

Hotels. THE Grand Union Hotel. SARATOGA SPRINGS, NEW YORK. The largest and most elegantly furnished. SUMMER HOUSE IN THE WORLD. Contains all the Modern Improvements. SANITARY CONDITIONS PERFECT. Surrounds a Magnificent Park of 7 Acres. Old Elms, Flowers and Fountains. Special Rates for Families during June and July. HENRY CLARK, Lessee, 317 1/2 St. James.

Hotels. United States Hotel, Saratoga Springs, N. Y. The finest Summer House in the United States. Pleasantly located, and containing all modern improvements. TOMPKINS, GAGE & CO., Proprietors, 1A 153. June 27. CONGRESS HALL, SARATOGA SPRINGS. OPEN FROM JUNE 13 TO OCTOBER 1. Rates June and September, \$3 per day; July and August, \$5.50 and \$4.00. CLEMENT & COX, Proprietors. H. S. Clement, Manager, 357 151.

Hotels. Murray Hill Hotel, NEW YORK. The largest and finest constructed hotel in the city, on Park Avenue, one block from Grand Central Depot. (ON AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.) 60 rooms, elegantly furnished and decorated. The ventilation, drainage and sanitary arrangements generally, are the most perfect that human ingenuity and skill can devise. 6 stairways and 3 elevators. No charge for conveying baggage from or to the Grand Central Depot. HUNTING & HAMMOND, Proprietors. June 15, 17 1/2.

Hotels. Albemarle Hotel, MADISON SQUARE, NEW YORK. Most charmingly situated at the junction of Broadway, Fifth Avenue and 24th St. facing Madison Square. Conducted on the European Plan. JANVIN & WALTER, Proprietors, 17 St. 147.

Hotels. HOTEL BRUNSWICK, BOSTON. The Brunswick is the finest hotel structure in New England. Fireproof; modern in all its appointments; elegantly furnished; kept on the American plan. Locality unsurpassed; near Museum of Fine Arts, Trinity, New Old South, and convenient to other churches and Public Garden. Barnest-street cars pass the hotel. BARNES & DUNKLEE, Proprietors, 6m 143.

Hotels. THE RUSSELL, OTTAWA. The Palace Hotel of Canada. This magnificent new Hotel, fitted up in the most modern style, is now open. The Russell contains accommodations for over FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS, with passage and baggage elevators, and commands a splendid view of the city, Parliamentary grounds, river and canal. Visitors to the Capital having business with the Government find it most convenient to stop at the Russell, where they can always meet leading public men. The entire Hotel is supplied with escapes, and in case of fire there would not be any confusion or danger. Every attention paid to guests. GOUIN & CO., Proprietors, 81.

Hotels. BRITISH AMERICAN HOTEL, KINGSTON, ONT. This old-established and favorite establishment is again OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS. It has been remodelled and newly furnished. Bath-rooms in every floor. The Outside is under the direction of an A. I. Cook. Home comforts and everything to make the Boarder or Traveller happy are contained. Rates most moderate and concessions to Commercial Travellers and Boarders. Seventy Bedrooms. ARCH. McFAUL, Proprietor, 239. October 6. GLASGOW, Scotland. PHILPS COCKBURN HOTEL, 141 BATH STREET. First-Class, Quietly and Centrally Situated. Moderate Charges. Turkish Baths. THE MONTREAL HERALD is on file at this Hotel, July 31. 70 81.

Hotels. ST. LOUIS HOTEL, QUEBEC. This hotel, which is unrivalled for size, style, and locality in Quebec, has just been completely transformed and modernized throughout, being refitted with new system of drainage and ventilation, passenger elevators, Electric bells and lights, &c. In fact, all that modern ingenuity and practical science can devise to promote the comfort and convenience of guests has been supplied. WILLIS RUSSELL, President. CHATEAU SAINT LOUIS HOTEL CO., Proprietors, 138. June 23. 1885. SEA BATHING! 1885. SAGUENAY. TADOUSAC HOTEL, SEA VIEW. CHATELAIN, P. Z. I. REVERE HOUSE. Mrs. McVey, Proprietress. First-Class Commercial and Private Hotel. Good Sample Rooms, convenient to Railway and Steamboats.

Hotels. TADOUSAC HOTEL, SEA VIEW. CHATELAIN, P. Z. I. REVERE HOUSE. Mrs. McVey, Proprietress. First-Class Commercial and Private Hotel. Good Sample Rooms, convenient to Railway and Steamboats. Miscellaneous. Wall Paper Factory. COLIN McARTHUR & CO. Are preparing a very fine variety of SAMPLES FOR 1885-6. WILL BE OUT 1st JULY. The Trade are requested to reserve their orders till Travellers call. Factory: 1 to 21 Voltigeurs Street, Corner Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL. May 25. BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY. \$1,000 to \$10,000. Business men with capital can secure an annual income of from \$2,000 to \$10,000 as managers of exclusive city or State agencies, upon either salary or percentage. Over 20 thriving agencies already established. THE N. MANUFACTURING CO. 21 East 14th St., New York. M. TRESTER, Formerly of Montreal. HAMBURG, (Germany.) General Commission Merchant, Ship Broker, Consignee. Consignments of Canadian Products and orders for German and French Goods solicited. 3w 1e 19.

Hotels. SHOTT'S PIG IRON. Consignments Just to Hand. FOR SALE BY ROBT. N. C. CONNALL, 13 Chesterfield Chambers, MONTREAL. SOLE AGENT FOR THE DOMINION Montreal, May 14. 717 116.

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NORTH-WEST NEWS. Death of Colonel Williams of Brain Fever. Big Bear and Several of His Braves Captured. FROM WINNIPEG. WINNIPEG, July 5.—A despatch from Battleford announces the embarkation of the troops this morning for home. The sad intelligence is also conveyed of the death of Colonel Williams, of the Midland Battalion, of brain fever. A metallic coffin is being forwarded from Winnipeg for the remains, which are being taken overland via Swift Current. The news has cast a gloom over the entire force. The deceased was the hero of the celebrated bayonet charge that decided the battle of Batoche. News has also been received of the death of a member of "A" Battery, at Battleford, through the accidental discharge of a rifle. The funeral of Privates Wheeler and Ennis took place here to-day at St. John Cemetery. The body of Private Hutchinson, also of the 90th Battalion, was forwarded last night to St. Thomas, Ont., for burial. The troops now en route from Battleford are expected to reach Winnipeg next Saturday. There is a rumor this evening of the confirmation of the reported capture of Big Bear, but the report cannot be traced to any reliable source. WINNIPEG, July 5.—Owing to a dispute of the amount of the liabilities of the Times Company, the Burrows syndicate has withdrawn from the purchase of the daily and weekly Times and purchased the daily and weekly Sun only. The Sun ceased publication yesterday. Its place will be taken to-morrow by the daily Manitoban in the Conservative interest. Big Bear was captured Friday morning near Carlton by Sergeant Smart, of the Mounted Police. His son and one of his counselors were taken at the same time. Big Bear said his band were on their way to Fort Carlton to surrender. They had passed Oter's and Irvine's forces on the way. Seven more of the band were captured by the surveyor scouts, and Irvine has taken seventeen. The remainder are surrendering to the Indian agents, and giving up their arms. One of the Frog Lake murderers was among those captured by the scouts. FROM CLARKE'S CROSSING. CLARKE'S CROSSING, N.W.T., July 4.—The Seventh Fusiliers of London have received their marching orders and leave for home via Moose Jaw about Tuesday, or as soon as the transport arrives.

UNITED STATES TELEGRAMS. No Compromise Yet Effected with the Chicago Striking Car Men. General Uncertainty as to the Outcome Prevailing. The Stars and Stripes Disgraced by the Mormons in Salt Lake City. They Hang the National Emblem at Half Mast and Spend the Day in Mourning. The Troubles in Chicago. CHICAGO, July 4.—Everything is quiet in the West division this afternoon. No attempt has been made to run the cars, and there are comparatively few people on Madison street, the scene of yesterday's disorder. A few of the strikers are lounging around in the neighborhood of the company's stables, apparently on guard. The report circulated last night that a man had died from the effects of the clubbing he had received from one of the policemen turns out to be untrue. In addition to the street car men's strike there has been considerable trouble on the lumber docks here, caused by the lumbermen attempting to unload lumber with their own gangs of men instead of employing members of the Shore's Union. In several cases barges have remained unloaded for several days because the lumbermen would not employ the Union men, and the latter would not permit them or any one else to unload them. A \$100,000 Blaze. NEW YORK, July 4.—The building No. 63 Broadway, where are situated the office of the Baltimore & Ohio Express and telegraph offices, was gutted by fire to-night. The loss foots up to about \$100,000 and is distributed as follows:—B. & O. Telegraph and Express Companies, \$65,000; Harmony Nephews & Co., commission merchants, owners of building and tenants of second floor, \$25,000; other tenants and janitor, \$10,000. It started in the basement and climbed through an air shaft to the top of the building. While the firemen were fighting the fire, a broken glass in the skylight fell on the troop of firemen and several of them were badly cut. Twenty telegraph operators, who were at work on the upper floors, and the janitor's family, saved themselves by hasty flight. The Stars and Stripes Disgraced. SALT LAKE, Utah, July 4.—When the sun rose this morning the national flag hung at half-mast on the City Hall, County Court-house, News office, Mormon Tabernacle, Church street, titling office, John Taylor's residence, the Cero Gordo House the Mormon Church offices and the Salt Lake Theatre. No one could be found to explain the reason. About noon a committee went to the City Hall to find out cause, and City Marshal Phillips said it was the result of his personal whim. The Committee demanded that the flag be raised to full mast, which demand was met with a denial. The Mayor, Capt. Evans started out to raise it himself, but the door was shut and locked by the police before he reached it. All present, including some dozen police officers, made a rush for Evans. Quiet was finally restored, and the city officials said the fourth of July was a day of mourning to them and "this people," whose best men were in the penitentiary. The Mayor, by Federal official permission of all the principles of law and liberty, and intimated that any man who undertook to disturb the flag at half-mast would be shot. In a consultation with United States Marshal Ireland, the city clerk agreed either to raise it to full mast or take it down within thirty minutes, while in the meantime Constable Crow had mustered a small crowd to "clean the mob out." In less than thirty minutes the flag was run down amid the sneers and jeers of the city officials. The Grand Army of the Republic post, which was celebrating near the city, were informed of the difficulty and came in to raise the flags to their proper places and met a crowd of citizens at the Walter House. The crowd wanted to go on, and by force put the flags where they belonged, but the counsel of Governor Murray prevailed. Finally a committee of five was sent to demand of the Mayor that it should be done, and in a few minutes the flag at the City Hall was run up to the mast-head. The Citizens' Committee made the same demand on the sheriff, and he ordered the flag at the County Court-house from half to full mast. The others hung out in defiance until sundown at half-mast. All who are immediately responsible for this piece of business dispute knowing anything about it, but it has leaked out that an order to this insult the nation at large and the Government of Utah came directly from the head of the Church.

THE CHOLERA IN SPAIN. NEW YORK, July 5.—The Herald's Madrid correspondent who has been visiting the cholera-stricken city of Murcia says:—"Thirty thousand persons have fled from the place since the epidemic broke out; its streets are deserted; eighty per cent. of its stores are closed and hardly a house remains in which a cholera case has not occurred. The yellow-covered stretcher, on which the cholera-stricken sick and dead are carried through the streets, is one of the commonest sights. Deaths have become so frequent that the tolling of the church bells usual there on such events, has been forbidden. Beginning on June 5th, the cholera has since then attacked 3,315 persons, and of these, 1,360 bodies have been already buried. Including the full normal population of nearly 100,000 people, one person in each thirty has already had the cholera, and one person in each seventy-five of the population has been buried within three weeks. Under the most favorable conditions one thousand more deaths are expected by the physicians before the fall.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 4.—There was a large attendance at the banquet of the Senators and Members of Parliament dining at the Kermesse. The facts in connection with the robbery at the Geological Museum last night are as follows:—In one of the cases containing models, etc., was an immense large nugget, labelled "Australian gold, value \$15,000." This has formed one of the chief attractions in the eyes of the crowds who visited the Museum on Dominion Day. This morning it was discovered that the nugget was missing, the locks had been carefully cut out of the work and access to the precious contents of the case gained thereby. It now turns out the enterprising burglar had his labor for his pains, as the supposed nugget was merely a junk of plaster Paris neatly glued over, and was got up as a fac-simile of the celebrated nugget found some years ago in Australia.

LONDON. The Assignee of the Fawcett Estate Decides Not to Pay Dividends. Death of an Old Resident. LONDON, Ont., July 4.—Sarah Wilkie, aged 23, was brought here yesterday from Chicago by her brother-in-law. She is hopelessly insane, her malady being caused by religious excitement during her attendance at the Salvation Army. She was formerly employed at the asylum here. The Police Magistrate remanded her to jail, where she will have to remain until there is a vacancy at the asylum. Mrs. Ann Dooley, formerly of Mount Mellick, Ireland, died at the Mount Hope Orphanage yesterday at the age of 104 years. The assignee of the Fawcett estate has decided not to pay any dividend until a suit brought by a creditor has been decided. The action is brought to compel the banks to give credit for all payments made to them before claiming to rank in the estate for a dividend. On their recent visit to Calgary, in the North-West, Mr. W. R. Meredith and wife were presented with an address of welcome by the Conservatives. —Hobart Pacha, says the London World, was struck off the navy list, thereby losing flag rank, because during the Russo-Turkish war he refused to retire from the Sultan's naval service, is about to be reinstated, only the final approval of Her Majesty in Council being wanting. Hobart Pacha is not, however, by any means the first victim to Admiralty favor, similar experiences having befallen the late Earl of Dunderdonald, Sir Charles Napier and Sir George Saunderson. Hobart Pacha will be heartily welcomed by all naval officers.

THE 4TH IN ENGLAND. Eminent Americans and Illustrious Englishmen Join in Doing Honor to the Heroes of '76. They Unite in Expressions of Good Will to President Cleveland. Who Heartily Thanks Them for Their Observance of the Day. LONDON, July 4.—Cyrus W. Field entertained Mr. Phelps, the American Minister, at dinner this evening at Buckingham Palace Hotel. The other guests included Senator Edmunds, Consul-General Waller, the more prominent members of the American colony in London, the Duke of Argyll, Lords Houghton and North, John Bright, and a large number of noted Englishmen. Mr. Field sent the following telegram to President Cleveland: LONDON, July 3. To His Excellency the President of the United States, Washington, D.C.: A party of American citizens and of English friends of the United States have assembled at my table to celebrate the Declaration of American Independence and to meet Mr. Phelps, the American Minister, at dinner. We have just drunk your health and wish you a long, happy and prosperous life and successful administration of your high office. Beside Mr. Phelps, Senator Edmunds and Mr. Waller, the American Consul-General, by honored guests include the Duke of Argyll, Lord North, the grandson of the Premier of England during the revolutionary years, Lord Houghton, John Bright, M.P., right Hon. W. E. Forster, M.P., Mr. W. H. Stanley, the African explorer, Sir Foxwell Buxton, Sir D. Gooch, M.P., Sir George Elliott, M.P., Prof. Sir W. Thomson, Sir James Anderson, Mr. T. B. Potter, M.P., Dr. Farrar, Archdeacon of Westminster, Mr. Howard Potter, Dr. Russell Reynolds and Messrs. Pollard, Burt, Fowler, Hoppin, White, Smalley, Wells, Weaver, Chesson, Earle, Ford, Priest and McLean. On this memorable anniversary we all return a heartfelt thanks to the Almighty God for the blessings he has vouchsafed to the American Government and people. (Signed) CYRUS W. FIELD. When the viands had been disposed of Mr. Field addressed his guests. He proposed the health of President Cleveland, and coupled with the toast the names of Mr. Phelps and the Duke of Argyll. Mr. Phelps replied appropriately. The Duke of Argyll also made a felicitous response. Mr. Bright said that the day of the Declaration of Independence was a day of grief and humility to multitudes in England. On the other hand, it was a day of exultation and joy to multitudes on the other side of the ocean. Now, however, they met together and rejoiced that despite those events the greatness and grandness of England had not diminished. While he was bound to admit that the new nation had sprung into existence, had forced itself in its vastness and power upon a wondering world. He expressed a hope that America would be free from a labor point of view as well as from a political aspect, and that in that respect it would emulate the example of Great Britain. Mr. Field read a telegram from President Cleveland thanking him for the sentiment expressed in his cablegram, in the following words: EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 4. To Cyrus W. Field, London: I received, with heartfelt gratitude, the kind sentiments expressed by you and your assembled guests. I am exceedingly pleased to know that the hearts of citizens now in your company turn home with patriotic warmth while they celebrate the anniversary of America's independence, and that, as they return thanks for all that God has done for us, they are joined by kind friends, who, though illustrating the greatness of another nation, can heartily rejoice in the success and prosperity of our Government and people. (Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND.

Remember to-night the Crystal Palace Opera House opens with "Maitha." WEATHER REPORT. MONTREAL, July 4, 1885. Temperature in the shade by Standard Thermometer, observed by Hearn & Harrison, opticians and mathematical instrument makers, 1640 and 1642 Notre Dame street: 8 A.M. 1 P.M. 6 P.M. 64° 69° 72° MAX. MIN. MEAN. 73° 59° 66° [By Standard Barometer.] 8 A.M. 1 P.M. 6 P.M. 29.97 29.97 29.97 Meteorological Office, 1 a. m. Toronto, Ont., July 6, 1885. An area of depression is to-night situated over Minnesota and Wisconsin, and the pressure is higher over the Eastern portion of the Continent. The weather has been generally fine and warm from the lakes to the Atlantic, and cooler and showery in the North-West territories. Probabilities. Lakes—Moderate to fresh southeast and southwest winds, fair warm weather, with local showers or thunderstorms at night. St. Lawrence, Gulf and Maritime Provinces—Moderate winds, fine warm weather. A Cure For Parsimony. Rattlesnake oil is worth \$4 an ounce, but when he meets with a big, active and aggressive rattler in some quiet place where he can neither grab a club or use a gun, he isn't apt to be very particular about the money he is losing if the snake will only leave him alone and start for another township. —[Fall River Advance.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE. LACROSSE. RAIL, RAIL, CANAD. ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 4.—The lacrosse game here to-day was won by the Kingstons of Kingston, Canada; Kingstons 3, Rochester 2. A very interesting game of lacrosse was played in Collingwood on Dominion Day between the Albions, of Toronto, and the Seniors, of Collingwood, which resulted in a draw, the home team securing the first and third, and the Albions the second game. Time—first, two hours and a half; second, half hour; third, two hours. The following team represented the Young Canadians in the tournament held at Markham on 1st July.—Paterson, E. Chandler, J. Watts, Austin, Washburne, Dickson, Simpson, Drury, Maguire, Ayre, W. Chandler and Laughlin. They won the cup offered to juniors by beating Uxbridge, Stouffville, and Young Canadians, of Richmond Hill (second twelve). The Shamrocks got back from Boston yesterday morning, but they had no game that they had a splendid time, being received in a most hospitable manner by their American cousins. The lacrosse match in which they met the picked New England team constituted one of the chief attractions of the Fourth of July celebration. It was played on the Common and witnessed by thousands of spectators. The boys say that their American brethren showed some good individual playing but were lacking in the science and practice of team playing. As it was the Shamrocks played all around their opponents, working the passing dodge on their loose playing with success. The match resulted in a victory for the Shamrocks by eleven games to one. The Montrealers also returned to town yesterday from St. Albans, where they played an exhibition game in the Fourth of July celebration with the Caughnawaga Indians. The match excited the greatest interest, and was witnessed by large numbers of spectators. The Montrealers beat the Indians by three straight games. No. 8. Harry Bellhouse, the sprint runner, has returned from Philadelphia. He has expressed a desire to meet P. M. Dufy, of Ottawa, in a handicap race. Trotting. PHALAS WINS THE \$15,000 RACE WITH MAXEY COBB. CLEVELAND, O., July 4.—Phallas won the \$15,000 race with Maxey Cobb to-day in three straight heats. Cobb never showed his nose in front during the entire race. The time was as follows: 2:14, 2:14, 2:20. Fourteen thousand persons were on the track and the weather could not have been better. John Murphy drove Phallas, Cobb and Ed. Berther sat behind Maxey. The pools started even, but for the first heat, Maxey was at \$60 to Cobb's \$40 and \$5. Four attempts were made to start. At the beginning Maxey Cobb had the pole, but when the word was given he was three quarters of a length to the rear. After the quarter post was passed Phallas was two lengths ahead. Murphy tried to trip, but no good. The quarters were made as follows: 35.1, 03.4, 1:41, 2:14. The second heat was more evenly contested, but yet not very interesting. The quarters were, 33.1, 06.1, 1:40.2, 2:13. The time of the third heat was 35.1, 1:14, 1:45, 2:20. Some time ago Nathan Strauss, the owner of Majestic, challenged the winner of to-day's race for a trial of mettle at Fleetwood Park, N.Y. Today Strauss said he was inclined to give up the forfeit. Phallas will stay here, but Cobb will be returned to New York next week. Acoustic. HANLAN DEFEATS LEE. WATERTOWN, N. Y., July 4.—The weather at Sylvia Lake was unusually fine to-day, and a great crowd was in attendance at the boat race between Hanlan and Lee. Both men were in fine condition. The race was three miles. Hanlan won by about 1 1/2 lengths in 21 1/2 minutes. Some time ago Nathan Strauss, the owner of Majestic, challenged the winner of to-day's race for a trial of mettle at Fleetwood Park, N.Y. Today Strauss said he was inclined to give up the forfeit. Phallas will stay here, but Cobb will be returned to New York next week. Boat Races at Lacine. On Saturday afternoon the races of the Lacine Boating Club were held at that place. The club have purchased two lapstreak outrigger skiffs, with roller sliding seats and patent steering gear. The crews only had about two weeks' practice, and under the circumstances acquitted themselves well. FIRST HEAT. Blue. White. J. H. Bisset, bow W. Robertson, bow P. Barry, stroke S. E. Howard, stroke C. H. Gwilt, stroke F. W. Stewart, stroke D. Robertson, stroke G. Auld, stroke A. Dams, stroke The crew in white had the inside course and won after a hard pull. SECOND HEAT. White. Blue. T. Stewart, bow J. H. Stewart, bow G. E. Wright, stroke J. H. Stewart, bow W. Shearwood, stroke H. Shaw, stroke E. Hanna, stroke The white crew again secured the inside track, but were beaten. The third heat was between a crew composed of Messrs. J. A. Lowe, bow; L. Macdonald, S. Timmings and J. E. Mook, stroke, and the winners of the second heat. This race was the closest of the lot, the Hanna men barely winning. Messrs. Hanna and Robertson rowed the fourth heat, the race going to Mr. Robertson by a nose after a hard struggle. Football. A novelty in football was witnessed in Toronto on Friday evening, when a large crowd assembled on the Jarvis street grounds to see the match between the Toronto Football Club and a picked team from Berlin and Frank, the match being played by electric light. The match was under the Association rules, and in the first half the Berlin-Galt team had the advantage, their forwards forcing the play well on the Toronto goals. The Toronto defence, however, maintained a stubborn front, and met the vigorous attack like Trojans, and when half time was called neither side had scored. As soon as the second half was started the Berlin-Galt forwards made another rush for the Toronto goal, and for a few minutes a most interesting struggle continued in front of the taps. Finally a side kick was made on the goal, which proved successful. Play was resumed, and during the rest of the half-time a stubborn game was maintained. At last when time was called no other goal had been secured, and the scores was secured to the Berlin-Galt team. Cricket. The Montreal Cricket Club will no doubt have their hands full in their match on the 18th inst., when they play the redoubtable Longwood Club of Boston. The team which is coming to Montreal is from all accounts an exceptionally strong one and will be made up of Chambers, a professional from Hingham, a safe and brilliant bat and fine bowler; Jones, a fair fielder and good bat; Brown, a steady bat and slow bowler; Bixby, an excellent fielder and good all-round player; Jones, a fair fielder and good bat; Curtis, a fair average player; Ayler, a first-rate fielder and safe bat; Morkeo, a change bowler; Hubbard, good with the willow and alert and quick in the field, try a sharp fielder; Dutton, who plays well at slip, Mansfield, an excellent wicket keeper, Bower, Wright, good in any position, and last but not least, George Wright, who is described as an excellent all-round player, good bowler and steady bat. Taken on a whole they are very formidable opponents indeed and the Montrealers have their work cut out for them.

Swimming. The annual meeting of the Montreal Swimming Club takes place this evening in the Mechanics' Institute. Aquatic. The Pointe Claire Boating Club will hold a boat meet, have a display of fireworks, and illumination of the club house on Wednesday evening. The success of the meet held last season is a guarantee that the event will be a most enjoyable one if the weather proves favorable. All who have boats are cordially invited to attend. Meet at the Club House at 8 o'clock. THE FINANCE COMMISSIONERS. Their Meeting on Saturday—\$1,200 grant toward reception for the returning volunteers.—The Abattoir Question. At the meeting of the Finance Committee held on Saturday afternoon there were present, Aid. Grenier (chairman), Fairbairn, Farrell, Rolland, Genereux, Laurent and Money. After the opening of the meeting Lt.-Cols. Harwood and Crawford appeared before the Committee for the purpose of ascertaining if the Committee would recommend a grant to be given by the council to provide for the reception of the returning volunteers. They laid the fact before the Committee that the other cities in the Dominion were already making great preparations to receive the volunteers in an appropriate manner, and pointed out that Montreal was the city of the greatest importance in the Dominion it would not do for her to be behind her sister cities. Besides, the way in which the Montreal volunteers had discharged their duty in the North-West was deserving of recognition from the city. After the deputation had withdrawn, Alderman Grenier, in the course of a few remarks, said that Montreal had every reason to be proud of the actions of the volunteers in the North-West, and showed how her appreciation of them by a public reception. It would move that a report be made to Council asking for a grant of \$1,000 to be devoted to this purpose. He also thought that the Corporation should be represented on the Reception Committee, and it was resolved, on aye motion, that a delegation composed of the Mayor, Aldermen Grenier, Laurent, Stevenson and Farrell be named to act in conjunction with the militia officers. Alderman McCony thought that the sum of \$1,000 would not be sufficient to provide a proper reception. There might be sure that the other cities would watch the action of the Corporation of Montreal and try to outvie her in their efforts if possible. It would be derogatory to the position of Montreal if such a chance was afforded. He thought that some addition should be made to grant. Alderman Laurent proposed that it be \$1,500 instead of \$1,000. Considerable discussion ensued, and a compromise was effected by putting the grant to \$1,200. The grant will be made to Council accordingly. Aid. Grenier then brought up the matter of the abattoirs and said that Mr. Roy, the City Attorney, had informed him that all the necessary papers had been placed in his hands. There was a claim of the Provincial Government against the abattoir, however, which had to be considered. The representatives of the Government and those of the abattoir had held a conference, where, as Mr. Duque, of the Abattoir, explained, had formed him, the Company offered to pay the amount of the claim, \$7,504, under protest. He had since learned that the Government had agreed to accept the payment of the claim under protest. It now lay with the Committee, as they had all the facts before them, to decide whether the abattoirs were indebted to the city for the amount of \$4,400 assessments due the Corporation of Hochelaga before annexation and since that time they were also in arrears to the amount of \$1,800 for assessments to the city since the annexation of the ward. There was also a claim for their share of the Meat Inspector's salary at the abattoir, which according to the agreement was \$500 per year, the amount being \$1,000, or the abattoir's share of the two years' salary. Taken as a whole the amount due was \$7,200 exclusive of interest. This amount was due from the Eastern Abattoir. The Chairman, City Treasurer and City Attorney were appointed as a committee to act in the settlement of these accounts. The Chairman then called upon Mr. Roy to explain matters in reference to the abattoir. Mr. Roy said that the necessary papers were all in his hands. With regard to the Government claim, it was as Aid. Grenier had said, representatives of the Government had met representatives of the abattoir, and it was last decided to accept payment under protest. With regard to the other points he did not like to go into any figures while the press were present, as he thought the whole matter should be kept private until brought before the Council. The reporters were then requested to withdraw. Afterwards it was ascertained that the meeting adjourned until Tuesday next when the City Attorney is to submit a report. And Ends with a Duck in the River. [Chicago Ledger.] Of all the distractions under the sun that perplex a man to baldness, nothing is more rasping than this thing of getting tangled up in a patent medicine advertisement that starts out with as much fascination as spearing fish by moonlight.

By the use of Hannington's Quinine Wine and Iron, and Tonic Dinner Pills, the blood is purified, and a healthy skin is the result. Beware of imitations. See that you get Hannington's in all accounts, an exceptionally strong one and will be made up of Chambers, a professional from Hingham, a safe and brilliant bat and fine bowler; Jones, a fair fielder and good bat; Brown, a steady bat and slow bowler; Bixby, an excellent fielder and good all-round player; Jones, a fair fielder and good bat; Curtis, a fair average player; Ayler, a first-rate fielder and safe bat; Morkeo, a change bowler; Hubbard, good with the willow and alert and quick in the field, try a sharp fielder; Dutton, who plays well at slip, Mansfield, an excellent wicket keeper, Bower, Wright, good in any position, and last but not least, George Wright, who is described as an excellent all-round player, good bowler and steady bat. Taken on a whole they are very formidable opponents indeed and the Montrealers have their work cut out for them.

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SPORTING INTELLIGENCE. LACROSSE. RAIL, RAIL, CANAD. ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 4.—The lacrosse game here to-day was won by the Kingstons of Kingston, Canada; Kingstons 3, Rochester 2. A very interesting game of lacrosse was played in Collingwood on Dominion Day between the Albions, of Toronto, and the Seniors, of Collingwood, which resulted in a draw, the home team securing the first and third, and the Albions the second game. Time—first, two hours and a half; second, half hour; third, two hours. The following team represented the Young Canadians in the tournament held at Markham on 1st July.—Paterson, E. Chandler, J. Watts, Austin, Washburne, Dickson, Simpson, Drury, Maguire, Ayre, W. Chandler and Laughlin. They won the cup offered to juniors by beating Uxbridge, Stouffville, and Young Canadians, of Richmond Hill (second twelve). The Shamrocks got back from Boston yesterday morning, but they had no game that they had a splendid time, being received in a most hospitable manner by their American cousins. The lacrosse match in which they met the picked New England team constituted one of the chief attractions of the Fourth of July celebration. It was played on the Common and witnessed by thousands of spectators. The boys say that their American brethren showed some good individual playing but were lacking in the science and practice of team playing. As it was the Shamrocks played all around their opponents, working the passing dodge on their loose playing with success. The match resulted in a victory for the Shamrocks by eleven games to one. The Montrealers also returned to town yesterday from St. Albans, where they played an exhibition game in the Fourth of July celebration with the Caughnawaga Indians. The match excited the greatest interest, and was witnessed by large numbers of spectators. The Montrealers beat the Indians by three straight games. No. 8. Harry Bellhouse, the sprint runner, has returned from Philadelphia. He has expressed a desire to meet P. M. Dufy, of Ottawa, in a handicap race. Trotting. PHALAS WINS THE \$15,000 RACE WITH MAXEY COBB. CLEVELAND, O., July 4.—Phallas won the \$15,000 race with Maxey Cobb to-day in three straight heats. Cobb never showed his nose in front during the entire race. The time was as follows: 2:14, 2:14, 2:20. Fourteen thousand persons were on the track and the weather could not have been better. John Murphy drove Phallas, Cobb and Ed. Berther sat behind Maxey. The pools started even, but for the first heat, Maxey was at \$60 to Cobb's \$40 and \$5. Four attempts were made to start. At the beginning Maxey Cobb had the pole, but when the word was given he was three quarters of a length to the rear. After the quarter post was passed Phallas was two lengths ahead. Murphy tried to trip, but no good. The quarters were made as follows: 35.1, 03.4, 1:41, 2:14. The second heat was more evenly contested, but yet not very interesting. The quarters were, 33.1, 06.1, 1:40.2, 2:13. The time of the third heat was 35.1, 1:14, 1:45, 2:20. Some time ago Nathan Strauss, the owner of Majestic, challenged the winner of to-day's race for a trial of mettle at Fleetwood Park, N.Y. Today Strauss said he was inclined to give up the forfeit. Phallas will stay here, but Cobb will be returned to New York next week. Acoustic. HANLAN DEFEATS LEE. WATERTOWN, N. Y., July 4.—The weather at Sylvia Lake was unusually fine to-day, and a great crowd was in attendance at the boat race between Hanlan and Lee. Both men were in fine condition. The race was three miles. Hanlan won by about 1 1/2 lengths in 21 1/2 minutes. Some time ago Nathan Strauss, the owner of Majestic, challenged the winner of to-day's race for a trial of mettle at Fleetwood Park, N.Y. Today Strauss said he was inclined to give up the forfeit. Phallas will stay here, but Cobb will be returned to New York next week. Boat Races at Lacine. On Saturday afternoon the races of the Lacine Boating Club were held at that place. The club have purchased two lapstreak outrigger skiffs, with roller sliding seats and patent steering gear. The crews only had about two weeks' practice, and under the circumstances acquitted themselves well. FIRST HEAT. Blue. White. J. H. Bisset, bow W. Robertson, bow P. Barry, stroke S. E. Howard, stroke C. H. Gwilt, stroke F. W. Stewart, stroke D. Robertson, stroke G. Auld, stroke A. Dams, stroke The crew in white had the inside course and won after a hard pull. SECOND HEAT. White. Blue. T. Stewart, bow J. H. Stewart, bow G. E. Wright, stroke J. H. Stewart, bow W. Shearwood, stroke H. Shaw, stroke E. Hanna, stroke The white crew again secured the inside track, but were beaten. The third heat was between a crew composed of Messrs. J. A. Lowe, bow; L. Macdonald, S. Timmings and J. E. Mook, stroke, and the winners of the second heat. This race was the closest of the lot, the Hanna men barely winning. Messrs. Hanna and Robertson rowed the fourth heat, the race going to Mr. Robertson by a nose after a hard struggle. Football. A novelty in football was witnessed in Toronto on Friday evening, when a large crowd assembled on the Jarvis street grounds to see the match between the Toronto Football Club and a picked team from Berlin and Frank, the match being played by electric light. The match was under the Association rules, and in the first half the Berlin-Galt team had the advantage, their forwards forcing the play well on the Toronto goals. The Toronto defence, however, maintained a stubborn front, and met the vigorous attack like Trojans, and when half time was called neither side had scored. As soon as the second half was started the Berlin-Galt forwards made another rush for the Toronto goal, and for a few minutes a most interesting struggle continued in front of the taps. Finally a side kick was made on the goal, which proved successful. Play was resumed, and during the rest of the half-time a stubborn game was maintained. At last when time was called no other goal had been secured, and the scores was secured to the Berlin-Galt team. Cricket. The Montreal Cricket Club will no doubt have their hands full in their match on the 18th inst., when they play the redoubtable Longwood Club of Boston. The team which is coming to Montreal is from all accounts an exceptionally strong one and will be made up of Chambers, a professional from Hingham, a safe and brilliant bat and fine bowler; Jones, a fair fielder and good bat; Brown, a steady bat and slow bowler; Bixby, an excellent fielder and good all-round player; Jones, a fair fielder and good bat; Curtis, a fair average player; Ayler, a first-rate fielder and safe bat; Morkeo, a change bowler; Hubbard, good with the willow and alert and quick in the field, try a sharp fielder; Dutton, who plays well at slip, Mansfield, an excellent wicket keeper, Bower, Wright, good in any position, and last but not least, George Wright, who is described as an excellent all-round player, good bowler and steady bat. Taken on a whole they are very formidable opponents indeed and the Montrealers have their work cut out for them.

Swimming. The annual meeting of the Montreal Swimming Club takes place this evening in the Mechanics' Institute. Aquatic. The Pointe Claire Boating Club will hold a boat meet, have a display of fireworks, and illumination of the club house on Wednesday evening. The success of the meet held last season is a guarantee that the event will be a most enjoyable one if the weather proves favorable. All who have boats are cordially invited to attend. Meet at the Club House at 8 o'clock. THE FINANCE COMMISSIONERS. Their Meeting on Saturday—\$1,200 grant toward reception for the returning volunteers.—The Abattoir Question. At the meeting of the Finance Committee held on Saturday afternoon there were present, Aid. Grenier (chairman), Fairbairn, Farrell, Rolland, Genereux, Laurent and Money. After the opening of the meeting Lt.-Cols. Harwood and Crawford appeared before the Committee for the purpose of ascertaining if the Committee would recommend a grant to be given by the council to provide for the reception of the returning volunteers. They laid the fact before the Committee that the other cities in the Dominion were already making great preparations to receive the volunteers in an appropriate manner, and pointed out that Montreal was the city of the greatest importance in the Dominion it would not do for her to be behind her sister cities. Besides, the way in which the Montreal volunteers had discharged their duty in the North-West was deserving of recognition from the city. After the deputation had withdrawn, Alderman Grenier, in the course of a few remarks, said that Montreal had every reason to be proud of the actions of the volunteers in the North-West, and showed how her appreciation of them by a public reception. It would move that a report be made to Council asking for a grant of \$1,000 to be devoted to this purpose. He also thought that the Corporation should be represented on the Reception Committee, and it was resolved, on aye motion, that a delegation composed of the Mayor, Aldermen Grenier, Laurent, Stevenson and Farrell be named to act in conjunction with the militia officers. Alderman McCony thought that the sum of \$1,000 would not be sufficient to provide a proper reception. There might be sure that the other cities would watch the action of the Corporation of Montreal and try to outvie her in their efforts if possible. It would be derogatory to the position of Montreal if such a chance was afforded. He thought that some addition should be made to grant. Alderman Laurent proposed that it be \$1,500 instead of \$1,000. Considerable discussion ensued, and a compromise was effected by putting the grant to \$1,200. The grant will be made to Council accordingly. Aid. Grenier then brought up the matter of the abattoirs and said that Mr. Roy, the City Attorney, had informed him that all the necessary papers had been placed in his hands. There was a claim of the Provincial Government against the abattoir, however, which had to be considered. The representatives of the Government and those of the abattoir had held a conference, where, as Mr. Duque, of the Abattoir, explained, had formed him, the Company offered to pay the amount of the claim, \$7,504, under protest. He had since learned that the Government had agreed to accept the payment of the claim under protest. It now lay with the Committee, as they had all the facts before them, to decide whether the abattoirs were indebted to the city for the amount of \$4,400 assessments due the Corporation of Hochelaga before annexation and since that time they were also in arrears to the amount of \$1,800 for assessments to the city since the annexation of the ward. There was also a claim for their share of the Meat Inspector's salary at the abattoir, which according to the agreement was \$500 per year, the amount being \$1,000, or the abattoir's share of the two years' salary. Taken as a whole the amount due was \$7,200 exclusive of interest. This amount was due from the Eastern Abattoir. The Chairman, City Treasurer and City Attorney were appointed as a committee to act in the settlement of these accounts. The Chairman then called upon Mr. Roy to explain matters in reference to the abattoir. Mr. Roy said that the necessary papers were all in his hands. With regard to the Government claim, it was as Aid. Grenier had said, representatives of the Government had met representatives of the abattoir, and it was last decided to accept payment under protest. With regard to the other points he did not like to go into any figures while the press were present, as he thought the whole matter should be kept private until brought before the Council. 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CORRESPONDENCE.

The Police. To the Editor of THE HERALD. As the result of several talks with an ex-policeman, I have gleaned some points which the public may as well know.

The faithful policeman must also keep his hands off privileged men, and if he does arrest one of such, he must keep dark if the Chief lets him go. You see that keeping is a prominent feature in the conduct of a successful (7) policeman, so far as his own private interest is concerned.

About catching. The good and reliable policeman must never go after a rogue if the rogue keeps out of his way. Then he would be off his beat, and if he did such a foolish thing he would be disciplined for it.

A word must be said about the demoralizing tendency of a policeman's work. "Familiarity breeds contempt," and this is especially true of the sort of work a policeman has to do, and where he comes with his poor incentives of low pay, and the unenviable aspect of many privileged ones, and the absence of anything like honor and reward for faithful service, it is no wonder that he feels that way.

A SKILFUL SURGICAL OPERATION. The American Ambassador at Vienna, Mr. Hasson, has lately forwarded to the Government an interesting account of a remarkable surgical operation lately performed by Professor Billroth, of Vienna, which, wonderful to tell, consisted in the removal of a portion of the human stomach, involving nearly one-third of the organ—and, strange to say, the patient recovered—the only successful operation of the kind ever performed.

The Inland Revenue Department has recently issued regulations regarding the duties to be levied on spirits, and it is quite poor. There is a peculiar indescribable distress in the stomach, a feeling that has been described as a "faint all gone" sensation; a sticky mucus coats the throat, especially in the morning, accompanied by a feeling of nausea, which fails to satisfy this peculiar irritation; but, on the contrary, it appears to aggravate the feeling. The eyes are sunken, tinged with yellow; the hands and feet become cold and sticky—a cold perspiration. The sufferer feels tired all the time and sleep does not seem to give rest.

Seigel's Operating Pills are the best family physic that has ever been discovered. They cleanse the bowels from all irritating substances, and leave them in a healthy condition. They cure constiveness.

Dear Sir—Your Syrup and Pills are still very popular with my customers, many saying they are the best family medicines possible. The other day a customer came for two bottles of Syrup and said "Mother Seigel" had saved the life of my wife, she had had four of these bottles I am sending fifteen miles away to a friend who is very ill. I have much faith in it.

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Miscellaneous.

JOHN HOPE & CO.,

Agents in Canada JOHN DE KUYPER & SON, Rotterdam MARTELL & CO., Cognac. JULES ROBIN & CO., Cognac. MORT & CHANDON, Epornay. BEINHARD & CO., Coblentz. BARTON & GUESTIERE, Bordeaux. M. MISA, Xeros de la Frontera. COCKBURN, SMITHES & CO., Opera. MULLER & DARTHEZ, Tarragona. FREDERIC VALLETTE, Marseilles. E. & J. BURKE, Dublin. PATTERSON & HIBBERT, London. WULLOCH, LADE & CO., Glasgow. W.M. JAMISON & CO., Dublin. GANTRELL & CREANE, Dublin. &c., &c.

RAILWAY SUPPLIES.

Steel Rails, Iron and Steel Bridges, Locomotive Castings and Forgings, Crucible Cast Steel Tyres, Railway Equipment and Engineers' Supplies of all descriptions, Pig Iron, Bar and Sheet Iron and Steel, Wrought and Cast Iron Pipes, Boiler Tubes, Tin Plates, Cast Steel Bells for Churches, &c., Lubricating and other Oils.

ANTHONY FORCE,

Steel Rails, Iron and Steel Bridges, Locomotive Castings and Forgings, Crucible Cast Steel Tyres, Railway Equipment and Engineers' Supplies of all descriptions, Pig Iron, Bar and Sheet Iron and Steel, Wrought and Cast Iron Pipes, Boiler Tubes, Tin Plates, Cast Steel Bells for Churches, &c., Lubricating and other Oils.

FINE OLD WHISKIES

And our Old Rye Whisky of 1879, 1880, and 1881. Excise Certificate on each case.

HIRAM WALKER & SONS

Distillers, Walkerville, Ont. Agents, Montreal.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Table with columns for departure and arrival times for various routes including Montreal to Toronto, Montreal to Quebec, and Montreal to St. John's.

Steamships.

The Canadian Pacific

STEAMSHIP LINE

Port Arthur, Manitoba and the North-West. One of the magnificent Clyde-built steamships ATHABASCA, ALGOMA AND ALBERTA is intended to leave Owen Sound at 4 p.m. on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS, on arrival of the CANADIAN PACIFIC FAST Express Train from the East, leaving Toronto at 10.45 a.m., and will run DIRECT TO PORT ARTHUR where they make close connections with the Through Solid Irons of the Canadian Pacific Railway for WINNIPEG and all points in the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST.

Miscellaneous.

Saguenay Royal Mail Line

1885. OF 1885. Steamers to the Saguenay, TADOUSAC, CACOUNA, RIVIERE DU LOUP and MURRAY BAY.

COMMENCING on the 22nd instant the well-known first-class steamers "ST. LAWRENCE" and "UNION" will leave the Saguenay on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 7.30 A.M. for the "St. Lawrence" for Chicoutimi and Ha Ha Ha Bay, calling at Baie St. Paul, Inuau, Contrecoeur, Riviere du Loup, Tadoussac and L'Anse St. Jean.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO.

MAIL LINE DAY STEAMERS BETWEEN MONTREAL AND OTTAWA. Passengers for OTTAWA and all intermediate points take a.m. train for Lechardville to connect with steamer.

ROBT. REFORD & CO.,

MONTREAL. NORTH ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, (LIMITED).

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Steamships.

WHITE CROSS LINE.

STEINMANN & LUDWIG, ANTWERP.

OWNERS AND GENERAL AGENTS, ANTWERP. DIRECT AND REGULAR STEAMSHIP COMMUNICATION BETWEEN CANADA AND ANTWERP. Under Contract with Dominion Government.

TEMPERLEY LINE.

CANADIAN SERVICE.

Composed of the following first-class full power screw steamers: CONCORDIA, 2,540 Tons; OCEAN KING, 2,449 Tons; SCOTLAND, 2,450 Tons; ROBERT REFORD & CO., 23 and 25 St. Jacques Street, Montreal.

GREAT WESTERN

Steamship Company, (LIMITED)

MONTREAL TO BRISTOL. Composed of the following First-class Screw Steamers: DORSET, 2,600 Tons; CORNWALL, 2,600 Tons; WALSLEY, 2,600 Tons; SOMERSET, 2,600 Tons; BRISTOL, 2,600 Tons.

THOMSON LINE.

SAILING BETWEEN Montreal and Newcastle-on-Tyne VIA LONDON.

This line is composed of the following first-class steamers, which are all of the highest class, have been built expressly for this trade, and possess the most improved machinery for carrying live stock, grain and provisions: AVONDA, 1,165 Tons; BARCELONA, 1,165 Tons; CAROLINA, 1,165 Tons; DRACONA, 1,165 Tons; ESCALONA, 1,165 Tons.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMER

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL

Carrying the United States Mail. PROPOSED SAILING. City of Richmond, Thursday May 21, 10.0 a.m.

INMAN

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BEAVER LINE.

THE CANADA SHIPPING CO.'S

LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN MONTREAL and LIVERPOOL. Comprising the following First-class, Clyde built, Full-powered Iron Steamships: Lake Superior, 3,500 Tons; Lake Winnipeg, 3,500 Tons; Lake Huron, 3,500 Tons; Lake Nipigon, 3,500 Tons; Lake Manitowish, 3,500 Tons; Lake Champlain, 3,500 Tons.

WHITE STAR LINE

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR, IRELAND, & CARRYING BRITISH AND AMERICAN MAILS.

PROVIDED WITH EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT. NOTICE—The steamers of this line take all passengers, baggage, and cargo, and are appointed to sail from New York and Liverpool to Montreal and Quebec.

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CALLING AT CORK HARBOR, IRELAND, & CARRYING BRITISH AND AMERICAN MAILS.

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Steamships.

ALLAN LINE.

Under contract with the Governments of Canada and Newfoundland for the CANADIAN MAIL AND UNITED STATES MAIL.

1885—Summer Arrangements—1885.

The company's Line is composed of the following Double-Engined, Clyde-built IRON STEAMERS: "Allan" 4,000 Tons; "Cape Breton" 4,000 Tons; "Cape Cod" 4,000 Tons; "Cape Horn" 4,000 Tons; "Cape Horn" 4,000 Tons; "Cape Horn" 4,000 Tons.

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

The following are the Terms of Subscription to THE HERALD, dating from January 1, 1885:-

Table with 2 columns: Subscription type and Price. Includes Montreal Daily Herald, Montreal Daily Herald (single copies), Montreal Weekly Herald, and Special Rates for Clubs on application.

The Montreal Herald.

MONDAY MORNING, JULY 6.

NOTICE.

THE MONTREAL HERALD, with all its rights and appurtenances, having been purchased by "THE HERALD COMPANY" (limited), the business will in future be conducted in their name.

P. MITCHELL, Montreal, April 13, 1885.

At a meeting of THE HERALD COMPANY limited, held in THE HERALD BUILDING, Victoria Square, the shareholders elected the following Board of Directors:- Hon. Peter Mitchell, A. B. Chaffee, William Cassin; and at a meeting of the Directors, Hon. P. Mitchell was chosen President of the Company, and Mr. Albert Murray was appointed Secretary-Treasurer.

P. MITCHELL, President of "The Herald Company," Montreal, April 13, 1885.

All correspondence for THE HERALD (except business letters) should be addressed to the Editor, Mr. JOHN LIVINGSTON. Business correspondence is to be addressed to THE HERALD COMPANY (limited), offices in Victoria Block, corner of Victoria Square and St. James Street West, Montreal: Hon. Peter Mitchell, President; Mr. ALBERT MURRAY, Secretary-Treasurer.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The "Herald" will be delivered during the Summer on incoming morning trains from surrounding summer resorts. Those of our patrons who desire such delivery will please advise us.

The "Herald" will also be mailed to any address, or delivered as above, during the summer, at the rate of Fifty Cents a Month prepaid.

THE HERALD COMPANY. (Limited).

THE GRAND TRUNK.

The London newspapers continue to speak freely of the condition of the Grand Trunk. The World recently said:-

MORE ABOUT "TRUNKS."-The Grand Trunk statement for April shows a saving in the working expenses of nearly £10,000 for the month. But even this will not, we are afraid, secure any dividend for the guaranteed stock this half-year. The net loss in the revenue for the past four months is, say, £81,000; and if to this amount we add an estimated net decrease of £89,000 for May and June, we obtain a sum of £170,000 as the loss in revenue compared with last year. If to this deficit we add about £70,000 as the amount taken from the reserve fund last year--an operation which cannot be repeated--we arrive at a total decrease of about £240,000 in the amount available for distribution. Assuming that there is no material increase in the pre-preference charges, and taking them as the same as last year, we calculate that there will not be sufficient funds to pay the dividend interest by about £85,000, with- out speaking of guaranteed or preference stocks. If ever there was a fool's paradise it is the present habitation of the hopes of the "bulls" in Grand Trunk securities.

The London Financial News remarks as follows:-

The backwatering on Grand Trunks melted away yesterday when it became apparent that the "bear account" is very much less than has been estimated. From 1/2 on the First Preference it dropped to 1/4, and before the close carried over 1/2, while there was a slight contango on the Guaranteed. The fact is that but for the efforts of Messrs. Read, Galloway & Pearson and Argenti Brothers, who have so far been credited with engineering the backwatering business, such artificial scarcity of stock as does occasionally exist would not be apparent at all. Out of £3,300,000 of First Preference stock, a careful estimate places the amount of the short interest sold at £300,000. Even this has evidently been decreased by the forced closing of bears on the last two accounts, and at the present rate, future settlements may be expected to go very much against the bull interest. Stockholders, despairing of any dividend, are growing tired of holding their stock for the benefit of bull manipulators.

The same authority says "the Grand Trunk is affected both by the war of rates in the United States, and by the new competition of the Canadian Pacific to Toronto. All Grand Trunk securities are likely to sell lower," and the London journals warn the Grand Trunk men that they cannot afford to ignore the existence of the Ontario and Quebec system in alliance with the Canadian Pacific. On the whole, the Grand Trunk managers are receiving an abundance of healthy criticism and good advice, by which they ought to profit considerably. What they would prefer to all these suggestions and counsel would be an increase of traffic and a prospect of dividends, but the traffic returns forbid all hope in that direction.

There is evidence, however, that the Grand Trunk people are coming to their senses. THE HERALD recently drew attention, in a couple of articles, to the attempts of the Grand Trunk, in conjunction with United States railways and other agencies, to divert Canadian traffic from the Canadian North-West to United States railways, and to break down the rates on this traffic established by the Canadian Pacific; and THE HERALD suggested that, in all probability, retaliation applied by the C. P. R. to the Grand Trunk's business in Ontario would be effective in bringing the latter management to a knowledge of the folly of in-

dulging in uncalculated acts of hostility. THE HERALD's surmise has proved correct. The Grand Trunk managers have seen their folly; and the rate cutting is at an end. For so much in the direction of sound judgment, let us be thankful, and hope for its application to the general relations of the two great corporations. Sir Henry Tyler has seen for himself the Canadian Pacific, the great country tributary to it for traffic, and the character of the equipment and the men with whom he would have to contend in case the old antagonism of the Grand Trunk to its youthful competitor is to be continued. He will do well to be advised by the London journals, and recognize the existence of the Canadian Pacific as an important factor in his railway world, and if he expects to earn dividends for his shareholders he will not fail to do so. He has seen how his policy of slander has failed to arrest the progress of the work--that the Canadian people will never consent to see the Canadian Pacific enterprise arrested or handicapped--and that there is before the road as well as the country a great future. His hostile policy has caused the Canadian people to rally more warmly than ever around the enterprise. Sir Henry is in a position, and would do well, to abandon all attempts to further embarrass the Canadian Pacific Company, and accept the inevitable. There are other matters which may profitably engage the attention of Sir Henry, more especially affecting his own interests. There is the condition of his road. Take the matter of the agreement of the Grand Trunk to provide a new railway depot in place of the shambling, rickety trap which is now by courtesy called Bonaventure Depot. Is it not proposed to keep faith with the city in this matter? If not, why not? What engagement could be more binding than the agreement between the city and the Grand Trunk in this matter, yet two years have passed since the agreement was signed and nothing has been done to carry it into effect. As Sir Henry's eyes and nose will tell him, his company should provide a more respectable depot without any urging and for its own accommodation, but when the City of Montreal, in a moment of generosity which it now regrets, agreed to forgive the Grand Trunk a large debt, on condition that it would provide a proper depot for itself in the city, it might have been expected that the conditions would have been observed, and that the Grand Trunk managers would have had some regard for their honor and pledged word. They are not, however, keeping faith with the city, and as Sir Henry Tyler will in all probability arrive in Montreal to-day, and may be expected to leave for England almost immediately, it is to be hoped that the Mayor and City Council will take steps to bring this subject under his notice before it is too late. Sir Henry ought not to leave until the Council have learned from him whether he intends to make good his Company's undertaking or not. If he says the Grand Trunk offers an empty, that the road's traffic is going behind at a tremendous rate, he may be reminded that at recent meetings of his shareholders he has boasted of the possession of very valuable "securities," all lying safely in the Company's vaults, and he may properly be requested to convert these "securities" into cash and thereby sustain the Company's honor and make good its pledge to the city of Montreal. If these "securities" are what Sir Henry has represented them to be, the Grand Trunk is not without the means of building the Montreal depot, and the Council should demand, in a dignified but determined manner, that the agreement shall not be regarded as waste paper and the two hundred thousand citizens of Montreal treated with undisguised contempt.

AT LAST.

Mr. Kerry, President of the Board of Trade, received from Ottawa late on Saturday evening the following telegram:-

Duties on fish suspended to allow time for negotiations. (Signed) M. BOWELL.

THE HERALD, yesterday morning, received the following telegram, which speaks for itself:-

Canadian duty on fish, etc., suspended pending negotiations. This has been telegraphed to the Newfoundland Government. (Signed) M. H. GAULT, M. P. J. J. CURRAN, M. P. C. J. COUSINS, M. P.

And Hon. P. Mitchell yesterday received the following by wire:-

Have decided to suspend duties on Newfoundland fish, etc., pending negotiations. (Signed) M. BOWELL.

The merchants of Montreal are to be congratulated on having this tardy concession extended to them by the Government. It has, no doubt, been procured by their vigorous remonstrance and ceaseless representations. The last five words of the first telegram were quite unnecessary. The Government should not want time for negotiations; they had ample time and opportunity to come to an amicable arrangement with Newfoundland, but they wasted the time and allowed the opportunity to slip. They were frequently reminded of the necessity of coming to an understanding with Newfoundland before the 1st of July; and of the loss that would be inflicted on Canadian merchants and the injury that would be done to Canadian trade if the duties imposed on Newfoundland fish and fish oils were collected. Some members of the Government seemed to be impressed with the importance of settling the matter before that date and gave assurance both to Montreal merchants and to Sir Ambrose Shea that everything would be all right when the time came, and that the obnoxious duties

would not be levied. But time went by and the matter was not attended to, and the neglect of the Government caused loss and inconvenience to merchants both here and in Newfoundland; and now, after so much reprehensible and quite inexcusable procrastination, the Government talk of wanting time for negotiations. It is to be hoped that the time for negotiations is not past, and that when the Newfoundland Government receive the telegram from Ottawa informing them that the objectionable duties will not be levied they will forthwith issue an order to admit Canadian products into Newfoundland on the old conditions.

A FALSE "WITNESS."

The following appeared in Friday's Witness:- "There was a grand indignation shown by Mr. White, member for Cardwell and chairman of the Printing Committee, at the bare idea that the tone of a newspaper might be changed by a fat contract amounting to sixty-one thousand dollars, such as has been lavished on THE MONTREAL HERALD. He also declared that no one could suspect that paper of Conservative bearings. He might go further and say that no one could suspect it of partiality to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company or to the liquor business."

The Witness, as its readers have been repeatedly told, is an "only religious daily," a public instructor of the highest tone, managed by persecuted saints who should be in heaven, by right, but remain on earth to teach a wicked world how to live righteously and walk in godly ways. It is not a little odd that while the Witness holds this excellent opinion of itself and its writers it is more frequently found doing the work of the Evil One than advancing the cause of truth and true religion. We have shown recently how it fits in the face of the Ten Commandments and applauds the commission of murder in Mrs. Dudley's case. The Commandment which forbids the fearing of false witness is the one, however, which the untruthful Witness most frequently violates, and the statement we have quoted from its issue of Friday is a fair illustration of its usual style of misrepresentation.

- 1. It is false to affirm that THE HERALD received any "fat contract amounting to sixty-one thousand dollars," as stated by the Witness.
2. It is false to state that Mr. White made reference in Parliament to such a contract.
3. It is false to suggest that any Canadian newspaper establishment has been the recipient of such a contract.
4. It is false to say that any such contract was discussed in the House at all, or by any members of the House, or alluded to in any way in the House or in any Committee of the House.

The gist of the Witness' charge is that through the gift of a contract for printing from the Government, excessive in amount and beyond anything extended by any Canadian Government in the way of patronage to any Government newspaper, in recent years at all events, "the tone" of THE HERALD towards the Government has been changed. This is a charge of wholesale corruption made by the Witness against THE HERALD and is intended to damage if not destroy THE HERALD's character as an independent journal.

Now this charge is made either in ignorance or with malicious intent. If it was through ignorance, then the editor of the Montreal Witness must be regarded as the most ignorant journalist in Canada. He has examined the public accounts of Canada for the year in which the money for this contract was assumed to have been disbursed--the fiscal year 1883-4? They were in his hands, and he will scarcely plead that he did not open them. If he examined them he must have known there was no such item in the accounts connected either with THE HERALD or any other journal. If he did not open them he should be ashamed to press such an accusation against a contemporary without enquiry. Moreover, unless intolerably ignorant and stupid, the editor of the Witness must have known that there could have been no contract, outside of the contract with the parliamentary and departmental printers, involving so large a sum as \$61,000. If the editor of the Witness will not plead to unexampled ignorance, will he admit giving full rein to his malicious instincts? Will he deny, in fact, that he sought by the publication of what he considered damaging facts to offset the criticisms THE HERALD has from time to time offered on the stupidity, the cant and hypocrisy of the Witness? It makes little difference which horn of the dilemma the editor of the Witness elects, he is impaled on either, and his conduct is alike discreditably whether regarded as that of a knave or that of a fool.

The object of the Witness is, no doubt, to discredit as far as possible THE HERALD under its present management; but it so happens that its statements were as true as they are false, if they were as much in the public interests as they are known to be. The outcome of malice, the charge would not lie against the present management, which has been in existence only six months, whereas the Witness' allusions are to transactions said to have occurred more than a year ago. In any case the Witness' statements are without warrant; our currier contemporary is discovered barking up the wrong tree; and the odium of bearing false witness attaching to him in this instance is of a peculiarly offensive character.

THE PLEA OF INSANITY.

The acquittal of Mrs. Dudley has again raised the question how far the plea of insanity can avail a person who has committed a crime. That Mrs. Dudley was guilty of the offence for which she was indicted was beyond a doubt, and if she had been considered sane by the jury she must have been found guilty. Was she sane enough when she committed the deed to be held responsible for her acts? That the woman was eccentric was admitted by everyone who knew her. But she was perfectly well aware of the risk she incurred when she undertook to shoot O'Donovan Rossa. Both before she made the attack on Rossa and after, she appeared to all ordinary observers to be perfectly sane. She labored under no delusion as to the nature of the crime or the consequences attendant on its commission. Is it right to decide that a person who is sane enough to be at large, who is sane enough to reason clearly and connectedly, who is sane enough to plan a crime and to carry that plan into execution,--is it right, we say, to decide that such a person is not to be held accountable for his or her actions. If everyone who is of an excitable temperament, if everyone who has an ill-balanced mind, if every one who imagines that he is impelled by an irresistible impulse to commit crime, is to be considered, in a legal sense, insane, then the number of criminals who can justly claim immunity from punishment is very great indeed. If those whom it is the fashion in these days to call "cranks" are to be regarded in the courts of law as a kind of chartered libertines, then the dangers to society from the violence and rascality of cranks and those who, for their own evil purposes, simulate crankism will be very great indeed. The danger of judges and juries acting upon loose, ill-defined and unscientific notions as to what constitutes insanity is obvious. It is to be regretted that juries have very little to guide them in this matter, except the conflicting opinions of so-called experts and the contradictory evidence of witnesses, most of whom are prepossessed either in favor of or against the accused person. A plain, practical, common-sense definition, drawn up by competent persons, as to what in a legal sense constitutes insanity would be of the greatest use both to judges and juries.

THE NEW CONSUL-GENERAL.

Dr. Anderson, the new American Consul-General for Canada, will receive a warm welcome from the citizens of Montreal both for his own sake and for the sake of the country which he represents. He enters upon the duties of his new office at a most propitious season. The relations between Great Britain and the United States were never more friendly than they are at present, and this friendliness and cordiality extends to the whole of Her Majesty's dominions and particularly to Canada. Canadians and Americans are near neighbors, and they have for some time lived in a very neighborly way. It is quite evident that there is on both sides of the line a disposition to continue to live on the same good terms. The representative of the United States in Montreal has it in his power to cultivate good feeling between the two countries, and he can do a great deal towards making the intercourse between their inhabitants smooth and pleasant. This will be general work for the new Consul-General, as he has shown, in his own country, great capacity in dealing with men, and we have the evidence before us that he is a man of liberal mind and that he possesses a kindly disposition. We are quite certain from his record that he will perform his duties faithfully and well, and we believe, most acceptably to the people among whom he has come to reside.

SIR JOHN MACDONALD, when he consented to allow the electoral franchise of Prince Edward Island to remain as it is now, admitted the principle of manhood suffrage. In that Province every male person over twenty-one years of age who has paid his road tax and who is not a criminal or a pauper has the privilege of voting for a member of the House of Commons. Having permitted Prince Edward Island and British Columbia to retain manhood suffrage it is difficult to see why the franchise is restricted in the other provinces of the Dominion. Both uniformity and justice require that the Dominion law should treat all parts of the Dominion alike. No good reason can be given why a man who is disqualified to vote in New Brunswick or Nova Scotia can become a duly qualified elector by merely crossing a narrow strait. It would have saved much time and a great deal of acrimonious and useless discussion if Sir John Macdonald, instead of incorporating manhood suffrage into his Franchise Bill, as it were incidentally, had based his election law on that broad and sound principle. To that complexion we must come at last, and Sir John and the party which he leads would have lost nothing by anticipating the march of events.

BIRTH. At 26 McTavish street, on the 4th instant, Mrs. Ernest Stuart, of a son.

New Advertisements. CARD.

Mr. C. J. Alloway, V.S., has arranged that during his absence in the North-West his practice will be attended to by MR. FRANK MATTHEWS. OFFICE: 20 Burnside Place, Corner Metcalfe St. Telephone No. 894. All calls promptly attended to.

Amusements. CRYSTAL PALACE OPERA HOUSE. Poland G. I. Barnett... Sole Proprietor and Manager. TO-NIGHT, MONDAY, JULY 6, THE STANDARD GRAND ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY. Under the management of J. F. BURRILL, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 6, 7 and 8, will be presented Flotow's charming Opera, "MARTHA." Thursday, Friday and Saturday, and Saturday Matinee, July 9, 10 and 11, "LITTLE DUKE."

New Advertisements. New Advertisements. RARE OLD BRANDIES! VINTAGE 1865. We had occasion a few days ago to draw the attention of connoisseurs to a small lot of FINE OLD HIGHLAND WHISKEY--LONG JOHN'S DEW OF BEN NEVIS which we secured some time since.

FRASER, VIGER & CO., Family Wine and Spirit Merchants, 199 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

IMPORTANT HALF HOLIDAY! TO GENTLEMEN! Great Bargains are Offered To-day. J. J. HANNAN'S. (2,000) Two Thousand Pair Guyot Suspenders, best quality, only 25c per pair. (1,000) One Thousand Pair Balbriggan Half Hose, Double Heels and Toes, great variety of colors, 3 pairs, \$1.00.

White Flannel Boating Shirts, Blue Flannel Boating Shirts, Cricketing Shirts, Cricketing Belts, Cricketing Caps. Heavy Balbriggan Under-clothing, only \$1.50 a suit. For the Largest Assortment and Lowest Price in GENTS' FURNISHINGS. GO TO J. J. HANNAN'S 1697 NOTRE DAME ST.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. The Alliance S.S. COLEMAN, J. C. Menzies, commander, from London, is entered at Customs. Consignees will please pass their entries without delay. H. & A. ALLAN, Agents, Montreal, July 4, 1885.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Vice-Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to, Times, July 13, 1884.

PARKER'S FOUNDRY, 19 to 29 DALHOUSIE STREET, MONTREAL. Castings Every Day. PHILIP HENRY'S, 134 St. James Street. BRANCH: 1385 ST. CATHERINE ST.

Amusements. THEATRE ROYAL. SEARROW & JACOBS, Proprietors & Managers. Every Evening, Week, Commencing Monday, July 6th. Gilbert and Sullivan's Beautiful Comic Opera, IOLANDE, OR THE PEER AND THE PERI. On a scale of grandeur never before equalled in Montreal. Brass band on the stage. New scenery by Lorenz. New and magnificent costumes by George Hayden, of Boston.

MONTREAL THEATRE. BEAVER HALL HILL. Week Commencing July 6th. J. H. GILMORE AND COMPANY. MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY FUN! FUN! FUN! THE GUVNOR. Thursday, Friday and Saturday and Saturday Matinee, July 9, 10 and 11, "MARTHA." "LITTLE DUKE."

CRYSTAL PALACE OPERA HOUSE. ROLAND G. I. BARNETT, Sole Proprietor and Manager. Grand Opening, Monday Evening July 6th, with the Standard Grand English Opera, under the management of Mr. J. F. Burrill. Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 6, 7, 8, will be presented Flotow's charming Opera, "MARTHA." Thursday, Friday and Saturday and Saturday Matinee, July 9, 10 and 11, "LITTLE DUKE."

ART ASSOCIATION OF MONTREAL. GALLERY OF PAINTINGS AND SCULPTURE. OPEN FROM 10 A.M. TO 5 P.M. ADMISSION FREE. Members and their Families FREE. Non-Members, 25c. SATURDAYS FREE.

New Advertisements. Notice to Contractors. SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Boiler," will be received at the Office of the Hon. the Minister of Public Works, until FRIDAY, the 10th day of JULY next, inclusively, for making and delivering a Boiler, in the Dredge Case, Breton, at the Port of Montreal, N.S., according to a plan and specification to be seen at the Office of the Department of Public Works, Public Works Office, Custom House Building, St. John, N.B., where printed forms of tenders may be obtained.

Notice to Contractors. SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for St. John Harbor," will be received at this Office until MONDAY, the 13th day of JULY, 1885, inclusively, for the completion of the reconstruction of the Harbor of St. John, N.B., according to plans and specifications to be seen on application at the Office of the Department of Public Works, Custom House Building, St. John, N.B., where printed forms of tender can be obtained.

UNIONBANK OF LOWER CANADA. THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Institution will be held at their Banking House in the CITY OF MONTREAL, on MONDAY, the SIXTH DAY OF JULY, 1885. The chair will be taken at noon.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. THE ANNUAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Montreal and European Short Line Railway Co. for receiving the report of, and for electing a board of directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Company's office in New Glasgow, Nova Scotia, on the First Monday in July, 1885. J. W. SCHMULTEZ, Secretary, 181 1/2 St. James Street.

FRANK BOND & CO., BROKERS, 14 Place d'Armes Square. We have made arrangements to buy and sell small lots of New York Stocks (10 shares and upward); also, Wheat, Corn and Provisions in small amounts of the same terms as large lots, and at the same price. Commission 1 per cent. No interest or telegrams charged. Agents in Chicago--MILBURN, BODMAN & CO. June 27

PARLIAMENTARY NOTES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT) OTTAWA, July 3.

Perhaps the duldest debate of the season was that on the Government's measure to regulate the immigration of Chinese.

No one seemed to care a straw about the matter, and a thin Chinese chatted and read newspapers all through the speeches delivered by Mr. Chapleau and the members from British Columbia.

Mr. Chapleau's speech, a great part of which he read, was a résumé of portions of the Chinese report. As this document is very much in favor of the Chinese, the speech was of the same color, and the joke of the evening, through the lobby, was to enquire whether Mr. Chapleau wanted the Chinese in or not, his speech tending one way and his bill the other.

The resolutions on which the bill is founded passed committee, and the bill itself was introduced and read a first time. The principal objection raised was one by Mr. Blake to the proposal to create new offices under this bill.

He thought that the exclusion of Chinamen under the power created by the bill might very well be trusted to the local authorities, and most people will agree with him, but the opportunity of creating new offices is one too precious in Sir John's eyes to be neglected.

When John Chinaman had received his meed of attention, the C. P. R. bill was read a second time and passed through committee of the whole, not unchallenged, of course, for Mr. Edgar had some figures to show that the expenditure on the line was not up to the amount stated in the position furnished to the House, but as no human being can possibly arrive at a just conclusion about any particular statement surrounded by figures without having these all before him on paper, no further objections were raised, and the bill passed.

It has yet to be read a third time. Mr. Costigan succeeded in getting his bill to pension culleers through committee, but not until he had an ended it to meet an objection of Mr. Watson's, who had introduced a certain clause in it.

Mr. Carson also obtained a second reading and committee for his bill to augment the standing force and in his Department, but with objections from Mr. Blake, who thought it would be very much better to establish some mounted infantry companies in the North-West rather than spend the money in additional military schools in other provinces.

Then the Manitoba Better Terms bill, which was read a first time a few nights ago, after the resolution to read and send to committee came up for second reading, and the front benches plunged into the swamp discussion again. A definition of A SWAMP

was demanded of the Minister of Customs, but Mr. Bowen, glancing across the floor and seeing that Mr. Watson had declined to tackle this definition, was evident that Mr. Watson was ready with his hand on the arm of his chair, to spring to his feet, and the Minister of Customs is too old a Parliamentary soldier to invite local movements. He rose to his feet, and with a flourish of the U. S. Government gave the swamp lands to the several States and their definition would do in this case.

This brought up Mr. Mitchell who objected to this loose disposition of public lands, as some of the greatest tracts in the United States had taken place under this cover. Then Mr. Dawson rose to say that in Minnesota there were hills and valleys in the swamp lands given to the States, and some portions of it were excellent. This was the American theory as applicable to the swamp lands, and the discussion began again. In the meantime several dictionaries had been obtained and the word swamp looked up, but the dictionary like Silas Wegg dropped into poetry to find its definition, and so brought the swamp lands left, not strong enough to continue this debate about.

When the business already spoken of had been transacted, the further consideration of the Franchise Bill was announced, and in a few minutes a rush of members from the smoking room, library and other haunts took place. Then the discussion began again, recalling that remote period when this old bill was young, and when the hot spirit of the chamber was nightly cooled by the snowstorms through which we all went home. To judge from the present a stranger would hardly ever see snow at Ottawa, but there is.

THE ATHLETIC CLUB HOUSE.

Formal Opening of the Beautiful Grounds at Cote Des Neiges.

Montrealers Introduced to an Athletic Ellysium.

The formal opening of the grounds at Cote des Neiges, recently acquired by the Athletic Club House Company (limited), which took place on Saturday afternoon, was a brilliant success.

Invitations had been issued to representatives of the sporting clubs of the city and to a large number of the general public, and the response was a hearty one. More's busses, which left the Gymnasium, Mansfield street, and the Windsor, between two and half past two o'clock, were well patronized, but the majority of the visitors arrived at the grounds in private carriages and hacks.

It is safe to say that fully one-half of those who accepted the invitation of the Company had, previously to the visit, no idea of the existence at Cote des Neiges of the magnificent property heretofore to be the headquarters of Montreal sport. Situated at the junction of the well known Cote des Neiges road and of the road which circles the Cote St. Antoine Mountain, the property has lain for some five years almost beyond the ken of Montrealers. Even the enterprising land speculator and the builder have failed to acquire a knowledge of its value and possibilities. In fact, universal wonder was expressed by the visitors on Saturday afternoon that such a delightful spot had existed within easy reach of the city without becoming better known.

THE HOUSE AND GROUNDS. The extent of the ground comprised in the purchase of the Company is some four, ten acres, or, more accurately, 13 1/2 arpents, and they are said to have expended on them in the past no less a sum than \$125,000. Nor does this seem incredible when the grounds are closely examined, for evidences of artistic taste and skilled labor having been employed in their laying out appear in all directions. Picturesque lawns and shady avenues, bordered with cedar hedges and overhung by trees which had their origin in other climes than Canada's, are reached by a venerable bridge; and, above all, the towering mountain side included in the grounds, with its magnificent wood-growth and cool, inviting shade, all tend to make up a picture of natural beauty which it would be difficult to find surpassed. It may be imagined that such a description as this evokes somewhat of romance, but there were many on Saturday afternoon who, after exhausting their stock of expressions of admiration, concluded by declaring that the scene before them was "just fairy land."

The house which at present stands upon the property was at one time the residence of MR. A. GUNN, M.P., of Kingston, from whom the Club House Company purchased. Mr. Gunn is described as a gentleman of great wealth and public spirit, and has evinced the greatest possible interest and sympathy in the work and objects of the Company, which he regards as most laudable. There are eleven rooms in the house as it stands; and the building, which is most solid and substantial, having walls in some places three feet thick, will be utilized as a "ladies' wing" to the Club House which, as is well known, it is the main object of the Company to erect. For summer use direct egress will be provided from one of the two large parlors to the croquet lawn, where there will also be a lawn tennis court. Montreal's fair devotees of sport will be well provided for in the future, and will be enabled, if they choose, to dispense entirely with the assistance of "horrid man."

The new Club House will adjoin the present building on the east, judging from the

plans, which were on view on Saturday on the grounds, and is to be inspected at any time in the office of Mr. A. F. Dunlop, 237 St. James street,--the new building will be in every way suited to its purposes as well as architecturally attractive. It will contain a ball room 100 feet x 60, a dining room 45 feet x 40, and a rotunda, dining room and comfortable lounging, for general and comfortable lounging, 22 feet x 42 feet. The many other rooms will be proportionately large, and galleries will extend round the entire building. The ladies' wing will have separate entrance and connection with the general-supper rooms and the ball-room. There will be extensive stabling, and the riding ring which now exists will be considerably improved. Riflemen will find an admirable shooting ground; and, in fact, the attractions which there will be, and of which exist at present, are almost innumerable.

TO RETURN TO SATURDAY AFTERNOON AND THE VISITORS' RECEPTION. At 3 o'clock the grounds presented an animated and brilliant appearance. Over the entrance, which is within sight of Lamkin's, just east of the hotel, in the Cote des Neiges road before reaching that hotel,--the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes floated side by side in honor of a day fraught with importance to sport-loving Montreal. Inside the gate several members of the directors stood to welcome visitors and to introduce them to the beauties of the grounds. Everyone who arrived first visited the house, from the balcony of which an orchestra discoursed sweetly in the orchestra. The house is inspected, and the plan of the new building discussed, a stroll over the lawn became the order of the day, and some little idea of the extent to which the invitations of the Company had been responded to was obtained.

WHO WERE THERE. Among those noticed on the grounds during the afternoon were: Mayor Beauregard and Mme. Beauregard, Hon. Mr. Hamilton (Attorney-General of Manitoba and Mayor of Winnipeg), Mr. Hamilton, Miss Askwith, Hon. Wendell A. Anderson, U. S. Consul-General, Hon. S. P. Stearns, ex-U. S. Consul-General, Alderman Hood, Mrs. Money, Dr. G. W. Ross, Dr. Brainerd, Dr. G. W. Beers and Miss Beers, Mrs. W. H. Murray, Mr. Robert White, Mr. R. D. McGibbon, Mr. and Mrs. John Allan, Mr. Jas. Sutherland, Miss Sutherland, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. A. Molndre, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Stevenson, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Simpson, Mr. J. Alex. Stevenson, Mr. A. F. Dunlop, and Mrs. R. B. Grant and Mr. and Mrs. W. J. C. Holden, Mrs. Fulton, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Fraser, Mrs. Adams, Mr. J. Keith Reid and Miss Keith, Mr. and Mrs. Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Costigan and Miss Costigan, Mr. R. Costigan, Miss Shearer, Capt. C. Clapham, Mr. J. E. W. Murray, Mr. Murray, Mr. Wm. Young, Mr. S. C. Stevenson, Mr. Freeman, Mr. Jas. Darling, Mr. J. S. McLachlan, Mr. Atwater, Mr. A. Ramsey, Mr. G. B. Starke, Mr. W. McCaw, Mr. J. Slesson and Mr. Geo. Cameron.

A programme of sports and games had been arranged for the amusement of visitors, and the first item was a SHOOTING MATCH, which took place in the gardens at the rear of the house, and attracted a great many spectators. Clay pigeons were used and were shot from a trap. The conditions were 12 yards' rise, 10 shots, and there were ten entries. The match was won by Mr. Atwater, with four birds, Mr. Clark being second with a single number of "kills." The following gentlemen also shot: Messrs. Badenach, Bayless, McLachlan, Noad, Barnard, Ekers, Sclater and Lynton. Mr. R. B. Ross acted as referee. As will be seen from the winner's score, the shooting was but a little better than that of the "birds," black in color, rose against the dense dark foliage of the mountain side, and could not be easily distinguished by the sportsmen.

After the match many of the visitors climbed the Cote des Neiges to get a view of the place which had so caught their fancy. The side of the Mountain, including its highest point, lies within the Club House grounds.

At half-past four the blast of a bugle announced the arrival of the Montreal Bicycle Club, and the members, to the number of twenty, filed into the grounds on their metallic steeds. Soon after, Madame Beauregard was made the recipient of a handsome bouquet at the hands of a committee of directors, and an adjournment then took place to the side of the lake before referred to, where for half an hour the SPECTATORS WERE MIGHTILY AMUSED by first one and then the other came to the winner.

The first race was a decided victory for the canoe, which was more handsly managed in turning in the limited space at the head of the lake. The occupants of the rival craft having dispersed, a second race was run, the best secured one. Then a fresh youth, evidently new to canoeing, undertook to man the Indian craft, but came to grief just after starting and found himself standing in three feet of water with his canoe upon his head. He was rescued and the canoe was speedily rescued and the race was renewed, only to be again interrupted by a repetition of the former disaster. The shouts of laughter of the witnesses of the ludicrous scene may be imagined. After an exhibition of wash-bowl navigation by a smart boy in a zebra suit, who also succeeded in being shipwrecked, the visitors made quick time to the entrance gate to witness the finish of an open

BOAT RACE. This handicap race had been started from the Grand Hotel at 4.30, half an hour after the Montreal Club left for the festive scene at Cote des Neiges. There were fourteen entries for the race, and ten started. The route was up Bleuery street, and round by Outremont to the Club House Grounds. Mr. Miller was timekeeper and referee. After an exciting race the men finished as follows:--

Start. Time. W. A. Murray..... 4 min. 23.48 1 G. S. Low..... 4 min. 24.48 2 W. McCaw..... 4 min. 24.48 3 F. G. Gnaedinger, H. M. Ramsey, E. C. P. Guy, J. A. Mooney, G. Darling, J. H. Robertson and J. A. Douglas, came in after the first three in the order of their names. McCaw fell at the finish and hurt himself slightly, and J. H. Robertson had a bad "spill" during the race, severely hurting his arm.

The bicyclists having dressed and refreshed themselves, the sound of the gong was given, and the race on the bicyclists' small bugle by Captain C. Clapham, attracted all the visitors to the open space in front of the house.

Mr. R. D. McGibbon then appeared on the balcony and announced on behalf of the directors that the

PRESENTATION OF PRIZES would take place, calling upon the Mayor to present the first prize won in the bicycle race.

Mayor Beauregard, who was received with loud cheers, expressed the pleasure it had afforded him to visit the beautiful grounds before him, and said he trusted to the undertaking of the Company would meet with triumphant success, as it de-

served. He then presented W. A. Murray with a valuable gold medal. Dr. Wendell A. Anderson, the newly appointed United States Consul-General, was then introduced by Mr. McGibbon, and met with a hearty reception. Standing in the full glare of the sun, from whose dazzling rays he sought protection by holding his hat before his eyes, Dr. Anderson spoke in effect as follows:--"When the weary, wayward traveller, just-stained from parched amid the desert sands, and lips parched after enforced thirst, finds among the wastes of Sahara, some cool, refreshing oasis, with what delight does he not throw himself beside the bubbling spring and drink deep draughts of liquid bliss! In that ecstatic moment the trials and sufferings of the past are all forgotten, and the future is only regarded in the light of present happiness. So, to-day, the warmth and fervor of your welcome upon my appearance in Montreal refreshes me and I sincerely thank you for the good wishes and kindly utterances I have heard on every hand. In view of the respect, esteem and honor which I have seen manifested in regard to my distinguished predecessor, I trust I may be permitted to express the hope that, as a

HUMBLE AMERICAN CITIZEN, representing my country in a foreign yet kindred land, I may be able to win, during the period of my sojourn among you, some of the esteem which my predecessor has so nobly won. My low, (addressing the winner of the second bicycle prize) I may have much pleasure in handing you this medal as a reward. True, it is but the second prize, but you may console yourself with the reflection that I am a member of a body which, though for many years it has always taken second place, is now actively engaged in the distribution of first prizes." (Loud cheers.)

Ex-Congressman Stearns then came forward to present the third prize, and his successor the same kindness, hospitality and generosity which he had received, and said it was appropriate that on the Fourth of July there should be two representatives of our two countries, the United States and the Dominion of Canada, and that they were united in a common bond of brotherhood with the people of the other province of the United States were bounded by the line 45° 45' N. latitude was bounded only by the North Pole and had limitless possibilities.

Hon. Mr. Hamilton, in an eloquent address, said it had given him great pleasure to welcome the volunteers from Montreal, and to see that they were united in a common bond of brotherhood with the people of the other province of the United States were bounded by the line 45° 45' N. latitude was bounded only by the North Pole and had limitless possibilities.

He then presented the prize, a handsome gold scarf pin, to Mr. Atwater.

Mr. R. D. McGibbon then spoke of the objects of the Club, and invited those present to take an active interest in its welfare by subscribing for shares. He said letters patent of incorporation would be received in a few days, and the Company proposed to work on a solid business basis, and to have no other like other joint stock companies. He announced that the capital stock of the Company would be \$25,000, in shares of \$10 each, and that such a capital would enable the plans to be carried out in their entirety. Some \$15,000 had already been subscribed, and the balance was required as soon as possible, in order that the new building might be erected in time for the next winter season. The new Club House would undoubtedly become the rendezvous for all the principal city clubs, and the need for such a place had long been felt.

Mayor Beauregard then called for three cheers for the Queen and also for the President of the United States, which were given with a will. After three cheers for the Mayor the assembly dispersed, and shortly afterwards the majority of the visitors left for home, all deeply impressed and greatly delighted with the new grounds. It was long after seven before the final departures took place.

Some forty shares were subscribed during the afternoon, the list being headed by Mayor Beauregard, and many promises of early application for shares were received. The income of the Company will be twofold; first, rents received from clubs using the premises, and, second, annual subscription for the same privilege from individuals.

THE OCEANIC. Captain Clapham had intended to send up a large 25 ft. fire balloon late in the afternoon, but owing to the departure of most of the visitors after the addresses he was obliged to forego his public-spirited little scheme.

A small boy in knickerbockers and tears created an incident late in the day. Approaching a group of committee-men, he blathered out tidings of a test purse. Questioning revealed the fact that the purse contained his little savings, but he "didn't know which he wanted most,"--the purse or its contents. A sympathetic committee-man--probably a father--touched by the boy's evidently genuine distress, passed him the test purse, and then three dollars in silver into the small boy's palm. Transformation scene! Tears gave place to smiles and were dried as if by magic. Limpness and depondency were replaced by a sturdy gait and effervescent joy, and the small-boy was happy!

The officers of the Company were indefatigable in their endeavors to make their guests thoroughly comfortable; though particularization is sometimes invidious, the name of Mr. J. Keith Reid may be mentioned as that of one who has the success of the undertaking thoroughly at heart, and who worked laboriously to make the opening ceremonies a success.

The directors of the Club House Company is composed of the following gentlemen: Messrs. H. E. Murray (Chairman), H. E. Murray, J. C. Costigan, James Paton, Chas. Cashing, Jas. K. Whyte and J. Keith Reid, Mr. J. G. Ross is the Secretary-Treasurer.

The following is a complete list to date of THE SHAREHOLDERS. 200 shares--A. Gunn, Kingston. 50 shares--Hon. D. A. Smith. 25 shares--R. B. Angus, G. B. Burland, A. F. Dunlop. 20 shares--W. C. Auld, G. A. Drummond. 15 shares--Henderson Bros. 10 shares--J. R. Barclay, A. S. Brown, H. J. Beemer, C. Cushing, G. Caverhill, W. T. Costigan, M. Davis, S. H. E. S. Ewing, W. V. Gordon, J. A. Gahiau, T. A. Hodgson, J. W. Hughes, Geo. Iles, J.

James & Co., J. Kinleyside, D. L. Lockery, W. L. Maltby, James Moore, D. McIntyre, J. M. McIntyre, W. C. McIntyre, D. McIntyre, Jr., J. S. McLachlan, H. McLennan, R. Mackenzie, H. Mackenzie, W. Omand, W. D. O'Brien, F. P. Parkins, Robert Reid, A. H. Sims, J. Shearer, H. W. Stroud, W. A. Stephenson, L. Sutherland, A. Thom, J. K. Whyte, J. K. Ward.

5 shares--John Allan, W. Adams, T. A. Brainerd, Geo. Boulter, M. C. Baker, T. V. K. Brown, Brown Bros., E. H. Bohgrill, O. Brunson, F. Cuhing, T. A. Crathern, J. Crathern, J. Cassis, J. M. Cassis, Jas. Cleghorn, E. H. Davis, I. Ebbitt, Chas. Fisher, R. Fairbanks, G. A. Grier, R. A. Gault, E. C. Gale, R. A. Gault, John T. Hagar, W. H. Huston, John Hickey, J. E. Hunsicker, S. B. Hevard, W. E. Hodgson, Arch. Hodgson, J. C. King, A. L. Lockery, John Lang, Jas. Meldrum, Jr., Rolt. Meldrum, John Murphy, Wm. Moffat, K. McGibbon, F. C. McLachlan, W. D. McKay, W. D. McLachlan, Alex. McArthur, C. C. Newton, J. Ogilvie, W. Ogilvie, John Ogilvie, W. H. Rintoul, G. W. Reed, E. S. Reynolds, W. P. Scott, J. Stephens, H. C. Scott, A. W. Stevenson, J. G. Savage, D. G. Thomson, R. Toke, G. Thackeray.

4 shares--J. H. Thimmas. 3 shares--John Palmer, M. B. Davis, R. Goltman, C. W. Hagar, Thos. Hiam, J. K. Hutchison, S. C. Holden, W. A. Hood, J. R. McLaren, Jr., James McKenna, A. D. Nelson, E. G. Penny, C. J. Phelps, G. K. Scott.

2 shares--T. D. Adkins, Jonathan Brown, W. M. Briggs, Fred. Brunson, W. E. Badenach, Fred. Birks, E. Bulmer, E. Beckett, R. A. Beckett, R. B. Brown, G. W. Beers, W. M. Blacklock, Jeffrey H. Burland, Geo. Barry, E. H. Brown, G. A. Cameron, T. H. Christinas, W. Cairns, W. R. Gosh, H. Campbell, W. W. Dunlop, G. B. Dillon, Chas. Davidson, G. J. Esplin, J. W. Eadie, E. Ewan, Thos. Fraser, M. Freeman, E. W. Gnaedinger, Geo. Hyde, S. Huxley, A. G. Hull, C. R. Hoemer, J. H. Hodges, J. B. Hutcheson, A. G. Higginson, Johnson, F. Joyce, H. Joyce, G. M. Kinghorn, P. Loyal, Lee & Cohen, J. Larnmonth, C. W. Lindsay, W. J. Learmonth, J. R. Meeker, F. Massey, G. A. Mooney, R. S. Mooney, H. Morton, John McLean, Fred. McKewen, J. E. & E. McEwen, T. Macfarlane, W. McNally, C. McLaughlin, E. E. Nelson, P. Nicholson, W. G. Owens, J. W. Palmer, T. Peck, S. Peal, G. R. Prose, J. B. Picke, J. K. Reid, D. Rutherford, G. R. Starke, J. A. Stevenson, J. Sutherland, Jas. Simpson, Jr., W. F. Swardson, F. P. Scriber, Gilbert Scott, W. A. Smith, Thos. Sutcliffe, W. H. Stanley, E. Sammerhays, S. C. Stevenson, J. W. Thompson, H. S. Tibbs, E. Thalmier, Wm. Tees, W. K. Thomas, J. Usherwood, F. S. Vaughn, C. A. Witham, R. White, C. S. Watson, C. L. Wiseman, Jas. Walker, Jr., A. A. Welsh, A. A. Welsh.

1 Share--R. C. Adams, W. D. Aird, W. H. Arnton, L. O. Armstrong, R. Archibald, H. W. Beckett, R. A. Beckett, R. Binmore, S. M. Baylis, G. D. Baillie, D. Bessner, E. B. Busted, Geo. Brown, John Baillie, A. Baird, J. Baird, J. H. Baillie, Geo. Blacklock, H. W. Buchanan, H. Brown, H. Brophy, W. Byrd, J. T. Barlow, Jr., R. Benny, E. L. Boud, J. W. Barlow, R. H. Bryson, H. Beauregard, John T. Barlow, W. J. Baillie, Chas. C. Clapham, A. F. Clerk, R. Costigan, Cassis, & Son, O. Clarke, W. C. Clark, E. W. Cohen, Geo. Creagh, A. Cowen, W. S. Compton, G. W. F. Carter, Samuel Carsley, Louis Clayton, P. B. Crossley, H. J. Dean, E. Dumaresq, H. N. Dennis, W. Darling, J. A. Davis, James Darling, C. P. Davidson, C. H. Donald, A. Ekers, John Farnam, Anthony Force, G. W. Ford, O. Fraser, W. K. Grollify, G. A. Gray, F. B. Grafton, A. R. Grafton, G. M. Graham, A. B. Gwilt, D. Glen, C. Goodeve, H. H. Hughes, J. N. Henderson, W. E. Hagar, A. J. Henderson, W. C. Hagar, Lewis Hagar, Herbert J. Hagar, J. C. Hendrie, A. Hendry, J. R. Hutchings, John Hyde, S. Hyma, A. Joyce, W. J. Jarvis, John Kay, D. Keen, W. Kingman, F. W. Lamplugh, A. Lyman, C. Lyman, G. R. Marner, Jas. Morrison, E. Maxwell, D. E. Moore, H. Morrison, E. Morrison, H. J. Morrison, W. McLaughlin, P. McIntosh, N. McLeod, A. C. McKean, J. B. McKinnon, K. J. McLea, J. A. McGregor, H. S. McDougall, W. McCaw, A. McGruther, D. D. McLaughlin, H. L. B. Noad, Henry Flow, J. D. Pater, H. James Perry, W. Patterson, Hugh Paton, J. A. Robertson, W. G. Robertson, H. J. Ross, W. G. Rose, W. Ramsay, J. G. Ross, T. A. Rogers, T. Reid, L. Rolin, S. Reed, A. E. Roe, A. W. Rudolf, J. J. Reid, E. F. Smith, F. W. Stewart, L. J. Smith, W. B. Swail, D. Stewart, J. G. Shaw, S. Strathern, J. Steele, W. Sutherland, A. Shewan, J. H. Stewart, W. S. Tester, R. C. Verne, A. G. Walsh, P. C. Wand, D. Weir, D. Walker, W. Walker, G. W. Wood, W. Young.

THE NATIONAL GAS SAVING CO., 21 East 14th St., New York City. June 20. 87 147

COAL FOR SALE! The Intercolonial Coal Mining Co. Are prepared to receive orders for their fresh mined "Drummond" Coal, NOW ARRIVING EX STEAMER. Telephone No. 1206. Office 199 COMMISSIONERS STREET, 3rd Wm 144. June 17.

AUTOMATIC FIRE EXTINGUISHERS. ROBERT MITCHELL & CO., Cor. St. Peter & Craig Sts. Sole Agents for the Dominion for the latest and best AUTOMATIC SPRINKLERS.

We are now fitting these up and solicit orders. June 11. 139

POTTIER & STYMUS, Furniture and Interior Decorations. NEW WAREHOUSES, 489 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

Antique Department, CURTAINS AND DRAPERIES. Tapestries, Ancient and Modern, Bronzes, Vases and Curios. June 18. 1y142

MONTREAL City & District Savings Bank. Notice is hereby given that a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. for the current half-year upon the paid up capital stock of this institution has been declared, and the same will be payable at the Banking House in this city, on and after Saturday, the first of August next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th July to 1st of August, both days inclusively.

By order of the Board, H. BARBEAU, Manager. Montreal, 30th June, 1885. 2, 5, 14, 20, 25, 31, 157

R. J. Kimball & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 15 AND 18 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK. Both of our firm are MEMBERS of the NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE. We personally execute all orders for purchase or sale of Stocks, Bonds, &c., in the Exchange, and carry the same at the option of our clients. United Pipe Line Certificates (Petroleum) also bought, sold and carried on margin. ROBERT J. KIMBALL, ALFRED B. LOVENSBERY, May 8. mt 105

ASBESTOS. Asbestos Steam Pipe & Boiler Covering BY THE BARREL! Applied per Square Foot on Contract. SAVES 25 PER CENT. OF FUEL. ASBESTOS FRIBE, F.O.B. for Exp. ASBESTOS FRIBE, FENWICK & SOLATER, 229 and 231 Commissioners Street June 2. 245 eod 131

B. F. NICHOLS & CO., Manufacturers of Fine, Hexagonal Split Bamboo. FISHING RODS, 133 MILK STREET, Boston, Mass. June 27. 277, 4. 11, 18, 173

FOR SALE AT ST. ANNE'S. Beautiful Farm of 90 Arpents. H. M. PERRAULT, 11 Place d'Armes HULL. 137

Richelieu Renal Mineral Spring Water. June 10. 287 w 138

New Advertisements. MONTREAL BOARD OF TRADE. The Quarterly General Meeting of the Corporation of the Montreal Board of Trade will be held in the Corn Exchange on TUESDAY, 7th JULY, at 8 p.m., for the transaction of general business. By order, W. M. J. PATTERSON, Secretary. Montreal, 30th June, 1885. July 4. m 150

VALUABLE FRANCHISE FOR SALE. DEMAND UNLIMITED. OUTRANKS THE TELEPHONE! 1.000 PER CENT. PROFIT GUARANTEED. Over 7,000 in service in the United States. Indorsed by the highest Mercantile, Corporate and Expert authorities. Over fifty General Agencies established, paying from 20 to 100 per cent. upon investment every 90 days. Retail Sales in New York City approximating \$500 per diem. Aggregate Sales \$50,000 for month of January, 1885.

The enormous demand for the machines from all parts of the United States and Europe having overtaxed our capacity, WE OFFER an unusual opportunity for organizing an extensive DIVIDEND PAYING COMPANY, in which present owners of patent would-if agreeable to purchaser--retain a liberal percentage of the shares. For full particulars, address, THE NATIONAL GAS SAVING CO., 21 East 14th St., New York City. June 20. 87 147

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Richelieu Renal Mineral Spring Water. June 10. 287 w 138

Auction Sales BY BENNING & BARSALOU. EXTENSIVE SALE OF--

Dry Goods. The Subscribers will sell at their Stores, Nos. 88 and 85 St. Peter street, on WEDNESDAY, 8th JULY, An Extensive Consignment of Dry Goods, consisting of a general stock, suited to the Spring and Summer Trade.

ALSO, A large Consignment of Assorted Dry Goods, Assorted Canadian Manufactured Goods, Assorted Canadian Tweeds, A full and complete assortment of Linen Goods, Superior Black Cashmeres, assorted widths, 1 Case Assorted Black Silks.

A Consignment of Superior Ready-Made Clothing. LIKEWISE, A Retail Stock of Dry Goods, a general assortment. TOGETHER WITH A Consignment of assorted Prints, Do. Tents. The whole without reserve and in lots to suit purchasers. TERMS LIBERAL. Sale at TWO o'clock.

BENNING & BARSALOU, Auctioneers. July 4. 157

BOOTS AND SHOES BY AUCTION. The Subscribers will sell at their Stores, Nos. 88 and 85 St. Peter street, on account of manufacturers, to cover advances, on WEDNESDAY, 8th JULY, A Superior Assortment of First-Class Boots and Shoes, consisting of, in part--Men's, Women's, Misses', Youths', Boys', and Children's. Positive sale in lots to suit purchasers. TERMS LIBERAL. Sale at HALF-PAST TWO o'clock P.M. BENNING & BARSALOU, Auctioneers. July 4. 159

Miscellaneous. BRASS GOODS! Fenders, Fire Sets, Andirons, Spark Guards, Coal Scuttles, &c. &c. Marbleized Slate Mantels. GRATES! GAS GRATE LOGS, &c., &c. GEORGE W. REED, Slate, Metal and Gravel Roofer, 785 & 786 Craig St., Montreal. June 8, 1885. July 1st. trs 78

MAP OF THE PHOSPHATE REGION Of Ottawa County, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC. COMPILED BY CHARLES ROBE, Mine Engineer, Montreal. Showing the Roads, Rivers, Lakes, principal Mines and Divisions of the lots, &c., &c. Copies in two colors on plain paper, \$1.50. Copies in two colors on tracing linen, \$1.90.

FOR SALE BY THE GEO. BISHOP ENGRAVING & PRINTING COY. (LIMITED), 169 St. James Street, Montreal. May be had at the office of the "Mining Review," Ottawa, or from Capt. Macnaughton, Buckingham, Que. Montreal, June 25. 151

To Let. HOUSE TO LET. A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE--SITUATION CENTRAL. Close to Sherbrooke Street and Union Avenue. Rent Cheap--\$500. Fully furnished if wished. For more particulars address D. C. HOPKINS, P. O. Box 1888. April 28. 101.

TO LET. HOUSE 278 DRUMMOND STREET, above Sherbrooke Street, with Grounds, Orchard, &c. Apply to O. W. STANTON,

CONSUL-GENERAL ANDERSON.

Arrival of the Newly Appointed U. S. Consul for Canada.

What He Has to Say and How He Likes Montreal.

Biographical Sketch of His Life.

Banquet Given in His Honor Before Leaving Home.

On Friday last Dr. Wendell A. Anderson, of La Crosse, Wisconsin, the newly appointed Consul-General for Canada, arrived in the city and took rooms at the Windsor Hotel, which he will make his home for the present. On Saturday morning he was visited by Mr. Stearns and a long interview, lasting through the forenoon, took place, ending by both gentlemen driving to the Consulate on St. James street, when Mr. Stearns handed over to his successor the papers and effects belonging to the office. On Saturday evening a representative of THE HERALD called upon Dr. Anderson at his rooms and was cordially received. While tired by the long journey which he had just completed and the hearty "hand shaking" which he had to undergo during the day at the hands of his many American and Canadian friends, who were anxious to greet the new representative of the great Republic, he found time to devote to a friendly "talk" with THE HERALD reporter. This is not Dr. Anderson's first visit to Montreal, as he has been here many times in past years, not to make any lengthy stay, but only as a traveller passing through the city. He is charmed by the natural beauties with which the locality abounds, the new and picturesque scenes which have already been revealed to him, the representative character of the people and their open-hearted hospitality. The position which he has been chosen to fill is the one he desired. His family are present in LaCrosse, and will remain there until early fall, when they will come here. In the meantime Dr. Anderson will make arrangements for their reception, although he has not yet decided upon the locality or the street for his residence, not having had time to perfect arrangements.

Regarding the administration of President Cleveland, he says that he believes it is yet too early to speak much of what the effect of his appointments will be upon the party. Every day gives evidence of the fact that the great body of the Democratic party are not the hungry horde of politicians and office-seekers which they have been for so long charged with being by their opponents.

The administration of President Cleveland is not yet ripe for judgment, and the people will not judge it until they have had time to watch its development. Only beginnings have been made. They point in the right direction. So far there exists no reason to doubt that the reputation he won by his admirable conduct of the affairs of the State of New York will be fully maintained in the Presidential office. The promise was a business administration. Such it has been within legal and constitutional bounds. Simple, direct and business-like methods have been used to execute the law, and more than that has not been attempted.

If the President shall continue as he has begun he will win and wear the respect and esteem of the people—even of those whose ideas of obligation to party may compel them to vote against his party. It is no more than justice to the American people of all parties to predict that whatever he may accomplish in the way of genuine and needed reform will receive a generous recognition from all.

That the great commercial interests of the country south of us, at this place, will not suffer in the future goes without saying. Dr. Anderson is a pleasant man to meet and converse with. While he is not especially demonstrative in manner, yet it may be seen at a glance that he possesses those rare qualifications of head and heart that will surely commend him to the confidence and respect of the business and social element of this metropolis of Canada. That he will grow in the esteem and regard of the people of this city there can be no doubt. That his energies while here will be devoted to the advancement of America's honor and glory, as well as to the closer cementing of those ties which both Canadians and Americans feel proud in saying now exist between the two countries, is equally sure. While the people of this city regret to lose Mr. Stearns, who has so acceptably filled the office for the last few years, they may rest assured that in the selection of such a man as Dr. Anderson they have a gentleman who has abilities of a high order and fidelity of the best sort to the trust committed to him by the new Administration, and that when the time comes—as come it will—when the Administration shall change and Dr. Anderson will go the way of all "offensive partisans," that the people of this city will regret to lose so worthy a member of society as the gentleman who has just come amongst us is sure to be.

LACROSSE'S PARLOR. On Tuesday evening last a banquet was given at the Cameron House, La Crosse, in honor of Dr. Anderson, who was to start on the next day for his new home in Montreal, and was participated in by nearly one hundred gentlemen, the larger part of whom were from the city, irrespective of party. The invitations to people outside were confined to the members of the State Central Committee, many of whom were in attendance.

About eighty gentlemen sat down beneath festoons of the stars and stripes and red ensign, and the dinner having been disposed of, the toast of the evening, "Our Honored Guest," was proposed by the Hon. G. M. Woodward, Col. B. F. Bryant, Hon. J. M. Morrow and Mr. J. L. Usher. All congratulated Dr. Anderson on his appointment, and expressed the highest opinion of him, both as a man and a Democrat.

Col. B. F. Bryant, the postmaster of La Crosse, and a prominent Republican, assured Mr. Anderson that he took with him the best wishes of his fellow-townsmen and hoped that when the term of office of party came to an end he might die Dr. Anderson, who responded as follows: The Mr. Chairman and Friends: Probably no one in this large assembly has been called upon for more speeches, and I am sure none present has caused so many, good, bad and indifferent, to be de-

livered, as the one who now addresses you. Notwithstanding this fact, it is equally true that my entire training and experience of late has been of a kind which compelled me to hear much and say but little, although I can hardly subscribe to the old Hungarian proverb that, "He who talks much, either knows much or lies much."

In the midst of old-time friends, upon a festive occasion, it would seem natural for me to feel happy and at ease. But this evening, realizing that this gathering, and this grand demonstration in honor to the position to which I have been called, and incidentally to myself, that my friends and neighbors, some of whom have differed with me at times upon various matters as men will differ, and must differ, if they act conscientiously and honestly, that they, wishing to cover my imperfections with the mantle of charitable forgetfulness and with the generous impulse of truly noble hearts, have assembled to bid me "God speed," I confess to a sense of oppression and responsibility heretofore well nigh unknown. Unworthy as I feel, I am in the highest degree grateful, but words will not come to express in fitting terms a due appreciation of this tribute of esteem and good will.

It is nineteen years since I came to La Crosse to live. What wonderful changes have taken place in our beautiful little city in that time. It would be a pleasure to review the advances which have been made, and honor those who have accomplished these results; but there is not time tonight. After a residence with you so many years, I am now, for a period more or less uncertain, to go among strangers. Strangers, I say, for notwithstanding their open-hearted hospitality and the manifold evidences of their regard for the representative of this Government, temporarily residing among them, I shall be a stranger to them, and it will be the work of time to find admission to the inner circle of their hearts and stand among them as we stand here to-night, friends and brothers all.

In preparation for the event there was sent me a few days since from the Department of State a paper styled "Special Passport," commending the bearer to the friendly aid and protection of other Governments. This is undoubtedly an important paper, and necessary, but it is often granted after very brief acquaintance with the recipient, and in some respects as a mere matter of form, subject with the commission to revocation at any time. Much as this paper may be prized—valuable and essential as it is—it cannot be compared with the passport you have in your warm hearts granted night, one which may not be visible, which recognizes no boundary line, which no custom officer can examine, but which, with justifiable pride, will be engraven on my heart as evidence of your kindly feelings, never to be effaced. And may I dare to hope that with the lapse of time in the new home, I can draw so closely to some that they will be able to read and approve the passport you have given?

If so, with such an intermingling of esteem on the part of friends in two lands, even as Britain's colors and the stars and stripes are now entwined in this hall, when the edict is issued to me from Washington, such as has recently reached my honored predecessor, and come it will, then with a remembrance of the events of this evening, and the haven open to me here, I could salute the chief magistrat of the United States, by whatever party elected, and as a true American citizen say, "The President gave and the President hath taken away; blessed be the name of the President."

And in the time to come, wherever my lot may be cast, I sincerely hope that to each one around these tables in person or in spirit may come a tith of the satisfaction in the recollection of this occasion that will remain with me and grow brighter with the flight of years.

The health of the guest of the evening was drunk standing.

The toasts of "The President of the United States" and "Her Gracious Majesty the Queen of Great Britain and Ireland," which was replied to by one who admitted himself an "American Land Leaver," completed the list of toasts.

Although the occasion was an entirely impromptu affair, the accommodations of the dining hall were crowded to the utmost, and there were many more people in LaCrosse who would have been glad to have participated in doing honor to their fellow-citizen if opportunity had offered.

It was past midnight when the party broke up, each and all upon retiring bidding the doctor farewell, with innumerable good wishes for his happiness and prosperity.

DR. WENDELL A. ANDERSON was born in Maine, September 9, 1840. His father was a physician who had a large acquaintance and practice at and about his home, Gray, a little town a few miles from Portland. The doctor's education was received at Bowdoin college, but he did not complete the course. In the spring of 1859 he went westward spent a short time in Wisconsin and Minnesota, and in the fall of that year returned east and commenced the studies of medicine and surgery at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York city, from which he graduated in 1863. In 1861 he passed examination and enlisted in the corps of medical cadets, of the regular army, and served one year. In April, 1863, he was appointed assistant surgeon of the Third Regiment, Maryland Volunteers, with which he served through the hard battles of Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, and in all its subsequent engagements with the army of the Potomac from the White Sulphur Springs to Lee's surrender. He was commissioned surgeon in 1864 and at the close of the war when his medical corps was recommended for brevet honors, Dr. Anderson was recommended for a brevet lieutenant-colonel's commission, for bravery in the field and in all engagements in which he participated. One other surgeon of the corps was recommended with any comment. In February, 1866, Dr. Anderson went to LaCrosse where his sister and other relatives and friends resided, and he has been a resident of La Crosse, constantly, since that time. His first office was that of city physician, which he held from 1870 to 1875 and from 1877 to 1881. In 1878 he was elected president of the school board in which office he served until 1877, with marked good results to the city school system. The doctor belongs to a family of Democrats, several of whom have been prominent in public politics and his interest in political matters early developed. To his friends in LaCrosse that he has been an excellent organizer. In the Greeley campaign of 1872 he was chairman of the local committee and from that time on his services for such labors have been in constant demand. In 1880 Dr. Anderson was successful in his professional capacity, but while his ability and knowledge has always been fully recognized by his brothers in the profession, he has never had a taste for the practice and in consequence has found politics an attractive field. He was chosen Chairman of the Democratic state central committee in 1878, and, though pursued by enmity and hampered by the lack of confidence of men who assumed to be party leaders, he made so excellent a campaign in 1876 that his warmest opponents were forced to admit that his skill had not been known. In 1880 he was induced to again accept the chairmanship, much against his own wishes, and he has held the office since that time

until last Wednesday evening when he resigned. The following excellent article from the La Crosse Morning Chronicle will give the reader a good idea of Dr. Anderson's character as a public man and of the esteem in which he is held by his fellow-citizens:—

"Last evening a company of the best citizens of La Crosse, without regard to party distinctions, assembled at the Cameron House to pay a compliment to Dr. Wendell A. Anderson, who leaves to-night for his new post of duty, as consul-general of the United States, at Montreal, Canada. It has been a matter of especial gratification to Dr. Anderson's friends, that the comments of the press, politicians and individuals of all parties, have been so favorable upon his appointment to one of the most important consular offices in the gift of the government. Throughout these commendatory expressions one fact has been especially notable: they have all breathed full of respect for the man and for his clean-handed methods. Dr. Anderson's politics are based upon his judgment of political affairs, and he has declared that judgment from knowledge which he has striven to spread. He has had faith in the intelligence and patriotism of the people of Wisconsin, and his labors have been addressed in that direction rather than to the venality, selfishness or prejudices of his fellow-citizens. He has been criticised by some for believing so much in the distribution of sound political ideas and so little in the purchasing power of money for securing votes, but the work he has done will yet more vindicate his soundness of judgment in the premises, for it is work that will grow and fructify with the passage of time. He has already secured results unprecedented in Wisconsin politics since the republican party came to power here. It was fitting and pleasant that a citizen who stands so highly in the esteem of the state, and who has been as a very moderate and rather retiring man. He has always entertained a whole-some dislike for parade, and has been criticised more for doing his political work so quietly than for any other one thing. But he does well whatever he attempts and leaves the result to speak for him. He takes these characteristics with him into his new labors and no one who knows him will doubt his ability to make one of the most valuable men in the service, or that those abilities will be used to the utmost to promote the interests of his country. No one feels like guessing over Dr. Anderson, he is too much of a man for that and it is one of the proudest things in all the compliments that are paid him that this acknowledgment to his worth is so marked. La Crosse and Wisconsin, and especially the Democratic party, will miss him, but we all have pleasure as well as pride in his promotion and in the further fact that he is still a voter in La Crosse."

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PARK AVENUE HOTEL, NEW YORK.

THIS ELEGANT HOUSE, occupying the entire front on Fourth Avenue, between 32d and 33d Streets, and covering half the block in depth to Madison Avenue, is centrally located for transient visitors, and families desiring the quiet of an elegant home. It is contiguous to the most fashionable thoroughfares, with means of quick conveyance to all the business centers; it is within eight minutes' walk of the Grand Central Depot, from which trains depart for and arrive from all points, and within five minutes' walk of East and West side Elevated Railroads.

As a structure it is absolutely the only entirely fire-proof hotel building in the United States. Surrounding a spacious open court, adorned with fountain, garden and balconies, it forms a most desirable and attractive home in summer as well as winter. Its Grand Parlor, Reception Rooms, Library, with its choice literature, Dining Rooms, and private apartments, with their connecting Bathing and Dressing rooms, ensure to its guests every comfort and luxury that can be desired. All its interior rooms are most pleasant, while outside ones, on its upper floors, give extensive views of the East River, Long Island and the suburbs. Ample arrangements exist for the complete heating of the rooms and halls with steam, and particular attention has been given to the perfect ventilation of the structure. The sanitary condition of the house is very highly commended by the most eminent of the medical faculty. The entire house is elegantly furnished, and is perfect throughout in its appointments. The Hotel is conducted on the American system. Dispatches from arriving guests requiring accommodations will receive careful attention. Rates lower than any first-class up-town Hotel.

HENRY CLAIR, Lessee. February 28

Miscellaneous. JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF! JOHNSTON'S FLUID CHICKEN. Johnston's Dissicated Oysters.

Miscellaneous. STE. URSOLE FLOUR MILLS. JOS. LOUIS CARLE, Proprietor. Commission Merchant and Dealer in Flour, Grain, Moulds, Provisions, &c.

Miscellaneous. E. THOMSON & SON, Blacksmiths, Engineers. 18 St Constant Street, Montreal (Facing Drill Shed.)

Miscellaneous. THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE CO. Canada Board of Directors: The Honorable H. Y. STARNES, Chairman.

Miscellaneous. CALEDONIA MINE COAL. NOW LANDING EX SS. BENOPE. FOR PRICE, TERMS, &c., APPLY TO J. & R. MCLEA, Agents—Caledonia Coal & Railway Co.

Miscellaneous. SPRING HILL COAL. Fresh mined arriving daily on Cars. For Price, &c., Apply to CUMBERLAND RAILWAY & COAL COMPANY, J. R. COWAN, Secretary.

Miscellaneous. JOSEPH W. ROBERTS' STEEL PENS. GOLD MEDAL—PARIS, 1878. The Most Refreshing Drink on a Hot Day is RICHELIEU RENAL MINERAL SPRING WATER.

Miscellaneous. NOTICE. THE UNDERSIGNED HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE From 131 St. James Street, To The Herald Building, VICTORIA SQUARE. P. MITCHELL. 20th January, 1885.

Miscellaneous. SPARHAM FIRE-PROOF ROOFING. New roofs laid and guaranteed for ten years. Any roof under fifteen square feet. Old metal roofs covered with cotton and cement, and guaranteed for seven years.

Miscellaneous. JOHN CAMPBELL & CO., Sole Agents Sparham Fire-Proof Roofing Cement Company, Capital \$20,000, who guarantee all work done by us. 209 St. James Street West, Montreal. TELEPHONE No. 1172.

Miscellaneous. DAWES & CO., BREWERS AND MALTSTERS. A PALE AND XX MILD ALE. XX ST. P. T-B (In Wood and Bottle.) Families supplied. SAND PORTER, Quart and Pints. OFFICE: 521 St. JAMES STREET WEST, MONTREAL. 25 Orders received by Telephone. May 2 170

Miscellaneous. LEA & PERRINS SAUCE. In consequence of Imitations of THE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have to request that Purchasers see that the Label on every bottle bears their Signature thus— Lea Perrins without which no bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is genuine. Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper. Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Croxall and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

J. M. DOUGLAS & CO. AND ALEX. URQUHART, MONTREAL. April 19

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT. Finest and Cheapest Meat-Flavouring Stock for Soups, Made Dishes & Sauces. ANNUAL SALE 8,000,000 JARS. An invaluable tonic in all cases of weak digestion and debility. To be had of all Grocers, Grocers, and Chemists. Sole Agents for Canada and the United States (wholesale only): G. David & Co., 9, Peneburch Avenue, London, England.

SPECIAL NOTICE

THE HERALD COMPANY (LIMITED). Respectfully announce that having increased the facilities of the for turning out every description of Work, from a

3-SHEET POSTER To a VISITING CARD, and having considerably reduced the

TARIFF OF PRICES! They solicit the Public generally, and especially SHOW MEN, to call and get estimates before ordering their Work elsewhere.

We now make a Speciality of delivering Work, And make strenuous exertions to give the fullest satisfaction in every respect.

Having a well equipped BOOK-BINDERY, We also solicit a liberal share of Public Patronage in that line.

Bill-heads Letter-heads Note-heads, Statements, Memos, etc Rule to any pattern, and tastefully printed.

DOW'S BREWERY. CHABOLLEZ SQUARE. Superior Pale and Brown Malt, India Pale and other Ales, Extra Double and Single Stout, in Wood and Bottle. FAMILIES SUPPLIED.

JNO. H. R. MOLSON & BROS' ALE AND PORTER BREWERS, 286 St. Mary Street, MONTREAL. Have always on hand the various kinds of ALE AND PORTER IN WOOD AND BOTTLE. Families regularly supplied.

WILLIAM DOW & CO., Brewers and Maltsters. DAWES & CO., BREWERS AND MALTSTERS. A PALE AND XX MILD ALE. XX ST. P. T-B (In Wood and Bottle.) Families supplied. SAND PORTER, Quart and Pints. OFFICE: 521 St. JAMES STREET WEST, MONTREAL. 25 Orders received by Telephone. May 2 170

CLARET I. Cunliffe Dobson & Co.'s BORDEAUX. CHATEAU LEONVILLE. Do. MARGAUX. Do. LAFFITE. Imported direct and for sale by FREDERICK KINGSTON, 25 Hospital Street. 243

ALL FIRST-CLASS RESTAURANTS. RICHELIEU RENAL MINERAL SPRING WATER! June 10 243 vs 188

LOCAL NOTES.

Secure your Seats at Prince's Music Store for Crystal Palace Opera House tonight.

THE REV. DR. NORMAN has left town for a short stay at the Portland coast.

EVERY smoker should try Hyman's celebrated cut plug tobacco and they will be thoroughly convinced that it is the best in the market.

PIANOS TUNED, repaired and polished in the best and most satisfactory manner at the New York Piano Co., 228 St. James street.

THEIR 29TH ANNIVERSARY.—The band of the 65th Battalion returned from Ogdensburg yesterday morning on the steamer Corsican, where they have been celebrating the Fourth of July.

ORDINATION.—At St. Mary's Church, yesterday, Mgr. Fabre, assisted by Rev. Fathers Nantel, of St. Theresa, Balthaziers, of Ottawa, and Emard and Donnelly, of this city, ordained the Rev. Messrs. Sylvia, Corbett, Alphonse Godin and Joseph Meunier to the priesthood.

THE DANGERS OF THE DOCKS.—While a man named Francois Lavoie was engaged in unloading coal from the steamship Bristol on Saturday morning, a large lump of coal fell on his hand, mashing it almost to pulp.

GOLDEN EAGLE cigars can be had at the Vice Regal Tobacco Emporium, 134 St. James street, and at its branch store 1385 St. Catherine street, at the old prices.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.—With the exception of a display of the Stars and Stripes over the houses of Americans in various parts of the city on Saturday last there was no demonstration by the American citizens in Montreal on Independence Day.

FOUND IN THE CANAL.—About seven o'clock last evening, as John Burke was walking along the canal bank above the Seigneur street lock he noticed something in the water.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.—The coroner held an inquest on Saturday on the body of the man Dumoulin, who was burned to death in the fire at Fortin's saloon on Friday evening.

A HORSE THEFT.—On Friday Pierre Levesque was arrested by Detective Arcand on information received for stealing a horse and cart at Chamblay last Tuesday.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of fine new and second-hand pianos now on sale at our large piano house, 228 St. James street, Montreal. New York Piano Co.

BURGLES AGAIN.—The fancy goods store occupied by Miss E. Wright, 13 Beaver Hall Hill, is the scene of the enterprising burglars' latest exploits.

THE DROWNING RECORD.—Another death from drowning has occurred, this time at Lachine. On Friday evening Alphonse Leblanc, a young boy aged eight, was playing on the wharf at that place, when he fell into the water and the current carried him under a scow before any attempt at a rescue could be made.

See the Opera "Martha" to-night and eat Ice Cream from the new refreshment bar at the Crystal Palace Opera House.

DEAR CHICKENS.—Honore Marcoux was charged before the Police Magistrate on Saturday morning with the theft of ten plump pullets. It appears that Constable Gauthier saw him on Notre Dame street with a suspiciously well filled bag.

A RUNAWAY.—Last evening about seven o'clock as a carriage containing two nuns of the Mount St. Mary convent was proceeding along Victoria Square the animal took fright at something or other and dashed off at a spirited pace.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. ISMAIS, Station D, New York City.

by running against the warehouse of Thos. May & Co. on the square. Here the animal was secured by some bystander and the sisters alighted considerably scared. No other damage was done to either horse or vehicle.

PIANOS STORED in our fine fire-proof building by the month or year. Apply to New York Piano Co., 228 St. James street.

A CURIOUS CASE.—Early yesterday morning, between the hours of two and three o'clock, Francis Hughes found an old man lying insensible in a yard of Murray street. The police of No. 7 station were notified of the fact, and had the man taken to the Montreal General Hospital.

Remember last year's favorites, Miss Fanny Wentworth and Mr. A. Wilkie, at the Crystal Palace Opera House.

CAPTURED IN MEXICO.—James Robinson, the hardware merchant in St. John, N.B., who forged notes to the extent of \$35,000 in the name of Daniel Chisholm, of Antigonish, and others, which he discounted in the branch of the Bank of Montreal and got the proceeds, has been arrested in Mexico by one of Pinkerton's detectives.

TRACED THROUGH A JUNK STORE.—A young man named James Barton, an employe of Dow's brewery, was up before the police magistrate on Saturday and pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing some copper from the brewery.

THE ROGUES AGAIN.—The gang who stabbed Burns on Kounding street on Friday evening appeared to be having a rather blood-thirsty time of it, as at eleven o'clock another pedestrian was assaulted in the same place, and on complaint being made a force was sent down but the gang had departed. In connection with the stabbing of Burns another man named McNeil has been arrested in addition to Corbett. The two men arrested are rough looking characters and were committed to stand their trial by the Police Magistrate on Saturday morning.

WEBER PIANOS continue to hold the leading place with people of wealth and musical taste in the United States, and they have always had the unquestioned endorsement of the leading artists of that country, their tones being sweeter, fuller and more melodious than those of any other piano in America.

BEAVER HALL OPERA HOUSE. MR. GEORGE C. RANKIN has just finished his engagement at the Beaver Hall Opera House. Whatever may be said about his success in other respects it is undeniable that he has created a new character in English drama, and one destined to live on the stage, and that he himself possesses the talent of a first-rate actor.

OCEAN PASSENGERS. RIMOUSKI STATION, July 5.—List of saloon passengers per steamship Sardinian for Quebec, master B. R. Armstrong:—

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CRYSTAL PALACE OPERA HOUSE opens under the personal management of Roland G. I. Barnett to-night "Martha."

PERSONAL. Mr. Seargent P. Stearns, ex-Consul-General here, will take his departure with his family for Newark this afternoon by the Delaware and Hudson Railway.

AMUSEMENTS.

Theatre Royal. Another of Gilbert and Sullivan's charming operas, that of Iolanthe, will be produced on the stage of the Royal this afternoon and evening, with due attention to details for the prima donna, Miss Janet Edmondson, has become celebrated. New scenery by Lorenz, the first artist of the day, and brilliant costumes by Hayden have been imported from Boston, for giving due effect to the scenery.

CRYSTAL PALACE OPERA HOUSE. This place of amusement having been purchased by Mr. Roland G. I. Barnett, is being entirely refitted at a heavy cost, and will be opened under his management this evening, when the Standard Grand English Opera Company will produce the well known opera, Martha. The company is one of great merit, as the following cast of characters will testify:—

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MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS. Marine signalling stations, in connection with the telegraph system of Canada and the world, are now in operation under the control of the Marine Department at the following points. Due notice will be given of any additional stations which may from time to time be established:—

Table with columns: Name of Station, Signals in use, Height from sea level. Includes stations like South Shore of Gulf and River St. Lawrence, Riviere de Loup Light-house, etc.

PORT OF MONTREAL.

ARRIVED—July 3. Schooner Volant, 176, Captain J. E. Masson, from St. Ann June 21, plaster, J. Lord & Co. July 4. Steamer Bristol, 1274, Captain R. Williams, from Bristol June 18, general, R. Reford & Co. Steamer Corsica, Captain C. J. Menzies, from London June 13, general, H. & A. Allan. July 5. Steamer Oceanic, King, London. Bark Scotia, Holo, Anderson, McKenzie & Co. Austrian bark Achille F., Falmouth, Jamaica, sugar. Below the city—A Norwegian bark. CLEARED—July 4. Steamer Lake Winnipeg, 2156, Captain H. Campbell, for Liverpool, general, H. E. Murray. July 5. Vessels in Port. Steamer Bristol, 1274, Captain R. Williams, from Bristol June 18, general, R. Reford & Co. Steamer Corsica, Captain C. J. Menzies, from London June 13, general, H. & A. Allan. July 5. Steamer Oceanic, King, London. Bark Scotia, Holo, Anderson, McKenzie & Co. Austrian bark Achille F., Falmouth, Jamaica, sugar. Below the city—A Norwegian bark. CLEARED—July 4. Steamer Lake Winnipeg, 2156, Captain H. 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