell from his grasp.

'Only dare to make a row!' he exclaimed.

'Leave me alone, pig's ear!' retorted the red-haired gambler, replacing his knife in his boot, and contenting himself with muttering oaths and curses. Soon after all was quiet—if it could be called quiet—when the kamera was full of sounds of human misery, the wailing and coughing of children, the sobs that women stifled in their broken sleep, the deep groans of men who dreamed of their lost freedom. Outside the storm continued to howl and roar. The clinks of the log building and of the roof were filled with snow, and impervious sealed against the admission of fresh air or the escape of foul. The lamp could hardly flicker. Halya counted every minute, her eyes fastened on the gasping child lying on her lap.

Suddenly the boy awoke with a piteous cry. Kilina lifted up her head and looked at him.

'He is dying, my poor dear!' she said calmly.

'It is not true! God will not let it!' answered Halya.

The child shuddered, stretched himself out, and lay motionless.

'Now we are better again, darling!' said Halya tenderly, pressing the little corpse to her bosom. The lamp flickered up once more and died out, filling the air with a horrid smell. Deep darkness reigned in the kamera. The dead child lay softly in his mother's arms.

'Now he has gone to sleep again,' said Halya to Kilina, rocking and soothing the baby. By-and-by she pressed her lips to its little face. It was icy cold, the indescribable coldness of death.

A heart-rending scream rang through the kamera. All the prisoners sprang to their feet.

'What is the matter? Who is killed?' called out frightened voices in the utter darkness.

'My boy is killed!' shrieked the unhappy mother.

Kilina slipped off the platform and caught Paul by the arm.

'Take my place,' she said, 'and comfort her if you can.'

Paul sat down beside Halya and gathered her into his arms, and pressed her dear head upon his breast. She shivered and trembled; but she listened to his voice. He talked to her of the old happy times in Knishi, when they were children together, and she lay quiet, sobbing now and then. But when he spoke to her of the future, of the heavenly home which Christ was preparing for them, she grew excited again. The dead child lay between her and the wall.

Paul's heart was torn with anguish. Halya had left all for him, as he had left all for Christ. His love for her was a hundredfold deeper than it had been before she became his wife. He caught a glimpse of the Divine Love. To give up his life for her was little; he was willing to pour out his soul unto death for her sake.

(To be continued.)

DAILY FOOD.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 5.

Father, I have sinned against heaven, and in thy sight, and am no more worthy to be called thy son.—Return, ye backsliding children, and I will heal your backslidings.—Luke xv., 21; Jer. iii., 22.

A DOG STORY.

A London dog story is apt to be a hard sort of a tale to believe, but it is never lacking in interest. The latest is of a dog who takes a daily walk with its mistress. The animal was observed that at a certain crossing the policeman stops the traffic to allow his mistress to pass over. The other day the dog went out alone, and when he came to the crossing he tried to attract the policeman's attention. The policeman observed what the dog wanted. He stopped the traffic, and the dog walked solemnly across.—From 'Harper's Round Table.'

My somewhat protracted pastoral life, says the Rev. Dr. Aikman, has led me into many of the homes of working men who drink, and no man in Madison has a better right to speak of such homes than I have. It is my familiarity with them, and with the unutterable secret woes hidden in wretched rooms where I have knelt and prayed with helpless wives and starved and half-naked children, which often makes my very nerves tingle with indignation at this hideous business of liquor-selling, and makes me wonder at the apathy of good men and women who will suffer it to exist, when by right, honest effort and the potent ballot-box it might be ended, or at least put into the same category with other recognized crimes against society.—'National Temperance Advocate.'

It is said that Steinitz, the famous chess player, frequently becomes so absorbed in his favorite game that he will stand motionless even in the most crowded thoroughfare. Once, the story goes, he caused such an obstruction that a policeman told him to 'Move on.' 'Excuse me,' replied the absent-minded champion; 'but it is your move.'

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

HETTY'S HORSERADISH.

(By Minnie Leona Upton.)

'Na, na chiel! Ye musna tak' ony o' that earth; now mind what I tell ye!'

'Why can't I have some of that earth, Hugh?'

Hetty, flushed and rebellious, and flashing indignant glances at the old gardener, stood by the garden gate with a big basket in one hand, while in the other she swung her garden hat with unnecessary energy.

'Because it's no' gude for a posy garden. Get some o' that by the bank wall. That's fine and rich.'

Hetty gave a longing look at the forbidden heap of rich, mellow soil, and turned reluctantly away.

'It's just Hugh's aggravatingness. If my papa were here he'd tell him to give me whatever I preferred for my rockeries. Of course he would, and—I—will have some of that. So there!'

And she did. Good, queer, old Hugh had to go to the town that afternoon for seeds and bulbs, and Hetty improved (?) her time most industriously. She had just built two rockeries for her very own at the sunny south end of the house, and mamma had promised cuttings from her geraniums, and Hugh had pledged a dozen gladioli bulbs and enough pansy plants to border both rockeries; so that her prospects were exceedingly bright. She had brought the rocks with much hard work and many bruised fingers from the pasture wall, capping them with some beautiful pink and white fragments which brother Allen gave her from his Quartz Hill collection. And very pretty they looked—the little circular walls about five feet in diameter and six inches high; but the dirt was yet to be obtained, and that fresh heap in the corner seemed just what she needed.

When Hugh came home that afternoon he stopped short with wide-open eyes as he saw the much-diminished store. Then he shook his head gravely.

'A wilfu' chiel—a vera wilfu' chiel—an' yet a winsome an' bonny. I'll—na, I'll no' eenterfere. Hap it's just what she needs.'

Just what Hetty needed—the earth or something else—Hugh didn't say.

The weather continued warm and sunny, and the very next day Hetty claimed her promised floral supplies and worked away right merrily. When old Hugh produced his contribution he asked, in what seemed to her an unusually meek tone: 'Dinna ye fear the posy beds 'll be crooked?'

'Oh, no, thank you, Hugh,' she responded, airily. 'I like a variety, and the earth is rich enough for a great many plants.'

'Eh, to be sure!' responded he, and then, as Hetty tripped away, 'Puir lassie! I'd fain—but she's too wilfu', too wilfu' by far. Let her gang her ain gait.'

And Hetty did. Three mornings later, when she went out to visit her rockeries, she found little green leaves starting up all over them. She gave a cry of delight: 'My gladioli! My gladioli are coming up so soon!' and down on her knees she went before the nearest rockery. Then she became suddenly sober. They weren't what she had thought at all. She thought of all the seeds she had sown, but they were all small, and would send up tiny leaves, and these rapidly unfolding sheaths were broad and green and lusty looking. Her first impulse was to rush off and ask Hugh's opinion, but the memory of her method of filling the rockeries checked her. She pulled up the intruders in silence. That day papa took her out to Aunt Lou's, and she had such a good time that she did not return for several days. Cousin Fanny came with her. She had quite forgotten her trouble.

'Come and see my rockeries, cousin!' she cried, gleefully, and away they scampered.

'Oh! Oh!' cried Hetty. There in each bed was a dwarf forest of the aggressive intruders. They came out between the rocks at the sides; they crowded up by the gladioli that were just starting; they peeped up in companies through the pansy border.

'Those dreadful weeds!' gasped Hetty.

'What! Aren't they little plants, Hetty?'

'Plants! No, indeed! they're the worst old weeds. I've weeded and weeded, and it's no use!'

Fanny helped this time, and presently they expelled the last of the saucy upstarts. The beds looked quite bare when it was done.

'There!' sighed Hetty, 'I hope there aren't any more. What big, thick roots they have for little plants!'

Next day it rained so hard that Hetty's mother would not let her go out, but the next morning she was out as soon as she was dressed. Oh, dismal! There were the impish green sprouts again thicker than ever. She watered them with tears as she pulled them up disconsolately. The asters and balsams and petunias and phlox had begun to show their dainty little heads, but the great rough weeds uprooted them so that very few were left. Hetty wanted sympathy; but that dreadful, haunting memory of wrong-doing prevented her from seeking it. She was sure that the forbidden earth had some mysterious connection with her misfortune, but she could not make up her mind to confess, even to her sweet, invalid mother. The days went by, each one bringing its struggle with that impish, persistent enemy that seemed never discouraged, and acted as if it owned the rockeries. The petunias and phlox were quite vanquished, and only one sturdy balsam survived the repeated uprootings. At last Hetty could stand it no longer. She went out where the old gardener was at work.

'Hugh, will you please to come and look at my rockeries?' she asked in a subdued voice and manner. She did not guess how often he had looked at them when she was not near, and said to himself: 'The puir bit lassie!'

'Weeth pleasure,' he responded.

'There, Hugh, what is that stuff?'

Hugh smiled grimly. 'That's horseradish. Where did ye get the soil?'

Hetty hesitated, then faltered, 'Where you told me not to go.'

'Eh, lassie! lassie!' said Hugh, pityingly. And then he told her how he had dug it out of an old horse-radish bed, and was intending to have it carted away. It was so full of the little chopped-up pieces of root, every bit of which would live and thrive and sprout and grow and multiply in spite of all obstacles, that the only way, he told her, was to clear it out of the rockeries and 'begin all new.'

Hetty was having a hard struggle with herself. At length she looked up.

'It served me right, Hugh,' she said. 'It was just—sneaking!'

And then good, bluff old Hugh broke quite down.

'I should ha' told ye, lassie! I dinna ken how yer mither 'll tak' it!'

'She'll say it's a good lesson for me,' responded Hetty.

And that was exactly what she said—but very tenderly, with her arm around the 'wilfu'' litle daughter.

'It's always getting me into trouble—the mean old obstinate in my heart,' sobbed Hetty.

'I think my little girl fogot to ask Jesus to help her.'

'Yes, I did forget,' said Hetty, 'and I haven't felt comfortable when I've prayed since.'

And then they had a beautiful 'heart-talk,' and, in spite of ruined rockeries, it was a happy girl who 'started all new' in more ways than one. Hugh cleared out the new rockeries and helped her set out the new plants that he gave her in abundance.—'Zion's Herald.'

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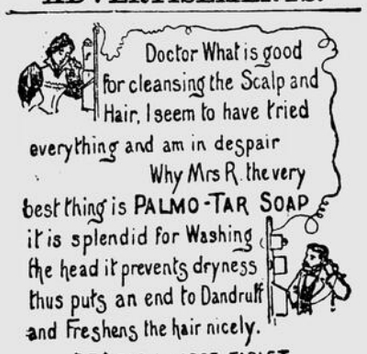


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Thackeray once asked one of the men who let out skates on the Serpentine whether he had ever lost a pair through the omission to exact a deposit; and he replied that he had never done so except upon one occasion, when the circumstances made it almost pardonable. A well dressed young fellow was having his second skate fastened on, when he suddenly broke away from the man's hands and dashed on to the ice. The next instant a thick-set powerful man was clamoring for another pair. 'I shall nab him now,' he cried, 'for I am a dab at skating!' He was a sheriff's officer in pursuit of his prey; and a very animating sight it was to watch the chase. He was, as he had boasted, a first-rate skater, and it became presently obvious that he was running down his man. Then the young fellow determined to run a desperate risk for liberty. The ice as usual under the bridge was marked 'dangerous,' and he made for it at headlong speed. The ice bent beneath his weight, but he got safely through. The sheriff's officer followed with equal pluck, but, being a heavier man, broke through and was drowned. 'His skates,' said the narrator of the incident, 'I got back after the inquest, but those the young gentleman had on I never saw again.'

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'Really,' said Mrs. De Porque, 'it's very distressing to see how common things are getting.' 'Yes,' replied her husband; 'luxuries are a good deal cheaper than they were.' 'It's positively shameful. Why, it's getting so that anybody can afford a diamond robbery, nowadays.'—Washington 'Str.'

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The Boys' Page.

Sir Walter's Ghost.

It was the second week in August, when the law courts in London are closed until October; when all who could take an annual holiday were leaving the mighty metropolis. The trains steamed out of the terminus heavily laden, and hastened with their burden to all parts of Great Britain.

Sitting back in a first-class carriage, in a train speeding along the Great Western line, was a man who read and re-read a letter, a line of anxiety coming upon his broad forehead as he finally closed it.

Leigh York was a barrister-at-law, aged twenty-eight; he was a tall, clever-looking man, not handsome, but somehow most people admired him. He had a good face, a fair, cropped head, a square jaw, with firm lines about his mouth which his moustache did not conceal; his eyes were light grey, bright and keen, which seemed to read one's very soul; eyes which he found most useful in his profession.

The misspelt and somewhat soiled letter which troubled the traveller came from Denny, General Manley's butler, a man who had known Leigh in his boyhood. The man had written privately to 'the young master,' as he called Leigh, imploring him to come down to Stone Crag so soon as he could leave London conveniently, as something dreadful was amiss. For above a week they had been troubled by 'a ghost,' supposed (by him) to be the spirit of the late Sir Walter. He felt sure, he said, this ghost boded no good to the General; his dear master's health was changing, he was breaking up. He took no interest in anything, did not ride, never walked out, scarcely ate anything, and often fell asleep for hours in his chair. Denny felt sure Mr. York could 'lay the ghost' somehow, as he had heard how clever a gentleman he was in Court. Leigh said 'bosh' at the ghost, but the idea of his dear Pater breaking up brought a lump into his throat. Altering all his plans, he was hastening down directly the courts closed; and as he lay back he thought over the General's goodness, as he sped along.

The General (formerly Hubert Manley) and Leigh's father, Jack York, had been boys together at school and at college. The latter choosing an artist's career, was disinherited by his godfather, went abroad, married, and died suddenly before making his mark in the world of art, leaving his orphan boy of four years old to Captain Manley's care. Manley was married, and, having no children, little Leigh was received by Mrs. Manley with open arms; she had always been a mother to him, and the General—'more than a father,' Leigh used to say.

Quite dependent on their generosity, the Manleys had educated Leigh, and started him in life as a barrister, giving him a son's allowance, until three years previously the General lost all he possessed save, of course, his pension, by the failure of a bank during a commercial crisis. Almost at the same time a former godfather of Mrs. Manley died, leaving her his sole heiress; it was supposed he was worth half a million of pounds, and owned Stone Crag, a large country-house besides; but beyond the sum of £100 lying at his bankers he apparently was penniless. The bankers said for years he had been steadily drawing out his money, which it was supposed he had speculated with and lost.

On removing to Stone Crag the Manleys were astonished to find it bare, except a few pieces of common furniture. The house had fallen into decay, some parts quite in ruins; dirt everywhere, no servant even—the gardens were overgrown wildernesses. It was Mrs. Manley's opinion from what she saw and heard that Sir Walter had been a miser; she even asserted his money might be hidden in some secret place.

The carpenters had been unable to discover any traces of secret rooms while doing the repairs necessary to render Stone Crag habitable, although from a manuscript in the worm-eaten library mention was made of concealing Royalists in the days of Cromwell. Mrs. Manley was for an exhaustive survey of every room, but the General pooh-poohing the idea of hidden chambers or treasure concealed, she let it drop. Their means were not large, but they managed to live quite happily with Lilian, a sweet little orphan niece of Mrs. Manley's, to keep them cheerful, until by degrees a change came over the General—'ever since he came upon an old muniment chest,' Mrs. Manley used to say by means of data—after which he seemed always too busy to leave the library, was gloomy, lost his appetite and changed his habits.

Leigh's unexpected advent was a delight to all three; but after the first warm greeting, he noticed with concern the Pater's dim eye, vacant look, and drooping figure.

While dressing for dinner Denny entered to give the young master fuller details. He seemed to think more of the 'ghost' than of his master's illness.

Denny said the apparition was in the north wing—the ruined part. There ran a spiral staircase of rusty iron up to a balcony outside a tower, and any one could enter the wing from the outside, but they could not penetrate the habited part; the wing, however, could be entered from the house, through a door in the library. Denny said it was on that balcony and descending that stair he had often seen the ghost, and a light flashed through all the ruined rooms. Leigh nearly laughed aloud as the solemn butler remarked, 'the ghost wore only a short day-shirt, and had remarkably stout legs; whereas the likeness of Sir Walter showed him to be but a lean, small man!' Assuring Denny he would 'lay the ghost,' he made arrangements with him to let him in at a given signal that night, and he matured a plan. He fancied some outsider had used those ruined rooms for a place of concealment, and started a 'ghost' to keep off the vulgar public; anyhow, Leigh determined to be one there, whoever else was present.

The General did not spend the evening with them, and when Leigh went into the library to wish him good-night he found him asleep in his chair. Sound asleep, yet muttering, repeating over and over; it sounded like certain directions. As Leigh listened to the words his keen eye fell on a plan of Stone Crag, a quaint old thing; certain parts of the north wing marked with red arrows, pointing different ways.

In a moment all flashed upon him; he said softly, 'You poor old Pater!' and laughed as he passed his eye along his outstretched and massive legs. He took away the diagram, and went to his room.

An hour later, dressed for the occasion, Leigh softly ascended the rickety iron stair, and sat in the doorway looking down the crumbling stairs into the lower part. After two hours a sound reached his ear, and then he saw a tall figure carrying a lantern, clad as Denny had described. Descending carefully, Leigh followed the somnambulist, and found him busy searching for Sir Walter's secret room. As the General moved so many steps, he muttered loud enough to be heard. Leigh lighted a match and found when the General said 'to the right' so many paces, he went to the left, and half the number of steps. Round and round the tapestried rooms he went, always the same. At last dawn was peeping over the mountain, the ghost went up into the turret, descending by the stair. Leigh followed, but the General had disappeared, and Denny let the young master in. When the astonished butler heard the truth he said reverently, 'Now the Lord be praised, that them legs wasn't Sir Walter's after all!'

The next day Leigh went over to Dr. Scott, and told him all that had happened. He was very much interested, and believed in the secret passage, but warned Leigh, however, against using the rotten stairway; what a somnambulist could do, a man awake might not accomplish without risk.

Mr. Carlton, a clever architect and an ingenious man, came in just then, and Dr. Scott, introducing his visitors, told him about the diagram of the north wing of Stone Crag. As he curiously examined it, he showed them the secret passage, a small white line between the outside wall and the wall of the room. He thought if he might be allowed to study the diagram he could determine the exact spot of the door.

As the next day was an important one for the Justices of the Peace, the General (being one of them) must be out, and it was the ladies' visiting afternoon; so the three, with Denny, met in the library. Very unexpectedly they found the key hanging on a nail with some others, so they passed through from the library. Mr. Carlton, with measuring implements, leading the way with scarcely a check. Touching a panel he said the secret door should be thereabouts, and ripping off some mouldering hangings, struck the wall a heavy blow, and disappeared head first through an open gap, and rose in the aperture covered with dust. The spring, rusted through, had broken, and there before them was an iron chest, which surely might be Sir Walter's bank!

When the General came home with the ladies, he heard the astonishing news that Dr. Scott had brought a friend to call on Leigh, and they, out of curiosity, had gone through the oak door in the library, and had, while thumping the old walls, found a secret room and an iron chest full of bags. The General declared he knew there was no key to fit that door, and stared confusedly when he saw it, and then said he had dreamed of a similar one.

All hastened to the passage, and there, sure enough, was the miser's hoard—bags of gold pieces, rich jewels, uncut stones, and rare old gold and silver plate, the heirlooms of centuries.

'Now we'll pull down this dreary ruin,' said Mrs. Manley, 'and, with Mr. Carlton's assistance, rebuild it. I dislike miser's hoards, and that it may bring us a blessing, let us restore the dear old village church, Hubert, as a thank-offering. Even then we shall have plenty to leave our dear ones,' she added, smiling at Leigh, who was saying something which made Lilian blush coyly.

That night the General slept soundly as he used to do, and did not even hear the storm which rent away both balcony and stairway of iron—and so that ghost was 'laid.'—'Our Home.'

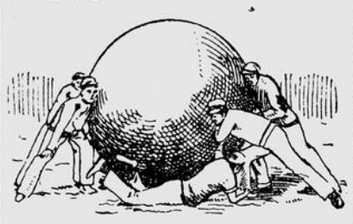
Push-Ball.

A NEW GAME.

During the breathing-space between the halves of a football game on Soldiers' Field, Harvard College, last autumn, many of the spectators were not a little surprised to see trundled out upon the 'gridiron' an immense leathern ball, taller than any of the stalwart young men who propelled it, and large enough to conceal behind its comical rotundity any three persons upon the grounds.

Astonishment and interest were by no means lessened when the onlookers saw the big sphere rolled to the centre of the field, and carefully poised upon the white line at that point. Sixteen agile fellows divided into squads of eight upon a side, and at a given signal began to push against the bulging leather, endeavoring to advance the object toward the goal of their opponents.

Occasionally the ball would be lifted high up by those nearest it, where-



PUSH-BALL.

upon others of the same squad would dart under it, and seize their adversaries by the neck in an effort to throw them to the ground, and thus lessen the force opposed to their own pushers.

Now and then the sphere would suddenly spin about, and throw a detachment of the men off on a tangent, as it were, tumbling everybody in a heap that was more amusing than graceful. Backward and forward this queer battle raged, to the delight of the spectators, until at last, by skilful manœuvring, the huge ball went across one of the goal-lines, and victory was won.

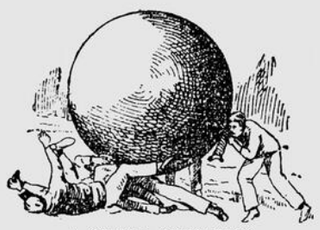
This highly original and entertaining game is called 'push-ball,' and while it will probably never seriously rival the more dashing football, it has so many good points, and offers such an opportunity for really scientific play, that it has leaped into popularity in a single season. It seems destined to be very generally played as soon as its merits shall become known throughout the country.

Of course, the striking feature of the game is the ball itself, the pivot around which the contest is carried on. It is six feet in diameter. It has a rubber interior which is inflated, and an outside skin of leather sewn together in rectangular pieces. Even when filled with air, it weighs about one hundred and fifty pounds. It is quite expensive, for the leather alone costs seventy-five dollars, and the rubber and the labor in making bring the total to one hundred and fifty dollars.

It was invented and made by a gentleman of Newton, Massachusetts, and the Athletic Club of that city owns the only one now known to be in existence; but next season the houses dealing in athletic goods are to undertake the general manufacture of push-balls, and it is expected that their cost will be materially reduced.

In this novel game there are eight players on each side. They are lined up something like a football eleven, with the ball between them. The players are thus designated: a centre, two guards, two forwards or tackles, two ends, and a back, who gives the signal for team play.

The field used is a football 'gridiron' one hundred and twenty feet



A QUEER SITUATION.

long and one hundred and sixty feet wide. The game consists of innings of from one to five minutes each, actual play, and its object is to advance the ball as far as possible into the opponents' territory, starting from the centre-line. The ball is in play throughout the inning, except when it goes out of bounds or when a goal is made.

A goal counts five, and every five yards gained count one. When the ball goes out of bounds, that is, beyond the side-lines, it is carried to the centre of the field from the place where it went out.

There are four officials, an umpire, a referee for each side, and a timer. Offside play is allowed, but no offside tackling. Tripping up and unnecessary roughness are prohibited.

There are at present what may be roughly called three styles of play in push-ball. The opening move is almost invariably the same. The ball is placed with exactness on the centre-line, and the teams are lined up on opposite sides. The signal sounds, and at the instant the centre, guards and ends exert their combined force against the ball.

The centre generally turns completely around after the first impact, and uses his back. The guards and ends push in unison, each employing the shoulder nearest the centre, and all striving to get as close to that player as possible in order that the power may be concentrated near the middle of the ball. It will be readily understood that strength used on the outside circumference would be dissipated.

Another point on which care and skill must be expended is the height at which the shoulders shall touch the sphere. If too low, the ball will be lifted; if too high, it will be forced into the ground. The forwards are all this time reaching over the other men and pushing with their hands. The back is taking in the aspect of the game, and laying plans for its further development. This style of play is called 'driving the ball,' and it continues so long as it proves to be advantageous.

We will now suppose that some little time has elapsed, with no advantage to either side in driving the ball. A signal is called out by one of the backs, and the ball is suddenly lifted by the men on his side. Once raised, it is taken care of by the centre and the guards, and the ends are left free to perform the special work allotted to them in this particular style of play.

If they are to do offensive work they rush under the uplifted ball and throw off the guards on the other side by seizing them around the neck. With this weight lost, the side attacked is powerless to prevent the advance of the enemy. Defensively, the ends must protect their guards from just this onslaught. In this method of play the forwards may be ordered to leave their side, run around the ball, and go at the guards of the foe. The back is a sort of emergency man, doing good wherever he sees an opportunity.

Another very effective variation is called the 'forwards' offside play.' At the word a forward will come around the ball and dash at the opposite end, trying to brush the men off the circumference and get at the centre. Just as he lands against the end, the players of his side will give a mighty push in the direction of what they hope is the weak spot. If the attack is successful the ball goes merrily along, and a substantial gain is recorded. It is sometimes advisable to send a second forward after the first, five yards behind and against the other end, thus pounding at each end alternately.

It sometimes happens that one side is proving itself to be decidedly the superior in the matter of weight and driving abilities. The ball is being steadily forced down the field to the weaker men's goal-line.

For this emergency there is a species of tactics that not seldom staves off defeat. It is called 'twisting' the ball, and is accomplished by having all the men possible on the side that is getting the worst of it exert their force on the outside circumference, thus causing the ball to spin about and move in such a slanting direction that it soon goes out of bounds, when it is carried into the field again and placed half-way between the two side-lines.

The promoters of the game are enthusiastic in its praise. They point to the rapid development of scientific methods in it, and say that the variations possible are not only beautiful but almost limitless.

Even more than in football, they assert, is team-work a requisite; without skilful combination and machine-like precision of action no eight could hope to win against practised opponents. There is plenty of call for brain-work, and disabling roughness is unknown. Certainly a game so entertaining and so encouraging to field strategy seems worthy of a future.—W. D. Quint, in 'Youth's Companion.'

THOUGHTS BY THE WAY.

To endure is the first thing a child ought to learn, and that which he will have most need to know.—Rousseau.

No man can speak evil of another without hurting himself.—'Ram's Horn.'

BELIEFS ABOUT EELS.

MANY CURIOUS THEORIES TO EXPLAIN THEIR ORIGIN—SOME FACTS DISCOVERED.

It is a remarkable fact that the ripe egg of the eel has never yet been discovered. Some funny beliefs have been held at different times as to the genesis of this very slippery creature. Aristotle said it sprang from what he called the 'entrails of the earth.' Pliny the Elder said:—'They rub themselves against the rocks, and their scrapings come to life.' Gesner thought the opinion as to their generation in the putrid carcases of dead horses was quite a rational one. A German sage, forty years ago, stated seriously that they owed their existence to electrical phenomena. People are still found in England who believe they are 'evoluted' horsehairs; and not long ago one pretentious gentleman gave this recipe for their manufacture:—'Cut up two turfs covered with May dew and lay one upon the other, the grassy sides inward, and in this way expose them to the heat of the sun; in a few hours there will spring from them an infinite quantity of eels.'

In Sardinia the fishermen cling to the belief that the so-called water beetle is the progenitor of the eel, and an Englishman has written a small book to prove the same hypothesis. There can be no reasonable doubt, however, that this fish is oviparous, and spawns just as other fish do. Plentiful though our lack of knowledge is regarding it, this much at least we have learned. The notion appears to be very widespread that the eel, like the lamprey, only spawns once, and then dies.—'Pall Mall Gazette.'

UNCLE ALLEN'S ADVICE.

AND IT WOULD BE WELL FOR OTHERS TO FOLLOW IT.

(From the 'Indianapolis Journal.')

'I notice, my dear,' said Uncle Allen Sparks to one of his nieces, 'that when you have a toothache it's the worst you ever had. The young man who was here last night was the ugliest fellow you ever saw. According to your statement a little while ago, it took you forever and a day to learn how to make a sponge cake. The house, you say, is full of flies. You have just declared that the room is as hot as an oven, you have the dreadfullest headache you ever had in your life, and the boy across the road is making the fearfullest racket a boy ever made. Don't you see, my child, this sort of thing won't do. Some time in your life you will really have an experience requiring the superlative degree to describe it, and you won't be able to convey any idea of it. You will have used up all your adjectives. That is all. You can go on thumping the piano again.'

I AM GREAT AND YOU ARE SMALL.

A sparrow swinging on a branch
Once caught a passing fly.
'Oh, let me live!' the insect prayed,
With trembling piteous cry.
No,' cried the sparrow, 'you must fall,
For I am great and you are small.'

The bird had scarce begun his feast
Before the hawk came by,
The game was caught. 'Pray let me live!'
Was now the sparrow's cry.
'No,' said the captor, 'you must fall,
For I am great and you are small.'

An eagle saw the rogue and swooped
Upon him from on high.
'Pray let me live! Why should you kill
So small a bird as I?'
Oh!' said the eagle, 'you must fall,
For I am great and you are small.'

But while he ate, the hunter;
He let his arrow fly.
'Tyrant!' the eagle shrieked, 'you have
No right to make me die!'
'Ah,' said the hunter, 'you must fall;
For I am great and you are small.'
—From the German.

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ADVERTISEMENTS.

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THE NEW MAYOR.

WILSON SMITH IS SWORN IN RECEIVES CONGRATULATIONS.

Mayor Wilson Smith had been ... afternoon, ex-Mayor ... made a short speech in which ... the new mayor upon his ... office. 'I am ... that the interests of ... hands. You ... and the city at this ... history needs a ... at his finger ... of office expires. ... that the finan- ... now passing ... safely weath- ...

... said he knew ... most critical ... could rest ... utmost dur- ... the city on ... financial footing.

... he hoped from the ... that the reign of ex- ... had been going on for ... City Hall, would now ... the new members of the ... vote for no scheme which ... the city deeper into debt. ... longer spend in excess of ... have been doing so in the ... what it has led to. The ... city should be conducted ... same safe lines as business ...

... was then congratulated by ... Stevenson, Kinsella, Charpen- ... Quinet, and several officials.

BOARD OF TRADE COUNCIL.

ELECTION OF THE VARIOUS COMMITTEES.

... meeting of the new council ... Montreal Board of Trade was held ... board room yesterday afternoon. ... was a full attendance of mem- ... with President Bickerdike in the ... The president reported that he ... the vice-president had yesterday ... the oath of office before ex-Mayor ... He then administered the ... to the members of the council.

... president, briefly addressing the ... commented upon the circum- ... his election and expressing ... that he would receive the hearty ... and co-operation of the council ... work of the year. He said that ... the regular business was taken ... he rose to express his regret at ... omitted at the annual meeting ... a vote of thanks to the outgoing ... which, he was sure, would ... heartily welcomed and adopted. ... following standing committees for ... were approved by the council:

Building and Floor—Robert ... Shaw, chairman; John McKergow, ... F. Smith, and John Torrance.

Printing Room—Chas. F. Smith, chair- ... Jas. E. Rendell, David G. Thom- ...

Harbor Improvement and Inland ... gation—John Torrance, chairman; ... Matthern, Robert Mackay, Chas. Mc- ... David G. Thomson; Railway Mat- ... Wm. McNally, chairman; Charles ... Chas. McLean, Wm. Nivin, Jas. ... Bell.

Municipal Affairs—F. Wol- ... Thomas, chairman; Charles Cha- ... Henry Miles, Wm. Nivin, G. F. C. ...

Provincial Legislation— G. F. C. ... chairman; Robt. Mackay, Henry ... David Macfarlane, F. Wolferstan ...

Insolvency Legislation—John ... chairman; Chas. F. Smith, ... Matthern, David McFarlane, Wm. ... associate member, James A. ...

The council then took up the business ... left by their predecessors in of- ... arrangements for the con- ... and appointment of the follow- ... committee, with regard to the de- ... establishment of a board of cus- ...—Messrs. Henry Miles, ... Charles Chaput, David Mc- ... Wm. McNally and Robt. Mac- ...

A SUCCESSFUL CONCERT.

... night at the Y.M.C.A. hall the ... Star Course' of concerts under ... School of Elocution was ... A fairly well filled house greeted ... the series which was most ... from the first number to the ... entertainers were: Miss Ella ... Carl Walther, Mr. Max- ... and Miss Cissie Russell. ... As usual Miss Walker was ... she sang three times; ... was done in her own artis- ... merits and receives a gra- ... applause. Scottish mu- ... ed by an ungracious ... me tied to a post,' but ... the Scottish melodies ... Walther were full of ... it did not require a ... respond to their warmth ...

... Mr. Maxwell Bingham ... excellent, showing a ... with the art of elo- ... a little verse recited ... 'Sin' mither's gane' ... not only on account ... it was delivered in a ... natural style, which was ... These concerts will be given ...

HORSES PAINTED IN DARK COLORS.

(To the Editor of the 'Saturday Review.')

... is a strong man of the ... never finished at a single ... He is strong with the strength ... ruthless, greedy egotism, the ... whose piston rod force the ... the money of weaker men ... reservoir. As he was at Oriel ... ago, so he is at Cape Town ... self-absorbed, irritable ... be relied upon. He hates ... on he regards as unnecessary ... in the campaign, and he has ... friendship; he only recognizes ... to be used and enemies to ... Success accentuated his ... the point of disease, and made ... so self-absorbed and so ... none but parasites could ...

THE VICTORIA RIFLES.

CHANGES IN THE RULES GOVERNING THE SIMS AND HAMILTON CUPS.

Battalion orders issued Feb. 1 call for company drills of Nos. 1 and 2 companies, Victoria Rifles, on Friday evenings; Nos. 3 and 4 companies, Monday, and Nos. 5 and 6 companies Thursday evenings, all commencing the week of Feb. 10. Recruit drill will take place ever Saturday evening at 8.30 o'clock.

Some important changes have been made in the rules to govern the competition for the Sims and Hamilton cups, both of which are competed for annually, and held during the season by the company making the highest number of points. The rules are as follows:—

THE SIMS CUP.

1—Attendance at Company and Battalion parades, ordered by the officer commanding, based on the percentage of the strength of the Company. Possible, 100 points.

2—Attendance at parade and annual inspection. Half point for each N. C. O. and man present.

3—Attendance at annual company and target practice, at Cote St. Luc ranges. Half point for each N.C.O. and man present on day appointed.

4—Clothing and accoutrements, thirty points.

5—Company book and interior economy, thirty points.

6—Company drill, one hundred points.

7—Manual drill and firing, thirty points.

8—Officers' questions, three each, value four points.

9—N. C. O. Questions, two each, value three points.

10—Figure of merit at annual target practice, based on strength of the Company.

11—Parades will fall in at 8.15 p.m., and only those present at roll-call will count for attendance in the competition. Roll must be called immediately after the company falls in, and parade state given; and at Company drill parade state shall be signed by the instructor.

THE HAMILTON CUP.

1—Sections will be restricted to twelve men, until strength of Company reaches twenty-four files, after which they may be increased to sixteen men. Corporals will count as men.

2—Attendance at Company and Battalion parades ordered during the season by the officer commanding, based on the percentage of the strength of the section. Possible, 100 points. At target practice, on day appointed for Company, half point for each N.C.O. and man present. At annual inspection, half point for each N.C.O. and man present.

3—Manual, firing, bayonet, physical drill and squad exercises, ten points each. Half point from total will be deducted for each man short of six files. To be drilled by section commander.

4—For neatness and cleanliness on night of Company competition for Sir Donald A. Smith Cup, ten points.

Maxime Gun Squad and Bicycle Corps are eligible to compete for Hamilton cup.

THE OFFICERS' MESS.

The officers of the Victoria Rifles gave a most enjoyable mess dinner on Monday evening in their quarters at the armory. Among the guests were Lieut.-Col. Houghton, Lieut.-Col. Whitehead, Lieut.-Col. Mattice, Lieut.-Col. Henshaw, Major Roy, Major Labelle, Major Blaiklock, Major Ibbotson, Major Young, Mr. Chas. Cassils, Mr. W. A. Price, and Captains Sully, Stanley, Louis Sutherland and Frennette. There was a full attendance of the officers of the Vics; Major Sims was absent, owing to illness. All gathered round a well-spread table shortly after eight o'clock, and speech and song were kept up till 11.30, the Vics' band discoursing music at intervals. In Capts. Stanley and Sully, Col. Whitehead, Col. Henshaw, and Capt. Meakins, there were present all the former Captains of No. 3 Company of the Vics since 1868.

A social evening was also given by the sergeants of No. 1 company, attended by guests from other rooms. The officers in attendance were Captain Pope, and Lieuts. Henderson and Stuart. The boys were very enthusiastic at the prospect of starting the season's drill, and congratulated themselves on the efficiency of the company.

MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION OF STANSTEAD AND COMPTON.

The Ministerial Association of Compton and Stanstead met on Monday, Jan. 27, at Ayer's Flat. The meeting was largely attended and proved to be interesting and profitable. There were present the Rev. Messrs. Pitcher, Osborne, Steele, Smith, Billington, Hunter, Fanjoy, Stafford, Read, Dickinson, Williams, Allin, and Moore. The president, the Rev. J. T. Pitcher, opened the meeting by scripture reading, the Rev. Mr. Steele leading in prayer; after which routine business was taken up.

The officers for the year 1896 were elected as follows: President, the Rev. J. T. Pitcher; secretary, the Rev. C. Moore. A paper on 'Social purity' was read before the association by the Rev. Geo. Stafford, which called forth an animated and interesting discussion on that important topic. 'Blessed are the pure in heart,' said the Great Teacher, 'for they shall see God.' The Rev. Mr. Steele presented a sermon plan which was subjected to the criticism of the members, in a fair and friendly spirit; after which the meeting adjourned to meet wit hthe Rev. Mr. Steele at Maasawippi, on Monday, Feb. 24. After the adjournment of the meeting, which was held in the home of the Rev. C. Moore, the members of the association sat down to supper which was kindly prepared and served by Mrs. Moore. In the evening at seven o'clock a public meeting was held in the church under the direction of the Christian Endeavor Society of Ayer's Flat, a celebration of Christian Endeavor Day, the Rev. C. Moore presiding. The Rev. Messrs. Steele, Osborne, Billington and Read addressed the meeting. Choice hymns were selected and beautifully sung by the choir, under the direction of Mr. M. E. Hunt. The meeting closed by every Christian in the house rising to their feet and repeating together Isaiah lv 7, and afterward singing that excellent and apprporiate hymn, 'There are lonely hearts to cherish while the days are going by.'

THE MOCK PARLIAMENT.

Last night the members of the Mock Parliament had a debate over the Manitoba school question. The proceedings were somewhat lively throughout. Among the speakers were Premier Spurrier, Mr. F. Topp, Mr. Norman Murray, Mr. W. T. Castle, Mr. E. L. Rosenthal, and Mr. G H. Sinn, who initiated the debate. The debate was afterwards adjourned. The question of membership was considered, and the laxity of certain hitherto prominent members was severely condemned. The debate at next sitting will be on the Budget.

DISCUSSED BY PHYSICIANS.

WHAT BOSTON DOCTORS THINK OF THE DISCOVERY AND POSSIBILITIES OF PHOTOGRAPHING BY CATHODE RAYS.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 4.—Professor A. E. Dolbear, of Tufts College, believes it is chemical rather than electrical considerations which are to make the discovery of photographing by cathode rays of practical value, because of the great power which electricity has of separating chemical compounds, and if the right chemical combinations can be found to suit the different circumstances, there is almost no limit to the uses to which it can be put.

The cost of its manufacture is merely nominal, as all that is required is an ordinary Crooke's tube, or something of that nature, and an electric current. In medicine, surgery and physiology, he thinks, it can probably be made one of the most productive discoveries of modern time. In its use in photography he has found no focussing necessary, as there is no known refraction, while the most satisfactory length of exposure and relative proximity of the light have been thus far undetermined. In his experiments Professor Dolbear used merely an ordinary photographic plate, and developed it in the usual manner.

The whole subject has been taken up with deep interest by the leading surgeons and pathologists and other specialists in Boston. Admittedly there is little really tangible to be laid hold of and discussed in the treatment of disease.

Dr. William T. Councilman, of the Harvard Medical School, confessed that he had not yet found enough of interest or importance in the investigations so far made to warrant an investigation by him. He could not see where the practical value came in. 'In regard to the claims that are made for it,' he said, 'I must say I am profoundly sceptical.'

Dr. Frank A. Harris, medical examiner of the district, said he had been watching carefully what records there are of the experiments in Harvard and elsewhere, and he thought something might come of them for use in medicine. 'If you can look right in on a man's liver, kidneys and other organs,' he said, 'it will be a most valuable aid in diagnosing a case, more valuable here than in surgery. I do not see that it can be an aid in the making of an autopsy, as we can cut a body and get results more directly and with greater certainty.'

Dr. Samuel J. Moxter was unwilling to set the reported discoveries aside as valueless, 'because we cannot tell,' he said, 'what the experiments may lead to. Nor can much be said at present of their value in practical application, since we only have the beginning from which to judge. It is so with all new discoveries and inventions. Time will show what there is in it. Whether or not a tumor could be located by means of cathode photography is something at present beyond us. I hardly see how it would be possible, as tumors are tissues, and these rays pierce tissue. The detection of foreign substances imbedded in the human body would be another matter.'

Some physicians feared that photographs which were really only shadows would be delusive, and that it would be impossible to locate a slight fracture or crack in one of the small bones of the hand. Professor Trowbridge, however, states positively that in the photographs he has made every ligament came out with perfect clearness. This satisfies him beyond all doubt.

The subject was talked over between Superintendent Seaver, of the public schools, and Dr. Hartwell, director of physical training. They were anxious to know how far the discovery could be used in diseases of the brain and spinal cord, since both are enclosed in a horny case, but they supposed it would be especially applicable in cases of hemorrhage and tumor of the brain.

Diseases of the nervous system are due to troubles which are often microscopic in their character, and it is from such diseases that school children often suffer acutely. If the newly discovered process can be used on the head as well as on the body, it would be extremely interesting to educationists as well as to physicians in detecting the causes of arrested development.

SUCCESSFUL EXPERIMENTS IN YALE COLLEGE.

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 4.—Experiments in cathode photography at Yale are still being carried on. Henry A. Bumstead, one of the instructors in physics in the Sheffield Scientific School, has been following the experiments of Professor William A. Wright, and with the assistance of Professor Wright and others has made some very interesting pictures with the cathode rays. He has experimented upon several animals. He first took a mouse, and the photograph shows the skull quite clearly, but the bones are not at all well brought out. With a fish and a frog Mr. Bumstead also obtained good results. The backbone of the fish is easily distinguishable, as is also the bladder. In the frog the leg bones are clearly visible.

Mr. Bumstead obtained good photographs of coins in a heavy leather case. The coins were mixed in with a lot of visiting cards, and the case was placed beneath a pine board an inch thick. He also obtained a good photograph of a pair of eyeglasses, placed beneath a board and of the kernels of English walnuts. All of these experiments were made in broad daylight, and the exposure of the negative lasted about an hour in each instance.

THE COURT OF REVIEW.

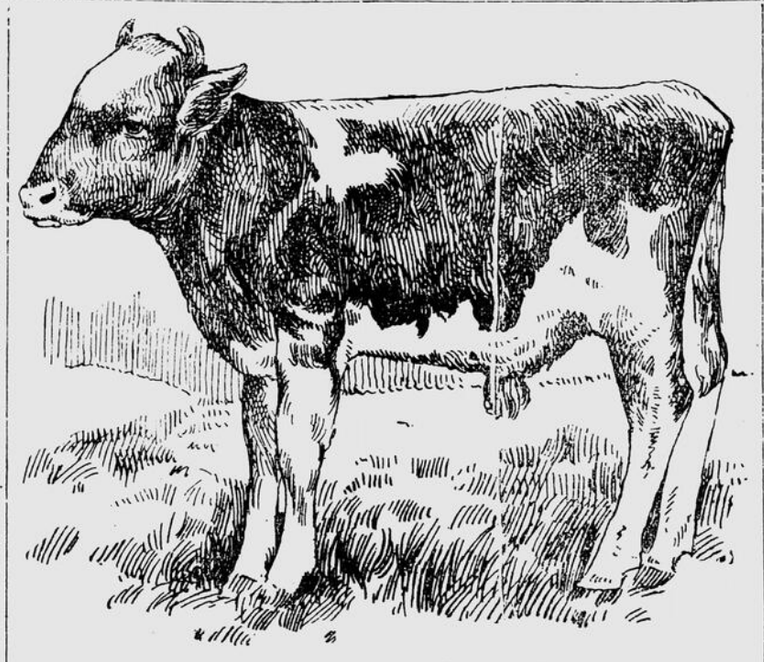
The February term of the Court of Review will be held from Feb. 10 to Feb. 21. Country cases will be heard on Feb. 14 for the south shore and on Feb. 21 for the north shore.

THE RIGAUD SEIGNIORY CLAIM.

The proceedings against the Messrs. Fletcher in connection with the claim on account of the Rigaud seigniory have been embodied in a civil suit for $100,000.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

Coughs and Colds.—Those who are suffering from Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, etc., should try Brown's Bronchial Troches, a simple and effectual remedy. They contain nothing injurious, and may be used at all times with perfect safety.



A WEANLING GUERNSEY CALF.

The above illustration shows a weanling Guernsey bull that with nine other animals was recently sent to Costa Rica, Central America, by the Export Live Stock Company. This calf combines the blood of Faucette-Fernwood-Serenade strains, so favorably known among Guernsey breeders. He is called Racettan 4144 by Faucettan 3076, out of that good cow Cowdena 7055, and is a lemon fawn, with white markings. He has a fine head, superb milk veins, and the yellow of golden butter in hide, horns and tail. He has the promise of making a very fine bull, and with the other registered stock imported should be of great service in increasing the value of dairy cattle in Costa Rica.

DR. A. B. SIMPSON AT MAXVILLE.

(To the Editor of the 'Witness.')

Sir,—Having noticed in your columns an item announcing the intention of Dr. A. B. Simpson and others of the Christian Alliance to visit this place, I thought possibly some of your readers would be pleased to learn something of their reception here. As there has been a branch of the Alliance here for about four years, the arrangements were left entirely with them. The public hall was secured for the meeting and was made to look very homelike. A large choir, under the leadership of Mr. F. McRae, of St. Elmo, had been preparing for the singing. Dr. A. B. Simpson and the Rev. A. E. Funk arrived on the first train from the west and were taken to the residence of Mr. A. H. Robertson. The first meeting was announced to be at 10.30 and at exactly that time Dr. Simpson and Mr. Funk entered the hall accompanied by Mr. Hibbard of St. Andrew's who acted as chairman during the services. Immediately the choir rose and sang, 'Praise God from whom all blessings flow,'

As Dr. Simpson, on account of pressing business, was compelled to leave for New York on the afternoon train, the morning and afternoon sessions were both given to him, his subject in the morning being 'The Holy Spirit in relation to our Christian life and work,' and in the afternoon 'The Holy Spirit in connection with the Lord's coming.' The addresses were both very much appreciated and showed some of the privileges which the Church might enjoy if they would but receive the Holy Spirit as a person in their individual hearts. Mr. Funk addressed the meeting for a short time, and in the evening spoke on 'Grace, a gift.' The vast audience (the hall being filled) listened attentively and although sitting for nearly two hours did not seem at all disposed to move until the last word had been uttered. Just here we would state, we shall not soon forget the sweet singing by Mr. Funk. His voice seems to reach the heart and impress with the touching messages which he sings. In the morning (Wednesday) he was reinforced by Dr. Wilson of New York, the Rev. Mr. Salmon of Toronto, and Mr. Woodcock, of Congoland. The addresses given by those gentlemen were appreciated very much. Dr. Wilson being a great favorite with the children, soon reached their hearts and many illustrations were given to show something that children can do. Mr. Woodcock was the principal speaker in both the afternoon and evening meetings. He had maps representing the condition of the world as regards its evangelization. A map of the Congo Free State, also a map showing the amount of money wasted for wines and liquors, tobacco, feathers, chewing gum, also the amount given for home and foreign missions, which was very small compared with the others. He stated that the people on the Congo were not idolators. They believe in God but have no way of hearing or knowing anything about him. They have no written language, only as the missionaries transpose their spoken to written language, therefore the same characters are used that we have which makes it comparatively easy to learn. His address was very simple and earnest and the audience could easily see that, although here, his heart is still in Congoland. Several times he was heard to say: 'I am so tired of looking at white faces. I just long to get back to my dear people again.' It has been nearly four years since he first went to the Congo. At the close of the night meeting, Dr. Wilson made an appeal for young men and women to go to the foreign field. Maxville, he knew, could easily send some. 'Some cannot go, others can, but who will?' One person was heard to say: 'I thought it was money they were after, but I am sure had they asked for it they would have received one thousand dollars in pledges. But men and women mean a great deal more.' Three showed their willingness to be taught of the Holy Spirit about the matter. The meetings closed by singing, 'Give me a heart like thine.' We shall not soon forget the visit of those gentlemen, and no doubt the forces on the foreign field will be increased as the outcome of those services. We shall be pleased to welcome one or all of those gentlemen again.

ONE WHO ATTENDED.

Maxville, Jan., 1896.

A W.C.T.U. WORKER.

(To the Editor of the 'Witness.')

Sir,—Mrs. Hidden, of Vancouver, Washington, U.S. has been actively engaged in W.C.T.U. work for the past fifteen years; first in Vermont and later in Washington, where for years she was state vice-president and state secretary, and is still superintendent of legislation and petition. She was honored by being made delegate-at-large to the National W.C.T.U. convention held in Baltimore, last November, and fraternal delegate to the Dominion convention held in the city of Quebec. Mrs. Hidden spoke with much acceptance at the monthly gospel temperance meeting on Jan. 28 and received a rising vote of thanks from the large audience present. We have much pleasure in recommending her to W.C.T.U.'s and other temperance organizations anxious to secure assistance in carrying on our peaceful war. Mrs. Hidden is at present visiting her sister, Mrs. Dickson, of Trenholme, Que., and later expects to visit her brother, Dean Trenholme, of Montreal.

Mrs. J. G. SANDERSON.

Danville, Feb. 3, 1896.

ONTARIO PATRONS.

Toronto, Feb. 4.—The grand board of the Patrons of Industry is indignant that they should be ignored in the matter of official advertising. Although the Patron group is an important part of the Legislature the official notices are not sent to their organ, which they consider should be amended. To-day a large number of Patron associations are holding county conventions to appoint and instruct representatives to the approaching provincial convention. A great gathering is in progress in Glengarry County at which the speakers announced are Mr. C. A. Mallory, grand president, Ontario; Mr. J. N. Varville, grand president, Quebec; Mr. D. M. McPherson, M.P.P., the addresses being in English and French.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

A CRISP CRUST

Is the making of a pie. The making of a crisp crust depends largely upon the shortening. Use COTTOLENE, the new vegetable shortening, instead of lard, and sogginess will be an unknown element in your pastry. Cottolene should always be economically used—two-thirds as much Cottolene as you would ordinarily use of lard or butter, being ample to produce the most desirable results. The saving in a year represents a considerable item. There are many imitations of COTTOLENE; you should therefore be careful to get the genuine.

Sold everywhere in tins, with trade-marks—"*Cottolene*" and *steer's head in cotton-plant wreath*—on every tin. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Wellington and Ann Sts., MONTREAL.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WRENCHED HER BACK.

THE PAINFUL RESULTS WHICH FOLLOWED.

LIMBS AND BODY SWOLLEN TO TWICE THEIR NATURAL SIZE—THE SUFFERER BECAME HELPLESS AND HAD TO BE TURNED IN BED.

In a cosy little cottage on the outskirts of the village of Merrickville, live Mr. and Mrs. Edward Williams. Mrs. Williams is one of the thousands of people who admit that they owe their health, if not their lives, to that greatest of life saving medicines—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. And with a woman's gratitude she is never tired of sounding the praises of the medicine that has done so much for her. To a reporter who called upon her Mrs. Williams gave the following account of her illness and cure:—Up to two years ago I was always a strong and healthy woman, and always able to do my share of hard work. Two years ago I began to feel a sort of wearied depression and my head began to bother me considerably, but still I continued to do my work. In July, 1894, while helping to lift a load I gave my back a heavy wrench which affected the spine. My back and right side became very painful; my body and legs began to swell and I made up my mind that along with other complications I had dropsy. I began to grow weaker and weaker until at last I had to be turned in my bed. My body and legs had now swollen to twice their natural size and the pain in my back and side was almost unendurable. I continued in this terrible condition until about the middle of last March, unable scarcely to move. I had tried different kinds of medicine, but they did me no good. I now fully made up my mind that I could not live and this was the opinion of all who saw me. One day as I lay thinking of my terrible condition, a paper was handed me to look over, when my eyes rested on a testimonial of a minister of the gospel who had been cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had, like many others, doubts concerning medicine testimonials, but I said to myself surely that good man would not tell a lie. I decided to give them a fair trial and by the time I had used two boxes the swelling began to leave my body and legs, and at the end of my third box the pain in my side, hip, knee and back had entirely disappeared. I still continued to use the Pink Pills and daily grew stronger until as you see I am as healthy to-day as ever I was. I still continue to use the pills occasionally and always feel better for them. I feel confident that had it not been for Pink Pills I would have been in my grave to-day. Mr. Williams was present and confirmed and endorsed all she said.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the medical marvel of the age. In hundreds of cases they have cured after all other medicines have failed. They are a positive cure for all troubles arising from a vitiated condition of the blood or a shattered nervous system. Sold by all dealers or by mail, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., at 50c a box, or six boxes for $2.50. There are numerous imitations and substitutions against which the public is cautioned.

A Snug Wrap

That will defy the cold and wind completely, and yet be full of style and grace can be made by using a layer of

Fibre Chamois

Quilted to the lining with perhaps one thin sheet of wadding. The Montreal Quilting Co. have a full line of these goods all ready for use so that any dealers can supply you.

GET THE REAL FIBRE CHAMOIS. IMITATIONS ARE WORTHLESS.

Machinery for Sale.

FOR SALE.

One 3 h.p. ELECTRIC MOTOR, only in use a few weeks, and in perfect order. A Bargain.

One 3 h.p. YACHT ENGINE and UPRIGHT BOILER, with submerged tubes. Complete in every respect. In good order.

One 4 h.p. YACHT ENGINE and HORIZONTAL BOILER. Complete and in first-class order.

One 2 h.p. UPRIGHT BOILER. Complete with Fittings.

We have several large ENGINES and BOILERS at very low figures.

CANADA MACHINERY AGENCY,
W. H. NOLAN, Manager.
311 St. James Street,
MONTREAL.

Cement, Drain Pipes, &c.

SCOTCH DRAIN PIPES,
PORTLAND CEMENT,
IN STOCK AND TO ARRIVE,
At Lowest Market Prices.

W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.,
160 GREY NUN STREET.

SOMETHING NEW!
PARISTONE
WALL PLASTER.
SOLE AGENT,
ALEX. BREMNER, 50 Bleury St.

OLD LONDON.

HOW IT WILL BE PRESENTED AT THE FOOT OF MOUNT ROYAL.

But for the great fire in the reign of Charles the Second, which laid most of London in ruins, the largest city in the world might to-day have been, architecturally, vastly different from what it is.

The fire, as all the historians admit, was a great benefit, as it directed attention to the wooden houses and narrow streets, which were the causes of the calamitous character of the conflagration and led to the passing of ordinances prohibiting wooden houses in the future and regulating the width of the streets, according to safer and more modern ideas.

Even the width prescribed by Charles the Second was inadequate, and fresh street-making, to meet modern requirements, has gone almost constantly on from the seventeenth century. By this process much of the picturesque has been destroyed, although in the stress of modern life it has been found necessary, in great measure, to confine the picturesque to museums.

What promises to be an extremely interesting feature of the coming exhibition will be the presentment of 'Old London.' This will not go back quite so far as the reign of Charles the Second, but it will be antique enough to permit of the portcullis at London Bridge, streets about twenty feet wide, and Temple Bar decorated with human skulls, with historical accuracy.

The presentment is to be vivid, faithful and ample. There is to be a series of old London shops, in which wares will be sold, precisely as they were sold over one hundred years ago. The street will be sixty feet wide, which will be the only departure from history, necessitated by the exigency of the situation, for a narrow street would never accommodate the crowds, which, it is expected, will be eager to see this bit of the antique, living again in a verisimilitude so perfect as to transport the mind across the abyss of time, and make a dead day seem all color and light and warmth. The architecture will be, in the minutest line, faithful to the past, and a veritable bit of the antique will rub elbows with the truculent Philistinism of the present.

It will take one hundred thousand dollars and six weeks of labor to lay down 'Old London' at the base of Mount Royal. In this space of time the shops, the streets, the notable monuments of the time, will be, in their fidelity to truth, replicas of the originals, in which the chafferings, the gay or sordid or tragic life of a dead age found expression.

The quaint gables, the beetle-browed shops, which threaten to fall over into the narrow street—or, rather, to precipitate themselves upon their neighbors on the opposite side—the busy hum of life on street and in shop, the awe-struck yokel, who comes into the city for the first time, and, looking up at Temple Bar, shudders at the sight which he sees there, and altogether loses heart when a constable taps him on the shoulder, and says: 'Mind how you behave yourself, or this may be your fate;' the old-world air, which is expressed in the costumes, in the character and the flavor of the things offered for sale—all this will be set down in seeming verity at the exhibition.

Mr. Porel D'Agrand, the special agent of Messrs. Herbert Sanders & Co., London, who are setting up this and the Vienna exhibit, which is to consist of a lagoon upon whose margins the classic palaces of history will rise, is now in town, and in conversation with a 'Witness' representative, gave some details of what must prove to be one of the chief sights of the enterprise, for which a special admission fee will be charged.

Some of the largest firms in England will have their wares exposed in the 'Old London' shops — conspicuous amongst which will be the Messrs. Pears, of 'Pears' soap' fame.

Mr. Porel D'Agrand laughs at the idea of impossibility. He has set up 'Old London' too often not to know what he can do. 'Six weeks at the outside is the time he allows himself. 'Srim' is the secret. There is timber, to be sure, but 'scrim' hides the timber, makes beauty, and is nailed up by the block. It is made of plaster and canvas. The canvas gives the plaster firmness. And this 'scrim' can represent scroll work, can express classical relief—can, in short, make a palace in a night, which the most fastidious will call art. Contracts are being entered into for the erection of 'Old London.' The 'scrim' can be made locally during the balance of the winter, and in the spring it will be in readiness to nail over the crude timber. Sanders & Co. have been connected as exhibitors' agents with all the great exhibitions of the world for the past twenty years. They must be supposed to understand their business. They have figured the scheme out, and what with the space sold to the big firms of the Old Country, and the revenue from the admissions, they calculate to come out on the right side. Mr. D'Agrand speaks most enthusiastically of the exhibition, and does not doubt for a moment that 'Old London' will be a wonderfully drawing card.

RETIREMENT OF MR. SPICER.

New York, Feb. 4.—Mr. Spicer is in New York for a few days and, in view of the rumors and conflicting statements that have appeared in print recently he deems it due to himself and courteous to the public to have the facts authoritatively stated. He was officially informed, only last Saturday, that the board had decided to merge the position of general manager of all the Grand Trunk lines into the one office of general manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, in Montreal. Arrangements are now in progress for Mr. Spicer's retirement from the position and duties which he has been charged with for the past twelve years, after a previous very long service as general superintendent of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. In all he has had somewhat more than forty years of continuous connection as a general officer, with practically the same property.

Mr. Spicer feels grateful to and desires to thank most cordially his many friends in and outside of the railway service who, during his long, arduous, official career in this country have, without exception, extended to him the most loyal and friendly support and consideration. He has the inward satisfaction of feeling that he can conscientiously, and, with some degree of pride, feel that he has faithfully, honestly, and fearlessly administered the properties and responsibilities entrusted to him, and that on a retirement from the service financially poor, he is certainly rich in his warm appreciation of the ever-existing kindness of his many friends, new and old.'

Mr. Spicer admitted that he may have something further to say upon the situation, past and present, at a later date. History is, in a measure, prophecy fulfilled and, no doubt, some of his railway friends who remember the past will endorse this later on. He desires to add that he has been always pleasantly associated with Mr. Hays for some years past, and he has nothing but the most cordial good wishes for Mr. Hays's future success in the administration of his new and enlarged responsibilities.

THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.

THE UNEMPLOYED.

Quebec, Feb. 5.—Some time ago as the result of a mass meeting of unemployed workingmen, a deputation waited on the local ministers to solicit work and to point out a number of jobs that could be advantageously done at present that would furnish an opening for the purpose. The ministers promised to give the demand serious consideration and on Monday the same deputation, at their invitation, met them to receive their answer, which was to the effect that they had no funds and that, if they did anything for the relief of Quebec's unemployed, they would have to do so elsewhere also. The distressed workingmen were finally advised to apply for the desired relief to the St. Vincent de Paul Society, which was flourishing in Quebec.

LIQUOR GALORE.

The W. C. T. U. of this city publish the following well-grounded complaint in the local papers: 'A great deal of regret has been caused by the report of several friends of temperance that special licenses had been issued for carnival week. There were on the carnival committee names which inspired us with confidence and so no steps had unfortunately been taken in advance. But on enquiry in the proper quarter we find that at least six licenses for the structures of the ice and snow were issued at the request of the carnival committee. It is true that the same commitee afterwards wrote asking that these licenses be cancelled and no more issued, explaining that they received remonstrances against these licenses. The Premier replied that of course no more would be granted, but that they themselves must take the responsibility of the licenses which at their request had been issued with regret. The question now is are those places licensed or are they not? And then there are other shanties on the ice where trotting courses have been made and liquor is being sold. There is also a general relaxation of any law as to the hour for closing bars at night and opening in the morning, which has led to the statement that an order has been given to allow bars to remain open all night.'

OBITUARY.

New York, Feb. 3.—The Rev. Talbot W. Chambers, one of the oldest ministers of the Collegiate Branch of the Reformed Dutch Church of America, died of pneumonia at his home, 70 West Thirty-ninth street, very suddenly at eleven o'clock to-night.

Bowmanville, Ont., Feb. 4.—Mrs. Sarah Burk, relict of the late Hon. John Simpson, senator, died at her residence, 'Acorn Cottage,' in this town to-night, after a long illness occasioned by a stroke of paralysis, in her sixty-sixth year. She leaves five sons and two daughters to mourn her demise.

GERMAN SUGAR BILL.

Berlin, Feb. 4.—The Bundesrath, by a vote of thirty-six to twenty-one, has passed the Sugar bill.



THE KING IN CHECK.

MINNESOTA'S LAND CLAIM.

AN ONTARIO OFFICIAL INTERVIEWED ON THE SUBJECT.

Toronto, Feb. 4.—Mr. Aubrey White, Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands for Ontario, was interviewed to-night in regard to the claims made by the State of Minnesota, to Hunter's Island in north-western Ontario. 'The boundary between Canada and the United States, west of Lake Superior to Lake of the Woods,' he said, 'is very clearly defined in Article 2 of the Ashburton treaty, which was signed in 1842. With respect to the vicinity of Hunter's Island, the following language may be quoted from the treaty: 'Through the middle of the Sound between Isle Royale and the north-western mainland to the mouth of Pigeon River, and up the said river to and through the north and south Fowl Lakes to the lakes of the height of land between Lake Superior and the Lake of the Woods, thence along the water communication to Lake Saisasginaga and through that lake, thence to and through Cypress Lake, Lac de Bois Blanc, Lac la Croix, Little Vermillion Lake and Lake Namrecan, and through several smaller lakes, straits or streams connecting the lakes here mentioned to that point in Lac la Pluie, or Rainy Lake, to the Chaudiere Falls.'

'Now,' continued Mr. White, 'if any person will take the trouble to look at the map of Ontario or the map of Minnesota, they will see that a line passing through these lakes could not, by any possibility, be held to go north of Hunter's Island, so that there would not seem to be, upon the face of the treaty, a shadow of doubt as to Hunter's Island belonging to Ontario.'

PROPOSED IMMIGRATION CONVENTION.

IT IS TO BE HELD AT WINNIPEG—A LETTER FROM SIR WILLIAM VAN HORNE.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 5.—Sir William Van Horne has written the City Council regarding the proposed immigration convention at Winnipeg. He says: 'I understand that this proposed convention is intended to be in a way supplementary to the immigration convention held in St. Paul some weeks ago. While the officers of this company do not believe that co-operation with any immigration movement in the North-western states will be productive of any good to Manitoba or the Canadian North-West, we are not disposed to let this belief stand in the way of the wishes and opinions of those who are promoting the proposed convention in Winnipeg, and the company will do its share towards the success of such a convention by granting low special rates to delegates attending it.'

BRITISH LIBERAL PROGRAMME.

THE GOVERNMENT TO BE CHALLENGED ON ITS ARMENIAN POLICY.

London, Feb. 4.—The 'Chronicle' (Liberal) apparently inspired from a high Liberal quarter will to-morrow say that it is the intention of the Liberals, at the earliest possible moment after the re-assembling of parliament, to vigorously challenge the government on its policy towards the Armenians. The paper adds that this course is likely to elicit very unexpected revelations regarding the action of previous ministries.

The 'Chronicle' will further say it believes that instead of offering an amendment relative to the Armenian dispute to the address in reply to the Queen's speech, the Opposition will move immediately after the debate on the address the adjournment of the House of Commons, in order to fully discuss the Venezuelan matter, and that probably a motion in favor of arbitrating the dispute will be submitted.

KNOX COLLEGE PROFESSORSHIPS.

Toronto, Ont., Feb. 4.—Toronto Presbytery to-day made the following nominations for the vacant chairs in Knox College:—For the chair of Old Testament literature and exegesis, and introduction and biblical theology three gentlemen were nominated: The Rev. G. L. Robinson, Ph. D.; the Rev. Hope W. Hogg, M.A., B.D., and the Rev. D. M. Ramsay, B.A., B.D. The balloting resulted in the Rev. Dr. Robinson being chosen who accordingly will be recommended to the assembly as the choice of the presbytery. For the chair of apologetics and church history the following were nominated:—The Rev. John Somerville, D.D., the Rev. Alfred Gandier, M.D., B.D., the Rev. Louis H. Jordan, B.D., and the Rev. Hope W. Hogg, M.A., B.D. The balloting resulted in the Rev. Dr. Hogg being chosen.

The Rev. Dr. Robinson is a graduate of Princeton University and lives in the United States. He is a Syriac and Sanscrit scholar and an all-round scholar. He is thirty-one years of age. The Rev. Dr. Hope W. Hogg is also a deeply-versed Oriental scholar, and after graduating at Edinburgh University spent six years in the missionary college in Egypt. He is now living in Scotland.

TORONTO W. C. T. U.

Toronto, Feb. 4.—The Toronto W. C. T. U. is stimulating in every possible way the scientific teaching of temperance in the public schools, while the Canadian Temperance League is supplementing this by offering a gold medal to the most successful student as shown by an original essay on the effects of alcohol. The W. C. T. U. in the foregoing connection held a reception to teachers at the headquarters of the union at which addresses were made by Mrs. Rutherford, Dominion president; Mr. J. S. Hughes, public school inspector, and others, and a musical programme was rendered. The W. C. T. U. will conduct a model parliament at the Pavilion on Feb. 8.

SAMSON, KENNEDY & CO.

Toronto, Feb. 4.—Another dividend of five percent is being paid this week on the Samson, Kennedy & Co. estate. The creditors have now received thirty cents on the dollar, and will probably before long get another small dividend. An important asset of the insolvent firm, on which nothing has been realized yet, is a block of land—about 8,000 acres—in Manitoba, but owing to the depression in real estate values in the west just now, no effort will be made to sell this property at present. The report of the inspectors on the removal of eighty-two cases of goods from the warehouse of the firm, just before the assignment, will be made this week, and forwarded to several Montreal creditors, who are, it is said, not satisfied about the matter.

S. A. AND PROHIBITION.

Toronto, Feb. 4.—The third annual union prohibition meeting in the Pavilion of the Salvation Army and the Canadian Temperance League attracted about two thousand persons. The speakers were the Rev. Dr. Dewart, for the Canadian Temperance League, and Brigadier Jacobs and Staff-Captain McMillan, of the Salvation Army. A musical programme was rendered by Mr. J. H. Wilson. Miss Agnes Forbes, Miss Lavden and Miss Fisher rendered selection. Mr. Robert Roe, son of the eminent secretary of the National Temperance League of Great Britain, has accepted the secretaryship of the league. Mr. Roe is editor of the 'Baptist Record,' and has been prominent in Royal Templar circles.

THE HARBOR BOARD.

At the weekly meeting of the Harbor Commissioners yesterday several sheets of charts of the St. Lawrence river ship channel were received from the Department of Public Works. These sheets, together with those previously received, show the channel as far as the western boundary of the harbor of Quebec.

J. B. Brosseau was awarded the privilege of placing scales on the wharf for next season.

Communications from the Butter and Cheese Association and Messrs. Elder, Dempster & Co., were read. The latter complain that their berth is too far away from the shipping centre and that butter and cheese is damaged while being hauled to their vessels.

The committee on pilots, buoys and beacons reported that a number of shipping men had reported in answer to the 'tour de role' pilots, that the river pilotage rates were harmful to the port as they were so excessive. Further legislation would be necessary on this subject, however.

Several lines are considering the suggestion that each should take an additional pilot; if they decide on this it will increase the selected pilots to forty-five, leaving ten for the 'tour de role.'

It was thought best not to repeal by-law 126. The committee did not think it necessary to have the pilots represented on the Harbor Board.

THE ORANGE ASSOCIATION.

The annual county meeting of the Orange Association of British North America was held last evening, in the Ottawa Buildings, County Master, Bro. Gilday presided, and there were present about two hundred members, representing the following lodges: Boyne, Derry, Dominion, N. Clark Wallace, Duke of York, Lorne, Diamond, Prince of Wales, Mount Joy, Victoria, and Hackett. After the several committees had duly been appointed, they reported to the ledge that the county ledge was in a prosperous condition, both financially and otherwise. The election of officers then took place, and resulted as follows: County Master—Andrew Dunwoodie; deputy master—Edmund T. Perry; chaplain—James Kelly; recording secretary—A. G. Ellis; financial secretary—Chas. Baddeley; treasurer—Thomas S. Gardiner; D. of C.—Alex. Ennis; lecturer—James Pink; proxy to the Grand Lodge—John Cox, sr. The reports presented showed an increase in the membership of the city alone, for the year, of about two hundred.

TWO HORSES DROWNED.

Two valuable horses were drowned last Sunday while crossing on the ice between the city and Laprairie. The sleigh to which they were attached had two bobs on it and the front one went through with the horses, while the other one remained fastened in the ice. The driver had a narrow escape from going through also.

LORANGER—BEAUDRY.

The marriage of Mr. Joseph Thomas Loranger, medical student, son of the late Judge T. J. J. Loranger, and Miss Marie Louise Lucie, daughter of Mr. L. J. Dezery Beaudry, was celebrated on Monday.

ON ACCOUNT OF THE WAR TALK.

Dr. Rossiter W. Raymond, one of the best known mining engineers of the United States, and who is noted as a writer and speaker, has sent an interesting letter to Mr. J. Bell, the secretary of the Quebec Mining Association, in which he points out, in answer to the invitation of the Ontario Mining Association, which desired that the annual meeting of the American Institute of Mining Engineers should be held this year in Toronto, that he thinks such meeting inadvisable, owing to the feeling which has been excited over the Venezuelan question. He deprecates strongly the language of the president; deprecates the Jingo feeling to which it gave rise, and sincerely hopes that all danger of war is over; but the incident itself is not closed, and owing to the uncertainty in regard to it, he thinks it would be inopportune to hold the meeting in Canada.

THE REV. JOSEPH COOK ILL.

Rochester, N.Y., Feb. 4.—The Rev. Jos. Cook, the famous Boston Congregationalist, who recently returned from Australia and Japan, is at the Sanitarium, Clifton Springs, suffering from an acute form of nervous prostration. He is nearly blind owing to a weakness of the optic nerve. He will be taken to his cottage at Lake George early in the spring, where it is hoped he will recover.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

QUEBEC ELECTIONS.

Quebec, Feb. 5.—It is rumored here that if the Roman Catholic bishops of this province unite in condemning Mr. Laurier and the Liberals for their policy on the Manitoba school question, the Taillon Government will immediately dissolve and bring on the provincial at the same time as the Federal, general elections.

BEAUPORT ASYLUM FIRE.

The Loss Now Said to be [illegible] Neighborhood of $[illegible].

Quebec, Feb. 5.—[illegible] be added to the report[illegible] ative to the fire at [illegible] yesterday, which was [illegible] control until well [illegible] the afternoon. [illegible] still a mystery. [illegible] ed, it started in [illegible] the attics under the [illegible] which had been [illegible] previously by [illegible] rounds. There [illegible] is impossible to [illegible] until a proper [illegible] held) to the [illegible] cape of gas [illegible] which some fifty [illegible] time and that [illegible] one of them put [illegible] when an explosion [illegible] fire to the [illegible] unfortunate inmates [illegible] ing a parade through [illegible] ing. It may be said [illegible] reliance is placed in [illegible] is, moreover, absolutely [illegible] lum authorities, who are [illegible] able to account for the [illegible] but say that it was first [illegible] of the employees of the [illegible] happened to be passing [illegible] grounds in rear of the [illegible] immediately gave the alarm [illegible] the fire staff of the Asylum [illegible] cope with it, but there was [illegible] blowing at the time, which [illegible] fire to spread so rapidly that [illegible] summon to their assistance [illegible] of the adjoining municipality [illegible] and shortly afterwards a request [illegible] also made by the Provincial [illegible] Mr. Pelletier, upon the Mayor [illegible] for the services of the city [illegible] and its appliances which were [illegible] rendered. There was a good [illegible] water at hand in the Asylum waterworks, and, with its aid, the [illegible] and the large crowd of people [illegible] promptly flocked to the scene [illegible] city, and surrounding villages, [illegible] work with a will and fought [illegible] gallantly inch by inch until after [illegible] the afternoon, when the fire [illegible] ly regarded as completely [illegible] and all danger passed. [illegible] three o'clock the flames [illegible] and, as already [illegible] four before the [illegible] pressed. In the meantime [illegible] the dome had been [illegible] fallen in and cost of the [illegible] story had been gutted [illegible] badly damaged by the water [illegible] the latter agency seems to have [illegible] more damage in the building [illegible] fire.

The total loss will probably [illegible] $30,000 and over, which is fully [illegible] by insurance. The total amount [illegible] written on the buildings and furniture [illegible] the Asylum is said to be $380,000. Of [illegible] $101,000 was on the men's building and [illegible] contents. Upon the portion burnt [illegible] said to amount to $32,000, but most [illegible] contents were saved. The total [illegible] ance on the Asylum is distributed [illegible] the twenty-six companies doing [illegible] at Quebec.

There were 530 patients in the [illegible] all told, at the time of the fire. [illegible] the nuns and guards in charge, and [illegible] a work of no small difficulty to [illegible] removed to places of security. [illegible] tionably, had the fire occurred during [illegible] night time, there would have been [illegible] rible human holocaust. Fortunately [illegible] did not and there is no loss of life [illegible] suality of any kind to deplore.

Too much praise cannot be given [illegible] nuns and other authorities in charge [illegible] the institution for the devoted [illegible] in which they applied themselves [illegible] the fears of the panic-stricken [illegible] and to remove them to places [illegible] rity. Many of these had gained [illegible] windows of the lower stories [illegible] ing building and were waving [illegible] and gesticulating for help [illegible] not without considerable [illegible] culty, arising from the [illegible] and the passive resistance of others, [illegible] the work was at length successfully [illegible] fected. Indeed, many of [illegible] had literally to be carried [illegible] blinding and choking smoke [illegible] pervaded the whole building [illegible] length all were placed in safety [illegible] two untouched wings of the building [illegible] separated from the main structure [illegible] fireproof walls and doors, while [illegible] large number of them were subsequently [illegible] transferred to the women's building [illegible] another part of the ground.

Arrangements were temporarily made [illegible] enabling the patients to pass the night [illegible] comfortably. The work of repairing [illegible] ages will be immediately proceeded with.

THE DAILY WITNESS is printed and published at the 'Witness' Building, at the corner of Craig and St. Peter streets, in the city of Montreal, by John Redpath Dougall, of Montreal.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Dougall & Son,' and all letters for the Editor should be addressed 'Editor of the "Witness."'